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Foreword

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In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

shall indicates a mandatory requirement to do something

shall not indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

| should | indicates a recommendation to do something |
|------------|--|
| should not | indicates a recommendation not to do something |
| may | indicates permission to do something |
| need not | indicates permission not to do something |

The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

| can | indicates that something is possible |
|--------|--|
| cannot | indicates that something is impossible |

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

| will | indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document |
|----------|--|
| will not | indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document |
| might | indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document |

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might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

- is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact
- is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

1 Scope

This 3GPP Technical Specification (TS) specifies:

- 1. The interactions between the HSS (Home Subscriber Server) and the CSCF (Call Session Control Functions), referred to as the Cx interface.
- 2. The interactions between the CSCF and the SLF (Server Locator Function), referred to as the Dx interface.
- 3. The interactions between the SIP Core and the SIP database, referred to as the Cx interface, for the Mission Critical Services, where this interface is named as AAA-1, as described in 3GPP TS 23.280 [30].
- NOTE: In the 3GPP TS 23.280 [30] the term SIP database is used for the HSS and the term SIP Core is used for the P-CSCF, the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF when compared to this specification.

The IP Multimedia (IM) Subsystem stage 2 is specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [1] and the signalling flows for the IP multimedia call control based on SIP and SDP are specified in 3GPP TS 24.228 [2].

This document addresses the signalling flows for Cx and Dx interfaces.

This document also addresses how the functionality of Px interface is accomplished.

The Presence Service Stage 2 description (architecture and functional solution) is specified in 3GPP TS 23.141 [10].

2 References

- [1] 3GPP TS 23.228: "IP Multimedia (IM) Subsystem Stage 2".
- [2] 3GPP TS 24.228: "Signalling flows for the IP multimedia call control based on SIP and SDP".
- [3] 3GPP TS 33.203: "Access security for IP-based services".
- [4] 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network architecture".
- [5] 3GPP TS 29.229: "Cx Interface based on Diameter Protocol details".
- [6] 3GPP TS 23.218: "IP Multimedia (IM) Session Handling; IP Multimedia (IM) call model".
- [7] IETF RFC 2045 "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies".
- [8] 3GPP TS 24.229: "IP Multimedia Call Control Protocol based on SIP and SDP" stage 3.
- [9] Void.
- [10] 3GPP TS 23.141: "Presence Service; Architecture and Functional Description".
- [11] IETF RFC 3261 "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol".
- [12] IETF RFC 4566 "SDP: Session Description Protocol".
- [13] IEEE 1003.1-2004, Part 1: Base Definitions.
- [14] IETF RFC 2486: "The Network Access Identifier".
- [15] IETF RFC 3966: "The tel URI for Telephone Numbers".
- [16] IETF RFC 2617: "HTTP Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication".
- [17] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
- [18] 3GPP TS 23.008: "Organization of subscriber data".
- [19] 3GPP TS 23.380: "IMS Restoration Procedures".

Void [20] [21] IETF RFC 4005: "Diameter Network Access Server Application". [22] IETF RFC 4412: "Communications Resource Priority for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)". [23] 3GPP TS 23.167: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) emergency sessions". IETF RFC 7683: "Diameter Overload Indication Conveyance". [24] [25] 3GPP TS 22.153: "Multimedia Priority Service". ANSI X3.4: "Coded Character Set - 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange". [26] [27] IETF RFC 7944: "Diameter Routing Message Priority". [28] Void IETF IETF RFC 8583: "Diameter Load Information Conveyance". [29] [30] 3GPP TS 23.280: "Common functional architecture to support mission critical services".

- [31] IETF RFC 6733: "Diameter Base Protocol".
- [32] 3GPP TS 24.323: "3GPP IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) service level tracing management object (MO)".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in TS 23.003 [17] apply:

Distinct Public Service Identity

Distinct Public User Identity

Public Service Identity

Public User Identity

Wildcarded Public Service Identity

Wildcarded Public User Identity

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

Common Part (of a user profile): Contains Initial Filter Criteria instances that should be evaluated both for registered and unregistered Public User Identities, or for unregistered Public Service Identities in the S-CSCF.

Complete user profile: Contains the Initial Filter Criteria instances of all three different user profile parts; registered part, unregistered part and common part.

IP Multimedia session: IP Multimedia session and IP Multimedia call are treated as equivalent in this specification.

Authentication pending flag: A flag that indicates that the authentication of a Public User Identity - Private User Identity pair is pending and waiting for confirmation.

Charging information: Data that is sent in the Charging-Information AVP.

Allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities: A list of network addresses identifying WebRTC Authentication Functions (WAFs) and/or WebRTC Web Server Functions (WWSFs) allowed for a subscription.

Implicitly registered Public User Identity set: A set of Public User Identities, which are registered and de-registered simultaneously when any of the Public User Identities belonging to that set is registered or de-registered.

Not Registered State: Public Identity is not Registered and has no S-CSCF assigned.

Private Identity: Either a Private User Identity or a Private Service Identity.

Public Identity: Either a Public User Identity or a Public Service Identity.

Registered Part (of a user profile): Contains Initial Filter Criteria instances that should be evaluated only for registered Public User Identities in the S-CSCF. iFCs from the registered part need not be evaluated when the Public Identity is unregistered.

Registered State: Public User Identity is Registered at the request of the user and has an S-CSCF assigned.

S-CSCF reassignment pending flag: A flag that is handled only when IMS Restoration Procedures are supported.and that indicates that the subscription may be reassigned to a new S-CSCF (i.e. the current S-CSCF is not responding)

Unregistered part (of a user profile): Contains Initial Filter Criteria instances that should be evaluated only for unregistered Public Identities in the S-CSCF. iFCs from the unregistered part need not be evaluated when the Public User Identity is registered.

Unregistered State: Public Identity is not Registered but has a serving S-CSCF assigned to execute Unregistered state services as a consequence of a terminating request, or an originating request from an AS on behalf of a user, or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored.

User information: The user related data that the S-CSCF requests from the HSS or HSS pushes to the S-CSCF, e.g. user profile, charging information, allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities and authentication information.

User profile: Data that is sent in the User-Data AVP.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

| AVP | Attribute Value Pair |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| С | Conditional |
| CSCF | Call Session Control Function |
| DRMP | Diameter Routing Message Priority |
| DSCP | Differentiated Services Code Point |
| GIBA | GPRS-IMS-Bundled-Authentication |
| HSS | Home Subscriber Server |
| IE | Information Element |
| IP | Internet Protocol |
| I-CSCF | Interrogating CSCF |
| IM | IP Multimedia |
| IMS | IP Multimedia Subsystem |
| М | Mandatory |
| MPS | Multimedia Priority Service |
| NASS | Network Attachment SubSystem |
| 0 | Optional |
| P-CSCF | Proxy CSCF |
| SIP | Session Initiation Protocol |
| SLF | Server Locator Function |
| S-CSCF | Serving CSCF |
| WAF | WebRTC Authentication Function |
| WWSF | WebRTC Web Server Function |
| | |

4 Main Concept

This document presents the Cx interface related functional requirements of the communicating entities.

It gives a functional classification of the procedures and describes the procedures and message parameters.

Error handling flows, protocol version identification, etc. procedures are also included.

5 General Architecture

This clause further specifies the architectural assumptions associated with the Cx reference point, building on TS 23.228 [1] and also the Px reference point building upon TS 23.141 [10].

5.1 Functional requirements of network entities

5.1.1 Functional requirements of P-CSCF

There is no requirement for the interaction between the P-CSCF and the HSS.

5.1.2 Functional requirements of I-CSCF

The I-CSCF communicates with the HSS over the Cx interface.

For functionality of the I-CSCF refer to TS 23.002 [4].

5.1.3 Functional requirements of S-CSCF

The S-CSCF communicates with the HSS over the Cx interface.

For functionality of the S-CSCF refer to TS 23.002 [4].

5.1.4 Functional requirements of HSS

The HSS communicates with the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF over the Cx interface.

For functionality of the HSS refer to TS 23.002 [4].

5.1.5 Functional classification of Cx interface procedures

Operations on the Cx interface are classified in functional groups:

- 1. Location management procedures
 - The operations regarding registration and de-registration.
 - Location retrieval operation.
- 2. User data handling procedures
 - The download of user information during registration and to support recovery mechanisms.
 - Operations to support the updating of user data and recovery mechanisms.
- 3. User authentication procedures
- 4. IMS Restoration Procedures (see TS 23.380 [19]) to support S-CSCF service interruption

5.1.6 Functional Requirements of the Presentity Presence Proxy

The interaction between the Presentity Presence Proxy and the HSS, referred to as the Px interface, is handled using the mechanisms defined for the Cx interface.

6 Procedure Descriptions

In the tables that describe the Information Elements transported by each command, each Information Element is marked as (M) Mandatory, (C) Conditional or (O) Optional in the Category "Cat." column. The application level specification overrides the ABNF defining the presence of the AVPs to be included in the Diameter commands. The category defined by the Information Element table shall always be the same, i.e. Optional; or more restrictive, i.e. Mandatory or Conditional, than the presence requirements defined by the ABNF syntax, e.g. a required AVP in the ABNF shall not be overridden by an Optional IE but an Optional AVP in the ABNF may be overridden by the Mandatory or Conditional IE Category.

- A mandatory Information Element shall always be present in the command. If this Information Element is absent, an application error occurs at the receiver and an answer message shall be sent back to the originator of the request with the Result-Code set to DIAMETER_MISSING_AVP. This message shall also include a Failed-AVP AVP containing the missing Information Element i.e. the corresponding Diameter AVP defined by the AVP Code and the other fields set as expected for this Information Element.
- A conditional Information Element (marked as (C) in the table) shall be present in the command if certain conditions are fulfilled.
 - If the receiver detects that those conditions are fulfilled and the Information Element is absent, an application error occurs and an answer message shall be sent back to the originator of the request with the Result-Code set to DIAMETER_MISSING_AVP. This message shall also include a Failed-AVP AVP containing the missing Information Element i.e. the corresponding Diameter AVP defined by the AVP Code and the other fields set as expected for this Information Element.
 - If those conditions are not fulfilled, the Information Element shall be absent. If however this Information Element appears in the message, it shall not cause an application error and it may be ignored by the receiver if this is not explicitly defined as an error case. Otherwise, an application error occurs at the receiver and an answer message with the Result-Code set to DIAMETER_AVP_NOT_ALLOWED shall be sent back to the originator of the request. A Failed-AVP AVP containing a copy of the corresponding Diameter AVP shall be included in this message.
- An optional Information Element (marked as (O) in the table) may be present or absent in the command, at the discretion of the application at the sending entity. Absence or presence of this Information Element shall not cause an application error and may be ignored by the receiver.

When a procedure is required to determine whether two S-CSCF names are equal, the rules for SIP URI comparison specified in RFC 3261 chapter 19.1.4 shall apply.

When a procedure is required to determine the Public Identity used for an identity lookup in HSS and SLF, the HSS and SLF shall use the Public Identity from the SIP URI or Tel URI as contained in the Public-Identity AVP that is in canonical form as described by TS 23.003 [17].

Unknown permanent failure error codes shall be treated in the same way as DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. For unknown transient failure error codes the request may be repeated, or handled in the same way as DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY.

6.1 Location management procedures

6.1.1 User registration status query

This procedure is used between the I-CSCF and the HSS during SIP registrations. The procedure is invoked by the I-CSCF, corresponds to the combination of the functional level operations Cx-Query and Cx-Select-Pull (see TS 23.228 [1]) and is used:

- To authorize the registration of the distinct Public User Identity, checking multimedia subsystem access permissions and roaming agreements.
- To perform a first security check, determining whether the distinct Public User Identity in the message is associated with the Private User Identity sent in the message.

- To obtain either the S-CSCF where the distinct Public User Identity is registered or unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored), or the list of capabilities that the S-CSCF has to support.

This procedure is mapped to the commands User-Authorization-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.1.1 and 6.1.1.2 detail the involved information elements.

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|---|--|------|--|
| Public User Identity (See 7.2) | Public-Identity | М | Public User Identity to be registered |
| Visited Network Identifier (See 7.1) | Visited- Network- Identifier | Μ | Identifier that allows the home network to identify the visited network |
| Type of Authorization (See 7.14) | User- Authorization- Type | C | Type of authorization requested by the I-CSCF. If the request corresponds to a de-registration, i.e. Expires field or expires parameter in Contact field in the REGISTER method is equal to zero, this AVP shall be present in the command and the value shall be set to DE- REGISTRATION. If the request corresponds to an initial registration or a re-registration, i.e. Expires field or expires parameter in Contact field in the REGISTER method is not equal to zero then this AVP may be absent from the command. If present its value shall be set to REGISTRATION. If the request corresponds to an initial registration or a re-registration or a de-registration and the I-CSCF explicitly queries the S-CSCF capabilities, then this AVP shall be present in the command and the value shall be set to REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES. The I-CSCF shall use this value when the S-CSCF currently assigned to the Public User Identity in the HSS, cannot be contacted and a new S-CSCF needs to be selected. The I-CSCF shall also use this value for RLOS related registrations when the S-CSCF currently assigned to the Public User Identity in the HSS, cannot be contacted and a new S-CSCF needs to be selected. The I-CSCF shall also use this value for RLOS related registrations when the S-CSCF currently assigned to the Public User Identity in the HSS, does not support RLOS (see 3GPP TS 23.228 [1] annex Z) and a new S-CSCF (supporting RLOS) needs to be selected. RLOS support of the different S-CSCFs shall be locally configured in the I- CSCF, and this capability is independent on the subscribed capabilities received from HSS. |
| Private User Identity (See 7.3) | User-Name | М | Private User Identity |
| Routing Information (See 7.13) | Destination- Host, Destination- Realm | С | If the I-CSCF knows HSS name Destination-Host AVP shall be present in the command. Otherwise, only Destination-Realm AVP shall be present and the command shall be routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF, based on the Diameter routing table in the I-CSCF. |
| UAR Flags (See 7.19) | UAR-Flags | 0 | This Information Element contains a set of indications. See 7.19 for the content of the information element. |

Table 6.1.1.1: User registration status query

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|-------------------------------------|--|------|--|
| Result (See 7.6) | Result-Code / Experimental- Result | М | Result of the operation. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter base protocol (see IETF RFC 6733 [31]). Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP. |
| S-CSCF capabilities (See 7.5) | Server- Capabilities | 0 | Required capabilities of the S-CSCF to be assigned to the IMS Subscription. |
| S-CSCF Name (See 7.4) | Server-Name | С | Name of the assigned S-CSCF. |

Table 6.1.1.2: User registration status response

6.1.1.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall, in the following order (if there is an error in any of the following steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see TS 29.229 [5]):

- 0. If the HSS supports WebRTC as described in TS 23.228 [1] clause U.2.1.4, it shall check if the Private User Identity and the Public User Identity are managed by a third party, if so the HSS continues in step 4.
- NOTE : How the HSS identifies that the Private User Identity and the Public User Identity are managed by a third party for WebRTC and how the HSS identifies the corresponding user profile are implementation specific.
- 1. Check that the Private User Identity and the Public User Identity exists in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 2. Check that the Public User Identity matches a distinct Public User Identity in the HSS. If it doesn't, the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 3. Check that the Public User Identity received in the request is associated with the Private User Identity received in the request. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR __IDENTITIES_DONT_MATCH.
- 4. Check whether the Public User Identity received in the request is barred from the establishment of multimedia sessions.
 - If it is an IMS Emergency Registration (by checking the UAR Flags) or the Public User Identity received in the request is not barred, continue to step 5.
 - Otherwise, the HSS shall check whether there are other non-barred Public User Identities to be implicitly registered with that one.
 - If so, continue to step 5.
 - If not, Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED.
- 5. Check the User-Authorization-Type received in the request:
 - If it is REGISTRATION or if User-Authorization-Type is absent from the request, the HSS shall check whether the UAR Flags indicate that this is an IMS Emergency Registration:
 - If it is not, and the Public User Identity is allowed to roam in the visited network (if not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR _ROAMING_NOT_ALLOWED) and authorized to register (if not Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED) then continue to step 6.
 - If it is an IMS Emergency Registration, authorization shall be granted and the HSS shall not perform any check regarding roaming. Continue to step 6.
 - If it is DE_REGISTRATION, the HSS may not perform any check regarding roaming. Continue to step 6.

- If it is REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES, the HSS shall check whether the UAR Flags indicate that this is an IMS Emergency Registration:
 - If it is not, and the Public User Identity is allowed to roam in the visited network (if not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR _ROAMING_NOT_ALLOWED) and authorized to register (if not Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED). The HSS may return the Server-Capabilities AVP, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The returned capabilities, if any, shall satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. If Server-Capabilities AVP is absent, it indicates to the I-CSCF that it can select any available S-CSCF. If an S-CSCF is already assigned in the HSS and IMS Restoration Procedures are supported in the HSS, the HSS shall set the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag and shall allow overwriting of the S-CSCF name in the next SAR request. Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name. Stop processing.
 - If it is an IMS Emergency Registration, authorization shall be granted and the HSS shall not perform any check regarding roaming. The HSS may return the Server-Capabilities AVP, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The returned capabilities, if any, shall satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be absent, to indicate to the I-CSCF that it can select any available S-CSCF. Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name. Stop processing.
- 6. Check the state of the Public User Identity received in the request:
 - If it is registered, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name. No S-CSCF capabilities shall be present in the response. If User-Authorization-Type is equal to REGISTRATION or is absent, Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. If User-Authorization-Type is equal to DE-REGISTRATION, Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If it is unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) and User-Authorization-Type is equal to DE-REGISTRATION, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. If the User-Authorization-Type is equal to REGISTRATION or is absent, then the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and the Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.
 - If it is not registered yet, the HSS shall check the value of User-Authorization-Type received in the request:
 - If the value of User-Authorization-Type is DE_REGISTRATION and the Authentication pending flag is set, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities. Otherwise, if Authentication pending flag is not set, the HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name or S-CSCF capabilities. The HSS shall set the Experimental-Result-Code to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITY_NOT_REGISTERED in the response.
 - If the value of User-Authorization-Type is REGISTRATION or is absent, then the HSS shall check if there is at least one Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription with an S-CSCF name assigned.
 - If there is at least one Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription that is registered, the HSS shall return the S-CSCF name assigned for that Public User Identity and Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.
 - If there is at least one Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription that is unregistered (i.e registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored), then the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and the Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.
 - If there is no identity of the user within the same IMS Subscription that is registered or unregistered, the HSS shall check if there is an S-CSCF name stored for the user (e.g. the user is being authenticated by the S-CSCF as indicated by the Authentication pending flag). If it is, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.

- If there is not any Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription with an S-CSCF name assigned, then the HSS may return the Server-Capabilities AVP, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The returned capabilities, if any, shall satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be absent, to indicate to the I-CSCF that it may select any available S-CSCF. Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_FIRST_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name.

If the HSS cannot fulfil received request, e.g. due to database error, it shall set Result-Code to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. No S-CSCF name or S-CSCF capabilities shall be present in the response.

6.1.2 S-CSCF registration/deregistration notification

This procedure is used between the S-CSCF and the HSS. The procedure is invoked by the S-CSCF, corresponds to the combination of the operations Cx-Put and Cx-Pull (see TS 23.228 [1]) and is used:

- To assign an S-CSCF to a Public Identity, or to clear the name of the S-CSCF assigned to one or more Public Identities.
- To download from HSS the relevant user information for the S-CSCF.
- To backup and retrieve the S-CSCF Restoration Information (see TS 23.380 [19]) in the HSS.
- To provide a P-CSCF Restoration Indication to the HSS and trigger P-CSCF Restoration mechanism.

This procedure is mapped to the commands Server-Assignment-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.2.1 and 6.1.2.2 describe the involved information elements.

Table 6.1.2.1: S-CSCF registration/deregistration notification request

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|---|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| Public User Identity / Public Service Identity (See 7.2 and 7.2a) | Public-Identity | С | Public Identity or list of Public Identities. One and only one Public Identity shall be present if the Server-Assignment- Type is any value other than TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA, TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME, USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME or ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION. If Server-Assignment-Type indicates deregistration of some type and Private Identity is not present in the request, at least one Public Identity shall be present. |
| S-CSCF Name (See 7.4) | Server-Name | М | Name of the S-CSCF. |
| Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a) | User-Name | C | Private Identity. It shall be present if it is available when the S-CSCF issues the request. It may be absent during the initiation of a session to an unregistered Public Identity (Server-Assignment-Type shall contain the value UNREGISTERED_USER) or after S-CSCF recovery upon originating request different than REGISTER (Server-Assignment-Type shall contain the value NO_ASSIGNMENT). In case of de-registration, Server-Assignment-Type equal to TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA or TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME if no Public- Identity AVPs are present then User-Name AVP shall be present. |
| Server Assignment Type (See 7.8) | Server- Assignment- Type | М | Type of update, request or notification that the S-CSCF requests in the HSS (e.g. de-registration). See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for all the possible values. |
| User Data Already Available (See 7.16) | User-Data- Already- Available | М | This indicates if the user profile and charging information and, if supported and present in the subscription, allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities are already available in the S-CSCF. In the case where Server-Assignment-Type is not equal to NO_ASSIGNMENT, REGISTRATION, RE_REGISTRATION or UNREGISTERED_USER, the HSS shall not use User Data Already Available when processing the request. |
| Routing Information (See 7.13) | Destination- Host | С | If the S-CSCF knows the HSS name, the Destination-Host AVP shall be present in the command. This information is available if the request belongs to an already existing registration, e.g. in case of the re-registration, where the HSS name is stored in the S-CSCF. The HSS name is obtained from the Origin-Host AVP, which is received from the HSS, e.g. included in the MAA command. This information may not be available if the command is sent as a consequence of a session termination for an unregistered Public Identity. In this case the Destination-Host AVP is not present and the command is routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF, based on the Diameter routing table in the S-CSCF. |
| Wildcarded Public Identity (See 7.2b) | Wildcarded- Public-Identity | 0 | If the request refers to a Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity, and the Server-Asignment-Type is set to UNREGISTERED_USER, NO_ASSIGNMENT, TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME, ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA or TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, the S-CSCF may include the corresponding Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity in this information element. If this element is present, it shall be used by the HSS to identify the identity affected by the request. The terms Public Identity or Public Service Identity in the detailed behaviour refer then to the Wildcarded Public Identity. |
| S-CSCF Restoration Information (See 7.21) | SCSCF- Restoration- Info | С | When the S-CSCF supports IMS Restoration Procedures, if Server- Assignment-Type is REGISTRATION or RE_REGISTRATION, and any of the related restoration information changed compared to the previous one, the S-CSCF shall send this information element to the HSS. This information allows a later retrieval in case of an S-CSCF service interruption. |

| Multiple- Registration- Indication (See 7.23) | Multiple- Registration- Indication | C | When the S-CSCF supports IMS Restoration Procedures, if Server- Assignment-Type is REGISTRATION and the registration is a multiple registration and the Public User Identity is not stored as registered with the Private User Identity as in the request in the S-CSCF, the S-CSCF shall send this information element to the HSS. |
|--|--|---|---|
| Session- Priority (See 7.24) | Session- Priority | 0 | This information element, if present, shall indicate the session's priority to the HSS. |
| SAR Flags (See 7.28) | SAR-Flags | 0 | This Information Element contains a set of indications. See 7.28 for the content of the information element. |

