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Introduction

The present document defines a northbound interface between the BM-SC and the content provider. The interface is called xMB. Both external (3rd party) content providers and 3GPP defined API invokers e.g. GCS AS can use the xMB reference point to access BM-SC provided delivery services.

The xMB reference point supports different session types, such as generic file delivery e.g. for MCData, application streaming, including DASH streaming, RTP ingest and ingest for transparent delivery. The xMB reference point supports unicast delivery of content, e.g. for devices outside of the MBMS coverage area.

The xMB reference point is fully integrated into the Common API Framework for 3GPP Northbound APIs (CAPIF).

1 Scope

The present document provides interaction methods and interfaces between a BM-SC and a content provider. The purpose of the document is the definition of enablers for the usage of MBMS delivery.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 26.346: "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS); Protocols and codecs".
- [3] 3GPP TS 26.234: "Transparent end-to-end Packet-switched Streaming Service (PSS); Protocols and codecs".
- [4] 3GPP TS 26.247: "Transparent end-to-end Packet-switched Streaming Service (PSS); Progressive Download and Dynamic Adaptive Streaming over HTTP (3GP-DASH)".
- [5] 3GPP TS 33.310: "Network Domain Security (NDS); Authentication Framework (AF)".
- [6] IETF RFC 6347: "Datagram Transport Layer Security Version 1.2", E. Rescorla, N. Modadugu.
- [7] IETF RFC 4918: "HTTP Extensions for Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning (WebDAV)", L. Dusseault.
- [8] IETF RFC 5795: "The Robust Header Compression (ROHC) Framework".
- [9] IETF RFC 3095: "RObust Header Compression (ROHC): Framework and four profiles: RTP, UDP, ESP, and uncompressed".
- [10] 3GPP TS 23.222: "Common API Framework for 3GPP Northbound APIs".
- [11] IETF Internet-Draft: "JSON Schema: A Media Type for Describing JSON Documents", draftwright-json-schema-01, April 15, 2017.
- [12] 3GPP TS 23.280, "Common functional architecture to support mission critical services; Stage 2".
- [13] 3GPP TS 29.061: "Interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting packet based services and Packet Data Networks (PDN)".
- [14] 3GPP TS 29.468: "Group Communication System Enablers for LTE (GCSE_LTE); MB2 reference point; Stage 3".
- [15] IETF RFC 5234 (January 2008): "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", D. Crocker and P. Overell.
- [16] 3GPP TS 23.246: "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS); Architecture and functional description".
- [17] 3GPP TS 26.501: "5G Media Streaming (5GMS); General description and architecture".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

5GMS	5G Media Streaming
ARP	Allocation and Retention Priority
BM-SC	Broadcast-Multicast - Service Centre
DASH	Dynamic Adaptive Streaming over HTTP
DTLS	Datagram Transport Layer Security
FEC	Forward Error Correction
GBR	Guaranteed Bitrate
HLS	HTTP Live Streaming
MPD	Media Presentation Description
QCI	QOS Class Identifier
QOS	Quality of Service
QOE	Quality of Experience
ROM	Receive Only Mode
RTSP	Real-Time Streaming Protocol
RTP	Real Time Transport Protocol
RTCP	Real Time Transport Control Protocol
SACH	Service Announcement Channel
SAI	Service Area Identity
SCEF	Service Capability Exposure Function
SDP	Session Description protocol
TLS	Transport Layer Security
TV	Television
UE	User Equipment
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
UTC	Universal Time Coordinated

4 Architecture

4.1 General

As shown in Figure 4.1-1, the reference point between Content Provider and BM-SC is called the xMB interface. Using the xMB reference point, content provider can invoke procedures supported by BM-SC(s) to set up and manage MBMS user service from BM-SC to the MBMS Clients. BM-SC defines an endpoint with all supported procedures on the xMB interface, which can then be converted to SGmb procedures for the interface between BM-SC and MBMS GW (not depicted).



Figure 4.1-1: The xMB reference model

The BM-SC may forward the received content for unicast delivery for appropriate functions (e.g., MBMS user service fallback).

The control plane (xMB-C) and the user plane (xMB-U) may be optionally terminated by 3GPP defined enabler / exposure functions such as an SCEF, which exposes the same or a different interface to content providers. The exposed API such as by SCEF is not specified in the present document.

The content provider may optionally exchange application level information like service metadata (e.g. serviceIds or URL(s) of USD(s) or other service identifier(s)) directly with the application.

The BM-SC may support CAPIF [10]. When CAPIF is supported, then:

- the BM-SC shall support the CAPIF API provider domain functions (i.e. CAPIF-2/2e (xMB), CAPIF-3, CAPIF-4 and CAPIF-5 as specified in TS 23.222 [10]);
- the BM-SC xMB authentication and authorization functions (as defined in Clause 5.2) are replaced by CAPIF equivalent core domain functions (i.e. CAPIF-1/1e).

The CAPIF and associated API provider domain functions are specified in TS 23.222 [10].

The content provider may be a mission critical service provider ([12]), which is arranging MC Services to Mission Critical Organizations. Providing MC Services may require additional control of the resource allocation (QoS, coverage area). For this purpose, the interface can be extended with the xMB mission critical extension. The xMB mission critical extension consists in:

- additional properties within the control plane procedures (Table 5.4-6),
- specific semantic and syntax for the geographical area (Clause 5.4.7).
- The Content Provider may be a 5GMS Application Provider as defined in clause 4.6 of TS 26.501 [17], providing 5G Media Streaming services to a 5GMS System, as shown in Figure 4.1.2. In this case, *Content Receiver <APP>* includes a 5GMS Client that can be served at least partially by the MBMS Client. The 5GMS Application Function (5GMS AF) invokes xMB-C control plane procedures on the BM-SC as specified in clauses 5.3 and 5.4 and, as a result, content is ingested by the BM-SC from the 5GMS Application Server (5GMS AS) using the xMB-U File Distribution procedures specified in clause 5.5.2 to support delivery of xMB-C Session types *Application* or *Files*. Procedures for 5GMS content delivery via eMBMS, including communication of the 5GMS AF and 5GMS AS with the BM-SC are defined in clause 5.10 of TS 26.501 [17].



Figure 4.1-2: 5GMS over eMBMS

4.2 xMB reference point

The xMB reference point exists between the content provider and the BM-SC directly or via 3GPP defined enabler / exposure functions such as SCEF. When the BM-SC connects to content provider via a 3GPP defined enabler / exposure function, the xMB-C interface (and optionally also the xMB-U) is terminated at the 3GPP defined enabler / exposure function.

The xMB reference point provides the ability for the content provider to:

- authenticate and authorize BM-SC(s).
- create, modify and terminate a service.
- create, modify and terminate a session.
- query information.
- deliver content to the BM-SC(s)

The xMB reference point provides the ability for the BM-SC to:

- authenticate and authorize a content provider.
- notify the content provider of the status of an MBMS user service usage.
- retrieve content from the content provider.

The xMB reference point shall support security function for confidentiality protection of both control plane (xMB-C) and user plane (xMB-U).

5 Procedure

5.1 General

The xMB reference point defines procedures between a BM-SC and a content provider. The content provider may be external (i.e. 3rd party provider) or 3GPP defined API invokers.

The following procedures are available:

- Authentication and Authorization

NOTE: When CAPIF is used, the CAPIF 1 / CAPIF 1e procedures are used.

- Service Management Procedures

- Session Management Procedures

By default the BM-SC announces all the services including the different eMBMS parameters to MBMS Clients so that MBMS Clients can activate reception of the announced MBMS services. It is also possible that the Content Provider /API invoker is doing the service announcement by itself.

A set of different session types are supported, namely:

- Streaming: the BM-SC may use the MBMS Streaming delivery method for content distribution to MBMS Clients
- Files: the BM-SC may use the MBMS Download delivery method for content distribution to MBMS Clients
- Application: the BM-SC may use the MBMS Download delivery method for content distribution to MBMS Clients.

Figure 4.1-2: 5GMS over eMBMS

- Transport-Mode: the BM-SC is transparent to the stream and passed data via MBMS bearers to UEs.

5.2 Authentication and Authorization

5.2.1 Introduction

The content provider and the BM-SC shall follow the procedures in this clause for authentication and authorization over the xMB.

When the content provider (API invoker) uses CAPIF to discover the BM-SC (xMB provider) and to interact with the BM-SC, then the xMB security procedures (as defined in this clauses) are replaced by CAPIF-1 / CAPIF-1e [10] security procedures.

Before provisioning of services at the BM-SC, the content provider has to be authenticated and authorized to perform service management functions using xMB. If the content provider wants to modify or remove the provisioned services, it can do so by using a valid access token.

The content provider may have multiple and different end-points for xMB-C and xMB-U. Each connection may have different entitlements based on the roles assigned to the requesting connecting party.

While authentication is performed based on standard (D)TLS connection and certificate exchange, authorization is performed using either the "domain-based" or "user-based" mode as described in clause 5.2.3.

In the user-based mode, fine-grained authorization shall be performed prior to any transaction to allow the BM-SC to check the access rights of the content provider user (either a human or a machine). Such authorization procedure, if successful, shall result in the creation of an "access token" that the server will return to the content provider for subsequent requests made on the xMB interface.

In the domain-based mode, additional authorization steps shall not be performed. Users within a content provider domain are not further separated.

