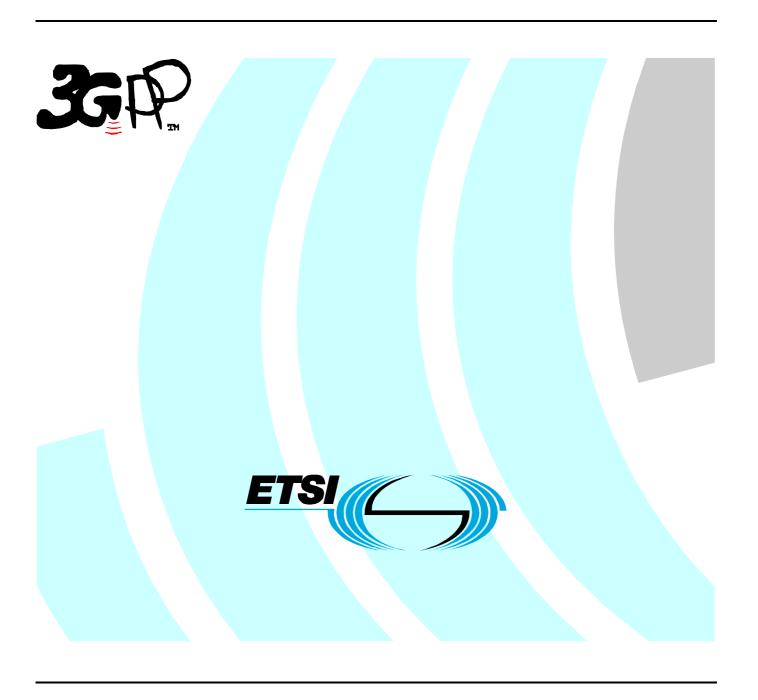
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Technical Specification

Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.101 version 6.15.0 Release 6)



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#### **ETSI**

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

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## Contents

Intelle	ectual Property Rights	2
Forew	vord	2
Forew	vord	8
1	Scope	9
2	References	9
3	Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	9
3.1	Definitions	
3.2	Abbreviations	10
4	General	
4.1	Relationship between Minimum Requirements and Test Requirements	
4.2	Power Classes	
4.3	Control and monitoring functions	
4.3.1	Minimum requirement	
4.4	RF requirements in later releases	
5	Frequency bands and channel arrangement	
5.1	General	
5.2	Frequency bands	
5.3	TX-RX frequency separation	
5.4	Channel arrangement	
5.4.1	Channel spacing	
5.4.2 5.4.3	Channel raster	
5.4.5 5.4.4	Channel number	
3.4.4		
6	Transmitter characteristics	
6.1	General	
6.2	Transmit power	
6.2.1	UE maximum output power	
6.2.2	UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	
6.2.3	UE Relative code domain power accuracy	
6.3	Frequency Error	
6.4 6.4.1	Output power dynamics	
6.4.1.1		
6.4.2	Inner loop power control in the uplink	
6.4.2.1	11	
6.4.2.1	F	
6.4.3	Minimum output power	
6.4.3.1		
6.4.4	Out-of-synchronization handling of output power	18
6.4.4.1	1 Minimum requirement	19
6.4.4.2		
6.5	Transmit ON/OFF power	
6.5.1	Transmit OFF power	
6.5.1.1	1	
6.5.2	Transmit ON/OFF Time mask	
6.5.2.1	<u>.</u>	
6.5.3 6.5.3.1	Change of TFC	
	1 Minimum requirement	
6.5.4 6.5.4.1		
6.5.4.1 6.5.5	HS-DPCCH	
0.5.5 6.5.5.1		25

26 26 27 27 27 27 28 28 29 29 30 30 30
26 27 27 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 30 30
27 27 27 28 28 29 29 30 30
27 27 28 28 29 29 30
27 28 28 29 29 30 30
27 28 28 29 29 30 30
28 29 29 30 30
28 29 29 30 30
30
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30
31
31
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38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 40
38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 40 41
38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 41 41 41
38 38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 41 41 41
38 38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 41 41 41 41
38 38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 41 41 41 41 41 41
38 38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41
38 38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41
38 38 38 38 38 38 39 39 40 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41

8.5.1	Single link performance	
8.5.1.1	Minimum requirement	
8.6	Demodulation of DCH in downlink Transmit diversity modes	45
8.6.1	Demodulation of DCH in open-loop transmit diversity mode	
8.6.1.1	Minimum requirement	
8.6.2	Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode	
8.6.2.1	Minimum requirement	46
8.6.3	(void)	
8.7	Demodulation in Handover conditions	
8.7.1	Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover	46
8.7.1.1	Minimum requirement	
8.7.2	Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	
8.7.2.1	Minimum requirement	
8.7.3	Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets	
8.7.3.1	Minimum requirement	
8.8	Power control in downlink	
8.8.1	Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target	
8.8.1.1	Minimum requirements	49
8.8.2	Power control in the downlink, initial convergence	
8.8.2.1	Minimum requirements	
8.8.3	Power control in downlink, wind up effects	
8.8.3.1	Minimum requirements	
8.8.4	Power control in the downlink, different transport formats	
8.8.4.1	Minimum requirements	
8.8.5	Power control in the downlink for F-DPCH	
8.8.5.1	Minimum requirements	
8.9	Downlink compressed mode	
8.9.1	Single link performance	
8.9.1.1	Minimum requirements	
8.10	Blind transport format detection	
8.10.1	Minimum requirement	
8.11	Detection of Broadcast channel (BCH)	
8.11.1	Minimum requirement without transmit diversity	
8.11.2	Minimum requirement with open loop transmit diversity	
8.12	Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)	
8.12.1	Minimum requirement	
8.13	Detection of Acquisition Indicator (AI)	
8.13.1	Minimum requirement	
8.14	(void)(void)	
8.15 8.16	(void)(void)	
8.10	(VOIU)	
9 P	Performance requirement (HSDPA)	57
9.1	(void)	58
9.2	Demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)	58
9.2.1	Single Link performance	
9.2.1.1	Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3	59
9.2.1.2	Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3	61
9.2.1.3	Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5	
9.2.1.4	Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6	
9.2.1.5	Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6	
9.2.2	Open Loop Diversity performance	
9.2.2.1	Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3	
9.2.2.2	Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3	
9.2.2.3	Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5	
9.2.3	Closed Loop Diversity Performance	
9.2.3.1	Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3	
9.2.3.2	Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3	
9.2.3.3	Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5	
9.2.3.4	Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6	
9.2.3.5	Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6	
93	Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator	73

9.3.1	Single Link Performance	
9.3.1.1		
9.3.1.1	1 1 2 5	
9.3.1.2		
9.3.1.2		
9.3.2	Open Loop Diversity Performance	
9.3.2.1		
9.3.2.1	.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12	75
9.3.2.2	Fading propagation conditions	76
9.3.2.2.	.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12	76
9.3.3	Closed Loop Diversity Performance	77
9.3.3.1	AWGN propagation conditions	77
9.3.3.1	.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12	77
9.3.3.2	Fading propagation conditions	78
9.3.3.2	.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12	78
9.4	HS-SCCH Detection Performance	79
9.4.1	Single Link Performance	79
9.4.2	Open Loop Diversity Performance	80
10	D. C. C. DOW	0.1
	Performance requirement (E-DCH)	
10.1	General	
10.2	Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH)	
10.2.1	Single link performance	
10.2.1.	1	
10.2.2	Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions	
10.2.2.	$\mathcal{E}$	
10.2.2.2		
10.3	Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH)	85
10.3.1	Single link performance	85
10.3.1.	1 Minimum requirement	85
10.3.2	Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions	86
10.3.2.	1 Minimum requirement for Non-serving E-DCH RL	86
10.4	Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)	87
10.4.1	Single link performance	87
10.4.1.	1 Minimum requirement	87
11	Danfarman as requirement (MDMC)	07
	Performance requirement (MBMS)	
11.1	Demodulation of MCCH	
11.1.1	Minimum requirement	
11.2	Demodulation of MTCH	
11.2.1	Minimum requirement	
11.3	Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification	
11.3.1	Minimum requirement	89
Annex	x A (normative): Measurement channels	90
	General	
	UL reference measurement channel	
A.2.1	UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)	90
A.2.2	UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)	91
A.2.3	UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)	
A.2.4	UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)	93
A.2.5	UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps)	94
A.3	DL reference measurement channel	95
A.3.0	DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps)	
A.3.1	DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)	
A.3.1	DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)	
A.3.2 A.3.3	DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)	
A.3.4	DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)	
A.3.4 A.3.5	DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)	
A 4	DL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements	101

A.4A	(void)	103
A.5	DL reference compressed mode parameters	103
A.6	DL reference parameters for PCH tests	104
A.6 A.7 A.7.1 A.7.1. A.7.1. A.7.1. A.7.1. A.7.1. A.8 A.8.1	DL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests  Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)  1 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 1  2 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 2  3 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 3  4 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 4  5 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 5  6 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 6  DL reference parameters for MBMS tests  MCCH  MTCH	105105106107108109110
A.9	DL reference parameters for combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification	111
Anne	ex B (normative): Propagation conditions	113
B.1	(void)	113
B.2 B.2.1 B.2.2 B.2.3 B.2.4	Propagation Conditions Static propagation condition Multi-path fading propagation conditions Moving propagation conditions Birth-Death propagation conditions	113 113
Anne	ex C (normative): Downlink Physical Channels	117
C.1	General	117
C.2	Connection Set-up	117
C.3	During connection	
C.3.1	Measurement of Rx Characteristics	
C.3.2	Measurement of Performance requirements	
C.3.3	Connection with open-loop transmit diversity mode	
C.3.4 C.3.5	Connection with closed loop transmit diversity mode(void)	
C.4	W-CDMA Modulated Interferer	
C.5	HSDPA DL Physical channels	121
C.5.1	Downlink Physical Channels connection set-up.	
C.5.2	OCNS Definition	
C.6	MBMS DL Physical channels	127
C.6.1	Downlink Physical Channels connection set-up	127
Anne	ex D (normative): Environmental conditions	128
D.1	General	128
D.2	Environmental requirements	128
D.2.1	Temperature	128
D.2.2	e	
D.2.3	Vibration	129
Anne	ex E (informative): Change history	130
Listo		122

## Foreword

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## 1 Scope

The present document establishes the minimum RF characteristics of the FDD mode of UTRA for the User Equipment (UE).

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
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- [1] (void) [2] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329: "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain". [3] (void) [4] 3GPP TS 25.433: "UTRAN lub Interface NBAP Signalling". [5] ETSI ETR 273: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes". [6] 3GPP TS 45.004: "Modulation". 3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol Specification". [7]
- [8] 3GPP TS 25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.307: "Requirements on User Equipments (UEs) supporting a release-independent frequency band".

## 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following definitions apply:

**Enhanced performance requirements type 1**: This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE. The requirements are based on UEs which utilise receiver diversity.

**Enhanced performance requirements type 2**: This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE. The requirements are based on UEs which utilise a chip equaliser receiver structure.

**Power Spectral Density**: The units of Power Spectral Density (PSD) are extensively used in this document. PSD is a function of power versus frequency and when integrated across a given bandwidth, the function represents the mean power in such a bandwidth. When the mean power is normalised to (divided by) the chip-rate it represents the mean energy per chip. Some signals are directly defined in terms of energy per chip, (DPCH\_Ec, Ec, OCNS\_Ec and S-CCPCH\_Ec) and others defined in terms of PSD (Io, Ioc, Ior and Îor). There also exist quantities that are a ratio of

energy per chip to PSD (DPCH\_Ec/Ior, Ec/Ior etc.). This is the common practice of relating energy magnitudes in communication systems.

It can be seen that if both energy magnitudes in the ratio are divided by time, the ratio is converted from an energy ratio to a power ratio, which is more useful from a measurement point of view. It follows that an energy per chip of X dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a mean power per chip of X dBm. Similarly, a signal PSD of Y dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a signal power of Y dBm.

**Maximum Output Power:** This s a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

**Mean power:** When applied to a W-CDMA modulated signal this is the power (transmitted or received) in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot unless otherwise stated.

Nominal Maximum Output Power: This is the nominal power defined by the UE power class.

**RRC filtered mean power:** The mean power as measured through a root raised cosine filter with roll-off factor  $\alpha$  and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate of the radio access mode.

NOTE 1: The RRC filtered mean power of a perfectly modulated W-CDMA signal is 0.246 dB lower than the mean power of the same signal.

NOTE 2: The roll-off factor  $\alpha$  is defined in section 6.8.1.

**Throughput:** Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by a HSDPA capable UE.

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

ACLD

**FDD** 

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

Frequency Division Duplex

Adiagant Channal Laglaga marrian Datia

ACLR	Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio
ACS	Adjacent Channel Selectivity
AICH	Acquisition Indication Channel
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
CQI	Channel Quality Indicator
CW	Continuous Wave (un-modulated signal)
DCH	Dedicated Channel, which is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel.
DL	Down Link (forward link)
DTX	Discontinuous Transmission
DPCCH	Dedicated Physical Control Channel
DPCH	Dedicated Physical Channel
$\mathrm{DPCH}_{-}\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}}$	Average energy per PN chip for DPCH.
$\overline{DPCH_E_c}$	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral
$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{or}}$	
	density at the Node B antenna connector.
DPDCH	Dedicated Physical Data Channel
E-DCH	Enhanced Dedicated Channel
E-AGCH	E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel
E-HICH	E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel
E-RGCH	E-DCH Relative Grant Channel
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
$\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{c}}$	Average energy per PN chip.
$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for different fields or physical channels to the
$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{or}}$	
	total transmit power spectral density.

FDR False transmit format Detection Ratio. A false Transport Format detection occurs when the

receiver detects a different TF to that which was transmitted, and the decoded transport block(s)

for this incorrect TF passes the CRC check(s).

Frequency of unwanted signal. This is specified in bracket in terms of an absolute frequency(s) or

a frequency offset from the assigned channel frequency.

HARQ Hybrid Automatic Repeat Request HSDPA High Speed Downlink Packet Access HS-DSCH High Speed Downlink Shared Channel

HS-PDSCH High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel

HS-SCCH High Speed Shared Control Channel

Information Data Rate

Rate of the user information, which must be transmitted over the Air Interface. For example,

output rate of the voice codec.

In the total received power spectral density, including signal and interference, as measured at the UE

antenna connector.

 $I_{oc}$  The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized

to the chip rate) of a band limited white noise source (simulating interference from cells, which are

not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 $I_{or}$  The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate

and normalized to the chip rate)of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna connector.

 $\hat{I}_{or}$  The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate and

normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE antenna connector.

MER Message Error Ratio

Node B A logical node responsible for radio transmission / reception in one or more cells to/from the User

Equipment. Terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC

OCNS Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on

the other orthogonal channels of a downlink link.

OCNS\_E<sub>c</sub> Average energy per PN chip for the OCNS.

OCNS\_E<sub>c</sub> The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for the OCNS to the total transmit power

 $I_{or}$ 

spectral density.

P-CCPCH Primary Common Control Physical Channel

PCH Paging Channel

 $P-CCPCH \stackrel{E_c}{\longrightarrow}$  The ratio of the received P-CCPCH energy per chip to the total received power spectral density at

the UE antenna connector.

 $\underline{P-CCPCH_E_c}$  The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for the P-CCPCH to the total transmit power

I<sub>or</sub>

spectral density.

P-CPICH Primary Common Pilot Channel PICH Paging Indicator Channel

PPM Parts Per Million

R Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by

a HSDPA capable UE.

<REFSENS> Reference sensitivity

 $\langle \text{REF } \hat{\mathbf{I}}_{\text{or}} \rangle$  Reference  $\hat{\mathbf{I}}_{\text{or}}$ 

RACH Random Access Channel

SCH Synchronization Channel consisting of Primary and Secondary synchronization channels

S-CCPCH Secondary Common Control Physical Channel.  $S-CCPCH_{-E_c}$  Average energy per PN chip for S-CCPCH.

SG Serving Grant

SIR Signal to Interference ratio

SML Soft Metric Location (Soft channel bit)
STTD Space Time Transmit Diversity
TDD Time Division Duplexing
TFC Transport Format Combination

TFCI Transport Format Combination Indicator

TPC Transmit Power Control

TSTD Time Switched Transmit Diversity

UE User Equipment
UL Up Link (reverse link)

UTRA UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

## 4 General

## 4.1 Relationship between Minimum Requirements and Test Requirements

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification 34.121 Annex F defines Test Tolerances. These Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to create Test Requirements.

The measurement results returned by the test system are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ETR 273 Part 1 sub-part 2 section 6.5.

#### 4.2 Power Classes

For UE power classes 1 and 2, a number of RF parameter are not specified. It is intended that these are part of a later release.

## 4.3 Control and monitoring functions

This requirement verifies that the control and monitoring functions of the UE prevent it from transmitting if no acceptable cell can be found by the UE.

## 4.3.1 Minimum requirement

The power of the UE, as measured with a thermal detector, shall not exceed -30dBm if no acceptable cell can be found by the UE.

## 4.4 RF requirements in later releases

The standardisation of new frequency bands may be independent of a release. However, in order to implement a UE that conforms to a particular release but supports a band of operation that is specified in a later release, it is necessary to specify some extra requirements. TS 25.307 [9] specifies requirements on UEs supporting a frequency band that is independent of release.

NOTE: For terminals conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document, some RF requirements in later releases may be mandatory independent of whether the UE supports the bands specified in later releases or not. The set of requirements from later releases that is also mandatory for UEs conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document is determined by regional regulation.

## 5 Frequency bands and channel arrangement

#### 5.1 General

The information presented in this subclause is based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

NOTE: Other chip rates may be considered in future releases.

## 5.2 Frequency bands

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate in the following paired bands:

Table 5.0: UTRA FDD frequency bands

Operating Band	UL Frequencies UE transmit, Node B receive	DL frequencies UE receive, Node B transmit
I	1920 - 1980 MHz	2110 -2170 MHz
II	1850 -1910 MHz	1930 -1990 MHz
III	1710-1785 MHz	1805-1880 MHz
IV	1710-1755 MHz	2110-2155 MHz
V	824 - 849 MHz	869-894 MHz
VI	830-840 MHz	875-885 MHz

b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded

## 5.3 TX-RX frequency separation

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate with the following TX-RX frequency separation

Table 5.0A: TX-RX frequency separation

Operating Band	TX-RX frequency separation
I	190 MHz
II	80 MHz.
III	95 MHz.
IV	400 MHz
V	45 MHz
VI	45 MHz

- b) UTRA/FDD can support both fixed and variable transmit to receive frequency separation.
- c) The use of other transmit to receive frequency separations in existing or other frequency bands shall not be precluded.

## 5.4 Channel arrangement

## 5.4.1 Channel spacing

The nominal channel spacing is 5 MHz, but this can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario.

#### 5.4.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 200 kHz, for all bands which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified according to table 5.1A, which means that the centre frequencies for these channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

#### 5.4.3 Channel number

The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN). For each operating Band, the UARFCN values are defined as follows:

Uplink:  $N_U = 5 * (F_{UL} - F_{UL})$ , for the carrier frequency range  $F_{UL}$  low  $\leq F_{UL} \leq F_{UL}$  high

 $Downlink: \quad N_D = 5 * (F_{DL} - F_{DL\_Offset}), \quad \text{for the carrier frequency range } F_{DL\_low} \leq F_{DL} \leq F_{DL\_high}$ 

For each operating Band,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{UL\_low}$ ,  $F_{UL\_high}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_low}$  and  $F_{DL\_high}$  are defined in Table 5.1 for the general UARFCN. For the additional UARFCN,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$  and the specific  $F_{UL}$  and  $F_{DL}$  are defined in Table 5.1A.

Table 5.1: UARFCN definition (general)

		PLINK (UL)		DOWNLINK (DL) UE receive, Node B transmit			
	UE transr	nit, Node B rec	eive				
Band	UARFCN	ARFCN Carrier frequency (F <sub>UL</sub> )			UARFCN Carrier freque		
	formula offset	a offset range [MHz]					
	F <sub>UL_Offset</sub> [MHz]			F <sub>DL_Offset</sub> [MHz]	$F_{DL\_low}$	$F_{DL\_high}$	
	0	1922.4	1977.6	0	2112.4	2167.6	
II	0	1852.4	1907.6	0	1932.4	1987.6	
III	1525	1712.4	1782.6	1575	1807.4	1877.6	
IV	1450	1712.4	1752.6	1805	2112.4	2152.6	
V	0	826.4	846.6	0	871.4	891.6	
VI	0	832.4	837.6	0	877.4	882.6	

Table 5.1A: UARFCN definition (additional channels)

		PLINK (UL)	DOWNLINK (DL)			
	UE transr	mit, Node B receive	UE receive, Node B transmit			
Band	UARFCN Carrier frequency [MHz]		UARFCN	Carrier frequency [MHz]		
	formula offset	(F∪L)	formula offset	(F <sub>DL</sub> )		
Ful_Offset [MHz]			F <sub>DL_Offset</sub> [MHz]			
	-	-	-	-		
	1850.1	1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5,	1850.1	1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5,		
l II		1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5,		1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5,		
"		1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5,		1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5,		
		1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5		1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5		
III	-	-	-	-		
IV	1380.1	1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5,	1735.1	2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5,		
		1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5		2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5,		
		1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5		2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5		
V	670.1	826.5, 827.5, 831.5,	670.1	871.5, 872.5, 876.5,		
		832.5, 837.5, 842.5		877.5, 882.5, 887.5		
VI	670.1 832.5, 837.5		670.1	877.5, 882.5		

#### **5.4.4 UARFCN**

The following UARFCN range shall be supported for each paired band

Table 5.2: UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

Band		plink (UL) nit, Node B receive	Downlink (DL) UE receive, Node B transmit		
	General	Additional	General	Additional	
ı	9612 to 9888	-	10562 to 10838	-	
II	9262 to 9538	12, 37, 62, 87, 112, 137, 162, 187, 212, 237, 262, 287	9662 to 9938	412, 437, 462, 487, 512, 537, 562, 587, 612, 637, 662, 687	
Ш	937 to 1288	-	1162 to 1513	-	
IV	1312 to 1513	1662, 1687, 1712, 1737, 1762, 1787, 1812, 1837, 1862	1537 to 1738	1887, 1912, 1937, 1962, 1987, 2012, 2037, 2062, 2087	
V	4132 to 4233	782, 787, 807, 812, 837, 862	4357 to 4458	1007, 1012, 1032, 1037, 1062, 1087	
VI	4162 to 4188	812, 837	4387 to 4413	1037, 1062	

NOTE: If the UE is on a network with Mobile Country Code set to Japan then it may assume that any DL UARFCN sent by the network from the overlapping region of Band V and Band VI is from Band VI. If the UE is on a network with a Mobile Country Code other than Japan then it may assume that any DL UARFCN sent by the network from the overlapping region of Band V and Band VI is from Band V

## 6 Transmitter characteristics

#### 6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. Transmitter characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

## 6.2 Transmit power

## 6.2.1 UE maximum output power

The following Power Classes define the nominal maximum output power. The nominal power defined is the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the power in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot.

Table 6.1: UE Power Classes

Operating	Operating Power Class 1		Power Class 2		Power Class 3		Power Class 4	
Band	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
Band I	+33	+1/-3	+27	+1/-3	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band II	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band III	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band IV	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band V	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2
Band VI	-	-	-	-	+24	+1/-3	+21	+2/-2

NOTE: The tolerance allowed for the nominal maximum output power applies even for the multi-code DPDCH transmission mode.

