

ETSI TS 129 165 V9.15.0 (2013-09)



Technical Specification

**Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+);
Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
LTE;
Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface (NNI)
(3GPP TS 29.165 version 9.15.0 Release 9)**



Reference

RTS/TSGC-0329165v9f0

Keywords

GSM,LTE,UMTS

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
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Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

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1 Scope

The objective of this document is to address the Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface (II-NNI) consisting of Ici and Izi reference points between IMS networks in order to support end-to-end service interoperability.

The present document will address the issues related to control plane signalling (3GPP usage of SIP and SDP protocols, required SIP header fields) as well as other interconnecting aspects like security, numbering/naming/addressing and user plane issues as transport protocol, media and codecs actually covered in a widespread set of 3GPP specifications. A profiling of the Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface (II-NNI) is also provided.

Charging aspects will be addressed as far as SIP signalling is concerned.

2 References

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- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
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- [2] IETF RFC 791: "Internet Protocol".
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- [5] 3GPP TS 24.229: "Internet Protocol (IP) multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
- [6] 3GPP TR 24.930: "Signalling flows for the session setup in the IP Multimedia core network Subsystem (IMS) based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
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- [10] 3GPP TS 33.210: "3G security; Network Domain Security (NDS); IP network layer security".
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- [26] IETF RFC 6050: "A Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Extension for the Identification of Services".
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- [30] 3GPP TS 22.173: "IP Multimedia Core Network Subsystem (IMS); Multimedia Telephony Service and supplementary services; Stage 1".
- [31] 3GPP TS 24.173: "IMS multimedia telephony communication service and supplementary services; Stage 3".
- [32] 3GPP TS 24.607: "Originating Identification Presentation (OIP) and Originating Identification Restriction (OIR) using IP Multimedia (IM); Core Network (CN) subsystem".
- [33] 3GPP TS 24.616: "Malicious Communication Identification (MCID) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem".
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- [37] 3GPP TS 24.615: "Communication Waiting (CW) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem".
- [38] 3GPP TS 24.628: "Common Basic Communication procedures using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem".
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- [43] IETF RFC 3327: "Session Initiation Protocol Extension Header Field for Registering Non-Adjacent Contacts".

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- [48] IETF RFC 3326: "The Reason Header Field for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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- [51] IETF RFC 3841: "Caller Preferences for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

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- [103] 3GPP TS 24.654: "Closed User Group (CUG) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem".
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Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

example: text used to clarify abstract rules by applying them literally.

IM CN subsystem: (IP Multimedia CN subsystem) comprises of all CN elements for the provision of IP multimedia applications over IP multimedia sessions, as specified in 3GPP TS 22.228 [9].

IP multimedia session: as specified in 3GPP TS 22.228 [9] an IP multimedia session is a set of multimedia senders and receivers and the data streams flowing from senders to receivers. IP multimedia sessions are supported by the IP multimedia CN Subsystem and are enabled by IP connectivity bearers (e.g. GPRS as a bearer). A user can invoke concurrent IP multimedia sessions.

non-roaming II-NNI: the II-NNI between IMS home networks.

roaming II-NNI: the II-NNI between a visited IMS network and the IMS home network.

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.292 [120] apply:

MSC Server enhanced for ICS

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

| | |
|-----|---|
| Ici | Reference Point between an IBCF and another IBCF or I-CSCF belonging to a different IM CN subsystem network |
| Izi | Reference Point between a TrGW and another TrGW or media handling node belonging to a different IM CN subsystem network |
| Mi | Reference Point between a BGCF and CSCF |
| Mm | Reference Point between a CSCF/BGCF/IMS ALG and an IP multimedia network. |
| Mw | Reference Point between a CSCF and another CSCF |
| Mx | Reference Point between a CSCF/BGCF/MSC Server enhanced for ICS and IBCF |

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

| | |
|-------|---|
| ACR | Anonymous Communication Rejection |
| B2BUA | Back 2 Back User Agent |
| BGCF | Breakout Gateway Control Function |
| CAT | Customized Alerting Tone |
| CB | Communication Barring |
| CCBS | Completion of Communications to Busy Subscriber |
| CCNR | Communication Completion on No Reply |
| CDIV | Communication Diversion |
| CDIVN | Communication Diversion Notification |
| CRS | Customized Ringing Signal |
| ECT | Explicit Communication Transfer |
| FA | Flexible Alerting |
| HOLD | Communication HOLD |
| CW | Communication Waiting |

| | |
|-----------|--|
| IBCF | Interconnection Border Control Function |
| ICB | Incoming Communication Barring |
| ICS | IMS Centralized Services |
| I-CSCF | Interrogating CSCF |
| II-NNI | Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface |
| IM | Instant Messaging |
| IMS-ALG | IMS Application Level Gateway |
| MCID | Malicious Communication IDentification |
| MRFC | Media Resource Function Controller |
| MSRP | Message Session Relay Protocol |
| MWI | Message Waiting Indication |
| NA(P)T-PT | Network Address (Port-Multiplexing) Translation-Protocol Translation |
| NNI | Network to Network Interface |
| OCB | Outgoing Communication Barring |
| OIP | Originating Identification Presentation |
| OIR | Originating Identification Restriction |
| P-CSCF | Proxy CSCF |
| PNM | Personal Network Management |
| PRES | Presence |
| TIP | Terminating Identification Presentation |
| TIR | Terminating Identification Restriction |
| TrGW | Transition Gateway |

4 Overview

Interconnection between two different IM CN subsystems shall be guaranteed in order to support end-to-end service interoperability. For this purpose, Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface (II-NNI) between two IM CN subsystem networks is adopted, according to the assumptions coming from 3GPP TS 23.002 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.228 [4].

Aiming to support the delivery of IMS services between two separated IM CN subsystems, protocol interconnection has to occur:

- at a control plane level, in order that IMS procedures can be supported. In this case the adopted reference point is the Ici; and
- at a user plane level, where media streams are exchanged over the Izi reference point.

The management of IP multimedia sessions is acted by using SIP. The transport mechanism for both SIP session signalling and media transport is IPv4 (IETF RFC 791 [2]) or IPv6 (IETF RFC 2460 [7]). The 3GPP profile of SIP defining the usage of SIP within the IM CN subsystem is specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. Example call flows are provided in 3GPP TR 24.930 [6].

The general interconnection model is shown in Figure 4.1.

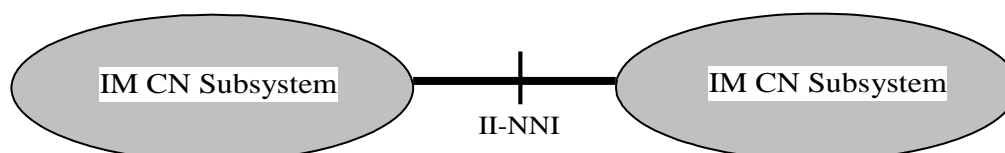


Figure 4.1: Interconnection Model for IM CN subsystems

The possible functional entities involved in the signalling plane interconnection (IBCF, I-CSCF, P-CSCF, BGCF and MSC Server enhanced for ICS) and in the user plane interconnection (TrGW) are specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], in 3GPP TS 24.292 [121] and in 3GPP TS 29.162 [8].

IP Version interworking is described within 3GPP TS 29.162 [8].

5 Reference model for interconnection between IM CN subsystems

5.1 General

Figure 5.1 illustrates the architecture diagram given in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4] showing the Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface (II-NNI) between two IM CN subsystem networks.

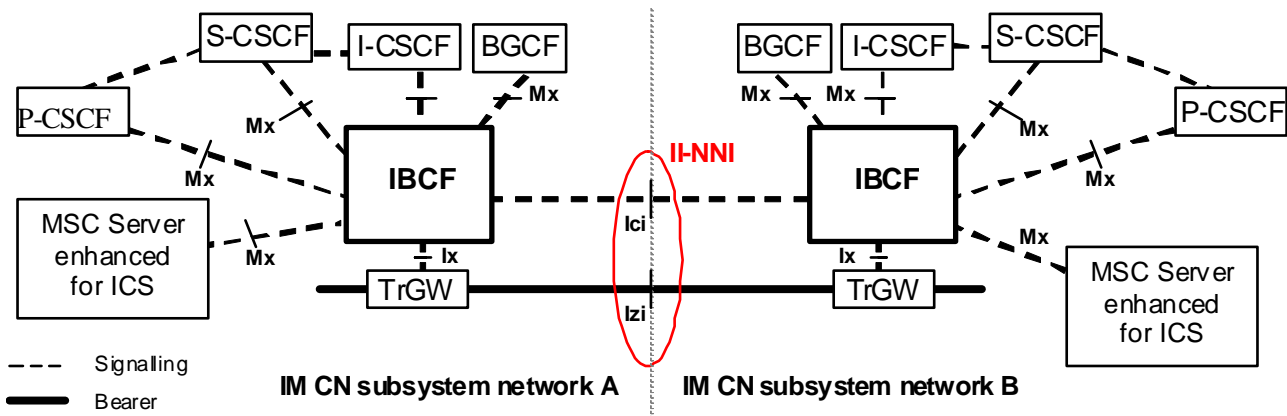


Figure 5.1.1: Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface between two IM CN subsystem networks

The protocols over the two reference points Ici and Izi make up the Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface.

The Ici reference point allows IBCFs to communicate with each other in order to provide the communication and forwarding of SIP signalling messaging between IM CN subsystem networks. The Izi reference point allows TrGWs to forward media streams between IM CN subsystem networks.

IMS roaming performed by using II-NNI is considered, when the IBCFs are inserted at the network borders.

Whenever the Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface is used to interconnect two IM CN subsystem networks belonging to different security domains, security procedures apply as described in 3GPP TS 33.210 [10].

5.2 Functionalities performed by entities at the edge of the network

5.2.1 Interconnection Border Control Function (IBCF)

An IBCF provides application specific functions at the SIP/SDP protocol layer in order to perform interconnection between IM CN subsystem networks by using Ici reference point. According to 3GPP TS 23.228 [4], IBCF can act both as an entry point and as an exit point for a network.

