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Technical Specification

**Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
Open Service Access (OSA);
Parlay X web services;
Part 15: Message broadcast
(3GPP TS 29.199-15 version 7.1.2 Release 7)**



Reference

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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

3GPP acknowledges the contribution of the Parlay X Web Services specifications from The Parlay Group. The Parlay Group is pleased to see 3GPP acknowledge and publish the present document, and the Parlay Group looks forward to working with the 3GPP community to improve future versions of the present document.

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Introduction

The present document is part 15 of a multi-part deliverable covering the 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Open Service Access (OSA); Parlay X Web Services, as identified below:

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Part 1: | "Common" |
| Part 2: | "Third party call" |
| Part 3: | "Call Notification" |
| Part 4: | "Short Messaging" |
| Part 5: | "Multimedia Messaging" |
| Part 6: | "Payment" |
| Part 7: | "Account management" |
| Part 8: | "Terminal Status" |
| Part 9: | "Terminal location" |
| Part 10: | "Call handling" |
| Part 11: | "Audio call" |
| Part 12: | "Multimedia conference" |
| Part 13: | "Address list management" |
| Part 14: | "Presence" |
| Part 15: | "Message Broadcast" |
| Part 16: | "Geocoding" |
| Part 17: | "Application driven Quality of Service (QoS)" |
| Part 18: | "Device Capabilities and Configuration" |
| Part 19: | "Multimedia streaming control" |
| Part 20: | "Multimedia multicast session management" |

1 Scope

The present document is Part 15 of the Stage 3 Parlay X Web Services specification for Open Service Access (OSA).

The OSA specifications define an architecture that enables application developers to make use of network functionality through an open standardized interface, i.e. the OSA APIs. The concepts and the functional architecture for the OSA are contained in 3GPP TS 23.198 [3]. The requirements for OSA are contained in 3GPP TS 22.127 [2].

The present document specifies the Message Broadcast Web Service aspects of the interface. All aspects of the Message Broadcast Web Service are defined here, these being:

- Name spaces.
- Sequence diagrams.
- Data definitions.
- Interface specification plus detailed method descriptions.
- Fault definitions.
- Service policies.
- WSDL description of the interfaces.

The present document has been defined jointly between 3GPP TSG CT WG5, ETSI TISPAN and The Parlay Group.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 22.127: "Service requirement for the Open Services Access (OSA); Stage 1".
- [3] 3GPP TS 23.198: "Open Service Access (OSA); Stage 2".
- [4] 3GPP TS 22.101: "Service aspects; Service principles".
- [5] W3C Recommendation (2 May 2001): "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes".

NOTE: Available at <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-2-20010502/>.

- [6] 3GPP TS 29.199-1: "Open Service Access (OSA); Parlay X web services; Part 1: Common".
- [7] 3GPP TS 23.041: "Technical realization of Cell Broadcast Service (CBS)".
- [8] 3GPP TS 23.032: "Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)".
- [9] 3GPP TS 29.199-9: "Open Service Access (OSA); Parlay X web services; Part 9: Terminal location".

[10] 3GPP TS 29.199-4: "Open Service Access (OSA); Parlay X web services; Part 4: Short messaging".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6] apply.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1], 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6], 3GPP TS 29.199-4 [10] and the following apply:

| | |
|-----|------------------------|
| CBC | Cell Broadcast Centre |
| CBS | Cell Broadcast Service |

4 Detailed service description

Message broadcast is a functionality that allows an application to send messages to all the fixed or mobile terminals in a specified geographical area.

Message broadcast provides operations for sending a broadcast message to the network and a polling mechanism for monitoring the delivery status of a sent broadcast message. It also provides an asynchronous notification mechanism for broadcast delivery status.

There are various use cases of using Message Broadcast Web Service including the commercial application. This Web Service could be also used for non-commercial purpose as follows:

- To provide area-based public information like weather, traffic and other commonly-interested information.
- To provide emergency information like severe weather warning(e.g. typhoon, tsunami), environments hazards(e.g. chemical spills) and terrorism information.

