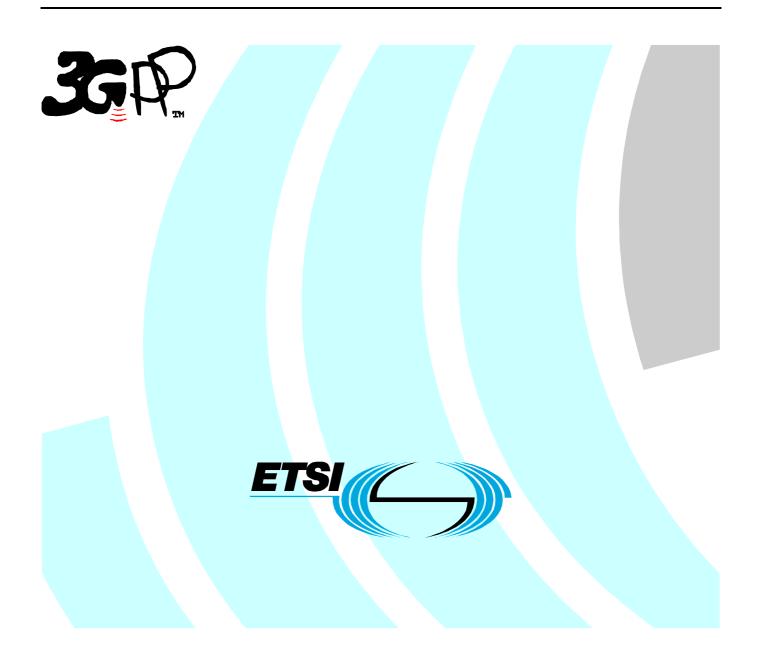
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1 Scope

The present document specifies the radio network layer signalling protocol called Radio Access Network Application Part (RANAP) for the Iu interface. RANAP supports the functions of Iu interface by signalling procedures defined in this document. RANAP is developed in accordance to the general principles stated in [1], [2] and [3].

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply".
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 23.930: "Iu Principles".
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.410: "UTRAN Iu Interface: General Aspects and Principles".
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.401: "UTRAN Overall Description".
- [4] 3GPP TR 25.931: "UTRAN Functions, Examples on Signalling Procedures".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.412: "UTRAN Iu interface signalling transport".
- [6] 3GPP TS 25.415: "UTRAN Iu interface user plane protocols".
- [7] 3GPP TS 23.107: "Quality of Service (QoS) concept and architecture".
- [8] 3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.414: "UTRAN Iu interface data transport and transport signalling".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Ressource Control (RRC) protocol specification".
- [11] 3GPP TS 08.08: "Mobile services Switching Centre Base Station System (MSC-BSS) interface; Layer 3 specification".
- [12] 3GPP TS 12.08: "Subscriber and equipment trace".
- [13] ITU-T Recommendation X.691 (12/1997): "Information technology ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)".
- [14] ITU-T Recommendation X.680 (12/1997): "Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation".
- [15] ITU-T Recommendation X.681 (12/1997): "Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Information object specification".
- [16] 3GPP TS 23.110: "UMTS Access Stratum Services and Functions".
- [17] 3GPP TS 25.323: "Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) specification".
- [18] 3GPP TR 25.921: "Guidelines and principles for protocol description and error handling".
- [19] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
- [20] 3GPP TS 23.032: "Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)".

- [21] 3GPP TS 23.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Service description; Stage 2".
- [22] 3GPP TS 29.108: "Application of the Radio Access Network Application Part (RANAP) on the E-interface".
- [23] 3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".
- [24] 3GPP TS 12.20: "Base Station System (BSS) management information".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

Relocation of SRNS: relocation of SRNS is a UMTS functionality used to relocate the serving RNS role from one RNS to another RNS. This UMTS functionality is realised by several elementary procedures executed in several interfaces and by several protocols and it may involve a change in the radio resources used between UTRAN and UE

It is also possible to relocate the serving RNS role from:

- one RNS within UMTS to another relocation target external to UMTS;
- functionality equivalent to the serving RNS role from another relocation source external to UMTS to another RNS.

Serving RNS (SRNS): role an RNS can take with respect to a specific connection between an UE and UTRAN. There is one serving RNS for each UE that has a connection to UTRAN. The serving RNS is in charge of the radio connection between a UE and the UTRAN. The serving RNS terminates the Iu for this UE

Serving RNC (SRNC): SRNC is the RNC belonging to SRNS

SRNC-ID: See [3] for definition

S-RNTI: See [3] for definition

Source RNS: role, with respect to a specific connection between UTRAN and CN, that RNS takes when it decides to initiate a relocation of SRNS

Source RNC: source RNC is the RNC belonging to source RNS

Target RNS: role an RNS gets with respect to a specific connection between UTRAN and CN when it is being a subject of a relocation of SRNS which is being made towards that RNS

Target RNC: target RNC is the RNC belonging to target RNS

Directed retry: Directed retry is the process of assigning a User Equipment to a radio resource that does not belong to the serving RNC e.g. in situations of congestion. It is triggered by the RAB Assignment procedure and employs relocation procedures.

Elementary Procedure: RANAP protocol consists of Elementary Procedures (EPs). An Elementary Procedure is a unit of interaction between the RNS and the CN. These Elementary Procedures are defined separately and are intended to be used to build up complete sequences in a flexible manner. If the independence between some EPs is restricted, it is described under the relevant EP description. Unless otherwise stated by the restrictions, the EPs may be invoked independently of each other as stand alone procedures, which can be active in parallel. Examples on using several RANAP EPs together with each other and EPs from other interfaces can be found in reference [4].

An EP consists of an initiating message and possibly a response message. Three kinds of EPs are used:

- Class 1: Elementary Procedures with response (success and/or failure).
- Class 2: Elementary Procedures without response.

Class 3: Elementary Procedures with possibility of multiple responses.

For Class 1 EPs, the types of responses can be as follows:

Successful:

A signalling message explicitly indicates that the elementary procedure successfully completed with the _ receipt of the response.

Unsuccessful:

- A signalling message explicitly indicates that the EP failed.
- On time supervision expiry (i.e. absence of expected response). -

Successful and Unsuccessful:

One signalling message reports both successful and unsuccessful outcome for the different included requests. _ The response message used is the one defined for successful outcome.

Class 2 EPs are considered always successful.

Class 3 EPs have one or several response messages reporting both successful, unsuccessful outcome of the requests and temporary status information about the requests. This type of EP only terminates through response(s) or EP timer expiry.

Symbols 3.2

Void.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply: . .

	ATTM A deretation I arrestown 2
AAL2	ATM Adaptation Layer type 2
AS	Access Stratum
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode
CC	Call Control
CN	Core Network
CRNC	Controlling RNC
CS	Circuit Switched
DCH	Dedicated Channel
DL	Downlink
DRNC	Drift RNC
DRNS	Drift RNS
DSCH	Downlink Shared Channel
EP	Elementary Procedure
GPRS	General Packet Radio System
GTP	GPRS Tunnelling Protocol
IE	Information Element
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IPv4	Internet Protocol (version 4)
IPv6	Internet Protocol (version 6)
MM	Mobility Management
MSC	Mobile services Switching Center
NAS	Non Access Stratum
N-PDU	Network - Protocol Data Unit
OSP:IHOSS	Octet Stream Protocol: Internet-Hosted Octet Stream Service
P-TMSI	Packet TMSI
PDCP	Packet Data Convergence Protocol
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מרום	Destrat Data Drata sel
PDP	Packet Data Protocol
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol
PS	Packet Switched
QoS	Quality of Service
RAB	Radio Access Bearer
RANAP	Radio Access Network Application Part
RNC	Radio Network Controller
RNS	Radio Network Subsystem
RRC	Radio Resource Control
SAI	Service Area Identifier
SAP	Service Access Point
SCCP	Signalling Connection Control Part
SDU	Service Data Unit
SGSN	Serving GPRS Support Node
SRNC	Serving RNC
SRNS	Serving RNS
TEID	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier
TMSI	Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity
UE	User Equipment
UEA	UMTS Encryption Algorithm
UIA	UMTS Integrity Algorithm
UL	Uplink
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USCH	Uplink Shared Channel
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network
C IIU II (

4 General

4.1 Procedure Specification Principles

The principle for specifying the procedure logic is to specify the functional behaviour of the RNC exactly and completely. The CN functional behaviour is left unspecified. The EPs Relocation Preparation, Reset, Reset Resource and Overload Control are exceptions from this principle.

The following specification principles have been applied for the procedure text in clause 8:

- The procedure text discriminates between:
 - 1) Functionality which "shall" be executed

The procedure text indicates that the receiving node "shall" perform a certain function Y under a certain condition. If the receiving node supports procedure X but cannot perform functionality Y requested in the REQUEST message of a Class 1 of Class 3 EP, the receiving node shall respond with the message used to report unsuccessful outcome for this procedure, containing an appropriate cause value.

2) Functionality which "shall, if supported" be executed

The procedure text indicates that the receiving node "shall, if supported," perform a certain function Y under a certain condition. If the receiving node supports procedure X, but does not support functionality Y, the receiving node shall proceed with the execution of the EP, possibly informing the requesting node about the not supported functionality.

- Any required inclusion of an optional IE in a response message is explicitly indicated in the procedure text. If the procedure text does not explicitly indicate that an optional IE shall be included in a response message, the optional IE shall not be included.

4.2 Forwards and Backwards Compatibility

The forwards and backwards compatibility of the protocol is assured by mechanism where all current and future messages, and IEs or groups of related IEs, include ID and criticality fields that are coded in a standard format that will not be changed in the future. These parts can always be decoded regardless of the standard version.

4.3 Specification Notations

For the purposes of the present document, the following notations apply:

Procedure	When referring to an elementary procedure in the specification the Procedure Name is written with the first letters in each word in upper case characters followed by the word "procedure", e.g. RAB Assignment procedure.
Message	When referring to a message in the specification the MESSAGE NAME is written with all letters in upper case characters followed by the word "message", e.g. RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message.
IE	When referring to an information element (IE) in the specification the <i>Information Element Name</i> is written with the first letters in each word in upper case characters and all letters in Italic font followed by the abbreviation "IE", e.g. <i>User Plane Mode</i> IE.
Value of an IE	When referring to the value of an information element (IE) in the specification the "Value" is written as it is specified in subclause 9.2 enclosed by quotation marks, e.g. "Abstract Syntax Error (Reject)" or "Geographical Coordinates ".

5 RANAP Services

RANAP provides the signalling service between UTRAN and CN that is required to fulfil the RANAP functions described in clause 7. RANAP services are divided into three groups based on Service Access Points (SAP) defined in [16]:

- 1. General control services: They are related to the whole Iu interface instance between RNC and logical CN domain, and are accessed in CN through the General Control SAP. They utilise connectionless signalling transport provided by the Iu signalling bearer.
- 2. Notification services: They are related to specified UEs or all UEs in specified area, and are accessed in CN through the Notification SAP. They utilise connectionless signalling transport provided by the Iu signalling bearer.
- 3. Dedicated control services: They are related to one UE, and are accessed in CN through the Dedicated Control SAP. RANAP functions that provide these services are associated with Iu signalling connection that is maintained for the UE in question. The Iu signalling connection is realised with connection oriented signalling transport provided by the Iu signalling bearer.

6 Services Expected from Signalling Transport

Signalling transport (see [5]) shall provide two different service modes for the RANAP.

- Connection oriented data transfer service. This service is supported by a signalling connection between RNC and CN domain. It shall be possible to dynamically establish and release signalling connections based on the need. Each active UE shall have its own signalling connection. The signalling connection shall provide in sequence delivery of RANAP messages. RANAP shall be notified if the signalling connection breaks.
- 2. Connectionless data transfer service. RANAP shall be notified in case a RANAP message did not reach the intended peer RANAP entity.

7 Functions of RANAP

RANAP protocol has the following functions:

- Relocating serving RNC. This function enables to change the serving RNC functionality as well as the related Iu resources (RAB(s) and Signalling connection) from one RNC to another.
- Overall RAB management. This function is responsible for setting up, modifying and releasing RABs.
- Queuing the setup of RAB. The purpose of this function is to allow placing some requested RABs into a queue, and indicate the peer entity about the queuing.
- Requesting RAB release. While the overall RAB management is a function of the CN, the RNC has the capability to request the release of RAB.
- Release of all Iu connection resources. This function is used to explicitly release all resources related to one Iu connection.
- Requesting the release of all Iu connection resources. While the Iu release is managed from the CN, the RNC has the capability to request the release of all Iu connection resources from the corresponding Iu connection.
- SRNS context forwarding function. This function is responsible for transferring SRNS context from the RNC to the CN for intersystem change in case of packet forwarding.
- Controlling overload in the Iu interface. This function allows adjusting the load in the Iu interface.
- Resetting the Iu. This function is used for resetting an Iu interface.
- Sending the UE Common ID (permanent NAS UE identity) to the RNC. This function makes the RNC aware of the UE's Common ID.
- Paging the user. This function provides the CN for capability to page the UE.
- Controlling the tracing of the UE activity. This function allows setting the trace mode for a given UE. This function also allows the deactivation of a previously established trace.
- Transport of NAS information between UE and CN (see [8]). This function has two sub-classes:
 - 1. Transport of the initial NAS signalling message from the UE to CN. This function transfers transparently the NAS information. As a consequence also the Iu signalling connection is set up.
 - 2. Transport of NAS signalling messages between UE and CN, This function transfers transparently the NAS signalling messages on the existing Iu signalling connection. It also includes a specific service to handle signalling messages differently.
- Controlling the security mode in the UTRAN. This function is used to send the security keys (ciphering and integrity protection) to the UTRAN, and setting the operation mode for security functions.
- Controlling location reporting. This function allows the CN to operate the mode in which the UTRAN reports the location of the UE.
- Location reporting. This function is used for transferring the actual location information from RNC to the CN.
- Data volume reporting function. This function is responsible for reporting unsuccessfully transmitted DL data volume over UTRAN for specific RABs.
- Reporting general error situations. This function allows reporting of general error situations, for which function specific error messages have not been defined.

These functions are implemented by one or several RANAP elementary procedures described in the following clause.

8 RANAP Procedures

8.1 Elementary Procedures

In the following tables, all EPs are divided into Class 1, Class 2 and Class 3 EPs (see subclause 3.1 for explanation of the different classes).

Elementary	Initiating	Successful Outcome	Unsuccessful Outcome
Procedure	Message	Response message	Response message
lu Release	IU RELEASE COMMAND	IU RELEASE COMPLETE	
Relocation Preparation	RELOCATION REQUIRED	RELOCATION COMMAND	RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE
Relocation Resource Allocation	RELOCATION REQUEST	RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE	RELOCATION FAILURE
Relocation Cancel	RELOCATION CANCEL	RELOCATION CANCEL ACKNOWLEDGE	
SRNS Context Transfer	SRNS CONTEXT REQUEST	SRNS CONTEXT RESPONSE	
Security Mode Control	SECURITY MODE COMMAND	SECURITY MODE COMPLETE	SECURITY MODE REJECT
Data Volume Report	DATA VOLUME REPORT REQUEST	DATA VOLUME REPORT	
Reset	RESET	RESET ACKNOWLEDGE	
Reset Resource	RESET RESOURCE	RESET RESOURCE ACKNOWLEDGE	

Table 1: Class 1

Table 2: Class 2

Elementary Procedure	Message
RAB Release Request	RAB RELEASE REQUEST
lu Release Request	IU RELEASE REQUEST
Relocation Detect	RELOCATION DETECT
Relocation Complete	RELOCATION COMPLETE
SRNS Data Forwarding Initiation	SRNS DATA FORWARD COMMAND
SRNS Context Forwarding from	FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT
Source RNC to CN	
SRNS Context Forwarding to	FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT
Target RNC from CN	
Paging	PAGING
Common ID	COMMON ID
CN Invoke Trace	CN INVOKE TRACE
CN Deactivate Trace	CN DEACTIVATE TRACE
Location Reporting Control	LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL
Location Report	LOCATION REPORT
Initial UE Message	INITIAL UE MESSAGE
Direct Transfer	DIRECT TRANSFER
Overload Control	OVERLOAD
Error Indication	ERROR INDICATION

Table 3: Class 3

Elementary Procedure	Initiating Message	Response Message
RAB Assignment	RAB ASSIGNMENT	RAB ASSIGNMENT
-	REQUEST	RESPONSE x N (N>=1)

The following applies concerning interference between Elementary Procedures:

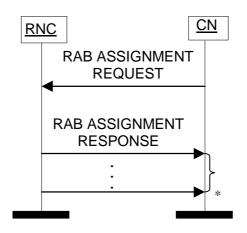
- The Reset procedure takes precedence over all other EPs.
- The Reset Resource procedure takes precedence over all other EPs except the Reset procedure.
- The Iu Release procedure takes precedence over all other EPs except the Reset procedure and the Reset Resource procedure.

8.2 RAB Assignment

8.2.1 General

The purpose of the RAB Assignment procedure is to establish new RABs and/or to enable modifications and/or releases of already established RABs for a given UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.2.2 Successful Operation



* it can be several responses

Figure 1: RAB Assignment procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by sending a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message. When sending the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the CN shall start the T $_{\rm RABAssgt}$ timer.

The CN may request UTRAN to:

- establish,
- modify,
- release

one or several RABs with one RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message.

The CN shall include in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message at least one request to either establish/modify or release a RAB.

The message shall contain the information required by the UTRAN to build the new RAB configuration, such as:

ETSI

- list of RABs to establish or modify with their bearer characteristics;
- list of RABs to release.

For each RAB requested to establish, the message shall contain:

- RAB ID.
- NAS Synchronisation Indicator (only when available).
- RAB parameters (including e.g. Allocation/Retention Priority).
- User Plane Information (i e User Plane Mode and UP Mode Versions).
- Transport Layer Information.
- PDP Type Information (only for PS)
- Data Volume Reporting Indication (only for PS).
- DL GTP-PDU sequence number (only when GTP-PDU sequence number is available in cases of intersystem change from GPRS to UMTS or when establishing a RAB for an existing PDP context or in some further cases described in [21]).
- UL GTP-PDU sequence number (only when GTP-PDU sequence number is available in cases of intersystem change from GPRS to UMTS or when establishing a RAB for an existing PDP context or in some further cases described in [21]).
- DL N-PDU sequence number (only when N-PDU sequence number is available in case of intersystem change from GPRS to UMTS or in some further cases described in [21]).
- UL N-PDU sequence number (only when N-PDU sequence number is available in case of intersystem change from GPRS to UMTS or in some further cases described in [21]).

For each RAB requested to modify, the message may contain:

- RAB ID (mandatory).
- NAS Synchronisation Indicator.
- RAB parameters.
- Transport Layer Information.
- User Plane Information.

The *Transport Layer Information* IE may be present at a RAB modification except in the case when the only other present IE, besides the RAB ID IE, is the *NAS Synchronisation Indicator* IE.

At a RAB modification, the *RAB Parameters* IE shall be present in RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message only when any previously set value for this IE is requested to be modified.

At a RAB modification, the *User Plane Information* IE shall be present in RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message only when any previously set value for this IE is requested to be modified.

For a RAB setup, the *SDU Format Information Parameter* IE in the *RAB Parameters* IE shall be present only if the *User Plane Mode* IE is set to "support mode for pre-defined SDU sizes" and the *Traffic Class* IE is set to either "Conversational" or "Streaming".

If the *RAB Parameters* IE is present for a RAB modification, the *SDU Format Information Parameter* IE in the *RAB Parameters* IE shall be present only if the *Traffic Class* IE is set to either "Conversational" or "Streaming" and if

- either the User Plane mode is currently "support mode for pre-defined SDU sizes" and the *User Plane Mode* IE is not contained in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message

- or if the *User Plane Mode* IE optionally contained within the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message is set to "support mode for pre-defined SDU sizes".

If, for a RAB requested to be modified, one (or more) of these IEs except *RAB ID* IE are not present in RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message the RNC shall continue to use the value(s) currently in use for the not present IEs.

For each RAB request to release, the message shall contain:

- RAB ID.
- Cause.

Upon reception of the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message UTRAN shall execute the requested RAB configuration.

The same RAB ID shall only be present once in the whole RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message.

The RAB ID shall identify uniquely the RAB for the specific CN domain for the particular UE, which makes the RAB ID unique over the Iu connection on which the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message is received. When a RAB ID already in use over that particular Iu instance is used, the procedure is considered as modification of that RAB.

The RNC shall pass the contents of *RAB ID* IE to the radio interface protocol for each RAB requested to establish or modify.

The RNC shall establish or modify the resources according to the values of the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE (priority level, pre-emption indicators, queuing) and the resource situation as follows:

- The RNC shall consider the priority level of the requested RAB, when deciding on the resource allocation.
- If the requested RAB is allowed for queuing and the resource situation so requires, RNC may place the RAB in the establishment queue.
- The priority levels and the pre-emption indicators may (singularly or in combination) be used to determine whether the RAB assignment has to be performed unconditionally and immediately. If the requested RAB is marked as "may trigger pre-emption" and the resource situation so requires, RNC may trigger the pre-emption procedure which may then cause the forced release of a lower priority RAB which is marked as "pre-emptable". Whilst the process and the extent of the pre-emption procedure is operator dependent, the pre-emption indicators, if given in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, shall be treated as follows:
 - 1. The values of the last received *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE and *Priority Level* IE shall prevail.
 - 2. If the *Pre-emption Capability* IE is set to "may trigger pre-emption", then this allocation request may trigger the pre-emption procedure.
 - 3. If the *Pre-emption Capability* IE is set to "shall not trigger pre-emption", then this allocation request shall not trigger the pre-emption procedure.
 - 4. If the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE is set to "pre-emptable", then this connection shall be included in the pre-emption process.
 - 5. If the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE is set to "not pre-emptable", then this connection shall not be included in the pre-emption process.
 - 6. If the *Priority Level* IE is set to "no priority" the given values for the *Pre-emption Capability* IE and *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE shall not be considered. Instead the values "shall not trigger pre-emption" and "not pre-emptable" shall prevail.
- If the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE is not given in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the allocation request shall not trigger the pre-emption process and the connection may be pre-empted and considered to have the value "lowest" as priority level. Moreover, queuing shall not be allowed.
- The UTRAN pre-emption process shall keep the following rules:
 - 1. UTRAN shall only pre-empt RABs with lower priority, in ascending order of priority.
 - 2. The pre-emption may be done for RABs belonging to the same UE or to other UEs.

If the *NAS Synchronisation Indicator* IE is contained in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the RNC shall pass it to the radio interface protocol for the transfer to the UE.

If the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this to configure any compression algorithms.

If the Service Handover IE is included, this tells if the RAB:

- should be handed over to GSM, i.e. from NAS point of view, the RAB should be handed over to GSM as soon as possible although the final decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is still made in UTRAN.
- should not be handed over to GSM, i.e. from NAS point of view, the RAB should remain in UMTS as long as possible although the final decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is still made in UTRAN.
- shall not be handed over to GSM, i.e. the RAB shall never be handed over to GSM. This means that UTRAN shall not initiate handover to GSM for the UE unless the RABs with this indication have first been released with the normal release procedures.

The value of the *Service Handover* IE is valid throughout the lifetime of the RAB or until changed by a RAB modification.

The Service Handover IE shall only influence decisions made regarding UTRAN initiated inter-system handovers.

If the *Service Handover* IE is not included, the decision whether to perform an inter-system handover to GSM is only an internal UTRAN matter.

UTRAN shall report to CN, in the first RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message, the result for all the requested RABs, such as:

- List of RABs successfully established or modified.
- List of RABs released.
- List of RABs queued.
- List of RABs failed to establish or modify.
- List of RABs failed to release.

The same RAB ID shall only be present once in the whole RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

For each RAB successfully established towards the PS domain, the RNC shall include the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Iu Transport Association* IE in the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

For each RAB successfully modified or released towards the PS domain, for which data volume reporting has been requested, the RNC shall include the *DL Data Volumes* IE in the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

For each RAB successfully released towards the PS domain, the RNC shall include in the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message, if available, the *DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number* IE and the *UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number* IE, if the release was initiated by UTRAN.

The RNC shall report in the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message at least one RAB:

- setup/modified or;
- released or;
- queued or;
- failed to setup/modify or;
- failed to release.

For the CS domain, UTRAN shall report the successful outcome of a specific RAB to establish or modify only after the Iu user plane at RNL level is ready to be used in UL and DL. The transport network control plane signalling required to set up the transport bearer shall use the *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Iu Transport Association* IE. At a RAB modification, it is up to the RNC to decide if a new transport bearer shall be set up or if the already existing transport bearer shall be used. If the RNC decides to establish a new transport bearer, the transport network control plane signalling shall use the included *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Iu Transport Association* IE. Then the switch over to this new transport bearer shall be done immediately after transport bearer establishment and initialisation of the user

plane mode. If no Transport Layer Information was included in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message at a RAB modification, no transport network control plane signalling shall occur.

For each RAB successfully modified towards the PS domain, if the RNC has changed the *Transport Layer Address* IE and/or the *Iu Transport Association* IE, it shall include the new value(s) in the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

Before reporting the successful outcome of a specific RAB to establish or modify, the RNC shall have executed the initialisation of the user plane mode as requested by the CN in the *User Plane Mode* IE. This initialisation is described in [6].

In case of establishment of a RAB for the PS domain, the CN must be prepared to receive user data before the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message has been received.

If none of the RABs have been queued, the CN shall stop timer T_{RABAssgt}. And the RAB Assignment procedure terminates. In that case, the procedure shall also be terminated in UTRAN.

When the request to establish or modify one or several RABs is put in the queue, UTRAN shall start the timer $T_{QUEUING}$. This timer specifies the maximum time for queuing of the request of establishment or modification. The same timer $T_{QUEUING}$ is supervising all RABs being queued.

For each RAB that is queued the following outcomes shall be possible:

- successfully established or modified;
- failed to establish or modify;
- failed due to expiry of the timer T_{QUEUING}.

For the queued RABs, indicated in the first RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message, UTRAN shall report the outcome of the queuing for every RAB individually or for several RABs in subsequent RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message(s). This is left to implementation. UTRAN shall stop $T_{QUEUING}$ when all RABs have been either successfully established or modified or failed to establish or modify. The RAB Assignment procedure is then terminated both in CN and UTRAN when all RABs have been responded to.

When CN receives the response that one or several RABs are queued, CN shall expect UTRAN to provide the outcome of the queuing function for each RAB before expiry of the T_{RABAssgt} timer. In case the timer T_{RABAssgt} expires, the CN shall consider the RAB Assignment procedure terminated and the RABs not reported shall be considered as failed.

In the case the timer $T_{QUEUING}$ expires, the RAB Assignment procedure terminates in UTRAN for all queued RABs, and UTRAN shall respond for all of them in one RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message. The RAB Assignment procedure shall also be terminated in CN.

In case a request to modify or release a RAB contains the RAB ID of a RAB being queued, the RAB shall be taken out of the queue and treated according to the second request. The first request shall be responded to as a RAB failed to setup or modify with the cause value "Request superseded".

When UTRAN reports unsuccessful establishment/modification of a RAB, the cause value should be precise enough to enable the core network to know the reason for unsuccessful establishment/modification. Typical cause values are: "Requested Traffic Class not Available", "Invalid RAB Parameters Value", "Requested Maximum Bit Rate not Available", "Requested Maximum Bit Rate for DL not Available", "Requested Maximum Bit Rate for UL not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for DL not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for UL not Available", "Requested Transfer Delay not Achievable", "Invalid RAB Parameters Combination", "Condition Violation for SDU Parameters", "Condition Violation for Traffic Handling Priority", "Condition Violation for Guaranteed Bit Rate", "User Plane Versions not Supported", "Iu UP Failure", "Iu Transport Connection Failed to Establish".

If the RAB ID of a RAB requested to be released is unknown in the RNC, this shall be reported as a RAB failed to release with the cause value "Invalid RAB ID".

The RNC may indicate an impending directed retry attempt to GSM by sending RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message with a RAB ID included in the list of RABs failed to setup and a cause value of "Directed Retry".

The RNC shall be prepared to receive a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message containing a *RABs To Be Released* IE at any time and shall always reply to it. If there is an ongoing RAB Assignment procedure for a RAB indicated

within the *RABs To Be Released* IE, the RNC shall discard the preceding RAB Assignment procedure for that specific RAB, release any related resources and report the released RAB within the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

After sending RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message containing RAB ID within the *RABs Released* IE, the RNC shall be prepared to receive new establishment request of a RAB identified by the same RAB ID.

8.2.3 Unsuccessful Operation

The unsuccessful operation for this Class 3 Elementary procedure is described under the Successful Operation chapter.

8.2.4 Abnormal Conditions

For a RAB requested to be modified, if only the *RAB ID* IE, the *NAS Synchronisation Indicator* IE and the *Transport Layer Information* IE are included in the *First Setup or Modify Item* IE this RAB shall not be modified, and the corresponding *RAB ID* IE with *Cause* IE shall be included in the "RABs Failed To Setup Or Modify List" in the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

If, for a RAB requested to be setup towards the PS domain, any of these following IEs:

- PDP Type Information.
- Data Volume Reporting Indication.

is not present, the RNC shall continue with the procedure.

Interactions with Relocation Preparation procedure:

If the relocation becomes necessary during the RAB Assignment procedure, the RNC may interrupt the ongoing RAB Assignment procedure and initiate the Relocation Preparation procedure as follows:

- 1. The RNC shall terminate the RAB Assignment procedure indicating unsuccessful RAB configuration modification:
 - for all queued RABs;
 - for RABs not already established or modified, and
 - for RABs not already released;

with the cause "Relocation triggered".

- 2. The RNC shall terminate the RAB Assignment procedure indicating successful RAB configuration modification:
 - for RABs already established or modified but not yet reported to the CN, and
 - for RABs already released but not yet reported to the CN.
- 3. The RNC shall report this outcome of the procedure in one RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.
- 4. The RNC shall invoke relocation by sending the RELOCATION REQUIRED message to the active CN node(s).
- 5. The CN shall terminate the RAB Assignment procedure at reception of the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

Directed retry from UMTS to GSM (CS domain only).

In the case where the RNC has no RAB configuration for a particular UE in the CS domain, and the RNC receives a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message for that UE requesting the establishment of one RAB only, a directed retry to perform inter-system handover to GSM may be initiated. In this case the RNC may interrupt the ongoing RAB Assignment procedure and initiate the Relocation Preparation procedure as follows:

- 1. The RNC shall terminate the RAB Assignment procedure indicating unsuccessful RAB configuration modification of that RAB with the cause "Directed retry".
- 2. The RNC shall report this outcome of the procedure in one RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

3. The RNC shall invoke relocation by sending the RELOCATION REQUIRED message to the active CN node, with the cause "Directed Retry".

4. The CN shall terminate the RAB Assignment procedure at reception of the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

8.3 RAB Release Request

8.3.1 General

The purpose of the RAB Release Request procedure is to enable UTRAN to request the release of one or several radio access bearers. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.3.2 Successful Operation

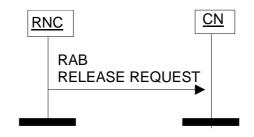


Figure 2: RAB Release Request procedure. Successful operation.

The RNC shall initiate the procedure by generating a RAB RELEASE REQUEST message towards the CN. The *RABs To Be Released* IE shall indicate the list of RABs requested to release and the *Cause* IE associated to each RAB shall indicate the reason for the release, e.g. "RAB pre-empted", "Release due to UTRAN Generated Reason".

Upon reception of the RAB RELEASE REQUEST message, the CN should initiate the appropriate release procedure for the identified RABs in the RAB RELEASE REQUEST message. It is up to the CN to decide how to react to the request.

Interaction with Iu Release Command:

If no RABs will remain according to the RAB RELEASE REQUEST message, the CN may decide to initiate the Iu Release procedure if it does not want to keep the Iu signalling connection. The cause value to use is "No Remaining RAB".

Interaction with RAB Assignment (release RAB):

If the CN decides to release some or all indicated RABs, the CN may decide to invoke the RAB Assignment procedure (release RAB) to this effect.

8.3.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.4 Iu Release Request

8.4.1 General

The purpose of the Iu Release Request procedure is to enable UTRAN to request the CN to release the Iu connection for a particular UE due to some UTRAN generated reason (e.g. "O&M Intervention", "Unspecified Failure", "User Inactivity", "Repeated Integrity Checking Failure", "Release due to UE generated signalling connection release", "Radio Connection With UE Lost"). The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.4.2 Successful Operation



Figure 3: lu Release Request procedure. Successful operation.

The RNS controlling the Iu connection(s) of that particular UE shall initiate the procedure by generating an IU RELEASE REQUEST message towards the affected CN domain(s). The procedure may be initiated for instance when the contact with a particular UE is lost or due to user inactivity.

The IU RELEASE REQUEST message shall indicate the cause value for the requested Iu connection release. It is up to the CN to decide how to react to the request.

Interactions with Iu Release procedure:

If the CN decides to release the Iu connection, the CN shall initiate the Iu Release procedure.

8.4.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.5 lu Release

8.5.1 General

The purpose of the Iu Release procedure is to enable the CN to release the Iu connection and all UTRAN resources related only to that Iu connection to be released. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

The Iu Release procedure can be initiated for at least the following reasons:

- Completion of transaction between UE and CN.
- UTRAN generated reasons, e.g. reception of IU RELEASE REQUEST message.
- Completion of successful relocation of SRNS.
- Cancellation of relocation after successful completion of the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure.

8.5.2 Successful Operation

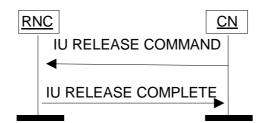


Figure 4: lu Release procedure. Successful operation.

The procedure is initiated by the CN by sending an IU RELEASE COMMAND message to the UTRAN.

After the IU RELEASE COMMAND message has been sent, the CN shall not send further RANAP connection oriented messages on this particular connection.

The IU RELEASE COMMAND message shall include a *Cause* IE, indicating the reason for the release (e.g. "Successful Relocation", "Normal Release", "Release due to UTRAN Generated Reason", "Relocation Cancelled", "No Remaining RAB").

When the RNC receives the IU RELEASE COMMAND message:

- Clearing of the related UTRAN resources is initiated. However, the UTRAN shall not clear resources related to other Iu signalling connections the UE might have. The Iu transport bearers for RABs subject to data forwarding and other UTRAN resources used for the GTP-PDU forwarding process, are released by the RNC only when the timer T_{DATAfwd} expires.
- 2. The RNC returns any assigned Iu user plane resources to idle i.e. neither uplink user data nor downlink user data can be transferred over the Iu interface anymore. Then the RNC sends an IU RELEASE COMPLETE message to the CN. (The RNC does not need to wait for the release of UTRAN radio resources or for the transport network layer signalling to be completed before returning the IU RELEASE COMPLETE message.) When an IU RELEASE COMPLETE message is sent, the procedure is terminated in the UTRAN.

