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History

Foreword

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1 Scope

The present document specifies the stage 3 of the control plane of the GPRS Tunnelling Protocol, Version 2 for Evolved Packet System interfaces (GTPv2-C).

In this document, unless otherwise specified, the S2a, S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces refer always to the GTP-based S2a, S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces respectively.

GTPv2-C shall be used across the following EPC signalling interfaces: S2a, S2b, S3, S4, S5, S8, S10, S11 and S16.

GTPv2-C shall be used across the Sm and Sn interfaces for MBMS in EPS.

GTPv2-C based protocols shall also be used across Sv (3GPP TS 29.280 [15]) and S101/S121 (3GPP TS 29.276 [14]) interfaces.

The procedures supported between the TWAN and the PGW on the S2a interface, and between the ePDG and the PGW on the S2b interface are specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].

The present document specifies functions, procedures and information which apply to GERAN Iu mode. However, functionality related to GERAN Iu mode is neither maintained nor enhanced.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
- [3] 3GPP TS 23.401: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access".
- [4] 3GPP TS 29.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP) across the Gn and Gp interface".
- [5] 3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3".
- [6] IETF RFC 791 (STD 0005): "Internet Protocol", J. Postel.
- [7] IETF RFC 768 (STD 0006): "User Datagram Protocol", J. Postel.
- [8] 3GPP TS 32.251: "Telecommunication Management; Charging Management; Packet Switched (PS) domain charging.
- [9] 3GPP TS 32.298: "Telecommunication Management; Charging Management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter classification.
- [10] 3GPP TS 36.413: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 Application Protocol (S1AP)".
- [11] 3GPP TS 33.102: "3G security; Security architecture".

- [12] 3GPP TS 33.401: "3GPP System Architecture Evolution (SAE); Security architecture".
- [13] 3GPP TS 29.281: "General Packet Radio System (GPRS) Tunnelling Protocol User Plane (GTPv1-U)".
- [14] 3GPP TS 29.276: "3GPP Evolved Packet System (EPS); Optimized handover procedures and protocols between E-UTRAN Access and cdma2000 HRPD Access; Stage 3".
- [15] 3GPP TS 29.280: "Evolved Packet System (EPS); 3GPP Sv interface (MME to MSC, and SGSN to MSC) for SRVCC".
- [16] IETF RFC 2460: "Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification".
- [17] 3GPP TS 23.007: "Restoration procedures".
- [18] 3GPP TS 32.422: "Telecommunication management; Subscriber and equipment trace; Trace control and configuration management ".
- [19] 3GPP TS 36.300: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Overall description; Stage 2".
- [20] 3GPP TS 36.414: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 data transport".
- [21] 3GPP TS 23.272: "Circuit Switched (CS) fallback in Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 2".
- [22] 3GPP TS 29.118: "Mobility Management Entity (MME) Visitor Location Register (VLR) SGs interface specification".
- [23] 3GPP TS 24.301: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 3".
- [24] void
- [25] ITU-T Recommendation E.164: "The international public telecommunication numbering plan".
- [26] 3GPP TS 29.275: "Proxy Mobile IPv6 (PMIPv6) based Mobility and Tunnelling protocols; Stage 3".
- [27] 3GPP TS 44.018: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Radio Resource Control Protocol".
- [28] 3GPP TS 48.008: "Mobile Switching Centre Base Station System (MSC-BSS) interface; Layer 3 specification".
- [29] 3GPP TS 29.212: "Policy and Charging Control (PCC); Reference points".
- [30] 3GPP TS 24.007: "Mobile radio interface signalling layer 3; General Aspects".
- [31] IETF RFC 1035: "Domain Names Implementation and Specification".
- [32] 3GPP TS 29.303: "Domain Name System Procedures; Stage 3".
- [33] 3GPP TS 25.413: "UTRAN Iu interface Radio Access Network Application Part (RANAP) signalling".
- [34] 3GPP TS 48.018: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Base Station System (BSS) Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN); BSS GPRS protocol (BSSGP)".
- [35] 3GPP TS 23.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Service description; Stage 2".

- [36] 3GPP TS 32.295: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) transfer".
- [37] 3GPP TS 23.246: "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS); Architecture and functional description".
- [38] 3GPP TS 29.061: "Interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting packet based services and Packet Data Networks (PDN) ".
- [39] IETF RFC 3588: "Diameter Base Protocol ".
- [40] IETF RFC 4607: "Source-Specific Multicast for IP".
- [41] 3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".
- [42] 3GPP TS 29.010: "Information element mapping between Mobile Station Base Station System (MS - BSS) and Base Station System - Mobile-services Switching Centre (BSS - MSC); Signalling procedures and the Mobile Application Part (MAP)".
- [43] 3GPP TS 23.216: "Single Radio Voice Call Continuity (SRVCC); Stage 2".
- [44] 3GPP TS 32.423: "Telecommunication management; Subscriber and equipment trace: Trace data definition and management".
- [45] 3GPP TS 23.402: "Architecture enhancements for non-3GPP accesses.
- [46] 3GPP TR 25.999: "HSPA Evolution (FDD)".
- [47] 3GPP TS 23.292: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) centralized services".
- [48] 3GPP TS 23.203: "Policy and charging control architecture; Stage 2".
- [49] ITU-T Recommendation X.691 (07/2002): "Information technology ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)".
- [50] 3GPP TS 33.402: "3GPP System Architecture Evolution (SAE); Security aspects of non-3GPP accesses".
- [51] 3GPP TS 23.139: "3GPP system fixed broadband access network interworking; Stage 2".
- [52] IEEE Std 802.11-2012: "IEEE Standard for Information technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications".
- [53] IETF RFC 5905: "Network Time Protocol Version 4: Protocol and Algorithms Specification".
- [54] 3GPP TS 32.299: "Telecommunication Management; Charging Management; Diameter charging applications.
- [55] 3GPP TS 23.251: " Network Sharing; Architecture and Functional Description".
- [56] 3GPP TS 23.271: "Location Services".
- [57] 3GPP TS 29.173: "Diameter-based SLh interface for Control Plane LCS".
- [58] IETF RFC 5453: "Reserved IPv6 Interface Identifiers".
- [59] IETF RFC 4776: "Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Option for Civic Addresses Configuration Information".
- [60] IETF RFC 3046: "DHCP Relay Agent Information Option".
- [61] 3GPP TS 23.380: "IMS Restoration Procedures".
- [62] 3GPP TS 22.153: "Multimedia Priority Service".

- [63] 3GPP TS 24.302: "Access to the 3GPP Evolved Packet Core (EPC) via non-3GPP access networks; stage 3".
- [64] ITU-T Recommendation E.212: "The international identification plan for mobile terminals and mobile users".
- [65] IETF RFC 2474: "Definition of the Differentiated Services Field (DS Field) in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers".
- [66] 3GPP TS 24.244: "Wireless LAN control plane protocol for trusted WLAN access to EPC".
- [67] IETF RFC 7296: "Internet Key Exchange Protocol Version 2 (IKEv2)".
- [68] 3GPP TS 29.273: "3GPP EPS AAA Interfaces".
- [69] 3GPP TS 29.336: "Home Subscriber Server (HSS) diameter interfaces for interworking with packet data networks and applications".
- [70] 3GPP TS 29.272: "Mobility Management Entity (MME) and Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN) related interfaces based on Diameter protocol".
- [71] 3GPP TS 23.161: "Network-Based IP Flow Mobility (NBIFOM); Stage 2".
- [72] 3GPP TS 23.303: "Proximity-based services (ProSe); Stage 2".
- [73] 3GPP TS 24.161: "Network-Based IP Flow Mobility (NBIFOM); Stage 3".
- [74] 3GPP TS 23.682: "Architecture enhancements to facilitate communications with packet data networks and applications".
- [75] 3GPP TS 23.040: "Technical realization of the Short Message Service (SMS)".
- [76] 3GPP TS 36.323: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) specification".
- [77] IETF RFC 4995: "The RObust Header Compression (ROHC) Framework".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

GTP-PDU: GTP Protocol Data Unit is either a GTP-C Message or a GTP-U Message. GTP-U Message may be either a signalling message across the user plane tunnel, or a G-PDU (see clause 6).

- Signalling Message: any GTP-PDU (GTP-C or GTP-U) except the G-PDU.
- **G-PDU:** GTP user plane message, which carries the original packet (payload). G-PDU consists of GTP-U header and a T-PDU.
- **T-PDU:** original packet, for example an IP datagram, from an UE or a network node in an external packet data network. A T-PDU is the payload that is tunnelled in the GTP-U tunnel.
- **GTP-C Message:** GTP control plane message type of a GTP-PDU. GTP-C message consists of GTP-C header, which is followed by zero or more information elements.
- **GTP-U Message:** GTP user plane message. The user plane messages are used to carry user data packets, and also signalling messages e.g. for path management and error indication. Therefore, GTP-U message consists of GTP-U header, which is followed by either a T-PDU, or zero or more information elements.

GTP Tunnel: A GTP tunnel is a communication tunnel between two GTP nodes (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

PDN Connection: "PDN Connection" in this specification only refers to the PDN connection through the SGW and PGW.

SCEF PDN Connection: The PDN connection to the SCEF. Unless otherwise indicated in a clause or subclause, "PDN Connections" do not refer to any SCEF PDN Connection.

Tunnel Endpoint: A tunnel endpoint is identified with a TEID, an IP address and a UDP port number (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (TEID): unambiguously identifies a tunnel endpoint in scope of a path (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

S1-UInterface between SGW and eNodeBX2Interface between eNodeBs

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

AMBR	Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate
APN	Access Point Name
APN-NI	Access Point Name Network Identifier
APN-OI	Access Point Name Operator Identifier
C-MSISDN	Correlation MSISDN
EBI	EPS Bearer ID
eNodeB	Evolved Node B
EPC	Evolved Packet Core
ePDG	Evolved Packet Data Gateway
EPS	Evolved Packet System
F-TEID	Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier
G-PDU	GTP-U non-signalling PDU
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GTP	GPRS Tunnelling Protocol
GTP-PDU	GTP-C PDU or GTP-U PDU
GTPv2-C	GTP version 2, control plane
GTPv2-U	GTP version 2, user plane
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
LBI	Linked EPS Bearer ID
L1	Layer 1
L2	Layer 2
LGW	Local Gateway
LIPA	Local IP Access
MBMS	Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service
MEI	Mobile Equipment Identity
MSISDN	Mobile Subscriber ISDN Number
NBIFOM	Network-based IP Flow Mobility
NTP	Network Time Protocol
PAA	PDN Address Allocation
PCO	Protocol Configuration Options
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PDN	Packet Data Network or Public Data Network
PGW	PDN Gateway
PTI	Procedure Transaction Id
QoS	Quality of Service
RAT	Radio Access Technology

RIM	RAN Information Management
SGW	Serving Gateway
SPID	Subscriber Profile ID for RAT/Frequency Priority
STN-SR	Session Transfer Number for SRVCC
TEID	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier
TEID-C	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier, control plane
TEID-U	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier, user plane
TFT	Traffic Flow Template
TLIV	Type Length Instance Value
TWAN	Trusted WLAN Access Network
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
ULI	User Location Information

4 General

4.1 GTP Tunnel

GTP tunnels are used between two nodes communicating over a GTP based interface, to separate traffic into different communication flows.

A GTP tunnel is identified in each node with a TEID, an IP address and a UDP port number. The receiving end side of a GTP tunnel locally assigns the TEID value the transmitting side has to use. The TEID values are exchanged between tunnel endpoints using GTP-C or S1-MME or Iu-PS messages. The GTPv2 entity communicates to the peer GTPv2 entity the TEID value at which it expects to receive all subsequent control plane messages related to that GTP tunnel via the:

- "Sender F-TEID for Control Plane" IE,
- "PGW S5/S8/S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface" IE,
- "MSC Server Sv TEID for Control Plane" IE,
- "S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane" IE, or
- "MME/SGSN Sv TEID for Control Plane" IE.

The criteria defining when the same or different GTP tunnels shall be used between the two nodes differs between the control and the user plane, and also between interfaces.

For the control plane, for each end-point of a GTP-C tunnel:

- The TEID-C shall be unique per PDN-Connection on GTP based S2a, S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to all bearers associated to the PDN-Connection. A TEID-C on the S2a/S2b/S5/S8 interface shall be released after all its associated EPS bearers are deleted.
- There shall be only one pair of TEID-Cs per UE on each of the S3, S10 and the S16 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same UE operation. A TEID-C on the S3/S10/S16 interface shall be released after its associated UE context is removed or the UE is detached. For the S3 interface, when ISR is active for the UE, during I-RAT handover between the ISR associated nodes, the existing S3 TEID-C may be re-used or new S3 TEID-C may be allocated. During this scenario, if the node decides to allocate new S3 TEID-C, it shall release its own old S3 TEID-C.
- There shall be only one pair of TEID-C per UE over the S11 and the S4 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same UE operation. A TEID-C on the S11/S4 interface shall be released after all its associated EPS bearers are deleted.
- There shall be only one pair of TEID-C per MBMS Bearer Service (i.e. per TMGI and MBMS Flow Identifier, if the MBMS Flow Identifier is provided; or per TMGI, if the MBMS Flow Identifier is not provided) over the Sm and Sn interfaces respectively. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same MBMS Bearer Service. A TEID-C on the Sm/Sn interface shall be released after the MBMS Bearer Session is stopped.

For GTP-U, a TEID-U is used according to 3GPP TS 29.281 [13].

NOTE: GTP-U is based on GTP version 1 (GTPv1).

4.2 Protocol stack

4.2.0 General

The protocol stack for GTPv2 shall be as depicted in Figure 4.2.0-1.

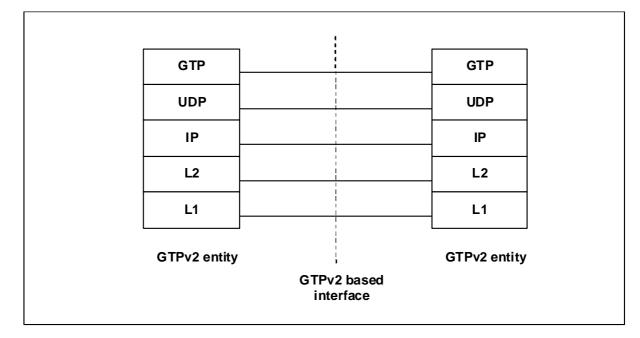


Figure 4.2.0-1: GTPv2 stack

The GTPv2 headers are specified in the respective clauses of this specification.

The source and destination IP addresses and UDP ports used for each GTP-C message depend on the role that the message plays in a message exchange. A message can be an Initial message, or a Triggered message, or a Triggered message. An Initial message is sent to a peer GTP entity with a sequence number chosen by the sending entity (see subclause 7.6). A Triggered message is sent in response to an Initial message. Triggered Reply message may be sent in response to a Triggered message. See subclause 7.6 for the sequence number usage.

Typically, a Request message is an Initial message, but a Request message may be a Triggered messages in certain procedures where they are triggered by an Initial Command message. See subclause 4.2.5 for classification of the Initial messages and their possible Triggered messages, as well as cases where there are Triggered Reply messages to the Triggered messages.

Piggybacking is an optional feature, which is described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. If the feature is supported, then the piggybacking of the initial messages on triggered response messages for EUTRAN Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN (see sub-clauses 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]) and UE-requested PDN Connectivity procedures shall be implemented as per requirements in subclauses 4.2.0 and 5.5.1 of this specification .When piggybacking is used, a common IP header and a common UDP header shall be used for the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message as depicted in Figure 4.2.0-2. Immediately following the triggered response message is the piggybacked initial message, following which no additional information shall be present. The subclause 5.5 specifies the usage of piggybacking-specific fields in the GTP-C header.

IP header	UDP header	Triggered response message (P=1)	Piggybacked initial message (P=0)

Figure 4.2.0-2: Packet Format for the Piggybacking of messages

4.2.1 UDP header and port numbers

4.2.1.0 General

A User Datagram Protocol (UDP) compliant with IETF RFC 768 [7] shall be used.

4.2.1.1 Initial Messages

The UDP Destination Port number for GTPv2 Initial messages shall be 2123. It is the registered port number for GTP-C.

The UDP Source Port for a GTPv2 Initial message is a locally allocated port number at the sending GTP entity.

If GTPv2 and GTP' v2 modules are using the same IP address for sending messages, the implementation shall ensure that while some source port number is used by GTPv2 messages, the same source port number shall not be used by GTP' v2 messages. Otherwise, the IP interface may have difficulty to delivering a response message to the right protocol entity.

4.2.1.2 Triggered Messages

The UDP Destination Port value of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be the value of the UDP Source Port of the corresponding message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

The UDP Source Port of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be the value from the UDP Destination Port of the corresponding message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

In the SGSN pool scenario, if the Identification Request, the Context Request or the Suspend Notification messages have been forwarded by another SGSN in the pool, the UDP Destination Port for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowledge message shall be determined in the following way. The value from the information element "UDP Source Port Number", which was sent in the corresponding forwarded request, shall be copied into the UDP Destination Port field. The UDP Source Port for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowledge message may be a locally allocated port number at the sending GTP entity.

In the handover scenario when the CIoT feature is deployed, if the Forward Relocation Request message has been forwarded by the target MME, the UDP Destination Port for the Forward Relocation Response shall be set to the value of Source UDP Port Number IE included in the Forward Relocation Request message; the UDP Source Port for the Forward Relocation Response message may be a locally allocated port number at the sending GTP entity.

4.2.1.3 Piggybacked Messages

A piggybacked initial message is carried as a concatenation after a triggered response message and they share a common UDP header (see Figure 4.2.0-2).

The UDP Destination port for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the port number used for the triggered response message.

The UDP Source port for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the port number used for the triggered response message.

4.2.2 IP header and IP addresses

4.2.2.1 Initial Messages

The IP Destination Address of a GTPv2 Initial message shall be an IP address of the destination GTPv2 entity.

During the establishment of the GTP tunnel, the GTPv2 entity selects and communicates to the peer GTPv2 entity the IP Destination Address at which it expects to receive subsequent control plane Initial messages related to that GTP tunnel via the:

- "Sender F-TEID for Control Plane" IE,
- "PGW S5/S8/S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface" IE,
- "MSC Server Sv Address for Control Plane" IE,
- "S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane" IE, or

- "MME/SGSN Sv Address for Control Plane" IE.

During the network triggered service restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), if an MME/S4-SGSN sends a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication message to the SGW, then the destination address for this message shall be the SGW IP address signalled via the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE in the Downlink Data Notification message (if present in the message), otherwise the source IP address of the Downlink Data Notification message received earlier.

The IP Source Address of a GTPv2 Initial message shall be an IP address of the source GTPv2 entity from which the Initial message is originating.

4.2.2.2 Triggered Messages

The IP Destination Address of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be copied from the IP Source Address of the message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

The IP Source Address of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be copied from the IP destination address of the message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of SGSN pool scenario and handover scenario when the CIoT feature is deployed.

In the SGSN pool scenario, if the Identification Request, the Context Request or the Suspend Notification messages have been forwarded by another SGSN in the pool, the IP Source address for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowledge messages shall be locally allocated by the sending GTP entity. The IP Destination Address for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowledge messages shall be determined in the following way. The value from the information element "Address for Control Plane", which was sent in the corresponding Identification Request or the Suspend Notification message; or the value from the information element "S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane", which was sent in the corresponding Context Request message, shall be copied into the IP Destination Address field.

In the handover scenario when the CIoT feature is deployed, if the Forward Relocation Request message has been forwarded by the target MME, the IP Source address of the Forward Relocation Response shall be locally allocated by the sending GTP entity. The IP Destination Address field of the Forward Relocation Response shall be set to the value of the "Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane" IE received in the Forward Relocation Request message.

4.2.2.3 Piggybacked Messages

A piggybacked initial message is carried as a concatenation after a triggered response message and they share a common IP header (see Figure 4.2.0-2).

The IP Source Address for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the IP Address used for the triggered response message.

The IP Destination Address for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the IP Address used for the triggered response message.

4.2.3 Layer 2

Typically Ethernet should be used as a Layer 2 protocol, but operators may use any other technology.

4.2.4 Layer 1

Operators may use any appropriate Layer 1 technology.

4.2.5 Messages with GTPv2 defined replies: Classification of Initial and Triggered Messages

An Initial message is a GTPv2 message that is not triggered as a response to another GTPv2 message across the given interface.

The expected reply to a Request message is a Triggered message and the reply has the same message name as the Request but with "Response" replacing "Request".

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NOTE 1: If the SGW receives a "Create Session Request" on S11/S4, this can trigger either of the following GTPv2 messages across S5/S8: "Create Session Request" or "Modify Bearer Request". However, neither of these messages across S5/S8 is considered to be a Triggered message.

If a Request message is a reply to a Command message, then the Request message is a Triggered message; otherwise the Request message is an Initial message. Responses do not have replies except when a "Context Acknowledge" is required as a reply to "Context Response" message as specified in relevant Stage 2 procedures. Context Acknowledge is always triggered message and does not have a reply.

NOTE 2: The "Context Acknowledge" message is sent only if the "Context Response" message is received with the acceptance cause.

A message whose name ends in "Command" is always an initial message. If a "Command" message fails, the name of the reply message is constructed by replacing "Command" with "Failure Indication". Apart from "Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication" message, a "Failure Indication" is a Triggered message. The "Failure Indication" message does not have a reply. If a "Command" message is successful, its reply will be a Request as specified in relevant Stage 2 procedures.

A message whose name ends in "Notification" is always an Initial message, The expected Triggered message in reply has the same message name but with "Acknowledge" replacing "Notification", except for the case of the message "Downlink Data Notification" which has the reply "Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge" and "PGW Resart Notification" which has the reply "PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge". An "Acknowledge" message does not have a reply.

CS Paging Indication, Stop Paging Indication, RAN Information Relay, Configuration Transfer Tunnel, Trace Session Activation, Trace Session Deactivation, ISR Status Indication and Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication messages are Initial messages that do not have a reply.

A Version Not Supported Indication message is a Triggered message.

4.3 Transmission Order and Bit Definitions

The messages in this document shall be transmitted in network octet order starting with octet 1 with the Most Significant Bit sent first.

The most significant bit of an octet in a GTP message is bit 8. If a value in a GTP message spans several octets and nothing else is stated, the most significant bit is bit 8 of the octet with the lowest number.

5 GTP Header for Control Plane

5.1 General format

Control Plane GTP uses a variable length header. Control Plane GTP header length shall be a multiple of 4 octets. Figure 5.1-1 illustrates the format of the GTPv2-C Header.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1		Version	1	Р	Т	Spare	Spare	Spare
2	Message Type							
3	Message Length (1 st Octet)							
4	Message Length (2 nd Octet)							
m to	If T flag is set to 1, then TEID shall be placed into octets 5-							
k(m+3)	8. Otherwise, TEID field is not present at all.							
n to (n+2)	Sequence Number							
(n+3)	Spare							

Figure 5.1-1: General format of GTPv2 Header for Control Plane

Where:

- if T = 0, TEID field is not present, k = 0, m = 0 and n = 5;

- if T = 1, TEID field is present, k = 1, m = 5 and n = 9.

The usage of GTPv2-C header across the EPC specific interfaces is defined in the subclause 5.5 "Usage of the GTPv2-C Header". Octet 1 bits shall be coded as follows:

- Bits 6-8 represent the Version field.
- Bit 5 represents the Piggybacking flag (P).
- Bit 4 represents the TEID flag (T).
- Bits 3-1 are spare, the sender shall set them to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore them.

5.2 Control Plane GTP Extension Header

The legacy Extension Header mechanism is not used for the GTP version 2 control plane (GTPv2-C). Future extensions will be implemented by adding Information Elements in the message body if new parameters are needed.

5.3 GTP-C header for Echo and Version Not Supported Indication messages

The GTPv2-C message header for the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages shall not contain the TEID field, but shall contain the Sequence Number fields, followed by one spare octet as depicted in figure 5.3-1. The spare bits shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver. For the Version Not Supported Indication message header, the Sequence Number may be set to any number and shall be ignored by the receiver.

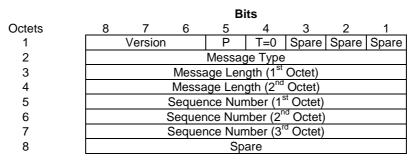


Figure 5.3-1: The format of Echo and Version Not Supported Indication messages Header

5.4 EPC specific GTP-C header

Apart from the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages, the GTP-C message header shall contain the TEID and Sequence Number fields followed by one spare octet. A typical GTP-C header is depicted in figure 5.4-1. The spare bits shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

			Bi	its			
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	Version		Р	T=1	Spare	Spare	Spare
			Messag	је Туре	1		
Message Length (1 st Octet)							
Message Length (2 nd Octet)							
Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (1 st Octet)							
Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (2 nd Octet)							
Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (3 rd Octet)							
Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (4 th Octet)							
Sequence Number (1 st Octet)							
Sequence Number (2 nd Octet)							
		Sequer	nce Nun	nber (3 ^r	^d Octet)		
			Sp	are			
	-	Version Tur Tur Tur Tur	Version Messa Messa Tunnel En Tunnel En Tunnel En Tunnel En Sequer Sequer	8 7 6 5 Version P Message Len Message Len Tunnel Endpoint le Tunnel Endpoint le Tunnel Endpoint le Sequence Nur Sequence Nur Sequence Nur	Version P T=1 Message Type Message Length (1 st Message Length (2 nd Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Sequence Number (1 st Sequence Number (2 nd	8 7 6 5 4 3 Version P T=1 Spare Message Type Message Length (1 st Octet) Message Length (2 nd Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (1 st Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (2 nd Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (3 rd Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (3 rd Octet) Sequence Number (1 st Octet) Sequence Number (2 nd Octet) Sequence Number (3 rd Octet)	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 Version P T=1 Spare Spare Message Type Message Length (1 st Octet) Message Length (1 st Octet) Message Length (2 nd Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (2 nd Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (3 rd Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (3 rd Octet) Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (3 rd Octet) Sequence Number (1 st Octet) Sequence Number (1 st Octet) Sequence Number (1 st Octet) Sequence Number (3 rd Octet)

Figure 5.4-1: The format of EPC specific GTPv2 Control Plane message Header

5.5 Usage of the GTPv2-C Header

5.5.1 General

The format of the GTPv2-C header is specified in subclause 5.1 "General format". The usage of the GTP-C header across e.g. S101/S121 (3GPP TS 29.276 [14]) and Sv (3GPP TS 29.280 [15]) interfaces are defined in their respective specifications.

The usage of the GTPv2-C header for EPC specific interfaces shall be as defined below.

The first octet of the header shall be used is the following way:

- Bits 8 to 6, which represent the GTP-C version, shall be set to decimal 2 ("010").
- Bit 5 represents a "P" flag. If the "P" flag is set to "0", no piggybacked message shall be present. If the "P" flag is set to "1", then another GTPv2-C message with its own header and body shall be present at the end of the current message.

When present, a piggybacked message shall have its "P" flag set to "0" in its own header. If a Create Session Response message (as part of EUTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN (see sub-clauses 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]) or UE-requested PDN connectivity procedure) has the "P" flag set to "1", then a single Create Bearer Request message shall be present as the piggybacked message. As a response to the Create Bearer Request message, if the Create Bearer Response has the "P" flag set to "1", then a single Create Bearer Request message shall be present from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN (see sub-clauses 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]) or UE-requested PDN connectivity procedure) shall be present as the piggybacked message. A Create Bearer Response with "P" flag set to "1" shall not be sent unless a Create Session Response and Create Bearer Response messages, all the EPC specific messages shall have the "P" flag set to "0".

- Bit 4 represents a "T" flag, which indicates if TEID field is present in the GTP-C header or not. If the "T" flag is set to 0, then the TEID field shall not be present in the GTP-C header. If the "T" flag is set to 1, then the TEID field shall immediately follow the Length field, in octets 5 to 8. Apart from the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages, in all EPC specific messages the value of the "T" flag shall be set to "1".
- Bit 3 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.
- Bit 2 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.
- Bit 1 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.

The usage of the fields in octets 2 - n of the header shall be as specified below.

- Octet 2 represents the Message type field, which shall be set to the unique value for each type of control plane message. Message type values are specified in Table 6.1-1 "Message types for GTPv2".
- Octets 3 to 4 represent the Message Length field. This field shall indicate the length of the message in octets excluding the mandatory part of the GTP-C header (the first 4 octets). The TEID (if present) and the Sequence Number shall be included in the length count. The format of the Length field of information elements is specified in subclause 8.2 "Information Element Format".
- A piggybacked initial message and the preceding triggered response message present in the common IP/UDP packet shall have their own length and sequence number in their respective GTP-C headers. The overall length of the IP/UDP packet shall indicate the total length of the two GTP-C messages.
- For EPC specific interfaces, T=1, and therefore octets 5 to 8 represent the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (TEID) field. This field shall unambiguously identify a tunnel endpoint in the receiving GTP-C entity. The Tunnel Endpoint Identifier is set by the sending entity in the GTP header of all control plane messages to the TEID value provided by the corresponding receiving entity (see subclause 4.1). If a peer's TEID is not available the TEID field shall be present in a GTPv2-C header, but its value shall be set to "0", as specified in subclause 5.5.2 "Conditions for sending TEID=0 in GTPv2-C header".
- NOTE: The TEID in the GTP header of a Triggered (or Triggered Reply) message is set to the TEID value provided by the corresponding receiving entity regardless of whether the source IP address of the Initial (or Triggered) message and the IP Destination Address provided by the receiving entity for subsequent control plane Initial messages (see subclause 4.2.2.1) are the same or not.
- Octets 9 to 11 represent GTP Sequence Number field.

5.5.2 Conditions for sending TEID=0 in GTPv2-C header

If a peer's TEID is not available, the TEID field still shall be present in the header and its value shall be set to "0" in the following messages:

- Create Session Request message on S2a/S2b/S5/S8
- Create Session Request message on S4/S11, if for a given UE, the SGSN/MME has not yet obtained the Control TEID of the SGW.
- Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message on S4/S11, if the SGW selected by the MME/S4-SGSN for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW used as anchor.
- Identification Request/Response messages.
- Forward Relocation Request message: over S10, S16 interfaces, over S3 interface during I-RAT handover when ISR is not active.
- Forward Relocation Request message over S3 interface during I-RAT handover between ISR associated nodes, when ISR is active for the UE, and if the node decides to allocate new S3 TEID-C.
- Context Request message.
- Relocation Cancel Request message except for the case where the old SGSN/MME has already been assigned the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Control Plane of the new SGSN/MME.
- Relocation Cancel Response message if the new SGSN/MME does not have the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Control Plane of the old SGSN/MME.
- Delete PDN Connection Set Request/Response messages.
- Configuration Transfer Tunnel message.
- RAN Information Relay message.
- If a node receives a message and the TEID-C in the GTPv2 header of the received message is not known, it shall respond with "Context not found" Cause in the corresponding response message to the sender, the TEID used in the GTPv2-C header in the response message shall be then set to zero.

- If a node receives a request message containing protocol error, e.g. Mandatory IE missing, which requires the receiver to reject the message as specified in clause 7.7, it shall reject the request message. For the response message, the node should look up the remote peer's TEID and accordingly set the GTPv2-C header TEID and the message cause code. As an implementation option, the node may not look up the remote peer's TEID and set the GTPv2-C header TEID to zero in the response message. However in this case, the cause code shall not be set to "Context not found".
- MBMS Session Start Request message.
- PGW Restart Notification / PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge messages.
- Downlink Data Notification message sent on S11/S4 as part of the Network Triggered Service Restoration
 procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), and corresponding Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge and
 Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication if the SGW did not include the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane
 IE in the Downlink Data Notification message.
- Stop Paging Indication message is sent to the restarted CN node (or another node in the same pool) as part of the Network Triggered Service Restoration procedure with ISR (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).
- Suspend Notification and Suspend Acknowledge messages: over S16 interface; over S3 interface when ISR is not active.
- PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message on S5 and S11/S4, PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge message on S11/S4, and PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge message on S5 if the PGW did not include the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE in the PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message.
- UE Registration Query Request and UE Registration Query Response messages over S3 interface.
- NOTE: Legacy implementation conforming to earlier versions of this specification can send the Change Notification Request/Response messages on the TEID zero in spite of the peer's node TEID being available.

5.6 Format of the GTPv2-C Message

The GTP-C header may be followed by subsequent information elements dependent on the type of control plane message.

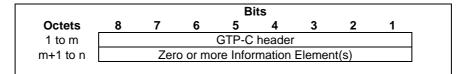


Figure 5.6-1: GTP-C Header followed by subsequent Information Elements

6 GTP-C Message Types and Message Formats

6.0 General

A GTP-C message is sent across a GTP control plane tunnel. In a message, the GTP-C header is followed by zero or more information elements. The GTP-C messages are used for the control plane path management, for the control plane tunnel management and for mobility management.

A T-PDU is an original packet, for example an IP datagram, from an UE, or from a network node in an external packet data network.

6.1 Message Format and Type values

6.1.0 Message Type

GTP defines a set of messages between two associated EPC network elements. The messages to be used shall be as defined in Table 6.1-1.

Message Type alue (Decimal)	Message	Reference	Initial	Triggered	
0	Reserved				
1	Echo Request		Х		
2	Echo Response			Х	
3	Version Not Supported Indication			Х	
4 to 16	Reserved for S101 interface	TS 29.276 [14]			
17 to 24	Reserved for S121 interface	TS 29.276 [14]			
25 to 31	Reserved for Sv interface	TS 29.280 [15]			
	SGSN/MME/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8, S2a, S2b)				
32	Create Session Request		Х		
33	Create Session Response			Х	
36	Delete Session Request		Х		
37	Delete Session Response			Х	
	SGSN/MME/ePDG to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8, S2b)				
34	Modify Bearer Request		Х		
35	Modify Bearer Response			Х	
	MME to PGW (S11, S5/S8)				
40	Remote UE Report Notification		Х		
41	Remote UE Report Acknowledge			Х	
	SGSN/MME to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8)				
38	Change Notification Request		Х		
39	Change Notification Response			Х	
42 to 63	For future use				
164	Resume Notification		Х		
165	Resume Acknowledge			Х	
	Messages without explicit response				
64	Modify Bearer Command (MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2a, S2b)		X		
65	Modify Bearer Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG – S5/S8, S11/S4, S2a, S2b)			Х	
66	Delete Bearer Command (MME/SGSN to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8)		Х		
67	Delete Bearer Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN – S5/S8, S11/S4))			Х	
68	Bearer Resource Command (MME/SGSN/TWAN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2a, S2b)		Х		
69	Bearer Resource Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN/TWAN/ePDG – S5/S8, S11/S4, S2a, S2b)			Х	
70	Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication (SGSN/MME to SGW – S4/S11)		Х		
71	Trace Session Activation (MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2a, S2b)		Х		
72	Trace Session Deactivation (MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2a, S2b)		Х		
73	Stop Paging Indication (SGW to MME/SGSN – S11/S4)		Х		
74 to 94	For future use				
	PGW to SGSN/MME/ TWAN/ePDG (S5/S8, S4/S11, S2a, S2b)				
95	Create Bearer Request		Х	Х	
96	Create Bearer Response			X	
97	Update Bearer Request		Х	X X	
98	Update Bearer Response			X	
99	Delete Bearer Request		Х	X X	
100	Delete Bearer Response			X	
	PGW to MME, MME to PGW, SGW to PGW, SGW to MME,				

Table 6.1-1: Message types for GTPv2

Message Type value (Decimal)	Message	Reference	Initial	Triggered
	PGW to TWAN/ePDG, TWAN/ePDG to PGW (S5/S8, S11,			
	S2a, S2b)			
101	Delete PDN Connection Set Request		Х	
102	Delete PDN Connection Set Response			Х
100	PGW to SGSN/MME(S5, S4/S11)		N N	
103	PGW Downlink Triggering Notification		Х	X
104	PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge			Х
105 to 127	For future use MME to MME, SGSN to MME, MME to SGSN, SGSN to SGSN (S3/S10/S16)			
128	Identification Request		Х	
129	Identification Response			Х
130	Context Request		Х	
131	Context Response			Х
132	Context Acknowledge			Х
133	Forward Relocation Request		Х	
134	Forward Relocation Response			Х
135	Forward Relocation Complete Notification		Х	
136	Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge			Х
137	Forward Access Context Notification		Х	
138	Forward Access Context Acknowledge			Х
139	Relocation Cancel Request		X	
140	Relocation Cancel Response			Х
141	Configuration Transfer Tunnel		Х	
142 to 148	For future use			
152	RAN Information Relay		Х	
	SGSN to MME, MME to SGSN (S3)			
149	Detach Notification		Х	
150	Detach Acknowledge			Х
151	CS Paging Indication		X	
153	Alert MME Notification		Х	
154	Alert MME Acknowledge			Х
155	UE Activity Notification		Х	
156	UE Activity Acknowledge			Х
157	ISR Status Indication		X	
158	UE Registration Query Request		Х	
159	UE Registration Query Response			Х
	SGSN/MME to SGW, SGSN to MME (S4/S11/S3) SGSN to SGSN (S16), SGW to PGW (S5/S8)			
162	Suspend Notification		Х	
163	Suspend Acknowledge			X
4.0.0	SGSN/MME to SGW (S4/S11)			
160	Create Forwarding Tunnel Request		Х	~
161	Create Forwarding Tunnel Response		V	Х
166	Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request		Х	v
<u>167</u> 168	Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request		Х	Х
169	Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request			X
170	Release Access Bearers Request		Х	^
170	Release Access Bearers Response			Х
172 to 175	For future use			Λ
112 10 175	SGW to SGSN/MME (S4/S11)			
176	Downlink Data Notification		Х	
177	Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge			Х
179	PGW Restart Notification		Х	~ ~ ~
180	PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge			Х
100	SGW to SGSN (S4)			~
178	Reserved. Allocated in earlier version of the specification.			
181 to 199	For future use			
10110133	SGW to PGW, PGW to SGW (S5/S8)			
200	Update PDN Connection Set Request		Х	
200	Update PDN Connection Set Response			Х
202 to 210	For future use		├	Λ

Message Type value (Decimal)	Message Reference			Triggered
	MME to SGW (S11)			
211	Modify Access Bearers Request		Х	
212	Modify Access Bearers Response			Х
213 to 230	For future use			
	MBMS GW to MME/SGSN (Sm/Sn)			
231	MBMS Session Start Request		Х	
232	MBMS Session Start Response			Х
233	MBMS Session Update Request		Х	
234	MBMS Session Update Response			Х
235	MBMS Session Stop Request		Х	
236	MBMS Session Stop Response			Х
237 to 239	For future use			
	Other			
240 to 247	Reserved for Sv interface (see also types 25 to 31)	TS 29.280 [15]		
248 to 255	For future use			

6.1.1 Presence requirements of Information Elements

There are four different presence requirements (Mandatory, Conditional, Optional, or Conditional-Optional) for an IE within a given GTP-PDU:

- Mandatory means that the IE shall be included by the sending side, and that the receiver diagnoses a "Mandatory IE missing" error, when detecting that the IE is not present. A response including a "Mandatory IE missing" cause, shall include the type of the missing IE.
- Conditional means:
 - that the IE shall be included by sending entity if the conditions specified in the relevant protocol specification are met;
 - the receiver shall check the conditions as specified in the corresponding message type description, based on the parameter combination in the message and/or on the state of the receiving node, to infer if a conditional IE shall be expected. Only if a receiver has sufficient information the following applies. A conditional IE, which is absolutely necessary for the receiving entity to complete the procedure, is missing, then the receiver shall abort the procedure.
- Conditional-Optional means:
 - that the IE shall be included by the up-to-date sending entity, if the conditions specified in the relevant protocol specification are met. An entity, which is at an earlier version of the protocol and therefore is not up-to-date, obviously cannot send such new IE.
 - the receiver need not check the presence of the IE in the message. If the receiver checks the presence of the Conditional-Optional IE, then the IE's absence shall not trigger any of the error handling procedures. The handling of an absence or erroneous such IEs shall be treated as Optional IEs as specified in subclause 7.7 "Error Handling".
- Optional means:
 - that the IE shall be included as a service option. Therefore, the IE may be included or not in a message. The handling of an absent optional IE, or an erroneous optional IE is specified in subclause 7.7 "Error Handling".

For conditional IEs, the clause describing the GTP-PDU explicitly defines the conditions under which the inclusion of each IE becomes mandatory or optional for that particular GTP-PDU. These conditions shall be defined so that the presence of a conditional IE only becomes mandatory if it is critical for the receiving entity. The definition might reference other protocol specifications for final terms used as part of the condition.

For grouped IEs, the presence requirement of the embedded IE shall follow the rules:

- The grouped IE is Mandatory within a given message: the presence requirements of individual embedded IEs are as stated within the Mandatory grouped IE for the given message.

- The grouped IE is Conditional within a given message: if the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Mandatory or Conditional, this embedded IE is viewed as Conditional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Conditional-Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver.
- The grouped IE is Conditional-Optional within a given message: if the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Mandatory or Conditional, this embedded IE is viewed as Conditional-Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Conditional-Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver.
- The grouped IE is Optional within a given message: all embedded IEs in the grouped IE are viewed as Optional IEs by the receiver.

In all of the above cases, appropriate error handling as described in subclause 7.7 shall be applied for protocol errors of the embedded IEs.

Only the Cause information element at message level shall be included in the response if the Cause contains a value that indicates that the request is not accepted regardless of whether there are other mandatory or conditional information elements defined for a given response message.

The following are exceptions:

- Optionally, the Protocol Configuration Options, Recovery, User Location Information (ULI), Load Control Information, Overload Control Information, Bearer Context and Local Distinguished Name (LDN) information elements may be included.
- For the rejection response of a Forward Relocation Request, the Forward Relocation Response message may also include an F-Cause IE as specified in clause 7.3.2.
- For the rejection response of a SRVCC PS to CS Request, the SRVCC PS to CS Response message may also include an SRVCC Cause IE as specified in clause 5.2.3 in 3GPP TS 29.280 [15].
- A Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge (with or) without an indication of success may also include a DL low priority traffic Throttling IE and the IMSI IE.
- The PGW Back-Off Time IE may also be returned when rejecting a Create Session Request with the cause "APN Congestion".
- Change Notification Response message may also include the IMSI and MEI information elements.
- Failure Indication type messages do not have "Accept" types of Cause values, i.e. all used values indicate the rejection, therefore for Failure Indication type of triggered messages, other information elements, other than the Cause IE, shall also be included according to the conditions of presence specified in the respective message, if they are available.
- The Context Response message (sent by an SGSN or MME) should also include the IMSI IE if the Cause IE contains the value "P-TMSI Signature mismatch", except if the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.
- The Create Bearer Response message, the Update Bearer Response message and the Delete Bearer Response message shall include the RAN/NAS Cause IE according to the conditions specified in subclauses 7.2.4, 7.2.16 and 7.2.10.2.
- The UE Registration Query Response message shall include IMSI to allow the SGSN to correlate the response message with the corresponding request.

If the Cause information element at Grouped IE level contains a value that indicates that the Grouped IE is not handled correctly, e.g. "Context Not Found" at Bearer Context IE level, the other information elements in this Grouped IE, other than the Cause IE, may not be included.

6.1.2 Grouped Information Elements

Information elements can contain other IEs. This type of IE is called "Grouped IEs".

Grouped IEs have a length value in the TLIV encoding, which includes the added length of all the embedded IEs. Overall coding of a grouped information element with 4 octets long IE header is defined in subclause 8.2 "Information Element Format". Each information element within a grouped IE also shall also contain 4 octets long IE header.

Grouped IEs are not marked by any flag or limited to a specific range of IE type values. The clause describing an IE in this specification shall explicitly state if it is grouped.

NOTE 1: Each entry into each Grouped IE creates a new scope level. Exit from the grouped IE closes the scope level. The GTPv2 message level is the top most scope. This is analogous to the local scope of a subroutine/function.

If more than one grouped information elements of the same type, but for a different purpose are sent with a message, these IEs shall have different Instance values.

If more than one grouped information elements of the same type and for the same purpose are sent with a message, these IEs shall have exactly the same Instance value to represent a list.

NOTE 2: For instance, all "Bearer Contexts Modified" IEs of the type "Bearer Context" in a "Modify Bearer Response" message shall have the Instance value of 0, while all "Bearer Contexts Marked for Removal" IEs of the type "Bearer Context" in the same message shall have the Instance value of 1.

6.1.3 Information Element instance

Every GTPv2 message and grouped IE within a message in this specification has a column documenting the instance value of each IE.

When a GTPv2 message is encoded for use the instance value of each included IE is encoded in the Instance field of the IE for the message scope. See clause 7 and subclause 8.2 for details of that encoding.

An Information Element in an encoded GTPv2 message or encoded grouped IE is identified by the pair of IE Type and Instance values and described by a specific row in the corresponding tables in subclauses of 7 in the present document.

If several Information Elements with the same Type and Instance values are included in an encoded GTPv2 message, they represent a list for the corresponding IE name and row identified in the message grammar in subclauses of clause 7.

If several Information Elements with the same Type and Instance values are included in an encoded grouped IE, they represent a list for the corresponding IE name and row identified in the grouped IE grammar in subclauses of clause 7.

In tables in this document the instance value for "Private Extension" is marked as VS (Vendor Specific). While an instance value must be encoded by the sender the value can be Vendor and even Private Extension specific.

The same IE name might be used in different messages (on the top level or within grouped IEs) in this specification. The instance value and name of an IE is only meaningful within the scope of the message definition. The combination of Type value and Instance value uniquely identifies a specific row in a message description table.

6.2 Message Granularity

The GTPv2-C messages shall be sent per UE on the S3, S10 and S16 interfaces.

The GTPv2-C messages shall be sent per PDN-Connection on the S2a, S2b, S4, S11, S5 and S8 interfaces apart from the following exclusion.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per UE on the S4 and S11 interfaces:

- Downlink Data Notification / Acknowledge / Failure Indication;
- Stop Paging Indication;
- Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response;
- Delete Session Request/Response with Scope Indication set to 1 during following procedures with SGW change:
 - Tracking Area Update procedure;

- Routing Area Update procedure;
- Handover procedure;
- SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4;
- Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure;
- S1 based handover cancel procedure;
- Delete Bearer Request/Response during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure if the Cause value "ISR deactivation" is included in the Delete Session Request message, or when it is sent to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node if the ISRAI flag is not set in the Modify Bearer Request/Modify Access Bearers Request message.
- Release Access Bearers Request/Response;
- Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response;
- Trace Session Activation;
- Trace Session Deactivation;
- Create Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per UE on the S11 interface:

- Modify Access Bearers Request/Response.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per GTP-C entity on the S2a, S2b, S5, S8, and S11 interfaces:

- Delete PDN Connection Set Request/Response.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per GTP-C entity on the S5 and S8 interfaces:

- Update PDN Connection Set Request/Response.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per GTP-C entity on the S4 and S11 interfaces:

- PGW Restart Notification/Acknowledge.

The following GTPv2-C path management messages are sent per GTP-C entity on all GTPv2-C interfaces:

- Echo Request/Response;
- Version Not Supported Indication.

7 GTP-C messages

7.1 Path Management Messages

7.1.0 General

Three path management messages are specified for GTP-C: Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication.

The usage of Echo Request / Response procedure is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

7.1.1 Echo Request

Table 7.1.1-1 specifies the information elements included in the Echo Request message.

The Recovery information element contains the local Restart Counter, which is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17])

The optional Private Extension contains vendor or operator specific information.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Recovery	Μ		Recovery	0
Sending Node Features		This IE shall be sent towards a peer node on any GTPv2 interface if the sending node supports at least one feature on this interface or if the sending node supports at least one feature and does not know the interface type towards the peer node. This IE may be present otherwise.	Node Features	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.1.1-1: Information Elements in Echo Request

7.1.2 Echo Response

Table 7.1.2-1 specifies the information elements included in the Echo Response message.

The Recovery information element contains the local Restart Counter, which is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17])

The optional Private Extension contains vendor or operator specific information.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Recovery	Μ		Recovery	0
Sending Node Features		This IE shall be sent towards a peer node on any GTPv2 interface if the sending node supports at least one feature on this interface or if the sending node supports at least one feature and does not know the interface type towards the peer node. This IE may be present otherwise.	Node Features	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

 Table 7.1.2-1: Information Elements in Echo Response

NOTE: Having no Cause IE in the Echo Response message is an exceptional case for a triggered message. Hence, a GTP entity that detects a GTP protocol error, e.g Mandatory IE missing, in the Echo Request message, ignores the IE(s) that are in error and sends Echo Response. In addition it can log the error.

7.1.3 Version Not Supported Indication

This message contains only the GTPv2 header and indicates the latest GTP version that the sending entity supports.

7.2 Tunnel Management Messages

7.2.0 General

A node shall include the Recovery information element if it is in contact with the node's peer for the first time, or if the node or the node's peer has restarted recently and the new Restart Counter value has not yet been indicated to the peer. The peer receiving the Recovery information element shall handle it as when an Echo Response message is received but shall consider the rest of the message in accordance with the message semantics and parameters.

7.2.1 Create Session Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW and from SGW to PGW, and from ePDG/TWAN to the PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

The Create Session Request message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Initial Attach when a PDN connection needs to be established through the SGW and PGW
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN with GTP on S5/S8 interface (see subclauses 8.2, 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])
- UE requested PDN connectivity when a PDN connection needs to be established through the SGW and PGW
- Addition of a 3GPP access of NBIFOM procedure as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]

The message shall also be sent on S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- PDP Context Activation
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN with GTP on S5/S8 interface (see sub-clauses 8.2, 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])
- Addition of a 3GPP access of the NBIFOM procedure as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]

The message shall also be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change
- S1/X2-based handover with SGW change
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- 3G Gn/Gp SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update procedure
- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the MME and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]
- MME triggered Serving GW relocation
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN with PMIP on S5/S8 interface (see subclauses 8.2 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])

and on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Routing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change
- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- Serving RNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Combined hard handover and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Combined Cell / URA update and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation

- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the SGSN and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]
- S4-SGSN triggered Serving GW relocation
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN with PMIP on S5/S8 interface (see sub-clauses 8.2 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])

and on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Initial Attach with GTP on S2b
- UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b
- Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b (See sub-clause 8.6 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])
- Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b)
- Addition of an access using S2b of NBIFOM procedure as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]

and on the S2a interface by the TWAN to the PGW as part of the procedure:

- Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a
- UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a
- Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a (See sub-clause 16.10 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])
- Addition of an access using S2a of NBIFOM procedure as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].

If the new Create Session Request received by the SGW collides with an existing active PDN connection context (the existing PDN connection context is identified with the tuple [IMSI, EPS Bearer ID], whereas IMSI shall be replaced by TAC and SNR part of ME Identity for emergency attached UE without UICC or authenticated IMSI), this Create Session Request shall be treated as a request for a new session. Before creating the new session, the SGW should delete:

- the existing PDN connection context locally, if the Create Session Request is received with the TEID set to zero in the header, or if it is received with a TEID not set to zero in the header and it collides with the default bearer of an existing PDN connection context;
- the existing dedicated bearer context locally, if the Create Session Request collides with an existing dedicated bearer context and the message is received with a TEID not set to zero in the header.

In the former case, if the PGW S5/S8 IP address for control plane received in the new Create Session Request is different from the PGW S5/S8 IP address for control plane of the existing PDN connection, the SGW should also delete the existing PDN connection in the corresponding PGW by sending a Delete Session Request message.

NOTE 1: The SGW can send the Create Session Request and Delete Session Request over S5/S8 asynchronously, e.g. the SGW can send the Delete Session Request and then the Create Session Request without having to wait for the Delete Session Response. It does not matter if the PGW happens to receive the Delete Session Request after the Create Session Request since the PGW assigns a different S5/S8 F-TEID for control plane to the new PDN connection.

If the new Create Session Request received by the PGW collides with an existing PDN connection context (the existing PDN connection context is identified with the triplet [IMSI, EPS Bearer ID, Interface type], whereas applicable Interface type here is S2a TWAN GTP-C interface or S2b ePDG GTP-C interface or S5/S8 SGW GTP-C interface, and where IMSI shall be replaced by TAC and SNR part of ME Identity for emergency attached UE without UICC or authenticated IMSI), this Create Session Request shall be treated as a request for a new session. Before creating the new session, the PGW should delete:

- the existing PDN connection context, if the Create Session Request collides with the default bearer of an existing PDN connection context;
- the existing dedicated bearer context, if the Create Session Request collides with a dedicated bearer of an existing PDN connection context.

The PGW shall allocate a new PGW S5/S8 F-TEID for control plane to the new PDN connection, i.e. not the same F-TEID value as the one which was assigned to the existing PDN connection.

- NOTE 2: With GTP based S2a and S2b, the EPS Bearer IDs assigned for specific UE over S2a between the TWAN and PGW and over S2b between an ePDG and PGW are independent of the EPS Bearer IDs assigned for the same UE over S5/S8 and may overlap in value (see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] subclause 4.6.2).
- NOTE 3: Only the TAC and SNR part of the ME Identity is used to identify an emergency attached UE without UICC or authenticated IMSI.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	 The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S4/S11 interface, and on S5/S8 interface if provided by the MME/SGSN, except for the case: If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless. The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S4/S11 interface, and on S5/S8 interface if provided by the MME/SGSN, but not used as an identifier if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated. The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S2a/S2b interface. 	IMSI	0
MSISDN	С	For an E-UTRAN Initial Attach and a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN the IE shall be included when used on the S11 interface, if provided in the subscription data from the HSS. For a PDP Context Activation procedure and a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN the IE shall be included when used on the S4 interface, if provided in the subscription data from the HSS. The IE shall be included for the case of a UE Requested PDN Connectivity, if the MME has it stored for that UE. It shall be included when used on the S5/S8 interfaces if provided by the MME/SGSN. The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface during an Attach with GTP on S2b , UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b), if provided by the HSS/AAA. The TWAN shall include this IE on the S2a interface during an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and a Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a, if provided by the HSS/AAA.	MSISDN	0
ME Identity (MEI)		 The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface: If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated For all other cases the MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface if it is available. If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface. The TWAN/ePDG shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S2a/S2b interface, if it is available. 	MEI	0
User Location Information (ULI)	C CO	This IE shall be included on the S11 interface for E- UTRAN Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN and UE- requested PDN Connectivity procedures. It shall include ECGI and TAI. The MME/SGSN shall also include it on the S11/S4 interface for TAU/RAU/X2-Handover/Enhanced SRNS Relocation procedure if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting and MME/SGSN support location information change reporting. This IE shall also be included on the S4 interface for PDP	ULI (NOTE 10)	0

Table 7.2.1-1: Information Elements in a Create Session Request

				1
		Context Activation procedure. It shall include CGI/SAI, together with RAI.		
	СО	This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for a		
		TAU/RAU procedure if		
		- the level of support (User Location Change		
		Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) changes; or		
		- the target MME/S4-SGSN cannot derive the level of		
		support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) for the source		
		Gn/Gp SGSN. See NOTE 9.		
		The MME shall include the ECGI and /or TAI in the ULI, the S4-SGSN shall include either the CGI or SAI or RAI, or		
		CGI/SAI together with RAI in the ULI.		
	CO	This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for:		
		 a TAU procedure with an S4-SGSN interaction, if the MME supports location information change 		
		reporting;		
		 a RAU procedure with an MME interaction, if the S4-SGSN supports location information change 		
		reporting.		
		The MME shall include the ECGI and TAI in the ULI, the S4-SGSN shall include the CGI/SAI together with RAI in		
		the ULI.		
	CO	The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the		
	С	ULI from MME/SGSN. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b		
	C	interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from		
		Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, a		
		PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN, a UE		
		requested PDN connectivity, an Attach with GTP on S2b, a		
		UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on		0
		S2b, a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with		
		GTP on S2b and an Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b).		
		See NOTE 10.		
Serving Network	CO	This IE shall be included on S4/S11 for	Serving Network	
		RAU/TAU/Handover with SGW relocation procedures. See NOTE 10.		
	со	This IE shall be included on the S2a interface for an Initial		
		Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, a UE initiated Connectivity to		
		Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and a Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a.		
		The TWAN shall set this IE to the PLMN identity of the		
		selected PLMN used for 3GPP-based access		
		authentication. The selected PLMN is the PLMN of the 3GPP AAA Proxy in roaming case and the PLMN of the		
		3GPP AAA Server in non-roaming case.		
	М	This IE shall be set to the 3GPP access type or to the value		
		matching the characteristics of the non-3GPP access the		
		UE is using to attach to the EPS.		
		The ePDG may use the access technology type of the		
RAT Type		untrusted non-3GPP access network if it is able to acquire	RAT Type	0
		it; otherwise it shall indicate Virtual as the RAT Type.		
		The TWAN shall set the RAT Type value to "WLAN" on		
		the S2a interface.		
	С	See NOTE 3, NOTE 4. This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags		
Indication Flags	Ĭ	is set to 1.	Indication	0
		Applicable flags are:		

 S5/S8 Protocol Type: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 interfaces if the chosen protocol type for the S5/S8 interface is PMIP. 	
 Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPv4v6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator. (see also NOTE 5). The TWAN shall set this flag to 1 on the S2a interface if it supports IPv4 and IPv6 and the PDN Type determined from the UE request if single- connection mode or multi-connection mode is used (see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]) and the user subscription data is set to IPv4v6. 	
 Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, or a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN procedures, or an Addition of a 3GPP access of NBIFOM procedure. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover from 3GPP access to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE, or an Addition of an access using S2b of NBIFOM procedure. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2a interface during a Handover from 3GPP access to TWAN with GTP on S2a and IP address preservation is requested by the UE, or an Addition of an access using S2b of NBIFOM 	
 Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, X2-based handovers with SGW relocation and MME triggered Serving GW relocation. 	
 Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4 interface if Direct Tunnel is used. 	
 Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11 interface only if the MME supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only if both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking. 	
 Change Reporting support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of location change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is being established. See NOTE2. 	
 CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of CSG Information change to the operator of the 	

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PGW with which the session is being established. See NOTE 2.
 Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.
 PDN Pause Support Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports the PGW Pause of Charging procedure.
 NBIFOM Support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on S11/S4 if the MME/SGSN supports NBIFOM. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 if both the SGW and the MME/SGSN support NBIFOM. This flag shall be set to 1 on S2a/S2b if the TWAN/ePDG supports NBIFOM.
 WLCP PDN Connection Modification Support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2a interface if the TWAN supports the WLCP PDN Connection Modification procedure.
 UE Not Authorised Cause Code Support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 and S5/S8 interface if the SGSN/MME supports the "UE not authorised by OCS or external AAA Server" Cause Code.
 UE Available for Signalling Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on S11/S4 during a TAU/RAU with SGW relocation procedure if there is pending network initiated PDN connection signalling for this PDN connection. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the flag from the MME/SGSN.
 S11-U Tunnel Flag: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S11 interface if user data is transported in NAS signalling.
- Extended PCO Support Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on S11/S4 interface by the MME/SGSN if the UE and the MME/SGSN support ePCO; and this flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 interface by the SGW if the SGW supports ePCO and MME/SGSN has set the flag to 1.
 Control Plane Only PDN Connection Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 over S11 and S5/S8 if the PDN Connection is set to Control Plane Only.

Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	M	F-TEID	0
PGW S5/S8 Address for Control Plane or PMIP	C This IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, the PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.	F-TEID	1
Access Point Name (APN)	M	APN	0
Selection Mode	 C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, a PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and a UE requested PDN connectivity. This IE shall be included on the S2b interface for an Initial Attach with GTP on S2b, a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and an Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b). It shall indicate whether a subscribed APN or a non subscribed APN chosen by the UE/MME/SGSN/ePDG/TWAN was selected, see NOTE 17. This IE shall be included on the S2a interface for an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, a Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a and a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a. The value shall be set to "MS or network provided APN, subscription verified". CO When available, this IE shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interface during TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation. 	Selection Mode	0
PDN Type	C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, a PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and a UE requested PDN connectivity. This IE shall be set to IPv4, IPv6, IPv4v6 or Non-IP. This is based on the UE request and the subscription record retrieved from the HSS (for MME see 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.1.1, and for SGSN see 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], clause 9.2.1). See NOTE 1. See NOTE 14.	PDN Type	0
PDN Address Allocation (PAA)	 C This IE shall be included the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, a PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN, a UE requested PDN connectivity, an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, an Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b, an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and a Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a. For PMIP-based S5/S8, this IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interfaces for TAU/RAU/Handover cases involving SGW relocation. The PDN type field in the PAA shall be set to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6, or Non-IP by MME, based on the UE request and the subscription record retrieved from the HSS (see subclause 8.12 and also NOTE 5). 	ΡΑΑ	0

	The TWAN shall set the PDN type field in the PAA to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6 based on the UE request if single- connection mode or multi-connection mode is used (see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]), the IP versions the TWAN supports and the PDN type received in the user subscription data from the HSS/3GPP AAA Server.		
	The ePDG shall set the PDN type field in the PAA to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6 based on the UE request and the subscription record retrieved from the HSS/3GPP AAA Server, or based on the UE request and the ePDG Emergency Configuration Data for an Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b).		
	For static IP address assignment (for MME see 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.1.1, for SGSN see 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], clause 9.2.1, for ePDG see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] subclause 4.7.3, and for TWAN see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] subclause 16.1.5), the MME/SGSN/ePDG/TWAN shall set the IPv4 address and/or IPv6 prefix length and IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier based on the subscribed values received from HSS, if available. For PDN Type IPv4v6, either one of the IP versions (i.e. IPv4 address or IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier) or both the IP versions may be statically provisioned in the HSS. If only one of the IP versions is statically provisioned in the HSS, the MME/SGSN/ePDG/TWAN shall set the other IP version as all zeros. The value of PDN Type IE, if present in this message.		
	For a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, the ePDG shall set the IPv4 address and/or IPv6 prefix length and IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier based on the IP address(es) received from the UE.		
	For IP PDN connections, if static IP address assignment is not used (e.g. static address is not received from the HSS), and for scenarios other than a Handover to Untrusted Non- 3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, the IPv4 address shall be set to 0.0.0.0, and/or the IPv6 Prefix Length and IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier shall all be set to zero.		
	For Non-IP PDN connections, the PDN Address and Prefix field shall not be present. See NOTE 14. CO This IE shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on S11/S4 interface during TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation.		
Maximum APN Restriction	C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces in the E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and UE Requested PDN connectivity procedures. This IE denotes the most stringent restriction as required by any already active bearer context. If there are no already active bearer contexts, this value is set to the least restrictive type.	APN Restriction	0
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	C This IE represents the APN-AMBR. It shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for an E- UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, UE requested PDN connectivity, PDP Context Activation procedure using S4, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN, TAU/RAU/Handover from the Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures, Attach with GTP on S2b, a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on	AMBR	0

		S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP		
		on S2b, an Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b), Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, a Handover to		
		TWAN with GTP on S2a and UE initiated Connectivity to		
		Additional PDN with GTP on S2a.		
	С	This IE shall be included on S4/S11 in RAU/TAU/HO		
Linked EPS Bearer ID		except in the Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN	EBI	0
LINKED EPS Dealer ID		RAU/TAU/HO procedures with SGW change to identify the	EDI	0
		default bearer of the PDN Connection		
	CO	The TWAN shall include this IE on S2a interface (during		
		initial attach, handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a		
		procedure, UE-initiated additional PDN connectivity		
Trusted WLAN Mode		procedures), if the single-connection mode or multiple-	TWMI	0
Indication		connection mode is used.	I VVIVII	0
		The TWAN shall not include this IE if transparent single- connection mode is used. The PGW shall assume that		
		transparent single-connection mode is used if it receives		
		this message without this IE from the TWAN.		
	С	If MME/SGSN receives PCO from the UE during the		
	-	Attach, PDN connectivity or Handover to 3GPP access		
		procedures, the MME/SGSN shall forward the PCO IE to		
Protocol		SGW. The SGW shall also forward it to PGW.		
Configuration Options	CO	If the TWAN receives a PCO from the UE during: an initial	PCO	0
(PCO)		attach, handover to TWAN or UE-initiated additional PDN	FCO	0
(100)		connectivity with GTP on S2a procedures (in multi-		
		connection mode or single connection mode), the TWAN		
		shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW, see 3GPP TS		
	N.4	23.402 [45].		
	Μ	S Several IEs with the same type and instance value shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces as		
		necessary to represent a list of Bearers. One single IE		
		shall be included on the S2a/S2b interface.		
		One bearer shall be included for E-UTRAN Initial Attach.		
		PDP Context Activation, UE requested PDN Connectivity,		
		Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to		
Bearer Contexts to be		Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, Handovers between		
created		Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and	Bearer Context	0
created		3GPP Access, Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP		
		on S2b), Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, Handovers		
		between TWAN with GTP on S2a and 3GPP Access and		
		UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on		
		S2a. One or more bearers shall be included for a		
		Handover/TAU/RAU with an SGW change.		
		See NOTE 6.		
	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interfaces for the		
		TAU/RAU/Handover cases where any of the bearers		
		existing before the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure will be		
Bearer Contexts to be		existing before the TAO/ICAO/I landover procedure will be		
		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover	Bearer Context	1
removed		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure.	Bearer Context	1
removed		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and	Bearer Context	1
removed		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.	Bearer Context	1
removed		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6.	Bearer Context	1
removed	С	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an	Bearer Context	1
removed Trace Information		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b	Bearer Context Trace Information	1
		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS		
	С	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].		
Trace Information		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S	Trace Information	0
	С	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].		
Trace Information	C	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first time.	Trace Information	0
Trace Information	C	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first	Trace Information Recovery	0
Trace Information Recovery	C C C	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first time. This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface and shall be forwarded by an SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	Trace Information Recovery	0
Trace Information Recovery MME-FQ-CSID	C	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first time. This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface and shall be forwarded by an SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. This IE shall included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces	Trace Information Recovery FQ-CSID	0 0 0
Trace Information Recovery	C C C	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first time. This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface and shall be forwarded by an SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. This IE shall included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	Trace Information Recovery	0
Trace Information Recovery MME-FQ-CSID SGW-FQ-CSID	C C C	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first time. This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface and shall be forwarded by an SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. This IE shall included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interfaces	Trace Information Recovery FQ-CSID FQ-CSID	0 0 0
Trace Information Recovery MME-FQ-CSID	C C C	deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first time. This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface and shall be forwarded by an SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. This IE shall included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	Trace Information Recovery FQ-CSID	0 0 0 1

	, I			
		interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
UE Time Zone	с 0	This IE shall be included by the MME over S11 during Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non- 3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN and UE Requested PDN Connectivity procedure. This IE shall be included by the SGSN over S4 during PDP Context Activation procedure and a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN. This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN over S11/S4 TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW relocation. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW across S5/S8 interface. This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface for Initial Attach in WLAN procedure, UE-initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].	UE Time Zone	0
User CSG Information (UCI)	со	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface for E- UTRAN Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, UE- requested PDN Connectivity, PDP Context Activation and a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN using S4 procedures, if the UE is accessed via CSG cell or hybrid cell. The MME/SGSN shall also include it for TAU/RAU/Handover procedures with SGW relocation if the UE is accessed via a CSG cell or hybrid cell or leaves a CSG or hybrid cell and the PGW/PCRF has requested CSG info reporting and MME/SGSN support CSG info reporting. NOTE 11. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the User CSG information from MME/SGSN. See NOTE 10.	UCI	0
Charging Characteristics	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces according to 3GPP TS 32.251 [8]	Charging Characteristics	0
MME/S4-SGSN LDN		This IE is optionally sent by the MME to the SGW on the S11 interface and by the S4-SGSN to the SGW on the S4 interface (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the PGW on the S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	1
ePDG LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the ePDG to the PGW on the S2b interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when contacting the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	2
TWAN LDN	0	This IE may be sent by the TWAN to the PGW on the S2a interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when contacting the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	3
Signalling Priority Indication	CO	The SGSN/MME shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface if the UE indicates low access priority when requesting to establish the PDN connection. The SGW shall forward this IE in the Create Session Request message on the S5/S8 interfaces if received from the MME/SGSN.	Signalling Priority Indication	0
UE Local IP Address	СО	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface during an Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b). Otherwise the ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface based on local policy.	IP Address	0
UE UDP Port		The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if NAT	Port Number	0
Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)	0	is detected and the UE Local IP Address is present. If multiple authentications are supported by the ePDG, the ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface and perform the corresponding procedures as specified for PAP and CHAP authentication of the UE with external networks in 3GPP TS 33.402 [50]. If the UE requests the DNS IPv4/IPv6 address in the Configuration Payload (CFG_REQ) during the IPsec tunnel	Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)	0

	establishment procedure (as specified in 3GPP TS 33.402 [50]), and if the ePDG supports the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE, the ePDG may include this IE over S2b interface and correspondingly set the "DNS Server IPv4/v6 Address Request" parameter as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].		
	 CO If the UE includes the P-CSCF_IP6_ADDRESS attribute, or the P-CSCF_IP4_ADDRESS attribute or both in the CFG_REQUEST configuration payload during the IPsec tunnel establishment procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 24.302 [63]), and if the ePDG supports these IKEv2 attributes and the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE, the ePDG shall include this IE over the S2b interface and correspondingly set the P-CSCF IPv6 Address Request, or P-CSCF IPv4 Address Request, or both parameters as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. CO If the UE includes the P-CSCF IPv4 Address Type in a Notify payload within the IKE_AUTH request message during the IPsec tunnel establishment procedure asspecified in 3GPP TS 24.302 [63], and if the ePDG supports the P-CSCF restoration extension procedure for the untrusted WLAN access (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]), the ePDG shall include this IE over the S2b interface and correspondingly set the P-CSCF_RESELECTION_SUPPORT, as defined in 3GPP 		
	 TS 24.008 [5]. O The TWAN may include this IE on the S2a interface to retrieve additional IP configuration parameters from the PGW (e.g. DNS server) if the transparent single-connection mode is used as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]. 		
H(e)NB Local IP Address	 CO The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the MME/SGSN receives this information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/Iu signalling according (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]) during: E-UTRAN Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, UE-requested PDN Connectivity, PDP Context Activation and a a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN using S4; TAU/RAU/X2-based handover/Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation Procedure with SGW change, if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information reporting for the PDN connection. 	IP Address	1
	The SGW shall forward this IE on S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.		
H(e)NB UDP Port	 CO The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the MME/SGSN receives this information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/Iu signalling according (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]) during: E-UTRAN Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, UE-requested PDN Connectivity, PDP Context Activation and a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN using S4; TAU/RAU/X2-based handover/Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation Procedure with SGW relocation, if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information reporting for the PDN connection. 	Port Number	1
MME/S4-SGSN	SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. CO If the PGW triggered SGW restoration procedure is		
Identifier	supported, the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IE on	IP Address	2

		1	1
	 S11/S4 interface and the SGW shall forward this IE on S5 interface in the existing signalling as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. If the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see subclause 12.3.11), the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IE on the S11/S4 interface. In that case, the SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface. 		
TWAN Identifier	CO This IE shall be included on the S2a interface for Initial Attach in WLAN procedure, UE-initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].	TWAN Identifier	0
ePDG IP Address	O This IE may be included on the S2b interface based on local policy for Fixed Broadband access network interworking, see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]. If present, it shall contain the ePDG IP address which is used as IKEv2 tunnel endpoint with the UE.	IP Address	3
CN Operator Selection Entity	CO In shared networks, the SGSN shall include this IE on the S4 interface for a PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and RAU with SGW relocation procedures, if the information is available, to indicate whether the Serving Network has been selected by the UE or by the network.	CN Operator Selection Entity	0
Presence Reporting Area Information	 CO The MME/SGSN shall include this IE in the following procedures, if the PGW/PCRF requested reporting changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area and the MME/SGSN supports such reporting: TAU/RAU/Handover procedures with SGW relocation and MME/SGSN change. The new MME/SGSN shall then indicate whether the UE is inside or outside the Presence Reporting Area; TAU/RAU/Handover procedures with SGW relocation and without MME/SGSN change, if the UE enters or leaves the Presence Reporting Area. 	Presence Reporting Area Information	0
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information	 O During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. CO If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface. 	Overload Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information	 During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. 	Overload Control Information	1
TWAN/ePDG's Overload Control Information	 O During an overload condition, the TWAN/ePDG may include this IE over the S2a/S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the TWAN/ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the TWAN/ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. 	Overload Control Information	2
Origination Time Stamp	CO The MME/SGSN and the TWAN/ePDG shall include this IE on the S11/S4 and S2a/S2b interface respectively, in the conditions specified in subclause 13.2.	Millisecond Time Stamp	0

	1			
		When present, the Origination Time Stamp shall contain the UTC time when the originating entity initiated the request.		
	со	The SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives the Origination Time Stamp from the MME/SGSN and if it supports the procedure specified in subclause		
		13.2.		
	со	The MME/SGSN and the TWAN/ePDG shall include this IE on the S11/S4 and S2a/S2b interface respectively, in the conditions specified in subclause 13.3.		
Maximum Wait Time		When present, the Maximum Wait Time shall contain the duration (number of milliseconds since the Origination Time Stamp) during which the originator of the request waits for a response.	Integer Number	0
WLAN Location Information	СО	This IE shall be included on the S2b interface if the WLAN Location Information is available.	TWAN Identifier	1
WLAN Location Timestamp	со	This IE shall be included on the S2b interface, if the WLAN Location Timestamp is available.	TWAN Identifier Timestamp	0
NBIFOM Container		This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 or S2a/S2b interfaces if the MME/S4-SGSN or the TWAN/ePDG receives an NBIFOM Container from the UE as specified in TS 24.161 73]. The Container Type shall be set to 4.	F-Container	0
		MME/S4-SGSN, the SGW shall forward this IE to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.		
Remote UE Context Connected		The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface during a SGW relocation procedure if such information is available. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of remote UEs connected.	Remote UE Context	0
3GPP AAA Server Identifier	0	The ePDG/TWAN may include this IE on the S2a/S2b interface to provide the selected 3GPP AAA server identifier to the PGW. See NOTE 13.	Node Identifier	0
Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)		If the MME/SGSN receives ePCO from the UE during the Initial Attach, PDP Context Activation, UE requested PDN Connectivity procedures, the MME/SGSN shall forward the ePCO IE to the SGW if the MME/SGSN supports ePCO. The SGW shall also forward it to the PGW if the SGW supports ePCO. See NOTE 15.	ePCO	0
Serving PLMN Rate Control	со	 The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if Serving PLMN Rate control is configured by the MME operator and the PDN Connection is set to Control Plane Only: during an Initial Attach, or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity procedure. during an inter MME TAU with SGW relocation procedure 	Serving PLMN Rate Control	0
	_	The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME.		
Private Extension		This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS
contains ex interface. NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 2 defines the	actly 3.40 MME	PDN Type IE is redundant on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfact the same field). The receiver may ignore it. This IE is never 1 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. E/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support In	sent on the S2a/S2 subclause 9.2.2.1) ndication to the PG	W. In
Reporting S	Suppo	/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication a ort Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers ort Indication.		

NOTE 3: The methods that the ePDG may use to acquire the RAT type of the untrusted non-3GPP IP access network are not specified in this release.

- NOTE 4: The PDN-GW can be informed about the type of access network used by the UE over several reference points, see 3GPP TS 29.212 [30] for the mapping between the code values for the different access network types.
- NOTE 5: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (see subclause 5.3.1.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (see subclause 9.2.1) specify the handling of the cases when UE has requested IPv4v6 PDN Type, but MME does not set the Dual Address Bearer Flag due to the MME operator using single addressing per bearer to support interworking with nodes of earlier releases.
- NOTE 6: The Bearer Context to be created IE and Bearer Context to be removed IE, together, shall contain all the bearers belonging to the given PDN connection with each bearer appearing in only one of these IEs.
- NOTE 7: During S1 based handover/ Inter RAT handover/TAU/RAU with S4-SGSN/MME and SGW change,and handover/RAU/TAU from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME, if the target MME/S4-SGSN cannot accept one or more PDN connection(s) but can accept at least one or more remaining PDN Connection(s) of the UE, the target MME/SGSN shall indicate all the non GBR bearers of the unaccepted PDN Connection in the Bearer Contexts to be created IE. The target MME/SGSN shall indicate all the GBR bearers of the unaccepted PDN connection in the unaccepted PDN connection in the Bearer Soft PDN connection in the Bearer Contexts to be removed IE.
- NOTE 8: The conditions of presence of the IEs in the Create Session Request for the MME and S4-SGSN triggered Serving GW relocation (see subclause 5.10.4 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and subclause 9.2.2.4 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35]) are identical to those specified respectively for X2 handover with SGW relocation and for Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation.
- NOTE 9: During the TAU/RAU/Handover from Gn/Gp SGSN, the target MME/S4-SGSN cannot derive the level of support for User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting at the source Gn/Gp SGSN.
- NOTE 10: In shared networks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLMN, the PLMN ID that is communicated in this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator for supporting UEs, or that of the allocated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an exception, based on inter-operator roaming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is a supporting or non-supporting UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HPLMN for non-supporting UEs shall be the Common PLMN ID.

In shared networks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same PLMN, the Primary PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be communicated in SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporting UEs. The Core Network Operator PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network. See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].

- NOTE 11: If the UE initiates a TAU or RAU procedure back to the old MME/old S4 SGSN before completing the ongoing TAU or RAU procedure and the UE is not accessed via a CSG cell or hybrid cell, the old MME/old S4-SGSN shall treat this case as the UE leaves a CSG or hybrid cell.
- NOTE 12: Void
- NOTE 13: If supported, the PGW shall contact the 3GPP AAA server (identified by this IE which carries the Origin-Host and Origin-Realm included in the DEA message received by the ePDG/TWAN over SWm or STa interface) for establishing the S6b session.
- NOTE 14: Before contacting an EPC entity, e.g. to send a Create Session Request message, the MME shall ensure, during the selection procedure, that the receiving entities support Non-IP PDN type, as specified in subclause 5.9 of 3GPP TS 29.303 [32], e.g. using the Notification of Supported features procedure to learn if the candidate SGW supports the CIOT feature. See also the subclause 8.83.

NOTE 15: An MME, SGW and PGW which supports NB-IoT and/or Non-IP PDN type shall support ePCO. A UE supporting NB-IoT access and/or Non-IP PDN type also support ePCO.

NOTE 16 : All the UE's SGi PDN Connections shall either have the Control Plane Only PDN Connection Indication set or not set.

NOTE 17: If the APN was authorized based on the wildcard APN, the Selection Mode Value shall be set to indicate that the subscription is not verified, see Annex A of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0
TFT	0	This IE may be included on the S4/S11 interfaces.	Bearer TFT	0
S1-U eNodeB F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S11 interface for X2-based handover with SGW relocation.	F-TEID	0
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used.	F-TEID	1
S5/S8-U SGW F- TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 interface for an "E- UTRAN Initial Attach", a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, a "PDP Context Activation", a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN or a "UE Requested PDN Connectivity".	F-TEID	2
S5/S8-U PGW F- TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 and S11 interfaces for the TAU/RAU/Handover cases when the GTP-based S5/S8 is used.	F-TEID	3
	CO	For PMIP-based S5/S8, this IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface for the TAU/RAU/Handover cases if the PGW provided an alternate address for user plane, i.e. an IP address for user plane which is different from the IP address for control plane. When present, this IE shall contain the alternate IP address for user plane and the uplink GRE key. See NOTE 1.		
S12 RNC F-TEID	со	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used in the Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation procedure.	F-TEID	4
S2b-U ePDG F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S2b interface for an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, a Handover to Untrusted Non- 3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and an Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b).	F-TEID	5
S2a-U TWAN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S2a interface for an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and a Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a.	F-TEID	6
Bearer Level QoS	Μ		Bearer QoS	0
S11-U MME F-TEID	CO	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface, if S11-U is being used, during the E-UTRAN Initial Attach and UE requested PDN connectivity procedures. This IE may also be sent on the S11 interface, if S11-U is being used, during a Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change, if the MME needs to establish the S11-U tunnel. See NOTE 2.	F-TEID	7
homogeneo NOTE 2: Establishing	usly the	preceive from the LMA an alternate LMA address for user pla across all the SGWs, when supported over PMIP-based S5/ S11-U tunnel at once during the Create Session Request/Re for a subsequent Modify Bearer Request/Response exchange	S8. esponse procedure	9

Table 7.2.1-2: Bearer Context to be created within Create Session Request

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
elements							
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0			
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U	F-TEID	0			
		interface is used. See NOTE 1.					
NOTE 1: The conditional S4-U SGSN F-TEID IE is redundant.							

 Table 7.2.1-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Create Session Request

Table 7.2.1-4: Overload Control Information within Create Session Request

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.			
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0			
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0			
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0			

Table 7.2.1-5: Remote UE Context Connected within Create Session Request

Octets 1		Remote UE Context IE Type = ooo (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
Remote User ID		See subclause 8.123 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote User ID	0			
Remote UE IP Information		See subclause 8.124 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote UE IP Information	0			

7.2.2 Create Session Response

The Create Session Response message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interfaces by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN, on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW, on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG, and on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of the procedures listed for the Create Session Request (see subclause 7.2.1).

If handling of default bearer fails, then cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "New PDN type due to network preference".
- "New PDN type due to single address bearer only".
- "Missing or unknown APN".
- "GRE key not found".

- "Preferred PDN type not supported".
- "All dynamic addresses are occupied".
- "Remote peer not responding".
- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "User authentication failed".
- "APN access denied no subscription".
- "APN Restriction type incompatibility with currently active PDN Connection".
- "Version not supported by next peer".
- "Denied in RAT".
- "Protocol type not supported".
- "APN congestion".
- "Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed".
- "Multiple accesses to a PDN connection not allowed".
- "Context not found".
- "UE not authorised by OCS or external AAA Server".

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	М	See NOTE 2 and NOTE 4.	Cause	0
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action	СО	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
H(e)NB Information Reporting	CO	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped (during a TAU/RAU with SGW change if started earlier) for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME.	H(e)NB Information Reporting	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interfaces. For the S5/S8/ S2a/S2b interfaces it is not needed because its content would be identical to the IE PGW S5/S8/ S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface.	F-TEID	0
PGW S5/S8/ S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface		The PGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interfaces during the Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, UE requested PDN connectivity, PDP Context Activation and a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN procedures. If the SGW receives this IE it shall forward the IE to MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. This IE shall include the TEID for GTP based S5/S8 case and the uplink GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case. For PMIP based S5/S8, this IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface and shall contain the PGW S5/S8 IP address for control plane; the same IP address shall be used for both control plane and the user plane communication if the Bearer Context IE does not contain a S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID IE. See NOTE 7. The PGW shall include this IE on the S2b interface during the Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b procedures and Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b). The PGW shall include this IE on the S2a interface during the Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a procedures See NOTE 6.	F-TEID	1
PDN Address Allocation (PAA)	C	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces for the E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN, UE requested PDN connectivity, Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b), Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a procedures, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a. The PDN type field in the PAA shall be set to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6, or Non-IP by the PGW. See NOTE4. For the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces, if the PGW uses	ΡΑΑ	0

Table 7.2.2-1: Information Elements in a Create Session Response

	r			
		DHCPv4 for IPv4 address allocation, the IPv4 address field shall be set to 0.0.0.0; otherwise, the IPv4 address field shall be set to non-zero value as specified in 3GPP TS		
		23.401 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]. When assigning an IPv6 address the PGW shall send a		
		non-zero Interface Identifier. See NOTE 8. For Non-IP PDN connections, the PDN Address and Prefix field shall not be present.		
	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces in the E-UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN,		
APN Restriction		PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and UE Requested PDN connectivity procedures. This IE shall also be included on S4/S11 during the Gn/Gp	APN Restriction	0
		SGSN to S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedures. This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context.		
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	С	This IE represents the APN-AMBR. It shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if the received APN-AMBR has been modified by the PCRF.	AMBR	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4/S11 interfaces during Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedure to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection.	EBI	0
Protocol	С	If ePCO is not supported by the UE or the network, and if the PGW decides to return PCO to the UE during the Attach, PDN connectivity or Handover to 3GPP access		
Configuration Options (PCO)		procedures, PGW shall send PCO to SGW. If SGW receives the PCO IE, SGW shall forward it to MME/SGSN. For trusted WLAN access, if single-connection mode or multiple-connection mode is used, the PGW may include	PCO	0
	М	this IE over the S2a interface to send PCO to the UE. EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts sent in request message. Several IEs with the same type and		
Bearer Contexts created		instance value may be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. One single IE shall be included on the S2a/S2b interface. One bearer shall be included for E-UTRAN Initial Attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, PDP Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN, UE Requested PDN Connectivity, Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP	Bearer Context	0
		IP Access with GTP on S2b, Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b), Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2a and Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a. One or more created bearers shall be included for a Handover/TAU/RAU with an SGW change. See NOTE 2.		
Bearer Contexts marked for removal	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed that were sent in the Create Session Request message. For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included on the S4/S11 interfaces.	Bearer Context	1
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Charging Gateway Name	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface. See NOTE 1.	FQDN	0
Charging Gateway Address	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface. See NOTE 1.	IP Address	0
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces and, when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to	FQ-CSID	0

		the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0
PGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	1
PGW Back-Off Time	0	This IE may be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces when the PDN GW rejects the Create Session Request with the cause "APN congestion". It indicates the time during which the MME or S4-SGSN should refrain from sending subsequent PDN connection establishment requests to the PGW for the congested APN for services other than Service Users/emergency services. See NOTE 3.	EPC Timer	0
Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)		If multiple authentications are supported by the PGW and if PGW received the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE in the Create Session Request, the PGW shall include this IE on the S2b interface and perform the corresponding procedures as specified for PAP and CHAP authentication of the UE with external networks in 3GPP TS 33.402 [50]. If the PGW supports the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE and if the PGW has received the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE with the "DNS IPv4/IPv6 Server Address Request" parameter in the Create Session Request over S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface with the "DNS IPv4/IPv6 Server Address" parameter as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If the PGW supports the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE and if the PGW has received the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE with the P-CSCF IPv4 Address Request, or P-CSCF IPv6 Address Request or both parameters in the Create Session Request over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface with the P-CSCF IPv4 Address, or P-CSCF IPv6 Address, or both parameters respectively as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. The PGW may include this IE on the S2a interface to	Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)	0
		provide the TWAN with additional IP configuration parameters (e.g. DNS server), if a corresponding request was received in the Create Session Request message.		
Trusted WLAN IPv4 Parameters	CO	 The PGW shall include this IE on the S2a interface to a Trusted WLAN Access if PDN Type in the PAA is set to IPv4 or IPv4v6 and the transparent single-connection mode is used as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]. This IE shall include: The Subnet Prefix Length of the subnet from which the PGW allocates the UE's IPv4 address. The IPv4 Default Router Address which belongs to the same subnet as the IPv4 address allocated to the UE. 	IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP)	0
Indication Flags	со	 This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags are: PDN Pause Support Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface if the PGW 	Indication	0
		 supports the PGW Pause of Charging procedure. PDN Pause Enable Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface if the PGW enables the 		

SGW to use the PGW Pause of Charging procedure for this PDN connection.	
 Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. This flag shall be set to 1 by the PGW if the "PGW's Overload Control Information" is included and the Cause IE is set to a rejection cause code. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface. 	
 Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW. This flag shall be set to 1 by the SGW if the "SGW's Overload Control Information" is included and the Cause IE is set to a rejection cause code. 	
 Delay Tolerant Connection Indication: the flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 and S11/S4 interface if the PDN connection is "Delay Tolerant" (see subclause 8.12). 	

	CO	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11/S4		
Presence Reporting	00	interfaces with the appropriate Action field if reporting	Presence	
Area Action		changes of UE presence in a Presence Routing Area is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the MME/SGSN.	Reporting Area Action	0
PGW's node level	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b	Load Control	0
Load Control	-	interface, providing its node level load information, if the	Information	÷
Information		load control feature is supported by the PGW and is		
		activated for the PLMN to which the access network node,		
		i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access network, belongs (see		
		clause 12.2.6).		
	CO	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the load		
		control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
	_	the S11/S4 interface.	Less d Osastas	4
PGW's APN level Load Control	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing APN level load information, if the APN	Load Control Information	1
Information		level load control feature is supported by the PGW and is	mormation	
		activated for the PLMN to which the access network node,		
		i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network,		
		ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network,		
		belongs (see clause 12.2.6).		
		When present, the PGW shall provide one or more		
		instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same		
		type and instance value, each representing the load		
		information for a list of APN(s).		
		See NOTE 9, NOTE 11.		
	00	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports APN level load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-		
		SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's node level	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if	Load Control	2
Load Control		the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is	Information	
Information		activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6).		
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
		this IE, representing its node level load information.		
PGW's Overload	0	During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE	Overload Control	0
Control Information		on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, if the overload control	Information	
		feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the		
		PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4- SGSN for 3GPP access based network, ePDG/TWAN for		
		non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause		
		12.3.11).		
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance		
		of this IE, representing its overload information. Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload		
		control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to		
		maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value,		
		each representing the overload information for a list of		
		APN(s).		
	00	See NOTE 10, NOTE 12.		
	СО	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload		
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
SGW's Overload		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload	Overload Control	1
SGW's Overload Control Information		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is	Overload Control Information	1
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see		1
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is		1
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11).		1
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see		1
	0	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b		1
Control Information	0	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interfaces if the PGW needs to send NBIFOM	Information	1
	0	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b		0

		СО	If the SGW receives an NBIFOM Container from the PGW, the SGW shall forward this IE to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
PDN Conr Charging		со	The PGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interfaces, during an Initial Attach, Initial PDN connection establishment, or Addition of an access procedures, when using NBIFOM, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].	Charging ID	0
Extended Configurat (ePCO)	Protocol tion Options	CO	If the PGW decides to return ePCO to the UE during an Initial Attach, PDP Context Activation, UE requested PDN Connectivity procedure, and if the PGW supports the ePCO and the EPCOSI flag is set to 1 in the Create Session Request message, the PGW shall send ePCO to the SGW. If the SGW receives the ePCO IE, the SGW shall forward it to the MME/SGSN.	ePCO	0
Private Ex	tension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS
NOTE1:			Gateway Name and Charging Gateway Address shall not be	included at the sam	ie
NOTE2:			n are available, the operator configures a preferred value. not accept any of the "Bearer Context Created" IEs within Cru	eate Session Reque	est
	message, th	ne Se	GW shall send the Create Session Response with appropria	te reject Cause valu	le.
NOTE 3:			d value of the PGW Back-Off Time IE shall supersede any p	revious values rece	ived
NOTE4:			and for this APN in the MME/SGSN. 1 [3] (see subclause 5.3.1.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (see	subclause 0.2.1) sr	oecify
NOTE4.			he cases when UE has requested IPv4v6 PDN Type, but PG		
	IPv4v6 PDN	Í Тур	pe.		•
NOTE 5:			of presence of the IEs in the Create Session Response for th		
			g GW relocation (see subclause 5.10.4 of 3GPP TS 23.401 060 [35]) are identical to those specified respectively for X2		
			or Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation.		
NOTE 6:			and TEID/GRE key in "PGW S5/S8/ S2a/S2b F-TEID for PM	IIP based interface	or for
			trol Plane interface" IE are only provided for the subsequent		ages
NOTE 7			DN connection and shall NOT be used for other PDN connec I S5/S8, the 'S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID' IE and the 'PGW S5/S8/		or.
NOTE 7.			erface or for GTP based Control Plane interface' IE shall con		
			terface Type in these IEs shall be set to the value 9 (S5/S8 F		
	The Interfee		entifier value of zero is a reserved value (see IETF RFC 545		
NOTE 0.			P TS 23.401 [3] specifies the mechanism for preventing UE		5
			PGW"s link-local address.		, ,
NOTE 9:			t supporting the APN level load control feature, shall ignore		
			d Control Information" IE with instance number "1". The rece of feature and supporting the APN level load information for the second second second second second second second		APN
			dle the APN level load information for the first 10 APNs and		N
	level load in			.g. e. e a y e. e	••
NOTE 10:			pporting the APN level overload information for the maximur		
	handle the A		level overload information for the first 10 APNs and ignore a	iny more APN level	
NOTE 11.			ballon. Dad information, provided within and across different instance	es of the "PGW's Al	PN
			rol Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.		
NOTE 12:			overload information, provided within and across different ins	tances of the "PGW	's
	Overload Co	ontro	ol Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.		

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4	-	Spare and Instance fields Condition / Comment	IF Trues	lne
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause	Μ	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful,	Cause	0
		and if not, it gives information on the reason. (NOTE 1,		
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	NOTE 2, NOTE 3) This IE shall be included on the S11 interface if the S1-U	F-TEID	0
SI-U SGW F-TEID	C	interface is used, i.e. if the S11-U Tunnel flag was not set	F-TEID	0
		in the Create Session Request.		
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S4-U	F-TEID	1
		interface is used.		
S5/S8-U PGW F- TEID	С	For GTP-based S5/S8, this User Plane IE shall be included on S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces during the "E-UTRAN	F-TEID	2
		Initial Attach", a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-		
		3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, a "PDP Context Activation",		
		a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP		
		Access to UTRAN/GERAN or a "UE Requested PDN		
		Connectivity". For PMIP-based S5/S8, this IE shall be included on the		
		S4/S11 interface during the "E-UTRAN Initial Attach", a		
		Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access		
		to E-UTRAN, a "PDP Context Activation", a Handover from		
		Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN or a "UE Requested PDN Connectivity" if		
		the PGW provided an alternate address for user plane, i.e.		
		an IP address for user plane which is different from the IP		
		address for control plane.		
		When present, this IE shall contain the alternate IP		
		address for user plane and the uplink GRE key. See NOTE 4 and NOTE 5.		
S12 SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12	F-TEID	3
S2b-U PGW F-TEID	С	interface is used. This IE (for user plane) shall be included on the S2b	F-TEID	4
S2D-0 FGW F-TEID	C	interface during the Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated	F-TEID	4
		Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b,		
		Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on		
		S2b, and Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on S2b).		
S2a-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE (for user plane) shall be included on the S2a	F-TEID	5
		interface during the Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a,		
		UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on		
Bearer Level QoS	С	S2a, and Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a. This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and	Bearer QoS	0
	Ũ	S2a/S2b interfaces if the received QoS parameters have		Ŭ
		been modified.		
	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 interface for an E-		
		UTRAN initial attach, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN, a PDP		
		Context Activation, a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted		
		Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and a UE		
		requested PDN connectivity.		
	0	If the S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be included on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at		
		the SGSN, for a PDP Context Activation, a Handover from	<u>.</u>	
Charging Id		Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to	Charging Id	0
		UTRAN/GERAN, inter S4-SGSN RAU with SGW change		
	<u> </u>	and Gn/Gp to S4-SGSN RAU. This IE shall be included on the S2a/S2b interface for an		
		Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, Attach with GTP on		
		S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP		
		on S2b, Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with		
		GTP on S2b, Initial Attach for emergency session (GTP on		
		S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP		

			on S2a, and Handover to TWAN with GTP on S2a.		
Bearer Fla	ags	0	Applicable flags are:	Bearer Flags	0
			- PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression) : this flag	-	
			may be set on the S5/S8 and S4 interfaces.		
S11-U SG	W F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S11 interface if the S11-U	F-TEID	6
		-	interface is used, i.e. if the S11-U Tunnel flag was set in		-
			the Create Session Request.		
			If the SGW supports both IP address types, the SGW shall		
			send both IP addresses within the F-TEID IE. If only one IP		
			address is included, then the MME shall assume that the		
			SGW does not support the other IP address type.		
NOTE 1:			PP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.5.1.2.2 "S1-based hando		
			during the handover procedure with an SGW change, excep		
			E2 addresses X2 based HO with SGW change case), the ta		
			ate Session Request/Response and Modify Bearer Request/		
			her. After receiving the "Bearer Context to be Created" IEs w		
			ge, the SGW may not accept some of these bearers. The SC		
			the "Bearer Context Created" IEs within Create Session Res		
			different Cause values. Bearers that were not accepted by the		an
			ction value in the Cause IE. The target MME/S4-SGSN shall rs to the target SGW within the "Bearer Context to be remove		ont
			Request message. Therefore, the SGW shall allocate the DL		
			-accepted bearers. MME/S4-SGSN should remove all of the		
			lures (e.g. an MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer De		
NOTE 2:			PP TS 23.401 [3] subclause 5.5.1.1.3, "X2-based handover		0).
-			3GPP TS 23.060 [35] subclause 6.9.2.2.5A "Enhanced Serv		n
			S4", during the X2-handover procedure with an SGW chan		
	Serving RN	SRe	elocation Procedure with an SGW change, the target MME/S	4-SGSN shall initia	te
			Session Request/Response procedure. The SGW shall retu		ding
			ted by the SGW) with a "Bearer Context Created" IE within (
			age (this table), but with different Cause values. Bearers that		
			have an appropriate rejection value in the Cause IE, The MM	E/S4-SGSN should	ł
NOTES			on-accepted bearers by separate procedures as well.		
NOTE 3:			PP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Upo		
			ange" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during the RAU/TAU proce		
			pet MME/S4-SGSN shall initiate only the Create Session Rec SGW shall return all bearers (including those not accepted b		
			Created' IE within Create Session Response message (this		oront
			Bearers that were not accepted by the SGW shall have an ap		
			When Active Flag or Follow-on request is set during TAU/R		
			ot establish user plane tunnel over S1 or lu for those bearer		
			target SGW, while in the corresponding Modify Bearer Requ		
			shall include all accepted bearer contexts in the "Bearer Co		I" IE
			non-accepted bearer contexts in the "Bearer Context to be re		
			should remove the bearers non-accepted by either SGW or		rate
	procedures	as v	vell.		
NOTE 4:			preceive from the LMA an alternate LMA address for user pl		rted
			across all the SGWs, when supported over PMIP-based S5		
NOTE 5:			S5/S8, the 'S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID' IE and the 'PGW S5/S8,		
			erface or for GTP based Control Plane interface' IE shall con		
	GRE key; th	ne In	terface Type in these IEs shall be set to the value 9 (S5/S8 I	PGW PMIPv6 interf	ace).