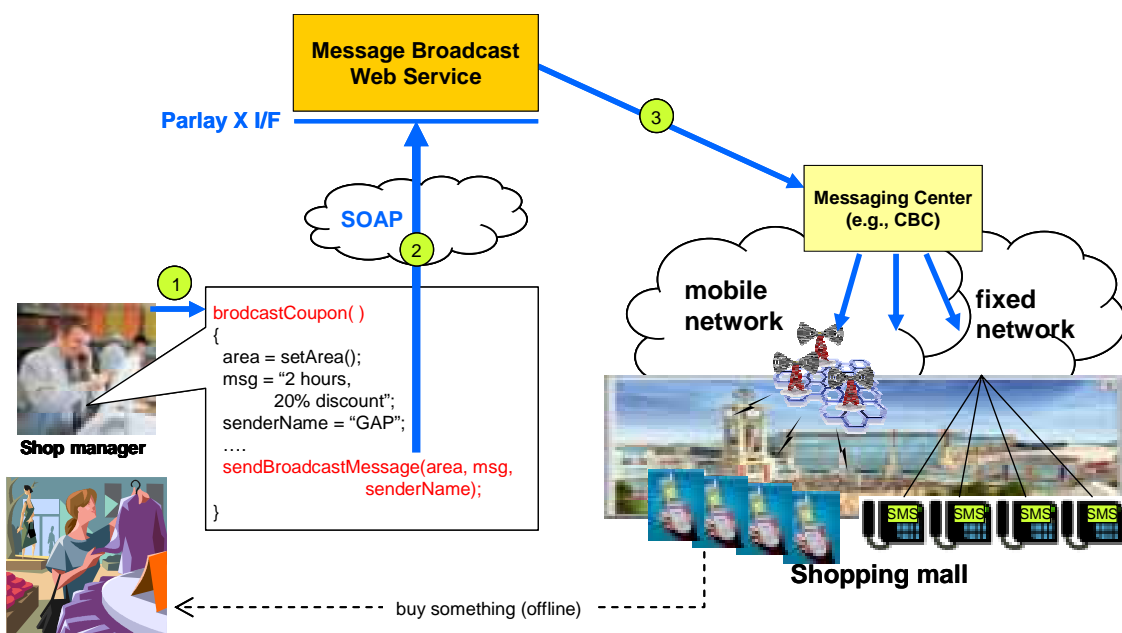


Figure 4.1: Send Broadcast Message Scenario

Figure 4.1 shows an advertising scenario using Message Broadcast Web Service to broadcast discount message around and within the shopping mall area. A shop manager who wants to increase sales in a holiday can make use of a message broadcast application. By using the application, he can set the targeted area and write a message and the sender's name to be contacted (1). Then, the application invokes a Parlay X interface to use Message Broadcast Web Service operation(2). After invocation, the Message Broadcast Web Service sends a message delivery operation to messaging centre (e.g. CBC) (3). Subsequently, the message on discount information is delivered to all the terminals within the targeted area.

5 Namespaces

The SendBroadcastMessage interface uses the namespace:

`http://www.csapi.org/wsd/parlayx/message_broadcast/send/v3_1`

The MessageBroadcastNotification interface uses the namespace:

`http://www.csapi.org/wsd/parlayx/message_broadcast/notification/v3_1`

The data types are defined in the namespace:

`http://www.csapi.org/schema/parlayx/message_broadcast/v3_1`

The 'xsd' namespace used in the present document refers to the XML Schema data types defined in XML Schema [5]. The use of the name 'xsd' is not semantically significant.

6 Sequence Diagrams

6.1 Send broadcast message, get the status and cancel it

Pattern: Request/Response, One way

An application can send a broadcast message to a specific area and also get the delivery status from Message Broadcast Web services. If message broadcasting is no more needed, an application can send a cancellation request.

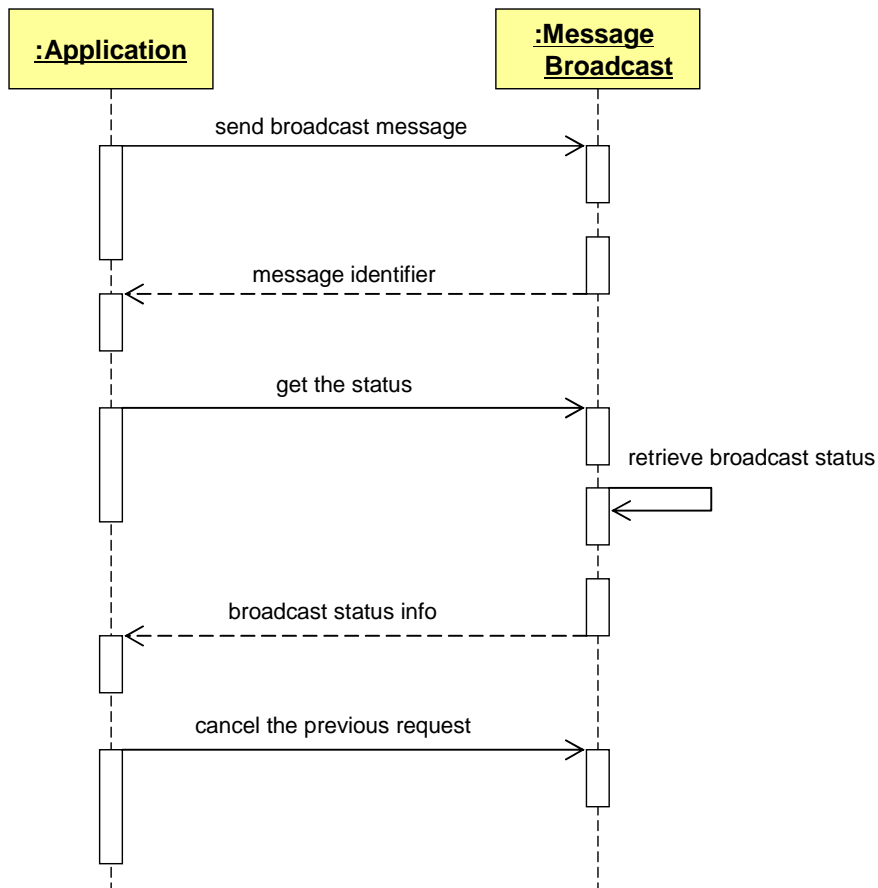


Figure 6.1: Message Broadcast Operations

6.2 Broadcast Status Notification

Pattern: Application Correlated Multiple Notification

An application can be notified of a broadcast delivery status of a specific area which is identified by correlator.