The IU RELEASE COMPLETE message shall include a *RABs Data Volume Report* IE for RABs towards the PS domain for which data volume reporting was requested during RAB establishment.

If the release was initiated by UTRAN, for each RAB towards the PS domain, for which the *DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number* IE and/or the *UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number* IE are (is) available, the RNC shall include the available sequence number(s) in the *RABs Released Item* IE (within the *RAB Released List* IE) in the IU RELEASE COMPLETE message.

The RAB Release Item IE shall not be present if there is no sequence number to be reported for that RAB.

Reception of an IU RELEASE COMPLETE message terminates the procedure in the CN.

8.5.3 Abnormal Conditions

If the Iu Release procedure is not initiated towards the source RNC from the CN before the expiry of timer $T_{RELOCoverall}$, the source RNC should initiate the Iu Release Request procedure towards the CN with a cause value " $T_{RELOCoverall}$ expiry".

8.6 Relocation Preparation

8.6.1 General

The purpose of the Relocation Preparation procedure is to prepare relocation of SRNS either with involving UE or without involving UE. The relocation procedure shall be co-ordinated in all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE in order to allow Relocation co-ordination in the target RNC. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

The source RNC shall not initiate the Relocation Preparation procedure for an Iu signalling connection if a Prepared Relocation exists in the RNC for that Iu signalling connection or if a Relocation Preparation procedure is ongoing for that Iu signalling connection.

8.6.2 Successful Operation

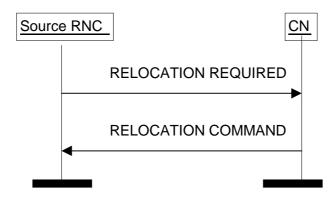


Figure 5: Relocation Preparation procedure. Successful operation.

The source RNC shall initiate the procedure by generating RELOCATION REQUIRED message. The source RNC shall decide whether to initiate the intra-system Relocation or the inter-system handover. In case of intra-system Relocation the source RNC shall indicate in the *Source ID* IE the RNC-ID of the source RNC and in the *Target ID* IE the RNC-ID of the target RNC. In case of inter-system handover the source RNC shall indicate in the *Source ID* IE the Service Area Identifier and in the *Target ID* IE the cell global identity of the cell in the target system. The source RNC shall indicate the appropriate cause value for the Relocation in the *Cause* IE. Typical cause values are "Time critical Relocation", "Resource optimisation relocation", "Relocation desirable for radio reasons", "Directed Retry".

The source RNC shall determine whether the relocation of SRNS shall be executed with or without involvement of UE. The source RNC shall set the *Relocation Type* IE accordingly to "UE involved in relocation of SRNS" or "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS".

In case of intra-system Relocation, the source RNC shall include in the RELOCATION REQUIRED message the *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE. This container shall include the *Relocation Type* IE and the number of Iu signalling connections existing for the UE by setting correctly the *Number of Iu Instances* IE. If available, this container shall further include the *Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm* IE and the *Integrity Protection Key* IE. If ciphering is active, this container shall include, for ciphering information of signalling data, the *Chosen Encryption Algorithm* IE and the *Ciphering Key* IE, for ciphering information of CS user data the *Chosen Encryption Algorithm CS* IE and for ciphering information of PS user data the *Chosen Encryption Algorithm PS* IE. This container shall include the *RRC Container* IE. If the *Relocation Type* IE is set to "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS" and the UE is using DCH(s), DSCH(s) or USCH(s), the *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE shall include the mapping between each RAB subflow and transport channel identifier(s), i.e. if the RAB is carried on a DCH(s), the DCH ID(s) shall be included, and when it is carried on DSCH(s) or USCH(s), the *DSCH* ID(s) or USCH ID(s) respectively shall be included. If the *Relocation Type* IE is set to "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS", the *d-RNTI* IE shall be included in the *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE. If the relocation of SRNS", the *Target Cell ID* IE shall be included in the *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE. If the relocation of SRNS", the *Target Cell ID* IE shall be included in the *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE.

In case of inter-system handover to GSM the RNC:

- shall include *MS Classmark 2* and *MS Classmark 3* IEs received from the UE in the RELOCATION REQUIRED message to the CN.

- shall include the *Old BSS to New BSS* IE within the RELOCATION REQUIRED message only if the information is available.

The source RNC shall send the RELOCATION REQUIRED message to the CN and the source RNC shall start the timer $T_{RELOCprep.}$

When the preparation including resource allocation in the target system is ready and the CN has decided to continue the relocation of SRNS, the CN shall send RELOCATION COMMAND message to the source RNC and the CN shall start the timer $T_{RELOCcomplete}$.

If the *Target RNC To Source RNC Transparent Container* IE or the *L3 information* IE is received by the CN from the relocation target, it shall be included in the RELOCATION COMMAND message.

For each RAB successfully established in the target system and originating from the PS domain, the RELOCATION COMMAND message shall contain Iu transport address and Iu transport association to be used for the forwarding of the DL N-PDU duplicates towards the relocation target. Upon reception of the RELOCATION COMMAND message from the PS domain, the source RNC shall start the timer T_{DATAfwd}.

The Relocation Preparation procedure is terminated in the CN by transmission of RELOCATION COMMAND message.

If the target system (including target CN) does not support all existing RABs, the RELOCATION COMMAND message shall contain a list of RABs indicating all the RABs that are not supported by the target system. This list is contained in the *RABs to Be Released* IE. The source RNC shall use this information to avoid transferring associated contexts where applicable and may use this information e.g. to decide if to cancel the relocation or not. The resources associated with these not supported RABs shall not be released until the relocation is completed. This is in order to make a return to the old configuration possible in case of a failed or cancelled relocation.

Upon reception of RELOCATION COMMAND message the source RNC shall stop the timer $T_{RELOCprep}$, RNC shall start the timer $T_{RELOCOverall}$ and RNC shall terminate the Relocation Preparation procedure. The source RNC is then defined to have a Prepared Relocation for that Iu signalling connection.

When Relocation Preparation procedure is terminated successfully and when the source RNC is ready, the source RNC should trigger the execution of relocation of SRNS.

Interactions with other procedures:

If, after RELOCATION REQUIRED message is sent and before the Relocation Preparation procedure is terminated, the source RNC receives a RANAP message initiating an other connection oriented RANAP class 1 or class 3 procedure (except IU RELEASE COMMAND message, which shall be handled normally) via the same Iu signalling connection, the source RNC shall either:

1. cancel the Relocation Preparation procedure i.e. execute Relocation Cancel procedure with an appropriate value for the *Cause* IE, e.g. "Interaction with other procedure", and after successful completion of Relocation Cancel procedure, the source RNC shall continue the initiated RANAP procedure;

or

2. terminate the initiated RANAP procedure without any changes in UTRAN by sending appropriate response message with the cause value "Relocation Triggered" to the CN. The source RNC shall then continue the relocation of SRNS.

If during the Relocation Preparation procedure the source RNC receives a DIRECT TRANSFER message it shall be handled normally.

If during the Relocation Preparation procedure the source RNC receives connection oriented RANAP class 2 messages (with the exception of DIRECT TRANSFER message) it shall decide to either execute the procedure immediately or suspend it. In the case the relocation is cancelled the RNC shall resume any suspended procedures (if any).

After Relocation Preparation procedure is terminated successfully, all RANAP messages (except IU RELEASE COMMAND message, which shall be handled normally) received via the same Iu signalling bearer shall be ignored by the source RNC.

8.6.3 Unsuccessful Operation

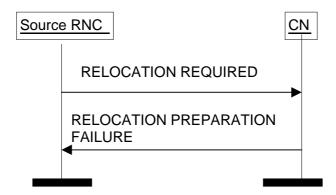


Figure 6: Relocation Preparation procedure. Unsuccessful operation.

If the CN or target system is not able to even partially accept the relocation of SRNS or a failure occurs during the Relocation Preparation procedure in the CN or the CN decides not to continue the relocation of SRNS, the CN shall send RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE message to the source RNC.

RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE message shall contain appropriate value for the *Cause* IE e.g. "T_{RELOCalloc} expiry", "Relocation Failure in Target CN/RNC or Target System", "Relocation not supported in Target RNC or Target System".

Transmission of RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE message terminates the procedure in the CN. Reception of RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE message terminates the procedure in UTRAN.

When the Relocation Preparation procedure is unsuccessfully terminated, the existing Iu signalling connection can be used normally.

If the Relocation Preparation procedure is terminated unsuccessfully, the CN shall release the possibly existing Iu signalling connection for the same UE and related to the same relocation of SRNS towards the target RNC by initiating Iu Release procedure towards the target RNC with an appropriate value for the *Cause* IE, e.g. "Relocation Cancelled".

Interactions with Relocation Cancel procedure:

If there is no response from the CN to the RELOCATION REQUIRED message before timer $T_{RELOCprep}$ expires in the source RNC, the source RNC shall cancel the Relocation Preparation procedure by initiating the Relocation Cancel procedure with appropriate value for the *Cause* IE, e.g. "T_{RELOCprep} expiry".

8.6.4 Abnormal Conditions

If the target RNC, which was indicated in the RELOCATION REQUIRED message, is not known to the CN:

- 1. The CN shall reject the relocation of SRNS by sending a RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE message to the source RNC with *Cause* IE set to "Unknown target RNC".
- 2. The CN shall continue to use the existing Iu connection towards the source RNC.
- NOTE: In case two CN domains are involved in the SRNS Relocation Preparation procedure and the Source RNC receives the *Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container* IE via two CN domains, it may check whether the content of the two *Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container* IE is the same. In case the Source RNC receives two different *Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container* IE, the RNC behaviour is left implementation specific.

8.6.5 Co-ordination of Two Iu Signalling Connections

If the RNC has decided to initiate Relocation Preparation procedure for a UTRAN to UTRAN relocation, the RNC shall initiate simultaneously Relocation Preparation procedure on all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE. The source RNC shall also include the same *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE in the RELOCATION REQUIRED message towards the two domains.

For intersystem handover to GSM, Relocation Preparation procedure shall be initiated only towards the circuit switched CN.

The source RNC shall not trigger the execution of relocation of SRNS unless it has received RELOCATION COMMAND message from all Iu signalling connections for which the Relocation Preparation procedure has been initiated.

If the source RNC receives RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE message from the CN, the RNC shall initiate Relocation Cancel procedure on the other Iu signalling connection for the UE if the other Iu signalling connection exists and if the Relocation Preparation procedure is still ongoing or the procedure has terminated successfully in that Iu signalling connection.

8.7 Relocation Resource Allocation

8.7.1 General

The purpose of the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure is to allocate resources from target RNS for a relocation of SRNS. Procedure shall be co-ordinated in all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.7.2 Successful Operation

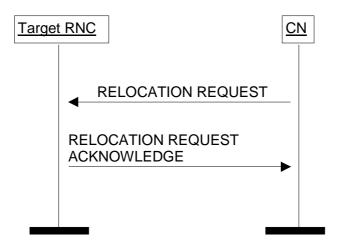


Figure 7: Relocation Resource Allocation procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by generating RELOCATION REQUEST message. In a UTRAN to UTRAN relocation, this message shall contain the information (if any) required by the UTRAN to build the same RAB configuration as existing for the UE before the relocation.

The CN shall transmit the RELOCATION REQUEST message to target RNC and the CN shall start the timer $T_{RELOCalloc.}$

Upon reception of the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall initiate allocation of requested resources.

The RELOCATION REQUEST message shall contain following IEs

- Permanent NAS UE Identity (if available)
- Cause
- CN Domain Indicator
- Source RNC To Target RNC Transparent Container
- Iu Signalling Connection Identifier
- Integrity Protection Information (if available)

For each RAB requested to relocate (or to be created e.g. in the case of inter-system handover), the message shall contain following IEs:

- RAB-ID
- NAS Synchronisation Indicator (if the relevant NAS information is provided by the CN)
- RAB parameters
- User Plane Information
- Transport Layer Address
- Iu Transport Association
- Data Volume Reporting Indication (only for PS)
- PDP Type Information (only for PS)

The RELOCATION REQUEST message may include following IEs:

- Encryption Information (shall not be included if the Integrity Protection Information IE is not included)

For each RAB requested to relocate the message may include following IEs:

- Service Handover

The following information elements received in RELOCATION REQUEST message require the same special actions in the RNC as specified for the same IEs in the RAB Assignment procedure:

- RAB-ID
- User plane Information
- Priority level, queuing and pre-emption indication
- Service Handover

The SDU Format Information Parameter IE in the RAB Parameters IE shall be present only if the User Plane Mode IE is set to "support mode for pre-defined SDU sizes" and the Traffic Class IE is set to either "Conversational" or "Streaming".

If the RELOCATION REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this IE to configure any compression algorithms.

The Cause IE shall contain the same value as the one received in the related RELOCATION REQUIRED message.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the CN, and which the RNC is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

The algorithms within the *Integrity Protection Information* IE and the *Encryption Information* IE shall be ordered in preferred order with the most preferred first in the list.

The *Permitted Encryption Algorithms* IE within the *Encryption Information IE* may contain "no encryption" within an element of its list in order to allow the RNC not to cipher the respective connection. This can be done either by not starting ciphering or by using the UEA0 algorithm. In the absence of the *Encryption Information* IE, the RNC shall not start ciphering.

Following additional actions shall be executed in the target RNC during Relocation Resource Allocation procedure:

If the Relocation Type IE is set to "UE involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a requested RAB only if the RAB can be supported by the target RNC.
- Other RABs shall be rejected by the target RNC in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message with an appropriate value for *Cause* IE, e.g. "Unable to Establish During Relocation".

- The target RNC shall include information adapted to the resulting RAB configuration in the target to source RNC transparent container to be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message sent to the CN. If the target RNC supports triggering of the Relocation Detect procedure via the Iur interface, the RNC shall assign a d-RNTI for the context of the relocation and include it in the container. If two CNs are involved in the relocation of SRNS, the target RNC may, however, decide to send the container to only one CN.

If the Relocation Type IE is set to "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a RAB only if the radio bearer(s) for the RAB either exist(s) already, and can be used for the RAB by the target RNC, or does not exist before the relocation but can be established in order to support the RAB in the target RNC.
- If existing radio bearers are not related to any RAB that is accepted by target RNC, the radio bearers shall be ignored during the relocation of SRNS and the radio bearers shall be released by radio interface protocols after completion of relocation of SRNS.

After all necessary resources for accepted RABs including the initialised Iu user plane, are successfully allocated, the target RNC shall send RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message to the CN.

For each RAB successfully setup the RNC shall include following IEs:

- RAB ID
- Transport Layer Address (only for PS)
- Iu Transport Association (only for PS)

For each RAB the RNC is not able to setup during Relocation Resource Allocation the RNC shall include the *RAB ID* IE and the *Cause* IE within the *RABs Failed To Setup* IE. The resources associated with the RABs indicated as failed to set up shall not be released in the CN until the relocation is completed. This is in order to make a return to the old configuration possible in case of a failed or cancelled relocation.

The RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message sent to the CN shall, if applicable and if not sent via the other CN domain, include the *Target RNC To Source RNC Transparent Container* IE. This container shall be transferred by CN to the source RNC or the external relocation source while completing the Relocation Preparation procedure.

If the *Integrity Protection Information* IE was included in the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the RNC shall include the *Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm* IE within the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message, if the *Encryption Information* IE was included, the RNC shall include the *Chosen Encryption Algorithm* IE.

If one or more of the RABs that the target RNC has decided to support can not be supported by the CN, then these failed RABs shall not be released towards the target RNC until the relocation is completed.

If the NAS Synchronisation Indicator IE is contained in the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall pass it to the source RNC within the RRC Container IE contained in the Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container IE.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message terminates the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

8.7.3 Unsuccessful Operation

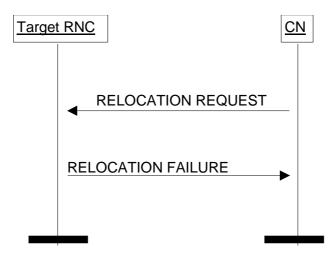


Figure 8: Relocation Resource Allocation procedure: Unsuccessful operation.

If the target RNC can not even partially accept the relocation of SRNS or a failure occurs during the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure in the target RNC, the target RNC shall send RELOCATION FAILURE message to the CN.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION FAILURE message terminates the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

When CN has received RELOCATION FAILURE message from target RNC, CN shall stop timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ and shall assume possibly allocated resources within target RNC completely released.

8.7.4 Abnormal Conditions

If after reception of the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC receives another RELOCATION REQUEST message on the same Iu connection, then the target RNC shall discard the latter message and the original Relocation Resource Allocation procedure shall continue normally.

NOTE: In case two CN domains are involved in the SRNS Relocation Resource Allocation procedure, the Target RNC may check whether the content of the two *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE is the same. In case the Target RNC receives two different *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE, the RNC behaviour is left implementation specific.

Interactions with Iu Release procedure:

If the CN decides to not continue the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure (e.g. due to $T_{RELOCalloc}$ expiry) before the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure is completed, the CN shall stop timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ (if timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ has not already expired) and the CN shall, if the Iu signalling connection has been established or later becomes established, initiate the Iu Release procedure towards the target RNC with an appropriate value for the *Cause* IE, e.g. "Relocation Cancelled".

8.7.5 Co-ordination of Two Iu Signalling Connections

Co-ordination of two Iu signalling connections during Relocation Resource Allocation procedure shall be executed by the target RNC when the *Number of Iu Instances* IE received in the *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE in the RELOCATION REQUEST message indicates that two CN domains are involved in relocation of SRNS.

If two CN domains are involved, the following actions shall be taken by the target RNC:

- The target RNC shall utilise the *Permanent NAS UE Identity* IE, received explicitly by each CN domain within RELOCATION REQUEST message, to co-ordinate both Iu signalling connections.
- The target RNC shall generate and send RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message only after all expected RELOCATION REQUEST messages are received and analysed.

- If the target RNC decides to send the *Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container* IE via the two CN domains, the target RNC shall ensure that the same *Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container* IE is included in RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE messages transmitted via the two CN domains and related to the same relocation of SRNS.

8.8 Relocation Detect

8.8.1 General

The purpose of Relocation Detect procedure is to indicate by the RNC the detection of SRNS relocation execution to the CN. Procedure shall be co-ordinated in all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.8.2 Successful Operation

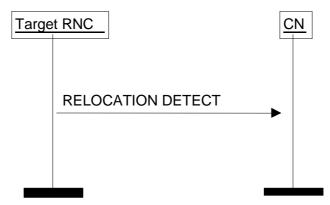


Figure 9: Relocation Detect procedure: Successful operation.

The target RNC shall send RELOCATION DETECT message to the CN when relocation execution trigger is received.

If the type of relocation of SRNS is "UE involved in relocation of SRNS", the relocation execution trigger may be received either from the Uu interface or as an implementation option from the Iur interface. If the type of relocation of SRNS is "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS", the relocation execution trigger is received from the Iur interface.

When RELOCATION DETECT message is sent, the target RNC shall start SRNC operation.

Upon reception of RELOCATION DETECT message, the CN may switch the user plane from the source RNC to the target RNC.

8.8.3 Abnormal Conditions

Interactions with Relocation Complete procedure:

If the RELOCATION COMPLETE message is received by CN before the reception of RELOCATION DETECT message, the CN shall handle the RELOCATION COMPLETE message normally.

8.8.4 Co-ordination of Two Iu Signalling Connections

When Relocation Detect procedure is to be initiated by the target RNC, the target RNC shall initiate the Relocation Detect procedure on all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE between the target RNC and the CN.

8.9 Relocation Complete

8.9.1 General

The purpose of Relocation Complete procedure is to indicate by the target RNC the completion of relocation of SRNS to the CN. Procedure shall be co-ordinated in all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.9.2 Successful Operation



Figure 10: Relocation Complete procedure. Successful operation.

When the new SRNC-ID and serving RNC Radio Network Temporary Identity are successfully exchanged with the UE by the radio protocols, target RNC shall initiate Relocation Complete procedure by sending RELOCATION COMPLETE message to CN. Upon reception of the RELOCATION COMPLETE message by the CN, the CN should then stop the T_{RELOCcomplete} timer.

8.9.3 Abnormal Conditions

If the timer T_{RELOCcomplete} expires:

- The CN should initiate release of Iu connections towards the source and the target RNC by initiating the Iu Release procedure with an appropriate value for the *Cause* IE, e.g. "T_{RELOCcomplete} expiry".

Interactions with the Relocation Detect procedure:

If the RELOCATION DETECT message is not received by CN before reception of RELOCATION COMPLETE message, CN shall handle the RELOCATION COMPLETE message normally.

8.9.4 Co-ordination of Two Iu Signalling Connections

When Relocation Complete procedure is to be initiated by target RNC, target RNC shall initiate the Relocation Complete procedure on all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE between target RNC and CN.

8.10 Relocation Cancel

8.10.1 General

The purpose of the Relocation Cancel procedure is to enable source RNC to cancel an ongoing relocation of SRNS. The Relocation Cancel procedure may be initiated by the source RNC during and after the Relocation Preparation procedure if either of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- 1. Source RNC has not yet initiated the execution of relocation of SRNS, neither via the Iur interface nor via the Uu interface.
- 2. After having initiated the execution of relocation of SRNS the UE has returned to source RNC by transmitting an RRC message which indicates that the UE considers the source RNC as its serving RNC.

The procedure shall be co-ordinated in all Iu signalling connections for which the Relocation Preparation procedure has been initiated. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.10.2 Successful Operation

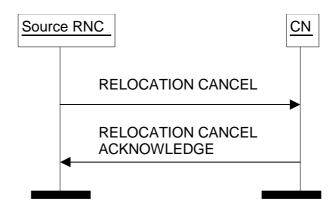


Figure 11: Relocation Cancel procedure. Successful operation.

RNC shall initiate the procedure by sending RELOCATION CANCEL message to CN. This message shall indicate the reason for cancelling the relocation of SRNS by appropriate value of the *Cause* IE. Upon reception of RELOCATION CANCEL message, CN shall send RELOCATION CANCEL ACKNOWLEDGE message to source RNC.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION CANCEL ACKNOWLEDGE message terminates the procedure in CN and source RNC respectively. After this, the source RNC does not have a prepared relocation for that Iu signalling connection.

Interactions with Relocation Preparation procedure:

Upon reception of RELOCATION CANCEL message from source RNC, CN shall locally terminate the possibly ongoing Relocation Preparation procedure towards that RNC and abandon the relocation of SRNS.

If source RNC receives RELOCATION COMMAND message from CN after Relocation Cancel procedure is initiated, source RNC shall ignore the received RELOCATION COMMAND message.

8.10.3 Unsuccessful Operation

Not applicable.

8.10.4 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.10.5 Co-ordination of Two Iu Signalling Connections

If Relocation Cancel procedure is to be initiated due to other reasons than reception of RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE message, Relocation Cancel procedure shall be initiated on all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE in which the Relocation Preparation procedure has not terminated unsuccessfully.

8.11 SRNS Context Transfer

8.11.1 General

The purpose of the SRNS Context Transfer procedure is to trigger the transfer of SRNS contexts from the source RNC to the CN (PS domain) in case of intersystem change or in some further cases described in [21]. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.11.2 Successful Operation

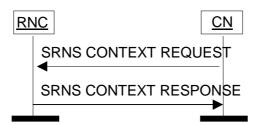


Figure 12: SRNS Context Transfer procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by sending a SRNS CONTEXT REQUEST message to the source RNC. The SRNS CONTEXT REQUEST message shall include the list of RABs whose contexts should be transferred.

The source RNC shall respond to the CN with a SRNS CONTEXT RESPONSE message containing all the referenced RABs including both, successful and unsuccessful RABs transfers. For each RAB whose transfer is successful, the following context information elements shall be included:

- RAB ID;
- always when available, the sequence number for the next downlink GTP-PDU to be sent to the UE i.e. DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number;
- always when available, the sequence number for the next uplink GTP-PDU to be tunnelled to the GGSN i.e. UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number;
- always when available, the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next downlink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been sent to the UE by a source system i.e. *DL N-PDU Sequence Number* IE;
- always when available, the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next uplink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been expected from the UE by a source system i.e. *UL N-PDU Sequence Number* IE.

Transmission and reception of the SRNS CONTEXT RESPONSE message shall terminate the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

8.11.3 Unsuccessful Operation

For each RAB for which UTRAN is not able to transfer the RAB context, e.g. if the RAB ID is unknown to the RNC, this RAB ID is included in the SRNS CONTEXT RESPONSE message together with a *Cause* IE, e.g. "Invalid RAB ID".

8.11.4 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.12 SRNS Data Forwarding Initiation

8.12.1 General

The purpose of the SRNS Data Forwarding procedure is to trigger the transfer of N-PDUs from the RNC to the CN (PS domain) in case of intersystem change or in some further cases described in [21]. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.12.2 Successful Operation



Figure 13: SRNS Data Forwarding Initiation procedure. Successful operation.

CN initiates the procedure by sending SRNS DATA FORWARD COMMAND message to UTRAN. SRNS DATA FORWARD COMMAND message includes the list of RABs towards the PS domain whose data should be forwarded and the necessary information for establishing a GTP tunnel to be used for data forwarding. For each RAB indicated the list shall include the *RAB ID* IE, the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Iu Transport Association* IE.

Upon reception of SRNS DATA FORWARD COMMAND message RNC starts the timer T_{DATAfwd}.

8.12.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.13 SRNS Context Forwarding from Source RNC to CN

8.13.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to transfer SRNS contexts from the source RNC to the CN (PS domain) in case of handover via the CN. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling. SRNS contexts are sent for each concerned RAB among those that are supported by the target system, and for which at least either GTP-PDU or PDCP sequence numbering is available. The contexts contain the sequence numbers of the GTP-PDUs next to be transmitted in the uplink and downlink directions, if available, and the next PDCP sequence numbers that would have been used to send and receive data from the UE, if available.

8.13.2 Successful Operation

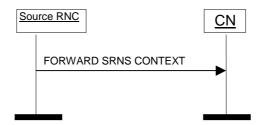


Figure 14: SRNS Context forwarding from source RNC to CN. Successful operation.

The source RNC initialises the procedure by sending FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT message to the CN. The FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT message contains the RAB Context information for each referenced RAB. For each RAB the following information shall be included:

- RAB ID
- always when available, the sequence number for the next downlink GTP-PDU to be sent to the UE, and
- always when available, the sequence number for the next uplink GTP-PDU to be tunnelled to the GGSN;

- always when available, the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next uplink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been expected from the UE by a source system i.e. *UL N-PDU Sequence Number* IE;
- always when available, the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next downlink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been sent to the UE by a source system i.e. *DL N-PDU Sequence Number* IE.

8.13.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.14 SRNS Context Forwarding to Target RNC from CN

8.14.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to transfer SRNS contexts from the CN (PS domain) to the target RNC in case of handover via the CN. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling. SRNS contexts are sent for each referenced RAB, for which at least either GTP-PDU or PDCP sequence numbering is available. The contexts contain the sequence numbers of the GTP-PDUs next to be transmitted in the uplink and downlink directions, if available, and the next PDCP sequence numbers that would have been used to send and receive data from the UE, if available.

8.14.2 Successful Operation

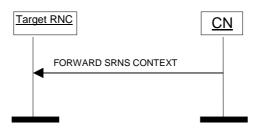


Figure 15: SRNS Context forwarding to target RNC from CN. Successful operation.

The CN initialises the procedure by sending FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT message to the target RNC. The FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT message contains the RAB Context information for each referenced RAB. For each RAB the following information shall be included:

- RAB ID
- always when available, the sequence number for the next downlink GTP-PDU to be sent to the UE, and
- always when available, the sequence number for the next uplink GTP-PDU to be tunnelled to the GGSN;
- always when available, the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next uplink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been expected from the UE by a source system i.e. *UL N-PDU Sequence Number* IE;
- always when available, the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next downlink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been sent to the UE by a source system i.e. *DL N-PDU Sequence Number* IE.

8.14.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.15 Paging

8.15.1 General

The purpose of the Paging procedure is to enable the CN to request the UTRAN to contact that UE. The procedure uses connectionless signalling.

8.15.2 Successful Operation



Figure 16: Paging procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by sending a PAGING message. The PAGING message shall contain following IEs:

- CN Domain Indicator.
- Permanent NAS UE Identity.
- DRX Cycle Length Coefficient (if available).

The PAGING message may contain following IEs:

- Temporary UE Identity.
- Paging Area.
- Paging Cause.
- Non Searching Indicator.

The CN Domain Indicator IE shall be used by the RNC to identify from which CN domain the PAGING message originates.

The *Permanent NAS UE Identity* IE (i.e. IMSI) shall be used by the UTRAN paging co-ordination function to check if a signalling connection towards the other CN domain already exists for this UE. In that case, the radio interface paging message shall be sent via that connection instead of using the paging broadcast channel.

The *Temporary UE Identity* IE (e.g. TMSI) is the temporary identity of the user (allocated by that CN Domain) which can be used in a radio interface paging message. If the *Temporary UE Identity* IE is not included in the PAGING message, the RNC shall use the *Permanent NAS UE Identity* instead – if no signalling connection exists.

The *Paging Area* IE shall be used by the RNC to identify the area in which the radio interface paging message shall be broadcast in case no signalling connection, as described above, already exists for the UE. If the *Paging Area* IE is not included in the PAGING message, the whole RNC area shall be used as Paging Area – if no signalling connection exists for that UE.

The *Paging Cause* IE shall indicate to the RNC the reason for sending the PAGING message. The paging cause is transferred transparently to the UE.

The *Non Searching Indication* IE shall, if present, be used by the RNC to decide whether the UTRAN paging coordination function needs to be activated or not. In the absence of this IE, UTRAN paging co-ordination shall be performed. The *DRX Cycle Length Coefficient* IE may be included in the PAGING message, and if present, the UTRAN shall, when applicable, use it for calculating the paging occasions for the UE.

It should be noted that each PAGING message on the Iu interface relates to only one UE and therefore the RNC has to pack the pages into the relevant radio interface paging message.

The core network is responsible for the paging repetition over the Iu interface.

8.15.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.16 Common ID

8.16.1 General

The purpose of the Common ID procedure is to inform the RNC about the permanent NAS UE Identity (i.e. IMSI) of a user. This is used by the RNC e.g. to create a reference between the permanent NAS UE identity of the user and the RRC connection of that user for UTRAN paging co-ordination. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.16.2 Successful Operation



Figure 17: Common ID procedure. Successful operation.

After having established an Iu signalling connection, and if the Permanent NAS UE identity (i.e. IMSI) is available, the CN shall send a COMMON ID message, containing the *Permanent NAS UE Identity* IE to the RNC. The RNC shall associate the permanent identity to the RRC Connection of that user and shall save it for the duration of the RRC connection.

8.16.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.17 CN Invoke Trace

8.17.1 General

The purpose of the CN Invoke Trace procedure is to inform the RNC that it should begin producing a trace record of a type indicated by the CN and related to the UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.17.2 Successful Operation



Figure 18: CN Invoke Trace procedure. Successful operation.

The CN Invoke Trace procedure is invoked by the CN by sending a CN INVOKE TRACE message to the RNC.

The CN INVOKE TRACE message shall include the *Trace Type* IE to indicate the events and parameters to be recorded.

The message shall include a Trace Reference IE which is allocated by the entity which triggered the trace.

The message may include the OMC ID IE, which if present, indicates the OMC to which the record is destined.

The message may include the UE Identity IE, which if present, indicates the UE to which this record pertains to.

The message may include the Trigger ID IE, which if present, indicates the entity which triggered the trace.

The *Trace Reference* and *Trigger ID* IEs are used to tag the trace record to allow simpler construction of the total record by the entity which combines trace records.

Interaction with Relocation:

The order to perform tracing is lost in UTRAN at successful Relocation of SRNS. If the tracing shall continue also after the relocation has been performed, the CN Invoke Trace procedure shall thus be re-initiated from the CN towards the future SRNC after the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure has been executed successfully.

8.17.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.18 Security Mode Control

8.18.1 General

The purpose of the Security Mode Control procedure is to allow the CN to pass cipher and integrity mode information to the UTRAN. UTRAN uses this information to select and load the encryption device for user and signalling data with the appropriate parameters, and also to store the appropriate parameters for the integrity algorithm. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.18.2 Successful Operation

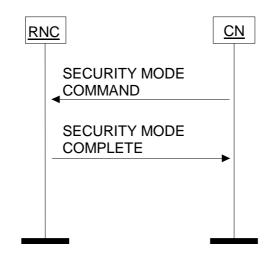


Figure 19: Security Mode Control procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall start the procedure by sending to the UTRAN a SECURITY MODE COMMAND message. This message may contain the *Encryption Information* IE and shall contain the *Integrity Protection Information* IE, specifying, in preferred order with the most preferred first in the list, which ciphering, if any, and integrity protection algorithms may be used by the UTRAN.

The *Permitted Encryption Algorithms* IE within the *Encryption Information IE* may contain "no encryption" within an element of its list in order to allow the RNC not to cipher the respective connection. This can be done either by not starting ciphering or by using the UEA0 algorithm. In the absence of the *Encryption Information* group IE in SECURITY MODE COMMAND message, the RNC shall not start ciphering.

Upon reception of the SECURITY MODE COMMAND message, the UTRAN shall internally select appropriate algorithms, taking into account the UE/UTRAN capabilities. If a signalling connection already exists towards the other core network domain, and integrity protection and ciphering information has been received from that core network domain, the same algorithm(s) as being used for that core network domain shall be selected. This also means for encryption that if "no encryption" or no *Encryption Information* IE has been received from the first core network domain and ciphering has not been started, ciphering shall also not be started for the second core network domain. The UTRAN shall then trigger the execution of the corresponding radio interface procedure and, if applicable, start/restart the encryption device and also start/restart the integrity protection.

The CN may send a SECURITY MODE COMMAND message towards the RNC also when integrity protection and possibly ciphering has already been started for an existing signalling connection towards that core network domain. This may be used to activate new integrity protection and ciphering keys. The included integrity protection and ciphering information shall then support (at least) the integrity protection alternative and the ciphering alternative presently being used and the *Key Status* IE shall have the value "New".

When the execution of the radio interface procedure is successfully finished, UTRAN shall return a SECURITY MODE COMPLETE message to the CN. This message shall include the *Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm* IE and may include the *Chosen Encryption Algorithm* IE.

The *Chosen Encryption Algorithm* IE shall be included in the SECURITY MODE COMPLETE message if, and only if the *Encryption Information* IE was included in the SECURITY MODE COMMAND message.

The set of permitted algorithms specified in the SECURITY MODE COMMAND message shall remain applicable for subsequent RAB Assignments and Intra-UTRAN Relocations.

In case of a UE with Radio Access Bearers towards both core networks, the user data towards CS shall always be ciphered with the ciphering key received from CS and the user data towards PS with the ciphering key received from PS. The signalling data shall always be ciphered with the last received ciphering key and integrity protected with the last received integrity protection key from any of the two CNs.

