## ETSI TS 124 588 V17.1.0 (2022-08)



## 5G; Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS); User Equipment (UE) policies; Stage 3 (3GPP TS 24.588 version 17.1.0 Release 17)



# Reference RTS/TSGC-0124588vh10 Keywords 5G

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## Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

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#### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

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where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

In the present document, certain modal verbs have the following meanings:

**shall** indicates a mandatory requirement to do something

**shall not** indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

NOTE 1: The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

NOTE 2: The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

**should** indicates a recommendation to do something

**should not** indicates a recommendation not to do something

may indicates permission to do something

**need not** indicates permission not to do something

NOTE 3: The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

**can** indicates that something is possible

**cannot** indicates that something is impossible

NOTE 4: The constructions "can" and "cannot" shall not to be used as substitutes for "may" and "need not".

will indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

will not indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an

agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the

behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

NOTE 5: The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

## 1 Scope

The present document defines User Equipment (UE) policies that are used to configure the UE for Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS) based on the architectural requirements defined in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

The protocol aspects for V2X services in 5G System (5GS) are described in 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

recease as in	to present document.
[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
[2]	3GPP TS 23.287: "Architecture enhancements for 5G System (5GS) to support Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services".
[3]	3GPP TS 24.587: "Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".
[4]	3GPP TS 24.501: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".
[5]	ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers : http://standards.iso.org/iso/ts/17419/TS17419%20Assigned%20Numbers/TS17419_ITS-AID_AssignedNumbers.pdf
[6]	ITU-T Recommendation E.212: "The international identification plan for public networks and subscriptions", 2016-09-23.
[7]	3GPP TS 23.032: "Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)".
[8]	IEEE 1609.3 2016: "IEEE Standard for Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments (WAVE) Networking Services".
[9]	ISO 29281-1 2013: "Intelligent transport systems Communication access for land mobiles (CALM) Non-IP networking Part 1: Fast networking & transport layer protocol (FNTP)".
[10]	ETSI EN 302 636-3 v1.2.1: "Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS); Vehicular Communications; GeoNetworking; Part 3: Network Architecture".
[11]	3GPP TS 24.526: "UE policies for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".
[12]	3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".
[13]	3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".
[14]	3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".
[15]	3GPP TS 38.101-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".
[16]	3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".

[17] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".

### 3 Definitions of terms and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

example: text used to clarify abstract rules by applying them literally.

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 24.587 [3] apply:

E-UTRA-PC5

NR-PC5

V2X service identifier

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

V2X Vehicle-to-Everything

V2XP V2X Policy

## 4 Descriptions of UE policies for V2X

#### 4.1 Overview

The V2XP in 5GS include:

- UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 (see clause 4.2); and
- UE policies for V2X communication over Uu (see clause 4.3).

The V2XP can be delivered from the PCF to the UE. The UE policy delivery procedure is specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4].

## 4.2 UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

The UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are defined in clause 5.2.3 of 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

NOTE: The generic description of the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are specified in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

## 4.3 UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

The UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are defined in clause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

NOTE: The generic description of the UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are specified in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

## 5 Encoding of UE policies for V2X

#### 5.1 Overview

The UE policies for V2X are provided to the UE in a V2X policy (V2XP) UE policy part using the UE policy delivery service as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4] annex D.

## 5.2 Encoding of V2X policy (V2XP) UE policy part

#### 5.2.1 General

The purpose of the V2XP is to indicate UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 and UE policies for V2X communication over Uu.

The V2XP is encoded as shown in figures 5.2.1.1 to 5.2.1.3 and table 5.2.1.1 according to the UE policy part top level format (see annex D of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]).

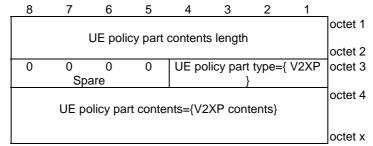


Figure 5.2.1.1: UE policy part when UE policy part type = {V2XP}

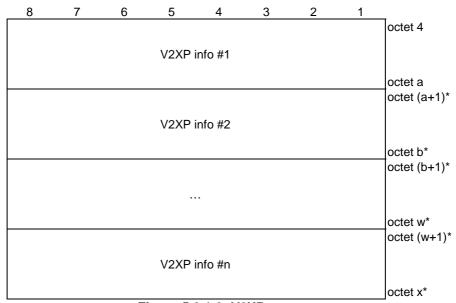


Figure 5.2.1.2: V2XP contents

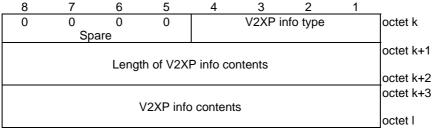


Figure 5.2.1.3: V2XP info

Table 5.2.1.1: V2XP information format

UE policy part type field is set to '0011' (=V2XP) as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4] annex D.

UE policy part contents length field indicate the length of the V2XP contents in octets.

V2XP contents (octets 4 to x)

V2XP contents consist of 1 or more V2XP info(s) (see figure 5.2.1.2).

4 3 2 1

0 0 0 1 UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

0 0 1 0 UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

All other values are reserved.

Bits 8 to 5 of octet k are spare and shall be encoded as zero.

Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of the V2XP info contents field.

V2XP info contents (octets k+3 to I) can be UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 (see clause 5.3.1) or UE policies for V2X communication over Uu (see clause 5.4.1).

## 5.3 Encoding of UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

#### 5.3.1 General

The UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are coded as shown in figures 5.3.1.1 and table 5.3.1.1.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	_						
0	0 0 0 0 V2XP info type = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5}													
	octet k+	.1												
	ootot it i	•												
	-													
	octet k+	3												
		7												
VSITP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	octet k+	-					
MRI	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	OCIEI KT	0					
	, <b>O</b> P 4 0	<b>O</b> P 4 0	<b>O</b> P 4 0	, <b>O</b> P 48. 0	<b>Opa.</b> 0	Opao	opa.o	octet k+	.9					
		Served by	y E-UTR	A or serv	ed by NR	•								
					-			octet o1						
								octet o1	+1					
	Not s	served by	E-UIRA	and not	served by	y NR		octet o2	,					
								octet (o	-					
V2X se	ervice ide	ntifier to	PC5 RA1	Γ(s) and ٦	Γx profiles	s mappin	a rules	00101 (02	,					
				· /			•	octet o3	*					
								octet o1						
			Privacy	/ config				(see NC	)TE)					
								octet o4						
								octet o4						
	V2X o	communic	cation ov	er PC5 in	E-UTRA	-PC5		30.0.0	•					
								octet o5	; ;					
								octet o5	+1					
	V2	X commu	ınication	over PC5	in NR-P	C5								
								octet l						

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5}

#### Table 5.3.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5}

V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set to "0001" (UE policies for V2X communication over PC5)

Length of Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of V2XP info contents.

#### Validity timer:

The validity timer field provides the expiration time of validity of the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5. The validity timer field is a binary coded representation of a UTC time, in seconds since midnight UTC of January 1, 1970 (not counting leap seconds).

V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules indicator (VSITPMRI)

The VSITPMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field.

Bit

8

- 0 V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is present

#### Served by E-UTRA or served by NR:

The served by E-UTRA or served by NR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.2 and table 5.3.1.2, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 when the UE is served by E-UTRA or served by NR.

#### Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR:

The not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.6 and table 5.3.1.6, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 when the UE is not served by E-UTRA or NR.

V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.12 and table 5.3.1.12, and contains a list of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules.

#### Privacy config:

The Privacy config field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.15 and table 5.3.1.15, and contains configuration parameters for privacy configuration.

#### V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5:

The V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.19 and table 5.3.1.19, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5.

#### V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5:

The V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.31 and table 5.3.1.31, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5.

If the length of V2XP info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.1, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2XP info contents.

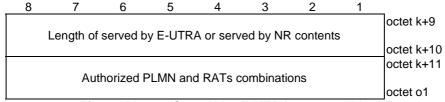


Figure 5.3.1.2: Served by E-UTRA or served by NR

#### Table 5.3.1.2: Served by E-UTRA or served by NR

Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations:

The authorized PLMN and RATs combinations field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.3 and table 5.3.1.3.

If the length of served by E-UTRA or served by NR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.2, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the served by E-UTRA or served by NR contents.

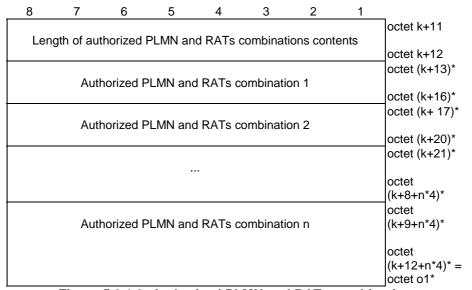


Figure 5.3.1.3: Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations

Table 5.3.1.3: Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations

Authorized PLMN and RATs combination:

The authorized PLMN and RATs combination field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.4 and table 5.3.1.4.

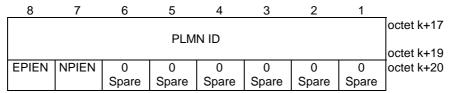


Figure 5.3.1.4: Authorized PLMN and RATs combination

Table 5.3.1.4: Authorized PLMN and RATs combination

#### PLMN ID: The PLMN ID field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.5 and table 5.3.1.5. E-UTRA-PC5 indicator when served by E-UTRA or served by NR (EPIEN): The EPIEN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over E-UTRA-PC5 in the PLMN indicated by the PLMN ID field when served by E-UTRA or served by NR. Bit 8 0 Not authorized Authorized NR-PC5 indicator when served by E-UTRA or served by NR (NPIEN): The NPIEN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over NR-PC5 in the PLMN indicated by the PLMN ID field when served by E-UTRA or served by NR. Bit 7 0 Not authorized

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
	MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1		octet k+17
	MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3		octet k+18
	MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1		octet k+19

Figure 5.3.1.5: PLMN ID

**Table 5.3.1.5: PLMN ID** 

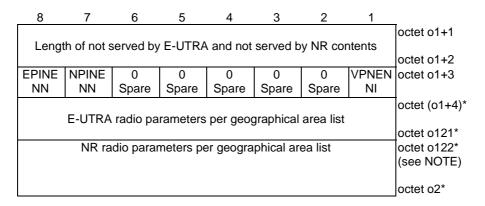
Mobile country code (MCC):

Authorized

The MCC field is coded as in ITU-T Recommendation E.212 [6], annex A.

