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Technical Specification

Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.133 version 4.1.0 Release 4)



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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

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1 Scope

The present document specifies requirements for support of Radio Resource Management for FDD. These requirements include requirements on measurements in UTRAN and the UE as well as requirements on node dynamical behaviour and interaction, in terms of delay and response characteristics.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] (void)
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)".
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.101: "UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)".
- [4] 3GPP TS 25.104: "BTS Radio transmission and reception (FDD)".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.102: "UE Radio transmission and reception (TDD)".
- [6] 3GPP TS 25.105: "BTS Radio transmission and reception (TDD)".
- [7] 3GPP TS 25.103: "RF parameters in support of RRM".
- [8] 3GPP TS 25.141: "Base station conformance testing (FDD)".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.142: "Base station conformance testing (TDD)".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.113: "Base station EMC".
- [11] 3GPP TR 25.942: "RF System scenarios".
- [12] 3GPP TR 25.922: "RRM Strategies".
- [13] 3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical Layer Measurements (FDD)".
- [14] 3GPP TS 25.225: "Physical Layer Measurements (TDD)".
- [15] 3GPP TS 25.302: "Services provided by Physical Layer".
- [16] 3GPP TS 25.331: "RRC Protocol Specification".
- [17] ETSI ETR 273-1-2: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes"
- [18] 3GPP TS 25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)"
- [19] 3GPP TS 25.321: "MAC protocol specification"
- [20] 3GPP TS 25.303: "Interlayer Procedures in Connected Mode"

- [21] 3GPP TS 45.008: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Radio subsystem link control"
- [22] 3GPP TS 45.005: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Radio transmission and reception"

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

The main general definitions strictly related to the Transmission and Reception characteristics but important also for the present document can be found in [3] for UE FDD, in [4] for BS FDD, in [5] for UE TDD, in [6] for BS TDD.

Node B A logical node responsible for radio transmission / reception in one or more cells to/from the User Equipment. Terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbol applies:

[...]	Values included in square bracket must be considered for further studies, because it means that a decision about that value was not taken.
CPICH_Ec	Average energy per PN chip for the CPICH
CPICH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the CPICH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
CPICH_Ec/Io	The ratio of the received energy per PN chip for the CPICH to the total received power spectral density at the UE antenna connector.
DPCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Ec	Average energy per PN chip.
Io	The total received power density, including signal and interference, as measured at the UE antenna connector.
Ioc	The power spectral density of a band limited noise source (simulating interference from cells, which are not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna connector.
Ior	The total transmit power spectral density of the downlink at the Node B antenna connector.
$\hat{I}or$	The received power spectral density of the downlink as measured at the UE antenna connector.
OCNS_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the OCNS to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the PCCPCH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
PENALTY_TIME	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
PICH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the PICH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Qhyst	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qoffset _{s,n}	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qqualmin	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qrxlevmin	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
SCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the SCH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Sintersearch	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Sintrasearch	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
SsearchRAT	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
T1	Time period 1
T2	Time period 2

TEMP_OFFSET	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
T _{RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}	The RRC Re-establishment delay requirement, the time between the moment when erroneous CRCs are applied, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.
Treselection	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.3.1.2.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply

BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
CFN	Connection Frame Number
CPICH	Common Pilot Channel
DL	Down link (forward link)
DPCH	Dedicated Physical Channel
DRX	Discontinuous Reception
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
OCNS	Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on the other orthogonal channels of a downlink.
PCCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
PICH	Paging Indicator Channel
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
RSCP	Received Signal Code Power
RRC	Radio Resource Control
RRM	Radio Resource Management
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SCH	Synchronisation Channel, power of SCH shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels.
SFN	System Frame Number
SIR	Signal to Interference ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TPC	Transmit Power Control
UE	User Equipment
UL	Up link (reverse link)
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network

3.4 Test tolerances

The requirements given in the present document make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification 34.121 and 25.141 define test tolerances. These test tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The test tolerances are then added to the limits in this specification to create test limits. The measurement results are compared against the test limits as defined by the shared risk principle.

Shared Risk is defined in ETR 273 Part 1 sub-part 2 section 6.5.

4 Idle Mode Tasks

4.1 Cell Selection

4.1.1 Introduction

After a UE has switched on and a PLMN has been selected, the Cell selection process takes place, as described in TS25.304. This process allows the UE to select a suitable cell where to camp on in order to access available services. In this process the UE can use stored information (*Stored information cell selection*) or not (*Initial cell selection*).

4.2 Cell Re-selection

4.2.1 Introduction

The cell reselection procedure allows the UE to select a more suitable cell and camp on it.

When the UE is in *Camped Normally* state on a FDD cell, UE shall attempt to detect, synchronise, and monitor intra-frequency, inter-frequency and inter-RAT cells indicated in the measurement control system information of the serving cell. UE measurement activity is also controlled by measurement rules defined in TS25.304, allowing the UE to limit its measurement activity if certain conditions are fulfilled.

4.2.2 Requirements

4.2.2.1 Measurement and evaluation of cell selection criteria S of serving cell

The UE shall measure the CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP level of the serving cell and evaluate the cell selection criterion S defined in TS25.304 for the serving cell at least every DRX cycle. The UE shall filter the CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP measurements of the serving cell using at least 2 measurements, which are taken so that the time difference between the measurements is at least $T_{\text{measureFDD}}/2$ (see table 4.1).

If the UE has evaluated in N_{serv} consecutive DRX cycles that the serving cell does not fulfil the cell selection criterion S, the UE shall initiate the measurements of all neighbour cells indicated in the measurement control system information, regardless of the measurement rules currently limiting UE measurement activities.

If the UE has not found any new suitable cell based on searches and measurements of the neighbour cells indicated in the measurement control system information for 12 s, the UE shall initiate cell selection procedures for the selected PLMN as defined in TS25.304.

4.2.2.2 Measurements of intra-frequency cells

The UE shall measure CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP at least every $T_{\text{measureFDD}}$ (see table 4.1) for intra-frequency cells that are detected and measured according to the measurement rules. $T_{\text{measureFDD}}$ is defined in Table 4.1. The UE shall filter CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP measurements of each measured intra-frequency cell using at least 2 measurements, which are taken so that the time difference between the measurements is at least $T_{\text{measureFDD}}/2$.

The filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an intra-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within $T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$ (see table 4.1), from the moment the intra-frequency cell became at least 3 dB better ranked than the current serving cell, provided that Treselection timer is set to zero and either CPICH Ec/Io or CPICH RSCP is used as measurement quantity for cell reselection.

If Treselection timer has a non zero value and the intra-frequency cell is better ranked than the serving cell, the UE shall evaluate this intra-frequency cell for the Treselection time. If this cell remains better ranked within this duration, then the UE shall reselect that cell.

4.2.2.3 Measurements of inter-frequency FDD cells

The UE shall measure CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP at least every $(N_{\text{carrier}}-1) * T_{\text{measureFDD}}$ (see table 4.1) for inter-frequency cells that are detected and measured according to the measurement rules. The parameter N_{carrier} is the number of carriers used for FDD cells. The UE shall filter CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP measurements of each measured inter-frequency cell using at least 2 measurements, which are taken so that the time difference between the measurements is at least $T_{\text{measureFDD}}/2$.

If CPICH Ec/Io is used as measurement quantity for cell reselection, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an already detected inter-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within $(N_{\text{carrier}}-1) * T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$ (see table 4.1) from the moment the inter-frequency cell became at least 3 dB better than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero. For non-detected inter-frequency cells, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that inter-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within 30 s from the moment the inter-frequency cell became at least 3 dB better ranked than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero.

If CPICH RSCP is used as measurement quantity for cell reselection, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an already detected inter-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within $(N_{\text{carrier}}-1) * T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$ from the moment the inter-frequency cell became at least 5 dB better than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero. For non-detected inter-frequency cells, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that inter-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within 30 s from the moment the inter-frequency cell became at least 5 dB better ranked than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero.

If Treselection timer has a non zero value and the inter-frequency cell is better ranked than the serving cell, the UE shall evaluate this inter-frequency cell for the Treselection time. If this cell remains better ranked within this duration, then the UE shall reselect that cell.

4.2.2.4 Measurements of inter-frequency TDD cells

The UE shall measure the PCCPCH RSCP of each TDD neighbour cell indicated in the measurement control system information of the serving cell, according to the measurement rules defined in TS25.304, at least every $T_{\text{measureTDD}}$ (see table 4.1 TS25.133). The UE shall filter PCCPCH RSCP measurements of each measured inter-frequency cell using at least 2 measurements, which are taken so that the time difference between the measurements is at least $T_{\text{measureTDD}}/2$.

The filtering of PCCPCH RSCP shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an already detected inter-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within $N_{\text{carrierTDD}} * T_{\text{evaluateTDD}}$ from the moment the inter-frequency cell became at least 3 dB better ranked than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero. For non-detected inter-frequency cells, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that inter-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within 30 s from the moment the inter-frequency cell became at least 3 dB better ranked than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero.

If Treselection timer has a non zero value and the inter-frequency cell is better ranked than the serving cell, the UE shall evaluate this inter-frequency cell for the Treselection time. If this cell remains better ranked within this duration, then the UE shall reselect that cell. The ranking of the cells shall be made according to the cell reselection criteria specified in TS25.304.

4.2.2.5 Measurements of inter-RAT GSM cells

The UE shall measure the signal level of each GSM neighbour cell indicated in the measurement control system information of the serving cell, according to the measurement rules defined in TS25.304, at least every $T_{\text{measureGSM}}$ (see table 4.1). The UE shall maintain a running average of 4 measurements for each cell. The measurement samples for each cell shall be as far as possible uniformly distributed over the averaging period.

The UE shall attempt to verify the BSIC for each of the 4 best ranked GSM BCCH carriers (the best ranked according to the cell reselection criteria defined in TS25.304) at least every 30 seconds if GSM cells are measured according to the measurement rules. If a change of BSIC is detected for one GSM cell then that GSM BCCH carrier shall be treated as a new GSM neighbour cell.

If the UE detects a BSIC, which is not indicated in the measurement control system information, the UE shall not consider that GSM BCCH carrier in cell reselection. The UE also shall not consider the GSM BCCH carrier in cell reselection, if the UE can not demodulate the BSIC of that GSM BCCH carrier.

4.2.2.6 Evaluation of cell re-selection criteria

The UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria defined in TS 25.304 for the cells, which have new measurement results available, at least every DRX cycle.

UE shall perform cell reselection immediately after the UE has found a higher ranked suitable cell, unless less than 1 second has elapsed from the moment the UE started camping on the current cell.

4.2.2.7 Maximum interruption in paging reception

UE shall perform the cell re-selection with minimum interruption in monitoring downlink channels for paging reception.

At intra-frequency cell re-selection, the UE shall monitor the downlink of current serving cell for paging reception until the UE is capable to start monitoring downlink channels of the target intra-frequency cell for paging reception. The interruption time shall not exceed 50 ms.

At inter-frequency and inter-RAT cell re-selection, the UE shall monitor the downlink of current serving cell for paging reception until the UE is capable to start monitoring downlink channels for paging reception of the target inter-frequency cell. The interruption time must not exceed $T_{REP} + 50$ ms. T_{REP} is the longest repetition period for the system information required to be read by the UE to camp on the cell.

These requirements assume sufficient radio conditions, so that decoding of system information can be made without errors.

Table 4.1: $T_{measureFDD}$, $T_{evaluateFDD}$, $T_{measureTDD}$, $T_{evaluateTDD}$, and $T_{measureGSM}$

DRX cycle length [s]	N_{serv} [number of DRX cycles]	$T_{measureFDD}$ [s] (number of DRX cycles)	$T_{evaluateFDD}$ [s] (number of DRX cycles)	$T_{measureTDD}$ [s] (number of DRX cycles)	$T_{evaluateTDD}$ [s] (number of DRX cycles)	$T_{measureGSM}$ [s] (number of DRX cycles)
0.08	4	0.64 (8 DRX cycles)	2.56 (32 DRX cycles)	0.64 (8 DRX cycles)	2.56 (32 DRX cycles)	2.56 (32 DRX cycles)
0.16	4	0.64 (4)	2.56 (16)	0.64 (4)	2.56 (16)	2.56 (16)
0.32	4	1.28 (4)	5.12 (16)	1.28 (4)	5.12 (16)	5.12 (16)
0.64	4	1.28 (2)	5.12 (8)	1.28 (2)	5.12 (8)	5.12 (8)
1.28	2	1.28 (1)	6.4 (5)	1.28 (1)	6.4 (5)	6.4 (5)
2.56	2	2.56 (1)	7.68 (3)	2.56 (1)	7.68 (3)	7.68 (3)
5.12	1	5.12 (1)	10.24 (2)	5.12 (1)	10.24 (2)	10.24 (2)

In idle mode, UE shall support DRX cycles lengths 0.64, 1.28, 2.56 and 5.12 s, according to [16].

4.2.2.8 Number of cells in cell lists

- For idle mode cell re-selection purposes, the UE shall be capable of monitoring:
 - 32 intra-frequency cells (including serving cell),
 - 32 inter-frequency cells, including
 - FDD mode cells on maximum 2 additional carriers, and
 - TDD mode cells, and
 - 32 inter RAT GSM cells,

as indicated in cell information lists sent in system information (BCCH).

5 UTRAN Connected mode mobility

This section contains the requirements on the mobility procedures in UTRAN connected mode such as handover and cell re-selection.

Requirements related to the measurements in support of the execution of the UTRAN connected mode mobility procedures are specified, currently not necessarily for all UTRAN connected mode states, in section 8 .

The radio links the UE shall use are controlled by UTRAN with RRC signalling.

UE behaviour in response to UTRAN RRC messages is described in TS25.331.

The purpose of Cell reselection in CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH states is that the UE shall select a better cell according to the cell reselection criteria in TS 25.304. CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH states are described in TS 25.331.

5.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover

5.1.1 Introduction

Soft handover is a function in which the UE is connected to several UTRAN access points at the same time. Addition and/or release of radio links are controlled by the ACTIVE SET UPDATE procedure.

The soft handover function includes a measurement phase, a decision algorithm in UTRAN and the ACTIVE SET UPDATE procedure.

5.1.2 Requirements

5.1.2.1 Active set dimension

The UE shall be capable of supporting at least 6 radio links in the active set.

5.1.2.2 Active set update delay

The active set update delay is defined as the time from when the UE has received the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message from UTRAN, or at the time stated through the activation time when to perform the active set update, to the time when the UE successfully uses the set of radio links stated in that message for power control.

The active set update delay is depending on the number of known cells referred to in the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE..

And the phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The active set update delay shall be less than $50+10*KC+100*OC$ ms, where

KC is the number of known cells in the active set update message.

OC is the number of cells that are not known in the active set update message.

If the UE have radio links in the active set that it can not use for data detection (due to low signal level), the UE shall at least every 150 ms search for the radio link

5.1.2.3 Interruption Time

The UE shall not interrupt the data flow when adding, changing or removing radio links to the active set.

5.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

5.2.1 Introduction

The hard handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message that implies a hard handover, see TS 25.331 section 8.3.5.

5.2.2 Requirements

5.2.2.1 Hard handover delay

Procedure delay for all procedures, that can command a hard handover, are specified in [TS25.331 section 11.5.2].

When the UE receives a RRC message implying hard handover with the activation time "now" or earlier than than D_{handover} seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH within D_{handover} seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than D_{handover} seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH at the designated activation time.

where:

D_{handover} equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS25.331 Section 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in section 5.2.2.2.

5.2.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPDCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCCH, is depending on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than $T_{\text{interrupt1}}$

$$T_{\text{interrupt1}} = T_{\text{IU}} + 40 + 20 * \text{KC} + 100 * \text{OC} \text{ ms}$$

where

T_{IU} is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T_{IU} can be up to one frame (10 ms).

KC is the number of known target cells in the message, and

OC is the number of target cells that are not known in the message.

Note: The figure 40 ms is the time required for measuring the downlink DPCCH channel as stated in TS 25.214 section 4.3.1.2.

In the interruption requirement $T_{\text{interrupt1}}$ a cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and the UE needs compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than $T_{\text{interrupt2}}$

$$T_{\text{interrupt2}} = T_{\text{IU}} + 40 + 50 * \text{KC} + 150 * \text{OC} \text{ ms}$$

In the interruption requirement $T_{\text{interrupt}2}$ a cell is known if:

- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

5.3 FDD/TDD Handover

5.3.1 Introduction

The purpose of FDD/TDD hard handover is to change the mode between FDD and TDD. The handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message that implies a hard handover, refer to TS25.331.

Compressed mode according to the UE Capability may be used to be able to make any measurements on the other mode.

5.3.2 Requirements

These requirements shall apply only to FDD/TDD UE.

5.3.2.1 Hard handover delay

Procedure delay for all procedures, that can command a hard handover, are specified in TS25.331 section 13.5.2.

When the UE receives a RRC message implying hard handover with the activation time "now" or earlier than D_{handover} seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCH within D_{handover} seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than D_{handover} seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCH at the designated activation time.

where:

D_{handover} equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS25.331 Section 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in section 5.3.2.2.

5.3.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the end of the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCH. The interruption time shall be less than the value in table 5-3. There is different requirement on the interruption time depending on if the cell is known or not.

The definition of known cell is specified in section 5.1.2.2.

Table 5.1: FDD/TDD interruption time

cell present in the handover command message	Interruption time [ms]	
	Known cell	Unknown cell
1	[100]	[350]

The interruption time includes the time that can elapse till the appearance of the channel required for the synchronisation, which can be up to one frame (10ms). And the time that can elapse till the appearance of the slot in which the new uplink DPCH shall be transmitted, which can be up to one frame (10ms).

The requirement in Table 5.1 for the unknown cell shall apply if the signal quality of the unknown cell is good enough for successful synchronisation with one attempt.