8.18.3 Unsuccessful Operation

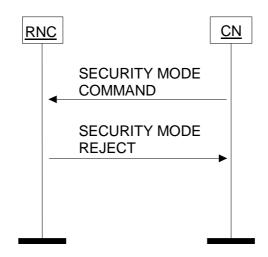


Figure 20: Security Mode Control procedure. Unsuccessful operation.

If the UTRAN or the UE is unable to support the ciphering and/or integrity protection algorithms specified in the SECURITY MODE COMMAND message, then the UTRAN shall return to CN a SECURITY MODE REJECT message with cause value "Requested Ciphering and/or Integrity Protection Algorithms not Supported". If the radio interface Security Control procedure fails, a SECURITY MODE REJECT message shall be sent to CN with cause value "Failure in the Radio Interface Procedure".

8.18.4 Abnormal Conditions

If, when establishing a signalling connection towards a second core network domain, the integrity protection and ciphering information specified in the SECURITY MODE COMMAND message does not support the integrity protection alternative and the ciphering alternative presently being used, a SECURITY MODE REJECT message shall be sent to the second core network domain with cause value "Conflict with already existing Integrity protection and/or Ciphering information".

If, upon reception of a SECURITY MODE COMMAND message from a core network domain with an already existing signalling connection from that core nework domain and for which integrity protection and possibly ciphering has already been started, the *Key Status* IE has the value "Old", a SECURITY MODE REJECT message shall be returned with cause value "Conflict with already existing Integrity protection and/or Ciphering information".

If, upon reception of a SECURITY MODE COMMAND message from a core network domain with an already existing signalling connection and for which integrity protection and possibly ciphering has already been started, the included integrity protection and ciphering information does not support the integrity protection alternative and the ciphering alternative presently being used, a SECURITY MODE REJECT message shall be returned with cause value "Conflict with already existing Integrity protection and/or Ciphering information".

8.19 Location Reporting Control

8.19.1 General

The purpose of the Location Reporting Control procedure is to allow the CN to request information on the location of a given UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.19.2 Successful Operation



Figure 21: Location Reporting Control procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by generating a LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL message.

The Request Type IE shall indicate to the serving RNC whether:

- to report directly;
- to report upon change of Service area, or
- to stop reporting at change of Service Area.

If reporting upon change of Service Area is requested, the Serving RNC shall report whenever the UE moves between Service Areas. For this procedure, only Service Areas that are defined for the PS and CS domains shall be considered.

The *Request Type* IE shall also indicate what type of location information the serving RNC shall report. The location information is either of the following types:

- Service Area Identifier, or
- Geographical area, including geographical coordinates with or without requested accuracy.

A request for a direct report can be done in parallel with having an active request to report upon change of Service Area for the same UE. The request to report upon change of Service Area shall not be affected by this.

Interaction with Relocation:

The order to perform location reporting at change of Service Area is lost in UTRAN at successful Relocation of SRNS. If the location reporting at change of Service Area shall continue also after the relocation has been performed, the Location Reporting Control procedure shall thus be re-initiated from the CN towards the future SRNC after the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure has been executed successfully.

8.19.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.20 Location Report

8.20.1 General

The purpose of the Location Report procedure is to provide the UE's location information to the CN. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.20.2 Successful Operation

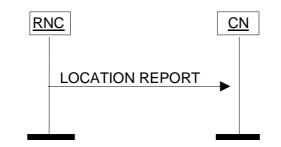


Figure 22: Location Report procedure. Successful operation.

The serving RNC shall initiate the procedure by generating a LOCATION REPORT message. The LOCATION REPORT message may be used as a response for the LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL message. Also, when a user enters or leaves a classified zone set by O&M, e.g. zone where a disaster occurred, a LOCATION REPORT message shall be sent to the CN including the Service Area of the UE in the *Area Identity* IE. The *Cause* IE shall indicate the appropriate cause value to CN, e.g. "User Restriction Start Indication" and "User Restriction End Indication". The CN shall react to the LOCATION REPORT message with CN vendor specific actions.

For this procedure, only Service Areas that are defined for the PS and CS domains shall be considered.

In case reporting at change of Service Area is requested by the CN, then the RNC shall issue a LOCATION REPORT message:

- whenever the information given in the previous LOCATION REPORT message or INITIAL UE MESSAGE message is not anymore valid.
- upon receipt of the first LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL message following a Relocation Resource Allocation procedure, with *Request Type* IE set to "Change of Service Area", as soon as SAI becomes available in the new SRNC and the relocation procedure has been successfully completed.

In the case when Service Area is reported, the RNC shall include to the LOCATION REPORT message in the *Area Identity* IE the Service Area, which includes at least one of the cells from which the UE is consuming radio resources.

In the case when the LOCATION REPORT message is sent as an answer to a request for a direct report or at a change of Service Area, the *Request Type* IE from the LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL message shall be included.

If the RNC can not deliver the location information as requested by the CN, due to either the non-support of the requested event or the non-support of the request Report Area or if RNC is currently not able to reach the UE, the RNC shall indicate the UE location to be "Undetermined" by omitting the *Area Identity* IE. A cause value shall instead be added to indicate the reason for the undetermined location, e.g. "Requested Request Type not supported".

If the Location Report procedure was triggered by a LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL message, which included a request to report a geographical area with a specific accuracy, the LOCATION REPORT message shall include the *Geographical Area* IE within *the Area Identity* IE containing either a point with indicated uncertainty or a polygon, which both shall fulfill the requested accuracy as accurately as possible. If, on the other hand, no specific accuracy level was requested in the LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL message, it is up to UTRAN to decide with which accuracy to report.

8.20.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.21 Data Volume Report

8.21.1 General

The Data Volume Report procedure is used by CN to request the unsuccessfully transmitted DL data volume for specific RABs. This procedure only applies to PS domain. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.21.2 Successful Operation

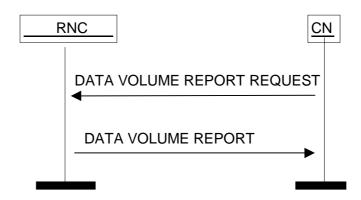


Figure 23: Data Volume Report procedure. Successful operation.

The procedure is initiated by CN by sending DATA VOLUME REPORT REQUEST message to UTRAN. This message shall contain the list of *RAB ID* IEs to identify the RABs for which the unsuccessfully transmitted DL data volume shall be reported.

At reception of DATA VOLUME REPORT REQUEST message UTRAN shall produce the DATA VOLUME REPORT message. This message shall include for each RAB successfully addressed within the *RAB Data Volume Report List* IE the amount of unsuccessfully transmitted DL data within the *Unsuccessfully Transmitted DL Data Volume* IE since the last data volume indication to CN and may contain the *Data Volume Reference* IE.

The message may contain for each RAB successfully addressed a maximum of two *RAB Data Volume Report Item* IEs within the *RAB Data Volume Report List* IE for the case when there is a need to report two different data volumes since the last data volume indication to CN. UTRAN shall also reset the data volume counter for the reported RABs. UTRAN shall send the DATA VOLUME REPORT message to CN. Transmission and reception of DATA VOLUME REPORT message terminates the procedure in UTRAN and CN respectively.

The Data Volume Reference IE, if included, indicates the time when the data volume is counted.

8.21.3 Unsuccessful Operation

The *RAB ID* IE for each RAB for which UTRAN is not able to transfer a data volume report is included in the DATA VOLUME REPORT message together with a *Cause* IE, e.g. "Invalid RAB ID".

8.21.4 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.22 Initial UE Message

8.22.1 General

The purpose of the Initial UE Message procedure is to establish an Iu signalling connection between a CN domain and the RNC and to transfer the initial NAS-PDU to the CN. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.22.2 Successful Operation



Figure 24: Initial UE Message procedure. Successful operation.

When RNC has received from radio interface a NAS message (see ref. [8]) to be forwarded to CN domain to which the Iu signalling connection for the UE does not exist, RNC shall initiate the Initial UE Message procedure and send the INITIAL UE MESSAGE message to the CN.

In addition to the received NAS-PDU, RNC shall add following information to the INITIAL UE MESSAGE message:

- CN domain indicator, indicating the CN domain towards which this message is sent.
- For CS domain, the LAI which was the last LAI indicated to the UE by UTRAN via the current RRC connection, or if UTRAN had not yet indicated any LAI to the UE via the current RRC connection, then the LAI of the cell via which the current RRC connection was established.
- For PS domain, the LAI+RAC which were the last LAI+RAC indicated to the UE by UTRAN via the current RRC connection, or if UTRAN had not yet indicated any LAI+RAC to the UE via the current RRC connection, then the LAI+RAC of the cell via which the current RRC connection was established.
- Service Area corresponding to at least one of the cells from which the UE is consuming radio resources.
- Iu signalling connection identifier.
- Global RNC identifier.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the RNC, and which the CN is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

Whereas several processing entities within the CN (e.g. charging, interception, etc.) may make use of the location information given in the *SAI* IE and the *LAI* (and *RAC*) IE, the mobility management within the CN shall rely on the information given within the *LAI* IE (resp. *LAI* and *RAC* IEs) only.

8.23 Direct Transfer

8.23.1 General

The purpose of the Direct Transfer procedure is to carry UE – CN signalling messages over the Iu Interface. The UE - CN signalling messages are not interpreted by the UTRAN, and their content (e.g. MM or CC message) is outside the scope of this specification (see [8]). The UE – CN signalling messages are transported as a parameter in the DIRECT TRANSFER messages. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.23.2 Successful Operation

8.23.2.1 CN Originated Direct Transfer





If a UE – CN signalling message has to be sent from the CN to the UE, the CN shall send a DIRECT TRANSFER message to the RNC including the UE – CN signalling message as a *NAS-PDU* IE.

If the DIRECT TRANSFER message is sent in the downlink direction it shall include the *SAPI* IE and shall not include the *LAI* + *RAC* IE and the *SAI* IE. The use of the *SAPI* IE included in the DIRECT TRANSFER message enables the UTRAN to provide specific service for the transport of the messages.

8.23.2.2 UTRAN Originated Direct Transfer



Figure 26: Direct Transfer, RNC originated. Successful operation.

If a UE – CN signalling message has to be sent from the RNC to the CN without interpretation, the RNC shall send a DIRECT TRANSFER message to the CN including the UE – CN signalling message as a *NAS-PDU* IE.

If the DIRECT TRANSFER message shall be sent to the PS domain, RNC shall also add the *LAI* and the *RAC* IEs, which were the last LAI + RAC indicated to the UE by UTRAN via the current RRC connection, or if UTRAN had not yet indicated any LAI + RAC to the UE via the current RRC connection, then the LAI + RAC of the cell via which the current RRC connection was established. If the DIRECT TRANSFER message is sent to the PS domain, the RNC shall also add Service Area corresponding to at least one of the cells from which the UE is consuming radio resources. If the DIRECT TRANSFER message is sent in uplink direction the RNC shall not include the *SAPI* IE.

8.23.3 Abnormal Conditions

If the DIRECT TRANSFER message is sent by the RNC to the PS domain, and is missing any of the LAI IE, RAC IE, SAI IE, the CN shall continue with the Direct Transfer procedure, ignoring the missing IE.

If the DIRECT TRANSFER message is sent by the CN to the RNC without the *SAPI* IE, the RNC shall continue with the Direct Transfer procedure.

8.24 Void

8.25 Overload Control

8.25.1 General

This procedure is defined to give some degree of signalling flow control. At the UTRAN "Processor Overload" and "Overload in the Capability to Send Signalling Messages to the UE" are catered for, and at the CN "Processor Overload" is catered for. The procedure uses connectionless signalling.

The philosophy used is to stem the traffic at source with known effect on the service. The algorithm used is:

At the CN side:

- If T_{igOC} is not running and an OVERLOAD message or "Signalling Point Congested" information is received, the traffic should be reduced by one step. It is also possible, optionally, to indicate the number of steps to reduce the traffic within the *Number of Steps* IE. At the same time, timers T_{igOC} and T_{inTC} should be started.
- During T_{igOC} all received OVERLOAD messages or "Signalling Point Congested" information should be ignored.
- This step by step reduction of traffic should be continued until maximum reduction is obtained by arriving at the last step.
- If T_{inTC} expires (i.e. no OVERLOAD message or "Signalling Point Congested" information is received during T_{inTC}) the traffic should be increased by one step and T_{inTC} should be started unless normal load has been resumed.

At the UTRAN side:

- If T_{igOR} is not running and an OVERLOAD message or "Signalling Point Congested" information is received, the traffic should be reduced by one step. It is also possible, optionally, to indicate the number of steps to reduce the traffic within the *Number of Steps* IE. At the same time, timers T_{igOR} and T_{inTR} should be started.
- During T_{igOR} all received OVERLOAD messages or "Signalling Point Congested" information should be ignored.
- This step-by-step reduction of traffic should be continued until maximum reduction is obtained by arriving at the last step.
- If T_{inTR} expires (i.e. no OVERLOAD message or "Signalling Point Congested" information is received during T_{inTR}) the traffic should be increased by one step and T_{inTR} should be started unless normal load has been resumed.

The number of steps and the method of reducing the load are considered to be an implementation specific function.

There may be other traffic control mechanisms from O&M activities occurring simultaneously.

8.25.2 Philosophy

Void.

8.25.3 Successful Operation

8.25.3.1 Overload at the CN



Figure 27: Overload at the CN. Successful operation.

The CN should indicate to the RNC that it is in a congested state by sending an OVERLOAD message. The *CN Domain Indicator* IE may be included, if the CN can determine the domain suffering the signalling traffic overload.

The UTRAN receipt of this message should cause the reduction of signalling traffic towards the CN. If *CN Domain Indicator* IE is indicated within the OVERLOAD message, the RNC should apply signalling traffic reduction mechanisms to the indicated domain.

8.25.3.2 Overload at the UTRAN



Figure 28: Overload at the UTRAN. Successful operation.

If the UTRAN is not capable to send signalling messages to the UE due to overloaded resources then the UTRAN should send an OVERLOAD message to the CN. The RNC shall include the *Global RNC-ID* IE in this message.

8.25.4 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.26 Reset

8.26.1 General

The purpose of the Reset procedure is to initialise the UTRAN in the event of a failure in the CN or vice versa. The procedure uses connectionless signalling.

8.26.2 Successful Operation

8.26.2.1 Reset Procedure Initiated from the CN

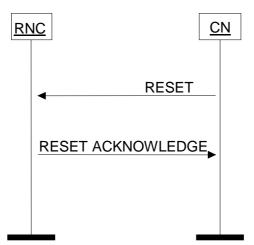


Figure 29: Reset procedure initiated from the CN. Successful operation.

In the event of a failure at the CN, which has resulted in the loss of transaction reference information, a RESET message shall be sent to the RNC. This message is used by the UTRAN to release affected Radio Access Bearers and to erase all affected references for the CN that sent the RESET message.

After a guard period of T_{RatC} seconds a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message shall be returned to the CN, indicating that all UEs which were involved in a call are no longer transmitting and that all references at the UTRAN have been cleared.

The RNC shall include the *Global RNC-ID* IE in the RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message. The *Global RNC-ID* IE shall not be included in the RESET message.

Interactions with other procedures:

In case of interactions with other procedures, the Reset procedure shall always override all other procedures.

8.26.2.2 Reset Procedure Initiated from the UTRAN

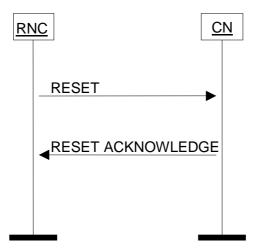


Figure 30: Reset procedure initiated from the UTRAN. Successful operation.

In the event of a failure at the UTRAN which has resulted in the loss of transaction reference information, a RESET message shall be sent to the CN. This message is used by the CN to release affected Radio Access Bearers and to erase all affected references.

The RNC shall include the Global RNC-ID IE in the RESET message.

After a guard period of T_{RatR} seconds a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message shall be returned to the UTRAN indicating that all references have been cleared.

Interactions with other procedures:

In case of interactions with other procedures, the Reset procedure shall always override all other procedures.

8.26.3 Abnormal Conditions

8.26.3.1 Abnormal Condition at the CN

If the CN sends a RESET message to the RNC and receives no RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message within a period T_{RafR} then it shall repeat the entire Reset procedure. The sending of the RESET message shall be repeated a maximum of "n" times where n is an operator matter. After the n-th unsuccessful repetition the procedure shall be stopped and e.g. the maintenance system be informed.

8.26.3.2 Abnormal Condition at the UTRAN

If the RNC sends a RESET message to the CN and receives no RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message within a period T_{RafC} then it shall repeat the entire Reset procedure. The sending of the RESET message shall be repeated a maximum of "n" times where n is an operator matter. After the n-th unsuccessful repetition the procedure shall be stopped and e.g. the maintenance system be informed.

8.26.3.3 Crossing of Reset Messages

When an entity that has sent a RESET message and is waiting for a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message, instead receives a RESET message from the peer entity, it shall stop timer T_{RafC} or T_{RafR} and send a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message to the peer entity.

8.27 Error Indication

8.27.1 General

The Error Indication procedure is initiated by a node to report detected errors in one incoming message, provided they cannot be reported by an appropriate failure message.

If the error situation arises due to reception of a message utilising dedicated signalling, then the Error Indication procedure uses connection oriented signalling. Otherwise the procedure uses connectionless signalling.

8.27.2 Successful Operation



Figure 31: Error Indication procedure, CN originated. Successful operation.



Figure 32: Error Indication procedure, RNC originated. Successful operation.

When the conditions defined in clause 10 are fulfilled, the Error Indication procedure is initiated by an ERROR INDICATION message sent from the receiving node.

The ERROR INDICATION message shall contain at least either the Cause IE or the Criticality Diagnostics IE.

If the ERROR INDICATION message is sent connectionless, the CN Domain Indicator IE shall be present.

If the ERROR INDICATION message is sent connectionless towards the CN, the Global RNC-ID IE shall be present.

Examples for possible cause values for protocol error indications are:

- "Transfer Syntax Error".
- "Semantic Error".
- "Message not compatible with receiver state".

8.27.3 Abnormal Conditions

Not applicable.

8.28 CN Deactivate Trace

8.28.1 General

The purpose of the CN Deactivate Trace procedure is to inform the RNC that it should stop producing a trace record for the indicated trace reference. The procedure uses the connection oriented signalling.

8.28.2 Successful Operation



Figure 33: CN Deactivate Trace procedure. Successful operation.

The CN Deactivate Trace procedure is invoked by the CN sending a CN DEACTIVATE TRACE message to the UTRAN.

The CN DEACTIVATE TRACE message shall contain the *Trace Reference* IE and may contain the *Trigger ID* IE. The *Trace Reference* IE and, if present, the *Trigger ID* IE are used to indicate which trace shall be stopped.

8.28.3 Abnormal Conditions

If the RNC receives a CN DEACTIVATE TRACE message with an unknown trace reference, the RNC shall take no action.

8.29 Reset Resource

8.29.1 General

The purpose of the Reset Resource procedure is to initialise part of the UTRAN in the event of an abnormal failure in the CN or vice versa (e.g. Signalling Transport processor reset). The procedure uses connectionless signalling.

8.29.1.1 Reset Resource procedure initiated from the RNC

Void.

8.29.1.2 Reset Resource procedure initiated from the CN

Void.

- 8.29.2 Successful Operation
- 8.29.2.1 Reset Resource procedure initiated from the RNC

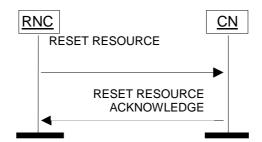


Figure 34: RNC initiated Reset Resource procedure. Successful operation.

The RNC initiates this procedure by sending a RESET RESOURCE message to the CN.

The RESET RESOURCE message shall include the *CN Domain Indicator* IE, the *Global RNC-ID* IE, the *Cause* IE with appropriate cause value (e.g. "Signalling Transport Resource Failure") and a list containing *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IEs.

On reception of this message the CN shall release locally the resources and references (i.e. resources and Iu signalling connection identifiers) associated to the Iu signalling connection identifiers indicated in the received message. The CN shall always return the RESET RESOURCE ACKNOWLEDGE message to the RNC when all Iu-related resources and references have been released and shall include the *CN Domain Indicator* IE and a list of *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IEs. The list of *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IEs within the RESET RESOURCE ACKNOWLEDGE message shall be in the same order as received in the RESET RESOURCE message. Unknown signalling connection identifiers shall be reported as released.

Both CN and RNC shall provide means to prevent the immediate re-assignment of released Iu signalling connection identifiers to minimise the risk that the Reset Resource procedure releases the same Iu signalling connection identifiers re-assigned to new Iu connections.

8.29.2.2 Reset Resource procedure initiated from the CN



Figure 35: CN initiated Reset Resource procedure. Successful operation.

The CN initiates this procedure by sending a RESET RESOURCE message to the RNC.

The RESET RESOURCE message shall include the *CN Domain Indicator* IE, the *Cause* IE with appropriate cause value (e.g. "Signalling Transport Resource Failure") and a list containing *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IEs.

On reception of this message the RNC shall release locally the resources and references (i.e. radio resources and Iu signalling connection identifiers) associated to the Iu signalling connection identifiers indicated in the received message. The *Global RNC-ID* IE shall not be included in the RESET RESOURCE message. The RNC shall always return the RESET RESOURCE ACKNOWLEDGE message to the CN when all Iu-related resources and references have been released and shall include the *CN Domain Indicator* IE, a list of *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IEs and the *Global RNC-ID* IE. The list of *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IEs within the RESET RESOURCE ACKNOWLEDGE message shall be in the same order as received in the RESET RESOURCE message. Unknown signalling connection identifiers shall be reported as released.

Both RNC and CN shall provide means to prevent the immediate re-assignment of released Iu signalling connection identifiers to minimise the risk that the Reset Resource procedure releases the same Iu signalling connection identifiers re-assigned to new Iu connections.

9 Elements for RANAP Communication

9.1 Message Functional Definition and Content

9.1.1 General

Subclause 9.1 presents the contents of RANAP messages in tabular format. The corresponding ASN.1 definition is presented in subclause 9.3. In case there is contradiction between the tabular format in subclause 9.1 and the ASN.1 definition, the ASN.1 shall take precedence, except for the definition of conditions for the presence of conditional IEs, where the tabular format shall take precedence.

NOTE: The messages have been defined in accordance to the guidelines specified in [18].

9.1.2 Message Contents

9.1.2.1 Presence

All information elements in the message descriptions below are marked mandatory, optional or conditional according to table 4:

Table 4: Meaning of abbreviations used in RANAP messages

Abbreviation	Meaning
M	IEs marked as Mandatory (M) shall always be included in the
	message.
0	IEs marked as Optional (O) may or may not be included in the
	message.
С	IEs marked as Conditional (C) shall be included in a message only if the condition is satisfied. Otherwise the IE shall not be included.

9.1.2.2 Criticality

Each Information Element or Group of Information Elements may have criticality information applied to it. Following cases are possible:

Table 5: Meaning of content within "Criticality" column

Abbreviation	Meaning
-	No criticality information is applied explicitly.
YES	Criticality information is applied. This is usable only for non- repeatable IEs
GLOBAL	The IE and all its repetitions together have one common criticality information. This is usable only for repeatable IEs.
EACH	Each repetition of the IE has its own criticality information. It is not allowed to assign different criticality values to the repetitions. This is usable only for repeatable IEs.

9.1.2.3 Range

The Range column indicates the allowed number of copies of repetitive IEs/IE groups.

9.1.2.4 Assigned Criticality

This column provides the actual criticality information as defined in subclause 10.3.2, if applicable.

9.1.3 RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST

This message is sent by the CN to request the establishment, modification or release of one or more RABs for the same UE.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
RABs To Be Setup Or Modified List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs To Be Setup Or Modified Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				
>>First Setup Or Modify Item	М			Grouping reason: same criticality	EACH	reject
>>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2	The same RAB ID must only be present in one group.	-	
>>>NAS Synchronisation Indicator	0		9.2.3.18		-	
>>>RAB Parameters	-0		9.2.1.3	Includes all necessary parameters for RABs (both for MSC and SGSN) including QoS.	-	
>>>User Plane Information	0				-	
>>>User Plane Mode	М		9.2.1.18		-	
>>>>UP Mode Versions	М		9.2.1.19		_	
>>>Transport Layer Information	0				-	
>>>>Transport Layer Address	М		9.2.2.1		-	
>>>>lu Transport Association	M		9.2.2.2		-	
>>>Service Handover	0		9.2.1.41		-	
>>Second Setup Or Modify Item	М			Grouping reason: same criticality	EACH	ignore
>>> PDP Type Information	0		9.2.1.40		-	
>>>Data Volume Reporting Indication	0		9.2.1.17		-	
>>>DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.3		-	
>>>UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number >>>DL N-PDU	0		9.2.2.4		-	
>>>DL N-PDU Sequence Number >>>UL N-PDU	0		9.2.1.33 9.2.1.34		-	
Sequence Number RABs To Be Released	0		3.2.1.34		YES	ignore
List >RABs To Be		1 to			EACH	ignore
Released Item IEs		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				Ŭ

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
				RAB ID must		
				only be		
				present in		
				one group.		
>>Cause	М		9.2.1.4		-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.4 RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE

This message is sent by the RNC to report the outcome of the request from the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
RABs Setup Or Modified LIST	-0				YES	ignore
>RABs Setup Or Modified Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2	The same RAB ID must only be present in one group.	-	
>>Transport Layer Address	0		9.2.2.1		-	
>>Iu Transport Association	0		9.2.2.2		-	
>>DL Data Volumes	0				-	
>>>Data Volume		1 to			-	
List		<maxnoofvol></maxnoofvol>				
>>>>Unsuccessful ly Transmitted DL Data Volume	Μ		9.2.3.12		-	
>>>Data Volume Reference	0		9.2.3.13		-	
RABs Released List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Released Item	-	1 to			EACH	ignore
IEs		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				ignere
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2	The same RAB ID must only be present in one group.	-	
>>DL Data Volumes	0	0 to <maxnoofvol></maxnoofvol>			-	
>>>Data Volume List		1 to <maxnoofvol></maxnoofvol>			-	
>>>>Unsuccessful ly Transmitted DL Data Volume	Μ		9.2.3.12		-	
>>>>Data Volume Reference	0		9.2.3.13		-	
>>DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.3		-	
>>UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.4		-	
RABs Queued List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Queued Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2	The same RAB ID must only be present in one group.	-	
RABs Failed To Setup Or Modify List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Failed To Setup Or Modify Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2	The same RAB ID must only be present in one group.	-	

>>Cause	Μ		9.2.1.4		-	
RABs Failed To Release	0				YES	ignore
List						-
>RABs Failed To		1 to			EACH	ignore
Release Item IEs		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				-
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2	The same RAB ID must only be present in one group.	-	
>>Cause	Μ		9.2.1.4.		-	
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.
maxnoofVol	Maximum no. of reported data volume for one RAB. Value is 2.

9.1.5 RAB RELEASE REQUEST

This message is sent by the RNC, to request the CN to release one or more RABs for the same UE.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
RABs To Be Released List	М				YES	ignore
>RABs To Be Released Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>>Cause	М		9.2.1.4		-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.6 IU RELEASE REQUEST

This message is sent by the RNC to request the CN to release the Iu connection.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Cause	М		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore

9.1.7 IU RELEASE COMMAND

This message is sent by the CN to order RNC to release all resources related to the Iu connection.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Cause	М		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore

9.1.8 IU RELEASE COMPLETE

This message is sent by the RNC as response to the IU RELEASE COMMAND message.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
RABs Data Volume Report List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Data Volume Report Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>RAB Data Volume Report List	М				-	
>>>RAB Data Volume Report Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofvol></maxnoofvol>			-	
>>>>Unsuccessf ully Transmitted DL Data Volume	М		9.2.3.12		-	
>>>>Data Volume Reference	0		9.2.3.13		-	
RABs Released List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Released Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>>DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.3		-	
>>UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.4		-	
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.
maxnoofVol	Maximum no. of reported data volume for one RAB. Value is 2.

9.1.9 RELOCATION REQUIRED

This message is sent by the source RNC to inform the CN that a relocation is to be performed.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Relocation Type	M		9.2.1.23		YES	reject
Cause	M		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Source ID	Μ		9.2.1.24		YES	ignore
Target ID	M		9.2.1.25		YES	reject
MS Classmark 2	C – ifGSMtarget		9.2.1.26	Defined in [8].	YES	reject
MS Classmark 3	C – ifGSMtarget		9.2.1.27	Defined in [8].	YES	ignore
Source RNC To Target RNC Transparent Container	C – ifUMTStarge t		9.2.1.28		YES	reject
Old BSS To New BSS Information	0		9.2.1.29	Defined in [11]. Can optionally be used if GSM target but not used for UMTS target.	YES	ignore

Condition	Explanation
ifGSMtarget	This IE shall be present if the <i>Target ID</i> IE contains a CGI IE.
ifUMTStarget	This IE shall be present if the <i>Target ID</i> IE contains a <i>Target RNC-ID</i> IE.

9.1.10 RELOCATION REQUEST

This message is sent by the CN to request the target RNC to allocate necessary resources for a relocation.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Permanent NAS UE Identity	0		9.2.3.1		YES	ignore
Cause	М		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	М		9.2.1.5		YES	reject
Source RNC To Target RNC Transparent Container	M		9.2.1.28		YES	reject
RABs To Be Setup List	0				YES	reject
>RABs To Be Setup Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	reject
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>>NAS Synchronisation Indicator	0		9.2.3.18		-	
>>RAB Parameters	М		9.2.1.3		-	
>>Data Volume Reporting Indication	C – ifPS		9.2.1.17		-	
>> PDP Type Information	C – ifPS		9.2.1.40		-	
>>User Plane Information	М				-	
>>>User Plane Mode	М		9.2.1.18		-	
>>>UP Mode Versions	М		9.2.1.19		-	
>>Transport Layer Address	М		9.2.2.1		_	
>>lu Transport Association	М		9.2.2.2		-	
>>Service Handover	0		9.2.1.41		-	
Integrity Protection Information	0		9.2.1.11	Integrity Protection Information includes key and permitted algorithms.	YES	ignore
Encryption Information	0		9.2.1.12	Encryption Information includes key and permitted algorithms.	YES	ignore
Iu Signalling Connection Identifier	М		9.2.1.38		YES	ignore

Condition Explanation		
IfPS	This IE shall be present if the CN domain indicator IE is set to "PS	
	domain".	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.11 RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE

This message is sent by the target RNC to inform the CN about the result of the resource allocation for the requested relocation.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Target RNC To Source RNC Transparent Container	0		9.2.1.30		YES	ignore
RABs Setup List	0				YES	reject
>RABs Setup Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	reject
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>>Transport Layer Address	0		9.2.2.1		-	
>>Iu Transport Association	0		9.2.2.2		-	
RABs Failed To Setup List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Failed To Setup Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>>Cause	М		9.2.1.4		-	
Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm	0		9.2.1.13	Indicates the Integrity Protection algorithm that will be used by the target RNC.	YES	ignore
Chosen Encryption Algorithm	0		9.2.1.14	Indicates the Encryption Protection algorithm that will be used by the target RNC.	YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.12 RELOCATION COMMAND

This message is sent by the CN to source RNC to inform that resources for the relocation are allocated in target RNC.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Target RNC To Source RNC Transparent Container	0		9.2.1.30		YES	reject
L3 Information	0		9.2.1.31	Defined in [11].	YES	ignore
RABs To Be Released List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs To Be Released Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	Μ		9.2.1.2		-	
RABs Subject To Data Forwarding List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Subject To Data Forwarding Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	Μ		9.2.1.2		-	
>>Transport Layer Address	М		9.2.2.1		-	
>>Iu Transport Association	М		9.2.2.2		-	
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.13 RELOCATION DETECT

This message is sent by the target RNC to inform the CN that the relocation execution trigger has been received.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore

9.1.14 RELOCATION COMPLETE

This message is sent by the target RNC to inform the CN that the relocation is completed.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore

9.1.15 RELOCATION PREPARATION FAILURE

This message is sent by the CN to the source RNC if the relocation preparation failed.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Cause	М		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

9.1.16 RELOCATION FAILURE

This message is sent by the target RNC to inform the CN that the requested resource allocation failed.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and	Semantics	Criticality	Assigned
			reference	description		Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Cause	Μ		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

9.1.17 RELOCATION CANCEL

This message is sent by the source RNC to the CN to cancel an ongoing relocation.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Cause	М		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore

9.1.18 RELOCATION CANCEL ACKNOWLEDGE

This message is sent by the CN to the source RNC when the relocation has been cancelled.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

9.1.19 SRNS CONTEXT REQUEST

This message is sent by the CN to source RNC to indicate the PS RABs for which context transfer shall be performed.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
RABs Subject To Data	Μ				YES	reject
Forwarding List						_
>RABs Subject To Data		1 to			EACH	reject
Forwarding Item IEs		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				-
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	

Range bound	Explanation			
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.			

9.1.20 SRNS CONTEXT RESPONSE

This message is sent by the source RNC as a response to SRNS CONTEXT REQUEST message.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
RABs Contexts List	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Contexts Item		1 to			EACH	ignore
IEs		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				_
>>RAB ID	Μ		9.2.1.2		-	
>>DL GTP-PDU	0		9.2.2.3		-	
Sequence Number						
>>UL GTP-PDU	0		9.2.2.4		-	
Sequence Number						
>>DL N-PDU	0		9.2.1.33		-	
Sequence Number						
>>UL N-PDU	0		9.2.1.34		-	
Sequence Number						
RABs Contexts Failed To	0				YES	ignore
Transfer List						
>RABs Contexts		1 to			EACH	ignore
Failed To Transfer		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				
Item IEs						
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>>Cause	М		9.2.1.4		-	
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.21 SRNS DATA FORWARD COMMAND

This message is sent by the CN to the RNC to trigger the transfer of N-PDUs from the RNC to the CN in intersystem change or in some further cases described in [21].

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
RABs Subject To Data Forwarding LIST	0				YES	ignore
>RABs Subject To Data Forwarding Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	Μ		9.2.1.2		-	
>>Transport Layer Address	М		9.2.2.1		-	
>>lu Transport Association	М		9.2.2.2		-	

Range bound	Explanation				
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.				

