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Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Interworking between the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem and Circuit Switched (CS) networks (3GPP TS 29.163 version 11.10.0 Release 11)



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# Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the principles of interworking between the 3GPP IM CN subsystem and BICC/ISUP based legacy CS networks, in order to support IM basic voice, data and multimedia calls.

The present document addresses the areas of control and user plane interworking between the IM CN subsystem and CS networks through the network functions, which include the MGCF and IM-MGW. For the specification of control plane interworking, areas such as the interworking between SIP and BICC or ISUP are detailed in terms of the processes and protocol mappings required for the support of both IM originated and terminated voice and multimedia calls.

Other areas addressed encompass the transport protocol and signalling issues for negotiation and mapping of bearer capabilities and QoS information.

The present document specifies the interworking between 3GPP profile of SIP (as detailed according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]) and BICC or ISUP, as specified in ITU-T Recommendations Q.1902.1 to Q.1902.6 [30] and ITU-T Q761 to Q764 [4] respectively.

The present document also specifies the interworking between circuit switched multimedia telephony service, as described in 3GPP TS 26.110 [78] 3GPP TS 26.111 [79], and ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81] and packet switched multimedia services, as described in 3GPP TS 26.235 [80] and 3GPP TS 26.236 [32], in particular and the interworking between the 3GPP profile of SIP and the inband control protocols for multimedia communication as specified in ITU-T Recommendations H.245 [82] and H.324 Annex K [81].

The present document addresses two interworking scenarios with respect to the properties of the CS network:

- The CS network does not use any 3GPP specific additions.
- The CS network uses 3GPP specific additions.

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] ITU-T Recommendation G.711 (11/88): "Pulse Code Modulation (PCM) of voice frequencies".
- [2] ITU-T Recommendation H.248.1 (05/02): "Gateway control protocol: Version 2".
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- [5] Void.
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- [10] 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network Architecture".
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- [14] 3GPP TS 29.205: "Application of Q.1900 series to Bearer Independent CS Network architecture; Stage 3".
- [15] 3GPP TS 29.332: "Media Gateway Control Function (MGCF) IM-Media Gateway (IM-MGW) interface, Stage 3".
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- [36] IETF RFC 3264: "An Offer/Answer Model with the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".
- [37] IETF RFC 3312: "Integration of Resource Management and Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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- [39] IETF RFC 2460: "Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification".

- [40] IETF RFC 3323: "A Privacy Mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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- [47] 3GPP TS 23.221: "Architectural requirements".
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- [49] ITU-T Recommendation Q.1912.5 (03/04): "Interworking between Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Bearer Independent Call Control Protocol or ISDN User Part".
- [50] 3GPP TS 26.102: "Adaptive Multi-Rate (AMR) speech codec; Interface to Iu and Uu".
- [51] IETF RFC 3550: "RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications".
- [52] IETF RFC 3551: "RTP Profile for Audio and Video Conferences with Minimal Control".
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- [54] IETF RFC 3262: "Reliability of provisional responses".
- [55] IETF RFC 3311: "SIP UPDATE method".
- [56] IETF RFC 4566: "SDP: Session Description Protocol".
- [57] 3GPP TS 26.103: "Speech Codec List for GSM and UMTS".
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- [60] 3GPP TS 24.604: "Communication Diversion (CDIV) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
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- [62] 3GPP TS 24.606: "Message Waiting Indication (MWI) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".
- [63] 3GPP TS 24.607: "Originating Identification Presentation (OIP) and Originating Identification Restriction (OIR) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Protocol specification".

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| [81] | ITU-T Recommendation H.324 (04/09): "Terminal for low bitrate multimedia communication".  |
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Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

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- [100] IETF RFC 4575: "A Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Event Package for Conference State".
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- [104] 3GPP TS 26.114: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Multimedia Telephony; Media handling and interaction".
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- [124] IETF RFC 4103: "RTP Payload for Text Conversation".
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- [136] 3GPP TS 22.153: "Multimedia Priority Service".
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- [138] IETF RFC 3265: "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)-Specific Event Notification".

# 3 Definitions and abbreviations

# 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [6], ITU-T Recommendation E.164 [48] and the following apply:

**Carrier textphone mode:** a mode for text communication, where continuous signals (i.e. a carrier tone) are present on the connection irrespective of whether text is being exchanged or not.

**Carrierless textphone mode:** a mode for text communication, where signals are only present on the connection when text is being exchanged. E.g.: Baudot

SS7 signalling function: function in the CS network, which has the capabilities to transport the SS7 MTP-User parts ISUP and  $BICC+STC_{mtp}$ 

SIP signalling function: function in the IM CN subsystem, which has the capabilities to transport SIP

**Incoming or Outgoing**: used in the present document to indicate the direction of a call (not signalling information) with respect to a reference point.

**Incoming MGCF (I-MGCF)**: entity that terminates incoming SIP calls from the IMS side and originates outgoing calls towards the CS side using the BICC or ISUP protocols.

**Outgoing Interworking Unit (O-MGCF)**: entity that terminates incoming BICC or ISUP calls from the CS side and originates outgoing calls towards the IMS using SIP.

**Root Termination**: refers to Media Gateway as an entity in itself, rather than a Termination within it. A special TerminationID, "Root" is reserved for this purpose. See ITU-T Recommendation H.248.1. [2]

**Signalling Transport Converter (STC)**: function that converts the services provided by a particular Signalling Transport to the services required by the Generic Signalling Transport Service.

STCmtp: Signalling Transport Converter on MTP. See ITU-T Recommendation Q.2150.1 [29].

BICC+STCmtp: this terminology means that BICC signaling always need to be used on top of STCmtp sublayer.

# 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations as defined in 3GPP TR 21.905 [6] and the following apply:

| Three Party                                |
|--|
| ATM Adaptation Layer type 1                |
| Anonymous Call Rejection                   |
| ANswer Message                             |
| Application Transport Message              |
| Address Presentation Restriction Indicator |
| Access Transport Parameter                 |
| Bearer Capability                          |
| Backward Call Indicators                   |
| Breakout Gateway Control Function          |
| Bearer Independent Call Control            |
| Customized Alerting Tones                  |
| Communication Barring                      |
| Call Completion on No Reply                |
| Call Completion Service Set-up             |
| Call Deflection Alerting                   |
| Call Deflection Immediate                  |
| Communication Diversion                    |
| Called Party Number                        |
| Call Forwarding Busy                       |
|  |

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| CENID          |  |
|----------------|--|
| CFNR           | Call Forwarding No Reply   |
| CGB            | Circuit Group Blocking   |
| CgPN           | Calling Party Number   |
| CIC            | Carrier Identification Code  |
| CMR            | Codec Mode Request   |
| CON            | Connect  |
| CONF           | Conference   |
| COT            | Continuity   |
| CPC            | Calling Party's Category   |
| CPG            | Call ProGress message  |
| CSI            | Carrier Selection Information  |
| DSCP           | DiffServ Code Point  |
| ECN            | Explicit Congestion Notification   |
| ECN-CE         | ECN Congestion Experienced   |
| FAC            | Facility   |
| FQC            | Frame Quality Classification   |
| GN             | Generic Number   |
| GRS            | Group Reset  |
| GVNS           | Global Virtual Network Service   |
| H/W            | Hardware   |
| IDR            | Identification Request   |
| IEPS           |  |
| ILFS<br>I-MGCF | International Emergency Preference Scheme  |
|                | Incoming MGCF  |
| IM-MGW         | IP Multimedia Media Gateway Function   |
| INF            | Information  |
| INR            | Information Request  |
| IRS            | Identification Response  |
| ITCC           | International Telecommunication Charge Card                                      |
| ITU-T          | International Telecommunication Union – Telecommunication Standardization Sector |
| MCID           | Malicious Communication Identification   |
| M3UA           | MTP-L3 User Adaptation layer   |
| MLPP           | Multi-Level Precedence and Pre-emption   |
| MONA           | Media Orientation Negotiation Acceleration                                       |
| MPC            | Media Preconfigured Channel  |
| MPS            | Multimedia Priority Service  |
| MRFP           | Media Resource Function Processor  |
| MSN            | Multiple Subscriber Number   |
| MSU            | Message Signalling Unit  |
| MWI            | Message Waiting Indication   |
| NOA            | Nature Of Address  |
| NPDI           | Number Portability Database Dip Indicator  |
| OIP            | Originating Identification Presentation  |
| OIR            | Originating Identification Restriction   |
| OLI            | Originating Line Information   |
| O-MGCF         | Outgoing MGCF  |
| PI             | Progress Indicator   |
| PIDF           | Presence Information Data Format   |
| REV            | Reverse Charging   |
| RLC            | Release Complete   |
| RSC            | Reset Circuit  |
| RTCP           | RTP Control Protocol   |
| SAM            | Subsequent Address Message   |
| SCTP           | Stream Control Transmission Protocol   |
| SGW            | Signalling Gateway   |
| SPC            | Signalling Preconfigured Channel   |
| ST             | Sending Terminated   |
| TCAP           | Transaction Capabilities Application Part  |
| TDM            |  |
| TIP            | Time Division Multiplex  |
|                | Terminating Identification Presentation  |
| TIR<br>TMP     | Terminating Identification Restriction   |
| TMR            | Transmission Medium Requirement<br>Transmission Medium Used                      |
| TMU            |  |

| TNL    | Transport Network Layer                                   |
|--------|---|
| TNS    | Transit Network Selection                                 |
| TP     | Terminal Portability                                      |
| UA     | User Agent  |
| UAC    | User Agent Client   |
| UDI    | Unrestricted Digital Information                          |
| UDI-TA | Unrestricted Digital Information with Tones/Announcemnets |
| URI    | Uniform Resource Identifier                               |
| USI    | User Service Information                                  |
| UUS    | User-to-User Signalling                                   |
| XML    | eXtensible Markup Language                                |
|        |   |

# 4 General

# 4.1 General interworking overview

The IM CN subsystem shall interwork with BICC and ISUP based legacy CS networks, e.g. PSTN, ISDN, CS PLMNs, in order to provide the ability to support basic voice calls (see 3GPP TS 22.228 [11]), between a UE located in the IM CN subsystem and user equipment located in a CS network.

For the ability to support the delivery of basic voice calls between the IM CN subsystem and CS networks, basic protocol interworking between SIP (as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]) and BICC or ISUP (as specified in ITU-T Recommendations Q.1902.1-6 [30] and ITU-T Recommendations Q761 to Q764 [4] respectively) has to occur at a control plane level, in order that call setup, call maintenance and call release procedures can be supported. The MGCF shall provide this protocol mapping functionality within the IM CN subsystem.

User plane interworking between the IM CN subsystem and CS network bearers (e.g. 64k TDM, ATM/AAL2 circuit or IP bearer) are supported by the functions within the IM-MGW. The IM-MGW resides in the IM CN subsystem and shall provide the bearer channel interconnection. The MGCF shall provide the call control to bearer setup association.

The IM CN subsystem shall interwork, at the control and user plane, with BICC and ISUP based legacy CS networks. The support of supplementary services shall be as defined in 3GPP TS 22.228 [11]. The MGCF and IM-MGW shall support the interworking of the IM CN subsystem to an external ISUP based CS network. They may also support interworking to a BICC based CS network where no 3GPP specific extension is applied. The MGCF and the IM-MGW may also support interworking to a BICC based CS network where 3GPP specific extensions in accordance with 3GPP TS 29.205 [14] are applied.

# 5 Network characteristics

# 5.1 Key characteristics of ISUP/BICC based CS networks

This signalling interface to a PSTN is either based on BICC Capability Set 2 as specified in ITU-T Recommendations Q.1902.1 to Q.1902.6 [30], or on ISUP (see ITU-T Recommendations Q.761 to Q.764 [4]).

The interface towards a CS-PLMN may either be one of the interfaces mentioned in the paragraph above or a signalling interface based on BICC with 3GPP specific extensions, as specified for the 3GPP Nc interface in 3GPP TS 29.205 [14], and the IM-MGW may support the 3GPP Nb interface, as specified in 3GPP TS 29.414 [25] and 3GPP TS 29.415 [26]. If the 3GPP Nc interface is applied as signalling interface, the 3GPP Nb interface is used as user plane interface and the Nb UP Framing protocol is applied.

# 5.2 Key characteristics of IM CN subsystem

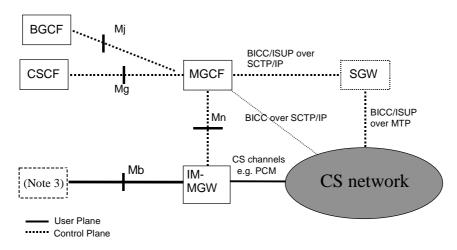
The IM CN subsystem uses SIP to manage IP multimedia sessions in a 3GPP environment, it also uses IPv6, as defined in RFC 2460 [39], as the transport mechanism for both SIP session signalling and media transport. The 3GPP profile of

SIP defining the usage of SIP within the IM CN subsystem is specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]. Example callflows are provided in 3GPP TS 24.228 [8].

# 6 Interworking with CS networks

# 6.1 Interworking reference model

Figure 1 details the reference model required to support interworking between the 3GPP IM CN subsystem and CS networks for IM basic voice calls.



- NOTE 1: The logical split of the signalling and bearer path between the CS network and the IM CN subsystem is as shown, however the signalling and bearer may be logically directly connected to the IM-MGW.
- NOTE 2: The SGW may be implemented as a stand-alone entity or it may be located in another entity either in the CS network or the IM-MGW. The implementation options are not discussed in the present document.
- NOTE 3: The IM-MGW may be connected via the Mb to various network entities, such as a UE (via a GTP Tunnel to a GGSN), an MRFP, or an application server.
- NOTE 4: A SGW function is not required for certain signalling transports, where M3UA+SCTP+IP is used in CS network and IM-MGCF.

## Figure 1: IM CN subsystem to CS network logical interworking reference model

# 6.1.1 Interworking reference points and interfaces

The reference points and network interfaces shown in figure 1 are as described:

Protocol for Mg reference point: The single call control protocol applied across the Mg reference point (i.e. between CSCF and MGCF) will be based on the 3GPP profile of SIP as defined in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [9].

Protocol for Mn reference point: The Mn reference point describes the interfaces between the MGCF and IM-MGW, and has the properties as detailed in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15].

Protocol for Mj reference point: The single call control protocol applied across the Mj reference point (i.e. between BGCF and MGCF) will be based on the 3GPP profile of SIP as defined in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [9].

Protocol for Mb reference point: The Mb reference point is defined in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.002 [10] and is IPv6 based.

# 6.1.2 Interworking functional entities

# 6.1.2.1 Signalling Gateway Function (SGW)

This component performs the call related signalling conversion to or from BICC/ISUP based MTP transport networks to BICC/ISUP based SCTP/IP transport networks, and forwards the converted signalling to or from the MGCF. The functionality within SGW shall be in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.002 [10].

# 6.1.2.2 Media Gateway Control Function (MGCF)

This is the component within the IM CN subsystem, which controls the IM-MGW, and also performs SIP to BICC or SIP to ISUP call related signalling interworking.

The functionality defined within MGCF shall be defined in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.002 [10].

# 6.1.2.3 IP Multimedia - Media Gateway Function (IM-MGW)

This is the component within the IM CN subsystem, which provides the interface between the PS domain and the CS domain, and it shall support the functions as defined in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.002 [10].

# 6.2 Control plane interworking model

Within the IM CN subsystem, the 3GPP profile of SIP is used to originate and terminate IM sessions to and from the UE.

External CS networks use BICC or ISUP to originate and terminate voice calls to and from the IM CN subsystem.

Therefore, in order to provide the required interworking to enable inter network session control, the control plane protocols shall be interworked within the IM CN subsystem. This function is performed within the MGCF (see subclause 6.1.2).

# 6.3 User plane interworking model

Within the IM CN subsystem, IPv6, and framing protocols such as RTP, are used to transport media packets to and from the IM CN subsystem entity like UE or MRFP.

External legacy CS networks use circuit switched bearer channels like TDM circuits (e.g. 64 kbits PCM), ATM/AAL2 circuit or IP bearers to carry encoded voice frames, to and from the IM CN subsystem.

Other CN networks use ATM/AAL 1 or AAL 2 or IP as a backbone, with different framing protocols.

Therefore, in order to provide the required interworking to enable media data exchange, the user plane protocols shall be translated within the IM CN subsystem. This function is performed within the IM-MGW (see subclause 6.1.2).

# 7 Control plane interworking

Signalling from CS networks to or from IM CN subsystem, where the associated supported signalling protocols are SS7/M3UA+ SCTP+IP and M3UA+SCTP+IP respectively, requires a level of interworking between the nodes across the Control Plane, i.e. the SS7 signalling function, SGW (if applicable), MGCF and SIP signalling function. This interworking is required in order to provide a seamless support of a user part, i.e. SIP and BICC+STC<sub>mtp</sub> or SIP and ISUP.

The transport of SS7 signalling protocol messages of any protocol layer that is identified by MTP level 3, in SS7 terms, as a user part (MTP3-user) shall be accomplished in accordance with the protocol architecture defined in the following subclauses. For the present document these protocol layers include, but are not limited to, Bearer Independent Call Control (BICC)+STC<sub>mtp</sub> and ISDN User Part (ISUP).

# 7.1 General

The following subclauses define the signalling interworking between the Bearer Independent Call Control (BICC) or ISDN User Part (ISUP) protocols and Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) with its associated Session Description Protocol (SDP) at a MGCF. The MGCF shall act as a Type A exchange (ITU-T Recommendation Q.764 [4]) for the purposes of ISUP and BICC Compatibility procedures. The services that can be supported through the use of the signalling interworking are limited to the services that are supported by BICC or ISUP and SIP based network domains.

BICC is the call control protocol used between Nodes in a network that incorporates separate call and bearer control. The BICC/ISUP capabilities or signalling information defined for national use is outside the scope of the present document. It does not imply interworking for national-specific capabilities is not feasible.

The capabilities of SIP and SDP that are interworked with BICC or ISUP are defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [9].

Services that are common in SIP and BICC or ISUP network domains will seamlessly interwork by using the function of the MGCF. The MGCF will originate and/or terminate services or capabilities that do not interwork seamlessly across domains according to the relevant protocol recommendation or specification.

Table 1 lists the services seamlessly interworked and therefore within the scope of the present document.

## Table 1: Interworking Capabilities between BICC/ISUP and SIP profile for 3GPP

| Service  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Speech/3.1 kHz audio   |  |  |
| CS data Calls (optional)   |  |  |
| En bloc address signalling                                       |  |  |
| Overlap address signalling from the CS side towards the IMS      |  |  |
| Out of band transport of DTMF tones and information. (BICC only) |  |  |
| Inband transport of DTMF tones and information. (BICC and ISUP)  |  |  |
| Direct-Dialling-In (DDI)   |  |  |
| Multiple Subscriber Number (MSN)                                 |  |  |
| Calling Line Identification Presentation (CLIP)                  |  |  |
| Calling Line Identification Restriction (CLIR)                   |  |  |
| Connected line presentation (COLP)                               |  |  |
| Connected line restriction (COLR)                                |  |  |
| Carrier routeing   |  |  |

# 7.2 Interworking between CS networks supporting ISUP and the IM CN subsystem

The control plane between CS networks supporting ISUP and the IM CN subsystem supporting SIP, where the underlying network is SS7 and IP respectively is as shown in figure 2.

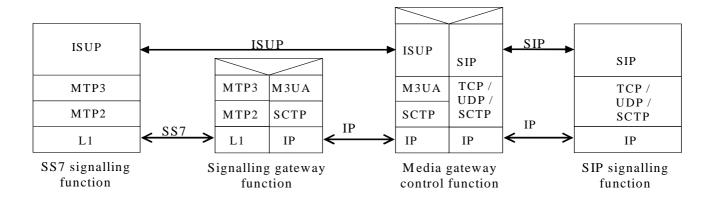


Figure 2: Control plane interworking between CS networks supporting ISUP and the IM CN subsystem

# 7.2.1 Services performed by network entities in the control plane

## 7.2.1.1 Services performed by the SS7 signalling function

The SS7 signalling function provides the capabilities to deliver or receive SS7 MTP3-User information (e.g. ISUP or BICC+STC<sub>mtp</sub>) across the SS7 signalling network. The functional interface of the MTP, the MTP User parts and the signalling network are as detailed in ITU-T Recommendations Q.701 to Q.709 [3].

## 7.2.1.2 Services of the SGW

The SGW shall perform the functions as described in 3GPP TS 23.002 [10].

In order to support the seamless operation of the MTP3-User part information between networks incorporating SS7 and IP (either IPv4, see RFC 791 [16], or IPv6, see RFC 2460 [39]), the SGW shall support the services of MTP as well as the services of the M3UA (see 3GPP TS 29.202 [20]) and SCTP (see RFC 2960 [18]).

# 7.2.1.3 Services of the MGCF

The session handling and session control of the MGCF shall be as detailed in 3GPP TS 24.229 [9].

The MGCF shall provide the interaction, through the use of its interworking function, between the SS7 MTP3-User part information, e.g. ISUP, and SIP. The MGCF interworking function shall also provide the translation between the SS7 MTP3-User part information and SIP, where the interworking of SIP to ISUP and BICC+STC<sub>mtp</sub> are detailed below.

# 7.2.1.4 Services of the SIP signalling function

The SIP signalling function is a logical entity that provides the capabilities to deliver or receive multimedia session information across the IM CN subsystem signalling system.

# 7.2.2 Signalling interactions between network entities in the control plane

# 7.2.2.1 Signalling between the SS7 signalling function and MGCF

The SGW shall enable the signalling interaction between the SS7 signalling function and the MGCF.

## 7.2.2.1.1 Signalling from MGCF to SS7 signalling function

For signalling from the MGCF to the SS7 signalling function, the SGW shall terminate the SCTP and M3UA protocol layers and deliver the MTP3-User protocol messages, e.g. ISUP messages, towards the SS7 signalling function. The

SGW transmits and receives SS7 Message Signalling Units (MSUs) to and from the SS7 signalling function over standard SS7 network interfaces, using MTP to provide reliable transport of the messages.

# 7.2.2.1.2 Signalling from SS7 signalling function to MGCF

For signalling from the SS7 signalling function to the MGCF, the SGW shall terminate SS7 MTP2 and MTP3 protocol layers and deliver MTP3-User part information messages, e.g. ISUP, towards the MGCF. In order to direct messages received from the SS7 MTP3 network to the appropriate IP destination, e.g. MGCF, the SGW shall perform a message distribution function using the information received from the MTP3-User message. Message distribution at the SGW shall be performed in accordance with 3GPP TS 29.202 [20].

## 7.2.2.1.3 Services offered by SCTP and M3UA

The SGW internal protocol mapping and transportation between BICC or ISUP messages and IP encapsulated BICC or ISUP messages respectively is supported by the services of the M3UA adaptation layer and the underlying SCTP layer. The SGW shall allow for the transfer of MTP3-User signalling messages, e.g. BICC or ISUP, to and from an MGCF, where the peer MTP3-User protocol exists.

## 7.2.2.1.3.1 Services offered by SCTP

SCTP offers the ability to reliably transfer the SCTP User applications, e.g. M3UA, between the SCTP User application peers. The initialization procedure used for an association between two SCTP end-to-end peers, and the initialization to the SCTP User applications shall be performed as detailed in RCF 2960 [18].

## 7.2.2.1.3.2 Services offered by M3UA

When an association between two SCTP peers has been established, the use of M3UA shall provide the transport service in accordance with MTP (see ITU-T Recommendations Q.701 to Q.709 [3]) to the MTP3-User, e.g. ISUP.

## 7.2.2.2 Signalling between the MGCF and SIP signalling function

Signalling between the SIP signalling function and the MGCF uses the services of IP (RFC 2460 [39]), and transport protocol such as TCP (RFC 793 [24]) or UDP (RFC 768 [17]) or SCTP (RFC 2960 [18]) (see 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]), and SIP.

The naming and addressing concepts between the MGCF and SIP signalling function shall be detailed in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.228 [12]. The issues of general IP address management are discussed in 3GPP TS 23.221 [47].

# 7.2.3 SIP-ISUP protocol interworking

When a coding of a parameter value is omitted it implies that it is not affected by the interworking and the values are assigned by normal protocol procedures.

# 7.2.3.1 Incoming call interworking from SIP to ISUP at I-MGCF

## 7.2.3.1.1 Sending of IAM

On reception of a SIP INVITE requesting a session, the I-MGCF shall send an IAM message. The allowed sessions are given in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5.

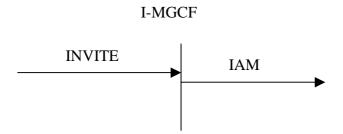
An I-MGCF shall support both incoming INVITE requests containing SIP preconditions and 100rel extensions in the SIP Supported or Require header fields, and INVITE requests not containing these extensions, unless the Note below applies.

NOTE: If the I-MGCF is deployed in an IMS network that by local configuration serves no user requiring preconditions, the MGCF may not support incoming requests requiring preconditions.

The I-MGCF shall interwork forked INVITE requests with different request URIs.

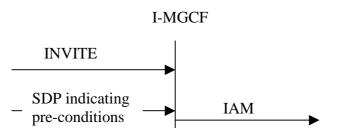
If the SIP precondition extension is not included in the Supported or Require header field, the I-MGCF shall send an IAM immediately after the reception of the INVITE, as shown in figure 3. The I-MGCF shall set the continuity indicators to "Continuity check not required".

If a Continuity Check procedure is supported in the ISUP network and SIP precondition extension are included in the SIP Supported or Require header field, the I-MGCF shall send the IAM immediately after the reception of the INVITE, as shown in figure 3. If the received SDP indicates that precondition is fulfilled the I-MGCF shall set the continuity indicators to "continuity check is not required". If the received SDP indicates that precondition is not fulfilled the I-MGCF shall set the continuity indicators to "continuity check performed on a previous circuit". The procedure in figure 3 applies when the value of the continuity indicator is either set to "continuity check required", "continuity check performed on a previous circuit" or "continuity check not required". If the continuity indicator is set to "continuity check required" the continuity check not required. If the continuity indicator is set to "continuity check required" the continuity check at the Mn interface described in subclause 9.2.2.3 also apply.



#### Figure 3: Receipt of an INVITE request (continuity procedure supported in the ISUP network)

If Continuity Check procedure is not supported in the ISUP network, and the SDP in the received INVITE request contains preconditions not met, the I-MGCF shall delay sending the IAM until the SIP preconditions are met and set the continuity indicators in the resulting IAM to "Continuity check not required".



#### Figure 4: Receipt of an INVITE request (continuity procedure not supported in the ISUP network)

met

The I-MGCF shall reject an INVITE request for a session only containing unsupported media types by sending a status code 488 "Not Acceptable Here". If several media streams are contained in a single INVITE request, and if the I-MGCF does not support multimedia interworking according to Annex E, then the I-MGCF shall select one of the supported media streams, reserve the codec(s) for that media stream, and reject the other media streams and unselected codecs in the SDP answer, as detailed in IETF RFC 3264 [36]. If supported audio media stream(s) and supported non-audio media stream(s) are contained in a single INVITE request, an audio stream should be selected.

The I-MGCF shall include a To tag in the first backward non-100 provisional response, in order to establish an early dialog as described in IETF RFC 3261 [19].

If an MGCF discovers an emergency call it shall, depending on national requirements, map that to appropriate indication in ISUP.

According to IETF RFC 3261 [19] and IETF RFC 3264 [36], if an INVITE message is received without an SDP offer, then the I-MGCF sends an SDP offer in the first reliable non-failure message.

## 7.2.3.1.2 Coding of the IAM

## 7.2.3.1.2.0 General

The following ISDN user part parameters description can be found in ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 [4].

## 7.2.3.1.2.1 Called party number

The E.164 address encoded in the Request-URI shall be mapped to the called party number parameter of the IAM message.

| INVITE→                       | VITE→ IAM→   |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Request-URI                   |  | Called Party Number  |  |  |  |
| E.164 address                 | Address Signal:  |  |  |  |  |
| (format +CC                   | Analyse the information contained in received E.164 address.                               |  |  |  |  |
| NDC SN)                       | If CC is country code of the network in which the next hop terminates, then remove "+CC"   |  |  |  |  |
| (e.g. as User info            | and use the remaining digits to fill the Address signals.                                  |  |  |  |  |
| portion of a SIP              | If CC is not the country code of the network in which the next hop terminates, then remove |  |  |  |  |
| URI with                      | "+" and use the remaining digits to fill the Address signals.                              |  |  |  |  |
| user=phone, or                | (NOTE 2)   |  |  |  |  |
| as tel URI)                   | Odd/even in  | dicator: set as required   |  |  |  |
|                               | Nature of ac   | Idress indicator:  |  |  |  |
|                               | Analyse the  | information contained in received E.164 address.                             |  |  |  |
|                               | If CC is country code of the network in which the next hop terminates, then set Nature of  |  |  |  |  |
|                               | Address indicator to "National (significant) number.                                       |  |  |  |  |
|                               | If CC is not the country code of the network in which the next hop terminates, then set    |  |  |  |  |
|                               | Nature of Address indicator to "International number".                                     |  |  |  |  |
|                               | (NOTE 1)   |  |  |  |  |
|                               |  | work Number Indicator:   |  |  |  |
|                               |  | internal network number not allowed  |  |  |  |
|                               |  | plan Indicator:  |  |  |  |
|                               | 001 ISDN (T  | elephony) numbering plan (Rec. E.164)  |  |  |  |
| national operator             |  | Address Signal:  |  |  |  |
| option for service            |  | use received non E.164 number to fill the Address signals with national      |  |  |  |
| numbers:                      |  | significant number.  |  |  |  |
| Non E.164                     |  | Odd/even indicator: set as required  |  |  |  |
| numbers                       | (NOTE 3)   | Nature of address indicator:   |  |  |  |
| (as a local-<br>number with a |  | "National (significant) number". (NOTE 1)                                    |  |  |  |
| phone-context in              |  | Internal Network Number Indicator:   |  |  |  |
| the User Info                 |  | 1 routing to internal network number not allowed                             |  |  |  |
| portion in a SIP              |  | Numbering plan Indicator:  |  |  |  |
| URI with                      |  | 001 ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan (Rec. E.164)                             |  |  |  |
| user=phone, or                | (NOTE 3)   | Address Signal:  |  |  |  |
| as a local                    |  | Use received non E.164 number to fill the Address signals.                   |  |  |  |
| number with a                 |  | Odd/even indicator: set as required  |  |  |  |
| phone-context in              |  | Nature of address indicator:   |  |  |  |
| a tel URI)                    |  | set Nature of Address indicator to "network-specific number" or to "reserved |  |  |  |
|                               |  | for national use". Internal Network Number Indicator:                        |  |  |  |
|                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                               |  | 1 routing to internal network number not allowed Numbering plan Indicator:   |  |  |  |
|                               |  | Based on operator policy other numbering plan indicators than "001 ISDN      |  |  |  |
|                               |  | (Telephony) numbering plan (Rec. E.164)" can be used e.g. depending on       |  |  |  |
|                               |  | phone context value.   |  |  |  |
| NOTE 1: The use               | ae of "naturo (  | of address indicator" value "unknown" is allowed but the mapping is not      |  |  |  |
|                               |  | it specification.  |  |  |  |
|                               |  | P Sending Terminated (ST) signal are supported as a network option, then th  |  |  |  |
|                               | ML sendingCompleteIndication, if present, is mapped to the sending terminated digit        |  |  |  |  |
|                               |  | n the address signals field of the Called Party Number parameter.            |  |  |  |
|                               | nding on configuration, network-specific numbers (identified by phone context according to |  |  |  |  |
|                               | r policy) should be translated into "ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan numbers (Rec. E.164)" |  |  |  |  |
|                               |  | g is not possible and local operator"s policy requires keeping them in local |  |  |  |
| format.                       |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2: Coding of the called party number

## 7.2.3.1.2.2 Nature of connection indicators

- bits <u>BA</u> Satellite indicator
  - 00 no satellite circuit in the connection
- bits <u>DC</u> Continuity check indicator
  - 0.0 *continuity check not required*, if the continuity check procedure is not supported in the succeeding network (figure 4).

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- 0 1 *continuity check required*, if a continuity check shall be carried out on the succeeding circuit. (figure 3)
- 10 *continuity check performed on a previous circuit otherwise*, if the continuity check procedure is supported in the succeeding network, but shall not be carried out on the succeeding circuit otherwise. (figure 3)
- bit  $\underline{E}$  Echo control device indicator
  - 1 *outgoing echo control device included*, for speech calls, e.g., TMR is "3.1KHz audio".
  - 0 *outgoing echo control device not included*, for known data calls, e.g., TMR "64 kBit/s unrestricted" or HLC "Facsimile Group 2/3".

## 7.2.3.1.2.3 Forward call indicators

- bits <u>CB</u> End-to-end method indicator
  - 00 no end-to-end method available (only link-by-link method available)
- bit <u>D</u> Interworking indicator
  - 1 *interworking encountered*

As a network operator option, the value D = 0 "No interworking encountered" is used if the TMR = 64 kBit/s unrestricted is used.

- NOTE: This avoids sending of a progress indicator with progress information 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 "Call is not end-to-end ISDN; further call progress information may be available in-band ", so the call will not be released for that reason by an ISDN terminal.
- bit  $\underline{E}$  End-to-end information indicator (national use)
  - 0 *no end-to-end information available*
- bit  $\underline{F}$  ISDN user part/BICC indicator
  - 0 ISDN user part/BICC not used all the way

As a network operator option, the value F = 1 "ISDN user part/BICC used all the way" is used if the TMR = 64 kBit/s unrestricted is used.

- NOTE: This avoids sending of a progress indicator with progress information 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 "Call is not end-to-end ISDN; further call progress information may be available in-band ", so the call will not be released for that reason by an ISDN terminal.
- bits HG ISDN user part/BICC preference indicator

if any used supplementary service requires ISUP or BICC all the way, depending on operator policy:

- 0.0 ISDN user part/BICC preferred all the way, or
- 10 ISDN user part/BICC required all the way;

Otherwise:

- 0.1 ISDN user part/BICC not required all the way
- bit <u>I</u> ISDN access indicator
  - 0 originating access non-ISDN

As a network operator option, the value I = 1 "originating access ISDN" is used if the TMR = 64 kBit/s unrestricted is used.

NOTE: This avoids sending of a progress indicator with progress information 0 0 0 0 1 1 "Originating access is non-ISDN", so the call will not be released for that reason by an ISDN terminal.

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## bits KJ SCCP method indicator

00 *no indication* 

If the PSTN XML is supported as a network option, the Forward Call indicators derived as shown in Table 02a shall take precedence.

#### Table 02a: Mapping of PSTN XML elements to Forward call indicators parameter

| $INVITE \rightarrow$   | IAM→   |
|--|--|
| PSTN XML   | Forward call indicators parameter  |
| PSTN XML with Progress indicator   | bit D Interworking Indicator   |
| with Progress Description value 6<br>(Meaning: originating access ISDN)                                      | <ul> <li>0 "no interworking encountered (No. 7 signalling all the way)"bit F</li> <li>ISDN User Part indicator</li> <li>1 "ISDN User Part used all the way"</li> <li>bit I ISDN access indicator</li> <li>1 "originating access ISDN"</li> </ul> |
| NOTE: Progress Indicator with Progress Description value "6" shall not be included in an ATP within the IAM. |  |

## 7.2.3.1.2.4 Calling party's category

See ANNEX C for the normative interworking of the CPC parameter.

## 7.2.3.1.2.4A Originating Line Information

The ISUP Originating Line Information parameter is defined by ANSI Standard ATIS-1000113 [117], Chapter 3.

See Annex H for the normative interworking of the OLI parameter as a network option.

## 7.2.3.1.2.5 Transmission medium requirement

The I-MGCF may either transcode the selected codec(s) to the codec on the PSTN side or it may attempt to interwork the media without transcoding. If the I-MGCF transcodes, it shall select the TMR parameter to "3.1 kHz audio". If the I-MGCF does not transcode, it should map the TMR, USI and Access Transport parameters from the selected codec according to Table 2a. However, if the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, and if a PSTN XML body is received in the INVITE request and the I-MGCF selects media encoded in any of the formats in table 2a (G.711, Clearmode or t38) among the offered media, the I-MGCF shall derive these parameters from the XML body instead, as detailed in table 2b. The I-MGCF should only apply the mapping in table 2b if the TMR and USI values derived from the selected codec according to table 2a are equivalent with the values within the first Bearer Capability element in the PSTN XML, and otherwise the I-MGCF should apply the mapping according to table 2a.

The support of any of the media listed in table 2a is optional.

If no SDP is received from the remote peer (as described in subclause 7.2.3.1.1), then the TMR parameter should be set to "3.1 kHz audio". Transcoding shall be applied as required.

Table 2a: Coding of TMR/USI/HLC from SDP: SIP to ISUP

| <media> &lt;</media> |                         |                       |   |  |   |  |   | ATP parameter<br>(optional)                     |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|
|                      | <transport></transport> | <fmt-list></fmt-list> | <modifier>:<bandwidth-<br>value&gt;<br/>(NOTE 5)</bandwidth-<br></modifier> | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt><br/><encoding name=""><br/><clock rate="">[<encoding<br>parameters&gt;]</encoding<br></clock></encoding></dynamic-pt> | TMR codes   | Information<br>Transfer<br>Capability                | User Information<br>Layer 1 Protocol<br>Indicator | High Layer<br>Characteristics<br>Identification |
| audio F              | RTP/AVP                 | 0                     | N/A or AS: up to (64 kbit/s<br>+ RTP/UDP/IP overhead)                       | N/A  | "3.1KHz audio"  |  |   | (NOTE 3)  |
| audio F              | RTP/AVP                 | Dynamic<br>PT         | N/A or AS: up to (64 kbit/s<br>+ RTP/UDP/IP overhead)                       | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt><br/>PCMU/8000</dynamic-pt>  | "3.1KHz audio"  |  |   | (NOTE 3)  |
| audio F              | RTP/AVP                 | 8                     | N/A or AS: up to (64 kbit/s+<br>RTP/UDP/IP overhead)                        | N/A  | "3.1KHz audio"  |  |   | (NOTE 3)  |
| audio F              | RTP/AVP                 | Dynamic<br>PT         | N/A or AS: up to (64 kbit/s<br>+ RTP/UDP/IP overhead)                       | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt><br/>PCMA/8000</dynamic-pt>  | "3.1KHz audio"  |  |   | (NOTE 3)  |
| audio F              | RTP/AVP                 | Dynamic<br>PT         |   | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt><br/>CLEARMODE/8000<br/>(NOTE 2)</dynamic-pt>  | "64 kbit/s unrestricted"<br>or<br>"64 kbit/s preferred"<br>(NOTE 7) | "Unrestricted<br>digital<br>information"<br>(NOTE 6) |   |   |
| mage l               | Udptl [73]              | t38 [73]              | N/A or AS: up to (64 kbit/s<br>+ UDP/IP overhead)                           | Based on ITU-T T.38<br>[72] (NOTE 8)   | "3.1 KHz audio"   | "3.1 KHz audio"                                      |   | "Facsímile<br>Group 2/3"                        |
| mage to              | tcp                     | t38 [73]              | N/A or AS: up to (64 kbit/s<br>+ TCP/IP overhead)                           | Based on ITU-T T.38<br>[72]  | "3.1 KHz audio"   | "3.1 KHz audio"                                      |   | "Facsímile<br>Group 2/3"                        |

NOTE 2. CLEARWOOD is specified in RFC4040 [09]. NOTE 3: HLC is normally absent in this case. It is possible for HLC to be present with the value "Telephony", although 6.3.1/Q.939 indicates that this would normally be accompanied by a value of "Speech" for the Information Transfer Capability element.

NOTE 4: The MGCF should return an b:AS bandwidth modifier with a bandwidth of 64kbit/s + RTP/UDP/IP overhead in the SDP answer to request that the peer does not send with a higher bandwidth. If the received b=line indicates a bandwidth greater than 64kbit/s + RTP/UDP/IP overhead, the MGCF should also accept the incoming call.

NOTE 5: <bandwidth value> for <modifier> of AS is in units of kbit/s.

NOTE 6: In the case where the Clearmode codec appears together with speech codecs in the same m-line, the value "Unrestricted digital inf. w/tones/ann" is applicable but is mapped into the USI prime parameter (see subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a).

NOTE 7: The value "64 k/bits preferred" should only be used if the Clearmode codec appears together with speech codecs in the same m-line and two PSTN XML Bearer Capability elements appear in the initial INVITE request as described in the subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a.

NOTE 8: Annex K describes recommended values.

|  | <b>&gt;</b>   | IAM →                         |                                   |  |  |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| PSTN XML   | Value   | ISUP Parameter                | Content                           |  |  |  |
| HighLayerCompatibility   |   | Access Transport<br>Parameter | High layer compatibility (NOTE 1) |  |  |  |
| LowLayerCompatibility  |   |                               | Low layer compatibility           |  |  |  |
| BearerCapability (NOTE 2)  |   | User Service<br>Information   |                                   |  |  |  |
| HighLayerCompatibility   |   | User Tele Service             | High layer compatibility          |  |  |  |
| BearerCapability   | Speech  | TMR                           | Speech                            |  |  |  |
| (InformationTransferCapability)  | 3.1 kHz audio   |                               | 3.1 kHz audio                     |  |  |  |
| (NOTE 2)   | Unrestricted digital<br>information                               |                               | 64 kbit/s unrestricted            |  |  |  |
|  | Unrestricted digital<br>information with<br>tones/announcements   |                               | 64 kbit/s unrestricted            |  |  |  |
| NOTE 1: If two high layer compatibility information elements are received, they shall be transferred in the same order as received in the PSTN XML body in the INVITE message. |   |                               |                                   |  |  |  |
|  | NOTE 2: If there are two BCs present, see subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a. |                               |                                   |  |  |  |
| NOTE 3: The above mapping assumes that there is only a single BearerCapability present.  |   |                               |                                   |  |  |  |

#### Table 2b: Mapping of PSTN XML elements into ISUP Parameters

### 7.2.3.1.2.5a Transmission medium requirement prime and USI prime (optional)

The procedures to support UDI-TA Fallback mechanism described in the present subclause shall only apply if two PSTN XML Bearer Capability elements appear within the INVITE Request and the MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option.

When all the following conditions apply:

- The INVITE request includes SDP with one m-line with at least two formats, and with the coding of the first two formats appearing in table 2a;
- the TMR and USI prime values derived from the first format in the m-line according to table 2a are equivalent with the values within the second Bearer Capability element in the PSTN XML;
- the TMR prime and USI values derived from the second format in the m-line according to table 2a are equivalent with the values within the first Bearer Capability element in the PSTN XML; and.
- the I-MGCF supports forwarding fallback signalling.

then the I-MGCF shall

- if TMR "64 kBit/s preferred" is supported at the succeeding trunk:
  - map the first XML Bearer Capability element into the "USI" within the IAM;
  - map the the first PSTN XML BearerCapability (InformationTransferCapability) into the "TMR prime" within the IAM, applying the same mapping rules as specified for the mapping into the "TMR" in table 2b;
  - map the second XML Bearer Capability element (InformationTransferCapability) into the USI prime within the IAM;
  - set the TMR within the IAM to "64 kBit/s preferred";
  - configure the IM-MGW; and
  - store those values;
- if TMR "64 kBit/s preferred" is not supported at the succeeding trunk:
  - apply the procedures as described within subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5, using the first Bearer Capability element in the PSTN XML and the second format in the m-line;

discard the second Bearer Capability element in the PSTN XML;

- select the second format in the m-line within the SDP answer; and
- configure the IM-MGW.

Otherwise (i.e. if some Bearer Capability element in the PSTN XML did not match the SDP), the I-MGCF shall:

- discard the XML Bearer Capability elements;
- if the I-MGCF received at least two formats within the m-line, select one of those formats, exept for the CLEARMODE codec, within the SDP answer;
- apply the mapping for the selected format according to table 2a; and
- configure the IM-MGW accordingly

# 7.2.3.1.2.6 Calling party number

The SIP "Privacy" header is defined within IETF RFC 3323 [40]. The SIP "P-Asserted-Identity" header is defined in IETF RFC 3325 [41].

| Table 3: Mapping of SIP From/P-Asserted-Identity/Privacy headers to CLI parameters |
|--|
|--|

| Has a "P-<br>Asserted-<br>Identity"<br>header field<br>(NOTE 2,<br>NOTE 5,<br>NOTE 6)<br>been<br>received? | Has a "From"<br>header field<br>(NOTE 3)<br>containing a URI<br>that encodes an<br>E.164 address<br>been received<br>(NOTE 6)? | Calling Party<br>Number<br>parameter<br>Address signals   | Calling Party Number<br>parameter<br>APRI  | Generic<br>Number<br>(additional<br>calling party<br>number)<br>address<br>signals   | Generic<br>Number<br>parameter<br>APRI  |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| Νο   | No   | Network option to<br>either include a<br>network provided<br>E.164 number<br>(See table 4) or<br>omit the Address<br>signals.<br>(NOTE 4) | Network option to set<br>APRI to "presentation<br>restricted" or<br>"presentation allowed"<br>(NOTE 4)<br>(See table 5)<br>As a network option the<br>APRI "presentation<br>restricted by network"<br>(NOTE 7) can be used<br>instead of the APRI<br>"presentation restricted" | Parameter not<br>included  | Not<br>applicable   |
| No   | Yes  | Network Option to<br>either include a<br>network provided<br>E.164 number<br>(See table 4) or<br>omit the Address<br>signals.<br>(NOTE 4) | Network option to set<br>APRI to "presentation<br>restricted" or<br>"presentation allowed"<br>(NOTE 4)<br>(See table 5)<br>As a network option the<br>APRI "presentation<br>restricted by network"<br>(NOTE 7) can be used<br>instead of the APRI<br>"presentation restricted" | Network<br>Option to<br>either omit the<br>parameter (if<br>CgPN has<br>been omitted)<br>or derive from<br>the "From"<br>header<br>(NOTE 1)<br>(See table 6) | APRI =<br>"presentation<br>restricted" or<br>"presentation<br>allowed"<br>depending on<br>SIP Privacy<br>header.<br>(See table 6) |
| Yes  | No   | Derived from<br>P-Asserted-<br>Identity<br>(See table 5)  | APRI = "presentation<br>restricted" or<br>"presentation allowed"<br>depending on SIP<br>Privacy header.<br>(See table 5)   | Not included   | Not<br>applicable   |
| Yes  | Yes  | Derived from<br>P-Asserted-<br>Identity<br>(See table 5)  | APRI = "presentation<br>restricted" or<br>"presentation allowed"<br>depending on SIP<br>Privacy header.<br>(See table 5)   | Network<br>Option to<br>either omit the<br>parameter or<br>derive from the<br>"From" header<br>(NOTE 1)<br>(See table 6)                                     | APRI =<br>"presentation<br>restricted" or<br>"presentation<br>allowed"<br>depending on<br>SIP Privacy<br>header.<br>(see table 6) |

| Has a "P-<br>Asserted-<br>Identity"<br>header fiel<br>(NOTE 2,<br>NOTE 5,<br>NOTE 5)<br>been<br>received? | - header field<br>(NOTE 3)<br>d containing a URI<br>that encodes an<br>E.164 address<br>been received<br>(NOTE 6)?  | Calling Party<br>Number<br>parameter<br>Address signals | Calling Party Number<br>parameter<br>APRI | Generic<br>Number<br>(additional<br>calling party<br>number)<br>address<br>signals | Generic<br>Number<br>parameter<br>APRI |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|   |   | gives the equivalent of                                 | of Special Arrangement to all             | SIP UAC with acc   | cess to the                            |  |
| NOTE 2: I   | case, either the tel URI or the SIP URI with user="phone" and a specific host portion, as selected by operator policy, may be used.   |   |   |  |  |  |
| ii<br>C<br>2<br>F   | 3: The "From" header may contain an "Anonymous User Identity". An "Anonymous User Identity" includes information that does not point to the calling party. IETF RFC 3261 recommends that the display-name component contain "Anonymous". That the Anonymous User Identity will take the form defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [74]. The Anonymous User Identity indicates that the calling party desired anonymity. The From header may also contain an Unavailable User Identity as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [74], that indicates that the calling party is unknown. |   |   |  |  |  |
| NOTE 5: 3   | A national option exists to set the APRI to "Address not available".<br>3GPP TS 24.229 guarantees that the received number is an E.164 number formatted as an international   |   |   |  |  |  |
| NOTE 6: 1<br>f<br>t   | number, with a "+" sign as prefix.<br>The E.164 numbers considered within the present document are composed by a Country Code (CC),<br>followed by a National Destination Code (NDC), followed by a Subscriber Number (SN). On the IMS side,<br>the numbers are international public telecommunication numbers ("CC"+"NDC"+"SN") and are prefixed by a<br>"+" sign. On the CS side, it is a network option to omit the CC.<br>This is an ETSI specific value described within ETSI EN 300 356-1 [70].   |   |   |  |  |  |

# Table 4: Setting of the network-provided BICC/ISUP calling party number parameter with a CLI (network option)

| BICC/ISUP CgPN Parameter field  | Value  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Screening Indicator   | "network provided"   |  |  |
| Number Incomplete Indicator   | "complete"   |  |  |
| Number Plan Indicator   | ISDN/Telephony (E.164)   |  |  |
| Address Presentation Restricted Indicator                                     | Presentation allowed/restricted  |  |  |
|   | As a network option the APRI value "presentation restricted by network"  |  |  |
|   | (NOTE) can be used instead of the APRI value "presentation restricted"   |  |  |
| Nature of Address Indicator   | If next BICC/ISUP node is located in the same country set to "National   |  |  |
|   | (Significant) number" else set to "International number"                 |  |  |
| Address signals   | If NOA is "national (significant) number" no country code should be      |  |  |
|   | included. If NOA is "international number", then the country code of the |  |  |
|   | network-provided number should be included.                              |  |  |
| NOTE : This is an ETSI specific value described within ETSI EN 300 356-1 [70] |  |  |  |

| SIP Component                       | Value                           | BICC/ISUP Parameter / field  | Value  |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| P-Asserted-Identity                 | E.164 number                    | Calling Party Number   |  |
| header field (NOTE)                 |                                 |  |  |
|                                     |                                 | Number incomplete indicator  | "Complete"   |
|                                     |                                 | Numbering Plan Indicator   | "ISDN/Telephony (E.164)"   |
|                                     |                                 | Nature of Address Indicator  | If CC encoded in the URI<br>is equal to the CC of the<br>country where MGCF is<br>located AND the next<br>BICC/ISUP node is located<br>in the same country then<br>set to "national (significant)<br>number"<br>else set to "international |
|                                     |                                 |  | number"  |
|                                     |                                 | Address Presentation Restricted<br>Indicator (APRI)                          | Depends on priv-value in<br>Privacy header.  |
|                                     |                                 | Screening indicator  | Network Provided   |
| Addr-spec                           | "CC" "NDC" "SN" from<br>the URI | Address signal   | if NOA is "national<br>(significant) number" then<br>set to<br>"NDC" + "SN"<br>If NOA is "international<br>number"<br>Then set to<br>"CC"+"NDC"+"SN"   |
| Privacy header field is not present |                                 | APRI   | Presentation allowed   |
| Privacy header field                | priv-value                      | APRI   | "Address Presentation<br>Restricted Indicator"   |
| priv-value                          | "header"                        | APRI   | Presentation restricted  |
|                                     | "user"                          | APRI   | Presentation allowed   |
|                                     | "none"                          | APRI   | Presentation allowed   |
|                                     | "id"                            | APRI   | Presentation restricted  |
| In this case, e                     |                                 | header field includes both a TEL U<br>P URI with user="phone" and a sp<br>I. |  |

# Table 5: Mapping of P-Asserted-Identity and privacy headers to the ISUP/BICC calling party number parameter

#### 7.2.3.1.2.7 Generic number

| SIP component                                   | Value                             | BICC/ISUP parameter / field | Value  |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| From header field                               | name-addr or addr-spec            | Generic Number              | "Additional Calling Party  |
|   |                                   | Number Qualifier Indicator  | number"  |
| from-spec                                       | (name-addr / addr-spec)           |                             |  |
|   |                                   | Nature of Address Indicator | If CC encoded in the URI is<br>equal to the CC of the country<br>where MGCF is located AND the<br>next BICC/ISUP node is located<br>in the same country then<br>Set to "national (significant)<br>number"<br>Else set to "international<br>number" |
|   |                                   | Number incomplete indicator | "Complete"   |
|   |                                   | Numbering Plan Indicator    | "ISDN/Telephony (E.164)"   |
|   |                                   | APRI                        | If Calling Party Number APRI =<br>"presentation restricted by<br>network" (NOTE) then set GN<br>APRI to "presentation allowed".<br>Otherwise, use the same APRI<br>setting as for Calling Party<br>Number (see table 5).                           |
|   |                                   | Screening indicator         | "user provided not verified"   |
| Addr-spec                                       | "CC" "NDC" + "SN" from<br>the URI | Address signal              | if NOA is " <i>national (significant)</i><br><i>number</i> " then set to<br>"NDC" + "SN"<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>Then set to "CC"+"NDC"+"SN"   |
| Privacy header                                  |                                   | APRI                        | Presentation allowed   |
| field is not present<br>Privacy header<br>field | priv-value                        | APRI                        | "Address Presentation<br>Restricted Indicator"   |
| priv-value                                      | "header"                          | APRI                        | Presentation allowed   |
|   | "user"                            | APRI                        | Presentation restricted  |
|   | "none"                            | APRI                        | Presentation allowed   |
|   | "id"                              | APRI                        | Presentation allowed   |

# Table 6: Mapping of SIP from header field to BICC/ISUP generic number (additional calling party number) parameter (network option)

NOTE: This an ETSI specific value described within ETSI EN 300 356-1 [70]

### 7.2.3.1.2.8 User service information

For coding of the USI see 7.2.3.1.2.5.

### 7.2.3.1.2.9 Hop Counter (National option)

The I-MGCF shall perform the following interworking procedure if the Hop Counter procedure is supported in the CS network.

At the I-MGCF the Max-Forwards SIP header shall be used to derive the Hop Counter parameter if applicable. Due to the different default values (that are based on network demands/provisions) of the SIP Max-Forwards header and the Hop Counter, a factor shall be used to adapt the Max Forwards to the Hop Counter at the I-MGCF. For example, the following guidelines could be applied:

- 1) Max-Forwards for a given message should be monotone decreasing with each successive visit to a SIP entity, regardless of intervening intervening, and similarly for Hop Counter.
- 2) The initial and successively mapped values of Max-Forwards should be large enough to accommodate the maximum number of hops that may be expected of a validly routed call.

Table 7 shows the principle of the mapping:

#### Table 7: Max forwards -- hop counter

| Max-Forw | vards                     | = X             | Hop Counter                  | = INTEGER       | part of (X /Factor) =Y |
|----------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| NOTE:    | The Mapping of value X to | Y should be don | e with the used (implemented | d) adaptation n | nechanism.             |

The Principle of adoption could be implemented on a basis of the network provision, trust domain rules and bilateral agreement.

#### 7.2.3.1.2.10 Progress Indicator

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and an INVITE containing a PSTN XML body is received, an available "ProgressIndicator" element in the PSTN XML body shall be mapped into a Progress Indicator in the Access Transport Parameter of the sent IAM as shown in table 7.2.3.1.2.10.1.

#### Table 7.2.3.1.2.10.1: Contents of the Access Transport Parameter

|                    | $INVITE \rightarrow$  | IAM→                       |  |
|--------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| PSTN XML           |   | Access Transport Parameter |  |
| Progress indicator |   | Progress indicator (NOTE)  |  |
| NOTE:              | NOTE: A ProgressIndicator with Progress Description value 6 shall not be included into the ISUP ATP, and is mapped instead to Forward call indicators parameter according to table 02a. |                            |  |

#### 7.2.3.1.2.11 Location Number

Location Number is defined in section 3.30 of ITU-T Q.763 [4].

If the received INVITE message contains a P-Access-Network-Info header and the P-Access-Network-Info header contains an access-type with the value "GSTN" the MGCF shall:

1) If an access-info field with the value "gstn-location" is present and the value "operator-specific-GI" is not present, include an ISUP Location Number parameter in the outgoing IAM set as shown in table 7.2.3.1.2.11.1

As a network option:

- 1) If an access-info field with the value "operator-specific-GI" is present and the value "gstn-location" is not present, include an ISUP Location Number parameter in the outgoing IAM set as shown in table 7.2.3.1.2.11.3
- 2) If both values are present, include an ISUP Location Number parameter in the outgoing IAM set as shown in table 7.2.3.1.2.11.1 or table 7.2.3.1.2.11.3, based on local policy.

As a network option, if the P-Access-Network-Info header contains an access-type different from "GSTN" and an access-info parameter with the value "operator-specific-GI", the I-MGCF shall include an ISUP Location Number parameter in the outgoing IAM as shown in table 7.2.3.1.2.11.3.

#### Table 7.2.3.1.2.11.1: Contents of the location number parameter

| $INVITE \rightarrow$   | IAM→  |  |
|--|---|--|
|  | Location Number parameter   |  |
| P-Access-Network-Info with access-type="GSTN" and<br>gstn-location parameter   | Binary value derived from the gstn-location parameter of<br>the P-Access-Network-Info |  |
| NOTE: The binary value shall be obtained by removing the quotes and converting each pair of consecutive character strings into an octet that has the equivalent hexadecimal representation |   |  |

| INVITE→               | IAM→   |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| P-Access-Network-Info | Location Number  |  |  |
| access type="GSTN"    | Address Signal:  |  |  |
| gstn-location=value   | Copied from octet 3 to n of the binary representation of the gstn-location field     |  |  |
|                       | Odd/even indicator:  |  |  |
|                       | Copied from bit 8 octet 1 of the binary representation of the gstn-location field    |  |  |
|                       | Nature of address indicator:   |  |  |
|                       | Copied from bit 7 to 1 of octet 1 of the binary representation of the gstn-location  |  |  |
|                       | field  |  |  |
|                       | Internal Network Number Indicator:   |  |  |
|                       | Copied from bit 8 of octet 2 of the binary representation of the gstn-location field |  |  |
|                       | Numbering plan Indicator:  |  |  |
|                       | Copied from bit 7 to 5 of octet 2 of the binary representation of the gstn-location  |  |  |
|                       | field  |  |  |
|                       | Address presentation restricted indicator:   |  |  |
|                       | If the SIP Privacy header field = header, APRI is set to "01 (presentation           |  |  |
|                       | restricted)" otherwise APRI is copied from bit 4 and 3 of octet 2 of the binary      |  |  |
|                       | representation of the gstn-location field  |  |  |
|                       | Screening indicator:   |  |  |
|                       | If the np parameter is present in the P-Access-Network-Info header field, set to     |  |  |
|                       | "11 (network provided)" otherwise set from bit 2 and 1 of octet 2 of the binary      |  |  |
|                       | representation of the gstn-location field  |  |  |

Table 7.2.3.1.2.11.2: Mapping of P-Access-Network-Info to Location Number

# Table 7.2.3.1.2.11.3: Mapping of P-Access-Network-Info operator-specific-GI to Location Number

| $INVITE \rightarrow$   | IAM→  |
|--|---|
|  | Location Number parameter   |
| P-Access-Network-Info with<br>access-info="operator-specific-GI"<br>and operator-specific-GI parameter |   |
| P-Access-Network-Info  | Location Number   |
| access-info="operator-specific-GI"<br>operator-specific-GI=value                                       | Address Signal:<br>Copy the digits set by 2 digits per byte. In case of an odd<br>number of address signals, the filler code 0000 is inserted after<br>the last address signal. |
|  | Odd/even indicator:   |
|  | Set as required   |
|  | Nature of address indicator:  |
|  | Set from an operator-configured value   |
|  | Internal Network Number Indicator:  |
|  | 1 routing to internal network number not allowed  |
|  | Numbering plan Indicator:   |
|  | Set from an operator-configured value   |
|  | Address presentation restricted indicator:<br>If the SIP Privacy header field = header, APRI is set to "01<br>(presentation restricted)"  |
|  | Screening indicator:  |
|  | If the np parameter is present in the P-Access-Network-Info header field, set to "11 (network provided)"  |
| NOTE: This mapping is only possible if the c<br>contains a sequence of digits.                         | operator-specific-GI field of the P-Access-Network-Info header filed  |

# 7.2.3.1.2A Coding of the IAM when Number Portability is supported

This subclause describes optional coding procedures when Number Portability is supported.

#### 7.2.3.1.2A.1 Coding of the IAM when a Number Portability Routing Number is available

ITU-T Q.769.1 [92] describes three possible addressing methods for signalling of the Called Party E.164 address and Number Portability Routing Number (ITU-T Q.769.1 [92] uses the terms directory number and network routing number respectively). The choice of these methods is based on network operator and national requirements.

The following subclauses describe how the IAM is populated, based on these methods, when a Number Portability Routing Number is available in the Request URI in the form of a Tel URI "rn=" parameter.

When the optional Number Portability Routing Number is available and supported, these procedures take precedence over procedures for coding of the Called Party Number described in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.1.

If the Number Portability Database Dip Indicator is present within the Request-URI the procedures described in subclause 7.2.3.1.2A.2 apply. When a Number Portability Routing Number is not available, the Called Party Number parameter is populated as described in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.1.

#### 7.2.3.1.2A.1.1 Separate Directory Number Addressing Method

# Table 7a.0a: Coding of the called party number and called directory number with Number Portability Separate Directory Number Addressing Method

| INVITE→  | IAM→  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Request-URI  | Called Party Number   | Called Directory Number  |
| Called Party E.164 address<br>(format +CC NDC SN)<br>(e.g. as User info in SIP URI<br>with user=phone, or as tel<br>URL) plus Number Portability<br>Routing Number (format +CC<br>NDC SN) (e.g. as Tel URI rn=<br>parameter) plus Number<br>Portability Database Dip                     | Address Signal:<br>Analyse the information contained in received<br>Number Portability Routing Number. If the Number<br>Portability Routing number contains an E.164<br>address, then remove "+CC" and use the remaining<br>digits to fill the Address signal. Otherwise, use the<br>digits of the Number Portability Routing number to<br>fill the Address signal.<br>(NOTE) | Address Signal:<br>Remove "+CC" from the<br>Called Party E.164 address<br>and use the remaining digits<br>to fill the Address signals. |
| Indicator as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4694 [93] (e.g. as Tel URI   | Odd/even indicator: set as required   | Odd/even indicator: set as<br>required   |
| npdi parameter)  | Nature of address indicator:<br>Set Nature of Address indicator to "Network routing<br>number in national (significant) number fornat".<br>"National (significant) number" and "Network routing<br>number in network specific number format" may<br>alternately be chosen as described in ITU-T Q.769.1<br>[92]   | Nature of address<br>indicator:<br>Set Nature of Address<br>indicator to "National<br>(significant) number".                           |
|  | Internal Network Number Indicator:<br>1 routing to internal network number not allowed  | Internal Network Number<br>Indicator:<br>1 routing to internal<br>network number not allowed   |
|  | Numbering plan Indicator:<br>001 ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan (Rec. E.164)   | Numbering plan Indicator:<br>001 ISDN (Telephony)<br>numbering plan (Rec. E.164)   |
| NOTE: If PSTN XML and ISUP Sending Terminated (ST) signal are supported as a network option, then the PSTN XML sendingCompleteIndication, if present, is mapped to the sending terminated digit (hexadecimal digit F) in the address signals field of the Called Party Number parameter. |   |  |

## 7.2.3.1.2A.1.2 Concatenated Addressing Method

# Table 7a.0b: Coding of the called party number with Number Portability Concatenated Addressing Method

| INVITE→  | IAM→  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Request-URI  | Called Party Number   |  |
| Called Party E.164 address   | Address Signal:   |  |
| (format +CC NDC SN)  | Analyse the information contained in received Number Portability      |  |
| (e.g. as User info in SIP URI with user=phone,   | Routing Number. If the Number Portability Routing number contains     |  |
| or as tel URL) plus  | an E.164 address, then remove "+CC" and use the remaining digits      |  |
| Number Portability Routing Number (format  | to fill the Address signal. Otherwise, use the digits of the Number   |  |
| +CC NDC SN) (e.g. as Tel URI rn= parameter)  | Portability Routing number to fill the Address signal.                |  |
| plus   |   |  |
| Number Portability Database Dip Indicator as   | Remove the "+CC" from the Called Party E.164 address and append       |  |
| defined in IETF RFC 4694 [93] (e.g. as Tel URI   | the remaining digits to the Address signal.                           |  |
| npdi parameter)  | (NOTE)  |  |
|  | Odd/even indicator: set as required                                   |  |
|  | Nature of address indicator:  |  |
|  | set Nature of Address indicator to "Network routing number            |  |
|  | concatenated with called directory number" or "National (significant) |  |
|  | number" as described in ITU-T Q.769.1 [92]                            |  |
|  | Internal Network Number Indicator:                                    |  |
|  | 1 routing to internal network number not allowed                      |  |
|  | Numbering plan Indicator:   |  |
|  | 001 ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan (Rec. E.164)                      |  |
| NOTE: If PSTN XML and ISUP Sending Terminated (ST) signal are supported as a network option, then the PSTN |   |  |
| XML sendingCompleteIndication, if present, is mapped to the sending terminated digit (hexadecimal digit F) |   |  |
| in the address signals field of the Called Party Number parameter.   |   |  |

## 7.2.3.1.2A.1.3 Separate Network Routing Number Addressing Method

# Table 7a.0c: Coding of the network routing number and called party number with Number Portability Separate Network Routing Number Addressing Method

| INVITE→  | IAM→   |  |
|--|--|--|
| Request-URI  | Network Routing Number   | Called Party Number  |
| Called Party<br>E.164 address<br>(format +CC NDC<br>SN)<br>(e.g. as User info<br>in SIP URI with<br>user=phone, or as  | Address Signal:<br>Analyse the information contained in received Number<br>Portability Routing Number. If the Number Portability Routing<br>number contains an E.164 address, then remove "+CC" and<br>use the remaining digits to fill the Address signal. Otherwise,<br>use the digits of the Number Portability Routing number to fill<br>the Address signal. | Address Signal:<br>Remove "+CC" from the<br>Called Party E.164 address<br>and use the remaining digits to<br>fill the Address signals.<br>(NOTE)                                 |
| tel URL) plus<br>Number Portability  | Odd/even indicator: set as required  | Odd/even indicator: set as required  |
| Routing Number<br>(format +CC NDC<br>SN) (e.g. as Tel<br>URI rn=<br>parameter) plus  | Nature of address indicator:<br>Set Nature of Address indicator to "Network routing number in<br>national (significant) number format".<br>"Network routing number in network specific number format"<br>may alternately be chosen as described in ITU-T Q.769.1 [92]  | Nature of address indicator:<br>Set Nature of Address<br>indicator to "National<br>(significant) number".  |
| Number Portability<br>Database Dip<br>Indicator as<br>defined in IETF<br>RFC 4694 [93]<br>(e.g. as Tel URI<br>npdi parameter)  | Numbering plan Indicator:<br>001 ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan (Rec. E.164)  | Internal Network Number<br>Indicator:<br>1 routing to internal network<br>number not allowed<br>Numbering plan Indicator:<br>001 ISDN (Telephony)<br>numbering plan (Rec. E.164) |
| NOTE: If PSTN XML and ISUP Sending Terminated (ST) signal are supported as a network option, then the PSTN XML sendingCompleteIndication, if present, is mapped to the sending terminated digit (hexadecimal digit F) in the address signals field of the Called Party Number parameter. |  |  |

### 7.2.3.1.2A.2 Number Portability Forward Information

Network Operator or National policy may allow forward transfer of number portability status information, as described in ITU-T Q.769.1 [92]. In this case, the following coding applies.

| Table 7a.0d: Coding of the number | portability forward information |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|

| INVITE→  | IAM→   |
|--|--|
| Request-URI  | Number Portability Forward Information   |
| Called Party E.164 address<br>(format +CC NDC SN)<br>(e.g. as User info in SIP URI with user=phone, or as<br>tel URL) plus Number Portability Routing Number<br>(format +CC NDC SN) (e.g. as Tel URI rn= | If the Number Portability Database Dip Indicator is present,<br>and there is no Number Portability Routing Number, set to<br>"number portability query done for called number, non-ported<br>called subscriber". |
| parameter) plus Number Portability Database Dip<br>Indicator as defined in IETF RFC 4694 [93] (e.g. as<br>Tel URI npdi parameter)  | If the Number Portability Database Dip Indicator is present,<br>and a Number Portability Routing Number is present, set to<br>"number portability query done for called number, ported<br>called subscriber".    |
|  | If there is no Number Portability Database Dip Indicator, set to "number portability query not done for called number"   |

# 7.2.3.1.2B Coding of the IAM for Carrier Routeing

This subclause describes optional coding procedures for carrier-based routeing. The interworking of the CIC parameter is defined.

7.2.3.1.2B.1 Coding of the IAM when a Carrier Identification Code (CIC) is present

The procedures followed in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.1 apply with the following addition.

Based on network configuration, if the tel-URI parameter in a tel-URI or the userinfo part of a SIP URI with user=phone in the Request-URI of an initial INVITE request, contains a "cic=" parameter, as defined in IETF RFC 4694 [93], the I-MGCF may extract the carrier identification code from the "cic=" field for routeing the call. If the outgoing IAM message contains the Transit Network Selection (TNS) parameter, as defined in ITU-T Q.763 [4], based on network configuration the TNS may be populated using the carrier identification code from the "cic=" field. The format of the "cic" parameter (e.g. global-cic and local-cic) shall be compliant to IETF RFC 4694 [93].

7.2.3.1.2B.2 Void

7.2.3.1.3 Sending of COT

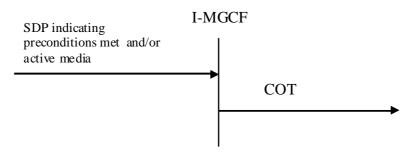


Figure 5: Sending of COT

If the IAM has already been sent, the Continuity message shall be sent indicating "continuity check successful", when all of the following conditions have been met:

- The requested remote preconditions (if any) in the IMS network have been met.
- The media stream previously set to inactive mode is set to active (as specified in IETF RFC 4566 [56]).

- Local preconditions have been fulfilled.
- A possible outstanding continuity check procedure is successfully performed on the outgoing circuit.

## 7.2.3.1.3A Sending of SAM

#### 7.2.3.1.3A.1 General

The procedures in the present subclause are only applicable if the I-MGCF supports the network option of overlap signalling, using either the in-dialog method or the multiple INVITEs method. Within one IMS only a single of those methods shall be used.

After the ISUP IAM message has been sent the I-MGCF can receive additional digits. The additional digits may either, as a network option, be received in:

- in-dialog SIP INFO requests ("legacy" mode of usage of the INFO method as defined in IETF RFC 6086 [133]), in-dialog method as specified in subclause 7.2.3.1.3A.2 or
- in additional SIP INVITE requests, multiple INVITEs method as specified in 7.2.3.1.3A.3.

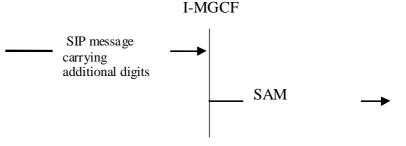


Figure 5a: Sending of SAM

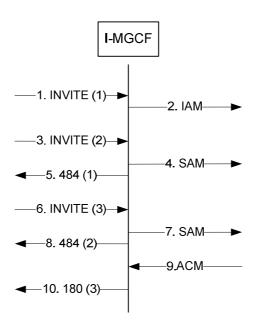
### 7.2.3.1.3A.2 Additional digits received in in-dialog SIP INFO requests

If interworking of overlap signalling using the in-dialog method is supported by the I-MGCF, the ISUP IAM message has already been sent, but no ISUP ACM or REL message has been received, and a SIP INFO request carrying additional digits is received, then the I-MGCF shall generate a SAM and pass it to outgoing BICC/ISUP procedures. The SAM shall contain in its Subsequent Number parameter only the additional digits received in this SIP INFO request.

### 7.2.3.1.3A.3 Additional digits received in SIP INVITE requests

If interworking of overlap signalling using the multiple INVITEs method is supported by the I-MGCF, the ISUP IAM message has already been sent, but no ISUP ACM or REL message has been received, and the I-MGCF receives an INVITE with the same Call-ID and From tag as a previous INVITE which was associated with a BICC/ISUP call/bearer control instance currently existing on the BICC/ISUP side, then:

- a) If the number of digits in the Request-URI is greater than the number of digits already received for the communication, the I-MGCF shall generate a SAM and pass it to outgoing BICC/ISUP procedures. The SAM shall contain in its Subsequent Number parameter only the additional digits received in this Request-URI compared with the digits already received for the communication. The I-MGCF shall reply to any earlier INVITE with a 484 Address Incomplete response if this has not already been done.
- b) If the number of digits in the Request-URI is equal or less than the number of digits already received for the communication, then the I-MGCF shall immediately send a 484 Address Incomplete response for this INVITE. In this case, no SAM shall be sent to BICC/ISUP procedures.



## Figure 5b: Receipt of subsequent INVITE for multiple INVITEs method overlap signalling

On sending of a 484 Address Incomplete message for an INVITE transaction, the I-MGCF considers any offer/answer exchange initiated by the INVITE to be terminated. The new INVITE initiates a new offer/answer exchange. However, if resources have already been reserved and they can be reused within the new offer/answer exchange, the precondition signalling shall reflect the current status of the affected preconditions.

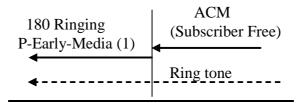
# 7.2.3.1.4 Sending of 180 ringing

7.2.3.1.4.0 General

The I-MGCF shall send the SIP 180 Ringing when receiving any of the following messages:

- ACM with Called party's status indicator set to subscriber free.

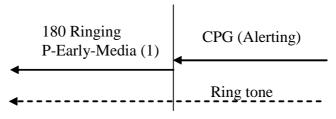
#### I-MGCF



NOTE: The P-Early-Media header field is a included if the received INVITE contains a P-Early-Media header field with the "supported" parameter as described in IETF RFC 5009 [89]. Figure 6: The receipt of ACM

- CPG with Event indicator set to alerting





NOTE: The P-Early-Media header field is a included if the received INVITE contains a P-Early-Media header field with the "supported" parameter as described in IETF RFC 5009 [89]. Figure 7: Receipt of CPG (Alerting)

For a speech call, if the INVITE request includes the P-Early-Media header field, the I-MGCF shall include in the SIP 180 Ringing response a P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media, except when

- the I-MGCF has already sent a reliable provisional response (see IETF RFC 3262 [54]) including a P-Early-Media header, as defined in IETF RFC 5009 [89], and
- the most recently sent P-Early-Media header field authorized early media.
- NOTE: If the I-MGCF signals the P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media, then the IMS can expect tones or announcements to the calling party to flow from the CS network via an MGW controlled by the I-MGCF. In particular, once the I-MGCF sends the 180 Ringing response, ringback is expected in media from the CS network.

As a network option, an I-MGCF may generate a Call-Info header field, or an Alert-Info header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3261 [19] to provide media instead of the in-band media received from the PSTN.

#### 7.2.3.1.4.0a PSTN XML body

The procedures in the present subclause apply only if the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option. The I-MGCF shall map the Access Transport parameter received in the CPG or ACM into PSTN XML elements as shown in table 7a.0f and include this PSTN XML body in the 180 Ringing.

| <b>←</b> 18x  | ←CPG or ACM                                    |                          |
|---|--|--------------------------|
| PSTN XML  | ISUP Parameter                                 | Content                  |
| ProgressIndicator   | Access Transport Parameter                     | Progress indicator       |
| HighLayerCompatibility (NOTE 2)   |  | High layer compatibility |
| LowLayerCompatibility (NOTE 2)  |  | Low layer compatibility  |
| BearerCapability (NOTE 1, NOTE 2)   |  | Bearer Capability        |
| BearerCapability (NOTE 1, NOTE 2)   | Transmission medium used<br>parameter (NOTE 1) |                          |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: see subclause 7.2.3.1.4.1 Transmission Medium Used parameter (TMU)</li> <li>NOTE 2: The I-MGCF shall only provide this IE if it interworks media encoded in any of the formats in table 2a (G.711, Clearmode, or t38) without transcoding. If both TMU and a BC in the ATP have been received, the BC in the ATP shall be mapped.</li> </ul> |  |                          |

#### Table 7a.0f: Mapping of ISUP ATP Parameter into PSTN XML elements

The I-MGCF shall map a possibly available "ProgressIndicator" element in the ATP parameter within the ACM or CPG into a Progress Indicator in the PSTN XML body of the 180 Ringing. In addition, the I-MGCF shall map the Backward call indicators parameter and the Optional backward call indicators parameter (if present) within the ACM or CPG into other ProgressIndicator(s) in the PSTN XML body of the 180 Ringing as shown in table 7a.0g.

NOTE: The order of ProgressIndicators within the same PSTN XML body is irrelevant.

Table 7a.0g: Mapping of ISUP BCI and optional BCI parameters into PSTN XML ProgressIndicator

| ← 180 Ringing   | ←ACM or CPG   |  |
|---|---|--|
| PSTN XML body with ProgressIndicator with<br>"Progress Description" value No (Value of PI)  | Backward call indicators parameter<br>Optional backward call indicators parameter   |  |
| No. 1<br>("Call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call progress<br>information may be available in-band")   | Backward call indicators parameter<br>ISDN User Part indicator<br>0 "ISDN User Part not used all the way"   |  |
| No. 2<br>("Destination address is non-ISDN")  | Backward call indicators parameter<br>ISDN User Part indicator<br>1 "ISDN User Part used all the way"<br>ISDN access indicator<br>0 "Terminating access non-ISDN" |  |
| No. 7<br>("Terminating access ISDN")  | Backward call indicators parameter<br>ISDN User Part indicator<br>1 "ISDN User Part used all the way"<br>ISDN access indicator<br>1 "Terminating access ISDN"     |  |
| No. 8<br>("In-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available")   | Optional backward call indicators parameter<br>In-band information indicator<br>"in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now<br>available"               |  |
| NOTE: The ProgressIndicator "Coding Standard" parameter shall be set to "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)". The default value for the ProgressIndicator "Location" parameter is "0011 (Transit Network)". |   |  |

### 7.2.3.1.4.0b Fallback by I-MGCF

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and the I-MGCF received two PSTN XML Bearer Capability elements within the INVITE Request, but the succeeding trunk does not support TMR "64 kBit/s preferred" (as described in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a), and if no corresponding elements were received in the Access Transport Parameter (see table 7a.0f), then the I-MGCF shall create a PSTN XML body containing the following elements, and include it in the 18x Response :

- a BearerCapability element, which shall be copied from the first BearerCapability element received in the PSTN XML in the INVITE;
- if two HighLayerCompatibility elements were present in the PSTN XML body in the INVITE, then a HighLayerCompatibility element, which shall be copied from the first HighLayerCompatibility element received in the PSTN XML in the INVITE; and
- a ProgressIndicator element with "Progress Description" value 5 ("Interworking has occurred and has resulted in a telecommunication service change"), "Coding Standard" value "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)", and default value "0011 (Transit Network)" for the "Location" parameter.

# 7.2.3.1.4.1 Fallback in a succeeding network: Transmission Medium Used parameter (TMU) received

The procedures in the present subclause apply only if the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and receives a Transmission Medium Used parameter (TMU).

NOTE: The I-MGCF will only receive a TMU parameter if it has applied the Fallback related procedures in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a, including both a TMR and TMR Prime in the IAM, and fallback to the bearer capability identified in TMR Prime and USI occurred in a succeeding network.

If the I-MGCF receives a Transmission Medium Used parameter (TMU), the I-MGCF shall:

- If an BC is not available in the ATP in the Address Complete Message (ACM) or Call Progress Message (CPG), map the TMU value (Speech or 3.1 kHz audio) to the PSTN XML BearerCapability;
- If an BC is available in the ATP in the Address Complete Message (ACM) or Call Progress Message (CPG), include the received BC value in the PSTN XML BearerCapability;
- configure the IM-MGW to use the second format in the m-line in the SDP that has been received in the INVITE as codec at the IMS termination; and

- send SDP selecting the second format in the m-line of the SDP that has been received in the INVITE as soon as allowed according to SIP rules.

| ← 180 Ringing or 183 Session Progress         | ←ACM/CPG                             |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| PSTN XML BearerCapability = "Speech"          | TMU "Speech"                         |
|   | ATP No BC                            |
| PSTN XML BearerCapability = "3.1 kHz audio"   | TMU "3.1 kHz audio"                  |
|   | ATP No BC                            |
| PSTN XML BearerCapability received in the ATP | TMU "Speech or 3.1 kHz audio"        |
| ("speech" or "3.1 kHz audio")                 | ATP BC ("speech" or "3.1 kHz audio") |

Table 7.2.3.1.4.1.1: Sending of BC fallback indication

# 7.2.3.1.4A Sending of 183 Session Progress for early media scenarios

If SIP preconditions are used, the first 183 Session Progress will be sent after the reception of the INVITE request, before any ISUP message has been received from the CS network. The I-MGCF shall not include the P-Early-Media header field in any SIP message before it receives an ISUP ACM.

For a speech call upon receipt of one of the following messages and if the I-MGCF has received the P-Early-Media header field in the INVITE request, and has not already sent a provisional response including a P-Early-Media header field with parameters indicating authorization of early media, then the I-MGCF shall send the 183 Session Progress response with a P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media:

- ACM with the value of the called party's status indicator "no indication" and one of the options described in table 7.2.3.1.4A.1 If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the I-MGCF shall map parameters within the ACM into the PSTN XML body within the 183 as indicated in table 7.2.3.1.4A.1. Based on local configuration, the I-MGCF may also send a 183 Session Progress response with a P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media if it receives an ACM with other parameters than described in table 7.2.3.1.4A.1.



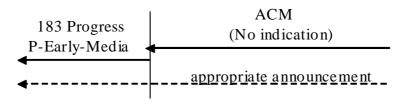


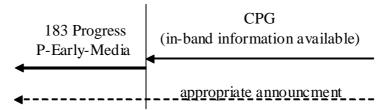
Figure 7c: Receipt of ACM "No indication"

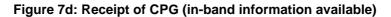
| ←183 Session Progress   | ←ACM   |  |
|---|--|--|
| P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media, if not already sent                                       | Optional backward call indicators parameter      |  |
|   | In-band information indicator                    |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | 1 "In-band info or an appropriate pattern is now |  |
| Description" value No. 8  | available"                                       |  |
| ("In-band information or appropriate pattern is now available") (NOTE)  |  |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | Backward call indicators parameter               |  |
| Description" value No. 1  |  |  |
| ("Call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call progress  | ISDN User Part indicator                         |  |
| information may be available in-band") (NOTE)   | 0 "ISDN User Part not used all the way"          |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | Backward call indicators parameter               |  |
| Description" value No. 2 ("Destination address is non-  |  |  |
| ISDN") (NOTE)   | ISDN User Part indicator                         |  |
|   | 0 "ISDN User Part used all the way"              |  |
|   | ISDN access indicator                            |  |
|   | 0 "Terminating access non-ISDN"                  |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | Backward call indicators parameter               |  |
| Description" value No. 7  | ISDN User Part indicator                         |  |
| ("Terminating access ISDN") (NOTE)  | 1 "ISDN User Part used all the way"              |  |
|   |  |  |
|   | ISDN access indicator                            |  |
|   | 1 "Terminating access ISDN"                      |  |
| NOTE: The ProgressIndicator "Coding Standard" parameter shall be set to "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)". The |  |  |
| default value for the ProgressIndicator "Location"  | parameter is "0011 (Transit Network)".           |  |

 Table 7.2.3.1.4A.1: ACM Parameters that trigger the 183 Session Progress response

- NOTE 1: As a network option the I-MGCF can also map ACM into 183 in other cases than those described in table 7.2.3.1.4A.1.
- CPG message, when:
  - 1. Event indicator is set to "in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available", or
  - 2. Event indicator is set to "Progress" and one of the options described in table 7.2.3.1.4A.2.

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| ←183 Session Progress   | ←CPG   |  |
|---|--|--|
| P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media,   | Event indicator  |  |
| if not already sent   | 000 0010 (progress)  |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | Optional backward call indicators parameter                    |  |
| Description" value No. 8  | In-band information indicator                                  |  |
| ("In-band information or appropriate pattern is now available") (NOTE 3)  | 1 "In-band info or an appropriate pattern is now<br>available" |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | Event indicator  |  |
| Description" value No. 1  | 000 0010 (progress)  |  |
| (Call is not end-to-end ISDN: further progress  |  |  |
| information may be available in-band") (NOTE 3)   | Backward call indicators parameter                             |  |
|   | ISDN User Part indicator                                       |  |
|   | 0 "ISDN User Part not used all the way"                        |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | Backward call indicators parameter                             |  |
| Description" value No. 2 ("Destination address is   | ISDN User Part indicator                                       |  |
| non-ISDN") (NOTE 3)   | "ISDN User Part used all the way"                              |  |
|   | ISDN access indicator  |  |
|   | 0 "Terminating access non-ISDN"                                |  |
| PSTN XML with ProgressIndicator with "Progress  | Backward call indicators parameter                             |  |
| Description" value No. 7  | ISDN User Part indicator                                       |  |
| ("Terminating access ISDN") (NOTE 3)  | "ISDN User Part used all the way"                              |  |
|   |  |  |
|   | ISDN access indicator  |  |
|   | 1 "Terminating access ISDN"                                    |  |
| NOTE 1: The mapping of the contents in the CPG message is only relevant if the information received in the message is different compared to earlier received information, e.g., in the ACM message or a CPG |  |  |
| message received prior to this message.   |  |  |
| NOTE 2: 183 Session Progress message including a P-Early-Media header authorizing early media may only be<br>sent for a speech call.  |  |  |
| NOTE 3: The ProgressIndicator "Coding Standard" parameter shall be set to "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)". The default value for the ProgressIndicator "Location" parameter is "0011 (Transit Network)".   |  |  |

 Table 7.2.3.1.4A.2: CPG Parameters that trigger the 183 Session Progress response

NOTE 2: As a network option the I-MGCF can also map CPG into 183 in other cases than those described in table 7.2.3.1.4A.1.

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the I-MGCF shall map the Access Transport Parameter received in the CPG or ACM into PSTN XML elements as shown in table 7a.0f and include this XML body in the 183 Session Progress. The I-MGCF shall include both a ProgressIndicator mapped from possibly received Progress indicator element in the Access Transport Parameter and ProgressIndicators derived according to table 7.2.3.1.4A.1 or table 7.2.3.1.4A.2 in the PSTN XML body.

NOTE 3: The order of ProgressIndicators within the same PSTN XML body is irrelevant.

If the I-MGCF has applied UDI-TA fallback related procedures in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a, the I-MGCF shall also apply the procedures in subclauses 7.2.3.1.4.0b and 7.2.3.1.4.1, including the PSTN XML body in the 183 Session Progress.

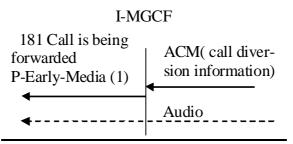
As a network option, an I-MGCF may generate a Call-Info header field, or an Alert-Info header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3261 [19] to provide media instead of the in-band media received from the PSTN.

If the ACM or CPG contains an ISUP Cause, the MGCF may add a Reason header field containing the received Cause Value to the SIP 183 Session Progress provisional response as a network option. The mapping of the Cause Indicators parameter to the Reason header as shown in table 9a shall be applied. IETF RFC 6432 [115] describes the use of the Reason header field in responses. The Reason header field itself is described in IETF RFC 3326 [116].

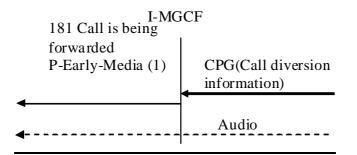
## 7.2.3.1.4B Sending of 181Call is being forwarded

The I-MGCF shall send the SIP 181 Call is being forwarded when receiving any of the following messages:

- ACM with call diversion information not indicating that presentation is not allowed and optional backward call indicators indicate that in-band information is available.



- NOTE 1: The P-Early-Media header field is a included if the received INVITE contains a P-Early-Media header field with the "supported" parameter as described in IETF RFC 5009 [89]. Figure 7c: The receipt of ACM (call diversion information)
- CPG with call diversion information not indicating that presentation is not allowed and optional backward call indicators indicate that in-band information is available.



NOTE 1: The P-Early-Media header field is a included if the received INVITE contains a P-Early-Media header field with the "supported" parameter as described in IETF RFC 5009 [89]. Figure 7d: Receipt of CPG (Call diversion information)

For a speech call, and if the INVITE request includes the P-Early-Media header, the I-MGCF shall include in the SIP 181 Call is being forwarded response a P-Early-Media header authorizing early media, except when

- the I-MGCF has already sent a reliable provisional response including a P-Early-Media header field, as defined in IETF RFC 5009 [89], or a 180 Ringing response; and
- the most recently sent P-Early-Media header field authorized early media.
- NOTE: If the I-MGCF signals the P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media, then the IMS can expect tones or announcements to the calling party to flow from the CS network via an MGW controlled by the I-MGCF.

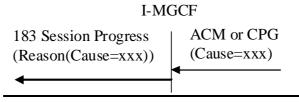
# 7.2.3.1.4C Sending of 183 Session Progress for overlap signalling using the in-dialog method

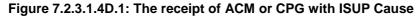
If the I-MGCF supports the network option of overlap signalling using the in-dialog method, and the SIP INVITE request contained an indication that the 100rel extension is supported or required, the I-MGCF shall send a reliable 183 (Session Progress) response immediately after the reception of an INVITE request.

NOTE: If the INVITE request does not contain an indication that the 100rel extension is supported or required, it is assumed that overlap is not used, and that no further digits will be received.

## 7.2.3.1.4D Sending of 183 Session Progress to carry ISUP Cause

If the I-MGCF receives an ACM or CPG message containing an ISUP Cause, and if the I-MGCF does not send any SIP provisional response due to interworking procedures described in subclauses 7.2.3.1.4A, for the ACM or CPG message, the I-MGCF may send a SIP 183 Session Progress with a Reason header field containing the received Cause Value as a network option. The mapping of the Cause Indicators parameter to the Reason header as shown in table 9a shall be applied. IETF RFC 6432 [115] describes the use of the Reason header field in responses. The Reason header field itself is described in IETF RFC 3326 [116].





# 7.2.3.1.5 Sending of the 200 OK (INVITE)

The following cases are possible trigger conditions for sending the 200 OK (INVITE):

- The reception of the ANM.

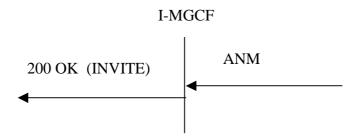


Figure 8: Receipt of ANM

- The reception of the CON message.

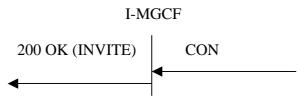


Figure 9: Receipt of CON

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the I-MGCF shall map the Access Transport Parameter received in the ANM or CON into PSTN XML elements as shown in table 7.2.3.1.5.1 and include this PSTN XML body in the 200 OK (INVITE).

On receipt of an ANM/CON message containing the ATP including the Bearer Capability set to "unrestricted digital information with tones/announcement" without TMU parameter the 200 OK message shall contain the PSTN XML Bearer Capability "unrestricted digital information with tones/announcement".

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the I-MGCF shall map an available BCI element in the ANM or CON into a ProgressIndicator in the PSTN XML body as shown in table 7.2.3.1.5.2; the I-MGCF shall include both a ProgressIndicator mapped from possibly received Progress indicator element in the Access Transport Parameter and ProgressIndicators derived according to table 7.2.3.1.5.2 in the PSTN XML.