## 6.2.2 UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

The Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power defined in 6.2.1 is specified in table 6.1A for the values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  defined in [8] fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

NOTE 1: CM = 1 for  $\beta_o/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the UE transmit channel configuration and is given by

CM = CEIL{ 
$$[20 * log10 ((v_norm^3)_{rms}) - 20 * log10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms})] / k, 0.5 }$$

#### Where

- CEIL{ x, 0.5 } means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. CM □ [0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5]
- k is 1.85 for signals where all channelisations codes meet the following criteria CSF, N where N< SF/2
- k is 1.56 for signals were any channelisations codes meet the following criteria  $C_{SF,\,N}$  where  $N \ge SF/2$
- v\_norm is the normalized voltage waveform of the input signal
- v\_norm\_ref is the normalized voltage waveform of the reference signal (12.2 kbps AMR Speech) and
- $20 * log 10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms}) = 1.52 dB$

## 6.2.3 UE Relative code domain power accuracy

The UE Relative code domain power accuracy is a measure of the ability of the UE to correctly set the level of individual code powers relative to the total power of all active codes. The measure of accuracy is the difference between two dB ratios:

UE Relative CDP accuracy = (Measured CDP ratio) - (Nominal CDP ratio)

where

Measured CDP ratio = 10\*log((Measured code power) / (Measured total power of all active codes))

Nominal CDP ratio = 10\*log((Nominal CDP) / (Sum of all nominal CDPs))

The nominal CDP of a code is relative to the total of all codes and is derived from beta factors. The sum of all nominal CDPs will equal 1 by definition.

NOTE: The above definition of UE relative CDP accuracy is independent of variations in the actual total power of the signal and of noise in the signal that falls on inactive codes.

The required accuracy of the UE relative CDP is given in table 6.1A. The UE relative CDP accuracy shall be maintained over the period during which the total of all active code powers remains unchanged or one timeslot, whichever is the longer.

Table 6.1A: UE Relative CDP accuracy

Nominal CDP ratio	Accuracy (dB)
≥ -10 dB	±1.5
-10 dB to ≥ -15 dB	±2.0
-15 dB ≥ -20 dB	±2.5

## 6.3 Frequency Error

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B. For the PRACH preambles the measurement interval is lengthened to 3904 chips (being the 4096 chip nominal preamble period less a 25  $\mu$ s transient period allowance at each end of the burst). These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. In the later case, signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are allowed for within the above  $\pm 0.1$ PPM figure. The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

## 6.4 Output power dynamics

Power control is used to limit the interference level.

## 6.4.1 Open loop power control

Open loop power control is the ability of the UE transmitter to sets its output power to a specific value. The open loop power control tolerance is given in Table 6.3

#### 6.4.1.1 Minimum requirement

The UE open loop power is defined as the mean power in a timeslot or ON power duration, whichever is available.

Table 6.3: Open loop power control tolerance

Conditions	Tolerance
Normal conditions	± 9 dB
Extreme conditions	± 12 dB

## 6.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink

Inner loop power control in the Uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to adjust its output power in accordance with one or more TPC commands received in the downlink.

#### 6.4.2.1 Power control steps

The power control step is the change in the UE transmitter output power in response to a single TPC command, TPC\_cmd, derived at the UE.

#### 6.4.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The UE transmitter shall have the capability of changing the output power with a step size of 1, 2 and 3 dB according to the value of  $\Delta_{TPC}$  or  $\Delta_{RP-TPC}$ , in the slot immediately after the TPC\_cmd can be derived

- a) The transmitter output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in Table 6.4.
- b) The transmitter average output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in Table 6.5. Here a TPC\_cmd group is a set of TPC\_cmd values derived from a corresponding sequence of TPC commands of the same duration.

The inner loop power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

Transmitter power control range 1 dB step size 2 dB step size 3 dB step size TPC\_cmd Lower Upper Lower Upper Lower Upper +0.5 dB +1.5 dB +1 dB +3 dB +1.5 dB +4.5 dB -0.5 dB +0.5 dB -0.5 dB +0.5 dB -0.5 dB +0.5 dB -0.5 dB -1.5 dB -1 dB -3 dB -1.5 dB -4.5 dB

Table 6.4: Transmitter power control range

Table 6.5: Transmitter aggregate power control range

TPC_ cmd	Transmitter power control range after 10 equal TPC_ cmd groups			Transmitter control rangequal TPC_		
	1 dB ste	1 dB step size 2 dB step size		3 dB step size		
	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
+1	+8 dB	+12 dB	+16 dB	+24 dB	+16 dB	+26 dB
0	-1 dB	+1 dB	-1 dB	+1 dB	-1 dB	+1 dB
-1	-8 dB	-12 dB	-16 dB	-24 dB	-16 dB	-26 dB
0,0,0,0,+1	+6 dB	+14 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0,0,0,0,-1	-6 dB	-6 dB -14 dB N/A N/A				N/A

The UE shall meet the above requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.4.3, and the Maximum output power supported by the UE (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be in the range specified for the power class of the UE in subclause 6.2.1.

## 6.4.3 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is when the power is set to a minimum value.

#### 6.4.3.1 Minimum requirement

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one time slot. The minimum output power shall be less than -50 dBm.

## 6.4.4 Out-of-synchronization handling of output power

The receiver characteristics in this section are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in section 6.4.4.2 below.

The UE shall monitor the DPCCH quality in order to detect a loss of the signal on Layer 1, as specified in TS 25.214. The thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  specify at what DPCCH quality levels the UE shall shut its power off and when it shall turn its power on respectively. The thresholds are not defined explicitly, but are defined by the conditions under which the UE shall shut its transmitter off and turn it on, as stated in this subclause.

The DPCCH quality shall be monitored in the UE and compared to the thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  for the purpose of monitoring synchronization. The threshold  $Q_{out}$  should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where no reliable detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH can be made. This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 30%. The threshold  $Q_{in}$  should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH is significantly more reliable than at  $Q_{out}$ . This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 20%.

#### 6.4.4.1 Minimum requirement

When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality over the last 160 ms period to be worse than a threshold  $Q_{out}$ , the UE shall shut its transmitter off within 40 ms. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on again until the DPCCH quality exceeds an acceptable level  $Q_{in}$ . When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality over the last 160 ms period to be better than a threshold  $Q_{in}$ , the UE shall again turn its transmitter on within 40 ms.

The UE transmitter shall be considered "off" if the transmitted power is below the level defined in subclause 6.5.1 (Transmit off power). Otherwise the transmitter shall be considered as "on".

#### 6.4.4.2 Test case

This subclause specifies a test case, which provides additional information for how the minimum requirement should be interpreted for the purpose of conformance testing.

The quality levels at the thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  correspond to different signal levels depending on the downlink conditions DCH parameters. For the conditions in Table 6.6, a signal with the quality at the level  $Q_{out}$  can be generated by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -25 dB, and a signal with  $Q_{in}$  by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -21 dB. The DL reference measurement channel (12.2) kbps specified in subclause A.3.1 and with static propagation conditions. The downlink physical channels, other than those specified in Table 6.6, are as specified in Table C.3 of Annex C.

Figure 6.1 shows an example scenario where the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the DPCH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below  $Q_{out}$  where the UE shall shut its power off and then back up to a level above  $Q_{in}$  where the UE shall turn the power back on.

Parameter Unit Value  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ dΒ -1  $I_{oc}$ dBm/3.84 MHz -60  $\overline{DPD}CH \_E_c$ See figure 6.1: Before point A dB After point A Not defined **DPCCH** dB See figure 6.1 Information Data Rate kbps 12.2

Table 6.6: DCH parameters for the Out-of-synch handling test case

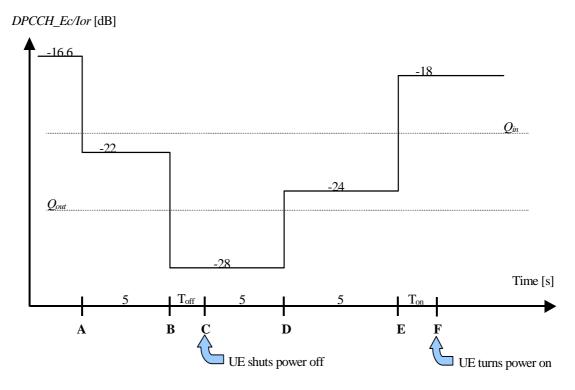


Figure 6.1: Test case for out-of-synch handling in the UE

In this test case, the requirements for the UE are that:

- 1. The UE shall not shut its transmitter off before point B.
- 2. The UE shall shut its transmitter off before point C, which is  $T_{\rm off} = 200$  ms after point B.
- 3. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on between points C and E.
- 4. The UE shall turn its transmitter on before point F, which is  $T_{on} = 200$  ms after point E.

## 6.5 Transmit ON/OFF power

## 6.5.1 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the RRC filtered mean power when the transmitter is off. The transmitter is considered to be off when the UE is not allowed to transmit. During UL compressed mode gaps, the UE is not considered to be off.

#### 6.5.1.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the RRC filtered mean power in a duration of at least one timeslot excluding any transient periods. The requirement for the transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm.

#### 6.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask

The time mask for transmit ON/OFF defines the transient period allowed for the UE between transmit OFF power and transmit ON power. During the transient period there are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond what is required in subclause 6.2 maximum output power observed over a period of at least one timeslot. ON/OFF scenarios include PRACH preamble bursts, the beginning or end of PRACH message parts and the beginning or end of UL DPCH transmissions.

#### 6.5.2.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit power levels versus time shall meet the requirements in figure 6.2 for PRACH preambles and the requirements in figure 6.3 for all other cases. The off power observation period is defined as the RRC filtered mean power in a duration of at least one timeslot excluding any transient periods. The on power observation period is defined as the mean power over one timeslot excluding any transient periods. For PRACH preambles, the on power observation period is 3904 chips (4096 chips less the transient periods).

The off power specification in figures 6.2 and 6.3 is as defined in 6.5.1.1.

The average on power specification in figures 6.2 and 6.3 depends on each possible case.

- First preamble of RACH: Open loop accuracy (Table 6.3).
- During preamble ramping of the RACH, and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part: Accuracy depending on size of the required power difference. (Table 6.7). The step in total transmitted power between final RACH preamble and RACH message (control part + data part) shall be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.
- After transmission gaps in compressed mode: Accuracy as in Table 6.9.
- Power step to Maximum Power: Maximum power accuracy (Table 6.1).

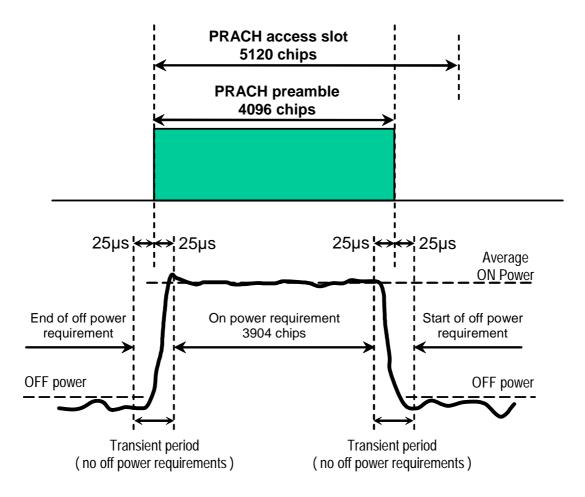


Figure 6.2: Transmit ON/OFF template for PRACH preambles

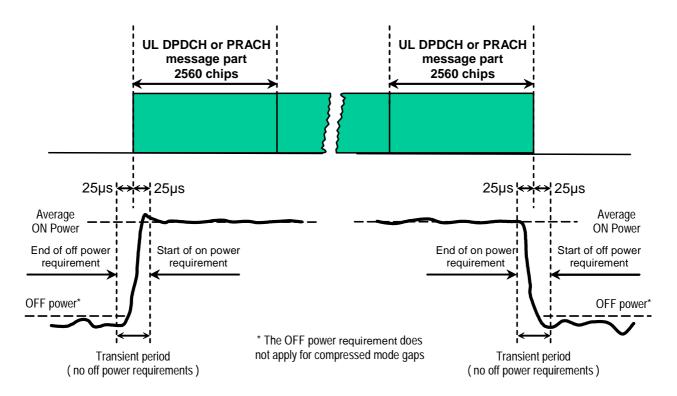


Figure 6.3: Transmit ON/OFF template for all other On/Off cases

Table 6.7: Transmitter power difference tolerance for RACH preamble ramping, and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part

Power step size (Up or down)* ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power difference tolerance [dB]
0	+/- 1
1	+/- 1
2	+/- 1.5
3	+/- 2
4 ≤ Δ P ≤10	+/- 2.5
11 ≤ Δ P ≤15	+/- 3.5
16 ≤ Δ P ≤20	+/- 4.5
21 ≤ Δ P	+/- 6.5

NOTE: Power step size for RACH preamble ramping is from 1 to 8 dB with 1 dB steps.

## 6.5.3 Change of TFC

A change of TFC (Transport Format Combination) in uplink means that the power in the uplink varies according to the change in data rate. DTX, where the DPDCH is turned off, is a special case of variable data, which is used to minimise the interference between UE(s) by reducing the UE transmit power when voice, user or control information is not present.

#### 6.5.3.1 Minimum requirement

A change of output power is required when the TFC, and thereby the data rate, is changed. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will vary. The power step due to a change in TFC shall be calculated in the UE so that the power transmitted on the DPCCH shall follow the inner loop power control. The step in total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size, is specified in Table 6.8. The power change due to a change in TFC is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target

timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

Power step size (Up or down) ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]
0	+/- 0.5
1	+/- 0.5
2	+/- 1.0
3	+/- 1.5
4 ≤ Δ P ≤10	+/- 2.0
11 ≤ Δ P ≤15	+/- 3.0
16 ≤ Δ P ≤20	+/- 4.0
21 ≤ Δ P	+/- 6.0

Table 6.8: Transmitter power step tolerance

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to Figure 6.4.

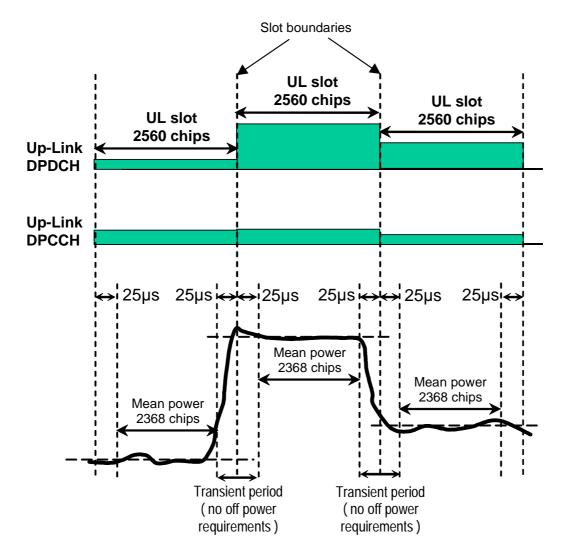


Figure 6.4: Transmit template during TFC change

## 6.5.4 Power setting in uplink compressed mode

Compressed mode in uplink means that the power in uplink is changed.

#### 6.5.4.1 Minimum requirement

A change of output power is required during uplink compressed frames since the transmission of data is performed in a shorter interval. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will also vary. The power step due to compressed mode shall be calculated in the UE so that the energy transmitted on the pilot bits during each transmitted slot shall follow the inner loop power control.

Thereby, the power during compressed mode, and immediately afterwards, shall be such that the mean power of the DPCCH follows the steps due to inner loop power control combined with additional steps of  $10\text{Log}_{10}(N_{pilot,prev}/N_{pilot,curr})$  dB where  $N_{pilot,prev}$  is the number of pilot bits in the previously transmitted slot, and  $N_{pilot,curr}$  is the current number of pilot bits per slot.

The resulting step in total transmitted power (DPCCH +DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size, is specified in Table 6.8 in subclause 6.5.3.1. The power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, when neither the original timeslot nor the reference timeslot are in a transmission gap. The transient duration is not included, and is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

In addition to any power change due to the ratio  $N_{pilot,prev}$  /  $N_{pilot,curr}$ , the mean power of the DPCCH in the first slot after a compressed mode transmission gap shall differ from the mean power of the DPCCH in the last slot before the transmission gap by an amount  $\Delta_{RESUME}$ , where  $\Delta_{RESUME}$  is calculated as described in clause 5.1.2.3 of TS 25.214.

The resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power difference exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots shall be as specified in Table 6.9.

Table 6.9: Transmitter power difference tolerance after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots

Power difference (Up or down) ΔP [dB]	Transmitter power step tolerance after a transmission gap [dB]
Δ P ≤ 2	+/- 3
3	+/- 3
4 ≤ Δ P ≤10	+/- 3.5
11 ≤ Δ P ≤15	+/- 4
16 ≤ Δ P ≤20	+/- 4.5
21 ≤ Δ P	+/- 6.5

The power difference is defined as the difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot before the transmission gap and the mean power of the target timeslot after the transmission gap, not including the transient durations. The transient durations at the start and end of the transmission gaps are each from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 6.5.

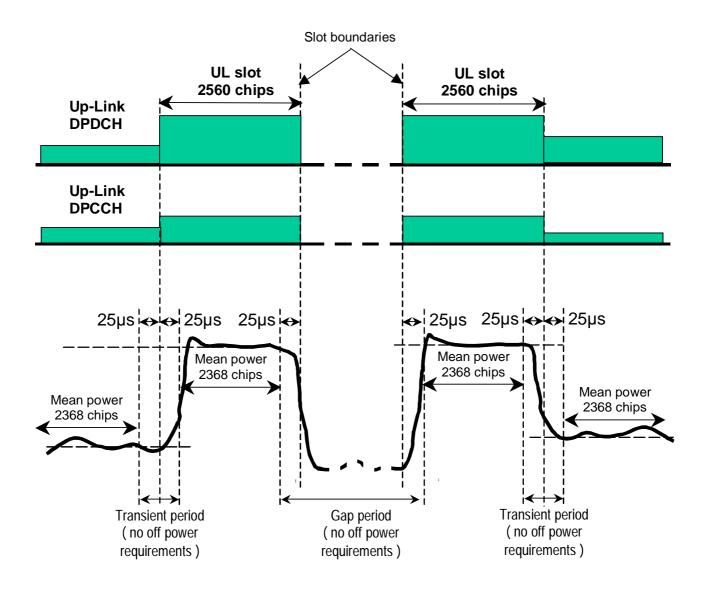


Figure 6.5: Transmit template during Compressed mode

#### 6.5.5 HS-DPCCH

The transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI over the HS-DPCCH may cause the transmission power in the uplink to vary. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPCCH and the Ack/Nack and CQI respectively is signalled by higher layers.

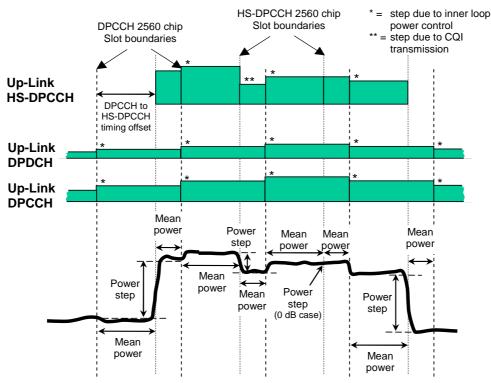
#### 6.5.5.1 Minimum requirement

The nominal sum power on DPCCH+DPDCH is independent of the transmission of Ack/Nack and CQI unless the UE output power when Ack/Nack or CQI is transmitted would exceed the maximum value specified in Table 6.1A or fall below the value specified in 6.4.3.1, whereupon the UE shall apply additional scaling to the total transmit power as defined in section 5.1.2.6 of TS.25.214 [8].

The composite transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH+HS-DPCCH) may then also be rounded to the closest integer dB value. If rounding is done, a power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.

The nominal power step due to transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI is defined as the difference between the nominal mean powers of two power evaluation periodseither side of an HS-DPCCH boundary. The first evaluation period starts  $25\mu s$  after a DPCCH slot boundary and ends  $25\mu s$  before the following HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The second evaluation

period starts  $25\mu s$  after the same HS-DPCCH slot boundary and ends  $25\mu s$  before the following DPCCH slot boundary. This is described graphically in figure 6.6.



The power step due to HS-DPCCH transmission is the difference between the mean powers transmitted before and after an HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The mean power evaluation period excludes a 25µs period before and after any DPCCH or HS-DPCCH slot boundary.

Figure 6.6: Transmit power template during HS-DPCCH transmission

The tolerance of the power step due to transmission of the HS-DPCCH shall meet the requirements in table 6.9A.

Nominal power step size (Up or down) ΔP [dB]Transmitter power step tolerance [dB]0+/- 0.51+/- 0.52+/- 1.03+/- 1.5 $4 \le \Delta P \le 7$ +/- 2.0

Table 6.9A: Transmitter power step tolerance

## 6.6 Output RF spectrum emissions

## 6.6.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum, centered on the assigned channel frequency. The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

#### 6.6.2 Out of band emission

Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the nominal channel resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio.

#### 6.6.2.1 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2.5 MHz and 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

#### 6.6.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.10. The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz. The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8].

**Table 6.10: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement** 

Δf in MHz (Note 1)	Minimum requirement (Note 2) Band I, II, III, IV, V, VI		Additional requirements	Measurement bandwidth
	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement	Band II, Band IV and Band V (Note 3)	(Note 6)
2.5 - 3.5	$\left\{-35-15\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-2.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-71.1 dBm	-15 dBm	30 kHz (Note 4)
3.5 - 7.5	$\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
7.5 - 8.5	$\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)
8.5 - 12.5 MHz	-49 dBc	-55.8 dBm	-13 dBm	1 MHz (Note 5)

- Note 1:  $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 2: The minimum requirement for bands I, II, III, IV, V & VI is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.
- Note 3: For operation in Band II, Band IV and Band V only, the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement calculated in Note 2 or the additional requirement for band II, whichever is the lower power.
- Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.
- Note 5: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at Δf equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.
- Note 6: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- Note 7: For operation in Band V, the measurement bandwidth of this requirement shall be 100 kHz.

#### 6.6.2.2 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centered on an adjacent channel frequency.

#### 6.6.2.2.1 Minimum requirement

If the adjacent channel power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.11. The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8].

Table 6.11: UE ACLR

Power Class	Adjacent channel frequency relative to assigned channel frequency	ACLR limit
3	+ 5 MHz or - 5 MHz	33 dB
3	+ 10 MHz or - 10 MHz	43 dB
4	+ 5 MHz or - 5 MHz	33 dB
4	+ 10 MHz or -10 MHz	43 dB

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

## 6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The frequency boundary and the detailed transitions of the limits between the requirement for out band emissions and spectrum emissions are based on ITU-R Recommendations SM.329 [2].