9.1.22 FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT

This message is sent either by source RNC to the CN or by the CN to target RNC.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$ and $RNC \rightarrow CN$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
RAB Contexts List	Μ				YES	ignore
>RAB Contexts Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	
>>DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.3		-	
>>UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.4		-	
>>DL N-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.1.33		-	
>>UL N-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.1.34		-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.23 PAGING

This message is sent by the CN to request UTRAN to page a specific UE.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and	Semantics	Criticality	Assigned
			reference	description		Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	Μ		9.2.1.5		YES	ignore
Permanent NAS UE Identity	Μ		9.2.3.1		YES	ignore
Temporary UE Identity	0		9.2.3.2		YES	ignore
Paging Area ID	0		9.2.1.21		YES	ignore
Paging Cause	0		9.2.3.3		YES	ignore
Non Searching Indication	0		9.2.1.22		YES	ignore
DRX Cycle Length Coefficient	0		9.2.1.37		YES	ignore

9.1.24 COMMON ID

This message is sent by the CN to inform RNC about the permanent NAS UE identity for a user.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Permanent NAS UE Identity	М		9.2.3.1		YES	ignore

9.1.25 CN INVOKE TRACE

This message is sent by the CN to request the RNC to start to produce a trace record.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Trace Type	Μ		9.2.1.6		YES	ignore
Trace Reference	Μ		9.2.1.8		YES	ignore
Trigger ID	0		9.2.1.7		YES	ignore
UE Identity	0		9.2.1.9		YES	ignore
OMC ID	0		9.2.1.10		YES	ignore

9.1.26 SECURITY MODE COMMAND

This message is sent by the CN to trigger the integrity and ciphering functions over the radio interface.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Integrity Protection Information	М		9.2.1.11	Integrity information includes key and permitted algorithms.	YES	reject
Encryption Information	0		9.2.1.12	Encryption information includes key and permitted algorithms.	YES	ignore
Key Status	М		9.2.1.36		YES	reject

9.1.27 SECURITY MODE COMPLETE

This message is sent by the RNC as a successful response to SECURITY MODE COMMAND message.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm	Μ		9.2.1.13		YES	reject
Chosen Encryption Algorithm	0		9.2.1.14		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

9.1.28 SECURITY MODE REJECT

This message is sent by the RNC as a unsuccessful response to SECURITY MODE COMMAND message.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Cause	М		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

9.1.29 LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL

This message is sent by the CN to initiate, modify or stop location reporting from the RNC to the CN.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Request Type	М		9.2.1.16		YES	ignore

9.1.30 LOCATION REPORT

This message is sent by the RNC to the CN with information about the UE location.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Area Identity	0		9.2.3.10		YES	ignore
Cause	0		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Request Type	0		9.2.1.16		YES	ignore

9.1.31 DATA VOLUME REPORT REQUEST

This message is sent by the CN to request unsuccessfully transmitted data volumes for specific RABs.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
RABs Data Volume Report List	М				YES	reject
>RABs Data Volume Report Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	reject
>>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2		-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.32 DATA VOLUME REPORT

This message is sent by the RNC and informs the CN about unsuccessfully transmitted data volumes for requested RABs.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
RABs Data Volume Report	0				YES	ignore
List						Ũ
>RABs Data Volume		1 to			EACH	ignore
Report Item IEs		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				-
>>RAB ID	Μ		9.2.1.2		-	
>>RAB Data Volume	0				-	
Report List						
>>>RAB Data		1 to			-	
Volume Report		<maxnoofvol></maxnoofvol>				
Item IEs						
>>>Unsuccessfully	М		9.2.3.12		-	
Transmitted DL						
Data Volume	_					
>>>>Data Volume	0		9.2.3.13		-	
Reference	_					
RABs Failed To Report	0				YES	ignore
List						
>RABs Failed To Report		1 to			EACH	ignore
Item IEs		<maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>				
>>RAB ID	M		9.2.1.2		-	
>>Cause	М		9.2.1.4		-	
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.
maxnoofVol	Maximum no. of reported data volume for one RAB. Value is 2.

9.1.33 INITIAL UE MESSAGE

This message is sent by the RNC to transfer the radio interface initial layer 3 message to the CN.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	Μ		9.2.1.5		YES	ignore
LAI	Μ		9.2.3.6		YES	ignore
RAC	C - ifPS		9.2.3.7		YES	ignore
SAI	Μ		9.2.3.9		YES	ignore
NAS-PDU	М		9.2.3.5		YES	ignore
Iu Signalling Connection Identifier	М		9.2.1.38		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	Μ		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore

Condition	Explanation
ifPS	This IE shall be present if the CN Domain Indicator IE is set to "PS
	domain".

9.1.34 DIRECT TRANSFER

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC and is used for carrying NAS information over the Iu interface.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
NAS-PDU	Μ		9.2.3.5		YES	ignore
LAI	0		9.2.3.6		YES	ignore
RAC	0		9.2.3.7		YES	ignore
SAI	0		9.2.3.9		YES	ignore
SAPI	0		9.2.3.8		YES	ignore

9.1.35 CN INFORMATION BROADCAST REQUEST

Void.

9.1.36 CN INFORMATION BROADCAST CONFIRM

Void.

9.1.37 CN INFORMATION BROADCAST REJECT

Void.

9.1.38 OVERLOAD

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC to indicate that the node is overloaded.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Number Of Steps	0		9.2.1.32		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	0		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	0		9.2.1.5		YES	ignore

9.1.39 RESET

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC and is used to request that the other node shall be reset.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
Cause	М		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	М		9.2.1.5		YES	reject
Global RNC-ID	0		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore

9.1.40 RESET ACKNOWLEDGE

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC as a response to RESET message.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
CN Domain Indicator	Μ		9.2.1.5		YES	reject
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	0		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore

9.1.41 ERROR INDICATION

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC and is used to indicate that some error has been detected in the node.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented or connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Cause	0		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	0		9.2.1.5		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	0		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore

9.1.42 CN DEACTIVATE TRACE

This message is sent by the CN to request the RNC to stop producing a trace record for the indicated trace reference.

Direction: $CN \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection Oriented.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Trace Reference	М		9.2.1.8		YES	ignore
Trigger ID	0		9.2.1.7		YES	ignore

9.1.43 RANAP RELOCATION INFORMATION

This message is part of a special RANAP Relocation Information procedure, and is sent between RNCs during Relocation.

Direction: RNC - RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Not applicable.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Direct Transfer	0				YES	ignore
Information List						-
>Direct Transfer Information Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofdt></maxnoofdt>		Information received in one or more DIRECT TRANSFER messages and that needs to be transferred to target RNC for further transmissio n to the UE.	EACH	ignore
>>NAS-PDU	М		9.2.3.5		-	
>>SAPI	Μ		9.2.3.8		-	
>>CN Domain Indicator	Μ		9.2.1.5		-	
RAB Contexts List	0				YES	ignore
>RAB Contexts Item IEs		1 to <maxnoofrabs></maxnoofrabs>			EACH	ignore
>>RAB ID	Μ		9.2.1.2		-	
>>DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.3		-	
>>UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.2.4		-	
>>DL N-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.1.33		-	
>>UL N-PDU Sequence Number	0		9.2.1.34		-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofDT	Maximum no. of DT information. Value is 15.
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.

9.1.44 RESET RESOURCE

This message is sent by either CN or RNC. The sending entity informs the receiving entity that the sending requests the receiving entity to release resources and references associated to Iu signalling connection identifiers in the message.

Direction: $CN \leftarrow \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
CN Domain Indicator	Μ		9.2.1.5		YES	reject
Cause	Μ		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Reset Resource List	Μ				YES	ignore
>Reset Resourse Item IEs		1 to <maxnooflusigco nlds></maxnooflusigco 			EACH	reject
>>Iu Signalling Connection Identifier	Μ		9.2.1.38		-	
Global RNC-ID	0		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofluSigConIds	Maximum no. of lu signalling connection identifiers. Value is 250.

9.1.45 RESET RESOURCE ACKNOWLEDGE

This message is sent by either the CN or RNC inform the CN or RNC that the RESET RESOURCE message has been received.

Direction: $CN \leftarrow \rightarrow RNC$.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	Μ		9.2.1.1		YES	reject
CN Domain Indicator	Μ		9.2.1.5		YES	reject
Reset Resource List	Μ				YES	ignore
>Reset Resource Item IEs		1 to <maxnooflusigco nIds></maxnooflusigco 		This list shall be in the same order as the list received in the RESET RESOURC E message.	EACH	reject
>>Iu Signalling Connection Identifier	М		9.2.1.38		-	
Global RNC-ID	0		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	0		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofluSigConIds	Maximum no. of lu signalling connection identifiers. Value is 250.

9.2 Information Element Definitions

9.2.0 General

Subclause 9.2 presents the RANAP IE definitions in tabular format. The corresponding ASN.1 definition is presented in subclause 9.3. In case there is contradiction between the tabular format in subclause 9.2 and the ASN.1 definition, the ASN.1 shall take precedence, except for the definition of conditions for the presence of conditional elements, where the tabular format shall take precedence.

When specifying information elements which are to be represented by bitstrings, if not otherwise specifically stated in the semantics description of the concerned IE or elsewhere, the following principle applies with regards to the ordering of bits:

- The first bit (leftmost bit) contains the most significant bit (MSB);
- The last bit (rightmost bit) contains the least significant bit (LSB);
- When importing bitstrings from other specifications, the first bit of the bitstring contains the first bit of the concerned information;

9.2.1 Radio Network Layer Related IEs

9.2.1.1 Message Type

Message Type IE uniquely identifies the message being sent. It is mandatory for all messages.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Message Type				Assumed max no of messages is 256.
>Procedure Code	М		(RAB Assignment, RAB Release Request, Iu Release Request, Iu Release, Relocation Preparation, Relocation Resource Allocation, Relocation Detect, Relocation Complete Relocation Complete Relocation Cancel, SRNS Context Transfer, SRNS Data Forwarding Initiation, SRNS Context Forwarding from Source RNC to CN, SRNS Context Forwarding to Target RNC from CN, Paging, Common ID, CN Invoke Trace, Security Mode Control, Location Report, Data Volume Report, Initial UE Message Direct Transfer, Overload Control, Reset, Error Indication, CN Deactivate Trace, RANAP Relocation Information, Reset Resource,)	
>Type of Message	М		CHOICE (Initiating Message, Successful Outcome, Unsuccessful Outcome, Outcome,)	

9.2.1.2 RAB ID

This element uniquely identifies the radio access bearer for a specific CN domain for a particular UE, which makes the RAB ID unique over one Iu connection. The RAB ID shall remain the same for the duration of the RAB even when the RAB is relocated to another Iu connection.

The purpose of the element is to bind data stream from the Non-Access Stratum point of view (e.g. bearer of call or PDP context) and radio access bearer in Access Stratum. The value is also used in the RNC to relate Radio Bearers to a RAB. The content of this information element is transferred unchanged from the CN node (i.e., MSC or SGSN) via RNC to UE by RANAP messages and RRC messages. For RRC messages refer to [10].

The element contains binary representation of either the Stream Identifier (SI) for CS domain or the Network Service Access Point Identifier (NSAPI) for PS domain. These identifiers are coded in the RAB ID element in accordance with the coding of the *Stream Identifier* IE and with the coding of the *NSAPI* IE in [8].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
RAB ID	М		BIT STRING (8)	

9.2.1.3 RAB Parameters

The purpose of the *RAB parameters* IE group and other parameters within the *RAB parameters* IE group is to indicate all RAB attributes as defined in [7] for both directions.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
RAB parameters				
>Traffic Class	M		ENUMERATED (conversational, streaming, interactive, background,)	Desc.: This IE indicates the type of application for which the Radio Access Bearer service is optimised
>RAB Asymmetry Indicator	М		ENUMERATED (Symmetric bidirectional, Asymmetric Uni directional downlink, Asymmetric Uni directional Uplink, Asymmetric Bidirectional,)	Desc.: This IE indicates asymmetry or symmetry of the RAB and traffic direction
>Maximum Bit Rate	M	1 to <nbr- SeparateTrafficDir ections></nbr- 	INTEGER (116,000,000)	Desc.: This IE indicates the maximum number of bits delivered by UTRAN and to UTRAN at a SAP within a period of time, divided by the duration of the period. The unit is: bit/s Usage: When nbr- SeparateTrafficDirections is equal to 2, then Maximum Bit Rate attribute for downlink is signalled first, then Maximum Bit Rate attribute for uplink
>Guaranteed Bit Rate	C- iftrafficCon v-Stream	0 to <nbr- SeparateTrafficDir ections></nbr- 	INTEGER (016,000,000)	 Desc.: This IE indicates the guaranteed number of bits delivered at a SAP within a period of time (provided that there is data to deliver), divided by the duration of the period. The unit is: bit/s Usage: When nbr-SeparateTrafficDirections is equal to 2, then Guaranteed Bit Rate for downlink is signalled first, then Guaranteed Bit Rate for uplink Delay and reliability attributes only apply up to the guaranteed bit rate Conditional value for the case of Support Mode for pre-defined SDU sizes: Set to highest not rate controllable bitrate, where bitrate is either one of the RAB subflow combination bitrate IEs (when present) or one of the calculated values given when dividing

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
RAB parameters				the compound Subflow combination SDU sizes by the value of the IE Maximum SDU Size and then multiplying this result by the value of the IE Maximum Bit Rate.
>Delivery Order	M		ENUMERATED (delivery order requested, delivery order not requested)	Desc: This IE indicates whether the RAB shall provide in- sequence SDU delivery or not Usage: Delivery order requested: in sequence delivery shall be guaranteed by UTRAN on all RAB SDUs Delivery order not requested: in sequence delivery is not required from UTRAN
>Maximum SDU Size	М		INTEGER (032768)	Desc.: This IE indicates the maximum allowed SDU size The unit is: bit. Usage: Conditional value: Set to largest RAB Subflow Combination compound SDU size (when present) among the different RAB Subflow Combinations
> SDU parameters		1 to <maxrabsubflow s></maxrabsubflow 	See below	Desc.: This IE contains the parameters characterizing the RAB SDUs Usage Given per subflow with first occurence corresponding to subflow#1 etc
>Transfer Delay	C- iftrafficCon v-Stream		INTEGER (065535)	Desc.: This IE indicates the maximum delay for 95th percentile of the distribution of delay for all delivered SDUs during the lifetime of a RAB, where delay for an SDU is defined as the time from a request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP The unit is: millisecond. Usage:
>Traffic Handling Priority	C - iftrafficInter activ		INTEGER {spare (0), highest (1),, lowest (14), no priority (15)} (015)	Desc.: This IE specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the radio access bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers Usage: Values between 1 and 14 are ordered in decreasing order of priority, '1' being the highest and '14' the lowest. Value 0 shall be treated as a logical error if received.
>Allocation/Retention priority	0		See below	Desc.: This IE specifies the relative importance compared to other Radio access bearers for allocation and retention of the Radio access bearer. Usage: If this IE is not received, the request is regarded as it cannot trigger the pre-emption process and it is vulnerable to the pre- emption process.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
RAB parameters				
>Source Statistics Descriptor	C- iftrafficCon v-Stream		ENUMERATED (speech, unknown,)	Desc.: This IE_specifies characteristics of the source of submitted SDUs Usage:
>Relocation Requirement	0		ENUMERATED (lossless, none,)	This IE shall be present for RABs towards the PS domain, otherwise it shall not be present. Desc.: This IE is no longer used. Usage: It shall always be set to "none" when sent and it shall always be ignored when received.

Range Bound	Explanation
nbr-SeparateTrafficDirection	Number of Traffic Directions being signalled separately. Set to 2 if RAB asymmetry indicator is asymmetric bidirectional. Set to 1 in all other cases.

Range Bound	Explanation	
maxRABSubflows	Maximum number of Subflows per RAB. Value	
	is 7	

Condition	Explanation
IftrafficConv-Stream	This IE shall be present if the Traffic Class IE is set to
	"Conversational" or "Streaming".
IftrafficInteractiv	This IE shall be present if the <i>Traffic Class</i> IE is set to "Interactive".

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
SDU parameters				
> SDU Error Ratio	C- ifErroneou sSDU			Desc.: This IE indicates the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. This is a Reliability attribute Usage: The attribute is coded as follows: Mantissa * 10 ^{- exponent}
>>Mantissa	М		INTEGER (19)	
>>Exponent	М		INTEGER (16)	
>Residual Bit Error Ratio	M			Desc.: This IE indicates the undetected bit error ratio for each subflow in the delivered SDU. This is a Reliability attribute. Usage: The attribute is coded as follows: Mantissa * 10 ^{- exponent}

>>Mantissa	М		INTEGER (19)	
>>Exponent	М		INTEGER (18)	
>Delivery Of Erroneous SDU	Μ		ENUMERATED (yes, no, no- error-detection- consideration)	Desc.: This IE indicates whether SDUs with detected errors shall be delivered or not. In case of unequal error protection, the attribute is set per subflow This is a Reliability attribute Usage: Yes: error detection applied, erroneous SDU delivered No. Error detection is applied, erroneous SDU discarded no-error-detection-consideration: SDUs delivered without considering error detection If the RNC receives this IE set to 'Yes' and the <i>User Plane Mode</i> IE is set to 'transparent mode', it should consider it as 'no-error- detection-consideration'.
>SDU format information Parameter	0	1 to <maxrabsubflow Combinations></maxrabsubflow 	See below	Desc.: This IE contains the list of possible exact sizes of SDUs and/or RAB Subflow Combination bit rates. Given per RAB Subflow Combination with first occurence corresponding to RAB Subflow Combination number 1. It shall always be present for rate controllable RABs.

Range Bound	Explanation
maxRABSubflowCombinations	Maximum number of RAB Subflow
	Combinations. Value is 64.

Condition	Explanation
IfErroneousSDU	This IE shall be present if the Delivery Of Erroneous SDU IE is set
	to "Yes" or "No".

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
SDU Format Information Parameter				At least one of the Subflow SDU size IE and the RAB Subflow Combination bit rate IE shall be present when SDU format information Parameter IE is present. For the case subflow SDUs are transmitted at constant time interval, only one of the two IEs shall be present.
>Subflow SDU Size	0		INTEGER (04095)	Desc.: This IE indicates the exact size of the SDU. The unit is: bit. Usage: This IE is only used for RABs that have predefined SDU size(s). It shall be present for RABs having more than one subflow. For RABs having only one subflow, this IE shall be present only when the RAB is rate controllable and the SDU size of some RAB Subflow combination(s) is different than the IE Maximum SDU Size. When this IE is not present and SDU format information Parameter is present, then the Subflow SDU size for the only existing subflow takes the value of the IE Maximum SDU size.
>RAB Subflow Combination Bit Rate	0		INTEGER (016,000,000)	Desc.: This IE indicates the RAB Subflow Combination bit rate. The unit is: bit/s. Usage: When this IE is not present and SDU format information parameter is present then all Subflow SDUs are transmitted (when there is data to be transmitted) at a constant time interval. The value of this IE shall not exceed the maximum value of the IEs 'Maximum Bit Rate'. The value 0 of RAB Subflow Combination bitrate indicates that the RAB uses discontinuous transfer of the SDUs.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Allocation/Retention Priority				
>Priority Level	М		INTEGER {spare (0), highest (1),, lowest (14), no priority (15)} (015)	Desc.: This IE indicates the priority of the request. Usage: Values between 1 and 14 are ordered in decreasing order of priority, '1' being the highest and '14' the lowest. Value 0 shall be treated as a logical error if received. The priority level and the preemption indicators may be used to determine whether the request has to be performed unconditionally and immediately
>Pre-emption Capability	М		ENUMERATE D(shall not trigger pre- emption, may trigger pre- emption)	Descr.: This IE indicates the pre- emption capability of the request on other RABs Usage: The RAB shall not pre-empt other RABs or, the RAB may pre-empt other RABs The Pre-emption Capability indicator applies to the allocation of resources for a RAB and as such it provides the trigger to the pre-emption procedures/processes of the RNS.
>Pre-emption Vulnerability	Μ		ENUMERATE D(not pre- emptable, pre-emptable)	Desc.: This IE indicates the vulnerability of the RAB to preemption of other RABs. Usage: The RAB shall not be pre-empted by other RABs or the RAB may be pre-empted by other RABs. Pre-emption Vulnerability indicator applies for the entire duration of the RAB, unless modified and as such indicates whether the RAB is a target of the pre-emption procedures/processes of the RNS
>Queuing Allowed	М		ENUMERATE D(queuing not allowed, queuing allowed)	Desc.: This IE indicates whether the request can be placed into a resource allocation queue or not. Usage: Queuing of the RAB is allowed Queuing of the RAB is not allowed Queuing allowed indicator applies for the entire duration of the RAB, unless modified.

9.2.1.4 Cause

The purpose of the Cause IE is to indicate the reason for a particular event for the RANAP protocol.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Cause				
>Radio Network Layer Cause			INTEGER (RAB pre- empted(1),	Value range is 1 – 64.
			Trelocoverall Expiry(2),	
			Trelocprep Expiry(3),	
			Treloccomplete Expiry(4),	
			Tqueing Expiry(5),	
			Relocation Triggered(6),	
			Unable to Establish During Relocation(8),	
			Unknown Target RNC(9),	
			Relocation Cancelled(10),	
			Successful Relocation(11),	
			Requested Ciphering and/or Integrity Protection Algorithms not Supported(12),	
			Conflict with already existing Integrity protection and/or Ciphering information (13),	
			Failure in the Radio Interface Procedure(14),	
			Release due to UTRAN Generated Reason(15),	
			User Inactivity(16),	
			Time Critical Relocation(17),	
			Requested Traffic Class not Available(18),	
			Invalid RAB Parameters Value(19),	
			Requested	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Cause				
			Maximum Bit Rate not Available(20),	
			Requested Maximum Bit Rate for DL not Available(33),	
			Requested Maximum Bit Rate for UL not Available(34),	
			Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate not Available(21),	
			Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for DL not Available(35),	
			Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for UL not Available(36),	
			Requested Transfer Delay not Achievable(22),	
			Invalid RAB Parameters Combination(23),	
			Condition Violation for SDU Parameters(24),	
			Condition Violation for Traffic Handling Priority(25),	
			Condition Violation for Guaranteed Bit Rate(26),	
			User Plane Versions not Supported(27),	
			lu UP Failure(28),	
			TRELOCalloc Expiry (7),	
			Relocation Failure in Target CN/RNC or Target System (29),	
			Invalid RAB ID(30),	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Cause				
			No remaining RAB(31),	
			Interaction with other procedure(32),	
			Repeated Integrity Checking Failure(37),	
			Requested Request Type not supported(38),	
			Request superseded(39),	
			Release due to UE generated signalling connection release(40),	
			Resource Optimisation Relocation(41),	
			Requested Information Not Available(42),	
			Relocation desirable for radio reasons (43),	
			Relocation not supported in Target RNC or Target system(44),	
			Directed Retry (45),	
			Radio Connection With UE Lost(46)	
)	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Cause				
>Transport Layer Cause			INTEGER (Value range is 65 – 80.
			Signalling Transport Resource Failure(65),	
			lu Transport Connection Failed to Establish(66),	
)	
>NAS Cause			INTEGER (User Restriction Start Indication(81),	Value range is 81 – 96.
			User Restriction End Indication(82),	
			Normal Release(83),	
)	
>Protocol Cause			INTEGER (Transfer Syntax Error(97),	Value range is 97 – 112.
			Semantic Error (98),	
			Message not compatible with receiver state (99),	
			Abstract Syntax Error (Reject) (100),	
			Abstract Syntax Error (Ignore and Notify) (101),	
			Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message) (102),	
)	
>Miscellaneous Cause			INTEGER (O&M Intervention(113),	Value range is 113 – 128.
			No Resource Available(114),	
			Unspecified Failure(115),	
			Network Optimisation(116),	
)	
>Non-standard Cause			INTEGER	Value range is 129 – 256.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Cause				
			()	

The meaning of the different cause values is described in the following table. In general, "not supported" cause values indicate that the concerning capability is missing. On the other hand, "not available" cause values indicate that the concerning capability is present, but insufficient resources were available to perform the requested action.

Radio Network Layer cause	Meaning
Conflict with already existing	The action was not performed due to that the requested
Integrity protection and/or Ciphering	security mode configuration was in conflict with the already
information	existing security mode configuration.
Condition Violation For Guaranteed	The action was not performed due to condition violation for
Bit Rate	guaranteed bit rate.
Condition Violation For SDU	The action was not performed due to condition violation for
Parameters	SDU parameters.
Condition Violation For Traffic	The action was not performed due to condition violation for
Handling Priority	traffic handling priority.
Directed Retry	The reason for action is Directed Retry
Failure In The Radio Interface	Radio interface procedure has failed.
Procedure	
Interaction With Other Procedure	Relocation was cancelled due to interaction with other
	procedure.
Invalid RAB ID	The action failed because the RAB ID is unknown in the RNC.
Invalid RAB Parameters	The action failed due to invalid RAB parameters combination.
Combination	
Invalid RAB Parameters Value	The action failed due to invalid RAB parameters value.
Iu UP Failure	The action failed due to Invalid 10 B parameters value.
No remaining RAB	The reason for the action is no remaining RAB.
RAB Pre-empted	The reason for the action is that RAB is pre-empted.
Radio Connection With UE Lost	The action is requested due to losing radio connection to the
	UE
Release Due To UE Generated	Release requested due to UE generated signalling connection
	release.
Signalling Connection Release Release Due To UTRAN Generated	
	Release is initiated due to UTRAN generated reason.
Reason Release Concelled	The recent for the estion is releastion concellation
Relocation Cancelled	The reason for the action is relocation cancellation.
Relocation Desirable for Radio	The reason for requesting relocation is radio related.
Reasons	
Relocation Failure In Target	Relocation failed due to a failure in target CN/RNC or target
CN/RNC Or Target System	system.
Relocation Not Supported In Target	Relocation failed because relocation was not supported in
RNC Or Target System	target RNC or target system.
Relocation Triggered	The action failed due to relocation.
Repeated Integrity Checking Failure	The action is requested due to repeated failure in integrity
De sue et Que ese e de d	checking.
Request Superseded	The action failed because there was a second request on the
De sue sta d'Ois ha sin a An d'Os	same RAB.
Requested Ciphering And/Or	The UTRAN or the UE is unable to support the requested
Integrity Protection Algorithms Not	ciphering and/or integrity protection algorithms.
Supported	
Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate For	The action failed because requested guaranteed bit rate for
DL Not Available	DL is not available.
Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate For	The action failed because requested guaranteed bit rate for
UL Not Available	UL is not available.
Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate Not	The action failed because requested guaranteed bit rate is not
Available	available.
Requested Information Not	The action failed because requested information is not
Available	available.
Requested Maximum Bit Rate For	The action failed because requested maximum bit rate for DL
DL Not Available	is not available.
Requested Maximum Bit Rate For	The action failed because requested maximum bit rate for UL
UL Not Available	is not available.
Requested Maximum Bit Rate Not	The action failed because requested maximum bit rate is not
Available	available.
Requested Request Type Not	The RNC is not supporting the requested location request
Supported	type either because it doesn't support the requested event or
	it doesn't support the requested report area.
Requested Traffic Class Not	The action failed because requested traffic class is not
Available	available.
Requested Transfer Delay Not	The action failed because requested transfer delay is not
Achievable	achievable.
Resource Optimisation Relocation Successful Relocation	The reason for requesting relocation is resource optimisation.
	The reason for the action is completion of successful
Successiul Relocation	relocation.

Time Critical Relocation	Relocation is requested for time critical reason.
	The action failed due to expiry of the timer TQUEUING.
T _{RELOCalloc} Expiry	Relocation Resource Allocation procedure failed due to expiry of the timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$.
T _{RELOCcomplete} Expiry	The reason for the action is expiry of timer $T_{RELOCcomplete}$.
T _{RELOCoverall} Expiry	The reason for the action is expiry of timer T _{RELOCoverall} .
T _{RELOCprep} Expiry	Relocation Preparation procedure is cancelled when timer
	T _{RELOCprep} expires.
Unable To Establish During Relocation	RAB failed to establish during relocation because it cannot be supported in the target RNC.
Unknown Target RNC	Relocation rejected because the target RNC is not known to the CN.
User Inactivity	The action is requested due to user inactivity.
User Plane Versions Not Supported	The action failed because requested user plane versions were not supported.

Transport Layer cause	Meaning
Iu Transport Connection Failed to	The action failed because the lu Transport Network Layer
Establish	connection could not be established.
Signalling Transport Resource	Signalling transport resources have failed (e.g. processor
Failure	reset).

NAS cause	Meaning
Normal Release	The release is normal.
User Restriction Start Indication	A location report is generated due to entering a classified area set by O&M.
User Restriction End Indication	A location report is generated due to leaving a classified area set by O&M.

Protocol cause	Meaning
Abstract Syntax Error (Reject)	The received message included an abstract syntax error and the concerning criticality indicated "reject".
Abstract Syntax Error (Ignore And Notify)	The received message included an abstract syntax error and the concerning criticality indicated "ignore and notify".
Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely	The received message contained IEs or IE groups in wrong
Constructed Message) Message Not Compatible With	order or with too many occurrences. The received message was not compatible with the receiver
Receiver State	state.
Semantic Error	The received message included a semantic error.
Transfer Syntax Error	The received message included a transfer syntax error.

Miscellaneous cause	Meaning
Network Optimisation	The action is performed for network optimisation.
No Resource Available	No requested resource is available.
O&M Intervention	The action is due to O&M intervention.
Unspecified Failure	Sent when none of the specified cause values applies.

9.2.1.5 CN Domain Indicator

Indicates the CN domain from which the message originates or to which the message shall be sent.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
CN Domain Indicator	М		ENUMERATED (CS domain, PS domain)	

9.2.1.6 Trace Type

Indicates the type of trace information to be recorded.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Trace Type	Μ		OCTET STRING (1)	Coded as the Trace Type specified in 3GPP TS based on [12].

9.2.1.7 Trigger ID

Indicates the identity of the entity which initiated the trace.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Trigger ID	Μ		OCTET STRING	Typically an OMC identity.
			(322)	

Note: Due to inconsistency in the definition of Trigger ID between TS 25.413 and [23], it shall be ensured that the *Trigger ID* IE is coded with at least the minimum number of octets required.

9.2.1.8 Trace Reference

Provides a trace reference number allocated by the triggering entity.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Trace Reference	М		OCTET	
			STRING	
			(23)	

Note: Due to inconsistency in the definition of Trace Reference between TS 25.413 and [23], it shall be ensured that the *Trace Reference* IE is coded with at least the minimum number of octets required.

9.2.1.9 UE Identity

This element identifies the element to be traced i.e. the subscriber or the user equipment.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice UE Identity				
>IMSI			OCTET STRING (SIZE (38))	 digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, 1111 used as filler bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n Number of decimal digits shall be from 6 to 15 starting with the digits from the PLMN identity.
>IMEI			OCTET STRING (SIZE (8))	 hexadecimal digits 0 to F, two hexadecimal digits per octet, each hexadecimal digit encoded 0000 to 1111, 1111 used as filler for bits 8 to 5 of last octet bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n Number of hexadecimal digits shall be 15.

9.2.1.10 OMC ID

A variable length element indicating the destination address of the Operation and Maintenance Center (OMC) to which trace information is to be sent.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
OMC ID	Μ		OCTET STRING (322)	Coded as the OMC ID specified in UMTS TS based on GSM [24].

NOTE: Due to inconsistency in the definition of OMC ID between TS 25.413 and [23], it shall be ensured that the *OMC ID* IE is coded with at least the minimum number of octets required.

9.2.1.11 Integrity Protection Information

This element contains the integrity protection information (key and permitted algorithms).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Integrity Protection Information				
>Permitted Integrity Protection Algorithms				
>>Integrity Protection Algorithm	M	1 to 16	INTEGER (standard UIA1 (0))	Value range is 0 to 15. Only one value used.
>Integrity Protection Key	М		BIT STRING (128)	

9.2.1.12 Encryption Information

This element contains the user data encryption information (key and permitted algorithms) used to control any encryption equipment at the RNC.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Encryption Information				
>Permitted Encryption Algorithms				
>>Encryption Algorithm	M	1 to 16	INTEGER (no encryption (0), standard UEA1 (1))	Value range is 0 to 15. Only two values used.
>Encryption Key	М		Bit string (128)	

9.2.1.13 Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm

This element indicates the integrity protection algorithm being used by the RNC.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm	Μ		INTEGER (standard UIA1 (0), no value (15))	Value range is 0 to 15. Only one value used. The value "no value" shall only be used in case of RANAP signalling over MAP/E [22].

9.2.1.14 Chosen Encryption Algorithm

This element indicates the encryption algorithm being used by the RNC.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Chosen Encryption Algorithm	Μ		INTEGER (no encryption (0), standard UEA1 (1))	Value range is 0 to 15. Only two values used.

9.2.1.15 Categorisation Parameters

Void.

9.2.1.16 Request Type

This element indicates the type of UE location to be reported from RNC and it is either a Service Area or Geographical Area.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Request Type				
>Event	М		ENUMERATED(Stop Change of service area, Direct, Change of service area,)	
>Report Area	M		ENUMERATED(Service Area, Geographical Area,)	When the Event IE is set to "Stop Change of service area", the value of the Report area IE shall be the same as in the LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL message that initiated the location reporting.
>Accuracy Code	0		INTEGER(0127)	The requested accuracy "r" is derived from the "accuracy code" k by r = 10x(1.1 ^k -1)

9.2.1.17 Data Volume Reporting Indication

This information element indicates whether or not RNC has to calculate the unsuccessfully transmitted NAS data amount for the RAB and to report the amount of data when the RAB is released.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Data Volume Reporting	М		ENUMERAT	
Indication			ED (do	
			report, do	
			not report)	

9.2.1.18 User Plane Mode

This element indicates the mode of operation of the Iu User plane requested for realising the RAB. The Iu User plane modes are defined in [6].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
User Plane Mode	Μ		ENUMERAT ED (transparent mode, support mode for predefined SDU sizes,)	This IE contains the mode of operation of the Iu UP protocol

9.2.1.19 UP Mode Versions

UP mode versions IE is an information element that is sent by CN to RNC. It is a bit string that indicates the versions for the selected Iu UP mode that are supported by the CN. The Iu User plane mode versions shall be defined and coded as the "Iu UP Mode versions supported" field defined in [6]. This reference is applicable for both the transparent mode and the support mode for predefined SDU sizes.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
UP Mode Versions	Μ		BIT STRING (16)	Indicates the versions of the selected UP mode that are supported by the CN

9.2.1.20 Chosen UP Version

Void.