5.2.2 Authentication Procedure

The authentication procedure is used by the content provider and the BM-SC to authenticate each other. The content provider shall be authenticated with the BM-SC when the content provider wants to provision new services or manage existing services. Similarly, the BM-SC shall be authenticated by the content provider when the BM-SC needs to send reports and notifications to the content provider. Authentication is also required for all user plane procedures.

Figure 5.2-1 shows the authentication procedure used between the content provider and the BM-SC.



http://msc-generator.sourceforge.net v4.6.2

Figure 5.2-1: Authentication Procedure

- 1. The content provider and the BM-SC authenticate each other for performing service management and status reporting and notification respectively. During this authentication step, the content provider and BM-SC exchange their X.509 certificates using TLS as defined in TS 33.310 [5] and independently verify the validity of each other's certificate.
- 2. The TLS connection is established.

5.2.3 Authorization Procedure

Before using any of the MBMS xMB procedure, the Content Provider shall first use the following authorization procedure to retrieve its authorization. After successful authorization based on the content provider's representative's credentials, operations such as service and session creation within the granted permissions become possible.

In this version of the specification, the BM-SC shall support at least one of the two following modes of authorization: *domain-based* or *user-based*.

Upon a successful authentication procedure, the absence of an access token provided to the content provider in response to an authorization request is an indication that the BM-SC only supports domain-based authorization, based on the previously-established (D)TLS connection between the Content Provider server and the BM-SC. This means that the same access rights to service or session resource requests across the xMB interface will be granted at the level of the business entity represented by the sender, independent of the end-user representative of that entity or administrative domain submitting the request. This requires the network operator to have already created and provided a unique certificate for storage by the BM-SC. If the certificate of the content provider is not contained in the BM-SC, then the authorization procedure shall fail.

Presence of an access token in the authorization response is an indication that the BM-SC supports user-based authorization, i.e., fine-grained authorization at the end-user representative level, of xMB resource requests. In this case, the content provider representative shall include this access token in each subsequent resource request made on xMB.

- NOTE 1: It is up to the BM-SC to decide whether it supports domain-based or user-based authorization.
- NOTE 2: In Figure 5-3 and subsequent clauses on Service Management and Session Management procedures and the associated message sequence diagrams, it is assumed that user-based authorization is supported by the BM-SC.

Figure 5.2-2 shows the procedure for content provider authorization by the BM-SC.



Figure 5.2-2: Authorization Procedure

- 1) If the content provider's representative is not in possession of a valid access token, it shall connect to the BM-SC using the authenticated TLS connection and perform the authorization procedure to retrieve the access token.
- 2) The BM-SC checks the credentials of the content provider and upon successful verification it will generate an access token that will be returned to the content provider. The link between the access token and the entitlement is outside of the scope of the specification.
- 3) The content provider may then use the access token on subsequent calls to the xMB interface.

5.3 Service Management Procedures

5.3.1 Introduction

The service management procedures allow the content provider to create, modify and delete services on the BM-SC. Each service may contain multiple sequential sessions.

5.3.2 Create Service

The procedure allows a content provider to create a new the service. Service configuration and service sessions are added in subsequent procedures.



Figure 5.3-1: Service Creation

- 1. The service is created. The content provider provides a valid access token.
- 2. On successful creation, the BM-SC responds with the resource id of the service. Service properties are fetched and modified with subsequent transactions.

5.3.3 Get Service Properties

The procedure allows a content provider to fetch the current configuration of the service.



http://msc-generator.sourceforge.net v4.6.2

Figure 5.3-2: Get current service properties

- 1. The content provider sends along with the service property request, the access token and the resource id of the service.
- 2. The BM-SC provides the service properties in response.

5.3.4 Update Service Properties

The procedure allows a content provider to update the current configuration of the service.



Figure 5.3-3: Service Update

The content provider may first fetch the current service configuration using the Get Service Configuration procedure.

- 1. The content provider modifies the properties of the service resource. The procedure may allow modification of individual properties or all properties.
- 2. The content provider updates the resource identified by the id of the service.

5.3.5 Terminate a Service

The content provider may terminate a service. All sessions, including those which are being created or are already active will be deleted automatically with the termination of the service.



Figure 5.3-4: Service Termination

- 1. The content provider sends the service termination command. The access token and the resource id of the service is provided as input.
- 2. The BM-SC terminates the service and deletes all associated sessions, and acknowledges the reception of this request.

5.3.6 Service Notifications

Service Notifications can be pushed to the content provider, when the content provider has provided a value for the Push Notification URL property through a Service Update procedure transaction. The content provider can always initiate request for the delivery of notifications using the URL for notification resources.

The content provider may configure a push notification end-point within the service properties. When present, the BM-SC notifies the content provider whenever appropriate.



Figure 5.3-5: Event Push Notification

- 1. When an event occurs, the BM-SC determines whether an event notification should be sent to the content provider.
- 2. The BM-SC sends a notification, containing details around the event, to the content provider.
- 3. The content provider acknowledges the reception.

The content provider may initiate periodical "pull"-based reception of notifications.



Figure 5.3-6: Event Pull Notification

- 1. The content provider sends along with the notification request, the access token and may additionally provide the service id as a filter.
- 2. The BM-SC provides all the notifications in response which occurred during a BM-SC-defined past period prior to the time of reception of the request.

5.3.7 List of Service Properties

All Service Properties, except for the resource id, are always carried in a HTTPS message body. The access-token is always carried as part of HTTP Headers. Except for the service creation request (where the id is not present), the resource id shall be present in the URL of all requests that relate to a specific service.

In the Table 5.3-1, the following assertions are made:

- Table header: C stands for Create Service Procedure, G is for Get Service Procedure, U is for Update Service Procedure and T is for Terminate Service Procedure. "I", and "O" respectively denote "request" (going Into the BM-SC), and response (going Out of the BM-SC).
- Optional ("O") means that the property may or may not be sent/received during a REST transaction. It does not
 necessarily mean that the property is optional. It is possible, for example, that a session is not yet started because
 the Content Provider has not set the property in any previous Update transaction using the PUT or PATCH
 HTTP method, as opposed to representing a hint on the importance of the property for the BM-SC.
- A property marked as optional (O) in a request message may be present in the request. When not present in the request body, the property, if present in the BM-SC, will not be updated.
- A property marked as optional (O) in a response message is only present in the response when a value is assigned by the BM-SC.
- A property marked as mandatory (M) in a response message is always present in the response. The BM-SC provides defaults, which may be modified subsequently by the content provider.
- A blank cell in the table means "forbidden" (the property cannot be added to the request or returned by the BM-SC, depending on the transaction direction).

Property Name	Property Description	C I	С 0	G I	G O	U I	U O	T I
id	Identifier of the Service Resource. Shall be systematically present in the message URL to identify the resource in the BM-SC.		М					

Table 5.3-1: List of Service Properties

Property Name		Property Description						C O	G I	G O	UI	U O	T I
	Туре		Unit		Default		† ·	Ť	†	Ť	1	Ť	
	Integer		None		N/A	1					1		
ServiceID	Serviceld MBMS U 11.2.1.1	l, set ser S of TS	by the service a 26.346	y the BM-SC to identify the rvice as defined in Clause 26.346 [2].		e				М			
	Туре	Uni	t	Defa	ult								
	String	Nor	ne	N/A									
Sorvice Class	The servi (see <i>serv</i> 11.2.1.2)	(see serviceClass element in Clause 11.2.1.2) of TS 26.346 [2].						Μ	0				
Service Class	Туре	Uni	t	Defa	ult								
	String	Nor	ne	(ope defa	rator defined ult)								
Service	List of lar serviceLa 11.2.1.1)	List of languages of the service content (se serviceLanguage element in Clause 11.2.1.1) of TS 26.346 [2].								0	0		
Languages	Туре	Uni	t	Defa	ult								
	List of String	Nor	ne	Emp	ty list								
	List of Se Clause 1	List of Service Names (see <i>name</i> element i Clause 11.2.1.1) of TS 26.346 [2].								0	0		
Service Names	Туре	Uni	t	Defa	ult]							
	List of String	Nor	ne	Emp	ty List								
Receive Only Mode	When set indicates Mode set	t to 't that rvice.	rue', the the serv	e Conte /ice is	ent Provider a Receive On	ly					0		
	Туре	N	ame	D	efault								
	Boolear	ו E	nabled	F	alse								
Service Announcement Mode	Enumera Mode. Additiona may be a - SAC Ar Se Ar - Con pe to M	Boolean Enabled False Enumeration of Service Announcement Vode. Additional service announcement modes Mode. Additional service announcement modes Mode. • SACH: BM-SC performs the Service Announcement for the current service using the SACH channel (cf. Annex L.2, L3 of TS 26.346 [2]). • Content Provider: Content Provider • Content Provider: Content Provider Model and the Service Announcement • Content Provider: Content Provider Model and the Service Announcement								M	0		
	UI a er la Se Th ar cc Type String	E. The similation of the simil	e MBM ar role t rom the f which e Annou M-SC sh ncemen t provid nit one	S Use o but is MBM is not incement all pro- t inforr er. De SA	r Agent perfor s a separate S client, the involved in ent reception. ovide the servi nation to fault CH	ms ce							

Property Name		Property De	escription		C I	С 0	G I	G O	UI	U O	T I
	The conter consumption	nt provider w on reports.	ishes to collect					0	0		
	Туре	Name	Default								
Consumption Reporting	Boolea n	Enabled	False								
Comgulation	Integer	Sample Percenta ge	10 (in %)								
	Integer	Reportin g Interval	3600 (in seconds)								
Push Notification URL	The conter URL over v "pushed" b procedure TS 26.346	nt provider pr which it will re y the BM-SC is described [2].	ovides Notification eceive notifications 2. The Notification in Clause 5.4.6 of					0	0		
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	– None –	""								
Push Notification Configuration	If the conte of notificati may provic This param separated among the Warning , I or All to ge The notificati becoming a	ent provider e ons, then the le notification heter contain list of Classe following op Information, et all types of ation messag y to the cont available.	enables push delive e content provider n filters. s a comma es it wishes to receiv tions: Critical , Service , Session , notification. ge shall be sent ent provider upon	ry /e				0	0		
	Туре	Unit									
	String	None	All								

NOTE: It is assumed that the BM-SC can derive the required UE capabilities from the provided service and session properties.

