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1 Scope

The present document is part of a series of documents that specify charging functionality and charging management in 3GPP networks. The 3GPP core network charging architecture and principles are specified in TS 32.240 [1], which provides an umbrella for other charging management TSs that specify:

- the content of the CDRs per domain / subsystem / service (offline charging);
- the content of real-time charging messages per domain / subsystem / service (online charging);
- the functionality of online and offline charging for those domains / subsystems / services;
- the interfaces that are used in the charging framework to transfer the charging information (i.e. CDRs or charging events).

The complete document structure for these TSs is defined in TS 32.240 [1].

The present document specifies the converged offline and online charging description for the 5G Data Connectivity domain based on the functional stage 2 description in TS 23.501 [200], TS 23.502 [201] and TS 23.503 [202].

This charging description includes the converged offline and online charging architecture and scenarios specific to the 5G Data Connectivity domain, as well as the mapping of the common 3GPP charging architecture specified in TS 32.240 [1] onto the 5G Data Connectivity domain.

It further specifies the structure and content of the CDRs for offline charging, and the charging events for converged online and offline charging. The present document is related to other 3GPP charging TSs as follows:

- The common 3GPP charging architecture is specified in TS 32.240 [1].
- The parameters, abstract syntax and encoding rules for the CDRs are specified in TS 32.298 [51].
- A transaction based mechanism for the transfer of CDRs within the network is specified in TS 32.295 [54].
- The file based mechanism used to transfer the CDRs from the network to the operator's billing domain (e.g. the billing system or a mediation device) is specified in TS 32.297 [52].
- The services, operations and procedures of charging, using Service Based Interface are specified in TS 32.290 [57].
- The charging service of 5G system is specified in TS 32.291 [58].

All references, abbreviations, definitions, descriptions, principles and requirements, used in the present document, that are common across 3GPP TSs, are defined in TR 21.905 [100]. Those that are common across charging management in 3GPP networks/domains, services or subsystems are provided in the umbrella TS 32.240 [1] and are copied into clause 3 of the present document for ease of reading. Finally, those items that are specific to the present document are defined exclusively in the present document.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TS 32.240: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging architecture and principles".

| [2] - [42] | Void. |
|---------------|--|
| [43] | 3GPP TS 32.282: "Charging management; Time-Sensitive Networking (TSN) charging". |
| [44] - [50] | Void. |
| [51] | 3GPP TS 32.298: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter description". |
| [52] | 3GPP TS 32.297: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) file format and transfer". |
| [53] | Void. |
| [54] | 3GPP TS 32.295: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) transfer". |
| [55-56] | Void. |
| [57] | 3GPP TS 32.290: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system; Services, operations and procedures of charging using Service Based Interface (SBI)". |
| [58] | 3GPP TS 32.291: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system; Charging service, stage 3". |
| [59] - [69] | Void. |
| [70] | 3GPP TS 28.202: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Network slice management charging in the 5G System (5GS); Stage 2". |
| [71] - [99] | Void. |
| [100] | 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". |
| [101] | 3GPP TS 22.115: "Service aspects; Charging and billing". |
| [102] | 3GPP TS 22.261: "Service requirements for next generation new services and markets". |
| [103] - [199] | Void |
| [200] | 3GPP TS 23.501:"System Architecture for the 5G System". |
| [201] | 3GPP TS 23.502:"Procedures for the 5G System". |
| [202] | 3GPP TS 23.503:"Policy and Charging Control Framework for the 5G System; Stage 2". |
| [203] | 3GPP TS 23.316: "Wireless and wireline convergence access support for the 5G System (5GS)". |
| [204] | 3GPP TS 23.247: "Architectural enhancements for 5G multicast-broadcast services; Stage 2". |
| [205] | 3GPP TS 29.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP) across the Gn and Gp interface" |
| [206] - [299] | Void |
| [300] - [399] | Void. |
| [400] - [499] | Void. |
| [500] - [599] | Void. |
| [600] | 3GPP TS 23.228:"IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Stage 2". |
| [601] | 3GPP TS 29.512:" 5G System; Session Management Policy Control Service; Stage 3". |

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100].