Table 6.1.2.2: S-CSCF registration/deregistration notification response

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|---|--|------|--|
| Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a) | User-Name | С | Private Identity. It shall be present if it is available when the HSS sends the response. It may be absent in the following error case: when the Server-Assignment- Type of the request is UNREGISTERED_USER and the received Public Identity is not known by the HSS. |
| Registration result (See 7.6) | Result-Code / Experimental- Result | М | Result of registration. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter base protocol (see IETF RFC 6733 [31]). Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP. |
| User Profile (See 7.7) | User-Data | С | Relevant user profile. It shall be present when Server-Assignment-Type in the request is equal to NO_ASSIGNMENT, REGISTRATION, RE_REGISTRATION or UNREGISTERED_USER according to the rules defined in clause 6.6. If the S-CSCF receives more data than it is prepared to accept, it shall perform the de-registration of the Private Identity with Server-Assignment- Type set to DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA and send back a SIP 3xx or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response, which shall trigger the selection of a new S-CSCF by the I-CSCF, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [8]. |
| Charging Information (See 7.12) | Charging- Information | С | Addresses of the charging functions. It shall be present when the User-Data AVP is sent to the S-CSCF according to the rules defined in clause 6.6. When this parameter is included, either the Primary-Charging-Collection- Function-Name AVP or the Primary-Event-Charging-Function-Name AVP shall be included. All other elements shall be included if they are available. |
| Associated Private Identities | Associated- Identities | 0 | This AVP contains all Private Identities, which belong to the same IMS subscription as the Private Identity or Public Identity received in the SAR command. If the IMS subscription contains only single Private Identity this AVP shall not be present. |
| Loose-Route Indication | Loose-Route- Indication | С | This AVP indicates to the S-CSCF that loose-route mechanism shall be applied to the public identities contained in the user profile received from the HSS. If the loose-route mechanism is required, this AVP shall be present and set to LOOSE_ROUTE_REQUIRED. If the Loose-Route mechanism is not required, this AVP may be either absent or present. If present, it shall be set to LOOSE_ROUTE_NOT_REQUIRED. |
| S-CSCF Restoration Information (See 7.21) | SCSCF- Restoration- Info | С | This information shall be present if it was stored by the S-CSCF in the HSS and Server-Assignment-Type is either UNREGISTERED_USER or NO_ASSIGNMENT. This information shall also be present if it was stored by the S-CSCF in the HSS and the SAR indicates it is related to a multiple registration and Server-Assignment-Type is REGISTRATION. This information may be present if it was stored by the S-CSCF in the HSS and Server-Assignment-Type is either REGISTRATION or RE- REGISTRATION and there are other Private Identities different from the Private Identity received in the SAR command being registered with the Public Identity received in the SAR command. |
| Associated Registered Private Identities (See 7.22) | Associated- Registered- Identities | С | This AVP contains all Private Identities that were registered with the Public Identity received in the SAR command. The HSS shall send this information element if the IMS Restoration Procedures are supported and the value of Server-Assignment-Type in the request is REGISTRATION or RE_REGISTRATION and there are other Private Identities different from the Private Identity received in the SAR command being registered with the Public Identity received in the SAR command. Otherwise, this AVP shall not be present. |
| S-CSCF Name (See 7.4) | Server-Name | С | Name of the assigned S-CSCF. This AVP shall be present, if the requesting S-CSCF name is different from the previously assigned S-CSCF name stored in the HSS. |

| Wildcarded Public Identity (See 7.2b) | Wildcarded- Public-Identity | С | This AVP shall be present if: the value of Server-Assignment-Type in the request was UNREGISTERED_USER or NO_ASSIGNMENT and the Wildcarded-Public-Identity AVP in the request was not present and the Public Identity in the request fell within the range of a Wildcarded Public User Identity in the HSS whose state is registered/unregistered. If this element is present, it shall be used by the S-CSCF to identify the identity affected by the request. |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Priviledged- Sender Indication (See 7.26) | Priviledged- Sender- Indication | 0 | This AVP indicates if the Private User Identity shall be considered as a priviledged sender. If not present, it means that the Private User Identity is not considered a priviledged sender. |
| Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities (See 7.29) | Allowed-WAF- WWSF- Identities | С | Addresses of the WAFs and/or WWSFs the subscription is allowing to use. This AVP shall be present if both a) it is applicable for the subscription and b) the User-Data AVP is present. |

6.1.2.1 Detailed behaviour

On registering/deregistering a Public Identity the S-CSCF shall inform the HSS. The same procedure is used by the S-CSCF:

- to get the user information which contains the user profile, the charging information and the allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities. The relevant user profile downloaded is described in more detailed in clauses 6.5.1 and 6.6.
- to provide a P-CSCF Restoration Indication to the HSS when the S-CSCF, supporting the HSS based P-CSCF restoration mechanism described in TS 23.380 [19], has identified a P-CSCF failure for a given UE and then triggers the P-CSCF Restoration mechanism execution for this UE.

The Public-Identity AVP and User-Data AVPs in this command pair shall contain only one type of identities i.e. either only Public User Identities, or only Public Service Identities. User initiated registration/deregistration procedures (i.e. server-assignment-type is set to RE_REGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, etc.) shall only be allowed for distinct Public User Identities.

The HSS holds information about the state of registration of all the identities related to an IMS Subscription. The S-CSCF uses this procedure to update such states. For Shared Public User Identities, the S-CSCF shall initiate this procedure towards the HSS for each Private User Identity undergoing a Registration or Deregistration related to the Shared Public User Identity. For implicitly registered identities, the rules defined in Clause 6.5.1 shall apply.

When the request message was received because of a terminating session request, the HSS may prioritise the received request message according to priority level received within the Session-Priority AVP.

NOTE 1: Refer to Annex J for HSS procedures associated with the handling of both the Session-Priority AVP and DRMP AVP received in the request message.

The HSS shall, in the following order (in case of an error in any of the steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see TS 29.229 [5]):

- 1. Check that the Public Identity and Private Identity exist in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 2. The HSS may check whether the Private and Public Identities received in the request are associated in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITIES_DONT_MATCH.
- 3. If more than one Public-Identity AVP is present and the Server-Assignment-Type is one of the values defined in Table 6.1.2.1 as applying for only one identity, then the Result Code shall be set to DIAMETER_AVP_OCCURS_TOO_MANY_TIMES and no user information shall be returned.
- 4. The HSS shall check the Public Identity type received in the request.
 - If the identity in the request is a distinct Public User Identity, continue in step 5, otherwise the HSS shall check the server-assignment-type:

If it indicates REGISTRATION, RE_REGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME, AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE or AUTHENTICATION_TIMEOUT, Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE.

- If the identity in the request is a Public Service Identity, then check if the PSI Activation State for that identity is active. If not, then the response shall contain Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 5. Check the Server Assignment Type value received in the request:
 - If it indicates REGISTRATION or RE_REGISTRATION, the HSS shall check whether the Public Identity is assigned for the S-CSCF requesting the data.

If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF, and IMS restoration procedures are not supported or the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is not set, the HSS shall include the name of the previously assigned S-CSCF in the response message and the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITY_ALREADY_REGISTERED.

If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF and IMS restoration procedures are supported, and the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is set, the HSS shall overwrite the S-CSCF name and shall reset the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag.

If there is no S-CSCF assigned to the user or the requesting S-CSCF is the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF stored in the HSS, the HSS shall download the relevant user information taking into consideration the value set in the User-Data-Already-Available AVP (see clause 6.6). The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS and the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity as registered (if not already registered). If the S-CSCF Restoration Information is included in the request and the HSS implements IMS Restoration procedures, and if it is RE REGISTRATION, the HSS shall store this information. If the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific for the Private User Identity is set, the HSS shall clear it. If there are multiple Private User Identities, which belong to the served IMS subscription the Associated-Identities AVP should be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities associated to the IMS subscription. If the loose-route mechanism is required for the registered Public User Identities, the Loose-Route-Indication AVP shall be added to the answer message. If there are multiple Private User Identities being registered with the Public Identity received in the request message, and the IMS Restoration Procedures are supported in the HSS, the Associated-Registered-Identities AVP shall be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities being registered with the Public Identity, and subject to the operator policy, the HSS may include all stored S-CSCF Restoration Information groups associated to the Private User Identities in the response.

NOTE 2: If the HSS returns all the S-CSCF Restoration Information groups in the response, the S-CSCF can ignore the Associated-Registered-Identities AVP and skip additional Server-Assignment-Request since the information is already made available.

If it is REGISTRATION and the HSS implements IMS Restoration procedures, if multiple registration indication is included in the request and the Public User Identity is stored as registered in the HSS, and there is restoration information related to the Private User Identity, the HSS shall not overwrite the stored S-CSCF Restoration Information, instead, it shall send the stored S-CSCF restoration information together with the user profile in the SAA. Subject to the operator policy, if there is S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with several Private User Identities, the HSS may include all the S-CSCF Restoration Information groups in the response. The Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to

DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE. Otherwise, the HSS shall store the received S-CSCF restoration information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

- If it indicates UNREGISTERED_USER, the following applies.

If the P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is included in SAR-Flags AVP, the HSS supporting the P-CSCF-Restoration-mechanism feature shall check whether at least one of the serving node(s) for corresponding user support this feature. If none of the serving nodes support the feature, the HSS shall stop processing this request and the Result-Code shall be set to

DIAMETER_ERROR_SERVING_NODE_FEATURE_UNSUPPORTED.

The HSS shall check whether the Public Identity is assigned for the S-CSCF requesting the data:

- If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the
 previously assigned S-CSCF, and IMS restoration procedures are not supported or the S-CSCF
 reassignment pending flag is not set and a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is not included in SAR-Flags
 AVP, the HSS shall include the name of the previously assigned S-CSCF in the response message and the
 Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to
 DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITY_ALREADY_REGISTERED.
- If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF and IMS restoration procedures are supported, and the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is set, the HSS shall overwrite the S-CSCF name and shall reset the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag.
- If there is no S-CSCF assigned to the user or the requesting S-CSCF is the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF stored in the HSS, the HSS shall store the S-CSCF name.

The HSS shall check the Public Identity registration state:

- If the registration state of the Public Identity is not registered or unregistered, the HSS shall set or keep the registration state of the Public Identity as unregistered, i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request and if a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is not included in SAR-Flags AVP download the relevant user information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. If there are multiple Private User Identities associated to the Public User Identity in the HSS, the HSS shall arbitrarily select one of the Private User Identities and put it into the response message.
- If the registration state of the Public Identity is registered and IMS restoration procedures are not supported, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public identity as unregistered, clear any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with the Public User Identity (if any) and if a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is not included in SAR-Flags AVP download the relevant user information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. If there are multiple Private User Identities associated to the Public User Identity in the HSS, the HSS shall arbitrarily select one of the Private User Identities and put it into the response message.
- NOTE 3: The case where S-CSCF Restoration Information is stored in the HSS even though IMS Restoration Procedures are not supported corresponds to the situation where the HSS supports IMS Restoration Procedures but a new assigned S-CSCF does not, while the former S-CSCF supported this feature.
 - If the registration state of the Public Identity is registered and IMS restoration procedures are supported and a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is not included in SAR-Flags AVP, the HSS shall include in the response all S-CSCF Restoration Information related with the Public User Identity. If there is S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with several Private User Identities, the HSS shall include all the S-CSCF Restoration Information groups in the response. The Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE.
 - If the registration state of the Public Identity is Registered and IMS Restoration Procedures are supported and a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is included in SAR-Flags AVP, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public identity as Unregistered and clear any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with the Public User Identity (if any). The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

If there are multiple Private User Identities, which belong to the served IMS subscription the Associated-Identities AVP should be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities associated to the IMS subscription.

If the S-CSCF receives a wildcarded public identity from the I-CSCF, the S-CSCF shall use this wildcarded public identity to fetch the user profile (i.e. by sending a Cx-SAR including Wildcarded-Public-Identity AVP if the profile is not available) and registration information locally stored.

If the S-CSCF does not receive a wildcarded public identity, the S-CSCF shall not perform wildcarded public identity matching and shall use the public identity received instead to fetch the user profile (i.e. by sending a Cx-SAR without including Wildcarded-Public-Identity AVP if the profile is not available) and registration information.

- NOTE 4: There may be SIP requests in which the S-CSCF does not receive information of a wildcarded public identity, e.g. originating call from an AS on behalf of a user.
- NOTE 5: Since a distinct public identity falling into the range of a wildcarded public identity can have a different service profile, the S-CSCF does not perform the wildcarded public identity matching against the public identity received to avoid using the wrong service profile.

If the Wildcarded-Public-Identity AVP is not received and if the Public Identity falls within the range of a wildcarded public identity whose registration state is registered and a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is not included in SAR-Flags AVP, the HSS shall not overwrite the registration state. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE and the HSS shall include the Wildcarded-Public-Identity AVP in the response. Upon reception of this error, the S-CSCF should behave as if it has received a wildcarded public identity in the first place.

If SAR-Flags AVP includes a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication, the HSS supporting the P-CSCF-Restorationmechanism feature shall send a P-CSCF restoration indication to the serving nodes where the IMSI associated to the received Private Identity is registered, i.e. SGSN and/or MME, using S6a/S6d IDR/IDA or Gr ISD request/answer as described in TS 23.380 [19] clause 5.4. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

 If it indicates TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA or ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION, the following applies.

If it indicates ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION and if the P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication is included in SAR-Flags AVP, the HSS supporting the P-CSCF-Restoration-mechanism feature shall check whether at least one of the serving node(s) for corresponding user support this feature. If none of the serving nodes support the feature, the HSS shall stop processing this request and the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_SERVING_NODE_FEATURE_UNSUPPORTED.

The HSS shall check the registration state for all the Public Identities in the request.

- If a Private User Identity is present in the request, if the request did not contain Public Identities the HSS shall check the registration state of the Public Identities associated with the Private Identity identified in the request. For each Public Identity:
 - If the registration state of the Public User Identity is Registered, the HSS shall check if the Public User Identity is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities.
 - If the Public User Identity is currently registered with only one Private User Identity, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name and any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with the Public User Identity.
 - If the Public User Identity is currently registered with more than one Private User Identity, the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered and retain the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity. The HSS shall remove any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated to the registration of this Public User Identity with this Private User Identity.
- If a Private User Identity is absent in the request, if the Public User Identity is currently registered with more than one Private User Identity, the HSS shall stop processing this request and shall set the Result-Code to DIAMETER_MISSING_AVP.
- if the registration state of the Public Identity is Unregistered, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public Identity.

In case of ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION, if SAR-Flags AVP includes a P-CSCF-Restoration-Indication, the HSS or combined HSS-UDM supporting the P-CSCF-Restoration-mechanism feature shall send a P-CSCF restoration indication to the serving nodes where the IMSI associated to the received Private Identity is registered, i.e. SGSN and/or MME, using S6a/S6d IDR/IDA or Gr ISD request/answer as described in TS 23.380 [19] clause 5.4, and SMF and/or AMF, using the Nudm_UECM_P-CSCF-RestorationNotification service operation as described in TS 23.380 [19] clause 5.8.4.

The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS

- If it indicates TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME or USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME the HSS decides whether to keep the S-CSCF name associated to the Private User Identity stored or not for all the Public User Identities that the S-CSCF indicated in the request. If no Public User Identity is present in the request, the Private User Identity shall be present.
 - If the HSS decides to keep the S-CSCF name stored the HSS shall keep the S-CSCF name stored for all the Public User Identities associated to the Private User Identity. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

The HSS shall check if each Public User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. If the request did not contain Public User Identities the HSS shall check if each Public User Identity associated with the Private User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. For each Public User Identity;-

- If only one Private User Identity associated with the Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Unregistered and clear any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with the Public User Identity
- If more than one Private User Identity that shares that Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered. The HSS shall remove any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated to the registration of this Public User Identity with the Private User Identity in the request.
- If the HSS decides not to keep the S-CSCF name the Experimental-Result shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS_SERVER_NAME_NOT_STORED.

The HSS shall check if each Public User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. If the request did not contain Public User Identities the HSS shall check if each Public User Identity associated with the Private User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. For each Public User Identity;-

- If only one Private User Identity associated with the Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with Public User Identity.
- If more than one Private User Identity that shares that Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered.
- If it indicates NO_ASSIGNMENT, the HSS checks whether the Public Identity is assigned for the S-CSCF requesting the data. If the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the assigned S-CSCF and the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is not set, the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY, otherwise the HSS shall download the relevant user information and the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. If relevant S-CSCF Restoration Information is stored in the HSS and IMS Restoration Procedures are supported, it shall be added to the answer message. If there is S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with several Private User Identities, the HSS shall include all the S-CSCF Restoration Information groups in the response. If there are multiple Private User Identities, which belong to the served IMS subscription the Associated-Identities AVP should be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities associated to the IMS subscription.
- NOTE 6: the check of the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is needed since an S-CSCF supporting restoration procedures can receive a user initiated de-registration for a Public Identity for which it does not have any registration data (see TS 23.380 [19]). In such case, the S-CSCF indicates NO_ASSIGNMENT in Server-Assignment-Type to retrieve any possible restoration information from the HSS.
 - If it indicates AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE (e.g. there is a mismatch in IP-address secure binding information) or AUTHENTICATION_TIMEOUT (e.g. no response to Digest challenge), the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity. The HSS shall check the registration state for the Public User Identity in the request and only if the registration state of the Public User Identity is Not Registered, the HSS shall clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity.

If the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific for the Private User Identity is set, the HSS shall clear it. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

If the HSS cannot fulfil the received request, e.g. due to database error, it shall set the Result-Code to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. The HSS shall not modify any registration state nor download any Public Identity information to the S-CSCF.

See chapter 8.1.2 and 8.1.3 for the description of the handling of the error situations: reception of an S-CSCF name different from the one stored in the HSS and reception of a Server-Assignment-Type value not compatible with the registration state of the Public Identity.

6.1.3 Network initiated de-registration by the HSS, administrative

In case of network initiated de-registration of by the HSS, the HSS change the state of the Public Identities to Not Registered and send a notification to the S-CSCF indicating the identities that shall be de-registered. The procedure is invoked by the HSS, corresponds to the functional level operation Cx-Deregister (see TS 23.228 [1]).

This procedure is mapped to the commands Registration-Termination-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.3.1 and 6.1.3.2 describe the involved information elements.

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|---|----------------------------|------|---|
| Public User Identity / Public Service Identity (See 7.2 and 7.2a) | Public-Identity | С | It contains the list of Public Identities that are de-registered, in the form of SIP URL or TEL URL. Public-Identity AVP shall be present if the de-registration reason code is NEW_SERVER_ASSIGNED. It may be present with the other reason codes. |
| Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a) | User-Name | Μ | It contains the Private Identity in the form of a NAI. The HSS shall always send a Private Identity that is known to the S-CSCF based on an earlier SAR/SAA procedure. |
| Reason for de- registration (See 7.11) | Deregistration- Reason | М | The HSS shall send to the S-CSCF a reason for the de-registration. The de-registration reason is composed of two parts: one textual message (if available) that is intended to be forwarded to the user that is de-registered, and one reason code (see 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]) that determines the behaviour of the S-CSCF |
| Routing Information (See 7.13) | Destination- Host | М | It contains the name of the S-CSCF which originated the last update of the name of the multimedia server stored in the HSS for a given IMS Subscription. The address of the S-CSCF is the same as the Origin-Host AVP in the message sent from the S-CSCF. |
| Associated Private Identities | Associated- Identities | 0 | This AVP contains Private Identities, which belong to the same IMS subscription as the Private Identity in the User-Name AVP and should be de-registered together with that one. If the IMS subscription contains only a single Private Identity, this AVP shall not be present. |
| RTR Flags (See 7.30) | RTR-Flags | 0 | This information element contains a bit mask. See 7.30 for the meaning of the bits. |

Table 6.1.3.1: Network Initiated Deregistration by HSS request

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|--|--|------|---|
| Result (See 7.6) | Result-Code / Experimental- Result | М | This information element indicates the result of de-registration. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter base protocol (see IETF RFC 6733 [31]). Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP. |
| Associated Private Identities | Associated- Identities | С | This AVP shall be present if the S-CSCF de-registered more than one Private Identity with the request. It contains all Private Identities that have been deregistered together with the one in the User-Name AVP of the request. |
| Identities with Emergency Registration (See 7.25) | Identity-with- Emergency- Registration | С | This information element indicates a list of pairs of private and public user identities which have not been de-registered due to emergency registration. |

Table 6.1.3.2: Network Initiated Deregistration by HSS response

6.1.3.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall de-register the affected identities and invoke this procedure to inform the S-CSCF. The S-CSCF shall remove all the information stored in the S-CSCF for the affected identities.

The HSS may de-register:

- One Public Identity or a list of Public Identities. HSS may include all Public User Identities associated with the User-Name AVP to the request. This option is applicable with all reason codes.
- One or more Private Identities of the IMS Subscription with all associated Public Identities. No Public-Identity AVPs shall be present in this case. This option is applicable with reason codes PERMANENT_TERMINATION, SERVER_CHANGE, and REMOVE_S-CSCF.
- All Public Service Identities that match a Wildcarded Public Service Identity. In this case the HSS may send one of the Public Service Identities that was received in the Server Assignment Request for that Wildcarded Public Service Identity and the associated Private Service Identity.
- A Wildcarded Public User Identity. In this case the HSS shall send a distinct Public User Identity that belongs to the same implicit registration set as the Wildcarded Public User Identity and the associated Private User Identity.

The HSS shall send in the Deregistration-Reason AVP the reason for the de-registration, composed by a textual message (if available) aimed for the user and a reason code that determines the action the S-CSCF has to perform. The possible reason codes are:

- PERMANENT_TERMINATION: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that the S-CSCF will no longer be assigned to the Public Identity and associated implicitly registered/unregistered Public Identities (if any) for the Private Identity(ies) indicated in the request (e.g. due to an IMS subscription cancellation, or modification, or a removal of IP-address secure binding information when GIBA is used). This reason also indicates that no other S-CSCF can be assigned.

The HSS shall check the registration state of the Public Identities. If no Public Identities are involved, the HSS shall check the registration state of the Public Identities associated with the Private User Identity identified. For each Public Identity:

- If the registration state of the Public Identity is Registered, the HSS shall check if the Public User Identity is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities.
 - If the Public User Identity is currently registered with only one Private User Identity, the HSS shall check whether the Public User Identity is included in the information element Identities with Emergency Registrations returned by S-CSCF in the response.
 - If included, the HSS shall keep the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity and set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Unregistered.

- If not included, the HSS shall clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity, and set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Not Registered The S-CSCF initiates the de-registration of the Public User Identity unless it is emergency registered.
- If the Public User Identity is currently registered with more than one Private User Identity, the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered and retain the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity. The S-CSCF initiates the de-registration of the Public User Identity unless it is emergency registered.
- If the registration state of the Public Identity is Unregistered, the HSS shall check whether this Public User Identity is included in the information element Identities with Emergency Registrations returned by S-CSCF in the response.
 - If included, the HSS shall keep the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity.
 - If not included, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public Identity.
- NEW_SERVER_ASSIGNED: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that a new S-CSCF has been allocated to the IMS Subscription e.g. because the previous assigned S-CSCF was unavailable during a registration procedure. The S-CSCF shall remove all information for all of the Public Identities indicated in the request.
- SERVER_CHANGE: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that the de-registration is requested to force the selection of new S-CSCF to assign to the IMS Subscription (e.g. when the S-CSCF capabilities are changed in the HSS or when the S-CSCF indicates that it has not enough memory for the updated User Profile). The HSS shall set the registration state to "Not Registered" and clear the S-CSCF name for all of the Public Identities affected by the request. If the S-CSCF does not indicate in the response all the Private Identities that were in the request, the HSS shall repeat this request for each of the remaining Private Identities in the IMS Subscription that are known to the S-CSCF. The S-CSCF should start the network initiated de-registration towards the user, i.e. all registrations within the IMS Subscription are de-registered and the user is asked to re-register to all existing registrations.
- REMOVE_S-CSCF: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that the S-CSCF will no longer be assigned to an unregistered Public Identity(ies) (i.e registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) for a given IMS Subscription.

