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1 Scope

The present document describes spreading and modulation for UTRA Physical Layer TDD mode.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
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- 3GPP TS 25.201: "Physical layer general description". [1] 3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels [2] (FDD)". 3GPP TS 25.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)". [3] 3GPP TS 25.213: "Spreading and modulation (FDD)". [4] 3GPP TS 25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)". [5] 3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical layer – Measurements (FDD)". [6] 3GPP TS 25.221: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels [7] (TDD)". 3GPP TS 25.222: "Multiplexing and channel coding (TDD)". [8] [9] 3GPP TS 25.102: "UTRA (UE) TDD; Radio Transmission and Reception". 3GPP TS 25.105: "UTRA (BS) TDD; Radio Transmission and Reception". [10] 3GPP TS25.308: "High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA); Overall description; Stage 2". [11] 3GPP TS25.224: 'Physical Layer Procedures (TDD)' [12]

3 Symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Symbols

[13]

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

 C_p : PSC

C_i: i:th secondary SCH code

 $C_{CSC,m}^{(k)}$: CSC derived as k:th offset version from m:th applicable constituent Golay complementary pair

3GPP TS25.321: 'Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification'

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

16QAM 16 Quadrature Amplitude Modulation CCTrCH Coded Composite Transport Channel CDMA Code Division Multiple Access CSC Cell Synchronisation Code DPCH Dedicated Physical Channel FDD Frequency Division Duplex

HS-PDSCH High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel

IMB Integrated Mobile Broadcast

MBSFN MBSM over a Single Frequency Network

MIB Master Information Block

MU-MIMO Multi-User Multiple Input Multiple Output
OVSF Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor
P-CCPCH Primary Common Control Physical Channel

PN Pseudo Noise

PRACH Physical Random Access Channel Primary Synchronisation Code **PSC QPSK** Quadrature Phase Shift Keying **RACH** Random Access Channel Synchronisation Channel SCH **Spreading Factor** SF SFN System Frame Number Time Division Duplex TDD

TFC Transport Format Combination

UE User Equipment

UL Uplink

4 General

In the following, a separation between the data modulation and the spreading modulation has been made. The data modulation for 3.84Mcps TDD (including 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB) and 7.68Mcps TDD is defined in clause 5 'Data modulation for the 3.84 Mcps and 7.68Mcps options', the data modulation for 1.28Mcps TDD is defined in clause 5A 'Data modulation for the 1.28 Mcps option' and the spreading modulation in clause 6 'Spreading modulation'.

Table 1 shows the basic modulation parameters for the 7.68Mcps, 3.84Mcps (including 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB) and 1.28Mcps TDD options.

Table 1: Basic modulation parameters

Chip rate	7.68 Mchip/s	same as FDD basic chiprate: 3.84 Mchip/s and 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB	Low chiprate: 1.28 Mchip/s
Data modulation	QPSK,16QAM (HS- PDSCH, MBSFN S- CCPCH and E-PUCH only)	QPSK,16QAM (HS-PDSCH, MBSFN S-CCPCH and E- PUCH only)	QPSK, 8PSK,16QAM (HS- PDSCH, E-PUCH, MBSFN S-CCPCH only), 64QAM (HS-PDSCH only)
Spreading characteristics	Orthogonal Q chips/symbol, where Q = 2 ^p , 0 <= p <= 5	Orthogonal Q chips/symbol, where Q = 2 ^p , 0 <= p <= 4 (For 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB Q = 2 ^p , where p = 4 or 8 only)	Orthogonal Q chips/symbol, where Q = 2 ^p , 0 <= p <= 4

5 Data modulation for the 3.84 Mcps and 7.68Mcps options

5.1 Symbol rate

The symbol duration T_S depends on the spreading factor Q and the chip duration T_C : $T_s = Q \times T_c$, where $T_c = \frac{1}{\text{chiprate}}$.

5.2 Mapping of bits onto signal point constellation

5.2.1 Mapping for burst type 1 and 2

5.2.1.1 QPSK modulation

The data modulation is performed to the bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure in [8] and combines always 2 consecutive binary bits to a complex valued data symbol. Each user burst has two data carrying parts, termed data blocks:

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,i)} = \left(\underline{d}_1^{(k,i)}, \underline{d}_2^{(k,i)}, \dots, \underline{d}_{N_k}^{(k,i)}\right)^T, \quad i = 1, 2; k = 1, \dots, K_{Code}$$

$$\tag{1}$$

 K_{Code} is the number of used codes in a time slot: for 3.84Mcps, max K_{Code} =16; for 7.68Mcps, max K_{Code} =32. N_k is the number of symbols per data field for the code k. This number is linked to the spreading factor Q_k [7].

Data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,1)}$ is transmitted before the midamble and data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}$ after the midamble. Each of the N_k data symbols $\underline{d}_n^{(k,i)}$; i=1, 2; k=1,..., K_{Code} ; n=1,..., N_k ; of equation 1 has the symbol duration $T_s^{(k)} = Q_k T_c$ as already given.

The data modulation is QPSK, thus the data symbols $\underline{d}_n^{(k,i)}$ are generated from two consecutive data bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure in [8]:

$$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} \in \{0,1\}, \quad l = 1,2; k = 1,..., K_{Code}; n = 1,..., N_k; i = 1,2$$
 (2)

using the following mapping to complex symbols:

consecutive binary bit pattern	complex symbol
$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} b_{2n}^{(k,i)}$	$\underline{d}_{n}^{(k,i)}$
00	+j
01	+1
10	-1
11	-j

The mapping corresponds to a QPSK modulation of the interleaved and encoded data bits $b_{l,n}^{(k,i)}$ of equation 2.

5.2.1.2 16QAM modulation

The data modulation is performed to the bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure. In case of 16QAM, modulation 4 consecutive binary bits are represented by one complex valued data symbol. Each user burst has two data carrying parts, termed data blocks:

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,i)} = (\underline{d}_1^{(k,i)}, \underline{d}_2^{(k,i)}, \dots, \underline{d}_{N_k}^{(k,i)})^{\mathrm{T}} \quad i = 1, 2; k = 1, \dots, K.$$
(2b)

 N_k is the number of symbols per data field for the user k. This number is linked to the spreading factor Q_k .

Data block $\frac{\mathbf{d}}{s}^{(k,1)}$ is transmitted before the midamble and data block $\frac{\mathbf{d}}{s}^{(k,2)}$ after the midamble. Each of the N_k data symbols $\frac{d}{s}^{(k,i)}$; $i=1,2; k=1,...,K; n=1,...,N_k$; of equation 2b has the symbol duration $T_s^{(k)} = Q_k T_c$ as already given.

The data modulation is 16QAM, thus the data symbols $\frac{d^{(k,i)}}{n}$ are generated from 4 consecutive data bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure in [8]:

$$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} \in \{0,1\}, \quad l = 1,2,3,4; \ k = 1,..., K_{code}; \ n = 1,...N_k; \ i = 1,2$$
 (2c)

using the following mapping to complex symbols:

Consecutive binary bit pattern	complex symbol
$b_{1,n}^{(k,i)} b_{2,n}^{(k,i)} b_{3,n}^{(k,i)} b_{4,n}^{(k,i)}$	$\underline{d}_{n}^{(k,i)}$
0000	j <u>1</u>
0001	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
0010	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
0011	$j\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$
0100	$ \frac{\sqrt{5}}{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} $ $ \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} $ $ j\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}} $ $ \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} $
0101	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ $\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$ $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
0110	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
0111	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$
1000	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
1001	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
1010	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
1011	$-\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$
1100	$-\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$ $-j\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
1101	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
1110	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}-j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
1111	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$ $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$ $-j\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$

The mapping corresponds to a 16QAM modulation of the interleaved and encoded data bits $b_{l,n}^{(k,i)}$ of the table above and $\frac{d^{(k,i)}}{n}$ of equation 2b.

5.2.2 Mapping for burst type 3

In case of burst type 3, the definitions in subclause 5.2.1.1 and subclause 5.2.1.2 apply with a modified number of symbols in the second data block. For the burst type 3, the number of symbols in the second data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}$ is

decreased by
$$\frac{96}{Q_{\kappa}}$$
 symbols for 3.84Mcps TDD and is decreased by $\frac{192}{Q_{k}}$ symbols for 7.68Mcps TDD.

5.2.3 Mapping for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB

5.2.3.1 Modulation mapping for data

Mapping of data bits onto a QPSK or 16-QAM signal point constellation shall be accomplished as described in subclause 5.1.1.1 or 5.1.1.2 of [4] respectively.

5.2.3.2 Modulation mapping for TFCI

In the case of S-CCPCH frame type 1 and S-CCPCH frame type 2 using QPSK modulation for data, TFCI bits shall be QPSK modulated according to subclause 5.1.1.1 of [4].

In the case of S-CCPCH frame type 2 using 16-QAM modulation for data, each consecutive pair of binary-valued TFCI bits $\{b_{2q},b_{2q+1}\}$, with $q=\{0,1,2,\ldots\}$ shall be mapped according to the rotated QPSK constellation given by the following table.

$\{b_{2q},b_{2q+1}\}$	I branch	Q branch
{0,0} 0.4472		1.3416
{0,1}	1.3416	-0.4472
{1,0}	-1.3416	0.4472
{1,1}	-0.4472	-1.3416

5A Data modulation for the 1.28 Mcps option

5A.1 Symbol rate

The symbol duration T_S depends on the spreading factor Q and the chip duration T_C : $T_s = Q \times T_c$, where $T_c = \frac{1}{chiprate}$.

5A.2 Mapping of bits onto signal point constellation

5A.2.1 QPSK modulation

The mapping of bits onto the signal point constellation for QPSK modulation is the same as in the 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [5.2.1.1 QPSK modulation].

5A.2.2 8PSK modulation

The data modulation is performed to the bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure. In case of 8PSK modulation 3 consecutive binary bits are represented by one complex valued data symbol. Each user burst has two data carrying parts, termed data blocks:

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,i)} = \left(\underline{d}_1^{(k,i)}, \underline{d}_2^{(k,i)}, \dots, \underline{d}_{N_k}^{(k,i)}\right)^T, \quad i = 1,2; k = 1, \dots, K_{Code}$$
(1a)

 N_k is the number of symbols per data field for the code k. This number is linked to the spreading factor Q_k .

Data block $\frac{\mathbf{d}^{(k,1)}}{i}$ is transmitted before the midamble and data block $\frac{\mathbf{d}^{(k,2)}}{i}$ after the midamble. Each of the N_k data symbols $\frac{d^{(k,i)}}{i}$; i=1, 2; k=1,..., K_{Code} ; n=1,..., N_k ; of equation 1 has the symbol duration $T_s^{(k)} = Q_k T_c$ as already given.

The data modulation is 8PSK, thus the data symbols $\frac{d^{(k,i)}}{n}$ are generated from 3 consecutive data bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure in [8]:

$$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} \in \{0,1\} \quad l = 1,2,3; \ k = 1,..., K_{Code}; \ n = 1,..., N_k; \ i = 1,2 \tag{2a}$$

using the following mapping to complex symbols:

Consecutive binary bit pattern	complex symbol
$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} b_{2,n}^{(k,i)} b_{3n}^{(k,i)}$	$\underline{d}_{n}^{(k,i)}$
000	cos(11pi/8)+ jsin(11pi/8)
001	cos(9pi/8)+ jsin(9pi/8)
010	cos(5pi/8)+ jsin(5pi/8)
011	cos(7pi/8)+ jsin(7pi/8)
100	cos(13pi/8)+ jsin(13pi/8)
101	cos(15pi/8)+ jsin(15pi/8)
110	cos(3pi/8)+ jsin(3pi/8)
111	cos(pi/8)+ jsin(pi/8)

The mapping corresponds to a 8PSK modulation of the interleaved and encoded data bits $b_{l,n}^{(k,i)}$ of the table above and $\underline{d}_{n}^{(k,i)}$ of equation 1a.

5A.2.3 16QAM modulation

The mapping of bits onto the signal point constellation for 16QAM modulation is the same as in the 3.84Mcps TDD cf. [5.2.1.2 16QAM modulation].

5A.2.4 64QAM modulation

The data modulation is performed to the bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure. In case of 64QAM, modulation 6 consecutive binary bits are represented by one complex valued data symbol. Each user burst has two data carrying parts, termed data blocks:

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,i)} = (\underline{d}_1^{(k,i)}, \underline{d}_2^{(k,i)}, \dots, \underline{d}_{N_k}^{(k,i)})^{\mathrm{T}} \quad i = 1, 2; k = 1, \dots, K.$$
 (1c)

 N_k is the number of symbols per data field for the user k. This number is linked to the spreading factor Q_k .

Data block $\frac{\mathbf{d}^{(k,1)}}{}$ is transmitted before the midamble and data block $\frac{\mathbf{d}^{(k,2)}}{}$ after the midamble. Each of the N_k data symbols $\frac{d^{(k,i)}}{}{}$; i=1, 2; k=1,...,K; n=1,...,N_k; of equation 1c has the symbol duration $T_s^{(k)} = Q_k T_c$ as already given.

The data modulation is 64QAM, thus the data symbols $\frac{d^{(k,i)}}{n}$ are generated from 6 consecutive data bits from the output of the physical channel mapping procedure in [8]:

$$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} \in \left\{0,1\right\}, \quad l = 1,2,3,4,5,6; \ k = 1,...,K_{code}; \ n = 1,...N_k; \ i = 1,2 \eqno(2c)$$

using the following mapping to complex symbols:

Consecutive binary bit pattern	complex symbol	Consecutive binary bit pattern	complex symbol
$b_{1,n}^{(k,i)} b_{2,n}^{(k,i)} b_{3,n}^{(k,i)} b_{4,n}^{(k,i)} b_{5,n}^{(k,i)} b_{6,n}^{(k,i)}$	$\underline{d}_{n}^{(k,i)}$	$b_{1,n}^{(k,i)} b_{2,n}^{(k,i)} b_{3,n}^{(k,i)} b_{4,n}^{(k,i)} b_{5,n}^{(k,i)} b_{6,n}^{(k,i)}$	$\underline{d}_n^{(k,i)}$
000000	, 3	100000	$-\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$
	$j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$		$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
000001	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$	100001	$-\frac{2}{1}$
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$		$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
000010	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$	100010	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
000011	$j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	100011	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
000100		100100	<i>A</i> 1
000101	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$	100101	$-\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$
000110	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$	100110	$-\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$
000111	$-\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$	100111	$-\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$
001000	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$	101000	$-\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
001001	$ \frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} $	101001	3 . 2
001010	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$	101010	$-\frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{21}}$ $-\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$
001011	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$	101011	$-\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$
001100	$j\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$	101100	$-\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$
001101	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}}$	101101	$-\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
001110	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}}$	101110	$-\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}}-j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
001111	$j\frac{7}{\sqrt{21}}$	101111	7
010000	$ \frac{\sqrt{21}}{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{6}{\sqrt{21}}} $ $ \frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} + j \frac{6}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ j \frac{7}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} $	110000	$-\frac{7}{\sqrt{21}}$ $-j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$
010001	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	110001	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$
010010	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	110010	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$

0.10011		140044	1
010011	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	110011	$-j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$
010100	$\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$	110100	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$
010101	$\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$	110101	$ \frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{21}} - J \frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j \frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} $ $ \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} - j \frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} $
010110	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$	110110	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$
010111	$\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} - j \frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$	110111	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$
011000	$\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	111000	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$
011001	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$	111001	2 . 3
011010	$\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$	111010	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}-j\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$
011011	$\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$	111011	$-\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}}$
011100	$\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{3}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$	111100	$-j\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$
011101	$\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	111101	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}}$
011110	$\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$ $\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}} + j\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}$	111110	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{21}} - j\frac{6}{\sqrt{21}}$
011111	$\frac{7}{\sqrt{21}}$	111111	$-j\frac{7}{\sqrt{21}}$

The mapping corresponds to a 64QAM modulation of the interleaved and encoded data bits $b_{l,n}^{(k,l)}$ of the table above and $\frac{d^{(k,l)}}{n}$ of equation 2c.