NOTE 1: The order of ProgressIndicators within the same PSTN XML body is irrelevant.

| ←200 OK   | ←ANM or CON                                    |                          |
|---|--|--------------------------|
| PSTN XML  | ISUP Parameter                                 | Content                  |
| ProgressIndicator   | Access Transport Parameter                     | Progress indicator       |
| HighLayerCompatibility (NOTE 2)   |  | High layer compatibility |
| LowLayerCompatibility (NOTE 2)  |  | Low layer compatibility  |
| BearerCapability (NOTE 1, NOTE 2)   |  | Bearer Capability        |
| BearerCapability (NOTE 1, NOTE 2)   | Transmission medium used<br>parameter (NOTE 1) |                          |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: see subclause 7.2.3.1.4.1 Transmission Medium Used parameter (TMU)</li> <li>NOTE 2: The I-MGCF shall only provide this IE if it interworks media encoded in any of the formats in table 2a (G.711, Clearmode, or t38) without transcoding. If both TMU and a BC in the ATP have been received, the BC in the ATP shall be mapped.</li> </ul> |  |                          |

## Table 7.2.3.1.5.1: Mapping of ISUP ATP Parameter into PSTN XML elements

### Table 7.2.3.1.5.2: Mapping of ISUP BCI and optional BCI parameters into PSTN XML ProgressIndicator

| ← 200 OK  | ←ANM or CON   |  |
|---|---|--|
| PSTN XML body with ProgressIndicator with "Progress<br>Description" value No (Value of PI) (NOTE)   | Content<br>Backward call indicators parameter<br>Optional backward call indicators parameter  |  |
| No. 1<br>("Call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call progress<br>information may be available in-band")   | Backward call indicators parameter<br>ISDN User Part indicator<br>0 "ISDN User Part not used all the way"   |  |
| No. 2<br>("Destination address is non-ISDN")  | Backward call indicators parameter<br>ISDN User Part indicator<br>1 "ISDN User Part used all the way"<br>ISDN access indicator<br>0 "Terminating access non-ISDN" |  |
| No. 7<br>("Terminating access ISDN")  | Backward call indicators parameter<br>ISDN User Part indicator<br>1 "ISDN User Part used all the way"<br>ISDN access indicator<br>1 "Terminating access ISDN"     |  |
| No. 8<br>("In-band information or an appropriate pattern is now<br>available")  | Optional backward call indicators parameter<br>In-band information indicator<br>1 "in-band information or an appropriate<br>pattern is now available"             |  |
| NOTE: The ProgressIndicator "Coding Standard" parameter shall be set to "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)". The default value for the ProgressIndicator "Location" parameter is "0011 (Transit Network)". |   |  |

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body and receives a Transmission Medium Used (TMU) parameter,

NOTE 2: The I-MGCF will only receive a TMU parameter if it has applied the Fallback related procedures in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a, including both a USI and TMR Prime parameter in the IAM, and fallback to the bearer capability identified in USI and TMR Prime occurred at the terminating side.

then the I-MGCF shall:

- if a BC is not available in the ATP in the ANM or CON, map the TMU value (Speech or 3.1 kHz audio) to the PSTN XML BearerCapability element;
- if a BC is available in the ATP in the ANM or CON, include the received BC in the PSTN XML BearerCapability element;
- configure the IM-MGW to use the second format in the m-line in the SDP that has been received in the INVITE as codec at the IMS termination; and
- send SDP selecting the second format in the m-line of the SDP that has been received in the INVITE as soon as allowed according to SIP rules.

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body, has applied the Fallback related procedures in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.5a, including both a TMR and TMR Prime in the IAM, and did not receive TMU in the ANM, CON, or any previous ISUP message,

NOTE 3: Fallback to the bearer capability identified in TMR did not occurre at the terminating side.

then the I-MGCF shall:

- configure the IM-MGW to use the first format in the m-line in the SDP offer that has been received in the INVITE as codec at the IMS termination; and
- send SDP selecting the first format in the m-line in the SDP offer at the first possibility according to SIP rules.

#### 7.2.3.1.6 Sending of the Release message (REL)

The following are possible triggers for sending the Release message:

- Receipt of the BYE method

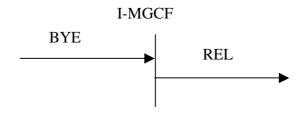


Figure 10: Receipt of the Bye method

- Receipt of the CANCEL method

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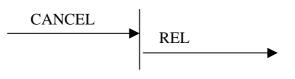


Figure 11: Receipt of Cancel method

Additional triggers are contained in table 10.

# 7.2.3.1.7 Coding of the REL

If the Reason header field with Q.850 Cause Value is included in the BYE or CANCEL request, then the Cause Value shall be mapped to the ISUP Cause Value field in the ISUP REL. The mapping of the Reason header to the Cause Indicators parameter is shown in table 8a. Table 8 shows the coding of the Cause Value in the REL if it is not available from the Reason header field. In both cases, the Location Field shall be set to "*network beyond interworking point*".

#### Table 8: Coding of REL

| SIP Message → | REL →                                |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Request       | cause indicators parameter           |
| BYE           | Cause value No. 16 (normal clearing) |
| CANCEL        | Cause value No. 16 (normal clearing) |

| Component of SIP<br>Reason header field  | Component value                       | BICC/ISUP Parameter field  | Value                  |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Protocol   | "Q.850"                               | Cause Indicators parameter | -                      |
| protocol-cause   | " <i>cause</i> = <i>XX</i> " (NOTE 1) | Cause Value                | " <i>XX</i> " (NOTE 1) |
| -  | -                                     | Location                   | "network beyond        |
|  |                                       |                            | interworking point"    |
| NOTE 1: "XX" is the Cause Value as defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.850 [38]. |                                       |                            |                        |

#### Table 8a: Mapping of SIP Reason header fields into Cause Indicators parameter

Editor"s Note: The mapping of reason headers towards the ISDN may be misused due to possible user creation of the reason header since there is no screening in IMS.

If the I-MGCF supports this PSTN XML body as a network option and the I-MGCF interworks media encoded in any of the formats in table 2a (G.711, Clearmode or t38) without transcoding, and if a PSTN XML body is received in the BYE or CANCEL request, the I-MGCF shall derive the Access Transport Parameter in the REL message from the PSTN XML body as shown in table 8b.

### Table 8b: Mapping of PSTN XML elements into ISUP Parameters

| BYE or CANCEL →        | REL →                      |                          |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| PSTN XML               | ISUP Parameter Content     |                          |
| HighLayerCompatibility | Access Transport Parameter | High layer compatibility |
| LowLayerCompatibility  |                            | Low layer compatibility  |

## 7.2.3.1.8 Receipt of the Release Message

If the REL message is received and a final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE)) has already been sent, the I-MGCF shall send a BYE message.

NOTE: According to SIP procedures, in the case that the REL message is received and a final response (e.g. 200 OK (INVITE)) has already been sent (but no ACK request has been received) on the incoming side of the I-MGCF then the I-MGCF does not send a 487 Request terminated response and instead waits until the ACK request is received before sending a BYE message.

If the REL message is received and the final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE)) has not already been sent, the I-MGCF shall send a Status-Code 4xx (Client Error), 5xx (Server Error) or 6xx (Global Failure) response. The Status code to be sent is determined by examining the Cause value received in the REL message. Table 9 specifies the mapping of the cause values, as defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.850 [38], to SIP response status codes. Cause values not appearing in the table shall have the same mapping as the appropriate class defaults according to ITU-T Recommendation Q.850 [38].

| ←SIP Message  | ← REL  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Status code   | Cause indicators parameter   |  |  |
| 404 Not Found   | Cause value No 1 (Unallocated (unassigned) number)   |  |  |
| 604 Does not exist anywhere   | Cause value No 2 (No route to specified transit network)   |  |  |
| 604 Does not exist anywhere   | Cause value No 3 (No route to destination)   |  |  |
| 500 Server Internal error   | Cause value No 4 (Send special information tone)   |  |  |
| 404 Not Found   | Cause value No 5 (Misdialled trunk prefix)   |  |  |
| 486 Busy Here   | Cause value No 17 (User busy)  |  |  |
| 480 Temporarily unavailable   | Cause value No 18 (No user responding)   |  |  |
| 480 Temporarily unavailable   | Cause value No 19 (No answer from user (user alerted))   |  |  |
| 480 Temporarily unavailable   | Cause value No 20 (Subscriber absent)  |  |  |
| 603 Decline IF location field is set to user<br>ELSE 403 Forbidden  | Cause value No 21 (Call rejected)  |  |  |
| 410 Gone  | Cause value No 22 (Number changed)   |  |  |
| 410 Gone  | Cause value No 23 (Redirection to new destination)   |  |  |
| 433 Anonymity Disallowed (NOTE 1)   | Cause value No 24 (Call rejected due to feature at the destination)  |  |  |
| 483 Too Many Hops   | Cause value No 25 (Exchange routing error)   |  |  |
| 480 Temporarily unavailable   | Cause value No 26 (Non-selected user clearing)   |  |  |
| 502 Bad Gateway   | Cause value No 27 (Destination out of order)   |  |  |
| 484 Address Incomplete  | Cause value No 28 (Invalid number format (address incomplete))   |  |  |
| 501 (Not Implemented)   | Cause value No 29 (Facility rejected)  |  |  |
| 480 Temporarily unavailable   | Cause value No 31 (Normal, unspecified)  |  |  |
|   | (class default) (NOTE 2)   |  |  |
| 486 Busy here if Diagnostics indicator<br>includes the (CCBS indicator = CCBS<br>possible)<br>else 503 Service Unavailable (NOTE 3) | Cause value No 34 (No circuit/channel available)   |  |  |
| 500 Server Internal error   | Cause value No 38 (Network out of order)   |  |  |
| 503 Service Unavailable (NOTE 3)  | Cause value No 41 (Temporary failure)  |  |  |
| 503 Service Unavailable (NOTE 3)  | Cause value No 42 (Switching equipment congestion)   |  |  |
| 500 Server Internal error   | Cause value No 43 (Access information discarded)   |  |  |
| 503 Service Unavailable (NOTE 3)  | Cause value No 44 (Requested channel not available)  |  |  |
| 500 Server Internal error   | Cause value No 46 (Precedence call blocked)  |  |  |
| 503 Service Unavailable (NOTE 3)  | Cause value No 47 (Resource unavailable, unspecified)<br>(class default)                                   |  |  |
| 488 Not acceptable here   | Cause value No 50 (Requested facility not subscribed)  |  |  |
| 603 Decline   | Cause value No 55 (Incoming class barred within Closed User Group (CUG))                                   |  |  |
| 603 Decline   | Cause value No 57 (Bearer capability not authorised)   |  |  |
| 503 Service Unavailable (NOTE 3)  | Cause value No 58 (Bearer capability not presently available)  |  |  |
| 501 (Not Implemented)   | Cause value No 63 (Service option not available, unspecified)<br>(class default)                           |  |  |
| 500 Server Internal error   | Cause value No 65 (Bearer capability not implemented)  |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 69 (Requested facility not implemented)   |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 70 (Only restricted digital information capability is available)                            |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 79 (Service or option not implemented, unspecified)<br>(class default)                      |  |  |
| 403 Forbidden   | Cause value No 87 (User not member of Closed User Group (CUG))   |  |  |
| 606 Not Acceptable  | Cause value No 88 (Incompatible destination)   |  |  |
| 403 Forbidden   | Cause value No 90 (Non existing Closed User Group (CUG))   |  |  |
| 500 Server Internal error   | Cause value No 91 (Invalid transit network selection)  |  |  |
| 513 Message too large   | Cause value No 95 (Invalid message, unspecified)<br>(class default)  |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 97 (Message type non-existent or not implemented)   |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 98 (Message not compatible with call state or message type non-existent or not implemented) |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 99 (Information element/parameter non-existent or not implemented)                          |  |  |
| 504 Server timeout  | Cause value No 102 (Recovery on timer expiry)  |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 103 (Parameter non-existent or not implemented, passed on)                                  |  |  |
| 501 Not Implemented   | Cause value No 110 (Message with unrecognised parameter, discarded)  |  |  |

# Table 9: Receipt of the Release message (REL)

| $\leftarrow$ SIP Message $\leftarrow$ REL  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Status code  | Cause indicators parameter  |  |
| 400 Bad Request Cause value No 111 (Protocol error, unspecified)<br>(class default)  |   |  |
| 500 Server Internal error  | Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)<br>(class default) |  |
| NOTE 1:Anonymity Disallowed, IETF RFC 5079 [77] refersNOTE 2:Class 0 and class 1 have the same default value.NOTE 3:No Retry-After header field shall be included. |   |  |

A Reason header field containing the received (Q.850) Cause Value of the REL shall be added to the SIP final response or BYE request sent as a result of this subclause. The mapping of the Cause Indicators parameter to the Reason header is shown in table 9a. IETF RFC 6432 [115] describes the use of the Reason header field in responses. The Reason header field itself is described in IETF RFC 3326 [116].

#### Table 9a: Mapping of Cause Indicators parameter into SIP Reason header fields

| Cause indicators<br>parameter field   | Value of parameter<br>field | component of SIP<br>Reason header field | component value  |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--|
| _   | —                           | protocol                                | "Q.850"  |
| Cause Value   | " <i>XX</i> " (NOTE 1)      | protocol-cause                          | " <i>cause</i> = <i>XX</i> " (NOTE 1)  |
|   |                             | reason-text                             | Should be filled with the<br>definition text as stated in<br>ITU-T Recommendation<br>Q.850 [38].<br>(NOTE 2) |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: "XX" is the Cause Value as defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.850 [38].</li> <li>NOTE 2: Due to the fact that the Cause Indicators parameter does not include the definition text as defined in table 1/Q.850 [38], this is based on provisioning in the I-MGCF.</li> </ul> |                             |   |  |

As a network option, an I-MGCF may generate an Error-Info header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3261 [19] to provide media instead of the in-band media received from the PSTN.

If the I-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the I-MGCF shall map the Access Transport Parameter received in the REL into PSTN XML elements as shown in table 9aa and include this PSTN XML body in the SIP final response or BYE.

#### Table 9aa: Mapping of ISUP Parameters into PSTN XML elements

| ←4xx,5xx,6xx or BYE  | ←REL                       |                          |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| PSTN XML   | ISUP Parameter             | Content                  |
| ProgressIndicator  | Access Transport Parameter | Progress indicator       |
| HighLayerCompatibility (NOTE)  |                            | High layer compatibility |
| LowLayerCompatibility (NOTE)   |                            | Low layer compatibility  |
| NOTE: The I-MGCF shall only provide this IE if it interworks media encoded in any of the formats in table 2a (G.711, Clearmode, or t38) without transcoding, |                            |                          |

# 7.2.3.1.9 Receipt of RSC, GRS or CGB (H/W oriented)

Upon receipt of a RSC, GRS or CGB (H/W oriented) message the following applies independently for each affected circuit:

NOTE: For the RSC message, the circuit identified by the CIC is affected.
 For the GRS message, the affected circuits are identified by the CIC and the Range subfield of the Range and Status parameter.
 For the CGB message, the affected circuits are identified by the CIC and the Range and Status parameter.

If an initial address message has been sent for the affected circuit and after at least one backward message relating to that call has been received then:

- If the final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE)) has already been sent, the I-MGCF shall send a BYE message.

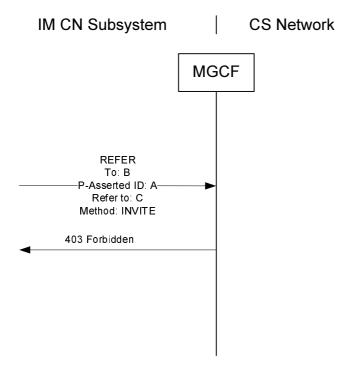
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- If the final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE)) has not already been sent, the I-MGCF shall send a SIP response with Status-Code 480 Temporarily Unavailable.

A Reason header field containing the (Q.850) Cause Value of the REL message generated by the ISUP procedures shall be added to the SIP message (BYE or 480 response) to be sent by the SIP side of the I-MGCF.

# 7.2.3.1.9a Receipt of REFER



### Figure 11a: Receipt of REFER method

Upon receipt of a REFER request at the MGCF, the default behaviour of the I-MGCF is to reject the REFER request with a 403 Forbidden response.

NOTE: The I-MGCF may also decide for example to execute the REFER request as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [75] as an operator option, but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

### 7.2.3.1.10 Autonomous Release at I-MGCF

Table 10 shows the trigger events at the MGCF and the release initiated by the MGCF when the call is traversing from SIP to ISUP/BICC.

A Reason header field containing the (Q.850) Cause Value of the REL message sent by the I-MGCF shall be added to the SIP Message (BYE request or final response) sent by the SIP side of the I-MGCF.

Editor's Note: It is FFS whether to indicate the cause value for internal error in the network to the user.

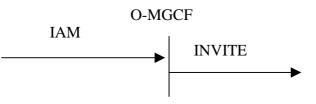
| ← SIP   | Trigger event                                    | $REL \rightarrow$              |
|---|--|--------------------------------|
| Response  |  | cause parameter                |
| 484 Address Incomplete  | Determination that insufficient digits received. | Not sent.                      |
| 480 Temporarily Unavailable   | Congestion at the MGCF/Call is not routable.     | Not sent.                      |
| BYE   | ISUP/BICC procedures result in release after     | According to ISUP/BICC         |
|   | answer   | procedures.                    |
| BYE   | SIP procedures result in release after answer.   | 127 (Interworking unspecified) |
| 500 Server Internal error   | Call release due to the ISUP/BICC compatibility  | According to ISUP/BICC         |
|   | procedure (NOTE)                                 | procedures.                    |
| 484 Address Incomplete  | Call release due to expiry of T7 within the      | According to ISUP/BICC         |
|   | ISUP/BICC procedures                             | procedures.                    |
| 480 Temporarily Unavailable   | Call release due to expiry of T9 within the      | According to BICC/ISUP         |
|   | BICC/ISUP procedures                             | procedures.                    |
| 480 Temporarily Unavailable.  | Other BICC/ISUP procedures result in release     | According to BICC/ISUP         |
|   | before answer.                                   | procedures.                    |
| NOTE: MGCF receives unrecognized ISUP or BICC signalling information and determines that the call needs |  |                                |
| to be released based on the coding of the compatibility indicators, refer to ITU-T Recommendation       |  |                                |
| Q.764 [4] and ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30].  |  |                                |

#### Table 10: Autonomous Release at I-MGCF

## 7.2.3.1.11 Internal through connection of the bearer path

The through connection procedure is described in subclause 9.2.2.3.5.

- 7.2.3.2 Outgoing Call Interworking from ISUP to SIP at O-MGCF
- 7.2.3.2.1 Sending of INVITE
- 7.2.3.2.1.1 General



## Figure 11b: Receipt of an IAM

Upon reception of an IAM message, the O-MGCF shall send a SIP INVITE request, as further detailed in the subclauses below.

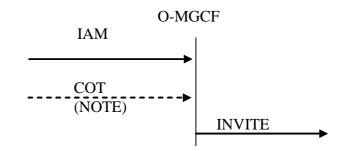
An O-MGCF shall support both the SIP preconditions and 100 rel extensions and indicate the support of the SIP preconditions and 100rel extensions in the INVITE request, unless the Note below applies.

NOTE: If the O-MGCF is deployed in an IMS network that by local configuration serves no user requiring preconditions, it may send the INVITE request without indicating support of preconditions.

#### 7.2.3.2.1.2 Interaction with continuity check

If the Continuity Check indicator in the Nature of Connection Indicators parameter in the incoming IAM is set to indicate either "*continuity check required on this circuit*" or "*continuity check performed on previous circuit*", the O-MGCF should defer sending the INVITE request until receiving a COT message.

NOTE: If the Continuity Check indicator in the Nature of Connection Indicators parameter in the incoming IAM is set to indicate either "*continuity check required on this circuit*" or "*continuity check performed on previous circuit*" and the O-MGCF sends the INVITE request before receiving a COT message, the following considerations apply: If the receiving terminal is not supporting the SIP precondition and the SIP UPDATE method, clipping may occur. Furthermore, if the MGCF sets the SDP "inactive" attribute in the initial INVITE request and the receiving terminal is not supporting the SIP precondition, the interworking procedures within the present specification do not describe all necessary signalling interactions required to set up a call, in particular with respect to the sending of the re-INVITE that may also cause additional delay in the call setup. In addition, the interworking of the ringing indication might not be possible if the peer sends the ringing indication only as response to a re-INVITE.



NOTE: Waiting for the COT is recommended, if the Continuity Check indicator in the Nature of Connection Indicators parameter in the incoming IAM is set to indicate either "*continuity check required on this circuit*" or "*continuity check performed on previous circuit*" Figure 12: Receipt of an IAM (Waiting for the COT message)

#### 7.2.3.2.1.3 IAM without calling party number

If no calling party number is received in the incoming IAM message, as a network option, the O-MGCF may send an INR message to request the calling party number and not send the INVITE request until receiving an INF message with calling party number. If no calling party number is received in the INF message, O-MGCF may reject or continue the call based on local configuration.

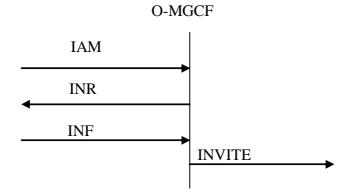


Figure 12a: Receipt of an IAM (Request for calling party number)

### 7.2.3.2.1.4 Terminating overlap signalling at MGCF

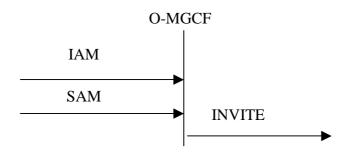


Figure 13: Receipt of an IAM (Overlap signalling in CS network)

After initiating the normal incoming BICC/ISUP call establishment procedures, determining the end of address signalling and selecting to route the call to the IMS domain, the O-MGCF shall send the initial INVITE.

The end of address signalling shall be determined by the earlier of the following criteria:

- a) by receipt of an end-of-pulsing (ST) signal; or
- b) by receipt of the maximum number of digits used in the national numbering plan; or
- c) by analysis of the called party number to indicate that a sufficient number of digits has been received to route the call to the called party; or
- d) by observing that timer Ti/w1 has expired after the receipt of the latest address message and the minimum number of digits required for routing the call have been received.

If the end of the address signalling is determined in accordance with criteria a) b) or c), the timer Ti/w2 is started when INVITE is sent. Also, if the PSTN XML body is supported as a network option, the O-MGCF shall insert the PSTN XML sendingCompleteIndication.

#### 7.2.3.2.1.5 Fallback (optional)

The Fallback mechanism described in the present subclause shall only apply if the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, and propagates UDI-TA fallback signalling into the IMS as a network option.

NOTE: If the Fallback related signalling is not forwarded according to the procedures in the present sublause by the O-MGCF, the O-MGCF will apply the ISUP Fallback procedures when the IAM includes a TMR and a TMR prime parameter and a USI and USI Prime parameter.

When the IAM includes a TMR and a TMR prime parameter and a USI and USI Prime parameter then the O-MGCF shall:

- map the "USI Prime" into the "InformationTransferCapability" of the second BearerCapability element in the PSTN XML body;
- include SDP with one m-line of "audio" media type in the INVITE;
- map the "TMR" and "USI Prime" into a first offerered format in the SDP m-line according to table 10b;
- map the "USI" into the first Bearer Capability element in the PSTN XML body;
- map the "TMR prime" into the "InformationTransferCapability" of the first BearerCapability element in the PSTN XML body; and
- map the TMR prime and USI into a second offerered format in the SDP m-line according to table 10b.

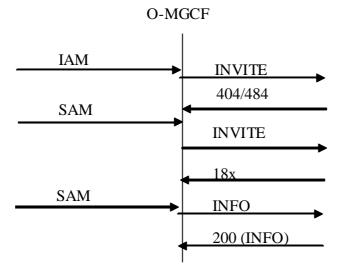
## 7.2.3.2.1a Sending of INVITE without determining the end of address signalling

## 7.2.3.2.1a.1 General

As a network option, the O-MGCF is not required to determine the end of address signalling. In this case the O-MGCF shall send an initial INVITE when a preconfigured number of digits has been reached.

When the MGCF receives ISUP SAM messages the additional digits received in the SAMs may either be sent using the in-dialog overlap method as specified in subclause 7.2.3.2.1a.2 or using the multiple INVITEs overlap method as specified in 7.2.3.2.1a.3. It depends on the network configuration which of these methods is applied. However, within one IMS only a single method shall be used.

#### 7.2.3.2.1a.2 Additional digits sent with in-dialog overlap method



#### Figure 14: Overlap signalling using in-dialog INFOs in CS an IMS network

If the O-MGCF sends an initial SIP INVITE request before the end of address signalling is determined, the O-MGCF shall:

- use the SIP precondition extension within the SIP INVITE request;
- start timer Ti/w2;
- be prepared to process SAM as described below;
- be prepared to handle incoming SIP 18x provisional responses, establishing early dialogs; and
- be prepared to handle incoming SIP 404 or 484 error responses as detailed in subclause 7.2.3.2.12.1.
- NOTE: A SIP INVITE request with incomplete address information can be rejected with a SIP 404 or 484 error response.

On receipt of a SAM from the BICC/ISUP side, unless the O-MGCF has received a SIP 180 (Ringing) response for the call, the following O-MGCF procedures apply:

- The O-MGCF shall stop timer Ti/w3 (if it is running).
- If no response has been received for the previous INVITE request of the same call, the O-MGCF shall wait for the response and then apply the procedures in the next bullets to transfer the digits received in the SAM. If additional SAMs are received while the O-MGCF is waiting for the response for the previous SIP INVITE request, the digits within shall be combined with the digits of the previous SAMs.
- If an early dialog has not been established, and a SIP 404 or 484 error response has been received for the last previous SIP INVITE request for the same call, the O-MGCF shall send a SIP INVITE request complying to the following:

- The SIP INVITE request shall use the SIP preconditions extension.
- The SIP INVITE request shall include all digits received so far for this call in the Request-URI.
- The SIP INVITE request shall include the same Call-ID and From tag as the previous SIP INVITE request for the call.
- If an early dialog has been established, and a response has been received for any previously sent SIP INFO request ("legacy" mode of usage of the INFO method as defined in IETF RFC 6086 [133]), the O-MGCF shall send an in-dialog SIP INFO request complying the following:
  - The SIP INFO request shall only include the digits received since the previous SIP request with digits was sent (see Note).
- If no response has been received for the previous SIP INFO request, the O-MGCF shall wait for the response and then apply the procedures in the previous bullet to transfer digits received in the SAM. If additional SAMs are received while the O-MGCF is waiting for the response for the previous SIP INFO request, the digits within shall be combined with the digits of the previous SAMs.
- Restart Ti/w2.

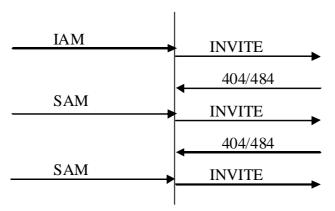
If timer Ti/w2 has expired, or the O-MGCF has received a SIP 180 (Ringing) response for the call, the O-MGCF shall ignore subsequent SAMs received.

NOTE: The encoding of the digits within the SIP INFO request is described in subclause 7.2.3.2.20.2.

Editor's note: It needs to be verified whether the timer procedures associated with the in-dialog method are correct.

7.2.3.2.1a.3 Additional digits sent using the multiple INVITEs overlap method

# O-MGCF



#### Figure 14a: Overlap signalling using multiple INVITEs in CS an IMS network

If the O-MGCF sends an SIP INVITE request before the end of address signalling is determined, the O-MGCF shall:

- use the SIP precondition extension within the SIP INVITE request;
- start timer Ti/w2; and
- be prepared to process SAM as described below; and
- be prepared to handle incoming SIP 404 or 484 error responses as detailed in subclause 7.2.3.2.12.1.
- NOTE: An SIP INVITE request with incomplete address information will be rejected with a SIP 404 or 484 error response.

On receipt of a SAM from the BICC/ISUP side, unless the O-MGCF has received a SIP 180 (Ringing) response for the call, the O-MGCF shall:

- stop timer Ti/w3 (if it is running);
- send an INVITE request complying to the following:
  - The SIP INVITE request shall use the SIP preconditions extension.
  - The SIP INVITE request shall include all digits received so far for this call in the Request-URI.
  - The SIP INVITE request shall include the same Call-ID and From tag as the previous SIP INVITE request for the call.
- restart Ti/w2;

If timer Ti/w2 has expired, or the O-MGCF has received a SIP 180 (Ringing) response for the call, the O-MGCF shall ignore subsequent SAMs received.

### 7.2.3.2.2 Coding of the INVITE

### 7.2.3.2.2.0 Overview

Table 10aa provides a summary of how the header fields within the outgoing INVITE message are populated.

### Table 10aa: Interworked contents of the INVITE message

| IAM→   | INVITE→                        |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Called Party Number                                | Request-URI                    |
|  | То                             |
| Calling Party Number                               | P-Asserted-Identity            |
|  | Privacy                        |
|  | From                           |
| Generic Number ("additional calling party number") | From                           |
|  | Privacy                        |
| Hop Counter  | Max-Forwards                   |
| TMR/USI  | Message Body (application/SDP) |
| Location Number                                    | P-Access-Network-Info          |

### 7.2.3.2.2.1 REQUEST URI Header

The called party number parameter of the IAM message is used to derive Request URI of the INVITE Request. The Request URI is a tel URI or SIP URI with "user=phone" and shall contain:

- an E.164 International public telecommunication number prefixed by a "+" sign (e.g. tel:+4911231234567), or
- a non E.164 number (national operator option for service numbers), expressed as a local number as per IETF RFC 3966 [97].

| IAM INVITE                    |  | INVITE  |                                    |   |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|---|
| BICC/IS<br>Parameter          |  | Value   | SIP component                      | Value   |
| Called Party<br>(NOTE 3)      | <sup>v</sup> Number  |   | Request-URI and To<br>header field | display-name (optional) and addr-spec<br>derived from Called Party Number parameter<br>address signals  |
| Nature of Ad<br>Indicator (NC |  | "national (significant)<br>number"                                | Tel URI or SIP URI                 | Insert "+CC" before the Address signals (NOTE 1)  |
| (NOTE 6)                      |  | "international<br>number"   |                                    | Insert "+" before the Address signals   |
|                               |  | "Network-specific<br>number" or<br>"reserved for national<br>use" |                                    | according to local policies should either be:<br>- a global number (+CC), if the called party<br>number may be converted into an E.164<br>address<br>OR, depending on operator"s requirements |
|                               |  |   |                                    | may be converted into<br>- local number (with a phone-context<br>parameter) (NOTE 4) (NOTE 5)   |
|                               |  |   | in which the O-MGCF is lo          |   |
|                               |  |   | dicator" value "unknown" is        | s allowed but the mapping is not specified in   |
| NOTE 3: If<br>(h              | <ul> <li>the present specification.</li> <li>3: If the address signals received in the ISUP Called Party Number contain a sending terminated signal (hexadecimal digit F), then this shall be discarded or if the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option then the PSTN XML sendingCompleteIndication shall be set.</li> </ul> |   |                                    |   |
|                               |  |   |                                    |   |
| NOTE 5: N<br>lo<br>us         |  |   |                                    |   |
| ne                            |  |   |                                    |   |

### Table 10a: Mapping ISUP Called Party Number to SIP Request-URI and To header field

### 7.2.3.2.2.2 SDP Media Description

If the O-MGCF indicates support of the SIP preconditions in the initial INVITE request and local preconditions have not been met, the SDP media description shall contain precondition information as per 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]. Depending on the coding of the continuity indicators different precondition information (IETF RFC 3312 [37]) is included. If the continuity indicator indicates "continuity performed on a previous circuit" or "continuity required on this circuit", and the INVITE is sent before receiving a COT, message (which is not recommended according to subclause 7.2.3.2.1.1), then the O-MGCF shall indicate that the preconditions are not met. Otherwise the O-MGCF shall indicate whether the preconditions are met, dependent on thestatus of the local resource reservation. If the local preconditions are not met the O-MGCF should set the media stream to inactive mode (by including an attribute "a=inactive"). If the local configuration indicates that O-MGCF is deployed in the IMS network that serves users supporting SIP precondition mechanism, the attribute "a=inactive" may be omitted when the initial SDP offer indicates local preconditions are not met. If the initial SDP offer indicates local preconditions are fulfilled, the O-MGCF shall not set the media stream to inactive mode.

If the O-MGCF determines that a speech call is incoming, the O-MGCF shall include the AMR codec transported according to IETF RFC 4867 [23] with the options listed in subclause 5.1.1 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32] in the SDP offer, unless the Note below applies. Within the SDP offer, the O-MGCF should also provide SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers specified in IETF RFC 3556 [59] to disable RTCP, as detailed in subclause 7.4 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32]. The O-MGCF may include other codecs according to operator policy.

NOTE: If the O-MGCF is deployed in an IMS network that by local configuration serves no user equipment that implements the AMR codec, then the AMR codec may be excluded from the SDP offer.

To avoid transcoding or to support non-speech services, the O-MGCF may add media derived from the incoming ISUP information according to table 10b. The support of the media listed in table 10b is optional. If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and adds media derived from the incoming ISUP information according to table

10b, the O-MGCF shall also map the media related ISUP information into the XML body as shown in table 7.2.3.2.2.7.1.

Table 10b: Coding of SDP media description lines from TMR/USI: ISUP to SIP

| TMR parameter               | USI paran                                 | neter (Optional)                                  | HLC IE in ATP<br>(Optional)                     |                   | m= lin                  | le  | b= line   | a= line   |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|
| TMR codes                   | Information<br>Transfer-<br>Capability    | User Information<br>Layer 1 Protocol<br>Indicator | High Layer<br>Characteristics<br>Identification | <media></media>   | <transport></transport> | <fmt-list></fmt-list>   | <modifier>:<br/><bandwidth-<br>value&gt;</bandwidth-<br></modifier> | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt> <encoding<br>name&gt;/<clock rate="">[/encoding<br/>parameters&gt;</clock></encoding<br></dynamic-pt>                      |
| "speech"                    | "Speech"                                  | "G.711 μ-law"                                     | Ignore  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | 0 (and possibly 8)<br>(NOTE 1)                                  | AS: (64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                | rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000<br>(and possibly rtpmap:8 PCMA/8000)<br>(NOTE 1)   |
| "speech"                    | "Speech"                                  | "G.711 μ-law"                                     | Ignore  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | Dynamic PT (and<br>possibly a second<br>Dynamic PT)<br>(NOTE 1) | AS: (64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt> PCMU/8000<br/>(and possibly rtpmap:<dynamic-pt><br/>PCMA/8000)<br/>(NOTE 1)</dynamic-pt></dynamic-pt>                      |
| "speech"                    | "Speech"                                  | "G.711 A-law"                                     | Ignore  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | 8   | AS: (64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                | rtpmap:8 PCMA/8000  |
| "speech"                    | "Speech"                                  | "G.711 A-law"                                     | Ignore  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | Dynamic PT  | AS:(64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                 | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt> PCMA/8000</dynamic-pt>   |
| "3.1 KHz audio"             | USI Absent                                |   | Ignore  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | 8   | AS:(64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                 | rtpmap:8 PCMA/8000  |
| "3.1 KHz audio"             | "3.1 KHz<br>audio"                        | "G.711 μ-law"                                     | (NOTE 3)  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | 0 (and possibly 8)<br>(NOTE 1)                                  | AS:(64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                 | rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000<br>(and possibly rtpmap:8 PCMA/8000)<br>(NOTE 1)   |
| "3.1 KHz audio"             | "3.1 KHz<br>audio"                        | "G.711 A-law"                                     | (NOTE 3)  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | 8   | AS:(64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                 | rtpmap:8 PCMA/8000  |
| "3.1 KHz audio"             | "3.1 KHz<br>audio"                        |   | "Facsimile<br>Group 2/3"                        | image<br>(NOTE 9) | Udptl [73]              | t38[73]   | AS:(64 + UDP/IP<br>overhead)  | Based on ITU-T T.38 [72]. (NOTE 8)  |
| "3.1 KHz audio"             | "3.1 KHz<br>audio"                        |   | "Facsimile<br>Group 2/3"                        | image<br>(NOTE 9) | Tcp<br>(NOTE 7)         | t38[73]   | AS:(64 + TCP/IP<br>overhead)  | Based on ITU-T T.38 [72]. (NOTE 8)  |
| "3.1 KHz audio"             | "3.1 KHz<br>audio"                        |   | "Facsimile<br>Group 2/3"                        | Audio<br>(NOTE 9) | RTP/AVP                 | 0, 8, or <dynamic-<br>PT&gt;</dynamic-<br>                      | AS:(64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                 | rtpmap:0 PCMA/8000 or<br>rtpmap:8 PCMU/8000 or<br>rtpmap: <dynamic-pt> PCMA/8000 or<br/>rtpmap:<dynamic-pt> PCMU/8000</dynamic-pt></dynamic-pt> |
| "64 kbit/s<br>preferred"    | "Speech/<br>3.1KHz<br>audio"<br>(NOTE 6)  | N/A   | Ignore  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | Dynamic PT  | AS:(64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                 | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt><br/>CLEARMODE/8000<br/>(NOTE 2)(NOTE 4)</dynamic-pt>   |
| "64 kbit/s<br>unrestricted" | "Unrestricte<br>d digital<br>information" | N/A   | Ignore  | audio             | RTP/AVP                 | Dynamic PT  | AS:(64 +<br>RTP/UDP/IP<br>overhead)                                 | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt><br/>CLEARMODE/8000<br/>(NOTE 2)(NOTE 5)</dynamic-pt>   |

| TMR parameter | MR parameter USI parameter (Optional)  |   | HLC IE in ATP<br>(Optional)                     | m= line         |                         | b= line   | a= line   |  |
|---------------|--|---|---|-----------------|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| TMR codes     | Information<br>Transfer-<br>Capability | User Information<br>Layer 1 Protocol<br>Indicator | High Layer<br>Characteristics<br>Identification | <media></media> | <transport></transport> | <fmt-list></fmt-list>   | <modifier>:<br/><bandwidth-<br>value&gt;</bandwidth-<br></modifier> | rtpmap: <dynamic-pt> <encoding<br>name&gt;/<clock rate="">[/encoding<br/>parameters&gt;</clock></encoding<br></dynamic-pt> |
|               |  |   |   |                 |                         | reframing should be offered in the<br>detailed in Annex E may add an m-<br>ements".<br>173 [88]). |   |  |

# 7.2.3.2.2.3 P-Asserted-Identity, From and Privacy header fields

# Table 12: Mapping BICC/ISUP CLI parameters to SIP header fields

| Has a Calling Party<br>Number parameter<br>with complete E.164<br>number, and with<br>Screening Indicator =<br>UPVP or NP (NOTE 1)<br>been received? | Calling<br>Party<br>Number<br>APRI | Has a Generic<br>Number (ACgPN)<br>with a complete<br>E.164 number and<br>with Screening<br>Indicator = UPNV<br>been received? | Generic<br>Number<br>APRI    | P-Asserted-Identity<br>header field   | From header field   | Privacy header field   |
|--|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| N  | -                                  | Ν  | -                            | Header field not included   | SIP or SIPS URI with addr-spec of<br>Unavailable User Identity (NOTE<br>2) (NOTE 6)                             | Header field not included  |
| Ν  | -                                  | Y (NOTE 3)   | "presentation<br>allowed"    | Header field not included   | addr-spec derived from Generic<br>Number (ACgPN) address signals<br>or network provided value (NOTE<br>6)       | Header field not included  |
| Ν  | -                                  | Y (NOTE 3)   | "presentation<br>restricted" | Header field not included   | SIP or SIPS URI with addr-spec of<br>Unavailable User Identity (NOTE<br>2) (NOTE 6)                             | Header field not included  |
|  |                                    |  |                              |   | Derived from the Generic Number<br>parameter address signals (see<br>table 13) (NOTE 8)                         | priv-value =: "user"<br>(See table 16).  |
| Y  | "presentation<br>allowed"          | Ν  | -                            | Derived from Calling<br>Party Number parameter<br>address signals<br>(See table 14) | Tel URI or SIP URI derived from<br>Calling Party Number parameter<br>address signals (See table 15)             | Privacy header is not<br>included or if included, "id" is<br>not included (See table 16)                 |
| Y  | "presentation<br>allowed"          | Y  | "presentation<br>allowed"    | Derived from Calling<br>Party Number parameter<br>address signals<br>(See table 14) | Derived from Generic Number<br>(ACgPN) address signals<br>(See table 13)<br>(NOTE 6)                            | Privacy header is not<br>included or if included, "id"<br>and "user" are not included<br>(See table 16). |
| Y  | "presentation<br>allowed"          | Y  | "presentation<br>restricted" | Derived from Calling<br>Party Number parameter<br>address signals<br>(See table 14) | Tel URI or SIP URI derived from<br>Calling Party Number parameter<br>address signals (See table 15)<br>(NOTE 9) | Privacy header is not<br>included or if included, "id" is<br>not included<br>(See table 16).             |
|  |                                    |  |                              |   | SIP or SIPS URI with addr-spec of<br>Anonymuous URI (NOTE 6)<br>(NOTE 7) (NOTE 10)                              | Privacy header is not<br>included or if included, "id" is<br>not included<br>(See table 16).             |
|  |                                    |  |                              |   | Derived from the Generic Number<br>parameter address signals (see<br>table 13) (NOTE 8)                         | priv-value =: "user".<br>"id" is not included<br>(See table 16).   |

| Has a Calling Party<br>Number parameter<br>with complete E.164<br>number, and with<br>Screening Indicator =<br>UPVP or NP (NOTE 1)<br>been received? | Calling<br>Party<br>Number<br>APRI                     | Has a Generic<br>Number (ACgPN)<br>with a complete<br>E.164 number and<br>with Screening<br>Indicator = UPNV<br>been received? | Generic<br>Number<br>APRI    | P-Asserted-Identity<br>header field   | From header field   | Privacy header field   |
|--|--|--|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Y  | "presentation<br>restricted"                           | Ν  | -                            | Derived from Calling<br>Party Number parameter<br>address signals<br>(See table 14) | SIP or SIPS URI with addr-spec of<br>Anonymous URI (NOTE 7) (NOTE<br>6)                 | priv-value =: "id". (See table<br>16)  |
| Y  | "presentation<br>restricted"                           | Y  | "presentation<br>allowed"    | Derived from Calling<br>Party Number parameter<br>address signals<br>(See table 14) | Derived from Generic Number<br>(ACgPN) address signals<br>(See table 13)<br>(NOTE 6)    | priv-value =: "id".  |
| Y  | "presentation<br>restricted"                           | Y  | "presentation<br>restricted" | Derived from Calling<br>Party Number parameter<br>address signals                   | SIP or SIPS URI with addr-spec of<br>Anonymous URI (NOTE 7) (NOTE<br>6) (NOTE 10)       | priv-value =: "id"   |
|  |  |  |                              | (See table 14)  | Derived from the Generic Number<br>parameter address signals (see<br>table 13) (NOTE 8) | priv-value =: "id", "user".<br>(See table 16).   |
| Y  | "presentation<br>restricted by<br>network"<br>(NOTE 4) | Ν  | -                            | Header field not included.  | addr-spec is set to<br>"unavailable@hostportion" (NOTE<br>5)                            | Privacy header is not<br>included or if included, "id" is<br>not included (See table 16)                 |
| Y  | "presentation<br>restricted by<br>network"             | Y  | "presentation<br>allowed"    | Header field not included.  | Derived from Generic Number<br>(ACgPN) address signals<br>(See table 13)<br>(NOTE 6)    | Privacy header is not<br>included or if included, "id"<br>and "user" are not included<br>(See table 16). |
| Y  | "presentation<br>restricted by<br>network"             | Y  | "presentation<br>restricted" | Header field not included.  | addr-spec is set to<br>"unavailable@hostportion" (NOTE<br>5)                            | Privacy header is not<br>included or if included, "id" is<br>not included<br>(See table 16).             |
|  |  |  |                              |   | Derived from the Generic Number<br>parameter address signals (see<br>table 13) (NOTE 8) | priv-value =: "user".<br>"id" is not included<br>(See table 16).   |

| Has a Calling Party<br>Number parameter<br>with complete E.164<br>number, and with<br>Screening Indicator<br>UPVP or NP (NOTE<br>been received?   | Party<br>Number<br>APRI | Has a Generic<br>Number (ACgPN)<br>with a complete<br>E.164 number and<br>with Screening<br>Indicator = UPNV<br>been received? | Generic<br>Number<br>APRI | P-Asserted-Identity<br>header field | From header field  | Privacy header field |  |
|---|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|--|
| be mapped   | into the SIP From       | header. It is also consid  | ered suitable to          |                                     | allow the "display" of this Network Pro<br>ntity header since in this context it is<br>ad CLL for this purpose |                      |  |
| NOTE 2: The "From"  | header may conta        | in an "Unavailable User  | Identity". An "U          | navailable User Identity" incl      | udes information that does not point to<br>be as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [7                                  |                      |  |
| NOTE 3: This combin   | ation of CgPN and       | d ACgPN is an error cas  | e but is shown h          | nere to ensure consistent ma        | pping across different implementation  |                      |  |
|   |                         | described within ETSI E<br>is according to operator  |                           | )].                                 |  |                      |  |
|   |                         |  |                           | ded to the "From" header.           |  |                      |  |
|   |                         |  |                           |                                     | udes information that does not point t<br>shall be as defined in 3GPP TS 23.0                                  |                      |  |
| indicates that the caller has withheld their identity. The encoding of the "Anonymous User Identity" shall be as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [74].<br>NOTE 8: As a network option, the "From" header may be derived from the Generic Number parameter address signals (see table 13). This option is only recommended to use<br>within a trusted domain where an entity such as a TAS is configured to be inserted into the call path that is able to change the "From" Header content to an<br>anonymous user identity (NOTE 7). |                         |  |                           |                                     |  |                      |  |
| NOTE 9: As a network option, the "From" header may be derived from the Calling Party Number parameter address signals (see table 15). This option is only recommended to use within a trusted domain where an entity such as a TAS is configured to be inserted into the call path that is able to change the "From" Header content to an anonymous user identity (NOTE 7).   |                         |  |                           |                                     |  |                      |  |
| NOTE 10: Network op   | ion.                    |  |                           |                                     |  |                      |  |

| BICC/ISUP parameter /<br>field                  | Value  | SIP component      | Value   |
|---|--|--------------------|---|
| Generic Number<br>Number Qualifier<br>Indicator | "additional calling party<br>number"   | From header field  | display-name (optional) and addr-spec   |
| Nature of Address<br>Indicator                  | "national (significant)<br>number"   | Tel URI or SIP URI | Add CC (of the country where<br>the MGCF is located) to GN<br>address signals to construct<br>E.164 number in URI. Prefix<br>number with "+". |
|   | "international number"   |                    | Map complete GN address<br>signals to E.164 number in<br>URI. Prefix number with "+".   |
| Address signal                                  | if NOA is " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " then<br>the format of the address<br>signals is:           |                    |   |
|   | NDC+ SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international</i><br><i>number</i> "<br>then the format of the<br>address signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | Tel URI or SIP URI | CC+NDC+SN as E.164<br>number in URI. Prefix number<br>with "+".   |

# Table 13: Mapping of generic number (additional calling party number) to SIP from header fields

# Table 14: Mapping of calling party number parameter to SIP P-Asserted-Identity header fields

| BICC/ISUP Parameter /<br>field                 | Value  | SIP component                       | Value  |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Calling Party Number                           |  | P-Asserted-Identity header<br>field | addr-spec and optionally display-name (NOTE)   |
| Nature of Address<br>Indicator                 | "national (significant)<br>number"   | Tel URI or SIP URI                  | Add CC (of the country<br>where the MGCF is<br>located) to CgPN address<br>signals to construct E.164<br>number in URI. Prefix<br>number with "+". |
|  | "international number"   |                                     | Map complete CgPN<br>address signals to E.164<br>number in URI. Prefix<br>number with "+".   |
| Address signal                                 | If NOA is " <i>national</i><br>(significant) number" then<br>the format of the address<br>signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international</i><br><i>number</i> "<br>then the format of the<br>address signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | Tel URI or SIP URI                  | CC+NDC+SN as E.164<br>number in URI. Prefix<br>number with "+"   |
| NOTE: The display-name<br>by network operation | e may be mapped from the co<br>tor policies.   | prresponding telephone numb         | per if possible and allowed  |

| BICC/ISUP parameter /<br>field | Value   | SIP component                 | Value  |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Calling Party Number           |   | From header field             |  |
| Nature of Address<br>Indicator | "national (significant)<br>number"  | Tel URI or SIP URI<br>(NOTE)  | Add CC (of the country<br>where the MGCF is<br>located) to CgPN address<br>signals then map to<br>construct E.164 number in<br>URI. Prefix number with<br>"+". |
|                                | "international number"  |                               | Map complete CgPN<br>address signals to<br>construct E.164 number in<br>URI. Prefix number with<br>"+".  |
| Address signal                 | If NOA is " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " then<br>the format of the address<br>signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international</i><br><i>number</i> "<br>then the format of the<br>address signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | Tel URI or SIP URI<br>(NOTE)  | CC+NDC+SN as E.164<br>number in URI. Prefix<br>number with "+".  |
| NOTE: A tel URI or a SIF       | P URI with "user=phone" is us   | sed according to operator pol | icy.   |

#### Table 15: Mapping of BICC/ISUP Calling Party Number parameter to SIP From header fields

# Table 16: Mapping of BICC/ISUP APRIs into SIP privacy header fields

| BICC/ISUP parameter /<br>field             | Value  | SIP component               | Value  |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Calling Party Number                       |  | Privacy header field        | priv-value   |
| APRI                                       | "presentation restricted"  | Priv-value                  | "id"<br>("id" included only if the P-<br>Asserted-Identity header is<br>included in the SIP<br>INVITE) |
|  | "presentation allowed" or<br>"presentation restricted by<br>network" | Priv-value                  | omit Privacy header<br>or Privacy header without<br>"id" if other privacy service<br>is needed         |
| Generic Number (ACgPN)                     |  | Privacy header field        | priv-value   |
| APRI (NOTE)                                | "presentation restricted"  | Priv-value                  | "user"   |
|  | "presentation allowed"   | Priv-value                  | omit Privacy header<br>or Privacy header without<br>"user" if other privacy<br>service is needed       |
| NOTE: Mapping of Gene<br>header field (see | eric Number APRI is only app table 12).                              | licable, if the Generic Num | ber is mapped to the "From"  |

#### 7.2.3.2.2.3A "cpc" URI Parameter in P-Asserted-Identity Header

See Annex C for normative interworking of a Calling party's category to a "cpc" URI parameter within P-Asserted-Identity header field.

#### 7.2.3.2.2.3B "oli" URI Parameter in P-Asserted-Identity Header

See Annex H for normative interworking of the "oli" URI parameter as a network option.

#### 7.2.3.2.2.4 Max Forwards header

If the Hop Counter procedure is supported in the CS network, the O-MGCF shall use the Hop Counter parameter to derive the Max-Forwards SIP header. Due to the different default values (that are based on network demands/provisions) of the SIP Max-Forwards header and the Hop Counter, an adaptation mechanism shall be used to adopt the Hop Counter to the Max Forwards at the O-MGCF. For example, the following guidelines could be applied.

- a) Max-Forwards for a given message should be monotone decreasing with each successive visit to a SIP entity, regardless of intervening interworking, and similarly for Hop Counter.
- b) The initial and successively mapped values of Max-Forwards should be large enough to accommodate the maximum number of hops that may be expected of a validly routed call.

The table 17 shows the principle of the mapping:

#### Table 17: Hop counter-Max forwards

| Hop Cou | nter                 | = X                          | Max-Forwards        | = Y = Integer part of (X * Factor) |
|---------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| NOTE:   | The Mapping of value | X to Y should be done with t | he used (implemente | ed) adaptation mechanism.          |

The factor used to map from Hop Counter to Max-Forwards for a given call will depend on call origin, and will be provisioned at the O-MGCF based on network topology, trust domain rules, and bilateral agreement.

The Principle of adaptation could be implemented on a basis of the network provision, trust domain rules and bilateral agreement.

#### 7.2.3.2.2.5 IMS Communication Service Identifier

For speech and video calls, the O-MGCF shall insert an IMS Communication Service Identifier, indicating the IMS Multimedia Telephony Communication Service.

The IMS Communication Service Identifier for the IMS Multimedia Telephony Communication Service is defined in 3GPP TS 24.173 [88].

#### 7.2.3.2.2.6 P-Early-Media header field

For a speech call the O-MGCF may include the P-Early-Media header field with the "supported" parameter as described in IETF RFC 5009 [89] in each outgoing INVITE request.

NOTE: The P-Early-Media header with the "supported" parameter can be ignored by terminating devices when not supporting the procedures described in IETF RFC 5009 [89].

#### 7.2.3.2.2.7 PSTN XML elements

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the O-MGCF shall map ISUP information into the XML body as shown in table 7.2.3.2.2.7.1 and 7.2.3.2.2.8.1.

|  | SUP Parameter ansport Parameter | Content  | PSTN XML  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Access Tra   | ansport Parameter               | 1 Back Lawrence and a Ob 200 c.  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                 | High layer compatibility   | HighLayerCompatibility (NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3) |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                 | Low layer compatibility  | LowLayerCompatibility (NOTE 3)                  |  |  |  |  |
| User Servi   | ce Information                  |  | Bearer Capability (NOTE 3, NOTE 4)              |  |  |  |  |
| User Teleservice Information   |                                 | High layer compatibility   | HighLayerCompatibility (NOTE 2, NOTE 3)         |  |  |  |  |
| Called Party Number  |                                 | Sending terminated signal<br>(hexadecimal digit F)   | sendingCompleteIndication                       |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                 | y information elements are received in the received in the received into the PSTN XML body to the received into the PSTN XML body. |   |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 2: In the normal case, the High layer compatibility information in the ATP is equal to the High layer compatibility in the User Teleservice Information parameter. In the PSTN XML body, no two identical High layer compatibility information shall be present. If an HLC is available both in the ATP and in the User Teleservice information, the HLC from the ATP should be mapped. |                                 |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 3:  |                                 |  |   |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.2.3.2.2.7.1: Mapping of ISUP Parameters with PSTN XML elements

#### 7.2.3.2.2.8 Progress indicator

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the Forward call indicators parameter and an available "Progress indicator" element in the IAM shall be mapped into a ProgressIndicator in the PSTN XML body of the INVITE as shown in table 7.2.3.2.2.8.

|  | IAM→  |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Forward call i   | ndicators parameter   | Access transport<br>parameter           | PSTN XML body with<br>ProgressIndicator with<br>"Progress Description"<br>value No. (Value of PI)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| ISDN User Part indicator   | ISDN access indicator   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0<br>("ISDN User Part<br>not used all the way")                          | Value non-significant   | Value non-significant                   | No. 1 (NOTE 1)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1<br>("ISDN User Part<br>used all the way")                              | 0<br>("originating access non - ISDN")  | Value non-significant                   | No. 3 (NOTE 1)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1<br>("ISDN User Part<br>used all the way")                              | 1<br>("originating access ISDN")  | Progress indicator<br>No. (Value of PI) | ProgressIndicator mapped<br>from Progress indicator<br>received in the ATP<br>(NOTE 2) and additional<br>ProgressIndicator with<br>"Progress Description"<br>value No.6 (NOTE 1,<br>NOTE 3) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1<br>("ISDN User Part<br>used all the way")                              | 1<br>("originating access ISDN")  | Not present                             | No. 6 (NOTE 1)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default value for th<br>NOTE 2: The entire Progres<br>parameters shall b | NOTE 1: The ProgressIndicator "Coding Standard" parameter shall be set to "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)". The default value for the ProgressIndicator "Location" parameter is "0011 (Transit Network)". |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Table 7.2.3.2.2.8: Coding of PSTN XML ProgressIndicator

#### 7.2.3.2.2.9 P-Access-Network-Info

If the IAM message includes a location number ISDN user part parameter, the O-MGCF shall include a P-Access-Network-Info header. The P-Access-Network-Info shall be populated as shown in table 7.2.3.2.2.9.1.

#### Table 7.2.3.2.2.9.1: Coding of the P-Access-Network-Info header fields

| BICC/ISUP parameter / field |   | SIP component        | Value                               |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Location Number             |   | access-type          | "GSTN"                              |
|                             |   | gstn-location (NOTE) | value of Location Number, in quotes |
| NOTE:                       | 5 |                      |                                     |

#### Table 7.2.3.2.2.9.2: Mapping ISUP Location Number to SIP P-Access-Network-Info

| IAM                                   | INVITE  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Location Number                       | P-Access-Network-Info   |  |  |
| Parameter name                        | not mapped  |  |  |
| Parameter length                      | not mapped  |  |  |
| Parameter content                     | gstn-location set to the hexadecimal representation of the ISUP parameter                                     |  |  |
|                                       | content, encoded as a text string between quotes  |  |  |
|                                       | 3 [4], the parameter content includes both the header fields (octets 1 and 2) and                             |  |  |
| the address signals.                  | the address signals.  |  |  |
|                                       | The parameter content includes the address presentation restricted indicator. This field is not mapped to the |  |  |
|                                       | Privacy header field. It is upon network operator responsibility to remove the P-Access-Network-Info header   |  |  |
|                                       | field when leaving the trust domain, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [9].                                      |  |  |
| NOTE 3: If the screening indicator is | If the screening indicator is set to network provided, a np parameter is added to the P-Access-Network-Info   |  |  |
| header field value.                   | header field value.   |  |  |

# 7.2.3.2.2A Coding of the INVITE when Number Portability is supported

This subclause describes optional coding procedures when Number Portability is supported.

#### 7.2.3.2.2A.1 REQUEST URI and To Header

When Number Portability is supported, the method used for signalling of the Called Party E.164 address and the Number Portability Routing Number determines the parameters of the IAM message used to derive the Request URI of the INVITE Request.

The number portability information (rn and npdi) shall not be mapped into the To header field.

ITU-T Q.769.1 [92] describes three possible addressing methods for signalling of the Called Party E.164 address and Number Portability Routing Number (ITU-T Q.769.1 [92] uses the terms directory number and network routing number respectively). The choice of these methods is based on network operator and national requirements.

The following subclauses describe how the Request URI and To header fields are populated, based on these methods, when a Number Portability Routing Number is available in the IAM.

When the optional Number Portability Routing Number is available and supported, these procedures take precedence over procedures for coding of the Request URI and To header fields described in subclause 7.2.3.2.2.1.

When a Number Portability Routing Number is not available, the Request URI and To Header fields are populated as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.2.1, with the following addition: If a Number Portability Forward Information Parameter parameter is present in the IAM, containing a value of "number portability query done for called number, non-ported called subscriber", a tel URI npdi parameter [93] is added.

For the following subclauses, the Request URI is a tel URI or SIP URI with "user=phone" and shall contain an International public telecommunication number prefixed by a "+" sign (e.g. tel:+4911231234567).

# 7.2.3.2.2A.1.1 Separate Directory Number Addressing Method

| Table 17a: Mapping ISUP to SIP Request-URI and To header field with Number Portability Separate |
|---|
| Directory Number Addressing Method  |

| IAM→  |                                  | INVITE  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Called Party Number   | Called Directory Number          | Request-URI and To Header Field   |  |
| Address Signal:   | Address Signal:                  | The "telephone-subscriber" is populated from  |  |
| Nature of address indicator:  | Nature of address indicator:     | the Called Directory Number as follows:   |  |
| "Network routing number in<br>national (significant) number   | "National (significant) number". | Insert "+CC" before the Address signals (NOTE 1)  |  |
| format" or "National  |                                  | The Tel URI rn= parameter is populated from   |  |
| (significant) number" or  |                                  | the Called Party Number as follows:   |  |
| "Network routing number in  |                                  | Insert "+CC" before the Address signals (NOTE 1)  |  |
| network specific number<br>format" as described in ITU-T  |                                  | and is added only to the Request-URI.   |  |
| Q.769.1 [92]  |                                  | Use of the local form of the rn= parameter is out of                                      |  |
| (NOTE 2)  |                                  | the scope of the present specification.   |  |
|   |                                  | Tel URI npdi parameter as defined in IETF RFC 4694 [93] is added only to the Request-URI. |  |
| NOTE 1: CC = Country Code of the network in which the O-MGCF is located.                                    |                                  |   |  |
| NOTE 2: If the address signals received in the ISUP Called Party Number contain a sending terminated signal |                                  |   |  |
| (hexadecimal digit F), then this shall be discarded or if the PSTN XML is supported then the                |                                  |   |  |
| sendingCompleteIndication shall be included.  |                                  |   |  |

# 7.2.3.2.2A.1.2 Concatenated Addressing Method

# Table 17b: Mapping ISUP to SIP Request-URI and To header field with Number Portability Concatenated Number Addressing Method

| IAM→   | INVITE  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Called Party Number  | Request-URI and To Header Field   |  |
| Address Signal:<br>Nature of address indicator:<br>"Network routing number concatenated with<br>called directory number" or<br>"National (significant) number" as described<br>in ITU-T Q.769.1 [92]<br>(NOTE 2)   | The "telephone-subscriber" is populated from the Called Party         Number as follows:       Remove the prefix representing the Number Portability Routing Number or the prefix prior to the directory number (NOTE3).         Insert "+CC" before the Address signals (NOTE 1).         The Tel URI rn= parameter is populated from the Called Party         Number as follows and is added only to the Request-URI:         Use all address digits contained within the Called Party Number or remove the digits that follow the prefix representing the Number |  |
|  | Portability Routing Number<br>Insert "+CC" before the Address signals (NOTE 1)<br>Use of the local form of the rn= parameter is out of the scope of the<br>present specification.<br>Tel URI npdi parameter as defined in IETF RFC 4694 [93] is added<br>only to the Request-URI.   |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 2: If the address signals received in the (hexadecimal digit F), then this shares sendingCompleteIndication shall be NOTE 3: Based on national policy the whole and a prefix. In such cases only the sending complete sending comp</li></ul> | <ul> <li>CC = Country Code of the network in which the O-MGCF is located.</li> <li>If the address signals received in the ISUP Called Party Number contain a sending terminated signal (hexadecimal digit F), then this shall be discarded or if the PSTN XML is supported then the sendingCompleteIndication shall be included.</li> </ul>   |  |

#### 7.2.3.2.2A.1.3 Separate Network Routing Number Addressing Method

| IAM  | <b>&gt;</b>  | INVITE   |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Network Routing Number   | Called Party Number  | Request-URI and To Header Field  |  |
| Address Signal:  | Address Signal:  | The "telephone-subscriber" is populated  |  |
| Nature of address indicator:<br>"Network routing number in national<br>(significant) number format" or<br>"Network routing number in network | Nature of address indicator:<br>"National (significant) number". | from the Called Party Number as follows:<br>Insert "+CC" before the Address signals<br>(NOTE 1)  |  |
| specific number format" as<br>described in ITU-T Q.769.1 [92]<br>(NOTE 2)  |  | The Tel URI rn= parameter is populated<br>from the Network Routing Number as<br>follows and is added only to the Request-<br>URI:<br>Insert "+CC" before the Address signals<br>(NOTE 1) |  |
|  |  | Use of the local form of the rn= parameter is out of the scope of the present specification.   |  |
|  |  | Tel URI npdi parameter as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4694 [93] is added only to the<br>Request-URI.  |  |
| NOTE 1: CC = Country Code of the network in which the O-MGCF is located.   |  |  |  |
| NOTE 2: If the address signals received in the ISUP Called Party Number contain a sending terminated signal                                  |  |  |  |
| (hexadecimal digit F), then this shall be discarded or if the PSTN XML is supported then the<br>sendingCompleteIndication shall be included. |  |  |  |

# Table 17c: Mapping ISUP to SIP Request-URI and To header field with Number Portability Separate Network Routing Number Addressing Method

# 7.2.3.2.2B Coding of the INVITE for Carrier Routeing

This subclause describes optional coding procedures for carrier-based routeing.

# 7.2.3.2.2B.1 Mapping of "cic" in REQUEST URI Header

The procedures followed in subclause 7.2.3.2.2.1 apply with the following addition.

If the Transit Network Selection parameter, defined according to ITU-T Q.761 [4], is included in the IAM message the O-MGCF, based on network configuration, may send the transit network selection information to the SIP network. In such a case the "cic=" parameter as defined in IETF RFC 4694 [93] is included in the SIP-Request URI and configured according to the table below.

# Table 17d: Mapping of ISUP "Transit Network Selection" (TNS) to SIP "Carrier Identification Code" (CIC)

| ISUP parameter/field      | Value  | SIP Component | Value   |
|---------------------------|--------|---------------|---|
| Transit Network Selection | Digits |               | "cic=carrier ID code" as defined in<br>IETF RFC 4694 [93] |

7.2.3.2.2B.2 Void

# 7.2.3.2.2C Coding of INVITE with instance-id in form of IMEI URN

An Emergency Access Transfer Function (EATF) that provides IMS-based mechanisms for enabling service continuity of IMS emergency sessions is described in 3GPP TS 23.237 [118]. A correlation of the call legs at the EATF is based on the equipment identifier.

A Mobile Equipment Identifier (MEI) parameter of the Mobile Service Transport (MST) Application Transport Parameter is defined in 3GPP TS 29.205 [14].

An instance-id is a SIP Contact header field parameter defined in IETF RFC 5626 [119]. When an IMEI is available, the instance-id shall take the form of an International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI) URN as specified in IETF draft-montemurro-gsma-imei-urn [120].

When an O-MGCF receives the Mobile Service Transport (MST) Application Transport Parameter containing the Mobile Equipment Identifier (MEI) parameter within the IAM the O-MGCF shall perform the mapping to the "+sip.instance" Contact header field parameter according to table 7.2.3.2.2C.1.

| Table 7.2.3.2.2C.1: | Mapping of ISUP/BICC to SIP |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
|---------------------|-----------------------------|

| → IAM   |  | → INVITE                   |  |
|---|--|----------------------------|--|
| ISUP Parameter  | Value  | SIP Component              | Value  |
| Transport Parameter Mobile Equipment Identifier:  |  | containing "+sip.instance" | gmsa urn set to "imei" namespace<br>NOTE 1<br>NOTE 2 |
| NOTE 1: The gsma-specifier "imei" is generated as:<br>urn:gsma:imei:tac-snr-spare<br>where<br>"tac" represents 8 digits type allocation code (TAC), "snr" represents 4 digits serial number (SNR),<br>and "spare" represents spare decimal digit as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [74]. |  |                            |  |
| NOTE 2: The Softwa<br>gsma urn.   | The Software Version Number is not interworked and thus the "svn" parameter is not included within the gsma urn. |                            |  |

#### 7.2.3.2.3 Receipt of CONTINUITY

This subclause only applies if the O-MGCF has sent the INVITE request without waiting for an outstanding COT message (see subclause 7.2.3.2.1).

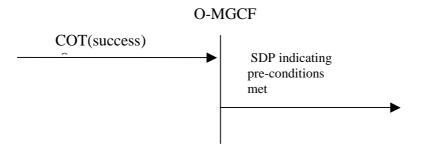


Figure 14a: Receipt of COT (success)

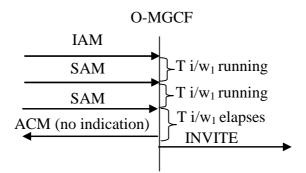
When the requested local preconditions (if any) have been met and if possible outstanding continuity procedures have successfully been completed (COT with the Continuity Indicators parameter set to "continuity check successful" is received), a SDP offer (e.g. a SIP UPDATE request, as defined in IETF RFC 3311 [55]) shall be sent for each early SIP dialogue for which the received provisional response indicated support of preconditions confirming that all the required local preconditions have been met. If the O-MGCF previously offered inactive media stream it shall set the media stream to active mode.

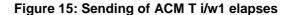
NOTE: This procedure applies regardless of whether the early SIP dialog existed prior to the preconditions being fulfilled or is subsequently created.

#### 7.2.3.2.4 Sending of ACM and awaiting answer indication

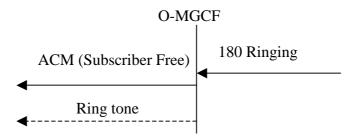
If the Address Complete Message (ACM) has not yet been sent, the following cases are possible trigger conditions that shall lead to the sending the address complete message (ACM):

- the detection of end of address signalling by the expiry of Timer T  $i/w_1$  or,





 the reception of the first 180 Ringing. An O-MGCF initiates the sending of an awaiting answer indication only if according to IETF RFC 5009 [89] backward early media is not authorized (the most recently received P-Early-Media header field is received does not authorize the backward early media or the P-Early-Media header field has not yet been received).



#### Figure 16: Sending of ACM (Receipt of first 180 Ringing and backward early media is not authorized)

Based on local knowledge that the call is transited to a PSTN network, the O-MGCF may decide not to generate the awaiting answer indication when receiving the 180 Ringing message and backward early media is not authorized according to IETF RFC 5009 [89].

#### O-MGCF

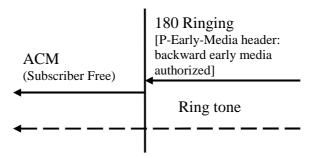
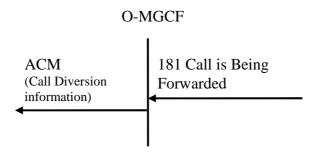
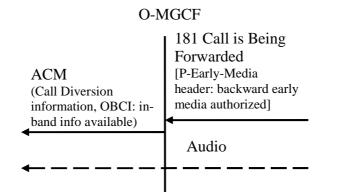


Figure 16a: Sending of ACM (Receipt of first 180 Ringing and backward early media is authorized)

- the reception of the first 181 Call is Being Forwarded.



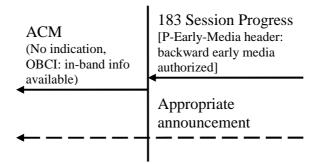
# Figure 16b: Sending of ACM (Receipt of first 181 Call is Being Forwarded and backward early media is not authorized)



# Figure 16c: Sending of ACM (Receipt of first 181 Call is Being Forwarded that includes authorization of early media)

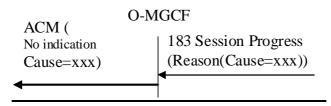
- At an O-MGCF once all the following sub-conditions have been met: {1} the reception of the first 183 Session Progress that includes a P-Early-Media header field authorizing backward early media, and {2} SDP preconditions are not used, or applicable SDP preconditions have been met.

# O-MGCF



# Figure 16d: Sending of ACM (Receipt of first 183 Session Progress that includes authorization of early media)

- As a network option, reception of 183 containing a SIP reason header with an Q.850 Cause Value.



#### Figure 16e: Sending of ACM (Receipt of 183 Session Progress containing SIP Reason header)

- Ti/w 2 expires after the initial INVITE is sent.

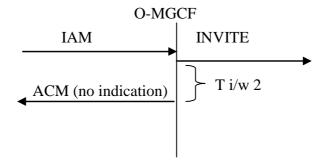


Figure 17: Sending of ACM (Ti/w2 elapses)

The sending of an awaiting answer indication is described in subclause 9.2.3.3.

When a 180 (Ringing) response is received with the Alert-Info header field at an O-MGCF supporting capabilities associated with the Alert-Info header field an O-MGCF may instruct the IM-MGW to play out early media available at the associated URL to the PSTN leg of the communication.

If the O-MGCF receives a 18x response with a P-Early-Media header field that changes the authorization of early media, the O-MGCF terminates the sending of the awaiting answer indication if the header field authorizes backward early media, and initiates the sending of the awaiting answer indication if the header field removes authorization of backward early media and if the O-MGCF has received the 180 Ringing response.

#### 7.2.3.2.5 Coding of the ACM

7.2.3.2.5.0 General

The description of the following ISDN user part parameters can be found in ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 [4].

7.2.3.2.5.1 Backward call indicators Charge indicator Contributors bits AB 10 charge DC bits Called party's status indicator 01 subscriber free if the 180 Ringing has been received. 00 no indication otherwise FE Called party's category indicator bits 00 no indication bits HG End-to-end method indicator 00 no end-to-end method available bit I Interworking indicator

*1 interworking encountered* 

As a network operator option, the value I = 0 "no interworking encountered" is used for TMR = 64 kBit/s unrestricted

- NOTE: This avoids sending of a progress indicator with Progress information 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 "Call is not end-to-end ISDN; further call progress information may be available in-band", so the call will not be released for that reason by an ISDN terminal.
- bit <u>J</u> End-to-end information indicator
  - 0 *no end-to-end information available*
- bit <u>K</u> ISDN user part/BICC indicator
  - 0 ISDN user part not used all the way

As a network operator option, the value K = 1 "ISDN user part/BICC used all the way" is used for TMR = 64 kBit/s unrestricted

- NOTE: This avoids sending of a progress indicator with progress information 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 "Call is not end-to-end ISDN; further call progress information may be available in-band", so the call will not be released for that reason by an ISDN terminal.
- bit <u>L</u> Holding indicator (national use)
  - 0 holding not requested
- bit <u>M</u> ISDN access indicator
  - 0 terminating access non-ISDN

As a network operator option, the value M = 1 "terminating access ISDN" is used for TMR = 64 kBit/s unrestricted.

- NOTE: This avoids sending of a progress indicator with progress information 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 "Destination access is non-ISDN", so the call will not be released for that reason by an ISDN terminal.
- bit <u>N</u> Echo control device indicator
  - 1 *incoming echo control device included*, for speech calls, e.g., TMR is "3.1KHz audio".
  - 0 *incoming echo control device not included*, for known data calls, e.g., TMR "64 kBit/s unrestricted" or HLC "Facsimile Group 2/3".

If the PSTN XML body is supported as a network option, the Backward Call indicators parameters derived as shown in table 7.2.3.2.5.1.1 shall take precedence over the above Backward Call indicators parameter setting.

| ←ACM  | ← 180 Ringing or 183 Session Progress   |
|---|---|
| Backward call indicators parameter<br>Optional backward call indicators parameter   | PSTN XML body with Progress indicator with<br>"Coding Standard" value "00 (ITU-T standardized<br>coding)" and with "Progress Description" No<br>(Value of PI) |
| Backward call indicators parameter<br>ISDN User Part indicator  | No. 1<br>("Call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call progress<br>information may be available in-band")   |
| 0 "ISDN User Part not used all the way"   |   |
| Backward call indicators parameter  | No. 2<br>("Destination address is non-ISDN")  |
| ISDN User Part indicator<br>0 "ISDN User Part used all the way"   |   |
| ISDN access indicator<br>0 "Terminating access non-ISDN"  |   |
| Backward call indicators parameter  | No. 7<br>("Terminating user ISDN")  |
| Interworking indicator<br>0 "no interworking encountered"   |   |
| ISDN User Part indicator<br>1 "ISDN User Part used all the way"   |   |
| ISDN access indicator<br>1 "Terminating access ISDN"  |   |
| Optional backward call indicators parameter<br>In-band information indicator<br>1 "in-band information or an appropriate pattern is<br>now available" | No. 8<br>("In-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available")   |

7.2.3.2.5.2 Optional Backward call indicators

Bit A 1 "in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available" shall be set if 183 Session Progress or 181 Call is Being Forwarded response is received and according to IETF RFC 5009 [89] backward early media is authorized.

#### Table 7a0.4: Sending criteria of Optional backward call indicators parameter

| ←ACM   | ← 183 Session Progress or<br>181 Call is Being Forwarded |
|--|--|
| Optional backward call indicators parameter<br>In-band information indicator | P-Early-Media header authorizing backward<br>early media |
| in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available               | -  |

# 7.2.3.2.5.3 Access Transport Parameter, Transmission medium used parameter

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and if a PSTN XML body is received within the 180 ringing or 183 session progress, the O-MGCF shall store the received PSTN XML elements, replacing any previously stored PSTN XML elements on that dialog.

NOTE: Multiple 18x responses can be received, both within a single dialog and in multiple dialogs. The PSTN XML bodies are stored on a per-dialog basis to be mapped to the ATP/TMU parameters on receipt of the 200 OK (see subclause 7.2.3.2.9.2).

# Table 7.2.3.2.5.3.1: Void

# 7.2.3.2.5.4 Progress indicator

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and receives it in the 180 or 183, the O-MGCF shall store a "ProgressIndicator" element from the PSTN XML body on a per dialog basis and shall add itionaly map it into a Progress Indicator in the ACM as shown in table 7.2.3.2.5.4.1.

| ←ACM   | ←180/183  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Access transport parameter   | PSTN XML body with Progress indicator with "Coding<br>Standard" value "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)" and with<br>"Progress Description" No. (Value of PI) |  |
| Progress indicator (NOTE)  | Progress indicator No. 1 / 2  |  |
| Progress indicator (NOTE)  | Progress indicator No. 8  |  |
| NOTE: The entire Progress Indicator, includin<br>parameters shall be copied. | ng the "Progress Description", "Coding Standard" and "Location"   |  |

#### Table 7.2.3.2.5.4.1: Handling of the progress indicator

#### Table 7.2.3.2.5.4.2: Void

#### 7.2.3.2.5.5 Cause Value

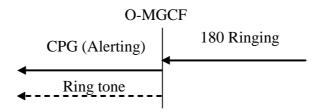
If the O-MGCF sends the ACM upon reception of a SIP 183 provisional response containing a SIP reason header with a Q.850 Cause value, the IO-MGCF may include the received Cause value within the ACM as a network option. The mapping of the Cause Indicators parameter to the Reason header as shown in table 8a shall be applied. IETF RFC 6432 [115] describes the use of the Reason header field in responses. The Reason header field itself is described in IETF RFC 3326 [116].

# 7.2.3.2.6 Sending of the Call Progress message (CPG)

#### 7.2.3.2.6.0 General

If the Address Complete Message (ACM) has already been sent, the O-MGCF shall send the Call Progress message (CPG) in the following cases:

 Upon receipt of the SIP 180 Ringing provisional response. An O-MGCF should initiate the sending of an awaiting answer indication only if according to IETF RFC 5009 [89] backward early media is not authorized (the most recently received P-Early-Media header field does not authorize the backward early media or the P-Early-Media header field has not yet been received).



# Figure 18: Sending of CPG(Alerting) (Receipt of 180 Ringing response and backward early media is not authorized)

#### O-MGCF

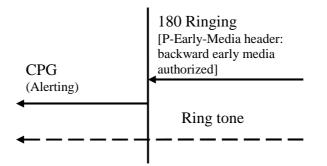
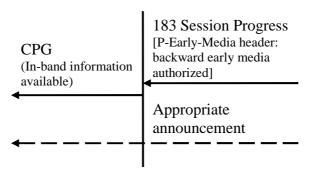


Figure 18a: Sending of CPG(Alerting) (Receipt of 180 Ringing response with authorization of early media)

Based on local knowledge that the call is transited to a PSTN network, the O-MGCF may decide not to generate the awaiting answer indication when receiving the 180 Ringing message and backward early media is not authorized according to IETF RFC 5009 [89].

- At an O-MGCF upon receipt of a 183 Session Progress that includes the first P-Early-Media header field authorizing backward early media.



# O-MGCF

#### Figure 18b: Sending of CPG(in-band information available)

- Upon receipt of the 181 Call is Being Forwarded provisional response.

#### O-MGCF

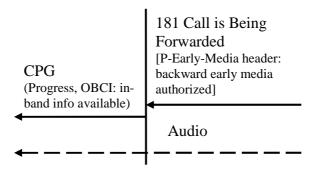


Figure 18c: Sending of CPG(Progress)

- As a network option, reception of 183 containing a SIP reason header with a Q.850 Cause Value.

| CPG (in-band O-M      | O-MGCF               |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| information available | 183 Session Progress |  |  |  |  |
| Cause=xxx)            | (Reason(Cause=xxx))  |  |  |  |  |
|                       |                      |  |  |  |  |

# Figure 18d: Sending of CPG (Receipt of 183 Session Progress containing SIP Reason header)

If the O-MGCF receives a 18x response with P-Early-Media header that changes the authorization of early media, the O-MGCF terminates the sending of the awaiting answer indication if the header authorizes backward early media and initiates the sending of the awaiting answer indication if the header removes authorization of backward early media and if the O-MGCF has received the 180 Ringing response.

7.2.3.2.6.1 Handling of the progress indicator

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and receives it in the 180 or 183, any "ProgressIndicator" element in the PSTN XML body shall be stored on a per-dialog basis as well as mapped as shown in tables 7.2.3.2.6.1.1 and 7.2.3.2.6.1.3.

| ←CPG   | ←180/183  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Access transport parameter   | PSTN XML body with Progress indicator X   |  |  |
| Progress indicator (NOTE 1, NOTE 3)  | Progress indicator No. 1 / 2  |  |  |
| Progress indicator (NOTE 2, NOTE 3)  | Progress indicator No. 4  |  |  |
| Progress indicator No. 4 (NOTE 2, NOTE 4)  | Progress indicator No. 7  |  |  |
| since value 1 or 2 was previously sent or if no<br>NOTE 2: Value 4 ("Call has returned to the ISDN") shall | ent if Value 4 ("Call has returned to the ISDN") has been sent<br>value 1 or 2 was previously sent.<br>be sent if value 1 ("call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call<br>") or 2 ("destination address is non-ISDN") was sent |  |  |
| NOTE 3: The entire Progress Indicator, including the "P<br>parameters shall be copied.                     | The entire Progress Indicator, including the "Progress Description", "Coding Standard" and "Location" parameters shall be copied.   |  |  |
|  | The Progress Indicator "Coding Standard" parameter shall be set to "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)". The default value for the Progress Indicator "Location" parameter is "0100 (Public Network serving remote user)".        |  |  |

Table 7.2.3.2.6.1.1: Mapping of progress indicator in PSTN XML body into ATP

# Table 7.2.3.2.6.1.2: Void

#### Table 7.2.3.2.6.1.3: Mapping of progress indicator in PSTN XML body into Event Indicator

| ←CPG  | ←180/183   |  |
|---|--|--|
| Event indicator   | PSTN XML body with Progress indicator with "Coding<br>Standard" value "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)" and<br>with Progress Description" value No. X |  |
| "In-band information or appropriate pattern is now available" | No. 8<br>"In-band information or appropriate pattern is now<br>available"  |  |

#### 7.2.3.2.7 Coding of the CPG

7.2.3.2.7.0 General

The description of the following ISDN user part parameters can be found in ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 [4].

- 7.2.3.2.7.1 Event information
  - bits G-A Event indicator
    - 000001 *alerting* if 180 Ringing response received
    - 0000010 progress, if 181 Call is Being Forwarded response received
    - 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 *in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available*, if the received 183 Session Progress response and most recently received P-Early-Media header authorizes backward early media

NOTE: In national networks other values of the Event indicator may be used.

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and receives in the 180 or 183 a "ProgressIndicator" element in the PSTN XML body with a "Coding Standard" value "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)" and with Progress Description" value No. 8, instead of the mapping above, the O-MGCF shall map this "Progress Indicator" into the "Event Indicator" within the CPG as shown in table 7.2.3.2.6.1.3.

#### 7.2.3.2.7.2 Access Transport Parameter

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and if a PSTN XML body is received within the 180 ringing or 183 session progress, the O-MGCF shall store the contained information as described in subclause

7.2.3.2.5.3, and additionally shall map this "Progress Indicator" into the ATP within the CPG as shown in table 7.2.3.2.6.1.1.

NOTE: Multiple 18x responses can be received, both within a single dialog and in multiple dialogs. The PSTN XML bodies are stored on a per-dialog basis to be mapped to the ATP parameter on receipt of the 200 OK (see subclause 7.2.3.2.9.2).

7.2.3.2.7.3 Void

#### Table 17h: Void

#### Table 17j: Void

#### 7.2.3.2.7.4 Handling of Backward Call indicators

The Backward Call indicator shall be derived as shown in section 7.2.3.2.5.1. The Backward Call Indicators parameter is optional in the CPG message and shall only be included if any indicators have changed from those previously sent.

7.2.3.2.7.5 Optional Backward call indicators

Bit A 1 "in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available" shall be set if 181 Call is Being Forwarded response is received and according to IETF RFC 5009 [89] the backward early media is authorized.

#### Table 17k: Sending criteria of Optional backward call indicators parameter

| ←CPG  | ← 181 Call is Being Forwarded                         |
|---|---|
| Optional backward call indicators parameter<br>In-band information indicator<br>in-band information or an appropriate pattern is<br>now available | P-Early-Media header authorizing backward early media |

#### 7.2.3.2.7.6 Cause Value

If the O-MGCF sends the CPG upon reception of a SIP 183 provisional response containing a SIP reason header with a Q.850 Cause value, the O-MGCF may include the received Cause value within the ACM as a network option. The mapping of the Cause Indicators parameter to the Reason header as shown in table 8a shall be applied. IETF RFC 6432 [115] describes the use of the Reason header field in responses. The Reason header field itself is described in IETF RFC 3326 [116].

#### 7.2.3.2.7a Receipt of 200 OK(INVITE)

Upon receipt of the first 200 OK (INVITE), the O-MGCF shall send an Answer Message (ANM) or Connect message (CON) as described in subclauses 7.2.3.2.8 to 7.2.3.2.11.

The O-MGCF shall not progress any further early dialogues to established dialogues. Therefore, upon the reception of a subsequent final 200 (OK) response for any further dialogue for an INVITE request (e.g., due to forking), the O-MGCF shall:

- 1) acknowledge the response with an ACK request; and
- 2) send a BYE request to this dialog in order to terminate it.

#### 7.2.3.2.7b Internal through connection of the bearer path

The through connection procedure is described in subclause 9.2.3.3.7.

#### 7.2.3.2.8 Sending of the Answer Message (ANM)

Upon receipt of the first 200 OK (INVITE), if the Address Complete Message (ACM) has already been sent, the O-MGCF shall send the Answer Message (ANM) to the preceding exchange.

NOTE: Through connection and the stop of awaiting answer indication are described in subclause 9.2.3.3

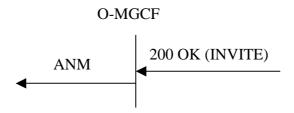


Figure 19: Sending of ANM

#### 7.2.3.2.9 Coding of the ANM

#### 7.2.3.2.9.1 Backwards Call Indicators

If Backwards Call Indicators are included in the ANM, then the coding of these parameters shall be as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.5.1. The Backward Call Indicators parameter is optional in the ANM message and shall only be included if any indicators have changed from those previously sent.

#### 7.2.3.2.9.2 Access Transport Parameter

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and if a PSTN XML body is received within the 200 OK(INVITE) or has been previously stored from a 18x message, the O-MGCF shall map the most recently received information for the established dialog (i.e. the dialog for which the first 200 OK has been received) into the ANM as shown in table 7.2.3.2.9.2.1 except Progress Indicator value No. 3 or No. 8.

|   | ← 200 OK / stored information<br>from previous 18x  |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| ISUP Parameter  | Content   | PSTN XML (NOTE 9)   |  |
|   | Progress indicator (NOTE 5, NOTE 8)   | ProgressIndicator with "Coding<br>Standard" value "00 (ITU-T<br>standardized coding)" and with<br>"Progress Description" value No. 1 /<br>2 |  |
|   | Progress indicator with "Progress<br>Description" value No. 4 (NOTE 4, NOTE 6,<br>NOTE 9) | ProgressIndicator with "Coding<br>Standard" value "00 (ITU-T<br>standardized coding)" and with<br>"Progress Description" value No. 7        |  |
| Access Transport Parameter  | Progress indicator (NOTE 6, NOTE 8)   | ProgressIndicator with "Coding<br>Standard" value "00 (ITU-T<br>standardized coding)" and with<br>"Progress Description" value No. 4        |  |
|   | Progress indicator (NOTE 7, NOTE 8)   | ProgressIndicator with "Coding<br>Standard" value "00 (ITU-T<br>standardized coding)" and with<br>"Progress Description" value No. 5        |  |
|   | High layer compatibility (NOTE 1)   | HighLayerCompatibility  |  |
|   | Bearer Capability   | BearerCapability (NOTE 2)   |  |
|   | Bearer Capability ("UDI-TA")  | BearerCapability ("UDI-TA") (NOTE 3)  |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: This information element shall only be mapped if the O-MGCF transfers media types listed in table 10b without transcoding.</li> <li>NOTE 2: Applicable if the O-MGCF has not propagated UDI fallback signalling according to subclause 7.2.3.2.1.5.</li> <li>NOTE 3: Applicable if the O-MGCF has propagated UDI fallback signalling according to subclause 7.2.3.2.1.5. Only the value "UDI-TA" within the PSTN XML BC shall be mapped. Other values within the PSTN XML BC are mapped to TMU as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.9.3.</li> <li>NOTE 4: ProgressIndicator No. 7 is not mapped into the ISUP ATP. However, it may be mapped into PI=4.</li> <li>NOTE 5: Values 1 ("call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call progress information may be available in-band") or 2 ("destination address is non-ISDN") shall be sent if Value 4 ("Call has returned to the ISDN") has been sent since value 1 or 2 was previously sent or if no value 1 or 2 was previously sent.</li> <li>NOTE 6: Value 4 ("Call has returned to the ISDN") shall be sent if value 1 ("call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call progress information address is non-ISDN") shall be sent if value 1 ("call is not end-to-end ISDN: further call progress information may be available in-band") or 2 ("destination address a bearer service change and is present with an associated BearerCapability and indicates that fallback has occurred (i.e. TMR and TMR Prime present in IAM and the destination ISDN user has accepted the BearerCapability equating to TMR Prime).</li> <li>NOTE 8: The entire Progress Indicator, including the "Progress Description", "Coding Standard" and "Location" parameters shall be copied.</li> <li>NOTE 9: The Progress Indicator "Coding Standard" parameter shall be set to "00 (ITU-T standardized coding)". The default value for the Progress Indicator "Location" parameter is "0100 (Public Network serving remote user)".</li> </ul> |   |   |  |

#### Table 7.2.3.2.9.2.1: Mapping of PSTN XML elements into ISUP Parameters

#### 7.2.3.2.9.3 Transmission Medium Used parameter (TMU)

The procedures in the present subclause shall only apply if the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body, and has propagated UDI-TA fallback signalling according to subclause 7.2.3.2.1.5.

If a Bearer Capability element within a PSTN XML body is received within the first 200 OK(INVITE) or has been previously stored from a 18x message relating to the now established dialog (i.e. the dialogue for which the first 200 OK has been received), the O-MGCF shall map the most recently received information (if any) into a TMU within the ANM as shown in table 7.2.3.2.9.3.1. If the most recently received PSTN XML BearerCapability is "UDI-TA", it shall be mapped into an ISUP Access Transport Parameter Bearer Capability (see subclause 7.2.3.2.9.2).

NOTE: The TMU is only included if both the TMR and TMR Prime were received in the ISUP IAM and fallback has occurred.

| ← ANM                                  | ← 200 OK / stored information from previous 18x |  |
|--|---|--|
| TMU                                    | PSTN XML BearerCapability                       |  |
| TMU = "Speech"                         | PSTN XML BearerCapability = "Speech"            |  |
| TMU= "3.1 kHz audio"                   | PSTN XML BearerCapability = "3.1 kHz audio"     |  |
| No mapping (fallback has not occurred) | PSTN XML BearerCapability = "UDI-TA"            |  |
| TMU = "3.1 kHz audio"                  | PSTN XML BearerCapability not present           |  |

# Table 7.2.3.2.9.3.1 – Mapping to TMU parameter

# 7.2.3.2.10 Sending of the Connect message (CON)

Upon receipt of the first 200 OK (INVITE), if the Address Complete Message (ACM) has not yet been sent, the O-MGCF shall send the Connect message (CON) to the preceding exchange.

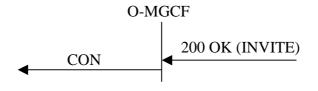


Figure 20: Sending of CON

7.2.3.2.11 Coding of the CON

7.2.3.2.11.0 General

The description of the following ISDN user part parameters can be found in ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 [4].

#### 7.2.3.2.11.1 Backward call indicators

The Called Party's status indicator (Bit DC) of BCI parameter shall be set to "no indication". The other BCI indicators shall be set as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.5.1

7.2.3.2.11.2 Access Transport Parameter

The O-MGCF shall apply the same procedure as described for the ANM in subclause 7.2.3.2.9.2.

7.2.3.2.11.3 Transmission medium used parameter

The O-MGCF shall apply the same procedure as described for the ANM in subclause 7.2.3.2.9.3.

#### 7.2.3.2.11A Receipt of a reINVITE request

When a reINVITE request is received from the network containing a Call-Info header field the MGCF may instruct the IM-MGW to send media available at the associated URL to the PSTN leg of the communication.

#### 7.2.3.2.12 Receipt of Status Codes 4xx, 5xx or 6xx

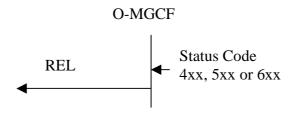


Figure 21: Receipt of Status codes 4xx, 5xx or 6xx

If a Reason header as described in IETF RFC 6432 [115] is included in a 4xx, 5xx, 6xx response, then the Cause Value

of the Reason header shall be mapped to the ISUP Cause Value field in the ISUP REL message. The Reason header field itself is described in IETF RFC 3326 [116]. The mapping of the Reason header to the Cause Indicators parameter is shown in table 8a (see subclause 7.2.3.1.7). Otherwise coding of the Cause value field in the REL message is derived from the SIP Status code received according to table 18. The Cause Indicators Parameter Values are defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.850 [38].

In all cases where SIP itself specifies additional SIP side behaviour related to the receipt of a particular INVITE response these procedures should be followed in preference to the immediate sending of a REL message to BICC/ISUP.

If there are no SIP side procedures associated with this response, the REL shall be sent immediately.

