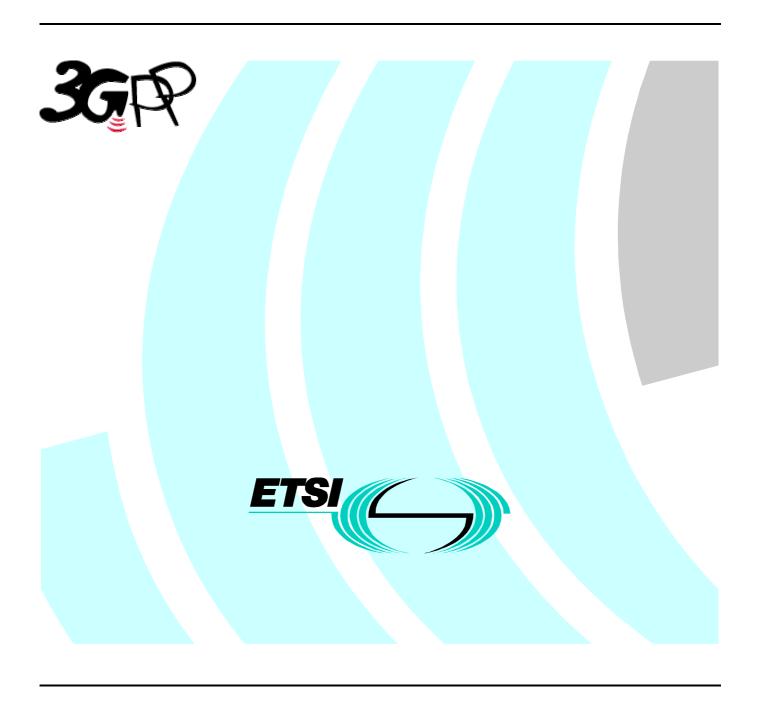
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Technical Specification

Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
Requirements for Support
of Radio Resource Management (TDD)
(3G TS 25.123 version 3.2.0 Release 1999)



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Foreword

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- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification.

1 Scope

This Technical Specification specifies requirements for support of Radio Resource Management for TDD. These requirements include requirements on measurements in UTRAN and the UE as well as requirements on node dynamical behaviour and interaction, in terms of delay and response characteristics.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

[1]	3GPP Homepage: http://www.3GPP.org
[2]	25.150 Introduction
[3]	25.101 MS Radio transmission and reception (FDD)
[4]	25.104 BTS Radio transmission and reception (FDD)
[5]	25.102 MS Radio transmission and reception (TDD)
[6]	25.105 BTS Radio transmission and reception (TDD)
[7]	25.103 RF parameters in support of RRM
[8]	25.141 Basestation conformance testing (FDD)
[9]	25.142 Basestation conformance testing (TDD)
[10]	25.113 Basestation EMC
[11]	25.942 RF System scenarios
[12]	25.922 RRM Strategies
[13]	25.215 Physical Layer Measurements (FDD)
[14]	25.225 Physical Layer Measurements (TDD)
[15]	25.302 Services provided by Physical Layer
[16]	25.331 RRC Protocol Specification
[17]	25.224 Physical Layer Procedures (TDD)
[18]	25.304 UE procedures in Idle Mode

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purpose of the present document the following definitions apply.

The main general definitions strictly related to the Transmission and Reception characteristics but important also for this specification can be found in [3] for UE FDD, in [4] for BS FDD, in [5] for UE TDD, in [6] for BS TDD.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

- [...] Values included in square bracket must be considered for further studies, because it means that a decision about that value was not taken.
- \hat{I}_{or} "RXLEV", see 25.101 or 25.102 section 3.3 and Annex C.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACPR	Adjacent Channel Power Ratio
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
CW	Continuous wave (unmodulated signal)
DL	Down link (forward link)
$\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for different fields or physical channels to the total transmit power spectral density.
-	
EIRP	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power
FDD	Frequency Division Duplexing
I_{oc}	The power spectral density of a band limited white noise source (simulating interference from other cells) as measured at the UE antenna connector.
Ior	The total transmit power spectral density of the down link at the base station antenna connector.
\hat{I}_{or}	The received power spectral density of the down link as measured at the UE antenna connector.
OCNS	Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on the other orthogonal channels of a Forward link.
$\frac{PCCPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for the PCCPCH to the total transmit power spectral density.
PICH	Paging Indicator Channel
PPM	Parts Per Million
RRM	Radio Resource Management
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SCH	Synchronization Channel consisting of Primary and Secondary synchronization channels
SIR	Signal to Interference ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplexing
TPC	Transmit Power Control
UE	User Equipment
UL	Up link (reverse link)
UTRA	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

4 Idle Mode Tasks

4.1 Introduction

NOTE: The paging period and the repetition rate of relevant system information blocks needs to be defined.

Whenever a PLMN has been selected the UE shall start to find a suitable cell to camp on, this is 'cell selection'.

When camped on cell the UE regularly searches for a better cell depending on the cell reselection criteria, this is called 'cell reselection'. The procedures for cell selection and reselection are described in 3GPP RAN TS 25.304 'UE procedures in idle mode' and the measurements carried out by the UE are explained in specification 3GPP RAN TS 25.225 'Physical Layer Measurements (TDD)'. The measurements performance requirements are specified in section 11.

4.2 RF Cell Selection Scenario

[NOTE: Some performance requirements in agreed scenarios are added into this section. More scenarios will be added later]

4.2.1 Requirements for Cell Selection single carrier single cell case

4.2.1.1 Cell selection delay

The UE shall be capable of selecting a suitable cell within [5] seconds from switch on in the test case defined in following section in Table 0-1. The cell selection delay is defined as a time the UE needs for sending RRC Connection Request for Location Registration to UTRAN after the power has been switched on with a valid USIM and PIN is disabled.

4.2.1.1.1 Test parameters

The stored information of the last registered PLMN is utilised in this test. The stored information includes the UTRA RF CHANNEL NUMBER. The active cell in the test does not contain any neighbour cells in its measurement control information.

Table 4.1

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nnel 1	
Timeslot Number		0	8	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	-9	
SCH_t _{offset}		0	0	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-3	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-4.28	-4.28	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	0	
I_{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70	-70	
PCCPCH RSCP	dBm	-73		
Propagation Condition		AWGN	AWGN	
Qmin	dBm	[]	[]	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RAC H	dBm	[]	[]	

NOTE: The values are only valid during the active part of SCH. Chip Energy of the other channels remains constant across the Burst.