6 Spreading modulation

Sub-clauses 6.1 to 6.7 do not apply to 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB. Spreading modulation for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB is described in clause 6.8.

6.1 Basic spreading parameters

Spreading of data consists of two operations: Channelisation and Scrambling. Firstly, each complex valued data symbol $\underline{d}_n^{(k,i)}$ of equation 1 (or $e_n^{(k,i)}$ of equation 8 in the case of E-HICH) is spread with a real valued channelisation code $\mathbf{c}^{(k)}$ of length Q_k : for 3.84Mcps TDD and 1.28Mcps TDD, $Q_k \in \{1,2,4,8,16\}$; for 7.68Mcps TDD,

 $Q_k \in \{1,2,4,8,16,32\}$. The resulting sequence is then scrambled by a complex sequence $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$: the sequence is $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ of length 16 for the 3.84Mcps and 1.28Mcps options; it is of length 32 for the 7.68Mcps option.

6.2 Channelisation codes

The elements $c_q^{(k)}$; k=1,...,K_{Code}; q=1,...,Q_k; of the real valued channelisation codes

$$\mathbf{c}^{(k)} = (c_1^{(k)}, c_2^{(k)}, ..., c_{Q_k}^{(k)})$$
; $k=1,...,K_{Code}$

shall be taken from the set

$$V_{c} = \{1, -1\} \tag{3}$$

The $\mathbf{c}_{Q_k}^{(k)}$ are Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) codes, allowing to mix in the same timeslot channels with different spreading factors while preserving the orthogonality. The OVSF codes can be defined using the code tree of figure 1.

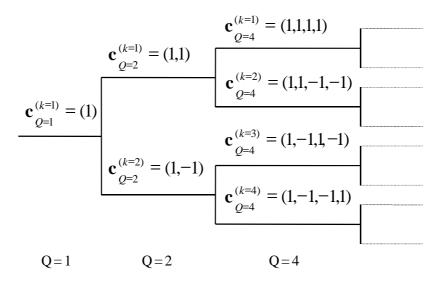


Figure 1: Code-tree for generation of Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) codes for Channelisation Operation

Each level in the code tree defines a spreading factor indicated by the value of Q in the figure. All codes within the code tree cannot be used simultaneously in a given timeslot. A code can be used in a timeslot if and only if no other code on the path from the specific code to the root of the tree or in the sub-tree below the specific code is used in this timeslot. This means that the number of available codes in a slot is not fixed but depends on the rate and spreading factor of each physical channel.

For the 3.84Mcps and 1.28Mcps TDD options, the spreading factor goes up to Q_{MAX} =16; for the 7.68Mcps TDD option, the spreading factor goes up to Q_{MAX} =32.

6.3 Channelisation Code Specific Multiplier

Associated with each channelisation code is a multiplier $w_{Q_k}^{(k)}$ taking values from the set $\{e^{j\pi/2 \cdot p_k}\}$, where p_k is a permutation of the integer set $\{0, ..., Q_k$ -1 $\}$ and Q_k denotes the spreading factor. The multiplier is applied to the data sequence modulating each channelisation code. The values of the multiplier for each channelisation code are given in the table below:

k	$w_{Q=1}^{(k)}$	$W_{Q=2}^{(k)}$	$W_{Q=4}^{(k)}$	$w_{Q=8}^{(k)}$	$W_{Q=16}^{(k)}$	$w_{Q=32}^{(k)}$
1	1	1	-j	1	-1	-j
2 3		+j	1	+j	-j	-1
3		•	+j	+j	1	-1
4			-1	-1	1	1
5				-j	+j	-1
6				-1	-1	-i
7				-j	-1	j
8				1	1	1
9					-j	-1
10					+j	1
11					1	1
12					+j	-j
13					-j	j
14					-j	-1
15					+j	j
16					-1	-j
17						-j
18						-j
19						1
20						j
21						-1
22						-j
23						-j
24						-j
25						-1
26						-1
27						j
28						-1
29						-j
30						1
31						-1
32						-1

NOTE: the multiplier $W_{O=32}^{(k)}$ may only be applied in the 7.68Mcps TDD option.

If the UE autonomously changes the SF, as described in [7], it shall always use the multiplier associated with the channelisation code allocated by higher layers.

6.4 Scrambling codes for the 3.84Mcps and 1.28Mcps options

The spreading of data by a real valued channelisation code $\mathbf{c}^{(k)}$ of length Q_k is followed by a cell specific complex scrambling sequence $\underline{\mathbf{v}} = (\underline{v}_1, \underline{v}_2, ..., \underline{v}_{16})$. The elements $\underline{v}_i; i = 1, ..., 16$ of the complex valued scrambling codes shall be taken from the complex set

$$\underline{\mathbf{V}}_{\underline{\mathbf{v}}} = \{1, \mathbf{j}, -1, -\mathbf{j}\}\tag{4}$$

In equation 4 the letter j denotes the imaginary unit. A complex scrambling code $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ is generated from the binary scrambling codes $\mathbf{v} = (v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{16})$ of length 16 shown in Annex A. The relation between the elements $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ and $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ is given by:

$$\underline{\mathbf{v}}_{i} = (\mathbf{j})^{i} \cdot \mathbf{v}_{i} \qquad \mathbf{v}_{i} \in \{1, -1\}, \ i = 1, ..., 16$$
 (5)

Hence, the elements $\[\underline{v}_i\]$ of the complex scrambling code $\[\underline{\mathbf{v}}\]$ are alternating real and imaginary.

The length matching is obtained by concatenating Q_{MAX}/Q_k spread words before the scrambling. The scheme is illustrated in figure 2 and is described in more detail in subclause 6.5.

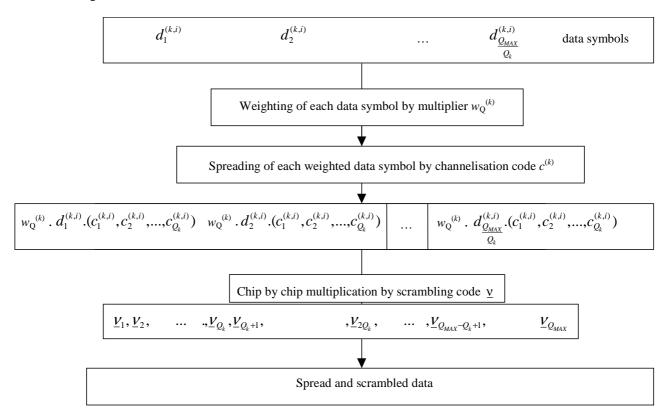


Figure 2: Spreading of data symbols

6.4a Scrambling codes for the 7.68Mcps option

The spreading of data by a real valued channelisation code $\mathbf{c}^{(k)}$ of length Q_k is followed by a cell specific complex scrambling sequence $\underline{v} = (\underline{v}_1, \underline{v}_2, ... \underline{v}_{32})$. The elements \underline{v}_i ; i = 1,...,32 of the complex valued scrambling codes shall be taken from the complex set

$$\underline{\mathbf{V}}_{\underline{\mathbf{V}}} = \{1, \mathbf{j}, -1, -\mathbf{j}\} \tag{4a}$$

In equation 4a the letter j denotes the imaginary unit. A complex scrambling code $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ is generated from the binary scrambling codes $v = (v_1, v_2, ... v_{32})$ of length 32 that are generated according to the method described in section 6.4a.1. The relation between the elements $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ and $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ is given by:

$$\underline{v}_i = (j)^i \cdot v_i \quad v_i \in \{1, -1\}, \quad i = 1, ..., 32$$
 (5a)

Hence, the elements \underline{V}_i of the complex scrambling code $\underline{\mathbf{v}}$ are alternating real and imaginary.

The length matching is obtained by concatenating Q_{MAX}/Q_k spread words before the scrambling. The scheme is illustrated in figure 2 and is described in more detail in subclause 6.5.

6.4a.1 Generation of binary scrambling codes

The binary scrambling code, $c_{7.68}^n$, for cell parameter n in the 7.68Mcps TDD option is formed from the concatenation of the binary scrambling codes $c_{3.84}^n$ and $c_{3.84}^{(n+2) \mod 128}$ shown in Annex A:

$$v = (v_1, v_2, ... v_{32}) = c_{7.68}^n = \{c_{3.84}^n, c_{3.84}^{(n+2) \mod 128}\}$$

6.5 Spread signal of data symbols and data blocks

The combination of the user specific channelisation and cell specific scrambling codes can be seen as a user and cell specific spreading code $\mathbf{s}^{(k)} = (s_p^{(k)})$ with

$$s_p^{(k)} = c_{1 + [(p-1) \bmod Q_k]}^{(k)} \cdot \mathcal{V}_{1 + [(p-1) \bmod Q_{MAX}]}, k=1,...,K_{\text{Code}}, p=1,...,N_kQ_k.$$

With the root raised cosine chip impulse filter $Cr_0(t)$ the transmitted signal belonging to the data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,1)}$ of equation 1 transmitted before the midamble is

$$d^{(k,1)}(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N_k} d_n^{(k,1)} w_{Q_k}^{(k)} \sum_{q=1}^{Q_k} s_{(n-1)Q_k+q}^{(k)} . Cr_0(t - (q-1)T_c - (n-1)Q_k T_c)$$
(6)

and for the data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}$ of equation 1 transmitted after the midamble

$$d^{(k,2)}(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N_k} d_n^{(k,2)} w_{Q_k}^{(k)} \sum_{q=1}^{Q_k} s_{(n-1)Q_k+q}^{(k)} . Cr_0(t - (q-1)T_c - (n-1)Q_k T_c - N_k Q_k T_c - L_m T_c)$$
(7)

where L_m is the number of midamble chips.

6.6 Modulation for the 3.84Mcps and 7.68Mcps options

The complex-valued chip sequence is modulated as shown in figure 3.

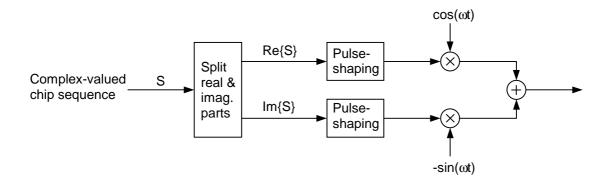


Figure 3: Modulation of complex valued chip sequences

The pulse-shaping characteristics are described in [9] and [10].

6.6.1 Combination of physical channels in uplink

Figure 4 illustrates the principle of combination of two different physical uplink channels within one timeslot. In the case of E-PUCH, only a single uplink physical channel is transmitted per timeslot and the procedures of subclause 6.6.1a shall instead apply).

The DPCHs to be combined belong to same CCTrCH, did undergo spreading as described in sections before and are thus represented by complex-valued sequences. First, the amplitude of all DPCHs is adjusted according to UL open loop power control as described in [10]. Each DPCH is then separately weighted by a weight factor γ_i and combined using complex addition. After combination of Physical Channels the gain factor β_j is applied, depending on the actual TFC as described in [10].

In case of different CCTrCH, principle shown in Figure 4 applies to each CCTrCH separately.

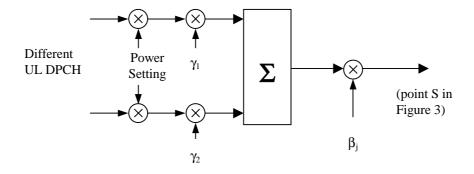


Figure 4: Combination of different physical channels in uplink

The values of weight factors γ_i are depending on the spreading factor SF of the corresponding DPCH:

SF of DPCH _i	γι
32	$\sqrt{2}/8$
16	1/4
8	$\sqrt{2}/4$
4	1/2
2	$\sqrt{2}/2$
1	1

NOTE: in the above table, SF = 32 is only supported in the 7.68Mcps TDD option.

In the case that β_j (corresponding to the *j*-th TFC) has been explicitly signalled to the UE, the possible values that β_j can assume are listed in the table below. In the case that β_j has been calculated by the UE from a reference TFC, β_j shall not be restricted to the quantised values.

Signalling value for β_j	Quantized value β _j
15	16/8
14	15/8
13	14/8
12	13/8
11	12/8
10	11/8
9	10/8
8	9/8
7	8/8
6	7/8
5	6/8
4	5/8
3	4/8
2	3/8
1	2/8
0	1/8

6.6.1a Physical channel transmission for E-PUCH

Figure 4a illustrates the principle of E-PUCH transmission. In a timeslot in which an E-PUCH is transmitted by a UE, no other physical channels may be transmitted by the same UE.

The amplitude of the E-PUCH is adjusted in accordance with the E-PUCH UL power control procedure described in [12]. The power setting procedure of [12] includes appropriate power adjustment factors for the E-PUCH spreading factor and for the E-TFC selected by higher layers [13]. Quantisation of the gain factor used to set the E-PUCH power is not specified.

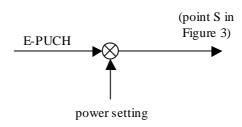


Figure 4a: Combination of different physical channels in uplink

6.6.2 Combination of physical channels in downlink

Figure 5 illustrates how different physical downlink channels are combined within one timeslot. Each complex-valued spread channel is separately weighted by a weight factor G_i . If a timeslot contains the SCH, the complex-valued SCH, as described in [7] is separately weighted by a weight factor G_{SCH} . All downlink physical channels are then combined using complex addition.

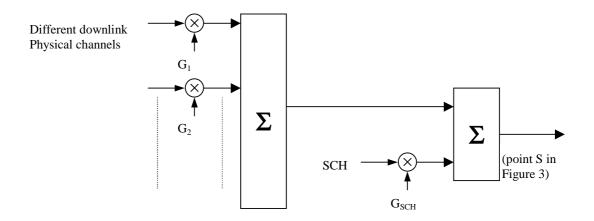


Figure 5: Combination of different physical channels in downlink in case of SCH timeslot

6.6.3 Combination of signature sequences for E-HICH

Multiple HARQ acknowledgement indicator signature sequences may be mapped onto the same channelisation code. Each signature sequence (described in [8]) is first subjected to QPSK modulation as described in subclause 5.2.1.1 to form the output sequence $d_{n,h}^{(k,i)}$ for the h^{th} indicator sequence, where $n=1,2,...,N_k$ and i=1,2. Code k is the same value for all signature sequences mapped to the same channelisation code.

When multiple signature sequences are to be transmitted on the same channelisation code, the following procedure shall be applied prior to spreading.