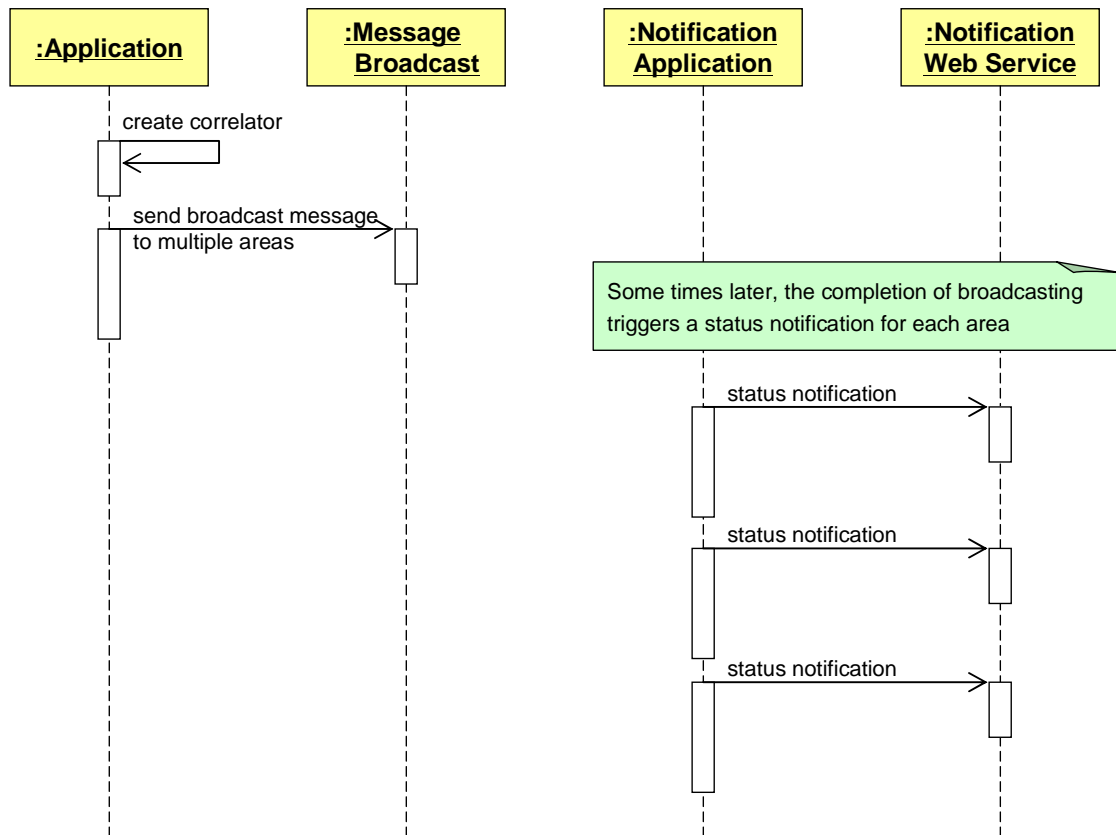


Figure 6.2: Message Broadcast Status Notification

7 XML Schema data type definition

7.1 BroadcastStatus Enumeration

List of possible broadcast delivery status values.

| Enumeration | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| MessageWaiting | The message is still queued and not delivered to the network yet. Broadcasting has not commenced. |
| Broadcasting | Broadcasting is initiated and the network is still attempting to deliver messages: i.e. as many times as requested in the totalBroadcasts part of the sendBroadcastMessageRequest message. |
| Broadcasted | A final state that indicates broadcast requests were successfully delivered to network: i.e. as many times as requested. |
| BroadcastImpossible | Delivery of broadcast message is impossible. Reasons include: 'out of network coverage', 'network overloads', 'expiry of valid period'. |
| BroadcastUnknown | Delivery status unknown: e.g. delivery requested but no response. |
| BroadcastNotificationNotSupported | Unable to provide broadcast delivery receipt notification. The notifyBroadcastDeliveryReceipt operation will return 'BroadcastNotificationNotSupported' to indicate that delivery receipt for the specified area in a sendBroadcastMessageRequest message is not supported. |

7.2 RetrievalStatus Enumeration

Enumeration of the status items that are related to an individual retrieval in a set, as described in clause 7.4.

| Enumeration | Description |
|--------------|---|
| Retrieved | Status retrieved, with result in currentStatus element. |
| NotRetrieved | Status not retrieved, currentStatus is not provided (does not indicate an error, no attempt may have been made). |
| Error | Error retrieving status. |

7.3 BroadcastStatusInformation Structure

This indicates a broadcast status information of an area. It includes a mandatory broadcast status value with optional values to provide additional information such as the number of broadcasts, success rate, broadcast end time.

| Element name | Element type | Optional | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------|--|
| status | BroadcastStatus | No | Broadcast status of this area. |
| numberOfBroadcasts | xsd:int | Yes | The number of broadcasts successfully sent out. This is optional and present only if status is either Broadcasting or Broadcasted . |
| successRate | xsd:float | Yes | Successful delivery rate expressed as a percentage. This is optional and present only if status is either Broadcasting or Broadcasted . |
| broadcastEndTime | xsd:dateTime | Yes | Completed time of broadcast. This is optional and present only if status is Broadcasted . |

7.4 BroadcastStatusData Structure

Data structure containing area and its status. As this can be related to a query of multiple areas, the **RetrievalStatus** element is used to indicate whether the status information for an area was retrieved or not, or if an error occurred.