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
elements							
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0			
Cause		This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives the information on the reason.	Cause	0			

Table 7.2.2-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within a Create Session Response

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
Load Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Load Metric	М	See clauses 12.2.5.1.2.2 and 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
List of APN and Relative Capacity	CO	The IE shall (only) be present in the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level load, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) & its respective "Relative Capacity" (sharing the same "Load Metric"). See clause 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter. See NOTE 1.	APN and Relative Capacity	0		
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of "APN and Relative Capacity" IE are received within one instance of the Load Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Load Control Information IE instance.						

 Table 7.2.2-5: Overload Control Information within Create Session Response

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
Overload Control Sequence Number	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Overload Reduction Metric	Μ	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0		
List of Access Point Name (APN)	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction Metric" and "Period of Validity"). See NOTE 1.	APN	0		
	IE, t	occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the he receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the en istance.		trol		

7.2.3 Create Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN, and from PGW to TWAN/ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

The Create Bearer Request message shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the Dedicated Bearer Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure or the Network Requested Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of the Dedicated bearer activation in WLAN on GTP S2a, and on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of the Dedicated S2b bearer activation with GTP on S2b.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface by the PGW to the SGW or to the TWAN/ePDG and on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN as part of the Network-initiated IP flow mobility procedure or the UE-initiated IP flow mobility procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Procedure Transaction Id (PTI)	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces when the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or UE Requested Bearer Resource Allocation Procedure (see NOTE 1) or Secondary PDP Context Activation Procedure. The PTI shall be the same as the one used in the corresponding Bearer Resource Command.	PTI	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	М	This IE shall be included to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection.	EBI	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces if ePCO is not supported by the UE or the network.	PCO	0
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces and, when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action	CO	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
H(e)NB Information Reporting		This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME.	H(e)NB Information Reporting	0
Presence Reporting Area Action	CO	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11/S4 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if reporting changes of UE presence in a Presence Routing Area is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the MME/SGSN.	Presence Reporting Area Action	0
Indication Flags	co	 This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags are: Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface. Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW. 	Indication	0
PGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing its node level load information, if the load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node,	Load Control Information	0

Table 7.2.3-1: Information Elements in a Create Bearer Request

	-			
		i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network,		
		ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6).		
	CO	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the load		
	00	control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
		the S11/S4 interface.		
PGW's APN level	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b	Load Control	1
Load Control		interface, providing APN level load information, if the APN	Information	
Information		level load control feature is supported by the PGW and is		
		activated for the PLMN to which the access network node,		
		i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network,		
		ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6).		
		When present, the PGW shall provide one or more		
		instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same		
		type and instance value, each representing the load		
		information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 2, NOTE 4.		
	CO	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports APN level		
	00	load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-		
		SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's node level	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if	Load Control	2
Load Control		the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is	Information	
Information		activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6).		
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
		this IE, representing its node level load information.		
PGW's Overload	0	During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE	Overload Control	0
Control Information		on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, if the overload control	Information	
		feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the		
		PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-		
		SGSN for 3GPP access based network, ePDG/TWAN for		
		non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.3.11).		
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance		
		of this IE, representing its overload information.		
		Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload		
		control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to		
		maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value,		
		each representing the overload information for a list of		
		APN(s). See NOTE 3, NOTE 5.		
	CO	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload		
	00	control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
		the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's Overload	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE	Overload Control	1
Control Information		over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is	Information	
		supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11).		
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
NBIFOM Container	0	this IE, representing its overload information. This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b	F-Container	0
	00	interfaces if the PGW needs to send NBIFOM information	F-Container	0
		as specified in 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]. The Container Type		
		shall be set to 4.		
	CO	If the SGW receives a NBIFOM Container IE from the		
		PGW, the SGW shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
Private Extension	0	the S11/S4 interface. This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b	Private Extension	VS
		interfaces.		
		efers to the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedu modification procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], bo		ed
		1 [3] in the clause "UE requested bearer resource modification		
		t supporting the APN level load control feature, shall ignore) of
		d Control Information" IE with instance number "1". The rece		
•				

 level load control feature and supporting the APN level load information for the maximum of 10 APNs, shall handle the APN level load information for the first 10 APNs and ignore any more APN level load information.
 NOTE 3: The receiver, supporting the APN level overload information for the maximum of 10 APNs, shall handle the APN level overload information for the first 10 APNs and ignore any more APN level overload information.
 NOTE 4: The APN level load information, provided within and across different instances of the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.
 NOTE 5: The APN level overload information, provided within and across different instances of the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or a UE Requested Bearer Resource Allocation Procedure or Secondary PDP Context Activation Procedure, then there will be only one instance of the Bearer Contexts IE in the Create Bearer Request.

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	Μ	This IE shall be set to 0.	EBI	0
TFT	М	This IE can contain both uplink and downlink packet filters to be sent to the UE or the TWAN/ePDG.	Bearer TFT	0
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U interface is used. If SGW supports both IPv4 and IPv6, it shall send both an IPv4 address and an IPv6 address within the S1-U SGW F-TEID IE. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	0
S5/8-U PGW F-TEID		This IE shall be sent on the S4, S5/S8 and S11 interfaces for GTP-based S5/S8 interface. The MME/SGSN shall ignore the IE on S11/S4 for PMIP-based S5/S8 interface.	F-TEID	1
S12 SGW F-TEID		This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	2
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	3
S2b-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE (for user plane) shall be sent on the S2b interface.	F-TEID	4
S2a-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE (for user plane) shall be sent on the S2a interface.	F-TEID	5
Bearer Level QoS	Μ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Bearer QoS	0
Charging Id	0	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface. If the S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be sent on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at the SGSN. This IE shall be sent on the S2a/S2b interface.	Charging Id	0
Bearer Flags		 Applicable flags are: PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression) : this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4 interfaces. vSRVCC indicator: This IE may be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 interface according to 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. When received from S5/S8, SGW shall forward on the S11 interface. 	Bearer Flags	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		This IE may be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces if ePCO is not supported by the UE or the network. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist.	PCO	0
Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)		This IE may be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces if the UE and the network support ePCO.	ePCO	0
NOTE 1: The SGW s interfaces.	hall	use the same F-TEID IP address and TEID values for S1-U,	S4-U and S12	

Table 7.2.3-2: Bearer Context within Create Bearer Request

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
Load Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Load Metric	М	See clauses 12.2.5.1.2.2 and 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
List of APN and Relative Capacity		The IE shall (only) be present in the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level load, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) & its respective "Relative Capacity" (sharing the same "Load Metric"). See clause 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter. See NOTE 1.	APN and Relative Capacity	0		
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of "APN and Relative Capacity" IE are received within one instance of the Load Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Load Control Information IE instance.						

Table 7.2.3-3: Load Control Information within Create Bearer Request

 Table 7.2.3-4: Overload Control Information within Create Bearer Request

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0			
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0			
Period of Validity	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0			
List of Access Point Name (APN)	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction Metric" and "Period of Validity"). See NOTE 1.	APN	0			
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the Overload Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Overload Control Information IE instance.							

7.2.4 Create Bearer Response

The Create Bearer Response message shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW, and on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the Dedicated Bearer Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW and on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure or the Network Requested Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the TWAN to the PGW as part of the Dedicated bearer activation in WLAN on GTP S2a and on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the Dedicated S2b bearer activation with GTP on S2b.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface by the SGW or the TWAN/ePDG to the PGW and on the S11/S4 interface by the MME/S4-SGSN to the SGW as part of the Network-initiated IP flow mobility procedure or UE-initiated IP flow mobility procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".
- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Unable to page UE".
- "UE not responding".
- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".
- "UE refuses".
- "Denied in RAT".
- "Temporarily rejected due to handover/TAU/RAU procedure in progress".
- "MME/SGSN refuses due to VPLMN Policy".
- "UE is temporarily not reachable due to power saving".

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Bearer Contexts	М	All the bearer contexts included in the corresponding Create Bearer Request shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance value shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interfaceand shall be forwarded by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
ePDG-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	2
TWAN-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	3
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	С	If the UE includes the PCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives PCO from MME/SGSN, SGW shall forward it to the PGW.	PCO	0
	0	This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.		
UE Time Zone		The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
		This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.		
User Location Information (ULI)		This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 1. The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN.	ULI	0
TWAN Identifier	со	This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].	TWAN Identifier	0
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information	O CO	During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	Overload Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	1
Presence Reporting Area Information	CO	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 if the PGW/PCRF has requested to start reporting changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area in the corresponding Create Bearer Request message and the MME/SGSN supports such reporting. The MME/SGSN shall then indicate whether the UE is inside or outside the Presence Reporting Area.	Presence Reporting Area Information	0

Table 7.2.4-1: Information Elements in a Create Bearer Response

		The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the Presence Reporting Area Information from the MME/SGSN.			
MME/S4-SGSN Identifier	CO	If the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4- SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see subclause 12.3.11), the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the PGW has not been updated with the identity of the currently serving MME/S4-SGSN, i.e. if no other message carrying MME/S4-SGSN identity has been sent to the PGW during/after an inter-MME/S4-SGSN intra-SGW mobility procedure.		0	
TWAN/ePDG's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the TWAN/ePDG may include this IE over the S2a/S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the TWAN/ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the TWAN/ePDG shall provide only one	Overload Control Information	2	
WLAN Location	co	instance of this IE, representing its overload information. The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if the			
Information		WLAN Location Information is available.	TWAN Identifier	1	
WLAN Location Timestamp	со	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface, if the WLAN Location Timestamp is available.	TWAN Identifier Timestamp	1	
UE Local IP Address	CO	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface.	IP Address	0	
UE UDP Port		The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if NAT	Port Number	0	
		is detected.		Ŭ	
NBIFOM Container		This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 or S2a/S2b interfaces if the MME/S4-SGSN or the TWAN/ePDG receives a NBIFOM Container from the UE as specified in 3GPP TS 24.161 73]. The Container Type shall be set to 4. If the SGW receives a NBIFOM Container IE from the	F-Container	0	
		MME/S4-SGSN, the SGW shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.			
Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)	С	If the UE includes the ePCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the ePCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives ePCO from the MME/SGSN, the SGW shall forward it to the PGW.	ePCO	0	
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS	
NOTE 1: In shared networks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLMN, the PLMN ID that is communicated in this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator for supporting UEs, or that of the allocated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an exception, based on inter-operator roaming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is a supporting or non-supporting UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HPLMN for non-supporting UEs shall be the Common PLMN ID. In shared networks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same PLMN, the Primary PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the Supporting UEs. The Core Network Operator PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network. See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].					