Mobile network code (MNC):

The coding of MNC field is the responsibility of each administration but BCD coding shall be used. The MNC shall consist of 2 or 3 digits. If a network operator decides to use only two digits in the MNC, MNC digit 3 shall be coded as "1111".



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.6: Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR

#### Table 5.3.1.6: Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR

V2X communication over PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR indicator (VPNENNI):

The VPNENNI bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR. Bit

1

- 0 Not authorized
- 1 Authorized

E-UTRA-PC5 indicator when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR (PEINENN): The EPINENN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over E-UTRA-PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR. Bit

8

•

- 0 Not authorized
- 1 Authorized

NR-PC5 indicator when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR (NPINENN): The NPINENN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over NR-PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR. Bit

7

- 0 Not authorized
- 1 Authorized

E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list:

If EPINENN bit is set to "Authorized", the E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list field is present otherwise the E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list field is absent. It is coded according to figure 5.3.1.7 and table 5.3.1.7.

NR radio parameters per geographical area list:

If NPINENN bit is set to "Authorized", the NR radio parameters per geographical area list field is present otherwise the NR radio parameters per geographical area list field is absent. It is coded according to figure 5.3.1.7 and table 5.3.1.7.

If the length of not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.6, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR contents.

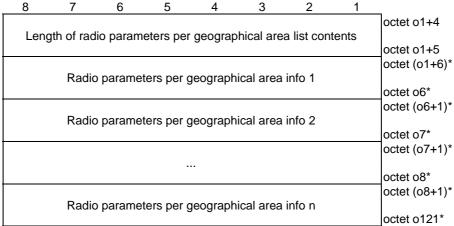


Figure 5.3.1.7: Radio parameters per geographical area list

Table 5.3.1.7: Radio parameters per geographical area list

Radio parameters per geographical area info:
The radio parameters per geographical area info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.8 and table 5.3.1.8.

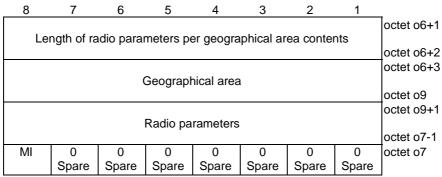


Figure 5.3.1.8: Radio parameters per geographical area info

Table 5.3.1.8: Radio parameters per geographical area info

#### Geographical area:

The geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.9 and table 5.3.1.9.

#### Radio parameters:

The radio parameters field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.11 and table 5.3.1.11, applicable in the geographical area indicated by the geographical area field when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR.

#### Managed indicator (MI):

The Managed indicator indicates how the radio parameters indicated in the radio parameters field in the geographical area indicated by the geographical area field are managed.

#### Bit

8

- 0 Non-operator managed
- 1 Operator managed

If the length of radio parameters per geographical area contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.8, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the radio parameters per geographical area contents.

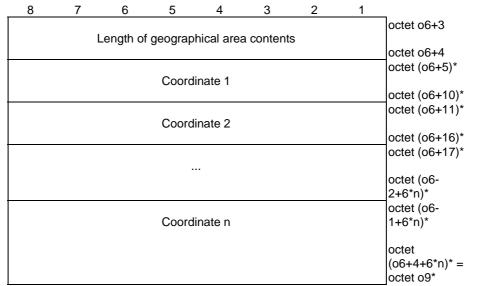


Figure 5.3.1.9: Geographical area

Coordina						ical area						
The coo	rdinate fi	eld is cod	led accor	ding to fig	gure 5.3.	1.10 and	table 5.	3.1.10.				
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
			Lati	tude				octet o6+11				
								octet o6+13 octet o6+14				
			Long	itude								
octet o6+17 Figure 5.3.1.10: Coordinate area												
		T	able 5.3	3.1.10: C	oordin	ate area						
atitude		is coded	according	to claus	se 6.1 of	3GPP TS	23.032	 ? [7].				
				9 10 0166			_0.00_	. [. ].				
ongitud The long		d is code	d accord	ing to cla	use 6.1 c	of 3GPP 1	TS 23.0	32 [7].				
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
		Length of	radio na	rameters	contents	3		octet o9+1				
			radio pa					octet o9+2				
		Radi	o parame	eters con	tents			octet o9+3				
		Fic	aure 5.3	.1.11: R	adio pa	rameter	'S	octet o7-1				
			Ju. 0 0.0		uu.o pu		•					
		Ta	able 5.3.	1.11: Ra	adio pa	rameter	S					
n E-UTI is <i>SL-V.</i> n NR ra	RA radio 2 <i>X-Prec</i> o dio parar	onfiguratio	ers per ge on in clau er geogra	se 9 of 3 phical are	GPP TS ea list, ra	36.331 [1 dio paran	6].	ters are defined are defined as SL				
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
							<u> </u>	octet o2+1				
Len	gtn of V2	X service ma	identifier apping rul			na ix pro	TIIES	octet o2+2				
\/2V ==	milas id-					monnia	a rulo 4	octet (o2+3)*				
v∠X Se	i vice ide	ntifier to I	-C5 KAI	(s) and I	x brotiles	s mappino	y ruie 1	octet o10*				

octet o10\* octet (o10+1)\* V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule 2 octet o11\* octet (o11+1)\* octet o12\* octet (o12+1)\* V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule n octet o3\*

Figure 5.3.1.12: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.12: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules

V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.13 and table 5.3.1.13.

	t-t - 10 · 1
	octet o10+1
Length of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles	
mapping rule contents	octet o10+2
	octet o10+3
V2X service identifiers	
	octet o79
0 0 0 0 0 BGNTI PC5 RAT(s	) octet o79+1
Spare   Spare   Spare   Spare	
Length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles	octet (o79+2)*
	octet (o79+3)*
E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles	
·	octet o82*
	octet (o82+1)* =
Broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile	octet o11*

Figure 5.3.1.13: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule

#### Table 5.3.1.13: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule

#### V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile indicator (BGNTI)

The BGNTI bit indicates presence of the broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field.

Bit

3

- 0 broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent
- 1 broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is present

If the PC5 RAT field is set to "E-UTRA-PC5", then the BGNTI bit is set to "broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent". If the PC5 RAT field is set to "NR-PC5" or "Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5", then the BGNTI bit can be set to "broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent" or "broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is present".

#### PC5 RAT(s):

The PC5 RAT(s) field indicates the PC5 RAT(s) mapped to the V2X service identifiers. **Bits** 

2 1

0 0 E-UTRA-PC5

0 1 NR-PC5

1 0 Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5

All other values are spare.

If the PC5 RAT field is set to "E-UTRA-PC5" or "Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5", the length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field and the E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field are present otherwise the length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field and the E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field are absent. If the PC5 RAT field is set to a spare value, the receiving entity shall ignore the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule.

#### E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles:

The E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field is coded as *v2x-TxProfileList* in clause 9.3.2 of 3GPP TS 36.331 [16].

Broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field:

The broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field indicates NR Tx profile corresponding to the NR-PC5 for broadcast mode V2X communication over PC5 and groupcast mode V2X communication over PC5.

The broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is coded as *SL-TxProfile-r17* in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12].

If the length of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.13, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule contents.

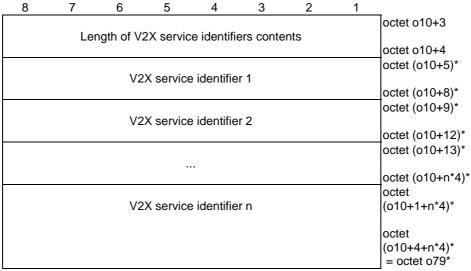


Figure 5.3.1.14: V2X service identifiers

Table 5.3.1.14: V2X service identifiers

V2X service identifier:

The V2X service identifier field contains a binary coded V2X service identifier as specified in ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers [5].

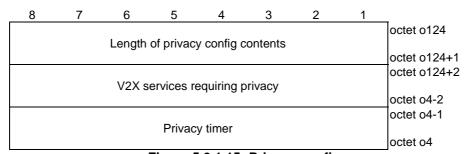


Figure 5.3.1.15: Privacy config

Table 5.3.1.15: Privacy config

V2X services requiring privacy:

The V2X services requiring privacy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.16 and table 5.3.1.16.

Privacy timer:

The privacy timer field contains binary encoded duration, in units of seconds, after which the UE shall change the source Layer-2 ID self-assigned by the UE while performing transmission of V2X communication over the PC5 when privacy is required.

If the length of privacy config contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.15, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the privacy config contents.

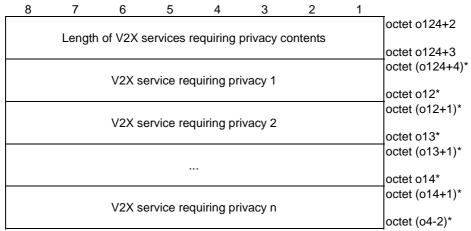


Figure 5.3.1.16: V2X services requiring privacy

Table 5.3.1.16: V2X services requiring privacy

V2X service requiring privacy:
The V2X service requiring privacy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.17 and table 5.3.1.17.

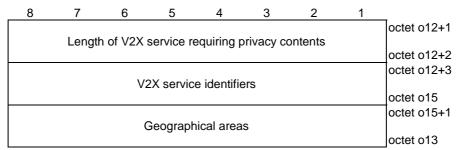


Figure 5.3.1.17: V2X service requiring privacy

Table 5.3.1.17: V2X service requiring privacy

#### V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

#### Geographical areas:

The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.