#### 6.6.3.1 Minimum requirement

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Table 6.12: General spurious emissions requirements

Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz	-36 dBm
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	10 kHz	-36 dBm
30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	100 kHz	-36 dBm
1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-30 dBm

Table 6.13: Additional spurious emissions requirements

Operating Band	Frequency Bandwidth	Measurement Bandwidth	Minimum requirement
I	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm *
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm *
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm *
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm *
	1884.5 MHz <f<1919.6 mhz<="" td=""><td>300 kHz</td><td>-41 dBm</td></f<1919.6>	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
II	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
III	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm *
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm *
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm *
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
IV	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
V	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
VI	860 MHz ≤ f < 875 MHz	1 MHz	-37dBm
	875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60dBm
	1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤1919.6 MHz	300 kHz	-41 dBm
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm
Note * The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As			
exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements			

## 6.7 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

defined in Table 6.12 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement

## 6.7.1 Minimum requirement

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or Node B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power of the wanted signal to the RRC filtered mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation for a carrier spacing of 5 MHz is prescribed in Table 6.14.

**Table 6.14: Transmit Intermodulation** 

Interference Signal Frequency Offset	5MHz	10MHz
Interference CW Signal Level	-4	0dBc
Intermodulation Product	-31dBc -41dBc	

#### 6.8 Transmit modulation

Transmit modulation defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The requirements apply to all transmissions including the PRACH pre-amble and message parts and all other expected transmissions. In cases where the mean power of the RF signal is allowed to change versus time e.g. PRACH, DPCH in compressed mode, change of TFC, inner loop power control and for HSDPA transmissions with non-constant HS-DPCCH code power, the the EVM, Peak Code Domain Error and E-DCH Code Domain Error requirements do not apply during the 25 us period before and after the nominal time when the mean power is expected to change.

#### 6.8.1 Transmit pulse shape filter

The transmit pulse shaping filter is a root-raised cosine (RRC) with roll-off  $\alpha$  =0.22 in the frequency domain. The impulse response of the chip impulse filter  $RC_0(t)$  is:

$$RC_0(t) = \frac{\sin\left(\pi \frac{t}{T_C} (1 - \alpha)\right) + 4\alpha \frac{t}{T_C} \cos\left(\pi \frac{t}{T_C} (1 + \alpha)\right)}{\pi \frac{t}{T_C} \left(1 - \left(4\alpha \frac{t}{T_C}\right)^2\right)}$$

Where the roll-off factor  $\alpha = 0.22$  and the chip duration is

$$T = \frac{1}{chiprate} \approx 0.26042 \ \mu s$$

#### 6.8.2 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off  $\alpha$ =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot. For the PRACH preamble the measurement interval is 4096 chips less 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the burst (3904 chips).

For signals containing more than one spreading code where the slot alignment of the codes is not the same and the code power is varying, the period over which the nominal mean power remains constant can be less than one timeslot. For such time-varying signals it is not possible to define EVM across one timeslot since this interval contains an expected change in mean power, and the exact timing and trajectory of the power change is not defined. For these signals, the EVM minimum requirements apply only for intervals of at least one half timeslot (less any 25µs transient periods) during which the nominal code power of each individual code is constant.

NOTE: The reason for setting a lower limit for the EVM measurement interval is that for any given impaired signal, the EVM would be expected to improve for measurement intervals less than one timeslot while the frequency error would be expected to degrade.

#### 6.8.2.1 Minimum requirement

The Error Vector Magnitude shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15. The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8].

Table 6.15: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude/Peak Code Domain Error

Parameter		Unit	Level
UE Output Power		dBm	≥ -20
Operating condition	Operating conditions		Normal conditions
Power control step s	size	dB	1
Measurement	PRACH		3904
period (Note 1)	Any DPCH	Chips	From 1280 to 2560 (Note 2)
Note 1: Less any 25µs transient periods Note 2: The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant			

#### 6.8.3 Peak code domain error

The Peak Code Domain Error is computed by projecting power of the error vector (as defined in 6.8.2) onto the code domain at a specific spreading factor. The Code Domain Error for every code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that code, to the mean power of the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for the Code Domain Error for all codes. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25 µs at each end of the slot.

The requirement for peak code domain error is only applicable for multi-code DPDCH transmission and therefore does not apply for the PRACH preamble and message parts.

#### 6.8.3.1 Minimum requirement

The peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB at spreading factor 4 for the parameters specified in Table 6.15 . The requirements are defined using the UL reference measurement channel specified in subclause A.2.5.

#### 6.8.3a Relative code domain error

#### 6.8.3a.1 Relative Code Domain Error

The Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector (as defined in 6.8.2) onto the code domain. Only the code channels with non-zero betas in the composite reference waveform are considered for this requirement. The Relative Code Domain Error for every non-zero beta code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that non-zero beta code, to the mean power of the non-zero beta code in the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by  $25~\mu s$  at each end of the slot.

The Relative Code Domain Error is affected by both the spreading factor and beta value of the various code channels in the domain. The Effective Code Domain Power (ECDP) is defined to capture both considerations into one parameter. It uses the Nominal CDP ratio (as defined in 6.2.3), and is defined as follows for each used code, k, in the domain:

 $ECDP_k = (Nominal\ CDP\ ratio)_k + 10*log10(SF_k/256)$ 

The requirements for Relative Code Domain Error are not applicable when either or both the following channel combinations occur:

- when the ECDP of any code channel is < -30dB.
- when the nominal code domain power of any code channel is < -20 dB

The requirement for Relative Code Domain Error also does not apply for the PRACH preamble and message parts.

#### 6.8.3a.1.1 Minimum requirement

The Relative Code Domain Error shall meet the requirements in Table 6.15A for the parameters specified in Table 6.15

Table 6.15A: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement

ECDP dB	Relative Code Domain Error dB
-21 < ECDP	≤ -16
-30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -21	≤-37 - ECDP
ECDP < -30	No requirement

#### 6.8.4 Phase discontinuity for uplink DPCH

Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between any two adjacent timeslots. The EVM for each timeslot (excluding the transient periods of 25  $\mu$ s on either side of the nominal timeslot boundaries), shall be measured according to subclause 6.8.2. The frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing used to minimise the error vector are chosen independently for each timeslot. The phase discontinuity result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the preceding timeslot, and the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the succeeding timeslot.

#### 6.8.4.1 Minimum requirement

The rate of occurrence of any phase discontinuity on an uplink DPCH for the parameters specified in table 6.16 shall not exceed the values specified in table 6.17. Phase shifts that are caused by changes of the UL transport format combination (TFC), compressed mode and HS-DPCCH are not included. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in subclauses 6.3 and 6.8.2 for each timeslot shall be met.

Table 6.16: Parameters for Phase discontinuity

Parameter	Unit	Level
Power control step size	dB	1

Table 6.17: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement

Phase discontinuity Δθ in degrees	Maximum allowed rate of occurrence in Hz
$\Delta\theta \leq 30$	1500
$30 < \Delta\theta \le 60$	300
Δθ > 60	0

## 6.8.5 Phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH

Phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH is the change in phase due to the transmission of the HS-DPCCH. In the case where the HS-DPCCH timeslot is offset from the DPCCH timeslot, the period of evaluation of the phase discontinuity shall be the DPCCH timeslot that contains the HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for that part of the DPCCH timeslot prior to the HS-DPCCH slot boundary, and the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for remaining part of the DPCCH timeslot following the HS-DPCCH slot boundary. In all cases the subslot EVM is measured excluding the transient periods of  $25~\mu s$ .

Since subslot EVM is only defined for intervals of at least one half timeslot, the phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH is only defined for non-aligned timeslots when the offset is 0.5 slots.

#### 6.8.5.1 Minimum requirement

The phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH shall not exceed the value specified in table 6.18 90% of the time. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in sub clauses 6.3 and 6.8.2, respectively shall be met.

Table 6.18: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement for HS-DPCCH at HS-DPCCH slot boundary

Phase discontinuity for	
HS-DPCCH Δθ in	$\Delta\theta \leq 30$
degrees	

## 7 Receiver characteristics

#### 7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

All the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps) specified in subclause A.3.1 and unless otherwise stated with DL power control OFF.

## 7.2 Diversity characteristics

A suitable receiver structure using coherent reception in both channel impulse response estimation and code tracking procedures is assumed. Three forms of diversity are considered to be available in UTRA/FDD.

Table 7.1: Diversity characteristics for UTRA/FDD

Time diversity	Channel coding and interleaving in both up link and down link
Multi-path diversity	Rake receiver or other suitable receiver structure with maximum combining. Additional processing elements can increase the delay-spread performance due to increased capture of signal energy.
Antenna diversity	Antenna diversity with maximum ratio combing in the Node B and optionally in the UE. Possibility for downlink transmit diversity in the Node B.

## 7.3 Reference sensitivity level

The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> is the minimum mean power received at the UEantenna port at which the Bit Error Ratio (BER) shall not exceed a specific value.

## 7.3.1 Minimum requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.2.

Table 7.2: Test parameters for reference sensitivity

Operating Band	Unit	DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>
I, VI	dBm/3.84 MHz	-117	-106.7
II.	dBm/3.84 MHz	-115	-104.7
III	dBm/3.84 MHz	-114	-103.7
IV	dBm/3.84 MHz	-117	-106.7
V dBm/3.84 MHz -115 -104.7			
NOTE 1. For Power class 3 this shall be at the maximum output power			
NOTE 2. For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power			

## 7.4 Maximum input level

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified BER performance shall be met.

## 7.4.1 Minimum requirement for DPCH reception

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.3.

Table 7.3: Maximum input level

Parameter	Unit	Level	
$\frac{DPCH\_Ec}{I_{or}}$	dB	-19	
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)	

NOTE: Since the spreading factor is large (10log(SF)=21dB), the majority of the total input signal consists of the OCNS interference. The structure of OCNS signal is defined in Annex C.3.2.

## 7.4.2 Minimum requirement for HS-PDSCH reception

#### 7.4.2.1 Minimum requirement for 16QAM

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 1 (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1. with the addition of the parameters in Table 7.3A and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 7.3B.

Table 7.3A

Parameter	Unit	Value
Phase reference		P-CPICH
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	-25
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-13
HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-13
Redundancy and constellation version		6
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1

Note:

The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI

Table 7.3B

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put R (kbps)	
-3	700	

## 7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver"s ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

## 7.5.1 Minimum requirement

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.4 for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm.

However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5 where the BER shall not exceed 0.001.

**Table 7.4: Adjacent Channel Selectivity** 

Power Class	Unit	ACS
3	dB	33
4	dB	33

Table 7.5: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 14 dB</refî<sub>	REFÎ <sub>or</sub> > + 41 dB
I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated)	dBm	-52	-25
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	MHz	+5 or -5	+5 or -5
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	20 (for Power class 3)
or transmitted mean power	ubili	18 (for Power class 4)	18 (for Power class 4)

NOTE: The  $I_{oac}$  (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

# 7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver"s ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

## 7.6.1 Minimum requirement (In-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Parameter	Unit	Level		
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>		
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>	+ 3 dB	
I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated)	dBm	-56	-44	
F <sub>uw</sub> offset		=±10 MHz	≤-15 MHz & ≥15 MHz	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band I operation)	MHz	2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6 (Note 2)	2095≤ f ≤2185	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band II operation)	MHz	1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6 (Note 2)	1915≤ f ≤2005	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band III operation)	MHz	1797.4≤ f ≤1887.6 (Note 2)	1790≤ f ≤1895	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)	MHz	2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6 (Note 2)	2095≤ f ≤2170	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band V operation)	MHz	861.4≤ f ≤901.6 (Note 2)	854≤ f ≤909	
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VI operation)	MHz	867.4≤ f ≤892.6 (Note 2 and 3)	860≤ f ≤900 (Note 3)	
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)		

Table 7.6: In-band blocking

- NOTE 1:  $I_{blocking}$  (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.
- NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies, the carrier frequency +/- 10 MHz.
- NOTE 3: For Band VI, the unwanted interfering signal does not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

# 7.6.2 Minimum requirement (Out of-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7. Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

For Table 7.7 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.7 in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable

Table 7.7: Out of band blocking

Parameter	Unit	Frequency range 1	Frequency range 2	Frequency range 3	Frequency range 4
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens>+3 dB</refsens>	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>
I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44	-30	-15	-15
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band I operation)	MHz	2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤2025 2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td>-</td></f></f>	2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f>	1< f ≤2025 2255≤f<12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band II operation)	MHz	1870 <f <1915<br="">2005<f <2050<="" td=""><td>1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f &lt;2075</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤1845 2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910</td></f></f>	1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f &lt;2075</f>	1< f ≤1845 2075≤f<12750	1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band III operation)	MHz	1745 <f <1790<br="">1895<f <1940<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f &lt; 1965</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤1720 1965≤f&lt;12750</td><td>-</td></f></f>	1720 <f 1745<br="" ≤="">1940≤f &lt; 1965</f>	1< f ≤1720 1965≤f<12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)	MHz	2050< f <2095 2170< f <2215	2025< f ≤2050 2215≤ f < 2240	1< f ≤2025 2240≤f<12750	-
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band V operation)	MHz	809< f <854 909< f <954	784< f ≤809 954≤ f < 979	1< f ≤784 979≤f<12750	824 ≤ f ≤ 849
F <sub>uw</sub> (Band VI operation)	MHz	815 < f < 860 900 < f < 945	790 < f ≤ 815 945 ≤ f < 970	1 < f ≤ 790 970 ≤ f < 12750	-
UE transmitted mean power	dBm		`	wer class 3) wer class 4)	
Band I operation		≤2185 MHz, the approsubclause 7.6.1 shall be	priate in-band blocking o applied.	r adjacent channel sele	ectivity in subclause
Band II operation		≤2005 MHz, the approsubclause 7.6.1 shall be	priate in-band blocking o applied	r adjacent channel sele	ectivity in subclause
Band III operation	For 1790≤f ≤1895 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.				
Band IV operation	For 2095≤f≤2170 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.				
Band V operation	For 854≤f≤909 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.				
Band VI operation		900 MHz, the appropria use 7.6.1 shall be appli	te in-band blocking or aced.	djacent channel selectiv	vity in subclause 7.5.1

# 7.6.3 Minimum requirement (Narrow band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7A. This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing

Table 7.7A: Narrow band blocking characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Band II, Band IV and	Band III
		Band V	
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>
I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)	dBm	-57	-56
F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)	MHz	2.7	2.8
UE transmitted mean	dBm	20 (for Power class 3)	
power	UDIII	18 (for Powe	er class 4)

NOTE:  $I_{blocking}$  (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6]

# 7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver"s ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit as specified in subclause 7.6.2 is not met.

## 7.7.1 Minimum requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.8.

**Table 7.8: Spurious Response** 

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt; +3 dB</refî<sub>
I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44
Fuw	MHz	Spurious response frequencies
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)

## 7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

## 7.8.1 Minimum requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9.

Table 7.9: Receive intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Unit Level		vel
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsens> +3 dB</refsens>	
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>oi</refî<sub>	> +3 dB
I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)	dBm	-2	16
I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated)	dBm	-4	16
F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)	MHz	10	-10
F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)	MHz	20	-20
UE transmitted mean power	dBm		ver class 3) ver class 4)

NOTE: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

# 7.8.2 Minimum requirement (Narrow band)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9A.

Table 7.9A: Receive intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Band II, Band IV and Band V			
DPCH_Ec	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refsen< td=""><td colspan="2"><refsens>+ 10 dB <refsens>+</refsens></refsens></td><td>NS&gt;+ 10 dB</td></refsen<>	<refsens>+ 10 dB <refsens>+</refsens></refsens>		NS>+ 10 dB
Îor	dBm/3.84 MHz	<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>	<refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>		r> +10 dB
I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)	dBm	-4	-44		43
I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)	dBm	-4	4	-	43
F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)	MHz	3.5	-3.5	3.6	-3.6
F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)	MHz	5.9	-5.9	6.0	-6.0
UE transmitted mean power	dBm	20 (for Power class 3) 18 (for Power class 4)			

NOTE:  $I_{\text{ouw}2}$  (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6].

# 7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

## 7.9.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.10 and Table 7.11

Table 7.10: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1GHz < f < 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

Table 7.11: Additional receiver spurious emission requirements

Band	Frequency Band	Measurement Bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm *	
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm *	
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm *	
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	100 kHz	-71 dBm *	
	1920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1980 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
II	869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1910 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
III	921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz	100 kHz	-60 dBm*	
	925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz	100 kHz	-67 dBm*	
	935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz	100 kHz	-79 dBm*	
	1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
IV	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	1710 MHz ≤ f < 1755 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
V	824 MHz ≤ f ≤ 849 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE receive band
	1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2155 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
VI	815 MHz ≤ f ≤ 850 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	UE in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state
	2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz	3.84 MHz	-60 dBm	
Note *		a level up to the a	pplicable require	multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, ements defined in Table 7.10 are

up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 7.10 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement

# 8 Performance requirement

#### 8.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this subclause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A, the propagation conditions specified in Annex B and the Down link Physical channels specified in Annex C. Unless stated DL power control is OFF. Unless otherwise stated the performance requirements are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UE(s) with more than one receiver antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

## 8.2 Demodulation in static propagation conditions

### 8.2.1 (void)

#### 8.2.2 Demodulation of Forward Access Channel (FACH)

(void)

## 8.2.3 Demodulation of Dedicated Channel (DCH)

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in the static environment is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.2.3.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.6. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 8.5: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.6: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-16.6 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-13.1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
2	-12.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-9.9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
3	-9.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-5.6 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
4	-5.5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

# 8.3 Demodulation of DCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions

# 8.3.1 Single Link Performance

The receive characteristics of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.3.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.7, 8.9 , 8.11, 8.13 and 8.14A the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I}$  power ratio shall

be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.8, 8.10, 8.12, 8.14 and 8.14B. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 8.7: Test Parameters for DCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.8: Test requirements for DCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-15.0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-13.9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-10.0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	-10.6 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
3	-6.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
1	-6.3 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
4	-2.2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 8.9: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

Parameter	Unit	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8
Phase reference			P-CI	PICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	-3	3	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.10: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation (Case 2)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
5	-7.7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
6	-6.4 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-2.7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
7	-8.1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
,	-5.1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
8	-5.5 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
O	-3.2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 8.11: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Parameter	Unit	Test 9	Test 10	Test 11	Test 12
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	-3	3	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.12: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
9	-11.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-8.1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
10	-7.4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-6.8 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
	-9.0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
11	-8.5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-8.0 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
12	-5.9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-5.1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-4.4 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>

Table 8.13: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Parameter	Unit	Test 13	Test 14	Test 15	Test 16
Phase reference		S-CPICH			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.14: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
13	-15.0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
14	-13.9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-10.0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
15	-10.6 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
15	-6.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
16	-6.3 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
10	-2.2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

Table 8.14A: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Parameter	Unit	Test 17	Test 18	Test 19	Test 20
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	-3	3	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.14B: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
17	-8.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-5.1 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
18	-4.4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-3.8 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
	-6.0 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
19	-5.5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-5.0 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>
	-2.9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
20	-2.1 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	-1.4 dB	10 <sup>-3</sup>

Table 8.14C: (void)

Table 8.14D: (void)

Table 8.14E: (void)

Table 8.14F: (void)

# 8.4 Demodulation of DCH in moving propagation conditions

### 8.4.1 Single link performance

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic moving propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.4.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.15 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.16.

Table 8.15: DCH parameters in moving propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Phase reference		P-CPICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64

Table 8.16: DCH requirements in moving propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-14.5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-10.9 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

## 8.5 Demodulation of DCH in birth-death propagation conditions

### 8.5.1 Single link performance

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic birth-death propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.5.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.17 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.18.

Table 8.17: DCH parameters in birth-death propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Phase reference		P-CPICH	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64

Table 8.18: DCH requirements in birth-death propagation conditions

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-12.6 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-8.7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

# 8.6 Demodulation of DCH in downlink Transmit diversity modes

## 8.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open-loop transmit diversity mode

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in open loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.6.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.19 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.20.

Table 8.19: Test parameters for DCH reception in an open loop transmit diversity scheme. (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Information data rate	kbps	12.2

Table 8.20: Test requirements for DCH reception in open loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	$rac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ (antenna 1/2)	BLER
1	-16.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

## 8.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode

The receive characteristic of the dedicated channel (DCH) in closed loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.6.2.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.21 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.22.

Table 8.21: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Unit	Test 1 (Mode 1)
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Feedback error rate	%	4
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	-	1

Table 8.22: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

Test Number		$\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ (see note)	BLER
1		-18.0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
NOTE:			

## 8.6.3 (void)

**Table 8.23: (void)** 

**Table 8.24: (void)** 

## 8.7 Demodulation in Handover conditions

#### 8.7.1 Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover

The bit error rate characteristics of UE is determined during an inter-cell soft handover. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to demodulate two PCCPCH channels and to combine the energy of DCH channels. Delay profiles of signals received from different cells are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chips.

The receive characteristics of the different channels during inter-cell handover are determined by the average Block Error Ratio (BLER) values.

#### 8.7.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.25 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.26.

Table 8.25: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference			P-(	CPICH	
$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	0	3	6
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz			-60	
Information data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.26: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER
1	-15.2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-11.8 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
۷	-11.3 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	-9.9 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
3	-9.5 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	-6.3 dB	10 <sup>-1</sup>
4	-5.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>

# 8.7.2 Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

#### 8.7.2.1 Minimum requirement

Test parameters are specified in Table 8.27. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

For Test 1, the sequence of uplink power changes between adjacent slots shall be as shown in Table 8.28 over the 4 consecutive slots more than 99% of the time. Note that this case is without an additional noise source  $I_{oc}$ .

For Test 2, the Cell1 and Cell2 TPC patterns are repeated a number of times. If the transmitted power of a given slot is increased compared to the previous slot, then a variable "Transmitted power UP" is increased by one, otherwise a variable "Transmitted power DOWN" is increased by one. The requirements for "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" are shown in Table 8.28A.

Table 8.27: Parameters for TPC command combining

Parameter	Unit	Test 1 Test 2		
Phase reference	•	P-CPICH		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	
$\hat{I}_{or1}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-	-60	
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algorithm 1		
Cell 1 TPC commands over 4 slots	-	{0,0,1,1}		
Cell 2 TPC commands over 4 slots	-	{0,1,0,1}		
Information data Rate	kbps	12.2		
Propagation condition	-	Static without AWGN source $I_{oc}$	Multi-path fading case 3	

Table 8.28: Test requirements for Test 1

Test Number	Required power changes over the 4 consecutive slots
1	Down, Down, Down, Up

Table 8.28A: Requirements for Test 2

Test Number	Ratio (Transmitted power UP) / (Total number of slots)	Ratio (Transmitted power DOWN) / (Total number of slots)
2	≥0.25	≥0.5

# 8.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

#### 8.7.3.1 Minimum requirement

Test 1 verifies that the UE follows only the reliable TPC commands in soft handover. Test 2 verifies that the UE follows all the reliable TPC commands in soft handover.

Test parameters are specified in Table 8.28B. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

During tests 1 and 2 the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 8.28C.