Each QPSK-modulated stream $d_{n,h}^{(k,i)}$ is amplitude-weighted by a factor g_h according to the desired signature sequence power. A summation is then performed across all H signature sequences mapped to the same channelisation code as shown in figure 5a. The output of the summation block is the sequence:

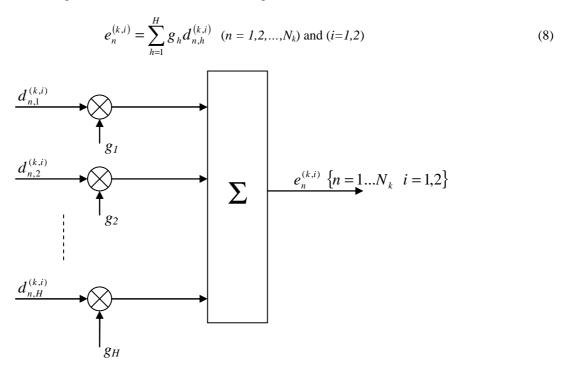


Figure 5a: Combination of HARQ acknowledgement indicator sequences prior to spreading

The sequence $e_n^{(k,i)}$ is mapped to a single channelisation code and subject to spreading at SF=16 (for 3.84Mcps) and at SF=32 (for 7.68Mcps) in accordance with the general method of subclause 6.

6.7 Modulation for the 1.28 Mcps option

The complex-valued chip sequence in uplink or downlink on one carrier within one timeslot is modulated as shown in figure 6.

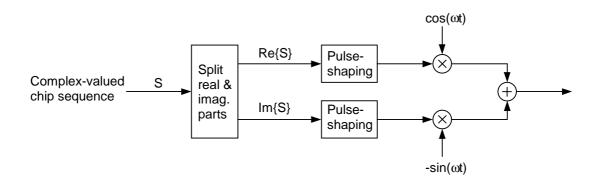


Figure 6: Modulation of complex valued chip sequences

The pulse-shaping characteristics are described in [9] and [10].

6.7.1 Combination of physical channels in uplink

The principle of combination of two different physical uplink channels within one timeslot is the same as in the 3.84 Mcps TDD cf. [6.6.1 Combination of physical channels in uplink] In the case of E-PUCH, the procedures of subclause 6.7.1a shall instead apply).

6.7.1a Physical channel transmission for E-PUCH

Figure 6a illustrates the principle of E-PUCH transmission when one uplink physical channel is transmitted.

The amplitude of the E-PUCH is adjusted in accordance with the E-PUCH UL power control procedure described in [12]. The power setting procedure of [12] includes appropriate power adjustment factors for the E-PUCH spreading factor and for the E-TFC selected by higher layers [13]. Quantisation of the gain factor used to set the E-PUCH power is not specified.

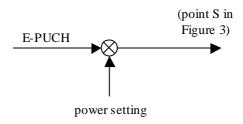


Figure 6a: Combination of different physical channels in uplink

6.7.2 Combination of physical channels in downlink

Figure 7 illustrates how different physical downlink channels are combined within one timeslot. Each spread channel is separately weighted by a weight factor G_i . All downlink physical channels are then combined using complex addition.

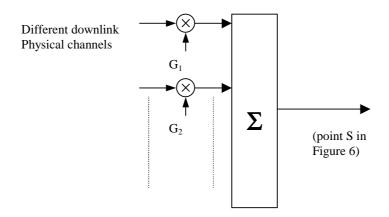


Figure 7: Combination of different physical channels in downlink

6.7.3 Combination of signature sequences for Scheduled E-HICH

For Scheduled E-HICH, every scheduled user is assigned one signature sequence which is related to the E-DCH resources allocated by Node-B to indicate ACK/NACK. But for the user configured in MU-MIMO mode by higher layers, in case the special default midamble allocation scheme is taken, the signature sequence allocated to the user is related to both the E-DCH resources allocated by Node-B and the variable 'offset' which is determined by the special default midamble pattern indicator [7] signalled on E-AGCH. Multiple users" HARQ acknowledgement indicator signature sequences may be mapped onto the same channelisation code. Each signature sequence (described in [8]) is first subjected to QPSK modulation as described in subclause 5.2.1.1 to form the output sequence $d_{n,h}^{(k,i)}$ for the h^{th} indicator sequence, where $n=1,2,...,N_k$ and i=1,2. Code k is the same value for all signature sequences mapped to the same channelisation code.

When multiple signature sequences are to be transmitted on the same channelisation code, the following procedure shall be applied prior to spreading.

Each QPSK-modulated stream $d_{n,h}^{(k,i)}$ is amplitude-weighted by a factor g_h according to the desired signature sequence power. Each E-HICH physical channel may carry ACK/NACK signature sequence(s) for one UE or multiple UEs decided by Node-B. A summation is then performed across M signature sequences mapped to the same channelisation code as shown in figure 8. The output of the summation block is the sequence:

$$e_n^{(k,i)} = \sum_{h=1}^M g_h d_{n,h}^{(k,i)} \quad (n = 1, 2, ..., N_k) \text{ and } (i=1, 2)$$
 (9)

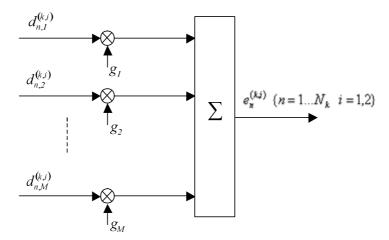


Figure 8: Combination of HARQ acknowledgement indicator sequences prior to spreading for Scheduled E-HICH

The sequence $e_n^{(k,i)}$ is mapped to a single channelisation code and subject to spreading at SF=16 in accordance with the general method of subclause 6.

6.7.3a Combination of signature sequences for Non-Scheduled E-HICH

For Non-Scheduled E-HICH, the 80 signature sequences are divided into 20 groups while each group includes 4 sequences. Every non-scheduled user is assigned one group by higher layer, from that two sequences are selected to indicate ACK/NACK and TPC/SS command. Multiple users" signature sequences may be mapped onto the same channelisation code. Each user"s two signature sequences (described in [8]) are first subjected to QPSK modulation as described in subclause 5.2.1.1 to form the two output sequences $d_{n,h_1}^{(k,i)}$ and $d_{n,h_2}^{(k,i)}$ for the h^{th} user, where $n=1,2,...,N_k$ and i=1,2. Code k is the same value for all signature sequences mapped to the same channelisation code.

When multiple users" signature sequences are to be transmitted on the same channelisation code, the following procedure shall be applied prior to spreading.

Firstly, each user"s QPSK-modulated stream $d_{n,h_2}^{(k,i)}$ corresponding to TPC/SS signature sequence is amplitude-weighted by a factor f_h and added to the QPSK-modulated stream $d_{n,h_1}^{(k,i)}$ corresponding to ACK/NACK signature sequence; Secondly, each user"s combined stream $d_{n,h}^{(k,i)}$ is amplitude-weighted by a factor g_h according to the desired user power. A summation is then performed across M users" signature sequences mapped to the same channelisation code as shown in figure 8a. The output of the summation block is the sequence:

$$e_n^{(k,i)} = \sum_{h=1}^M g_h d_{n,h}^{(k,i)} \quad (n = 1, 2, ..., N_k) \text{ and } (i=1, 2)$$
 (9a)

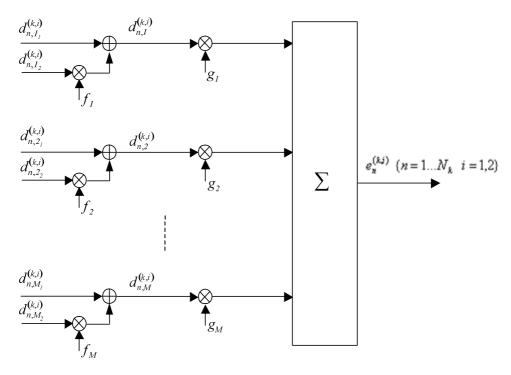


Figure 8a: Combination of ACK/NACK and TPC/SS sequences prior to spreading for Non-Scheduled E-HICH

The sequence $e_n^{(k,i)}$ is mapped to a single channelisation code and subject to spreading at SF=16 in accordance with the general method of subclause 6.

6.8 Spreading modulation for the 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB option

6.8.1 Spreading

The spreading operation includes a modulation mapper stage successively followed by a channelisation stage, an IQ combining stage and a scrambling stage as illustrated by figure 9.

Modulation mapping is described in subclause 5.2.3.

For all physical channels, except for the Synchronisation Channel (SCH), the I and Q branches shall be spread to the chip rate by the same real-valued channelisation code $C_{\text{ch,SF,m}}$, i.e. the output for each input symbol on the I and the Q branches shall be a sequence of SF chips corresponding to the channelisation code chip sequence multiplied by the real-valued symbol. The channelisation code sequence shall be aligned in time with the symbol boundary. The real-valued chip sequence on the Q-branch shall be complex multiplied with j and summed with the corresponding real-valued chip sequence on the I-branch, resulting in a single complex-valued chip sequence I+jQ.

The sequence of complex-valued chips output from the spreading stage shall be scrambled (complex chip-wise multiplication) by a complex-valued scrambling code $S_{\text{dl},n}$.

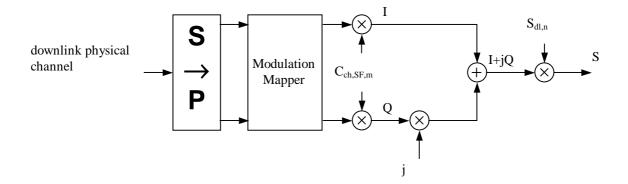


Figure 9: Spreading for all downlink physical channels except SCH

All complex-valued spread channels are separately weighted and then combined, together with separately weighted Primary SCH and Secondary SCH, into one complex-valued chip sequence by using complex addition, as illustrated by figure 9 in subclause 5.1.5 of [4]. The resulting signal is modulated prior to transmission as described in subclause 6A.3.

6.8.2 Code generation and allocation

6.8.2.1 Channelisation codes

The channelisation codes are OVFS codes that preserve the orthogonality between downlink channels of different rates and spreading factors. The channelisation codes are defined in figure 4 of subclause 4.3.1.1 of [3] and are uniquely described as $C_{ch,SF,m}$, where SF is the spreading factor of the code and m is the code number, $0 \le m \le SF-1$.

The following applies to the MBSFN IMB physical channels:

- The channelisation code for the Primary CPICH is fixed to $C_{ch,256,0}$;
- The channelisation code for the Primary CCPCH is fixed to C_{ch.256.1}:
- The channelisation codes for the Secondary CCPCH frame type 1 and MICH are assigned by UTRAN from the codes $C_{ch.256.m}$ $m \in \{2,3,...,15\}$;
- The channelisation codes for the Secondary CCPCH frame type 2 are assigned by UTRAN from the codes $C_{ch,16,m}$ $m \in \{1,2,...,15\}$;
- The channelisation codes for the T-CPICH are C_{ch,16,1}, C_{ch,16,2}, ..., C_{ch,16,15}.

6.8.2.2 Scrambling codes

The scrambling codes shall be generated as described in subclause 5.2.2 in [4]. For MBSFN IMB operation, only primary scrambling codes shall be used. Out of all possible primary scrambling codes with index n=16*i where i=0...511 as defined in [4] the following subset shall be supported for the MBSFN option:

 $n \in \{0, 128, 256, 384, 512, 640, 768, 896\}$. No two members of set n belong to the same scrambling code group.

Cells that belong to a certain MBSFN IMB cluster shall use the same primary scrambling code.

The primary scrambling code for all physical channels shall be applied aligned with the start of the Primary CCPCH frame. This also applies in the case of a Secondary CCPCH frame type 2 associated with the k^{th} sub-frame of a radio frame (k = 0, 1, ... 4) [7], such that the start of the scrambling code is always aligned with the start of sub-frame k = 0.

6.8.3 Modulation

Modulation of the complex-valued chip sequence generated by the spreading process is performed according to subclause 6.6. The modulation chip rate is 3.84 Mcps.

7 Synchronisation codes for the 3.84 Mcps option

Sub-clauses 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3 do not apply for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB operation. Synchronisation codes for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB are described in sub-clause 7.4.

7.1 Code Generation

The primary synchronisation code (PSC), C_p , is constructed as a so-called generalised hierarchical Golay sequence. The PSC is furthermore chosen to have good aperiodic auto correlation properties.

Define
$$a = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_{16} \rangle = \langle 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1 \rangle$$

The PSC is generated by repeating the sequence 'a' modulated by a Golay complementary sequence and creating a complex-valued sequence with identical real and imaginary components.

The PSC,
$$C_p$$
, is defined as $C_p = \langle y(0), y(1), y(2), ..., y(255) \rangle$

and the left most index corresponds to the chip transmitted first in time.

The 12 secondary synchronization codes, $\{C_0, C_1, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_8, C_{10}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}\}$ are complex valued with identical real and imaginary components, and are constructed from the position wise multiplication of a Hadamard sequence and a sequence z, defined as

$$b = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, -x_9, -x_{10}, -x_{11}, -x_{12}, -x_{13}, -x_{14}, -x_{15}, -x_{16} \rangle$$

and $x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_{16}$ are the same as in the definition of the sequence 'a' above.

The Hadamard sequences are obtained as the rows in a matrix H_8 constructed recursively by:

$$H_{0} = (1)$$

$$H_{k} = \begin{pmatrix} H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \\ H_{k-1} & -H_{k-1} \end{pmatrix}, \quad k \ge 1$$

The rows are numbered from the top starting with row θ (the all ones sequence).

Denote the n:th Hadamard sequence h_n as a row of H_8 numbered from the top, n = 0, 1, 2, ..., 255, in the sequel.

Furthermore, let $h_m(l)$ and z(l) denote the lth symbol of the sequence h_m and z, respectively where l = 0, 1, 2, ..., 255 and l = 0 corresponds to the leftmost symbol.

The i:th secondary SCH code word, C_i , i = 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15 is then defined as

$$C_i = (1 + j) \times \langle h_m(0) \times z(0), h_m(1) \times z(1), h_m(2) \times z(2), ..., h_m(255) \times z(255) \rangle$$

where $m = (16 \times i)$ and the leftmost chip in the sequence corresponds to the chip transmitted first in time.

7.2 Code Allocation

Three secondary SCH codes are QPSK modulated and transmitted in parallel with the primary synchronization code. The QPSK modulation carries the following information:

- the code group that the base station belongs to (32 code groups:5 bits; Cases 1, 2);

- the position of the frame within an interleaving period of 20 msec (2 frames:1 bit, Cases 1, 2);
- the position of the SCH slot(s) within the frame (2 SCH slots:1 bit, Case 2).

The modulated secondary SCH codes are also constructed such that their cyclic-shifts are unique, i.e. a non-zero cyclic shift less than 2 (Case 1) and 4 (Case 2) of any of the sequences is not equivalent to some cyclic shift of any other of the sequences. Also, a non-zero cyclic shift less than 2 (Case 1) and 4 (Case 2) of any of the sequences is not equivalent to itself with any other cyclic shift less than 8. The secondary synchronization codes are partitioned into two code sets for Case 1 and four code sets for Case 2. The set is used to provide the following information:

Case 1:

Table 2: Code Set Allocation for Case 1

Code Set	Code Group
1	0-15
2	16-31

The code group and frame position information is provided by modulating the secondary codes in the code set.

Case 2:

Table 3: Code Set Allocation for Case 2

Code Set	Code Group
1	0-7
2	8-15
3	16-23
4	24-31

The slot timing and frame position information is provided by the comma free property of the code word and the Code group is provided by modulating some of the secondary codes in the code set.