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause	M	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful,	Cause	0
Cause	IVI	and if not, it gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
S1-U eNodeB F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U	F-TEID	0
	Ŭ	interface is used.	1 1210	Ŭ
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface. It shall be used	F-TEID	1
		to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer		
		Request.		
S5/8-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces.	F-TEID	2
S5/8-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces. It shall be	F-TEID	3
		used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create		
		Bearer Request.		
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S12	F-TEID	4
S12 SGW F-TEID	6	interface is used. See NOTE1. This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface. It shall be used to	F-TEID	-
SIZ SGW F-TEID	С	correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer	F-IEID	5
		Request. See NOTE1.		
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U	F-TEID	6
	Ŭ	interface is used. See NOTE1.	1 1210	Ŭ
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface. It shall be used to	F-TEID	7
		correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer		
		Request. See NOTE1.		
S2b-U ePDG F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S2b interface.	F-TEID	8
S2b-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S2b interface. It shall be used	F-TEID	9
		to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer		
		Request.		10
S2a-U TWAN F-TEID		This IE shall be sent on the S2a interface.	F-TEID	10
S2a-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S2a interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer	F-TEID	11
		Request.		
Protocol	co	If the UE includes the PCO IE in the corresponding	PCO	0
Configuration Options		message, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of	100	Ŭ
(PCO)		this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE.		
		If the SGW receives PCO from MME/SGSN, SGW shall		
		forward it to the PGW. This bearer level IE takes		
		precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they		
	~~	both exist.		
RAN/NAS Cause	CO	If the bearer creation failed, the MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface to indicate the RAN cause and/or the	RAN/NAS Cause	0
		NAS cause of the bearer creation failure, if available and if		
		this information is permitted to be sent to the PGW		
		operator according to MME operator's policy.		
		If both a RAN cause and a NAS cause are generated, then		
		several IEs with the same type and instance value shall be		
		included to represent a list of causes.		
		The SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it		
	~~~	receives it from the MME.		
	00	If the bearer creation failed, the TWAN shall include this IE on the S2a interface to indicate the cause of the bearer		
		creation failure, if available and if this information is		
		permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to the		
		TWAN operator's policy. When present, the IE shall be		
		encoded as a Diameter or an ESM cause. See NOTE 2.		
	CO	If the bearer creation failed, the ePDG shall include this IE		
	ĺ	on the S2b interface to indicate the cause of the bearer		
	ĺ	creation failure, if available and if this information is		
		permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to the		
		ePDG operator's policy. When present, the IE shall be		
NOTE 1: The SGW s	ho!!	encoded as a Diameter or an IKEv2 cause. See NOTE 3. use the same F-TEID IP address and TEID values for S1-U,	SA-II and SA2	L
INDIE I. THE SGW S	ııdli	use the same FILID IF address and TEID Values for ST-U,	54-0 and 512	

Table 7.2.4-2: Bearer Context within Create Bearer Response

interfaces. However, when sending a Create Bearer Request message to an S4-SGSN for a UE in idle mode, the SGW can not know whether the S4-SGSN will establish a direct user plane tunnel between the RNC and the SGW. The SGW may include either the S4-U SGW F-TEID IE or the S12 SGW F-TEID IE in the Create Bearer Request message. The S4-SGSN will decide whether to establish a direct user plane tunnel or not and will provide accordingly either a S12 RNC F-TEID or a S4-U SGSN F-TEID in the Create Bearer Response message, where the interface type of the provided F-TEID may differ from the interface type of the SGW F-TEID used for bearer correlation, e.g. if the SGW includes the S4-U SGW F-TEID in the Create Bearer Response message, shall provide the S12 RNC F-TEID in the Create Bearer Request message, and if the SGSN decides to use Direct Tunnelling, the S4-SGSN shall provide the S12 RNC F-TEID in the Create Bearer Response message, together with S4-U SGW F-TEID. The SGW should not treat this as an error.

- NOTE 2: The TWAN does not exchange signalling with the 3GPP AAA Server nor with the UE in this procedure. The TWAN may include an internal failure cause for the bearer creation failure. The protocol type used to encode the internal failure cause is implementation specific.
- NOTE 3: The ePDG does not exchange signalling with the 3GPP AAA Server in this procedure. The ePDG may include an internal failure cause for the bearer creation failure. The protocol type used to encode the internal failure cause is implementation specific.

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3	Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0	
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0	
Period of Validity	M	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0	

#### Table 7.2.4-3: Overload Control Information within Create Bearer Response

# 7.2.5 Bearer Resource Command

A Bearer Resource Command message shall be sent from a MME to a SGW and forwarded to PGW as a part of the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure or UE requested bearer resource modification procedure (which is used also for a dedicated bearer deactivation), as specified by 3GPP TS 24.301 [23].

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by a SGSN to a SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by a SGW to a PGW as part of the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure, or secondary PDP context activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S11/S4 interface by an MME/S4-SGSN to a SGW and on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface by a SGW or a TWAN/ePDG to a PGW as part of the UE-initiated IP flow mobility procedure and the UE requested IP flow mapping procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].

Table 7.2.5-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	Μ		EBI	0
Procedure Transaction Id (PTI)	Μ		PTI	0
Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the "Requested New QoS"/"Required QoS" is included in the corresponding NAS message (see section 9.5.10 and section 9.5.4 in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]) or the "Required traffic flow QoS" is included in the corresponding NAS message (see section 8.3.8 and section 8.3.10 in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]). If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW across S5/S8 interface.	Flow QoS	0
Traffic Aggregate Description (TAD)		The TAD consists of the description of the packet filter(s) for a traffic flow aggregate. MME shall include this IE over S11 interface. If S4-SGSN receives this IE from the UE, it shall include it over S4 interface. If SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW	TAD	0
	00	over S5/S8 interface. See NOTE 2.		
RAT Туре	С	This IE shall be included for MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure and Secondary PDP context activation procedure.	RAT Type	0
Serving Network	0	This IE may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. See NOTE 3.	Serving Network	0
User Location Information (ULI)	0	This IE may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. See NOTE 3.	ULI	0
EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE indicates the EPS Bearer that needs to be modified. It shall be included for MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. For EUTRAN this IE shall be present if it is triggered by the NAS Bearer Resource Modification Request message and its value shall be set to the value of the "EPS bearer identity for packet filter" IE received in that NAS message.	EBI	1
Indication Flags	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags: <ul> <li>Change Reporting Support Indication: this flag may be set to 1 in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of location change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is established.</li> <li>Direct Tunnel Flag: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S4 interface, if Direct Tunnel is used in the MS initiated PDP Context Modification procedure.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel is not established in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure See NOTE 1	F-TEID	0
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel flag is set to 1 in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. See NOTE 1	F-TEID	1
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		If the UE includes the PCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives PCO from the MME/SGSN, the SGW shall forward it to the PGW.	PCO	0
Signalling Priority Indication	CO	The SGSN/MME shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface if the UE indicates low access priority during the	Signalling Priority Indication	0

Table 7.2.5-1: Information Elements in a Bearer Resource Command

	1		1	
		procedure. The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interfaces if received from the MME/SGSN.		
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload	Overload Control Information	0
		control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.		
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	1
NBIFOM Container		This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 or S2a/S2b interfaces if the MME/S4-SGSN or the TWAN/ePDG receives an NBIFOM Container from the UE as specified in 3GPP TS 24.161 73]. The Container Type shall be set to 4. If the SGW receives an NBIFOM Container IE from the MME/S4-SGSN, the SGW shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.		0
Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)		If the UE includes the ePCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the ePCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives ePCO from the MME/SGSN, the SGW shall forward it to the PGW.	ePCO	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: The conditi included in procedure) NOTE 2: In the seco	Upda . The ndary D IE i	S4-U SGSN F-TEID and S12 RNC F-TEID IE are redundant ate Bearer Response message in the MS initiated PDP Cont receiver may ignore it. / PDP context activation procedure, if the Bearer Resource ( s received, the PGW shall reject the message with cause "U d".	ext modification	
communica that of the a inter-opera non-suppor UEs shall b In shared n PLMN ID s communica Network Op non-suppor	alloca tor ro ting be the etwo hall b hall b berate ting b	rks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLM n this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator ated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an e- aming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HF e Common PLMN ID. rks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common n SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporti or PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or alloca UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Se 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].	r for supporting UEs exception, based on UE is a supporting PLMN for non-support PLMN, the Primar PLMN ID shall be ing UEs. The Core ated by the network	or or orting

Editor's Note: Possible impact on the setting of TAD is FFS for NBIFOM.

NOTE: Depending on the protocol type on the S5/S8 interface, the SGW or the PGW will determine if the UE is requesting an Allocation/Modification operation of bearer resources for a traffic flow aggregate based on the TFT operation code and the packet filter ID value in the Traffic Aggregate (TAD) IE and/or the presence of the EPS Bearer ID IE.

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0		

 Table 7.2.5-2: Overload Control Information within Bearer Resource Command

# 7.2.6 Bearer Resource Failure Indication

A Bearer Resource Failure Indication shall be sent by the PGW to an SGW and forwarded to the MME to indicate failure of the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure or UE requested bearer resource modification procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 24.301 [23].

The message shall also be sent by a PGW to an SGW and forwarded to an SGSN as part of the failure of an MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure or secondary PDP context activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface by a PGW to a SGW or to a TWAN/ePDG and the S11/S4 interface by a SGW to an MME/S4-SGSN as part of the UE-initiated IP flow mobility procedure and the UE requested IP flow mapping procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].

Table 7.2.6-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Semantic error in the TAD operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TAD operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Collision with network initiated request".
- "Service denied".
- "Bearer handling not supported".
- "UE context without TFT already activated".

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID	М	See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	EBI	0
Procedure Transaction ID (PTI)	М	See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	PTI	0
Indication Flags	СО	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags are:	Indication	0
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul>		
PGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8, if the overload control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	0
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the overload information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 1, NOTE 2.		
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	1
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
Recovery	0		Recovery	0
NBIFOM Container		This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interfaces if the PGW needs to send NBIFOM information as specified in 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]. The Container Type shall be set to 4. If the SGW receives an NBIFOM Container IE from the	F-Container	0
		PGW, the SGW shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
	٩PN	pporting the APN level overload information for the maximur level overload information for the first 10 APNs and ignore a ation.		

Table 7.2.6-1: Information Elements in a Bearer Resource Failure Indication

NOTE 2: The APN level overload information, provided within and across different instances of the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
Overload Control	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this	Sequence	0
Sequence Number		parameter.	Number	
Overload Reduction	Μ	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the	Metric	0
Metric		description and use of this parameter.		
Period of Validity	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this	EPC Timer	0
		parameter.		
		This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction		
		Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the		
		"Overload Reduction Metric" is null.		
List of Access Point	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload	APN	0
Name (APN)		Control Information" IE.		
		For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall		
		include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of		
		10, with the same type and instance value, representing a		
		list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction		
		Metric" and "Period of Validity").		
		See NOTE 1.		
NOTE 1: If more than	10 ח	occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the	Overload Control	
Information	IE, t	he receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the en	tire Overload Cont	trol
Information	IE ir	nstance.		

# 7.2.7 Modify Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW and/or from SGW to PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

The Modify Bearer Request message shall only be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change
- UE triggered Service Request
- S1-based Handover
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN Initial Attach
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN with GTP on S5/S8 interface (see subclauses 8.2, 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])
- UE requested PDN connectivity
- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- X2-based handover without SGW relocation
- UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN SRVCC
- HSS-based P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61])
- Connection Resume procedure (see subclause 5.3.5A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3])

It shall also only be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the procedure:

- E-UTRAN Initiated E-RAB modification procedure
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN with PMIP on S5/S8 interface (see subclauses 8.2 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])
- Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change and data forwarding
- Mobile Originated Data transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity
- Mobile Terminated Data Transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity
- Establishment of S1-U bearer during Data Transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation procedure (see subclause 5.3.4B.X of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).

It shall also only be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and without SGW change
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update to S4 SGSNs without SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure without SGW change
- Serving RNS Relocation Procedure
- Combined Hard Handover and SRNS Relocation Procedure
- Combined Cell / URA Update and SRNS Relocation Procedure
- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation without SGW relocation
- UE Initiated Service Request Procedure
- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Intra SGSN Change
- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Intra SGSN Change
- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Inter-SGSN Change
- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Inter-SGSN Change
- Paging Response with no established user plane on S4
- PDP Context Activation Procedure
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN with GTP on S5/S8 interface (see sub-clauses 8.2, 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])
- UTRAN/GERAN to UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC
- HSS-based P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61])

It shall also only be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- RAB Assignment Procedure
- SRVCC from E-UTRAN to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support procedures and SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support.
- Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN with PMIP on S5/S8 interface (see sub-clauses 8.2 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45])

- Routeing Area Update procedure with Serving GW change and data forwarding

and only on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with SGW change
- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update
- X2 based handover with SGW relocation
- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update
- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation
- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change
- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the MME/SGSN and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]
- MME triggered Serving GW relocation
- S4-SGSN triggered Serving GW relocation
- PGW Pause of Charging procedure

and on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- UE initiated IPsec tunnel update procedure

If the optional network triggered service restoration feature is supported by the MME, SGSN and SGW, then the Modify Bearer Request message shall also be sent as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure with ISR during an intra MME TAU and an intra S4-SGSN RAU procedure for UEs that had ISR active before either the MME or the S4-SGSN has restarted, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]:

- on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, if the MME detected that the ISR associated S4-SGSN has restarted and UE performs a TAU procedure;
- on the S4 interface by the S4-SGSN to the SGW, if the S4-SGSN detected that the ISR associated MME has restarted and UE performs a RAU procedure.

This message can be used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers in the SGW and in the PGW (see 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] sections 6.2.2.1 and 6.3.2.1, 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] sections 6.3, 6.5 and 7.4). A Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume can contain zero or more IE(s), depending on the conditions of presence of the IEs specified in table 7.2.7-1. The PGW should not consider a Modify Bearer Request with zero IE as an error.

The Modify Bearer Request message may also be sent in the following cases from the S4-SGSN to the SGW/PGW to report a change of Serving Network, User CSG Information or/and UE Time Zone which occured during a previous RAU procedure without SGSN change but which has not been reported yet to the SGW/PGW, or to indicate to the PGW that the UE is available for signalling if the PDN connection is delay tolerant and if there is pending network initiated PDN connection signalling:

- during a Service Request procedure to establish data radio bearers for the corresponding PDP context for a UE in UTRAN with an existing S4-U tunnel;
- when the SGSN receives an uplink LLC PDU for user data or any valid LLC frame serving as a paging response from a UE in GERAN with an existing S4-U tunnel.

The Modify Bearer Request message may also be sent in the following cases from the S4-SGSN to the SGW/PGW to report a change of User Location Information which occured during a previous RAU procedure without SGSN change but which has not been reported yet to the SGW/PGW, if the S4-SGSN is configured to defer the reporting of ULI change until a RAB/user plane is established:

- during a Service Request procedure to establish data radio bearers for the corresponding PDP context for a UE in UTRAN with an existing S4-U tunnel;
- when the SGSN receives an uplink LLC PDU for user data or any valid LLC frame serving as a paging response for a UE in GERAN with an existing S4-U tunnel.
- NOTE 1: the S4-SGSN can alternatively send a Change Notification Request message in the above cases, if no other information which requires the sending of a Modify Bearer Request, needs to be reported to the PGW.

The Modify Bearer Request message may also be sent by the MME to the SGW/PGW to report a change of Serving Network, User Location Information, User CSG Information, UE Time Zone or/and RAT Type, when user data is transported in NAS signalling, for a UE with an existing S11-U tunnel.

When requesting the PGW to pause or unpause charging for a PDN connection, the SGW shall wait for the PGW acknowledgement (i.e. Modify Bearer Response) before sending a new pause or unpause request.

NOTE 2: this ensures that the PGW always act per the most recent SGW request in particular in scenarios where the SGW would need to request the PGW to pause and unpause charging in a row (or vice-versa) and the Modify Bearer Request messages would arrive out of order at the PGW.

Upon receipt of a request from the PGW/PCRF in a message other than Create Bearer Request and Update Bearer Request to report changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area, the MME/S4-SGSN shall immediately send a Modify Bearer Request message or a Change Notification Request message to report to the PGW whether the UE is inside or outside the Presence Reporting Area.

The MME/S4-SGSN shall also send a Modify Bearer Request message or a Change Notification Request message to report any subsequent change of UE presence in the Presence Reporting Area, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

If the Modify Bearer Request message is sent from the old MME/SGSN as part of Tracking/Routeing Area Update procedure with SGW change and data forwarding as specified in subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], the old MME/SGSN shall only include the Bearer Contexts to be modified IE.

NOTE 3: Since the UE has left the old MME/SGSN, some information related to the UE, e.g. ULI, UE Time Zone, CSG, RAT Type in the old MME/SGSN are not valid any more.

Upon receipt of a Modify Bearer Request message that includes the Presence Reporting Area Information from the MME/S4-SGSN, the SGW shall send a Modify Bearer Request message on the S5/S8 interface if any of the following condition is met:

- ISR is not active;
- ISR is active, and the RAT Type has changed since last reported or the CPRAI flag has been set to 1.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
ME Identity (MEI)	С	If an SGW receives this IE from an MME/SGSN during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, the SGW shall forward it across the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.	MEI	0
User Location Information (ULI)	C	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE for the TAU/RAU/Handover procedures if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting and MME/SGSN support location information change reporting. An MME/SGSN which supports location information change shall include this IE for UE-initiated Service Request and UE initiated Connection Resume procedures if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting and the UE's location info has changed. See NOTE 5, NOTE 17. When ISR is active, the MME/SGSN which supports location information change shall include this IE for UE-	ULI (NOTE 15)	0
		initiated Service Request procedure, if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting. This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change without SGW change procedure, if the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) changes. The MME shall include the ECGI and /or TAI in the ULI, the S4-SGSN shall include either the CGI or SAI or RAI, or CGI/SAI together with RAI in the ULI. See NOTE 10. This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for a handover procedure with SGW change procedure if		
		<ul> <li>the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) changes; or</li> <li>the target MME/S4-SGSN can not derive the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) for the source Gn/Gp SGSN. See NOTE 14.</li> </ul> The MME shall include the ECGI and /or TAI in the ULI,		
	со	<ul> <li>the S4-SGSN shall include either the CGI or SAI or RAI, or CGI/SAI together with RAI in the ULI. See NOTE 10.</li> <li>This IE shall also be included on the S11/S4 interface during the following procedures if the MME/SGSN is configured to defer the reporting of ULI change until an E-RAB/RAB/ user plane is established, the ULI has changed during previous mobility procedures i.e. intra MME/S4-SGSN TAU/RAU, and the change has not been reported to the PGW yet: <ul> <li>UE initiated Service Request, TAU or RAU with a request to establish data radio bearers;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	со	<ul> <li>when the SGSN receives an uplink LLC PDU for user data or any valid LLC frame serving as a paging response for a UE in GERAN with an existing S4-U tunnel.</li> <li>This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for:         <ul> <li>a TAU/Handover procedure with an S4-SGSN interaction, if the MME supports location information change reporting;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>a RAU/Handover procedure with an MME interaction, if the SGSN supports location information change reporting.</li> </ul>		
		The MME shall include the ECGI and TAI in the ULI. The		

Table 7.2.7-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Request

	S4-SGSN shall include the RAI and, if available, the CGI/SAI information, in the ULI.		
	CO When ISR is not active, the SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN.		
	When ISR is active, the SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if		
	<ul> <li>it receives the ULI from MME/S4-SGSN and the RAT Type has changed since last reported; or</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>it receives the ULI from MME/S4-SGSN and the CLII flag has been set to 1.</li> </ul>		
	CO This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface during the following procedures: - TAU/RAU/handover if Serving Network is changed.		
	<ul> <li>TAU/RAU when the UE was ISR activated which is indicated by ISRAU flag.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>UE triggered Service Request when UE is ISR activated.</li> </ul>		
Serving Network	<ul> <li>UE initiated Service Request if ISR is not active, but the Serving Network has changed during previous mobility procedures, i.e. intra MME/S4-SGSN TAU/RAU and the change has not been reported to the PGW yet.</li> </ul>	Serving Network	
	<ul> <li>TAU/RAU procedure as part of the optional network triggered service restoration procedure with ISR, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].</li> </ul>		0
	CO This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface during a TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change if the source MME/SGSN has set the SNCR bit in the Change to Report Flags IE in the Forward Relocation Request or Context Response message.	-	
	CO This IE shall be included on S5/S8 if the SGW receives this IE from MME/SGSN and if ISR is not active. This IE shall be included on S5/S8 if the SGW receives this IE from MME/SGSN and ISR is active and the Modify Bearer Request message needs to be sent to the PGW as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].		
RAT Type	C This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface for a TAU with an SGSN interaction, UE triggered Service Request or an I-RAT Handover. This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface for a RAU with MME interaction, a RAU with an SGSN change, a UE Initiated Service Request or an I-RAT Handover. This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface if the RAT type	RAT Type	0
	changes. CO If SGW receives this IE from MME/SGSN during a TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change procedure, the SGW shall forward it across S5/S8 interface to PGW. See NOTE 10.	-	
	CO The IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface during the following procedures: - an inter MME TAU or inter SGSN RAU when UE was ISR activated which is indicated by ISRAU flag.		
	<ul> <li>TAU/RAU procedure as part of optional network triggered service restoration procedure with ISR, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].</li> </ul>		
	If ISR is active, this IE shall also be included on the S11 interface in the S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during an intra-MME intra-SGW TAU procedure.		
Indication Flags	C This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags	Indication	0

is set to 1.
Applicable flags are: - Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 interface, if the ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN.
<ul> <li>Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces during a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN or a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN procedures</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4 interface, if Direct Tunnel is used.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be set to 1 on S4/S11, S5/S8 interfaces, if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of location change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is established. This flag should be ignored by SGW if no message is sent on S5/S8. See NOTE 4.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be set to 1 on S4/S11, S5/S8, if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of the CSG Information change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is established. This flag shall be ignored by SGW if no message is sent on S5/S8. See NOTE 4.</li> </ul>
- Change F-TEID support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 for an IDLE state UE initiated TAU/RAU procedure to allow the SGW changing the GTP-U F-TEID.
<ul> <li>Propagate BBAI Information Change: The MME/SGSN shall set this flag to 1 on S11/S4 in procedures without MME/SGSN change if the PGW has requested H(e)NB information reporting and the H(e)NB local IP address or UDP port number information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/lu signalling has changed. (NOTE 8) The MME/SGSN shall set this flag to 1 on S11/S4 during TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change procedures if the PGW has requested H(a)NB information supervise.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>H(e)NB information reporting. See 3GPP TS 23.139 [51].</li> <li>CS to PS SRVCC indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 and on S5/S8 during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Change of Location Information Indication (CLII): This flag shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 interface only when the ISR is active for the UE. This flag shall be set to 1 by the MME/S4-SGSN if the ULI IE is included in the Modify Bearer Request message and the location information has changed since last reported by the MME/S4-SGSN. See NOTE 9.</li> </ul>

-	PDN Pause Support Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface during the TAU/RAU/handover with SGW relocation procedures if the new SGW supports the PGW Pause of Charging procedure.	
-	PDN Pause On Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW requests the PGW to pause the charging for the PDN connection as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. (NOTE 13).	
-	PDN Pause Off Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW requests the PGW to unpause the charging for the PDN connection as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. (NOTE 13).	
-	Change of Presence Reporting Area information Indication (CPRAI): this flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface if ISR is active for the UE and if the Presence Reporting Area Information IE is included in the Modify Bearer Request message and the Presence Reporting Area information has changed since last reported by the MME/S4- SGSN. See NOTE 9.	
-	P-CSCF Restoration Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces, for the IMS PDN connection, if the MME/S4-SGSN has received the indication from the HSS that a P- CSCF restoration is required for this user.	
-	UE Available for Signalling Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on S11/S4 by the MME/SGSN during a TAU/RAU or a Service Request procedure for E-UTRAN/UTRAN, or UE initiated Connection Resume procedure for E-UTRAN, or at receipt of an uplink LLC PDU for user data or any valid LLC frame serving as a paging response for GERAN, if the PDN connection is delay tolerant and if there is pending network initiated PDN connection signalling. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the flag from the MME/SGSN.	
-	S11-U Tunnel Flag: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S11 interface if user data is transported in NAS signalling.	
-	Extended PCO Support Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on S11/S4 interface by the MME/SGSN if the UE and the MME/SGSN support ePCO. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 interface by the SGW if the SGW support ePCO and the MME/SGSN has set the flag to 1 over the S11/S4 interface. See NOTE 18.	
_	NBIFOM Support Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on S11/S4 during an inter-PLMN mobility procedure for E-UTRAN/UTRAN if the MME/SGSN supports NBIFOM. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 during an inter- PLMN mobility procedure for E-UTRAN/UTRAN if both the SGW and the MME/SGSN support NBIFOM. See NOTE 19.	
1		

Sender F-TEID for	С	The new MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S11 and	F-TEID	0
Control Plane	C	S4 interfaces for a TAU/RAU/ Handover with an		0
		MME/SGSN change and without any SGW change. See		
		NOTE 10.		
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it finds that its value is the same as the earlier received value of this IE for this		
		UE, it should interpret this to mean that the MME/SGSN		
		has not changed.		
		5		
		The new SGW shall include this IE on the S5 and S8		
		interfaces for a TAU/RAU/Handover with a SGW change.		
		See NOTE 10. If the PGW receives this IE and if it finds that its value is		
		the same as the earlier received value of this IE for this		
		PDN connection, it should interpret this to mean that the		
		SGW has not changed.		
Aggregate Maximum	С	The APN-AMBR shall be sent for TAU/RAU/Handover from	AMBR	0
Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	_	the Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures.	<b>-</b>	
Delay Downlink	С	his IE shall be sent on the S11 interface for a UE triggered	Delay Value	0
Packet Notification Request		Service Request and UE initiated Connection Resume procedures. It shall contain the delay the SGW shall apply		
Request		between receiving downlink data and sending Downlink		
		Data Notification for all UEs served by that MME (see		
		subclause 5.3.4.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).		
	CO	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface for a UE triggered		
		Service Request. It shall contain the delay the SGW shall		
		apply between receiving downlink data and sending Downlink Data Notification for all UEs served by that		
		SGSN (see subclause 5.3.4.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).		
Bearer Contexts to be	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4/S11 interface and S5/S8	Bearer Context	0
modified		interface, except		
		<ul> <li>on the S5/S8 interface for a UE triggered Service</li> </ul>		
		Request and UE initiated Connection Resume		
		procedures. <ul> <li>on the S5/S8 interface for a TAU/RAU/HO without</li> </ul>		
		SGW change procedure. See NOTE 10.		
		- on the S5/S8 interface when requesting the PGW		
		to pause or unpause charging for the PDN		
		connection.		
		- on the S5/S8 interface for any other procedure		
		without SGW change which requires to send a		
		Modify Bearer Request to the PGW, e.g. HSS- based P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access,		
		reporting of UE presence in a Presence Reporting		
		Area, implicit resume of suspended bearers.		
		(see NOTE 6).		
		When Handover Indication flag is set to 1 (i.e., for a		
		Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access		
		to E-UTRAN or a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted		
		Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN procedures), the PGW shall ignore this IE. See NOTE 1.		
		Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be		
		included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers to be		
1		modified.		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified'		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified' IEs, which are then sent on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW (see NOTE 2, see NOTE 10).		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified' IEs, which are then sent on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW (see NOTE 2, see NOTE 10). During an E-UTRAN Initiated E-RAB modification		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified' IEs, which are then sent on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW (see NOTE 2, see NOTE 10). During an E-UTRAN Initiated E-RAB modification procedure the MME shall send a Modify Bearer Request,		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified' IEs, which are then sent on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW (see NOTE 2, see NOTE 10). During an E-UTRAN Initiated E-RAB modification procedure the MME shall send a Modify Bearer Request, including all the bearers (those modified and those not		
		modified. During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified' IEs, which are then sent on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW (see NOTE 2, see NOTE 10). During an E-UTRAN Initiated E-RAB modification procedure the MME shall send a Modify Bearer Request,		

removed		the TAU/RAU/Handover, UE initiated Connection Resume		
		and Service Request procedures where any of the bearers existing before the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, UE		
		initiated Connection Resume and Service Request		
		procedures will be deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, UE initiated Connection		
		Resume and Service Request procedures. See NOTE 3		
		and NOTE 6.		
		For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and		
		instance value, shall be included. See NOTE 11.		
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
UE Time Zone	CO	This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4	UE Time Zone	0
		interfaces if the UE Time Zone has changed in the case of		
		TAU/RAU/Handover or UE initiated Service Request		
		procedure. See NOTE 5.		
	CO	This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface		
		during a TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change if the source MME/SGSN has set the TZCR bit in the		
		Change to Report Flags IE in the Forward Relocation		
		Request or Context Response message.		
		If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW		
		across S5/S8 interface.		
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by MME on S11 and shall be	FQ-CSID	0
		forwarded by SGW on S5/S8 according to the		
	(	requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
SGW-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included by SGW on S5/S8 according to	FQ-CSID	1
User CSG		the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. The MME/SGSN shall include this IE for Handover	UCI	0
Information (UCI)		procedures, UE initiated Connection Resume and UE-	001	0
		initiated Service Request procedure if the PGW/PCRF has		
		requested CSG Info reporting and the MME/SGSN support		
		the CSG information reporting and the User CSG		
		information has changed (i.e. the UE is accessed via a		
		new CSG cell or hybrid cell or leaves a CSG or hybrid cell).		
		In TAU/RAU procedure without SGW change, this IE shall		
		also be sent if the PGW/PCRF has requested CSG info		
		reporting and MME/SGSN supports CSG info reporting		
		and the User CSG information has changed (i.e. the UE is accessed via a new CSG cell or hybrid cell or leaves a		
		CSG or hybrid cell) when UE requested to activate E-RAB		
		for all the active EPS bearers in TAU procedure or to keep		
		the lu connection after the completion of the RAU		
		procedure. See NOTE 5. See NOTE 10. See NOTE 16.		
		The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the		
		User CSG Information from MME/SGSN.		
		See NOTE 15.		
UE Local IP Address		If the UE local IP Address has changed, the ePDG shall	IP Address	1
		include this IE on S2b interface based on local policy for Fixed Broadband access network interworking (see 3GPP		
		TS 23.139 [51]).		
UE UDP Port		The ePDG shall include this IE on S2b interface if NAT is	Port Number	1
		detected and UE Local IP Address is present for Fixed		-
		Broadband access network interworking (see 3GPP TS		
		23.139 [51]).		
MME/S4-SGSN LDN		This IE is optionally sent by the MME to the SGW on the	Local	0
		S11 interface and by the SGSN to the SGW on the S4	Distinguished	
		interface (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating	Name (LDN)	
SGW LDN		the LDN to the peer node for the first time. This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the PGW on the	Local	1
		S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), for inter-	Distinguished	
			Distinguished	1
			Name (LDN)	
		SGW mobity, when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Name (LDN)	
		SGW mobity, when communicating the LDN to the peer	Name (LDN)	0
	со	SGW mobity, when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information	. ,	0
H(e)NB Local IP	со	SGW mobity, when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if	. ,	0

H(e)NB UDP Port	r r CO T t r i i	<ul> <li>(see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]).</li> <li>The SGW shall forward this IE on S5/S8 interface if it is received from the MME/SGSN and <ul> <li>the Modify Bearer Request message needs to be sent to the PGW as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]; or</li> <li>the Propagate BBAI information change flag is received from the MME/SGSN.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(NOTE 7)</li> <li>The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information reporting and the MME/SGSN has received this nformation from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/lu signalling (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]).</li> <li>The SGW shall forward this IE on S5/S8 interface if it is received from the MME/SGSN and <ul> <li>the Modify Bearer Request message needs to be</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Port Number	0
		<ul> <li>The Modify Bearer Request message needs to be sent to the PGW as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]; or</li> <li>the Propagate BBAI information change flag is received from the MME/SGSN.</li> </ul>		
MME/S4-SGSN Identifier		f the PGW triggered SGW restoration procedure is supported, the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface and the SGW shall forward this IE on S5 nterface in the existing signalling as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. If the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4- SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs(see subclause 12.3.11), the MME/S4-SGSN shall nclude this IE on the S11/S4 interface during mobility procedures with MME/S4-SGSN change. If the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and if the currently serving MME/S4-SGSN has provided	IP Address	2
	t	this IE (in this message or in earlier message), the SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface and shall set it to the last received value of the serving MME/S4-SGSN dentity.		
CN Operator Selection Entity	r c t	In shared networks, the SGSN shall include this IE on the S4 interface for the RAU procedure, if the information is available, and if the Serving Network IE is present in the message or if the CN Operator Selection Entity has changed, to indicate whether the Serving Network has been selected by the UE or by the network.	CN Operator Selection Entity	0
Presence Reporting Area Information	CO	<ul> <li>The MME/SGSN shall include this IE:</li> <li>if the PGW/PCRF has just requested to start reporting changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area and the MME/SGSN supports such reporting. The MME/SGSN shall then indicate whether the UE is inside or outside the Presence Reporting Area.</li> </ul>	Presence Reporting Area Information	0
	P C	<ul> <li>The MME/SGSN shall also include this IE in the following procedures, if the PGW/PCRF requested to report changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area and the MME/SGSN supports such reporting:</li> <li>TAU/RAU/Handover procedures without SGW change and with MME/SGSN change. The MME/SGSN shall then indicate whether the UE is inside or outside the Presence Reporting Area.</li> </ul>		
		- TAU/RAU/Handover/Cell Update procedures		

without MME/SGSN change, UE initiated Connection Resume and UE-initiated Service Request procedure if the UE enters or leaves the Presence Reporting Area. See NOTE 5, NOTE 10. - UE initiated Service Request, if ISR is active;		
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procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.						
Information from MME/SGSN.           When ISR is active, the SGW shall include this IE on SS/SB If it receives the Presence Reporting Area Information from MME/S4-SGSN and - the CRAT Type has charged since last reported; or - the CRAT ligh has been set to 1.           MME/S4-SGSN's Cverticad Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see charges 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           COI If the SGW receives this IE and If it supports the two eventoad control leature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the SS/S8 interface.         Overload Control Information           SGW's Overload Control Information         O During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the SS/S linetface if the overload control leature is supported by the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, represent, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload control leature is supported by the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the SS/S linetface if the overload control leature is supported by the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           Serving PLMN Rate Control         O         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mohily procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control i			со			
S5:S8 if it receives the Presence Reporting Area Information from MME/S4-SGSN and - the RAT Type has changed since last reported; or - the CPRAI flag has been set to 1.         Ouring an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           WME/S4-SGSN Overload Control Information         O During an overload condition, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           GO         O Uning an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the SS/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLNN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           GO         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the SS/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           EPDG's Overload Control Information         O During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         During an overload condition, the ePDG the S111 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control						
S5:S8 if it receives the Presence Reporting Area Information from MME/S4-SGSN and - the RAT Type has changed since last reported; or - the CPRAI flag has been set to 1.         Ouring an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           WME/S4-SGSN Overload Control Information         O During an overload condition, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           GO         O Uning an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the SS/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLNN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           GO         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the SS/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           EPDG's Overload Control Information         O During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         During an overload condition, the ePDG the S111 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control						
Information from MME/34-SGSN and						
- the CPRAI flag has been set to 1.     O     During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).     When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.     Co If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature is SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature is SGW interface if the overload control leature is poperted by the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.     Ourring an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the SSS interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing is overload information.     Ouerload Control information     When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing is overload information.     Ouerload Control information     When present, the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.     Ouerload Control information     When present, the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.     Serving PLMN Rate     Co The MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate cortrol is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.     The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts to be modified IE (s) in the Modify Bearer Request message.     Private Extension 0 O						
O         During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         Overload Control Control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         Overload Control Control feature, is shall forward in to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         Overload Control Control feature, is shall forward in to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         Overload Control Control feature, is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         1           SGW's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         1           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         VS           Private Extension         O         O         During an inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed. <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- the RAT Type has changed since last reported, of</td> <td></td> <td></td>				- the RAT Type has changed since last reported, of		
MME/S4-SGSNs         include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload information         Overload Control           Information         Control Fature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control         Information         0           Control feature is thail forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8         Control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8         0         0           SGW's Overload         Control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8         0         0           SGW's Overload         Control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8         0         0           SGW's Overload         Control active the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         0         0         0           When present, the PGD G and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         0         0         0           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         Control Hot Estimic activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belong and information.         0         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         Co         Control active the the PGW and is configured, and if the control is configured, and if th				- the CPRAI flag has been set to 1.		
MME/S4-SGSNs Overload Control Information         Control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         Information         Information         Information         Information           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2's interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         Overload Control Information         Information         Information         Information			0			
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information         activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         0           CO If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control leature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the SSSB         Overload Control Information         0           SGW's Overload Control Information         0         During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the SS/SB interface.         0         Overload Control Information         0           SGW's Overload Control Information         0         During an overload condition, the PGM and into activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         0           ePDG's Overload Control Information         0         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         0         Overload Control Information           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The target MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface during an inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate control         0           The SGW shall include this IE on SS/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts nodified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall allocate the S/S4U SGW F-TED for those bear						
MME/S4-SGSNs Overload Control Information         clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         Overload Control Information <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
Overload Control Information         When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         O         O           CO If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the SS/S8         O         O           SGW's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the SS/S8 interface.         O         Overload Control Information         O           SGW's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePG may include this IE over the SS/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         I           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O buring an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO The MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         The sequest message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         The SGW shall include this IE	MME/S	1-SGSN's				
Information         When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one interface.         Information           CO         If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the SS/S8 interface it the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           SGW's Overload Control Information         O During an overload condition, the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the SS/S bit interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           When present, the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         0           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO The MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         The starget MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         The starget MME shall also include the						0
CO If the SGW receives this IE and if th supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         Image: Control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         Image: Control feature is supported by the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         Image: Control Feature is supported by the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         1           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S25 binetrace if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         The serving Request message.         Private Extension VS         VS           NOTE1:         The description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 53.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change' and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change' and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change' and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during				When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one	Information	Ŭ
Control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8           SGW's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         1           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         C         O         The MME shall actor the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control         0           The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the ald MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE2:         Acc				instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
SGW's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/58 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         Information           O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The target MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN         Nate Configured value is different from the one form the old MME.         0           Private Extension         O         The target MME shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement, is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Reques			СО			
O         During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information           Serving PLMN Rate CO The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e, g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tacking Area Update procedure with a SGW change, if the SGW receives Bearer Context to be removed IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/S intefface to the PGW.           NOTE2:						
SGW's Overload Control Information         over the SS/SB interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         1           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this is Upported by the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Overload Control Information         2           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS      <			0			
SGW's Overload Control Information         supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         1           ePDG's Overload Control Information         0         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control         0         Rate Control Information         0         0           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.11" Traking Area Update procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Contexts to be removed 'US, the SGW shall allocate the S6//				5		
Solution         Overfload         Overfload         Information         1           Control Information         which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Information         1           When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         0         Overload         0           ePDG's Overload         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control         0           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE (s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE (s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bear		<b>•</b> • •				
When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         O           ePDG's Overload Control Information         O         During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this is upported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate Control         Serving PLMN Rate Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Overload Control Information         0           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         The sGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 (3) e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.406 (35), during a TAU/RAU/Hando						1
Itilis IE, representing its overload information.         Itilis IE, representing its overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate         Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Overload Control         0           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         0           The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE2:         The SGW shall, is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the Procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include also these bearers in the "Bearer contexts to be modified'IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface t	Control I	niormation			Information	
ePDG's Overload Control Information       O       During an overload condition, the ePDG may include this IE over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).       Overload Control Information       2         Serving PLMN Rate Control       CO       The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       Serving PLMN Rate Control       Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       0         Serving PLMN Rate       CO       The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.       Private Extension       VS         Private Extension       O       Private Extension I       VS         NOTE1:       This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       Private Extension I       VS         NOTE2:       According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change, if the SGW receives Bearer Context to be removed IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers will be						
ePDG's Overload Control Information       II E over the S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).       Overload Control Information       2         Serving PLMN Rate Control       CO       The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       Serving PLMN Rate Control       Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       0         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.       Private Extension       VS         NOTE1:       The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.       Private Extension       VS         NOTE1:       This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       Private Extension       VS         NOTE2:       According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8.0 SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.         NOTE3:       The 'Bearer Contexts to be remov			_	this IE, representing its overload information.		
ePDG's Overload Control Information         supported by the ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).         Overload Control Information         2           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control         Serving PLMN Rate Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           Private Extension         O         O         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         VS           NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/8 interface to the PGW.           NOTE3:         The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MM			0			
Control Information       which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).       Ownindat Control       2         Serving PLMN Rate       CO       The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       Serving PLMN Rate       CO       Rate Control       0         Serving PLMN Rate       CO       The MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the Configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.       Private Extension       O         Private Extension       O       Private Extension       VS         NOTE1:       This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       Private Extension       VS         NOTE1:       This requirement is output of the SGW receives 'Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       NOTE: According to the description in 3GPP T5 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer Contexts to be modified IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.         NOTE3:       The Bear		<b>.</b>				
Control monimation         Understand           When present, the ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.         Information           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control         0 Rate Control           The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change, if the SGW receives Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.           NOTE3:         The Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Resume and a Service Re						2
of this IE, representing its overload information.           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO           Serving PLMN Rate Control         CO           The target MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.         Serving PLMN Rate Control           The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension           Private Extension         O         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the SS/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.           NOTE3:         The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Re	Control I	nformation			Information	
Serving PLMN Rate Control       CO       The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface if the Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       Rate Control       Rate Control         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.       The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.       Private Extension       VS         Private Extension       O       Private Extension IS is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change, if the SGW receives Bearer Context to be removed IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the Bearer contexts to be modified IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.         NOTE3:       The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE, signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Resume and a Service Request procedure.         NOTE4:       3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5						
Čontrol       Serving PLMN Rate is changed.       Rate Čontrol         The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11       Interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.       The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.       Private Extension       V         NOTE1:       This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       Private Extension       VS         NOTE2:       According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.         NOTE3:       The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure(with an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change Auge), and Aldover procedure (with an SGW change Auge), a Handover proce	Convina		<u> </u>		Soming DI MN	0
The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11 interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.       Private Extension       VS         NOTE1:       This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         NOTE2:       According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.         NOTE3:       The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Resume and a Service Request procedure.         NOTE 4:       3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send t			00			0
interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure if the Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.       Interface during an Inter-MME mobility procedure, if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         Private Extension       O       Private Extension       VS         NOTE1:       This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       VS         NOTE2:       According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.         NOTE3:       The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Resume and a Service Request procedure.         NOTE 4:       3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall us				ocrving i Livit i Rate is ondriged.		
Serving PLMN Rate control is configured, and if the configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.           The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         VS           NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.           NOTE3:         The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Resume and a Service Request procedure.           NOTE 4:         3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SG				The target MME shall also include this IE on the S11		
configured value is different from the one received from the old MME.         The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.         Private Extension         VS           NOTE1:         This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.         NOTE2:           NOTE2:         According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change" if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.           NOTE3:         The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Resume and a Service Request procedure.           NOTE 4:         3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication tot t						
old MME.       The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives this IE from MME via the Create Session Request or the Modify Bearer Request message.       Private Extension       VS         Private Extension       O       Private Extension       VS         NOTE1:       This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.       NOTE2:         NOTE2:       According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with Serving GW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.         NOTE3:       The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover), an UE initiated Connection Resume and a Service Request procedure.         NOTE 4:       3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use th						
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	Departing Connect Indication
	Reporting Support Indication.
NOTE 5:	In TAU/RAU procedure, if the UE requested to activate E-RAB for all the active EPS bearers in TAU
	procedure or to keep the lu connection after the completion of the RAU procedure, the User Location
	Info/User CSG Information/UE Time Zone/Presence Reporting Area Information shall not be sent in
	S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during the TAU procedure when the "active flag" is set (see
	3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]) or in the Service Request procedure after the
	completion of the RAU procedure.
NOTE 6:	3GPP TS 23.401 [3] specifies that the target MME/SGSN shall send the Modify Bearer Request
	message to the SGW in the S1 based handover/ Inter RAT handover for an unaccepted PDN
	Connection when at least one PDN Connection of the UE was accepted by the RAN. In this case, the
	target MME shall indicate the reserved IP address to the SGW in the S1 eNodeB F-TEID and the
	target SGSN shall indicate the reserved IP address to the SGW in the S12 RNC F-TEID for all the
	non GBR bearers of the unaccepted PDN Connection in the Bearer Contexts to be modified IE. An
	implementation may provide the mentioned reserved IP address e.g. from one of the reserved IP
	address ranges (see RFC5735 or http://www.iana.net/assignments/ipv4-address-space/ipv4-
	address-space.xml), or the IP address may be provisioned by a configuration. The target
	MME/SGSN shall indicate all the GBR bearers of the unaccepted PDN connection in the Bearer
	Contexts to be removed IE.
NOTE 7:	This IE is sent on S11/S4 in the specified conditions regardless of whether the H(e)NB local IP
_	address and UDP port number information has changed or not to enable the SGW to propagate this
	IE in Modify Bearer Request over S5/S8 when required for reasons other than reporting a change in
	the H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information.
NOTE 8:	H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information changes when the UE moves from an
	(e)NB to an H(e)NB, or from one H(e)NB to another H(e)NB with a change in the fixed network
	backhaul, or from one H(e)NB to a (e)NB.
	The SGW shall send a Modify Bearer Request on S5/S8 if any of the following condition is met:
	a) the Propagate BBAI Information Change flag is received from the MME/SGSN;
	b) ISR is active and the RAT type has changed.
NOTE 9:	When ISR is active, the CLII and CPRAI flags allow the SGW to avoid sending Modify Bearer
	Request message over S5/S8 interface during UE-initiated Service Request procedure, when the ULI
	IE and/or the Presence Reporting Area Information IE is included over S11/S4 Modify Bearer
	Request message but the location information and/or the Presence Reporting Area information and
	the RAT Type has not changed since last reported by the SGW.
NOTE 10:	The RAU/TAU/Handover procedure which requires an SGW selection for the first time, e.g. a Gn/Gp
	SGSN to an S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU/Handover procedure, shall be handled in a similar manner to
	the RAU/TAU/Handover with an SGW change procedure.
NOTE 11:	The Bearer Context to be modified IE and Bearer Context to be removed IE, together, shall contain
	all the bearers belonging to the given PDN connection with each bearer appearing in only one of
	these IEs. See subclause 14 for the cases when a Bearer Context mismatch is detected.
NOTE 12	The conditions of presence of the IEs in the Modify Bearer Request for the MME and S4-SGSN
NOTE 12.	
	triggered Serving GW relocation (see subclause 5.10.4 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and subclause 9.2.2.4
	of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35]) are identical to those specified respectively for X2 handover with SGW
	relocation and for Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation.
NOTE 13:	: If this flag is set in the message, the PGW shall not interpret the absence of other IEs (e.g. MME-FQ-
	CSID, H(e)NB Local IP Address) as bearing any significance. The message may contain either the
	PDN Pause On Indication or the PDN Pause Off Indication, not both.
NOTE 14	During the TAU/RAU/Handover from Gn/Gp SGSN, the target MME/S4-SGSN can not derive the
	level of support for User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting at
	the source Gn/Gp SGSN.
NOTE 15	
11012 15	In shared networks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLMN, the PLMN ID that is
	communicated in this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator for supporting UEs, or
	that of the allocated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an exception, based on
	inter-operator roaming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is a supporting or
	non-supporting UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HPLMN for non-supporting
	UEs shall be the Common PLMN ID.
	In shared networks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same PLMN, the Primary
	PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be
	communicated in SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporting UEs. The Core
	Network Operator PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for
	non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network.
	See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].
INOTE 16:	If the UE initiates a TAU or RAU procedure back to the old MME/old S4 SGSN before completing the
	ongoing TAU or RAU procedure and the UE is not accessed via a CSG cell or hybrid cell, the old
	MME/old S4-SGSN shall treat this case as the UE leaves a CSG or hybrid cell.
NOTE 17:	The MME/S4-SGSN may be configured to defer the reporting of ULI change until an E-RAB, RAB or
	user plane is established. In that case, the MME/S4-SGSN shall not send a Modify Bearer Request,
1	unless this is required for other reasons, during TAU/RAU without MME/SGSN change or Service

Request (for UTRAN) procedures not requesting to activate data radio bearer(s). For GERAN, the

SGSN shall defer the reporting of ULI changes, if so configured in the SGSN, until receipt of an uplink LLC PDU for user data or any valid LLC frame serving as a paging response. The MME/S4-SGSN shall report ULI changes as soon as detected if it is not configured to defer the reporting of ULI changes until an E-RAB, RAB or user plane is established, or if an E-RAB, RAB or user plane is established.

- NOTE 18: During an Inter-MME/SGSN and Intra-SGW mobility procedure, if the SGW detects that the support of ePCO has changed, e.g. when the source MME supports ePCO while the target MME does not support it, the SGW shall trigger a Modify Bearer Request without setting the EPCOSI flag if the Modify Bearer Request message is not sent due to other reasons. The PGW shall interpret that ePCO is not supported for this PDN Connection.
- NOTE 19: The MME/SGSN or SGW reporting this indication to the PGW during an inter-PLMN procedure does not trigger any extra signalling.

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3					
Octets 4	-	Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.	
EPS Bearer ID	М	See NOTE 1, NOTE 2	EBI	0	
S1 eNodeB F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U is	F-TEID	0	
		being used:			
		<ul> <li>for an E-UTRAN initial attach;</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>for a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non- 3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN;</li> </ul>			
		- for an UE triggered Service Request;			
		- for an UE initiated Connection Resume procedure;			
		<ul> <li>in all S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during a TAU procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]) /handover cases;</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>in all procedures where the UE is already in ECM- CONNECTED state, e.g. E-UTRAN Initiated E- RAB modification procedure, possibly HSS-based P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access. See NOTE 4;</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>in the Establishment of S1-U bearer during Data Transport in Control Plane CloT EPS optimisation procedure.</li> </ul>			
		If an MME is aware that the eNodeB supports both IP address types, the MME shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the eNodeB does not support the other IP address type. See NOTE 2, NOTE 5, NOTE 6.			
S5/8-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces for a Handover or a TAU/RAU with a SGW change.	F-TEID	1	
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	If available, this IE shall be included if the message is sent on the S4 interface if S12 interface is being used. If an S4- SGSN is aware that the RNC supports both IP address types, the S4-SGSN shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the RNC does not support the other IP address type. See NOTE 2, NOTE 6.	F-TEID	2	
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	If available, this IE shall be included if the message is sent on the S4 interface, if S4-U is being used. If an S4-SGSN supports both IP address types, the S4-SGSN shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the S4-SGSN does not support the other IP address type. See , NOTE 6	F-TEID	3	
S11-U MME F-TEID	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if S11-U is being used, i.e. for the following procedures:         <ul> <li>Mobile Originated Data transport in Control Plane CloT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity</li> <li>Mobile Terminated Data Transport in Control Plane CloT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	F-TEID	4	
		<ul> <li>in all procedures where the S11-U tunnel is already established, e.g. when reporting a change of User Location Information.</li> </ul>			
		This IE may also be sent on the S11 interface, if S11-U is			

Table 7.2.7-2: Bearer Context to be modified within Modify Bearer Request

	being used, during a E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update
	without SGW Change, if the MME needs to establish the S11-U tunnel.
NOTE 1:	If only EPS Bearer ID IE is included in the Bearer Context to be modified IE during the TAU/RAU
	without SGW change procedure, the SGW shall remove the stored SGSN/RNC/eNodeB/MME userplane F-TEID locally.
NOTE 2:	When Direct Tunnel is used in 3G, e.g. during a Service Request procedure if the UE requests to establish a partial set of radio access bearers and if the SGSN accepts it, or during an SRNS relocation procedure with some bearer contexts being preserved, the SGSN shall provide EBI(s) without S12 RNC F-TEID(s) for these bearer context(s) without corresponding radio access bearer(s) being established. The SGW shall be able to handle these bearer context(s). However, in earlier releases this behaviour may not be supported by the SGW and hence for such SGW, the SGSN shall provide EBI together with S12 RNC F-TEID for each of the bearer context(s) in the Bearer Context to be modified IE.
NOTE 3:	It is not possible to establish or release a partial set of radio access bearers in E-UTRAN. The MME shall provide in the Bearer Contexts to be modified IE, for a UE entering or being in CONNECTED state, the EBI together with the S1 eNodeB F-TEID for all the bearers of the PDN connection affected by the Modify Bearer Request other than those possibly indicated in the Bearer Context to be removed IE.
NOTE 4:	When the PCO-based extension of the HSS based P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access is supported as specified in subclause 5.4.3 of 3GPP TS 23.380 [61], the MME shall store the S1 eNodeB F-TEID(s) of the IMS PDN connection for UEs with an IMS PDN connection in ECM-CONNECTED state, so that the MME can include all the S1 eNodeB F-TEID(s) of the IMS PDN connection for such a UE in ECM-CONNECTED state in the Modify Bearer Request message.
NOTE 5:	When the PCO-based extension of the HSS based P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access is supported as specified in subclause 5.4.3 of 3GPP TS 23.380 [61], the S4-SGSN shall store the S12 RNC F-TEID(s) (if Direct Tunneling is used) for all the bearers of the IMS PDN connection with corresponding radio access bearers established, for UEs with an IMS PDN connection in PMM-CONNECTED state, so that the S4-SGSN can include all the S4-U SGSN F-TEID(s) (if Direct Tunneling is not used) or S12 RNC F-TEID(s) (if Direct Tunneling is used) for all the bearers of the IMS PDN connection with corresponding radio access bearers established, for UEs with an IMS PDN connection in PMM-CONNECTED state, so that the S4-SGSN can include all the S4-U SGSN F-TEID(s) (if Direct Tunneling is not used) or S12 RNC F-TEID(s) (if Direct Tunneling is used) for all the bearers of the IMS PDN connection with corresponding radio access bearers established, for such a UE in PMM-CONNECTED state in the Modify Bearer Request message.
NOTE 6:	During a TAU/RAU with SGW change procedure and data forwarding of DL data buffered in the old SGW (see subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]), the old MME/SGSN shall provide the old SGW with the Forwarding F-TEID received in the Context Acknowledge message (or in the SGSN Context Acknowledge message when a Gn/Gp SGSN is involved) and encode it as either an eNB F-TEID (for an old MME), or an S12 RNC F-TEID or S4-U SGSN F-TEID (for an old SGSN), regardless the interface type set in the F-TEID received from the new MME/SGSN. This is to make the downlink data forwarding appear as a regular downlink data transmission for the old SGW, i.e. like a Service Request procedure.

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0

### Table 7.2.7-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Modify Bearer Request

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.	
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0	
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0	
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0	

Table 7.2.7-4: Overload Control Information within Modify Bearer Request

## 7.2.8 Modify Bearer Response

The Modify Bearer Response message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interfaces by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN, on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW and on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of the procedures listed for the Modify Bearer Request (see subclause 7.2.7).

If handling of default bearer fails, then Cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".
- "Service not supported".

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
MSISDN	С	This IE shall be included on S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW if it is stored in its UE context and if this message is	MSISDN	0
	~	triggered due to TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation.	501	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE shall be sent on S5/S8 when the UE moves from a Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN or MME to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection.	EBI	0
		This IE shall also be sent by SGW on S11, S4 during Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME HO procedures to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection.		
APN Restriction	С	This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. This IE shall be included over S5/S8 interfaces, and shall be forwarded over S11/S4 interfaces during	APN Restriction	0
		Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN handover procedures. This IE shall also be included on S5/S8 interfaces during the Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedures. The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN		
		Restriction using the APN Restriction.		
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		If SGW receives this IE from PGW on GTP or PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW shall forward PCO to MME/S4-SGSN during Inter RAT handover from the UTRAN or from the GERAN to the E-UTRAN. See NOTE 2.	PCO	0
Bearer Contexts modified	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be modified that were sent in Modify Bearer Request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of	Bearer Context	0
		the Bearers which are modified.		
Bearer Contexts marked for removal	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed sent in the Modify Bearer Request message. Shall be included if request message contained Bearer	Bearer Context	1
		Contexts to be removed. For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.		
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action		This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field if the location CSG Info change reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.		0
H(e)NB Information Reporting	СО	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME.	H(e)NB Information Reporting	0
Charging Gateway Name	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface during SGW relocation and when the UE moves from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME. See NOTE 1.	FQDN	0
Charging Gateway Address	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface during SGW relocation and when the UE moves from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME. See NOTE 1.	IP Address	0
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by PGW on S5/S8and shall be forwarded by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0

Table 7.2.8-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Response

	-	time. This IF is antisenally seat by the DOW to the COW on the	1 1	
PGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the PGW to the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name	1
Indication Flags	СО	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Static IPv4 Address Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface in the TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change procedure if the PDP/PDN IPv4 address is static as specified in 3GPP TS 32.251 [8]. See NOTE 3.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(LDN)Name Indication	0
		<ul> <li>Static IPv6 Address Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface in the TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change procedure if the PDP/PDN IPv6 address is static as specified in 3GPP TS 32.251</li> <li>[8]. See NOTE 3.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>PDN Pause Support Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface during the TAU/RAU/handover with SGW relocation procedures if the PGW supports the PGW Pause of Charging procedure.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>PDN Pause Enable Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface during the TAU/RAU/handover with SGW relocation procedures if the PGW enables the new SGW to use the PGW Pause of Charging procedure for this PDN connection.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Delay Tolerant Connection Indication: the flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface during a SGW relocation procedure and when the UE moves from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME if the PDN connection is "Delay Tolerant" (see subclause 8.12). See NOTE 9.</li> </ul>		
Presence Reporting Area Action	СО	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11/S4 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if reporting changes of UE presence in a Presence Routing Area is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the MME/SGSN.	Presence Reporting Area Action	0
PGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing its node level load information, if the load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network,	Load Control Information	0

	r			
		ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access network, belongs (see		
	со	clause 12.2.6). If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
PGW's APN level Load Control Information	0	the S11/S4 interface. The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing APN level load information, if the APN level load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6).	Load Control Information	1
	со	When present, the PGW shall provide one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the load information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 5, NOTE 7. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports APN level	-	
		load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4- SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6).	Load Control Information	2
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its node level load information.		
PGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2b interface, if the overload control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4- SGSN for 3GPP access based network, ePDG for non- 3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	0
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the overload information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 6, NOTE 8.		
	со	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of	Overload Control Information	1
		this IE, representing its overload information.		
PDN Connection Charging ID		The PGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface during a TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation procedure, if a PDN connection Charging ID has been allocated during the initial Attach or Initial PDN connection establishment procedure.	Charging ID	0
Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)		If the SGW receives this IE from the PGW on GTP based S5/S8, the SGW shall forward ePCO to the MME/S4- SGSN during Inter RAT handover from UTRAN or from GERAN to the E-UTRAN. See NOTE 2.	ePCO	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
time. When NOTE 2: If MME rece NOTE 3: Static IPv4/	both eives IPv6	Sateway Name and Charging Gateway Address shall not be a are available, the operator configures a preferred value. the IE, but no NAS message is sent, MME discards the IE. Address Flag is used by SGW to provide dynamic IPv4/v6 a GPP TS 32.251 [8].		

NOTE 4:	The conditions of presence of the IEs in the Modify Bearer Response for the MME and S4-SGSN
	triggered Serving GW relocation (see subclause 5.10.4 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and subclause 9.2.2.4
	of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35]) are identical to those specified respectively for X2 handover with SGW
	relocation and for Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation.
NOTE 5:	The receiver, not supporting the APN level load control feature, shall ignore all the occurrence(s) of
	this IE, i.e. "Load Control Information" IE with instance number "1". The receiver, supporting the APN
	level load control feature and supporting the APN level load information for the maximum of 10
	APNs, shall handle the APN level load information for the first 10 APNs and ignore any more APN
	level load information.
NOTE 6:	The receiver, supporting the APN level overload information for the maximum of 10 APNs, shall
	handle the APN level overload information for the first 10 APNs and ignore any more APN level
	overload information.
NOTE 7:	The APN level load information, provided within and across different instances of the "PGW's APN
	level Load Control Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.
NOTE 8:	The APN level overload information, provided within and across different instances of the "PGW's
	Overload Control Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.

NOTE 9: The SGW may use the DTCI during a Network Triggered Service Restoration procedure as specified in the subclause 25.2.1 of 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields	15 T	
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause	M	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful,	Cause	0
Cause	IVI	and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be used on the S11 interface, if the S1	F-TEID	0
	Ŭ	interface is used, i.e. if the S11-U Tunnel flag was not set	1 1212	Ŭ
		in the Modify Bearer Request. If the 'Change F-TEID		
		support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer		
		Request and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the		
		SGW shall include the new GTP-U F-TEID value.		
		Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated		
		GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1		
S12 SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12	F-TEID	1
		interface is being used. If the 'Change F-TEID support		
		Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer Request		
		and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the SGW shall		
		include the new GTP-U F-TEID value. Otherwise, the SGW		
		shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1		
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be present if used on the S4 interface if the	F-TEID	2
		S4-U interface is being used. If the 'Change F-TEID		2
		support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer		
		Request and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the		
		SGW shall include the new GTP-U F-TEID value.		
		Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated		
		GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1		
	С	This IE shall be present on the S5/S8 interface if this		
		message is triggered due to one of the following		
		procedures:		
		- TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation		
		- TAU/RAU/HO from Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-		
		SGSN		
Charging ID		3631	Charging ID	0
onarging ib	0	If S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be sent on the S4	onarging ib	Ũ
		interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at the		
		SGSN, for the following procedures:		
		<ul> <li>inter-SGSN RAU/Handover/SRNS Relocation</li> </ul>		
		without SGW change.		
		<ul> <li>inter-SGSN Handover/SRNS Relocation with SGW</li> </ul>		
ī	00	change.	- i	
Bearer Flags	CO	Applicable flags are:	Bearer Flags	0
		<ul> <li>PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): This flag shall be sent on the S5/S8 and the S4 interfaces at</li> </ul>		
		Stall be sent on the S5/S6 and the S4 interfaces at S4-SGSN relocation.		
S11-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be present on the S11 interface if S11-U is	F-TEID	3
	Ŭ	being used, i.e. if the S11-U Tunnel flag was set in the		5
		Modify Bearer Request. If the 'Change F-TEID support		
		Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer Request		
		and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the SGW shall		
		include the new GTP-U F-TEID value. Otherwise, the SGW		
		shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value.		
		use the same F-TEID IP address and TEID values for S1-U,		
		GW shall not change its F-TEID for a given interface during		
		RAN Initial Attach, Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-		) E-
		quested PDN connectivity, PDP Context Activation, Handove		
		3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN and E-UTRAN Initiated	E-RAB modification	n
procedures		word Convice Dequest the terret all d-D/DNO/0001	In a different ID (	(D.C.
		er and Service Request the target eNodeB/RNC/SGSN may u		
		ed by the source eNodeB/RNC/SGSN. In order to support su contain both an IPv4 address and an IPv6 address (see also		
TEID Sho	ulu (	ontain point an if v4 audiess and an iPvo address (see also	SUDUAUSE 0.22 F	-

Table 7.2.8-2: Bearer Context modified within Modify Bearer Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0		
Cause		This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0		

#### Table 7.2.8-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within Modify Bearer Response

### Table 7.2.8-4: Load Control Information within Modify Bearer Response

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3	Length = n				
Octet 4	Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.	
Load Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0	
Load Metric	М	See clauses 12.2.5.1.2.2 and 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0	
List of APN and Relative Capacity	CO	The IE shall (only) be present in the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level load, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) & its respective "Relative Capacity" (sharing the same "Load Metric"). See clause 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter. See NOTE 1.	APN and Relative Capacity	0	
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of "APN and Relative Capacity" IE are received within one instance of the Load Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Load Control Information IE instance.					

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Overload Control Sequence Number	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0
Overload Reduction Metric	Μ	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0
List of Access Point Name (APN)	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction Metric" and "Period of Validity"). See NOTE 1.	APN	0
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the Overload Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Overload Control Information IE instance.				

 Table 7.2.8-5: Overload Control Information within Modify Bearer Response

### 7.2.9 Delete Session Request and Delete Bearer Request

#### 7.2.9.1 Delete Session Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW, from SGW to PGW and from TWAN/ePDG to PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

A Delete Session Request message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW for a UE having at least one PDN connection through the SGW and PGW, as part of the procedures:

- EUTRAN Initial Attach
- UE, HSS or MME Initiated Detach
- UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of

- MS, HLR or SGSN initiated detach procedure
- Combined GPRS/IMSI Attach
- MS and SGSN Initiated PDN connection Deactivation Procedure using S4

On the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update with SGW Change
- S1 Based Handover with SGW Change
- X2 Based Handover with SGW Relocation
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

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- Inter RAT handover cancel with SGW change
- MME to 3G Gn/Gp SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- MME to SGSN Routing Area Update
- E-UTRAN to Gn/Gp SGSN Inter RAT handover
- S1 Based handover cancel with SGW change
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access
- MME triggered Serving GW relocation

And on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation using S4
- Routing Area Update with SGW change
- SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update with SGW change
- SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure Using S4
- Inter RAT with SGW change handover cancel
- Serving RNS relocation with SGW change
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Routeing Area Update
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Serving RNS Relocation Procedures
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN PS handover Procedures
- S4-SGSN triggered Serving GW relocation

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of procedures:

- UE/ePDG Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b
- UE Requested PDN Disconnection with GTP on S2b
- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the TWAN to the PGW as part of procedures:

- UE/TWAN Initiated Detach and UE/TWAN Requested PDN Disconnection in WLAN on GTP S2a
- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach in WLAN on GTP S2a

This message may also be sent on S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW:

- If Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge message with Context not found cause value is received.

During the detach procedure, if ISR is active and SGW receives a Delete Session Request, the SGW shall deactivate the ISR.

NOTE: The SGW can determine if it is a detach procedure based on e.g. it receives a Delete Session Request message for the last PDN Connection.

When ISR is active, during the Detach procedure the SGW shall forward the Delete Session Request message to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface after receiving both of the messages sent from the MME and the SGSN for the same PDN Connection.

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If there are any procedure collisions, the Delete Session Request shall have precedence over any other Tunnel Management message.

During the handover procedure the Delete Session Request message shall not release the indirect data forwarding tunnels.

Possible Cause values are:

- "ISR deactivation ".
- "Network Failure".
- "QoS parameter mismatch".

Table 7.2.9.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause		If ISR is being de-activated, the Cause IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface with the value "ISR deactivation", which indicates that the SGW shall delete the bearer resources by sending Delete Bearer Request to the MME/SGSN on which ISR was activated with the same Cause value "ISR deactivation". See NOTE 3 The MME/SGSN shall include this IE if the message is sent due to a network failure as specified in subclause 15.7 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] and subclause 5.18 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. It indicates to the PGW the reason of the	Cause	0
		failure. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the		
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	С	Cause from the MME/SGSN. This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected unless in the handover/TAU/RAU with SGW relocation procedures.	EBI	0
User Location Information (ULI)	С	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface for the Detach procedure. The MME shall include ECGI, SGSN shall include CGI/SAI. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN. See NOTE 4. The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface for the UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection procedure/MS and SGSN Initiated PDN connection Deactivation Procedure using S4. The MME shall include ECGI, SGSN shall include CGI/SAI. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from the MME/SGSN.	ULI (NOTE 7)	0
Indication Flags	C	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags: <ul> <li>Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 over S4/S11 interface, if the SGW needs to forward the Delete Session Request message to the PGW. This flag shall not be set if the ISR associated GTP entity sends this message to the SGW in the Detach procedure. This flag shall also not be set to 1 in the SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4 (6.9.2.2.4a in 3GPP TS 23.060 [4]), Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change TAU with Serving GW change, Gn/Gb based RAU (see 5.5.2.5, 5.3.3.1, D.3.5 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], respectively), S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change.</li> <li>This flag shall also not be set to 1 for, e.g., X2 based handover procedure with SGW change (see subclause 5.5.1.1.3 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]), or S1 based handover procedure with SGW change (see subclause 5.5.1.2.2 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]). See NOTE 1.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Scope Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface, if the request corresponds to TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change, Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change, S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change, S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change. See NOTE 1.</li> </ul>	Indication	0

 Table 7.2.9.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete Session Request

<ul> <li>Release Over Any Access Indication (ROAAI): This flag shall be set to 1 over the S4/S11 interface when an NB-IFOM capable MME/SGSN wishes to request release of the PDN connection over any applicable access, e.g.:</li> <li>during a basic P-CSCF restoration procedure; or</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>when the MME/SGSN wishes that the PDN connection be reestablished via another PGW for SIPTO.</li> <li>See NOTE 9.</li> </ul>	

Desta a sl		If the LIE is chosen the DOO IE, there the MME/OOONLabell	DOO	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		If the UE includes the PCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE. If SGW receives the PCO IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW.	PCO	0
	со	For the multi-connection mode, if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.		
Originating Node	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ISR is active in MME/SGSN to denote the type of the node originating the message. The SGW shall release the corresponding Originating Node related EPS Bearer contexts information in the PDN Connection identified by the LBI.	Node Type	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane		This IE may be included on the S4/S11 interfaces. If the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane is received by the SGW, the SGW shall only accept the Delete Session Request message when the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane in this message is the same as the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane that was last received in either the Create Session Request message or the Modify Bearer Request message on the given interface. If the ISR is activated, two F-TEIDs exist: one for the MME and the other for the SGSN. See NOTE 2. This IE may be included on the S5/S8 interfaces. If the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane is received by the PGW, the PGW shall only accept the Delete Session	F-TEID	0
	со	Request message when the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane in this message is the same as the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane that was last received in either the Create Session Request message or the Modify Bearer Request message on the given interface. See NOTE 6. The SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the Delete Session Request is sent to clean up a hanging PDN connection context in the PGW, i.e. as a result of receiving a Create Session Request at the SGW colliding with an existing PDN connection context (see subclause 7.2.1).		
UE Time Zone	со	This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface, for Detach and PDN Disconnection procedures, if the UE Time Zone has changed. The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN, and if the Operation Indication bit received from the MME/SGSN is set to 1. This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.	UE Time Zone	0
ULI Timestamp	СО	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 4.	ULI Timestamp	0
RAN/NAS Release Cause	co	The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface to indicate the NAS release cause to release the PDN connection, if available and this information is permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to MME operator's policy.	RAN/NAS Cause	0
	СО	The SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME and if the Operation Indication bit received from the MME is set to 1. The TWAN shall include this IE on the S2a interface to indicate the TWAN release cause to release the PDN connection, if this information is available and is permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to the TWAN operator's policy. When present, the IE shall be encoded as a Diameter or an ESM cause. See NOTE 8.		

	co	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface to		
		indicate the release cause to release the PDN connection, if this information is available and is permitted to be sent to		
		the PGW operator according to the ePDG operator's		
		policy. When present, the IE shall be encoded as a		
		Diameter or an IKEv2 cause.		
	0	This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a		
TWAN Identifier	00	interface as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].	TWAN Identifier	0
TWAN Identifier	CO	This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a if the	TWAN Identifier	0
Timestamp	00	TWAN Identifier IE is present. It shall indicate the time	Timestamp	Ũ
lineotamp		when the TWAN acquired the TWAN Identifier information.	Timootamp	
	0	During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may		
	-	include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload		
		control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is		
		activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see		
MME/S4-SGSN's		clause 12.3.11).		
Overload Control			Overload Control	0
Information		When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one	Information	Ũ
		instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
	CO	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload		
	00	control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8		
		interface.		
<u> </u>	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE		
	Ŭ	over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is		
		supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to		
SGW's Overload		which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control	1
Control Information			Information	•
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
		this IE, representing its overload information.		
	0	During an overload condition, the TWAN/ePDG may		
	0	include this IE over the S2a/S2b interface if the overload		
		control feature is supported by the TWAN/ePDG and is		
TWAN/ePDG's		activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see	Overload Control	
Overload Control		clause 12.3.11).	Information	2
Information			mormation	
		When present, the TWAN/ePDG shall provide only one		
		instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
WLAN Location	CO	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if the		
Information	00	WLAN Location Information is available.	TWAN Identifier	1
WLAN Location	CO	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface, if the	TWAN Identifier	
Timestamp		WLAN Location Timestamp is available.	Timestamp	1
UE Local IP Address	CO	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface.	IP Address	0
UE UDP Port		The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if NAT	Port Number	0
		is detected.		Ũ
Extended Protocol	CO	If the UE includes the ePCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall	ePCO	0
Configuration Options		copy the content of this IE transparently from the ePCO IE	01 00	Ŭ
(ePCO)		included by the UE.		
		If the SGW receives the ePCO IE, the SGW shall forward it		
		to the PGW.		
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b	Private Extension	VS
	Ŭ	interfaces.		
NOTE 1. For the Indi	catio	n Flags, the combination (Operation Indication, Scope Indication	ation) – 1 1 shall he	
		rror if received.		
		er RAT TAU/RAU failure, the target MME/SGSN may mistak	enly initiate the imp	licit
		e while the UE is managed by the other MME/SGSN. In this		
		Session Request message with the cause "Invalid peer".		
		Itiple PDN connections and only one of these is being deact	tivated the MME/S4	1-
		send the Cause IE with the value "ISR deactivation".		-
		after receiving both the Delete Session Request messages fi	rom the MMF and th	ne
		/ shall include the most recent ULI timestamp and the related		
Information in the Delete Session Request message on S5/S8 interface.				
NOTE 5: The conditions of presence of the IEs in the Delete Session Request for the MME and S4-SGSN				J
triggered Serving GW relocation (see subclause 5.10.4 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and subclause 9.2.2.4				
		060 [35]) are identical to those specified respectively for X2 h		
		or Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation.		
			nd a Delata Sacaian	
NOTE 6: In some scenarios, e.g. during an S11/S4 path failure, the old SGW may send a Delete Session Request towards the PGW for a PDN connection which has already been relocated to a new SGW.				
		PGW shall reject the Delete Session Request message with		۷۷.
		ELAWY SUMITIVE OF THE SECOND REALEST MESSAGE WITH	The cause invalid	

	peer".
NOTE 7:	In shared networks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLMN, the PLMN ID that is
	communicated in this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator for supporting UEs, or
	that of the allocated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an exception, based on
	inter-operator roaming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is a supporting or
	non-supporting UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HPLMN for non-supporting
	UEs shall be the Common PLMN ID.
	In shared networks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same PLMN, the Primary
	PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be
	communicated in SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporting UEs. The Core
	Network Operator PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for
	non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network.
	See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].
	This IE corresponds to the TWAN Release Cause IE specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].
NOTE 9:	An NB-IFOM capable MME/SGSN remains unaware of whether the PDN connection to be released
	is associated with multiple accesses or not (i.e. whether this is a NB-IFOM PDN connection).

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0		

#### 7.2.9.2 Delete Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW, from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN and from PGW to TWAN/ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

A Delete Bearer Request message shall be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces as part of the following procedures:

- PGW or MME initiated bearer deactivation procedures,
- UE requested Bearer Resource Modification,
- MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4 or
- PGW initiated bearer deactivation procedure using S4.

In the above cases, this Request is sent by the PGW to the SGW and shall be forwarded to the MME or S4-SGSN.

The message shall also be sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node if the ISRAI flag is not set in the Modify Bearer Request/Modify Access Bearers Request message.

The message shall also be sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node in the TAU/RAU/Handover procedures if the ISR related Cause IE is included in the Delete Session Request message.

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of PGW Initiated Bearer Resource Allocation Deactivation procedure with GTP on S2b.

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of the PGW Initiated Bearer Resource Allocation Deactivation in WLAN on GTP on S2a procedure.

The message may also be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/S4 SGSN when the SGW receives the Error Indication from PGW for the default bearer or the ICMP message from a PGW that indicates the UE specific error indication as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface by the PGW to the SGW or to the TWAN/ePDG and on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN as part of the Network-initiated IP flow mobility procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].

Possible Cause values are:

- "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP",
- "ISR deactivation",
- "Access changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP",
- "Reactivation requested",
- "PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed",
- "PDN connection inactivity timer expires",
- "Local release",
- "Multiple accesses to a PDN connection not allowed".

Table 7.2.9.2-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	С	If the request corresponds to the bearer deactivation procedure in case all bearers belonging to a PDN connection shall be released, then this IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being	EBI	0
		disconnected. This IE shall be included only when the EPS Bearer ID is		
	<u> </u>	not present in the message. During a TAU/RAU/HO if the Cause value is set to "ISR		
	00	deactivation" in the Delete Session Request message, or		
		when this message is used to delete the bearer resources		
		on the other ISR associated CN node if the ISRAI flag is		
		not set in the Modify Bearer Request/Modify Access		
		Bearers Request message, an SGW shall send all LBIs for		
		a given UE with the message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI		
		IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs (see NOTE 1 and NOTE 2).		
EPS Bearer IDs	С	This IE shall be included on S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b	EBI	1
	-	interfaces for deleting bearers different from the default		-
		one, i.e. for dedicated bearers. In this case at least one		
		dedicated bearer shall be included.		
		This IE shall be included only when the Linked EPS Bearer ID is not present in the message.		
		Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be		
		included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.		
Failed Bearer	0	This IE may be included on the S5/S8 and S11 interfaces if	Bearer Context	0
Contexts		the request corresponds to MME initiated bearer		
		deactivation procedure. This IE shall contain the list of		
		failed bearers if partial Bearer Contexts included in the		
Procedure	С	Delete Bearer Command message could not be deleted. If the request corresponds to UE requested bearer	PTI	0
Transaction Id (PTI)	C	resource modification procedure for an E-UTRAN, this IE	FII	0
		shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11 interfaces.		
Protocol	С	The PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options	PCO	0
Configuration Options		(PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available and if ePCO		
(PCO)		is not supported by the UE or the network.		
		If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to		
	co	SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. For trusted WLAN access, if the default bearer of the PDN		
	00	connection is being deleted and if the multi-connection		
		mode is used, the PGW may include this IE over the S2a		
		interface to send PCO to the UE.		
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and	FQ-CSID	0
		S2a/S2b interfaces, and when received from S5/S8 be		
		forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface	FQ-CSID	1
	Ŭ	according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		•
Cause	С	This IE shall be sent on S5/S8 and S11/S4 interfaces if the	Cause	0
		message is caused by a handover with or without		
		optimization from 3GPP to non-3GPP (see subclause 9.3.2		
		in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] and subclause 5.4.4.1 in 3GPP TS		
		23.401 [3], respectively). In this case the Cause value shall be set to "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP".		
		This IE shall also be sent on S11/S4 interfaces when the		
		SGW requests to delete all bearer contexts for the given		
		UE in an MME or S4-SGSN due to ISR deactivation, and		
		the Cause value shall be set to "ISR deactivation".		
		This IE shall be sent on the S2a/S2b interface if the		
		message is caused by handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP. In this case the Cause value shall be set to "Access		
		changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP".		
	0	This IE may be sent by a PGW on S5/S8 during PGW		

Table 7.2.9.2-1: Information Elements in a Delete Bearer Request

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		bearer with values of "Reactivation requested" or " PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed" or "Multiple accesses to a PDN connection not allowed" (see section 8.4 for details).		
		This IE may be sent by a PGW on S5 during PGW initiated bearer deactivation procedures for the default bearer with values of "PDN connection inactivity timer expires" (see section 8.4 for details).		
	со	The IE shall be relayed by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN if received from the PGW.		
	CO	This IE shall be sent by the PGW on S5/S8 or S2a/S2b with the value "Reactivation requested", when the PGW initiates the bearer deactivation procedure for the default bearer as part of the P-CSCF restoration procedure over 3GPP access or WLAN access, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.380 [61].		
		This IE shall be sent by the PGW on S5/S8 or S2a/S2b with the value "Local release", when the PGW initiates the bearer deactivation procedure, for the default bearer of the PDN connection, with local bearer release over one of the accesses associated with the NB-IFOM connection. This can be triggered, for example, as part of the P-CSCF restoration procedure specified in 3GPP TS 23.380 [61], or upon receipt by the PGW of a Delete Session Request from an MME/SGSN with the ROAA Indication set to 1. See NOTE 3.		
Indication Flags	СО	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags are:	Indication	0
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul>		
PGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing its node level load information, if the load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6).	Load Control Information	0
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
PGW's APN level Load Control Information	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing APN level load information, if the APN level load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6).	Load Control Information	1
		When present, the PGW shall provide one or more		

	r			
		instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same		
		type and instance value, each representing the load		
		information for a list of APN(s).		
	co	See NOTE 3, NOTE 5. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports APN level		
	00	load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-		
		SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's node level	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if	Load Control	2
Load Control		the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is	Information	
Information		activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6).		
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
PGW's Overload	0	this IE, representing its node level load information. During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE	Overload Control	0
Control Information	0	on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, if the overload control	Information	0
		feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the	internation	
		PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-		
		SGSN for 3GPP access based network, ePDG/TWAN for		
		non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause		
		12.3.11).		
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
		Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload		
		control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to		
		maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value,		
		each representing the overload information for a list of		
		APN(s).		
		See NOTE 4, NOTE 6.		
	со	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload		
		control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
SGW's Overload	0	the S11/S4 interface. During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE	Overload Control	1
Control Information	0	over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is	Information	'
		supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see	mornation	
		clause 12.3.11).		
		,		
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
		this IE, representing its overload information.		
NBIFOM Container	co	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b	F-Container	0
		interfaces if the PGW needs to send NBIFOM information		
		as specified in 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]. The Container Type shall be set to 4.		
	co	If the SGW receives a NBIFOM Container IE from the		
	00	PGW, the SGW shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
		the S11/S4 interface.		
Extended Protocol	CO	The PGW shall include Extended Protocol Configuration	ePCO	0
Configuration Options		Options (ePCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available and		
(ePCO)		if the UE and the network support ePCO.		
		If the SCW reasives this IE, the SCW shall forward it to the		
		If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to the SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface.		
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b	Private Extension	VS
		interfaces.		
		sent multiple LBIs to MME/SGSN, but have received only on		
		e message, this indicates that the MME/SGSN is pre Rel-10		SGW
		rate individual Delete Bearer Request message(s) for each c		
		received Delete Session Request with Cause value set to "IS		a nas
		ent a Delete Bearer Request to the MME/SGSN with Cause version the MME/SGSN shall delete all PDN connections corresp		I Blo
		Delete Bearer Request message for this UE. The MME/SGSI		
		are no matching PDN connections corresponding to these LE		210
		a Delete Bearer Request message for the default bearer of t		with
		ease', the MME/SGSN or TWAN/ePDG shall behave as spec		
		23.380 [61].		

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure for an E-UTRAN as specified by 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], then there will be only one instance of the EPS Bearer IDs IE in the Delete Bearer Request.

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause		This IE shall indicate the reason of the unsuccessful handling of the bearer.	Cause	0

#### Table 7.2.9.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Request

#### Table 7.2.9-3: Load Control Information within Delete Bearer Request

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Load Control	Μ	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this	Sequence	0
Sequence Number		parameter.	Number	
Load Metric	М	See clauses 12.2.5.1.2.2 and 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0
List of APN and Relative Capacity	CO	The IE shall (only) be present in the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level load, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) & its respective "Relative Capacity" (sharing the same "Load Metric"). See clause 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter. See NOTE 1.	APN and Relative Capacity	0
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of "APN and Relative Capacity" IE are received within one instance of the Load Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Load Control Information IE instance.				

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0
Period of Validity	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0
List of Access Point Name (APN)	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction Metric" and "Period of Validity"). See NOTE 1.	APN	0
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the Overload Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Overload Control Information IE instance.				

Table 7.2.9-4: Overload Control Information within Delete Bearer Request

## 7.2.10 Delete Session Response and Delete Bearer Response

#### 7.2.10.1 Delete Session Response

A Delete Session Response message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the following procedures:

- EUTRAN Initial Attach
- UE, HSS or MME Initiated Detach
- UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- MS, HLR or SGSN initiated detach procedure
- Combined GPRS/IMSI Attach
- MS and SGSN Initiated Default Bearer Deactivation Procedure using S4

On the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update with SGW Change
- S1 Based Handover with SGW Change
- X2 Based Handover with SGW Relocation
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- Inter RAT handover cancel with SGW change
- MME to 3G Gn/Gp SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

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- MME to SGSN Routing Area Update
- E-UTRAN to Gn/Gp SGSN Inter RAT handover
- S1 Based handover cancel with SGW change
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access
- MME triggered Serving GW relocation

And on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation using S4
- Routing Area Update with SGW change
- SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update with SGW change
- Serving RNS relocation with SGW change
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Routeing Area Update
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Serving RNS Relocation Procedures
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN PS handover Procedures
- S4-SGSN triggered Serving GW relocation

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of procedures:

- UE/ePDG Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b
- UE Requested PDN Disconnection with GTP on S2b
- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of procedures:

- UE/TWAN Initiated Detach and UE/TWAN Requested PDN Disconnection in WLAN on GTP S2a
- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach in WLAN on GTP S2a

This message may also be sent on S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW:

- If Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge message with Context not found cause value is received.

The sending entity shall include Cause IE in the Delete Session Response message. The IE indicates if the peer has deleted the bearer, or not.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found".
- "Invalid peer".

Table 7.2.10.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	с со	The PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available and if the UE or the network does not support ePCO. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. For trusted WLAN access, if the multi-connection mode is used, the PGW may include this IE over the S2a interface to send PCO to the UE.	PCO	0
Indication Flags	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface.</li> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it as included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0
PGW's node level Load Control Information	0 C0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing its node level load information, if the load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6). If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on	Load Control Information	0
PGW's APN level Load Control Information	0	the S11/S4 interface. The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing APN level load information, if the APN level load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6). When present, the PGW shall provide one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the load information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 1, NOTE 3. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports APN level load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4- SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.	Load Control Information	1
SGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6).	Load Control Information	2

Table 7.2.10.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete Session Response

				-
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
		this IE, representing its node level load information.		
PGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, if the overload control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4- SGSN for 3GPP access based network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	0
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the overload information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 2, NOTE 4.		
	со	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of	Overload Control Information	1
		this IE, representing its overload information.		
Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)		The PGW shall include Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available and if the UE and the network support ePCO. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to the SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface.	ePCO	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS
this IE, i.e. ' level load co APNs, shall level load in NOTE 2: The receive	Load ontro han form r, su	t supporting the APN level load control feature, shall ignore a d Control Information" IE with instance number "1". The rece of feature and supporting the APN level load information for t dle the APN level load information for the first 10 APNs and	iver, supporting the he maximum of 10 ignore any more AF n of 10 APNs, shall	ÁPN PN
overload inf NOTE 3: The APN le	orma vel lo		-	
NOTE 4: The APN le	vel c	overload information, provided within and across different ins of Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.	tances of the "PGW	''s

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Load Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0
Load Metric	Μ	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0
List of APN and Relative Capacity	CO	The IE shall (only) be present in the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level load, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) & its respective "Relative Capacity" (sharing the same "Load Metric"). See clause 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter. See NOTE 1.	APN and Relative Capacity	0
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of "APN and Relative Capacity" IE are received within one instance of the Load Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Load Control Information IE instance.				

Table 7.2.10.1-3: Overload Control Information within Delete Session Response

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Overload Control	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this	Sequence	0
Sequence Number		parameter.	Number	
Overload Reduction	Μ	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the	Metric	0
Metric		description and use of this parameter.		
Period of Validity	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this	EPC Timer	0
		parameter.		
		This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction		
		Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the		
		"Overload Reduction Metric" is null.		
List of Access Point	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload	APN	0
Name (APN)		Control Information" IE.		
		For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall		
		include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of		
		10, with the same type and instance value, representing a		
		list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction		
		Metric" and "Period of Validity").		
		See NOTE 1.		
NOTE 1: If more than	10 n	occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the	<b>Overload Control</b>	
Information	IE, t	he receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the en	tire Overload Cont	rol
Information	IE ir	istance.		

## 7.2.10.2 Delete Bearer Response

The Delete Bearer Response shall be sent as a response of Delete Bearer Request.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".

- "Temporarily rejected due to handover/TAU/RAU procedure in progress".

Linked EPS Bearer ID         C         If the response corresponds to the bearer deactivation procedure in case all the bearers associated with the default bearer of a PDN connection shall be released, this IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.         0           CO         During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a Delete Bearer Request message with Cause value "ISR deactivation" and multiple LBIs, the MME/SGSN shall interfaces. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs.         Bearer Context         0           Bearer Contexts         C         It shall be used on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for decicated bearer shall be included.         Bearer Context         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and s2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         FQ-CSID         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5X8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           gPDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           gPDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be inclu	Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
(LBi)         procedure in case all the bearers associated with the default bearer of a DN connection shall be released, this IE shall be included on the S4/S11, SS/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces to inficate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.           CO         During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a Delete Bearer Request message with Cause value 'ISR detactivation' and multiple LBis, the MME/SGSN shall include all these LBis in the response message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI IES shall have the same type an instance value to represent a list of IEs.         Bearer Contexts         C It is hall be used on the S4/S11, SS/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearers shall be included. Several IEs with his type and nisance values shall be included as mecessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers All be included.         Bearer Contexts         0           Recovery         C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, SS/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the SGW on SS/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           PDG-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the VAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           QDFJ-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be	Cause	Μ		Cause	0
LBI)         procedure in case all the bearer a spociated with the default bearer of a DN connection shall be released, this IE shall be included on the 94/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.           CO         During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a Delete Bearer Request message with Cause value 'ISR deactivation' and multiple LBIs, the MME/SGSN shall include all these LBIs in the response message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI tES shall have the Same type and instance value to represent a list of LES.         Bearer Context         0           Bearer Contexts         C It shall be used on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interface. All LBI teS shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of Es.         Bearer Context         0           Recovery         C This IE shall be included.         Several IES with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the F2 Bearer IDS of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included to the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time S2a/S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         C           SGW-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           arbface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         According to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2	Linked EPS Bearer ID	С	If the response corresponds to the bearer deactivation		
default bearer of a PDN connection shall be released, this IF is hall be included on the 34/S11, 55/S8 and 52a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.           CO During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a locativation" and multiple LBs, the MME/SGSN shall include all these LBs in the response message on S4/S11 interface. All LB1 IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs.           Bearer Contexts         C II is shall be used on the 54/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present all ist Dearers. Used for dedicated bearers with use present included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included. Saveral IES value this low of SS/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         Recovery         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the SGW on the SS/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the SGW on the SS/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the CSD on the SZD interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           C This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         FQ-CSID	(LBI)				
interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.         Image: Comparison of the temperature of temperature of the temperature of	· ,				
interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.         Image: Comparison of the temperature of temperature of the temperature of			IE shall be included on the S4/S11. S5/S8 and S2a/S2b		
CO         During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a           Delte Bearer Request message with Cause value "ISR deactivation" and multiple LBis, the MME/SGSN shall include all these LBis in the response message on 54/S11 interface. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs.         Bearer Contexts         C It shall be used on the 54/S11 JS/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be biscuded. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C					
CO         During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a           Delte Bearer Request message with Cause value "ISR deactivation" and multiple LBis, the MME/SGSN shall include all these LBis in the response message on 54/S11 interface. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs.         Bearer Contexts         C It shall be used on the 54/S11 JS/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be biscuded. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C			PDN being disconnected.		
Delete Bearer Request message with Cause value 'ISR deactivation' and multiple LBis, the MME/SGSN shall include all these LBIs in the response message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI lEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs.         Bearer Contexts         C         It shall be used on the 54/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the F2P Bearer IDS IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C         This IE Shall be included on the 54/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peri for the first time         Recovery         0           S&W-FQ-CSID         C         This IE Shall be included by MS CM on SS/S8 Interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDC on the S2/s Interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the WDAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the WDAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID <td></td> <td>CO</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		CO			
deactivation* and multiple LBis, the MME/SGSN shall interface. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs.         Bearer Contexts         C II t shall be used on the 54/511, 55/58 and 52a/52b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Bearer Contexts           Recovery         C This IE shall be uncluded on the 54/511, 55/58 and S2a/52b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C This IE shall be included by the SGW on 55/58 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 2007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the SGW on the 52/58 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           SGW-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the 52a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         FQ-CSID         2           C This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface cording to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2		00			
include all these LBIs is that have the same type and instance value to represent a list of LB.         Bearer Contexts         C         It shall be used on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included.         0           Several LES with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.         Used for dedicated bearers.         0           Water Contexts         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, Several LES with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.         Bearer Contexts included in the PS Bearer Dos IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included on the S4/S11, SSS and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         FQ-CSID         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by WME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the GSW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included by the PCO IE if such interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           Recovery         C         CO         This IE shall be included by the VMA on the S22 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]					
Interface. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent alls of IEs.         Bearer Contexts           Bearer Contexts         C         It shall be used on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be proceed.         Bearer Context         0           Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included an one bearer shall be present. All to Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         Recovery         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SQW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           gender face according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         2         2         0           gender face according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         PCO         0           CO         The SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PCO for the multi-connection mode, if the defau					
Instance value to represent a list of IEs.           Bearer Contexts         C         It shall be used on the \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and \$2x/\$2b         Bearer Context         0           Bearer Contexts         C         It shall be used on the \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and \$2x/\$2b         Bearer Context         0           Serveral IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.         Used for dedicated bearers.         0           Used for dedicated bearers.         Used for dedicated bearers.         0         6           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included on the \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and         Recovery         0           S23/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         FQ-CSID         0           SMME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by ME the on \$11 interface and scording to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the \$25/81 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           PDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the \$20 interface for the moder the squarements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           Protocol         C         This IE shall be included by the MAX non the \$2a         FQ-CSID         2					
Bearer Contexts         C         It shall be used on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to present all its of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Bearer Context         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         Recovery         0           SGW.FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW.FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           SGW.FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           QCONDINS         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if norm to ME/KE, the TWAN shall forward it to PCW on					
Interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         FQ-CSID         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           spDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           apDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the "WAN on the S2a 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           rotacting to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         3         3           Protocol         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           UE Time Zone         CO         An IMME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such PCW ononection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives	De ener Oersteute	0		Deserse Osertaut	0
case at least one bears shall be included.         Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.           Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request Shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S22/S2 binterfaces if contacting the peer for the first time of the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         Recovery         0           SMME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         3           riterface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S2a         FQ-CSID         2           Configuration Options         C         This IE shall be included to the requirements in 3GPP TS         2         3           (PCO)         An MME/SGSN shall included the PCO IE if such information was received from th	Bearer Contexts	C		Bearer Context	0
Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearer s. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           SaverSD interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         FQ-CSID         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           refraces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           refraces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           refraces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such					
Included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request Shall be included.         Recovery           C         This IE shall be included on the \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and Sza/\$2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on \$11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on \$5/\$8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the \$5/\$8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           aPDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the \$2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           apDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the \$2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included thy the VMAN on the \$2a interface.         PCO         0           (PCO)         C         This IE shall be included to the the second the the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         VCO         VCO         VII interfa					
Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3         interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PCW on the S5/S8 interface.         PCO         0           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a         UE Time Zone         0           USer Location information was receives it					
dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         0           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and \$2a/\$2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on \$11 interface and shall be forwarded by the \$GW on \$5/\$8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the \$5/\$8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         3           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         3           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         3           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the \$2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE Shall be included the the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         FQ-CSID         6           CO         For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN			included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.		
Included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Recovery         C           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and \$2a/\$2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on \$11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on \$5/\$8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the \$5/\$8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         3           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           rinterface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         C         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         FQ-CSID         1           If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the \$5/\$8 interface.         PCO         0           UE Time Zone         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward th			Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one		
Delete Bearer Request shall be included.         Construction           Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         AnMME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         FQ-CSID         0           (PCO)         CO         AnMME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was receives this IE, the SGW shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         PCO         0           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface.         UE Time Zone         0           USer			dedicated bearer shall be present. All the bearer contexts		
Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the WAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         FQ-CSID         0           VERON         CO         FG/CSGN the SGSN on the S4 binterface.         PCO         0           UE Time Zone         CO         FG         CO         0         Interface.         0         0           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         CO         0         0         1			included in the EPS Bearer IDs IE of the corresponding		
Recovery         C         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Recovery         0           MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the WAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         FQ-CSID         0           VERON         CO         FG/CSGN the SGSN on the S4 binterface.         PCO         0           UE Time Zone         CO         FG         CO         0         Interface.         0         0           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         CO         0         0         1			Delete Bearer Request shall be included.		
S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time         Image: Same state included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the GPDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         C           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         PCO         0           Configuration Options         CO For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone         0           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S5/S8 interface.         UE Time Zone         0           USer Location Information W2 SGSN on the S4 interface.         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI	Recoverv	С		Recoverv	0
MME-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         0           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2         1           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         PCO         0           If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         PCO         0           O         This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.         UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if the SGW receives the ME/SGSN.         UE Time Zone         0           USE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.         UE Time Zone         0           USE Time Zone		-			-
User Location Information (ULI)         SGW bit Solution is a sequence according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the SS/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the PDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the SS/S8 interface.         PCO         0           (PCO)         FOr the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone         0           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.         UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be inclu	MME-EQ-CSID	С		FO-CSID	0
according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].           SGW-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         1           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         PCO         0           VPCO         FO For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO for othe UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         VE         Time Zone         UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone         0           USer Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         UE Time Zone         0           USer Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.<		Ŭ			Ŭ
SGW-FQ-CSID       C       This IE shall be included by the SGW on the SS/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].       FQ-CSID       1         ePDG-FQ-CSID       C       This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].       FQ-CSID       2         TWAN-FQ-CSID       C       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].       FQ-CSID       3         Protocol       CO       An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.       PCO       0         CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       PCO       0         UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       0         USer Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       UE Time Zone       0         USer Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       UE Time Zone       0         USer Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by CSI interface if the receives it from the MME/					
Interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS           23.007 [17].           ePDG-FQ-CSID         C           This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         PCO         0           CO         For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO IE to the PGW.         PCO         0           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.         UE Time Zone         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.         ULI         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI <td< td=""><td></td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td>4</td></td<>		0			4
23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         2           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         FQ-CSID         0           (PCO)         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.         PCO         0           (PCO)         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         PCO         0           (PCO)         For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO Trom the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface.         UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone         UE Time SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.         UE Time Zone         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if the SGW secoves it from the MME/SGSN.         ULI         0           User Location Information was acquired.	SGW-FQ-CSID	C		FQ-CSID	1
ePDG-FQ-CSID       C       This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].       FQ-CSID       2         TWAN-FQ-CSID       C       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].       FQ-CSID       3         Protocol       CO       An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/88 interface.       PCO       0         (PCO)       CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       VE       UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zon					
according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].           TWAN-FQ-CSID         C         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         FQ-CSID         3           Protocol         CO         An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/88 interface.         PCO         0           CO         For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO rom the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.         UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.         UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if the SGW seall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.         ULI         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall be included on the S4/S1 interface if the ULI ME.         ULI         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the ULI ME.         ULI         0<		_			_
TWAN-FQ-CSID       C       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].       FQ-CSID       3         Protocol       CO       An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.       PCO       0         (PCO)       Ether SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.       PCO       0         CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO IE to the PGW.       VE       VE         UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       VE       VE         USer Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       VE Time Zone       VE Time Zone         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       VE Time Zone       VE Time Zone         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the Included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       VLI       VLI         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.	ePDG-FQ-CSID	С		FQ-CSID	2
Interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].         Protocol           Co An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         PCO         0           (PCO)         Co For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.         VIE Time Zone         Co This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.         UE Time Zone         Co This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         UE Time Zone         Co This IE shall be included by the MME on the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.         UE Time Zone         0           User Location Information (ULI)         Co This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         ULI Time Zone         0           ULI Timestamp         Co The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI Timestamp         0           ULI Timestamp         Co This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         0           ULI Timestamp         Co This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include thi					
23.007 [17].       23.007 [17].         Protocol       CO       An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.       PCO       0         Configuration Options       If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.       PCO       0         CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       VIE       VIE       VIE       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       VIE       VIE       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       VIE       VIE       Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       VIE       VIE       Time Zone       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       UII       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       UII       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Informatinon was acquired.	TWAN-FQ-CSID	С		FQ-CSID	3
Protocol Configuration Options       CO information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.       PCO       0         CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       V       V       V         UE Time Zone       CO CO This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone       VE Time Zone       CO CO This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       UE Time Zone       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO CO This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 1.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       0         ULI Timestion was acquired. Th					
Configuration Options (PCO)       information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.       CO         CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone         UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S23 interface.       UE Time Zone         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       0					
(PCO)       If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.       PGW on the S5/S8 interface.         CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       UE         UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       UE Time Zone       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       ULI       0         USer Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOT	Protocol	CO	An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such	PCO	0
PGW on the S5/S8 interface.           CO         For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.         UE Time Zone         CO         The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.         UE Time Zone         0           CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.         ULI         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI         0           ULI Timestamp         CO         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI Timestamp         0	Configuration Options		information was received from the UE.		
PGW on the S5/S8 interface.           CO         For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.           UE Time Zone         CO         This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.         UE Time Zone         CO         The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.         UE Time Zone         0           CO         This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.         ULI         0           User Location Information (ULI)         CO         This IE shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI         0           ULI Timestamp         CO         This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI Timestamp         0	(PCO)		If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to		
CO       For the multi-connection mode, if the default bearer of the PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       Image: Collect to the PGW.         UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       UE Time SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0	· · · ·				
PDN connection is being deleted and if the TWAN receives the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       Image: Content of the PGW.         UE Time Zone       COntent This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       UE Time SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       ULI       0         USer Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IF or the SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0		CO			
the PCO from the UE, the TWAN shall forward the PCO IE to the PGW.       Image: the PCO Instruction to the PGW.         UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       UE Time SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       UE Time Zone       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI Is is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0					
to the PGW.       Image: Color of the					
UE Time Zone       CO       This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.       UE Time Zone       CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       0         CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       ULI       0         User Location       CO       This IE shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI Is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.       ULI Timestamp       ULI Timestamp       0         UVAN Identifier       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a       TWAN Identifier       0					
UE Time ZoneS11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. COUE Time SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.UE Time Zone0COThis IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.COThis IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.ULI0ULI TimestampCOThis IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.ULI Timestamp0ULI TimestampCOThis IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.ULI Timestamp0UWAN IdentifierCOThis IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2aTWAN Identifier0		0			
UE Time Zone       CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       0         CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       UE Time Zone       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0		00			
UE Time Zone       SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.       UE Time Zone       0         CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by MME.       0         User Location Information (ULI)       CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       0         TWAN Identifier       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a       TWAN Identifier		00			
CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface.         User Location Information (ULI)       CO         This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.       ULI         CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       O	UE Time Zone	CO		UE Time Zone	0
interface.       Interface.         User Location       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       ULI       0         Information (ULI)       See NOTE 2.       CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         TWAN Identifier       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a       TWAN Identifier       0					-
User Location Information (ULI)       CO       This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.       ULI       0         See NOTE 2.       CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       0         TWAN Identifier       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a       TWAN Identifier		co	-		
User Location Information (ULI)       or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0					
User Location Information (ULI)       included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0		CO			
Obser Location       MME.       ULI       0         Information (ULI)       See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       ULI Timestamp       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.       ULI Timestamp       0         The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0			or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be		
Obser Location       MME.       ULI       0         Information (ULI)       See NOTE 2.       ULI       0         CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       ULI Timestamp       ULI Timestamp       0         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.       ULI Timestamp       0         The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0			included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by		
Information (ULI)       See NOTE 2.         CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.       ULI Timestamp       0         The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         TWAN Identifier       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a       TWAN Identifier       0				ULI	0
CO       The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.       ULI Timestamp       0         The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0	Information (ULI)		See NOTE 2.	-	-
receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0         TWAN Identifier       CO       This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a       TWAN Identifier       0		CO			
ULI Timestamp       CO       This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.       ULI Timestamp       0         The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.       ULI Timestamp       0		55			
IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.         TWAN Identifier       CO		0		III I Timostama	0
Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1. TWAN Identifier CO This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a TWAN Identifier CO					U
The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.           TWAN Identifier         CO This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a					
receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1. TWAN Identifier CO This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a TWAN Identifier 0					
TWAN Identifier CO This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a					
		-			
interface as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].	TWAN Identifier	co		TWAN Identifier	0
			Interface as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].		Ŭ

Table 7.2.10.2-1: Information Elements in Delete Bearer Response

TWAN Identifier Timestamp		This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface if the TWAN Identifier IE is present. It shall indicate the time when the TWAN acquired the TWAN Identifier information.	TWAN Identifier Timestamp	0
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information		During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	Overload Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information		During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	1
MME/S4-SGSN Identifier	CO	If the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4- SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see subclause 12.3.11), the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IE on the S11/S4 interface when there is at least one bearer remaining for the given PDN connection after the bearer deletion, and the PGW has not been updated with the identity of the currently serving MME/S4- SGSN, i.e. if no other message carrying MME/S4-SGSN identity has been sent to the PGW during/after an inter- MME/S4-SGSN intra-SGW mobility procedure.	IP Address	0
TWAN/ePDG's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the TWAN/ePDG may include this IE over the S2a/S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the TWAN/ePDG and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	2
		When present, the TWAN/ePDG shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
WLAN Location	со	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if the WLAN Location Information is available.	TWAN Identifier	1
WLAN Location Timestamp	со	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface, if the WLAN Location Timestamp is available.	TWAN Identifier Timestamp	1
UE Local IP Address		The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface.	IP Address	0
UE UDP Port	00	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if NAT is detected.	Port Number	0
NBIFOM Container	со	This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 or S2a/S2b interfaces if the MME/S4-SGSN or the TWAN/ePDG receives a NBIFOM Container from the UE as specified in 3GPP TS 24.161 73]. The Container Type shall be set to 4. If the SGW receives a NBIFOM Container IE from the MME/S4-SGSN, the SGW shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	F-Container	0
Private Extension		This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b	Private Extension	VS
SGSN, the Delete Bear NOTE 2: In shared no communica that of the a inter-operat non-suppor UEs shall b In shared no PLMN ID sh	SGW rer R etwo ted in alloca tor ro ting l e the etwo nall b	Interfaces. after receiving both the Delete Bearer Response messages f / shall include the most recent time and the related User Loc esponse message on S5/S8 interface. rks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLM in this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator ated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an e aming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the JE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HF e Common PLMN ID. rks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same is communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common in SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporting	cation Information in MN, the PLMN ID th for supporting UEs exception, based on UE is a supporting PLMN for non-support PLMN for non-support PLMN ID shall be	at is at is , or or orting

Network Operator PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network. See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].

Table 7.2.10.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Response
----------------------------------------------------------------

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0
Cause	Μ	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful,	Cause	0
		and if not, gives information on the reason.		
Protocol	СО	An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such	PCO	0
Configuration Options		information was received from the UE.		
(PCO)		If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to		
		PGW on the S5/S8 interface.		
		This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in		
		the message body if they both exist.		
RAN/NAS Cause	СО	The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface to	RAN/NAS Cause	0
		indicate the RAN release cause and/or NAS release cause		
		to release the bearer, if this information is available and is		
		permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to the		
		MME operator's policy.		
		If both a RAN release cause and a NAS release cause are		
		generated, then several IEs with the same type and		
		instance value shall be included to represent a list of		
		causes.		
		The SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it		
		receives it from the MME.		
		See NOTE 1.		
Extended Protocol	CO	An MME/SGSN shall include the ePCO IE if such	ePCO	0
Configuration Options		information is received from the UE.		
(ePCO)				
		If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to the		
		PGW on the S5/S8 interface.		
		lefer the deactivation of GBR bearers for a short period (in the		
		an S1AP UE Context Release Request due to radio reasons		
		corresponding radio and S1 bearers and thus avoid the dead		
bearers. If the	ne M	ME receives then a Delete Bearer Request while it is still de	ferring the sending	of a
Delete Bear	er C	ommand, the MME shall include in the Delete Bearer Respo	nse the RAN/NAS	
Cause IE it	woul	d have included in the Delete Bearer Command. See subcla	uses 5.3.5 and 5.4	.4.1
of 3GPP TS	23.4	401 [3].		

#### Table 7.2.10.2-3: Overload Control Information within Delete Bearer Response

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.			
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0			
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0			
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0			

## 7.2.11 Downlink Data Notification messages

### 7.2.11.1 Downlink Data Notification

A Downlink Data Notification message shall be sent:

- on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as a part of the network triggered service request procedure;
- on the S4 interface by the SGW to the S4-SGSN as part of Paging with no established user plane on S4, SGW triggered paging with S4;
- on the S4 interface by the SGW to the S4-SGSN to re-establish all the previous released bearer(s) for a UE, upon receipt of downlink data for a UE in connected mode but without corresponding downlink bearer available;
- NOTE: This may occur e.g. if the S4-SGSN releases some but not all the bearers of the UE as specified in subclause 12.7.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].
- on S11/S4 interface by SGW to MME/S4-SGSN if the SGW has received an Error Indication (see 3GPP TS 29.281 [13]) from eNodeB/RNC/MME across S1-U/S12/S11-U interface. Respective SGW and MME/S4-SGSN functionality is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].
- on the S11/S4 interface by SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).
- on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as a part of the Mobile Terminated Data Transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity.

A Downlink Data Notification message may be sent:

- on the S4 by the SGW to the S4-SGSN if the SGW has received an Error Indication from S4-SGSN across S4-U interface.

Table 7.2.11.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	СО	If SGW receives an Error Indication from eNodeB/RNC/S4- SGSN/MME, the SGW shall send the Cause IE with value "Error Indication received from RNC/eNodeB/S4- SGSN/MME" to MME/S4-SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	Cause	0
EPS Bearer ID	CO		EBI	0
Allocation/Retention Priority		<ul> <li>This IE shall be included on the S11 and S4 interfaces and shall be set as follows: <ul> <li>If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of downlink data packets at the SGW, the SGW shall include the ARP stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer on which the downlink data packet was received;</li> <li>If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the receipt of an Error Indication from the eNodeB, RNC or S4-SGSN, the SGW shall include the ARP stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer for which the Error Indication was received.</li> <li>If the ISR is active and the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP is not present in the control plane signalling. If the ARP is not present in the control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP in the stored EPS bearer context. See NOTE 3.</li> <li>If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	ARP	0

Table 7.2.11.1-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification

			1	
		the network triggered service restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), and if the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP if present in the control plane signalling. If the ARP is not present in the control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP from the stored EPS bearer context. (See 3GPP TS 23.401[3], section 5.3.4.3). If multiple EPS Bearers IDs are reported in the message, the SGW shall include the ARP associated with the bearer with the highest priority (i.e. the lowest ARP Priority Level value). See NOTE 1.		
IMSI	со	This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).	IMSI	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	0	This IE may be included on the S11/S4 interface towards the restarted CN node or an alternative CN node (same type of mobility node as the failed one) as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure with or without ISR if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]). This IE shall not be included otherwise. (NOTE 2)	F-TEID	0
Indication Flags	co	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul></li></ul>	Indication	0
SGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its node level load information.	Load Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	0
Paging and Service Information	CO	This IE shall be included on the S11 and S4 interfaces, for an IP PDN connection, if the SGW supports the Paging Policy Differentiation feature (see subclause 4.9 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]) and if the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of downlink data packets at the SGW. If the preceding conditions are fulfilled, then for each bearer and for each packet that triggers a Downlink Data Notification, the SGW shall copy, into the Paging Policy Indication value within this IE, the value of the DSCP in TOS (IPv4) or TC (IPv6) information received in the IP payload of the GTP-U packet from the PGW (see IETF RFC 2474 [65]). See NOTE 4. One IE with this type and instance value shall be included per EPS Bearers ID reported in the message,	Paging and Service Information	0
Private Extension	0	See NOTE 1.	Private Extension	VS

	The usage of this parameter at the S4-SGSN is not specified in this release.
NOTE 2:	In this version of the specification, the MME/S4-SGSN shall set the header TEID value in subsequent
	Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge or/and Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication to that
	of the SGW"s Control Plane TEID if the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE is present in the
	Downlink Data Notification message. However the SGW shall be prepared to receive messages in
	which the header TEID value is set to zero from implementation conforming to earlier versions of this
	specification. When that is the case, the receiver identifies the subscriber context based on the
	included IMSI IE.
NOTE 3:	For PMIP based S5/S8, if the SGW cannot derive the EPS bearer ID/ARP from the control plane
	signalling (received over Gxx interface) the SGW should use the corresponding PDN connection"s
	(for which the control plane signalling is received) default EPS bearer"s EPS bearer ID/ARP.
NOTE 4:	Upon receiving a downlink data packet for a Non-IP PDN connection (see subclause 5.3.1 of 3GPP
	TS 23.401 [3]), the Paging and Service Information shall not be included in the Downlink Data
	Notification message.

#### Table 7.2.11.1-2: Load Control Information within Downlink Data Notification

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
elements							
Load Control	Μ	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this	Sequence	0			
Sequence Number		parameter.	Number				
Load Metric	Μ	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this	Metric	0			
		parameter.					

#### Table 7.2.11.1-3: Overload Control Information within Downlink Data Notification

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)						
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n						
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields						
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.				
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0				
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0				
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0				

#### 7.2.11.2 Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge

A Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge shall be sent from a MME/SGSN to a SGW in response to Downlink Data Notification with an indication of success, or failure when MME/SGSN has reachability or abnormal conditions.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Unable to page UE".
- "Context not found".
- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".
- "UE already re-attached".
- "Temporarily rejected due to handover/TAU/RAU procedure in progress".

Table 7.2.11.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Data Notification Delay	С	he MME/SGSN shall include the delay the SGW shall apply between receiving downlink data and sending Downlink Data Notification for all UEs served by that MME/SGSN (see subclause 5.3.4.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]), if the rate of Downlink Data Notification event occurrence in the MME/SGSN becomes significant (as configured by the operator) and the MME/SGSN's load exceeds an operator configured value. See NOTE 4.	Delay Value	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
DL low priority traffic Throttling	0	The MME/SGSN may send this IE to the SGW to request the SGW to reduce the number of Downlink Data Notification requests it sends for downlink low priority traffic received for UEs in idle mode served by that MME/SGSN in proportion to the Throttling Factor and during the Throttling Delay. See NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3.	Throttling	0
IMSI	со	3GPP TS 23.007 [17] specifies conditions for sending this IE on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure, if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature.	IMSI	0
DL Buffering Duration	CO	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S11/S4 interface to indicate the duration during which the SGW shall buffer DL data for this UE without sending any further Downlink Data Notification message, if extended buffering in the SGW is required as specified in subclause 5.3.4.3 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].	EPC Timer	0
DL Buffering Suggested Packet Count	0	The MME/SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface, if the DL Buffering Duration IE is included, to suggest the maximum number of downlink data packets to be buffered in the SGW for this UE.	Integer Number	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
values recei timer associ traffic or not configuration traffic). NOTE 2: For instance Throttling D requests it s MME/SGSN NOTE 3: The DL low NOTE 4: The Data No	ved atec on f n in e, if t elay send l, du priototific	d value of the Throttling Factor and Throttling Delay shall su from that MME/SGSN. The reception of a Throttling Delay s I with that MME/SGSN. The SGW shall determine whether a the basis of the bearer's ARP priority level and operator polic the SGW of the ARP priority levels to be considered as prior he DL low priority traffic Throttling IE indicates a Throttling F of 180 seconds, the SGW drops by 40% the number of Dow s for downlink low priority traffic received for UEs in idle mod ring a period of 180 seconds. rity traffic Throttling IE may be present whatever the value of ation Delay IE in the Data Notification Acknowledge has the elay Downlink Packet Notification Request IE in the Modify B	hall restart the SGV bearer is for low pr cy (i.e. operator's itary or non-priorital actor of 40% and a mlink Data Notificat le served by that the Cause IE. same semantic and	v iority ry ion

Table 7.2.11.2-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge

### 7.2.11.3 Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication

A Downlink Data Notification Failure indication shall be sent from an MME/SGSN to a SGW indicating that the UE did not respond to paging. It shall also be sent in the case that the UE responded to the page with a Service Request but that the MME has rejected the request by sending a Service Reject to the UE. It may happen, for example, because the requested service is not supported or there is a bearer context mismatch.

This message should not be used after an MME/SGSN successfully receives the Service Request message from the UE in the Network Triggered Service Request procedure as defined in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

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NOTE: Either the Modify Bearer Request message or the Delete Bearer Command message is used by the MME/SGSN to indicate a possible failure case after an MME/SGSN successfully receives the Service Request message from the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "UE not responding".
- "Service denied".
- "UE already re-attached".

Table 7.2.11.3-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

#### Table 7.2.11.3-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Originating Node	СО	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ISR associated GTP entities i.e. MME, S4-SGSN, send this message to the SGW during the Network Triggered Service Request procedure to denote the type of the node originating the message.	Node Type	0
IMSI	СО	3GPP TS 23.007 [17] specifies conditions for sending this IE on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure, if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature.	IMSI	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.12 Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

The Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message is sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGSN/MME to the SGW to delete the Indirect Forwarding Tunnels in the Source SGW/Target SGW as part of the following procedures:

- S1-based handover
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover
- MME to 3G SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- Inter RAT handover Cancel
- S1-based handover Cancel
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

#### Table 7.2.12-1: Information Element in Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Private Extension	0	Vendor or operator specific information	Private Extension	VS

# 7.2.13 Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

The Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response message is sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME as part of the following procedures:

- S1-based handover
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover
- MME to 3G SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- Inter RAT handover Cancel
- S1-based handover Cancel
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially"
- "Context not found".

#### Table 7.2.13-1: Information Element in Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause		This IE shall indicate if the deletion of indirect tunnel is successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
Recovery		This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.14 Modify Bearer Command and Failure Indication

### 7.2.14.1 Modify Bearer Command

The Modify Bearer Command shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure, or when the SQCI flag or the PSCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated subscribed QoS modification procedure, or when the SQCI flag or the PSCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

When deferred reporting of subscription change procedure is homogenously supported by MMEs and SGSNs in the serving network, the MME shall defer sending Modify Bearer Command if the related UE is not reachable by the MME, e.g. when the UE is suspended, when the UE has entered into power saving mode or when the PPF is cleared in the MME, until the UE becomes reachable again as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

NOTE: SGSNs do not defer the reporting of subscription change but need to support reporting the subscription change when receiving the PSCI flag in the Context Response message.

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It shall also be sent on the S2a/S2b interface by the TWAN/ePDG to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
APN-Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	М	This IE shall contain the APN-AMBR value received by the MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG from the HSS.	AMBR	0
Bearer Context		Only one IE with this type and instance value shall be included and this shall represent the Default Bearer.	Bearer Context	0
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information		During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	0
	co	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.		
SGW's Overload Control Information		During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	1
O During an overload condition, the TWAN/ePDG may include this IE over the S2a/S2b interface if the overload control feature is supported by the TWAN/ePDG and is		Overload Control Information	2	
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.14.1-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Command

#### Table 7.2.14.1-2: Bearer Context within Modify Bearer Command

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	Μ	This IE shall contain the default bearer ID.	EBI	0
Bearer Level QoS		Mandatory if other parameters than the APN-AMBR have been changed	Bearer QoS	0
		This IE shall also be included if the SQCI flag or PSCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.		

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = $n$				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
Period of Validity	M	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0		

 Table 7.2.14-3: Overload Control Information within Modify Bearer Command

### 7.2.14.2 Modify Bearer Failure Indication

The Modify Bearer Failure Indication shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of failure of HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure, or when the SQCI flag or the PSCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of failure of HSS Initiated subscribed QoS modification, or when the SQCI flag or the PSCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S2a/S2b interface by the PGW to the TWAN/ePDG as part of failure of HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure.

Cause IE indicates that an EPS bearer has not been updated in the PGW.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found"
- "Service denied".

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Indication Flags	СО	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags are:	Indication	0
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul>		
PGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, if the overload control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4- SGSN for 3GPP access based network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	0
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the overload information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 1, NOTE 2.		
		If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	1
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
Private Extension		This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS
handle the overload in NOTE 2: The APN le	APN forma evel c	pporting the APN level overload information for the maximur level overload information for the first 10 APNs and ignore a ation. verload information, provided within and across different ins of Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.	ny more APN level	

Table 7.2.14.2-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Failure Indication

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0
Period of Validity	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0
List of Access Point Name (APN)	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction Metric"). See NOTE 1.	APN	0
	IE, t	occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the he receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the en istance.		rol

Table 7.2.14-2: Overload Control Information within Modify Bearer Failure Indication

## 7.2.15 Update Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and/or from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN, and/or from PGW to TWAN/ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

For GTP based S5/S8, the Update Bearer Request shall be sent by the PGW to the SGW and forwarded to the MME as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification with Bearer QoS Update
- HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification
- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification without Bearer QoS Update
- UE Request Bearer Resource Modification procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23])
- UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23])
- P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61])

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated EPS Bearer Modification
- Execution part of MS-Initiated EPS Bearer Modification
- SGSN-Initiated EPS Bearer Modification Procedure using S4
- P-CSCF restoration for 3GPP access (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61])

The message shall also be sent on the S2a/S2b interface by the PGW to the TWAN/ePDG as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification
- HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification

- P-CSCF restoration for WLAN access (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61])

For PMIP based S5/S8, the Update Bearer Request shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface by the PGW to the SGW or to the TWAN/ePDG and on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN as part of the Network-initiated IP flow mobility procedure or the UE-initiated IP flow mobility procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.161 [71].

Table 7.2.15-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Bearer Contexts	М	This IE shall contain contexts related to bearers that need QoS/TFT modification. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. If there is no QoS/TFT modification, only one IE with this	Bearer Context	0
	_	type and instance value shall be included.		
Procedure Transaction Id (PTI)	С	If the request corresponds to UE requested bearer resource modification procedure or the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure for an E-UTRAN (see NOTE 1) or MS initiated EPS bearer modification procedure, this IE shall be included. PTI shall be the same as the one used in the corresponding Bearer Resource Command	PTI	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		The PGW shall include the Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available and if ePCO is not supported by the UE or the network. The PCO IE shall carry a P-CSCF address list only when the UE is required to perform an IMS registration, e.g during the P- CSCF restoration procedure as defined in clause 5 of 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. The PGW shall include the Prococol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S2a interface, including the list of available P-CSCF addresses, as part of the P-CSCF restoration extension procedure for the TWAN access, as	PCO	0
		specified in 3GPP TS 23.380 [61].		
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	М	APN-AMBR	AMBR	0
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action	СО	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
H(e)NB Information Reporting	СО	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME.	H(e)NB Information Reporting	0
Indication flags		<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Retrieve Location Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8, S4/S11, S2a and S2b interfaces in the PGW Initiated Bearer Modification procedure if the location information is requested.</li> <li>Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface.</li> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S11/S4 interface.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0

Table 7.2.15-1: Information Elements in an Update Bearer Request

IP address	vith the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the eceived from the DNS during the SGW the serving SGW.
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PGW-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included by PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces, and when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by SGW on S11 according to the requirements	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. This IE shall be included by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
	СО	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11/S4		
Presence Reporting		interfaces with the appropriate Action field if reporting	Presence	
Area Action		changes of UE presence in a Presence Routing Area is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the MME/SGSN.	Reporting Area Action	0
PGW's node level	0	The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b	Load Control	0
Load Control Information		interface, providing its node level load information, if the load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6).	Information	
	СО	If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on		
		the S11/S4 interface.		
PGW's APN level Load Control Information		The PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, providing APN level load information, if the APN level load control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.2.6).	Load Control Information	1
		When present, the PGW shall provide one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the load information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 2, NOTE 4. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports APN level load control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-		
		SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's node level Load Control Information		The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6).	Load Control Information	2
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		
PGW's Overload Control Information		this IE, representing its node level load information. During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interface, if the overload control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4- SGSN for 3GPP access based network, ePDG/TWAN for non-3GPP access based network, belongs (see clause 12.3.11).	Overload Control Information	0
		When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the overload information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 3, NOTE 5. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
SGW's Overload		During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE	Overload Control	1
Control Information		over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11).	Information	I
		When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of		

·				1	
			this IE, representing its overload information.		
		со	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 or S2a/S2b interfaces if the PGW needs to send NBIFOM information as specified in 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]. The Container Type	F-Container	0
		со	shall be set to 4. If the SGW receives a NBIFOM Container IE from the PGW, the SGW shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.		
Private Ex	tension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS
	<ol> <li>This message refers to the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure and UE requested bearer resource modification procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], both are specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] in the clause "UE requested bearer resource modification".</li> <li>The receiver, not supporting the APN level load control feature, shall ignore all the occurrence(s) of this IE, i.e. "Load Control Information" IE with instance number "1". The receiver, supporting the APN level load control feature and supporting the APN level load information for the maximum of 10 APNs, shall handle the APN level load information for the first 10 APNs and ignore any more APN level load information.</li> </ol>				s) of APN
NOTE 3:	The receiver, supporting the APN level overload information for the maximum of 10 APNs, shall handle the APN level overload information for the first 10 APNs and ignore any more APN level overload information.				
NOTE 4: NOTE 5:	The APN level load information, provided within and across different instances of the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs. The APN level overload information, provided within and across different instances of the "PGW's				
			ol Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.		

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or UE Requested Bearer Resource Allocation Procedure for an E-UTRAN or MS initiated EPS bearer modification procedure, then there will be only one instance of the Bearer Contexts IE in the Update Bearer Request.

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0
TFT	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if message relates to Bearer Modification and TFT change.	Bearer TFT	0
Bearer Level QoS	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if QoS modification is requested	Bearer QoS	0
Bearer Flags	0	<ul> <li>Applicable flags:</li> <li>PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4 interfaces.</li> <li>vSRVCC indicator: This IE may be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 interface according to 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. When received from S5/S8, SGW shall forward on the S11 interface.</li> </ul>	Bearer Flags	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available and if ePCO is not supported by the UE or the network. The PCO IE shall carry a P-CSCF address list only when the UE is required to perform an IMS registration, e.g during the P-CSCF restoration procedure as defined in sub-clause 5.1 of 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to the SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. The PGW shall include the Prococol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S2a interface, including the list of available P-CSCF addresses, as part of the P-CSCF restoration extension procedure for the TWAN access, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist.	PCO	0
Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)	Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO) IE on the S2b interface, including the list of available P-CSCF addresses, as part of the P_CSCF roctoration extension procedure for the		Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)	0
Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)	CO	The PGW shall include Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available and if the UE and the network support ePCO. The ePCO IE shall carry a P-CSCF address list only when the UE is required to perform an IMS registration, e.g during the P- CSCF restoration procedure as defined in sub-clause 5.1 of 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to the SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface.	ePCO	0

Table 7.2.15-2: Bearer	Context within	Update Bearer Request
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Octet 1	Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3	Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Load Control Sequence Number	Μ	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0
Load Metric	Μ	See clauses 12.2.5.1.2.2 and 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0
List of APN and Relative Capacity	CO	The IE shall (only) be present in the "PGW's APN level Load Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level load, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) & its respective "Relative Capacity" (sharing the same "Load Metric"). See clause 12.2.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter. See NOTE 1.	APN and Relative Capacity	0
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of "APN and Relative Capacity" IE are received within one instance of the Load Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Load Control Information IE instance.				

Table 7.2.15-3: Load Control Information within Update Bearer Request

Table 7.2.15-4: Overload Control Information within Update Bearer Request

Octet 1	Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3	Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0
Period of Validity	M	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0
List of Access Point Name (APN)	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction Metric" and "Period of Validity"). See NOTE 1.	APN	0
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the Overload Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Overload Control Information IE instance.				

## 7.2.16 Update Bearer Response

An Update Bearer Response shall be sent from a MME/SGSN to a SGW and forwarded to the PGW, and from TWAN/ePDG to the PGW as a response to an Update Bearer Request message.

Table 7.2.16-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Cause IE indicates if an EPS bearer has been modified in the MME/SGSN/TWAN/ePDG or not. The EPS Bearer has not been modified in the MME/SGSN/TWAN/ePDG if the Cause IE value differs from "Request accepted" or "Request accepted partially". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially"
- "Context not found"
- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Denied in RAT".
- "UE refuses".
- "Unable to page UE".
- "UE not responding".
- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".
- "Temporarily rejected due to handover/TAU/RAU procedure in progress".
- "MME/SGSN refuses due to VPLMN Policy".
- "UE is temporarily not reachable due to power saving"

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Bearer Contexts	M	This IE shall contain all the bearer contexts included in the corresponding Update Bearer Request. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	PCO	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by MME on S11and shall be forwarded by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
ePDG-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	2
TWAN-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	3
Indication Flags	СО	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags: - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4 interface, if Direct Tunnel is used.	Indication	0
UE Time Zone		This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
User Location Information (ULI)	со	This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface. This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. See NOTE 1.	ULI	0
TWAN Identifier		The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a	TWAN Identifier	0
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information		interface as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]. During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	Overload Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	1
Presence Reporting Area Information	СО	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 if the PGW/PCRF has requested to start reporting changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area in the corresponding Update Bearer Request message and the	Presence Reporting Area Information	0

Table 7.2.16-1: Information Elements in an Update Bearer Response

		MME/SGSN supports such reporting. The MME/SGSN		
		shall then indicate whether the UE is inside or outside the		
		Presence Reporting Area.		
		The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the		
		Presence Reporting Area Information from the		
		MME/SGSN.		
	со	If the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-		
		SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW		
		belongs (see subclause 12.3.11), the MME/S4-SGSN shall		
		include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the PGW has not		
MME/S4-SGSN		been updated with the identity of the currently serving		
Identifier		MME/S4-SGSN, i.e. if no other message carrying	IP Address	0
		MME/S4-SGSN identity has been sent to the PGW		
		during/after an inter-MME/S4-SGSN intra-SGW mobility		
		procedure.		
	со	If the overload control feature is supported by the SGW,		
		the SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface.		
	0	During an overload condition, the TWAN/ePDG may		
		include this IE over the S2a/S2b interface if the overload		
TWAN/ePDG's		control feature is supported by the TWAN/ePDG and is		
Overload Control		activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see	Overload Control	2
Information		clause 12.3.11).	Information	-
		When present, the TWAN/ePDG shall provide only one		
		instance of this IE, representing its overload information.		
WLAN Location	co	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if the	TWAN Identifier	1
Information		WLAN Location Information is available.		
WLAN Location	co	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface, if the	TWAN Identifier	1
Timestamp		WLAN Location Timestamp is available.	Timestamp	-
UE Local IP Address		The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface.	IP Address	0
UE UDP Port	co	The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface if NAT	Port Number	0
	~ ~	is detected.		
NBIFOM Container	co	This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 or S2a/S2b	F-Container	0
		interfaces if the MME/S4-SGSN or the TWAN/ePDG		
		receives a NBIFOM Container from the UE as specified in		
	~~	3GPP TS 24.161 73]. The Container Type shall be set to 4.		
	00	If the SGW receives a NBIFOM Container IE from the		
		MME/S4-SGSN, the SGW shall forward it to the PGW on		
Estended D. (	00	the S5/S8 interface.	- 000	
Extended Protocol	00	The MME/SGSN shall include the ePCO IE if such	ePCO	0
Configuration Options		information was received from the UE.		
(ePCO)				
		If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to		
		PGW on the S5/S8 interface.		
Drivata Extension	<u> </u>	This IE may be cant on the SE/SQ SA/S11 and S22/S25	Drivoto Extension	VS
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	v٥
NOTE 1: In shared no		rks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLM	I /N the PI MN ID th	at is
		n this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator		
		ated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an e		
inter-operator roaming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is a supporting or				
non-supporting UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HPLMN for non-supporting				
UEs shall be the Common PLMN ID.				
In shared networks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same PLMN, the Primary				
PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be				
communicated in SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporting UEs. The Core				
Network Operator PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for				
		UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Se		
See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].				

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3	Length = n			
Octet 4	Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0
Cause	М	This IE Indicates if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel is not established. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	0
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel flag is set to 1. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	1
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in	PCO	0
RAN/NAS Cause	со	the message body if they both exist. If the bearer modification failed, the MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface to indicate the RAN cause and/or the NAS cause of the bearer modification failure, if available and if this information is permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to MME operator's policy. If both a RAN cause and a NAS cause are generated, then several IEs with the same type and instance value shall be included to represent a list of causes. The SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME. If the bearer modification failed, the TWAN shall include this IE on the S2a interface to indicate the cause of the bearer modification failure, if available and if this information is permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to the TWAN operator's policy. When present, the IE shall be encoded as a Diameter or an ESM cause. See NOTE 2. If the bearer modification failed, the ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface to indicate the cause of the bearer modification failed, the ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface to indicate the cause of the bearer modification failed, the ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface to indicate the cause of the bearer modification failure, if available and if this information is permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to the ePDG operator's policy. When present, the IE shall be encoded as a Diameter or an IKEv2 cause. See NOTE 3.	RAN/NAS Cause	0
F-TEID in th is in IDLE m provide S12 TEID(s) and However, in SGW, in ord S4-U SGSN NOTE 2: The TWAN procedure. protocol typ NOTE 3: The ePDG of may include	ne Up node 2 RN d S4- der to der to N F-T does The us does e an i	os, the SGSN is unable to provide neither the S12 RNC F-TI odate Bearer Response message, e.g. when Direct Tunnel is , for a network requested user location retrieval procedure, th C F-TEID. In those scenarios, the SGSN shall provide EBI(s U SGSN F-TEID. The SGW shall be able to handle these be ier releases this behaviour may not be supported by the SG o be backward compatible, the SGSN shall provide EBI(s) to EID or the S12 RNC F-TEID. Is not exchange signalling with the 3GPP AAA Server nor with TWAN may include an internal failure cause for the bearer m ed to encode the internal failure cause is implementation spe not exchange signalling with the 3GPP AAA Server in this p internal failure cause for the bearer modification failure. The nal failure cause is implementation specific.	s used in 3G and th he SGSN is unable ) without S12 RNC earer context(s). W and hence for su gether with either th h the UE in this hodification failure. ecific. procedure. The ePE	ie UE to F- uch an he The DG

Table 7.2.16-2: Bearer Context within	Update Be	arer Response
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Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
Period of Validity	M	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0		

 Table 7.2.16-3: Overload Control Information within Update Bearer Response

# 7.2.17 Delete Bearer Command and Failure Indication

### 7.2.17.1 Delete Bearer Command

A Delete Bearer Command message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as a part of the eNodeB requested bearer release or MME-Initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
Bearer Contexts	М	This IE shall be used to indicate dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers	Bearer Context	0		
User Location Information (ULI)	со	This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1.	ULI	0		
ULI Timestamp	СО	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.	ULI Timestamp	0		
UE Time Zone	со	This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0		
MME/S4-SGSN's Overload Control Information		During an overload condition, the MME/S4-SGSN may include this IE on the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the MME/S4-SGSN shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	Overload Control Information	0		
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S5/S8 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE representing its overload information	Overload Control Information	1		
Driveto Extension		this IE, representing its overload information.	Drivete Extension			
Private Extension       O       Private Extension       VS         NOTE 1:       In shared networks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLMN, the PLMN ID that is communicated in this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator for supporting UEs, or that of the allocated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an exception, based on inter-operator roaming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is a supporting or non-supporting UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HPLMN for non-supporting UEs shall be the Common PLMN ID.         In shared networks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same PLMN, the Primary PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be communicated in SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting UEs or allocated by the network for non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network. See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].						

Table 7.2.17.1-1: Information Elements in Delete Bearer Command

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.			
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0			
Bearer Flags	со	<ul> <li>Applicable flags are:</li> <li>VB (Voice Bearer) indicator shall be set to indicate a voice bearer for PS-to-CS (v)SRVCC handover.</li> <li>Vind (vSRVCC indicator) indicator shall be set to indicate a video bearer for PS-to-CS vSRVCC handover.</li> </ul>	Bearer Flags	0			
RAN/NAS Release Cause	CO	The MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface to indicate the RAN release cause and/or NAS release cause to release the bearer, if available and this information is permitted to be sent to the PGW operator according to MME operator's policy. If both a RAN release cause and a NAS release cause are generated, then several IEs with the same type and instance value shall be included to represent a list of causes. The SGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME.	RAN/NAS Cause	0			

Table 7.2.17.1-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Command

### Table 7.2.17.1-3: Overload Control Information within Delete Bearer Command

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
elements						
Overload Control	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this	Sequence	0		
Sequence Number		parameter.	Number			
Overload Reduction	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this	Metric	0		
Metric		parameter.				
Period of Validity	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter.	EPC Timer	0		
		This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction				
		Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the				
		"Overload Reduction Metric" is null.				

### 7.2.17.2 Delete Bearer Failure Indication

A Delete Bearer Failure Indication shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of failure of eNodeB requested bearer release or MME Initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of failure of MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4.

This message shall be sent back if none of the bearers (not even a single one) included in the Delete Bearer Command message could be deleted.

The Cause IE indicates that the EPS bearer has not been deleted in the PGW.

When the SGW receives a Delete Bearer Failure Indication message from the PGW with the TEID set to zero in the GTPv2 header and the Cause IE is set to "Context Not Found", which implies that the PDN connection does not exist in the PGW, the SGW may send a Delete Bearer Request message to delete the PDN connection towards the MME/SGSN after sending the Delete Bearer Failure Indication message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found"

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Bearer Context	М	This IE shall contain the list of failed bearers. See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included If contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Indication Flags	со	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Associate OCI with PGW node's identity: The PGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S5/S8 interface or S2a/S2b interface if it has included the "PGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW. The SGW shall set this flag on the S11/S4 interface if it supports the overload control feature and if the flag is set on the S5/S8 interface.</li> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0
PGW's Overload Control Information		During an overload condition, the PGW may include this IE on the S5/S8, if the overload control feature is supported by the PGW and is activated for the PLMN to which the access network node, i.e. MME/S4-SGSN for 3GPP access based network belongs (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the PGW shall provide at least one instance of this IE, representing its overload information. Additionally, the PGW may indicate APN level overload control by providing, one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, each representing the overload information for a list of APN(s). See NOTE 1, NOTE 2. If the SGW receives this IE and if it supports the overload control feature, it shall forward it to the MME/S4-SGSN on the S11/S4 interface.	Overload Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	1
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: The receive handle the overload in NOTE 2: The APN le	er, su APN forma	pporting the APN level overload information for the maximur level overload information for the first 10 APNs and ignore a ation. overload information, provided within and across different insi ol Information" IE(s) shall be limited to 10 different APNs.	n of 10 APNs, shall ny more APN level	

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
EPS Bearer ID		See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	EBI	0			
Cause		This IE shall indicate the reason of the unsuccessful handling of the bearer.	Cause	0			

 Table 7.2.17.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Failure Indication

### Table 7.2.17-3: Overload Control Information within Delete Bearer Failure Indication

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements			_	
Overload Control	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this	Sequence	0
Sequence Number		parameter.	Number	
Overload Reduction	М	See clauses 12.3.5.1.2.3 and 12.3.5.1.2.4 for the	Metric	0
Period of Validity	М	description and use of this parameter. See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0
List of Access Point Name (APN)	CO	The IE may (only) be present in the "PGW's Overload Control Information" IE. For indicating the APN level overload, the PGW shall include one or more instances of this IE, up to maximum of 10, with the same type and instance value, representing a list of APN(s) (sharing the same "Overload Reduction Metric" and "Period of Validity"). See NOTE 1.	APN	0
NOTE 1: If more than 10 occurrences of APNs are received within one instance of the Overload Control Information IE, the receiver shall treat it as a protocol error and ignore the entire Overload Control Information IE instance.				

# 7.2.18 Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

The Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the MME/SGSN to the SGW as part of the Handover procedures or TAU/RAU procedure with Serving GW change and data forwarding as specified in subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

Table 7.2.18-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point except for the case: - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless When the IMSI is included in the message, it is not used as	IMSI	0
		an identifier - if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated. See NOTE1.		
ME Identity (MEI)	С	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point and if one of the following condition satisfies:</li> <li>If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless</li> </ul>	MEI	0
		<ul> <li>If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated</li> </ul>		
Indication Flags	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point. See NOTE1.	F-TEID	0
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	СО	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
PGW, the S supported v moved, bec	SGW with S come	is hosting the UE's bearer(s) is considered as the (local) an may change due to mobility between eNodeBs, or E-UTRAN 64 based architecture. In these cases the new SGW where t s the new local anchor point. A source MME/SGSN may sel	N and GERAN/UTR he UE's bearer(s) a ect an SGW for indi	AN re rect
data forwar	ding	which is different than the source (anchor) SGW. Similarly, a for indirect data forwarding which is different than the target	a target MME/SGSN	

Table 7.2.18-1: Information Elements in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
eNodeB F-TEID for	C	Target eNodeB F-TEID.	F-TEID	0
DL data forwarding	Ŭ	This IE shall be present in the message sent from the	1 1210	Ŭ
		target MME to the SGW selected by the target MME for		
		indirect data forwarding, or shall be included in the		
		message sent from the source SGSN/MME to the SGW		
		selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if		
		the eNodeB F-TEID for DL data forwarding is included in		
		the Forward Relocation Response message.		
	CO	Target eNodeB F-TEID.		
		This IE shall be present in the message sent from the		
		target MME to the SGW selected by the target MME for		
		indirect data forwarding of the DL data buffered in the old		
		SGW during a TAU with SGW change procedure and data		
		forwarding, without Control Plane CloT EPS optimisation,		
		as specified in subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].		
SGW F-TEID for DL	С	Target SGW F-TEID	F-TEID	1
data forwarding		This IE shall be present in the message sent from the		
		source MME/SGSN to the SGW selected by the source		
		MME for indirect data forwarding if SGW F-TEID for DL		
		data forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation		
		Response message. This F-TEID is assigned by the SGW		
		that the target MME/SGSN selects for indirect data		
		forwarding.		
SGSN F-TEID for DL	С	Target SGSN F-TEID	F-TEID	2
data forwarding		This IE shall be present in the message sent from the		
		target SGSN to the SGW selected by the target SGSN for		
		indirect data forwarding in E-UTRAN to GERAN/UTRAN		
		inter RAT handover with SGW relocation procedure, or		
		shall be included in the message sent from the source		
		MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect		
		data forwarding if the SGSN F-TEID for DL data forwarding		
		is included in the Forwarding Relocation Response		
	~~	message.		
	CO	This IE shall also be present in the message sent from the		
		source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the SGSN Address for User		
		Traffic and the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Data II are		
		included in the GTPv1 Forward Relocation Response		
		message as specified in D.3.7 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].		
		This IE shall also be present, when Direct Tunnel is not		
		used, in the message sent from the target SGSN to the		
		SGW selected by the target SGSN for indirect data		
		forwarding of the DL data buffered in the old SGW during a		
		RAU with SGW change procedure and data forwarding, as		
		specified in subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].		
RNC F-TEID for DL	С	Target RNC F-TEID	F-TEID	3
data forwarding	-	This IE shall be present in the message sent from the		-
g		target SGSN to the SGW selected by the target SGSN for		
		indirect data forwarding in E-UTRAN to UTRAN inter RAT		
		handover with SGW relocation procedure, or shall be		
		included in the message sent from the source MME to the		
		SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data		
		forwarding if the RNC F-TEID for DL data forwarding is		
		included in the Forwarding Relocation Response message.		
	CO	This IE shall also be present in the message sent from the		
1	120			
		ISOULCE MINE TO THE SCAM SELECTED DATHE SUTTCE MINE TO		
		source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the RNC IP address and TEID		
		indirect data forwarding if the RNC IP address and TEID are included in the RAB Setup Information and/or the		

	Forwarding Relocation Response message as specified in D.3.3 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This IE shall be present, when Direct Tunnel is used, in the message sent from the target SGSN to the SGW selected by the target SGSN for indirect data forwarding of the DL data buffered in the old SGW during a RAU with SGW change procedure and data forwarding as specified in subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].		
eNodeB F-TEID for UL data forwarding	O Target eNodeB F-TEID. If available this IE may be present in the message, which is sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the target MME to the SGW selected by the target MME for indirect data forwarding, or may be included in the message sent from the source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the eNodeB F-TEID for data UL forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation Response message.	F-TEID	4
SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding	O Target SGW F-TEID If available this IE may be present in the message, which is sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation Response message. This F-TEID is assigned by the SGW that the target MME selects for indirect data forwarding.	F-TEID	5
MME F-TEID for DL data forwarding	CO Target MME S11-U F-TEID This IE shall be present in the message sent from the target MME to the SGW selected by the target MME for indirect data forwarding, during a TAU procedure with SGW change and data forwarding, with Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation, as specified in subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].	F-TEID	6

# 7.2.19 Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

A Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response message shall be sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN as a response to a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message.

Table 7.2.19-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

The Cause value indicates if the Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnels has been created in the SGW or not. No Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnels have been created in the SGW if the Cause differs from "Request accepted" or "Request accepted partially". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Data forwarding not supported".
- "Context not found".

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Sender F-TEID for	С	This IE shall be included by an SGW if the SGW receives a	F-TEID	0
Control Plane		Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE from an MME/SGSN in		
		a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request		
		message.		
		See also NOTE 1 in Table 7.2.18-1.		
Bearer Contexts	Μ	Several IEs with this type and instance value may be	Bearer Context	0
		included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers		
Recovery	CO	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first	Recovery	0
		time	-	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.19-1: Information Elements in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

### Table 7.2.19-2: Bearer Context within Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0
Cause	Μ	This IE shall indicate if the tunnel setup was successful,	Cause	0
		and if not, gives information on the reason.		
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included in the response sent from the	F-TEID	0
for DL data		SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data		
forwarding		forwarding to the source MME. See NOTE 3.		
S12 SGW F-TEID for	С	S12 usage only.	F-TEID	1
DL data forwarding		This IE shall be included in the response sent from the		
		SGW selected by the source SGSN for indirect data		
		forwarding to the source SGSN. See NOTE 3.		
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	S4-U usage only.	F-TEID	2
for DL data		This IE shall be included in the response sent from the		
forwarding		SGW selected by the source SGSN for indirect data		
		forwarding to the source SGSN. See NOTE 3.		
SGW F-TEID for DL	С	This IE shall be included in the response message sent	F-TEID	3
data forwarding		from the SGW selected by the target MME/SGSN for		
		indirect data forwarding to the target MME/SGSN. See		
	<u> </u>	NOTE 3.		
S1-U SGW F-TEID	0	If available this IE may be included in the response sent	F-TEID	4
for UL data		during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the SGW selected by		
forwarding		the source MME for indirect data forwarding to the source		
		MME. See NOTE 4.		
SGW F-TEID for UL	0	If available this IE may be included in the response	F-TEID	5
data forwarding		message sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the SGW		
		selected by the target MME for indirect data forwarding to		
		the target MME. See NOTE 4.		
		varding if the SGW does not have enough information to dec		TEID
		1-U, S12, S4-U and SGW to include in the message, it may i		
		varding if the SGW does not have enough information to dec		IEID
		1-U and SGW to include in the message, it may include both		
		warding the SGW shall set the interface type in the F-TEID to	o 23, i.e 'SGW GTP	·-U
		data forwarding' for S1-U/S4-U/S12/SGW.		
NOTE 4: For UL data forwarding the SGW shall set the interface type in the F-TEID to 28, i.e 'SGW GTP-U				
interface for	UL	data forwarding' for S1-U/SGW.		

# 7.2.20 Void

# 7.2.21 Release Access Bearers Request

The Release Access Bearers Request message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the S1 release procedure and eNodeB initiated Connection Suspend procedure.

It may also be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the Establishment of S1-U bearer during Data Transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation procedure (see subclause 5.3.4B.X of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).

NOTE: The S1 release procedure is also used to release the S11-U bearers for the Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation, except in the case of data buffering in the MME.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- RAB release using S4
- Iu Release using S4
- READY to STANDBY transition within the network

#### Table 7.2.21-1: Information Element in Release Access Bearers Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
List of RABs	С	Shall be present on S4 interface when this message is used to release a subset of all active RABs according to the RAB release procedure. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of RABs to be released.	EBI	0
Originating Node	CO	This IE shall be sent on S11 interface, if ISR is active in the MME. This IE shall be sent on S4 interface, if ISR is active in the SGSN See NOTE 1.	Node Type	0
Indication Flags	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Abnormal Release of Radio Link: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11 interface</li> <li>if the S1 release is due to an abnormal release of the radio link, e.g. when the MME receives UE CONTEXT RELEASE REQUEST with the cause value set to Radio Connection With UE Lost, or</li> <li>if the MME performs DL data buffering and the operator specified policy/configuration conditions for triggering the PGW pause of charging are met (e.g. number/fraction of packets/bytes dropped at MME in downlink) as specified in subclause 5.3.6A of 3GPP TS23.401 [3].</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
the SGW	/ shall n nas the value "	S1-U F-TEIDs for the UE, but the Originating Node IE contai ot release the user plane and shall send a positive response S12 RNC TEIDs or S4-U SGSN TEIDs for the UE, but the O MME", then the SGW shall not release the user plane and sh MME.	to the SGSN.	hen

# 7.2.22 Release Access Bearers Response

The Release Access Bearers Response message is sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the S1 release procedure and eNodeB initiated Connection Suspend procedure.

It may also be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the Establishment of S1-U bearer during Data Transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation procedure (see subclause 5.3.4B.X of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).

NOTE: The S1 release procedure is also used to release S11-U bearers for the Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation, except in the case of data buffering in the MME.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- RAB release using S4
- Iu Release using S4
- READY to STANDBY transition within the network

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".

### Table 7.2.22-1: Information Element in Release Access Bearers Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Recovery	0	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Indication Flags	СО	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul></li></ul>	Indication	0
SGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its node level load information.	Load Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
elements						
Load Control	Μ	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this	Sequence	0		
Sequence Number		parameter.	Number			
Load Metric	Μ	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this	Metric	0		
		parameter.				

 Table 7.2.22-2: Load Control Information within Release Access Bearers Response

### Table 7.2.22-3: Overload Control Information within Release Access Bearers Response

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
Overload Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Overload Reduction Metric	М	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		
Period of Validity	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0		

# 7.2.23 Stop Paging Indication

A Stop Paging Indication message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/SGSN as a part of the network triggered service request procedure.

Table 7.2.23-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.23-1: Information Elements in a Stop Paging Indic	ation

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI		This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface when the Stop Paging Indication message is sent to the restarted CN node (or another node in the same pool) as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure with ISR (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).	IMSI	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.24 Modify Access Bearers Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME to SGW (see Table 6.1-1).

If both the SGW and the MME support the MABR feature (see subclause 8.83), an MME may send a Modify Access Bearer Request message on the S11 interface to an SGW as part of the following procedures:

- UE triggered Service Request if there is no suspended bearer for that UE,
- S1-based Handover without SGW relocation,
- X2-based handover without SGW relocation,
- Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change,

- Intra-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change with Active Flag;
- E-UTRAN Initiated E-RAB modification procedure
- Mobile Originated Data transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity
- Mobile Terminated Data Transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity
- Connection Resume procedure (see subclause 5.3.5A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3])
- Establishment of S1-U bearer during Data Transport in Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisation procedure (see subclause 5.3.4B.X of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).

if all the following conditions are fulfilled:

- the RAT type has not changed;
- the Serving Network has not changed;
- the MME does not need to report a H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information change;
- the MME does not need to send UE's location and/or User CSG information or/and UE Time Zone and/or Presence Reporting Area information to the PDN GW;
- the MME does not need to send an MME-FQ-CSID as per the requirements specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17];
- ISR is not activated, if the Modify Access Bearers Request is sent as part of a UE triggered Service Request;
- ISR was not activated in the old MME which is indicated by the ISRAU flag in the Context Response, if the Modify Access Bearers Request is sent as part of an Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW change.

The Modify Access Bearers Request message shall include all the bearer contexts of all the PDN connections of the UE.

Support of this message is optional for the MME and SGW.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.	
Indication Flags	С	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>ISRAI: This flag shall be set to 1 if ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN for an S1-based Handover without SGW relocation and for an X2-based Handover without SGW relocation.</li> <li>Change F-TEID support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 for an IDLE state UE initiated TAU procedure to allow the SGW changing the GTP-U</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0	
		<ul> <li>F-TEID.</li> <li>S11-U Tunnel Flag: this flag shall be set to 1 on the S11 interface if user data is transported in NAS signalling.</li> </ul>			
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	The new MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface for a TAU/Handover with MME change and without any SGW change. If the SGW receives this IE and if it finds that its value is the same as the earlier received value of this IE for this UE, it should interpret this to mean that the MME has not changed.	F-TEID	0	
Delay Downlink Packet Notification Request	С	This IE shall be sent for a UE triggered Service Request and UE initiated Connection Resume procedures. It shall contain the delay the SGW shall apply between receiving downlink data and sending Downlink Data Notification for all UEs served by that MME (see subclause 5.3.4.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).	Delay Value	0	
Bearer Contexts to be modified	С	Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers to be modified. See NOTE 1.	Bearer Context	0	
Bearer Contexts to be removed	С	This IE shall be included for the TAU/Handover, UE initiated Connection Resume and Service Request procedures where any of the bearers existing before the TAU/Handover procedure, UE initiated Connection Resume and Service Request procedures will be deactivated as consequence of the TAU/Handover procedure, UE initiated Connection Resume and Service Request procedures. For the Service Request and UE initiated Connection Resume procedures, all unaccepted bearers for this UE shall be included. For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value, shall be included. See NOTE 1.	Bearer Context	1	
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS	
all the bear					

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	Μ	See NOTE 1.	EBI	0
S1-U eNodeB F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent if S1-U is being used for:	F-TEID	0
		<ul> <li>an UE triggered Service Request;</li> </ul>		
		- S1-based Handover without SGW relocation;		
		- X2-based handover without SGW relocation;		
		<ul> <li>in S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during an Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change procedure or Intra-MME E- UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change procedure with Active Flag (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]);</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>an E-UTRAN Initiated E-RAB modification procedure;</li> </ul>		
		- an UE initiated Connection Resume;		
		<ul> <li>the Establishment of S1-U bearer during Data Transport in Control Plane CloT EPS optimisation procedure.</li> </ul>		
		If an MME is aware that the eNodeB supports both IP address types, the MME shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the eNodeB does not support the other IP address type.		
S11-U MME F-TEID	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if S11-U is being used, i.e. for the following procedures:         <ul> <li>Mobile Originated Data transport in Control Plane CloT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity</li> <li>Mobile Terminated Data Transport in Control Plane CloT EPS optimisation with P-GW connectivity</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	F-TEID	1
		err ID IE is included in the Bearer Context to be modified IE one SGW shall remove the stored eNodeB/MME userplane F-		nout

Table 7.2.24-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Modif	fy Access Bearers Request
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Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0

# 7.2.25 Modify Access Bearers Response

If an SGW supports the MABR feature (see subclause 8.83), the SGW shall send a Modify Access Bearers Response message on the S11 interface to an MME as a response to a Modify Access Bearers Request message.

If handling of all default bearers to be modified fails, then Cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".
- "Service not supported".
- "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers"

The SGW shall send the cause value "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers" if

- it can not serve the MME Request without corresponding S5/S8 signalling other than to unpause charging in the PGW, or without corresponding Gxc signalling when PMIP is used over the S5/S8 interface, or
- if there are suspended non-GBR bearers for that UE in the SGW (NOTE 3).

Upon receipt of that cause value, the MME shall repeat its request using Modify Bearer Request message per PDN connection.

- NOTE 1: This cause value is introduced for forward compatibility between an MME implementing this version of the specification and an SGW implementing a more recent version requiring the SGW to send S5/S8 signalling.
- NOTE 2: During an Inter-MME Intra-SGW handover/TAU, if the SGW, PGW and the old MME support the partial failure handling feature but the new MME doesn't, the SGW needs to inform the PGW about the change of FQ-CSID (see subclause 16.2.5 of 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]). If the SGW receives a Modify Access Bearers Request from the new MME, it can force the MME to send individual Modify Bearer Request message per PDN connection by returning the cause value "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers".
- NOTE 3: There may be some suspended non-GBR bearers in the SGW during an Inter-MME Intra-SGW Tracking Area Update without SGW Change when the UE is coming back to E-UTRAN via a different MME than the MME serving the UE before the CSFB or SRVCC call.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Bearer Contexts modified	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be modified that were sent in Modify Access Bearers Request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of the Bearers which are modified.	Bearer Context	0
Bearer Contexts marked for removal	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed that were sent in the Modify Access Bearers Request message. Shall be included if request message contained Bearer Contexts to be removed. For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.	Bearer Context	1
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Indication Flags	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.</li> <li>Applicable flags are: <ul> <li>Associate OCI with SGW node's identity: The SGW shall set this flag to 1 on the S11/S4 interface if it has included the "SGW's Overload Control Information" and if this information is to be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.</li> </ul></li></ul>	Indication	0
SGW's node level Load Control Information	0	The SGW may include this IE, over the S11/S4 interface if the load control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.2.6). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its node level load information.	Load Control Information	0
SGW's Overload Control Information	0	During an overload condition, the SGW may include this IE over the S11/S4 interface if the overload control feature is supported by the SGW and is activated in the network (see clause 12.3.11). When present, the SGW shall provide only one instance of this IE, representing its overload information.	Overload Control Information	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.25-1: Information Elements in a Modify Access Bearers Response

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be present on the S11 interface if S1-U is being used, i.e. if the S11-U Tunnel flag was not set in the Modify Access Bearers Request. The SGW may change the GTP-U F-TEID value if the 'Change F-TEID support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Access Bearers Request. Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	0
S11-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be present on the S11 interface if S11-U is being used, i.e. if the S11-U Tunnel flag was set in the Modify Access Bearers Request. If the 'Change F-TEID support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer Request and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the SGW shall include the new GTP-U F-TEID value. Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value.	F-TEID	1
and E-UTR/ During Hand used by the	AN lı dove sou	not change its F-TEID for a given interface during the Hando nitiated E-RAB modification procedures. rr and Service Request the target eNodeB may use a differer rce eNodeB. In order to support such a scenario, the SGW F dress and an IPv6 address (see also subclause 8.22 "F-TEID	nt IP type than the o -TEID should conta	one

### Table 7.2.25-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within Modify Access Bearers Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.	
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0	
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0	

### Table 7.2.25-4: Load Control Information within Modify Access Bearers Response

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
Load Control Sequence Number	М	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0		
Load Metric	М	See clause 12.2.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0		

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.	
Overload Control Sequence Number	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.1 for the description and use of this parameter.	Sequence Number	0	
Overload Reduction Metric	Μ	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.3 for the description and use of this parameter.	Metric	0	
Period of Validity	M	See clause 12.3.5.1.2.2 for the description and use of this parameter. This IE should be set to "0" if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null. This IE shall be ignored by the receiver if the "Overload Reduction Metric" is null.	EPC Timer	0	

Table 7.2.25-5: Overload Control Information within Modify Access Bearers Response

# 7.2.26 Remote UE Report Notification

The direction of this message shall be from MME to SGW and from SGW to the PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

This message is used by an MME to notify that at least one remote UE is newly connected to or disconnected from a ProSe UE-to-Network Relay when the MME receives such notification from the ProSe UE-to-Network Relay via the PDN connection established by the ProSe UE-to-Network Relay as specified in 3GPP TS 23.303 [72].

Table 7.2.26-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Remote UE Context Connected	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface and S5/S8 interface when the MME receives a report from the ProSe UE-to-Network Relay that a remote UE is newly connected.	Remote UE Context	0
		The SGW shall forward this IE to the PGW. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of remote UEs newly connected.		
Remote UE Context Disconnected	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface and S5/S8 interface when the MME receives a report from the ProSe UE-to-Network Relay that a remote UE is newly disconnected. The SGW shall forward this IE to the PGW.	Remote UE Context	1
		Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of remote UEs newly disconnected.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

 Table 7.2.26-1: Information Elements in Remote UE Report Notification

Octets 1		Remote UE Context IE Type = 191 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
Remote User ID	М	See subclause 8.123 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote User ID	0		
Remote UE IP Information	М	See subclause 8.124 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote UE IP Information	0		

Table 7.2.26-2: Remote UE Context Connected within Remote UE Report Notification

### Table 7.2.26-3: Remote UE Context Disconnected with Remote UE Report Notification

Octets 1		Remote UE Context IE Type = 191 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
Remote User ID		See subclause 8.123 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote User ID	0	

# 7.2.27 Remote UE Report Acknowledge

The Remote UE Report Acknowledge message shall be sent as the response to a Remote UE Report Notification, to acknowledge the information related to the remote UE(s) is received.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.2.27-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Table 7.2.27-1: Information Elements in Remote UE Report Acknowled	lge
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Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

# 7.3 Mobility Management Messages

# 7.3.1 Forward Relocation Request

A Forward Relocation Request message shall be sent from the source MME to the target MME over S10 interface as part of S1-based handover relocation procedure from the source MME to the target SGSN, or from the source SGSN to the target MME over S3 interface as part of Inter RAT handover and combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedures, or from source SGSN to the target SGSN over S16 interface as part of SRNS Relocation and PS handover procedures.

A Forward Relocation Request message shall also be sent from the source MME to the target SGSN over S3 interface as part of SRVCC from E-UTRAN to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support procedures and from source SGSN to the target SGSN over S16 interface as part of SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support.

A source MME which supports CIoT knows whether the target MME pool supports some CIoT optimisations either by using DNS procedures enhanced for DCNs or by local configuration, as specified in subclause 5.9 of 3GPP TS 29.303 [32]. The target MME may forward the Forward Relocation Request to another MME in the target MME pool which is more suitable to serve the UE, based on the information received in the Forward Relocation Request message, e.g. required CIoT EPS optimisation(s) applicable to the given UE's attachment.

NOTE: The source MME does not need to know each individual CIoT feature the target MME pool supports. The source MME can behave as if the target MME pool supports all CIoT features when the target MME pool is known to support CIoT; the source MME determines then which bearer contexts were successfully transferred as specified in sunclause 7.3.2.

Forward Relocation procedure across S10 interface (when  $K_{ASME}$  is taken into use) shall be performed according to the Rules on Concurrent Running of Security Procedures, which are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

When the source MME supports one or more of the CIoT optimization features as specified in subclause 8.125, the source MME shall transfer EPS bearer context(s) for SGi Non-IP PDN connections or for PDN connections to a SCEF only if the target serving node is known to support SGi Non-IP PDN connections or SCEF Non-IP PDN connections respectively, as specified in subclause 5.5.1.2.1 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. The source MME shall not proceed with the Forward Relocation Request procedure if the UE does not have any EPS bearer context(s) for SGi IP or Non-IP PDN connections that can be transferred to the target serving node, i.e. under the following conditions:

- If the UE is attached to the source MME with only the PDN connection(s) of PDN type "non-IP" through the SGW and the PGW, with or without SCEF PDN connections, and the target serving node is an SGSN or it is an MME which is known to not support SGi Non-IP PDN Connection (as specified in subclause 4.3.17.8.3.3 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).

Table 7.3.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI	С	The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the case: - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.	IMSI	0
		The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier - if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.		
Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane	М		F-TEID	0
MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections	С	This IE shall be present, except over the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context and the source and target SGSNs supports SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see NOTE 2).	PDN Connection	0
		If the target MME is known to not support SGi Non-IP PDN Connection (as specified in subclause 4.3.17.8.3.3 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]), then the source MME shall only include PDN Connections of IP PDN type.		
		Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN Connections		
SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be present, except over the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context and the source and target SGSNs supports SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see NOTE 2).	F-TEID	1
SGW node name	С	This IE identifies the SGW that was used by the old MME/S4-SGSN. It shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN, except over the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context and the source and target SGSNs supports SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see NOTE 2).	FQDN	0
MME/SGSN UE MM Context	Μ		MM Context	0
Indication Flags	С	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.</li> <li>Direct Forwarding Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if direct forwarding is supported in the S1 based handover procedure. This flag shall not be set to 1 if the message is used for other handover procedures.</li> <li>Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported</li> </ul>	Indication	0
		Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source MME/SGSN and associated SGW are capable to establish ISR for the UE.		
		<ul> <li>Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Change Reporting support indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1. See NOTE 3.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4- SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1. See NOTE 3.</li> </ul>		
		- Management Based MDT allowed flag: This flag		

 Table 7.3.1-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Request

shall be set to 1 for the S1 based inter-MME handover procedure over the S10 interface, if Management Based Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT) is allowed. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].	
<ul> <li>CSFB Indication: when configured to support the return to the last used PLMN after CSFB, the MME shall set this flag to 1 on the S3 interface if the PS handover procedure is due to CSFB (see subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 23.272 [21]). See NOTE 5.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Pending MT Short Message Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source S4-SGSN/MME knows that there is one (or more) pending MT Short Message(s) in the SMS-GMSC for the UE as specified in subclause 10.1 of 3GPP TS 23.040 [75], Figure 17c). See NOTE 8.</li> </ul>	

E-UTRAN	С	This IE shall be included to contain the "Source to Target	F-Container	0
Transparent		Transparent Container", if the message is used for		
Container		UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN inter RAT handover		
		procedure, E-UTRAN intra RAT handover procedure and 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS		
LITRAN Transporant	С	relocation procedure. The Container Type shall be set to 3. This IE shall be included to contain the "Source to Target	F-Container	1
UTRAN Transparent Container	C	Transparent Container", if the message is used for PS	r-Container	I
Container		handover to UTRAN lu mode procedures, SRNS relocation		
		procedure and E-TURAN to UTRAN inter RAT handover		
BSS Container	С	procedure. The Container Type shall be set to 1. This IE shall be included to contain the "Source BSS to	F-Container	2
DSS Container	C	Target BSS Transparent Container" if the message is used	r-Container	2
		for PS handover to GERAN A/Gb mode and E-UTRAN to		
		GERAN A/Gb mode inter RAT handover procedure. The		
		Container Type shall be set to 2.		
Target Identification	С	This IE shall be included if the message is used for SRNS	Target	0
rarger identification	C	relocation procedure and handover to UTRAN/E-UTRAN	Identification	0
		procedures.	Identification	
	$\sim$	This IE shall be included on the S3 interface if the		
	00	message is used for PS handover from E-UTRAN to		
		GERAN A/Gb mode.		
HRPD access node	С	This IE shall be included only if the HRPD pre registration	IP-Address	0
S101 IP address	C	was performed at the source MME	IF-Address	0
1xIWS S102 IP	С	This IE shall be included only if the 1xRTT CS fallback pre	IP-Address	1
address	C		IF-Addless	I
	С	registration was performed at the source MME This IE is the information received from the source		0
S1-AP Cause	C		F-Cause	0
		eNodeB, and the source MME shall include this IE in the		
		message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the		
		mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.		
RANAP Cause	С	This IE is the information from the source RNC, the source	F-Cause	1
RANAF Cause	C	SGSN shall include this IE in the message. Refer to the	r-Cause	I
		3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values		
		between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.		
BSSGP Cause	С	This IE is the information received from source BSS, and	F-Cause	2
BSSGF Cause	C	the source SGSN shall include this IE in the message.	r-Cause	2
		Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of		
		cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.		
Source Identification	С	This IE shall be included on the S16 interface if the	Source	0
	C	message is used for PS handover from GERAN/UTRAN to	Identification	0
		GERAN A/Gb mode.	Identification	
Selected PLMN ID	С	The old MME/SGSN shall include this IE if the selected	PLMN ID	0
Selected FLIMIN ID	C	PLMN identity is available. The Selected PLMN ID IE		0
		indicates the target core network operator selected for the		
		UE in a shared network.		
Baaayany	С		Bacoveru	0
Recovery Trace Information		If contacting the peer for the first time This IE shall be included when session trace is active for	Recovery	0
Trace Information	С	this IMSI/IMEI.	Trace Information	0
Subscribed RFSP	~~		RFSP Index	0
	00	This IE shall be included during inter-MME/SGSN mobility	KESP Index	0
Index		procedures, if the source MME/SGSN receives it from an		
DECD Index in Line	~~	HSS. This IF shall be included only during inter MME/COON		4
RFSP Index in Use	CO	This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN	RFSP Index	1
		mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN supports the		
	~ ~	feature.		
CSG ID	CO	This IE shall be included on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if	CSG ID	0
		the source MME/SGSN receives it from the source		
		eNodeB/RNC. It indicates the target CSG ID in case of a		
000 M	~~	handover to a CSG cell or hybrid cell.	0.4	~
CSG Membership	CO	This IE shall be included on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces by	СМІ	0
undiantian		the source MME/SGSN if the CSG access mode is		
Indication		received from the source eNodeB/RNC and indicates the		
Indication				
maication		target cell is a hybrid cell, or if the UE has emergency		
		bearer(s) and the target cell is a CSG cell.		
UE Time Zone	СО	bearer(s) and the target cell is a CSG cell. When available, this IE shall be included by the source	UE Time Zone	0
UE Time Zone		bearer(s) and the target cell is a CSG cell. When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
		bearer(s) and the target cell is a CSG cell. When available, this IE shall be included by the source	UE Time Zone Serving Network	0

				-
MME/S4-SGSN LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer		0
		MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer	Distinguished Name (LDN)	
		node for the first time.		
Additional MM	CO	This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN to the	Additional MM	0
context for SRVCC		target MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if MS	context for	
		Classmark2, MS Classmark3 and the Supported Codec	SRVCC	
	~~~	are available in the source MME/S4-SGSN.		0
Additional flags for SRVCC	CO	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags needs to be forwarded.	Additional flags for SRVCC	0
SILVEE		Applicable flags:		
		- ICS Indicator: This IE shall be sent by the source		
		MME/S4-SGSN to the target MME/S4-SGSN on		
		the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if ICS Indicator is		
		available in the source MME/S4-SGSN.		
		 vSRVCC flag: This IE shall be sent by the source 		
		MME to the target MME on the S10 interface if		
		vSRVCC flag is available in the source MME.		
	~~~	This IF shall be sent by the service MME/C4 CCCN to the	STN-SR	0
STN-SR	00	This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN to the target MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if	STN-SK	0
		STN-SR is available in the source MME/S4-SGSN.		
C-MSISDN	CO	This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN to the	MSISDN	0
		target MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if C-		
		MSISDN is available in the source MME/S4-SGSN. The C-		
MDT Configuration	0	MSISDN is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. This IE shall be sent by the source MME to the target MME	MDT	0
NDT Conliguration	00	on the S10 interface for the S1-based handover relocation	Configuration	0
		procedure, if the Job Type indicates Immediate MDT. See	Configuration	
		3GPP TS 32.422 [18] subclause 4.2.6.		
SGSN node name	со	This IE shall be sent by the source SGSN on the S3	FQDN	1
		interface if both source SGSN and associated SGW		
MME node name	0	support ISR. See NOTE 4. This IE shall be sent by the source MME on the S3	FQDN	2
	00	interface if both source MME and associated SGW support	FQDN	2
		ISR. See NOTE 4.		
User CSG	20	This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the		
	CO		UCI	0
Information (UCI)	CO	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has	UCI	0
	CO	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell.	UCI	0
	CO	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the	UCI	0
	CO	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell.	UCI	0
	co	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW.	UCI	0
Information (UCI)		S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6.		
Information (UCI)		S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the	Monitoring Event	0
Information (UCI)		S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be		
Information (UCI)		S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN.	Monitoring Event	
Information (UCI)		S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be	Monitoring Event	
Information (UCI)	СО	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN on the	Monitoring Event	
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information	СО	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the old MME/SGSN supports the	Monitoring Event Information	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information	СО	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3].	Monitoring Event Information	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information	СО	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old	Monitoring Event Information	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information	СО	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3].	Monitoring Event Information	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF Non-IP PDN Connections (as specified in subclause 5.13.1	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF Non-IP PDN Connections (as specified in subclause 5.13.1 of 3GPP TS 23.682 [74]). Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF Non-IP PDN Connections (as specified in subclause 5.13.1 of 3GPP TS 23.682 [74]). Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of SCEF PDN	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN Connections	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF Non-IP PDN Connections (as specified in subclause 5.13.1 of 3GPP TS 23.682 [74]). Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of SCEF PDN Connections.	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN Connection	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF Non-IP PDN Connections (as specified in subclause 5.13.1 of 3GPP TS 23.682 [74]). Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of SCEF PDN Connections. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if the UE's	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN	0
Information (UCI) Monitoring Event Information UE Usage Type MME UE SCEF PDN Connections	со	S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 6. This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events. This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 7. This IE shall be present over the S10 interface if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME is known to support SCEF Non-IP PDN Connections (as specified in subclause 5.13.1 of 3GPP TS 23.682 [74]). Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of SCEF PDN Connections.	Monitoring Event Information Integer Number SCEF PDN Connection	0

			message.		
Source UI	DP Port	CO	If the target MME, selected by the source MME, decides to	Port Number	0
Number			forward the Forward Relocation Request message to		
			another more suitable MME in the same MME pool, the		
			MME shall include this IE, set to the Source UDP Port		
			number of the received message from the source MME.		
			The new target MME shall use this UDP port as the UDP		
			destination port in the Forward Relocation Response		
			message.		
Serving P	LMN Rate	CO	This IE shall be included by the old MME on S10 interface	Serving PLMN	0
Control			if the Serving PLMN Rate control was enabled when there	Rate Control	
			is at least one SCEF PDN connection. See NOTE 9.		
Private Ex	tension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1:	3GPP TS 2	3.40	1 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g.	subclause 9.2.2.1)	
			E/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Ir		
	such case I	MME.	/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication a	nd/or CSG Change	•
			ort Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers		
			ort Indication.	0	
NOTE 2:			used for SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection if all the S4-S	GSNs (between w	hich
	SRNS reloc	catior	n can take place) support this optional GTPv2 procedure. Oth	erwise GTPv1 sha	
	used for that	at pro	cedure (see subclause 7.10). The S4-SGSN can know by lo	cal configuration	
	whether all	peer	S4-SGSNs support this procedure.	-	
NOTE 3:	The receive	r sha	all ignore the per UE Change Reporting Support Indication ar	nd CSG Change	
	Reporting S	Suppo	ort Indication flags, as included within the Indication Flags IE	above, if these flag	gs are
	included pe	r PD	N connection i.e. within the Indication Flags IE of the MME/S	GSN UE EPS PDN	١
	Connection	s IE.			
NOTE 4:	According t	o the	3GPP TS 23.401 [3], during an inter-RAT handover procedu	ure for a UE with IS	R
	activated, th	ne so	ource MME/SGSN should select the ISR associated CN node	for this UE as the	target
	CN node fo	r the	inter RAT HO when the ISR associated CN node can serve	the target access.	This
	parameter i	s exc	changed when ISR is being activated and used in the source	MME/SGSN for thi	is
	decision up	on si	ubsequent inter-RAT handover.		
NOTE 5:	If the SGSN	l nee	eds to include the last used LTE PLMN ID in the Equivalent P	LMN list it sends to	o the
	UE (see 3G	SPP 1	S 23.272 [21]), the SGSN shall derive the last used LTE PL	MN ID from the Sei	rving
	Network IE.				_
NOTE 6:	In shared n	etwo	rks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLM	IN, the PLMN ID th	at is
	communica	ted in	n this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator	for supporting UEs	s, or
			ated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an e		
			aming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the I		
	non-suppor	ting l	JE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HF	LMN for non-supp	orting
			Common PLMN ID.		
			rks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same		у
			e communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common		
			n SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporting		
			or PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or alloca		for
			JEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Se	rving Network.	
			I.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].		
NOTE 7:			be IE with the length field equal to 0 is used for the receiver the		
			er does not support the Dedicated Core Network feature from		
			the Dedicated Core Network feature but no UE Usage type	was received in UE	's
	subscription				
NOTE 8:			pending MT Short Message at the SMS-GMSC during a har		
			a Service Request towards the source MME/SGSN and a h		•
		tly af	terward, before the SMS-GMSC is alerted to retransmit the p	pending MT Short	
	Message.				
NOTE 9:			may compare the value of the Serving PLMN Rate Control r		
	Relocation	Requ	lest message with the one configured locally, to determine if	this parameter nee	eds to
			ards the SCEF. The Serving PLMN Rate Control does not ap		
			is message.		

The PDN Connection grouped IE shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.1-2.

Octet 1		PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4 Information	Р	Spare and Instance fields Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements	Г	Condition / Comment	іс туре	
APN	М		APN	0
APN Restriction	С	This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction. If available, the source MME/S4SGSN shall include this IE.	APN Restriction	0
Selection Mode	со	When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN	Selection Mode	0
IPv4 Address	С	This IE shall not be included if no IPv4 Address is assigned. See NOTE 1.	IP Address	0
IPv6 Address	С	This IE shall not be included if no IPv6 Address is assigned.	IP Address	1
Linked EPS Bearer ID	М	This IE identifies the default bearer of the PDN Connection.	EBI	0
PGW S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP	Μ	This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8 case and the uplink GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case. See NOTE 4.	F-TEID	0
PGW node name	С	This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has the PGW FQDN.	FQDN	0
Bearer Contexts	С	Several IEs with this type and instance values may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	M		AMBR	0
Charging characteristics	С	This IE shall be present if charging characteristics was supplied by the HSS to the MME/SGSN as a part of subscription information.	Charging characteristics	0
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN. See NOTE 5.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action		This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
H(e)NB Information Reporting		This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN.	H(e)NB Information Reporting	0
Indication Flags	CO	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.</li> <li>Change Reporting support indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism and if the S4-SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the Location Change Reporting mechanism to the PGW, during the session establishment and/or modification procedures. See NOTE 2.</li> <li>CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism and if the support for the support for the SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the support for the set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism and if the S4-SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the CSG Information</li> </ul>	Indication	0
		<ul> <li>Change Reporting to the PGW, during the session establishment and/or modification procedures. See NOTE 2.</li> <li>Delay Tolerant Connection Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S3/S10/S16 interface by the source MME/SGSN if the PGW indicated that this PDN Connection is delay tolerant.</li> <li>Extended PCO Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on S3/S10/S16 interface by the source MME/SGSN if the UE and the source</li> </ul>		

MME/SGSN support Extended PCO.		
MME/00014 Support Extended 1 00.		
	1	

Signalling Priority	0	The source SGSN/MME shall include this IE if the UE	Signalling Priority	0
Indication	00	indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN	Indication	0
	~~~	connection.		
Change to Report Flags	co	This IE shall be included by the SGSN if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. See NOTE3. Applicable flags:	Change to Report Flags	0
		 Serving Network Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source SGSN has detected a Serving Network change during a RAU procedure without SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW. 		
		 Time Zone Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source SGSN has detected a UE Time Zone change during a RAU procedure without SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW. 		
Local Home Network ID	CO	This IE shall be sent over the S3/S10/S16 interface if SIPTO at the Local Network is active for the PDN connection in the SIPTO at the Local Network architecture with stand-alone GW.	FQDN	1
Presence Reporting Area Action	СО	This IE shall be included if the PGW requested the source MME/SGSN to report changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area. The source MME/SGSN shall include the Presence Reporting Area Identifier and, if received from the PGW, the list of the Presence Reporting	Presence Reporting Area Action	0
WLAN Offloadability	<u> </u>	Area elements. If the MME/SGSN supports WLAN/3GPP Radio	WLAN	0
Indication	0	Interworking with RAN rules then this IE shall be included on S3/S10/S16 if the UE has been authorized to perform WLAN offload for at least one RAT.	Offloadability Indication	0
Remote UE Context	CO	The source MME shall include this IE on the S10 interface	Remote UE	0
Connected		during an inter MME mobility procedure if such information is available. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of remote UEs connected.	Context	
PDN Type	СО	The source MME shall include this IE on the S10 interface, for a Non-IP PDN Connection, during an inter MME mobility procedure, if the target MME supports SGi Non-IP PDN connections.	PDN Type	0
Header Compression	СО	This IE shall be sent over the S10 interface if the use of IP	Header	0
Configuration		Header Compression for Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisations has been negotiated with the UE and the target MME is known to support CIoT EPS optimisations.	Compression Configuration	
PGW during	g "el	4 address allocation, if the MME/S4-SGSN receives the PD JTRAN Initial Attach", "PDP Context Activation", "UE request 4-SGSN shall include this IPv4 address "0.0.0.0".		
NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 2 defines the such case M Reporting S	3.40 MME MME Suppo	1 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. E/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support I /SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication a ort Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers ort Indication.	ndication to the PG	W. In
NOTE 3: When UE is subclause 6 connection messages, allocated, th	s can 5.12. is es e.g. neref	nping on the 3G and performs a Service Request procedure, 1 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], if Service Type indicates Signallir tablished between the MS and the SGSN for sending upper- Activate PDP Context Request, but the resources for active ore the change of Serving Network or UE Time zone may no	ng, the signalling layer signalling PDP context(s) are	not
NOTE 4: For PMIP ba S5/S8 IP Ad	ased ddres	he existing PDP Contexts. I S5/S8, the 'PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user plan ss for Control Plane or PMIP' IE shall contain the same uplin	k GRE key; the Inte	rface
NOTE 5: The target M (respectivel) that no ULI	MME y an char	is shall be set to the value 9 (S5/S8 PGW PMIPv6 interface) (respectively S4-SGSN) shall ignore this IE if it is received f MME), i.e. over the S3 interface. In this case, the target serving reporting is requested by the PGW for the target RAT, and et serving node to start ULI change reporting for the target R	rom an S4-SGSN ving node shall cons nd the PGW shall	sider

The Bearer Context grouped IE shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.1-3.