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

| Bd | Reference point for the CDR file transfer from the 5G Data connectivity CGF to the BD. |
|------|--|
| Ga | Reference point for CDR transfer between a CDF and the CGF. |
| Nchf | Service based interface exhibited by CHF. |
| N40 | Reference point between SMF and the CHF. |

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [100].

| 5GC | 5G Core Network |
|--------|--|
| 5GS | 5G System |
| ABMF | Account Balance Management Function |
| AF | Application Function |
| AMF | Access and Mobility Management Function |
| ATSSS | Access Traffic Steering, Switching, Splitting |
| AUSF | Authentication Server Function |
| BD | Billing Domain |
| CAG | Closed Access Group |
| CCS | Converged Charging System |
| CDF | Charging Data Function |
| CGF | Charging Gateway Function |
| CHF | Charging Function |
| CIoT | Cellular Internet of Things |
| СР | Control Plane |
| CTF | Charging Trigger Function |
| DNN | Data Network Name |
| DS_TT | Device side TSN translator |
| FBC | Flow Based Charging |
| IoT | Internet of Things |
| GPSI | Generic Public Subscription Identifier |
| GUAMI | Globally Unique AMF Identifier |
| MA | Multi-Access |
| MBS | Multicast/Broadcast Service |
| MB-SMF | Multicast/Broadcast Session Management Function. |
| MB-UPF | Multicast/Broadcast User Plane Function |
| MPTCP | Multi-Path TCP Protocol |
| MTC | Machine-Type Communications |
| N3IWF | Non-3GPP InterWorking Function |
| NE | Network Element |
| NEF | Network Exposure Function |
| NF | Network Function |
| NPN | Non-Public Network |
| NRF | Network Repository Function |
| NSSF | Network Slice Selection Function |
| NW_TT | Network side TSN translator |

| OCF | Online Charging Function |
|---------|--|
| OCS | Online Charging System |
| PCC | Policy and Charging Control |
| PCF | Policy Control Function |
| PEI | Permanent Equipment Identifier |
| PNI-NPN | Public Network Integrated Non-Public Network |
| QBC | QoS flow Based Charging |
| QFI | QoS Flow Identifier |
| SCP | Service Communication Proxy |
| SCC | Satellite Communication Customer |
| SDF | Service Data Flow |
| SMF | Session Management Function |
| SMNO | Satellite Mobile network Operator |
| SNPN | Stand-alone Non-Public Network |
| SSC | Session and Service Continuity |
| SSP | Satellite Service Provider |
| SUPI | Subscription Permanent Identifier |
| TNAN | Trusted Non-3GPP Access Network |
| TNAP | Trusted Non-3GPP Access Point |
| TSC | Time sensitive communication |
| TSN | Time sensitive networking |
| UDM | Unified Data Management |
| UDR | Unified Data Repository |
| UPF | User Plane Function |
| | |

4 Architecture considerations

4.1 High-level 5G System architecture

4.1.1 Non-roaming reference architecture

Figure 4.1.1.1 shows the 5G System high level architecture as defined in Figure 4.2.3-1 TS 23.501 [200] for 5G data connectivity, in the service-based representation for Control Plane (CP) Network Functions.

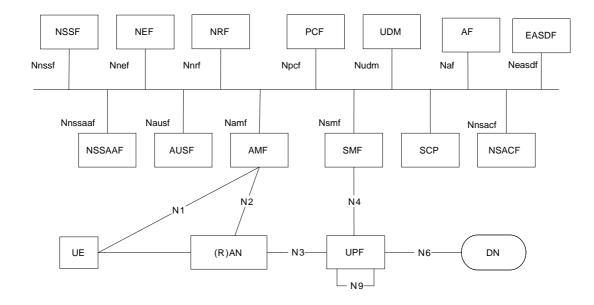


Figure 4.1.1.1: Non-Roaming 5G System architecture

4.1.2 Roaming Home Routed reference architecture

Figure 4.1.2.1 shows the 5G System high level Roaming Home Routed architecture as defined in Figure 4.2.4-3 TS 23.501 [200] for 5G data connectivity, in the service-based representation for Control Plane (CP) Network Functions.