The HSS shall check if an emergency registration exists in the S-CSCF, checking for each Public Identity contained in the request whether it is present in the information element Identities with Emergency Registrations returned by S-CSCF.

- If an emergency registration does not exist in S-CSCF, for each Public Identity contained within the request, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public Identity. The S-CSCF shall remove all information related to the Public User Identity contained within the request.
- If an emergency registration exists in S-CSCF for one or more Public User Identities contained in the request, the S-CSCF should include the corresponding Private Identity /Public User Identity pairs in the information element Identities with Emergency Registrations in the answer. The HSS, when receiving such an answer, shall not change the registration state of the Public User Identities present in the information element Identities with Emergency Registrations and shall keep unchanged the S-CSCF name associated with these Public User Identities.

Public Identities which are emergency registered in the S-CSCF shall not be de-registered when a Cx-Deregistration request with a -reason code of PERMANENT_TERMINATION or REMOVE_S-CSCF is received from the HSS. In this case

- if all to be de-registered identities are emergency registered, a Result-Code set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY and a list of Private / Public Identity pairs which are emergency registered shall be returned to the HSS
- if a proper subset of the to be de-registered identities are emergency registered, a Result-Code of DIAMETER_LIMITED_SUCCESS and a list of Private Identity / Public Identity pairs which are emergency registered shall be returned to the HSS.

- NOTE 1: If the Public Identity that is emergency registered has normal registration as well, then for the normal registration the S-CSCF will perform the detailed de-registration procedures towards the UE for each reason code as described in TS 24.229 [8].
- NOTE 2: It is assumed that Public Identities which are implicitly registered along with an emergency registration are also emergency registered.

The detailed de-registration procedures performed by the S-CSCF are described in TS 24.229 [8].

6.1.4 User location query

This procedure is used between the I-CSCF and the HSS to obtain the name of the S-CSCF assigned to a Public Identity, or the name of the AS hosting a PSI for direct routing. The procedure is invoked by the I-CSCF, is performed per Public Identity, and corresponds to the functional level operation Cx-Location-Query (see TS 23.228 [1]).

This procedure is mapped to the commands Location Info Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.4.1 and 6.1.4.2 detail the involved information elements.

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|--|--|------|---|
| Public User Identity / Public Service Identity (See 7.2 and 7.2a) | Public-Identity | М | Public Identity |
| Routing information (See 7.13) | Destination- Host, Destination- Realm | С | If the I-CSCF knows HSS name Destination-Host AVP shall be present in the command. Otherwise, only Destination-Realm AVP shall be present and the command shall be routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF, based on the Diameter routing table in the I-CSCF. |
| Originating Request (See 7.18) | Originating- Request | 0 | It indicates that the request is related to an originating SIP message. |
| Type of Authorization (See 7.14) | User- Authorization- Type | С | This information element shall be present and set to REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES by the I-CSCF if IMS Restoration Procedures are supported and the S-CSCF currently assigned to the Public User Identity in the HSS cannot be contacted. |
| Session Priority (See 7.24) | Session- Priority | 0 | This information element, if present, shall indicate the session's priority to the HSS. |

Table 6.1.4.1: User Location query

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|---|--|------|--|
| Result (See 7.6) | Result-Code / Experimental- Result | М | Result of the operation. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter base protocol (see IETF RFC 6733 [31]). Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP. |
| S-CSCF Name / AS name (See 7.4 and 7.4a) | Server-Name | С | Name of the assigned S-CSCF for basic IMS routing or the name of the AS for direct routing. |
| S-CSCF capabilities (See 7.5) | Server- Capabilities | 0 | It contains the information to help the I-CSCF in the selection of the S- CSCF. |
| Wildcarded Public Identity (See 7.2b) | Wildcarded- Public-Identity | 0 | If the requests refers to a Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity (the Public Identity in the request matches a Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity in the HSS), the HSS shall include the corresponding Wildcarded Public Identity in this information element. The matching of distinct Public Identies takes precedence over the matching of wildcarded public identities. |
| LIA Flags (See 7.27) | LIA-Flags | 0 | This information element contains a bit mask. See 7.27 for the meaning of the bits. |

Table 6.1.4.2: User Location response

6.1.4.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS may prioritise the received request message according to priority level received within the Session-Priority AVP.

NOTE 1: Refer to Annex J for HSS procedures associated with the handling of both the Session-Priority AVP and DRMP AVP received in the request message.

The HSS shall, in the following order (if an error occurs in any of the ste

The HSS shall, in the following order (if an error occurs in any of the steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see TS 29.229 [5]):

- 1. Check that the Public Identity is known. If not the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 2. Check the type of the Public Identity contained in the request:
 - If this is a Public User Identity, continue to step 2a.
 - If this is a Public Service Identity:
 - Check if the PSI Activation State for that identity is active. If not, then the response shall contain Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
 - Check if the name of the AS hosting the Public Service Identity is stored in the HSS and that the request does not contain the Originating-Request AVP.
 - If this is the case, if IMS Restoration Procedures are supported, the HSS shall check if User-Authorization-Type was received in the request, and if the value is REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES:
 - If it is, the HSS shall reject the request with Result-Code set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY.
 - Otherwise, the HSS shall return the AS name and the Result-Code AVP shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. HSS may set PSI Direct Routing Indication bit in LIA-Flags AVP, then I-CSCF shall not perform IMS Restoration Procedures (see chapter 4.3.3 in TS 23.380 [19]).

- Otherwise, continue to step 2a.
- 2a. If IMS Restoration procedures are supported, the HSS shall check if User-Authorization-Type was received in the request, and if the value is REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES:
- If it is, then the HSS may return the Server-Capabilities AVP. The returned capabilities, if any, shall satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. If Server-Capabilities AVP is absent, it indicates to the I-CSCF that it can select any available S-CSCF. Also the HSS shall set the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag and allow overwriting of the S-CSCF name in the next SAR request, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name. Stop processing.
- Otherwise, continue to step 3.
- 3. Check the state of the Public Identity received in the request, and where necessary, check if the Public Identity has terminating services related to the unregistered state.
 - If it is registered, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name. The Server-Name AVP shall contain the SIP URI of the server. The Server-Capabilities AVP shall not be present. The Result-Code AVP shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If it is unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) the HSS shall return the S-CSCF name assigned for that Public Identity. The Server-Name AVP shall contain the SIP URI of the server. The Server-Capabilities AVP shall not be present. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If it is not registered, but either it has terminating services related to unregistered state or the request contains the Originating-Request AVP, the HSS shall check if there is at least one Public Identity within the IMS Subscription with an S-CSCF name assigned:
 - If this is the case the HSS shall return the S-CSCF name assigned for that Public Identity. The Server-Name AVP shall contain the SIP URI of the server. The Server-Capabilities AVP shall not be present. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If there is not any S-CSCF name assigned to a Public Identity within the IMS Subscription, the HSS may return information about the required S-CSCF capabilities, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be present. The HSS shall send the same server capability set that is sent in the user registration status response during the registration. If Server-Capabilities AVP is not present, the I-CSCF shall understand that any S-CSCF is suitable for the IMS Subscription. The Server-Name AVP shall not be present. The Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_UNREGISTERED_SERVICE.
 - If it is not registered or unregistered, and the Public Identity has no terminating services related to the unregistered state and the request does not contain the Originating-Request AVP, the response shall contain Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITY_NOT_REGISTERED.

If the HSS cannot fulfil the received request, e.g. due to database error, it shall set Result-Code to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. No S-CSCF name or S-CSCF capabilities shall be present in the response.

6.2 User data handling procedures

6.2.1 User Profile download

As part of the registration procedure (TS 23.228 [1]) S-CSCF obtains user data and service related information by means of the Cx-Put Resp operation (see 6.1.2).

6.2.2 HSS initiated update of User Information

This procedure is initiated by the HSS to update at least one of the following user information in S-CSCF:

- User profile information and/or

- Charging information and/or
- Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities and/or
- SIP Digest authentication information in the S-CSCF.

This procedure shall not be used by the HSS to add, delete, or update the value of the IMSI.

This procedure corresponds to the functional level operation Cx-Update_Subscr_Data (see TS 23.228 [1]).

This procedure is mapped to the commands Push-Profile-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.2.2.1 and 6.2.2.2 describe the involved information elements.

Table 6.2.2.1: User Profile Update request

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|---|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a) | User-Name | Μ | Private Identity. The HSS shall always send a Private Identity that is known to the S-CSCF based on an earlier SAR/SAA procedure. |
| User profile (See 7.7) | User-Data | С | Updated user profile (see clauses 6.5.2.1 and 6.6.1), with the format defined in chapter 7.7. It shall be present if the user profile is changed in the HSS. If the User-Data AVP is not present, the SIP-Auth-Data-Item or Charging-Information AVP or Allowed-WAF-WWSF-Identities AVP shall be present. |
| Authentication Data (See 7.9) | SIP-Auth- Data-Item | С | SIP Digest authentication information. It shall be present if the used authentication scheme is SIP Digest and when password change has occurred in the HSS. If the SIP-Auth-Data-Item AVP is not present, the Charging-Information or User-Data AVP or Allowed-WAF-WWSF-Identities AVP shall be present. See Table 6.3.6 for the contents of this information element. |
| Charging Information (See 7.12) | Charging- Information | С | Addresses of the charging functions. It shall be present if the charging addresses are changed in the HSS. If the Charging-Information AVP is not present, the SIP-Auth-Data-Item or User- Data AVP or Allowed-WAF-WWSF-Identities AVP shall be present. When this parameter is included, either the Primary-Charging-Collection- Function-Name AVP or the Primary-Event-Charging-Function-Name AVP shall be included. All other charging information shall be included if it is available. |
| Routing Information (See 7.13) | Destination- Host | Μ | It contains the name of the S-CSCF which originated the last update of the name of the multimedia server stored in the HSS for a given IMS Subscription. The address of the S-CSCF is the same as the Origin-Host AVP in the message sent from the S-CSCF. |
| Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities (See 7.29) | Allowed-WAF- WWSF- Identities | С | Addresses of the WAFs and/or WWSFs the subscription is allowing to use. It shall be present if the allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities are changed in the HSS. |

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|--------------------------|--|------|---|
| Result (See 7.6) | Result-Code / Experimental- Result | М | This information element indicates the result of the update of User Profile in the S-CSCF. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter base protocol (see IETF RFC 6733 [31]). Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP. |

6.2.2.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall make use of this procedure to update the relevant user information to the S-CSCF. See chapters 6.5.2.1 and 6.6.1 for the rules of user profile updating. See chapter 6.5.2.3 for the rules of Charging Information update. See chapter 6.5.2.4 for the rules of SIP Digest Authentication Data update. See chapter 6.5.2.5 for the rules of Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities update.

If there are multiple registered Private User Identities associated to the Public User Identity in the HSS, the HSS shall send only single request and select arbitrarily one of the Private User Identities and put it into the request. For updates of the profile of a Wildcarded Public Identity, the HSS shall send only one single request. That request shall contain the Wildcarded Public Identity.

The SIP-Auth-Data-Item AVP and/or Charging-Information AVP and/or the User-Data AVP shall be present in the request.

If the User-Data AVP is present in the request, the S-CSCF shall overwrite, for the Public Identities indicated in the User profile included in the request, current information with the information received from the HSS, except in the error situations detailed in table 6.2.2.1.1.

If the Charging-Information AVP is present in the request, the S-CSCF shall replace the existing charging information with the information received from the HSS.

The SIP-Auth-Data-Item AVP shall be present if the command is sent in order to update SIP Digest authentication information due to a password change.

If the S-CSCF receives data that it can not recognise, unsupported user data in a part of the request where it may not be ignored or more data than it can accept, it shall return the corresponding error code to the HSS as indicated in table 6.2.2.1.1. The S-CSCF shall not overwrite the data that it already has to give service to the IMS Subscription. The HSS shall initiate a network-initiated de-registration procedure towards the S-CSCF with Deregistration-Reason set to SERVER_CHANGE, which will trigger the assignment of a new S-CSCF.

If the HSS receives DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN from the S-CSCF in the Push-Profile-Answer, then the HSS shall re-send the request using another arbitrarily selected registered Private Identity (if any). If restoration procedures are not supported, the HSS shall set the unknown Private User Identity's registration status to "not registered"; this will allow the synchronization of the registration status in HSS and S-CSCF.

NOTE: If restoration procedures are supported, restoration procedures will ensure synchronization of the registration status in HSS and S-CSCF, i.e. the S-CSCF can either immediately retrieve the S-CSCF restoration information for the registered Public User Identity (sending SAR with Server Assignment Type set to NO_ASSIGNMENT), or wait for reception of a SIP request.

Table 6.2.2.1.1 details the valid result codes that the S-CSCF can return in the response.

| Result-Code AVP value | Condition |
|--|---|
| DIAMETER_SUCCESS | The request succeeded. |
| DIAMETER_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED_USER_DATA | The request failed. The S-CSCF informs the HSS that the received user information contained information, which was not recognised or supported by the S-CSCF due to unsupported S-CSCF capabilities. |
| DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN | The request failed because the Private Identity is not found in S-CSCF. |
| DIAMETER_ERROR_TOO_MUCH_DATA | The request failed. The S-CSCF informs to the HSS that it tried to push too much data into the S-CSCF. |
| DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY | The request failed. |

6.3 Authentication procedures

This procedure is used between the S-CSCF and the HSS to exchange information to support the authentication between the end user and the home IMS network. The procedure is invoked by the S-CSCF, corresponds to the combination of the operations Cx-AV-Req and Cx-AV-Req-Resp (see TS 33.203 [3]) and is used:

- To retrieve authentication vectors from the HSS.
- To resolve synchronization failures between the sequence numbers in the UE and the HSS for authentication schemes that support this capability (e.g. IMS-AKA).
- To promote the result of the NASS-level authentication to the IMS level.
- To_retrieve the IP-address secure binding information for GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication (GIBA) from the HSS.

This procedure is mapped to the commands Multimedia-Auth-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.3.1 through 6.3.7 detail the involved information elements.

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description | |
|---|----------------------------|------|--|--|
| Public User Identity (See 7.2) | Public-Identity | М | This information element contains the Distinct Public User Identity of the user | |
| Private User Identity (See 7.3) | User-Name | М | This information element contains the Private User Identity | |
| Number Authentication Items (See 7.10) | SIP-Number- Auth-Items | Μ | This information element indicates the number of authentication vectors requested. Certain authentication schemes do not support more than one set of authentication vectors (e.g. SIP Digest, GIBA). | |
| Authentication Data (See 7.9) | SIP-Auth- Data-Item | М | See Table 6.3.2 for the contents of this information element. | |
| S-CSCF Name (See 7.4) | Server-Name | М | This information element contains the name (SIP URL) of the S-CSCF. | |
| Routing Information (See 7.13) | Destination- Host | С | If the S-CSCF knows the HSS name this AVP shall be present. This information is available if the MAR belongs to an already existing registration, e.g. in case of the re-registration, where the HSS name is stored in the S-CSCF. The HSS name is obtained from the Origin-Host AVP, which is received from the HSS, e.g. included in the MAA command. This information may not be available if the command is sent in case of the initial registration. In this case the Destination-Host AVP is not present and the command is routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF, based on the Diameter routing table in the client. | |

 Table 6.3.1: Authentication Request

Table 6.3.2: Authentication Data content in Authentication Request

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|---|------------------------------------|------|---|
| Authentication Scheme (See 7.9.2) | SIP- Authentication- Scheme | М | This information element indicates the authentication scheme. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for a list of values |
| Authentication Context (See 7.9.7) | SIP- Authentication- Context | С | This information element shall contain authentication-related information relevant for performing the authentication. It shall be absent for IMS-AKA authentication schemes. |
| Authorization Information (See 7.9.4) | SIP- Authorization | С | This information element shall only be present for a request due to an IMS- AKA synchronization failure. If present, only IMS-AKA authentication schemes are allowed. |

Table 6.3.3: Void

Table 6.3.4: Authentication Request Response

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description | |
|---|--|------|--|--|
| User Identity (See 7.2) | Public-Identity | С | Public User Identity. It shall be present when the result is DIAMETER_SUCCESS. | |
| Private User Identity (See 7.3) | User-Name | С | Private User Identity. It shall be present when the result is DIAMETER_SUCCESS. | |
| Number Authentication Items (See 7.10) | SIP-Number- Auth-Items | С | This information element indicates the number of authentication vectors delivered in the Authentication Data information element. It shall be present when the result is DIAMETER_SUCCESS. For SIP Digest, NASS Bundled authentication and GIBA this AVP shall set to a value of 1. | |
| Authentication Data (See 7.9) | SIP-Auth- Data-Item | С | If the SIP-Number-Auth-Items AVP is equal to zero or it is not present, then this information element shall not be present. See Table 6.3.5 for the contents of this information element. | |
| Result (See 7.6) | Result-Code / Experimental- Result | М | This information element indicates the result of the operation. It shall be mapped to Result-Code AVP for errors defined in the Diameter base protocol (see IETF RFC 6733 [31]). It shall be mapped to Experimental-Result AVP for Cx/Dx errors. This information element is mapped to a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP. | |

Table 6.3.5: Authentication Data information element content in Authentication Request Response

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|--|-----------------------------------|------|---|
| Item Number (See 7.9.1) | SIP-Item- Number | С | This information element shall only be present for IMS-AKA authentication schemes. This information element shall be present when there are multiple occurrences of the Authentication Data information element in the Authentication Request Response, and the order in which they should be processed is significant. In this scenario, Authentication Data information elements with a low Item Number information element value should be processed before Authentication Data information elements with a high Item Number information element value. |
| Authentication Scheme (See 7.9.2) | SIP- Authentication- Scheme | М | This information element indicates the authentication scheme. |
| Authentication Information (See 7.9.3) | SIP- Authenticate | С | This information element shall only be present for IMS-AKA authentication schemes. |
| Authorization Information (See 7.9.4) | SIP- Authorization | С | This information element shall only be present for IMS-AKA authentication schemes. |
| Confidentiality Key (See 7.9.5) | Confidentiality- Key | С | This information element shall be present for IMS AKA authentication schemes. It shall contain the confidentiality key. |
| Integrity Key (See 7.9.6) | Integrity-Key | С | This information element shall only be present for IMS-AKA authentication schemes. This information element shall contain the integrity key. |
| Digest Authenticate (See 7.9.8) | SIP-Digest- Authenticate | С | This information element shall only be present for SIP Digest authentication scheme. See Table 6.3.7 for contents of this grouped AVP. |
| Line Identifier (See 7.9.9) | Line-Identifier | С | This information element shall only be present for NASS Bundled authentication scheme. This information element contains fixed broadband access line identifier associated to the user. This information element can be repeated. |
| Framed IP Address (See 7.9.10) | Framed-IP- Address | С | This information element shall only be present for GPRS-IMS-Bundled authentication scheme. If the IP Address of the User is an IPv4 address, this AVP shall be included. |
| Framed IPv6 Prefix (See 7.9.11) | Framed-IPv6- Prefix | С | This information element shall only be present for GPRS-IMS-Bundled authentication scheme. If the IP Address of the User is an IPv6 address, this AVP shall be included. |
| Framed Interface Id (See 7.9.12) | Framed- Interface-Id | С | This information element shall only be present for GPRS-IMS-Bundled authentication scheme. If and only if the IP Address of the User is an IPv6 address and the Framed-IPv6-Prefix AVP alone is not unique for the user this AVP shall be included. |

Table 6.3.6: Void

| Information element name | Mapping to Diameter AVP | Cat. | Description |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|---|
| Digest Realm (See 7.9.8.1) | Digest-Realm | М | This information element corresponds to the Realm parameter as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. |
| Digest Algorithm (See 7.9.8.3) | Digest- Algorithm | 0 | This information element contains the algorithm as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. If this information element is not present, then "MD5" is assumed. If this information element is present it shall contain "MD5". |
| Digest QoP (See 7.9.8.4) | Digest-QoP | М | This information element contains the QoP as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. This information element shall be set to a value of "auth" by the HSS. |
| Digest HA1 (See 7.9.8.5) | Digest-HA1 | М | This information element contains the H(A1) as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. |

 Table 6.3.7: Digest Authenticate information element content – Response for SIP Digest

Table 6.3.8: Void

Table 6.3.9: Void

6.3.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall, in the following order (in case of an error in any of the steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see TS 29.229 [5]):

- 1. Check that the Private User Identity and the Public User Identity exist in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 2. Check that the Public User Identity matches a distinct Public User Identity in the HSS. If it doesn't, the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 3. Check whether the Private and Public User Identities in the request are associated in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITIES_DONT_MATCH.
- 4. Check the authentication scheme indicated in the request, and
 - if it is "Unknown", check the authentication scheme stored in HSS. If it is neither NASS-Bundled authentication nor SIP Digest authentication, Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_AUTH_SCHEME_NOT_SUPPORTED.
 - if not, check that the authentication scheme indicated in the request is supported. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_AUTH_SCHEME_NOT_SUPPORTED.

This step is only applicable for IMS-AKA authentication. If the request indicates there is a synchronization failure, the HSS shall compare the S-CSCF name received in the request to the S-CSCF name stored in the HSS:

- If they are identical the HSS shall process AUTS as described in TS 33.203 [3] and return the requested authentication information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
- 5. Check the registration status of the Public User Identity received in the request:
 - If it is registered, the HSS shall compare the S-CSCF name received in the request to the S-CSCF name stored in the HSS:
 - If they are different, the HSS shall overwrite the S-CSCF name. If IMS restoration procedures are supported and the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is set, the HSS shall reset the flag and keep the S-CSCF restoration information associated with the Public User Identity. The HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. If authentication scheme is neither NASS-Bundled nor GIBA, the HSS shall set the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific to the Private User Identity received in the request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

- If they are identical, the HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
- If it is unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) or not registered, the HSS shall compare the S-CSCF name received in the request to the S-CSCF name stored in the HSS:
 - If they are different or if there is no S-CSCF name stored in the HSS for any Public User Identity of the IMS subscription, the HSS shall store the S-CSCF name. The HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. If authentication scheme is neither NASS-Bundled nor GIBA, the HSS shall set the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific to the Private User Identity which was received in the request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If they are identical, the HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. If authentication scheme is neither NASS-Bundled nor GIBA, the HSS shall set the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific to the Private User Identity that was received in the request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

Exceptions to the cases specified here shall be treated by HSS as error situations, the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. No authentication information shall be returned.

6.4 User identity to HSS resolution

The User identity to HSS resolution mechanism enables the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF to find the identity of the HSS, that holds the subscriber data for a given Public Identity when multiple and separately addressable HSSs have been deployed by the network operator. The resolution mechanism is not required in networks that utilise a single HSS. An example for a single HSS solution is server farm architecture.

The resolution mechanism described in TS 23.228 [1] shall use a Subscription Locator Function (SLF) or a Diameter Proxy Agent.

The I-CSCF and the S-CSCF accesses the SLF via the Dx interface. The Dx interface shall always be used in conjunction with the Cx interface. The Dx interface shall be based on the Diameter base protocol as specified in IETF RFC 6733 [31]. The SLF functionality shall use the routing mechanism provided by an enhanced Diameter redirect agent.

The SLF or the Diameter Proxy Agent shall be able to determine the HSS identity.

To get the HSS identity the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF shall send the Cx request normally destined to the HSS to a preconfigured Diameter address/name.