| Element name | Element type | Optional | Description |
|------------------|----------------------------|----------|---|
| area | BroadcastArea | No | Broadcast area to which status information applies. |
| reportStatus | RetrievalStatus | No | Status of retrieval for this broadcast area. |
| currentStatus | BroadcastStatusInformation | Yes | Broadcast status of this area. It is only provided if reportStatus=Retrieved . |
| errorInformation | common :ServiceError | Yes | If reportStatus is Error , this is the reason for the error. |

7.5 LocationPoint Structure

This is used to describe a location point. The definition of latitude and longitude values follows the terms defined in *clause 7.1 of Parlay X Terminal Location Web Services*[9].

| Element name | Element type | Optional | Description |
|--------------|--------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| latitude | xsd :float | No | latitude value of a location |
| longitude | xsd :float | No | longitude value of a location |

7.6 Circle Structure

Circle representation of a geographical area.

| Element name | Element type | Optional | Description |
|--------------|---------------|----------|------------------------------|
| center | LocationPoint | No | The center point of circle |
| radius | xsd :float | No | radius of circle (in meters) |

7.7 Polygon Structure

Set of coordinate to configure polygonal type of a geographical area.

| Element name | Element type | Optional | Description |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------|---|
| locationPoints | LocationPoint [3..13] | No | Set of location points to make a polygon. See also clause 5.7, 7.3.7 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [8]. |

7.8 AreaType Enumeration

This indicates the types of area that may be used to define area by an application.

| Enumeration | Description |
|-------------|---|
| Alias | Alias name shared by both application and network |
| Circle | Area represented as a circle shape |
| Polygon | Area represented as a polygon shape |

7.9 BroadcastArea Union

Representation methods of broadcast area

| Element name | Element type | Optional | Description |
|--------------|--------------|----------|---|
| UnionElement | AreaType | No | Type of geographical area.(one of the following) |
| Alias | xsd:string | Yes | An alias name of a geographical area. The alias name shall be understood and translated by network. |
| Circle | Circle | Yes | Circle representation |
| Polygon | Polygon | Yes | Polygon representation |

7.10 MessagePriority Enumeration

List of delivery priority values.

| Enumeration | Description |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Default | Default message priority |
| Low | Low message priority |
| Normal | Normal message priority |
| High | High message priority |

8 Web Service interface definition

8.1 Interface: SendBroadcastMessage

This interface defines operations to send a broadcast message and to subsequently poll for delivery status. It also defines an operation to cancel the previous request.

8.1.1 Operation: sendBroadcastMessage

The application invokes the **sendBroadcastMessage** operation to send a broadcast message into the designated area(s), respectively specified by the **message** and the **broadcastArea**.

If **message** is longer than the maximum supported length in the network, the message content will be sent as several concatenated messages. E.g. a CBS message consists of several CBS pages (up to 15 pages) which comprises of 82 octets, which, using the default character set, equates to 93 characters (3GPP TS 23.041 [7]).

broadcastArea is an area or a set of areas which are the representation of the geographical area(s) in which a message is to be delivered. Areas can be described as alias name or a graphical notation such as circle and polygon. The alias name shall be determined at the provisioning step and understood by both application and network. In case of using a graphical notation, maximum and minimum size of an area can be restricted by the network.

Areas shall be covered by the mobile or wireline network. A message cannot be delivered to the terminals which are out of network coverage even though the application has indicated the area(s) in the send operation. In this case, Message Broadcast Web Service will generate a **ServiceException**(SVC 0300).

The application can also indicate optional parameters as follows:

- **senderName** specifies the sender's name, i.e. the string that is displayed on the user's terminal as the originator of the message.
- **charging** specifies the charging information.
- **priority** specifies the priority of message.
- **deliveryTime** specifies the time at which message delivery should be initiated by the send operation. By using this parameter, the Web Services could achieve an overload safety through the scheduling of broadcasts at non-peak time.
- **totalBroadcasts** specifies how many times the message should be broadcasted to each of the designated area(s).
- **interval** specifies the time duration between the broadcasts. The minimum interval should be restricted by the network capabilities.
- **receiptRequest** is optional and is specified when the application requires to receive notification of the status of the broadcast message delivery. It is a **SimpleReference** structure that indicates the application endpoint, interface used for notification of delivery receipt and a correlator that uniquely identifies the sending request.
 - If the notification mechanism is not supported by a network, a **ServiceException** (SVC0283) will be returned to the application and the message will not be sent out to the area(s) specified.
 - The **correlator** provided in the **receiptRequest** must be unique for this Web Service and application at the time the notification is initiated, otherwise a **ServiceException** (SVC0005) will be returned to the application.
 - Notification to the application is done by invoking the **notifyBroadcastDeliveryReceipt** operation at the endpoint specified in **receiptRequest**.
- **requestIdentifier** is specified in the response message associated with each send operation. The application can use it to invoke the **getBroadcastStatus** operation to poll for the delivery status.