4.2.1.1.2 Minimum requirement

Cell selection shall be correct in more than [X%] of the cases. Cell selection is correct if within [5] seconds the UE camps on the cell.

4.2.2 Cell Selection single carrier multi cell case

4.2.2.1 Cell selection delay

The cell selection delay is defined as a time the UE needs for sending RRC Connection Request for Location Registration message to UTRAN after the power has been switched on with a valid USIM and PIN is disabled.

4.2.2.1.1 Test parameters

The stored information of the last registered PLMN is utilised in this test. The stored information includes one of the UTRA RF CHANNEL NUMBERs used in the test. All the cells in the test are given in the measurement control information of each cell, which are on the RF carrier stored to the UE.

Cell 6 Parameter Unit Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3 Cell 4 Cell 5 UTRA RF Channel Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1 Number Timeslot Number 0 8 0 8 0 8 PCCPCH_Ec/lor dB -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 SCH_Ec/lor -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 dB SCH_t_{offset} 0 0 5 5 10 10 15 15 20 20 25 25 PICH_Ec/lor dB -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 OCNS dB 4.28 4.28 4.28 4.28 4.28 4.28 -4.28 4.28 4.28 4.28 4.28 4.28 dB 10 10 3 3 0 -3 -3 -3 \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} dBm/3.8 -70 I_{oc} 4 MHz PCCPCH RSCP dBm -66 -70 -73 -76 -76 -63 **Propagation Condition** AWGN dBm UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH dBm [] [] []

Table 4.2:

NOTE: The values are only valid during the active part of SCH. Chip Energy of the other channels remains constant across the Burst.

4.2.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

ell selection shall be correct in more than [X%] of the cases. Cell selection is correct if within [5+x] seconds the UE camps on the cell, which fulfills the cell selection criteria .

4.3 RF Cell Re-Selection Scenario

Note: One performance requirement in agreed scenario is added into this section. More scenarios will be added later

4.3.1 Cell Re-Selection single carrier multi cell case

4.3.1.1 Cell re-selection delay

When the UE is camped on one of the cells, the UE shall be capable of re-selecting a new cell according to the cell re-selection criteria. The cells, which are possible to be re-reselected during the test are belonging to different location areas. The cell re-selection delay is then defined as a time from when P-CCPCH RSCP is changed on cell 1 and 2 to the moment in time when the UE starts sending the RRC Connection request for Location Update message to the UTRAN.

4.3.1.1.1 Test parameters

One of the 6 cells in Table 4-3 is serving cell and all others are given in the measurement control information of the serving cell. 2 of the cells are possible for cell re-selection and 4 of the cells are steady interfering cells.

Table 4.3

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1				Cell 2			Cell 3			
Timeslot Number		()	8	3	()	8	3	()	3	3
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	inel 1	Char	nel 1	Char	nel 1	Char	inel 1	Char	inel 1	Chan	inel 1
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3	-3			-3	-3			-3	-3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9
SCH_t _{Offset}		0	0	0	0	5	5	5	5	19	10	10	10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB			-3	-3			-3	-3			-3	-3
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	9	7	9	7	7	9	7	9	-1	-1	-1	-1
PCCPCH RSCP	dBm	-64	-66			-66	-64			-74	-74		
Qoffset		[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
Qhyst	dBm	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
Treselection		[]	[]	[]]]	[]	[]
Qintrasearch	dB	[]	[]	[]]]	[]	[]
I_{oc}	dBm/3. 4 MHz	-											
Propagation Condition			AWGN										

Time T1 is X seconds and T2 is Y seconds.

Note: T1 and T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

4.3.1.1.2 Minimum requirements

Cell re-selection shall be correct in more than [X%] of the cases. Cell re-selection is correct if within [5] seconds the UE re-reselects a new cell, which fulfils the cell re-selection criteria.

4.3.1.1.3 Cell List Size

[The UE shall be capable of recording at least [6] of the strongest cells according to the cell re-selection criteria. The number of the strongest cells recorded inside the UE shall be at least [6].]

4.3.1.1.4 Maximum number of cells to be monitored

For re-selection purposes, the UE shall be capable of monitoring at least up to 32 neighboring cells given in the measurement control information. The exact number of cells to be monitored will be determined by the measurement control information broadcast in the serving cell.

4.3.2 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection

NOTE: These requirements are depending on supported UE capabilities.

NOTE: Requirements for GSM to UTRAN Cell Re-Selection are defined in the GSM specifications.

4.3.2.1 Cell re-selection delay

When the UE is camped on an UTRAN cell, the UE shall be capable of re-selecting a GSM cell according to the cell re-selection criteria for UTRAN to GSM. The cells, which are possible to be re-reselected during the test, belong to different location areas. The cell re-selection delay is then defined as a time from when radio conditions are changed to the moment in time when the UE starts sending the RR Channel Request message for location update to GSM.

4.3.2.1.1 Test parameters

Tbd.

4.3.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

Cell re-selection shall be correct in more than []% of the cases. Cell re-selection is correct if within [] seconds the UE re-reselects a new cell, which fulfils the cell re-selection criteria and stays steady on that cell until the channel conditions are changed again.

5 RRC Connection mobility

5.1 Handover

5 1 1 Introduction

The handover process should be implemented in both the UE and UTRAN. The UE measurements and which radio links the UE shall use is controlled by UTRAN with RRC signalling.

Measurements are specified in TS25.225 and UE behaviour in response to UTRAN RRC messages is described in TS25.331.

For the handover preparation the UE receives from the UTRAN a list of cells (e.g. TDD, FDD or GSM).which the UE shall monitor (see 'monitored set' in 3GPP RAN TS 25.331 'RRC Protocol Specification') in its idle timeslots.

At the beginning of the measurement process the UE shall find synchronization to the cell to measure using the synchronization channel. This is described under 'cell search' in 3GPP RAN TS 25.224 'Physical layer procedures (TDD)' if the monitored cell is a TDD cell and in 3GPP RAN TS 25.214 'Physical layer procedures (FDD)' if it is an FDD cell.

For a TDD cell to monitor after this procedure the exact timing of the midamble of the P-CCPCH is known and the measurements can be performed. Depending on the UE implementation and if timing information about the cell to monitor is available, the UE may perform the measurements on the P-CCPCH directly without prior SCH synchronization.

5.1.2 Handover 3G to 3G

5.1.2.1 TDD/TDD Handover

For the search for other cells the UE is provided by a handover monitoring set by the UTRAN.

The handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with an active set update message.

For the requirements in this section, all cells are assumed to be unsynchronized.