- If this Cx Request is received by an SLF (acting as a Diameter redirect agent), the SLF shall determine the HSS identity and sends to the I-CSCF or S-CSCF a notification of redirection towards the HSS identity, in response to the Cx request. Multiple HSS identities may be included in the response, as specified in IETF RFC 6733 [31]. In such a case, the I-CSCF or the S-CSCF shall send the Cx Request to the first HSS identity in the ordered list received in the Cx Response from the SLF. If the I-CSCF or S-CSCF does not receive a successful response to the Cx Request, the I-CSCF or S-CSCF shall send a Cx Request to the next HSS identity in the ordered list. This procedure shall be repeated until a successful response from an HSS is received.
- If this Cx Request is received by the Diameter Proxy Agent, the Diameter Proxy Agent shall determine the HSS identity based on the provided user identity and if the Diameter load control mechanism is supported (see IETF IETF RFC 8583 [29]) optionally also based on previously received load values from Load AVPs of type HOST. The Diameter Proxy Agent shall then forward the Cx request directly to the determined HSS. The I-CSCF and S-CSCF shall determine the HSS identity from the response to the Cx request received from the HSS.

While the I-CSCF is stateless, the S-CSCF shall store the HSS identity/name/Realm, as specified in TS 23.228 [1] and shall use it in further Cx requests associated to the same IMS Public Identity.

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In networks where the use of the user identity to HSS resolution mechanism is required, each I-CSCF and S-CSCF shall be configured with the address/name of the SLF or the Diameter Proxy Agent to enable use of these resolution mechanisms.

6.5 Implicit registration

Implicit registration is the mechanism by which a user is allowed to register simultaneously more than one of his/her Public User Identities. The HSS knows the identities that are to be implicitly registered when it receives the indication of the registration of an individual identity.

What follows is an extension of the affected basic procedures.

6.5.1 S-CSCF initiated procedures

The result of the S-CSCF initiated procedures affects all the Public User Identities that are configured in the HSS to be in the same implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the targeted individual Public User Identity. Where the S-CSCF initiated procedure affects the Registration state of the targeted Public User Identity, the Registration states of the Public User Identities in the associated implicitly registered Public User Identity set are affected in the same way.

6.5.1.1 Registration

The notification of a registration of a Public User Identity implies the registration of the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set. The user information downloaded in the response contains the Public User Identities of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the associated service profiles. This allows the S-CSCF to know which Public User Identities belong to the implicitly registered Public User Identity set. The S-CSCF shall take from the set of implicitly registered Public User Identities the first identity which is not barred, and use this as the default Public User Identity. The default Public User Identity shall be a distinct Public User Identity.

6.5.1.2 De-registration

The de-registration of a Public User Identity implies the de-registration of the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set, both in the HSS and in the S-CSCF. The S-CSCF shall include in the request a single Public User Identity to deregister all the Public User Identities that belong to the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set.

The de-registration of a Private User Identity implies the de-registration of all the corresponding Public User Identities, both in the HSS and in the S-CSCF.

6.5.1.3 Authentication

Setting the authentication pending flag for a Public User Identity implies setting the authentication pending flag for each corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity in the HSS.

6.5.1.4 Downloading the user profile

If the S-CSCF requests to download a user profile from HSS, the user profile in the response shall contain the Public User Identities of the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the associated service profiles.

6.5.1.5 Initiation of a session to a non-registered user

The change of a Public User Identity to the Unregistered state due to the initiation of a session from/to a Public Identity that was in Not Registered state and the opposite change from Unregistered state to Not Registered state implies the same change for all the Public User Identities in the same Implicit Registration Set.

6.5.2 HSS initiated procedures

6.5.2.1 Update of User Profile

A request sent by the HSS to update the user profile shall include only the Public User Identities of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set, with the associated service profiles (even if not updated). If other Public User Identities not associated with the implicitly registered Public User Identity set are affected, they shall be downloaded in separate commands.

This procedure shall be used by the HSS to add a newly provisioned or Not Registered Public User Identity or Identities to an existing implicitly registered Public User Identity set that is in the state Registered or Unregistered. The added Public User Identity gets the registration state of the set it is added to.

The HSS shall use this procedure if a Public User Identity or Identities are removed from the implicitly registered Public User Identity set that is in a state Registered or Unregistered. In practise, this is done by sending a PPR for the set without the removed identities. The S-CSCF shall remove all information stored in the S-CSCF for the removed identities.

The HSS shall not use this procedure if there is no Public User Identities left in the implicitly registered Public User Identity set after the removal. In that case HSS shall use the RTR command instead.

The HSS shall not use this procedure to change the default Public User Identity of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set that is in a state Registered. In that case the HSS shall use the RTR command to de-register the Public User Identity set.

When a change of the Reference Location Information occurs (e.g., a change of authorization), the HSS may use a network initiated de-registration instead of this procedure, and may indicate to the S-CSCF that the de-registration is sent due to change of Reference Location Information.

Moving of a Public User Identity or Identities from one implicitly registered Public User Identity set to another set shall be done in two steps: First the identity or identities are removed from the "old" set as described above, then the identity or identities are added to the "new" set as described above.

6.5.2.2 De-registration

A request sent by the HSS to de-register any of the identities included in an implicitly registered Public User Identity set shall affect all the Public User Identities of the deregistered set.

The de-registration of a Private User Identity implies the de-registration of all the corresponding Public User Identities, both in the HSS and in the S-CSCF.

6.5.2.3 Update of the Charging information

A request sent by the HSS to update the charging information shall include the Private User Identity for whom the charging information changed.

If corresponding Public Identity is registered or unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) and charging information is changed, the HSS should immediately push this information to the S-CSCF.

6.5.2.4 Update of the SIP Digest Authentication Data

A request sent by the HSS to update the authentication data shall include the Private User Identity for whom the authentication data changed.

If corresponding Public Identity is registered and authentication data is changed, the HSS should immediately push this information to the S-CSCF.

If corresponding Public Identity is either not registered or unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored), authentication pending flag is set and authentication data is changed, the HSS should immediately push this information to the S-CSCF.

6.5.2.5 Update of the Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities

A request sent by the HSS to update the WAF and/or WWSF identities allowed for the subscription shall include the Private User Identity for whom this information changed.

If corresponding Public Identity is registered and allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities are changed, the HSS should immediately push this information to the S-CSCF.

6.6 Download of the Relevant User Profile and Charging Information and Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities

The download of the relevant user profile, charging information and, if supported and part of subscription, allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities from the HSS to the S-CSCF depends on whether the user profile, charging information and, if supported and part of subscription, allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities are already stored in the S-CSCF. If the SiFC feature is supported by the HSS and S-CSCF, the HSS shall download the identifiers of the shared iFC sets. If either the HSS or the S-CSCF does not support the SiFC feature, the HSS shall download the complete iFCs, and SiFC identifiers shall not be downloaded by the HSS. The SiFC feature is defined in TS 29.229 [5].

If User-Data-Already-Available is set to USER_DATA_NOT_AVAILABLE the HSS shall download the requested user profile, charging information and, if supported and part of subscription, allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities. If the Public User Identity in the request is included in an implicitly registered Public User Identity set, the HSS shall include in the response the service profiles associated with all Public User Identities within the implicitly registered Public User Identity set to which the received Public User Identity belongs.

If User-Data-Already-Available is set to USER_DATA_ALREADY_AVAILABLE, the HSS should not return any user profile or charging information data or allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities. The HSS may override User-Data-Already-Available set to USER_DATA_ALREADY_AVAILABLE and download the user profile, charging information and, if supported and part of subscription, allowed WAF and/or WWSF identities.

6.6.1 HSS initiated update of User Profile

The request to update the user profile in the S-CSCF includes only the Public User Identities of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the associated service profiles. See 6.5.2.1.

If the Public Identity is registered or unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) and there are changes in the user profile, the HSS should immediately push the complete user profile to the S-CSCF.

6.6.2 S-CSCF operation

At deregistration of a Public User Identity, the S-CSCF shall store the user information if it sends Server-Assignment-Request command including Server-Assignment-Type AVP set to value

 $USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME \ or$

TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME and the HSS responds with DIAMETER_SUCCESS. Otherwise the S-CSCF shall not keep user information.

6.7 S-CSCF Assignment

The list of mandatory and optional capabilities received by an I-CSCF from the HSS allows operators to distribute users between S-CSCFs, depending on the different capabilities (e.g. features, role, geographical location) that each S-CSCF may have. Alternatively, an operator has the possibility to steer users to certain S-CSCFs.

The operator shall define (possibly based on the functionality offered by each S-CSCF installed in the network) the exact meaning of the S-CSCF mandatory and optional capabilities available in his network. It is an operator task to allocate a unique value to represent a single capability (e.g. support of "wildcarded PSI") or a set of capabilities (e.g. support of "alias" and "Shared IFC sets" and "wildcarded PSI") and to use these values to identify capabilities that are mandatory and/or optional to support for a given subscription. It is a configuration task for the operator to ensure that the I-CSCF has a correct record of the capabily values received from the HSS for each S-CSCF available in his

network. The I-CSCF and the HSS do not need to know the semantic of these values. This semantic is exclusively an operator issue.

As a first choice, the I-CSCF shall select an S-CSCF that has all the mandatory and optional capabilities for the user. Only if that is not possible shall the I-CSCF apply a 'best-fit' algorithm. If more than one S-CSCF is identified that supports all mandatory capabilities the I-CSCF may then consider optional capabilities in selecting a specific S-CSCF. The 'best-fit' algorithm is implementation dependent and out of the scope of this specification.

It is the responsibility of the operator to ensure that there are S-CSCFs which have mandatory capabilities indicated by the HSS for any given user. However, configuration errors may occur. If such errors occur and they prevent the I-CSCF from selecting an S-CSCF which meets the mandatory capabilities indicated by the HSS, the I-CSCF shall inform the operator via the O&M subsystem.

As an alternative to selecting an S-CSCF based on the list of capabilities received from the HSS, it is possible to steer users to certain S-CSCFs. To do this, the operator may include one or more S-CSCF names as part of the capabilities of the user profile. The reason for the selection (e.g. all the users belonging to the same company/group could be in the same S-CSCF to implement a VPN service) and the method of selection are operator issues and out of the scope of this specification. If this alternative is chosen, the HSS shall include Server-Name AVPs in the Server-Capabilities AVP and should not include Mandatory-Capability AVPs or Optional-Capability AVPs in the Server-Capabilities AVP, and the I-CSCF when receiving Server-Name AVPs within the Server-Capabilities AVP shall discard any Mandatory-Capability AVP and any Optional-Capability AVP received within the Server-Capabilities AVP.

The following table is a guideline for operators that records S-CSCF capabilities that need to be supported by an S-CSCF in order to serve a user or a service (identified by a Public User Identity or Public Service Identity), that cannot be served by an S-CSCF which is only compliant to a previous 3GPP release.

| Capability | Mandatory or | Description | | |
|---|----------------------|---|--|--|
| | Optional (NOTE 1) | | | |
| Support of "Wildcarded PSI" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of Wildcarded PSIs. | | |
| Support of "OrigUnreg SPT" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall be able to process iFCs with a Session Case "Originating_Unregistered" received from the HSS in the | | |
| Support of "OrigCDIV SPT" | М | user profile. This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall | | |
| | IVI | be able to process iFCs with a Session Case "Originating_CDIV" received from the HSS in the user profile. | | |
| Support of "Shared iFC sets" | 0 | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF may support the "SiFC" feature defined in the 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. | | |
| Support of "Display Name" | 0 | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF may support the handling of "Display Name". The behaviour of the S-CSCF related to this missing data is the same as if the HSS did not send the Display Name. | | |
| Support of "Alias" | 0 | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF may support the "AliasInd" feature defined in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. | | |
| Support of "SIP Digest Authentication" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of SIP Digest Authentication. | | |
| Support of "NASS Bundled Authentication" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of NASS Bundled Authentication. | | |
| Support of "Wildcarded IMPUs" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of Wildcarded Public User Identities. | | |
| Support of "Loose-Route " | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the loose-route mechanism. | | |
| Support of "Service Level Trace" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the Service Level Trace mechanism. | | |
| Support of "Priority Service" | М | This capability indicates that the S-CSCF shall support a network default pre-configured namespace (e.g. "wps") and the associated Service Priority Level. See IETF RFC 4412 [22] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [8]. | | |
| Support of "Extended Priority " (NOTE 2) | М | This capability indicates that the S-CSCF shall support the Priority Namespaces and their associated Priority Levels. See IETF RFC 4412 [22] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [8]. | | |
| Support of "Early IMS Security" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support GIBA. | | |
| Support of "Reference Location" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of reference location as defined in 3GPP TS 23.167 [23]. | | |
| Support of "Priviledged-Sender" | М | This capability indicates that the S-CSCF shall support priviledged sender. See 3GPP TS 24.229 [8]. | | |
| Support of "IMSI" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of the IMSI. | | |
| Support of "Maximum Number of allowed simultaneous registrations" | М | This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of maximum number of allowed simultaneous registrations per user as received from the HSS. | | |
| a given user. The I-CSCF shal | I not select an S-C | ability that shall be supported by the assigned S-CSCF for CSCF that does not meet a mandatory capability. The ility would lead to an unspecified network behaviour. | | |
| Optional (O) corresponds to an Optional Capability that may be supported by the assigned S-CSCF for a given user. The selection of a S-CSCF that would not support this capability will not significantly affect the network behaviour. | | | | |
| NOTE 2: Support of "Extended Priority " | is backward com | patible with continued support of the "Priority Service". | | |

| Table 6.7: Guidelines for S-CSCF Capabilities |
|---|
|---|

7 Information element contents

7.1 Visited Network Identifier

This information element contains the domain name of the visited network.

7.2 Public User Identity

This information element contains the Public User Identity. For definition of a Public User Identity, see TS 23.003 [17].

When GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication (GIBA) is used, a Temporary Public User Identity is derived from the IMSI used for bearer network access according to the rules in TS 23.003 [17].

7.2a Public Service Identity

This information element contains a Public Service Identity (PSI) that is hosted by an application server. For definition of a PSI, see TS 23.003 [17].

7.2b Wildcarded Public Identity

This information element contains a Wildcarded PSI that is hosted by an application server or a Wildcarded Public User Identity. For definition of a Wildcarded PSI and a Wildcarded Public User Identity, see TS 23.003 [17].

7.2c Void

7.3 Private User Identity

This information element contains the Private User Identity. For definition of a Private User Identity, see TS 23.003 [17].

When GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication (GIBA) is used, the Private User Identity is derived from the IMSI as specified in TS 33.203 [3].

7.3a Private Service Identity

This information element contains the Private Service Identity. For definition of a Private Service Identity, see TS 23.003 [17].

7.4 S-CSCF Name

This information element contains the S-CSCF Name of the S-CSCF assigned to an IMS Subscription. For definition of a S-CSCF Name, see TS 23.008 [18].

7.4a AS Name

This information element contains the AS Name of the AS hosting a Public Service Identity. For definition of AS Name, see TS 23.008 [18].

7.5 S-CSCF Capabilities

This information element carries information to assist the I-CSCF during the process of selecting an S-CSCF for a certain IMS Subscription.

7.6 Result

This information element contains result of an operation. See TS 29.229 [5] for the possible values.

7.7 User Profile

This information element contains the user profile in XML format. The user profile XML shall be valid against the user profile XML schema defined in Annex E.

Annex B specifies the UML logical model of the user profile downloaded via the Cx interface.

Annex D contains and informative, high level representation, of the wire representation of user profile data.

7.8 Server Assignment Type

Indicates the type of server assignment. See TS 29.229 [5] for the list of existing values.

7.9 Authentication Data

This information element is composed of the following sub-elements.

7.9.1 Item Number

This information element indicates the order in which the authentication vectors are to be consumed. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.2 Authentication Scheme

This information element contains the authentication scheme, which is used to encode the authentication parameters. See TS 29.229 [5] for a list of values.

7.9.3 Authentication Information

This information element is used to convey the challenge and authentication token used during the authentication procedure, see TS 33.203 [3] for more information. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.4 Authorization Information

This information element is used, in an authentication request, to indicate a failure of synchronization. In a response, it is used to convey the expected response to the challenge used to authenticate the user, see TS 33.203 [3] for more information. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.5 Confidentiality Key

This information element contains the confidentiality key, see TS 33.203 [3] for more information. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.6 Integrity Key

This information element contains the integrity key, see TS 33.203 [3] for more information. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.7 Authentication Context

This information element contains authentication-related information relevant for performing the authentication but that is not part of the SIP authentication headers. Some mechanisms (e.g. PGP, digest with quality of protection set to authint defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16], digest with predictive nonces or sip access digest) request that part or the whole SIP request (e.g. the SIP method) is passed to the entity performing the authentication. In such cases the SIPAuthentication-Context AVP shall be carrying such information.

See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.8 Digest Authenticate

This information element is composed of the following sub-elements.

7.9.8.1 Digest Realm

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, and corresponds to the Realm parameter as defined in IETF RFC 3261 [11]. This information element is used to convey the Realm to the S-CSCF during the SIP Digest authentication procedure. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.8.2 Void

7.9.8.3 Digest Algorithm

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.8.4 Digest QoP

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. It provides the Quality of Protection indication and has an effect on the digest computation. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.8.5 Digest HA1

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.9 Line Identifier

This information element contains the line identifier of the user's network termination. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

7.9.10 Framed IP Address

See TS 29.229 [5] for more information.

7.9.11 Framed IPv6 Prefix

See TS 29.229 [5] for more information.

7.9.12 Framed Interface Id

See TS 29.229 [5] for more information.

7.9.8.1 Digest Realm

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, and corresponds to the realm parameter as defined in IETF RFC 3261 [11]. This information element is used to convey the realm to the S-CSCF during the SIP Digest authentication procedure.

7.9.8.2 Void

7.9.8.3 Digest Algorithm

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16].

7.9.8.4 Digest QoP

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. It provides the Quality of Protection indication and has an effect on the digest computation.

7.9.8.5 Digest HA1

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16].

7.9.9 Line Identifier

This information element contains the line identifier of the user's network termination.

7.10 Number Authentication Items

This information element contains the number of authentication vectors requested or delivered.

7.11 Reason for de-registration

This information element contains the reason for a de-registration procedure.

7.12 Charging information

Addresses of the charging functions. See TS 29.229 [5].

7.13 Routing information

Information to route requests.

7.14 Type of authorization

Type of authorization requested by the I-CSCF. See TS 29.229 [5] for a list of values.

7.15 Void

Void

7.16 User Data Already Available

This information element indicates to the HSS if the user profile is already available in the S-CSCF. See TS 29.229 [5] for a list of values.

7.17 Associated Private Identities

This information element indicates to the S-CSCF the Private Identities, which belong to the same IMS Subscription as the Private Identity received in the request command. See TS 29.229 [5].

7.18 Originating-Request

This information element indicates to the HSS that the request is related to an originating SIP message. See 3GPP 29.229 [5].

7.19 User Authorization Request Flags

This information element carries the following indication (see 3GPP 29.229 [5] for coding details):

- IMS Emergency Registration.

7.20 Loose-Route Indication

This information element indicates to the S-CSCF that the loose-route mechanism shall be applied to the public identities contained in the user profile received from the HSS. See TS 29.229 [5]. This information is static data for the duration of the subscription or the validity of the IMS identity. Modification of this data result in Network Initiated Deregistration (SERVER_CHANGE); see clause 6.1.3.1.

7.21 S-CSCF Restoration Information

This information element contains information for the S-CSCF to handle traffic for a registered user. It is associated with the Private User Identity and the Implicit Registration Set that is affected by the SAR request. See TS 29.229 [5] for the contents of this information element.

7.22 Associated Registered Private Identities

This information element indicates to the S-CSCF the Registered Private Identities, which were registered with the Public Identity received in the request command. See TS 29.229 [5].

7.23 Multiple Registration Indication

This information element indicates to the HSS that this is related to a multiple registration. See TS 29.229 [5].

7.24 Session-Priority

This information element indicates the session's priority level to the HSS. See TS 29.229 [5].

7.25 Identities with Emergency Registration

This information element indicates to the HSS a list of pairs of Private / Public Identities that are emergency registered. See TS 29.229 [5].

7.26 Priviledged-Sender Indication

This information element indicates to the S-CSCF that the Private User Identity shall be considered as a priviledged sender, as described in TS 24.229 [8].

7.27 LIA Flags

This information element carries the following indications. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

- PSI Direct Routing Indication

7.28 Server Assignment Request Flags

This information element carries the following indication (see 3GPP 29.229 [5] for coding details):

- P-CSCF Restoration Indication

7.29 Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities

Addresses of the WebRTC Authentication Functions and/or WebRTC Web Server Functions allowed for a subscription. See TS 33.203 [3].

7.30 RTR Flags

This information element carries the following indications. See TS 29.229 [5] for coding details.

- Reference Location Information change

8 Error handling procedures

8.1 Registration error cases

This clause describes the handling of error cases, which can occur during the registration process. If the new and previously assigned S-CSCF names sent in the Multimedia-Auth-Request command are different and the Multimedia-Auth-Request is not indicating synchronisation failure (i.e. the request does not contain auts parameter), then the HSS shall overwrite the S-CSCF name.

If the new and previously assigned S-CSCF names sent in a command other than the Multimedia-Auth-Request command are different and the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is not set, then the HSS shall not overwrite the S-CSCF name; instead it shall send a response to the S-CSCF indicating an error.

8.1.1 Cancellation of the old S-CSCF

It is possible that in certain situations the HSS receives a Multimedia-Auth-Request (MAR) command including a S-CSCF name, which is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF for the user. This can happen e.g. in case the new S-CSCF is selected due to a failure in the re-registration if the previously assigned S-CSCF does not respond to REGISTER message sent from the I-CSCF after a timeout.

In this case, the new S-CSCF is assigned for the user and if registrations in the previously assigned S-CSCF exist for the user, these registrations in the old S-CSCF are handled locally in the old S-CSCF, e.g. re-registration timers in the old S-CSCF shall cancel the registrations.

Additionally, the HSS should de-register the registrations in the old S-CSCF by using the Registration-Termination-Request command. In this case, the HSS shall first check whether the deregistration is really required by comparing the Diameter client address of the newly assigned S-CSCF received in the MAR command to the Diameter client address stored in the HSS. If the Diameter client addresses match, the deregistration shall not be initiated. Otherwise the deregistration should be initiated for all the registered Public User Identities for the corresponding IMS Subscription. HSS shall check whether IMS Restoration Procedures are supported to perform deregistration:

- If supported, Registration-Termination-Request shall be sent for all Public User Identities (with their associated Private User Identities), with Deregistration-Reason AVP value set to NEW_SERVER_ASSIGNED.
- Otherwise, Registration-Termination-Request shall be sent with different Deregistration-Reason AVP values, in the following order:
 - 1. Deregistration-Reason AVP value set to NEW_SERVER_ASSIGNED, for the Public User Identity (with its associated Private User Identity), which is registered in the new S-CSCF.
 - 2. Deregistration-Reason AVP value set to SERVER_CHANGE, for the user Public User Identities (with their associated Private User Identities), which are not yet registered in the new S-CSCF.

8.1.2 Error in S-CSCF name

If the S-CSCF name sent in the Server-Assignment-Request command and the previously assigned S-CSCF name stored in the HSS are different and the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is not set, then the HSS shall not overwrite the S-CSCF name. If the Server Assignment Type indicates NO_ASSIGNMENT, the HSS shall send a response to the S-CSCF with Result-Code value set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. For all other Server Assignment Types, the HSS shall send a response to the S-CSCF with Experimental-Result-Code value set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITY_ALREADY_REGISTERED.