**Parameter** Unit Test 1 Test 2 P-CPICH Phase reference DPCH\_Ec/lor1 dB Note 1 Note 1 & Note 3 DPCH\_Ec/lor2 DPCH Ec/lor1 - 10 DPCH Ec/lor1 + 6 dB DPCH\_Ec/lor3 DPCH Ec/lor1 - 10 dB  $\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ dB -1 -1 -1  $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ dB -1 -1  $I_{or3}/I_{oc}$ dB - $I_{oc}$ dBm/3.84 MHz -60 Power-Control-Algorithm Algorithm 1 UL Power Control step dB size,  $\Delta_{\text{TPC}}$ Cell 1 TPC commands Note 2 Note 2 Cell 2 TPC commands "1" "1"

Table 8.28B: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

Note 1: The DPCH\_Ec/lor1 is set at the level corresponding to 5% TPC error rate.

kbps

12.2

Static

Table 8.28C: Test requirements for reliable TPC command combining

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
UE output power	dBm	-15 ± 5 dB	-15 ± 3 dB

#### 8.8 Power control in downlink

Cell 3 TPC commands Information data Rate

Propagation condition

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See Annex A.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

The requirements in this subclause were derived with the assumption that the UTRAN responds immediately to the uplink TPC commands by adjusting the power of the first pilot field of the DL DPCCH that commences after end of the received TPC command.

## 8.8.1 Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target

#### 8.8.1.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.29 the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over one slot, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.30 more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in Table 8.30. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Table 8.29: Test parameter for downlink power control

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9	-1	4	9
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	)	-60	0
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.	2	64	ļ
Reference channel in Annex A		A.3	.1	A.3	.5
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	•	0.1	0.001
Target quality value on DCCH	BLER	-	•	0.1	0.1

Note 2: The uplink power control from cell1 shall be such that the UE transmit power would stay at -15 dBm.

Note 3: The maximum DPCH\_Ec/lor1 level in cell1 is -9 dB.

Propagation condition		Case 4
Maximum_DL_Power *	dB	7
Minimum_DL_Power *	dB	-18
DL Power Control step size, □ <sub>TPC</sub>	dB	1
Limited Power Increase	-	"Not used"

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [4].

Table 8.30: Requirements in downlink power control

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-16.0	-9.0	-9.0	-10.3
Measured quality on DTCH	BLER	0.01±30%	0.01±30%	0.1±30%	0.001±30%

### 8.8.2 Power control in the downlink, initial convergence

This requirement verifies that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established

#### 8.8.2.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.31 the downlink DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio measured values, which are averaged over 50 ms, shall be within the range specified in Table 8.32 more than 90% of the time. T1 equals to 500 ms and it starts 10 ms after the DPDCH physical channel is considered established and the first uplink frame is transmitted. T2 equals to 500 ms and it starts when T1 has expired. Power control is ON during the test.

The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, ie the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50ms.

Table 8.31: Test parameters for downlink power control

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4		
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	0.01	0.1	0.1		
Initial DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5.9	-25.9	-3	-22.8		
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	12.2	64	64		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1					
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60					
Propagation condition			Sta	tic			
Maximum_DL_Power	dB		7	,			
Minimum_DL_Power	dB	-18					
DL Power Control	dB	1					
step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	иь	1					
Limited Power Increase	-	"Not used"					

Table 8.32: Requirements in downlink power control

Parameter	Unit	Test 1 and Test 2	Test 3 and Test 4		
$\frac{\textit{DPCH}\ \_E_c}{I_{\textit{or}}} \ \text{during T1}$	dB	-18.9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11.9	-15.1 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -8.1		
$\frac{\textit{DPCH} \_E_c}{I_{\textit{or}}} \text{ during T2}$	dB	-18.9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -14.9	-15.1 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11.1		
Note: The lower limit is decreased by 3 dB for a UE with more than one antenna connector.					

#### 8.8.3 Power control in downlink, wind up effects

#### 8.8.3.1 Minimum requirements

This test is run in three stages where stage 1 is for convergence of the power control loop. In stage two the maximum downlink power for the dedicated channel is limited not to be higher than the value specified in Table 8.33. All parameters used in the three stages are specified in Table 8.33. The downlink  $\underline{DPCH}_{\underline{L}}\underline{E}_{\underline{c}}$  power ratio measured values,

which are averaged over one slot, during stage 3 shall be lower than the value specified in Table 8.34 more than 90% of the time.

Power control of the UE is ON during the test.

Table 8.33: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Unit	Test 1			
Parameter	Unit	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Time in each stage	S	5	5	0.5	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB		5		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2			
Quality target on DTCH	BLER		0.01		
Propagation condition			Case 4		
Maximum_DL_Power	dB	7	min(-6.2,P). Note 1	7	
Minimum_DL_Power	dB	-18			
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	dB	1			
Limited Power Increase	-		"Not used"		

Note 1: P is the level corresponding to the average  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio - 2 dB compared to the P-

CPICH level. The average  $\frac{DPCH_-E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio is measured during the initialisation stage

after the power control loop has converged before the actual test starts.

Table 8.34: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

Parameter	Unit	Test 1, stage 3
$\frac{DPCH _{E_{c}}}{I_{or}}$	dB	-13.3

## 8.8.4 Power control in the downlink, different transport formats

#### 8.8.4.1 Minimum requirements

Test 1 verifies that UE outer loop power control has proper behaviour with different transport formats.

The downlink reference measurement channel used in this subclause shall have two different transport formats. The different transport formats of the downlink reference measurement channel used shall correspond to the measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.0 and A.3.1. The transport format used in downlink reference measurement channel during different stages of the test shall be set according to the information data rates specified in Table 8.34A. During stage 1 a downlink transport format combination using the 12.2kbps information data rate DTCH shall be used, and during stage 2 the downlink transport format combination shall be changed such that a 0kbps information data rate transport format combination is then used.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.34A the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{-}}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.34B more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in Table 8.34B. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Table 8.34A: Parameters for downlink power control in case of different transport formats

Parameter	Unit	Test 1				
Farameter	Offic	Stage 1	Stage 2			
Time in each stage	S	Note 1 Note 1				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	g	)			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	0			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	0			
Quality target on DTCH	BLER	0.01				
Quality target on DCCH	BLER	1				
Propagation condition		Cas	se4			
Maximum_DL_Power	dB	7	7			
Minimum_DL_Power	dB	-1	8			
DL Power Control step	dB					
size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	uБ	1				
Limited Power Increase	-	"Not used"				
Note 1: The stage lasts until the DTCH quality has converged to the quality target						

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [4].

Table 8.34B: Requirements in downlink power control in case of different transport formats

Parameter	Unit	Test 1, stage 1	Test 1, stage 2
$\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-16.0	-18.0
Measured quality on DTCH	BLER	0.01±30%	0.01±30%

#### 8.8.5 Power control in the downlink for F-DPCH

#### 8.8.5.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.34C the downlink  $\frac{F - DPCH - E_c}{I}$  power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over TPC symbols of the F-DPCH frame, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.34D more than 90% of the time. TPC command error rate shall be as shown in Table 8.34D. Power control in downlink is ON during the tests.

Table 8.34C: Test parameters for Fractional downlink power control

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9	-1
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
SF		256	
Target quality value on F DPCH	%	1 5	
Propagation condition		Case 4	
Maximum_DL_Power *	dB	7	
Minimum_DL_Power *	dB	-18	
DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$	dB	1	
Limited Power Increase	-	"Not used"	
Power-Control-Algorithm	-	Algori	ithm 1

Table 8.34D: Requirements in Fractional downlink power control

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
$\frac{F - DPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-15.9	-12.0
TPC command Error Rate	%	0,01±50%	0,05±30%

## 8.9 Downlink compressed mode

Downlink compressed mode is used to create gaps in the downlink transmission, to allow the UE to make measurements on other frequencies.

The requirements in this subclause were derived with the assumption that the UTRAN responds immediately to the uplink TPC commands by adjusting the power of the first pilot field of the DL DPCCH that commences after end of the received TPC command.

# 8.9.1 Single link performance

The receiver single link performance of the Dedicated Traffic Channel (DCH) in compressed mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) and transmitted DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio in the downlink.

The compressed mode parameters are given in clause A.5.

#### 8.9.1.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.35 the downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged  $I_{-}$ 

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.36 more than 90% of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in Table 8.36.

Downlink power control is ON during the test. Uplink TPC commands shall be error free.

**DL Power Control** 

step size,  $\Delta_{TPC}$ Limited Power

Increase

Unit Test 1 Test 2 Parameter Delta SIR1 dΒ 0 3 Delta SIR after1 dB 0 3 Delta SIR2 dB 0 0 Delta SIR after2 dB 0 0 Set 1 in table A.21 in Set 2 in table A.21 in Compressed mode clause A.5 of TS clause A.5 of TS 25.101 patterns 25.101 dB 9  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ dBm/3.84 MHz -60 Information Data Rate kbps 12.2 Propagation condition Case 3 Case 2 Target quality value **BLER** 0.01 on DTCH Maximum\_DL\_Power dB Minimum\_DL\_Power dB -18

Table 8.35: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

Table 8.36: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

1

"Not used"

dB

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-13.7	No requirements	
Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames	BLER	No requirements	<0.001	
Measured quality on DTCH	BLER	0.01 ± 30 %		

# 8.10 Blind transport format detection

Performance of Blind transport format detection is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values and by the measured average transmitted DPCH\_Ec/Ior value.

## 8.10.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.37 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.38.

Table 8.37: Test parameters for Blind transport format detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1				-3	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60					
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2 7.95 1.95 (rate 1) (rate 2) (rate 3)			12.2 (rate 1)	7.95 (rate 2)	1.95 (rate 3)
propagation condition	-	static			multi-p	ath fading o	case 3
TFCI	-	off					

Table 8.38: The Requirements for DCH reception in Blind transport format detection

Test Number	$\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	BLER	FDR
1	-17.7 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>
2	-17.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>
3	-18.4 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>
4	-13.0 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>
5	-13.2 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>
6	-13.8 dB	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> The value of DPCH Ec/Ior, Ioc, and Ior/Ioc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted

NOTE: In this test, 9 different Transport Format Combinations (Table 8.39) are sent during the call set up procedure, so that the UE has to detect the correct transport format from these 9 candidates.

Table 8.39: Transport format combinations informed during the call set up procedure in the test

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DTCH	12.2k	10.2k	7.95k	7.4k	6.7k	5.9k	5.15k	4.75k	1.95k
DCCH					2.4k				

## 8.11 Detection of Broadcast channel (BCH)

The receiver characteristics of Broadcast Channel (BCH) are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BCH is mapped into the primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH).

#### 8.11.1 Minimum requirement without transmit diversity

For the parameters specified in Table 8.40 the average downlink power P-CCPCH\_Ec/Ior shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.41. (The Down link Physical channels are specified in Annex C).

This requirement doesn"t need to be tested.

Table 8.40: Parameters for BCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Phase reference	-	P-CP	ICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	)
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-3
Propagation condition		Static	Case 3

Table 8.41: Test requirements for BCH detection

Test Number	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	BLER
1	-18.5 dB	0.01
2	-12.8 dB	0.01

# 8.11.2 Minimum requirement with open loop transmit diversity

For the parameters specified in Table 8.41A the average downlink power P-CCPCH\_Ec/Ior shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.41B. (The Down link Physical channels are specified in Annex C).

This requirement doesn"t need to be tested.

Table 8.41A: Test parameters for BCH detection in an open loop transmit diversity scheme (STTD). (Propagation condition: Case 1)

Parameter	Unit	Test 3
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9

Table 8.41B: Test requirements for BCH detection in open loop transmit diversity scheme

Test Number	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor (Total power from antenna 1 and 2)	BLER
3	-18.5	0.01

# 8.12 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)

The receiver characteristics of paging channel are determined by the probability of missed paging message (Pm-p). PCH is mapped into the S-CCPCH and it is associated with the transmission of Paging Indicators (PI) to support efficient sleep-mode procedures.

## 8.12.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.42 the average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.43. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in Table C.3 of Annex C. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex A.6.

Table 8.42: Parameters for PCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Number of paging	_	72	
indicators per frame (Np)	-	12	
Phase reference	•	P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1	-3
Propagation condition		Static	Case 3

Table 8.43: Test requirements for PCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	PICH_Ec/lor	Pm-p
1	-14.8	-19	0.01
2	-9.8	-12	0.01

# 8.13 Detection of Acquisition Indicator (AI)

The receiver characteristics of Acquisition Indicator (AI) are determined by the probability of false alarm Pfa and probability of correct detection Pd. Pfa is defined as a conditional probability of detection of AI signature given that a AI signature was not transmitted. Pd is defined as a conditional probability of correct detection of AI signature given that the AI signature is transmitted.

## 8.13.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.44 the Pfa and 1-Pd shall not the exceed the specified values in Table 8.45. Power of downlink channels other than AICH is as defined in Table C.3 of Annex C.

Table 8.44: Parameters for Al detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Number of other transmitted AI signatures on AICH	-	0
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-22.0
AICH Power Offset	dB	-12.0
Propagation condition	-	Static

Note that AICH\_Ec/Ior can not be set. Its value is calculated from other parameters and it is given for information only.  $(AICH\_Ec/Ior = AICH\ Power\ Offset + CPICH\_Ec/Ior)$ 

Table 8.45: Test requirements for Al detection

Test Number	Pfa	1-Pd
1	0.01	0.01

- 8.14 (void)
- 8.15 (void)
- 8.16 (void)

**Table 8.46: (void)** 

**Table 8.47: (void)** 

**Table 8.48: (void)** 

**Table 8.49: (void)** 

**Table 8.50: (void)** 

**Table 8.51: (void)** 

**Table 8.52: (void)** 

# 9 Performance requirement (HSDPA)

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause apply for the reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.7, the propagation conditions specified in Annex B.2.2 and the Down link Physical channels specified in Annex C.5. The specific references are provided separately for each requirement.

Unless otherwise stated the performance requirements are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one antenna connector testing the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

## 9.1 (void)

# 9.2 Demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)

The minimum performance requirement for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category are determined according to Table 9.1. The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to certain HS-DSCH category and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1 are determined according to Table 9.1AA. The performance requirements for a particular UE belonging to HS-DSCH categories 7 or 8 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2 are determined according to Table 9.1AB.

The propagation conditions for this subclause are defined in table B.1B.

Table 9.1: FRC for minimum performance requirements for different HS-DSCH categories

HS-DSCH category		Corresponding requirement		
	Single Link	Open Loop Diversity	Closed Loop Diversity	
Category 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	
Category 2	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	
Category 3	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	
Category 4	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	
Category 5	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	
Category 6	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	
Category 7 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	
Category 8 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	
Category 11	H-Set 4	H-Set 4	H-Set 4	
Category 12	H-Set 5	H-Set 5	H-Set 5	

Note 1 Single link minimum performance requirements for Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian A with

 $\hat{I}_{rr}/I_{rr}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3.

Note 2 For UE supporting the minimum performance requirements for HS-DSCH the minimum requirements for HS-SCCH detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.53.

Table 9.1AA: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 1 for different HS-DSCH categories

HS-DSCH category	ory Corresponding requirement		t
	Single Link	Open Loop Diversity	Closed Loop Diversity
Category 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1
Category 2	H-Set 1	H-Set 1	H-Set 1
Category 3	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2
Category 4	H-Set 2	H-Set 2	H-Set 2
Category 5	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3
Category 6	H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3
Category 7 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3
Category 8 (Note 1)	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 3

Note 1 Single link enhanced performance requirements type 1 for Categories 7 and 8 in Pedestrian A with  $\hat{I}_{cr}/I_{cc}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3.

Note 2 For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 1 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54.

Table 9.1AB: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 2 for different HS-DSCH categories

HS-DS	SCH category		Corresponding requirement	t		
		Single Link (Note 1)	Open Loop Diversity (Note 2)	Closed Loop Diversity (Note 3)		
С	ategory 7	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 6, H-Set 3		
С	ategory 8	H-Set 6, H-Set 3	H-Set 3	H-Set 6, H-Set 3		
Note 1	Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7 and 8 with $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3 minimum performance requirements.					
Note 2	Open loop trans requirements.	Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 minimum performance				
Note 3	Closed loop tran	Closed loop transmit diversity enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7 and 8 in				
	Pedestrian B 3km/h with $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dB and $E_c/I_{or}$ =-3dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements					
Note 4	For UE supporti	ng the enhanced performanc r HS-SCCH detection for sing	t 3 minimum performance requirements type 2 for HS- gle link are determined in Table	DSCH the minimum		

During the Fixed Reference Channel tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.1A:

Table 9.1A: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK Field State	Node-B Emulator Behaviour
ACK	ACK: new transmission using 1 <sup>st</sup> redundancy
	and constellation version (RV)
NACK	NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up
	to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)
DTX	DTX: retransmission using the RV
	previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ
	process

NOTE: Performance requirements in this section assume a sufficient power allocation to HS-SCCH\_1 so that probability of reporting DTX is very low.

# 9.2.1 Single Link performance

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R

#### 9.2.1.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 (QPSK version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.3. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.3A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.2: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.					

Table 9.3: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	65	309
1	PAS	-3	N/A	423
2	PB3	-6	23	181
2	FD3	-3	138	287
3	VA30	-6	22	190
3	VA30	-3	142	295
4	VA120	-6	13	181
4	VA120	-3	140	275

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.3A: Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
		-12	N/A	247
1	PA3	-9	N/A	379
'	PAS	-6	195	N/A
		-3	329	N/A
		-9	N/A	195
2	PB3	-6	156	316
		-3	263	N/A
		-9	N/A	212
3	VA30	-6	171	329
		-3	273	N/A
		-9	N/A	191
4	VA120	-6	168	293
		-3	263	N/A

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

#### 9.2.1.2 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.4 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.5. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.5A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.4: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference			P-CI	PICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with					

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.5: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Re	eference value
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
4	DAG	-6	198
ı	PA3	-3	368
2	PB3	-6	34
2	PDS	-3	219
3	VA30	-6	47
3	VA30	-3	214
1	VA120	-6	28
4	VAIZU	-3	167

\* Notes:

1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in

Table 9.5A: Enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Test	Propagation		Reference value
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-9	312
ı	FAS	-6	487
2	PB3	-6	275
		-3	408
3	1/420	-6	296
3	VA30	-3	430
4	\/\\120	-6	271
4	VA120	-3	392

* Notes:	1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
	2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R
	should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)
	3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R
	should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in
	kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

#### 9.2.1.3 Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 4/5 specified in Annex A.7.1.4 and A.7.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.6 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.7 for H-Set 4 and table 9.8 for H-Set 5.

Table 9.6: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.					

Table 9.7: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value					
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
1	PA3	-6	72	340			
'	PAS	-3	N/A	439			
2	PB3	-6	24	186			
	FB3	-3	142	299			
3	VA30	-6	19	183			
3	VASU	-3	148	306			
4	VA120	-6	11	170			
4	VA120	-3	144	284			
* Note:	* Note: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4						

Table 9.8: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	Reference value					
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
1	PA3	-6	98	464			
<b>'</b>	PAS	-3	N/A	635			
2	PB3	-6	35	272			
	FB3	-3	207	431			
3	VA30	-6	33	285			
3	VASU	-3	213	443			
4	V/A120	-6	20	272			
4	VA120	-3	210	413			
* Note:	The reference val	ue R is for the Fixed Refer	ence Channel (FRC) H-Set 5				

#### 9.2.1.4 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 6 specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.8A and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.8B. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 as specified in Table 9.8B1 are based on receiver diversity. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.8B2 are based on chip level equaliser.

Table 9.8A: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH	The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with consta				

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.8B: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	1407	
'	PAS	-3	2090	

Table 9.8B1: Enhanced requirements type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-12	672		
'	FAS	-9	1305		

Table 9.8B2: Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation		Reference value
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	1494
ı	FAS	-3	2153
2	PB3	-6	1038
	FB3	-3	1744
3	VA30	-6	1142
3	VA30	-3	1782
4	VA120	-6	909
4		-3	1467

#### 9.2.1.5 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H Set-6 specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.8C and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.8D. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 as specified in Table 9.8D1 are based on receiver diversity. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.8D2 are based on chip level equaliser.

Table 9.8C: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	4	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.					

Table 9.8D: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	887	
	1710	-3	1664	

Table 9.8D1: Enhanced requirements type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value			Reference value	
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \text{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
1	PA3	-9	912			
ļ.	FAS	-6	1730			

Table 9.8D2: Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation		Reference value
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB
1	PA3	-6	991
1	PAS	-3	1808
2	2 PB3	-6	465
	FB3	-3	1370
3	VA30	-6	587
3	VA30	-3	1488
4	VA120	-6	386
4		-3	1291

## 9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity performance

The receiver single open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

#### 9.2.2.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 1/2/3 (QPSK version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.9 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.9.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.10. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.10A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.9: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence			{0,2,5,6}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission			4	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with				y with

constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.10: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation		Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB		
1	PA3	-6	77	375		
ı	FAS	-3	180	475		
2	PB3	-6	20	183		
	FB3	-3	154	274		
3	VA30	-6	15	187		
3	VASU	-3	162	284		

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

Table 9.10A: Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number Conditions	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
		-12	N/A	268	
4	DA0	-9	N/A	407	
1	PA3	-6	197	N/A	
		-3	333	N/A	
		-9	N/A	183	
2	PB3	-6	152	288	
		-3	251	N/A	
		-9	N/A	197	
3	VA30	-6	164	307	
		-3	261	N/A	

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

#### 9.2.2.2 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 1/2/3 (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.11 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.9.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.12. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.12A are based on receiver diversity.

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.11: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with				

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.12: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Propagation	Reference value		
Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	
	$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
DAG	-6	295	
I PAS	-3	463	
DDO	-6	24	
PD3	-3	243	
\/^20	-6	35	
VA30	-3	251	
		Conditions         HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)           PA3         -6           -8         -6           -9         -6           -3         -6           VA30         -6	

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

Table 9.12A: Enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value  HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *			Reference value		
Number	Conditions						
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB				
1	PA3	-9	340				
!	FAS	-6	513				
2	PB3	-6	251				
	FB3	-3	374				
3	VA30	-6	280				
3	VA30	-3	398				

Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1
2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R

should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

#### 9.2.2.3 Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 4/5 specified in Annex A.7.1.4 and A.7.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.13 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.9.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.14 for H-Set 4 and table 9.15 for H-Set 5.