If the length of V2X service requiring privacy contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.17, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service requiring privacy contents.

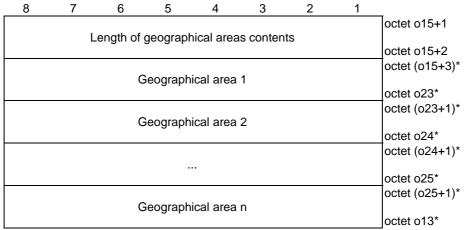


Figure 5.3.1.18: Geographical areas

Table 5.3.1.18: Geographical areas

Geographical area: The geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.9 and table 5.3.1.9.
The geographical area held is coded according to figure 5.5.1.5 and table 5.5.1.5.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1							
Longth	Longth of V/2V communication over PC5 in ELITPA PC5 contents													
Lengu	Length of V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 contents													
DDL2II														
	MRI			Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	octet o4+4						
\/2\	V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules													
V 27	V SELVICE	identinei	เบ นธรแก	allon lay	ei-2 ID III	apping re	iies	octet o26						
								octet (o26+1)*						
	PPPP to PDB mapping rules													
								octet o27*						
V2X	service id	dentifier t	o V2X F-	UTRA fre	equency r	manning	rules	octet o120* (see NOTE)						
1270	00.7.00	201111101	0 12/(2	01101110	, quono, i	парриту	. 4.00	(666 116 12)						
								octet o28*						
		\ (O\(		,	DDDD			octet o106*						
		V2X ser	vices aut	horized fo	or PPPR			(see NOTE)						
								octet o29*						
								octet o107*						
		Defau	ılt destina	ation laye	r-2 ID			(see NOTE)						
	Default destination layer-2 ID													

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.19: V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5

#### Table 5.3.1.19: V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5

Default destination layer-2 ID indicator (DDL2II):

The DDL2II bit indicates presence of the default destination layer-2 ID field. Bit

8

- 0 Default destination layer-2 ID field is absent
- 1 Default destination layer-2 ID field is present

V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules indicator (VSIEFMRI): The VSIEFMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field.

Bit

7

- 0 V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is present

V2X services authorized for PPPR indicator (VSAPI):

The VSAPI bit indicates presence of the V2X services authorized for PPPR field. Bit

6

- 0 V2X services authorized for PPPR field is absent
- 1 V2X services authorized for PPPR field is present

PPPP to PDB mapping rules indicator (PPMRI):

The PPMRI bit indicates presence of the PPPP to PDB mapping rules field.

5

- 0 PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is absent
- 1 PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is present

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.20 and table 5.3.1.20.

PPPP to PDB mapping rules:

The PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.22 and table 5.3.1.22.

V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.24 and table 5.3.1.24.

V2X services authorized for PPPR:

The V2X services authorized for PPPR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.29 and table 5.3.1.29.

Default destination layer-2 ID:

The default destination layer-2 ID field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.19, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o4+4
Lengt	h of V2X	service ic		to destina ontents	ation layer	-2 ID ma	apping	octet o4+5
			10103 0	Ontonto				octet (o4+6)*
V2X	service	identifier	to destin	ation lay	er-2 ID ma	apping r	ule 1	
								octet o19*
V2X	service	identifier :	to destin	ation lav	er-2 ID ma	annina ri	ule 2	octet (o19+1)*
"-"				alloit lay	0. 2.0	PP.II.9	uio <u>-</u>	octet o20*
								octet (o20+1)*
								ootot o21*
								octet o21* octet (o21+1)*
V2X	service	identifier	to destin	ation lay	er-2 ID ma	apping r	ule n	00.01 (02111)
								octet o26*

Figure 5.3.1.20: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules

#### Table 5.3.1.20: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule:
The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.21 and table 5.3.1.21.

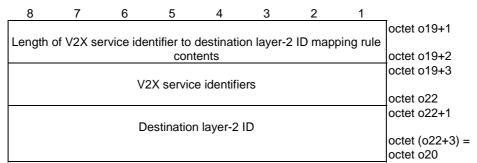


Figure 5.3.1.21: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule

#### Table 5.3.1.21: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID:

The destination layer-2 ID field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.21, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule contents.

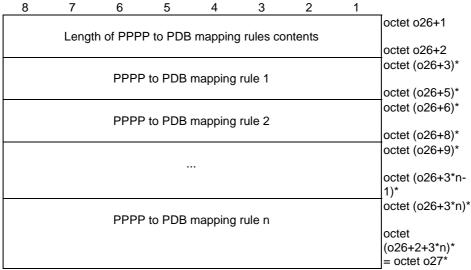


Figure 5.3.1.22: PPPP to PDB mapping rules

#### Table 5.3.1.22: PPPP to PDB mapping rules

PPPP to PDB mapping rule:
The PPPP to PDB mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.23 and table 5.3.1.23.

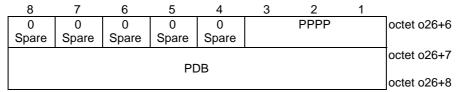


Figure 5.3.1.23: PPPP to PDB mapping rule

#### Table 5.3.1.23: PPPP to PDB mapping rule

```
ProSe per-packet priority (PPPP):
The PPPP field is a ProSe per-packet priority value.
Bits
3 2 1
000 PPPP value 1
0 0 1 PPPP value 2
0 1 0 PPPP value 3
0 1 1
      PPPP value 4
100 PPPP value 5
101 PPPP value 6
110 PPPP value 7
111 PPPP value 8
Packet delay budget (PDB):
The PDB field indicates binary encoded the packet delay budget value in miliseconds
to which the ProSe per-packet priority value indicated by the PPPP field is mapped.
```

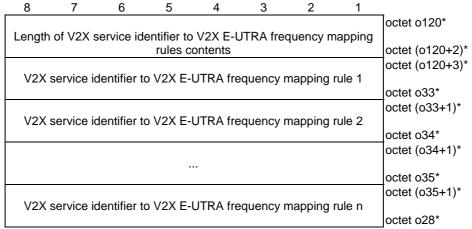


Figure 5.3.1.24: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules

#### Table 5.3.1.24: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules

V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule is coded according to figure 5.3.1.25 and table 5.3.1.25.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o33+1
Length	of V2X s	ervice ide	entifier to	V2X E-I	JTRA free	quency m	napping	
			rule co	ntents				octet o33+2
								octet o33+3
		V2	X service	e identifi	ers			
								octet o39
								octet o39+1
,	V2X E-U	TRA freq	uencies v	with geo	graphical	areas lis	t	
								octet o34

Figure 5.3.1.25: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule

#### Table 5.3.1.25: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list:

The V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.26 and table 5.3.1.26.

If the length of V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.25, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule contents.

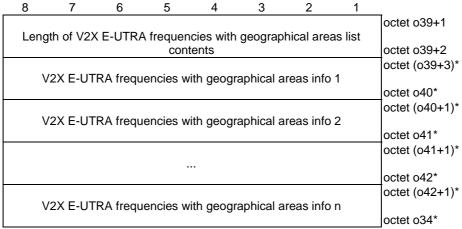


Figure 5.3.1.26: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list

#### Table 5.3.1.26: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list

V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info:
The V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.27 and table 5.3.1.27.

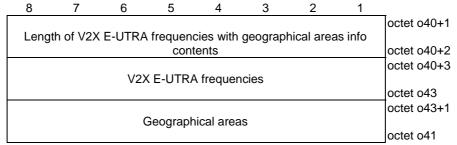


Figure 5.3.1.27: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info

#### Table 5.3.1.27: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info

#### V2X E-UTRA frequencies:

The V2X E-UTRA frequencies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.28 and table 5.3.1.28.

#### Geographical areas:

The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.

If the length of V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.27, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info contents.

octet o40+3
octet o40+4
octet (o40+5)*
octet (o40+7)*
octet (o40+8)*
octet (o40+10)*
octet (o40+11)*
octet (o40+4+(n-
1)*3)*
octet (o40+5+(n-
1)*3)*
octet
(o40+4+n*3)* =
octet o42*

Figure 5.3.1.28: V2X E-UTRA frequencies

Table 5.3.1.28: V2X E-UTRA frequencies

V2X E-UTRA frequency:
V2X E-UTRA frequency is coded according to the EARFCN value defined in
3GPP TS 36.101 [13].

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1							
	Langth of VOV convices outherized for DDDD contents													
	Length of V2X services authorized for PPPR contents													
	V2X service authorized for PPPR 1													
		V2X ser	vice author	orized for	PPPR 1			octet o36*						
								octet (o36+1)*						
		V2X ser	vice author	orized for	PPPR 2			octet o37*						
								octet (o37+1)*						
								, , ,						
								octet o38*						
								octet (o38+1)*						
		V2X ser	vice author	orized for	PPPR n									
								octet o29*						

Figure 5.3.1.29: V2X services authorized for PPPR

Table 5.3.1.29: V2X services authorized for PPPR

V2X service authorized for PPPR:

The V2X services authorized for PPPR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.30 and table 5.3.1.30.