9.2.1.21 Paging Area ID

This element uniquely identifies the area, where the PAGING message shall be broadcasted. The Paging area ID is either a Location Area ID or Routing Area ID.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Paging Area ID				
>LAI			9.2.3.6	
>RAI				
>>LAI	М		9.2.3.6	
>>RAC	М		9.2.3.7	

9.2.1.22 Non Searching Indication

This parameter allows the RNC not to search Common ID when receiving a PAGING message from the CN.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Non Searching Indication	М		ENUMERAT	
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			ED (non-	
			searching,	
			searching)	

9.2.1.23 Relocation Type

This information element indicates whether the relocation of SRNS is to be executed with or without involvement of the UE. If the UE is involved then a radio interface handover command shall be sent to the UE to trigger the execution of the relocation. If the UE is not involved then the relocation execution is triggered via Iur.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Relocation Type	М		ENUMERATED (UE not involved in relocation of SRNS,UE involved in relocation of SRNS)	

9.2.1.24 Source ID

Source ID IE identifies the source for the relocation of SRNS. The Source ID may be e.g. Source RNC-ID (for UMTS-UMTS relocation) or the SAI of the relocation source (in case of UMTS to GSM relocation).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Source ID				
>Source RNC-ID				
>>PLMN identity	М		OCTET STRING (SIZE (3))	 digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, 1111 used as filler bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n The PLMN identity consists of 3 digits from MCC followed by either a filler plus 2 digits from MNC (in case of 2 digit MNC) or 3 digits from MNC (in case of a 3 digit MNC).
>>RNC-ID	М		INTEGER (04095)	
>SAI			9.2.3.9	

9.2.1.25 Target ID

Target ID IE identifies the target for the relocation of SRNS. The target ID may be e.g. Target RNC-ID (for UMTS-UMTS relocation) or Cell Global ID of the relocation target (in case of UMTS to GSM relocation).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Target ID				
>Target RNC-ID				
>>LAI	Μ		9.2.3.6	
>>RAC	0		9.2.3.7	
>>RNC-ID	M		INTEGER (04095)	
>CGI				
>>LAI	Μ		9.2.3.6	
>>Cl	Μ		OCTET STRING (2)	

9.2.1.26 MS Classmark 2

The coding of this element is described in [8].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
MS Classmark 2	Μ		OCTET STRING	Contents defined in [8]

9.2.1.27 MS Classmark 3

The coding of this element is described in [8].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
MS Classmark 3	М		OCTET STRING	Contents defined in [8]

9.2.1.28 Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container

Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container IE is an information element that is produced by source RNC and is transmitted to target RNC. In inter-system handover the IE is transmitted from external relocation source to target RNC.

This IE is transparent to CN.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
RRC Container	М		OCTET STRING	
Number of Iu Instances	М		INTEGER (12)	
Relocation Type	М		9.2.1.23	
Chosen Integrity Protection Algorithm	0		9.2.1.13	Indicates which integrity protection algorithm that has been used by the source RNC.
Integrity Protection Key	0		Bit String (128)	Indicates which integrity protection key that has been used by the source RNC.
Chosen Encryption Algorithm	0		9.2.1.14	Indicates which algorithm that has been used by the source RNC for ciphering of signalling data.
Ciphering Key	0		Bit String (128)	Indicates which ciphering key that has been used by the source RNC for ciphering of signalling data.
Chosen Encryption Algorithm	0		9.2.1.14	Indicates which algorithm that has been used by the source RNC for ciphering of CS user data.
Chosen Encryption Algorithm	0		9.2.1.14	Indicates which algorithm that has been used by the source RNC for ciphering of PS user data.
d-RNTI	C - ifUEnotinv olved		INTEGER (01048575)	
Target Cell ID	C - ifUEinvolve d		INTEGER (0268435455)	This information element identifies a cell uniquely within UTRAN and consists of RNC- ID (12 bits) and C-ID (16 bits) as defined in TS 25.401 [3].
RAB TrCH Mapping	0	1 to <maxnoofrab s></maxnoofrab 		
>RAB ID	М		9.2.1.2	
>RAB Subflow	М	1 to <maxrab- Subflows></maxrab- 		The RAB Subflows shall be presented in an order that corresponds to the order in which the RBs are presented per RAB in the RRC container included in this IE.
>> Transport Channel IDs				
>>> DCH ID	0		INTEGER (0255)	The DCH ID is the identifier of an active dedicated transport channel. It is unique for each active DCH among the active DCHs simultaneously allocated for the same UE.
>>> DSCH ID	0		INTEGER (0255)	The DSCH ID is the identifier of an active downlink shared transport channel. It is unique for each DSCH among the active DSCHs simultaneously allocated for the same UE.
>>> USCH ID	0		INTEGER (0255)	The USCH ID is the identifier of an active uplink shared transport channel. It is unique for each USCH among the

			active USCHs simultaneously allocated for the same UE.
--	--	--	--

Condition	Explanation
IfUEnotinvolved	This IE shall be present if the <i>Relocation type</i> IE is set to "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS".
IfUEinvolved	This IE shall be present if the <i>Relocation type</i> IE is set to "UE involved in relocation of SRNS".

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofRABs	Maximum no. of RABs for one UE. Value is 256.
maxRABSubflows	Maximum no. of subflows per RAB. Value is 7.

9.2.1.29 Old BSS to New BSS Information

The coding of this element is described in [11].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Old BSS To New BSS Information	М		OCTET STRING	Contents defined in [11].

9.2.1.30 Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container

Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container IE is an information element that is produced by target RNC and is transmitted to source RNC. In inter-system handover the IE is transmitted from target RNC to the external relocation source.

This IE is transparent to CN.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
RRC Container	М		OCTET STRING	
d-RNTI	0		INTEGER (01048575)	May be included to allow the triggering of the Relocation Detect procedure from the lur Interface

9.2.1.31 L3 Information

The coding of this element is described in [11].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
L3 Information	М		OCTET STRING	Contents defined in [11].

9.2.1.32 Number of Steps

Indicates the number of steps to reduce traffic in overload situation.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Number Of Steps	Μ		INTEGER (116)	

9.2.1.33 DL N-PDU Sequence Number

This IE indicates the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next downlink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been sent to the UE by a source system.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
DL N-PDU Sequence Number	Μ		INTEGER (0 65535)	This IE indicates the sequence number of the next DL N-PDU that would have been sent to the UE by a source system. This is the 16 bit sequence number.

9.2.1.34 UL N-PDU Sequence Number

This IE indicates the radio interface sequence number (PDCP) [17] of the next uplink N-PDU (PDCP SDU) that would have been expected from the UE by a source system.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
UL N-PDU Sequence Number	Μ		INTEGER (0 65535)	This IE indicates the sequence number of the next UL N-PDU that would have been expected from the UE by a source system. This is the 16 bit sequence number.

9.2.1.35 Criticality Diagnostics

The *Criticality Diagnostics* IE is sent by the RNC or the CN when parts of a received message have not been comprehended or were missing, or if the message contained logical errors. When applicable, it contains information about which IEs that were not comprehended or were missing.

For further details on how to use the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE, see Annex A.2.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Criticality Diagnostics				
>Procedure Code	0		INTEGER (0255)	Procedure Code is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Triggering Message	0		ENUMERAT ED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome,	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure.
>Procedure Criticality	0		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure).
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		0 to <maxnoof errors></maxnoof 		
>IE Criticality	М		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'ignore' shall not be used.
>IE ID	Μ		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of the not understood or missing IE
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (0255)	 The Repetition Number IE gives in case of a not understood IE: The number of occurrences of the reported IE up to and including the not understood occurrence in case of a missing IE: The number of occurrences up to but not including the missing occurrences. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.
>Message Structure	0		9.2.1.42	The Message Structure IE describes the structure where the not understood or missing IE was detected. This IE is included if the not understood IE is not the top level of the message.
>Type of Error	M		ENUMERAT ED(not understood, missing,)	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooferrors	Maximum no. of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single
	message. The value for maxnooferrors is 256.

9.2.1.36 Key Status

This IE tells if the keys included in SECURITY MODE COMMAND message are new or if they have been used previously.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Key Status	Μ		ENUMERAT ED (old,	
			new,)	

9.2.1.37 DRX Cycle Length Coefficient

This IE indicates the DRX cycle length coefficient (k) as defined in [10].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
DRX Cycle Length Coefficient	М		INTEGER (69)	

9.2.1.38 Iu Signalling Connection Identifier

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Iu Signalling Connection Identifier	Μ		BIT STRING (SIZE(24))	The most significant bit of this IE shall indicate the node, that has assigned the value. MSB = "0": assigned by the RNC MSB = "1": assigned by the CN

9.2.1.39 Global RNC-ID

Global RNC-ID is used to globally identify an RNC.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Global RNC-ID				
>PLMN identity	Μ		OCTET STRING (SIZE (3))	 digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, 1111 used as filler bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n The PLMN identity consists of 3 digits from MCC followed by either a filler plus 2 digits from MNC (in case of 2 digit MNC) or 3 digits from MNC (in case of a 3 digit MNC).
>RNC-ID	М		INTEGER (04095)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

9.2.1.40 PDP Type Information

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
PDP Type Information				
>PDP Type	Μ	1 to <maxnoofpdpdir ections></maxnoofpdpdir 	ENUMERAT ED(empty, PPP, OSP:IHOSS, IPv4, IPv6,)	PDP Type is defined in [8], and the restrictions on usage shall comply with [8]. Usage: When the IE is repeated then PDP Type for downlink is signalled first, followed by PDP Type for uplink; when the IE is not repeated, the PDP Type shall apply to both uplink and downlink. OSP:IHOSS: This value shall not be used.

Range bound	Explanation
maxnoofPDPDirections	Number of directions for which PDP Type is signalled separately

9.2.1.41 Service Handover

This IE tells if intersystem handover to GSM should, should not, or shall not be performed for the RAB in question.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Service Handover	M		ENUMERAT ED (Handover to GSM should be performed, Handover to GSM should not be performed, Handover to GSM shall not be performed,)	

9.2.1.42 Message Structure

The *Message Structure* IE gives information for each level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure from top level down to the lowest level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message structure		1 to <maxnoofle vels></maxnoofle 		The first repetition of the Message Structure IE corresponds to the top level of the message. The last repetition of the Message Structure IE corresponds to the level above the reported level for the occured error of the message.	GLOBAL	ignore
>IE ID	М		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of this level's IE containing the not understood or missing IE.	-	
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (1256)	The Repetition Number IE gives, if applicable, the number of occurrences of this level's reported IE up to and including the occurrence containing the not understood or missing IE. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.	-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooflevels	Maximum no. of message levels to report. The value for
	maxnooflevels is 256.

9.2.2 Transport Network Layer Related IEs

9.2.2.1 Transport Layer Address

For the PS domain this information element is an IP address to be used for the user plane transport. For the CS domain this address is to be used for Transport Network Control Plane signalling to set up the transport bearer.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Transport Layer Address	Μ		BIT STRING (1160,)	The Radio Network layer is not supposed to interpret the address information. It should pass it to the transport layer for interpretation. For details on the Transport Layer Address, see ref. [9].

9.2.2.2 Iu Transport Association

This element is used to associate the RAB and the corresponding transport bearer. For the CS domain this information element is the Binding ID to be used in Transport Network Control Plane signalling during set up of the transport bearer. In PS domain this information element is the GTP Tunnel Endpoint Identifier.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Iu Transport Association				
>GTP TEID			OCTET STRING (4)	
>Binding ID			OCTET STRING (4)	

9.2.2.3 DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number

This IE indicates the sequence number of the GTP-PDU which is the next to be sent to the UE.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	М		INTEGER (0 65535)	This IE indicates the sequence number of the GTP-PDU which is next to be sent to the UE.

9.2.2.4 UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number

This IE indicates the sequence number of the GTP-PDU which is the next to be sent to the SGSN.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number	М		INTEGER (0 65535)	This IE indicates the sequence number of the GTP-PDU which is next to be sent to the SGSN.

9.2.3 NAS Related IEs

9.2.3.1 Permanent NAS UE Identity

This element is used to identify the UE commonly in UTRAN and in CN. RNC uses it to find other existing signalling connections of this same UE (e.g. RRC or Iu signalling connections) Initially this is of the type of IMSI.

NOTE: IMSI is specified in the [19].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Permanent NAS UE Identity				
>IMSI	Μ		OCTET STRING (SIZE (38))	 digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, 1111 used as filler bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n Number of decimal digits shall be from 6 to 15 starting with the digits from the PLMN identity.

9.2.3.2 Temporary UE ID

Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity, used for security reasons to hide the identity of a subscriber.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Temporary UE ID				
>TMSI			OCTET STRING (4)	
>P-TMSI			OCTET STRING (4)	

9.2.3.3 Paging Cause

This element indicates the cause of paging to the UE.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Paging Cause	M		ENUMERAT ED(Terminating Conversatio nal Call, Terminating Streaming Call, Terminating Interactive Call, Terminating Background Call, Terminating Low Priority Signalling, , Terminating High Priority Signalling)	

9.2.3.4 NAS Broadcast Information

Void.

9.2.3.5 NAS PDU

This information element contains the CN - UE or UE - CN message that is transferred without interpretation in the RNC. Typically it contains call control, session management, supplementary services, short message service and mobility management messages.

	IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
l	NAS PDU	М		OCTET STRING	

9.2.3.6 LAI

This element is used to uniquely identify a Location Area.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
LAI				
>PLMN identity	M		OCTET STRING (SIZE (3))	 digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, 1111 used as filler bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n The PLMN identity consists of 3 digits from MCC followed by either a filler plus 2 digits from MNC (in case of 2 digit MNC) or -3 digits from MNC (in case of a 3 digit MNC).
>LAC	М		OCTET STRING (2)	0000 and FFFE not allowed.

9.2.3.7 RAC

This element is used to identify a Routing Area within a Location Area. It is used for PS services.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
RAC	М		OCTET STRING (1)	

9.2.3.8 SAPI

The SAPI IE is used to indicate the specific service provided for the message.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
SAPI	Μ		ENUMERATED	
			(SAPI 0, SAPI 3,	
)	

9.2.3.9 SAI

Service Area Identifier (SAI) IE information (see [3]) is used to identify an area consisting of one or more cells belonging to the same Location Area. Such an area is called a Service Area and can be used for indicating the location of a UE to the CN. For this protocol, only a Service Area that is defined to be applicable to the PS and CS domains shall be used.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
SAI				
>PLMN identity	М		OCTET STRING (SIZE (3))	 digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, 1111 used as filler bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n The PLMN identity consists of 3 digits from MCC followed by either a filler plus 2 digits from MNC (in case of 2 digit MNC) or 3 digits from MNC (in case of a 3 digit MNC).
>LAC	M		OCTET STRING (2)	0000 and FFFE not allowed.
>SAC	М		OCTET STRING (2)	

9.2.3.10 Area Identity

This information element is used for indicating the location of a UE and is either a Service Area or Geographical Area.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Area Identity				
>SAI			9.2.3.9	
>Geographical Area			9.2.3.11	

9.2.3.11 Geographical Area

Geographical Area IE is used to identify an area, as seen from the CN, using geographical coordinates. The reference system is the same as the one used in [20].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Choice Geographical Area				
>Point			See below	Ellipsoid point
>Point With			See below	Ellipsoid point with
Uncertainty				uncertainty circle
>Polygon			See below	List of Ellipsoid points

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Point				
>Geographical Coordinates	М		See below	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Point With Uncertainty				
>Geographical Coordinates	M		See below	
>Uncertainty Code	М		INTEGER(0127)	The uncertainty "r" is derived from the "uncertainty code" k by $r = 10x(1.1^{k}-1)$

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Polygon				
>Geographical	М	1 to	See below	
Coordinates		<maxnoofpoints></maxnoofpoints>		

Range bound	Explanation		
maxnoofPoints	Maximum no. of points in polygon. Value is 15.		

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Geographical Coordinates				
>Latitude Sign	М		ENUMERATED (North, South)	
>Degrees Of Latitude	М		INTEGER (02 ²³ -1)	The IE value (N) is derived by this formula: $N \le 2^{23} X / 90 < N+1$ X being the latitude in degree (0° 90°)
>Degrees Of Longitude	М		INTEGER (-2 ²³ 2 ²³ -1)	The IE value (N) is derived by this formula: N≤2 ²⁴ X /360 < N+1 X being the longitude in degree (-180°+180°)

9.2.3.12 Unsuccessfully Transmitted Data Volume

This information element indicates the data volume (octets) that is unsuccessfully transmitted over the radio interface in DL direction for the RAB.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and	Semantics description
			reference	
Unsuccessfully Transmitted	М		INTEGER	Unit is octet.
Data Volume			(0 2 ³² -1)	

9.2.3.13 Data Volume Reference

This information element indicates the time when the data volume is counted.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Data Volume Reference	М		INTEGER (0255)	

9.2.3.14 Information Identity

Void

9.2.3.15 Information Priority

Void

9.2.3.16 Information Control

Void

9.2.3.17 CN Broadcast Area

Void

9.2.3.18 NAS Synchronisation Indicator

This information element contains transparent NAS information that is transferred without interpretation in the RNC.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
NAS Synchronisation Indicator	М		BIT STRING (4)	

9.3 Message and Information Element Abstract Syntax (with ASN.1)

9.3.0 General

RANAP ASN.1 definition conforms with [14] and [15].

The ASN.1 definition specifies the structure and content of RANAP messages. RANAP messages can contain any IEs specified in the object set definitions for that message without the order or number of occurrence being restricted by ASN.1. However, for this version of the standard, a sending entity shall construct a RANAP message according to the PDU definitions module and with the following additional rules (Note that in the following IE means an IE in the object set with an explicit id. If one IE needed to appear more than once in one object set, then the different occurrences have different IE ids):

- IEs shall be ordered (in an IE container) in the order they appear in object set definitions..
- Object set definitions specify how many times IEs may appear. An IE shall appear exactly once if the presence field in an object has value "mandatory". An IE may appear at most once if the presence field in an object has value "optional" or "conditional". If in a tabular format there is multiplicity specified for an IE (i.e. an IE list) then in the corresponding ASN.1 definition the list definition is separated into two parts. The first part defines an IE container list where the list elements reside. The second part defines list elements. The IE container list appears as an IE of its own. For this version of the standard an IE container list may contain only one kind of list elements.

If a RANAP message that is not constructed as defined above is received, this shall be considered as Abstract Syntax Error, and the message shall be handled as defined for Abstract Syntax Error in subclause 10.3.6.

Subclause 9.3 presents the Abstract Syntax of RANAP protocol with ASN.1. In case there is contradiction between the ASN.1 definition in this subclause and the tabular format in subclause 9.1 and 9.2, the ASN.1 shall take precedence, except for the definition of conditions for the presence of conditional elements, where the tabular format shall take precedence.

9.3.1 Usage of private message mechanism for non-standard use

The private message mechanism for non-standard use may be used:

- for special operator- (and/or vendor) specific features considered not to be part of the basic functionality, i.e. the functionality required for a complete and high-quality specification in order to guarantee multivendor interoperability;
- by vendors for research purposes, e.g. to implement and evaluate new algorithms/features before such features are proposed for standardisation.

The private message mechanism shall not be used for basic functionality. Such functionality shall be standardised.

9.3.2 Elementary Procedure Definitions

_ _

⁻⁻ Elementary Procedure definitions

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RANAP-PDU-Descriptions { itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0) umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-PDU-Descriptions (0)} DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::= BEGIN _ _ -- IE parameter types from other modules. ___ IMPORTS Criticality, ProcedureCode FROM RANAP-CommonDataTypes Iu-ReleaseCommand, Iu-ReleaseComplete, RelocationCommand, RelocationPreparationFailure, RelocationRequired, RelocationRequest, RelocationRequestAcknowledge, RelocationFailure, RelocationCancel, RelocationCancelAcknowledge, SRNS-ContextRequest, SRNS-ContextResponse, SecurityModeCommand, SecurityModeComplete, SecurityModeReject, DataVolumeReportRequest, DataVolumeReport, Reset, ResetAcknowledge, RAB-ReleaseRequest, Iu-ReleaseRequest, RelocationDetect, RelocationComplete, Paging, CommonID, CN-InvokeTrace, CN-DeactivateTrace, LocationReportingControl, LocationReport, InitialUE-Message, DirectTransfer, Overload, ErrorIndication,

SRNS-DataForwardCommand,

ForwardSRNS-Context, RAB-AssignmentRequest, RAB-AssignmentResponse, PrivateMessage, ResetResource, ResetResourceAcknowledge, RANAP-RelocationInformation FROM RANAP-PDU-Contents id-CN-DeactivateTrace, id-CN-InvokeTrace, id-CommonID. id-DataVolumeReport, id-DirectTransfer, id-ErrorIndication, id-ForwardSRNS-Context, id-InitialUE-Message, id-Iu-Release, id-Iu-ReleaseRequest, id-LocationReport, id-LocationReportingControl, id-OverloadControl, id-Paging, id-privateMessage, id-RAB-Assignment, id-RAB-ReleaseRequest, id-RANAP-Relocation, id-RelocationCancel, id-RelocationComplete, id-RelocationDetect, id-RelocationPreparation, id-RelocationResourceAllocation, id-Reset, id-SRNS-ContextTransfer, id-SRNS-DataForward, id-SecurityModeControl, id-ResetResource FROM RANAP-Constants; _ _ _ _ -- Interface Elementary Procedure Class ___ RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= CLASS &InitiatingMessage OPTIONAL, &SuccessfulOutcome &UnsuccessfulOutcome OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, &Outcome &procedureCode ProcedureCode UNIOUE, &criticality Criticality DEFAULT ignore }

```
WITH SYNTAX {
   INITIATING MESSAGE
                        &InitiatingMessage
   SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME
                        &SuccessfulOutcome]
   [UNSUCCESSFUL OUTCOME
                            &UnsuccessfulOutcome]
   [ OUTCOME
                     &Outcome]
                            &procedureCode
   PROCEDURE CODE
                        &criticality]
   [CRITICALITY
    Interface PDU Definition
    RANAP-PDU ::= CHOICE {
   initiatingMessage InitiatingMessage,
   successfulOutcome SuccessfulOutcome,
   unsuccessfulOutcome UnsuccessfulOutcome,
   outcome
                 Outcome,
   . . .
InitiatingMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
   procedureCode RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&procedureCode
                                                        ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}),
   criticality RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&criticality
                                                     ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode}),
                                                        ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode})
   value
              RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&InitiatingMessage
SuccessfulOutcome ::= SEOUENCE {
   procedureCode RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&procedureCode
                                                        ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}),
   criticality RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&criticality
                                                     ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode}),
   value
              RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&SuccessfulOutcome
                                                        ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode})
}
UnsuccessfulOutcome ::= SEQUENCE {
   procedureCode RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&procedureCode
                                                       ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}),
                                                     ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode}),
   criticality RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&criticality
              RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE. & UnsuccessfulOutcome ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode})
   value
}
Outcome ::= SEOUENCE {
                                                       ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}),
   procedureCode RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&procedureCode
                                                     ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode}),
   criticality RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE.&criticality
                                                 ({RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES}{@procedureCode})
   value
              RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE. & Outcome
    Interface Elementary Procedure List
_ _
     RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
```

```
RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES-CLASS-1
   RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES-CLASS-2
   RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES-CLASS-3
   . . .
ļ
RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES-CLASS-1 RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
   iu-Release
   relocationPreparation
   relocationResourceAllocation
   relocationCancel
   sRNS-ContextTransfer
   securityModeControl
   dataVolumeReport
   reset
   resetResource
   . . .
RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES-CLASS-2 RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
   rAB-ReleaseRequest
   iu-ReleaseRequest
   relocationDetect
   relocationComplete
   paging
   commonID
   cN-InvokeTrace
   cN-DeactivateTrace
   locationReportingControl
   locationReport
   initialUE-Message
   directTransfer
   overloadControl
   errorIndication
   sRNS-DataForward
   forwardSRNS-Context
   privateMessage
   rANAP-Relocation
   . . .
}
RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURES-CLASS-3 RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
   rAB-Assignment
                         ,
   . . .
  _ _
_ _
-- Interface Elementary Procedures
___
      iu-Release RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
```

INITIATING MESSAGE Iu-ReleaseCommand

```
SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME Iu-ReleaseComplete
    PROCEDURE CODE
                       id-Iu-Release
    CRITICALITY
                   reject
}
relocationPreparation RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RelocationRequired
    SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME RelocationCommand
    UNSUCCESSFUL OUTCOME RelocationPreparationFailure
    PROCEDURE CODE
                           id-RelocationPreparation
    CRITICALITY
                   reject
}
relocationResourceAllocation RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RelocationRequest
    SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME RelocationRequestAcknowledge
                           RelocationFailure
    UNSUCCESSFUL OUTCOME
                           id-RelocationResourceAllocation
    PROCEDURE CODE
    CRITICALITY
                   reject
relocationCancel RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RelocationCancel
    SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME RelocationCancelAcknowledge
    PROCEDURE CODE
                       id-RelocationCancel
    CRITICALITY
                   reject
}
sRNS-ContextTransfer RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE SRNS-ContextRequest
    SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME SRNS-ContextResponse
    PROCEDURE CODE
                       id-SRNS-ContextTransfer
    CRITICALITY
                   reject
}
securityModeControl RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE SecurityModeCommand
    SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME SecurityModeComplete
                           SecurityModeReject
    UNSUCCESSFUL OUTCOME
                       id-SecurityModeControl
    PROCEDURE CODE
                   reject
    CRITICALITY
dataVolumeReport RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE DataVolumeReportRequest
    SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME DataVolumeReport
                       id-DataVolumeReport
    PROCEDURE CODE
    CRITICALITY
                   reject
}
reset RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE Reset
```

```
SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME ResetAcknowledge
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-Reset
    CRITICALITY
                    reject
}
rAB-ReleaseRequest RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RAB-ReleaseRequest
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-RAB-ReleaseRequest
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
iu-ReleaseRequest RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE Iu-ReleaseRequest
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-Iu-ReleaseRequest
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
relocationDetect RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RelocationDetect
                        id-RelocationDetect
    PROCEDURE CODE
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
relocationComplete RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RelocationComplete
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-RelocationComplete
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
paging RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE Paging
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-Paging
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
commonID RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE CommonID
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-CommonID
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
cN-InvokeTrace RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE CN-InvokeTrace
                        id-CN-InvokeTrace
    PROCEDURE CODE
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
cN-DeactivateTrace RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE CN-DeactivateTrace
    PROCEDURE CODE
                            id-CN-DeactivateTrace
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
locationReportingControl RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::=
```

```
INITIATING MESSAGE LocationReportingControl
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-LocationReportingControl
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
locationReport RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE LocationReport
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-LocationReport
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
initialUE-Message RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE InitialUE-Message
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-InitialUE-Message
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
directTransfer RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE DirectTransfer
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-DirectTransfer
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
overloadControl RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE Overload
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-OverloadControl
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
errorIndication RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE ErrorIndication
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-ErrorIndication
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
sRNS-DataForward RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE SRNS-DataForwardCommand
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-SRNS-DataForward
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
forwardSRNS-Context RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE ForwardSRNS-Context
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-ForwardSRNS-Context
    CRITICALITY
                    ignore
}
rAB-Assignment RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RAB-AssignmentRequest
                    RAB-AssignmentResponse
    OUTCOME
    PROCEDURE CODE
                        id-RAB-Assignment
    CRITICALITY
                    reject
```

```
privateMessage RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE PrivateMessage
    PROCEDURE CODE id-privateMessage
    CRITICALITY ignore
```

```
}
resetResource RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE ResetResource
    SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME ResetResourceAcknowledge
    PROCEDURE CODE
                           id-ResetResource
    CRITICALITY
                   reject
}
rANAP-Relocation RANAP-ELEMENTARY-PROCEDURE ::= {
    INITIATING MESSAGE RANAP-RelocationInformation
    PROCEDURE CODE
                           id-RANAP-Relocation
    CRITICALITY
                   ignore
}
```

```
END
```

9.3.3 PDU Definitions

```
_ _
-- PDU definitions for RANAP.
_ _
RANAP-PDU-Contents {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-PDU-Contents (1) }
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
   _ _
-- IE parameter types from other modules.
_ _
IMPORTS
  DataVolumeReference,
  AreaIdentity,
  CN-DomainIndicator,
  Cause,
  CriticalityDiagnostics,
  ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm,
  ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm,
  ClassmarkInformation2,
```

ClassmarkInformation3, DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber, DL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber, DataVolumeReportingIndication, DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient, EncryptionInformation, GlobalRNC-ID, IntegrityProtectionInformation, IuSignallingConnectionIdentifier, IuTransportAssociation, KeyStatus, L3-Information, LAI, NAS-PDU. NAS-SynchronisationIndicator, NonSearchingIndication, NumberOfSteps, OMC-ID, OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information, PagingAreaID, PagingCause, PDP-TypeInformation, PermanentNAS-UE-ID, RAB-ID, RAB-Parameters, RAC, RelocationType, RequestType, SAI, SAPI, Service-Handover, SourceID, SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer, TargetID, TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer, TemporaryUE-ID, TraceReference, TraceType, UnsuccessfullyTransmittedDataVolume, TransportLayerAddress, TriggerID, UE-ID, UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber, UL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber, UP-ModeVersions, UserPlaneMode FROM RANAP-IEs

PrivateIE-Container{},
ProtocolExtensionContainer{},
ProtocolIE-ContainerList{},
ProtocolIE-ContainerPair{},
ProtocolIE-ContainerPairList{},

ProtocollE-Container{}, RANAP-PRIVATE-IES, RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION. RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES, RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR FROM RANAP-Containers maxNrOfDTs, maxNrOfErrors, maxNrOfIuSigConIds, maxNrOfRABs, maxNrOfVol, id-AreaIdentity, id-CN-DomainIndicator, id-Cause. id-ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm, id-ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm, id-ClassmarkInformation2, id-ClassmarkInformation3, id-CriticalityDiagnostics, id-DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient, id-DirectTransferInformationItem-RANAP-RelocInf, id-DirectTransferInformationList-RANAP-RelocInf, id-DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber, id-EncryptionInformation, id-GlobalRNC-ID, id-IntegrityProtectionInformation, id-IuSigConId, id-IuSigConIdItem, id-IuSiqConIdList, id-IuTransportAssociation, id-KeyStatus, id-L3-Information, id-LAI, id-NAS-PDU, id-NonSearchingIndication, id-NumberOfSteps, id-OMC-ID, id-OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information, id-PagingAreaID, id-PagingCause, id-PermanentNAS-UE-ID, id-RAB-ContextItem, id-RAB-ContextList, id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferItem, id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferList, id-RAB-ContextItem-RANAP-RelocInf, id-RAB-ContextList-RANAP-RelocInf, id-RAB-DataForwardingItem, id-RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReg, id-RAB-DataForwardingList, id-RAB-DataForwardingList-SRNS-CtxReq, id-RAB-DataVolumeReportItem,

id-RAB-DataVolumeReportList, id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem, id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestList, id-RAB-FailedItem, id-RAB-FailedList. id-RAB-FailedtoReportItem, id-RAB-FailedtoReportList, id-RAB-ID, id-RAB-OueuedItem, id-RAB-OueuedList, id-RAB-ReleaseFailedList, id-RAB-ReleaseItem, id-RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp. id-RAB-ReleaseList. id-RAB-ReleasedItem, id-RAB-ReleasedList, id-RAB-ReleasedList-IuRelComp, id-RAB-RelocationReleaseItem, id-RAB-RelocationReleaseList, id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReg, id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck, id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReq, id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReqAck, id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem, id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedList, id-RAB-SetupOrModifyItem, id-RAB-SetupOrModifyList, id-RAC, id-RelocationType, id-RequestType, id-SAI, id-SAPI, id-SourceID, id-SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer, id-TargetID, id-TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer, id-TemporaryUE-ID, id-TraceReference, id-TraceType, id-TransportLayerAddress, id-TriggerID, id-UE-ID, id-UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber FROM RANAP-Constants;

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{ RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR : IESSetParam } ::= ProtocolIE-ContainerPairList { 1, maxNrOfRABs, RAB-IE-ContainerPairList {IEsSetParam} ProtocolError-IE-ContainerList { RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES : IEsSetParam } ::= ProtocolIE-ContainerList { 1, maxNrOfRABs, {IEsSetParam} IuSiqConId-IE-ContainerList { RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES : IEsSetParam } ::= ProtocolIE-ContainerList { 1, maxNrOfIuSigConIds, {IEsSetParam} } : IEsSetParam } ::= ProtocolIE-ContainerList DirectTransfer-IE-ContainerList { RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES { 1, maxNrOfDTs, {IEsSetParam} } ******* -- IU RELEASE ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ -- Iu Release Command _ _ Iu-ReleaseCommand ::= SEQUENCE { { {Iu-ReleaseCommandIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container ProtocolExtensionContainer { {Iu-ReleaseCommandExtensions} } protocolExtensions OPTIONAL, . . . Iu-ReleaseCommandIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-Cause CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } Iu-ReleaseCommandExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . ********* _ _ -- Iu Release Complete _ _ Iu-ReleaseComplete ::= SEQUENCE { { {Iu-ReleaseCompleteIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container ProtocolExtensionContainer { {Iu-ReleaseCompleteExtensions} } OPTIONAL, protocolExtensions . . . } Iu-ReleaseCompleteIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { ID id-RAB-DataVolumeReportList CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataVolumeReportList PRESENCE optional } | ID id-RAB-ReleasedList-IuRelComp CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleasedList-IuRelComp PRESENCE optional } { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics PRESENCE optional }, . . . }