The functionalities of IBCF are indicated in the 3GPP TS 23.228 [4] and specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. They include:

- network topology hiding;
- application level gateway (for instance enabling communication between IPv6 and IPv4 SIP applications, or between a SIP application in a private IP address space and a SIP application outside this address space);
- controlling transport plane functions;
- controlling media plane adaptations;

- screening of SIP signalling information;
- selecting the appropriate signalling interconnect; and
- generation of charging data records.

Based on local configuration, the IBCF performs transit routing functions as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The IBCF acts as a B2BUA when it performs IMS-ALG functionality.

5.2.2 Transition Gateway (TrGW)

According to 3GPP TS 23.002 [3], the TrGW is located at the network borders within the media path and is controlled by an IBCF. Forwarding of media streams between IM CN subsystem networks is applied over Izi reference point.

The TrGW provides functions like network address/port translation and IPv4/IPv6 protocol translation. NAT-PT binds addresses in IPv6 network with addresses in IPv4 network and vice versa to provide transparent routing between the two IP domains without requiring any changes to end points. NA(P)T-PT provides additional translation of transport identifier (TCP and UDP port numbers). The approach is similar to that one described also in 3GPP TS 29.162 [8].

Further details are described in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4].

6 Control plane interconnection

6.1 Definition of Inter-IMS Network to Network Interconnection

6.1.1 SIP methods and header fields

6.1.1.1 General

The functional entity closest to the border of an II-NNI (see reference model in clause 5) shall provide the capabilities specified for that network element in Annex A.2 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with modifications as described in the following subclauses.

6.1.1.2 SIP methods

3GPP TS 24.229 [5] defines the methods allowing an IBCF to interconnect to an IBCF placed in another IM CN subsystem.

The following SIP methods are supported on the II-NNI as defined in table 6.1.

The following table is based on Table A.5 and Table A.163 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and endorsed for this document:

Table 6.1: Supported SIP methods

| Item | Method | Ref. | II-NNI | |
|-------|---|--------------------|---------|-----------|
| | | | Sending | Receiving |
| 1 | ACK request | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 2 | BYE request | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 3 | BYE response | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 4 | CANCEL request | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 5 | CANCEL response | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 5A | INFO request | IETF RFC 6086 [39] | o | o |
| 5B | INFO response | IETF RFC 6086 [39] | o | o |
| 8 | INVITE request | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 9 | INVITE response | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 9A | MESSAGE request | IETF RFC 3428 [19] | o | o |
| 9B | MESSAGE response | IETF RFC 3428 [19] | o | o |
| 10 | NOTIFY request | IETF RFC 3265 [20] | c1 | c1 |
| 11 | NOTIFY response | IETF RFC 3265 [20] | c1 | c1 |
| 12 | OPTIONS request | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 13 | OPTIONS response | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | m | m |
| 14 | PRACK request | IETF RFC 3262 [18] | m | m |
| 15 | PRACK response | IETF RFC 3262 [18] | m | m |
| 15A | PUBLISH request | IETF RFC 3903 [21] | c1 | c1 |
| 15B | PUBLISH response | IETF RFC 3903 [21] | c1 | c1 |
| 16 | REFER request | IETF RFC 3515 [22] | o | o |
| 17 | REFER response | IETF RFC 3515 [22] | o | o |
| 18 | REGISTER request | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | c2 | c2 |
| 19 | REGISTER response | IETF RFC 3261 [13] | c2 | c2 |
| 20 | SUBSCRIBE request | IETF RFC 3265 [20] | c1 | c1 |
| 21 | SUBSCRIBE response | IETF RFC 3265 [20] | c1 | c1 |
| 22 | UPDATE request | IETF RFC 3311 [23] | m | m |
| 23 | UPDATE response | IETF RFC 3311 [23] | m | m |
| c1: | In case of roaming scenario, the support of the method is m, else o. | | | |
| c2: | In case of roaming scenario, the support of the method is m, else n/a. | | | |
| NOTE: | In the above table, m, o and c and n/a have the meanings indicated in Table 6.3 | | | |

6.1.1.3 SIP header fields

6.1.1.3.0 General

The IBCF shall provide the capabilities to manage and modify SIP header fields according to section 5.10 and Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with modifications as described in the following sub-clauses.

6.1.1.3.1 Trust and no trust relationship

The IBCF acting as exit point applies the procedures described in subclause 5.10.2 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] before forwarding the SIP signalling to the IBCF acting as entry point. The IBCF acting as entry point applies the procedures described in subclause 5.10.3 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Additionally, in case there is no trust relationship between the two IM CN subsystems connected by II-NNI, the IBCF applies the procedures described in subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], before forwarding the SIP signalling.

These procedures may be utilized on a per header field basis to realize overall trust as well as per service level screening of header fields. Trust relationships and trust domains may be defined by inter-operator agreements for individual services and/or individual SIP header fields.

The management of the SIP header fields (if present) over II-NNI in case of a presence or not of a trust relationship between the two interconnected IM CN subsystems is wrapped up in the following table.

Table 6.2: Management of SIP header fields over II-NNI in presence or not of a trust relationship

| Item | Header field | Reference | Trust relationship | Not trust relationship |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | P-Asserted-Identity | IETF RFC 3325 [44] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 (NOTE 5) | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 (NOTE 5) |
| 2 | P-Access-Network-Info | IETF RFC 3455 [24] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| 3 | Resource-Priority | IETF RFC 4412 [78] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| 4 | History-Info | IETF RFC 4244 [25] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in subclause 4.3.3 of RFC 4244 [25] and in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| 5 | P-Asserted-Service | draft-drage-sipping-service-identification [26] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 (NOTE 3) | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 (NOTE 3) |
| 6 | P-Charging-Vector | IETF RFC 3455 [24] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 5.10 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 5.10 |
| 7 | P-Charging-Function-Addresses (NOTE 4) | IETF RFC 3455 [24] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 5.10 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 5.10 |
| 8 | P-Profile-Key (NOTE 2) | IETF RFC 5002 [64] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| 9 | P-Private-Network-Indication (NOTE 1) | draft-vanelburg-sipping-private-network-indication [84] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| 10 | P-Served-User (NOTE 1, NOTE 2) | IETF RFC 5502 [85] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| 11 | Reason (in a response) | IETF RFC 6432[49] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| 12 | P-Early-Media | IETF RFC 5009 [74] | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 | As specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4 |
| NOTE 1: For a roaming II-NNI, a trust relationship with respect to this header field is required. | | | | |
| NOTE 2: This header field is only applicable on a roaming II-NNI. | | | | |
| NOTE 3: In addition, value-dependent operator policies may be applied. | | | | |
| NOTE 4: This header field is not applicable at II-NNI. | | | | |
| NOTE 5: The handling of the URI parameters "cpc" and "oli", defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] subclause 7.2A.12, is specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], subclause 4.4. | | | | |

6.1.1.3.2 Derivation of applicable SIP header fields from 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]

For any method in Table 6.1, the SIP header fields applicable on the II-NNI are detailed in the corresponding method tables for the UA role and proxy role sending behaviour in Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. Unless other information is specified in the normative part of the present specification, the applicability of header fields at the II-NNI can be derived for each method from the corresponding tables in Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] as follows:

- All header fields not present in the corresponding tables in Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 or marked as "n/a" in both the "RFC status" and "profile status" columns for the UA role and proxy role sending behaviour of that tables are not applicable at the II-NNI.

NOTE 1: Operators could choose to apply header fields for new SIP extensions on an II-NNI based on bilateral agreements, but this is outside the scope of the present specification.

- All header fields which are marked as "o" in at least one of the "RFC status" or the "profile status" profile columns for the sending behaviour in the corresponding UA role and proxy role tables in Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and as "n/a" or "o" in the other such columns are applicable at II-NNI based on bilateral agreement between operators.
- All header fields which are marked as "m" in at least one of the "RFC status" or the "profile status" columns for the sending behaviour in the corresponding UA role or proxy role table in Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and as "n/a", "o", or "m" in the other such columns are applicable at the II-NNI.
- If conditions are specified, they are also applicable at the II-NNI and the above rules are applicable to the "n/a", "o" and "m" values within the conditions.

NOTE 2: In the above rules, the RFC profile columns are taken into account in order to enable interworking with non-3GPP networks,

An informative summary of SIP header fields to be used over the II-NNI is proposed in Annex A.

6.1.1.3.3 Applicability of SIP header fields on a roaming II-NNI

The following SIP header fields are only applicable on a roaming II-NNI:

- Authentication-Info
- Authorization
- P-Associated-URI
- P-Called-Party-ID
- P-Preferred-Service
- P-Profile-Key
- P-Served-User
- P-Visited-Network-ID
- Path
- Proxy-Authenticate
- Proxy-Authorization
- Service-Route
- WWW-Authenticate

6.1.1.3.4 Applicability of SIP header fields on a non-roaming II-NNI

Void

6.1.1.4 Notations of the codes

In the table 6.1 the status codes "m", "o", "c" and "n/a" have the following meanings:

Table 6.3: Key to notation codes for SIP messages

| Notation code | Notation name | Sending side | Receiving side |
|----------------|----------------|--|---|
| m | mandatory | The message shall be supported at II-NNI. Supporting sending a SIP message at the II-NNI means that this message shall be sent over the II-NNI if received from the serving network. It does not imply that network elements inside the serving network or user equipment connected to this network shall support this message. | Supporting receiving a SIP message at the II-NNI means that this message shall be forwarded to the serving network unless the operator's policy is applied as defined in subclause 5.10.1 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. It does not imply that network elements inside the served network or user equipment connected to this network are supporting this message. |
| o | optional | The message may or may not be supported at II-NNI. The support of the message is provided based on bilateral agreement between the operators. | Same as for sending side. |
| n/a | not applicable | It is impossible to use/support the message. | It is impossible to use/support the message. This message will be discarded by the IBCF. |
| c <integer> | conditional | The requirement on the message ("m", "o" or "n/a") depends on the support of other optional or conditional items. <integer> is the identifier of the conditional expression. | Same as for sending side. |

6.1.1.5 Modes of signalling

Overlap signalling may be used if agreement exists between operators to use overlap and which method to be used, otherwise enbloc shall be used at the II-NNI.