5.4 Session Management Procedures

5.4.1 Introduction

Session management procedures allow the content provider to create, modify and terminate sessions. Each session is time bound (i.e. has a start and stop time) and is associated with a target broadcast area (which can be used to derive the MBMS Service Area). The stop time may be absent in case of 24/7 sessions.

The MBMS Bearer is active between start and stop time of the session independently whether the content provider is sending data. The BM-SC automatically terminates the MBMS bearer at stop time. The content provider may proactively terminate the session before the stop time.

A session has one of the following states. The BM-SC may only allow state transition, when the mandatory session properties according to the service type is configure. The BM-SC may reject modification of properties depending on the session state.



Figure 5.4-1: Session State Diagram

State description of the BM-SC for a session. The BM-SC may reject state transitions when mandatory properties are missing. The BM-SC may send error notifications to the content provider.

- Session Idle: The Session is under preparation. Typically, the content provider needs multiple session updates in order to configure all session properties and retrieve the needed information for content provider user-plane entities.
- Session Announced: The session properties have been announced and MBMS Clients may become aware that the session is about to start.
- Session Active: The session is active according to the Session Schedule.

5.4.2 Create Session

This procedure allows the content provider to create a session for an available service.



Figure 5.4-2: Session Creation

- 1) The Content Provider wishes to create a new session and sends the Create Session command. The content provider provides the access token and the resource id of the service with the input.
- 2) The BM-SC creates the session resources and provides the session resource id in response. The session properties are defined in subsequent transactions.

5.4.3 Get Session Properties

This procedure allows the content provider to get the current session configuration.



Figure 5.4-3: Get Current Session Properties

- 1. The content provider requests the session configuration information. The content provider provides the access token, the resource ids the service and the session with the request.
- 2. The BM-SC provides the session configuration in response.

5.4.4 Update Session Properties

This procedure allows the content provider to update session properties.



Figure 5.4-4: Session Properties Update

The content provider may first fetch the current session properties configuration using the Get Session Properties procedure:

- 1. The content provider requests updating of the properties of the session resource associated with a service. The access token and the resource ids of the service and the session are provided as input. The procedure may allow modification of individual properties or all properties for the named session.
- 2. The BM-SC updates the session properties for the indicated service and returns an acknowledgment to the content provider.

5.4.5 Terminate a Session

The content provider terminates a session during any session state.



http://msc-generator.sourceforge.net v4.6.2

Figure 5.4-5: Session Termination

- 1. The content provider sends the service termination command. The access token and the id of the service and the session id are provided as input.
- 2. The BM-SC terminates the session and deletes all associated resources and acknowledges the reception of this command.

5.4.6 Session Properties

All Session properties, except for the resource id, are carried in the HTTPS message body. The access-token is always carried as part of HTTP Headers. Except for the session creation request (where the resource id is not present), the resource id shall be present in the URL of all requests that relate to a specific session.

In the table below, the following assertions are made:

- Table header: C stands for Create Session, G is for Get Session, U is for Update Session and T is for Terminate Session. "I", and "O" respectively denote "request" (going Into the BM-SC), and response (going Out of the BM-SC).
- Optional ("O") means that the property may or may not be sent/received during a REST transaction. It does not necessarily mean that the property is optional. It is possible, for example, that a session is not yet started because the Content Provider has not set it in any Update transaction using the PUT or PATCH HTTP method as opposed to representing a hint on the importance of the property for the BM-SC.
- A property marked as optional (O) in a request message may be present in the request. When not present in the request body, the property, if present in the BM-SC, will not be updated.
- A property marked as optional (O) in a response message is only present in the response when a value is assigned in the BM-SC.
- A property marked as mandatory (M) in a response message is always present in the response. The BM-SC provides default values for the session, which may be modified subsequently by the content provider.
- A blank cell in the cell shall means "forbidden" (the property cannot be added to the request or returned by the BM-SC, depending on the transaction direction).

Property Name	Pro	operty Descri		C I	С 0	G I	G O	UI	U O	T I	
id	Resource Id o	of the Session.				М					
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	Integer	None	N/A								
	Start time when the MBMS Bearer become active.							М	0		
	Туре	Unit	Default								
Session start	Integer	UTC Date timestamp (with second precision)	Session creation date + 1h								
	End time at which the MBMS bearer becomes inactive.							М	0		
	Туре	Unit	Default								
Session stop	Integer	UTC Date timestamp (with second precision)	Session start + 1h								
Max Bitrate	The requester overhead and SC calculates from it, consid other transpo	1- d				М	0				

Table 5.4-1: List of Session Properties

Property Name	Pro	operty Descri	ption	C	C O	G I	G O	U	U O	T I
	bitrate is alwa payload bitrat	lys larger or eo e.	qual to the	1				·		•
	Туре	Unit	Default							
	Integer	kbps	0							
	Specifies the System shoul packet is rece time by when MBMS client.				0	0				
Max Delay	Туре	Unit	Default							
	Integer	ms	-1							
	Note, that the content provid requirement.	e value -1 indio der has no spe	cates that the cific delay							
	The BM-SC n state of the se	nay automatica ession.	ally change the				М			
Session State	Possible state Announced, S	e, Session								
	Туре	Unit	Default							
	String	None	Idle							
Service	SC shall start absent, the B service annou needed to per announcement					0				
Announcement start time	Туре	Unit	Default							
	Integer	UTC Date timestamp (with second precision)	None							
Geographical	Geographical to be provided through MBM derives the M SAI list for the Geographical content provid The Geograp following info	Area, at which d, either throug S Bearers. Th BMS Service <i>J</i> e availability in Area as provi der. hical Area con rmation:	h the service is gh unicast or e BM-SC Area and the formation from ded by the tains the				М	0		
Area	Туре	Unit	Default							
	List of String	None	Empty list							
	The content c business agre Provider and	of each string it eement betwee the Operator.	tem is left to the en the Content							

Property Name	Pro	perty Descri	ption		C I	С 0	G I	G O	U	U O	T I
QoE Reporting	List of QoE me provider recor collect. The Q from the QoE 26.346 [2] and and depend o used for the se					0	0				
	Resource loca provide the Qe	ation at which of reports.	the BM-SC will					0			
QoE Report URL	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	None	Operator selected default								
Session Type	The Session T used by the co content to the BM-SC shall s method based Valid values: S Transport-Mod When Session the BM-SC ex (RTP) whose streaming (as When Session SC expects ge can be provide interactions or When Session When Session When Session then the inges application se When the App pertains to DA MPD and option Initialization S assumed to be defined by 26. either pull the content provide continuously p BM-SC. When Session Mode, the BM data/TV conte Transparent d in clause 8B o provider may properties for The Session T	Type represent ontent provide BM-SC (via x select the appr l on the Session Streaming, File on Type is set to pects a Stream format is comp defined in TS on Type is set to eneric files as a deither by or continuous p on Type is set to the method depervice description SH, the BM-S onally one or re egments. The e 3GP-DASH 247 [4]). The media segme for the cont out according t elivery method of TS 26.346[2 provide some the broadcast	ts the method r in providing MB-U). The ropriate delivery on Type value. es, Application, o Streaming, ming type input pliant to MBMS 26.346). o Files, the BM- input. The files n-request pull ush ingest. o Application, ends on the on. compliant (as BM-SC may nts from the ent provider ent provider ent provider ent sinto the o Transport- vide transport of o the d as described]. The content of the session distribution.					M	0		
	further session	n types.									
	Туре	Type Unit Default									
	String	None	Files								

Property Name	Pro	operty De	escrip	otion		C I	C O	G I	G O	U	U O	T
	Requests the BM-SC to enable ROHC [8] and [9] on the input flow to save overhead space.								0	0		<u> </u>
	When this property is present, then header compression shall be processed on each described input flow. Each flow to be processed shall contain following parameters:											
Header Compression	- Flow D IP/port	escription	n: Typ out flo	bically the								
	- Period target heade	icity: num periodicit r packets	iber d y for l in un	lenoting the ROHC full its of seconds.								
- Profile: Applicable ROHC profile (see IETF RFC 5795 [8].When the Content Provider does not explicitly set this property, the BM-SC decides on the usage.												
	When present perform FEC when transmit using the prov					0	0					
	The SDP should include FEC scheme according to the used delivery method as defined in TS 26.346.											
	Туре	Unit	Def	ault								
FEC	String	None	SDI of F fran con info	P description EC nework figuration rmation								
	When the Content Provider does not explicitly set the property, the BM-SC decides on the usage and amount of FEC redundancy.											
	When presen BM-SC to pro that the trans shared with o	t and set ovide a ur mission r ther sess	to "tr lique esour ions.	ue", request the identifier so ces can be	Э				0	0		
Get Sharing ID	Note, that other sessions will use the same Max Bitrate, Geographical Area and (in case of MC Services) QoS-Information.											
Type Unit Default												
	Boolean											
Sharing ID	When present, the value of the field identifies an already existing session to share the transmission, where Max Bitrate Geographical Area and (in case of MC Services) QoS-Information are re-used								0	0		
	Note, the Max Bitrate, Geographical Area and (in case of MC Services)											

Property Name	Pro	C I	СО	G I	GО	U I	U O	T I		
	QoS-Informat the values fro used.									
	Туре	Unit	Default							
	String	None								

When the Session Type is set to "Transport-Mode", then the additional properties as defined in Table 5.4-2 apply. The properties in Table 5.4-2 are only present when the Session Type is set to "Transport-Mode".

