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Contents

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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where:

    x the first digit:

        1 presented to TSG for information;

        2 presented to TSG for approval;

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    y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.

    z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

shall   indicates a mandatory requirement to do something

shall not   indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

should   indicates a recommendation to do something

should not   indicates a recommendation not to do something

may   indicates permission to do something

need not   indicates permission not to do something

The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

can   indicates that something is possible

cannot   indicates that something is impossible

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

will   indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

will not   indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might   indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not   indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is   (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not   (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the Converged Charging description for network slice management charging in the 5G System (5GS). The present document specifies the charging aspects for management of network slicing in mobile networks.

The following management operations are within the scope:

- Network Slice Instance creation, modification and termination;

- Network Slice Instance activation and deactivation.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1]   3GPP TS 32.240: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging architecture and principles".

[2] - [14]   Void

[15]   3GPP TS 32.255: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G Data connectivity domain charging; stage 2".

[16] - [49]   Void

[50]   3GPP TS 32.290: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system; Services, operations and procedures of charging using Service Based Interface (SBI)".

[51]   3GPP TS 32.291: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system; Charging service, stage 3".

[52] - [54]   Void.

[55]   3GPP TS 32.295: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) transfer".

[56]   3GPP TS 32.297: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) file format and transfer".

[57]   3GPP TS 32.298: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter description".

[58] - [99]   Void.

[70]   3GPP TS 28.201: "Charging management; Network slice performance and analytics charging in the 5G System (5GS); Stage 2".

[71] - [99]   Void.

[100]   3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

[101] - [199]   Void.

[200] - [249]   Void.

[250]   3GPP TS 28.533: "Management and orchestration; Architecture framework".

[251]   3GPP TS 28.530: "Management and orchestration; Concepts, use cases and requirements".

[252]   3GPP TS 28.531: "Management and orchestration; Provisioning".

[253]   3GPP TS 28.532: "Management and orchestration; Generic management services".

[254]   3GPP TS 28.541: "Management and orchestration; 5G Network Resource Model (NRM); Stage 2 and stage 3".

[255] - [299]   Void.

[300] - [399]   Void.

[400] - [499]   Void.

[500] - [599]   Void.

3   Definitions of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1   Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100].

3.2   Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

Bns   Reference point for the CDR file transfer from the Network slice CGF to the BD.
Ga   Reference point for CDR transfer between a CDF and the CGF.
Nchf   Service based interface exhibited by CHF.

3.3   Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100].

CEF   Charging Enablement Function
MnS   Management Service
NSI   Network Slice Instance
NSM   Network Slice Management
NSSAI   Network Slice Selection Assistance Information
S-NSSAI   Single Network Slice Selection Assistance Information
SLS   Service Level Specification

4   Architecture considerations

4.1   High level architecture

The high level service based management architecture for Network Slicing management is specified in TS 28.533 [250] clause 4, with Management Services (MnS) produced by MnS Producer and consumed by MnS Consumer.

4.2 Network Slice Management converged charging architecture

4.2.1 High level architecture network slice charging

The scope of the present document is network slice management charging, the details for other types of network slice charging are defined in TS 32.255 [15] and TS 28.201 [70].

4.2.2 Converged charging architecture

Network Slice Management converged charging can be achieved under the alternatives:

- Charging Trigger Function (CTF) based, as depicted in figure 4.2.2.1.

- Charging Enablement Function (CEF) based, depicted in figure 4.2.2.2.