8.1.1.1 Input message: sendBroadcastMessageRequest

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|---|
| broadcastArea | BroadcastArea[1..unbounded] | No | geographical area(s) to which a message is desired to be broadcasted |
| senderName | xsd:string | Yes | If present, it indicates the sender's name of broadcast message, i.e. the string that is displayed on the user's terminal as the originator of the message |
| charging | common:chargingInformation | Yes | Charge to apply to this message |
| message | xsd:string | No | Text to be sent in Message Broadcast |
| priority | MessagePriority | Yes | Priority of the message. If not present, the network will assign a priority based on an operator policy. |
| deliveryTime | xsd:dateTime | Yes | If present, it specifies the time to initiate message broadcast in the network. If not present, message is sent immediately |
| totalBroadcasts | xsd:int | Yes | The number of broadcasts. If not present, default value is 1. |
| interval | common:TimeMetric | Yes | The time difference between consecutive broadcasts. It presents only if totalBroadcasts > 1 |
| receiptRequest | common:SimpleReference | Yes | It defines the application endpoint, interfaceName and correlator that will be used to notify application when the message has been sent out to the designated area or if delivery is impossible. |

8.1.1.2 Output message : sendBroadcastMessageResponse

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|-----------|------------|----------|---|
| result | xsd:string | No | It identifies a specific message broadcast delivery request |

8.1.1.3 Referenced faults

ServiceException from 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6]:

- SVC0001 - Service error.
- SVC0002 - Invalid input value.
- SVC0280 - Message too long.
- SVC0283 - Delivery Status Notification not supported.
- SVC0300 - Broadcast Area not supported.
- SVC0301 - Too high load situation.

PolicyException from 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6]:

- POL0001 - Policy error.
- POL0008 - Charging not allowed.
- POL0330 - Multiple areas not allowed.
- POL0331 - Maximum Number of Areas exceeded.
- POL0332 - Too many broadcasts requested.
- POL0333 - Min /Max interval violation.

8.1.2 Operation: getBroadcastStatus

The application invokes the **getBroadcastStatus** operation to request the status information of a previous message broadcast request, i.e. **sendBroadcastMessage** operation, identified by **requestIdentifier**.

This operation can be invoked multiple times by the application even if the status has reached a final value. However, after the status has reached a final value, status information will be available only for a limited period of time as defined by a service policy.

The operation returns a result set that can be expressed by a set of the broadcast status information, i.e. **BroadcastStatusInformation**, because multiple broadcast areas can be specified.

The result set may not include complete information, allowing the Web Service implementation to choose to deliver a partial set of results to accommodate other conditions, such as avoiding timeouts. In this case, the broadcast areas for which no attempt made to provide data will be marked **NotRetrieved** in the result for each area.

BroadcastStatusInformation data structure, of course, includes the broadcast status (**BroadcastStatus**) of a specific area with other supplementary data such as the number of broadcast, success rate, broadcast end time. The presence of supplementary data varies according to the status value.

BroadcastStatus values have been identified as follows and the conceptual status diagram is shown in the figure 8.1.2.1.

- **MessageWaiting:** the message is still queued and not delivered to the network yet.
- **Broadcasting:** broadcasting is initiated and the network is still attempting to deliver messages as many as requested in the totalBroadcasts of the send operation. If totalBroadcasts = 1, this state will promptly transit to Broadcasted state after first delivery. If totalBroadcasts > 1, the state will remain as this state until the completion of delivery.
- **Broadcasted:** this is a final state and indicates that broadcast requests were successfully delivered to network as many as requested.
- **BroadcastImpossible:** This indicates a final state that delivering broadcast message is impossible. The following reasons are possible:
 - Broadcast request was explicitly rejected by the network, because the designated area is out of network coverage.
 - Broadcast request was implicitly or explicitly rejected by the network, because the network is experiencing some problem such as overloads.
 - Broadcast request could not be delivered within the period specified by **totalBroadcasts** and **interval** parts and it was discarded.
- **BroadcastUnknown:** This indicates a state that is unable to know the delivery state.
 - Network does not support a mechanism temporarily or permanently to find out the status even though the broadcast request has delivered.
 - Delivery is in pending, so that delivery is still being tried because the period specified by **totalBroadcasts** and **interval** parts is not expired yet.