NOTE Depending upon the SIP side procedures applied at the O-MGCF it is possible that receipt of certain 4xx/5xx/6xx responses to an INVITE may in some cases not result in any REL message being sent to the BICC/ISUP network. For example, if a 401 Unauthorized response is received and the O-MGCF successfully initiates a new INVITE containing the correct credentials, the call will proceed.

| ←REL (cause value)  | ←4xx/5xx/6xx SIP Message            |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Cause value No 111 (Protocol error, unspecified)  | 400 Bad Request                     |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 401 Unauthorized                    |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 402 Payment Required                |
| Cause value No 79 (Service or option not implemented, unspecified)  | 403 Forbidden                       |
| Cause value No 1 (Unallocated (unassigned) number)  | 404 Not Found                       |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 405 Method Not Allowed              |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 406 Not Acceptable                  |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 407 Proxy authentication required   |
| Cause value No 102 (Recovery on timer expiry)   | 408 Request Timeout                 |
| Cause value No 22 (Number changed)  | 410 Gone                            |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 413 Request Entity too long         |
| Cause value No 111 (Protocol error, unspecified)  | 414 Request-URI too long            |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 415 Unsupported Media type          |
| Cause value No 111 (Protocol error, unspecified)  | 416 Unsupported URI scheme          |
| Cause value No 79 (Service or option not implemented, unspecified)  | 417 Unknown Resource-Priority       |
| Cause value No 111 (Protocol error, unspecified)  | 420 Bad Extension                   |
| Cause value No 111 (Protocol error, unspecified)  | 421 Extension required              |
| Cause value No 31 (Normal, unspecified)   | 422 Session Interval Too Small      |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 423 Interval Too Brief              |
| Cause value No 24 (Call rejected due to feature at the destination)   | 433 Anonymity Disallowed (NOTE 1)   |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 440 Max-Breadth Exceeded            |
| Cause value No 20 (Subscriber absent)   | 480 Temporarily Unavailable         |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 481 Call/Transaction does not exist |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 482 Loop detected                   |
| Cause value No 25 (Exchange routing error)  | 483 Too many hops                   |
| Cause value No 28 (Invalid number format (address incomplete))  | 484 Address Incomplete              |
| Cause value No 1 (Unallocated (unassigned) number)  | 485 Ambiguous                       |
| Cause value No 17 (User busy)   | 486 Busy Here                       |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified) or not interworked. (NOTE 2)   | 487 Request terminated              |
| Cause value No 50 (Requested facility not subscribed)   | 488 Not acceptable here             |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 493 Undecipherable                  |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 500 Server Internal error           |
| Cause value No 79 (Service or option not implemented, unspecified)  | 501 Not implemented                 |
| Cause value No 27 (Destination out of order)  | 502 Bad Gateway                     |
| Cause value No 41 (Temporary failure)   | 503 Service Unavailable             |
| Cause value No 102 (Recovery on timer expiry)   | 504 Server timeout                  |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 505 Version not supported           |
| Cause value No 95 (Invalid message, unspecified)  | 513 Message too large               |
| Cause value No 127 (Interworking, unspecified)  | 580 Precondition failure            |
| Cause value No 17 (User busy)   | 600 Busy Everywhere                 |
| Cause value No 21 (Call rejected)   | 603 Decline                         |
| Cause value No 2 (No route to specified transit network)  | 604 Does not exist anywhere         |
| Cause value No 88 (Incompatible destination)  | 606 Not Acceptable                  |
| NOTE 1: Anonymity Disallowed, IETF RFC 5079 [77] refers.<br>NOTE 2: No interworking if the O-MGCF previously issued a CANCEL reques<br>NOTE 3: The 4xx/5xx/6xx SIP responses that are not covered in this table are |                                     |

Table 18: 4xx/5xx/6xx Received on SIP side of O-MGCF

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and if a PSTN XML body is received within the 4xx/5xx/6xx, the O-MGCF shall map the contained information into the Access Transport Parameter of the REL as shown in subclause 7.2.3.2.9.2.

When a 4xx, 5xx or 6xx SIP response to an INVITE request is received from the network containing an Error-Info header field, the O-MGCF, supporting the capabilities associated with the Error-Info header field, may instruct the IM-MGW to play out media available at the associated URL towards PSTN.

# 7.2.3.2.12.1 Special handling of 404 Not Found and 484 Address Incomplete responses after sending of INVITE without determining the end of address signalling

This subclause is only applicable when the network option of Sending of INVITE without determining the end of address signalling is being used (see subclause 7.2.3.2.1.a).

On receipt of a 404 Not Found or 484 Address Incomplete response while Ti/w2 is running, the O-MGCF shall start timer Ti/w3, if there are no other pending INVITE transactions for the corresponding call.

At the receipt of a SAM, a SIP 1xx provisional response or a SIP 200 OK (INVITE), the O-MGCF shall stop Ti/w2 and Ti/w3.

The O-MGCF shall send a REL message with Cause Value 28 towards the BICC/ISUP network if Ti/w3 expires.

#### 7.2.3 2.13 Receipt of a BYE

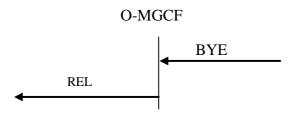


Figure 22: Receipt of BYE method

If a Reason header field with Q.850 Cause Value is included in the BYE request, then the Cause Value shall be mapped to the ISUP Cause Value field in the ISUP REL as shown in table 8a (see subclause 7.2.3.1.7). Otherwise, the O-MGCF sends a REL message with Cause Code value 16 (Normal Call Clearing).

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option and if a PSTN XML body is received within the BYE, the O-MGCF shall map the contained information into the Access Transport Parameter of the REL as shown in subclause 7.2.3.2.9.2.

# 7.2.3.2.14 Receipt of the Release Message

In the case that the REL message is received and a final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE)) has already been received the O-MGCF shall send a BYE request. If the final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE)) has not already been received the O-MGCF shall send a CANCEL method.

A Reason header field containing the received (Q.850) Cause Value of the REL message shall be added to the CANCEL or BYE request. The mapping of the Cause Indicators parameter to the Reason header is shown in table 9a (see subclause 7.2.3.1.8).

If the O-MGCF supports the PSTN XML body as a network option, the O-MGCF shall map the contained information into a PSTN XML body within the BYE or CANCEL as shown in table 9aa.

# 7.2.3.2.15 Receipt of RSC, GRS or CGB (H/W oriented)

Upon receipt of a RSC, GRS or CGB (H/W oriented) message the following applies independently for each affected circuit:

NOTE: For the RSC message, the circuit identified by the CIC is affected.
 For the GRS message, the affected circuits are identified by the CIC and the Range subfield of the Range and Status parameter.
 For the CGB message, the affected circuits are identified by the CIC and the Range and Status parameter.

If a final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE) has already been received, the O-MGCF shall send a BYE method. If a final response (i.e. 200 OK (INVITE)) has not already been received, the O-MGCF shall send a CANCEL method.

A Reason header field containing the (Q.850) Cause Value of the REL message generated by the ISUP procedures shall be added to the SIP message (BYE or CANCEL request) to be sent by the SIP side of the O-MGCF.

Editor's Note: It is FFS whether to indicate the cause value for internal error in the network to the user.

#### 7.2.3.2.16 Autonomous Release at O-MGCF

If the O-MGCF determines due to internal procedures that the call shall be released then the MGCF shall send

- A BYE method if the ACK has been sent.
- A CANCEL method before 200 OK (INVITE) has been received.

NOTE: The MGCF shall send the ACK method before it sends the BYE, if 200 OK (INVITE) is received.

A Reason header field containing the (Q.850) Cause Value of the REL message sent by the O-IWU shall be added to the SIP Message (BYE or CANCEL request) to be sent by the SIP side of the O-IWU.

# Editor's Note: It is FFS whether to indicate the cause value for internal error in the network to the user.

# Table 18a: Autonomous Release at O-MGCF

| REL ←<br>Cause parameter                                     | Trigger event  | → SIP   |
|--|--|---|
| As determined by BICC/ISUP procedure.                        | COT received with the Continuity Indicators<br>parameter set to " <i>continuity check failed</i> " (ISUP<br>only) or the BICC/ISUP timer T8 expires. | CANCEL or BYE according to the rules described in this subclause. |
| REL with cause value 47 (resource unavailable, unspecified). | Internal resource reservation unsuccessful   | As determined by SIP<br>procedure                                 |
| As determined by BICC/ISUP procedure.                        | BICC/ISUP procedures result in generation of<br>autonomous REL on BICC/ISUP side.  | CANCEL or BYE according to the rules described in this subclause. |
| Depending on the SIP release reason.                         | SIP procedures result in a decision to release the call.   | As determined by SIP<br>procedure.                                |

# 7.2.3.2.17 Special handling of 580 precondition failure received in response to either an INVITE or UPDATE

A 580 Precondition failure response may be received as a response either to an INVITE or to an UPDATE request.

# 7.2.3.2.17.1 580 Precondition failure response to an INVITE

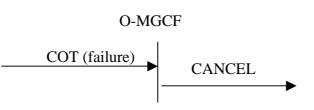
Release with cause code as indicated in table 18 is sent immediately to the BICC/ISUP network.

# 7.2.3.2.17.2 580 Precondition failure response to an UPDATE within an early dialog

A BYE request is sent for the early dialog within which the UPDATE was sent.

If all the early dialogs that were generated from the INVITE request have answered the respective UPDATE request with 580 Precondition failure response then the O-MGCF shall send the Release message with Cause Code '127 Interworking' to the ISUP network.

# 7.2.3.2.18 Sending of CANCEL

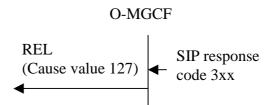


# Figure 23: Receipt of COT (failure).

CANCEL shall be sent if the Continuity message is received with the Continuity Indicators parameter set to "*continuity check failed*" or the ISUP (or BICC) timer T8 expires.

A Reason header field containing the (Q.850) Cause Value 41 Temporary Failure shall be added to the CANCEL request to be sent by the SIP side of the O-MGCF.

# 7.2.3.2.19 Receipt of SIP redirect (3xx) response



# Figure 24: Receipt of SIP response code 3xx

When receiving a SIP response with a response code 3xx, the default behaviour of the O-MGCF is to release the call with a cause code value 127 (Interworking unspecified).

NOTE: The O-MGCF may also decide for example to redirect the call towards the URIs in the Contact header field of the response as an operator option, but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

#### 7.2.3.2.20 Sending of INFO for overlap signalling using the in-dialog method

7.2.3.2.20.1 General

SIP INFO request ("legacy" mode of usage of the INFO method as defined in IETF RFC 6086 [133]) is used to carry additional digits when overlap signalling is sent using the in-dialog method as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.1a.2, which is a network option. subclause 7.2.3.2.1a.2 also describes when the O-MGCF sends a SIP INFO request.

#### 7.2.3.2.20.2 Encoding of the INFO

Table 18b provides a summary of how the header fields within the outgoing INFO messages are populated when indialog SIP INFO requests are used for overlap dialling.

#### Table 18b: Interworked contents of the INFO message

| SAM→   | INFO→                                     |  |
|--------|---|--|
| Digits | See 3GPP TS 24.229 [9] subclause 7.11.1.2 |  |

# 7.2.3.3 Timers

| Symbol  | Time-out value  | Cause for initiation   | Normal termination   | At expiry  | Reference                               |
|---------|---|--|--|--|---|
| Ti/w1   | 4 s to 6 s<br>(default of 4 s)  | When last address<br>message is received and<br>the minimum number of<br>digits required for routing<br>the call have been<br>received.            | At the receipt of fresh address information.   | Send INVITE,<br>send the<br>address<br>complete<br>message         | 7.2.3.2.1<br>7.2.3.2.4<br>(NOTE 1)      |
| Ti/w2   | 4 s to 20 s<br>(default of 4 s)   | When INVITE is sent<br>unless the ACM has<br>already been sent.  | On reception of 180 Ringing ,<br>or 183 Session Progress and<br>P-Early-Media header<br>authorizing backward early<br>media, or 181 Call is Being<br>Forwarded, or 404 Not Found<br>or 484 Address Incomplete for<br>an INVITE transaction for<br>which Ti/w3 is running, or 200<br>OK (INVITE). | Send ACM<br>(no indication)  | 7.2.3.2.4<br>7.2.3.2.1<br>(NOTE 2)      |
| Ti/w3   | 4-6 seconds<br>(default of 4<br>seconds)  | On receipt of 404 Not<br>Found or 484 Address<br>Incomplete if there are no<br>other pending INVITE<br>transactions for the<br>corresponding call. | At the receipt of SAM  | Send REL<br>with Cause<br>Value 28 to<br>the<br>BICC/ISUP<br>side. | 7.2.3.2.1A,<br>7.2.3.2.12.1<br>(NOTE 3) |
| NOTE 1: | This timer is used when overlap signalling is received from BICC/ISUP network and converted to en-block signalling at the MGCF.   |  |  |  |   |
| NOTE 2: | This timer is used to send an early ACM if a delay is encountered in receiving a response from the<br>subsequent SIP network.   |  |  |  |   |
| NOTE 3: | This timer is known as the "SIP dialog protection timer". This timer is only used where the O-MGCF is configured to send INVITE before end of address signalling is determined. |  |  |  |   |

# Table 19: Timers for interworking

# 7.3 Interworking between CS networks supporting BICC and the IM CN subsystem

The control plane between CS networks supporting BICC and the IM CN subsystem supporting SIP, where the underlying network is SS7 and IP respectively is as shown in figures 25, 26 and 27.

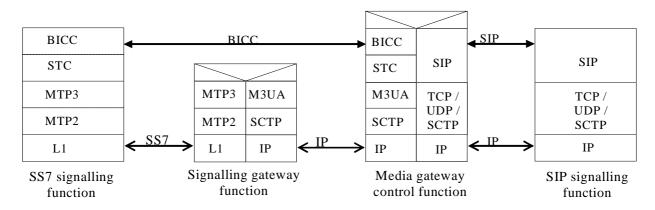


Figure 25: Control Plane interworking between CS networks supporting BICC over MTP3 and the IM CN subsystem

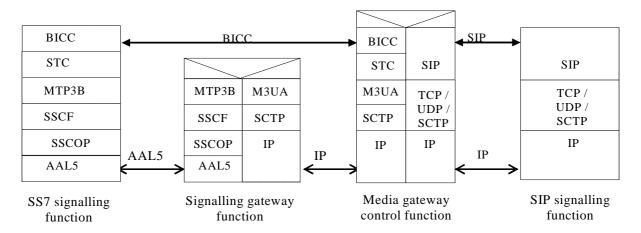


Figure 26: Control Plane interworking between CS networks supporting BICC over MTP3B over AAL5 and the IM CN subsystem

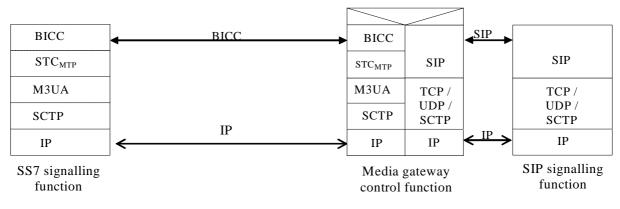


Figure 27: Control Plane interworking between CS networks supporting BICC over STC and M3UA and the IM CN subsystem

# 7.3.1 Services performed by network entities in the control plane

Services offered by the network entities in the control plane are as detailed in subclause 7.2.1.

If ATM transport is applied between the SS7 Signalling function and the Signalling Gateway Function, they shall apply MTP3B (ITU-T Recommendation Q.2210 [46]) over SSCF (ITU-T Recommendation Q.2140 [45]) over SSCOP (ITU-T Recommendation Q.2110 [44]) over AAL5 (ITU-T Recommendation I.363.5 [43]) as depicted in figure 26.

If IP transport is applied between the SS7 Signalling function and the MGCF, they shall support and apply M3UA, SCTP and IP (either IPv4, see RFC 791 [16], or IPv6, see RFC 2460 [39]), as depicted in figure 27.

# 7.3.2 Signalling interactions between network entities in the control plane

# 7.3.2.1 Signalling between the SS7 signalling function and MGCF

See subclause 7.2.2.1.

# 7.3.2.1.1 Signalling from MGCF to SS7 signalling function

See subclause 7.2.2.1.1.

# 7.3.2.1.2 Signalling from SS7 signalling function to MGCF

See subclause 7.2.2.1.2.

# 7.3.2.1.3 Services offered by STC, SCTP and M3UA

See subclause 7.2.2.1.3.

7.3.2.1.3.1 Services offer by SCTP

See subclause 7.2.2.1.3.1.

7.3.2.1.3.2 Services offered by M3UA

See subclause 7.2.2.1.3.2.

#### 7.3.2.1.3.3 Services offered by STC

STC provides the services for the transparent transfer of STC user information, e.g. BICC, between STC users, i.e. the SS7 signalling function and the MGCF (see 3GPP TS 29.205 [14]).

STC performs the functions of data transfer service availability reporting and congestion reporting to the STC user and User part availability control. See ITU-T Recommendation Q.2150.1 [29].

# 7.3.2.2 Signalling between the MGCF and SIP signalling function

See subclause 7.2.2.2.

# 7.3.3 SIP-BICC protocol interworking

# 7.3.3.1 Incoming call interworking from SIP to BICC at I-MGCF

#### 7.3.3.1.1 Sending of IAM

On reception of a SIP INVITE requesting an audio session, the I-MGCF shall send an IAM message.

An I-MGCF shall support both incoming INVITE requests containing SIP preconditions and 100rel extensions in the SIP Supported or Require header fields, and INVITE requests not containing these extensions, unless the Note below applies.

NOTE: If the I-MGCF is deployed in an IMS network that by local configuration serves no user requiring preconditions, the MGCF may not support incoming requests requiring preconditions.

The I-MGCF shall interwork forked INVITE requests with different request URIs.

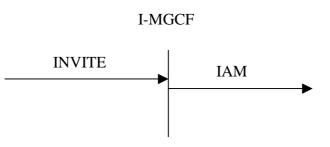


Figure 28: Receipt of INVITE

The I-MGCF shall reject an INVITE request for a session only containing unsupported media types by sending a status code 488 "Not Acceptable Here". If audio media streams and non-audio media streams are contained in a single INVITE request, the non-audio media streams shall be rejected in the SDP answer, as detailed in IETF RFC 3264 [36].

The I-MGCF shall include a To tag in the first backward non-100 provisional response, in order to establish an early dialog as described in IETF RFC 3261 [19].

# 7.3.3.1.2 Coding of IAM

The description of the following ISDN user part parameters can be found in ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 [4].

#### 7.3.3.1.2.1 Called party number

See subclause 7.2.3.1.2.1.

| 7.3.3.1.2                            | 2.2                        | Nature of connection indicators   |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| bits                                 | BA Satellite indicator     |   |  |  |
|                                      | 0 0                        | no satellite circuit in the connection  |  |  |
| bits                                 | <u>DC</u>                  | Continuity indicator (BICC)   |  |  |
|                                      | 0 0                        | 0 <i>no COT to be expected</i> , if the received SDP does not contain precondition information or indicates that all preconditions are fulfilled, and all local resource reservation is completed |  |  |
|                                      | 10                         | <i>COT to be expected</i> , if the received SDP indicates that precondition is not fulfilled or any local resource reservation is not completed.  |  |  |
| bit                                  | <u>E</u>                   | Echo control device indicator   |  |  |
|                                      | 1                          | outgoing echo control device included   |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2                            | 2.3                        | Forward call indicators   |  |  |
| See subcl                            | ause 7.2.3.                | 1.2.3.  |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2                            | 2.4                        | Calling party's category  |  |  |
| See subcl                            | ause 7.2.3.                | 1.2.4.  |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2                            | 2.4A                       | Originating Line Information  |  |  |
| See subcl                            | ause 7.2.3.                | 1.2.4A  |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2.5 Transmission             |                            | Transmission medium requirement   |  |  |
| See subcl                            | ause 7.2.3.                | 1.2.5.  |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2.6 Calling party number     |                            | Calling party number  |  |  |
| See subcl                            | ause 7.2.3.                | 1.2.6.  |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2                            | 2.7                        | Generic number  |  |  |
| See subclause 7.2.3.1.2.7.           |                            |   |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2.8 User service information |                            | User service information  |  |  |
| See subclause 7.2.3.1.2.8.           |                            |   |  |  |
| 7.3.3.1.2                            | 2.9                        | Hop counter (National option)   |  |  |
| See subcl                            | See subclause 7.2.3.1.2.9. |   |  |  |

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# 7.3.3.1.2.10 Location Number

See subclause 7.2.3.1.2.11.

# 7.3.3.1.2A Coding of the IAM when Number Portability is supported

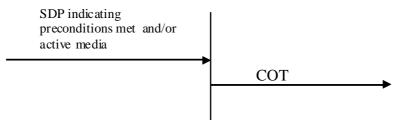
See subclause 7.2.3.1.2A.

# 7.3.3.1.2B Coding of the IAM for Carrier Routeing

See subclause 7.2.3.1.2B.

# 7.3.3.1.3 Sending of COT

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# Figure 29: Sending of COT

If the IAM has already been sent, then the Continuity message shall be sent indicating "continuity check successful", when all of the following conditions have been met.

- When the requested remote preconditions (if any) in the IMS have been met.
- The media stream previously set to inactive mode is set to active (as specified in IETF RFC 4566 [56]).
- Local preconditions have been fulfilled.

# 7.3.3.1.3A Sending of SAM

See subclause 7.2.3.1.3A.

# 7.3.3.1.4 Sending of 180 Ringing

See subclause 7.2.3.1.4.

# 7.3.3.1.4A Sending of 183 Session Progress for early media scenarios

See subclause 7.2.3.1.4A.

# 7.3.3.1.4B Sending of 181 Call is being forwarded

See subclause 7.2.3.1.4B.

# 7.3.3.1.4C Sending of 183 Session Progress for overlap signalling using the in-dialog method

See subclause 7.2.3.1.4C.

NOTE: If the network option of overlap signalling using the in-dialog method is applied at the I-MGCF in combination with the optional codec negotiation interworking with BICC in subclause B.2., in order to meet the requirement in subclause B.2.1 that the I-MGCF suspends the SDP answer procedure until it receives backward codec information from BICC, the 183 session progress response will not contain the SDP answer.

#### 7.3.3.1.4D Sending of 183 Session Progress to carry ISUP Cause

See subclause 7.2.3.1.4D.

#### 7.3.3.1.5 Sending of the 200 OK (INVITE)

See subclause 7.2.3.1.5.

7.3.3.1.6 Sending of the Release message (REL)

See subclause 7.2.3.1.6.

7.3.3.1.7 Coding of the REL

See subclause 7.2.3.1.7.

7.3.3.1.8 Receipt of the Release Message

See subclause 7.2.3.1.8.

7.3.3.1.9 Receipt of RSC, GRS or CGB (H/W oriented)

See subclause 7.2.3.1.9.

#### 7.3.3.1.9a Receipt of REFER

See subclause 7.2.3.1.9a.

# 7.3.3.1.9b Autonomous Release at I-MGCF

See subclause 7.2.3.1.10.

#### 7.3.3.1.10 Internal through connection of the bearer path

The through connection procedure is described in subclauses 9.2.2.1.5 and 9.2.2.2.5.

#### 7.3.3.1.11 Out of Band DTMF

If a SIP UA sends DTMF tones to the IM-MGW, the IM-MGW may report this information via the Mn interface to the MGCF. The MGCF shall send to the BICC network the APM message with the following values for the different parameters:

- Action indicator in accordance with the requested DTMF transport function;
- Signal in accordance with which DTMF digit to send;
- Duration in accordance with the required duration of the DTMF digit.

If the BICC network sends an APM message with DTMF signal, duration and action indicator to the MGCF, the MGCF may send this information to the IM-MGW via the Mn interface. The IM-MGW shall send the corresponding DTMF signal and duration information on the user plane of the IM CN subsystem according to RFC 4733 [105].

The interactions with the IM-MGW are shown in subclause 9.2.8.

## 7.3.3.2 Outgoing Call Interworking from BICC to SIP at O-MGCF

#### 7.3.3.2.1 Sending of INVITE

The following particularities apply for a BICC IAM received case, with regard to the already specified in subclause 7.2.3.2.1.

The O-MGCF should defer sending the INVITE request until the BICC bearer setup and any local resource reservation is completed.

NOTE: If the O-MGCF sends the INVITE request before the BICC bearer setup and any local resource reservation is completed, the following considerations apply: If the receiving terminal is not supporting the SIP precondition, clipping may occur. Furthermore, if the MGCF sets the SDP "inactive" attribute in the initial INVITE request and the receiving terminal is not supporting the SIP precondition and the SIP UPDATE method, the interworking procedures within the present specification do not describe all necessary signalling interactions required to set up a call, in particular with respect to the sending of the re-INVITE that may also cause additional delay in the call setup. In addition, the interworking of the ringing indication might not be possible if the peer sends the ringing indication only as response to a re-INVITE.

The BICC bearer setup is completed when one of the following conditions is met:

- The event Bearer Set-up indication for the forward bearer set-up case where the incoming Connect Type is "notification not required", which indicate successful completion of bearer set-up, is received by the Incoming bearer set-up procedure (ITU-T Recommendation Q.1902.4 [30] subclause 7.5);
- Bearer Set-up Connect indication for the backward call set-up case, which indicate successful completion of bearer set-up, is received by the Incoming bearer set-up procedure (ITU-T Recommendation Q.1902.4 [30] subclause 7.5);
- BNC set-up success indication for cases using bearer control tunnelling which indicate successful completion of bearer set-up, is received by the Incoming bearer set-up procedure (ITU-T Recommendation Q.1902.4 [30] subclause 7.5).

#### 7.3.3.2.1a Sending of INVITE without determining the end of address signalling

See subclause 7.2.3.2.1a.

7.3.3.2.2 Coding of the INVITE

#### 7.3.3.2.2.1 REQUEST URI Header

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2.1

#### 7.3.3.2.2.2 SDP Media Description

If the O-MGCF sends the INVITE request without waiting for the BICC bearer setup and any local resource reservation to complete, (which is not recommended according to subclause 7.3.3.2.1) it shall indicate that SIP preconditions are not met when the initial INVITE request indicates support of the SIP preconditions.

The SDP media description shall contain precondition information as per 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]. If the local preconditions are not met the O-MGCF should set the media stream to inactive mode (by including an attribute "a=inactive"). If the local configuration indicates that O-MGCF is deployed in the IMS network that serves users supporting SIP precondition mechanism, the attribute "a=inactive" may be omitted when the initial SDP offer indicates local preconditions are not met. If the initial SDP offer indicates local preconditions are fulfilled, the O-MGCF shall not set the media stream to inactive mode.

The O-MGCF shall include the AMR codec transported according to IETF RFC 4867 [23] with the options listed in subclause 5.1.1 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32] in the SDP offer. Within the SDP offer, the O-MGCF should also provide SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers specified in IETF RFC 3556 [59] to disable RTCP, as detailed in subclause 7.4 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32].

### 7.3.3.2.2.3 P-Asserted-Identity and privacy header fields

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2.3

7.3.3.2.2.3A "cpc" URI Parameter in P-Asserted-Identity Header

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2.3A.

## 7.3.3.2.2.3B "oli" URI Parameter in P-Asserted-Identity Header

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2.3B.

## 7.3.3.2.2.4 Max Forwards header

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2.4

## 7.3.3.2.2.5 IMS Communication Service Identifier

For speech and video calls, the O-MGCF shall insert an IMS Communication Service Identifier, indicating the IMS Multimedia Telephony Communication Service.

The IMS Communication Service Identifier for the IMS Multimedia Telephony Communication Service is defined in 3GPP TS 24.173 [88].

## 7.3.3.2.2.6 P-Access-Network-Info

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2.9.

## 7.3.3.2.2A Coding of the INVITE when number portability is supported

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2A.

# 7.3.3.2.2B Coding of the INVITE for Carrier Routeing

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2B.

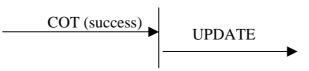
# 7.3.3.2.2C Coding of INVITE with instance-id in form of IMEI URN

See subclause 7.2.3.2.2C.

# 7.3.3.2.3 Sending of UPDATE

This subclause only applies if the O-MGCF sends the INVITE request before SIP preconditions are met (see subclause 7.3.3.2.1).

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#### Figure 30: Receipt of COT (success)

The UPDATE request with a new SDP offer shall be sent for each early SIP dialogue for which the received provisional response indicated support of preconditions confirming that all the required local preconditions have been met when all the following conditions are met.

1. A Continuity message, with the Continuity Indicators parameter set to "continuity check successful" shall be received.

2. The reservation of requested local resources has been completed.

In addition, depending on which bearer set-up procedure used for the call one of the following condition shall be met:

- The event Bearer Set-up indication for the forward bearer set-up case where the incoming Connect Type is "notification not required", which indicate successful completion of bearer set-up, is received by the Incoming bearer set-up procedure (ITU-T Recommendation Q.1902.4 [30] subclause 7.5);
- Bearer Set-up Connect indication for the backward call set-up case, which indicate successful completion of bearer set-up, is received by the Incoming bearer set-up procedure (ITU-T Recommendation Q.1902.4 [30] subclause 7.5);
- BNC set-up success indication for cases using bearer control tunnelling which indicate successful completion of bearer set-up, is received by the Incoming bearer set-up procedure, (ITU-T Recommendation Q.1902.4 [30] subclause 7.5).

If the O-MGCF previously offered inactive media stream it shall set the media stream to active mode.

NOTE: This procedure applies regardless of whether the early SIP dialog existed prior to the preconditions being fulfilled or is subsequently created.

#### 7.3.3.2.4 Sending of ACM and Awaiting Answer indication

See subclause 7.2.3.2.4

The sending of an awaiting answer indication is described in subclause 9.2.3.1. and subclause 9.2.3.2.

- 7.3.3.2.5 Coding of the ACM
- 7.3.3.2.5.1 Backward call indicators

See subclause 7.2.3.2.5.1

#### 7.3.3.2.6 Sending of the Call Progress message (CPG)

See subclause 7.2.3.2.6.

- 7.3.3.2.7 Coding of the CPG
- 7.3.3.2.7.1 Event information

See subclause 7.2.3.2.7.1.

#### 7.3.3.2.7.2 Optional Backward call indicators

See subclause 7.2.3.2.7.5.

#### 7.3.3.2.7a Receipt of 200 OK (INVITE)

See subclause 7.2.3.2.7a.

#### 7.3.3.2.7b Internal through connection of the bearer path

The through connection procedure is described in subclauses 9.2.3.1.7 and 9.2.3.2.7.

#### 7.3.3.2.8 Sending of the Answer Message (ANM)

See subclause 7.2.3.2.8.

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#### 7.3.3.2.9 Coding of the ANM

See subclause 7.2.3.2.9.

#### 7.3.3.2.10 Sending of the Connect message (CON)

See subclause 7.2.3.2.10.

#### 7.3.3.2.11 Coding of the CON

See subclause 7.2.3.2.11.

7.3.3.2.11.1 Void

#### 7.3.3.2.11A Receipt of re-INVITE requests

See subclause 7.2.3.2.11A.

#### 7.3.3.2.12 Receipt of Status Codes 4xx, 5xx or 6xx

See subclause 7.2.3.2.12.

#### 7.3 3.2.13 Receipt of a BYE

See subclause 7.2.3.2.13.

#### 7.3.3.2.14 Receipt of the Release Message

See subclause 7.2.3.2.14.

#### 7.3.3.2.15 Receipt of RSC, GRS or CGB (H/W oriented)

See subclause 7.2.3.2.15.

#### 7.3.3.2.16 Out of Band DTMF

If a SIP UA sends DTMF tones to the IM-MGW, the IM-MGW may report this information via the Mn interface to the MGCF. The MGCF shall send to the BICC network the APM message with the following values for the different parameters:

- Action indicator in accordance with the requested DTMF transport function;
- Signal in accordance with which DTMF digit to send;
- Duration in accordance with the required duration of the DTMF digit.

If the BICC network sends an APM message with DTMF signal, duration and action indicator to the MGCF, the MGCF may send this information to the IM-MGW via the Mn interface. The IM-MGW shall send the corresponding DTMF signal and duration information on the user plane of the IM CN subsystem according to 4733 [105].

The interaction with the IM-MGW is shown in subclause 9.2.8.

#### 7.3.3.2.17 Sending of CANCEL

See subclause 7.2.3.2.18.

#### 7.3.3.2.18 Autonomous Release at O-MGCF

See subclause 7.2.3.2.16.

# 7.3.3.2.19 Special handling of 580 precondition failure received in response to either an INVITE or UPDATE

See subclause 7.2.3.2.17.

#### 7.3.3.2.20 Receipt of SIP redirect (3xx) response

See subclause 7.2.3.2.19.

#### 7.3.3.2.21 Sending of INFO for overlap signalling using the in-dialog method

See subclause 7.2.3.2.20.

#### 7.3.3.3 Timers

See subclause 7.2.3.3.

# 7.4 Supplementary Services

The following subclauses describe the MGCF behaviour related to supplementary services as defined in ITU-T Recommendations Q.730 to ITU-T Q.737 [42] when interworking with an IMS which does not use a Multimedia Telephony Application Server (MTAS) providing supplementary services according to 3GPP according to 3GPP TS 24.173 [88]. The support of these supplementary services is optional. If the supplementary services are supported, the procedures described within this subclause shall be applied.

# 7.4.1 Calling line identification presentation/restriction (CLIP/CLIR)

The inter working between the Calling Party Number parameter and the P-Asserted-ID header and vice versa used for the CLIP-CLIR service is defined in the subclauses 7.2.3.1.2.6 and 7.2.3.2.2.3. This inter working is essentially the same as for basic call and differs only in that if the CLIR service is invoked the "Address Presentation Restriction Indicator (APRI)" (in the case of ISUP to SIP calls) or the "priv value" of the "calling" Privacy header field (in the case of SIP to ISUP calls) is set to the appropriate "restriction/privacy" value.

In the specific case of ISUP originated calls, use of the CLIP service additionally requires the ability to determine whether the number was network provided or provided by the access signalling system. Due to the possible SIP indication of the P-Asserted-Identity the Screening indicator is set to network provided as default. For the CLIP-CLIR service the mapping of the APRI from privacy header at the O-MGCF is described within table 16 in subclause 7.2.3.2.2.3.

At the O-MGCF the presentation restricted indication shall be mapped to the Privacy header field values "id" and "header". This is described in table 12 in subclause 7.2.3.2.2.3.

# 7.4.2 Connected line presentation and restriction (COLP/COLR)

#### 7.4.2.0 General

The COLP/COLR services are only to be interworked between trusted nodes - that is before passing any COLP/COLR information over the SIP-BICC/ISUP boundary the MGCF shall satisfy itself that the nodes on the BICC/ISUP side to which the information is to be passed are trusted.

The procedure within subclause 7.5.2 for the generic number ("additional connected number") mapping shall apply.

## 7.4.2.1 Incoming Call Interworking from SIP to BICC/ISUP at the I-MGCF

#### 7.4.2.1.1 INVITE to IAM interworking (SIP to ISUP/BICC calls)

In the case of SIP to ISUP/BICC calls the I-MGCF may invoke the COLP service as an operator option by setting the "Connected Line Identity Request indicator" field of the "Optional forward call indicators" parameter of the IAM to "requested".

NOTE: This implies that all outgoing calls will invoke the COLP service.

## 7.4.2.1.2 ANM/CON to 200 OK (INVITE)

Tables 20 and 21 specify the interworking required in the case when the COLP has been automatically requested on behalf of the originating SIP node. The table also indicates the inter workings required if the COLP service has been invoked and the called party has or has not invoked the COLR service.

#### Table 20: Mapping to P-Asserted-Identity and Privacy Header Fields

| SIP Component       | Setting      |
|---------------------|--------------|
| P-Asserted-Identity | See table 21 |
| Privacy             | See table 22 |

#### Table 21: Mapping of connected number parameter to SIP P-Asserted-Identity header fields

| Connected Number         P-Asserted-Identity<br>header field           Nature of Address<br>Indicator         "national (significant) number"         Tel URI or SIP URI<br>(NOTE 1)         Add CC (of the country where<br>the MGCF is located) to<br>Connected PN address signal<br>to construct E.164 number in<br>URI. Prefix number with "+".           "international number"         "international number"         Tel URI or SIP URI<br>(NOTE 1)         Add CC (of the country where<br>the MGCF is located) to<br>Connected PN address signal<br>to construct E.164 number in<br>URI. Prefix number with "+".           Address signal         If NOA is "national (significant)<br>number" then the format of the<br>address signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is "international number"         Tel URI or SIP URI<br>(NOTE 1)         CC+NDC+SN as E.164 number<br>in URI. Prefix number with "+" | BICC/ISUP<br>parameter / field | Value   | SIP component | Value   |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---------------|---|
| Indicator       (NOTE 1)       the MGCF is located) to<br>Connected PN address signal<br>to construct E.164 number in<br>URI. Prefix number with "+".         "international number"       "international number"       Map complete Connected<br>address signals to construct<br>E.164 number in URI. Prefix<br>number with "+".         Address signal       If NOA is "national (significant)<br>number" then the format of the<br>address signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is "international number"       Tel URI or SIP URI<br>(NOTE 1)       CC+NDC+SN as E.164 numbri<br>in URI. Prefix number with "+"   |                                |   | ,             |   |
| <i>number</i> " then the format of the address signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "  |                                |   |               | Connected PN address signals<br>to construct E.164 number in<br>URI. Prefix number with "+".<br>Map complete Connected<br>address signals to construct<br>E.164 number in URI. Prefix |
| then the format of the address<br>signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN   | Address signal                 | <i>number</i> " then the format of the<br>address signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then the format of the address<br>signals is: |               | CC+NDC+SN as E.164 number<br>in URI. Prefix number with "+".  |

#### Table 22: Mapping of BICC/ISUP APRIs into SIP privacy header fields

| BICC/ISUP<br>parameter / field                                      | Value                     | SIP component        | Value   |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Connected Number  |                           | Privacy header field | priv-value  |
| APRI<br>(See to determine<br>which APRI to use<br>for this mapping) | "presentation restricted" | Priv-value           | "id"<br>("id" included only if the P-<br>Asserted-Identity header is<br>included in the SIP INVITE) |
|   | "presentation allowed"    | Priv-value           | omit Privacy header<br>or Privacy header without "id" if<br>other privacy service is needed         |

### 7.4.2.2 Outgoing Call Interworking from BICC/ISUP to SIP at O-MGCF

#### 7.4.2.2.1 IAM to INVITE interworking (ISUP to SIP calls)

The O-MGCF determines that the COLP service has been requested by the calling party by parsing the "Optional Forward Call Indicators" field of the incoming IAM. If the "Connected Line Identity Request indicator" is set to "requested" then the BICC/ISUP to SIP interworking node shall ensure that any backwards "connected party"

information is interworked to the appropriate parameters of the ISUP ANM or CON message sent backwards to the calling party as detailed within this subclause.

The O-MGCF has to store the status of the "Connected Line Identity Request indicator".

#### 7.4.2.2.2 1XX to ANM or CON interworking

If the P-Asserted-Identity header field is included within a 1XX SIP response, the identity shall be stored within the O-MGCF together with information about the SIP dialogue of the 1XX SIP response and shall be included within the ANM or CON message if required by the procedures described in subclause 7.4.2.2.3. In accordance with ISUP procedures, a connected number shall not be included within the ACM message. The mapping of the of the P-Asserted-Identity and Privacy header fields is shown in tables 23 and 24.

#### 7.4.2.2.3 200 OK (INVITE) to ANM/CON interworking

Tables 23 and 24 specify the interworking required in the case when the calling party has invoked the COLP service. The tables also indicate the interworking procedures required if the calling party has invoked the COLP service and the called party has or has not invoked the COLR service.

If no P-Asserted-Identity header field is provided within the 200 OK (INVITE) message, the stored information previously received in the last provisional 1xx response of the same SIP dialogue shall be used.

NOTE: Due to forking, other P-Asserted-Identities might have been received in different SIP dialogues.

If the Calling Party has requested the COLP service (as indicated by the stored request status) but the 200 OK (INVITE) and previous 1XX provisional responses do not include a P-Asserted-Identity header field, the O-MGCF shall set up a network provided Connected Number with an Address not Available indication.

If the P-Asserted-Identity is available then the Connected number has to be setup with the screening indication network provided. The mapping of the P-Asserted-Identity and Privacy (if available) is shown in table 24.

| ← ANM/CON                                 | ← 200 OK INVITE     |
|---|---------------------|
| Connected Number (Network Provided)       | P-Asserted-ID       |
| Address Presentation Restricted Indicator | Privacy Value Field |

#### Table 23: Connected number parameter mapping

#### Table 24: Mapping of P-Asserted-Identity and privacy headers to the ISUP/BICC connected number parameter

| SIP component  | Value                              | BICC/ISUP parameter / field | Value   |  |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| P-Asserted-Identity<br>header field (NOTE 1)   | E.164 number                       | Connected Number            |   |  |
|  |                                    | Number incomplete indicator | "Complete"  |  |
|  |                                    | Numbering Plan Indicator    | "ISDN/Telephony (E.164)"  |  |
|  |                                    | Nature of Address Indicator | If CC encoded in the URI is equal to the<br>CC of the country where MGCF is<br>located AND the next BICC/ISUP node<br>is located in the same country then<br>set to "national (significant) number"<br>else set to "international number" |  |
|  |                                    | Address Presentation        | Depends on priv-value in Privacy  |  |
|  |                                    | Restricted Indicator (APRI) | header.   |  |
|  |                                    | Screening indicator         | Network Provided  |  |
| Addr-spec  | "CC" "NDC"<br>"SN" from the<br>URI | Address signal              | if NOA is "national (significant) number"<br>then set to "NDC" + "SN".<br>If NOA is "international number"<br>then set to "CC"+"NDC"+"SN".  |  |
| Privacy header field is not present  |                                    | APRI                        | Presentation allowed  |  |
| Privacy header field   | priv-value                         | APRI                        | "Address Presentation Restricted<br>Indicator"  |  |
| priv-value   | "header"                           | APRI                        | Presentation restricted   |  |
|  | "user"                             | APRI                        | Presentation restricted   |  |
|  | "none"                             | APRI                        | Presentation allowed  |  |
|  | "id"                               | APRI                        | Presentation restricted   |  |
| NOTE 1: It is possible that a P-Asserted –Identity header field includes both a TEL URI and a SIP or SIPS URI.<br>In this case, either the TEL URI or the SIP URI with user="phone" and a specific host portion, as<br>selected by operator policy, may be used. |                                    |                             |   |  |

# 7.4.3 Direct Dialling In (DDI)

A direct dialling in call is a basic call and no additional treatment is required by the MGCF.

# 7.4.4 Malicious call identification

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.731.7 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# 7.4.5 Subaddressing (SUB)

# 7.4.5.1 General

The ISDN Subaddress in ISUP is transported within the Access Transport Parameter. The Coding of the Subaddress parameter within the Access Transport Parameter is described within ETSI EN 300 403-1 [96]. The isdn-subaddress parameter carried within a tel or sip URI is defined within RFC 3966 [97]. The isdn-subaddress encoding type carried within a tel or sip URI is defined within RFC 4715 [108].

# 7.4.5.2 Interworking at I-MGCF

The mapping in table 24ba of the isdn-subaddress parameter received within a tel or sip URI to the ISUP Access Transport Parameter encapsulating the Subaddress shall be applied.

The mapping in table 24bb of the Subaddress received within an ANM Message containing the ISUP Access Transport Parameter to the isdn-subaddress of a tel or sip URI to be sent within a 200 OK (INVITE) shall be applied.

# Table 24ba: Mapping of the Subaddress received in an initial INVITE to the Subaddress sent in the IAM

| SIP Message INVITE   |  |  | ISUP Mes   | sage IAM   |  |                                      |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| Source SIP<br>header field<br>and component  | Source component value   |  | ISUP<br>Parameter<br>field                                       | Derived v  | value of parameter field   |                                      |
| To header field<br>including the<br>isdn-subaddress<br>(NOTE)  | "isub=" 1*uric<br>"uric"<br>containing the<br>Subaddress<br>digits   | isub-encoding not<br>present<br>"isub-<br>encoding=nsap-ia5"<br>"isub-<br>encoding=nsap-<br>bcd"<br>"isub-<br>encoding=nsap" | Access<br>Transport<br>Parameter                                 | called party<br>Subaddress                                   | Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000)<br>Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000)<br>Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000) |                                      |
|  | "isub=" 1*uric ("uric" containing the<br>Subaddress digits) and isub-encoding<br>does not contain nsap value |  | No mapping   |  |  |                                      |
| P-Asserted-  | ";isub=" 1*uric "isub-encoding not<br>";isub=" 1*uric "isub-<br>encoding=psap_ia5"                           |  | ";isub=" 1*uric "isub-<br>encoding=nsap-ia5" Access<br>Transport | Transport  | calling party<br>Subaddress  | Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000) |
| Identity header co<br>Field Su   | containing the<br>Subaddress<br>digits   | "isub-<br>encoding=nsap-<br>bcd"<br>"isub-   | Parameter  | Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000)<br>Type of Subaddress = |  |                                      |
|  |  | encoding=nsap"   |  |  | "NSAP" (000)   |                                      |
|  | "isub=" 1*uric ("uric" containing the<br>Subaddress digits) and isub-encoding<br>does not contain nsap value |  | No mapping   |  |  |                                      |
| NOTE: As an operator option, an isdn-subaddress within the Request-URI may also b<br>Access Transport parameter. |  |  | JRI may also be  | mapped into the ISUP   |  |                                      |

# Table 24bb: Mapping of the Subaddress received in an ANM to the Subaddress sent in the 200 OK (INVITE)

| ISUP Message ANM              |  | SIP Mes  | sage 200 (OK)  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ISUP Parameter field          | Source component value   | Source SIP header field<br>and component                 | Derived value of parameter<br>field  |
| Access Transport<br>Parameter | connected Subaddress and<br>Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000) | P-Asserted-Identity<br>including the isdn-<br>subaddress | ";isub=" 1*uric and "isub-<br>encoding=nsap-ia5"<br>The Subaddress digits<br>included into the "uric" shall be<br>derived from the Access<br>Transport Parameter |
|                               | connected Subaddress<br>and Type of Subaddress ≠<br>"NSAP" (000) | No mapping   |  |

# 7.4.5.3 Interworking at O-MGCF

The mapping in table 24bc of the subaddress information received in the Access Transport Parameter of the IAM message to the isdn-subaddress parameters of a tel or SIP URI to be sent within the initial INVITE request shall be applied.

The mapping in table 24bd of the isdn-subaddress information received within a tel or SIP URI of a 200 OK (INVITE) to the subaddress information of the ISUP Access Transport Parameter to be sent within the ANM message shall be applied.

| ISUP                          | IAM Message  | SIP INVITE Message  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| ISUP Parameter<br>field       | Source component value   | Source SIP header<br>field and component  | Derived value of parameter<br>field  |
|                               | called party Subaddress and<br>Type of Subaddress = "NSAP"<br>(000)  | To header field<br>including the isdn-<br>subaddress, and, as an<br>operator option,<br>Request URI | ";isub=" 1*uric and "isub-<br>encoding=nsap-ia5"<br>The Subaddress digits<br>included into the "uric" shall be<br>derived from the Access<br>Transport Parameter |
| Access Transport<br>Parameter | called party Subaddress and<br>Type of Subaddress ≠ "NSAP"<br>(000)  | No mapping  |  |
|                               | calling party Subaddress and<br>Type of Subaddress = "NSAP"<br>(000) | P-Asserted-Identity<br>header field including<br>the isdn-subaddress                                | ";isub=" 1*uric and "isub-<br>encoding=nsap-ia5"<br>The Subaddress digits<br>included into the "uric" shall be<br>derived from the Access<br>Transport Parameter |
|                               | calling party Subaddress and<br>Type of Subaddress ≠ "NSAP"<br>(000) | No mapping  |  |

#### Table 24bd: Mapping of the Subaddress received in a 2000K to the Subaddress sent in the ANM

| SIP Message 200 (OK)  |  |  | ISUP Messa                 | ge ANM     |                                      |
|---|--|--|----------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Source SIP<br>header field<br>and component                                 | Source component value                 |  | ISUP<br>Parameter<br>field | Derived va | lue of parameter field               |
|   | "isub=" 1*uric<br>"uric"               | isub-encoding not<br>present<br>"isub-<br>encoding=nsap-ia5"   | Access                     | connected  | Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000) |
| P-Asserted-<br>Identity header<br>Field<br>including the<br>isdn-subaddress | containing the<br>Subaddress<br>digits | "isub-<br>encoding=nsap-<br>bcd"                               | Transport<br>Parameter     | Subaddress | Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000) |
|   |  | "isub-<br>encoding=nsap"                                       |                            |            | Type of Subaddress =<br>"NSAP" (000) |
|   |  | uric" containing the<br>its) and isub-encoding<br>n nsap value | No mapping                 |            |                                      |

# 7.4.6 Call Forwarding Busy (CFB)/ Call Forwarding No Reply (CFNR) / Call Forwarding Unconditional (CFU) / Call Deflection (CD)

### 7.4.6.1 General

A MGCF within an IMS network applying the Communication Diversion service uses the procedures defined in subclause 7.5.4.

This subclause describes additional interworking of call forwarding service information between a PSTN/PLMN network and an IMS network. This can also be used when interworking between SIP networks (e.g., IMS network interworking with enterprise networks making use of the History-Info header with an escaped Reason header as described in IETF RFC 4244 [91]). The procedures support the interworking of the diversion reason within the History-Info header using an escaped Reason header defined by IETF RFC 3326 [116] as described in IETF RFC 4244 [91] and also support the diversion cause using the cause-parm as described by IETF RFC 4458 [113].

If the MGCF is supporting the interworking of Call Forwarding and also applying the Communication Diversion services as defined by 3GPP TS 24.604 [60], it uses both IETF RFC 4244 [91] and IETF RFC 4458 [113] to signal the diversion reason. An IMS network supporting the interworking of Call Forwarding and not applying the IMS Communication Diversion supplementary service according to 3GPP TS 24.604 [60] uses IETF RFC 4244 [91] and can also use IETF RFC 4458 [113] based on network option.

When interworking the SIP History-Info header to ISUP, and both the diversion reason based on IETF RFC 4244 [91] and IETF RFC 4458 [113] are present for the same diversion instance, the MGCF should use the cause-parm URI parameter per IETF RFC 4458 [113] for deriving the ISUP. When the cause-parm URI parameter per IETF RFC 4458 [113] is used, the corresponding interworking as described in subclause 7.5.4 shall be applied for that diversion instance. Otherwise, the interworking as defined in the present subclause should be applied.

When interworking from ISUP to the History-Info header, to signal the diversion reason the MGCF should use the escaped Reason header from IETF RFC 4244 [91] and apply the interworking procedures in the present subclause. The MGCF should also apply the interworking procedures described in subclause 7.5.4 to use the cause-parm from IETF RFC 4458 [113] to signal the diversion reason.

In the event that the interworking procedures described in this subclause as well as the interworking procedures in subclause 7.5.4 are not applied, the actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side as described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.732.2-5 [42] under the clause "Interactions with networks not providing any call diversion information" may be applied as a network option.

#### 7.4.6.2 Interworking at the O-MGCF

#### 7.4.6.2.1 General

This subclause describes the optional mapping of Call Forwarding information at the O-MGCF to the protocol-cause specified in IETF RFC 3326 [116].

#### 7.4.6.2.2 Interworking SIP to ISUP

| ←Message sent to ISUP                     | ←Message Received from SIP   |                        |
|---|--|------------------------|
| ACM indicating call forwarding            | 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.6  |
| CPG indicating call forwarding (see NOTE) | 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.7  |
| ACM indicating ringing                    | 180 (Ringing) response   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.8  |
| CPG indicating Alerting (see NOTE)        | 180 (Ringing) response   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.9  |
| ANM                                       | 200 (OK) response  | See table 7.4.6.2.2.10 |
| CON                                       | 200 (OK) response (Neither a 181 (Call Is<br>Being Forwarded) response nor a 180<br>(Ringing) response was received) | See table 7.4.6.2.2.10 |
| NOTE: A CPG will be sent if an ACM was    | already sent.  |                        |

#### Table 7.4.6.2.2.1: Mapping of SIP messages to ISUP messages

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source<br>Component<br>value | Redirection number          | Derived value of parameter field  |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| hi-targeted-to-uri of the<br>History-Info header<br>following the last History-<br>Info entry field entry<br>containing a Reason<br>header as defined in IETF   | СС                           | Nature of address indicator | If CC is equal to the country code of the<br>country where O-MGCF is located AND<br>the next ISUP node is located in the<br>same country, then set to " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " else set to<br>" <i>international number</i> ". |
| RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>value as listed in table<br>7.4.6.2.2.4<br>appropriate global number<br>portion of the hi-targeted-to-<br>uri, assumed to be in form<br>"+" CC + NDC +<br>SN.(NOTE)   | CC, NDC, SN                  | Address signals             | If NOA is " <i>national (significant) number</i> "<br>then set to<br>NDC + SN.<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then set to CC + NDC + SN.   |
| NOTE: If it is SIP URI and doesn"t contain "user=phone", mapping to redirection number is impossible,<br>therefore no need to generate Redirection number and Redirection number restriction indicator (per<br>table 7.4.6.2.2.3), Notification subscription options can"t be set as "presentation allowed with redirection<br>number". |                              |                             |   |

Table 7.4.6.2.2.2: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Redirection number

## Table 7.4.6.2.2.3: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Redirection number restriction

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source<br>Component<br>value  | Redirection number restriction    | Derived value of parameter field                              |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Privacy header field, or<br>priv-value component of the<br>hi-entry following the last<br>History-Info entry<br>containing a Reason<br>header as defined in IETF | " <i>history</i> " or<br>" <i>session</i> " or<br>" <i>header</i> "<br>Privacy<br>header field<br>absent or | Presentation restricted indicator | "Presentation restricted"<br>"Presentation allowed" or absent |
| RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>value as listed in table<br>7.4.6.2.2.4  | "none"  |                                   |   |

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source Component<br>value   | Call Diversion<br>Information           | Derived value of parameter field   |
|--|---|---|--|
| Privacy header field,<br>priv-value component  | " <i>history</i> " or "session" or<br>" <i>header</i> "<br>Privacy header field<br>absent | Notification<br>subscription<br>options | If the priv-value " <i>history</i> " or " <i>session</i> " or<br>" <i>header</i> " is set for the History-Info<br>header field or to the hist-info element<br>entries concerning the redirecting (see<br>table 7.4.6.3.2.2) and diverted to uri<br>(see table 7.4.6.2.2.2) then<br>" <i>presentation not allowed</i> " shall be set<br>If the priv-value " <i>history</i> " or " <i>session</i> " or<br>" <i>header</i> " is set only to the hist-info<br>element concerning the diverted-to uri<br>then " <i>presentation allowed without</i><br><i>redirection number</i> " shall be set.<br><i>Presentation allowed with redirection</i><br><i>number</i> |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; Reason<br>header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>parameter | or "none"<br>Cause parameter<br>value<br>302<br>486<br>408                                | Call diversion<br>information           | Redirecting Reason Deflection immediate response User busy No reply  |
|  | 503<br>all other cause values   |   | Mobile subscriber not reachable<br>Unknown   |

Table 7.4.6.2.2.4: Mapping of hi-targeted-to-uri to ISUP Call Diversion Information

#### Table 7.4.6.2.2.5: Void

# Table 7.4.6.2.2.6: Mapping of 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) → ACM when ACM was not previously sent

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source Component value | ISUP Parameter   | Derived value of parameter field            |
|--|------------------------|--|---|
| 181 (Call Is Being<br>Forwarded)   |                        | ACM  |   |
|  |                        | Generic notification<br>indicators                                 | Call is diverting                           |
| History-Info header field  | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2  | Redirection number   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2                       |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3  | Redirection number<br>restriction                                  | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3                       |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4  | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4                       |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; Reason<br>header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>parameter | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4  | Call diversion information   | Redirecting Reason<br>See table 7.4.6.2.2.4 |

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source Component value  | ISUP Parameter   | Derived value of parameter<br>field                   |
|--|---|--|---|
| 181 (Call Is Being<br>Forwarded) response  |   | CPG  |   |
|  |   | Generic notification<br>indicators                                 | Call is diverting                                     |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; Reason<br>header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>parameter | 486<br>408 (see NOTE)<br>all other values, or if<br>appropriate national<br>use value CFB, CFNR<br>or CFU is not used in a<br>network, or if no hi-<br>targeted-to-uri cause-<br>param URI parameter<br>is contained in the SIP<br>181. | Event indicator  | CFB (national use)<br>CFNR (national use)<br>Progress |
| History-Info header field<br>Priv-value  | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2<br>See table 7.4.6.2.2.3  | Redirection number<br>Redirection number<br>restriction            | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2<br>See table 7.4.6.2.2.3        |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4   | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4                                 |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; Reason<br>header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>parameter | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4   | Call diversion information<br>Redirecting Reason                   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4                                 |
| NOTE: This appears in the  | e cases of CFNR.  |  |   |

#### Table 7.4.6.2.2.8: Mapping of 180 (Ringing) $\rightarrow$ ACM when ACM was not previously sent

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source Component<br>value   | ISUP Parameter  | Derived value of parameter field |
|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
| 180 (Ringing) response   |   | ACM   |                                  |
| History-Info header field  | If hi-targeted-to-uri of at<br>least one History-Info<br>hi-entry contains a<br>Reason header as<br>defined in IETF RFC<br>4244 [91]. | Generic notification<br>indicators  | Call is diverting                |
| History-Info header field  | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2   | Redirection number (NOTE)   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2            |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3   | Redirection number<br>restriction (NOTE)                                  | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3            |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4   | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options (NOTE) | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4            |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; Reason<br>header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>parameter | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4   | Call diversion information<br>Redirecting Reason (NOTE)                   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4            |
|  | only be supplied if hi-targe<br>th cause value as listed ir   | ted-to-uri contains a Reason h<br>table 7.4.6.2.2.4.                      | eader, as defined in IETF        |

The mapping described within table 7.4.6.2.2.1 can only appear if the communication has already undergone a Call Forwarding in the ISDN/PSTN and the 180 is the first provisional response sent in backward direction.

The IWU can indicate the call diversion in the mapping of 180 (Ringing) to CPG in fact if the response before was a 181 (Call is being forwarded).

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source Component value | ISUP Parameter  | Derived value of parameter field |  |
|--|------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| 180 (Ringing) response   |                        | CPG   |                                  |  |
|  |                        | Generic notification<br>indicators  | Call is diverting                |  |
| History-Info header field  |                        | Event indicator   | ALERTING                         |  |
| History-Info header field  | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2  | Redirection number (NOTE)   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2            |  |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3  | Redirection number restriction (NOTE)                                     | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3            |  |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4  | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options (NOTE) | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4            |  |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; Reason<br>header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>parameter   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4  | Call diversion information<br>Redirecting Reason (NOTE)                   | See table 7.4.6.2.2.4            |  |
| NOTE: Parameter shall only be supplied if hi-targeted-to-uri contains a Reason header, as defined in IETF RFC 4244 [91] with cause value as listed in table 7.4.6.2.2.4. |                        |   |                                  |  |

The mapping in table 7.4.6.2.2.9 appears when a 181 previously was mapped to an ACM. Therefore the state machine of the MGCF knows that a CDIV is in Progress.

| Source SIP header field<br>and component | Source Component<br>value | ISUP Parameter                    | Derived value of parameter field |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 200 (OK) response                        |                           | ANM/CON                           |                                  |
| History-Info header field                | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2     | Redirection number                | See table 7.4.6.2.2.2            |
| Priv-value                               | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3     | Redirection number<br>restriction | See table 7.4.6.2.2.3            |

#### 7.4.6.2.3 Interworking ISUP to SIP

For the interworking of 180 (Ringing) response and 200 (OK) response to the regarding ISUP messages and parameters no additional procedures beyond the basic call procedures are needed.

To interwork the redirection number at the O-MGCF it can be needed to create placeholder History entries. Such a History entry has to provide a hi-targeted-to-uri with a placeholder value "unknown@unknown.invalid" a Cause parameter and a hi-index as described within table 7.4.6.2.3.1.

| ISUP Parameter or IE         | Derived value of<br>parameter field  | SIP component   | Value   |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| IAM                          |  | INVITE request  |   |
| Redirecting number           |  | History-Info header field   | hi-targeted-to-uri of the<br>penultimate created hi-entry<br>IF Redirection counter<br>exceed 1 ELSE no mapping   |
| Nature of address indicator: | "national (significant)<br>number"<br>"international number"   | hi-targeted-to-uri  | Add CC (of the country where<br>the MGCF is located) to<br>Generic Number Address<br>Signals then map to user<br>portion of URI scheme used.<br>Addr-spec<br>"+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>user portion of URI scheme<br>used<br>Map complete Redirection<br>number Address Signals to |
|                              |  |   | user portion of URI scheme used.  |
| Address Signals              | If NOA is "national<br>(significant) number"<br>then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is "international<br>number"<br>then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | hi-targeted-to-uri  | "+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>userinfo portion of URI<br>scheme used   |
| Redirecting number           | APRI   | Privacy header field that   | Priv-value  |
|                              | "presentation  | corresponds to the  | "history"   |
|                              | restricted"  | penultimate hi-targeted-to-uri  |   |
|                              | "presentation allowed"   | entry in the History-Info<br>header                                   | Privacy header field absent<br>or " <i>none</i> " (NOTE 3)  |
| Redirection Information      | Redirecting indicator  | Privacy header field that   | Priv-value  |
|                              | Call diverted  | corresponds to the  | "none" (NOTE 4)   |
|                              | Call diverted, all<br>redirection info<br>presentation restricted  | penultimate hi-targeted-to-uri<br>entry in the History-Info<br>header | "history"   |
| Redirection Information      | Redirection counter<br>1   | hi-index  | Number of diversions are<br>shown due to the number of<br>hi-index Entries<br>Index for original called Party<br>Number = 1<br>Address Signals (CdPN)<br>Number = 1.1   |
|                              | 2  |   | Index for original called Party<br>Number = 1<br>Index for Redirecting number<br>with Index = 1.1<br>Address Signals (CdPN)<br>Number = 1.1.1   |
|                              | N  |   | Index for original called Party<br>Number = 1<br>Placeholder History entry with<br>Index = 1.1  |
|                              |  |   | <br>Fill up<br>   |
|                              |  |   | Index for Redirecting Number<br>with = 1+[(N-1)*".1"]<br>Index for Address Signals  |

| Table 7.4.6.2.3.1: | Mapping of | IAM to SIP | INVITE request |
|--------------------|------------|------------|----------------|
|                    |            |            |                |

| ISUP Parameter or IE                           | Derived value of<br>parameter field   | SIP component  | Value   |
|--|---|--|---|
|  |   |  | (CdPN)<br>= 1+N* ".1" (e.g. N=3 →<br>1.1.1.1)   |
| Redirection Information                        | Redirecting Reason<br>and<br>Original Redirection<br>Reason<br>(NOTE 1)<br>unknown<br>unconditional<br>User Busy<br>No reply<br>Deflection during<br>alerting<br>Deflection immediate | hi-targeted-to-uri; Reason<br>header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause<br>parameter.<br>For a placeholder History<br>entry the value "404" shall<br>be taken (NOTE 2).<br>Cause parameter for<br>redirecting reason will be put<br>in the entry of redirecting<br>number, and cause<br>parameter for original<br>redirection reason will be put | Cause parameter value           404           302           486           408           302           302 |
|  | response<br>Mobile subscriber not<br>reachable  | in the entry of original called party number.  | 503   |
| Called Party Number                            | See Redirecting number  | History-Info header field see<br>hi-targeted-to-uri  | URI of the last hi-targeted-to-<br>uri entry of History-Info<br>header field                              |
| Original Called Party<br>Number                | See Redirecting number  | History-Info header field see<br>hi-targeted-to-uri  | URI of first hi-targeted-to-uri<br>entry of History-Info header<br>field                                  |
| Original Called Party                          | APRI  | Privacy header field of the  | Priv-value  |
| Number   | imber "presentation first hi-targeted-to-uri entry  | first hi-targeted-to-uri entry of History-Info header  | "history"   |
|  | "presentation allowed"  |  | "none"  |
| 4244 [91] has to<br>NOTE 3: If the Redirecting | ntries except the last one a<br>be included.<br>g indicator has the value "C  | the "unknown" parameter<br>cause parameter in Reason h<br>Call diverted, all redirection info  |   |
|  | story" shall be set.  |  | -   |

privacy value "history" shall be set. NOTE 4: If the redirecting number APRI has the value "presentation restricted", the privacy value "history" shall be set.

## 7.4.6.3 Interworking at the I-MGCF

## 7.4.6.3.1 General

This subclause describes the interworking of the Call Forwarding information at the I-MGCF.

#### 7.4.6.3.2 Interworking from SIP to ISUP

#### Table 7.4.6.3.2.1: Mapping of SIP to ISUP messages

| →Message received from SIP | →Message send to BICC/ISUP |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| INVITE request             | IAM                        |

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source<br>Component<br>value                            | Redirecting number          | Derived value of parameter field   |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
| latest History-Info header<br>field entry containing a<br>Reason header as defined<br>in IETF RFC 4244 [91] with<br>cause parameter value as<br>listed in the<br>cause parameter row in<br>table 7.4.6.2.2.4 (Note 1)  |   | Redirecting number          |  |
| hi-targeted-to-uri<br>appropriate global number<br>portion of the URI,<br>assumed to be in form<br>"+" CC + NDC + SN   | СС  | Nature of address indicator | If CC is equal to the country code of the<br>country where MGCF is located AND<br>the next ISUP node is located in the<br>same country, then set to " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " else set to<br>" <i>international number</i> " |
|  | CC, NDC, SN   | Address signals             | If NOA is " <i>national (significant) number</i> "<br>then set to<br>NDC + SN.<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then set to CC + NDC + SN   |
| Privacy header field,<br>priv-value component<br>in History-Info header field  | "history" or<br>"session" or<br>"header"                | APRI                        | "presentation restricted"  |
| as specified in this<br>table(NOTE 2)  | Privacy<br>header field<br>absent or<br>" <i>none</i> " |                             | "presentation allowed"   |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: If it is SIP URI and doesn"t contain "user=phone", mapping to redirecting number is impossible, therefore no need to generate Redirecting number</li> <li>NOTE 2: It is possible that an entry of the History-Info header field itself is marked as restricted or the whole History-Info header.</li> </ul> |   |                             |  |

Table 7.4.6.3.2.2: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Redirecting number

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source Component<br>value   | Redirection<br>Information  | Derived value of parameter field  |
|---|---|-----------------------------|---|
| Privacy header field, and in  | "history" or "session" or   |                             | Call diverted, all redirection info   |
| History-Info header field in<br>the priv-value component of<br>the last hi-targeted-to-uri  | " <i>header</i> "<br>for the Privacy SIP<br>header or for the hi- | indicator                   | presentation restricted   |
| containing a Reason   | targeted-to-uri entry   |                             |   |
| header as defined in IETF<br>RFC 4244 [91] with cause   | Privacy header field<br>and the privacy                           |                             | Call diverted   |
| parameter value as listed in<br>the cause parameter row in  | component of the hi-<br>targeted-to-uri entry                     |                             |   |
| this table  | either absent   |                             |   |
|   | or  |                             |   |
|   | set to " <i>none</i> "  |                             |   |
|   |   | Original redirection reason | Unknown   |
| Cause parameter in the last   | Cause parameter   | Redirecting                 | Redirecting Reason  |
| hi-targeted-to-uri containing   | value   | Reason                      |   |
| a Reason header as  | 302   |                             | Deflection immediate response   |
| defined in IETF RFC 4244  | 486   |                             | User busy   |
| [91]  | 408   |                             | No reply  |
|   | 503   |                             | Mobile subscriber not reachable   |
|   | All other values  |                             | unknown   |
| Hi-index  |   | Redirection counter         | number of History entries containing a cause-param with value as listed in the cause-param row in this table (NOTE) |
| NOTE: If the determined number of redirection in SIP exceeds the ISUP maximum parameter value, the MGCF shall set the Redirection counter to its maximum value. For instance, in ISUP ITU-T Q.763 [4], the Redirection counter parameter cannot exceed 5. |   |                             |   |

 Table 7.4.6.3.2.3: Mapping of History-Info header to ISUP Redirection Information

## Table 7.4.6.3.2.4: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Original Called number

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source<br>Component<br>value                               | Original called number      | Derived value of parameter field   |
|---|--|-----------------------------|--|
|   |  | Numbering Plan Indicator    | "ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan<br>(Recommendation E.164)"  |
| hi-targeted-to-uri of 1 <sup>st</sup> hi-<br>targeted-to-uri containing a<br>Reason header as defined<br>in IETF RFC 4244 [91] with<br>cause parameter;<br>appropriate global number  | CC   | Nature of address indicator | If CC is equal to the country code of the<br>country where MGCF is located AND<br>the next ISUP node is located in the<br>same country, then set to " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " else set to<br>" <i>international number</i> " |
| portion of the URI,<br>assumed to be in form<br>"+" CC + NDC + SN(NOTE<br>1)  | CC, NDC, SN  | Address signals             | If NOA is " <i>national (significant) number</i> "<br>then set to<br>NDC + SN.<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then set to CC + NDC + SN   |
| priv-value component<br>in History-Info header field<br>of the History-Info header  | " <i>history</i> " or<br>"session" or<br>" <i>header</i> " | APRI                        | "presentation restricted"  |
| field entry as defined above<br>in this table (NOTE 2)  | Privacy<br>header field<br>absent or<br>" <i>none</i> "    |                             | "presentation allowed"   |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: If it is SIP URI and doesn"t contain "<i>user=phone</i>", mapping to Original Called number is impossible, therefore no need to generate Original Called number</li> <li>NOTE 2: It is possible that an entry of the History-Info header field itself is marked as restricted or the whole History-Info header.</li> </ul> |  |                             |  |

| INVITE                       |                       | IAM                        |                                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| History-Info header<br>field | See table 7.4.6.3.2.2 | Redirecting<br>number      | See table 7.4.6.3.2.2           |
| History-Info header<br>field | See table 7.4.6.3.2.3 | Redirection<br>Information | See table 7.4.6.3.2.3           |
| Cause parameter in           | Cause parameter value | Redirection                | Redirecting Reason              |
| the last hi-targeted-to-     | 486                   | Information                | User busy                       |
| uri containing a             | 408                   |                            | No reply                        |
| Reason header as             | 302                   |                            | Deflection immediate response   |
| defined in IETF RFC          | 503                   |                            | Mobile subscriber not reachable |
| 4244 [91]                    | All other values      |                            | unknown                         |
| History-Info header<br>field | See table 7.4.6.3.2.4 | Original Called<br>Number  | See table 7.4.6.3.2.4           |

#### Table 7.4.6.3.2.5: Mapping of INVITE to IAM

# 7.4.6.3.3 Interworking from ISUP to SIP

#### Table 7.4.6.3.3.1: Mapping of ISUP to SIP Messages

| ←Message sent to SIP          | ←Message Received from BICC/ISUP  |                         |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 181 (Call is Being forwarded) | ACM no indication with Redirection number and call diversion information (CFU, CFB, CDi)  | See table 7.4.6.3.3.3   |
| 180 (Ringing)                 | ACM indicating ringing, OBCI: Call diversion may occur (CFNR, CDa)  | See subclause 7.2.3.1.4 |
| 181 (Call is Being forwarded) | CPG indicating progress or subsequent diversion<br>indicated in the CPG with Redirection number and call<br>diversion information (CFNR, CDa) | See table 7.4.6.3.3.4   |
| 180 (Ringing)                 | CPG indicating ringing and Redirection number restriction parameter   | See table 7.4.6.3.3.5   |
| 200 (OK)                      | ANM and Redirection number restriction parameter  | See table 7.4.6.3.3.6   |

## Table 7.4.6.3.3.2: Mapping of ISUP Redirection Number Restriction to History-Info header field

| Redirection Number<br>Restriction | Derived value of parameter field   | SIP component | Value   |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|---|
| Presentation restricted           | "Presentation restricted"  |               | "History"   |
| indicator                         | "Presentation allowed" or absent AND a previous<br>received notification subscription option was NOT<br>"presentation not allowed" OR was NOT<br>"presentation allowed without redirection number" |               | Privacy header<br>field absent<br>or<br>" <i>none</i> " |

| ISUP Parameter   | Derived value of<br>parameter field  | SIP component  | Value   |  |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| Generic notification<br>indicators   | Call is diverting  |  |   |  |
|  |  | 1 <sup>st</sup> History-info header<br>having an index = 1<br>(NOTE 1) | Placeholder URI<br>"unknown@unknown.invalid"  |  |
| Redirection number   |  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> History-Info header<br>field having an index 1.1       | hi-targeted-to-uri:   |  |
| Nature of address<br>indicator:  | "national (significant)<br>number"   | hi-targeted-to-uri   | Add CC (of the country where the<br>MGCF is located) to Redirection<br>number Address Signals then map to<br>user portion of URI scheme used.<br>Addr-spec<br>"+" CC NDC SN mapped to user<br>portion of URI scheme used according<br>to the rules of 3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c |  |
|  | "international number"   |  | Map complete Redirection number<br>Address Signals to user portion of URI<br>scheme used according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60] subclause<br>4.5.2.6.4 item c   |  |
| Address Signals  | If NOA is " <i>national</i><br>(significant) number"<br>then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international</i><br><i>number</i> "<br>then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | hi-targeted-to-uri   | "+" CC NDC SN mapped to userinfo<br>portion of URI scheme used  |  |
| Call diversion   | Redirecting Reason   | Reason header as   | Cause parameter value   |  |
| information  | Unknown/not available  | defined in IETF RFC  | 404   |  |
|  | Unconditional  | 4244 [91] with cause   | 302   |  |
|  | User busy  | value in the penultimate   | 486   |  |
|  | No reply   | hi-entry   | 408   |  |
|  | Deflection immediate   | (NOTE 2)   | 302   |  |
|  | response   |  |   |  |
|  | Deflection during alerting   |  | 302   |  |
|  | Mobile subscriber not  |  | 503   |  |
|  | reachable<br>Notification<br>subscription option   | Privacy associated with<br>Redirection number hi-                      | Roles   |  |
|  | unknown  | targeted-to-uri (NOTE 2)   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of 3GPP TS<br>24.604 [60] subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c   |  |
|  | presentation not allowed   |  | A 181 Call is Being Forwarded shall <b>not</b> be sent  |  |
|  | presentation allowed with redirection number   |  | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of 3GPP TS<br>24.604 [60] subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c   |  |
|  | presentation allowed<br>without redirection<br>number  |  | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of 3GPP TS<br>24.604 [60] subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c   |  |
| NOTE 1: It is necessary to create two History-Info header entries to carry both Redirection number and Call<br>diversion information. Since the original called number is not available from the ISUP message a<br>placeholder URI is included in the first entry. Only two entries are provided because the number of<br>diversions is not available. |  |  |   |  |
| NOTE 2: Needs to be stored for a possible inclusion into subsequent messages.  |  |  |   |  |

Table 7.4.6.3.3.3: Mapping of ACM  $\rightarrow$  181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response

| ISUP<br>Parameter  | Derived value of parameter<br>field   | SIP component  | Value   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Event Indicator  | Progress  |  |   |  |
| Generic<br>notification<br>indicators  | Call is diverting   |  |   |  |
|  |   | 1 <sup>st</sup> History-Info header having<br>an index =1 (NOTE 1) | Placeholder URI<br>" <i>unknown @unknown.invalid</i> "  |  |
| Redirection<br>number  |   | 2 <sup>nd</sup> History-Info header field<br>having an index = 1.1 | hi-targeted-to-uri:   |  |
| Nature of<br>address<br>indicator  | "national (significant) number"   | hi-targeted-to-uri   | Add CC (of the country where<br>the MGCF is located) to<br>Redirection number Address<br>Signals then map to user<br>portion of URI scheme used.<br>Addr-spec<br>"+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>user portion of URI scheme<br>used according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c |  |
|  | "international number"  | hi-targeted-to-uri   | Map complete Redirection<br>number Address Signals to<br>user portion of URI scheme<br>used according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c  |  |
| Address<br>Signals   | If NOA is " <i>national (significant)</i><br><i>number</i> " then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then the format of the Address<br>Signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | hi-targeted-to-uri   | "+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>userinfo portion of URI scheme<br>used   |  |
| Call diversion   | Redirecting Reason  | Reason header as defined in  | Cause parameter value   |  |
| information  | Unknown/not available   | IETF RFC 4244 [91] with  | 404   |  |
|  | Unconditional   | cause value in the penultimate                                     | 302   |  |
|  | User busy   | hi-entry (NOTE 2)  | 486   |  |
|  | No reply  |  | 408   |  |
|  | Deflection immediate response   |  | 302   |  |
|  |   |  |   |  |
|  | Deflection during alerting<br>Mobile subscriber not reachable   |  | 302   |  |
|  | Notification subscription   |  | 503<br>Roles  |  |
|  | option  | Privacy associated with<br>Redirection number hi-                  | Roles   |  |
|  | unknown   | targeted-to-uri (NOTE 2)   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of 3GPP<br>TS 24.604 [60] subclause<br>4.5.2.6.4 item c  |  |
|  | presentation not allowed  |  | A 181 Call is Being Forwarded shall <b>not</b> be sent  |  |
|  | presentation allowed with redirection number  |  | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of 3GPP<br>TS 24.604 [60] subclause<br>4.5.2.6.4 item c  |  |
|  | presentation allowed without<br>redirection number  |  | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of 3GPP<br>TS 24.604 [60] subclause<br>4.5.2.6.4 item c  |  |
| NOTE 1: It is necessary to create two History-Info header entries to carry both Redirection number and Call<br>diversion information. Since the original called number is not available from the ISUP message a<br>placeholder URI is included in the first entry. Only two entries are provided because the number of<br>diversions is not available. |   |  |   |  |
| NOTE 2: Needs to be stored for a possible inclusion into subsequent messages.  |   |  |   |  |

Table 7.4.6.3.3.4: Mapping of CPG  $\rightarrow$  181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response

Table 7.4.6.3.3.5 addresses two separate conditions: the CPG is received from the diverting exchange in which case the Call diversion information is included; and the CPG is received from the diverted-to exchange in which case the Call diversion information is not included. Interworking for both conditions is shown.

| ISUP Parameter  | Derived value of<br>parameter field   | SIP component  | Value   |
|---|---|--|---|
| Event Indicator   | Alerting  |  |   |
|   |   | 1 <sup>st</sup> history-info header<br>having an index = 1<br>(NOTE 1)   | Placeholder URI<br>"unknown@unknown.invalid"  |
| Call diversion information                                  | Redirecting Reason<br>Unknown/not available<br>Unconditional<br>User busy<br>No reply<br>Deflection immediate<br>response<br>Deflection during<br>alerting<br>Mobile subscriber not | Cause parameter in the<br>latest entry<br>Local policy also allows to<br>put a Reason header as<br>defined in IETF RFC 4244<br>[91] with cause parameter<br>(NOTE 2) | Cause parameter value           404           302           486           408           302           302           503   |
|   | reachable   |  | 503   |
|   | Notification<br>subscription option   | Privacy associated with<br>Redirection number hi-  | Roles   |
|   | unknown<br>presentation not<br>allowed  | targeted-to-uri (NOTE 2)   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c<br>The 180 Ringing response<br>shall be sent <b>without</b> the the<br>History-Info header field |
|   | presentation allowed<br>with redirection number   |  | included<br>Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c  |
|   | presentation allowed<br>without redirection<br>number   |  | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c  |
| Redirection number  |   | 2 <sup>nd</sup> History-Info header field having an index = 1.1  | See table 7.4.6.3.3.3   |
| If no Call diversion<br>information parameter is<br>present |   | Reason header as defined in<br>IETF RFC 4244 [91] with<br>cause value in the<br>penultimate hi-entry   | Value stored from a previous<br>received ACM or CPG. See<br>tables 7.4.6.3.3.3 and<br>7.4.6.3.3.4   |
|   |   | Privacy associated with<br>Redirection number hi-<br>targeted-to-uri   | Value stored from a previous<br>received ACM or CPG. See<br>tables 7.4.6.3.3.3 and<br>7.4.6.3.3.4   |
| Redirection number restriction                              |   |  | See table 7.4.6.3.3.2   |
| Redirecting reason<br>placeholder URI<br>diversions is not  | on. Since the original calle<br>is included in the first entra<br>available.  | eader entries to carry both Red<br>ad number is not available from<br>y. Only two entries are provide<br>into subsequent messages.                                   | the ISUP message a  |

Table 7.4.6.3.3.5: Mapping of CPG  $\rightarrow$  180 (Ringing) response

| ISUP Parameter   | Derived value of<br>parameter field | SIP component  | Value   |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|
|  |                                     | 1 <sup>st</sup> History-Info header<br>having an index = 1 (NOTE)                                    | Placeholder URI<br>" <i>unknown</i> @unknown.invalid"   |
| Redirection number   |                                     | 2 <sup>nd</sup> History-Info header field having an index = 1.1                                      | See table 7.4.6.3.3.3   |
|  |                                     | Reason header as defined in<br>IETF RFC 4244 [91] with<br>cause value in the<br>penultimate hi-entry | Value stored from a<br>previously received ACM or<br>CPG. See tables 7.4.6.3.3.3<br>and 7.4.6.3.3.4 |
| Redirection number restriction   |                                     |  | See table 7.4.6.3.3.2   |
| NOTE 1: It is necessary to create two History-Info header entries to carry both Redirection number and<br>Redirecting reason. Since the original called number is not available from the ISUP message a<br>placeholder URI is included in the first entry. Only two entries are provided because the number of<br>diversions is not available. |                                     |  | the ISUP message a  |

Table 7.4.6.3.3.6: Mapping of ANM  $\rightarrow$  200 (OK) response (to INVITE request)

## 7.4.7 Void

# 7.4.8 Explicit Call Transfer (ECT)

When the MGCF receives a FAC message with Generic notification indicator coded as "Call transfer active" or "call transfer alerting" and a CPG with Generic notification indicator coded as "Remote hold" was received previously for the current communication, the action described in table 24be applies. In all other cases the actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.732.7 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# Table 24be: Mapping between ISUP and SIP for the Explicit Communication Transfer supplementary service

| ISUP message   | Mapping   |
|--|---|
| FAC with a "call transfer, active" or "call transfer, alerting" Generic notification | As described for CPG message with a "remote retrieval" Generic notification indicator in Subclause 7.4.10.2 |
| indicator  |   |

# 7.4.9 Call Waiting

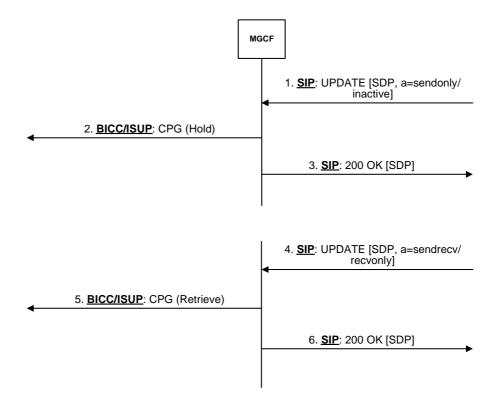
The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Q.733.1 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# 7.4.10 Call Hold

The service is interworked as indicated in 3GPP TS 23.228 [12].

#### 7.4.10.1 Session hold initiated from the IM CN subsystem side

The IMS network makes a hold request by sending an UPDATE or re-INVITE message with an "inactive" or a "sendonly" SDP attribute (refer to RFC 3264 [36]), depending on the current state of the session. Upon receipt of the hold request from the IMS side, the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the CS side with a "*remote hold" Generic notification indicator*. To resume the session, the IMS side sends an UPDATE or re-INVITE message with a "recvonly" or "sendrecv" SDP attribute, depending on the current state of the session. Upon receipt of the resume request from the IMS side, the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the CS side with a "*remove retrieval" Generic notification indicator*. To resume the session the CS side with a "*remove retrieval" Generic notification indicator*. However, the I-MGCF shall not send a CPG message upon reception of SDP containing "inactive" media within an initial INVITE request establishing a new SIP dialogue and upon reception of the first subsequent SDP activating those media.



The user plane interworking of the hold/resume request is described in the subclause 9.2.9.

#### Figure 30a: Session hold/resume initiated from the IM CN subsystem side

#### 7.4.10.2 Session hold initiated from the CS network side

If an MGCF receives a CPG message with "*remote hold*" and there is no dialog established towards the UE the MGCF shall send an UPDATE or re-INVITE request containing an SDP offer with "*sendonly*" or "*inactive*" media, as described in IETF RFC 3264 [36], when the first dialog is established. For an early dialog only UPDATE shall be used.

When an MGCF receives a CPG message with a "*remote hold*" Generic notification indicator and the media on the IMS side are "*sendrecv*" or "*recvonly*", the MGCF shall forward the hold request by sending an UPDATE request on the early dialog which was last established containing an SDP offer with "*sendonly*" if the stream was previously "*sendrecv*" or "*inactive*" if the stream was previously "*recvonly*" media, as described in IETF RFC 3264 [36].

If an additional early dialog is established during the "*remote hold*" condition the MGCF shall send an UPDATE request containing an SDP offer with "*sendonly*" or "*inactive*" media on the new early dialog, as described in IETF RFC 3264 [36].

If an UPDATE request with an SDP offer is received on one of the early dialogs for a call in the "*remote hold*" condition the MGCF shall send an appropriate SDP answer followed by a new UPDATE request including SDP with "*sendonly*" or "*inactive*" media on the dialog, as described in IETF RFC 3264 [36].

If an MGCF receives a 200 OK (INVITE) response on an early dialog for which the call is in a "*remote hold*" condition the MGCF shall send an UPDATE or re-INVITE request containing an SDP offer with "*sendonly*" or "*inactive*" media on the dialog where 200 OK (INVITE) was received, as described in IETF RFC 3264 [36]. If received SDP is indicating "*sendonly*" and the Contact header field of the remote party contained an "*isfocus*" header field parameter, defined in IETF RFC 3840 [135], the MGCF shall order the MGW to disconnect the media towards the IMS.

If the MGCF receives a CPG with Generic Notification Indicator "*remote retrieval*" and there is an early dialog on IMS side then a SIP UPDATE request (indicating call retrieval) shall be sent if the call hold service had been invoked on the early dialog before. For each subsequent early dialog for which the MGCF receives an 18x response or an UPDATE request with an SDP offer, the MGCF shall send SIP UPDATE indicating call retrieval after a possible SDP answer to the SDP offer, if that dialog had received a call hold indication before.

If the MGCF receives a CPG with Generic Notification Indicator "*remote retrieval*" and there is a confirmed dialog on IMS side then a SIP re-INVITE or UPDATE request (according to implementation option) shall be sent for this dialog

only if the call hold service had been invoked for this dialog before. If the media path towards the IMS was disconnected due to an "*isfocus*" header field parameter, defined in IETF RFC 3840 [135], in the remote party Contact header field, media shall be resumed.

When an MGCF receives a CPG message with a "*remote retrieval*" Generic notification indicator and the media on the IMS side are "*sendonly*" or "*inactive*", the MGCF shall forward the resume request by sending an UPDATE or re-INVITE message containing an SDP offer with "*sendrecv*" if the stream was previously "*sendonly*" or "*recvonly*" if the stream was previously "*inactive*" media, as described in IETF RFC 3264 [36]. If the media path towards the IMS was disconnected due to an "*isfocus*" header field parameter, defined in IETF RFC 3840 [135], in the remote party Contact header field, media shall be resumed.

If the MGCF receives a CPG with "*remote hold*" or "*remote retrieval*" before answer, it shall forward the request using an UPDATE message. If the MGCF receives a CPG with "*remote hold*" or "*remote retrieval*" after answer, it should forward the request using re-INVITE but may use UPDATE.

If link aliveness information is required at the IM-MGW while the media are on hold, the O-MGCF should provide modified SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers specified in IETF RFC 3556 [59] within the UPDATE or re-INVITE messages holding and retrieving the media to temporarily enable RTCP while the media are on hold, as detailed in subclause 7.4 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32]. If no link aliveness information is required at the IM-MGW, the O-MGCF should provide the SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers previously used.

The interworking does not impact the user plane with the following exceptions ;

- the MGCF provides modified SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers within the UPDATE or re-INVITE messages;.or
- the Contact header of the IMS remote party contains the "isfocus" header field parameter.

If the MGCF provides modified SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers to the IMS side, the MGCF shall also provide modified SDP RR and RS bandwidths to the IM-MGW, as described in the subclause 9.2.10. If the Contact header of the IMS remote party contains the "*isfocus*" header field parameter, defined in IETF RFC 3840 [135], media shall not be provided towards the IMS network.

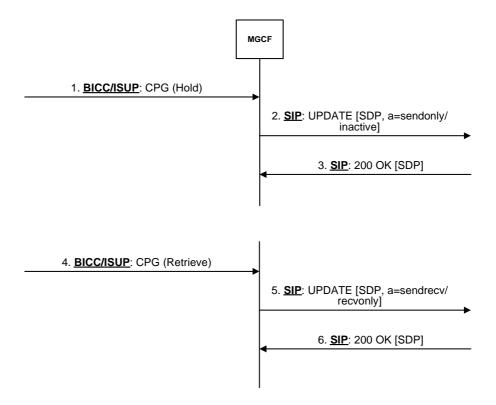


Figure 30b: Session hold/resume initiated from the CS network side

# 7.4.11 Call Completion on busy subscriber

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.733.3 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# 7.4.12 Completion of Calls on No Reply (CCNR)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.733.5 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# 7.4.13 Terminal Portability (TP)

Terminal Portability is defined as an ISUP supplementary service within ITU-T Rec. Q.733.4. [42].

A Suspend message containing the Suspend/Resume indicators set to "ISDN subscriber initiated" shall be treated like a CPG with "remote hold" in Section 7.4.10 Resume message containing the Suspend/Resume indicators set to "ISDN subscriber initiated" shall be treated like a CPG with "remote retrieval" in Section 7.4.10.

# 7.4.14 Conference calling (CONF) / Three-Party Service (3PTY)

The default behaviour of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side is described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.734.1[42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks". In addition, the MGCF may apply the interworking from ISUP to SIP described in Table 24aa.

Alternatively, the MGCF may apply the interworking to the Conference supplementary service described in subclause 7.5.6.

# Table 24aa: Mapping between ISUP and SIP for the Conference Calling (CONF) and Three-Party Service (3PTY) supplementary service

| ISUP message                         | Mapping  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| CPG with a "Conference established"  | As described for CPG message with a "remote retrieval" Generic         |
| Generic notification indicator       | notification indicator in Subclause 7.4.10.2                           |
| CPG with a "Conference disconnected" | As described for CPG message with a "remote retrieval" Generic         |
| Generic notification indicator       | notification indicator in Subclause 7.4.10.2                           |
| CPG with an "isolated" Generic       | As described for CPG message with a "remote hold" Generic notification |
| notification indicator               | indicator in Subclause 7.4.10.2  |
| CPG with a "reattached" Generic      | As described for CPG message with a "remote retrieval" Generic         |
| notification indicator               | notification indicator in Subclause 7.4.10.2                           |

# 7.4.15 Void

# 7.4.16 Closed User Group (CUG)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.735.1[42] under the subclause 1.5.2.4.2 "Exceptional procedures".

# 7.4.17 Multi-Level Precedence and Pre-emption (MLPP)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.735.3 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# 7.4.18 Global Virtual Network Service (GVNS)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.735.6 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# 7.4.19 International telecommunication charge card (ITCC)

An International Telecommunication charge card call is a basic call and no additional treatment is required by the MGCF.

# 7.4.20 Reverse charging (REV)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.736.3 [42] under the clause "Interactions with other networks".

# 7.4.21 User-to-User Signalling (UUS)

### 7.4.21.1 User-to-User Signalling (UUS) service 1 (implicit)

#### 7.4.21.1.0 General

The coding of the User-user information element is described within ITU-T Recommendation Q.737.1 [42]. The Userto-User header field is defined within IETF draft-ietf-cuss-sip-uui [99]. A package for interworking user-to-user information with the ISDN is defined by IETF draft-ietf-cuss-sip-uui-isdn [99A].

#### 7.4.21.1.1 Void

#### 7.4.21.1.2 Incoming Call Interworking from SIP to ISUP at I-MGCF

On the receipt of a User-to-User header field with the "*purpose*" header field parameter set to "*uui-isdn*", or a User-to-User header field without a "*purpose*" parameter, with "*encoding*" header field parameter set to "*hex*" or without an "*encoding*" parameter, with "*content*" header field parameter set to "*uui-isdn*" or without a "*content*" parameter, that is valid as defined by IETF draft-ietf-cuss-sip-uui-isdn [99A], the I-MGCF shall map the content of the "*uuidata*" field to the "*protocol discriminator*" and "*user information*" parameters of the user-user information element.