Table 7.3.1-3: Bearer Context within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Forward Relocation
Request

Octets 2 and 3 Length = n	
Octet 4 Spare and Instance fields	
Information P Condition / Comment IE Type	Ins.
elements	
EPS Bearer ID M EBI	0
TFT C This IE shall be present if a TFT is defined for this bearer. Bearer TFT	0
SGW S1/S4/S12 IP M F-TEID	0
Address and TEID for	
user plane	
PGW S5/S8 IP C This IE shall be present for GTP based S5/S8 F-TEID	1
Address and TEID for CO For PMIP-based S5/S8, this IE shall be included if the	
user plane PGW provided an alternate address for user plane, i.e. an	
IP address for user plane which is different from the IP	
address for control plane.	
When present, this IE shall contain the alternate IP	
address for user plane and the uplink GRE key.	
See NOTE 1.	
Bearer Level QoS M Bearer QoS	0
BSS Container CO The MME/S4 SGSN shall include the Packet Flow ID, F-Container	0
Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters in the	
TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, if available. See Figure	
8.48-2. The Container Type shall be set to 2.	
Transaction Identifier C This IE shall be sent over S3/S10/S16 if the UE supports TI	0
A/Gb and/or lu mode.	
Bearer Flags CO Applicable flags: Bearer Flags	0
- vSRVCC indicator: This IE shall be sent by the	
source MME to the target MME on the S10	
interface if vSRVCC indicator is available in the	
source MME.	
- ASI (Activity Status Indicator): the source S4-	
SGSN shall set this indicator to 1 on the S16	
interface if the bearer context is preserved in the	
CN without an associated RAB.	
NOTE 1: For PMIP based S5/S8, the 'PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user plane' IE and the 'PC	
S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP' IE shall contain the same uplink GRE key; the	nterface
Type in these IEs shall be set to the value 9 (S5/S8 PGW PMIPv6 interface).	

Table 7.3.1-4: Remote UE Context Connected within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Forward Relocation Request

Octets 1		Remote UE Context IE Type = 191 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
Remote User ID	М	See subclause 8.123 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote User ID	0		
Remote UE IP Information		See subclause 8.124 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote UE IP Information	0		

Octets 1		SCEF PDN Connection IE Type = 195 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
elements					
APN	Μ		APN	0	
Default EPS Bearer	Μ	This IE shall identify the default bearer of the SCEF PDN	EBI	0	
ID		Connection.			
SCEF ID	Μ	This IE shall include the SCEF Identifier and the SCEF	Node Identifier	0	
		Realm for the APN.			

 Table 7.3.1-5: MME UE SCEF PDN Connections within Forward Relocation Request

7.3.2 Forward Relocation Response

A Forward Relocation Response message shall be sent as a response to Forward Relocation Request during S1-based handover procedure, Inter RAT handover procedures, SRNS Relocation procedure and PS handover procedures.

Based on the List of Set-up Bearers IE and the List of Set-up Bearers for SCEF PDN Connections IE in the Forward Relocation Response, the source MME shall determine whether the bearer contexts for SGi (IP or Non-IP) or SCEF PDN connections were successfully transferred to the target MME, and initiate procedures to release the SCEF PDN connections which were not successfully handed over.

Table 7.3.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Cause IE indicates if the relocation has been accepted, or not. The relocation has not been accepted by the target MME/SGSN if the Cause IE value differs from "Request accepted". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Relocation failure".

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane	С	If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", the target MME/SGSN shall include this IE in Forward Relocation Response message.	F-TEID	0
Indication Flags	С	This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1. SGW Change Indication: - This flag shall be set to 1 if the target MME/SGSN has selected a new SGW.	Indication	0
List of Set-up Bearers	С	The list of set-up Bearers IE contains the EPS bearer Identifiers of the Bearers that were successfully allocated in the target system during a handover procedure. This IE shall be included if the source and target access type is EUTRAN and the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted". See NOTE 1. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
List of Set-up RABs	С	The list of set-up RABs IE contains the RAB Identifiers of the RABs that were successfully allocated in the target system. This IE shall be included if the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted" and - If the source access type is UTRAN and the target access type is E-UTRAN/UTRAN, - If the source access type is E-UTRAN and the target access type is UTRAN, except over the S16 interface if the Forward Relocation Request did not include the MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections IE. See NOTE 1. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	1
List of Set-up PFCs	0	The list of set-up PFCs IE contains the Packet Flow Identifies of the PFCs that were successfully allocated in the target system during a PS handover to/from GERAN or inter RAT handover to/from GERAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", this IE may be included. See NOTE 1. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	2
S1-AP Cause	С	This IE is included if cause value is contained in S1-AP message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.	F-Cause	0
RANAP Cause	С	This IE is included if cause value is contained in RANAP message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.	F-Cause	1
BSSGP Cause	С	For handover to GERAN, if a cause value is received from the Target BSC, the BSSGP Cause IE shall be included and shall be set to the cause value received from the target BSC. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.	F-Cause	2
E-UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE shall be included to contain the "Target to Source Transparent Container" during a handover to E-UTRAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted". The Container Type shall be set to 3.	F-Container	0
UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE shall be included to contain the "Target to Source Transparent Container" during a handover to UTRAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted". The Container Type shall be set to 1.	F-Container	1
BSS Container	С	This IE shall be included to contain the Target BSS to	F-Container	2

 Table 7.3.2-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Response

				,	
		Source BSS Transparent Container during a handover to			
		GERAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request			
		accepted". The Container Type shall be set to 2			
MME/S4-SGSN LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer		0	
		MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP	Distinguished		
		TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer	Name (LDN)		
		node for the first time.			
SGSN node name	СО	This IE shall be sent by the target SGSN on the S3	FQDN	0	
		interface if both target SGSN and associated SGW support			
		ISR. See NOTE 2.			
MME node name	со	This IE shall be sent by the target MME on the S3 interface	FQDN	1	
		if both target MME and associated SGW support ISR. See			
	_	NOTE 2.			
SGSN Number	0	This IE may be sent by the target S4-SGSN to the source	Node Number	0	
		MME/S4-SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.271 [56].			
	co	This IE shall be included if the PMTSMI flag in the Forward			
0.000	-	Relocation Request message is set to 1.			
SGSN Identifier	0	This IE may be sent by the target S4-SGSN to the source	Node Identifier	0	
	_	MME/S4-SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.271 [56].			
MME Identifier	0	This IE may be sent by the target MME to the source	Node Identifier	1	
	~~	MME/S4-SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.271 [56].			
MME number for MT	CO	This IE shall be included if the PMTSMI flag in the Forward	Node Number	1	
SMS	~~	Relocation Request message is set to 1.		0	
SGSN Identifier for	CO	This IE shall be included if the target S4-SGSN supports	Node Identifier	2	
MT-SMS		the Gdd reference point and if the PMTSMI flag in the			
MME Identifier for MT	~~	Forward Relocation Request message is set to 1.	Node Identifier	2	
	CO	This IE shall be included if the target MME supports the	Node Identifier	3	
SMS		SGd reference point and if the PMTSMI flag in the Forward			
List of Cot up Degrara	<u> </u>	Relocation Request message is set to 1. This IE shall contain the EPS bearer Identifiers of the	Bearer Context	3	
List of Set-up Bearers for SCEF PDN	00		Dearer Context	3	
Connections		Bearers of SCEF PDN connections that were successfully allocated in the target system during a handover			
Connections		procedure.			
		Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be			
		included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.			
Private Extension	0	included as necessary to represent a list of Dealers.	Private Extension	VS	
	ŀ	Relocation Request message, the inclusion of "RAN Cause"			
		-UTRAN. In the Forward Relocation Request message, the			
		s that the source access type is UTRAN. In the Forward Relo			
message, the inclusion of "BSSGP Cause" indicates that the source access type is GERAN.					
NOTE 2: According to the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], during an inter-RAT handover procedure for a UE with ISR					
activated, the source MME/SGSN should select the ISR associated CN node for this UE as the target					
CN node for the inter RAT HO when the ISR associated CN node can serve the target access. This					
parameter is exchanged when ISR is being activated and used in the source MME/SGSN for this					
		ubsequent inter-RAT handover.			

Bearer Context IE in this message is specified in Table 7.3.2-2, the source system shall use this IE for data forwarding in handover.

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.		
EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE shall be included if the message is used for S1- Based handover procedure. This IE shall be included if the message is used for SRNS relocation procedure and Inter RAT handover to/from Iu mode procedures.	EBI	0		
Packet Flow ID	С	This IE shall be included if the message is used for PS handover and Inter RAT handover to/from A/Gb mode procedures.	Packet Flow ID	0		
eNodeB F-TEID for DL data forwarding	С	This IE shall be included for the message sent from the target MME, if the DL Transport Layer Address and DL GTP TEID are included in the "SAE Bearers Admitted List" of the S1AP: HANDOVER REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE and direct forwarding or indirect forwarding without SGW change is applied.	F-TEID	0		
eNodeB F-TEID for UL data forwarding	0	This IE may be included for the message sent from the target MME during the intra-EUTRAN HO, if the UL Transport Layer Address and UL GTP TEID are included in the "SAE Bearers Admitted List" of the S1AP: HANDOVER REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE and direct forwarding or indirect forwarding without SGW change is applied.	F-TEID	1		
SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding	С	This SGW F-TEID shall be included when indirect data forwarding with SGW change is applied.	F-TEID	2		
RNC F-TEID for DL data forwarding	С	This RNC F-TEID shall be included in the message sent from SGSN, if the target system decides using RNC F- TEID for data forwarding.	F-TEID	3		
SGSN F-TEID for DL data forwarding	С	This SGSN F-TEID shall be included in the message sent from SGSN, if the target system decides using SGSN F- TEID for data forwarding.	F-TEID	4		
SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding		If available this SGW F-TEID may be included when indirect data forwarding with SGW change is applied, during the intra-EUTRAN HO.	F-TEID	5		
NOTE: The Bearer Cor	ntext	IE for an SCEF PDN connection shall only contain the EPS	Bearer ID IE.			

Table 7.3.2-2: Bearer Context

7.3.3 Forward Relocation Complete Notification

A Forward Relocation Complete Notification message shall be sent to the source MME/SGSN to indicate the handover has been successfully finished.

Table 7.3.3-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Туре	Ins.
elements				
Indication Flags		This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1. Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if the message is used for inter RAT handover and the UE has ISR capability. This flag is set to indicate to the source MME/SGSN whether it shall maintain the UE's context and whether it shall activate ISR.	Indication	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.3.4 Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge

A Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to Forward Relocation Complete Notification during inter eNodeB handover with MME relocation procedure, SRNS Relocation with SGSN change procedures using S4 or Inter RAT Handover with MME/S4 SGSN interaction procedures.

Table 7.3.4-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.4-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Recovery	0		Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.3.5 Context Request

The new MME/SGSN shall send the Context Request message to the old MME/SGSN on S3/S16/S10 interface as a part of TAU/RAU procedure and UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure to get the MM and EPS bearer Contexts for the UE.

NOTE 1: During UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43], the GUTI, RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE, are not received directly from the UE but from the MSC Server over Sv interface.

If the sending/new node is a MME, it shall include in the Context Request message:

- the GUTI IE and Complete TAU Request Message IE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI received from UE indicates the old node is a MME, as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].
- the RAI IE and the P-TMSI IE, which are derived from the GUTI received from UE, and the P-TMSI Signature that was received intact from the UE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

If the sending/new node is an SGSN, it shall include RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in the Context Request message. If the receiving/old node is an MME, it shall construct GUTI according to the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE (see the mapping relationship between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI signature and GUTI defined in 3GPP TS23.003[2]), and find UE context via this GUTI.

The new MME differentiates the type of the old node as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. If the old node is an SGSN, the GUTI shall be mapped to RAI and P-TMSI by the new MME; if the old node is a MME, the new MME include GUTI IE and Complete TAU Request Message IE in the Context Request message. The Mapping between temporary and area identities is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

The Target PLMN ID IE shall be used in old SGSN/MME in order to decide whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed to new SGSN/MME or not. Distribution and use of authentication vectors between different serving network domains are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

In this release of the specification, the new MME shall not initiate a Context Request towards an old SGSN or towards an old MME if it knows that the old MME does not support the NB-IoT RAT Type and if the UE is sending the Tracking Area Update Request on the NB-IoT RAT.

NOTE 2: The Tracking Area Update Request is rejected by the new MME in this case as specified in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23].

Table 7.3.5-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI		IMSI shall be included if the UE has been successfully authenticated.	IMSI	0
GUTI	C CO	The New MME shall include this IE over S10 interface. This IE shall be included over S10 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].	GUTI	0
Routeing Area Identity(RAI)	C CO	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN, the new MME maps this IE from GUTI. This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA)	ULI (NOTE 4)	0
Packet TMSI(P-TMSI)		SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface. For the S3 interface, if sent by the MME, this IE is derived by the MME from the GUTI received from the UE. This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].	P-TMSI	0
P-TMSI Signature	C CO	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if it is received from the UE. This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].	P-TMSI Signature	0
Complete TAU request message	С	The new MME shall include this IE if available, and the old MME may use this IE for integrity check. See NOTE 3.	Complete Request Message	0
S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control plane message which is chosen by the new MME/SGSN. In case of SGSN pool, the IPv4 or the IPv6 address field shall be set to the same value of the Source IP address of the IP packet carrying this message, and the relaying SGSN shall not change the content of this IE when sending it to the old SGSN. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	0
UDP Source Port Number	С	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP Source Port number of the received message in this parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as the UDP destination port of the Context Response message.	Port Number	0
RAT Type	С	The RAT Type indicates the Radio Access Technology which is used in the new system.	RAT Type	0
Indication		 his IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable Flags are: The MS Validated (MSV) flag, when set to 1, indicates that the new system has successfully authenticated the UE, or the new system has validated the integrity protection of the TAU request message. See NOTE 3. 	Indication	0
Hop Counter	0	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop Counter if this IE is present in the received message; otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old SGSN.	Hop Counter	0
Target PLMN ID	со	If available, this IE shall be included in order to allow old MME/SGSN to make a judgment whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed or not.	Serving Network	0
MME/S4-SGSN LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0

Table 7.3.5-1: Information Elements in a Context Request

	~
FQDN	0
FQDN	1
le Number	0
e Identifier	0
e Identifier	1
CloT	0
imizations	
ort Indication	
e Extension	VS
the old SGSN	٧,
s and TEID f	or
a UE with IS	R
is UE as the	target
I to E-	
) IE.	
	e Identifier e Identifier CIoT mizations ort Indication e Extension the old SGSN s and TEID f a UE with IS s UE as the get access. T SGSN for thi to E- n these

7.3.6 Context Response

A Context Response message shall be sent as a response to a previous Context Request message during TAU/RAU procedure and UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "IMSI/IMEI not known"
- "P-TMSI Signature mismatch"
- "User authentication failed"
- "Target access restricted for the subscriber"

Based on the subscription profile, when the access to the target RAT is prohibited for the subscriber, the old MME/SGSN may reject the Context Request message with the cause "Target access restricted for the subscriber".

When the source MME supports one or more of the CIoT optimization features as indicated through the CIoT Optimizations Support Indication IE specified in subclause 8.125 and the target MME has not set the AWOPDN bit of the CIoT Optimizations Support Indication IE set to 1 in the Context Request message as specified in subclause 8.125, the source MME shall reject the Context Request with a cause value of "Request Rejected" under the following conditions (conditions are mutually exclusive):

- If the UE is attached to the source MME without any PDN connection through the SGW and PGW and without any SCEF PDN connection.
- If the UE is attached to the source MME with only the PDN connection(s) of PDN type "non-IP", through the SGW and the PGW but the UE has not activated any SCEF PDN connection and the target MME has not set the SGNIPDN bit of the CIoT Optimizations Support Indication IE set to 1 in the Context Request message as specified in subclause 8.125.
- If the UE is attached to the source MME with only the SCEF PDN connection(s) but the UE has not activated any PDN connection through the SGW and PGW and the target MME has not set the SCNIPDN bit of the CIoT Optimizations Support Indication IE set to 1 in the Context Request message as specified in subclause 8.125.

- If the UE is attached to the source MME with only PDN connection(s) of PDN type "non-IP", through the SGW and the PGW and at least one SCEF PDN connection and the target MME has neither set the SGNIPDN bit nor the SCNIPDN bit of the CIoT Optimizations Support Indication IE set to 1 in the Context Request message as specified in subclause 8.125.

In this release of the specification, the target MME shall not proceed with the Tracking Area Update request and shall send a Context Acknowledge to the source MME with the cause as "Denied in RAT" in the following cases:

- if it detects a change of RAT type and either the source RAT as given by the source MME in the Context Response or the target RAT is NB-IoT; or
- if the target RAT is NB-IoT and the source MME did not include the RAT Type IE in the Context Response.
- NOTE 1: The Tracking Area Update Request is rejected by the target MME in this case as specified in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23].

Table 7.3.6-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
IMSI	С	The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the	IMSI	0
		case:		
		 If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is 		
		UICCless.		
		The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as		
		an identifier		
		- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not		
		authenticated.		
MME/SGSN UE MM	С	This IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value "	MM Context	0
Context		Request Accepted ".		
MME/SGSN UE EPS	С	This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN	PDN Connection	0
PDN Connections		connection for this UE through the SGW and PGW on the		
		sending MME/SGSN.		
		If the target MME has not set the SGNIPDN bit of the CloT		
		Optimizations Support Indication IE to 1 in the Context		
		Request, then the source MME shall only include PDN Connections of IP PDN type (if any).		
		Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be		
		included as necessary to represent a list of PDN		
		Connections.		
Sender F-TEID for	С	This IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value	F-TEID	0
Control Plane		"Request Accepted".		_
SGW S11/S4 IP	С	This IE shall be included if a SGW is being used by the old	F-TEID	1
Address and TEID for		MME/SGSN, except if:		
Control Plane		 the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the 		
		MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration		
		procedure, and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not		
		performed the SGW relocation procedure after the		
		source SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
		- across the S16 interface if there is no active PDP		
		context		
		 across the S10 interface the UE does not have any 		
		PDN connection through the SGW and PGW		
SGW node name	С	This IE identifies the SGW that was used by the old	FQDN	0
		MME/SGSN and it shall be included by the source		
		MME/S4-SGSN with the following exceptions:		
		 the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the 		
		MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration		
		procedure, and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not		
		performed the SGW relocation procedure after the		
		source SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS		
		23.007 [17]. - across the S16 interface if there is no active PDP		
		context		
		 across the S10 interface the UE does not have any 		
		PDN connection through the SGW and PGW		
Indication Flags	С	This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.	Indication	0
5		, , ,		
		Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication:		
		 This flag shall be set to 1 if the Cause IE value 		
		indicates "Request accepted" and the old system		
		(including old MME/SGSN and the associated		
		SGW) has the ISR capability.		
		Unauthenticated IMSI:		
		- This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the		
		message is not authenticated and is for an		
		emergency attached UE.		
		Change Reporting support indication flag:		

Table 7.3.6-1: Information Elements in a Context Response

 This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4- SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE 1. See NOTE 2. 	
CSG Change Reporting support indication flag: - This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4- SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE 1. See NOTE 2.	
ISRAU: - This flag shall be set to 1 on S10/S16 interface if the ISR is activated for the UE before the UE moving to the new SGSN/MME.	
Management Based MDT allowed flag: - This flag shall be set to 1 for the inter-MME TAU procedure over the S10 interface, if Management Based Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT) is allowed. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].	
SGW Restoration Needed Indication (SRNI): - This flag shall be set to 1 if both source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration procedure and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not performed the SGW relocation procedure after the source SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	
 CSFB Indication (CSFBI): when configured to support the return to the last used PLMN after CSFB, the MME shall set this flag to 1 on the S3 interface if the UE has been subject to CSFB recently (see subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 23.272 [21]). See NOTE 4. 	
 Buffered DL Data Waiting Indication (BDWI): This flag shall be set to 1 on the S3/S10/S16 interface, during TAU/RAU with or without SGW change procedures, when it is required to forward to the UE DL data buffered in the (old) SGW, i.e. when the DL Data Buffer Expiration Time has not expired yet in the old MME/SGSN, as specified in subclause 4.3.17.7 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. 	
 Pending MT Short Message Indication (PMTSMI): This flag shall be set to 1 if the source S4- SGSN/MME knows that there is one (or more) pending MT Short Message(s) in the SMS-GMSC for the UE as specified in subclause 10.1 of 3GPP TS 23.040 [75], Figure 17c). 	

Trace Information	С	This IE shall be included when session trace is active for	Trace Information	0
HRPD access node	С	this IMSI/IMEI. This IE shall be included only if the HRPD pre registration	IP-Address	0
S101 IP address 1xIWS S102 IP address	С	was performed at the old MME This IE shall be included only if the 1xRTT CS fallback pre registration was performed at the old MME	IP-Address	1
Subscribed RFSP Index	со	This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN receives it from an HSS.	RFSP Index	0
RFSP Index in Use	со	This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN supports the feature.	RFSP Index	1
UE Time Zone	со	When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
MME/S4-SGSN LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0
MDT Configuration	СО	This IE shall be sent by the source MME to the target MME on the S10 interface for inter-MME TAU procedure, if the Job Type indicates Immediate MDT. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18] subclause 4.2.6.	MDT Configuration	0
SGSN node name	СО	This IE shall be sent by the old SGSN on the S3 interface if both old SGSN and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 3.	FQDN	1
MME node name	СО	This IE shall be sent by the old MME on the S3 interface if both old MME and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 3.	FQDN	2
User CSG Information (UCI)	CO	This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. See NOTE 5.	UCI	0
Monitoring Event Information	СО	This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN. More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple monitoring events.	Monitoring Event Information	0
UE Usage Type	со	This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the old MME/SGSN supports the Dedicated Core Networks feature specified in TS 23.401 [3]. If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0. See NOTE 6.	Integer Number	0
MME UE SCEF PDN Connections	С	This IE shall be included if there is at least one SCEF PDN connection for this UE at the source MME and if the target MME has set the SCNIPDN bit of the CIoT Optimizations Support Indication IE to 1 in the Context Request as specified in subclause 8.125. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of SCEF PDN Connections.	SCEF PDN Connection	0
RAT Туре	СО	This IE shall be included by the source MME on the S10 interface to indicate the old RAT type where the UE was camping. See NOTE 7.	RAT Type	0
Serving PLMN Rate Control		This IE shall be included by the old MME on the S10 interface if such Serving PLMN Rate control was enabled when there is at least one SGi or SCEF PDN connection with the Control Plane Only Indication set. See NOTE 8.	Serving PLMN Rate Control	0
defines the such case I	MME MME	1 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. E/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support In /SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication a ort Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers	ndication to the PG	

	Reporting Support Indication.
NOTE 2:	The receiver shall ignore the per UE Change Reporting Support Indication and CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flags, as included within the Indication Flags IE above, if these flags are included per PDN connection i.e. within the Indication Flags IE of the MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections IE.
NOTE 3:	According to the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], during an inter-RAT handover procedure for a UE with ISR activated, the source MME/SGSN should select the ISR associated CN node for this UE as the target CN node for the inter RAT HO when the ISR associated CN node can serve the target access. This parameter is exchanged when ISR is being activated and used in the source MME/SGSN for this decision upon subsequent inter-RAT handover.
NOTE 4:	If the SGSN needs to include the last used LTE PLMN ID in the Equivalent PLMN list it sends to the UE (see 3GPP TS 23.272 [21]), the SGSN shall derive the last used LTE PLMN ID from the Old RAI IE received in the RAU request message.
NOTE 5:	In shared networks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLMN, the PLMN ID that is communicated in this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator for supporting UEs, or that of the allocated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an exception, based on inter-operator roaming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is a supporting or non-supporting UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HPLMN for non-supporting UEs shall be the Common PLMN ID. In shared networks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same PLMN, the Primary PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common PLMN ID shall be communicated by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network. See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].
NOTE 6:	A UE Usage Type IE with the length field equal to 0 is used for the receiver to differentiate the case where the sender does not support the Dedicated Core Network feature from the case where the sender supports the Dedicated Core Network feature but no UE Usage type was received in UE's subscription.
NOTE 7:	The old RAT can be used by the target MME to determine if the Tracking Area Update Request shall be rejected.
NOTE 8:	The target MME may compare the value of the Serving PLMN Rate Control received in the Context Response message with the one configured locally, to determine if such parameter needs to be updated towards the SCEF and/or PGW.

Octet 1		PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		1 -
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
APN	М		APN	0
APN Restriction	C	This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types	APN Restriction	0
		of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer		
		Context. The target MME or SGSN determines the		
		Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction.		
		If available, the source MME/S4 SGSN shall include this IE.		
Selection Mode	co	When available, this IE shall be included by the source	Selection Mode	0
		MME/S4-SGSN		-
IPv4 Address	С	This IE shall not be included if no IPv4 Address is	IP Address	0
IPv6 Address	С	assigned. See NOTE 1. See NOTE 5. This IE shall not be included if no IPv6 Address is	IP Address	1
IF VO AUDIESS	C	assigned. See NOTE 5.	IF Address	
Linked EPS Bearer ID	Μ	This IE identifies the default bearer of the PDN	EBI	0
	<u> </u>	Connection.		
PGW S5/S8 IP	М	This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8	F-TEID	0
Address for Control Plane or PMIP	ĺ	case and the uplink GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case.		
		See NOTE 3.		
PGW node name	С	This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has	FQDN	0
		the PGW FQDN.		
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance values may be	Bearer Context	0
Agarogoto Movimum	М	included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	AMBR	0
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)			AIVIDK	0
Charging	С	This IE shall be present if charging characteristics was	Charging	0
characteristics		supplied by the HSS to the MME/SGSN as a part of	characteristics	
		subscription information.		
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included whenever available at the source	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information	CO	MME/SGSN. See NOTE 4. This IE shall be included whenever available at the source	CSG Information	0
Reporting Action	00	MME/SGSN.	Reporting Action	Ŭ
H(e)NB Information	CO	This IE shall be included whenever available at the source	H(e)NB	0
Reporting		MME/SGSN.	Information	
Indiantian flama	~~~	This IF shall be included if any one of the explicitly flags	Reporting Indication	0
Indication flags	00	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.	Indication	0
		Applicable flags:		
		- Subscribed QoS Change Indication: This flag shall		
		be set to 1 if the subscribed QoS profile of the		
		related PDN connection has changed in the old		
		MME/SGSN when the UE is in ECM-IDLE state and ISR is activated.		
		- Change Reporting support indication flag: This flag		
		shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME		
		supports Location Change Reporting mechanism		
		and if the S4-SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the Location Change Reporting		
		mechanism to the PGW, during the session		
		establishment and/or modification procedures. See		
	ĺ	NOTE 2.		
	ĺ	CSG Change Penerting Support Indication flow		
	ĺ	 CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4- 		
	1	SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change		
	ĺ	Reporting mechanism and if the S4-SGSN/MME		
	ĺ	has indicated the support for the CSG Information		
	1	Change Reporting to the PGW, during the session establishment and/or modification procedures. See		
L	<u> </u>	establishment and/or mounication procedures. See	l	1

Table 7.3.6-2: MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Context Response

NOTE 2.	
- Pending Subscription Change Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S3/S10 interface if the source MME has received Subscribed QoS profile updates for QCI/ARP/APN-AMBR from the HSS but has deferred the reporting of these updates to the PGW/PCRF because the UE was not reachable.	
 Pending Network Initiated PDN Connection Signalling Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S3/S10/S16 interface by the source MME/SGSN if there is pending network initiated signalling for the PDN connection. 	
 Delay Tolerant Connection Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S3/S10/S16 interface by the source MME/SGSN if the PGW indicated that this PDN Connection is delay tolerant. 	
 Extended PCO Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on S3/S10/S16 interface by the source MME/SGSN if the UE and the source MME/SGSN support Extended PCO. 	
 Control Plane Only PDN Connection Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if the PDN Connection is set to Control Plane Only. 	

Signalling Priority Indication	со	The source SGSN/MME shall include this IE if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection.	Signalling Priority Indication	0
Change to Report Flags	СО	 This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags: Serving Network Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source MME/SGSN has detected a Serving Network change during a TAU/RAU procedure without MME/SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW. 	Change To Report Flags	0
		 Time Zone Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source MME/SGSN has detected a UE Time Zone change during a TAU/RAU procedure without MME/SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW. 		
Local Home Network ID		This IE shall be sent over the S3/S10/S16 interface if SIPTO at the Local Network is active for the PDN connection in the SIPTO at the Local Network architecture with stand-alone GW.	FQDN	1
Presence Reporting Area Action	со	This IE shall be included if the PGW requested the source MME/SGSN to report changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area. The source MME/SGSN shall include the Presence Reporting Area Identifier and, if received from the PGW, the list of the Presence Reporting Area elements.	Presence Reporting Area Action	0
WLAN Offloadability Indication	со	If the MME/SGSN supports WLAN/3GPP Radio Interworking with RAN rules then this IE shall be included on S3/S10/S16 if the UE has been authorized to perform WLAN offload for at least one RAT.	WLAN Offloadability Indication	0
Remote UE Context Connected	со	The source MME shall include this IE on the S10 interface during an inter MME mobility procedure if such information is available. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of remote UEs connected.	Remote UE Context	0
PDN Type	со	The source MME shall include this IE on the S10 interface, for a Non-IP PDN Connection, during an inter MME mobility procedure if new MME supports non-IP PDN connection using SGi as indicated in the Context Request message.	PDN Type	0
Header Compression Configuration	со	This IE shall be sent over the S10 interface if the use of IP Header Compression for Control Plane CloT EPS optimisations has been negotiated with the UE and the target MME has set the IHCSI bit of the CloT Optimizations Support Indication IE to 1 in the Context Request as specified in subclause 8.125.	Header Compression Configuration	0
PGW during then the MM NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 2 defines the such case M Reporting S	g "eL ME/S 3.40 MME MME Suppo	4 address allocation, if the MME/S4-SGSN receives the PDI JTRAN Initial Attach", "PDP Context Activation", "UE request 4-SGSN shall include this IPv4 address "0.0.0.0". 1 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. E/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support In /SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication a ort Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers ort Indication.	subclause 9.2.2.1) ndication to the PG nd/or CSG Change	ty", W. In
NOTE 3: For PMIP b S5/S8 IP Ac Type in the NOTE 4: The target I (respectivel that no ULI	ased ddres se IE MME y an char	I S5/S8, the 'PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user plane ss for Control Plane or PMIP' IE shall contain the same uplin is shall be set to the value 9 (S5/S8 PGW PMIPv6 interface). (respectively S4-SGSN) shall ignore this IE if it is received f MME), i.e. over the S3 interface. In this case, the target serv- nge reporting is requested by the PGW for the target RAT, ar	k GRE key; the Inte rom an S4-SGSN /ing node shall cons nd the PGW shall	erface
		et serving node to start ULI change reporting for the target R I connections, neither an IPv4 address nor an IPv6 address		

The Bearer Context shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.6-3.

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Sparae and Instance fields		
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0
TFT	С	This IE shall be present if a TFT is defined for this bearer.	Bearer TFT	0
SGW S1/S4/S12/S11	С	The IE shall be present except if:	F-TEID	0
IP Address and TEID		 the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the 		
for user plane		MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration		
		procedure, and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not		
		performed the SGW relocation procedure after the		
		SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007		
		[17].		
		See NOTE 2.		
PGW S5/S8 IP	С	This IE shall be included for GTP based S5/S8.	F-TEID	1
Address and TEID for		For PMIP-based S5/S8, this IE shall be included if the		-
user plane		PGW provided an alternate address for user plane, i.e. an		
		IP address for user plane which is different from the IP		
		address for control plane.		
		When present, this IE shall contain the alternate IP		
		address for user plane and the uplink GRE key.		
		See NOTE 1.		
Bearer Level QoS	Μ		Bearer QoS	0
BSS Container	CO	The MME/S4 SGSN shall include the Packet Flow ID,	F-Container	0
		Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters in the		
		TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, if available. The Container		
		Type shall be set to 2.		
Transaction Identifier	С	This IE shall be sent over S3/S10/S16 if the UE supports	TI	0
		A/Gb and/or lu mode.		
	NOTE 1: For PMIP based S5/S8, the 'PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user plane' IE and the 'PGW			
	ddress for Control Plane or PMIP' IE shall contain the same uplink GRE key; the Interface			
	se IEs shall be set to the value 9 (S5/S8 PGW PMIPv6 interface).			
		set the interface type in this IE to 1, i.e "S1-U SGW GTP-U in		
		This is done for backwards compatibility reasons, when the t	arget serving node	uoes
not support		Γ optimizations.		

Table 7.3.6-3: Bearer Context within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Context Response

Table 7.3.6-4: Remote UE Context Connected within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Context Response

Octets 1		Remote UE Context IE Type = 191 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Remote User ID	М	See subclause 8.123 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote User ID	0
Remote UE IP Information	М	See subclause 8.124 for the description and use of this parameter	Remote UE IP Information	0

Octets 1		SCEF PDN Connection IE Type = x (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
elements					
APN	Μ		APN	0	
Default EPS Bearer	Μ	This IE identifies the default bearer of the SCEF PDN	EBI	0	
ID		Connection.			
SCEF ID	Μ	This IE shall include the SCEF Identifier and the SCEF	Node Identifier	0	
		Realm for the APN			

 Table 7.3.6-5: MME UE SCEF PDN Connections within Context Response

7.3.7 Context Acknowledge

A Context Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a previous Context Response message, only if the previous Context Response message is received with the acceptance cause.

Possible cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "User authentication failed".
- "Relocation failure due to NAS message redirection".
- "Denied in RAT".

Upon receiving cause value other than the request was accepted, the old MME/S4-SGSN shall continue as if the Context Request was never received.

Table 7.3.7-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Indication flags	С	 This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable Flags are: SGW Change Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if a new SGW has been selected. The old MME/old SGSN marks in its context that the information in the GWs and the HSS are invalid. 	Indication	0
		 Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication: If set to 1, this flag indicates to the old system that it shall maintain the UE's contexts. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S3 interface if the Cause IE value indicates "Request accepted" and ISR is activated as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 		
		See NOTE1.		
Forwarding F-TEID		 This IE shall be included when data forwarding of DL data buffered in the old SGW is required, i.e. when the BDWI flag is set in the Context Response message and the SGW is changed, during TAU/RAU procedure with SGW change and data forwarding as specified in the subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. The interface type of the Forwarding F-TEID should be set to either: 23 ("SGW GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding") for indirect forwarding, 0 (" S1-U eNodeB GTP-U interface") or 3 ("S12 RNC GTP-U interface"), if the eNB or RNC supports such forwarding, or 15 ("S4 SGSN GTP-U interface"). 	F-TEID	0
SGSN Number	со	This IE shall be included if the PMTSMI flag in the Context Response message is set to 1.	Node Number	0
MME number for MT SMS	со	This IE shall be included if the PMTSMI flag in the Context Response message is set to 1.	Node Number	1
SGSN Identifier for MT SMS		This IE shall be included if the target S4-SGSN supports the Gdd reference point and if the PMTSMI flag in the Context Response message is set to 1.	Node Identifier	0
MME Identifier for MT SMS		This IE shall be included if the target MME supports the SGd reference point and if the PMTSMI flag in the Context Response message is set to 1.	Node Identifier	1
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
		n Flags, the combination (SGW Change Indication, Idle mod shall be considered as an error if received.	le signalling Activati	on

Table 7.3.7-1: Information Elements in a Context Acknowledge

7.3.8 Identification Request

If the UE identifies itself with temporary identity and it has changed SGSN/MME since detach in Attach procedure, the new MME/SGSN shall send an Identification Request message to the old SGSN/MME over S3, S16 or S10 interface to request IMSI.

Table 7.3.8-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

If the sending/new node is a MME, it shall include in the Identification Request message:

- the GUTI IE and Complete Attach Request Message IE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI received from UE indicates the old node is a MME, as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].
- the RAI P-TMSI, which was derived from the GUTI received from UE, and the P-TMSI Signature that was received intact from the UE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

If the sending/new node is an SGSN, it shall include RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in the Identification Request message. If the receiving/old node is an MME, it shall construct GUTI according to the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE (see the mapping relationship between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI signature and GUTI defined in 3GPP TS23.003[2]), and find UE context via this GUTI.

The new MME differentiates the type of the old node as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. If the old node is an SGSN, the GUTI shall be mapped to RAI and P-TMSI by the new MME; if the old node is a MME, the new MME include GUTI IE and Complete Attach Request Message IE in the Identification Request message. The Mapping between temporary and area identities is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

The GUTI IE shall not coexist with any of the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in an Identification Request message. If this occurs, the receiving node shall return a corresponding cause value in the response message.

The Target PLMN ID IE shall be used in old SGSN/MME in order to decide whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed to new SGSN/MME or not. Distribution and use of authentication vectors between different serving network domains are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements	~			
GUTI	С	The new MME shall include this IE over S10 interface.	GUTI	0
Routeing Area	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if the GUTI	ULI (NOTE 1)	0
Identity(RAI)		or the indication of mapped or native GUTI received from		
		the UE indicates the old node is an SGSN, the new MME		
	-	maps this IE from GUTI.		
Packet TMSI(P-TMSI)	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface. For the S3	P-TMSI	0
		interface, if sent by the MME, this IE is derived by the MME		
	_	from the GUTI received from the UE.		-
P-TMSI Signature	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if it is	P-TMSI Signature	0
	-	received from the UE.		
Complete Attach	С	The new MME shall include this IE over S10 interface, and	Complete	0
Request Message	-	the old MME may use this IE for integrity check.	Request Message	
Address for Control	0	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN	IP Address	0
Plane		receives this message, the SGSN shall include the old IP		
		address of the received message in this optional		
		parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to		
		the old SGSN.		
UDP Source Port	С	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN	Port Number	0
Number		receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP		
		Source Port number of the received message in this		
		parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to		
		the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as		
		the UDP destination port of the Identification Response		
		message.		
Hop Counter	0	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN	Hop Counter	0
		receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop		
		Counter if this IE is present in the received message;		
		otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a		
		value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old		
		SGSN.		
Target PLMN ID	СО	If available, this IE shall be included in order to allow old	Serving Network	0
		MME/SGSN to make a judgment whether un-used		
		authentication vectors to be distributed or not.		
Private Extension	-	None	Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: Only RAI fie	ld in	the ULI IE type shall be present in the Routeing Area Identit	y (RAI) IE.	

Table 7.3.8-1: Information Elements in an Identification Request

7.3.9 Identification Response

The old SGSN/MME shall send an Identification Response message to the new MME/SGSN as a response to a previous Identification Request message over S3/S10/S16 interface.

Table 7.3.9-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

For Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes, if an old SGSN within an SGSN pool receives an Identification Request message that contains the optional parameter Address for Control Plane, the old SGSN shall use this address as destination IP address of the Identification Response message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "P-TMSI Signature mismatch"
- "User authentication failed"

Only the Cause information element shall be included in the response if the Cause contains another value than "Request accepted".

Table 7.3.9-1: Information	n Elements in an	Identification Response
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Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included over the S10/S3/S16 interface if	IMSI	0
		the Cause contains the value "Request accepted".		
MME/SGSN UE MM	С	This IE shall be included over the S10/S3/S16 interface if	MM Context	0
Context		the integrity check or the P-TMSI signature check for the		
		Attach Request succeeds.		
Trace Information	СО	This IE shall be included over the S10/S3/S16 interface when session trace is active for this IMSI/IMEI.	Trace Information	0
UE Usage Type	CO	This IE shall be sent by the old MME/SGSN on the	Integer Number	0
		S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the old MME/SGSN supports the		_
		Dedicated Core Networks specified in TS 23.401 [3].		
		If the UE Usage Type is not available in the old		
		MME/SGSN, the length field of this IE shall be set to 0.		
		See NOTE 1.		
Monitoring Event	CO	This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the	Monitoring Event	0
Information		S3/S10/S16 interfaces if monitoring events are to be	Information	
		continued in the target MME/S4-SGSN.		
		More than one IE with this type and instance values may		
		be included to represent multiple monitoring events.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: A UE Usage	e Typ	be IE with the length field equal to 0 is used for the receiver t	o differentiate the c	ase
		er does not support the Dedicated Core Network feature fron		
		the Dedicated Core Network feature but no UE Usage type		
subscription				
Cubeenpuer	••			

7.3.10 Forward Access Context Notification

A Forward Access Context Notification message shall be sent from the Old SGSN to the New SGSN over the S16 interface to forward the RNC contexts to the target system, or sent from the Old MME to the New MME over the S10 interface to forward the RNC/eNodeB contexts to the target system.

When the old SGSN receives the RANAP message Forward SRNS Context, the old SGSN shall send a Forward Access Context Notification message to the new SGSN. The new SGSN shall forward the message to the target RNC using the corresponding RANAP message.

When the old SGSN receives a BSSGP message PS handover Required and the acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer Context or when "delivery order" is set in the Bearer Context QoS profile, the old SGSN shall send a Forward Access Context Notification message with the PDU Number IE to the new SGSN. The new SGSN shall forward the message to the target RNC/ target BSS using the corresponding RANAP message only for PS handover to Iu mode.

When the old SGSN receives a BSSGP message PS handover Required from source BSS/RNC for PS handover to A/Gb mode, the value part of RAB Context IE shall be empty according to its defined minimum length.

Table 7.3.10-1 specifics the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
RAB Contexts	С	This IE shall be included for S16 only. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. For each RAB context in the received RANAP message, the old SGSN shall include this IE in the message.	RAB Context	0
Source RNC PDCP context Info	С	If available, the old SGSN shall include an Source RNC PDCP context info in the message.	Source RNC PDCP context Info	0
PDU Numbers	С	This IE only applies to S16. The old SGSN shall include this IE in the message if the acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer Context or when "delivery order" is set in the Bearer Context QoS profile in A/Gb mode to Iu/A/Gb mode PS handover.	PDU Numbers	0
E-UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE shall be included over S10 to contain the "eNB Status Transfer Transparent Container" as specified in3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Container Type shall be set to 3.	F-Container	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.3.10-1: Information Elements in a Forward Access Context Notification

7.3.11 Forward Access Context Acknowledge

A Forward Access Context Acknowledge message shall be sent to the old MME/SGSN as a response to Forward Access Context Notification.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.11-1 specifics the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.11-1: Information E	elements in a Forward Access	Context Acknowledge
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Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.3.12 Detach Notification

A Detach Notification message shall be sent from an MME to the associated SGSN, or from an SGSN to the associated MME as a part of Detach procedure if the ISR is activated between the MME and SGSN for the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "Local Detach".
- "Complete Detach".

A Detach Notification message shall also be sent from an SGSN to the associated MME as a part of Detach procedure if the ISR is activated between the MME and SGSN for the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "IMSI Detach only".

"Local Detach" indicates that this detach is local to the MME/SGSN and so the associated SGSN/MME registration where the ISR is activated shall not be detached. The MME/SGSN that receives this message including this Cause value of "Local Detach" only deactivates the ISR. This Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- MME/SGSN-initiated Detach Procedure in case of implicit detach.

"Complete Detach" indicates both the MME registration and the SGSN registration that the ISR is activated for, shall be detached. This "Complete Detach" Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- UE-initiated Detach Procedure.
- MME/SGSN-initiated Detach Procedure in case of explicit detach.

For the purpose of SGs handling, the SGSN shall include Detach Type in the Detach Notification message for "Complete Detach" when the UE is combined IMSI/EPS attached and the ISR is activated.

Possible Detach Type values are:

- "PS Detach".
- "Combined PS/CS Detach".

"PS Detach" indicates that the MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from EPS service as specified in section 5.4, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]. "Combined PS/CS detach" indicates that the MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from non-EPS service as specified in section 5.5, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22].

"IMSI Detach only" indicates that combined IMSI/EPS attached UE initiates IMSI only GPRS detach from non-GPRS service as specified in section 4.7.4.1, 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], and both the SGSN/MME registration shall be remained. The MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from non-EPS service for the SGs handling purpose, which is specified in section 5.5, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]. This "IMSI Detach only" Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- UE-initiated Detach Procedure for GERAN/UTRAN for "IMSI Detach only".

Table 7.3.12-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Detach Type		This IE shall be included by SGSN when the Cause indicates "Complete Detach" for the combined IMSI/EPS attached UE.	Detach Type	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.3.12-1: Information Elements in a Detach Notification

7.3.13 Detach Acknowledge

A Detach Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a Detach Notification message during Detach procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.13-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.13-1: Information Elements in a Detach Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Recovery	0		Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.3.14 Change Notification Request

3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.060 [4] specify that if PGW has requested ECGI/TAI/CGI/SAI/RAI Change Reporting or reporting of change of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area or User CSG information Change Reporting and if MME/S4-SGSN supports the feature, then MME/S4-SGSN shall send the Change Notification Request message on the S11/S4 interface to the SGW. If SGW supports the feature, the SGW forwards the message on the GTP based S5/S8 interface to the PGW as part of location dependent charging related procedures.

In this version of the specification, the sender shall set the header TEID value to that of the peer node"s Control Plane TEID on S11/S4 interface or to the peer node"s Control Plane TEID on S5/S8 interface. However a receiver shall be prepared to receive messages in which the header TEID value is set to zero from implementation conforming to earlier versions of this specification. When that is the case, the receiver identifies the subscriber context based on the included LBI, IMSI, and/or MEI IEs.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI	С	The MME/SGSN shall include IMSI in the message except	IMSI	0
		for the case: - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.		
		The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier		
		 if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated. 		
		If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on S5/S8.		
ME Identity (MEI)	С	The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE: - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless	MEI	0
		 If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated 		
		If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on S5/S8.		
Indication Flags	со	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.	Indication	0
		 Applicable flags are: Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE. 		
RAT Type		See NOTE 2.	RAT Type	0
User Location Information (ULI)	С	The SGSN shall include the User Location Information IE if the MS is located in a RAT Type of GERAN, UTRAN or GAN and shall include the CGI, SAI and/or RAI.	ULI (NOTE 1)	0
	CO	The MME shall include the User Location Information IE if the UE is located in a RAT Type of E-UTRAN and shall include the ECGI and/or TAI.		
	со	If the SGW receives this IE it shall forward it to the PGW, if it supports this feature.		
User CSG Information (UCI)	СО	The SGSN/MME shall include the User CSG Information IE if the MS is located in the CSG cell or the hybrid cell and the P-GW/PCRF decides to receive the CSG Information. If the SGW receives this IE it shall forward it to the PGW, if	UCI	0
PGW S5/S8 GTP-C	С	it supports this feature. This IE shall be sent on S4.	IP Address	0
IP Address		This IE shall be sent on S11.	II Address	0
LBI	СО	This IE, identifying the PDN connection, shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on S11/S4. If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW	EBI	0
		on S5/S8.		
Presence Reporting	CO	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S11/S4	Presence	0
Area Information		interface if the PGW/PCRF requested to start reporting of change of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area and	Reporting Area Information	
		the UE enters or leaves the Presence Reporting Area.	internation	
	СО	The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the		
Private Extension	0	Presence Reporting Area Information from MME/SGSN. Vendor or operator specific information	Private Extension	VS
		rks, when the message is sent from the VPLMN to the HPLN		
communica	ted i	n this IE shall be that of the selected Core Network Operator	for supporting UEs	s, or
		ated Core Network Operator for non-supporting UEs. As an e		
		aming/sharing agreement, if the information on whether the UE is available, the PLMN ID that is communicated to the HF		
UEs shall b	e the	e Common PLMN ID.		_
In shared n	etwo	rks, when the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW pertain to the same		у
PLMN ID S	nall b	e communicated in the ECGI to the PGW, and the Common	PLIVIN ID shall be	

 Table 7.3.14-1: Information Element in Change Notification Request

communicated in SAI/CGI to the PGW, for both supporting and non-supporting UEs. The Core Network Operator PLMN ID (selected by the UE for supporting UEs or allocated by the network for non-supporting UEs) shall be communicated in the TAI, RAI, UCI and the Serving Network. See subclause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].
 NOTE 2: The PGW may ignore RAT Type as the MME/SGSN always informs the PGW about RAT Type change with the Modify Bearer Request message.

7.3.15 Change Notification Response

The Change Notification Response message may be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/SGSN and is sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of location dependent charging related procedures to acknowledge the receipt of a Change Notification Request.

If SGW does not support the feature (see subclause 7.3.14 "Change Notification Request"), SGW may silently discard Change Notification Request message from MME/SGSN. If the MME/SGSN does not receive Change Notification Response, the MME/SGSN may either send Change Notification Request to the same SGW next time UE location changes, or not (marking SGW as not supporting the feature).

The Cause value indicates whether or not the Change Notification Request was received correctly. Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "IMSI/IMEI not known".

In this version of the specification, the sender shall set the header TEID value to that of the peer node's Control Plane TEID on S11/S4 interface or to the peer node's Control Plane TEID on S5/S8 interface. However a receiver shall be prepared to receive messages in which the header TEID value is set to zero from implementation conforming to earlier versions of this specification. When that is the case, the receiver identifies the subscriber context based on the included LBI, IMSI, and/or MEI IEs.

If the IMSI is unknown, or the IMEI is unknown when the UE is emergency attached and UICCless or the UE is emergency attached but the IMSI is not authenticated for the receiving GTP-C entity, then the message shall be silently discarded and no further processing of the IEs shall continue.

If the MME/SGSN receives Change Notification Response containing a Cause value of "IMSI/IMEI not known" and CS bit set to 1, this indicates that the associated PDN connection does not exist within the PGW. The Change Reporting mechanism shall be stopped in the receiving SGSN/MME for all Bearers of the associated PDN connection. The SGSN/MME shall then initiate PDN disconnection for all of these PDN Connections.

If the PDN Connection associated of the Change Notification Request message received by the SGW does not exist within the SGW, the SGW shall return Change Notification Response with the CS bit set to 0 to the MME/SGSN. The Change Reporting mechanism shall be stopped in the receiving SGSN/MME for all Bearers of the associated PDN connection, and the MME/SGSN shall then locally delete the PDN connection and release all associated resources.

If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be stopped or modified for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME, then the PGW shall include the Change Reporting Action IE in the message and shall set the value of the Action field appropriately.

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
IMSI	С	The IMSI shall be included in the message if it is received	IMSI	0
		in the Change Notification Request message.		
ME Identity (MEI)	С	The ME Identity (MEI) shall be included in the message if it	MEI	0
		is received in the Change Notification Request message.		
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Change Reporting	С	This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field If	Change Reporting	0
Action		the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started	Action	
		or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.		
CSG Information	CO	This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field if	CSG Information	0
Reporting Action		the location CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started	Reporting Action	
		or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.		
Presence Reporting	CO	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11/S4	Presence	0
Area Action		interfaces with the appropriate Action field if reporting	Reporting Area	
		changes of UE presence in a Presence Routing Area is to	Action	
		be started or stopped for this subscriber in the		
		MME/SGSN.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

 Table 7.3.15-1: Information Element in Change Notification Response

7.3.16 Relocation Cancel Request

A Relocation Cancel Request message shall be sent from the source MME/SGSN to the target MME/SGSN on S3/S10/S16 interface as part of the Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure and on the S16 interface as part of the SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure.Table 7.3.16-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI	С	The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the case: - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.	IMSI	0
		The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier - if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.		
ME Identity (MEI)	С	 The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE: If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not 	MEI	0
		authenticated		
Indication Flags	CO	 This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags are: Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE. 	Indication	0
RANAP Cause	С	This IE shall be present in the case of SRNS relocation cancel procedure. It shall contain the cause value received from the source RNC in the Relocation Cancel message received over the lu interface.	F-Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

 Table 7.3.16-1: Information Elements in Relocation Cancel Request

7.3.17 Relocation Cancel Response

A Relocation Cancel Response message shall be sent as a response to a previous Relocation Cancel Request message during the Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure/SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "IMSI/IMEI not known".

Table 7.3.17-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.3.18 Configuration Transfer Tunnel

A Configuration Transfer Tunnel message shall be used to tunnel eNodeB Configuration Transfer messages from a source MME to a target MME over the S10 interface. The purpose of the eNodeB Direct Configuration Transfer is to transfer information from an eNodeB to another eNodeB in unacknowledged mode (see 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]).

Table 7.3.18-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
E-UTRAN Transparent Container		This IE shall contain the "SON Configuration Transfer" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Container Type shall be set to 3.	F-Container	0
Target eNodeB ID		This IE shall contain the ID of the target eNodeB	Target Identification	0

7.3.19 RAN Information Relay

The RAN Information Relay message shall be sent on S3 interface between SGSN and MME to transfer the RAN information received by an SGSN from BSS or RNS (or GERAN Iu mode) or by an MME from eNodeB. The procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

This message shall also be sent on S16 interface to transfer the RAN information between GERAN or GERAN Iu mode or UTRAN.

For handling of protocol errors the RAN Information Relay message is treated as a Response message.

Table 7.3.19-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
BSS Container	М	All information elements from the BSSGP RIM PDU, starting from and including the BSSGP "PDU type", shall be contained within the BSS Container and forwarded to the destination MME/SGSN in the RAN Information Relay message. The Container Type shall be set to 2.	F-Container	0
RIM Routing Address	С	 This IE shall be included if the RIM Routing Address information is included in the message sent from the source RAN node. This IE identifies the destination RAN node where the RAN Information needs to be relayed to. It contains: the destination RNC Identity when the target is GERAN Iu mode or UTRAN; or the destination Cell Identity when the target is GERAN; or the Target eNodeB ID when the target is E-UTRAN. 	Target Identification	0
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.3.19-1: Information Elements in a RAN Information Relay

7.3.20 ISR Status Indication

A ISR Status Indication message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME/SGSN to the ISR associated SGSN/MME as part of the following procedures:

- the Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure for UEs with ISR as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17];
- the HSS Based P-CSCF restoration procedure for 3GPP access (for both basic and PCO extension) as specified in 3GPP TS 23.380 [61].

Table 7.3.20-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Action Indication	M	 This IE shall include one of the applicable Values: Deactivation Indication: If the value is set to 1, this indicates a request to the ISR associated MME/SGSN to deactivate ISR and remove the UE resource locally. See 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. Paging Indication: If the value is set to 2, this indicates a request to the ISR associated MME/SGSN to page the UE in IDLE state. See 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. Paging Stop Indication: If the value is set to 3, this indicates to the ISR associated MME/SGSN to stop paging the UE. See 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]. 	Action Indication	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.3.20-1: Information Elements in an ISR Status Indication

7.3.21 UE Registration Query Request

The direction of this message shall be from S4-SGSN to MME (see Table 6.1-1).

This message shall be used to support CS/PS coordination for shared UTRAN and GERAN access. When an S4-SGSN receives a UE Registration Query from a RAN node, including an indication to also query MMEs, and if the UE (identified by IMSI) is not registered in the S4-SGSN, the S4-SGSN shall send a UE Registration Query Request message to all MMEs that may hold the UE's context, as specified in the subclause 7.1.6 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].

NOTE: How the S4-SGSN determines which MMEs it will query, is based on local configuration.

Table 7.3.21-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Table 7.3.21-1: Information Elements in UE Registration Query Request

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI	М		IMSI	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.3.22 UE Registration Query Response

The UE Registration Query Response message shall be sent as a response to a UE Registration Query Request, to report whether the inquired UE is registered in the MME and if so, with which Core Network Operator, as specified in the subclause 7.1.6 of 3GPP TS 23.251 [55].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted", to be used when the UE is registered in the MME
- "IMSI/IMEI not known", to be used when the UE is not registered in the MME.

The IMSI received in the UE Registration Query Request message shall be included in the response, to allow correlation in the SGSN.

The Selected Core Network Operator Identifier identifies the core network operator currently serving the UE, and shall be included if the inquired UE is registered in the MME.

Table 7.3.22-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment IE Type	Ins.
Cause	Μ	Cause	0
IMSI	М	IMSI	0
Selected Core Network Operator Identifier	М	PLMN ID	0
Private Extension	0	Private Extens	sion VS

Table 7.3.22-1: Information Elements in UE Registration Query Response

7.4 CS Fallback and SRVCC related messages

7.4.1 Suspend Notification

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the 1xRTT CS fallback procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the SGSN to the MME, on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the SRVCC procedures in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] or the CS fallback from E-UTRAN access to UTRAN/GERAN CS domain access related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S16 interface as per the inter-SGSN suspend procedures in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S16, the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to GERAN without DTM support procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the CS fallback from E-UTRAN to GERAN CS domain related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

After receiving a Suspend Notification message, the SGW/PGW marks all the non-GBR bearers as suspended status. The PGW should discard packets it receives for the suspended UE.

Table 7.4.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.	
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included only on the S11 interface. See NOTE 2.	IMSI	0	
Routeing Area Identity(RAI)	С	This IE shall be included only on the S3 interface. See NOTE 1.	ULI (NOTE 3)	0	
		This IE shall be included on the S16 interface.			
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	со	This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection.	EBI	0	
Packet TMSI(P-TMSI)	_	This IE shall be included only on the S3 interface. See NOTE 1. This IE shall be included on the S16 interface.	P-TMSI	0	
Originating Node		This IE shall be sent on S11 interface, if before MME initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the MME and (b) the MME was in EMM-Connected state (see also 8.65). This IE shall be sent on S4 interface, if before S4-SGSN initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the SGSN and (b) the SGSN was in PMM-Connected state (see also 8.65).	Node Type	0	
Address for Control Plane	CO	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the source IP address of the received message in this optional parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN.	IP Address	0	
UDP Source Port Number	СО	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP Source Port number of the received message in this parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as the UDP destination port of the Suspend Acknowledge message.	Port Number	0	
Hop Counter	0	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop Counter if this IE is present in the received message; otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old SGSN.	Hop Counter	0	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS	
NOTE 1: If the ISR is not active, the MME can not suspend the bearers after receving the Suspend Notification message from the SGSN, the GUTI can not be derived from the P-TMSI and RAI pair as the P-TMSI Signature is not included in the message. The MME shall still reply the Suspend Acknowledge to the SGSN. Suspend procedure on MME, SGW and PGW are triggered by the S1 UE Context Release message sent from the eNodeB to the MME. Refer to section 6.3 and section 7.4 in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] for detail.					
from the TE Emergency	from the TEID in the header. In scenarios where IMSI is not present (e.g. UICCless UE during an Emergency call) a dummy IMSI shall be provided.				

Table 7.4.1-1: Information Element in Suspend Notification

7.4.2 Suspend Acknowledge

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the 1xRTT CS fallback procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the SGSN, on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to SGW as part of the SRVCC procedures in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] or the CS fallback from E-UTRAN access to UTRAN/GERAN CS domain access related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S16 interface as per the inter-SGSN suspend procedures in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S16, the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to GERAN without DTM support procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the CS fallback from E-UTRAN to GERAN CS domain related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

For backward compatibility, if the IMSI IE is missing in the Suspend Notification message that is received on the S11 interface, the cause value "Mandatory IE missing" shall be used.

Table 7.4.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.4.3 Resume Notification

The Resume Notification message should be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and forwarded on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the resume procedure returning back to E-UTRAN in the case of CS fallback or SRVCC.

The Resume Notification message should also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and forwarded on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the resume procedure returning from SRVCC to HSPA if there is no Modify Bearer Request message sent to the SGW and PGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The SGW may also send a Resume Notification message to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface upon receipt from the MME/S4-SGSN of a (non-empty) Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers in the SGW and in the PGW (see 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] sections 6.2.2.1 and 6.3.2.1, 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] sections 6.3, 6.5 and 7.4) if the conditions of presence of the IEs in the Modify Bearer Request specified in table 7.2.7-1 do not require any IE to be sent over S5/S8 to the PGW.

NOTE: This is an alternative to sending over S5/S8 a Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume with zero IE(s), see subclause 7.2.7.

After receiving a Resume Notification message or a Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers, the SGW/PGW clears suspended status for all the non-GBR bearers. The PGW shall forward packets it receives for the UE. If the suspended bearers are of the type S4-U GTP-U, the SGW shall forward over the S4-U interface, packets it receives for the UE, upon receipt of Resume Notification.

Table 7.4.3-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI	М	See NOTE1.	IMSI	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	со	This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection.	EBI	0
Originating Node	CO	This IE shall be sent on S11 interface, if before MME initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the MME and (b) the MME was in EMM-Connected state (see also 8.65). This IE shall be sent on S4 interface, if before S4-SGSN initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the SGSN and (b) the SGSN was in PMM-Connected state (see also 8.65).	Node Type	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: The IMSI is present only for backward compatibility reasons since the receiver can derive the context from the TEID in the header. In scenarios where IMSI is not present (e.g. UICCless UE during an Emergency call) a dummy IMSI shall be provided.				

Table 7.4.3-1: Information Element in Resume Notification

7.4.4 Resume Acknowledge

The Resume Acknowledge message should be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 by the PGW to the SGW as part of the resume procedure returning back to E-UTRAN in the case of CS fallback or SRVCC.

The Resume Acknowledge message should also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the resume procedure returning from SRVCC to HSPA if there is no Modify Bearer Request message sent to the SGW and PGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The PGW shall also send a Resume Acknowledge message to the SGW on the S5/S8 interface as a response to a Resume Notification message sent by the SGW upon receipt from the MME/S4-SGSN of a (non-empty) Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers in the SGW and in the PGW (see 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] sections 6.2.2.1 and 6.3.2.1, 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] sections 6.3, 6.5 and 7.4) if the conditions of presence of the IEs in the Modify Bearer Request specified in table 7.2.7-1 do not require any IE to be sent to the PGW.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.4.4-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.4.4-1: Information Element in Resume Acknowledge
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7.4.5 CS Paging Indication

The CS Paging Indication shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the associated SGSN when ISR is activated as part of mobile terminated CS services. The MME gets the related information from SGsAP-PAGING-REQUEST message as specified in 3GPP TS29.118 [21]. Table 7.4.5-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

NOTE: The SS code received on the SGs interface is not transferred to the SGSN because it is not used by the SGSN.

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
IMSI	Μ		IMSI	0
VLR Name	Μ		FQDN	0
TMSI	0		TMSI	0
Location area	0		ULI	0
identifier				
Global CN-Id	0		Global CN-Id	0
Channel needed	0		Channel needed	0
eMLPP Priority	0		eMLPP Priority	0
Service Indicator	CO	This IE shall be sent if the service type for the paging is	Service Indicator	0
		available.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.4.5-1: Information Element in CS Paging Indication

7.4.6 Alert MME Notification

An Alert MME Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the associated SGSN as part of an SGs Non-EPS alert procedure (see 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]) when ISR is activated, except under the conditions specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21], to request to receive a notification when any activity from the UE is detected.

Table 7.4.6-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.4.6-1: Information Element in Alert MME Notification

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.4.7 Alert MME Acknowledge

An Alert MME Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to an Alert MME Notification message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

NOTE: An SGSN implemented according to an earlier version of the specification will silently discard the Alert MME Notification message. An MME which does not receive an Alert MME Acknowledge message may not send further Alert MME Notification message to this SGSN.

Table 7.4.7-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.4.8 UE Activity Notification

A UE Activity Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the SGSN to the associated MME as part of an SGs Non-EPS alert procedure (see 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]) when ISR is activated, except under the conditions specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21], to indicate that activity from a UE has been detected. Table 7.4.8-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.4.8-1: Information Element in UE Activity Notification

7.4.9 UE Activity Acknowledge

A UE Activity Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a UE Activity Notification message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.4.9-1 specifics the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.4.z-1: Information Elements in UE Activity Acknowledge

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0	Pr	rivate Extension	VS

7.5 Non-3GPP access related messages

7.5.1 Create Forwarding Tunnel Request

A Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message shall be sent by a MME to a Serving GW as a part of the MME configures resources for indirect data forwarding during active handover procedure from E-UTRAN to CDMA 2000 HRPD access.

Table 7.5.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info	М	The MME shall include the forwarding Infomation for all PDN connections of the UE requesting data forwarding towards the HSGW in the message as S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info information elements. For each of those PDN Connections, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. The Serving GW shall forward downlink data to the HSGW via the GRE tunnel identified by the HSGW Address and HSGW GRE Key included in this information element when it receives downlink data forwarded from the eNodeB belonging to the corresponding EPS bearers of the PDN connection.	S103PDF	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.5.2 Create Forwarding Tunnel Response

A Create Forwarding Tunnel Response message shall be sent by a Serving GW to a MME as a response to a Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message.

Table 7.5.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

The Cause value indicates if Data Forwarding Resources has been created in the Serving GW or not. Data Forwarding Resources have not been created in the Serving GW if the Cause differs from "Request accepted". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Only the Cause IE shall be included in the response if the Cause IE contains another value than "Request accepted".

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
S1-U Data Forwarding Info	C	S1-U Data Forwarding Info shall be included in the message if the Cause contains the value "Request accepted". For each EPS bearer requesting data forwarding which is included in the S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info fields of corresponding Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message, the Serving GW shall assign a Serving GW S1-U Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID pair and included it in the response message as S1-U Data Forwarding Info information element. For each of those EPS bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. The eNodeB shall forward downlink data of the EPS bearer to the Serving GW via the GTP-U tunnel identified by the Serving GW S1-U Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID.		0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

 Table 7.5.2-1: Information Elements in a Create Forwarding Tunnel Response

7.6 Reliable Delivery of Signalling Messages

Retransmission requirements in the current subclause do not apply to the Initial messages that do not have Triggered messages.

Reliable delivery in GTPv2 messages is accomplished by retransmission of these messages. A message shall be retransmitted if and only if a reply is expected for that message and the reply has not yet been received. There may be limits placed on the total number of retransmissions to avoid network overload.

Initial messages and their Triggered messages, as well as Triggered messages and their Triggered Reply messages are matched based on the Sequence Number and the IP address and port rules in subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack". Therefore, an Initial message and its Triggered message, as well as a Triggered message and its Triggered Reply message shall have exactly the same Sequence Number value. A retransmitted GTPv2 message (an Initial or a Triggered) has the exact same GTPv2 message content, including the GTP header, UDP ports, source and destination IP addresses as the originally transmitted GTPv2 message.

For each triplet of local IP address, local UDP port and remote peer's IP address a GTP entity maintains a sending queue with signalling messages to be sent to that peer. The message at the front of the queue shall be sent with a Sequence Number, and if the message has an expected reply, it shall be held in a list until a reply is received or until the GTP entity has ceased retransmission of that message. The Sequence Number shall be unique for each outstanding Initial message sourced from the same IP/UDP endpoint. A node running GTP may have several outstanding messages waiting for replies. Not counting retransmissions, a single GTP message with an expected reply shall be answered with a single GTP reply, regardless whether it is per UE, per APN, or per bearer

A piggybacked initial message (such as a Create Bearer Request message or Modify Bearer Request message) shall contain a Sequence Number that is assigned by sending GTP entity and the message shall be held in a list until a response is received. The response message to a piggybacked initial message may arrive without piggybacking (e.g., Create Bearer Response at PGW).

The Sequence Number in the GTP header of the triggered response message shall be copied from the respective request message.

If a request message (e.g., Create Session Request) triggers piggybacking (i.e., Create Bearer Request piggybacked on Create Session Response), re-transmission of the request message shall also trigger piggybacking. A Sequence Number used for a Command message shall have the most significant bit set to 1. A Sequence Number in a message, which was triggered by a Command message, as well as respective Triggered Reply message shall have the same Sequence Number as the Command message (i.e. shall also have the most significant bit set to 1). This setting of the most significant bit of the Sequence Number is done to avoid potential clashes between the Sequence Number selected for a Command message, and the Sequence Number selected by a GTPv2 peer for a Request message, which was not triggered by a Command message.

A Sequence Number used for a Request message, which was not triggered by a Command message shall have the most significant bit set to 0.

A timer, denoted T3-RESPONSE, shall be started when a signalling message (for which a reply is expected) is sent. A signalling message or the triggered message has probably been lost if a reply has not been received before the T3-RESPONSE timer expires.

Once the T3-RESPONSE timer expires, the message corresponding to the T3-RESPONSE timer is then retransmitted if the total number of retry attempts is less than N3-REQUESTS times. The expiry of the timer for piggybacked request messages shall result in re-transmission of the original IP/UDP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message. T3-RESPONSE timer and N3-REQUESTS counter setting is implementation dependent. That is, the timers and counters may be configurable per procedure. Multileg communications (e.g. Create Session Requests and Responses) however require longer timer values and possibly a higher number of retransmission attempts compared to single leg communication.

All received GTPv2 messages with an expected reply shall be replied to and all reply messages associated with a certain message shall always include the same information. Duplicated reply messages shall be discarded by the receiver unless the reply needs a reply. A received reply message without a matching outstanding message that is waiting for a reply should be discarded.

If a GTPv2 node is not successful with the transfer of a non-Echo signalling message, e.g. a Create Bearer Request message, it shall inform the upper layer of the unsuccessful transfer so that the controlling upper entity may take the necessary measures.

7.7 Error Handling

7.7.0 Handling Piggybacked Messages

For piggybacked initial messages, the following general rule shall apply: the triggered response message carrying the piggybacked message shall be processed first, according to the following sections. Subsequently, the piggybacked initial message shall be processed independently. If the processing of dedicated bearer activation message results in an error, this shall not affect the default bearer establishment. If the default bearer establishment fails, the dedicated bearer activation related message shall be discarded.

7.7.1 Protocol Errors

A protocol error is defined as a message or an Information Element received from a peer entity with unknown type, or if it is unexpected, or if it has an erroneous content.

The term silently discarded is used in the following subclauses to mean that the receiving GTP entity's implementation shall discard such a message without further processing, or that the receiving GTP entity discards such an IE and continues processing the message. The conditions for the receiving GTP entity to silently discard an IE are specified in the subsequent subclauses.

The handling of unknown, unexpected or erroneous GTP messages and IEs shall provide for the forward compatibility of GTP. Therefore, the sending GTP entity shall be able to safely include in a message a new conditional-optional or an optional IE. Such an IE may also have a new type value. Any legacy receiving GTP entity shall, however, silently discard such an IE and continue processing the message.

If a protocol error is detected by the receiving GTP entity, it should log the event including the erroneous message and may include the error in a statistical counter.

For Request messages and Response messages without a rejection Cause value, the following applies:

- An information element with "Mandatory" in the "Presence requirement" column of a message definition shall always be present in that message.
- An information element with "Conditional" in the "Presence requirement" column of a message definition shall be sent when the conditions detailed in the "Condition / Comment" column are met.

For Response messages containing a rejection Cause value, see subclause 6.1.1.

The Version Not Supported Indication message shall be considered as a Triggered message as specified in subclause 4.2.5 "Messages with GTPv2 defined replies: Classification of Initial and Triggered Messages".

The receiving GTP entity shall apply the error handling specified in the subsequent subclauses in decreasing priority.

If the received erroneous message is a reply to an outstanding GTP message, the GTP transaction layer shall stop retransmissions and notify the GTP application layer of the error even if the reply is silently discarded.

7.7.2 Different GTP Versions

If a GTPv2 entity receives a message of an unsupported GTP version, higher than GTPv2, it shall return a Version Not Supported Indication message and silently discard the received message.

If a GTPv2 entity listens to the GTPv0 port, the entity shall silently discard any received GTPv0 message.

If a GTPv2 entity does not support GTPv1 and receives a GTPv1 message, it shall silently discard the received message.

7.7.3 GTP Message of Invalid Length

If a GTP entity receives a message, which is too short to contain the respective GTPv2 header, the GTP-PDU shall be silently discarded.

Apart from a piggybacked GTP message or an Echo Request message, if a GTP entity receives a Request message within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the value specified in the Length field of the GTP header, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and shall send the Response message with Cause IE value set to "Invalid Length".

Apart from a piggybacked GTP message, if a GTP entity receives a Response message within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the value specified in the Length field of the GTP header, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and shall silently discard the message.

If a GTP entity receives two GTP messages (triggered response message and a piggybacked initial message) within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the total length of the two concatenated messages as indicated by Length fields of the GTP headers, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and return an appropriate Response message with Cause IE value set to "Invalid overall length of the triggered response message and a piggybacked initial message". That is:

- for a Create Session Response message together with a piggybacked Create Bearer Request message, a Create Bearer Response message should be returned with the above Cause value.
- for a Create Bearer Response message together with a piggybacked Modify Bearer Request message, a Modify Bearer Response message should be returned with the above Cause value.

7.7.4 Unknown GTP Message

If a GTP entity receives a message with an unknown Message Type value, it shall silently discard the message.

7.7.5 Unexpected GTP Message

If a GTP entity receives an unexpected initial message (see subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack"), for example a known message that is sent over an interface for which the message is not defined, or a message that is sent over an interface for which the direction is incorrect, then the GTP entity shall silently discard the message and shall log an error.

If a GTP entity receives an unexpected triggered message which is not a request message (see subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack"), for example a message for which there is no corresponding outstanding request, it shall discard the message and may log an error.

When a GTP entity receives an unexpected triggered message, which is a request message, triggered by a command message, i.e. the MSB of the sequence number is set "1", e.g. in Create/Update/Delete Bearer Request messages, the GTP entity may continue to handle the request, e.g. to accept the Delete Bearer Request message.

NOTE: Whether to accept or reject such a message is implementation specific.

7.7.6 Missing Information Elements

A GTP entity shall check if all mandatory IEs are present in the received Request message. Apart from Echo Request message, if one or more mandatory information elements are missing in the received Request message, the GTP entity should log the error and shall send a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Mandatory IE missing" together with the type and instance of the missing mandatory IE.

If a GTP entity receives a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Mandatory IE missing", it shall notify its upper layer.

A GTP entity shall check if all mandatory IEs are present in the received Response message without a rejection Cause value. If one or more mandatory information elements are missing, the GTP entity shall notify the upper layer and should log the error.

A GTP entity shall check if conditional information elements are present in the received Request message, if possible (i.e. if the receiving entity has sufficient information available to check if the respective conditions were met). If one or more conditional information elements are missing, a GTP entity should log the error and shall send a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Conditional IE missing" together with the type and instance of the missing conditional IE.

A GTP entity shall check if conditional information elements are present in the received Response message without a rejection Cause value, if possible (i.e. if the receiving entity has sufficient information available to check if the respective conditions were met). If one or more conditional information elements are missing, a GTP entity shall notify the upper layer and should log the error.

For Response messages containing a rejection Cause value, see subclause 6.1.1.

If the Indication IE is applicable for the message as a conditional IE and if it is not present, the GTP entity shall not reject the message unless there are other reasons to reject the message.

If the Indication IE is applicable for the message as conditional IE and if it is present with the value of all the applicable flags set to "0", the GTP entity shall not reject the message unless there are other reasons to reject the message.

Absence of an optional information element shall not trigger any of the error handling processes.

7.7.7 Invalid Length Information Element

An information element has invalid length when the actual length of the IE is different from the value of the Length field in the IE header. Here, the actual length of the IE means the length of the content field of the received IE.

If a GTP message contains more than one information elements and one or more of them have invalid length, the receiving GTP entity can detect which of the IEs have invalid length only in the following cases:

- If the Length value in the IE header is greater than the overall length of the message;
- If the invalid length IE is the last one in the message.

Apart from Echo Request message, if a receiving GTP entity detects information element with invalid length in a Request message, it shall send an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE.

Other Length field handling cases are specified below:

- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the fixed length IE are consistent, but the length is greater than that expected by the fixed number of octets, then the extra octets shall be discarded.
- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the fixed length IE are consistent, but the length is less than that expected by the fixed number of octets, this shall be considered an error, IE shall be discarded and if the IE was received as a Mandatory IE or a verifiable Conditional IE in a Request message, an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE shall be returned to the sender.

- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the extendable length IE are consistent, but the length is greater than that expected by the fixed number of octets preceding the extended field(s), then the extra unknown octets shall be discarded.
- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the extendable length IE are consistent, but the length is less than the number of fixed octets defined for that IE, preceding the extended field(s), this shall be considered an error, IE shall be discarded and if the IE was received as a Mandatory IE or a verifiable Conditional IE in a Request message, an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE shall be returned to the sender. Please refer to Table 8.1-1 for determining the number of fixed octets of an IE.

7.7.8 Semantically incorrect Information Element

Apart from Echo Request message, the receiver of a GTP signalling message Request including a mandatory or a verifiable conditional information element with a semantically invalid Value shall discard the request, should log the error, and shall send a response with Cause set to "Mandatory IE incorrect" together with a type and instance of the offending IE.

The receiver of a GTP signalling message Response including a mandatory or a verifiable conditional information element with a semantically invalid Value shall notify the upper layer that a message with this sequence number has been received and should log the error.

If a GTP entity receives an information element with a value which is shown as reserved, it shall treat that information element as invalid and should log the error. If the invalid IE is received in a Request, and it is a mandatory IE or a verifiable conditional IE, the GTP entity shall send a response with Cause set to "Mandatory IE incorrect" together with a type and instance of the offending IE.

The principle is: the use of reserved values invokes error handling; the use of spare values can be silently discarded and so in the case of IEs with spare values used, processing shall be continued ignoring the spare values.

The receiver of a GTP signalling message including an optional information element with a Value that is not in the range defined for this information element value shall discard this IE, but shall treat the rest of the message as if this IE was absent and continue processing. The receiver shall not check the content of an information element field that is defined as 'spare''.

All semantically incorrect optional information elements in a GTP signalling message shall be treated as not present in the message.

7.7.9 Unknown or unexpected Information Element

The receiver of a GTP message including an unexpected information element with known Type value, but with the instance value that is not defined for this message shall discard the IE and log an error. The receiver shall process the message.

An information element with a Type value which is defined in section 8.1 of the present specification but whose Instance Value is not expected in the received GTP signalling message according to the grammar defined in section 7 of the present specification shall be silently discarded (skipped) and the rest of the message processed as if this information element was not present.

NOTE: An Information Element in an encoded GTPv2 message or grouped IE is identified by the pair of IE Type and Instance value.

7.7.10 Repeated Information Elements

An Information Element is repeated if there is more than one IE with the same IE Type and Instance in the scope of the GTP message (scope of the grouped IE). Such an IE is a member in a list.

If an information element is repeated in a GTP signalling message in which repetition of the information element is not specified, only the contents of the information element appearing first shall be handled and all subsequent repetitions of the information element shall be ignored. When repetition of information elements is specified, only the contents of specified repeated information elements shall be handled and all subsequent repetitions of the information element shall be ignored.

7.7.11 TFT Error Handling

TFT related error handling for EUTRAN is specified in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and for UTRAN/GERAN in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

7.8 Path Failure

Path failure handling procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

7.9 Restoration and Recovery

7.9.0 General

Restoration and Recovery procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

7.9.1 Delete PDN Connection Set Request

This message may be sent on the S2a, S2b, S5, S8, or S11 interfaces as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included when a MME reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear.	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included when a SGW reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear.	FQ-CSID	1
PGW-FQ-CSID		Shall be included when a PGW reports a partial fault. More than one FQ-CSID may appear	FQ-CSID	2
ePDG-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included when an ePDG reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear.	FQ-CSID	3
TWAN-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included when a TWAN reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear.	FQ-CSID	4
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S2a, S2b, S5, S8 and S11 interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

TEID of 0 shall be used for the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

Only one type of FQ-CSID shall be included in each Delete PDN Connection Set Request, A mix of different types, such as SGW-FQ-CSID and PGW-FQ-CSID shall not be used. A combined node, such as a collocated PGW/SGW, shall send separate Delete PDN Connection Set Request for the PGW role and one for the SGW role if a partial fault impacts more than one role.

7.9.2 Delete PDN Connection Set Response

This message is sent as a response to the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Recovery	со	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S2a, S2b, S5, S8 and S11 interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.9.2: Information Elements in a Delete PDN Connection Set Response

TEID of 0 shall be used for the Delete PDN Connection Set Response.

The following Cause values are defined:

- "Request Accepted"
- "Request rejected"
- "System failure".
- "Mandatory IE incorrect".
- "Conditional IE missing".
- "Invalid message format".

"Request Accepted" indicates the receiving node was capable of storing a CSID value for each PDN connection for the type of node (MME, SGW, PGW, TWAN or ePDG) in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request and has marked, or will mark immediately, the PDN connections for deletion as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. "Request Accepted" shall be returned even if there are no PDN connections that match.

"Request rejected" shall be used when the receiver of the Delete PDN Connection Set Request is not capable of storing at least one CSID value per PDN connection for the type of node (MME, SGW, PGW, TWAN or ePDG) received in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

The SGW shall respond to the Delete PDN Connection Set Request independently, i.e. without waiting for replies.

7.9.3 Update PDN Connection Set Request

The SGW shall send this message to the PGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in TS 23.007 [17].

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
MME-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.9.3-1: Information Elements in a Update PDN Connection Set Request

7.9.4 Update PDN Connection Set Response

This message is sent by the PGW to the SGW on S5/S8 in response to the Update PDN Connection Set Request message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
PGW-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
Recovery		This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.9.4-1: Information Elements in a Update PDN Connection Set Response

The following Cause values are defined:

- "Request accepted"
- "Request rejected"
- "System failure".
- "Mandatory IE incorrect".
- "Conditional IE missing".
- "Invalid message format".

7.9.5 PGW Restart Notification

The direction of this message shall be from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN (see Table 6.1-1).

If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support the PRN feature (see subclause 8.83), a PGW Restart Notification shall be sent when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has restarted, and a PGW Restart Notification may be sent when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Table 7.9.5-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Table 7.9.5-1: Information Elements in PGW Restart Notification

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
PGW S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP	М		IP Address	0
SGW S11/S4 IP Address for Control Plane	М		IP Address	1
Cause		The SGW shall send the Cause IE with the value "PGW not responding" if it sends the PGW Restart Notification to notify that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted.	Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

7.9.6 PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge

The PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge shall be sent as a response of PGW Restart Notification to indicate that the MME/S4-SGSN deletes all the relevant PDN connections as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] if the Cause IE includes an acceptance cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.9.6-1: Information Elements in PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge

7.9.7 PGW Downlink Triggering Notification

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and from SGW to MME(s)/S4-SGSN(s).

The PGW Downlink Triggering Notification shall be sent as part of the PGW triggered SGW restoration procedure if the MME/S4-SGSN, SGW and PGW support this optional feature as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

 Table 7.9.7-1: Information Elements in PGW Downlink Triggering Notification

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
elements					
IMSI	Μ		IMSI	0	
MME/S4-SGSN	С	This IE shall be included over S5 /S11/S4 interface as	IP Address	0	
identifier		specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].			
PGW S5 F-TEID for	0	This IE may be included over the S5 interface. If present, it	F-TEID	0	
GTP or PMIP Control		shall contain the PGW S5 F-TEID value assigned during			
Plane (NOTE 2)		the PDN connection establishment.			
		(NOTE 1)			
	CO	The PGW shall include this IE over the S5 interface			
		according to the conditions specified in subclauses			
		20.2.7.1 of 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].			
	CO	If the SGW receives this IE it shall forward the IE to the			
		MME/S4-SGSN over the S11/S4 interface.			
		This IE shall include the PGW S5 IP address for control			
		plane and TEID for GTP based S5 case or the uplink GRE			
		key for control plane in the PMIP based S5 case.			
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS	
NOTE 1: The SGW s	hall	set the header TEID value in the PGW Downlink Triggering A	Acknowledge to the		
PGW's Con	PGW's Control Plane TEID if the 'PGW S5 F-TEID for GTP or PMIP Control Plane' IE is present in				
the PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message.					
	NOTE 2: In earlier versions of this specification, the name of this IE was 'Sender F-TEID for Control Plane'.				
The name v	vas c	changed when extending the applicability of the IE to S4/S11			

7.9.8 PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge

The PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message if the MME/S4-SGSN, SGW and PGW support the PGW triggered SGW restoration feature as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Context not found".

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface if the Cause is indicating the rejection value "Context Not Found" and if the MME/S4-SGSN identifier is included in the corresponding PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message.	IMSI	0
MME/S4-SGSN identifier	С	This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface if the Cause is indicating the rejection value "Context Not Found" and if the MME/S4-SGSN identifier is included in the corresponding PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message.	IP Address	0
Private Extension	0	-	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.9.8-1: Information Elements in PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge

7.10 Fallback to GTPv1 mechanism

An EPC entity shall assume that each GTP processing node that it is about to communicate with is GTPv2 capable. Before the first GTP tunnel is setup for a given UE/node, the EPC node shall always send a version 2 (GTPv2) message to a peer node. As an exception, during an inter-SGSN handover, even if the target SGSN is GTPv2 capable, the source SGSN shall send a GTPv1 message "Forward Relocation Request" to the target SGSN if the PDP Context(s) for this UE were established to GGSN(s), or if there is no active PDP context and the source or target SGSN does not support SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see subclause 7.3.1).

A GTPv2 entity shall fallback to GTPv1 only if either a "Version Not Supported" message in GTPv1 format as specified in 3GPP TS 29.060 [4] is received from the peer node (this indicates that the peer GTP entity does not support GTPv2), or if a GTPv2 message is received with Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1".

If a GTPv1 "Version Not Supported" message in received, a GTPv2 entity may fallback to GTPv1. 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (see annex D) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] specify GTP version usage during the mobility between a UTRAN/GERAN and an E-UTRAN.

A GTPv2 entity may receive a GTPv2 message with a Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in the following cases:

- an S4 SGSN receives the Cause code "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over S16 interface. When an UE has activated a PDP context via S4 SGSN to GGSN and inter-SGSN RAU is underway, the old S4 SGSN shall include the Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over S16 interface. In this case, the new S4 SGSN shall abort the ongoing GTPv2 procedure and send a GTPv1 "SGSN Context Request" message to the old S4 SGSN. The fallback to GTPv1 is performed only for this UE in the current procedure.
- an MME receives the Cause code "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over the S3 interface. When an UE has active PDP context(s) via an S4 SGSN and a TAU is underway, the old S4 SGSN may include the Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over the S3 interface. In this case, the MME shall abort the ongoing GTPv2 procedure and should send a GTPv1 "SGSN Context Request" message to the old S4 SGSN. The fallback to GTPv1 is performed only for this UE.

Fallback to GTPv1 shall not occur on already established GTP tunnels without change of the peer nodes of the communication bearer.

7.11 Fallback to GTPv0

Fallback from GTPv2 to GTPv0 shall not be supported. Therefore, GTPv2 entity should not listen to the well-known GTPv0 port 3386.

7.12 Trace Management Messages

7.12.1 Trace Session Activation

The Trace Session Activation message shall be sent on S11/S4 by the MME/SGSN to the SGW, on S2a/S2b by the TWAN/ePDG to the PGW, and on S5/S8 by the SGW to the PGW when session trace is activated for a particular IMSI or IMEI for a UE that is attached and active or attached and idle.

Table 7.12.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
IMSI	С	The MME/SGSN shall include the IMSI in the message on the S11/S4 interface except for the case: - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.	IMSI	0
		The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S11/S4 interface but not used as an identifier - if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.		
		The SGW shall forward this IE to the PGW on S5/S8 if received on S11/S4.		
		The TWAN/ePDG shall include this IE on the S2a/S2b interface.		
Trace Information	Μ		Trace Information	0
ME Identity (MEI)	С	The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface: - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless	MEI	0
		 If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated 		
		In other cases, the MME shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11 interface, if available.		
		The SGW shall forward this IE to the PGW on S5/S8 if received on S11/S4.		
	со	The TWAN/ePDG shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S2a/S2b interface, if it is available.		

Table 7.12.1-1: Information Element	s in a Trace Session Activation
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7.12.2 Trace Session Deactivation

The Trace Session Deactivation message shall be sent on S11/S4 by the MME/SGSN to the SGW, on S2a/S2b by the TWAN/ePDG to the PGW, and on S5/S8 by the SGW to the PGW when session trace is deactivated for a particular IMSI or IMEI for a UE that is attached and active or attached and idle.

Table 7.12.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Trace Reference	Μ		Trace Reference	0

7.13 MBMS Messages

7.13.1 MBMS Session Start Request

The MBMS Session Start Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37] and 3GPP TS 23.007 [13].

Table 7.13.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

			1
Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
М		F-TEID	0
М		TMGI	0
М		MBMS Session Duration	0
М		MBMS Service Area	0
С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC.	MBMS Session Identifier	0
С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Flow Identifier	0
Μ		Bearer QoS	0
	See NOTE 2.	MBMS IP Multicast Distribution	0
С	time.	Recovery	0
со	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is received from the BM-SC.	MBMS Time to Data Transfer	0
со	This IE shall be forwarded to the MME if it is received from the BM-SC.	Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer	0
	 is set to 1. Applicable flags: MBMS Session Re-establishment Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the Sm/Sn interfaces if the MBMS Session Start Request message is used to re-establish an MBMS session (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [13]). 		
	multicast address types, the MBMS GW may include this IE on the Sm interface to provide an alternative MBMS IP Multicast Distribution Address with a different address type (i.e. IPv4 or IPv6) than the one provided in the MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE. See NOTE 2.	MBMS IP Multicast Distribution	1
со	The MBMS GW shall include this IE on the Sm interface if a MBMS Cell List was received from the BM-SC. See NOTE 3.	ECGI-List	0
0		Private Extension	VS
9.06 S GW h IPv e ME S Se Add Both	1 [38]. / supports both IPv4 and IPv6 M1 multicast address types, t 4 and IPv6 MBMS IP Multicast Distribution addresses on the BMS IP Multicast Distribution IE and the MBMS Alternative IF ssion Start Request. In this case, one of these IEs shall carr ress and an IP Multicast Source Address for IPv6 and the ot IEs shall contain the same C-TEID value.	ed in Section 20.5 o he MBMS GW may e Sm interface by P Multicast Distribut y an IP Multicast her IE shall carry IP	f ion IE
	M M M M C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	M M M C This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. C This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. M See NOTE 1. M See NOTE 2. C This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. CO This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is received from the BM-SC. CO This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags: - MBMS Session Re-establishment Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the Sm/Sn interfaces if the MBMS Session Start Request message is used to re-establish an MBMS session (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [13]). CO If the MBMS GW supports both IPv4 and IPv6 M1 multicast address types, the MBMS GW may include this IE on the Sm interface to provide an alternative MBMS IP Multicast Distribution Address with a different address type (i.e. IPv4 or IPv6) than the one provided in the MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE. See NOTE 3. O 3BR and uplink MBR shall be ignored by MME/SGSN as specifie a MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE and the MBMS Alternative IF S Session Start Request. In this case, one of these IEs shall carr Address and an IP Multicast Distribution addresses on the ot Pv6 MBMS IP Multicast Source Address for IPv6 and the ot Both IEs shall carr Address S for IPv6 and the S mathematica Source Address for IPv6 and the ot Both IEs shall contin the same C-TEID	M F-TEID M TMGI M TMGI M MBMS Session Duration MEMS Service Area MBMS Service C This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. MBMS Session C This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. MBMS Flow Identifier M See NOTE 1. Bearer QoS M See NOTE 2. MBMS IP Multicast CO This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is received from the BM-SC. MBMS Time to Data Transfer CO This IE shall be forwarded to the MME if it is received from the BM-SC. MBMS Time to Data Transfer CO This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. MBMS Tiags Applicable flags: - MBMS Session Re-establishment Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the Sm/Sn interfaces if the MBMS Session Start Request message is used to re-establish an MBMS session (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [13]). MBMS IP Multicast CO If the MBMS GW supports both IPv4 and IPv6 M1 multicast Distribution Address with a different address type (i.e. IPv4 or IPv6) than the one provided in the MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE. MBMS Cell List was received from the BM-SC. CO The MBMS Cell List was received from the BM-SC. ECGI-List a MBMS Cell List was received from the BM-SC. CO The

Table 7.13.1-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Start Request

7.13.2 MBMS Session Start Response

The MBMS Session Start Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Start Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	М		F-TEID	0
MBMS Distribution Acknowledge	С	This IE shall be included on the Sn interface.	MBMS Distribution Acknowledge	0
Sn-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if some RNCs have not accepted IP multicast distribution.	F-TEID	1
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

 Table 7.13.2-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Start Response

7.13.3 MBMS Session Update Request

The MBMS Session Update Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37] and 3GPP TS 23.007 [13].