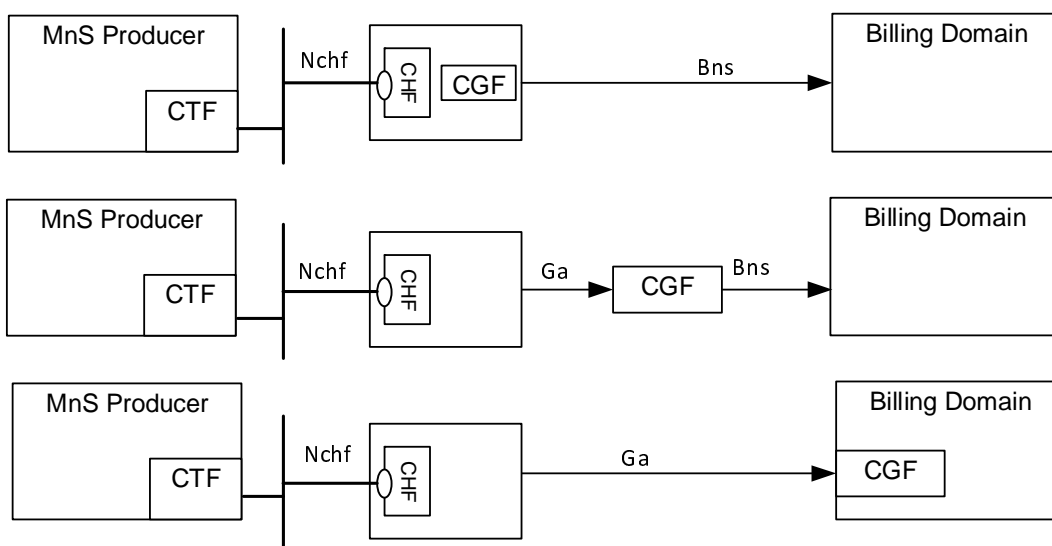

Figure 4.2.2.1: Network Slice Management converged charging architecture (CTF)
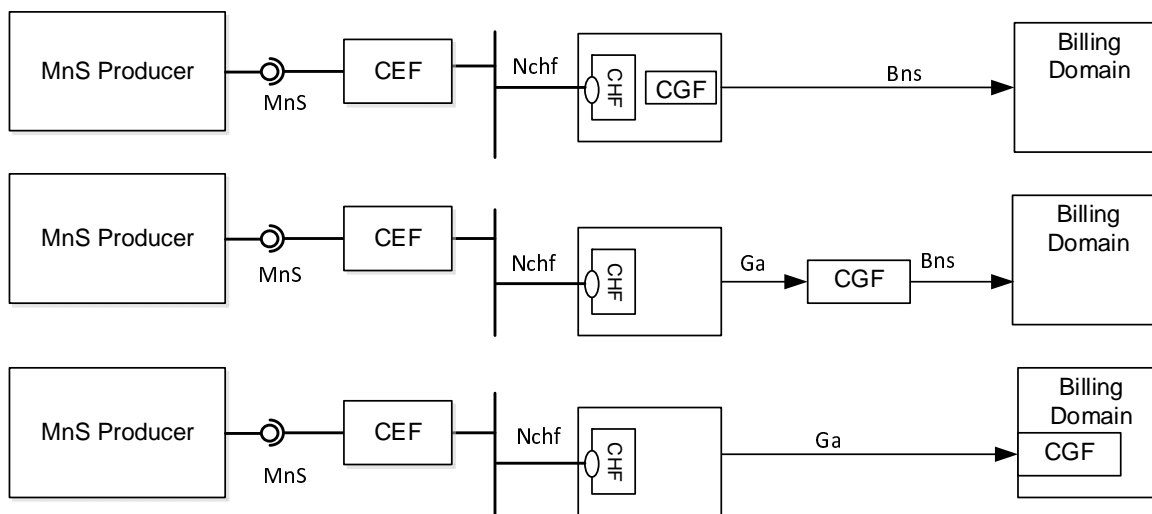

Figure 4.2.2.2: Network Slice Management converged charging architecture (CEF)

The Charging Trigger Function (CTF) is specified in TS 32.240 [1].

The Charging Enablement Function (CEF) is defined in TS 32.240 [1]: charging information addressed by the CEF in the present document, are related to provisioning for network slices.

The MnS producer is defined in TS 28.533 [250]: the MnS producer in the present document is the producer of provisioning MnS.

For network slice management converged charging the CEF is a consumer of both:

- provisioning service (MnS) for network slice exposed by the MnS Producer, specified in TS 28.532 [253];

- charging (Nchf) service.

Details on the interfaces and functions can be found in TS 32.240 [1] for the general architecture components. Ga is described in clause 5.2.4 and Bns in clause 5.2.5 of the present document, and Nchf is described in TS 32.290 [50].

5   Network Slice Management charging principles and scenarios

5.1   Network Slice Management charging principles

5.1.1   General

The charging functions for the Network Slice Management charging, are based on provisioning management services used for provisioning of network slice.

The management services are specified under TS 28.533 [250], TS 28.532 [253] and TS 28.541 [254]. Management services and procedures for provisioning are described TS 28.531 [252].

How a MnS consumer consumes and is authorized to consume provisioning MnS produced by the MnS producer, are out of the scope of the present document.

The network slice subscriber is the tenant, i.e. the party for which the network slice instance(s) is(are) created, satisfying the requirements of subscribed-to service(s).

   NOTE 1: these service(s) requirements may take the form of Service Level Specification (SLS) per TS 28.530 [251] definition, supplied by external service providers (e.g. MVNO, Verticals, enterprises), in which case the tenant is the external service provider.

   NOTE 2: these service(s) requirements may be built by a MNO for its own operational needs, in which case the tenant is the MNO itself, and the tenant id may not be present.

Depending on the relationship and deployment model between the tenant and the party owning the MnS producer, the MnS consumer of the provisioning MnS may be the tenant.

The following provisioning of network slice procedures of clause 7 in TS 28.531 [252] are considered for Network Slice Management charging:

- Network Slice Instance (NSI) Creation.

- Network Slice Instance (NSI) Modification.

- Network Slice Instance (NSI) Termination.

Network Slice Instance (NSI) is defined in TS 28.530 [251].

5.1.2   Requirements

The following are high-level charging requirements specific to the Network Slice Management charging:

- The CEF shall support converged charging.

- The CEF shall collect charging information per NSI Creation, Modification and Termination.

- The Service Producer (CTF) shall support converged charging.

- The Service Producer (CTF) shall collect charging information per NSI Creation, Modification and Termination.

5.1.3   Network Slice Management charging information

The charging information for Network Slice Management charging are defined under the following list:

- identity of the MnS consumer of provisioning MnS.

- identity of the tenant, i.e. viewed as the network slice subscriber.

- operation type invoked by MnS consumer of provisioning MnS.

- identifier of the Network Slice Instance.

- network slice related requirements identified by a service profile as defined in TS 28.530 [251] clause 4.6.2 and detailed in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.3.3.

The following non-exhaustive list of information elements of the service profile are identified for Network Slice Management charging:

- Service Profile identifier.

- S-NSSAI(s).

- SST.

- Latency.

- Resource Sharing Level.

- Availability.

- Jitter.

- Reliability.

- Maximum Number of UEs.

- Coverage Area.

- Max Number of PDU sessions,

- UE mobility Level.

- Delay Tolerance.

- UL/DL Throughput Per UE.

- UL/DL Throughput Per UE.

- UL/DL Throughput Per Slice.

- KPI Monitoring.

- Supported Access Technology.

- V2X Communication Mode.

5.1.4 CHF selection

The CHF selection by the MnS Producer (CTF)/CEF is based on the following options and with this priority order (highest to lowest):

- NRF based discovery;

- pre-configured CHF address(s).