If the S-CSCF name sent in the Server-Assignment-Request command and the previously assigned S-CSCF name stored in the HSS are different and IMS Restoration Procedures are supported and the S-CSCF reassignment pending flag is set, then the HSS shall allow overwriting of the S-CSCF name and proceed with the processing of the SAR command as defined in clause 6.1.2.

8.1.3 Error in S-CSCF assignment type

If the Server-Assignment-Type in the Server-Assignment-Request command sent by the S-CSCF to the HSS is not allowed (i.e if the Server-Assignment-Type is not applicable based on the user state or it is not applicable based on the user identity type), the HSS shall send a response to the S-CSCF with the Experimental-Result-Code value set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE.

9 Protocol version identification

See TS 29.229 [5].

10 Operational Aspects

See TS 29.229 [5].

Annex A (normative): Mapping of Cx operations and terminology to Diameter

A.1 Introduction

This appendix gives mappings from Cx to Diameter protocol elements. Diameter protocol elements are defined in TS 29.229 [5].

A.2 Cx message to Diameter command mapping

The following table defines the mapping between stage 2 operations and Diameter commands:

| Cx message | Source | Destination | Command-Name | Abbreviation |
|--------------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Cx-Query + Cx-Select-Pull | I-CSCF | HSS | User-Authorization-Request | UAR |
| Cx-Query Resp + Cx-Select-Pull | HSS | I-CSCF | User-Authorization-Answer | UAA |
| Resp | | | | |
| Cx-Put + Cx-Pull | S-CSCF | HSS | Server-Assignment-Request | SAR |
| Cx-Put Resp + Cx-Pull Resp | HSS | S-CSCF | Server-Assignment-Answer | SAA |
| Cx-Location-Query | I-CSCF | HSS | Location-Info-Request | LIR |
| Cx-Location-Query Resp | HSS | I-CSCF | Location-Info-Answer | LIA |
| Cx-AuthDataReq | S-CSCF | HSS | Multimedia-Authentication- | MAR |
| | | | Request | |
| Cx-AuthDataResp | HSS | S-CSCF | Multimedia-Authentication-Answer | MAA |
| Cx-Deregister | HSS | S-CSCF | Registration-Termination-Request | RTR |
| Cx-Deregister Resp | S-CSCF | HSS | Registration-Termination-Answer | RTA |
| Cx-Update_Subscr_Data | HSS | S-CSCF | Push-Profile-Request | PPR |
| Cx-Update_Subscr_Data Resp | S-CSCF | HSS | Push-Profile-Answer | PPA |

Table A.2.1: Cx message to Diameter command mapping

A.3 Cx message parameters to Diameter AVP mapping

The following table gives an overview about the mapping:

| Table A.3.1: Cx message parameters | to Diameter AVP mapping |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|

| Cx parameter | AVP Name | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Visited Network Identifier | Visited-Network-Identifier | |
| Public Identity | Public-Identity | |
| Private Identity | User-Name | |
| S-CSCF Name | Server-Name | |
| AS Name | | |
| S-CSCF capabilities | Server-Capabilities | |
| | Result-Code | |
| Result | Experimental-Result-Code | |

| Cx parameter | AVP Name | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| User profile | User-Data | |
| Server Assignment Type | Server-Assignment-Type | |
| Authentication data | SIP-Auth-Data-Item | |
| Item Number | SIP-Item-Number | |
| Authentication Scheme | SIP-Authentication- | |
| | Scheme | |
| Authentication Information | SIP-Authenticate | |
| Authorization Information | SIP-Authorization | |
| Confidentiality Key | Confidentiality-Key | |
| Integrity Key | Integrity-Key | |
| Number Authentication | SIP-Number-Auth-Items | |
| Items | | |
| Reason for de-registration | Deregistration-Reason | |
| Charging Information | Charging-Information | |
| Routing Information | Destination-Host | |
| Type of Authorization | Authorization-Type | |
| Associated Private | Associated-Identities | |
| Identities | | |
| Digest Authenticate | SIP-Digest-Authenticate | |
| Digest Realm | Digest-Realm | |
| Digest Algorithm | Digest-Algorithm | |
| Digest QoP | Digest-QoP | |
| Digest HA1 | Digest-HA1 | |
| Line Identifier | Line-Identifier | |
| Wildcarded Public Identity | Wildcarded-Public Identity | |
| Loose-Route Indication | Loose-Route-Indication | |
| S-CSCF Restoration | SCSCF-Restoration-Info | |
| Information | | |
| Multiple Registration | Multiple-Registration- | |
| Indication | Indication | |
| Priviledged-Sender | Priviledged-Sender- | |
| Indication | Indication | |
| LIA Flags | LIA-Flags | |
| Allowed WAF and/or | Allowed-WAF-WWSF- | |
| WWSF Identities | Identities | |

A.4 Message flows

The following message flows give examples regarding which Diameter messages shall be sent in scenarios described in TS 23.228 [1].

A.4.1 Registration-user not registered

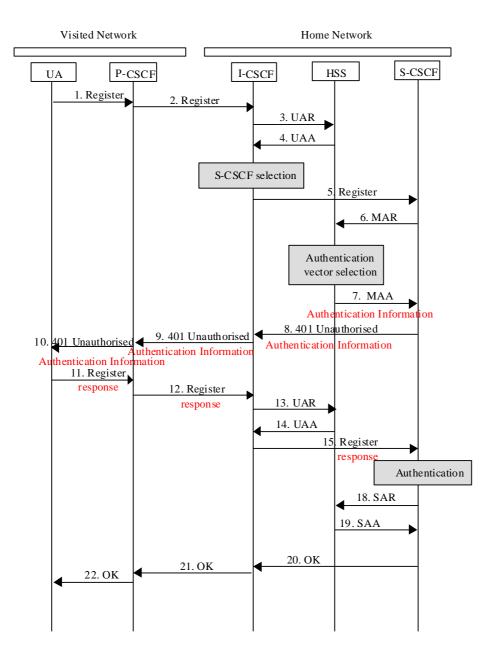


Figure A.4.1.1: Registration – user not registered

A.4.2 Registration – user currently registered

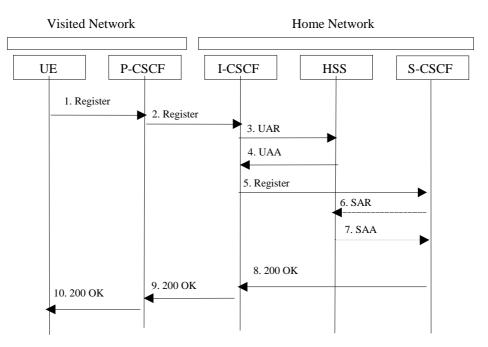


Figure A.4.2.1: Re-registration

A.4.3 UE initiated de-registration

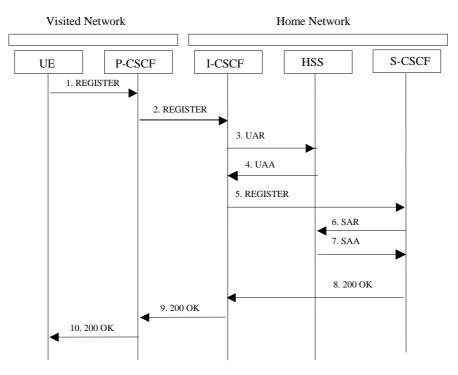


Figure A.4.3.1: UE initiated de-registration

A.4.4 Network initiated de-registration

A.4.4.1 Registration timeout

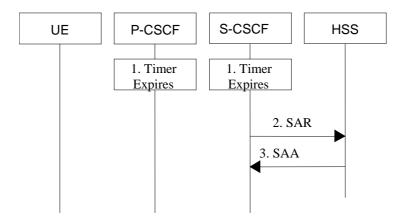


Figure A.4.4.1.1: Network initiated de-registration – registration timeout

A.4.4.2 Administrative de-registration

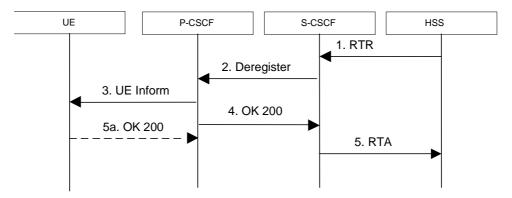
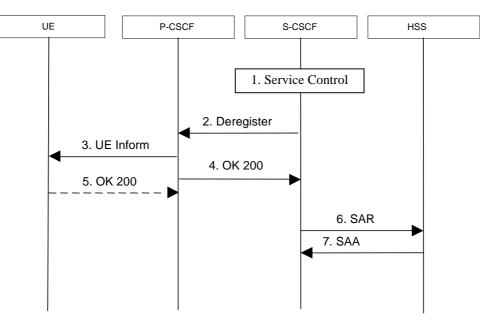


Figure A.4.4.2.1: Network initiated de-registration – administrative de-registration



A.4.4.3 De-registration initiated by service platform



A.4.5 UE Terminating SIP session set-up

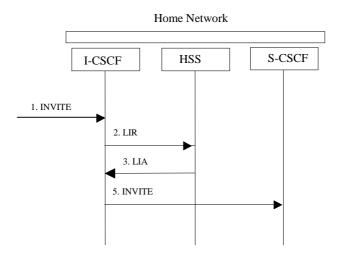


Figure A.4.5.1: UE Terminating SIP session set-up



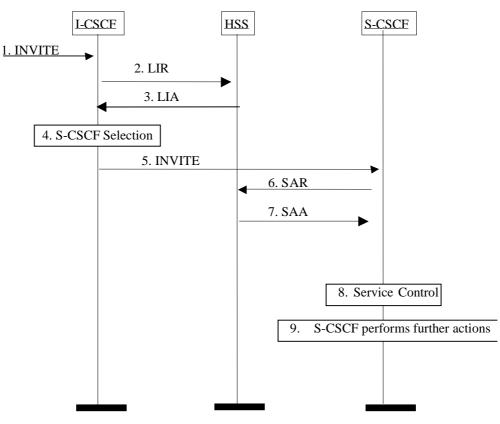


Figure A.4.6.1: Initiation of a session to a non-registered user

A.4.6a AS originating session on behalf of a non-registered user

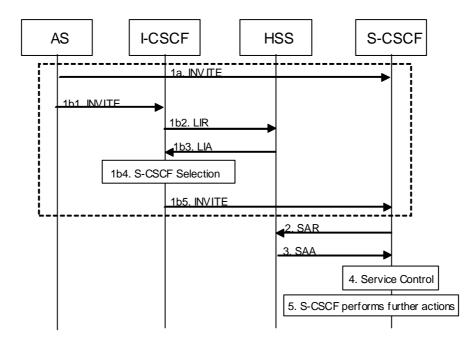


Figure A.4.6a.1: AS originating session on behalf of a non-registered user

A.4.7 User Profile update

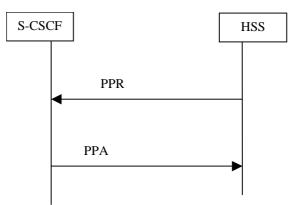


Figure A.4.7.1: User profile update

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Annex B (informative): User profile UML model

The purpose of this UML model is to define in an abstract level the structure of the user profile downloaded over the Cx interface and describe the purpose of the different information classes included in the user profile.

B.1 General description

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of the user profile, which is downloaded from HSS to S-CSCF:

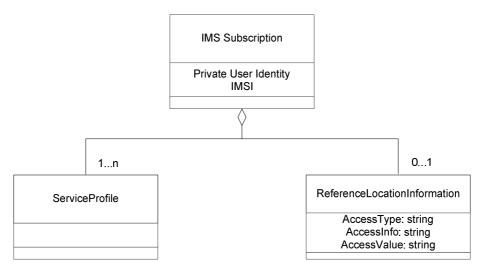


Figure B.1.1: User Profile

IMS Subscription class contains as a parameter the private user identity of the user in NAI format and the IMSI of the user, if available, as defined in TS 23.003 [17].

Each instance of the IMS Subscription class contains zero or one instance of the class Reference Location Information.

The class Reference Location Information contains zero or one attribute AccessType, zero or one attribute AccessInfo, and zero or one attribute AccessValue.

The attribute AccessType indicates the type of access for which the reference location of the user is defined (e.g. ADSL). The attribute AccessInfo indicates the type of the access information defined for the reference location of the user (e.g. dsl-location). The attribute AccessValue contains the location information (e.g. line identifier in fixed access networks) as configured by the operator.

Each instance of the IMS Subscription class contains one or several instances of the class Service Profile.

B.2 Service profile

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of the Service Profile class:

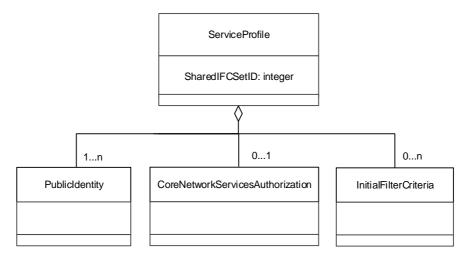


Figure B.2.1: Service Profile

Each instance of the Service Profile class consists of the following classes:

- One or several instances of the Public-Identity class. PublicIdentity class contains the Public Identities associated with that service profile. The information in the CoreNetworkServicesAuthorization and InitialFilterCriteria classes apply to all PublicIdentification class instances, which are included in one ServiceProfile class.
- An optional instance of the CoreNetworkServicesAuthorization class. If no instance of the CoreNetworkServicesAuthorization class is present, no filtering related to subscribed media or restriction on IMS Communication Service Identifiers applies in the S-CSCF.
- Zero or several instances of the InitialFilterCriteria class.

Each instance of the Service Profile class contains the following attributes:

- Zero or more instances of the attribute SharedIFCSetID. A SharedIFCSetID attribute points to a set of Initial Filter Criteria locally administered and stored at the S-CSCF. Shared iFC Sets may be shared by several Service Profiles.

B.2.1 Public Identification

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Public Identification class:

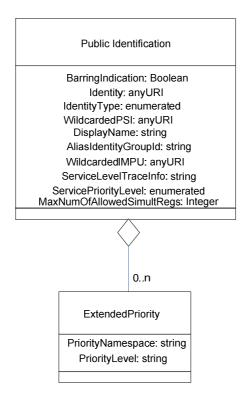


Figure B.2.1.1: Public Identification

The attribute BarringIndication is of type Boolean. If it is absent, or if it is present and set to FALSE, the S-CSCF shall not restrict the use of that public user identity in any IMS communications. If it is present and set to TRUE, the S-CSCF shall prevent that public identity from being used in any IMS communication except registrations and re-registrations, as specified in TS 24.229 [8].

Public Identification class can contain an Identity attribute. The attribute IdentityType indicates the type of identity contained in each case. It could be either:

- A distinct Public User Identity
- A distinct Public Service Identity
- A Wildcarded Public Service Identity
- A non distinct Public User Identity, i.e. not explicitly provisioned in HSS.
- A Wildcarded Public User Identity

If the identity type is not present, it is assumed to be a distinct Public User Identity.

The attribute WildcardedPSI may be present (when IdentityType is WildcardedPSI) and contains the Wildcarded Public Service Identity that matched the Public Service Identity. This Wildcarded Public Service identity shall be sent as stored in the HSS, that is, including the delimiter described in TS 23.003 [17].

The attribute DisplayName allows a name to be associated with a Public Identity.

The attribute AliasIdentityGroupID indicates the Alias Public User Identity Set to which the Public User Identity belongs. If the "AliasInd" feature is supported, all Public User Identities shall have an AliasIdentityGroupID allocated. Within an IMS subscription Public User Identities that have the same AliasIdentityGroupID allocated shall be in the same implicit registration sets, and shall share their service profile and the same service data for each and every service, and shall be regarded as aliases of each other, as defined in the TS 23.008 [18]. If the "AliasInd" feature is not supported, all Public User Identities within an IMS subscription that are within the same implicit registration set and share their service profile shall be regarded aliases of each other.

The attribute WildcardedIMPU shall be present when IdentityType is a non distinct IMPU or it may be optionally present when IdentityType is a Wildcarded IMPU. It contains the Wildcarded Public User Identity that matched the

Public User Identity. This Wildcarded Public User identity shall be sent as stored in the HSS, that is, including the delimiter described in TS 23.003 [17].

The attribute ServiceLevelTraceInfo provides the Service Level Tracing Information that is related to the Public User Identity. If the ServiceLevelTraceInfo is present, service level tracing shall be enabled in the S-CSCF for the related Public User Identity according to the configuration data received. If the ServiceLevelTraceInfo is not present, service level tracing is disabled in the S-CSCF for the related Public User Identity.

The attribute ServicePriorityLevel provides the Priority Level allowed for the Public User Identity, which can be used by the S-CSCF and other network elements for Priority Service.

The attribute PriorityNamespace provides the Namespace as specified in IETF RFC 4412 [22] and to which the Extended Priority refers.

The attribute PriorityLevel provides the Priority Level allowed for the Public User Identity, for the Extended Priority. Its value depends on the PriorityNamespace.

The attribute MaxNumOfAllowedSimultRegs provides the maximum number of allowed simultaneous registrations for the Public User Identity.

B.2.1A Core Network Service Authorization

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Core Network Service Authorization class:

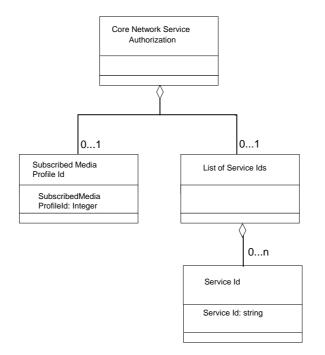


Figure B.2.1A.1: Core Network Service Authorization

Each instance of the Core Network Service Authorization class contains zero or one instance of the class Subscribed Media Profile Id. If no instance of the class Subscribed Media Profile Id is present, no filtering related to subscribed media applies in S-CSCF. The Subscribed Media Profile Id is of type Integer and identifies a media profile in the S-CSCF for the authorization of media parameters.

Each instance of the Core Network Service Authorization class contains zero or one instance of the class List of Service Ids. If no instance of the class List of Service Ids is present, no restriction on IMS Communication Service Identifiers related applies in S-CSCF. Each instance of the class List of Service Ids contains zero or more instances of the class Service Id. The Service Id is of type String and identifies an IMS Communication Service Identifier that the subscriber is authorized to use.

B.2.2 Initial Filter Criteria

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Initial Filter Criteria class:

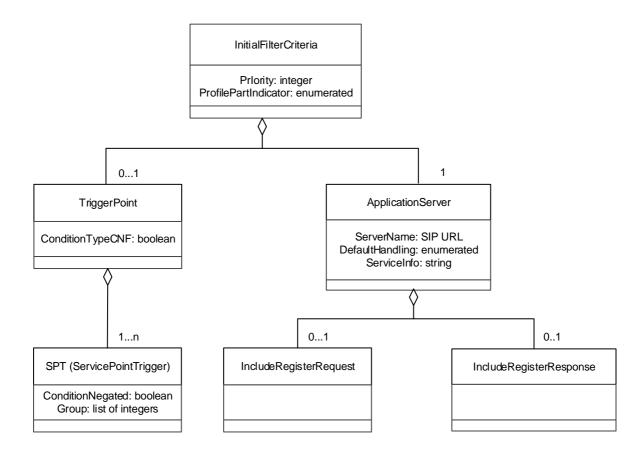


Figure B.2.2.1.1: Initial Filter Criteria

Each instance of the InitialFilterCriteria class includes the following attributes:

- One instance of Priority attribute that indicates the priority of the Filter Criteria. The higher the Priority Number the lower the priority of the Filter Criteria is; i.e., a Filter Criteria with a higher value of Priority Number shall be assessed after the Filter Criteria with a smaller Priority Number have been assessed. The same priority shall not be assigned to more than one initial Filter Criterion.
- An optional instance of ProfilePartIndicator attribute that is an enumerated type, with possible values "REGISTERED and UNREGISTERED, indicating if the iFC is a part of the registered or unregistered user profile. If ProfilePartIndicator is missing from the iFC, the iFC is considered to be relevant to both the registered and unregistered parts of the user profile, i.e. belongs to the common part of the user profile.

Each instance of the InitialFilterCriteria class consists of the following classes:

- An optional instance of TriggerPoint class that describes the trigger points that should be checked in order to find out if the indicated Application Server should be contacted or not. Each TriggerPoint is a boolean expression in Conjunctive or Disjunctive Normal form (CNF of DNF). The absence of Trigger Point instance will indicate an unconditional triggering to Application Server.

The attribute ConditionTypeCNF attribute defines how the set of SPTs are expressed, i.e. either an Ored set of ANDed sets of SPT statements or an ANDed set of Ored sets of statements. Individual SPT statements can also be negated. These combinations are termed, respectively, Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF) and Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) for the SPT (see Annex C). Both DNF and CNF forms can be used. ConditionTypeCNF is

a boolean that is TRUE when the Trigger Point associated with the FilterCriteria is a boolean expression in Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) and FALSE if the Trigger Point is expressed in Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF) (see Annex C).

Each TriggerPoint class is composed by 1 to n instances of the SPT (ServicePointTrigger) class.

- One instance of ApplicationServer class that defines the application server, which is contacted, if the trigger points are met.

Each instance of the ApplicationServer class includes following attributes:

- One instance of ServerName attribute that is the SIP URL of the application server to contact.
- An optional instance of DefaultHandling attribute that determines whether the dialog should be released if the Application Server could not be reached or not; it is of type enumerated and can take the values: SESSION_CONTINUED or SESSION_TERMINATED.
- One optional instance of the ServiceInfo attribute. The ServiceInfo attribute allows to download to S-CSCF information that is to be transferred transparently to an Application Server when the trigger points of a filter criterion are satisfied. ServiceInfo is a string conveying that information. See TS 23.218 [6] for a description of the use of this information element.

Each instance of the ApplicationServer class includes following classes:

- One optional instance of the IncludeRegisterRequest class that indicates to the S-CSCF that the incoming SIP REGISTER request is to be transferred to an Application Server when the trigger points of a filter criterion are satisfied. See TS 23.218 [6] for a description of the use of this information element.
- One optional instance of the IncludeRegisterResponse class that indicates to the S-CSCF that the final SIP response to the incoming SIP REGISTER request is to be transferred to an Application Server when the trigger points of a filter criterion are satisfied. See TS 23.218 [6] for a description of the use of this information element.

B.2.3 Service Point Trigger

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Service Point Trigger class:

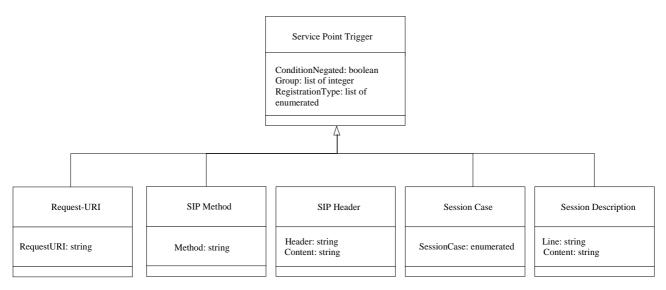


Figure B.2.3.1: Service Point Trigger

The attribute Group of the class Service Point Trigger allows the grouping of SPTs that will configure the subexpressions inside a CNF or DNF expression. For instance, in the following CNF expression (A+B).(C+D), A+B and C+D would correspond to different groups. In CNF, the attribute Group identifies the ORed sets of SPT instances. If the SPT belongs to different ORed sets, SPT can have more than one Group values assigned. At least one Group must be assigned for each SPT.

In DNF, the attribute Group identifies the ANDed sets of SPT instances. If the SPT belongs to different ANDed sets, SPT can have more than one Group values assigned. At least one Group must be assigned for each SPI.