5.1.2.1.1 Requirements

5.1.2.1.1.1 Maximum number of cells to be monitored

The UE shall be capable of measuring at least [6] cells given in a measurement control message(s).

5.1.2.1.1.2 Measurement reporting delay

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time from when a report is triggered at the physical layer according to the event or periodic mechanism set to trigger the measurement report, until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This measurement reporting delay excludes the delay uncertainty resulting when the measurement report is inserted to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The DL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps shall be used.

5.1.2.1.1.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

This test will derive that the terminal makes correct reporting of an event Cell 1 is the active cell, Cell 2 is a neighbour cell on the used frequency. The power level on Cell 1 is kept constant and the power level of Cell 2 is changed using 'change of best cell event' as illustrated in Figure 5-1. Hysteresis, absolute Threshold and Time to Trigger values are given in the table below and they are signalled from test device. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1G shall be used. P-CCPCH RSCP of the best cell has to be reported together with Event 1G reporting. New measurement control information, which defines neighbour cells etc., is always sent before the event starts.

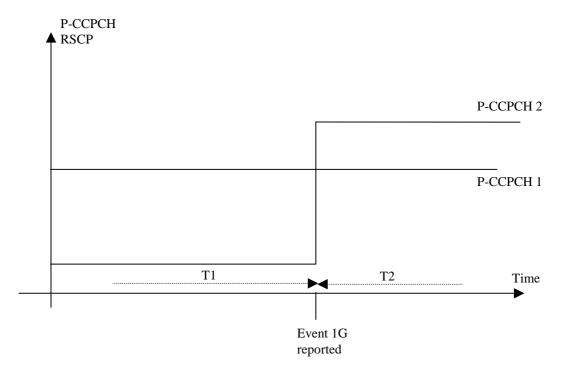


Figure 5-1: Illustration of parameters for handover measurement reporting test case

Unit Cell 1 Cell 2 **Parameter** Timeslot Number 0 8 0 8 T2 T1 T2 <u>T1</u> UTRA RF Channel Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1 Channel 1 Number PCCPCH_Ec/lor dB -3 -3 -3 -3 SCH_Ec/lor dB -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 0 0 0 0 15 15 15 15 SCH_toffset PICH_Ec/lor -3 -3 -3 -3 DCH_Ec/lor [] [][] [] [] [] [] OCNS -4.28 -4.28 -4.28 -4.28 -4.28 -4.28 -4.28 -4.28 -Infinity dB 3 3 3 3 5 5 \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} dBm/3. -70 I_{oc} 84 MHz PCCPCH_RSCP -Infinity dB -70 -70 -68 Absolute Threshold dB [] (SIR) Hysteresis dB Time to Trigger msec Propagation **AWGN** Condition

Table-5-1

5.1.2.1.1.2 Requirements

The measurement reporting delay shall be less then [5] seconds in 90% of the cases.

All the reported entities shall be within the requirements, as defined in section 11.

5.1.2.1.1.3 Handover Delay

The handover delay is defined as the time from when the UE receives the handover command message from UTRAN, until the UE successfully uses the entire set of radio links stated in that message for power control.

The handover delay is stated in the table below. There is different requirement on the handover delay depending on if the cell has been within the monitored set of cells for the last [FFS] [s] or not.

Table 5.1

Number of new cells present in the handover command message	Maximum update delay [ms]				
	Cells within monitored set	Cells outside monitored set			
1-6					

5.1.2.2 TDD/FDD Handover

The handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with an handover command message. The handover procedure may cause the UE to change its frequency.

5.1.2.2.1 Requirements

5.1.2.2.1.1 Maximum number of cells/frequencies to be monitored on other frequencies

The UE shall be capable of measuring the requested measurement quantity of at least [FFS] cells on a maximum of [FFS] frequencies, different from the frequency currently used by the UE.

5.1.2.2.1.2 Measurement reporting delay

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time from when a report is triggered at the physical layer according to the event or periodic mechanism set to trigger the measurement report, until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface.

The DL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps shall be used.

5.1.2.2.1.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

This test will derive that the terminal makes correct reporting of an event . Cell 1 is current active cell, Cell 2 is a FDD cell. The power level of CPICH Ec/Io of cell 2 and the P-CCPCH RSCP of cell 1 is changed. Hysteresis, Absolute threshold and Time to Trigger values are given in the table below and they are signalled from test device. New measurement control information, which defines neighbour cells etc., is always sent before the handover starts. The number of neighbour cells in the measurement control information is FFS.

Table 5.2

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Се	II 2		
Timeslot Number		(0 8		n.a			a.	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T	1	T	2
UTRA RF Channel			Char	nel 1			Char	nel 2	
Number									
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	n.	a.	[]	[]
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3	-3			[]	[]
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	-9	-9	-9	[]	[]
SCH_t _{offset}		0	0	0	0	n.	a.	n.	a.
PICH_Ec/lor				-3	-3	[]	[]	
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	[]	[]	[]	[]]	[]
OCNS	dB	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	[]	[]
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
I_{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz		-7	70			-	70	
CPICH_Ec/lo			n.	a.			[]	
PCCPCH_RSCP	dB	[]	[]	[]	[]	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Absolute Threshold (SIR)	dB		[]		[]			
Hysteresis	dB	[]			[]				
Time to Trigger	msec]]	•	
Propagation		AWGN				AW	'GN		
Condition									

5.1.2.2.1.2.2 Requirements

The measurement reporting delay shall be less then [5] seconds in 90% of the cases.

All the reported entities shall be within the requirements, as defined in section 10.

5.1.2.2.1.2.3 Handover Delay

The handover delay is defined as the time from when the UE receives the handover command message from UTRAN, until the UE successfully uses the entire set of radio links stated in that message for power control.

The handover delay is stated in the table below. There is different requirement on the handover delay depending on if the cell has been within the monitored set of cells for the last [FFS] [s] or not.

Table 5.3

Number of new cells present in the handover command message	r Maximum update delay [ms]			
	Cells within monitored set	Cells outside monitored set		
1-6				

5.1.3 Handover 3G to 2G

In the early days of UMTS deployment it can be anticipated that the service area will not be as contiguous and extensive as existing second generation systems. It is also anticipated that UMTS network will be an overlay on the 2nd generation network and utilise the latter, in the minimum case, as a fall back to ensure continuity of service and maintain a good QoS as perceived by the user.

5.1.3.1 Handover to GSM

This section presents some of the important aspects of GSM handover required to be performed by the UE. For the full specifications reference should be made the GSM recommendations.