The following SCH codes are allocated for each code set:

Case 1

Code set 1: C_1 , C_3 , C_5 .

Code set 2: C₁₀, C₁₃, C₁₄.

Case 2

Code set 1: C_1 , C_3 , C_5 .

Code set 2: C₁₀, C₁₃, C₁₄.

Code set 3: C_0 , C_6 , C_{12} .

Code set 4: C_4 , C_8 , C_{15} .

The following subclauses 7.2.1 to 7.2.2 refer to the two cases of SCH/P-CCPCH usage as described in [7].

Note that in the tables 4 and 5 corresponding to Cases 1 and 2, respectively, Frame 1 implies the frame with an odd SFN and Frame 2 implies the frame with an even SFN.

7.2.1 Code allocation for Case 1

Table 4: Code Allocation for Case 1

Code Group	Code Set		Frame 1			Frame 2		Associated toffset
0	1	C ₁	C ₃	C ₅	C ₁	C ₃	-C ₅	t ₀
1	1	C ₁	-C ₃	C ₅	C ₁	-C ₃	-C ₅	t ₁
2	1	-C ₁	C ₃	C ₅	-C ₁	C ₃	-C ₅	t ₂
3	1	-C ₁	-C ₃	C ₅	-C ₁	-C ₃	-C ₅	t ₃
4	1	jC₁	jC ₃	C ₅	jC₁	jC ₃	-C ₅	t ₄
5	1	jC₁	-jC₃	C ₅	jC₁	-jC₃	-C ₅	t ₅
6	1	-jC₁	jC ₃	C ₅	-jC₁	jC₃	-C ₅	t ₆
7	1	-jC₁	-jC₃	C ₅	-jC₁	-jC₃	-C ₅	t ₇
8	1	jC₁	jC₅	C ₃	jC₁	jC₅	-C ₃	t ₈
9	1	jC₁	-jC₅	C ₃	jC₁	-jC₅	-C ₃	t ₉
10	1	-jC₁	jC₅	C ₃	-jC₁	jC₅	-C ₃	t ₁₀
11	1	-jC₁	-jC₅	C ₃	-jC₁	-jC₅	-C ₃	t ₁₁
12	1	jC₃	jC₅	C ₁	jC₃	jC₅	-C ₁	t ₁₂
13	1	jC₃	-jC₅	C ₁	jC₃	-jC₅	-C ₁	t ₁₃
14	1	-jC₃	jC₅	C ₁	-jC₃	jC₅	-C ₁	t ₁₄
15	1	-jC₃	-jC ₅	C ₁	-jC₃	-jC₅	-C ₁	t ₁₅
16	2	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	C ₁₄	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	-C ₁₄	t ₁₆
17	2	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	C ₁₄	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	-C ₁₄	t ₁₇
20	2	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	t ₂₀
	•••						•••	
24	2	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₄	C ₁₃	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₄	-C ₁₃	t ₂₄
	•••							
31	2	-jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	t ₃₁

NOTE: The code construction for code groups 0 to 15 using only the SCH codes from code set 1 is shown. The construction for code groups 16 to 31 using the SCH codes from code set 2 is done in the same way.

7.2.2 Code allocation for Case 2

Table 5: Code Allocation for Case 2

Code	Code		Frame 1				Frame 2					Associated toffset		
Group	Set		Slot k		,	Slot k+8			Slot k			Slot k+8		
0	1	C ₁	C ₃	C ₅	C ₁	C ₃	-C ₅	-C ₁	-C ₃	C ₅	-C ₁	-C ₃	-C ₅	t ₀
1	1	C ₁	-C ₃	C ₅	C ₁	-C ₃	-C ₅	-C ₁	C_3	C ₅	-C ₁	C ₃	-C ₅	t ₁
2	1	jC₁	jC ₃	C ₅	jC₁	jC ₃	-C ₅	-jC₁	-jC₃	C ₅	-jC₁	-jC₃	-C ₅	t ₂
3	1	jC₁	-jC₃	C ₅	jC₁	-jC₃	-C ₅	-jC₁	jC₃	C ₅	-jC₁	jC₃	-C ₅	t ₃
4	1	jC₁	jC₅	C ₃	jC₁	jC₅	-C ₃	-jC₁	-jC₅	C ₃	-jC₁	-jC₅	-C ₃	t ₄
5	1	jC₁	-jC₅	C ₃	jC₁	-jC₅	-C ₃	-jC₁	jC₅	C ₃	-jC₁	jC₅	-C ₃	t ₅
6	1	jC₃	jC₅	C ₁	jC₃	jC₅	-C ₁	-jC₃	-jC₅	C ₁	-jC₃	-jC₅	-C ₁	t ₆
7	1	jC₃	-jC₅	C ₁	jC₃	-jC₅	-C ₁	-jC₃	jC₅	C ₁	-jC₃	jC₅	-C ₁	t ₇
8	2	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	C ₁₄	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	-C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	-C ₁₄	t ₈
9	2	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	C ₁₄	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	-C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	C ₁₃	C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	C ₁₃	-C ₁₄	t ₉
10	2	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	t ₁₀
11	2	jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	t ₁₁
12	2	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₄	C ₁₃	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₄	-C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₄	C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₄	-C ₁₃	t ₁₂
13	2	jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₄	C ₁₃	jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₄	-C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	jC ₁₄	C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	jC ₁₄	-C ₁₃	t ₁₃
14	2	jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	t ₁₄
15	2	jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	t ₁₅
16	3	C_0	C ₆	C ₁₂	C_0	C ₆	-C ₁₂	-C ₀	-C ₆	C ₁₂	-C ₀	-C ₆	-C ₁₂	t ₁₆
	•••	•••	•••					•••	•••		• • •	•••		
23	3	jC ₆	-jC ₁₂	C ₀	jC ₆	-jC ₁₂	-C ₀	-jC ₆	jC ₁₂	C_0	-jC ₆	jC ₁₂	-C ₀	t ₂₀
24	4	C ₄	C ₈	C ₁₅	C ₄	C ₈	-C ₁₅	-C ₄	-C ₈	C ₁₅	-C ₄	-C ₈	-C ₁₅	t ₂₄
31	4	jC ₈	-jC ₁₅	C ₄	jC ₈	-jC ₁₅	-C ₄	-jC ₈	jC ₁₅	C ₄	-jC ₈	jC ₁₅	-C ₄	t ₃₁

NOTE: The code construction for code groups 0 to 15 using the SCH codes from code sets 1 and 2 is shown. The construction for code groups 16 to 31 using the SCH codes from code sets 3 and 4 is done in the same way.

7.3 Evaluation of synchronisation codes

The evaluation of information transmitted in SCH on code group and frame timing is shown in table 6, where the 32 code groups are listed. Each code group is containing 4 specific scrambling codes (cf. subclause 6.4), each scrambling code associated with a specific short and long basic midamble code.

Each code group is additionally linked to a specific t_{Offset} , thus to a specific frame timing. By using this scheme, the UE can derive the position of the frame border due to the position of the SCH sequence and the knowledge of t_{Offset} . The complete mapping of Code Group to Scrambling Code, Midamble Codes and t_{Offset} is depicted in table 6.

Table 6: Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles and t_{Offset}

CELL	Code	A	Associat		
PARA- METER	Group	Scrambling Code	Long Basic Midamble Code	Short Basic Midamble Code	ed t _{Offset}
0	Group 0	Code 0	m _{PL0}	m _{SL0}	t_0
1		Code 1	m _{PL1}	m _{SL1}	
2		Code 2	m _{PL2}	m _{SL2}	
3		Code 3	m _{PL3}	m _{SL3}	
4	Group 1	Code 4	m _{PL4}	m _{SL4}	t ₁
5		Code 5	m _{PL5}	m _{SL5}	
6		Code 6	m _{PL6}	m _{SL6}	
7		Code 7	m _{PL7}	m _{SL7}	
124	Group 31	Code 124	m _{PL124}	m _{SL124}	t ₃₁
125		Code 125	m _{PL125}	m _{SL125}	
126		Code 126	m _{PL126}	m _{SL126}	
127		Code 127	m _{PL127}	m _{SL127}	

For basic midamble codes m_P cf. [7], annex A 'Basic Midamble Codes'.

Each cell shall cycle through two sets of cell parameters in a code group with the cell parameters changing each frame. Table 7 shows how the cell parameters are cycled according to the SFN.

Table 7: Alignment of cell parameter cycling and SFN

Initial Cell Parameter Assignment	Code Group	Cell Parameter used when SFN mod 2 = 0	Cell Parameter used when SFN mod 2 = 1
0	Group 0	0	1
1		1	0
2		2	3
3		3	2
4	Group 1	4	5
5		5	4
6		6	7
7		7	6
		• • •	
124	Group 31	124	125
125		125	124
126		126	127
127		127	126

7.4 Synchronisation codes for 3.84 Mcps MBSFN IMB

7.4.1 Code generation

The primary synchronisation code (PSC), C_{psc} , is constructed to be orthogonal to both the primary and secondary SCH codes defined in subclause 7.1. The PSC is furthermore chosen to have good aperiodic auto correlation properties and low aperiodic cross correlations with the primary SCH defined in sub-clause 7.1.

Define:

-
$$a = \langle 1, -1, -1, 1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1 \rangle$$

The PSC is generated by repeating the sequence a modulated by a Golay complementary sequence, and creating a complex-valued sequence with identical real and imaginary components. The PSC C_{psc} is defined as:

where the leftmost chip in the sequence corresponds to the chip transmitted first in time.

The 16 secondary synchronization codes, $\{C_{ssc,1},...,C_{ssc,16}\}$, are complex-valued with identical real and imaginary components, and are constructed from position wise multiplication of a Hadamard sequence and a sequence z, defined as:

-
$$b = \langle 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1 \rangle$$
.

The Hadamard sequences are obtained as the rows in a matrix H_8 constructed recursively by:

$$H_{0} = (1)$$

$$H_{k} = \begin{pmatrix} H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \\ H_{k-1} & -H_{k-1} \end{pmatrix}, k \ge 1$$

The rows are numbered from the top starting with row θ (the all ones sequence).

Denote the n:th Hadamard sequence as a row of H_8 numbered from the top, n = 0, 1, 2, ..., 255, in the sequel.

Furthermore, let $h_n(i)$ and z(i) denote the i:th symbol of the sequence h_n and z, respectively where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 255 and i = 0 corresponds to the leftmost symbol.

The k:th secondary synchronization code, $C_{ssc,k}$, k = 1, 2, 3, ..., 16 is then defined as:

-
$$C_{ssc,k} = (1+j) \times \langle h_m(0) \times z(0), h_m(1) \times z(1), h_m(2) \times z(2), ..., h_m(255) \times z(255) \rangle$$
;

where $m = 16 \times (k - 1)$ and the leftmost chip in the sequence corresponds to the chip transmitted first in time.

7.4.2 Code allocation of SSC

The secondary synchronisation code sequences shall be constructed as described in subclause 5.2.3.2 in [4]. For MBSFN IMB operation, only the first 8 scrambling code groups are utilised.

7A Synchronisation codes for the 7.68 Mcps option

7A.1 Code Generation

The primary synchronisation code (PSC), C_p , is constructed as a so-called generalised hierarchical Golay sequence. The PSC is furthermore chosen to have good aperiodic auto correlation properties.

Define
$$a = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_{16} \rangle = \langle 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1 \rangle$$

The PSC of length 512 chips is generated by repetition coding and repeating the sequence 'a' modulated by a Golay complementary sequence and creating a complex-valued sequence with identical real and imaginary components.

The PSC,
$$C_p$$
, is defined as $C_p = \langle y(0), y(0), y(1), y(1), y(2), y(2), \dots, y(255), y(255) \rangle$

and the left most index corresponds to the chip transmitted first in time.

The 12 secondary synchronization codes, $\{C_0, C_1, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_8, C_{10}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}\}$ are complex valued with identical real and imaginary components, and are constructed from repetition coding of the position wise multiplication of a Hadamard sequence and a sequence z, defined as

$$b = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, -x_9, -x_{10}, -x_{11}, -x_{12}, -x_{13}, -x_{14}, -x_{15}, -x_{16} \rangle$$

and $x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_{16}$ are the same as in the definition of the sequence 'a' above.

The Hadamard sequences are obtained as the rows in a matrix H_8 constructed recursively by:

$$H_{0} = (1)$$

$$H_{k} = \begin{pmatrix} H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \\ H_{k-1} & -H_{k-1} \end{pmatrix}, \quad k \ge 1$$

The rows are numbered from the top starting with row θ (the all ones sequence).

Denote the n:th Hadamard sequence h_n as a row of H_8 numbered from the top, n = 0, 1, 2, ..., 255, in the sequel.

Furthermore, let $h_m(l)$ and z(l) denote the lth symbol of the sequence h_m and z, respectively where l = 0, 1, 2, ..., 255 and l = 0 corresponds to the leftmost symbol.

The i:th secondary SCH code word, C_i , i = 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15 is of length 512 chips and is then defined as

$$C_i = (1+j) \times \langle h_m(0) \times z(0), h_m(0) \times z(0), h_m(1) \times z(1), h_m(1) \times z(1), \dots, h_m(255) \times z(255), h_m(255) \times z(255) \rangle$$

where $m = (16 \times i)$ and the leftmost chip in the sequence corresponds to the chip transmitted first in time.

7A.2 Code Allocation

Three secondary SCH codes are QPSK modulated and transmitted in parallel with the primary synchronization code. The QPSK modulation carries the following information:

- the code group that the base station belongs to (32 code groups:5 bits; Cases 1, 2);
- the position of the frame within an interleaving period of 20 msec (2 frames:1 bit, Cases 1, 2);
- the position of the SCH slot(s) within the frame (2 SCH slots:1 bit, Case 2).

The QPSK modulation sequences for the 7.68Mcps TDD option are unique to the modulation sequences for the 3.84Mcps TDD option.

The modulated secondary SCH codes are also constructed such that their cyclic-shifts are unique, i.e. a non-zero cyclic shift less than 2 (Case 1) and 4 (Case 2) of any of the sequences is not equivalent to some cyclic shift of any other of the sequences. Also, a non-zero cyclic shift less than 2 (Case 1) and 4 (Case 2) of any of the sequences is not equivalent to itself with any other cyclic shift less than 8. The secondary synchronization codes are partitioned into two code sets for Case 1 and four code sets for Case 2. The set is used to provide the following information:

<u>Case 1:</u>

Table 7A: Code Set Allocation for Case 1

Code Set	Code Group
1	0-15
2	16-31

The code group and frame position information is provided by modulating the secondary codes in the code set.

Case 2:

Table 7B: Code Set Allocation for Case 2

Code Set	Code Group
1	0-7
2	8-15
3	16-23
4	24-31

The slot timing and frame position information is provided by the comma free property of the code word and the Code group is provided by modulating some of the secondary codes in the code set.

The following SCH codes are allocated for each code set:

Case 1

Code set 1: C_1 , C_3 , C_5 .

Code set 2: C₁₀, C₁₃, C₁₄.

Case 2

Code set 1: C_1 , C_3 , C_5 .

Code set 2: C₁₀, C₁₃, C₁₄.

Code set 3: C_0 , C_6 , C_{12} .

Code set 4: C₄, C₈, C_{15.}

The following subclauses 7A.2.1 to 7A.2.2 refer to the two cases of SCH/P-CCPCH usage as described in [7].