NOTE: One synchronisation attempt can consist of coherent averaging using several frames.

5.4 FDD/GSM Handover

5.4.1 Introduction

The purpose of inter-RAT handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM is to transfer a connection between the UE and UTRAN FDD to GSM. The handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message (HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND). The procedure is described in TS25.331 section 8.3.7.

Compressed mode according to the UE Capability may be used to be able to make measurements on GSM.

5.4.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and GSM.

5.4.2.1 Handover delay

When the UE receives a RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND with the activation time "now" or earlier than the value in table 5.2 from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to transmit (as specified in GSM 05.10) on the channel of the new RAT within the value in table 5.2 from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than the value in table 5.2 from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to transmit (as specified in GSM 05.10) on the channel of the new RAT at the designated activation time.

The UE shall process the RRC procedures for the RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND within 50 ms. If the activation time is used, it corresponds to the CFN of the UTRAN channel.

Table 5.2: FDD/GSM handover –handover delay

UE synchronisation status	handover delay [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	90
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	190

5.4.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the end of the last TTI containing a transport block on the old channel and the time the UE is ready to transmit on the new channel, shall be less than The value in table 5.3. The requirement in table 5.3 for the case, that UE is not synchronised to the GSM cell before the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received, is valid when the signal quality of the GSM cell is good enough for successful synchronisation with one attempt.

Table 5.3: FDD/GSM handover - interruption time

Synchronisation status	Interruption time [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	40
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	140

5.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH

5.5.1 Introduction

When a Cell Re-selection process is triggered according to TS 25.331, the UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria specified in TS 25.304, based on radio measurements, and if a better cell is found that cell is selected.

5.5.2 Requirements

The Cell reselection delays specified below are applicable when the RRC parameter $T_{\text{reselection}}$ is set to 0. Otherwise the Cell reselection delay is increased $T_{\text{reselection S}}$.

The measurements CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP shall be used for cell reselection in Cell-FACH state to another FDD cell, P-CCPCH RSCP shall be used for re-selection to a TDD cell and GSM carrier RSSI shall be used for cell re-selection to a GSM cell. The accuracies of the measurements used for a cell-reselection in an AWGN environment shall comply with the requirements in chapter 9.

5.5.2.1 Cell re-selection delay

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

5.5.2.1.1 Intra frequency cell reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state to a cell in the same frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, intra}} = T_{\text{identify, intra}} + T_{\text{SI}} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{identify, intra}}$ is specified in 8.4.2.2.1.

T_{SI} = The maximum repetition period of all relevant system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell.

This requirement assumes radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

5.5.2.1.2 Inter frequency cell reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state to a FDD cell on a different frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{identify, inter}} + T_{\text{SI}} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{identify, inter}}$ is specified in 8.4.2.3.1.

T_{SI} = The maximum repetition frequency of all relevant system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell.

This requirement assumes radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

5.5.2.1.3 FDD-TDD cell reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state in FDD to a TDD cell shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, TDD}} = T_{\text{identify, TDD}} + T_{\text{SI}} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{identify, TDD}}$ is specified in 8.4.2.4.1.

T_{SI} = The maximum repetition frequency of all relevant system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp o a cell.

This requirement assumes radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

5.5.2.1.4 UTRAN-GSM Cell Reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state to a GSM cell shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, GSM}} = T_{\text{identify, GSM}} + T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} + T_{\text{SI}} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{identify, GSM}}$ is specified in 8.4.2.5.2.1

T_{SI} = The maximum repetition frequency of all relevant system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell.

$$T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} = \text{Max} \left\{ 8 \cdot \frac{N_{\text{carriers}}}{N_{\text{GSM carrier RSSI}}} \cdot T_{\text{meas}}, 4 * T_{\text{meas}}, 480\text{ms} \right\}$$

where:

N_{carriers} is the number of GSM carriers in the Inter-RAT cell info list

$N_{\text{GSM carrier RSSI}}$ is specified in 8.4.2.5.1.

5.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH

5.6.1 Introduction

The UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria specified in TS 25.304, based on radio measurements, and if a better cell is found that cell is selected.

5.6.2 Requirements

Requirements for cell re-selection in CELL_PCH are the same as for cell re-selection in idle mode, see section 4.2. UE shall support all DRX cycle lengths in table 4.1, according to [16].

5.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH

5.7.1 Introduction

The UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria specified in TS 25.304, based on radio measurements, and if a better cell is found that cell is selected.

5.7.2 Requirements

Requirements for cell re-selection in CELL_PCH are the same as for cell re-selection in idle mode, see section 4.2. UE shall support all DRX cycle lengths in table 4.1, according to [16].

6 RRC Connection Control

6.1 RRC Re-establishment

6.1.1 Introduction

RRC connection re-establishment is needed, when a UE in state CELL_DCH loses radio connection due to radio link failure. The procedure when a radio link failure occurs in CELL_DCH is specified in of TS 25.331.

6.1.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section are applicable when the UE performs a RRC Re-establishment to a cell belonging to any of the frequencies present in the previous (old) monitored set.

When the UE is in CELL_DCH state, the UE shall be capable of sending a CELL UPDATE message using the cause "radio link failure" within $T_{RE-ESTABLISH}$ seconds from when the CPHY-Out-Of-Synch primitive indicates lost synchronisation.

The RRC Re-establishment delay requirement ($T_{RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$) is defined as the time between the moment when the CPHY-Out-Of-Synch primitive indicates lost synchronisation, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

$T_{RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

And the phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The RRC re-establishment delay shall be less than

$$50 + T_{search} * NF + T_{SI} \text{ ms}$$

where T_{search} is the time it takes for the UE to search the cell.

$T_{search} = 100$ ms if the target cell is known by the UE, and

$T_{search} = 800$ ms if the target cell is not known by the UE.

where T_{SI} is the maximum repetition period of all relevant system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell (ms).

NF is the number of different frequencies in the monitored set.

This requirement assumes radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

6.2 (void)

6.3 Random Access

6.3.1 Introduction

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in section 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in section 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in section 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

6.3.2 Requirements

The UE shall have capability to calculate initial power according to the open loop algorithm and apply this power level at the first preamble and increase the power on additional preambles. The UE shall stop transmit preambles upon a ACK/NACK on the AICH has been received or if the maximum number of preambles within on cycle has been reached. Upon an ACK has been received the UE shall transmit a message otherwise the ramping procedure shall be repeated.

6.3.2.1 Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message..

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall have an accuracy as specified in table 6.3 of TS 25.101 [3]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in section 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [3].

6.3.2.2 Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer T_{B01} expires.

6.3.2.3 Correct behaviour at Time-out

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached.

6.3.2.4 Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

The UE shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power configured by the UTRAN.

The absolute power of any preamble shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power +/-[] dB (or +/- [] dB in extreme conditions).

6.4 Transport format combination selection in UE

6.4.1 Introduction

When the UE estimates that a certain TFC would require more power than the maximum transmit power, it shall limit the usage of transport format combinations for the assigned transport format set, according to the functionality specified in section 11.4 in TS25.321. This in order to make it possible for the network operator to maximise the coverage. Transport format combination selection is described in section 11.4 of TS 25.321.

6.4.2 Requirements

The UE shall continuously evaluate based on the *Limited TFC Set* and *Recovered TFC Set* criteria defined below, which TFCs of the given TFC set it can support. The evaluation shall be performed using the estimated UE transmit power of a corresponding TFC. The UE transmit power estimation shall be made using the UE transmitted power measured over the measurement period and the gain factors of the corresponding TFC.

The UE shall consider the *Limited TFC Set* criterion for a TFC to be fulfilled if the estimated UE transmit power of a certain TFC has been evaluated as greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for at least X measurement periods out of Y successive measurement periods. If the *Limited TFC Set* criterion for a TFC is fulfilled, the UE shall consider that the TFC cannot be supported in TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bitrate for each logical channel to upper layers within [15 ms] from the moment the *Limited TFC Set* criterion has been fulfilled.

The Maximum UE transmitter power is defined as follows

$$\text{Maximum UE transmitter power} = \text{MIN}(\text{Maximum allowed UL TX Power, UE maximum transmit power})$$

where

Maximum allowed UL TX Power is set by UTRAN and defined in [16], and

UE maximum transmit power is defined by the UE power class, and specified in [3].

The UE shall consider the *Recovered TFC Set* criterion for a TFC to be fulfilled if the UE has evaluated for at least Y successive measurement periods that the estimated UE transmit power for that TFC has not been greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power.

A TFC, which fulfilled the *Limited TFC Set* criterion, shall not be considered in the TFC selection until the *Recovered TFC Set* criterion has been fulfilled.

7 Timing and Signalling characteristics

7.1 UE Transmit Timing

7.1.1 Introduction

The UE shall have capability to follow the frame timing change of the connected Node B. The uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission takes place approximately T_0 chips after the reception of the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. T_0 is defined in [2]. UE initial transmit timing accuracy, maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, minimum and maximum adjustment rate are defined in the following requirements.

7.1.2 Requirements

The UE initial transmission timing error shall be less than or equal to ± 1.5 Chip. The reference point for the UE initial transmit timing control requirement shall be the time when the first significant path of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame is received plus T_0 chips. T_0 is defined in [2].

The UE shall be capable of changing the transmission timing according the received downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. The maximum amount of the timing change in one adjustment shall be $\frac{1}{4}$ Chip.

The minimum adjustment rate shall be 233ns per second. The maximum adjustment rate shall be $\frac{1}{4}$ chip per 200ms. In particular, within any given 200 ms period, the UE transmit timing shall not change in excess of $\pm 1/4$ chip from the timing at the beginning of this 200ms period.

8 UE Measurements Procedures

8.1 General Measurement Requirements in CELL_DCH State

8.1.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on the UE regarding measurement reporting in CELL_DCH state. The requirements are split in FDD intra frequency, FDD inter frequency, TDD and GSM measurements. These measurements may be used by the UTRAN, e.g. for handover decisions. The measurements are defined in TS 25.215, the measurement model is defined in TS 25.302 and measurement accuracies are specified in section 9. Control of measurement reporting is specified in TS 25.331 and parallel measurements are specified in section 8.2. Compressed mode is specified in TS 25.215.

8.1.2 Requirements

8.1.2.1 UE Measurement Capability

The UE shall be able to monitor up to

- 32 intra frequency FDD cells (including active set), and
- 32 inter frequency cells, including
- FDD mode cells distributed on up to 2 additional FDD carriers and
- Depending on UE Capability, TDD mode cells, distributed on up to 3 TDD carriers.

Depending on UE capability, the UE shall also in addition be able to support and process at least 32 GSM cells distributed on up to 32 GSM carriers.

If the UE utilises compressed mode for inter-frequency and/or inter-RAT measurements, in order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must provide

- transmission gap pattern sequences with $TGPL1 > 1$ and ensure that the activation of several transmission gap pattern sequences in parallel does not result in every frame being compressed, and
- the patterns within a transmission gap pattern sequence are identical (i.e., $TGPL1 = TGPL2$).

Performance requirements for different types of transmission gap pattern sequences and different number of cells is defined in the following sections.

The requirements in section 9 are applicable for a UE performing measurements according to this section.

The received CPICH E_c/I_o is defined as

$$\left(\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_o} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} = \left(\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}}$$

and the received SCH E_c/I_o is defined as

$$\left(\frac{SCH - E_c}{I_o} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} = \left(\frac{SCH - E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}}$$

8.1.2.2 FDD intra frequency measurements

During the CELL_DCH state the UE shall continuously measure detected intra frequency cells and search for new intra frequency cells in the monitoring set. In case the network requests the UE to report unlisted cells, the UE shall also search for intra frequency cells outside the monitored set. Cells, which are neither included in the active set nor in the monitored set, and are detected by the UE belong to the detected set according to TS 25.331. If compressed mode pattern sequences are activated, intra frequency measurements can be performed between the transmission gaps simultaneously for data reception from the active set cell/s.

8.1.2.2.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = \text{Max} \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

when $CPICH E_c/I_o \geq -20$ dB, $SCH E_c/I_o \geq -20$ dB and $SCH E_c/I_{or}$ is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell not belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify detected set}} = 30s$$

when CPICH Ec/Io \geq -20 dB, SCH_Ec/Io \geq -17 dB and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

8.1.2.2.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

In the CELL_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 detected intra-frequency cells, in the monitored set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$ cells, where $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$ is defined in the following equation. The detectable cells, in the monitored set, that were not measured during that measurement period, shall be measured in the following measurement periods. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2.

$$Y_{\text{measurement intra}} = \text{Floor} \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Intra}}}{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

$$X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} = 8 \text{ (cells)}$$

$T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}} = 200$ ms. The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

T_{Intra} : This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

$T_{\text{basic_identify_FDD, intra}} = 800$ ms. This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

The UE shall furthermore be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least 1 detected intra-frequency cell, in the detected set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 10 s. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2.

8.1.2.2.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements contained in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

8.1.2.2.4 Event-triggered Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements contained in event triggered periodic measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The first report in event triggered periodic measurement reporting shall meet the requirements specified in section 8.1.2.2.3 Event Triggered Reporting.

8.1.2.2.5 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when

inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH . The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

Editors Note: The test cases in section A.8 will need revisions to reflect the general requirements.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined $T_{\text{identify intra}}$ defined in Section 8.1.2.2.1

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has detected and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period < 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}}$ ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{\text{identify_intra}}$ and then enters the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}}$ when the L3 filter has not been used.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay on cells not belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined $T_{\text{identify detected set}}$ defined in Section 8.1.2.2.1.

8.1.2.3 FDD inter frequency measurements

In the CELL_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence with the "FDD measurements" purpose is provided by the network the UE shall continuously measure detected inter frequency cells and search for new inter frequency cells indicated in the measurement control information.

In order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose FDD measurement using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2 and TGD:

Table 8.1

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]
7	-	undefined
14	-	undefined
10	-	undefined
7	7	15...269
14	14	15...269
10	5	15...269

8.1.2.3.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify inter}} = \text{Max} \left\{ 5000, T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} \text{ms}$$

when CPICH $E_c/I_o \geq -20$ dB, SCH $E_c/I_o \geq -17$ dB and SCH E_c/I_o is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

8.1.2.3.2 Measurement period

When transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement_inter}} = \text{Max} \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period_Inter}}, T_{\text{basic_measurement_FDD_inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement_Period_Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} \text{ms}$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency measurements is 480 ms.

$T_{\text{Measurement_Period_Inter}} = 480$ ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period $T_{\text{measurement_inter}}$ for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

T_{Inter} : This is the minimum time as full slots that is available for inter frequency measurements, during the period $T_{\text{Measurement_Period_inter}}$ with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time is calculated by using the actual idle length within the transmission gap as given in the table 11 of Annex B in TS 25.212 and by assuming $2 \cdot 0.5$ ms for implementation margin.

$T_{\text{basic_identify_FDD,inter}} = 800$ ms. This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

$T_{\text{basic_measurement_FDD_inter}} = 50$ ms. This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

N_{Freq} : Number of FDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

8.1.2.3.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

8.1.2.3.4 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send any event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria is not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than $T_{\text{identify_inter}}$ defined in Section 8.1.2.3.1. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{\text{identify_inter}}$ and then enters the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{\text{Measurement_Period_Inter}}$ provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than ± 32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

8.1.2.4 TDD measurements

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting both TDD and FDD mode.

In the CELL_DCH the UE shall continuously measure detected inter frequency TDD cells and search for new inter frequency cells indicated in the measurement control information.

In order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose TDD measurement using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2 and TGD:

Table 8.2

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]
10	-	undefined
10	10	15...269
14	7	15...269

If reporting of the values for TGSN_proposed is requested by the network while P-CCPCH RSCP is measured by the UE, and this is supported by the UE, values for TGSN_proposed shall be extracted by use of the following formula and reported to the network together with the P-CCPCH RSCP results in the measurement report:

TGSN_proposed=
(FDD slot in which the starting point of the P-CCPCH slot of the monitored TDD cell was observed) – (1 slot)

8.1.2.4.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify TDD inter}} = \text{Max} \left\{ 5000, T_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{T_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} \text{ms}$$

when P-CCPCH $E_c/I_o \geq -8$ dB, SCH $E_c/I_o \geq -13$ dB and SCH E_c/I_o is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and the sum of all secondary synchronisation codes, where the secondary synchronisation codes are also equally divided. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

where the received P-CCPCH E_c/I_o is defined as

$$\left(\frac{P-CCPCH-E_c}{I_o} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} = \left(\frac{P-CCPCH-E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\hat{I}_{or} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}}$$

and the received SCH E_c/I_o is defined as

$$\left(\frac{SCH-E_c}{I_o} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} = \left(\frac{SCH-E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\hat{I}_{or} \right) \Big|_{in \text{ dB}}$$

8.1.2.4.2 Measurement period

When transmission gaps as previously described are scheduled for TDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.11 with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = \text{Max} \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period TDD Inter}}, T_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement_Period TDD Inter}}}{T_{\text{TDD Inter}}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq}} \right\} \text{ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{Measurement_Period TDD inter}} = 480$ ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period $T_{\text{measurement_TDD inter}}$ for inter frequency RSCP measurements.

$T_{\text{TDD inter}}$: This is the minimum time that is available for inter frequency measurements, during the period $T_{\text{Measurement_Period TDD inter}}$ with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time is calculated by using the actual idle length within the transmission gap as given in the table 11 of Annex B in TS 25.212 and by assuming $2 \cdot 500 \mu\text{s}$ for implementation margin.

$T_{\text{basic_identify_TDD,inter}} = [800]$ ms. This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new TDD cell is defined.

$T_{\text{basic_measurement_TDD inter}} = 200$ ms. This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency RSCP measurements.