6.1.2 SDP protocol

6.1.2.1 General

The functional entity closest to the border of an II-NNI (see reference model in clause 5) shall provide the capabilities specified for that network element in Annex A.3 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

6.1.3 Major capabilities

This subclause contains the major capabilities to be supported over the II-NNI.

The table 6.1.3.1 specifies which capabilities are applicable for II-NNI. The profile status codes within table 6.1.3.1 are defined in table 6.1.3.2.

For the "Basic SIP" capabilities part of table 6.1.3.1, the last column "Profile status over II-NNI" specifies the general status of applicability of the IETF RFC 3261 [13] main mechanisms described in the 2nd column "Capability over the Ici".

For the "Extensions to basic SIP" capabilities part, the last column "Profile status over II-NNI" specifies the general status of applicability of the RFC referenced in the 2nd column "Capability over the Ici".

If necessary, the applicability of RFCs at the II-NNI level is further detailed in the present Technical Specification.

The columns "Reference item in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] for the profile status" provide informative references for comparison purposes into the UA and Proxy role major capabilities tables in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], where the capabilities are defined via additional references.

Table 6.1.3.1: Major capabilities over II-NNI

| Item | Capability over the Ici | Reference item in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] for the profile status | | Profile status over II-NNI |
|------|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| | | UA Role (NOTE 1) | Proxy role (NOTE 2) | |
| | Basic SIP (IETF RFC 3261 [13]) | | | |
| 1 | registrations | 1, 2, 2A | - | c2 |
| 2 | initiating a session | 2B, 2C, 3, 4 | - | m |
| 3 | terminating a session | 5 | 3 | m |
| 4 | General proxy behaviour | - | 4, 5, 14, 15 | n/a |
| 5 | Managing several responses due to forking | 9,10 | 6 | m |
| 6 | support of indication of TLS connections in the Record-Route header | - | 7, 8 | n/a |
| 7 | Support of authentication | 7, 8, 8A | 8A | c2 |
| 8 | Timestamped requests (Timestamp header field) | 6 | - | m |
| 9 | Presence of date in requests and responses (Date header field) | 11 | 9 | m |
| 10 | Presence of alerting information data (Alert-info header field) | 12 | 10 | o |
| 11 | Support and handling of the Require header field for REGISTER and other requests or responses for methods other than REGISTER | - | 11, 12, 13 | m |
| 12 | Support and reading of the Supported and Unsupported header fields | - | 16, 17, 18 | m |
| 13 | Support of the Error-Info header field in 3xx - 6xx responses | - | 19 | o |
| 14 | Support and handling of the Organization header field | - | 19A, 19B | m |
| 15 | Support and handling of the Call-Info header field | - | 19C, 19D | m |
| 16 | Support of the Contact header field in 3xx response | - | 19E | m |
| 16A | Proxy reading the contents of a body or including a body in a request or response | - | 19F | n/a |
| | Extensions to basic SIP | | | |
| 17 | IETF RFC 6086 [39]: SIP INFO method and package framework | 13 | 20 | o |
| 17A | IETF RFC 6086 [39]: legacy INFO usage | 13A | 20A | o |
| 18 | IETF RFC 3262 [18]: reliability of provisional responses in SIP (PRACK method) | 14 | 21 | m |
| 19 | IETF RFC 3515 [22]: the SIP REFER method | 15 | 22 | o |
| 20 | IETF RFC 3312 [40] and RFC 4032 [41]: integration of resource management and SIP (Preconditions framework) | 16 | 23 | o |
| 21 | IETF RFC 3311 [23]: the SIP UPDATE method | 17 | 24 | m |
| 22 | IETF RFC 3313 [42]: SIP extensions for media authorization (P-Media-Authorization header field) | 19 | 26 | n/a |
| 23 | IETF RFC 3265 [20]: SIP specific event notification (SUBSCRIBE/NOTIFY methods) | 20, 21, 22, 23 | 27, 28 | c1 |
| 24 | IETF RFC 3327 [43]: session initiation protocol extension header field for registering non-adjacent contacts (Path header field) | 24 | 29 | c2 |
| 25 | IETF RFC 3325 [44]: private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for network asserted identity within trusted networks | 25 | 30 | c4 |
| 26 | IETF RFC 3325 [44]: the P-Preferred-Identity header field extension | - | - | n/a |
| 27 | IETF RFC 3325 [44]: the P-Asserted-Identity header field extension | - | - | c4 |
| 28 | IETF RFC 3323 [34]: a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) (Privacy header field) | 26, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 26H | 31, 31A, 31B, 31C, 31D, 31E, 31F, 31G, 31H | m |
| 29 | IETF RFC 3428 [19]: a messaging mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) (MESSAGE method) | 27 | 33 | o |
| 30 | IETF RFC 3608 [45]: session initiation protocol extension header field for service route discovery during registration (Service-Route header field) | 28 | 32 | c2 |
| 31 | IETF RFC 3486 [46]: compressing the session initiation protocol | 29 | 34 | n/a |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| 32 | IETF RFC 3455 [24]: private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) | 30 | 35 | o |
| 32A | IETF RFC 3325 [44]: act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity | 30A | 30A | n/a |
| 32B | IETF RFC 3325 [44]: act as entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network | 30B | 30B | n/a |
| 32C | IETF RFC 3325: act as entity passing on identity transparently independent of trust domain | 30C | 30C | n/a |
| 33 | IETF RFC 3455 [24]: the P-Associated-URI header field extension | 31 | 36 | c2 |
| 34 | IETF RFC 3455 [24]: the P-Called-Party-ID header field extension | 32 | 37 | c2 |
| 35 | IETF RFC 3455 [24]: the P-Visited-Network-ID header field extension | 33 | 38, 39 | c2 |
| 36 | IETF RFC 3455 [24]: the P-Access-Network-Info header field extension | 34 | 41, 42, 43 | c4 |
| 37 | IETF RFC 3455 [24]: the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header field extension | 35 | 44, 44A | n/a |
| 38 | IETF RFC 3455 [24]: the P-Charging-Vector header field extension | 36 | 45, 46 | c1 |
| 39 | IETF RFC 3329 [47]: security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol | 37 | 47 | n/a |
| 39A | 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] subclause 7.2A.7: Capability Exchange for Media Plane Security | 37A | 47A | n/a |
| 40 | IETF RFC 3326 [48]: the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol | 38 | 48 | o |
| 41 | IETF RFC 6432 [49]: carrying Q.850 codes in reason header fields in SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) responses | 38A | 48A | c4 |
| 42 | IETF RFC 3581 [50]: an extension to the session initiation protocol for symmetric response routing | 39 | 49 | o |
| 43 | IETF RFC 3841 [51]: caller preferences for the session initiation protocol (Accept-Contact, Reject-Contact and Request-Disposition header fields) | 40, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 40E, 40F | 50, 50A, 50B, 50C, 50D, 50E, 50F | m |
| 44 | IETF RFC 3903 [21]: an event state publication extension to the session initiation protocol (PUBLISH method) | 41 | 51 | c1 |
| 45 | IETF RFC 4028 [52]: SIP session timer (Session-Expires and Min-SE headers) | 42 | 52 | m |
| 46 | IETF RFC 3892 [53]: the SIP Referred-By mechanism | 43 | 53 | m |
| 47 | IETF RFC 3891 [54]: the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header | 44 | 54 | o |
| 48 | IETF RFC 3911 [55]: the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Join" header | 45 | 55 | o |
| 49 | IETF RFC 3840 [56]: the callee capabilities | 46 | 56 | o |
| 50 | IETF RFC 4244 [25]: an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history information (History-Info header field) | 47 | 57 | o |
| 51 | IETF RFC 5079 [57]: Rejecting anonymous requests in the session initiation protocol | 48 | 58 | o |
| 52 | IETF RFC 4458 [58]: session initiation protocol URIs for applications such as voicemail and interactive voice response (NOTE 3) | 49 | 59 | o |
| 53 | IETF RFC 4320 [59]: Session Initiation Protocol's (SIP) non-INVITE transactions | 50 | 61 | m |
| 54 | IETF RFC 4457 [60]: the P-User-Database private header field extension | 51 | 60 | n/a |
| 55 | IETF RFC 5031 [61]: A Uniform Resource Name (URN) for Emergency and Other Well-Known Services | 52 | 62 | n/a |
| 56 | IETF RFC 5627 [62]: obtaining and using GRUUs in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) | 53 | 63 | c1 |
| 57 | Void | | | |
| 58 | IETF RFC 4168 [27]: the Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) as a Transport for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) | 55 | 65 | o |
| 59 | IETF RFC 5002 [64]: the SIP P-Profile-Key private header field extension | 56 | 66, 66A, 66B | c3 |