Note that in the tables 7C and 7D corresponding to Cases 1 and 2, respectively, Frame 1 implies the frame with an odd SFN and Frame 2 implies the frame with an even SFN.

7A.2.1 Code allocation for Case 1

Table 7D: Code Allocation for Case 1

Code Group	Code Set		Frame 1			Frame 2		Associated toffset
0	1	C ₁	C ₃	jC ₅	C ₁	C ₃	-jC₅	t_0
1	1	C ₁	-C ₃	jC ₅	C ₁	-C ₃	-jC₅	t ₁
2	1	-C ₁	C ₃	jC ₅	-C ₁	C ₃	-jC₅	t ₂
3	1	-C ₁	-C ₃	jC ₅	-C ₁	-C ₃	-jC₅	t ₃
4	1	jC₁	jC₃	jC ₅	jC₁	jC ₃	-jC₅	t ₄
5	1	jC₁	-jC₃	jC₅	jC₁	-jC₃	-jC₅	t ₅
6	1	-jC₁	jC ₃	jC₅	-jC₁	jC ₃	-jC₅	t ₆
7	1	-jC₁	-jC₃	jC ₅	-jC₁	-jC₃	-jC₅	t ₇
8	1	jC₁	C ₅	C ₃	jC₁	C ₅	-C ₃	t ₈
9	1	jC₁	-C ₅	C ₃	jC₁	-C ₅	-C ₃	t ₉
10	1	-jC₁	C ₅	C ₃	-jC₁	C ₅	-C ₃	t ₁₀
11	1	-jC₁	-C ₅	C ₃	-jC₁	-C ₅	-C ₃	t ₁₁
12	1	jC₃	C ₅	C ₁	jC₃	C ₅	-C ₁	t ₁₂
13	1	jC₃	-C ₅	C ₁	jC₃	-C ₅	-C ₁	t ₁₃
14	1	-jC₃	C ₅	C ₁	-jC₃	C ₅	-C ₁	t ₁₄
15	1	-jC₃	-C ₅	C ₁	-jC₃	-C ₅	-C ₁	t ₁₅
16	2	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	t ₁₆
17	2	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	t ₁₇
20	2	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	t ₂₀
24	2	jC ₁₀	C ₁₄	C ₁₃	jC ₁₀	C ₁₄	-C ₁₃	t ₂₄
31	2	-jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	t ₃₁

NOTE: The code construction for code groups 0 to 15 using only the SCH codes from code set 1 is shown. The construction for code groups 16 to 31 using the SCH codes from code set 2 is done in the same way.

7A.2.2 Code allocation for Case 2

Table 7C: Code Allocation for Case 2

Code	Code			Fra	me 1					Fran	ne 2			Associated toffset
Group	Set		Slot k		;	Slot k+8			Slot k		(Slot k+8		
0	1	C ₁	C ₃	jC ₅	C ₁	C ₃	-jC₅	-C ₁	-C ₃	jC ₅	-C ₁	-C ₃	-jC₅	t ₀
1	1	C ₁	-C ₃	jC₅	C ₁	-C ₃	-jC ₅	-C ₁	C_3	jC ₅	-C ₁	C_3	-jC₅	t ₁
2	1	jC₁	jC ₃	jC ₅	jC₁	jC ₃	-jC ₅	-jC₁	-jC₃	jC ₅	-jC₁	-jC₃	-jC₅	t ₂
3	1	jC₁	-jC₃	jC ₅	jC₁	-jC₃	-jC₅	-jC₁	jC ₃	jC ₅	-jC₁	jC ₃	-jC₅	t ₃
4	1	jC₁	C ₅	C ₃	jC₁	C ₅	-C ₃	-jC₁	-C ₅	C ₃	-jC₁	-C ₅	-C ₃	t ₄
5	1	jC₁	-C ₅	C_3	jC₁	-C ₅	-C ₃	-jC₁	C_5	C_3	-jC₁	C ₅	-C ₃	t ₅
6	1	jC₃	C ₅	C ₁	jC₃	C ₅	-C ₁	-jC₃	-C ₅	C ₁	-jC₃	-C ₅	-C ₁	t ₆
7	1	jC₃	-C ₅	C ₁	jC₃	-C ₅	-C ₁	-jC₃	C ₅	C ₁	-jC₃	C ₅	-C ₁	t ₇
8	2	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	t ₈
9	2	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	jC ₁₄	C ₁₀	-C ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	C ₁₃	jC ₁₄	-C ₁₀	C ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	t ₉
10	2	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	t ₁₀
11	2	jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	jC ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	jC ₁₄	-jC ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-jC ₁₄	t ₁₁
12	2	jC ₁₀	C ₁₄	C ₁₃	jC ₁₀	C ₁₄	-C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	-C ₁₄	C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	-C ₁₄	-C ₁₃	t ₁₂
13	2	jC ₁₀	-C ₁₄	C ₁₃	jC ₁₀	-C ₁₄	-C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	C ₁₄	C ₁₃	-jC ₁₀	C ₁₄	-C ₁₃	t ₁₃
14	2	jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	C ₁₀	jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	t ₁₄
15	2	jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	C ₁₀	jC ₁₃	-C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	C ₁₀	-jC ₁₃	C ₁₄	-C ₁₀	t ₁₅
16	3	C_0	C_6	jC ₁₂	C_0	C_6	-jC ₁₂	-C ₀	-C ₆	jC ₁₂	-C ₀	-C ₆	-jC ₁₂	t ₁₆
			•••						•••					
23	3	jC ₆	-C ₁₂	C ₀	jC ₆	-C ₁₂	-C ₀	-jC ₆	C ₁₂	C ₀	-jC ₆	C ₁₂	-C ₀	t ₂₀
24	4	C ₄	C ₈	jC ₁₅	C ₄	C ₈	-jC ₁₅	-C ₄	-C ₈	jC ₁₅	-C ₄	-C ₈	-jC ₁₅	t ₂₄
		•••	•••	•••			• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••			
31	4	jC ₈	-C ₁₅	C ₄	jC ₈	-C ₁₅	-C ₄	-jC ₈	C ₁₅	C ₄	-jC ₈	C ₁₅	-C ₄	t ₃₁

NOTE: The code construction for code groups 0 to 15 using the SCH codes from code sets 1 and 2 is shown. The construction for code groups 16 to 31 using the SCH codes from code sets 3 and 4 is done in the same way.

7A.3 Evaluation of synchronisation codes

The evaluation of information transmitted in SCH on code group and frame timing is shown in table 7E, where the 32 code groups are listed. Each code group contains 4 specific scrambling codes, each scrambling code associated with a specific short and long basic midamble code.

Each code group is additionally linked to a specific t_{Offset} , thus to a specific frame timing. By using this scheme, the UE can derive the position of the frame border due to the position of the SCH sequence and the knowledge of t_{Offset} . The complete mapping of Code Group to Scrambling Code, Midamble Codes and t_{Offset} is depicted in table 7E.

Table 7E: Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles and t_{Offset}

CELL	Code	Α	Associat		
PARA- METER	Group	Scrambling Code	Long Basic Midamble Code	Short Basic Midamble Code	ed t _{Offset}
0	Group 0	Code 0	m _{PL0}	m _{SL0}	t ₀
1		Code 1	m _{PL1}	m _{SL1}	
2		Code 2	m _{PL2}	m _{SL2}	
3		Code 3	m _{PL3}	m _{SL3}	
4	Group 1	Code 4	m _{PL4}	m _{SL4}	t ₁
5		Code 5	m _{PL5}	m _{SL5}	
6		Code 6	m _{PL6}	m _{SL6}]
7		Code 7	m _{PL7}	m _{SL7}	
124	Group 31	Code 124	m _{PL124}	m _{SL124}	t ₃₁
125		Code 125	m _{PL125}	m _{SL125}]
126		Code 126	m _{PL126}	m _{SL126}]
127		Code 127	m _{PL127}	m _{SL127}	

Each cell shall cycle through two sets of cell parameters in a code group with the cell parameters changing each frame. Table 7F shows how the cell parameters are cycled according to the SFN.

Table 7F: Alignment of cell parameter cycling and SFN

Initial Cell Parameter Assignment	Code Group	Cell Parameter used when SFN mod 2 = 0	Cell Parameter used when SFN mod 2 = 1
0	Group 0	0	1
1		1	0
2		2	3
3		3	2
4	Group 1	4	5
5		5	4
6		6	7
7		7	6
		· · ·	
124	Group 31	124	125
125		125	124
126		126	127
127		127	126

8 Synchronisation codes for the 1.28 Mcps option

8.1 The downlink pilot channel (DwPCH)

The contents of DwPCH is composed of 64 chips of a SYNC-DL sequence, cf.[AA.1 Basic SYNC-DL sequence] and 32 chips—of guard period (GP). The SYNC-DL code is not scrambled

There should be 32 different basic SYNC-DL codes for the whole system.

For the generation of the complex valued SYNC-DL codes of length 64, the basic binary SYNC-DL codes

 $\mathbf{s} = (s_1, s_2, \dots, s_{64})$ of length 64 shown in Table AA.1 are used. The relation between the elements \mathbf{s} and \mathbf{s} is given by:

$$\underline{s}_{i} = (j)^{i} \cdot s_{i} \qquad s_{i} \in \{1, -1\}, i = 1, ..., 64$$
 (1)

Hence, the elements $\underline{\mathbf{S}}_i$ of the complex SYNC-DL code $\underline{\mathbf{S}}$ are alternating real and imaginary.

The SYNC-DL is QPSK modulated and the phase of the SYNC-DL is used to signal the presence of the P-CCPCH in the multi-frame of the resource units of code $c_{Q=16}^{(k=1)}$ and $c_{Q=16}^{(k=2)}$ in time slot #0.

8.1.1 Modulation of the SYNC-DL

The SYNC-DL sequences are modulated with respect to the midamble $(m^{(1)})$ in time slot #0.

Four consecutive phases (phase quadruple) of the SYNC-DL are used to indicate the presence of the P-CCPCH in the following 4 sub-frames. In case the presence of a P-CCPCH is indicated, the next following sub-frame is the first sub-frame of the interleaving period. As QPSK is used for the modulation of the SYNC-DL, the phases 45, 135, 225, and 315° are used.

The total number of different phase quadruples is 2 (S1 and S2). A quadruple always starts with an even system frame number ((SFN mod 2) =0). Table 8 is showing the quadruples and their meaning.

Table 8: Sequences for the phase modulation for the SYNC-DL

Name	Phase quadruple	Meaning
S1	135, 45, 225, 135	There is a P-CCPCH in the next 4 sub-frames
S2	315, 225, 315, 45	There is no P-CCPCH in the next 4 sub-frames

8.2 The uplink pilot channel (UpPCH)

The contents in UpPCH is composed of 128 chips of a SYNC-UL sequence, cf. [AA.2 Basic SYNC-UL sequence] and 32 chips of guard period (GP). The SYNC-UL code is not scrambled.

There should be 256 different basic SYNC-UL codes (see Table AA.2) for the whole system.

For the generation of the complex valued SYNC-UL codes of length 128, the basic binary SYNC-UL codes

 $\mathbf{s} = (s_1, s_2, \dots, s_{128})$ of length 128 shown in Table AA.2 are used. The relation between the elements \mathbf{s} and \mathbf{s} is given by:

$$\underline{s}_{i} = (j)^{i} \cdot s_{i} \qquad s_{i} \in \{1, -1\}, i = 1, ..., 128$$
 (2)

Hence, the elements \mathbf{S}_i of the complex SYNC-UL code \mathbf{S}_i are alternating real and imaginary.

8.3 Code Allocation

Relationship between the SYNC-DL and SYNC-UL sequences, the scrambling codes and the midamble codes

Code Group			Associated Codes	
	SYNC-DL ID	SYNC-UL ID	Scrambling Code ID	Basic Midamble Code ID
Group 1	0	07	0	0
			1	1
			2	2
			3	3
Group 2	1	815	4	4
			5	5
			6	6
			7	7
Group 32	31	248255	124	124
			125	125
			126	126
			127	127

Note: In a multi-frequency cell, primary frequency and secondary frequency use the same scrambling code and basic midamble code.

8.3Aa Code Allocation

For the dedicated carrier MBSFN, the basic preamble codes are segemted into two groups, even group and odd group, and the Basic preamble Code is described in [7].

Relationship between the scrambling codes and the preamble codes

Code subgroup		Associ	ated Codes							
	$P_{P,ev}$	ven group	P _{P,odd} group							
	Scrambling Code	Basic preamble Code	Scrambling Code	Basic preamble Code						
	ID	ID	ID ID							
Sub-g1	0	0	4	1						
Sub-g2	8	2	12 3							
Sub-g3	16	4	20	5						
Sub-g4	24	6	28	7						

		·		
				• 0
Sub-g15	112	28	116	29
Sub-g16	120	30	124	31

9 Cell synchronisation codes

The cell synchronisation codes (CSCs) are constructed as so-called CEC sequences, i.e. concatenated and periodically extended complementary sequences. They are complex-valued sequences that are derived as cyclically offset versions from a set of possible constituent Golay complementary pairs.

The CSCs are chosen to have good aperiodic auto correlation properties. The aperiodic auto correlations of the applicable constituent Golay complementary pairs and every pair of their derived cyclically offset versions are complementary. Furthermore, orthogonality is preserved for all CSCs which are derived from the same constituent Golay complementary pair due to this complementary property.

The delay and weight matrices for the set of M=8 possible constituent Golay complementary pairs are listed in the table below:

Code ID m	Delay matrices D_m and weight matrices W_m of constituent Golay complementary pairs
0	$D_0 = \langle 512, 64, 128, 1, 16, 4, 256, 32, 8, 2 \rangle, W_0 = \langle 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1 \rangle$
1	$D_1 = \langle 2, 16, 32, 256, 1, 8, 128, 4, 512, 64 \rangle, W_1 = \langle 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1 \rangle$
2	$D_2 = \langle 16, 512, 32, 256, 4, 1, 64, 8, 2, 128 \rangle, W_2 = \langle -1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, -1 \rangle$
3	D ₃ = <512, 16, 8, 4, 2, 256, 128, 64, 32, 1>, W ₃ = <-1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1>
4	$D_4 = \langle 512, 128, 256, 32, 2, 4, 64, 1, 16, 8 \rangle, W_4 = \langle 1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1 \rangle$
5	$D_5 = <1,2,4,64,512,16,32,256,128,8>,W_5 = <-1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,1>$
6	$D_6 = \langle 8, 16, 128, 2, 32, 1, 256, 512, 4, 64 \rangle, W_6 = \langle -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1 \rangle$
7	$D_7 = <1, 2, 128, 16, 256, 32, 8, 512, 64, 4>, W_7 = <1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1>$

A constituent Golay complementary pair of length N = 1024, defined as:

$$s_m = \langle s_m(0), s_m(1), s_m(2), ..., s_m(1023) \rangle$$
 and $g_m = \langle g_m(0), g_m(1), g_m(2), ..., g_m(1023) \rangle$

shall be derived from the selected delay and weight matrices:

$$D_m = \langle D_m(0), D_m(1), D_m(2), ..., D_m(9) \rangle$$
 and $W_m = \langle W_m(0), W_m(1), W_m(2), ..., W_m(9) \rangle$

as follows.