Property Name	Property Description	C I	C O	G I	G O	U	U O	T
	This property provides information to the BM- SC on where and how to access the user plane content from the content provider, and comprises one or more of the following components:				0	0		
	- Type : the type of the content associated with the target resource, for example the Internet Media Type of the resource as identified by an HTTP/S URL. Type with the value "embedded" is defined in this version of the specification, as an indication that the xMB-U user plane parameters are embedded in the User Plane Parameters object described below.							
Session Description Parameters for User Plane	- Access URL: A URL that enables BM- SC access to and possibly control of the ingest session. The URL could be, for example, a) an RTSP URL, b) a reference to an SDP that describes a multicast stream associated with the ingest session, or c) an HTTP/S URL to retrieve an already-packaged MPEG2-TS stream.							
	- User Plane Parameters: Object provided by the Content Provider to the BM-SC, which when set to "embedded", contains the session description information for the following purposes:							
	- If the <i>property</i> Delivery Mode Configuration for user plane is set to Forward Only , the User Plane Parameters object may contain a ready-made Session Description and the indication of a single xMB- U reception UDP port, in which case the BM-SC shall use it for Service Announcement over SACH.							
	 If such Session Description is not present in this object, the Content Provider is directly performing the Service Announcement, i.e., it corresponds to the case where 							

Table 5.4-2: Additional properties for Transport-Mode

Property Name	Р	roperty Desci	ription	C I	C O	G I	G O	UI	U O	T I
	Se pro is s	ervice Annound operty, as defir set to Content	cement Mode ned in Table 5.3-1, a Provider .				-			
	- If t Co to Se a li to ME eau sha flov me Se i.e. ter fiel to s it c affi dea li t to s sha flov me Se i.e. ter fiel to s it c a li to sha sha sha sha sha sha sha sha sha sha	his property <i>D</i> onfiguration for Proxy , the obj ssion Descript ist of the transu- be forwarded of 3MS bearer for ch list entry, th all indicate who w is directly as edia description ssion Descript a media description scribed by this UI a media description corresponds to iliated with the scribed by the he flow is direct the a media description the BM-SC at field of the m try in the Sess mplate. If the f edia description <i>M</i> -SC shall sim w onto a port v ual to the port edia session pl SC may get in	elivery Mode ruser plane is set ect shall contain a ion template and mitted UDP flows on the established r the session. For the content provider ether a) this UDP sociated with a n entry in the tion Template – is present in the tich contains a port DP flow is related iption entry – e.g., an RTCP flow RTP flow as RTP/AVP profile). ctly associated cription entry, shall modify the nedia description flow is related to a n entry, then the ply forward the whose value is of the related us an offset. put on session							
Delivery Mode Configuration for user plane	bitrate, deper This property to be delivere basically esta - Mode deliver - Fo rec par con mu - Pro inc our SC par	Adding on the in- defines how the defines how the ded to the applic iblishes the de Enumeration: ry mode. rward-only: T ceives complet ckets for to be ntent provider ulticast packets oxy: The BM-S coming UDP pa coming UDP pa cwill create the ckets.	gest session needs ation, i.e. it livery mode. Specifies the the BM-SC the IP Multicast forwarded. The will create the IP s. SC proxies the ayloads to the ayloads. The BM- e IP multicast Default				M	0		
	String	– None –	Forward- only							
Delivery Session Description Parameters	The contents setting of the property as de Announceme	of this propert Service Annot efined in Table ont Mode is set	y depend on the uncement Mode 5.3-1. If Service to Content the following				0			

Property Name	Property Description	С	С	G	G	υ	U	Т
		Ι	0		0	I	0	I
	session parameters shall be provided by the BM-SC:							
	- TMGI of the MBMS Bearer							
	Note that additional parameters may be provided, based on the configuration options of the delivery method when <i>Session Type</i> is set to Transport-Mode .							

When the Session Type is set to "Streaming", then the additional properties as defined in Table 5.4-3 apply. The properties in Table 5.4-3 are only present when the Session Type is set to "Streaming".

Property Name	F	Property Desc	cription		C I	C O	G I	G O	U	U O	T I
SDP URL	A URL to the session betwee BM-SC which streaming ses include the R ⁻ as part of the RTSP control also contain the media session The content s the present do	SDP that desc een the conter will be used f ssion via xMB- TSP links for e "a=control" at of the session he required bit hs. hall conform to pocument.	cribes the strea of provider and or ingesting the U. The SDP sl every media se tribute to enab o. The SDP sha crate for each c	aming the e hall le all of the				M	0		•
	Type String Note that the without a valic										
TimeShifting	Indicates if an access to the provided for th Type Integer	d for how long content (using his session. Unit second defaulted to 0)	g time shifting g unicast) may Default 0 , there shall be	be 				0	0		
	time shifting a	ccess.									

Table 5.4-3: Additional properties for Streaming

The BM-SC starts the streaming session when the session state becomes active. When the BM-SC adds FEC redundancy, then the BM-SC may start the ingest session sufficiently earlier.

When the Session Type is set to "Application", then the additional properties as defined in Table 5.4-4 apply. The properties in Table 5.4-4 are only present when the Session Type is set to "Application".

 Table 5.4-4: Additional properties for Application, incl. DASH Service Descriptions

Property	Property Description	CI	CO	GI	G	U	U	Т
Name					0	1	0	I
Application Service Description	MIME type of the Application Service, for example application/dash+xml for DASH or application/vnd.apple.mpegurl for HLS.				М	0		

Property Name		Property Des	scription		CI	со	GI	G	U	U	T I
Name	Туре	Unit	Default						-	0	
	String	MIME type	application								
			/dash+xml								
	To refer to 5G content type n	MS DASH cor nav include a r	ntent, the MIM profiles param	E eter as							
	defined in DA	SH, including t	the profile for	5G							
	TS 26.247 [4],	as defined	Dy clause 7.3	5.11 Of							
	""urn:3GPP	:5GMS:iop	:DASH".								
Alternative ApplicationSer vice Description	Alternative MI for services w MIME types, a	ME type of the hich can be de as DASH/HLS	Application S escribed by dif hybrid service	Service, ferent es.				0	0		
	This paramete services.	er is only used	for DASH/HL	S hybrid							
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	MIME type									
Ingest Mode	The ingest mo ingested into t	de enumerate he BM-SC via	s how resourd xMB-U.	ces are				М	0		
	Pull : The BM- by the applica	SC pulls the re tion entry poin	esources as d it document.	escribed							
	Push : The con The BM-SC ne	ntent provider eeds to provid	pushes resou e a push URL	rces.							
	In case of DAS Pull : The BM- described by t from a DASH	SH, resources SC pulls the n he segment a MPD.	are media se nedia segmen vailability stari	gments: ts as t time							
	Push : The consegments, so on the BM-SC start time. The URL.	ntent provider that the media according to BM-SC need	pushes media a segment is a segment avail s to provide a	a Ivailable ability push							
	In the case of and media seg	HLS, resource gments:	es are media p	olaylists							
	Pull : The BM- described by t media segmen playlists.	SC pulls the n he master pla hts as describe	nedia playlists ylist and pulls ed by the pulle	as the ed media							
	Push : The con and media seg provide a push	ntent provider gments. The B n URL.	pushes media BM-SC needs	a playlists to							
	In the case of resources are media segmen authorized.	a DASH/HLS HLS media pl nts. Only the F	hybrid service aylists and DA Push mode is	e, ASH/HLS							
	Push : The con playlists and n to provide a p	ntent provider nedia segmen ush URL.	pushes HLS r ts. The BM-S0	media C needs							

Property Name		Property Des	scription		CI	со	GI	G O	U	U O	T
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	None	Push								
Application Entry Point URL	The applicatio Application Se or to a master Description pe	n entry point r ervice Descript playlist when ertains to HLS.	efers to an MI tion pertains to Application S	PD when o DASH ervice				М	0		
	When the Inge service,, then which should and inserted in	est Mode is se the MPD Url r be fetched, op nto Service Ar	t to Push for a efers to a DAS tionally conditionally co	a DASH SH MPD ioned							
	When the Inge service, then t master playlis conditioned ar Announcemer	est Mode is se he master pla t which should nd inserted intent.	t to Push for a ylist Url refers I be fetched, c o Service	a HLS to a HLS optionally							
	When the Inge SC starts fetcl	est Mode is se hing the segm	t to Pull , then ents using uni	the BM- cast.							
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	None									
	Note that if no not be started	t set to a valid	URL, the ses	sion will							
Alternative Application Entry Point URL	The alternative application en type given by parameter.	e application E try point with r the Alternative	Entry Point pro repect to the N e Service Des	ovides the /IME cription				0	0		
	This paramete services.	er is only used	for DASH/HL	S hybrid							
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	None									
	Note that if no not be started	t set to a valid	URL, the ses	sion will							
	The alternative added to the s	e application E service Annou	Entry Point sho ncement.	ould be							
Push URL	A resource loo using HTTPS may create ac WebDAV proc	cator for inges via xMB-U. Th Iditional sub-re cedures.	ting media seg ne content pro esources using	gments vider g				0			
	This is a read- SC and only p Push.	only property resent when I	the BM- s set to								
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	None	""								
	This property set to Applica Push .	is mandatory i I tion and Inge	f the Session st Mode is set	type is t to							