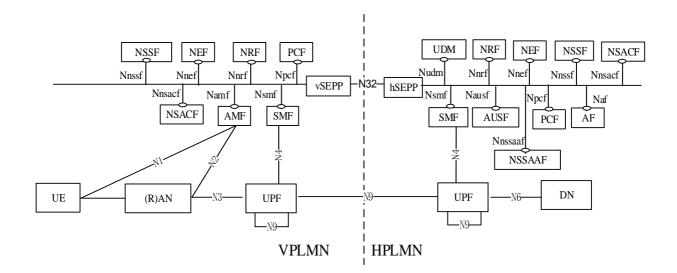


Figure 4.1.2.1: Roaming 5G System architecture - home routed scenario in service-based interface representation

4.1.3 Interworking with EPC architecture

Figure 4.1.3.1 shows the non-roaming architecture for interworking between 5GS and EPC/E-UTRAN as defined in Figure 4.3.1-1 TS 23.501 [200] for 5G data connectivity.

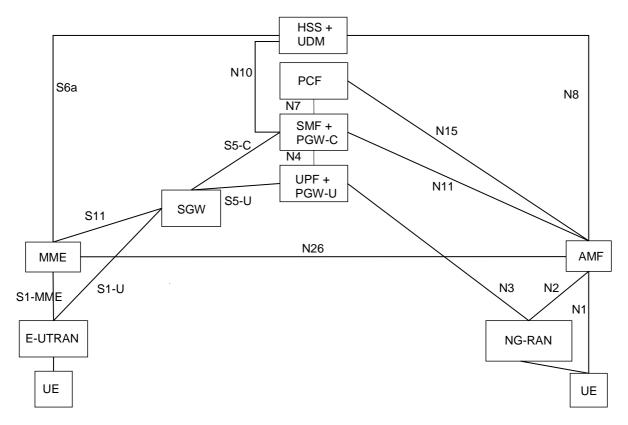


Figure 4.1.3.1: Non-roaming architecture for interworking between 5GS and EPC/E-UTRAN

NOTE: N26 interface is an inter-CN interface between the MME and 5GS AMF in order to enable interworking between EPC and the NG core. Support of N26 interface in the network is optional for interworking.

4.1.4 Architecture reference for Non-3GPP Accesses

Figure 4.1.4.1 shows the non-roaming architecture for 5G Core Network with untrusted non-3GPP access as defined in Figure 4.2.8.2.1-1 TS 23.501 [200] for 5G data connectivity.

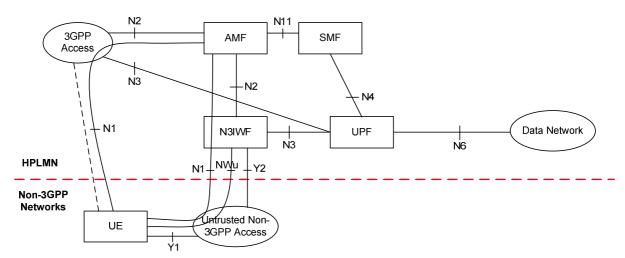


Figure 4.1.4.1: Non-roaming architecture for Untrusted Non-3GPP Accesses

This reference architecture supports service based interfaces for AMF, SMF and other NFs not represented in the figure Figure 4.1.4.1.

Figure 4.1.4.2 shows the non-roaming architecture for 5G Core Network with trusted non-3GPP access as defined in Figure 4.2.8.2.1-2 TS 23.501 [200] for 5G data connectivity.

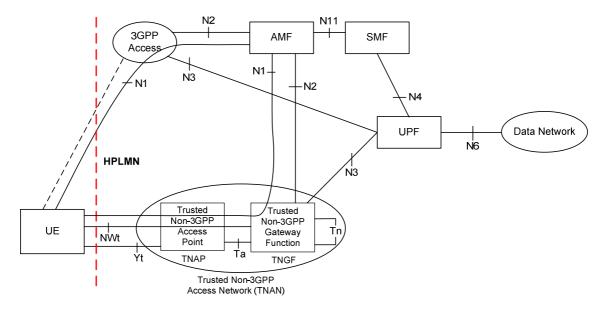


Figure 4.1.4.2: Non-roaming architecture for 5G Core Network with trusted non-3GPP access

The UE is connected to the 5G Core Network over non-3GPP access. This reference architecture supports service based interfaces for AMF, SMF and other NFs not represented in the figure 4.1.4.2.

4.1.5 Architecture for deployments topologies with specific SMF Service Areas

4.1.5.1 Non-roaming architecture with an I-SMF insertion without ULCL/BP

Figure 4.1.5.1 shows the 5G System high level non-roaming architecture, as defined in Figure 5.34.2.2-1 TS 23.501 [200], with an I-SMF insertion to the PDU Session without UL-CL/BP, using reference point representation.