The attribute ConditionNegated of the class Service Point Trigger defines whether the individual SPT instance is negated (i.e. NOT logical expression).

NOTE: The operator should be aware that a negated Session Case implies that all other available session cases are set. The list of session cases depends on the release and can even be increased in the future, then a negated Session Case may end up triggering ASs unexpectedly (e.g. NOT ORIGINATED_REGISTERED may trigger only TERMINATING_UNREGISTERED and TERMINATING_REGISTERED, or as well ORIGINATING_UNREGISTERED and ORIGINATING_CDIV).

The attribute RegistrationType of the class Service Point Trigger is relevant only to the SIP Method SPT with a value of "REGISTER" and its' support is optional in the HSS and in the S-CSCF. The RegistrationType may contain a list of values that define whether the SPT matches to REGISTER messages that are related to initial registrations, reregistrations, and/or de-registrations. If RegistrationTypes are given, the SIP Method SPT with a value of "REGISTER" shall match if any of the RegistrationTypes match and the S-CSCF supports the RegistrationType attribute. If the SIP Method SPT contains value "REGISTER", and no RegistrationType is given, or if the S-CSCF does not support the RegistrationType attribute, the SIP Method SPT matches to all REGISTER messages. The attribute RegistrationType may be discarded if it is present in an SPT other than SIP Method with value "REGISTER".

Request-URI class defines SPT for the Request-URI. Request-URI contains attribute RequestURI.

SIP Method class defines SPT for the SIP method. SIP Method contains attribute Method which holds the name of any SIP method.

SIP Header class defines SPT for the presence or absence of any SIP header or for the content of any SIP header. SIP Header contains attribute Header which identifies the SIP Header, which is the SPT, and the Content attribute defines the value of the SIP Header if required.

The absence of the Content attribute and ConditionNegated = TRUE indicates that the SPT is the absence of a determined SIP header.

Session Case class represents an enumerated type, with possible values "Originating", "Terminating_Registered", "Terminating_Unregistered", "Originating_CDIV" indicating whether the filter should be used by the S-CSCF handling the Originating, Terminating for a registered end user, Terminating for an unregistered end user, Originating for an unregistered end user, or Originating after Call Diversion services.

Session Description Information class defines SPT for the content of any SDP field within the body of a SIP Method. The Line attribute identifies the line inside the session description. Content is a string defining the content of the line identified by Line.

Annex C (informative): Conjunctive and Disjunctive Normal Form

A Trigger Point expression is constructed out of atomic expressions (i.e. Service Point Trigger) linked by Boolean operators AND, OR and NOT. Any logical expression constructed in that way can be transformed to forms called Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) and Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF).

A Boolean expression is said to be in Conjunctive Normal Form if it is expressed as a conjunction of disjunctions of literals (positive or negative atoms), i.e. as an AND of clauses, each of which is the OR of one of more atomic expressions.

Taking as an example the following trigger:

Method = "INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR (Method="SUBSCRIBE" AND NOT Header = "from" Content = "joe")

The trigger can be split into the following atomic expressions:

Method="INVITE"

Method="MESSAGE"

Method="SUBSCRIBE"

NOT header="from" Content ="joe"

Grouping the atomic expressions, the CNF expression equivalent to the previous example looks like:

(Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR Method="SUBSCRIBE") AND (Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR (NOT Header = "from" Content = "joe"))

This result in two "OR" groups linked by "AND" (CNF):

(Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR Method="SUBSCRIBE")

(Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR (NOT Header = "from" Content = "joe"))

The XML representation of the trigger is:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<IMSSubscription xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="CxDataType.xsd">
         <PrivateID>IMPI1@homedomain.com</PrivateID>
         <ServiceProfile>
            <PublicIdentity>
               <BarringIndication>1</BarringIndication>
               <Identity> sip:IMPU1@homedomain.com </Identity>
            </PublicIdentity>
            <PublicIdentity>
                <Identity> sip:IMPU2@homedomain.com </Identity>
            </PublicIdentity>
            <InitialFilterCriteria>
                <Priority>0</Priority>
                <TriggerPoint>
                   <ConditionTypeCNF>1</ConditionTypeCNF>
                   <SPT>
                      <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                      <Group>0</Group>
                      <Method>INVITE</Method>
                   </SPT>
```

```
<SPT>
           <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
           <Group>0</Group>
           <Method>MESSAGE</Method>
         </SPT>
         <SPT>
           <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
           <Group>0</Group>
            <Method>SUBSCRIBE</Method>
        </SPT>
        <SPT>
           <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
           <Group>1</Group>
            <Method>INVITE</Method>
        </SPT>
        <SPT>
           <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
           <Group>1</Group>
            <Method>MESSAGE</Method>
        </SPT>
        <SPT>
           <ConditionNegated>1</ConditionNegated>
           <Group>1</Group>
           <SIPHeader>
               <Header>From</Header>
               <Content>"joe"</Content>
            </SIPHeader>
        </SPT>
     </TriggerPoint>
     <ApplicationServer>
         <ServerName>sip:AS1@homedomain.com</ServerName>
         <DefaultHandling>0</DefaultHandling>
      </ApplicationServer>
   </InitialFilterCriteria>
</ServiceProfile>
```

```
</IMSSubscription>
```

A Boolean expression is said to be in Disjunctive Normal Form if it is expressed as a disjunction of conjunctions of literals (positive or negative atoms), i.e. as an OR of clauses, each of which is the AND of one of more atomic expressions.

The previous example is already in DNF, composed by the following groups:

```
Method="INVITE"
```

Method="MESSAGE"

Method="SUBSCRIBE" AND (NOT header="from" Content ="joe")

The XML representation of the trigger is:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<IMSSubscription xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="CxDataType.xsd">
<PrivateID>IMPI1@homedomain.com</PrivateID>
<ServiceProfile>
<PublicIdentity>
<BarringIndication>1</BarringIndication>
<Identity> sip:IMPU1@homedomain.com </Identity>
</PublicIdentity>
<PublicIdentity>
```

```
<Identity> sip:IMPU2@homedomain.com </Identity>
            </PublicIdentity>
            <InitialFilterCriteria>
               <Priority>0</Priority>
               <TriggerPoint>
                  <ConditionTypeCNF>0</ConditionTypeCNF>
                  <SPT>
                     <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                     <Group>0</Group>
                     <Method>INVITE</Method>
                  </SPT>
                  <SPT>
                     <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                     <Group>1</Group>
                     <Method>MESSAGE</Method>
                  </SPT>
                  <SPT>
                     <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                     <Group>2</Group>
                     <Method>SUBSCRIBE</Method>
                  </SPT>
                  <SPT>
                     <ConditionNegated>1</ConditionNegated>
                     <Group>2</Group>
                     <SIPHeader>
                        <Header>From</Header>
                        <Content>"joe"</Content>
                     </SIPHeader>
                  </SPT>
               </TriggerPoint>
               <ApplicationServer>
                  <ServerName>sip:AS1@homedomain.com</ServerName>
                  <DefaultHandling index="0">0</DefaultHandling>
               </ApplicationServer>
            </InitialFilterCriteria>
         </ServiceProfile>
</IMSSubscription>
```

Annex D (informative): High-level format for the User Profile

The way the information shall be transferred through the Cx interface can be seen from a high-level point of view in the following picture:

| IMS | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Subscription Data | Service Profile | Public id. data | Core Network Serv. Auth. | App.&Serv. Filters |
| | | | 1 | |

Figure D.1: Example of in-line format of user profile

If more than one service profile is created, for example to assign a different set of filters to public identifiers 1 and 2 and public identity 3, the information shall be packaged in the following way:

| IMC | _ . | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| IMS Subscription | Service | Public id. 1 | Public id. 2 | CN Serv. Auth. | A&S Filters | Service | Public id. 3 | CN Serv. Auth. | A&S Filters |
| | Profile 1 | | | | | Profile 2 | | | |
| Data | | | | | | | | | |

Figure D.2: Example of in-line format of user profile

Annex E (normative): XML schema for the Cx interface user profile

The file CxDataType_Rel11.xsd, attached to this specification, contains the XML schema for the user profile that is sent over the Cx interface. The user profile XML schema defines that are used in the user profile XML. The data that is allowed to be sent in the user profile may vary depending on the features supported by the Diameter end points, see TS 29.229 [5]. The user profile XML schema file is intended to be used by an XML parser. The version of the Cx application sending the user profile XML shall be the same as the version of the sent user profile XML and thus it implies the version of the user profile XML schema to be used to validate it.

Table E.1 describes the data types and the dependencies among them that configure the user profile XML schema.

Table E.1: XML schema for the Cx interface user profile: simple data types

| Data type | Tag | Base type | Comments |
|---|--|------------|--|
| tPriority | Priority | integer | >= 0 |
| tProfilePartIndicator | ProfilePartIndicator | enumerated | Possible values: 0 (REGISTERED) 1 (UNREGISTERED) |
| tSharedIFCSetID | SharedIFCSetID | integer | >= 0 |
| tGroupID | Group | integer | >= 0 |
| tRegistrationType | RegistrationType | enumerated | Possible values: 0 (INITIAL_REGISTRATION) 1 (RE-REGISTRATION) 2 (DE-REGISTRATION) |
| tDefaultHandling | DefaultHandling | enumerated | Possible values: 0 (SESSION_CONTINUED) 1 (SESSION_TERMINATED) |
| tDirectionOfRequest | SessionCase | enumerated | Possible values: 0 (ORIGINATING_REGISTERED) 1 TERMINATING_REGISTERED 2 (TERMINATING_UNREGISTERED) 3 (ORIGINATING_UNREGISTERED) 4 (ORIGINATING_CDIV) |
| tPrivateID | PrivateID | anyURI | Syntax described in IETF RFC 2486 [14] |
| tSIP_URL | Identity | anyURI | Syntax described in IETF RFC 3261 [11] or 3GPP TS 23003 (See Note 1) |
| tTEL_URL | Identity | anyURI | Syntax described in IETF RFC 3966 [15] or 3GPP TS 23003 (See Note 1) |
| tldentity | Identity | (union) | Union of tSIP_URL, and tTEL_URL |
| tldentityType | IdentityType | enumerated | Possible values: 0 (DISTINCT PUBLIC_USER_IDENTITY) 1 (DISTINCT_PSI) 2 (WILDCARDED_PSI) (See Note 2) 3 (NON_DISTINCT_IMPU) (See Note 3) 4 (WILDCARDED_IMPU) (See Note 4) |
| tServiceInfo | ServiceInfo | string | |
| tString | RequestURI, Method, Header, Content, Line, AccessType, AccessInfo, AccessValue | string | Descilite school |
| tBool | ConditionTypeCNF, ConditionNegated, BarringIndication | boolean | Possible values: 0 (false) 1 (true) |
| tSubscribedMediaProfil eld | SubscribedMediaProfi leId | integer | >=0 |
| tDisplayName | DisplayName | string | |
| tAliasIdentityGroupID | AliasIdentityGroupID | string | |
| tServiceLevelTraceInfo | ServiceLevelTraceInf o | string | Syntax described in 3GPP TS 24.323 [32] |
| tServicePriorityLevel | ServicePriorityLevel | enumerated | Possible values: 0 (Highest priority) 1 2 3 4 (Lowest priority) |
| tPriorityNamespace | PriorityNamespace | string | Possible values are those of the namespaces that are defined in IETF RFC 4412 [22] or defined according to the IANA registration procedure described in IETF RFC 4412 [22] for Resource-Priority Namespaces. |
| tPriorityLevel | PriorityLevel | string | Possible values depend on the PriorityNamespace and are specified with the associated namespace that is defined in IETF RFC 4412 [22] or defined according to the IANA registration procedure described in IETF RFC 4412 [22] for Resource-Priority Namespaces |
| tIMSI | IMSI | string | Syntax described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17]. ASCII encoded according to ANSI X3.4 [26]. |
| tMaxNumOfAllowedSi multRegistrations | MaxNumOfAllowedSi multRegistrations | integer | >= 1 |

NOTE 1: Only when the "Identity" tag is a Wildcarded Identity the syntax is described in 1 23.003 [17]. It applies to both WILDCARDED_IMPU and WILDCARDED_PSI.
 NOTE 2: Wildcarded PSI could optionally be included as well in tPublicIdentityExtension.
 NOTE 3: The IMPU is not explicitly provisioned in HSS. In this case, corresponding Wildcarded IMPU is included in

tPublicIdentityExtension3. NOTE 4: WILDCARDED_IMPU indicates that the content of the identity in the "Identity" tag is a Wildcarded Public User Identity. In this case, Wildcarded IMPU could optionally be included as well in tPublicIdentityExtension3. Table E.2: XML schema for the Cx interface user profile: complex data types

| Data type | Tag | | | Compound of | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| | | | Тад | Туре | Cardinality |
| tIMSSubscription | IMSSubscription | Private | | tPrivateID | 1 |
| · | | Service | Profile | tServiceProfile | (1 to n) |
| | | Extensi | on | tIMSSubscriptionExtension | (0 to 1) |
| tIMSSubscriptionExtensi | Extension | IMSI | | tIMSI | (0 to 1) |
| on . | | Extensi | on | tIMSSubscriptionExtension2 | (0 to 1) |
| tIMSSubscriptionExtensi | Extension | Referer | nceLocationInform | tReferenceLocationInformati | (0 to n) |
| on2 | | ation | | on | (NOTE 5) |
| tReferenceLocationInfor | ReferenceLocatio | Access | Туре | tString (NOTE 4) | (0 to 1) |
| mation | nInformation | Access | Info | tString (NOTE 4) | (0 to 1) |
| | | Access | Value | tString (NOTE 4) | (0 to 1) |
| tServiceProfile | ServiceProfile | Publiclo | lentity | tPublicIdentity | (1 to n) |
| | | CoreNe | tworkServicesAut | CoreNetworkServicesAuthori | · · · · · · |
| | | horizati | | zation | (0 to 1) |
| | | | terCriteria | tInitialFilterCriteria | (0 to n) |
| | | Extensi | | tServiceProfileExtension | (0 to 1) |
| tServiceProfileExtension | Extension | | IFCSetID | tSharedIFCSetID | (0 to n) |
| tCoreNetworkServicesAu | CoreNetworkServi | | bedMediaProfileId | tSubscribedMediaProfileId | (0 to 1) |
| thorization | cesAuthorization | Oubsen | | | |
| | | Extensi | on | tCNServicesAuthorizationExt | (0 to 1) |
| | | | | ension | |
| tPublicIdentity | PublicIdentity | Barring | Indication | tBool | (0 to 1) |
| a abioracriaty | 1 abhoraonnity | Identity | | tldentity | 1 |
| | | Extensi | on | tPublicIdentityExtension | (0 to 1) |
| tInitialFilterCriteria | InitialFilterCriteria | Priority | | tPriority | 1 |
| | | Trigger | Point | tTrigger | (0 to 1) |
| | | Applica | tionServer | tApplicationServer | 1 |
| | | | PartIndicator | tProfilePartIndicator | (0 to 1) |
| tTrigger | TriggerPoint | | onTypeCNF | tBool | 1 |
| ringger | ringgen om | SPT | JITYPEON | tSePoTri | (1 to n) |
| tSePoTri | SPT | | onNegated | tBool | (0 to 1) |
| | 011 | Group | onnegated | tGroupID | (1 to n□ |
| | | Oloup | RequestURI | tString | 1 |
| | | f | Method | tString | 1 |
| | | Choice of | SIPHeader | tHeader | 1 |
| | | oic | SessionCase | tDirectionOfRequest | 1 |
| | | Ч | SessionDescripti | tSessionDescription | 1 |
| | | - | on | 100330HD030HD10H | |
| | | Extensi | | tSePoTriExtension | |
| | | | | | (0 to 1) |
| tSePoTriExtension | Extension | Registra | ationType | | (0 to 1) |
| tSePoTriExtension | Extension SIPHeader | | ationType | tRegistrationType | (0 to 2) |
| tSePoTriExtension tHeader | Extension SIPHeader | Header | •• | tRegistrationType tString | (0 to 2) 1 |
| tHeader | SIPHeader | Header Conten | •• | tRegistrationType tString tString | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) |
| | | Header Conten Line | t | tRegistrationType tString tString tString | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n | Header Conten Line Conten | t t | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) |
| tHeader | SIPHeader | Header Conten Line Conten Server | t Name | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default | t t Name Handling | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service | t t Name Handling Info | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi | t t Name Handling Info on | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi Include | t Jame Handling Info on RegisterRequest | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer | Header Conten Line Conten ServerM Default Service Extensi Include Include | t t Name Handling Info on | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi Include e | t Jame Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe | Header Conten Line Conten ServerM Default Service Extensi Include Include | t Jame Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi Include Include e (NOTE | t Jame Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi Include e | t Jame Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons e | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR esponse | Header Conten Line Conten ServerM Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE | t Jame Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR | Header Conten Line Conten ServerM Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE | t Jame Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) 2) | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons e | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR esponse | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE Identity Wildcar | t Handling Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) 2) 2) Type dedPSI | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) tIdentityType anyURI (NOTE 3) | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons e tPublicIdentityExtension | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR esponse Extension | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE Identity Wildcar Extensi | t Handling Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) 2) 2) Type dedPSI on | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) tIdentityType anyURI (NOTE 3) tPublicIdentityExtension2 | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons e | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR esponse | Header Conten Line Conten Server Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE Identity Wildcar Extensi Display | t Handling Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) 2) 2) Type dedPSI on Name | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) tIdentityType anyURI (NOTE 3) tPublicIdentityExtension2 tDisplayName | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) (0 to 1 |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons e tPublicIdentityExtension | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR esponse Extension | Header Conten Line Conten Servert Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE (NOTE Identity Wildcar Extensi Display AliasIde | t Handling Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) 2) 2) 7ype dedPSI on Name entityGroupID | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) tIdentityType anyURI (NOTE 3) tPublicIdentityExtension2 tDisplayName tAliasIdentityGroupID | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons e tPublicIdentityExtension tPublicIdentityExtension2 | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR esponse Extension Extension | Header Conten Line Conten Servert Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE (NOTE Identity Wildcar Extensi Display AliasIde Extensi | t Handling Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) 2) 2) 7ype dedPSI on Name entityGroupID on | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) tIdentityType anyURI (NOTE 3) tPublicIdentityExtension2 tDisplayName tAliasIdentityGroupID tPublicIdentityExtension3 | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) |
| tHeader tSessionDescription tApplicationServer tApplicationServerExtens ion tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterRespons e tPublicIdentityExtension | SIPHeader SessionDescriptio n ApplicationServer Extension IncludeRegisterRe quest tIncludeRegisterR esponse Extension | Header Conten Line Conten Servert Default Service Extensi Include e (NOTE (NOTE (NOTE Identity Wildcar Extensi Display AliasIde Extensi Wildcar | t Handling Handling Info on RegisterRequest RegisterRespons 2) 2) 2) 7ype dedPSI on Name entityGroupID | tRegistrationType tString tString tString tString tSIP_URL tDefaultHandling tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension tIncludeRegisterRequest tIncludeRegisterResponse (NOTE 2) (NOTE 2) tIdentityType anyURI (NOTE 3) tPublicIdentityExtension2 tDisplayName tAliasIdentityGroupID | (0 to 2) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) 1 (0 to 1) |

| | | Extension | tPublicIdentityExtension4 | (0 to 1) |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| tPublicIdentityExtension4 | Extension | ExtendedPriority | tExtendedPriority | (0 to n) |
| | | Extension | tPublicIdentityExtension5 | (0 to 1) |
| tPublicIdentityExtension5 | Extension | MaxNumOfAllowedSimult | tMaxNumOfAllowedSimultRe | (0 to 1) |
| | | Registrations | gistrations | |
| tExtendedPriority | ExtendedPriority | PriorityNamespace | tPriorityNamespace | 1 |
| | | PriorityLevel | tPriorityLevel | 1 |
| tCNServicesAuthorizatio | Extension | ListOfServiceIds | tListOfServiceIds | (0 to 1) |
| nExtension | | | | |
| tListOfServiceIds | ListOfServiceIds | ServiceId | tString | (0 to n) |
| NOTE 1: "n" shall be inter | rpreted as non-bound | ed. | | |

NOTE 2: empty cells shall be interpreted as complex XML elements without defined content.

NOTE 3: the syntax of Wildcarded Public User Identity and Wildcarded Service Identity shall be as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

NOTE 4: the syntax of AccessType, AccessInfo and AccessValue is as described in 3GPP TS 24.229 [8] for P-Access-Network-Info header fields: AccessType corresponds to the "access-type" field whereas AccessInfo and AccessValue correspond to the type and associated value defined for the "access-info" field.

NOTE 5: the HSS shall not send more than one instance of ReferenceLocationInformation and if the S-CSCF receives more than one instance of ReferenceLocationInformation it may arbitrarily pick one for further processing.

Annex F (normative): Definition of parameters for service point trigger matching

Table F.1 defines the parameters that are transported in the user profile XML.

Table F.1: Definition of parameters in the user profile XML

| Tag | Description |
|------------------------------------|--|
| RequestURI | RequestURI tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. For SIP URI, the regular expression shall be matched against the hostport of the SIP-URI. For definition of SIP-URI and hostport, see IETF RFC 3261 [11]. For Tel URI, the regular expression shall be matched against the telephone-subscriber of the telephone-uri. For definition of telephone-subscriber and telephone-uri, see IETF RFC 3966 [15]. |
| SIPHeader | A SIP Header SPT shall be evaluated separately against each header instance within the SIP message. The SIP Header SPT matches if at least one header occurrence matches the SPT. |
| Header (of SIPHeader) | Header tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the header-name of the SIP header. For definition of header and header-name, see IETF RFC 3261 [11]. Before matching the header-name to the pattern, all SWSs shall be removed from the header-name and all LWSs in the header-name shall be reduced to a single white space character (SP). For definition of SWS and LWS, see IETF RFC 3261 [11]. |
| Content (of SIPHeader) | Content tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the header-value of the SIP header. For definition of header and header-value, see IETF RFC 3261 [11]. If the SIP header contains several header-values in a comma-separated list, each of the header-value shall be matched against the pattern for the Content separately. Before matching the header-value to the pattern, all SWSs shall be removed from the header-value and all LWSs in the header-value shall be reduced to a single white space character (SP). For definition of SWS and LWS, see IETF RFC 3261 [11]. |
| SessionDescription | A Session Description SPT shall be evaluated separately against each SDP field instance within the SIP message. The Session Description SPT matches if at least one field occurrence matches the SPT. |
| Line (of SessionDescription) | Line tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the type of the field inside the session description. For definition of type, see chapter 6 in IETF RFC 4566 [12]. |
| Content (of SessionDescription) | Content tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the value of the field inside the session description. For definition of value, see chapter 6 in IETF RFC 4566 [12]. |

Annex G (normative): Emergency registrations

S-CSCF and HSS shall handle emergency registrations as normal registrations with the following considerations:

- Upon emergency registration, following cases apply:
 - If a normal registration for the same user does not exist, the S-CSCF shall download corresponding user profile from HSS, ensure that the HSS allocates S-CSCF name to this subscriber and the registration status is set to UNREGISTERED.
 - Otherwise, the S-CSCF shall ensure that the registration status of the user is not changed in the HSS.
- Upon deregistration or expiration of the last normal session, if an emergency registration is still active for this subscriber, the S-CSCF shall ensure that the HSS keeps S-CSCF name allocated to this subscriber and the registration status is set to UNREGISTERED.
- Upon expiration of an emergency registration, the S-CSCF shall ensure the registration status of the user is not changed in the HSS if there are other normal registrations of the user. Otherwise, the S-CSCF may send SAR to the HSS to remove its name and set the registration status of the user to NOT REGISTERED.
- IMS Restoration procedures do not apply for IMS emergency sessions.