5.2 Network Slice Management charging scenarios

5.2.1 Basic principles

5.2.1.1 General

Network Slice Management charging is performed by the Service Producer (CTF) of provisioning MnS or the CEF interacting with CHF using Nchf specified in TS 32.290 [50] and TS 32.291 [51]. In order to provide the data required for the charging management activities outlined in TS 32.240 [1], the Service Producer (CTF) or CEF shall be able to perform converged charging for provisioning MnS when consumed by MnS consumer for NSI allocation, modification and deallocation.

The Service Producer (CTF) of provisioning MnS or CEF shall be able to perform converged charging by interacting with CHF, for charging data related to Network Slice Management. The Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response are exchanged between the Service Producer (CTF) and the CHF or between the CEF and the CHF, based on PEC scenarios specified in TS 32.290 [50]. The Charging Data Request is issued by the Service Producer (CTF) or CEF towards the CHF when certain conditions (chargeable events) are met.

The CEF shall be able to consume services related to provisioning MnS events, defined in TS 28.531 [252], for collecting charging information related to Network Slice Management.

The contents and purpose of each charging event that triggers interaction with CHF, as well as the chargeable events that trigger them, are described in clauses 5.2.2.

A detailed formal description of the converged charging parameters to CHF defined in the present document can be found in TS 32.291 [51].

A detailed formal description of the CDR parameters defined in the present document can be found in TS 32.298 [57].

Whether network slice management charging is active is configured in MnS producer or CEF.

5.2.1.2 Applicable triggers in Network Slice Management charging

A set of trigger conditions are defined for the CEF or Service Producer (CTF) to invoke a Charging Data Request [Event] towards the CHF.

Table 5.2.1.2.1 summarizes the set of default trigger conditions and their category which shall be supported by the Service Producer (CTF).

Table 5.2.1.2.1: Default Trigger conditions in CEF or Service Producer (CTF)

Trigger Conditions	Trigger level	Default category	CHF allowed to change category	CHF allowed to enable and disable	Message when "immediate reporting" category
NSI Allocated	-	Immediate	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Charging Data Request [Event]
NSI Modified	-	Immediate	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Charging Data Request [Event]
NSI Terminated	-	Immediate	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Charging Data Request [Event]

The CDR generation mechanism processed by the CHF upon receiving Charging Data Request [Event] issued by the CEF or Service Producer (CTF) for these chargeable events, is specified in clause 5.2.3.

5.2.2 Message flows

5.2.2.1 General

The management services for network slice provisioning, specified in TS 28.531 [252], enables its consumer to request allocating, deallocating or modifying an NSI. There following operations are defined to enable this: createMOI, deleteMOI, getMOIAttributes, modifyMOIAttributes, allocateNsi and deallocateNsi. Use of any of these operations, with the exception of getMOIAttributes, can be subscribed to for charging purposes.

The CEF shall use this subscription possibility to get notifications based on the operations used and filtered for network slice.

The flows in the present document specify the interaction between an MnS producer with a CTF and the CHF for Network Slice Management charging functionality, in some scenarios, based on TS 28.531 [252] clause 7 procedures and flows.

The table 5.2.2.1.1 describes the mapping between the messages used in the flows, and the Operations specified in TS 28.531 [252].

Table 5.2.2.1.1: Messages mapping to Operations

Message	Operations
NSI Creation Request/Response	createMOI allocateNsi
NSI Modification Request/Response	modifyMOIAttributes
NSI Termination Request/Response	deleteMOI deallocateNsi
Notification (NSI created)/Notification Ack	notifyMOICreation
Notification (NSI modified)/Notification Ack	notifyMOIAttributeValueChanges
Notification (NSI terminated)/Notification Ack	notifyMOIDeletion

5.2.2.2 NSI Creation - PEC

The scenario where a NSI Creation request is invoked towards a Service Producer is described for the two architecture options in PEC mode.

Figure 5.2.2.2.1 describes the message flows with CTF internal to Service Producer.

Figure 5.2.2.2.1: NSI Creation - Internal CTF - PEC

1. The Service Producer (CTF) receives an NSI Creation Request from an MnS consumer.

2. The Service Producer (CTF) performs NSI Creation process by creating a new NSI or using an existing NSI.

3. The Service Producer (CTF) sends the NSI Creation Response with appropriate result.

3ch-a. The Service Producer (CTF) sends Charging Data Request [Event] to CHF associated to the NSI Creation transaction.

3ch-b. The CHF creates a CDR for this NSI Creation transaction.

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Event] to the Service Producer (CTF).