Table 9.13: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Phase reference			P-CI	PICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for					

those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.14: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put R (kbps) *	
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	70	369	
	PAS	-3	171	471	
2	PB3	-6	14	180	
		-3	150	276	
2	VA30	-6	11	184	
3	VA30	-3	156	285	
* Note:	The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4				

Table 9.15: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

Test	Propagation	ropagation Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put $R$ (kbps) *	T-put $R$ (kbps) *		
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or} / I_{oc} = 10 \text{ dB}$		
1	DAG	-6	116	563		
I	PA3	-3	270	713		
2	PB3	-6	30	275		
2	PDS	-3	231	411		
3	VA30	-6	23	281		
3	V A30	-3	243	426		
* Note:	lote: The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5					

# 9.2.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance

The closed loop transmit diversity (Mode 1) performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

#### 9.2.3.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 1/2/3 (QPSK version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.16 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.17. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.17A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.16: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Phase reference		P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60		
DPCH frame offset	Chin		0		
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0		
Redundancy and					
constellation version		{0,2,5,6}			
coding sequence					
Maximum number of			4		
HARQ transmission					
Feedback Error Rate	%	4			
Closed loop timing			1		
adjustment mode		I I			
Note: The HS-SCCH	Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with				
constant power	constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for				

Table 9.17: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
1	PA3	-6	118	399	
ı	PA3	-3	225	458	
2	PB3	-6	50	199	
2	PD3	-3	173	301	
2	VA30	-6	47	204	
3	VA30	-3	172	305	

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.17A: Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB	
		-12	N/A	297	
1	PA3	-9	N/A	410	
ı	FAS	-6	242	N/A	
		-3	369	N/A	
		-9	N/A	194	
2	PB3	-6	170	308	
		-3	272	N/A	
3 VA30		-9	N/A	204	
	VA30	-6	172	315	
		-3	270	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)s

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to I+1, i integer)

#### 9.2.3.2 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3 (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.18 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.19. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.19A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.18: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference		P-CPICH		
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
DPCH frame offset	Chip		0	
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		U	
Redundancy and				
constellation version		{6,2,1,5}		
coding sequence				
Maximum number of			4	
HARQ transmission			•	
Feedback Error Rate	%	4		
Closed loop timing			1	
adjustment mode			ı	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for				

Table 9.19: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

those TTI intended for the UE.

lest	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
1	PA3	-6	361			
'	1 73	-3	500			
2	PB3	-6	74			
2	F D 3	-3	255			
3	VA30	-6	84			
3	VASU	-3	254			

Table 9.19A: Enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

Test	Propagation	Reference value				
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	T-put R (kbps) *			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
1	PA3	-9	376			
1	PAS	-6	532			
2	PB3	-6	267			
2	FBS	-3	393			
3	VA30	-6	279			
3	VASU	-3	404			
:	1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer) 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer)					

#### 9.2.3.3 Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels Hset 4/5 specified in Annex A.7.1.4 and A.7.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.20 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.21 for H-Set 4 and table 9.22 for H-Set 5.

Table 9.20: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Phase reference			P-CPICH			
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		-60		
DPCH frame offset	OI :					
$( au_{DPCH,n})$	Chip		0			
Redundancy and						
constellation version		{0,2,5,6}				
coding sequence						
Maximum number of		4				
HARQ transmission			<del></del>			
Feedback Error Rate	%	4				
Closed loop timing		1				
adjustment mode						
Note: The HS-SCCH	-1 and HS-PDSCH sh	nall be transm	itted continuous	ly with		
constant power, HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for						

those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.21: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

Test	Propagation					
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) * T-			
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB		
4	DAG	-6	114	398		
1	1 PA3	-3	223	457		
2	PB3	-6	43	196		
2	PD3	-3	167	292		
3	VA30	-6	40	199		
3	V A 3 U	-3	170	305		
* Notes:	1) The reference	value R is for the Fixed Ref	erence Channel (FRC) H-Set	4		

452

306

458

PB3

VA30

2

3

\* Note:

Test Propagation Reference value Number Conditions T-put R (kbps) \* T-put R (kbps) \* **HS-PDSCH**  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 0 \text{ dB}$  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 10 \text{ dB}$  $E_c/I_{or}$  (dB) -6 177 599 PA3 1 -3 338 687 -6 75 299

260

71

258

Table 9.22: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

#### 9.2.3.4 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

-3

-6

-3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 6 specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22A and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements specified in table 9.22B. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.22B are based on chip level equaliser.

Table 9.22A: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Phase reference		P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
DPCH frame offset (τ <sub>DPCH,n</sub> )	Chip	0
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{0,2,5,6}
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Feedback Error Rate	%	4
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	4 1110 000011	1

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.22B: Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCHT-put $R$ (kbps) * $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB			
1	PB3	-3	1536		

#### 9.2.3.5 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H Set-6 specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22C and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements specified in table 9.22D. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 specified in Table 9.22D are based on chip level equaliser.

Table 9.22C: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	
Phase reference		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60	
DPCH frame offset (TDPCH,n)	Chip	0	
Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence		{6,2,1,5}	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4	
Feedback Error Rate	%	4	
Closed loop timing adjustment mode		1	
Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.			

Table 9.22D: Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

Test	Propagation	Reference value			Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) *					
		$E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB				
1	PB3	-3	1154				

## 9.3 Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator

The propagation conditions for this subclause are defined in table B.1C.

For the cases in this subclause where CQI reporting is evaluated under fading conditions it is expected that the UE will not always detect the HS-SCCH, resulting in a DTX for the uplink ACK/NACK transmission. The downlink configuration for evaluating CQI performance does not use retransmission. Therefore any BLER calculations must exclude any packets where the UE may have attempted to combine data from more than one transmission due to having missed one or more new data indicators from lost HS-SCCH transmissions.

## 9.3.1 Single Link Performance

#### 9.3.1.1 AWGN propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

#### 9.3.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12

For the parameters specified in Table 9.23, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm$ 0 fthe reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI  $\pm$ 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI  $\pm$ 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.23: Test Parameter for CQI test in AWGN - single link

Р	arameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	0 5 10		
	$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60		
Pha	se reference	-		P-CPICH		
HS-P	PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-3		
HS-S0	CCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10		
DF	PCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10		
	num number of Q transmission	-		1		
	of HS-SCCH set e monitored	-		1		
CQI fe	eedback cycle	ms		2		
CQI re	epetition factor	-		1		
HS-SC	CH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub- frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.			
Note1:	Measurement po in [7]	power offset " $\Gamma$ " is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined				
Note2:	TF for HS-PDSC based on median channel paramet described in TS2					
Note3:	HS-PDSCH Ec/lo	Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ TS 25.214				
Note 4:		nsport format the pontinuously with co			S-PDSCH shall	

### 9.3.1.2 Fading propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The specified requirements may be subject to further simulations to verify assumptions.

### 9.3.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12

For the parameters specified in Table 9.26, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.27. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.26: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading - single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$	dB	-8	-4	
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60	
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH	
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	.5	
DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-	6	
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1	I	
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-	1	I	
CQI feedback cycle	ms	2	2	
CQI repetition factor	-	1		
To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signal pattern shall be "XOOXOO where "X" indicates TTI in where "X" indica			CH-1 signalling XOOXOO", TI in which the he identity of the "O" indicates TTI CCH-1 uses a	
Propagation Channel		Cas	se 8	
Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]  Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are				
configured according Note3: HS-PDSCH Ec/I Δ described in T	configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214 Note3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment $\Delta$ described in TS 25.214			
PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.				

Table 9.27: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - single link

Reported CQI	Maxim	Maximum BLER		
Reported CQI	Test 1	Test2		
CQI median	60%	60%		
CQI median + 3	15%	15%		

# 9.3.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance

#### 9.3.2.1 AWGN propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

#### 9.3.2.1.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12

For the parameters specified in Table 9.32, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm$ 0 fthe reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI  $\pm$ 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI  $\pm$ 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.32: Test Parameter for CQI test in AWGN - open loop diversity

F	Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5	10
	$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Pha	se reference	-		P-CPICH	
HS-F	$PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$	dB		-3	
HS-S	CCH $_1E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
DF	PCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10	
	num number of Q transmission	-		1	
	of HS-SCCH set be monitored	-	1		
CQI f	eedback cycle	ms		2	
CQI r	epetition factor	-		1	
HS-SC	CCH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub- frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.		
Note1:	Measurement power offset " $\Gamma$ " is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]				
Note2:	TF for HS-PDSC based on mediar channel paramet described in TS2	or HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF and on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical unel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table ribed in TS25.214			
Note3:	described in TS 2	/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ S 25.214			
Note 4:		ansport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall ontinuously with constant power.			

### 9.3.2.2 Fading propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The specified requirements may be subject to further simulations to verify assumptions.

### 9.3.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12

For the parameters specified in Table 9.35, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.36. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.35: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading - open loop diversity

Parame	ter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
HS-PDSCH	$E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	-4	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{o}$	с	dB	0	5	
$I_{oc}$		dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60	
Phase refe	rence	-	P-CF	PICH	
HS-SCCH_1	$E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	.5	
DPCH E	$_{c}/I_{or}$	dB	-(	6	
Maximum nu H-ARQ trans		-	1		
Number of HS- to be mon		-	1	I	
CQI feedbad		ms	2	2	
CQI repetition	n factor	-	1		
HS-SCCH-1 s patter	•	,	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.		
Propagation			Cas		
Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]  Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are					
confi Note3: HS-F Δ de	configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214 Note3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment $\Delta$ described in TS 25.214				
	4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.				

Table 9.36: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - open loop diversity

Reported CQI	Maxim	Maximum BLER		
Reported CQI	Test 1	Test2		
CQI median	60%	60%		
CQI median + 3	15%	15%		

### 9.3.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance

#### 9.3.3.1 AWGN propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

#### 9.3.3.1.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12

For the parameters specified in Table 9.41, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.10, the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm$ 0 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI +2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by (median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.41: Test Parameters for CQI in AWGN - closed loop diversity

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	5	10	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60		
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH		
$HS\text{-PDSCH}E_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$	dB		-3		
HS-SCCH _1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10		
$DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$	dB		-10		
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-		1		
Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored	-		1		
CQI feedback cycle	ms		2		
CQI repetition factor	-		1		
Feedback Error Rate	%		0		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode			1		
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	-	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub- frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and "O" indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.			
Note1: Measurement print [7]	power offset " $\Gamma$ " is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined				
Note2: TF for HS-PDS based on medi channel param described in TS	HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table ped in TS25.214				
described in TS Note 4: For any given t	5 25.214 ransport format the p	or is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ 25.214 nsport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall ontinuously with constant power.			

### 9.3.3.2 Fading propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The specified requirements may be subject to further simulations to verify assumptions.

### 9.3.3.2.1 Minimum Requirement - UE capability categories 1-8 and 11, 12

For the parameters specified in Table 9.44, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.10, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.45. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.44: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading- closed loop diversity

Parameter	Unit	Test 1 Test 2		
$HS ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$	dB	-8	-4	
$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$	dB	0	5	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-6	60	
Phase reference	-	P-CF	PICH	
HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	.5	
DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-	6	
Maximum number of H-ARQ transmission	-	1	I	
Number of HS-SCCH set	-	1	I	
to be monitored CQI feedback cycle	ms	2	)	
CQI repetition factor	- 1115	-		
Feedback Error Rate	%	(		
Closed loop timing adjustment mode	,,,	1		
HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern	To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the si sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be "XOOXOO"  S-SCCH-1 signalling where "X" indicates TTI in which			
Propagation Channel		Cas	se 8	
<ul> <li>Note1: Measurement power offset "Γ" is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]</li> <li>Note2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214</li> </ul>				
Note3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214				

Table 9.45: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - closed loop diversity

Reported CQI	Maximum BLER	
Reported CQI	Test 1	Test2
CQI median	60%	60%
CQI median + 3	15%	15%

### 9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$ , which is declared when the UE is signaled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  is denoted  $P(E_{\rm m})$ .

# 9.4.1 Single Link Performance

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.50, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.51 and Table 9.51A the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ . Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.51A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.50: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection - single link

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB		-10	
HS-SCCH UE Identity			-1: 101010101010	
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$		(every third TTI only		ddressed solely
			a HS-SCCH-1)	
		HS-SCCH-2: 0001001010101010		01010
		HS-SCCH-3: 0001101010101010		
		HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010		
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF cor	responding to CQ	l1
HS-SCCH-1 transmission		The HS-SCCH-1 sha	II be transmitted co	ontinuously with
pattern		constant power.		
HS-PDSCH transmission		The HS-PDSCH shall	be transmitted co	ntinuously with
pattern		constant power.		
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling	-	The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall		
Pattern		be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which		
		the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test,		
		and "O" indicates TTI		
		different UE identity.		

Table 9.51: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH detection - single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-9	0	0.05
2	PA3	-9.9	5	0.01
3	VA30	-10	0	0.01

Table 9.51A: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH detection - single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-12.0	0	0.01
2	VA30	-15.6	0	0.01

### 9.4.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.52, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_{\rm c}/I_{\rm or}$  specified in Table 9.53 and Table 9.54 the measured  $P(E_{\rm m})$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_{\rm m})$ . Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.54 are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.52: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection - open loop diversity

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz		-60	
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB		-10	
HS-SCCH UE Identity			I-1: 1010101010101	
$(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$		(every third TTI only,	UE under test add	ressed solely via
			HS-SCCH-1)	
		HS-SCCH-2: 0001001010101010		01010
		HS-SCCH-3: 0001101010101010		
		HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010		
HS-DSCH TF of UE1		TF cor	responding to CQ	l1
HS-SCCH-1 transmission		The HS-SCCH-1 sha	II be transmitted co	ontinuously with
pattern		constant power.		
HS-PDSCH transmission		The HS-PDSCH shal	l be transmitted co	ontinuously with
pattern		constant power.		
HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling	-	The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall		
Pattern		be "XOOXOO", where "X" indicates TTI in which		
		the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test,		
		and "O" indicates TTI		
		different UE identity.		

Table 9.53: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH detection - open loop diversity

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	$P(E_m)$
1	PA3	-11.6	0	0.05
2	PA3	-13.4	5	0.01
3	VA30	-11.5	0	0.01

Table 9.54: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH detection - open loop diversity

Test	Propagation	Reference value			
Number	Conditions	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c }\hline \textbf{HS-SCCH-1} & & & & & & & \\ & E_c/I_{or} \ (\textbf{dB}) & & & & & & & \\ \hline & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \ (\textbf{dB}) & & & & & \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad P(E_m)$			
1	PA3	-15.2	0	0.01	
2	VA30	-16.4	0	0.01	

# 10 Performance requirement (E-DCH)

### 10.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this subclause are specified for the propagation conditions specified in Annex B.2.2 and the Downlink Physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2.

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

# 10.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH)

## 10.2.1 Single link performance

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the missed ACK and false ACK values.

### 10.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2 and 10.3. For the parameters specified in Table 10.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.4 and 10.5.

Table 10.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
OC.	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10	
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK	100% DTX

Table 10.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-28.3	0	0.01

Table 10.3: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
2	VA30	-35.1	0	0.01

Table 10.4: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Referenc	e value
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) False ACK probal	
3	VA30	0	0.5

Table 10.5: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
4	VA30	0	0.5	

#### 10.2.2 Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK and false ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, containing and not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

### 10.2.2.1 Minimum requirement for RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

For the parameters specified in Table 10.6 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.7 and 10.8. For the parameters specified in Table 10.6 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.9 and 10.10.

Table 10.6: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH - cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-	60
Phase reference	ı	P-C	PICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-	10
E-HICH signalling pattern for the Serving E-DCH cell	-	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>	100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup>
E-HICH signalling pattern for cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E- DCH cell		100% ACK (+1)	100% NACK (0)
Note 1 The Serving E-DCl	d cell E-HICH	$E_{c}/I_{or}$ power level is set to -	16 dB when hybrid ARQ
acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots and to -23 dB when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.			

Table 10.7: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots - cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-16.3	0	0.05

Table 10.8: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation			
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
2	VA30	-23.6	0	0.05

Table 10.9: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots - cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference	e value
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability
3	VA30	0	2E-4

Table 10.10: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

ĺ	Test	Propagation	Reference value		
	Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
ſ	4	VA30	0	2E-4	

### 10.2.2.2 Minimum requirement for RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell

For the parameters specified in Table 10.11 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.12 and 10.13. For the parameters specified in Table 10.11 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.14 and 10.15.

Table 10.11: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH - RLS containing the Serving cell in SHO

Parameter	Unit	Missed ACK	False ACK
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
00	MHz		
Phase reference	ı	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (*)	dB	-10	
E-HICH signalling pattern	-	100% ACK (+1)	100% DTX (0)
for Serving E-DCH cell			
E-HICH signalling pattern		100% NACK (0)	100% NACK (0)
for cell belonging to RLS not			
containing the Serving E-			
DCH cell			

Table 10.12: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots -RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation			
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK)	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
1	VA30	-23.2	0	0.05

Table 10.13: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation		Reference value	
Number	Conditions	E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed ACK probability
2	VA30	-29.7	0	0.05

Table 10.14: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
3	PA3	0	0.1	
4	VA120	0	0.1	

Table 10.15: Minimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	False ACK probability	
5	PA3	0	0.1	
6	VA120	0	0.1	

### 10.3 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH)

## 10.3.1 Single link performance

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed UP/DOWN and missed HOLD.

#### 10.3.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.16 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed UP/DOWN probabilities in Table 10.17 and 10.18. For the parameters specified in Table 10.16 the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.19 and 10.20.

Table 10.16: Requirement scenario parameters for E-RGCH - Serving E-DCH RLS

Parameter	Unit	Missed UP/DOWN	Missed HOLD
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60	
00	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH	
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	50% UP 50% DOWN	100% HOLD

Table 10.17: Minimum requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots - Serving E-DCH RLS

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability
1	VA30	-24.4	0	0.05/0.05

Table 10.18: Minimum requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - Serving E-DCH RLS

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed UP/DOWN probability
1	VA30	-31	0	0.05/0.05

Table 10.19: Minimum requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots - Serving E-DCH RLS

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD probability	
3	VA30	0	0.1	

Table 10.20: Minimum requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots - Serving E-DCH RLS

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD probability	
4	VA30	0	0.1	

#### 10.3.2 Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed UP/DOWN and missed HOLD error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-RGCH signalling from different cells, Serving E-DCH cell and Non-serving E-DCH RL.

### 10.3.2.1 Minimum requirement for Non-serving E-DCH RL

For the parameters specified in Table 10.21 the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.22. For the parameters specified in Table 10.21 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed DOWN probabilities in Table 10.23.

Table 10.21: Requirement scenario parameters for E-RGCH - Non-serving E-DCH RL

Parameter	Unit	Missed HOLD	Missed DOWN
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84		-60
OC.	MHz		
Phase reference	-	P-0	CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	
E-RGCH signalling pattern	-	100% UP <sup>1</sup>	100% UP <sup>1</sup>
for Serving E-DCH cell			
E-AGCH information		Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>	Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>
E-RGCH signalling pattern		100% HOLD	100% DOWN
for Non-serving E-DCH RL			
Note 1 Serving E-DCH	ell E-RGCH $E_c$	$I_{or}$ power level is set to -22	dB and relative scheduling
grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots.			
Note 2 Serving E-DCH	ell E-AGCH $E_c$	$I_{or}$ power level is set to -15	dB and E-AGCH TTI length
is 10ms.			

Table 10.22: Minimum requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots - Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test Propagation		Reference value		
Number	Conditions	$\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed HOLD probability	
1	VA30	0	0.005	

Table 10.23: Minimum requirement for Missed DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots - Non-serving E-DCH RL

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Missed DOWN probability
2	VA30	-27.3	0	0.05

### 10.4 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)

## 10.4.1 Single link performance

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed detection probability.

#### 10.4.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.24 the average downlink E-AGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed detection probability in Table 10.25.

Table 10.24: Test parameters for E-AGCH detection - single link

Parameter	Unit	Missed detection
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84	-60
OC.	MHz	
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10
E-AGCH information	-	Varying SG
E-AGCH TTI length	ms	10

Table 10.25: Minimum requirement for E-AGCH detection - single link

Test	Propagation	Reference value		
Number	Conditions	E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)	$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)	Miss detection probability
1	VA30	-23.2	0	0.01

# 11 Performance requirement (MBMS)

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

### 11.1 Demodulation of MCCH

The receive characteristic of the MCCH is determined by the RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER). The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

### 11.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.1 the average downlink S-CCPCH $\_E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.2.

Table 11.1: Parameters for MCCH detection

Parameter	Unit	
		Test 1
Phase reference	-	P-CPICH
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3
MCCH Data Rate		7.6 kbps
Propagation condition		VA3

Table 11.2: Test requirements for MCCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-11.6	0.01

### 11.2 Demodulation of MTCH

The receive characteristic of the MTCH is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER). RLC SDU ER is specified for each individual data rate of the MTCH. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

### 11.2.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.3 the average downlink S-CCPCH\_ $E_c$  / $I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.4.

Table 11.3: Parameters for MTCH detection

Parameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Phase reference	-	P.	P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
MTCH Data Rate		128 kbps	256 kbps	128 kbps
Transmission Time Interval	ms	40	40	80
Propagation condition			VA3	
Number of Radio Links p		3	3	3
Delay of Radio Link 2 compared with Radio Link 1		160ms	20 ms	20 ms
Delay of Radio Link 3 compared with Radio Link 1		1240ms	40.67 ms (1 TTI + 1 slot)	80.67 ms (1 TTI + 1 slot)

Table 11.4: Test requirements for MTCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-4.9	0.1
2	-5.6	0.1
3	-8.5	0.1

### 11.3 Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification

MBMS combining is not controlled by a network but instead it is autonomously handled by a terminal. UE has to be able to receive MTCH and identify intra-frequency neighbour cells according to the requirements. The receive characteristic of the MTCH combined with cell identification is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER).

# 11.3.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.5 the average downlink S-CCPCH $\_E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU error rate shown in Table 11.6. The cell reselection parameters are given in clause A.9 in Table A.34. The different cells are assumed to be time aligned.

Table 11.5: Parameters for MTCH demodulation requirements with cell identification

Parameter	Parameter Unit Test 1			
Parameter	Unit	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 2
Time in each stage	S	2	0.8	3
Phase reference	-		P-CPICH	
$I_{oc}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	-73	-70
Cell1 $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	0	-3
Cell2 $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3	0	-infinity
Cell3 $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	0	-3
Propagation condition		Case1		
MTCH Data Rate	Kbps	128		
Number of Radio Links		2	3	2

Table 11.6: Requirements for MTCH detection

Test Number	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor (dB)	RLC SDU ER
1	-5.6	0.05

# Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

### A.1 General

The measurement channels in this annex are defined to derive the requirements in clauses 6, 7 and 8. The measurement channels represent example configuration of radio access bearers for different data rates.

The measurement channel for 12.2 kbps shall be supported by any UE both in up- and downlink. Support for other measurement channels is depending on the UE Radio Access capabilities.

### A.2 UL reference measurement channel

## A.2.1 UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12.2 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.1 and Table A.2. The channel coding for information is shown in figure A.1.

Table A.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12.2 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	12.2
DPDCH	kbps	60
DPCCH	kbps	15
DPCCH Slot Format #i	-	0
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-5.46
TFCI	-	On
Repetition % 23		
NOTE: Slot Format #2 is used for closed loop tests in subclause 8.6.2.		

TE: Slot Format #2 is used for closed loop tests in subclause 8.6.2.
Slot Format #2 and #5 are used for site selection diversity transmission tests in subclause 8.6.3

Table A.2: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Parameters	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	244	100
Transport Block Set Size	244	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

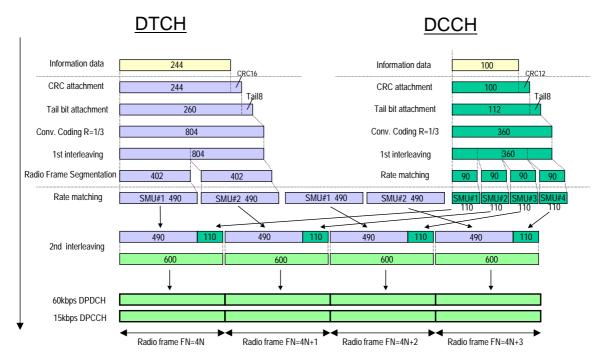


Figure A.1 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

# A.2.2 UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the 64 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.3 and Table A.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure A.2. This measurement channel is not currently used in TS 25.101 but can be used for future requirements.