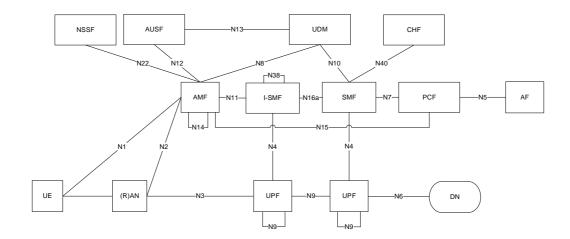


Figure 4.1.5.1: Non-roaming architecture with I-SMF insertion to the PDU Session in reference point representation, with no UL-CL/BP

4.1.5.2 Non-roaming architecture with an I-SMF insertion with ULCL/BP

Figure 4.1.5.2 shows the 5G System high level non-roaming architecture, as defined in Figure 5.34.2.2-2 TS 23.501 [200], for an I-SMF insertion to the PDU Session with UL-CL/BP, using reference point representation.

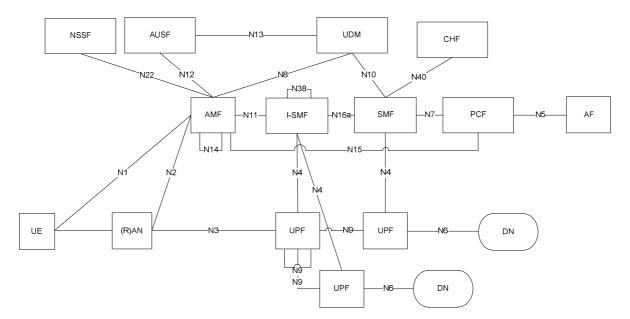


Figure 4.1.5.2: Non-roaming architecture with I-SMF insertion to the PDU Session in reference point representation, with UL-CL/BP

4.1.6 Architecture reference for ATSSS support

The 5G System Architecture references for the support of ATSSS in 5G data connectivity charging are specified in TS 23.501 [200]:

- Non-roaming: Figure 4.2.10-1.
- Roaming with Home-routed architecture UE registered to the same VPLMN: Figure 4.2.10-2.
- Roaming with Home-routed architecture UE registered to different PLMNs: Figure 4.2.10-3.

The Hybrid Access architecture of 5G-RG for the support of ATSSS in 5G data connectivity charging is defined in clause 4.1.7.

4.1.7 Architecture reference for Wireline Access network

Figure 4.1.7.1 shows the non- roaming architecture for 5G Core Network for 5G-RG with Wireline 5G Access network and NG RAN as defined in Figure 4.2.8.4-1 TS 23.501 [200] for 5G data connectivity.

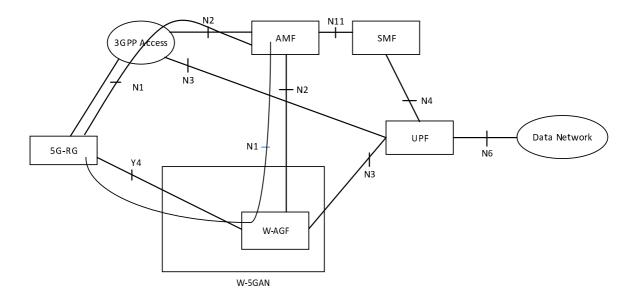


Figure 4.1.7.1: Non- roaming architecture for 5G Core Network for 5G-RG with Wireline 5G Access network and NG RAN

The 5G-RG can be connected to 5GC via W-5GAN, NG RAN or via both accesses. The reference architecture in Figure 4.1.7.1 shows service based interfaces for AMF, SMF and other NFs are not represented in this figure.

Non- roaming architecture for 5G Core Network for FN-RG with Wireline 5G Access network is specified in TS 23.501 [200].

A 5G-RG connecting via W-5GAN or NG-RAN access towards 5GC can provide connectivity for a UE behind the 5G-RG to access an N3IWF or TNGF.

Non-roaming architecture for UE behind 5G-RG using trusted N3GPP access is specified in Figure 4.10-1 of TS 23.316 [203].

Architecture for UE behind 5G-RG using untrusted N3GPP access is specified in Figure 4.10-2 of TS 23.316 [203].