Table 7.13.3-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
MBMS Service Area	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Service	0
		by the BM-SC.	Area	
Temporary Mobile	Μ		TMGI	0
Group Identity (TMGI)				
Sender F-TEID for	0		F-TEID	0
Control Plane				
MBMS Session	Μ		MBMS Session	0
Duration			Duration	
QoS profile	Μ	See NOTE 1.	Bearer QoS	0
MBMS Session	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Session	0
Identifier		by the BM-SC.	Identifier	
MBMS Flow Identifier	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Flow	0
		by the BM-SC.	Identifier	
MBMS Time to Data	CO	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Time to	0
Transfer		by the BM-SC.	Data Transfer	
MBMS Data Transfer	CO	This IE shall be forwarded to the MME if it is received from	Absolute Time of	0
Start		the BM-SC.	MBMS Data	
			Transfer	
MBMS Cell List	CO	The MBMS GW shall include this IE on the Sm interface if	ECGI List	0
		a MBMS Cell List was received from the BM-SC.		
		See NOTE 2.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: The uplink (GBR	and uplink MBR shall be ignored by MME/SGSN as specifie	ed in Section 20.5 of	f
3GPP TS 2	9.06	1 [38].		
NOTE 2: The MBMS	Cell	List can contain from 1 up to 4096 cells (see 3GPP TS 29.0	61 [38]).	

Table 7.13.3-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Update Request

7.13.4 MBMS Session Update Response

The MBMS Session Update Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Update Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.4-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Information	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
MBMS Distribution	С	This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if service area	MBMS	0
Acknowledge		is changed.	Distribution	
-			Acknowledge	
Sn-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if any of the	F-TEID	0
		newly added RNCs have not accepted IP multicast		
		distribution.		
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first	Recovery	0
		time.	-	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.13.4-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Update Response

7.13.5 MBMS Session Stop Request

The MBMS Session Stop Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37] and 3GPP TS 23.007 [13].

Table 7.13.5-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Info specified in Table 8.4-1.rmation	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
elements				
MBMS Flow Identifier	-	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. See NOTE 1.	MBMS Flow Identifier	0
MBMS Data Transfer Stop	со	This IE shall be forwarded to the MME if it is received from the BM-SC.	Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer	0
MBMS Flags	CO	 This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags: Local MBMS Bearer Context Release Indication: this flag shall be set to 1 on the Sm/Sn interfaces if the MBMS Session Stop Request message is used to release the MBMS bearer context locally in the MME/SGSN (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [13]). 	MBMS Flags	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
		MBMS Flow Identifier IE is redundant as MBMS Session Sto ero TEID header. The receiver may ignore the MBMS Flow Id		e is

7.13.6 MBMS Session Stop Response

The MBMS Session Stop Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Stop Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.6-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.
Cause	Μ		Cause	0
Recovery		This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

8 GTP-C Information Elements

8.1 Information Element Types

A GTP control plane (signalling) message may contain several information elements. In order to have forward compatible type definitions for the GTPv2 information elements, all of them shall be TLIV (Type, Length, Instance, Value) coded. GTPv2 information element type values are specified in the Table 8.1-1. The last column of this table indicates whether the information element is:

- Fixed Length: the IE has a fixed set of fields, and a fixed number of octets.
- Variable Length: the IE has a fixed set of fields, and has a variable number of octets. For example, the last octets may be numbered similar to "5 to (n+4)". In this example, if the value of the length field, n, is 0, then the last field is not present.
- Extendable: the IE has a variable number of fields, and has a variable number of octets. The last fields are typically specified with the statement: "These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified". The legacy receiving entity shall ignore the unknown octets.

In order to improve the efficiency of troubleshooting, it is recommended that the information elements should be arranged in the signalling messages as well as in the grouped IEs, according to the order the information elements are listed in the message definition table or grouped IE definition table in section 7. However the receiving entity shall be prepared to handle the messages with information elements in any order.

Within information elements, certain fields may be described as spare. These bits shall be transmitted with the value set to 0. To allow for future features, the receiver shall not evaluate these bits. GTPv2-C information elements that have similar semantics in GTPv1-C shall be converted into GTPv1-C format, as specified in TS 29.060 [4], before sending them to a pre-R8 GSN.

IE Type	Information elements	Comment / Reference	Number of Fixed Octets
value			
(Decimal)	Deserved		
0	Reserved International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	Variable Length / 8.3	Not Applicable
2	Cause	Variable Length / 8.4	Not Applicable
3	Recovery (Restart Counter)	Variable Length / 8.5	Not Applicable
4 to 34	Reserved for S101 interface	See 3GPP TS 29.276 [14]	See 3GPP TS 29.276 [14]
35 to 50	Reserved for S121 interface	See 3GPP TS 29.276 [14]	See 3GPP TS 29.276 [14]
51	STN-SR	See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15]	See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15]
52 to 70 71	Reserved for Sv interface Access Point Name (APN)	See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15] Variable Length / 8.6	See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15] Not Applicable
72	Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)	Fixed Length / 8.7	8
73	EPS Bearer ID (EBI)	Extendable / 8.8	1
74	IP Address	Variable Length / 8.9	Not Applicable
75	Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI)	Variable Length / 8.10	Not Applicable
76	MSISDN	Variable Length / 8.11	Not Applicable
77	Indication	Extendable / 8.12	2
78 79	Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) PDN Address Allocation (PAA)	Variable Length / 8.13 Variable Length / 8.14	Not Applicable Not Applicable
80	Bearer Level Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)	Extendable / 8.15	22
81	Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)	Extendable / 8.16	21
82	RAT Type	Extendable / 8.17	1
83	Serving Network	Extendable / 8.18	3
84	EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)	Variable Length / 8.19	Not Applicable
85	Traffic Aggregation Description (TAD)	Variable Length / 8.20	Not Applicable
<u>86</u> 87	User Location Information (ULI) Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID)	Extendable / 8.21 Extendable / 8.22	"f+4-4" (See Figure 8.21-1) 9/21/25
88		Variable Length / 8.23	Not Applicable
89	Global CN-Id	Variable Length / 8.24	Not Applicable
90	S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info (S103PDF)	Variable Length / 8.25	Not Applicable
91	S1-U Data Forwarding Info (S1UDF)	Variable Length/ 8.26	Not Applicable
92	Delay Value	Extendable / 8.27	1
93	Bearer Context	Extendable / 8.28	Not Applicable
94 95	Charging ID Charging Characteristics	Extendable / 8.29 Extendable / 8.30	4
95	Trace Information	Variable Length / 8.31	Not Applicable
97	Bearer Flags	Extendable / 8.32	1
98	Reserved		
99	PDN Type	Extendable / 8.34	1
100	Procedure Transaction ID	Extendable / 8.35	1
101	Reserved		
102	Reserved	Extendeble / 9.29	"ru 1 4" (Coo Figuro 9 29 1)
<u> 103 </u> 104	MM Context (GSM Key and Triplets) MM Context (UMTS Key, Used Cipher and	Extendable / 8.38 Extendable / 8.38	"r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-1) "r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-2)
104	Quintuplets)		
105	MM Context (GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38	"r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-3)
106	MM Context (UMTS Key and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38	"r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-4)
107	MM Context (EPS Security Context, Quadruplets and	Extendable / 8.38	"s+64-4" (See Figure 8.38-5)
108	Quintuplets) MM Context (UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38	"r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-6)
109	PDN Connection	Extendable / 8.39	Not Applicable
110	PDU Numbers	Extendable / 8.40	9
111	P-TMSI	Variable Length / 8.41	Not Applicable
112	P-TMSI Signature	Variable Length / 8.42	Not Applicable
113	Hop Counter	Extendable / 8.43	1
114 115	UE Time Zone Trace Reference	Extendable / 8.44 Fixed Length / 8.45	2 6
115	Complete Request Message	Variable Length / 8.46	Not Applicable
117	GUTI	Variable Length / 8.47	Not Applicable
118	F-Container	Variable Length / 8.48	Not Applicable
119	F-Cause	Variable Length / 8.49	Not Applicable
120	PLMN ID	Variable Length / 8.50	Not Applicable
121	Target Identification	Variable Length / 8.51	Not Applicable
400	Reserved		
122		Variable Laterth / 0.50	Not Amalian I.I.
123	Packet Flow ID	Variable Length / 8.53	Not Applicable
123 124	Packet Flow ID RAB Context	Fixed Length / 8.54	9
123	Packet Flow ID		

Table 8.1-1: Information Element types for GTPv2

IE Type value (Decimal)	Information elements	Comment / Reference	Number of Fixed Octets		
	Selection Mode	Extendable / 8.58	1		
	Source Identification	Variable Length / 8.59	Not Applicable		
	Reserved				
131	Change Reporting Action	Variable Length / 8.61	Not Applicable		
	Fully Qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ- CSID)	Extendable / 8.62	"q+1-4" (See Figure 8.62-1)		
	Channel needed	Variable Length / 8.63	Not Applicable		
	eMLPP Priority	Variable Length / 8.64	Not Applicable		
135	Node Type	Extendable / 8.65	1		
	Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) Transaction Identifier (TI)	Variable Length / 8.66	Not Applicable		
	MBMS Session Duration	Variable Length / 8.68 Extendable / 8.69	Not Applicable		
	MBMS Service Area	Variable Length / 8.70	Not Applicable		
	MBMS Session Identifier	Extendable / 8.71	1		
	MBMS Flow Identifier	Extendable / 8.72	2		
	MBMS IP Multicast Distribution	Extendable / 8.73	"m+1-4" (See Figure 8.73-1)		
143	MBMS Distribution Acknowledge	Extendable / 8.74	1		
	RFSP Index	Fixed Length / 8.77	2		
	User CSG Information (UCI)	Extendable / 8.75	8		
	CSG Information Reporting Action	Extendable / 8.76	1		
	CSG ID	Extendable / 8.78	4		
	CSG Membership Indication (CMI) Service indicator	Extendable / 8.79 Fixed Length / 8.80	1		
	Detach Type	Fixed Length / 8.81	1		
	Local Distiguished Name (LDN)	Variable Length / 8.82	Not Applicable		
	Node Features	Extendable / 8.83	1		
	MBMS Time to Data Transfer	Extendable / 8.84	1		
	Throttling	Extendable / 8.85	2		
	Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)	Extendable / 8.86	1		
	EPC Timer	Extendable / 8.87	1		
	Signalling Priority Indication	Extendable / 8.88	1		
	Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI)	Extendable / 8.89	6		
	Additional MM context for SRVCC	Extendable / 8.90	"e-4" (See Figure 8.90-1)		
	Additional flags for SRVCC Reserved	Extendable / 8.91	1		
	MDT Configuration	Extendable / 8.93	"q-4" (See Figure 8.93-1)		
163	Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)	Extendable / 8.94	"m-4" (See Figure 8.94-1)		
	Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer	Extendable / 8.95	8		
	H(e)NB Information Reporting	Extendable / 8.96	1		
166	IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP)	Extendable / 8.97	5		
	Change to Report Flags	Extendable / 8.98	1		
	Action Indication	Extendable / 8.99	1		
	TWAN Identifier	Extendable / 8.100	"k+6-4" (See Figure 8.100-1)		
170	ULI Timestamp	Extendable / 8.101	4		
	MBMS Flags RAN/NAS Cause	Extendable / 8.102 Extendable / 8.103	1 "m-4" (See Figure 8.103-1)		
	CN Operator Selection Entity	Extendable / 8.103	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	Trusted WLAN Mode Indication	Extendable / 8.104	1		
	Node Number	Extendable / 8.105	"p-4" (See Figure 8.106-1)		
	Node Identifier	Extendable / 8.107	"q-4" (See Figure 8.107-1)		
177	Presence Reporting Area Action	Extendable / 8.108	"t-4" (See Figure 8.108-1)		
178	Presence Reporting Area Information	Extendable / 8.109	4		
	TWAN Identifier Timestamp	Extendable / 8.110	4		
	Overload Control Information	Extendable / 8.111	Not Applicable		
	Load Control Information	Extendable / 8.112	Not Applicable		
	Metric	Fixed Length / 8.113	1 4		
	Sequence Number APN and Relative Capacity	Fixed Length / 8.114 Extendable / 8.115	4 "m-4" (See Figure 8.115		
	WLAN Offloadability Indication	Extendable / 8.116			
	Paging and Service Information	Extendable / 8.117	m-4 (See Figure 8.117-1)		
	Integer Number	Variable / 8.118	Not Applicable		
	Millisecond Time Stamp	Extendable / 8.119	6		
	Monitoring Event Information	Extendable / 8.120	"k+2-4" (See Figure 8.120-1)		
	ECGI List	Extendable / 8.121	"m*7+2" (See Figure 8.121-1)		
	Remote UE Context	Extendable / 8.122	Not Applicable		
190 191					
190 191 192	Remote User ID	Extendable / 8.123	"c-4" (see Figure 8.123-1)		
190 191 192 193	Remote User ID Remote UE IP information	Variable Length / 8.124			
190 191 192 193 194	Remote User ID		"c-4" (see Figure 8.123-1)		

IE Type	Information elements	Comment / Reference	Number of Fixed Octets					
value								
(Decimal								
197	Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)	Variable Length / 8.128	Not Applicable					
198	Serving PLMN Rate Control	Extendable / 8.129	4					
199 to 253	3 Spare. For future use.							
254	Special IE type for IE Type Extension	See NOTE 2	Not Applicable					
255	Private Extension	Variable Length / 8.67	Not Applicable					
	35 Spare. For future use.							
NOTE 1:	The size of the TLI (Type, Length and Instance) fie	elds, i.e "4" octets, has been su	ibtracted from the number of					
	the fixed octets of the "Fixed Length" and "Extendation	able" IEs. Hence for some of th	e "Extendable" IEs, for which					
	the length is defined in terms of variable number of	f octets, "4" is explicitly subtrac	cted while defining the fixed					
number of octets. E.g. Length of User Location Information is defined as "f+4" and fixed number of octets for								
the same is defined as "f+4-4".								
NOTE 2:	NOTE 2: The IE Type value 254 indicates that the IE Type shall be further identified by an IE Type Extension field; see							
	subclause 8.2.1A. A GTP-C entity which does not							
	field shall ignore an IE received with the IE Type v							

8.2 Information Element Format

8.2.1 General

Figure 8.2-1 depicts the format of an information element.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	Type = xxx (decimal)							
2 to3	Length = n							
4	Spare					Inst	ance	
5 to (n+4)		IE spe	cific da	ta or co	ntent of	f a grou	ped IE	

Figure 8.2-1: Information Element Format

An IE has the following mandatory fields:

- Type field: This field indicates the type of Information Element. The valid values of the IE type are defined in clause 8.1.
- Length: This field contains the length of the information element excluding the first four octets, which are common for all information elements (Type, Length and the contents of octet 4) and is denoted "n" in Figure 8.2-1. For all the length fields, bit 8 of the lowest numbered octet is the most significant bit and bit 1 of the highest numbered octet is the least significant bit.
- Instance: This field shall be used to differentiate amongst different parameters in one specific message which use the same information element type (see also subclause 6.1.3 "Information Element Instance").

An IE is said to be TLIV (Type, Length, Instance, Value) encoded.

8.2.1A Information Element with an IE Type Extension field

Figure 8.2.1A-1 depicts the format of an information element with an IE Type Extension field.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	Type = 254 (decimal)							
2 to 3		Length = n						
4	Spare					Inst	ance	
5 to 6	IE Type Extension							
7 to n+4		IE sp	ecific d	ata or c	content	of a gro	up IE	

Figure 8.2.1A-1: Information Element with an IE Type Extension field

The IE Type in octet 1 of an information element with an IE Type Extension field shall be set to 254. Such IE shall be further identified by the value encoded in the IE Type Extension field in octets 5 and 6.

The value of the IE Type Extension shall be encoded in full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) from 256 up to 65535. This field indicates the type of the Information Element and the valid values of the IE type Extension field are defined in subclause 8.1.

The semantics of the Length and Instance field remain the same as specified in subclause 8.2.1.

8.2.2 Handling ASN.1/PER encoded parameters

During the TAU/RAU/HO procedures MME/S4-SGSN GTPv2 entities send some of the RANAP/S1AP/BSSGP parameters to a GTPv2 peer. Copying of the BSSGP parameters into GTPv2 IEs is straightforward. RANAP and S1AP, however, use ASN.1/PER encoding, which is different from GTPv2 specific TLV encoding.

Transparent copying of RANAP/S1AP parameters across GTPv2 interfaces:

- a GTPv2 entity shall transparently copy the respective information into one or more octets of the GTPv2 IE as specified in Annex B and clause 8.48. With this approach, GTPv2 will not be impacted if the contents of such RANAP/S1AP parameter changes over the time.

Non-transparent copying of RANAP/S1AP parameters across GTPv2 interfaces:

- GTPv2 entity decodes ASN.1/PER parameter and shall encode the value(s) into one or more octets of the GTPv2 IE according to what is specified in the present document.

8.3 International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)

International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the IMSI into the Value field of the IMSI IE. IMSI is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	Type = 1 (decimal)							
2 to 3	Length = n							
4		Sp	are		Inst	ance		
5		Numbe	r digit 2		Numbe	er digit 1		
6		Numbe	r digit 4		Numbe	er digit 3		
n+4		Numbe	r digit m		Number	digit m-1		

Figure 8.3-1: IMSI

Octets 5 to (n+4) represent the IMSI value in international number format as described in ITU-T Rec E.212 [64], encoded as TBCD digits, i.e. digits from 0 through 9 are encoded "0000" to "1001". When there is an odd number of digits, bits 8 to 5 of the last octet are encoded with the filler "1111". The maximum number of digits is 15.

8.4 Cause

Cause IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.4-1.

			В	its			
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
		Т	ype = 2	(decim	al)		
			Leng	th = n			
	Sp	are			Inst	ance	
			Cause	e value			
		Spare			PCE	BCE	CS
Type of the offending IE							
Length of the offending $IE = 0$							
- •							
	Sp	are			Inst	ance	
	8	Sp	Spare Spare Type	8 7 6 5 Type = 2 Leng Spare Cause Type of the Length of the colspan=	Type = 2 (decim Length = n Spare Cause value Spare Type of the offendi Length of the offendin	8 7 6 5 4 3 Type = 2 (decimal) Length = n Spare Instance Cause value Spare PCE Type of the offending IE Length of the offending IE	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 Type = 2 (decimal) Length = n Spare Instance Cause value Spare PCE BCE Type of the offending IE Length of the offending IE

Figure 8.4-1: Cause

Cause is a variable length IE, which may have either of the following two lengths values:

- If n = 2, a = 0 and the Cause IE shall be 6 octets long. Therefore, octets "a(n+1) to a(n+4)" will not be present.
- If n = 6, a = 1 and the Cause IE will be 10 octets long.

For PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW/MAG shall do the mapping between GTPv2 Cause IE and respective PMIPv6 IE as specified in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26].

The following bits within Octet 6 indicate:

- Bits 8 to 4: Spare, for future use and set to zero
- Bit 1 CS (Cause Source): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding error cause is originated by the remote node (i.e., the MME/SGSN to a PGW, or the PGW to an MME/SGSN). This bit is set to 0 to denote that the corresponding error cause is originated by the node sending the message.

The CS should be set to 1 by the SGW when the SGW relay a response message with cause value from the MME/SGSN to the PGW or from the PGW to the MME/SGSN. For PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW shall set the CS bit to 1 when the SGW/MAG relay a response message with the cause value from the PGW/LMA to the MME/SGSN.

- Bit 2 BCE (Bearer Context IE Error): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding rejection cause is due to the error in the Bearer Context IE. This bit shall be discarded if the cause value is one of Acceptance cause value as given in table 8.4-1.
- Bit 3 PCE (PDN Connection IE Error): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding rejection cause is due to the error in the PDN Connection IE. This bit shall be discarded if the cause value is one of Acceptance cause value as given in table 8.4-1.

The Cause value shall be included in a response message. In a response message, the Cause value indicates the acceptance or the rejection of the corresponding request message. The Cause value indicates the explicit reason for the rejection.

If the rejection is due to a mandatory IE or a verifiable conditional IE is faulty or missing, the offending IE shall be included within an additional field "a(n+1) to a(n+4)". Only Type and Instance fields of the offending IE that caused the rejection have a meaning. The length in the Octet 8-9 and spare bits in the Octet 10 shall be set to "0". In this case, the value of "n" shall be "6". Otherwise, the value of "n" is equal to "2".

The Cause may also be included in the request message. In a request message, the Cause value indicates the reason for the request.

"Request accepted" is returned when the GTPv2 entity has accepted a control plane request.

"Context Not Found" is used in the response message by a GTP entity when it receives a message for which it does not have context, e.g. TEID-C or EBI is not known. When "Context Not Found" is received at Bearer Context IE level, it means the bearer context is unknown in the peer. When "Context Not Found" is received at message level together with a known TEID-C in the GTPv2-C header in the response message, this indicates some bearer contexts are not known in the peer; the sender of the request message should further determine, based on the bearer context(s) included in the request message, that:

- if the default bearer is unknown, this means the PDN connection is not known in the peer;
- if one or more dedicated bearers are unknown, this means only those dedicated bearer contexts are not known in the peer.

"Context Not Found" may be used by the PGW in the Create Session Response message during the non-3GPP to 3GPP access handover procedures, if the request corresponds to the handover of a PDN connection which does not exist in the PGW.

"Context Not Found" may be used by the PGW in the Create Session Response message during the 3GPP to non-3GPP access handover procedures, if the request corresponds to the handover of a PDN connection which does not exist in the PGW.

"Service not supported" is used by the GTP entity when it receives a message, which corresponds to a feature or a service which is not supported by the node.

"Service denied" is used when the requested service cannot be granted.

"System failure" is used by the GTP entity to indicate a generic error condition.

"No resources available" is used by the GTP entity to indicate the temporary unavailability of the resource(s) to process the received request.

"Semantic error in the TFT operation", "Syntactic error in the TFT operation", "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)", "Syntactic errors in packet filters(s)", "UE context without TFT already activated", "Semantic error in the TAD operation" and "Syntactic error in the TAD operation" are indications of error cases involving TFT(s)/TAD(s) as specified in subclause 7.7.11 in this specification.

"Missing or unknown APN" is used by the PGW when it does not support the Access Point Name, received in Create Session Request message.

"Relocation failure" is used by the target MME/S4-SGSN to indicate the source MME/S4-SGSN that the relocation has failed.

"Relocation failure due to NAS message redirection" is used by the new MME/S4-SGSN to indicate to the old MME/S4-SGSN that the TAU/RAU procedure is not successful due to NAS message redirection as described in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

"Denied in RAT" is used by the GTP entity to indicate that the requested service is not accepted in the RAT.

"Preferred PDN type not supported" is used by the PGW to indicate that the PDN type received in the Create Session Request message is not supported by the PGW for the PDN corresponding to the received Access Point Name.

"Protocol type not supported" is used by the SGW to indicate that the S5/S8 protocol type requested by the MME/S4-SGSN is not supported by it.

"UE not responding" is used by the MME/S4-SGSN to indicate that the UE is not responding to the request initiated by the network, e.g. Paging.

"UE refuses" is used by the GTP entity to indicate that the UE, without specifying further detail, rejected the request from the network.

"Unable to page UE" is used by the MME/S4-SGSN to indicate its inability to page the UE, temporarily.

"User authentication failed" is used by the GTP entity to indicate that the request is rejected due to failure in authentication/security procedure.

"APN access denied – no subscription" is used to indicate that the PGW has denied the user access to an APN because a subscription is required, but the subscriber does not have the necessary subscription.

"Remote peer not responding" is used by the SGW for the messages spanning through two interfaces. This cause value is returned by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN or PGW in a response message where no response message is received from the PGW or MME/S4-SGSN.

"Collision with network initiated request" is used by the PGW to indicate that the UE-initiated bearer resource allocation/modification request is rejected since the PGW has requested a bearer resource allocation/modification for the same service using a network-initiated procedure.

"Unable to page UE due to Suspension" is used by the MME/S4-SGSN to indicate that the UE has not been paged because the bearers of the UE are in a suspended state.

"APN Restriction type Incompatible with currently active PDN connection" is used by the PGW to indicate that the newly requested PDN connection has APN restriction value that is not compatible with the currently active PDN connection(s)'s APN restriction value(s).

"Invalid peer" is used by the SGW to indicate that currently the UE is being managed by the different node (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN) than the node (e.g. S4-SGSN/MME) which has sent the Delete Session Request message.

"Invalid Reply from remote peer" is used by the SGW for the messages spanning through two interfaces. This cause value is returned by the SGW to the MME/SGSN or PGW in a reply message where the corresponding reply message on S5/S8 or S11/S4 from the PGW or MME/SGSN is not decoded as valid.

"Temporarily rejected due to handover/TAU/RAU procedure in progress" is used by the MME/S4-SGSN for the bearer related procedure initiated by the PGW. When the handover/TAU/RAU with/without SGW change and/or MME/S4-SGSN change is in progress, the MME/S4-SGSN may receive Create / Update / Delete Bearer request message for the bearer creation, modification or deletion initiated by the PGW. If the handover/TAU/RAU procedure results in the SGW and/or MME/S4-SGSN change, then the bearer related procedure cannot be handled temporarily by the MME/S4-SGSN till the handover/TAU/RAU procedure is completed. In that case the MME/S4-SGSN shall reject the bearer related procedure with this rejection cause. This cause is also used to indicate that the Downlink Data Notification message is rejected temporarily due to the mobility procedures with MME or SGSN change in progress as specified in sub-clause 5.3.4.3 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

The usage of "Fallback to GTPv1" is specified in subclause 7.10 "Fallback to GTPv1 mechanism".

In the PGW initiated bearer deactivation procedure for the default bearer, the PGW may include the Cause IE in the Delete Bearer Request with values "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP", "Reactivation requested" or "Reactivation disallowed to APN".

"APN Congestion" is used by the PGW and it indicates that the PGW has detected congestion for the requested APN and performs overload control for that APN which does not allow the PDN connection to be established.

"GTP-C Entity Congestion" is used to indicate that the GTP-C entity has detected node level congestion and performs overload control at the node level, which does not allow the request to be processed.

"UE already re-attached" is used by MME/S4-SGSN for the network triggered service restoration procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. The MME/S4-SGSN may send the Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge or Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication with this cause as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure.

"PDP connection inactivity timer expires" is used by the PGW in Delete Bearer Request(s) to indicate that all the bearer(s) for the emergency PDN connection are deleted upon the inactivity timer expiry as specified in 3GPP TS 23.203 [48].

"Network failure" is used by the SGSN or MME in the Delete Session Request to indicate that the message is sent due to a network problem.

"QoS parameter mismatch" is used by the SGSN or MME in the Delete Session Request to indicate that the PDN connection can not be established due to a QoS parameter mismatch.

"MME/SGSN refuses due to VPLMN policy" is used by the MME/SGSN in the VPLMN to indicate to the PGW in the Create Bearer Response or Update Bearer Response that it does not allow the establishment or modification of the bearer due to VPLMN operator's policy.

The listed cause values for rejection response message descriptions in clause 7 are not meant to be exhaustive lists. Therefore a GTPv2 node shall use the most appropriate matching rejection response cause value that is listed in Table 8.4-1.

If a Bearer Resource Command message is related to an established PDN connection for LIPA or for SIPTO at the local network, the LGW shall reject the Bearer Resource Command with the cause value of "Bearer handling not supported".

"Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed" is used by SGW for reply message to the MME/S4-SGSN when PMIP-based S5/S8 is used. If either SGW or PGW does not support the multiple PDN connections to the same APN function, the SGW shall reject the PDN connectivity request procedure with this rejection cause when receiving Create Session Request for additional PDN connectivity to the given APN from the same UE.

As specified in sub-clause 5.3.1.1 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and sub-clause 9.2.1 in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], the cause value "New PDN type due to network preference" indicates that the UE has requested PDN type IPv4v6 and only IPv4 or IPv6 address is allowed for the PDN based on PGW operator policy.

As specified in sub-clause 5.3.1.1 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and sub-clause 9.2.1 in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], the cause value "New PDN type due to single address bearer only" indicates that the MS has requested PDN type IPv4v6 and both IPv4 and IPv6 addressing is possible in the PDN but the Dual Address Bearer Flag of the Indication IE is set to 0 or the Indication IE is absent, or only single IP version addressing is possible in the PDN.

"PGW not responding" is used by the SGW in PGW Restart Notification to indicate that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted as specified in subclause 7.9.5.

"UE context without TFT already activated" is used by the PGW in the Bearer Resource Failure Indication message to indicate that the PGW has received the Bearer Resource Command message without TAD IE in the secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

"Target access restricted for the subscriber" is used by the MME/SGSN in the Context Response message to indicate that the target access is prohibited for the subscriber, based on the subscription profile.

"P-TMSI Signature mismatch" is used by the SGSN or MME in the Identification Response and Context Response message if the P-TMSI Signature stored in the old SGSN or MME does not match the value sent by the UE via the new SGSN or MME.

"Late Overlapping Request" is used by the PGW in the Create Session Response to indicate that the incoming request collides with an existing session which has a more recent time stamp than the time stamp of the new request, as specified in subclause 13.2.

"Timed Out Request" is used by the SGW and PGW in the Create Session Response to indicate that the incoming request is known to have already timed out at the originating entity, as specified in subclause 13.3.

"UE is temporarily not reachable due to power saving" is used by the MME/SGSN in the Create/Update Bearer Response message to reject the corresponding network initiated procedures for a Delay Tolerant PDN connection and also request the PGW to hold the network initiated procedure until it receives the subsequent Modify Bearer Request message with the UASI flag indicating that the UE is available for end to end signalling.

"UE not authorised by OCS or external AAA Server" is used by the PGW in the Create Session Response to reject the corresponding UE initiated procedures when the OCS or an external AAA Server on SGi did not authorise it and the support of the Cause Code was indicated by the SGSN/MME within the Create Session Request.

If a Create Session Request message requests the addition of an access to a PDN connection, and NBIFOM is not supported by the MME/SGSN, SGW or TWAN, the PGW should reject the request with the cause value of "Multiple accesses to a PDN connection not allowed". This cause is also used by the PGW in the Delete Bearer Request message to initiate the removal of 3GPP access from the PDN connection due to detection of the MME/SGSN or SGW not supporting NBIFOM at the inter-PLMN mobility procedure.

Message Type	Cause value (decimal)	Meaning
	0	Reserved. Shall not be sent and if received the Cause shall be treated as an invalid IE
Request / Initial	1	Reserved
message	2	Local Detach
message	3	Complete Detach
-	4	RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP
-		
-	5	ISR deactivation
-	6	Error Indication received from RNC/eNodeB/S4-SGSN/MME
-	7	IMSI Detach Only
-	8	Reactivation Requested
_	9	PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed
	10	Access changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP
	11	PDN connection inactivity timer expires
-	12	PGW not responding
-	13	Network Failure
-	14	QoS parameter mismatch
	15	Spare. This value range shall be used by Cause values in an initial/request
	16	message. See NOTE 5. Request accepted
Acceptance in a	17	Request accepted partially
Response /	18	New PDN type due to network preference.
triggered	18	New PDN type due to single address bearer only.
message. See	-	Reare. This value to single address bearer only.
NOTE 1.	20 to 63	Spare. This value range shall be used by Cause values in an acceptance response/triggered message
Rejection in a	64	Context Not Found
Response /	65	Invalid Message Format
triggered	66	Version not supported by next peer
message. See	67	Invalid length
NOTE 1.	68	Service not supported
-	69	Mandatory IE incorrect
	70	Mandatory IE missing
	71	Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.
	72	System failure
-	73	No resources available
-	74	Semantic error in the TFT operation
-	75	Syntactic error in the TFT operation
-	76	Semantic errors in packet filter(s)
-	77	Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)
-	78	Missing or unknown APN
-		
-	79	Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.
-	80	GRE key not found
-	81	Relocation failure
-	82	Denied in RAT
	83	Preferred PDN type not supported
_	84	All dynamic addresses are occupied
ſ	85	UE context without TFT already activated. See NOTE 6.
Ī	86	Protocol type not supported
Ī	87	UE not responding. See NOTE 7.
ľ	88	UE refuses
1	89	Service denied. See NOTE 7.
4	90	Unable to page UE
4	91	No memory available
-	92	User authentication failed
+	92	
+		APN access denied – no subscription
ŀ	94	Request rejected (reason not specified)
ļ	95	P-TMSI Signature mismatch
-	96	IMSI/IMEI not known
	97	Semantic error in the TAD operation
	98	Syntactic error in the TAD operation
[99	Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.
	100	Remote peer not responding

Table 8.4-1: Cause values

[]	102	Unable to page UE due to Suspension						
	103	Conditional IE missing						
	104	APN Restriction type Incompatible with currently active PDN connection						
	105	Invalid overall length of the triggered response message and a piggybacked initial						
	100	message						
	106	Data forwarding not supported						
	107	Invalid reply from remote peer						
	108	Fallback to GTPv1						
	109	Invalid peer						
	110	Temporarily rejected due to handover/TAU/RAU procedure in progress						
	111	Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers						
	112	Request rejected for a PMIPv6 reason (see 3GPP TS 29.275 [26]).						
	113	APN Congestion						
	114	Bearer handling not supported						
	115	UE already re-attached. See NOTE 7.						
	116	Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed						
	117	Target access restricted for the subscriber						
	118	Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.						
	119	MME/SGSN refuses due to VPLMN Policy						
	120	GTP-C Entity Congestion						
	121	Late Overlapping Request						
	122	Timed out Request						
	123	UE is temporarily not reachable due to power saving						
	124	Relocation failure due to NAS message redirection						
	125	UE not authorised by OCS or external AAA Server						
	126	Multiple accesses to a PDN connection not allowed						
	127 to 239	Spare. For future use in a triggered/response message See NOTE 4.						
Request / Initial	240 to 255	Spare. For future use in an initial/request message. See NOTE 5.						
message								
	ed cause values	for rejection in a response/triggered message can be also used for request						
		message is triggered by a command message.						
		tically incorrect Information Element" specifies quite strict handling of the reserved						
		table shall not contain any reserved values.						
		arlier versions of the spec. If received, it shall be interpreted as unspecified						
		fied/unrecognized rejection cause shall be treated in the same ways as the cause						
value 9	4 "Request reject	ed (reason not specified)".						
		used in the newer versions of the spec. If the receiver cannot comprehend the						
		ted as unspecified rejection cause. Unspecified/unrecognized rejection cause shall						
		ays as the cause value 94 "Request rejected (reason not specified)".						
		used in the newer versions of the spec. If the receiver cannot comprehend the						
		ted as an unspecified request/initial message cause. Unspecified/unrecognized						
		est/initial message shall be implementation dependent (e.g. may be ignored).						
		used over the S4, S5 and S8 interface in the secondary PDP Context Activation						
		A in 3GPP TS 23.060 [4]).						
	•	so be used by a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication, which is an initial						
messag	ae.							

The mapping at the MME/S4-SGSN between GTP cause values received over the S11/S4 interface and the NAS cause values sent to the UE is specified in Annex C.

8.5 Recovery (Restart Counter)

Recovery IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.5-1.

The Recovery (Restart Counter) is encoded as 1 octet.

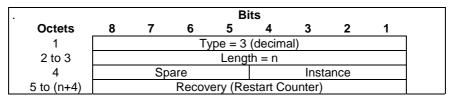


Figure 8.5-1: Recovery (Restart Counter)

8.6 Access Point Name (APN)

Access Point Name (APN) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the APN into the Value field of the APN IE.

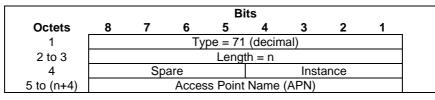


Figure 8.6-1: Access Point Name (APN)

The encoding the APN field follows 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] subclause 9.1. The content of the APN field shall be the full APN with both the APN Network Identifier and APN Operator Identifier being present as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] subclauses 9.1.1 and 9.1.2, 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] Annex A and 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] subclauses 4.3.8.1.

NOTE: The APN field is not encoded as a dotted string as commonly used in documentation.

8.7 Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)

Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the AMBR into the Value field of the AMBR (APN-AMBR) IE.

AMBR is defined in clause 9.9.4.2 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], but shall be formatted as shown in Figure 8.7-1 as Unsigned32 binary integer values in kbps (1000 bits per second).

				В	its							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 72 (decimal)										
2 to 3		Length = 8										
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance					
5 to 8		APN-AMBR for uplink										
9 to 12			APN	-AMBR	for dov	vnlink						

Figure 8.7-1: Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)

The APN-AMBR for uplink and the APN-AMBR for downlink may require converting values in bits per second to kilo bits per second when the APN-AMBR for uplink and the APN-AMBR for downlink are received from an interface other than GTPv2 interface. If such conversions result in fractions, then the value of APN-AMBR for uplink and the APN-AMBR for downlink shall be rounded upwards.

8.8 EPS Bearer ID (EBI)

EPS Bearer ID (EBI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.8-1.

The overall length of the IE is 5 octets. In future releases of the spec additional octets may be specified and new semantic for the spare bits may be defined.

		Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
1		Type = 73 (decimal)											
2 to 3		Length = n											
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance						
5	Spa	Spare (all bits set to 0) EPS Bearer ID (EBI)											
6 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified					

Figure 8.8-1: EPS Bearer ID (EBI)

The coding of EBI field and its value range is specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], subclause 11.2.3.1.5, bits 5 to 8.

8.9 IP Address

IP Address is coded as depicted in Figure 8.9-1. The Length field may have only two values (4 or 16) that determine if the Value field contains IPv4 or IPv6 address.

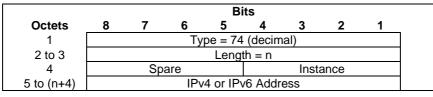


Figure 8.9-1: IP address

8.10 Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI)

Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.10-1. MEI is defined in subclause 6.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

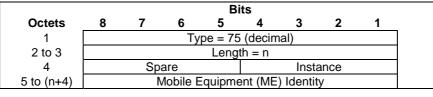


Figure 8.10-1: Mobile Equipment (ME) Identity (MEI)

The ME Identity field contains either the IMEI or the IMEISV as defined in subclause 6.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. It is encoded as specified in subclause 7.7.53 of 3GPP TS 29.060 [4], beginning with octet 4 of Figure 7.7.53.1.

The IMEI(SV) digits are encoded using BCD coding where IMEI is 15 BCD digits and IMEISV is 16 BCD digits. For IMEI, bits 5 to 8 of the last octet shall be filled with an end mark coded as '1111'.

8.11 MSISDN

MSISDN is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the MSISDN into the Value field of the MSISDN IE. MSISDN is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

		Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
1		Type = 76 (decimal)											
2 to 3		Length = n											
4		Spare Instance											
5		Numbe	r digit 2		Number digit 1								
6		Numbe	r digit 4			Numbe	er digit 3						
n+4		Numbe	r digit m	1	١	lumber	digit m-1						

Figure 8.11-1: MSISDN

Octets 5 to (n+4) represent the MSISDN value is in international number format as described in ITU-T Rec E.164 [25] and 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]. MSISDN value contains only the actual MSISDN number (does not contain the "nature of address indicator" octet, which indicates "international number" as in 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]) and is encoded as TBCD digits, i.e. digits from 0 through 9 are encoded "0000" to "1001". When there is an odd number of digits, bits 8 to 5 of the last octet are encoded with the filler "1111".

8.12 Indication

Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.12-1.

				Bi	ts							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1			Ту	pe = 77	decim	nal)						
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5	DAF	DTF	HI	DFI	OI	ISRSI	ISRAI	SGW				
								CI				
6	SQCI	UIMSI	CFSI	CRSI	Р	PT	SI	MSV				
7	RetLo	PBIC	SRNI	S6AF	S4AF	MBM	ISRA	CCRS				
	С					DT	U	I				
8	CPRA		PPOF	PPON	PPSI	CSFBI	CLII	CPSR				
	I	ARRL		/PPEI								
9	NSI	UASI	DTCI	BDWI	PSCI	PCRI	AOSI	AOPI				
10	ROAA	EPCO	CPOP	PMTS	S11T	PNSI	UNAC	WPM				
	I	SI	CI	MI	F		CSI	SI				
11 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified				

Figure 8.12-1: Indication

For each message the applicable flags of the Indication IE shall be clearly specified in the individual message sub clause. The remaining flags of the Indication IE not so indicated shall be discarded by the receiver.

The receiver shall consider the value of the applicable flags as "0", if the Indication IE is applicable for the message but not included in the message by the sender.

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 DAF (Dual Address Bearer Flag): This bit shall be set when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPv4v6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to are Release 8 or above supporting dual addressing, which is determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator..
- Bit 7 DTF (Direct Tunnel Flag): This bit shall be set when the UE is in UTRAN and Direct Tunnel is selected
- Bit 6 HI (Handover Indication): If this bit is set to 1 over S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces, it shall indicate a UE handover from Trusted or Untrusted non-3GPP access to 3GPP access. This bit is applicable during the Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to E-UTRAN or a Handover from Trusted or Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access to UTRAN/GERAN procedures (see sub-clauses 8.2, 8.6 and 16.11 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]). . If this bit is set to 1 over GTP based S2a interface, it shall indicate a UE handover from 3GPP access and UE requested IP address preservation. If this bit is set to 1 over GTP based S2b interface, it shall indicate a UE handover from 3GPP access and UE requested IP address preservation.
- Bit 5 DFI (Direct Forwarding Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the direct forwarding between the source eNodeB and the target eNodeB during the S1 based handover procedure is applied.
- Bit 4 OI (Operation Indication):
 - If this bit is set to 1, it shall denote that the receiving SGW of a "Create Session Request" shall send a Modify Bearer Request immediately to the PGW. This allows the SGW to differentiate if the "Create Session Request" received on S4/S11 interface belongs to a TAU/RAU with an SGW relocation (OI = 1), or X2based handover with SGW relocation (OI = 1) or Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation (OI=1) or MME triggered Serving GW relocation (OI = 1) or S1-based handover with SGW relocation (OI = 0).
 - It shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 interface if the SGW needs to forward the Delete Session Request message to PGW.
- Bit 3 ISRSI (Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication): If this is set to 1, it shall indicate that the old/source SGSN/MME and the associated SGW are capable to activate ISR.
- Bit 2 ISRAI (Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN during a TAU/RAU without an SGW change procedure or during an Inter RAT handover without an SGW change procedure. The SGW shall retain the

resources for the other CN node that has its bearer resources on the SGW reserved. The old/source SGSN/MME shall maintain the UE's contexts and activate ISR.

- Bit 1 – SGWCI (SGW Change Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the target MME/SGSN has selected a new SGW during a TAU/RAU or handover with an SGW change procedure.

The following bits within Octet 6 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 SQCI (Subscribed QoS Change Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the subscribed QoS profile of the related PDN connection has changed in the old MME/SGSN when the UE is in ECM-IDLE state and ISR is activated. The new MME/SGSN shall trigger the Subscribed QoS Modification procedure. See 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.9.2.
- Bit 7 UIMSI (Unauthenticated IMSI): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for emergency attached UE.
- Bit 6 CFSI (Change F-TEID support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the SGW can change the
 assigned GTP-U F-TEID in the current procedure. If the SGW needs to modify the GTP-U F-TEID and the CFSI
 flag is set to 1 in the corresponding request message, the SGW shall include the new F-TEID in the Modify
 Bearer Response/Modify Access Bearers Response message.
- Bit 5 CRSI (Change Reporting support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the MME/S4 SGSN supports Location Change Reporting mechanism for the corresponding session.
- Bit 4 PS (Piggybacking Supported). This bit denotes whether the MME/SGW support piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. If set to 1, it indicates that the node is capable of processing two different GTP-C messages appearing back to back in a single UDP payload.
- Bit 3 PT (S5/S8 Protocol Type) If this bit set to 1, it shall indicate that the protocol type for the S5/S8 interface is PMIP; this bit is set to 0 to indicate that the protocol type for the S5/S8 interface is GTP.
- Bit 2 SI (Scope Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that all bearer resources of the UE shall be
 released by the SGW. This flag is set in messages during TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change /SRNS
 Relocation Cancel Using S4 with SGW change/Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change/S1
 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change.
- Bit 1 MSV (MS Validated): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the new MME/SGSN has successfully authenticated the UE.

The following bits within Octet 7shall indicate:

- Bit 8 – RetLoc (Retrieve Location Indication Flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the PGW requests the MME/SGSN or TWAN/ePDG to provide the User Location Information.

Bit 7 – PBIC (Propagate BBAI Information Change): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates a change in the H(e)NB local IP address and/or UDP port number, i.e. the UE moves from an (e)NB to a H(e)NB, or from one H(e)NB to another H(e)NB with the fixed network backhaul changed, or the UE moves from a H(e)NB to a (e)NB.

- Bit 6 SRNI (SGW Restoration Needed Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the source MME/S4-SGSN has not performed the SGW relocation procedure after the source SGW has failed with or without restart, when the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].
- Bit 5 S6AF (Static IPv6 Address Flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that PDP/PDN IPv6 address is static.
- Bit 4 S4AF (Static IPv4 Address Flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that PDP/PDN IPv4 address is static.
- Bit 3 MBMDT (Management Based MDT allowed flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that management based MDT is allowed.
- Bit 2 ISRAU (ISR is activated for the UE): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that ISR is activated for the UE before the UE moving to the new SGSN/MME.
- Bit 1 CCRSI (CSG Change Reporting support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the MME/S4 SGSN supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism for the corresponding session.

The following bits within Octet 8 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 CPRAI (Change of Presence Reporting Area information Indication): when ISR is active if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the Presence Reporting Area information, which is provided as a part of the Presence Reporting Area Information IE, has changed since last reported by the MME/S4-SGSN. The SGW shall ignore this flag when ISR is not active.
- Bit 7 ARRL (Abnormal Release of Radio Link): if this bit is set to 1 by the MME, it indicates to the SGW that the access bearers are released due to an abnormal release of the radio link. Based on operator policy, this indication may be used by the SGW in subsequent decisions to trigger PDN charging pause if the PGW Pause of Charging feature has been enabled on that PDN connection.
- Bit 6 PPOFF (PDN Pause Off Indication): if this bit is set to 1 by the SGW, it indicates to the PGW that the charging for the PDN connection shall be unpaused.
- Bit 5 PPON (PDN Pause On Indication) / PPEI (PDN Pause Enabled Indication): if this bit is set to 1 by the SGW, it indicates to the PGW that the charging for the PDN connection shall be paused; if it is set to 1 by the PGW, it indicates that PGW enables the SGW to use the PGW Pause of Charging procedure for the PDN connection.
- Bit 4 PPSI (PDN Pause Support Indication): if this bit is set to 1 by the SGW, it indicates that the SGW supports the PGW Pause of Charging procedure; if it is set to 1 by the PGW, it indicates that the PGW supports the PGW Pause of Charging procedure.
- Bit 3 CSFBI (CSFB Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the UE has been subject to CSFB.
- Bit 2 CLII (Change of Location Information Indication): when ISR is active if this bit is set to 1, it indicates
 that the location information, which is provided as a part of ULI IE, has changed since last reported by the
 MME/S4-SGSN. The SGW shall ignore this flag when ISR is not active.
- Bit 1 CPSR (CS to PS SRVCC indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that a UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure is underway and the associated message, i.e. Modify Bearer Request shall be forwarded to the PGW from the SGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The following bits within Octet 9 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 NSI (NBIFOM Support Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates to the PGW that the NBIFOM is supported (see subclause 5.10 of 3GPP TS 23.161 [71]).
- Bit 7 UASI (UE Available for Signaling Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the UE is available for end to end signalling and that the PGW should re-attempt the pending network initiated procedure.
- Bit 6 DTCI (Delay Tolerant Connection Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the PDN connection
 is delay tolerant according to the local policies in the PGW, e.g. per APN.For this PDN connection the PGW
 supports receiving the rejection cause "UE is temporarily not reachable due to power saving" from the
 MME/SGSN via the SGW during a network initiated procedure and holding the network initiated procedure,
 until the PGW receives the subsequent Modify Bearer Request message with the UASI flag indicating that the
 UE is available for end to end signalling.
- Bit 5 BDWI (Buffered DL Data Waiting Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that there is DL data buffered in the (old) SGW, i.e. that the new MME/SGSN shall invoke data forwarding if there is an SGW change as specified in subclause 5.3.3.1A of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], and that it shall setup the user plane in conjunction with the TAU/RAU procedure for delivery of the buffered DL data to the UE.
- Bit 4 PSCI (Pending Subscription Change Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that there is a pending report of the changed subscribed QoS profile of the related PDN connection in the old MME, so that the new MME/SGSN shall trigger the HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure towards the PGW. See subclause 5.3.9.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].
- Bit 3 PCRI (P-CSCF Restoration Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates a request to trigger a P-CSCF restoration for the corresponding user (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]).
- Bit 2 AOSI (Associate OCI with SGW node's Identity): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the SGW provided "SGW's Overload Control Information" which shall be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the DNS during the SGW selection) of the serving SGW.

- Bit 1 – AOPI (Associate OCI with PGW node's Identity): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the PGW provided "PGW's Overload Control Information" which shall be associated with the node identity (i.e. FQDN or the IP address received from the HSS or DNS during the PGW selection) of the serving PGW.

The following bits within Octet 10 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 ROAAI (Release Over Any Access Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates to the PGW that, if this is an NB-IFOM PDN connection, the PGW shall initiate the release of the corresponding PDN connection over the non-3GPP access over the S2a/S2b interface with the cause "Local release".
- Bit 7 EPCOSI (Extended PCO Support Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates to the receiver that the
 Extended PCO is supported, e.g. when the PGW is the receiver, it indicates that the UE, the MME/SGSN and the
 SGW support Extended PCO; when the target MME/SGSN is the receiver, during an inter-MME/SGSN
 mobility, it indicates that UE and the source MME/SGSN support Extended PCO.
- Bit 6 CPOPCI (Control Plane Only PDN Connection Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the PDN Connection is set to Control Plane Only, i.e. the user data pertaining to this PDN connection can only be transferred in NAS PDUs via the control plane.
- Bit 5 PMTSMI (Pending MT Short Message Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates to the target MME/S4-SGSN that there is one (or more) pending MT Short Message(s) in the SMS-GMSC, i.e. that the target MME/S4-SGSN shall provide its E.164 address and Diameter Identity if available to receive the MT Short message and maintain the signalling connection with the UE for a longer time to enable the retransmission of the Short Message.
- Bit 4 S11-U Tunnel Flag (S11TF): This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11 interface if user data is transported in NAS signalling.
- Bit 3 PNSI (Pending Network Initiated PDN Connection Signalling Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it
 indicates to the target MME/SGSN that there is pending network initiated PDN connection signalling for the
 PDN connection, i.e. the target MME/SGSN shall set UASI flag in the Create Session Request or Modify Bearer
 Request message to indicate to the PGW that the UE is available for end to end signalling.
- Bit 2 UNACCSI (UE Not Authorised Cause Code Support Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the Cause Code for "UE not authorized by OCS or external AAA Server" is supported by the S4-SGSN/MME.
- Bit 1 WLCP PDN Connection Modification Support Indication (WPMSI): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the TWAN supports the WLCP PDN Connection Modification procedure. This indication is used by the P-CSCF restoration extension procedure for TWAN access (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [61]).

8.13 Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)

Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the PCO into the Value field of the PCO IE. The detailed coding and maximum length of the PCO field from octets 5 to (n+4) shall be specified as per clause 10.5.6.3 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], starting with octet 3.

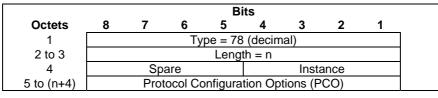


Figure 8.13-1: Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)

8.14 PDN Address Allocation (PAA)

The PDN Address Allocation is coded as depicted in Figure 8.14-1.

NOTE: The Prefix Length within PAA IE has a fixed value of /64.

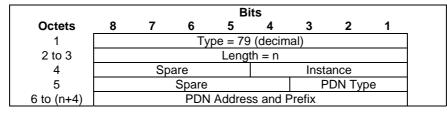


Figure 8.14-1: PDN Address Allocation (PAA)



PDN type valu	e (octet 5)
Bits	
3 2 1	IPv4
•••	IPv6
0 1 0	
	Non-IP
All other value	s are reserved.
Bits 8-4 of octe	et 5 are spare and shall be coded as zero.
PDN Address	and Prefix (octet 6 to n+4)
Prefix from oct	lue indicates IPv4, an IPv4 address is present in the PDN Address and et 6 to octet 9. Bit 8 of octet 6 represents the most significant bit of the and bit 1 of octet 9 the least significant bit.
through 22 cor	lue indicates IPv6, octet 6 contains the IPv6 Prefix Length. Octets 7 ntain an IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier. Bit 8 of octet 7 represents icant bit of the IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier and bit 1 of octet 22 icant bit.
through 22 cor the most signif the least signif	lue indicates IPv4v6, octet 6 contains the IPv6 Prefix Length. Octets 7 ntain an IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier. Bit 8 of octet 7 represents icant bit of the IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier and bit 1 of octet 22 icant bit. Octets 23 through 26 contain an IPv4 address. Bit 8 of octet 23 most significant bit of the IPv4 address and bit 1 of octet 26 the least
lf PDN type va	lue indicates Non-IP, octets from 6 to 'n+4' shall not be present.

8.15 Bearer Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)

Bearer Quality of Service (Bearer QoS) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the Bearer l QoS into the Value field of the Bearer QoS IE.

				В	its							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 80 (decimal)										
2-3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5	Spare	pare PCI PL Spare PVI										
6				Label	(QCI)							
7 to 11			Maxim	num bit	rate for	uplink						
12 to 16			Maximu	um bit ra	ate for c	downlinl	<					
17 to 21		Guaranteed bit rate for uplink										
22 to 26		0	Guarant	eed bit	rate for	downlin	nk					
27 to (n+4)	These	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spee	cified				

Figure 8.15-1: Bearer Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)

Octet 5 represents the Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP) parameter. The meaning and value range of the parameters within the ARP are defined in 3GPP TS 29.212 [29]. The bits within the ARP octet are:

- Bit 1 PVI (Pre-emption Vulnerability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.47 Pre-emption-Vulnerability AVP.
- Bit 2 spare
- Bits 3 to 6 PL (Priority Level): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.45 Priority-Level AVP. PL encodes each priority level defined for the Priority-Level AVP as the binary value of the priority level.
- Bit 7 PCI (Pre-emption Capability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.46 Pre-emption-Capability AVP.
- Bit 8 spare.

Octet 6 contains the "QCI" value, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.203 [48].

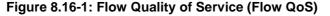
The UL/DL MBR and GBR fields are encoded as kilobits per second (1 kbps = 1000 bps) in binary value. The UL/DL MBR and GBR fields may require converting values in bits per second to kilobits per second when the UL/DL MBR and GBR values are received from an interface other than GTPv2 interface. If such conversions result in fractions, then the value of UL/DL MBR and GBR fields shall be rounded upwards. For non-GBR bearers, both the UL/DL MBR and GBR should be set to zero. The range of QCI, Maximum bit rate for uplink, Maximum bit rate for downlink, Guaranteed bit rate for uplink and Guaranteed bit rate for downlink are specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

NOTE: The encoding in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] is different from the encoding within this specification.

8.16 Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)

Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the Flow QoS into the Value field of the Flow QoS IE.

				В	its								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
1			Ту	pe = 81	(decin	nal)							
2 to 3		Length = n											
4		Spare Instance											
5		Label (QCI)											
6 to 10			Maxin	num bit	rate for	uplink							
11 to 15			Maximu	um bit ra	ate for o	downlinł	K						
16 to 20			Guarar	nteed bi	t rate fo	or uplink							
21 to 25		0	Guarant	eed bit	rate for	downlir	nk						
26 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified					



Octet 5 contains the "QCI" value, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.203 [48].

The UL/DL MBR and GBR fields are encoded as kilobits per second (1 kbps = 1000 bps) in binary value. For non-GBR bearers, both the UL/DL MBR and GBR should be set to zero. The range of QCI, Maximum bit rate for uplink, Maximum bit rate for downlink, Guaranteed bit rate for uplink and Guaranteed bit rate for downlink are specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

NOTE: The encoding in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] is different from the encoding within this specification.

8.17 RAT Type

RAT Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.17-1.

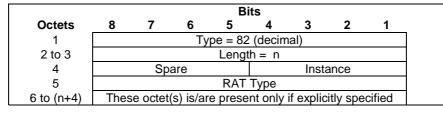


Figure 8.17-1: RAT Type

Table 8.17-1: RAT Type values

RAT Types	Values (Decimal)
<reserved></reserved>	0
UTRAN	1
GERAN	2
WLAN	3
GAN	4
HSPA Evolution	5
EUTRAN (WB-E-UTRAN)	6
Virtual	7
EUTRAN-NB-IoT	8
<spare></spare>	9-255

- NOTE 1: For S4-SGSN, currently it is only possible to detect the difference between GERAN and UTRAN when GERAN Gb mode is used. If GERAN Iu mode is used, then an S4-SGSN may not be able to detect the difference between GERAN and UTRAN. Across the Gb interface, the SGSN may also not be able to detect the difference between GERAN and GAN. If S4-SGSN cannot detect that the HSPA Evolution 3GPP TR 25.999 [46] network is behind the Iu interface, the S4-SGSN will send the "UTRAN" RAT Type.
- NOTE 2: For the Iu interface case, if the SGSN detects UTRAN or HSPA, it sets the RAT-Type to "UTRAN". If the SGSN detects HSPA+, it sets the RAT-Type to "HSPA Evolution", otherwise the SGSN will send the "UTRAN" RAT Type.

8.18 Serving Network

Serving Network is coded as depicted in Figure 8.18-1.

				В	its								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
1		Type = 83 (decimal)											
2 to 3		Length = n											
4		Spare Instance											
5		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1								
6		MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3						
7		MNC digit 2 MNC digit 1											
8 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified					

Figure 8.18-1: Serving Network

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

Unless specified otherwise in the specification, this IE contains the serving core network operator ID provided by the MME, S4-SGSN or ePDG, or the PLMN identity of the selected PLMN used for 3GPP-based access authentication provided by the TWAN.

NOTE: The serving core network operator ID is the PLMN ID of the MME, S4-SGSN or ePDG which is currently serving the UE. An S4-SGSN/MME which supports multiple PLMN IDs is considered as logically different S4-SGSNs/MMEs.

8.19 EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)

EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the EPS Bearer Level TFT into the Value field of the EPS Bearer Level TFT IE. The detailed coding and maximum length of the EPS Bearer Level TFT IE is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.6.12, beginning with octet 3.

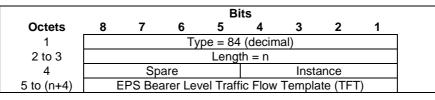


Figure 8.19-1: EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)

8.20 Traffic Aggregate Description (TAD)

The Traffic Aggregate Description IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.20-1. The detailed coding and maximum length of Traffic Aggregate Description is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.6.12, beginning with octet 3..

		Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 85 (Decimal)										
2 to 3	Length = n											
4		Spare Instance										
5 to (n+4)			Traffic	Aggreg	ate Des	cription	1					

Figure 8.20-1 Traffic Aggregate Description

8.21 User Location Information (ULI)

User Location Information (ULI) is a extendable IE that is coded as depicted in Figure 8.21-1. The CGI, SAI, RAI, TAI, ECGI and LAI identity types are defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

				Bi	ts							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1			Ту	/pe = 86	(decim	al)						
2 to 3				Lengt	th = n							
4		Spare Instance										
5	Sp	are	LAI	ECGI	TAI	RAI	SAI	CGI				
a to a+6				C	GI							
b to b+6				S	AI							
c to c+6				R	AI							
d to d+4				T/	41							
e to e+6				EC	GI							
f to f+4				L/	41							
g to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/a	re prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified				

Figure 8.21-1: User Location Information

The ULI IE shall contain only one identity of the same type (e.g. more than one CGI cannot be included), but ULI IE may contain more than one identity of a different type (e.g. ECGI and TAI). The flags LAI, ECGI, TAI, RAI, SAI and CGI in octet 5 indicate if the corresponding type shall be present in a respective field or not. If one of these flags is set to "0", the corresponding field shall not be present at all. If more than one identity of different type is present, then they shall be sorted in the following order: CGI, SAI, RAI, TAI, ECGI, LAI.

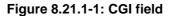
The following subclauses specify the coding of the fields representing different identities.

For each identity, if an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then "MNC digit 3" field of corresponding location shall be coded as "1111".

8.21.1 CGI field

The coding of CGI (Cell Global Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.1-1. Only zero or one CGI field shall be present in ULI IE.

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
а		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1					
a+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3					
a+2		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
a+3 to a+4			Locat	ion Are	ea Code (LAC)					
a+5 to a+6			(Cell Ide	ntity (C	I)				



The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet a+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet a+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

The Cell Identity (CI) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet a+5 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet a+6 the least significant bit. The coding of the cell identity is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

8.21.2 SAI field

The coding of SAI (Service Area Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.2-1. Only zero or one SAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

		Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
b		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1							
b+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3							
b+2		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1							
b+3 to b+4		Location Area Code (LAC)										
b+5 to b+6			Servio	ce Area	Code	(SAC)						

Figure 8.21.2-1: SAI field

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet b+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet b+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

The Service Area Code (SAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet b+5 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet b+6 the least significant bit. The SAC is defined by the operator. See 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] section 12.5 for more information.

8.21.3 RAI field

The coding of RAI (Routing Area Identity) is depicted in Figure 8.21.3-1. Only zero or one RAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
С		MCC digit 2 MCC digit 1									
c+1		MNC digit 3 MCC digit 3									
c+2		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1						
c+3 to c+4		Location Area Code (LAC)									
c+5 to c+6			Routir	ng Area	Code	(RAC)					

Figure 8.21.3-1: RAI field

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet c+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet c+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used (see 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]).

The Routing Area Code (RAC) consists of 2 octets. Only Octet c+5 contains the RAC. Octet c+6 is coded as all 1's (1111111). The RAC is defined by the operator. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used (see 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]).

8.21.4 TAI field

The coding of TAI (Tracking Area Identity) is depicted in Figure 8.21.4-1. Only zero or one TAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
d		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1					
d+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3					
d+2		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
d+3 to d+4			Track	ing Are	a Code	(TAC)				



The Tracking Area Code (TAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet d+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet d+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the tracking area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

8.21.5 ECGI field

The coding of ECGI (E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.5-1. Only zero or one ECGI field shall be present in ULI IE.

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
е		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1					
e+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3							
e+2		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1							
e+3		Sp	are		ECI							
e+4 to e+6			ECI (E-I	UTRAN	I Cell Id	dentifier))					

Figure 8.21.5-1: ECGI field

The E-UTRAN Cell Identifier (ECI) consists of 28 bits. The ECI field shall start with Bit 4 of octet e+3, which is the most significant bit. Bit 1 of Octet e+6 is the least significant bit. The coding of the E-UTRAN cell identifier is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

8.21.6 LAI field

The coding of LAI (Location Area Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.6-1.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
f		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1					
f+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3					
f+2		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
f+3 to f+4			Locati	ion Are	a Code	(LAC)				

Figure 8.21.6-1: LAI field

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet f+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet f+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

8.22 Fully Qualified TEID (F-TEID)

Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.22-1.

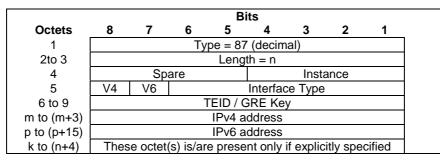


Figure 8.22-1: Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID)

The following flags are coded within Octet 5:

- Bit 8 V4: If this bit is set to "1", then IPv4 address field exists in the F-TEID, otherwise the IPv4 address field is not present at all.
- Bit 7 V6: If this bit is set to "1", then IPv6 address field exists in the F-TEID, otherwise the IPv6 address field is not present at all.

At least one of V4 and V6 shall be set to "1", and both may be set to "1".

- Bit 6 to Bit 1 Interface Type: This 6 bit wide integer can take the following values representing interface type and endpoint:
 - 0: S1-U eNodeB GTP-U interface
 - 1: S1-U SGW GTP-U interface
 - 2: S12 RNC GTP-U interface
 - 3: S12 SGW GTP-U interface
 - 4: S5/S8 SGW GTP-U interface
 - 5: S5/S8 PGW GTP-U interface
 - 6: S5/S8 SGW GTP-C interface
 - 7: S5/S8 PGW GTP-C interface
 - 8: S5/S8 SGW PMIPv6 interface (the 32 bit GRE key is encoded in 32 bit TEID field)
 - 9: S5/S8 PGW PMIPv6 interface (the 32 bit GRE key is encoded in the 32 bit TEID field, see subclause 6.3 in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26])
 - 10: S11 MME GTP-C interface
 - 11: S11/S4 SGW GTP-C interface
 - 12: S10 MME GTP-C interface
 - 13: S3 MME GTP-C interface
 - 14: S3 SGSN GTP-C interface
 - 15: S4 SGSN GTP-U interface
 - 16: S4 SGW GTP-U interface
 - 17: S4 SGSN GTP-C interface
 - 18: S16 SGSN GTP-C interface

19: eNodeB GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding

20: eNodeB GTP-U interface for UL data forwarding

- 21: RNC GTP-U interface for data forwarding
- 22: SGSN GTP-U interface for data forwarding
- 23: SGW GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding
- 24: Sm MBMS GW GTP-C interface
- 25: Sn MBMS GW GTP-C interface
- 26: Sm MME GTP-C interface
- 27: Sn SGSN GTP-C interface
- 28: SGW GTP-U interface for UL data forwarding
- 29: Sn SGSN GTP-U interface
- 30: S2b ePDG GTP-C interface
- 31: S2b-U ePDG GTP-U interface
- 32: S2b PGW GTP-C interface
- 33: S2b-U PGW GTP-U interface
- 34: S2a TWAN GTP-U interface
- 35: S2a TWAN GTP-C interface
- 36: S2a PGW GTP-C interface
- 37: S2a PGW GTP-U interface
- 38: S11 MME GTP-U interface
- 39: S11 SGW GTP-U interface

Other values of "Interface Type" are spare and reserved for future use.

"Interface type" values with bit "6" set to 1 shall only be used between Rel-10 onwards GTPv2-C nodes.

- NOTE 1: "Interface type" IE is defined with 5 bits only in the earlier releases of this specification, thus pre-Rel-10 GTPv2-C nodes can ignore bit "6" which is marked as "Spare" in earlier releases, allowing backward compatibility.
- NOTE 2: Interface Type 8 is not used in this Release and in earlier Releases.

Octet 6 to 9 (TEID/GRE field) represent either a TEID or a GRE key. If both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are present in F-TEID IE, then the TEID value shall be shared by both addresses.

Octets "m to (m+3)" and/or "p to (p+15)" (IPv4 address / IPv6 address fields), if present, contain respective address values.

8.23 TMSI

The TMSI, unambiguously associated with a given UE and Location area, is given by:

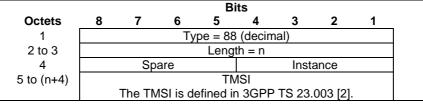


Figure 8.23-1: TMSI

8.24 Global CN-Id

The Global CN-Id is coded as depicted in Figure 8.24-1.

				В	its							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1			Ту	pe = 89) (decim	nal)						
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1							
6		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3							
7		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1					
8 to (n+4)				CN	l-Id							
		The CN	I-Id is d	efined i	n 3GPF	PTS 23	.003 [2].					

Figure 8.24-1: Global CN-Id

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

8.25 S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info (S103PDF)

The HSGW Address and GRE Key identify a GRE Tunnel towards a HSGW over S103 interface for a specific PDN connection of the UE. The EPS Bearer IDs specify the EPS Bearers which require data forwarding that belonging to this PDN connection. The number of EPS bearer Ids included is specified by the value of EPS Bearer ID Number.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

				Bi	ts							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1			Ту	pe = 90	(decim	ial)						
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5		HSGW Address for forwarding Length = m										
6 to (m+5)		HSC	GW Add	dress fo	r forwaı	ding [4.	16]					
(m+6)- to				GRE	Key							
(m+9)					-							
(m+10)			EPS E	Bearer II	D Numł	per = k						
(m+11) to		Spare EPS Bearer ID										
(m+10+k)												

Figure 8.25-1: S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info

8.26 S1-U Data Forwarding (S1UDF)

The Serving GW Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID consists of the S1-U Tunnel information allocated by the Serving GW for an EPS Bearer identified by the EPS Bearer ID which requires data forwarding during active handover from E-UTRAN Access to cdma2000 HRPD Access.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

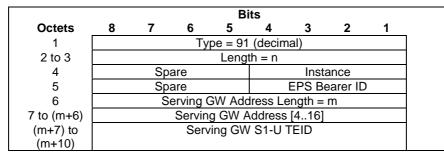


Figure 8.26-1: S1-U Data Forwarding Info

8.27 Delay Value

Delay Value is coded as depicted in Figure 8.27-1.

	Bits											
Octets	Octets <u>8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1</u>											
1		Type = 92 (decimal)										
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance					
5	Dela	y Value	in integ	ger mult	iples of	50 milli	secs, o	r zero				
6 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified				

Figure 8.27-1: Delay Value

Delay Value is set to zero in order to clear a previously set delay condition.

8.28 Bearer Context

Bearer Context is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs. Which of those IEs are mandatory, optional or conditional and the conditions that apply are GTP message specific, and described in the corresponding subclause under clause 7.

Bearer Context may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance values to represent a list of Bearer Contexts.

Bearer Context is coded as depicted in Table 8.28-1.

Octet 1			Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2	and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4			Spare and Instance fields		
Informat	ion elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
NOTE:	This table us	es a	5-column format in order to match the format used in subcla	uses of clause 7, v	where
	the usage of	this	IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message includin	g it.	

Table 8.28-1: Bearer Context Grouped Type

8.29 Charging ID

The Charging ID is coded as depicted in Figure 8.29-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 32.251[8].

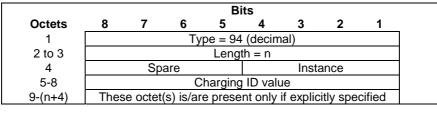


Figure 8.29-1: Charging ID

8.30 Charging Characteristics

The charging characteristics information element is defined in 3GPP TS 32.251 [8] and is a way of informing both the SGW and PGW of the rules for producing charging information or informing the PGW to inhibit the establishment of the Gx session based on operator configured triggers. For the encoding of this information element see 3GPP TS 32.298 [9].

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 95 (decimal)										
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance					
5 to 6		Charging Characteristics value										
7 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified				

Figure 8.30-1: Charging Characteristics

8.31 Trace Information

Trace Information is coded as depicted in Figure 8.31-1. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18] for details on trace related information.

				В	its							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1			Ту	/pe = 96	6(decim	al)						
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1					
6		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3							
7		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1					
8 to10				Trac	e ID							
11 to 19			Т	riggerir	ig Even	ts						
20 to 21			L	_ist of N	ІЕ Туре	S						
22			Se	ssion T	race De	epth						
23 to 34		List of Interfaces										
35 to (n+4)		IP A	Address	of Trad	ce Colle	ction E	ntity					

Figure 8.31-1: Trace Information

Octets 5 to 10 represent the Trace Reference parameter as defined in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18], clause 5.6.

Triggering Events, List of NE Types, Session Trace Depth are specified in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].

List of Interfaces shall be encoded as the first 12 octets in the subclause 5.5 of 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].

See 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.1.4, Mobile Identity, for the coding of MCC and MNC, whose values are obtained from the serving PLMN that the EM/NM is managing. If MNC is 2 digits long, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

8.32 Bearer Flags

Bearer Flags is coded as depicted in Figure 8.32-1.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 97 (decimal)									
2 to 3		Length = n									
4		Spa	are			Insta	ance				
5		Spare ASI Vind VB PPC									
6-(n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified			

Figure 8.32-1: Bearer Flags

The following bits within Octet 5 indicate:

- Bit 1 PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): This flag is used to determine whether an SGSN should attempt to compress the payload of user data when the users asks for it to be compressed (PPC = 0), or not (PPC = 1).
- Bit 2 VB (Voice Bearer): This flag is used to indicate a voice bearer when doing PS-to-CS (v)SRVCC handover.
- Bit 3 Vind (vSRVCC indicator): This flag is used to indicate that this bearer is an IMS video bearer and is candidate for PS-to-CS vSRVCC handover.
- Bit 4 ASI (Activity Status Indicator): When set to 1, this flag indicates that the bearer context is preserved in the CN without corresponding Radio Access Bearer established. The target S4-SGSN shall keep the bearer context associated with this indicator preserved. When the target S4-SGSN sends Relocation Request message towards the target RNC, the target S4-SGSN may not request to setup the RABs for those bearer contexts associated with this indicator.

8.33 Void

8.34 PDN Type

The PDN Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.34-1.

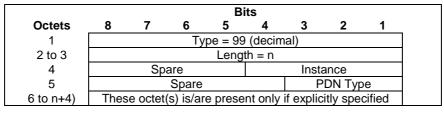


Figure 8.34-1: PDN Type

Table 8.34-1: PDN Type

PDN type value (octet 5)			
Bits			
3	2	1	
0	0	1	IPv4
0	1	0	IPv6
0	1	1	IPv4v6
1	0	0	Non-IP
All other values are reserved.			
Bits 8-4 of octet 5 are spare and shall be coded as zero.			

8.35 Procedure Transaction ID (PTI)

Procedure Transaction Id is coded as depicted in Figure 8.35-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], clause 9.4 and is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], clause 11.2.3.1a Procedure transaction identity.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 100 (decimal)									
2 to 3	Length = n										
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance				
5	Procedure Transaction ID										
6 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified			

Figure 8.35-1: Procedure Transaction ID

- 8.36 Void
- 8.37 Void

8.38 MM Context

The MM Context information element contains the Mobility Management, UE security parameters that are necessary to transfer over S3/S16/S10 interface.

All Spare bits are set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver. Spare bits in MM Context IE shall be set to 1's before sending MM Context IE to Gn/Gp SGSN.

NOTE 1: The encoding of Spare bits in MM Context IE is different between GTPv1 and GTPv2. Spare bits in GTPv1 in MM Context IE there are set to 1s.

Security Mode indicates the type of security keys (GSM/UMTS/EPS) and Authentication Vectors (quadruplets /quintuplets/triplets) that are passed to the new MME/SGSN.

The DRX parameter coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.6 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If DRXI (DRX Indicator), bit 4 of octet 5, is set to "1", then the DRX parameter field is present, otherwise its octets are not present.

Uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR (Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate) is coded as Unsigned32 integer values in kbps (1000 bps) for all non-GBR bearers according to the subscription of the user. The uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR requires converting values in bits per second to kilobits per second when it is received from the HSS. If such conversions result in fractions, then the uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR values shall be rounded upwards. If SAMBRI (Subscribed UE AMBR Indicator), bit 1 of octet 6, is set to "1", then the Uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR parameter field is present, otherwise these parameters are not present. If no Subscribed UE AMBR is received from the HSS, the SAMBRI shall be set to "0".Uplink/downlink Used UE AMBR (Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate) is coded as Unsigned32 integer values in kbps (1000 bps) for all non-GBR bearers currently being used by the UE. If UAMBRI (Used UE AMBR Indicator), bit 2 of octet 6, is set to "1", then the Uplink/downlink Used UE AMBR parameter field is present, otherwise these parameters are not present.

The encoding of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) field shall be same as specified in clause 8.10 of this specification. If Length of Mobile Equipment Identity is zero, then the Mobile Equipment Identity parameter shall not be present. If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless or the IMSI is unauthenticated, Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) shall be used as the UE identity.

The UE Network Capability coding is specified in clause 9.9.3.34 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]. If Length of UE Network Capability is zero, then the UE Network Capability parameter shall not be present.

The MS Network Capability coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.12 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If Length of MS Network Capability is zero, then the MS Network Capability parameter shall not be present.

The Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.28 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting is zero, then the Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting parameter shall not be present.

Used Cipher indicates the GSM ciphering algorithm that is in use.

Used NAS Cipher indicates the EPS ciphering algorithm that is in use.

The Access restriction data is composed of UNA(UTRAN Not Allowed), GENA(GERAN Not Allowed), GANA(GAN Not Allowed), INA(I-HSPA-Evolution Not Allowed), ENA(WB-E-UTRAN Not Allowed), NBNA(NB-IoT Not Allowed) and HNNA(HO-To-Non-3GPP-Access Not Allowed).

If the SGSN support the Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag, the Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag shall be included in the MM Context if:

- the source S4-SGSN has received "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" in the RANAP Initial UE Message or in RANAP Relocation Complete as defined in TS 25.413 [33] from the RNC, or
- the source S4-SGSN has stored the "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" (received from an SGSN via the Identification Response, Context Response or Forward Relocation Request during earlier procedures).

The S4-SGSN shall set the "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" to "1" if "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" is "allowed" and to "0" if it is "not allowed". The Length of Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag shall be set to zero if the S4-SGSN has not received the "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag".

As depicted in Figure 8.38-1, the GSM Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Triplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN for the GSM subscribers. An array of at most 5 Authentication Triplets may be included. The field 'Number of Triplet' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Triplet is included (i.e. octets '16 to h' are absent).

The Authentication Triplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-7.

	Bits												
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
1		Type = 103 (decimal)											
2 to 3		Length = n											
4		Spare Instance											
5	Sec	curity M	ode	Spare	DRXI		CKSN						
6	Number of Triplet				Spare			SAMB					
			RI RI										
7			Spare			U	Ised Cip	her					
8 to 15				K									
16 to h		Authentication Triplet [15]											
(h+1) to				DRX pa	ramete	ſ							
(h+2)													
j to (j+3)				Subscri									
(j+4) to (j+7)	Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR												
i to (i+3)			Upli	nk Used	I UE AN	/BR							
(i+4) to (i+7)			Dowr	nlink Use	ed UE A	MBR							
q		L	<u> </u>	of UE Ne			lity						
(q+1) to k				Networ									
k+1		L	ength o	f MS Ne	etwork C	Capabi	ility						
(k+2) to m				Networ									
m+1				bile Equ									
(m+2) to r				quipme		ity (M	EI)						
r+1	Spare	NBNA	HNNA	ENA	INA	GANA	A GENA	UNA					
r+2	Leng	gth of V	oice Do	main P	referen	ce and	UE's U	sage					
				Set	ting			U U					
(r+3) to s	Voi	ice Don	nain Pre	eference	and U	E's Us	age Set	ting					
(s+1) to	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only i	if expli	citly spe	cified					
(n+4)				•									

As depicted in Figure 8.38-2, the UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Quintuplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN when the UMTS subscriber is attached to a GSM BSS in the old system, in case the user has a ME capable of UMTS AKA. An array of at most 5 Authentication Quintuplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quintuplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quintuplet is included (i.e. octets '40 to h' are absent).

If the UGIPAI (Used GPRS integrity protection algorithm Indicator), bit 3 of octet 6, is set to 1, then bits 4 to 6 of octet 7 shall contain the Used GPRS integrity protection algorithm field, otherwise these bits shall be set to 0 and ignored by the receiver.

The GUPII (GPRS User Plane Integrity Indicator), bit 4 of octet 6, shall be set to 1 if the subscriber profile indicated that user plane integrity protection is required and set to 0 otherwise.

NOTE 2: The encoding of the bits is not identical with GTPv1 as the spare bits are encoded differently.

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

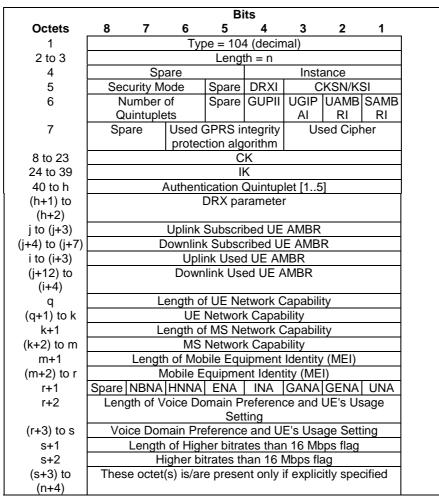


Figure 8.38-2: UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets

As depicted in Figure 8.38-3, the GSM Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Quintuplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN when the UMTS subscriber is attached to a GSM BSS in the old system, in case the user has a ME no capable of UMTS AKA. An array of at most 5 Authentication Quintuplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quintuplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quintuplet is included (i.e. octets '16 to h' are absent).

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1			Тур	be = 10	5 (decin	nal)					
2 to 3				Leng	<u>th = n</u>						
4			are				ance				
5		curity M		DRXI	(CKSN/K	-				
6		umber	•••		Spare		-	SAMB			
_	Q	Quintuplets RI R									
7			Spare			U	sed Cip	her			
8 to 15		Кс									
16 to h		Authentication Quintuplets [15]									
(h+1) to		DRX parameter									
(h+2)				<u> </u>	=						
j to (j+3)		Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR									
(j+4) to (j+7)		L	-				ĸ				
i to $(i+3)$				nk Used							
(i+4) to (i+7)				Ink Use			:4. /				
q (au 1) ta k		L	-	f UE Ne			ity				
(q+1) to k k+1				Networl			:4. /				
		L		f MS Ne Networ			пу				
(k+2) to m m+1		Longt		bile Equ							
(m+2) to r				quipme							
(III+2) 10 I r+1	Spare		HNNA		INA	~ `	GENA				
r+2				omain P		-					
172	Lené	guiorv	OICE DU		ting	ce anu	0250	saye			
(r+3) to s	Voi	ice Don	nain Pre	eference		F's Lis:	ane Set	tina			
(1+3) to 3 s+1	v 01			ner bitra							
s+2				trates th)			
(s+3) to	Thes			e prese				cified			
(n+4)		0 0000	(c) .0/ui	с _г .000	eniy	e.quit	, ope				

Figure 8.38-3: GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets

As depicted in Figure 8.38-4, the UMTS Key, KSI and unused Authentication Quintuplets in the old SGSN may be transmitted to the new SGSN/MME when the UMTS subscriber is attached to UTRAN/GERAN in the old system, but it is not allowed to send quintuplets to an MME in a different serving network domain (see 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.6). The MME may forward the UMTS Key, KSI and unused Authentication Quintuplets which were previously stored back to the same SGSN, for further details, refer to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12]. An array of at most 5 Authentication Quintuplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quintuplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quintuplet is included (i.e. octets '40 to h' are absent).

If the UGIPAI (Used GPRS integrity protection algorithm Indicator), bit 3 of octet 6, is set to 1, then bits 1 to 3 of octet 7 shall contain the Used GPRS integrity protection algorithm field, otherwise these bits shall be set to 0 and ignored by the receiver.

The GUPII (GPRS User Plane Integrity Indicator), bit 4 of octet 6, shall be set to 1 if the subscriber profile indicated that user plane integrity protection is required and set to 0 otherwise. NOTE 3: The encoding of the bits is not identical with GTPv1 as the spare bits are encoded differently.

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1			Тур	be = 106	6 (decin	nal)						
2 to 3		Length = n										
4			are			Insta	ance					
5		urity M		Spare			KSI					
6		umber		Spare	GUPII	UGIP	UAMB	-				
	Qı	uintuple				AI	RI	RI				
7			Spare					ntegrity				
						protec	tion alg	orithm				
8 to 23				C								
24 to 39					K		_					
40 to h				ication (
(h+1) to				DRX pa	rameter							
(h+2)	Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR											
j to (j+3)			_									
(j+4) to (j+7)		Ľ		<u>< Subsc</u>			R					
i to (i+3)				nk Used								
(i+4) to (i+7)			-	link Us								
q		L		f UE Ne			ty					
(q+1) to k				Networl								
k+1		L		f MS Ne		_	ty					
(k+2) to m		1		Networ								
m+1				oile Equ								
(m+2) to r	0			quipme			<i>'</i>					
r+1				ENA			GENA					
r+2	Leng	gtn of v	oice Do	omain P Set		ce and	UESUS	sage				
(r+3) to s	Voi	ce Don	nain Pre	eference		E's Usa	ige Sett	ing				
、 s+1				ner bitra				Ŭ				
s+2				trates th								
(s+3) to	These			e prese				cified				
(n+4)				-		-						

Figure 8.38-4: UMTS Key and Quintuplets

As depicted in Figure 8.38-5, the current EPS Security Context, a non-current EPS Security Context (if available), and unused Authentication Quadruplets in the old MME may be transmitted to the new MME. If the new MME is not in the same serving network domain then only the current EPS Security Context may be transmitted. An array of at most 5 Authentication Quadruplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quadruplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quadruplet is included (i.e. octets '46 to g' are absent). Authentication Quintuplets shall not be transmitted to the new MME (i.e. octets 'g+1 to h' shall be absent) even if the old MME has the Authentication Quintuplets for this UE. The field 'Number of Quintuplets' shall be set to the value '0'. The reasons for not sending Quintuplets are specified in3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.6.

The Authentication Quintuplet and Authentication Quadruplet codings are specified in Figure 8.38-8 and Figure 8.38-9 respectively.

The value of the NAS Downlink Count shall be set to the value that shall be used to send the next NAS message.

The value of the NAS Uplink Count shall be set to the largest NAS Uplink Count that was in a successfully integrity verified NAS message.

In Figure 8.38-5, the fields for the Old EPS Security Context (i.e. octets from s to s+64) may be present only in S10 Forward Relocation Request message according to the Rules on Concurrent Running of Security Procedures, which are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12]. The octets for Old EPS Security Context shall be present if the OSCI (Old Security Context Indicator), bit 1 of octet 6) is set to "1"; otherwise they shall not be present.

If NHI_old (Next Hop Indicator for old EPS Security Context), bit 1 of octet s, is set to "1", then the parameters old NH (Next Hop) and old NCC (Next Hop Chaining Count) shall be present; otherwise the octets for old NH parameter shall not be present and the value of old NCC parameter shall be ignored by the receiver.

				В	ts							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 107 (decimal)										
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spa	are			Inst	ance					
5		Security Mode NHI DRXI KSI _{ASME}										
6		Number of Number of UAMB OSCI										
		uintuple			uadrup		RI					
7	SAMB		NAS in		U	sed N/	AS Ciphe	r				
	RI	protect										
8 to 10				S Dowr								
11 to 13			N	AS Upl		nt						
14 to 45				KA	SME							
46 to g				cation (
(g+1) to h		A		ication			5]					
(h+1) to		DRX parameter										
(h+2)												
p to (p+31)		NH										
p+32		Spare NCC										
j to (j+3)		Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR										
(j+4) to (j+7)		Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR										
i to (i+3)	Uplink Used UE AMBR											
(i+4) to (i+7)				link Us								
q		Le		f UE Ne			ity					
(q+1) to k				Networ								
k+1		Le		f MS Ne			ity					
(k+2) to m				Networ								
m+1		Length	of Mo	bile Equ	ipment	Identit	y (MEI)					
(m+2) to r				quipme								
r+1		NBNA			INA		GENA	UNA				
S		Spare	ol	d KSI _{AS}	ME		old NCC					
	ld											
(s+1) to				old k	ASME							
(s+32)												
(s+33) to				old	NH							
(s+64)												
w	Len	gth of Vo	Dice Do			ce and	UE's Us	age				
(A) to t		D.		Set								
(w+1) to t							age Setti					
(t+1) to (t+2)	Leng						g informa	tion				
(t+3) to u							rmation					
u+1 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	it explic	citly spec	ified				

Figure 8.38-5: EPS Security Context and Quadruplets

If NHI (Next Hop Indicator), bit 5 of octet 5, is set to "1", then the optional parameters NH (Next Hop) and NCC (Next Hop Chaining Count) are both present, otherwise their octets are not present.

The UE Radio Capability for Paging information is specified in the subclause 9.2.1.98 of 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. If Length of UE Radio Capability for Paging information is zero, then the UE Radio Capability for Paging information shall not be present. The old MME shall, when available, include UE Radio Capability for Paging information to the new MME as specified in the subclause 5.11.4 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [4].

As depicted in Figure 8.38-6, the old MME will derive CK' and IK' from K_{ASME} and transmit the CK' and IK' to the new SGSN. Authentication Quintuplets, if available, shall be transmitted to the SGSN if, and only if the MME received them from this SGSN earlier, according to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.5. An array of at most 5 Authentication Quintuplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quintuplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quadruplets may be included (i.e. octets 'g+1 to h' are absent). An array of at most 5 Authentication Quadruplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quadruplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quadruplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quadruplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quadruplets is included (i.e. octets 'g+1 to h' are absent). An array of at most 5 Authentication Quadruplets may be included. The field 'Number of Quadruplets' shall be set to the value '0' if no Authentication Quadruplet is included (i.e. octets '40 to g' are absent). A key K_{ASME} shall never be transmitted to an SGSN according to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.4.

The Authentication Quintuplet and Authentication Quadruplet codings are specified in Figure 8.38-8 and Figure 8.38-9 respectively.

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The old SGSN/MME may deliver both Authentication Quadruplets and Authentication Quintuplets it holds to the peer combo node to optimize the procedure.

NOTE: 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] states that "EPS authentication data shall not be forwarded from an MME towards an SGSN". The statement above assumes that the old MME can determine by local configuration that the peer node is a combo SGSN/MME (as opposed to a single SGSN).

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 108 (decimal)										
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5		curity M		Spare			KSIASM					
6		umber			umber o			SAMB				
	Q	uintuple	ets		uadrupl	et	RI	RI				
7					are							
8 to 23					K							
24 to 39					<u><</u>							
40 to g				cation (
(g+1) to h				ication (_	5]					
(h+1) to		DRX parameter										
(h+2)												
j to (j+3)		Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR										
(j+4) to (j+7)		L	-				3R					
i to (i+3)				nk Used								
(i+4) to (i+7)				link Us			P.c					
q (a. 4) ta la		L	-	f UE Ne			lity					
(q+1) to k k+1				Networ			1:4. /					
		L		f MS Ne			lity					
(k+2) to m m+1		Longth		Networ								
				bile Equ								
(m+2) to r r+1	Spore							UNA				
r+2							UE's U					
1+2	Lené	gui or v	OICE DC	Set		e anu	0250	saye				
(r+3) to s	Voi	ice Don	nain Pre			='e e	age Set	tina				
(s+1) to s							citly spe					
(s+1) to (n+4)	THES		(3) 15/ai	e piese		i expli	ony spe	uneu				
(11++)												

Figure 8.38-6: UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1 to 16		RAND								
17 to 20				SF	ES					
21 to 28				k	(c					

Figure	8.38-7:	Authentication	Triplet
--------	---------	----------------	---------

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1 to 16		RAND										
17		XRES Length										
18 to m		XRES										
(m+1) to		СК										
(m+16)												
(m+17) to				I	K							
(m+32)												
m+33				AUTN	Length							
(m+34) to n				AL	ITN							

Figure 8.38-8: Authentication Quintuplet

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1 to 16		RAND										
17		XRES Length										
18 to k		XRES										
k+1				AUTN	Length							
(k+2) to m				AL	JTN							
(m+1) to				KA	SME							
(m+32)												

Table 8.38-1: Security Mode Values

Security Type	Value (Decimal)
GSM Key and Triplets	0
UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets	1
GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets	2
UMTS Key and Quintuplets	3
EPS Security Context and Quadruplets	4
UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets	5
<spare></spare>	6-7

Table 8.38-2: Used NAS Cipher Values

Cipher Algorithm	Value (Decimal)
No ciphering	0
128-EEA1	1
128-EEA2	2
128-EEA3	3
EEA4	4
EEA5	5
EEA6	6
EEA7	7
<spare></spare>	8-15

Table 8.38-3: Used Cipher Values

Cipher Algorithm	Value (Decimal)
No ciphering	0
GEA/1	1
GEA/2	2
GEA/3	3
GEA/4	4
GEA/5	5
GEA/6	6
GEA/7	7

Table 8.38-4: Used NAS integrity protection algorithm Values

Integrity protection Algorithm	Value (Decimal)
No integrity protection	0
128-EIA1	1
128-EIA2	2
128-EIA3	3
EIA4	4
EIA5	5
EIA6	6
EIA7	7

Integrity protection Algorithm	Value (Decimal)
No integrity protection	0
spare	1
spare	2
spare	3
GIA4	4
GIA5	5
spare	6
spare	7

 Table 8.38-5: Used GPRS integrity protection algorithm Values

8.39 PDN Connection

The PDN connection is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs and shall be coded as depicted in Table 8.39-1.

The PDN Connection IE may be repeated within a message when more than one PDN Connection is required to be sent. If so, the repeated IEs shall have exactly the same Instance values to represent a list of grouped IEs.

Table 8.39-1: PDN Connection Grouped Type

Octet 1		PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal)							
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n							
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields							
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.					
elements									
NOTE: This table uses a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subclauses of clause 7, where the usage of this IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message including it.									

8.40 PDU Numbers

The PDU Numbers information element contains the sequence number status corresponding to a Bearer context in the old SGSN. This information element shall be sent only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context or when the "delivery order" QoS attribute is set in the Bearer context QoS profile.

NSAPI identifies the Bearer context for which the PDU Number IE is intended.

DL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink GTP-U T-PDU to be sent to the UE when "delivery order" is set.

UL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink GTP-U T-PDU to be tunnelled to the S-GW when "delivery order" is set.

The Send N-PDU Number is used only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context. Send N-PDU Number is the N-PDU number to be assigned by SNDCP to the next down link N-PDU received from the S-GW.

The Receive N-PDU Number is used only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context. The Receive N-PDU Number is the N-PDU number expected by SNDCP from the next up link N-PDU to be received from the UE.

The PDU Number IE will be repeated for each Bearer Context for which this IE is required.

PDU Numbers IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.40-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	_
1			Тур	be = 11	0 (decir	nal)			
2 to 3				Leng	th = n				
4	Spare					Inst	ance		
5	Spare(0 0 0 0)				NSAPI				
6-7	DL GTP-U Sequence Number				r				
8-9	UL GTP-U Sequence Number								
10-11	Send N-PDU Number								
12-13	Receive N-PDU Number								
14 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified	

Figure 8.40-1: PDU Numbers

8.41 Packet TMSI (P-TMSI)

The P-TMSI, unambiguously associated with a given UE and routeing area, is given by:

				В	its			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1		Type = 111 (decimal)						
2 to 3		Length = n						
4		Spare Instance						
5 to (n+4)		Packet TMSI (P-TMSI)						
	Г	The P-T	MSI is o	defined	in 3GP	P TS 23	3.003 [2	2].

Figure 8.41-1: Packet TMSI (P-TMSI)

8.42 P-TMSI Signature

The content and the coding of the P-TMSI Signature information element are defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

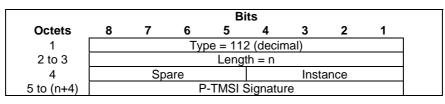


Figure 8.42-1: P-TMSI Signature

8.43 Hop Counter

Where Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Node is applied, the Hop Counter may be used to prevent endless loops when relaying Identification Request messages and Context Request messages. The maximum value is operator specific and shall not be lower than 1.