| | | | | |
|-----|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 60 | IETF RFC 5626 [65]: managing client initiated connections in SIP | 57 | 67 | c1 |
| 61 | IETF RFC 5768 [66]: indicating support for interactive connectivity establishment in SIP | 58 | - | n/a |
| 62 | IETF RFC 5365 [67]: multiple-recipient MESSAGE requests in the session initiation protocol | 59 | 69 | o if 29, else n/a |
| 63 | IETF RFC 6442 [68]: Location Conveyance for the Session Initiation Protocol | 60 | 70, 70A, 70B | m |
| 64 | IETF RFC 5368 [69]: referring to multiple resources in the session initiation protocol | 61 | 71 | o if 19, else n/a |
| 65 | IETF RFC 5366 [70]: conference establishment using request-contained lists in the session initiation protocol | 62 | 72 | o |
| 66 | IETF RFC 5367 [71]: subscriptions to request-contained resource lists in the session initiation protocol | 63 | 73 | o if 23, else n/a |
| 67 | IETF RFC 4967 [72]: dialstring parameter for the session initiation protocol uniform resource identifier | 64 | 74 | c2 |
| 68 | IETF RFC 4964 [73]: the P-Answer-State header extension to the session initiation protocol for the open mobile alliance push to talk over cellular | 65 | 75 | o |
| 69 | IETF RFC 5009 [74]: the SIP P-Early-Media private header field extension for authorization of early media | 66 | 76 | c4 |
| 70 | IETF RFC 4694 [75]: number portability parameters for the "tel" URI | 67, 67A, 67B | 77, 77A, 77B | o |
| 72 | IETF RFC 4411 [77]: extending the session initiation protocol Reason header for preemption events | 69 | 79 | o |
| 73 | IETF RFC 4412 [78]: communications resource priority for the session initiation protocol (Resource-Priority header field) | 70, 70A, 70B | 80, 80A, 80B | o |
| 74 | IETF RFC 5393 [79]: addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies | 71 | 81 | m |
| 75 | IETF RFC 5049 [80]: the remote application identification of applying signalling compression to SIP | 72 | 82 | n/a |
| 76 | IETF RFC 5688 [81]: a session initiation protocol media feature tag for MIME application sub-types | 73 | 83 | c1 |
| 77 | IETF RFC 6050 [26]: Identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol | 74 | 84, 84A | o |
| 78 | IETF RFC 5360 [82]: a framework for consent-based communications in SIP | 75, 75A, 75B | 85 | o |
| 79 | draft-ietf-cuss-sip-uu [83]: a mechanism for transporting user to user call control information in SIP | 76 | 86 | c1 |
| 79A | draft-ietf-cuss-sip-uu-isdn [83A]: Interworking ISDN Call Control User Information with SIP | 76A | - | c1 |
| 80 | draft-vanelburg-dispatch-private-network-ind [84]: The SIP P-Private-Network-Indication private-header (P-Header) | 77 | 87 | c1 |
| 81 | IETF RFC 5502 [85]: the SIP P-Served-User private header | 78 | 88 | c2 |
| 84 | IETF RFC 6228 [88]: the 199 (Early Dialog Terminated) response code | 81 | 91 | m |
| 85 | IETF RFC 5621 [89]: message body handling in SIP | 82 | 92 | m |
| 86 | IETF RFC 6223 [90]: indication of support for keep-alive | 83 | 93 | o |
| 87 | IETF RFC 5552 [91]: SIP Interface to VoiceXML Media Services | 84 | 94 | n/a |
| 88 | IETF RFC 3862 [92]: common presence and instant messaging (CPIM): message format | 85 | 95 | o |
| 89 | IETF RFC 5438 [93]: instant message disposition notification | 86 | 96 | o |
| 90 | IETF RFC 5373 [94]: requesting answering modes for SIP (Answer-Mode and Priv-Answer-Mode header fields) | 87 | 97, 97A | o |
| | Void | | | |
| 92 | IETF RFC 3959 [96]: the early session disposition type for SIP | 89 | 99 | o |
| 93 | IETF RFC 4244 [25]: delivery of Request-URI targets to user agents | 90 | 100 | n/a |
| 94 | draft-kaplan-sip-session-id-02 [124]: The Session-ID header | 91 | 101 | o |
| 95 | IETF RFC 6026 [125]: correct transaction handling for 200 responses to Session Initiation Protocol INVITE requests | 92 | 102 | m |
| 96 | IETF RFC 5658 [126]: addressing Record-Route issues in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) | 93 | 103 | o |
| 97 | IETF RFC 5954 [127]: essential correction for IPv6 ABNF and URI comparison in IETF RFC 3261 [13] | 94 | 104 | m |

| | | | | |
|--|--|----|-----|----|
| 98 | IETF RFC 4488 [132]: suppression of session initiation protocol REFER method implicit subscription | 95 | 105 | c5 |
| 99 | draft-ietf-salud-alert-info-urns [133]: Alert-Info URNs for the Session Initiation Protocol | 96 | 106 | o |
| 100 | Subclause 3.1 of 3GPP TS 24.229: multiple registrations | 97 | 107 | c2 |
| 101 | IETF RFC 4538 [135]: request authorization through dialog Identification in the session initiation protocol (Target-Dialog header field) | 99 | 109 | o |
| c1: m in case of roaming II-NNI, else o c2: m in case of roaming II-NNI, else n/a c3: o in case of roaming II-NNI, else n/a c4: m in case of trust relationship between the interconnected networks, else n/a c5: m in the case the REFER request is supported, else n/a | | | | |
| NOTE 1: The item numbering corresponds to the one provided in table A.4 in [5] | | | | |
| NOTE 2: The item numbering corresponds to the one provided in table A.162 in [5] | | | | |
| NOTE 3: A common URI namespace is required to apply this feature on the II-NNI | | | | |

Table 6.1.3.2: Key to notation codes for major capabilities

| Notation code | Notation name | Explanation |
|----------------|----------------|--|
| m | mandatory | The capability shall be supported at II-NNI. SIP message relating to this capability shall be sent over the II-NNI if received from the serving network, unless they also make use of other unsupported capabilities. SIP headers or other information elements relating to this capability shall be passed over the II-NNI if received from the sending side. This does not imply that network elements inside the serving network or served network or user equipment connected to these networks shall support this capability. |
| o | optional | The capability may or may not be supported at II-NNI. The support of the capability is provided based on bilateral agreement between the operators. |
| n/a | not applicable | It is impossible to use/support the capability at the II-NNI. |
| c <integer> | conditional | The support of the capability ("m", "o" or "n/a") depends on the support of other optional or conditional items. <integer> is the identifier of the conditional expression. |

6.2 Control Plane Transport

6.2.1 General

The control plane transport of the II-NNI shall comply with subclause 4.2A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Support of SCTP as specified in IETF RFC 4168 [27] is optional for an IBCF connected by II-NNI. Nevertheless this option is favourable if the operators would like to improve reliability over the ICI.

7 User plane Interconnection

7.1 Media and Codec

For "end-to-end" media session involving the II-NNI, the SIP/SDP codec negotiation procedure can be applied between IM CN subsystems using different media codecs. It is possible that the end-to-end codec negotiation could fail because no common codec could be supported by the UEs, in particular for voice services.

To enhance interoperability, the IBCF, the MRFC, or other IMS network entities can interfere with the end-to-end codec negotiation to offer additional codec(s) available via transcoding, or to remove codecs. The IBCF can configure an attached TrGW to transcode, and the MRFC can configure an attached MRFP to transcode.

Codecs applicable at the NNI may be a subject of interworking agreements.

NOTE: Possible codecs which could be used at the II-NNI are described in 3GPP TS 26.114 [11] and ETSI TS 181 005 [12].

However, to avoid that transcoding is performed several times, applicable codecs at the NNI should be restricted as little as possible.

NOTE: Transcoding can be performed in an IMS network serving an SDP offerer or in an IMS network serving an SDP answerer. To avoid that transcoding is performed multiple times, inter-operator agreements can clarify if it is preferred that IMS network serving an SDP offerer or IMS network serving an SDP answerer modify an SDP offer to offer transcoding.

If the IBCF performs media transcoding control, it shall apply the related procedures in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7.2 User Plane Transport

The user plane transport of the II-NNI may use the protocols listed in Table 7.2.1. The used protocols to transport media are negotiated by means of SDP offer/answer.

Table 7.2.1: Supported transport-level RFCs to be described in SIP/SDP messages

| Item | RFC | Title | Support |
|------|---------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1 | IETF RFC 3550 [137] | RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications | Mandatory |
| 2 | IETF RFC 768 [138] | User Datagram Protocol | Mandatory |
| 3 | IETF RFC 3551 [139] | RTP Profile for Audio and Video Conferences with Minimal Control | Mandatory |
| 4 | IETF RFC 3556 [140] | Session Description Protocol (SDP) Bandwidth Modifiers for RTP Control Protocol (RTCP) Bandwidth | Mandatory |
| 5 | IETF RFC 4585 [141] | Extended RTP Profile for Real-time Transport Control Protocol (RTCP) - Based Feedback (RTP/AVPF) | Optional (NOTE 1) |
| 6 | IETF RFC 793 [142] | Transmission Control Protocol | Optional (NOTE 2) |

NOTE 1: used by MTSI, as indicated in 3GPP TS 26.114 [11]
NOTE 2: used for MSRP service

8 Numbering, Naming and Addressing

8.1 Numbering, Naming and Addressing for SIP message

The following URI formats in SIP messages may be applied at the ICI as standardized in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]:

- SIP URI defined in IETF RFC 3261 [13];
- tel URI defined in IETF RFC 3966 [14];
- IM URI defined in IETF RFC 3860 [15];
- PRES URI defined in IETF RFC 3859 [16].

According to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the IBCF acting as an exit or entry point in the IMS network supports these URI formats. These URI formats shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI. The SIP URI format shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI. The tel URI, IM URI and PRES URI formats may be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI based on agreement between operators. Other URI formats may be supported over the II-NNI depending on the operator agreements.

A global number as defined in IETF RFC 3966 [14] shall be used in a tel URI or in the user portion of a SIP URI with the user=phone parameter when conveyed via a non-roaming II-NNI in the Request-URI and in the P-Asserted-Identity header field, except when agreement exists between the operators to also allow other kinds of numbers.

NOTE 1: In a SIP URI the user portion of the Request-URI represents a telephone number only if the SIP URI includes the user=phone parameter.

NOTE 2: Agreements can exist between operators to allow non-global number (e.g. national service numbers, business trunking numbers, or private numbers) at a non-roaming II-NNI. A SIP URI with such a number, a user=phone parameter, and a phone-context parameter agreed between the operators can then be used.

NOTE 3: 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] allows to restrict the number within a SIP Request-URI with user=phone parameter at a non-roaming II-NNI to be a global number (i.e. E.164 in international format) via an appropriate Application Server. Suitable configuration by the operator is needed to achieve the desired modification of the format.

NOTE 4: The allowed phone number formats in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of a served user are configured by the operator. According to 3GPP TS 23.003 [35], international E.164 format is used within a P-Asserted-Identity header field.

NOTE 5: The global number format usage within a SIP Request-URI with the user=phone parameter at a non-roaming II-NNI allows the terminating network to find the called subscriber, via HSS interrogation, without any further number translation and thus improves the success of the interconnection between IMS operators.