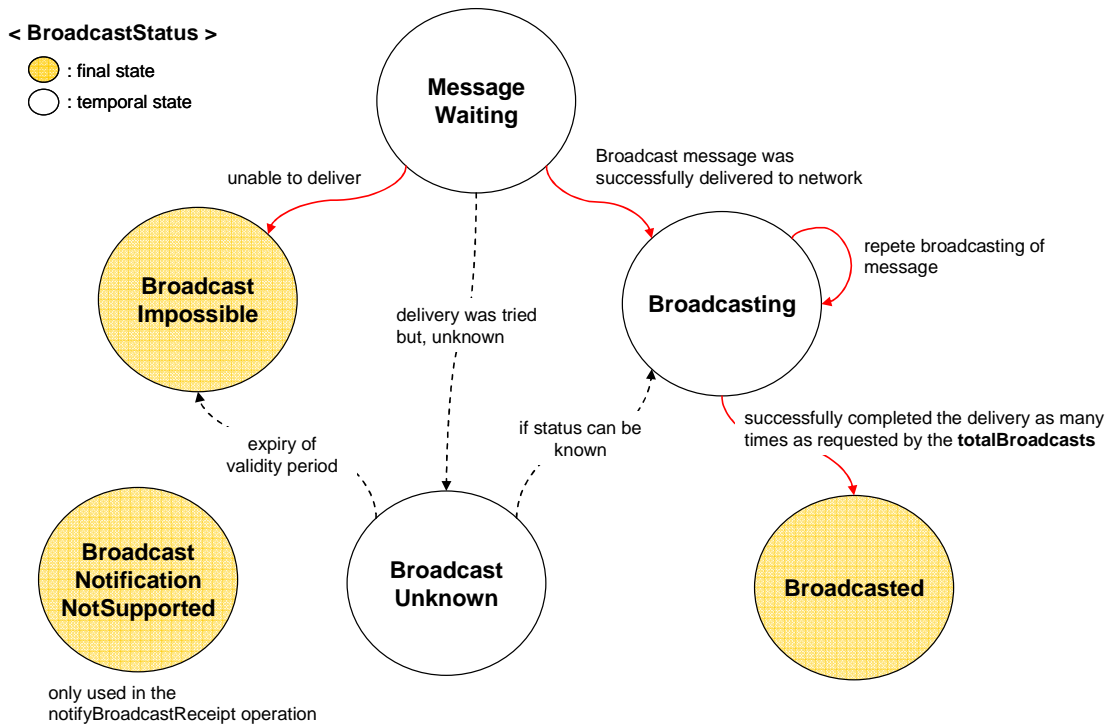


Figure 8.1.2.1: Conceptual status diagram for message broadcast

numberOfBroadcasts indicates the number of broadcasts, i.e. how many times the broadcast message has been successfully sent out to network. The value, of course, shall be less than that of **totalBroadcasts** parameter. From this value, applications can figure out the current number of broadcast delivery which has been repeated so far.

successRate also provides another possible measured value of successful delivery and indicates how much portion of the designated area has accepted the broadcast message request. In case of mobile network, this can be defined as the ratio of the number of BTSs that accepted the message and the total number of BTSs that should have accepted the message. Figure 8.1.2.2 shows the example. This is optional and present only if the broadcast status is either **Broadcasting** or **Broadcasted**. If the value is -1, it indicates the information is not available.

broadcastEndTime indicates the date and time at which the broadcast request has been completed. This value is optional and present only if the value of **BroadcastStatus** is **Broadcasted**.

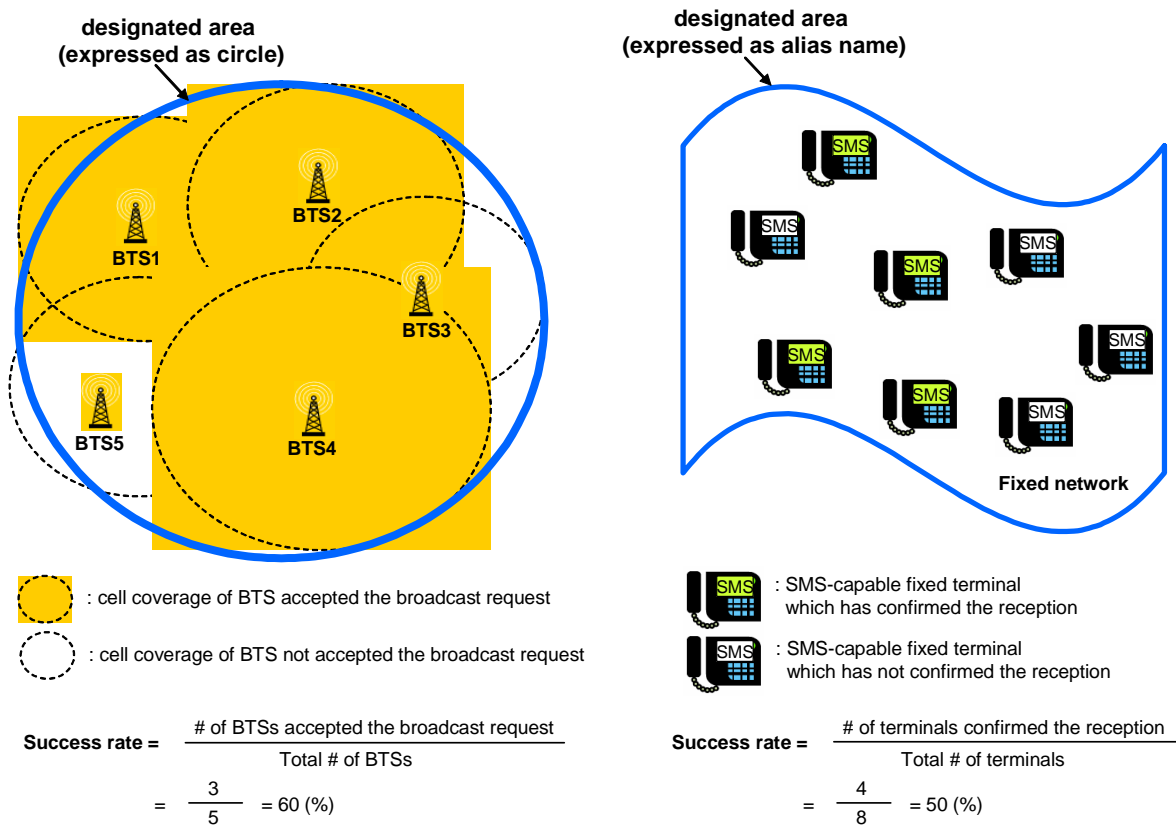


Figure 8.1.2.2: Success Rate

8.1.2.1 Input message: getBroadcastStatusRequest

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|-------------------|------------|----------|---|
| requestIdentifier | xsd:string | No | It identifies a specific sendBroadcastMessage request. |

8.1.2.2 Output message : getBroadcastStatusResponse

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|-----------|------------------------------------|----------|--|
| result | BroadcastStatusData [1..unbounded] | No | Set of results for the request. It provides the broadcast status for each area with several supplementary data like the number of broadcast, success rate, broadcast end time. Possible status values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - MessageWaiting. - Broadcasting. - Broadcasted. - BroadcastImpossible. - BroadcastUnknown. |

8.1.2.3 Referenced faults

ServiceException from 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6]:

- SVC0001 - Service error.
- SVC0002 - Invalid input value.