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::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-DataVolumeReportItemIEs} } RAB-DataVolumeReportList RAB-DataVolumeReportItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataVolumeReportItem { ID id-RAB-DataVolumeReportItem PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } RAB-DataVolumeReportItem ::= SEQUENCE { rAB-ID RAB-ID, dl-UnsuccessfullyTransmittedDataVolume DataVolumeList OPTIONAL -- This IE shall always be present although its presence is optional --, iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-DataVolumeReportItem-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL, . . . RAB-DataVolumeReportItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . } ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp-IEs} } RAB-ReleasedList-IuRelComp RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp-IEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp ::= SEQUENCE { rAB-ID RAB-ID, dL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber OPTIONAL, uL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber OPTIONAL, iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL, . . . } RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . } Iu-ReleaseCompleteExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . ___ -- RELOCATION PREPARATION ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ ****** _ _ ****************** _ _ -- Relocation Required _ _

```
RelocationRequired ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs
                     ProtocolIE-Container
                                                { {RelocationRequiredIEs} },
   protocolExtensions
                          ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationRequiredExtensions} }
                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
ļ
RelocationRequiredIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
     ID id-RelocationType
                                     CRITICALITY reject TYPE RelocationType
                                                                                           PRESENCE mandatory } |
                                  CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
     ID id-Cause
                                                                                PRESENCE mandatory } |
     ID id-SourceID
                                  CRITICALITY ignore TYPE SourceID
                                                                                   PRESENCE mandatory }
     ID id-TargetID
                                  CRITICALITY reject TYPE TargetID
                                                                                   PRESENCE mandatory }
                                                                                             PRESENCE conditional
    { ID id-ClassmarkInformation2
                                         CRITICALITY reject TYPE ClassmarkInformation2
    -- This IE shall be present if the Target ID IE contains a CGI IE--
                                                                                             } |
    { ID id-ClassmarkInformation3
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE ClassmarkInformation3
                                                                                             PRESENCE conditional
    -- This IE shall be present if the Target ID IE contains a CGI IE--
                                                                                             } |
   { ID id-SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer
                          CRITICALITY reject TYPE SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer PRESENCE conditional
    -- This IE shall be present if the Target ID IE contains a RNC-ID IE --
    { ID id-OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information CRITICALITY ignore TYPE OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information
                                                                                               PRESENCE optional
                                                                                                                                    },
    . . .
RelocationRequiredExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
        **********
_ _
-- Relocation Command
  RelocationCommand ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs
                      ProtocolIE-Container
                                                { {RelocationCommandIEs} },
                         ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationCommandExtensions} }
   protocolExtensions
                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RelocationCommandIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer
                          CRITICALITY reject TYPE TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer PRESENCE optional } |
     ID id-L3-Information
                                      CRITICALITY ignore TYPE L3-Information
                                                                                       PRESENCE optional } |
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-RelocationReleaseList
                                                                                               PRESENCE optional
     ID id-RAB-RelocationReleaseList
     ID id-RAB-DataForwardingList
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataForwardingList
                                                                                             PRESENCE optional
     ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                               PRESENCE optional },
    . . .
}
                                      ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-RelocationReleaseItemIEs} }
RAB-RelocationReleaseList
RAB-RelocationReleaseItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-RAB-RelocationReleaseItem
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-RelocationReleaseItem
                                                                                               PRESENCE mandatory },
```

```
}
RAB-RelocationReleaseItem ::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                             RAB-ID.
   iE-Extensions
                                 ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-RelocationReleaseItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL.
   . . .
RAB-RelocationReleaseItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
RAB-DataForwardingList
                                    ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-DataForwardingItemIEs} }
RAB-DataForwardingItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-DataForwardingItem
                                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataForwardingItem
                                                                                          PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-DataForwardingItem ::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                             RAB-ID,
   transportLayerAddress
                                    TransportLayerAddress,
   iuTransportAssociation
                                    IuTransportAssociation,
   iE-Extensions
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-DataForwardingItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
   . . .
RAB-DataForwardingItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
RelocationCommandExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
  _ _
-- Relocation Preparation Failure
_ _
  RelocationPreparationFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
                                              { {RelocationPreparationFailureIEs} },
   protocolIEs
                ProtocolIE-Container
                         ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationPreparationFailureExtensions} }
   protocolExtensions
                                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
       . . .
}
RelocationPreparationFailureIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
     ID id-Cause
                                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
                                                                             PRESENCE mandatory }
   { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                            PRESENCE optional },
   . . .
}
```

```
RelocationPreparationFailureExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

. . . -- RELOCATION RESOURCE ALLOCATION ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ _ -- Relocation Request RelocationRequest ::= SEQUENCE { { {RelocationRequestIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationReguestExtensions} } protocolExtensions OPTIONAL, . . . } RelocationRequestIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { ID id-PermanentNAS-UE-ID CRITICALITY ignore TYPE PermanentNAS-UE-ID PRESENCE optional } | ID id-Cause CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause PRESENCE mandatory } | ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY reject TYPE CN-DomainIndicator PRESENCE mandatory } ID id-SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer CRITICALITY reject TYPE SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer PRESENCE mandatory ID id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReq CRITICALITY reject TYPE RAB-SetupList-RelocReq PRESENCE optional } ID id-IntegrityProtectionInformation CRITICALITY ignore TYPE IntegrityProtectionInformation PRESENCE optional } | ID id-EncryptionInformation CRITICALITY ignore TYPE EncryptionInformation PRESENCE optional } ID id-IuSigConId CRITICALITY ignore TYPE IuSignallingConnectionIdentifier PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } RAB-SetupList-RelocReg ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-SetupItem-RelocReq-IEs} } RAB-SetupItem-RelocReq-IEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReg CRITICALITY reject TYPE RAB-SetupItem-RelocReg PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } RAB-SetupItem-RelocReq ::= SEQUENCE { rAB-ID RAB-ID, nAS-SynchronisationIndicator NAS-SynchronisationIndicator OPTIONAL, rAB-Parameters RAB-Parameters, dataVolumeReportingIndication DataVolumeReportingIndication OPTIONAL -- This IE shall be present if the CN domain indicator IE is set to "PS domain"--, pDP-TypeInformation PDP-TypeInformation OPTIONAL -- This IE shall be present if the CN domain indicator IE is set to "PS domain"--, userPlaneInformation UserPlaneInformation, transportLayerAddress TransportLayerAddress, iuTransportAssociation IuTransportAssociation, service-Handover Service-Handover OPTIONAL, iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-SetupItem-RelocReq-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,

} |

```
. . .
}
RAB-SetupItem-RelocReq-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
UserPlaneInformation ::= SEOUENCE {
   userPlaneMode
                                 UserPlaneMode,
   uP-ModeVersions
                                 UP-ModeVersions,
   iE-Extensions
                                 ProtocolExtensionContainer { {UserPlaneInformation-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
UserPlaneInformation-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
RelocationRequestExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
         _ _
-- Relocation Request Acknowledge
  RelocationRequestAcknowledge ::= SEQUENCE {
                                               { {RelocationRequestAcknowledgeIEs} },
   protocolIEs
                     ProtocolIE-Container
                     ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationRequestAcknowledgeExtensions} }
   protocolExtensions
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RelocationRequestAcknowledgeIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer
                          CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer PRESENCE optional
                                                                                                               } |
     ID id-RAB-SetupList-RelocRegAck
                                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-SetupList-RelocRegAck
                                                                                              PRESENCE optional} |
     ID id-RAB-FailedList
                                     CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-FailedList
                                                                                     PRESENCE optional }|
     ID id-ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm CRITICALITY ignore TYPE ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm
                                                                                                         PRESENCE optional
     ID id-ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm CRITICALITY ignore TYPE ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm
                                                                                              PRESENCE optional } |
    { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                              PRESENCE optional },
   . . .
}
                                     ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck-IEs} }
RAB-SetupList-RelocReqAck
RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck-IEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck
                                        CRITICALITY reject TYPE RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck
                                                                                              PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck ::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                             RAB-ID,
```

```
transportLayerAddress
                                    TransportLayerAddress OPTIONAL,
   iuTransportAssociation
                                    IuTransportAssociation OPTIONAL,
   iE-Extensions
                                 ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
   . . .
}
RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
RAB-FailedList
                                 ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-FailedItemIEs} }
RAB-FailedItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-FailedItem
                                    CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-FailedItem
                                                                                     PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-FailedItem ::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                             RAB-ID,
   cause
                             Cause,
   iE-Extensions
                                 ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-FailedItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RAB-FailedItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
RelocationRequestAcknowledgeExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
  *****
_ _
-- Relocation Failure
_ _
RelocationFailure ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs
                      ProtocolIE-Container
                                               { {RelocationFailureIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationFailureExtensions} }
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
   . . .
RelocationFailureIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
     ID id-Cause
                                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
                                                                             PRESENCE mandatory } |
   { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                 CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                             PRESENCE optional },
   . . .
}
RelocationFailureExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
```

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_ _ -- RELOCATION CANCEL ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ _ _ -- Relocation Cancel RelocationCancel ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {RelocationCancelIEs} }, protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationCancelExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } RelocationCancelIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause { ID id-Cause PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } RelocationCancelExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . } _ _ -- Relocation Cancel Acknowledge _ _ RelocationCancelAcknowledge ::= SEQUENCE { { {RelocationCancelAcknowledgeIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationCancelAcknowledgeExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } RelocationCancelAcknowledgeIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics PRESENCE optional }, CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics . . . } RelocationCancelAcknowledgeExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . } _ _ -- SRNS CONTEXT TRANSFER OPEARATION _ _

```
_ _
-- SRNS Context Request
_ _
  SRNS-ContextRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs
              ProtocolIE-Container
                                           { {SRNS-ContextRequestIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SRNS-ContextRequestExtensions } }
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
SRNS-ContextRequestIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-DataForwardingList-SRNS-CtxReq CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataForwardingList-SRNS-CtxReq
                                                                                               PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-DataForwardingList-SRNS-CtxReg
                                     ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReg-IEs } }
RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReq-IEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReq CRITICALITY reject TYPE RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReq
                                                                                               PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReg ::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                           RAB-ID,
                              ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReg-ExtIEs} }
   iE-Extensions
                                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReg-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
SRNS-ContextRequestExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
    _ _
-- SRNS Context Response
  SRNS-ContextResponse ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                          { {SRNS-ContextResponseIEs } },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SRNS-ContextResponseExtensions} }
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
SRNS-ContextResponseIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    ID id-RAB-ContextList
                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ContextList
                                                                                 PRESENCE optional } |
    ID id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferList CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferList
                                                                                             PRESENCE optional }
   { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                              CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                  PRESENCE optional },
```

```
. . .
}
RAB-ContextList
                                ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-ContextItemIEs} }
RAB-ContextItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-ContextItem
                                   CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ContextItem
                                                                                      PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-ContextItem ::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                            RAB-ID,
   dl-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                   DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
   ul-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                   UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                            OPTIONAL,
   dl-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                   DL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                            OPTIONAL,
   ul-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                   UL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                            OPTIONAL,
   iE-Extensions
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-ContextItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RAB-ContextItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferList
                                          ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RABs-ContextFailedtoTransferItemIEs} }
RABs-ContextFailedtoTransferItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferItem
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RABs-ContextFailedtoTransferItem
                                                                                                    PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RABs-ContextFailedtoTransferItem::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                            RAB-ID,
   cause
                            Cause,
   iE-Extensions
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { { RABs-ContextFailedtoTransferItem-ExtIEs } }
                                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RABs-ContextFailedtoTransferItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
SRNS-ContextResponseExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
  _ _
___
-- SECURITY MODE CONTROL ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
```

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____ -- Security Mode Command _ _ SecurityModeCommand ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {SecurityModeCommandIEs} }, protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SecurityModeCommandExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } SecurityModeCommandIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { ID id-IntegrityProtectionInformation CRITICALITY reject TYPE IntegrityProtectionInformation PRESENCE mandatory } ID id-EncryptionInformation CRITICALITY ignore TYPE EncryptionInformation PRESENCE optional } | ID id-KeyStatus CRITICALITY reject TYPE KeyStatus PRESENCE mandatory }, } SecurityModeCommandExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . -- Security Mode Complete SecurityModeComplete ::= SEQUENCE { { {SecurityModeCompleteIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SecurityModeCompleteExtensions} } protocolExtensions OPTIONAL, . . . } SecurityModeCompleteIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { ID id-ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm CRITICALITY reject TYPE ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm PRESENCE mandatory } ID id-ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm CRITICALITY ignore TYPE ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm PRESENCE optional } | ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics PRESENCE optional }, . . . } SecurityModeCompleteExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . _ _ -- Security Mode Reject SecurityModeReject ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {SecurityModeRejectIEs} }, ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SecurityModeRejectExtensions} } protocolExtensions OPTIONAL,

```
. . .
}
SecurityModeRejectIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    ID id-Cause
                             CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
                                                                      PRESENCE mandatory }
   { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                    PRESENCE optional },
   . . .
}
SecurityModeRejectExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
   _ _
-- DATA VOLUME REPORT ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
  _ _
     ___
-- Data Volume Report Request
_ _
DataVolumeReportRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                          { {DataVolumeReportRequestIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {DataVolumeReportRequestExtensions} }
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
DataVolumeReportRequestIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestList CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestList
                                                                                           PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestList
                                    ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItemIEs} }
RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem CRITICALITY reject TYPE RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem
                                                                                           PRESENCE mandatory
                                                                                                            },
   . . .
}
RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem ::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
          RAB-ID,
   iE-Extensions
                              ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
DataVolumeReportRequestExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::=
```

```
. . .
}
  _ _
_ _
-- Data Volume Report
_ _
DataVolumeReport ::= SEQUENCE {
              ProtocolIE-Container
   protocolIEs
                                         { {DataVolumeReportIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {DataVolumeReportExtensions} }
                                                                                OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
DataVolumeReportIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    ID id-RAB-DataVolumeReportList
                                   CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataVolumeReportList
                                                                                  PRESENCE optional } |
                              CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-FailedtoReportList
CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
    ID id-RAB-FailedtoReportList
                                                                                PRESENCE optional } |
   { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                PRESENCE optional },
   . . .
}
DataVolumeReportExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
RAB-FailedtoReportList
                             ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RABs-failed-to-reportItemIEs} }
RABs-failed-to-reportItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-FailedtoReportItem
                                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RABs-failed-to-reportItem
                                                                                PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RABs-failed-to-reportItem::= SEQUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                         RAB-ID,
   cause
                          Cause,
   iE-Extensions
                             ProtocolExtensionContainer { { RABs-failed-to-reportItem-ExtIEs } }
                                                                                         OPTIONAL.
}
RABs-failed-to-reportItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
  _ _
-- RESET ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
     _ _
```

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-- Reset _ _ Reset ::= SEOUENCE { { {ResetIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ResetExtensions} } OPTIONAL. . . . } ResetIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-Cause CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause PRESENCE mandatory } { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY reject TYPE CN-DomainIndicator PRESENCE mandatory } { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID PRESENCE optional }, . . . } ResetExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . } _ _ -- Reset Acknowledge _ _ ResetAcknowledge ::= SEQUENCE { { {ResetAcknowledgeIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ResetAcknowledgeExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } ResetAcknowledgeIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY reject TYPE CN-DomainIndicator PRESENCE mandatory } { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics PRESENCE optional } { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID PRESENCE optional }, . . . } ResetAcknowledgeExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { _ _ ___ -- RESET RESOURCE ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ _ _ -- Reset Resource _ _

```
ResetResource ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                          { {ResetResourceIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ResetResourceExtensions} }
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
   . . .
ResetResourceIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY reject TYPE CN-DomainIndicator
                                                                                 PRESENCE mandatory } |
    ID id-Cause
                              CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause PRESENCE mandatory }
                             CRITICALITY ignore TYPE ResetResourceList
   { ID id-IuSigConIdList
                                                                                  PRESENCE mandatory } |
   { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID
                                  CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                                              PRESENCE optional },
   . . .
ResetResourceList ::= IuSigConId-IE-ContainerList { {ResetResourceItemIEs} }
ResetResourceItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-IuSigConIdItem
                                  CRITICALITY reject TYPE
                                                          ResetResourceItem
                                                                                  PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
ResetResourceItem ::= SEOUENCE {
   iuSigConId
                           IuSignallingConnectionIdentifier,
   iE-Extensions
                           ProtocolExtensionContainer { { ResetResourceItem-ExtIEs } }
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
   . . .
ResetResourceItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
ResetResourceExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
    _ _
-- Reset Resource Acknowledge
  ResetResourceAcknowledge ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                           { {ResetResourceAcknowledgeIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ResetResourceAcknowledgeExtensions} }
                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
ResetResourceAcknowledgeIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    ID id-CN-DomainIndicator
                                 CRITICALITY reject TYPE CN-DomainIndicator
                                                                                  PRESENCE mandatory
     ID id-IuSiqConIdList
                                  CRITICALITY ignore TYPE ResetResourceAckList
                                                                                  PRESENCE mandatory }
                                                                              PRESENCE optional } |
     ID id-GlobalRNC-ID
                                  CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                                                   PRESENCE optional },
    { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                 CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
```

```
. . .
}
ResetResourceAckList ::= IuSigConId-IE-ContainerList { {ResetResourceAckItemIEs } }
ResetResourceAckItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-IuSiqConIdItem
                                CRITICALITY reject TYPE
                                                                               PRESENCE mandatory },
                                                      ResetResourceAckItem
   . . .
}
ResetResourceAckItem ::= SEQUENCE {
   iuSigConId IuSignallingConnectionIdentifier,
   iE-Extensions
                         ProtocolExtensionContainer { { ResetResourceAckItem-ExtIEs } }
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
ResetResourceAckItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
ResetResourceAcknowledgeExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
  _ _
-- RAB RELEASE REQUEST ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
  _ _
-- RAB Release Request
RAB-ReleaseRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs
              ProtocolIE-Container
                                       { {RAB-ReleaseRequestIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-ReleaseRequestExtensions} }
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RAB-ReleaseRequestIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-ReleaseList
                       CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleaseList
                                                                             PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-ReleaseList
                            ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-ReleaseItemIEs} }
RAB-ReleaseItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-ReleaseItem
                       CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleaseItem
                                                                             PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-ReleaseItem ::= SEQUENCE {
```

```
rAB-ID
                    RAB-ID,
  cause
                    Cause,
  iE-Extensions
                       ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-ReleaseItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                              OPTIONAL.
  . . .
}
RAB-ReleaseItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  . . .
}
RAB-ReleaseRequestExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  . . .
}
  *****
_ _
-- IU RELEASE REQUEST ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
   _ _
-- Iu Release Request
_ _
Iu-ReleaseRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
  protocolIEs
           ProtocolIE-Container
                                { {Iu-ReleaseRequestIEs} },
  protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { { Iu-ReleaseRequestExtensions } }
                                                                OPTIONAL,
  . . .
}
Iu-ReleaseRequestIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
                      CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
  { ID id-Cause
                                                     PRESENCE mandatory },
  . . .
}
Iu-ReleaseRequestExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  . . .
}
  _ _
-- RELOCATION DETECT ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
  ___
 ___
___
-- Relocation Detect
___
RelocationDetect ::= SEQUENCE {
```

{ {RelocationDetectIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationDetectExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } RelocationDetectIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { . . . } RelocationDetectExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . } _ _ -- RELOCATION COMPLETE ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE ********* _ _ _ _ ___ -- Relocation Complete _ _ RelocationComplete ::= SEQUENCE { ProtocolIE-Container { {RelocationCompleteIEs} }, protocolIEs protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RelocationCompleteExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } RelocationCompleteIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { . . . } RelocationCompleteExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . _ _ -- PAGING ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ _ _ ___ _ _ -- Paging _ _ Paging ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {PagingIEs} }, protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {PagingExtensions} } OPTIONAL,

```
. . .
}
PagingIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    ID id-CN-DomainIndicator
                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CN-DomainIndicator
                                                                     PRESENCE mandatory
                                                                     PRESENCE mandatory }
    ID id-PermanentNAS-UE-ID
                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE PermanentNAS-UE-ID
    ID id-TemporaryUE-ID
                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TemporaryUE-ID
                                                                  PRESENCE optional }
    ID id-PagingAreaID
                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE PagingAreaID
                                                                  PRESENCE optional }
    ID id-PagingCause
                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE PagingCause
                                                             PRESENCE optional } |
    ID id-NonSearchingIndication CRITICALITY ignore TYPE NonSearchingIndication
                                                                   PRESENCE optional }
   { ID id-DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient
                                     CRITICALITY ignore TYPE DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient
                                                                                 PRESENCE optional } ,
  . . .
}
PagingExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
   _ _
-- COMMON ID ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
  _ _
-- Common ID
---
CommonID ::= SEQUENCE {
  protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                   { {CommonID-IEs} },
  protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CommonIDExtensions} }
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
  . . .
}
CommonID-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-PermanentNAS-UE-ID
                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE PermanentNAS-UE-ID
                                                                     PRESENCE mandatory },
  . . .
}
CommonIDExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
  _ _
-- CN INVOKE TRACE ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
  _ _
-- CN Invoke Trace
```

```
____
  ***********
CN-InvokeTrace ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                             { {CN-InvokeTraceIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CN-InvokeTraceExtensions} }
                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
CN-InvokeTraceIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {

    ID id-TraceType
    CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TraceType

    ID id-TraceReference
    CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TraceReference

    ID id-TriggerID
    CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TriggerID

    ID id-UE-ID
    CRITICALITY ignore TYPE UE-ID

    ID id-OMC-ID
    CRITICALITY ignore TYPE OMC-ID

                                                                              PRESENCE mandatory } |
                                                                               PRESENCE mandatory } |
                                                                              PRESENCE optional } |
                                                                           PRESENCE optional } |
                                                                           PRESENCE optional },
   { ID id-OMC-ID
   . . .
}
CN-InvokeTraceExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
    _ _
-- CN DEACTIVATE TRACE ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
-- CN Deactivate Trace
_ _
CN-DeactivateTrace ::= SEOUENCE {
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                             { {CN-DeactivateTraceIEs} },
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CN-DeactivateTraceExtensions} }
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
CN-DeactivateTraceIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-TraceReference CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TraceReference
                                                                                  PRESENCE mandatory } |
   { ID id-TriggerID
                             CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TriggerID
                                                                              PRESENCE optional },
   . . .
}
CN-DeactivateTraceExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
  _ _
-- LOCATION REPORTING CONTROL ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
```

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***** _ _ -- Location Reporting Control _ _ LocationReportingControl ::= SEQUENCE { { {LocationReportingControlIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {LocationReportingControlExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } LocationReportingControlIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-RequestType CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RequestType PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } LocationReportingControlExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . _ _ -- LOCATION REPORT ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ _ _ -- Location Report LocationReport ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {LocationReportIEs} }, protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {LocationReportExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } LocationReportIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { ID id-AreaIdentity CRITICALITY ignore TYPE AreaIdentity PRESENCE optional } | ID id-Cause PRESENCE optional } | CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause { ID id-RequestType CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RequestType PRESENCE optional } , . . . } LocationReportExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . } _ _

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-- INITIAL UE MESSAGE ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ -- Initial UE Message ____ InitialUE-Message ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {InitialUE-MessageIEs} }, protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { { InitialUE-MessageExtensions } } OPTIONAL, . . . } InitialUE-MessageIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CN-DomainIndicator PRESENCE mandatory } | ID id-LAI CRITICALITY ignore TYPE LAI PRESENCE mandatory } | { ID id-RAC CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAC PRESENCE conditional -- This IE shall be present if the CN Domain Indicator IE is set to "PS domain"--} | CRITICALITY ignore TYPE SAI { ID id-SAI PRESENCE mandatory } | { ID id-NAS-PDU CRITICALITY ignore TYPE NAS-PDU PRESENCE mandatory } | CRITICALITY ignore TYPE IuSignallingConnectionIdentifier PRESENCE mandatory } | ID id-IuSigConId CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID PRESENCE mandatory }, { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID . . . InitialUE-MessageExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { . . . _ _ -- DIRECT TRANSFER ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE ***** ___ -- Direct Transfer _ _ ***** DirectTransfer ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {DirectTransferIEs} }, protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {DirectTransferExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . } DirectTransferIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-NAS-PDU CRITICALITY ignore TYPE NAS-PDU PRESENCE mandatory } { ID id-LAI CRITICALITY ignore TYPE LAI PRESENCE optional } |

```
{ ID id-RAC
                      CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAC
                                                        PRESENCE optional }
   ID id-SAI
                     CRITICALITY ignore TYPE SAI
                                                       PRESENCE optional }
  { ID id-SAPI
                      CRITICALITY iqnore TYPE SAPI
                                                          PRESENCE optional
                                                                          },
  . . .
}
DirectTransferExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  . . .
}
      **********
_ _
-- OVERLOAD CONTROL ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
_ _
-- Overload
_ _
 Overload ::= SEQUENCE {
  protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
                                   { {OverloadIEs} },
  protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {OverloadExtensions} }
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
  . . .
}
OverloadIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-NumberOfSteps
                                                                PRESENCE optional } |
                           CRITICALITY ignore TYPE NumberOfSteps
   { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID
                           CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                                PRESENCE optional },
  . . .
}
OverloadExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
-- Extension for Release 99 to enable the indication to the RNC which CN domain is suffering the signalling traffic overload --
  { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION CN-DomainIndicator PRESENCE optional } ,
  . . .
}
 _ _
_ _
-- ERROR INDICATION ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
 _ _
-- Error Indication
_ _
ErrorIndication ::= SEQUENCE {
                                   { {ErrorIndicationIEs} },
  protocolIEs
                ProtocolIE-Container
```

```
ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ErrorIndicationExtensions} }
  protocolExtensions
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
  . . .
}
ErrorIndicationIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   ID id-Cause
              CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
                                                         PRESENCE optional } |
   ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics PRESENCE optional }
   ID id-CN-DomainIndicator
                          CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CN-DomainIndicator
                                                                 PRESENCE optional
                                                                                } |
  { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID
                           CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                             PRESENCE optional
                                                                           }.
  . . .
}
ErrorIndicationExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  _ _
-- SRNS DATA FORWARD ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
  _ _
-- SRNS Data Forward Command
SRNS-DataForwardCommand ::= SEQUENCE {
                                  { {SRNS-DataForwardCommandIEs } },
  protocolIEs
            ProtocolIE-Container
  protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SRNS-DataForwardCommandExtensions} }
                                                                    OPTIONAL,
  . . .
}
SRNS-DataForwardCommandIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-RAB-DataForwardingList
                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-DataForwardingList
                                                                  PRESENCE optional },
  . . .
}
SRNS-DataForwardCommandExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  . . .
  ___
-- FORWARD SRNS CONTEXT ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
  _ _
_ _
-- Forward SRNS Context
_ _
```

ForwardSRNS-Context ::= SEQUENCE { protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container { {ForwardSRNS-ContextIEs} }, protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ForwardSRNS-ContextExtensions} } OPTIONAL, . . . ļ ForwardSRNS-ContextIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { { ID id-RAB-ContextList CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ContextList PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } ForwardSRNS-ContextExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { _ _ -- RAB ASSIGNMENT ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE _ _ _ _ -- RAB Assignment Request RAB-AssignmentRequest ::= SEQUENCE { { {RAB-AssignmentRequestIEs} }, protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-AssignmentRequestExtensions } } OPTIONAL, . . . } RAB-AssignmentRequestIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= { ID id-RAB-SetupOrModifyList CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-SetupOrModifyList PRESENCE optional } | { ID id-RAB-ReleaseList CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleaseList PRESENCE optional }, . . . } ::= RAB-IE-ContainerPairList { {RAB-SetupOrModifyItem-IEs} } RAB-SetupOrModifyList RAB-SetupOrModifyItem-IEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR ::= { { ID id-RAB-SetupOrModifyItem FIRST CRITICALITY reject FIRST TYPE RAB-SetupOrModifyItemFirst SECOND CRITICALITY ignore SECOND TYPE RAB-SetupOrModifyItemSecond PRESENCE mandatory }, . . . } RAB-SetupOrModifyItemFirst ::= SEQUENCE { rAB-ID RAB-ID, nAS-SynchronisationIndicator NAS-SynchronisationIndicator OPTIONAL, rAB-Parameters RAB-Parameters OPTIONAL, userPlaneInformation UserPlaneInformation OPTIONAL,

```
transportLayerInformation
                                           TransportLayerInformation
                                                                        OPTIONAL,
    service-Handover
                                      Service-Handover
                                                                 OPTIONAL.
   iE-Extensions
                                  ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-SetupOrModifyItemFirst-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                        OPTIONAL.
    . . .
TransportLayerInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    transportLayerAddress
                                  TransportLayerAddress,
   iuTransportAssociation
                                  IuTransportAssociation,
                                  ProtocolExtensionContainer { {TransportLayerInformation-ExtIEs} }
   iE-Extensions
                                                                                                        OPTIONAL.
    . . .
TransportLayerInformation-Extles RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
RAB-SetupOrModifyItemFirst-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
RAB-SetupOrModifyItemSecond ::= SEQUENCE {
   pDP-TypeInformation
                                  PDP-TypeInformation
                                                                 OPTIONAL,
   dataVolumeReportingIndication
                                          DataVolumeReportingIndication OPTIONAL,
   dl-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                      DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                OPTIONAL,
   ul-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                      UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                OPTIONAL,
   dl-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                      DL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                 OPTIONAL,
   ul-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                      UL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                 OPTIONAL,
   iE-Extensions
                                  ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-SetupOrModifyItemSecond-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RAB-SetupOrModifyItemSecond-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
RAB-AssignmentRequestExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
        RAB Assignment Response
_ _
- -
  RAB-AssignmentResponse ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs
                      ProtocolIE-Container
                                                 { {RAB-AssignmentResponseIEs} },
                          ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-AssignmentResponseExtensions} }
   protocolExtensions
                                                                                                OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
RAB-AssignmentResponseIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
                                                                                                PRESENCE optional }
    { ID id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedList
                                         CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-SetupOrModifiedList
```

```
{ ID id-RAB-ReleasedList
                                                                                                 PRESENCE optional } |
                                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleasedList
      ID id-RAB-OueuedList
                                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-QueuedList
                                                                                             PRESENCE optional }
      ID id-RAB-FailedList
                                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-FailedList
                                                                                             PRESENCE optional }
                                                                                                   PRESENCE optional } |
      ID id-RAB-ReleaseFailedList
                                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleaseFailedList
     ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                                 PRESENCE optional },
                                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
    . . .
}
                                        ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-SetupOrModifiedItemIEs} }
RAB-SetupOrModifiedList
RAB-SetupOrModifiedItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem
                                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem
                                                                                                      PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem ::= SEQUENCE
    rAB-ID
                                RAB-ID.
    transportLayerAddress
                                        TransportLayerAddress OPTIONAL,
    iuTransportAssociation
                                        IuTransportAssociation OPTIONAL,
    dl-dataVolumes
                                    DataVolumeList
                                                        OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
                                    ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
                                    ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-ReleasedItemIEs} }
RAB-ReleasedList
RAB-ReleasedItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-RAB-ReleasedItem
                                        CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ReleasedItem
                                                                                                 PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
RAB-ReleasedItem ::= SEQUENCE {
    rAB-ID
                                RAB-ID,
    dl-dataVolumes
                                    DataVolumeList
                                                        OPTIONAL
    dL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                    DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    uL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                    UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                    ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-ReleasedItem-ExtIEs } }
    iE-Extensions
                                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RAB-ReleasedItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
DataVolumeList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfVol)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
       dl-UnsuccessfullyTransmittedDataVolume
                                                    UnsuccessfullyTransmittedDataVolume,
        dataVolumeReference
                                        DataVolumeReference OPTIONAL,
```

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```

```
ProtocolExtensionContainer { {DataVolumeList-ExtIEs} }
      iE-Extensions
                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
      . . .
DataVolumeList-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
RAB-QueuedList
                             ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-QueuedItemIEs} }
RAB-QueuedItemIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-RAB-QueuedItem
                                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-QueuedItem
                                                                           PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
RAB-OueuedItem ::= SEOUENCE {
   rAB-ID
                          RAB-ID,
   iE-Extensions
                             ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-QueuedItem-ExtIEs} }
                                                                                OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
RAB-QueuedItem-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
RAB-ReleaseFailedList ::= RAB-FailedList
RAB-AssignmentResponseExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
  _ _
-- PRIVATE MESSAGE
_ _
PrivateMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
             PrivateIE-Container { {PrivateMessage-IEs } },
   privateIEs
   . . .
}
PrivateMessage-IEs RANAP-PRIVATE-IES ::= {
   . . .
  _ _
-- RANAP RELOCATION INFORMATION ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
_ _
  ___
RANAP-RelocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
                  ProtocolIE-Container
                                         { {RANAP-RelocationInformationIEs } },
   protocolIEs
```

```
ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RANAP-RelocationInformationExtensions} }
                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
    protocolExtensions
}
RANAP-RelocationInformationIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-DirectTransferInformationList-RANAP-RelocInf
                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE DirectTransferInformationList-RANAP-RelocInf
                                                                 PRESENCE optional }
    { ID id-RAB-ContextList-RANAP-RelocInf
                                                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ContextList-RANAP-RelocInf
                                                                                                          PRESENCE optional },
    . . .
}
DirectTransferInformationList-RANAP-RelocInf
                                                    ::= DirectTransfer-IE-ContainerList { {DirectTransferInformationItemIEs-RANAP-RelocInf } }
DirectTransferInformationItemIEs-RANAP-RelocInf RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-DirectTransferInformationItem-RANAP-RelocInf
                            CRITICALITY ignore TYPE DirectTransferInformationItem-RANAP-RelocInf
                                                                 PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
DirectTransferInformationItem-RANAP-RelocInf ::= SEQUENCE {
   nAS-PDU
                                NAS-PDU,
    sAPI
                                SAPI,
    cN-DomainIndicator
                                CN-DomainIndicator,
    iE-Extensions
                                    ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RANAP-DirectTransferInformationItem-ExtIEs-RANAP-RelocInf } }
                                                                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RANAP-DirectTransferInformationItem-ExtIEs-RANAP-RelocInf RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
                                            ::= RAB-IE-ContainerList { {RAB-ContextItemIEs-RANAP-RelocInf } }
RAB-ContextList-RANAP-RelocInf
RAB-ContextItemIEs-RANAP-RelocInf RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-RAB-ContextItem-RANAP-RelocInf
                                                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE RAB-ContextItem-RANAP-RelocInf
                                                                                                               PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
RAB-ContextItem-RANAP-RelocInf ::= SEQUENCE {
    rAB-ID
                        RAB-ID,
    dl-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                        DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    ul-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                        UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    dl-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                        DL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    ul-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                        UL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
                                    ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-ContextItem-ExtIEs-RANAP-RelocInf } }
                                                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RAB-ContextItem-ExtIEs-RANAP-RelocInf RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
```

RANAP-RelocationInformationExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {

} END

_ _

. . .

9.3.4 Information Element Definitions

-- Information Element Definitions

RANAP-IEs {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)

umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-IEs (2) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS
 maxNrOfErrors,
 maxNrOfPDPDirections,
 maxNrOfPoints,
 maxNrOfRABs,
 maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections,
 maxRAB-Subflows,
 maxRAB-Subflows,
 maxRAB.SubflowCombination,
 maxNrOfLevels,

id-MessageStructure, id-TypeOfError

FROM RANAP-Constants

Criticality, ProcedureCode, ProtocolIE-ID, TriggeringMessage FROM RANAP-CommonDataTypes

```
ProtocolExtensionContainer{},
RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION
FROM RANAP-Containers;
```

-- A

AllocationOrRetentionPriority ::= SEQUENCE {
 priorityLevel PriorityLevel,
 pre-emptionCapability Pre-emptionCapability,
 pre-emptionVulnerability Pre-emptionVulnerability,