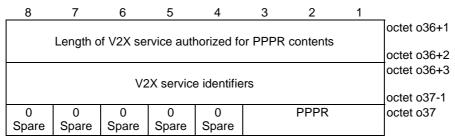


Figure 5.3.1.30: V2X service authorized for PPPR

Table 5.3.1.30: V2X service authorized for PPPR

V2X service identifiers: The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. ProSe per-packet reliability (PPPR): The PPPR field is a ProSe per-packet reliability value. 3 2 1 000 PPPR value 1 0 0 1 PPPR value 2 0 1 0 PPPR value 3 0 1 1 PPPR value 4 100 PPPR value 5 101 PPPR value 6 110 PPPR value 7 111 PPPR value 8 If the length of V2X service authorized for PPPR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.30, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service authorized for PPPR contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
	octet o5+1								
Len									
DDI OI	octet o5+2								
DDL2I BI	VSINF MRI	PDBGI	0	0	0	0	0	octet o5+3	
ы	IVIINI		Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	ootot (oF : 4)*	
\/′	2X service	a idantifia	r to \/2X	NR frequ	iency ma	nnina rul	<b></b>	octet (o5+4)*	
V 2	octet o45*								
V2X se	rvice iden	itifier to d	estinatio	n layer-2	ID for bro	oadcast n	napping	(see NOTE)	
			rul	es					
								octet o46	
1 (0) (								octet o46+1	
V2X se	rvice iden	itifier to d		•	ID for gro	oupcast n	napping		
			rul	es				octet o47 octet o47+1	
\/2X	service i	dentifier t	n destins	ation lave	r-2 ID for	unicast i	nitial	00161 047+1	
V Z /	Sel vice it			apping ru		unicasti	iiiiai	octet o48	
		0.9.	g	<u> </u>				octet o48+1	
V2X	service	identifier	to PC5 C	QoS para	meters m	apping ru	ules		
	V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules								
								octet o49+1	
			AS confi	iguration					
								octet o50 octet (o50+1)*	
	Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast								
	Dela	auit desti	nation ia	yer-z iD i	or broad	Jasi		octet (o50+3)*	
								octet 093 (see	
NR-PC5 unicast security policies								NOTE)	
				,	F			, ,	
	octet o84								
	octet (o84+1)								
V2X s	1								
rules								octet o85	
PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast								octet (o85+1)*	
	octet o123* =								
								octet I	
								100:00.	

NOTE:

The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.31: V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5

Table 5.3.1.31: V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5

Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast indicator (DDL2IBI):

The DDL2IBI bit indicates presence of the default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field.

Bit

8

- 0 Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is absent
- 1 Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is present

V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules indicator (VSINFMRI): The VSINFMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to V2X NR

Bit

frequency mapping rules field.

7

- 0 V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is present

PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast indicator (PDBGI):

The PDBGI bit indicates presence of the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast field.

Bit

6

- 0 PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast field is absent
- 1 PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast field is present

V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.32 and table 5.3.1.32.

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.37 and table 5.3.1.37.

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.39 and table 5.3.1.39.

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.41 and table 5.3.1.41.

V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.43 and table 5.3.1.43.

AS configuration:

The AS configuration field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.46a and table 5.3.1.46a.

Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast:

The default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

NR-PC5 unicast security policies:

The NR-PC5 unicast security policies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.50 and table 5.3.1.50.

V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules is coded according to figure 5.3.1.53 and table 5.3.1.53.

PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast

The PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast field indicates the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR, and is coded according to figure 5.3.1.x and table 5.3.1.x.

If the length of V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.31, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 contents.

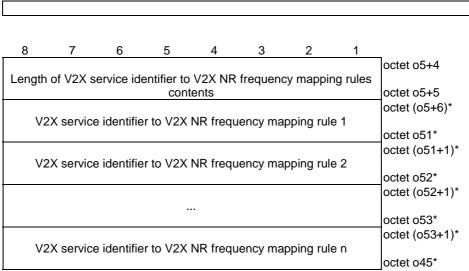


Figure 5.3.1.32: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules

#### Table 5.3.1.32: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules

V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule:
The V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule is coded according to figure 5.3.1.33 and table 5.3.1.33.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
								octet o51+1	
Length	Length of V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule								
			cont	ents				octet o51+2	
								octet o51+3	
								octet o54	
								octet o54+1	
	V2X N	R frequer	ncies wit	h geogra	phical are	eas list			
								octet o52	

Figure 5.3.1.33: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule

#### Table 5.3.1.33: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list:

The V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.34 and table 5.3.1.34.

If the length of V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.33, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule contents.

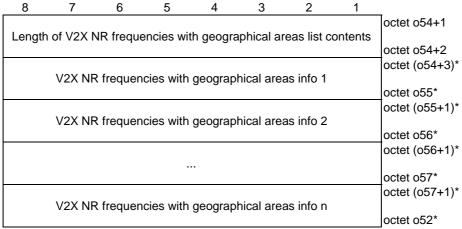


Figure 5.3.1.34: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list

#### Table 5.3.1.34: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list

V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info: The V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.35 and table 5.3.1.35.

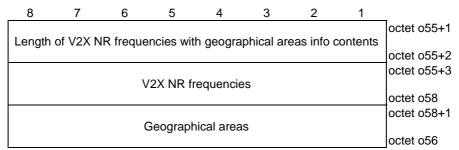


Figure 5.3.1.35: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info

#### Table 5.3.1.35: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info

V2X NR frequencies:

The V2X NR frequencies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.36 and table 5.3.1.36.

Geographical areas:

The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.

If the length of V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.35, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info contents.

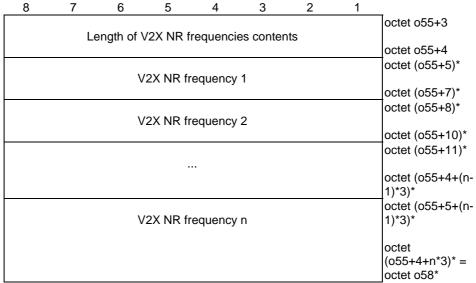


Figure 5.3.1.36: V2X NR frequencies

Table 5.3.1.36: V2X NR frequencies

V2X NR frequency:
V2X NR frequency is coded according to the NR-ARFCN value defined in
3GPP TS 38.101-1 [14] and 3GPP TS 38.101-2 [15].

8	7 6	5	4	3	2	1	_			
							octet o108			
Length of V2	2X service ide	entifier to d	destination	on layer-2	ID for br	oadcast				
	mapping rules contents									
V2X service	identifier to	destination	n layer-2	ID for bro	oadcast m	napping				
		rule	e 1				octet o59*			
							octet (o59+1)*			
V2X service	identifier to	destination rule		ID for bro	oadcast m	napping				
	octet o60*									
							octet (o60+1)*			
							octet o61*			
							octet (o61+1)*			
V2X service	identifier to		•	ID for bro	oadcast m	napping				
		rule	e n				octet o46*			

Figure 5.3.1.37: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.37: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.38 and table 5.3.1.38.

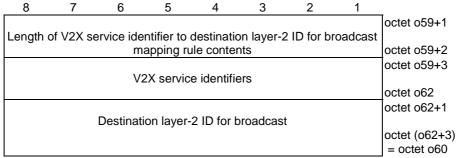


Figure 5.3.1.38: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule

#### Table 5.3.1.38: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:
The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID for broadcast:
The destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.38, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
								octet o46+1			
Length of	Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules contents										
		ma	pping ru	ies conte	ents			octet o46+2 octet (o46+3)*			
V2X ser	vice ider	ntifier to d	estinatio	n laver-2	ID for gro	uncasti	mapping	00161 (040+3)			
12/100/	1100 1001			e 1	12 101 g.0	ароаот.	парріпі	octet o63*			
								octet (o63+1)*			
V2X ser	V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping										
			rul	e 2				octet o64*			
								octet (o64+1)*			
			•					octet o65*			
								octet (o65+1)*			
V2X ser	vice ider	ntifier to d		,	ID for gro	upcast ı	mapping				
			rul	e n				octet o47*			

Figure 5.3.1.39: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.39: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.40 and table 5.3.1.40.

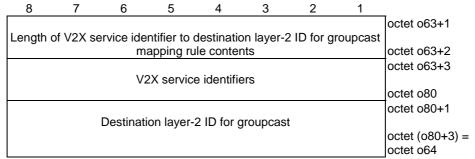


Figure 5.3.1.40: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule

### Table 5.3.1.40: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule

V2X service identifiers: The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID for groupcast:

The destination layer-2 ID for groupcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.40, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o47+1
Lengt	h of V2X s	ervice ic	dentifier to	destina	tion layer	-2 ID for	unicast	
	ini	tial sign	alling map	oping rul	es conter	nts		octet o47+2
								octet (o47+3)*
V22	X service id	dentifier	to destina	ation laye	er-2 ID for	r unicast i	initial	
		sig	nalling ma	apping ru	ıle 1			octet o66*
								octet (o66+1)*
V22	X service id	dentifier	to destina	ation laye	er-2 ID for	r unicast i	initial	
		sig	nalling ma	apping rι	ıle 2			octet o67*
								octet (o67+1)*
								octet o68*
								octet (o68+1)*
V22	X service id	dentifier	to destina	ation laye	er-2 ID for	r unicast i	initial	
		sig	nalling ma	apping rι	ıle n			octet o48*

Figure 5.3.1.41: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules

### Table 5.3.1.41: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.42 and table 5.3.1.42.

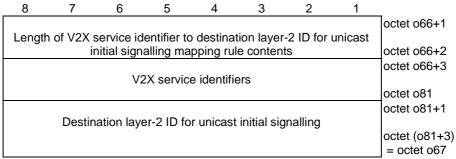


Figure 5.3.1.42: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule

## Table 5.3.1.42: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling:

The destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.42, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
					_			octet o48+1
Length	n of V2X	service id		o PC5 Q ontents	oS paran	neters ma	apping	octet o48+2
			Tules C	Ontents				octet (048+3)*
V2X	service	identifier	to PC5 C	oS para	meters m	apping ru	ıle 1	, ,
								octet o70*
V2X	service	identifier	to PC5 C	oS para	meters m	apping ru	ıle 2	octet (o70+1)*
, ,	0011100	dominor	.0.00	koo para		аррінд го		octet o71*
								octet (o71+1)*
								octet o72*
								octet (o72+1)*
V2X	service	identifier	to PC5 C	oS para	meters m	apping ru	ıle n	, ,
								octet o49*

Figure 5.3.1.43: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules

### Table 5.3.1.43: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules

V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.46 and table 5.3.1.46.