The optional "oli" and "cpc" tel URI parameters associated with a tel URI or a SIP URI with user=phone are described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and can be part of the P-Asserted-Identity header field. Depending on operator agreements, those URI parameters may be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

The "sos" SIP URI parameter associated with a URI in the Contact header field of a REGISTER request or 200 OK response to REGISTER request is described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. The "sos" SIP URI parameter shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The "rn" and "npdi" number portability parameters for the tel URI and the SIP URI with user=phone as described within IETF RFC 4694 [75] can be part of the Request-URI. Depending on operator agreements these parameters may be exchanged over the non-roaming II-NNI.

NOTE 6: The "rn" and "npdi" parameters can be used to address the entry point of the terminating operator depending on national rules for number portability.

The "isub" tel URI parameter for the tel URI and the SIP URI with user=phone as described within IETF RFC 3966 [14] can be part of the Request-URI, To header field and P-Asserted-Identity header field. Depending on operator agreements, this URI parameter may be exchanged over the II-NNI.

8.2 Numbering, Naming and Addressing for SDP

The following URI format in the SDP exchange may be applied at the Ici as standardized in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]:

- MSRP URI for a session of instant messages defined in IETF RFC 4975 [17].

This URI format shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI and may be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI based on agreement between operators. Other URI formats may be supported over the II-NNI depending on the operators' agreements.

9 IP Version

The network elements interconnected by means of the II-NNI may support IPv4 only, IPv6 only or both.

The support of one or both of the IP versions is an operator option and should be based on bilateral agreement.

In case IPv4 and IPv6 networks are interconnected, the involved IBCFs and TrGWs shall apply the IP version interworking procedures as indicated in 3GPP TS 29.162 [8].

10 Security

The supported security mechanisms for IP signalling transport over II-NNI interfaces are described in 3GPP TS 33.210 [10].

11 Charging

The accounting information to be supported over the Ici is described in 3GPP TS 32.260 [29]. It shall be configurable by the operator to use or not the accounting mechanisms provided by the IBCF.

12 Supplementary services associated with the IMS multimedia telephony communication service

12.1 General

In order to assure the end-to-end service interoperability through the Inter-IMS Network to Network Interface (II-NNI), the associated supplementary services of the multimedia telephony communication service may be supported on the II-NNI between the two IMS networks.

The MMTel communication service is identified by means of the media feature tag +g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel". The media feature tag can appear in the Contact header field, the Accept-Contact header field and the P-Asserted-Service header field.

The support of each associated supplementary service is based on agreement between operators.

If a supplementary service is supported, the related procedures from the 3GPP TS 22.173 [30], the protocol details from the 3GPP TS 24.173 [31] and specifications referenced in the later specification shall be applied with the requirements in the relevant subclause due to the crossing of the II-NNI.

12.2 Malicious Communication IDentification (MCID)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.616 [33] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The P-Asserted-Identity header field shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The INFO request and the 200 (OK) response to the INFO request containing the "application/vnd.etsi.mcid+xml" MIME body defined in 3GPP TS 24.616 [33] may be supported at the II-NNI.

If a network terminating the dialog supports MCID, the terminating network shall only deliver the MCID request in the "application/vnd.etsi.mcid+xml" MIME body, as specified in the 3GPP TS 24.616 [33], if an agreement to use the MCID supplementary service according to the 3GPP TS 24.616 [33] exists with the network originating the dialog and if the INVITE request received by the terminating network does not contain the information of the originating party.

NOTE: The IBCF and the AS in the terminating network interact to deliver the MCID request only if an agreement to use the MCID supplementary service exists, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.616 [33] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The originating network and the terminating network shall have a bilateral agreement to support transportation of the minimum information specified in subclause 4.5.2.5.0 of the 3GPP TS 24.616 [33] between the networks.

12.3 Originating Identification Presentation (OIP) and Originating Identification Restriction (OIR)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.607 [32] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The P-Asserted-Identity header field and the Privacy header field with values "id", "user", "none", "header" and "critical" shall be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE 1: P-Asserted-Identity header fields are intended for end-to-end operation. Removal of such header fields will impact the intended end-to-end operation between the end users. Where a trust relationship exists on the P-Asserted-Identity header field between the two IMS networks, this header field cannot be altered when passing through the II-NNI according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. Where no trust relationship exists on the P-Asserted-Identity header field between the two IMS networks, the P-Asserted-Identity header field will be removed by the IBCF of the originating network prior passing through the II-NNI according to the 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. The IBCF determines whether to remove the P-Asserted-Identity header field according to procedures in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] subclause 4.4.2 referencing IETF RFC 3325 [44].

The option tag "from-change" in the Supported header field should be supported at II-NNI.

NOTE 2: The From header field cannot be altered when passing through the II-NNI and will be passed transparently by the IBCF. If a request is received by the terminating network and the application of the OIR service is required with the value "user" for the Privacy header field then the From header field will be anonymised in accordance with IETF RFC 3323 [34] by the terminating network.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.4 Terminating Identification Presentation (TIP) and Terminating Identification Restriction (TIR)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.608 [113] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The P-Asserted-Identity header field and the Privacy header field with values "id", "user", "none", "header" and "critical" shall be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE: P-Asserted-Identity header fields are intended for end-to-end operation. Removal of such header fields will impact the intended end-to-end operation between the end users. Where a trust relationship exists on the P-Asserted-Identity header field between the two IMS networks, this header field cannot be altered when passing through the II-NNI according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Where no trust relationship exists on the P-Asserted-Identity header field between the two IMS networks, the P-Asserted-Identity header field will be removed by the IBCF of the originating network prior passing through the II-NNI according to the 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. The IBCF determines whether to remove the P-Asserted-Identity header field according to procedures in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] subclause 4.4.2 referencing IETF RFC 3325 [44].

The option tag "from-change" defined in IETF RFC 4916 [143], in the Supported header field should be supported at II-NNI.

12.5 Anonymous Communication Rejection (ACR)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.611 [114] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The P-Asserted-Identity header field and the Privacy header field shall be supported at the II-NNI.

Procedures as described in subclause 12.21.4 are used to provide announcements.

The response code 433 (Anonymity Disallowed) shall be supported at the II-NNI.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.6 Communication DIVersion (CDIV)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.604 [117] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

NOTE 1: The support of the Diversion header field not adopted in 3GPP TS 24.604 requires bilateral agreement between the operators.

Procedures as described in subclause 12.21.2 are used to provide announcements.

The Privacy header field with value "history" shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The History-Info header field as described by 3GPP TS 24.604 [117] and the Cause-Codes as defined by the IETF RFC 4458 [58] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

NOTE 2: The networks can have an internal limit in the number of allowed diversions, as described in 3GPP TS 24.604 [117], section 4.5.2.6.1. To ensure efficiency of this control operators can indicate in their bilateral agreements their own number of allowed communication diversions, the parameter that is used for counting, and the network behavior when the internal limit is reached.

The response code 181 (Call Is Being Forwarded) shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The SUBSCRIBE requests and the NOTIFY request with the event package name "comm-div-info" in the Event header field, the "application/vnd.3gpp.comm-div-info+xml" MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 3265 [20] and draft-avarala-dispatch-comm-div-notification [144] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI if CDIVN is provided.

The MESSAGE request procedure as specified in IETF RFC 3428 [19] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] should be supported at the roaming II-NNI if CDIVN is provided.

NOTE 3: The content of the MESSAGE request is operator specific.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.7 Communication Waiting (CW)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.615 [37] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The "application/vnd.3gpp.cw+xml" MIME body defined in 3GPP TS 24.615 [37] in the INVITE request shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The Alert-Info header field set to "urn:alert:service:call-waiting" in a 180 (Ringing) response shall be supported at the II-NNI.

As a network option, in case of expiry of the CW timer, the response code 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) including a Reason header field set to cause 19 shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

Procedures as described in subclause 12.21.2 are used to provide announcements.

12.8 Communication HOLD (HOLD)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.610 [36] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

NOTE: The support of an alternative method not adopted in 3GPP TS 24.610 requires bilateral agreement between the operators and is outside the scope of the present document.

Procedures as described in subclause 12.21.3 are used to provide announcements.

12.9 Message Waiting Indication (MWI)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.606 [112] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The event package name "message-summary" according to IETF RFC 3265 [20] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] in the SUBSCRIBE request shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The application/simple-message-summary+xml MIME body described in 3GPP TS 24.606 [112] in the NOTIFY request shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.10 Communication Barring (CB)

12.10.1 Incoming Communication Barring (ICB)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.611 [114] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

Procedures as described in subclause 12.21.4 are used to provide announcements.

The response code 603 (Decline) including a Reason header field as described in 3GPP TS 24.611 [114] shall be supported at the II-NNI.

A Reason header field as described in 3GPP TS 24.611 [114] included in the BYE request shall be supported at the II-NNI.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.10.2 Outgoing Communication Barring (OCB)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.611 [114] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

Procedures as described in subclause 12.21.4 are used to provide announcements.