The underlying requirement is to ensure continuity of service to the UMTS user. The handover requirements for 3G to GSM should be comparable to GSM to GSM handover requirements.

The MS (GSM terminology) shall be able to monitor up to [32] carriers.

The MS shall be able synchronize to [6] carriers

The MS shall be able to report back to the network on the [6] strongest cells with correctly identified BSIC.

The MS shall be able to perform this task at levels down to the reference sensitivity level or reference interference levels as specified in GSM 05.05.

The MS shall demodulate the SCH on the BCCH carrier of each surrounding cell and decode the BSIC as often as possible, and as a minimum at least once every [10 seconds].

5.2 Radio Link Management

5.2.1 Link adaptation

5.2.1.1 Definition of the function

Radio link adaptation is the ability of UE to select the suitable transport format combination from the assigned transport format combination set, in order to maintain Inner Loop power control, in the case of reaching its maximum transmit power.

5.2.1.2 Link adaptation minimum delay requirement

When maximum transmit power has been reached and Inner Loop PC can no longer be maintained, UE shall start to use the transport format combination corresponding to the next lower bit rate within the assigned transport format set, within the maximum delay of [FFS]ms.

5.2.1.3 Link adaptation accuracy minimum requirement

UE shall not adapt to a lower transport format if the Inner Loop PC command requires its average output power over [FFS] ms to stay within [+FFS] dB of UE's maximum output power.

5.3 Cell Update

5.4 URA Update

6 RRC Connection Control

[Editor's Note: This Section specifies triggering requirements on the RRC Connection re-establishment Procedure]

6.1 Radio Access Bearer Control

[Editor's Note: Radio Access Bearer Control Procedures are a series of mechanisms used to control the UE and system resources. Some of these procedures cause Physical Channel Reconfiguration and Transport Channel Reconfiguration. This section specifies time delay requirements on Physical Channel Reconfiguration and Transport Channel configuration in different reconfiguration cases.]

7 Dynamic Channel Allocation

7.1 Introduction

The channel assignment algorithm will be implemented on network side in the RNC. It will be distributed, interference adapted approach where each base station makes the channel assignment based on local signal strength measurements performed in the UE and the Node B. A priori knowledge about the used channels of the other base stations in the vicinity can be implicitly used without additional signalling traffic.

7.2 Implementation Requirements

The purpose of DCA is on one side the limitation of the interference (keeping required QoS) and on the other side to maximise the system capacity due to minimising reuse distance. The details on channel assignment policy are given in [12].

7.3 Number of timeslots to be measured

The number of down link timeslots to be measured in the UE is broadcasted on the BCH in each cell. In general, the number of downlink timeslots in question will be less than 14, but in worst case the UE shall be capable to measure 14 downlink timeslots. In case of "simple UE" [FFS] timeslots shall at least be measured.

7.4 Measurement reporting delay

In order to save battery life time, in idle mode no measurements are performed for DCA. ISCP measurements are started at call establishment. Taking into account that the measured interference of the timeslots is preferable averaged over [FFS] frames, the measurement reporting delay in connecting phase shall not exceed [FFS] milliseconds.

8 Timing characterisitics

8.1 Timing Advance (TA) Requirements

To update timing advance of a moving UE the UTRAN measures 'RX Timing deviation'. The measurements are reported to higher layers, where timing advance values are calculated and signaled to the UE. The measurement for timing advance is defined in TS25.225 "Physical Layer Measurements (TDD)", the requirements on the measurement is specified in section 11.2.9 'RX Timing Deviation'. The UE shall adjust the timing of its transmissions within ± 0.5 chip of the signalled timing advance value.

9 Measurements Performance Requirements

One of the key services provided by the physical layer is the measurement of various quantities which are used to trigger or perform a multitude of functions. Both the UE and the UTRAN are required to perform a variety of measurements. The complete list of measurements is specified in TSG RAN WG2 S25.302 "Services Provided by Physical Layer". The physical layer measurements for TDD are described and defined in TSG RAN WG1 TS25.225 "Physical layer — Measurements (TDD)". In this section for TDD, per each measurement the relevant requirements on performance in terms of accuracy are reported.

Unless explicitly stated,

- Reported measurements shall be within defined range in 90 % of the cases.
- Measurement channel is 12.2 kbps as defined in TS 25.102 annex A, section A.3.1. This measurement channel is used both in active cell and cells to be measured.
- Physical channels used as defined in TS 25.101 annex B.
- All requirements are defined when UE is in a CELL_DCH or CELL_FACH stage. The difference between modes are the reporting delay. Some of the measurements are not requested to be reported in both stages.
- Cell 1 is the active cell, if not otherwise stated. Single task reporting.
- Power control is active.

9.1 Measurements Performance for UE

9.1.1 Performance for UE Measurements in Downlink (RX)

If not otherwise stated, the test parameters in table 9-1 should be applied for UE RX measurements requirements in this section.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	II 2	
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1		Char	nel 1	
Timeslot		0	8	0	8	
P-CCPCH Ec/lor	dB	-3	-	-3	-	
SCH Ec/lor	dB	-9	-9	-9	-9	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	-3	-	-3	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	[]	[]	[]	[]	
OCNS	dB	[]	[]	[]	[]	
Îor/loc	dB]	[]	
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70		-70		
Range 1:lo	dBm	-9470		-9470		
Range 2: Io		-94 - 50		-94	9450	
Propagation condition	_	AW	/GN	AW	'GN	

Table 9-1: Intra frequency test parameters for UE RX Measurements

9.1.1.1 COMMON CONTROL PHYSICAL CHANNEL MEASUREMENTS

These measurements consider *P-CCPCH RSCP* measurements for TDD cells and CPICH RSCP and CPICH Ec/Io measurements for FDD cells respectively. The corresponding measurements are necessary for UEs supporting the individual mode(s) only.

9.1.1.1.1 P-CCPCH RSCP (TDD)

9.1.1.1.1 Intra frequency test parameters

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. The table 9-2 and notes 1-4 define the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

Table 9-2: P-CCPCH RSCP intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	II 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Char	Channel 1		nnel 1
Timeslot		0	8	0	8
P-CCPCH Ec/lor	dB	-3	-	-3	-
SCH Ec/lor	dB	-9	-9	-9	-9
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	3		-3
OCNS	dB	[]	[]	[]	[]
Îor/loc	dB		[]]
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	No	Note 4		te 4
Range 1:lo	dBm	-9470		-9470	
Range 2: Io		-9450		-94	50
Propagation condition	=	AWGN			•

NOTE 1: P- $CCPCH_RSCP1, 2 \ge -[102]$ dBm.