Figure 5.2.2.2.2 describes the message flows with CEF.
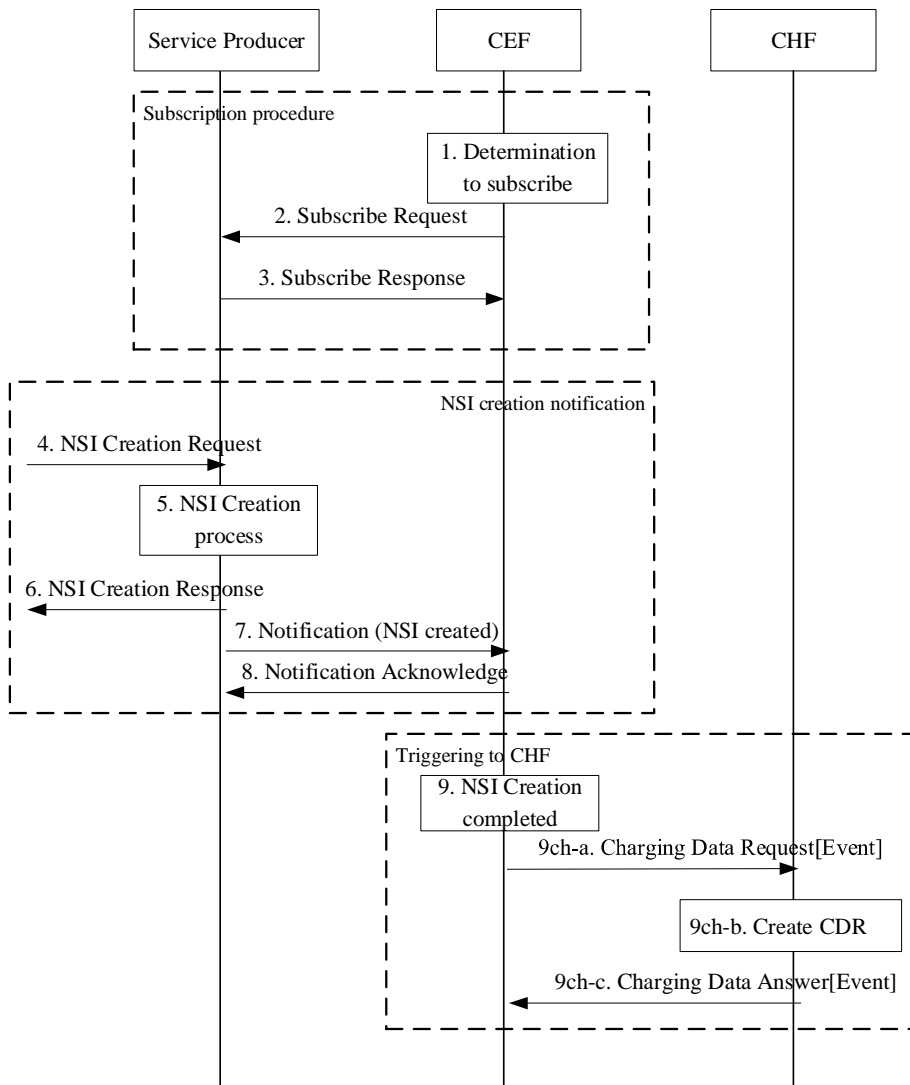
Figure 5.2.2.2.2: NSI creation - CEF - PEC

1. Determination by CEF to subscribe to any new NSI creation using MnS provisioning.

2. Subscribe Request: the CEF subscribes to new NSI creation using MnS provisioning.

3. Subscribe Response: the Service Producer sends successful subscription response.

4. The Service Producer receives an NSI Creation Request from an MnS consumer.

5. The Service Producer performs NSI Creation process by creating a new NSI or using an existing NSI.

6. The Service Producer sends the NSI Creation Response with appropriate result.

7. Notification: the Service Producer notifies the CEF that a new NSI has been created using MnS provisioning.

8. Notification Acknowledge sent by the CEF.

Steps 4 to 8 can be repeated.

9. NSI Creation completed

9ch-a. The CEF sends Charging Data Request [Event] to CHF associated to the NSI Creation transaction.

9ch-b. The CHF creates a CDR for this NSI Creation transaction.

9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response to the CEF.

Steps 9 to 9ch-c can be repeated.

5.2.2.3 NSI Modification - PEC

The scenario where a NSI Modification request is invoked towards a Service Producer (CTF) is described for the two architecture options in PEC mode.

Figure 5.2.2.3.1 describes the message flows with CTF internal to Service Producer.

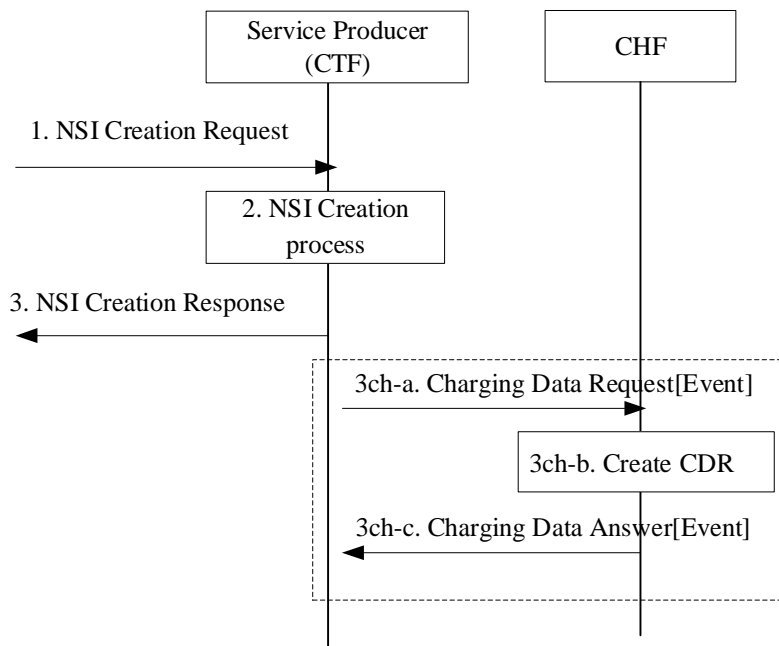**Figure 5.2.2.3.1: NSI Modification - internal CTF - PEC**

1. The Service Producer (CTF) receives an NSI Modification Request from an MnS consumer.

2. The Service Producer (CTF) performs NSI Modification process.

3. The Service Producer (CTF) sends the NSI Modification Response with appropriate result.

3ch-a. The Service Producer (CTF) sends Charging Data Request [Event] to CHF associated to the NSI Modification transaction.