Figure 5.3.1.44: void

Table 5.3.1.44: void

Figure 5.3.1.45: void

Table 5.3.1.45: void

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	_				
	() (0) (	,						octet o70+1				
Length	of V2X se	ervice ider		PC5 QoS ents	paramet	ers map	oing rule	octet o70+2				
			COIT	.CIII.S				octet 070+3				
	octet o74											
GFBRI	GFBRI MFBRI PLAMB RI 0 0 0 0											
		RI		Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	<u> </u>				
			P	QI				octet o74+2				
								ootot (074+2)*				
		Gua	aranteed	flow bit r	ate			octet (o74+3)*				
								octet (o74+5)*				
								octet (o94)* (see				
		Ma	aximum f	flow bit ra	ate			NOTE)				
								octet (o94+2)*				
								octet (095)* (see				
		Per-link a	ggregate	e maximu	m bit rate	)		NOTE)				
		octet (o95+2)*										
	octet (o96)* (see NOTE)											
	INOTE)											
								octet (o96+2)* =				
								octet o71*				

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.46: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.46: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Guaranteed flow bit rate indicator (GFBRI):

The GFBRI bit indicates presence of guaranteed flow bit rate field.

Bit

8

0 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is absent

1 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is present

Maximum flow bit rate indicator (MFBRI):

The MFBRI bit indicates presence of maximum flow bit rate field.

Bit

7

0 Maximum flow bit rate field is absent

Maximum flow bit rate field is present

Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate indicator (PLAMBRI):

The PLAMBRI bit indicates presence of per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field. Bit

6

0 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is absent

1 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is present

Range indicator (RI):

The RI bit indicates presence of range field.

Bit

5

0 Range field is absent

1 Range field is present

```
PQI:
Bits
87654321
00000000
            Reserved
00000001
  to Spare
00010100
00010101
            PQI 21
00010110
            PQI 22
00010111
            PQI 23
00011000
 to Spare
00110110
00110111
            PQI 55
00111000
            PQI 56
00111001
            PQI 57
00111010
            PQI 58
00111011
            PQI 59
00111100
  to Spare
01011001
            PQI 90
01011010
01011011
            PQI 91
01011100
 to Spare
01111111
10000000
  to Operator-specific PQIs
11111110
11111111
            Reserved
```

If the UE receives a PQI value (excluding the reserved PQI values) that it does not understand, the UE shall choose a PQI value from the set of PQI values defined in this version of the protocol (see 3GPP TS 23.287 [2]) and associated with:

- GBR resource type, if the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule includes the guaranteed flow bit rate field; and
- non-GBR resource type, if the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule does not include the guaranteed flow bit rate field.

The UE shall use this chosen PQI value for internal operations only. The UE shall use the received PQI value in subsequent V2X communication over PC5 signalling procedures.

### Guaranteed flow bit rate:

The guaranteed flow bit rate field indicates guaranteed flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
                value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001000
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
```

protocol.

Value of the guaranteed flow bit rate is binary coded value of the guaranteed flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Maximum flow bit rate:

The maximum flow bit rate field indicates maximum flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the maximum flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the maximum flow bit rate.

Unit of the maximum flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
               value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
00001000
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
protocol.
```

Value of the maximum flow bit rate is binary coded value of the maximum flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the maximum flow bit rate.

Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

The per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field indicates per-link aggregate maximum bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate.

Unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

#### Bits

### 87654321

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremen

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps

0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps

0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps

0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps

0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps

0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps

0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps

0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps

0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps

0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps

0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps

0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps

0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps

0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps

0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps

0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps

0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the

Value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate is binary coded value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate in units defined by the unit of the per-link aggregate

### Range

protocol.

maximum bit rate.

The range field indicates a binary encoded value of the range in meters.

If the length of V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.46, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents.

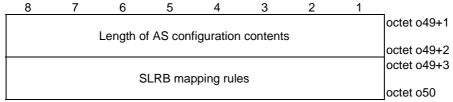


Figure 5.3.1.46a: AS configuration

### Table 5.3.1.46a: AS configuration

### SLRB mapping rules:

The SLRB mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.47 and table 5.3.1.47.

If the length of AS configuration contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.46a, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the AS configuration contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1						
			21.00					octet o49+3					
	Length of SLRB mapping rules contents												
								octet o49+4 octet (o49+5)*					
		S	LRB map	ping rule	· 1								
								octet o75*					
		S	LRB map	pina rule	2			octet (o75+1)*					
			- 1					octet o76*					
								octet (o76+1)*					
								octet o77*					
								octet (o77+1)*					
		S	LRB map	ping rule	n								
								octet o50*					

Figure 5.3.1.47: SLRB mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.47: SLRB mapping rules

### SLRB mapping rule:

The SLRB mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.48 and table 5.3.1.48.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o75+1
	L	ength of S	SLRB ma	apping ru	le conten	ts		
								octet o75+2
								octet o75+3
			PC5 Qo	S profile				
				•				octet o78
			Length	of SLRB				octet o78+1
								octet o78+2
								octet o78+3
			SL	RB				
								octet o76

Figure 5.3.1.48: SLRB mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.48: SLRB mapping rule

### PC5 QoS profile:

The PC5 QoS profile field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.49 and table 5.3.1.49.

### SLRE

SLRB is defined as SL-PreconfigurationNR in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12].

If the length of SLRB mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.48, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the SLRB mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1							
		l an aith ai	4 DOE O-	0				octet o75+3						
	Length of PC5 QoS profile contents													
GFBRI	GFBRI MFBRI PLAMB RI PLOI AWI MDBVI 0 Spare													
	PQI													
	octet (o75+7)*													
	octet (o75+9)*													
		N/A	avimum f	low bit ra	to			octet o97* (see NOTE)						
		IVI	axiiiiuiii i	IOW DIL IA	ile			NOTE)						
								octet (o97+2)*						
	ı	Per-link a	ggregate	maximu	m bit rate	•		octet o98* (see NOTE)						
								ootot (009 i 2)*						
								octet (o98+2)* octet o99* (see						
			Rar	nge				NOTE)						
								octet (o99+1)*						
0	0	0	0 Spore	0	Р	riority lev	el	octet o100*						
Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare				(see NOTE) octet o101*						
	(see NOTE)													
	octet (o101+1)*													
	octet o102*													
	(see NOTE)													
	octet (o102+1)*													
								= octet o78*						

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.49:PC5 QoS profile

Table 5.3.1.49:PC5 QoS profile

Guaranteed flow bit rate indicator (GFBRI): The GFBRI bit indicates presence of guaranteed flow bit rate field. Bit

8

O Guaranteed flow bit rate field is absent

1 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is present

Maximum flow bit rate indicator (MFBRI):

The MFBRI bit indicates presence of maximum flow bit rate field.

Bit

7

0 Maximum flow bit rate field is absent

1 Maximum flow bit rate field is present

Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate indicator (PLAMBRI):

The PLAMBRI bit indicates presence of per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field. Bit

6

0 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is absent

1 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is present

Range indicator (RI):

The RI bit indicates presence of range field.

Bit

5

0 Range field is absent

1 Range field is present

Priority level octet indicator (OPLI):

The OPLI bit indicates presence of the octet of the priority level field.

Bit

4

O The octet of the priority level is absent

1 The octet of the priority level is present

Averaging window indicator (AWI):

The AWI bit indicates presence of averaging window field.

Bit

3

0 Averaging window field is absent

1 Averaging window field is present

Maximum data burst volume indicator (MDBVI):

The MDBVI bit indicates presence of maximum data burst volume field.

Bit

2

0 Maximum data burst volume field is absent

1 Maximum data burst volume field is present

```
PQI:
Bits
87654321
00000000
            Reserved
00000001
  to Spare
00010100
00010101
            PQI 21
00010110
            PQI 22
00010111
            PQI 23
00011000
 to Spare
00110110
00110111
            PQI 55
00111000
            PQI 56
00111001
            PQI 57
00111010
            PQI 58
00111011
            PQI 59
00111100
  to Spare
01011001
            PQI 90
01011010
01011011
            PQI 91
01011100
 to Spare
01111111
10000000
  to Operator-specific PQIs
11111110
11111111
            Reserved
```

If the UE receives a PQI value (excluding the reserved PQI values) that it does not understand, the UE shall choose a PQI value from the set of PQI values defined in this version of the protocol (see 3GPP TS 23.287 [2]) and associated with:

- GBR resource type, if the PC5 QoS profile includes the guaranteed flow bit rate field; and
- non-GBR resource type, if the PC5 QoS profile does not include the guaranteed flow bit rate field.

The UE shall use this chosen PQI value for internal operations only. The UE shall use the received PQI value in subsequent V2X communication over PC5 signalling procedures.

### Guaranteed flow bit rate:

The guaranteed flow bit rate field indicates guaranteed flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
                value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001000
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
protocol.
```

Value of the guaranteed flow bit rate is binary coded value of the guaranteed flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Maximum flow bit rate:

The maximum flow bit rate field indicates maximum flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the maximum flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the maximum flow bit rate.

Unit of the maximum flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
               value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
00001000
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
protocol.
```

Value of the maximum flow bit rate is binary coded value of the maximum flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the maximum flow bit rate.

Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

The per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field indicates per-link aggregate maximum bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the perlink aggregate maximum bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the perlink aggregate maximum bit rate.

Unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

```
87654321
00000000
               value is not used
00000001
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
00000101
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000110
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
00001000
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001001
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
00001101
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001110
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
00010010
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010011
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
00010101
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010110
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
00010111
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
```

value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.

value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps

Value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate is binary coded value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate in units defined by the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate.

The range field indicates a binary encoded value of the range in meters.

### Priority level:

00011000

00011001

The Priority level field contains a ProSe per-packet priority value.