NOTE 2: $|P-CCPCH_RSCP1 - PCCPCH_RSCP2| \le 20 \text{ dB}$.

NOTE 3: $|Io - P\text{-}CCPCH_Ec/Ior| \le [20] \text{ dB}.$

NOTE 4: *loc* level shall be adjusted according the total signal power *lo* at receiver input and the geometry factor *for/loc*.

9.1.1.1.2 Absolute accuracy requirements

The absolute accuracy of P-CCPCH RSCP is defined as measured one code power after de-spreading. In this test only Cell 1 in table 9-3 is present.

Table 9-3: P-CCPCH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Value	Range	Acc	uracy
			Normal conditions	Extreme conditions
P-CCPCH_RSCP	dB	1	± 6	± 9
	dB	2	± 8	± 11

9.1.1.1.3 Relative accuracy requirements

The relative accuracy of P-CCPCH RSCP is defined as measured code powers from active cell and one or more cells after de-spreading. The reported value is relative to active cell value. In this test Cell 1 and 2 in table 1 are present.

Table 9-4: P-CCPCH_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Acc	curacy
		Normal conditions	Extreme conditions
P-CCPCH_RSCP	dB	± 3	± 3

9.1.1.1.4 Range/mapping

Range/mapping	P-CCPCH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115,, -25] dBm.					
	P-CCPCH RSCP shall be reported in the	unit P	P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV where:			
	P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_00:					
	P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_01: -115dBm	\leq	P-CCPCH_RSCP < -114dBm			
	P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_02: -114dBm	≤	P-CCPCH_RSCP < -113dBm			
	P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_89: -27dBm	\leq	P-CCPCH_RSCP < -26dBm			
	P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_90: -26dBm	≤	P-CCPCH_RSCP < -25dBm			
	P-CCPCH RSCP LEV 91: -25dBm	\leq	P-CCPCH RSCP			

9.1.1.1.2 CPICH Measurements (FDD)

These measurements consider *CPICH RSCP* and *CPICH Ec/Io* measurements. Only necessary for UEs supporting FDD.

9.1.1.2.1 Inter frequency test parameters

In this case both cells are in different frequency. The table 9-5 and notes 1-5 define the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

Table 9-5: CPICH Inter frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Се	·II 1	Cell 2
Timeslot Number		0	8	n.a
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.	n.a.	-10
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3		-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	-9	-12
SCH_t _{offset}		0	0	n.a.
PICH_Ec/lor			-3	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		[]	-15
OCNS	dB	-4.28	-4.28	-1.11
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	[]	[]	10.5
I_{oc}	dBm/3. 84 MHz	-70		Note 5
Range 1:lo	dBm	-9470		-9470
Range 2: Io		-9450		-9450
Propagation condition	-	AW	/GN	AWGN

NOTE 1: $CPICH_RSCP1, 2 \ge -114 \text{ dBm}.$

NOTE 2: $|CPICH_RSCP1 - CPICH_RSCP2| \le 20 \text{ dB}$

NOTE 3: $| Channel 1_Io - Channel 2_Io | \le 20 \text{ dB}$

NOTE 4: $Io - CPICH_Ec/Ior \le 20 \text{ dB}$

NOTE 5: *loc* level shall be adjusted in each carrier frequency according the total signal power *Io* at receiver input and the geometry factor $\hat{I}or/Ioc$. *Io* -10.6 dB = Ioc.

9.1.1.1.2.2 CPICH RSCP

[Informative note: This measurement is for handover.]

9.1.1.1.2.2.1 Inter frequency measurement relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP in inter frequency case is defined as measured code powers after de-spreading from active cell and one or more cells received from two or more RF-carriers. The reported values are relative to active cell value. In this test parameters in table 10-2 is used. In this test cells 1 and 2 are present.

Table 9-6: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy		
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	
CPICH RSCP	dB	+ 6	+ 6	

9.1.1.1.2.2.2 Range/mapping

```
CPICH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -25] dBm.
CPICH RSCP shall be reported in the unit CPICH_RSCP_LEV where:
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_00:
                                         CPICH_RSCP < -115dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_01:
                       -115dBm
                                   ≤
                                         CPICH_RSCP < -114dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_02:
                       -114dBm
                                         CPICH_RSCP < -113dBm
                                   ≤
                                   ≤
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_89:
                       -27dBm
                                         CPICH RSCP < -26dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_90:
                       -26dBm
                                   <
                                         CPICH RSCP < -25dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_91:
                       -25dBm
                                   <
                                         CPICH_RSCP
```

9.1.1.1.2.3 CPICH Ec/lo

9.1.1.1.2.3.1 Inter frequency measurement relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io in the inter frequency case is defined as measured energy per chip divided by power density in the band. The reported valus are relative to active cell value. In this test the parameters in table 9-7 is used. In this test cells 1 and 2 are present.

Table 9-7: CPICH Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	
		Normal condition	Extreme condition
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	± 6	± 6

9.1.1.1.2.3.2 Range/mapping

```
CPICH Ec/No is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-24, ..., 0] dB.
CPICH Ec/No shall be reported in the unit CPICH_Ec/No where:
CPICH_Ec/No_00:
                             CPICH_Ec/No < -24dB
CPICH_Ec/No_01: -24dB ≤
                              CPICH_Ec/No < -23dB
CPICH_Ec/No_02: -23dB ≤
                              CPICH_Ec/No < -22dB
CPICH_Ec/No_23:
                  -2dB ≤
                              CPICH_Ec/No < -1dB
CPICH_Ec/No_24:
                  -1dB ≤
                              CPICH_Ec/No < 0dB
                             CPICH_ Ec/No
CPICH_Ec/No_25:
                   0dB ≤
```

9.1.1.2 Timeslot ISCP

9.1.1.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-8: Timeslot_ISCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Value	Range	Accuracy	
			Normal conditions	Extreme conditions
Timeslot_ISCP	dB	1	± 6	± 9
	dB	2	± 8	± 11

9.1.1.2.2 Range/mapping

Timeslot ISCP is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-120,, -80] dBm.							
Timeslot ISCP shall be reported	Timeslot ISCP shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV where:						
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_00:			Timeslot_ISCP < -120.0dBm				
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_01:	-120.0dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP < -119.5dBm				
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_02:	-119.5dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP < -119.0dBm				
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_79:	-81.0dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP < -80.5dBm				
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_80:	-80.5dBm	≤	Timeslot_ISCP < -80.0dBm				
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_81:	-80.0dBm	≤	Timeslot_ISCP				

9.1.1.3 UTRA carrier RSSI

NOTE: The purpose of measurement is for Inter-frequency handover evaluation.