N_{Freq} : Number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

8.1.2.4.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

8.1.2.4.4 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report, until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than $T_{\text{identify inter}}$ defined in Section 8.1.2.4.1 When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period $T_{\text{identify_TDD inter}}$ and then enters the reporting range, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than $T_{\text{Measurement_Period TDD Inter}}$ when the L3 filter has not been used.

8.1.2.5 GSM measurements

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM.

In CELL_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence is provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.

Measurements on a GSM cell can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified.

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, the requirements in TS 45.008 shall apply.

8.1.2.5.1 GSM carrier RSSI

A UE supporting GSM measurements using compressed mode shall meet the minimum number of GSM RSSI carrier measurements specified in table 8.4. This measurement shall be based on a transmission gap pattern sequence with purpose "GSM carrier RSSI measurements"

In order for the requirements in this subsection to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose GSM carrier RSSI measurements using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2 and TGD:

Table 8.3

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]
3	-	undefined
4	-	undefined
5	-	undefined
7	-	undefined
10	-	undefined
14	-	undefined
3	3	15...269
4	4	15...269
5	5	15...269
7	7	15...269
10	10	15...269
14	14	15...269

In the CELL_DCH state the measurement period for the GSM carrier RSSI measurement is 480 ms.

The UE shall meet the measurement accuracy requirements stated for RXLEV in TS 45.008, when the given measurement time allows the UE to take at least 3 GSM carrier RSSI samples per GSM carrier in the monitored set during the measurement period.

Table 8.4

TGL	Number of GSM carrier RSSI samples in each gap.
3	1
4	2
5	3
7	6
10	10
14	15

In case the UE is not able to acquire the required number of samples per GSM carrier during one measurement period, the UE shall measure as many GSM carriers as possible during that measurement period using at least 3 samples per GSM carrier. The GSM carriers that were not measured during that measurement period shall be measured in the following measurement periods. This means that, in this particular case, the L1 reporting period to higher layers of a GSM neighbour can be a multiple of the measurement period.

8.1.2.5.2 BSIC verification

In order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose GSM Initial BSIC identification or with measurement purpose GSM BSIC re-confirmation, using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2 and TGD:

Table 8.5

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]
5	-	undefined
7	-	undefined
10	-	undefined
14	-	undefined
5	5	15...269
7	7	15...269
10	10	15...269
14	14	15...269

The procedure for BSIC verification on a GSM cell can be divided into the following two tasks:

Initial BSIC identification

Includes searching for the BSIC and decoding the BSIC for the first time when there is no knowledge about the relative timing between the FDD and GSM cell. The UE shall trigger the initial BSIC identification within the available transmission gap pattern sequence with purpose "GSM Initial BSIC identification". The requirements for Initial BSIC identification can be found in 8.1.2.5.2.1.

BSIC re-confirmation

Tracking and decoding the BSIC of a GSM cell after initial BSIC identification is performed. The UE shall trigger the BSIC re-confirmation within the available transmission gap pattern sequence with purpose "GSM BSIC re-confirmation". The requirements for BSIC re-confirmation can be found in 8.1.2.5.2.2.

Measurements on a GSM cell can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified. If GSM measurements are requested with BSIC verified the UE shall be able to report the GSM cells with BSIC verified for those cells where the verification of BSIC has been successful.

If the network requests measurements on a GSM cell with BSIC verified, the UE shall behave as follows:

- The UE shall perform GSM carrier RSSI measurements according to Section 8.1.2.5.1 when ever a transmission gap pattern sequence with the purposes "GSM carrier RSSI measurements" is provided and the UE shall perform measurement reporting as defined in Section 8.6.7.6 of [16].
- The UE shall perform BSIC identification according to Section 8.1.2.5.2.1 when a "GSM Initial BSIC identification" transmission gap pattern sequence is activated. The UE shall use the last available GSM carrier RSSI measurement results for arranging GSM cells in signal strength order for performing BSIC identification.
- The UE shall perform BSIC re-confirmation according to Section 8.1.2.5.2.2 when a "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" transmission gap pattern sequence is activated.
- If a "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" transmission gap pattern sequence is not activated in parallel to a "GSM Initial BSIC identification" transmission gap pattern sequence or within one frame from the deactivation of a "GSM Initial BSIC identification" transmission gap pattern sequence, the BSIC shall be considered to be non-verified after the UE has performed one event evaluation or periodic reporting evaluation with verified BSIC and the corresponding reporting if reporting is required after the evaluation.

The UE shall perform event evaluation for event-triggered reporting after the BSIC has been verified for a GSM cell. The UE shall use the last available GSM carrier RSSI measurement results in event evaluation and event-triggered reporting. Periodic reports shall be triggered according to the given reporting period even if the BSIC of a GSM cell has not been verified as defined in Sections 8.6.7.5 and 8.6.7.6 of [16]. Non verified BSIC shall be indicated in the measurement report.

The BSIC of a GSM cell is considered to be "verified" if the UE has decoded the SCH of the BCCH carrier and identified the BSIC at least one time (initial BSIC identification) and from that moment the BSIC shall be re-confirmed at least once every $T_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ seconds. Otherwise the BSIC of the GSM cell is considered as "non-verified". If a transmission gap pattern sequence with a purpose "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" is not activated by the network after BSIC identified or the "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" transmission gap pattern sequence is deactivated, the UE shall behave as described previously in this section.

The parameters $N_{\text{identify_abort}}$ and $T_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ are defined by higher layers and are signalled to the UE together with the transmission gap pattern sequence. $N_{\text{identify_abort}}$ indicates the maximum number of patterns that the UE shall use to attempt to decode the unknown BSIC of the GSM cell in the initial BSIC identification procedure. $T_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ indicates the maximum time allowed for the re-confirmation of the BSIC of one GSM cell in the BSIC re-confirmation procedure.

The UE shall be able to decode a BSIC within a transmission gap when the time difference between the middle of the received GSM synchronisation burst at the UE and the middle of the effective transmission gap is within the limits specified in table 8.6.

The effective transmission gap is calculated by assuming both UL and DL compressed mode and applying the worst-case values for UL/DL timing offset and pilot field length of last DL gap slot.

Table 8.6: The gap length and maximum time difference for BSIC verification

Gap length [slots]	Maximum time difference [μ s]
5	± 500
7	± 1200
10	± 2200
14	± 3500

The UE shall be able to perform BSIC verification at levels down to the reference sensitivity level or reference interference levels as specified in TS 45.005.

8.1.2.5.2.1 Initial BSIC identification

This measurement shall be based on a transmission gap pattern sequence with the purpose "GSM Initial BSIC identification"

For GSM cells that are requested with BSIC verified the UE shall attempt to decode the SCH on the BCCH carrier of the 8 strongest BCCH carriers of the GSM cells indicated in the measurement control information. The UE shall give priority for BSIC decoding attempts in decreasing signal strength order to BSIC carriers with unknown BSIC. The strongest BCCH carrier is defined as the BCCH carrier having the highest measured GSM carrier RSSI value after layer 3 filtering. The GSM signal strength levels used in BSIC identification for arranging GSM cells in signal strength order shall be based on the latest GSM carrier RSSI measurement results available.

When the UE attempts to decode the BSIC of one GSM BCCH carrier with unknown BSIC, the UE shall use all available transmission gaps, within the transmission gap pattern sequence with the purpose "GSM Initial BSIC identification", to attempt to decode the BSIC from that GSM BCCH carrier.

If the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier has been successfully decoded the UE shall immediately continue BSIC identification with the next GSM BCCH carrier, in signal strength order, with unknown BSIC. The GSM cell for which the BSIC has been successfully identified shall be moved to the BSIC re-confirmation procedure.

If the UE has not successfully decoded the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier within $N_{\text{identify_abort}}$ successive patterns, the UE shall abort the BSIC identification attempts for that GSM BCCH carrier. The UE shall continue to try to perform BSIC identification of the next GSM BCCH carrier in signal strength order. The GSM BCCH carrier for which the BSIC identification failed shall not be re-considered for BSIC identification until BSIC identification attempts have been made for all the rest of the 8 strongest GSM BCCH carriers in the monitored set with unknown BSIC.

$N_{\text{identify_abort}}$ values are given for a set of reference patterns in table 8.7. $T_{\text{identify_abort}}$ is the elapsed time during $N_{\text{identify_abort}}$ transmission gap patterns (informative). The figures given in table 8.7 represent the number of patterns required to guarantee at least two attempts to decode the BSIC for one GSM BCCH carrier.

Table 8.7: The worst-case time for identification of one previously not identified GSM cell

	TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]	TGPL1 [frames]	TGPL2 [frames]	$T_{\text{identify_abort}}$ [s]	$N_{\text{identify_abort}}$ [patterns]
Pattern 1	7	-	undefined	3	TGPL1	1.53	51
Pattern 2	7	-	undefined	8	TGPL1	5.20	65
Pattern 3	7	7	47	8	TGPL1	2.00	25
Pattern 4	7	7	38	12	TGPL1	2.88	24
Pattern 5	14	-	undefined	8	TGPL1	1.76	22
Pattern 6	14	-	undefined	24	TGPL1	5.04	21
Pattern 7	14	14	45	12	TGPL1	1.44	12
Pattern 8	10	-	undefined	12	TGPL1	2.76	23
Pattern 9	10	10	75	12	TGPL1	1.56	13

8.1.2.5.2.2 BSIC re-confirmation

The requirements of this section are applicable for BSIC re-confirmation.

The UE shall maintain the timing information of 8 identified GSM cells. Initial timing information is obtained from the initial BSIC identification. The timing information shall be updated every time the BSIC is decoded.

For each transmission gap of a transmission gap pattern sequence with the measurement purpose "GSM BSIC re-confirmation", the UE shall attempt to decode the BSIC falling within the effective gap duration. If more than one BSIC can be decoded within the same gap, priority shall be given to the least recently decoded BSIC.

If the UE fails to decode the BSIC after two successive attempts or if the UE has not been able to re-confirm the BSIC for a GSM cell within $T_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ seconds, the UE shall abort the BSIC re-confirmation attempts for that GSM cell. The GSM cell shall be treated as a new GSM cell with unidentified BSIC and the GSM cell shall be moved to the initial BSIC identification procedure, see section 8.1.2.5.2.1. The UE shall be able to make BSIC re-confirmation attempts for the 8 strongest GSM cells in the monitored list.

$N_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ is the number of transmission gap patterns executed during $T_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ (informative).

Table 8.8: The worst-case time for BSIC re-confirmation of one GSM cell

	TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]	TGPL1 [frames]	TGPL2 [frames]	$T_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ [s]	$N_{\text{re-confirm_abort}}$ [patterns]
Pattern 1	7	-	undefined	3	TGPL1	1.29	43
Pattern 2	7	-	undefined	8	TGPL1	4.96	62
Pattern 3	7	-	undefined	15	TGPL1	7.95	53
Pattern 4	7	7	69	23	TGPL1	9.89	43
Pattern 5	7	7	69	8	TGPL1	2.64	33
Pattern 6	14	-	undefined	8	TGPL1	1.52	19
Pattern 7	14	14	60	8	TGPL1	0.80	10
Pattern 8	10	-	undefined	8	TGPL1	1.76	22
Pattern 9	10	-	undefined	24	TGPL1	4.80	20
Pattern 10	7	7	47	8	TGPL1	1.76	22
Pattern 11	7	7	38	12	TGPL1	2.64	22
Pattern 12	14	-	undefined	24	TGPL1	4.80	20
Pattern 13	14	14	45	12	TGPL1	1.20	10
Pattern 14	10	-	undefined	12	TGPL1	2.52	21
Pattern 15	10	10	75	12	TGPL1	1.32	11

8.2 Measurements in CELL_DCH State with special requirements

8.2.1 Introduction

This section contains specific requirements for certain measurements beyond those specified in section 8.1. The measurements are defined in TS 25.215, the measurement model is defined in TS 25.302 and measurement accuracies are specified in section 9. Control of measurement reporting is specified in TS 25.331. Compressed mode is specified in TS 25.215.

8.2.2 Requirements

The requirements in section 9 are applicable for a UE performing measurements according to this section.

The UE shall be able to perform measurements according to table 8.9.

In addition to the requirements in table 8.9 the UE shall in parallel, in state CELL_DCH, also be able to measure and report the quantities according to section 8.1.

Table 8.9: Parallel measurement requirements

Measurement quantity	Number of parallel measurements possible to request from the UE
Transport channel BLER	1 per Transport Channel
UE transmitted power	1
UE Rx-Tx time difference	1 including timing to all radio links in active set
SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2	∅
UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS	∅

Editors Note: The presence of the measurements for location services needs to be revised.

8.3 Capabilities for Support of Event Triggering and Reporting Criteria

8.3.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on UE capabilities for support of event triggering and reporting criteria.

The UE can be requested to make measurements under different measurement identity numbers. With each identity number there may be associated multiple number of events. The purpose of this section is to set some limits on the number of different reporting criteria the UE may be requested to track in parallel.

8.3.2 Requirements

In this section reporting criteria can be either event triggered reporting criteria or periodic reporting criteria.

The UE shall be able to support in parallel per category up to E_{cat} reporting criteria according to Table 8.10. For the measurement categories: Intra-frequency, Inter frequency, Inter frequency (virtual active set), and Inter-RAT the UE need not support more than 18 reporting criteria in total. For the measurement categories Traffic volume and Quality measurements the UE need not support more than 16 reporting criteria in total.

Table 8.10: Requirements for reporting criteria per measurement category

Measurement category	E_{cat}	Note
Intra-frequency	8	Applicable for periodic reporting or FDD events (1A-1F).
Inter-frequency	6	Applicable for periodic reporting or Event 2A-2F
Inter-frequency, virtual active set	4	Applicable for periodic reporting or Event 1A-1C
Inter-RAT	4	Only applicable for UE with this capability
UE internal measurements	8	
Traffic volume measurements	2 + (2 per Transport Channel)	
Quality measurements	2 per Transport Channel	
UP measurements	2	Only applicable for UE with this capability.

8.4 Measurements in CELL_FACH State

8.4.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on the UE regarding measurement reporting in CELL_FACH state. The requirements are split in FDD intra frequency, FDD inter frequency, TDD and GSM measurements. The measurements are defined in TS 25.215, the measurement model is defined in TS 25.302 and measurement accuracies are specified in section 9. Control of measurement reporting is specified in TS 25.331 and parallel measurements are specified in section 8.2. Measurement occasions in CELL_FACH state are described in TS 25.331.

8.4.2 Requirements

8.4.2.1 UE Measurement Capability

The UE shall be able to monitor up to

32 intra frequency FDD cells and

32 inter frequency cells, including

- FDD mode cells distributed on up to 2 additional FDD carriers and
- Depending on UE Capability, TDD mode cells, distributed on up to 3 TDD carriers.

Depending on UE capability, the UE shall also in addition be able to monitor at least 32 GSM cells distributed on up to 32 GSM carriers.

The requirements in section 9 on CPICH Ec/Io and RSCP measurements are applicable for a UE performing measurements according to this section. For inter-frequency FDD, TDD and GSM cell re-selection, measurement occasions as specified in TS 25.331 are used to find and measure on other cells.

M_REP is the Measurement Occasion cycle length The FACH Measurement Occasion of N_{TTI} frames will be repeated every $N_{TTI} \cdot M_REP$ frame. N_{TTI} is the number of frames in each measurement occasion, equal to the length of the largest TTI on the SCCPCH monitored by the UE.

It is defined below how the measurements on different systems and modes are performed given the time allocated to that system. The time during the measurement occasions that is allocated to each of the different modes and systems shall be equally shared by the modes which the UE has capability for and that are in the monitored set signalled by the network.

For this three parameters are defined:

N_{FDD} is 0 or 1. If there are inter-frequency FDD cells in the neighbour list $N_{FDD}=1$, otherwise $N_{FDD}=0$.

N_{TDD} is 0 or 1. If the UE is capable of TDD and there are TDD cells in the neighbour list $N_{TDD}=1$ otherwise $N_{TDD}=0$.

N_{GSM} is 0 or 1. If the UE is capable of GSM and there are GSM cells in the neighbour list, $N_{GSM}=1$, otherwise $N_{GSM}=0$.

The measurement time T_{meas} is then defined as

$$T_{meas} = \left[(N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM}) \cdot N_{TTI} \cdot M_REP \cdot 10 \right] \text{ms}$$

The UE is required to measure periodically once every time period T_{meas} on each of the modes and systems, FDD interfrequency cells, TDD interfrequency cells and GSM carriers for which the corresponding parameter N_{FDD} , N_{TDD} and N_{GSM} is set to 1.

8.4.2.2 FDD intra frequency measurements

During the CELL_FACH state the UE shall continuously measure detected intra frequency cells and search for new intra frequency cells in the monitoring set. If a measurement occasion is activated, intra frequency measurements can be performed between the measurement occasions.

8.4.2.2.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify, intra}} = \text{Max} \left\{ 800, \text{Ceil} \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}}}{N_{\text{TTI}} \cdot (M_{\text{REP}} - 1) \cdot 10} \right\} \cdot N_{\text{TTI}} \cdot M_{\text{REP}} \cdot 10 \right\} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}}$ is specified in section 8.1.2.2.2,

N_{TTI} and M_{REP} is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

and when CPICH Ec/Io \geq -20 dB, SCH_Ec/Io \geq -20 dB and SCH_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code.

8.4.2.2.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

In the CELL_FACH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no measurement occasion sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 detected intra-frequency cells and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one measurement occasion sequence is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for the $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$ strongest cells, where $Y_{\text{measurement intra}}$ is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2.

$$Y_{\text{measurement intra}} = \text{Floor} \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}} - \text{Ceil} \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}}}{N_{\text{TTI}} \cdot M_{\text{REP}} \cdot 10 \text{ ms}} \right\} \cdot N_{\text{TTI}} \cdot 10 \text{ ms}}{T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}}} \right\}$$

cells

where

$X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}}$ is specified in section 8.1.2.2.2,

$T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}}$ is specified in section 8.1.2.2.2,

M_{REP} and N_{TTI} is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

8.4.2.2.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements contained in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

8.4.2.2.4 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

In CELL_FACH event triggered reporting can only be set for Traffic Volume measurements defined in TS 25.331.