The response code 603 (Decline) including a Reason header field as described in 3GPP TS 24.611 [114] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.11 Completion of Communications to Busy Subscriber (CCBS)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.642 [109] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The response code 486 (Busy Here) containing a Call-Info header field with a "purpose" header field parameter set to "call-completion" and the "m" parameter set to "BS" shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

For invoking and revoking of the CCBS supplementary service, announcement procedures shall be used to provide announcements and inband-interaction procedures as described in subclause 12.21.3 and subclause 12.21.4 shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The response code 199 (Early Dialog Terminated) shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

Basic call procedures and in case of a call-completion recall initiated by a REFER request, normal REFER method handling procedures according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

As a network option the special REFER request handling procedures according to 3GPP TS 24.628 [38] should be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

NOTE 1: 3rd party call control procedures can be used when the REFER request is not supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE 2: A REFER request can be rejected by IBCF based on operator policy as specified by 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY methods according to IETF RFC 3265 [20] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] containing the event package name "call-completion" and the Call-Info header field with a purpose parameter set to 'call-completion' and the m parameter set to "BS" shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

The Request-URI with the "m" SIP URI parameter with a value set to "BS" and the Call-Info header field with a purpose parameter set to 'call-completion' and the "m" parameter set to "BS" in the INVITE method shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

The Date header field in the 486 (Busy Here) response to the INVITE request shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.12 Completion of Communications by No Reply (CCNR)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.642 [109] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The response code 180 (Ringing) containing a Call-Info header field with a purpose parameter set to 'call-completion' and the "m" parameter set to "NR" shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

For invoking and revoking of the CCNR supplementary service, announcement procedures shall be used to provide announcements and inband-interaction procedures as described in subclause 12.21.3 and subclause 12.21.4 shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The response code 199 (Early Dialog Terminated) shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

Basic call procedures and in case of a call-completion recall initiated by a REFER request, normal REFER method handling procedures according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

As a network option the special REFER request handling procedures according to 3GPP TS 24.628 [38] should be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

NOTE 1: 3rd party call control procedures can be used when the REFER request is not supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE 2: A REFER request can be rejected by IBCF based on operator policy as specified by 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY methods according to IETF RFC 3265 [20] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] containing the event package name "call-completion" and the Call-Info header field with a purpose parameter set to 'call-completion' and the m parameter set to "NR" shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

The Request-URI with the "m" SIP URI parameter with a value set to "NR" and the Call-Info header field with a purpose parameter set to 'call-completion' and the "m" parameter set to "NR" in the INVITE method shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

The Date header field in the 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the INVITE request shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.13 Explicit Communication Transfer (ECT)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.629 [116] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The REFER method, the Referred-By header field and the Replaces header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.629 [116] and the NOTIFY method containing an " application/sipfrag " MIME body shall be supported at the II-NNI for call transfer without third party call control.

The REFER method, the Referred-By header field and the Replaces header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.629 [116] and the NOTIFY method containing an " application/sipfrag " MIME body shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI for call transfer with third party call control.

The Refer-To URI header parameter in the REFER request containing the Require header field set to "replaces" shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The Replaces header field in the INVITE request shall be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

12.14 Customized Alerting Tone (CAT)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.182 [129] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The P-Early-Media header field in as described in 3GPP TS 24.182 [129] shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The response code 183 (Session Progress) including a P-Early-Media header field shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The response code 199 (Early Dialog Terminated) shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The Supported header field and the Require header field with "early-session" option-tag may be supported at the II-NNI.

An "application/sdp" MIME body with the Content-Disposition set to "early-session" as specified in IETF RFC 3959 [96] may be supported at II-NNI.

The SIP INFO mechanism for DTMF transport, as defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] may be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE 1: For telephone-event based DTMF transport, the DTMF digits are sent as media and not visible in the control plane.

NOTE 2: Multiple methods for DTMF transport are defined in 3GPP TS 24.182 [129].

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.15 Customized Ringing Signal (CRS)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.183 [98] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

An Alert-Info header field in the initial INVITE request containing a URI followed by a URN "urn:alert:service:crs" shall be supported at the II-NNI.

A SDP "a=content" attribute with a "g.3gpp.crs" value in the PRACK request or the re-INVITE request may be supported at the II-NNI.

The Supported header field and the Require header field with "early-session" option-tag may be supported at the II-NNI.

An "application/sdp" MIME body with the Content-Disposition header field set to "early-session" as specified in IETF RFC 3959 [96] may be supported at II-NNI.

The SIP INFO mechanism for DTMF transport, as defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] may be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE: For telephone-event based DTMF transport, the DTMF digits are sent as media and not visible in the control plane.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.16 Closed User Group (CUG)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.654 [103] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The "application/vnd.etsi.cug+xml" MIME body as specified 3GPP TS 24.654 [103] shall be supported in INVITE requests at the II-NNI.

NOTE: If no agreement between the originating network and the terminating network exists to support the CUG supplementary service the INVITE request is rejected as described in IETF RFC 5621 [89] when the "handling" parameter in the Content-Disposition of the "application/vnd.etsi.cug+xml" MIME body is set to "required".

The 403 (Forbidden) response, the 603 (Decline) response and the 500 (Server Internal Error) response shall be supported at II-NNI.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.17 Personal Network Management (PNM)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.259 [99] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The Contact header field of the REGISTER request containing the g.3gpp.iari_ref feature tag with the value urn:urn-7:3gpp-application.ims.iari.pnm-controller shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The Accept-Contact header field containing a g.3gpp.iari_ref feature tag with the value urn:urn-7:3gpp-application.ims.iari.pnm-controller shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The History-Info header field and Supported header field containing the "histinfo" option tag as described by 3GPP TS 24.259 [99] shall be supported at II-NNI.

12.18 Three-Party (3PTY)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.605 [105] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

NOTE 1: The requirements below can be relaxed by bilateral agreements between operators.

The requirements for the 3PTY supplementary service are the same as for the CONF supplementary service specified in subclause 12.19 with the following additional requirement:

- If a REFER request is supported at the II-NNI, a Replaces header field in the header portion of the SIP URI of the Refer-to header field of the REFER request shall also be supported at II-NNI.

NOTE 2: Subclause 12.19 describes the conditions for the support of the REFER request.

12.19 Conference (CONF)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.605 [105] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

NOTE 1: The requirements below can be relaxed by bilateral agreements between operators.

The REFER request shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI in the direction from visited to home network. Based on inter-operator agreement, the REFER request may be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI, and at the roaming II-NNI in the direction from home network to visited network.

NOTE 2: If the REFER request is not supported at the non-roaming II-NNI, or at the roaming II-NNI in the direction from home network to visited network, an attempt of an UE to send the REFER directly to peers to invite them to a conference without involvement of the conference focus can fail over such an II-NNI. However such failures can also occur if a peer is located in a circuit switched network, or if a peer does not support the REFER method. An operator can avoid such failures by configuring an AS to convert the REFER to an INVITE, as detailed in 3GPP TS 24.628 [38]. Information on security risks associated with the REFER request is provided within the security consideration" of IETF RFC 3515 [22].

NOTE 2: A REFER request can be rejected by IBCF based on operator policy as specified by 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The application/resource-lists+xml MIME body shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The Referred-By header field in the INVITE request shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The "isfocus" feature parameter indicated in Contact header field of the INVITE request and in the 200 (OK) response shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The SUBSCRIBE request including the "conference" event package name in the Event header field and the NOTIFY request procedures according to 3GPP TS 24.147 [106] shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The Allow-Events header field with the value "conference" shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI and may be supported at the non-roaming II-NNI.

12.20 Flexible Alerting (FA)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.239 [101] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The 486 (Busy Here) response code shall be supported at the II-NNI.

SIP based user configuration as described in 3GPP TS 24.238 [100] shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

12.21 Announcements

12.21.1 General

Announcements may be provided during the establishment of a communication session, during an established communication session or when a communication request is rejected. All of them shall be managed over the II-NNI.

12.21.2 Providing announcements during the establishment of a communication session

Procedures as described in 3GPP TS 24.628 [38] are used to provide announcements.

The P-Early-Media header authorizing early media as defined in IETF RFC 5009 [74] during the establishment of a communication fields shall be supported at the II-NNI.

The Alert-Info header in the 180 (Ringing) response to the INVITE request during the establishment of a communication, should be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE: The IBCF can decide to remove the Alert-Info header field if required by local policy.

12.21.3 Providing announcements during an established communication session

Procedures as described in 3GPP TS 24.628 [38] are used to provide announcements.

In case of provision of an announcement to a user over the II-NNI during an established communication, the Call-Info header field in a re-INVITE request should be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE 1: An alternative method to provide announcements is to use the existing media stream.

NOTE 2: The IBCF can decide to remove the Call-Info header field if required by local policy.

12.21.4 Providing announcements when communication request is rejected

Procedures as described in 3GPP TS 24.628 [38] are used to provide announcements when a communication request is rejected.

There are three methods defined in 3GPP TS 24.628 [38] to provide the announcement:

- 1) sending an announcement as an early media;
- 2) return an Error-Info header field; and
- 3) accept the communication request and then provide the announcement.

NOTE 1: The II-NNI requirements for accepting the communication request and then provide the announcement is not within the scope of this subclause.

The P-Early-Media header field authorizing early media as defined in IETF RFC 5009 [74] and the Reason header field with the proper cause value shall be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE 2: There are 2 methods to use early media for sending the announcement in-band. First method is the gateway model defined by IETF RFC 3960 [136], second method is described in 3GPP TS 24.628 [38] Annex D.

The Error-Info header field in the 3xx, 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the INVITE request when rejecting the communication request, should be supported at the II-NNI.

NOTE 3: The IBCF can decide to remove the Error-Info header field if required by local policy.

12.22 Advice of Charge (AOC)

Service specific requirements in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.647 [122] shall be supported over the II-NNI.

The Accept header field with "application/vnd.etsi.aoc+xml" shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The INVITE method containing an application/vnd.etsi.aoc+xml MIME body shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

1xx provisional responses and the 200 (OK) response to the initial INVITE request containing an application/vnd.etsi.aoc+xml MIME body shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The INFO method containing an application/vnd.etsi.aoc+xml MIME body shall be supported at the roaming II-NNI.

The response code 504 (Server Time-out) shall be supported at the II-NNI.

A Reason header field with a reason value with the protocol set to "SIP" and the cause set to "504" and a reason value with the protocol set to "Q.850" and the cause set to "31" in the BYE method shall be supported at the II-NNI.

An application/vnd.etsi.aoc+xml MIME body in the BYE request or the final response to the BYE request shall be supported over the roaming II-NNI.

Annex A (informative): Summary of SIP header fields

A summary of the SIP header fields to be used in case of interconnection by using II-NNI is proposed in Table A.1.

The starting point is the sending behaviour described for proxy and UA roles in Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. In case of misalignment between Table A.1 and the behaviour described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the behaviour in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] has the precedence. In case a header field is not described in Table A.1 and it is described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the description in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] is applicable over II-NNI.

The notation of the codes used for the SIP headers listed in table A.1 has a different meaning to the one proposed for the SIP messages. The definition of these terms is provided in table A.2.