The "length of user-user contents" parameter shall be set by the I-MGCF according to the normal procedures.

The I-MGCF maps the messages transporting the user-user information according to the normal interworking procedures (see table 24ab).

#### Table 24ab: Mapping of the User-to-User header field to the ISUP user-to-user information parameter

| SIP parameter →  |                           | → ISUP parameter       |   |
|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| SIP header field | Source component<br>value | ISUP parameter<br>name | ISUP parameter field                        |
| User-to-user     | uuidata                   | User-to-user           | Protocol discriminator and user information |

#### 7.4.21.1.3 Outgoing Call Interworking from ISUP to SIP at O-MGCF

On the receipt of the user-to-user information parameter the O-MGCF shall map the protocol discriminator and user information parameter fields to the uuidata field of the User-to-User header field (see table 24ac).

If sent, the "*purpose*", "*content*" and "*encoding*" header field parameters are not mapped and are set in accordance with IETF draft-ietf-cuss-sip-uui-isdn [99A]

The O-MGCF maps the messages transporting the user-to-user information parameters according to the normal interworking procedures.

#### Table 24ac: Mapping of the ISUP user-to-user information parameter to the User-to-User header field

| → ISUP parameter   |   | → SIP parameter  |                           |  |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| ISUP parameter<br>name   | ISUP parameter field                        | SIP header field | Source component<br>value |  |
| User-to-user   | Protocol discriminator and user information | User-to-user     | uuidata (NOTE)            |  |
| NOTE: The MGCF shall always send uuidata as a token (see IETF draft-ietf-cuss-sip-uui [99]). The letters used for the hex digits shall always be capital form. |   |                  |                           |  |

## 7.4.21.2 User-to-User Signalling (UUS) service 1 (explicit)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.737.1 [42] under the clause "Interaction with other networks".

## 7.4.21.3 User-to-User Signalling (UUS) service 2 (explicit)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.737.1 [42] under the clause "Interaction with other networks".

### 7.4.21.4 User-to-User Signalling (UUS) service 3 (explicit)

The actions of the MGCF at the ISUP/BICC side are described in ITU-T Recommendation Q.737.1 [42] under the clause "Interaction with other networks".

# 7.4.22 Multiple Subscriber Number (MSN)

A MSN call is a basic call and no additional treatment is required by the MGCF.

## 7.4.23 Anonymous Call rejection

#### 7.4.23.0 General

The Anonymous Call rejection (ACR) supplementary service in the CS domain is described within 3GPP TS 23.088 [134]. The ETSI ACR service is described within ETSI EN 300 356-21 [71].

## 7.4.23.1 ISUP-SIP protocol interworking at the I-MGCF

If ISUP Cause Value field in the ISUP REL includes Cause Value 24 "call rejected due to feature at the destination" the I-MGCF shall map this to a 433 (Anonymity Disallowed) SIP response code as described in RFC 5079 [77].

### 7.4.23.2 SIP-ISUP protocol interworking at the O-MGCF

SIP response code 433 (Anonymity Disallowed) shall be mapped to the ISUP Cause Value field 24 "call rejected due to feature at the destination" in the ISUP REL.

# 7.4.24 Customized Alerting Tones (CAT) in the 3GPP CS domain

The Customized Alerting Tones (CAT) in the 3GPP CS domain service is described in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

To pass CAT early media from the CS network towards the IM CN subsystem, no special interworking procedures beyond basic call at the I-MGCF are required. The procedure to supply the "P-Early-Media" header field is described in subclause 7.2.3.1.4, subclause 7.2.3.1.4B.

# 7.5 IMS Supplementary Services

The following subclauses describe the MGCF behaviour related to supplementary services as defined in ITU-T Recommendations Q.730 to ITU-T Q.737 [42] when interworking with an IMS which uses a Multimedia Telephony

Application Server (MTAS) providing supplementary services according to 3GPP TS 24.173 [88]. The support of the related procedures is optional.

# 7.5.1 Originating Identification Presentation (OIP) and Originating Identification Restriction (OIR)

The mapping of Originating Identification Presentation (OIP) and Originating Identification Restriction (OIR); supplementary service with the CLIP/CLIR PSTN/ISDN Supplementary Service is the same mapping as described in subclause 7.4.1. The Service itself is described within 3GPP TS 24.607 [63].

# 7.5.2 Terminating Identification Presentation (TIP) and Terminating Identification Restriction (TIR)

#### 7.5.2.1 General

The protocol specification of the Terminating Identification Presentation and Terminating Identification Restriction supplementary services is described in 3GPP TS 24.608 [64].

The procedures for mapping of the connected number described within subclause 7.4.2 shall apply.

### 7.5.2.2 Interworking at the O-MGCF

For the mapping of IAM to the INVITE request:

If an Optional forward call indicators parameter in the IAM is received where the bit H Connected line identity request indicator is set to "requested", then the option tag "from-change" shall be add to the Supported header field. See table 7.5.2.2.1.

#### Table 7.5.2.2.1: Mapping of ISUP IAM to SIP INVITE request

| ISUP Parameter | Derived value of parameter<br>field                                | Source SIP header field<br>and component | Source Component value |
|----------------|--|--|------------------------|
|                | Connected line identity request<br>indicator is set to "requested" | Supported                                | "from-change"          |

NOTE: The presence of "from-change" enables the reception of Generic Number with Number qualifier parameter field set to additional connected, if available. As per 3GPP TS 24.608 [64] the presence of "from-change" tag is not a criterion for TIP service.

If a provisional or final response including the option tag "from-change" is received, then the O-MGCF shall:

- if a 200 (OK) response to the INVITE request is received, start timer  $T_{TIR1}$ ; and
- store the 200 (OK) response, without interworking it.

Otherwise the 200 (OK) response (to the INVITE request) shall be mapped as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.7a.

If an UPDATE request is received containing a changed From header field before the timer TTIR1 expired, then the O-MGCF shall:

- stop timer T<sub>TIR1;</sub>
- map the From header field received in the UPDATE request to the Generic number in the ANM as shown in table 7.5.2.2.2 and table 7.5.2.2.3;
- if the UPDATE request includes a P-Asserted-Identity header field that is different from the one within the stored 200 (OK) response, the latest received P-Asserted-Identity header field shall be mapped to the connected number as described table 24; and
- map the parameters needed to be mapped of the stored 200 (OK) response to an ANM as described in subclause 7.4.2.2.3, modified by the changed mapping steps of the From and P-Asserted-Identity header fields.

When  $T_{TIR1}$  expires, then the stored 200 (OK) response (to the INVITE request) response shall be mapped as described in subclause 7.4.2.2.3.

| ANM/CON        | UPDATE            |  |
|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Generic number | From header field |  |

#### Table 7.5.2.2.3: Mapping of SIP From header field to ISUP Generic Number ("additional connected number") parameter

| Source SIP header field and component  | Source<br>component<br>value   | Generic Number parameter field                      | Derived value of parameter field   |
|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| _  | —                              | Number Qualifier Indicator                          | "additional connected number"  |
| From, userinfo<br>component of URI<br>assumed to be in form<br>"+" CC + NDC + SN | СС                             | Nature of Address Indicator                         | If CC is equal to the country code of the<br>country where I-MGCF is located AND<br>the next ISUP node is located in the<br>same country, then set to "national<br>(significant) number" else set to<br>"international number" |
| _  | —                              | Number Incomplete Indicator                         | "complete"   |
| -  | _                              | Numbering Plan Indicator                            | "ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan<br>(Recommendation E.164)"  |
| Privacy, priv-value<br>component   | Privacy header<br>field absent | Address Presentation<br>Restricted Indicator (APRI) | "presentation allowed"   |
|  | "none"                         |   | "presentation allowed"   |
|  | "header"                       |   | "presentation allowed"   |
|  | "user"                         |   | "presentation restricted"  |
|  | "id"                           |   | "presentation allowed"   |
| -  | -                              | Screening Indicator                                 | "user provided, not verified"  |
| From, userinfo<br>component assumed to<br>be in form<br>"+" CC + NDC + SN        | CC, NDC, SN                    | Address Signals                                     | If NOA is " <i>national (significant) number</i> "<br>then set to<br>NDC + SN.<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then set to CC + NDC + SN   |

### 7.5.2.3 Interworking at the I-MGCF

For the mapping of INVITE request to IAM:

- the bit H *Connected line identity request indicator* of the Optional forward call indicators parameter in the IAM shall be set to "requested".

#### Table 7.5.2.3.1: Void

If a received ISUP ANM includes an ISUP Generic Number ("additional connected number") parameter, then the I-MGCF shall send a 200 (OK) response (to the INVITE request) including an option tag "from-change" If the initial INVITE was received and the Supported header field contains the "from-change" tag, the 200 (OK) response is followed by an UPDATE request, containing the "additional connected number" copied into the From header field as shown in table 7.5.2.3.2.

The To header field of the UPDATE request is derived from the P-Asserted-Identity header field received within the initial INVITE request.

| ISUP<br>Parameter/field                                    | Value  | SIP component              | Value   |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|
| Generic Number<br>Number Qualifier<br>Indicator            | "additional connected<br>number"   | From header field          | display-name (optional) and addr-spec   |
| Nature of Address<br>Indicator                             | "national (significant)<br>number"   | Addr-spec                  | Add "+" CC (of the country where the<br>IWU is located) to Generic Number<br>Address Signals then map to user<br>portion of URI scheme used |
|  | "international number"   |                            | Map complete Generic Number Address<br>Signals used prefixed with a "+" to user<br>portion of URI scheme used                               |
| Address<br>Presentation<br>restriction indicator<br>(APRI) | "presentation allowed"<br>"presentation restricted"  | _                          | No Privacy header field or not "user"<br>"user"   |
| Address Signals  | if NOA is " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " then<br>the format of the address  | Display-name<br>(optional) | display-name shall be mapped from<br>Address Signals, if network policy allows<br>it  |
|  | signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international</i><br><i>number</i> "<br>then the format of the<br>address signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | Addr-spec                  | "+" CC NDC SN mapped to user portion<br>of URI scheme used  |

| Table 7.5.2.3.2: Mapping of ANM Generic Number ("additional connected number") |
|--|
| to SIP From header field in a SIP UPDATE request                               |

A received connected number in an ANM shall be mapped to the P-Asserted-Identity header field as shown in table 21 of the UPDATE request.

#### 7.5.2.4 Timer

#### Table 7.5.2.4.1 TIR timer definition

| Symbol            | Timeout<br>value | Cause for initiation   | Normal termination | At expiry                        |
|-------------------|------------------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| T <sub>TIR1</sub> |                  | On receipt of provisional or final<br>response including the option<br>tag "from-change" |                    | map the received 200OK to an ANM |

# 7.5.3 void

# 7.5.4 Communication Diversion (CDIV)

#### 7.5.4.1 General

The protocol specification of the Communication Diversion supplementary service is described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [60]. The mapping of Communication Diversion supplementary service with Call Diversion services PSTN/ISDN supplementary service including the mapping of the optional History-Info header field as defined in IETF RFC 4244 [91] is described.

In case of interworking with networks which do not provide any notification of the communication diversion or communication redirection information (e.g. redirection counter) in the signalling system, the communication continues according to the basic call procedures.

# 7.5.4.2 Interworking at the O-MGCF

#### 7.5.4.2.1 General

For the mapping of IAM to the INVITE request no additional procedures beyond the basic call and interworking procedures are needed unless Call forwarding within the ISUP Network appeared.

With regard to the backward messages the following mapping is valid.

| ←Message sent to ISUP                                | ←Message Received from SIP             |                        |  |  |
|--|--|------------------------|--|--|
| ACM indicating call forwarding                       | 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response | See table 7.5.4.2.1.6  |  |  |
| CPG indicating call forwarding (see NOTE)            | 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response | See table 7.5.4.2.1.7  |  |  |
| ACM indicating ringing                               | 180 (Ringing) response                 | See table 7.5.4.2.1.8  |  |  |
| CPG indicating Alerting (see NOTE)                   | 180 (Ringing) response                 | See table 7.5.4.2.1.9  |  |  |
| ANM  | 200 (OK) response                      | See table 7.5.4.2.1.10 |  |  |
| CON  | 200 (OK) response (Neither a 181 (Call | See table 7.5.4.2.1.10 |  |  |
| Is Being Forwarded) response nor a 180               |  |                        |  |  |
| (Ringing) response was received)                     |  |                        |  |  |
| NOTE: A CPG will be sent if an ACM was already sent. |  |                        |  |  |

#### Table 7.5.4.2.1.2: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Redirection number

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source<br>Component<br>value | Redirection number                             | Derived value of parameter field   |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| hi-targeted-to-uri of the last<br>History-Info hi-entry<br>containing a cause-param<br>URI parameter, as defined<br>in IETF RFC 4458 [113].<br>The global number portion<br>of the hi-targeted-to-uri is<br>assumed to be in form   | CC<br>CC, NDC, SN            | Nature of address indicator<br>Address signals | country where O-MGCF is located AND<br>the next ISUP node is located in the<br>same country, then set to " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " else set to<br>" <i>international number</i> ".<br>If NOA is " <i>national</i> ( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " |
| "+" CC + NDC +<br>SN.(NOTE)   |                              |  | then set to NDC + SN.<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then set to CC + NDC + SN.   |
| NOTE: If it is SIP URI and doesn"t contain " <i>user=phone</i> ", mapping to redirection number is impossible, therefore no need to generate Redirection number and Redirection number restriction indicator (per table 7.5.4.2.1.3), Notification subscription options can"t be set as "presentation allowed with redirection number". |                              |  |  |

#### Table 7.5.4.2.1.3: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Redirection number restriction

| Source SIP header field | Source Component value                            | Redirection number      | Derived value of                          |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| and component           |   | restriction             | parameter field                           |
| Privacy header field,   | "history" or "session" or                         | Presentation restricted | "Presentation restricted"                 |
| priv-value component    | "header"  | indicator               |   |
|                         | Privacy header field absent<br>or " <i>none</i> " |                         | " <i>Presentation allowed</i> " or absent |

| Source SIP header field<br>and component      | Source Component value  | Call Diversion<br>Information           | Derived value of parameter field  |
|---|---|---|---|
| Privacy header field,<br>priv-value component | " <i>history</i> " or "session" or<br>" <i>header</i> "<br>Privacy header field | Notification<br>subscription<br>options | If the priv-value " <i>history</i> " or " <i>session</i> " or<br>" <i>header</i> " is set for the History-Info<br>header field or to the hist-info element<br>entries concerning the redirecting (see<br>table 7.5.4.3.2) and diverted to uri (see<br>table 7.5.4.2.1.2) then " <i>presentation not</i><br><i>allowed</i> " shall be set<br>If the priv-value " <i>history</i> " or " <i>session</i> " or<br>" <i>header</i> " is set only to the hist-info<br>element concerning the diverted-to uri<br>then " <i>presentation allowed without</i><br><i>redirection number</i> " shall be set<br><i>Presentation allowed with redirection</i> |
|   | absent<br>or " <i>none</i> "  |   | number  |
| hi-targeted-to-uri cause-                     | cause-param value   | Call diversion                          | Redirecting Reason  |
| param URI parameter, as                       | 404   | information                             | Unknown   |
| defined in IETF RFC 4458                      | 302   |   | Unconditional   |
| [113] of the last History-Info                | 486   |   | User busy   |
| hi-entry containing such                      | 408   |   | No reply  |
| cause-param.                                  | 480   |   | Deflection immediate  |
|   | 503   |   | Mobile subscriber not reachable   |
|   | 487   |   | Deflection during alerting  |

Table 7.5.4.2.1.4: Mapping of hi-targeted-to-uri to ISUP Call Diversion Information

#### Table 7.5.4.2.1.5: Void

#### Table 7.5.4.2.1.6: Mapping of 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) → ACM if no ACM was sent before

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source Component value | ISUP Parameter   | Derived value of parameter<br>field         |
|---|------------------------|--|---|
| 181 (Call Is Being<br>Forwarded)  |                        | АСМ  |   |
|   |                        | Generic notification<br>indicators                                 | Call is diverting                           |
| History-Info header field   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2  | Redirection number   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2                       |
| Priv-value  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3  | Redirection number<br>restriction                                  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3                       |
| Priv-value  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4                       |
| hi-targeted-to-uri;cause-<br>param URI parameter as<br>defined in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113] of the last History-Info<br>hi-entry containing such<br>cause-param. | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information   | Redirecting Reason<br>See table 7.5.4.2.1.4 |

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source Component<br>value  | ISUP Parameter   | Derived value of parameter<br>field   |
|--|--|--|---|
| 181 (Call Is Being<br>Forwarded) response  |  | CPG  |   |
|  |  | Generic notification<br>indicators                                 | Call is diverting   |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; cause-<br>param URI parameter, as<br>defined in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113] of the last History-Info<br>hi-entry containing such<br>cause-param.                              | 486<br>408 (see NOTE)<br>302<br>Any other value, or if<br>appropriate national<br>use value CFB, CFNR<br>or CFU is not used in a<br>network. or if no<br>agreement exists<br>between operators to<br>use theses values, or if<br>no hi-targeted-to-uri<br>cause-param URI<br>parameter is contained<br>in the SIP 181. | Event indicator  | CFB (national use)<br>CFNR (national use)<br>CFU (national use)<br>PROGRESS |
| History-Info header field  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2  | Redirection number   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2   |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3  | Redirection number<br>restriction                                  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3   |
| Priv-value   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4   |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; cause-<br>param URI parameter, as<br>defined in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113] of the last History-Info<br>hi-entry containing such<br>cause-param.<br>NOTE: This appears in the | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information<br>Redirecting Reason                   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4   |

| Table 7.5.4.2.1.7: Mapping of 181 (Call Is Be | ing Forwarded) $\rightarrow$ CPG if ACM was already sent |
|---|--|
|   |  |

# Table 7.5.4.2.1.8: Mapping of 180 (Ringing) $\rightarrow$ ACM if no ACM was sent before

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source Component<br>value  | ISUP Parameter  | Derived value of parameter field |
|---|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 180 (Ringing) response  |  | ACM   |                                  |
| History-Info header field   | If hi-targeted-to-uri of at<br>least one History-Info<br>hi-entry contains a<br>cause-param URI<br>parameter, as defined<br>in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113]. | Generic notification<br>indicators  | Call is diverting                |
| History-Info header field   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2  | Redirection number (NOTE)   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2            |
| Priv-value  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3  | Redirection number<br>restriction (NOTE)                                  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3            |
| Priv-value  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options (NOTE) | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4            |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; cause-<br>param URI parameter, as<br>defined in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113] of the last History-Info<br>hi-entry containing such<br>cause-param. | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information<br>Redirecting Reason (NOTE)                   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4            |
|   | nly be supplied if hi-targe  | ted-to-uri of at least one Histor   | ry-Info hi-entry contains a      |
| cause-param URI parameter, as defined in IETF RFC 4458 [113].   |  |   |                                  |

The mapping described within table 7.5.4.2.1.1 can only appear if the communication has already undergone a Call Forwarding in the ISDN/PSTN and the 180 is the first provisional response sent in backward direction.

The IWU can indicate the call diversion in the mapping of 180 (Ringing) to CPG in fact if the response before was a 181 (Call is being forwarded).

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source Component<br>value  | ISUP Parameter  | Derived value of parameter field |
|---|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 180 (Ringing) response  |  | CPG   |                                  |
| History-Info header field   | If hi-targeted-to-uri of at<br>least one History-Info<br>hi-entry contains a<br>cause-param URI<br>parameter, as defined<br>in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113]. | Generic notification<br>indicators  | Call is diverting                |
|   |  | Event indicator   | ALERTING                         |
| History-Info header field   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2  | Redirection number<br>(NOTE)  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2            |
| Priv-value  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3  | Redirection number restriction (NOTE)                                     | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3            |
| Priv-value  | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information<br>Notification subscription<br>options (NOTE) | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4            |
| hi-targeted-to-uri; cause-<br>param URI parameter, as<br>defined in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113] of the last History-Info<br>hi-entry containing such<br>cause-param. | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4  | Call diversion information<br>Redirecting Reason (NOTE)                   | See table 7.5.4.2.1.4            |
|   | nly be supplied if hi-targe<br>parameter, as defined in  | ted-to-uri of at least one Histor<br>IETF RFC 4458 [113].                 | ry-Info hi-entry contains a      |

#### Table 7.5.4.2.1.9: Mapping of 180 (Ringing) $\rightarrow$ CPG if ACM was already sent

The mapping in table 7.5.4.2.1.9 appears when a 181 previously was mapped to an ACM. Therefore the state machine of the MGCF knows that a CDIV is in Progress.

| Table 7.5.4.2.1.10: | Mapping of 200 (O | K) response |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------|
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------|

| Source SIP header field<br>and component | Source Component<br>value | ISUP Parameter     | Derived value of parameter field |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| 200 (OK) response                        |                           | ANM/CON            |                                  |
| History-Info header field                | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2     | Redirection number | See table 7.5.4.2.1.2            |
| Priv-value                               | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3     | Redirection number | See table 7.5.4.2.1.3            |
|  |                           | restriction        |                                  |

#### 7.5.4.2.2 Call forwarding within the ISUP Network appeared

The following scenario shows if a Call Forwarding appears in the ISUP/PSTN and the redirected Number is within the SIP network. Table 7.5.4.2.2.1 should be seen as an example.

For the mapping of 180 (Ringing) response and 200 (OK) response to the regarding ISUP messages and parameters no additional procedures beyond the basic call procedures are needed.

To interwork the redirection number at the O-MGCF it can be needed to create placeholder History entries. Such a History entry has to provide a hi-targeted-to-uri with a placeholder value "unknown@unknown.invalid" a cause-param and a hi-index as described within table 7.5.4.2.2.1.

| ISUP<br>Parameter<br>or IE         | Derived value of<br>parameter field   | SIP component  | Value  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
|                                    |   | INVITE request   |  |
| Redirecting<br>number              |   | History-Info header field  | hi-targeted-to-uri of the penultimate<br>created hi-entry IF Redirection<br>counter exceed 1 ELSE no mapping   |
| Nature of<br>address<br>indicator: | "national (significant)<br>number"  | hi-targeted-to-uri   | Add CC (of the country where the<br>MGCF is located) to Generic<br>Number Address Signals then map<br>to user portion of URI scheme used.<br>Addr-spec<br>"+" CC NDC SN mapped to user<br>portion of URI scheme used |
|                                    | "international number"  |  | Map complete Redirection number<br>Address Signals to user portion of<br>URI scheme used.  |
| Address<br>Signals                 | If NOA is " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " then<br>the format of the Address<br>Signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international</i><br><i>number</i> "<br>then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | hi-targeted-to-uri   | "+" CC NDC SN mapped to userinfo<br>portion of URI scheme used   |
| Redirecting                        | APRI  | Privacy header field that  | Priv-value   |
| number                             | "presentation restricted"   | corresponds to the penultimate   | "history"  |
|                                    | "presentation allowed"  | hi-targeted-to-uri entry in the<br>History-Info header   | Privacy header field absent or<br>"none" (NOTE 3)  |
| Redirection                        | Redirecting indicator   | Privacy header field that  | Priv-value   |
| Information                        | Call diverted   | corresponds to the penultimate   | "none" (NOTE 4)  |
|                                    | Call diverted, all<br>redirection info<br>presentation restricted   | hi-targeted-to-uri entry in the<br>History-Info header   | "history"  |
| Redirection<br>Information         | Redirection counter<br>1  | hi-index   | Number of diversions are sown due<br>to the number of hi-index Entries<br>Index for original called Party<br>Number = 1<br>Address Signals (CdPN)<br>Number = 1.1  |
|                                    | 2   |  | Index for original called Party<br>Number = 1<br>Index for Redirecting number<br>with Index = 1.1<br>Address Signals (CdPN)<br>Number = 1.1.1  |
|                                    | N   |  | Index for original called Party<br>Number = 1<br>Placeholder History entry with Index<br>= 1.1<br><br>Fill up  |
|                                    |   |  | Index for Redirecting Number<br>with = $1+[(N-1)^*.1^*]$<br>Index for Address Signals (CdPN)<br>= $1+N^*.1^*$ (e.g. N=3 $\rightarrow$ 1.1.1.1)   |
| Redirection<br>Information         | Redirecting Reason and<br>Original Redirection<br>Reason<br>(NOTE 1)<br>unknown<br>unconditional  | hi-targeted-to-uri; cause-param<br>URI parameter, as defined in<br>IETF RFC 4458 [113].<br>The Redirecting Reason shall<br>be mapped to the last hi-<br>targeted-to-uri. | cause-param value 404 302  |

| Table 7.5.4.2.2.1: Mapping of IAM to SIP INVITE request |
|---|
|---|

| ISUP<br>Parameter<br>or IE  | Derived value of<br>parameter field | SIP component   | Value  |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|
|   | User Busy                           | If the redirection counter is 2 or  | 486  |
|   | No reply                            | higher, the Original Redirection  | 408  |
|   | Deflection during alerting          | Reason shall be mapped to the   | 487  |
|   | Deflection immediate<br>response    | second hi-targeted-to-uri.<br>If the redirection counter is 3 or  | 480  |
|   | Mobile subscriber not<br>reachable  | higher, for each hi-targeted-to-<br>uri following a placeholder<br>History entry the value "404"<br>shall be taken (NOTE 2) | 503  |
| Called Party<br>Number  | See Redirecting number              | History-Info header field see hi-<br>targeted-to-uri  | URI of the last hi-targeted-to-uri<br>entry of History-Info header field |
| Original<br>Called Party<br>Number  | See Redirecting number              | History-Info header field see hi-<br>targeted-to-uri  | URI of first hi-targeted-to-uri entry of<br>History-Info header field    |
| Original  | APRI                                | Privacy header field of the first   | Priv-value   |
| Called Party  | "presentation restricted"           | hi-targeted-to-uri entry of   | "history"  |
| Number  | "presentation allowed"              | History-Info header   | "none"   |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: Original Redirection Reason contains only the "unknown" parameter</li> <li>NOTE 2: For all History entries except the first one a cause-param URI parameter as defined in IETF RFC 4458 [113] has to be included.</li> <li>NOTE 3: If the Redirecting Indicator has the value "<i>Call diverted, all redirection info presentation restricted</i>", the privacy value "<i>history</i>" shall be set.</li> <li>NOTE 4: If the Redirecting Number APRI has the value "<i>presentation restricted</i>", the privacy value "<i>history</i>" shall be set.</li> </ul> |                                     |   |  |

# 7.5.4.3 Interworking at the I-MGCF

#### Table 7.5.4.3.1: Mapping of SIP to ISUP messages

| →Message received from SIP | →Message send to BICC/ISUP |  |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| INVITE request             | IAM                        |  |

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source<br>Component<br>value                               | Redirecting number          | Derived value of parameter field   |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
| In History-Info SIP header<br>field, hi-targeted-to-uri in hi-<br>entry before last hi-entry<br>containing a cause-param<br>URI parameter, as defined<br>in IETF RFC 4458<br>[113].(NOTE 1)  |  | Redirecting number          |  |
| hi-targeted-to-uri<br>appropriate global number<br>portion of the URI,<br>assumed to be in form<br>"+" CC + NDC + SN   | сс   | Nature of address indicator | If CC is equal to the country code of the<br>country where MGCF is located AND<br>the next ISUP node is located in the<br>same country, then set to " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " else set to<br>" <i>international number</i> " |
|  | CC, NDC, SN  | Address signals             | If NOA is " <i>national (significant) number</i> "<br>then set to<br>NDC + SN.<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then set to CC + NDC + SN   |
| Privacy header field,<br>priv-value component<br>in History-Info header field  | " <i>history</i> " or<br>"session" or<br>" <i>header</i> " | APRI                        | "presentation restricted"  |
| as specified in this table<br>(NOTE 2)   | Privacy<br>header field<br>absent or<br>" <i>none</i> "    |                             | "presentation allowed"   |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: If it is SIP URI and doesn"t contain "user=phone", mapping to redirecting number is impossible, therefore no need to generate Redirecting number</li> <li>NOTE 2: It is possible that an entry of the History-Info header field itself is marked as restricted or the whole History-Info header.</li> </ul> |  |                             |  |

Table 7.5.4.3.2: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Redirecting number

| Source SIP header field<br>and component  | Source Component<br>value   | Redirection<br>Information     | Derived value of parameter field  |  |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Privacy header field and<br>priv-value of hi-entry before<br>the last hi-entry containing<br>a cause-param URI<br>parameter as defined in<br>IETF RFC 4458 [113] of the<br>History-Info header field.   | "history" or "session" or<br>"header"<br>for the Privacy header<br>field or for the hi-<br>targeted-to-uri entry<br>Privacy header field<br>and the privacy<br>component of the hi-<br>targeted-to-uri entry<br>either absent<br>or<br>"none" | Redirecting<br>indicator       | Call diverted, all redirection info<br>presentation restricted<br>Call diverted |  |
|   |   | Original<br>redirection reason | Unknown   |  |
| Cause-param value in the  | cause-param value   | Redirecting                    | Redirecting Reason  |  |
| last hi-targeted-to-uri   | 404   | Reason                         | Unknown/not available   |  |
| containing a cause-param  | 302   |                                | Unconditional   |  |
| as defined in IETF RFC  | 486   |                                | User busy   |  |
| 4458 [113]  | 408   |                                | No reply  |  |
|   | 480   |                                | Deflection immediate response   |  |
|   | 487   |                                | Deflection during alerting  |  |
|   | 503   |                                | Mobile subscriber not reachable   |  |
| Hi-index  |   | Redirection                    | number of History entries containing a  |  |
|   |   | counter                        | cause-param with value as listed in the cause-param row in this table (NOTE)    |  |
| NOTE: If the determined number of redirection in SIP exceeds the ISUP maximum parameter value, the MGCF shall set the Redirection counter to its maximum value. For instance, in ISUP ITU-T Q.763 [4], the Redirection counter parameter cannot exceed 5. |   |                                |   |  |

 Table 7.5.4.3.3: Mapping of History-Info header to ISUP Redirection Information

#### Table 7.5.4.3.4: Mapping of History-Info header field to ISUP Original Called number

| Source SIP header field<br>and component   | Source<br>Component<br>value                            | Original called number      | Derived value of parameter field   |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
|  |   | Numbering Plan Indicator    | "ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan<br>(Recommendation E.164)"  |
| hi-targeted-to-uri of hi-entry<br>preceding the 1 <sup>st</sup> hi-<br>targeted-to-uri containing a<br>cause-param URI<br>parameter, as defined in<br>IETF RFC 4458 [113]; the   | СС  | Nature of address indicator | If CC is equal to the country code of the<br>country where MGCF is located AND<br>the next ISUP node is located in the<br>same country, then set to " <i>national</i><br>( <i>significant</i> ) <i>number</i> " else set to<br>" <i>international number</i> " |
| global number portion of<br>the URI, is assumed to be<br>in form<br>"+" CC + NDC + SN<br>(NOTE 1)  | CC, NDC, SN   | Address signals             | If NOA is " <i>national (significant) number</i> "<br>then set to<br>NDC + SN.<br>If NOA is " <i>international number</i> "<br>then set to CC + NDC + SN   |
| priv-value component<br>in History-Info header field<br>of the History-Info header   | "history" or<br>"session" or<br>"header"                | APRI                        | "presentation restricted"  |
| field entry as defined above<br>in this table (NOTE 2)   | Privacy<br>header field<br>absent or<br>" <i>none</i> " |                             | "presentation allowed"   |
| <ol> <li>If it is SIP URI and doesn"t contain "user=phone", mapping to Original Called number is impossible, therefore no need to generate Original Called number</li> <li>It is possible that an entry of the History-Info header field itself is marked as restricted or the whole History-Info header.</li> </ol> |   |                             |  |

| INVITE                       |                     | IAM                        |                                 |
|------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| History-Info header<br>field | See table 7.5.4.3.2 | Redirecting number         | See table 7.5.4.3.2             |
| History-Info header<br>field | See table 7.5.4.3.3 | Redirection<br>Information | See table 7.5.4.3.3             |
| cause-param in the           | cause-param value   | Redirection                | Redirecting Reason              |
| last hi-targeted-to-uri      | 404                 | Information                | Unknown/not available           |
| containing a cause-          | 302                 |                            | Unconditional                   |
| param as defined in          | 486                 |                            | User busy                       |
| IETF RFC 4458 [113]          | 408                 |                            | No reply                        |
|                              | 480                 |                            | Deflection immediate response   |
|                              | 487                 |                            | Deflection during alerting      |
|                              | 503                 |                            | Mobile subscriber not reachable |
| History-Info header          | See table 7.5.4.3.4 | Original Called            | See table 7.5.4.3.4             |
| field                        |                     | Number                     |                                 |

#### Table 7.5.4.3.5: Mapping of INVITE to IAM

#### Table 7.5.4.3.6: Mapping of ISUP to SIP Messages

| ←Message sent to SIP  | ←Message Received from BICC/ISUP   |                         |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 181 (Being forwarded) | ACM no indication with Redirection number and call diversion information (CFU, CFB, CDi)   | See table 7.5.4.3.8     |
| 180 (Ringing)         | ACM indicating ringing, oBCi: Call diversion may occur (CFNR, CDa)   | See subclause 7.2.3.1.4 |
| 181 (Being forwarded) | CPG indicating progress or subsequent<br>diversion indicated in the CPG with Redirection<br>number and call diversion information (CFNR,<br>CDa) | See table 7.5.4.3.9     |
| 180 (Ringing)         | CPG indicating ringing and Redirection number restriction parameter  | See table 7.5.4.3.10    |
| 200 (OK)              | ANM and Redirection number restriction<br>parameter  | See table 7.5.4.3.11    |

#### Table 7.5.4.3.7: Mapping of ISUP Redirection Number Restriction to History-Info header field

| Redirection Number<br>Restriction | Derived value of parameter field   | SIP component | Value  |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|--|
| Presentation restricted           | "Presentation restricted"  |               | "History"                                      |
| indicator                         | "Presentation allowed" or absent AND any<br>previous received notification subscription option<br>was NOT "presentation not allowed" AND was<br>NOT "presentation allowed without redirection<br>number" |               | Privacy header<br>field absent<br>or<br>"none" |

| ISUP Parameter                     | Derived value of<br>parameter field  | SIP component  | Value  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Generic notification<br>indicators | Call is diverting  |  |  |
| Redirection number                 |  | History-Info header field with one hi-entry  | hi-targeted-to-uri:  |
| Nature of address<br>indicator:    | "national (significant)<br>number"   | hi-targeted-to-uri   | Add CC (of the country where<br>the MGCF is located) to<br>Redirection number Address<br>Signals then map to user<br>portion of URI scheme used.<br>Addr-spec<br>"+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>user portion of URI scheme<br>used<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c |
|                                    | "international number"   |  | Map complete Redirection<br>number Address Signals to<br>user portion of URI scheme<br>used<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c  |
| Address Signals                    | If NOA is "national<br>(significant) number" then<br>the format of the Address<br>Signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is "international<br>number"<br>then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | hi-targeted-to-uri   | "+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>userinfo portion of URI<br>scheme used  |
| Call diversion<br>information      | Redirecting ReasonUnknown/not availableUnconditionalUser busyNo replyDeflection immediateresponseDeflection during alertingMobile subscriber notreachable  | IETF RFC 4458 [113] cause-<br>param URI parameter in the<br>hi- targeted-to-uri (NOTE) | cause-param value           404           302           486           408           480           487           503  |
|                                    | Notification subscription<br>option<br>unknown<br>presentation not allowed   | Privacy (NOTE)   | Roles<br>Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c<br>A 181 Being Forwarded shall   |
|                                    | ,<br>presentation allowed with<br>redirection number   |  | <b>not</b> be sent<br>Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c   |
| NOTE: Needs to be                  | presentation allowed<br>without redirection number<br>stored for a possible inclusion  | into subsequent messages   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c   |

#### Table 7.5.4.3.8: Mapping of ACM $\rightarrow$ 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response

| ISUP Parameter                     | Derived value of parameter<br>field   | SIP component                               | Value   |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Event Indicator                    | Progress  |   |   |
| Generic notification<br>indicators | Call is diverting   |   |   |
| Redirection number                 |   | History-Info header field with one hi-entry | hi-targeted-to-uri:   |
| Nature of address<br>indicator     | "national (significant) number"   | hi-targeted-to-uri                          | Add CC (of the country where<br>the MGCF is located) to<br>Redirection number Address<br>Signals then map to user<br>portion of URI scheme used.<br>Addr-spec<br>"+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>user portion of URI scheme<br>used<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 items c |
|                                    | "international number"  | hi-targeted-to-uri                          | Map complete Redirection<br>number Address Signals to<br>user portion of URI scheme<br>used<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 items c  |
| Address Signals                    | If NOA is " <i>national (significant)</i><br><i>number</i> " then the format of the<br>Address Signals is:<br>NDC + SN<br>If NOA is " <i>international</i><br><i>number</i> "<br>then the format of the Address<br>Signals is:<br>CC + NDC + SN | hi-targeted-to-uri                          | "+" CC NDC SN mapped to<br>userinfo portion of URI<br>scheme used   |
| Call diversion                     | Redirecting Reason  | IETF RFC 4458 [113] cause-                  | cause-param value   |
| information                        | Unknown/not available   | param URI parameter in the                  | 404   |
|                                    | Unconditional   | hi- targeted-to-uri (NOTE)                  | 302   |
|                                    | User busy   |   | 486   |
|                                    | No reply  |   | 408   |
|                                    | Deflection immediate  |   | 480   |
|                                    | response  |   | 400   |
|                                    | Deflection during alerting  |   | 487   |
|                                    | Mobile subscriber not   |   | 503   |
|                                    | reachable   |   | 000   |
|                                    | Notification subscription option  | Privacy (NOTE)                              | Roles   |
|                                    | unknown   |   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 items c   |
|                                    | presentation not allowed  |   | A 181 Being Forwarded shall<br><b>not</b> be sent   |
|                                    | presentation allowed with redirection number  |   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 items c   |
|                                    | presentation allowed without<br>redirection number  |   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 items c   |
| NOTE: Needs to b                   | be stored for a possible inclusion  | into subsequent messages.                   |   |

Table 7.5.4.3.9: Mapping of CPG  $\rightarrow$  181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) response

Table 7.5.4.3.10 addresses two separate conditions: the CPG is received from the diverting exchange in which case the Call diversion information is included; and the CPG is received from the diverted-to exchange in which case the Call diversion information is not included. Interworking for both conditions is shown.

| ISUP Parameter  | Derived value of                                      | SIP component   | Value  |
|---|---|---|--|
|   | parameter field                                       |   |  |
| Event Indicator   | Alerting  |   |  |
| Redirection number  |   | History-Info header field with<br>one hi-entry                                  | See table 7.5.4.3.8  |
| Call diversion information                                  | Redirecting Reason                                    | IETF RFC 4458 [113]   | cause-param value  |
|   | Unknown/not available                                 | cause-param URI parameter   | 404  |
|   | Unconditional   | in the hi- targeted-to-uri  | 302  |
|   | User busy   | (NOTE)  | 486  |
|   | No reply  |   | 408  |
|   | Deflection immediate                                  |   | 480  |
|   | response  |   |  |
|   | Deflection during                                     |   | 487  |
|   | alerting  |   |  |
|   | Mobile subscriber not reachable                       |   | 503  |
|   | Notification  | Privacy (NOTE)  | Roles  |
|   | subscription option                                   |   |  |
|   | unknown   |   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c |
|   | presentation not                                      |   | The 180 Ringing response   |
|   | allowed   |   | shall be sent <b>without</b> the the<br>History-Info header field<br>included                                  |
|   | presentation allowed<br>with redirection number       |   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c |
|   | presentation allowed<br>without redirection<br>number |   | Escaped Privacy value is set<br>according to the rules of<br>3GPP TS 24.604 [60]<br>subclause 4.5.2.6.4 item c |
| If no Call diversion<br>information parameter is<br>present |   | IETF RFC 4458 [113] cause-<br>param URI parameter in the<br>hi- targeted-to-uri | Value stored from a previous<br>received ACM or CPG. See<br>tables 7.5.4.3.8 and<br>7.5.4.3.9.                 |
|   |   | Privacy   | Value stored from a previous received ACM or CPG. See tables 7.5.4.3.8 and 7.5.4.3.9.                          |
| Redirection number<br>restriction                           |   |   | See table 7.5.4.3.7  |
| NOTE: Needs to be stor                                      | ed for a possible inclusion                           | into subsequent messages.   |  |

Table 7.5.4.3.10: Mapping of CPG  $\rightarrow$  180 (Ringing) response

| ISUP Parameter                    | Derived value of<br>parameter field | SIP component                                  | Value  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Redirection number                |                                     | History-Info header field with<br>one hi-entry | See table 7.5.4.3.8  |
|                                   |                                     | param URI parameter in the hi- targeted-to-uri | cause value= as stored from<br>a previous received ACM or<br>CPG. See tables 7.5.4.3.8<br>and 7.5.4.3.9. |
| Redirection number<br>restriction |                                     |  | See table 7.5.4.3.7  |

Table 7.5.4.3.11: Mapping of ANM  $\rightarrow$  200 (OK) response (to INVITE request)

# 7.5.5 Communication Hold (HOLD)

The mapping of Communication Hold supplementary service with Call Hold PSTN/ISDN Supplementary Service is the same mapping as described in subclause 7.4.10. The Service itself is described within 3GPP TS 24.610 [65].

### 7.5.6 Conference call (CONF)

#### 7.5.6.1 General

The protocol description of the CONF supplementary service is described in 3GPP TS 24.605 [61]. In this subclause the interworking from the conference event package RFC 4575 [100] to the messages of the PSTN/ISDN CONF supplementary service is described. Note that an interworking from the PSTN/ISDN to the IMS is out of scope.

#### 7.5.6.2 Subscribing for the conference event package

Based on local policy, the MGCF may subscribe for the conference event package on behalf of the PSTN/ISDN participant after the participant joins or is added to a conference.

When the conference event package option is implemented, and one of the following events occurs at the MGCF:

- a 200 (OK) response is received as a response to an initial INVITE request originated by the MGCF, where the Contact header field contains an "isfocus" parameter; or
- an ACK message is received which acknowledges a 200 (OK) response to the initial INVITE request, and the initial INVITE request is originated by the conferencing AS and contains an "isfocus" parameter in the Contact header field;

then the following steps shall be performed:

- 1) a SUBSCRIBE request shall be created according to RFC 4575 [100];
- 2) the Request URI is set to the Contact address of the conferencing AS;
- 3) the P-Asserted-Identity header field, the From header field and the Privacy header field are set with the same value as:
  - the P-Asserted-Identity header field, the From header field and the Privacy header field in the initial INVITE request originated by the MGCF; or
  - the P-Asserted-Identity header field, the To header field and the Privacy header field in a 1xx or 2xx response sent by the MGCF to the initial INVITE request from the conferencing AS.

#### 7.5.6.3 Interworking the notification

NOTE: There is a need to differentiate between the procedures of interworking for a full and a partial type of notification.

When a full type of notification is received a check is made of the content. If the changes with respect a previous version of the notification have not been sent on to the PSTN/ISDN for this session, the MGCF shall perform an ISUP interaction towards the PSTN/ISDN. If the changes with respect a previous version of the notification have been sent to the PSTN/ISDN for this session, the MGCF shall not perform an ISUP interaction towards the PSTN/ISDN.

When a partial notification is received then it is assumed that a value of a received notification has changed, so the MGCF performs an ISUP interaction towards the PSTN/ISDN, as follows:

- Conference established:

Upon the receipt of a conference information document with the <conference-state-type> element *active* is set to "true", the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the PSTN/ISDN with a notification "*conference established*".

- Participant added:

Upon the receipt of a conference information document with the <endpoint-type> and the element *status of endpoint-status-type* is set to "connected" and it was not set to "on-hold" before and the Contact URI in the element *entity* is not the address of the served PSTN/ISDN participant, the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the PSTN/ISDN with a notification "*other party added*".

- Served PSTN/ISDN participant isolated:

Upon the receipt of a conference information document with the <endpoint-type> and the element *status of endpoint-status-type* is set to "on-hold" and it was set to "connected" before and the Contact URI in the element *entity* is the address of the served PSTN/ISDN participant, the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the PSTN/ISDN with a notification "*isolated*".

- Other participant isolated:

Upon the receipt of a conference information document with the <endpoint-type> and the element *status of endpoint-status-type* is set to "on-hold" and it was set to "connected" before and the Contact URI in the element *entity* is not the address of the served PSTN/ISDN participant, the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the PSTN/ISDN with a notification "*other party isolated*".

- Served PSTN/ISDN participant reattached:

Upon the receipt of a conference information document with the <endpoint-type> and the element *status of endpoint-status-type* is set to "connected" and it was set to "on-hold" before and the Contact URI in the element *entity* is the address of the served PSTN/ISDN participant, the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the PSTN/ISDN with a notification "*reattached*".

- Other participant reattached:

Upon the receipt of a conference information document with the <endpoint-type> and the element *status of endpoint-status-type* is set to "connected" and it was set to "on-hold" before and the Contact URI in the element *entity* is not the address of the served PSTN/ISDN participant, the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the PSTN/ISDN with a notification "*other party reattached*".

- Other party disconnected:

Upon the receipt of a conference information document with the <endpoint-type> and the element *status of endpoint-status-type* is set to "disconnected" and the element *joining-method of joining-type* is not set to "focus-owner", the MGCF shall send a CPG message to the PSTN/ISDN with a notification "*other party disconnected*".

# 7.5.7 Anonymous Communication Rejection (ACR) and Communication Barring (CB)

The Anonymous Communication rejection (ACR) and Communication Barring (CB) services are described within 3GPP TS 24.611 [67].

The mapping of Anonymus Communication Rejection supplementary service with Anonymus Call Rejection PSTN/ISDN Supplementary Service is described in subclause 7.4.23.

The mapping for Communication Barring is in accordance with the basic call procedures as described in subclauses 7.2.3.1.8 and 7.2.3.2.12.

# 7.5.8 Message Waiting Indication (MWI)

The Message Waiting Indication supplementary service is described within 3GPP TS 24.606[62].

# 7.5.9 Malicious Communication Identification (MCID)

### 7.5.9.0 General

The protocol specification of the Malicious Communication Identification supplementary service is described in 3GPP TS 24.616 [102]. The XML MCID body used in related SIP messages is also specified in 3GPP TS 24.616 [102].

### 7.5.9.1 Interworking at the O-MGCF

#### 7.5.9.1.0 General

If the MGCF supports the interworking of the MCID service the O-MGCF shall map a SIP INFO request ("legacy" mode of usage of the INFO method as defined in IETF RFC 6086 [133]) containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Request schema to an Identification Request (IDR) message and an Identification response (IRS) message to a SIP INFO request containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Response schema in accordance with table 7.5.9.1.1.

The IDR message shall be generated upon reception of the SIP INFO request containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Request schema.

The SIP INFO request containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Response schema shall be generated upon reception of the IRS message.

| Table 7.5.9.1.1 Mapping between ISUP IDR and IRS and SIP message | S |
|--|---|
|  |   |

| ISUP Message | SIP Message   |
|--------------|---|
| IDR          | INFO containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Request schema  |
| IRS          | INFO containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Response schema |

# 7.5.9.1.1 Interworking of the MCID XML Request schema with the ISUP MCID request indicators

If the MGCF supports the interworking of the MCID service O-MGCF shall map the codes in the MCID XML elements to MCID request indicator and holding indicator parameter fields in accordance with table 7.5.9.1.1.1.

# Table 7.5.9.1.1.1 Mapping between ISUP MCID request and holding indicators and MCID XML elements

| ISUP Parameter |                                  | XML Element          |
|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| bit A:         | MCID request indicator           | McidRequestIndicator |
| 0              | MCID not requested               | type=0               |
| 1              | MCID requested                   | type=1               |
|                |                                  |                      |
| bit B:         | Holding indicator (national use) | HoldingIndicator     |
| 0              | holding not requested            | type=0               |
| 1              | holding requested                | type=1               |

# 7.5.9.1.2 Interworking of the ISUP MCID response indicators with the MCID XML Response schema

If the MGCF supports the interworking of the MCID service the O-MGCF shall map the codes in the MCID response indicator and hold provided indicator parameter field to the MCID XML elements in accordance with table 7.5.9.1.2.1.

# Table 7.5.9.1.2.1 Mapping between ISUP MCID response and hold provided indicators and MCID XML elements

| ISUP Parameter |  | XML Element              |  |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| bit A:         | MCID response indicator                | McidResponseIndicator    |  |
| 0              | MCID not included                      | type=0                   |  |
| 1              | MCID included                          | type=1                   |  |
|                |  |                          |  |
| bit B:         | Hold provided indicator (national use) | HoldingProvidedIndicator |  |
| 0              | holding not provided                   | type=0                   |  |
| 1              | holding provided                       | type=1                   |  |

# 7.5.9.1.3 Interworking of the ISUP Calling Party Number in an Identification Response with the OrigPartyIdentity within the MCID XML Response schema

If the O-MGCF supports the interworking of the MCID service and receives an ISUP Identification Response containing a Calling Party Number with the screening indicator set to "*user provided*, *verified and passed*" or "*network provided*", the O-MGCF shall map the Calling Party Number to the MCID XML Response schema OrigPartyIdentity element applying the same mapping procedures as described in table 14 for the mapping into the SIP P-Asserted-Identity header and shall map the Calling Party Number APRI to the MCID XML Response schema OrigPartyPresentationRestriction element. If the Calling Party Number APRI has a value of "*presentation allowed*" then the MCID XML Response schema OrigPartyPresentationRestriction element shall be set to "*false*", otherwise it shall be set to "*true*".

# 7.5.9.1.4 Interworking of the ISUP Generic Number in an Identification Response with the GenericNumber within the MCID XML Response schema

If the O-MGCF supports the interworking of the MCID service and receives an ISUP Identification Response containing a Generic Number with the screening indicator set to "*user provided, verified and passed*", or "*user provided, not verified*", or "*network provided*", the O-MGCF shall map the Generic Number to the MCID XML Response schema GenericNumber element applying the same mapping procedures as described in table 13 for the mapping into the SIP From header and shall map the Generic Number APRI to the MCID XML Response schema GenericNumberPresentationRestriction element. If the Generic Number APRI has a value of "*presentation allowed*" then the MCID XML Response schema GenericNumberPresentationRestriction element. State of "*true*".

#### 7.5.9.2 Interworking at the I-MGCF

#### 7.5.9.2.1 General

If the MGCF supports the interworking of the MCID service the I-MGCF shall map an Identification Request (IDR) message to a SIP INFO request ("legacy" mode of usage of the INFO method as defined in IETF RFC 6086 [133]) containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Request schema and a SIP INFO request containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Response schema to an Identification response (IRS) message in accordance with table 7.5.9.1.1.

#### 7.5.9.2.2 Interworking of identification Request

The SIP INFO request containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Request schema shall be generated upon reception of the IDR message. The I-MGCF shall map the codes in the MCID request indicator and holding indicator parameter fields to the MCID XML elements in accordance with table 7.5.9.1.1.1.

#### 7.5.9.2.3 Interworking of identification Response

The IRS message shall be generated upon reception of the SIP INFO request containing a XML mcid body with MCID XML Response schema. The I-MGCF shall map the codes in the MCID XML elements to the MCID response indicator and hold provided indicator parameter fields in accordance with table 7.5.9.1.2.1.

If the received MCID XML Response schema contains an OrigPartyIdentity element, the I-MGCF shall map the OrigPartyIdentity to the Calling Party Number within the IRS applying the same mapping procedure as described in

table 5 for the mapping from the SIP P-Asserted-Identity header, with the exception that the I-MGCF shall map the MCID XML Response schema OrigPartyPresentationRestriction element to the Calling Party Number APRI. If the MCID XML Response schema OrigPartyPresentationRestriction element has the value "*true*", the Calling Party Number APRI shall be set to "*presentation restricted*", and otherwise the Calling Party Number APRI shall be set to "*presentation allowed*".

If the received MCID XML Response schema contains an GenericNumber element, the I-MGCF shall map the GenericNumber to the Generic Number within the IRS applying the same mapping procedure as described in table 6 for the mapping from the From header, with the exception that the I-MGCF shall map the MCID XML Response schema GenericNumber PresentationRestriction element to the Generic Number APRI. If the MCID XML Response schema GenericNumberPresentationRestriction element has the value "*true*", the Generic Number APRI shall be set to "*presentation restricted*", and otherwise the Generic Number APRI shall be set to "*presentation allowed*".

### 7.5.10 Closed User Group (CUG)

#### 7.5.10.0 General

The protocol specification of the Closed User Group supplementary service is described in 3GPP TS 24.654 [101].

#### 7.5.10.1 Interworking at the I-MGCF

If the I-MGCF supports the interworking of CUG supplementary service, the I-MGCF shall map between the SIP and ISUP messages in accordance with table 7.5.10.1.1.

#### Table 7.5.10.1.1: Mapping of SIP messages to ISUP messages

| SIP Message | ISUP Message  |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| XML schema  | IAM containing the Closed user group interlock code<br>Parameter and the closed user group call indicator of the<br>Optional Forward Call Indicator Parameter |  |

If the MGCF supports the interworking of CUG supplementary service, the I-MGCF shall interwork the CUG XML schema with the ISUP Closed user group interlock code parameter and the *Closed user group call indicator* of the optional forward call indicator parameter in accordance with tables 7.5.10.1.2 and 7.5.10.1.3.

# Table 7.5.10.1.2: Mapping of the SIP XML CUG Element to the ISUP closed usergroup interlock code parameter

| CUG XML Element  | Source component value                                      | ISUP Closed user group<br>interlock code Parameter | derived value of parameter field  |
|--|---|--|---|
| networkIndicator   | networkIdentityType = 4<br>hexbinary coded digits<br>(NOTE) | "Network Identity"                                 | Octet 1 & Octet 2 including 4<br>binary coded digits derived from<br>XML Network Identity |
| cugInterlockBinaryCode   | sixteenbitType = 16 bit<br>coded value                      | "Binary Code"                                      | Octet 3 & Octet 4 including a 16 bit<br>Binary Code derived from the XML<br>Binary Code   |
| NOTE: ISUP Closed user group interlock code Parameter Octet 1 contains "Network Identity" (NI) digits 1 & 2 and<br>Octet 2 contains "Network Identity" digits 3 & 4.The networkidentityType is filled with "Octet1 & Octet 2" =<br>"NI digit 1, NI digit 2, NI digit 3, NI digit 4". Example: Digit 1=0, Digit 2=4, Digit 3=9, Digit 4=0 so the<br>networkidentityType is encoded with "0490". |   |  |   |

# Table 7.5.10.1.3: Mapping of the SIP XML CUG Element to the ISUP closed user group call indicator included in the optional Forward Call Indicator Parameter

| CUG XML Element           | Source<br>component value | ISUP "Optional Forward Call<br>Indicator" Parameter | derived value of parameter<br>field |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| cugCommunicationIndicator | Type=00                   | "closed user group call"                            | non-CUG call                        |
|                           | Type=01                   | indicator   | spare                               |
|                           | Type=10                   |   | closed user group call,             |
|                           |                           |   | outgoing access allowed             |
|                           | Type=11                   |   | closed user group call,             |
|                           |                           |   | outgoing access not allowed         |

If the I-MGCF supports the interworking of CUG supplementary service, then if an INVITE request with the MIME including a cug XML element is received and the terminating network is not supporting CUG, the I-MGCF shall behave as shown in table 7.5.10.1.4.

#### Table 7.5.10.1.4: Action at the I-MGCF with a PSTN/ISDN network without CUG capability

| cugCommunicationIndicator in INVITE request   | Action at the I-MGCF                               |  |
|---|--|--|
| Type=11 (CUG without outgoing access)   | Release the communication with 403                 |  |
| Type=10 (CUG with outgoing access)  | Treat the communication as an ordinary call (NOTE) |  |
| Non-CUG   | Treat the communication as an ordinary call        |  |
| NOTE: The cugCommunicationIndicator shall not be mapped or if appropriate the CUG call indicator of the optional forward call indicator shall be set to non-CUG call. |  |  |

#### 7.5.10.2 Interworking at the O-MGCF

If the MGCF supports the interworking of CUG supplementary service, the O-MGCF shall map between the SIP and ISUP messages in accordance with table 7.5.10.2.1

#### Table 7.5.10.2.1: Mapping of ISUP messages to SIP messages

| ISUP Message   | SIP Message                     |
|--|---------------------------------|
| IAM containing the Closed user group interlock code Parameter and the closed | INVITE request containing a XML |
| user group call indicator of the Optional Forward Call Indicator Parameter   | cug body with CUG XML schema    |

If the MGCF supports the interworking of CUG supplementary service, the MGCF shall interwork the CUG XML schema with the ISUP Closed user group interlock code parameter and the *Closed user group call indicator* of the optional forward call indicator parameter in accordance with tables 7.5.10.2.2 and table 7.5.10.2.3.

#### Table 7.5.10.2.2: Mapping of the ISUP closed usergroup interloccode to SIP XML CUG element

| ISUP Closed user group<br>interlock code Parameter   | Source component value                               | CUG XML Element        | derived value of<br>parameter field  |
|--|--|------------------------|--|
| "Network Identity"   | Octet 1 & Octet 2 including 4<br>binary coded digits | networkIndicator       | networkIdentityType = 4<br>hexbinary coded digits<br>derived from Network<br>Identity (NOTE) |
| "Binary Code"  | Octet 3 & Octet 4 including a 16<br>bit Binary Code  | cugInterlockBinaryCode | sixteenbitType = 16 bit<br>coded value derived from<br>Binary Code                           |
| <ul> <li>NOTE: ISUP Closed user group interlock code Parameter Octet 1 contains "Network Identity" (NI) digits 1 &amp; 2 and Octet 2 contains "Network Identity" digits 3 &amp; 4. The networkidentityType shall be filled with "Octet1 &amp; Octet 2" = "NI digit 1, NI digit 2, NI digit 3, NI digit 4". Example: Digit 1=0, Digit 2=4, Digit 3=9, Digit 4=0 so the networkidentityType is encoded with "0490".</li> </ul> |  |                        |  |

| ISUP Optional Forward Call<br>Indicator Parameter | Source component value                              | CUG XML Element           | derived value of<br>parameter field |
|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| closed user group call indicator                  | non-CUG call  | cugCommunicationIndicator | Type=00                             |
|   | spare   |                           | Type=01                             |
|   | closed user group call, outgoing access allowed     |                           | Type=10                             |
|   | closed user group call, outgoing access not allowed |                           | Type=11                             |

Table 7.5.10.2.3: Mapping of the ISUP Closed user group call indicator to SIP XML CUG element

If the MGCF supports the interworking of CUG supplementary service, but the IMS is not supporting CUG, the procedures described in ITU Q.735.1 [42] shall apply if an INVITE request with the MIME body including a cug XML element is sent and the O-MGCF supports CUG supplementary service.

### 7.5.11 CCBS/CCNR

#### 7.5.11.0 General

The protocol specification of the Completion of Communications to Busy Subscriber and Completion of Communications by No Reply supplementary services is described in 3GPP TS 24.642 [112].

SIP specific Event Notifications shall be used in accordance with IETF RFC 3265 [138] including as referenced in IETF RFC 6910 [106].

#### 7.5.11.1 Interworking at the I-MGCF

If the I-MGCF supports the interworking of CCBS/CCNR supplementary services, the I-MGCF shall map between the SIP and ISUP messages in accordance with table 7.5.11.1.

| SIP Message  | Parameter  | ISUP Message | Parameter  |
|--|--|--------------|--|
| ← 180 Ringing  | Call-Info header field with purpose<br>header field parameter set to "call-<br>completion" and "m" header field<br>parameter set to "NR" (no reply)<br>(NOTE 1)        | ← ACM        | Called party's status indicator set to<br>"Subscriber free" and<br>CCNR possible indicator set to "CCNR<br>possible"<br>(NOTE 2) |
| ← 180 Ringing  | Call-Info header field with purpose<br>header field parameter set to "call-<br>completion and "m" header field<br>parameter set to "NR" (no reply)<br>(NOTE 1)         | ← CPG        | Event indicator set to "Alerting" and<br>CCNR possible indicator set to "CCNR<br>possible"<br>(NOTE 2)                           |
| ← 486 Busy here  | Call-Info header field with purpose<br>header field parameter set to "call-<br>completion" and "m" header field<br>parameter set to "BS" (busy subscriber)<br>(NOTE 1) | ← REL        | Cause Indicator<br>cause #17 with Diagnostic (CCBS<br>indicator set to "CCBS possible")<br>(NOTE 3)                              |
| $\rightarrow \text{INVITE} \begin{cases} \text{Request URI contains "m" SIP URI} \\ \text{parameter or Call-Info header field} \\ \text{contains "purpose" header field} \\ \text{parameter set to "call-completion" and} \\ \text{"m" header field parameter.} \\ (\text{NOTE 1}) \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{IAM} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CCSS parameter set to "CCSS call"} \\ \text{(NOTE 2) (NOTE 4)} \end{array}$  |  |              |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: The coding shall be in accordance with IETF RFC 6910 [106].</li> <li>NOTE 2: The coding shall be in accordance with ITU-T recommendation Q. 763 [4].</li> <li>NOTE 3: The coding shall be in accordance with ITU-T recommendation Q. 850 [38].</li> <li>NOTE 4: CCSS parameter set to the value "CCSS call" is included in the IAM if Request-URI contains the SIP URI parameter "m" i.e. creation of the CCSS parameter does not depend on the received value of the SIP URI parameter "m".</li> </ul> |  |              |  |

| Table 7.5.11.1.1: Mapping of | ISUP and SIP messages |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
|------------------------------|-----------------------|

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If the I-MGCF supports the interworking of CCBS/CCNR supplementary services, the I-MGCF shall map between the SIP and TCAP messages in accordance with table 7.5.11.1.2 and table 7.5.11.1.3.

| SIP Message  | Parameter               | TCAP Message                      | Parameter                      |  |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request URI set to   | Request URI<br>(NOTE 5) |                                   | CalledPartyNumber<br>(NOTE 3)  |  |
| "BS" or containing Call-Into header field with   | P-Asserted-<br>Identity | TC-Begin CCBS<br>REQUEST (invoke) | CallingPartyNumber<br>(NOTE 4) |  |
| (NOTE 1)   |                         |                                   | RetainSupported (NOTE 2)       |  |
| SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request URI set to "NR" or containing Call-Info header field with  | Request URI<br>(NOTE 5) |                                   | CalledPartyNumber<br>(NOTE 3)  |  |
| "purpose" parameter set to "call-completion" and m-<br>parameter set to "NR"   | P-Asserted-<br>Identity | TC-Begin CCNR<br>REQUEST (invoke) | CallingPartyNumber<br>(NOTE 4) |  |
| (NOTE 1)   |                         |                                   | RetainSupported<br>(NOTE 2)    |  |
| PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI or m-<br>parameter in Call-Info header field set to "BS" and<br>body containing PIDF basic status set to "closed".   |                         | TC-Cont CCBS<br>SUSPEND           |                                |  |
| PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI or m-<br>parameter in Call-Info header field set to "BS" and<br>body containing PIDF basic status set to "open".   |                         | TC-Cont CCBS<br>RESUME            |                                |  |
| PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI or m-<br>parameter in Call-Info header field set to "NR" and<br>body containing PIDF basic status set to "closed".   |                         | TC-Cont CCBS<br>SUSPEND           |                                |  |
| PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI or m-<br>parameter in Call-Info header field set to "NR" and<br>body containing PIDF basic status set to "open".   |                         | TC-Cont CCBS<br>RESUME            |                                |  |
| SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request URI or m-<br>parameter in Call-Info header field set to "BS" and<br>with Expires header set to "zero".   |                         | TC-End CCBS<br>CANCEL             |                                |  |
| SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request URI or m-<br>barameter in Call-Info header field set to "NR" and<br>with Expires header set to "zero".   |                         |                                   |                                |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: Expires header defines subscription duration / CC service duration timer (CC-T3).</li> <li>NOTE 2: Parameter is set by default, as retention option is supported in IMS by default.</li> <li>NOTE 3: Mapping of the Request URI header field to the CalledPartyNumber is done according to table 2 in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.1.</li> </ul>   |                         |                                   |                                |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 4: Mapping of the P-Asserted Identity header field to the CallingPartyNumber is done according to table 5 in subclause 7.2.3.1.2.6.</li> <li>NOTE 5: If URI of the MGCF was returned in the Call-Info header field in the 180 Ringing or 486 Busy here messages described in table 7.5.11.1.1, then the MGCF needs to remember the Request URI of the original INVITE for mapping to the CalledPartyNumber.</li> </ul> |                         |                                   |                                |  |

| Table 7.5.11.1.2: Mapping of SIP | messages to TCAP messages |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|

| TCAP Message  | Parameter       | SIP Message  | Parameter            |
|---|-----------------|--|----------------------|
| TC-Cont CCBS REQUEST<br>(return result)                 | RetainSupported | NOTIFY with cc-state parameter set to<br>"queued"  | cc-service-retention |
| TC-End CCBS/CCNR REQUEST (error result)                 | ShortTermDenial | 480 Temporarily unavailable  |                      |
| TC-End CCBS/CCNR REQUEST (error result)                 | LongTermDenial  | 403 Forbidden  |                      |
| TC-End CCBS CANCEL                                      |                 | NOTIFY with the "reason"<br>Subscription-State header field<br>parameter set to "noresource" |                      |
| TC-Cont REMOTE USER FREE                                |                 | NOTIFY with cc-state set to "ready"<br>(NOTE 1)  |                      |
| NOTE 1: This does not terminate the subscribtion AS-AS. |                 |  |                      |

### 7.5.11.2 Interworking at the O-MGCF

If the O-MGCF supports the interworking of CCBS/CCNR supplementary services, the O-MGCF shall map between the ISUP and SIP messages in accordance with table 7.5.11.2.1.

| ISUP Message  | Parameter  | SIP Message          | Parameter   |
|---|--|----------------------|---|
| ← ACM   | Called party's status indicator set to<br>"Subscriber free" and<br>CCNR possible indicator set to "CCNR<br>possible"<br>(NOTE 2) | ← 180 Ringing        | Call-Info header field with purpose<br>header field parameter set to "call-<br>completion"  |
| ← CPG   | Event indicator set to "Alerting" and<br>CCNR possible indicator set to "CCNR<br>possible"<br>(NOTE 2) (NOTE 4)                  |                      | (NOTE 1)  |
| ← REL   | Cause Indicator<br>cause #17 or #34 with Diagnostic (CCBS<br>indicator set to "CCBS possible")<br>(NOTE 3)                       | ← 486 Busy<br>here   | Call-Info header field with purpose<br>header field parameter set to "call-<br>completion"<br>(NOTE 1)  |
| → IAM   | CCSS parameter set to "CCSS call"<br>(NOTE 2)  | $\rightarrow$ INVITE | Request URI contains m-parameter<br>and a Call-Info header field field, with<br>purpose header field parameter set<br>to "call-completion", and an m-<br>parameter<br>(NOTE 1) (NOTE 5) |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: The coding shall be in accordance with IETF RFC 6910 [106].</li> <li>NOTE 2: The coding shall be in accordance with ITU-T recommendation Q. 763 [4].</li> <li>NOTE 3: The coding shall be in accordance with ITU-T recommendation Q. 850 [38].</li> <li>NOTE 4: A CPG will be sent if an ACM was already sent.</li> <li>NOTE 5: Based on the operator policy the "m" SIP URI parameter in the Request-URI and m-parameter in Call-Info header field is set to the value "BS" or "NR".</li> </ul> |  |                      |   |

#### Table 7.5.11.2.1: Mapping of SIP and ISUP messages

If the O-MGCF supports the interworking of CCBS/CCNR supplementary services, the O-MGCF shall map between the TCAP and SIP messages in accordance with table 7.5.11.2.2 and table 7.5.11.2.3.

|   | _                  |   |  |  |
|---|--------------------|---|--|--|
| TCAP Message  | Parameter          | SIP Message   | Parameter  |  |
| TC-Begin CCBS   | CalledPartyNumber  | SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request   | To header (NOTE 2)                                   |  |
| REQUEST   |                    | URI and m-parameter in Call-Info header   | Request-URI (NOTE 2)                                 |  |
| (invoke)  | CallingPartyNumber | field set to "BS" (NOTE 1)  | From header (NOTE 3)                                 |  |
| ( /   |                    |   | P-Asserted-Identity (NOTE 4)                         |  |
| TC-Begin CCNR   | CalledPartyNumber  | SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request   | To header (NOTE 2)                                   |  |
| REQUEST   | -                  | URI and m-parameter in Call-Info header   | Request-URI (NOTE 2)                                 |  |
| (invoke)  | CallingPartyNumber | field set to "NR" (NOTE 1)  | From header (NOTE 3)<br>P-Asserted-Identity (NOTE 4) |  |
|   |                    | PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI and m-parameter in Call-Info header field | P-Assented-Identity (NOTE 4)                         |  |
| TC-Cont CCBS  |                    | set to "BS" and body containing PIDF basic status set to "closed".                |  |  |
| SUSPEND   |                    | PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI   |  |  |
|   |                    | and m-parameter in Call-Info header field   |  |  |
|   |                    | set to "NR" and body containing PIDF basic status set to "closed".                |  |  |
|   |                    | PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI   |  |  |
|   |                    | and m-parameter in Call-Info header field   |  |  |
|   |                    | set to "BS" and body containing PIDF basic  |  |  |
| TC-Cont CCBS  |                    | status set to "open".   |  |  |
| RESUME  |                    | PUBLISH with m-parameter in Request URI   |  |  |
|   |                    | and m-parameter in Call-Info header field   |  |  |
|   |                    | set to "NR" and body containing PIDF basic status set to "open".                  |  |  |
|   |                    | SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request   |  |  |
|   |                    | URI and m-parameter in Call-Info header   |  |  |
| TC-End CCBS   |                    | field set to "BS" and with Expires header set                                     |  |  |
| CANCEL  |                    | to "0"  |  |  |
| OANOLL  |                    | SUBSCRIBE with m-parameter in Request   |  |  |
|   |                    | URI and m-parameter in Call-Info header   |  |  |
|   |                    | field set to "NR" and with Expires header set to "0"                              |  |  |
| NOTE 1: Expires header defines subscription duration / CC service duration timer (CC-T3).   |                    |   |  |  |
| NOTE 1: Expires header defines subscription duration / CC service duration timer (CC-13).<br>NOTE 2: For the mapping of the CalledPartyNumber to the To header and Request-URI see table 10a in subclause |                    |   |  |  |
| 7.2.3.2.  |                    |   |  |  |
| NOTE 3: For the mapping of the CallingPartyNumber to the From header see table 15 in subclause 7.2.3.2.2.3. If no   |                    |   |  |  |
| CallingPartyNumber is available, the From header shall be set to a SIP or SIPS URI with addr-spec of  |                    |   |  |  |
| Unavailable User Identity as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [74].  |                    |   |  |  |
| NOTE 4: For the mapping of the CallingPartyNumber to the P-Asserted-Identity header see table 14 in subclause   |                    |   |  |  |
| 7.2.3.2.2.3. If no CallingPartyNumber is available, a P-Asserted-Identity header shall not be inserted.   |                    |   |  |  |

Table 7.5.11.2.2: Mapping of TCAP messages to SIP messages

| Table 7.5.11.2.3: Mapping of SIP messages to TCAP messages |
|--|
|--|

| SIP Message  | Parameter            | TCAP Message                                 | Parameter       |
|--|----------------------|--|-----------------|
| NOTIFY with cc-state parameter set to<br>"queued"  | cc-service-retention | TC Cont CCBS/CCNR<br>REQUEST (return result) | RetainSupported |
| 480 Temporarily unavailable  |                      | TC-End CCBS/CCNR<br>REQUEST (error result)   | ShortTermDenial |
| 403 Forbidden  |                      | TC-End CCBS/CCNR<br>REQUEST (error result)   | LongTermDenial  |
| NOTIFY with the Subscription-State<br>header field set to "terminated" and the<br>"reason" parameter set to "noresource" |                      | TC-End CCBS CANCEL                           |                 |
| NOTIFY with cc-state set to "ready"<br>(NOTE)  |                      | TC-Cont REMOTE USER<br>FREE                  |                 |
| NOTE: This does not terminate the subscription AS-AS.  |                      |  |                 |

# 7.5.12 Communication Waiting (CW)

#### 7.5.12.0 General

The protocol specification of the Communication Waiting supplementary service is described in 3GPP TS 24.615 [111].

#### 7.5.12.1 Interworking at the I-MGCF

With regard to the backward messages of the Call Waiting PSTN/ISDN supplementary service, the following mapping is valid:

#### Table 7.5.12.1: Mapping of ISUP messages to SIP Massages

| →Message Received from BICC/ISUP  | →Message sent to SIP   |  |
|---|--|--|
| ACM or CPG with generic notification indicator "Call is a waiting call" (NOTE 1).   | 180 Ringing with an Alert-Info header field set to<br>"urn:alert:service:call-waiting" (NOTE 2). |  |
| NOTE 1: The coding shall be in accordance with ITU-T recommendation Q.733 [42].<br>NOTE 2: The coding shall be in accordance with IETF draft-salud-alert-info-urns [107]. |  |  |

#### 7.5.12.2 Interworking at the O-MGCF

With regard to the backward messages of the Communication Waiting service, the following mapping is valid:

#### Table 7.5.12.2: Mapping of SIP messages to ISUP messages

| ←Message sent to ISUP  | ←Message Received from SIP                 |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ACM or CPG with generic notification indicator "Call is 180 Ringing with an Alert-Info header field set to |  |  |  |  |  |
| a waiting call" (NOTE 1).  | "urn:alert:service:call-waiting" (NOTE 2). |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 1: The coding shall be in accordance with ITU-T recommendation Q733 [42].                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 2: The coding shall be in accordance with IETF draft-salud-alert-info-urns [107].                     |  |  |  |  |  |

# 7.5.13 Customized Alerting Tones (CAT)

#### 7.5.13.1 General

The Customized Alerting Tones supplementary service is described in 3GPP TS 24.182 [132].

The interworking procedures in this subclause enable the transport of customized alerting tones provided by an AS in the IM CN subsystem towards a caller in a CS network.

Based on operator options, one of three different models described in 3GPP TS 24.182 [132].is used in an IM CN subsystem to provide the CAT service. The CAT interworking procedures at the O-MGCF differ between these models and are described seperately for each model in the subsequent subclauses. Support of the interworking procedures for each of those models is optional.

I-MGCF procedures are not affected.

#### 7.5.13.2Early session model

#### 7.5.13.2.1 Interworking at the O-MGCF

When CAT service is provided by using early session model as specificed in 3GPP TS 24.182 [132], and if the O-MGCF supports early-session as a network option, then it shall include the option tag "early-session", as defined in IETF RFC 3959 [131], in Supported header field in each outgoing initial SIP INVITE request.

After receiving the first SIP 18x response including an early-session SDP, then the O-MGCF shall send the address complete message (ACM) or Call Progress message (CPG) with the Optional backward call indicators parameter set to "in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available". If the SIP 18x response is the SIP 180 Ringing

response, then additionally the Called party's status indicator in the ACM message shall be set to "subscriber free" or the Event information in the CPG message shall be set to "ALERTING".

If the O-MGCF applies codec interworking procedures according to Annex B, it shall interwork the "session" disposition SDP (rather than the "early session" disposition SDP).

#### 7.5.13.2.2 MGCF – IM-MGW Interaction for CAT service

#### 7.5.13.2.2.1 General

When the IMS CAT is provided by using early session model as described in 3GPP TS 24.182 [132], the procedures described in subclauses 9.2.3.1 to 9.2.3.3 shall be applied with the following additions.

#### 7.5.13.2.2.2 IM CN subsystem side Early Session establishment

If the MGCF supports early-session as a network option, upon receipt of a SIP 18x response with an early-session SDP, the MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 10 and 11 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1, signals 7 and 8 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-2) to provide configuration data (derived from early session SDP received in signal 8 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1 and local configuration data) to the IM-MGW as detailed below:

- The MGCF shall indicate the remote IP address and UDP port, i.e. the destination IP address and UDP port for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem,
- The MGCF shall indicate the remote codec(s), i.e. the speech codec(s) for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem.
- The MGCF should select the same codec(s) for early-session SDP with the codec(s) used for normal session SDP.
- The MGCF may indicate the local codec(s) and the local IP address and UDP port. The MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) if a change is required.
- The MGCF may indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply with the selected remote codec(s) and reserve resources for these codec(s). If local codec(s) were received, the IM-MGW shall also reply with the selected local codec(s) and reserve the corresponding resources.

The MCGF shall send the local codec(s), UDP port and IP address in the early-session SDP to the IMS in the PRACK messages (signal 12 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1 and 7.5.13.2.2.5-2).

#### 7.5.13.2.2.3 IM CN subsystem side normal Session establishment

When the MGCF receives a SIP 200(OK) response to the SIP INVITE request (signal 14 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1, signal 15 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-2), it shall request the IM-MGW use the Configure IMS Resources procedure for normal session SDP (signals 15 and 16 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1, signal 16 and 17 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-2) to provide configuration data (derived from SDP received in signal 8 in figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1 and local configuration data) to the IM-MGW as detailed below:

- The MGCF shall indicate the remote IP address and UDP port, i.e. the destination IP address and UDP port for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem,
- The MGCF shall indicate the remote codec(s), i.e. the speech codec(s) for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem.
- The MGCF may indicate the local codec(s) and the local IP address and UDP port. The MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) if a change is required.
- The MGCF may indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply with the selected remote codec(s) and reserve resources for these codec(s). If local codec(s) were received, the IM-MGW shall also reply with the selected local codec(s) and reserve the corresponding resources.

#### 7.5.13.2.2.4 Called party alerting

If the MGCF supports early-session as a network option, upon receipt of a SIP 18x provisional response with an earlysession SDP, the MGCF shall not request the IM-MGW to provide an awaiting answer indication (ringing tone) to the calling party.

Editor"s Note: The interaction with other supplementary services are FFS.

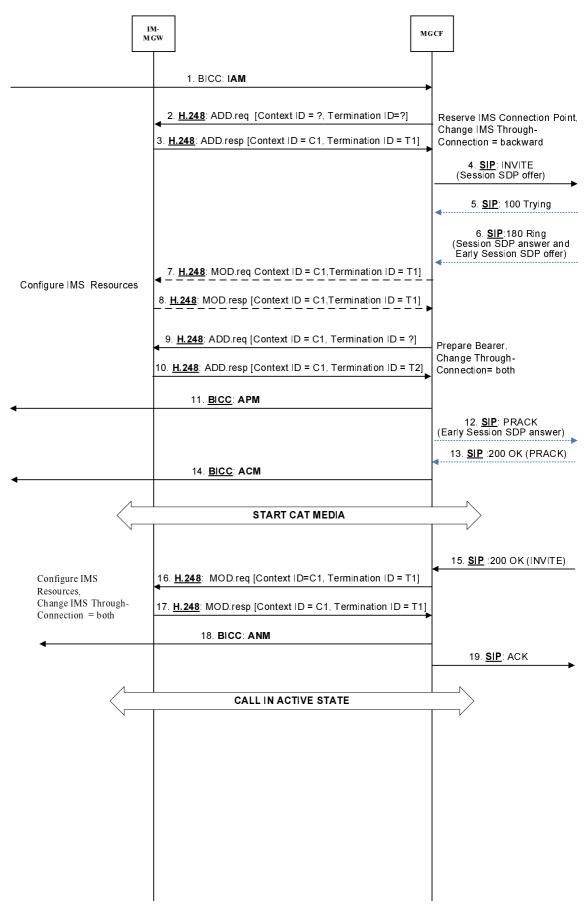
#### 7.5.13.2.2.5 Message sequence chart

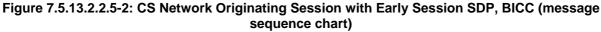
Figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1 shows an example message sequence chart for an CS network originating Session Setup with ISUP, where IMS CAT is provided by early session model.

|  | IM-<br>MGW   |  | MGCF     | ]  |
|--|--------------|--|----------|--|
| _  |              |  |          | -  |
|  |              | 1. ISUP: IAM   | •        |  |
| Reserve TDM Circuit,<br>Change Through-<br>Connection = both                 | -            | <u>1.248</u> : ADD.req [Context ID = ?, Termination ID = ?]<br>1.248: ADD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T2]                | -        |  |
| Reserve IMS Connection Point<br>Change IMS Through-<br>Connection = backward | · · · · ·    | <b>1.248</b> : ADD.req [Context ID = C1, Termination ID=?]<br><b>1.248</b> : ADD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T1,<br>.p1] | -        |  |
|  |              |  |          | 6. <u>SIP</u> : INVITE<br>(Session SDP(IP1,p1) ►                     |
|  |              |  | <b>.</b> | 7. <u>SIP</u> : 100 Trying   |
|  |              |  |          | 8. <u>SIP</u> :180 Ringing<br>(Session SDP and Early<br>Session SDP) |
| Configure IMS Resources  | 10.<br>Ear   | 9. ISUP: ACM<br><u>H.248</u> : MOD.req [Context ID = C1,Termination ID = T1]<br>ly session SDP                                       | '<br>'   |  |
|  | 11. <u>I</u> | H.248: MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T1  | ]<br>(Ea | 12. <u>SIP</u> : PRACK<br>arly Session SDP(IP1,p1))                  |
|  |              |  |          | 13. <u>SIP</u> :200 OK (PRACK)                                       |
| Configure IMS<br>Resources,  | 15.<br>ess   | <u>H.248</u> : MOD.req [Context ID=C1, Termination ID = T1, sion SDP]  | -        | 14. <u>SIP</u> :200 OK (INVITE)                                      |
| Change IMS Through-<br>Connection = both                                     | 16.          | <u>H.248</u> : MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T   | 1]       |  |
| •  |              | 17. ISUP: ANM  |          |  |
|  |              |  |          | 18. <u>SIP</u> : ACK   |
|  |              | CALL IN ACTIVE STATE   |          | $\rightarrow$  |
|  |              |  |          |  |

Figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-1: CS Network Originating Session with Early Session SDP, ISUP (message sequence chart)

Figure 7.5.13.2.2.5-2 shows an example message sequence chart for an CS network originating Session Setup with BICC, where IMS CAT is provided by early session model.





#### 7.5.13.3 Forking model

Interworking at O-MGCF follows the basic call interworking procedures using the P-Early-Media header field and related procedures as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.1, 7.2.3.2.2, 7.2.3.2.4, 7.2.3.2.5, 7.2.3.2.6, 7.2.3.2.7, 7.2.3.2.8, and 7.2.3.2.9.

The O-MGCF shall apply the procedures in subclause 9.2.3.4 and shall use the P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media as trigger to configure the IM-MGW as described in Subclause 9.2.3.4.2.

#### 7.5.13.4 Gateway model

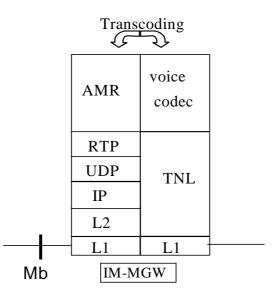
Interworking at O-MGCF follow the basic call interworking procedures using the P-Early-Media header field and related procedures as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.1, 7.2.3.2.2, 7.2.3.2.4, 7.2.3.2.5, 7.2.3.2.6, 7.2.3.2.7, 7.2.3.2.8, and 7.2.3.2.9.

Example callflows are shown in annex J

# 8 User plane interworking

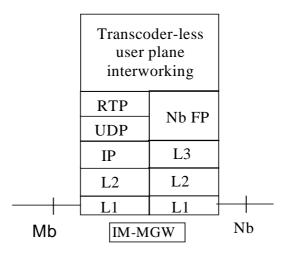
# 8.1 Interworking between IM CN subsystem and bearer independent CS network

When the IM CN subsystem interworks with the bearer independent CS networks (e.g. CS domain of a PLMN, 3GPP TS 29.414 [25], 3GPP TS 29.415 [26], 3GPP TS 23.205 [27]), the Transport Network Layer (TNL) of the bearer independent CS network can be based e.g. on IP/UDP/RTP, or IP/UDP/RTP/IuFP, or ATM/AAL2/ framing protocol (e.g. Iu framing) transport techniques. Figure 31 shows the user plane protocol stacks for the IM CS subsystem and bearer independent CS network interworking. If the same AMR configuration is used on the CS network side as on the IMS side, transcoding is not required. However, there is still a need to interwork between RTP/UDP/IP/L2/LI to TNL/LI.



#### Figure 31/1: IM CN subsystem to bearer independent CS network user plane protocol stack

### 8.1.1 Transcoder-less Mb to Nb Interworking



# Figure 31/2: IM CN subsystem to bearer independent CS network user plane protocol stack (optional in the event the codecs on both sides are the same)

If no transcoder is inserted, the IM-MGW shall interwork the following procedures between the Nb and Mb interfaces.

#### 8.1.1.1 Initialisation

There is no need to interwork initialisation procedures between Nb and Mb interfaces see 3GPP TS 29.415 [26].

#### 8.1.1.2 Time alignment

The purpose of the time alignment procedure on the Nb interface is to minimise the buffer delay in the RNC for downlink transmissions by adjusting the vocoder time reference within the network. No such procedure exists on the Mb interface, so the IM-MGW shall return NACK indication time alignment not supported according to 3GPP TS 29.415 [26].

#### 8.1.1.3 Rate control

The rate control procedure signals to the peer entity the maximum rate among the currently allowed rates at which it can receive codec frames. Rate control only applies to AMR family codec configurations with multiple active modes. On the Nb interface, IuFP provides for rate control via the exchange of RATE CONTROL and RATE CONTROL ACK PDUs. On the Mb interface, IETF RFC 4867 [23] provides for in-band rate control via the Codec Mode Request (CMR) field of every codec frame.

Interworking of rate control procedures at an IM-MGW between an Mb interface and a corresponding Nb interface only applies when the IM-MGW bridges compatible codec configurations between the interfaces without applying a transcoding function. An IM-MGW receiving a CMR from an Mb interface shall initiate the IuFP rate control procedure on the corresponding Nb interface. An IM-MGW receiving a rate control request on an Nb interface shall adjust the CMR field of outgoing speech frames on the corresponding Mb interface.

A IM-MGW may support the MTSI service defined in 3GPP TS 24.173 [88] and may then support codecs according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104].

NOTE 1: Alternative codec specifications for the MTSI service are listed in 3GPP TS 24.173 [88].

If the IM-MGW supports the MTSI service with the codecs according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104] the IM-MGW should support reception of RTCP-APP-CMR messages as specified in the subclause 10.2.1 of 3GPP TS 26.114 [104] which can be sent by a MTSI client in the terminal. If the IM-MGW is in TrFO then RTCP-APP-CMR messages should be translated to the appropriate rate control method on the CS side (e.g. IuFP rate control or RTP based CMR) in the same way as for an RTP based CMR, described in the preceding paragraph.

NOTE 2: When the IM-MGW is transcoding at the Mb interface then any RTCP-APP-CMR requests received from the MTSI client in the terminal when the IM-MGW is transcoding will result in a change to to DL codec mode towards the MTSI client terminal.

#### 8.1.1.4 Frame quality indication

The Nb interface signals frame quality with the Frame Quality Classification (FQC) field of each speech frame PDU. See 3GPP TS 26.102 [50] and 3GPP TS 29.415 [26] for details. The FQC may have possible values: 0=frame\_good; 1=frame\_bad; 2=frame\_bad\_due\_to\_radio; and 3=spare. The Mb interface signals frame quality with the Q bit (frame quality indicator) field of each speech frame, as defined in IETF RFC 4867 [23]. The Q bit may have values: 1=speech\_good; and 0=speech\_bad or sid\_bad.

Tables 24a and 24b provide the mapping between Mb and Nb interfaces.

#### Table 24a: Mapping of Mb (Q bit) onto Nb (FQC)

| Mb - Qbit | Mb - FT | Nb - FQC |
|-----------|---------|----------|
| 1         | Х       | 0        |
| 0         | Х       | 1        |

#### Table 24b: Mapping Nb onto Mb

| Nb - FQC | Mb - Qbit | Mb – FT |
|----------|-----------|---------|
| 0        | 1         | NC      |
| 1        | 0         | NO_DATA |
| 2        | 0         | NC      |

#### 8.1.1.5 Framing

Even when the IM-MGW bridges compatible codec configurations between the Nb and Mb interfaces, the IM-MGW shall perform translation between the frame formats defined for the two interfaces, since all codec configurations have different framing procedures for the two interfaces. The framing details for Nb are defined in 3GPP TS 26.102 [50] and 3GPP TS 29.415 [26], although they do not describe the framing for ITU-T codecs other than G.711. The framing details for Mb are defined in IETF RFC 4867 [23], IETF RFC 3550 [51], IETF RFC 3551 [52] and IETF RFC 3555 [53].

#### 8.1.1.6 Transcoding

Transcoding at the IM-MGW is avoided when the IM-MGW bridges compatible codec configurations between the Nb and Mb interfaces. Otherwise transcoding is necessary, which eliminates the need to interwork other user plane procedures between the interfaces.

#### 8.1.1.7 Discontinuous transmission

When the IM-MGW bridges compatible codec configurations between the Nb and Mb interfaces, the DTX procedures are normally interworked transparently by translating between the framing formats on the interfaces. All the ITU-T and AMR family codecs have configurations that are compatible between the Mb and Nb interfaces.

#### 8.1.1.8 Timing and sequence information

The IM-MGW shall always correct out-of-sequence delivery between Nb and Mb interfaces, either by re-ordering frames, or by dropping frames that are out of sequence.

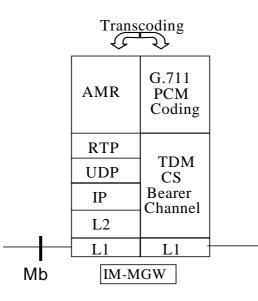
When the IuFP frame numbers are based on time and if the IM-MGW bridges compatible codec configurations between the Nb and Mb interfaces, it shall either correct jitter before forwarding PDUs or interwork the RTP timestamp (see RFC 3550 [51]) with the IuFP Frame Number (see 3GPP TS 29.415 [26]) so that both the RTP timestamp and IuFP frame number similarly reflect the nominal sampling instant of the user data in the packet.

NOTE: Correcting jitter may cause additional delay.

The RTP sequence number (see RFC 3550 [51]) is handled independently on Mb, i.e. it is not interworked with the IuFP Frame Number (see 3GPP TS 29.415 [26]).

# 8.2 Interworking between IM CN subsystem and TDM-based CS network

It shall be possible for the IM CN subsystem to interwork with the TDM based CS networks (e.g. PSTN, ISDN or CS domain of a PLMN). Figure 32 describes the user plane protocol stack to provide the particular interworking.



#### Figure 32: IM CN subsystem to TDM-based CS network user plane protocol stack

# 8.3 Transcoding requirements

The IM CN subsystem supports the AMR codec as the native codec for basic voice services. For IM CN subsystem terminations, the IM MGW shall support the transport of AMR over RTP according to IETF RFC 4867 [23]. The MGCF shall support the options of IETF RFC 4867 [23] listed within subclause 5.1.1 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32].

It shall be possible for the IM CN subsystem to interwork with the CS networks (e.g. PSTN, ISDN or a CS domain of a PLMN) by supporting AMR to G.711 transcoding (see ITU-T Recommendation G.711 [1]) in the IM-MGW. The IM-MGW may also perform transcoding between AMR and other codec types supported by CS networks.

### 8.4 Diffserv code point requirements

The IM-MGW shall perform DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) markings (see RFC 2474 [21]) on the IP packets sent towards the IM CN subsystem entity like UE or MRFP across the Mb interface to allow DiffServ compliant routers and GGSNs to schedule the traffic accordingly.

The IETF Differentiated Services architecture (see RFC 2475 [22]) shall be used to provide QoS for the external bearer service.

The DSCP shall be operator configurable.

# 8.5 DTMF handling

When sending DTMF inband towards the CS network, the MGW shall comply with the encoding requirements in 3GPP TS 23.014 [103]; in particular the requirements for the minimum length of a tone and for the minimum gap between two subsequent tones shall be ensured.

When detecting DTMF digits arriving from the CS side, the MGW shall comply with TS 23.014 [103] (by checking that a valid digit with minimum duration and minimum gap has been received) before initiating an RTP Telephony Event to the IMS interface.