3ch-b. The CHF creates a CDR for this NSI Modification transaction.

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Event] to the Service Producer (CTF).

Figure 5.2.2.3.2 describes the message flows with CEF.

Figure 5.2.2.3.2: NSI Modification - CEF - PEC

1. Determination by CEF to subscribe to NSI modification.

2. Subscribe Request: the CEF subscribes to NSI modification using MnS provisioning.

3. Subscribe Response: the Service Producer sends successful response.

4. The Service Producer receives an NSI Modification Request from an MnS consumer for this particular NSI.

5. The Service Producer performs NSI Modification process.

6. The Service Producer sends the NSI Modification Response with appropriate result.

7. Notification: the Service Producer notifies the CEF by using MnS provisioning, that the particular NSI has been modified.

8. Notification Acknowledge sent by the CEF.

Steps 4 to 8 can be repeated.

9. NSI Modification completed

9ch-a. The CEF sends Charging Data Request [Event] to CHF associated to the NSI Modification transaction.

9ch-b. The CHF creates a CDR for this NSI Modification transaction.

9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Event] to the CEF.

Steps 9 to 9ch-c can be repeated.

5.2.2.4 NSI Termination - PEC

The scenario where a NSI Termination request is invoked towards a Service Producer (CTF) is described for the two architecture options in PEC mode.
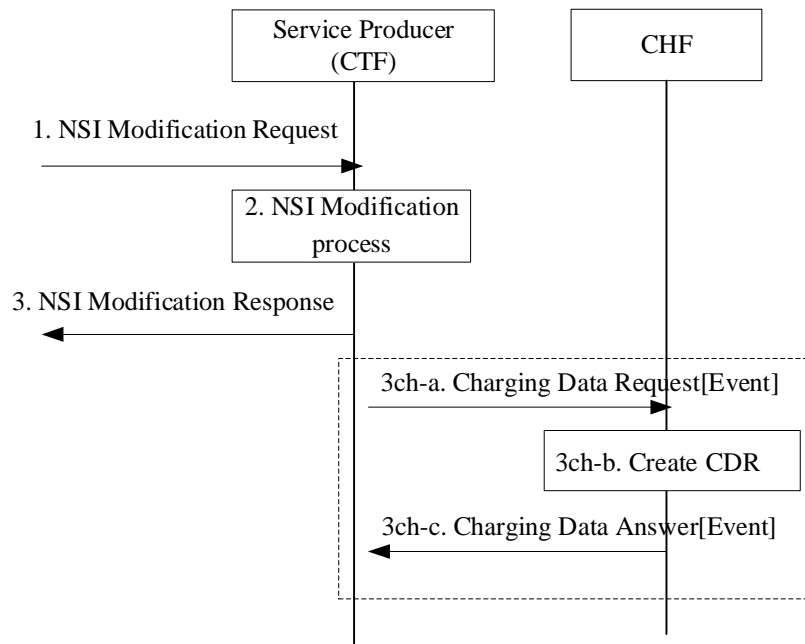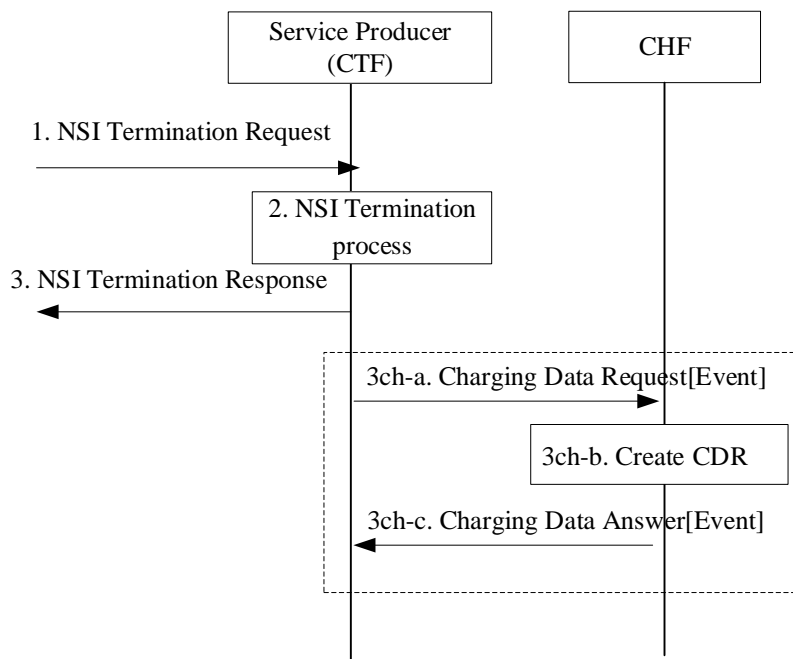

Figure 5.2.2.4.1: NSI Termination - internal CTF - PEC

1. The Service Producer (CTF) receives an NSI Termination Request from an MnS consumer.

2. The Service Producer (CTF) performs the NSI Termination process.

3. The Service Producer (CTF) sends the NSI Termination Response.

3ch-a. The Service Producer (CTF) sends Charging Data Request [Event] to CHF associated to the NSI Termination transaction.

3ch-b. The CHF creates a CDR for this NSI Termination transaction.

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Event] to the Service Producer (CTF).