8.4.2.3 FDD inter frequency measurements

In the CELL_FACH state when a measurement occasion sequence is provided by the network the UE shall continuously measure detected inter frequency cells and search for new inter frequency cells indicated in the measurement control information.

8.4.2.3.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set

$$T_{\text{identify_inter}} = \text{Max} \left\{ 5000, \text{Ceil} \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic identify FDD inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot T_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq,FDD}} \right\} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{basic_identify_FDD,inter}}$ is specified in 8.1.2.3.2.

$N_{\text{Freq,FDD}}$: Number of FDD frequencies in the Inter-frequency cell info list

T_{Meas} and M_{REP} are specified in 8.4.2.1.

$T_{\text{Inter FACH}} = (N_{\text{TTI}} * 10 - 2 * 0.5) \text{ ms}$

and when $\text{CPICH } E_c/I_o \geq -20 \text{ dB}$, $\text{SCH } E_c/I_o \geq -17 \text{ dB}$ and $\text{SCH } E_c/I_o$ is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code.

8.4.2.3.2 Measurement period

When measurement occasions are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.2 with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = \text{Max} \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}, 2 \cdot T_{\text{meas}}, \text{Ceil} \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot T_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq,FDD}} \right\} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{basic_measurement_FDD,inter}}$ is specified in section 8.1.2.3.2.

$T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}$ is specified in section 8.1.2.3.2.

T_{Meas} is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

$N_{\text{Freq,FDD}}$ and $T_{\text{Inter FACH}}$ are specified in section 8.4.2.3.1

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency measurements is 480 ms.

8.4.2.3.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements contained in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

8.4.2.3.4 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements in event triggered measurement reports (Traffic Volume Measurement) shall meet the requirements in section 9.

8.4.2.4 TDD measurements

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting both TDD and FDD mode.

In the CELL_DCH state when a measurement occasion sequence is provided by the network the UE shall continuously measure detected inter frequency TDD cells and search for new TDD cells indicated in the measurement control information.

The UE shall be capable of measuring the requested measurement quantity of at least 32 cells on a maximum of 3 frequencies, different from the frequency currently used by the UE.

8.4.2.4.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify, TDD}} = \text{Max} \left\{ 5000, \text{Ceil} \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot T_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq, TDD}} \right\} \text{ ms}$$

$T_{\text{basic_identify_TDD,inter}}$ is specified in 8.1.2.4.2.

$N_{\text{Freq, TDD}}$: Number of TDD frequencies in the Inter-frequency cell info list

T_{Meas} is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

$T_{\text{Inter FACH}}$ is specified in section 8.4.2.3.1

8.4.2.4.2 Measurement period

When measurement occasion as previously described are scheduled for TDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement TDD}} = \text{Max} \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period TDD inter}}, 2 \cdot T_{\text{meas}}, \text{Ceil} \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot T_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{\text{Freq, TDD}} \right\}$$

where

$T_{\text{basic_measurement_TDD inter}}$ is specified in section 8.1.2.4.2.

$T_{\text{Measurement_Period TDD inter}}$ is specified in section 8.1.2.4.2.

T_{Meas} is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

$T_{\text{Inter FACH}}$ is specified in section 8.4.2.3.1

$N_{\text{Freq, TDD}}$ is specified in section 8.4.2.4.1

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency measurements is 480 ms.

8.4.2.5 GSM measurements

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM.

In CELL_FACH state when measurement occasions are provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.

The reporting of measurements on a GSM cell can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified. However, to support cell reselection the UE shall always perform BSIC verification in Cell FACH state.

If BSIC verified is requested for a GSM cell the UE shall only report measurement quantities for that GSM cell with a BSIC "verified" according to section 8.4.2.5.2. If BSIC verification is not required for the reporting of a GSM cell the UE shall report measurement quantities for that GSM cell irrespectively if the BSIC has been verified or not verified according to section 8.4.2.5.2.

In section 8.4.2.1 the split of measurements between different modes and systems is defined. Every second measurement occasion scheduled for GSM measurements, as given by 8.4.2.1 shall be allocated for GSM initial BSIC identification.

The remaining measurements occasions scheduled for GSM measurements shall be used as follows. 3 occasions out of 4 shall be allocated for GSM carrier RSSI measurements and 1 out of 4 shall be allocated for GSM BSIC reconfirmation. The scheduling of measurement occasions between GSM carrier RSSI measurements and GSM BSIC reconfirmation is up to the UE.

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform GSM measurements, the requirements in GSM 45.008 shall apply.

8.4.2.5.1 GSM carrier RSSI

A UE supporting GSM measurements using measurement occasions shall meet the minimum number of GSM carrier RSSI measurements specified in Table 8.11. This measurement shall be based on measurement occasions allocated for GSM carrier RSSI measurements as described in 8.4.2.5. In the CELL_FACH state the measurement period for the GSM carrier RSSI measurement is 480 ms.

The UE shall meet the measurement accuracy requirements stated for RXLEV in TS 45.008, when the given measurement time allows the UE to take at least 3 GSM carrier RSSI samples per GSM carrier in the monitored set during the measurement period.

Table 8.11

Length of measurement occasion (frames)	Number of GSM carrier RSSI samples in each measurement occasion, $N_{\text{GSM carrier RSSI}}$
1	16
2	32
4	64
8	128

In case the UE is not able to acquire the required number of samples per GSM carrier during one measurement period, the UE shall measure as many GSM carriers as possible during that measurement period using at least 3 samples per GSM carrier. The GSM carriers that were not measured during that measurement period shall be measured in the following measurement periods. This means that, in this particular case, the L1 reporting period to higher layers of a GSM neighbour can be a multiple of the measurement period.

8.4.2.5.2 BSIC verification

The procedure for BSIC verification on a GSM cell can be divided into the following two tasks:

Initial BSIC identification

Includes searching for the BSIC and decoding the BSIC for the first time when there is no knowledge about the relative timing between the FDD and GSM cell. The UE shall trigger the initial BSIC identification within 50% of the available measurement occasions used for GSM measurements as specified in 8.4.2.1. The requirements for Initial BSIC identification can be found in 8.4.2.5.2.1.

BSIC re-confirmation

Tracking and decoding the BSIC of a GSM cell after initial BSIC identification is performed. The UE shall trigger the BSIC re-confirmation within the available measurement occasions used for GSM as specified in 8.4.2.1. The requirements for BSIC re-confirmation can be found in 8.4.2.5.2.2.

The BSIC of a GSM cell is considered to be "verified" if the UE has decoded the SCH of the BCCH carrier and identified the BSIC at least one time (initial BSIC identification) and from that moment the BSIC shall be re-confirmed at least once every 6 times $T_{\text{re-confirm_GSM}}$ seconds. Otherwise the BSIC of the GSM cell is considered as "non-verified".

$T_{\text{re-confirm_GSM}}$ indicates the maximum time allowed for the re-confirmation of the BSIC of one GSM cell in the BSIC re-confirmation procedure according to section 8.4.2.5.2.2.

The UE shall be able to decode a BSIC within a measurement occasion when the time difference between the middle of the received GSM synchronisation burst at the UE and the middle of the measurement occasion is within the limits specified in table 8.12.

Table 8.12: The measurement occasion length and maximum time difference for BSIC verification

Measurement occasion length [frames]	Maximum time difference [μ s]
1	± 4100
2	± 9100
4	± 19100
8	± 39100

The UE shall be able to perform BSIC verification at levels down to the reference sensitivity level or reference interference levels as specified in TS 45.005.

8.4.2.5.2.1 Initial BSIC identification

This measurement shall be based on the measurement occasions allocated for Initial BSIC identification as described in 8.4.2.5.

The UE shall continuously attempt to decode the BSIC of SCH on the BCCH carrier of the 6 strongest BCCH carriers of the GSM cells indicated in the Inter-RAT cell info list. The UE shall give priority for BSIC decoding attempts in decreasing signal strength order to BCCH carriers with unknown BSIC. The strongest BCCH carrier is defined as the BCCH carrier having the highest measured GSM carrier RSSI value.

When the UE attempts to decode the BSIC of one GSM BCCH carrier with unknown BSIC, the UE shall use all available measurements occasions allocated for GSM initial BSIC identification according section 8.4.2.5 to attempt to decode the BSIC from that GSM BCCH carrier.

If the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier has been successfully decoded the UE shall immediately continue BSIC identification with the next GSM BCCH carrier, in signal strength order, with unknown BSIC. The GSM cell for which the BSIC has been successfully identified shall be moved to the BSIC re-confirmation procedure.

If the UE has not successfully decoded the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier within $T_{\text{identify,GSM}}$ ms, the UE shall abort the BSIC identification attempts for that GSM BCCH carrier. The UE shall continue to try to perform BSIC identification of the next GSM BCCH carrier in signal strength order. The GSM BCCH carrier for which the BSIC identification failed shall not be re-considered for BSIC identification until BSIC identification attempts have been made for all the rest of the 6 strongest GSM BCCH carriers in the monitored set with unknown BSIC.

$T_{\text{identify,GSM}}$ is given for the combinations of T_{meas} and N_{TTI} that are given in table 8.13. The values given in table 8.13 represent the number of patterns required to guarantee at least two attempts to decode the BSIC for one GSM BCCH carrier.

Table 8.13: The worst-case time for identification of one previously not identified GSM cell

T_{meas} (ms)	$N_{\text{TTI}}=1$ frame $T_{\text{identify,GSM}}(\text{ms})$	$N_{\text{TTI}}=2$ frames $T_{\text{identify,GSM}}(\text{ms})$	$N_{\text{TTI}}=4$ frames $T_{\text{identify,GSM}}(\text{ms})$	$N_{\text{TTI}}=8$ frames $T_{\text{identify,GSM}}(\text{ms})$
20	1040	-	-	-
40	1600	800	-	-
60	2880	-	-	-
80	2880	1280	640	-
120	5280	2640	-	-
160	7680	2880	1280	640
240	29760	5280	1920	-
320	14080	6400	2560	1280
480	34560	12480	3840	1920
640	34560	12800	5120	2560
960		24960	5760	2840
1280		20480	10240	5120
1920			15360	5680
2560				10240
3840				15360

8.4.2.5.2.2 BSIC re-confirmation

The requirements of this section are applicable for BSIC re-confirmation.

The UE shall maintain the timing information of 6 identified GSM cells. Initial timing information is obtained from the initial BSIC identification. The timing information shall be updated every time the BSIC is decoded.

For each measurement occasion allocated for GSM BSIC reconfirmation as described in 8.4.2.5, the UE shall attempt to decode the BSIC falling within the measurement occasion duration according to table 8.12. When the UE has to select one out of several possible GSM cells to reconfirm within the possible allocation of measurement occasions, according to 8.4.2.5, priority shall be given to the least recently decoded BSIC.

If the UE fails to decode the BSIC after two successive attempts the UE shall abort the BSIC re-confirmation attempts for that GSM cell. The GSM cell shall be treated as a new GSM cell with unidentified BSIC and the GSM cell shall be moved to the initial BSIC identification procedure, see section 8.4.2.5.2.1. The UE shall be able to make BSIC re-confirmation attempts for the 6 strongest GSM cells in the monitored list.

$T_{\text{re-confirm,GSM}}$ is given for the combinations of T_{meas} and N_{TTI} that are given in table 8.14. The values given in table 8.14 represent the number of patterns required to guarantee at least two attempts to decode the BSIC for one GSM BCCH carrier. Different values for $T_{\text{re-confirm,GSM}}$ might apply when more than one GSM cell is in the BSIC reconfirmation procedure at the same time.

Table 8.14: The worst-case time for reconfirmation of one previously identified GSM cell

T_{meas} (ms)	$N_{\text{TTI}}=1$ frame $T_{\text{re-confirm,GSM}}$ (ms)	$N_{\text{TTI}}=2$ frames $T_{\text{re-confirm,GSM}}$ (ms)	$N_{\text{TTI}}=4$ frames $T_{\text{re-confirm,GSM}}$ (ms)	$N_{\text{TTI}}=8$ frames $T_{\text{re-confirm,GSM}}$ (ms)
20	800	-	-	-
40	1360	640	-	-
60	2640	-	-	-
80	2880	1280	1280	-
120	5040	2400	-	-
160	6400	2880	2560	2560
240	17280	4800	3840	-
320	10880	6400	5120	5120
480	22080	9600	7680	7680
640	26880	12800	10240	10240
960		17280	15360	15360
1280		20480	20480	20480
1920			30720	30720
2560				40960
3840				61440

9 Measurements Performance Requirements

One of the key services provided by the physical layer is the measurement of various quantities which are used to trigger or perform a multitude of functions. Both the UE and the UTRAN are required to perform a variety of measurements. The physical layer measurement model and a complete list of measurements is specified in TS 25.302 "Services Provided by Physical Layer". The physical layer measurements for FDD are described and defined in TS25.215 "Physical layer - Measurements (FDD)". In this clause for each measurement the relevant requirements on the measurement period, reporting range, granularity and performance in terms of accuracy are specified.

The accuracy requirements in this clause are applicable for AWGN radio propagation conditions.

9.1 Measurement Performance for UE

The requirements in this clause are applicable for a UE:

- in state CELL_DCH and state CELL_FACH.
- performing measurements according to section 8.
- that is synchronised to the cell that is measured.

The reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering shall be an estimate of the average value of the measured quantity over the measurement period. The reference point for the measurement result after layer 1 filtering is referred to as point B in the measurement model described in TS25.302.

The accuracy requirements in this clause are valid for the reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering. The accuracy requirements are verified from the measurement report at point D in the measurement model having the layer 3 filtering disabled.

Note: It needs to be clarified how the accuracy requirements shall be handled when the UE is measuring on cells using IPDL.

9.1.1 CPICH RSCP

Note: This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop power control and for the calculation of pathloss.

9.1.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

9.1.1.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

The accuracy requirements in table 9.1 are valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| \frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Table 9.1: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions Io [dBm]
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-94...-70
	dBm	± 8	± 11	-94...-50

9.1.1.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on the same frequency

The accuracy requirements in table 9.2 are valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in\ dBm} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in\ dBm} \right| \leq 20dB$$

$$\left| \frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH - E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Table 9.2: CPICH_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions Io [dBm]
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 3	± 3	-94...-50

9.1.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.3.

9.1.1.2.1 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP in inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on a different frequency.

The accuracy requirements in table 9.3 are valid under the following conditions:

$$CPICH_RSCP_{1,2}|_{dBm} \geq -114 \text{ dBm.}$$

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in \text{ dBm}} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in \text{ dBm}} \right| \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

$$| \text{Channel 1_Io}|_{dBm} - \text{Channel 2_Io}|_{dBm} | \leq 20 \text{ dB.}$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right) |_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) |_{in \text{ dB}} \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

Table 9.3: CPICH_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	Io [dBm]
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 6	-94...-50

9.1.1.3 CPICH RSCP measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for CPICH RSCP is from 115 ...-25 dBm.

In table 9.4 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.4

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_00	CPICH RSCP <-115	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_01	-115 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -114	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_02	-114 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -113	dBm
...
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_89	-27 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -26	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_90	-26 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -25	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV_91	-25 ≤ CPICH RSCP	dBm

9.1.2 CPICH Ec/Io

Note: This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

9.1.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

9.1.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

The accuracy requirements in table 9.5 are valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| \frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Table 9.5: CPICH_Ec/Io Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	Io [dBm]
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	± 1.5 for $-14 \leq CPICH\ Ec/Io$ ± 2 for $-16 \leq CPICH\ Ec/Io < -14$ ± 3 for $-20 \leq CPICH\ Ec/Io < -16$	± 3	-94...-50

9.1.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The accuracy requirements in table 9.6 are valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in\ dBm} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in\ dBm} \right| \leq 20dB$$

$$\left| \frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Table 9.6: CPICH_Ec/Io Intra frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	Io [dBm]
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	± 1.5 for $-14 \leq CPICH\ Ec/Io$ ± 2 for $-16 \leq CPICH\ Ec/Io < -14$ ± 3 for $-20 \leq CPICH\ Ec/Io < -16$	± 3	-94...-50

9.1.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.3.

9.1.2.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

The accuracy requirements in table 9.7 are valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| \frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Table 9.7: CPICH_Ec/Io Inter frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions Io [dBm]
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	± 1.5 for $-14 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io}$ ± 2 for $-16 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < -14$ ± 3 for $-20 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < -16$	± 3	-94...-50

9.1.2.2.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io in the inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on a different frequency

The accuracy requirements in table 9.8 are valid under the following conditions:

$$\text{CPICH_RSCP1,2}|_{\text{dBm}} \geq -114 \text{ dBm.}$$

$$\left| \text{CPICH_RSCP1}|_{\text{in dBm}} - \text{CPICH_RSCP2}|_{\text{in dBm}} \right| \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

$$|\text{Channel 1_Io}|_{\text{dBm}} - \text{Channel 2_Io}|_{\text{dBm}}| \leq 20 \text{ dB.}$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right)_{\text{in dB}} - \left(\frac{\text{CPICH_Ec}}{I_{or}} \right)_{\text{in dB}} \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

Table 9.8: CPICH_Ec/Io Inter frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions Io [dBm]
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	± 1.5 for $-14 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io}$ ± 2 for $-16 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < -14$ ± 3 for $-20 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < -16$	± 3	-94...-50

9.1.2.3 CPICH Ec/Io measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for CPICH Ec/Io is from -24 ...0 dB.

In table 9.9 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.9

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
CPICH_Ec/No_00	CPICH Ec/Io < -24	dB
CPICH_Ec/No_01	-24 ≤ CPICH Ec/Io < -23.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No_02	-23.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/Io < -23	dB
...
CPICH_Ec/No_47	-1 ≤ CPICH Ec/Io < -0.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No_48	-0.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/Io < 0	dB
CPICH_Ec/No_49	0 ≤ CPICH Ec/Io	dB

9.1.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI

NOTE: This measurement is for Inter-frequency handover evaluation.