PolicyException from 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6]:

- POL0001 - Policy error.
- POL0010 – Retention time interval expired

8.1.3 Operation: cancelBroadcastMessage

The application invokes the **cancelBroadcastMessage** operation to request the cancellation of the previous **sendBroadcastMessage** request identified by **requestIdentifier**. It attempts to prevent the starting of a previous **sendBroadcastMessage** request and the restarting of **sendBroadcastMessage** request specified by the **totalBroadcasts** parameter. If this operation is invoked after initiating the Nth broadcast delivery, all the subsequent delivery after Nth delivery will be cancelled. In other words, it does not have any effect if the sending of broadcast message has already started.

8.1.3.1 Input message: cancelBroadcastMessageRequest

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|-------------------|------------|----------|---|
| requestIdentifier | xsd:string | No | It identifies a specific sendBroadcastMessage request. |

8.1.3.2 Output message : cancelBroadcastMessageResponse

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| none | | | |

8.1.3.3 Referenced faults

ServiceException from 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6]:

- SVC0001 - Service error.
- SVC0002 - Invalid input value.

PolicyException from 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6]:

- POL0001 - Policy error.

8.2 Interface: MessageBroadcastNotification

Message broadcast notification is the application side interface to which notifications about message broadcast are delivered.

8.2.1 Operation: notifyBroadcastDeliveryReceipt

The **notifyBroadcastDeliveryReceipt** operation must be implemented by a Web Service at the *application side* if it requires notification of broadcast result receipt. It will be invoked by the Parlay X3 server to notify the application when a message sent by an application has been handed over to messaging center like CBC and subsequently sent out to designated area(s) or if delivery is impossible. The notification will occur if and only if the status value of the sent message is **Broadcasted** or **BroadcastImpossible** and the application has specified interest in notification when sending a broadcast message by specifying the optional **receiptRequest** part. The correlator returned corresponds to the identifier specified by the application in the **receiptRequest** of the original **sendBroadcastMessage** request.

When a broadcast message is sent to multiple geographical areas, the notification from the server will send notification for each area as and when a broadcast message is successfully sent out to the area.

notifyBroadcastDeliveryReceiptRequest will send a **BroadcastStatusInformation** data about an area which includes report status, broadcast status, the number of broadcast, success rate, broadcast end time. In case of notification, **reportStatus** value shall be **Retrieved** and the possible broadcast status values are as follows:

- **Broadcasted:** this is a final state and indicates that broadcast requests were successfully delivered to network as many as requested.
- **BroadcastImpossible:** this indicates a final state that delivering broadcast message is impossible. The following reasons are possible:
 - Broadcast request was explicitly rejected by the network, because the designated area is out of network coverage.
 - Broadcast request was implicitly or explicitly rejected by the network, because the network is experiencing some problem such as overloads.
 - Broadcast request could not be delivered within the period specified by **totalBroadcasts** and **interval** parts and it was discarded.
- **BroadcastNotificationNotSupported:** if notification is supported by the network but it does not support broadcast receipt for one or more broadcast areas specified in the **sendBroadcastMessage** message. The service will send this status for those areas.

The presence of the other data varies according to the above **BroadcastStatus** values conforming to the description in clause 8.1.2.

8.2.1.1 Input message: notifyBroadcastDeliveryReceiptRequest

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|------------|----------------------------|----------|---|
| correlator | xsd:string | No | It identifies the original "Send" request. This correlator was provided by the application in the sendBroadcastMessageRequest message. |
| area | BroadcastArea | No | It indicates a specific area related with the correlator. |
| statusInfo | BroadcastStatusInformation | No | It provides the broadcast status for an area with various supplementary data like the number of broadcast, success rate, broadcast end time. Possible status values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Broadcasted. - BroadcastImpossible. - BroadcastNotificationNotSupported. |

8.2.1.2 Output message : notifyBroadcastDeliveryReceiptResponse

| Part name | Part type | Optional | Description |
|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| None | | | |

8.2.1.3 Referenced faults

None.

9 Fault definitions

9.1 ServiceException

9.1.1 SVC0280: Message too long

Refer to the definition in 3GPP TS 29.199-4 [10].

9.1.2 SVC0283: Delivery Status Notification not supported

Refer to the definition in 3GPP TS 29.199-4 [10].