Table A.3: UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	64
DPDCH	kbps	240
DPCCH	kbps	15
DPCCH Slot Format #i	-	0
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-9.54
TFCI	-	On
Repetition	%	18

Table A.4: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	1280	100
Transport Block Set Size	1280	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

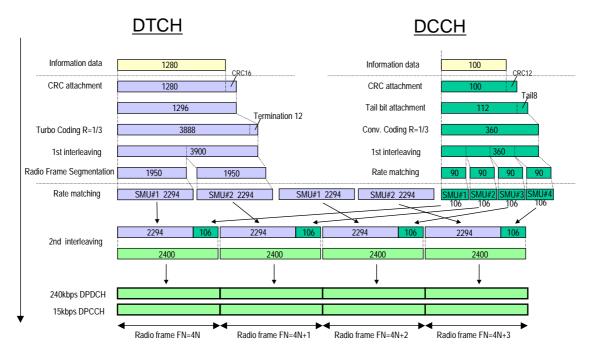


Figure A.2 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

# A.2.3 UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the 144 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.5 and Table A.6. The channel coding for information is shown in Figure A.3. This measurement channel is not currently used in the present document but can be used for future requirements.

Table A.5: UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	144
DPDCH	kbps	480
DPCCH	kbps	15
DPCCH Slot Format #i	-	0
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-11.48
TFCI	-	On
Repetition	%	8

Table A.6: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (144kbps)

Parameters	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	2880	100
Transport Block Set Size	2880	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

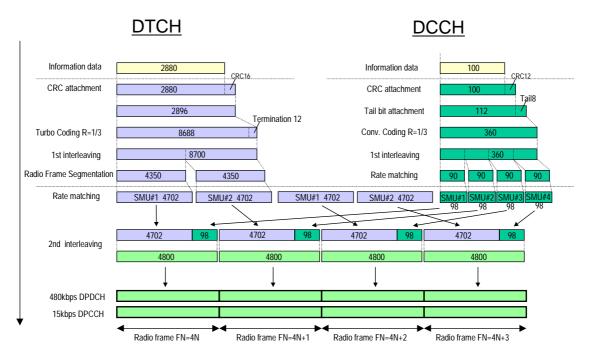


Figure A.3 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

# A.2.4 UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the 384 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.7 and Table A.8. The channel coding for information is shown in Figure A.4. This measurement channel is not currently used in TS 25.101 but can be used for future requirements.

Table A.7: UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	384
DPDCH	kbps	960
DPCCH	kbps	15
DPCCH Slot Format #I	-	0
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-11.48
TFCI	-	On
Puncturing	%	18

Table A.8: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	3840	100
Transport Block Set Size	3840	100
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

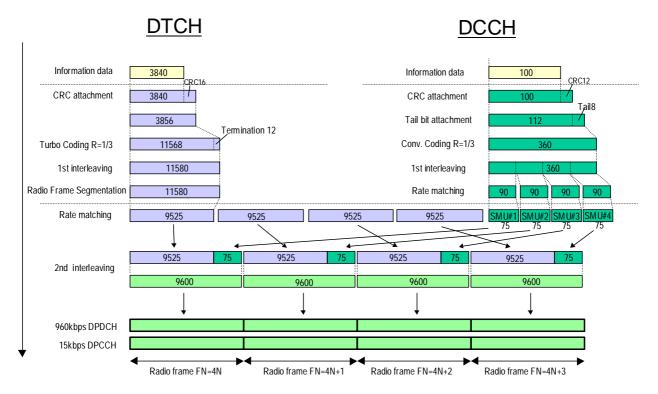


Figure A.4 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

# A.2.5 UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps)

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for 768 kbps are specified in Table A.9 and Table A.10.

Table A.9: UL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (768 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	2*384
DPDCH₁	kbps	960
DPDCH <sub>2</sub>	kbps	960
DPCCH	kbps	15
DPCCH Slot Format #i	-	0
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-11.48
TFCI	-	On
Puncturing	%	18

Table A.10: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	3840	100
Transport Block Set Size	7680	100
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

# A.3 DL reference measurement channel

# A.3.0 DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps)

The parameters for the 0 kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.10A and Table A.10B. The channel coding is shown for information in figure A.4A.

Table A.10A: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (0 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	0
DPCH	ksps	30
Slot Format #I	-	11
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Puncturing	%	13.9

Table A.10B: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (0 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	0	100
Transport Block Set Size	0	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

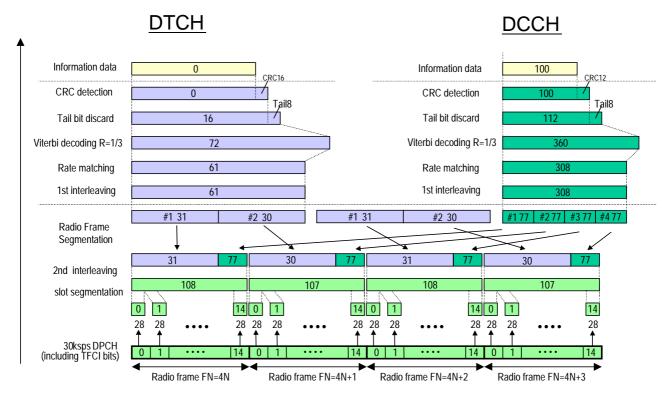


Figure A.4A (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps)

# A.3.1 DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12.2 Kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.11 and Table A.12. The channel coding is shown for information in figure A.5.

Table A.11: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12.2 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	12.2
DPCH	ksps	30
Slot Format #i	-	11
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Puncturing	%	14.7

Table A.12: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	244	100
Transport Block Set Size	244	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

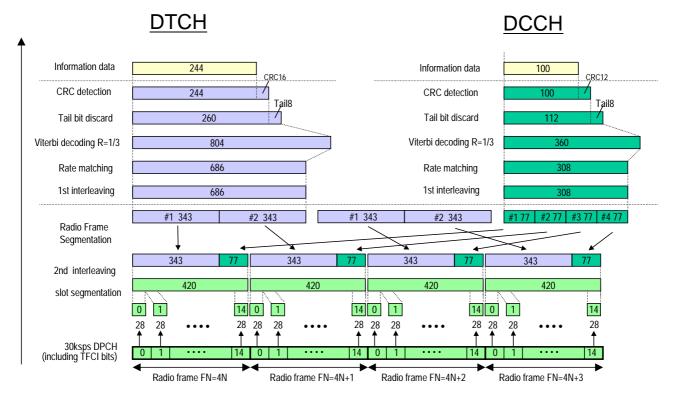


Figure A.5 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

# A.3.2 DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 64 kbps are specified in Table A.13 and Table A.14. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.6.

Table A.13: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (64 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	64
DPCH	ksps	120
Slot Format #i	-	13
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Repetition	%	2.9

Table A.14: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	1280	100
Transport Block Set Size	1280	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

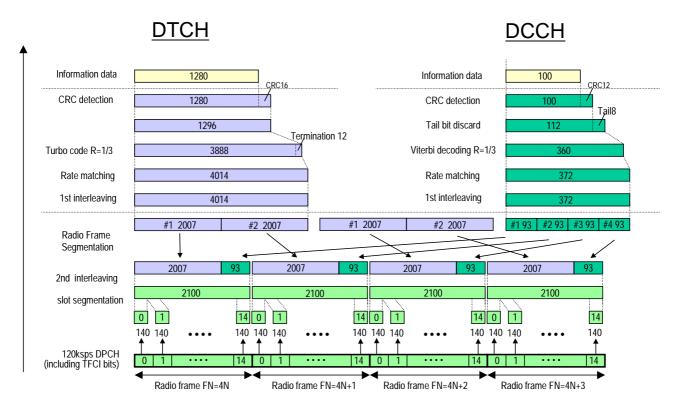


Figure A.6 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

## A.3.3 DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the DL measurement channel for 144 kbps are specified in Table A.15 and Table A.16. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.7.

Table A.15: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (144 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	144
DPCH	ksps	240
Slot Format #i	-	14
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Puncturing	%	2.7

Table A.16: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	2880	100
Transport Block Set Size	2880	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

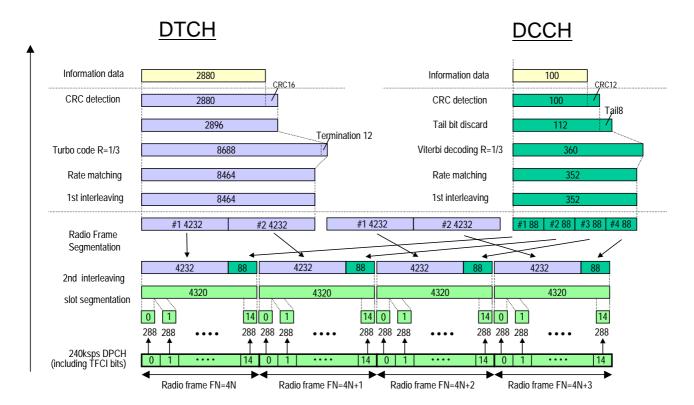


Figure A.7 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

## A.3.4 DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the DL measurement channel for 384 kbps are specified in Table A.17 and Table A.18. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.8

Table A.17: DL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (384 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	384
DPCH	ksps	480
Slot Format # i	-	15
TFCI		On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Puncturing	%	22

Table A.18: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	3840	100
Transport Block Set Size	3840	100
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	Fixed

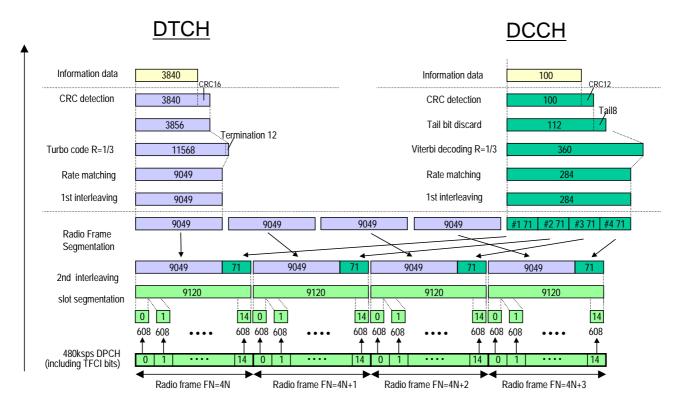


Figure A.8 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

### A.3.5 DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 64 kbps are specified in Table A.18A and Table A.18B. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.8A.

Table A.18A: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (64 kbps)

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate (DTCH)	kbps	64
Information bit rate (DCCH)	kbps	3.4
DPCH	ksps	120
Slot Format #i	-	13
TFCI	-	On
Puncturing (DTCH)	%	8.6
Repetition (DCCH)	%	27.9

Table A.18B: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	336	148
Transport Block Set Size	1344	148
Transport blocks per TTI	4	1
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	143	200
Size of CRC	16	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

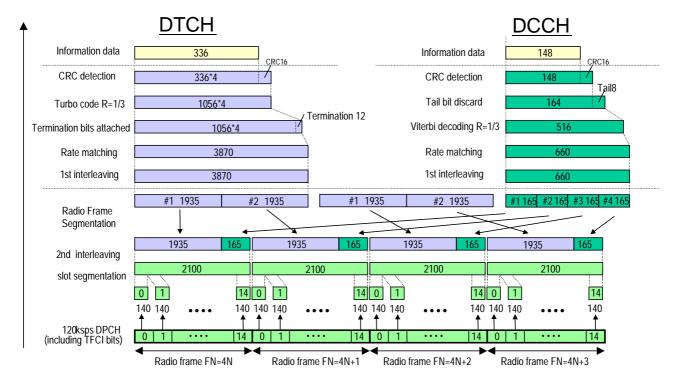


Figure A.8A (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)

# A.4 DL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for DL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in Table A.19 and Table A.20. The channel coding for information is shown in figures A.9, A.10, and A11.

Table A.19: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters for BTFD

Parameter	Unit	Rate 1	Rate 2	Rate 3	
Information bit rate	kbps	12.2	7.95	1.95	
DPCH	ksps	30			
Slot Format # i	-	8			
TFCI	-	Off			
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0			
Repetition	%	5			

Table A.20: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters for BTFD

Parameter	DTCH			DCCH	
Parameter	Rate 1	Rate 2	Rate 3	ВССН	
Transport Channel Number	1		2		
Transport Block Size	244	244 159 39		100	
Transport Block Set Size	244 159 39		100		
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms		40 ms		
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding		Convolution Coding		
Coding Rate	1/3		1/3		
Rate Matching attribute	256		256		
Size of CRC	12		12		
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed		fixed		

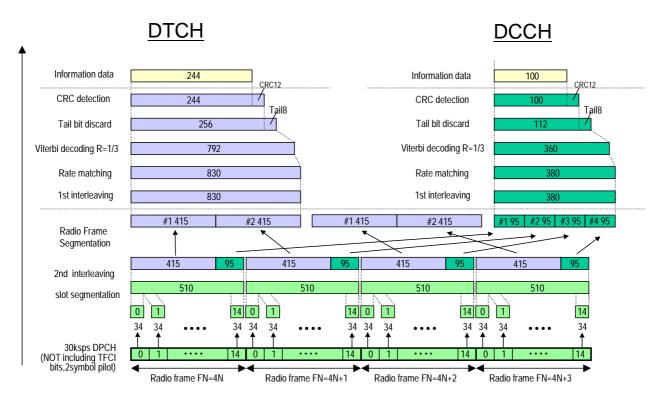


Figure A.9 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 1)

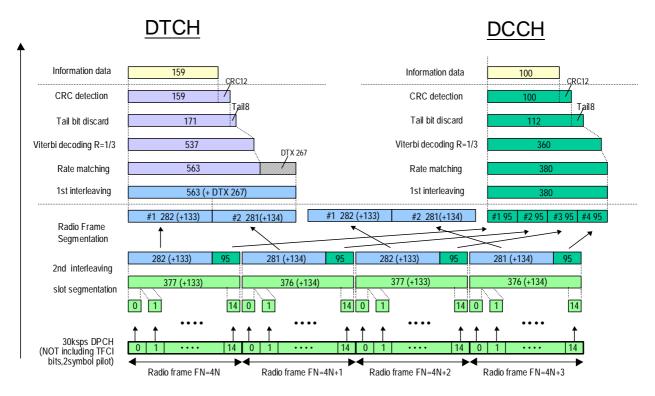


Figure A.10 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 2)

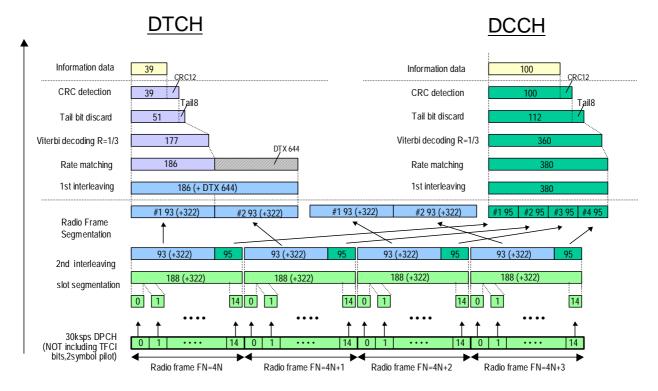


Figure A.11 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 3)

# A.4A (void)

Table A.20A: (void)

Table A.20B: (void)

Figure A.11A (void)

# A.5 DL reference compressed mode parameters

Parameters described in Table A.21 are used in some test specified in TS 25.101 while parameters described in Table A.22 and Table A.22A are used in some tests specified in TS 25.133.

Parameters in Table A.21 are applicable when compressed mode by spreading factor reduction is used in downlink.

Table A.21: Compressed mode reference pattern 1 parameters

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)	11	4	
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	7	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	15	Only one gap in use.
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	4	4	
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
Count)			
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame	NA	0	Defined by higher layers
Number):			
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible
			DL &UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11B	
Scrambling code change	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	

Table A.22: Compressed mode reference pattern 2 parameters

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Set 4	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot	4	4	8	
Number)				
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	7	7	14	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	-	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	0	
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	3	12	4	
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
Repetition Count)				
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number):	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher layers
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations possible. DL & UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11B	11B	
Scrambling code change	No	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	0	

Table A.22A: Compressed mode reference pattern 3 parameters

Parameter	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Set 4	Note
TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot	8	8	8	8	
Number)					
TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)	14	14	14	14	
TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)	1	-	-	-	Only one gap in use.
TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)	0	0	0	0	
TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)	8	24	24	24	
TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern	NA	NA	NA	NA	Defined by higher
Repetition Count)					layers
TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection	0	4	12	20	
Frame Number):					
UL/DL compressed mode selection	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	DL & UL	2 configurations
					possible. DL & UL / DL
UL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
DL compressed mode method	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	SF/2	
Downlink frame type and Slot format	11B	11B	11B	11B	
Scrambling code change	No	No	No	No	
RPP (Recovery period power control mode)	0	0	0	0	
ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)	0	0	0	0	

# A.6 DL reference parameters for PCH tests

The parameters for the PCH demodulation tests are specified in Table A.23 and Table A.24.

Table A.23: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	ksps	30
Slot Format #i	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table A.24: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	PCH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/2
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed

# A.7 DL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests

# A.7.1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)

### A.7.1.1 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 1

Table A.25: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 1

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534	777	
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	3	3	
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	2	2	
	ses		2	
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	3202	4664	
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1	
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680	
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	19200	19200	
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600	
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61	
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4	
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	
Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant				
power but only every third TTI shall be allocated to the UE				
under test.				

Inf. Bit Payload 3202 24 CRC CRC Addition 3202 Code Block 3226 Segmentation Turbo-Encoding 12 Tail Bits 9678 (R=1/3)1st Rate Matching 9600 **RV** Selection 4800 Physical Channel Segmentation

Figure A.12: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (QPSK)

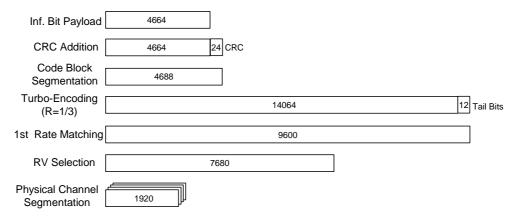


Figure A.13: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (16 QAM)

### A.7.1.2 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 2

Table A.26: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801	1166	
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	2	2	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3	3	
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	3202	4664	
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1	
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680	
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	28800	28800	
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600	
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61	
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4	
Modulation QPSK 16QAM				
Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but only every second TTI shall be allocated to the UE under test				

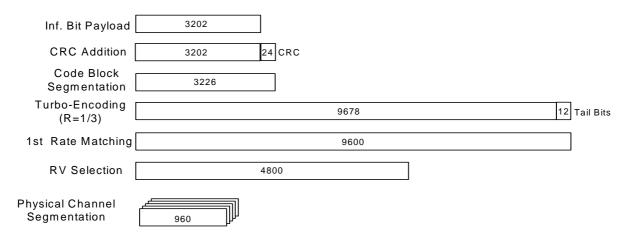


Figure A.14: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2 (QPSK)

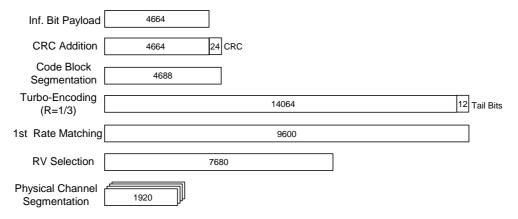


Figure A.15: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2 (16QAM)

### A.7.1.3 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 3

**Table A.27: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 3** 

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	1601	2332
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle I\!N\!F}}$ )	Bits	3202	4664
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800	7680
Total Available SML"s,in UE	SML"s	57600	57600
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600	9600
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5	4
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM

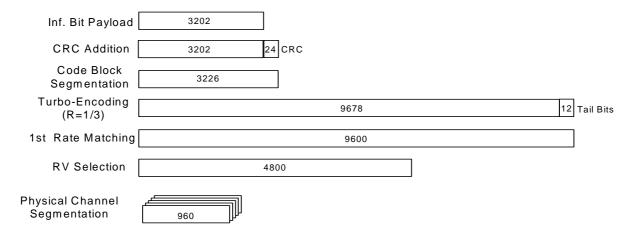


Figure A.16: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (QPSK)

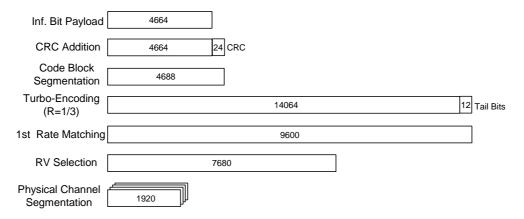


Figure A.17: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (16QAM)

#### A.7.1.4 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 4

Table A.28: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

Parameter	Unit	Value		
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534		
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	2		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2		
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle INF}}$ )	Bits	3202		
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1		
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800		
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	14400		
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	7200		
Coding Rate		0.67		
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5		
Modulation		QPSK		
Note: This FRC is used to verify the minimum inter-TTI distance for UE category 11. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. The six sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling pattern shall repeat as follows: OOXOXOOOXOXO, where "X" marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses the identity of the UE under test and "O" marks TTI, in which HS-SCCH uses a different identity.				

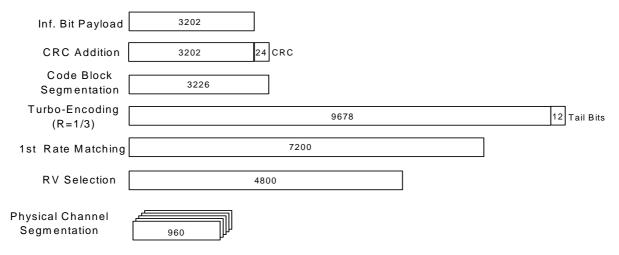


Figure A.18: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

#### A.7.1.5 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 5

Table A.29: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	801
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	3
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	28800
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	9600
Coding Rate		0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation		QPSK

Note:

This FRC is used to verify the minimum inter-TTI distance for UE category 12. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. The six sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling pattern shall repeat as follows:

...OOXXXOOOXXXO...,

where "X" marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses the identity of the UE under test and "O" marks TTI, in which HS-SCCH uses a different identity.