Annex H (normative): Diameter overload control mechanism

H.1 General

Diameter overload control mechanism is an optional feature.

IETF RFC 7683 [24] specifies a Diameter overload control mechanism which includes the definition and the transfer of related AVPs between Diameter nodes.

It is recommended to make use of IETF RFC 7683 [24] on the Cx interface where, when applied, the I/S-CSCF shall behave as reacting nodes and the HSS as a reporting node.

Depending on regional/national requirements and network operator policy, priority traffic (e.g. MPS as described in TS 22.153 [25]) shall be exempted from throttling due to Diameter overload control up to the point where requested traffic reduction cannot be achieved without throttling the priority traffic.

H.2 HSS behaviour

The HSS requests traffic reduction from the I/S-CSCF when the HSS is in an overload situation, including OC-OLR AVP in answer commands as described in IETF RFC 7683 [24].

The HSS identifies that it is in an overload situation by implementation specific means. For example, the HSS may take into account the traffic over the Cx interfaces or other interfaces, the level of usage of internal resources (CPU, memory), the access to external resources, etc.

The HSS determines the specific contents of OC-OLR AVP in overload reports and the HSS decides when to send OC-OLR AVPs by implementation specific means.

H.3 I/S-CSCF behaviour

The I/S-CSCF applies required traffic reduction received in answer commands to subsequent applicable requests, as per IETF RFC 7683 [24].

The I/S-CSCF achieves requested traffic reduction by implementation specific means. For example, the I/S-CSCF may implement message throttling with prioritization or a message retaining mechanism for operations that can be postponed.

Diameter requests related to priority traffic (e.g. MPS) and emergency, detected via the presence of priority information (e.g., Resource-Priority header field for MPS) in SIP messages as described in TS 24.229 [8], have the highest priority. Depending on regional/national regulatory and operator policies, these Diameter requests shall be the last to be throttled, when the I/S-CSCF has to apply traffic reduction. Relative priority amongst various priority traffic (e.g. MPS) and emergency traffic is subject to regional/national regulatory and operator policies.

Annex I (Informative): Diameter overload node behaviour

I.1 Message prioritization

This clause describes possible behaviours of the I/S-CSCF regarding message prioritisation in an informative purpose.

The I/S-CSCF may take the following into account when making throttling decisions:

- Identification of the procedures that can be deferred (e.g. Deregistration Request), so to avoid to drop non deferrable procedures;
- Prioritisation of certain types of request (e.g. between MAR and SAR for S-CSCF, and between LIR and UAR for I-CSCF) according to the context of their use, in particular:
 - Higher prioritisation of SAR commands for S-CSCF that are related to a registered user for a service, so to avoid the interruption of the registered service for the user;
 - Higher prioritisation of LIR commands for I-CSCF that are related to a requested service different from registration or deregistration, so to get more originating or terminating services provided to the user;
 - Skipping of optional authentication.
 - Priority level of a priority user (e.g., MPS user).

Annex J (normative): Diameter message priority mechanism

J.1 General

IETF RFC 7944 [27] specifies a Diameter message priority mechanism that allows Diameter nodes to indicate the relative priority of Diameter messages. With this information, other Diameter nodes may leverage the relative priority of Diameter messages into routing, resource allocation, set the DSCP marking for transport of the associated Diameter message, and also abatement decisions when overload control is applied.

J.2 Cx/Dx interfaces

J.2.1 General

The Diameter message priority mechanism is an optional feature.

It is recommended to make use of IETF RFC 7944 [27] over the Cx/Dx interfaces of an operator network when the overload control defined in Annex H is applied on these Cx/Dx interfaces.

J.2.2 S-CSCF/I-CSCF behaviour

When the S-CSCF/I-CSCF supports the Diameter message priority mechanism, the S-CSCF/I-CSCF shall comply with IETF RFC 7944 [27].

The S-CSCF/I-CSCF sending a request shall determine the required priority according to its policies. When priority is required, the S-CSCF/I-CSCF shall include the DRMP AVP indicating the required priority level in the request it sends, and shall prioritise the request according to the required priority level.

When the S-CSCF/I-CSCF receives the corresponding response, it shall prioritise the received response according to the priority level received within the DRMP AVP if present in the response, otherwise according to the priority level of the corresponding request.

When the S-CSCF/I-CSCF receives a request, it shall handle the request according to the received DRMP AVP priority level. For the response, it may modify the priority level received in the DRMP AVP according to its policies and shall handle the response according to the required priority level. If the required priority level is different from the priority level received in the request, it shall include the DRMP AVP in the response.

If:

- the S-CSCF/I-CSCF supports using the Diameter message priority mechanism for DSCP marking purposes,
- the transport network utilizes DSCP marking, and
- message-dependant DSCP marking is possible for the protocol stack transporting Diameter,

then the S-CSCF/I-CSCF shall set the DSCP marking for transport of the request or response according to the required priority level.

Diameter requests related to priority traffic (e.g. MPS as identified by the S-CSCF/I-CSCF through SIP procedures, emergency) shall contain a DRMP AVP with a high priority of which the level value is operator dependent.

When not-explicitly requested, the inclusion and priority value of the DRMP AVP in Diameter messages are implementation specific.

J.2.3 HSS/SLF behaviour

When the HSS/SLF supports the Diameter message priority mechanism, the HSS/SLF shall comply with IETF RFC 7944 [27].

The HSS/SLF sending a request shall determine the required priority according to its policies. When priority is required, the HSS/SLF shall include the DRMP AVP indicating the required priority level in the request it sends, and shall prioritise the request according to the required priority level.

When the HSS/SLF receives the corresponding response, it shall prioritise the received response according to the priority level received within the DRMP AVP if present in the response, otherwise according to the priority level of the corresponding request.

When the HSS/SLF receives a request, it shall handle the request according to the received DRMP AVP priority level. For the response, it may modify the priority level received in the DRMP AVP according to its policies and shall handle the response according to the required priority level. If the required priority level is different from the priority level received in the request, it shall include the DRMP AVP in the response.

If:

- the HSS/SLF supports using the Diameter message priority mechanism for DSCP marking purposes,
- the transport network utilizes DSCP marking, and
- message-dependant DSCP marking is possible for the protocol stack transporting Diameter,

then the HSS/SLF shall set the DSCP marking for transport of the request or response according to the required priority level.

When not-explicitly requested, the inclusion and priority value of the DRMP AVP in Diameter messages are implementation specific.

J.2.4 Interactions

If the HSS supporting the Diameter message priority mechanism receives the request message containing both the Session-Priority AVP and DRMP AVP, the HSS shall prioritize the request according to priority level received within the DRMP AVP.

Annex K (normative): Diameter load control mechanism

K.1 General

The Diameter load control mechanism is an optional feature.

It is recommended to make use of IETF IETF RFC 8583 [29] on the Cx interface where, when applied, the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF shall behave as reacting nodes and the HSS as a reporting node.

K.2 HSS behaviour

The HSS may report its current load by including a Load AVP of type HOST in answer commands as described in IETF IETF RFC 8583 [29].

The HSS calculates its current load by implementation specific means. For example, the HSS may take into account the traffic over the Cx interface or other interfaces, the level of usage of internal resources (e.g. CPU, memory), the access to external resources, etc.

The HSS determines when to send Load AVPs of type HOST by implementation specific means.

K.3 I-CSCF/S-CSCF behaviour

When performing next hop Diameter Agent selection for requests that are routed based on realm, the I-CSCF/S-CSCF may take into account load values from Load AVPs of type PEER received from candidate next hop Diameter nodes, as per IETF IETF RFC 8583 [29].

Annex L (informative): Change history

| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | New |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------|------------------|--|---|
| | CN#16 | NP-020264 | | | Version 2.0.0 approved at CN#16 | 5.0.0 |
| Sep 2002 | | NP-020449 | 001 | 2 | Clarification of implicit registration | 5.1.0 |
| Sep 2002 | CN#17 | NP-020449 | 002 | 1 | Clarification of user registration status query | 5.1.0 |
| Sep 2002 | | NP-020449 | 003 | 1 | Clarification of HSS initiated update of user profile | 5.1.0 |
| Sep 2002 | CN#17 | NP-020449 | 004 | 2 | Clarification of MAR command | 5.1.0 |
| Sep 2002 | | NP-020449 | 005 | 1 | Conditionality of the SIP-Auth-Data-Item in MAA command | 5.1.0 |
| Dec 2002 | | NP-020587 | 008 | 2 | Rejection of registration of a Temporary Public Identity without active | 5.2.0 |
| | | | | | implicit registration | |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020587 | 010 | - | Removal of upper bounds in Cx i/f user profile | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020587 | 011 | - | S-CSCF Assignment | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020587 | 012 | - | NAS-Session-Key AVPs in MAA command | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020587 | 013 | 1 | Correction to detailed behaviour of user registration status query | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020587 | 014 | 1 | Removing the DDF dependencies from Cx interface | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020587 | 015 | 1 | Clarification of SERVER_CHANGE de-registration reason code | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020589 | 016 | 1 | Clarification of User-Authorization-Type AVP usage within the UAR | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020587 | 017 | 1 | Correction to HSS initiated update of user profile | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020588 | 019 | - | Correction in charging information | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | CN#18 | NP-020590 | 020 | 1 | Error handling in S-CSCF when receiving too much data | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | | NP-020587 | 021 | 1 | Re-allocation of S-CSCF | 5.2.0 |
| Dec 2002 | | NP-020591 | 022 | - | Correction of the SPI | 5.2.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 025 | 1 | Clarification of service profile download at service profile modification | 5.3.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 028 | - | Filter ID field removal in InitialFilterCriteria class | 5.3.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 030 | 1 | Clarification of IMPU barring handling | 5.3.0 |
| | CN#19 | NP-030101 | 032 | 1 | The default public user identity in the Server-Assignment-Answer | 5.3.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 034 | 2 | Corrections to service profile | 5.3.0 |
| | CN#19 | NP-030101 | 037 | 3 | Handling of non supported data in the S-CSCF when the profile is being | 5.3.0 |
| | | | | - | updated | |
| Mar 2003 | CN#19 | NP-030101 | 024 | 1 | Clarification of the HSS behaviour in REGISTRATION and | 5.3.0 |
| | | | | | DE_REGISTRATION procedures at IMPU checking time. | |
| Mar 2003 | CN#19 | NP-030101 | 027 | - | Deletion of Annex F | 5.3.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 029 | - | Clarification of User-Authorization-Type AVP usage within UAR | 5.3.0 |
| | CN#19 | NP-030101 | 031 | 1 | Update TS 29.228 after Diameter has become RFC | 5.3.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 033 | 1 | Replacement of the NAS-Session-Key AVP | 5.3.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 035 | 2 | Clarification on Re-allocation of S-CSCF | 5.3.0 |
| | CN#19 | NP-030101 | 038 | 1 | Change of SPI to SPT | 5.3.0 |
| | CN#19 | NP-030101 | 040 | 1 | Definition of the Subscribed Media Profile Identifier | 5.3.0 |
| Mar 2003 | | NP-030101 | 026 | <u> </u> | Error in definition of Service Point of Interest class | 5.3.0 |
| | CN#20 | NP-030215 | 043 | - | Correct use of the Result-Code AVP | 5.4.0 |
| | CN#20 | NP-030215 | 044 | 1 | Conditionality of User-Name AVP in Server-Assignment-Answer | 5.4.0 |
| | CN#20 | NP-030215 | 045 | 2 | Corrections to the base 64 encoding examples | 5.4.0 |
| | CN#20 | NP-030215 | 046 | 1 | Deregistration of implicitly registered public user identities | 5.4.0 |
| | CN#20 | NP-030215 | 047 | - | Clarification on the Server-Assignment-Type NO_ASSIGNMENT | 5.4.0 |
| | CN#20 | NP-030215 | 048 | 1 | Incorrect use of result-code | 5.4.0 |
| Jun 2003 | | NP-030215 | 049 | 1 | Misalignment in the Public-User-Identity IE | 5.4.0 |
| Jun 2003 | | NP-030215 | 050 | 1 | Duplicated Destination-Host AVP within MAR command code | 5.4.0 |
| Sep 2003 | | NP-030383 | 042 | 3 | Error in S-CSCF Assignment Type | 5.5.0 |
| Sep 2003 | | NP-030383 | 051 | 2 | Mistakes in the XML schema of 29.228-540 | 5.5.0 |
| Sep 2003 | | NP-030383 | 055 | 1 | Extensibility of the public identity structure in the XML schema | 5.5.0 |
| Sep 2003 | | NP-030394 | 041 | 2 | Introduction of Presence Stage 3 (Px) to the Cx interface | 6.0.0 |
| Sep 2003 Sep 2003 | | NP-030394 | 041 | - | Sharing public identities across multiple UEs | 6.0.0 |
| Dec 2003 | | NP-030585 | 052 | 3 | Conditions for inclusion of Charging Information | 6.1.0 |
| Dec 2003 | | NP-030500 | 060 | 1 | MAR in synchronisation failure case | 6.1.0 |
| Dec 2003 Dec 2003 | | NP-030500 | 060 | 1 | The S-CSCF name needs to be checked always in MAR | 6.1.0 |
| | | NP-030500 | 063 | | Conditional AVPs in answer commands | 6.1.0 |
| Dec 2003 | JUNTEL | | 065 | 1 | Server-Assignment-Request | 6.1.0 |
| | | NP-030500 | | 1 1 | | |
| Dec 2003 | CN#22 | NP-030500 | | - | Determination of User-Authorization-Type AV/P based on registration | |
| Dec 2003 | CN#22 | NP-030500 NP-030500 | 067 | - | Determination of User-Authorization-Type AVP based on registration | 6.1.0 |
| Dec 2003 Dec 2003 | CN#22 CN#22 | NP-030500 | 067 | - | expiration | |
| Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 | CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 | NP-030500 NP-030500 | 067 069 | - 2 | expiration Not registered state after deregistration with S-CSCF deleted at the HSS | 6.1.0 |
| Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 | CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 | NP-030500 | 067 | - | expiration Not registered state after deregistration with S-CSCF deleted at the HSS The extensibility of the XML schema | 6.1.0 6.1.0 |
| Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 | CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 | NP-030500 NP-030500 NP-030500 | 067 069 071 | - | expiration Not registered state after deregistration with S-CSCF deleted at the HSS The extensibility of the XML schema Reference [9] updated | 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.1.0 |
| Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Mar 2004 | CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#23 | NP-030500 NP-030500 NP-030500 NP-040046 | 067 069 071 077 | - - 1 | expiration Not registered state after deregistration with S-CSCF deleted at the HSS The extensibility of the XML schema Reference [9] updated Clarification on S-CSCF-Name comparison | 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.2.0 |
| Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Dec 2003 Mar 2004 Mar 2004 | CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#23 CN#23 | NP-030500 NP-030500 NP-030500 NP-040046 NP-040055 | 067 069 071 077 081 | - - 1 - | expiration Not registered state after deregistration with S-CSCF deleted at the HSS The extensibility of the XML schema Reference [9] updated Clarification on S-CSCF-Name comparison Error for missing identification in SAR command | 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.2.0 6.2.0 |
| Mar 2004 Mar 2004 | CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#22 CN#23 CN#23 | NP-030500 NP-030500 NP-030500 NP-040046 | 067 069 071 077 | - - 1 | expiration Not registered state after deregistration with S-CSCF deleted at the HSS The extensibility of the XML schema Reference [9] updated Clarification on S-CSCF-Name comparison | 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.1.0 6.2.0 |

| Mar 2004 | CNI#22 | NP-040046 | 001 | | Default handling of array agons during IMS registration | 6.2.0 |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------|--------|--|----------------|
| | CN#23 CN#24 | NP-040040 NP-040215 | 091 097 | - 2 | Default handling of error cases during IMS registration Update of the charging addresses from HSS | 6.3.0 |
| | CN#24 | NP-040215 | 095 | 1 | Content of the User Profile | 6.3.0 |
| Jun 2004 | | NP-040215 | 099 | - | Correction of SessionCase attribute ambiguity | 6.3.0 |
| Sep 2004 | | NP-040416 | 109 | 1 | LIR and services related to unregistered state | 6.4.0 |
| Sep 2004 | | NP-040401 | 121 | 2 | Triggering initial REGISTER messages | 6.4.0 |
| Sep 2004 | | NP-040401 | 118 | 1 | XML versioning | 6.4.0 |
| Sep 2004 | | NP-040401 | 122 | 1 | Optimization of User Profile Download | 6.4.0 |
| Sep 2004 | | NP-040396 | 124 | 2 | Simplification of the User Profile Split concept | 6.4.0 |
| Sep 2004 | | NP-040416 | 120 | 3 | Use of regular expressions | 6.4.0 |
| Dec 2004 | | NP-040523 | 138 | 1 | HSS initiated deregistration with "not registered" registration state | 6.5.0 |
| Dec 2004 | CN#26 | NP-040530 | 140 | 1 | HSS initiated deregistration with user profile removal for permanent | 6.5.0 |
| | | | | | termination | |
| Dec 2004 | CN#26 | NP-040523 | 142 | 2 | HSS initiated deregistration using the network initiated de-registration | 6.5.0 |
| | | | | | procedure | |
| Dec 2004 | CN#26 | NP-040530 | 146 | 1 | Clarification of R6 authentication scheme | 6.5.0 |
| Dec 2004 | CN#26 | NP-040523 | 150 | - | Regular Expressions | 6.5.0 |
| Dec 2004 | CN#26 | NP-040530 | 155 | - | Correction to XML Root Element | 6.5.0 |
| Dec 2004 | CN#26 | NP-040530 | 156 | 1 | Modification of User-Data-Already-Available in SAR command. | 6.5.0 |
| Dec 2004 | CN#26 | NP-040523 | 159 | 2 | Handling of Information Element marked as (M), (C) or (O) | 6.5.0 |
| Mar 2005 | | NP-050030 | 166 | - | Avoiding undesired deregistration | 6.6.0 |
| | CN#27 | NP-050030 | 168 | 1 | Correction to authentication procedures in not registered case | 6.6.0 |
| Mar 2005 | CN#27 | NP-050037 | 170 | 3 | Clarification of behaviour for Shared Public User Identities | 6.6.0 |
| Mar 2005 | CN#27 | NP-050037 | 172 | - | Distribution of Cipher Key and Integrity Key | 6.6.0 |
| Apr 2005 | | | | | Editorial correction on figure figure A.4.1.1 and on clauses: 6.1.4.1, 6.2.2, | 6.6.1 |
| | | | | | B.2.1 and 6.2.1.1 | |
| Jun 2005 | CT#28 | CP-050086 | 181 | - | TEL-URI reference correction | 6.7.0 |
| | CT#28 | CP-050086 | 183 | - | Clarification on Server Capabilities | 6.7.0 |
| Jun 2005 | CT#28 | CP-050086 | 185 | - | Incorrect Implementation of CR172 | 6.7.0 |
| | CT#28 | CP-050081 | 188 | 1 | Clarification of the content of SIP-Authentication-Context | 6.7.0 |
| | CT#28 | CP-050086 | 192 | - | Syntax correction for XML | 6.7.0 |
| Sep 2005 | CT#29 | CP-050422 | 196 | - | Authentication Registration with synchronization failure, Data requested | 6.8.0 |
| | 07/00 | 05.050000 | | | from HSS | |
| | CT#29 | CP-050296 | 200 | ~ | Correction to XML Schema for SharedIFCSet | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050440 | 202 | 2 | Private identities on the Cx | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050282 | 204 | 1 | Charging-Information correction | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050296 | 207 | 1 | Corrections to UAR and LIR for shared public identities | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050422 | 208 | 1 | Behaviour of the Implicit Registration Set for the Unregistered state | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050296 | 210 | - | Change of stage 2 reference from Release 5 to Release 6 | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050294 | 211 | - | PSI Activation | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050271 | 213 | 2 | Removal of redundant restrictions for one Public User Identity in SAR | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 | | CP-050296 CP-050296 | 216 | - | Error code clean up | 6.8.0 |
| Sep 2005 Dec 2005 | | CP-050296 CP-050604 | 217 198 | 1 5 | Clarification of User Profile update XML syntax correction | 6.8.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050604 CP-050611 | 220 | 1 | PSI impacts on the Cx Interface | 6.9.0 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050611 | 220 | 3 | Routing for PSIs Matching a Wildcarded PSI | 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050611 | 221 | 2 | Removal of overhead in Private Identities handling in RTR | 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050611 CP-050605 | 222 | 2 | Use-Data description corrections | 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050605 | 232 | 2 | S-CSCF assignment checking for notregistered state | 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050605 CP-050605 | 232 | 4 | RTR correction | 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050605 | 230 | 4 | PPR correction | 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050605 | 230 | 1 | Private User Id in RTR | 6.9.0 |
| Dec 2005 | | CP-050611 | 239 | 1 | Server capabilities associations with features | 6.9.0 |
| | CT#30 | 0.00011 | 270 | | Rel-7 version was created because of ETSI TISPAN references. | 7.0.0 |
| | CT#30 | CP-060084 | 0243 | 1 | SPT for mobile orig unregistered | 7.1.0 |
| Mar 2006 | | CP-060159 | | 2 | Removal of the terms Mobile Originated and Mobile Terminated | 7.1.0 |
| | CT#31 | CP-060154 | | - | Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file | 7.1.0 |
| Mar 2006 | | CP-060154 | | - | Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 | 7.1.0 |
| Mar 2006 | | CP-060065 | 0250 | 2 | Handling of unknown errors | 7.1.0 |
| | CT#31 | CP-060154 | | 2 | Private User ID in PPR and RTR | 7.1.0 |
| Mar 2006 | | CP-060065 | | - | Message flow correction | 7.1.0 |
| Mar 2006 | | CP-060065 | | - | Default public-id and PPR | 7.1.0 |
| Jun 2006 | | CP-060302 | | - | S-CSCF reselection removal | 7.2.0 |
| | CT#32 | CP-060308 | 0290 | 3 | Correction of the normative text in the table 6.7 | 7.2.0 |
| | CT#32 | CP-060308 | 0292 | 2 | Using SiFC feature to define optional S-CSCF capabilities | 7.2.0 |
| Sep 2006 | | CP-060308 | | - | S-CSCF assignment correction | 7.3.0 |
| Sep 2006 | | | | - | Default Public User ID either SIP URI or tel URI | 7.3.0 |
| Sep 2000 | | CP-060399 | | 1 | Barring Indication for public user identity | 7.3.0 |
| Sep 2000 | | CP-060417 | 0304 | 2 | Deletion of description about Authentication-Data-Item | 7.3.0 |
| Sep 2006 | | CP-060399 | 0313 | 1 | Registration message flow correction | 7.3.0 |
| Sep 2000 | | CP-060417 | 0314 | 4 | AS originating requests on behalf of a user | 7.3.0 |
| Sep 2006 | | CP-060416 | | 2 | Allowing a Display Name to be associated with a Public Identity. | 7.3.0 |
| | 2 | 2. 200110 | | | | 1.10.0 |