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2 for intra frequency measurements and in sub clause 8.1.2.2 for inter frequency measurements. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2 for intra frequency measurements and in sub clause 8.4.2.3 for inter frequency measurements.

9.1.3.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Table 9.10: I_o Inter frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	I _o [dBm]
I _o	dBm	± 4	± 7	-94...-70
	dBm	± 6	± 9	-94...-50

9.1.3.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy requirement is defined as the UTRAN RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the UTRAN RSSI measured from another frequency.

The accuracy requirements in table 9.11 are valid under the following condition:

$$| \text{Channel 1}_{I_o|_{\text{dBm}}} - \text{Channel 2}_{I_o|_{\text{dBm}}} | < 20 \text{ dB.}$$

Table 9.11: I_o Inter frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	I _o [dBm]
I _o	dBm	± 7	± 11	-94...-70

9.1.3.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *UTRA carrier RSSI* is from -100 ...-25 dBm.

In table 9.12 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.12

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_00	UTRA carrier RSSI < -100	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_01	-100 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -99	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_02	-99 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -98	dBm
...
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_74	-27 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -26	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_75	-26 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -25	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_76	-25 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI	dBm

9.1.4 GSM carrier RSSI

NOTE: This measurement is for handover between UTRAN and GSM.

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability.

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in section 8.1.2.5. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in section 8.4.2.5.

If the UE, in CELL_DCH state, does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, the measurement accuracy requirements for RXLEV in TS 45.008 shall apply.

If the UE, in CELL_DCH state, needs compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, the GSM measurement procedure and measurement accuracy requirement is stated in section 8.1.2.5 shall apply.

If the UE, in CELL_FACH state, does not need measurement occasions to perform GSM measurements, the measurement accuracy requirements for RXLEV in TS 45.008 shall apply.

If the UE, in CELL_FACH state, needs measurement occasions to perform GSM measurements, the GSM measurement procedure and measurement accuracy requirement stated in section 8.4.2.5 shall apply.

The reporting range and mapping specified for RXLEV in TS 45.008 shall apply.

9.1.5 Transport channel BLER

9.1.5.1 BLER measurement requirement

Transport channel BLER value shall be calculated from a window with the size equal to the IE Reporting interval as specified in section 10.3.7.53 Periodical reporting criteria in TS 25.331.

9.1.5.2 Transport channel BLER measurement report mapping

The *Transport channel BLER* reporting range is from 0 to 1.

In table 9.13 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.13

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
BLER_LOG_00	Transport channel BLER = 0	-
BLER_LOG_01	$-\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -4.03$	-
BLER_LOG_02	$-4.03 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -3.965$	-
BLER_LOG_03	$-3.965 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -3.9$	-
...
BLER_LOG_61	$-0.195 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -0.13$	-
BLER_LOG_62	$-0.13 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -0.065$	-
BLER_LOG_63	$-0.065 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leq 0$	-

9.1.6 UE transmitted power

9.1.6.1 Accuracy requirement

The measurement period in CELL_DCH state is 1 slot.

Table 9.14 UE transmitted power absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	
		PUEMAX 24dBm	PUEMAX 21dBm
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX	dBm	+1/-3	± 2
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX-1	dBm	+1.5/-3.5	± 2.5
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX-2	dBm	+2/-4	± 3
UE transmitted power=PUEMAX-3	dBm	+2.5/-4.5	± 3.5
$\text{PUEMAX}-10 \leq \text{UE transmitted power} < \text{PUEMAX}-3$	dBm	+3/-5	± 4

NOTE 1: User equipment maximum output power, PUEMAX, is the maximum output power level without tolerance defined for the power class of the UE in TS 25.101 [3] section 6.2.1.

NOTE 2: UE transmitted power is the reported value.

For each empty slot created by compressed mode, the UE L1 shall respond with a value of -50 dBm.

9.1.6.2 UE transmitted power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *UE transmitted power* is from -50 ...+33 dBm.

In table 9.15 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.15

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UE_TX_POWER_021	-50 ≤ UE transmitted power < -49	dBm
UE_TX_POWER_022	-49 ≤ UE transmitted power < -48	dBm
UE_TX_POWER_023	-48 ≤ UE transmitted power < -47	dBm
...
UE_TX_POWER_102	31 ≤ UE transmitted power < 32	dBm
UE_TX_POWER_103	32 ≤ UE transmitted power < 33	dBm
UE_TX_POWER_104	33 ≤ UE transmitted power < 34	dBm

9.1.7 SFN-CFN observed time difference

Note: This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

9.1.7.1 Intra frequency measurement requirement

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.16 is valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP_{1,2}|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in\ dBm} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in\ dBm} \right| \leq 20dB$$

$$\left| \frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

$$\left| \frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in\ dB} \text{ is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.}$$

Table 9.16

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1	-94...-50

9.1.7.2 Inter frequency measurement requirement

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.3.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.17 is valid under the following conditions:

$$CPICH_RSCP_{1,2}|_{dBm} \geq -114 \text{ dBm.}$$

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in \text{ dBm}} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in \text{ dBm}} \right| \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

$$| \text{Channel 1_Io}|_{dBm} - \text{Channel 2_Io}|_{dBm} | \leq 20 \text{ dB.}$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right) |_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) |_{in \text{ dB}} \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

Table 9.17

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1	-94...-50

9.1.7.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for *CFN-SFN observed time difference* is from 0 ... 9830400 chip.

In table 9.18 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.18

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
SFN-CFN_TIME_0000000	0 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 1	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME_0000001	1 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 2	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME_0000002	2 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 3	chip
...
SFN-CFN_TIME_9830397	9830397 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 9830398	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME_9830398	9830398 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 9830399	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME_9830399	9830399 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 9830400	chip

9.1.8 SFN-SFN observed time difference

9.1.8.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

NOTE: This measurement is for identifying time difference between two cells.

9.1.8.1.1 Measurement requirement

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.19 is valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \geq -114 \text{ dBm}$.

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in \text{ dBm}} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in \text{ dBm}} \right| \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right)_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in \text{ dB}} \leq 20 \text{ dB}$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right)_{in \text{ dB}} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in \text{ dB}}$$

is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.

Table 9.19

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
SFN-SFN observed time difference type1	chip	± 1	-94...-50

9.1.8.1.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 is from 0 ... 9830400 chip.

In table 9.20 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.20

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _0000000	0 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 1	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _0000001	1 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 2	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _0000002	2 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 3	chip
...
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _9830397	9830397 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 9830398	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _9830398	9830398 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 9830399	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _9830399	9830399 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 9830400	chip

9.1.8.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2

NOTE: This measurement is for location service purposes to identify time difference between two cells.

It is optional for terminal to support the use of IPDL periods together with SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2. The support of IPDL depends on the supported UE positioning methods.

NOTE: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progress.

9.1.8.2.1 Intra frequency measurement requirement accuracy without IPDL period active

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.21 is valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in\ dBm} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in\ dBm} \right| \leq 20dB$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \text{ is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.}$$

Table 9.21

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
SFN-SFN observed time difference type2	chip	± 0.5	-94...-50

9.1.8.2.2 Intra frequency measurement requirement accuracy with IPDL period active

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.22 is valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1|_{in\ dBm} - CPICH_RSCP2|_{in\ dBm} \right| \leq 20dB$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right)_{in\ dB} \text{ is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.}$$

NOTE: Additional general conditions are needed for the requirements in table 9.22 to be valid.

Table 9.22

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2	chip	± 0.5	-94...-50

9.1.8.2.3 Inter frequency measurement requirement accuracy

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.3.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.23 is valid under the following conditions:

$CPICH_RSCP1,2|_{dBm} \geq -114$ dBm.

$$\left| CPICH_RSCP1 \Big|_{in\ dBm} - CPICH_RSCP2 \Big|_{in\ dBm} \right| \leq 20dB$$

$$| Channel\ 1_Io \Big|_{dBm} - Channel\ 2_Io \Big|_{dBm} | \leq 20\ dB.$$

$$\left(\frac{I_o}{\hat{I}_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \Big|_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB$$

Table 9.23

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2	chip	± 1	-94...-50

9.1.8.2.4 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for *SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2* is from -1280 ... +1280 chip.

In table 9.24 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.24

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_00000	SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < -1280.0000	chip
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_00001	-1280.0000 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < -1279.9375	chip
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_00002	-1279.9375 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < -1279.8750	chip
...
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_40959	1279.8750 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < 1279.9375	chip
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_40960	1279.9375 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < 1280.0000	chip
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_40961	1280.0000 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2	chip

9.1.9 UE Rx-Tx time difference

9.1.9.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1

NOTE: This measurement is used for call set up purposes to compensate propagation delay of DL and UL.

The measurement period in CELL_DCH state is [100 ms]

9.1.9.1.1 Measurement requirement

Table 9.25

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.5	-94...-50

9.1.9.1.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for *UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1* is from 768 ... 1280 chip.

In table 9.26 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.26

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RX-TX_TIME_0000	UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1 < 768.000	chip
RX-TX_TIME_0001	$768.000 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1 < 768.0625	chip
RX-TX_TIME_0002	$768.0625 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1 < 768.1250	chip
RX-TX_TIME_0003	$768.1250 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1 < 768.1875	chip
...
RX-TX_TIME_8190	$1279.8125 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1 < 1279.8750	chip
RX-TX_TIME_8191	$1279.8750 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1 < 1279.9375	chip
RX-TX_TIME_8192	$1279.9375 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1 < 1280.0000	chip
RX-TX_TIME_8193	$1280.0000 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1	chip

9.1.9.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

It is optional for a terminal to support a subset of UE positioning methods. This measurement represents an instantaneous value that is time stamped as defined in the IE description in TS 25.331 [16].

9.1.9.2.1 Measurement requirement

Table 9.27

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Io [dBm]
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	\pm TBD	-94...-50

9.1.9.2.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for *UE Rx-Tx time difference type2* is from 768 ... 1280 chip.

In table 9.28 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.28

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RX-TX_TIME_0000	UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 768.000	chip
RX-TX_TIME_0001	$768.000 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 768.0625	chip
RX-TX_TIME_0002	$768.0625 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 768.1250	chip
RX-TX_TIME_0003	$768.1250 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 768.1875	chip
...
RX-TX_TIME_8190	$1279.8125 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 1279.8750	chip
RX-TX_TIME_8191	$1279.8750 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 1279.9375	chip
RX-TX_TIME_8192	$1279.9375 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 1280.0000	chip
RX-TX_TIME_8193	$1280.0000 \leq$ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2	chip

9.1.10 Observed time difference to GSM cell

NOTE: This measurement is used to determine the system time difference between UTRAN and GSM cells.

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting UTRA and GSM.

9.1.10.1 Measurement requirement

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state is equal to the maximum time between two successive BSIC re-confirmations for one particular GSM cell according to sub clause 8.1.2.5.2. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state is equal to the maximum time between two successive BSIC re-confirmations according to sub clause 8.4.2.5.2.

NOTE: The conditions for which the accuracy requirement in table 9.29 is valid are FFS.

Table 9.29

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
Observed time difference to GSM cell	ms	± 20	

9.1.10.2 Observed time difference to GSM cell measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for *Observed time difference to GSM cell* is from 0 ... 3060/13 ms.

In table 9.30 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.30

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
GSM_TIME _0000	$0 \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < 1 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13)$	ms
GSM_TIME _0001	$1 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13) \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < 2 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13)$	ms
GSM_TIME _0002	$2 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13) \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < 3 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13)$	ms
GSM_TIME _0003	$3 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13) \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < 4 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13)$	ms
...
GSM_TIME _4093	$4093 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13) \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < 4094 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13)$	ms
GSM_TIME _4094	$4094 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13) \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < 4095 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13)$	ms
GSM_TIME _4095	$4095 \times 3060 / (4096 \times 13) \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < 3060 / 13$	ms

9.1.11 P-CCPCH RSCP

NOTE: This measurement is used for handover between UTRA FDD and UTRA TDD.

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability.

The measurement period for CELL_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.4. The measurement period for CELL_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.4.

9.1.11.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

The accuracy requirement in table 9.31 is valid under the following conditions:

$$P\text{-CCPCH_RSCP} \geq -102 \text{ dBm.}$$

$$|I_o - P\text{-CCPCH_Ec}/I_{or}| \leq [20] \text{ dB}$$

Table 9.31: P-CCPCH_RSCP Inter frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]		Conditions
		Normal conditions	Extreme conditions	I_o [dBm]
P-CCPCH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-94...-70
	dBm	± 8	± 11	-94...-50

9.1.11.2 P-CCPCH RSCP measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for *P-CCPCH RSCP* is from -115 ... -25 dBm.

In table 9.32 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.32

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_00	PCCPCH RSCP < -115	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_01	-115 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -114	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_02	-114 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -113	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_03	-113 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -112	dBm
...
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_89	-27 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -26	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_90	-26 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -25	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_91	-25 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP	dBm

9.1.12 UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability:

Table 9.33

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS	chip	[]	

9.1.12.1 UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning is from 0 ... 2322432000000 chip.

In table 9.34 the mapping of measured quantity is defined.

Table 9.34

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
GPS_TIME_0000000000000	UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.0625	chip
GPS_TIME_000000000000001	0.0625 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.1250	chip
GPS_TIME_000000000000002	0.1250 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.1875	chip
...
GPS_TIME_37158911999997	2322431999999.8125 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.8750	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999998	2322431999999.8750 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.9375	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999999	2322431999999.9375 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322432000000.0000	chip

9.2 Measurements Performance for UTRAN

The reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering shall be an estimate of the average value of the measured quantity over the measurement period. The reference point for the measurement result after layer 1 filtering is referred to as point B in the measurement model described in TS 25.302.

The accuracy requirements in this clause are valid for the reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering. The accuracy requirements are verified from the measurement report at point D in the measurement model having the layer 3 filtering disabled.

9.2.1 Received total wideband power

The measurement period shall be [100] ms.

9.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Table 9.35

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
Io	dBm	± 4	$-103 \leq I_o \leq -74$ dBm

9.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy is defined as the Received total wideband power measured at one frequency compared to the Received total wideband power measured from the same frequency at a different time.

NOTE: The accuracy requirement and the conditions in table 9.36 to needs to be revised when the definition of the UTRAN RSSI measurement is decided within WG1.

Table 9.36

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
Io	dBm	$\pm [0.5]$	For changes $\leq \pm 5.0$ dB and $-103 \leq I_o \leq -74$ dBm

9.2.1.3 Received total wideband power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *Received total wideband power (RTWP)* is from -112 ... -50 dBm.

In table 9.37 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.37

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RTWP_LEV_000	$RTWP < -112.0$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_001	$-112.0 \leq RTWP < -111.9$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_002	$-111.9 \leq RTWP < -111.8$	dBm
...
RTWP_LEV_619	$-50.2 \leq RTWP < -50.1$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_620	$-50.1 \leq RTWP < -50.0$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_621	$-50.0 \leq RTWP$	dBm

9.2.2 SIR

The measurement period shall be 80 ms.

9.2.2.1 Accuracy requirement

Table 9.38

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
SIR	dB	± 3	For $-7 < \text{SIR} < 20$ dB when $l_0 > -105$ dBm

9.2.2.2 SIR measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *SIR* is from -11 ... 20 dB.

In table 9.39 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.39

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_SIR_00	$\text{SIR} < -11.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_01	$-11.0 \leq \text{SIR} < -10.5$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_02	$-10.5 \leq \text{SIR} < -10.0$	dB
...
UTRAN_SIR_61	$19.0 \leq \text{SIR} < 19.5$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_62	$19.5 \leq \text{SIR} < 20.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_63	$20.0 \leq \text{SIR}$	dB

9.2.3 $\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$

The measurement period shall be 80 ms.

NOTE: The measurement period is the same as for the SIR measurement in section 8.2.2. $\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$ is calculated from SIR and $\text{SIR}_{\text{target}}$, see TS 25.215.

9.2.3.1 Accuracy requirement

Table 9.40

Parameter	Accuracy	Range
$\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$	± 3 dB	The accuracy requirement for $\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$ is valid for SIR within the guaranteed accuracy range specified in section 8.2.2.

NOTE: The accuracy requirement for $\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$ is the same as for the SIR measurement specified in section 8.2.2. $\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$ is calculated from SIR and $\text{SIR}_{\text{target}}$, see TS 25.215.

9.2.3.2 $\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$ measurement report mapping

The reporting range for $\text{SIR}_{\text{error}}$ is from -31 ... 31 dB.

In table 9.41 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.41

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_000	$SIR_{error} < -31.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_001	$-31.0 \leq SIR_{error} < -30.5$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_002	$-30.5 \leq SIR_{error} < -30.0$	dB
...
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_062	$-0.5 \leq SIR_{error} < 0.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_063	$0.0 \leq SIR_{error} < 0.5$	dB
...
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_123	$30.0 \leq SIR_{error} < 30.5$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_124	$30.5 \leq SIR_{error} < 31.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_125	$31.0 \leq SIR_{error}$	dB

9.2.4 Transmitted carrier power

The measurement period shall be [100] ms.