Define:

$$a^{(0)} = \langle a^{(0)}(0), a^{(0)}(1), a^{(0)}(2), \dots, a^{(0)}(1023) \rangle = \langle 1, 0, 0, \dots, 0 \rangle$$
 and

$$b^{(0)} = \langle b^{(0)}(0), b^{(0)}(1), b^{(0)}(2), \dots, b^{(0)}(1023) \rangle = \langle 1, 0, 0, \dots, 0 \rangle.$$

Then, the elements of the set of auxiliary sequences:

$$a^{(n)} = \langle a^{(n)}(0), a^{(n)}(1), a^{(n)}(2), \dots, a^{(n)}(1023) \rangle$$
 and $b^{(n)} = \langle b^{(n)}(0), b^{(n)}(1), b^{(n)}(2), \dots, b^{(n)}(1023) \rangle$

are given by the recursive relations:

$$a^{(n+1)}(i) = a^{(n)}(i) + W_m(n) \times b^{(n)}(i - D_m(n))$$
 and

$$b^{(n+1)}(i) = a^{(n)}(i) - W_m(n) \times b^{(n)}(i - D_m(n))$$

with element index i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 1023 and iteration index n = 0, 1, 2, ..., 9. Operations on the element index shall be performed modulo 1024.

The elements of the constituent Golay complementary pairs s_m and g_m are then obtained from the output of the last iteration step using:

$$s_m(i) = a^{(10)}(i)$$
 and $g_m(i) = b^{(10)}(i)$ for $i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 1023$

From each applicable constituent Golay complementary pair s_m and g_m , up to K = 8 different cyclically offset pairs $s_m^{(k)}$ and $g_m^{(k)}$, with offset index k = 0, 1, 2, ..., K-1, of length 1152 chips can be derived. The complementary property of the respective aperiodic auto correlation is preserved for each particular pair of sequences $s_m^{(k)}$ and $g_m^{(k)}$. The generation of the K cyclically offset pairs from s_m and g_m is done in a similar way as the generation of the user midambles from a periodic basic midamble sequence as described in [7].

With N = 1024, K = 8, W = 128, the elements of a cyclically offset pair:

$$s_m^{(k)} = \langle s_m^{(k)}(0), s_m^{(k)}(1), s_m^{(k)}(2), \dots, s_m^{(k)}(1151) \rangle$$
 and $g_m^{(k)} = \langle g_m^{(k)}(0), g_m^{(k)}(1), g_m^{(k)}(2), \dots, g_m^{(k)}(1151) \rangle$

for a particular offset k, with k = 0, 1, 2, ..., K-1, shall be derived from the elements of the constituent Golay complementary pairs s_m and g_m using:

$$s_m^{(k)}(i) = (j)^i \times s_m(i+k \times W)$$
 and $g_m^{(k)}(i) = (j)^i \times g_m(i+k \times W)$ for $i = 0, 1, 2, ..., N-k \times W-1$,

$$s_m^{(k)}(i) = (j)^i \times s_m(i - N + k \times W)$$
 and $g_m^{(k)}(i) = (j)^i \times g_m(i - N + k \times W)$ for $i = N - k \times W$, $N - k \times W + 1$, ..., 1151.

Hence, the elements of $s_m^{(k)}$ and $g_m^{(k)}$ are alternating real and imaginary.

Note that both $s_m^{(0)}$ and $g_m^{(0)}$ simply correspond to s_m and g_m respectively, followed by its first W elements as post extension and that both $s_m^{(7)}$ and $g_m^{(7)}$ simply correspond to the last W elements of s_m and g_m in form of a pre extension, followed by s_m and g_m respectively.

Finally, the CSC $C_{CSC, m}^{(k)}$ derived from the m:th applicable constituent Golay complementary pair s_m and g_m , and for the k:th offset is then defined as a concatenation of $s_m^{(k)}$ and $g_m^{(k)}$ by:

$$C_{CSC,m}^{(k)} = \langle s_m^{(k)}(0), s_m^{(k)}(1), s_m^{(k)}(2), ..., s_m^{(k)}(1151), g_m^{(k)}(0), g_m^{(k)}(1), g_m^{(k)}(2), ..., g_m^{(k)}(1151) \rangle$$

where the leftmost element $s_m^{(k)}(0)$ in the sequence corresponds to the chip to be first transmitted in time. An CSC has therefore length 2304 chips.

Note that due to this construction method, the auto correlations for all CSCs derived from one particular constituent Golay complementary pair s_m and g_m can be obtained simultaneously and in sequential order from the sum of partial correlations with s_m and g_m , these CSCs remaining orthogonal.

CSCs derived according to above have complex values and shall not be subject to the channelisation or scrambling process, i.e. its elements represent complex chips for usage in the pulse shaping process at modulation.

Annex A (normative): Scrambling Codes

The applicable scrambling codes are listed below. Code numbers are referring to table 6 'Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles, Preambles and t_{offset} ' in subclause 6.3 'Evaluation of synchronisation codes'.

 $Code\{0 \square 4 \square 8 \square 12 \square ... \square 120 \square 124\}$ are used for downlink MBSFN operation.

Scrambling Code	ν ₁	ν ₂	ν ₃	V4	V ₅	ν ₆	V 7	ν ₈	ν ₉	ν ₁₀	V ₁₁	V ₁₂	V ₁₃	V ₁₄	V ₁₅	ν ₁₆
Code 0	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 2	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 3	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 4	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 5	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 6	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 7	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 8	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 9	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 10	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 11	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 12	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 13	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 14	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 15	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 16	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 17	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 18	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 19	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 20	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 21	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 22	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 23	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 24	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 25	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 26	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 27	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 28	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 29	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 30	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 31	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 32	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 33	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 34	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 35	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 36	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 37	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 38	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 39	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 40	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 41	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1

Scrambling Code	ν ₁	V ₂	V ₃	V4	ν ₅	ν ₆	ν ₇	ν ₈	V 9	V ₁₀	V ₁₁	V ₁₂	V ₁₃	V ₁₄	V ₁₅	V 16
Code 42	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 43	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 44	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 45	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 46	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 47	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 48	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 49	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 50	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 51	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 52	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 53	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 54	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 55	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 56	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 57	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 58	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 59	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 60	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 61	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 62	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 63	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 64	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 65	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 66	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 67	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 68	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 69	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 70	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 71	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 72	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 73	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 74	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 75	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 76	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 77	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 78	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 79	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 80	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 81	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 82	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 83	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 84	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 85	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 86	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 87	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 88	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 89	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 90	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 91	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 92	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 93	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 94	1	-1	1	-1 -1	-1 -1	1	1	-1 -1	1	1	<u>'</u> -1	-1	<u>'</u> -1	-1	<u>'</u> -1	-1
0000 0 1	_ '	'	'	'	<u> </u>	_ '	_ '	<u>'</u>	'	_ '	'	'	'	'		'

Scrambling Code	ν1	V ₂	ν ₃	V4	V 5	ν ₆	ν ₇	V8	V 9	V ₁₀	V ₁₁	V ₁₂	V 13	V14	V 15	V 16
Code 95	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 96	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 97	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 98	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 99	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 100	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 101	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 102	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 103	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 104	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 105	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 106	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 107	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 108	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 109	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 110	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 111	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 112	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 113	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 114	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 115	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 116	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 117	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 118	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 119	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 120	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 121	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 122	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 123	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 124	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 125	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 126	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 127	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1

Annex AA (normative): Synchronisation sequence

AA.1 Basic SYNC-DL sequence

Table AA.1: Basic SYNC-DL Codes

Code ID	SYNC-DL Codes of length 64
0	B3A7CC05A98688E4
1	9D559BD290606791
2	2CE7BA12A017C3A2
3	34511D20672F4712
4	9A772841474603F2
5	9109B1A5CE01F228
6	8FD429B3594501C0
7	25251354AA3F8C19
8	C9A3B8E0C043EA56
9	BA04B888E5BC1802
10	A735354299370207
11	74C3C8DA4415AE51
12	F4FD0458A0124663
13	A011D4E16C3D6064
14	BDA0661B0CAA8C68
15	8E31123F28928698
16	F095C1632E2906AB
17	B60B4A8A664071CF
18	AA094DCCE91E041A
19	C0C31CDA8A256807
20	D516964FB18C1890
21	30DE01834F4AACCE
22	8F700323BA5CAD34
23	1B50F4DEE0C1380C
24	443382164F56F2D1
25	E1E4005D49B846B4
26	040A97165330BFAA
27	C48E26881693AD78
28	D4354B2FE02361CC
29	5383AB6C8A10CE84
30	D417A730F2F12244
31	ABF0A0D905A939C4

AA.2 Basic SYNC-UL Codes

Table AA.2: Basic SYNC-UL Codes

0 C11C20F0D1807DB8859175B798EC094 1 91278068081EC8E74543DBC1C9AD423 2 38F5AEE2E513DB12A663BA04160103E 3 7AA8A0A210F12A1E4332F2EDD33011F 4 C180EA3B9BA1774EB9611BD249C4A56 5 B072A2C839489D496B98CE9D0132FB0 6 B2723EAC6EB01667F2B33961C807423 7 C4144AD060F0EC095E227B92CF7C828	35 55 7C 08 09
2 38F5AEE2E513DB12A663BA04160103E 3 7AA8A0A210F12A1E4332F2EDD33011F 4 C180EA3B9BA1774EB9611BD249C4A56 5 B072A2C839489D496B98CE9D0132FB0 6 B2723EAC6EB01667F2B33961C807423	E5 FC 08 C9
3 7AA8A0A210F12A1E4332F2EDD33011F 4 C180EA3B9BA1774EB9611BD249C4A50 5 B072A2C839489D496B98CE9D0132FB0 6 B2723EAC6EB01667F2B33961C807423	FC 08 09 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04
4 C180EA3B9BA1774EB9611BD249C4A50 5 B072A2C839489D496B98CE9D0132FB0 6 B2723EAC6EB01667F2B33961C807423	08 09 34
5 B072A2C839489D496B98CE9D0132FB0 6 B2723EAC6EB01667F2B33961C807423	C9 34
6 B2723EAC6EB01667F2B33961C807423	34
7 C4144AD060F0FC095F227B92CF7C828	30
7 01111/100001 0200002227 00201 7 0020	
8 653036A10D3054146FCF815986C63A1	4
9 F899CA61435D64DC07FDF04C4A0C05	3A
10 B56F2D6893A8051407F4C341D88DC7D	C
11 DC0BE838242142EDE6413A72C88D74A	λA
12 22A2FD86E4086C70A4860B13C76E579)F
13 A3CBC21322C97D2A02728E7875F3958	38
14 D4EC4F694A082CB38E3B1558A0FCC8	9F
15 CC891141C4E216D235C15CF5D3F9B0	02
16 A1993114C50B77CB0C0725D1E22FD0 ⁻²	16
17 24F73A979DE52F82E8800CCB93842A5	59
18 8F878FA04659842E294D8DEAB20BA2F	.D
19 AC90B0442D70662B028CF76A6BECDF	09
20 D94A284DF64D7B0102F0E084C29C880	C8
21 8603200C7596F24E865FD3815693358I	D
22 B466B12CF433642BD8B08F1F452E055	50
23 86A3A1772C1C99FCA7DBBA0C312E34	A0
24 622A1889F72A9A2C042D46F08EFEE1A	/C
25 BF220A362BC0D3B0D7CE400954C6CF/	٩E
26 D28D73C52E89CF57905C502244F6361	6
27 AD4E1C2103697D64D8B9D4C035D9054	48
28 8F081A9BA12B6C6BD024531AA984D21	IC
29 E4092429BE82988E1E3585BF6A6AE55	50
30 08BD36E0A9C061782CB38B35B335CA	56
31 1CDFF3CC2685D1C44F4A1059AB03F40)A
32 506ED4E88FB1CECE3243F2A27A0221A	\ 4
33 846CF58A7AB613C83A24130B5778C0E	2
34 A2711A99E26A0C75AC026F4CFAECE8	93
35 D846EEBA2432AC05A01043C62579D0	CF
36 6B16B4E851CAF2121FC4CF88820C89E	7
37 AA4889A78207674A74E10C6F2BE11D4	18
38 8534CF8145BC991052814ED5C72709E	E
39 01AEF15D2290A84A607425746D9963C	7

40	999188F758245D5164FE16D852942C71				
41	CF71C008599287E446E30745BD56E2D2				
42	248414BA0DF8CDC4711FE7C8707ED0AD				
43	EB2E263EC016191C81AB714BFE4D2B30				
44	862082A7482FAC1C499793A0D8CED670				
45	DE2C22B2783AB75A7342608DE413840A				
46	E31AA60B727F2CA2A78DAAC10665011D				
47	CEF6CD06509870AC9E0177ACD550921D				
48	E52C84D499FFCDC287581691471540F2				
49	B33BF6551A4322504BEE0930BCA1EC68				
50	555BE6886D0FC43D72315E6C6D384148				
51	8444F67451EE23CE1240C90F0B52A492				
52	5C290D28E84060E69D09788A261B10FF				
53	337E0C35E83CD38CCC5D45804241F952				
54	A7879F0D31A8982A01EE6AC4952984DC				
55	A37F506508928C70A83D69A2373781B9				
56	42F55208EE12909803A7CBEB19B5419E				
57	57E5E268A328FCC9ED04B9E5420AC702				
58	EB033AD1222F84D8642C4E3FAAD28206				
59	98EE1415F026AC0E862C520451697DD0				
60	6A0528AEA4B7CD6702660D81F8821E19				
61	763D626A87C603BCB09E1A4C800A378F				
62	EEA61897879289340C23F669D6A03762				
63	A6571B3CC2D0E04F017ACC808B92DCE7				
64	DDF88B52EA1831D293A803CF23C8C471				
65	6CA4D333A2684140475DAB491F61C17A				
66	A7D2AD23043989A13289F7C3E135580A				
67	B1C752FA66B41C81904EDE27EA000E2E				
68	8694BE3CC1CB36BE2A095F89CC619080				
69	9C20334E1BBC596B25E151180BF99940				
70	484256214F81070DD9C49A2B05A43DCE				
71	401A20BCBE29B7438A7AEE44635A9E23				
72	8858585C3239CBF628033FA0DF189378				
73	EFA36404C1BA5118CC5F9052FD28D9C3				
74	155609873D8A042D496E6477B747C4F8				
75	8446077883A6D7D2549CC9742E3FD023				
76	E630142B189AA209371A6F0FFDBC30A7				
77	C46060535AC6DBB2095F1D7826D0CD5C				
78	E00D19E48797148B28DEDA9D429362E2				
79	645DE447E938485489416CAFCC1C571F				
80	DA10AFBF2AE61C593A1D88584DE30598				
81	BB248AEA5FD3FE210CD48FC401E1A686				
82	A89F146BD9191F445301C081CB6F5625				
83	15BBF04F247C59150208949EB6B9CC58				