When sending DTMF towards the IMS side according to the IETF RFC 4733 [105] RTP Payload format, the MGW shall comply with the DTMF encoding requirements of Annex G.2 of 3GPP TS 26.114 [104], in particular the minimum duration of 65ms shall be ensured. It is optional if the RTP Telephony Event is sent as a number of "RTP Events" with interim durations (e.g. every 20ms or 40ms in line with the speech packetisation time) or as a single "RTP Event" with the at least 65ms duration.

# 9 MGCF – IM-MGW Interaction

### 9.1 Overview

The MGCF shall control the functions of the IM-MGW, which are used to provide the connection between media streams of an IP based transport network and bearer channels from a CS network.

The MGCF shall interact with the IM-MGW across the Mn reference point. The MGCF shall terminate the signalling across the Mn interface towards the IM-MGW and the IM-MGW shall terminate the signalling from the MGCF.

The signalling interface across the Mn reference point shall be defined in accordance with ITU-T Recommendation H.248.1 [2] and shall conform to 3GPP specific extensions as detailed in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15].

The present specification describes Mn signalling procedures and their interaction with BICC/ISUP and SIP signalling in the control plane, and with user plane procedures. 3GPP TS 29.332 [15] maps these signalling procedures to H.248 messages and defines the required packages and parameters.

## 9.2 Mn signalling interactions

The following paragraphs describe the Mn interface procedures triggered by SIP and BICC signalling relayed in MGCF.

The SIP signalling occurring at the MGCF is described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [9].

All message sequence charts in this subclause are examples.

#### 9.2.1 Network model

Figure 33 shows the network model, applicable to BICC and ISUP cases. The broken line represents the call control signalling. The dotted line represents the bearer control signalling (if applicable) and the user plane. The MGCF uses one context with two terminations in the IM-MGW. The termination T1 is used towards the IM CN subsystem entity and the bearer termination T2 is used for the bearer towards the succeeding CS network element.

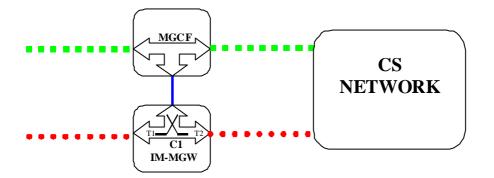


Figure 33: Network model

### 9.2.2 Basic IM CN subsystem originated session

#### 9.2.2.1 BICC forward bearer establishment

#### 9.2.2.1.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF shall select an IM-MGW for the bearer connection before it performs the CS network side bearer establishment. This may happen either before sending the IAM or after receiving the APM message (signal 5 or signal 6 in figure 34). In the latter case, the IM-MGW selection may be based on a possibly received MGW-id from the succeeding node.

#### 9.2.2.1.2 CS network side bearer establishment

The MGCF shall either select bearer characteristics or request the IM-MGW to select and provide the bearer characteristics for the CS network side bearer connection before sending the IAM. In the latter case the MGCF shall use the Prepare Bearer procedure, not shown in figure 34, to request the IM-MGW to select the bearer characteristics. After the succeeding node has provided a bearer address and a binding reference in the APM, the MGCF shall use the Establish Bearer procedure to request the IM-MGW to establish a bearer towards the destination CS-MGW. The MGCF shall provide the IM-MGW with the bearer address, the binding reference and the bearer characteristics (signal 7 in figure 34).

#### 9.2.2.1.3 IM CN subsystem side termination reservation

On receipt of an initial INVITE (signal 1 in figure 34) the MGCF shall initiate the Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources procedure (signal 3 and 4 in figure 34). From the received SDP and local configuration data the MGCF:

- Shall send the appropriate remote codec(s), the remote UDP port and the remote IP address to the IM-MGW. The remote UDP port and IP address refer to the destination of user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem. The remote codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select for user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem.
- Shall indicate to the IM-MGW the appropriate local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port. The local IP address and UDP port are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The local codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem.
- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- May indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

#### The IM-MGW

- Shall reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected remote codec(s) and the selected local UDP port and IP address.
- Shall reserve resources for those codec(s).

The MCGF shall send the local codec(s), UDP port and IP address to the IMS in the Session Progress (signal 9 in figure 34).

#### 9.2.2.1.4 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

Dependent on what the MGCF receives in the PRACK message (signal 10 in figure 34), the MGCF may initiate the Configure IMS Resources procedure. If no SDP is received, or if the received SDP does not contain relevant changes compared to the previous SDP sent to the IMS in signal 9 in figure 34, the procedure is not invoked. Otherwise the MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure to provide to the IM-MGW:

- The appropriate remote codec(s), the remote UDP port and the remote IP address.
- Optionally the appropriate local codec(s), UDP port and IP address.

- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- May indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

#### The IM-MGW shall:

- Reply to the MGCF with the selected remote codec(s),
- Reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) if the MGCF supplied local codec(s),
- Update the codec reservation and remote IP address and remote UDP port in accordance with the received information.

The MGCF shall include the selected codec(s) and UDP port and IP address in a 200 OK (PRACK) (signal 11 in figure 34) sent back to the IMS.

#### 9.2.2.1.5 Through-connection

During the Prepare Bearer and Establish Bearer procedures, the MGCF shall either use the Change Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the BICC terminations, or the MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the BICC termination already on this stage (signal 7 in figure 34). During the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signal 3 in figure 34).

When the MGCF receives the BICC:ANM answer indication, it shall request the IM-MGW to both-way throughconnect the termination using the Change Through-Connection or Change IMS Through-Connection procedures (signal 22 in figure 34), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

#### 9.2.2.1.6 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

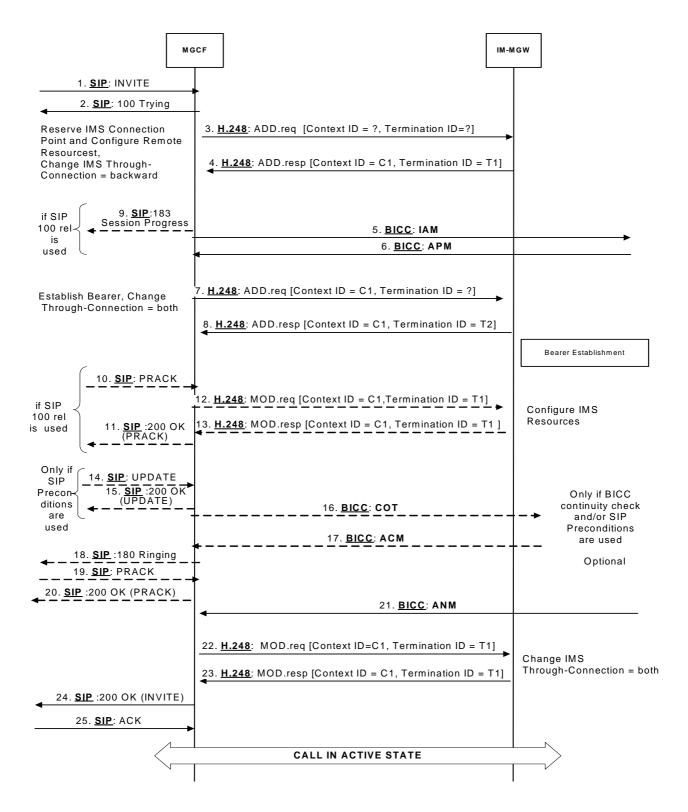
#### 9.2.2.1.7 Failure handling in MGCF

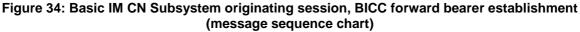
If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully the default action by the MGCF is to release the session, as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.7.

NOTE: As an implementation option the MGCF may also decide for example to only release the resources in the IM-MGW that caused the failure, possibly select a new IM-MGW for the connection and continue the call establishment using new resources in the selected IM-MGW but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

#### 9.2.2.1.8 Message sequence chart

Figure 34 shows the message sequence chart for the IM CN subsystem originating session with BICC forward bearer establishment where the selection of IM-MGW is done before the sending of the IAM. In the chart the MGCF requests the seizure of an IM CN subsystem side termination. When the APM is received from the succeeding node, the MGCF requests the seizure of a CS network side bearer termination and the establishment of the bearer. When the MGCF receives an answer indication, it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations. Dashed lines represent optional or conditional messages.





#### 9.2.2.2 BICC backward bearer establishment

#### 9.2.2.2.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF shall select an IM-MGW for the bearer connection before it performs the IM CN subsystem session establishment or the CS network side bearer establishment, and before it sends the IAM (signal 8 in figure 35).

#### 9.2.2.2.2 IM CN subsystem side termination reservation

On receipt of an initial INVITE (signal 1in figure 35) the MGCF shall initiate the Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources procedure (signal 3 and 4 in figure 35). From the received SDP and local configuration data the MGCF:

- Shall send the appropriate remote codec(s), the remote UDP port and the remote IP address to the IM-MGW. The remote UDP port and IP address refer to the destination of user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem. The remote codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select for user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem.
- Shall indicate to the IM-MGW the appropriate local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port. The local UDP port and IP address are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The local codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem.
- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- May indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

#### The IM-MGW shall

- Reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected remote codec(s) and the selected local UDP port and IP address.
- Reserve resources for those codec(s).

The MCGF shall send the local codec(s), UDP port and IP address to the IMS in the Session Progress (signal 5 in figure 35).

#### 9.2.2.2.3 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

Dependent on what the MGCF receives in the PRACK message (signal 9 in figure 35) the MGCF may initiate the Select Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 10 and 11 in figure 35). If no SDP is received, or if the received SDP does not contain relevant changes compared to the previous SDP the procedure is not invoked. Otherwise the MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure to provide to the IM-MGW:

- the appropriate remote codec(s), the remote UDP port and the remote IP address.
- optionally if DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- May indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

#### The IM-MGW shall:

- Reply to the MGCF with the selected remote codec(s).
- Reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s), if the MGCF supplied local codec(s).
- Update the codec reservation and remote IP address and remote UDP port in accordance with the received information.

The MGCF shall include the selected codec(s), IP address and UDP port in an 200 OK (PRACK) (signal 12 in figure 35) sent back to the IMS

#### 9.2.2.2.4 CS network side bearer establishment

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to prepare for the CS network side bearer establishment using the Prepare Bearer procedure before sending the IAM to the succeeding node. Within this procedure, the MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to provide a bearer address and a binding reference, and the MGCF shall either provide the IM-MGW with the preferred bearer characteristics or it shall request the IM-MGW to select and provide the bearer characteristics (signal 6 in figure 35). After the IM-MGW has replied with the bearer address, the binding reference and the bearer characteristics (if requested), the MGCF sends the IAM to the succeeding node (signal 8 in figure 35).

#### 9.2.2.2.5 Through-connection

During the Prepare Bearer procedure, the MGCF shall either use the Change Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the BICC termination, or the MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the BICC termination already on this stage (signal 6 in figure 35). During the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signal 3 in figure 35).

When the MGCF receives the BICC:ANM answer indication, it shall request the IM-MGW to both-way throughconnect the terminations using the Change Through-Connection or Change IMS Through-Connection procedures (signal 21 in figure 35), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

#### 9.2.2.2.6 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

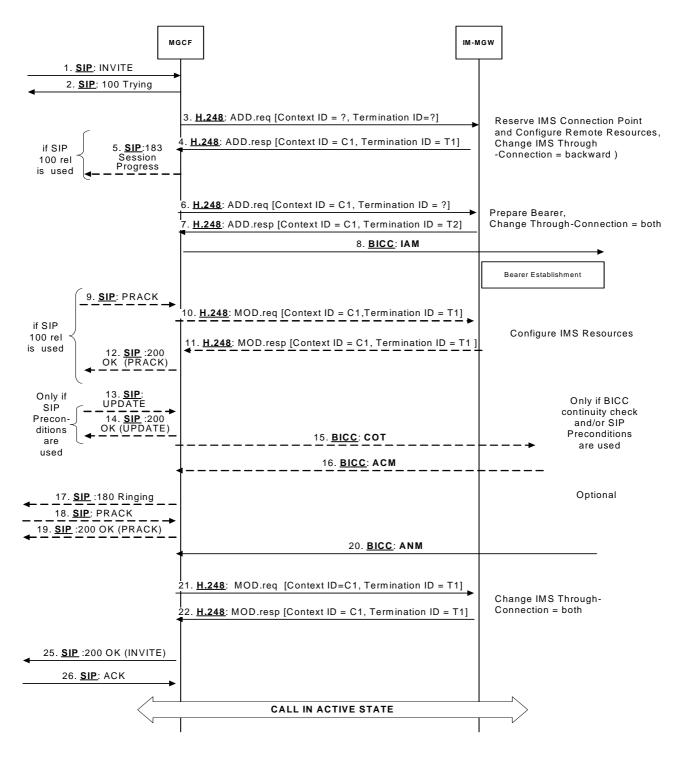
#### 9.2.2.2.7 Failure handling in MGCF

If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session, as described in subclause 9.2.7.

NOTE: As an implementation option the MGCF may also decide for example to only release the resources in the IM-MGW that caused the failure, possibly select a new IM-MGW for the connection and continue the call establishment using new resources in the selected IM-MGW but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

#### 9.2.2.2.8 Message sequence chart

Figure 35 shows the message sequence chart for the IM CN subsystem originating session with BICC backward bearer establishment. In the chart the MGCF requests the seizure of an IM CN subsystem side termination and a CS network side bearer termination. When the MGCF receives an answer indication, it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations. Dashed lines represent optional or conditional messages.



# Figure 35: Basic IM CN Subsystem originating session, BICC backward bearer establishment (message sequence chart)

9.2.2.3 ISUP

#### 9.2.2.3.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF shall select an IM-MGW with circuits to the given destination in the CS domain before it performs the IM CN subsystem session establishment and before it sends the IAM (signal 8 in figure 36).

#### 9.2.2.3.2 IM CN subsystem side termination reservation

On receipt of an initial INVITE (signal 1 in figure 36) the MGCF shall initiate the Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources procedure (signal 3 and 4 in figure 36). From the received SDP and local configuration data the MGCF:

- shall send the appropriate remote codec(s), the remote UDP port and the remote IP address to the IM-MGW. The remote UDP port and IP address refer to the destination of user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem. The remote codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select for user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem.
- shall indicate to the IM-MGW the appropriate local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port. The local IP address and UDP port are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The local codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem.
- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- May indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

#### The IM-MGW shall

- reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected remote codec(s) and the selected local UDP port and IP address.
- reserve resources for those codec(s).

The MCGF shall send selected local codec(s) and the selected remote codec and the selected local UDP port and IP address to the IMS in the Session Progress (signal 5 in figure 36)

#### 9.2.2.3.3 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

Dependent on what the MGCF receives in the PRACK message (signal 9 in figure 35) the MGCF may initiate the Configure IMS Resources procedure. If no SDP is received, or if the received SDP does not contain relevant changes compared to the previous SDP, the procedure is not invoked. Otherwise the MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure to provide to the IM-MGW:

- the appropriate remote codec(s), the remote UDP port and the remote IP address.
- optionally the appropriate local codec(s), UDP port and IP address.
- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- May indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

#### The IM-MGW shall:

- reply to the MGCF with the selected remote codec.
- reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s), if the MGCF supplied local codec(s).
- update the codec reservation and remote IP address and UDP port in accordance with the received information.

The MGCF shall include the selected codec(s) UDP port and IP address in 200 OK (PRACK) (signal 12 in figure 36) sent back to the IMS.

#### 9.2.2.3.4 CS network side circuit reservation

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to reserve a circuit using the Reserve TDM Circuit procedure. The MGCF sends the IAM to the succeeding node including the reserved circuit identity.

#### 9.2.2.3.5 Through-connection

During the Reserve TDM Circuit and Reserve IMS Connection Point procedures, the MGCF shall either use the Change TDM Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the termination, or the

MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the TDM termination already on this stage (signal 6 in figure 36). During the Reserve IMS connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS through-connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signal 3 in figure 36).

When the MGCF receives the ISUP:ANM answer indication, it shall request the IM-MGW to both-way throughconnect the terminations using the Change IMS Through-Connection or Change TDM Through-Connection procedures (signal 21 in figure 36), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

#### 9.2.2.3.6 Continuity check

The MGCF may request a continuity check on the connection towards the CS network within the IAM message. In this case, the MGCF shall use the Continuity Check procedure towards the IM-MGW to request the generation of a continuity check tone on the TDM termination. The IM-MGW shall then use the Continuity Check Verify procedure to notify the MGCF of an incoming continuity check tone on the corresponding circuit. In addition to other conditions detailed in Section 7, the MGCF shall wait until receiving this notification before sending the COT. (Not depicted in figure 36)

#### 9.2.2.3.7 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

#### 9.2.2.3.8 Voice processing function

A voice processing function located on the IM-MGW may be used to achieve desired acoustic quality on the terminations. If the voice processing function is used, the MGCF shall request the activation of it in the termination towards the CS network using the Activate TDM Voice Processing Function procedure (signal 23 in figure 36).

#### 9.2.2.3.9 Failure handling in MGCF

If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully session shall be released as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.7.

#### 9.2.2.3.10 Message sequence chart

Figure 36 shows the message sequence chart for the IM CN subsystem originating session. In the chart the MGCF requests the seizure of an IM CN subsystem side termination and a CS network side bearer termination. When the MGCF receives an answer indication, it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations. The MGCF requests the possible activation of the voice processing functions for the bearer terminations. Dashed lines represent optional or conditional messages.

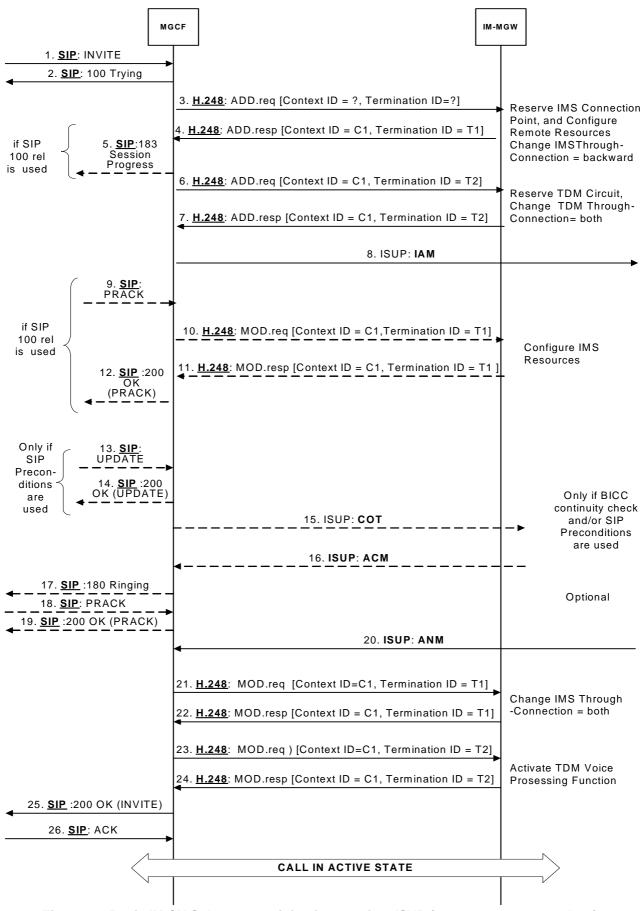


Figure 36: Basic IM CN Subsystem originating session, ISUP (message sequence chart)

# 9.2.3 Basic CS network originated session

#### 9.2.3.1 BICC forward bearer establishment

#### 9.2.3.1.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF shall select an IM-MGW for the bearer connection before it performs the IM CN subsystem session establishment or the CS network side bearer establishment.

#### 9.2.3.1.2 IM CN subsystem side termination reservation

The MGCF shall derive from configuration data one or several appropriate local codec(s) the IM-MGW may use to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The MGCF shall use the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure (signals 2 and 3 in figure 37). Within this procedure, the MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port from the IM-MGW. The local IP address and UDP port are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. If DTMF support together with speech support is required, or if the resources for multiple speech codecs shall be reserved at this stage, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".

The MGCF may also indicate that the IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected local IP address and UDP port.

The MGCF shall send this information in the INVITE (signal 4 in figure 37) to the IM CN subsystem.

#### 9.2.3.1.3 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

The MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 7 and 8 or 23a and 23b in figure 37) to provide configuration data (derived from SDP received in signal 6 in figure 37 and local configuration data) to the IM-MGW as detailed below:

- The MGCF shall indicate the remote IP address and UDP port, i.e. the destination IP address and UDP port for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem,
- The MGCF shall indicate the remote codec(s), i.e. the speech codec(s) for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem.
- The MGCF may indicate the local codec(s) and the local IP address and UDP port. The MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) if a change is required.
- IF DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- The MGCF may indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply with the selected remote codec(s) and reserve resources for these codec(s). If local codec(s) were received, the IM-MGW shall also reply with the selected local codec(s) and reserve the corresponding resources.

If the selected local codec(s) differ from the codec(s) received in the SDP of signal 6 in figure 37 (if any), the MGCF shall send the local reserved codec(s), and the local IP address and UDP port in the PRACK (signal 9 in figure 37) to the IMS.

If the selected local codec(s) differ from the codec(s) received in the SDP of signal 23 in figure 37 (if any), the MGCF shall send the local reserved codec(s), and the local IP address and UDP port in an re-INVITE or UPDATE (not depicted in figure 37) to the IMS.

#### 9.2.3.1.4 CS network side bearer establishment

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to prepare for the CS network side bearer establishment using the Prepare Bearer procedure (signals 11 and 12 in figure 37). Within this procedure, the MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to provide a bearer address, a binding reference and optionally notify when the bearer is established. The MGCF shall also provide the IM-MGW with the bearer characteristics that was received from the preceding node in the IAM. After the IM-MGW has replied with the bearer address and the binding reference, the MGCF provides the APM message (signals 13 in figure 37) to the preceding node. The MGCF may also provide the IM-MGW-id in the APM message.

#### 9.2.3.1.5 Called party alerting

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to provide an awaiting answer indication (ringing tone) to the calling party using the Send Tone procedure (signals 20 and 21 in figure 37), when the following condition is satisfied:

- the MGCF receives the first 180 Ringing message, unless this message or some previous SIP provisional response contained a P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media.

#### 9.2.3.1.6 Called party answer

When the MGCF receives a 200 OK message (signal 23 in figure 34), it shall request the IM-MGW to stop providing the ringing tone to the calling party using the Stop Tone procedure (signals 26 and 27 in figure 37).

#### 9.2.3.1.7 Through-Connection

During the Prepare Bearer procedure, the MGCF shall either use the Change Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the BICC termination, or the MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the BICC termination already on this stage (signals 11 and 12 in figure 37). During the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signals 2 and 3 in figure 37).

When the MGCF receives the SIP 200 OK(INVITE) (signal 23 in figure 37), it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations using the Change IMS Through-Connection or Change Through-Connection procedures (signals 28 and 29 in figure 37), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

#### 9.2.3.1.8 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

#### 9.2.3.1.9 Failure handling in MGCF

If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully, the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session, as described in subclause 9.2.7.

NOTE: As an implementation option the MGCF may also decide for example to only release the resources in the IM-MGW that caused the failure, possibly select a new IM-MGW for the connection and continue the call establishment using new resources in the selected IM-MGW but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

#### 9.2.3.1.10 Message sequence chart

Figure 37 shows the message sequence chart for the CS network originating session with BICC forward bearer establishment. In the chart the MGCF requests the seizure of the IM CN subsystem side termination and CS network side bearer termination. When the MGCF receives an answer indication, it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations. Dashed lines represent optional or conditional messages.

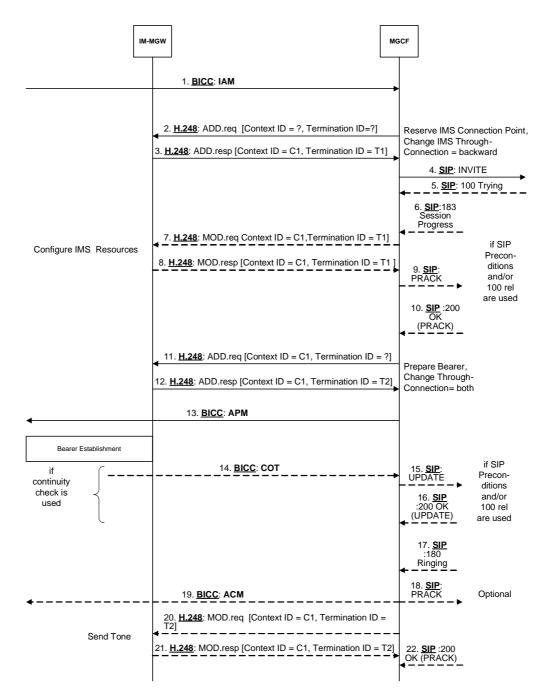


Figure 37/1: Basic CS Network Originating Session, Forward Bearer Establishment (message sequence chart)

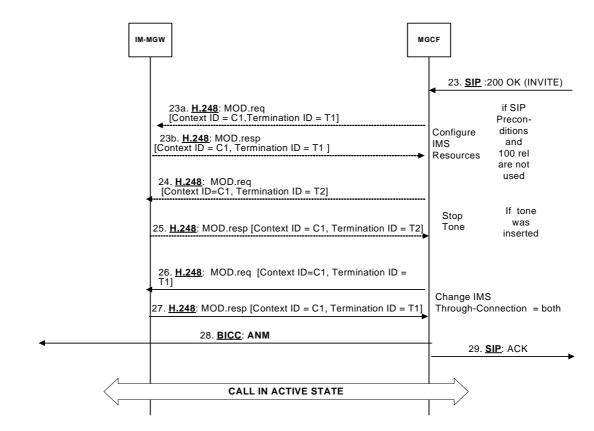


Figure 37/2: Basic CS Network Originating Session, Forward Bearer Establishment (message sequence chart continue)

#### 9.2.3.2 BICC Backward bearer establishment

#### 9.2.3.2.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF shall select an IM-MGW for the bearer connection before it performs the IM CN subsystem session establishment or the CS network side bearer establishment.

#### 9.2.3.2.2 CS network side bearer establishment

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to establish a bearer using the Establish Bearer procedure (signals 2 and 3 in figure 38). The MGCF provides the IM-MGW with the bearer address, the binding reference and the bearer characteristics that were received from the preceding node in the IAM (signal 1 in figure 38).

#### 9.2.3.2.3 IM CN subsystem side termination reservation

The MGCF shall derive from configuration data one or several appropriate local codec(s) the IM-MGW may use to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The MGCF shall use the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure (signals 2 and 3 in figure 38). Within this procedure, the MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port from the IM-MGW. The local IP address and UDP port are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. If DTMF support together with speech support is required, or if the resources for multiple speech codecs shall be reserved at this stage, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".

The MGCF may also indicate that the IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected local IP address and UDP port.

The MGCF shall send this information in the INVITE (signal 6 in figure 38) to the IM CN subsystem.

#### 9.2.3.2.4 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

The MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 9 and 10 or 22a and 22b in figure 38) to provide configuration data (derived from SDP received in signal 8 in figure 38 and local configuration data) to the IM-MGW as detailed below:

- The MGCF shall indicate the remote IP address and UDP port, i.e. the destination IP address and UDP port for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem
- The MGCF shall indicate the remote codec(s), i.e. the speech codec(s) for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem.
- The MGCF may indicate the local codec(s) and the local IP address and UDP port. The MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) if a change is required.
- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- The MGCF may indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply with the selected remote codec(s) and reserve resources for this codec. If local codec(s) were received, the IM-MGW shall also reply with the selected local codec(s) and reserve the corresponding resources.

If the selected local codec(s) differ from the codec(s) received in the SDP of signal 8 in figure 38 (if any), the MGCF shall send the reserved speech codec(s), and the local IP address and UDP port in the PRACK (signal 11 in figure 38) to the IMS.

If the selected local codec(s) differ from the codec(s) received in the SDP of signal 22 in figure 38 (if any), the MGCF shall send the local reserved codec(s), and the local IP address and UDP port in an re-INVITE or UPDATE (not depicted in figure 38) to the IMS.

#### 9.2.3.2.5 Called party alerting

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to provide an awaiting answer indication (ringing tone) to the calling party using the Send Tone procedure (signals 19 and 20 in figure 38), when the following conditions is satisfied:

- the MGCF receives the first 180 Ringing message, unless this message or some previous SIP provisional response contained a P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media.

#### 9.2.3.2.6 Called party answer

When the MGCF receives a 200 OK message (signal 22 in figure 38), it shall request the IM-MGW to stop providing the ringing tone to the calling party using the Stop Tone procedure (signals 23 and 24 in figure 38).

#### 9.2.3.2.7 Through-Connection

During the Establish Bearer procedure, the MGCF shall either use the Change Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the BICC termination, or the MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the BICC termination already on this stage (signals 2 and 3 in figure 38). During the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signals 4 and 5 in figure 38).

When the MGCF receives the SIP 200 OK(INVITE) (signal 22 in figure 38), it shall request the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the bearer using the Change IMS Through-Connection or Change Through-Connection procedure (signals 25 and 26 in figure 38), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

#### 9.2.3.2.8 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

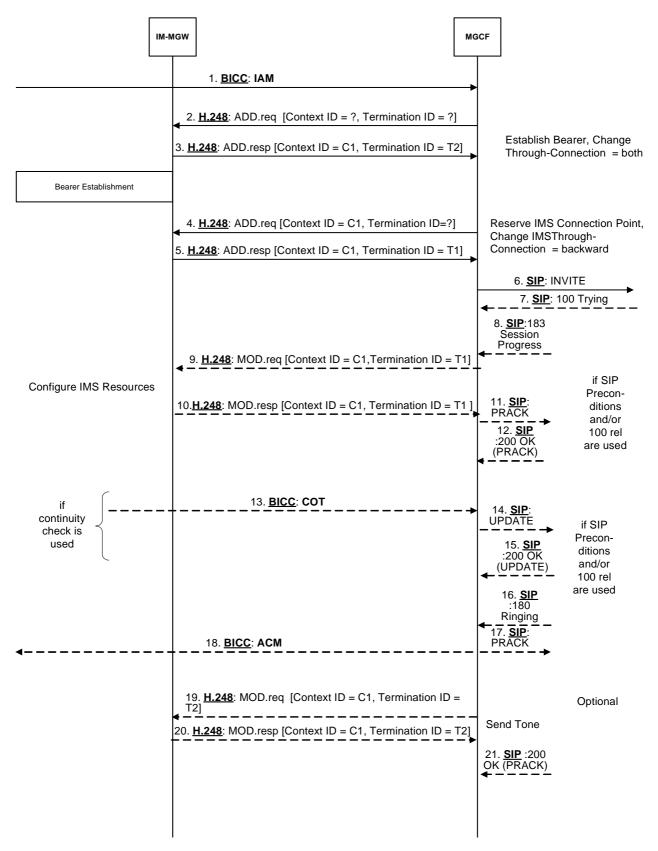
#### 9.2.3.2.9 Failure handling in MGCF

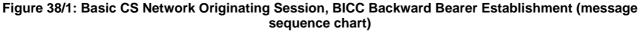
If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully, the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.7.

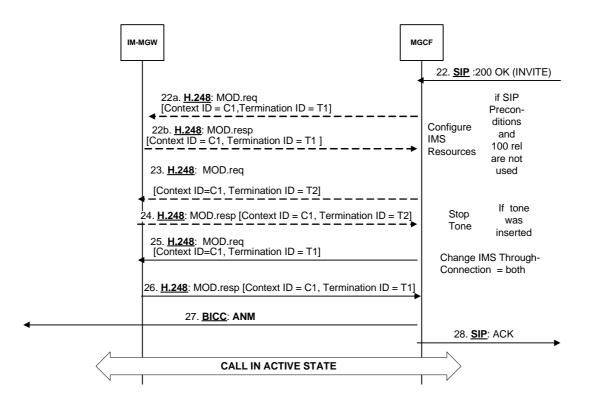
NOTE: As an implementation option the MGCF may also decide for example to only release the resources in the IM-MGW that caused the failure, possibly select a new IM-MGW for the connection and continue the call establishment using new resources in the selected IM-MGW but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

#### 9.2.3.2.10 Message sequence chart

Figure 38 shows the message sequence chart for the CS network originating session with BICC backward bearer establishment. In the chart the MGCF requests seizure of the IM CN subsystem side termination and CS network side bearer termination. When the MGCF receives an answer indication, it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations. Dashed lines represent optional or conditional messages.







# Figure 38/2: Basic CS Network Originating Session, BICC Backward Bearer Establishment (message sequence chart continue)

#### 9.2.3.3 ISUP

#### 9.2.3.3.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF selects the IM-MGW based on the received circuit identity in the IAM.

#### 9.2.3.3.2 CS network side circuit reservation

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to reserve a circuit using the Reserve TDM Circuit procedure.

#### 9.2.3.3.3 IM CN subsystem side termination reservation

The MGCF shall derive from configuration data one or several appropriate local codec(s) the IM-MGW may use to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The MGCF shall use the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure (signals 2 and 3 in figure 39). Within this procedure, the MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port from the IM-MGW. The local IP address and UDP port are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. If DTMF support together with speech support is required, or if the resources for multiple speech codecs shall be reserved at this stage, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".

The MGCF may also indicate that the IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected local IP address and UDP port.

The MGCF shall send this information in the INVITE (signal 6 in figure 39) to the IM CN subsystem.

#### 9.2.3.3.4 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

The MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 9 and 10 or 22a and 22b in figure 39) to provide configuration data (derived from SDP received in signal 8 in figure 39 and local configuration data) as detailed below:

- The MGCF shall indicate the remote IP address and UDP port, i.e. the destination IP address and UDP port for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem.
- The MGCF shall indicate the remote codec(s), i.e. the speech codec(s) for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem.
- The MGCF may indicate the local codec(s) and the local IP address and UDP port. The MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) if a change is required.
- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".
- The MGCF may indicate that IP interface type is for MboIP.

The IM-MGW shall reply with the selected remote codec(s) and reserve resources for these codec(s). If local codec(s) were received, the IM-MGW shall also reply with the selected local codec(s) and reserve the corresponding resources.

If the selected local codec(s) differ from the codec(s) received in the SDP of signal 8 in figure 39 (if any), the MGCF shall send the reserved speech codec(s), and the local IP address and UDP port in the PRACK (signal 11 in figure 39) to the IMS.

If the selected local codec(s) differ from the codec(s) received in the SDP of signal 22 in figure 39 (if any), the MGCF shall send the local reserved codec(s), and the local IP address and UDP port in an re-INVITE or UPDATE (not depicted in figure 39) to the IMS.

#### 9.2.3.3.5 Called party alerting

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to provide an awaiting answer indication (ringing tone) to the calling party using the Send TDM Tone procedure (signals 19 and 20in figure 39), when the following condition is satisfied:

- the MGCF receives the first 180 Ringing message, unless this message or some previous SIP provisional response contained a P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media.

#### 9.2.3.3.6 Called party answer

When the MGCF receives a 200 OK message (signal 22 in figure 39), it shall request the IM-MGW to stop providing the ringing tone to the calling party using the Stop TDM Tone procedure (signals 23 and 24 in figure 39).

#### 9.2.3.3.7 Through-Connection

Within the Reserve TDM Circuit procedure, the MGCF shall either use the Change TDM Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the TDM termination, or the MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the TDM termination already on this stage (signals 2 and 3 in figure 39). During the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signals 4 and 5 in figure 39).

When the MGCF receives the SIP 200 OK(INVITE) message, it shall request the IM-MGW to both-way throughconnect the terminations using the Change IMS Through-Connection or Change TDM Through-Connection procedure (signals 25 and 26 in figure 39), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

#### 9.2.3.3.8 Continuity Check

If a continuity check on the connection towards the CS network is requested in the IAM message, the MGCF shall use the Continuity Check Response procedure towards the IM-MGW to request loop-back of a received continuity check tone on the TDM circuit. Upon reception of the COT message, the MGCF shall use the Continuity Check Response procedure towards the IM-MGW to request the removal of the loop-back. (Not depicted in figure 39)

#### 9.2.3.3.9 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

#### 9.2.3.3.10 Voice Processing function

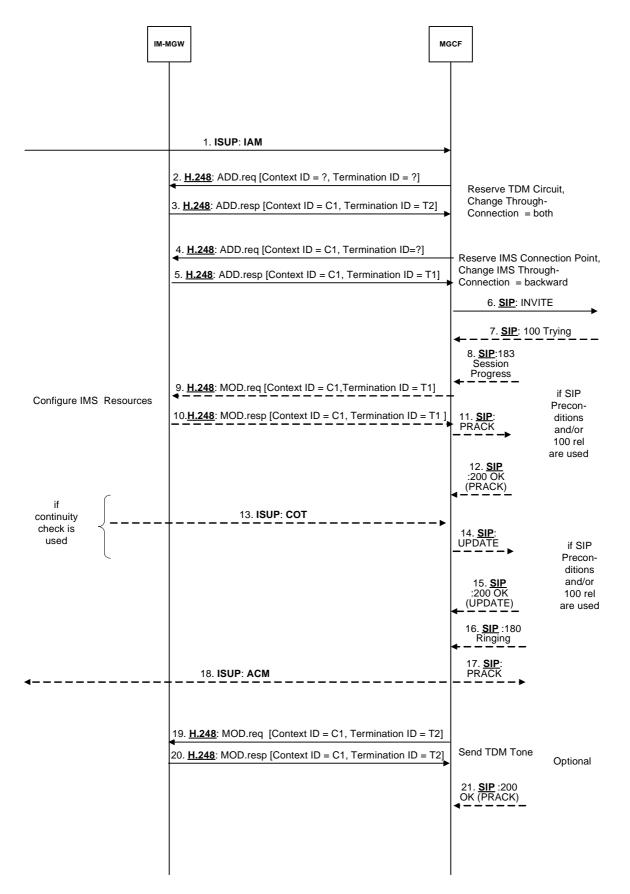
A voice processing function located on the IM-MGW may be used to achieve desired acoustic quality on the terminations. If the voice processing function is used, the MGCF shall request the activation of it in the termination towards the CS network using the Activate TDM Voice Processing Function procedure (signal 23 in figure 39).

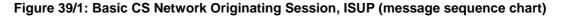
#### 9.2.3.3.11 Failure handling in MGCF

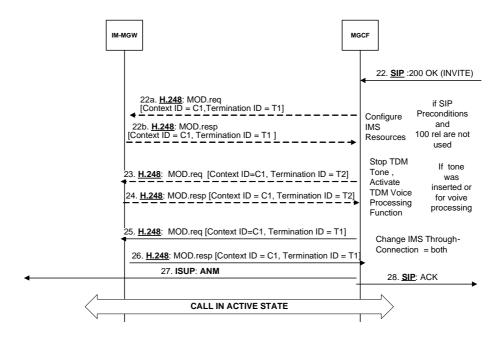
If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully, the session shall be released as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.7.

#### 9.2.3.3.12 Message sequence chart

Figure 39 shows the message sequence chart for the CS network originating Session with ISUP. In the chart the MGCF requests seizure of the IM CN subsystem side termination and CS network side bearer termination. When the MGCF receives an answer indication, it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations. The MGCF may request the possible activation of the voice processing functions for the terminations. Dashed lines represent optional or conditional messages.







#### Figure 39/2: Basic CS Network Originating Session, ISUP (message sequence chart continue)

#### 9.2.3.4 Handling of Forking

The procedures described in subclauses 9.2.3.1 to 9.2.3.3 shall be applied with the following additions.

#### 9.2.3.4.1 Detection of Forking

According to SIP procedures, the O-MGCF inspects the tags in the "to" SIP header fields of provisional and final responses to identify the SIP dialogue the response belongs to. If responses belonging to different dialogues are received (signals 8 and 13 in figure 39a), the INVITE request (signal 6 in figure 39a) has been forked.

#### 9.2.3.4.2 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

If SDP is received in a provisional response and more than one SIP dialogue exists (signal 13 in figure 39a), the MGCF may either refrain from reconfiguring the IM-MGW, or it may use the Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 14 and 15 in figure 39a) as detailed below:

- If the MGCF receives a SIP provisional response containing a P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media, the MGCF shall provide the remote IP address and UDP port, and the remote codec selected from the received SDP and local configuration data, corresponding to the SIP dialogue of the SIP provisional response containing a P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media. The IM-MGW may be configured to use the remote IP address and port information as source filter for incoming packages to prevent that early media from other early SIP dialogues interfere. The MGCF may also provide an IP address and port source filter that disallows early media from other early dialogues without an early media authorization in order to prevent that such unauthorized early media interfere with the authorized early media. (NOTE 1, NOTE 2)
- If the MGCF did not receive any SIP provisional response containing a P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media, the MGCF may compare the selected local codecs of the different dialogues (which the MGCF selects due to the received SDP answer and local configuration data). If different local codecs are selected for the different dialogues, the MGCF may include all these codecs in the "local IMS resources", and set the "reserve value" to indicate that resources for all these codecs shall be reserved. Alternatively, the MGCF may only include the codecs received in the last SDP in the "local IMS resources".
- If the MGCF did not receive any SIP provisional response containing a P-Early-Media header field that authorizes early media, the MGCF may update the "remote IMS resources" with the information received in the latest SDP. The MGCF should provide the remote IP address and UDP port, and the remote codec selected from the received SDP and local configuration data. (NOTE 3)

- NOTE 1: The O-MGCF can use the P-Early-Media header field (IETF RFC 5009 [89]) to determine whether the media associated with a forked dialog is authorized and thus eligible for a through connection. In the presence of early media for multiple dialogs due to forking, if the IM-MGW is able to identify the media associated with a dialog (i.e., if symmetric RTP is used by the peer and the IM-MGW can use the remote SDP information to determine the source of the media), then the O-MGCF/IM-MGW can selectively establish a through-connection for an authorized early media flow.
- NOTE 2: The behaviour of an O-MGCF upon the possible reception of SIP provisional responses containing P-Early-Media header fields that authorize early media for several early dialogues is left unspecified.
- NOTE 3: The behaviour in the third bullet is beneficial if forking is applied in a sequential manner.

#### 9.2.3.4.3 IM CN subsystem side session establishment completion

Upon reception of the first final 2xx response (signal 32 in figure 39a), the MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 35 and 36 in figure 39a) as detailed below unless the IM-MGW is already configured accordingly:

- If the remote IMS resources configured at the IM-MGW do not match the remote resources selected for the established dialogue of the final response, the MGCF shall provide the remote IP address and UDP port from the latest received SDP of this established dialogue, and the remote codec selected from the latest received SDP of this established dialogue and local configuration data within the "remote IMS resources".
- If the local IMS resources configured at the IM-MGW contain more codecs than selected for the established dialogue of the final response, the MGCF should update the "local IMS resources" with the selected local codec derived from the latest SDP of this established dialogue and local configuration data. The "reserve value" may be cleared unless it is required for DTMF.
- The IM-MGW may be configured to use the remote IP address and port information as source filter for incoming packages to prevent that early media from other early SIP dialogues interfere with the media of the established dialogue. The MGCF may also provide an IP address and port source filter that disallows early media from other early dialogues in order to prevent that such early media interfere with the media of the established dialogue. If the MGCF has provide a source filter selecting media of another SIP early dialogue, it shall remove or update this source filter.

#### 9.2.3.4.4 Message sequence chart

Figure 39a shows an example message sequence chart for a CS network originating Session Setup with ISUP, where forking occurs.

| IM-N  | /GW   | CF   |
|---|---|--|
|   | 1. ISUP: IAM  |  |
| Reserve TDM Circuit,<br>Change Through-<br>Connection = both                  | 2. <u>H.248</u> : ADD.req [Context ID = ?, Termination ID = ?]<br>3. <u>H.248</u> : ADD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T2] |  |
| Reserve IMS Connection Point,<br>Change IMS Through-<br>Connection = backward | 4. H.248: ADD.req [Context ID = C1, Termination ID=?]   |  |
|   |   | 6. <u>SIP</u> : INVITE<br>7. <u>SIP</u> : 100 Trying                       |
|   | 9. <u>H.248</u> : MOD.req [Context ID = C1,Termination ID = T1]   | 8. <u>SIP</u> :183 Session<br>Progress<br>(to:xxx, tagA)<br>◀              |
| Configure IMS Resources   | 10.H.248: MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T1]   | 11. <u>SIP</u> : PRACK<br>(to:xxx, tagA)<br>12. <u>SIP</u> :200 OK (PRACK) |
|   |   | (to:xxx, tagA)<br>◀<br>13. <u>SIP</u> :183 Session<br>Progress             |
| Configure IMS Resources   | 14. <u>H.248</u> : MOD.req [Context ID = C1,Termination ID = T1]  | (to:xxx, tagB)<br>▲  |
|   |   | 17. <u>SIP</u> :200 OK (PRACK)<br>(to:xxx, tagB)                           |
|   | 18. ISUP: COT   | 19. <u>SIP</u> : UPDATE<br>(to:xxx, tagA)                                  |
|   |   | 20. <u>SIP</u> : UPDATE<br>(to:xxx, tagB)                                  |
|   |   | 21. <u>SIP</u> :200 OK (UPDATE)<br>(to: xxx,, tagA)<br>◀                   |
|   |   | 22. <u>SIP</u> :200 OK (UPDATE)<br>(to: xxx,, tagB)<br>◀                   |
|   | 1   |  |

# Figure 39a/1: CS Network Originating Session with forking, ISUP (message sequence chart)

|   | IM-M | GW             |   | MG    | CF              |  |
|---|------|----------------|---|-------|-----------------|--|
|   |      |                |   |       | ◀               | <ul> <li>23. <u>SIP</u> :180 Ringing<br/>(to:xxx, tagB)</li> <li>24. <u>SIP</u>: PRACK<br/>(to:xxx, tagB)</li> </ul> |
|   |      |                |   | -     | 25.<br><b>4</b> | SIP :200 OK (PRACK)<br>(to:xxx, tagB)  |
| •   |      |                | 26. ISUP: ACM   |       |                 |  |
|   |      | -              | <b>1.248</b> : MOD.req [Context ID = C1, Termination ID =<br>1.248: MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID | İ     | -<br>Se         | nd TDM Tone  |
|   |      |                |   | Į.    | ◀               | 29. <u>SIP</u> :180 Ringing<br>(to:xxx, tagA)  |
|   |      |                |   |       |                 | 30. <u>SIP</u> : PRACK<br>(to:xxx, tagA)   |
|   |      |                |   |       | 31.<br><b>⊲</b> | SIP :200 OK (PRACK)<br>(to:xxx, tagA)  |
|   |      |                |   |       | 32              | . <u>SIP</u> :200 OK (INVITE)<br>(to:xxx, tagA)  |
| Stop TDM Tone ,                           |      | 33. <u>H</u> . | .248: MOD.req [Context ID=C1, Termination ID =  | T2]   |                 |  |
| Activate TDM Voice<br>Processing Function |      | 34. <u>H</u>   | I.248: MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID  | = T2] | •               |  |
| Configure IMS                             |      | 35 <b>H</b>    | <b>I.248</b> : MOD.req [Context ID=C1, Termination ID =   | T11   |                 |  |
| Resources,<br>Change IMS Through          | h-   | •              | <b>.248</b> : MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID   |       | -               |  |
| Connection = both                         |      | <u> </u>       |   | ]     | •               |  |
| •   |      |                | 37. ISUP: ANM   |       | -               |  |
|   |      |                |   |       |                 | 38. <u>SIP</u> : ACK   |
| Л   |      |                |   |       |                 | <b>_</b> _   |
|   |      |                | CALL IN ACTIVE STATE  | '     |                 | $\geq$   |

Figure 39a/2: CS Network Originating Session with forking, ISUP (message sequence chart continue)

# 9.2.4 Session release initiated from IM CN subsystem side

## 9.2.4.1 BICC

#### 9.2.4.1.1 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

When the MGCF has received a BYE message from the IM CN subsystem side, the MGCF shall release resources in the IM-MGW serving the relevant Mb interface connection by using the "Release IMS Termination" procedure (signals 5 and 6 in figure 40). After receiving the BYE message, the MGCF shall also send a 200 OK [BYE] message towards the IM CN subsystem (signal 2 in figure 40).

#### 9.2.4.1.2 Session release in the CS network side

When the MGCF has received a BYE message from the IM CN subsystem side, the MGCF shall send a REL message to the succeeding node (signal 3 in figure 40). Once the succeeding node has responded with the RLC message (signal 6 in figure 40), the MGCF shall release the resources for the CS network side in the IM-MGW. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release Bearer", "Change Through-Connection" and "Release Termination" procedures (signals 7 to 10 in figure 40) to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side bearer termination shall be removed and the bearer shall be released towards the succeeding MGW.

#### 9.2.4.1.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 40 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated from the IM CN subsystem side.

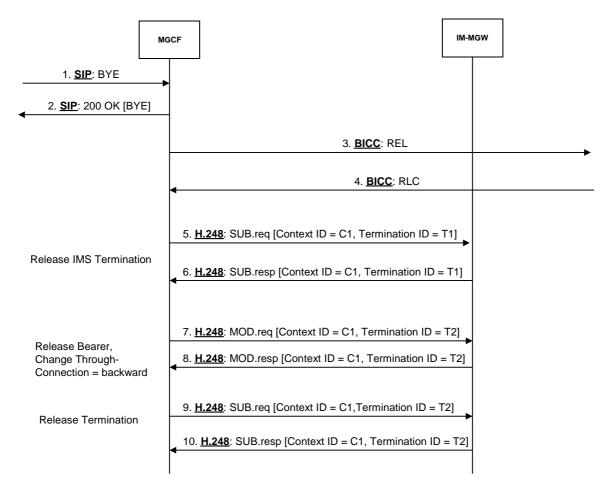


Figure 40: Session release from IM CN subsystem side for BICC (message sequence chart)

#### 9.2.4.2 ISUP

#### 9.2.4.2.1 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

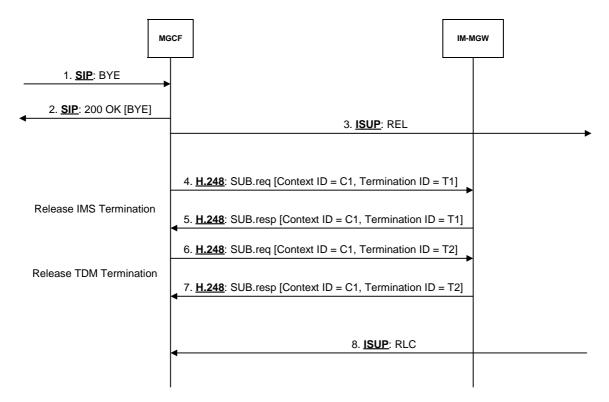
When the MGCF has received a BYE message from the IM CN subsystem side, the MGCF shall release resources in the IM-MGW serving the relevant Mb interface connection by using the "Release IMS Termination" procedure (signals 4 and 5 in figure 41). After receiving the BYE message, the MGCF shall also send a 200 OK [BYE] message towards the IM CN subsystem (signal 2 in figure 41).

#### 9.2.4.2.2 Session release in the CS network side

When the MGCF has received a BYE message from the IM CN subsystem side, the MGCF shall send a REL message to the succeeding node (signal 3 in figure 41). After sending the REL message, the MGCF shall expect a RLC message (signal 8 in figure 41) from the succeeding node. The MGCF shall also release the resources for the CS network side in the IM-MGW. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release TDM Termination" procedure (signals 6 to 7 in figure 41) to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side bearer termination can be released.

#### 9.2.4.2.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 41 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated from the IM CN subsystem side.





## 9.2.5 Session release initiated from CS network side

9.2.5.1 BICC

#### 9.2.5.1.1 Session release in the CS network side

When the MGCF receives a REL message from the preceding node (signal 1 in figure 42), the MGCF shall release resources for the CS network side in the IM-MGW. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release Bearer", "Change Through-Connection" and "Release Termination" procedures to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side bearer termination shall be removed and the bearer shall be released towards the

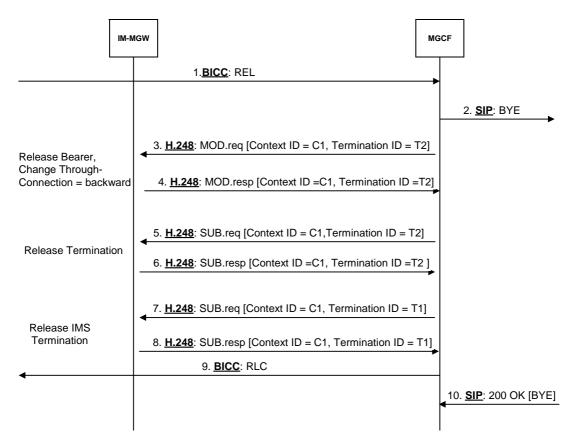
preceding MGW (signal 3 to 6 in figure 42). After completion of resource release, the MGCF shall send a RLC message towards the preceding node.

#### 9.2.5.1.2 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

When the MGCF receives a REL message from the preceding node (signal 1 in figure 42), the MGCF shall send a BYE message to the IM CN subsystem (signal 2 in figure 42) and the MGCF shall release the resources in the IM-MGW serving the relevant Mb interface connection by using the "Release IMS Termination" procedure (signals 7 and 8 in figure 42). The MGCF shall also expect to receive a 200 OK [BYE] message from the IM CN subsystem side (signal 10 in figure 42).

#### 9.2.5.1.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 42 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated from the CS network side.



#### Figure 42: Session release from CS network side for BICC (message sequence chart)

#### 9.2.5.2 ISUP

#### 9.2.5.2.1 Session release in the CS network side

When the MGCF receives a REL message from the preceding node (signal 1 in figure 43), the MGCF shall release resources for the CS network side in the IM-MGW. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release TDM Termination procedures" to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side bearer termination can be released (signal 3 to 4 in figure 43). After completion of resource release, the MGCF shall send a RLC message towards the preceding node.

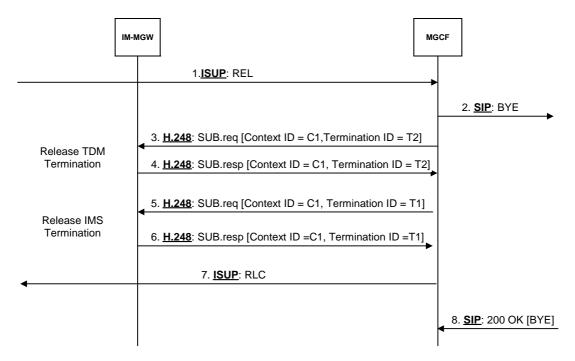
#### 9.2.5.2.2 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

When the MGCF receives a REL message from the preceding node (signal 1 in figure 43), the MGCF shall send a BYE message to the IM CN subsystem (signal 2 in figure 43) and the MGCF shall release the resources in the IM-MGW serving the relevant Mb interface connection by using the "Release IMS Termination" procedure (signal 5 to 6 in figure

43). The MGCF shall also expect to receive a 200 OK [BYE] message from the IM CN subsystem side (signal 8 in figure 43).

#### 9.2.5.2.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 43 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated from the CS network side.



#### Figure 43: Session release from CS network side for ISUP (message sequence chart)

# 9.2.6 Session release initiated by MGCF

#### 9.2.6.1 BICC

#### 9.2.6.1.1 Session release in the CS network side

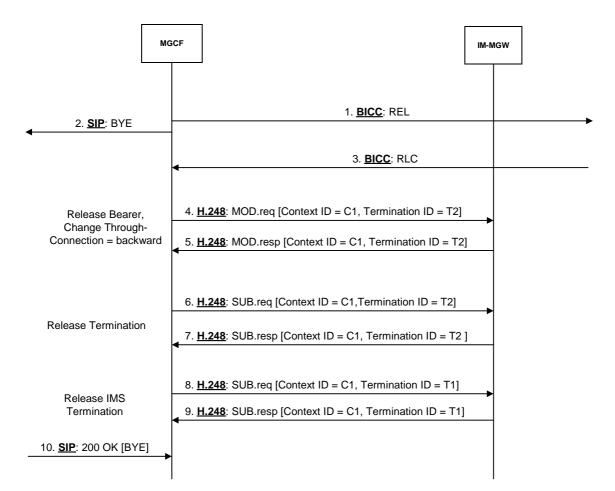
The MGCF shall send a REL message to the succeeding node on the CS network side (signal 1 in figure 44) Once the succeeding node has responded with the RLC message (signal 3 in figure 44), the MGCF shall release the resources for the CS network side in the IM-MGW. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release Bearer", "Change Through-Connection" and "Release Termination" procedures to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side bearer termination shall be removed and the bearer shall be released towards the succeeding MGW (signal 4 to 7 in figure 44).

#### 9.2.6.1.2 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

The MGCF shall sends a BYE message to the IM CN subsystem side (signal 2 in figure 44) and the MGCF shall release the resources in the IM-MGW serving the relevant Mb interface connection by using the "Release IMS Termination" procedure (signals 8 and 9 in figure 44). The MGCF shall also expect to receive a 200 OK [BYE] message is received from the IM CN subsystem side (signal 10 in figure 44).

#### 9.2.6.1.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 44 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated by the MGCF.



#### Figure 44: Session release initiated by MGCF for BICC (message sequence chart)

#### 9.2.6.2 ISUP

#### 9.2.6.2.1 Session release in the CS network side

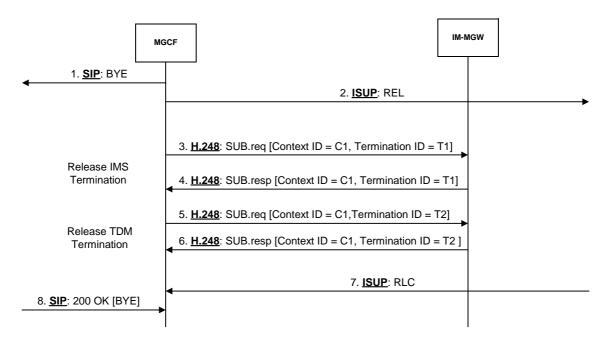
The MGCF shall send a REL message to the succeeding node on the CS network side (signal 2 in figure 45) and the MGCF shall release the resources for the CS network side in the IM-MGW. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release TDM Termination" procedure to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side termination shall be released (signal 5 to 6 in figure 45). The MGCF shall also expect to receive a RLC message from the succeeding node on the CS network side (signal 7 in figure 45).

#### 9.2.6.2.2 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

The MGCF shall send a BYE message to the IM CN subsystem side (signal 1 in figure 45) and the MGCF shall release the resources in the IM-MGW serving the relevant Mb interface connection by using the "Release IMS Termination" procedure (signal 5 to 6 in figure 45). The MGCF shall also expect to receive a 200 OK [BYE] message from the IM CN subsystem side (signal 8 in figure 45).

#### 9.2.6.2.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 45 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated by the MGCF.



#### Figure 45: Session release initiated by MGCF for ISUP (message sequence chart)

# 9.2.7 Session release initiated by IM-MGW

#### 9.2.7.1 BICC

#### 9.2.7.1.1 Session release in the CS network side

Upon receiving from the IM-MGW a "Bearer Released" procedure (signal 1a and 2a in figure 46) or "IMS Bearer Released" procedure (signal 1b and 2b in figure 46) or a "MGW Out-of-Service" procedure indicating an immediate release (H248 ServiceChangeMethod="Forced") (not depicted in figure 46), the MGCF shall send a REL message to the succeeding node on the CS network side (signal 3 in figure 46). Once the succeeding node has responded with the RLC message (signal 5 in figure 46), the MGCF shall release the resources for the CS network side in the IM-MGW, unless the "MGW Out-of-Service" procedure was received. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release Termination" procedure to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side bearer termination shall be removed (signals 6 and 7 in figure 46).

NOTE: Other actions related to MGW Out-Of-Service procedure is defined in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

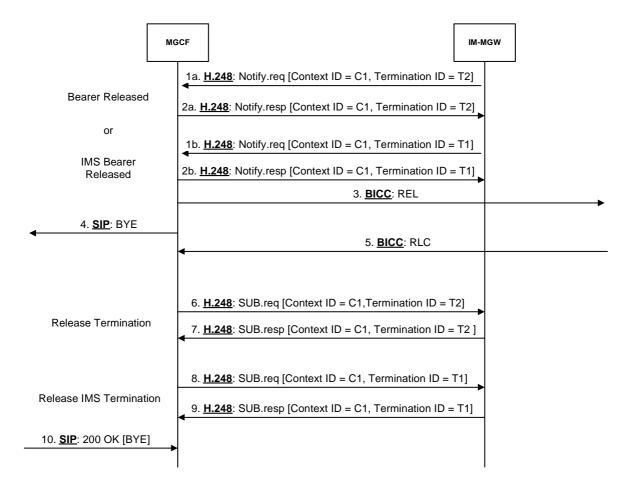
#### 9.2.7.1.2 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

Upon receiving from the IM-MGW a "Bearer Released" procedure (signals 1a and 2a in figure 46) or "IMS Bearer Released" procedure (signal 1b and 2b in figure 46) or a "MGW Out-of-Service" procedure indicating an immediate release (H248 ServiceChangeMethod="Forced") (not depicted in figure 46), the MGCF shall send a BYE/CANCEL message to the IM CN subsystem side (signal 4 in figure 46) Upon receiving from the IM-MGW a "Bearer Released" procedure or "IMS Bearer Released" procedure, the MGCF shall also release the resources in the IM-MGW serving the relevant Mb interface connection by using the "Release IMS Termination" procedure (signals 8 and 9 in figure 46). The MGCF shall also expect to receive a 200 OK [BYE] message from the IM CN subsystem side (signal 10 in figure 46).

NOTE: Other actions related to MGW-Out-Of-Service procedure is defined in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27]

#### 9.2.7.1.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 46 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated by the IM-MGW.



#### Figure 46: Session release initiated by the IM-MGW for BICC (message sequence chart)

#### 9.2.7.2 ISUP

#### 9.2.7.2.1 Session release in the CS network side

Upon receiving from the IM-MGW a "Termination Out-of-Service" procedure indicating an immediate release (signals 1a and 2a in figure 47), a "Bearer Released" procedure (signal 1b and 2b in figure 47), a "IMS Bearer Released" procedure (signal 1c and 2c in figure 47) or a "MGW Out-of-Service procedure" (not depicted in figure 47) indicating an immediate release (H248 ServiceChangeMethod="Forced") the MGCF shall send a REL message to the succeeding node (signal 3 in figure 47). Upon receiving from the IM-MGW a "Termination Out-of-Service" message procedure indicating an immediate release or a "Bearer Released" procedure, the MGCF shall also release the resources for the corresponding CS network side termination(s) in the IM-MGW. If any resources were seized in the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall use the "Release TDM Termination" procedure to indicate to the IM-MGW that the CS network side bearer termination can be removed (signals 7 and 8 in figure 47). The MGCF also expects to receive a RLC message on the CS network side (signal 9 in figure 47) before the circuit is reselectable.

NOTE: Other actions related to "MGW-Out-Of-Service" procedure are defined in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.2.7.2.2 Session release in the IM CN subsystem side

Upon receiving from the IM-MGW a "Termination Out-of-Service" procedure indicating an immediate release (signal 1a and 2a in figure 47) on the CS termination in the context, a "Bearer Released" procedure (signal 1b and 2b in figure 47), an "IMS Bearer Released" procedure (signal 1c and 2c in figure 47) or a "MGW Out-of-Service procedure" (not depicted in figure 47) indicating an immediate release, (H248 ServiceChangeMethod="Forced") the MGCF shall send a BYE/CANCEL message to the IM CN subsystem side (signal 4 in figure 47). Upon receiving from the IM-MGW a "Termination Out-of-Service" procedure indicating an immediate release on the CS termination in the context, a "Bearer Released" procedure or an "IMS Bearer Released" procedure, the MGCF shall also release the resources in the IM-MGW for the corresponding terminations towards the IM CN subsystem using the "Release IMS Termination"

procedure (signals 5 and 6 in figure 47). The MGCF also expects to receive a 200 OK [BYE] message from the IM CN subsystem side (signal 10 in figure 47).

NOTE: Other actions related to "MGW-Out-Of-Service" procedure are defined in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.2.7.2.3 Message sequence chart

Figure 47 shows the message sequence chart for the session release initiated by the IM-MGW.

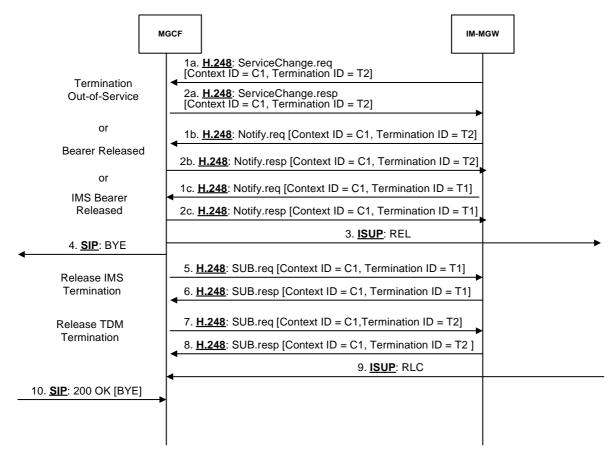


Figure 47: Session release initiated by the IM-MGW for ISUP (message sequence chart)

# 9.2.8 Handling of RTP telephone events

DTMF digits, telephony tones and signals (telephone events) can be transferred using different mechanisms. For the IM CN Subsystem, 3GPP TS 24.229 [9] defines the usage of the RTP payload format defined for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals in RFC 4733 [105]. When BICC signalling is used in the CS network, telephony signals may be sent either inband or out-of-band as defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.1902.4 [30] and in ITU-T Recommendation Q.765.5 [35]. If ISUP signalling is used the DTMF tones are sent inband. The following paragraphs describe the Mn interface procedures to transfer DTMF between RTP format defined in RFC 4733 [105] and the CS CN.

Before the actual usage of the telephony signals can occur the sending/receiving of telephone events need to be agreed with the SDP offer-answer mechanism defined in RFC 3264 [36]. The outcome of the negotiation can be e.g. that no telephone events are sent in RTP payload, telephone events are sent only in one direction or in both directions. If the outcome of the negotiation is that RTP payload telephone-events are sent in both directions, the IM-MGW may nevertheless be configured to interwork only mobile originated telephone-events.

When the offer-answer mechanism based session parameters negotiation results in an agreement that telephone events are sent in the RTP payload and the needed preconditions are fulfilled, telephone events can be sent in RTP payload. This negotiation can be done at call control signalling phase or during an ongoing call.

If the MGCF and IM-MGW support the reception and/or transmission of the RTP MIME type "telephone event" (as defined in RFC 4733 [105]) with the IMS, the following applies:

- For CS Network Originating Sessions, the MGCF shall include the MIME type "telephone events" with default events in the first SDP offer. After the usage of telephone events is agreed in the subsequent offer-answer parameter exchanges and the needed preconditions defined in RFC 3312 [37] are fulfilled, telephone events can be sent as RTP payload.
- In case of IM CN Subsystem Originating Sessions, the MGCF shall accept the MIME type "telephone events" with default events in any SDP answer when it received such an offer.

#### 9.2.8.1 Sending DTMF digits out-of-band to CS CN (BICC)

For the IM CN subsystem terminated session, the MGCF shall use the "Configure IMS Resources" procedure as described in subclause 9.2.3. For the IM CN subsystem originating session, the MGCF shall use the "Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources" procedure as described in subclause 9.2.2. If DTMF is supported, the MGCF shall include "telephone event" along with the selected speech codecs within the "local IMS resources" Parameter of these procedures. The same termination shall be used to receive and transmit DTMF and speech of the same call.

Furthermore, the MGCF shall use the "Detect IMS RTP Tel Signal" procedure to request the MGW to detect incoming telephone events from the IMS and notify the MGCF about the detected events. The MGW shall use the "Notify IMS RTP Tel Event" procedure for this notification. The termination used to receive DTMF shall be placed in the same context used for the speech of the same call. The MGCF shall request to be notified when the MGW detects the end of a digit and may also request to be notified when the MGW detects the start of a digit. An IM-MGW not supporting the notification about the detection of the start of a digit may ignore the request to provide this notification. If the IM-MGW received a "Detect IMS RTP Tel Event" procedure for a termination, the IM-MGW shall not forward inband to the CS network any DTMF received at this termination.

Figure 48 shows an example message sequence chart when a DTMF digit is received from the IM CN subsystem in the RTP payload and the MGCF has requested to be notified only about the detection of the end of a digit. Figure 48a shows an example message sequence chart when a DTMF digit is received from the IM CN subsystem in the RTP payload and the MGCF has requested to be notified about the detection of the start and the end of a digit.

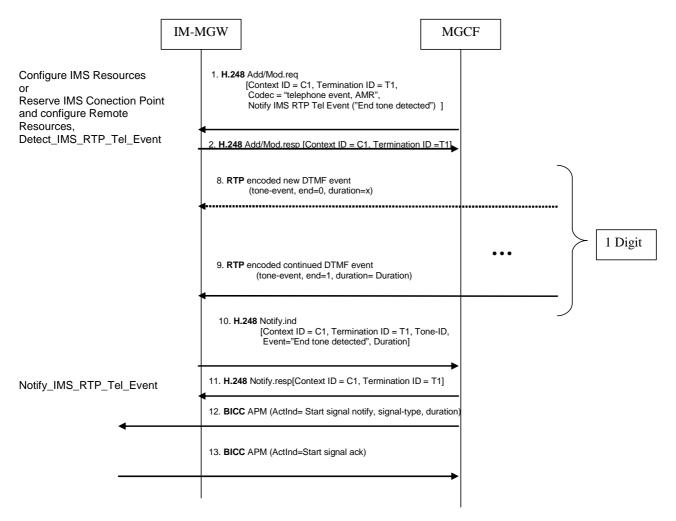
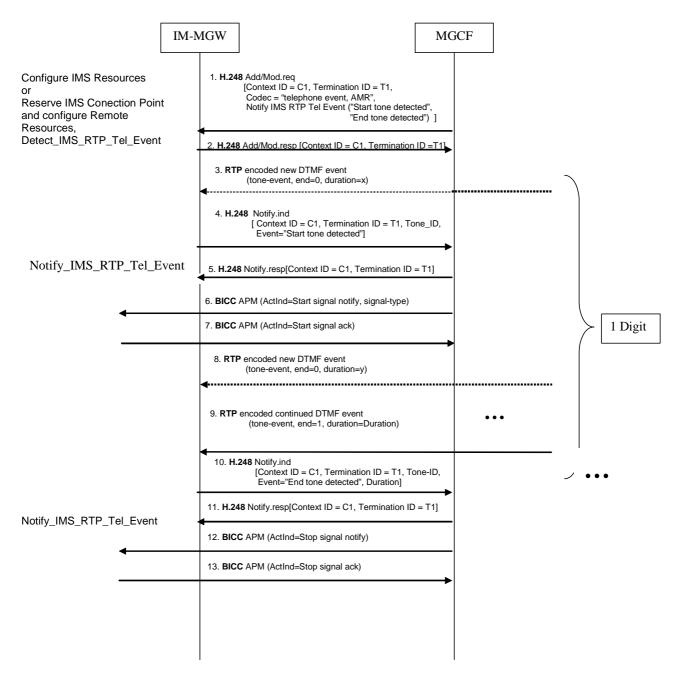


Figure 48: Activation of notification of DTMF digits received in RTP and examples of sending the digits out-of-band to CS CN, a whole digit received by IM-MGW before sending further (message sequence chart)



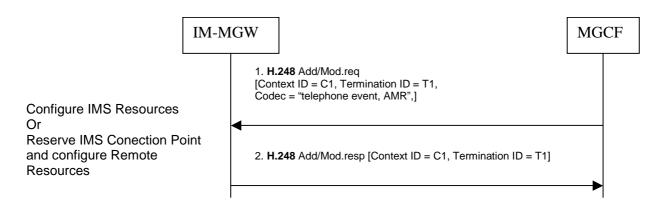
# Figure 48a: Activation of notification of DTMF digits received in RTP and examples of sending the digits out-of-band to CS CN, IM-MGW starts sending the digit further when the start of the digit is recognized (message sequence chart)

#### 9.2.8.2 Sending and receiving DTMF digits inband to/from CS CN (ISUP or BICC)

For the IM CN subsystem terminated session, the MGCF shall use the "Configure IMS Resources" procedure as described in subclause 9.2.3. For the IM CN subsystem originating session, the MGCF shall use the "Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources" procedure as described in subclause 9.2.2. If DTMF is supported and the MGCF wants to configure the IM\_MGW to send and receive DTMF to/from the CS network side, the MGCF shall include "telephone event" along with the selected speech codecs within the "local IMS resources" parameter of these procedures to request the MGW to detect incoming telephone events and transform them into speech signals on the CS side and shall not apply the "Detect IMS RTP Tel Event" procedure. When receiving this configuration, an MGW supporting DTMF shall detect DTMF encoded according as RTP Tel Event and transform this into DTMF tones encoded within the speech codec used at the CS CN network and may in addition optionally detect incoming telephone

events received inband from the CS CN network and transform them into telephone events on the IMS side. The same termination shall be used to receive and transmit DTMF and speech of the same call.

Figure 49 shows the message sequence chart to configure the IM-MGW to receive DTMF detection on the IMS side and transfer the DTMF inband on the CS side. When receiving this configuration, the IM-MGW may in addition optionally detect DTMF inband on the CS side and transmit DTMF on the IMS side.



# Figure 49: Activation of processing of DTMF digits received in RTP for sending the digits inband to CS CN (message sequence chart)

### 9.2.8.3 Receiving DTMF digits out-of-band from CS CN (BICC)

For the IM CN subsystem terminated session, the MGCF shall use the "Configure IMS Resources" procedure as described in subclause 9.2.3. For the IM CN subsystem originating session, the MGCF shall use the "Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources" procedure as described in subclause 9.2.2. If DTMF is supported, the MGCF shall include "telephone event" along with the selected speech codecs within the "local IMS resources" Parameter of these procedures. The same termination shall be used to receive and transmit DTMF and speech of the same call.

Furthermore, the MGCF shall use the "Send IMS RTP Tel Event" and may use the "Stop IMS RTP Tel Event" procedures to request the MGW to play out DTMF to the IM CN subsystem whenever it receives out-of-band DTMF indications from the BICC network.

Figure 49a shows an example message sequence chart when DTMF digits are transmitted to the IM CN subsystem in the RTP payload. For the first digit, the received APM message contains all information including the duration and only a single notification is received. For the second digit, the start and the end of the DTMF digit are notified separately.

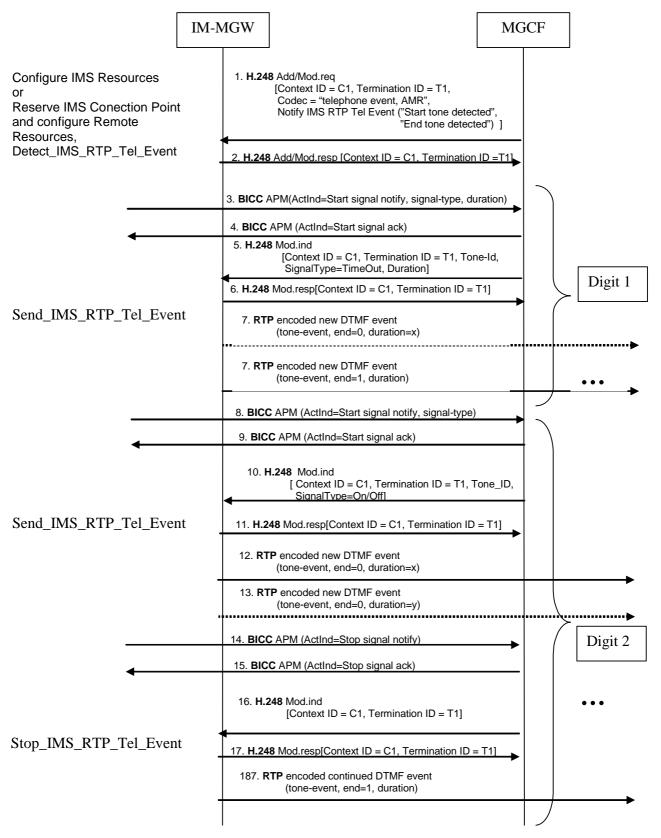


Figure 49a: Examples of receiving DTMF digits out-of-band from the CS CN and transmitting them in RTP (message sequence chart)

# 9.2.9 Session hold initiated from IM CN subsystem

The network model in the subclause 9.2.1 shall apply here.

#### Hold request

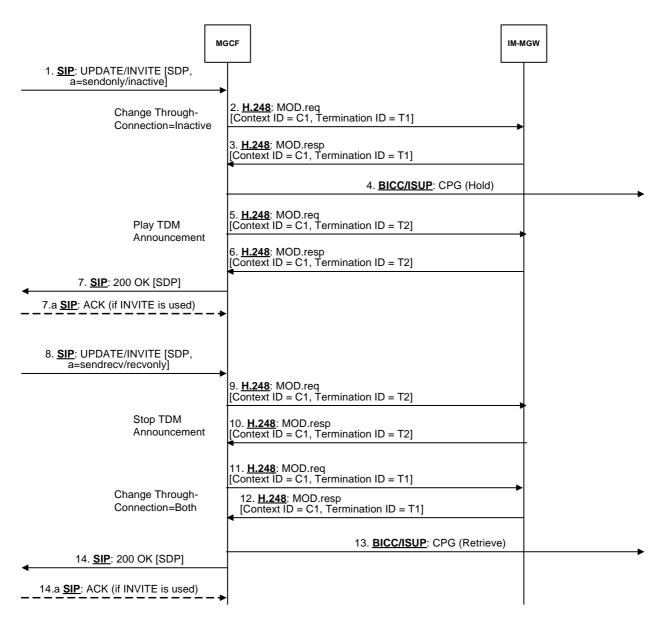
When the IMS network makes a hold request by sending an UPDATE or re-INVITE message (signal 1 of figure 50), the MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to suspend sending media towards the IMS side by changing the throughconnection of the IM CN subsystem side termination to "not through-connected" (signal 2 of figure 50). If the IMS side provides modified SDP RR or RS bandwidth modifiers, as specified in IETF RFC 3556 [59], within the hold request, the MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources Mn procedure to forward this information to the IM-MGW (not depicted in figure 50, but may be combined with signal 2). The MGCF shall send a CPG (Hold) message to the succeeding CS network node to indicate that the session is on hold (signal 4 of figure 50). Simultaneously a SIP message acknowledging the Hold request is sent to the IMS side (signal 7 of figure 50, acknowledged by signal 7.a if the INVITE method is used). Announcements may be applied to the party on hold, depending on the held party"s status, using the Play Announcement procedure (for BICC) or the Play TDM Announcement procedure (for ISUP, signal 5 in figure 50). The hold operation shall not block RTCP flows.

#### **Resume request**

When the IMS network makes a request to retrieve the session on hold by sending an UPDATE or re-INVITE message (signal 8 of figure 50), the MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to re-establish communication towards the IMS network by changing the through-connection of the IM CN subsystem side termination to both-way through-connected (signal 11 of figure 50). If the IMS side provides modified SDP RR or RS bandwidth modifiers, as specified in IETF RFC 3556 [59], within the retrieve request, the MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources Mn procedure to forward this information to the IM-MGW (not depicted in figure 50, but may be combined with signal 11). Possible announcements to the party on hold shall be stopped using the Stop Announcement procedure (for BICC) or the Stop TDM Announcement procedure (for ISUP, signal 9 in figure 50). The MGCF shall send a CPG (Retrieve) message to the succeeding CS network node to indicate that the session is retrieved (signal 13 of figure 50).

#### Message sequence chart

Figure 50 shows the message sequence chart for the call hold and retrieval procedures.



#### Figure 50 Session hold from IM CN subsystem

# 9.2.10 Session hold initiated from CS network

When an MGCF receives a CPG message with a "*remote hold*" Generic notification indicator (signal 1 of figure 51), the MGCF forwards the hold request by sending an UPDATE or re-INVITE message containing SDP with "*sendonly*" or "inactive" media (signal 4 of figure 51).

When an MGCF receives a CPG message with a "*remote retrieval*" Generic notification indicator (signal 6 of figure 51), the MGCF forwards the resume request by sending an UPDATE or re-INVITE message containing SDP with "*sendrecv*" or "recvonly" media (signal 9 of figure 51).

If the MGCF receives a CPG with "*remote hold*" or "*remote retrieval*" before answer, it shall forward the request using an UPDATE message. If the MGCF receives a CPG with "*remote hold*" or "*remote retrieval*" after answer, it should forward the request using re-INVITE but may use UPDATE.

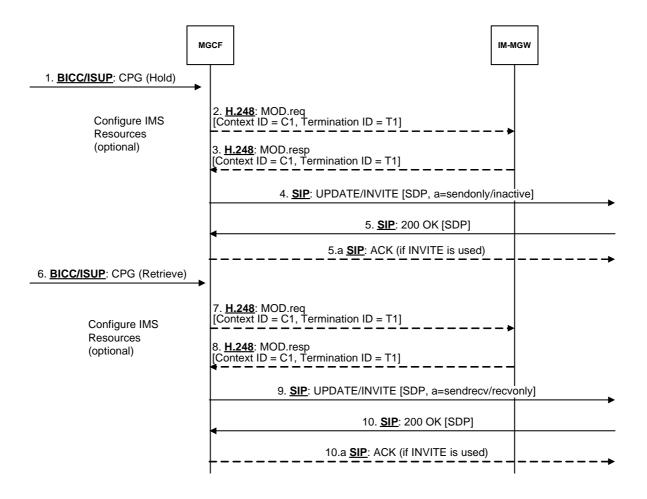
If link aliveness information is required at the IM-MGW while the media are on hold, the MGCF should provide to the modified SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers specified in IETF RFC 3556 [59] within the SDP offers in the UPDATE or re-INVITE messages holding and retrieving the media to temporarily enable RTCP while the media are on hold, as

detailed in subclause 7.4 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32]. If no link aliveness information is required at the IM-MGW, the MGCF should provide the SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers previously used.

The interworking does not impact the user plane, unless the MGCF provides modified SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers in the UPDATE or re-INVITE messages. If the MGCF provides modified SDP RR and RS bandwidth modifiers in the UPDATE or re-INVITE messages, the MGCF shall also provide modified SDP RR and RS bandwidths to the IM-MGW using the Configure IMS Resources procedures (signals 2-3 and 7-8 of figure 51).

#### Message sequence chart

Figure 51 shows the message sequence chart for the call hold and retrieval procedures.





# 9.2.11 Explicit Congestion Notification Support

#### 9.2.11.1 General

A MGCF and IM-MGW may support Multimedia Telephony using Explicit Congestion Notification (see IETF RFC 3168 [129], IETF RFC 6679 [130], and 3GPP TS 26.114 [104]), and may then act as an ECN endpoint to enable ECN with a local ECN-capable terminal within a local network that properly handles ECN-marked packets.

#### 9.2.11.1a Incoming Call Interworking from SIP to ISUP/BICC at I-MGCF

If the MGCF receives a SDP Offer containing ECN negotiation, see IETF RFC 6679 [130], and if all of the following statements are true:

- the MGCF supports ECN according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104];
- the IM-MGW supports ECN according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104];
- the IM-MGW knows (via configuration) that the preceding (IMS) network supports ECN according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104]; and
- the IM-MGW supports at least some of the initialisation methods offered within the "a=ecn-capable-rtp",

NOTE 1: Only the "leap" initialisation method is supported over the Mn interface in this release.

#### the MGCF shall:

- act as an end point for ECN;
- select an initialisation method supported by the IM-MGW;
- determine if application specific feedback or ECN feedback messages shall be used, taking into account whether the IM-MGW supports ECN feedback messages, and the negotiation procedures in 3GPP TS 26.114 [104];
- determine if ECN XR summary reports can be used, taking into account whether they are supported at the IM-MGW and the negotiation procedures in 3GPP TS 26.114 [104];
- return an SDP Answer according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104] and the capabilities of the IM-MGW, containing the "a=ecn-capable-rtp" attribute; and

NOTE 2: ECN XR summary reports and RTCP AVPF ECN feedback message are not supported in this release.

- indicate to the IM-MGW that it shall apply the ECN procedures (according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104]) and act as an ECT endpoint.

The IM-MGW should not send RTCP XR ECN summary reports.

#### 9.2.11.1b Outgoing Call Interworking from ISUP/BICC to SIP at O-MGCF

When creating the SDP Offer the MGCF may initiate ECN negotiation (in accordance with 3GPP TS 26.114 [104]), indicating the capabilities of the IM-MGW (e.g. supported initialisation methods, support of ECN feedback message, and support of ECN XR summary reports).

NOTE: ECN XR summary reports and RTCP AVPF ECN feedback message are not supported in this release.

If the MGCF receives the SDP Answer also containing ECN attributes (indicating successful ECN negotiation) then it shall indicate to the IM-MGW that it shall apply the ECN procedures (according to 3GPP TS 26.114 [104]) and act as an ECT endpoint.

The IM-MGW should not send RTCP XR ECN summary reports.

#### 9.2.11.1c Detection of ECN failures by IM-MGW

If the IM-MGW detects an ECN-related error case, for example non-ECT in the received packets when ECT(0) was expected or detecting a very high packet loss rate when ECN is used, the IM-MGW shall notify the MGCF. The MGCF should then initiate a session re-negotiation to disable ECN.

#### 9.2.11.2 Message sequence chart

Figure 9.2.11.2.1 shows the message sequence chart example for requesting Explicit Congestion Notification.

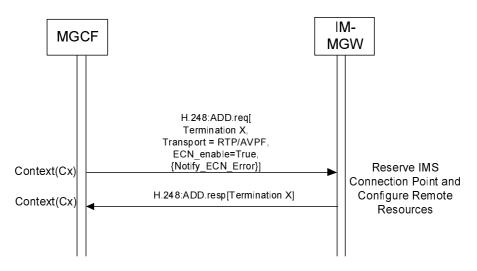


Figure 9.2.11.2.1: Procedure to Request ECN

Upon receipt of a request to apply Explicit Congestion Notification the IM-MGW shall set the ECN field of the IP header in accordance with 3GPP TS 26.114 [104] when sending any data packets.

Upon receipt of any IP headers indicating ECN Congestion Experienced (ECN-CE) the IM-MGW shall trigger rate adaptation in accordance with 3GPP TS 26.114 [104].

Figure 9.2.11.2.2 shows the message sequence chart example for an ECN Failure Event.

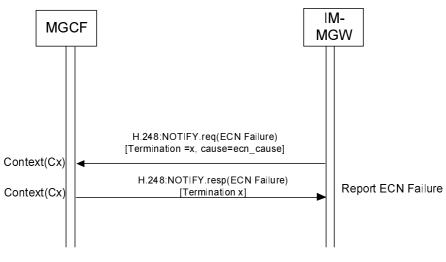


Figure 9.2.11.2.2: Procedure to Report ECN Failure

When the MGCF receives a Notification indicating that a failure has occurred, the MGCF may trigger a new SDP offer to dissable ECN.

# 9.3 Mn Signalling procedures

This subclause describes of logical signalling procedures (i.e. message identifiers are not part of the protocol) between the MGCF and IM-MGW. The procedures within this subclause are intended to be implemented using the standard H.248 procedure as defined in] ITU recommendation H.248.1 [2] with appropriate parameter combinations.

# 9.3.1 Procedures related to terminations towards the IM CN Subsystem

A mapping of the procedures defined here to H.248 procedures and parameters is provided in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15].

# 9.3.1.1 Reserve IMS connection point

This procedure is used to reserve local connection addresses and local resources.

| Procedure                          | Initiated | Information<br>element name           | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Reserve IMS<br>Connection<br>Point | MGCF      | Context/Context<br>Request            | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing context or requests a new context for the bearer termination.   |
|                                    |           | Priority information                  | 0                                  | This information element requests the IM-<br>MGW to apply priority treatment for the<br>terminations and bearer connections in the<br>specified context.                                      |
|                                    |           | IMS Termination<br>Request            | М                                  | This information element requests a new IMS termination for the bearer to be established.   |
|                                    |           | Local IMS<br>Resources/               | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>resource(s) (i.e. codecs) for which the IM-<br>MGW shall be prepared to receive user<br>data,   |
|                                    |           | IP Interface Type                     | 0                                  | This information element indicates the used interface type  |
|                                    |           | ReserveValue                          | 0                                  | This information element indicates if multiple local IMS resources are to be reserved.  |
|                                    |           | Local Connection<br>Addresses Request | М                                  | This information element requests an IP<br>address and port number on the IM-MGW<br>that the remote end can send user plane<br>data to.   |
|                                    |           | Notify termination<br>heartbeat       | М                                  | This information element requests termination heartbeat indications.  |
|                                    |           | Notify Released<br>Bearer             | 0                                  | This information element requests a notification of a released bearer.  |
|                                    |           | IP Realm Identifier                   | 0                                  | This information element indicates the IP realm of the IP termination.  |
|                                    |           | ECN Enable                            | 0                                  | This information element requests the IM-<br>MGW to apply ECN procedures  |
|                                    |           | ECN Initiation<br>Method              | С                                  | This information element specifies the ECN<br>Initiation method and requests the IM-MGW<br>to perform IP header settings as an ECN<br>endpoint. It may be included only if ECN is<br>enabled. |
|                                    |           | Notify ECN Failure<br>Event           | С                                  | This information element requests a notification if an ECN failure occurs. It may only be supplied if ECN is enabled.   |
|                                    |           | Diffserv Code Point                   | 0                                  | This information element requests the IM-<br>MGW to apply a specific Diffserv Code Point<br>to the IP headers.  |
| Reserve IMS<br>Connection          | IM-MGW    | Context                               | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
| Point Ack                          |           | IMS Termination                       | М                                  | This information element indicates the IMS termination where the command was executed.  |
|                                    |           | Local IMS Resources                   | М                                  | This information element indicates the resources that the IM-MGW has reserved to receive the user plane data from the IMS.  |
|                                    |           | Local Connection<br>Addresses         | М                                  | This information element indicates the IP address and port on the IM-MGW that shall receive user plane data from IMS.   |

# 9.3.1.2 Configure IMS resources

This procedure is used to select multimedia-processing resources for an Mb interface connection.