```
queuingAllowed
                             QueuingAllowed,
    iE-Extensions
                             ProtocolExtensionContainer { {AllocationOrRetentionPriority-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
AllocationOrRetentionPriority-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
AreaIdentity ::= CHOICE {
    sAI
                    SAI,
    geographicalArea
                             GeographicalArea,
    . . .
-- B
BindingID
                        ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (4))
-- C
Cause ::= CHOICE {
    radioNetwork
                             CauseRadioNetwork,
    transmissionNetwork
                             CauseTransmissionNetwork,
    nAS
                    CauseNAS,
                        CauseProtocol,
    protocol
    misc
                        CauseMisc,
                             CauseNon-Standard,
    non-Standard
    . . .
3
CauseMisc ::= INTEGER
    om-intervention (113),
    no-resource-available (114),
    unspecified-failure (115),
    network-optimisation (116)
\{(113..128)\}
CauseNAS ::= INTEGER {
    user-restriction-start-indication (81),
    user-restriction-end-indication (82),
    normal-release (83)
} (81..96)
CauseProtocol ::= INTEGER {
    transfer-syntax-error (97),
    semantic-error (98),
    message-not-compatible-with-receiver-state (99),
    abstract-syntax-error-reject (100),
    abstract-syntax-error-ignore-and-notify (101),
    abstract-syntax-error-falsely-constructed-message (102)
} (97..112)
```

CauseRadioNetwork ::= INTEGER { rab-pre-empted (1). trelocoverall-expiry (2), trelocprep-expiry (3), treloccomplete-expiry (4), taueing-expiry (5), relocation-triggered (6), trellocalloc-expiry(7), unable-to-establish-during-relocation (8), unknown-target-rnc (9), relocation-cancelled (10), successful-relocation (11). requested-ciphering-and-or-integrity-protection-algorithms-not-supported (12), conflict-with-already-existing-integrity-protection-and-or-ciphering-information (13), failure-in-the-radio-interface-procedure (14), release-due-to-utran-generated-reason (15), user-inactivity (16), time-critical-relocation (17), requested-traffic-class-not-available (18), invalid-rab-parameters-value (19), requested-maximum-bit-rate-not-available (20), requested-guaranteed-bit-rate-not-available (21), requested-transfer-delay-not-achievable (22), invalid-rab-parameters-combination (23), condition-violation-for-sdu-parameters (24), condition-violation-for-traffic-handling-priority (25), condition-violation-for-guaranteed-bit-rate (26), user-plane-versions-not-supported (27), iu-up-failure (28), relocation-failure-in-target-CN-RNC-or-target-system(29), invalid-RAB-ID (30), no-remaining-rab (31), interaction-with-other-procedure (32), requested-maximum-bit-rate-for-dl-not-available (33). requested-maximum-bit-rate-for-ul-not-available (34), requested-guaranteed-bit-rate-for-dl-not-available (35), requested-quaranteed-bit-rate-for-ul-not-available (36), repeated-integrity-checking-failure (37), requested-request-type-not-supported (38), request-superseded (39), release-due-to-UE-generated-signalling-connection-release (40), resource-optimisation-relocation (41), requested-information-not-available (42), relocation-desirable-for-radio-reasons (43), relocation-not-supported-in-target-RNC-or-target-system (44), directed-retry (45), radio-connection-with-UE-Lost (46) $\{(1, .64)\}$ CauseNon-Standard ::= INTEGER (129..256)

CauseTransmissionNetwork ::= INTEGER {
 signalling-transport-resource-failure (65),

iu-transport-connection-failed-to-establish (66)

```
} (65..80)
CriticalityDiagnostics ::= SEQUENCE {
    procedureCode
                            ProcedureCode
                                                    OPTIONAL,
                            TriggeringMessage
    triggeringMessage
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    procedureCriticality
                                Criticality
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    iEsCriticalityDiagnostics
                                    CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List OPTIONAL,
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
    . . .
}
CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfErrors)) OF
    SEOUENCE {
       iECriticality
                            Criticality,
       iE-TD
                            ProtocolIE-ID,
       repetitionNumber
                                RepetitionNumber0
                                                        OPTIONAL,
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { { CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL,
       iE-Extensions
        . . .
CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
-- Extension for Release 99 to enable reporting the message structure down to the erroneous IE --
    { ID id-MessageStructure CRITICALITY ignore
                                                        EXTENSION MessageStructure PRESENCE optional }
-- Extension for Release 99 to enable reporting if a reported error is due to a not understood or a missing IE --
    { ID id-TypeOfError
                                CRITICALITY ignore
                                                        EXTENSION TypeOfError
                                                                                     PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
MessageStructure ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfLevels)) OF
    SEOUENCE {
       iE-ID
                                ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber
                                RepetitionNumber1
                                                        OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {MessageStructure-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        . . .
MessageStructure-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
CGI ::= SEQUENCE {
    pLMNidentity
                                PLMNidentity,
    lac
                    LAC,
    сI
                    CI,
    iE-Extensions
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CGI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
```

```
CGI-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm
                                ::= EncryptionAlgorithm
ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm ::= IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm
CI
                    ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (2))
ClassmarkInformation2
                                ::= OCTET STRING
ClassmarkInformation3
                                ::= OCTET STRING
CN-DomainIndicator ::= ENUMERATED {
    cs-domain,
    ps-domain
}
-- D
DataVolumeReference
                           ::= INTEGER (0..255)
DataVolumeReportingIndication ::= ENUMERATED {
    do-report,
    do-not-report
}
DCH-ID ::= INTEGER (0..255)
DeliveryOfErroneousSDU ::= ENUMERATED {
    yes,
   no,
    no-error-detection-consideration
}
DeliveryOrder::= ENUMERATED {
    delivery-order-requested,
    delivery-order-not-requested
}
DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
-- Reference: xx.xxx
DL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
-- Reference: xx.xxx
D-RNTI
                        ::= INTEGER (0..1048575)
DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient
                                    ::= INTEGER (6..9)
DSCH-ID ::= INTEGER (0..255)
```

```
-- E
EncryptionAlgorithm
                                ::= INTEGER { no-encryption (0), standard-UMTS-encryption-algorith-UEA1 (1) } (0..15)
EncryptionInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    permittedAlgorithms
                           PermittedEncryptionAlgorithms,
    kev
                   EncryptionKey,
    iE-Extensions
                           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {EncryptionInformation-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL
}
EncryptionInformation-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
EncryptionKey
                          ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (128))
-- Reference: 33.102
Event ::= ENUMERATED {
    stop-change-of-service-area,
    direct,
    change-of-servicearea,
    . . .
l
-- F
-- G
GeographicalArea ::= CHOICE {
    point
                       GA-Point,
   pointWithUnCertainty
                                GA-PointWithUnCertainty,
   polygon
                       GA-Polygon,
    . . .
}
GeographicalCoordinates ::= SEQUENCE {
   latitudeSign ENUMERATED { north, south },
   latitude
                      INTEGER (0..8388607),
   longitude
                       INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),
   iE-Extensions
                           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {GeographicalCoordinates-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
GeographicalCoordinates-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
GA-Point ::= SEQUENCE {
    geographicalCoordinates
                                GeographicalCoordinates,
   iE-Extensions
                           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {GA-Point-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
GA-Point-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

```
. . .
}
GA-PointWithUnCertainty ::=SEQUENCE {
    geographicalCoordinates
                               GeographicalCoordinates,
    iE-Extensions
                    ProtocolExtensionContainer { {GA-PointWithUnCertainty-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL,
    uncertaintyCode
                         INTEGER (0..127)
}
GA-PointWithUnCertainty-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
GA-Polygon ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfPoints)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
       geographicalCoordinates
                                   GeographicalCoordinates,
       iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {GA-Polygon-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        . . .
    }
GA-Polygon-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
GlobalRNC-ID ::= SEQUENCE {
    pLMNidentity
                               PLMNidentity,
    rNC-ID
                        RNC-ID
}
GTP-TEI
                       ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (4))
-- Reference: xx.xxx
GuaranteedBitrate
                           ::= INTEGER (0..1600000)
-- Unit is bits per sec
-- H
-- I
IMEI
                       ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (8))
-- Reference: 23.003
TMST
                        ::= TBCD-STRING (SIZE (3..8))
-- Reference: 23.003
IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm
                                  ::= INTEGER {
    standard-UMTS-integrity-algorithm-UIA1 (0),
    no-value (15)
\{ (0..15) \}
IntegrityProtectionInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    permittedAlgorithms
                         PermittedIntegrityProtectionAlgorithms,
                   IntegrityProtectionKey,
    key
```

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```
iE-Extensions
                           ProtocolExtensionContainer { { IntegrityProtectionInformation-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL
}
IntegrityProtectionInformation-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
IntegrityProtectionKey
                             ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (128))
IuSignallingConnectionIdentifier := BIT STRING (SIZE (24))
IuTransportAssociation ::= CHOICE {
    qTP-TEI
                       GTP-TEI,
   bindingID
                       BindingID,
    . . .
}
-- J
-- K
KeyStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
    old,
   new,
    . . .
}
-- L
LAC
                 ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (2))
LAI ::= SEQUENCE {
                               PLMNidentity,
    pLMNidentity
   lac
                   LAC,
    iE-Extensions
                           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {LAI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
}
LAI-EXTIES RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
L3-Information
                         ::= OCTET STRING
-- M
                      ::= INTEGER (1..1600000)
MaxBitrate
-- Unit is bits per sec
MaxSDU-Size
                      ::= INTEGER (0..32768)
-- MaxSDU-Size
-- Unit is bit
```

-- N

```
NAS-PDU
                        ::= OCTET STRING
NAS-SynchronisationIndicator
                               ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (4))
NonSearchingIndication ::= ENUMERATED {
    non-searching,
    searching
}
NumberOfIuInstances
                           ::= INTEGER (1..2)
NumberOfSteps
                            ::= INTEGER (1..16)
-- 0
OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information
                                ::= OCTET STRING
OMC-ID
                        ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (3..22))
-- Reference: GSM [24]
-- P
PagingAreaID ::= CHOICE {
    lai
                    LAI,
    rAI
                    RAI,
    . . .
}
PagingCause ::= ENUMERATED {
    terminating-conversational-call,
    terminating-streaming-call,
    terminating-interactive-call,
    terminating-background-call,
    terminating-low-priority-signalling,
    ...,
    terminating-high-priority-signalling
}
PDP-TypeInformation ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfPDPDirections)) OF
    PDP-Type
PDP-Type ::= ENUMERATED {
    empty,
    ppp,
    osp-ihoss -- this value shall not be used -- ,
    ipv4,
    ipv6,
    . . .
}
PermanentNAS-UE-ID ::= CHOICE {
    iMSI
                        IMSI,
    . . .
}
```

```
PermittedEncryptionAlgorithms ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF
    EncryptionAlgorithm
PermittedIntegrityProtectionAlgorithms ::= SEOUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm
PLMNidentity
                            ::= TBCD-STRING (SIZE (3))
Pre-emptionCapability ::= ENUMERATED {
    shall-not-trigger-pre-emption,
    may-trigger-pre-emption
}
Pre-emptionVulnerability ::= ENUMERATED {
    not-pre-emptable,
    pre-emptable
}
PriorityLevel
                            ::= INTEGER { spare (0), highest (1), lowest (14), no-priority (15) } (0..15)
P-TMSI
                        ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (4))
-- O
OueuingAllowed ::= ENUMERATED {
    queueing-not-allowed,
    queueing-allowed
}
-- R
RAB-AsymmetryIndicator::= ENUMERATED {
    symmetric-bidirectional,
    asymmetric-unidirectional-downlink,
    asymmetric-unidirectional-uplink,
    asymmetric-bidirectional,
    . . .
RAB-ID
                        ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (8))
RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections)) OF GuaranteedBitrate
                                    ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections)) OF MaxBitrate
RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateList
RAB-Parameters ::= SEOUENCE {
    trafficClass
                            TrafficClass,
    rAB-AsymmetryIndicator
                                    RAB-AsymmetryIndicator,
    maxBitrate
                        RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateList,
                            RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateList OPTIONAL
    quaranteedBitRate
    -- This IE shall be present the traffic class IE is set to "Conversational" or "Streaming"--,
    deliveryOrder
                            DeliveryOrder,
    maxSDU-Size
                        MaxSDU-Size,
    sDU-Parameters
                            SDU-Parameters,
```

```
TransferDelay OPTIONAL
    transferDelay
    -- This IE shall be present the traffic class IE is set to "Conversational" or "Streaming"--,
                                TrafficHandlingPriority OPTIONAL
    trafficHandlingPriority
    -- This IE shall be present the traffic class IE is set to "Interactive"--,
    allocationOrRetentionPriority AllocationOrRetentionPriority OPTIONAL,
    sourceStatisticsDescriptor SourceStatisticsDescriptor OPTIONAL
    -- This IE shall be present the traffic class IE is set to "Conversational" or "Streaming"--,
    relocationRequirement RelocationRequirement OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAB-Parameters-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RAB-Parameters-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
RAB-SubflowCombinationBitRate ::= INTEGER (0..1600000)
RAB-TrCH-Mapping ::=
                        SEQUENCE ( SIZE (1..maxNrOfRABs)) OF
    RAB-TrCH-MappingItem
RAB-TrCH-MappingItem ::= SEQUENCE {
    rAB-ID
                    RAB-ID,
    trCH-ID-List TrCH-ID-List,
    . . .
}
RAC
                    ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
RAI ::= SEQUENCE {
   lai
                    LAI,
    rAC
                    RAC,
    iE-Extensions
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RAI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
RAI-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
RateControlAllowed ::= ENUMERATED {
    not-allowed,
    allowed
}
RelocationRequirement ::= ENUMERATED {
   lossless,
    none,
    . . .
}
RelocationType ::= ENUMERATED {
    ue-not-involved,
    ue-involved,
```

```
. . .
}
RepetitionNumber0 ::= INTEGER (0..255)
RepetitionNumber1 ::= INTEGER (1..256)
ReportArea ::= ENUMERATED {
    service-area,
    geographical-area,
    . . .
}
RequestType ::= SEQUENCE {
    event
                        Event,
    reportArea
                        ReportArea,
    accuracyCode
                        INTEGER (0..127) OPTIONAL, ...
}
ResidualBitErrorRatio ::= SEQUENCE {
   mantissa
                    INTEGER (1..9),
    exponent
                       INTEGER (1..8),
    iE-Extensions
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ResidualBitErrorRatio-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
}
-- ResidualBitErrorRatio = mantissa * 10^-exponent
ResidualBitErrorRatio-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
RNC-ID
                        ::= INTEGER (0..4095)
-- RNC-ID
                           ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (12))
-- Harmonized with RNSAP and NBAP definitions
RRC-Container
                           ::= OCTET STRING
-- S
SAC
                    ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (2))
SAI ::= SEQUENCE {
    pLMNidentity
                                PLMNidentity,
    lac
                    LAC,
    sAC
                    SAC,
    iE-Extensions
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SAI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
}
SAI-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
SAPI ::= ENUMERATED {
    sapi-0,
    sapi-3,
```

```
. . .
}
SDU-ErrorRatio ::= SEQUENCE {
    mantissa
                       INTEGER (1..9),
                        INTEGER (1..6),
    exponent
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SDU-ErrorRatio-ExtlEs} } OPTIONAL
    iE-Extensions
}
-- SDU-ErrorRatio = mantissa * 10^-exponent
SDU-ErrorRatio-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
SDU-FormatInformationParameters ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRAB-SubflowCombination)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
       subflowSDU-Size
                                SubflowSDU-Size
                                                     OPTIONAL,
        rAB-SubflowCombinationBitRate RAB-SubflowCombinationBitRate OPTIONAL,
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SDU-FormatInformationParameters-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions
        . . .
    3
SDU-FormatInformationParameters-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
SDU-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRAB-Subflows)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
       sDU-ErrorRatio
                                SDU-ErrorRatio OPTIONAL
        -- This IE shall be present if the Delivery Of Erroneous SDU IE is set to "Yes" or "No"--,
        residualBitErrorRatio
                                    ResidualBitErrorRatio,
        deliveryOfErroneousSDU
                                    DeliveryOfErroneousSDU,
        sDU-FormatInformationParameters SDU-FormatInformationParameters OPTIONAL,
       iE-Extensions
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SDU-Parameters-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        . . .
    }
SDU-Parameters-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
Service-Handover ::= ENUMERATED {
    handover-to-GSM-should-be-performed,
    handover-to-GSM-should-not-be-performed,
    handover-to-GSM-shall-not-be-performed,
    . . .
}
SourceID ::= CHOICE {
    sourceRNC-ID
                            SourceRNC-ID,
    sAI
                    SAI,
    . . .
}
```

```
SourceRNC-ID ::= SEQUENCE {
    pLMNidentity
                                PLMNidentity,
   rNC-ID
                        RNC-ID.
    iE-Extensions
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SourceRNC-ID-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
}
SourceRNC-ID-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer ::= SEQUENCE {
    rRC-Container
                            RRC-Container,
    numberOfIuInstances
                            NumberOfIuInstances,
    relocationType
                            RelocationType,
    chosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm OPTIONAL,
    integrityProtectionKey
                                IntegrityProtectionKey
                                                                OPTIONAL,
    chosenEncryptionAlgorithForSignalling ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                            EncryptionKey
    cipheringKey
                                                        OPTIONAL,
    chosenEncryptionAlgorithForCS
                                    ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    chosenEncryptionAlgorithForPS ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    d-RNTI
                        D-RNTI
                                                OPTIONAL
    -- This IE shall be present if the Relocation type IE is set to "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS"--,
                           TargetCellId
    targetCellId
                                                        OPTIONAL
    -- This IE shall be present if the Relocation type IE is set to "UE involved in relocation of SRNS"--,
    rAB-TrCH-Mapping
                                RAB-TrCH-Mapping
                                                                OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer-Extles RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
SourceStatisticsDescriptor ::= ENUMERATED {
    speech,
   unknown,
    . . .
SubflowSDU-Size
                            ::= INTEGER (0..4095)
-- Unit is bit
-- T
TargetCellId
                            ::= INTEGER (0..268435455)
TargetID ::= CHOICE {
    targetRNC-ID
                            TargetRNC-ID,
    cGI
                    CGI,
    . . .
}
```

```
TargetRNC-ID ::= SEQUENCE {
    1AT
                    LAI,
    rAC
                    RAC
                                OPTIONAL
    -- Must always be present towards the PS domain and never towards the CS domain --,
                        RNC-ID,
   rNC-ID
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {TargetRNC-ID-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
    iE-Extensions
}
TargetRNC-ID-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer ::= SEQUENCE {
   rRC-Container
                            RRC-Container,
                            D-RNTI
    d-RNTI
                                                     OPTIONAL
    -- May be included to allow the triggering of the Relocation Detect procedure from the Iur Interface --,
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer-ExtIEs } } OPTIONAL,
   iE-Extensions
    . . .
TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
                            ::= OCTET STRING
TBCD-STRING
TemporaryUE-ID ::= CHOICE {
    tMSI
                        TMSI,
    p-TMSI
                        P-TMSI,
    . . .
}
TMSI
                       ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (4))
TraceReference
                            ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (2..3))
                       ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
TraceType
-- Reference: GSM TS 12.08
TrafficClass ::= ENUMERATED {
    conversational,
    streaming,
    interactive.
    background,
    . . .
}
TrafficHandlingPriority
                                ::= INTEGER { spare (0), highest (1), lowest (14), no-priority-used (15) } (0..15)
TransferDelay
                            ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
-- Unit is millisecond
```

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```
UnsuccessfullyTransmittedDataVolume ::= INTEGER (0..4294967295)
TransportLayerAddress
                                ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (1..160, ...))
TrCH-ID ::= SEQUENCE {
    dCH-ID
                        DCH-ID
                                    OPTIONAL,
    dSCH-ID
                        DSCH-ID
                                    OPTIONAL,
    uSCH-ID
                        USCH-ID
                                    OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
TrCH-ID-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRAB-Subflows)) OF
   TrCH-ID
TriggerID
                       ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (3..22))
TypeOfError ::= ENUMERATED {
   not-understood,
   missing,
    . . .
-- U
UE-ID ::= CHOICE {
    imsi
                        IMSI,
    imei
                        IMEI,
    . . .
}
UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                                ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
UL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                             ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
UP-ModeVersions
                            ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (16))
USCH-ID
                            ::= INTEGER (0..255)
UserPlaneMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    transparent-mode,
    support-mode-for-predefined-SDU-sizes,
    . . .
}
END
```

9.3.5 Common Definitions

RANAP-CommonDataTypes { itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0) umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-CommonDataTypes (3) } DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::= BEGIN ::= ENUMERATED { reject, ignore, notify } Criticality ::= ENUMERATED { optional, conditional, mandatory } Presence PrivateIE-ID ::= CHOICE { local INTEGER (0..65535), qlobal OBJECT IDENTIFIER } ProcedureCode ::= INTEGER (0..255) ProtocolExtensionID ::= INTEGER (0..65535) ::= INTEGER (0..65535) ProtocolIE-ID TriggeringMessage ::= ENUMERATED { initiating-message, successful-outcome, unsuccessfull-outcome, outcome } END

9.3.6 Constant Definitions

_ _ _ _ -- Constant definitions _ _ RANAP-Constants { itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0) umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-Constants (4) } DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::= BEGIN _ _ -- Elementary Procedures id-RAB-Assignment INTEGER ::= 0 id-Iu-Release INTEGER ::= 1 id-RelocationPreparation INTEGER ::= 2

id-RelocationResourceAllocation	INTEGER ::= 3
id-RelocationCancel	INTEGER ::= 4
id-SRNS-ContextTransfer	INTEGER ::= 5
id-SecurityModeControl	INTEGER ::= 6
id-DataVolumeReport	INTEGER ::= 7
id-Reset	INTEGER ::= 9
id-RAB-ReleaseRequest	INTEGER ::= 10
id-Iu-ReleaseRequest	INTEGER ::= 11
id-RelocationDetect	INTEGER ::= 12
id-RelocationComplete	INTEGER ::= 13
id-Paging	INTEGER ::= 14
id-CommonID	INTEGER ::= 15
id-CN-InvokeTrace	INTEGER ::= 16
id-LocationReportingControl	INTEGER ::= 17
id-LocationReport	INTEGER ::= 18
id-InitialUE-Message	INTEGER ::= 19
id-DirectTransfer	INTEGER ::= 20
id-OverloadControl	INTEGER ::= 21
id-ErrorIndication	INTEGER ::= 22
id-SRNS-DataForward	INTEGER ::= 23
id-ForwardSRNS-Context	INTEGER ::= 24
id-privateMessage	INTEGER ::= 25
id-CN-DeactivateTrace	INTEGER ::= 26
id-ResetResource	INTEGER ::= 27
id-RANAP-Relocation	INTEGER ::= 28
 Extension constants 	
*********************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
maxPrivateIEs	INTEGER ::= 65535
maxProtocolExtensions	INTEGER ::= 65535
maxProtocolIEs	INTEGER ::= 65535
***********************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Lists	
**********************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
maxNrOfDTs	INTEGER ::= 15
	10120200 10
maxNrOfErrors	INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfErrors maxNrOfIuSigConIds	
	INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfIuSigConIds	INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 250
maxNrOfIuSigConIds maxNrOfPDPDirections	INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 250 INTEGER ::= 2
maxNrOfIuSigConIds maxNrOfPDPDirections maxNrOfPoints	INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 250 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfIuSigConIds maxNrOfPDPDirections maxNrOfPoints maxNrOfRABs	INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 250 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 15 INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfIuSigConIds maxNrOfPDPDirections maxNrOfPoints maxNrOfRABs maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections	INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 250 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 15 INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 2
maxNrOfIuSigConIds maxNrOfPDPDirections maxNrOfPoints maxNrOfRABs maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections maxNrOfVol	INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 250 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 15 INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 2
maxNrOfIuSigConIds maxNrOfPDPDirections maxNrOfPoints maxNrOfRABs maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections maxNrOfVol maxNrOfLevels	INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 250 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 15 INTEGER ::= 256 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 2 INTEGER ::= 256

IEs	
************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
id-AreaIdentity	INTEGER ::= 0
id-CN-DomainIndicator	INTEGER ::= 3
id-Cause	INTEGER ::= 4
id-ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm	INTEGER ::= 5
id-ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorithm	INTEGER ::= 6
id-ClassmarkInformation2	INTEGER ::= 7
id-ClassmarkInformation3	INTEGER ::= 8
id-CriticalityDiagnostics	INTEGER ::= 9
id-DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber	INTEGER ::= 10
id-EncryptionInformation	INTEGER ::= 11
id-IntegrityProtectionInformation	INTEGER ::= 12
id-IuTransportAssociation	INTEGER ::= 13
id-L3-Information	INTEGER ::= 14
id-LAI	INTEGER ::= 15
id-NAS-PDU	INTEGER ::= 16
id-NonSearchingIndication	INTEGER ::= 17
id-NumberOfSteps	INTEGER ::= 18
id-OMC-ID	INTEGER ::= 19
id-OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information	INTEGER ::= 20
id-PagingAreaID	INTEGER ::= 21
id-PagingCause	INTEGER ::= 22
id-PermanentNAS-UE-ID	INTEGER ::= 23
id-RAB-ContextItem	INTEGER ::= 24
id-RAB-ContextList	INTEGER ::= 25
id-RAB-DataForwardingItem	INTEGER ::= 26
id-RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReq	INTEGER ::= 27
id-RAB-DataForwardingList	INTEGER ::= 28
id-RAB-DataForwardingList-SRNS-CtxReq	INTEGER ::= 29
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportItem	INTEGER ::= 30
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportList	INTEGER ::= 31
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem	INTEGER ::= 32
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestList	INTEGER ::= 33
id-RAB-FailedItem	INTEGER ::= 34
id-RAB-FailedList	INTEGER ::= 35
id-RAB-ID	INTEGER ::= 36
id-RAB-QueuedItem	INTEGER ::= 37
id-RAB-QueuedList	INTEGER ::= 38
id-RAB-ReleaseFailedList	INTEGER ::= 39
id-RAB-ReleaseItem	INTEGER ::= 40
id-RAB-ReleaseList	INTEGER ::= 41
id-RAB-ReleasedItem	INTEGER ::= 42
id-RAB-ReleasedList	INTEGER ::= 43
id-RAB-ReleasedList-IuRelComp	INTEGER ::= 44
id-RAB-RelocationReleaseItem	INTEGER ::= 45
id-RAB-RelocationReleaseList	INTEGER ::= 46
id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReq	INTEGER ::= 47
id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck	INTEGER ::= 48

id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReq	INTEGER		
id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReqAck	INTEGER		
id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem	INTEGER		
id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedList	INTEGER		
id-RAB-SetupOrModifyItem	INTEGER		
id-RAB-SetupOrModifyList	INTEGER		
id-RAC	INTEGER		
id-RelocationType	INTEGER		
id-RequestType	INTEGER		
id-SAI	INTEGER	::=	58
id-SAPI	INTEGER	::=	59
id-SourceID	INTEGER	::=	60
id-SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer	INTEGER	::=	61
id-TargetID	INTEGER	::=	62
id-TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer	INTEGER	::=	63
id-TemporaryUE-ID	INTEGER	::=	64
id-TraceReference	INTEGER	::=	65
id-TraceType	INTEGER	::=	66
id-TransportLayerAddress	INTEGER	::=	67
id-TriggerID	INTEGER	::=	68
id-UE-ID	INTEGER	::=	69
id-UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber	INTEGER	::=	70
id-RAB-FailedtoReportItem	INTEGER	::=	71
id-RAB-FailedtoReportList	INTEGER	::=	72
id-KeyStatus	INTEGER	::=	75
id-DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient	INTEGER	::=	76
id-IuSigConIdList	INTEGER	::=	77
id-IuSigConIdItem	INTEGER	::=	78
id-IuSigConId	INTEGER	::=	79
id-DirectTransferInformationItem-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	80
id-DirectTransferInformationList-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	81
id-RAB-ContextItem-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	82
id-RAB-ContextList-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER		
id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferItem	INTEGER		
id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferList	INTEGER		
id-GlobalRNC-ID	INTEGER		
id-RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp	INTEGER		
id-MessageStructure	INTEGER		
id-TypeOfError	INTEGER		
	11110000	–	20

END

9.3.7 Container Definitions

itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-Containers (5) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::= BEGIN ___ * _ _ -- IE parameter types from other modules. _ _ IMPORTS Criticality, Presence, PrivateIE-ID, ProtocolExtensionID, ProtocolIE-ID FROM RANAP-CommonDataTypes maxPrivateIEs, maxProtocolExtensions, maxProtocolIEs FROM RANAP-Constants; _ _ -- Class Definition for Protocol IEs _ _ RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= CLASS { &id ProtocolIE-ID UNIQUE, &criticality Criticality, &Value, &presence Presence } WITH SYNTAX { &id ID CRITICALITY &criticality TYPE &Value PRESENCE &presence } _ _ ___ -- Class Definition for Protocol IEs _ _ RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR ::= CLASS { &id ProtocolIE-ID UNIQUE, &firstCriticality Criticality, &FirstValue, &secondCriticality Criticality,

Presence

&SecondValue, &presence 1999 174

```
ETSI TS 125 413 V3.10.0 (2002-06)
```

```
}
WITH SYNTAX {
  ID
              &id
  FIRST CRITICALITY
                   &firstCriticality
  FIRST TYPE
                 &FirstValue
  SECOND CRITICALITY
                   &secondCriticality
  SECOND TYPE
                 &SecondValue
  PRESENCE
                 &presence
}
  _ _
_ _
-- Class Definition for Protocol Extensions
_ _
RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= CLASS {
              ProtocolExtensionID
  &id
  &criticality
                   Criticality,
  &Extension,
  &presence
              Presence
WITH SYNTAX {
  ID
              &id
  CRITICALITY
                 &criticality
  EXTENSION
                 &Extension
  PRESENCE
              &presence
}
   _ _
-- Class Definition for Private IEs
_ _
RANAP-PRIVATE-IES ::= CLASS {
              PrivateIE-ID,
  &id
  &criticality
                   Criticality,
  &Value,
  &presence
              Presence
}
WITH SYNTAX {
  ID
              &id
  CRITICALITY
                 &criticality
  TYPE
              &Value
  PRESENCE
              &presence
}
      _ _
-- Container for Protocol IEs
_ _
```

ETSI

```
ProtocolIE-Container {RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES : IEsSetParam} ::=
   SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..maxProtocolIEs)) OF
   ProtocollE-Field {{IEsSetParam}}
ProtocolIE-Field {RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES : IEsSetParam} ::= SEQUENCE {
  id RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES.&id ({IEsSetParam}),
   criticality
             RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES.&criticality ({IEsSetParam}{@id}),
                                                ({IEsSetParam}{@id})
   value
                 RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES.&Value
  *****
_ _
-- Container for Protocol IE Pairs
ProtocolIE-ContainerPair {RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR : IEsSetParam} ::=
   SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..maxProtocolles)) OF
   ProtocolIE-FieldPair {{IEsSetParam}}
ProtocolIE-FieldPair {RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR : IEsSetParam} ::= SEQUENCE {
   id
      RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR.&id
                                     ({IEsSetParam}),
   firstCriticality RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR.&firstCriticality ({IESSetParam}{@id}),
   firstValue RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR.&FirstValue
                                               ({IEsSetParam}{@id}),
   secondCriticality RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR.&secondCriticality ({IEsSetParam}{@id}),
                                                      ({IEsSetParam}{@id})
   secondValue RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR.&SecondValue
    -- Container Lists for Protocol IE Containers
  ******
ProtocolIE-ContainerList {INTEGER : lowerBound, INTEGER : upperBound, RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES : IEsSetParam} ::=
   SEQUENCE (SIZE (lowerBound..upperBound)) OF
   ProtocolIE-Container {{IEsSetParam}}
ProtocolIE-ContainerPairList {INTEGER : lowerBound, INTEGER : upperBound, RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR : IESSetParam} ::=
   SEQUENCE (SIZE (lowerBound..upperBound)) OF
   ProtocolIE-ContainerPair {{IEsSetParam}}
  _ _
-- Container for Protocol Extensions
  ******
ProtocolExtensionContainer {RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION : ExtensionSetParam} ::=
   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxProtocolExtensions)) OF
   ProtocolExtensionField {{ExtensionSetParam}}
```

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ProtocolExtensionField {RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION : ExtensionSetParam} ::= SEQUENCE { id RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION.&id ({ExtensionSetParam}), ({ExtensionSetParam}{@id}), criticality RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION.&criticality extensionValue ({ExtensionSetParam}{@id}) RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION. & Extension } ********** _ _ -- Container for Private IEs ___ PrivateIE-Container {RANAP-PRIVATE-IES : IEsSetParam } ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1.. maxPrivateIEs)) OF PrivateIE-Field {{IEsSetParam}} PrivateIE-Field {RANAP-PRIVATE-IES : IEsSetParam} ::= SEQUENCE { ({IEsSetParam}), id RANAP-PRIVATE-IES.&id criticality RANAP-PRIVATE-IES.&criticality ({IEsSetParam}{@id}), ({IEsSetParam}{@id}) value RANAP-PRIVATE-IES.&Value }

END

9.4 Message Transfer Syntax

RANAP shall use the ASN.1 Basic Packed Encoding Rules (BASIC-PER) Aligned Variant as transfer syntax as specified in ref. [13].

The following encoding rules apply in addition to what has been specified in X.691 [13]:

When a bitstring value is placed in a bit-field as specified in 15.6 to 15.11 in [13], the leading bit of the bitstring value shall be placed in the leading bit of the bit-field, and the trailing bit of the bitstring value shall be placed in the trailing bit of the bit-field.

NOTE - When using the "bstring" notation, the leading bit of the bitstring value is on the left, and the trailing bit of the bitstring value is on the right. The term 'leading bit' is to be interpreted as equal to the term 'first bit' defined in [14].

9.5 Timers

T_{RELOCprep}

- Specifies the maximum time for Relocation Preparation procedure in the source RNC.

T_{RELOCoverall}

- Specifies the maximum time for the protection of overall Relocation procedure in the source RNC.

T_{RELOCalloc}

- Specifies the maximum time for Relocation Resource Allocation procedure in the CN.

T_{RELOCcomplete}

- Specifies the maximum time for waiting the relocation completion in the CN.

T RABAssgt

- Specifies the maximum time in the CN for the whole RAB Assignment procedure.

T_{QUEUING}

- Specifies the maximum time in the RNC for queuing of the request of RAB establishment or modification.

 $T_{DATAfwd} \\$

- Specifies the maximum time for GTP-PDU forwarding at the source RNC during relocation of SRNS.

 $T_{igOC} \\$

- While this timer is running, all OVERLOAD messages or signalling point congested information received at the CN are ignored.

 $T_{igOR} \\$

- While this timer is running, all OVERLOAD messages or signalling point congested information received at the RNC are ignored.

T_{inTC}

- While this timer is running, the CN is not allowed to increase traffic.

T_{inTR}

- While this timer is running, the RNC is not allowed to increase traffic.

 T_{RafC}

- Specifies the maximum time for Reset procedure in the RNC.

T_{RatC}

- Specifies a guard period in the RNC before sending a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message.

 T_{RafR}

- Specifies the maximum time for Reset procedure in the CN.

 T_{RatR}

- Specifies a guard period in the CN before sending a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message.

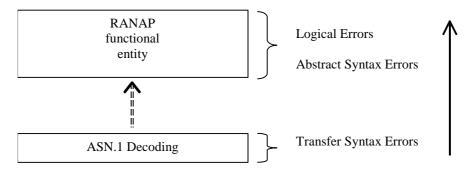
10 Handling of Unknown, Unforeseen and Erroneous Protocol Data

10.1 General

Protocol Error cases can be divided into three classes:

- Transfer Syntax Error.
- Abstract Syntax Error.
- Logical Error.

Protocol errors can occur in the following functions within a receiving node:





The information stated in subclauses 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4, to be included in the message used when reporting an error, is what at minimum shall be included. Other optional information elements within the message may also be included, if available. This is also valid for the case when the reporting is done with a response message. The latter is an exception to what is stated in subclause 4.1.