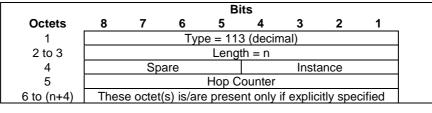


Figure 8.43-1: Hop Counter

8.44 UE Time Zone

UE Time Zone is used to indicate the offset between universal time and local time in steps of 15 minutes of where the UE currently resides. The "Time Zone" field uses the same format as the "Time Zone" IE in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

UE Time Zone is coded as this is depicted in Figure 8.44-1. The value of the Time Zone field represents the time zone adjusted for daylight saving time. The value of the Daylight Saving Time field specifies the adjustment that has been made.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

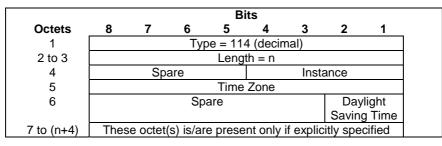


Figure 8.44-1: UE Time Zone

Table 8.44-2 Possible values for the "Daylight Saving Time" field and their meanings.

Daylight Saving Time	Value (binary)		
	Bit 2	Bit 1	
No adjustment for Daylight Saving Time	0	0	
+1 hour adjustment for Daylight Saving Time	0	1	
+2 hours adjustment for Daylight Saving Time	1	0	
Spare	1	1	

8.45 Trace Reference

Trace Reference shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.45-1. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18], clause 5.6, for the definition of Trace Reference.

See 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.1.4, Mobile Identity, for the coding of MCC and MNC, whose values are obtained from the serving PLMN that the EM/NM is managing. If MNC is 2 digits long, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

				В	its			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1			Тур	be = 11	5 (decir	nal)		
2 to 3		Length = 6						
4	Spare In				Inst	ance		
5	MCC digit 2					MCC	digit 1	
6	MNC digit 3					MCC	digit 3	
7		MNC digit 2 MNC digit 1						
8 to10				Trac	ce ID			

Figure 8.45-1: Trace Reference

8.46 Complete Request Message

The Complete Request Message is coded as depicted in Figure 8.46-1.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	Type = 116 (decimal)							
2 to 3	Length = n							
4	Spare Instance							
5	Complete Request Message Type							
6 to (n+4)			Compl	ete Red	quest M	essage		

Figure 8.46-1: Complete Request Message

Complete Request Message type values are specified in Table 8.46-1.

Table 8.46-1: Complete Request Message type values and their meanings

Location Types	Values (Decimal)
Complete Attach Request Message	0
Complete TAU Request Message	1
<spare></spare>	2-255

8.47 GUTI

The GUTI is coded as depicted in Figure 8.47-1.

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Тур	be = 11	7 (decir	nal)				
2 to 3				Leng	th = n					
4		Sp	are		Instance					
5		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1					
6		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3					
7		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
8 to 9)							
10		MME Code								
11 to (n+4)				M-1	MSI					

Figure 8.47-1: GUTI

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

The "MME Group ID", "MME Code" and "M-TMSI" are specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

8.48 Fully Qualified Container (F-Container)

Fully Qualified Container (F-Container) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.48-1.

All Spare bits are set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

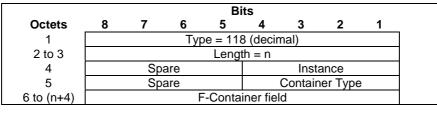


Figure 8.48-1: Full Qualified Container (F-Container)

The F-Container field shall contain one of the following information, depending of the contents of the container transported by the specific GTP Information Element:

- *transparent copy* of the corresponding IEs (see subclause 8.2.2):
 - the "Source to Target Transparent Container" or the "Target to Source Transparent Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]; or
 - the "SON Configuration Transfer" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]; or
 - the "eNB Status Transfer Transparent Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]; or
 - "Source BSS to Target BSS Transparent Container" or "Target BSS to Source BSS Transparent Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34] or 3GPP TS 25.413 [33], which contains the value part of the "Source BSS to Target BSS Transparent Container" IE or the value part of the "Target BSS to Source BSS Transparent

Container" IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34], i.e. octets 3 to n, excluding octet 1 (Element ID) and octet 2, 2a (Length) ; or

- transparent copy of the value part of the "NBIFOM Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.161 73].
- *transparent copy* of the octets of the encoded OCTET STRING of the "Source to Target Transparent Container" or the "Target to Source Transparent Container" specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]; or
- transparent copy of the BSSGP RIM PDU as specified in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]; or
- the Packet Flow ID, Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters as specified in figure 8.42-2.
- NOTE 1: Annex B.2 provides further details on the encoding of Generic Transparent Containers over RANAP, S1-AP and GTP. See also Annex C of 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] for further details on how the MME constructs the F-Container field from the Source to Target Transparent Container or Target to Source Transparent Container IEs received from S1-AP.

Container Type values are specified in Table 8.48-2.

Container Types	Values (Decimal)
Reserved	0
UTRAN Transparent Container	1
BSS Container	2
E-UTRAN Transparent Container	3
NBIFOM Container	4
<spare></spare>	5-255

Table 8. 48-2: Container Type values

NOTE 2: For any other new future F-Container content types, new Container Type values may be needed, although use of RAT agnostic containers should be used whenever possible.

The BSS Container IE in the Bearer Context IE in Forward Relocation Request and Context Response messages is coded as depicted in Figure 8.48-3.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
6		Sp	are		PHX	SAPI	RP	PFI		
а		Packet Flow ID								
b		SA	١٩		Spare	Rad	dio Pric	ority		
С		XiD parameters length								
d to n				XiD par	ameters	6				

Figure 8.48-3: BSS Container

The flags PFI, RP, SAPI and PHX in octet 6 indicate the corresponding type of parameter (Packet FlowID, Radio Priority, SAPI and PS handover XID parameters) shall be present in a respective field or not. If one of these flags is set to "0", the corresponding field shall not be present at all. The Spare bit shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

If PFI flag is set, Packet Flow ID shall be present in Octet a.

If RP flag is set, Radio Priority shall be present in Octet b.

If SAPI flag is set, SAPI shall be present in Octet b.

If PHX flag is set:

- XiD parameters length is present in Octet c.
- XiD parameters are present in Octet d to n.

8.49 Fully Qualified Cause (F-Cause)

Fully Qualified Cause (F- Cause) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.49-1.

		Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 119 (decimal)										
2 to 3				Leng	th = n							
4		Sp	are		Instance							
5		Sp	are		Cause Type							
6 to (n+4)				F-Cau	se field							

Figure 8.49-1: Full Qualified Cause (F-Cause)

The value of Instance field of the F-Cause IE in a GTPv2 message shall indicate whether the F-Cause field contains RANAP Cause, BSSGP Cause or S1-AP Cause.

All spare bits shall be set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

F-Cause field is coded as follows:

- For RANAP Cause, the F-Cause field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the cause value of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Cause", as defined in clause 9.2.1.4 in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]. Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver. The value of F-Cause field (which has a range of 1..512) is transferred over the Iu interface and encoded into two octet as binary integer.
- For BSSGP Cause, the F-Cause field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the cause value of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Cause", as defined in clause 11.3.8 in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]. Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver. The value of F-Cause field (which has a range of 0..255) is transferred over the Gb interface and encoded into one octet as binary integer.
- For S1-AP Cause, the F-Cause field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the cause value of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Cause", as defined in clause 9.2.1.3 in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].
 Cause Type field shall contain the RAN Cause subcategory as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and it shall be encoded as in Table 8.49-1. The value of F-Cause field (and the associated RAN cause subcategory) is transferred over the S1-AP interface and encoded into one octet as binary integer.

Cause Type	Values (Decimal)
Radio Network Layer	0
Transport Layer	1
NAS	2
Protocol	3
Miscellaneous	4
<spare></spare>	5 to15

Table 8.49-1: Cause Type values and their meanings

8.50 PLMN ID

Octets 5-7 shall contain a non-transparent copy of the "PLMN Identity" parameter in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

				В	its						
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 120 (decimal)									
2 to 3				Leng	th = n						
4		Spare Instance									
5 to (n+4)				PLN	N ID						

Figure 8.50-1: PLMN ID

The encoding of the PLMN ID field is shown in Figures 8.50-2 and 8.50-3.

If three digits are included in the MNC, octets 5 to 7 shall be encoded as shown in Figure 8.50-2.

				Bits				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
5		М	CC dig	it 2		MCC	C digit 1	
6		Μ	NC dig	it 1		MCC	C digit 3	
7		Μ	NC dig	it 3		MNG	C digit 2	

Figure 8.50-2: PLMN ID Parameter with 3-digit MNC

If only two digits are included in the MNC, octets 5 to 7 shall be encoded as shown in Figure 8.50-3 with bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 (MNC digit 3) coded as "1111".

				Bits						
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
5		Μ	CC digi	it 2		MCC digit 1				
6		1111				MCC digit 3				
7		М	NC digi	it 2		MN	C digit 1			

Figure 8.50-3: PLMN ID Parameter with 2-digit MNC

NOTE: The encoding is different from elsewhere in this document and is specified according to 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

8.51 Target Identification

The Target Identification information element is coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-1.

		Bits											
Octets	8	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1											
1		Type = 121 (decimal)											
2 to 3		Length = n											
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance						
5		Target Type											
6 to (n+4)				Targ	et ID								

Figure 8.51-1: Target Identification

Target Type values are specified in Table 8.51-1.

The Target Type is RNC ID for SRNS relocation procedure, handover to UTRAN and RAN Information Relay towards UTRAN or GERAN operating in GERAN Iu mode. In this case the "Target ID" field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the corresponding IEs (see subclause 8.2.2) and be encoded as specified in Figure 8.51-1a below. The "Target RNC-ID" part of the "Target ID" parameter is specified in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33].

- NOTE 1: The ASN.1 parameter "Target ID" is forwarded non-transparently in order to maintain backward compatibility.
- NOTE 2: The preamble of the "Target RNC-ID" (numerical value of e.g. 0x20) shall not be included into octets 6 to (n+4). Also, the optional "iE-Extensions" parameter shall not be included into the GTP IE.

				Bi	ts					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
6		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1			
7		MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3			
8		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
9 to 10				LA	AC					
11	RAC (see NOTE 3)									
12 to 13	RNC-ID									
a to (a+1)			Extend	led RN	C-ID (o	ptional)				

Figure 8.51-1a: Target ID for Type RNC ID

If only two digits are included in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 7 (MNC digit 3) shall be coded as "1111".

The location area code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet 10 is the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

The RNC-ID consists of 2 octets and contains 12 bits long value (see 3GPP TS 25.413 [7]). Bit 4 of octet 12 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet 13 is the least significant bit (bits 8 to 5 of octet 12 are set to 0). The coding of the RNC-ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

The Extended RNC-ID consists of 2 octets and contains 16 bits long value within the range 4096 to 65535. Bit 8 of octet a is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet (a+1) is the least significant bit. The coding of the Extended RNC-ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used. If the optional Extended RNC-ID is included, then the receiver shall ignore the RNC-ID.

If the optional Extended RNC-ID is not included, then the length variable 'n' = 8 and the overall length of the IE is 13 octets. Otherwise, 'n' = 10 and the overall length of the IE is 15 octets.

NOTE 3: In the "TargetRNC-ID" ASN.1 type definition in 3GPP TS 25.413 [7] the "RAC" parameter is marked as optional. RAC is however always available at an SGSN/MME when it sends the RAC in e.g. a GTPv2 Forward Relocation Request message.

The Target Type is Macro eNodeB ID for handover to E-UTRAN Macro eNodeB and RAN Information Relay towards E-UTRAN. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-2.

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
6		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1			
7		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3					
8		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
9		Sp	are		Macro eNodeB ID					
10 to 11			Ν	acro el	NodeB ID					
12 to 13			Tracki	ng Are	a Code	(TAC)				

Figure 8.51-2: Target ID for Type Macro eNodeB

The Macro eNodeB ID consists of 20 bits. Bit 4 of Octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 11 is the least significant bit. The coding of the Macro eNodeB ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

The Target Type is Home eNodeB ID for handover to E-UTRAN Home eNodeB. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-3.

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
6		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1		
7		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3				
8		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1				
9		Sp	are		Home eNodeB ID				
10 to 12			Н	lodeB	ID				
13 to 14			Tracki	ng Area	a Code	(TAC)			

Figure 8.51-3: Target ID for Type Home eNodeB

The Home eNodeB ID consists of 28 bits. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Bit 4 of Octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 12 is the least significant bit. The coding of the Home eNodeB ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

The Target Type is Cell Identifier for E-UTRAN handover to GERAN and RAN Information Relay towards GERAN. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

Target Types	Values (Decimal)
RNC ID	0
Macro eNodeB ID	1
Cell Identifier	2
Home eNodeB ID	3
<spare></spare>	4 to 255

Table 8.51-1: Target Type values and their meanings

8.52 Void

8.53 Packet Flow ID

The Packet Flow Id information element contains the packet flow identifier assigned to an EPS Bearer context as identified by EPS Bearer ID.

The spare bits 8 to 5 in octet 5 indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 123 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4	Spare				Instance				
5	Spare				E	BI			
6 to (n+4)	Packet Flow ID								

Figure 8.53-1: Packet Flow ID

8.54 RAB Context

The RAB Context shall be coded as is depicted in Figure 8.54-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 124 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = 9								
4	Spare					Inst	ance		
5		Sp	are		NSAPI				
6 to 7	DL GTP-U Sequence Number								
8 to 9	UL GTP-U Sequence Number								
10 to 11	DL PDCP Sequence Number								
12 to 13			UL PD	CP Seq	uence l	Number			

Figure 8.54-1: RAB Context

The RAB Context IE may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance to represent a list.

The RAB context information element contains sequence number status for one RAB in RNC, which corresponds to one PDP context. The RAB contexts are transferred between the RNCs via the SGSNs at inter SGSN hard handover.

NSAPI identifies the PDP context and the associated RAB for which the RAB context IE is intended.

DL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink GTP-U T-PDU to be sent to the UE.

UL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink GTP-U T-PDU to be tunnelled to the SGW.

DL PDCP Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink PDCP-PDU to be sent to the UE.

UL PDCP Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink PDCP-PDU to be received from the UE.

8.55 Source RNC PDCP context info

The purpose of the Source RNC PDCP context info IE is to transfer RNC PDCP context information from a source RNC to a target RNC during an SRNS relocation.

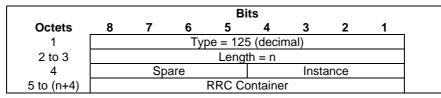


Figure 8.55-1: Source RNC PDCP context info

8.56 Port Number

Port Number is coded as depicted in Figure 8.56-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 126 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = 2								
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5 to 6	Port Number								
7 to (n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified								

Figure 8.56-1: UDP Source Port Number

8.57 APN Restriction

The APN Restriction information element contains an unsigned integer value indicating the level of restriction imposed on EPS Bearer Contexts created to the associated APN.

The APN Restriction IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.57-1:

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 127 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4	Spare					Inst	ance		
5	Restriction Type value								
6 to (n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified								

Figure 8.57-1: APN Restriction Type Information Element

An APN Restriction value may be configured for each APN in the PGW. It is used to determine, on a per UE basis, whether it is allowed to establish EPS bearers to other APNs.

Maximum APN Restriction Value	Type of APN	Application Example	APN Restriction Value allowed to be established
0	No Existing Con	texts or Restriction	All
1	Public-1	MMS	1, 2, 3
2	Public-2	Internet	1, 2
3	3 Private-1 Corporate (e.g. who u MMS)		1
4	Private-2	Corporate (e.g. who do not use MMS)	None

8.58 Selection Mode

		Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 128 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4		Sp	are			Ins	tance		
5	Spare								
	Selec. Mode						. Mode		
6 to (n+4)	Thes	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified							

The Selection mode information element indicates the origin of the APN in the message.

Figure 8.58-1: Selection Mode Information Element

Table 8.58-1: Selection Mode Values

Selection mode value	Value (Decimal)
MS or network provided APN, subscription verified	0
MS provided APN, subscription not verified	1
Network provided APN, subscription not verified	2
For future use. Shall not be sent. If received, shall be interpreted as the value "2".	3

8.59 Source Identification

The Source Identification information element is coded as depicted in Figure 8.59-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 129 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4		Sp	are		Instance				
5 to 12	Target Cell ID								
13	Source Type								
14 to (n+4)	Source ID								

Figure 8.59-1: Source Identification

The Target Cell ID shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

Source Type values are specified in Table 8.59-1.

If the Source Type is Cell ID, this indicates PS handover from GERAN A/Gb mode. In this case the coding of the Source ID field shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

If the Source Type is RNC ID, this indicates PS handover from GERAN Iu mode or for inter-RAT handover from UTRAN. In this case the Source ID field shall include a transparent copy of the corresponding parameter (see subclause 8.2.2), the Source RNC-ID as specified within the "Source ID" parameter in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33].

NOTE: In fact, the ASN.1/PER encoded binary value of the "Source RNC ID" shall be copied into octets 14 to (n+4).

Source Types	Values (Decimal)				
Cell ID	0				
RNC ID	1				
reserved (NOTE)	2				
<spare></spare>	3-255				
NOTE: This value was allocated in an earlier version of the protocol and shall not be used.					

Table 8.59-1: Source Type values and their meanings

8.60 Void

8.61 Change Reporting Action

Change Reporting Action IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.61-1.

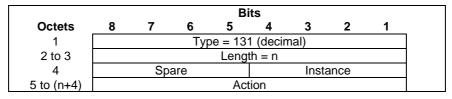


Figure 8.61-1: Change Reporting Action

Table 0.01-1. Action values								
Action	Value (Decimal)							
Stop Reporting	0							
Start Reporting CGI/SAI	1							
Start Reporting RAI	2							
Start Reporting TAI	3							
Start Reporting ECGI	4							
Start Reporting CGI/SAI and RAI	5							
Start Reporting TAI and ECGI	6							
<spare></spare>	7-255							

Table 8.61-1: Action values

Stop Reporting stops all reporting action types.

8.62 Fully qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID)

A fully qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID) identifies a set of PDN connections belonging to an arbitrary number of UEs on a MME, SGW, TWAN, ePDG or PGW. The FQ-CSID is used on S5, S8, S2a, S2b and S11 interfaces.

The size of CSID is two octets. The FQ-CSID is coded as follows:

		Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	oe = 13	2 (decir	nal)			
2 to 3				Leng	th = n				
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5		Node-I	D Туре		Nu	mber of	CSIDs	= m	
6 to p		Node-ID							
(p+1) to (p+2)		First PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID)							
(p+3) to (p+4)		Second PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID)))	
q to q+1		m-th PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID)							
(q+2) to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified	

Figure 8.62-1: FQ-CSID

Where Node-ID Type values are:

- 0 indicates that Node-ID is a global unicast IPv4 address and p = 9.
- 1 indicates that Node-ID is a global unicast IPv6 address and p = 21.
- 2 indicates that Node-ID is a 4 octets long field with a 32 bit value stored in network order, and p= 9. The coding of the field is specified below:

- Most significant 20 bits are the binary encoded value of (MCC * 1000 + MNC).
- Least significant 12 bits is a 12 bit integer assigned by an operator to an MME, SGW, TWAN, ePDG or PGW. Other values of Node-ID Type are reserved.

Values of Number of CSID other than 1 are only employed in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

The node that creates the FQ-CSID, (i.e. MME for MME FQ-CSID, SGW for SGW FQ-CSID, TWAN for TWAN FQ-CSID, ePDG for ePDG FQ-CSID and PGW for PGW FQ-CSID), is responsible for making sure the Node-ID is globally unique and the CSID value is unique within that node.

When a FQ-CSID is stored by a receiving node, it is stored on a PDN basis even for messages impacting only one bearer (i.e. Create Bearer Request). See 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] for further details on the CSID and what specific requirements are placed on the PGW, TWAN, ePDG, SGW and MME.

8.63 Channel needed

The Channel needed shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.63-1. Channel needed is coded as the IEI part and the value part of the Channel Needed IE defined in 3GPP TS 44.018[28]

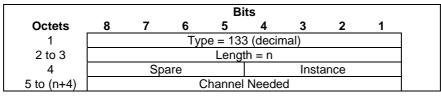


Figure 8.63-1: Channel needed

8.64 eMLPP Priority

The eMLPP-Priority shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.64-1. The eMLPP Priority is coded as the value part of the eMLPP-Priority IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.008 [29] (not including 3GPP TS 48.008 IEI and 3GPP TS 48.008 [29] length indicator).

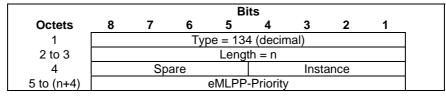


Figure 8.64-1: eMLPP Priority

8.65 Node Type

Node Type is coded as this is depicted in Figure 8.65-1.

		Bits							
Octets	8	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1							
1		Type = 135 (decimal)							
2-3	Length = n (decimal)								
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5		Node Type							
6-(n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified	

Figure 8.65-1: Node Type

Node type values are specified in Table 8.65-1.

Node Types	Values (Decimal)					
MME	0					
SGSN	1					
<spare></spare>	2-255					

Table 8. 65-1: Node Type values

If with a Release Access Bearers Request, or Suspend Notification, or Resume an SGW receives a semantically erroneus/unexpected Originating Node, then the following applies:

- If SGW has an active connection to an MME, but the Originating Node IE contains value "SGSN", then the SGW shall not release the user plane and shall send a response to the SGSN with some appropriate cause value.
- If SGW has an active connection to an S4-SGSN, but the Originating Node IE contains value "MME", then the SGW shall not release the user plane and shall send a response to the MME with some appropriate cause value.

8.66 Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)

Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.66-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1								
1		Type = 136 (decimal)							
2 to 3	Length = n								
4	Spare Instance								
5 to (n+4)	FQDN								

Figure 8.66-1: Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)

The FQDN field encoding shall be identical to the encoding of a FQDN within a DNS message of section 3.1 of IETF RFC 1035 [31] but excluding the trailing zero byte.

NOTE 1: The FQDN field in the IE is not encoded as a dotted string as commonly used in DNS master zone files.

A "PGW node name" IE in S3/S10/S16 GTP messages shall be a PGW host name as per subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 29.303 [32] when the PGW FQDN IE is populated from 3GPP TS 29.303 [32] procedures. Specifically, the first DNS label is either "topon" or "topoff", and the canonical node name of the PGW starts at the third label. The same rules apply to "SGW node name" IE on S3/S10/S16.

NOTE 2: The constraint of subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 29.303 format is on populating the IE by 3GPP nodes for 3GPP nodes, the receiver shall not reject an IE that is otherwise correctly formatted since the IE might be populated for a non-3GPP node.

An "MME node name" IE and an "SGSN node name" IE in S3 GTP messages indicate the associated ISR node when the ISR becomes active.

8.67 Private Extension

Private Extension is coded as depicted in Figure 8.Figure 8.67-1.

Enterprise ID can be found at IANA web site (http://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers).

	Bits								
Octets	8	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1							
1			Тур	be = 25	5 (decir	nal)			
2 to 3		Length = n							
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5 to 6		Enterprise ID							
7 to (n+4)			F	Propriet	ary valu	ie			

Figure 8.67-1. Private Extension

8.68 Transaction Identifier (TI)

Transaction Identifier is coded as depicted in Figure 8.68-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], clause 9.9.4.17 and is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], clause 11.2.3.1.3 Transaction identifier.

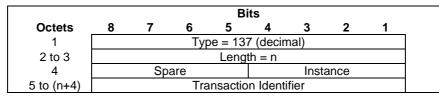


Figure 8.68-1: Transaction Identifier

8.69 MBMS Session Duration

The MBMS Session Duration is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The MBMS Session Duration information element indicates the estimated session duration of the MBMS service data transmission if available. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Session-Duration AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

		Bits							
Octets	8	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1							
1		Type = 138 (decimal)							
2 to 3		Length = n							
4		Spare Instance							
5 to 7		MBMS Session Duration							
8 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified	

Figure 8.69-1: MBMS Session Duration

8.70 MBMS Service Area

The MBMS Service Area is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The MBMS Service Area information element indicates the area over which the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service is to be distributed. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Service-Area AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

	Bits								
Octets	8	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1							
1	Type = 139 (decimal)								
2 to 3		Length = n							
4		Spare Instance							
5 to (n+4)			M	BMS Se	rvice A	rea			

Figure 8.70-1: MBMS Service Area

8.71 MBMS Session Identifier

The MBMS Session Identifier information element contains a Session Identifier allocated by the BM-SC. The MBMS Session Identifier value part consists of 1 octet. The content and the coding are defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

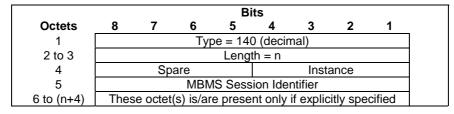


Figure 8.71-1: MBMS Session Identifier

8.72 MBMS Flow Identifier

The MBMS Flow Identifier is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. In broadcast mode, the MBMS Flow Identifier information element is included in MBMS Session Management messages to differentiate the different sub-sessions of an MBMS user service (identified by the TMGI) providing location-dependent content. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Flow-Identifier AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

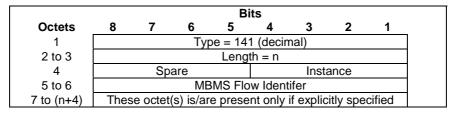


Figure 8.72-1: MBMS Flow Identifier

8.73 MBMS IP Multicast Distribution

The MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE is sent by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN in the MBMS Session Start Request. Source Specific Multicasting is used according to IETF RFC 4607 [40].

The IP Multicast Distribution Address and the IP Multicast Source Address fields contain the IPv4 or IPv6 address. The Address Type and Address Length fields shall be included in each field:

- The Address Type, which is a fixed length code (of 2 bits) identifying the type of address that is used in the Address field.
- The Address Length, which is a fixed length code (of 6 bits) identifying the length of the Address field.
- The Address, which is a variable length field shall contain either an IPv4 address or an IPv6 address.

Address Type 0 and Address Length 4 shall be used when Address is an IPv4 address.

Address Type 1 and Address Length 16 shall be used when Address is an IPv6 address.

Other combinations of values are not valid.

MBMS HC Indicator represents an indication if header compression should be used for MBMS user plane data, as specified in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]. MBMS HC Indicator field is encoded as a one octet long enumeration.

NOTE: Currently, 3GPP TS 25.413 [33] specifies two enumeration values: 0 (indicates "uncompressed-header") and 1 (indicates "compressed-header").

Common Tunnel Endpoint Identifier is allocated at the source Tunnel Endpoint and signalled to the destination Tunnel Endpoint. There is one Common Tunnel Endpoint Identifier allocated per MBMS bearer service. The recommendations on how to set the value of C-TEID are provided in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

		Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	be = 142	2 (decin	nal)			
2 to 3				Leng	gth=n				
4		Sp	are			Insta	ance		
5 to 8		Common Tunnel Endpoint Identifier							
9	Addres	s Type			Address	s Length	า		
10 to K	IF	P Multic	ast Dis	tribution	Addres	ss (IPv4	or IPv6	5)	
K+1	Addres	ss Type			Address	s Length	l		
(k+2) to m		IP Multicast Source Address (IPv4 or IPv6)							
m+1		MBMS HC Indicator							
(m+2) to n	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified	

Figure 8.73-1: MBMS IP Multicast Distribution

8.74 MBMS Distribution Acknowledge

The MBMS Distribution Acknowledge IE is sent by the SGSN to the MBMS GW in the MBMS Session Start Response and MBMS Session Update Response. It is used by the MBMS GW to decide if an IP Multicast Distribution user plane shall be established, or a normal point-to-point user plane, or both.

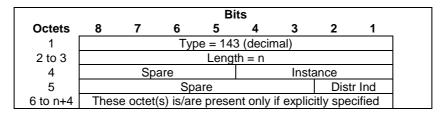


Figure 8.74-1: MBMS Distribution Acknowledge

Table 8.74-1: Distribution Indication values

Distribution Indication	Value (Decimal)
No RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution	0
All RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution	1
Some RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution	2
Spare. For future use.	3

8.75 User CSG Information (UCI)

User CSG Information (UCI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.75-1. The CSG ID is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

	Bits							
Octets	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1							
1			Туре	= 145				
2 to 3			Leng	th = n				
4	Sp	bare			Insta	ance		
5	MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1				
6	MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3				
7	MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1		
8		spare				CSG ID		
9 to11	CSG ID							
12	Access mode spare LCSG CM						CMI	
13 to (n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified							

Figure 8.75-1: User CSG Information

For two digits in the MNC, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

The CSG ID consists of 4 octets. Bit 3 of Octet 8 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 11 is the least significant bit. The coding of the CSG ID is the responsibility of the operator that allocates the CSG ID by administrative means. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

Access mode values are specified in Table 8.75-1.

Access Mode	Values (Decimal)
Closed Mode	0
Hybrid Mode	1
Reserved	2-3

Leave CSG flag (LCSG) shall be set to "1" if UE leaves CSG cell/Hybrid cell, and in this case, the receiving node shall ignore the rest information in the IE.

CSG Membership Indication (CMI) values are specified in Table 8.75-2. CMI shall be included in the User CSG Information if the Access mode is Hybrid Mode. For the other values of Access Mode, the CMI shall be set to 0 by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

Table 8.75-2: CSG Membership indication (CMI)

СМІ	Values (Decimal)
Non CSG membership	0
CSG membership	1

NOTE: Due to a specification oversight, the CMI values in the above table are reversed from the values of the CMI IE (see subclause 8.79). Furthermore, the encoding is different between GTPv1 and GTPv2.

8.76 CSG Information Reporting Action

CSG Information Reporting Action is coded as depicted in Figure 8.76-1.

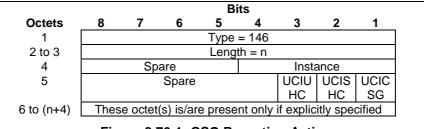


Figure 8.76-1: CSG Reporting Action

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 1 UCICSG: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through the CSG Cell.
- Bit 2 UCISHC: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through Subscribed Hybrid Cell.
- Bit 3 UCIUHC: When set to "1", shall indicate to start Reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through Unsubscribed Hybrid Cell.

All the bits 1 to 3 shall be set to 0 to stop reporting User CSG Info.

8.77 RFSP Index

Index to RAT/Frequency Selection Priority (RFSP Index) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.77-1, and contains a non-transparent copy of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Subscriber Profile ID for RAT/Frequency Priority

(SPID)" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. The SPID is an integer between 1 and 256 and is encoded as an unsigned integer, which requires the two octets specified for the RFSP Index parameter.

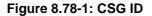
		Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1		Type = 144 (decimal)							
2 to 3		Length = 2							
4		Spare Instance							
5 to 6				RFSP	Index				

Figure 8.77-1. RFSP Index

8.78 CSG ID

CSG ID is coded as depicted in Figure 8.78-1. The CSG ID is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 147								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4		Sp	are		Instance				
5			Spare				CSG ID)	
6 to 8	CSG ID								
9 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/aı	e prese	nt only i	f explic	itly spe	cified	



The CSG ID consists of 4 octets. Bit 3 of Octet 5 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 8 is the least significant bit. The coding of the CSG ID is the responsibility of the operator that allocates the CSG ID by administrative means. Coding using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding) shall be used.

8.79 CSG Membership Indication (CMI)

CSG Membership Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.79-1.

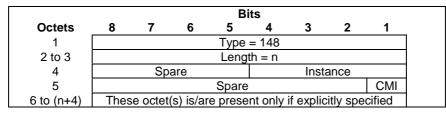


Figure 8.79-1: CSG Membership Indication

Table 8.79-1: void

CSG Membership Indication (CMI) values are specified in Table 8.79-2.

Table 8.79-2: CSG Membership indication (CMI)

СМІ	Values (Decimal)
CSG membership	0
Non CSG membership	1

NOTE: Due to a specification oversight, the CMI values in the above table are reversed from the values of the CSG-Membership-Indication AVP in 3GPP TS 32.299 [54], as well as from the values of the CMI in the UCI IE (see subclause 8.75). Therefore, when the above CMI values are sent over the charging interface, the values are encoded as specified in 3GPP TS 32.299 [54].

8.80 Service indicator

Service indicator is coded as depicted in Figure 8.80-1.

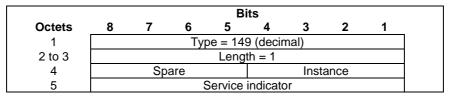


Figure 8.80-1. Service indicator

Service indicator values are specified in Table 8.80-1.

Table 8.80-1: Service indicator values

Service indicator	Values (Decimal)
<spare></spare>	0
CS call indicator	1
SMS indicator	2
<spare></spare>	3-255

8.81 Detach Type

Detach Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.81-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 150 (decimal)								
2 to 3		Length = 1							
4	Spare Instance								
5				Detac	h Type				

Figure 8.81-1: Detach Type

Table 8.81-1: Detach Type values

Detach Types	Values (Decimal)
<reserved></reserved>	0
PS Detach	1
Combined PS/CS Detach	2
<spare></spare>	3-255

8.82 Local Distinguished Name (LDN)

Represents the Local Distinguished Name (LDN) of the network element (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]).

				В	its			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	Type = 151 (decimal)							
2 to 3	Length = n							
4	Spare Instance							
5 to (n+4)				L	DN			

Figure 8.82-1: Local Distinguished Name (LDN)

The LDN field consists of 1 up to a maximum of 400 ASCII characters, i.e., from 1 up to a maximum of 400 octets.

8.83 Node Features

Node Features IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8. 83-1.

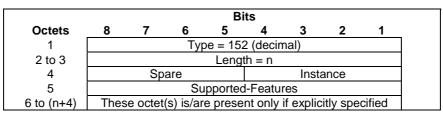


Figure 8.83-1: Node Features IE

The Node Features IE takes the form of a bitmask where each bit set indicates that the corresponding feature is supported. Spare bits shall be ignored by the receiver. The same bitmask is defined for all GTPv2 interfaces.

The following table specifies the features defined on GTPv2 interfaces and the interfaces on which they apply.

Table 8.83-1: Node Features on GTPv2 interfaces

Feature Octet / Bit	Feature	Interface	Description
5/1	PRN	S11, S4	PGW Restart Notification. If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this feature, the SGW shall send PGW Restart Notification message to the MME/S4-SGSN when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has restarted, and the SGW may send PGW Restart Notification message when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted, as specified in subclause 7.9.5.
5/2	MABR	S11	Modify Access Bearers Request. If both the SGW and the MME support this feature, the MME may modify the S1-U bearers of all the PDN connections of the UE by sending a Modify Access Bearers Request message as specified in subclause 7.2.24.
5/3	NTSR	S11/S4	Network Triggered Service Restoration procedure. If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), the SGW shall send a Downlink Data Notification message including the IMSI to the MME/S4-SGSN on the TEID 0 as part of a network triggered service restoration procedure.
5/4	CIOT	S11	Cellular Internet Of Things. Support of this feature may be indicated over the S11 interface, from the SGW to the MME. See NOTE 1. If the SGW notifies the support of this feature, it indicates to the MME that the SGW supports all the following CloT features: - EUTRAN-NB-IoT RAT type, - Non-IP PDN type, - S11-U tunneling, - Serving PLMN Rate Control, - MO Exception Data indication, - Extended PCO
Feature Octet / Bit: Th	ne octet and e that can b licable inte		ed-Features IE, e.g. "5 / 1".

No features have been defined on the following GTPv2 interfaces in this version of the specification: S2a, S2b, S5, S8, S10, S3, S16, Sv, S101, S121, Sm, Sn.

8.84 MBMS Time to Data Transfer

The MBMS Time to Data Transfer indicates the minimum time occurring between the transmission of the MBMS SESSION START REQUEST message and the actual start of the data transfer. It is coded as shown in figure 8.84-1. Octet 5 is coded as the value part of the Time to MBMS Data Transfer IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34] (not including the IEI and length indicator octets specified in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]).

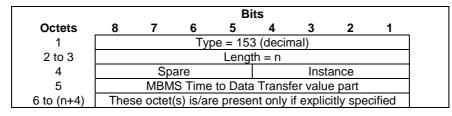


Figure 8.84-1: MBMS Time to Data Transfer

8.85 Throttling

Throttling is coded as depicted in Figure 8.85-1.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 154 (decimal)									
2 to 3	Length = n										
4		Sp	are		Instance						
5	Throttling Delay Unit Throttling Delay Value										
6	Throttling Factor										
7 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/are	prese	nt only	if explic	itly spec	cified			

Figure 8.85-1: Throttling

Table 8.85.1: Throttling information element

Throttling Delay (octet 5)
Bits 5 to 1 represent the binary coded timer value.
Bits 6 to 8 defines the timer unit for the timer as follows: Bits
876
 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 2 seconds 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 minute 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 minutes 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 hour 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 hours 1 1 value indicates that the timer is deactivated.
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 1 minute.
Throttling Factor (octet 6)
The Throttling Factor indicates a percentage and may take binary coded integer values from and including 0 up to and including 100. Other values shall be considered as 0.

8.86 Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)

Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.86-1.

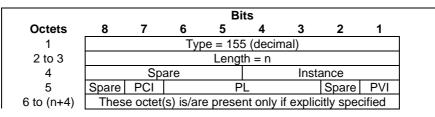


Figure 8.86-1: Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)

The meaning and value range of the parameters within the ARP are defined in 3GPP TS 29.212 [29]. The bits within the octet 5 are:

- Bit 1 PVI (Pre-emption Vulnerability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.47 Pre-emption-Vulnerability AVP.
- Bit 2 spare
- Bits 3 to 6 PL (Priority Level): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.45 Priority-Level AVP. PL encodes each priority level defined for the Priority-Level AVP as the binary value of the priority level.
- Bit 7 PCI (Pre-emption Capability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.46 Pre-emption-Capability AVP.
- Bit 8 spare.

8.87 EPC Timer

The purpose of the EPC Timer information element is to specify EPC specific timer values.

The EPC Timer information element is coded as shown in figure 8.87-1 and table 8.87.1

		Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1		Type = 156 (decimal)								
2 to 3		Length = n								
4		Sp	are		Instance					
5	Т	Timer unit Timer value								
6 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		

Figure 8.87-1: EPC Timer

Table 8.87.1: EPC	Timer information element
-------------------	---------------------------

Timer value						
Bits 5 to 1 represent the binary coded timer value.						
Timer unit						
Bits 6 to 8 defines the timer value unit for the EPC timer as follows:						
Bits						
876						
0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 2 seconds						
0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 minute						
0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 minutes						
0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 hour						
1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 hours						
1 1 1 value indicates that the timer is infinite						
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 1 minute in this version of the						
protocol.						
Timer unit and Timer value both set to all "zeros" shall be interpreted as an						
indication that the timer is stopped.						
וויטוטמוטוי נוומג נוופ נווופו וא אנטאףפט.						

8.88 Signalling Priority Indication

The Signalling Priority Indication information element contains signalling priority indications received from the UE for a specific PDN connection.

The Signalling Priority Indication information element is coded as shown in figure 8.88-1.

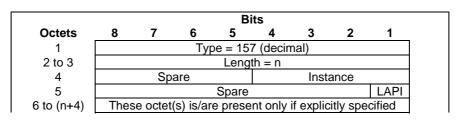


Figure 8.88-1: Signalling Priority Indication

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 to 2 Spare, for future use and set to zero.
- Bit 1 LAPI (Low Access Priority Indication): This bit defines if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection. It shall be encoded as the Low Priority parameter of the Device Properties IE in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. The receiver shall assume the value "0" if the Signalling Priority Indication IE is applicable for a message but not included in that message by the sender. The low access priority indication may be included in charging records.

8.89 Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI)

The TMGI contains the Temporary Mobile Group Identity allocated to the MBMS Bearer Service. The BM-SC always includes the MCC and MNC when allocating the TMGI, see 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

It is coded as specified in Figure 8.89-1.

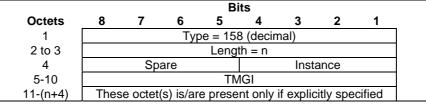


Figure 8.89-1: TMGI

Octets 5 to 10 shall be encoded as octets 3 to octet 8 in the figure 10.5.154 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

8.90 Additional MM context for SRVCC

The additional MM Context for SRVCC information element contains mobile station classmarks, supported codec list that are necessary for the MME/S4-SGSN to perform SRVCC as defined in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. The coding of Mobile Station Classmarks and Supported Codec List fields include the IE value part as it is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

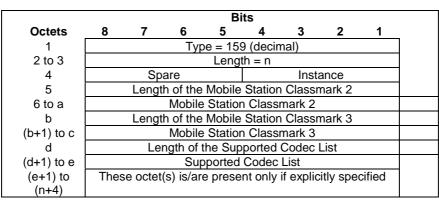


Figure 8.90-1: Additional MM context for SRVCC

For each of the Mobile Station Classmark 2, Mobile Station Classmark 3 and Supported Codec List parameters, if they are not available, then the associated length field shall be set to zero, and the particular parameter field shall not be present.

8.91 Additional flags for SRVCC

Additional flags for SRVCC is coded as depicted in Figure 8.91-1.

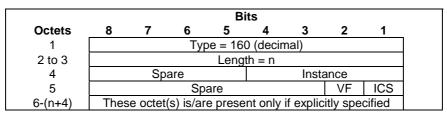


Figure 8.91-1: Additional flags for SRVCC

The following bits within Octet 5 indicate:

- Bit 1 ICS (IMS Centralized Service): This flag indicates that UE supports ICS specific service as specified in 3GPP TS 23.292 [47].
- Bit 2 VF (vSRVCC Flag): This flag indicates that the user is subscribed to the vSRVCC.

8.92 Void

8.93 MDT Configuration

MDT Configuration is coded as depicted in Figure 8.93-1.

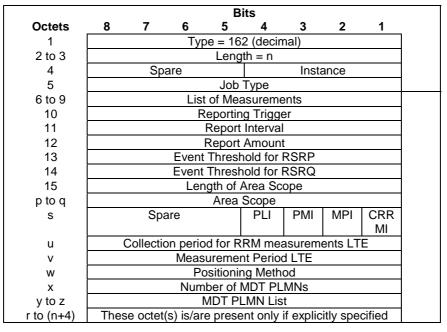


Figure 8.93-1: MDT Configuration

Parameters in octets 5 to 14, p to q, u, v, w and y to z shall be encoded as specified in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. If Length of Area Scope equals zero, then Area Scope octets p to q shall not be present.

If CRRMI (Collection period for RRM measurements LTE Indicator), bit 1 of octet 's', is set to "1", then the Collection period for RRM measurements LTE parameter field shall be present, otherwise octet 'u' shall not be present.

If MPI (Measurement period LTE Indicator), bit 2 of octet 's', is set to "1", then the Measurement period LTE parameter field shall be present, otherwise octet 'v' shall not be present.

If PMI (Positioning Method Indicator), bit 3 of octet 's', is set to "1", then the Positioning Method parameter field shall be present, otherwise octet 'w' shall not be present.

If PLI (PLMN List Indicator), bit 4 of octet 's', is set to "1", then the Number of MDT PLMNs and MDT PLMN List parameters shall be present, otherwise octet 'x' and octets 'y to z' shall not be present.

The value of the Number of MDT PLMNs represents the number of 3-octet PLMNs contained within the MDT PLMN List parameter and shall be a number from 1 to 16. Each PLMN ID in the list shall be encoded as defined for octets 5 to 7 in subclause 8.18.

8.94 Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)

The Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO) information element is used to exchange additional protocol configuration options between the TWAN/ePDG and the PGW.

The Additional Protocol Configuration Options information element is specified in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26] and its GTPv2 coding is shown in figure 8.94-1.

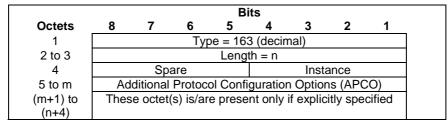


Figure 8.94-1: Additional Protocol Configuration Options

Octets (5 to m) of the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE are encoded as specified in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26].

8.95 Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer

The Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer indicates the absolute time of the actual start, update or stop of the MBMS data transfer to ensure a synchronized session control and facilitate a graceful reallocation of resources for the MBSFN (MBMS Single Frequency Network) when needed for E-UTRAN access.

It is coded as shown in figure 8.95-1.

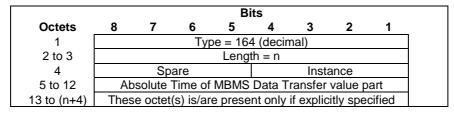


Figure 8.95-1: Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer

Octets 5 to 12 are coded as the time in seconds relative to 00:00:00 on 1 January 1900 (calculated as continuous time without leap seconds and traceable to a common time reference) where binary encoding of the integer part is in the 32 most significant bits and binary encoding of the fraction part in the 32 least significant bits. The fraction part is expressed with a granularity of $1/2^{**}32$ second.

8.96 H(e)NB Information Reporting

H(e)NB number Information Reporting is coded as depicted in Figure 8.96-1.

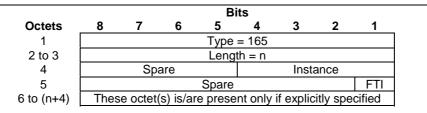


Figure 8.96-1: H(e)NB Information Reporting

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

• Bit 1 – FTI: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information change when the UE moves from (e)NB to H(e)NB, from H(e)NB to another H(e)NB with a fixed network backhaul change, or from H(e)NB to (e)NB.

The bit 1 shall be set to 0 to stop reporting H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information change.

8.97 IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP)

The IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.97-1.

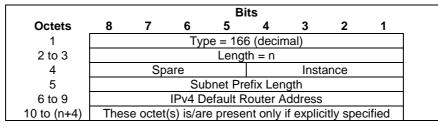


Figure 8. 97-1: IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP)

8.98 Change to Report Flags

Change to Report Flags IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.98-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 167 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4	Spare			Instance					
5	Spare						TZCR	SNCR	
6 to (n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified								

Figure 8.98-1: Change to Report Flags

For each message the applicable flags of the Change to Report Flags IE shall be clearly specified in the individual message sub clause. The remaining flags of the Change to Report Flags IE not so indicated shall be discarded by the receiver.

The receiver shall consider the value of the applicable flags as "0", if the Change to Report Flags IE is applicable for the message but not included in the message by the sender.

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 to 3 Spare, for future use and set to zero.
- Bit 2 TZCR (Time Zone Change to Report): When set to 1, this bit indicates that a UE Time Zone change still needs to be reported to the SGW/PGW.
- Bit 1 SNCR (Serving Network Change to Report): When set to 1, this bit indicates that a Serving Network change still need to be reported to the SGW/PGW.

8.99 Action Indication

Action Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.99-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Type = 168 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4	Spare			Instance					
5	Spare				Indication				
6 to (n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified								

Figure 8.99-1: Action Indication

Table 8.99-1: Indication

Indication	Values (Decimal)
No Action	0
Deactivation Indication	1
Paging Indication	2
Paging Stop Indication	3
<spare></spare>	4 to7

If "deactivation indication" is set, it indicates that the receiving entity shall deactivate ISR and remove the UE resource locally as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] subclause 27.3.1.2.

If "paging indication" is set, it indicates that the receiving entity shall page the IDLE state UE as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] subclause 27.3.2.2.

If "paging stop indication" is set, it indicates that the receiving entity shall stop paging the UE as specified in 3GPP TS 23.380 [61] subclause 5.4.2.1 and subclause 5.4.3.2.

8.100 TWAN Identifier

The TWAN Identifier is used for reporting UE location in a Trusted WLAN Access Network (TWAN). See 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].

TWAN Identifier shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.100-1.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1			Ту	/pe = 1	69 (de	cimal)					
2 to 3				Ler	igth = r	1					
4		Spa	are		_	lr	nstance				
5		Spare		LAII	OPN Al	PLM NI	CIVAI	BSSIDI			
6				SSI	Lengt	h					
7 to k				S	SSID						
(k+1) to	BSSID										
(k+6)											
q	Civic Address Length										
(q+1) to (q+r)	Civic Address Information										
s to (s+3)	TWAN PLMN-ID										
t			ΓWAN	l Opera	itor Nai	me Ler	ngth				
(t+1) to (t+u)			T٧	VAN O	perator	Name					
v			F	Relay Io	lentity	Туре					
(v+1)			R	elay Ide	entity L	ength					
(v+2) to				Rela	y Identi	ty					
(v+w)											
Х				Circuit	-ID Ler	igth					
(x+1) to				Cir	cuit-ID						
(x+y)											
p to (n+4)	Thes	se octet(s) is/a	are pres	sent on	ly if ex	olicitly s	pecified			

Figure 8.100-1: TWAN Identifier

The BSSID and SSID shall be encoded as described in IEEE Std 802.11-2012 [52].

The TWAN identifier shall contain the SSID and, unless otherwise determined by the TWAN operator"s policies, it shall contain at least the BSSID, the civic address of the access point to which the UE is attached or the Circuit-ID with the identity of the Relay (e.g. TWAG) which has allocated it (see subclause 16.1.7 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]). It may also contain the identifier of the TWAN operator, i.e. either the TWAN PLMN-ID if the TWAN is operated by a mobile operator or the TWAN Operator Name otherwise.

The SSID Length in octet '6' indicates the length of the SSID field. The SSID is an Octet String which shall have a maximum length of 32 octets (see IEEE Std 802.11-2012 [52]).

The BSSIDI flag in octet 5 indicates whether the BSSID in octets k+1 to k+6 shall be present. If BSSIDI is set to '1', then the BSSID shall be present. If BSSIDI is set to '0', then the BSSID shall not be present. The BSSID is an Octet String which shall be 6 octets long (see IEEE Std 802.11-2012 [52]).

The CIVAI flag in octet 5 indicates whether the Civic Address Length and Civic Address Information in octets 'q' and 'q+1' to 'q+r' shall be present. The Civic Address Length and Information shall be present if and only if the CIVAI flag is set to 1. When present, the Civic Address Information shall contain the civic address of the Access Point to which the UE is attached and it shall be encoded as defined in subclause 3.1 of IETF RFC 4776 [59] excluding the first 3 octets.

The PLMNI flag in octet 5 indicates whether the TWAN PLMN-ID in octets 's' to 's+3' shall be present. The TWAN PLMN-ID shall be present if and only if the PLMNI flag is set to 1. The TWAN PLMN-ID shall be encoded as octets 5 to 7 of the Serving Network IE in subclause 8.18. When present, the TWAN PLMN-ID shall indicate the PLMN-ID of the TWAN operator.

NOTE: the PLMN ID contained in the TWAN PLMN-ID can differ from the PLMN ID in the Serving Network IE.

The OPNAI flag in octet 5 indicates whether the TWAN Operator Name Length and TWAN Operator Name in octets 't' and 't+1' to 't+u' shall be present. The TWAN Operator Name Length and TWAN Operator Name shall be present if and only if the OPNAI flag is set to 1. The TWAN Operator Name shall be encoded as specified in subclause 19. 8 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. When present, the TWAN Operator Name shall indicate the identifier of the TWAN operator.

The LAII flag in octet 5 indicates whether the Logical Access ID information is present in the TWAN Identifier IE. The Logical Access ID is encoded by the Relay Identity information in octets 'v' to 'v+w' and the Circuit-ID information in octets 'x' to 'x+y'. The Relay Identity information and the Circuit-ID information shall be present if the LAII flag is set to '1'. The Relay indicates a DHCP relay agent as defined in IETF RFC 3046 [60]. The Relay Identity Type indicates the type of the Relay Identity as described in Table 8.100-1. The Relay Identity Length indicates the length of the Relay Identity Type indicates an IP address, the length indicates if it is IPv4 or IPv6 address of the Relay. The length is 4 octets for IPv4 and 16 octets for IPv6. If the Relay Identity type is set to 1 (i.e. an FQDN), it is encoded as described in section 3.1 of IETF RFC 1035 [31] but excluding the trailing zero byte. The Circuit-ID length indicates the length of the Circuit-ID. The Circuit-ID is as defined in IETF RFC 3046 [60], it is encoded as an Octetstring and provided by the Relay.

Table 8.100-1: Relay Identity Type

Relay Identity Type	Values (Decimal)
IPv4 or IPv6 Address	0
FQDN	1

8.101 ULI Timestamp

The ULI Timestamp IE is coded as shown in Figure 8.101-1. It indicates the UTC time when the user location information was acquired. Octets 5 to 8 are encoded in the same format as the first four octets of the 64-bit timestamp format as defined in section 6 of IETF RFC 5905 [53].

NOTE: The encoding is defined as the time in seconds relative to 00:00:00 on 1 January 1900.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1	Type = 170 (decimal)										
2 to 3	Length = n										
4	Spare				Instance						
5-8	ULI Timestamp value										
9 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified			

Figure 8.101-1: ULI Timestamp

8.102 MBMS Flags

MBMS Flags is coded as depicted in Figure 8.102-1.

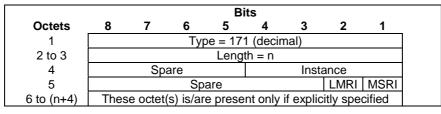


Figure 8.102-1: MBMS Flags

The following bits within Octet 5 indicate:

- Bit 1 MSRI (MBMS Session Re-establishment Indication): if set to 1, this flag indicates that the MBMS Session Start Request message is used to re-establish an MBMS session (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [13])
- Bit 2 LMRI (Local MBMS Bearer Context Release Indication): if set to 1, this flag indicates that the MBMS Session Stop Request message is used to release the MBMS Bearer Context locally in the MME/SGSN (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [13]);
- Bit 3 to 8 Spare, for future use and set to zero.

8.103 RAN/NAS Cause

RAN/NAS Cause is coded as depicted in Figure 8.103-1.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1	Type = 172 (decimal)									
2 to 3	Length = n									
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance			
5		Protoc	ol Type		Cause Type					
6 to m	Cause Value									
(m+1) to	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified									
(n+4)					-		-			

Figure 8.103-1: RAN/NAS Cause

The Protocol Type field shall be encoded as per Table 8.103 -0:

Table 8.103-0: Protocol Type values

Protocol Type	Values (Decimal)
S1AP Cause	1
EMM Cause	2
ESM Cause	3
Diameter Cause	4
IKEv2 Cause	5
<spare></spare>	6-15

All spare bits shall be set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

The Cause Value field shall be coded as follows:

For S1-AP Cause, the Cause Value field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the cause value of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Cause", as defined in clause 9.2.1.3 in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. The Cause Type field shall contain the RAN Cause subcategory as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and it shall be encoded as in Table 8.103-1. The value of the Cause Value field (and the associated RAN cause subcategory) is transferred over the S1-AP interface and encoded into one octet as binary integer.

Cause Type	Values (Decimal)
Radio Network Layer	0
Transport Layer	1
NAS	2
Protocol	3
Miscellaneous	4
<spare></spare>	5 to15

Table 8.103-1: Cause Type values and their meanings

- For EMM and ESM Causes, the Cause Value field shall contain the cause value as specified respectively for the "EMM Cause" IE and "ESM Cause" IE in subclauses 9.9.3.9 and 9.9.4.4 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], or for the "Cause" IE in subclause 8.11 of 3GPP TS 24.244 [66].

The value of the Cause Value field (which has a range of 0..255) shall be transferred encoded into one octet as binary integer.

The Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver.

- For Diameter Cause, the Cause Value field shall contain the cause value as specified for the Diameter Termination-Cause AVP in IETF RFC 3588 [39]. The Cause Value field shall be encoded into 2 octets as binary integer of the Termination-Cause AVP value. The currently assigned values for the Termination-Cause AVP can be found in the IANA registry for Termination-Cause AVP Values, IANA, "Termination-Cause AVP Values (code 295)", http://www.iana.org/assignments/aaa-parameters/aaa-parameters.xhtml#aaa-parameters-16. The Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver.
- For IKEv2 Cause, the Cause Value field shall contain the cause value as specified for the Internet Key Exchange Version 2 (IKEv2) Parameters, Notify message error type, in IETF RFC 7296 [67]. The Cause Value field shall be encoded into 2 octets as binary integer of the IKEv2 notify message error type value. The currently assigned values for the IKEv2 notify message error type can be found in the IANA registry for "Internet Key Exchange Version 2 (IKEv2) Parameters", http://www.iana.org/assignments/ikev2-parameters/ikev2-parameters/ikev2-parameters-14
 The Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver.

8.104 CN Operator Selection Entity

CN Operator Selection Entity is coded as depicted in Figure 8.104-1.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1	Type = 173 (decimal)									
2 to 3	Length = n									
4		Sp	are			Instance				
5	Spare						Sele	ection		
	Entity									
6 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		

Figure 8.104-1: CN Operator Selection Entity

Table 8.104-1: Selection Entity values
--

Selection mode value	Value (Decimal)
The Serving Network has been selected by the UE	0
The Serving Network has been selected by the network	1
For future use. Shall not be sent. If received, shall be interpreted as the value "1".	2, 3

8.105 Trusted WLAN Mode Indication

The purpose of the Trusted WLAN Mode Indication information element is to convey the selected trusted WLAN Mode.

The content and encoding of the Trusted WLAN Mode Indication is depicted on Figure 8.105-1.

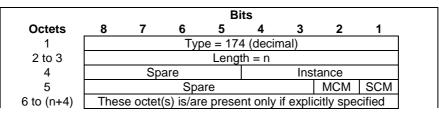


Figure 8.105-1: Trusted WLAN Mode Indication

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 to 3 Spare, for future use and set to zero.
- Bit 2 MCM (Multiple-connection mode Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the Multiple-connection mode is used.
- Bit 1 SCM (Single-connection mode Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the Single-connection mode is used.

8.106 Node Number

Node Number shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.106-1.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1	Type = 175 (decimal)									
2 to 3	Length = n									
4		Sp	are		Instance					
5			Leng	gth of N	ode Nu	mber				
6 to p	Node Number									
(p+1) to (n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified									

Figure 8.106-1: Node Number

The Node number shall carry an ISDN number.

If the Node Number carries the SGSN Number, then the SGSN number shall be coded according to the contents of ISDN-AddressString data type defined in 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]. The SGSN Number shall be in international format and the "nature of address indicator" shall indicate "international number". The SGSN Number is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. The Length of Node Number shall not be zero.

If the Node Number carries the MME number for MT SMS, then it shall be coded according to the contents of ISDN-AddressString data type defined in 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]. The MME number for MT SMS shall be in international format and the "nature of address indicator" shall indicate "international number". The MME number for MT SMS is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. The Length of Node Number shall not be zero.

8.107 Node Identifier

Node Identifier shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.107-1.

				В	its							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1			Ту	be = 17	6 (decir	nal)						
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5	Length of Node Name											
6 to p				Node	Name							
(p+1)			Len	igth of N	Node Re	ealm						
(p+2) to q	Node Realm											
(q+1) to	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified											
(n+4)												

Figure 8.107-1: Node Identifier

The Node Identifier shall contain the Diameter Identity of the node.

If the Node Identifier contains a SGSN Identifier then:

- the Node Name shall be coded as the Diameter identity of the SGSN as defined in subclause 6.4.13 of 3GPP TS 29.173 [57] and;
- the Node Realm shall be coded as the Diameter realm identity of the SGSN and as defined in subclause 6.4.14 of 3GPP TS 29.173 [57] and;
- Both the Node Name and the Node Realm shall be present and neither the Length of Node Name nor the Length of Node Realm shall be zero.

If the Node Identifier contains a MME Identifier then:

- the Node Name shall be coded as the Diameter identity of the MME as defined in subclause 6.4.4 of 3GPP TS 29.173 [57] and;
- the Node Realm shall be coded as the Diameter realm identity of the MME as defined in subclause 6.4.12 of 3GPP TS 29.173 [57] and;
- Both the Node Name and the Node Realm shall be present and neither the Length of Node Name nor the Length of Node Realm shall be zero.

If the Node Identifer contains a 3GPP AAA Server Identifier then:

- the Node Name shall be coded as the 3GPP-AAA-Server-Name as defined in subclause 8.2.3.24 of 3GPP TS 29.273 [68] and;
- the Node Realm shall be coded as the Diameter realm of the 3GPP AAA server in the format of a Diameter identity as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39].

If the Node Identifier contains an SCEF information, then:

- the Node Name shall be coded as the SCEF-ID as defined in subclause 8.4.5 of 3GPP TS 29.336 [69] and;
- the Node Realm shall be coded as the Diameter realm of the SCEF as defined in subclause 8.4.y of TS 29.272 [70].

8.108 Presence Reporting Area Action

Presence Reporting Area Action is coded as depicted in Figure 8.108-1.

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1				Туре	= 177					
2 to 3				Leng	th = n					
4		Sp	are			Insta	ance			
5		Spare Action								
6 to 8		Pr	esence	Report	ing Area	a Identif	ier			
9		Numbe	er of TAI			Number of RAI				
10	Sp	are		Numb	per of M	acro eN	lodeB			
11	Sp	are	Number of Home eNodeB							
12	Sp	are	Number of ECGI							
13	Sp	are			Numbe					
14	Sp	are			Number	of CG				
15 to k				TAIs	[115]					
(k+1) to m			Mad	cro eNE	3 IDs [1.	.63]				
(m+1) to p			Hor		3 IDs [1	63]				
(p+1) to q					[163]					
(q+1) to r					[115]					
(r+1) to s					[163]					
(s+1) to t					[163]					
u to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only i	f explic	itly spec	cified		

Figure 8.108-1: Presence Reporting Area Action

	i values
Action	Value (Decimal)
Start Reporting changes of UE	1
presence in the PRA	
Stop Reporting changes of UE	2
presence in the PRA	
<spare></spare>	0, 3-7

Table 8.108-1: Action values

The Action value 1 (Start Reporting change) shall be used to request to start reporting changes of UE presence in the Presence Reporting Area identified by the Presence Reporting Area Identifier and, if present, the Presence Reporting Area elements composing the Presence Reporting Area.

The Action value 2 (Stop Reporting change) shall be used to request to stop reporting changes or UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area.

The Presence Reporting Area Identifier shall be present if the Action value requests to start or to stop reporting changes of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area. If so, the Presence Reporting Area Identifier shall contain an identifier of the Presence Reporting Area and be encoded using full hexadecimal representation(binary, not ASCII encoding). The Presence Reporting Area Identifier is defined in subclause 19.10 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

Octets 9 to 14 shall be present if and only if the Action value requests to start reporting change of UE presence in a Presence Reporting Area and the Presence Reporting Area is not pre-configured in the MME/SGSN. If so, these octets shall indicate the number of TAI (15 at most), Macro eNodeB ID (63 at most), Home eNodeB ID (63 at most), ECGI (63 at most), RAI (15 at most), SAI (63 at most) and CGI (63 at most) which compose the PRA.

TAIs in octets 15 to 'k', if any, shall be encoded as per the TAI field in subclause 8.21.4. Octets 15 to 'k' shall be absent if the field 'Number of TAI' is set to the value '0'.

Macro eNB IDs in octets 'k+1' to 'm', if any, shall be encoded as per octets 6 to 11 of the Target ID for type Macro eNodeB in figure 8.51-2. Octets 'k+1' to 'm' shall be absent if the field 'Number of Macro eNodeB' is set to the value '0'.

Home eNB IDs in octets 'm+1' to 'p', if any, shall be encoded as per octets 6 to 12 of the Target ID for type Home eNodeB in figure 8.51-3. Octets 'm+1' to 'p' shall be absent if the field 'Number of Home eNodeB' is set to the value '0'.

ECGIs in octets 'p+1' to 'q', if any, shall be encoded as per the ECGI field in subclause 8.21.5. Octets 'p+1' to 'q' shall be absent if the field 'Number of ECGI' is set to the value '0'.

RAIs in octets 'q+1' to 'r', if any, shall be encoded as per the RAI field in subclause 8.21.3. Octets 'q+1' to 'r' shall be absent if the field 'Number of RAI' is set to the value '0'.

SAIs in octets r+1' to s', if any, shall be encoded as per the SAI field in subclause 8.21.2. Octets r+1' to s' shall be absent if the field 'Number of SAI' is set to the value '0'.

CGIs in octets 's+1' to 't', if any, shall be encoded as per the CGI field in subclause 8.21.1. Octets 's+1' to 't' shall be absent if the field 'Number of CGI' is set to the value '0'.

8.109 Presence Reporting Area Information

Presence Reporting Area Information is coded as depicted in Figure 8.109-1.

		Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1				Туре	= 178						
2 to 3		Length = n									
4		Sp	are			Instance					
5 to 7		Pr	esence	Report	ing Area	a Identi	fier				
8			Sp	are			OPRA	IPRA			
9 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified			

Figure 8.109-1: Presence Reporting Area Information

The Presence Reporting Area Identifier in octets 5 to 7 shall be present and shall contain the identifier of the Presence Reporting Area the UE is entering or leaving. It shall be encoded using full hexadecimal representation (binary, not ASCII encoding). The Presence Reporting Area Identifier is defined in subclause 19.10 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

The Inside PRA flag (IPRA) in octet 8 shall be set to 1 if the UE is inside or enters the Presence Reporting Area identified by the PRA Identifier.

The Outside PRA flag (OPRA) in octet 8 shall be set to 1 if the UE is outside or leaves the Presence Reporting Area identified by the PRA Identifier.

Either the IPRA or the OPRA flag shall be set to 1, not both.

8.110 TWAN Identifier Timestamp

The TWAN Identifier Timestamp IE is coded as shown in Figure 8.110-1. It indicates the UTC time when the TWAN Identifier information was acquired. Octets 5 to 8 shall be encoded in the same format as the first four octets of the 64bit timestamp format as defined in section 6 of IETF RFC 5905 [53].

NOTE: The encoding is defined as the time in seconds relative to 00:00:00 on 1 January 1900.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Ту	be = 17	9 (decir	nal)				
2 to 3		Length = n								
4	Spare Instance									
5-8	TWAN Identifier Timestamp value									
9 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		

Figure 8.110-1: TWAN Identifier Timestamp

8.111 Overload Control Information

Overload Control Information is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs. Which of those IEs are mandatory, optional or conditional and the conditions that apply are GTP message specific, and described in the corresponding subclause under clause 7.

Overload Control Information may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance values to represent a list of Overload Control Information.

Overload Control Information is coded as depicted in Table 8.111-1.

Octet 1		Overload Control Information IE Type = 180 (decimal)							
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n							
Octet 4 Spare and Instance fields									
Information elements		Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.					
NOTE: This table uses a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subclauses of clause 7, where									
the usage of this IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message including it.									

Table 8.111-1: Overload Control Information Grouped Type

8.112 Load Control Information

Load Control Information is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs. Which of those IEs are mandatory, optional or conditional and the conditions that apply are GTP message specific, and described in the corresponding subclause under clause 7.

Load Control Information may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance values to represent a list of Load Control Information.

Load Control Information is coded as depicted in Table 8.112-1.

Octet 1		Load Control Information IE Type = 181 (decimal)						
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n						
Octet 4	Spare and Instance fields							
Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.				
NOTE: This table uses a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subclauses of clause 7, where the usage of this IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message including it.								

Table 8.112-1: Load Control Information Grouped Type

8.113 Metric

The Metric IE is coded as shown in Figure 8.113-1. It indicates a percentage and may take binary coded integer values from and including 0 up to and including 100. Other values shall be considered as 0.

Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1		Type = 182 (decimal)								
2 to 3		Length = 1								
4		Spare Instance								
5				Me	tric					

Figure 8.113-1: Metric

8.114 Sequence Number

The Sequence Number IE is coded as shown in Figure 8.114-1 and it contains Unsigned32 binary integer value.

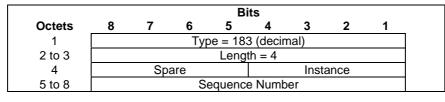


Figure 8.114-1: Sequence Number

8.115 APN and Relative Capacity

The APN and Relative Capacity IE is coded as shown in Figure 8.115-1.

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	be = 18-	4 (decin	nal)			
2 to 3				Leng	th = n				
4		Spare Instance							
5		Relative Capacity							
6				APN I	ength				
7 to m		Access Point Name (APN)							
(m+1) to	Thes	These octet(s) is/are prese				if explic	itly spe	cified	
(n+4)									

Figure 8.115-1: APN and Relative Capacity

The Relative Capacity represents the resources configured for the given APN as compared to the total resources of the target PGW, in percentage. It shall take binary coded integer values from 1 up to 100. Other values shall be considered as 0.

The APN Length in octet '6' indicates the length of the APN field.

The APN field, from octet 7 to 'm' shall be encoded as octet 5 to (n+4)' defined in clause 8.6.

8.116 WLAN Offloadability Indication

WLAN Offloadability Indication IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.116-1.

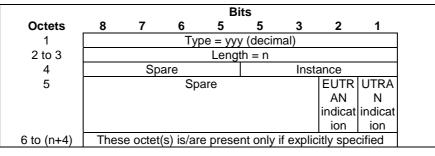


Figure 8.116-1: WLAN Offloadability Indication

Octet 5 indicates if WLAN Offload has been authorized for the UE:

- Bit 8 to 3 Spare, for future use and set to zero.
- Bit 2 reflects the information available at the UE regarding E-UTRAN Offloadability. When set to '1', this indicates that the UE has been authorized to perform WLAN offload from E-UTRAN. When set to '0', this indicates that the UE has not been authorized to perform WLAN offload from E-UTRAN.

- Bit 1 – reflects the information available at the UE regarding UTRAN Offloadability. When set to '1', this indicates that the UE has been authorized to perform WLAN offload from UTRAN. When set to '0', this indicates that the UE has not been authorized to perform WLAN offload from UTRAN.

8.117 Paging and Service Information

The Paging and Service Information IE is used to carry per bearer paging and service information. It is coded as shown in Figure 8.117-1.

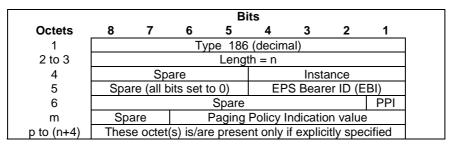


Figure 8.117-1: Paging and Service Information

The EBI value, in octet 5, indicates the EPS Bearer ID for which the Paging and Service Information is provided. The EBI field shall be encoded as the EBI field in the EPS Bearer ID (EBI) IE type (see subclause 8.8).

The PPI flag in octet 6 indicates whether the Paging Policy Indication value in octet 'm' shall be present. If PPI is set to '1', then the Paging Policy Indication value shall be present. If PPI is set to '0', then octet 'm' shall not be present.

The Paging Policy Indication value, in octet 'm', shall be encoded as the DSCP in TOS (IPv4) or TC (IPv6) information received in the IP payload of the GTP-U packet from the PGW (see IETF RFC 2474 [65]).

8.118 Integer Number

Integer Number is coded as depicted in Figure 8.118-1.

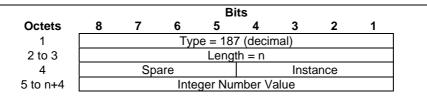


Figure 8.118-1: Integer Number

The Integer Number value is encoded with the number of octets defined in the Length field, e.g. when n=2, the range of the integer number value is from 0 to 65535.

The Integer Number value shall be encoded as further described below for the following information elements:

- Maximum Wait Time IE: the length shall be set to 2, i.e. the integer number value shall be encoded as a 16 bit unsigned integer.
- DL Buffering Suggested Packet Count IE: the length shall be set to 1 or 2;
- UE Usage Type IE: the length shall be set to 1, i.e. the integer number value shall be encoded as a 8 bit unsigned integer as specified in subclause 7.3.202 of 3GPP TS 29.272 [70].

8.119 Millisecond Time Stamp

The Millisecond Time Stamp IE is coded as shown in Figure 8.119-1. Octets 5 to 10 represent a 48 bit unsigned integer in network order format and are encoded as the number of milliseconds since 00:00:00 January 1, 1900 00:00 UTC, i.e. as the rounded value of 1000 x the value of the 64-bit timestamp (Seconds + (Fraction / (1<<32))) defined in section 6 of IETF RFC 5905 [53].

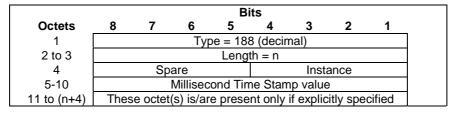


Figure 8.119-1: Millisecond Time Stamp

8.120 Monitoring Event Information

The Monitoring Event Information contains the monitoring event parameters that are necessary to transfer over the S3/S16/S10 interface.

The Monitoring Event Information is coded as depicted in Figure 8.120-1.

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	pe = 18	9 (decir	mal)			
2 to 3				Leng	th = n				
4		Spare Instance							
5 to 8		SCEF Reference ID							
9			ç	SCEF I	D Lengt	:h			
10 to k				SCE	F ID				
(k+1) to			Remain	ing Nu	mber of	Report	s		
(k+2)									
(k+3) to	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	citly spe	cified	
(n+4)				-	-	-			

Figure 8.120-1: Monitoring Event Information

The SCEF Reference ID, the SCEF ID shall be encoded as specified in subclause 8.4.4 and 8.4.5 of 3GPP TS 29.336 [69].

The SCEF ID Length indicates the length of the SCEF ID in octets.

The Remaining Number of Reports indicates the number of reports which are outstanding to be sent to the SCEF. It shall be encoded as specified in subclause 8.4.8 of 3GPP TS 29.336 [69],

8.121 ECGI List

MBMS Cell List is an extendable IE that is coded as depicted in Figure 8.120-1. The ECGI identity types are defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	oe = 19	0 (decir	nal)			
2 to 3		Length = n							
4		Spare Instance							
5 to 6		Number of ECGI Fields = m							
7 to (m*7+6)			ECGI	List of r	n ECGI	Fields			
(m*7+7) to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified	

Figure 8.121-1: ECGI List

The Number of ECGI Fields shall indicate the number of ECGI fields in the ECGI List.

In the present version of this specification, the Length n shall be set to m times 7 plus 2.

The ECGI List shall consist of m ECGI fields. Each ECGI field shall be encoded as specified in subclause 8.21.5 and thus is 7 octets long.

8.122 Remote UE Context

Remote UE Context is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs. Which of those IEs are mandatory, optional or conditional and the conditions that apply are GTP message specific, and described in the corresponding subclause under clause 7.

Remote UE Context may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance values to represent a list of Remote UE Context.

Remote UE Context is coded as depicted in Table 8.122-1.

Octet 1			Bearer Context IE Type = 191 (decimal)						
Octets 2 and	d 3		Length = n						
Octet 4			Spare and Instance fields						
Information elements		Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.				
NOTE: This table uses a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subclauses of clause 7, where									
tl	the usage of this IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message including it.								

Table 8.122-1: Remote UE Context Grouped Type

8.123 Remote User ID

Remote User ID is transferred via GTP tunnels and is coded as depicted in Figure 8.123-1. The Remote User ID IE shall contain one IMSI identity and, if available, one IMEI identity and/or one MSISDN identity. The flag MSISDNF in octet 5 indicates if the MSISDN shall be present in the respective field. The flag IMEIF in octet 5 indicates if the IMEI shall be present in the respective field. The flag IMEIF in octet 5 indicates if the IMEI shall be present.

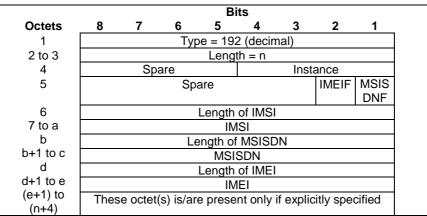


Figure 8.123-1: Remote User ID

The coding of IMSI field, from octets 7 to 'a' shall be encoded as the octets 5 to n+4 of the IMSI IE type specified in subclause 8.3.

The coding of MSISDN field, octets 'b+1' to 'c' shall be encoded as the octets 5 to n+4 of the MSISDN IE type specified in subclause 8.11.

The coding of IMEI field, octets 'd+1' to 'e' shall be encoded as the octets 5 to n+4 of the MEI IE type specified in subclause 8.10.

8.124 Remote UE IP Information

Remote UE IP Information is transferred via GTP tunnels and is coded as depicted in Figure 8.124-1. Remote UE IP information field, octets 5 to n+4 shall be encoded as the octets from 'j' to 'j+k' of the Remote UE Context IE specified in subclause 9.9.4.20 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23].

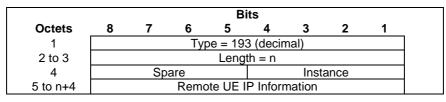


Figure 8.124-1: Remote UE IP Information

8.125 CloT Optimizations Support Indication

CIoT Optimizations Support Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.125-1 below.

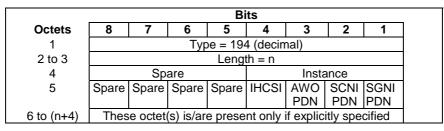


Figure 8.125-1: CloT Optimizations Support Indication

Octet 5 carries the feature support bits for each of the CIoT optimization as follows:

- Bit 8 to Bit 5: Spare, for future use and set to 0.
- Bit 4 IHCSI (IP Header Compression Support Indication): Indicates the support of IP header compression based on ROHC framework (see IETF RFC 4995 [77]) for Control Plane CIoT EPS optimisations, when set to '1'.
- Bit 3 AWOPDN (Attach without PDN Support Indication): Indicates the support of Attach without PDN connection as specified in section 4.3.5.10 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], when set to '1'. Here the word "PDN connection" implies both the PDN connection through SGW and PGW and the PDN connection through SCEF.
- Bit 2 SCNIPDN (SCEF Non IP PDN Support Indication): Indicates the support of SCEF Non IP PDN Connection as specified in section 5.13.1 of 3GPP TS 23.682 [74], when set to '1'.
- Bit 1 SGNIPDN (SGi Non IP PDN Support Indication): Indicates the support of SGi Non IP PDN Connection as specified in section 4.3.17.8.3.3 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], when set to '1'.

8.126 SCEF PDN Connection

The SCEF PDN connection is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs and shall be coded as depicted in Table 8.126-1.

The SCEF PDN Connection IE may be repeated within a message when more than one SCEF PDN Connection is required to be sent. If so, the repeated IEs shall have exactly the same Instance values to represent a list of grouped IEs.

Octet 1			PDN Connection IE Type = 195 (decimal)								
Octets 2 and	3		Length = n								
Octet 4			Spare and Instance fields								
Information elements		Ρ	Condition / Comment	ІЕ Туре	Ins.						
NOTE: This table uses a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subclauses of clause 7, where the usage of this IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message including it.											

Table 8.126-1: PDN Connection Grouped Type

8.127 Header Compression Configuration

The Header Compression Configuration includes the information necessary for the ROHC channel setup.

The Header Compression Configuration shall be encoded as specified in Figure 8.127-1.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	Type = 196 (decimal)							
2 to 3	Length = n							
4	Spare Instance							
5 to 6	ROHC Profiles							
7 to 8	MAX_CID							
9 to (n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified							

Figure 8.127-1: Header Compression Configuration



ROHC Profiles (octets 5 and 6) Bits

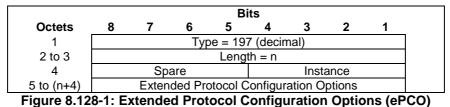
The ROHC Profiles shall indicate which of the ROHC profiles specified in 3GPP TS 36.323 [76] are allowed to be used (i.e. have been negotiated) with the UE. When a particular bit is set to 1, this indicates that the corresponding profile is allowed to be used. The No Compression profile 0x000 shall also be considered as allowed if at least one bit is set to 1. When all the bits are set to 0, this indicates that only the No Compression profile 0x000 is allowed to be used.

Octet 5

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Profile Identifier	Usage
Ŭ	•	Ŭ	Ŭ	-	Ŭ	-	•		00490
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0x0002	UDP/IP
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0x0003	ESP/IP
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0x0004	IP
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0x0006	TCP/IP
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0x0102	
0	0 1	1 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0x0103 0x0104	ESP/IP IP
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0104	Spare
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Opare
00	ctet	6							
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Profile Identifier	Usage
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		Spare
0	Ő	Ő	0	0	0	1	0		Spare
0	Õ	Õ	Õ	õ	1	0	Õ		Spare
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		Spare
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		Spare
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		Spare
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		Spare
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Spare
M	MAX_CID (octet 7 to 8)								
Ть									
	This is the maximum CID value specified in 3GPP TS 36.323 [76] allowed to be used								
	(i.e. which has been negotiated) with the UE. This shall be encoded as a 2 byte integer with a value in the range from 1 to 16383.								
VVI	with a value in the range from 1 to 10505.								

8.128 Extended Protocol Configuration Options (ePCO)

Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the ePCO into the value field of the Extended Protocol Configuration Options IE. The detailed coding and maximum length of the Extended Protocol Configuration Options field from octets 5 to (n+4) shall be specified as per clause 9.9.4.x of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], starting with octet 4.



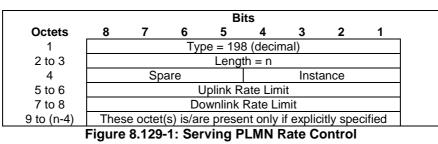
8.129 Serving PLMN Rate Control

Serving PLMN Rate Control may be configured in the Serving PLMN network, to protect serving network, e.g. the MME and the Signalling Radio Bearers in the E-UTRAN, from the load generated by NAS Data PDUs. It defines the maximum number of the NAS Data PDUs which can be transferred by the Serving Network per 6 minute interval.

The maximum number of the NAS Data PDUs which can be transferred for both downlink and uplink shall be configured to a value greater than 10. When the value is set to 0, it shall indicate Serving PLMN Rate Control is not applicable to the PDN Connection for the given direction.

The Serving PLMN Rate Control shall only apply to the PDN Connection(s) which is set to Control Plane Only.

Serving PLMN Rate Control Information is coded as depicted in Figure 8.129-1.



9 Security

GTPv2-C communications shall be protected according to security mechanisms defined in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

10 IP - The Networking Technology used by GTP

10.1 IP Version

GTPv2 entities shall support both versions of the Internet Protocol, version 4 (IPv4) as defined by IETF RFC 791 [6], and version 6 (IPv6) as defined by IETF RFC 2460 [16].

10.2 IP Fragmentation

It is specified here how the fragmentation mechanism shall work with GTP-C.

Fragmentation should be avoided if possible. Examples of fragmentation drawbacks are:

- Fragmentation is inefficient, since the complete IP header is duplicated in each fragment.
- If one fragment is lost, the complete packet has to be discarded. The reason is that no selective retransmission of fragments is possible.

Path MTU discovery should be used, especially if GTPv2-C message is encapsulated with IPv6 header. The application should find out the path MTU, and thereby utilise more efficient fragmentation mechanisms.

11 Notification of supported features between peer GTP-C entities

11.1 General

11.1.1 Introduction

New functionality, i.e. functionality beyond the Rel-9 standard, which can not be specified without backward incompatible changes (e.g. requiring support of a new message or a specific receiver node's behaviour) should be introduced as a feature, see subclause 11.1.2.

A GTP-C entity should verify that a backward incompatible feature is supported by its peer GTP entities before starting to use it.

NOTE: GTPv2 does not support a Comprehension Required mechanism allowing a sender to force the receiver to support comprehension of some specific IEs as a precondition to process a backward incompatible message.

Features may be generic node capabilities supported homogeneously for all GTP tunnels, UEs and PDN connections. Such features are referred in this specification as "Node Features". They are signalled with the granularity of a node on all GTPv2 interfaces (i.e. S11, S4, S5, S8, S10, S3, S16, Sv, S101, S121, Sm, Sn, S2a, S2b). A GTP-C entity may discover the features supported by a peer GTP-C entity with which it is in direct contact as specified in subclause 11.2.1.

11.1.2 Defining a feature

A feature is a function extending the base GTPv2 functionality that has a significant meaning to the operation of GTPv2, i.e. a single new parameter without a substantial meaning to the functionality of the GTPv2 endpoints should not be defined to be a new feature.

A functionality requiring the definition of a new GTPv2 message or extending the use of an existing message over a new interface should be defined as a feature.

NOTE: Features are ultimately defined on a case-by-case basis on the merits of defining an extension as a feature.

Features should be defined so that they are independent from each other. A GTP-C entity may support the same feature over different interfaces, e.g. an SGW may support a feature over both S11 and S4 interface, however support of a feature on a given interface shall not depend on the support of the same or another feature on another interface.

11.2 Dynamic discovery of supported features

11.2.1 General

A node supporting at least one feature defined in the Node Features IE shall support dynamic discovery of supported features as specified in the following subclauses.

11.2.2 Features supported by direct peer GTP-C entities

A node shall signal to a direct peer node the list of features it supports by sending the Sending Node Features IE in every Echo Request and Echo Response messages to that node.

An exception to this is where the sending node does not support or use any features towards the peer node and is not prepared to accept a message which is constructed by making use of any features.

The peer receiving the Sending Node Features IE shall store the list of features supported by the sending node per IP address and only update this list based on the Sending Node Features IE in the Echo Request and Echo Response messages, and it shall only use common supported features to initiate subsequent GTPv2 messages towards this IP address. Receipt of an Echo Request or an Echo Response message without the Sending Node Features IE shall indicate that the sending node does not support any feature specified in Table 8.83-1 on the corresponding interface.

12 GTP-C load & overload control mechanism

12.1 General

12.1.1 GTP-C overload problem

GTP-C entities can communicate with other GTP-C peers in direct contact (e.g. MME and SGW) or remote GTP-C peers through intermediate GTP-C entities (e.g. MME and PGW via the SGW). In normal conditions, requests sent by a GTP-C entity can be processed by the receiving GTP-C entity which can send back a message indicating the result of the request (success/failure).

Overload situations in a GTP-C entity occur when the number of incoming requests exceeds the maximum request throughput supported by the receiving GTP-C entity, e.g. when the internal available resources of the GTP-C entity, such as processing power or memory, are not sufficient to serve the number of incoming requests. As a consequence of the overload situation, the receiving GTP-C entity cannot successfully process the exceeding proportion of requests. These requests can be either simply dropped or extremely delayed in the processing. At best, the GTP-C entity may have enough internal resources to send back to the request initiator a message indicating that the requests cannot be successfully processed. Whatever the behaviour of the overloaded GTP-C entities, the rate of successfully processed requests and consequently the overall performances of the network decrease.

NOTE: GTP-C overload control does not target to address transport network congestion. It assumes a transport network that is still capable to exchange signalling traffic.

Given the nature of GTP-C protocol in how it relies on retransmissions of unacknowledged requests (GTP-C is carried over UDP transport), when a GTP-C entity experiences overload (or severe overload) the number of unacknowledged GTP-C messages compounds exponentially and can lead to a node congestion or even collapse. An overload or failure of a node can lead to an increase of the load on the other nodes in the network and, in the worst case, turn into a complete network issue via a snowball effect.

The impact of GTP-C overload to services can be such as:

- loss of PDN connectivity (IMS, Internet ...) and associated services;
- loss of ability to setup and release radio and core network bearers necessary to support services e.g. GBR bearers for VoLTE or dedicated bearers for Voice over WLAN;
- loss of ability to report to the PGW/PCRF user's information changes, e.g. location information for emergency services and lawful intercept, changes in RAT or QoS;
- and billing errors and a loss of revenue.

12.1.2 Scenarios leading to overload

Reasons for these temporary overload cases can be many and various in an operational network, such as insufficient internal resource capacity of a GTP-C entity faced with a sudden burst of requests, e.g. after network failure/restart

procedures affecting a large number of users, deficiency of a GTP-C entity component leading to a drastic reduction of the overall performances of the GTP-C entity.

Examples of GTP-C signalling based scenarios which can cause GTP-C overload are:

- a traffic flood resulting from the failure of a network element, inducing a signalling spike, e.g. when the network needs to re-establish the PDN connections affected by the failure of an EPC node;
- a traffic flood resulting from a large number of users performing TAU/RAU or from frequent transitions between idle and connected mode;
- an exceptional event locally generating a traffic spike, e.g. a large amount of calls (and dedicated bearers) being setup almost simultaneously upon a catastrophic event or an exceptional but predictable event (e.g. Christmas, New year) via a 3GPP access or a WLAN access;
- Frequent RAT-reselection due to scattered non-3GPP (e.g. WiFi) coverage or massive mobility between 3GPP and non-3GPP coverage may potentially cause frequent or massive intersystem change activities, i.e. UEs trying to either create PDN connections over the new access or moving PDN connections between 3GPP and non-3GPP coverage.

Besides, GTP-C load balancing based only on semi-static DNS weights can lead to a load imbalance and thus GTP-C signalling scenarios, such as those mentioned above, may result in an overload of the SGWs or PGWs with the highest load while there is still remaining capacity on other SGWs or PGWs.

12.1.3 Load & overload control concepts

Load control refers to "GTP-C signalling based Load Control" as defined in subclause 4.3.7.1a.1 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and subclause 5.3.6.1a of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

Overload control refers to "GTP-C signaling based Overload Control" as defined in subclause 4.3.7.1a.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and subclause 5.3.6.1a of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

Load control and overload control are two distinct but complementary concepts:

- load control enables a GTP-C entity (e.g. an SGW/PGW) to send its load information to a GTP-C peer (e.g. an MME/SGSN, ePDG, TWAN) to adaptively balance the session load across entities supporting the same function (e.g. an SGW cluster) according to their effective load. The load information reflects the operating status of the resources of the GTP-C entity.
- overload control enables a GTP-C entity becoming or being overloaded to gracefully reduce its incoming signalling load by instructing its GTP-C peers to reduce sending traffic according to its available signalling capacity to successfully process the traffic. A GTP-C entity is in overload when it operates over its signalling capacity which results in diminished performance (including impacts to handling of incoming and outgoing traffic).

Load control allows for better balancing of the session load, so as to attempt to prevent overload in the first place (preventive action). Overload control aims at shedding the incoming traffic as close to the traffic source as possible generally when an overload has occurred (reactive action), so to avoid spreading the problem inside the network and to avoid using resources of intermediate nodes in the network for signalling that would anyhow be discarded by the overloaded node.

Load control does not trigger overload mitigation actions even if the GTP-C entity reports a high load.

Load control and overload control may be supported and activated independently in the network.

12.2 Load control solution

12.2.1 Principles of load control

The stage 2 requirements on GTP-C load control solution are defined in clause 4.3.7.1a.1 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and clause 5.3.6.1a of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35]. The high level principles are summarized below:

a) Load Control is an optional feature;

- b) a GTP-C node may signal its Load Control Information to reflect the operating status of its resources, allowing the receiving GTP-C peer node to use this information to augment the existing GW selection procedures;
- c) the calculation of the Load Control Information is implementation dependent and its calculation and transfer shall not add significant additional load to the node itself and to its corresponding peer nodes;
- d) the Load Control Information may provide load information of a GTP-C node (e.g. a PGW) or, if the APN level load control feature is supported, may provide the load information about specific APN(s);
- e) the SGW may send its Load Control Information to the MME/S4-SGSN. The PGW may send its Load Control Information to the MME/S4-SGSN via the SGW. For non-3GPP access based interfaces, the PGW may send its Load Control Information to the ePDG and TWAN;
- f) the Load Control Information shall be piggybacked in GTP-C request or response messages such that the exchange of Load Control Information does not trigger extra signalling;
- NOTE: The inclusion of Load Control Information in existing messages means that the frequency of transmission of load control information increases as the session load increases, allowing for faster feedback and thus better regulation of the load.
- g) a node supporting Load Control sends Load Control Information to a peer GTP-C node based on local configuration (see clause 12.2.6);
- h) the format of the Load Control Information shall be specified with enough precision to guarantee a common interpretation of this information allowing interoperability between nodes of different vendors;
- i) for the inter-PLMN case, local configuration may restrict the exchange and use of Load Control Information across PLMNs;
- j) the GTP-C node may decide to send different values of Load Control Information on inter-network (roaming) and on intra-network (non-roaming) interfaces based on local configuration, i.e. the values sent on intra-network interfaces may differ from the values sent on inter-network interfaces. However, on intra-network interfaces, the node should send the same values between the 3GPP and non-3GPP access based interfaces.
- k) the Load Control Information received via GTP-C signalling shall be used in conjunction with the information received from the DNS, during the node selection procedure. Refer to 3GPP TS 29.303 [32] for further details.

12.2.2 Applicability to 3GPP and non-3GPP access based interfaces

Load Control may be supported on the 3GPP & non-3GPP access based interfaces and nodes as summarized by the Table 12.2.2-1.

Originator	Consumer	Applicable Interfaces		
PGW	MME	S5/S8, S11		
		SGW relays Load Control Information from S5/S8 to S11 interface.		
PGW	S4-SGSN	S5/S8, S4		
		SGW relays Load Control Information from S5/S8 to S4 interface.		
SGW	MME	S11		
SGW	S4-SGSN	S4		
PGW	ePDG	S2b		
PGW	TWAN	S2a		

Table 12.2.2-1: Applicability of Load Control to GTP-C interfaces and nodes

NOTE: Refer to Annex D.1 for information on the GTP-C interfaces for which Load Control is not supported.

12.2.3 Node level load control

Node level load control refers to advertising of the load information at node level -i.e. load information at node level granularity - and selection of the target node based on this information. It helps to achieve an evenly load balanced network by the use of the dynamic load information provided within the Load Control Information.

12.2.4 APN level load control

12.2.4.1 General

APN level load control refers to advertising of the load information at APN level granularity and selection of the target node based on this information. It helps to achieve an evenly load balanced network at APN granularity by the use of the dynamic load information provided within the Load Control Information with the APN scope. Only a PGW may advertise APN level load information.

APN level load control is an optional feature that may be supported when the following pre-condition is applicable.

Pre-Condition:

In the given network, when the ratio of the configured APN resource to the overall capacity of the PGW is not the same across all the PGWs in the network.

NOTE: In other cases, e.g. when all the resources of the PGW are available for all the APNs served by that PGW, the node level load information is exactly the same as APN level load information, for each of its APNs, and hence performing node load control is sufficient.

If APN load control is supported and activated at the PGW, the PGW should advertise the APN load information. If the APN level load control feature is supported at the node performing the PGW selection, i.e. an MME, S4-SGSN, ePDG, TWAN, the node shall utilize this information when selecting the PGW.

12.2.4.2 Justifications for APN load control support

Following are the justifications to support the APN level load control in the network when the pre-condition specified in 12.2.3.1 is applicable:

- 1) To achieve load balancing at the APN level granularity: The PGW may be configured to handle more than one APN in the network. In such a case, the PGW may be additionally configured to allocate different resources for each of the configured APNs, e.g. the PGW may be configured to handle "X" number of sessions for the "consumer" APN and to handle "Y" number of session for the "corporate" APN. The ratio of this limit, i.e. "X" and "Y", to the PGW's capacity may not be the same across all the PGWs in the network. In this case, the load information with node level granularity is not sufficient and could result in a network where one PGW has more sessions for the "corporate" APN. Thus, an evenly load balanced network at APN level load granularity cannot be realized.
- 2) To ensure effective overload control in the network: If the distribution of sessions at APN level is uneven, then there is a higher risk of overload of some PGWs, as compared to other PGWs, e.g. the PGW handling more sessions for "consumer" APN may have to handle more messages, (e.g. generated due to mobility events resulting from a change of ULI, RAT type, Serving GW, etc.) as compared to the PGW handling more sessions for the "stationary-machine" APN. Hence, the PGW handling "consumer" APN sessions may be at higher risk of overload, as compared to the other PGWs in the network, and hence, this situation may result in poor overload control of the network.
- **3)** To ensure an efficient node selection algorithm: Based on the node level load information, the source node, (e.g. the MME) may end-up selecting the PGW for a new session for the given APN. However, the selected PGW may reject the new session request, if it is running at 100% load capacity for the given APN, or the new session request may be throttled by the source node based on the overload information of the APN for the given PGW. Thus the new session request may be denied, (i.e. rejected by the selected PGW or throttled by the source node based on PGW's APN level overload information) while the other PGW may have the capacity to handle the same. Thus, the lack of APN level load information may result in inefficient node selection algorithm by the source node.