Property Name		Property Des	cription		CI	со	GI	G O	U	U O	T I
Unicast Delivery	Indicator whet unicast retriev If set true, the content refere from a unicast Type Boolean	her the conter al. application cli nced in the ap content serve Unit None	nt is also availa ent may acces plication entry er or a 5GMS / Default False	able for ss the point AS.				M	0		•
Components	List of Compo recommended Bearers. If the value of parameter is s component is identifier. If the value of parameter is s "application/vr is identified by Type List of String	nents of the a to be made a the Applicatio set to "applicat identified by a the Applicatio set to nd.apple.mpeg the URL of th Unit None	pplication, whi wailable on M n Service Des ion/dash+xml' representatio n Service Des gurl", each con he Media Playl Default Empty list	ch are BMS cription ', each n cription nponent ist.				0	0		

When the Session Type is set to "Files", then the additional properties as defined in Table 5.4-5 apply. The properties in Table 5.4-5 are only present when the Session Type is set to "Files".

Table 5.4-5: Additional properties for Files

Property	Pro	perty Descrip	tion		С	С	G	G	U	U	Т
Name						0	I.	0	1	0	-
Ingest Mode	The ingest mode e ingested into the E - Push : The the file to th process an The BM-SC all files tha active time mode, the the contem Provider sh - Pull : In this provides th the BM-SC Provider m fetching the	Anumerates ho Anumerates ho Anumer	by resources a B-U. der shall push t will immediat con as it is rea igured to ignoi before session n. In case of P provide back to URL the Conte h the files. ntent Provider cation from wh file. The Conte -SC when to s	are hely ady. re Push bent ich ent tart				M	0		
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	None	Pull								

Property Name	Property Description	C I	C O	G I	G O	U	U O	T
	List of files to be sent.		-	ŀ	0	Ō		
	In the Push mode, the file list is not used since the BM-SC will monitor its push folder and send the files it receives on a first-come first-served basis.							
	In Pull mode, the file list contains the following information per file entry:							
	- file URL : the URL to the file the BM-SC will use to fetch the content							
	- file display UR L: the URL to the file as seen by the UE							
	- file earliest fetch time: The BM-SC shall fetch the file no sooner than this UTC timestamp. If absent, then the file shall be present on the Content Provider server and the BM-SC may fetch it at a time of its choosing.							
	- file latest fetch time: The BM-SC shall fetch the file no later than this UTC timestamp. If absent, then the file shall be present on the Content Provider server and the BM-SC may fetch it at a time of its choosing.							
File List	- file size (optional): The content provider may provide the precise or a file size estimate as input. The BM-SC may update the file size once it has started to fetch the file.							
	- file status: Enumeration stating the state of the file. Possible values are pending, fetching, fetched, fetch failed, preparing, prepared, prepare failed, in transmission queue, transmitting, transmission failed, sent.							
	- Target reception completion time (on the MBMS Client): hint on the target time, when the file should be completely received by the UE. The BM-SC should schedule and order the transmission etc accordingly.							
	- Keep Update Interval: The BM-SC checks the file resources with the given interval for changes.							
	- Unicast availability: Indication that the file is also available for unicast retrieval by the application at a Content Provider server whose location is given by the HTTP(S) URL corresponding to the value of "file display URL".							
	- byteRange (optional): If present and set to "true", indicates that the HTTP(S) URL given in the fileDisplayURL parameter can be used for Byte-Range-Based file repair (subclause 9.3) otherwise fileDisplayURL							

Property Name	Pi	operty Descri	ption		C I	С 0	G I	G O	U I	U O	T I
	paramet Range-B	er should not be ased file repair	e used for Byte)-							
	- ETag (o the ETag which m identifier Based fil should o content p different U when t	ptional): repres g as defined in l ay also serve a for the file in th e repair reques nly be supplied provider if it is e from the one p fetching the file	sents the value RFC 2616 [18] s the version le Byte-Range sts. The ETag by the 3rd par expected that it rovided over xl	e of - ty is MB-							
	- File repo times the (a value only onc decrease transmitt file repea send FE Default v	etition (optiona e file shall be se of 1 means the e). This counte ed each time th ed. When equa at is scheduled. C instead of so ralue is 1.	al): The number of the sess file shall be se r shall be e file has been als to zero, no n The BM-SC m urce information	er of sion ent more nay on.							
	- Note tha BM-SC v of the Fil repetition subsequ (only file transmitt repetition stop time occurring	t the expected vill first send all e List, then dec n counter for ea ently retransmi s with counter s ed). This is rep as are complete has elapsed, g first.	t the der e								
	Provides inform mode. Possible scheduled.	ation on carous values are non	el activation a e, back-to-bac	nd k,				0	0		
Carousel Mode	When carousel ignored.	is enabled, file	repetition is								
	Туре	Unit	Default								
	String	None	none					0	0		
Carousel Scheduled	interval betweer	two consecuti	ve sessions.								
Interval		Unit	Default	_							
	Alternative to th	e file list. The r	esource may					0	0		\vdash
File delivery	additionally des the file.	cribe schedulin	or								
manifest URL	Туре	Unit	Default]							
	String	None	""								
	A resource loca HTTPS via xMB	tor for ingesting -U.	g content using	I				0			
Push URL	This is a read-o SC and only pre Push.	nly property ma esent when Inge	naged by the lest Mode is set	BM- t to							

Property Name		Pro	perty Descrip	tion		с –	C O	G I	G O	U I	50	T I
		Туре	Unit	Default								
		String	None									
Display Base	Whe is se	en ingest mode een by the UE	e is set to Pus	h, the Base Ul	RL				0	0		
URL		Туре	Unit	Default								
		String	None									
SA file URL	Whe "Co the sha 26.3	en the service ntent provider SA file annour Il follow the pro 346 [2])	announcemer ', the BM-SC r ncing the sess ofile 1c (Anne)	nt mode is set returns the UR ion. The BM-S < L.3 of 3GPP	to L of C				0			

For the xMB mission critical extension, the additional properties as defined in Table 5.4-6 apply. The properties *TMGI* and *QoS-Information* in Table 5.4-6 are only present when the *MC-Extension* property is set to true.

Property Name	Pro	perty Des	scription		C I	С 0	G I	G O	U I	U O	T I
MC-Extension	(Optional) S mission criti	Set to true ical extens	to use the sion.		0			0			
	Туре	Unit	Default]							
	Boolean	None	False								
TMGI	TMGI of the returned by procedure (MBMS so the MBM 3GPP TS	ession, as S Session s 29.061 [13]	tart).				М			
QoS-Information	Provides the MBMS beau parameters of the QoS in 3GPP TS QCI.	Provides the QoS parameters for the VBMS bearer. The list of QoS parameters matches the composition of the QoS Information AVP specified n 3GPP TS 29.468 [14]: GBR, ARP, QCI.						М	0		
	The differer Bitrate (Tal used by the FEC.	nce betwe ble 5.4-1) BM-SC a	an be for								

Table 5.4-6: Additional properties in the xMB mission critical extension

5.4.7 Geographical area for mission critical services

The BM-SC derives the MBMS Service Area and the SAI list for the availability information from the Geographical Area property, provided as a list of strings by the content provider. How the derivation is done is left to a business agreement between the content provider and the operator, as specified in Table 5.4-1.

This subclause specifies syntax and semantic for the geographical area, when the MC-Extension property is set to true.

A string included in the Geographical Area property represent either a MBMS service area or a cell id, according the following syntax, in ABNF [15]:

geographical_area_string = cell_string / sai_string

cell_string = "ECGI-" 1*HEXDIG; Hexadecimal representation of an ECGI

sai_string = "SAI-" 1*DIGIT; MBMS SAI

If the Geographical Area property contains both a list of cells and a list of MBMS service areas, then the provided MBMS service areas shall be a complete set of the MBMS service areas that contains all the provided cells.

If the Geographical Area property contains only a list of cells, the BM-SC shall derive the list of MBMS service areas from the list of cells based on operator policy.

The BM-SC shall provide the list of MBMS service areas and the list of cells in the Session Start procedure defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [16].

5.5 User Plane Procedures

5.5.1 Introduction

The xMB-U user plane procedures cover the transmission of service data from the content provider to the BM-SC. Only authorized and authenticated content provider sources shall be able to ingest user plane data over xMB-U to the BM-SC. The following data transfer modes are supported:

- File Push: the content provider uploads or transmits files to the BM-SC either as soon as they become available, or in advance.
- File Pull: the content provider makes files available prior to the session start and at least during the lifetime of a session. The BM-SC will retrieve the files when it needs to deliver them.
- RTP Streaming: the BM-SC establishes an RTSP session to the content provider and starts the streaming session to relay media streams.
- Transport: the BM-SC listens on one IP address and one port number to receive UDP packets.