9.1.3 SVC0300: Broadcast Area not supported

A specific area cannot be supported if, for example, the range of an area is out of network coverage.

| Name | Description |
|------------|---|
| message-Id | SVC0300 |
| Text | %1 area description cannot be supported by the network. |
| Variables | %1 - Message part of an area |

9.1.4 SVC0301: Too high load situation

| Name | Description |
|------------|---|
| message-Id | SVC0301 |
| Text | Network(e.g. messaging center) is in a overload situation. Retry after %1 minutes |
| Variables | %1 - suggested time duration by the network for next trial |

9.2 PolicyException

9.2.1 POL0330: Multiple areas not allowed

| Name | Description |
|------------|----------------------------|
| message-Id | POL0330 |
| Text | Multiple areas not allowed |
| Variables | |

9.2.2 POL0331: Maximum Number of Areas exceeded

| Name | Description |
|------------|---|
| message-Id | POL0331 |
| Text | Maximum number of broadcast areas(%1) is exceeded |
| Variables | %1 - maximum allowed number of broadcast areas |

9.2.3 POL0332: Too Many Broadcasts requested

| Name | Description |
|------------|---|
| message-Id | POL0332 |
| Text | Too many broadcasts requested. Maximum number of broadcasts allowed is %1 |
| Variables | %1 - allowed number of broadcasts |

9.2.4 POL0333: Min/Max Interval Violation

| Name | Description |
|------------|---|
| message-Id | POL0333 |
| text | Minimum or Maximum interval violation. The possible min/max interval is between %1 seconds and %2 seconds |
| variables | %1 - min of possible interval value %2 - max of possible interval value |

10 Service policies

Service policies for this service.

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------------|-------------------|---|
| ChargingSupported | xsd:boolean | Is charging supported for send operation. |
| MultipleAreaSupport | xsd:boolean | Multiple area description may be supported. |
| MaxNumberOfAreas | xsd:int | Maximum number of broadcast areas that can be requested in a send operation. |
| MinValueOfInterval | common:TimeMetric | Minimum value of interval in send operation. |
| MaxValueOfInterval | common:TimeMetric | Maximum value of interval in send operation. |
| MaxBroadcasts | xsd:int | Maximum number of broadcasts that can be requested in a send operation. |
| StatusRetentionTime | common:TimeMetric | A time interval that begins after the status of a broadcast message delivery request has reached a final value. During this interval, the delivery status information remains available for retrieval by the application. |

Annex A (normative): WSDL for Message Broadcast

The document/literal WSDL representation of this interface specification is compliant to 3GPP TS 29.199-1 [6] and is contained in text files (contained in archive 29199-15-710-doclit.zip) which accompanies the present document.

Annex B (informative): Description of Parlay X Web Services Part 15: Message Broadcast for 3GPP2 cdma2000 networks

This annex is intended to define the OSA Parlay X Web Services Stage 3 interface definitions and it provides the complete OSA specifications. It is an extension of OSA Parlay X Web Services specifications capabilities to enable operation in cdma2000 systems environment. They are in alignment with 3GPP2 Stage 1 requirements and Stage 2 architecture defined in:

- [1] 3GPP2 X.S0011-D: "cdma2000 Wireless IP Network Standard ", Version 1.1
- [2] 3GPP2 S.R0037-0: "IP Network Architecture Model for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Systems", Version 3.0
- [3] 3GPP2 X.S0013-A: "All-IP Core Network Multimedia Domain"

These requirements are expressed as additions to and/or exclusions from the 3GPP Release 7 specification. The information given here is to be used by developers in 3GPP2 cdma2000 network architecture to interpret the 3GPP OSA specifications.

B.1 General Exceptions

The terms 3GPP and UMTS are not applicable for the cdma2000 family of standards. Nevertheless these terms are used (3GPP TR 21.905) mostly in the broader sense of "3G Wireless System". If not stated otherwise there are no additions or exclusions required.

CAMEL mappings are not applicable for cdma2000 systems.

B.2 Specific Exceptions

B.2.1 Clause 1: Scope

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.2 Clause 2: References

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.3 Clause 3: Definitions and abbreviations

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.4 Clause 4: Detailed service description

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.5 Clause 5: Namespaces

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.6 Clause 6: Sequence diagrams

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.7 Clause 7: XML Schema data type definition

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.8 Clause 8: Web Service interface definition

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.9 Clause 9: Fault definitions

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.10 Clause 10: Service policies

There are no additions or exclusions.

B.2.11 Annex A (normative): WSDL for Message Broadcast

There are no additions or exclusions.

Annex C (informative): Change history

| Change history | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------|-----------|------|-----|---|-----|-------|-------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Cat | Old | New |
| Jun 2006 | CT_32 | CP-060213 | -- | -- | Submitted to TSG CT#32 for Information. | -- | 1.0.0 | |
| Jun 2006 | -- | -- | -- | -- | Replaced the current WSDL code in 29199-15-100-doclit.zip which is functionally the same. Changes made are to ensure consistency with the WSDL style guide in 29199-01 , clause 12 (e.g. 12.3.5). | -- | 1.0.0 | 1.0.1 |
| Nov 2006 | CT_34 | CP-060610 | -- | -- | Submitted to TSG CT#34 for Approval. | -- | 2.0.0 | 7.0.0 |
| Mar 2007 | CT_35 | CP-070048 | 0001 | -- | Add OSA Parlay Web Services support for 3GPP2 networks | F | 7.0.0 | 7.1.0 |
| Mar 2007 | -- | -- | -- | -- | Editorial: Aligned 5 Namespaces | -- | 7.1.0 | 7.1.1 |
| Jun 2007 | -- | -- | -- | -- | Renamed in Introduction Part 18:"Device management" to "Device Capabilities and Configuration" | -- | 7.1.1 | 7.1.2 |
| | | | | | | | | |

History

| Document history | | |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| V7.1.0 | March 2007 | Publication (Withdrawn) |
| V7.1.1 | March 2007 | Publication (Withdrawn) |
| V7.1.2 | June 2007 | Publication |
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