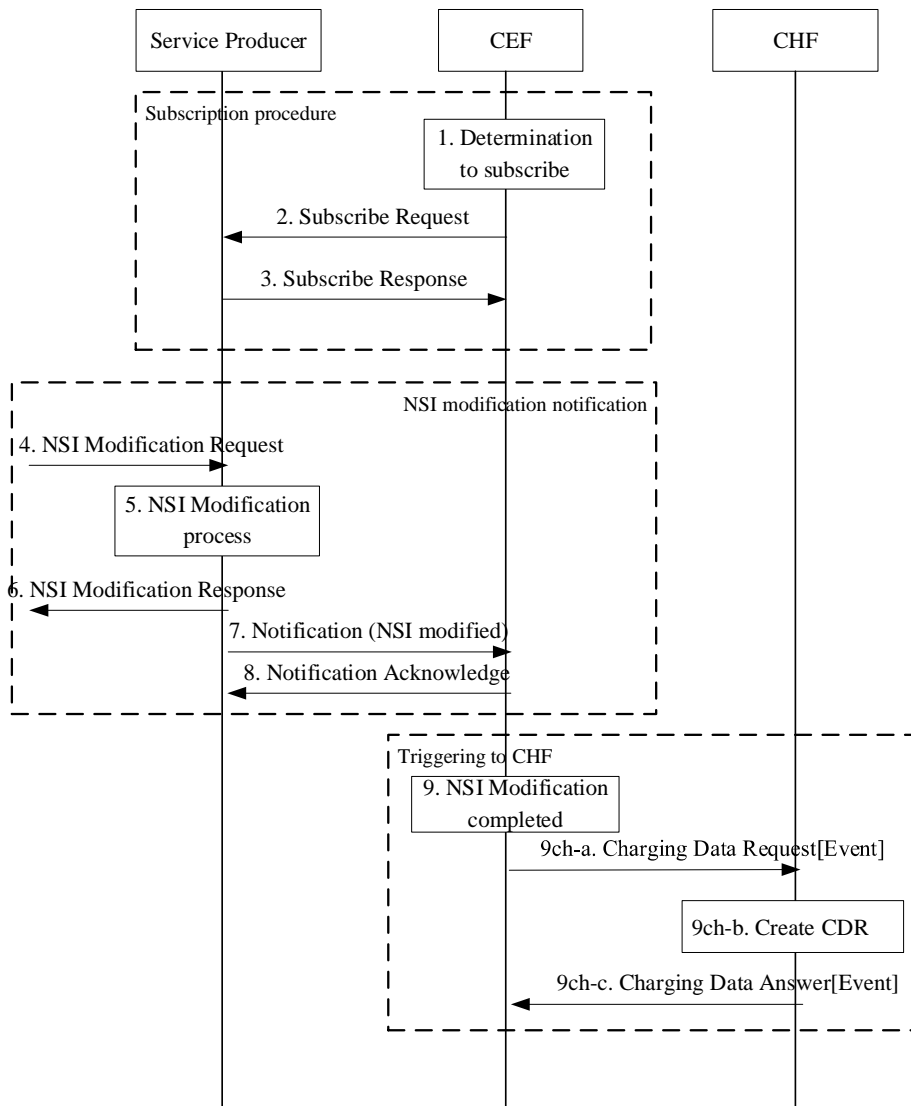Figure 5.2.2.4.2 describes the message flows with CEF.
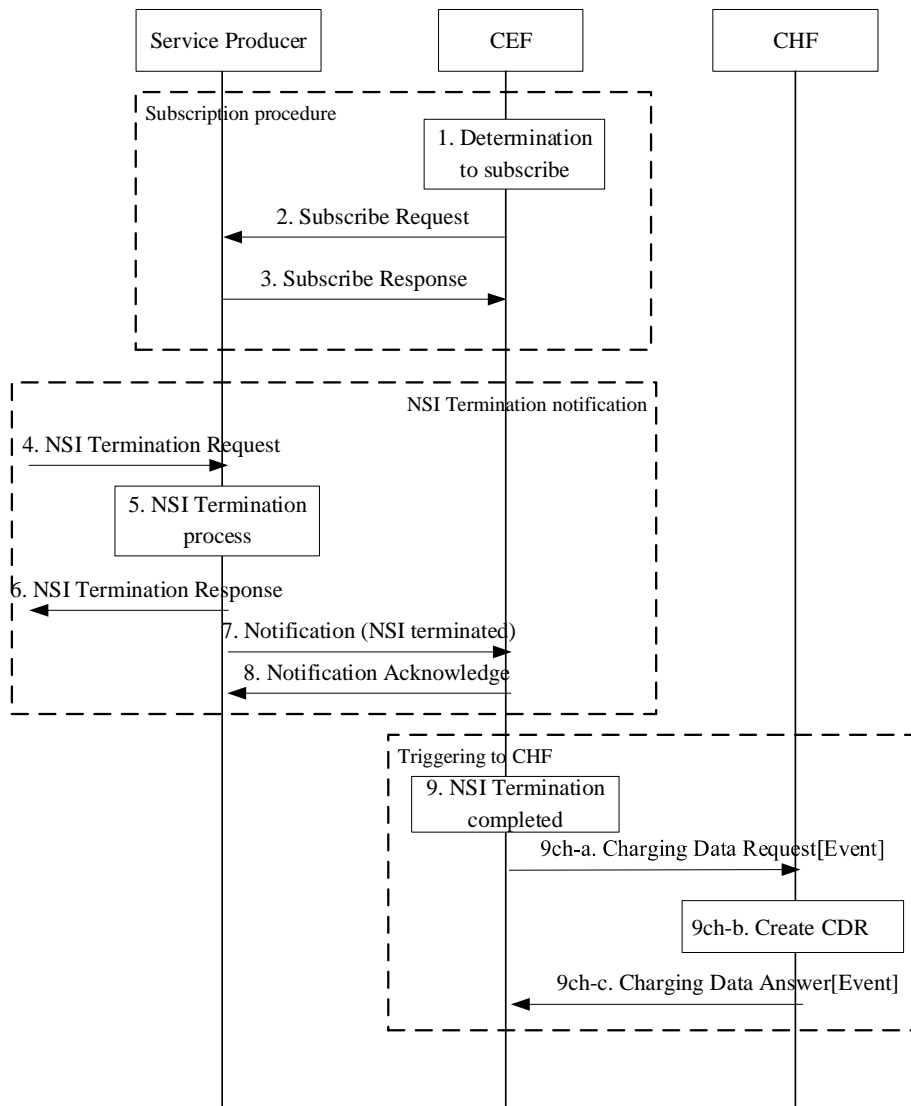
Figure 5.2.2.4.2: NSI Termination - CEF - PEC