12.2.4.3 Elements of APN load control

To allow for an effective APN load control, at least the following information (in addition to the other applicable information for load control as defined in clause 12.2.5.1.2) is required to be advertised by the PGW, as part of the APN level load information:

APN: The APN for which the PGW wants to advertise the load information.

APN-Load-Metric: It indicates the current resource utilization for a particular APN, as a percentage, compared to the total resources reserved for that APN at the target PGW. Its computation is implementation dependent and it has same characteristics as "Load-Metric", as described in clause 12.2.5.1.2.2, when applied at the APN level.

APN-relative-capacity: It indicates the total resources configured for a given APN, compared to the total resources of the target PGW, as a percentage. It is a static parameter and does not change unless the resources configured for the APN change. Using APN-relative-capacity and the DNS weight-factor of the given PGW, the source node can judge the PGW's APN related resources as compared other PGWs in the network, i.e. the PGW's APN-weight-factor can be calculated by multiplying the APN-relative-capacity and DNS-weight-factor of the PGW (PGW's-APN-weight-factor = PGW's-APN-relative-capacity X DNS-weight-factor).

For the following example configuration:

PGW1-APN1-relative-capacity = 50%; PGW2-APN1- relative-capacity = 20%; PGW3-APN1- relative-capacity = 10%

PGW1-weight-factor = 20; PGW2-weight-factor = 20; PGW3-weight-factor = 60;

The APN level weight-factor for each of the PGWs can be calculated as below:

PGW1-APN1-weight-factor = 50% X 20 = 10.

PGW2-APN1-weight-factor = 20% X 20 = 4.

PGW3-APN1-weight-factor = $10\% \times 60 = 6$.

Thus, based on the APN-weight-factor it can be concluded that the PGW1 has highest APN1 related resources reserved, as compared to the other PGWs in the network. Hence the source node should use this information to favour PGW1 over other PGWs for APN1 related new session requests.

12.2.5 Load Control Information

12.2.5.1 Definition

12.2.5.1.1 General description

Within a message, one or multiple instances of the Load Control Information (LCI) IE may be included by the same GTP-C entity.

When providing load control information in a message for the first time or subsequently, the GTP-C entity shall always include the full set of load control information, i.e. all the node level and APN Level applicable instances of the Load Control Information, even if only a subset of the load control information has changed. All the instances of the LCI IE provided by a given GTP-C entity in a message shall contain the same Load-Control-Sequence-Number. The Load Control Sequence Number shall be incremented whenever the load control information is changed (see subclause 12.2.5.1.2.1).

The receiver shall overwrite any stored load control information of a peer with the newly received load control information (via one or multiple instances) from the same peer node if the new load control information is more recent than the old information as indicated by the Load Control Sequence Number, e.g. if the receiver has stored 'X' instances of the load control information for a peer node, it overwrites those 'X' instances with the new set of 'Y' instances received in a message from the same peer node, where X, Y are any integer number.

The receiver shall consider all the parameters received in the same instance of the LCI IE in conjunction while using this information for node selection. When more than one instance of the LCI IE is received, the receiver shall consider the parameters included in each instance independently, when using this information for node selection.

The parameters are further defined in subclauses 12.2.5.1.2 and 12.2.5.1.3.

Load control information may be extended with new parameters in future versions of the specification. Any new parameter will have to be categorized as:

- Non-critical optional parameters: the support of these parameters is *not critical* for the receiver. The receiver can successfully and correctly comprehend the load control information instance, containing one or more of these parameters, by using the other parameters and ignoring the non-critical optional parameter.
- Critical optional parameters: the support of these parameters is *critical* for the receiver to correctly comprehend the instance of the load control information containing one or more of these parameters.

The sender may include one or more non-critical optional parameters within any instance of the LCI IE without having the knowledge of the receiver's capability to support the same. However, the sender shall only include one or more critical optional parameter in any instance of the LCI IE towards a receiver if the corresponding receiver is known to support those parameters. The sender may be aware of this either via signalling methods or by configuration; (this will have to be defined when introducing any such new parameter in future).

Each instance of the LCI IE shall be associated to the node identity (FQDN or IP address of the GW node received from the HSS or the DNS) of the serving SGW or PGW, i.e. the identity determined during the SGW or PGW selection.

NOTE: The Node type is derived based on the instance number of the LCI IE.

12.2.5.1.2 Parameters

12.2.5.1.2.1 Load Control Sequence Number

The Load Control Sequence number contains a value that indicates the sequence number associated with the LCI IE. This sequence number shall be used to differentiate any two LCI IEs generated at two different instances by the same GTP-C entity. The Load Control Sequence Number shall be supported (if load control is supported) and shall always be present in the LCI IE.

The GTP-C entity generating this information shall increment the Load Control Sequence Number whenever modifying some information in the Load Control Information IE. The Load Control Sequence Number shall not be incremented otherwise. The node may use the time, represented in an unsigned integer format, of the generation of the Load Control Information to populate the Load Control Sequence Number.

When multiple instances of the LCI IE are provided in a message by a given GTP-C node, each of them shall contain the same Load Control Sequence Number value.

This parameter shall be used by the receiver of the Load Control Information IE to properly collate out-of-order load control information, e.g. due to GTP-C retransmissions. This parameter shall also be used by the receiver of the LCI IE to determine whether the newly received load control information has changed compared to load control information previously received from the same node earlier.

NOTE: The GTP-C sequence number cannot be used for collating out-of-order load control information as e.g. load control information may be sent in both GTP-C requests and responses, using independent GTP-C sequence numbering.

If the receiving entity has already received and stored load control information from the peer GTP-C entity, the receiving entity shall update its load control information only if the Load Control Sequence Number received in the new load control information is higher than the stored value of the Load Control Sequence Number associated with the peer GTP-C entity. However due to roll-over of the Load Control Sequence Number or restart of the node, the Load Control Sequence Number may be reset to an appropriate base value by the peer GTP-C entity, hence the receiving entity shall be prepared to receive (and process) a Load Control Sequence Number parameter whose value is less than the previous value.

12.2.5.1.2.2 Load Metric

The Load Metric parameter shall indicate the current load level of the originating node. The computation of the Load Metric is left to implementation. The node may consider various aspects, such as: the used capacity of the node based on activated bearers in relationship to maximum number of bearers the node can handle, the load that these active bearers produce in the node (e.g. memory/CPU usage in relationship to the total memory/CPU available, etc.).

The Load Metric represents the current load level of the sending node as a percentage within the range of 0 to100, where 0 means no or 0% load and 100 means maximum or 100% load reached (i.e. no further load is desirable).

The Load Metric shall be supported (if load control is supported). The Load Metric shall always be included in the Load Control Information.

Considering the processing requirement of the receiver of the Load Control Information (e.g. handling of the new information, tuning the node selection algorithm to take the new information into account), the sender should refrain from advertising every small variation (e.g. with the granularity of 1 or 2), in the Load Metric which does not result in useful improvement in node selection logic at the receiver. During the typical operating condition of the sender, a larger variation in the Load Metric, e.g. 5 or more units, should be considered as reasonable enough for advertising the new Load Control Information and thus justifying the processing requirement (to handle the new information) of the receiver.

NOTE: The range of the Load Metric, i.e. 0 to 100, does not mandate the sender to collect its own load information at every increment/decrement and hence to advertise the change of Load Metric with a granularity of 1%. Based on various implementation specific criteria, such as: the architecture, session and signalling capacity, the current load and so on, the sender is free to define its own logic and periodicity with which its own load information is collected.

12.2.5.1.2.3 List-of-APN_and_Relative Capacity

The List-of-APN_and_Relative Capacity parameter contains a list of the tuple (APN, Relative Capacity) and this indicates one or more APNs for which the Load Control Information is applicable. The "APN" contains the name of the APN and the Relative Capacity indicates the resources configured for a given APN, compared to the total resources configured at the target PGW, as a percentage.

When present in the LCI IE, the scope of the load information shall be the list of indicated APNs for the PGW that sends the load control information. In that case, the "Load Metric" shall be interpreted as an "APN-Load-Metric" and shall indicate the current resource utilization for the indicated APNs, as a percentage, as compared to the total resources configured for the indicated APNs at the target PGW.

Its computation is implementation dependent and it has the same characteristics as "Load Metric". Only one instance of the List-Of-APN_and_Relative Capacity IE may be included within one Load Control Information instance.

NOTE 1: The maximum number of tuples (APN, Relative Capacity) in the List-of-APN_and_Relative Capacity IE is set to 10. More than 10 occurrences of (APN, Relative Capacity), within one single instance of the List-of-APN_and_Relative Capacity IE is treated as protocol error by the receiver.

If the List-of-APN_and_Relative Capacity IE has not been included, the scope of the Load Control Information shall be the entire PGW node (unless restricted by other parameters in the LCI IE).

This parameter may be supported (if load control is supported) and shall be supported when APN level load control is supported.

The receiver shall handle this parameter, when it is received, if it supports APN level load control. The receiver shall ignore a Load Control Information instance applicable for an APN, if it does not support APN level load control.

NOTE 2: The PGW encodes the APN level load information and node level load information using different instance numbers in the message, so that the receiver will ignore the APN level load information, if it does not support the APN level load control feature.

The maximum number of APNs, for which the PGW may advertise the Load Control Information, shall be limited to 10, i.e. the maximum number of occurrences of the tuple (APN, Relative Capacity) within and across various instances of the LCI IE shall be limited to 10, for a given PGW. Hence, if the PGW supports more than 10 APNs, it shall advertise the load control information for at most 10 of the most important APNs. In future, if needed, this limit may be increased to allow the PGW to advertise the load information for more APNs. In that case, the receiver not supporting the higher limit shall handle the first 10 APNs and shall ignore the load information for the remaining APNs.

NOTE 3: The limit of the number of APN's takes into account various aspects such as: the processing and storage requirements at the overloaded node and the receiver, the number of important APNs for which load control advertisement will be necessary and interoperability between the nodes.

When including load control information for some APN(s), the PGW shall also provide node level load control information by providing one instance of the Load Control Information without the List-of-APN_and_Relative Capacity parameter.

A node selecting a PGW for a given APN shall apply the APN level load information, if available for that APN. If this parameter is not received for a given APN but it has been received for other APN(s) from the same PGW, then for this given APN, the node performing PGW selection shall calculate the load metric, as described in 3GPP TS 29.303 [32], for the target PGW.

12.2.5.1.3 Handling of parameters

If the PLMN supports the Load Control feature (see subclause 12.2.6), the support, inclusion and handling of the parameters, within Load Control Information, is summarized in table 12.2.5.1.3-1.

Parameter	Support by the sender	Support by the receiver	Inclusion by the sender	Handling by the receiver		
Load Control sequence number (as defined in clause 12.2.5.1.2.1)	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory		
Load Metric (as defined in clause 12.2.5.1.2.2)	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory		
List-of- APN_and_Relative Capacity (as defined in clause 12.2.5.1.2.3)	Optional (NOTE 1)	Optional (NOTE 1)	Optional (NOTE 2)	Conditional (NOTE 3)		
 NOTE 1: This is an optional parameter that shall be supported, if APN level load control is supported. NOTE 2: The PGW shall send this parameter whilst providing APN level load control information, if the APN level load control feature is supported and enabled. NOTE 3: If this parameter is received, the receiver supporting the APN load control feature shall handle and process APN load control information. 						

12.2.5.2 Frequency of inclusion

How often the sender includes the load control information is implementation specific. The sender shall ensure that new/updated load control information is propagated to the target receivers within an acceptable delay, such that the purpose of the information (i.e. effective load balancing) is achieved. The sender may include the LCI IE e.g. as follows:

- the sender may include Load Control Information towards a peer only when the new/changed value has not already been provided to that peer;
- the sender may include the Load Control Information in each and every message (extended with LCI IE) towards the peer;
- the sender may include Load Control Information periodically, i.e. include the information during a first period then cease to do so during a second period.

The sender may also implement a combination of one or more of the above approaches. Besides, the sender may also decide to include the Load Control Information only in a subset of the applicable GTP-C messages.

The receiver shall be prepared to receive the load control information in any of the GTP-C messages extended with an LCI IE and upon such reception, shall be able act upon the received load control information.

12.2.5.3 Limit on maximum number of instances

A GTP-C entity may signal one or multiple instances of the LCI IE, with each providing load control information for a different scope. In order to limit the processing of the message on the receiver side and the size of the message on transport level, the number of load control information instances shall be limited:

- at message level: there shall be at most one instance of node level LCI IE per node (i.e. per SGW or PGW) and at most 10 APN level instances.
- at node level: the maximum number of instances of LCI IE which may be provided across multiple messages by a given node shall be the same as the maximum number of instances of LCI IE at message level.

12.2.6 Discovery of the support of the feature by the peer node

A GTP-C entity shall determine whether to use the load control feature (i.e. provide or handle load control information)

- within the PLMN, based on the operator's policy (local PLMN-wide configuration);
- across the PLMN boundaries, based on the operator's policy (local configuration per PLMN).
- NOTE: The feature may be activated when all or some of the nodes in the PLMN support the feature. The GTP-C entity assumes that all of the peer nodes support this feature when the feature is activated, i.e. it does not need to determine which peers support the feature.

The above operator policy/local configuration may allow the use of load control at node level, load control at node level and APN level, or none.

12.2.7 Issues in the network with partial support of the feature

The Load Control feature should be supported homogenously across all the SGWs and PGWs in the network. Not supporting this feature homogeneously across the SGWs and PGWs may result in poor load balancing in the network such that the SGWs or PGWs not supporting the feature may operate near their maximum capacity (thus being more vulnerable to overload conditions) while SGWs or PGWs supporting the feature have free capacity.

The Load Control feature should be supported homogenously across all the MMEs, S4-SGSNs, ePDGs and TWANs. However, use of the feature when not all of these nodes support the feature may not necessarily create a problem since the load may remain fairly balanced across the SGWs and PGWs assuming that the network imbalance caused by the non-supporting node may get rectified by the supporting nodes making use of dynamic load information while selecting the SGWs and PGWs.

12.3 Overload control solution

12.3.1 Principles of overload control

The stage 2 requirements on GTP-C overload control are defined in clause 4.3.7.1a.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and clause 5.3.6.1a of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35]. The high level principles are summarized below:

- a) Overload control is an optional feature;
- b) a GTP-C entity may signal its overload to its GTP-C peers by including Overload Control Information in GTP-C signalling which provides guidance to the receiving GTP-C entity to decide actions which lead to signalling traffic mitigation towards the sender of the information;
- c) the Overload Control Information may provide the overload information of a GTP-C entity, e.g. a PGW, or a specific APN(s) associated with the GTP-C entity;
- d) an MME/S4-SGSN may signal an overload to the PGW, via the SGW. An SGW may signal an overload to the MME/S4-SGSN and to the PGW. A PGW may signal an overload to the MME/S4-SGSN, via the SGW. For non-3GPP access based interfaces, a PGW may signal an overload to the ePDG and the TWAN; the ePDG and the TWAN may signal an overload to the PGW.
- NOTE 1: An MME/S4-SGSN will not signal an overload to the SGW (i.e. the SGW will not perform overload control towards the MME/S4-SGSN), as this is redundant with DDN throttling (see subclause 12.3.3).
- e) the overload control feature should continue to allow for preferential treatment of priority users (eMPS) and emergency services;
- f) the Overload Control Information is piggybacked in GTP control plane request or response messages such that the exchange of the Overload Control Information does not trigger extra signalling;
- NOTE 2: The inclusion of Overload Control Information in existing messages means that the frequency increases as the signalling load increases, thus allowing faster feedback and better regulation.

- g) the computation and transfer of the Overload Control Information shall not add significant additional load to the GTP-C entity itself and to its corresponding peer GTP-C entities. The calculation of Overload Control Information should not severely impact the resource utilization of the GTP-C entity, especially considering the overload situation;
- h) clause 4.3.7.1a.2 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and clause 4.5 of 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] provides examples of various potential overload mitigation actions based on the reception of the overload related information exchanged between GTP-C entities, for 3GPP access based interfaces and non-3GPP access based interfaces, respectively. However, the exact internal processing logics of a GTP-C entity will not be standardized;
- i) for the inter-PLMN case, local configuration may restrict the exchange and use of Overload Control Information across PLMNs;
- j) the GTP-C entity may decide to send different values of Overload Control Information on inter-network (roaming) and on intra-network (non-roaming) interfaces based on local configuration, i.e. the values sent on intra-network interfaces may differ from the values sent on inter-network interfaces. However, on intra-network interfaces, the GTP-C entity should send the same values between the 3GPP and non-3GPP access based interfaces;

12.3.2 Applicability to 3GPP and non-3GPP access based interfaces

The Overload Control feature may be supported on the 3GPP & non-3GPP access based interfaces and nodes as summarized by the Table 12.3.2-1.

Table 12.3.2-1: Applicability of overload control to 3GPP & non-3GPP access based GTP-C interfaces and nodes

Originator	Consumer	Applicable Interfaces		
MME	PGW	S11, S5/S8		
		SGW relays Overload Control Information from S11 to S5/S8		
		interface.		
S4-SGSN	PGW	S4, S5/S8		
		SGW relays Overload Control Information from S4 to S5/S8		
		interface.		
SGW	MME	S11		
SGW	S4-SGSN	S4		
SGW	PGW	S5/S8		
		(in MME/S4-SGSN originated signalling towards the PGW)		
PGW	MME	S5/S8, S11		
		SGW relays Overload Control Information from S5/S8 to S11		
		interface.		
PGW	S4-SGSN	S5/S8, S4		
		SGW relays Overload Control Information from S5/S8 to S4		
	interface.			
PGW	PGW TWAN S2a (Trusted WLAN access)			
PGW	W ePDG S2b (Untrusted WLAN access)			
TWAN	PGW	S2a (Trusted WLAN access)		
ePDG	PDG PGW S2b (Untrusted WLAN access)			

NOTE: Refer to Annex D.2 for information on the GTP-C interfaces for which Overload Control is not supported.

12.3.3 Node level overload control

Node level overload control refers to advertising of the overload information at node level, i.e. overload information at node level granularity, and applying the mitigation policies towards the target node based on this information. This helps in preventing severe overload and hence potential breakdown of the GTP-C node.

When a GTP-C entity determines that the offered incoming signalling traffic is growing (or is about to grow) beyond its nominal capacity, it may signal an Overload Control Information IE to instruct its GTP-C peers to reduce the offered load accordingly.

Overload Control is performed independently for each direction between two GTP-C entities. Overload Control may run concurrently, but independently, for each direction between the two GTP-C entities.

Overload control of SGW originated traffic towards the MME/S4-SGSN shall rely on Downlink Data Notification throttling, as specified in subclause 4.3.7.4.1a of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and 5.3.6.5 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], with the addition that the SGWs should be allowed, by configuration, to throttle DDN requests for low priority, as well as normal priority traffic (the SGW shall then throttle by priority DDN requests for low priority traffic).

12.3.4 APN level overload control

12.3.4.1 General

APN level overload control refers to advertising of the overload information at APN level granularity and hence applying the mitigation policies based on this information to the signalling traffic related to this APN only. Only a PGW may advertise APN level overload information when it detects overload for certain APNs, e.g. based on shortage of internal or external resources for an APN (e.g. IP address pool).

NOTE: When all the internal and external resources, applicable to the APNs, are available for all the APNs served by a PGW, the node level overload information is exactly the same as APN level overload information of that PGW, for each of its APNs, and hence, performing node overload control can be sufficient.

12.3.4.2 Elements of APN overload control

For allowing the effective APN overload control, at least the following information (in addition to the other applicable information for overload control as defined in clause 12.3.5.1.2) are required to be advertised by the source node, as part of the APN level overload information:

APN: The APN for which the source node wants to advertise the overload information;

APN-Overload-Reduction-Metric: It indicates the requested overload reduction for the signalling traffic corresponding to a particular APN, as a percentage. Its computation is implementation dependent and it has the same characteristics as the "Overload-Reduction-Metric", described in clause12.3.5.1.2.1, when applied at APN level.

12.3.5 Overload Control Information

12.3.5.1 Definition

12.3.5.1.1 General description

Within a message, one or multiple instances of the Overload Control Information (OCI) IE may be included by the same GTP-C entity. Each instance shall provide information about the overload condition to allow the receiver to apply mitigation actions which will result in an efficient alleviation of the overload condition at the sender.

The GTP-C entity shall always include the full set of overload control information, i.e. all the node level and APN level applicable instances of the OCI IE, when signalling overload control information in a message for the first time or subsequently towards the receiver, even when only a subset of the overload control information has changed. All the instances of the OCI IE provided by a given GTP-C entity in a message shall contain the same Overload Control Sequence Number. The Overload Control Sequence Number shall be incremented whenever the overload control information is modified (see subclause 12.3.5.1.2.1).

When including overload control information for some APN(s), the PGW should not provide any node level Overload Control Information unless the node level information is also applicable.

The receiver shall overwrite any stored overload control information of a peer with the newly received overload control information (received via one or multiple instances of OCI IE) from the same GTP-C peer entity, if the new information is more recent than the old information as indicated by the Overload Control Sequence Number, e.g. if the receiver has stored 'X' instances of the OCI IE for a peer GTP-C entity, it shall overwrite those 'X' instances with the new set of 'Y' instances received in a message from the same GTP-C peer entity, where X, Y are any integer numbers.

The receiver shall consider all the parameters received in the same instance of the OCI IE in conjunction while applying the overload mitigation action. When more than one instance of the OCI IE is included, the receiver shall consider the parameters included in each instance independently, while applying the overload mitigation action.

The parameters are further described in subclauses 12.3.5.1.2 and 12.3.5.1.3.

Overload control information may be extended with new parameters in future versions of the specification. Any new parameter will have to be categorized as:

- Non-critical optional parameters: the support of these parameters is not critical for the receiver. The receiver can successfully and correctly comprehend the Overload Control Information instance, containing one or more of these parameters, by using the other parameters and ignoring the non-critical optional parameters.
- Critical optional parameters: the support of these parameters is critical for the receiver to correctly comprehend the instance of the Overload Control Information containing one or more of these parameters.

The sender may include one or more non-critical optional parameter(s) within any instance of Overload Control Information, without having the knowledge of the receiver's capability to support the same. However, the sender shall only include one or more critical optional parameter(s) in any instance of Overload Control Information towards a receiver, if the corresponding receiver is known to support these parameter(s). The sender may be aware of this either via signalling methods or by configuration; this will have to be defined when introducing any such new parameter in the future.

Each instance of the OCI shall be associated by default to the GTP-C entity corresponding to the peer node's IP address of the PDN connection, over which the OCI IE is received, i.e. to the IP address received within the "Sender F-TEID for control plane" IE, the "PGW S5/S8/ S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface" IE or within the "MME/S4-SGSN Identifier" IE.

Alternatively, the GW (i.e. SGW and PGW) nodes may send Overload Control Information which is associated with the GW node's identity, i.e. the FQDN or IP address of the GW node received from the HSS (for a PGW) or the DNS (for an SGW or PGW), the identity determined during the GW selection. In that case, the GW node shall provide an explicit indication that the OCI IE included in the message belongs to the GW node's identity.

12.3.5.1.2 Parameters

12.3.5.1.2.1 Overload Control Sequence Number

The GTP-C protocol requires retransmitted messages to have the same contents as the original message (see clause 7.6). Due to GTP-C retransmissions, the overload control information received by a GTP-C entity at a given time may be less recent than the overload control information already received from the same GTP-C entity. The Overload Control Sequence Number aids in sequencing the overload control information received from an overloaded GTP-C entity. The Overload Control Sequence Number contains a value that indicates the sequence number associated with the Overload Control Information IE. This sequence number shall be used to differentiate between two OCI IEs generated at two different instants, by the same GTP-C entity.

The Overload Control Sequence Number parameter shall be supported (when supporting the overload control feature) and shall always be present in the Overload Control Information IE.

The GTP-C entity generating this information shall increment the Overload Control Sequence Number whenever modifying some information in the OCI IE. The Overload Control Sequence Number shall not be incremented otherwise. The GTP-C entity may use the time, represented in an unsigned integer format, of the generation of the overload control information, to populate the Overload Control Sequence Number.

When multiple instances of the OCI IE are provided in the same message by a given GTP-C entity, each of the Overload Control Sequence Numbers shall have the same value.

This parameter shall be used by the receiver of the OCI IE to properly collate out-of-order OCI IEs, e.g. due to GTP-C retransmissions. This parameter shall also be used by the receiver of the OCI IE to determine whether the newly received overload control information has changed compared to the overload control information previously received from the same GTP-C entity. If the newly received overload control information has the same Overload Control Sequence Number as the previously received overload control information from the same GTP-C peer, then the receiver may simply discard the newly received overload control information whilst continuing to apply the overload abatement procedures, as per the previous value.

- NOTE 1: The timer corresponding to the Period of Validity (see 12.3.5.1.2.2) is not restarted if the newly received overload control information has the same Overload Control Sequence Number as the previously received overload control information. If the overload condition persists and the overloaded GTP-C entity needs to extend the duration during which the overload information applies, the sender needs to provide a new overload control information with an incremented Overload Control Sequence Number (even if the parameters within the overload control information have not changed).
- NOTE 2: The GTP-C Sequence Number cannot be used for collating out-of-order overload information as e.g. overload control information may be sent in both GTP-C requests and responses, using independent GTP-C sequence numbering.

If the receiving GTP-C entity already received and stored overload control information, which is still valid, from the overloaded GTP-C entity, the receiving entity shall update its overload control information, only if the Overload-Sequence-Number received in the new overload control information is larger than the value of the Overload Control Sequence Number associated with the stored information. However due to roll-over of the Overload Control Sequence Number or restart of the GTP-C entity, the Overload Control Sequence Number may be reset to an appropriate base value by the peer GTP-C entity, hence the receiving entity shall be prepared to receive (and process) an Overload Control Sequence Number parameter whose value is less than the previous value.

12.3.5.1.2.2 Period of Validity

The Period of Validity indicates the length of time during which the overload condition specified by the OCI IE is to be considered as valid (unless overridden by subsequent new overload control information).

An overload condition shall be considered as valid from the time the OCI IE is received until the period of validity expires or until another OCI IE with a new set of information (identified using the Overload Control Sequence Number) is received from the same GTP-C entity (at which point the newly received overload control information shall prevail). The timer corresponding to the period of validity shall be restarted each time an OCI IE with a new set of information (identified using the Overload Control Sequence Number) is received. When this timer expires, the last received overload control information shall be considered outdated and obsolete, i.e. any associated overload condition shall be considered to have ceased.

The Period of Validity parameter shall be supported (when supporting overload control).

The Period of Validity parameter achieves the following:

- it avoids the need for the overloaded GTP-C entity to include the Overload Control Information IE in every GTP-C messages it signals to its GTP-C peers when the overload state does not change; thus it minimizes the processing required at the overloaded GTP-C entity and its GTP-C peers upon sending/receiving GTP-C signalling;
- it allows to reset the overload condition after some time in the GTP-C peers having received an overload
 indication from the overloaded GTP-C entity, e.g. if no signalling traffic takes place between these GTP-C
 entities for some time due to overload mitigation actions. This also removes the need for the overloaded GTP-C
 entity to remember the list of GTP-C entities to which it has sent a non-null overload reduction metric and to
 which it would subsequently need to signal when the overload condition ceases, if the Period of Validity
 parameter was not defined.

12.3.5.1.2.3 Overload Reduction Metric

The Overload Reduction Metric shall have a value in the range of 0 to 100 (inclusive) which indicates the percentage of traffic reduction the sender of the overload control information requests the receiver to apply. An Overload Reduction Metric of "0" always indicates that the GTP-C entity is not in overload (that is, no overload abatement procedures need to be applied) for the indicated scope.

Considering the processing requirement of the receiver of the Overload Control Information, e.g. to perform overload control based on the updated Overload Reduction Metric, the sender should refrain from advertising every small variation, e.g. with the granularity of 1 or 2, in the Overload Reduction Metric which does not result in useful improvement for mitigating the overload situation. During the typical operating condition of the sender, a larger variation in the Overload Reduction Metric, e.g. 5 or more units, should be considered as reasonable enough for advertising a new Overload Reduction Metric Information and thus justifying the processing requirement (to handle the new information) of the receiver.

NOTE: The range of Overload Reduction Metric, i.e. 0 to 100, does not mandate the sender to collect its own overload information at every increment/decrement and hence to advertise the change of Overload Reduction Metric with a granularity of 1%. Based on various implementation specific criteria, such as the architecture, session and signalling capacity, the current load/overload situation and so on, the sender is free to define its own logic and periodicity with which its own overload control information is collected.

The computation of the exact value for this parameter is left as an implementation choice at the sending GTP-C entity.

The Overload Reduction Metric shall be supported (when supporting overload control) and shall always be present in the OCI IE.

The inclusion of the OCI IE signals an overload situation is occuring, unless the Overload Reduction Metric is set to 0, which signals that the overload condition has ceased. Conversely, the absence of the OCI IE in a message does not mean that the overload has abated.

12.3.5.1.2.4 List of APNs

The List of APNs IE indicates one or more APNs for which the Overload Control Information is applicable. When present in the OCI IE, the scope of the overload control information shall be the list of the indicated APNs for the PGW that sends the overload control information. At most one instance of the List of APNs IE shall be included within one Overload Control Information instance.

NOTE 1: The maximum number of APNs in the List of APNs is set to 10. More than 10 occurrences of APN within one single instance of the List of APNs IE is treated as a protocol error by the receiver.

If the List of APNs IE has not been included, the scope of the Overload Control Information shall be the entire GTP-C entity (unless restricted by other parameters in the Overload Control Information IE).

The List of APNs parameter shall be supported (when supporting overload control). The List of APNs may be present or absent in the Overload Control Information IE (depending on the scope of the reported overload control information).

NOTE 2: The instance number of both the node-level and APN-level overload control information is "0" and the instance number is therefore not used to indicate if the scope of the overload control information is on PGW node level or APN level.

This parameter may be provided by the PGW only and it shall be used by the MME/S4-SGSN and the TWAN/ePDG only.

The maximum number of APNs, for which the PGW may advertise the Overload Control Information, shall be limited to 10, i.e. the maximum number of occurrences of APNs within and across various instances of the Overload Control Information IE shall be limited to 10 for a given PGW. Hence, if the PGW supports more than 10 APNs, it shall advertise the overload control for at most 10 of the most important APNs. In future, if needed, this limit may be increased to allow the PGW to advertise the overload information for more APNs. In that case, the receiver that does not support the higher limit shall only handle the first 10 APNs and ignore the overload information for the remaining APNs to enable future compatibility.

NOTE 3: Considering various aspects such as: the processing and storage requirements at the overloaded GTP-C entity and the receiver, the number of important APNs for which overload control advertisement could be necessary, interoperability between the nodes of various vendors, etc. it was decided to define a limit on maximum number of APNs for advertising the overload control information. It was decided to fix this limit to 10 whilst also ensuring that the mechanism exists to extend this limit in future releases, if required.

12.3.5.1.3 Handling of parameters

If the PLMN supports the Overload Control feature (see subclause 12.3.11), the support, inclusion and handling of the parameters, within overload control information, is summarized in table 12.3.5.1.3-1.

Parameter	Support by the sender	Support by the receiver	Inclusion by the sender	Handling by the receiver
Overload Control	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Sequence Number (as				
defined in clause				
12.3.5.1.2.1)				
Period of Validity (as	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
defined in clause				
12.3.5.1.2.2)				
Overload Reduction	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Metric (as defined in				
clause 12.3.5.1.2.3)				
List of APNs (as	Mandatory	Mandatory	Optional	Conditional
defined in clause			(NOTE 1)	(NOTE 2)
12.3.5.1.2.4)				
NOTE 1: The PGW shall	send this parameter wh	ilst providing APN level	overload control informat	tion.
NOTE 2: If this paramete	r is received, the receive	er shall handle and proc	ess APN level overload o	control information.

Table 12.3.5.1.3-1: Parameters of the Overload Control Information

12.3.5.2 Frequency of inclusion

How often or when the sender includes the overload control information is implementation specific. The sender shall ensure that new/updated overload control information is propagated to the target receivers with an acceptable delay, such that the purpose of the information, (i.e. the effective overload control protection) is achieved. The following are some of the potential approaches the sender may implement for including the OCI IE:

- the sender may include OCI IE towards a receiver only when the new/changed value has not already been provided to the given receiver;
- the sender may include the OCI IE in a subset of the messages towards the receiver;
- the sender may include the OCI IE periodically, i.e. include the information during a first period then cease to do so during a second period.

The sender may also implement a combination of one or more of the above approaches. Besides, the sender may also include the OCI IE only in a subset of the applicable GTP-C messages.

The receiver shall be prepared to receive the overload control information received in any of the GTP-C messages extended with an OCI IE and upon such reception, shall be able act upon the received information.

12.3.5.3 Limit on maximum number of instances

A GTP-C entity may signal one or multiple instances of the OCI IE, each instance providing overload control information for a different scope. The receiver shall handle all these instances, from each of the peer GTP-C entities, by processing, storing and acting upon the same foroverload control. In order to limit the processing of the message on the receiver side and the size of the message, the number of overload control information instances shall be limited:

- at message level: there shall be at most one instance of node-level Overload Control Information IE per node and at most 10 APN-level instances.
- at node level: the maximum number of instances of the OCI IE which may be provided across multiple messages by a given node shall be the same as the maximum number of instances of the OCI IE at message level.

12.3.6 Propagating the MME/S4-SGSN identity to the PGW

When the Overload Control feature is supported by the MME/S4-SGSN and the SGW, and it is also activated for the PLMN to which the PGW belongs (see subclause 12.3.11), the following shall apply:

- The MME/S4-SGSN shall include the MME/S4-SGSN identity towards the SGW during:
 - the PDN connection establishment, any mobility with an MME/S4-SGSN change or any SGW change procedures;

- the dedicated bearer activation procedure, PGW initiated bearer modification procedure and PGW initiated bearer deactivation procedure as per the conditions specified in the corresponding messages.
- The SGW shall forward the MME/S4-SGSN identifier to the PGW if it is received in the Create/Update/Delete Bearer Response messages. When it is received in other GTP-C messages, the SGW shall store the received MME/S4-SGSN identity and shall include the currently serving MME/S4-SGSN's identity in subsequent Modify Bearer Request messages which are sent over the S5/S8 interface, whenever there is signalling over the S5/S8 interface.
- NOTE: This allows updating of the PGW with the identity of the new MME/S4-SGSN during inter-MME/SGSN mobility scenarios as early as possible and without generating extra signalling over the S5/S8 interface. Inter-MME/inter-SGSN intra SGW mobility scenarios not requiring to send any S5/S8 signalling could result in the PGW not being updated with the currently serving MME/S4-SGSN's identity, for a given subscriber, until subsequent S5/S8 signalling takes place for the same PDN connection. However, considering these scenarios are not so frequent and considering that several features anyway require S5/S8 signalling during these scenarios (e.g. for user location reporting), the PGW will most often get the identity of the currently serving MME/S4-SGSN. Hence the risk that the PGW wrongly throttles PGW initiated signalling for that PDN connection, if the old MME/S4-SGSN is in overload, is low.
- The PGW shall store the currently serving MME/S4-SGSN identity, received from the SGW, to be able to reduce the PGW initiated signalling messages for the PDN connections during an overload situation at the serving MME/S4-SGSN.

12.3.7 Updating the PGW with overload control information of the target MME/S4-SGSN

During inter-MME/S4-SGSN mobility without SGW change scenarios, the SGW shall forward the MME/S4-SGSN's overload control information over the S5/S8 interface only if the Modify Bearer Request message needs to be sent over the S5/S8 for another reason, e.g. if the ULI, CGI, Serving Network, needs to be reported to the PGW, i.e. the SGW shall not generate a Modify Bearer Request message over the S5/S8 interface for the sole purpose of reporting the MME/S4-SGSN's overload control information. This avoids generating extra signalling over the S5/S8 interface.

NOTE: If the MME/S4-SGSN provides overload control information during the scenarios which do not result in S5/S8 signaling, e.g. during an inter MME/S4-SGSN and intra SGW mobility, when no other information such as: the ULI, CGI or Serving Network, needs to be reported to the PGW, the overload information will not be relayed on to the PGW. Hence, the MME/S4-SGSN needs consider this when including overload control information.

12.3.8 The interaction with APN congestion control using the PGW Back-Off Time

When detecting that a given APN is congested, the PGW shall either use the PGW Back-Off Time mechanism (see subclause 4.3.7.5 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]) or the APN level overload control mechanism (i.e. providing an Overload Control Information IE with an APN-List included) for that APN, but not both together for the same APN, e.g. if the PGW provides an Overload Control Information IE with an APN-List set to "APN1", it shall not reject Create Session Request messages for "APN1" with a PGW Back-Off Time until the Period-Of-Validity of the overload information previously sent has expired.

The PGW may however use both mechanisms concurrently for different APNs, e.g. the PGW may reject Create Session Request messages for the "APN2" with a PGW Back-Off Time IE, if the APN2 is also congested and if there is no on-going APN-level overload control mechanism for that APN.

When rejecting a Create Session Request due to APN congestion, the PGW shall set the "APN Congestion" cause, regardless of the aforementioned mechanisms.

If the MME/S4-SGSN or ePDG/TWAN has one mechanism active for a given APN and PGW, (e.g. an MME has received a PGW Back-Off Time) and if subsequently it receives information for the same APN and PGW for another mechanism, (e.g. the MME receives an Overload Control Info IE with APN-List included for the same APN), then it shall deactivate/stop the earlier mechanism and consider only the information received for the latter mechanism.

Different PGWs may use concurrently different mechanisms for the same APN.

12.3.9 Message throttling

12.3.9.1 General

As part of the overload mitigation, a GTP-C entity shall reduce the total number of messages, which would have been sent otherwise, towards the overloaded peer based on the information received within the Overload Control Information. This shall be achieved by discarding a fraction of the messages in proportion to the overload level of the target peer. This is called message throttling.

Message throttling shall only apply to initial messages. Triggered request or response messages should not be throttled since that would result in the retransmission of the corresponding request message by the sender.

Before piggybacking the initial message over a response message, the initial message should be subject to the message throttling in the similar manner as any other non-piggybacked initial message. If the node decides to throttle this initial message then the response message should be sent without any piggyback message.

A GTP-C entity supporting GTP-C overload control shall support and use the "Loss" algorithm as specified in this clause, for message throttling.

12.3.9.2 Throttling algorithm – "Loss"

12.3.9.2.1 Description

An overloaded GTP-C entity shall ask its peers to reduce the number of requests they would ordinarily send by signalling Overload Control Information including the requested traffic reduction, as a percentage, within the "Overload-Reduction-Metric", as specified in clause 12.3.5.1.2.1.

The recipients of the "Overload-Reduction-Metric" shall reduce the number of requests sent by that percentage, either by redirecting them to an alternate destination if possible (e.g. the Create Session Request message may be redirected to an alternate SGW/PGW), or by failing the request and treating it as if it was rejected by the destination GTP-C entity.

For example, if a sender requests another peer to reduce the traffic it is sending by 10%, then that peer shall throttle 10% of the traffic that would have otherwise been sent to this GTP-C entity.

The overloaded GTP-C entity should periodically adjust the requested traffic reduction based e.g. on the traffic reduction factor that is currently in use, the current system utilization (i.e. the overload level) and the desired system utilization (i.e. the target load level), and/or the rate of the current overall received traffic.

Annex D.3.1 provides an (informative) example of a possible implementation of the "Loss" algorithm, amongst other possible methods.

- NOTE 1: This algorithm does not guarantee that the future traffic towards the overloaded GTP-C entity will be less than the past traffic but it ensures that the total traffic sent towards the overloaded GTP-C entity is less than what would have been sent without any throttling in place. If after requesting a certain reduction in traffic, the overloaded GTP-C entity receives more traffic than in the past, whilst still in overload, leading to the worsening rather than an improvement in the overload level, then the overloaded GTP-C entity can request for more reduction in traffic. Thus, by periodically adjusting the requested traffic reduction, the overloaded node can ensure that it receives, approximately, the amount of traffic which it can handle.
- NOTE 2: Since the reduction is requested as a percentage, and not as an absolute amount, this algorithm achieves a good useful throughput towards the overloaded node when the traffic conditions vary at the source nodes (depending upon the events generated towards these source nodes by other entities in the network), as a potential increase of traffic from some source nodes can possibly be compensated by a potential decrease of traffic from other source nodes.

12.3.9.3 Message prioritization

12.3.9.3.1 Description

When performing message throttling:

- GTP requests related to priority traffic (i.e. eMPS as described in 3GPP TS 22.153 [62]) and emergency have the highest priority. Depending on regional/national requirements and network operator policy, these GTP requests shall be the last to be throttled, when applying traffic reduction, and the priority traffic shall be exempted from throttling due to GTP overload control up to the point where the requested traffic reduction cannot be achieved without throttling the priority traffic;
- for other types of sessions, messages throttling should consider the relative priority of the messages so that the messages which are considered as low priority are considered for throttling before the other messages. The relative priority of the messages may be derived from the relative priority of the procedure for which the message is being sent (as specified in subclause 12.3.9.3.2) or may be derived from the session parameters (as specified in subclause 12.3.9.3.3).
- NOTE: A random throttling mechanism, i.e. discarding the messages without any special consideration, could result in an overall poor congestion mitigation mechanism and bad user experience.

An overloaded node may also apply these message prioritization schemes when handling incoming initial messages during an overloaded condition, as part of the self-protection mechanism (see subclause 12.3.10.2.3).

12.3.9.3.2 Based on procedures

Message prioritization may be performed based on the relative priority of the procedure for which the message is being sent. Procedures are grouped into various categories and each of these categories is assigned a priority. Additionally, within a given category of procedures, messages may be further prioritized based on session parameters such as: APN, QCI, ARP and/or LAPI (as described in subclause 12.3.9.3.3).

Subsequently, messages with a high priority shall be given lower preference to throttle and messages with low priority shall be given higher preference to throttle.

The grouping of the procedures is not performed based on an individual GTP-C entity but whilst considering all the procedures in general. A GTP-C entity should consider the procedures applicable to it and apply prioritized message throttling based on the category of the procedure, as described below. The categories are listed in decreasing order of priority with category 1 having the highest priority. For each category a non-exhaustive list of messages is provided. Any existing or newly defined message in future should be considered based on the category (as specified below) of the procedure for which the message is sent.

- 1. UE session mobility within and across 3GPP or non-3GPP access: Procedures involving active or idle mode UE mobility, such that GTP-C signalling is involved, shall be classified under this category. Some examples are X2/S1 based handover with/without an SGW change, TAU/RAU with a change of MME/SGSN with/without an SGW change, 3GPP access to trusted non-3GPP access handover, etc. Throttling of these messages, during the procedures related to UE session mobility, would result in the failure of the corresponding procedures. This could result potentially in the loss of the PDN connection and/or the interruption of the services. Hence, the messages, as identified below, when sent during the procedures belonging to this category, shall be considered with the highest priority and hence, shall be given the lowest preference to throttle.
 - Create Session Request,
 - Create Session Request with "handover" indication bit set,
 - Modify Bearer Request,
 - Modify Bearer Request with "handover" indication bit set,
 - Modify Access Bearer Request.
- 2. **Release of PDN connection or bearer resources:** Procedures resulting in the deactivation of an existing PDN connection, the deactivation of bearer(s) or of data forwarding tunnel of an UE leads to freeing up of the resources at the overloaded node and hence, can potentially ease the overload situation, since the freed up resources can be used for serving the remaining of the UEs. Thus, the messages belonging to this category resulting in the deactivation of PDN connection or bearer(s) or data forwarding tunnel(s), as identified below, shall be treated with the next lower level of priority and hence shall be given the corresponding preference whilst throttling:
 - Delete Session Request,

- Delete Bearer Request,
- Delete Bearer Command,
- Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request.
- 3. **Miscellaneous session management procedures:** This category shall consist of the session management procedures, except PDN connection creation and bearer creation/modification procedures. Some examples are location reporting, when it is not combined with other mobility procedures, Service request and S1 release procedure. These procedures do not severely impact the on-going service of the UE. Hence, the messages, as identified below, when sent during the procedures identified under this category, shall be treated with the next lower level of priority and hence, shall be given the corresponding preference whilst throttling:
 - Release Access Bearer Request,
 - Modify Bearer Request,
 - Change Notification,
 - Suspend Notification,
 - Resume Notification.
- 4. **Request for new PDN Connection or bearer resources:** Procedures requesting the creation of PDN connection, creation or modification of bearer(s) or creation of data forwarding tunnel shall be classified in this category. Throttling of the messages belonging to this category would result in denial of new services while continuing with the existing services. However, this is the natural outcome of an overload condition, i.e. the overloaded node, due to lack of resources, is not able to provision new services while the trying to maintain the existing services and hence, the messages, as identified below, when sent during the procedures belonging to this category, shall be considered with the lowest level of priority and hence shall be given highest preference to throttle:
 - Create Session Request during PDN connection request,
 - Create Bearer Request,
 - Update Bearer Request,
 - Bearer Resource Command,
 - Modify Bearer Command,
 - Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request.

12.3.9.3.3 Based on session parameters

Message prioritization may be performed based on the session parameters, such as: APN, QCI, ARP and/or Low Access Priority Indicator (LAPI). The procedures and messages associated with the higher priority sessions shall be given lesser preference whilst throttling, as compared to the procedures and messages associated with the lower priority sessions. Within each group of sessions, the messages may be further prioritized based on the category of the procedure for which the message is being sent (as described in subclause 12.3.9.3.2).

NOTE: This type of prioritization scheme ensures a good handling of all the messages and procedures related to higher priority sessions but can lead to throttle messages related to a critical procedure, e.g. UE mobility, for lower priority sessions over messages related to less critical procedures, e.g. location reporting, for a higher priority session.

12.3.10 Enforcement of overload control

12.3.10.1 General

When a GTP-C entity receives Overload Control Information from its peer, it shall apply the overload abatement algorithm, based on the received information, for the messages sent towards the peer GTP-C entity. This is called "enforcement of overload control" and it involves throttling of the messages targeted for the overloaded peer.

12.3.10.2 Aspects related to enforcement of the overload control

12.3.10.2.1 Good throughput of the network

A source GTP-C entity should avoid any mechanism resulting in over throttling of the messages. Enforcement of the overload control whilst ensuring that good throughput (i.e. measured in terms of the rate of total number of messages the overloaded GTP-C entity can successfully process) of the network remains consistent to that when no overload control is applied, should be one of the prime objective of the source GTP-C entity.

NOTE: Over throttling of messages would negatively affect end user services and cause potential additional signalling in the network e.g. if the corresponding procedure is retried at a later time.

12.3.10.2.2 Message processing efficiency at the source GTP-C entity

Enforcement of overload control requires extra logic and extra processing at the source GTP-C entity. This is an overhead since the source GTP-C entity has to spend its resources in an activity other than processing of the messages. Hence, the implementation as well as the processing complexity of the enforcement of the overload control, should not result in a significantly poorer efficiency of the source GTP-C entity.

12.3.10.2.3 Self-protection by the overloaded GTP-C entity

A source GTP-C entity enforcing the overload control cannot ensure that the overloaded peer will not receive more messages than what it can handle during the overload condition, e.g. the "loss" algorithm does not guarantee that the future traffic reaches perfectly that requested by the overloaded GTP-C entity. Hence, the overloaded target GTP-C entity shall protect itself from the risk of meltdown even in a network where all the sending GTP-C entities support the overload control mechanism. As a part of this self-protection, the overloaded target GTP-C entity may reject the messages which it cannot handle during an overloaded state. A GTP-C entity which decides to not process an incoming request message due to overload should still send a reject response message, if possible, indicating the temporary unavailability of the resources; otherwise the request message may be dropped.

NOTE: Without a response message, the source GTP-C entity cannot determine whether the request did not reach the target GTP-C entity due to a network error or whether the target GTP-C entity was in overload and not able to process the request and send a response message. This will cause the source GTP-C entity to retransmit the request message and hence will increase further the overload at the target node.

While rejecting the message due to overload, the GTP-C entity shall set the cause to "GTP-C Entity Congestion" or "APN congestion" (for node level or APN level overload respectively) and may include the Overload Control Information in the rejection response as specified in subclauses 12.3.5.1.1 and 12.3.11.

12.3.10.3 Enforcement of overload control between GTP-C entities in direct contact

A source GTP-C entity shall enforce overload control for traffic destined to a GTP-C entity in direct contact based on the overload reduction metric received from that peer, e.g. the MME applies the overload control for the messages targeted for the SGW based on the overload information of the SGW.

12.3.10.4 Enforcement of overload control between remote GTP-C entities

12.3.10.4.1 Description

For messages destined to a remote GTP-C entity (i.e. a GTP-C entity not in direct contact but reached via an intermediate GTP-C entity), the source GTP-C entity shall enforce the overload control based on the overload information of the target of the message, as well as the overload information of the intermediate GTP-C entity, e.g. the MME applies the overload control for messages targeted for the PGW based on the overload information of the SGW and PGW.

For the received messages, the intermediate GTP-C entity shall not further enforce any overload control and hence, shall not reject any message towards the source GTP-C entity.

Annex D.4.1 provides an (informative) example of a possible implementation.

NOTE 1: This approach ensures the overload protection of the Target as well as Intermediate GTP-C entities.

NOTE 2: The source GTP-C entity may be connected to the same Target GTP-C entity via multiple different Intermediate GTP-C entities. The exact algorithm used at the source GTP-C entity to enforce the overload control, as per the aforementioned requirements, is implementation specific.

12.3.11 Discovery of the support of the feature by the peer node

A GTP-C entity shall determine whether to use the overload control feature:

- within the PLMN, based on operator's policy (local PLMN-wide configuration);
- across the PLMN boundaries, based on operator's policy (local configuration per PLMN).
- NOTE: The feature can be activated when all or some of the nodes in the PLMN support the feature. The GTP-C entity assumes that all the peer nodes support this feature when the feature is activated, i.e. it does not need to determine which peers support the feature.

The above operator policy/local configuration may allow the use of overload control at node level and APN level, or none.

12.3.12 Issues in the network with partial support of the feature

The Overload Control feature should be supported homogenously across the nodes in the network, otherwise:

- an overloaded node will get messages beyond its acceptable processing capacity, even after announcing its overload status. This may result in severe overload and possibly a breakdown of the node;
- a non-supporting node will get an unfair advantage in sending all the messages to an overloaded node, whereas a supporting node, would be requested to throttle more messages.

12.3.13 Implicit overload control mechanisms

Implicit overload control mechanisms are mechanisms used between GTP-C entities when GTP-C overload control is not supported or not enabled between them, e.g. across PLMN boundary based on operator's policy, to help reducing the overload at the overloaded node:

- a GTP-C entity which decides to not process an incoming request message due to overload should still send a reject response message, if possible, indicating the temporary unavailability of the resources, e.g. No resources available; otherwise the GTP-C entity may drop the incoming request message.
- NOTE: Without a response message, the source GTP-C entity cannot determine whether the request did not reach the target GTP-C entity due to a network error or whether the target GTP-C entity was in overload and not able to process the request and send a response message. This will cause the source GTP-C entity to retransmit the request message and hence will increase further the overload at the target node.
- a GTP-C entity in overload may support messages throttling as a self protection mechanism and may apply message prioritization as described in subclause 12.3.9 when selecting the incoming request messages to be throttled;
- based on the number and rate of reject responses indicating temporary unavailability of resources, e.g. No resources available, a source GTP-C entity should try to assess the overload level of the target GTP-C entity and apply correspondingly message throttling as described in subclause 12.3.9 to reduce the amount of traffic sent towards the overloaded GTP-C entity.

13 Detection and handling of late arriving requests

13.1 General

The procedures specified in this clause aim at handling more efficiently requests which may arrive late at upstreams entities, e.g. in networks experiencing processing or transport delays.

These procedures are optional to support. When supported, the use of these procedures is dependent on operator policy.

The procedure specified in subclause 13.2 may be used with or without the procedure specified in subclause 13.3. The procedure specified in subclause 13.3 shall only be used in conjunction with the procedure specified in subclause 13.2.

13.2 Detection and handling of requests which collide with an existing session context

13.2.1 General

This procedure enables an entity, which receives a request colliding with an existing session context, to know the time at which the new request and the existing session were originated, and to accept the new request only if it is more recent than the existing session.

The originating entities within the PLMN (i.e. MME, SGSN, TWAN and ePDG) shall be NTP synchronized.

13.2.2 Principles

The following principles shall apply if this procedure is supported and enabled by operator policy.

A GTP-C entity originating a Create Session Request (i.e. MME, SGSN, TWAN or ePDG) shall include in the message the Origination Time Stamp indicating the absolute time at which the request is initiated.

The SGW shall forward this parameter over the S5/S8 interface, if it is received from the MME/SGSN.

Upon receipt of a session establishment request which collides with an existing session context, the PGW shall accept the new session establishment request only if it contains a more recent time stamp than the time stamp stored for the existing session. An incoming session request shall be considered as more recent than an existing session and be accepted if no Origination Time Stamp information was provided for at least one of the two sessions. The PGW shall reject an incoming request whose time stamp is less recent than the time stamp of the existing session with the cause 'Late Overlapping Request'.

3GPP TS 29.212 [29] and 3GPP TS 29.273 [68] further specify:

- the PGW requirements regarding the forwarding of the Origination Time Stamp parameter over the Gx and/or S6b interfaces, when received from the SGW or TWAN/ePDG;
- the handling of the Origination Time Stamp parameter by the PCRF and 3GPP AAA Server for an incoming request colliding with an existing session context.

An originating entity which detects a NTP failure shall not include the Origination Time Stamp towards other entities.

13.3 Detection and handling of requests which have timed out at the originating entity

13.3.1 General

This procedure enables an entity which receives a request to know when the request times out at the originating entity, and to stop further processing, at the receiver and further upstream entities, a request which has timed out at the originating entity.

The originating entities (i.e. MME, SGSN, TWAN and ePDG) and the receiving entities (i.e. SGW, PGW, PCRF, 3GPP AAA Server) shall be NTP synchronized. This procedure may be used between entities pertaining to the same PLMN, and if allowed by operator policy, between entities pertaining to different PLMNs.

This procedure shall not affect the setting of the retransmission timers by intermediate entities. E.g. the SGW shall set its T3 and N3 retransmission parameters as specified in this specification, irrespective of the time at which the request times out at the originating entity.

13.3.2 Principles

The following principles shall apply if this procedure is supported, enabled by operator policy and if the PGW pertains to the same PLMN as the originating entity or if the PGW pertains to a different PLMN and operator policy in the originating entity allows to use this procedure towards this PLMN.

A GTP-C entity originating a Create Session Request (i.e. MME, SGSN, TWAN or ePDG) shall include in the message the Origination Time Stamp indicating the absolute time at which the request is initiated, as specified in subclause 13.2.2, and the Maximum Wait Time indicating the maximum time period to complete the processing of the request. The Maximum Wait Time, together with the Origination Time Stamp, indicates the absolute time at which the request times out at the originating entity.

The MME/SGSN shall set the Maximum Wait Time to a value smaller or equal to $(N3+1) \times T3$ set in the SGW, to avoid upstream entities continuing to process requests which would have ceased to be processed by the SGW, which could result in hanging contexts in upstream entities.

NOTE 1: If the Maximum Wait Time is set to a value smaller than N3 x T3 set in the SGW, the SGW actually stops retransmitting a given GTP-C Create Session Request as soon as it receives a rejection response from the PGW due to the expiry of the Maximum Wait Time. I.e. the Maximum Wait Time actually leads to shorten the duration during which the SGW retransmits the GTP-C request.

The SGW shall forward the Origination Time Stamp over the S5/S8 interface as specified in subclause 13.2.2. The SGW shall also forward the Maximum Wait Time over the S5 interface, if received from the MME/SGSN.

Upon receipt of a request which contains the Origination Time Stamp and the Maximum Wait Time parameters, the receiving entity should check that the request has not already timed out at the originating entity. The receiving entity may perform additional similar checks during the processing of the request, e.g. upon receipt of a response from the next upstream entity.

The receiving entity should reject a request that is known to have timed out with the cause 'Timed Out Request'; it may alternatively drop the request. Besides, the receiving entity should initiate the release of any session it may have successfully created towards an upstream entity, to avoid hanging sessions in the network.

NOTE 2: Sending a rejection response over the last hop towards the originating node, i.e. over S11/S4 or S2a/S2b, is not useful as the request has timed out at the originated entity.

In the context of this specification, the receiving entity refers to an SGW or PGW.

3GPP TS 29.212 [29] and 3GPP TS 29.273 [68] further specify:

- the PGW requirements regarding the forwarding of the Maximum Wait Time parameter over the Gx and/or S6b interfaces, when received from the SGW or TWAN/ePDG;
- the handling of the Maximum Wait Time parameter by the PCRF and 3GPP AAA Server.

An originating entity which detects a NTP failure shall not insert the Origination Time Stamp and the Maximum Wait Time parameters towards other entities. A receiving entity which detects a NTP failure shall ignore the the Maximum Wait Time parameter.

14 Handling of Bearer Contexts Mismatch

14.1 General

Bearer Contexts mismatch among different EPC entities, e.g. MME/SGW/PGW, can happen due to various reasons, e.g. transport network delay, signalling overload.

14.2 Detection of Bearer Context Mismatch

Bearer Context mismatch can be detected by a receiving GTP-C entity in the following cases:

- when at least one dedicated bearer context in the request message is unknown; or
- when at least one dedicated bearer context is missing in the request message in comparison to the bearer contexts stored; or
- when receiving a response message indicating that one of the dedicated bearer context(s) was unknown, by using the cause code "Context not found" at the Bearer Context level. See also subclause 8.4.

The Modify Bearer Request/Response and the Modify Access Bearer Request/Response in particular enables an easy detection of bearer contexts mismatch since all the bearer contexts, either of the PDN connection for a Modify Bearer Request/Response or of all the UE's PDN connections for a Modify Access Bearer Request/Response, need to be included in the messages.

14.3 Handling of Bearer Context Mismatch

14.3.1 General

The following requirements should apply:

- When an EPC entity receives a response message, where one or more dedicated bearer context(s) is associated with the Cause code "Context Not Found" while the PDN connection is known by the peer, the EPC entity shall delete the corresponding bearer context(s);
- 2) When an SGW receives a Modify Bearer Request, where one or more dedicated bearer context(s) is missing in the request message in comparison to the Bearer Context(s) stored for the UE's PDN connection, the SGW shall accept the Modify Bearer Request message and delete the corresponding bearer context(s) locally. The PGW shall apply the same behavior if the Modify Bearer Request received at the PGW includes the Bearer Contexts to be modified IE;
- 3) When a SGW receives a Modify Bearer Request, where only one or more dedicated bearer context(s) is unknown, the SGW shall accept the Modify Bearer Request message partially and set the cause code "Context Not Found" for those unknown bearer context(s) at Bearer Context level. The PGW shall apply the same behavior if the Modify Bearer Request received at the PGW includes the Bearer Contexts to be modified IE;
- 4) When a SGW receives a Modify Access Bearer Request, where one or more dedicated bearer context(s) is missing in the request message in comparison to the Bearer Context(s) stored for all the UE's PDN connections, the SGW shall delete the corresponding bearer context(s) locally;
- 5) When a SGW receives a Modify Access Bearer Request, where only one or more dedicated bearer context(s) is unknown, the SGW shall accept the Modify Access Bearer Request message partially and set the cause code "Context Not Found" for those unknown bearer context(s) at Bearer Context level.
- NOTE: It is assumed the PGW can at least use a subsequent Modify Bearer Request to resolve Bearer Context mismatch, so that the SGW need not send explicit message to delete unknown Bearer Context.

14.3.2 Exceptional scenarios

During a dedicated bearer creation procedure, temporary Bearer Context mismatch may occur at the SGW, e.g. due to the collision between Create Bearer Request and Modify (Access) Bearer Request messages. Applying the general requirements of subclause 14.3.1 may in such case lead to unnecessary signalling and cause extra latency. The SGW should handle such Bearer Context mismatch in an implementation specific way, but in such a way to accept the Modify (Access) Bearer Request message, not include the cause code "Context Not Found" for an unknown Bearer Context and to not locally delete the missing Bearer Context.

During a Network Triggered Service Request procedure, which is triggered by a dedicated bearer creation procedure towards a UE in Idle mode, the MME shall include only the existing Bearer Contexts (not the new Bearer Contexts just created) in the corresponding Modify (Access) Bearer Request message. The same principle shall apply when piggybacking is used, i.e. when the Modify Bearer Request is piggybacked in the Create Bearer Response message, the MME shall include only the existing Bearer Contexts just created) in the corresponding Modify (Access) Bearer Request is piggybacked in the Create Bearer Response message, the MME shall include only the existing Bearer Contexts (not the new Bearer Contexts just created) in the corresponding Modify (Access) Bearer Request message.

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NOTE: During a Network Triggered Service Request procedure, which is triggered by a dedicated bearer creation procedure towards a UE in Idle mode, bearer mismatches can be avoided by the MME sending the Create Bearer Response only after it receives the Modify Bearer Response message, however in some rare cases, the signalling can be delayed for the UE, e.g. if the Modify Bearer Response is lost.

Annex A (Informative): Backward Compatibility Guidelines for Information Elements

In order to preserve backward compatibility, the following rules should apply when adding or modifying information elements for existing messages.

- No new mandatory (M) information elements should be added.
- No new conditional (C) information elements should be added.
- Any new IEs should be either:

optional (O), having no conditions on their presence, or

conditional-optional (CO), having conditions that should apply only to the sender and not to the receiver.

Such conditions should be worded generally as follows: "This IE shall be sent over the xxx interface <condition>. The receiving entity need not check the IE's presence."

- If any new conditions are added to a previously specified conditional (C) information element, these new conditions should apply only to the sender and not to the receiver.

Such additional conditions should be worded generally as follows: "This IE shall be sent over the xxx interface <condition>. For this optional condition, the receiving entity need not check the IE's presence."

Existing conditions for such conditional (C) IEs should be treated as before, and the presence of the IEs should remain conditional (C).

Annex B (Informative): Transparent copying of RANAP/S1AP IEs into GTP IEs

B.1 General

This annex provides details on how a GTPv2 entity transparently copies information received from RANAP or S1AP into GTPv2 IE or IE field.

RANAP and S1AP ASN.1 encoding details in this annex are informative. The reference specifications are 3GPP TS 25.413 [33] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] respectively.

The respective RANAP/S1AP Information Elements are transported on the Iu/S1 interface within a "protocol-IE container" which is composed of:

- an Information Element Identity (referred to below as "IE-ID"),
- an indication how the receiver shall react if the Information Element is not comprehended (referred to below as "criticality"),
- and an "open type field" which consists of a length indication ("OT-LI") and the Information Element itself (referred to below as "IE").

RANAP/S1AP PDUs and the contained IEs are defined by means of ASN.1, the specified encoding is PER (packed encoding rule), Octet aligned variant:

- PER minimises the information sent on the respective interface to the absolute minimum;
- Hence, type definitions of fixed length are encoded without any type or length indication, only type definitions of variable length contain a length indication, e.g.
 - an OCTET STRING with indefinite length would need to contain a length indication (referred to below as "OCT-LI") followed by the actual octets (referred to below as "octets");
 - a SEQUENCE neither contains a type, nor a length-indication. Only in case of optional elements it contains a kind of bit string with each position of this bitstring indicating the presence of an OPTIONAL element (an encoded SEQUENCE type is referred to below as "sequence").

B.2 Handover/Relocation related generic transparent Containers over RANAP, S1-AP and GTP

Handover/Relocation related generic transparent containers are defined in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] ("Source to Target Transparent Container" IE and "Target to Source Transparent Container" IE) to carry UTRAN, E-UTRAN or GERAN specific information via CN interfaces in a RAT-agnostic way.

The encoding of these handover/relocation related generic transparent containers is different in RANAP and S1-AP. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] Annex C. The difference is that the "Source to Target Transparent Container" IE and "Target to Source Transparent Container" IE are ASN.1 encoded over RANAP as "IE-ID||criticality||OT-LI||octets" (i.e. one length field only for the open type field) and over S1AP as "IE-ID||criticality||OT-LI||octets" (i.e. with 2 length fields, one for the open type field ("OT-LI"), one for the octet string encoding ("OCT-LI")), while "octets" contain the actual RAT specific handover/relocation information.

This gives the following chain of encodings (represented in the notation introduced in the Notes above) end-to-end.

LTE to LTE

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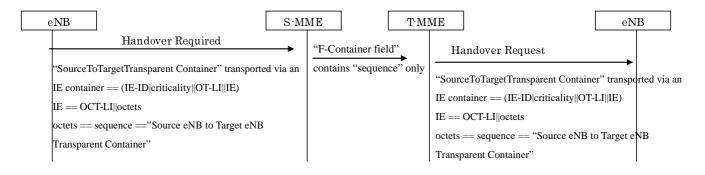


Figure B.2-1: LTE to LTE - Encoding of Generic Transparent Containers

In the case of LTE-LTE handover, the "octets" contain the "Source eNB to Target eNB Transparent Container" (defined as an ASN.1 SEQUENCE in 3GPP TS 36.413[10]).

The source MME, after decoding the HO REQUIRED message of S1AP, passes transparently the "sequence" to the target MME.

The target MME encodes similarly at target side with the same definitions: it feeds the received "sequence" into the S1AP ASN.1 encoder in order to encode the HO REQUEST message towards the target eNB. The "sequence" is then extracted from the S1AP ASN.1 of eNB and given to application part of eNB.

LTE to 3G

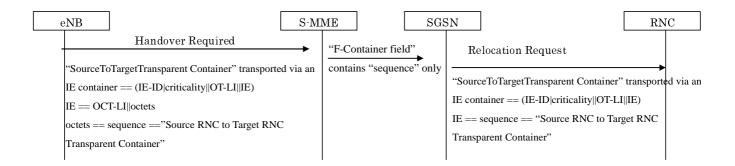


Figure B.2-2: LTE to 3G - Encoding of Generic Transparent Containers

At source side, the same encoding is done but for LTE to 3G handover, this time the "octets" on the line is the "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container" (encoded according to the target system RANAP i.e. as an ASN.1 SEQUENCE in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]).

Again the source MME passes transparently the "sequence" to the target MME i.e. the "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container".

At the target side, the RANAP RELOCATION REQUEST message was not upgraded: the "sequence" received from the Gn or S3 interface ("Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container") is not encoded as an OCTET STRING as on S1, but directly represent the "Source To Target Transparent Container" within the RANAP:RELOCATION REQUEST message, which in case of inter-RAT handover to 3G represent the "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container", transported on the Iu interface as the "IE" part of the "IE container". There is no additional length field added as on the S1 interface ("OCT-LI").

The target side remains therefore fully backwards compatible with UMTS release 7.

3G to LTE

ETSI TS 129 274 V13.6.0 (2016-08)

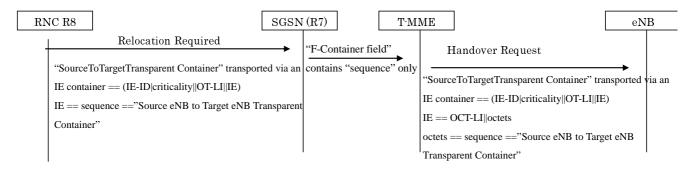


Figure B.2-3: 3G to LTE - Encoding of Generic Transparent Containers

The RELOCATION REQUIRED message was upgraded from release 8 onwards renaming the previously contained "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container" to "Source to Target Transparent Container", being able to transport also a "Source eNB to Target eNB Transparent Container".

Despite being defined as an octet string, in order to not impact the R7 SGSN, the octet string was specified as "to be replaced" by either the UTRAN or E-UTRAN specific container. This fact is explained e.g. within the NOTE in the ASN.1 of 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]], as shown in this excerpt:

Source-ToTarget-TransparentContainer ::= OCTET STRING -- This IE is a transparent container, the IE shall be encoded not as an OCTET STRING but according to the type specifications of the target system. -- Note: In the current version of this specification, this IE may either carry the Source RNC to -- Target RNC Transparent Container or the Source eNB to Target eNB Transparent Container IE as -- defined in [49]

By so doing, the Release 7 source SGSN receives only one length field (the "OT-LI") instead of two (the "OT-LI and the "OCT-LI") as if it would receive an "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container" from a Release 7 RNC, ensuring fully Release 7 backwards compatibility as requested by 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] Annex D. This is illustrated in Figure B.1-3 above.

As explained above, this Release 7 backwards compatibility constraint only applies to RANAP to cope with Release 7 SGSN nodes and does NOT apply to LTE. This is why the note is NOT present in the ASN.1 of 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] for LTE i.e. the S1AP octet string does not need "to be replaced".

Then "sequence" is passed transparently to the target MME. The target MME encodes the "sequence" within an OCTET STRING resulting in two length fields as expected by target eNB ASN.1 S1AP decoder.

B.3 Other RANAP and S1-AP IEs

When transparently copying a RANAP/S1AP IE, other than the handover/relocation related generic transparent containers (see Annex B.1) into GTP IE, or GTP IE field the following applies:

- a transparent copy of a RANAP/S1AP IE, which is transported on the Iu/S1 interface within a "protocol-IE container", neither includes the Information Element Identity ("IE-ID") nor the "criticality" nor the open type field related length indication ("OT-LI"), but only the Information Element itself ("IE").
- "IE" refers to all parts of the encoded type of the Information Element, i.e. including also any related length indication (in case of types with variable length) and preamble (see ITU-T X.691 [49] for the definition of the term "preamble").

Annex C (Normative): MME/S4-SGSN mapping table between S11/S4 and NAS Cause values

The MME/S4-SGSN initiates session management requests towards the SGW and PGW or mobility management requests towards the source/target MME/S4-SGSN. If this operation is not successful, there are several possible cause codes, which need to be mapped to the appropriate cause codes over NAS to the UE.

Additionally, the MME/S4-SGSN initiates session management requests towards the UE. If this operation is not successful, there are several possible NAS cause codes which need to be mapped to the appropriate GTP cause codes over S11/S4 interface towards the SGW.

The MME/S4-SGSN should map these cause codes as defined in tables C.1 to C.5 unless specified otherwise in the tables.

Table C.1: Mapping from S11/S4 to NAS Cause values – Rejection indication from SGW
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Reject indication from SGW to	NAS ESM Cause to UE	SM Cause to UE
MME/S4-SGSN over S11/S4	(NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3)	(NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3)
#64 "Context not found" (during	#54 "PDN connection does not exist"	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
UE initiated PDN connectivity		Serving GW or PDN GW"
request for non-3GPP to 3GPP handover procedure)		#31 "Activation rejected, unspecified"
#64 "Context not found" (during all	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
other procedures)	or PDN GW"#38 "Network failure" #43 "Invalid EPS bearer identity"	Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"
		#43 "Unknown PDP Context"
#65 Invalid Message Format	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
	or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"	Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"
#66 "Version not supported by next	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
peer"	or PDN GW"	Serving GW or PDN GW"
	#38 "Network failure"	#38 "Network failure"
#67 "Invalid length"	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
	or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"	Serving GW or PDN GW"
#68 "Service not supported"	#30 Network failure #32 "Service option not supported"	#38 "Network failure" #32 "Service option not supported"
#69 "Mandatory IE incorrect"	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
,	or PDN GW"	Serving GW or PDN GW"
	#38 "Network failure"	#38 "Network failure"
#70 "Mandatory IE missing"	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"
	#38 "Network failure"	#38 "Network failure"
#72 "System Failure"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of	#34 "Service option temporarily out of
Ş	order"	order"
	#38 "Network Failure"	#38 "Network failure"
	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"
#73 "No Resources available"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of	#34 "Service option temporarily out of
	order"	order"
	#26 "Insufficient resources"	#26 "Insufficient resources"
#76 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)"	#44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)"	#44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)"
#77 "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)"	#45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)"	#45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)"
#78 "Missing or unknown APN"	# 27 "Missing or unknown APN"	# 27 "Missing or unknown APN"
#80 "GRE key not found"	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"
#83 "Preferred PDN type not	#38 "Network Failure" #32 "Service option not supported"	#38 "Network failure" #32 "Service option not supported"
supported"	#50 "PDN type IPv4 only allowed"	#50 "PDP type IPv4 only allowed"
	#51 "PDN type IPv6 only allowed"	#51 "PDP type IPv6 only allowed"
#84 "All dynamic addresses are occupied"	#26 "Insufficient resources"	#26 "Insufficient resources"
#85 "UE context without TFT already activated"	NA	#46 "PDP context without TFT already activated"
#86 "Protocol type not supported"	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
	or PDN GW" #38 "Network Failure"	Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"
#89 "Service denied"	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"
	#31 "Request rejected, unspecified" #38 "Network failure"	#31 "Activation rejected, unspecified" #38 "Network failure"
#91 "No memory available"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of	#34 "Service option temporarily out of
	order"	order"
	#26 "Insufficient resources"	#26 "Insufficient resources"
#92 "User authentication failed"	#29 "User authentication failed" NOTE	#29 "User authentication failed"
#93 "APN access denied – no	#33 "Requested service option not	#33 "Requested service option not

	# 27 "Missing or unknown APN"	# 27 "Missing or unknown APN"
#94 "Request rejected (reason not	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
specified)"	or PDN GW"	Serving GW or PDN GW
	#38 "Network Failure"	#38 "Network failure"
#97 "Semantic error in the TAD	#41 "Semantic error in the TFT	#41 "Semantic error in the TFT
operation"	operation"	operation"
#98 "Syntactic error in the TAD	#42 "Syntactical error in the TFT	#42 "Syntactical error in the TFT
operation"	operation"	operation"
#100 "Remote peer not	#34 "Service option temporarily out of	#34 "Service option temporarily out of
responding"	order"	order"
	#38 "Network Failure"	#38 "Network failure"
#101 "Collision with network	#56 "Collision with network initiated	#56 "Collision with network initiated
initiated request"	request"	request"
#103 "Conditional IE missing"	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
-	or PDN GW"	Serving GW or PDN GW
	#38 "Network Failure"	#38 "Network failure"
#104 "APN Restriction type	#112 "APN restriction value	#112 "APN restriction value
Incompatible with currently active	incompatible with active EPS bearer	incompatible with active PDP context"
PDN connection"	context"	
#107 "Invalid reply from remote	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
peer"	or PDN GW"	Serving GW or PDN GW"
	#31 "Request rejected, unspecified"	#31 "Activation rejected, unspecified"
#112 "Request rejected for a	#30 "Request rejected by Serving GW	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
PMIPv6 reason (see 3GPP TS	or PDN GW"	Serving GW or PDN GW"
29.275 [26])."	#38 "Network Failure"	#38 "Network failure"
#113 "APN Congestion"	#26 "Insufficient resources"	#26 "Insufficient resources"
#120 "GTP-C Entity Congestion"		
#114 "Bearer handling not	#60 "Bearer handling not supported"	#60 "Bearer handling not supported"
supported"		
#116 "Multiple PDN connections	#55 "Multiple PDN connections for a	#30 "Activation rejected by GGSN,
for a given APN not allowed"	given APN not allowed"	Serving GW or PDN GW
-	-	#31 "Activation rejected, unspecified"
#126 "Multiple accesses to a PDN	#113 "Multiple accesses to a PDN	#113 "Multiple accesses to a PDN
connection not allowed"	connection not allowed"	connection not allowed"
NOTE 1: See 3GPP TS 24.301 [23	and 3GPP TS 24.008 [5] for NAS ESM ar	nd SM causes respectively.

NOTE 2: The MME/S4-SGSN may for certain GTP cause codes trigger a new GTP procedure instead of rejecting the NAS request.

NOTE 3: When multiple NAS Cause values are defined for a given GTP cause value, any of those NAS Cause values may be sent to the UE based on implementation choice.

NOTE: The MME can send the EMM cause set to #15 "No suitable cells in tracking area" to the UE, if the PDN connectivity request is rejected due to the ESM cause #29, which is mapped from the GTPv2 cause code #92 or XXX, based on operator policies. See 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]. This enables a roamer to get service in a VPLMN even when being rejected via LTE access due to e.g. no credit authorisation from the OCS.

Acceptance indication from SGW to MME/S4-SGN over S11/S4	NAS ESM Cause to UE	SM Cause to UE
#18 "New PDN type due to network preference"	#50 "PDN type IPv4 only allowed" #51 "PDN type IPv6 only allowed" (NOTE 1)	#50 "PDP type IPv4 only allowed" #51 "PDP type IPv6 only allowed" (NOTE 1)
#19 "New PDN type due to single address bearer only" #52 "single address bearers only allowed" #52 "single address bearers only allowed" NOTE 1: The actual NAS cause sent to the UE depends on the allocated IP address type.		

Table C.3: Mapping from S11/S4 to NAS Cause values – Indication in request from SGW

Indication in a request / initial message from SGW to MME/S4- SGSN over S11/S4	NAS ESM Cause to UE	SM Cause to UE
#8 "Reactivation Requested" (NOTE 1)	Shall be mapped to: #39 "Reactivation requested" in the NAS bearer context deactivation procedure. For the last PDN connection in E- UTRAN, "Reactivation requested" shall be mapped to "re-attach required" in the NAS detach type IE.	Shall be mapped to: #39 "Reactivation requested" in the NAS bearer context deactivation procedure.
#9 "PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed" (NOTE 1)	Implementation specific NAS cause value indicating to the UE that the APN is not currently available. For the last PDN connection, NAS detach type IE should be set to "re- attach not required".	Implementation specific NAS cause value indicating to the UE that the APN is not currently available.

Table C.4: Mapping from NAS to S11/S4 Cause values – Rejection indication from MME/S4-SGSN

NAS ESM Cause from UE (NOTE 1)	SM Cause from UE (NOTE 1)	Reject indication from MME/S4- SGSN to SGW over S11/S4 (NOTE 2)
#26 "Insufficient Resources"	#26 "Insufficient Resources"	#73 "No Resources available" #88 "UE refuses"
#31 "Request rejected, unspecified"	#31 "Activation rejected, unspecified"	#94 "Request rejected" #88 "UE refuses"
#41 "Semantic error in the TFT operation"	#41 "Semantic error in the TFT operation"	#74 "Semantic error in the TFT operation"
#42 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation"	#42 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation"	#75 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation"
#43 "Invalid EPS bearer identity"	#43 "Unknown PDP Context"	#64 "Context not found" #88 "UE refuses"
#44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)"	#44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)"	#76 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)"
#45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)"	#45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)"	#77 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)"
#47 "PTI mismatch"	NA	#94 "Request rejected" #88 "UE refuses"
NA	#48 "Request rejected, Bearer Control Mode violation"	#94 "Request rejected" #88 "UE refuses"
#81 "Invalid PTI value"	NA	#94 "Request rejected" #88 "UE refuses"
NOTE 2: When multiple GTPv2 Caus	nd 3GPP TS 24.008 [5] for NAS ESM and e values are defined for a given NAS Caus GW based on implementation choice.	

Reject indication from MME/S4- SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN over S3/S16	NAS ESM Cause to UE (NOTE 1, NOTE 2)	SM Cause to UE (NOTE 1, NOTE 2)
#117 "Target access restricted for the subscriber"	 #15 "No suitable cells in tracking area", or #13 "Roaming not allowed in this #15 "No suitable cells in tracking area", or #13 "Roaming not allowed in this 	
	tracking area ["] , or #12 "Tracking area not allowed"	tracking area ["] , or #12 "Tracking area not allowed"
NOTE 1:See 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 24.008 [5] for NAS ESM and SM causes respectively.NOTE 2:When multiple NAS Cause values are defined for a given GTP cause value, any of those NAS Cause values may be sent to the UE based on implementation choice.		

Annex D (Informative): GTP-C load and overload control mechanism

D.1 GTP-C interfaces not supporting Load Control

Load Control has been designed as a generic mechanism possibly applicable to any GTP-C node. However, for the reasons clarified below, in the current release, Load Control is not supported for the following GTP-C based interfaces:

- S3, S10, S16 (limited GTP-C signalling traffic, to minimize impact to the MME/S4-SGSN);
- Sm, Sn (limited GTP-C signalling traffic, to avoid impact to the MBMS GW);
- Sv (limited GTP-C signalling traffic, to avoid impact to the legacy CS products);
- S101, S121 (to avoid impacts to the legacy HRPD products);
- Gn/Gp (to avoid impact to the legacy Gn-SGSN/GGSN products and GTPv1-C protocol).

D.2 GTP-C interfaces not supporting Overload Control

Overload Control has been designed as a generic mechanism possibly applicable to any GTP-C based interface and any direction. However for the reasons clarified below, in the current release, Overload Control is not supported for the following GTP-C based interfaces:

- S3, S10, S16 (see considerations below, to minimize impact to MME and S4-SGSN);
 - most of the S3 traffic would remain internal to the combo-node with the deployment of combo-MME/S4-SGSN nodes. The traffic over S10/S16 is also reduced with the deployment of MME and SGSN pools. It is therefore not essential to throttle the traffic on these interfaces when an MME or S4-SGSN experiences overload;
 - throttling signalling on these interfaces resulting from a user's mobility (inter-MME/S4-SGSN TAU, RAU and Handover) would result in bad end user's perception (handover failure, loss of PDN connections) and so needs to be avoided as far as possible;
 - an MME or S4-SGSN in overload may drop locally incoming RIM messages without causing GTP-C retransmissions (although this may cause the RAN to retransmit the message).
- S11/S4 (from an MME/S4-SGSN to an SGW, with SGW as consumer; see consideration below);
 - by allowing the SGW to throttle DDN requests for normal priority traffic, the overload control of the messages originated by the SGW towards the MME/S4-SGSN is covered and hence, an SGW performing overload control towards the MME/S4-SGSN using Overload Control Information would be redundant.
- S5/S8 (from a PGW to an SGW, with the SGW as a consumer; no signalling message, originated by the SGW towards the PGW, that is identified as requiring overload control);
- Sm, Sn (no overload scenario identified, limited GTP-C traffic, to avoid impact to the MBMS GW);
- Sv (no overload scenario identified, to avoid impact to the legacy CS products);
- S101, S121 (no overload scenario identified, to avoid impact to the legacy HRPD products);
- Gn/Gp (to avoid impact to the legacy Gn-SGSN/GGSN products and GTPv1-C protocol);

D.3 "Loss" throttling algorithm

D.3.1 Example of possible implementation

This subclause provides an example of a possible implementation of the "Loss" algorithm, amongst other possible methods.

It is possible to make use of a statistical loss function (e.g., random selection of messages to throttle based on the indicated percentage) to decide if the given message can be sent or need to be throttled. For example, the source node generates a random number between (0, 100) for each message which is a potential candidate for throttling. To realize 10% throttling, messages with a random number 10 or less are throttled and hence this achieves approximately a 10% reduction in the overall traffic. The actual traffic reduction might vary slightly from the requested percentage, albeit by an insignificant amount.

The algorithm can select certain messages to throttle in priority. For example, implementations can distinguish between higher-priority and lower-priority messages, and drop the lower-priority messages in favour of dropping the higher priority messages, as long as the total reduction in traffic conforms to the requested reduction in effect at the time. For example, in the 50-50 distribution of high priority and low priority messages, 20% reduction to low priority messages and 0% reduction to high priority messages need to be applied in order to achieve the effective reduction in traffic by 10% towards the overloaded node.

D.4 Enforcement of overload control between remote GTP-C entities

D.4.1 Example of possible implementation

This subclause provides an example of a possible implementation of the enforcement of overload control between remote GTP-C entities, amongst other possible methods, considering the example network topology described in Figure D.4.1-1.

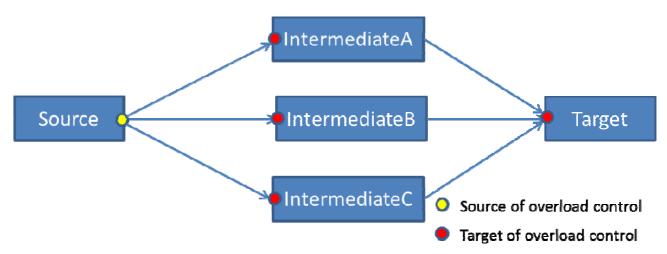


Figure D.4.1-1: Example network topology

The source GTP-C entity can apply message throttling according to the maximum of the overload reduction metric reported by the intermediate and target GTP-C entities, i.e. max (Intermediate_Overload-Metric, Target_Overload-Metric), for each of the path between the source and the target GTP-C entities. Each path is considered independently whilst performing the message throttling.

Considering the following example overload condition for the topology above:

Target_Overload-Metric = 30%

IntermediateA_Overload-Metric = 10%

IntermediateB_Overload-Metric = 20%

IntermediateC_Overload-Metric = 40%

Target_Terminated-Messages = 100

IntermediateA-Target_Messages = 20

IntermediateB-Target_Messages = 50

IntermediateC-Target_Messages = 30

the source GTP-C entity applies message throttling as follows:

Source-IntermediateA_Messages = 14 (message throttling of 30% applied)

Source-IntermediateB_Messages = 35 (message throttling of 30% applied)

Source-IntermediateC_Messages = 18 (message throttling of 40% applied)

Source-Target_Messages = 67 (the Target GTP-C entity receives 67 messages although it could have handled 70 messages in the overloaded condition).

Annex E (Normative): TWAN mapping table between GTPv2 S2a Cause and non-3GPP access Cause values

The TWAN initiates session establishment requests or mobility management requests towards the PGW. If this operation is not successful, there are several possible cause codes, which need to be mapped to the appropriate cause codes over non-3GPP access to the UE.

The TWAN should map these cause codes as defined in Table E.1, Table E.2, Table E.3 and Table E.4.

Reject indication from PGW to TWAN over S2a	WLCP Cause to UE for MCM	Diameter Cause to 3GPP AAA Server for SCM
#64 "Context not found" (during UE initiated PDN connectivity request for 3GPP to non-3GPP handover procedure)	#54 "PDN connection does not exist"	#54 "PDN connection does not exist"
#65 Invalid Message Format	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW"
#67 "Invalid length"	#38 "Network failure" #30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"	#38 "Network failure" #30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"
#68 "Service not supported"	#32 "Service option not supported"	#32 "Service option not supported"
#69 "Mandatory IE incorrect"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"
#70 "Mandatory IE missing"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network failure"
#72 "System Failure"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #38 "Network Failure" #30 "Request rejected by PDN GW"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #38 "Network Failure" #30 "Request rejected by PDN GW"
#73 "No Resources available"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources"
#78 "Missing or unknown APN"	# 27 "Missing or unknown APN"	# 27 "unknown APN"
#83 "Preferred PDN type not supported"	#32 "Service option not supported" #50 "PDN type IPv4 only allowed" #51 "PDN type IPv6 only allowed"	#32 "Service option not supported" #50 "PDN type IPv4 only allowed" #51 "PDN type IPv6 only allowed"
#84 "All dynamic addresses are occupied"	#26 "Insufficient resources"	#26 "Insufficient resources"
#89 "Service denied"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #31 "Request rejected, unspecified" #38 "Network failure"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #31 "Request rejected, unspecified" #38 "Network failure"
#91 "No memory available"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources"
#92 "User authentication failed"	#92 "User authentication failed"	#92 "User authentication failed"
#93 "APN access denied – no subscription"	#33 "Requested service option not subscribed" # 27 "Missing or unknown APN"	#33 "Requested service option not subscribed" # 27 "unknown APN"
#94 "Request rejected (reason not specified)"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network Failure"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW" #38 "Network Failure"
#100 "Remote peer not responding"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #38 "Network Failure"	#34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #38 "Network Failure"
#101 "Collision with network initiated request"	#31 "Request rejected, unspecified"	NA
#103 "Conditional IE missing"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW"	#30 "Request rejected by PDN GW"

Table E.1: Mapping from GTPv2 S2a to non-3GPP access Cause values – Rejection indication from PGW

	#38 "Network Failure"	#38 "Network Failure"		
#113 "APN Congestion"	#26 "Insufficient resources"	#26 "Insufficient resources"		
#120 "GTP-C Entity				
Congestion"				
#116 "Multiple PDN	#55 "Multiple PDN connections	NA		
connections for a given	for a given APN not allowed"			
APN not allowed"				
#126 "Multiple accesses to #113 "Multiple accesses to a #113 "Multiple accesses to a				
a PDN connection not	PDN connection not allowed" PDN connection not allowed"			
allowed"				
NOTE 1: See 3GPP TS 24.244 [66] for WLCP causes.				
NOTE 2: When multiple non-3GPP access cause values are defined for a given GTP cause				
value, any of those cause values may be sent to the UE based on implementation				
choice.				

Table E.2: Mapping from GTPv2 S2a to non-3GPP access Cause values – Acceptance indication from PGW

Acceptance indication from PGW to TWAN over S2a	WLCP Cause to UE for MCM	Diameter Cause to 3GPP AAA Server for SCM
#18 "New PDN type due to network preference"	#50 "PDN type IPv4 only allowed" #51 "PDN type IPv6 only allowed"	NA
#19 "New PDN type due to single address bearer only"	#52 "single address bearers only allowed"	NA
NOTE 1: The actual WLCP cause sent to the UE depends on the allocated IP address type.		

Table E.3: Mapping from GTPv2 S2a to WLCP Cause values – Indication in request from PGW

Indication in disconnection message from PGW to TWAN over S2a	WLCP Cause to UE for MCM
#8 'Reactivation Requested'	#39 'Reactivation requested'
#9 "PDN reconnection to this APN	Implementation specific WLCP cause
disallowed"	value indicating to the UE that the
(NOTE 1)	APN is not currently available.
NOTE 1: In Delete Bearer Request du	
deactivation procedure for the	e default bearer

Table E.4: Mapping from WLCP to GTP Cause values – Rejection indication from TWAN

WLCP Cause from UE	Reject indication from TWAN to PGW
#31 'request rejected, unspecified"	#94 "Request rejected"
	#88 "UE refuses"
NOTE 1: See 3GPP TS 24.244 [66] for	r WLCP causes.
NOTE 2: When multiple GTPv2 Cause	values are defined for a given WLCP
	TPv2 Cause values may be sent to the
PGW based on implementati	on choice.