9.2.4.1 Accuracy requirement

Table 9.42

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [% units]	Conditions
			Range
P _{tot}	%	± 5	For $5\% \leq$ Transmitted carrier power $\leq 95\%$

9.2.4.2 Transmitted carrier power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *Transmitted carrier power* is from 0 ... 100 %.

In table 9.43 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.43

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_TX_POWER_000	Transmitted carrier power = 0	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER_001	$0 < \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 1$	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER_002	$1 < \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 2$	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER_003	$2 < \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 3$	%
...
UTRAN_TX_POWER_098	$97 < \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 98$	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER_099	$98 < \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 99$	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER_100	$99 < \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 100$	%

9.2.5 Transmitted code power

The measurement period shall be [100] ms.

9.2.5.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Table 9.44

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
P _{code}	dBm	± 3	Over the full range

9.2.5.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of Transmitted code power is defined as the Transmitted code power measured at one dedicated radio link compared to the Transmitted code power measured from a different dedicated radio link in the same cell.

Table 9.45

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
Pcode	dBm	± 2	Over the full range

9.2.5.3 Transmitted code power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *Transmitted code power* is from -10 ... 46 dBm.

In table 9.46 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.46

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_CODE_POWER_010	$-10.0 \leq \text{Transmitted code power} < -9.5$	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER_011	$-9.5 \leq \text{Transmitted code power} < -9.0$	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER_012	$-9.0 \leq \text{Transmitted code power} < -8.5$	dBm
...
UTRAN_CODE_POWER_120	$45.0 \leq \text{Transmitted code power} < 45.5$	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER_121	$45.5 \leq \text{Transmitted code power} < 46.0$	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER_122	$46.0 \leq \text{Transmitted code power} < 46.5$	dBm

9.2.6 (void)

9.2.7 Physical channel BER

The measurement period shall be equal to the TTI of the transport channel, to which the Physical channel BER is associated via the IE QE-Selector, see TS 25.433. Each reported Physical channel BER measurement shall be an estimate of the BER averaged over one measurement period only.

9.2.7.1 Accuracy requirement

The average of consecutive Physical channel BER measurements is required to fulfil the accuracy stated in table 9.47 if the total number of erroneous bits during these measurements is at least 500 and the absolute BER value for each of the measurements is within the range given in table 9.47.

Table 9.47

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [% of absolute BER value]	Conditions
			Range
PhyBER	-	+/- 10	for absolute BER value $\leq 30\%$

9.2.7.2 Physical channel BER measurement report mapping

The *Physical channel BER* reporting range is from 0 to 1.

In table 9.48 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.48

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
PhCh_BER_LOG_000	Physical channel BER = 0	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_001	$-\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -2.06375$	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_002	$-2.06375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -2.055625$	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_003	$-2.055625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -2.0475$	-
...
PhCh_BER_LOG_253	$-0.024375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -0.01625$	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_254	$-0.01625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -0.008125$	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_255	$-0.008125 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) \leq 0$	-

9.2.8 Round trip time

The measurement period shall be [100] ms.

9.2.8.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Table 9.49

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Range [chips]
RTT	chip	+/- 0.5	876, ..., 2923.50

9.2.8.2 Round trip time measurement report mapping

The *Round trip time* reporting range is from 876.0000 ... 2923.8750 chip.

In table 9.50 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.50

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RT_TIME_0000	Round trip time < 876.0000	chip
RT_TIME_0001	$876.0000 \leq \text{Round trip time} < 876.0625$	chip
RT_TIME_0002	$876.0625 \leq \text{Round trip time} < 876.1250$	chip
RT_TIME_0003	$876.1250 \leq \text{Round trip time} < 876.1875$	chip
...
RT_TIME_32764	$2922.6875 \leq \text{Round trip time} < 2923.7500$	chip
RT_TIME_32765	$2923.7500 \leq \text{Round trip time} < 2923.8125$	chip
RT_TIME_32766	$2923.8125 \leq \text{Round trip time} < 2923.8750$	chip
RT_TIME_32767	$2923.8750 \leq \text{Round trip time}$	chip

9.2.9 Transport Channel BER

The measurement period shall be equal to the TTI of the transport channel. Each reported Transport channel BER measurement shall be an estimate of the BER averaged over one measurement period only.

9.2.9.1 Accuracy requirement

The average of consecutive Transport channel BER measurements is required to fulfil the accuracy stated in table 9.49 if the total number of erroneous bits during these measurements is at least 500 and the absolute BER value for each of the measurements is within the range given in table 9.51.

Table 9.51

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [% of the absolute BER value]	Conditions
			Range
TrpBER	-	+/- 10	Convolutional coding 1/3 rd with any amount of repetition or a maximum of 25% puncturing: for absolute BER value \leq 15% Convolutional coding 1/2 with any amount of repetition or no puncturing: for absolute BER value \leq 15% Turbo coding 1/3 rd with any amount of repetition or a maximum of 20% puncturing: for absolute BER value \leq 15%.

9.2.9.2 Transport channel BER measurement report mapping

The *Transport channel BER* reporting range is from 0 to 1.

In table 9.52 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.52

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
TrCh_BER_LOG_000	Transport channel BER = 0	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_001	$-\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -2.06375$	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_002	$-2.06375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -2.055625$	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_003	$-2.055625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -2.0475$	-
...
TrCh_BER_LOG_253	$-0.024375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -0.01625$	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_254	$-0.01625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -0.008125$	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_255	$-0.008125 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) \leq 0$	-

9.2.10 UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning

9.2.10.1 Accuracy requirement

Three accuracy classes are defined for the UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS measurement, i.e. accuracy class A, B and C. The implemented accuracy class depends on the LCS methods that are supported.

Table 9.53

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS	chip	Accuracy Class A: +/- [20000] chip Accuracy Class B: +/- [20] chip Accuracy Class C: +/- [X] chip	Over the full range

9.2.10.2 UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS is from 0 ... 2322432000000 chip.

In table 9.54 the mapping of measured quantity is defined.

Table 9.54

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
GPS_TIME_00000000000000	UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS < 0.0625	chip
GPS_TIME_00000000000001	$0.0625 \leq$ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS < 0.1250	chip
GPS_TIME_00000000000002	$0.1250 \leq$ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS < 0.1875	chip
...
GPS_TIME_37158911999997	$2322431999999.8125 \leq$ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS < 2322431999999.8750	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999998	$2322431999999.8750 \leq$ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS < 2322431999999.9375	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999999	$2322431999999.9375 \leq$ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for LCS < 2322432000000.0000	chip

9.2.11 PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay

9.2.11.1 Accuracy requirement

Table 9.55

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Range
PropDelay	chip	+/- []	

9.2.11.2 PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay measurement report mapping

The *PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay* reporting range is from 0 ... 765 chip.

In table 9.56 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.56

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
PROP_DELAY_000	$0 \leq$ PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay < 3	chip
PROP_DELAY_001	$3 \leq$ PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay < 6	chip
PROP_DELAY_002	$6 \leq$ PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay < 9	chip
...
PROP_DELAY_252	$756 \leq$ PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay < 759	chip
PROP_DELAY_253	$759 \leq$ PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay < 762	chip
PROP_DELAY_254	$762 \leq$ PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay < 765	chip
PROP_DELAY_255	$765 \leq$ PRACH/PCPCH Propagation delay	chip

9.2.12 Acknowledged PRACH preambles

The measurement period shall be 20 ms.

9.2.12.1 Acknowledged PRACH preambles measurement report mapping

The *Acknowledged PRACH preambles* reporting range is from 0 ... 240 acknowledgements.

In table 9.57 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.57

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
ACK_PRACH_PREAMBLE_000	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 0	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMBLE_001	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 1	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMBLE_002	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 2	-
...
ACK_PRACH_PREAMBLE_237	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 237	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMBLE_238	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 238	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMBLE_239	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 239	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMBLE_240	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 240	-

9.2.13 Detected PCPCH access preambles

The measurement period shall be 20 ms.

9.2.13.1 Detected PCPCH access preambles measurement report mapping

The *Detected PCPCH access preambles* reporting range is 0 ... 240.

In Table 9.58, the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.58

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
DETECT_PCPCH_AP_000	Detected PCPCH access preambles = 0	-
DETECT_PCPCH_AP_001	Detected PCPCH access preambles = 1	-
DETECT_PCPCH_AP_002	Detected PCPCH access preambles = 2	-
...
DETECT_PCPCH_AP_237	Detected PCPCH access preambles = 237	-
DETECT_PCPCH_AP_238	Detected PCPCH access preambles = 238	-
DETECT_PCPCH_AP_239	Detected PCPCH access preambles = 239	-
DETECT_PCPCH_AP_240	Detected PCPCH access preambles = 240	-

9.2.14 Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles

The measurement period shall be 20 ms.

9.2.14.1 Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles measurement report mapping

The *Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles* reporting range is 0 ... 15.

In Table 9.59, the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.59

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
ACK_PCPCH_AP_00	Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles = 0	-
ACK_PCPCH_AP_01	Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles = 1	-
ACK_PCPCH_AP_02	Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles = 2	-
...
ACK_PCPCH_AP_12	Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles = 12	-
ACK_PCPCH_AP_13	Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles = 13	-
ACK_PCPCH_AP_14	Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles = 14	-
ACK_PCPCH_AP_15	Acknowledged PCPCH access preambles = 15	-

Annex A (normative): Test Cases

A.1 Purpose of Annex

This Annex specifies test specific parameters for some of the functional requirements in chapters 4 to 9. The tests provide additional information to how the requirements should be interpreted for the purpose of conformance testing. The tests in this Annex are described such that one functional requirement may be tested in one or several test and one test may verify several requirements. Some requirements may lack a test.

The conformance tests are specified in TS34.121. Statistical interpretation of the requirements is described in Annex A.2.

A.2 Requirement classification for statistical testing

Editors note: Each requirement in the annex have to be gone through and updated with which type it belongs to and in applicable cases, which success rate that defines the requirement. Tdoc R4 00 619 shall be used as a base for that work.

Requirements in this specification are either expressed as absolute requirements with a single value stating the requirement, or expressed as a success rate. There are no provisions for the statistical variations that will occur when the parameter is tested.

Annex A outlines the test in more detail and lists the test parameters needed. The test will result in an outcome of a test variable value for the DUT inside or outside the test limit. Overall, the probability of a "good" DUT being inside the test limit(s) and the probability of a "bad" DUT being outside the test limit(s) should be as high as possible. For this reason, when selecting the test variable and the test limit(s), the statistical nature of the test is accounted for.

The statistical nature depends on the type of requirement. Some have large statistical variations, while others are not statistical in nature at all. When testing a parameter with a statistical nature, a confidence level is set. This establishes the probability that a DUT passing the test actually meets the requirement and determines how many times a test has to be repeated and what the pass and fail criteria are. Those aspects are not covered by TS 25.133. The details of the tests, how many times to run it and how to establish confidence in the tests are described in TS 34.121. This Annex establishes what the test variable is and whether it can be viewed as statistical in nature or not.

A.2.1 Types of requirements in TS 25.133

Time and delay requirements on UE higher layer actions

A very large part of the RRM requirements are delay requirements:

- In idle mode (A.4) there is cell selection delay and cell re-selection delay.
- In UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility (A.5) there is measurement reporting delay and cell re-selection delay.
- In RRC Connection Control (A.6) there is RRC re-establishment delay.

All have in common that the UE is required to perform an action observable in higher layers (e.g. camp on the correct cell) within a certain time after a specific event (e.g. a new strong pilot arises). The delay time is statistical in nature for several reasons, among others that measurements required by the UE are performed in a fading radio environment.

The variations make a strict limit unsuitable for a test. Instead there is a condition set for a correct action by the UE, e.g. that the UE shall camp on the correct cell within X seconds. Then the rate of correct events is observed during repeated tests and a limit is set on the rate of correct events, usually 90% correct events are required. How the limit is applied in the test depends on the confidence required, further detailed are in TS 34.121.

Measurements of power levels, relative powers and time

A very large number of requirements are on measurements that the UE performs:

- In UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility (A.5) there are measurement reports.
- Measurement performance requirements (A.8) has requirements on all type of measurements.

The accuracy requirements on measurements are expressed in this specification as a fixed limit (e.g. +/-X dB), but the measurement error will have a distribution that is not easily confined in fixed limits. Assuming a Gaussian distribution of the error, the limits will have to be set at $\pm 3.29\sigma$ if the probability of failing a "good DUT" in a single test is to be kept at 0.1%. It is more reasonable to set the limit tighter and test the DUT by counting the rate of measurements that are within the limits, in a way similar to the requirements on delay.

Implementation requirements

A few requirements are strict actions the UE should take or capabilities the UE should have, without any allowance for deviations. These requirements are absolute and should be tested as such. Examples are

- "Event triggered report rate" and "Active set dimension" in UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility (A.5)
- "Correct behaviour at time-out" in RRC connection control (A.6)

Physical layer timing requirements

All requirements on "Timing Characteristics" (A.7) are absolute limits on timing accuracy.

BER and BLER requirements

Some measurement report procedures in "UE Measurement procedures" (A.8) have requirements on DCH BLER. These are tested in the same way as BLER requirements in TS 25.101.

A.3 Reserved for Future Use

Editors Note: This section is included in order to make the following section numbering, match the sections in the beginning of this specification.

A.4 Idle Mode

A.4.1 Cell selection

(void)

A.4.2 Cell Re-Selection

Two scenarios are considered:

- Scenario 1: Single carrier case
- Scenario 2: Multi carrier case

For each of them a test is proposed.

NOTE: Existing scenarios cover only requirements in section 4.2.2.2. More scenarios, covering requirements in section 4.2.2.1, will be added later.

A.4.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case

A.4.2.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in the single carrier case reported in section 4.2.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables A.4.1 and A.4.2. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table A.4.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection single carrier multi-cell case

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
DRX cycle length		s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.4.2: Cell re-selection single carrier multi-cell case

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27		0.27		0.27		0.27	
I_{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23	
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 _{s,n}	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0						
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMPORARY_OFFS ET2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

A.4.2.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{\text{evaluateFDD}} + T_{\text{SI}}$,

where:

$T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$ See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.
 T_{SI} Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

A.4.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case

A.4.2.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in the multi carrier case reported in section 4.2.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables A.4.3 and A.4.4. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table A.4.3: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in Multi carrier case

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
DRX cycle length		s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.4.4: Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell case

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2	
CPICH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS E_c/I_{or}	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
I_{oc}	dBm / 3.84 MHz	-70											
CPICH E_c/I_o	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dB	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 _{s,n}	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0					
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMPORARY_OFFSET	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

A.4.2.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{\text{evaluateFDD}} + T_{\text{SI}}$,

where:

$T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$	See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.
T_{SI}	Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

A.4.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection

A.4.3.1 Scenario 1

A.4.3.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN to GSM cell re-selection delay reported in section 4.3.2.1.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected Test parameters are given in Table, A.4.5, A.4.6, A.4.7.

Table A.4.5: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
T1		s		T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s		T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.4.6: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)	
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	10.3	7.3
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13	-16
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	[L1]	[L2]
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	[]	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	[]	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	[]	
Qoffset1 _{s,n}	dB	C1, C2: []	
Qhyst1	dB	[]	
PENALTY_TIME	s	C2: []	
TEMP_OFFSET1	dB	C2: []	
Treselection	s	[]	
SsearchRAT	dB	[]	

Table A.4.7: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)	
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-70	-60
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	[]	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	[]	

A.4.3.1.2 Test Requirements

The requirements reported in section 4.3.2.1 shall be verified in more than [90%] of the cases.

A.4.4 FDD/TDD cell re-selection

A.4.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the FDD/TDD cell re-selection delay reported in section 4.2.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 FDD and 1 TDD cell as given in Table A.4.8 and A.4.9.

The ranking of the cells shall be made according to the cell reselection criteria specified in TS25.304.

For this test environment the ranking/mapping function indicated in the broadcast of cell 1 shall be in such a way as to enable the UE to evaluate that the FDD cell 1 is better ranked as the TDD cell 2 during T1 and the TDD cell 2 is better ranked than the FDD cell 1, indicating a cell re-selection according to section 4.2.2.4 during T2.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table A.4.8: General test parameters for the FDD/TDD cell re-selection

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	FDD cell
	Neighbour cells		Cell2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value			1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
DRX cycle length		S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	Cell 1 better ranked than cell 2
T2		S	15	Cell2 better ranked than cell 1

Table A.4.9: FDD/TDD cell re-selection

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2			
		T 1	T 2	T1	T2	T 1	T 2
Timeslot Number		n.a.	n.a.	0		8	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	-10	n.a.	n.a.		
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12	-3	-3		
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12	-9	-9	-9	-9
SCH_t_offset		n.a.	n.a.	0	0	0	0
PICH_Ec/Ior		-15	-15			-3	-3
OCNS	dB	-0,941	-0,941	-4,28	-4,28	-4,28	-4,28
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	3	-2	-2	3	-2	3
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-77	-82	n.a.	n.a.		
PCCPCH_RSCP	dBm	n.a.	n.a.	-75	-70		
Cell_reselection_and_quality_measure		CPICH_RSCP					
Treselection	s	0		0			
Propagation Condition		AWGN		AWGN			

NOTE: The purpose of this test case is to evaluate the delay of the FDD/TDD re-selection process, it is not intended to give reasonable values for a FDD/TDD cell re-selection.

A.4.4.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 2, and starts to send the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on cell 2.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

NOTE:

The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{\text{evaluateTDD}} + T_{\text{SI}}$, where:

$T_{\text{evaluateTDD}}$: A DRX cycle length of 1280ms is assumed for this test case, this leads to a $T_{\text{evaluate TDD}}$ of 6.4s according to Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.7.

T_{SI} : Maximum repetition rate of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

A.5 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility

A.5.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover

NOTE: This section is included for consistency with numbering with section 5; currently no test covering requirements in sections 5.1.2.1 and 5.1.2.2 exists.