### Bits

### 3 2 1

000 PPPP value 1

0 0 1 PPPP value 2

0 1 0 PPPP value 3

0 1 1 PPPP value 4

100 PPPP value 5 101 PPPP value 6

110 PPPP value 7

111 PPPP value 8

### Averaging window:

The averaging window field indicates a binary representation of the averaging window for both sending and receiving in milliseconds.

### Maximum data burst volume:

The maximum data burst volume field indicates a binary representation of the maximum data burst volume for both sending and receiving in octets.

If the length of PC5 QoS profile contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.49, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PC5 QoS profile contents.

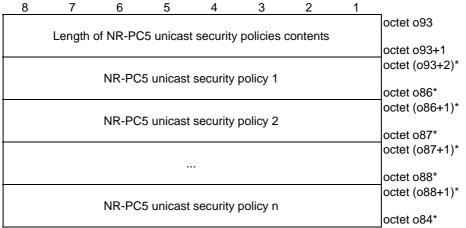


Figure 5.3.1.50: NR-PC5 unicast security policies

### Table 5.3.1.50: NR-PC5 unicast security policies

NR-PC5 unicast security policy: The NR-PC5 unicast security policy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.51 and table 5.3.1.51.

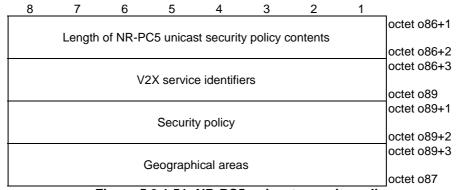


Figure 5.3.1.51: NR-PC5 unicast security policy

### Table 5.3.1.51: NR-PC5 unicast security policy

V2X service identifiers:
The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and
table 5.3.1.14.

### Security policy:

The security policy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.52 and table 5.3.1.52

### Geographical areas:

The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.

If the length of NR-PC5 unicast security policy contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.51, the receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the NR-PC5 unicast security policy contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	Signallin	g cipherii	ng policy	0	Sign	alling inte	grity	octet o89+1
spare				spare	pro	tection po	olicy	
0	User p	olane cipl	nering	0	User	plane inte	egrity	octet o89+2
spare		policy		spare	pro	tection po	licv	

Figure 5.3.1.52: Security policy

### Table 5.3.1.52: Security policy

```
Signalling integrity protection policy (octet o89+1, bit 1 to 3):
Bits
3 2
0 0
      0
              Signalling integrity protection not needed
0 0 1
              Signalling integrity protection preferred
              Signalling integrity protection required
0
   1
       0
0
   1
      1
   to Spare
1
   1
       0
   1
       1
              Reserved
If the UE receives a signalling integrity protection policy value that the UE does not
understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "Signalling integrity protection
required".
```

Signaling ciphering policy (octet o89+1, bit 5 to 7):

```
Bits
7 6
0 0
     0
            Signalling ciphering not needed
0 0 1
            Signalling ciphering preferred
      0
            Signalling ciphering required
0
  1
0
   1
   to Spare
1
      0
   1
   1 1
            Reserved
1
```

If the UE receives a signalling ciphering policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "Signalling ciphering required".

Bit 4 and 8 of octet o89+1 are spare and shall be coded as zero.

User plane integrity protection policy (octet o89+2, bit 1 to 3):

```
Bits
3 2
0
   0
      0
             User plane integrity protection not needed
             User plane integrity protection preferred
0
   0 1
      0
             User plane integrity protection required
0
   1
0
   1
      1
   to Spare
1
   1 0
             Reserved
```

If the UE receives a user plane integrity protection policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "User plane integrity protection required".

User plane ciphering policy (octet o89+2, bit 5 to 7):

```
Bits
7 6
0 0
     0
            User plane ciphering not needed
0
  0
            User plane ciphering preferred
     1
0
  1
      0
            User plane ciphering required
0
  1
      1
  to Spare
   1
      0
            Reserved
  1
```

If the UE receives a user plane ciphering policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "User plane ciphering required".

Bit 4 and 8 of octet o89+2 are spare and shall be coded as zero.

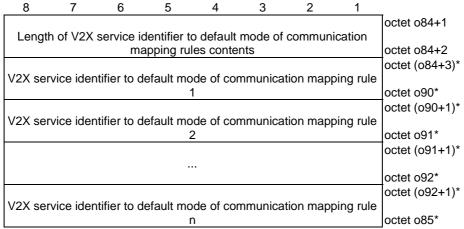


Figure 5.3.1.53: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules

### Table 5.3.1.53: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules

V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.54 and table 5.3.1.54.

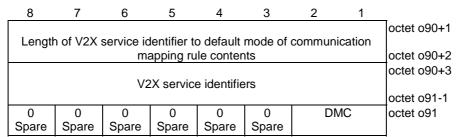


Figure 5.3.1.54: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule

### Table 5.3.1.54: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule

V2X service identifiers: The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. Default mode of communication (DMC):

The DMC field indicates the default mode of communication.

Bits

2 1

0 0 unicast

0 1 groupcast

1 0 broadcast

11 spare

If the DMC field is set to a spare value, the receiving entity shall ignore the V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule.

If the length of V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.54, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents.

### Table 5.3.1.54: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Default mode of communication (DMC):

The DMC field indicates the default mode of communication.

Bits

2 1

0 0 unicast

0 1 groupcast

1 0 broadcast

11 spare

If the DMC field is set to a spare value, the receiving entity shall ignore the V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule.

If the length of V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.54, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents.

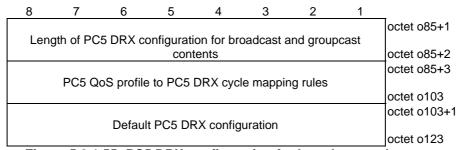


Figure 5.3.1.55: PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast

### Table 5.3.1.55: PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast

PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules:

The PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.56 and table 5.3.1.56.

Default PC5 DRX configuration:

The default PC5 DRX configuration field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.58 and table 5.3.1.58.

If the length of PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.55, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast contents.

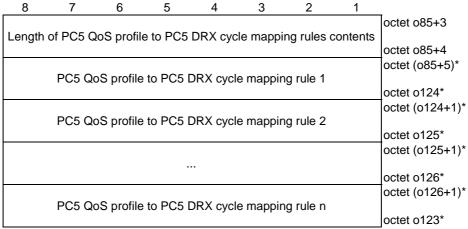


Figure 5.3.1.56: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.56: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules

PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule:
The PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.57 and table 5.3.1.57.

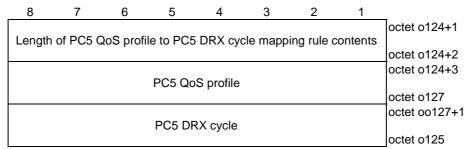


Figure 5.3.1.57: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.57: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule

PC5 QoS profile:
The PC5 QoS profile field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.49 and table 5.3.1.49.

PC5 DRX cycle
The PC5 DRX cycle field is coded as *sl-DRX-GC-BC-Cycle-r17* in clause 6.3.5 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12].

If the length of PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.z, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule contents.

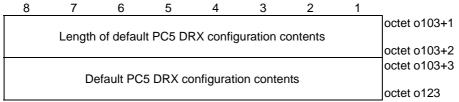


Figure 5.3.1.58: Default PC5 DRX configuration

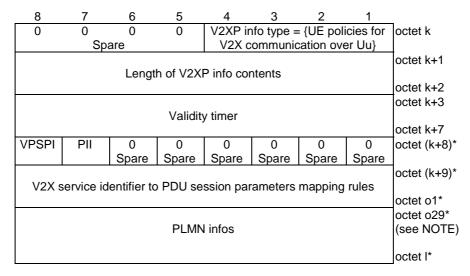
Table 5.3.1.58: Default PC5 DRX configuration

Default PC5 DRX configuration contents:
The default PC5 DRX configuration field is coded as *sl-DefaultDRX-GC-BC-r17* in clause 6.3.5 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12].

### 5.4 Encoding of UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

### 5.4.1 General

The UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are coded as shown in figures 5.4.1.1 and table 5.4.1.1.



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over Uu}

### Table 5.4.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over Uu}

V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set to "0010" (UE policies for V2X communication over Uu)

Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of V2XP info contents.

### Validity timer

The validity timer field provides the expiration time of validity of the UE policies for V2X communication over Uu. The validity timer field is a binary coded representation of a UTC time, in seconds since midnight UTC of January 1, 1970 (not counting leap seconds).

V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules indicator (VPSPI) The VPSPI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field.

Bit

8

- 0 V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is present

### PLMN infos indicator (APII)

The PII bit indicates presence of the PLMN infos field.

Bit

- ,
- 0 PLMN infos field is absent
- 1 PLMN infos field is present

V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules The V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.17 and table 5.4.1.17.

### PLMN infos

The PLMN infos field is coded according to the figure 5.4.1.2 and table 5.4.1.2 and contains a list of PLMNs in which the UE is configured to use V2X communication over Uu.

If the length of V2XP info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.1, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2XP info contents.

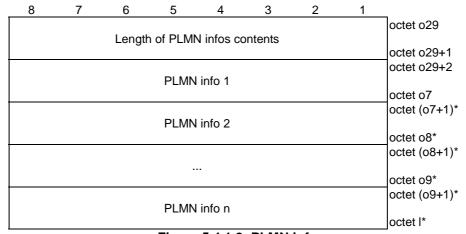


Figure 5.4.1.2: PLMN infos

Table 5.4.1.2: PLMN infos

### PLMN info

The PLMN info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.3 and table 5.4.1.3.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
				N info co				octet o7+1				
	octet o7+2											
			PLMI	V IDs								
		,	•	,		1		octet o5				
VSIUII	VSIRII	0	0	0	0	0	0	octet o5+1				
		Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare					
		V2X serv	rice ident	ifier unrel	ated info			octet (o5+2)*				
	octet o30*											
	(see NOTE)											
								octet o8*				

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.3: PLMN info

Table 5.4.1.3: PLMN info

PLMN IDs
The PLMN IDs field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.4 and table 5.4.1.4.