The details of these procedures are provided in the following clauses.

5.5.2 File Distribution

Provisioning files for file distribution shall use one of the following options:

- WebDAV as described in RFC 4918 [7] over HTTP over TLS. The Content Provider shall provide an authorization access token with every HTTPS transaction.
- HTTP over TLS for file retrieval. The BM-SC shall use at least HTTP Version 1.1.

The content provider shall ensure that content is available at the BM-SC prior to its scheduled transmission time. For instance, for DASH segments, the segment shall be pushed to the BM-SC considering the timing requirements indicated in the MPD. For HLS segments, the segments shall be pushed to the BM-SC prior to their inclusion in a Media Playlist available to the BM-SC.

Also for all files that are declared as part of the file list of a session, all declared files shall be available before their indicated availability time, or if not provided, prior to the session start.

As an alternative to providing the properties and transport-related requirements of a file-based service, for delivery over the MBMS bearer service, via the 'File List' property of the 'Session' resource in subclause 5.4.6, the Content Provider may elect to convey the same information via the File Delivery Manifest, as described in clause 5.6.

5.5.3 RTP Streaming

The content provider shall support PSS server functionality according to PSS as described in Clause 5.3 of 3GPP TS 26.234 [3]. The streaming session shall be accessible prior to the start of the session. When the user plane data is provided via UDP, then SRTP over DTLS [6] shall be used for user plane protection. Establishment of TCP based user plane sessions with PSS is not supported.

5.5.4 Transport

For Transport sessions, the BM-SC shall activate the receivers on the indicated IP address and port number. All traffic shall use DTLS as specified in RFC 4347 [6] where both client and server certificates are verified.

5.5.5 Notification Messages

When the content provider wants to receive notifications, then the content provider shall provide a HTTPS URL using which the BM-SC will send, via push delivery, service and session related notification to the content provider. The BM-SC shall use HTTPS to send notifications to the content provider. The content of the notification message shall be provided as part of the body part of the HTTP message. Upon successful reception, the content provider shall reply with a 200 OK response.

The format of the notification message shall contain the following parameters, the corresponding details of which are specified in Table 5.5-1:

- Message Name (String): The unique identifier of the message.
- Message Class (enumeration): Enumeration with the following values (may be expanded in the future):
 - **Critical:** When some event drastically prevent the proper delivery of content, such as when the network is down, the data ingestion is interrupted, BM-SC data delivery function stopped,
 - **Warning:** When the service can be partially delivered but quality is reduced. The reason can be that the service is partly down because the data bitrate is too high, the packet loss rate is too high, ...
 - **Information:** When the service is properly delivered but some interesting event occurred. The reason can be the presence of reporting information for the service, the correct transmission of the service announcement.
 - **Session/Service:** Service/Session related parameters, such as service/session started, service/session terminated, Content file send, file fetching error, etc.
- Message Information (Dictionary): A dictionary of key values containing information linked to the notification.
- Message Source: The ids are stored in the key "**source**" in a hierarchical dot separated format (e.g. Service 1 => "1", Session 2 of service 3 => "3.2"). When Source is empty, then the notification is system wide.
- Message Information (Dictionary): A dictionary of key values containing information linked to the notification. Common keys in the dictionary, which shall be always present:
 - **Date:** Every message information dictionary contains the UTC timestamp (in ms) of the date of the event, accessible using the key "**date**". It also contains the ids of the service/session that triggered the message (necessary since in PUSH mode, the URL will not contain such identifiers).

Message Class	Message Name	Additional Key Value Pairs		
Critical	NetworkIsDown	– None –		
	ServiceBadlyConfigured	badOrMissingParameters: [<property name="">,]</property>		
	SessionBadlyConfigured	badOrMissingParameters: [<property name="">,]</property>		
Warning	IncomingBitrateExceedSessionCapacity	incomingBitRate: <value in="" kbps=""></value>		
	NoIncomingData	None		
Information	QoEReportAvailable	None		
	ConsumptionReportsAvailable	None		
	ReceptionReportsAvailable	None		
Service	ServiceAnnouncementChange (only when in	None		
	session state Session Announced or Session			
	Active)			
Session	SessionStateChange	Session State Enumerates: Session Idle, Session		
		Announced, Session Active, Session Terminated		
	FileReadyForTransmission (only when	fileUrl: <file url="">, fileSize: <integer>, transmission</integer></file>		
	Session Type is "Files")	size: <integer></integer>		
	FileDownloadStarted (only when Session	fileUrl: <file url=""></file>		
	Type is "Files")			
	FileSuccessfullySent (only when Session	fileUrl: <file url=""></file>		
	Type is "Files")			
	FileFetchError	fileUrl: <file url="">, httpErrorCode: <integer></integer></file>		

Table 5.5-1: List of	Additional Notification	Message
----------------------	-------------------------	---------

5.6 File Delivery Manifest

5.6.1 General

File-based services originating from 3rd party Content Providers may be ingested over the xMB interface and delivered to UEs using the download delivery method. This clause specifies the File Delivery Manifest, which represents an alternative to the *FileList* property and its subordinate parameters of the "session" resource whose stage 2 text is described in subclause 5.4.6.

5.6.2 File Delivery Manifest

The fields and description of the File Delivery Manifest, assuming such document is delivered as a JSON-encoded document, are shown in Table 5.6-1.

Field	JSON Value	Default				Description
Name	Type	Child Parameter		Units	Value	
			Child Paramet er			
FileList	array					Container for the set of files, for delivery over MBMS, whose properties or transport parameters are given in the File Delivery Manifest. This field may contain the following child parameters: - fileURL - fileDisplayURL - fileEarliestFetchTime - fileLatestFetchTime - fileSize - targetReceptionCompletionTime - keepUpdatedInterval - unicastAvailability - byteRange - ETag - fileRepetition
	string	fileURL	-	-	-	In the case of pull-based content ingestion, the resource location of the file, as an HTTP(S) URL, at the Content Provider server from which the BM-SC can request the file.
	string	fileDisplayU RL	-	-	-	HTTP(S) URL of the file as provided to the MBMS-aware application.
	integer	fileEarliestF etchTime	-	UTC time with second- level precision	-	In the case of pull-based content ingestion, the absolute time, expressed as the 32-bit integer portion of an NTP time stamp, representing the earliest time that the BM-SC can request the file from the Content Provider server. Absence of this parameter is an indication that the BM- SC may submit a request for the file at a time of its choosing.
	integer	fileLatestFet chTime	-	UTC time with second- level precision	-	In the case of pull-based content ingestion, the absolute time, expressed as the 32-bit integer portion of an NTP time stamp, representing the latest time that the BM-SC can request the file from the Content Provider server. Absence of this parameter is an indication that the BM-SC may submit a request for the file at a time of its choosing.
	integer	fileSize	-	bytes	-	Precise or estimated size of the file in units of bytes. If this parameter is absent, it means that the file size is not known to the Content Provider.

Field	JSON Value		Defa	ult		Description
Name	Туре	Child Parameter		Units Value		
			Child Paramet er			
	integer	targetRecept ionCompleti onTime	-	UTC time with second- level precision	-	A hint from the CP to the BM-SC on the nominally expected time, expressed as the 32- bit integer portion of an NTP time stamp, at which the file should be completely received by the MBMS client and made available to the MBMS-aware application. The BM-SC is expected to schedule and order transmission of the file in accordance to this attribute. Absence of this parameter is an indication that there is no explicit requirement by the CP on when the reception of the file at the MBMS client should occur, other than it should not be earlier than <i>earliestReceptionCompletionTime</i> , if present, in the File Delivery Manifest.
	integer	keepUpdate dInterval		millisecond s	-	Interval that the BM-SC is expected to check for update of the file if it belongs to a Keep- Updated Service.
	boolean	unicastAvail ability	-	-	false	Indication that the file is also available for unicast acquisition by the application at a Content Provider server whose location is given by the HTTP(S) URL corresponding to the value of the parameter <i>fileDisplayURL</i> .
	boolean	byteRange			false	If present and set to "true", indicates that the HTTP(S) URL given in the <i>fileDisplayURL</i> parameter can be used for Byte-Range-Based file repair (subclause 9.3) otherwise <i>fileDisplayURL</i> parameter should not be used for Byte-Range-Based file repair.
	string	ETag				represents the value of the ETag as defined in RFC 2616 [18] which may also serve as the version identifier for the file in the Byte-Range- Based file repair requests. The ETag should only be supplied by the 3rd party content provider if it is expected that it is different from the one provided over xMB-U when fetching the file.
	number	fileRepetitio n	-	-	-	The number of times the file shall be sent on the session (a value of 1 means the file shall be sent only once). This counter shall be decremented each time the file has been transmitted. When the counter reaches zero, the file shall cease to be delivered. The BM-SC may send FEC repair symbols instead of source symbols. Default value is 1. Note that the expected behaviour is that the BM-SC first sends all the files as ordered in "FileList", then decrements the counter for each file, and subsequently retransmits the list of files again (only those files whose counter > 0 are transmitted). This process is repeated until either the counter reaches '0', or the session stop time has elapsed, whichever event occurs first.

5.6.3 JSON Schema for File Delivery Manifest

When encoded as a JSON document, the schema of the File Delivery Manifest, whose description is provided in clause 5.6.2, and specified according to JSON Schema [11], is shown below.