84	08F48BFA7804B5B2CC2E96510232E062				
85	9AA2BE74005A3679C626B209580B8D03				
86	9D40664A2C808F2F293E255398B37E6A				
87	6869C98A8AAD81CAE41A23C83FF9EEA0				
88	576E8948E61BD0927C4140C3C04C4CF3				
89	0F942C67A1137B6EAA058C2A74872C73				
90	9D058E27ED546C10632684BBC84E5BC1				
91	79D4B840E20148B134F90B51164BCBD0				
92	0E35E1D8D1214C05FAC790B69B239150				
93	FFA1BB0232CD71480BE5CA1C2A269F89				
94	B2956F5F4E270446F9211584792628DB				
95	F56CCA23421C8EC8F8A41F7DA4A41EA2				
96	0B5ECA04F1789A7148C80C39D57D05F6				
97	A10B538E8A8CFC8F8925C485F2A88660				
98	9925C2C715001D9FC78ACCC51DA1AF34				
99	0DAC9CFDEA40429A8B12C7D320D60F70				
100	377FC9A097017958440914E83118E39D				
101	8421096FA8B47E4E943B6473671955CC				
102	574086183477C4F68540CB7E858263B1				
103	895B6A8980C6703C779F49F40C5CFC19				
104	D0D253E157BC19262150CEA668679E71				
105	B8889C60EBA812BD7F0B6498823296D2				
106	A13FB9F3A08528E44B13C12CF0D461AA				
107	8D4DCFBE43D6E2024B1F8470224AA330				
108	536D159E119E0893838657B12A074E64				
109	DCFD49C504AD3A2F049A0CB70238EC8A				
110	D363DB4C46C11757FA8FB18139789102				
111	424A1E8A1D4DA256E4CA3BC8C2201BE3				
112	417B619ED30FEB0A847CC3A191A20398				
113	843FBBC95453C61786D1332612B45B4D				
114	F26CACC0732CF8ED0C5BC1462B1620B4				
115	88E0FE440C70E9249A92A7AF94638880				
116	99A52B7D8C950308057E0661D7459960				
117	A5C28218BF5D16E63E42698A0A6B0896				
118	B2763BEEC784A12E8C50778536921806				
119	987B2B6A3A77A059B30A082457AB84E0				
120	820DB500F1B206358D7A7F210AB85AA8				
121	97760A5CFC5E03EB439C914590045938				
122	896A720E8857C8708A59F8C94DE0841E				
123	2D101F0CF95263843412577340DEBB11				
124	E8E5214B4DCF5D11A245B0149D49C87C				
125	51224EAA10099ACDE384834A5ADF03D8				
126	64E51253554A230C186FDE4E8781BC09				
127	A499E391E69ED08890AC1A82A6115BEC				

128	EE54C6E1834210D3EC1B07A456B92AA8			
129	949DB5CA82420B54C1E0BCC111E704D9			
130	9439EE9A9E4C447D1AA350926495047F			
131	AD095CC0E7438AECE38D60980B3F2D00			
132	83089C254C5EE9788072BC3D9282F798			
133	A27DC1A457BC5A56563D8A9B11203615			
134	713053A9C0B1B08B14705FF5A7244DB4			
135	D36D4B9F4007354E0EC1B0CA8C8C7124			
136	82E7C990612114F1CCE1BD9509FD4386			
137	C8D83FF0B48B14830D2015D53F8C0672			
138	08AF223C869A36B169148FDDABB7D120			
139	B6C284C600AD0A99F86C449F8F4C53A6			
140	DC741B320C07682AF92AC4DBDE0C28C2			
141	89B8D84FA902265850C0FA6FF0EB2C4F			
142	A69445B3A52201DB984BC03D1956D7F3			
143	0FE0F7224B7AD72E4D4530D0223F590C			
144	1B8C06F051434048EB925133AD3BD3F9			
145	E133D4C3C942726A351300C37E55D0DF			
146	9E09481D1881A66F562D8B453BC83AB2			
147	2397B04B60A3C5700907BDBBA4E818C8			
148	8F81F7A08CC6C8DA3D692AD34F50C012			
149	9AB325352981BCCFA072F8FDE3009221			
150	4FA88B7F1F8A620C31B0D486C52AC2F6			
151	097AF0ADD16D7D39851049F0130EE444			
152	A5027732DACFF11C388D5820A4A9BA49			
153	1CD981EA2EDB46218A407C7E20D4BE84			
154	D0FD94279FA67EC61A3904C0AD8ACA04			
155	EA73A9415EC2004D49E9D0F645961C75			
156	005AF0614A7552041194DEECBF8DD016			
157	B514481533DA0A731705B93CF634E40D			
158	983054521841A6E4FF34B2C07B5684FE			
159	C46D927D0FD2B2F509550025677C6871			
160	2AD85C08127487C87ECE014D65169102			
161	0F617852FA3930AA7EE74B400B2CC831			
162	AE9D395004C6E27540C378625D36E0D6			
163	DC4FA55750F10B0636248F12C212FFE4			
164	D3602B8D6CBF1809C88B827185631ECF			
165	A94825850708E7723EA8F22C44BF78B2			
166	A62D231C16AEEFE0B0026B306662945A			
167	9C7BE810A86465A50551F89125D93B12			
168	9712D9338B9CC60485C10172F50F121F			
169	A3902CE0E0B9912591FF28C695728257			
170	4167057891AB29473A9E0F67F3658921			
171	B3368B91EC12A284BC414C8F0D7F8D20			

172	EE21888101ABF06C1175828CB58B598D
173	E43923A00ECC32CCC2D162A4A44BD7F4
174	CC9E30B8538AD51703EEB6F70801AB22
175	B908AD2F1501DA1C156811736CD798CD
176	2B46302ACCC2F808797FC648A614326D
177	8A54494F1BE27235B8764023AA0FBCFA
178	BC1041E6F636421E89277DC154439103
179	275B39A63029B974E3561AE0A8FC8032
180	9283F6FE819B80492A22B85CE5CE5DC4
181	4CCB52C0CE058A78022C22DF5788CBCC
182	B0DF9608DE549A6F6C581516919A81E6
183	2CA185163CC36060D1E85BB0A7FBB988
184	66101D2846155CAC986FC790D2124EFC
185	8016E3904644D2093579B83BD7AB5071
186	531CAB7085BEC14257439658023647CF
187	DF2910165AA5051E41F6EB198E4D491C
188	BA32052042B0FB2188DE7857DA1B6788
189	9E6D075AFF0EA4153615E140BF380666
190	9ACC5A037902534642A3BE391AA40F9B
191	4D741A3B4499843010D7E5FA8988DC80
192	FA1421C96EDC6092726154560B1C2FC8
193	882946076223CAE0B0BFE3EDA59826D5
194	CEBB288C28B7472A0D3917012276C034
195	BD35A6E00C9528DB38289CF823C34F30
196	E2C93618B6B2800D51171A5F85746A55
197	B43EF39A1A64F0E220AF740F9494291B
198	AC537817C2612744A58132A8AFBC44A3
199	98A321249A821DDBF81C38235A371A14
200	AE1D46069090D81BB6B08FED9E687285
201	7EAE2415DC2CD60AE083249A33B56E05
202	3D942AAA9BC9F27289421CE0B301FB98
203	1548BA6D08530727AC6D059C005C6C42
204	FF47C21142C65B502DA70647BAE831D1
205	C83AA7FEAC5E51A08091E10DB0C233D9
206	E86EDD2EC2DAA3104229EDC43471A16A
207	22FAFB9C184B78B56EE91B6602C03244
208	E45631DC509B1290C08D2C1A1F15DBFE
209	D203C51207092B56568FDAD9E2D44473
210	2AA87F31A7D1AB1C90024F936006C4A5
211	913136153593DEABC7305BF0C5A62180
212	D8DA5FE401F2758642A082C53A6A5CB8
213	23C2295213147F324DE8EC1C103BAE88
	2002200210111102102010100071200
214	883AF097FCDE82B366A1844245E0D727

216	FE40502B44A9E44B2C336250D47538CC
217	670452E19172C843176F1278FE41D584
218	B7EAA436078E6886A3024F593AD57580
219	1044D4CDD7230E7B1953AD1232DF07E2
220	4D821ECAC3D845A2E1011695624576FF
221	96622ED2FBD44D1B859D70601999F438
222	CCC31C3D6D5B41B8D82FF4522A4C0146
223	4A84F7CD62E0C712980E6A0C89BF394F
224	10E56751F000927284DBE174E68ECC4C
225	A3DE70921356F026E084CFE302A210A9
226	B12DA0621B343A8C3FE941A32EA5D571
227	D653135DE825A74B743E275C19020C71
228	5CAD301BF846B2EE921D33A3D4BB1220
229	1292445ACBB548C668FC3853578474E6
230	B94B4B89C0654688C9E007D9061DF5FE
231	75A2C91E76061A8680884E8BFD14A64A
232	83726F3070B47ECE21504A5065D74A36
233	964A471444A270840919F7FE07382D14
234	A582701EBFCA899B8497088C3560F300
235	64FCB63E21CAC63002D1E09FD1543274
236	B1E1C83F689ADF422C865F98D288838A
237	A06A0D822165D3F3416B47419ECCB547
238	1D2068039A32B7EF728914ECE07CB416
239	64C0CF81F78E8823ECC8661A5295422A
240	902A7243F593F2180E5A306A8438E6A9
241	A4CCED356D56BF1B41C28E1504301FE8
242	82AE90E2F76B3055A2E3A966025CC01A
243	8B90D5A62364E18574145C5895CEFF60
244	43F7EA1AB0D19032551AD9DE21307353
245	DD5D8424AC60360B1C14E65815C9B15E
246	C632A67382ECB2681DFB8525140E2878
247	3A6ACF212B6F8B9C53FF224C2E00C16C
248	86A90C267B1171093F362FE5CB14E3A0
249	EA262EC36E6589C3BB005426AF2590F4
250	200F03126C5B0D7B901128E7757C5F70
251	68FC090C2221AA98BF0D24E85066EFC2
252	9E26CEC67832FC42A87E92FA1015212E
253	ACD889634F79506F2582EA03240F2A07
254	AA65407E1F4A33BF9A62860A3D6A4CC0
255	B1B950AC76A608AA32D04B03C7FF24D3

Annex B (informative): Generalised Hierarchical Golay Sequences

B.1 Alternative generation

The generalised hierarchical Golay sequences for the PSC described in 7.1 may be also viewed as generated (in real valued representation) by the following methods:

Method 1.

The sequence y is constructed from two constituent sequences x_1 and x_2 of length n_1 and n_2 respectively using the following formula:

- $y(i) = x_2(i \mod n_2) * x_1(i \operatorname{div} n_2), i = 0 ... (n_1 * n_2) - 1.$

The constituent sequences x_1 and x_2 are chosen to be the following length 16 (i.e. $n_1 = n_2 = 16$) sequences:

- x_1 is defined to be the length 16 (N⁽¹⁾=4) Golay complementary sequence obtained by the delay matrix D⁽¹⁾ = [8, 4, 1,2] and weight matrix W⁽¹⁾ = [1, -1, 1,1].
- x₂ is a generalised hierarchical sequence using the following formula, selecting s=2 and using the two Golay complementary sequences x₃ and x₄ as constituent sequences. The length of the sequence x₃ and x₄ is called n₃ respectively n₄.
- $x_2(i) = x_4(i \mod s + s*(i \operatorname{div} sn_3)) * x_3((i \operatorname{div} s) \mod n_3), i = 0 \dots (n_3*n_4) 1.$
- x_3 and x_4 are defined to be identical and the length 4 ($N^{(3)} = N^{(4)} = 2$) Golay complementary sequence obtained by the delay matrix $D^{(3)} = D^{(4)} = [1, 2]$ and weight matrix $W^{(3)} = W^{(4)} = [1, 1]$.

The Golay complementary sequences x_1, x_3 and x_4 are defined using the following recursive relation:

$$a_0(k) = \delta(k) \text{ and } b_0(k) = \delta(k);$$

$$a_n(k) = a_{n-1}(k) + W^{(j)}_{n} \cdot b_{n-1}(k - D^{(j)}_{n});$$

$$b_n(k) = a_{n-1}(k) - W^{(j)}_{n} \cdot b_{n-1}(k - D^{(j)}_{n});$$

$$k = 0, 1, 2, ..., 2^{**}N^{(j)} - 1;$$

$$n = 1, 2, ..., N^{(j)}.$$

The wanted Golay complementary sequence x_j is defined by a_n assuming $n=N^{(j)}$. The Kronecker delta function is described by δ , k,j and n are integers.

Method 2

The sequence y can be viewed as a pruned Golay complementary sequence and generated using the following parameters which apply to the generator equations for a and b above:

(a) Let
$$j = 0$$
, $N^{(0)} = 8$.

(b)
$$[D_1^0, D_2^0, D_3^0, D_4^0, D_5^0, D_6^0, D_7^0, D_8^0] = [128, 64, 16, 32, 8, 1, 4, 2].$$

(c)
$$[W_1^0, W_2^0, W_3^0, W_4^0, W_5^0, W_6^0, W_7^0, W_8^0] = [1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]$$
.

(d) For
$$n = 4$$
, 6, set $b_4(k) = a_4(k)$, $b_6(k) = a_6(k)$.