A.5.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

NOTE: This section is included for consistency with numbering with section 5 currently no test covering requirements in sections 5.2.2.1 and 5.2.2.2 exists.

A.5.3 FDD/TDD Hard Handover

NOTE: This section is included for consistency with numbering with section 5 currently no test covering requirements in sections 5.3.2.1 and 5.3.2.2 exists.

A.5.4 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM

NOTE: This section is included for consistency with numbering with section 5 currently no test covering requirements in sections 5.4.2.1 and 5.4.2.2 exists.

A.5.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH

A.5.5.1 One frequency present in neighbour list

A.5.5.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state in the single carrier case reported in section 5.5.2.1.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.1 and A.5.2. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms

Table A.5.1 General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) – Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	15	
T2		s	15	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in Table A.5.1A and Table A.5.1B.

Table A.5.1A: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	ksps	30
Slot Format #1	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table A.5.1B: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	$\frac{1}{2}$
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Fixed

Table A.5.2 Cell specific test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH Ec/Ior	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH Ec/Ior	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
S-CCPCH Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
OCNS Ec/Ior	dB	-1.295		-1.295		-1.295		-1.295		-1.295		-1.295	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70											
CPICH Ec/Io	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23	-23	-23	-23	-23	-23	-23	-23
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset 2s, n	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0						
Qhyst	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMPORARY_OFF SET	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

A.5.5.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 2.5 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay is expressed as: $T_{\text{reselection, intra}} = T_{\text{identify, intra}} + T_{\text{SI}}$ ms,

where:

$T_{\text{identify, intra}}$ is specified in 8.4.2.2.1 as 800 ms in this case.

T_{SI} : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 2.08 s, allow 2.5 s in the test case.

A.5.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

A.5.5.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_FACH state in section 5.5.2.1.2.

The test parameters are given in tables A5.3 and A5.4. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table A.5.3: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) – Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	15	
T2		s	15	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in Table A.5.3A and Table A.5.3B.

Table A.5.3A: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	ksps	30
Slot Format #1	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table A.5.3B: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	$\frac{1}{2}$
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Fixed

Table A.5.4: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL_FACH state

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-1.295		-1.295		-1.295		-1.295		-1.295		-1.295	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
I_{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0		C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0		C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0		C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0		C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0	
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMP_OFFSET	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	
IE "FACH Measurement occasion info"		sent		sent		sent		sent		sent		sent	
FACH Measurement occasion cycle length coefficient		3		3		3		3		3		3	
Inter-frequency FDD measurement indicator		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE	
Inter-frequency TDD measurement indicator		FALSE		FALSE		FALSE		FALSE		FALSE		FALSE	

A.5.5.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 9 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay is expressed as: $T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{identify, inter}} + T_{\text{SI}}$ ms,

where:

$T_{\text{identify, inter}}$ is specified in 8.4.2.3.1 as 7.12 s in this case..

T_{SI} : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 8.4 s, allow 9 s in the test case.

A.5.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH

A.5.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

A.5.6.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_PCH state in section 5.6.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A5.5 and A5.6. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table A.5.5: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
DRX cycle length		s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.5.6: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH E_c/I_{or}	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS E_c/I_{or}	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27		0.27		0.27		0.27	
I_{oc}	dBm/ 3.84MHz	-70											
CPICH E_c/I_o	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23	
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0		CPICH E_c/N_0	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset $_{2s,n}$	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0						
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMPORARY_OFF SET	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

A.5.6.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{\text{evaluateFDD}} + T_{\text{SI}}$,

where:

$T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$: See section 5.6.2.

T_{SI} : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

A.5.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

A.5.6.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL_PCH state in section 5.6.2. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.7 and A.5.8

Table A.5.7: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_PCH

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
DRX cycle length		s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.5.8: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL_PCH state

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
I_{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0						
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMPORARY_OF_FSET	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

A.5.6.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{\text{evaluateFDD}} + T_{\text{SI}}$,

where:

$T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$: See section 5.6.2.

T_{SI} : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

A.5.7 Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH

A.5.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

A.5.7.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in URA_PCH state in section 5.7.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.9 and A.5.10. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cells possible for re-selection shall belong to different UTRAN Registration Areas (URA).

Table A.5.9: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
DRX cycle length		s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.5.10: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH Ec/Ior	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH Ec/Ior	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS Ec/Ior	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27		0.27		0.27		0.27	
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70											
CPICH Ec/Io	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23	
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0		CPICH Ec/N0	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2s,n	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0						
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMPORARY_OFF SET	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

A.5.7.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{\text{evaluateFDD}} + T_{\text{SI}}$,

where:

$T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$: See section 5.7.2.

T_{SI} : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

A.5.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

A.5.7.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in URA_PCH state in section 5.7.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A5.11 and A5.12. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cells possible for re-selection shall belong to different UTRAN Registration Areas (URA).

Table A.5.11: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA_PCH

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3, Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
DRX cycle length		s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		s	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		s	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.5.12: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in URA_PCH state

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
I_{oc}	dBm/3.8 4 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀		CPICH E _c /N ₀	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 _{s, n}	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0	C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0	C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0	C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0	C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0	C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0						
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
PENALTY_TIME	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
TEMPORARY_OF_FSET	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent		not sent	

A.5.7.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as: $T_{\text{evaluateFDD}} + T_{\text{SI}}$,

where:

$T_{\text{evaluateFDD}}$: See section 5.7.2.

T_{SI} : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

A.6 RRC Connection Control

A.6.1 RRC Re-establishment delay

A.6.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose is to verify that the RRC re-establishment delay is within the specified limits. These tests will verify the requirements in section 6.1.2.

The test parameters are given in table A.6.1 and table A.6.2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consist of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Table A.6.1 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL Reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101, section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
N313	Frames	20	
N315	Frames	20	
T313	Seconds	0	
T _{SI}	ms	1280	Maximum repetition period of all relevant system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. For information on the system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE, see TS 25.331.
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall only include intra frequency neighbours.
Cell 2 included in monitored set		Included	
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1		10	
T2		6	

Table A.6.2 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1		1	
CPICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-15		-15	
DCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-17	-Inf	Not applicable	
OCNS_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	2,39		4,39	
I_{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/I _o	dB	-15		-13	
Propagation Condition		AWGN			

Table A.6.3 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL Reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101, section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
N313	Frames	20	
N315	Frames	20	
T313	Seconds	0	
T _{SI}	ms	1280	Maximum repetition period of all relevant system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. For information on the system information blocks that needs to be received by the UE, see TS 25.331.
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall include 2 additional frequencies.
Cell 2 included in monitored set		Not Included	
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1		10	
T2		6	

Table A.6.4 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1		2	
CPICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-15		-15	
DCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-17	-Inf	Not applicable	
OCNS_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-1.049	-0.941	-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-3,35		0,02	
I_{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/I _o	dB	-15		-13	
Propagation Condition		AWGN			

A.6.1.2 Test Requirements

Test 1

RRC re-establishment delay shall be less than 1630 ms.

Test 2

RRC re-establishment delay shall be less than 3930 ms.

A.6.2 Random Access

A.6.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of these tests are to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements and that the PRACH power settings are within specified limits. This tests will verify the requirements in section 6.3.2.

Table A.6.5: RF Parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/Ior when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0.941
OCNS_Ec/Ior when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1.516
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

The test parameters "System Information Block (SIB) type 5 (ASC #0)" defined in section 6.1 of TS34.108, shall be used in all random access tests. Crucial parameters for the test requirements are repeated in Table A.6.6 and A.6.7 and these overrule the parameters defined in SIB type 5.

Table A.6.6: UE parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class (ASC#0)		
- Persistence value	0..1	1
Maximum number of preamble ramping cycles (M_{max}).		2
Maximum number of preambles in one preamble ramping cycle (Preamble Retrans Max)		12
The backoff time T_{B01} $N_{B01min}=N_{B01max}$	ms #TTI	N/A 10
Power step when no acquisition indicator is received (Power offset P0)	dB	3
Power offset between the last transmitted preamble and the control part of the message (Power offset P p-m)	dB	0
Maximum allowed UL TX power	dBm	0

Table A.6.7: UTRAN parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-102
SIR in open loop power control (Constant value)	dB	0
AICH Power Offset	dB	0

A.6.2.2 Test Requirements

A.6.2.2.1 Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. An ACK shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the UTRAN.

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall be -30 dBm with an accuracy as specified in section 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [3]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in section 6.5.2.1 of TS 25.101 [3].

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

A.6.2.2.2 Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer T_{B01} expires. The NACK shall be transmitted after the 10 preambles have been received by the UTRAN.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the UTRAN. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

A.6.2.2.3 Correct behaviour at Time-out

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by UTRAN during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

A.6.2.2.4 Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

The UE shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power configured by the UTRAN. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by UTRAN during this test.

The absolute power of any preambles belonging to the first or second preamble cycle shall not exceed 0 dBm +/-[] dB (or +/- [] dB in extreme conditions).

A.7 Timing and Signalling Characteristics

A.7.1 UE Transmit Timing

A.7.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE initial transmit timing accuracy, maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, minimum and maximum adjustment rate are within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 7.1.2.

For this test two cells on the same frequency are used. Table A.7.1 defines the transmitted signal strengths, the relative timing and the propagation condition used for the two cells.

Table A.7.1: Test parameters for UE Transmit Timing requirement

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-17
CPICH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-10
PCCPH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ Ior, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1.05
\hat{I}_{or} , Cell 1	dBm/3.84 MHz	-96
\hat{I}_{or} , Cell 2	dBm/3.84 MHz	-99
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1	μ s	+/-2
Propagation condition	AWGN	

A.7.1.2 Test Requirements

For parameters specified in Table A.7.1, the UE initial transmit timing accuracy, the maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, the minimum and the maximum adjustment rate shall be within the limits defined in section 7.1.2.

The relevant soft handover parameters shall be set such that the UE enters soft handover with cell 1 and cell 2 when both cells are sending a signal. The following sequence of events shall be used to verify that the requirements are met.

- a) After a connection is set up with cell 1, the test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant received path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1. T_0 is defined in TS 25.211[2].
- b) Test system introduces cell 2 into the test system at delay $+2 \mu\text{s}$ from cell 1.
- c) Test system verifies that cell 2 is added to the active set.
- d) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant received path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- e) Test system switches Tx timing of cell 2 to a delay of $-2 \mu\text{s}$ with respect to cell 1.
- f) Test system verifies cell 2 remains in the active set.
- g) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant received path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- h) Test system stops sending cell 1 signals.
- i) Test system verifies that the UE does not start to adjust its Tx timing to cell 2 before it receives an active set update message notifying the UE that cell 1 is deleted from the active set.
- j) Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts with an adjustment step size and an adjustment rate according to the requirements in section 7.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant received path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- k) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant received path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- l) Test system starts sending cell 1 signal again with its original timing.
- m) Test system verifies that cell 1 is added to the active set.
- n) Test system verifies that the UE transmit timing is still within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- o) Test system stops sending cell 2 signals.
- p) Test system verifies that the UE does not start to adjust its Tx timing to cell 1 before it receives an active set update message notifying the UE that cell 2 shall be deleted from the active set.
- q) Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts with an adjustment step size and an adjustment rate according to the requirements in section 7.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant received path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- r) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within $T_0 \pm 1.5$ chips with respect to the first significant received path of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.

A.8 UE Measurements Procedures

A.8.1 FDD intra frequency measurements

A.8.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

A.8.1.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event and that the measurement accuracy of the CPICH_Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed timed difference between Cell 1 and Cell 2 are within the defined limits. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.1 and A.8.2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed timed difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Table A.8.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled during time T1.
T1	s	5	
T2	s	5	
T3	s	5	

Table A.8.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB		-10			-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB		-12			-12	
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB		-12			-12	
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB		-15			-15	
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB		-17			N/A	
OCNS			-1.049			-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	-Infinity
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-Infinity
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

A.8.1.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 1B triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

A.8.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

A.8.1.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of events. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.3 and A.8.4. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Table A.8.3: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Replacement activation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
T3	S	5	
T4	S	10	

Table A.8.4: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2				Cell3			
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				-10				-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12				-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12				-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				-15				-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-17				N/A				N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.049				-0.941				-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	6.97	6.93	5.97	6.12	-Inf	9.43	6.97	7.62	5.97	6.93	-Inf	5.62
I_{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16	-14	-15.5	-Inf	-13.5	-13	-14	-14	-16	-Inf	-16
Propagation Condition		AWGN											

A.8.1.2.2 Test Requirements

- The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T1.
- The UE may send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell3 after the beginning of the time period T1.
- The UE shall send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

- d) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- e) The UE shall send one Event 1B triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.
- f) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- g) The UE may send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell2 after the beginning of the time period T4.
- h) The UE may send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell3 after the beginning of the time period T4.
- i) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

A.8.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

A.8.1.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of events. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.5 and A.8.6. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

Table A.8.5: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	s	10	
T2	s	10	
T3	s	10	
T4	s	10	

Table A.8.6: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2				Cell3			
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-10				-10				-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12				-12				-12			
SCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12				-12				-12			
PICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-15				-15				-15			
DPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-17				N/A				N/A			
OCNS_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-1.049				-0.941				-0.941			
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	14.5 5	28.5 1	14.4 5	28.5 1	-Inf	27.5 1	13.9 5	21.5 1	8.05	21.5 1	13.9 5	27.5 1
I_{oc}	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-85											
CPICH_Ec/I _o	dB	-11	-13	-14.5	-13	-Inf	-14.0	-15	-20	-17.5	-20	-15	-14
Propagation Condition		AWGN											

A.8.1.3.2 Test Requirements

- The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.
- The UE shall send one Event 1B triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

A.8.1.4 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

A.8.1.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE performs sufficient layer 1 filtering of the measurements, see section 9.1, which are the base for the event evaluation. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.7 and A.8.8. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and Event 1B shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20ms.

Table A.8.7: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	120	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled before time T1.
T1	s	200	
T2	s	201	

Table A.8.8: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
CPICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-17		N/A	
OCNS		-1.049		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	7.29	3.29	3.29	7.29
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/I _o	dB	-12	-16	-16	-12
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex B of TS25.101				

A.8.1.4.2 Test Requirements

- The number of received event 1A reports during time period T1 shall be less than 60.
- During the first 1 s of time period T2 no event reports shall be counted.
- The number of received event 1B reports counted from 1s after the beginning of time period T2 until the end of time period T2 shall be less than 60.

A.8.2 FDD inter frequency measurements

A.8.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

A.8.2.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.2.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.9 and A.8.10 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I_o of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting.

Table A.8.9: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		A.22 set 1	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Threshold non used frequency	dB	-18	Absolute E_c/I_0 threshold for event 2C
Reporting range	dB	4	Applicable for event 1A
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A
W non-used frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 on channel 1 16 on channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	s	[10]	
T2	s	[5]	

Table A.8.10: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-15		-15		-15	
DPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-17		N/A		N/A	
OCNS		-1.049		-0.941		-0.941	
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	4.39	Infinity	2.39	-1.8	-1.8
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70				-70	
CPICH_Ec/I _o	dB	-13	-13	Infinity	-15	-14	-14
Propagation Condition	AWGN						

A.8.2.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 5 seconds from the beginning of time period T1.

The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2. The UE shall not send any measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

A.8.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

A.8.2.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.2. The test parameters are given in Table A.8.11 and A.8.12. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used.

Table A.8.11: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		Case 2.1	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) for Event 2c	dB	-18	
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 X on frequency Channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.

Table A.8.12: Test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	TBD	TBD
OCNS		[To Be Calculated]	[To Be Calculated]
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	0	-1.8
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70	-70
CPICH_Ec/Io	dB	-13	-14
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex B of TS25.101		

A.8.2.2.2 Test Requirements

- The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 5 seconds from the start of the test.
- The UE shall not send any measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

A.8.3 TDD measurements

A.8.3.1 Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

A.8.3.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when measuring on a TDD cell. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2 respectively. The test parameters are given in Table A.8.13 and A.8.14. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used.

Table A.8.13: General test parameters for Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		Case 2.1	Gap length specified in section 8.1.2.3 and the other parameters as specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting Threshold	dB		
Hysteresis	dB		
Time to Trigger	ms		
Filter coefficient			
Monitored cell list size		Total X Y on frequency Channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	s		
T2	s		

Table A.8.14: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of TDD neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2			
Timeslot Number		n.a.		0	8		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	[]	[]	n.a.		n.a.	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	[]	[]	-3	-3		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	[]	[]	-9	-9	-9	-9
SCH_t _{offset}		n.a.	n.a.	15	15	15	15
PICH_Ec/lor		[]	[]			-3	-3
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	[]	[]	-	-	-	-
OCNS	dB	[]	[]	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28	-4.28
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70		-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo		[]		n.a.			
PCCPCH_RSCP	dB	n.a.	n.a.	[]	[]	[]	[]
Propagation Condition		AWGN					

NOTE: The DPCH of the TDD cell is located in an other timeslot than 0 or 8.

A.8.3.1.2 Test Requirements

- The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than [5] seconds from the start of time period T2.
- The UE shall not send any measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

A.9 Measurement Performance Requirements

Unless explicitly stated:

- Reported measurements shall be within defined range in 90 % of the cases.
- Measurement channel is 12.2 kbps as defined in TS 25.101 annex A, sub-clause A.3.1. This measurement channel is used both in active cell and cells to be measured.
- Physical channels used as defined in TS 25.101 annex C.
- Cell 1 is the active cell.
- Single task reporting.
- Power control is active.

A.9.1 Measurement Performance for UE

A.9.1.1 CPICH RSCP

A.9.1.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.1.

A.9.1.1.1.1 Intra frequency test parameters

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. Table A.9.1 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, when the requirements are applicable.