{

```
"FileManifest": {
        "type": "object",
        "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed description.",
         "properties": {
              "FileList": {
                   "type": "array",
                   "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed description.",
                   "items": {
                        "type": "object",
                        "properties": {
                             "fileURL": {
                                  "type": "string",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "fileDisplayURL": {
                                  "type": "string",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "fileEarliestFetchTime": {
                                  "type": "integer",
                                  "format": "int32",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "fileLatestFetchTime": {
                                  "type": "integer",
                                  "format": "int32",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "fileSize": {
                                  "type": "integer",
                                  "format": "int32",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "targetReceptionCompletionTime": {
                                  "type": "integer",
                                  "format": "int32",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "keepUpdatedInterval": {
                                  "type": "integer",
                                  "format": "int32",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "unicastAvailability": {
                                  "type": "boolean",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "byteRange": {
                                  "type": "boolean",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "ETag": {
                                  "type": "string",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
                             },
                             "fileRepetition": {
                                  "type": "number",
                                  "description": "Refer to Table 5.6-1 for detailed
description."
```

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Annex A (informative): xMB User Plane (xMB-U)

A.0 General

This annex provides an overview of the different xMB User Plane (xMB-U) protocol stacks for the various xMB delivery options. The xMB Control Plane is used to select the correct version.

A.1 Generic File Delivery

A.1.1 Introduction

This clause illustrates the various xMB-U options for generic file delivery. A file many be a large file like a video on demand file or a small file. Files can also be regarded as messages e.g. a plain text file or with header and body.

A.1.2 File ingestion with Pull

The Content Provider delegates all MBMS related complexity to the operator and provides files for delivery using HTTP to the BM-SC. The Content Provider provides the file URLs to the BM-SC and the BM-SC fetches the files using HTTP. The BM-SC is handling all MBMS related complexity, e.g. converting the HTTP payload into an IP Multicast suitable protocols, adding AL-FEC, etc. The Content Provider delegates the delivery of MBMS of Service Announcement Metadata (i.e. IP Multicast protocol details, etc) to the MBMS Client to the BM-SC.

Figure A.1.2-1 illustrates a setup, where the BM-SC pulls files from a File Server. The xMB-C is used to provide the file URLs to the BM-SC.



Figure A.1.2-1: File Delivery using Pull Mode (HTTP GET)

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode:

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Files.
- Ingest Mode (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to Pull.
- The *File List* (Session Type specific property) is updated by the Content Provider with File URLs to be fetched by the BM-SC and then send. The BM-SC updates Service Announcement according to the File List information.

Procedure

The following flow diagram illustrates the message flow. During provisioning phase, the according xMB Service and Sessions are created. Some lead time is needed to secure that all intended receiving UEs are capable of receiving the content.



Figure A.1.2-2: Call Flow

Provisioning

- 1: The Content Provider creates the File Delivery Service and Session using xMB procedures.
- 2: As result of the Service and Session provisioning procedure, the Content Provider gets the service identification information (e.g. ServiceId), which needs to be used by the App to request the reception activation from the MBMS Client.
- 3: When a File Schedule should be inserted into service announcement, the content provider provides the full file list well in advance. The BM-SC determines the file sizes and creates the resulting file schedule entry.
- 4: The MBMS client receives the service access information via SACH.

- 5: When the App is interested in the service, the App requests the MBMS client to activate reception using the appropriate MBMS Client API call. The App uses the ServiceId as identification for the interested service.
- At scheduled File Delivery Session start time.
- 6: When not all file URLs to be sent during the file delivery session are provided, the Content Provider updates the File List and adds additional file entries.
- 7: The BM-SC fetches the file according to the file list.
- 8: The BM-SC receives the requested file and wraps it into MBMS Download Delivery Objects.
- 9: The BM-SC sends the file as MBMS Download Delivery Object. When the MBMS Client has activated the reception for that service and is located inside of the broadcast coverage, the MBMS client receives the file (potentially after correcting packet losses).
- 10: When the MBMS Client has successfully received the file, it notifies the App.
- 11: Step 6 can be repeated multi times, independent from steps 7 to 9. Steps 7 to 9 are repeated (as sequence) for every file in the file list until the session schedule end time is reached.

A.1.3 File ingestion with Push

The Content Provider delegates all MBMS related complexity to the operator and provides files for delivery using HTTP to the BM-SC. The Content Provider pushes the files using HTTP. The BM-SC is handling all MBMS related complexity, e.g. converting the HTTP payload into an IP Multicast suitable protocols, adding AL-FEC, etc. The Content Provider delegates the delivery of MBMS of Service Announcement Metadata (i.e. DASH MPD, IP Multicast protocol details, etc) to the MBMS Client to the BM-SC.

Figure A.1.3-1 illustrates a setup, where a File Server pushes files using HTTP PUT into the BM-SC.



Figure A.1.3-1: File Delivery using Push Mode (HTTP PUT)

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode:

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Files.
- Ingest Mode (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to Push.
- The BM-SC provides the *Push URL* (Session Type specific property) to the Content Provider. The value of this property is configured to the File Server.
- *Display Base URL* contains the base URL for the files. In the URLs, used in the FLUTE FDT instances and (in some cases) in Service Announcement, the BM-SC replaces the Push URL part of the file URL with the value of the *Display Base URL*.

Procedure

The following flow diagram illustrates the message flow. During provisioning phase, the according xMB Service and Sessions are created. Some lead time is needed to secure that all intended receiving UEs are capable of receiving the content



Figure A.1.3-2: Call Flow

Provisioning:

1: The Content Provider creates the File Delivery Service and Session using xMB procedures.

2: As result of the Service and Session provisioning procedure, the Content Provider gets the service identification information, which needs to be used by the App to request the reception activation from the MBMS Client.

3: The MBMS client receives the service access information via SACH.

At scheduled DASH Session start time.

4: The content provider starts pushing files to the BM-SC, which wraps the received file into MBMS Download Delivery Objects.

5: The BM-SC sends the File as MBMS Download Delivery Object.

6: Step 5 and 6 are repeated for every file until the session schedule end time is reached.

A.2 DASH Media Presentation Delivery

A.2.1 Introduction

This clause illustrates the various xMB-U options for DASH Media Presentation delivery. A DASH Media Presentation consists of a Media Presentation Description (MPD), one or more initialization segments and sequences of media segments, containing the media data. A segment is a small file, containing a defined duration of media time, like 2sec of media time.

The Media Presentation Description (MPD) and Initialization Segments (IS) are typically provided with the SACH before the actual DASH media segment reception so that the UE has all access information available for tuning in to the DASH stream. The media segments and MPD updates are ingested using xMB-U.

A.2.2 DASH Content ingestion with Pull

The Content Provider delegates all MBMS related complexity to the operator and provides DASH compliant content using HTTP to the BM-SC. The Content Provider provides a MPD to the BM-SC and the BM-SC fetches the DASH content according to the MPD description using HTTP. The BM-SC is handling all MBMS related complexity, e.g. converting the HTTP payload into an IP Multicast suitable protocols, adding AL-FEC, etc. The Content Provider delegates the delivery of MBMS of Service Announcement Metadata (i.e. DASH MPD, IP Multicast protocol details, etc) to the MBMS Client to the BM-SC.

Figure A.2.2-1 illustrates a setup, where the BM-SC fetches DASH Content using HTTP GET according to an DASH MPD from a Content Server.



Figure A.2.2-1: Segment Delivery using Pull Mode (HTTP GET)

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode.

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Application.
- Ingest Mode (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to Pull.
- Application Service Description (Session Type specific property) is set to application/dash+xml.
- *Application Entry Point URL* contains the URL to the DASH MPD. The BM-SC will fetch the DASH MPD using the value of the *Application Entry Point URL* and start fetching segments. Further, the BM-SC will fetch the DASH MPD using the value of the *Application Entry Point URL* and embed the MPD into the Service Announcement File (SACH).
- *Unicast Delivery* is set to *false*. Indicating that the operation is not allowed to use MooD, e.g. because of content distribution rights.

Procedure

The following flow diagram illustrates the message flow. During provisioning phase, the according xMB Service and Sessions are created. Some lead time is needed to secure that all intended receiving UEs are capable of receiving the content.



Figure A.2.2-2: Call Flow

Provisioning

1: The Content Provider creates the DASH Delivery Service and Session using xMB procedures.

2: As result of the Service and Session provisioning procedure, the Content provider gets the service identification information, which needs to be used by the App to request the reception activation from the MBMS Client.

3: The content provider provides the MPD and IS, which should be provided together with other access information using the SACH to the MBMS Client.

4: The MBMS client receives the service access information. At scheduled DASH Session start time.

5: The BM-SC updates the MPD according to the MPD update instructions.

6: The BM-SC uses the provided MPD to determine the segment availability start times for the different segments. Here, Segment X is the next segment to send and the BM-SC segments a segment request to the Content Provider.

7: The BM-SC receives the requested Segment X and wraps it into MBMS Download Delivery Objects.

8: The BM-SC sends the DASH Segment as MBMS Download Delivery Object.

9: Steps 5 to 8 are repeated for every DASH media segment until the session schedule end time is reached.