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element | Information element description  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Configure IMC              | MGCF      | Contout                     | required               | This information along ant indicates the   |
| Configure IMS<br>Resources | MGCF      | Context                     | М                      | This information element indicates the existing context.                               |
| Resources                  |           | IMS Termination             | М                      | This information element indicates the   |
|                            |           |                             | IVI                    | existing bearer termination.   |
|                            |           | Local IMS Resources         | 0                      | This information element indicates the   |
|                            |           |                             | Ŭ                      | resources (i.e. codec) that the IM-MGW may   |
|                            |           |                             |                        | use on the reception of user plane data.   |
|                            |           | Remote IMS                  | М                      | This information element indicates the   |
|                            |           | Resources                   |                        | resources (i.e. codec) that the IM-MGW may   |
|                            |           |                             |                        | send user plane data to.   |
|                            |           | Local Connection            | 0                      | This information element indicates the IP  |
|                            |           | Addresses                   |                        | address and port on the IM-MGW that the  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | IMS user can send user plane data to.  |
|                            |           | Remote Connection           | М                      | This information element indicates the IP  |
|                            |           | Addresses                   |                        | address and port that the IM-MGW can send  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | user plane data to.  |
|                            |           | IP Interface Type           | 0                      | This information element indicates the used  |
|                            |           |                             | -                      | interface type   |
|                            |           | Reserve Value               | 0                      | This information element indicates if multiple   |
|                            |           |                             |                        | IMS resources are to be reserved.  |
|                            |           | Remote Connection           | 0                      | This information element indicates an  |
|                            |           | Addresses Source            |                        | optional source filter restricting the IP  |
|                            |           | Filter                      |                        | addresses and ports that the IM-MGW shall  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | accept as source for incoming user plane data. If this information element is set, the |
|                            |           |                             |                        | IM-MGW shall silently discard incoming user  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | plane data from disallowed sources.  |
|                            |           | ECN Enable                  | 0                      | This information element requests the IM-  |
|                            |           | Eon Enable                  | U                      | MGW to apply ECN procedures.   |
|                            |           | ECN Initiation Method       | С                      | This information element specifies the ECN   |
|                            |           |                             | -                      | Initiation method and requests the IM-MGW  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | to perform IP header settings as an ECN  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | endpoint. It may be included only if ECN is  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | enabled.   |
|                            |           | Notify ECN Failure          | С                      | This information element requests a  |
|                            |           | Event                       |                        | notification if an ECN failure occurs. It may  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | only be supplied if ECN is enabled.  |
| Configure IMS              | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                      | This information element indicates the   |
| Resources                  |           |                             |                        | context where the command was executed.  |
| Ack                        |           | IMS Termination             | М                      | This information element indicates the IMS   |
|                            |           |                             |                        | termination where the command was  |
|                            |           | Local IMS Resource          | 0                      | executed.<br>This information element indicates the                                    |
|                            |           | LUCAI IIVIS RESOUICE        | 0                      | resources that the IM-MGW has reserved to  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | receive the user plane data from the far end.  |
|                            |           | Remote IMS                  | М                      | This information element indicates the   |
|                            |           | Resource                    | 171                    | resource (i.e. codec) that the IM-MGW shall  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | use to send user data to.  |
|                            |           | Local Connection            | 0                      | This information element indicates the IP  |
|                            |           | Address                     | -                      | address and port on the IM-MGW that the  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | remote end can send user plane data to.  |
|                            |           | Remote Connection           | М                      | This information element indicates the IP  |
|                            |           | Address                     |                        | address and port that the IM-MGW can send  |
|                            |           |                             |                        | user plane data to.  |

#### Table 26: Procedures toward the IM Subsystem: Select Local, Select Remote IMS Processing Resource

9.3.1.3 Reserve IMS Connection point and configure remote resources

This procedure is used to reserve multimedia-processing resources for an Mb interface connection.

| Procedure                              | Initiated | Information element<br>name                | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|--|-----------|--|------------------------------------|---|
| Reserve IMS<br>Connection<br>Point and | MGCF      | Context/Context<br>Request                 | M                                  | This information element indicates the existing context or requests a new context for the bearer termination.   |
| Configure<br>Remote<br>Resources       |           | Priority information                       | 0                                  | This information element requests the IM-<br>MGW to apply priority treatment for the<br>terminations and bearer connections in the<br>specified context.                                      |
|  |           | IMS Termination/IMS<br>Termination Request | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing bearer termination or requests a new IMS termination for the bearer to be established.  |
|  |           | Local IMS Resources                        | М                                  | This information element indicates the resource(s) (i.e. codecs) for which the IM-<br>MGW shall be prepared to receive user data,   |
|  |           | Remote IMS<br>Resources                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the resources (i.e. codec) that the IM-MGW shall use to send user data in the IMS.   |
|  |           | IP Interface Type                          | 0                                  | This information element indicates the used interface type  |
|  |           | Reserve Value                              | 0                                  | This information element indicates if multiple IMS resources are to be reserved.  |
|  |           | Local Connection<br>Address request        | Μ                                  | This information element requests an IP<br>address and a port number on the IM-MGW<br>that the remote end can send user plane<br>data to.   |
|  |           | Remote Connection<br>Addresses             | М                                  | This information element indicates the IP<br>address and ports at an IMS user that the<br>IM-MGW can send user plane data to.   |
|  |           | Notify termination<br>heartbeat            | М                                  | This information element requests termination heartbeat indications.  |
|  |           | Notify Released<br>Bearer                  | 0                                  | This information element requests a notification of a released bearer.  |
|  |           | IP Realm Identifier                        | 0                                  | This information element indicates the IP realm of the IP termination.  |
|  |           | ECN Enable                                 | 0                                  | This information element requests the IM-<br>MGW to apply ECN procedures and IP<br>header settings as an ECN endpoint.  |
|  |           | ECN Initiation Method                      | С                                  | This information element specifies the ECN<br>Initiation method and requests the IM-MGW<br>to perform IP header settings as an ECN<br>endpoint. It may be included only if ECN is<br>enabled. |
|  |           | Notify ECN Failure<br>Event                | С                                  | This information element requests a notification if an ECN failure occurs. It may only be supplied if ECN is enabled.   |
|  |           | Diffserv Code Point                        | 0                                  | This information element requests the IM-<br>MGW to apply a specific Diffserv Code Point<br>to the IP headers.  |
| Reserve IMS<br>Connection              | IM-MGW    | Context                                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
| Point and<br>Configure<br>Remote       |           | IMS Termination                            | М                                  | This information element indicates the IMS termination where the command was executed.  |
| Resources Ack                          |           | Local IMS Resources                        | М                                  | This information element indicates the resources that the IM-MGW has reserved to receive the user plane data from IMS.  |

## Table 27: Procedures toward the IM Subsystem: reserve local, reserve remote IMS connection point

| Procedure | Initiated | Information element<br>name   | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|           |           | Remote IMS<br>Resources       | Μ                                  | This information element indicates the resource (i.e. codec) that the IM-MGW shall use to send user data.        |
|           |           | Local Connection<br>Addresses | Μ                                  | This information element indicates the IP address on the IM-MGW that shall receive user plane data from the IMS. |

## 9.3.1.4 Release IMS termination

This procedure is used by the MGCF to release a termination towards the IMS and free all related resources.

#### Table 28: Release IMS termination

| Procedure                      | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Release IMS<br>Termination     | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>context for the bearer termination.             |
|                                |           | Bearer Termination          | М                                  | This information element indicates the bearer termination to be released.                 |
| Release IMS<br>Termination Ack | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.            |
|                                |           | Bearer Termination          | М                                  | This information element indicates the bearer termination where the command was executed. |

## 9.3.1.5 Detect IMS RTP Tel event

This procedure is used by the MGCF to request from the MGW the detection of telephony events signalled within RTP according to RFC 4733 [105] and the notification of received telephony events. This procedure is the same as that is defined in the subclause "Detect DTMF" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### Table 29: VOID

## 9.3.1.6 Notify IMS RTP Tel event

This procedure is used by the MGW to notify the MGCF about the detection of telephony events signalled within RTP according to RFC 4733 [105]. This procedure is the same as that defined in the subclause "Report DTMF" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### Table 30: VOID

9.3.1.7 Void

## 9.3.1.8 Send IMS RTP Tel event

This procedure is used by the MGCF to request from the MGW to signal a telephone event within RTP according to RFC 4733 [105]. This procedure is the same as that defined in the subclause "Send DTMF" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.1.9 Stop IMS RTP Tel event

This procedure is used by the MGW to request from the MGW to stop signalling a telephone event within RTP according to RFC 4733 [105]. This procedure is the same as that defined in the subclause "Stop DTMF" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.1.10 Termination heartbeat indication

This procedure is used to report indication of hanging termination.

| Procedure                                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|--|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Termination<br>heartbeat                   | MGW       | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context for the bearer termination.                                       |
| indication                                 |           | Bearer Termination          | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>bearer termination for which the termination<br>heartbeat is reported. |
|  |           | Termination heartbeat       | М                                  | Hanging Termination event, as defined in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15].  |
| Termination<br>heartbeat<br>indication Ack | (G)MSC-S  | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.                                   |

Table 30a: Procedures between (G)MSC server and MGW: Hanging termination indication

## 9.3.1.11 IMS Bearer Released

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to indicate towards the MGCF that an error occurred on an IMS termination which requires the release of the termination. This procedure is the same as that defined in the subclause "Bearer Released" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

## 9.3.1.12 End IMS RTP Tel event

This procedure is used by the MGCF to indicate to the IM-MGW to stop detection of telephony events signalled within RTP according to IETF RFC 4733 [105]. This procedure is the same as that is defined in the subclause "Stop Detect DTMF" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

## 9.3.1.13 IMS Send Tone

This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to generate a tone at termination towards IMS. This procedure is the same as that defined in the subclause "Send Tone" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

## 9.3.1.14 IMS Stop Tone

This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to stop generating a tone at a termination towards IMS. This procedure is the same as that defined in the subclause "Stop Tone" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

## 9.3.1.15 IMS Tone Completed

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to indicate to the MGCF that a tone has finished being generated at a termination. This procedure is the same as that defined in the subclause "Tone Completed" in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

## 9.3.1.16 ECN Failure Indication

This procedure is used to report ECN related errors (see subclause 9.2.11.1c).

| Procedure                     | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| ECN Failure<br>Indication     | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>context for the bearer termination.                          |
|                               |           | Bearer Termination          | Μ                                  | This information element indicates the<br>bearer termination for which the ECN failure<br>is reported. |
|                               |           | ECN Failure Indication      | М                                  | This IE indicates an ECN failure event.  |
| ECN Failure<br>Indication Ack | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.                         |
|                               |           | Bearer Termination          | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>bearer termination where the command was<br>executed         |

## 9.3.2 Procedures related to a termination towards an ISUP network

A mapping of the procedures defined here to H.248 procedures and parameters is provided in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15].

## 9.3.2.1 Reserve TDM circuit

This procedure is used by the MGCF to reserve a TDM circuit in the IM-MGW towards the preceding/succeeding CS network element.

| Procedure              | Initiated | Information element<br>name       | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Reserve TDM<br>Circuit | MGCF      | Context/Context<br>Request        | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing context or requests a new context for the bearer termination. |
|                        |           | Bearer Termination                | М                                  | This information element indicates the physical bearer termination for the TDM circuit.                       |
|                        |           | Bearer Service<br>Characteristics | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>bearer service requested by the user.                               |
|                        |           | Notify termination<br>heartbeat   | 0                                  | This information element requests termination heartbeat indications.  |
|                        |           | Notify Released<br>Bearer         | 0                                  | This information element requests a<br>notification of a released bearer                                      |
| Reserve Circuit<br>Ack | IM-MGW    | Context                           | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.                                |

#### Table 31: Reserve TDM circuit procedure

## 9.3.2.2 Change TDM through-connection

This procedure is used by the MGCF to modify the through-connection (forward, backward, both-way, inactive) of a TDM termination at the IM-MGW towards the PSTN.

This procedure is the same as Change Through Connection in TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.2.3 Activate TDM voice-processing function

This procedure is used by the MGCF to activate or de-activate a voice processing function of a TDM termination at the IM-MGW towards the PSTN. This voice processing function may include a cancellation for electronic echoes.

This procedure is the same as Activate Voice Processing Function in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.2.4 Send TDM tone

This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to generate a tone at a TDM termination towards the PSTN.

This procedure is the same as Send Tone in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.2.5 Stop TDM tone

This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to stop generating a tone at a TDM termination towards the PSTN.

This procedure is the same as Stop tone in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.2.6 Play TDM announcement

This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to generate an announcement at a TDM termination towards the PSTN. The MGCF may request a notification that the announcement is completed. This procedure is the same as Play Announcement in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27]. This procedure is optional.

#### 9.3.2.7 TDM announcement completed

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF that an announcement at a TDM termination towards the PSTN is completed. This procedure is the same as Announcement Completed in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27]. This procedure is optional.

#### 9.3.2.8 Stop TDM announcement

This procedure is the same as Stop Announcement 3GPP TS 23.205 [27]. This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to stop generating an announcement at a TDM termination towards the PSTN. This procedure is optional.

#### 9.3.2.9 Continuity check

This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to generate a continuity check tone at a TDM termination towards the PSTN and to inform the MGCF about the result of the continuity check as soon as the continuity check tone is received or a time-out occurs. This procedure is optional.

| Procedure           | Initiated | Information element<br>name                 | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|---------------------|-----------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Continuity<br>check | MGCF      | Context/Context<br>Request                  | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing context or requests a new context for the bearer termination.      |
|                     |           | TDM Termination                             | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing bearer termination  |
|                     |           | Request for continuity tone sending         | М                                  | This information request the IM-MGW to<br>apply the continuity check procedure on the<br>indicated TDM termination |
|                     |           | Request for continuity check tone detection | М                                  | This information request the IM-MGW to<br>inform e continuity check procedure on the<br>indicated TDM termination  |

#### Table 32: Continuity check procedure

## 9.3.2.10 Continuity check verify

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to indicate towards the MGCF that the continuity check at a TDM termination towards the PSTN has been completed and to return the result of the check: success or failure. This procedure is optional.

| Procedure                     | Initiated | Information element<br>name        | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Continuity<br>check<br>Verify | IM-MGW    | Context/t                          | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.                   |
|                               |           | TDM Termination                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the TDM termination involved in the procedure                 |
|                               |           | Outcome of the<br>continuity check | М                                  | This information element indicates the outcome of the continuity check (successful/unsuccessful) |

#### Table 33: Continuity check verify procedure

#### 9.3.2.11 Continuity check response

This procedure is used by the MGCF to order the IM-MGW to loop back an incoming continuity check tone at a TDM termination towards the PSTN. This procedure is optional.

| Table 34: Continuity check response procedure | Table 34: | Continuity | y check res | ponse | procedure |
|---|-----------|------------|-------------|-------|-----------|
|---|-----------|------------|-------------|-------|-----------|

| Procedure                 | Initiated | Information element<br>name                  | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|---------------------------|-----------|--|------------------------------------|---|
| Continuity check response | MGCF      | Context/Context<br>Request                   | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing context or requests a new context for the bearer termination.     |
|                           |           | TDM Termination                              | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing bearer termination   |
|                           |           | Request for loop back of the continuity tone | М                                  | This information request the IM-MGW to<br>loop back the continuity check tone on the<br>indicated TDM termination |

#### 9.3.2.12 Release TDM termination

This procedure is used by the MGCF to release a TDM termination at the IM-MGW towards the PSTN and free all related resources.

| Procedure                      | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Release TDM<br>Termination     | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context for the bearer termination.                |
|                                |           | Bearer Termination          | М                                  | This information element indicates the bearer termination to be released.                 |
| Release TDM<br>Termination Ack | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.            |
|                                |           | Bearer Termination          | М                                  | This information element indicates the bearer termination where the command was executed. |

Table 35: Release TDM termination procedure

## 9.3.2.13 Termination Out-of-Service

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to indicate towards the MGCF that one or several physical termination(s) will go out of service. This procedure is the same as Termination Out-of-Service in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.2.14 Termination heartbeat indication

This procedure is used to report indication of hanging termination.

#### Table 35a: Procedures between (G)MSC server and MGW: Hanging termination indication

| Procedure                                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|--|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Termination<br>heartbeat                   | MGW       | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context for the bearer termination.                                 |
| indication                                 |           | Bearer Termination          | М                                  | This information element indicates the bearer termination for which the termination heartbeat is reported. |
|  |           | Termination heartbeat       | М                                  | Hanging termination event, as defined in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15].  |
| Termination<br>heartbeat<br>indication Ack | (G)MSC-S  | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>context where the command was<br>executed.                       |

#### 9.3.2.15 Bearer Released

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to indicate towards the MGCF that an error occurred on a physical termination which requires the release of the termination. This procedure is the same as Bearer Released in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

#### 9.3.2.16 TDM tone completed

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to MGCF to indicate that a tone has finished being generated at a TDM termination.

This procedure is the same as Tone Completed in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27].

## 9.3.3 Procedures related to a termination towards a BICC network

The call related procedures detailed in table 36 shall be supported. Those procedures are defined in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15].

| Procedure defined in 3GPP TS 29.332 | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Establish Bearer                    |   |
| Prepare Bearer                      |   |
| Change Through-Connection           |   |
| Release Bearer                      |   |
| Release Termination                 |   |
| Bearer Established                  |   |
| Bearer Released                     |   |
| Send Tone                           |   |
| Stop Tone                           |   |
| Tone completed                      |   |
| Play Announcement                   | Optional  |
| Stop Announcement                   | Optional  |
| Announcement Completed              | Optional  |
| Confirm Char                        | Optional  |
| Modify Bearer Characteristics       | Optional  |
| Reserve Char                        | Optional  |
| Bearer Modified                     | Optional  |
| Activate Voice Processing Function  | Optional  |
| Tunnel Information Down             | Conditional: For IP Transport at BICC termination |
| Tunnel Information Up               | Conditional: For IP Transport at BICC termination |
| Termination Out-of-Service          |   |
| Termination heartbeat indication    |   |

#### Table 36: Required procedures defined in 3GPP TS 29.332

## 9.3.4 Non-call related procedures

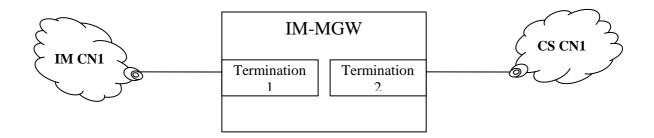
The procedures from 3GPP TS 23.205 [27] detailed in table 37 shall be applied for the IM-MGW handling component of the Mn interface.

| Procedure defined in<br>3GPP TS 29.332 [15]         | Corresponding Procedure defined<br>in 3GPP TS 23.205 [27] | Remarks   |
|---|---|---|
| IM-MGW Out of service                               | MGW Out of Service  |   |
| IM-MGW Communication Up                             | MGW Communication Up                                      |   |
| IM-MGW Restoration                                  | MGW Restoration   |   |
| IM-MGW Register                                     | MGW Register  |   |
| IM-MGW Re-register                                  | MGW Re-register   |   |
| MGCF Ordered Re-register                            | (G)MSC Server Ordered Re-register                         |   |
| MGCF Restoration                                    | (G)MSC Server Restoration                                 |   |
| MGCF Out of Service                                 | (G)MSC Server Out of Service                              |   |
| Termination Out-of-Service                          | Termination Out-of-Service                                | The "Termination Out-of-Service<br>procedure" is used as call-related<br>H.248 command as well                              |
| Termination Restoration                             | Termination Restoration                                   |   |
| Audit Value   | Audit Value   |   |
| Audit Capability                                    | Audit Capability  |   |
| Command Rejected                                    | Command Rejected  | The "Command Rejected" procedure<br>may be used in response both to<br>call-related and non-call-related<br>H.248 Commands. |
| IM-MGW Capability Change                            | Capability Update   |   |
| IM-MGW Resource Congestion<br>Handling - Activate   | MGW Resource Congestion<br>Handling - Activate            |   |
| IM-MGW Resource Congestion<br>Handling - Indication | MGW Resource Congestion<br>Handling - Indication          |   |
| Control association monitoring                      | Control association monitoring                            |   |
| Inactivity timeout activation                       | Inactivity timeout activation                             |   |
| Inactivity timeout indication                       | Inactivity timeout indication                             |   |
| Hanging termination detection                       | Hanging termination detection                             |   |
| Hanging termination detection                       | Hanging termination detection                             |   |

## 9.3.5 Multiple IP Realms

The procedures to support multiple IP realms in the present subclause are optional.

Figure 9.3.5.1 shows a scenario where multiple IP realms are applied.



#### Figure 9.3.5.1 Multiple IP realms scenario

Shown in figure 9.3.5, the IM CN1 and CS CN1 represent separate IP realms. The definition of IP realm is specified in IETF RFC 2663[90].

The termination1 and termination2 are connected with different IP realms in the IM-MGW separately.

For establishing session when multiple IP realms are used in the IM-MGW, the MGCF may indicate the IP realm identifier to the IM-MGW. The IM-MGW shall assign the IP termination with the indicated IP realm.

A default IP realm may be configured in IM-MGW such that if the IM-MGW has not received the IP realm identifier and the IM-MGW supports multiple IP realms then the default IP realm shall be used.

If the IM-MGW does not support the option to indicate an IP realm then it is free to select any IP port.

## 9.4 Multimedia Priority Service (MPS) Support

## 9.4.1 General

The Multimedia Priority Service (MPS) is specified in 3GPP TS 22.153 [136]. The MGCF/IM-MGW may support the priority treatment of a call/session identified as an MPS call/session. If MPS is supported then upon receipt of the MPS priority information in the call control signalling:

- The MGCF shall recognise the call/session as having priority.
- The MGCF shall send the Priority information for a context to the IM-MGW to enable the priority treatment described below related to the IM-MGW.
- The MGCF shall apply priority handling to H.248 transactions related to priority calls/sessions when network resources are congested, e.g., preferential treatment in any queues or buffers.
- If the H.248 control association utilises a transport with the possibility for prioritisation, the MGCF may apply priority using the appropriate prioritisation procedures.
- If the MPS Priority service requires a specific MPS DSCP setting, the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to apply a specific MPS DSCP marking to the user data transport packets to indicate that the packets are of a higher priority than those for normal calls.
- If the IM-MGW receives an indication to apply a specific MPS DSCP marking to the user data transport packets, it shall apply this DSCP marking to the IP headers.
- NOTE 1: Support of Diffserv procedures by the IMS-MGW assumes an operator uses Diffserv for prioritising user plane traffic related to an MPS call/session.
- When the MGCF marks a Context with Priority information, the IM-MGW may use the Priority information for selecting resources for the media and signaling transport with priority. The following actions may be taken by the IM-MGW if it has reached a congested state:
  - i) seize priority reserved resources; or
  - ii) if resources are completely congested, indicate that in a Command Response error code.
- NOTE 2: The Priority information can be used to derive Layer 2 QoS marking and trigger priority identification and priority treatment for other QoS technologies than Diffserv.

This clause describes the Mn signalling procedures and their interactions with SIP signalling in the control plane and with user plane procedures to support the requirements for MPS. These Mn signalling procedures may or may not apply depending on the network configuration (e.g. whether the IM-MGW is shared by multiple MGCFs or whether the MGCF controls multiple IM-MGWs for a given route – Media Gateway Group).

The MGCF can receive a SIP INVITE with MPS priority information (see 3GPP TS 23.228 [12], subclause 5.21).

## 9.4.2 IM-MGW Resource Congestion in ADD response, request is queued

If the MGCF requests a resource via the Reserve IMS Connection Point and configure remote resources procedure or Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure and receives an error indicating that the requested resource could not be seized (e.g. H.248 error code #510 "insufficient resources") and the MGCF does not an have alternative IM-MGW through which it can route the call/session, the MGCF queues the priority call/session and gives it priority over any further Reserve IMS Connection Point and configure remote resources or Reserve IMS Connection Point procedures for

lower priority calls/sessions towards this IM-MGW until the requested resource for this queued call/session is successfully seized. The example sequence is shown in Figure 9.4.2.1.

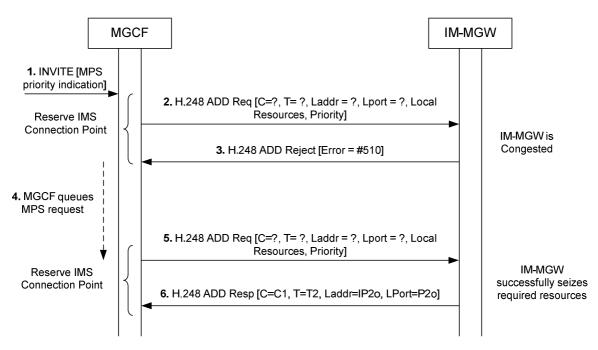


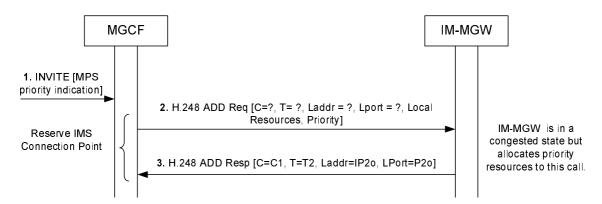
Figure 9.4.2.1: Request to Reserve MPS priority call resources when IM-MGW is congested

## 9.4.3 IM-MGW Resource Congestion in ADD response, MGCF seizes new IM-MGW

If the MGCF requests a resource via the Reserve IMS Connection Point and configure remote resources procedure or Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure and receives an error indicating that the requested resources could not be seized due to congestion (e.g. H.248 error code #510 "insufficient resources") and Media Gateway Groups are implemented the MGCF seizes a new IM-MGW from the same Media Gateway Group before resorting to any queuing of the priority call/session (as described in subclause 9.4.2) to enable the MPS call/session to proceed as early as possible.

## 9.4.4 IM-MGW Priority Resource Allocation

If the IM-MGW supports the Priority information (e.g. determined through provisioning or package profile), the MGCF requests a resource via the Reserve IMS Connection Point and configure remote resources procedure or Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure and includes the Priority information. The IM-MGW may then provide priority allocation of resources once a congestion threshold is reached. The example sequence is shown in Figure 9.4.4.1. If the IM-MGW is completely congested it shall indicate this to the MGCF as described in subclause 9.4.2.



# Figure 9.4.4.1: Request to reserve MPS priority call resources when IM-MGW is congested, priority resources are allocated

The IM-MGW may also provide priority allocation for resources requested via a subsequent Configure IMS resources procedure not including Priority information if the related context has been marked with priority information during the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure or Reserve IMS Connection point and configure remote resources procedure.

## 9.4.5 IM-MGW Priority User Data marking

The MGCF may request the streams associated to an MPS call/session to be marked with a certain priority code point as described in subclause 8.4. The IM-MGW shall then mark each IP packet header accordingly. The example sequence is shown in Figure 9.4.5.1.

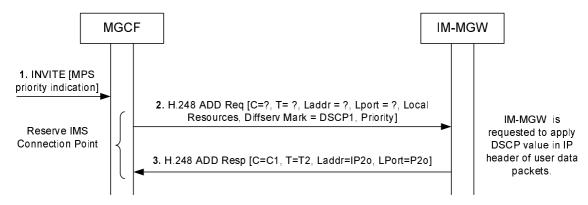


Figure 9.4.5.1: Request to reserve IMS resources and apply DSCP marking for MPS

# Annex A: Void

# Annex B (normative): Codec Negotiation between a BICC CS network and the IM CN subsystem

# B.1 Introduction

This annex describes optional procedures for interworking of codec negotiation between a BICC CS network and the IM CN subsystem.

# B.2 Control plane interworking

The following optional procedures apply in addition to the procedures of subclause 7.3 when both the BICC CS network and the IM CN subsystem support codec negotiation. All five variations of the bearer set-up procedures defined in subclauses 7.4 and 7.5 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30] are supported. The codec negotiation procedures are also independent of the procedures for interworking between continuity procedures and SDP preconditions.

## B.2.1 Incoming call interworking from SIP to BICC at I-MGCF

## B.2.1.1 Sending of IAM

When the I-MGCF receives an INVITE with SDP offer, the I-MGCF shall follow the procedures of subclause B.2.5 to convert the list of codecs in the SDP offer into a Supported Codec List for transmission in the outgoing IAM, according to subclause 8.3.1 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30], and deleting those codecs not supported at the IM-MGW. When generating the Supported Codec List, the I-MGCF should add to the SDP offer all codec configurations for which it can provide transcoding. The I-MGCF shall allocate any IM-MGW resources as necessary to support the chosen bearer set-up procedures towards the BICC CS network.

When the I-MGCF receives an INVITE without SDP offer, the I-MGCF shall continue call establishment without interworking of codec negotiation procedures. The mid-call interworking procedures of subclause B.2.3 and subclause B.2.4 may still apply.

## B.2.1.2 Sending of SDP answer

The I-MGCF shall suspend the SDP answer procedure until it receives backward codec information from the BICC serving node terminating codec negotiation. When the I-MGCF receives the backward codec information, it shall select a codec configuration for use on the bearer interface to the IM CN subsystem from the codecs in the SDP offer, format an SDP answer based on this selected codec, send the SDP answer to the offerer in the appropriate SIP message (e.g., a reliable 18x response), and complete bearer establishment procedures. To avoid allocating a transcoder at the IM-MGW, the I-MGCF should preferably select a codec for the IM CN subsystem by converting the Selected Codec from the BICC CS network into an SDP answer according to the procedures of subclause B.2.5, if allowed by the SDP offer/answer rules. Otherwise the I-MGCF should select the highest priority codec from the codecs in the received SDP offer supported by the IM-MGW for insertion in the SDP answer. Note that the I-MGCF stores the Available Codec List and does not send it to the offerer in the SDP answer. Codec negotiation is complete so it is not necessary for the offerer to begin a second phase offer/answer exchange using the PRACK request.

## B.2.2 Outgoing call interworking from BICC to SIP at O-MGCF

## B.2.2.1 Sending of INVITE

When the O-MGCF receives an IAM, the O-MGCF shall follow the procedures of subclause B.2.5 to convert the Supported Codec List from the IAM into an SDP offer for transmission in the outgoing INVITE request, according to

RFC 3264, deleting those codecs not supported at the IM-MGW. When generating the SDP offer, the O-MGCF should include all codec configurations for which it can provide transcoding in addition to those converted from the Supported Codec List. The O-MGCF shall include at least one AMR codec configuration in the SDP offer. The O-MGCF shall allocate any IM-MGW resources as necessary to support the inclusion of session address information in the SDP offer towards the IM CN subsystem.

## B.2.2.2 Responding to serving node initiating codec negotiation

The O-MGCF shall suspend the incoming bearer set-up procedure while waiting for receipt of the SDP answer from the IM CN subsystem. When the O-MGCF receives the SDP answer while suspending the incoming bearer set-up procedure, it shall select a codec configuration for use on the bearer interface to the IM CN subsystem from the codecs in the SDP answer, construct the Available Codec List for the BICC CS network from the list of codecs received in the Supported Codec List by removing codecs not supported at the IM-MGW, choose the Selected Codec for the BICC CS network from the codecs in the Available Codec List, initiate the second SDP offer/answer exchange with the IM CN subsystem using the codec selected for the IM CN subsystem, if necessary, and resume the incoming bearer set-up procedure in the BICC CS network. The O-MGCF should select codecs for the bearer interfaces to the BICC CS network and IM CN subsystem in such a way as to avoid transcoding at the IM-MGW and minimize speech degradation, if possible, according to subclause B.2.5. Otherwise the O-MGCF should choose the highest priority codec from the codecs in the SDP answer as the codec for the IM CN subsystem. If the SDP answer only included a single voice codec, then there is no need for a second SDP offer/answer exchange, and the codec selected for the IM CN subsystem is the codec in the SDP answer.

Certain BICC timers or events can force completion of the incoming bearer set-up procedure before the O-MGCF receives the SDP answer from the IM CN subsystem. In this case, the O-MGCF shall perform the terminating codec negotiation procedure according to subclause 8.3.3 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30], including all supported codecs in the Available Codec List, and shall resume the incoming bearer set-up procedure without waiting any longer for the SDP answer.

When an SDP answer arrives from the IM CN subsystem in response to the SDP offer in an INVITE request after the BICC incoming bearer set-up procedure has started, the O-MGCF shall select a codec configuration for use on the bearer interface to the IM CN subsystem from the codecs in the SDP answer, choose a new Selected Codec for the BICC CS network from the codecs in the Available Codec List constructed during incoming bearer set-up, and initiate the second SDP offer/answer exchange with the IM CN subsystem using the codec selected for the IM CN subsystem, if necessary. The O-MGCF should select codecs for the bearer interfaces to the BICC CS network and IM CN subsystem in such a way as to avoid transcoding at the IM-MGW and minimize speech degradation, if possible, according to subclause B.2.5. Otherwise the O-MGCF should select the highest priority codecs from the available options for the two bearer interfaces. If the SDP answer only included a single voice codec, then there is no need for a second SDP offer/answer exchange, and the codec selected for the IM CN subsystem is the codec in the SDP answer. When the call in the BICC CS network enters a state capable of supporting codec modification, if the new Selected Codec is different from the Selected Codec chosen during the incoming bearer set-up procedure for the BICC CS network, the O-MGCF should initiate the codec modification procedure towards the BICC CS network using the new Selected Codec, according to subclause 10.4.1 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30].

## B.2.3 Mid-call interworking from SIP to BICC at I-MGCF or O-MGCF

## B.2.3.1 Receipt of SDP offer

When the MGCF receives a SIP message (e.g. UPDATE request or re-INVITE request) with an SDP offer that is not associated with incoming call bearer establishment or preconditions, if the call is in a state capable of supporting BICC codec negotiation, the MGCF shall follow the procedures of subclause B.2.5 to convert the list of codecs in the SDP offer into a Supported Codec List, delete those codecs in the Supported Codec List not supported at the IM-MGW, and initiate the mid-call codec negotiation procedure according to subclause 10.4.4 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30], by sending an APM with the Supported Codec List and an Action indicator set to "mid-call codec negotiation". When generating the Supported Codec List, the MGCF should add to the SDP offer all codec configurations for which it can provide transcoding.

When the MGCF receives a SIP message with an SDP offer that is not associated with incoming call bearer establishment or preconditions, if the call is not in a state capable of supporting BICC codec negotiation, the MGCF

shall respond to the SDP offer with existing procedures for the IM CN subsystem. When the call is in a state capable of supporting BICC codec negotiation, the MGCF may send a re-INVITE request without SDP towards the IM CN subsystem, soliciting a response with an SDP offer, thereby restarting the codec negotiation interworking procedure.

## B.2.3.2 Generating SDP answer

After initiating a BICC codec negotiation procedure towards the BICC CS network in response to receipt of a SIP message with an SDP offer from the IM CN subsystem, the MGCF shall suspend the SDP answer procedure until it receives codec information from the succeeding BICC serving node. If the succeeding serving node returns a successful response, the MGCF shall select a codec configuration for use on the bearer interface to the IM CN subsystem from the codecs in the SDP offer, format an SDP answer based on this selected codec, send the SDP answer to the offerer in the appropriate SIP message (e.g. 200 OK (UPDATE) or 200 OK (INVITE)), send an APM to the succeeding serving node with an Action indicator set to "successful codec modification", and complete bearer establishment procedures. To avoid allocating a transcoder at the IM-MGW, the MGCF should preferably select a codec for the IM CN subsystem by converting the Selected Codec from the BICC CS network into an SDP answer according to the procedures of subclause B.2.5, if allowed by the SDP offer/answer rules. Otherwise the MGCF should select the highest priority codec from the codecs in the received SDP offer supported by the IM-MGW for insertion in the SDP answer. Note that the MGCF stores the Available Codec List and does not send it to the offerer in the SDP answer.

If the succeeding serving node returns an Action indicator set to "mid-call codec negotiation failure", the MGCF either should send a 488 response to the SDP offerer indicating rejection of the initial SDP offer, or should select the highest priority codec from the codecs in the received SDP offer supported by the IM-MGW, format an SDP answer based on this selected codec, and send the SDP answer to the offerer in the appropriate SIP message. If the MGCF sends a 488 response to the SDP offerer, it should continue the call with the bearer configuration in place before initiating this codec negotiation procedure.

## B.2.4 Mid-call interworking from BICC to SIP at I-MGCF or O-MGCF

## B.2.4.1 Receipt of mid-call codec negotiation request

When the MGCF receives an APM with an Action indicator set to "mid-call codec negotiation", the MGCF shall follow the procedures of subclause B.2.5 to convert the Supported Codec List from the APM into an SDP offer for transmission in an appropriate SIP message (e.g. re-INVITE request) towards the IM CN subsystem, according to RFC 3264 [36], deleting those codecs not supported at the IM-MGW. When generating the SDP offer, the MGCF should include all codec configurations for which it can provide transcoding in addition to those converted from the Supported Codec List. The MGCF shall include at least one AMR codec configuration in the SDP offer.

## B.2.4.2 Responding to serving node initiating mid-call codec negotiation

The MGCF shall delay responding to the mid-call codec negotiation from the BICC CS network until it receives a response to the SDP offer from the IM CN subsystem. If the MGCF receives an SDP answer, it shall construct the Available Codec List for the BICC CS network from the list of codecs received in the Supported Codec List by removing codecs not supported at the IM-MGW, choose the Selected Codec for the BICC CS network from the codecs in the Available Codec List, and complete the mid-call codec negotiation procedure towards the preceding serving node according to subclause 10.4.5 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30]. The MGCF should choose the Selected Codec for the BICC CS network in such a way as to avoid transcoding at the IM-MGW and minimize speech degradation, if possible, according to subclause B.2.5. Otherwise the MGCF should choose the highest priority codec from the Available Codec List for the Selected Codec for the BICC CS network. If the MGCF receives an APM from the preceding serving node with an Action indicator set to "codec modification failure", then the MGCF may initiate a new SDP offer/answer exchange towards the IM CN subsystem in an attempt to recreate the bearer configuration in place before this codec negotiation procedure began.

If the MGCF receives a 488 response or other failure response (e.g. 3xx-6xx) to the SDP offer, either it should reject the mid-call codec negotiation from the BICC CS network by sending an APM with an Action indicator set to "mid-call codec negotiation failure" towards the preceding serving node, or it should continue as if it received an SDP answer with no change in codec selected for the IM CN subsystem. If the MGCF sends an APM with an Action indicator set to "mid-call codec negotiation failure", it should continue the call with the bearer configuration in place before initiating this codec negotiation procedure.

## B.2.4.3 Receipt of codec modification request

If the MGCF receives an APM from a BICC CS network that includes an Action indicator set to "modify codec" with no change in the selected codec, it shall act as a serving node terminating codec modification, according to subclause 10.4.2 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30], without interworking the procedure with the IM CN subsystem.

If the MGCF receives an APM from a BICC CS network that includes an Action indicator set to "modify codec" and the new selected codec in the message is different from the Selected Codec at the IM-MGW bearer interface to the BICC CS network, the MGCF either may act as a serving node terminating codec modification, according to subclause 10.4.2 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30], without interworking the procedure with the IM CN subsystem, or may follow the procedures of subclause B.2.5 to convert the new Available Codec List (with new priority order) from the APM into an SDP offer for transmission in an appropriate SIP message (e.g. re-INVITE request) towards the IM CN subsystem, according to RFC 3264 [36], deleting those codecs not supported at the IM-MGW. When generating the SDP offer, the MGCF should include all codec configurations for which it can provide transcoding in addition to those converted from the new Available Codec List. The MGCF shall include at least one AMR codec configuration in the SDP offer.

If the MGCF sends a SIP message with an SDP offer towards the IM CN subsystem in response to receipt of a BICC codec modification request, then it shall delay responding to the BICC codec modification request until it receives a response to the SDP offer from the IM CN subsystem. When the MGCF receives either an SDP answer or a rejection of the SDP offer within the appropriate SIP message (e.g. 200 OK (INVITE)) from the IM CN subsystem, it shall decide whether to accept or reject the BICC codec modification procedure and complete the procedure for a BICC serving node terminating codec modification, according to subclause 10.4.2 of ITU-T Q.1902.4 [30].

If the MGCF sends an APM with an Action indicator set to "codec modification failure" in response to receipt of a codec modification request, the preceding BICC serving node may retry the request with a mid-call codec negotiation using an APM including an Action indicator set to "mid-call negotiation" and a Supported Codec List with a new priority order encouraging selection of a new codec.

# B.2.5 Codec parameter translation between BICC CS network and the IM CN subsystem

The IM CN subsystem uses the Session Description Protocol (SDP, defined in IETF RFC 4566 [56]) to select and potentially re-negotiate the codec type and configuration and associated bearer format attributes to be used in the user plane. IETF RFC 3550 [51] defines the Real Time Protocol (RTP) for framing of all codecs in the user plane, IETF RFC 3551 [52] and IETF RFC 3555 [53] define the framing details for many of the ITU-T codecs, and IETF RFC 4867 [23] defines framing details for the AMR family of codecs. This subclause will focus only on codec-specific SDP parameters not already constrained by subclause 5.1.1 of 3GPP TS 26.236 [32]. The signalling plane of the IM CN subsystem uses SDP offer/answer procedures defined in IETF RFC 3264 [36] to select the desired codec type and configuration for the user plane from a prioritized list of codec types and configurations and to re-negotiate the user plane attributes as necessary.

The bearer independent CS network uses the Single Codec and Codec List information elements of the Application Transport Mechanism (APM) defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.765.5 [35] to negotiate (offer and select) and potentially re-negotiate the codec type and configuration and associated bearer format attributes to be used in the user plane. 3GPP TS 29.414 [25] and 3GPP TS 29.415 [26] define the IuFP framing protocol for all codecs in the user plane for both ATM and IP transport, and 3GPP TS 26.102 [50] provides the framing details for AMR and PCM family codecs. The Codec List information element of the APM comprises multiple instances of the Single Codec information element in priority order, as shown in figure 13 of ITU-T Recommendation Q.765.5 [35]. Figure 14 of ITU-T Recommendation Q.765.5 [35] defines the Single Codec information element for the ITU-T codecs. 3GPP TS 26.103 [57] defines the encoding of the Single Codec information element for the 3GPP codecs, and table 7.11.3.1.3-2 of 3GPP TS 28.062 [58] defines the preferred configurations of the narrowband AMR codecs (Config-NB-Code) for interoperation with TFO. The signalling plane of the bearer independent CS network uses the APM to negotiate the desired codec type and configuration for the user plane from the prioritized list of codec types and to renegotiate the user plane attributes as necessary.

The following subclauses define the translations between the SDP payload format parameters of the IM CN subsystem and the corresponding subfields of the Single Codec information element of the bearer independent CS network for certain 3GPP and ITU-T codecs. Following these translation rules will in many cases allow the IM-MGW to perform interworking between the framing protocols on the bearer interfaces to the BICC CS network and the IM CN subsystem without transcoding. Implementations may signal other codec types not listed herein or other codec configurations of codec types listed herein. Implementations may also choose to perform transcoding between codec configurations signalled separately for the bearer interfaces to the networks, if necessary, but voice quality may suffer.

## B.2.5.1 Codec parameters for 3GPP AMR-NB codecs

Table B.1 shows the correspondence between the codec format parameters in the Single Codec information element (3GPP TS 26.103 [57]) and the SDP for the 3GPP narrowband AMR codecs (IETF RFC 4867 [23]).

#### Table B.1: Mapping between Single Codec subfields and SDP parameters for 3GPP AMR-NB codecs

| Single   | SDP payload format parameters   |                           |                  |  |  |
|--|---|---------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Codec<br>IDentification  | ACS, SCS, OM, MACS  | Payload<br>Type<br>number | Encoding<br>name | Other Parameters<br>(NOTE 1) (NOTE 2)  |  |
| FR_AMR or<br>OHR_AMR or<br>HR_AMR  | OM=0 or<br>Selected Codec Type  | dynamic                   | AMR              | mode-set=values corresponding<br>to ACS (NOTE 3)                                       |  |
| FR_AMR or<br>OHR_AMR or<br>HR_AMR  | (OM=1 or OM not present) and<br>(Supported Codec List or Available<br>Codec List) | dynamic                   | AMR              | mode-set=select from values<br>corresponding to ACS, SCS and<br>MACS (NOTE 3)          |  |
| UMTS_AMR   | OM=0 or<br>Selected Codec Type  | dynamic                   | AMR              | mode-set=values corresponding to ACS   |  |
| UMTS_AMR   | (OM=1 or OM not present) and<br>(Supported Codec List or Available<br>Codec List) | dynamic                   | AMR              | mode-set=select from values<br>corresponding to ACS, SCS and<br>MACS (NOTE 4)          |  |
| UMTS_AMR_2   | OM=0 or<br>Selected Codec Type  | dynamic                   | AMR              | mode-set=values corresponding to ACS (NOTE 5)  |  |
| UMTS_AMR_2   | (OM=1 or OM not present) and<br>(Supported Codec List or Available<br>Codec List) | dynamic                   | AMR              | mode-set=select from values<br>corresponding to ACS, SCS and<br>MACS (NOTE 3) (NOTE 5) |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: Table 1 of IETF RFC 4867 [23] provides the correspondence between codec rates and AMR modes for use when generating the "mode-set" parameter. When all modes are selected for use, the "mode-set" parameter shall not be included in SDP.</li> <li>NOTE 2: SDP payload format configurations in this table with only one value in the "mode-set" parameter shall not include the "mode-change-period" and "mode-change-neighbor" parameters.</li> <li>NOTE 3: Payload types for FR_AMR, OHR_AMR and HR_AMR with more than one value in the "mode-set" parameter shall include the "mode-change-period=2", "mode-change-capability=2" parameters and should include the "mode-change-neighbor=1" parameter.</li> </ul>   |   |                           |                  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 4: IETF RFC 4867 [23] does not currently provide a mechanism to signal the SCS, MACS or OM parameters in SDP, nor does it distinguish between the different AMR-NB codec types. Each AMR-NB codec type in the Supported Codec List or the Available Codec List with OM=1 should be translated into a list of SDP payload formats in priority order, where each includes a "mode-set" parameter with a unique value derived from the ACS, SCS and MACS. Each "mode-set" should correspond to a codec configuration that is compatible with the given codec type according to the compatibility rules defined in clauses 11 and 12 of 3GPP TS 28.062 [58].</li> <li>NOTE 5: Payload types for UMTS_AMR_2 should include the "mode-change-period=2", "mode-change-capability=2" and "mode-change-neighbor=1" parameters, normally used for signalling GSM AMR codecs, to assure end-to-end interoperability with OoBTC and TFO. Its actual capabilities would otherwise be signalled without these parameters.</li> </ul> |   |                           |                  |  |  |

#### **Definitions:**

**Supported Codec List**: contains the offered Codec Types and Configuration-possibilities of the node initiating codec negotiation in BICC (see also 3GPP TS 23.153). The Supported Codec List is sent from the initiating node forward to the terminating node. The Supported Codec List corresponds to an SDP offer during codec negotiation.

**Available Codec List**: contains the offered Codec Types and Configuration-possibilities of the contiguous portion of the connection between initiating and terminating BICC nodes, including all intermediate nodes through the BICC network(s). The Available Codec List is sent from the BICC node terminating codec negotiation backward to the initiating node. The Available Codec List corresponds to information sometimes available in a first-round SDP answer. The Available Codec List might not represent an end-to-end view of the available Codec Types and Configuration-possibilities when traversing both BICC and SIP networks.

**Selected Codec Type**: is determined by the node terminating codec negotiation. It specifies exactly the Codec Type and one unique Codec Configuration for the call. The Selected Codec Type corresponds to the final SDP answer.

When translating from a Single Codec information element to the equivalent SDP payload format parameters, where either OM=0 (in the Supported or Available Codec List) or the information element is the Selected Codec Type, the SDP shall include a single payload type and any associated parameters from the corresponding row in table B.1. When translating from a Single Codec List, the SDP shall only include payload format parameters, where OM=1 in the Supported or Available Codec List, the SDP shall only include payload formats corresponding to Codec Configurations compatible with the offered ACS, SCS and MACS, according to table B.1. Since the number of compatible payload formats can be large, implementations should select a reasonable subset of the higher-priority payload formats for inclusion in the SDP. When translating a list of Single Codec information elements into SDP, duplicate payload types (matching on all parameters) shall be removed.

The following guidelines shall apply when translating from an SDP payload format specification to a Single Codec information element:

- If there is no "mode-set" parameter for a payload format in the SDP and the SDP is to be translated into a Supported or Available Codec List, then the corresponding Single Codec subfields shall be OM=1, MACS=8, all SCS modes offered, and ACS modes offered. Alternatively it is sufficient to specify only the Codec Type (see below) and omit the other parameters.
- If there is no "mode-set" parameter for a payload format in an SDP answer that is to be translated into a Selected Codec Type, then the corresponding Single Codec subfields shall be derived from the payload type in the SDP offer (to which the SDP answer was sent in response).
- If there is a "mode-set" parameter for a payload format in the SDP, then the corresponding Single Codec subfields shall be OM=0 and ACS modes selected according to the value of "mode-set". The SCS shall be set identical to the ACS and MACS shall be set to the number of modes in the ACS. If this "mode-set" does not represent a valid configuration for the Codec Type (determined by OoBTC procedures), then the payload format shall not be translated.
- If a payload format in an SDP offer that is to be translated into a Supported Codec List includes "mode-change-period=2" parameter or includes "mode-change-capability=2" parameter, then the Codec IDentification value for the corresponding Single Codec shall be FR\_AMR.
- If a payload format in an SDP answer that is to be translated into a Selected Codec Type or Available Codec List includes "mode-change-period=2", then the Codec IDentification value for the corresponding Single Codec shall be one of FR\_AMR, HR\_AMR, OHR\_AMR or UMTS\_AMR\_2, if offered in the Supported Codec List.
- If a payload format in an SDP offer that is to be translated into a Supported Codec List does not include "mode-change-period=2" parameter and does not include "mode-change-capability=2" parameter, then the Codec IDentification value for the corresponding Single Codec shall be UMTS\_AMR.
- If a payload format in an SDP answer that is to be translated into a Selected Codec Type or Available Codec List does not include "mode-change-period=2" parameter and does not include "mode-change-capability=2" parameter, then the Codec IDentification value for the corresponding Single Codec shall be one of UMTS\_AMR\_2, FR\_AMR, HR\_AMR, OHR\_AMR or UMTS\_AMR, if offered in the Supported Codec List.

## B.2.5.2 Codec parameters for 3GPP AMR-WB codecs

Table B.2 shows the correspondence between the codec format parameters in the Single Codec information element (3GPP TS 26.103 [57]) and the SDP for the 3GPP wideband AMR codecs (IETF RFC 4867 [23]).

be signalled without these parameters.

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| Single Codec inform  | nation element | SDP payload format parameters |                            |  |  |
|--|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Codec IDentification   | Config-WB-Code | Payload Type number           | Encoding name              | Other Parameters<br>(NOTE 1)                                       |  |
| FR_AMR-WB or<br>OHR_AMR-WB   | 0              | dynamic                       | AMR-WB                     | mode-set=0,1,2   |  |
| OFR_AMR-WB or<br>UMTS_AMR-WB   | 0              | dynamic                       | AMR-WB                     | mode-set=0,1,2<br>(NOTE 2)   |  |
| OFR_AMR-WB or<br>UMTS_AMR-WB   | 1              | dynamic<br>dynamic<br>dynamic | AMR-WB<br>AMR-WB<br>AMR-WB | mode-set=0,1,2<br>mode-set=0,1,2,8<br>mode-set=0,1,2,4<br>(NOTE 2) |  |
| OFR_AMR-WB or<br>UMTS_AMR-WB   | 2              | dynamic                       | AMR-WB                     | mode-set=0,1,2,4<br>(NOTE 2)                                       |  |
| OFR_AMR-WB or<br>UMTS_AMR-WB   | 3              | dynamic<br>dynamic<br>dynamic | AMR-WB<br>AMR-WB<br>AMR-WB | mode-set=0,1,2,4<br>mode-set=0,1,2,8<br>mode-set=0,1,2<br>(NOTE 2) |  |
| OFR_AMR-WB or<br>UMTS_AMR-WB   | 4              | dynamic                       | AMR-WB                     | mode-set=0,1,2,8<br>(NOTE 2)                                       |  |
| OFR_AMR-WB or<br>UMTS_AMR-WB   | 5              | dynamic<br>dynamic<br>dynamic | AMR-WB<br>AMR-WB<br>AMR-WB | mode-set=0,1,2,8<br>mode-set=0,1,2,4<br>mode-set=0,1,2<br>(NOTE 2) |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: Payload types for FR_AMR-WB, OHR_AMR-WB and OFR_AMR-WB shall include the "mode-change-period=2" and "mode-change-capability=2" parameters and should include the "mode-change-neighbor=1" parameter.</li> <li>NOTE 2: Payload types for UMTS_AMR-WB should include the "mode-change-period=2", "mode-change-capability=2" and "mode-change-neighbor=1" parameters, normally used for signalling GSM AMR-WB</li> </ul> |                |                               |                            |  |  |

Table B.2: Mapping between Single Codec subfields and SDP parameters for 3GPP AMR-WB codecs

When translating from a Single Codec information element to the equivalent SDP payload format parameters, the SDP shall include a distinct payload type and any associated parameters for each row in the table that matches the Config-WB-Code parameter. For example, OFR\_AMR-WB with Config-WB-Code=3 can generate three SDP payload types for AMR-WB, each including the "mode-change-period=2" parameter, the "mode-change-neighbor=1" parameter, and the "mode-set" parameter with value sets "0,1,2,4", "0,1,2,8", and "0,1,2", respectively. When translating a list of Single Codec information elements into SDP, duplicate payload types (matching on all parameters) shall be removed.

codecs, to assure end-to-end interoperability with OoBTC and TFO. Its actual capabilities would otherwise

The following guidelines shall apply when translating from one or more SDP payload format specifications to a Single Codec information element:

- Payload formats that match except for different values of "mode-set" shall be represented with the fewest values of Config-WB-Code, while retaining the priority represented by the order of the payload formats in the SDP. For example, three SDP payload types for AMR-WB, each including the "mode-change-period=2" parameter, the "mode-change-neighbor=1" parameter, and the "mode-set" parameter with value sets "0,1,2,4", "0,1,2,8", and "0,1,2", respectively, will generate Config-WB-Code=3.
- If there is no "mode-set" parameter for a payload format in the SDP and the SDP is to be translated into a Supported or Available Codec List, then the corresponding Single Codec shall have a Config-WB-Code value of 1.
- If there is no "mode-set" parameter for a payload format in an SDP answer that is to be translated into a Selected Codec Type, then the corresponding Config-WB-Code value shall be derived from the payload type in the SDP offer (to which the SDP answer was sent in response).
- If a payload format in an SDP offer that is to be translated into a Supported Codec List includes "mode-change-period=2" parameter or includes "mode-change-capability=2" parameter, then the Codec IDentification value for the corresponding Single Codec shall be OFR\_AMR-WB.
- If a payload format in an SDP answer is to be translated into a Selected Codec Type or Available Codec List, then the Codec IDentification value for the corresponding Single Codec shall be one of OFR\_AMR-WB, FR\_AMR-WB, OHR\_AMR-WB or UMTS\_AMR-WB, if offered in the Supported Codec List.

- If a payload format in an SDP offer that is to be translated into a Supported Codec List does not include "mode-change-period=2" parameter and does not include "mode-change-capability=2" parameter, then the payload format shall not be translated.

## B.2.5.3 Codec parameters for 3GPP non-AMR codecs

Table B.3 shows the correspondence between the codec format parameters in the Single Codec information element (3GPP TS 26.103 [57]) and the SDP for the 3GPP non-AMR codecs (IETF RFC 4867 [23], IETF RFC 3551 [52], IETF RFC 3555 [53] and IETF RFC 5993 [114]).

Table B.3: Mapping between Single Codec subfields and SDP parameters for 3GPP non-AMR codecs

| Single Codec information element  | SDP payload format parameters                            |  |   |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Codec IDentification  | Payload Type number                                      | Encoding name  | Other Parameters                              |  |
| GSM FR  | 3  | GSM  |   |  |
| GSM HR  | dynamic  | GSM-HR-08  |   |  |
| GSM EFR (NOTE 1)  | dynamic  | GSM-EFR  |   |  |
| GSM EFR (NOTE 2)  | dynamic  | AMR  | mode-set=7                                    |  |
| TDMA EFR (NOTE 2)   | dynamic  | AMR  | mode-set=4                                    |  |
| PDC EFR (NOTE 2)  | dynamic  | AMR  | mode-set=3                                    |  |
| NOTE 1: This translation for GSM EFF<br>supported by the IM-MGW.<br>NOTE 2: AMR DTX is not compatible<br>support these configurations<br>and frame encodings on the | with the DTX schemes for an without transcoding by provi | y of the codecs in this I<br>ding interworking betwe | ist. The IM-MGW may<br>een the DTX procedures |  |

## B.2.5.4 Codec parameters for ITU-T codecs

Table B.4 shows the correspondence between the codec format parameters in the Single Codec information element (Subclause 11.1.7 of ITU-T Q.765.5 [35]) and the SDP for the ITU-T codecs (Table 4 of RFC 3551 [52], and RFC 3555 [53]).

| Single Codec information element                          |  |                      | SDP payload format parameters |          |            |  |
|---|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|------------|--|
| Codec Type  | Codec Name   | Codec Configuration  | Payload Type                  | Encoding | Other      |  |
| subfield  |  | subfield (dcba)      | number                        | name     | Parameters |  |
| 0000001   | G.711 64 kbit/s A-law  | N/A                  | 8                             | PCMA     |            |  |
| 00000010  | G.711 64 kbit/s μ-law  | N/A                  | 0                             | PCMU     |            |  |
| 00000011  | G.711 56 kbit/s A-law  | N/A                  | N/A                           | N/A      |            |  |
| 00000100  | G.711 56 kbit/s μ-law  | N/A                  | N/A                           | N/A      |            |  |
| 00000101  | G.722 (SB-ADPCM)   | N/A                  | 9                             | G722     |            |  |
| 00000110  | G.723.1  | N/A                  | 4                             | G723     | annexa=no  |  |
| 00000111  | G.723.1 Annex A  | N/A                  | 4                             | G723     |            |  |
|   | (silence suppression)  |                      |                               |          |            |  |
| 00001000  | G.726 (ADPCM)  | xxx1                 | dynamic                       | G726-16  |            |  |
|   |  | xx1x                 | dynamic                       | G726-24  |            |  |
|   |  | x1xx                 | dynamic                       | G726-32  |            |  |
|   |  | 1xxx                 | dynamic                       | G726-40  |            |  |
| 00001001  | G.727 (Embedded<br>ADPCM)  | XXXX                 | N/A                           | N/A      |            |  |
| 00001010  | G.728  | 111                  | 15                            | G728     |            |  |
|   |  | (subsets of defined  |                               |          |            |  |
|   |  | rates not supported) |                               |          |            |  |
| 00001011  | G.729 (CS-ACELP)   | xx1                  | dynamic                       | G729D    | annexb=no  |  |
|   |  | x1x                  | 18                            | G729     | annexb=no  |  |
|   |  | 1xx                  | dynamic                       | G729E    | annexb=no  |  |
| 00001100  | G.729 Annex B  | xx1                  | dynamic                       | G729D    |            |  |
|   | (silence suppression)  | x1x                  | 18                            | G729     |            |  |
|   |  | 1xx                  | dynamic                       | G72"E"   |            |  |
| NOTE: An  | NOTE: An "x" in a bit position of the Codec Configuration subfield indicates a "don't care" value. The SDP |                      |                               |          |            |  |
| pay   | payload description for each listed codec includes a clock rate of 8000 Hz. TS 26.102 [50] only            |                      |                               |          |            |  |
| describes the BICC CS network framing for the PCM codecs. |  |                      |                               |          |            |  |

Table B.4: Mapping between Single Codec subfields and SDP parameters for ITU-T codecs

When translating from a Single Codec information element to the equivalent SDP payload format parameters, the SDP shall include a distinct payload type and any associated parameters for each matching instance of the Codec Configuration subfield. For example, G.726 (ADPCM) with Codec Configuration subfield "0101" shall generate SDP payload types for G726-32 and G726-16.

When translating from an SDP payload format specification to the Single Codec information element, each SDP payload type should be represented by one matching Single Codec information element. For example, SDP payload types for G729 and G729E may generate one Single Codec information element for "G.729 Annex B" with Codec Configuration subfield "110". The G729 and G729E codecs may alternately be represented by two Single Codec information elements for "G.729 Annex B" with Codec Configuration subfields "100" and "010", respectively, if it is necessary to indicate preference between them.

# B.3 MGCF – IM-MGW interaction during interworking of codec negotiation

## B.3.1 Basic IM CN subsystem originated session

This subclause shows an example of the interworking of codec negotiation between an IM CN subsystem and a BICC CS network during session establishment for an IM CN subsystem originated session. The example applies to BICC forward bearer establishment. Similar procedures apply to the other four versions of bearer establishment procedure applicable to the BICC CS network. The exchange of codec information is identical in all five cases, but there are differences in the sequence of operations associated with bearer establishment within the BICC CS network.

## B.3.1.1 BICC forward bearer establishment

## B.3.1.1.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF shall select an IM-MGW for the bearer connection before it performs the CS network side bearer establishment. This may happen either before sending the IAM or after receiving the APM message (signal 3 or signal 4 in figure B.1). In the latter case, the IM-MGW selection may be based on a possibly received MGW-id from the succeeding node.

## B.3.1.1.2 CS network side bearer establishment

The MGCF shall either select bearer characteristics or request the IM-MGW to select and provide the bearer characteristics for the CS network side bearer connection before sending the IAM. In the latter case the MGCF shall use the Prepare Bearer procedure, not shown in figure B.1, to request the IM-MGW to select the bearer characteristics. After the succeeding node has provided a bearer address and a binding reference in the APM, the MGCF shall use the Establish Bearer procedure to request the IM-MGW to establish a bearer towards the destination CS-MGW. The MGCF shall provide the IM-MGW with the bearer address, the binding reference and the bearer characteristics (signal 5 in figure B.1).

## B.3.1.1.3 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

When the MGCF receives the Selected Codec from the succeeding serving node in the CS network (signal 4 in figure B.1) and selects a codec for use in the IM CN subsystem, the MGCF shall initiate the Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources procedure (signal 7 and 8 in figure B.1). From the received SDP and selected configuration data the MGCF:

- Shall send the appropriate remote codec(s), the remote UDP port and the remote IP address to the IM-MGW. The remote UDP port and IP address refer to the destination of user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem. The remote codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select for user plane data sent towards the IM CN subsystem.
- Shall indicate to the IM-MGW the appropriate local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port. The local IP address and UDP port are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The local codec(s) are the codec(s) the IM-MGW may select to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem.
- If DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".

#### The IM-MGW

- Shall reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected remote codec(s) and the selected local UDP port and IP address.
- Shall reserve resources for those codec(s).

The MCGF shall send the local codec(s), UDP port and IP address to the IMS in the Session Progress (signal 9 in figure B.1).

## B.3.1.1.4 Through-connection

During the Prepare Bearer and Establish Bearer procedures, the MGCF shall either use the Change Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the BICC terminations, or the MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the BICC termination already on this stage (signal 5 in figure B.1). During the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signal 7 in figure B.1).

When the MGCF receives the BICC:ANM answer indication, it shall request the IM-MGW to both-way throughconnect the termination using the Change Through-Connection or Change IMS Through-Connection procedures (signal 20 in figure B.1), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

## B.3.1.1.5 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

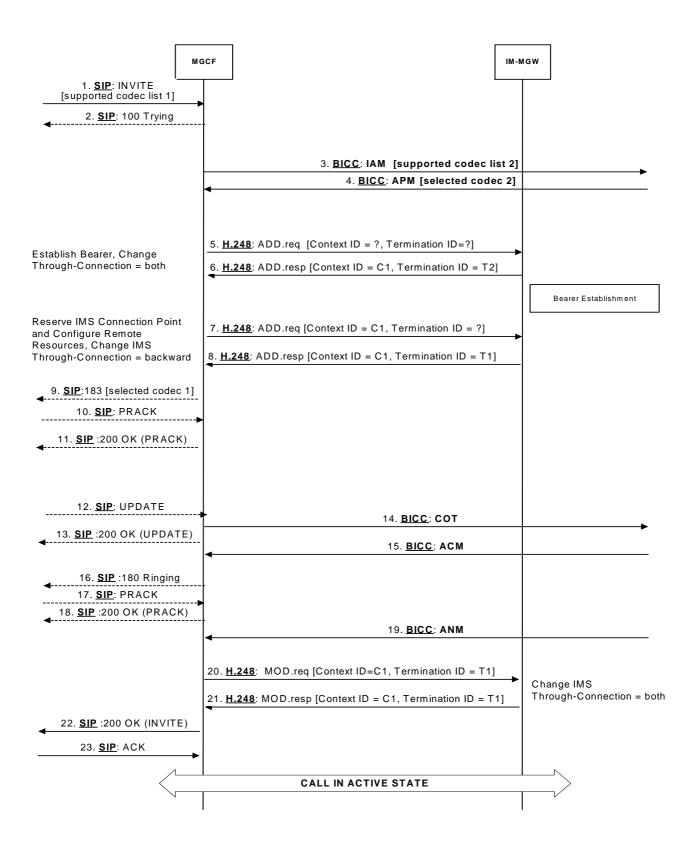
## B.3.1.1.6 Failure handling in MGCF

If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully the default action by the MGCF is to release the session, as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.7.

NOTE: As an implementation option the MGCF may also decide for example to only release the resources in the IM-MGW that caused the failure, possibly select a new IM-MGW for the connection and continue the call establishment using new resources in the selected IM-MGW but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

## B.3.1.1.7 Message sequence chart

Figure B.1 shows the message sequence chart for the IM CN subsystem originating session with BICC forward bearer establishment where the selection of IM-MGW is done after receipt of the APM. The MGCF then requests the seizure of a CS network side bearer termination and the establishment of the bearer. When the MGCF receives an answer indication, it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations.



# Figure B.1: Basic IM CN Subsystem originating session, BICC forward bearer establishment (message sequence chart)

## B.3.2 Basic CS network originated session

This subclause shows an example of the interworking of codec negotiation between a BICC CS network and an IM CN subsystem during session establishment for a BICC CS network originated session. The example applies to BICC forward bearer establishment. Similar procedures apply to the other four versions of bearer establishment procedure applicable to the BICC CS network. The exchange of codec information is identical in all five cases, but there are differences in the sequence of operations associated with bearer establishment within the BICC CS network.

## B.3.2.1 BICC forward bearer establishment

## B.3.2.1.1 IM-MGW selection

The MGCF shall select an IM-MGW for the bearer connection before it performs the IM CN subsystem session establishment or the CS network side bearer establishment.

## B.3.2.1.2 IM CN subsystem side termination reservation

The MGCF shall derive from the codec negotiation procedure one or several appropriate local codec(s) the IM-MGW may use to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. The MGCF shall use the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure (signals 2 and 3 in figure B.2/1). Within this procedure, the MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) and request a local IP address and UDP port from the IM-MGW. The local IP address and UDP port are used by the IM-MGW to receive user plane data from the IM CN subsystem. If DTMF support together with speech support is required, or if the resources for multiple speech codecs shall be reserved at this stage, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".

The IM-MGW shall reply to the MGCF with the selected local codec(s) and the selected local IP address and UDP port.

The MGCF shall send this information in the INVITE (signal 4 in figure B.2/1) to the IM CN subsystem.

#### B.3.2.1.3 IM CN subsystem side session establishment

The MGCF shall use the Configure IMS Resources procedure (signals 7 and 8 in figure B.2/1) to provide configuration data (derived from SDP received in signal 6 in figure B.2/1 and the codec negotiation procedure) to the IM-MGW as detailed below:

- The MGCF shall indicate the remote IP address and UDP port, i.e. the destination IP address and UDP port for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem,
- The MGCF shall indicate the remote codec(s), i.e. the speech codec(s) for data sent in the user plane towards the IM CN subsystem.
- The MGCF may indicate the local codec(s) and the local IP address and UDP port. The MGCF shall indicate the local codec(s) if a change is required.
- IF DTMF support together with speech support is required, the reserve value indicator shall be set to "true".

The IM-MGW shall reply with the selected remote codec(s) and reserve resources for these codec(s). If local codec(s) were received, the IM-MGW shall also reply with the selected local codec(s) and reserve the corresponding resources.

If the selected local codec(s) differ from the codec(s) received in the SDP of signal 6 in figure B.2/1, the MGCF shall send the local reserved codec(s), and the local IP address and UDP port in the PRACK (signal 9 in figure B.2/1) to the IMS.

## B.3.2.1.4 CS network side bearer establishment

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to prepare for the CS network side bearer establishment using the Prepare Bearer procedure (signals 11 and 12 in figure B.2/1). Within this procedure, the MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to provide a bearer address, a binding reference and optionally notify when the bearer is established. The MGCF shall also provide the IM-MGW with the bearer characteristics determined by the codec negotiation procedure. After the IM-MGW has replied with the bearer address and the binding reference, the MGCF provides the APM message (signal 13 in figure B.2/1) to the preceding node. The MGCF may also provide the IM-MGW-id in the APM message.

## B.3.2.1.5 Called party alerting

The MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to provide an awaiting answer indication (ringing tone) to the calling party using the Send Tone procedure (signals 21 and 22 in figure B.2/1), when the following condition is satisfied:

- the MGCF receives the first 180 Ringing message

## B.3.2.1.6 Called party answer

When the MGCF receives a 200 OK message (signal 23 in figure B.2/2), it shall request the IM-MGW to stop providing the ringing tone to the calling party using the Stop Tone procedure (signals 26 and 27 in figure B.2/2).

## B.3.2.1.7 Through-Connection

During the Prepare Bearer procedure, the MGCF shall either use the Change Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the BICC termination, or the MGCF shall use this procedure to both-way through-connect the BICC termination already on this stage (signals 11 and 12 in figure B.2/1). During the Reserve IMS Connection Point procedure, the MGCF shall use the Change IMS Through-Connection procedure to request the IM-MGW to backward through-connect the IMS termination (signals 2 and 3 in figure B.2/1).

When the MGCF receives the SIP 200 OK(INVITE) (signal 23 in figure B.2/2), it requests the IM-MGW to both-way through-connect the terminations using the Change IMS Through-Connection or Change Through-Connection procedures (signals 28 and 29 in figure B.2/2), unless those terminations are already both-way through-connected.

## B.3.2.1.8 Codec handling

The IM-MGW may include a speech transcoder based upon the speech coding information provided to each termination.

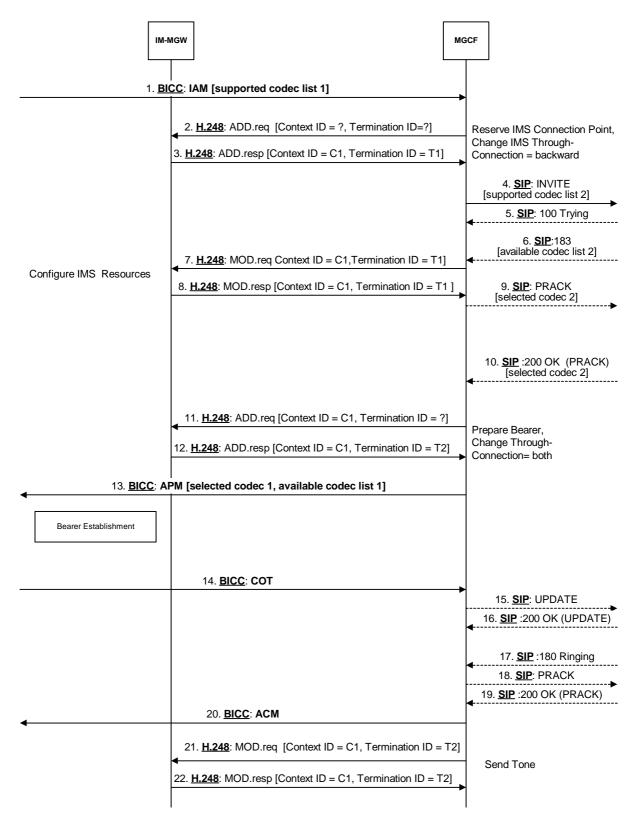
## B.3.2.1.9 Failure handling in MGCF

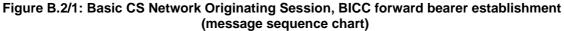
If any procedure between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is not completed successfully, the default action by the MGCF is to release the session as described in subclause 9.2.6. If the MGCF receives a Bearer Released procedure from the IM-MGW the default action by the MGCF is to release the session, as described in subclause 9.2.7.

NOTE: As an implementation option the MGCF may also decide for example to only release the resources in the IM-MGW that caused the failure, possibly select a new IM-MGW for the connection and continue the call establishment using new resources in the selected IM-MGW but such handling is outside of the scope of the present document.

## B.3.2.1.10 Message sequence chart

Figures B.2/1 and B.2/2 show the message sequence chart for the CS network originating session with BICC forward bearer establishment.





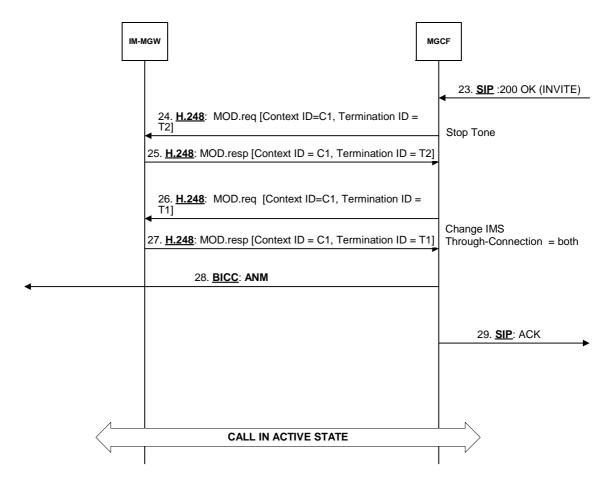


Figure B.2/2: Basic CS Network Originating Session, BICC forward bearer establishment (message sequence chart continued)

## B.3.3 CS network initiated mid-call codec negotiation

Figure B.3 shows the CS network initiated mid-call codec negotiation procedure interworking with the IM CN subsystem. When the MGCF selects the codecs for the CS network and the IM CN subsystem (after signal 3 in figure B.3), the MGCF shall modify the CS network termination and the IM CN subsystem termination on the IM-MGW to conform to the newly selected configuration data on the two interfaces. The MGCF may perform bearer operations (not shown) at the IM-MGW before interworking the initial codec modification request (signal 2 in figure B.3) to determine new connection information, if necessary, or to verify resource availability.

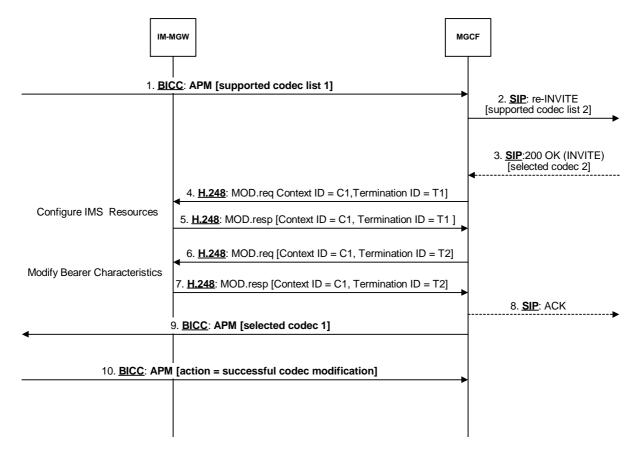


Figure B.3: CS network initiated mid-call codec negotiation (message sequence chart)

## B.3.4 IM CN subsystem initiated mid-call codec negotiation

Figure B.4 shows the IM CN subsystem initiated mid-call codec negotiation procedure interworking with a BICC CS network. When the MGCF selects the codecs for the CS network and the IM CN subsystem (after signal 3 in figure B.4), the MGCF shall modify the CS network termination and the IM CN subsystem termination on the IM-MGW to conform to the newly selected configuration data on the two interfaces. The MGCF may perform bearer operations (not shown) at the IM-MGW before interworking the initial codec modification request (signal 2 in figure B.3) to determine new connection information, if necessary, or to verify resource availability. The MGCF may also perform bearer operations (not shown) at the IM-MGW after sending the final APM (signal 8 in figure B.4) to modify transport bandwidth, if necessary.

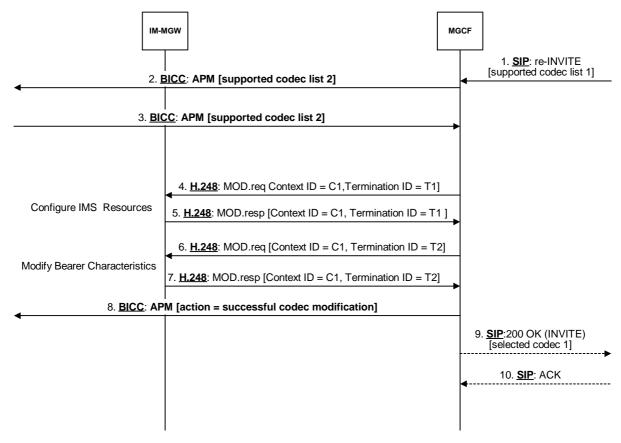


Figure B.4: IM CN subsystem initiated mid-call codec negotiation (message sequence chart)

# Annex C (normative): Interworking of CPC parameter

The CPC extension to tel-URI Parameter is defined in subclause 7.2A.12 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]. The SIP "Accept-Language" header is defined in IETF RFC 3261 [19].

# C.1 Interworking SIP to ISUP

Table C.1.1 shows the mapping of a "cpc" URI parameter received within tel URI or the userinfo part of SIP URI with user="phone" in a P-Asserted-Identity header in the initial INVITE request to the Calling party's category parameter in the ISUP IAM. When the "cpc" URI parameter value "operator" is received the I-MGCF shall use an Accept-Language header field to determine the value of the Calling party's category parameter.

#### Table C.1.1: Mapping of the CPC parameter to the ISUP Calling party's category parameter

| SIP Parameters   |                     | ISUP Parameters  |  |
|--|---------------------|--|--|
| "cpc" URI parameter in<br>P-Asserted-Identity (NOTE 2) | Accept-<br>Language | Calling party's category   |  |
| operator   | fr                  | operator, language French  |  |
| operator   | en                  | operator, language English   |  |
| operator   | de                  | operator, language German  |  |
| operator   | ru                  | operator, language Russian   |  |
| operator   | es                  | operator, language Spanish   |  |
| ordinary   |                     | ordinary calling subscriber  |  |
| test   |                     | test call  |  |
| payphone   |                     | payphone   |  |
| unknown  |                     | calling party's category unknown at this time (national use)   |  |
| mobile-hplmn   |                     | mobile terminal located in the home PLMN   |  |
| mobile-vplmn   |                     | mobile terminal located in a visited PLMN  |  |
| emergency  |                     | emergency service call per ANSI Standard ATIS-1000113.2005 [117] (NOTE 1)                                  |  |
| national network.                                      | •                   | alue. Interworking shall only occur when interconnecting with indicated                                    |  |
| •  | •                   | absent or contains values that are not mapped per this table then the value "ordinary calling subscriber". |  |

In case the Accept-Language header field is not received or contains values that are not in this table then based on operator policy the Calling party's category parameter shall contain the CPC value "operator, language X" (where X is one of the following languages: French, English, German, Russian or Spanish) or national/regional specific value.

# C.2 Interworking ISUP to SIP

Table C.2.1 shows the mapping of a Calling party's category received in an ISUP IAM to a "cpc" URI parameter within tel URI or the userinfo part of SIP URI with user="phone" in the P-Asserted-Identity header. When the Calling party's category parameter value "operator, language x" is received the O-MGCF shall generate an Accept-Language header field with the value that corresponds to language x.

#### Table C.2.1: Mapping of the ISUP Calling party's category parameter to the CPC parameter

| ISUP Parameter  | SIP Parameters                                 |                     |  |  |
|---|--|---------------------|--|--|
| calling party's category  | "cpc" URI parameter in P-<br>Asserted-Identity | Accept-<br>Language |  |  |
| operator, language French   | operator                                       | fr                  |  |  |
| operator, language English  | operator                                       | en                  |  |  |
| operator, language German   | operator                                       | de                  |  |  |
| operator, language Russian  | operator                                       | ru                  |  |  |
| operator, language Spanish  | operator                                       | es                  |  |  |
| ordinary calling subscriber   | ordinary                                       |                     |  |  |
| test call   | test   |                     |  |  |
| payphone  | payphone                                       |                     |  |  |
| calling party's category unknown at this time (national use)  | unknown  |                     |  |  |
| mobile terminal located in the home PLMN  | mobile-hplmn                                   | -                   |  |  |
| mobile terminal located in a visited PLMN   | mobile-vplmn                                   |                     |  |  |
| emergency service call per ANSI Standard ATIS-1000113.2005 [117] (NOTE 1)   | emergency                                      |                     |  |  |
| NOTE 1: This is a national/regional specific value. Interworking shall only occur when interconnecting with indicated<br>national network.  |  |                     |  |  |
| NOTE 2: In case the calling party's category contains values that are not in this table then based on operator policy the "cpc" URI parameter may be omitted or may contain national/regional specific value. |  |                     |  |  |

# Annex D: Void

# Annex E (normative): Multimedia interworking between the IP Multimedia Core Network (CN) Subsystem (IMS) and Circuit Switched (CS) networks

# E.1 Basic Multimedia calls interworking between the IMS and CS Networks scenarios

The Interworking between Circuit switched multimedia telephony service, as described in 3GPP TS 26.110 [78] and 3GPP TS 26.111 [79], and packet switched multimedia services, as described in 3GPP TS 26.235 [80] and 3GPP TS 26.236 [32] is addressed.

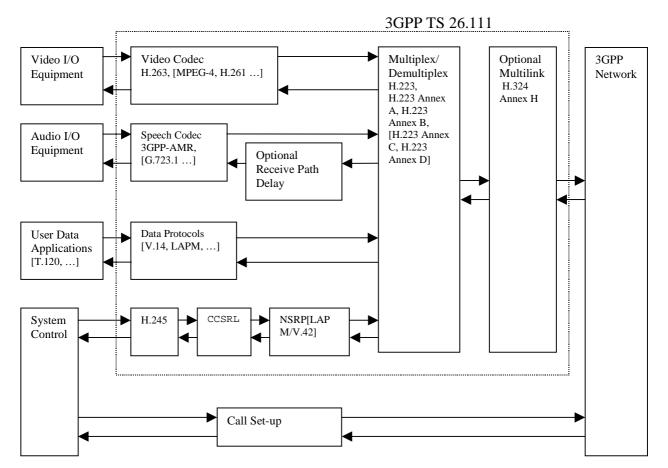


Figure E.1.1.1 Overview of relevant CS-Domain Protocols (from 3GPP TS 26.110 [78])

# E.2 Control plane interworking

## E.2.1 General

In addition to the control plane Interworking between SIP and ISUP or BICC, interactions between the H.245 signalling at the CS side and SIP/SDP signalling are described.

The establishment of the H.223 multiplexing protocol and the subsequent H.245 signalling procedures take place after the set-up and both-way through-connection of the CS bearer.

## E.2.2 Functionalities required in the MGCF for multimedia calls support

In addition to the control plane Interworking between SIP and ISUP or BICC, the MGCF needs to mediate interactions between the H.245 signalling or MONA (Media Oriented Negotiation Acceleration) procedures at the CS side and SIP/SDP signalling at the IMS side. The interactions between H.245 signalling or MONA procedures and SIP/SDP signalling should aim at avoiding media transcoding by selecting the same codec for the CS side and the PS side.

NOTE: Detailed procedures for the mapping between SDP parameters and H.245 parameters are not specified in the present release.

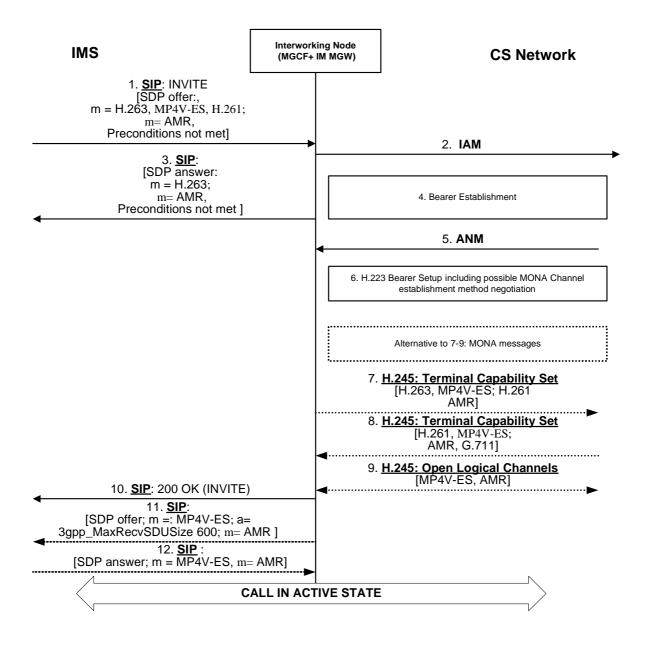
## E.2.3 IM CN subsystem originated session

## E.2.3.1 Preconditions used at IMS side

## E.2.3.1.1 Interactions between H.245 or MONA and SIP/SDP

Figure E.2.3.1.1.1 shows examples of interactions between H.245 or MONA procedures and SIP/SDP for IM CN subsystem originated session. Most SIP and ISUP or BICC messages are intentionally omitted, since the SDP may be embedded in various SIP messages and since the in-band H.245 Messages are not tightly coupled with out-of-band ISUP or BICC messages.

Figure E.2.3.1.1.1 assumes that the IMS peer uses the SIP precondition extension to indicate that preconditions have not yet been met.



# Figure E.2.3.1.1.1: Interactions between H.245 and SIP/SDP for IM CN subsystem originated session IMS peer indicates unmet local preconditions

Upon receipt of a SIP INVITE request containing speech and video Codecs (signal 1 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1) the Interworking Node (consisting of MGCF and IM-MGW) starts the call set-up for multimedia call at the CS side by sending an IAM requesting an UDI bearer (signal 2 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1).

If SDP local preconditions, which are not yet met, are contained in signal 1, the Interworking node should immediately send an SDP answer to allow for the IMS-side bearer set-up to progress. The Interworking node selects codecs supported by the IM-MGW and likely to be supported within the CS network and communicates the selected codecs towards the IMS side within an SDP answer message (signal 3 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1). If theses codecs are contained in the SDP offer, the Interworking Node should select the H.263 codec and may select other codec from the SDP offer in addition. The interworking node should include a b:AS bandwidth modifier with a bandwidth suitable for the selected codec(s), but not higher than 64kbit/s plus RTP/UDP/IP overhead, in the SDP answer to request that the peer does not send media with a higher bandwidth.

The Interworking Node shall engage in an H.223 bearer setup (step 6 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1). If the interworking Node supports MONA (Media Oriented Negotiation Acceleration), it shall first attempt a MONA Channel establishment method negotiation according to Annex K of ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81]. If the interworking node does not support MONA, it shall use the multiplexing level negotiation procedures of Annex C of H.324 [81]. If the

Interworking Node supports MONA, but the remote peer does not do so, a fallback to the multiplexing level negotiation procedures of Annex C of H.324 [81] will occur.

If both the Interworking Node and the remote CS terminal support MONA procedures, the MONA procedures as per ITU-T Recommendation H.324 Annex K [81] may be used to replace the H.245 negotiation (signals 7 - 9) as shown in figure E.2.3.1.1.

If MONA procedures are not used, the following applies:

- After the completion of the H.223 bearer setup at the CS side, the Interworking Node shall send a Terminal Capability Set message describing its own capabilities (signal 7 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1). Unless the Interworking Node supports transcoding, the Interworking Node shall only send codecs that have been offered at the IM CN subsystem side (as received in signal 1 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1) within this message.
- The Interworking Node will receive an H.245 Terminal Capability Set message describing the supported Codecs at the peer's side (signal 8 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1).
- The codecs contained both in the sent and received terminal capability set messages may be selected at the CS side. The final decision of the selected codecs at the CS side is taken when the H.245 open logical Channels message (signal 9 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1) is sent or received. The direction of this message is determined by the H.245 master-slave determination procedure.

If the Interworking Node does not transcode, it should indicate the codecs selected within the H.245 negotiation (signal 11 in figure E.2.3.1.1.1) or within the MONA procedures and enable any media that have previously been put on hold at the IMS side after the completion of the H.245 negotiation or MONA procedures.

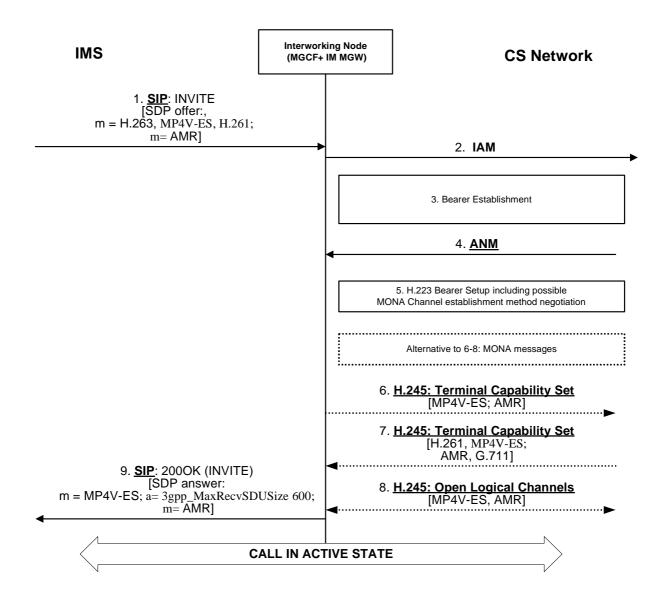
The interworking node should include in step 11 of figure E.2.3.1.1.1 the SDP "a" attribute "3gpp\_MaxRecvSDUSize" indicating the maximum SDU size of the application data that can be transmitted to the receiver without segmentation, as specified in subclause 12.2.4.6 of 3GPP TS 26.114 [104].

### E.2.3.2 Preconditions not used at IMS side

#### E.2.3.2.1 Interactions between H.245 or MONA and SIP/SDP

Figure E.2.3.2.1.1 shows examples of interactions between H.245 or MONA procedures and SIP/SDP for IM CN subsystem originated session. Most SIP and ISUP or BICC messages are intentionally omitted, since the SDP may be embedded in various SIP messages and since the in-band H.245 Messages are not tightly coupled with out-of-band ISUP or BICC messages.

Figure E.2.3.2.1.1 assumes that the IMS peer does not use the SIP precondition extension.



# Figure E.2.3.2.1.1 Interactions between H.245 and SIP/SDP for IM CN subsystem originated session IMS peer does not use SIP preconditions.

Upon receipt of a SIP INVITE request containing speech and video Codecs (signal 1 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1) the Interworking Node (consisting of MGCF and IM-MGW) starts the call set-up for multimedia call at the CS side by sending an IAM requesting an UDI bearer (signal 2 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1).

If no unmet local SDP preconditions are contained in signal 1, the Interworking node should defer sending an SDP answer until the H.245 negotiation or MONA procedures is/are completed.

The Interworking Node shall engage in an H.223 bearer setup (step 5 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1). If the interworking Node supports MONA (Media Oriented Negotiation Acceleration), it shall first attempt a MONA Channel establishment method negotiation according to Annex K of ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81]. If the interworking node does not support MONA, it shall use the multiplexing level negotiation procedures of Annex C of H.324 [81]. If the Interworking Node supports MONA, but the remote peer does not do so, a fallback to the multiplexing level negotiation procedures of Annex C of H.324 [81] will occur.

If both the Interworking Node and the remote CS terminal support MONA procedures, the MONA procedures as per ITU-T Recommenation H.324 [81] Annex K may be used to replace the H.245 negotiation (signals 6 - 8) as shown in figure E.2.3.2.1.1.

If MONA procedures are not used, the following applies:

- After the completion of the H.223 bearer setup at the CS side, the Interworking Node shall send a Terminal Capability Set message describing its own capabilities (signal 6 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1). Unless the Interworking Node supports transcoding, the Interworking Node shall only send codecs that have been offered at the IM CN subsystem side (as received in signal 1 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1) within this message.
- The Interworking Node will receive an H.245 Terminal Capability Set message describing the supported Codecs at the peer's side (signal 7 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1).
- The codecs contained both in the sent and received terminal capability set message may be selected at the CS side. The final decision of the selected codecs at the CS side is taken when the H.245 open logical Channels message (signal 8 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1) is sent or received. The direction of this message is determined by the H.245 master-slave determination procedure.

If the Interworking Node does not transcode, it shall send an SDP answer (signal 9 in figure E.2.3.2.1.1) indicating the codecs selected within the H.245 negotiation or within the MONA procedures after the completion of the H.245 negotiation or MONA procedures. The interworking node should include a b:AS bandwidth modifier with a bandwidth suitable for the selected codec(s), but not higher than 64kbit/s plus RTP/UDP/IP overhead, in the SDP answer to request that the peer does not send media with a higher bandwidth.

The interworking node should include in Step 9 of figure E.2.3.2.1.1 the SDP "a" attribute "3gpp\_MaxRecvSDUSize" indicating the maximum SDU size of the application data that can be transmitted to the receiver without segmentation, as specified in subclause 12.2.4.6 of 3GPP TS 26.114 [104].

### E.2.3.3 Fallback to speech at session establishment

If SCUDIF Fallback (see 3GPP TS 23.172 [121]) occurs on the CS side, the APM message contains a speech codec as "Selected Codec". The MGCF shall then disable the video "m-line" in the first SDP answer, if not yet sent, and complete the call-setup in the same way as for a normal speech call. If the SDP answer was already sent (precondition used), the MGCF shall update the SIP session to speech by sending a SIP UPDATE message with a relevant SDP.

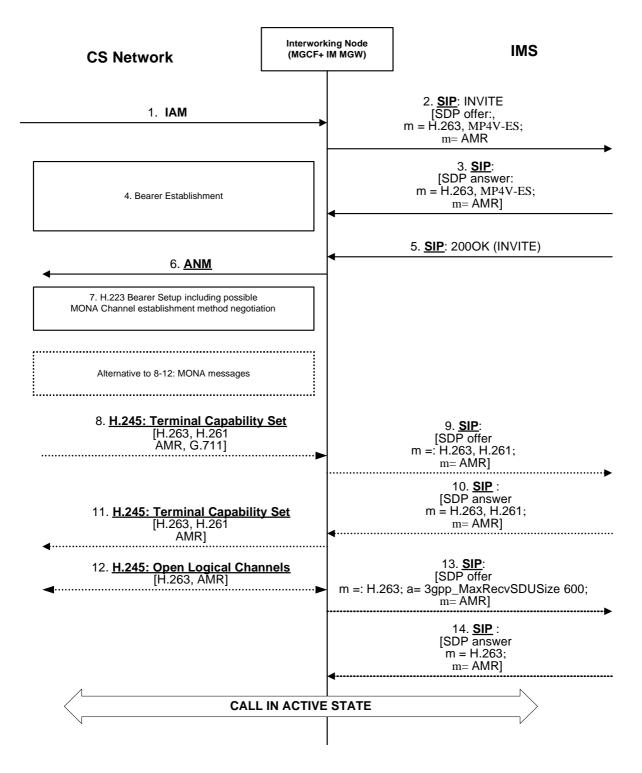
If in a non-SCUDIF case (ISUP or BICC without SCUDIF) the called CS terminal or network rejects the video call setup by sending a REL message to the MGCF, the MGCF releases the CS video call being established, re-establishes the CS call in a speech only mode sending a new IAM with a speech BCIE to the CS network and updates the IM CN leg codecs to a speech only codec. Then the call/session continues as in a speech only case. If the interworking node does not support the fallback, it shall release the session.