1. Determination by CEF to subscribe to NSI termination.

2. Subscribe Request: the CEF subscribes to NSI Termination using MnS provisioning.

3. Subscribe Response: the Service Producer sends successful response.

4. The Service Producer receives an NSI Termination Request from an MnS consumer for this particular NSI.

5. The Service Producer performs NSI Termination process.

6. The Service Producer sends the NSI Termination Response with appropriate result.

7. Notification: the Service Producer notifies the CEF by using MnS provisioning, that the particular NSI has been terminated.

8. Notification Acknowledge sent by the CEF.

Steps 4 to 8 can be repeated.

9. NSI Termination completed

9ch-a. The CEF sends Charging Data Request [Event] to CHF associated to the NSI Termination transaction.

9ch-b. The CHF creates a CDR for this NSI Termination transaction.

9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Event] to the CEF.

Steps 9 to 9ch-c can be repeated.

5.2.3 CDR generation

5.2.3.1 Introduction

The CHF CDRs for Network slice management charging are generated by the CHF to collect charging information that they subsequently transfer to the Charging Gateway Function (CGF).

The following clauses describe in detail the conditions for generating the CHF CDR, which shall be supported by the CHF.

5.2.3.2 Triggers for CHF CDR

5.2.3.2.1 General

A Network slice management charging CHF CDR is used to capture charging information related to Network slice management chargeable events.

5.2.3.2.2 Triggers for CHF CDR generation

A Network slice management charging CHF CDR is generated by the CHF for each received Charging Data Request [Event].

5.2.4 Ga record transfer flows

Details of the Ga protocol application are specified in TS 32.295 [55].

5.2.5 Bns CDR file transfer

Details of the Bns protocol application are specified in TS 32.297 [56].

6 Definition of charging information

6.1 Data description for network slice management charging

6.1.1 Message contents

6.1.1.1 General

The Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response are specified in subclause 5.1.2.2.1 of TS 32.290 [50].

Table 6.1.1.1.1 describes the use of these messages for network slice management charging.

Table 6.1.1.1.1: Network slice management charging messages reference table

Message	Source	Destination
Charging Data Request	MnS producer/ CEF	CHF
Charging Data Response	CHF	MnS producer/ CEF

The following clauses describe the different fields used in the Charging Data messages and the category in the tables is used according to the charging data configuration defined in clause 5.4 of TS 32.240 [1].

6.1.1.2 Charging Data Request message

Table 6.1.1.2.1 illustrates the basic structure of a Charging Data Request message from the CEF or MnS producer as used for Network slice management charging.

Table 6.1.1.2.1: Charging Data Request message contents

Information Element	Category for converged charging	Description
Session Identifier	O$_C$	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Subscriber Identifier	-	This field is not applicable.
Tenant Identifier	O$_M$	This fields holds the identifier of the tenant the network slice instance is created for.
MnS Consumer Identifier	O$_M$	This fields holds the identifier of the MnS Consumer of Provisioning MnS.
NF Consumer Identification	M	Described in TS 32.290 [57] and holds the identifier of the CEF or MnS producer.
Invocation Timestamp	M	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Invocation Sequence Number	M	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
One-time Event	O$_C$	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
One-time Event Type	O$_C$	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Notify URI	-	This field is not applicable.
Service Specification Information	O$_C$	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Triggers	-	This field is not applicable.
Multiple Unit Usage	-	This field is not applicable.
NSM Charging information	O$_M$	This field holds NSM specific information described in clause 6.2.1.2

6.1.1.3 Charging data response message

Table 6.1.1.3.1 illustrates the basic structure of a Charging Data Response message from the CHF to the MnS producer or CEF as used for Network slice management charging.

Table 6.1.1.3.1: Charging Data Response message contents

Information Element	Category for converged charging	Description
Session Identifier	O$_C$	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Invocation Timestamp	M	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Invocation Result	O$_C$	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Invocation Sequence Number	M	Described in TS 32.290 [57]
Session Failover	-	This field is not applicable.
Triggers	-	This field is not applicable.
Multiple Unit Information	-	This field is not applicable.

6.1.2 Ga message contents

See clause 5.2.4.

6.1.3 CDR description on the B$_{ns}$ interface

6.1.3.1 General

This clause describes the CDR content and format generated for Network Slice Management charging.

The following tables provide a brief description of each CDR parameter. The category in the tables is used according to the charging data configuration defined in clause 5.4 of TS 32.240 [1]. Full definitions of the CDR parameters, sorted by the name in alphabetical order, are provided in TS 32.298 [57].

6.1.3.2 Network Slice Management charging CHF CDR data

If enabled, CHF CDRs for Network Slice Management charging shall be produced for each Network Slice Management operations.

The fields of Network Slice Management charging CHF CDR are specified in table 6.1.3.2.1.