V2X service identifier unrelated info indicator (VSIUII)
The VSIUII bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier unrelated info field.

Bit 8

- 0 V2X service identifier unrelated info field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier unrelated info field is present

V2X service identifier related info indicator (VSIRII)

The VSIRII bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier related info field. Bit

7

- 0 V2X service identifier related info field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier related info field is present

### V2X service identifier unrelated info

The V2X service identifier unrelated info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.6 and table 5.4.1.6, and contains information for V2X services not identified by V2X service identifiers, applicable in a PLMN indicated in the PLMN IDs field.

### V2X service identifier related info

The V2X service identifier related info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.9 and table 5.4.1.9, and contains information for V2X services identified by V2X service identifiers, applicable in a PLMN indicated in the PLMN IDs field.

If the length of PLMN info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.3, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PLMN info contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
		Lange	th of DLM	IN IDa aa	ntonto			octet o7+3
		Leng	th of PLM	IN IDS CO	ntents			octet o7+4
			DLM	UID 1				octet o7+5
			PLIVII	N ID 1				octet o7+7
			DI MI	N ID 2				octet (o7+8)*
			I LIVII	1102				octet (o7+10)*
								octet (o7+11)*
								octet
								(o7+1+(3*n))* loctet
			PLM	N ID n				(o7+2+(3*n))*
								octet (o7+4+(3*n))* = octet o5*

Figure 5.4.1.4: PLMN IDs

**Table 5.4.1.4: PLMN IDs** 

PLMI	N ID
The I	PLMN ID field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.5 and table 5.4.1.5.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
	MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1		octet o7+8
	MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3		octet o7+9
	MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1		octet o7+10

Figure 5.4.1.5: PLMN ID

**Table 5.4.1.5: PLMN ID** 

Mobile country code (MCC)

The MCC field is coded as in ITU-T Recommendation E.212 [6], annex A.

Mobile network code (MNC)

The coding of MNC field is the responsibility of each administration but BCD coding shall be used. The MNC shall consist of 2 or 3 digits. If a network operator decides to use only two digits in the MNC, MNC digit 3 shall be coded as "1111".

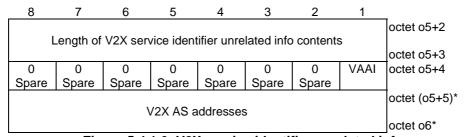


Figure 5.4.1.6: V2X service identifier unrelated info

### Table 5.4.1.6: V2X service identifier unrelated info

V2X AS address indicator (VAAI)
The VAAI bit indicates presence of the V2X AS address field.
Bit

1
0 V2X AS address field is absent
1 V2X AS address field is present

V2X AS addresses
The V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7.

If the length of V2X service identifier unrelated info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.6, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier unrelated info contents.

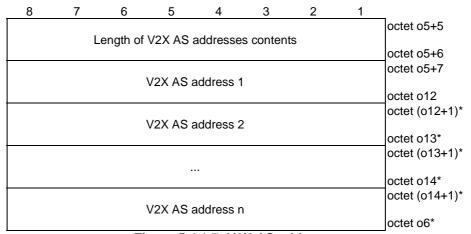


Figure 5.4.1.7: V2X AS addresses

Table 5.4.1.7: V2X AS addresses

V2X AS address

The V2X AS address field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.8 and table 5.4.1.8.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
			f V2X AS					octet o12+1	
	octet o12+2								
I4AI	I4AI   I6AI   FI   UPUTI   TPBTI   UPDTI   GAI   0								
14/41	I6AI	FI	UPUTI	IPDII	UPDTI	GAI	0 Spare	octet o12+3	
		1	1		1		Ораго	octet (o12+4)*	
			IPv4 a	ddress					
								octet (o12+7)*	
								octet o31*	
			IPv6 a	ddress				(see NOTE)	
								octet (o31+15)*	
								octet o32*	
			FQ	DN				(see NOTE)	
								octet o15*	
		LIDD						octet o33*	
		UDP	port for u	plink trar	isport			(see NOTE)	
								octet (o33+1)*	
								octet o34*	
		TCP por	t for bidir	ectional t	ransport			(see NOTE)	
								/ 04 4)*	
								octet (o34+1)*	
		LIDD 5	art for da	umlimle tre	nonort			octet o35* (see NOTE)	
	UDP port for downlink transport								
								octet (o35+1)*	
	(see NOTE)								
								octet o13*	

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.8: V2X AS address

Table 5.4.1.8: V2X AS address

### IPv4 Address Indicator (I4AI) The I4AI bit indicates presence of the IPv4 address field. Bit IPv4 address field is absent IPv4 address field is present IPv6 Address Indicator (I6AI) The I6AI bit indicates presence of the IPv6 address field. Bit 0 IPv6 address field is absent 1 IPv6 address field is present FQDN Indicator (FI) The FI bit indicates presence of the FQDN field. Bit 0 FQDN field is absent 1 FQDN field is present UDP Port for Uplink Transport Indicator (UPUTI) The UPUI bit indicates presence of the UDP port for uplink transport field. Bit 0 UDP port for uplink transport field is absent 1 UDP port for uplink transport field is present TCP Port for Bidirectional Transport Indicator (TPBTI) The TPBTI bit indicates presence of the TCP port for bidirectional transport field. Bit 0 TCP port for bidirectional transport field is absent TCP port for bidirectional transport field is present UDP Port for Downlink Transport Indicator (UPUTI) The UPUTI bit indicates presence of the UDP port for downlink transport field. Bit UDP port for downlink transport field is absent 0 UDP port for downlink transport field is present Geographical Area Indicator (GAI) The GAI bit indicates presence of the geographical area field. Bit 2 0 geographical area field is absent geographical area field is present IPv4 address (NOTE 2) The IPv4 address field contains an IPv4 address of a V2X application server. IPv6 address (NOTE 2) The IPv6 address field contains an IPv6 address of a V2X application server. The FQDN field contains an FQDN of a V2X application server. The first octet of the FQDN field indicates length of the FQDN and the remaining octets of the FQDN field contain the FQDN. UDP port for uplink transport (NOTE 1) The UDP port for uplink transport field indicates binary coded UDP port to be used for uplink transport. TCP port for bidirectional transport (NOTE 1)

The TCP port for bidirectional transport field indicates binary coded TCP port to be

used for bidirectional transport.

UDP port for downlink transport (NOTE 1)

The UDP port for downlink transport field indicates binary coded UDP port to be used for downlink transport.

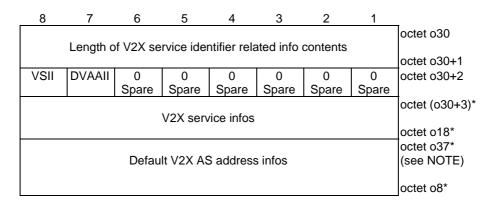
### Geographical area

The Geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.15 and table 5.4.1.15, and contains a list of points of a polygon.

If the length of V2X AS address contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.8, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X AS address contents.

NOTE 1: The UDP port for uplink transport field, the TCP port for bidirectional transport field, and the UDP port for downlink transport field are absent when the V2X AS address is present in the V2X service identifier unrelated info.

NOTE 2: One of the IPv4 address field, the IPv6 address field or the FQDN field is present.



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.9: V2X service identifier related info

### Table 5.4.1.9: V2X service identifier related info

V2X service infos indicator (VSII)

The VSII bit indicates presence of the V2X service infos field. Bit

8

- 0 V2X service infos field is absent
- V2X service infos field is present

Default V2X AS address infos indicator (DVAAII)

The AVSII bit indicates presence of the default V2X AS address infos field. Bit

- 0 Default V2X AS address infos field is absent
- Default V2X AS address infos field is present

#### V2X service infos

The V2X service infos field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.10 and table 5.4.1.10 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier to V2X application server address mapping rules.

### Default V2X AS address infos

The default V2X AS address infos field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.13 and table 5.4.1.13 and indicates default V2X application server addresses for the unicast V2X communication over Uu.

If the length of V2X service identifier related info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.9, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier related info contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o30+3
		Length of	V2X ser	vice infos	content	S		
								octet o30+4
								octet o30+5
		,	V2X serv	rice info 1				
								octet o20
								octet (o20+1)*
		,	V2X serv	rice info 2	<u> </u>			, ,
								octet o21*
								octet (o21+1)*
								,
								octet o22*
								octet (o22+1)*
		,	V2X serv	ice info r	1			(3== 1.1)
			, . 001 •		•			octet o18*

Figure 5.4.1.10: V2X service infos

Table 5.4.1.10: V2X service infos

### V2X service info

The V2X service info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.11 and table 5.4.1.11.

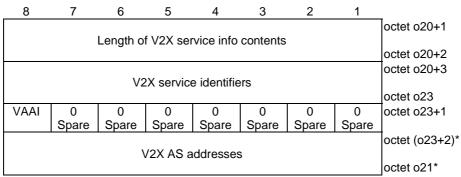


Figure 5.4.1.11: V2X service info

Table 5.4.1.11: V2X service info

### V2X service identifiers

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.12 and table 5.4.1.12 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier.

### V2X AS addresses indicator (VAAI)

The AVSII bit indicates presence of the V2X AS addresses field. Bit

8

- 0 V2X AS addresses field is absent
- 1 V2X AS addresses field is present

### V2X AS addresses

The V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7 and indicates V2X application server addresses for V2X services identified by the V2X service identifiers indicated in the V2X service identifiers field.

If the length of V2X service info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.11, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service info contents.