### E.2.4 CS network originated session

#### E.2.4.1 Interactions between SIP/SDP and H.245 or MONA

#### E.2.4.1.1 Normal Call setup

Figure E.2.4.1.1 shows examples of interactions between H.245 or MONA and SIP/SDP for the CS network originated session. Most SIP and ISUP or BICC messages are intentionally omitted, since the SDP may be embedded in various SIP messages and since the in-band H.245 Messages are not tightly coupled with out-of-band ISUP or BICC messages.



NOTE: Messages 3 and 5 may be combined in some scenarios.

#### Figure E.2.4.1.1: Interactions between H.245 and SIP/SDP for CS network originated session

Upon receipt of an IAM request for a multimedia Call (signal 1 in figure E.2.4.1.1) the Interworking Node (consisting of MGCF and IM-MGW) starts the call set-up for multimedia call at the IM CN subsystem side by sending an INVITE request (signal 2 in figure E.2.4.1.1). For the INVITE request, the Interworking Node selects codecs supported by the IM-MGW and likely to be supported within the CS Network. The Interworking Node should select the H.263 codec and may select other codec in addition. The interworking node should add a b:AS bandwidth modifier with a bandwidth suitable for the selected codec(s), but not higher than 64kbit/s plus RTP/UDP/IP overhead, in the SDP offer to request that the peer does not send media with a higher bandwidth.

NOTE: The SDP coding to express that either a combined voice and video call, or a voice call, or a Clearmode codec, or some other data call is desired is not defined in the present release.

The Interworking Node shall engage in an H.223 bearer setup (step 7 in figure E.2.4.1.1). If the interworking Node supports MONA (Media Oriented Negotiation Acceleration), it shall first attempt a MONA Channel establishment method negotiation according to Annex K of ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81]. If the interworking node does not support MONA, it shall use the multiplexing level negotiation procedures of Annex C of H.324 [81]. If the Interworking Node supports MONA, but the remote peer does not do so, a fallback to the multiplexing level negotiation procedures of Annex C of H.324 [81] will occur.

If both the Interworking Node and the remote CS terminal support MONA procedures, the MONA procedures as per ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81] Annex K may be used to replace the H.245 negotiation (signals 8, 11 and 12) as shown in figure E.2.4.1.1. Furthermore, the SIP codec renegotiation in signals 9 and 10 is then also not applicable.

If MONA procedures are not used, the following applies:

- After the completion of the H.223 bearer setup at the CS side the Interworking Node will receive a H.245 Terminal Capability Set message describing the supported Codecs at the peer's side (signal 8 in figure E.2.4.1.1).
- Due to information received in a Terminal Capability Set message (signal 8 in figure E.2.4.1.1), the Interworking node may send an SDP offer at the IMS side (signal 9 in figure E.2.4.1.1), to offer additional codecs supported at the CS side but not contained in the first SDP offer (signal 2 in figure E.2.4.1.1), or to restrict the selected codecs at the IMS side to codecs which are available at the CS side.
- NOTE: It is not clear if the addition of codecs not included in previous SDP exchange has any impacts on IMS procedures, e.g. resource reservation related procedures.
- The Interworking Node shall send a Terminal Capability Set message describing its own capabilities (signal 11 in figure E.2.4.1.1). Unless the Interworking Node supports transcoding, the Interworking node shall only send codecs that are also negotiated at the IM CN subsystem side (as received in signal 3 in figure E.2.4.1.1) within this message. The Interworking Node may defer sending the Terminal Capability Set message for some time to attempt to receive the peer's Terminal Capability set message and perform a possible IMS-side codec renegotiation. However, to avoid blocking situations, the Interworking Node shall not defer sending the Terminal Capability Set message for an excessive period of time.
- The codecs contained both in the sent and received Terminal Capability Set message may be selected at the CS side. The final decision of the selected codecs at the CS side is taken when the H.245 open logical Channels message (signal 12 in figure E.2.4.1.1) is sent or received. The direction of this message is determined by the H.245 master-slave determination procedure.

If the Interworking Node does not transcode, it should indicate the codecs selected within the H.245 negotiation or within MONA procedures after the completion of the H.245 negotiation (signal 13 in figure E.2.4.1.1) or MONA procedures.

The interworking node should include in Step 11 of figure E.2.4.1.1 the SDP "a" attribute "3gpp\_MaxRecvSDUSize" indicating the maximum SDU size of the application data that can be transmitted to the receiver without segmentation, as specified in subclause 12.2.4.6 of 3GPP TS 26.114 [104].

# E.2.4.1.2 Call setup if multimedia call can not be recognized in an unambiguous manner

If the Interworking Node is not able to determine from the information within the IAM request whether a multimedia call or some other type of data call is requested (for example, if only TMR=UDI but no BC IE is contained in the IAM), the Interworking Node may also include appropriate codecs for other possible types of data call it supports in the INVITE request. If video and audio codecs are contained in the first SDP answer (signal 3), the Interworking Node should continue to attempt to set up a multimedia call as described in subclause E.2.4.1.1. Otherwise, calls are set up as described in subclause 7.2.3.2.

### E.2.4.1.3 Fallback to speech during call setup

The called party can reject the video component in the SDP offer (signal 2 in figure E.2.4.1.1) by returning an SDP answer where the video related m-line is disabled (in signal 3 in figure E.2.4.1.1).

If the MGCF receives an SDP answer during call setup where the video related m-line is disabled, it shall react as follows:

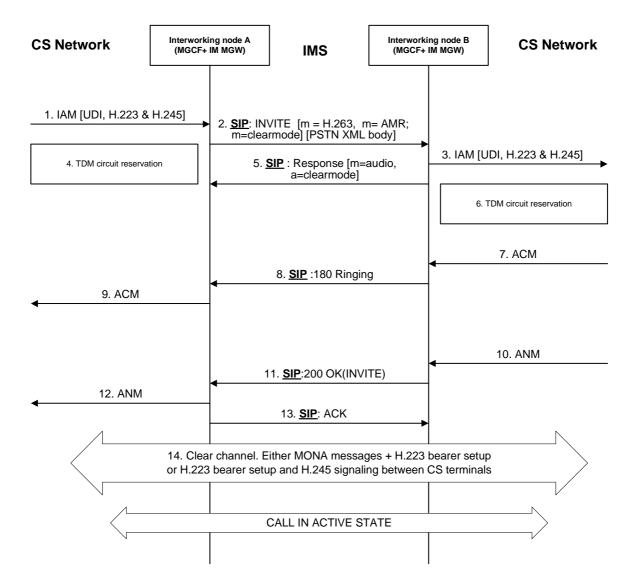
- If the MGCF has received a SCUDIF call setup from the CS side (MuMe and speech codecs in IAM message, see 3GPP TS 23.172 [121]), the MGCF shall apply a SCUDIF fallback to speech on the CS side. The MGCF shall use a speech codec as Selected Codec and exclude the MuMe codec from the available codec list.
- If the MGCF has received a multimedia call setup without SCUDIF from the CS side, and the CS network supports CS fallback, the MGCF should terminate the call.
- NOTE 1: A call termination can trigger the caller's device to set up a new speech call.
- NOTE 2: Other procedures to maintain the CS call, e.g. disabling the video component on the CS side or providing a suitable video announcement and discarding received video media from the CS side, are FFS.

### E.2.4.2 CS originated - IM CN transit - CS terminated

Figure E.2.4.2.1 describes ISUP and SIP/SDP interactions in a CS originated - IM CN transit - CS terminated case with a clear channel through the IM CN. An interworking node A receives an IAM message with a UDI H.223 & H.245 video call request (message 1). If the interworking node A supports both CS/IMS video interworking and a clearmode codec / clear channel, it may send both audio and video codecs and a clearmode codec and a UDI & H.223 & H.245 video indication in the INVITE message towards the IMS (message 2). The message is received by an interworking node B. The interworking node B sends an IAM message with a UDI & H.223 & H.245 video call request to the terminating CS network (message 3). If the interworking node B supports a clearmode codec / clear channel, it may send a SIP response with a clearmode codec towards the calling side to indicate that a clear channel can be established between the IMS interworking nodes (message 5). After the called party answers, the interworking node B sends a SIP 200 OK (Invite) with the clearmode codec to the calling node to indicate that a clear channel can be established (message 11). After the called party has answered the call, either MONA procedures are performed and the H.223 bearer is established or the H.223 bearer is established and the H.245 signalling is performed (step 14 in figure E.2.4.2.1).

If the interworking node A does not support CS-IMS video interworking, but supports a clearmode codec / clear channel, it sends the INVITE message with a clearmode codec and UDI & H.223 & H.245 indication, but without a video codec, to allow the establishment of a CS video call through a clear channel. The interworking node A may also send an audio codec (alone or with a clearmode codec) to allow a fallback to speech. The interworking node B either accepts the clearmode and sends the corresponding IAM message with a UDI & H.223 & H.245 request (message 3) and SIP response with a clearmode codec (message 5 or 11), or accepts the speech mode and sends the corresponding IAM message with a speech codec (messages 5, 11), or rejects the INVITE message if the requested codec(s) cannot be supported.

The format of the indication of UDI & H.223 & H.245 from interworking node A to interworking node B is defined in Annex F "PSTN XML Scheme". UDI & H.223 & H.245 indication is conveyed in PSTN XML body within "BearerCapability" ("InformationTransferCapability" and "UserInfoLayerProtocol") and "LowLayerCompatibility" elements. Elements are defined in ETSI EN 300 403-1 (V1.3.2) [96] section 4.5.5 and in ISUP transported in the ATP is in Q.761-Q.764 [4] section 3.5.



#### Figure E.2.4.2.1: ISUP and SIP/SDP interactions in a CS originated - IM CN transit - CS terminated case with a clear channel through the IM CN

### E.2.5 Service change

- E.2.5.2.1 SCUDIF
- E.2.5.2.1.0 General

SCUDIF is standardised in 3GPPP TS 23.172 [121].

#### E.2.5.2.1.1 IM CN subsystem originated change

E.2.5.2.1.1.1 Change from multimedia to speech

Figure E.2.5.2.1.1.1.1 shows an IM CN subsystem originated modification from multimedia to speech during an ongoing session when the CS leg supports BICC. The interworking node receives an INVITE message that indicates the

dropping of the video media from the session, message 1. The interworking node can only accept the dropping of the media component and sends a corresponding codec modification request to the BICC network, message 2, and acknowledges the INVITE with a 200 OK message. The BICC network indicates a successful codec modification, message 5.

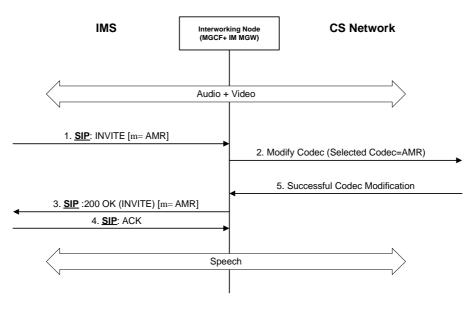


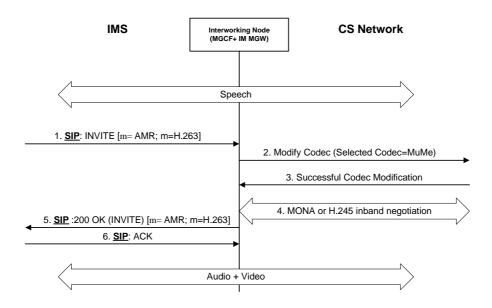
Figure E.2.5.2.1.1.1.1: IM CN subsystem originated modification from multimedia to speech when the CS leg supports BICC

Editor's note: Handling of a case, where a codec is received in BICC negotiation but not included in the available codec list negotiated previously, is ffs.

#### E.2.5.2.1.1.2 Change from speech to multimedia

Figure E.2.5.2.1.1.2.1 shows an IM CN subsystem originated modification from speech to multimedia during an ongoing session when the CS leg supports BICC. The interworking node receives an INVITE message that offers the adding of a video media to the ongoing speech session, message 1. The interworking node accepts the offer and sends a corresponding codec modification request to the BICC network, message 2. The BICC network indicates a successful codec modification, message 3. The interworking node acknowledges the INVITE with a 200 OK message after the MONA or H.245 in-band negotiation in step 4 is completed.

If the codec modification is not successful in the BICC network, the interworking node responds to the INVITE message with the speech codec in the 200 OK message to retain the speech only session.



# Figure E.2.5.2.1.1.2.1: IM CN subsystem originated modification from speech to multimedia when the CS leg supports BICC

#### E.2.5.2.1.2 CS network originated change

#### E.2.5.2.1.2.1 Change from multimedia to speech

Figure E.2.5.2.1.2.1.1 shows a CS network originated modification from multimedia to speech during an ongoing session when the CS leg supports BICC. The interworking node receives a Modify Codec message that indicates the dropping of the video media from the session, message 1. The interworking node accepts the dropping of the video component and sends a corresponding INVITE message to the IM CN subsystem, message 2, and acknowledges the codec modification request to the BICC network, message 3. The IM CN subsystem acknowledges the INVITE dropping the video media with a 200 OK, message 4.

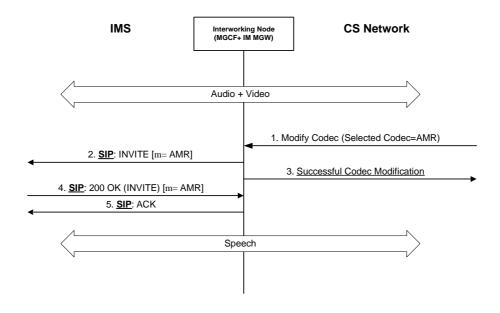


Figure E.2.5.2.1.2.1.1: CS network originated modification from multimedia to speech when the CS leg supports BICC

#### E.2.5.2.1.2.2 Change from speech to multimedia

Figure E.2.5.2.1.2.2.1 shows a CS network originated modification from speech to multimedia during an ongoing session when the CS leg supports BICC. The interworking node receives a Modify Codec message that indicates the adding of a video media to the ongoing speech session, message 1. The interworking node accepts the offer and sends a corresponding INVITE message to the IM CN subsystem, message 2. The IM CN subsystem acknowledges the INVITE adding the video media with a 200 OK, message 3, and acknowledges the codec modification request to the BICC network, message 4. The interworking node may have to update the codecs, messages 7 and 8, after the MONA or H.245 in-band negotiation in step 6.

If the IM CN subsystem does not accept the addition of the video media to the session, the interworking node rejects the modify codec request to retain the speech only session.

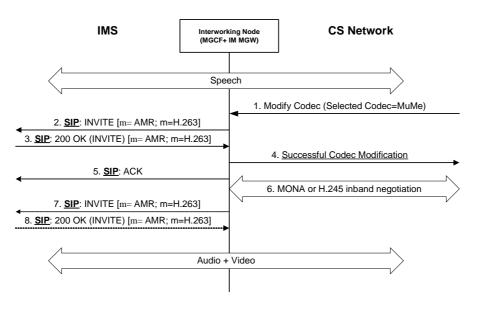


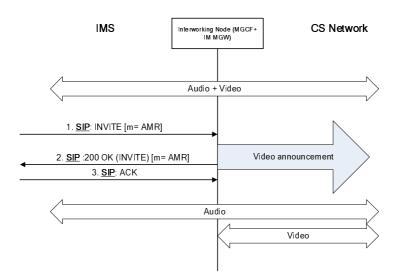
Figure E.2.5.2.1.2.2.1: CS network originated modification from speech to multimedia when the CS leg supports BICC

#### E.2.5.2.2 Non-SCUDIF case (ISUP or BICC without SCUDIF)

#### E.2.5.2.2.1 Change from multimedia to audio

Figure E.2.5.2.2.1.1 shows an IM CN subsystem originated modification from multimedia to audio during an ongoing session when the CS leg supports ISUP or BICC without SCUDIF. The interworking node receives an INVITE message that indicates the dropping of the video media from the session, message 1. The interworking node can only accept the dropping of the media component and acknowledges the INVITE with a 200 OK, message 2. There are three alternative ways to handle the issue:

- The video component stays on in the CS leg. The interworking node may use the video component to send an announcement to the CS terminal to inform the user about the change of the end-to-end connection to audio only. Refer to figure E.2.5.2.2.1.1.
- The interworking node initiates an H.245 in-band negotiation to close the video channel.
- The interworking node terminates the session.



# Figure E.2.5.2.2.1.1: IM CN subsystem originated modification from multimedia to speech when the CS leg supports ISUP or BICC without SCUDIF

#### E.2.5.2.2.2 Change from speech to multimedia

Figure E.2.5.2.2.2.1 shows an IM CN subsystem originated attempt to change from speech to multimedia during an ongoing session when the CS leg supports ISUP or BICC without SCUDIF. The interworking node receives an INVITE message that offers the adding of a video media to the ongoing speech session, message 1. The interworking node turns down the offer and responds to the INVITE message with the speech codec in the 200 OK message to retain the speech only session, message 2.

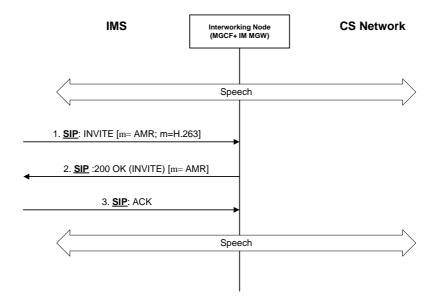


Figure E.2.5.2.2.2.1: IM CN subsystem originated modification from speech to multimedia when the CS leg supports ISUP or BICC without SCUDIF

### E.2.6 Call release

#### E.2.6.1 Call release initiated from the IM CN subsystem side

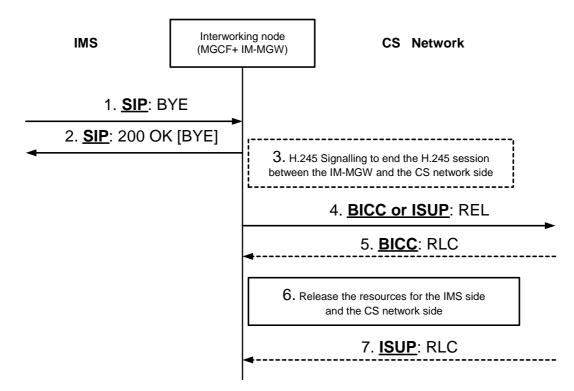
When the MGCF has received a BYE message (signal 1 in figure E.2.6.1.1) from the IM CN subsystem side, the MGCF may end the H.245 session between the IM-MGW and the CS network side (signal 3 in figure E.2.6.1.1) firstly.

NOTE: A call release using only ISUP/BICC signalling at the CS side proceeds faster. H.324 terminals can handle situations where they do not receive H.245 call release signalling (see subclause 7.5.2 of ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81]), and this scenario also occurs e.g. at loss of coverage or when a node transporting H.223 transparently releases the call.

The procedure of ending the H.245 session is defined in the subclause E.4. After receiving the BYE message, the MGCF shall also send a 200 OK [BYE] message (signal 2 in figure E.2.6.1.1) towards the IM CN subsystem.

After ending the H.245 session, the MGCF shall send a REL message (signal 4 in figure E.2.6.1.1) to the succeeding node. If the IM CN subsystem interworks with ISUP based CS network, the interworking node shall release the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side (signal 6 in figure E.2.6.1.1) after sending the REL message. If the IM CN subsystem interworks with BICC based CS network, the interworking node shall release the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side (signal 6 in figure E.2.6.1.1) upon receiving the RLC message (signal 5 in figure E.2.6.1.1) from the CS network side. The procedures of releasing the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side. The procedures of releasing the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side are specified in the present TS in clause 7.

Figure E.2.6.1.1 shows the message sequence chart for the multimedia call release initiated from the IM CN subsystem side.



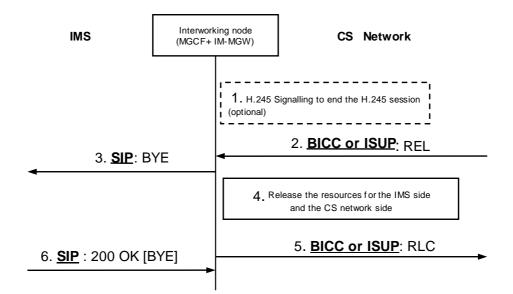
NOTE: Signal 7 is omitted when IM CN subsystem interworks with BICC based CS network and Signal 5 is omitted when IM CN subsystem interworks with ISUP based CS network.

#### Figure E.2.6.1.1: Call release initiated from the IM CN subsystem side

#### E.2.6.2 Call release initiated from the CS network side

If the CS network side initiates the call release, it possibly ends the H.245 session with explicit signalling (signal 1 in figure E.2.6.2.1). The CS network side sends a REL message (signal 2 in figure E.2.6.2.1) towards the IM CN subsystem. The procedure of ending the H.245 session is defined in the subclause E.4.

When the MGCF receives a REL message (signal 2 in figure E.2.6.2.1) from the preceding node, the MGCF sends a BYE message (signal 3 in figure E.2.6.2.1) to the IM CN subsystem. After receiving the REL message, the interworking node also releases the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side (signal 4 in figure E.2.6.2.1). The procedure of the releasing the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side are specified in the present TS in clause 7. After completion of resource release, the MGCF sends a RLC message (signal 5 in figure E.2.6.2.1) towards the preceding node. Figure E.2.6.2.1 shows the message sequence chart for the multimedia call release initiated from the CS network side.



#### Figure E.2.6.2.1: Call release initiated from the CS network side

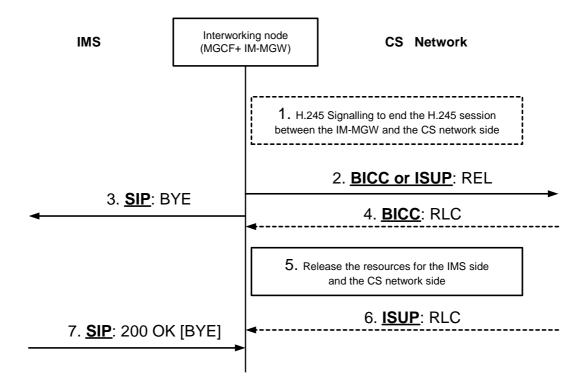
#### E.2.6.3 Call release initiated from the interworking node

The interworking node may end the H.245 session between the IM-MGW and the CS network side (signal 1 in figure E.2.6.3.1) firstly. The procedure of ending the H.245 session is defined in the subclause E.4.

NOTE: A Call Release using only SIP and ISUP/BICC signalling may proceed faster. H.324 terminals can handle situations where they do not receive H.245 call release signalling (see subclause 7.5.2 of ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81]), and this scenario also occurs e.g. at loss of coverage or when a node transporting H.223 transparently releases the call.

To release the call, the MGCF shall send a REL message (signal 2 in figure E.2.6.3.1) to the succeeding node on the CS network side. The MGCF shall also send a BYE message (signal 3 in figure E.2.6.3.1) to the IM CN subsystem side.

If the IM CN subsystem interworks with ISUP based CS network, the interworking node shall release the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side (signal 5 in figure E.2.6.3.1) after sending the REL message. If the IM CN subsystem interworks with BICC based CS network, the interworking node shall release the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side upon receiving the RLC message (signal 4 in figure E.2.6.3.1) from the CS network side. The procedures of releasing the resources for the IMS side and the CS network side are specified in the present TS in clause 7. Figure E.2.6.3.1 shows the message sequence chart for the multimedia call release initiated from the interworking node.



NOTE: Signal 6 is omitted when IM CN subsystem interworks with BICC based CS network and Signal 4 is omitted when IM CN subsystem interworks with ISUP based CS network.

Figure E.2.6.3.1: Call release initiated from the interworking node

### E.3 User plane interworking

# E.3.1 Functionalities required in the IM-MGW for multimedia calls support

To enable a multimedia Interworking, the IM-MGW needs to support the reframing of the H.263 video codec and the AMR audio codec between CS transport and PS transport as a minimum. The IM-MGW may also support the reframing of other codecs and the transcoding of audio and/or video codecs.

At the CS side, the IM-MGW needs to terminate the H.223 protocol and multiplex / de-multiplex audio, video and H.245 signalling. How H.245 related information (e.g. H.245 messages or extracted information) is communicated between the MGCF and the IM-MGW is described in subclause E.4.

### E.4 MGCF and IM-MGW interactions

### E.4.1 Introduction

This subclause describes requirements for extensions to the Mn interface protocol in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15] needed to support the Interworking of multimedia calls. ITU-T Recommendation H.248.1 [2] is used at the Mn interface.

The H.245 signalling shall be handled by the MGCF. Upon reception of the H.245 messages from the CS side at the IM-MGW, the IM-MGW shall forward those H.245 messages as binary data within H.248 messages over the Mn interface towards the MGCF. Upon reception of encapsulated binary H.245 messages within H.248 messages, the IM-MGW shall forward those H.245 messages towards the CS side.

NOTE: Procedures to support MONA (see Annex K of ITU-T Recommendation H.324 [81]) over the Mn interface are not defined in the present Release. Furthermore, the signalling flows in subclause E.2 may not show MONA related signalling in sufficient detail for MONA related Mn interface interactions.

### E.4.2 Mn signalling interactions

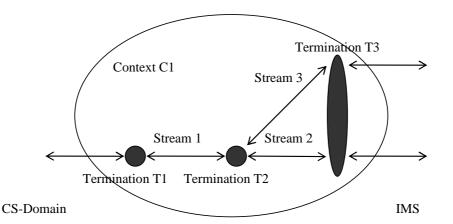
#### E.4.2.1 Introduction

The following Subclauses describe the Mn interface procedures triggered by H.245 signalling received in the IM-MGW and SIP and RTCP and BICC or ISUP signalling received in the MGCF.

All message sequence charts in these Subclauses are examples.

#### E.4.2.2 H.248 Context Model

The H.248 context model depicted in figure E.4.2.2.1 shall be applied for Multimedia Interworking.



Termination: T1 CS-Domain (CS-Bearer (BS30) for H.245 control, Speech, Video) T2 Multiplexing (H.245 control, Speech, Video) T3 Video (own RTP-stream) + Speech (own RTP-stream)

Stream: Stream1 (between T1 and T2) data (H.245 control, speech, Video) Stream2 (between T2 and T3) Video Stream3 (between T2 and T3) Speech

#### Figure E.4.2.2.1: H.248 Context Model for Multimedia Interworking

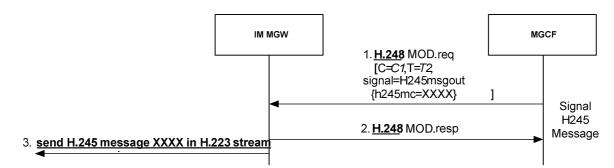
#### E.4.2.3 Transport of H.245 messages between the MGCF and IM-MGW

#### E.4.2.3.1 General

H.245 messages shall be transported between the IM-MGW and MGCF over the Mn interface using H.248 Events (from the IM-MGW towards the MGCF) and H.248 Signals (from the MGCF towards the IM-MGW). The Events/Signals shall contain the following information:

- H.245 message (binary).

### E.4.2.3.2 Transport from MGCF to IM-MGW



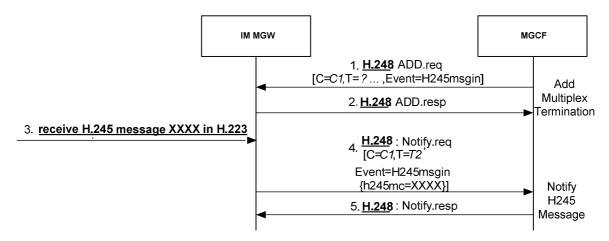


In Signal 1, the MGCF requests the IM-MGW to send an H.245 message to the CS side. To request the IM-MGW to send a H.245 message to the CS side, the MGCF shall sent an H.248 signal to the IM-MGW with the complete H.245 message content.

NOTE: In order for this command to succeed, Termination T1 towards the CS side needs to be configured. If a sending of an H.245 message and a removal of termination T1 is desired, the MGCF needs to apply signal 1 before removing T1.

Upon reception of this signal, the IM-MGW shall send the encapsulated H.245 message within the H.248 signal, through the H.245 control channel to the CS side (signal 3).

### E.4.2.3.3 Transport from IM-MGW to MGCF



#### Figure E.4.2.3.3.1: Mn signalling interactions for receiving H.245 message

In signal 1, the MGCF requests the IM-MGW to detect received H.245 message from the CS side and forward them to the MGCF. To request the IM-MGW to detect and forward a H.245 message to the CS side, the MGCF shall send a suitable H.248 event to the IM-MGW. The event may be indicated through an H.248 ADD command.

In signal 3, the IM-MGW receives an H.245 message from the CS side. Upon reception of an H.245 message from the CS side, the IM-MGW shall de-multiplex the H.245 message from the H.223 stream and forward the H.245 message to the MGCF within an H.248 Notify command (signal 4).

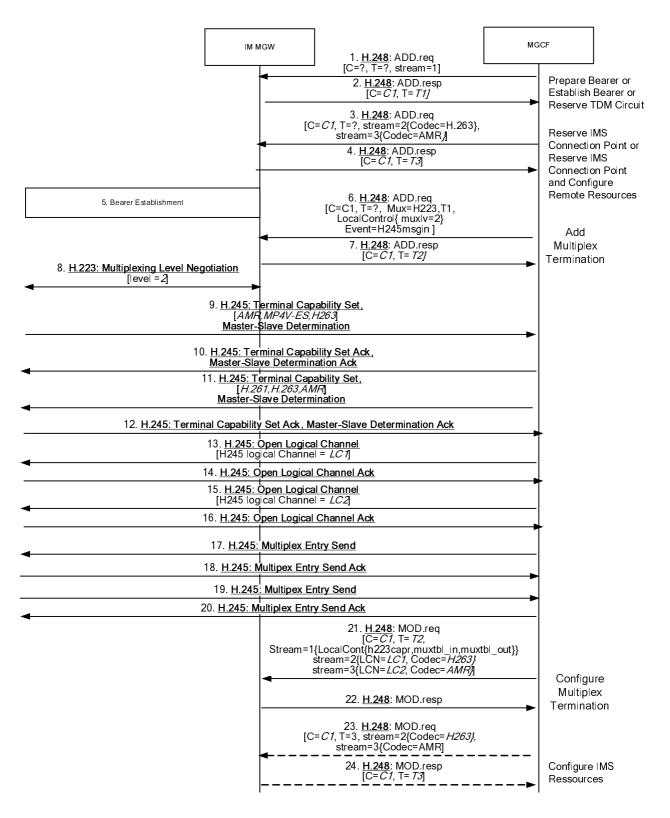
### E.4.2.4 Call establishment procedure

The following information shall be provided from the MGCF towards the IM-MGW:

- Properties to start H.223 Negotiation.
- Request for events for Notification of H.245 message received by the IM-MGW.
- Signals to provide H.245 messages that the IM-MGW shall send towards the CS side.

- Properties to provide incoming and outgoing H.223 multiplex table.
- Properties to provide H.223 logical channel parameters.
- Property to provide remote H.223 capabilities.

The Highest Multiplexing Level shall be predefined in the IM-MGW.



NOTE 1: All H.245 messages (from Signal 9 to Signal 18) are transported through the IM-MGW between the MGCF and the CS side, using the procedures described in subclause E.4.2.3

NOTE 2: Signals 21 and 22 are omitted if the same codec information has already been provisioned in signal 3.

#### Figure E.4.2.4.1: Mn signalling interactions for H.245 termination at the MGCF

The MGCF shall request terminations towards the CS network (Signal 1 and 2) and towards the IMS (Signal 3 and 4). For the terminations towards the IMS, the MGCF provides an estimate about the applicable codecs in the required information elements "Local IMS Resources" (for both "Reserve IMS Connection Point" procedure and "Reserve IMS

Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources" procedure) and possibly "Remote IMS Resources" (only for "Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources" procedure).

The MGCF shall request that the H.223 stream is (de-)multiplexed at the MUX termination T2, and that the H.245 control in H.223 Logical channel 0 is separated (signal 6). Furthermore, the MGCF shall request that the H.223 negotiation is started, and shall request to be notified about all H.245 messages received by the IM-MGW.

The IM-MGW shall start the H.223 Multiplexing Level Negotiation after receipt of the corresponding request from the MGCF and CS bearer establishment (Signal 8).

Upon reception of a H.245 Terminal Capability Set message (Signal 9), the MGCF sends a H.245 Acknowledgment message (Signal 10).

The MGCF shall know the H.324 related capabilities of the IM-MGW before starting the H.245 capability negotiation with the CS side, e.g. through configuration. The H.245 Terminal Capability Set message send by the MGCF (Signal 11) should include the codecs which are supported by both the IMS side and the IM-MGW, and the codecs which could be transcoded by the IM-MGW from the codecs supported by the IMS side.

The MGCF may defer sending the Terminal Capability Set message (Signal 11) for some time to wait for codec information from the CS peer's Terminal Capability Set message and perform a possible IMS-side codec re-negotiation. To avoid blocking situations, the MGCF shall not defer sending the signal for an excessive period of time.

To avoid the CS side selecting the codecs that need to be transcoded at the IM-MGW, the MGCF should aim to be the master in the H.245 master-slave determination procedure (Signals 9 to 12). The MGCF shall set the Terminal Type parameter as a number larger than 128 in the H.245 Master Slave Determination message. The H.245 master-slave determination procedure could be combined with the messages used for the H.245 capability exchange.

The codecs contained both in the sent and received terminal capability set message may be selected at the CS side. The final decision of the selected codecs at the CS side is taken with the H.245 open logical channel procedure (Signals 13 to 16).

After the completion of the H.245 multiplex table exchange procedure (Signals 17 to 20), the MGCF shall configure the multiplexing termination T2 by indicating to the IM-MGW the contents of the incoming and outgoing multiplex tables (Signal 21).

If codec information needs to be changed compared to what has been provisioned in signal 3, the MGCF shall also configure T3 with the appropriate video and/or speech codec(s) (signal 23).

The call is in the active state.

### E.4.2.5 Handling of H.245 indication message

#### E.4.2.5.1 Overview

The MGCF shall support the following H.245 indication messages: Function Not Understood Indication / Function Not Supported Indication, Jitter Indication. The MGCF may support the H.245 User Input Indication message. All these H.245 messages are conveyed between the MGCF and the CS side through the IM-MGW, as described in subclause E.4.2.3.

#### E.4.2.5.2 Function Not Understood / Function Not Supported message

This indication message is used to return requests, responses and commands that are not understood back to the transmitter.

If the MGCF receives a Function Not Understood or Function Not Supported message from the CS side, the MGCF may choose to attempt simpler H.245 interaction than the previous H.245 interaction that caused this indication. If this is not possible, the MGCF may release the call.

If the MGCF receives a H.245 request, response or command that can not be understood, the MGCF shall send H.245 Function Not Supported indication message to the CS side.

#### E.4.2.5.3 User Input Indication message

The User-Input-Indication message is used e.g. to transport the in-band DTMF information in the H.324 system.

The MGCF and IM-MGW may support transporting the DTMF information both from the CS side to the IMS side, and from the IMS side to the CS side.

Upon Receipt of a H.245 User-Input-Indication message, the MGCF may apply the procedures in subclause 9.2.8.3 to request the IM-MGW to send corresponding RTP telephone-event(s) towards the IMS side.

Upon receipt of RTP telephone events from the IMS, the MGCF will be notified by the IM-MGW using the procedures in subclause 9.2.8.1, if the MGCF has previously configured the IM-MGW as also described in this subclause. Upon receipt of the notification, the MGCF may send a H.245 User-Input-Indication message to the CS side.

### E.4.2.6 Handling of H.245 Command message

#### E.4.2.6.1 Overview

The MGCF shall support the End Session command message. The MGCF may support the Flow Control command message and the videoFastUpdatePicture message. All these H.245 messages are conveyed between the MGCF and the CS side by the IM-MGW, as described in subclause E.4.2.3.

#### E.4.2.6.2 Flow control command

The flow control command is used to restrict the upper limit of bit rate of either a single logical channel or the whole multiplex stream. The MGCF may support the flow control command received from the CS side.

NOTE: It is very unlikely that the MGCF will receive a Flow control command, as the capability of controlling the video bit rate during a video call was neither implemented nor tested for UEs offering 3G-324M since R99, due to the lack of such a necessity in WCDMA where a fixed 64 kbps bearer is maintained to continuously transport 3G-324M PDUs.

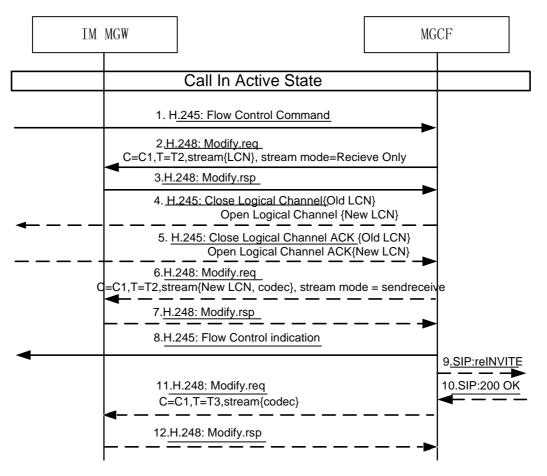


Figure E.4.2.6.2.1: Mn procedure of Flow control command

In Signal 1, the MGCF receives the Flow Control Command from the CS side.

If the minimum bitrate of the current codec is larger than the bitrate requested by the H.245 Flow Control Command message, the MGCF indicates the IM-MGW to stop the transmission of the media stream over the logical channel (signal 2). Then the MGCF may select another codec that can satisfy the requested bitrate limit. In signal 4, the MGCF closes the old logical channel and opens a new logical channel with new codec to satisfy the bitrate limit in the CS side. In signal 6, the MGCF indicates the IM-MGW to modify the LCN, codec and stream mode of the multiplexing termination. In signal 8, the MGCF sends flow control indication message to CS side with the current maximum bitrate. If the MGCF chooses to change the CS-side codec, the MGCF may also adjust the codec at the IMS side accordingly. To do so, the MGCF may need to re-negotiate the codec at the IMS side using a SIP re-INVITE message (signals 9 and 10). In addition, the MGCF may modify the codec of IMS termination accordingly (signal 11).

The MGCF may also apply interworking procedure towards RTCP at the IMS side as described in subclause E.4.2.8 when receiving a H.245 Flow Control Command.

#### E.4.2.6.3 End Session Command

The end session command is used to close the H.245 control channel after all the logical channels have been closed.

The MGCF may send an end session command to the CS side through the IM-MGW to release a call.

If the MGCF receives an end session command from the CS side, it shall release the call if the call is in the active state.

#### E.4.2.6.4 videoFastUpdatePicture

The MGCF may apply interworking procedure towards RTCP as described in subclause E.4.2.8 when receiving a H.245 videoFastUpdatePicture message. The MGCF may also be triggered by the procedures in subclause E.4.2.8 to send a H.245 videoFastUpdatePicture message.

When receiving frequent H.245 videoFastUpdatePicture messages for a SCUDIF call (see 3GPP TS 23.172 [121]), an MGCF should initiate a service-change from multimedia to speech and remove the IMS MTSI video component with SIP/SDP signalling. When receiving frequent H.245 videoFastUpdatePicture messages for a non-SCUDIF call, an MGCF should disable the CS video and remove the IMS MTSI video component with SIP/SDP signalling.

NOTE: In a congestion situation at the IMS side, frequent packet losses might occur and dropping the video component may serve as a counter-measure to reduce the packet loss frequency. However, CS terminals might not be able to initiate such a switch-over to voice, but might rather react with repeated H.245 videoFastUpdatePicture message.

#### E.4.2.7 Mn Signalling Interactions to support the Media Oriented Negotiation Acceleration (MONA)

#### E.4.2.7.1 Overview

Media Oriented Negotiation Acceleration (MONA), as specified in ITU-T H.324[81] provides simplified procedures that allow for a faster call set-up of a H.324 Multimedia call than standard H.324 procedures, and also allow for a fallback to standard H.324 procedures if either party does not support the enhanced procedures.

The support of MONA is optional for an IM-MGW and MGCF supporting multimedia interworking, as no call failure but only a fallback to standard H.324 setup procedures will occur if the procedures are not supported.

MONA "preference message" signalling is used instead of H.324 Multiplexing level negotiation. Should standard H.324 Multiplexing level stuffing flags be received, a fallback to standard H.324 procedures is triggered. The sending of MONA preference messages is repeated by each MONA capable H.324 terminal until a reception is acknowledged by the peer. During this phase, two PDU types may optionally be attached by MONA terminals to these preference messages:

- Media Preconfigured Channel (MPC) PDUs: MONA defines a small number of preconfigured H.223 channels for the most widespread audio and video codecs (AMR, AMR-WB, H.264 MPEG4 and H.263). Media PDUs for these codecs may be attached to the MONA "preference message" during the call setup.
- Signalling Preconfigured Channel (SPC) PDUs: These PDUs are H.245 generic request messages with special parameters defined by MONA. These PDUs may also be attached to MONA preference messages.

According to MONA, each MONA capable terminal shall support at least one of these PDU types. The MONA capability of the IM-MGW can be audited by the MGCF.

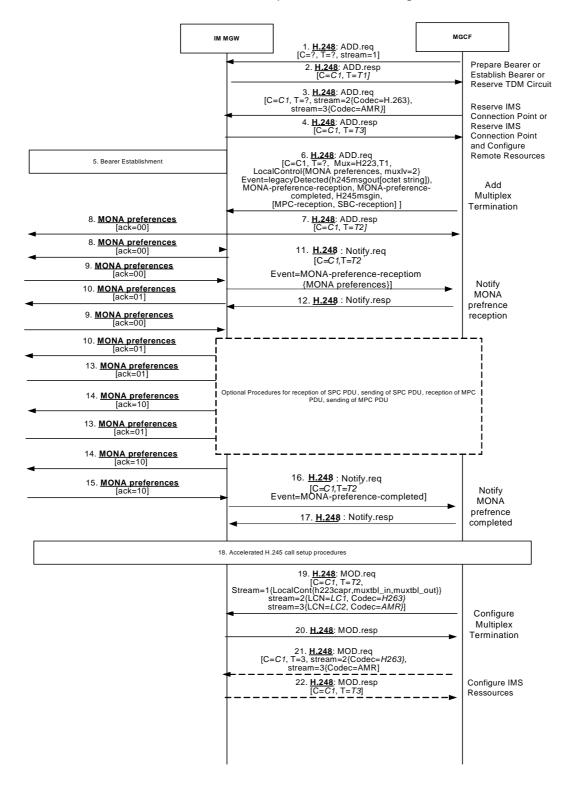
The MONA preference message exchange in combination with attached MPC or SPC PDUs may result in the establishment of the desired media channels without further H.245 signalling. Otherwise, H.245 will be used after the MONA preference message exchange is acknowledged to negotiate media channels, but MONA defines some accelerated H.245 procedures (ACP) to speed up these H.245 procedures.

The design of Mn procedures to support MONA is guided by the following considerations:

- The H.245 handling should be performed in the MGCF to keep procedures aligned as far as possible with standard Mn procedures to support H.324 interworking.
- The MGCF should also control MONA preference message exchange procedures in order to maintain the agreed architectural work split between MGCF and IM-MGW in analogy to the H.245 handling.
- However, the IM-MGW needs to understand the MONA preference messages at least to a sufficient degree to de-encapsulate the possibly attached MPC and SBC PDUs.
- Furthermore, the frequent retransmissions of MONA preference messages required by MONA procedures are to be performed by the IM-MGW autonomously to avoid unnecessary load at the Mn interface and the MGCF.
- Furthermore, for resource reservation at the IM-MGW, it is assumed that the IM-MGW has knowledge about supported predefined Media Preconfigured Channel configurations as specified in subclause K.9.2 of H.324 [81] in order to limit the amount of information transferred in the Mn interface when establishing MPC channels. The offered channel resources are reserved by the IM-MGW.

- In order to avoid increasing call establishment time when interworking with legacy terminals and at the same time avoid unnecessary load at the Mn interface, the MGCF may initiate both MONA and legacy H.245 procedures simultaneously in parallel. The MGCF shall in this case arm a legacy detection event with an embedded signal descriptor including the initial legacy H.245 message. The IM-MGW will only send the signal in case a fallback condition to legacy is detected.

Editor"s note: It is FFS whether the mux-level-indication event can be used as a legacy detection event, and whether it is more feasible than the mechanism for legacy detection described.



#### E.4.2.7.2 Mn Interactions for MONA preference messages

- NOTE 1: MONA preference messages are repeated several times. One repetition is shown for each such message, with the same signal number as the first message.
- NOTE 2: The Context model in figure E.4.2.2.1 is assumed in this call flow. Figure E.4.2.7.2.1: Mn signalling interactions for MONA preference messages

The MGCF shall request terminations towards the CS network (Signal 1 and 2) and towards the IMS (Signal 3 and 4). For the terminations towards the IMS, the MGCF provides an estimate about the applicable codecs in the required information elements "Local IMS Resources" (for both "Reserve IMS Connection Point" procedure and "Reserve IMS

Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources" procedure) and possibly "Remote IMS Resources" (only for "Reserve IMS Connection Point and Configure Remote Resources" procedure).

The MGCF shall request that the H.223 stream is (de-)multiplexed at the MUX termination T2 (signal 6). Furthermore, the MGCF shall request that MONA preferences negotiation is started, and shall provision the MONA preferences to be indicated by the IM-MGW. The MGCF shall encode the MONA preferences as described in subclause K.6 of ITU-T H.324 [81]. The MGCF shall take the H.324 related capabilities of the IM-MGW into account in the MONA preferences. The MGCF can know these capabilities by configuration. The IM-MGW will only support symmetric codec usage. If several codec alternatives are offered for MPC, it is the responsibility of the MGCF to ensure that symmetric codecs are established by not selecting transmit codec until the receive channel has been opened by MPC media. The MGCF shall also request to be notified about the reception of the remote MONA preferences and about the completion of the MONA preference exchange, or an H.245 message on the H.223 control channel. The MGCF may also initiate standard H.245 signalling in parallel in order to minimize the time for a legacy interworking fallback. This is done by arming a legacy detection event including an embedded signal descriptor. The embedded signal is the initial H.245 message out signal (including H.245 TCS+MSD) to send in case fallback to legacy interworking is detected. The IM-MGW will only send the embedded signal in case it detects H.223 related indications of a legacy interworking as specified in subclause K.7.1.2 in H.324 [81]. Upon receiving the legacy detected event, the MGCF continues with standard H.245 call setup procedures waiting for the reception of a remote H.245 TCS as well as acknowledgements on the sent H.245 TCS+MSD. If the MGCF indicates the capability to receive SPC PDUs within the MONA preferences, it shall also request to be notified about incoming SPC PDUs, as detailed in subclause E.4.2.7.4. If the MGCF indicates the capability to receive any MPC PDUs within the MONA preferences, it shall also request to be notified about incoming MPC PDUs, as detailed in subclause E.4.2.7.3.

The IM-MGW shall start sending MONA preference messages after receipt of the corresponding request from the MGCF and CS bearer establishment (Signal 8). The IM-MGW shall repeat sending those messages and increment the acknowledgment bits of sent MONA preference messages when receiving incoming MONA preference messages according to MONA procedures (signals 8, 10, 14).

After sending at least 10 MONA preference messages, while the IM-MGW continues to send and receive MONA preference messages, it shall attach MPC or SPC PDUs if requested to do so by the MGCF as described in subclauses E.4.2.7.3 and E.4.2.7.4, respectively. If the IM-MGW receives preference messages with an attachment, it shall inspect the first octet of that attachment that will contain a MUX code according to table K.15 of ITU-T H.324 [81] that identifies the attached PDU as either a MPC PDU of one of the predefined channels or a SPC PDU. The IM-MGW shall handle the attached MPC or SPC PDUs as described in subclause E.4.2.7.3 and E.4.2.7.4, respectively.

After sending at least 10 MONA preference messages, the IM-MGW should insert stuffing flags indicating the multiplexing level received from the MGCF between MONA preference messages as described in subclause K.7.1.1 of ITU-T H.324 [81].

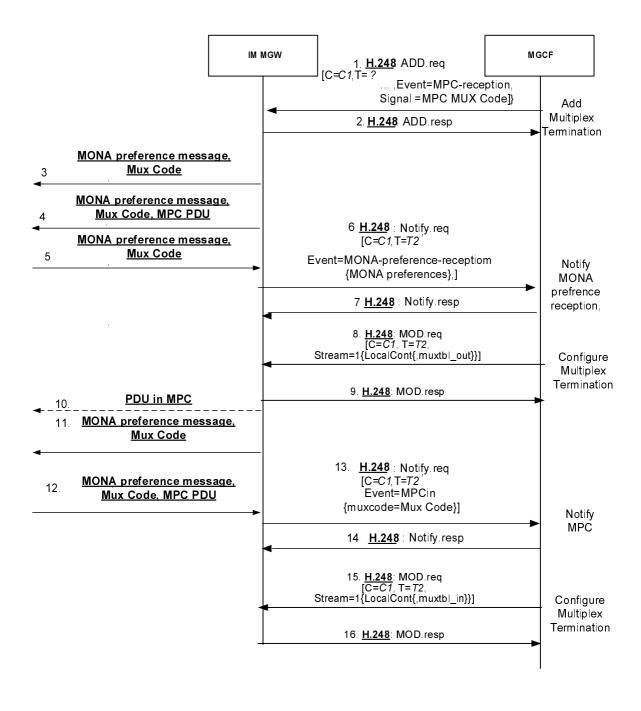
The IM-MGW shall notify the MGCF when receiving the first incoming MONA preference message (Signals 11 and 12) and forward the received information. Subsequent incoming MONA preference message will be identical apart from possible increments in the acknowledgement bits. The IM-MGW shall not notify the MGCF about these messages. Upon reception of the notification of a MONA preference message, the MGCF shall compare the received MONA preferences message with the preferences message it sent and react as described in subclause 7.1 of ITU-T H.324 [81].

When receiving an incoming MONA preference message with acknowledgment bits 10 or receiving the first non-empty H.223 MUX PDU, the IM-MGW shall notify the MGCF about the completion of the MONA preference exchange procedure (signals 16 and 17). The notification shall be only triggered by the one of the two events which occurs first. If the IM-MGW is not configured to send and detect SPCs, the IM-MGW shall then stop sending MONA preference messages and, if a MONA preference message with acknowledgment bits 10 has been received, it shall also stop receiving MONA preference messages. If the IM-MGW is configured to send and detect SPCs, the IM-MGW send detect SPCs, the IM-MGW shall continue sending and receiving MONA Preference messages encapsulating the SPC/MOS messages until the MGCF configures the IM-MGW stop sending and detecting SPCs.

NOTE: In the unlikely case that a first non-empty H.223 MUX-PDU is received before the first MONA Preference Message has been received, the IM-MGW will continue the detection of incoming MONA Preference Messages and will apply the Notify-MONA-preference-Reception-procedure after the Notify-MONA-preference-completed procedure.

After receiving the notification about the completion of the MONA preference exchange procedure, and a completion of the possible subsequent accelerated H.245 setup procedures, the MGCF shall configure the multiplexing termination T2 by indicating to the IM-MGW the contents of the incoming and outgoing multiplex tables (Signal 19), and may modify the selected codecs at both the MUX and the IMS side (signal 21).

#### E.4.2.7.3 Mn Interactions for MONA MPCs



NOTE 1: MONA preference messages are repeated several times. One repetition is shown for each such message, with the same signal number as the first message.

NOTE 2: The Context model in figure E.4.2.2.1 is assumed in this call flow.

#### Figure E.4.2.7.3.1: Mn interactions for MONA MPCs

If the MGCF indicates the ability to receive any predefined MPCs channel types in the MONA preferences messages, the MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to report the channel type of received MPC PDUs (Signal 1 in figure E.4.2.7.3.1, Event "MPC Reception").

If the MGCF intends to use MPCs for sending media during the MONA setup, the MGCF shall request the IM-MGW to send available media encoded according to the media predefined channel types defined by MONA (signal 1 in figure E.4.2.7.3.1, Signal "MPC MUX Code") while the MONA preference exchange described in subclause E.4.2.7.2 is ongoing. The MGCF should select channel types for codecs which are supported by both the IMS side and the IM-

MGW, and/or for codecs which could be transcoded by the IM-MGW from the codecs supported by the IMS side. The MGCF shall only include one channel type per each desired media type (audio, video) in the "MPC MUX Code" signal. The MGCF may also configure the MGW to receive these channels at the same time by supplying the Incoming Multiplex Table IE in the Add Multiplex Termination Procedure.

Upon reception of this request, the IM-MGW shall forward any media received from the IMS side in MPC PDUs of the corresponding predefined channel type attached to MONA preference messages, transcoding the media if required (Signal 4).

According to the procedures in subclause E.4.2.7.2, the IM-MGW will notify the MGCF (signal 6) when receiving the first incoming MONA preference message (Signals 5). The MGCF shall then analyse the Media Preconfigured Channel Receive bits within the MONA preference message and configure the MGW accordingly:

- If MPC(s) that the MGCF has previously configured within the "MPC MUX Code" signal are supported according to these bits, the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to send these MPC using the predefined channels (signal 10) by supplying the corresponding Outgoing Multiplex Table in the Configure Multiplex Termination procedure (signal 8).
- If some of the MPC(s) that the MGCF has previously configured within the "MPC MUX Code" signal are not supported according to these bits, the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to terminate the media on those MPC(s) by modifying the MPC Mux Code signal using the Configure Multiplex Termination procedure. In addition, the MGCF may configure the IM-MGW to send media on other supported MPC(s) by supplying the corresponding Outgoing Multiplex Table in the Configure Multiplex Termination procedure (not shown in figure E.4.2.7.3.1).
- If all of the MPC(s) that the MGCF has previously configured within the "MPC MUX Code" signal are not supported according to these bits, the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to terminate MPC operations in those unsupported channels. The MGCF shall either remove the MPC Mux Code signal using the Stop MPC procedure or configure the IM-MGW to send media on other supported MPC(s) by supplying the corresponding Outgoing Multiplex Table in the Configure Multiplex Termination procedure (not shown in figure E.4.2.7.3.1).

When the MGCF provides an Outgoing Multiplex Table, the IM-MGW shall terminate sending any MPC PDUs as attachments to MONA preference message.

Note: Any previously provisioned "MPC MUX Code" signal becomes irrelevant.

When being notified about the receipt of the first incoming MONA preference message, the MGCF may also analyse the Media Preconfigured Channel Receive bits within the MONA preference message and configure the MGW with a suitable Incoming Multiplex Table using the Configure Multiplex Termination procedure (not shown in figure E.4.2.7.3.1).

If the IM-MGW receives the first MONA preference message with attached MPC PDU of a given predefined channel type (signal 12), or if the IM-MGW receives the first non-empty H.223 MUX PDU of a given predefined channel type which has been configured with the Incoming Multiplex Table, and the MGCF has requested a notification about such an event, the IM-MGW shall notify the MGCF about the received channel type (signal 13). The IM-MGW shall not notify the MGCF about subsequent receptions of MPC PDUs of the same channel type.

Upon reception of such a notification, if the IM-MGW supports the indicated channel type and has not yet been configured to receive media of that channel type, and if the MGCF has previously indicated the capability to receive MPCs of that channel type within MONA preference messages, the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to receive media of that channel type and forward them to the IMS side by supplying the Incoming Multiplex Table IE in the Configure Multiplex Termination procedure (Signal 15).

If the MGCF determines (e.g. after receipt of signal 5 or signal 12) that some desired media channels can not be established using the MPC procedures, the MGCF should use accelerated H.245 procedures as defined by MONA to set up media channels. Corresponding H.245 messages shall be transported transparently between the IM-MGW and the MGCF using the "Signal H.245 message" and "Notify H.245 message" procedures.

The MGCF can receive a forwarded MONA preference message from the IM-MGW when the MGCF has already configured the IM-MGW to send media on an MPC. If the processing of this message in the MGCF leads to the conclusion that MPC procedures need to be aborted because SPC preferred (SPP) is determined, the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to terminate MPC operations by removing the MPC related event MPC-reception and MPC Mux Code signal using the Stop MPC procedure.

#### E.4.2.7.4 Mn Interactions for MONA SPCs

#### E.4.2.7.4.1 General

H.245 PDUs for SPC shall be transported between the IM-MGW and MGCF over the Mn interface using H.248 Events (from the IM-MGW towards the MGCF) and H.248 Signals (from the MGCF towards the IM-MGW). The Events/Signals shall contain the following information:

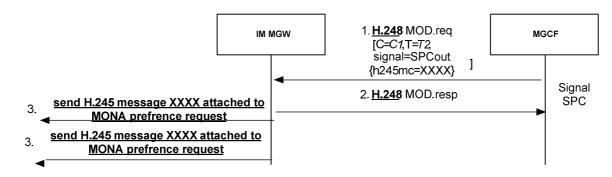
- H.245 message (binary).

The related procedures are distinct from the procedures in subclause E.4.2.3, since the PDUs are received or sent by the IM-MGW using the SPC, i.e. as attachment to MONA preference messages.

If the MGCF supports SPCs, it shall comply with the SPC procedures in subclause K.8 of ITU-T H.324 [81]. The repetition of sending the same SPCs will be handled by the IM-MGW. When the MGCF receives an acknowledgement from the CS side it shall request the IM-MGW to stop the repetition sending of the SPCs,

Within the sent SPC PDUs, the MGCF should include the codecs which are supported by both the IMS side and the IM-MGW, and the codecs which could be transcoded by the IM-MGW from the codecs supported by the IMS side.

#### E.4.2.7.4.2 Transport from MGCF to IM-MGW

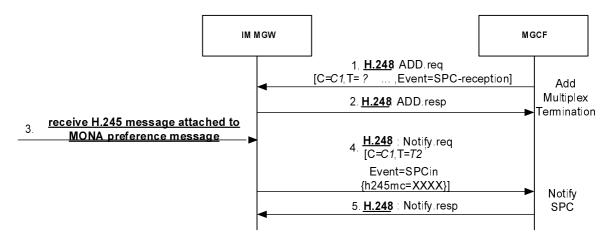


- NOTE 1: MONA preference messages are repeated several times. One repetition is shown for each such message, with the same signal number as the first message.
- NOTE 2: The Context model in figure E.4.2.2.1 is assumed in this call flow. Figure E.4.2.7.4.2.1: Mn interactions for sending MONA SPCs

In Signal 1, the MGCF requests the IM-MGW to send an H.245 message to the CS side. To request the IM-MGW to send a H.245 message to the CS side, the MGCF shall sent an H.248 signal to the IM-MGW with the complete H.245 message content.

Upon reception of this signal, the IM-MGW shall send the encapsulated H.245 message within the H.248 signal, as attachment to a MONA preference message as described in subclause K.9.4 of ITU-T H.324 [81] (signal 3). It should repeat sending this H.245 message as attachment to subsequent MONA preference messages.

#### E.4.2.7.4.3 Transport from IM-MGW to MGCF



- NOTE 1: MONA preference messages are repeated several times. One repetition is shown for each such message, with the same signal number as the first message.
- NOTE 2: The Context model in figure E.4.2.2.1 is assumed in this call flow.

#### Figure E.4.2.7.4.3.1: Mn interactions for receiving MONA SPCs

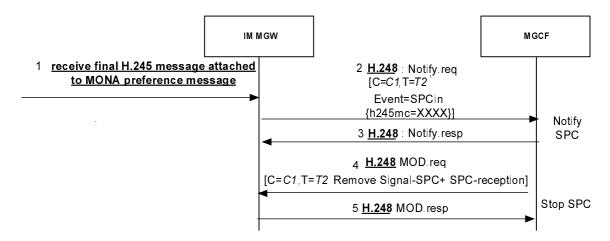
In signal 1, the MGCF requests the IM-MGW to detect received H.245 message from the CS side in SPC PDUs attached to MONA preference messages and forward them to the MGCF. To request the IM-MGW to detect and forward these H.245 message, the MGCF shall send a suitable H.248 event to the IM-MGW. The event may be indicated through an H.248 ADD command.

In signal 3, the IM-MGW receives an H.245 message from the CS side attached as SPC PDU to a MONA preference message. Upon reception of such an H.245 message from the CS side, the IM-MGW may check, based on bitwise comparison of the previously received H.245 message, if it has already forwarded the same H.245 message to the MGCF, in which case the IM-MGW may choose not to forward the same H.245 message to the MGCF. Otherwise the IM-MGW shall forward the H.245 message to the MGCF within an H.248 Notify command (signal 4).

NOTE: According to H.324 [81] a MOS request Ack message shall be sent to every received MOS request. If the IM-MGW chooses, based on the bitwise comparison, not to forward the received H.245 message to the MGCF, no MOS request Ack message will be generated. However, the MGCF will request the IM-MGW to automatically retransmit the MOS request Ack message generated by the MGCF itself.

If the IM-MGW does not support forwarding SPC PDUs or has not been requested by the MGCF to forward these PDUs, it shall discard received SPC PDUs.

#### E.4.2.7.4.4 Termination of SPC procedure

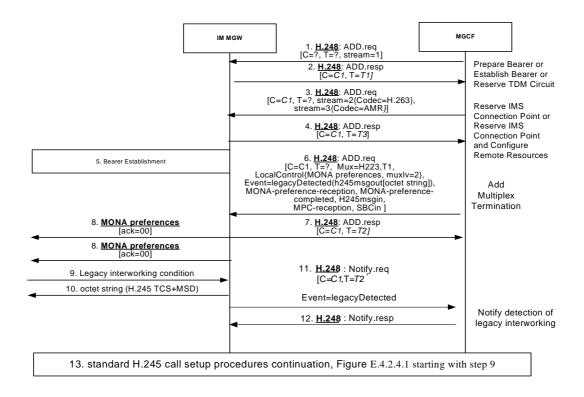


NOTE 2: The Context model in figure E.4.2.2.1 is assumed in this call flow. Figure E.4.2.7.4.4.1: Mn interactions for terminating SPC procedure.

If the processing of an incoming MONA Preference Message in the MGCF leads to the conclusion that SPC procedures need to be aborted as a result of the test of the SPC bits, the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to terminate SPC operations by removing the SPC related event SPC-reception and SPCout signal using the Stop SPC procedure. In this case, H.245 signalling may be started simultaneously.

If the MGCF determines the completion of the SPC procedures according to subclause K.8 of ITU-T H.324 [81] (based on incoming signal 1 in figure E.4.2.7.4.4.1), the MGCF shall configure the IM-MGW to stop sending and detecting SPCs (signal 4 in figure E.4.2.7.4.4.1).

#### E.4.2.7.5 Mn Interactions for fallback from MONA procedures to standard H.324 setup



- NOTE 1: MONA preference messages are repeated several times. One repetition is shown for each such message, with the same signal number as the first message.
- NOTE 2: The Context model in figure E.4.2.2.1 is assumed in this call flow.

## Figure E.4.2.7.5.1: Mn signalling interactions for fallback from MONA procedures to standard H.324 setup

When the MGCF requests that the MONA preferences negotiation is started, the MGCF may also initiate standard H.245 signalling towards the IM-MGW that shall only be sent in case the IM-MGW detects legacy interworking. The MGCF arms an event to detect legacy interworking with an embedded signal descriptor including an H.245 message out signal. The embedded H.245 signal is the initial H.245 TCS+MSD signal to send in case fallback to legacy interworking is detected. The MGCF shall also request to be notified about a H.245 message on the H.223 control channel. The MGCF shall also provision a multiplexing level which will be advertised by the IM-MGW (Signal 6).

If the IM-MGW detects a legacy interworking condition (signal 9), it shall stop sending MONA preference messages, including those MONA messages used to encapsulate MPC or SPC. The IM-MGW shall engage in normal H.324 multiplexing level negotiations. In case the MGCF armed a legacy detection event, the embedded H.245 signal shall be sent by the IM-MGW (signal 10). The legacy detection event is sent to the MGCF (signal 11).

The MGCF shall upon detection of legacy interworking stop MONA procedures and continue with standard H.245 call set up procedures, as depicted in figure E.4.2.4.1 starting with step 9.

If the IM-MGW receives a normal H.245 message (not depicted), it shall also forward this message to the MGCF. If the MGCF receives such a H.245 message during the MONA call setup, and this H.245 message is a normal Terminal

Capability Set message, the MGCF shall also stop MONA procedures and continue with standard H.245 call set up procedures, as depicted in figure E.4.2.4.1 starting with step 9.

To stop MONA related procedures at the IM-MGW, the MGCF shall remove the MONA related signals that were active (MONA Preferences, SPCout, MPC Mux Code; note that MONA Preference and SPCout causes the MGW to send the MONA Preference message or the contained H.245 message several times) and events (MonaPreferenceReception, MonaPreferenceCompleted, SPC-reception and MPC-reception, using the Stop MONA Negotiation procedure.

### E.4.2.8 Interworking between RTCP messages and H.245 messages

#### E.4.2.8.1 Overview

The following subclauses describe the interworking procedures between the RTCP messages listed in table E.4.2.8.1.1, which are used to enhance the quality of the media distribution by MTSI terminals at the IMS side, and the corresponding H.245 messages in 3G-324M at the CS side listed in table E.4.2.8.1.1.

As the H.245 protocol is terminated at the MGCF and RTCP is received at the IM-MGW, Mn procedures to support the transfer of RTCP related information are defined in the following Subclauses to support this interworking.

| RTCP Messages  | H.245 messages                                   | Remarks  |
|--|--|--|
| Picture Loss Indication (PLI) ([109])                              | VideoFastUpdatePicture                           |  |
| Temporary Maximum Media Stream<br>Bit Rate Request (TMMBR) ([110]) | Flow Control Command/ Flow<br>Control Indication | This interworking procedure is not<br>recommended.<br>The reception of TMMBR at the IMS side is<br>expected to be more frequent than the<br>reception of Flow Control Command at the CS<br>side. |

- NOTE 1: It is very unlikely that the MGCF will receive a Flow control command, as the capability of controlling the video bit rate during a video call was neither implemented nor tested for UEs offering 3G-324M since R99, due to the lack of such a necessity in WCDMA where a fixed 64 kbps bearer is maintained to continuously transport 3G-324M PDUs.
- NOTE 2: Terminals are expected to support receiving the FlowControlCommand, as this is a mandatory feature in subclause 6.4.3 in H.324. But most terminals would not really follow the received FlowControlCommand, but rather ignore it. However, for older 3G-324M terminal lock-up or system crash was not uncommon during IOTs. Therefore safe handling of this command is not guaranteed absolutely

The interworking shown in table E.4.2.8.1.1 is only applicable if video is relayed without transcoding.

If transcoding is applied, the IM-MGW should adopt its transcoder accordingly if receiving the RTCP messages listed in table E.4.2.8.1.1, and the MGCF should configure the transcoder in the IM-MGW accordingly if it receives the H.245 messages in table E.4.2.8.1.1.

For an MGCF and IM-MGW that support video interworking as specified in the present Annex E, the support of the procedures in the present subclause E.4.2.8.2 and E.4.2.8.3 is optional.

#### E.4.2.8.2 IM CN subsystem originated RTCP messages

The MGCF may configure the IM-MGW to detect specific received RTCP packets and forward information derived from it by providing a bit pattern(s) for bits 3-15 of incoming RTCP packets as filter criterion in an event descriptor of event "RTCP-interworking". Bits 3-7 in the RTCP packet represent the Feedback message type (FMT), and bits 8-15 in the RTCP packet represent the Payload type (PT) RTCP header fields, see IETF RFC 4585 [109]. For instance, to request that an AVPF Picture Loss Indication (PLI) packet is detected for interworking, the MGCF needs to configure a combination of PT=206 (Payload-specific FB message) and FMT=1 (see IETF RFC 4585 [109]). To request that a AVPF Temporary Maximum Media Bit-rate Request (TMMBR) packet is detected for interworking, the MGCF needs to configure a combination of PT=205 (transport layer feedback message) and FMT=3 (see IETF RFC 5104 [110]).

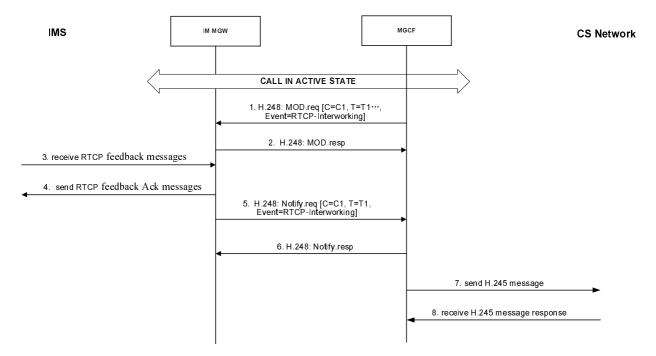
A IM-MGW configured in this way shall check after receiving an incoming RTCP Packet if it is of a desired type, as expressed by a bit pattern received from the MGCF. An incoming RTCP message can be of compound format and contain several RTCP packets. The IM-MGW shall then perform the check separately for each packet. If the IM-MGW determines that the received RTCP packet is of a desired type, the IM-MGW shall send information derived from the RTCP message as ObservedEventsDescriptor Parameter(s) of event "RTCP-interworking" in an H.248 "Notify" message to the MGCF.

The information derived from the RTCP message to be sent to the MGCF is listed in table E.4.2.8.2.1. Information elements in table E.4.2.8.2.1 shall only be sent if the corresponding RTCP message has been received.

 Table E.4.2.8.2.1: RTCP information elements to be notified over Mn

| RTCP message   | Information elements transported<br>over Mn interface | Remarks  |
|--|---|--|
| Picture Loss Indication (PLI) ([109])                              | UpdatePicture   |  |
| Temporary Maximum Media Stream<br>Bit Rate Request (TMMBR) ([110]) | MaxBitRate  | This information indicates the maximum media stream bit rate as received within the TMMBR. |

Figure E.4.2.8.2.2.1 shows examples of interactions between RTCP and H.245 for IM CN subsystem originated feedback on the quality of the media distribution.



# Figure E.4.2.8.2.2.1: Interactions between RTCP and H.245 for IM CN subsystem originated RTCP feedback on the quality of the media distribution

In signal 1, the MGCF requests the IM-MGW to detect received RTCP feedback message from the IMS side and notify the feedback information elements to the MGCF when the interworking is required. To request the IM-MGW to detect and notify these feedback information elements, the MGCF shall send the "RTCP-interworking" H.248 event to the IM-MGW. The event may be indicated through an H.248 MOD command.

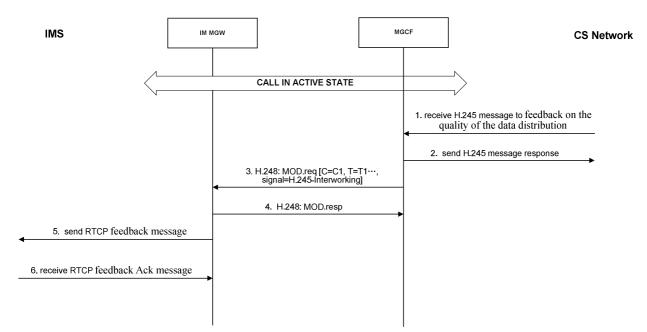
In signal 3, the IM-MGW receives a RTCP feedback message from the IMS side.

In signal5, the IM-MGW notifies the feedback information elements from RTCP message to the MGCF.

In signal7, the MGCF send the corresponding H.245 message to the CS side to request for the media adaption.

#### E.4.2.8.3 CS network originated H.245 messages

Figure E.4.2.8.3.2.1 shows examples of interactions between H.245 and RTCP for CS network originated feedback on the quality of the media distribution.



# Figure E.4.2.8.3.2.1: Interactions between H.245 and RTCP for CS network originated H.245 feedback on the quality of the media distribution

In signal 1, the MGCF receives an H.245 feedback message from the CS side.

In signal3, the MGCF requests the IM\_MGW to send an RTCP message provisioning the signal "H.245 interworking" with parameters identifying information to be transported within this RTCP message.

In signal5, the IM-MGW send the corresponding RTCP message to the IMS side to request for the media adaption.

To request the IM-MGW to send an RTCP message, the MGCF shall send the corresponding information elements listed in table E.4.2.8.3.2.1 as parameters of the "H.245-interworking signal" over the Mn interface.

| RTCP message   | Information elements transported<br>over Mn interface | Remarks   |
|--|---|---|
| Picture Loss Indication (PLI) ([109])                              | UpdatePicture   |   |
| Temporary Maximum Media Stream<br>Bit Rate Request (TMMBR) ([110]) | MaxBitRate  | This information indicates the maximum media stream bit rate to be sent within the TMMBR. |

### E.4.3 Mn Signalling procedures

#### E.4.3.1 Overview

This subclause describes the logical signalling procedures (i.e. message identifiers are not part of the protocol) between the MGCF and IM-MGW. The procedures within this subclause are intended to be implemented using the standard H.248 procedure as defined in ITU recommendation H.248.1 [2] with appropriate parameter combinations.

### E.4.3.2 Add Multiplex Termination

This procedure is used to add a termination to multiplex/demultiplex H.223. This procedure containing the MuxDescriptor with H.223 value enables the IM-MGW to start the H.324 Multiplexing Level Negotiation.

| Procedure                      | Initiated                   | Information element name                          | Information<br>element  | Information element description   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| Add Multiplex M<br>Termination | MGCF                        | Context   | required<br>M   | This information element indicates the existing context.  |
|                                |                             | Termination                                       | М   | This information element requests a new termination   |
|                                |                             | MuxDescriptor                                     | М   | This information element indicates that data multiplexed according to H223 shall be received, and from which termination.   |
|                                |                             | Notify Termination<br>Heartbeat                   | М   | This information element requests termination heartbeat indications   |
|                                |                             | Notify Released<br>Bearer                         | 0   | This information element requests a notification of a released bearer.  |
|                                |                             | Incoming H.245<br>message Notification<br>Request | М   | This Event shall indicate that a Notification<br>about H.245 messages received by the IM-<br>MGW is requested by the MGCF   |
|                                |                             | MONA Preferences                                  | 0   | This information element requests the MGW<br>to start a MONA negotiation and provisions<br>MONA preferences to be indicated by the<br>IM-MGW, encoded as described in<br>subclause K.6 of ITU-T H.324 [81]  |
|                                |                             | MONA Preference<br>Reception                      | 0   | This information element requests a notification of the reception of the first MONA preference message.   |
|                                |                             | MONA Preference<br>Completed                      | 0   | This information element requests a<br>notification of the reception of the first<br>MONA preference message with indication<br>that the MONA preference negotiation is<br>completed.   |
|                                |                             | Legacy Detected                                   | 0   | This information element requests a<br>notification of a legacy interworking<br>condition. The Event Descriptor also<br>embeds a signal descriptor including an<br>H.245 message out signal which shall be<br>send when legacy interworking is detected |
|                                |                             | MPC Reception                                     | 0   | This information element requests a notification of the reception of the first MONA preference message with attached MPC.   |
|                                |                             | SPC Reception                                     | 0   | This information element requests a notification of the reception of a MONA preference message with attached SPC.   |
|                                | Incoming Multiplex<br>Table | 0   | This information element indicates the value<br>of the H245 MultiplexEntrySend message<br>and allows the MGW to identify incoming<br>H.223 MUX PDUs of the channel types<br>given in the table. |   |
|                                |                             | MPC Mux Code                                      | 0   | This information element requests the MGW to send available media in MPCs and indicates the channel type to use for sending media.  |
| Add Multiplex<br>Termination   | IM-MGW                      | Context   | М   | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
| Ack                            |                             | Termination                                       | М   | This information element indicates the new termination where the command was executed.  |

Table E.4.3.2.1: Add Multiplex Termination Procedure

### E.4.3.3 Configure Multiplex Termination

This procedure is used to configure a termination to multiplex/demultiplex H.223. It is also used to exclude some of the outgoing MPC channel types due to the MONA Preference received from the peer.

| Procedure              | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Configure<br>Multiplex | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.   |
| Termination            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination  |
|                        |           | Remote H223<br>Capability   | 0                                  | This information element indicates the remote H223 capabilities, as received by the MGCF. The element shall not be included if the MPC Mux Code IE is included.   |
|                        |           | Incoming Multiplex<br>Table | 0                                  | This information element indicates the value<br>of the H245 MultiplexEntrySend message,<br>as received by the MGCF from the remote<br>H.245 peer. Either this element or the MPC<br>Mux Code IE shall be included.  |
|                        |           | Outgoing Multiplex<br>Table | 0                                  | This information element indicates the value<br>of the H245 MultiplexEntrySend message,<br>as sent by the MGCF towards the remote<br>H.245 peer. Either this element or the MPC<br>Mux Code IE shall be included.   |
|                        |           | MPC Mux Code                | 0                                  | This information element requests the MGW<br>to continue sending available media in MPC<br>and indicates the channel type to use for<br>sending media. It is used in this procedure<br>only to restrict the list of channel types<br>indicated previously in the Add Multiplex<br>Termination procedure. Either this element<br>or the Incoming and Outgoing Multiplex<br>Table elements shall be included. |
| Configure<br>Multiplex | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
| Termination<br>Ack     |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.  |

Table E.4.3.3.1: Configure Multiplex Termination Procedure

## E.4.3.4 Signal H245 Message

This procedure is used to send a H245 message to the IM-MGW that the IM-MGW shall forward towards the CS side within H.223.

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Signal H245<br>Message     | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing context.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination   |
|                            |           | Signal                      | М                                  | This information element indicates the signal<br>to request forwarding of a H245 message<br>towards the CS side within H.223 |
|                            |           | H.245 message               | М                                  | This information element indicates the H.245 message to be forwarded   |
| Signal H245<br>Message Ack | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.   |

Table E.4.3.4.1: Signal H245 Message Procedure

#### E.4.3.5 Notify H245 Message

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF that the IM-MGW has received a H245 message from the CS side within H.223.

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Notify H245<br>Message     | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.  |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination   |
|                            |           | Event                       | М                                  | This information element indicates the event<br>to indicate that a H245 message has been<br>received from the CS side within H.223 |
|                            |           | H.245 message               | М                                  | information element indicates the received<br>H.245 message  |
| Notify H245<br>Message Ack | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.   |

## E.4.3.6 Notify MONA Preference Reception

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF that the IM-MGW has received the first MONA preference Message from the CS side.

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Notify H245<br>Message     | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination  |
|                            |           | Event                       | М                                  | This information element indicates the event<br>to indicate that a MONA Preference<br>Message has been received |
|                            |           | MONA Preferences            | М                                  | This information element indicates the received MONA preference message   |
| Notify H245<br>Message Ack | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.                                  |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.                              |

 Table E.4.3.6.1: Notify MONA Preference Reception Procedure

## E.4.3.7 Notify MONA Preference Completed

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF that the IM-MGW has received the first MONA preference Message with indication that the MONA preference negotiation is completed.

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Notify H245<br>Message     | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.  |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination   |
|                            |           | Event                       | М                                  | This information element indicates the event<br>to indicate that the first MONA preference<br>Message with indication that the MONA<br>preference negotiation is completed<br>received |
| Notify H245<br>Message Ack | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.   |

## E.4.3.8 Signal SPC

This procedure is used to send a H245 message to the IM-MGW that the IM-MGW shall forward towards the CS side using the SPC, i.e. as attachment to MONA preference messages.

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Signal H245<br>Message     | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.  |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination   |
|                            |           | Signal                      | М                                  | This information element indicates the signal<br>to request forwarding of a H245 message<br>towards the CS side using the SPC, i.e. as<br>attachment to MONA preference messages |
|                            |           | H.245 message               | М                                  | This information element indicates the H.245 message to be forwarded   |
| Signal H245<br>Message Ack | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.   |

Table E.4.3.8.1: Signal SPC Procedure

## E.4.3.9 Notify SPC

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF that the IM-MGW has received a H245 message from the CS side in SPC PDUs attached to MONA preference messages.

Table E.4.3.9.1: Notify SPC Procedure

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Notify H245<br>Message     | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination  |
|                            |           | Event                       | М                                  | This information element indicates the event<br>to indicate that a H245 message has been<br>received from the CS side in SPC PDUs<br>attached to MONA preference messages |
|                            |           | H.245 message               | М                                  | information element indicates the received<br>H.245 message   |
| Notify H245<br>Message Ack | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.  |

## E.4.3.10 Notify MPC

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF that the IM-MGW has received the first MONA preference message with attached MPC from the CS side.

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Notify H245<br>Message     | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination  |
|                            |           | Event                       | М                                  | This information element indicates the event<br>to indicate that the first MONA preference<br>message with attached MPC has been<br>received. |
|                            |           | MuxCode                     | М                                  | information element that indicates the<br>received Channel Type   |
| Notify H245<br>Message Ack | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.  |

## E.4.3.11 Notify Detection of Legacy Interworking

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF that the IM-MGW detects a legacy interworking condition that causes it to abort MONA procedures.

Table E.4.3.11.1: Notify Detection of Legacy Interworking Procedure

| Procedure                  | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Notify H245<br>Message     | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.  |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination   |
|                            |           | Event                       | М                                  | This information element indicates the event<br>to indicate that a legacy interworking<br>condition has been detected. |
| Notify H245<br>Message Ack | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.   |
|                            |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.                                     |

## E.4.3.12 Request RTCP-Interworking

This procedure is used by the MGCF to request the IM-MGW to detect the RTCP feedback message on the quality of the media distribution requiring interworking.

| Procedure                     | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Request RTCP-<br>Interworking | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.   |
|                               |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates an existing  |
|                               |           | RTCPfilter                  | М                                  | This information element provides one or<br>several bit pattern(s) for bits 3-15 of an<br>RTCP packet. Information from RTCP<br>packets that match those patterns shall be<br>notified to the MGCF. |
|                               |           | RTCP-Interworking           | М                                  | This information element requests a notification about information derived from the incoming RTCP packet types denoted by RTCPfilter.   |
| Request RTCP-<br>Interworking | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
| Ack                           |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the new termination where the command was executed.  |

Table E.4.3.12.1: Request RTCP-Interworking

#### E.4.3.13 Notify RTCP-Interworking

This procedure is used by the IM-MGW to notify the MGCF the feedback information elements when the IM-MGW detects a RTCP feedback message on the quality of the media distribution requiring interworking.

| Procedure                    | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Notify RTCP-<br>Interworking | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                              |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                              |           | UpdatePicture               | С                                  | This information element shall be included<br>upon reception of a RTCP PLI message. It<br>indicates the request of sending of full intra-<br>pictures.  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                              |           | MaxBitRate                  | С                                  | This information element shall be included<br>upon reception of a RTCP TMMBR<br>message. It shall contain the bandwidth as<br>indicated in the RTCP TMMBR message<br>excluding the overhead indicated in the<br>RTCP TMMBR message. |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Notify RTCP-<br>Interworking | MGCF      | MGCF                        | MGCF                               | Context   | М | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ack                          |           |                             |                                    |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### E.4.3.14 Signal-H.245-Interworking

This procedure is used by the MGCF to indicate the IM-MGW the feedback information elements when a H.245 feedback message on the quality of the media distribution requiring interworking is received.

| Procedure                     | Initiated | Information element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |   |  |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Signal H.245-<br>Interworking | MGCF      | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.                    |   |  |
|                               |           | Termination                 | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination                             |   |  |
|                               |           |                             |                                    | UpdatePicture  | С | This information element indicates the<br>request to send a RTCP PLI message.      |
|                               |           |                             |                                    |  |   |  |
| Signal H.245-<br>Interworking | IM-MGW    | Context                     | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed. |   |  |
| Ack                           |           |                             |                                    | Termination  | М | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed. |

Table E.4.3.14.1: Signal H.245-Interworking

#### E.4.3.15 Stop MPC

This procedure is used by the MGC to indicate to the MG that it is no longer allowed to send MPC media encapsulated in MONA Preference messages and that it shall stop MPC detection.

| Table E.4.3.15.1: Stop MPC | Table | E.4.3.1 | 5.1: | Stop | MPC |
|----------------------------|-------|---------|------|------|-----|
|----------------------------|-------|---------|------|------|-----|

| Procedure           | Initiated | Information<br>element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description   |
|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Stop MPC            | MGCF      | Context                        | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing context.  |
|                     |           | Termination                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination  |
|                     |           | Stop MPC Reception             | М                                  | This information element indicates that the reception of MPC encapsulated in MONA Preference Messages shall be stopped. |
|                     |           | Stop MPC Sending               | М                                  | This information element requests that the sending of the MPC shall be stopped.   |
| Stop MPC Ack IM-MGW |           | Context                        | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.  |
|                     |           | Termination                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.                                      |

#### E.4.3.16 Stop SPC

This procedure is used by the MGC to indicate to the MG that it is no longer allowed to send MPC media encapsulated in MONA Preference messages and that it shall stop SPC detection.

| Procedure           | Initiated | Information<br>element<br>name | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Stop SPC            | MGCF      | Context                        | М                                  | This information element indicates the<br>existing context.  |
|                     |           | Termination                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination   |
|                     |           | Stop SPC Sending               | М                                  | This information element requests that the<br>sending of SPC encapsulated in MONA<br>Preference messages shall be stopped.     |
|                     |           | Stop SPC Detection             | М                                  | This information element requests that the detection of received SPC encapsulated in MONA Preference Message shall be stopped. |
| Stop SPC Ack IM-MGW |           | Context                        | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.   |
|                     |           | Termination                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.   |

Table E.4.3.16.1: Stop MPC

## E.4.3.17 Stop MONA Negotiation

This procedure is used by the MGC to request the MG to stop all MONA nogotiation related procedures.

| Procedure                    | Initiated | Information<br>element<br>name             | Information<br>element<br>required | Information element description  |
|------------------------------|-----------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Stop MONA<br>Negotiation     | MGCF      | Context                                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the existing context.   |
|                              |           | Termination                                | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination   |
|                              |           | Stop MONA<br>Preference Message<br>Sending | М                                  | This information element requests that the sending of MONA Preference messages be stopped.   |
|                              |           | Stop MONA<br>Detection                     | М                                  | This information element requests that the detection of first MONA Preference Message and of the MONA negotiation completion be stopped.   |
|                              |           | Stop SPC Sending                           | С                                  | This information element requests that the<br>sending of SPC encapsulated in MONA<br>Preference messages be stopped.<br>Required only if SPC sending was<br>previously configured. |
|                              |           | Stop SPC Detection                         | С                                  | This information element requests that the detection of received SPC encapsulated in MONA Preference Message be stopped. Required only if SPC reception was previously configured. |
|                              |           | Stop MPC Reception                         | С                                  | This information element indicates that the reception of MPC encapsulated in MONA Preference Messages shall be stopped. Required only if MPC reception was previously configured.  |
|                              |           | Stop MPC Sending                           | С                                  | This information element requests that the sending of the MPC shall be stopped.<br>Required only if MPC sending was previously configured.   |
| Stop MONA<br>Negotiation Ack | IM-MGW    | Context                                    | М                                  | This information element indicates the context where the command was executed.   |
|                              |           | Termination                                | М                                  | This information element indicates the termination where the command was executed.   |

#### Table E.4.3.17.1: Stop MONA Negotiation

## Annex F (normative): PSTN XML Scheme

## F.1 Scope

This section defines the PSTN XML Schema to be used for providing the BearerCapability, Low Layer Compatibility, High Layer Compatibility and Progress indicator embedded as body in SIP messages.

The support of this PSTN XML Schema is a network option.

## F.2 MIME type

The XML schema defined in the present Annex is registered at IANA as "application/vnd.etsi.pstn+xml" MIME type.

If the XML scheme is embedded in SIP messages as body, the Content-Type header shall be set to "application/vnd.etsi.pstn+xml" and the Content-Disposition shall be set to "signal" with the "handling" parameter set to "optional".