When verifying the CPICH RSCP intra frequency absolute accuracy requirement only cell 1 in table A.9.1 shall be present. When verifying the CPICH RSCP intra frequency relative accuracy requirement both cell 1 and 2 in table A.9.1 shall be present.

Table A.9.1: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
Ior/Ioc	dB	10.5	10.5
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 13.7 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1	$I_o - 13.7 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1
Range 1:I _o		-94...-70	-94...-70
Range 2: I _o	dBm	-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: I_{oc} level shall be adjusted according the total signal power I_o at receiver input and the geometry factor I_{or}/I_{oc} .			

A.9.1.1.1.2 Inter frequency test parameters

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5 [14 slots is FSS]. Table A.9.2 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

When verifying the CPICH RSCP inter frequency relative accuracy requirement both cell 1 and 2 in table A.9.2 shall be present.

Table A.9.2: CPICH RSCP Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
\hat{I} or/Ioc	dB	10.1	10.1
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 10.6 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1	$I_o - 10.6 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1
Range 1:Io	dBm	-94...-70	-94...-70
Range 2: Io		-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: I_{oc} level shall be adjusted in each carrier frequency according the total signal power I_o at receiver input and the geometry factor \hat{I} or/Ioc.			

A.9.1.1.2 Test Requirements

The CPICH RSCP measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.1.

A.9.1.2 CPICH Ec/Io

A.9.1.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.2.

A.9.1.2.1.1 Intra frequency test parameters

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.3 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

When verifying the CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency absolute accuracy requirement only cell 1 in table A.9.3 shall be present. When verifying the CPICH Ec/Io intra frequency relative accuracy requirement both cell 1 and 2 in table A.9.3 shall be present.

Table A.9.3: CPICH Ec/Io Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
\hat{I} or/Ioc	dB	10.5	10.5
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 13.7 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1	$I_o - 13.7 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1
Range 1:Io	dBm	-94...-70	-94...-70
Range 2: Io		-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: I_{oc} level shall be adjusted according the total signal power I_o at receiver input and the geometry factor \hat{I} or/Ioc.			

A.9.1.2.1.2 Inter frequency test parameters

In this case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5 [14 slots is FSS]. Table A.9.4 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

When verifying the CPICH E_c/I_o inter frequency relative accuracy requirement both cell 1 and 2 in table A.9.4 shall be present.

Table A.9.4: CPICH E_c/I_o Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH E_c/I_o	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH E_c/I_o	dB	-12	-12
SCH E_c/I_o	dB	-12	-12
PICH E_c/I_o	dB	-15	-15
DPCH E_c/I_o	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
\hat{I}_o/I_o	dB	10.1	10.1
I_o	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 10.6 \text{ dB} = I_o$, Note 1	$I_o - 10.6 \text{ dB} = I_o$, Note 1
Range 1: I_o	dBm	-94...-70	-94...-70
Range 2: I_o		-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: I_o level shall be adjusted in each carrier frequency according the total signal power I_o at receiver input and the geometry factor \hat{I}_o/I_o .			

A.9.1.2.2 Test Requirements

The CPICH E_c/I_o measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.2.

A.9.1.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI

A.9.1.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.3.

Table A.9.5 defines the limits of signal strengths, where the requirement is applicable.

When verifying the UTRA Carrier RSSI absolute accuracy requirement only cell 1 in table A.9.5 shall be present. When verifying the UTRA Carrier RSSI relative accuracy requirement both cell 1 and 2 in table A.9.5 shall be present.

Table A.9.5: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1	Channel 2
\hat{I}_o/I_o	dB	-1	-1
I_o	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 4.13 \text{ dB} = I_o$, Note 1	$I_o - 4.13 \text{ dB} = I_o$, Note 1
Range 1: I_o	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-94...-70	-94...-70
Range 2: I_o		-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: I_o level shall be adjusted according the total signal power I_o at receiver input and the geometry factor \hat{I}_o/I_o .			

A.9.1.3.2 Test Requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.3.

A.9.1.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference

A.9.1.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.7.

A.9.1.4.1.1 Intra frequency test parameters

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.6 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table A.9.6: SFN-CFN observed time difference Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
Ior/Ioc	dB	10.5	10.5
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 13.7 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1	$I_o - 13.7 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1
Range 1: I _o	dBm	-94...-70	-94...-70
Range 2: I _o	dBm	-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: I _{oc} level shall be adjusted according the total signal power I _o at receiver input and the geometry factor Ior/Ioc.			

A.9.1.4.1.2 Inter frequency test parameters

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this test case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5 [14 slots is FSS]. Table A.9.7 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

Table A.9.7: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11
Ior/Ioc	dB	10.1	10.1
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 10.6 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1	$I_o - 10.6 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1
Range 1: I _o	dBm	-94...-70	-94...-70
Range 2: I _o	dBm	-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: I _{oc} level shall be adjusted in each carrier frequency according the total signal power I _o at receiver input and the geometry factor Ior/Ioc.			

A.9.1.4.2 Test Requirements

The SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.7.

A.9.1.5 SFN-SFN observed time difference

A.9.1.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

A.9.1.5.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.8.1.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.8 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table A.9.8: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1
<i>CPICH_Ec/lor</i>	dB	-10	-10
<i>PCCPCH_Ec/lor</i>	dB	-12	-12
<i>SCH_Ec/lor</i>	dB	-12	-12
<i>PICH_Ec/lor</i>	dB	-15	-15
<i>DPCH_Ec/lor</i>	dB	-15	-15
<i>OCNS</i>	dB	-1.11	-1.11
<i>lor/loc</i>	dB	10.5	10.5
<i>loc</i>	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	<i>lo</i> -13.7 dB = <i>loc</i> , Note 1	<i>lo</i> -13.7 dB = <i>loc</i> , Note 1
<i>Range 1: lo</i>	dBm	-94...-70	-94...-70
<i>Range 2: lo</i>		-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor <i>lor/loc</i> .			

A.9.1.5.1.2 Test Requirements

The SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.8.1

A.9.1.5.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2

A.9.1.5.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.8.2.

During the test the time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from -1279.75 to 1280 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.9 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table A.9.9: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1
<i>CPICH_Ec/Ior</i>	dB	-10	-10
<i>PCCPCH_Ec/Ior</i>	dB	-12	-12
<i>SCH_Ec/Ior</i>	dB	-12	-12
<i>PICH_Ec/Ior</i>	dB	-15	-15
<i>DPCH_Ec/Ior</i>	dB	-15	-15
<i>OCNS</i>	dB	-1.11	-1.11
<i>Ior/Ioc</i>	dB	10.5	10.5
<i>Ioc</i>	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	<i>Ioc</i> -13.7 dB = <i>Ioc</i> , Note 1	<i>Ioc</i> -13.7 dB = <i>Ioc</i> , Note 1
<i>Range 1:Ioc</i>	dBm	-94...-70	-94...-70
<i>Range 2:Ioc</i>		-94...-50	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	
NOTE 1: <i>Ioc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power <i>Ioc</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor <i>Ior/Ioc</i> .			

When verifying the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 intra frequency measurement accuracy with IPDL period active the idle period parameters in table A.9.10 shall be used.

Table A.9.10 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 idle period test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
IP_Status	-	continuous	continuous
IP_Spacing	Frames	[10]	[10]
IP_Length	Symbols	10	10
IP_Offset	frame	NA	NA
Seed	integer	[13]	[4]
Burst_Start		NA	NA
Burst_Length		NA	NA
Burst_Freq		NA	NA

NOTE: The total signal *Ioc* will change only downwards during BS transmission gap.

A.9.1.5.2.2 Test Requirements

The SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.8.2

A.9.1.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference

A.9.1.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1

A.9.1.6.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.9.1

Table A.9.11 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table A.9.11: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11
Ior/Ioc	dB	10.5
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 10.9 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1
Io	dBm	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN
NOTE 1: Ioc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power Io at receiver input and the geometry factor Ior/Ioc.		

A.9.1.6.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.9.1.

A.9.1.6.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2

A.9.1.6.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.9.2.

Table A.9.12 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Table A.9.12: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 intra frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
OCNS	dB	-1.11
Ior/Ioc	dB	10.5
Ioc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	$I_o - 10.9 \text{ dB} = I_{oc}$, Note 1
Io	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-94...-50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN
NOTE 1: Ioc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power Io at receiver input and the geometry factor Ior/Ioc.		

A.9.1.6.2.2 Test Requirements

The UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.9.2.

A.9.1.7 Observed time difference to GSM cell

A.9.1.7.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Observed time difference to GSM cell measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.10.

Note: The requirement scenario is FFS.

A.9.1.7.2 Test Requirements

Note: Requirements will be added when the requirement scenario is defined.

A.9.1.8 P-CCPCH RSCP

A.9.1.8.1 Test Purpose and Environment

These measurements consider *P-CCPCH RSCP* measurements. This requirement is only valid for UEs supporting FDD and TDD.

The purpose of this test is to verify that the P-CCPCH RSCP measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.11.

In this case the cells are on different frequencies. Table A.9.13 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable. Cell 1 is the active cell (FDD) and cell 2 is a TDD cell.

Table A.9.13 P-CCPCH inter frequency test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Timeslot Number		n.a.	k
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	Channel 2
CPICH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-10	n.a.
PCCPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12	-3
SCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	-12	-
SCH_t _{offset}		n.a.	-
PICH_Ec/I _{or}		-15	-
DPCH_Ec/I _{or}	dB	[]	[]
OCNS	dB	[To Be Calculated]	[]
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	[]	[]
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	Note 1	-70
Range 1: I _o	dBm	-94 ... -70	-94 ... -70
Range 2: I _o		-94... -50	-94... -50
Propagation condition	-	AWGN	AWGN
NOTE 1: I_{oc} level shall be adjusted according the total signal power I_o at receiver input and the geometry factor \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} .			

A.9.1.8.2 Test Requirements

The P-CCPCH RSCP measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.11.

Annex B (informative): Change History

Initial version at TSG-RAN#6 (December 1999): 3.0.0

Table B.1: CRs approved by TSG-RAN#7.

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	R	Ph	Subject	Cat	Curr	New
RP-000021	25.133	001		R99	Modification of RL Failure Requirement	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	002		R99	Idle Mode Tasks	C	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	003		R99	Revised UE handover requirements	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	004		R99	Editorial corrections	D	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	005		R99	UE measurement requirement update	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	006		R99	TDD Measurements Performance Requirements for TS25.133 (FDD)	B	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	007		R99	UTRAN measurement requirement update	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	008		R99	Requirements on parallel measurements	F	3.0.0	3.1.0
RP-000021	25.133	009		R99	Inclusion on transport channel BER.	F	3.0.0	3.1.0

Note on implementation of CR 25.133-003.

On page 16 there is a dotted line above title 5.1.2.1.4 ACTIVE SET DIMENSION. The text following is a duplication of version 3.0.0 to the point of sub-clause 5.1.2.2.1.3. HARD HANDOVER DELAY.

Therefore all text from page 16 starting from 5.1.2.1.4 ACTIVE SET DIMENSION is moved to sub-clause 5.1.2.2.1.3 HARD HANDOVER DELAY on page 19.

Table B.2: CRs approved by TSG-RAN#8.

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	R	Ph	Subject	Cat	Curr	New
RP-000210	25.133	010		R99	Measurement period for UTRAN SIR	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	011		R99	Measurement period for UE BLER	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	013		R99	Measurement delay reporting	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	015		R99	Correction - Propagation conditions	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	016		R99	Remove requirements on SSDT from 5.1.1.8.	D	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	017		R99	Update of test parameters to P-CCPCH Measurements performance requirements	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	018		R99	Repetition Period of System Information	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	019		R99	Alignment of Cell Selection/reselection test scenario parameters	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	020		R99	Editorial corrections for TS25.133	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	021		R99	Removal of Annex A	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	022		R99	Requirement for UE Tx Power Measurement	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	023		R99	Insertion of Range/Mapping from TS 25.215 revised	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	024		R99	Signalling response delay	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	025		R99	Missing measurement periods	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	026		R99	RRC Connection mobility in CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	027		R99	Switching delay requirement for inter-system handover	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	028		R99	UE Chip time measurements	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	029		R99	UE Transmit Timing Adjustment	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	030		R99	Add GPS timing measurements to TS 25.133	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	031		R99	Test scenario for UTRAN to GSM cell re-selection	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	032		R99	Proposed test case for random access procedure (FDD)	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	033		R99	Inclusion of measurement granularities and ranges	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	034		R99	Parallel measurement requirements	F	3.1.0	3.2.0
RP-000210	25.133	035		R99	UE Hard handover switching time	F	3.1.0	3.2.0

Table B.3: CRs approved by TSG-RAN#9

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	R	Ph	Subject	Cat	Curr	New
RP-000400	25.133	036		R99	Corrections to definitions, symbols and abbreviations	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	037		R99	Handling of measurement uncertainties in Base station conformance testing (FDD) for RRM measurements	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	038		R99	Proposal for section 4	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	039		R99	Proposal for section 5	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	040		R99	Proposal for section 8	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	041		R99	Proposal for section 9	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000497	25.133	042	1	R99	Revision of requirement and range of measurement for CPCH	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000497	25.133	043	1	R99	Inclusion of UTRAN measurements in 25.133	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	044		R99	Proposal for section 7 and A.7	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	045		R99	Text proposal for section A.1, A.2 and A.3	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
RP-000400	25.133	046		R99	Proposal for section 6	F	3.2.0	3.3.0

Table B.4: CRs approved by TSG RAN#10

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	R	Ph	Subject	Cat	Curr	New
RP-000591	25.133	47		R99	Received total wideband power	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	48		R99	Removal of cell selection delay requirements	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	49		R99	Clarification of the random access requirements	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	50		R99	Correction of RRC re-establishment requirements	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	51		R99	Event triggered reporting in AWGN conditions	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	52		R99	Inter frequency measurements in AWGN	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	53	1	R99	Physical channel BER accuracy	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	54	1	R99	Event triggered reporting in fading conditions	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	55		R99	Periodic reporting in AWGN	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	56		R99	Introduction of UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 & 2	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	57		R99	Correction of UE Tx timing adjustment	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	58		R99	Alignment of intra frequency CPICH Ec/Io measurement requirements in TS25.133	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	59		R99	Multiple neighbour test cases	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	60		R99	Correction of intra- and inter frequency measurement requirement.	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	61		R99	Correction of TDD measurement requirements.	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	62		R99	General cell re-selection requirements	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	63		R99	BSIC verification requirements in TS25.133	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	64		R99	GSM RSSI measurement	F	3.3.0	3.4.0
RP-000591	25.133	65		R99	Clarification of parallel measurement section	F	3.3.0	3.4.0

Table B.5: CRs approved by TSG RAN#11

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	R	Ph	Subject	Cat	Curr	New
RP-010091	25.133	66		R99	General idle mode requirements	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	67		R99	Removal of Signalling Delay Requirements	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	68		R99	FDD/GSM handover	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	69		R99	Revised Correction of hard handover delay requirements	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	70		R99	Cell-Reselection, Measurements of inter-frequency TDD cells	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	71		R99	Correction of number of events that should be handled by the UE	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	72		R99	Revised limitations to the usage of compressed mode patterns	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	73		R99	Measurements on FDD and TDD in Cell-FACH state	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	74		R99	Measurements on GSM in Cell-FACH state	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	75		R99	Cell re-selection in Cell-FACH state	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	76		R99	General Measurement Requirements in CELL_DCH State	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	77		R99	GSM Measurements	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	78		R99	Cell reselection performance	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	79		R99	CPICH Ec/Io mapping	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	80		R99	UTRAN transport channel BLER measurement	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	81		R99	UTRAN physical channel BER measurement	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	82		R99	Test case for FDD/TDD cell re-selection .	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	83		R99	Requirements for event triggered reporting in fading conditions	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	84		R99	Modification of soft handover requirements	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	85		R99	Clarifications of TDD measurements and the use of compressed mode pattern for TDD measurements.	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	86		R99	UE transmit Timing	F	3.4.0	3.5.0
RP-010091	25.133	87		R99	Correction of the FDD/TDD handover requirement in connected mode.	F	3.4.0	3.5.0

Table B.6: Release 4 CR approved by TSG RAN#11

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	R	Ph	Subject	Cat	Curr	New
RP-010099	25.133	88		R4	UE/UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS	B	3.5.0	4.0.0

Table B.7: Release 4 CRs approved by TSG RAN#12

RAN Doc	Spec	CR	R	Ph	Title	Cat	Curr	New
RP-010353	25.133	90		Rel-4	Correction of FDD/TDD handover requirement.	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	92		Rel-4	Extraction of TGSN_proposed	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	94		Rel-4	Corrections to cell re-selection requirements	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	96		Rel-4	UTRAN to GSM cell reselection delay in CELL_FACH state	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	98		Rel-4	Corrections for idle mode section	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	100		Rel-4	Cell-reselection test cases in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	103		Rel-4	Idle mode cell-reselection test cases	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	104		Rel-4	Measurements in CELL_FACH State	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	106		Rel-4	Cell-reselection test cases in CELL_FACH	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010353	25.133	108		Rel-4	GSM measurements in CELL_DCH state	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010354	25.133	112		Rel-4	Corrections for multiple neighbour test cases	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010354	25.133	114		Rel-4	Corrections for Section 5	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010354	25.133	116		Rel-4	RRC Connection re-establishment	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010354	25.133	118		Rel-4	Corrections for Section 9	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010354	25.133	120		Rel-4	Correction for a CPICH_Ec/lo definition	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010354	25.133	122		Rel-4	Detection and measurements of new cells not belonging to monitored set	A	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010364	25.133	123		Rel-4	Detection and measurements of new cells not belonging to monitored set	F	4.0.0	4.1.0
RP-010495	25.133	125	2	Rel-4	Requirements for TFC selection at the maximum power	A	4.0.0	4.1.0

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