9.1.1.3.1 Test parameters for requirement

The table 9-9 and notes 1,2 define the limits of signal strengths, where the requirement is applicable.

Table 9-9: UTRA carrier RSSI Inter frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channei number	-	Channel 1	Channel 2
Îor/loc	dB	-1	-1
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	Note 2	Note 2
Range 1: lo	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-9470	-9470
Range 2: Io		-9450	-9450
Propagation condition	-	AW	'GN

NOTE 1: For relative accuracy requirement / Channel 1_Io -Channel 2_Io / < 20 dB.

NOTE 2: *loc* level shall be adjusted according the total signal power *lo* at receiver input and the geometry factor *for/loc*.

9.1.1.3.2 Absolute accuracy requirement

Absolute accuracy case only one carrier is applied (Cell 1).

Table 9-10: UTRA carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Value	Range	Acc	uracy
			Normal conditions	Extreme conditions
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dB	1	± 4	± 7
	dB	2	± 6	± 9

9.1.1.3.3 Relative accuracy requirement

Relative accuracy requirement is defined as active cell frequency UTRAN RSSI compared to measured other frequency UTRAN RSSI level. In relative accuracy test case both carriers in table 9-9 are used.

Table 9-11: UTRA carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	
		Normal condition	Extreme condition
lo	dBm	± 5	± 8

9.1.1.3.4 Range/mapping

UTRA carrier RSSI is given with	a resolution	of	1 dB with the range [-94,, -32] dBm.				
UTRA carrier RSSI shall be repo	UTRA carrier RSSI shall be reported in the unit UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV where:						
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_00:			UTRA_carrier_RSSI < -94dBm				
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_01:	-94dBm	≤	UTRA_carrier_RSSI < -93dBm				
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_02:	-93dBm	≤	UTRA_carrier_RSSI < -92dBm				
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_61:	-34dBm	≤	UTRA_carrier_RSSI < -33dBm				
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_62:	-33dBm	≤	UTRA_carrier_RSSI < -32dBm				
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_63:	-32dBm	≤	UTRA_carrier_RSSI				

9.1.1.4 GSM carrier RSSI

NOTE: The measurement is for Inter radio access technology (RAT) handover.

Only necessary for UEs supporting GSM.

The accuracy requirement is specified in GSM 05.08.

9.1.1.4.1 Range/mapping

According to the definition of RXLEV in GSM 05.08.

9.1.1.5 SIR

9.1.1.5.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-12: SIR Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	
		Normal conditions	Extreme conditions
SIR	dB	[±3 dB for – 7 <sir<20dbl< td=""><td>[]</td></sir<20dbl<>	[]

9.1.1.5.2 Range/mapping

```
SIR is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-11, ..., 20] dB.
SIR shall be reported in the unit UE_SIR where:
UE_SIR_00:
                            SIR < -11.0dB
UE_SIR_01: -11.0dB ≤
                            SIR < -10.5dB
UE_SIR_02: -10.5dB
                     \leq
                            SIR < -10.0dB
UE_SIR_61: 19.0dB
                            SIR < 19.5dB
                      \leq
UE SIR 62: 19.5dB
                             SIR < 20.0dB
UE_SIR_63: 20.0dB
                             SIR
```

9.1.1.6 Transport channel BLER

The Transport Channel BLER value shall be calculated from a window with the size equal to the reporting interval (see section 10.3.7.78 Periodical reporting criteria in TS25.331).

Requirement	The UE shall report the CRC results

9.1.1.6.1 Range/mapping

Transport channel BLER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.065 with the range [10^-4.03 ... 1] including a separate case Transport channel BLER=0. Transport channel BLER shall be reported in the unit BLER_LOG, where: BLER_LOG_00: BLER = 0 BLER_LOG_01: -∞ < Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -4.030 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < BLER_LOG_02: -4.030 -3.965 BLER_LOG_03: -3.965 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) <</p> -3.900 BLER_LOG_61: -0.195 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) <</p> -0.130 BLER_LOG_62: -0.130 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -0.065 BLER_LOG_63: -0.065 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) ≤ 0.000

9.1.1.7 SFN-SFN observed time difference

9.1.1.7.1 Accuracy requirements

Table 9-13: SFN-SFN observed time difference accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
SFN-SFN observed time	chips period	+/-0.5 for both type 1 and 2
difference		

9.1.1.7.2 Range/mapping

Type 1:

SFN-SFN observed time difference is given with a resolution of 1 chip with the range [0; 9830400) chips (24 bits).

SFN-SFN observed time difference shall be reported in the unit T1_SFN-SFN_TIME, where T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_N:

 N^* 1 chip \leq SFN-SFN observed time difference < $(N+1)^*$ 1 chip

With N= 0, 1, 2, ..., 9830399

Type 2:

SFN-SFN observed time difference is given with a resolution of 0.25 chip with the range (-1280; 1280] chips (14 bits).

SFN-SFN observed time difference shall be reported in the unit T2_SFN-SFN_TIME, where T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_N:

N* 0.25 chip -1280 chips < SFN-SFN observed time difference \leq (N+1)* 0.25 chip -1280 chips With N= 0, 1, 2, ..., 10239

9.1.1.8 Observed time difference to GSM cell

Only necessary for UEs supporting GSM.

9.1.1.8.1 accuracy requirements

Table 9-14: Observed time difference to GSM cell accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
Observed time difference to	chips period	+/-20
GSM cell		

9.1.1.8.2 Range/mapping

Observed time difference to GSM cell is given with a resolution of 3060ms/(13*4096) (12 bit) with the range [0, 3060/13) ms.
Observed time difference to GSM cell shall be reported in the unit GSM_TIME, where GSM_TIME_N:

N* 3060ms/(13*4096) \leq Observed time difference to GSM cell < (N+1)* 3060ms/(13*4096) With N= 0, 1, 2, ..., 4095

9.1.2 Performance for UE Measurements in Uplink (TX)

The output power is defined as the average power of the transmit timeslot, and is measured with a filter that has a Root-Raised Cosine (RRC) filter response with a roll off $\alpha = 0.22$ and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate.