## F.3 XML Schema definition

#### <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns="http://uri.etsi.org/ngn/params/xml/simservs/pstn" xmlns:ns1="http://uri.etsi.org/ngn/params/xml/simservs/pstn" targetNamespace="http://uri.etsi.org/ngn/params/xml/simservs/pstn" elementFormDefault="qualified">

<xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>XML Schema definition for mapping of some PSTN into SIP MIME Bodies</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <!--Definition of simple types--> <xs:simpleType name="OneBitType"> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:pattern value="[0-1]"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <xs:simpleType name="TwoBitType"> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1]"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <xs:simpleType name="ThreeBitType"> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1]"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <xs:simpleType name="FourBitType"> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"; <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1]"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <xs:simpleType name="FiveBitType"> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <xs:simpleType name="SixBitType"> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1]"/>

</xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <xs:simpleType name="SevenBitType"> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1]"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <!--Definition of complex types--> <!--Definition of BearerCapability Octets--> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet3Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="CodingStandard" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="InformationTransferCapability" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet4Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="TransferMode" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="InformationTransferRate" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet4-1Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="RateMultiplier" type="SevenBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet5Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="Layer1Identification" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="UserInfoLayer1Protocol" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet5aType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="SynchronousAsynchronous" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="Negotiation" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="UserRate" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet5bV110Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="IntermediateRate" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="NIConTX" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="NIConRX" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="FlowControlOnTX" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="FlowControlOnRX" type="OneBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet5bV120Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="RateAdaptionHeader" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="MultipleFrameEstablishmentSupport" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="ModeOfOperation" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="LogicalLinkIdentifier" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="Assignor" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="InbandOutbandNegotiation" type="OneBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet5cType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="NumberOfStopBits" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="NumberOfDataBits" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="Parity" type="ThreeBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="BCOctet5dType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="DuplexMode" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="ModemType" type="SixBitType"/>

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<xs:element name="LLOctet4" type="LLOctet4Type"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet4-1" type="LLOctet4-1Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet5" type="LLOctet5Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet5a" type="LLOctet5aType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet5bV110" type="LLOctet5bV110Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet5bV120" type="LLOctet5bV120Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet5c" type="LLOctet5cType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet5d" type="LLOctet5dType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet6" type="LLOctet6Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet6aHDLC" type="LLOctet6aHDLCType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs;element name="LLOctet6aUserSpecific" type="LLOctet6aUserSpecificType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet6b" type="LLOctet6bType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet7" type="LLOctet7Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet7aUserSpecific" type="LLOctet7aUserSpecificType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet7aX25" type="LLOctet7aX25Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet7bX25" type="LLOctet7bX25Type" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet7c" type="LLOctet7cType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <xs:element name="LLOctet7aTR9577" type="LLOctet7aTR9577Type" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="LLOctet7bTR9577" type="LLOctet7bTR9577Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="DisplayType">
       <xs:sequence>
          <xs:element name="DispOctet3" type="DispOctet3Type"/>
       </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
   <!--Definition of progress indicator-->
   <xs:complexType name="ProgressOctet3Type">
       <xs:sequence>
          <xs:element name="CodingStandard" type="TwoBitType"/>
          <xs:element name="Location" type="FourBitType "/>
       </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="ProgressOctet4Type">
       <xs:sequence>
          <xs:element name="ProgressDescription" type="SevenBitType"/>
      </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="ProgressIndicatorType">
       <xs:sequence>
          <xs:element name="ProgressOctet3" type="ProgressOctet3Type"/>
          <xs:element name="ProgressOctet4" type="ProgressOctet4Type"/>
       </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
   <!--Definition of document structure-->
   <xs:element name="PSTN">
       <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
              <xs:element name="BearerCapability" type="BearerCapabilityType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="2"/>
              <xs:element name="HighLayerCompatibility" type="HighLayerCompatibilityType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="2"/>
              <xs:element name="LowLayerCompatibility" type="LowLayerCompatibilityType" minOccurs="0"/>
              <xs:element name="ProgressIndicator" type="ProgressIndicatorType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
              <xs:element name="Display" type="DisplayType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
              <xs:element name="sendingCompleteIndication" minOccurs="0"/>
          </xs:sequence>
       </xs:complexType>
   </xs:element>
</xs:schema>
```

## F.4 IANA registration template

Within the present subclause, information required for an IANA registration at <u>http://www.iana.org/cgi-bin/mediatypes.pl</u> is provided.

1. Media Type Name

Application

2. Subtype name

"vnd.etsi.pstn+xml" (Vendor Tree)

3. Required parameters

none

4. Optional parameters

none

5. Encoding considerations

binary

6. Security considerations

The security considerations for XML in RFC 3023 apply.

Modifications of the MIME body by a man-in-the-middle can have severe consequences:

The information derived from ISUP that can be transported with this MIME body influence the call handling of the SIP session that is being setup.

However, this MIME body is used only attached to SIP messages, and modifications of other parts of the SIP signalling will lead to comparable consequences. Protection of the SIP signalling will also protect the present MIME body. The SIP signalling should be protected as described in RFC 3261.

7. Interoperability considerations

None

8. Published specification

3GPP TS 29.163

9. Applications which use this media type

This MIME type is used as a message body within SIP messages.

It is used for sending information derived from ISUP or DSS1 signalling with no SIP equivalent.

10. Additional information
Magic number(s): none (see RFC 3023)
File extension(s): ".xml" (see RFC 3023)
Macintosh File Type Code(s): "Text" (see RFC 3023)
Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

11. Intended usage

Limited Use

12. Other Information/General Comment

The content of this MIME type is UTF-8 encoded. The charset parameter is not used.

# Annex G: Void

NOTE: The former contents of this annex are now contained in 3GPP TS 24.229 [9].

## Annex H (normative): Interworking of Originating Line Information (OLI) parameter (network option)

## H.1 Interworking SIP to ISUP

The "oli" URI parameter received within tel URI or the userinfo part of SIP URI with user="phone" (as defined in subclause 7.2A.12 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]) received in a P-Asserted-Identity header in the initial INVITE request shall be used to set the ISUP IAM OLI parameter. In case the P-Asserted-Identity URI "oli" parameter is absent then the ISUP IAM OLI parameter shall be omitted.

# H.2 Interworking ISUP to SIP

The ISUP IAM OLI parameter shall be used to set the "oli" URI parameter within tel URI or the userinfo part of SIP URI with user="phone" parameter (as defined in subclause 7.2A.12 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [9]) of a P-Asserted-Identity header in the initial INVITE request. In case the ISUP IAM OLI parameter is absent then the P-Asserted-Identity URI "oli" parameter shall be omitted from the initial INVITE request.

## Annex I (normative): GTT interworking between the IP Multimedia Core Network (CN) Subsystem (IMS) and Circuit Switched (CS) networks

# I.1 Overview of GTT interworking between the IMS and Circuit Switched (CS) networks

The support of Global Text Telephony (GTT) is optional, but may be required by national regulatory requirements. If GTT is supported, the procedures described within this Annex shall be applied.

Global Text Telephony (GTT) offers real time conversation in text, optionally combined with voice. GTT is mainly used for distant conversation with hearing or speech impaired users.

GTT is supported in IMS via the Real-Time Text protocol over RTP, using IETF SIP/SDP for the negotiation of the text media and IETF RFC 4103 [124] RTP-text for transport, with text coded according to ITU-T Recommendation T.140 [123]. See 3GPP TS 23.226 [122], 3GPP TS 26.114 [104], 3GPP TS 26.235 [127] and 3GPP TS 26.236 [128].

In PSTN, different specified systems for text telephony exist and are used in different regions, e.g. Baudot (in US), EDT, V.21, Bell103, Minitel and V.18. They all use different modem technologies within PCM and different character coding for the transmission of text. They are described in the annexes of ITU-T Recommendation V.18 [125]. ITU-T Recommendation V.18 [125] is an international text telephone modem standard with an automoding mechanism that enables communication with all the different kinds of PSTN text telephone systems. Any party of a GTT call may at any time initiate text or send voice. Speech and text may be used in an alternating manner during a conversation on the PSTN. It is also possible that speech is transferred in one direction and text in the opposite direction. However, speech and text can not be used in the same direction at the same time in most sub-modes of V.18.

In the 3GPP CS radio interface, a dedicated CTM modem is used (see 3GPP TS 26.226 [126]), which is terminated within the CS domain and interworked to PTSN inband text telephony format.

Interworking between Real-Time Text over RTP within IMS and PSTN text telephony is provided at the MGCF / IM-MGW by the MGCF triggering the insertion of an Interworking (conversion) function within the IM-MGW which then behaves in accordance with ITU-T Recommendation V.18 [125] or any of its specific sub-modes.

The support of this Interworking function between IP-based Real-Time Text over RTP and modem based transmission of real-time text is optional both at the MGCF and IM-MGW, but can be required by national regulatory bodies. If this Interworking function is supported, the procedures described within this Annex shall be applied.

The Interworking function in the IM-MGW shall support the detection of text modem signals on the CS side and the conversion between text/modem signals and Real-Time Text over RTP.

The IM\_MGW shall support at least one of the sub-modes listed in ITU-T Recommendation V.18 [125] (e.g. Baudot). The support of any of the sub-modes is optional.

The procedures to detect and convert text/modem involve expensive MGW resources. The present GTT interworking procedures intend to allow cost effective implementations by avoiding additional load or resources in MGW for calls not using text telephony (which represent most of the calls).

It is assumed that IMS terminals supporting text media will not automatically offer text media, but that this will be instead governed by terminal configuration options and user interactions to suit the communication preferences and abilities of the user. However, an IMS terminal desiring to set up a GTT call will offer Real-Time Text media, possibly in parallel to voice media. The IMS-MGW shall then provide the conversion between Real-Time Text over RTP and text/modem signals. On the contrary, if the mobile does not request Real-Time Text support, no Interworking function is necessary. An IMS Multimedia terminal configured to use Real-Time Text Telephony but receiving an SDP offer for voice-only media will accept this offer and then send an own subsequent SDP offer adding text media. When receiving such a subsequent offer for text media, the IMS-MGW shall provide the conversion between Real-Time Text over RTP

and text/modem signals at the CS interface. On the contrary, if the mobile does not offer Real-Time Text, no Interworking function is necessary.

## I.2 Control plane interworking

#### I.2.1 General

Before text conversation can begin, a call shall first be established, from PSTN to IMS or vice-versa. The ISUP or BICC signalling to/from the PSTN indicates a "speech" call, without any GTT indication.

The IMS user may request a text connection from the beginning of a call, or add request for Real-Time Text media at a later stage in a call that was originally established with audio only.

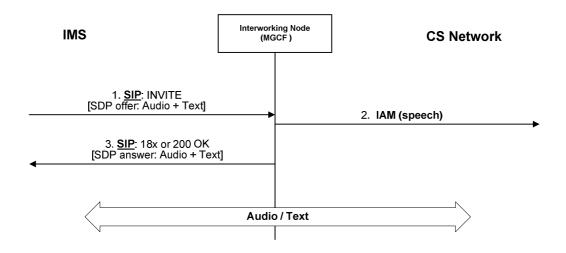
## I.2.2 Functionalities required in the MGCF for GTT calls support

In addition to the control plane interworking between SIP and ISUP or BICC (see clause 7), the MGCF shall support the negotiation of the Real-Time Text payload type (T.140 Text Conversation MIME media type as specified by IETF RFC 4103 [124]) in a distinct SDP m-line.

### I.2.3 IM CN subsystem originated session

#### I.2.3.1 Initial INVITE with an SDP offer including a text media line

Figure I.2.3.1.1 shows an example call flow where the IMS terminal requests Real-Time Text telephony by sending an SDP offer including one audio line and one text media line within an initial INVITE message.



#### Figure I.2.3.1.1: IM CN subsystem originated session - Initial INVITE offering audio and text

Upon receipt of a SIP INVITE request offering text media (possibly combined with audio media) (signal 1 in figure I.2.3.1.1) the Interworking Node (MGCF) starts the call set-up at the CS side by sending an IAM requesting a speech with G.711 codec only or 3.1 Khz bearer (signal 2 in figure I.2.3.1.1), and completes the call setup on IMS and CS side using the procedures specified in clause 7, but returning an SDP answer including Real-Time Text media (possibly combined with audio media if audio media has been offered) (signal 3 in figure I.2.3.1.1).

The MGCF triggers the insertion an Interworking function in the IM-MGW for the duration of the call if a Real-Time Text media stream is established.

The MGCF reserves corresponding Real-Time Text media resources in the IM-MGW and activate the Interworking function, and if resources were available, return an SDP answer with audio and Real-Time Text.

## I.2.4 CS network originated session

#### I.2.4.1 General

When starting the session setup signalling from a CS based network towards the IMS, the MGCF has no knowledge whether the CS side terminal supports and will accept to use text telephony.

### I.2.4.2 Initial INVITE with an SDP offer including audio only

The MGCF offers only audio media when setting up a call towards the IMS and waits for IMS terminals desiring Real-Time Text media to send a new offer adding Real-Time Text media attribute prior to inserting an Interworking function in the IM-MGW. If the MGCF receives a new offer adding Real-Time Text media and applies signalling with OoBTC on the CS CN, the MGCF shall apply appropriate OoBTC procedures to only select G.711 audio codec on the CS call leg.

Figure I.2.4.2.1 shows an example call flow.

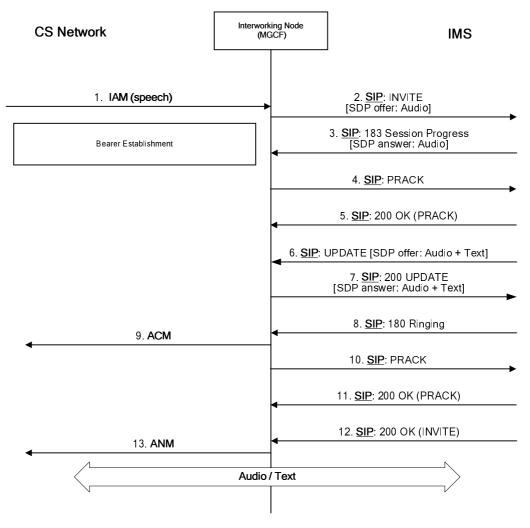


Figure I.2.4.2.1: CS originated session - Initial INVITE offering audio only

Upon receipt of an IAM request for a speech or 3.1 Khz audio call (signal 1 in figure I.2.4.2.1) the Interworking Node (MGCF) starts the call set-up at the IM CN subsystem side by sending an INVITE request (signal 2 in figure I.2.4.2.1) offering audio media applying the interworking procedures in Clause 7.

IMS terminals supporting GTT and configured to use it will send a new SDP offer including an audio and a Real-Time Text media line within a subsequent UPDATE or re-INVITE request.

When GTT interworking between IMS and CS networks is required, the MGCF shall reserve corresponding Real-Time Text media resources in the IM-MGW and thereby request the insertion of the Interworking function, and if resources were available, return an SDP answer with audio and Real-Time Text media attributes.

# I.2.5 Subsequent SDP offer/answer exchange adding text to an audio session

If only audio media has been offered in the initial SDP offer, the IMS terminal can also request GTT support by sending a new SDP offer including audio and Real-Time Text when a SIP dialogue (early or confirmed) has already been established.

The MGCF shall then trigger the insertion of an Interworking function in the IM-MGW following the same principles as those specified in subclause I.2.3.14. However, if OoBTC signalling is supported and a codec other than PCM (default G.711) has been selected at the CS network, then a codec modification is required to G.711. Otherwise No additional ISUP or BICC signalling towards the CS network is required.

## I.3 User plane interworking

#### I.3.1 Functionalities required in the IM-MGW for GTT support

An IM-MGW supporting GTT interworking between IMS and CS network shall support:

- Real-Time Text as specified in 3GPP TS 26.235 [127], 3GPP TS 26.236 [128] and 3GPP TS 26.114 [104] for a Multimedia Telephony Service Indicator (MTSI) compliant IM-MGW; this includes:
  - requirement to support ITU-T Recommendation T.140 [123] Text Conversation MIME media type and RTP-text transport as specified by IETF RFC 4103 [124] and ITU-T Recommendation T.140 [123] Text Conversation presentation coding;
  - recommended support of redundancy coding variant specified in IETF RFC 4103 [124] for error resilience;
- PSTN based text telephony using ITU-T Recommendation V.18 [4] or any of its specific sub-modes.
- NOTE: One specific text telephone protocol of the ITU-T Recommendation V.18 standard, called "*Baudot Code*" (Baudot modulation at 45.45 baud), is particularly important for support of emergency calls in US.

#### I.3.2 Monitoring of text/modem signals on the CS side

When the IMS session is setup with text media (possibly combined with audio media), the MGCF thereby requests the IM-MGW to monitor the CS termination for possible receipt of text telephone signals, in order to detect whether the CS user wishes to transit from voice to text during a voice call. The IM-MGW shall be provisioned with the text telephone mode(s) for which the termination should be monitored. The presence of the text media in the IMS session is an explicit indication that monitoring of text telephone signals is required.

When monitoring for text telephony signals the IM-MGW should listen on the CS side voice line for text telephone signals, and shall not transmit modem tones from the CS side termination to IMS side termination until one of the following occurs:

- 1) If the PSTN terminal is a carrier-based device and transmits answer tone. The IM-MGW shall then resolve the text telephone mode according to V.18 procedures and then operate in that mode;
- 2) If the PSTN terminal is a carrier-less device, the end user starts sending characters such that these may be detected by the IM-MGW. The IM-MGW shall then detect the text telephone mode and then operate in that mode.

If the IMS terminal transmits text characters first the IM-MGW shall initiate a text connection toward the CS network and resolve the textphone type, so that communication can continue in text mode.

See ITU-T Recommendation V.18 [125] for a detailed description of those procedures.

## I.3.3 Multiplexing between the CS and IMS streams

The IM-MGW should remain in speech mode until such time that text is detected from either user. The IM-MGW shall detect modem signals on the CS termination and decide based on this detection if the media received from the CS side is interworked to the speech or the text media stream on the IMS side. In the media direction towards the CS network, the IM-MGW needs to multiplex both media streams into the PCM signal.

The following procedures provide further information on the procedures to be followed by the IM-MGW, for normative behaviour the ITU-T Recommendation V.18 [125] shall be followed.

- Carrier text phone:
  - After a carrier mode text connection is established, loss of carrier can be taken as the indication that the audio stream on the IMS termination shall be connected with the (PCM) interface of the line on the CS termination.
  - When the text carrier reappears on the CS termination, or text is received from the text media stream on the IMS termination, the IM-MGW connects the text stream on the IMS termination with the (PCM) interface of the line on the CS termination.
- Carrierless text phone:
  - When the V.18 modem detects text, the textphone CS termination stops feeding the audio stream of the IMS termination, and instead inserts the detected and T.140 converted characters into the text stream of the IMS termination. This mode is continued as long as characters keep coming from the PSTN textphone. When no more characters arrive, and no textphone signal is received within 1 second, the audio channel is again fed to the audio stream of the IMS termination. If new text comes from the V.18 side, the process is repeated.
  - If text is received from the text stream of the IMS termination when V.18 is not actively receiving text, no media shall be applied to the IMS audio stream, and the characters are sent to the V.18 modem for transmission. When all text is transmitted and no more is received for two seconds, the audio channels are enabled again. Since the carrierless systems are one-way alternate transmission systems, transmission of characters is possible only in one direction at a time. Once started, reception is given priority. Characters received from text stream of the IMS termination while V.18 is busy receiving should be buffered (up to a reasonable limit).

### I.3.4 Conversion between text/modem and Real-Time Text over RTP

The legacy PSTN textphone modes have limited character sets. For all legacy modes, the text received through the V.18 modem shall be converted if necessary in the RTP/T.140 format for the text stream on the IMS termination, according to the rules in ITU-T Recommendation. T.140 [123] and IETF RFC 4103 [124], and vice-versa.

Redundancy may be used as specified in IETF RFC 4103 [124]. Use or not of redundancy is derived from the text media description configured on the IMS termination (RTP/RED/T.140).

## I.4 MGCF and IM-MGW interactions

#### I.4.1 Introduction

This subclause describes requirements for extensions to the Mn interface protocol in 3GPP TS 29.332 [15] needed to support the Interworking of Real-Time Text Telephony media in IMS with text/modem calls in CS domain.

## I.4.2 Mn signalling interactions

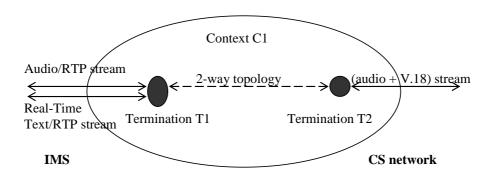
#### I.4.2.1 Introduction

The following subclauses describe the Mn interface procedures.

All message sequence charts in these subclauses are examples.

#### I.4.2.2 H.248 Context Model

The H.248 context model depicted in figure I.4.2.2.1 shall be applied for interworking Real-Time Text media in IMS to text/modem in CS.



#### Figure I.4.2.2.1: H.248 Context Model for GTT support

The H.248 context contains one IP termination (IMS side) with two streams (one stream for Real-Time Text/RTP, another stream for audio/RTP), plus a TDM, AAL2 or IP termination (CS side) with one single stream carrying both voice via PCM and V.18 text telephony.

#### I.4.2.3 Specific Mn signalling for GTT

The following information shall be provided from the MGCF towards the IM-MGW:

- SDP with audio and Real-Time Text m-lines for the IMS termination;
- PCM (G.711) codec for the CS side termination.

This shall trigger the IM-MGW to insert an IWF to support RTT to PSTN text telephony conversion. If the topology is incoming (or bothway) from the CS network the IM-MGW shall monitor for text telephony and convert to RTT towards the IMS network. If the topology is outgoing (or bothway) to the CS network the IM-MGW shall multiplex RTT payload into the PCM stream.

- I.4.2.4 IM CN subsystem originated session between the MGCF and IM-MGW
  - IMS **CS Network** MGCF IM-MGW **IVITE** [SDP offer: audio + Real Time Text] 2. SIP: 100 Trying 3. <u>H.248</u>: ADD.req [Context ID = ?, Termination ID=?, stream=1 {audio media}, stream=2{Real-Time Text media*}*] Reserve IMS Connection Point, and Configure 4. H.248: ADD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T1] Remote Resources Change MSThrough-Connection = backward 5. H.248: ADD.req [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T2] Reserve TDM Circuit, Change TDM Through-Connection= both, Monitor 6. H.248: ADD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T2] Text Call 7. ISUP: IAM Next steps of basic call establishment (as specified in subclause 9.2.2.3), returning an SDP Answer with audio + text 8 ISUP: ANM 9. H.248: MOD.req [Context | D=C1, Termination | D = T1] Change IMS Through -Connection = both 10. H.248: MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T1] 11. H.248: MOD.reg ) [Context |D=C1, Termination |D = T2] Activate TDM Voice 12. H.248: MOD.resp [Context ID = C1, Termination ID = T2] **Prosessing Function** 13. SIP :200 OK (INVITE) 14. <u>SIP</u>: ACK CALL IN ACTIVE STATE 15. Text/modem 16. Text/RTP

#### I.4.2.4.1 Initial INVITE with an SDP offer including Real-Time Text

#### Figure I.4.2.4.1.1: Example Mn signalling interactions for IMS originated session with audio and text

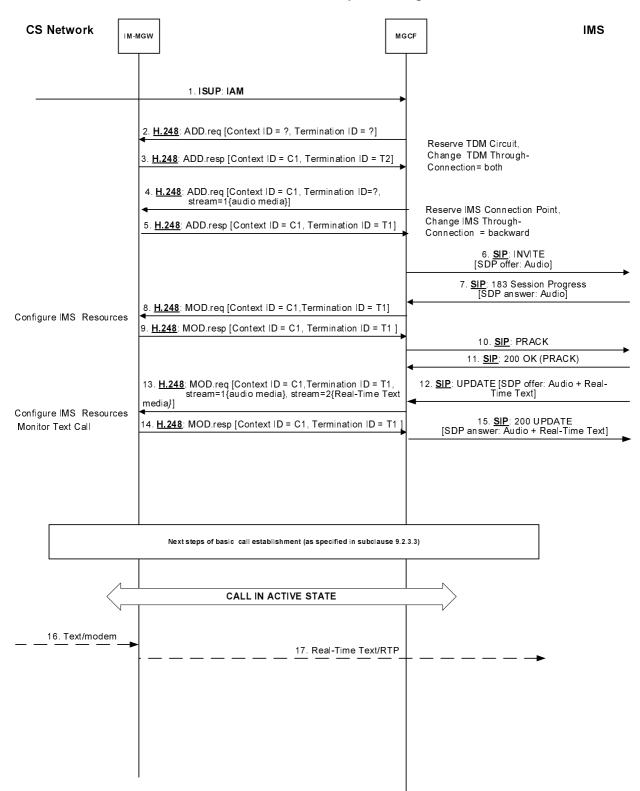
The Mn signalling interactions specified in subclause 9.2.2.3 shall apply, with the following differences.

When reserving the IMS termination, the MGCF shall configure two streams; one for the audio and one for the Real-Time Text media line, with their respective media description (signal 3 in figure I.4.2.4.1.1). Monitoring of text telephony at the CS side termination is indicated by the inclusion of Real-Time Text media at the IMS side termination and by the topology being bothway or incoming from the CS side.

The text telephone mode(s) for which the CS side termination is monitored shall be provisioned in the IM-MGW.

#### I.4.2.5 CS network originated session

#### I.4.2.5.1 Initial INVITE with an SDP offer only including audio



#### Figure I.4.2.5.1.1: Mn signalling interactions for CS originated session – Initial INVITE with audio only

The Mn signalling interactions specified in subclause 9.2.3.3 shall apply, with the following differences.

Upon receipt of a subsequent SDP offer from the IMS terminal including the audio and Real-Time Text media lines, the MGCF shall add an additional text stream to the IMS termination and configure it with the remote media description (signal 13 in figure I.4.2.5.1.1).

## I.4.3 Mn Signalling procedures

#### I.4.3.1 Overview

This subclause describes the logical signalling procedures (i.e. message identifiers are not part of the protocol) between the MGCF and IM-MGW. The procedures within this subclause are intended to be implemented using the standard H.248 procedure as defined in ITU recommendation H.248.1 [2] with appropriate parameter combinations.

The procedures "Reserve IMS connection point" and "Configure IMS resources" and "Reserve IMS Connection point and configure remote resources" shall allow the configuration of two media streams; one for audio and one for Real-Time Text on the IMS termination. See subclause 9.3.1.

## Annex J (informative): Call Flow for Customized Alerting Tone (CAT) interworking between CS network and IMS

## J.1 Introduction

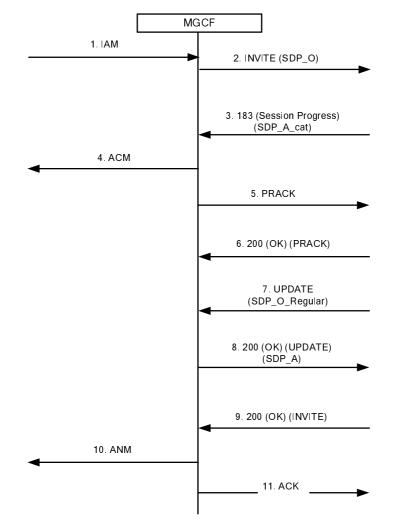
This annex describes procedures for interworking Customized Alerting Tone (CAT) between the IMS and CS Networks.

# J.2 IMS CAT provided by the terminating IMS user using gateway model towards user served in CS networks

Callflows for providing IMS CAT provided by the terminating IMS user towards user served in CS networks are based on procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.182 [132], with procedures for MGCF as shown in the following subclauses.

## J.2.1 Callflow without using precondition mechanism

The following callflow shows the case when precondition mechanism is not used, and 100rel extension is used.



#### Figure J.2.1: CAT gateway model callflow without using precondition mechanism

The content of the SDP message body described in figure J.2.1 is meant to be as follows:

- SDP\_O in step 2 indicates the SDP offer inserted by the MGCF;
- SDP\_A\_cat in step 3 indicates the SDP answer received by the MGCF, which in general is the SDP answer generated by the CAT AS based on the content for CAT media;
- SDP\_O\_Regular in step 7 indicates the SDP offer received by the MGCF, which in general is the SDP offer sent by the CAT AS based on the SDP answer received by the terminating UE; and
- SDP\_A in step 8 indicates the SDP answer generated by the MGCF.

Upon receiving IAM (see figure J.2.1 step 1), MGCF sends SIP INVITE request containing the SDP offer to terminating IMS (see figure J.2.1 step 2).

Upon receiving 183 (Session Progress) response to the SIP INVITE request containing SDP answer (see figure J.2.1 step 3), MGCF sends ACM to the originating CS network (see figure J.2.1 step 4). Also, MGCF sends a PRACK request towards terminating IMS (see figure J.2.1 step 5). A 200 (OK) response will be received later as a result of the PRACK request (see figure J.2.1 step 6).

Upon receiving SIP UPDATE request from terminating IMS with a SDP offer (see figure J.2.1 step 7), MGCF sends a 200 (OK) response to the terminating IMS with an SDP answer (see figure J.2.1 step 8).

Upon receiving 200 (OK) response to the INVITE request sent in figure J.2.1 step 2 (see figure J.2.1 step 9), MGCF sends an ANM to the originating CS network (see figure J.2.1 step 10).

## Annex K (normative): T.38 interworking between the IP Multimedia Core Network (CN) Subsystem (IMS) and Circuit Switched (CS) networks

## K.1 General

This annex provides optional interworking procedures to support facsimile transported according to ITU-T Recommendation T.38 [72] transported according to IETF RFC 3362 [73] in the "UDPTL" transport format. Related Mn Signalling Procedures are also described.

To enhance interoperability, recommendations for an MGCF T.38 configuration are also provided.

NOTE: Alternatively, facsimile can also be transported as inband voice band data over IP.

# K.2 Recommend T.38 configuration

UDPTL is recommended as T.38 transport.

NOTE: MTSI client use UDPTL as transport (see TS 24.173 [88]).

Table X.2.1 lists values for the T.38 SDP attributers that are recommended to be supported.

#### Table K.2.1: Recommended configuration for T.38 SDP attribute values.

| T38FaxVersion   | Version 2 or higher. (NOTE 1) |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| T38MaxBitRate   | 14 400                        |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxFillBitRemoval  | FALSE                         |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxTranscodingMMR  | FALSE                         |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxTranscodingJBIG   | FALSE                         |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxRateManagement  | 'transferredTCF'              |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxMaxBuffer   | 1800                          |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxMaxDatagram   | At least 150                  |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxMaxIFP  | 40 (NOTE 2)                   |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxUdpEC   | 't38UDPRedundancy'            |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxUdpECDepth  | Minred: 1; Maxred: 2 (NOTE 2) |  |  |  |  |
| T38FaxUdpFECMaxSpan   | 3 (NOTE 2)                    |  |  |  |  |
| T38ModemType  | 't38G3FaxOnly' (NOTE 2)       |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 1: Version 0 is the default value that applies if the T38FaxVersion SDP attribute is not signalled. No SDP attributes are defined in this T.38 version 0. With version 4, default values for the SDP attributes apply if the attributes are omitted. |                               |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 2: Only applicable for T.38 versio   | n 4.                          |  |  |  |  |

# K.3 Handling T.38 SDP attributes at the I-MGCF

Table K.3.1: Action at I-MGCF depending on SDP T.38 attribute values in SDP offer.

|   | Handling of received SDP offer  | Value provided in sent SDP answer   |
|---|---|---|
| T38FaxVersion   | Accept any value. Provide to the IM-MGW<br>the received value or the maximum<br>supported value at the IM-MGW (whatever<br>is lower).   | If I-MGCF supports received version,<br>reply with that version. Otherwise reply<br>with highest supported version. Provide<br>value sent in the answer also to the IM-<br>MGW. |
| T38MaxBitRate   | Accept any value in the offer. Provide to<br>the IM-MGW the received value or the<br>maximum supported value at the IM-MGW<br>(whatever is lower).  | Supply value according to IM-MGW capabilities in the answer.  |
| T38FaxFillBitRemoval  | Accept offer with or without this attribute.  | Do not include parameter in the answer. (NOTE 2).   |
| T38FaxTranscodingMMR  | Accept offer with or without this attribute.  | Do not include parameter in the answer. (NOTE 2)  |
| T38FaxTranscodingJBIG   | Accept offer with or without this attribute.  | Do not include parameter in the answer. (NOTE 2)  |
| T38FaxRateManagement  | Only accept calls with "transferredTCF" in the offer for T38FaxVersion 2 or higher. Otherwise reject offer (NOTE 3).  | Supply "transferredTCF" value in the answer   |
| T38FaxMaxBuffer   | Accept any value in the offer. Provide to<br>the IM-MGW the received value or the<br>maximum supported value at the IM-MGW<br>(whatever is lower).  | Supply value according to IM-MGW capabilities in the answer.  |
| T38FaxMaxDatagram   | Accept any value in the offer. Provide to<br>the IM-MGW the received value or the<br>maximum supported value at the IM-MGW<br>(whatever is lower).  | Supply value according to IM-MGW capabilities in the answer.  |
| T38FaxMaxIFP  | Accept any value in the offer. If T.38<br>version 4 is supported by the MGW,<br>provide to the IM-MGW the received value<br>or the maximum supported value at the IM-<br>MGW (whatever is lower). | If T.38 version 4 is indicated in the<br>answer, supply value according to IM-<br>MGW capabilities in the answer.<br>Otherwise omit the SDP attribute from<br>the answer.       |
| T38FaxUdpEC   | Accept value in the offer according to IM-<br>MGW capabilities and provide it to the IM-<br>MGW. Otherwise reject offer (NOTE 3).   | Supply value according to IM-MGW capabilities in the answer.  |
| T38FaxUdpECDepth  | Accept any value in the offer. If T.38 version 4 is supported by the IM-MGW, provide to the IM-MGW the received value.  | If T.38 version 4 is indicated in the<br>answer, supply value according to IM-<br>MGW capabilities in the answer.<br>Otherwise omit the SDP attribute.                          |
| T38FaxUdpFECMaxSpan   | Accept any value in the offer. If T.38 version 4 is supported by the IM-MGW, provide to the IM-MGW the received value.  | If T.38 version 4 is indicated in the<br>answer, supply value according to IM-<br>MGW capabilities in the answer.<br>Otherwise omit the SDP attribute.                          |
| T38ModemType  | Accept any value in the offer. If T.38<br>version 4 is supported by the IM-MGW,<br>provide to the IM-MGW the received value.  | Do not include parameter in the answer. (NOTE 2)  |
| T38VendorInfo   | Accept any value in the offer.  | Do not include parameter in the answer.   |
| NOTE 2: In the Mn H.248 pro-<br>passing it to or from<br>NOTE 3: If other offered med<br>request by sending | tia lines are acceptable, set port in media line to<br>the SIP status code 488 "Not Acceptable Here   | stream encapsulated within T.38 when<br>o zero. Otherwise reject offer in INVITE<br>.".   |
| NOTE 4: "Any value" means   | any valid value that conforms to ITU-T Recom  | mendation 1.38 [72].  |

# K.4 Handling T.38 SDP attributes at the O-MGCF

#### Table K.4.1: T.38 SDP attributes values supplied by the O-MGCF and actions at O-MGCF depending on SDP attribute values in SDP answer.

|                            | Value provided in sent SDP<br>offer                | Handling of received SDP answer                     |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| T38FaxVersion              | Supply highest version supported                   | Accept any value. Provide to the IM-MGW the         |  |  |
| 1 Sorax version            | at MGCF and IM-MGW, maximum                        | received value or the maximum supported value at    |  |  |
|                            | 3 (NOTE 1).  | the IM-MGW (whatever is lower).                     |  |  |
| T38MaxBitRate              | Supply value according to IM-                      | Accept any value and provide it to the IM-MGW.      |  |  |
|                            | MGW capabilities.                                  |   |  |  |
| T38FaxFillBitRemoval       | Do not include parameter                           | Accept offer with value "FALSE" or parameter        |  |  |
|                            | (NOTE 2).  | omitted. (NOTE 3)                                   |  |  |
| T38FaxTranscodingMMR       | Do not include parameter                           | Accept offer with value "FALSE" or parameter        |  |  |
|                            | (NOTE 2).  | omitted. (NOTE 3)                                   |  |  |
| T38FaxTranscodingJBIG      | Do not include parameter                           | Accept offer with value "FALSE" or parameter        |  |  |
|                            | (NOTE 2).  | omitted. (NOTE 3)                                   |  |  |
| T38FaxRateManagement       | Supply "transferredTCF" value.                     | Only accept calls with "transferredTCF" in the      |  |  |
| 7005 M. D. (               |  | answer for T38FaxVersion 2 or higher. (NOTE 3)      |  |  |
| T38FaxMaxBuffer            | Supply value according to IM-                      | Accept any value and provide it to the IM-MGW.      |  |  |
| TOOF                       | MGW capabilities.                                  |   |  |  |
| T38FaxMaxDatagram          | Supply value according to IM-                      | Accept any value and provide it to the IM-MGW.      |  |  |
| T38FaxMaxIFP               | MGW capabilities                                   | Accept any value If T 20 variant 4 is supported by  |  |  |
| I 38FaxMaxIFP              | If T.38 version 4 is indicated in the              | Accept any value. If T.38 version 4 is supported by |  |  |
|                            | offer, supply value according to                   | the IM-MGW, provide it to the IM-MGW.               |  |  |
|                            | IM-MGW capabilities. Otherwise omit the parameter. |   |  |  |
| T38FaxUdpEC                | Supply value according to IM-                      | Accept value according to MGW capabilities and      |  |  |
| ISOFAXOUPEC                | MGW capabilities.                                  | provide it to the IM-MGW. (NOTE 3)                  |  |  |
| T38FaxUdpECDepth           | If T.38 version 4 is indicated in the              | Accept any value. If T.38 version 4 is supported by |  |  |
|                            | offer, supply value according to                   | the IM-MGW, provide it to the IM-MGW.               |  |  |
|                            | IM-MGW capabilities. Otherwise                     |   |  |  |
|                            | omit the parameter.                                |   |  |  |
| T38FaxUdpFECMaxSpan        | If T.38 version 4 is indicated in the              | Accept any value. If T.38 version 4 is supported by |  |  |
|                            | offer, supply value according to                   | the IM-MGW, provide it to the IM-MGW.               |  |  |
|                            | IM-MGW capabilities. Otherwise                     | ···· ··· ··· , F····· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··            |  |  |
|                            | omit the parameter.                                |   |  |  |
| T38ModemType               | Do not include parameter                           | Accept any value. If T.38 version 4 is supported by |  |  |
|                            | (NOTE 2).  | the IM-MGW, provide it to the IM-MGW.               |  |  |
| T38VendorInfo              | Do not include parameter.                          | Accept any value.                                   |  |  |
| NOTE 1: With Version 4. de | fault values for the SDP attributes app            |   |  |  |
|                            |  | e T.30 bit stream encapsulated within T.38 when     |  |  |
| passing it to or from      |  |   |  |  |
|                            |  | n unacceptable value in the SDP answer is due to a  |  |  |
|                            | error handling at the O-MGCF is left               |   |  |  |
|                            | s any valid value that conforms to ITU             |   |  |  |

# K.5 Applicable T.38 SDP attributes at the Mn Interface

This subclause lists T.38 related SDP attributes that can be signalled towards the IM-MGW as part of the codec information within the "Local IMS Resources" and "Remote IMS Resources" parameters within the "Reserve IMS connection point", "Configure IMS resources" and "Reserve IMS Connection point and configure remote resources" procedures described in clause 9.

| Attribute           | Remarks   |
|---------------------|---|
| T38FaxVersion       | T.38 SDP attributes shall only be provisioned for Version 2 or higher. Version 0 applies if attribute is omitted. |
| T38MaxBitRate       |   |
| T38FaxMaxBuffer     |   |
| T38FaxMaxDatagram   |   |
| T38FaxMaxIFP        | Only if T.38 version 4 is supported by the IM-MGW   |
| T38FaxUdpEC         |   |
| T38FaxUdpECDepth    | Only if T.38 version 4 is supported by the IM-MGW   |
| T38FaxUdpFECMaxSpan | Only if T.38 version 4 is supported by the IM-MGW   |
| T38ModemType        | Only if T.38 version 4 is supported by the IM-MGW   |

 Table K.5.1: Applicable T.38 SDP attributes at the Mn Interface.

# Annex L (informative): Change history

| Change history                           |                         |   |                                 |                       |  |   |       |
|--|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|-------|
| te                                       | TSG #                   | TSG Doc.  | CR                              | Rev                   | Subject/Comment  | Old                                       | New   |
| 03-09 l                                  | NP#21                   | NP-030326   |                                 |                       | Approved at NP#21 and placed under change control  | 2.0.0                                     | 6.0.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 001                             | 1                     | Use of response code 500 instead of 503  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 002                             | 1                     | Autonomous Release at I MGCF on T7 expiry  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 003                             | 1                     | Clarification of 487 mapping to 127  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 004                             | 2                     | Table 12 modifications   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 800                             |                       | Correction of clause titles  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030570   | 009                             | 1                     | Failure handling in MGCF   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 I                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 010                             | 1                     | Interworking of user plane   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 011                             | 2                     | Alignment between subclause 7.2.3 and 7.3.3 in TS 29.163   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030570   | 012                             | 5                     | Corrections to clause 9 of TS 29.163   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 013                             | 1                     | Interworking (overlap to en-bloc conversion) timer corrections   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030570   | 014                             | 2                     | IM-MGW initiated release   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12                                    | NP#22                   | NP-030569   | 015                             | 1                     | Alignment of TS 29.163 with the ITU-T Q.1912.5 recommendation  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
| 03-12 l                                  | NP#22                   | NP-030570   | 016                             | 1                     | Corrections to table 29 and 30 of TS 29.163  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
|  |                         | NP-030569   | 018                             | 1                     | Mapping of unknown cause code values   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
|  |                         | NP-030569   | 021                             | 2                     | Addition of References   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
|  |                         | NP-030569   | 022                             | 3                     | Handling of closed used group supplementary service  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
|  |                         | NP-030570   | 023                             | 2                     | Corrections on Clause 9.2.8 Handling of RTP telephony events   | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
|  |                         | NP-030570   | 024                             |                       | Wrong Mn Procedure in Figure 36  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
|  |                         | NP-030569   | 025                             | 1                     | Interworking of Hold/Resume from the CS Network  | 6.0.0                                     | 6.1.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040083   | 030                             | 2                     | Reason Headers   | 6.1.0                                     | 6.2.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040083   | 031                             | 2                     | Informative annex for missalignments with Q.1912.5   | 6.1.0                                     | 6.2.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040083   | 032                             | 2                     | Criteria for sending UPDATE in BICC  | 6.1.0                                     | 6.2.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040084   | 033                             | 2                     | Impact of Forking on Mn procedures   | 6.1.0                                     | 6.2.0 |
|  | NP#23                   | NP-040083   | 034                             | 1                     | Impact of Forking on Incoming call interworking  | 6.1.0                                     | 6.2.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040083   | 035                             | 2                     | Impact of Forking on Outgoing call interworking  | 6.1.0                                     | 6.2.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040083   | 036                             | 1                     | Impact of Forking on COLP supplementary service  | 6.1.0                                     | 6.2.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040241   | 037                             | 1                     | Message sequence implies that CS side "ACM" message is sent<br>only after 200 OK to PRACK is received  | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
| 04-06 I                                  | NP#24                   | NP-040241   | 038                             | 1                     | Originated/terminated correction   | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
|  | NP#24                   | NP-040242   | 039                             | 1                     | Interworking with Nb user plane procedures   | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
| 04-06                                    | NP#24                   | NP-040242   | 040                             | 1                     | Codec Negotiation between BICC CS networks and the IM CN subsystem   | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
| 04-06                                    | NP#24                   | NP-040242   | 041                             | 1                     | Codec negotiation incoming call interworking   | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040242   | 042                             | 2                     | Codec negotiation – Mid call interworking  | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040242   | 043                             | 1                     | Codec parameter translation – IM CN subsystem to BICN  | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040242   | 044                             | 2                     | MGCF IM-MGW interactions   | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040241   | 045                             |                       | Notify IMS RTP Tel Event (same as "Report DTMF") message<br>sequence shows IEs that are not used with this procedure   | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
| 04-06                                    | NP#24                   | NP-040241   | 046                             |                       | Correction of subclause 7.2.3.2.5.1 Backward call indicators   | 6.2.0                                     | 6.3.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040334   | 050                             | 3                     | Corrections to AMR codec parameter translations  | 6.3.0                                     | 6.4.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040346   |                                 | 2                     | Non call-related Mc procedures   | 6.3.0                                     | 6.4.0 |
|  | -                       | NP-040582   | 059                             | 1                     | Editorial mistake in Table 12  | 6.4.0                                     | 6.5.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040582   | 056                             | 1                     | Corrections to EFR codec parameters  | 6.4.0                                     | 6.5.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040582   | 057                             | 2                     | DTMF towards IM CN subsystem   | 6.4.0                                     | 6.5.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040582   | 054                             | 3                     | Mapping of continuity signal   | 6.4.0                                     | 6.5.0 |
|  |                         | NP-040583   | 058                             | 2                     | Clarifications for Mn procedures for call hold   | 6.4.0                                     | 6.5.0 |
|  |                         | NP-050105   | 060                             | 1                     | Corrections to AMR codec parameters  | 6.5.0                                     | 6.6.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050038   | 064                             | 1                     | Call Hold corrections  | 6.6.0                                     | 6.7.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050451   | 073                             | 4                     | Coding of Called Party Number  | 6.7.0                                     | 7.0.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050451   | 074                             | 1                     | Mapping of Hop Counter   | 6.7.0                                     | 7.0.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050451   | 077                             | 3                     | mapping of Called Party Number   | 6.7.0                                     | 7.0.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050515   | 070                             | 2                     | Mapping of codecs  | 7.0.0                                     | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050521   | 080                             | 2                     | Clean-up of hanging contexts and terminations  | 7.0.0                                     | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050515   | 081                             | 3                     | Interworking of 3PTY and CONF  | 7.0.0                                     | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050515   | 082                             | 2                     | Interworking of ACR  | 7.0.0                                     | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050513   | 086                             | 2                     | Support of Tel and SIP URI   | 7.0.0                                     | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         | CP-050515   | 087                             | 1                     | Support of Tel and SIP URImapping of 'restriction by the   | 7.0.0                                     | 7.1.0 |
| 05-12                                    | CP#30                   | CP-050514   | 088                             | 2                     |  | 700                                       | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         |   |                                 |                       |  |   | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         |   |                                 |                       |  |   | 7.1.0 |
|  |                         |   | -                               |                       |  | 700                                       | 7.1.0 |
| 05-12 (<br>05-12 (<br>05-12 (<br>05-12 ( | CP#30<br>CP#30<br>CP#30 | CP-050515<br>CP-050514<br>CP-050514<br>CP-050514<br>CP-050514 | 087<br>088<br>089<br>090<br>091 | 1<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>3 | Support of Tel and SIP URImapping of 'restriction by the<br>network'<br>IMS Terminating Callflows without preconditions<br>IMS Originating Callflows without preconditions<br>IMS Terminating Procedures without preconditions<br>IMS Originating Procedures without preconditions | 7.0.0<br>7.0.0<br>7.0.0<br>7.0.0<br>7.0.0 | )     |

| 2005-12         C           2005-12         C           2006-03         C           2006-04         C           2006-05         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2007-03 | CP#30<br>CP#30<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33 | CP-050512<br>CP-050516<br>CP-060056<br>CP-060056<br>CP-060046<br>CP-060046<br>CP-060047<br>CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429 | 094<br>095<br>096<br>098<br>100<br>105<br>109<br>110<br>111<br>111<br>112<br>116<br>117<br>119<br>120   | 3<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>4<br>3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3<br>2 | Handling of Overlap signalling<br>Incorporating of TR 24.819 fixed broadband access impacts into<br>TS 29.163<br>Interworking of FCI and BCI<br>Clarfication of IAM to SIP Invite message mapping<br>SCTP changes<br>Bearer Released use with TDM Circuit<br>488 status code<br>Interworking RTP timestamps and IuFP frame numbers<br>Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER<br>Interworking of Nature of connection indicators | 7.0.0           7.0.0           7.0.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.2.0           7.2.0           7.2.0           7.3.0 | 7.1.0<br>7.1.0<br>7.1.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| 2005-12 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-06 C<br>2006-06 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C   | CP#30<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33                                     | CP-050659<br>CP-060056<br>CP-060046<br>CP-060046<br>CP-060047<br>CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429  | 095           096           098           100           105           109           110           111           112           116           117           119           120           121 | 1<br>1<br>4<br>3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                | TS 29.163<br>Interworking of FCI and BCI<br>Clarfication of IAM to SIP Invite message mapping<br>SCTP changes<br>Bearer Released use with TDM Circuit<br>488 status code<br>Interworking RTP timestamps and IuFP frame numbers<br>Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER  | 7.0.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.1.0           7.2.0           7.2.0           7.2.0           7.3.0   | 7.1.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0  |
| 2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-03 C<br>2006-06 C<br>2006-06 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C  | CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060056<br>CP-060046<br>CP-060046<br>CP-060047<br>CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424  | 096           098           100           105           109           110           111           112           116           117           119           120           121               | 1<br>4<br>3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                     | Clarfication of IAM to SIP Invite message mapping<br>SCTP changes<br>Bearer Released use with TDM Circuit<br>488 status code<br>Interworking RTP timestamps and IuFP frame numbers<br>Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER  | 7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.3.0   | 7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0  |
| 2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33   | CP-060056<br>CP-060046<br>CP-060047<br>CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429   | 098           100           105           109           110           111           112           116           117           119           120           121                             | 4<br>3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                          | SCTP changes<br>Bearer Released use with TDM Circuit<br>488 status code<br>Interworking RTP timestamps and IuFP frame numbers<br>Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER   | 7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.3.0   | 7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0   |
| 2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-07         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060046<br>CP-060047<br>CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424   | 100           105           109           110           111           112           116           117           119           120           121           122                             | 4<br>3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                          | Bearer Released use with TDM Circuit<br>488 status code<br>Interworking RTP timestamps and IuFP frame numbers<br>Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER   | 7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.1.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.3.0   | 7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0  |
| 2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-07         C           2006-08         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#31<br>CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33   | CP-060046<br>CP-060047<br>CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424  | 105           109           110           111           112           116           117           119           120           121           122   | 3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                               | 488 status code<br>Interworking RTP timestamps and IuFP frame numbers<br>Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER   | 7.1.0<br>7.1.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0  | 7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.3.0         7.3.0         7.3.0         7.3.0  |
| 2006-03         C           2006-03         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060047<br>CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424   | 109           110           111           112           116           117           119           120           121           122   | 3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                               | Interworking RTP timestamps and IuFP frame numbers<br>Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER  | 7.1.0         7.1.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.3.0   | 7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0  |
| 2006-03         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#31<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060129<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424  | 110           111           112           116           117           119           120           121           122   | 3<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                               | Status Code 433 for ACR<br>Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER  | 7.1.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.2.0         7.3.0   | 7.2.0         7.3.0         7.3.0         7.3.0         7.3.0  |
| 2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33   | CP-060223<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424   | 111<br>112<br>116<br>117<br>119<br>120<br>121<br>122  | 4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                                    | Removal of editor's notes on open points for Mn Procedures for<br>non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER   | 7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0   | 7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0   |
| 2006-06         C           2006-06         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#32<br>CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060223<br>CP-060220<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429   | 112<br>116<br>117<br>119<br>120<br>121<br>122   | 4<br>1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3                                    | non-preconditions Callflows<br>Add related references to T.38<br>Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER   | 7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0  | 7.3.0<br>7.3.0<br>7.3.0  |
| 2006-06         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33   | CP-060220<br>CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429  | 116<br>117<br>119<br>120<br>121<br>122  | 1<br>1<br>3<br>2<br>3   | Bearer Released use with IMS terminations<br>Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER  | 7.2.0<br>7.2.0<br>7.3.0   | 7.3.0<br>7.3.0   |
| 2006-06         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#32<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060223<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424   | 117<br>119<br>120<br>121<br>122   | 1<br>3<br>2<br>3  | Reference to the correct value of Anonymous URI<br>Interworking of REFER   | 7.2.0<br>7.3.0  | 7.3.0  |
| 2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424  | 119<br>120<br>121<br>122  | 3<br>2<br>3   | Interworking of REFER  | 7.3.0   |  |
| 2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33   | CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424   | 120<br>121<br>122   | 2<br>3  |  |   | 1.4.0  |
| 2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424  | 121<br>122  | 3   |  | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33   | CP-060429<br>CP-060429<br>CP-060424   | 122   |   | Interworking of CPC  | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-09         C           2006-12         C           2007-03         C   | CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33  | CP-060429<br>CP-060424  |   | 17  | MGCF Procedures for non-preconditions Callflows  | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-09 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C  | CP#33<br>CP#33<br>CP#33   | CP-060424   |   | 1   | Suitable references for Status Code 433 for ACR  | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-09 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C  | CP#33<br>CP#33  |   | 125   | 2   | Echo Control Device indication in ACM/CPG  | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-09 C<br>2006-09 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2007-03 C  | CP#33   |   | 126   |   | Missing description of CUG service   | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2007-03 C  | CP#33   | CP-060425   | 128   | 2   | Missing procedures toward IMS Terminations   | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2007-03 C  |   | CP-060471   | 129   | 1   | Changes due to non-precondition setup  | 7.3.0   | 7.4.0  |
| 2006-12 C<br>2006-12 C<br>2007-03 C   |   | CP-060626   | 130   | 4   | Interworking of USI  | 7.4.0   | 7.5.0  |
| 2006-12 C<br>2007-03 C  |   | CP-060734   | 131   | 1   | Handling of emergency call in MGCF   | 7.4.0   | 7.5.0  |
| 2007-03 0   |   | CP-060632   | 132   | <u> </u>  | Clarifications on Supplementary service handling   | 7.4.0   | 7.5.0  |
|   |   | CP-060633   | 133   | 1   | Unknown User Identity  | 7.4.0   | 7.5.0  |
| 10007 00 10   |   | CP-070095   | 136   | 1   | Scope update for Multimedia interworking   | 7.5.0   | 7.6.0  |
|   |   | CP-070095<br>CP-070103  | 137<br>138  | 4<br>1  | Multimedia interworking<br>Adding CS data call interworking to interworking capabilities   | 7.5.0<br>7.5.0  | 7.6.0<br>7.6.0   |
| 2007.00   | 00400   | 00.070440   | 1.40  | 2   | overview table 1   | 760   | 770  |
|   |   | CP-070412<br>CP-070412  | 140   | 3<br>6  | Media oriented negotiation acceleration  | 7.6.0<br>7.6.0  | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070412<br>CP-070413  | 141   | 6<br>2  | Mn Procedures of Multimedia Interworking<br>Change Table 11  | 7.6.0<br>7.6.0  | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070413<br>CP-070413  | 142   | 2   | correction of cpc interworking   | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070413<br>CP-070413  | 144   | 1   | The interworking of the PSTN ECT service   | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070413   | 145   | 2   | Mapping of HLC   | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070413   | 146   | 1   | Mistake in the handling of sending ringing tone  | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
| 2007-06   | CP#36   | CP-070413   | 147   | 1   | Support of all types of TMR  | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070483   |   | 5   | IMS communication service identifier   | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070412   | 149   | 1   | Editorial Corrections  | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070415   | 151   | 2   | Taking P-Early-Media header into account in 29.163   | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070416   |   | 2   | IP realm connection indication   | 7.6.0   | 7.7.0  |
|   |   | CP-070562   | 155   |   | Essential corrections to P-Early-Media header procedures   | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070562   |   | 2   | Action of requesting the absent CLI  | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070561<br>CP-070551  |   | 2<br>2  | 7 Khz Mapping<br>Correction to Mn procedures   | 7.7.0<br>7.7.0  | 7.8.0<br>7.8.0   |
|   |   | CP-070553   |   | 2   | Maximum Multiplex Level for H.223 negotiation  | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070553   | 164   | -   | Multiplex tables   | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070553   | 165   |   | Flow correction: removal of demux- and connection properties   | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070562   | 166   | 2   | Interworking of SIP History-Info header  | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070563   |   | 2   | Mn Procedures to support P-early-media SIP header  | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070553   | 174   | 3   | Corrections to Multimedia Mn Procedures  | 7.7.0   | 7.8.0  |
|   |   | CP-070686   | 168   | 3   | Corrections to Multimedia Mn Procedures  | 7.8.0   | 8.0.0  |
|   |   | CP-070686   |   | 3   | Add support for equal Carrier Access procedures  | 7.8.0   | 8.0.0  |
| 2007-12   | CP#38   | CP-070721   | 178   | 1   | Inactivity timout procedures – Alignment to Mc profile   | 8.0.0   |  |
|   |   | CP-070723   | 179   | 1   | Termination heartbeat – Alignment to Mc profile  |   |  |
|   |   | CP-070722   | 181   | 1   | Update P-Early-Media Reference   |   |  |
|   |   | CP-070724<br>CP-070725  | 182<br>185  | 1   | Addition of interworking for Sub-adressing   |   |  |
|   | 0.0   |   |   | 1   | Add support for ISUP to SIP interworking for carrier-based routeing  | 0.4.2   | 8.1.0  |
|   |   | CP-080047   |   | 3   |  | 8.1.0   | 8.2.0  |
|   |   | CP-080047   |   | 3   | Progress Indicator mapping   | 8.1.0   | 8.2.0  |
|   |   | CP-080047   | 198   | 4   | Procedure for Fall back interworking   | 8.1.0   | 8.2.0  |
|   |   | CP-080045<br>CP-080041  | 199<br>201  | 3   | Addition of UUS Interworking description<br>Reason Header in Responses   | 8.1.0<br>8.1.0  | 8.2.0<br>8.2.0   |
|   |   | CP-080041<br>CP-080042  | 201   | 1   |  | 8.1.0   | 8.2.0  |
|   |   | CP-080039   | 205   | 2   | Correction to Call setup if multimedia call can not be recognized  | 8.1.0   | 8.2.0  |
|   | 00  |   | 0.07  | 4   | in an unambiguous manner   | 0.0.0   | 0.0.0  |
| 2008-05 0   | CP#40   | CP-080297   | 207   | 1   | Additions of subclause for TISPAN CDIV supplemetary service<br>interworking  | 8.2.0   | 8.3.0  |

| 2008-05   | CP#40                                     | CP-080297   | 208                      | 1                | Additions of subclause for TISPAN CONFsupplemetary service interworking   | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
|---|---|---|--------------------------|------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2008-05   | CP#40                                     | CP-080297   | 209                      | 2                | Additions of subclause for TISPAN TIP/TIR supplemetary service interworking   | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05   | CP#40                                     | CP-080297   | 210                      | 1                | Additions of subclause for CUG simulation service for TISPAN supplemetary   | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05   | CP#40                                     | CP-080297   | 211                      | 2                | Additions of subclausefor MCID simulation service for TISPAN supplemetary   | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05   | CP#40                                     | CP-080297   | 212                      | 4                | Inclusion of common procedure in TS 29.163  | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05   | CP#40                                     | CP-080297   | 215                      | 4                | TMR and Fallback mapping  | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05   |   | CP-080294   | 217                      | 3                | Interworking of Terminal Portability  | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05   | CP#40                                     | CP-080294   | 218                      | 2                | Satellite indicator mapping   | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05<br>2008-05                                  | CP#40                                     | CP-080291   | 219<br>221               | 1                | MONA Mn Procedures  | 8.2.0                            | 8.3.0                            |
| 2008-05   | CP#40<br>CP#40                            | CP-080290<br>CP-080290  | 221                      | 2                | DTMF Encoding<br>DTMF Mn Procedures   | 8.2.0<br>8.2.0                   | 8.3.0<br>8.3.0                   |
| 2008-03   | CP#40<br>CP#41                            | CP-080290<br>CP-080556  | 223                      | -                | Correction to the communication diversion service   | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41                                     | CP-080552   | 228                      | 3                | Correction to supplementary service sections in TS 29.163   | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41                                     | CP-080563   | 231                      | 1                | Mapping of TMU  | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41                                     | CP-080563   | 233                      | 1                | Progress Indicator mapping  | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41                                     | CP-080563   | 235                      | 1                | Editorial changes   | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41                                     | CP-080554   | 241                      | 2                | CCBS interworking   | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41                                     | CP-080559   | 242                      | 1                | Improvements to MTSI and 3G324M interworking  | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41                                     | CP-080552   | 244                      | 2                | Coding of the b=line in SDP information   | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09<br>2008-09                                  | CP#41                                     | CP-080555   | 245                      | 2                | CW interworking   | 8.3.0                            | 8.4.0                            |
| 2008-09   | CP#41<br>CP#42                            | CP-080556<br>CP-080761  | 246<br>248               | 1<br>6           | Mapping of Call Rejected<br>Message body to transfer digits   | 8.3.0<br>8.4.0                   | 8.4.0<br>8.5.0                   |
| 2008-12   |   | CP-080761<br>CP-080761  | 240                      | 2                | I-MGCF: Overlap signalling procedures   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080761   | 249                      | 4                | O-MGCF: Overlap signalling additions  | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080753   | 251                      | 1                | Satellite indicator   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   |   | CP-080769   | 252                      | 1                | Revision Annex F3   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080771   | 255                      | 1                | Update reference for DAI Parameter for the "tel" URI  | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080771   | 256                      | 2                | Editorial Corrections   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080771   | 262                      | 3                | Correction of the mapping tables for interwoking call forwarding CDIV   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080771   | 263                      | 1                | Addition of interworking for Sub-addressing   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080753   | 265                      | 1                | Update to reference for ACR   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080771   | 266                      | 1                | Corrections to References   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080771   | 267                      | 2                | Miscellaneous corrections   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080766   | 268                      | 3                | Clarification of RTCP messages usage in the inter-working gateways  | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080762   | 272                      | 1                | CCBS Interworking   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080763   | 273                      | 4                | CDIV alignment with 3GPPP2  | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   | CP#42                                     | CP-080763   | 274                      | 1                | Modification of Ti/w2 timer values  | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   |   | CP-080763   | 275                      | 2                | Receipt of INVITE with no SDP (offer)   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   |   | CP-080770   | 276                      |                  | MONA corrections  | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2008-12   |   | CP-080771   | 278                      | 2                | Addition of IP interface type   | 8.4.0                            | 8.5.0                            |
| 2009-03   |   | CP-090095   | 281                      | 1                | Handle the SIP URI in History-Info  | 8.5.0                            | 8.6.0                            |
| 2009-03   | CP#43                                     | CP-090228   | 282                      | 1                | Miscellaneous corrections in History-Info mapping tables  | 8.5.0                            | 8.6.0                            |
| 2009-03<br>2009-03                                  | CP#43<br>CP#43                            | CP-090095<br>CP-090094  | 283<br>285               | 1                | Map priv-value of session and header in History-Info Progress Indicator mapping   | 8.5.0<br>8.5.0                   | 8.6.0                            |
| 2009-03   | CP#43<br>CP#43                            | CP-090094<br>CP-090094  | 285                      | 1<br>2           | Supplementary service reference and naming correction   | 8.5.0                            | 8.6.0<br>8.6.0                   |
| 2009-03   | CP#43                                     | CP-090094<br>CP-090078  | 290                      | 2                | Corrections to Tables 12 and 16   | 8.5.0                            | 8.6.0                            |
| 2009-03   |   | CP-090217   | 291                      | 4                | Clarification of CDIV mapping   | 8.5.0                            | 8.6.0                            |
| 2009-05   | CP#44                                     | CP-090349   | 292                      | 2                | Missing MONA procedures in stage 2  | 8.6.0                            | 8.7.0                            |
| 2009-05   | CP#44                                     | CP-090348   | 293                      |                  | Correction on CDIV mapping  | 8.6.0                            | 8.7.0                            |
| 2009-05   | CP#44                                     | CP-090348   | 295                      | 2                | Correction of ACM and CPG sending procedures  | 8.6.0                            | 8.7.0                            |
| 2009-05   | CP#44                                     | CP-090348   | 296                      | 1                | Renumbering of duplicated table 17c   | 8.6.0                            | 8.7.0                            |
| 2009-05   | CP#44                                     | CP-090487   | 297                      | 2                | I-MGCF procedures for MCID mapping  | 8.6.0                            | 8.7.0                            |
| 2009-05   | CP#44                                     | CP-090332   | 300                      | 2                | Correction of the procedure for setting of Continuity Indicator in subclause 7.3.3.1.2.2  | 8.6.0                            | 8.7.0                            |
| 2009-05<br>2009-09                                  | CP#44                                     | CP-090344   | 302                      | 1                | Mapping between GSM HR codec and SDP parameters   | 8.6.0                            | 8.7.0                            |
| 2009-09   | CP#45<br>CP#45                            | CP-090568<br>CP-090579  | 306<br>307               | 1                | Correcting references to H.324 regarding MONA<br>Correction of the mapping of PSTN XML body with ISUP   | 8.7.0<br>8.7.0                   | 8.8.0<br>8.8.0                   |
| 1   |   | 1   | 1                        | -                | parameters to ACM, REL and CON<br>Correction of CPC parameter mapping   | 8.8.0                            | 8.9.0                            |
| 2000-12   | CP#46                                     | CP-000835   | 313                      | 15               |   |                                  | 0.0.0                            |
| 2009-12   | CP#46<br>CP#46                            | CP-090835<br>CP-090848  |                          | 5                |   |                                  |                                  |
| 2009-12   | CP#46                                     | CP-090848   | 314                      |                  | CDIV redirection parameters mapping   | 8.8.0                            | 8.9.0                            |
|   |   |   |                          | 5                |   |                                  | 8.9.0<br>8.9.0                   |
| 2009-12<br>2009-12<br>2009-12<br>2009-12            | CP#46<br>CP#46                            | CP-090848<br>CP-090848  | 314<br>319               |                  | CDIV redirection parameters mapping<br>Support interworking of Call Forwarding information  | 8.8.0<br>8.8.0                   | 8.9.0                            |
| 2009-12<br>2009-12<br>2009-12<br>2009-12<br>2009-12 | CP#46<br>CP#46<br>CP#46<br>CP#46<br>CP#46 | CP-090848<br>CP-090848<br>CP-090834<br>CP-090835<br>CP-090835 | 314<br>319<br>322        | 5<br>3<br>2<br>1 | CDIV redirection parameters mapping<br>Support interworking of Call Forwarding information<br>Reference to Reason Header in Responses<br>Interworking ISUP OLI parameter<br>Mapping for Communication Barring Service | 8.8.0<br>8.8.0<br>8.8.0          | 8.9.0<br>8.9.0<br>8.9.0          |
| 2009-12<br>2009-12<br>2009-12<br>2009-12            | CP#46<br>CP#46<br>CP#46<br>CP#46          | CP-090848<br>CP-090848<br>CP-090834<br>CP-090835              | 314<br>319<br>322<br>324 | 5<br>3<br>2      | CDIV redirection parameters mapping<br>Support interworking of Call Forwarding information<br>Reference to Reason Header in Responses<br>Interworking ISUP OLI parameter  | 8.8.0<br>8.8.0<br>8.8.0<br>8.8.0 | 8.9.0<br>8.9.0<br>8.9.0<br>8.9.0 |

| 0000 40            | 00// 40        | 00 0000 40             | 0.45 |          |  |        |         |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|------|----------|--|--------|---------|
| 2009-12            |                | CP-090849              | 315  | 1        | Fallback to speech for CS originated multimedia call                   | 8.9.0  | 9.0.0   |
| 2009-12            | CP#46          | CP-090849              | 327  | 4        | Mapping of ISUP Cause values in CPG or ACM to SIP reason               | 8.9.0  | 9.0.0   |
| 2010-03            | CP#47          | CP-100071              | 335  | 1        | header in provisional responses<br>Handling of SDP bandwidth attribute | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            |                | CP-100071<br>CP-100081 | 337  | 1        | MCID Interworking  | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            |                | CP-100081<br>CP-100079 | 339  | 2        | Interworking of RTCP and H.245 messages                                | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            |                | CP-100079<br>CP-100081 | 342  | 2        | Correction of mapping between ISUP CSI and dai parameter               | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            | -              | CP-100081<br>CP-100081 | 342  | 1        | Duplicate table number   | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            |                | CP-100081<br>CP-100071 | 344  |          | Corrections to Release Procedures                                      | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
|                    |                | CP-100071<br>CP-100081 |      |          |  |        |         |
| 2010-03            | CP#47          | CP-100081              | 349  |          | Corrections to Release Procedures when MGCF supports PSTN XML body     | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            | CP#47          | CP-100071              | 352  |          | Corrections to Table 6   | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            | CP#47<br>CP#47 | CP-100071<br>CP-100071 | 355  | 1        |  | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            |                | CP-100071<br>CP-100082 | 355  | 1        | Corrections to through-connection procedures                           | 9.0.0  |         |
|                    |                |                        |      | <u> </u> | MONA alignments to H.324   |        | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            | CP#47          | CP-100081              | 359  | 2        | Clarification of CCBS/CCNR service interwork                           | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            | CP#47          | CP-100081              | 361  | 2        | Correction of Alert-URN for call-waiting service                       | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            |                | CP-100088              | 362  |          | Interworking of SRVCC emergency calls, reference updated               | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            | CP#47          | CP-100071              | 365  |          | Correction for Cause Mapping   | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
| 2010-03            | CP#47          | CP-100083              | 366  | 2        | Global Text Telephony Interworking between IMS and Circuit             | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0   |
|                    | 0.5 // 40      | 0.5. ( 0.0.0.5         | ~    |          | Switched Networks  |        |         |
| 2010-06            | CP#48          | CP-100307              | 375  | 1        | Correction of Cause Code mapping                                       | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-06            |                | CP-100307              | 378  | 1        | Addition of ISUP Cause mapping   | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-06            |                | CP-100307              | 381  | 1        | Addition of Response Code mapping (422, 430, 439, 440)                 | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-06            |                | CP-100414              | 383  | 1        | Addition of Response Code mapping (417)                                | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-06            |                | CP-100414              | 386  |          | MCID interworking corrections  | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-06            |                | CP-100414              | 388  | 2        | Omissions from ISDN Fallback Procedures                                | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-06            |                | CP-100414              | 390  | 1        | Use of PSTN XML SendingCompleteIndicator                               | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-06            |                | CP-100322              | 395  |          | Removal of Annex A   | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0   |
| 2010-09            | CP#49          | CP-100541              | 398  | 1        | Addition of Cause Value mapping  | 9.2.0  | 9.3.0   |
| 2010-09            | CP#49          | CP-100546              | 400  |          | Alignment to changes in 24.642   | 9.2.0  | 9.3.0   |
| 2010-09            | CP#49          | CP-100541              | 401  | 1        | Correcting unspecific external reference                               | 9.2.0  | 9.3.0   |
| 2010-09            | CP#49          | CP-100547              | 403  | 3        | Corrections to CDIV interworking                                       | 9.2.0  | 9.3.0   |
| 2010-09            | CP#49          | CP-100547              | 405  | 3        | Call Forwarding History-Info interworking corrections                  | 9.2.0  | 9.3.0   |
| 2010-12            | CP#50          | CP-100784              | 394  | 5        | ISUP Location Number   | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            | CP#50          | CP-100772              | 415  | 2        | Mapping of ISUP Cause Value 34   | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100772              |      | 2        | Mapping of ISUP Cause Value 102 to Response 504 and vice               | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
|                    | 0              | 0                      |      | -        | versa  | 0.0.0  | 01.110  |
| 2010-12            | CP#50          | CP-100780              | 423  | 2        | XML Octet 7  | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100772              | 426  |          | Changes to ECT   | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100776              | 428  | 1        | Changes to CCBS/CCNR   | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100772              | 431  | -        | Reception of 580 final response to UPDATE request                      | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100777              | 433  |          | Reference update: IETF draft-liess-dispatch-alert-info-urns            | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100784              | 435  | 1        | Call Forwarding and CD Interworking SIP-ISUP                           | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100784              | 436  | 1        | Call Forwarding Interworking SIP-ISUP                                  | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
|                    |                | CP-100780              |      | 3        | Support of Emergency Call CPC interworking                             | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100780              | 442  | 1        | CDIV interworking corrections  | 9.3.0  | 9.4.0   |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-100787              | 434  | 1        | Support of ECN   | 9.4.0  | 10.0.0  |
| 2010-12            |                | CP-110105              | 446  | 2        | Clarification of I-MGCF behaviour when SIP preconditions are           | 10.0.0 | 10.0.0  |
| 2011-00            | 51 #31         | 51 - 110105            | +0   | <b>^</b> | used   | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110105              | 450  | 1        | Clarification of O-MGCF behaviour when SIP preconditions are           | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-00            | 5, #51         | 51 110105              | -100 | '        | used   | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110109              | 453  |          | IETF Reference Update: RFC 5993  | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            |                | CP-110103              | 456  | 2        | CCBS/CCNR correction of SUBSCRIBE request                              | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110105              | 460  | 1        | New Cause Code mappings of CV 23,38- 47and 65-79                       | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110105<br>CP-110105 | 464  | 1        | Change of Cause code mappings of CV 23,30- 47 and 03-79                | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            |                | CP-110105<br>CP-110110 | 464  | 2        | Missing Timer definition for TIR                                       | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51<br>CP#51 | CP-110110<br>CP-110105 | 407  | 2        | Mapping of ISUP Cause Value 88 to Response 606 and vice                | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | 05#31          | GE-110105              | 4/1  | '        | versa  | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110126              | 472  | 5        | Adding function for supporting early session                           | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51<br>CP#51 | CP-110126<br>CP-110105 | 472  | 5<br>1   | Mapping of SIP Response 604 to ISUP Cause Value 2                      | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
|                    |                | CP-110105<br>CP-110110 | 476  | 1        |  | 10.0.0 |         |
| 2011-03<br>2011-03 |                | CP-110110<br>CP-110108 | 479  | 3        | IETF Reference Update<br>CC timer expiry correction                    | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
|                    |                |                        |      |          |  |        | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110105              | 486  | 1        | correction BCI mapping   | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110110              | 489  | 1        | rn parameter mapping   | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110130              | 493  | 1        | Reference update: RFC 6086   | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110128              | 497  | 4        | Alignment of Rate Adaptation procedures with TS 26.114 for MTSI.       | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110127              | 499  | 2        | Alignment of FAX transport with MTSI                                   | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110119              | 500  | 2        | ECN Updates  | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110122              | 501  | 4        | Clarification of the interworking of IMS CAT using Gateway             | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
|                    |                |                        |      |          | model  |        |         |
| 2011-03            | CP#51          | CP-110122              | 502  | 2        | CAT supplementary service skeleton                                     | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0  |
| 0                  | 0              |                        | 002  | i —      |  | 10.0.0 | 1.0.1.0 |

| 2011-03         CP#51         CP-110110         503         1         Handling of non-E.164 format num           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110404         505         2         Align IMEI interworking with latest           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110414         511         2         Editors note clarification when CA services           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110414         511         2         Editors note clarification when CA services           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110412         519         1         IMS CAT procedures for forking n           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-06         CP#53         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with nultiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with nultiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         531         1         Interactions of "ISDN user part/B           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         521         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS (2011-02           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: drafi-ietf-avtco (2011-02 <th>10           IETF I-D         10           atel-dispatch-cpc-oli-         10           T service interacting with other         10           H.248 package         10           odel         10           ICC         10           ICC         10           CC preference indicator" in the         10           Mentary services.         10           ICC         10           ICC         10           Mentary services.         10           IC         11           IC         11&lt;</th> <th>0.1.0<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.2.0<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0</th> <th>10.1.0           10.1.1           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0</th> | 10           IETF I-D         10           atel-dispatch-cpc-oli-         10           T service interacting with other         10           H.248 package         10           odel         10           ICC         10           ICC         10           CC preference indicator" in the         10           Mentary services.         10           ICC         10           ICC         10           Mentary services.         10           IC         11           IC         11<   | 0.1.0<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.0<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0 | 10.1.0           10.1.1           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0 |
|---|---|--|--|
| 2011-06         CP#52         CP-110404         505         2         Align IMEI interworking with latest           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110395         509         Removal of reference IETF draft-parameter           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110414         511         2         Editors note clarification when CA services           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110412         519         1         MS CAT procedures for forking r           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110404         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of "ISDN user part/B Forward Call Indicator with Supple           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         CCBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110623         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba <t< td=""><td>IETF I-D       10         atel-dispatch-cpc-oli-       10         F service interacting with other       10         H.248 package       10         odel       10         ICC       10         ICC       10         CC preference indicator" in the       10         ICC       10         CC preference indicator" in the       10         ICC       10         Immentary services.       10         Immentary services.       10         Immentary service reference       10         SUP to SIP       11         Immentary Subaddress between       11         Immentary Subaddress betw</td><td>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.2.0<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.1.1<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0</td><td>10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0</td></t<>  | IETF I-D       10         atel-dispatch-cpc-oli-       10         F service interacting with other       10         H.248 package       10         odel       10         ICC       10         ICC       10         CC preference indicator" in the       10         ICC       10         CC preference indicator" in the       10         ICC       10         Immentary services.       10         Immentary services.       10         Immentary service reference       10         SUP to SIP       11         Immentary Subaddress between       11         Immentary Subaddress betw  | 0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.0<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.1.1<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0  |
| 2011-06         CP#52         CP-110395         509         Removal of reference IETF draft-fparameter           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110414         511         2         Editors note clarification when CA services           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110410         518         3         Adapting ECN IEs to agreed ECN converted to the services           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110412         519         1         IMS CAT procedures for forking m converted to the services           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110603         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of " ISDN user par/IB           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         1         CBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallog           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         577         1         Updating  | atel-dispatch-cpc-oli-       10         F service interacting with other       10         H.248 package       10         odel       10         ICC       10         ICC       10         ICC       10         CC preference indicator" in the       10         mentary services.       10         ICe       10         Iomain service reference       10         Iomain service reference       10         SUP to SIP       11         Ick       11         Icy location       11         g network.       11         ds conference       11         ation interworking for       11  | 0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.1.1           0.2.0           0.2.1           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0  | 10.2.0         10.2.0         10.2.0         10.2.0         10.2.1         10.3.0         10.3.0         10.3.0         11.0.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0   |
| 2011-06         CP#52         CP-110414         511         2         Editors note clarification when CA services           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110412         518         3         Adapting ECN IEs to agreed ECN           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110399         522         1         Removal of dial around indicator           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of "ISDN user part/Biformart by part by part/Biformart by part by pa  | H.248 package 10<br>odel 10<br>ICC 10<br>ICC 10<br>CC preference indicator" in the 10<br>mentary services. 10<br>ICC 10<br>ICC preference indicator" in the 10<br>mentary services. 10<br>ICC 10<br>ICC preference 10<br>ICC 10<br>SUP to SIP 11<br>ICC 11<br>SUP to SIP 11<br>ICC 11<br>SUP to SIP 11<br>ICC 11<br>ICC 11<br>SUP to SIP 11<br>ICC 11<br>ICC 11<br>ICC 11<br>ICC 10<br>ICC 10 | 0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.0<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.1.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0  |
| 2011-06         CP#52         CP-110410         518         3         Adapting ECN IEs to agreed ECN           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110399         522         1         Removal of dial around indicator           2011-06         CP#52         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of "ISDN user part/Bistor           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110720         534         1         PSTN XML handling           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         CCBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2011-12         CP#55         CP-120190         577         Vpdating of UDI references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057  | odel     10       ICC     10       ICC     10       CC preference indicator" in the<br>mentary services.     10       International service reference     10       Iomain service reference     11       SUP to SIP     11       Ick     11       Icy location     11       Icy location     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       Interverk.     11       Interverk.     11       Interverk.     11  | 0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.0<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0  |
| 2011-06         CP#52         CP-110412         519         1         IMS CAT procedures for forking m           2011-06         CP#52         Editorial improvements made by N           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of " ISDN user part/Bi Forward Call Indicator with Supple           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110720         534         1         PSTN XML handling           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         CCBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         521         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS or           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI falba           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         577         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120109         577         Reference update: draft-atco           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-   | odel     10       ICC     10       ICC     10       CC preference indicator" in the<br>mentary services.     10       International service reference     10       Iomain service reference     11       SUP to SIP     11       Ick     11       Icy location     11       Icy location     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       Interverk.     11       Interverk.     11       Interverk.     11  | 0.1.1<br>0.1.1<br>0.2.0<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.2.0           10.2.0           10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0  |
| 2011-06         CP#52         CP-110399         522         1         Removal of dial around indicator           2011-06         CP#52         Editorial improvements made by N           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of "ISDN user part/Bistion of the second call indicator with Supple           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         CCBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110613         544         1         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2011-09         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         556         1         Correction of interworking for UUS           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2011-12         CP#55         CP-120057         577         Updating of UUS references         2012-03           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calla           2012-03         CP#55         <  | 10         ICC       10         ICC preference indicator" in the 10         mentary services.         11         10         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         12         11         12         11         12         11         12         11         12         11         12         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         17         17         17         10         11         11         12         11         12         11         12         11         12         11         12         11         12         13         14         15         16 <t< td=""><td>0.1.1<br/>0.2.0<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0</td><td>10.2.0           10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0</td></t<>  | 0.1.1<br>0.2.0<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.2.0           10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0  |
| 2011-06         CP#52         Editorial improvements made by N           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of " ISDN user part/B           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         534         1         PSTN XML handling           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110613         544         1         Updating IMEI URN draft referenc           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS of           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110826         561         Correction of interworking for           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallbe           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallbe           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         577         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2011-12         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         C  | ICC       10         10       10         CC preference indicator" in the 10       10         mentary services.       10         10       10         10       10         10       10         10       10         11       10         11       11         12       11         13       11         14       11         15       11         16       11         17       11         16       11         17       11         17       11         18       11         19       12         10       11         11       11         12       11         14       11         15       12         16       12         17       12         18       12         19       12         11       12         12       12         13       12         14       12         15       12         16       12 <t< td=""><td>0.2.0<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.3.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0</td><td>10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0</td></t<>  | 0.2.0<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.2.1           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0   |
| 2011-09         CP#53         CP-110604         527         2         INVITE with multiple m-lines           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of " ISDN user part/B           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110720         534         1         PSTN XML handling           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110613         544         1         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS d           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDS           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         577         1         Updating of UDS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the call           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Avoid HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#5   | 10         CC preference indicator" in the 10         mentary services.         10         10         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         12         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         17         17         11         11         11         11         11         11         12         11         12         11         12         12         13         14         15         16         17         17         17         17         17         17  | 0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0   | 10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0  |
| 2011-09         CP#53         CP-110603         531         1         Interactions of "ISDN user part/BI<br>Forward Call Indicator with Supple<br>2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         534         1         PSTN XML handling           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         CCBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS of<br>2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade<br>2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade<br>2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba<br>2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Privix<br>2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         577         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco<br>2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the call<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IN<br>2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind<br>2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counte   | CC preference indicator" in the 10         mentary services.         10         10         10         10         10         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         17         18         19         11         11         11         11         11         11         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         17         18         19         11         11         11         12         12         13  | 0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.3.0         10.3.0         10.3.0         10.3.0         11.0.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0  |
| 2011-09         CP#53         CP-110720         534         1         PSTN XML handling           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         CCBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS of           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallos           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallos           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120190         557         7         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the callor           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03  | 10       10       10       11       11       12       11       12       11       11       11       11       11       11       11       12       11       11       11       11       12       11       12       13       14       15       16       17       17       17       18       11       11       12       13       14       15       16       17       17       18       19       11       11       12       12       13       14       14       15       16       17       17       18       19       11       11       12       12       13       14       15       16       17       17       17 <td>0.2.1<br/>0.2.1<br/>0.3.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.0.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0<br/>1.1.0</td> <td>10.3.0         10.3.0         11.0.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0</td>   | 0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.3.0         10.3.0         11.0.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0  |
| 2011-09         CP#53         CP-110607         537         CCBS correction PSTN CLIR           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110613         544         1         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110826         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS 0           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UUS           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IN           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Advid missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind  | 10         9       10         Iomain service reference       10         r in SIP responses       11         SUP to SIP       11         ck       11         ck       11         cy location       11         e-ecn-for-rtp       11         d party Subaddress between       11         S network.       11         ds conference       11         11       11         ation interworking for       11  | 0.2.1<br>0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 10.3.0           10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0   |
| 2011-09         CP#53         CP-110613         544         1         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2011-09         CP#53         CP-110823         552         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS of           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason heade           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         566         Clarification on interworking for UUS           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UD fallb           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120190         557         7         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IN           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind  | a       10         Iomain service reference       10         r in SIP responses       11         SUP to SIP       11         ck       11         ck       11         cy location       11         cy location       11         d party Subaddress between       11         S network.       11         ds conference       11         11       11         ation interworking for       11   | 0.2.1<br>0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0   | 10.3.0           11.0.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.1.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0           11.2.0  |
| 2011-09         CP#53         CP-110626         523         1         Anonymous Call Rejection in CS of<br>2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason headed<br>2011-12         CP#54         CP-110826         561         Correction of interworking for UUS<br>2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba<br>2012-03         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba<br>2012-03         CP#55         CP-120190         557         7         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Privic           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calls<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IV           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#56         CP-12037         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163   | Iomain service reference       10         r in SIP responses       11         SUP to SIP       11         ck       11         net location       11         e-ecn-for-rtp       11         d party Subaddress between       11         S network.       11         ds conference       11         11       11         12       11         13       11         14       11         15       11         16       11         17       11         17       11         16       11         17       11   | 0.3.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.0.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0   | 11.0.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0   |
| 2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         552         1         Reference update: Reason headed           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110831         566         Carrection of interworking for UUS           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         577         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the called a PSTN/PLMN network and an IW           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-12037         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           <   | r in SIP responses 11<br>11<br>SUP to SIP 11<br>ck 11<br>revelocation 11<br>e-ecn-for-rtp 11<br>d party Subaddress between 11<br>S network.<br>ds conference 11<br>11<br>ation interworking for 11  | 1.0.0           1.0.0           1.0.0           1.0.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0  | 11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.1.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0         11.2.0   |
| 2011-12         CP#54         CP-110826         561         Correction of interworking for UUS           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110831         566         Clarification on interworking from           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120190         557         7         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Privic           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IN           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind <td< td=""><td>11       SUP to SIP       11       ck       11       tcy location       11       e-ecn-for-rtp       11       d party Subaddress between       11       S network.       ds conference       11       11       11       12       13       14       15       16       17       17       17       17       17       17       17</td><td>1.0.0           1.0.0           1.0.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0</td><td>11.1.0<br/>11.1.0<br/>11.1.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0</br></br></td></td<>  | 11       SUP to SIP       11       ck       11       tcy location       11       e-ecn-for-rtp       11       d party Subaddress between       11       S network.       ds conference       11       11       11       12       13       14       15       16       17       17       17       17       17       17       17   | 1.0.0           1.0.0           1.0.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0           1.1.0  | 11.1.0<br>11.1.0<br>11.1.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>   |
| 2011-12         CP#54         CP-110831         566         Clarification on interworking from           2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120190         557         7         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Privice           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IN           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Morg mapping and no note bind           2012-04         CP#56         CP-12037         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163   | SUP to SIP       11         ck       11         not possible       11   | 1.0.0         1.0.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0  | 11.1.0<br>11.1.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0   |
| 2011-12         CP#54         CP-110823         570         3         PSTN XML handling for UDI fallba           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120190         557         7         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Avoid HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Reference update: draft-salud-ale           2012-06 <td>ck     11       11     11       ney location     11       re-ecn-for-rtp     11       d party Subaddress between     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       11     11       ation interworking for     11</td> <td>1.0.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0</td> <td>11.1.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0</td>   | ck     11       11     11       ney location     11       re-ecn-for-rtp     11       d party Subaddress between     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       11     11       ation interworking for     11  | 1.0.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0  | 11.1.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0   |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120190         557         7         Updating of UUS references           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Priv.           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle a PSTN/PLMN network and an IW           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         580         2         Avoid HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         594         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping of in parameter into to h <tr< td=""><td>11       acy location     11       re-ecn-for-rtp     11       d party Subaddress between     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       11     11       ation interworking for     11</td><td>1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0</td><td>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0</td></tr<>  | 11       acy location     11       re-ecn-for-rtp     11       d party Subaddress between     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       11     11       ation interworking for     11   | 1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0  | 11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0   |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         574         1         History-Info correction of SIP Privice           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120065         577         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the called a PSTN/PLMN network and an IW           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         580         2         Avoid HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-04         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo   | acy location       11         e-ecn-for-rtp       11         d party Subaddress between       11         S network.       11         ds conference       11         11       11         ation interworking for       11   | 1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0  | 11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0   |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120065         577         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IN           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120069         580         2         Avoid HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Reference update: draft-salud-ale           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         623         1         Reference update: draft-salud-ale           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction fo </td <td>e-ecn-for-rtp     11       d party Subaddress between     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       11     11       ation interworking for     11</td> <td>1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0</td> <td>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0<br/>11.2.0</td>   | e-ecn-for-rtp     11       d party Subaddress between     11       S network.     11       ds conference     11       11     11       ation interworking for     11   | 1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0         1.1.0  | 11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0   |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         579         2         Correction on mapping of the calle<br>a PSTN/PLMN network and an IW           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120069         580         2         Avoid HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         623         1         Reference update: draft-salud-ale           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo<  | d party Subaddress between 11<br>S network. 11<br>ds conference 11<br>11<br>ation interworking for 11   | 1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0   | 11.2.0<br>11.2.0<br>11.2.0   |
| a PSTN/PLMN network and an IV           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120069         580         2         Avoid HOLD announcement towa           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120062         594         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2  | S network.<br>ds conference 11<br>11<br>ation interworking for 11   | 1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0   | 11.2.0<br>11.2.0   |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         584         1         HOLD interworking correction           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform<br>CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120062         594         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction fo  | ation interworking for 1  | 1.1.0<br>1.1.0<br>1.1.0  | 11.2.0   |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         591         2         Add missing Call Diversion Inform CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120062         594         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction fo           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Mec           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction fo   | ation interworking for 17   | 1.1.0<br>1.1.0   |  |
| CPG(alerting)           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120062         594         Updating IMEI URN draft reference           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120376         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Mec           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         643         1  | -   | 1.1.0  | 11.2.0   |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         598         3         Wrong mapping and no note bind           2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to hn           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120376         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Mec           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         643         1         Mapping of display-name within P           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120311         649         Updating of UUS references         2012-09<  |   |  |  |
| 2012-03         CP#55         CP-120057         605         3         Mapping of rn parameter into to h           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         623         1         Reference update: draft-salud-ale           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120376         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Med           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120344         645         1         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-06         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking<  |   |  | 11.2.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         617         3         Redirection counter 29.163           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         623         1         Reference update: draft-salud-ale           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120376         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Med           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120336         643         1         Mapping of display-name within P           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120344         645         1         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         649         Updating of UUS references           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120341         660         1         Privacy for PANI 29.163           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09   |   | 1.1.0  | 11.2.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         623         1         Reference update: draft-salud-ale           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120376         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Med           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120336         643         1         Mapping of display-name within P           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120344         645         1         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         649         Updating of UUS references           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120341         660         1         Privacy for PANI 29.163           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandator           2012-09   |   |  | 11.2.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120337         627         1         History-Info mapping correction for 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120376         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Med 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction for 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120334         643         1         Mapping of display-name within P           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         649         Updating of UUS references         2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandatod context           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537  |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120376         628         3         Multimedia Priority Control of Mec           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120336         643         1         Mapping of display-name within P           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120344         645         1         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         649         Updating of UUS references           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120341         660         1         Privacy for PANI 29.163           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attritic           2012-09         CP#57  |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120333         632         2         NetworkIdentity interworking correction of the second  |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120356         643         1         Mapping of display-name within P           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120344         645         1         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         649         Updating of UUS references           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120341         660         1         Privacy for PANI 29.163           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs   |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120344         645         1         Reference update: draft-ietf-avtco           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         649         Updating of UUS references           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120341         660         1         Privacy for PANI 29.163           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs  |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120331         649         Updating of UUS references           2012-06         CP#56         CP-120341         660         1         Privacy for PANI 29.163           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs   |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-06         CP#56         CP-120341         660         1         Privacy for PANI 29.163           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs  |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         608         4         TIP TIR interworking           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs  |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-09         CP#57         CP-120512         614         2         Mapping of CANCEL request           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs   |   |  | 11.3.0   |
| 2012-09         CP#57         CP-120513         637         6         P-Early-Media Header is Mandato           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs   |   |  | 11.4.0   |
| 2012-09         CP#57         CP-120515         664         3         Correction of mapping for COLP-1           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs   |   |  | 11.4.0   |
| 2012-09         CP#57         CP-120537         669         3         Support of T.38 related SDP attrib           2012-09         CP#57         CP-120516         673         Reference alignment for RTP Pay           AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs         AMR-WB Audio Codecs  |   |  | 11.4.0   |
| 2012-09 CP#57 CP-120516 673 Reference alignment for RTP Pay<br>AMR-WB Audio Codecs  |   |  | 11.4.0   |
| AMR-WB Audio Codecs   | JIES 11   |  | 11.4.0<br>11.4.0   |
|   |   |  |  |
| 2012-09 CP#57 CP-120515 681 1 PSTN XML schema Bearer Capal  |   |  | 11.4.0   |
| 2012-09 CP#57 CP-120515 682 2 XML schema definition correction  |   |  | 11.4.0   |
| 2012-12 CP#58 CP-120828 689 Reference update: RFC 6679  |   |  | 11.5.0   |
| 2012-12 CP#58 CP-120825 692 1 Updating IMEI URN draft reference   |   |  | 11.5.0   |
| 2012-12 CP#58 CP-120843 693 T.38 default version  |   |  | 11.5.0   |
| 2012-12         CP#58         CP-120839         694         2         Additional Text for Support of Mul in over Mn Interface   | ,   |  | 11.5.0   |
| 2013-03 CP#59 CP-130062 702 Correction of CDIV-related intervention   |   | 1.5.0  | 11.6.0   |
| 2013-03 CP#59 CP-130064 706 Clarification on Progress Indicator   |   | 1.5.0  | 11.6.0   |
| 2013-03 CP#59 CP-130178 710 2 Renaming overlap message body conventions   | to comply with IETF 1'  | 1.5.0  | 11.6.0   |
| 2013-03 CP#59 CP-130067 713 1 IANA registration template for Ove  |   | 1.5.0  | 11.6.0   |
| 2013-03 CP#59 CP-130062 717 3 IANA registration template for PS   | rlap message body 11  |  | 11.6.0   |
| 2013-03 CP#59 CP-130164 720 5 Generic Number APRI to Privacy  |   |  | 11.6.0   |
| 2013-03 CP#59 CP-130066 723 APRIs to Privacy cleaning   | N XML message body 11   |  | 11.6.0   |
| 2013-06 CP#60 CP-130318 726 From and Privacy mapping to Ger<br>clarification  | N XML message body 11   |  | 11.7.0   |
| 2013-06 CP#60 CP-130332 729 2 NPLI mapping specific case  | N XML message body 11<br>1<br>1 <sup>1</sup>  | 1.6.0  | 11.7.0   |
| 2013-06 CP#60 CP-130375 733 2 Reference Update: RFC 6910  | N XML message body       11         11       11         11       11         eric Number and APRI       11   |  | 11.7.0   |
| 2013-06 CP#60 CP-130311 746 Internal reference correction, ch. 7  | N XML message body 11<br>11<br>eric Number and APRI 11<br>17  | 1.0.0  |  |
| 2013-06 CP#60 CP-130311 753 2 New Cause Code mappings   | N XML message body         11           11         11           eric Number and APRI         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11   |  | TT.7.0   |
| 2013-06 CP#60 CP-130375 757 2 Consolidation of DTMF info packa  | N XML message body         11           11         11           eric Number and APRI         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           12         11           13         11           14         11   | 1.6.0  | 11.7.0<br>11.7.0   |

|         |       |           |     |   | 24.229  |        |         |
|---------|-------|-----------|-----|---|---|--------|---------|
| 2013-09 | CP#61 | CP-130546 | 760 | 1 | Updating IMEI URN draft reference                             | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0  |
| 2013-09 | CP#61 | CP-130540 | 766 | 1 | Interworking of ISDN subaddress information at O-MGCF         | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0  |
| 2013-09 | CP#61 | CP-130538 | 772 | 1 | Erroneous reference to Table 17                               | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0  |
| 2013-09 | CP#61 | CP-130545 | 780 | 1 | Mapping Location Number to P-Access-Network-Info header field | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0  |
| 2013-09 | CP#61 | CP-130538 | 787 | 1 | UDI & H.223 & H.245 indication                                | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0  |
| 2013-12 | CP#62 | CP-130662 | 795 | 1 | Reference Update: draft-ietf-salud-alert-info-urns            | 11.8.0 | 11.9.0  |
| 2013-12 | CP#62 | CP-130667 | 799 |   | Updating IMEI URN draft reference                             | 11.8.0 | 11.9.0  |
| 2014-03 | CP#63 | CP-140067 | 806 |   | Updating IMEI URN draft reference                             | 11.9.0 | 11.10.0 |

# History

| Document history |                |             |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| V11.4.0          | October 2012   | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.5.0          | January 2013   | Publication |  |  |  |  |
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