Table 6.1.3.2.1: Network Slice Management charging CHF record data

Field	Category	Description
Record Type	M	CHF record.
Recording Network Function ID	O_M	This field holds the name of the recording entity, i.e. the CHF id.
Subscriber Identifier	-	This field is not applicable.
Tenant Identifier	O_M	This field holds the identifier of the tenant the network slice instance is created for.
MnS Consumer Identifier	O_M	This fields holds the identifier of the MnS Consumer of Provisioning MnS.
NF Consumer Information	M	This field holds the information of the entity that used the charging service (i.e. Service Producer (CTF), CEF).
NF Functionality	M	This field contains the function of the entity: Service Producer (CTF) or CEF
NF Name	O_C	This field holds the name of the entity.
NF Address	O_C	This field holds the IP Address of the entity
NF PLMN ID	Oc	This field holds the PLMN identifier (MCC MNC) of the entity.
Record Opening Time	M	Described in TS 32.298 [57]
Duration	M	Described in TS 32.298 [57]
Record Sequence Number	C	Described in TS 32.298 [57]
Cause for Record Closing	M	Described in TS 32.298 [57]
Diagnostics	O_M	Described in TS 32.298 [57]
Local Record Sequence Number	O_M	Described in TS 32.298 [57]
Record Extensions	O_C	Described in TS 32.298 [57]
NSM Charging information	O_M	This field holds the Network Slice Management Charging information defined in clause 6.2.1.2.

6.2 Network Slice management charging specific parameters

6.2.1 Definition of Network Slice management charging information

6.2.1.1 General

The Charging Information parameter used for Network Slice management charging is provided in the following clauses.

6.2.1.2 Definition of Network Slice Management charging information

Specific charging information used for Network Slice Management charging is provided within the NSM Charging Information.

The detailed structure of the NSM Charging Information can be found in table 6.2.1.2.1.

Table 6.2.1.2.1: Structure of NSM Charging Information

Information Element	Category	Description
Management operation	M	This field holds the management operation associated to with the provisioning.
Identifier of NetworkSlice Instance	O_M	This field holds the identifier of the Network Slice Instance as defined in TS 28.530 [251] .
List of Service profile charging information	O_M	This field holds the list of service profile charging information supported by the Network Slice instance and is defined in clause 6.2.1.3.
Management operation status	O_C	This field holds the status of the management operation (Succeeded or Failed), as defined in TS 28.532 [253] clause 11.1.1.1.3.
Operational state	O_C	This field indicates the operational state of the network slice instance (enabled or disabled), as defined in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4.1.
Administrative state	O_C	This indicates the administrative state of the network slice instance (locked, unlocked or shuttingdown), as defined in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4.1.

6.2.1.3 Definition of Service profile charging information

The service profile is defined in TS 28.541 [254], clause 6.3.3. Service profile specific charging information used for Network Slice Management charging is provided within the Service profile charging information.

The detailed structure of the Service profile charging information can be found in table 6.2.1.3.1.

Table 6.2.1.3.1: Structure of Service profile Charging Information

Information Element	Category	Description
Service Profile Id	O_M	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 serviceProfileId attribute
S-NSSAIs List	O_M	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 sNSSAIList attribute
SST	O_M	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 sST attribute
Latency	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 latency attribute
Availability	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 availability attribute
Resource Sharing Level	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 serviceProfile.resourceSharingLevel attribute
Jitter	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 jitter attribute
Reliability	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 d reliability attribute
Maximum Number of UEs	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 maxNumberofUEs attribute
Coverage Area	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 coverageArea attribute
UE Mobility Level	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 uEMobilityLevel attribute
Delay Tolerance	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 delayTolerance attribute
DL Throughput Per Slice	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 dLThptPerSlice attribute
DL Throughput Per UE	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 dLThptPerUE attribute
UL Throughput Per Slice	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 uLThptPerSlic attribute
UL Throughput Per UE	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 uLThptPerUE attribute
Max Number of PDU sessions	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 maxNumberofConns.nOofConn attribute
KPIs Monitoring list	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 kPIMonitoring attribute
Supported Access Technology	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 SupportedAccessTech.accTechList attribute
V2X Communication Mode	O_C	Described in TS 28.541 [254] clause 6.4 V2XCommMode.v2XMode attribute
Additional service profile charging information	O_C	This fields holds additional attributes of the service profile.

6.2.2 Formal Network Slice management charging parameter description

6.2.2.1 Network Slice management charging CHF CDR parameters

The detailed definitions, abstract syntax and encoding of Network Slice management charging CHF CDRs parameters are specified in TS 32.298 [57].

6.2.2.2 Network Slice management charging resources attributes

The detailed definitions of resources attributes used for Network Slice management charging are specified in TS 32.291 [51].

Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	**Meeting**	**TDoc**	**CR**	**Rev**	**Cat**	**Subject/Comment**	**New version**
2020-09	SA#89e					Upgrade to change control version, including EditHelp review	16.0.0
2020-12	SA#90e	SP-201044	0001	1	F	Correction of Abbreviation NSM	16.1.0
2020-12	SA#90e	SP-201044	0002	1	F	Correction of the Category of Subscriber Identifier	16.1.0
2022-03	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-17 version (MCC)	**17.0.0**
2023-09	SA#101	SP-230944	0003		F	Correction on references	17.1.0
2023-09	SA#101	SP-230944	0004	1	F	Correction on triggers for CEF based architecture	17.1.0
2024-04	-	-	-	-	-	Update to Rel-18 version (MCC)	**18.0.0**

History

Document history		
V18.0.0	May 2024	Publication