9.1.2.1 UE transmitted power

9.1.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-15: UE transmitted power absolute accuracy

Parameter		PUE	MAX
		24dBm	21dBm
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX	dB	+1/-3	±2
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX-1	dB	+1.5/-3.5	±2.5
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX-2	dB	+2/-4	±3
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX-3	dB	+2.5/-4.5	±3.5
PUEMAX-10≤UE transmitted power <puemax-3< td=""><td>+3/-5</td><td>±4</td></puemax-3<>		+3/-5	±4

NOTE 1: User equipment maximum output power, PUEMAX, is the maximum output power level without tolerance defined for the power class of the UE in 3G TS 25.102 'UTRA (UE) TDD; Radio Transmission and Reception' section 6.2.1 table 6.1.

NOTE 2: UE transmitted power is the reported value.

9.1.2.1.2 Range/mapping

```
UE transmitted power is given with a resolution of 1dB with the range [-50, ..., 33] dBm.

UE transmitted power shall be reported in the unit UE_TX_POWER, where:

UE_TX_POWER_000 to UE_TX_POWER_020: reserved

UE_TX_POWER_021: -50dBm ≤ UE_transmitted_power < -49dBm

UE_TX_POWER_022: -49dBm ≤ UE_transmitted_power < -48dBm

UE_TX_POWER_023: -48dBm ≤ UE_transmitted_power < -47dBm

...

UE_TX_POWER_102: 31dBm ≤ UE_transmitted_power < 32dBm

UE_TX_POWER_103: 32dBm ≤ UE_transmitted_power < 33dBm

UE_TX_POWER_104: 33dBm ≤ UE_transmitted_power < 34dBm
```

9.2 Measurements Performance for UTRAN

9.2.1 Performance for UTRAN Measurements in Uplink (RX)

If not otherwise stated, the test parameters in table 9-16 should be applied for UE RX measurements requirements in this section.

Table 9-16: Intra frequency test parameters for UTRAN RX Measurements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1
Timeslot		[]
DPCH Ec/lor	dB	[]
Îor/loc	dB	[]
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-89
Range: Io	dBm	-10574
Propagation condition	-	AWGN

9.2.1.1 RSCP

9.2.1.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-17: RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Acc	uracy
		Normal conditions	Extreme conditions
RSCP	dB	+/-6dB	+/-9dB

9.2.1.1.2 Relative accuracy requirements

Table 9-18: RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
RSCP	dB	+/-3dB for intra-frequency

9.2.1.1.3 Range/mapping

RSCP is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-120, ..., -80] dBm. RSCP shall be reported in the unit RSCP_LEV where: RSCP_LEV_00: RSCP < -120.0dBm RSCP_LEV_01: -120.0dBm \leq RSCP < -119.5dBm RSCP_LEV_02: -119.5dBm \leq RSCP < -119.0dBm ... RSCP_LEV_79: -81.0dBm \leq RSCP < -80.5dBm RSCP_LEV_80: -80.5dBm \leq RSCP < -80.0dBm RSCP_LEV_81: -80.0dBm \leq RSCP

9.2.1.2 Timeslot ISCP

9.2.1.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-19: Timeslot ISCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Acc	uracy
		Normal conditions	Extreme conditions
Timeslot ISCP	dB	+/-6dB	+/-9dB

9.2.1.2.2 Range/mapping

Timeslot ISCP is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-120,, -80] dBm.				
Timeslot ISCP shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV where:				
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_00:			Timeslot_ISCP < -120.0dBm	
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_01:	-120.0dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP < -119.5dBm	
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_02:	-119.5dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP < -119.0dBm	
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_79:	-81.0dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP < -80.5dBm	
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_80:	-80.5dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP < -80.0dBm	
UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_81:	-80.0dBm	\leq	Timeslot_ISCP	

9.2.1.3 RSSI

9.2.1.3.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-20: RSSI Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
RSSI	dB	+/-4dB

9.2.1.3.2 Range/mapping

```
RSSI is given with a resolution of 0.1dB with the range [-112, ..., -50] dBm.
RSSI shall be reported in the unit RSSI_LEV, where:
                                        RSSI < -112.0dBm
RSSI_LEV_000:
RSSI_LEV_001:
                      -112.0dBm ≤
                                        RSSI < -111.9dBm
RSSI_LEV_002:
                      -111.9dBm ≤
                                        RSSI < -111.8dBm
                                        RSSI < -50.1dBm
RSSI_LEV_619:
                      -50.2dBm
                                  \leq
RSSI_LEV_620:
                      -50.1dBm
                                  \leq
                                        RSSI < -50.0dBm
RSSI_LEV_621:
                      -50.0dBm
                                        RSSI
```

9.2.1.4 SIR

9.2.1.4.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-21: SIR Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
SIR	dB	+/-3dB for 0 <sir<10 db<="" td=""></sir<10>

9.2.1.4.2 Range/mapping

```
SIR is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-11, ..., 20] dB.
SIR shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_SIR where:
UTRAN_SIR_00:
                                 SIR < -11.0dB
UTRAN_SIR_01:
                  -11.0dB ≤
                                 SIR < -10.5dB
UTRAN_SIR_02:
                  -10.5dB ≤
                                 SIR < -10.0dB
UTRAN_SIR_61:
                  19.0dB
                           \leq
                                 SIR < 19.5dB
UTRAN_SIR_62:
                                 SIR < 20.0dB
                  19.5dB
UTRAN_SIR_63:
                  20.0dB
                                 SIR
```

9.2.1.5 Physical channel BER

The measurement period shall be equal to the [TTI] of the transport channel.

9.2.1.5.1 Accuracy requirement

Table 9-22: Physical channel BER Intra frequency accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
BER		+/- 10% of the absolute BER value

9.2.1.5.2 Range/mapping

```
Physical channel BER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.008125 within the range [10^-2.06375 ... 1] with two separate cases Physical channel BER=0 and Physical channel BER between 0 and 10^-2.06375.. Physical channel BER shall be reported in the unit BER_LOG, where: BER_LOG_000: Physical channel BER = 0 BER_LOG_001: -\infty < Log10(Physical channel BER) < -2.06375 BER_LOG_002: -2.06375 \leq Log10(Physical channel BER) < -2.055625 BER_LOG_003: -2.055625 \leq Log10(Physical channel BER) < -2.0475 ... BER_LOG_253: -0.024375 \leq Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.01625 BER_LOG_255: -0.01625 \leq Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.008125 BER_LOG_255: -0.008125 \leq Log10(Physical channel BER) \leq -0.000
```

9.2.1.6 Transport channel BLER

9.2.1.6.1 Accuracy requirement

Table 9-23: Transport channel BLER accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
TrpBLER	-	[]

9.2.1.6.2 Range/mapping

```
Transport channel BLER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.065 with the range
[10^-4.03 ... 1] including a separate case Transport channel BLER=0.
Transport channel BLER shall be reported in the unit BLER_LOG, where:
BLER_LOG_00: BLER = 0
BLER_LOG_01: -∞
                          < Log10(Transport channel BLER) <
                                                             -4.030
BLER_LOG_02: -4.030
                          ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -3.965
BLER_LOG_03: -3.965
                         ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) <</p>
                                                             -3.900
                          ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) <</p>
BLER_LOG_61: -0.195
                                                             -0.130
BLER_LOG_62: -0.130
                          ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) <</p>
                                                             -0.065
BLER_LOG_63: -0.065
                          ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) ≤
                                                              0.000
```

9.2.1.7 Transport Channel BER

The measurement period shall be equal to the [TTI] of the transport channel.