10.2 Transfer Syntax Error

A Transfer Syntax Error occurs when the receiver is not able to decode the received physical message. Transfer syntax errors are always detected in the process of ASN.1 decoding. If a Transfer Syntax Error occurs, the receiver should initiate Error Indication procedure with appropriate cause value for the Transfer Syntax protocol error.

Examples for Transfer Syntax Errors are:

- Violation of value ranges in ASN.1 definition of messages. e.g.: If an IE has a defined value range of 0 to 10 (ASN.1: INTEGER (0..10)), and 12 will be received, then this will be treated as a transfer syntax error.
- Violation in list element constraints. e.g.: If a list is defined as containing 1 to 10 elements, and 12 elements will be received, than this case will be handled as a transfer syntax error.
- Missing mandatory elements in ASN.1 SEQUENCE definitions (as sent by the originator of the message).

- Wrong order of elements in ASN.1 SEQUENCE definitions (as sent by the originator of the message).

10.3 Abstract Syntax Error

10.3.1 General

An Abstract Syntax Error occurs when the receiving functional RANAP entity:

- 1. receives IEs or IE groups that cannot be understood (unknown IE ID);
- 2. receives IEs for which the logical range is violated (e.g.: ASN.1 definition: 0 to 15, the logical range is 0 to 10 (values 11 to 15 are undefined), and 12 will be received; this case will be handled as an abstract syntax error using criticality information sent by the originator of the message);
- 3. does not receive IEs or IE groups but according to the specified presence of the concerning object, the IEs or IE groups should have been present in the received message.
- 4. receives IEs or IE groups that are defined to be part of that message in wrong order or with too many occurrences of the same IE or IE group;
- 5. receives IEs or IE groups but according to the conditional presence of the concerning object and the specified condition, the IEs or IE groups should not have been present in the received message.

Cases 1 and 2 (not comprehended IE/IE group) are handled based on received Criticality information. Case 3 (missing IE/IE group) is handled based on Criticality information and Presence information for the missing IE/IE group specified in the version of the specification used by the receiver. Case 4 (IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences) and Case 5 (erroneously present conditional IEs or IE groups) result in rejecting the procedure.

If an Abstract Syntax Error occurs, the receiver shall read the remaining message and shall then for each detected Abstract Syntax Error that belong to cases 1-3 act according to the Criticality Information and Presence Information for the IE/IE group due to which Abstract Syntax Error occurred in accordance with subclauses 10.3.4 and 10.3.5. The handling of cases 4 and 5 is specified in subclause 10.3.6.

10.3.2 Criticality Information

In the RANAP messages there is criticality information set for individual IEs and/or IE groups. This criticality information instructs the receiver how to act when receiving an IE or an IE group that is not comprehended, i.e. the entire item (IE or IE group) which is not (fully or partially) comprehended shall be treated in accordance with its own criticality information as specified in subclause 10.3.4.

In addition, the criticality information is used in case of the missing IE/IE group abstract syntax error (see subclause 10.3.5).

The receiving node shall take different actions depending on the value of the Criticality Information. The three possible values of the Criticality Information for an IE/IE group are:

- Reject IE.
- Ignore IE and Notify Sender.
- Ignore IE.

The following rules restrict when a receiving entity may consider an IE, an IE group, or an EP not comprehended (not implemented), and when action based on criticality information is applicable:

1. IE or IE group: When one new or modified IE or IE group is implemented for one EP from a standard version, then other new or modified IEs or IE groups specified for that EP in that standard version shall be considered comprehended by a receiving entity (some may still remain unsupported).

Note that this restriction is not applicable to a sending entity for constructing messages.

2. EP: The comprehension of different EPs within a standard version or between different standard versions is not mandated. Any EP that is not supported may be considered not comprehended, even if another EP from that standard version is comprehended, and action based on criticality shall be applied.

10.3.3 Presence Information

For many IEs/IE groups which are optional according to the ASN.1 transfer syntax, RANAP specifies separately if the presence of these IEs/IE groups is optional or mandatory with respect to RNS application by means of the presence field of the concerning object of class RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES, RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES, RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES-PAIR, RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION or RANAP-PRIVATE-IES.

The presence field of the indicated classes supports three values:

- 1. Optional;
- 2. Conditional;
- 3. Mandatory.

If an IE/IE group is not included in a received message and the presence of the IE/IE group is mandatory or the presence is conditional and the condition is true according to the version of the specification used by the receiver, an abstract syntax error occurs due to a missing IE/IE group.

If an IE/IE group is included in a received message and the presence of the IE/IE group is conditional and the condition is false according to the version of the specification used by the receiver, an abstract syntax error occurs due to this erroneously present conditional IE/IE group.

10.3.4 Not comprehended IE/IE group

10.3.4.1 Procedure Code

The receiving node shall treat the different types of received criticality information of the *Procedure Code* IE according to the following:

Reject IE:

- If a message is received with a *Procedure Code* IE marked with "*Reject IE*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall reject the procedure using the Error Indication procedure.

Ignore IE and Notify Sender:

- If a message is received with a *Procedure Code* IE marked with "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall ignore the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.

Ignore IE:

- If a message is received with a *Procedure Code* IE marked with "*Ignore IE*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall ignore the procedure.

When using the Error Indication procedure to reject a procedure or to report an ignored procedure it shall include the *Procedure Code* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE, and the *Procedure Criticality* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE.

10.3.4.1A Type of Message

When the receiving node cannot decode the *Type of Message* IE, the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value.

10.3.4.2 IEs other than the Procedure Code and Type of Message

The receiving node shall treat the different types of received criticality information of an IEs/IE group other than the *Procedure Code* IE according to the following:

Reject IE:

- If a message *initiating* a procedure is received containing one or more IEs/IE group marked with "*Reject IE*" which the receiving node does not comprehend; none of the functional requests of the message shall be executed. The receiving node shall reject the procedure and report the rejection of one or more IEs/IE group using the message normally used to report unsuccessful outcome of the procedure. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the message used to report the unsuccessful outcome of the procedure, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- If a message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report unsuccessful outcome is received containing one or more IEs/IE groups marked with "*Reject IE*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- If a *response* message is received containing one or more IEs marked with "*Reject IE*", that the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall consider the procedure as unsuccessfully terminated and initiate local error handling.

Ignore IE and Notify Sender:

- If a message *initiating* a procedure is received containing one or more IEs/IE groups marked with "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall ignore the content of the not comprehended IEs/IE groups, continue with the procedure as if the not comprehended IEs/IE groups were not received (except for the reporting) using the understood IEs/IE groups, and report in the response message of the procedure that one or more IEs/IE groups have been ignored. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the response message, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- if a message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report the outcome of the procedure is received containing one or more IEs/IE groups marked with "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall ignore the content of the not comprehended IEs/IE groups, continue with the procedure as if the not comprehended IEs/IE groups were not received (except for the reporting) using the understood IEs/IE groups, and initiate the Error Indication procedure to report that one or more IEs/IE groups have been ignored.
- If a *response* message is received containing one or more IEs/IE groups marked with "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall ignore the content of the not comprehended IEs/IE groups, continue with the procedure as if the not comprehended IEs/IE groups were not received (except for the reporting) using the understood IEs/IE groups and initiate the Error Indication procedure.

Ignore IE:

- If a message *initiating* a procedure is received containing one or more IEs/IE groups marked with "*Ignore IE*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall ignore the content of the not comprehended IEs/IE groups and continue with the procedure as if the not comprehended IEs/IE groups were not received using the understood IEs/IE groups.
- If a *response* message is received containing one or more IEs/IE groups marked with "*Ignore IE*" which the receiving node does not comprehend, the receiving node shall ignore the content of the not comprehended IEs/IE groups and continue with the procedure as if the not comprehended IEs/IE groups were not received using the understood IEs/IE groups.

When reporting not comprehended IEs/IE groups marked with "*Reject IE*" or "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" using a response message defined for the procedure, the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall be included in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE for each reported IE/IE group. In the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE the *Repetition Number* IE shall be included and in addition, if the not comprehended IE/IE group is not at message hierarchy level 1 (top level; see annex A2) also the *Message Structure* IE shall be included.

When reporting not comprehended IEs/IE groups marked with "*Reject IE*" or "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" using the Error Indication procedure, the *Procedure Code* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE, *Procedure Criticality* IE, and the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall be included in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE for each reported IE/IE group. In the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE the *Repetition Number* IE shall be included and in

addition, if the not comprehended IE/IE group is not at message hierarchy level 1 (top level; see annex A2) also the *Message Structure* IE shall be included.

10.3.5 Missing IE or IE group

The receiving node shall treat the missing IE/IE group according to the criticality information for the missing IE/IE group in the received message specified in the version of this specification used by the receiver:

Reject IE:

- if a received message *initiating* a procedure is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Reject IE*"; none of the functional requests of the message shall be executed. The receiving node shall reject the procedure and report the missing IEs/IE groups using the message normally used to report unsuccessful outcome of the procedure. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the message used to report the unsuccessful outcome of the procedure, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- if a received message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report unsuccessful outcome is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Reject IE*", the receiving node shall terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- if a received *response* message is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Reject IE*, the receiving node shall consider the procedure as unsuccessfully terminated and initiate local error handling.

Ignore IE and Notify Sender:

- if a received message *initiating* a procedure is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*", the receiving node shall ignore that those IEs are missing and continue with the procedure based on the other IEs/IE groups present in the message and report in the response message of the procedure that one or more IEs/IE groups were missing. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the response message, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- if a received message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report the outcome of the procedure is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*", the receiving node shall ignore that those IEs are missing and continue with the procedure based on the other IEs/IE groups present in the message and initiate the Error Indication procedure to report that one or more IEs/IE groups were missing.
- if a received *response* message is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*", the receiving node shall ignore that those IEs/IE groups are missing, continue with the procedure based on the other IEs/IE groups present in the message and initiate the Error Indication procedure to report that one or more IEs/IE groups were missing.

Ignore IE:

- if a received message *initiating* a procedure is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Ignore IE*", the receiving node shall ignore that those IEs are missing and continue with the procedure based on the other IEs/IE groups present in the message.
- if a received *response* message is missing one or more IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Ignore IE*", the receiving node shall ignore that those IEs/IE groups are missing and continue with the procedure based on the other IEs/IE groups present in the message.

When reporting missing IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Reject IE*" or "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" using a response message defined for the procedure, the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall be included in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE for each reported IE/IE group. In the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE the *Repetition Number* IE shall be included and in addition, if the missing IE/IE group is not at message hierarchy level 1 (top level; see annex A2) also the *Message Structure* IE shall be included.

When reporting missing IEs/IE groups with specified criticality "*Reject IE*" or "*Ignore IE and Notify Sender*" using the Error Indication procedure, the *Procedure Code* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE, *Procedure Criticality* IE, and the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall be included in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE for each reported IE/IE group. In the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE the *Repetition Number* IE shall be included and in

addition, if the missing IE/IE group is not at message hierarchy level 1 (top level; see annex A2) also the *Message Structure* IE shall be included.

10.3.6 IEs or IE groups received in wrong order or with too many occurrences or erroneously present

If a message with IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences is received or if IEs or IE groups with a conditional presence are present when the condition is not met (i.e. erroneously present), the receiving node shall behave according to the following:

- If a message *initiating* a procedure is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences or erroneously present, none of the functional requests of the message shall be executed. The receiving node shall reject the procedure and report the cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)" using the message normally used to report unsuccessful outcome of the procedure. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the message used to report the unsuccessful outcome of the procedure, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- If a message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report unsuccessful outcome is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences or erroneously present, the receiving node shall terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure, and use cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)".
- If a *response* message is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences or erroneously present, the receiving node shall consider the procedure as unsuccessfully terminated and initiate local error handling.

When determining the correct order only the IEs specified in the specification version used by the receiver shall be considered.

10.4 Logical Error

Logical error situations occur when a message is comprehended correctly, but the information contained within the message is not valid (i.e. semantic error), or describes a procedure which is not compatible with the state of the receiver. In these conditions, the following behaviour shall be performed (unless otherwise specified) as defined by the class of the elementary procedure, irrespective of the criticality information of the IEs/IE groups containing the erroneous values.

Class 1:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

- Semantic Error.
- Message not compatible with receiver state.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 1 procedure, the procedure shall be considered as unsuccessfully terminated and local error handling shall be initiated.

Class 2:

Where the logical error occurs in a message of a class 2 procedure, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Class 3:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 3 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

- Semantic Error.
- Message not compatible with receiver state.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 3 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 3 procedure, the procedure shall be considered as unsuccessfully terminated and local error handling shall be initiated.

10.5 Exceptions

The error handling for all the cases described hereafter shall take precedence over any other error handling described in the other subclauses of clause 10.

- If any type of error (Transfer Syntax Error, Abstract Syntax Error or Logical Error) is detected in the ERROR INDICATION message, it shall not trigger the Error Indication procedure in the receiving Node but local error handling.
- In case a response message, failure message or Error Indication message needs to be returned, but the information necessary to determine the receiver of that message is missing, the procedure shall be considered as unsuccessfully terminated and local error handling shall be initiated.
- If an error that terminates a procedure occurs, the returned cause value shall reflect the error that caused the termination of the procedure even if one or more abstract syntax errors with criticality "ignore and notify" have earlier occurred within the same procedure.

11 Special Procedures for RNC to RNC Communication

11.1 General

This subclause specifies special procedures that are used for RNC to RNC communication, and use other transport means than the RANAP procedures specified in clause 8.

11.2 RANAP Relocation Information

11.2.1 General

The purpose of the RANAP Relocation Information procedure is to handle the RANAP related information that is carried transparently during relocation from source RNC to target RNC by RNSAP via Iur Interface.

11.2.2 Operation

When during relocation it becomes necessary in the source RNC to generate RANAP information for transfer to the relocation target, the RNC shall form a RANAP RELOCATION INFORMATION message. The message shall be encoded according to the encoding rules specified for RANAP in the similar manner as for the normal RANAP messages. The outcome of the encoding will be an octet string, which shall not be sent to the CN via the Iu Interface, but it shall be given to the appropriate local process for transparent transfer to the target RNC.

When the RANAP process in the target RNC receives an octet string containing RANAP RELOCATION INFORMATION message that had been transparently transferred from the source RNC, it shall decode it according to

the encoding rules specified for RANAP. This process is similar to receiving any normal RANAP message. The decoded information shall be passed to the appropriate processes in the RNC.

The RANAP RELOCATION INFORMATION message may contain the *Direct Transfer Information* IE and the *RAB Contexts* IE. If present, the Direct Transfer Information IE shall contain the *NAS-PDU* IE, the *SAPI* IE and the *CN Domain Indicator* IE. If present, the RAB Contexts IE shall contain for each addressed RAB the *RAB ID* IE and, if available, the *DL GTP-PDU Sequence Number* IE, the *UL GTP-PDU Sequence Number* IE, the *DL N-PDU Sequence Number* IE.

Annex A (informative): RANAP Guidelines

A.1 Rules for building RANAP messages

A.1.1 Rules for RANAP messages that shall contain the CN Domain Indicator IE

Based on the principles described in [3], following rules can be deduced:

- 1) Any RANAP message initiating a connection oriented signalling connection shall contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE. For the time being, two such RANAP messages are known: INITIAL UE MESSAGE message and RELOCATION REQUEST message.
- 2) Any RANAP message belonging to class 1 procedures that uses connectionless signalling shall contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE.
- 3) Following RANAP message belonging to class 2 procedures that uses connectionless signalling shall contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE: PAGING message and ERROR INDICATION message, the OVERLOAD message in DL direction (see chapter 8.25.3.1) may contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE.

A.2 Guidelines for Usage of the Criticality Diagnostics IE

A.2.1 EXAMPLE MESSAGE Layout

Assume the following message format:

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and referenc e	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М				YES	reject
A	М				YES	reject
В	М				YES	reject
>E		1 <maxe></maxe>			EACH	ignore
>>F		1 <maxf></maxf>			-	
>>>G		03,			EACH	ignore
>>H		1 <maxh></maxh>			EACH	ignore
>>>G		03,			EACH	ignore and notify
>>G	Μ				YES	reject
>>J		1 <maxj></maxj>			-	
>>>G		03,			EACH	reject
С	М				YES	reject
>K		1 <maxk></maxk>			EACH	ignore and notify
>>L		1 <maxl></maxl>			-	
>>>M	0				-	
D	M				YES	reject

Note 1. The IEs F, J, and L do not have assigned criticality. The IEs F, J, and L are consequently realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of "ordinary" ASN.1 type, e.g. INTEGER. On the other hand, the repeatable IEs with assigned criticality are realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of an IE object, e.g. ProtocolIE-Container.

For the corresponding ASN.1 layout, see subclause A.2.4.

A.2.2 Example on a Received EXAMPLE MESSAGE

Assume further more that a received message based on the above tabular format is according to the figure below.

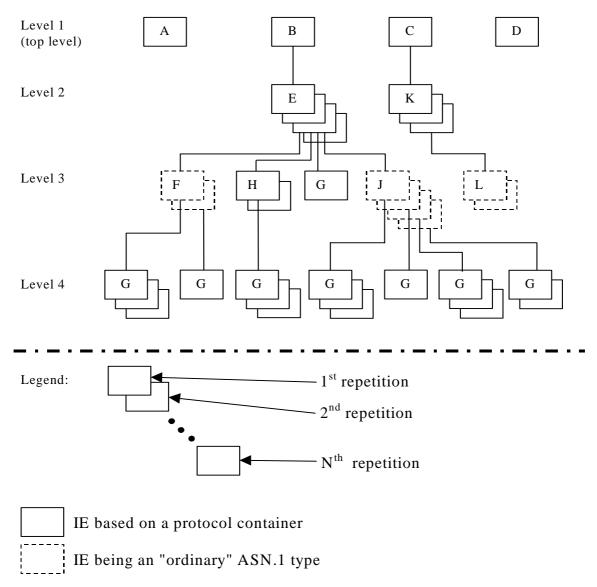
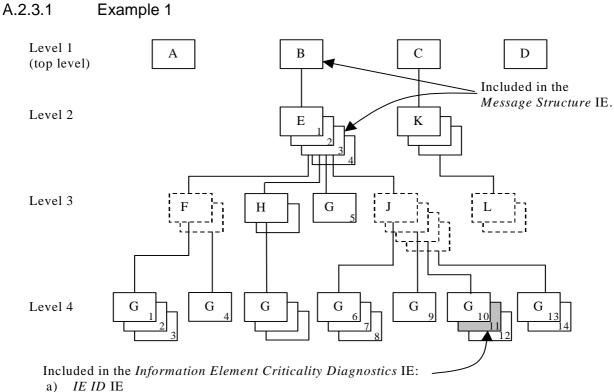


Figure A.1: Example of content of a received RANAP message based on the EXAMPLE MESSAGE

A.2.3 Content of Criticality Diagnostics



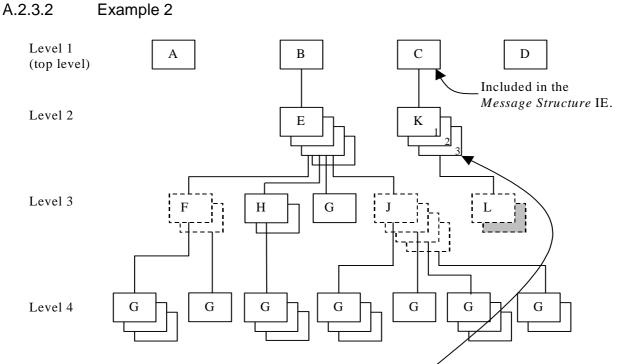
b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.2: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE J shown in the figure A.2 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Repetition	11	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Number		(Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE this is
		the eleventh occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	not	
	underst	
	ood	
Message Structur	e, first rep	etition
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structur	re, second	repetition
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Number		

- Note 2. The IE J on level 3 cannot be included in the *Message Structure* IE since they have no criticality of their own.
- Note 3. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).



Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:

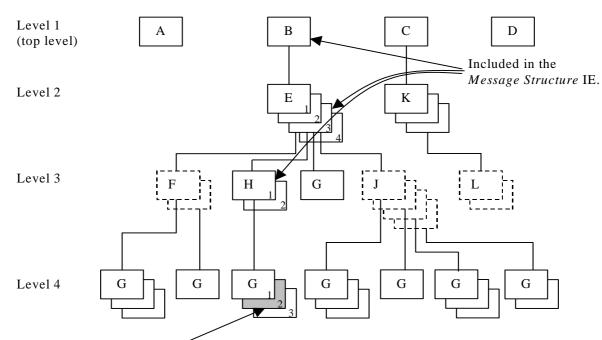
- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.3: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the second instance (marked as grey) in the sequence (IE L in the tabular format) on level 3 below IE K in the structure shown in the figure A.3 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment		
IE Criticality	ignore	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 2.		
	and			
	notify			
IE ID	id-K	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 2.		
Repetition	3	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 2.		
Number				
Type of Error	not			
	underst			
	ood			
Message Structure, first repetition				
>IE ID	id-C	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 1.		

Note 4. The IE L on level 3 cannot be reported individually included in the *Message Structure* IE since it has no criticality of its own.



A.2.3.3 Example 3

Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:

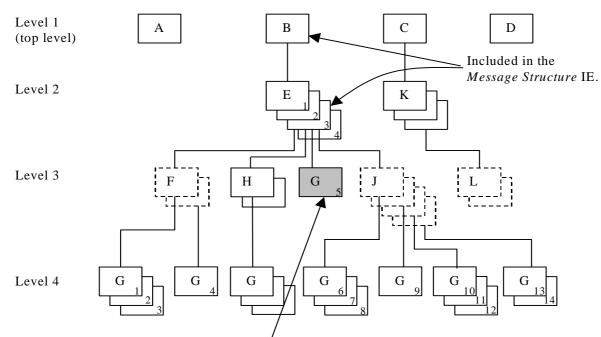
- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.4: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE H shown in the figure A.4 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment	
IE Criticality	ignore	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.	
	and		
	notify		
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.	
Repetition Number	2	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.	
Type of Error	not		
	underst		
	ood		
Message Structur	re, <i>first rep</i> e	etition	
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.	
Message Structur	re, second	repetition	
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from level 2.	
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from level 2.	
Number			
Message Structur	re, third rep	etition	
>IE ID	id-H	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.	
>Repetition Number	1	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.	

Note 5. The repetition number of level 4 indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counted below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 1 of IE H on level 3).



A.2.3.4 Example 4

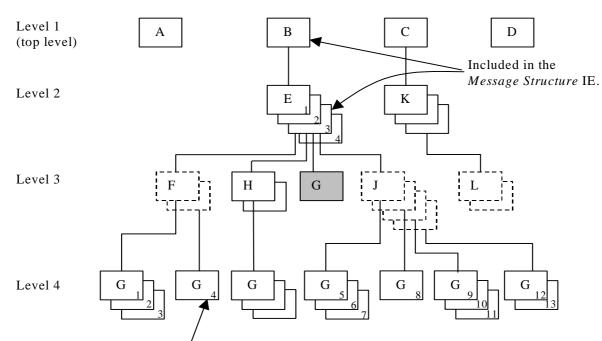
- Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:
- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.5: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure A.5 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Repetition	5	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Number		(Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE this is
		the fifth occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	not	
	underst	
	ood	
Message Structur	e, first repe	etition
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structur	e, second	repetition
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Number		

Note 6. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).



- Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:
- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.6: Example of a received RANAP message with a missing IE

If the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure A.6 above, is missing this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment		
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.		
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.		
Repetition	4	Repetition number up to the missing IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.		
Number		(Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE there		
		have been four occurrences of IE G within the IE E (level 2) up to the missing		
		occurrence.		
Type of Error	missing			
Message Structur	e, first repe	etition		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.		
Message Structur	Message Structure, second repetition			
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.		
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.		
Number				

Note 7. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to but not including the missing occurrence, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

A.2.4 ASN.1 of EXAMPLE MESSAGE

```
ExampleMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
                   ProtocolIE-Container
   ProtocolIEs
                                                   {{ExampleMessage-IEs}},
    ProtocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer {{ExampleMessage-Extensions}} OPTIONAL,
}
ExampleMessage-IEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-A CRITICALITY reject TYPE A PRESENCE mandatory}
{ ID id-B CRITICALITY reject TYPE B PRESENCE mandatory}
{ ID id-C CRITICALITY reject TYPE C PRESENCE mandatory}
    { ID id-D CRITICALITY reject TYPE D PRESENCE mandatory} ,
}
B ::= SEQUENCE {
                     E-List.
    iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {B-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
B-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    . . .
}
E-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxE)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {E-IEs} }
E-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-E CRITICALITY ignore TYPE E PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
E ::= SEQUENCE {
   f
                     F-List,
    h
                    H-List.
    g
                    G-List1
                    J-List,
    i
    iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {E-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
E-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
}
F-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxF)) OF F
F ::= SEQUENCE {
                    G-List2 OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {F-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
F-ExtIEs
           RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
G-List2 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {G2-IES} }
G2-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-G CRITICALITY ignore TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
H-List := SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxH)) OF Protocolle-Container { {H-IEs} }
H-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-H CRITICALITY ignore TYPE H PRESENCE mandatory },
    • • •
}
H ::= SEQUENCE {
                     G-List3 OPTIONAL,
    q
    iE-Extensions
                                      ProtocolExtensionContainer { {H-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
```

H-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {

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```
. . .
}
G-List3 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF Protocolle-Container { {G3-IEs} }
G3-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-G CRITICALITY notify TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
    . . .
}
G-List1 ::= ProtocolIE-Container { {G1-IEs} }
G1-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-G CRITICALITY reject TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
}
J-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxJ)) OF J
J ::= SEQUENCE {
                   G-List4 OPTIONAL,
   q
   iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {J-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
}
J-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
}
G-List4 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF Protocolle-Container { {G4-IEs} }
G4-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-G CRITICALITY reject TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
C ::= SEQUENCE \{
                   K-List,
   k
   iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {C-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
C-ExtIEsA -PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
K-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxK)) OF Protocolle-Container { {K-IEs} }
K-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-K CRITICALITY notify TYPE K PRESENCE mandatory },
   . . .
}
K ::= SEQUENCE {
                  L-List,
   1
   iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {K-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
   . . .
}
K-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   . . .
}
L-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxL)) OF L
L ::= SEQUENCE \{
                   M OPTIONAL,
   m
   iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {L-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
L-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
   • • •
}
ExampleMessage-Extensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

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} ...

Annex B (informative): Change history

				Chang	e history
TSG RAN#	Version	CR	Tdoc RAN	New Version	Subject/Comment
RAN_06	-	-	RP-99746	3.0.0	Approved at TSG RAN #6 and placed under Change Control
RAN_07	3.0.0	-	-	3.1.0	Approved at TSG RAN #7
RAN_08	3.1.0	-	-	3.2.0	Approved at TSG RAN #8
RAN_09	3.2.0	124- 136, 138, 168- 171, 173, 174	RP-000373	3.3.0	Approved at TSG RAN #9
RAN_09	3.2.0	174 175, 177- 179, 181- 184	RP-000374	3.3.0	Approved at TSG RAN #9
RAN_10	3.3.0	185- 191, 194- 199, 201, 203- 207, 210- 214, 219, 221- 232, 234, 235	RP-000613 RP-000695	3.4.0	Approved at TSG RAN #10
RAN_11	3.4.0	236, 238, 240- 243, 245- 246, 248, 249, 253- 258, 260, 261, 263, 266	RP-010110	3.5.0	Approved at TSG RAN #11
RAN_11	3.4.0	268,27 5	RP-010111	3.5.0	Approved at TSG RAN #11
RAN_12	3.5.0	276, 278, 280, 284, 286, 288, 290, 293, 293, 295, 298	RP-010454	3.6.0	Approved at TSG RAN #12
RAN_12	3.5.0	300, 306, 308, 314, 316, 318, 322	RP-010375	3.6.0	Approved at TSG RAN #12
RAN_13	3.6.0	325	RP-010578	3.7.0	Correction to the Error handling of the ERROR INDICATION message
RAN_13	3.6.0	327	RP-010578	3.7.0	Alignment of Conditional Presence with RAN3 Specification Principles
RAN_13	3.6.0	331	RP-010578	3.7.0	Order of elements in bitstrings

RAN_13 3.6.0 336 RP-010578 3.7.0 Data Forwarding related IEs in RELOCATION COMMAN message RAN_13 3.6.0 338 RP-010578 3.7.0 Error handling of the Erroneously Present Conditional lessage RAN_13 3.6.0 344 RP-010578 3.7.0 Rapporteurs corrections in RANAP RAN_13 3.6.0 346 RP-010578 3.7.0 Rapporteurs corrections in RANAP RAN_13 3.6.0 357 RP-010578 3.7.0 UP modification of parameters used in INVOKE_TRACE message RAN_13 3.6.0 358 RP-010579 3.7.0 Clarification of chapter 10 RAN_13 3.6.0 363 RP-010579 3.7.0 Relocation Requirement not to be used RAN_14 3.7.0 360 RP-010848 3.8.0 CR on Priority range RAN_14 3.7.0 364 RP-010848 3.8.0 Location Report Area RAN_14 3.7.0 377 RP-010848 3.8.0 Location Report Area RAN_14 3.7.0 378 RP-010848 3.8.0	RAN_13	3.6.0	332	RP-010578	3.7.0	Old BSS to New BSS IE optional in UMTS to GSM handover
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RAN_143.7.0399RP-0108493.8.0Correction the Clause 10 Error HandlingRAN_153.8.0401RP-0201643.9.0Question regarding SRNS Context Transfer and SRNS E Forwarding InitiationRAN_153.8.0406RP-0201643.9.0Intersystem Change and inter-system Handover correctionRAN_153.8.0417RP-0201643.9.0RAB Modification ParametersRAN_153.8.0421RP-0201643.9.0Delivery of erroneous SDUsRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Handling of Global RNC-ID in Reset and Reset resourceRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0RABs concerned by contexts transferRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Alignment of definition of Guaranteed Bitrate with 25.415RAN_153.8.0433RP-0201643.9.0Alignment of Last Know Service Area IE group into LOCA REPORTRAN_163.9.0412r3RP-0204013.10.0Criticality Information Decoding Failure HandlingRAN_163.9.0441RP-0204013.10.0Erroneous Security Mode Control procedureRAN_163.9.0441RP-0204013.10.0Correction of Target RNC-IDRAN_163.9.0449RP-0204013.10.0"EXTENSION INDICATION" PROPOSALRAN_163.9.0460r1RP-0204013.10.0RNL-TNL coordination in RANAP		3.7.0	393	RP-010849	3.8.0	Clarification on Location Request not fulfilled
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RAN_153.8.0406RP-0201643.9.0Intersystem Change and inter-system Handover correctionRAN_153.8.0417RP-0201643.9.0RAB Modification ParametersRAN_153.8.0421RP-0201643.9.0Delivery of erroneous SDUsRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Handling of Global RNC-ID in Reset and Reset resourceRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Handling of Global RNC-ID in Reset and Reset resourceRAN_153.8.0425RP-0201643.9.0RABs concerned by contexts transferRAN_153.8.0433RP-0201643.9.0Alignment of definition of Guaranteed Bitrate with 25.415RAN_153.8.0434RP-0202623.9.0Inclusion of Last Know Service Area IE group into LOCA REPORTRAN_163.9.0412r3RP-0204013.10.0Criticality Information Decoding Failure HandlingRAN_163.9.0441RP-0204013.10.0Erroneous Security Mode Control procedureRAN_163.9.0444RP-0204013.10.0Correction of Target RNC-IDRAN_163.9.0449RP-0204013.10.0"EXTENSION INDICATION" PROPOSALRAN_163.9.0460r1RP-0204013.10.0RNL-TNL coordination in RANAP	RAN_14	3.7.0	399	RP-010849	3.8.0	Correction the Clause 10 Error Handling
RAN_153.8.0406RP-0201643.9.0Intersystem Change and inter-system Handover correctionRAN_153.8.0417RP-0201643.9.0RAB Modification ParametersRAN_153.8.0421RP-0201643.9.0Delivery of erroneous SDUsRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Handling of Global RNC-ID in Reset and Reset resourceRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Handling of Global RNC-ID in Reset and Reset resourceRAN_153.8.0425RP-0201643.9.0RABs concerned by contexts transferRAN_153.8.0433RP-0201643.9.0Alignment of definition of Guaranteed Bitrate with 25.415RAN_153.8.0434RP-0202623.9.0Inclusion of Last Know Service Area IE group into LOCA REPORTRAN_163.9.0412r3RP-0204013.10.0Criticality Information Decoding Failure HandlingRAN_163.9.0438r2RP-0204013.10.0Erroneous Security Mode Control procedureRAN_163.9.0441RP-0204013.10.0Correction of Target RNC-IDRAN_163.9.0449RP-0204013.10.0"EXTENSION INDICATION" PROPOSALRAN_163.9.0460r1RP-0204013.10.0RNL-TNL coordination in RANAP	RAN_15	3.8.0	401	RP-020164	3.9.0	Question regarding SRNS Context Transfer and SRNS Data
RAN_153.8.0417RP-0201643.9.0RAB Modification ParametersRAN_153.8.0421RP-0201643.9.0Delivery of erroneous SDUsRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Handling of Global RNC-ID in Reset and Reset resourceRAN_153.8.0425RP-0201643.9.0RABs concerned by contexts transferRAN_153.8.0425RP-0201643.9.0RABs concerned by contexts transferRAN_153.8.0433RP-0201643.9.0Alignment of definition of Guaranteed Bitrate with 25.415RAN_153.8.0434RP-0202623.9.0Inclusion of Last Know Service Area IE group into LOCA REPORTRAN_163.9.0412r3RP-0204013.10.0Criticality Information Decoding Failure HandlingRAN_163.9.0438r2RP-0204013.10.0SDU Format Information PresenceRAN_163.9.0441RP-0204013.10.0Correction of Target RNC-IDRAN_163.9.0449RP-0204013.10.0"EXTENSION INDICATION" PROPOSALRAN_163.9.0460r1RP-0204013.10.0RNL-TNL coordination in RANAP	RAN 15	3.8.0	406	RP-020164	3.9.0	
RAN_153.8.0421RP-0201643.9.0Delivery of erroneous SDUsRAN_153.8.0423RP-0201643.9.0Handling of Global RNC-ID in Reset and Reset resourceRAN_153.8.0425RP-0201643.9.0RABs concerned by contexts transferRAN_153.8.0433RP-0201643.9.0Alignment of definition of Guaranteed Bitrate with 25.415RAN_153.8.0434RP-0202623.9.0Inclusion of Last Know Service Area IE group into LOCA REPORTRAN_163.9.0412r3RP-0204013.10.0Criticality Information Decoding Failure HandlingRAN_163.9.0415r4RP-0204013.10.0SDU Format Information PresenceRAN_163.9.0441RP-0204013.10.0Correction of Target RNC-IDRAN_163.9.0449RP-0204013.10.0"EXTENSION INDICATION" PROPOSALRAN_163.9.0460r1RP-0204013.10.0RNL-TNL coordination in RANAP						
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