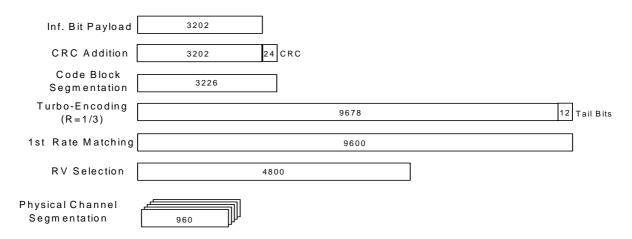


Figure A.19: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

#### A.7.1.6 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 6

Table A.30: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 6

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	3219	4689
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI"s	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	6	6
	ses	0	0
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle INF}}$ )	Bits	6438	9377
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	9600	15360
Total Available SML"s in UE	SML"s	115200	115200
Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.	SML"s	19200	19200
Coding Rate		0.67	0.61
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	10	8
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM

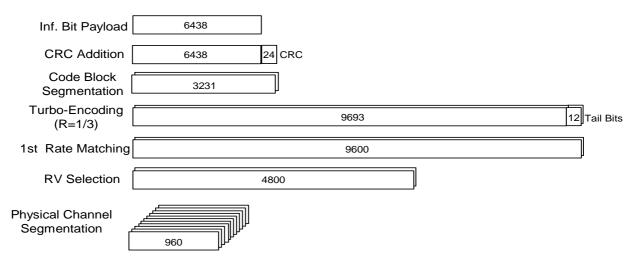


Figure A.20: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 6 (QPSK)

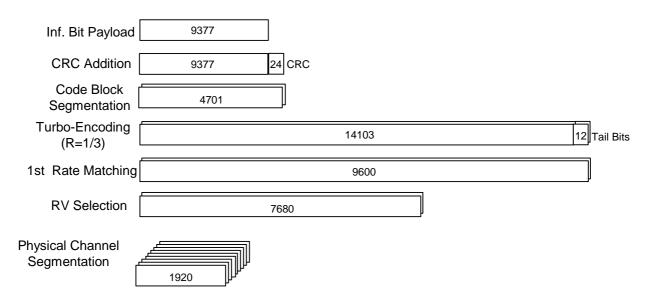


Figure A.21: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 6 (16 QAM)

## A.8 DL reference parameters for MBMS tests

#### A.8.1 MCCH

The parameters for the MCCH demodulation tests are specified in Table A.30 and Table A.31.

Table A.30: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	30
Channel symbol rate	ksps	15
Slot Format #i	-	2
TFCI	-	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table A.31: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	MCCH
User Data Rate	7.6 kbps
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	72
Transport Block Set Size	72
RLC SDU block size	4088
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Repetition period	640 ms
Modification period	1280 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Flexible

#### A.8.1 MTCH

The parameters for the MTCH demodulation tests are specified in Table A.32 and Table A.33.

Table A.32: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	Unit	Level	Level
User Data Rate	kpbs	256	128
Channel bit rate	kbps	960	480
Channel symbol rate	ksps	480	240
Slot Format #i	-	14	12
TFCI	-	ON	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0	0

Table A.33: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter		MTCH	
User Data Rate	256 kbps	128 kbps 40 ms TTI	128 kbps, 80 ms TTI
Transport Channel Number	1	1	1
Transport Block Size	2560	2560	2560
Transport Block Set Size	10240	5120	10240
Nr of transport blocks/TTI	4	2	4
RLC SDU block size	10160	5072	10160
Transmission Time Interval	40 ms	40 ms	80 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo	Turbo	Turbo
Rate Matching attribute	256	256	256
Size of CRC	16	16	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Flexible	Flexible	Flexible

## A.9 DL reference parameters for combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification

Parameters for combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification requirements are defined in Table A.34.

**Table A.34: Cell reselection parameters** 

Parameter	Unit	Value
Serving cell in the initial condition		Cell1
Neighbour cells		32 intra-frequency neighbour cells are indicated including Cell2 and Cell3
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_ measure		CPICH E₀/N₀
Qqualmin	dB	-20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB	21
Qhyst2	dB	20 dB
Treselection	seconds	4
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		not sent

## Annex B (normative): Propagation conditions

#### B.1 (void)

### **B.2** Propagation Conditions

## B.2.1 Static propagation condition

The propagation for the static performance measurement is an Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) environment. No fading and multi-paths exist for this propagation model.

#### B.2.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

Table B1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment. All taps have classical Doppler spectrum.

Table B.1: Propagation Conditions for Multi path Fading Environments (Cases 1 to 6)

Cas	se 1	Cas	Case 2 Case 3 Case 4		Case 3		se 4	Case 5	(Note 1)	Cas	se 6
Speed for	r Band I,	Speed for	r Band I,	Speed for	r Band I,	Speed for	or Band I,	Speed for Band I,		Speed for Band I,	
II, III a	ind IV:	· II, III a	ind IV:	· II, III a	and IV:	· II, III a	and IV:	· II, III a	ınd IV:	· II, III a	ind IV:
3 k	m/h	3 k	m/h	120	km/h		m/h	50 k	m/h		km/h
Speed f	or Band	Speed f	or Band	Speed f	or Band	Speed f	or Band	Speed f	or Band	Speed f	or Band
· V an	d VI:	· V an	d VI:	· V an	d VI:	· V an	id VI:	· V an	d VI:	· V an	d VI:
7 k	m/h	7 k	m/h	282 km	/h (Note	7 k	m/h	118	km/h	583 km	/h (Note
				2	<u>?</u> ) `					2) `	
					•						•
Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative	Relative
Delay	mean	Delay	mean	Delay	mean	Delay	mean	Delay	mean	Delay	mean
[ns]	Power	[ns]	Power	[ns]	Power	[ns]	Power	[ns]	Power	[ns]	Power
. ,	[dB]		[dB]		[dB]		[dB]		[dB]		[dB]
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
976	-10	976	0	260	-3	976	0	976	-10	260	-3
		20000	0	521	-6					521	-6
				781	-9	]				781	-9

NOTE 1: Case 5 is only used in TS25.133.

NOTE 2: Speed above 250km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

#### Table B.1A: (void)

Table B.1B shows propagation conditions that are used for HSDPA performance measurements in multi-path fading environment. For HSDPA enhanced performance requirements, the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals provided in each receiver antenna port shall be independent.

Table B.1B: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for HSDPA Performance Requirements

Spee			Speed	hicular A   30km/h A30)	Speed	ehicular A d 120km/h /A120)	
	and I, II, III and IV	\ '-'/		Speed for Bar	nd I, II, III and IV km/h		Band I, II, III and IV
Speed fo	km/h or Band V, VI km/h	3 km/h Speed for Band V, VI 7 km/h		•	· Band V, VI km/h	Speed fo	0 km/h or Band V, VI n/h (Note 1)
Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Relative Mean Delay Power [ns] [dB]		Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]	Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	-9.7	200	-0.9	310	-1.0	310	-1.0
190	-19.2	800	-4.9	710	-9.0	710	-9.0
410	-22.8	1200	1200 -8.0		-10.0	1090	-10.0
		2300	2300 -7.8		-15.0	1730	-15.0
		3700	-23.9	2510	-20.0	2510	-20.0

NOTE 1: Speed above 120km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

Table B.1C shows propagation conditions that are used for CQI test in multi-path fading. For HSDPA enhanced performance requirements, the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals provided in each receiver antenna port shall be independent.

Table B.1C: Propagation Conditions for CQI test in multi-path fading

Case 8, speed 30km/h					
Relative Delay [ns] Relative mean Power [c					
0	0				
976	-10				

Table B.1D shows propagation conditions that are used for MBMS demodulation performance measurements in multipath fading environment.

Table B.1D: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBMS Performance Requirements

ITU vehicular A					
	Speed 3km/h				
	VA 3)				
Speed for I	Band I, II, III and				
	IV				
3	3 km/h				
Speed for	or Band V, VI				
7	′ km/h				
Relative	Relative				
Delay	Mean Power				
[ns]	[dB]				
0	0				
310	-1.0				
710 -9.0					
1090	-10.0				
1730	-15.0				
2510	-20.0				

#### B.2.3 Moving propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance are non fading channel models with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two tap, one static, Path0, and one moving, Path1. The time difference between the two paths is according Equation (B.1). The taps have equal strengths and equal phases.

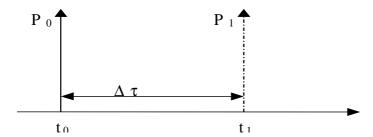


Figure B.1: The moving propagation conditions

$$\Delta \tau = B + \frac{A}{2} \left( 1 + \sin(\Delta \omega \cdot t) \right)$$
 (B.1)

The parameters in the equation are shown in the following table.

Table B.2

Parameter	Value
Α	5 μs
В	1 μs
Δω	40*10 <sup>-3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>

#### B.2.4 Birth-Death propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the base band performance is a non fading propagation channel with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, Path1 and Path2 which alternate between 'birth' and 'death'. The positions the paths appear are randomly selected with an equal probability rate and is shown in Figure B.2.

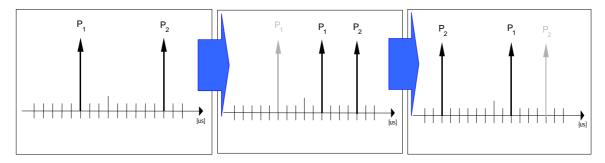


Figure B.2: Birth death propagation sequence

- 1. Two paths, Path1 and Path2 are randomly selected from the group[-5,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5]  $\mu$ s. The paths have equal magnitudes and equal phases.
- 2. After 191 ms, Path1 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5] μs but excludes the point Path 2. The magnitudes and the phases of the tap coefficients of Path 1 and Path 2 shall remain unaltered.
- 3. After an additional 191 ms, Path2 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5] µs but excludes the point Path 1. The magnitudes and the phases of the tap coefficients of Path 1 and Path 2 shall remain unaltered.

116

The sequence in 2) and 3) is repeated.

## Annex C (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

#### C.1 General

This annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection.

### C.2 Connection Set-up

Table C.1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel
P-CPICH
P-CCPCH
SCH
S-CCPCH
PICH
AICH
DPCH

## C.3 During connection

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done. For these measurements the offset between DPCH and SCH shall be zero chips at Node B meaning that SCH is overlapping with the first symbols in DPCH in the beginning of DPCH slot structure.

#### C.3.1 Measurement of Rx Characteristics

Table C.2 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Table C.2: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

Physical Channel	Power ratio
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 7 dB
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 5 dB
SCH	SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 5 dB
PICH	PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 2 dB
DPCH	Test dependent power

### C.3.2 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table C.3 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements (clause 8), including subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level) and subclause 6.4.4 (Out-of-synchronization handling of output power).

Table C.3: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection<sup>1</sup>

Physical Channel	Power ratio	NOTE	
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	Use of P-CPICH or S-CPICH as phase reference is specified for each requirement and is also set by higher layer signalling.	
S-CPICH	S-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	When S-CPICH is the phase reference in a test condition, the phase of S-CPICH shall be 180 degrees offset from the phase of P-CPICH. When S-CPICH is not the phase reference, it is not transmitted.	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	When BCH performance is tested the P- CCPCH_Ec/lor is test dependent	
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels	
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB		
DPCH	Test dependent power	When S-CPICH is the phase reference in a test condition, the phase of DPCH shall be 180 degrees offset from the phase of P-CPICH.  When BCH performance is tested the DPCH is not transmitted.	
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one <sup>1</sup>	OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.6.	

NOTE 1 For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used.

#### C.3.3 Connection with open-loop transmit diversity mode

Table C.4 is applicable for measurements for subclause 8.6.1 (Demodulation of DCH in open loop transmit diversity mode).

Table C.4: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection<sup>1</sup>

Physical Channel	Power ratio	NOTE
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor = -13 dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor = -13 dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor = -15 dB	STTD applied
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor = -15 dB	2. Total P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	TSTD applied.     This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels     When BCH performance is tested the P-CCPCH_Ec/lor is test dependent
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor = -18 dB	STTD applied
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor = -18 dB	2. Total PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB
DPCH	Test dependent power	STTD applied     Total power from both antennas
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (Ior) adds to one <sup>1</sup>	1.This power shall be divided equally between antennas     2.OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 1 For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used.

#### C.3.4 Connection with closed loop transmit diversity mode

Table C.5 is applicable for measurements for subclause 8.6.2 (Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode).

Table C.5: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection<sup>1</sup>

Physical Channel	Power ratio	NOTE
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor = -13 dB	1. Total P-CPICH Ec/lor = -10 dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor = -13 dB	1. Total F-CFICH_EC/IOI = -10 dB
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor = -15 dB	STTD applied
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor = -15 dB	<ol> <li>STTD applied,</li> <li>total P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB</li> </ol>
SCH (antenna 1 / 2)	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	TSTD applied
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor = -18 dB	STTD applied
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor = -18 dB	2. STTD applied, total PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB
DPCH	Test dependent power	Total power from both antennas
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one (Notes 1 & 2)	1.This power shall be divided equally between antennas     2. OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels. as specified in Table C.6.

Note 1 For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used.

Note 2 For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table C.6: DPCH Channelization Code and relative level settings for OCNS signal

Channelization Code at SF=128	Relative Level setting (dB) (Note 1)	DPCH Data
2	-1	The DPCH data for each
11	-3	channelization code shall be
17	-3	uncorrelated with each other
23	-5	and with any wanted signal
31	-2	over the period of any
38	-4	measurement. For OCNS
47	-8	with transmit diversity the
55	-7	DPCH data sent to each
62	-4	antenna shall be either
69	-6	STTD encoded or generated
78	-5	from uncorrelated sources.
85	-9	
94	-10	]
125	-8	]
113	-6	]
119	0	]

NOTE 1: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

NOTE: The DPCH Channelization Codes and relative level settings are chosen to simulate a signal with realistic Peak to Average Ratio.

#### C.3.5 (void)

Table C.6A: (void)

#### C.4 W-CDMA Modulated Interferer

Table C.7 describes the downlink Channels that are transmitted as part of the W-CDMA modulated interferer.

Table C.7: Spreading Code, Timing offsets and relative level settings for W-CDMA Modulated Interferer signal channels

Channel Type	Spreading Factor	Channelization Code	Timing offset (x256T <sub>chip</sub> )	Power	NOTE
P-CCPCH	256	1	0	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	
SCH	256	-	0	SCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	The SCH power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
P-CPICH	256	0	0	P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	
PICH	256	16	16	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	
OCNS	See table C.6		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (Ior) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of the dedicated data channels. as specified in Table C.6.	

## C.5 HSDPA DL Physical channels

#### C.5.1 Downlink Physical Channels connection set-up

Table C.8 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 7.4.2, 9.2.1 and 9.3. Table C.9 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.2.2. Table C.10 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.2.3. Table C.11 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.4.1. Table C.12 is applicable for the measurements in subclause 9.4.2

Table C.8: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Single Link performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor	-10dB	
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	Mean power level is shared with SCH.
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor	Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split be both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213 S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0	
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor	-15dB	
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.

Table C.9: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Open Loop Transmit Diversity performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is -12dB.
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	TSTD applied.     Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is -15dB.
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied.
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	STTD applied.     Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	UE assumes STTD applied.     No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	2. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. STTD applied.
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one (Note 1)	1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. Power divided equally between antennas. 3. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.

Note 1 For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table C.10: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Closed Loop.

Transmit Diversity (Mode-1) performance.

Physical Channel	Parameter	Value	Note
P-CPICH (antenna 1)	P-CPICH_Ec1/lor	-13dB	1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB
P-CPICH (antenna 2)	P-CPICH_Ec2/lor	-13dB	
P-CCPCH (antenna 1)	P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor	-15dB	1. STTD applied.
P-CCPCH (antenna 2)	P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor	-15dB	2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is -12dB.
SCH (antenna 1/2)	SCH_Ec/lor	-12dB	TSTD applied.     Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.
PICH (antenna 1)	PICH_Ec1/lor	-18dB	1. STTD applied.
PICH (antenna 2)	PICH_Ec2/lor	-18dB	2. Total PICH Ec/lor is -15dB.
DPCH	DPCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. CL1 applied.
HS-SCCH-1	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	STTD applied.     Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).
HS-SCCH-2	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	UE assumes STDD] applied.     No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.
HS-SCCH-3	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	1. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-SCCH-4	HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	DTX"d	2. As HS-SCCH-2.
HS-PDSCH	HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	Test-specific	1. CL1 applied.
OCNS		Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (Ior) adds to one (Note 1)	1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. Power divided equally between antennas. 3. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.

Note 1 For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table C.11: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance

Parameter	Units	Value	Comment
CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	
P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with SCH.
SCH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-12	Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH - SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213 S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0
PICH $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-15	
HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-  1. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-2
HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-3
HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-4
$DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-8	12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1
HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Test Specific	All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal $E_{c}/I_{or}.$
HS-SCCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		Specifies $E_{c}$ / $I_{or}$ when TTI is active.
HS-SCCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		
HS-SCCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB		
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one (Note 1)	1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.

Note 1 For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table C.12: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance in Open Loop Diversity

Parameter	Units	Value	Comment				
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 1)	dB	-13	1. Total P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -10dB				
P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 2)	dB	-13	1. Total 1 -Of Total $L_c / T_{or} = -100D$				
P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 1)	dB	-15	1. STTD applied				
P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 2)	dB	-15	2. Total P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -12dB				
SCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 1/2)	dB	-12	TSTD applied     Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH - SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both.     P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213     S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0				
PICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 1)	dB	-15	1. STTD applied				
PICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 2)	dB	-15	2. Total PICH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -12dB				
HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	-10	STTD applied     HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-1				
HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	STTD applied     HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-2				
HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	STTD applied     HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-3				
HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	DTX	STTD applied     HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-4				
$DPCH\ E_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$	dB	-8	STTD applied     12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1				
HS-SCCH-1 $E_c$ / $I_{or}$	dB		4 CTTD applied				
HS-SCCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Toot Chaoifia	1. STTD applied 2. All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal $E_c/I_{or}$ .				
HS-SCCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Test Specific	3. Specifies $E_c/I_{or}$ when TTI is active.				
HS-SCCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$	dB						
OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$	dB	Remaining power at Node-B (including HS- SCCH power allocation when HS- SCCH"s inactive).	STTD applied     CONS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.     Power divided equally between antennas				

#### C.5.2 OCNS Definition

The selected channelization codes and relative power levels for OCNS transmission during for HSDPA performance assessment are defined in Table C.13. The selected codes are designed to have a single length-16 parent code.

Table C.13: OCNS definition for HSDPA receiver testing.

Channelization Code at SF=128	Relative Level setting (dB) (Note 1)	DPCH Data
122	0	The DPCH data for each channelization code
123	-2	shall be uncorrelated with each other and with
124	-2	any wanted signal over the period of any
125	-4	measurement. For OCNS with transmit
126	-1	diversity the DPCH data sent to each antenna
127	-3	shall be either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated sources.

Note 1 The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

## C.6 MBMS DL Physical channels

## C.6.1 Downlink Physical Channels connection set-up

Table C.14 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements in Clause 11.

Table C.14: Downlink Physical Channels on each radiolink

Physical Channel	Power ratio	NOTE
P-CPICH	P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB	Only P-CPICH is used as phase reference for S-CCPCH carrying MCCH or MTCH.
P-CCPCH	P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	
SCH	SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB	This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels
PICH	PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB	
S-CCPCH	S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = test dependent	
DPCH	TBD	DPCH is enable only when UE has capability to receive MBMS in CELL_DCH state
OCNS	Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (Ior) adds to one	OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.6.

## Annex D (normative): Environmental conditions

#### D.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

## D.2 Environmental requirements

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

#### D.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

#### Table D.1

+15°C to +35°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to +55°C	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 for extreme operation.

#### D.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table D.2

Power source	Lower extreme	Higher extreme	Normal conditions		
	voltage	voltage	voltage		
AC mains	0,9 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	nominal		
Regulated lead acid battery	0,9 * nominal	1,3 * nominal	1,1 * nominal		
Non regulated batteries:					
Leclanché / lithium	0,85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal		
Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0,90 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal		

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

#### D.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

Table D.3

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration
5 Hz to 20 Hz	$0.96 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0,96 m <sup>2</sup> /s <sup>3</sup> at 20 Hz, thereafter -3 dB/Octave