A.2.3 DASH Content ingestion with Push

The Content Provider delegates all MBMS related complexity to the operator and provides DASH compliant content using HTTP to the BM-SC. The Content Provider pushes the DASH Content as soon as new DASH Content is available using HTTP. The BM-SC is handling all MBMS related complexity, e.g. converting the HTTP payload into an IP Multicast suitable protocols, adding AL-FEC, etc.The Content Provider delegates the delivery of MBMS of Service Announcement Metadata (i.e. DASH MPD, IP Multicast protocol details, etc) to the MBMS Client to the BM-SC.

Figure A.2.3-1 illustrates a setup, where a DASH packager pushes DASH Content using HTTP PUT into the BM-SC, once the segment (or MPD update) becomes available.



Figure A.2.3-1: DASH Content Delivery using Push (HTTP PUT)

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode.

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Application.
- Ingest Mode (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to Push.
- The BM-SC provides the *Push URL* (Session Type specific property) to the Content Provider. The value of this property is configured to the DASH packager.
- Application Service Description (Session Type specific property) is set to application/dash+xml.
- *Application Entry Point URL* contains the URL to the DASH MPD. The BM-SC will fetch the DASH MPD using the value of the *Application Entry Point URL* and embed the MPD into the Service Announcement File (SACH).
- Unicast Delivery is set to false. Indicating that the operation is not allowed to use MooD, e.g. because of content distribution rights.

Procedure

The following flow diagram illustrates the message flow. During provisioning phase, the according xMB Service and Sessions are created. Some lead time is needed to secure that all intended receiving UEs are capable of receiving the content.



Figure A.2.3-2: Call Flow

Provisioning

Steps 1 to 4 are identical as in Figure A.2.2-2.

At scheduled DASH Session start time.

5: The content provider starts pushing DASH media segments to the BM-SC, which wraps the DASH Media Segments into MBMS Download Delivery Objects.

6: The BM-SC sends the File as MBMS Download Delivery Object.

7: Steps 5 and 6 are repeated for every DASH media segment until the session schedule end time is reached.

A.3 MBMS Streaming (with RTP)

This clause illustrates the various xMB-U options for MBMS Streaming with RTP. The BM-SC receives here the RTP stream from the content provider.

Figure A.3-1 illustrates a setup, where the BM-SC receives an RTP stream from the content provider. The xMB-C is used to provide the RTPS URL to the BM-SC.



Figure A.3-1: MBMS Streaming with RTP

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode:

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Streaming.
- *SDP URL* (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider and points to the RTSP server hosting the content. The BM-SC establishes the RTSP session to control the RTP flow.

A.4 Transparent Delivery

This clause illustrates the various xMB-U options for Transparent Delivery Mode. The BM-SC handles the streams in a transparent manner.

Figure A.4-1 illustrates a setup of Transparent Delivery with Proxy. The xMB-C is used to provide the necessary information to the BM-SC.





The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode:

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Transport-Mode.
- *Delivery Mode Configuration for user plane* (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to *Proxy*.
- Session Description Parameters for User Plane (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider and contains the UDP flow mapping descriptions.

- When *Session Announcement Mode* (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to *SACH*, the BM-SC will add according session description into the SACH. In this case the MBMS Client (cf. TS 26.347) will offer the service to an application.
- When *Session Announcement Mode* (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to *Content Provider* then the Content Provider is responsible to announce services to UEs (e.g. using GC1). The BM-SC provides at least the TMGIs as value of the *Delivery Session Description Parameters* property.

Figure A.4-2 illustrates a setup of Transparent Delivery with Forward-Only. The xMB-C is used to provide the necessary information to the BM-SC.



Figure A.4-2: Transparent Delivery with Forward-Only

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode:

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Transport-Mode.
- *Delivery Mode Configuration for user plane* (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to *Forward-only.*
- Session Description Parameters for User Plane (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider and contains the UDP flow mapping descriptions.
- When *Session Announcement Mode* (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to *SACH*, the BM-SC will add according session description into the SACH. In this case the MBMS Client (cf. TS 26.347) will offer the service to an application.
- When *Session Announcement Mode* (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to *Content Provider* then the Content Provider is responsible to announce services to UEs (e.g. using GC1). The BM-SC provides at least the TMGIs as value of the *Delivery Session Description Parameters* property.

A.5 HLS Media Presentation Delivery

A.5.1 Introduction

This subclause illustrates the xMB-U constraints and options for HLS delivery.

An HLS presentation typically consists of a single Master Playlist and multiple Media Playlists, one for each media Rendition. Media Playlists specify a sequence of media segments, each containing media data. A Media Playlist may also specify, by way of an EXT-MAP tag, a segment containing only the subsequent sequences' CMAF Header. These header-only segments are also referred to as Initialization Segments (IS) or Media Initialization Sections.

A.5.2 Segment and Playlist Order Guarantee

As mentioned in subclause 5.5.2, media segments should be made available to the BM-SC, and ingested using xMB-U, prior to the ingestion of the Media Playlists that specify those segments. This ordering is the responsibility of the Content Provider, irrespective of ingest mode, as detailed below.

A.5.3 HLS Content Ingestion with Pull

A.5.3.1 Introduction

The Content Provider delegates all MBMS related complexity to the operator and provides HLS compliant content using an HTTP GET method to the BM-SC. The Content Provider is responsible for ensuring the required ordering of media segments and Media Playlist availability to the requesting BM-SC. Using the Pull ingest mode the BM-SC should parse the supplied Media Playlist, at each update, to discover new media segment URIs.

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode.

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Application.
- Ingest Mode (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to Pull.
- Application Service Description (Session Type specific property) is set to application/vnd.apple.mpegurl.

- *Application Entry Point URL* contains the URL to the HLS Master Playlist. The BM-SC will fetch the Master Playlist using the value of the Application Entry Point URL and embed the Master Playlist into the Service Announcement File (via SACH).

A.5.3.2 Content ingestion steps

1: The Content Provider creates the HLS Delivery Service and Session using xMB procedures.

2: As a result of the Service and Session provisioning procedure, the Content Provider gets the service identification information, which needs to be used by the Application to request the reception activation from the MBMS Client.

3: The Content Provider provides the Master Playlist. It also provides the IS, with identifying source URI, for each Media Playlist to be broadcast. The source URI should match the EXT-MAP tag within the corresponding Media Playlist. Note that the Master Playlist and the collection of IS will be provided via the SACH to the MBMS Client.

4: The MBMS client receives the service access information.

5: At Playlist reload intervals as specified by RFC 8216 section 6.3.4, the BM-SC Pulls, via HTTP GET, Media Playlist updates, which specify all segment(s) currently available. Following this the BM-SC Pulls any media segments it has not yet ingested. The BM-SC then wraps the Media Playlist and the new media segment(s) into MBMS Download Delivery Objects.

6: The BM-SC sends the CMAF Segment(s) as MBMS Download Delivery Objects together with the corresponding Media Playlists.

7: Steps 5 and 6 are repeated until the session schedule end time is reached.

A.5.4 HLS Content Ingestion with Push

A.5.4.1 Introduction

The Content Provider delegates all MBMS related complexity to the operator and provides HLS compliant content using an HTTP PUT method to the BM-SC. The Content Provider is responsible for ensuring the order of media segments and Media Playlist availability to the BM-SC over the xMB-U.

The following Session Properties allow the configuration of this xMB-U mode.

- Session Type is set by the Content Provider to Application.
- Ingest Mode (Session Type specific property) is set by the Content Provider to Push.

- The BM-SC provides the *Push* URL (Session Type specific property) to the Content Provider. The value of this property is configured to the HLS packager.

- Application Service Description (Session Type specific property) is set to application/vnd.apple.mpegurl.

- *Application Entry Point URL* contains the URL to the HLS Master Playlist. The BM-SC will fetch the Master Playlist using the value of the Application Entry Point URL and embed the Master Playlist into the Service Announcement File (SACH).

A.5.4.2 Content ingestion steps

Steps 1 to 4 are identical to clause A.5.3.

5: At segment Duration intervals, the Content Provider pushes a new media segment to the BM-SC. The BM-SC then wraps it into an MBMS Download Delivery Object.

6: Following each segment push, the Content Provider pushes to the BM-SC a Media Playlist update that now specifies the segment made available in step 5. The BM-SC then wraps it into an MBMS Download Delivery Object.

7: The BM-SC sends the CMAF segment(s) together with the corresponding Media Playlist update as MBMS Download Delivery Objects.

8: Steps 5 to 7 are repeated until the session schedule end time is reached.

Annex B (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New versio n
2018-09	SA#81	SP-180654				Presented to TSG SA#81 (for information)	1.0.0
2018-12	SA#82	SP-180980				Presented to TSG SA#82 (for approval)	2.0.0
2018-12	SA#82					Approved at SA#82	16.0.0
2019-03	SA#83	SP-190033	0002	2	В	Support of profile 1c	16.1.0
2019-06	SA#84	SP-190340	0003	1	В	Support for Multiplexing MCData Sessions on one MBMS Bearer	16.2.0
2019-06	SA#84	SP-190340	0005	-	F	Correction of xMB Guidelines	16.2.0
2020-03	SA#87-e	SP-200039	0006	1	В	Guidelines for HLS Media Presentation Delivery	16.2.0
2020-03	SA#87-e	SP-200039	0007	1	В	Support of hybrid HLS/DASH services	16.3.0
2022-04	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-17 version (MCC)	17.0.0
2022-06	SA#96	SP-220597	8000			[5MBP3] xMB Extensions for 5GMS via eMBMS	17.1.0

History

Document history						
V17.0.0	May 2022	Publication				
V17.1.0	July 2022	Publication				