| | 1 | 1 | | | | |
|----------------------|-------|------------------------|--------------|---|--|----------------|
| | | CP-060417 | 0320 | - | Update of the Table 6.7 "Guidelines for S-CSCF Capabilities" | 7.3.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060553 | 0325 | 1 | SDP reference correction | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060566 | 0326 | 1 | New message flow about AS originating session | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060566 | 0327 | 1 | Correction of Private Identity description in SAR | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060566 | 0330 | 3 | Correction of error code in SAA | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060566 | 0332 | 1 | Clarification on use of Authentication pending flag | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060566 | 0336 | 3 | Optimization of handling of Wildcarded PSIs | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060555 | 0338 | 1 | Wildcarded PSI as key in PPR | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060553 | 0342 | 1 | Correction of the HSS behaviour in UAR/UAA command pair | 7.4.0 |
| Dec 2006 | | CP-060735 | 0343 | 3 | Clarification regarding URI canonicalization – 29.228 | 7.4.0 |
| | | CP-070020 | 0346 | 3 | Clarification of the server name in LIA | 7.5.0 |
| Mar 2007 | | CP-070020 | 0350 | 3 | User profile data synchronisation | 7.5.0 |
| Mar 2007 | | CP-070020 | 0352 | - | SAA result code correction | 7.5.0 |
| Mar 2007 | CT#35 | CP-070019 | 0353 | 2 | Removal of roaming restrictions for Emergency Registrations | 7.5.0 |
| | | CP-070020 | 0354 | - | Definition and use of the Wildcarded PSI information element | 7.5.0 |
| | CT#36 | CP-070309 | 0358 | 1 | Removal of editor's note on IMS Recovery Procedures | 7.6.0 |
| Jun 2007 | CT#36 | CP-070479 | 0359 | 2 | Impacts of the IMS Communication Service Identifier | 7.6.0 |
| | CT#36 | CP-070309 | 0361 | 2 | Clarification on LIA | 7.6.0 |
| Jun 2007 | CT#36 | CP-070309 | 0365 | 1 | Adding User-Authorization-Type is absent condition to UAR Detailed | 7.6.0 |
| L | 07/00 | 00.070040 | 0007 | | behaviour | 700 |
| Jun 2007 | CT#36 | CP-070312 | 0367 | - | Modification to the tag RegistrationtType to RegistrationType in the Annex | 7.6.0 |
| Son 2007 | CT#27 | CD 070500 | 0374 | 4 | E Authoritization failure and timeout bandling | 770 |
| Sep 2007 Sep 2007 | CT#37 | CP-070520 | | 1 | Authentication failure and timeout handling | 7.7.0 |
| | | CP-070522 CP-070527 | | - | Incorrect implemented CR 120r3 | |
| Sep 2007 Nov 2007 | | CP-070527 CP-070743 | 0379 0388 | - | User Data Already Available Handling of USER_UNKNOWN and NOT_SUPPORTED_USER_DATA | 7.7.0 7.8.0 |
| NOV 2007 | C1#38 | CP-0/0/43 | 0388 | Ĩ | error in PPA | 7.8.0 |
| Nov 2007 | CT#38 | CP-070744 | 0392 | 2 | Alias | 7.8.0 |
| Nov 2007 | | CP-070744 CP-070755 | 0392 | 6 | Updates to 29.228 for Digest on the Cx Interface | 8.0.0 |
| Mar 2008 | | CP-070733 CP-080019 | 0393 | 1 | IMS Restoration after an S-CSCF failure | 8.1.0 |
| Mar 2008 | | CP-080022 | 0395 | 2 | Update for Supporting NASS-Bundled-Authentication | 8.1.0 |
| Mar 2008 | | CP-080022 CP-080019 | 0398 | - | SIP Digest password push | 8.1.0 |
| Mar 2008 | | CP-080019 CP-080019 | 0398 | 1 | Wildcarded Public User Identities | 8.1.0 |
| Jun 2008 | | CP-080261 | 0399 | 3 | Originating services after call forwarding | 8.2.0 |
| Jun 2008 | | CP-080201 CP-080261 | 0399 | 3 | XML example | 8.2.0 |
| Jun 2008 | CT#40 | CP-080267 | 0408 | | Emergency Registration for REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES | 8.2.0 |
| Jun 2008 | | CP-080267 | 0400 | | Removal of restriction for barred user at Emergency Registrations | 8.2.0 |
| Sep 2008 | | CP-080207 CP-080456 | 0410 | 2 | Emergency Public User Identity removal | 8.3.0 |
| Sep 2008 | | CP-080460 | 0420 | 1 | Support of "Loose-Route" indication from HSS | 8.3.0 |
| Sep 2008 | | CP-080463 | 0420 | - | Cx Impacts of IMS Restoration Procedures | 8.3.0 |
| Sep 2008 | | CP-080460 | 0421 | 2 | Filter Criteria enhancement for 3 rd party REGISTER | 8.3.0 |
| Sep 2008 | | CP-080463 | 0425 | 1 | Addition of Registered Private Identities in SAA | 8.3.0 |
| Sep 2008 | | CP-080460 | 0425 | 1 | Add Assigned S-CSCF name to SAA | 8.3.0 |
| Dec 2008 | | CP-080698 | 0420 | 2 | Service Restoration for Registered IMPU | 8.4.0 |
| | | CP-080707 | | 2 | Support for IMS Service Level Trace | 8.4.0 |
| Dec 2008 Dec 2008 | | CP-080708 | 0432 | 2 | Removal of Digest Domain | 8.4.0 |
| Dec 2008 | | CP-080696 | 0433 | 3 | Diameter Proxy Agent - an alternative User Identity to HSS resolution | 8.4.0 |
| DCC 2000 | 01#42 | 01-000030 | 0400 | 0 | mechanism | 0.4.0 |
| Dec 2008 | CT#42 | CP-080708 | 0434 | 2 | S-CSCF and AS procedures with Enhanced Filter Criteria | 8.4.0 |
| Mar 2009 | | CP-090023 | 0435 | 1 | Priority Service | 8.5.0 |
| | | CP-090026 | 0436 | 1 | Multiple Registrations in Registration | 8.5.0 |
| Mar 2009 | | CP-090036 | 0440 | 2 | HSS Addresses | 8.5.0 |
| Mar 2009 | | CP-090025 | 0441 | 1 | Loose Route Indication | 8.5.0 |
| | | CP-090028 | 0442 | 2 | Support for GPRS IMS Bundled Authentication (GIBA) in Cx | 8.5.0 |
| Sep 2009 | | CP-090728 | 0447 | 1 | Incorrect CR implementation | 8.6.0 |
| Dec 2009 | | 2. 000720 | 0452 | 1 | Unregistered user clarification | 8.7.0 |
| Dec 2009 | | | 0456 | 2 | Session-Priority AVP | 8.7.0 |
| Dec 2009 | | | 0457 | 2 | HSS behaviour after PPA with unknown user | 8.7.0 |
| Dec 2009 | | | 0458 | 1 | Check of the S-CSCF Name | 8.7.0 |
| Dec 2009 | | | 0460 | | IMPI must be sent in SAR for UE initiated requests | 8.7.0 |
| Dec 2009 | | | 0.400 | | Upgraded unchanged from Rel-8 | 9.0.0 |
| Mar 2010 | | CP-100033 | 0462 | | Default IMPU | 9.1.0 |
| Mar 2010 | | CP-100033 | 0462 | 1 | Wildcarded Public Identity | 9.1.0 |
| Mar 2010 | | CP-100031 CP-100033 | | 1 | Priority service attribute | 9.1.0 |
| Mar 2010 | | CP-100033 CP-100033 | 0470 | 1 | User-Auth-Type not checked | 9.1.0 |
| Mar 2010 | | CP-100033 CP-100033 | 0474 | 1 | GIBA is not allowed when auth. Scheme is Unknown | 9.1.0 |
| Mar 2010 Mar 2010 | | CP-100033 CP-100042 | 0476 | 2 | Clarification on the use of User-Data-Already-Available | 9.1.0 |
| Mar 2010 Mar 2010 | | CP-100042 CP-100015 | 0477 | 2 | Server Capabilities | 9.1.0 |
| Mar 2010 Mar 2010 | | CP-100015 CP-100031 | 0482 | | RTR for wildcarded public user identity | 9.1.0 |
| | 01#47 | GE-100031 | 0400 | | | 9.1.0 |
| May 2010 | CT#40 | CD 100440 | 0404 | 0 | Xml-file corrected | |
| Jun 2010 Jun 2010 | | CP-100412 CP-100412 | 0484 0487 | 3 | Table not aligned with XML schema for wildcarded identities SAR with NO_ASSIGNMENT correction | 9.2.0 |
| 1JUN 2010 | CT#48 | GP-100412 | U487 | 3 | | 9.2.0 |

| Sep 2010 CTr440 CP-100447 0450 Windcarded Identities handling 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CTr440 CP-100447 0457 Consoling order in table for XML schema 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CTr440 CP-100447 0457 C Consoling order in table for XML schema 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CTr440 CP-100467 507 Consoling order in table for XML schemal 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CTr440 CP-100468 6361 Canting order in table orde | | | | | | | . |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Sep 2010 CT#48 CP-100447 Q472 C:MARB handing correction in restoration procedures 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CT#44 CP-100447 Soft ARB handing correction in referation procedures 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CT#44 CP-100447 Soft ARB handing correction in referation procedures 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CT#44 CP-100487 Soft ARB handing correction in referation procedures referation 9.3.0 Sep 2010 CT#40 CP-100487 Soft ARB handing correction in referation AVP and P-Authenticate AVP 9.4.0 Mark 2011 CT#12 CP-110048 QS12 Correction ARB exceeding ARB handing | Jun 2010 | CT#48 | CP-100412 | 0489 | 2 | Update of IETF Reference | 9.2.0 |
| Sep 2010 Cirti49 CP-100447 0497 2 C:wAAR handling correction in restoration procedures 9.31 Sep 2010 Cirti49 CP-100447 507 Correction for de-registration procedure at restoration 9.31 Sep 2010 Cirti49 CP-100447 507 Correction for de-registration procedure at restoration 9.31 Dec 2010 Cirti30 CP-100686 0519 Cirtification on Alias 10.0 Mar 2011 Cirti30 CP-110084 05515 MF Sover Cx. 10.1 Jun 2011 Cirti32 CP-110386 0552 Hernding of RTR for Emergency Restoration 10.2 Jun 2011 Cirti32 CP-110386 0552 Hernding of RTR for Emergency Restoration 10.2 Jun 2011 Cirti32 CP-110386 0552 Hernding of RTR for Emergency Restoration 10.2 Jun 2011 Cirti32 CP-110386 0552 Hernding of RTR for Emergency Restoration 10.2 Jun 2011 Cirti32 CP-110386 0552 Hernding of RTR for Emergency Restoration 10.2 Sep 2011 | | | | | 2 | | |
| Sep 2010 Cirta4 CP-100447 S00 1 Ambguiy of Presence Conditions of IEs and AVP ABNF 9.30 Sep 2010 Cirta4 CP-100447 S04 2 Mendatory and optional capabilities handling 9.30 Sep 2010 Cirta40 CP-100668 S01 Coding of SIP-4utorization AVP and SIP-Authenticate AVP 9.40 Dec 2010 Cirta50 CP-100669 S051 Coding of SIP-4utorization AVP and SIP-Authenticate AVP 9.40 Mar 2011 Cirta5 CP-110066 S052 I Handling of RT Result-Code AVP 10.2 Jun 2011 Cirta5 CP-110366 S053 I Error in assignment type for backward compatibility scenarios 11.2 Jun 2011 Cirta50 CP-110366 S054 I Bentry in machinal form 11.1 Sup 2011 Cirta50 CP-110366 S052 I Bentry in machinal form 11.1 Sup 2011 Cirta50 CP-110366 S052 I Bentry in machinal form 11.2 Sup 2012 Cirta50 CP-110366 S052 I Bentry in machinal form 11.3 Jun 2012 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | _ | | |
| Sep 2010 Cirt#4 CP-100447 507 Correction for de-registration procedure at restoration 9.33 Dec 2010 CT#50 CP-100668 0519 Coding of SIP-Authorization AVP and SIP-Authenticate AVP 9.43 Dec 2010 CT#50 CP-100667 0569 1 Cading of SIP-Authorization AVP and SIP-Authorization AVP and SIP-Authorization AVP 10.1 Mar 2011 CT#51 CP-110084 0555 FW Sover Cx 10.1 Jun 2011 CT#52 CP-110386 0555 FW Sover Cx 10.2 Jun 2011 CT#52 CP-110386 0553 Firor meany regression Case and compatibility scenarios 10.2 Jun 2011 CT#53 CP+110586 0553 Firor meany regression Case and compatibility scenarios 10.2 Jun 2011 CT#53 CP+110586 0552 Firoriding the MSI to the S-CSCP 11.2 Dec 2011 CT#54 CP+110781 0552 Firoriding the MSI to the S-CSCP 11.2 Dec 2011 CT#54 CP+110781 0552 Firoriding the MSI to the S-CSCP 11.2 Dec 2011 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | |
| Sep 2010 CT#49 CP-100687 6019 Coding SiPA-Authorization AVP an SIP-Authorization AVP and SIP-Authorization SIP-Authorization AVP and SI | | | | | 1 | | |
| Dec 2010 Cr550 CP-100667 0691 Clainfaction on Alias 10.0 Mar 2011 Cr561 CP-10067 0691 Clainfaction on Alias 10.1 Mar 2011 Cr561 CP-10067 06515 MF 80 Ferrogroup Registration 10.2 Jun 2011 Cr522 CP-110366 0552 I Energency Restoration 10.2 Jun 2011 Cr522 CP-110366 0553 I Enor 10.2 Jun 2011 Cr522 CP-110366 0553 I Enor 10.2 Jun 2011 Cr523 CP-110366 0554 I Enor 10.2 Jun 2011 Cr523 CP-110666 0542 Privideged sender 11.1 Sep 2011 Cr535 CP-110666 0552 I elonitry in the server portile 11.2 Dec 2011 Cr545 CP-110071 0552 I elonitry in the server portile 11.2 Dec 2011 Cr545 CP-12004 0552 I elonitry in the server portile 11.2 Dec 2011 Cr545 CP-12004 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | _ | | |
| Dec 2010 CT#50 CP-100687 Ofgranting_CDV Session Case including in XML 10.1 Mar 2011 CT#51 CP-110060 OST 5 MPS over Cx 10.1 Jun 2011 CT#52 CP-110366 OS2 1 Emergency Restoration 10.2 Jun 2011 CT#52 CP-110366 OS3 1 Emergency Restoration 10.2 Jun 2011 CT#52 CP-110366 OS4 1 Emergency Restoration over Cx interface 11.0 Jun 2011 CT#52 CP-110366 OS44 1 Priviledged sender 11.1 Dec 2011 CT#54 CP-110781 OS52 1 Identity in canonical form 11.1 Dec 2011 CT#54 CP-110781 OS52 1 Identity in canonical form 11.2 Dec 2011 CT#54 CP-110781 OS52 1 Behaviour Of HSS not supported IMS Restoration Procedures to LR 11.2 Dec 2012 CT#56 CP-12043 OS76 1 Emergency registration and authentitication and authentication and authentitication and authentitic | | | | | 2 | | |
| Mar 2011 CTFS1 CP-110040 OBS7 MPS over Cx 10.1 Jun 2011 CTFS2 CP-110349 0529 2 Handling of RTR for Emergency Registration 10.2 Jun 2011 CTFS2 CP-110356 0532 1 Incorrect Use of Result-Code AVP 10.2 Jun 2011 CTFS2 CP-110356 0533 1 Encorrect Use of Result-Code AVP 10.2 Jun 2011 CTFS2 CP-110358 0530 4 Reference Location over Cx interface 11.0 Sep 2011 CTFS3 CP-110566 0544 1 Public Identity in the service profile 11.1 Dec 2011 CTFS4 CP-110781 0552 2 Providing the IMS1 to the S-CSCF 11.2 Dec 2011 CTFS4 CP-110741 05651 2 Maximum Number of smutaneous registrations 11.1 Mar 2012 CTFS6 CP-12046 05671 1 Add ReguesURI parameter to SPT matching 11.5 Deg 2012 CTFS6 CP-12046 05671 1 Add ReguesURI parameter to SPT match | | | | | | | |
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| Dec 2015 CT#70 CP-150750 0654 1 Authentication Information IE clarification 12.8. Dec 2015 CT#70 CP-150749 0655 1 De-registration without IMPI 12.8. Dec 2015 CT#70 CP-150749 0656 1 IMSI change 12.8. Dec 2015 CT#70 CP-150759 0658 1 Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC 12.8. Dec 2015 CT#70 CP-150759 0652 4 HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties 13.0. Dec 2015 CT#70 CP-150768 0659 4 DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx 13.0. Mar 2016 CT#71 CP-160031 0661 6 Introduction of AAA-1 interface 13.1. Mar 2016 CT#72 CP-160215 0665 1 Diameter requests for priority traffic during overload control mechanism 13.2. 07-2016 Correction to spec version number on cover page 13.2. | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 | CT#69 CT#69 | CP-150428 CP-150432 | 0649 0644 | - | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER | 12.7.0 12.7.0 |
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| Dec 2015CT#70CP-15075906581Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC12.8.Dec 2015CT#70CP-15077506524HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties13.0.Dec 2015CT#70CP-15076806594DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx13.0.Mar 2016CT#71CP-16003106616Introduction of AAA-1 interface13.1.Mar 2016CT#71CP-1600460662-De-registration of emergency registration correction13.1.Jun 2016CT#72CP-16021506651Diameter requests for priority traffic during overload control mechanism13.2.07-2016Correction to spec version number on cover page13.2. | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 Dec 2015 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150436 CP-150754 CP-150750 | 0649 0644 0645 0653 0654 | - 1 - 2 1 | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 |
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| Dec 2015 CT#70 CP-150768 0659 4 DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx 13.0. Mar 2016 CT#71 CP-160031 0661 6 Introduction of AAA-1 interface 13.1. Mar 2016 CT#71 CP-160046 0662 - De-registration of emergency registration correction 13.1. Jun 2016 CT#72 CP-160215 0665 1 Diameter requests for priority traffic during overload control mechanism 13.2. 07-2016 Correction to spec version number on cover page 13.2. | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150436 CP-150754 CP-150750 CP-150749 CP-150749 CP-150759 | 0649 0644 0653 0653 0654 0655 0656 0658 | - 1 - 2 1 1 1 1 1 | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification De-registration without IMPI IMSI change Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 |
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| Mar 2016 CT#71 CP-160046 0662 - De-registration of emergency registration correction 13.1. Jun 2016 CT#72 CP-160215 0665 1 Diameter requests for priority traffic during overload control mechanism 13.2. 07-2016 Correction to spec version number on cover page 13.2. | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150754 CP-150754 CP-150750 CP-150749 CP-150759 CP-150775 | 0649 0644 0653 0654 0655 0656 0658 0652 | - 1 - 2 1 1 1 1 4 | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification De-registration without IMPI IMSI change Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 13.0.0 |
| Jun 2016 CT#72 CP-160215 0665 1 Diameter requests for priority traffic during overload control mechanism 13.2. 07-2016 Correction to spec version number on cover page 13.2. | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150754 CP-150754 CP-150759 CP-150759 CP-150775 CP-150775 | 0649 0644 0653 0653 0655 0656 0658 0652 0659 | - 1 - 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification De-registration without IMPI IMSI change Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 13.0.0 |
| 07-2016 Correction to spec version number on cover page 13.2. | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 Mar 2016 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#71 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150754 CP-150754 CP-150759 CP-150759 CP-150775 CP-150775 CP-150768 CP-160031 | 0649 0644 0653 0653 0654 0655 0656 0658 0652 0659 0661 | - 1 - 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification De-registration without IMPI IMSI change Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx Introduction of AAA-1 interface | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 13.0.0 13.0.0 13.1.0 |
| | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 Mar 2016 Mar 2016 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#71 CT#71 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150754 CP-150754 CP-150759 CP-150759 CP-1507759 CP-150775 CP-150768 CP-160031 CP-160046 | 0649 0644 0653 0653 0654 0655 0656 0658 0652 0659 0661 0662 | - 1 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 6 - | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification De-registration without IMPI IMSI change Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx Introduction of AAA-1 interface De-registration of emergency registration correction | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 13.0.0 13.0.0 13.1.0 |
| 109-2016 ICT#73 ICP-160431 10666 1 IS-CSCE Restoration during Registration enhancement 114.0 | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 Mar 2016 Jun 2016 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#71 CT#71 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150754 CP-150754 CP-150759 CP-150759 CP-1507759 CP-150775 CP-150768 CP-160031 CP-160046 | 0649 0644 0653 0653 0654 0655 0656 0658 0652 0659 0661 0662 | - 1 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 6 - | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification De-registration without IMPI IMSI change Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx Introduction of AAA-1 interface De-registration of emergency registration correction Diameter requests for priority traffic during overload control mechanism | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 13.0.0 13.0.0 13.1.0 13.1.0 13.2.0 |
| | Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Sep 2015 Dec 2015 Mar 2016 Jun 2016 07-2016 | CT#69 CT#69 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#70 CT#71 CT#71 CT#72 | CP-150428 CP-150432 CP-150754 CP-150754 CP-150759 CP-150759 CP-1507759 CP-150775 CP-150768 CP-160031 CP-160046 CP-160215 | 0649 0644 0653 0654 0655 0656 0658 0652 0659 0661 0662 0665 | - 1 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 6 - 1 | Authentication tables and IE clarifications in MAR/MAA Wrong CR update S-CSCF Restoration Information deletion with SAT=UNREGISTERED_USER P-CSCF Restoration when IMS Restoration is supported Allowed WAF and/or WWSF Identities Authentication Information IE clarification De-registration without IMPI IMSI change Update reference to DOIC new IETF RFC HSS supports IMS subscriptions corresponding to users managed by third parties DRMP AVP Procedures over Cx/Dx Introduction of AAA-1 interface De-registration of emergency registration correction Diameter requests for priority traffic during overload control mechanism | 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.7.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 12.8.0 13.0.0 13.0.0 13.1.0 13.1.0 13.2.0 13.2.1 |

| 2016-12 | CT#74 | CP-160646 | 0673 | 2 | Reference Location | 14.1.0 |
|---------|-------|-----------|------|---|---|--------|
| 2016-12 | CT#74 | CP-160672 | 0674 | 1 | Service Profile and iFC alignment between XML and text/UML | 14.1.0 |
| 2016-12 | CT#74 | CP-160681 | 0675 | 1 | Load Control | 14.1.0 |
| 2016-12 | CT#74 | CP-160664 | 0677 | - | Correction to change IETF drmp draft version to official RFC 7944 | 14.1.0 |
| 2017-03 | CT#75 | CP-170045 | 0678 | - | Mission Critical Services | 14.2.0 |
| 2017-03 | CT#75 | CP-170048 | 0679 | 1 | Update of reference for the Diameter base protocol | 14.2.0 |
| 2017-06 | CT#76 | CP-171034 | 0680 | 1 | IMS Trace (ISAT) Reference Updates | 14.3.0 |
| 2017-06 | CT#76 | CP-171018 | 0684 | 1 | Support for signaling transport level packet marking | 14.3.0 |
| 2017-09 | CT#77 | CP-172012 | 0686 | - | Correction of DRMP Procedures | 14.4.0 |
| 2017-12 | CT#78 | CP-173011 | 0687 | 1 | Cx Subscriber Deregistration Reason | 14.5.0 |
| 2018-06 | CT#80 | CP-181121 | 0688 | 1 | Change of Reference Location Information | 15.0.0 |
| 2018-09 | CT#81 | CP-182069 | 0689 | - | P-CSCF restoration for 5GC | 15.1.0 |
| 2019-03 | CT#83 | CP-190035 | 0690 | 1 | Reference Location Information change | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-09 | CT#85 | CP-192094 | 0693 | 2 | draft-ietf-dime-load published as RFC 8583 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-09 | CT#85 | CP-192150 | 0691 | 1 | Wildcarded Public Identity in SAA | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | CT#86 | CP-193047 | 0694 | - | RLOS related registrations | 16.1.0 |

History

| | Document history | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| V16.1.0 | November 2020 | Publication | | | | | | | |
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