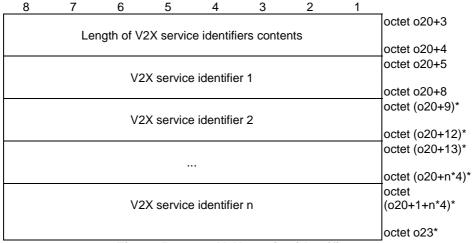


Figure 5.4.1.12: V2X service identifiers

Table 5.4.1.12: V2X service identifiers

### V2X service identifier

The V2X service identifier field contains a binary coded V2X service identifier as specified in ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers [5].

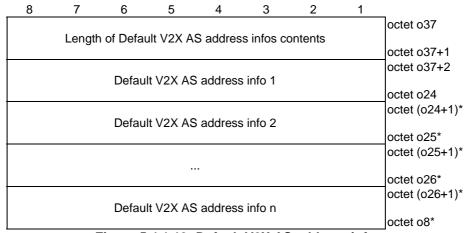


Figure 5.4.1.13: Default V2X AS address infos

Table 5.4.1.13: Default V2X AS address infos

Default V2X AS address info
The default V2X AS address info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.14 and table 5.4.1.14.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
			11.) (0) ( A	0 11	. ,			octet o24+1
	Lengt	h of defau	JIT VZX A	S addres	is into co	ntents		octet o24+2
TD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	octet o24+3
	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	
		V	2X mess	age famil	y			octet (o24+4)*
	V2X AS addresses							
								octet o25

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.14: Default V2X AS address info

### Table 5.4.1.14: Default V2X AS address info

Type of Data (TD) The type of data bit indicates type of data. 8 0 non-IP 1 IP If the type of data bit is set to "non-IP", then the V2X message family field is present otherwise the V2X message family field is absent. V2X message family Bits 87654321 00000001 IEEE 1609, see IEEE 1609.3 [8] 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 ISO, see ISO 29281-1 [9] 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 ETSI-ITS, see ETSI EN 302 636-3 [10] All other values are spare. V2X AS addresses The V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7 and indicates V2X application server addresses for type of data identified by the TD bit and the V2X message family (if the type of data is non-IP). If the length of default V2X AS address info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.14, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located

at the end of the default V2X AS address info contents.

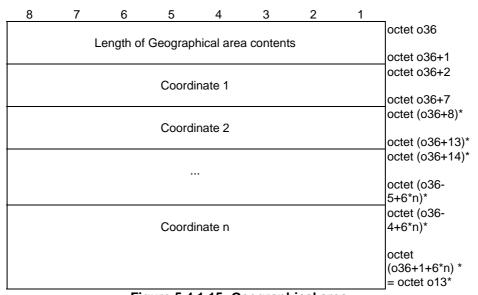


Figure 5.4.1.15: Geographical area

Table 5.4.1.15: Geographical area

	Coordinate The coordinate field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.16 and table 5.4.1.16.							
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
	Latitude							
	Lando							
			Long	iitudo				octet o36+11
	Longitude							

Figure 5.4.1.16: Coordinate area

Table 5.4.1.16: Coordinate area

Latitude The latitude field is coded according to clause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7].
Longitude The longitude field is coded according to clause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7].

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet k+9
Length c	of V2X s	ervice ide			ssion para	meters r	mapping	
			rules c	ontents				octet k+10
								octet k+11
V2X se	ervice id	entifier to	PDU ses	ssion pa	rameters i	mapping	rule 1	
								octet o2
								octet (o2+1)*
V2X se	ervice id	entifier to	PDU ses	ssion pa	rameters i	mapping	rule 2	, ,
						0		octet o3*
								octet (o3+1)*
								,
								octet o4*
								octet (o4+1)*
V2X se	ervice id	entifier to	PDUse	ssion na	rameters i	manning	rule n	
1.27.00	J. 1.50 IG	0.101 10	. 23 00	oo.o.i pu		appii ig	10.011	octet o1*
								100:0: 0 !

Figure 5.4.1.17: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules

### Table 5.4.1.17: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules

V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule The V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.18 and table 5.4.1.18.

	octet o2+1
Length of V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping	
rule contents	octet o2+2
	octet o2+3
V2X service identifiers	
	octet o28
	octet o28+1
Length of route selection descriptor list	
	octet o28+2
	octet (o28+3)*
Route selection descriptor list	
·	octet o3*

Figure 5.4.1.18: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o28+3
		Rout	e selection	on descri	ptor 1			
								octet o29
								octet (o29+1)*
		Rout	e selectio	on descri	ptor 2			
								octet o30*
								octet (o30+1)*
								octet o31*
								octet (o30+1)*
		Route	e selectio	n descri	ptor m			
								octet o3*

Figure 5.4.1.19: Route selection descriptor list

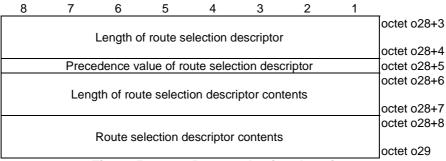


Figure 5.4.1.20: Route selection descriptor

### Table 5.4.1.18: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule

V2X service identifiers

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.12 and table 5.4.1.12 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier.

Route selection descriptor contents (octets o28+8 to o29)

The route selection descriptor contents field is of variable size and contains a variable number (at least one) of route selection descriptor components. Each route selection descriptor component shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet route selection descriptor component type identifier and a route selection descriptor component value field. The route selection descriptor component type identifier shall be transmitted first.

Route selection descriptor component type identifier

Bits

87654321

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 SSC mode type

0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 S-NSSAI type

00000100 DNN type

0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 PDU session type type

0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 Transport layer protocol type

All other values are spare. If received, they shall be ignored.

For "SSC mode type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a one octet SSC mode field. The bits 8 through 4 of the octet shall be spare, and the bits 3 through 1 shall be encoded as the value part of the SSC mode information element defined in clause 9.11.4.16 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]. The "SSC mode type" route selection descriptor component shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor.

For "S-NSSAI type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet S-NSSAI length field and an S-NSSAI value field of a variable size. The S-NSSAI value shall be encoded as the value part of the S-NSSAI information element defined in clause 9.11.2.8 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4].

For "DNN type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet DNN length field and a DNN value field of a variable size. The DNN value contains an APN as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

For "PDU session type type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a one octet PDU session type field. The bits 8 through 4 of the octet shall be spare, and the bits 3 through 1 shall be encoded as the value part of the PDU session type information element defined in clause 9.11.4.11 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]. The "PDU session type type" route selection descriptor component shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor.

For "Transport layer protocol type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as:

Bits

87654321

00000001 UDP

00000010 TCP

All other values are spared.

The "Transport layer protocol type" route selection descriptor component appears only when the "PDU session type type" appears and the PDU session type value is set to "IPv4", "IPv6" or "IPv4v6". It shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor.

If the length of V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.18, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule contents.

# Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New
							version
2019-05	CT1#117	C1-193478				Draft skeleton provided in C1-193478 by the rapporteur.	0.0.0
2019-05	CT1#117					Implementing the following p-CR agreed by CT1: C1-193479	0.1.0
2019-09	CT1#119					Implementing the following p-CRs agreed by CT1: C1-194553, C1-194847, C1-194849 and C1-194850	0.2.0
2019-10	CT1#120					Implementing the following p-CRs agreed by CT1: C1-196493	0.3.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193157				Presentation for information at TSG CT	1.0.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193290				A title corrected	1.0.1
2020-03	CT1#122- e					Implementing the following p-CR agreed by CT1: C1-200652, C1-200933 and C1-200936	1.1.0
2020-03	CT-87e	CP-200174				Presentation for approval at TSG CT	2.0.0
2020-03	CT-87e					Version 16.0.0 created after approval	16.0.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0001	2	В	NR PC5 unicast security policy provisioning	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0002	1	F	Clarifications on the V2X policies regarding QoS	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0003	1	В	Update to the V2X policies regarding RAN parameters	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0004	1	С	Correction of coding of configuration of PC5 RAT selection and Tx profiles	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0005	1	F	Correction of coding of configuration of default mode of communication	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0006	1	F	Correction of PC5 RAT names	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0007	1	F	Correction of coding of PC5 QoS mapping configuration	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	8000	1	F	Correction in coding of PC5 QoS profile	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0009	1	F	Correction of coding of validity timers	16.1.0
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0010	1	F	Remove IP address from privacy timer	16.1.0
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202248	0013	3	F	Update configuration parameters over Uu to meet stage2 requirements	16.2.0
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202158	0014		F	Corrections in V2XP UE policy part	16.2.0
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202158	0017		F	Correction of V2XP statement	16.2.0
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202158	0018		F	Removal of V2X policy for EPC interworking	16.2.0
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202041	0019	2	F	Adding the flag indicating the optional PPPP to PDB mapping rules	16.2.0
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202039	0020	3	F	Radio parameters for UE neither served by E-UTRA nor served by NR	16.2.0
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0015	1	F	Corrections in UE policies for V2X communication over PC5	16.3.0
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0016	1	F	Corrections in UE policies for V2X communication over Uu	16.3.0
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0021	1	F	Update RAT selection rule	16.3.0
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0022	1	F	V2X service identifier	16.3.0
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0023	1	F	Some corrections on UE policies for V2X communication over PC5	16.3.0
2021-03	CT#91e	CP-210108	0024		F	Removal of Tx Profile for NR PC5	16.4.0
2022-03	CT#91e	CP-220254	0024	1	В	NR-PC5 Tx profiles	17.0.0
2022-03	CT#95e	CP-220254	0023	'	В	Adding the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and	17.0.0
ZUZZ <b>-</b> U3	C1#906	OF-220204	0020	-		groupcast to the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5	17.0.0
2022-06	CT#96	CP-221216	0027	1	F	Resolving the EN related to defining the PC5 DRX configurations	17.1.0
2022-06	CT#96	CP-221216	0028	1	F	Resolving the EN related to defining the NR TX Profile	17.1.0

# History

	Document history							
V17.0.0	May 2022	Publication						
V17.1.0	August 2022	Publication						