Annex C (informative): Change history

07/12/10 RAN_50 RP-101319 0063 1 Introduction of MU-MIMO for 1.28Mcps TDD 9.0.0 10.0.0 15/09/11 RAN_53 RP-111225 0066 2 Clarification of 64QAM for LCR TDD 10.0.0 10.1.0	Change history							
140100	Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR		Subject/Comment	Old	New
1401/100	14/01/00	RAN_05		-			-	3.0.0
1401/100 RAN, 06 RP-99696 004 Code allocation for Case 3 3.00 3.1.0 3.1.1 3103/00 RAN, 07 RP-000069 005 3 Cycling of cell parameters 3.1.1 3.2.0 3103/00 RAN, 07 RP-000069 006 1 Signal Point Constellation 3.1.1 3.2.0 3103/00 RAN, 07 RP-000069 006 1 Signal Point Constellation 3.1.1 3.2.0 3103/00 RAN, 07 RP-000069 006 1 Signal Point Constellation 3.1.1 3.2.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 008 Editorial Modifications for 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 009 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 010 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 011 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 012 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 012 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 012 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 08 RP-00273 013 1 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 011 2 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 012 2 Modified code sets on SCH for cell search in UTRA TDD 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 015 1 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 015 1 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 015 1 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 015 1 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 015 1 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 017 1 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3206/00 RAN, 09 RP-000373 016 2 Editorial modification of 26.223 3.2.1 3.3.					01		3.0.0	3.1.0
1401/100 -				003	1		3.0.0	3.1.0
31/03/00 RAN 07 RP-000069 005 3 Cycling of cell parameters 3.1.1 3.2.0		RAN_06	RP-99696	004	-		3.0.0	3.1.0
31/03/00 RAN 07 RP-000069 006 . Removal of Synchronisation Case 3 in TDD 3.1.1 3.2.0		-	-	-			3.1.0	
31/03/00 RAN OF RP-00068 006 1 Signal Point Constellation 3.1.1 3.2.0 3.2.1 3.2.0 3.2.1 3.0.0 3.0.0 3.2.1 3.0.0 3.0.0 3.2.1 3.0.0 3.0.0 3.2.1 3.0.0 3.0.0 3.2.1 3.0.0					3		3.1.1	3.2.0
2005/000 -				005	-		3.1.1	3.2.0
28/06/00 RAN, 08 RP-000273 08 - Editorial Modifications for 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN, 08 RP-000273 010 - Editorial modification of 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN, 08 RP-000273 011 - Editorial modification of 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN, 08 RP-000273 012 - Modified code sets on SCH for cell search in UTRATDD 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN, 08 RP-000273 013 1 Editorial update of TS25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 23/09/00 RAN, 08 RP-000346 07 1 Editorial update of TS25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 23/09/00 RAN, 08 RP-000346 07 4 Synchronisation codes 16/03/01 RAN, 11 - - Approved as Release 4 specification (v4.0.0) at TSG RAN#11 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN, 11 RP-010071 015 1 Coll synchronisation codes for R4 Node B sync over air interface in JAVID AVID AVID AVID AVID AVID AVID AVID		RAN_07	RP-000069	006	1			
28/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 009 - Editorial modification of 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 011 2 Editorial modification of 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 012 2 Editorial modification of 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 013 1 Editorial update of TS25.225 3.2.1 3.3.0 3.4.0 28/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 017 1 Gal field code sets on SCH for cell search in UTRA TDD 3.2.1 3.3.0 3.4.0 28/09/00 RAN. 08 RP-000246 017 1 Gal field code sets on SCH for Cell search in UTRA TDD 3.3.0 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN. 11 RP-010074 015 1 Code specific phase offsets for TDD 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN. 11 RP-010073 016 - Cell synchronisation codes for R4 Node B sync over air interface in UTRA TDD 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/			-	-	-			
26/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 010 - Editorial modification of 25.223 3.2 1.3.0 26/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 011 2 Editorial modification of 25.223 3.2 1.3.0 26/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 012 2 Modified code sets on SCH for cell search in UTRA TDD 3.2 1.3.0 26/06/00 RAN. 08 RP-000273 013 1 Editorial update of TS25.223 3.2 1.3.0 23/09/00 RAN. 08 RP-000346 07 1 Gain Factors for TDD Mode 3.30 3.40 23/09/00 RAN. 10 RP-000346 07 1 Synchronisation codes 16/03/01 RAN. 11 RP-01037 016 5 Approved as Release 4 specification (v4.0.0) at TSG RAN#11 3.40 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN. 11 RP-010071 017 1 Inclusion of 1.28Mcps TDD in TS 25.223 3.40 4.0.0 15/06/01 RAN. 12 RP-010073 016 Cell synchronisation codes for R4 Node B sync over air interface in UTRA TDD				800				3.3.0
26/06/00 RAN 08 RP-000273 012 2 2 Idinoial modification of 25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN 08 RP-000273 013 1 2 Modified code sets on SCH for cell search in UTRA TDD 3.2.1 3.3.0 26/06/00 RAN 08 RP-000373 013 1 1 Editorial update of TS25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 23/09/00 RAN 09 RP-000346 014 - Synchronisation codes 3.3.0 3.4.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 RP-010064 015 1 - Approved as Release 4 specification (v4.0.0) at TSG RAN #11 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 RP-010073 016 - Gel synchronisation codes - Cell synchronisation codes 3.3.0 4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 RP-010071 017 1 Inclusion of 1.28Mcps TDD in TS 25.223 3.4.0 4.0.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 12 RP-010337 019 - Addition to the abbreviation list and definition of a constant 4.0.0 4.1.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 13 RP-010530 022 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 4.1.0 4.2.0 4.0.0 17/09/01 RAN 13 RP-010530 022 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 4.1.0 4.2.0 4.0.0 18/03/03 RAN 15 RP-020051 025 1 Removal of quantisation of bj gain factor when calculated from a reference TFC 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN 15 RP-020051 030 - Addition of contain of gamma(i) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 2.5.331 4.4.0 5.0.0 08/03/03 RAN 15 RP-020051 030 - Addition of contain of				009	-			
28/06/00 RAN 08 RP-000273 013 2 12 Modified code sets on SCH for cell search in UTRATDD 3.2.1 3.3.0 28/06/00 RAN 09 RP-000346 007 1 1 Editorial update of TS25 223 3.2.1 3.3.0 23/09/00 RAN 09 RP-000346 007 1 1 Sain Factors for TDD Mode 3.3.0 3.4.0 23/09/00 RAN 09 RP-000346 007 1 1 Sain Factors for TDD Mode 3.3.0 3.4.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 1 Approved as Release 4 specification (v4.0.0) at TSG RAN #11 3.4.0 4.0.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 RP-010073 016 - Gell synchronisation codes for R4 Node B sync over air interface in JR-010/07 017 1 1 Code specific phase offsets for TDD 3.4.0 4.0.0 15/06/01 RAN 11 RP-010071 017 1 Inclision of 1.28Mcps TDD in TS 25.223 3.4.0 4.0.0 4.0.0 4.0.0 15/06/01 RAN 12 RP-010337 019 - Addition to the abbreviation list and definition of a constant 4.0.0 4.1.0 4.0.0 11/09/01 RAN 13 RP-010524 021 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 4.1.0 4.2.0 4.0.0 14/12/01 RAN 14 RP-010748 023 - Acorrection of Figure 7 in subclause 7.7.2 of TS 25.23 4.2.0 08/03/03 RAN 15 RP-020051 025 1 1 Removal of quantisation of bj gain factor when calculated from a reference TFC 08/03/03 RAN 15 RP-020051 025 2 22 The control of Figure 7 in subclause 7.7.2 of TS 25.23 4.0.0 08/03/03 RAN 15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of garma				010				
26/06/00 RAN 08 RP-000273 013 1 Editionial update of TS25.223 3.2.1 3.3.0 3.4.0 23/09/00 RAN 09 RP-000346 007 1 Gain Factors for TDD Mode 3.3.0 3.3.0 3.4.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 P-010064 015 - Approved as Release 4 specification (v4.0.0) at TSG RAN #11 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 RP-010078 016 - Cell synchronisation codes for R4 Node B sync over air interface in UTRA TDD 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 11 RP-010071 017 1 Inclusion of 1.28Mcps TDD in TS 25.223 3.4.0 4.0.0 16/03/01 RAN 12 RP-010037 019 - Addition to the abbreviation list and definition of a constant 4.0.0 4.1.0 4.2.0 21/09/01 RAN 13 RP-010524 022 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 4.1.0 4.2.0 41/201 RAN 14 RP-010749 023 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.21 and TS25.223 4.2.0 4.3.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>011</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.2.1</td> <td></td>				011			3.2.1	
23/09/00 RAN 09 RP-000346 017 1 Gain Factors for TDD Mode 3.3.0 3.4.0								
23/09/00 RAN_19 RP-000346 014 . Synchronisation codes 3.3.0 3.4.0 4.0.0					1			
16/03/01 RAN_11 RP-010064 015 1 Code specific phase offsets for TDD 3.4.0 4.0.0	23/09/00	RAN_09		007			3.3.0	3.4.0
16/03/01 RAN_11 RP-010064 015 1 Code specific phase offsets for TDD 3.4.0 4.0.0			RP-000346	014	-			
16/03/01 RAN_11 RP-010073 016 Cell synchronisation codes for R'4 Node B sync over air interface in UTRA TDD			-	-	-			
LTRÁ TDD	16/03/01			015	1		3.4.0	4.00
15/06/01 RAN_12 RP-010327 019 - Addition to the abbreviation list and definition of a constant	16/03/01	RAN_11	RP-010073	016	-		3.4.0	4.0.0
21/09/01 RAN_13 RP-010524 021 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 4.1.0 4.2.0 21/09/01 RAN_13 RP-010530 022 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 4.1.0 4.2.0 4.3.0 4.4/2/01 RAN_14 RP-010748 023 A correction of Figure 7 in subclause 7.7.2 of TS 25.223 4.2.0 4.3.0 4.4	16/03/01	RAN_11	RP-010071	017	1	Inclusion of 1.28Mcps TDD in TS 25.223	3.4.0	4.0.0
21/09/01 RAN_13 RP-010530 022 1 Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223 4.1.0 4.2.0 14/12/01 RAN_14 RP-010748 023 - A correction of Figure 7 in subclause 7.7.2 of TS 25.223 4.2.0 4.3.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 025 1 Removal of quantisation of bj gain factor when calculated from a reference TFC 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of gamma(j) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of gamma(j) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_16 RP-020058 026 1 CR to include HSDPA in TS25.223 4.4.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 6.0.0 6.1.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0	15/06/01	RAN_12	RP-010337	019			4.0.0	4.1.0
14/12/01 RAN_14 RP-010748 023 - A correction of Figure 7 in subclause 7.7.2 of TS 25.223 4.2.0 4.3.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 025 1 Removal of quantisation of bij gain factor when calculated from a reference TFC 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 028 - Channelisation code-specific multiplier operation under autonomous SF change 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of gamma(i) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 25.331 4.4.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 6.0.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 6.0.0 6.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 6.0.0 6.1.0 5.3.0 6.0.0 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.1.0 7.0.0 7.1.0 7.2.0 7.3.0 7.2.0 7.3.0 <t< td=""><td>21/09/01</td><td>RAN_13</td><td>RP-010524</td><td>021</td><td>1</td><td>Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223</td><td>4.1.0</td><td>4.2.0</td></t<>	21/09/01	RAN_13	RP-010524	021	1	Clarification of notations in TS25.221 and TS25.223	4.1.0	4.2.0
08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 025 1 Removal of quantisation of bj gain factor when calculated from a reference TFC 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 028 - Channelisation code-specific multiplier operation under autonomous SF change 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of gamma(i) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020058 026 1 CR to include HSDPA in TS25.223 4.4.0 5.0.0 07/06/02 RAN_18 RP-0200852 033 - Editorial modification to the section numberings 5.1.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 25/03/03 RAN_18 RP-020852 033 - Editorial modification to the section numberings 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 13/01/04 RAN_22 - - - Created for M.1457 update 5.3.0 6.0.0 12/12/05 RAN_33 RP-050728 0037 - Correction to 16QAM modulation function 6.0.0 6.1.0 <td< td=""><td>21/09/01</td><td></td><td></td><td>022</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>4.1.0</td><td>4.2.0</td></td<>	21/09/01			022	1		4.1.0	4.2.0
08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 025 1 Removal of quantisation of bj gain factor when calculated from a reference TFC 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 028 - Channelisation code-specific multiplier operation under autonomous SF change 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of gamma(i) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020058 026 1 CR to include HSDPA in TS25.223 4.4.0 5.0.0 07/06/02 RAN_18 RP-0200852 033 - Editorial modification to the section numberings 5.1.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 25/03/03 RAN_18 RP-020852 033 - Editorial modification to the section numberings 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 13/01/04 RAN_22 - - - Created for M.1457 update 5.3.0 6.0.0 12/12/05 RAN_33 RP-050728 0037 - Correction to 16QAM modulation function 6.0.0 6.1.0 <td< td=""><td>14/12/01</td><td>RAN_14</td><td>RP-010748</td><td>023</td><td>-</td><td>A correction of Figure 7 in subclause 7.7.2 of TS 25.223</td><td>4.2.0</td><td>4.3.0</td></td<>	14/12/01	RAN_14	RP-010748	023	-	A correction of Figure 7 in subclause 7.7.2 of TS 25.223	4.2.0	4.3.0
08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 028 - Channelisation code-specific multiplier operation under autonomous SF change 4.3.0 4.4.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of gamma(i) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 25.331 4.4.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020085 026 1 CR to include HSDPA in TS25.223 4.4.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 22/12/02 RAN_18 RP-020317 031 - Correction of SPC for 16QAM in TDD 5.0.0 5.1.0 52.0 55.00 55.0 65.0 55.0 65.0 55.0 65.0 65.0 65.0 65.0 65.0 <	08/03/03			025	1	Removal of quantisation of bj gain factor when calculated from a	4.3.0	4.4.0
08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020051 030 - Alignment of gamma(i) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2 25.331 4.4.0 5.0.0 4.5.0 4.4.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 5.3.0 5.2.0 <t< td=""><td>08/03/03</td><td>RAN_15</td><td>RP-020051</td><td>028</td><td>-</td><td>Channelisation code-specific multiplier operation under</td><td>4.3.0</td><td>4.4.0</td></t<>	08/03/03	RAN_15	RP-020051	028	-	Channelisation code-specific multiplier operation under	4.3.0	4.4.0
08/03/03 RAN_15 RP-020058 026 1 CR to include HSDPA in TS25.223 4.4.0 5.0.0 07/06/02 RAN_16 RP-020317 031 - Correction of SPC for 16QAM in TDD 5.0.0 5.1.0 5.2.0 22/12/02 RAN_18 RP-020852 033 - Editorial modification to the section numberings 5.1.0 5.2.0 25/03/03 RAN_19 RP-030140 034 3 Miscellaneous Corrections 5.2.0 5.3.0 13/01/04 RAN_22 - - - Created for M.1457 update 5.3.0 6.0.0 12/12/05 RAN_30 RP-050728 0037 - Correction to 16QAM modulation function 6.0.0 6.1.0 7.0.0 12/12/05 RAN_33 RP-060079 0038 - Introduction of 7.68Mcps TDD option 6.1.0 7.0.0 12/12/06 RAN_33 RP-060492 0041 - Introduction of E-DCH for 3.84Mcps and 7.68Mcps TDD 7.1.0 7.2.0 13/03/07 RAN_35 RP-070118 0042 <	08/03/03	RAN_15	RP-020051	030	-	Alignment of gamma(i) gains of 25.223 with SIR target of WG2	4.3.0	4.4.0
07/06/02 RAN_16 RP-020317 031 - Correction of SPC for 16QAM in TDD 5.0.0 5.1.0 22/12/02 RAN_18 RP-020852 033 - Editorial modification to the section numberings 5.1.0 5.2.0 25/03/03 RAN_19 RP-030140 034 3 Miscellaneous Corrections 5.2.0 5.3.0 3/01/04 RAN_21 RP-050728 0037 - Created for M.1457 update 5.3.0 6.0.0 12/12/05 RAN_30 RP-050728 0037 - Correction to 16QAM modulation function 6.0.0 6.1.0 20/03/06 RAN_31 RP-060295 0040 - Correction of the values of weight factors 7.0.0 7.0.0 12/06/06 RAN_32 RP-060295 0040 - Correction of the values of weight factors 7.0.0 7.0.0 29/09/06 RAN_33 RP-070188 0042 1 Introduction of E-DCH for 3.84Mcps and 7.68Mcps TDD 7.1.0 7.2.0 3/03/07/7 RAN_36 RP-070385 0043 1	08/03/03	RΔN 15	RP-020058	026	1		440	500
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25/03/03 RAN_19 RP-030140 034 3 Miscellaneous Corrections 5.2.0 5.3.0 6.0.0 13/01/04 RAN_22 - - - Created for M.1457 update 5.3.0 6.0.0 12/12/05 RAN_30 RP-050728 0037 - Correction to 16QAM modulation function 6.0.0 6.1.0 20/03/06 RAN_31 RP-060079 0038 - Introduction of 7.68Mcps TDD option 6.1.0 7.0.0 7.1.0 12/06/06 RAN_32 RP-060295 0040 - Correction of the values of weight factors 7.0.0 7.1.0 7.2.0 29/09/06 RAN_33 RP-060492 0041 - Introduction of E-DCH for 3.84Mcps and 7.68Mcps TDD 7.1.0 7.2.0 13/03/07 RAN_36 RP-070188 0042 1 Introduction of E-DCH for 1.28Mcps TDD 7.3.0 7.4.0 30/05/07 RAN_36 RP-070386 0045 - Support for MBSFN operation 7.3.0 7.4.0 11/09/07 RAN_37 RP-070386 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
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History

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