Table A.1: Supported header fields

| Item | Header field | Ref. | II-NNI |
|------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | Accept | [5] | m |
| 2 | Accept-Contact | [5] | m |
| 3 | Accept-Encoding | [5] | m |
| 4 | Accept-Language | [5] | m |
| 4a | Accept-Resource-Priority | [5] | o |
| 5 | Alert-Info | [5] | o |
| 6 | Allow | [5] | m |
| 7 | Allow-Events | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else o |
| 8 | Authentication-Info | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 9 | Authorization | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 9a | Answer-Mode | [5] | o |
| 10 | Call-ID | [5] | m |
| 11 | Call-Info | [5] | m |
| 12 | Contact | [5] | m |
| 13 | Content-Disposition | [5] | m |
| 14 | Content-Encoding | [5] | m |
| 15 | Content-Language | [5] | m |
| 16 | Content-Length | [5] | m |
| 17 | Content-Type | [5] | m |
| 18 | Cseq | [5] | m |
| 19 | Date | [5] | m |
| 20 | Error-Info | [5] | o |
| 21 | Expires | [5] | m |
| 21a | Flow-Timer | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else o |
| 22 | Event | [5] | m |
| 23 | From | [5] | m |
| 24 | Geolocation | [5] | m |
| 24a | Geolocation-Error | [5] | m |
| 24b | Geolocation-Routing | [5] | m |
| 25 | History-Info | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 4) | o |
| 25a | Info-Package | [5] | o |
| 26 | In-Reply-To | [5] | o |
| 27 | Join | [5] | o |
| 27a | Max-Breadth | [5] | m |
| 28 | Max-Forwards | [5] | m |
| 29 | Min-Expires | [5] | m |
| 30 | MIME-Version | [5] | m |
| 31 | Min-SE | [5] | m |
| 32 | Organization | [5] | m |
| 33 | P-Access-Network-Info | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 2) | m in case of a trust relationship between the interconnected networks, else n/a |
| 33a | P-Answer-state | [5] | o |
| 34 | P-Asserted-Identity | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 1) | m in case of a trust relationship between the interconnected networks, else n/a |
| 35 | P-Asserted-Service | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 5) | o |
| 35a | P-Associated-URI | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 36 | P-Called-Party-ID | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 37 | P-Charging-Function-Addresses | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 7) | n/a |
| 38 | P-Charging-Vector | subclause | m on roaming II-NNI, else o |

| Item | Header field | Ref. | II-NNI |
|------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 6) | |
| 39 | P-Early-Media | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 12) | m in case of a trust relationship between the interconnected networks, else n/a |
| 40 | P-Media-Authorization | [5] | n/a |
| 41 | P-Preferred-Identity | [5] | n/a |
| 42 | P-Preferred-Service | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 43 | P-Private-Network-Indication | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 9) | m on roaming II-NNI, else o |
| 44 | P-Profile-Key | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 8) | o on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 45 | P-Served-User | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 10) | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 46 | P-User-Database | [5] | n/a |
| 47 | P-Visited-Network-ID | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 47a | Path | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 47b | Permission-Missing | [5] | |
| 48 | Priority | [5] | o |
| 48a | Priv-Answer-Mode | [5] | o |
| 49 | Privacy | [5] | m |
| 50 | Proxy-Authenticate | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 51 | Proxy-Authorization | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI , else n/a |
| 52 | Proxy-Require | [5] | m |
| 52a | RAck | [5] | m |
| 53 | Reason | [5] and subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 11) | o when in a request. When in a response, m in case of a trust relationship between the interconnected networks, else n/a |
| 54 | Record-Route | [5] | m |
| 54a | Recv-Info | [5] | o |
| 55 | Referred-By | [5] | m |
| 55a | Refer-Sub | [5] | m in the case the REFER request is supported, else n/a |
| 55b | Refer-To | [5] | m in the case the REFER request is supported, else n/a |
| 56 | Reject-Contact | [5] | m |
| 57 | Replaces | [5] | o |
| 58 | Reply-To | [5] | o |
| 59 | Request-Disposition | [5] | m |
| 60 | Require | [5] | m |
| 61 | Resource-Priority | subclause 6.1.1.3.1 (Table 6.2, item 3) | o |
| 61a | Retry-After | [5] | m |
| 62 | Route | [5] | m |
| 62a | RSeq | [5] | m |
| 63 | Security-Client | [5] | n/a |
| 63a | Security-Server | [5] | n/a |
| 64 | Security-Verify | [5] | n/a |
| 65 | Server | [5] | o |
| 65a | Service-Route | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |
| 65b | Session-ID | [5] | o |
| 66 | Session-Expires | [5] | m |
| 66a | SIP-ETag | [5] | m in the case the PUBLISH request is supported, else n/a |
| 66b | SIP-If-Match | [5] | m in the case the PUBLISH request is supported, else n/a |

| Item | Header field | Ref. | II-NNI |
|------|--------------------|------|---|
| 67 | Subject | [5] | o |
| 67a | Subscription-State | [5] | m in the case the NOTIFY request is supported, else n/a |
| 68 | Supported | [5] | m |
| 68a | Target-Dialog | [5] | o |
| 69 | Timestamp | [5] | m |
| 70 | To | [5] | m |
| 71 | Trigger-Consent | [5] | m |
| 71a | Unsupported | [5] | m |
| 72 | User-Agent | [5] | m |
| 73 | User-to-User | [5] | o |
| 74 | Via | [5] | m |
| 75 | Warning | [5] | o |
| 76 | WWW-Authenticate | [5] | m on roaming II-NNI, else n/a |

Table A.2: Key to notation codes for SIP header fields

| Notation code | Meaning |
|---------------|---|
| m | The SIP header field is applicable at II-NNI. Supporting a SIP header field at the II-NNI means that this header field is passed through the IBCF. It does not imply that network elements inside the serving and served networks or user equipment connected to these networks shall support this header field, where 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] is applied. If specified in 3GPP TS 24.229, the IBCF modifies the SIP header field. |
| o | The applicability of SIP header field at II-NNI depends on bilateral agreement between the operators. |
| n/a | It is impossible to use the SIP header field at the II-NNI. This header field could be discarded by the IBCF. |

Annex B:

Change history

| Change history | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----------|-----|-----|--|-------|-------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 4/05/2008 | | | | | TS Skeleton (C3-080779) | - | 0.0.0 |
| 07/07/2008 | | | | | Added agreed text of C3-080991, C3-081158 and C3-081208 | 0.0.0 | 0.1.0 |
| 28/08/2008 | | | | | Added agreed text of C3-081282 and C3-081672 | 0.1.0 | 0.2.0 |
| 01/09/2008 | | | | | Version 1.0.0 created for presentation to TSG by MCC | 0.2.0 | 1.0.0 |
| 17/10/2008 | | | | | Added agreed text of C3-081721 and C3-082105 | 1.0.0 | 1.1.0 |
| 20/11/2008 | | | | | Added agreed text of C3-082303, C3-082446, C3-082447 and C3-082611 | 1.0.0 | 1.2.0 |
| 26/11/2008 | | | | | v 2.0.0 was produced by MCC for Approval in CT#42 | 1.2.0 | 2.0.0 |
| 13/12/2008 | TSG#42 | | | | V 8.0.0 was produced by MCC | 2.0.0 | 8.0.0 |
| 03/2008 | TSG#43 | CP-090087 | 002 | 3 | Charging requirements on II-NNI | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 03/2008 | TSG#43 | CP-090087 | 004 | 1 | Modification of the REFER method status | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 03/2008 | TSG#43 | CP-090087 | 007 | 2 | NNI header tables | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 05/2009 | TSG#44 | CP-090341 | 008 | 4 | Use of E.164 number at the II-NNI | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 05/2009 | TSG#44 | CP-090341 | 009 | 4 | Correction to SIP headers table | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090576 | 017 | 1 | Removal of left-over text from TS drafting phase and update of a reference | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090576 | 018 | 2 | Applicability of SIP headers for roaming II-NNI | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090576 | 019 | 1 | Application level gateway usage to enable communication from private IP address space | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090576 | 020 | 3 | Codecs at the NNI | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090584 | 011 | 4 | Major capabilities on II-NNI | 8.3.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090584 | 013 | 4 | Management of SIP headers over II-NNI in presence of trust or no trusted relationship (V1) | 8.3.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090584 | 015 | 4 | Requirements for the end-to-end interoperability of supplementary services | 8.3.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 09/2009 | TSG#45 | CP-090584 | 016 | 3 | Deletion of the note about the normalization of phone numbers | 8.3.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 021 | 5 | Requirements for HOLD service over II-NNI | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 022 | 5 | Requirements for CW service over II-NNI | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090844 | 024 | 3 | Aligning references to P-Asserted-Service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090844 | 026 | | Annex A header updated with Answer-Mode, Priv-Answer-Mode and P-Answer-State | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 031 | 6 | Filling of the table about major capabilities on II-NNI | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 032 | 1 | Customized Ringing Signal (CRS) modification | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 033 | 2 | Completing the Personal Network Management (PNM) supplementary service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 034 | 1 | Aligning existing supplementary services | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 035 | 1 | Completing the Flexible Alerting (FA) supplementary service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 036 | 1 | Completing the Closed User Group (CUG) supplementary service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 037 | 3 | Completing the Three-Party (3PTY) and Conference (CONF) supplementary services | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 038 | 3 | Completing the Anonymous Communication Rejection (ACR) supplementary service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 039 | 3 | Completing Completion of Communications to Busy Subscriber (CCBS) and Completion of Communications by No Reply (CCNR) supplementary services | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 040 | | Completing Message Waiting Indication (MWI) supplementary service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 041 | 1 | Completing the Terminating Identification Presentation (TIP) and Terminating Identification Restriction (TIR) needs to be completed. | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 042 | 3 | Completing the Communication Barring (CB) supplementary service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 043 | 2 | Completing Explicit Communication Transfer (ECT) | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 044 | 3 | Completing Communication DIVersion (CDIV) supplementary services | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090854 | 046 | 2 | Deletion of an editors note on OIR service | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 12/2009 | TSG#46 | CP-090844 | 047 | 3 | Annex A header updated | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100077 | 051 | 2 | Format of Request URI | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100077 | 055 | 2 | MSC Server enhanced for ICS missing in architecture | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 058 | | AOC added to supplementary services | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 059 | | CPC and OLI IETF reference update | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 060 | 3 | CPC and OLI and trust domain | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 061 | 1 | Modifying CUG interactions | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 062 | | Correcting minor errors | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 063 | 4 | Updating Major Capability according to latest 24.229 | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------|-----------|-----|---|---|-------|--------|
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 064 | 1 | Major Capabilities revision 2 | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 067 | 1 | Table 6.2 update | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 068 | 1 | Modification of OIP/OIR paragraph description (R9 29.165) | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 03/2010 | TSG#47 | CP-100087 | 071 | 1 | References numbers update (R9 29.165) | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 073 | 1 | The Session-ID added to annex A | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 077 | 2 | Correcting incorrect interface name | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 079 | 2 | Supported URI formats also based on operator agreements | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 080 | 2 | Customized Alerting Tone (CAT) | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 081 | 2 | Customized Ringing Signal (CRS) | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 082 | 1 | Correcting miscellaneous errors | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 084 | 2 | Applicability of "critical" privacy value | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 085 | | Making Alert-Info not mandatory | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 086 | 1 | Draft-johnston-sipping-cc-uuu reference updated to new version | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 087 | 2 | Correcting references for removal of P-Asserted-Identity | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 091 | 2 | Correction of Mayor Capabilities | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 06/2010 | TSG#48 | CP-100319 | 093 | 2 | Usage of "Refer" for conferencing and 3PTY | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100553 | 095 | 2 | Support of REFER checked by entry IBCF | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100545 | 098 | 2 | Removing unnecessary normative text | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100553 | 100 | 2 | CCBS and CCNR and the m-parameter | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100553 | 103 | 1 | Correcting references | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100553 | 105 | | Adding missing "history" privacy value to CDIV | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100553 | 108 | 3 | MCID and identity information transfer clarification | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100553 | 110 | 2 | Correcting name of the Authenticate header field and the applicability over II-NNI | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 09/2010 | TSG#49 | CP-100553 | 112 | 1 | Aligning Major Capabilities Table with 24.229 | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100781 | 117 | 2 | Aligning annex A with Major Capabilities Table | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100775 | 120 | | Release version added to ETSI specification | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100775 | 125 | | Correcting errors in SIP method subclause | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100781 | 127 | | Duplications of rows in Major capability table | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100775 | 132 | 1 | IBCF and URI formats | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100775 | 135 | 1 | Roaming and non-roaming definition added | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100775 | 139 | 2 | Refer-Sub and Refer-To missing in annex A | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100781 | 141 | 2 | Supplementary services corrections | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 12/2010 | TSG#50 | CP-100781 | 153 | | MCID and ACR | 9.4.0 | 9.5.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 155 | | Correction on Major Capabilities over II-NNI | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 157 | 1 | Addition of the Target-Dialog header field to the table of major capabilities and Annex A | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 159 | 2 | Correcting major capabilities related to trust domain | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 163 | 1 | Reference clause updates | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 167 | 2 | Updates of the Major capability table | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110107 | 171 | 1 | Correcting header table in annex A | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 173 | 1 | Reference update: RFC 6086 | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110107 | 177 | | Adding MMTel feature tag in clause 12 | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 193 | 1 | Alignment of INFO support for DTMF transport with TS 24.182 | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 198 | 1 | Correcting the management of SIP header field relating to trust relationship | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 211 | 1 | Updating references in TS29.165 | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 216 | 1 | Removal av draft-patel-dispatch-cpc-oli-parameter from references | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | CP-110113 | 218 | 1 | Removal of draft-patel-ecrit-sos-parameter | 9.5.0 | 9.6.0 |
| 03/2011 | TSG#51 | | | | Editorial changes made by MCC | 9.6.0 | 9.6.1 |
| 06/2011 | TSG#52 | CP-110403 | 237 | 3 | Reference section updates (II-NNI) | 9.6.1 | 9.7.0 |
| 06/2011 | TSG#52 | CP-110403 | 239 | 2 | Invalid reference to annex J of 3GPP TS 24.229 | 9.6.1 | 9.7.0 |
| 06/2011 | TSG#52 | CP-110403 | 262 | 1 | Allow-Event header field (II-NNI) | 9.6.1 | 9.7.0 |
| 06/2011 | TSG#52 | CP-110403 | 265 | | Max-Breadth header field correction | 9.6.1 | 9.7.0 |
| 06/2011 | TSG#52 | CP-110401 | 268 | 1 | SIP headers alignment in II-NNI | 9.6.1 | 9.7.0 |
| 06/2011 | TSG#52 | CP-110406 | 270 | 1 | Removal of dial around indicator | 9.6.1 | 9.7.0 |
| 06/2011 | TSG#52 | CP-110403 | 275 | 1 | Forking definition on II-NNI | 9.6.1 | 9.7.0 |
| 09/2011 | TSG#53 | CP-110612 | 285 | | Date header field missing in CCBS and CCNR | 9.7.0 | 9.8.0 |
| 09/2011 | TSG#53 | CP-110612 | 288 | | Support of replaces missing in ECT | 9.7.0 | 9.8.0 |
| 09/2011 | TSG#53 | CP-110612 | 290 | 1 | Error-Info missing in announcements | 9.7.0 | 9.8.0 |
| 09/2011 | TSG#53 | CP-110612 | 296 | | Reference section update (II-NNI) | 9.7.0 | 9.8.0 |
| 12/2011 | TSG#54 | CP-110824 | 307 | | Aligning the references with Supported transport-level RFCs | 9.8.0 | 9.9.0 |
| 12/2011 | TSG#54 | CP-110829 | 314 | 1 | Reference updates | 9.8.0 | 9.9.0 |
| 12/2011 | TSG#54 | CP-110829 | 319 | | Reference to wrong RFC for INFO method | 9.8.0 | 9.9.0 |
| 12/2011 | TSG#54 | CP-110829 | 332 | | Reference update: Reason header in SIP responses | 9.8.0 | 9.9.0 |
| 12/2011 | TSG#54 | CP-110829 | 344 | 2 | RFC4694 passing of rn parameter | 9.8.0 | 9.9.0 |
| 03/2012 | TSG#55 | CP-120204 | 341 | 5 | Updating of UUS references | 9.9.0 | 9.10.0 |
| 03/2012 | TSG#55 | CP-120060 | 351 | 1 | Clarification on URI formats in SIP message | 9.9.0 | 9.10.0 |
| 03/2012 | TSG#55 | CP-120060 | 368 | 1 | IETF draft update - Location Conveyance | 9.9.0 | 9.10.0 |
| 03/2012 | TSG#55 | CP-120060 | 371 | | Removing draft-rosenberg-sipcore-target-uri-delivery | 9.9.0 | 9.10.0 |
| 03/2012 | TSG#55 | CP-120060 | 374 | | from-change in TIP-TIR missing | 9.9.0 | 9.10.0 |

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| 03/2012 | TSG#55 | CP-120060 | 388 | 2 | CDIV limitation 29.165r9 | 9.9.0 | 9.10.0 |
| 06/2012 | TSG#56 | CP-120340 | 391 | 1 | Reference update: draft-salud-alert-info-urns | 9.10.0 | 9.11.0 |
| 06/2012 | TSG#56 | CP-120340 | 406 | 1 | Usage of isub parameter over II-NNI | 9.10.0 | 9.11.0 |
| 06/2012 | TSG#56 | CP-120340 | 417 | | Updating of UUS references | 9.10.0 | 9.11.0 |
| 06/2012 | TSG#56 | CP-120332 | 422 | 2 | The description of notation code for SIP message | 9.10.0 | 9.11.0 |
| 09/2012 | TSG#57 | CP-120518 | 428 | | Correction on the description of "g.3gpp.crs" | 9.11.0 | 9.12.0 |
| 09/2012 | TSG#57 | CP-120518 | 431 | | Correction on the description of "application/vnd.etsi.mcid+xml" MIME body | 9.11.0 | 9.12.0 |
| 09/2012 | TSG#57 | CP-120518 | 438 | 1 | Correcting reference | 9.11.0 | 9.12.0 |
| 12/2012 | TSG#58 | CP-120825 | 476 | 1 | Removal of draft-dawes-dispatch-mediasec-parameter draft | 9.12.0 | 9.13.0 |
| 12/2012 | TSG#58 | CP-120825 | 480 | 1 | Trust domain error corrections | 9.12.0 | 9.13.0 |
| 03/2013 | TSG#59 | CP-130061 | 506 | 1 | IMS debug removal of feature | 9.13.0 | 9.14.0 |
| 03/2013 | TSG#59 | CP-130069 | 525 | 2 | Correcting announcement when communication is rejected | 9.13.0 | 9.14.0 |
| 03/2013 | TSG#59 | CP-130069 | 533 | 1 | Clarification for CDIV NNI description | 9.13.0 | 9.14.0 |
| 09/2013 | TSG#61 | CP-130544 | 563 | | Reference update of draft-vanelburg-dispatch-private-network-ind | 9.14.0 | 9.15.0 |
| 09/2013 | TSG#61 | CP-130544 | 585 | 2 | draft-avasarala-dispatch-comm-div-notification ref update | 9.14.0 | 9.15.0 |

History

| Document history | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| V9.1.0 | January 2010 | Publication |
| V9.2.0 | April 2010 | Publication |
| V9.3.0 | June 2010 | Publication |
| V9.4.0 | October 2010 | Publication |
| V9.5.0 | January 2011 | Publication |
| V9.6.1 | April 2011 | Publication |
| V9.7.0 | June 2011 | Publication |
| V9.8.0 | October 2011 | Publication |
| V9.9.0 | January 2012 | Publication |
| V9.10.0 | March 2012 | Publication |
| V9.11.0 | July 2012 | Publication |
| V9.12.0 | October 2012 | Publication |
| V9.13.0 | January 2013 | Publication |
| V9.14.0 | April 2013 | Publication |
| V9.15.0 | September 2013 | Publication |