9.2.1.7.1 Accuracy requirement

Table 9-24: Transport channel BER accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
TrpBER	-	+/- []% of the absolute BER value

9.2.1.7.2 Range/mapping

Transport channel BER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.008125 within the range [10^-2.06375 ... 1] with two separate cases Transport channel BER=0 and Transport channel BER between 0 and 10^-2.06375... Transport channel BER shall be reported in the unit TrCH_BER_LOG, where: TrCH_BER_LOG_000: Transport channel BER = 0 TrCH_BER_LOG_001: < Log10(Transport channel BER) < -∞ -2.06375 TrCH_BER_LOG_002: -2.06375 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -2.055625 TrCH_BER_LOG_003: -2.055625 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -2.0475 TrCH_BER_LOG_253: -0.024375 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -0.01625 TrCH_BER_LOG_254: -0.01625 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -0.008125 TrCH_BER_LOG_255: -0.008125 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) ≤ 0.000

9.2.1.8 RX Timing Deviation

9.2.1.8.1 Accuracy requirements

Table 9-25: RX Timing Deviation accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
RX Timing Deviation	-chips	+/-0.5
	period	

9.2.1.8.2 Range/mapping

RX Timing Deviation is given with a resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [-256; 256) chips (11 bit). RX Timing Deviation cell shall be reported in the unit RX_TIME_DEV, where RX_TIME_DEV: $(N^* 0.25 - 256)$ chips \leq RX Timing Deviation $< ((N+1)^* 0.25 - 256)$ chips With N= 0, 1, 2, ..., 2047

NOTE: This measurement can be used for timing advance calculation or location services.

9.2.2 Performance for UTRAN Measurements in Downlink (TX)

The output power is defined as the average power of the transmit timeslot, and is measured with a filter that has a Root-Raised Cosine (RRC) filter response with a roll off $\alpha = 0.22$ and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate.

9.2.2.1 Transmitted carrier power

9.2.2.1.1 Accuracy requirements

Table 9-26: Transmitted carrier power accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
Transmitted carrier power	-	±10% in the range 10% ≤ TX carrier power ratio
		≤90%

9.2.2.1.2 Range/mapping

```
Transmitted carrier power is given with a resolution of 1% with the range [0, ..., 100] %.

Transmitted carrier power shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_TX_POWER, where:

UTRAN_TX_POWER_000: Transmitted carrier power = 0%

UTRAN_TX_POWER_001: 0% < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 1%

UTRAN_TX_POWER_002: 1% < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 2%

UTRAN_TX_POWER_003: 2% < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 3%

...

UTRAN_TX_POWER_098: 97% < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 98%

UTRAN_TX_POWER_099: 98% < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 99%

UTRAN_TX_POWER_100: 99% < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 100%
```

9.2.2.2 Transmitted code power

9.2.2.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

Table 9-27: Transmitted code power absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
Transmitted code power	dB	[+/-3]dB

9.2.2.2.2 Relative accuracy requirements

Table 9-28 Transmitted code power relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
Transmitted code power	dB	+/-2dB

Range/mapping

```
Transmitted code power is given with a resolution of 0.5dB with the range [-10, ..., 46] dBm.

Transmitted code power shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER, where:

UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_000 to UTRAN_TX_POWER_009: reserved

UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_010: -10.0dBm ≤ CODE_POWER < -9.5dBm

UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_011: -9.5dBm ≤ CODE_POWER < -8.5dBm

UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_012: -8.5dBm ≤ CODE_POWER < -7.5dBm

...

UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_120: 45.0dBm ≤ CODE_POWER < 45.5dBm

UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_121: 45.5dBm ≤ CODE_POWER < 46.0dBm

UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_122: 46.0dBm ≤ CODE_POWER < 46.5dBm
```

Annex A (informative): Change History

CRs approved by TSG-RAN#7.

RAN doc	Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Subject	Cat	Old Version	New Version
RP-000020	25.123	001		R99	Update of test requirements for TDD/TDD Handover	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000020	25.123	002		R99	Update of the requirements for TDD/FDD Handover	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000020	25.123	003		R99	Update of Cell Selection and Re-selection sections	С	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000020	25.123	004		R99	Update of Power management and Radio Link Surveillance sections	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000020	25.123	005		R99	Update of measurements performance requirements	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000020	25.123	006		R99	Inclusion of transport channel BER	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000020	25.123	007		R99	Receiver Timing Advance	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
April 2000	25.123	-	-	R99	MCC Editorial update and clause 10 renumbering	Α	3.1.0	3.1.1

CRs approved by TSG-RAN#8.

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	Re v	Phas e	Subject	Cat	-	New
							Current	
RP-000209	25.123	800		R99	Correction of UTRAN 'Transmitted carrier power' accuracy requirements	F	3.1.1	3.2.0
RP-000209	25.123	009		R99	Measurement reporting delay	F	3.1.1	3.2.0
RP-000209	25.123	010		R99	Update of UE SIR Measurements performance requirements	F	3.1.1	3.2.0
RP-000209	25.123	011		R99	UE Transport Channel BLER measurement	F	3.1.1	3.2.0
RP-000209	25.123	012		R99	Editorial corrections of 25.123	F	3.1.1	3.2.0
RP-000209	25.123	013		R99	Range and mapping in TS 25.123 (TDD)	F	3.1.1	3.2.0
RP-000209	25.123	014		R99	Requirement for UE Tx Power Measurement	F	3.1.1	3.2.0
RP-000209	25.123	015		R99	Addition of test parameters to RRM Measurements performance requirements	F	3.1.1	3.2.0

History

Document history						
V3.0.0	January 2000	Publication				
V3.1.1	May 2000	Publication				
V3.2.0	June 2000	Publication				