Annex F (Informative): Change History

2008-12 CT#42 CP-000071 C V2.00 approved in CT#422 2.0.0 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-000050 C-409022 0001 2 C Request/Response 8.0.0 8.1.0 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-000050 C-4090284 0004 2 C Path Failure 8.0.0 8.1.0 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-000050 C-409028 0006 2 C Delete Indrect Dame messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-000050 C-4090280 0006 2 C Delete Indrect Dame messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 <	Date	TSG #	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
Trad C-00002 C-00002 Other C-00002 Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT443 CP-000050 C-4030320 0003 1 C. Relocation Cancel Reg/Res 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT443 CP-000050 C-4030378 0005 4 F Section Through E Editorial Clean-up 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT443 CP-000050 C-4030378 0006 2 C Delete Session and Delete Bearm messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT443 CP-000050 C-4030280 0017 2 C Industry in path management and bearer 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT443 CP-000050 C-4030980 0021 C Icase Session/Pater 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT443 CP-000050 C-4030970 0022 3 C Delete Session messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT443 CP-000050 C-4030970 0023 3 C Delete Session messag				0	•		• a.			-
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2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-03024 Ovelan F. Pahr Failure 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-03027 Ovelan F. Sections 1 through 6 Editorial Clean-up 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-03027 Ovelan CT#43 CP-090050 C4-03027 Ovelan CE Update User Plane messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-030280 Ovel 7 E Command messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-030380 Ovel 7 E Command messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-030370 Ovel 2 C Modify Bearer messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-030370 Ovel 2 C Command Messages 8.0.0 8.1.0 2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-030370 Ovel 2 C Delete Session messages 8.0.0 8.1.0	2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090922	0001	2	С		8.0.0	8.1.0
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Removal of Comprehension Required from										
	2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090829	0097	1	С		8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03 CT#43 CP-090050 C4-090549 0098 - F messages 7.3.1 to 7.3.13 8.0.0 8.1.0							_			
	2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090549	0098	-	F	messages 7.3.1 to 7.3.13	8.0.0	8.1.0

Date	TSG #	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090550	0099	-	F	Cause value for PGW not responding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090551	0100	-	F	Traffic Aggregate Description IE encoding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090980	0101	3	F	Protocol Stack	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090831	0102	1	С	Reliable delivery for EPC	8.0.0	8.1.0
							Removal of reservation for message types of		
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090915	0104	_	F	GTP-U	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090239	-	0105	1	F	Essential correction to grouped IE type coding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	-	-				-	Some of the table formats corrected	8.1.0	8.1.1
2009-05	- CT#44	_		0107	_	-	Suspend and Resume are also used for	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-00	01#44	CP-090288	C4-091020	0107		F	1xRTT CS Fallback	0.1.1	0.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CF-090200	091020	0108	-		Support for new cause code of "Unable to	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44			0106				0.1.1	0.2.0
			04 004 450			_	page UE due to CSFB" in Downlink Data		
		CP-090288			1	F	Notification Acknowledgement.		
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091460	0109	1	F	Corrections on GTPv2 for 1x IWS IP address	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091461	0110	1	F	Clarification of Operation Indication (OI)	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091463	0111	1	F	Usage of User Location Information (ULI) IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44			0112			PGW S5/S8 IP Address in Context Response	8.1.1	8.2.0
	-	CP-090288	C4-091465	-	1	F	message	-	
2009-06	CT#44			0114	-	-	Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel	8.1.1	8.2.0
2003 00	01#44	CP-090288	C4-091471	0114	1	F	Response	0.1.1	0.2.0
2000.00	CT#44			0445		F		044	0.0.0
2009-06	-		C4-091537	0115	2		Error_Handling. Withdrawn	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0117	1	F	PCO Extensions added to messages	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288			1	F	Clarifications to message directions	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091103	0119	-	F	Removal of specification drafting hints	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0120	1	F	ISR related alignments	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091476	0122	1	F	Clarifications to grouped IE usage	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0125	2	F	Clarification to Recovery IE type	8.1.1	8.2.0
-	CT#44	CP-090288		0123	1	F			
2009-06							Missing conditions	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091480	0128	1	F	Clarification of ARP encoding	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091115	0129	-	F	Units for APN-AMBR	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44			0131			Clarification of Mobile Equipment Identity IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091481		2	F	encoding		
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091120	0134	-	F	EPS Bearer Level TFT encoding	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091587	0136	2	F	UE-initiated procedures with one bearer only	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091510	0137	2	F	Combine UL and DL TFT IEs	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	01 000200	04 001010	0142	~		PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-00	01#44		C4 001510	0142	4	-		0.1.1	0.2.0
0000.00	07// 4.4	CP-090288	C4-091512	04.40	1	F	plane	0.4.4	0.0.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091513	0143	1	F	Transaction Identifier information element	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091515	0147	1	F	Delete Bearer Request	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44			0149			Modify Bearer Request for TAU without MME	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091516		2	F	or SGW change		
2009-06	CT#44			0150			Use of APN, PAA in Create Session Request,	8.1.1	8.2.0
							and S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID in Create Session		
		CP-090288	C4-091538		2	F	Response		
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288							
2009-06	CT#44		C4-091540	0151	1	F	Message table corrections	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06					1	F	Message table corrections Presence requirement for IEs in response	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091162	0153	-	F	Presence requirement for IEs in response	8.1.1	8.2.0
	CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537	0153 0154	- 2	F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE	8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541	0153 0154 0156	- 2 1	ഥ ഥ	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542	0153 0154 0156 0157	- 2 1 1	F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158	- 2 1	ഥ ഥ	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167	0153 0154 0156 0157	- 2 1 1	F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158	- 2 1 1	F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159	- 2 1 1	F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160	- 2 1 - -	ш ш ш ш ш ш ш	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161	- 2 1 - - 1 1		Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response"	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164	- 2 1 - - 1 1 2	F F F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091549	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168	- 2 1 - - 1 1 1 2 1	<u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091549 C4-091550	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169	- 2 1 - - 1 1 2	F F F F F F F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091549	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169 0175	- 2 1 - - 1 1 1 2 1	<u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091549 C4-091550 C4-091202	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169	- 2 1 - - 1 1 1 2 1	F F F F F F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091550 C4-091202 C4-091203	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169 0175 0176	- 2 1 - - - - -		Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091549 C4-091550 C4-091202	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169 0175 0176	- 2 1 - - - 1 2 - -	F F F F F F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer messages Delete Session Request granularity	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091550 C4-091202 C4-091203	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169 0175 0176	- 2 1 - - - - -		Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091549 C4-091550 C4-091202 C4-091203 C4-091544	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169 0175 0176 0177 0178	- 2 1 - - - - -	F F F F F F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer messages Delete Session Request granularity Deletion of IMSI in the Update Bearer Request	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0 8.2.0
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2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091548 C4-091549 C4-091202 C4-091203 C4-091204 C4-091205 C4-091546	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169 0175 0176 0177 0178 0180	- 2 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 1 -		Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer messages Delete Session Request granularity Deletion of IMSI in the Update Bearer Request Delete Session Request/Response and Delete Bearer Request	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.00 8.2.00 8.2.00 8.2.00 8.2.0000000000
2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091162 C4-091537 C4-091541 C4-091542 C4-091167 C4-091168 C4-091467 C4-091543 C4-091548 C4-091548 C4-091550 C4-091202 C4-091203 C4-091204 C4-091205 C4-091551	0153 0154 0156 0157 0158 0159 0160 0161 0164 0168 0169 0175 0176 0177 0178 0180 0181	- 2 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	Presence requirement for IEs in response Offending IE in the Cause IE Minor corrections FQ-CSID corrections APN and FQDN encoding clarifications Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request Corrections in PDN Connection group IE Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" PDN Type IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling Create Session Request Clarification TEID in Detach Notification/ACK Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer messages Delete Session Request granularity Delete Session Request/Response and Delete Bearer Request Delete Notification	8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.00 8.2.00 8.2.00 8.2.00 8.2.0000000000
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CP-090533 C4-092656 0247 3 F definition and Sequence Number handling 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092078 0249 1 F descriptions 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092071 0250 4 F Add TAC to Target Identification IE 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092081 0256 1 F Add TAC to Target Identification IE 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0256 1 F Indication in Forward Relocation messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Paging cause 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0260 - F Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0260 - F Cleanup Cause values 8.	0000.00	07/145	CP-090533	C4-091722	0246	-	F		0.0.0	0.0.0
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CP-090533 C4-092078 0249 1 F descriptions 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092711 0250 4 F Add TAC to Target Identification IE 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092081 0256 1 F Data Forwarding Tunnel Messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0256 1 F Data Forwarding Tunnel Messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Paging cause 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Reging cause 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0261 3 F Cleanup cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092085 0263 1 F Cleanup Cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 <	2000-00	CT#45	CF-090555	04-092030	0247	3	Г		820	830
2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092711 0250 4 F Add TAC to Target Identification IE 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092081 0256 1 F Data Forwarding Tunnel Messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0256 1 F IMSI and Sender F-TEID in Create Indirect 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Indication in Forward Relocation messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Paging cause 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0261 3 F Cleanup cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0261 3 F Cleanup cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092080 0264 </td <td>2003-03</td> <td>01#43</td> <td>CP-090533</td> <td>C4-092078</td> <td>0249</td> <td>1</td> <td>F</td> <td></td> <td>0.2.0</td> <td>0.5.0</td>	2003-03	01#43	CP-090533	C4-092078	0249	1	F		0.2.0	0.5.0
2009-09 CT#45 CP-090533 C4-092081 0256 1 F IMSI and Sender F-TEID in Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Indication in Forward Relocation messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Paging cause 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-091784 0260 - F Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092104 0262 2 F Delete Bearer Failure Indication 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092083 0263 1 F Cleanup Cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092085 0264 2 F IEs in Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267<	2009-09	CT#45							8.2.0	8.3.0
CP-090533 C4-092081 0256 1 F Data Forwarding Tunnel Messages Image: CP-090534 C4-09209 0258 1 F Indication in Forward Relocation messages 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Paging cause 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092082 0259 1 F Paging cause 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-091784 0260 - F Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0261 3 F Cleanup cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0262 2 F Delete Bearer Failure Indication 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092081 0264 2 F Ies in Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td> 0 0</td><td></td><td> ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					0 0		·			
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2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-091784 0260 - F Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-091784 0260 - F Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092651 0261 3 F Cleanup cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092104 0262 2 F Delete Bearer Failure Indication 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092083 0263 1 F Cleanup Modify Bearer Request 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092085 0264 2 F IEs in Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network <td>2009-09</td> <td>CT#45</td> <td>CP-090534</td> <td>C4-092009</td> <td>0258</td> <td>1</td> <td>F</td> <td></td> <td>8.2.0</td> <td>8.3.0</td>	2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092009	0258	1	F		8.2.0	8.3.0
CP-090534 C4-091784 0260 - F Response 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092651 0261 3 F Cleanup cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092104 0262 2 F Delete Bearer Failure Indication 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092083 0263 1 F Cleanup Modify Bearer Request 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092085 0264 2 F IEs in Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092066 0268 3 F Service Handover support 8.2.0 8.3.0	2009-09	CT#45				1	F	Paging cause	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092651 0261 3 F Cleanup cause values 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092104 0262 2 F Delete Bearer Failure Indication 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092083 0263 1 F Cleanup Modify Bearer Request 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092085 0264 2 F IEs in Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092066 0268 3 F Servi	2009-09	CT#45							8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092104 0262 2 F Delete Bearer Failure Indication 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092083 0263 1 F Cleanup Modify Bearer Request 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092085 0264 2 F IEs in Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F IEs in Response 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092086 0267 2 F Serving Network 8.2.0 8.3.0 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092105 0269 3 F Fix incorr						-				
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2009-09CT#45CP-090534C4-09210602701FClarification on cause value for Downlink Data8.2.08.3.02009-09CT#45CP-090534C4-09271002712FClarification on the Authentication Vector8.2.08.3.0	2009-09	UI#45	CP-000534	C4-002105	0260	2	F		8.2.0	ö.3.U
CP-090534 C4-092106 0270 1 F Notification Failure Indication 2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092710 0271 2 F Clarification on the Authentication Vector 8.2.0 8.3.0	2009-09	CT#45	01-090004	04-032100	0209	5			820	830
2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092710 0271 2 F Clarification on the Authentication Vector 8.2.0 8.3.0	2000-00	01#40	CP-090534	C4-092106	0270	1	F		0.2.0	0.0.0
CP-090534 C4-092710 0271 2 F handling	2009-09	CT#45							8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09 CT#45 CP-090534 C4-092043 0276 1 F Clarification on Authentication Vector encoding 8.2.0 8.3.0						2		handling		
	2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092043	0276	1	F	Clarification on Authentication Vector encoding	8.2.0	8.3.0

Date	TSG #	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092751	0278	5	F	Clarification on Error indication for EPC and DT	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092731 C4-092112	0278	3	F	Aligning MBR units to kbps	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	01-000004	04 032112	0215			Clarification to the PGW's UP address in	8.2.0	8.3.0
2000 00	01//40	CP-090534	C4-092108	0281	1	F	Create Session Response	0.2.0	0.0.0
2009-09	CT#45						Modify Bearer procedure for X2 and S1 based	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090534	C4-092686	0282	4	F	handovers		
2009-09	CT#45						Add necessary cause value to the Update	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090534	C4-092109	0290	1	F	Bearer Response		
2009-09	CT#45					_	Update on Concurrent Running of Security	8.2.0	8.3.0
0000.00	07//45	CP-090534		0292	-	F	Procedures	0.0.0	0.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534		0295	2	F	APN Restriction IE	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09 2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090534 CP-090534	C4-092644 C4-092646	0296 0297	1	F	Change Reporting IE ULI Clarification	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534 CP-090534	C4-092040 C4-092189	0297		F	Charging ID	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CF-090554	64-092169	0301	-	Г	Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel	8.2.0	8.3.0
2003-03	01#43	CP-090534	C4-092647	0302	1	F	Request/Response	0.2.0	0.5.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0303	1	F	SGW F-TEID	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0304	1	F	BCM	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092652	0307	3	F	Charging Gateway Address	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092653	0308	1	F	LBI Clarifications for Gn/Gp Handovers	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45						Trace management messages and IE related	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090535	C4-092654	0309	1	F	clarifications		
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092655	0310	1	F	Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel clarifications	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092635	0311	2	F	Concurrent Running of Security Procedures	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092657	0315	1	F	Cause value corrections	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092659	0316	1	F	Identification Response	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45						NSAPI and EBI in Forward Relocation	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090535		0317	1	F	Response		
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0318	1	F	Cause in the CSFB related messages	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0320	1	F	Update Bearer Complete	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0321	1	F	PCO IE	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0322	-	F	Cleanup Trace Management messages	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0323	-	F	Cleanup section 5.3 and 8.12	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092680	0324	1	F	APN AMBR in the Create Bearer Request	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090535 CP-090535	C4-092681 C4-092372	0325 0326	1	F	UDP Source Port Number Presence Requirments for grouped IE	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CF-090333	04-092372	0320	-	Г	Making PCO conditional for the Attach	8.2.0	8.3.0
2003 03	01#40	CP-090535	C4-092709	0330	1	F	procedure	0.2.0	0.5.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092388	0332	-	F	Echo usage alignment with stage 2	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092397	0334	-	F	Trace Depth per session	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45						Backward compatibility requirements for	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090535	C4-092740	0335	4	F	presence		
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0338	1	F	ECGI encoding correction	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535		0339	1	F	Consistant PDN type setting	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092714	0340	1	F	GTP Cause value usage	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090729	C4-092626	0341	1	F	Partial failure handling alignment with stage 2	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	00 000700	04.000700	00.40		_	Partial failure handling for MME relocation w/o	8.2.0	8.3.0
0000.00	OTHAC	CP-090729		0342	2	F	SGW relocation	0.0.0	0.0.0
2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092634	0346	1	F	Security Specification for GTPV2-C Avoiding Source Port Overlap between	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	C1#45	CP-090535	C4-092715	0349	1	F	GTPv2-C and GTPv2-C'	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535 CP-090535			-	F	Delete Bearer Command PCO removal	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090559		0253	2	B	Scope of GTP-C protocol	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090559		0254	4	B	MBMS session management messages	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090562	C4-091934	0285	1	C	IMEI based GTP Changes	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090745	-	0286	4	B	Unauthenticated IMSI for emergency in GTP	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090562	C4-092500	0343	1	В	IMEI based Id in GTP messages	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090562	C4-092501	0344	1	В	Unauthenticated IMSI in GTP messages	8.2.0	9.0.0
							Editorial correction. Wrong style was used in	9.0.0	9.0.1
2009-10	CT#46						Paragraph character 7.1.3.		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093160	0356	1	Α	Selection Mode IE	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090798		0357	2	В	PTP bearer fallback	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770		0359	-	A	Bearer QoS in Modify Bearer Request	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093705	0361	1	A	Release Access Bearer Request	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092834	0363	-	A	Bearer context in Create Session messages	9.0.1	9.1.0
2000 42	CT#46		C4 002057	0265		۸	ISRAI flag in the Forward Relocation Complete	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092857	0365	-	A	Notification Mapping between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092861	0369	-	А	signature and GUTI	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092801 C4-093329	0309	1	A	APN IE encoding	9.0.1	9.1.0
2000 12	0111-10	5. 000110	5.00023	0011	<u> </u>			0.0.1	0.1.0

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							Correction on the condition for resource	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093331	0373	1	Α	release of other CN node		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090970	-	0375	2		APN Restriction	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770		0377	1	A	Cause value "Invalid reply from remote peer"	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093337	0380	1	A	Indication Flags in Delete Session Request	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093339	0382	1	Α	Suspend	9.0.1	9.1.0
							Removal of forwarding Charging Gateway	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770		0386	-	A	Address/Name to S4-SGSN		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092893	0388	2	A	Charging ID in S4-SGSN	9.0.1	9.1.0
0000 40	OT 11 40	00 000770	o 4 000000				Correction of Message Direction for Create	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092899	0390	-	A	Session Response	0.0.4	0.4.0
0000 40	07/140	00 000770	04 0000 45	0000			PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression)	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093345	0392	1	A	alignment with Stage-2 UE TimeZone and ULI included in Bearer	0.0.1	0.4.0
2000 12	CT#46		C4 000007	0202	2	^		9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12 2009-12	CT#46 CT#46	CP-090770 CP-090804		0393 0395	3	A B	Response messages Support for CSG based charging	9.0.1	9.1.0
		CP-090804 CP-090770			4		User Location Information		
2009-12 2009-12	CT#46 CT#46	CP-090770 CP-090769	C4-093278 C4-094051	0397 0399	2	A	PDN type	9.0.1	9.1.0 9.1.0
2009-12	CT#40	CP-090769	C4-094051	0399	2	A	Removal of ULI from Release Access Bearer	9.0.1	
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093004	0403		А	Removal of OLI from Release Access Bearer Reg	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770 CP-090770		0403	-	A	Removal of NSAPI IE	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093270	0407	2	A	Indication IE clarification Addition of uplink, downlink F-TEIDs in Create	9.0.1	9.1.0
								9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093262	0409	3	А	Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request and Response messages		
2009-12	CT#46	01-030770	04-033202	0403	5	~	Clarifications on use of the Sender-F-TEID for	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	01#40	CP-090770	C4-093351	0411	2	А	CP in HO procedure	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093034	0417	-	A	Clarifications to MSISDN coding	9.0.1	9.1.0
2003 12	CT#46	01-030770	04 000004	0417		~	Enhanced handling of RFSP index at the	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	01#40	CP-090769	C4-094038	0419	2	А	SGSN/MME	5.0.1	5.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094040	0423	2	A	TFT related error handling	9.0.1	9.1.0
2000 12	CT#46	01 000100	0+ 00+0+0	0420	~	~~~	Essential correction to the Indirect Data	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	01#40	CP-090769	C4-094036	0425	4	А	Forwarding procedure	5.0.1	5.1.0
2000 12	CT#46	01 000100	04 004000	0420	-		Correcting misaligned IE presence type	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	011140	CP-090769	C4-094042	0434	-	А	statements	0.0.1	0.1.0
2000 .2	CT#46	0. 000100	0.00.012	0.01			Correcting PCO conditions in Modify Bearer	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	•••••	CP-090769	C4-094044	0438	1	А	Response	0.0.1	00
	CT#46						Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090769	C4-094184	0442	2	А	messages		
	CT#46			-			SRVCC - voice bearer handling in PS HO /	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090777	C4-094094	0448	1	А	DTM scenarios		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090975	-	0450	2	Α	NAS Count value	9.0.1	9.1.0
	CT#46						Charging Characteristics value for active PDN	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090769	C4-094049	0452	1	Α	connections		
	CT#46						eNodeB Cause and RANAP Cause	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090786	C4-094071	0453	1	F	corrections		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093647	0455	-	Α	Change the NSAPI to EBI in the PFI IE	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093649	0457	-	Α	Enhanced SRNS Relocation Procedure	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093651	0459	-	Α	Forward Access Context Acknowledge	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093668	0461	-	Α	Correct the message Modify Bearer Request	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094059	0471	1	Α	Cleanup Suspend Notification message	9.0.1	9.1.0
	CT#46						Forward Relocation Request: Selected PLMN	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090769	C4-094059	0475	1	Α	ID		
	CT#46							9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090770	C4-094074	0484	1	Α	Change Reporting Action		
	CT#47						Essential clarification to MME executed TAU	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03		CP-100021	C4-100767	0493	1	Α	procedure		
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100972	0495	5	Α	Essential correction to the MM context IE type	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47						Resolving ambiguity for Target Identification IE	9.1.0	9.2.0
		CP-100021	C4-100142	0497	1	Α	coding		
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100276	0504		Α	PCO	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100788	0506	1	Α	RFSP Index	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47						Include CSG ID and CSG Membership	9.1.0	9.2.0
		CP-100049	C4-100836	0508	1	В	Indication in S3 and S10		
2010.02	CT#47	CP-100035		0510	2	F	Location change reporting in EPS	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100019		0512		Α	The encoding of APN IE	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	01//4/		04400700	0514	1	Α	Indirect Data Forwarding	9.1.0	9.2.0
	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100793	0014				0.1.0	
2010-03		CP-100021	C4-100793	0314			HSS/PGW initiated Bearer QoS Modification	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03 2010-03	CT#47 CT#47	CP-100021 CP-100021	C4-100793	0516	2	A	HSS/PGW initiated Bearer QoS Modification procedure		
2010-03 2010-03	CT#47						HSS/PGW initiated Bearer QoS Modification		

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2010-03	CT#47	00 400005	04 400750	0504		-	Corrections to the RAN Information	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100035	C4-100756	0521	1	F	Management procedures Source Identification for E-UTRAN to GERAN	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010 00	01//4/	CP-100021	C4-100396	0523		А	handover	0.1.0	0.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100049	C4-100839	0524	1	В	Handovers to HeNB cells	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100866	0530	1	Α	Granularity	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100720	0533	2	A	Change Reporting Support Indicator	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010 2010-03	CT#47 CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100416	0535		A	MM Context IE type correction Removal of TEIDs for PS voice bearer UP in	9.1.0 9.1.0	9.2.0 9.2.0
2010-03	01#47	CP-100027	C4-100992	0537	2	А	Bearer Context for SRVCC	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47						Correction on the presence condition of	9.1.0	9.2.0
		CP-100021	C4-100420	0539		Α	Charging ID IE on S4		
2010-03 2010-03	CT#47 CT#47	CP-100035	C4-100995	0541	3	F	Suspend Modify Octets Sequence Number of RAB	9.1.0 9.1.0	9.2.0 9.2.0
2010-03	C1#47	CP-100022	C4-100876	0548	1	А	Context IE	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	01 100022	01100010	0010			Revive the cause value "User Authentication	9.1.0	9.2.0
		CP-100022	C4-100878	0550	1	А	Failed" in the Create Session Response		
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100035	C4-100883	0554	1	F	Fix PCO handling by defining it per bearer	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100974	0556	2	A	Fix PDN Connection Grouped Type	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100976	0558	2	А	Correction on the down link notification failure procedure	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022 CP-100022	C4-100970 C4-100979	0565	2	A	Correction of the presence condition of IEs	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	01 100022	01100010	0000	-		Figure number, Information element and	9.1.0	9.2.0
		CP-100021	C4-100784	0567	1	Α	message usage		
2010-03	CT#47				_		2G related parameters in the Forward	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100981	0569	2	A	Relocation Request and Context Response Essential correction to the Create Bearer	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	C1#47	CP-100022	C4-100983	0577	2	А	Request message	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100906	0581	1	A	Essential correction to FTEID IE	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47						Essential correction to Modify Bearer Request	9.1.0	9.2.0
ļ		CP-100022	C4-100985	0583	2	Α	for non-3GPP to 3GPP handover		
2010-03	CT#47	00 400004	04 400004	0505			Removal of unncessary cause "Unexpected	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100601	0585		A	repeated IE" Removal of indirect uplink data forwarding	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	01#47	CP-100022	C4-100913	0587	1	А	from Inter RAT handovers	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100778	0591	1	A	Trace alignment with TS 32.422	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101479	0599	1	Α	Essential corrections to M-TMSI mapping	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101580	0603	3	Α	Change Notification	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48		04 404 400	0005		_	Fix missing conditional description for IEs in	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266 CP-100266	C4-101480 C4-101486	0605 0614	1	F	the context response message Change Reporting Support Indication	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-00	CT#48	CP-100200 CP-100266	C4-101489	0614	1	A	Handover/Relocation cancel procedure	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101491	0624	1	A	ULI in the Modify Bearer Request message	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101495	0626	1	Α	MM context IE encoding	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101583	0635	2	Α	MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101537	0637	1	F	Suspend over S16	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101504	0642	1	А	Adding Service indicator to CS Paging Indication	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101599	0647	3	A	Fallback to GTPv1	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	000200	0.101000				Essential correction to ULI IE condition in	9.2.0	9.3.0
		CP-100266		0650	2	Α	Modify Bearer Request message		
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266		0657	1	Α	TEID in Change Notification	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101558	0659	1	A	Charging ID	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100266	C4-101291	0664		А	Alert MME Notification / UE Activity Notification procedure on S3 interface	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101281	0540	4	F	Leave CSG Cell indication	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101484	0609	1	F	Use of Rejection Cause values	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48					_	Flow QoS in the Bearer Resource Command	9.2.0	9.3.0
0040.00	07.11	CP-100281	C4-101597	0616	2	F	message	0.0.0	0.0.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101498	0633	1	F	Correction to the reference in Create indirect DF Tunnel Request	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281 CP-100281	C4-101498 C4-101459	0633	1	F	Removal of FFS	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-00	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101455	0673	1	F	Message type table	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101609		3	F	Implicit resume	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101463	0670	1	F	Cause IE type	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101593	0667	2	F	Clarifications to redundant IEs	9.2.0	9.3.0
	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101462	0669	1	F	EBI value range and coding	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06					1	l I	Cause IE enhacements to distinguish errors in	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06 2010-06	CT#48							0.2.0	
		CP-100281	C4-101461	0651	1	F	the message level IE versus errors in the	0.2.0	
		CP-100281 CP-100281	C4-101461 C4-101464	0651 0672	1	F		9.2.0	9.3.0

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2010-06	CT#48	00.400007		00.40	_	_	Allocation and Retention Priority for MBMS E-	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100287	C4-101608	0640	2	F	RAB Handling of Create Session Request message	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010/00	01#40	CP-100266	C4-101601	0678	1	F	on TEID 0 for existing PDN connection	0.2.0	0.0.0
2010-06	CT#48						Essential correction for the Initial Attach	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010.00	CT#40	CP-100298		0680		A	procedure	0.0.0	0.0.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100276	C4-101157	0612		F	Transferring of UE's usage setting and voice capability between CN nodes	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48		0.101101	00.2			Clarifying the bearers to be deactivated on the	9.2.0	9.3.0
		CP-100408		0544	6	F	S5/S8 interface		
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101932	0607	5	F	Fix Sudden disconnection after the inter RAT MM attempt	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100432 CP-100445		0630	4	A	IP Address IE clarification	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-101926	0681	2	F	Serving Network semantics	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-101678	0685		Α	Originating Node	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-101876	0687	1	Α	Condition of ISRAI Flag	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-101878	0689	1	А	PDN Connection for Subscription Data Change	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100580	C4-101070	0690	4	F	Clarification for Create Session Response	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101922	0693	2	F	An exception to use GTPv2	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49						IEs to be included in rejection response	9.3.0	9.4.0
0040.00	07/10	CP-100452		0694	_	F	messages		
2010-09	CT#49 CT#49	CP-100452 CP-100452		0695 0696	2	F	Ambiguity for encoding MBR/GBR Wrong reference to DRX parameter	9.3.0 9.3.0	9.4.0 9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452 CP-100452	C4-101715	0690		F	Selection Mode	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101930	0701	2	F	Stop CSG Information Reporting	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49						Create Session Request/Response and	9.3.0	9.4.0
		00 400 450	04 404 747	0700		_	Modify Bearer Request/Response for RAU		
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452 CP-100452		0702 0703		F	procedure Suspend message on S3 interface	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452 CP-100445		0703	1	Г А	Cause value in Detach Notification	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100445		0707	1	A	S1 based handover cancel	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100445		0709	1	Α	Used NAS integrity protection algorithm values	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452		0711	2	F	TAU with Active Flag	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101905	0716	1	F	Trace Report File LDNs	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09 2010-09	CT#49 CT#49	CP-100445	C4-101891	0718	1	A	Change Notification Response Presence rules and error handling for	9.3.0 9.3.0	9.4.0 9.4.0
2010-09	01#49	CP-100451	C4-102319	0723	1	F	embedded IEs	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102305	0724	1	F	Dual Address Bearer Flag	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49						Rejecting the dedicated bearer related	9.3.0	9.4.0
2040.00	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102306	0726	1	F	procedure from MME to SGW and PGW Correction to condition of sending Context	0.0.0	0.4.0
2010-09	C1#49	CP-100636	_	0727	2	F	Acknowledge message	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49			0121	~		Clarification to the OI flag usage in Delete	9.3.0	9.4.0
		CP-100451	C4-102310		2	F	Session Request		
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102320	0732	1	F	Correcting non-existent Cause value	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49 CT#49	CP-100444			1	A	Resume messages LAI field	9.3.0 9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09 2010-09	CT#49 CT#49	CP-100444 CP-100444	C4-102318 C4-102326		1 1	A A	P-TMSI Signature	9.3.0	9.4.0 9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100453		0744	2	F	Change Reporting Support Indication	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102353	0745	1	F	Error handling	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102354	0746	1	F	Flow QoS IE	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	00 400 444	04400000	0740			PDN Connection for Subscription Data	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444 CP-100444	C4-102329 C4-102331	0748 0750	1	A	Change E-UTRAN to HRPD handover	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	01-100444	04-102331	0750		~	Correcting type value of the MBMS Session	9.3.0	9.4.0
_0.0.00	0	CP-100451	C4-102208	0751		F	Start Response message	0.0.0	01.110
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102229	0754		F	GTP protocol errors	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CD 100451	C4 400057	0755	4	F	Essential Clarification in Forward Relocation	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451 CP-100469	C4-102357 C4-102302	0755 0662	1 4	Б	Response message New Modify Access Bearers procedure	9.4.0	10.0.0
2010-09	CT#49	01 100403	57 102002	0002	-		Notification of supported features between	9.4.0	10.0.0
		CP-100469	C4-102382	0698	6	В	peer GTP-C entities		
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100469	C4-102300	0734	1	В	Length of IPv6 Prefix		10.0.0
2010-12	CT#50	CD 400005	C4 400700	0750	4	-	OI flag in Delete Session Request alignment	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695 CP-100695		0758 0762	1	F B	with stage ISR in Delete Bearer Request	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-102830	0787	4	B	PGW Restart Notification		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						Feature definition for the Modify Access		10.1.0
		CP-100695	C4-102912	0798	2	F	Bearers procedure		
2010-12	CT#50	CD 100605	C4 100774	0700	4	-	Modify Access Bearers procedure during Inter-	10.0.0	10.1.0
L	L	CP-100695	C4-102771	0799	1	F	MME Intra-SGW TAU		

Date	TSG #	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103274	0812	1	F	Clarifications to Failure Indication type of messages	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						EPS Bearer ID in Downlink Data Notification	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695 CP-100695	C4-103362 C4-103276	0817 0818	2	B	message Clarifying possible cause value sets	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103270	0823	2	F	SGSN Failure handling		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103283	0835	1	F	Handover Indication		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103288	0842	1	F	Cause values for Delete Bearer Request		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	01 100000	01100200	0012		•	MME/SGSN overload control by throttling of		10.1.0
	0	CP-100688	C4-103315	0848	2	в	DL low priority traffic		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675		0773	1	Α	Suspend and Resume procedure	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102781	0775	1	Α	Range for BSSGP Cause		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						RAT Type in the Modify Bearer Request	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100675		0777	1	Α	message		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102514	0781	-	Α	ISR for SGW		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102787	0783	1	A	ISR in the Detach procedure		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						Missing Cause Code mapping for IRAT	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100675		0789	1	A	Handover between GERAN and EUTRAN		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102556	0794	-	A	Voice bearer flag		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102794	0801	1	A	MBMS corrections		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-103238	0821	1	A	CSG Reporting		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102938	0825	-	A	Target Identification		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-103322	0830	2	A	Reporting UE Time Zone changes		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-103249	0838	1	A	Essential correction for UE Timezone reporting		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-103331	0846	2	A	ISR activated flag		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100672	C4-103294	0851	1	F	Determination of type of source node during TAU/RAU	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						Essential correction to Create Indirect Data	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100674	C4-102775	0765	1	Α	Forwarding Tunnel Response		
2010-12	CT#50						GTP-C Information Elements for GTP based	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100686	C4-102796	0767	1	В	S2b interface		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686	C4-102539	0786	-	В	Delete PDN Connection Set		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686	C4-102560	0796	-	В	Addition of GTP over S2b to clauses 1 to 6		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50				_	_	Create Session Request/Response & Create	10.0.0	10.1.0
	07/70	CP-100686	C4-103135	0797	3	B	Bearer Request/Response		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686	C4-102599	0802	-	В	Delete Session and Bearer messages		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686	C4 102620	0804		В	Modify Bearer Command/Failure Indication	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CF-100000	C4-102629	0004	-	Б	and Update Bearer Req/Rsp Trace Session Activation/Deactivation for	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686	C4-102650	0807	-	в	GTP-S2b	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	01 100000	04 102000	0007		0	Handling of Create Session Request message	10 0 0	10.1.0
2010 12	01//00	CP-100686	C4-103300	0839	1	В	on header TEID = 0	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						Downlink data notification information for MPS	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100687	C4-102928	0769	2	В	services		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100667	C4-102970	0828	-	Α	UE Time Zone adjustments	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100669	C4-103340	0816	2	F	Essential alignment with PMIP spec	10.0.0	10.1.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064		0921	1	В	Data Delay Notification		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110585	0916	-	F	Clean up with GTP-C Information Elements		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						Inclusion of Node Type in DDN Failure	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110064		0911	1	F	Indication when the ISR is active		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110828	0897	1	F	Create Session Response		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110479	0896	-	F	UE Network Capability IE		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						Adding "Initial", "Triggered" and "Initial or	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110064	C4-110955	0895	2	F	triggered by a Command" attributes to the messages in table 6.1		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110933	0893	1	D	Adding a separate subclause for TEID=0	10 1 0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CF-110004	04-110620	0094	1	D	Removing optional Cause IE from Echo		10.2.0
2011-03	01#31	CP-110064	C4-110825	0893	1	F	Response	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110830	0875	2	F	RAT type clarification for S4-SGSN	10 1 0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	01-110004	04-110030	0075	2		Essential correction to the table NOTE for the		10.2.0
2011 00	01#01	CP-110064	C4-110331	0874	1	F	Create Session Response message	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110369		1	F	Error Indication for SGW	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110257		1	D	Cleanup for GTPv2		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110392		2	F	RAT Type in Modify Access Bearers Request		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110112		-	F	Bearer context in Modify Bearer Request		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						S1-U eNodeB F-TEID IE in the Modify Access		10.2.0
		CP-110064	C4-110062	0860	-	F	Bearers Request		
		CD 4400C4	C4-110322		1	F	Correction for VNSI	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064							
2011-03 2011-03	CT#51 CT#51	CP-110064 CP-110064	C4-110322 C4-110882		6	F	Serving Network IE		10.2.0
				0844		В	Serving Network IE APN based congestion control	10.1.0	10.2.0 10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110882	0844 0856 0858	6			10.1.0 10.1.0 10.1.0	

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2011-03	CT#51						Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) in	10.1.0	10.2.0
	0	CP-110049	C4-110994	0918	2	A	Delete Bearer Response		10.0.0
2011-03	CT#51	CD 110040	C4-110889	0001	4	۸	UE Time Zone condition Delete Session Request	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110049 CP-110049	C4-110889	0901 0889	1	A	Subscribed UE-AMBR in mobility procedure	10 1 0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	01-110049	04-10371	0003	5	~	Essential correction to the fallback to GTPv1		10.2.0
2011 00	01//01	CP-110049	C4-110990	0884	5	А	feature	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51				-		RAT Type in the Modify bearer request	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110049	C4-110333	0881	1	Α	message		
2011-03	CT#51						Missed procedures for the Delete Session	10.1.0	10.2.0
	0	CP-110049	C4-110170		-	A	Request and Response messages		10.0.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110049	C4-110330	0866	1	A	Correction to passing of LDN		10.2.0
2011-03 2011-03	CT#51 CT#51	CP-110049	C4-110074	0862	-	A	S103 resource release Essential correction to the to GTPv2 cause		10.2.0
2011-03	C1#51	CP-110049	C4-110186	0886	- I	А	table	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	01-110045	04 110100	0000		~	Essential correction to the encoding of Target	10 1 0	10.2.0
2011 00	01#01	CP-110042	C4-110979	0914	1	А	RNC-ID	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110056	C4-111009		5	В	Unsupported Bearer Handling for LIPA	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110083	C4-110952	0892	3	В	Adding IMSI to DDN	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110053	C4-110824	0899	1	Α	Temporary Mobile Group Identity		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						Correcting IE Type for Bearer QoS IE from	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110042	C4-110365	0867	1	A	Variable to Extendable		
2011-03	CT#51	00 440000		0000			UE Time Zone condition in Modify Bearer	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110266	-	0903	2	A	Request Serving network in the Create Session	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	C1#51	CP-110059	C4-110583	0915	-	в	Request message	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110072	C4-110887	0923	-	B	CS BIT to be available for initial message	10 1 0	10.2.0
2011-05	00.	0		0020			Editorial correction in section 7.10 because of	10.2.0	
							misimplentation of CT#51 agreed CR C4-		
							110990		
2011-06	CT#52						Mapping of ASN.1/PER parameters to GTPv2	10.2.1	10.3.0
	07.70	CP-110355		0927	2	A	IEs		10.0.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110355		0940	3	F	Downlink Data Notification for S4		10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110355	C4-111551	0964	1	A	IE Type Extendable Corrections		10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110366	C4-111596	0930	2	А	Fix SRVCC related data transfer between MMEs/SGSNs	10.2.1	10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52	01-110300	04-111330	0330	2	~	UE Time Zone IE in Delete Session Request	10.2.1	10.3.0
	001	CP-110366	C4-111529	0932	1	А	message		
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110366		0943	1	Α	Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag	10.2.1	10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110366	C4-111545	0953	1	Α	Temporary Rejection Cause	10.2.1	10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110366	C4-111556	0958	1	Α	Cause IE in DDN message	-	10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52					_	Alignment with stage 2 for EPC node restart	10.2.1	10.3.0
	07.70	CP-110378		0928	2	B	with active ISR		
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110374	C4-111434	0924	1	F	Setting a sequence number in a Command		10.3.0
2011-06 2011-06	CT#52 CT#52	CP-110374 CP-110374	C4-111487 C4-111488	0941 0944	1	F	Clarification for Create Session Response Max MBR/APN-AMBR		10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110374 CP-110374			2	F	Inactive Emergency PDN Handling		10.3.0
2011-00	CT#52	CP-110374 CP-110374			5	B	ARP supporting on M3 interface for MBMS		10.3.0
2011-00	CT#52	CP-110374	C4-111230	0949		F	Downlink Data Notification message		10.3.0
2011	CT#52	CP-110374	C4-111495	0950	1	F	Serving Network		10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110374	C4-111593	0956	2	F	Serving Network IE in Modify Bearer Request		10.3.0
2011-06	CT#52						LAPI during UE initiated bearer resource	10.2.1	10.3.0
		CP-110369	C4-111164	0945		В	allocation / modification procedures		
2011-08							Editorial correction in section 7.10 because of	10.3.0	10.3.1
							misimplentation of CT#51 agreed CR C4-		
2011-09	CT#53	CP-110721		0969	1	٨	Additional MM context for SRVCC	10.2.1	10.4.0
2011-09	CT#53	GF-110721	-	0909		A	Conditional MM context for SRVCC		10.4.0
2011-09	01#00	CP-110557	C4-112158	0977	1	А	during a HO from 3GPP to non-3GPP	10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-09	CT#53	CP-110557	C4-112150	0986	1	A	Essential Clarification for SGSN pool	10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-09	CT#53						Essential correction to handling of EPDN		10.4.0
		CP-110557	C4-112162	0994	1	Α	session for UICCless UE	L	
2011-09	CT#53						Correction to ULI and UCI IE inclusion	10.3.1	10.4.0
		CP-110557	C4-112169	0996	1	Α	condition in Change Notification Req		
		1			.	.	Correction to header TEID of Suspend	10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-09	CT#53	AB ()		1000	1	A	Notification over S3/S16		
2011-09		CP-110557	C4-112191				Enders de delle la service de la delle	40.0 1	40 1 1
	CT#53 CT#53				4	^	Extended IE handling when received fields are	10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-09 2011-09	CT#53	CP-110557	C4-112195	1002	1	A	less than expected fields		
2011-09 2011-09 2011-09	CT#53 CT#53	CP-110557 CP-110557	C4-112195 C4-112199	1002 1016	1	Α	less than expected fields Cause Code for DDN	10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-09 2011-09	CT#53	CP-110557	C4-112195	1002			less than expected fields	10.3.1 10.3.1	

2011-09 CT#03 CP-110867 C4-112240 0982 2 F IP address parameter 10.3 10.4.0 2011-09 CT#03 CP-110867 C4-112146 0983 1 F Node Type 10.3 10.4.0 2011-09 CT#33 CP-110867 C4-112146 0983 1 F Node Type 10.3 10.4.0 2011-09 CT#33 CP-110867 C4-112147 0984 1 F Recovery IE in MBMS Session Stop Respone 10.3 10.4.0 2011-09 CT#33 CP-110867 C4-112143 0984 1 F Message 10.3 10.4.0 10.3 10.4.0 10.3 10.4.0 10.3 10.4.0 10.0.0	Date	TSG #	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2011-90 CT#35 CP-110667 C4-112145 0987 1 F Signaling path failure handing. 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#55 CP-110667 C4-112146 0987 1 F Confication for Context Not Found 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#55 CP-110667 C4-112140 0888 1 F Confication for Context Not Found 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#55 CP-110667 C4-111308 1006 F Downik Data Modification for 4 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#55 CP-110677 C4-112130 10061 F Downik Data Modification for 4 10.3.1 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0					-					-
2011-90 CT#S3 CP-110667 C4-112146 0983 1 F Node Type 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#S3 CP-110667 C4-112147 0984 F Recovery IE in MBMS Session Stop Response 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#S3 CP-110667 C4-11246 0984 F Recovery IE in MBMS Session Stop Response 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#S3 CP-110667 C4-111380 1001 F Dotheline Baars Request 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-90 CT#S3 CP-110677 C4-111230 1072 F Comfication to DAF PAA usage 10.4.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 10.4.0 11.0.0 <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	-									
2011-00 CT#53 CP-110667 C4-11244 0888 1 F Clarification for Context Not Found 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110667 C4-11244 0888 1 F Rearward PCO fram Failed Bearer Context 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110667 C4-111240 076 F Orwarin Cata Markatom for Context Not Found 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110667 C4-111240 076 F Definition for Context Not Found 10.4.0 11.0.0 11.4.0 10.4.0 11.0.0 10.4.0 11.0.0										
2011-09 CT#103 C-P-11067 C4-112147 OBB F Recovery IE in MBMS Session Stop Response 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-09 CT#53 CP-110667 C4-11183 1001 F Removal of PCO from Failed Bearer Context 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-09 CT#53 CP-110667 C4-111803 101 F Heales North Request 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-09 CT#53 CP-110677 C4-111213 0972 1 F Olltag in Delets Session Request 10.0.1 11.0.0 11.0.1 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.1 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0 11.0.0	-									
CP-110667 C4-11247 (988) f F message message </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			0	0						
2011-00 CT#S3 CP-110657 C4-111390 1001 F and the second of			CP-110567	C4-112147	0988	1	F			
2011-00 CT#63 CP-110567 C4-112183 101 I F Downlink Data Nutlification for S4 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110577 C4-112130 0972 I F Olffed in Delete Session Request 10.4.0 11.0.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110577 C4-111715 0974 F Correcting Port Number IE type definition 10.4.0 11.0.0	2011-09	CT#53							10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-00 CT#63 CP-110567 C4-112183 101 I F Downlink Data Nutlification for S4 10.3.1 10.4.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110577 C4-112130 0972 I F Olffed in Delete Session Request 10.4.0 11.0.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110577 C4-111715 0974 F Correcting Port Number IE type definition 10.4.0 11.0.0			CP-110567	C4-111839	1001		F	of Delete Bearer Request		
2011-09 CT#S3 CP-110577 C4-11230 OT14 F ME1 in Modify Bearer Request 10.40 11.0.0 2011-09 CT#S3 CP-110577 C4-11231 OP31 F Clarification to DAF PAA usage 10.40 11.0.0	2011-09	CT#53	CP-110567	C4-111906	1006		F		10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-00 CT#53 CF-110577 C4-11213 0973 1 F Ottagin Delete Session Request 10.4.0 11.0.0 2011-00 CT#53 CF-110577 C4-111215 0973 1 F Clarification to DAP PAA usage 10.4.0 11.0.0 2011-00 CT#53 CF-110577 C4-111215 0974 1 F Clarification on the Bearer Contexts to be removed IE in Modify Access Bearers Request 10.4.0 11.0.0 2011-09 CT#54 CP-110677 C4-112266 1026 CR 0914r1 title in history table corrected as in 10.0.0 11.0.1 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112268 1026 F Delete Session Response 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112261 1035 1 F Correction on SGW-FQ-CSID 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112261 1053 4 Integration SGW-FQ-CSID 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.0.1 <t< td=""><td>2011-09</td><td></td><td>CP-110557</td><td>C4-112193</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>F</td><td></td><td>10.3.1</td><td>10.4.0</td></t<>	2011-09		CP-110557	C4-112193		1	F		10.3.1	10.4.0
2011-00 CT#53 CP-11057 C4-11213 0974 F Correcting PON Number El type definition 10.4.0 11.0.0 2011-00 CT#53 CP-110574 C4-11213 0989 3 B Interfaces 2011-09 CT#53 CP-110574 C4-112213 0989 3 B Interfaces Interfaces 2011-09 CT#53 CP-110574 C4-112213 0989 3 B Interfaces Interfaces Interfaces Interfaces 2011-09 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112286 Interfaces	2011-09	CT#53	CP-110577	C4-112130	0972	1	F		10.4.0	11.0.0
2011-09 CT#53 CF-110574 C4-111231 0989 3 B Interfaces 10.40 11.00 2011-09 CT#53 CF-110584 C4-112231 0989 1 F Cardication on the Bearer Contexts to be removed IE in Modify Access Bearers Request 10.40 11.00 2011-09 CF CF-110577 C4-11228 0990 1 F message 10.40 11.00 11.0.1 2011-09 CF CF-110810 C4-112280 1026 F Delete Session Response 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112281 1026 F Delete Session Response 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112281 1049 F TF TF TF Correction to Downlink Data Nollification 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110790 C4-112281 1048 2 A message due to control plane signalling 10.0.1 11.0.1 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110790 C4-112281 <td>2011-09</td> <td></td> <td>CP-110577</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>F</td> <td></td> <td>10.4.0</td> <td>11.0.0</td>	2011-09		CP-110577			1	F		10.4.0	11.0.0
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2011-12 CT#54 CP-110784 C4-113139 1106 2 A Downlink bearers release during mobility procedure 11.0.1	2011-12	CT#54							11 0 1	11 1 0
CP-110784 C4-113139 1106 2 A procedure 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-113086 1027 2 F SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection 11.0.1 11.0.1 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-113144 1066 3 F PDN Type and DAF dependency case 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-113087 1072 1 F interface 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-113087 1072 1 F interface 11.0.1 11.1.1 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-113088 1073 1 F message 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.1.0 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-113083 1085 2 C C TEID 11.0.1 11.0.1 11.1.1 2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112753 1091 - F DRX parameter 11			5. 110/04	0.110110		-				
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2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112753 1091 - F DRX parameter 11.0.1	2011-12	CT#54							11.0.1	11.1.0
2011-12 CT#54 CP-110810 C4-112754 1092 - B ZUC based EEA3 and EIA3 security algorithm 11.0.1 1										
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2011-12 CT#54 Correction on the bearer context for 11.0.1 11.1.0	2011-12	CT#54							11 0 1	11 1 0
			51-110/30	54-115071	1034		~			
	2011-12	01#04	CP-110700	C4-113077	1006	2	Δ		11.0.1	11.1.0

Date	TSG #	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2011-12	CT#54					_	UE Time Zone condition in Modify Bearer	11.0.1	11.1.0
0011.10	07/15 4	CP-110790		1108	-	A	Request		
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110815	C4-112975	1067	1	В	PGW restoration upon PGW failure w/o restart		11.1.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110792	C4-113160	1070	3	А	Authentication with external networks over GTP S2b	11.0.1	11.1.0
2011-12	CT#54	01-110/92	04-113100	1070	5	~	Add vSRVCC indicator to Delete Bearer	11 0 1	11.1.0
2011-12	01#34	CP-110816	C4-112698	1086	-	В	Command	11.0.1	11.1.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120017	C4-120016	1117	-	A	Handover to CSG cell with emergency bearer	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120017	C4-120022	1120	-	Α	Pre-Rel-7 QoS description correction	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120017	C4-120426	1126	2	Α	Reserved Bearer Context at SRNS Relocation	11.1.0	
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120017	C4-120429	1146	2	Α	Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120017	C4-120435	1180	1	Α	ULI reporting for S4		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55						UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification	11.1.0	11.2.0
	07/17-	CP-120026	C4-120520	1133	6	A	Procedure		
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120026	C4-120041	1135		۸	Presence requirements of Information Elements	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CF-120020	64-120041	1155	-	A	Max MBR/APN-AMBR in enhanced SRNS	11.1.0	11 2 0
2012-03	01#33	CP-120026	C4-120161	1141	2	А	relocation procedure	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120026	C4-120085	1147	1	A	Clarification of Echo Response	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	020020	01120000				Location change reporting support indication		11.2.0
		CP-120026	C4-120095	1152	1	А	related correction	_	_
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120026	C4-120101	1154	1	Α	Fix Inter RAT HO issue when ISR active	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55						Bearer Context to be modified in the Modify	11.1.0	11.2.0
		CP-120036	C4-120573	1077	4	F	Bearer Request message		
2012-03	CT#55				_	_	Mapping between S11/S4 and NAS Cause	11.1.0	11.2.0
0040.00	OT#55	CP-120036	C4-120500	1113	2	F	values		44.0.0
2012-03	CT#55	CD 100026	C4 400070	1111	4	C	Absolute time for MBMS data transfer start	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120036	C4-120078 C4-120083	1114 1155	1	C F	and stop Cause code description	11 1 0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120036		1158	-	F	SRVCC PS to CS Response		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120036	C4-120503	1170	1	F	Charging ID for Non-3GPP IP Access		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120036	C4-120504	1171	1	F	Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	020000	01120001				Clean up of the irrelevant cause codes from		11.2.0
		CP-120036	C4-120505	1173	1	F	the GTPv2 triggered messages		
2012-03	CT#55						PGW based provisioning of the DNS server	11.1.0	11.2.0
		CP-120036		1175	2	F	address for the S2b interface		
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120036		1177	-	F	GTPv2 header		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120042		1159	2	В	New IEs for ePDG scenario		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120041		1161	-	F	Voice/Video bearer for vSRVCC		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120045	C4-120232	1163	-	B	Addition of GTP based S2a in clauses 1 to 6		11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	CP-120045 CP-120045	C4-120457	1164 1165	1	B	Create Session Request on GTP based S2a		11.2.0 11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55 CT#55	CP-120045	C4-120459	1105	1	Б	Create Bearer Request on GTP based S2a Delete Session Request & Delete Bearer		11.2.0
2012-03	01#55	CP-120045	C4-120460	1166	1	в	Request on GTP based S2a	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55	01 120010	01120100	1100			Modify Bearer Command & Update Bearer	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012 00	01#33	CP-120045	C4-120461	1167	1	В	Request on GTP based S2a	11.1.0	11.2.0
2012-03	CT#55						Trace Session Activation & Deactivation on	11.1.0	11.2.0
		CP-120045	C4-120462	1168	1	В	GTP based S2a	_	_
2012-03	CT#55						Delete PDN Connection Set on GTP based	11.1.0	11.2.0
		CP-120045	C4-120238	1169	-	В	S2a		
2012-06	CT#56					_	CSR and MBR message for SGW restoration	11.2.0	11.3.0
0040.00	07/150	CP-120230		1156	1	B	procedure	44.0.0	44.0.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120230		1157	3	В	Context Response message		11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120233	C4-120892 C4-121239	1162	2 5	F	Reporting of H(e)NB local IP address and port	11.2.0	11.3.0
2012-06 2012-06	CT#56 CT#56	CP-120228	64-121239	1182	5		Adding Originating Node IE to the Delete	11 2 0	11.3.0
2012-00	01#50	CP-120228	C4-121327	1183	5	F	Session Request for ISR cases	11.2.0	11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120223		1186	1	B	Updated UE local IP in S2b procedure	1120	11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120240		1187	2	B	Network provided Location Information		11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120224		1191	1	A	CFSI in the modify access bearers request		11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120228		1194	-	F	The usage of TEID0		11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120230	C4-120696	1195	-	В	Inclusion of MME/S4-SGSN Identifier		11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56						PGW Downlink Triggering		11.3.0
		CP-120230	C4-120888	1196	1	В	Notification/Acknowledge		
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120234	C4-120945	1197	2	В	Additions for CS to PS SRVCC	11.2.0	11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56						Mapping of NAS ESM/SM Cause codes to		11.3.0
		CP-120228	C4-120861	1198	1	F	S11/S4 Cause codes		
2012-06	CT#56	00.000	o		_	_	Release of old S3 GTP-C TEIDs during I-RAT	11.2.0	11.3.0
0040.00	OT	CP-120228	C4-121236	1199	3	F	HO with ISR active	44.5.5	44.0.0
2012-06	CT#56	CD 100000	C4 100060	1200	0	-	ULI inclusion condition during Service Request	11.2.0	11.3.0
		CP-120228	C4-120963	1200	2	F	procedure when ISR is active		

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2012-06	CT#56						Addition of Subnet Mask and Default Router	11.2.0	11.3.0
		CP-120238	C4-120881	1201	1	В	Address in Create Session Response for Trusted WLAN Access over S2a		
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120228	C4-120867	1202	1	F	Clarify mandatory/conditional IE inclusion in error response msg	11.2.0	11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120228	C4-121335	1210	2	F	TAD in the Bearer Resource Command message	11.2.0	11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120228		1211	_	F	More choices of mapping between GTPv2 cause code to the NAS ESM/SM Cause codes	11.2.0	11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120228		1211	-	F	Extended RNC ID in Target Identification IE	1120	11.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	01 120220	04 121201	1210			Clarification to "SGW node name" & "SGW		11.3.0
		CP-120228	C4-121242	1214	1	F	S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane" IE presence conditions	_	
2012-09	CT#57	020220	0.12.2.2				SGW DL/UL F-TEID for data forwarding in	11.3.0	11.4.0
		CP-120448		1230	-	Α	Forward Relocation Response message		
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120477	C4-121718	1216	1	В	RAT Type for EPC access via TWAN		11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	00 400 457	04 404070	1017		_	Encoding of Absolute Time of MBMS Data	11.3.0	11.4.0
0040.00	CT#57	CP-120457	C4-121370	1217	-	F	Transfer Sender"s F-TEID in the Forward Relocation	11.3.0	44.4.0
2012-09		CP-120457	C4-121778	1219	2	F	Response		-
2012-09	CT#57	00 400457	04 404 404	4004		-	Presence condition of APN-AMBR in the	11.3.0	11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120457 CP-120457	C4-121431 C4-121700	1221 1222	- 2	F	Modify Bearer Response message GTP Tunnel	11.3.0	11/0
2012-09	CT#57	01-120407	04-121700	1222	2		Delete Session Request usage in SGW with		11.4.0
	00.	CP-120457	C4-121739	1224	1	F	active ISR		
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120457	C4-121495	1226	-	F	Context Request note error		11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120457	C4-121549		-		PAA clarification for PDN type IPv4v6		11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120457	C4-121779	1232	2	F	F-TEID interface types for Indirect Forwarding		11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120457	C4-121780	1233	2	F	Zero TEID Usage In Relocation Cancel Response	11.3.0	11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120457		1235	1	F	PDP connection inactivity timer expires	11.3.0	11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120475		1220	1	B	MSV flag in rSRVCC procedure		11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120475	C4-121729	1236	-	В	Selected PLMN ID	11.3.0	11.4.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120656	-	1237	1	F	Reference list correction to align with the corrected TS 29.212 title	11.3.0	11.4.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120718	C4-122178	1240	1	A	Removal of Maximum MBR/APN-AMBR	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58						Change to Report Flags for delayed reporting of change of SN/TZ during inter-CN node	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120718	C4-122560	1243	3	Α	mobility Additional MBR for delayed reporting of	1140	11.5.0
2012-12	01#30	CP-120718	C4-122227	1270	1	А	change of SN/TZ/UCI	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120718	C4-122672	1291	3	Α	Delete Bearer Request with ISR deactivation	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744	C4122224	1231	4	F	Adding a Cause Value in Delete Session Request message	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744	C4-121883	1238	-	F	Forward Relocation Request over the S3 interface	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	01 120111	01121000	1200		•	Corrections to reference titles and octet	11.4.0	11.5.0
		CP-120744	C4-121896	1244	-	F	numbering of IE definitions		
2012-12	CT#58						Clarifications on sending/new node and	11.4.0	11.5.0
		CP-120744	C4-121897	1245	_	F	receiving/old node about Identification Request message		
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744	C4-121007	1246	-	F	Multiple CSID	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58						TEID of the Change Notification Request and		11.5.0
		CP-120744	C4-121911	1247	-	F	Response messages		
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744	C4-122557	1253	3	F	Suspend Notification/Acknowledge message in SGSN pool	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58		C4-121937	1254	-	F	Sender F-TEID IE in Modify Bearer Request message	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744		1262	1	F	Clarification of Delete Bearer Failure Indication	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744		1263	2	F	Cause value 'ISR deactivation'		11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744	C4-122173	1264	1	F	IPv4 address allocation	11.4.0	11.5.0
	CT#58	CP-120744	C4-122174	1265	1	с	Sender F-TEID in DDN msg (network triggered service restoration procedure)	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12							Correction to IP Address Instance values in	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12 2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744	C4-122047	1268	-	- F	ICSRed & MBREd		
	CT#58 CT#58	CP-120744		1268	-	F	CSReq & MBReq Clarifications on value definitions of PDN	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12 2012-12	CT#58	CP-120744 CP-120744		1268 1273	-	F	Clarifications on value definitions of PDN Type, Security Mode and Used NAS Cipher IE		
2012-12			C4-122290 C4-122558	1273 1276	- - 1 1		Clarifications on value definitions of PDN	11.4.0	11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0

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2012-12	CT#58						Sender F-TEID in PGW Downlink Triggering	11.4.0	11.5.0
		CP-120739		1271	1	С	Notification		
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120739	C4-122615	1278	2	В	SGW failure when ISR is active enhancement		11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	00 400700	04 400004	4070	0	_	TWAN operator identification for EPC access	11.4.0	11.5.0
0040.40	07#50	CP-120733	C4-122601	1272	2	F	charging	11 1 0	44.5.0
2012-12	CT#58 CT#58	CP-120733	C4-122654	1286	3	Г	Trusted WLAN AP identity over GTP S2a H(e)NB local IP address/port in create session		11.5.0 11.5.0
2012-12	01#30	CP-120726	C4-122563	1279	1	F	request	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	01-120720	04-122303	1213	1	-	Removal of TFT IE from Create Session	1140	11.5.0
2012 12	01#30	CP-120710	C4-122565	1257	2	А	Response message	11.4.0	11.5.0
2012-12	CT#58	0. 1201.10	0.122000		_		Clarifications on RAT Type Values 'UTRAN'	11.4.0	11.5.0
		CP-120744	C4-122168	1258	1	F	and 'HSPA evolution'		
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130021	C4-130405	1306	2	F	Populating Serving Network	11.5.0	11.6.0
2013-03	CT#59						IMSI in Suspend Notification for UICCless	11.5.0	11.6.0
		CP-130021	C4-130406	1307	2	F	Emergency Call		
2013-03	CT#59						User CSG Information reporting during inter-	11.5.0	11.6.0
		CP-130018		1310	2	A	MME/SGSN mobility		
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130027	C4-130218	1320	-	F	Sending SSID for SaMOG in GTP		11.6.0
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130029	C4-130371	1296	1	F	Bearer QoS		12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130029	C4-130372	1297	1	F	Clarificatyion of term 'PS mobility'		12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	00 400000	04 400070	4000		_	Corrections to abbreviation of Radio Access	11.6.0	12.0.0
0040.00	07/50	CP-130029		1302	1	F	Technology and definition of cause value	44.0.0	10.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130029		1303	1	F	Corrections to descriptions of RFSP Index		12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130029	C4-130384	1311	1	F	Correct the NOTE for Cause value		12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130029	C4 120295	1212	1	F	Corrections to Table Content, IE and Text Color	11.6.0	12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130029	C4-130385	1312	1	Г	Cause value in Update PDN Connection Set	1160	12.0.0
2013-03	01#39	CP-130029	C4-130368	1316	1	F	Response	11.0.0	12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	01-130023	04-100000	1010		•	EPS bearer ID derived for Downlink Data	1160	12.0.0
2010 00	01//00	CP-130029	C4-130369	1318	1	F	Notification	11.0.0	12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59	0. 100020	0.100000			•	Correcting the Flow QoS IE reference for	11.6.0	12.0.0
		CP-130029	C4-130392	1319	1	F	Bearer Resource Command		
2013-03	CT#59	CP-130031	C4-130400	1308	1	F	Clarification of Resume when S4-U is enabled	11.6.0	12.0.0
2013-03	CT#59						Stop Paging Indication in service restoration		12.0.0
		CP-130031	C4-130399	1313	1	F	procedure		
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130304	C4-130935	1324	1	F	Direct Tunnel Flag		12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130304		1322	-	F	Handling ASN.1/PER encoded parameters		12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130304	C4-130933	1321	2	F	Presence requirements clarification		12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60						CR on Unaccepted PDN connection during	12.0.0	12.1.0
		CP-130304		1330	3	F	TAU and Handover		
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130304		1343	1	F	TWAN Identifier		12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130304	C4-130946	1339	1	F			12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	CD 400004	04 404007	4007	0	_	The setting EPS bearer ID/ARP for MME	12.0.0	12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130304	C4-131007	1337	2	F	paging strategy	12.0.0	1210
2013-00	C1#00	CP-130304	C4-130943	1336	2	F	Delete Bearer Request triggered by PMIP error indication message	12.0.0	12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	01-130304	04-130343	1550	2	•	Prohibit Payload Compression Indication	12.0.0	12.1.0
2010 00	01#00	CP-130304	C4-130947	1332	1	F	Corrections	12.0.0	12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130296			2	A	ULI Timestamp	12.0.0	12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130378		1323	1	В	SIPTO at the local network		12.1.0
2013-06	CT#60	0. 100010	0.100010				Removal of TFT IE from Create Session		12.1.0
		CP-130282	C4-130791	1346	-	А	Response message		_
2013-06	CT#60						Bearer Context to be modified in Modify	12.0.0	12.1.0
		CP-130290	C4-131035	1329	2	Α	Bearer Request		
2013-09	CT#61						Reporting ULI and TimeZone at MME-initiated	12.1.0	12.2.0
		CP-130449		1350	1	Α	bearer related procedures		
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130454		1347	1	В	New MBMS flags for eMBMS restoration		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130467		1348	1	F	Serving Network IE definition		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130467	C4-131528	1354	3	F	Indication Flags		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130467	C4-131519	1355	2	F	Sending Recovery IE in GTPv2-C messages		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	00 400 400			-	_	Enforcing access restriction during I-RAT	12.1.0	12.2.0
	07/01	CP-130467	C4-131500	1361	2	В	RAU/TAU procedures		10.0.0
2013-09	CT#61	00 400407	04 404 400	4074	4	-	Modify Access Bearer for Intra TAU w/o SGW	12.1.0	12.2.0
2012.00	OT#04	CP-130467	C4-131466	1371	1	F	change	10.4.0	10.0.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130467	C4-131458	1372	1	D	GTP-C message types for rSRVCC		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130446	C4-131342	1352	1	A	Returning to former LTE PLMN after CSFB		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130443	C4-131473	1363	1	А	Inclusion of ePDG IP address of IKEv2 tunnel endpoint on S2b-GTP	12.1.0	12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130443 CP-130453	C4-131473	1363	1	B	SIPTO at the Local Network	1210	12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130455 CP-130462		1365	1	F	GERAN lu Mode		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130462 CP-130470		1365	-	В	Update to cover the S121		12.2.0
2013-09	CT#61	CP-130470 CP-130583	-	1368	- 4	A	ULI Timestamp IE format		12.2.0
				1000	i →	~		112.1.0	12.2.0

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2013-12	CT#62					_	Reporting the RAN/NAS release cause during	12.2.0	12.3.0
0040.40	07/00	CP-130626		1374	3	В	bearer release procedures	10.0.0	10.0.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626 CP-130626	C4-131598 C4-132262	1375 1376	- 4	F	MM Context IE in Identification Response	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12 2013-12	CT#62 CT#62	CF-130020	04-132202	1370	4	D	Core Network Operator selection origin Correct Presence requirement for Conditional		12.3.0
2013-12	01#02	CP-130626	C4-131857	1378	1	F	IE	12.2.0	12.5.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626	C4-131837	1382	1	F	Delete Session Request/Response	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626	C4-131838	1383	1	F	Correction the ULI for RAI IE	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62						Correct the Message Type value reserved for	12.2.0	
		CP-130626		1384	1	F	S101		
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626		1385	1	F	Harmonisation of the abbreviation LBI	12.2.0	
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626	C4-132187	1391	1	F	Variable length parameters in GTPv2 IEs		12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626	C4-132188	1392	1	F	Removing APN-AMBR from Modify Bearer Response	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62						Clarification on encoding of bit rates when	12.2.0	12.3.0
							converting bits per second received over		
		00 400000	04 400400	1000		_	Diameter interfaces to kilo bits per second		
0040.40	OT#00	CP-130626		1393	1	F	over GTPv2.	10.0.0	10.0.0
2013-12 2013-12	CT#62 CT#62	CP-130626	C4-132247	1396	2	F	Correct the value of the Selection Mode IE Cause IE condition in the Delete Session	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626	C4-132193	1397	1	F	Request	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62	01 100020	04 102 100	1007			S1-U eNodeB F-TEID in Create Bearer	12.2.0	12.3.0
	001	CP-130626	C4-132280	1398	2	F	Response		
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626		1400	2	F	SS code used in the Paging message	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130626	C4-132224	1405	1	F	PGW IP Addresses in Initial Messages	12.2.0	12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62						PGW and SGW Charging alignment in	12.2.0	12.3.0
		CP-130626	C4-132249	1406	2	В	downlink		
2013-12	CT#62			4007	~		ULI reporting in the Create Session Request	12.2.0	12.3.0
0040.40	OT/100	CP-130613		1387	2	A	and Modify Bearer Request message	10.0.0	10.0.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130604	C4-132222	1390	1	A	Correction on Trace information Support HO indication and additional PDN		12.3.0
2013-12	CT#62	CP-130633	C4-132250	1394	2	в	request on the S2a GTP interface	12.2.0	12.3.0
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140029		1409	1	F	F-TEID Interface Type 8	12.3.0	1240
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140029		1410	2	F	S12, S4-U, S1-U F-TEID values	12.3.0	
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140029	C4-140378	1411	2	F	Triggered messages	12.3.0	
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140029		1413	2	F	F-Container Definition Correction	12.3.0	
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140029	C4-140387	1417	2	F	CSG Membership Indication values	12.3.0	
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140029	C4-140330	1418	1	F	Dummy IMSI in Resume Notification	12.3.0	12.4.0
2014-03	CT#63						Sender F-TEID in the Delete Session Request	12.3.0	12.4.0
		CP-140029	C4-140379	1419	2	F	message		
2014-03	CT#63	00 440000	04 4 40000	4 4 9 9	4	-	PLMN ID communicated to the HPLMN in	12.3.0	12.4.0
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140029	C4-140332	1423	1	F	network sharing TWAN-ID reporting extensions for NPLI for	12.3.0	12.4.0
2014-03	01#03	CP-140030	C4-140319	1421	1	в	TWAN-ID reporting extensions for NPEI for	12.3.0	12.4.0
2014-03	CT#63	01-140030	04 140313	1721			TWAN-ID contents extensions for NPLI for	1230	12.4.0
2011.00	01//00	CP-140030	C4-140320	1422	1	В	TWAN access	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-03	CT#63						TWAN location retrieval in Update Bearer	12.3.0	12.4.0
		CP-140030	C4-140318	1436	-	В	Request		
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140031	C4-140414	1429	3	В	Trusted WLAN mode indication		12.4.0
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140022	C4-140368	1431	1	Α	Update the ULI Timestamp IE format		12.4.0
2014-03	CT#63	00 440000	04 4 4000-	4 405	~		Bearer context in Update Bearer Response	12.3.0	12.4.0
2014 02	CT#CO	CP-140022	C4-140385	1435	2	A	when DTF is set	10.0.0	12.4.0
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140021	C4-140358	1433	1	А	Temporarily rejected due to mobility procedure in progress	12.3.0	12.4.0
2014-03	CT#64	01-140021	0	1700	-	~	Introduction of Node Number and Node	1240	12.5.0
							Identifier (to carry SGSN Lgd Identifier and	12.4.0	12.0.0
		CP-140261	C4-141109	1438	3	F	MME SLg identifier)		
2014-06	CT#64						Number of authentication vectors in the MM	12.4.0	12.5.0
		CP-140261	C4-140739	1443	1	F	Context IE		
2014-06	CT#64					_	Context Response with P-TMSI Signature	12.4.0	12.5.0
0044.00	OT IS :	CP-140261	C4-140885	1444	2	F	mismatch	40.45	40.5.5
2014-06	CT#64	CD 440004	CA 4 40774	1440	4	-	Including CSG change reporting for Change	12.4.0	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140261 CP-140261	C4-140774 C4-140787	1448 1452	1	F	Notification procedure Spare bits in MM Context	12/0	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	06-140201	04-140/0/	1402			User CSG Information reporting in rollback		12.5.0
2014-00	01#04	CP-140261	C4-140790	1455	1	F	case	12.4.0	12.0.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140261	C4-140791	1456	1	F	Corrections to Node Type	12.4.0	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140261	C4-140792	1457	1	F	Update the condition of the UE Time Zone IE		12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64			~~~			A new Cause Value for the case where an		12.5.0
	-						MME in the VPLMN refuses to setup/modify a		
		CP-140261	C4-140796		1	F	Bearer		
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140261	C4-141205	1478	2	В	Alternate LMA address for user plane	12.4.0	12.5.0

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2014-06	CT#64					_	PLMN ID communicated in the VPLMN in	12.4.0	12.5.0
		CP-140261	C4-141142	1479	1	F	network sharing		
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140261	C4-141143	1482	1	F	Version Not Supported Indication		12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140261	C4-141224	1489	3	F	IPv6 address allocation	-	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140261	C4-141225	1490	3	F	Context Request Indication flags		12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64				_		Update cause to indicate downlink message	12.4.0	12.5.0
0044.00	07/04	CP-140235	C4-141191	1445	5	A	delivery failure due to crash with mobility event	40.40	40 5 0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140235	C4-140809	1447	2	A	MDT configuration during inter-MME handover		12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CD 440040	04 4 44 4 70		2	D	Reporting changes of UE presence in	12.4.0	12.5.0
2014.00	CT#64	CP-140242	C4-141173	1441	3	B	Presence Reporting Area	40.4.0	40 5 0
2014-06 2014-06	CT#64	CP-140247 CP-140247	C4-140567 C4-151219	1451 1487	- 2	F	PCO in the HO to TWAN procedures PCO in handover to 3GPP access		12.5.0
				-					12.5.0
2014-06 2014-06	CT#64 CT#64	CP-140252 CP-140252	C4-140746 C4-140477	1439 1440	1	B	TWAN Identifier Timestamp Civic address encoding	-	12.5.0 12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CF-140252	64-140477	1440	-	Б	Extension to the TWAN Identifier contents:		12.5.0
2014-06	C1#04	CP-140252	C4-141201	1459	4	в	new Line Identifier (Logical Access ID)	12.4.0	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140252	C4-141201	1481	2	F	SSID not sufficient for TWAN location	12/0	12.5.0
2014-00	CT#64	GF-140232	04-141200	1401	2		Propagation of MME/S4-SGSN identity to		12.5.0
2014-00	01#04	CP-140241	C4-141129	1461	1	В	PGW	12.4.0	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	01-140241	04 141125	1401		0	Updating PGW with overload control	1240	12.5.0
2014 00	01//04	CP-140241	C4-141130	1462	1	В	information of target MME/S4-SGSN	12.4.0	12.0.0
2014-06	CT#64	01 110211		1102	•	5	Interaction with congestion control using APN	1240	12.5.0
2014 00	011104	CP-140241	C4141131	1463	1	В	back-off timer	12.4.0	12.0.0
2014-06	CT#64				-		Discovery of the support of the GTP signalling	12.4.0	12.5.0
2000	00.	CP-140241	C4-141119	1464	1	В	based Load Control feature by the peer node		
2014-06	CT#64			-			Discovery of the support of the GTP signalling	12.4.0	12.5.0
							based Overload Control feature by the peer	_	
		CP-140241	C4-141134	1465	1	В	node		
2014-06	CT#64						Issues in the network with partial support of	12.4.0	12.5.0
		CP-140241	C4-141120	1466	1	В	the GTP Load Control feature		
2014-06	CT#64						Issues in the network with partial support of	12.4.0	12.5.0
		CP-140241	C4-141135	1467	1	В	the GTP Overload Control feature		
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140241	C4-141136	1468	1	В	Implicit overload control mechanisms		12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140241	C4-141116	1469	2	В	Load control solution: General aspects	12.4.0	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140241	C4-141196	1470	3	В	Overload control solution: General aspects	12.4.0	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64						Addition of Load & Overload Control Info IEs in	12.4.0	12.5.0
		CP-140241	C4-141137	1471	1	В	session mgmt. messages		
2014-06	CT#64					_	Definition of new IEs for Load & Overload	12.4.0	12.5.0
		CP-140241	C4-141198	1472	2	В	Control feature		
2014-06	CT#64	0.0.1.100.11	<u></u>			-	Overload problem, scenarios, load and	12.4.0	12.5.0
0044.00	07/04	CP-140241	C4-141117	1475	1	B	overload control concepts	40.4.0	40.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140241	C4-141132	1476	1	В	Overload control: message throttling	-	12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140241	C4-141197	1477	2	В	Enforcement of overload control		12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140241	C4-141199	1480	2	В	Load control information		12.5.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140241	C4-141218	1488	2	В	Overload Control Information		12.5.0
2014-09	CT#65	CD 140510	CA 1410E4	1400		-	Handovers between non-3GPP and 3GPP	12.5.0	12.6.0
2014.00	OT#05	CP-140512		1492	-	F	access	40 5 0	40.0.0
2014-09	CT#65	CP-140512	C4-141643	1493	2	F	Setting Handover Indication flag		12.6.0
2014-09	CT#65	CP-140512	C4 141600	1507	2	в	Reporting the RAN/NAS cause during bearer creation/modification failure scenarios	12.5.0	12.6.0
2014-09	CT#65	CF-140512	C4-141600	1507	2	Б	Correct procedure name for PDN connection	1250	12.6.0
2014-09	C1#05	CP-140512	C4-141551	1510	1	F	deactivation	12.5.0	12.0.0
2014-09	CT#65	CP-140512 CP-140512		1510	1	F	Repeated procedure description	1250	12.6.0
2014-09	CT#65	01-140312	04-141333	1312			Create Session Request received for an		12.6.0
2014-09	01#05	CP-140512	C4-141394	1514	_	F	existing PDN connection	12.5.0	12.0.0
2014-09	CT#65	01 140012	04 141004	1014		•	Deferred SN/CSG/Time zone change reporting	1250	12.6.0
2014 00	01#00	CP-140512	C4-141539	1515	2	F	in GERAN	12.0.0	12.0.0
2014-09	CT#65	CP-140502		1495	2	A	MDT PLMN List configuration parameter	1250	12.6.0
2014-09	CT#65	01-140302	04 141000	1400	2	~	Bearer contexts in Modify Access Bearers		12.6.0
2014 00	01#00	CP-140502	C4-141542	1509	1	А	Request	12.0.0	12.0.0
2014-09	CT#65				-		Inclusion of MME/S4-SGSN Identifier in the	12.5.0	12.6.0
_000	0						Create/Update/Delete Bearer Response		
		CP-140505	C4-141624	1496	3	В	message		
2014-09	CT#65	CP-140505	C4-141546	1498	1	В	Addition of missing changes	12.5.0	12.6.0
2014-09	CT#65						Inclusion PRA information in the		12.6.0
		CP-140522	C4-141577	1497	1	В	Create/Update Bearer Response message		
2014-09	CT#65						Reporting changes of UE presence in a	12.5.0	12.6.0
		CP-140522	C4-141321	1500	-	В	Presence Reporting Area		
2014-09	CT#65						ULI change reporting when E-RAB/RAB/user	12.5.0	12.6.0
		CP-140522	C4-141578	1501	2	В	plane is established		
0044.00	CT#65	CP-140506	C4-141317	1499	-	В	P-CSCF Restoration Indication	12.5.0	12.6.0
2014-09 2014-09	011/00						Introduction of Dual Connectivity Function		12.6.0

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2014-09	CT#65						PGW F-TEID in the PGW Downlink Triggering	12.5.0	12.6.0
		CP-140518	C4-141602	1513	2	В	Notification		
2014-09	CT#65	CD 140501	C4 141560	1510		^	BSS container in Forward Relocation Request	12.5.0	12.6.0
2014-12	CT#66	CP-140501	C4-141560	1518	-	A	/ Response Target Cell Identification in E-UTRAN to	1260	12.7.0
201412	01#00	CP-140758	C4-142256	1505	3	А	GERAN PS Handover	12.0.0	12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66				-		P-CSCF Address Inclusion in PCO IE of	12.6.0	12.7.0
		CP-140761	C4-142125	1540	2	Α	Update Bearer Request		
2014-12	CT#66				_	_	Handling of load control and overload control	12.6.0	12.7.0
0044.40	07/00	CP-140795	C4-142070	1519	2	F	parameters	40.0.0	40.7.0
2014-12	CT#66 CT#66	CP-140795	C4-142098	1520	3	F	Overload control message prioritization Propagating the MME/S4-SGSN identity to the		12.7.0
2014-12	C1#00	CP-140795	C4-142072	1521	2	F	PGW	12.0.0	12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66		01112012	1021	-	•	Overload/Load Control Information IE on	12.6.0	12.7.0
		CP-140795	C4-142396	1542	1	F	S2a/S2b/S4/S11		
2014-12	CT#66						EBI value to use in Downlink Data Notification	12.6.0	12.7.0
		00 4400 70	04444000	4500		_	Triggered by a Dedicated Bearer Activation		
2014 12	CT#66	CP-140972	C4-141993	1523	1	F	procedure when ISR is active Essential clarification on the usage of cause	10.0.0	1070
2014-12	CT#66	CP-140972	C4-142099	1526	3	F	code 'Context Not Found'	12.6.0	12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66	CP-140972	C4-142035	1528	2	F	Pending subscription change	1260	12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66	01 140072	04 142070	1020	~	•	Handovers from non-3GPP IP access to 3GPP		12.7.0
	0	CP-140972	C4-142132	1532	3	F	IP access		
2014-12	CT#66						Removal of Optimized HO procedure from	12.6.0	12.7.0
		CP-140972	C4-142051	1534	1	F	HRPD to EUTRAN		
2014-12	CT#66					_	Type value of the BSS Container IE in Context	12.6.0	12.7.0
0044.40	OT#00	CP-140972		1535	-	F	Response	10.0.0	40.7.0
2014-12 2014-12	CT#66 CT#66	CP-140972	C4-142134	1536	1	F	Length of Recovery IE Additional cause code mapping for non-		12.7.0 12.7.0
2014-12	C1#00	CP-140972	C4-142154	1541	3	F	availability of Services due to LTE-Roaming	12.0.0	12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66	CP-140972		1544	-	F	Missing Value definition of GUTI	12.6.0	12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66	CP-140972	C4-142469	1545	3	F	Message piggybacking clarification		12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66				-		Paging stop indication for ISR during P-CSCF		12.7.0
		CP-140794		1525	1	В	restoration procedure		
2014-12	CT#66	CP-140972	C4-142074	1527	2	F	MEI in Create Session Request		12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66					_	Bearer Contexts to be modified IE in 'Modify	12.6.0	12.7.0
2014 12	CT#66	CP-140794 CP-140779	C4-141945 C4-141971	1529 1530	1	B	Bearer Request TWAN PLMN ID	10.0.0	12.7.0
2014-12 2014-12	CT#66	CP-140779	64-141971	1530	1	Г	WLAN Offloadability transfer during mobilitiy		12.7.0
2014-12	C1#00	CP-140780	C4-142133	1533	5	в	procedures	12.0.0	12.7.0
2014-12	CT#66				-		No change S1 SGW F-TEID in E-UTRAN	12.6.0	12.7.0
		CP-140789	C4-142390	1543	1	F	Initiated E-RAB modification procedure		
2014-12	CT#66						Inclusion of PCO in Delete Session/Bearer	12.6.0	12.7.0
		CP-140784	C4-142398	1548	1	F	Request for TWAN access		
2014-12	CT#66	CD 140706	C4 142060	1504	2	Р	Provisioning of P-CSCF address via APCO for	12.7.0	13.0.0
2014-12	CT#66	CP-140796	C4-142069	1524	2	В	S2b GTP-C overload control from TWAN/ePDG to	1270	13.0.0
2014-12	C1#00	CP-140760	C4-142397	1546	1	в	PGW	12.7.0	13.0.0
2015-03	CT#67		01112001	1010			MBMS Alternative IP Multicast Distribution	13.0.0	13.1.0
		CP-150037	C4-150275	1547	3	В	Address		
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150037		1550	1	F	Clarification of RAC encoding		13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150037	C4-150244		1	F	MBMS Flow Identifier clarification		13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150037	C4-150245	1554	1	F	Unexpected GTP message clarification		13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150037	C4-150268	1556	1	C	UE Registration Query		13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150037	C4-150348	1557	3	F	Correction on definition of IMSI		13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67						Bearer Contexts in Create Bearer Response, Update Bearer Response and Delete Bearer	13.0.0	13.1.0
							Response for partial failure and success		
		CP-150037	C4-150274	1559	1	F	cases.		
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150037	C4-150264	1561	1	F	Cause IMSI not known		13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150037	C4-150277	1566	1	В	TWAN Release Cause		13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67	00 450005	04 45005	4555			ULI IE condition in Create session Request	13.0.0	13.1.0
2010-00	1	CP-150025		1553	2	A	message	12.0.0	12.4.0
	OT#07		1 CA-150207	1563	1	A	PDN Type in PAA IE for S2b case	13.0.0	13.1.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150025		1500	4			1200	
2015-03 2015-03	CT#67	CP-150025 CP-150025	C4-150304	1568	1	A	ULI change reporting upon inter-RAT mobility	13.0.0	
2015-03		CP-150025	C4-150304				Paging Policy Indication in Downlink Data		13.1.0 13.1.0
2015-03 2015-03	CT#67			1568 1565	1	B		13.0.0	
2015-03 2015-03 2015-03	CT#67 CT#67 CT#68	CP-150025	C4-150304				Paging Policy Indication in Downlink Data Notification message ARP Value in Downlink Data Notification message	13.0.0 13.1.0	13.1.0 13.2.0
2015-03 2015-03 2015-03	CT#67 CT#67	CP-150025 CP-150041	C4-150304 C4-150218 C4-150519	1565	1	В	Paging Policy Indication in Downlink Data Notification message ARP Value in Downlink Data Notification	13.0.0 13.1.0	13.1.0

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2015-06	CT#68	00 450070	04 450744	4570	•	_	TEID-C header value not known / Failure	13.1.0	13.2.0
2015-06	CT#68	CP-150270 CP-150270	C4-150714 C4-150427	1570 1573	3	F	Indication message Cause value rules	12.1.0	13.2.0
2015-06	CT#68	CP-150270	64-150427	1573	-	Г	RAT Type in Change Notification Request PCO in CSReg for handover to TWAN with		13.2.0
2015-00	C1#00	CP-150270	C4-150709	1575	2	F	GTP over S2a	13.1.0	13.2.0
2015-06	CT#68	01 100210		1070	-	•	Correction to ULI inclusion for PDP activation	13.1.0	13.2.0
_0.0 00	0	CP-150270	C4-150697	1576	2	С	procedure		
2015-06	CT#68						IE inclusion for non-3GPP to 3GPP handover	13.1.0	13.2.0
		CP-150270	C4-150698	1577	3	F	case		
2015-06	CT#68						Inclusion of EBI in Delete Bearer Request	13.1.0	13.2.0
		CP-150270	C4-150458	1578	-	F	message		
2015-06	CT#68	00 450070	04 450040	4504	_	_	User CSG Information in TAU/RAU with SGW	13.1.0	13.2.0
2015.00	CT#68	CP-150270 CP-150270	C4-150648 C4-150700	1581 1582	2	F B	change procedure	12.1.0	13.2.0
2015-06 2015-06	CT#68	CP-150270 CP-150270		1583	2	B	Session/bearer release cause over S2a Session/bearer release cause over S2b		13.2.0
2015-06	CT#68	CF-150270	64-150701	1565	2	Б	At receiving Delete Bearer Failure Indication		13.2.0
2013-00	01#00	CP-150270	C4-150978	1599	1	F	sent on zero-TEID	15.1.0	15.2.0
2015-06	CT#68	01 100210		1000		•	UCI condition in Modify Bearer Request	13.1.0	13.2.0
		CP-150270	C4-150983	1600	1	F	message		
2015-06	CT#68						Upon receiving unexpected triggered	13.1.0	13.2.0
		CP-150270	C4-151063	1601	2	С	messages		
2015-06	CT#68	CP-150270	C4-150985	1603	1	F	Correction to ULI for the S5/S8 interface		13.2.0
2015-06	CT#68						Presence condition of embedded IEs in a	13.1.0	13.2.0
		CP-150270	C4-150986	1604	1	F	Grouped IE		
2015-06	CT#68					_	EBI and ARP in DDN message sent to S4-	13.1.0	13.2.0
0045.00	07/00	CP-150270	C4-150987	1605	1	F	SGSN	40.4.0	40.0.0
2015-06	CT#68	CD 450070	C4 150099	1000	4	-	Message Granularity of Restoration/Recovery	13.1.0	13.2.0
2015-06	CT#68	CP-150270	C4-150988	1606	1	F	and Path Management messages IMEI(SV) signalling over GTP based S2a and	1210	13.2.0
2015-06	C1#00	CP-150274	C4-150990	1595	1	В	S2b	13.1.0	13.2.0
2015-09	CT#69	01-130274	04-130330	1555		D	Modify Access Bearers Request leading to	1320	13.3.0
2010 00	01#00	CP-150433	C4-151183	1615	-	А	unpause charging in the PGW	10.2.0	10.0.0
2015-09	CT#69	0. 100.00	0.101100				Receipt of a Create Session Request at SGW	13.2.0	13.3.0
	•••••						colliding with an existing PDN connection		
		CP-150442	C4-151305	1608	1	В	context		
2015-09	CT#69						Detection and handling of late arriving	13.2.0	13.3.0
		CP-150442	C4-151389	1609	2	В	requests		
2015-09	CT#69					_	eDRX impact on GTPv2 for network originated	13.2.0	13.3.0
	07.000	CP-150439	C4-151321	1610	1	В	control plane procedure		
2015-09	CT#69						Enhancement in Downlink Data Notification	13.2.0	13.3.0
		CP-150454	C4-151384	1611	2	в	Acknowledgement for extended buffering in the SGW		
2015-09	CT#69	CF-130434	04-131304	1011	2	Б	Data forwarding for buffered DL data during	12.2.0	13.3.0
2013-03	01#03	CP-150454	C4-151385	1612	2	В	TAU/RAU with SGW change	15.2.0	15.5.0
2015-09	CT#69	0. 100.01				_	Usage of Charging Characteristics for	13.2.0	13.3.0
_0.0 00	0	CP-150448	C4-151323	1613	1	В	activating PCC function		
2015-09	CT#69		C4-151199	1616	-	F	SSID and BSSID encoding clarification	13.2.0	13.3.0
2015-09	CT#69	CP-150448	C4-151417	1619	2	В	Monitoring Event Information		13.3.0
2015-09	CT#69						UE Usage Type for Dedicated Core Network	13.2.0	13.3.0
		CP-150440	C4-151435	1620	3	В	Feature		
2015-09	CT#69						Reject Cause in Context Acknowledge for	13.2.0	13.3.0
	07.000	CP-150440	C4-151393	1621	2	В	Dedicated Core Network Feature		
2015-09	CT#69		04 454 400	4005	~	Б	MME/SGSN/SGW/TWAN/ePDG NBIFOM	13.2.0	13.3.0
2015 12	07#70	CP-150451		1625	2	B	support indication	12.2.0	12 1 0
2015-12 2015-12	CT#70 CT#70	CP-150761	C4-151777	1626	1	В	Cell List in MBMS Session Requests Extensions for P-CSCF restoration for trusted		13.4.0 13.4.0
2010-12	C1#70	CP-150780	C4-151534	1627		В	and untrusted WLAN access	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CF-130700	04-131334	1027	-	Б	Emergency PDN connection over untrusted	1330	13.4.0
2010 12	01///0	CP-150770	C4-151721	1628	1	В	WLAN access	10.0.0	10.4.0
2015-12	CT#70				-		User Location Information reporting extensions	13.3.0	13.4.0
	• • • • •	CP-150770	C4-152184	1660	1	В	over S2b		
2015-12	CT#70		C4-151878	1631	2	F	Load and overload metrics on APN level		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150760		1633	2	F	Load and overload IE Instances		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70						Load and overload sequence numbers per		13.4.0
			C4-151880	1635	2	F	node		
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150760	C4-151881	1636	2	F	Load and overload Sequence Number check		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70					_	Modify Bearer Request when "Active flag" is	13.3.0	13.4.0
		CP-150752	C4-151891	1637	3	F	set		
2015-12	CT#70		04 454000	4000	_	-	PCO in Create Session Request and	13.3.0	13.4.0
1	07/70		C4-151833		2	F	Response	40.0.0	40.4.0
2045 40		LUP-150/52	C4-151834	1641	2	F	Context not found in handovers	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12 2015-12	CT#70 CT#70		C4-151595	1645	-	F	Correct the wrong IE name		13.4.0

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2015-12	CT#70	CP-150752	C4-151596	1646	-	F	Coding of CSG ID	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150752	C4-151760	1651	1	В	Extension of GTPv2 IE type	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150752	C4-152361	1653	3	F	Addition of new GTPv2 Cause Code for Credit Check	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150752		1663	1	В	Inclusion of RAN/NAS Cause in Delete Bearer Response	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150752		1665	2	F	F-Container Type Value	1330	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150732	C4-151859	1642	2	B	Network-initiated IP flow mobility		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	01-100770	04-101000	1042	2	D	UE-initiated IP Flow Mobility and IP Flow		13.4.0
		CP-150773	C4-151865	1643	2	В	Mapping Addition of one access to a PDN connection in		
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150773	C4-151866	1644	2	В	NBIFOM		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150773	C4-151819	1650	1	В	Define a cause value for the rejection of additional access to a PDN connection		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150773	C4-152291	1669	1	F	NBIFOM support indication		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150751	C4-151748	1648	1	A	UE Radio Capability for Paging Information		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150751	C4-152347	1658	3	F	Mapping table between GTPv2 S2a and WLCP/Diameter	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150751	C4-152208	1667	1	А	Operation Indication in MME triggered Serving GW relocation procedure	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70						Transferring DTCI and PNSI during inter	13.3.0	13.4.0
		CP-150776		1649	2	В	MME/SGSN mobility procedure		
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150776		1652	1	В	Delay Tolerant Connection Indication		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150776		1655	1	В	DTCI in SGW		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150772		1656	2	В	Remote UE Report Notification		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150756	C4-152222	1662	1	Α	Presence Reporting Area Identifier		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70					_	Handling of Create Session Request without	13.3.0	13.4.0
			C4-152185	1659	1	F	Origination Timestamp		
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150781	C4-152231	1668	1	F	UE Usage Type Coding		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150778	C4-152060	1670	-	В	Monitoring Events in Identification Response		13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150778	C4-152365	1671	3	F	Remove Editor's Note on the Monitoring Event Information	13.3.0	13.4.0
2015-12	CT#70	CP-150765	C4-152220	1680	1	F	Instance numbers for overload control information	13.3.0	13.4.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160016	C4-161357	1684	1	F	Add cause values to TWAN mapping table	13.4.0	13.5.0
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2016-03	CT#71	CP-160035	C4-161167	1692	-	F	PDN Connection Charging ID	13.4.0	13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160038	C4-161121	1685	-	F	Octet number in MM context IE	13.4.0	13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160038	C4-161349	1686	1	F	Protocol Type in Create Session Request		13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160038	C4-161342	1688	1	F	Incorrect use of the term "full hexadecimal representation" to mean binary encoding	13.4.0	13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160038	C4-161159	1691	_	F	Use case for inclusion of the RAN/NAS Cause in Delete Bearer Response	13.4.0	13.5.0
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2016-03	CT#71	CP-160038	C4-161459	1693	3	F	the PGW S11-U tunneling for MO/MT data transport in	1340	13.5.0
2010 00	01//1	CP-160033	C4-161531	1689	3	F	control plane (SGi based) – with new S11-U F- TEIDs	10.4.0	10.0.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160033	C4-161399	1690	1	F	RAT-Type extension for NB-IoT	1340	13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160033		1697	6	В	Transfer of non IP PDN to peer MME during mobility		13.5.0
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2016-03	CT#71	CP-160033	C4-162432	1699	1	В	PDN connection No Create Session Request for Attach without	13.4.0	13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160033	C4-161434	1700	1	В	PDN connection No Paging and Service Information in DDN for	13.4.0	13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160033	C4-161478	1701	2	В	non-IP PDN connections Protocol change for Connection Suspend and		13.5.0
		CP-160033	C4-161415	1704	1	В	Resume Procedure		
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2016-03	CT#71	CP160025	C4-161133	1687	-	F	P-CSCF_RESELECTION_SUPPORT Private Status Type		13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160036	C4-161507	1694	2	В	Cleanup of the editor's notes for reporting remote UE		13.5.0
2016-03	CT#71	CP-160030		1695	1	В	Triggering MT SM retransmission by the SMS GMSC to a UE in eDRX during inter MME/SGSN mobility procedure	13.4.0	13.5.0
2016-06	CT#72		C4-162182		1	A	Correction to the inclusion of PRA IE in Create Sesssion Request on S5/S8 interface	13.5.0	13.6.0
L	1	01 100214			<u> </u>		Cossion Request on Coroo Intenace	I	

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2016-06	CT#72						Handover for non-NB-IoT devices using CloT	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160228	C4-162282	1706	4	В	optimisations		
2016-06	CT#72						S11-U bearers handling during the TAU	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160228	C4-162201	1707	1	В	procedure		
2016-06	CT#72						Transfer of Header Compression	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160228	C4-163272	1708	3	В	Configuration during inter-MME mobility		
2016-06	CT#72						Rejecting Context Request with RAT type	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160228	C4-162247	1714	2	В	change from/to NB-IoT		
2016-06	CT#72				_	_	Addressing Editor"s Note on SCEF PDN	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160228		1715	2	В	Connections IE in Context Response		
2016-06	CT#72	CP-160228	C4-162215	1719	1	В	MME triggered PGW pause of charging		13.6.0
2016-06	CT#72					_	Transfer of Header Compresson Configuration	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160228	C4-163167	1726	1	В	during inter-MME Handover		
2016-06	CT#72					_	Simultaneous support for CP and UP	13.5.0	13.6.0
	0.7.1.7.0	CP-160228	C4-163296	1734	3	В	optimisation		10.0.0
2016-06	CT#72	0.0.400000	04400070	4707		-	Extended Protocol Configuration Option and	13.5.0	13.6.0
	0.7.1.7.0	CP-160228		1737	2	B	Support ePCO indication		10.0.0
2016-06	CT#72	CP-160228	C4-163160	1738	1	В	Selection of an EPC entity supporting CloT		13.6.0
2016-06	CT#72						Clarification on inclusion of the Sending Node	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CD 160224	C4-162173	1700	4	F	Features IE in Echo Request & Response		
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2016-06	CT#72	CP-160234	C4-163209	1710	4	F	Bearer mismatching handling Add both IP addresses within S1-U SGW F-		13.6.0
2016-06	CT#72	CP-160234	C4 460470	1710	4	F		13.5.0	13.6.0
2016-06	CT#72	CF-100234	C4-162179	1718	1	Г	TEID in Create Bearer Request Incorrect conditions for ULI IE in CSReg for X2	12 5 0	13.6.0
2010-00	01#72	CP-160234	C4-162180	1722	1	F	Handover and Enhanced SRNS Relocation	13.5.0	13.6.0
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2010-00	01#72	CP-160234	C4-162116	1723	-	F	APN	13.5.0	13.0.0
2016-06	CT#72	CP-160234		1727	1	F	Data Notification Delay in DDN Acknowledge	1350	13.6.0
2016-06	CT#72	CP-160234	C4-163054	1728	-	F	Associate OCI with SGW node's identity		13.6.0
2016-06	CT#72	01-100234	04-103034	1720	-	•	A correction on the reference index of UE		13.6.0
2010-00	01#12	CP-160234	C4-163203	1733	1	F	usage type in TS29.274	15.5.0	15.0.0
2016-06	CT#72	01 100204	04 100200	1700			Essential clarification for Modify Access	1350	13.6.0
2010 00	01#12	CP-160234	C4-163211	1740	1	F	Bearer Request when only EBI is present	10.0.0	15.0.0
2016-06	CT#72	01 100201	01100211	11 10			Extensions for EGPRS access security	1350	13.6.0
2010 00	01	CP-160234	C4-163215	1742	1	В	enhancements	10.0.0	10.0.0
2016-06	CT#72	00020.	0.100210				Handling of NW-initiated session/bearer	13.5.0	13.6.0
2010 00	01	CP-160231	C4-162253	1716	3	F	release for NB-IFOM connections	10.0.0	10.0.0
2016-06	CT#72				-		Clarification of the Relay Identity included in	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160231	C4-163262	1725	2	F	TWAN Identifier		
2016-06	CT#72						NBIFOM support indication during inter-PLMN	13.5.0	13.6.0
		CP-160231	C4-163295	1729	2		mobility		
2016-06	CT#72						Cause value "Multiple accesses to a PDN	13.5.0	13.6.0
_							connection not allowed" in NW-initiated PDN		_
		CP-160231	C4-163179	1741	1	F	disconnection procedure		
2016-06	CT#72	CP-160232	C4-163224	1735	1	F	Addition of IMEI in Remote User ID	13.5.0	13.6.0

History

	Document history										
V13.4.0	March 2016	Publication									
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