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 for extreme operation

# Annex E (informative): Change history

**Table E.1: Change History** 

another CR to Re1-6 of this specification was produced. It was then implemented after TSG RAN #19 together with CR201r1	TSG	Doc	CR	R	Title	Cat	Curr	New	Work Item
Note: CR166rt was approved at TSG RAN #16, but put on hold until another CR to Rel 6 of this specification was produced. It was then implemented after TSG RAN #19 together with CR201r1									
RP-030048   0201   1. Addition of requirement of CSICH demodulation when CA is active. F   S. 0.   6.0.0   TEI6   RP-03027   0232   Repulation of requirement of CSICH demodulation when CA is active. F   S. 0.   6.0.0   E16   RP-03027   0234   Requirements on common channels with TX diversity   F   6.0.0   6.1.0   TEI6   RP-030270   0234   Requirements on common channels with TX diversity   F   6.0.0   6.1.0   TEI6   RP-030270   0234   Requirements on common channels with TX diversity   F   6.0.0   6.1.0   TEI6   RP-030271   0235   Repulation of TPC dynamic range in tests using DPCCH as a phase   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   TEI5   RP-030213   0245   Removal of some of the FRC test cases with PA3 channel   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   TEI5   RP-030217   0253   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Closed Loop   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Closed Loop   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSDPA CQI test   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSDPA CQI test in fading   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0259   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0251   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6   RP-030413   0254   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6   RP-030423   0267   TS   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6   RP-030430   0270   Correction of CR   60   implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6   RP-030450   0270   TS   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance for HS-SC   RP-030598   0278   Correction of CR   160   implementation for Correction of Power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6   RP-030598   0278   Correction of CR   160   implementation for HS-SCCH Performance for HS-SC   6.3.0   RInmpuMTS-RP-030608   0281		RP-020300	0166	1	FDD UE Performance Requirements		5.5.0	6.0.0	
Implemented after TSG RAN #19 together with CR20111					Note: CR166r1 was approved at TSG RAN #16, but put on hold until				UERecPerf
RP-030248   0201   1   Addition of requirement of CSICH demodulation when CA is active.   F. 5.0   6.00   TEIB									
RP-030217   0232   Maximum input power for the UE   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030207   0234   Requirements on common channels with TX diversity   F   6.00   6.10   TEI   RP-030207   0238   Problems with 'Out of sync' in Initial convergence test   A   6.00   6.10   TEI   RP-030207   0234   Correction of SDT performance requirements   A   6.00   6.10   TEI   RP-030217   0252   Correction of TPC dynamic range in tests using DPCCH as a phase   A   6.00   6.10   TEI   RP-030217   0252   Removal of some of the FRC test cases with PA3 channel   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030217   0253   Specification of HSDPA FCC test   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030217   0254   Specification of HSDPA FCC test   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA FCC test   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA-RC test   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSDPA-RC test   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA-RC test   A   6.00   6.10   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA-RC test   A   6.10   6.20   Est   RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA-RC test   A   6.10   6.20   Est   RP-030217   0256   A   6.10   HSDPA-RC test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030415   0254   Troblems with 'Out of sync' in Initial Convergence test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030423   0256   Test   Troblems with 'Out of sync' in Initial Convergence test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030428   0256   Test   Test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030428   0257   Test   Test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030418   0270   Test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030418   0270   Test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030596   0278   Test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   RP-030596   0278   Test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   TEI   Test   A   6.10   6.20   TEI   TEI   TEST   TEST									
RP-030220 (0234 1   Requirements on common channels with TX diversity				1		-		6.0.0	
RP-030207   0238   1   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial convergence test						Α			HSDPA-RF
RP-030217   0243   1   Correction of SSDT performance requirements   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   TEI				1	Requirements on common channels with TX diversity	F			
RP-030213 0245				1		Α			
RP-030217   0252   Removal of some of the FRC test cases with PA3 channel   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0253   Specification of HSDPA CQI test   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0254   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Closed Loop   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Closed Loop   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA CQI test in fading   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0250   Specification of HSDPA CQI test in fading   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0251   3   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   HSDPA-RP-030415   0264   Problems with 'Out of sync' in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   HSDPA-RP-030423   0265   1   Use blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI   RP-030596   0278   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI   RP-030696   0280   1   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0284   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0284   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030609   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030609   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030609   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-03				1		Α			
RP-030217   0252   Removal of some of the FRC test cases with PA3 channel   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSDPA CQI test   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Closed Loop   Transmit Diversity   RP-030217   0258   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0251   A   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.10   6.2.0   TEI-RP-030423   0264   1   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI-RP-030423   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI-RP-030418   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI-RP-030418   0270   Correction of CR   160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI-RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030606   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI-RP-030606   0282   Specification of HSDPA-FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0284   Specification of HSDPA-FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   Specification of HSDPA-FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   Specification of HSDPA-FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   Specification of HSDPA-FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   Specification of HSDPA-FRC Performance   MSDPA-FRC Performance   MSDP		RP-030213	0245			Α	6.0.0	6.1.0	TEI5
RP-030217   0253   Specification of HSDPA CQI test   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Closed Loop   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSDPA CQI test in fading   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0260   Specification of HSDPA CQI test in fading   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0251   3   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HSDPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   HSDPA-RP-030415   0264   1   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0265   1   UE blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0265   1   UE blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030418   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030418   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030545   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RINImp-UMTS85   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030606   0280   1   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030606   0280   1   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0281   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030606   0284   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030606   0284   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030606   0284   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030606   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030606   0304   Spec									
RP-030217   0256   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Closed Loop   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-Transmit Diversity									HSDPA-RF
RP-030217   0258   Specification of HSSCCH Performance   A   6.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0260   Specification of HSSCCH Performance   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0251   3   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0251   3   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEIS   RP-030423   0265   1   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEIS   RP-030423   0265   1   UE blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEIS   RP-030423   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEIS   RP-030428   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEIS   RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030596   0278   2   SML definition   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS80   RP-030596   0278   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEIS   RP-030608   0281   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEIS   RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0284   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030609   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030696   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0303   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0303   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0303   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.									HSDPA-RF
RP-030217   0258   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030217   0260   Specification of HSDPA CQI test in fading   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0251   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   HSDPA-RP-030415   0264   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0265   I   Del blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0265   I   Ue blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030418   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   Great Possible (Proposition of CR)   Tei   Tei		RP-030217	0256			Α	6.0.0	6.1.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-030417   0260   Specification of HSDPA CQI test in fading   A   6.0.0   6.1.0   HSDPA-RP-030417   0251   3   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   HSDPA-RP-030415   0264   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0265   1   UE blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030428   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030418   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI   RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS80   RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0284   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030605   0297   3   Clarification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030605   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030605   0302   Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0303   Correction of PR-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0304   Correction of CQI reporting section   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0304   Correction of PR-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDP					Transmit Diversity				
RP-030417   0251   3   Addition of transmitter characteristics for HS-DPCCH   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   HSDPA-RP-030415   0264   1   Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0265   1   Us blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030423   0267   1   Us blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030418   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI   RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030595   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030608   0282   1   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and 1-6 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities   RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0304   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0304   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0305   DTX handling for CQI testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0304   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0304   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Catego						Α			HSDPA-RF
RP-030415   0264   1						Α			HSDPA-RF
RP-030423   0265   1   UE blocking requirements   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6   RP-030423   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6   RP-030418   0270   Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms   A   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI5   RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030620   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030696   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI5   RP-030605   0280   1   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-ID-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-ID-030608   0285   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030608   0285   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030607   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0302   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0302   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0302   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0303   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0303   Corrections of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0304   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030695   0304   Correction of CQI Testing for UE Capability Cat				3		Α	6.1.0		HSDPA-RF
RP-030423   0267   1   Spurious Emission in GSM bands   F   6.1.0   6.2.0   TEI6				1	Problems with "Out of sync" in Initial Convergence test				
RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RINImp-UMTS850   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030696   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030605   0280   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-ID-16 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversitivs   RP-030608   0285   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030604   0286   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030607   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0302   RP-030595   0302   Reverallocation for HSDPA OCNS definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0303   Corrections of CQI reporting section   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   Correction		RP-030423	0265	1		F	6.1.0	6.2.0	TEI6
RP-030515   0271   1   Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850   B   6.1.0   6.2.0   MIImp-UMTS850   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030596   0274   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030696   0278   Correction of the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030605   0280   1   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS850   RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   Diversity   Diversity   Diversity   Diversity   RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   Government   RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   RP-030607   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   RP-030595   0302   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   RP-030595   0303   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   RP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   RP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1   RP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RINImp-UMTS85   RP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RINImp-UMTS85   RP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RINImp-UMTS85   RP-030595   0304   Correction for PRC test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RINImp-UMTS85   RP-030595   0304   Correction for PRC test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RINImp-UMTS85   RP-030595   0304   Correction for PRC test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RINImp-UMTS85		RP-030423	0267	1		F	6.1.0	6.2.0	TEI6
RP-030515   0271		RP-030418	0270		Correction of CR 160 implementation for Correction of power terms	Α	6.1.0	6.2.0	TEI5
RP-030720   0274   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS17									
RP-030720   0274   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI5   RP-030605   0280   1   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS80   RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0282   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Diversity   RP-030608   0284   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850   RP-030608   0285   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030604   0286   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030609   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030595   0302   Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030595   0302   Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   RP-030595   0303   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of PRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of PRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of PRC test in FRC test in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of PRC test in FRC test in FRC test in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Introduction of PRC test in FRC		RP-030515	0271	1	Frequency bands for UMTS1.7/2.1, UMTS800 and UMTS850	В	6.1.0	6.2.0	
RP-030720   0274   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6									UMTS850,
RP-030720 0274   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6									RInImp-
RP-030720 0274   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030596 0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI5   RP-030605 0280   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS80   RP-030608 0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608 0282   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit Diversity   RP-030608 0284   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and 1-6 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities   RP-030608 0285   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030604 0286   Specification of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030607 0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595 0302   Power allocation to HSDPA OCNS definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595 0302   Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595 0305   DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RDPA-RP-030595 0305   DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RDPA-RP-030603 0308   Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030603 0308   Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030605 0309   Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030605 0309   Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030605 0309   Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030605 0309   Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030605 0309   Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030605 0309   Additional Specification o									UMTS800,
RP-030596   0274   2   SML definition   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6									
RP-030596   0278   Correction of references to ITU recommendations   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI5									UMTS1721
RP-030605   0280   1   DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS80   RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-ID   RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-ID   Diversity   RP-030608   0284   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-ID-16 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities   RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-ID-16 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities   RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030607   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030595   0297   3   Clarification to HSDPA OCNS definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0302   Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0303   Corrections of CQI reporting section   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0305   DTX handling for CQI test in faling channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-IRP-030595   0307   Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030595   0307   Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   UMTS85   UM				2		F			
RP-030608   0281   Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030608   0282   1   Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-Diversity   RP-030608   0284   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1-6 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities   RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030607   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030595   0302   Power allocation to HSDPA OCNS definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0302   Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0303   Corrections of CQI reporting section   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0304   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595   0305   DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030590   0307   Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   UMTS80   MTS80   M						Α		6.3.0	
RP-030608         0281         Specification of HSDPA FRC Performance for H-Set 6         F         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-BRP-030608           RP-030608         0282         1         Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit Full Provided Provide		RP-030605	0280	1	DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band	В	6.2.0	6.3.0	
RP-030608         0282         1         Specification of HS-SCCH Performance with Open Loop Transmit Diversity         F         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-ID HS									UMTS800
RP-030608   0284   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1-6 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities   RP-030608   0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1-7-6   RP-030604   0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030607   0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030595   0297   3   Clarification to HSDPA OCNS definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-1-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-						•			HSDPA-RF
RP-030608         0284         1         Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11, 12 and 1-6 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-1-6 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities           RP-030608         0285         1         Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8         F         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-1-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-		RP-030608	0282	1		F	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
1-6 in Open and Closed Loop Transmit Diversities   RP-030608 0285   1   Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030604 0286   2   Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements   B   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85   RP-030607 0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6   RP-030595 0297   3   Clarification to HSDPA OCNS definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595 0302   Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595 0303   Corrections of CQI reporting section   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595 0304   Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030595 0305   DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   HSDPA-RP-030590 0307   Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition   A   6.2.0   6.3.0   RInImp-UMTS85 UMTS85									
RP-030608 0285 1 Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 7 and 8         F         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDPA-BEDP		RP-030608	0284	1		F	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-030604         0286         2         Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements         B         6.2.0         6.3.0         RInImp-UMTS85           RP-030607         0294         New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern         F         6.2.0         6.3.0         TEI6           RP-030595         0297         3         Clarification to HSDPA OCNS definition         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030595         0302         Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030595         0303         Corrections of CQI reporting section         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030595         0304         Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030590         0307         Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         RInImp-UMTS85           RP-030603         0308         Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI         B         6.2.0         6.3.0         RInImp-UMTS85           RP-030595         0309         1         Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories         A         6.2.0									
RP-030607 0294   New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern   F   6.2.0   6.3.0   TEI6						F			HSDPA-RF
RP-030607         0294         New Compressed Mode Reference Pattern         F         6.2.0         6.3.0         TEI6           RP-030595         0297         3         Clarification to HSDPA OCNS definition         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030595         0302         Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030595         0303         Corrections of CQI reporting section         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030595         0304         Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030595           RP-030590         0305         DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-030590           RP-030603         0308         Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI         B         6.2.0         6.3.0         RInImp-UMTS85 UMTS80 MTS172           RP-030595         0309         1         Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NPA-RP-NP		RP-030604	0286	2	Introduction of UMTS 850 requirements	В	6.2.0	6.3.0	
RP-030595         0297         3         Clarification to HSDPA OCNS definition         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030595         0302         Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030595         0303         Corrections of CQI reporting section         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030595         0304         Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030595         0305         DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030590         0307         Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         TEI           RP-030603         0308         Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI         B         6.2.0         6.3.0         RInImp-UMTS85 UMTS80 MTS172           RP-030595         0309         1         Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-									UMTS850
RP-030595         0302         Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030595         0303         Corrections of CQI reporting section         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030595         0304         Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030595         0305         DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-           RP-030590         0307         Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         TEI           RP-030603         0308         Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI         B         6.2.0         6.3.0         RInImp-UMTS85           UMTS80         MTS172           RP-030595         0309         1         Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A         A         6.2.0         6.3.0         HSDPA-						F			
RP-030595 0303 Corrections of CQI reporting section RP-030595 0304 Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1 RP-030595 0305 DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel RP-030590 0307 Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition RP-030603 0308 Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA- RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA- RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA- RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA- RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA-				3	Clarification to HSDPA OCNS definition	Α	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-030595 0304		RP-030595	0302		Power allocation for HS-SCCH in FRC test	Α	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-0305950305DTX handling for CQI test in fading channelA6.2.06.3.0HSDPA-RP-0305900307Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definitionA6.2.06.3.0TEIRP-0306030308Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VIB6.2.06.3.0RInImp-UMTS85 UMTS80 MTS172RP-03059503091Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories 11 and 12A6.2.06.3.0HSDPA-		RP-030595	0303			Α	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-030590 0307		RP-030595	0304		Correction for FRC test in Closed loop mode 1	Α	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-030603 0308 Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI B 6.2.0 6.3.0 RInImp-UMTS85 UMTS80 MTS172  RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA-III and 12		RP-030595	0305		DTX handling for CQI test in fading channel	Α	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-030603 0308 Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI B 6.2.0 6.3.0 RInImp-UMTS85 UMTS80 MTS172  RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA-III and 12		RP-030590	0307		Correction of W-CDMA modulated interferer definition	Α	6.2.0	6.3.0	TEI
RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA-11 and 12					Introduction of new channel arrangement for bands IV, V and VI	В			RInImp-
RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA-11 and 12									UMTS850,
RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA-11 and 12									UMTS800,U
RP-030595 0309 1 Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories A 6.2.0 6.3.0 HSDPA-111 and 12									MTS1721
11 and 12	_	RP-030595	0309	1	Additional Specification of CQI Testing for UE Capability Categories	Α	6.2.0	6.3.0	HSDPA-RF
		RP-030605	0314		DS CDMA introduction in the 800 MHz band (performance	В	6.2.0	6.3.0	RInImp-
	_	<u> </u>		1		L		<u>L</u>	UMTS800

RP-030605	0315		DS CDMA introduction in the 800 MHz band (Addition of spurious emissions requirement)	В	6.2.0	6.3.0	RInImp- UMTS800
RP-030607	0316		Additional spurious emission requirements for Band II to protect UMTS850	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	TEI6
RP-030607	0317		Clarification of UE blocking definition	F	6.2.0	6.3.0	TEI6
RP-040039	0324		Introduction of UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz requirements	В	6.3.0	6.4.0	RInImp- UMTS1721
RP-040042	0325		Additional spurious emission requirements for Bands II and V to protect 1.7/2.1 GHz	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	TEI6
RP-040042	0326		Additional spurious emission requirements for Band I to protect	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	TEI6
RP-040036	0328		UMTS800 Clarification of frequency error observation period for PRACH	Α	6.3.0	6.4.0	TEI5
RP-040042	0330	1	preambles Clarification to Power on/off time mask diagram	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	TEI6
RP-040042		<u> </u>	Reduction of channel number for UMTS800(band VI)	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	RInImp-
RP-040036			Minimum requirements for UE ACS	A	6.3.0	6.4.0	UMTS800 TEI5
RP-040036		1	Minimum requirements for TPC combining in soft Handover	A		6.4.0	TEI
RP-040291		2	UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH	A	6.4.0	6.5.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-040291		3	Correction of maximum allowed power and range in TFC selection with HS-DPCCH and other clarifications	F	6.4.0	6.5.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-040292	0346	1	Correction in the Band V (850MHz) additional frequency channel -	F	6.4.0	6.5.0	RInImp-
RP-040288	0252	<u> </u>	UARFCN Clarification of test parameter of reliable TPC command combining	F	640	6.5.0	UMTS850 TEI6
RP-040288 RP-040292		<del>                                     </del>	Frequency range correction of out-of-band blocking for Band IV	F	6.4.0	6.5.0	RInImp-
		4					UMTS1721
RP-040288		1	UE maximum input level for HS-PDSCH	F	6.4.0	6.5.0	TEI6, HSDPA-RF
RP-040288			Clarification to change of TFC and compressed mode time mask diagrams	F	6.4.0	6.5.0	TEI6
RP-040284			Clarification of HS-DSCH level	Α	6.4.0	6.5.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-040284		1	Correction to OCNS code allocation for HSDPA testing	Α	_	6.5.0	HSDPA-RF
RP-040287	0364	1	Specification of enhanced performance requirements for HSDPA based on receiver diversity	В	6.4.0	6.5.0	RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv
RP-040384	0365		UE maximum output power for HSDPA-only terminal	В	6.4.0	6.5.0	EDCH-RF
RP-040412		1	Correction to Windup testcase	F	6.5.0	6.6.0	TEI6
RP-040414	0373	2	Corrections to 7.4.2 maximum input level for HS-PDSCH reception	F	6.5.0	6.6.0	HSDPA-RI
RP-040414	0377	1	Corrections to 9.3 reporting of CQI	F	6.5.0	6.6.0	HSDPA-RI
RP-040414		2	Corrections to 9.4 detection of HS-SCCH	F	6.5.0	6.6.0	HSDPA-RI
RP-040414	0383	3	H Set-4/5 pattern length	F	6.5.0	6.6.0	HSDPA-RI
RP-040406		1	Omissions in 7.6 (Blocking)	Α		6.6.0	
RP-040534	0386		Enhanced performance requirement on FRC throughput for PA3 cases	В	6.5.0	6.6.0	RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv
RP-050040	0391		Specification of enhanced performance requirements for HS-SCCH with open loop diversity based on receiver diversity	В	6.6.0	6.7.0	RInImp- HSPerf-
			Modification of enhanced performance requirements for HS-SCCH	С	6.6.0	6.7.0	RxDiv RInImp-
RP-050040	0392			_			HSPerf-
			based on receiver diversity				RxDiv
RP-050038	0396		based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2	С	6.6.0	6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5
RP-050038 RP-050041	0396 0397		based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases	C	6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6
RP-050038 RP-050041	0396 0397	1	based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2	С	6.6.0 6.6.0		RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf-
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050040	0396 0397 0400	1	Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases  Clarification of mapping of HS-DSCH requirements	C F	6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0 6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050040	0396 0397 0400	1	based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases	C	6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv TEI6 TEI6,
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050040 RP-050041 RP-050041	0396 0397 0400 0401 0402	1	based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases  Clarification of mapping of HS-DSCH requirements  OCNS definition for transmit diversity  Corrections to 9.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH	C F F	6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv TEI6 TEI6, HSDPA-RI
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050040 RP-050041 RP-050039	0396 0397 0400 0401 0402	1 1 2 2	based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases  Clarification of mapping of HS-DSCH requirements  OCNS definition for transmit diversity  Corrections to 9.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH  HS-DPCCH time mask requirements	C F F	6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv TEI6 TEI6, HSDPA-RI
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050040 RP-050041 RP-050039 RP-050041	0396 0397 0400 0401 0402 0404 0406	1	based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases  Clarification of mapping of HS-DSCH requirements  OCNS definition for transmit diversity  Corrections to 9.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH  HS-DPCCH time mask requirements  Update UMTS FDD Receiver Blocking Specifications  Enhanced performance requirements for HSDPA cat 7 & 8 capable	C F F	6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv TEI6 TEI6, HSDPA-RI HSDPA-RI TEI6 RInImp-
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050040 RP-050041 RP-050039 RP-050041	0396 0397 0400 0401 0402 0404 0406	1	based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases  Clarification of mapping of HS-DSCH requirements  OCNS definition for transmit diversity  Corrections to 9.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH  HS-DPCCH time mask requirements  Update UMTS FDD Receiver Blocking Specifications	C F F F	6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv TEI6 TEI6, HSDPA-RI HSDPA-RI TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf-
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050041 RP-050041 RP-050039 RP-050041 RP-050040	0396 0397 0400 0401 0402 0404 0406 0407	1 2 1	Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases  Clarification of mapping of HS-DSCH requirements  OCNS definition for transmit diversity  Corrections to 9.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH  HS-DPCCH time mask requirements  Update UMTS FDD Receiver Blocking Specifications  Enhanced performance requirements for HSDPA cat 7 & 8 capable receivers	C F F F A F B	6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0	6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv TEI6 TEI6, HSDPA-RF HSDPA-RF TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv
RP-050038 RP-050041 RP-050040 RP-050041 RP-050039 RP-050041	0396 0397 0400 0401 0402 0404 0406 0407	1	based on receiver diversity  Removal of TGPL2  Minimum performance for constant BLER testcases  Clarification of mapping of HS-DSCH requirements  OCNS definition for transmit diversity  Corrections to 9.2 demodulation of HS-DSCH  HS-DPCCH time mask requirements  Update UMTS FDD Receiver Blocking Specifications  Enhanced performance requirements for HSDPA cat 7 & 8 capable	C F F F	6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.6.0 6.7.0	6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0 6.7.0	RxDiv TEI5 TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf- RxDiv TEI6 TEI6, HSDPA-RF HSDPA-RF TEI6 RInImp- HSPerf-

	IDD 050044	0.440	1	TE	10	0 = 0	1000	TEIG
	RP-050211			Feature Clean Up: Removal of SSDT	С			TEI6
	RP-050216			Feature Clean Up: Removal of CPCH	С	_		TEI6
	RP-050214			Feature Clean Up: Removal of Tx diversity closed loop mode2	С			TEI6
	RP-050215			Feature Clean Up: Removal of Compressed mode by puncturing	C F			TEI6
	RP-050208			Correction of error in the implementation of CR 368 (in R4-040779) to 25.101				TEI6
	RP-050202		1	Clarification to HS-DPCCH time mask requirements	Α	6.7.0		TEI5
	RP-050205	0430		Specification of enhanced performance requirements type 2	В	6.7.0		RInImp- HSPerf- 10code
	RP-050208	0431		Addition of DL power control response time	F	6.7.0	6.8.0	TEI6
	RP-050489		1	Modification of the protection band for PHS	A			TEI
	RP-050496		1	Revision of additional receiver spurious emissions requirements on	F	6.8.0		RInImp-
	111 000 100	0.00	'	800MHz band in Japan		0.0.0		UMTS800
	RP-050504	0443		UE performance requirements for E-DCH DL signalling channels	В	6.8.0		EDCH-RF
	RP-050598		1	Specification of enhanced performance requirements type 2 for HSDPA with CL transmit diversity based on chip level equaliser	F	_	6.9.0	RInImp- HSPerf-
	RP-050507	0450	1	Clarification of BLER for CQI under fading	F	6.8.0		10code TEI6,
				· ·	ľ	0.0.0		HSDPA-RF
	RP-050615	0456		Band V and Band VI UARFCN	F			TEI6
	RP-050840	0458	1	Compressed Mode Layer 1 Requirements	F	6.9.0	6.10.0	TEI6
	RP-050840			Combined compressed mode patterns for RRM test	F	6.9.0	6.10.0	TEI6
	RP-050734		1	Fractional DPCH DL power control test	В			RANimp- RABSE- CodeOptFD D
	RP-050736		1	UE additional spurious emissions required in the 800MHz band in Japan	F	6.9.0		RInImp- UMTS800
	RP-050743	0467	2	MBMS requirements in 25.101	F	6.9.0		MBMS-RAN RF
	RP-050735	0470	1	Corrections to UE E-DCH performance requirements	F	6.9.0	6.10.0	EDCH-RF
	RP-050731	0473	1	Introduction of requirements for UE outer loop power control behaviour with different transport formats	Α	6.9.0	6.10.0	TEI5
	RP-050735	0475		ACLR and Spectrum mask for E-DCH	F	6.9.0	6.10.0	EDCH-RF
	RP-050732		1	New UARFCN scheme and re-numbering	Α		6.10.0	
	RP-060101	0492	1	Minimum performance requirements for MBMS testing of 80 ms TTI	F	6.10.0	6.11.0	MBMS-RAN RF
	RP-060103	0494	2	Clarification for testing of receiver diversity terminals	F	6.10.0	6.11.0	TEI6
	RP-060103		2	Clarification of modulation accuracy requirements for signals containing HS-DPCCH	Α	6.10.0	6.11.0	TEI5
	RP-060103	0505	1	Clarification of HS-SCCH performance requirements	F	6.10.0	6.11.0	TEI6
	RP-060181		Ė	UE maximum output, power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH	F			EDCH-RF
	RP-060304		1	Minimum Requirements for Phase Discontinuity due to HS-DPCCH	F	6.11.0	6.12.0	TEI6
	RP-060304			Clarification for testing of receiver diversity terminals	F		6.12.0	
	RP-060304		1	Addition of code power stability requirements for multi-code transmission	F		6.12.0	
	RP-060303	0520		Removal of CPCH from Transmit Modulation Requirements	Α	6 11 0	6.12.0	TEI5
34	RP-060810			Correction of typo in "Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification" test	F	6.13.0	6.14.0	MBMS-RAN RF
34	RP-060812	0526		Power setting with HS-DPCCH	Α	6 13 0	6.14.0	
34	RP-060809			RF requirements in later releases	A	-	6.14.0	
34	RP-060802		3	Peak code domain error for E-DCH	F		6.14.0	
35	RP-070652			Corrections of out-of-band emission limits for Band V (UMTS850)	F		6.15.0	
	070002			5555 or out or band simbolon limits for band v (oill 0000)		0.71.0	30.0	. =.0

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