4.1.8 Roaming Local Breakout reference architecture

Figure 4.1.8.1 shows the 5G System high level Roaming Local Breakout architecture as defined in Figure 4.2.4-1 TS 23.501 [200] for 5G data connectivity, in the service-based representation for Control Plane (CP) Network Functions.

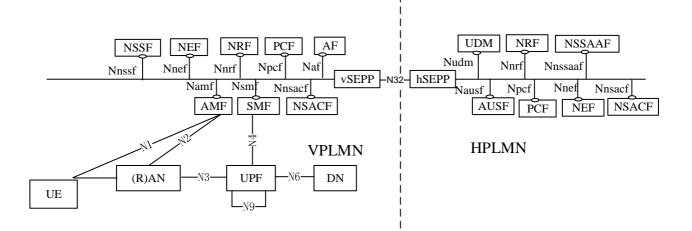


Figure 4.1.8.1: Roaming 5G System architecture- local breakout scenario in service-based interface representation

4.1.9 Architecture reference for 5MBS

Figure 4.1.9.1 shows the non-roaming architecture for 5G Multicast and Broadcast Service as defined in Figure 5.1-2 TS 23.247 [204] for 5G data connectivity.

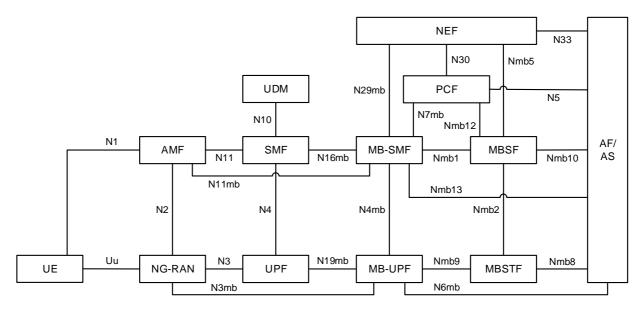


Figure 4.1.9.1: Non-roaming architecture for 5G Multicast and Broadcast Service in reference point representation

4.1.10 Architecture reference for TSN support

The 5G System Architecture references for the support of time sensitive communication in 5G data connectivity charging are specified in TS 23.501 [200].

- System architecture view with 5GS appearing as TSN bridge: Figure 4.4.8.2-1.
- Architecture to enable Time Sensitive Communication and Time Synchronization services: Figure 4.4.8.3-1.

4.1.11 Architecture reference for NPN support

4.1.11.1 Stand-alone non-public networks (SNPN)

The 5G System Architecture references for the support of SNPN in 5G data connectivity charging are specified:

- The architecture for UE direct access to SNPN is specified in Clause 4.2.3 in TS 23.501 [200];
- The architecture for 5GC with untrusted non-3GPP access for access to SNPN services via a PLMN (and vice versa) or for direct access to SNPN via non-3GPP access (as in Figure 4.2.8.2.1-1 in TS 23.501 [200]).

4.1.11.2 Public Network Integrated NPN (PNI-NPN)

The 5G System Architecture references for the support of NPN in 5G data connectivity charging are specified:

- The architecture for UE access to PNI-NPN services via PLMN (as in Figure 4.2.3-1 in TS 23.501 [200]).

Public Network Integrated NPNs are NPNs made available via PLMNs e.g. by means of dedicated DNNs, or by one (or more) Network Slice instances allocated for the NPN.

4.2 5G data connectivity domain converged charging architecture

The SMF embedding the CTF, generates charging events towards the CHF for data connectivity converged charging or offline only charging.

As described in TS 32.240 [1], the CTF generates charging events towards to the CHF for converged online and offline charging processing. The CDRs generation is performed by the CHF acting as a CDF, which transfers them to the CGF. Finally, the CGF creates CDR files and forwards them to the BD.

If the CGF is external, the CHF acting as a CDF, forwards the CDRs to the CGF across the Ga interface. If the CGF is integrated, there is only one internal interface between the CHF and the CGF. In this case, the relationship between CHF and CGF is 1:1. An integrated CGF may support the Ga interface from other CDFs.

When an external CGF is used, this CGF may also be used by other, i.e. non-5GCS, network elements, according to network design and operator decision. It should be noted that the CGF may also be an integrated component of the BD – in this case, the Bd interface does not exist and is replaced by a proprietary solution internal to the BD.

Figure 4.2.1 depicts the architectural options for converged charging in service-based representation for CHF.

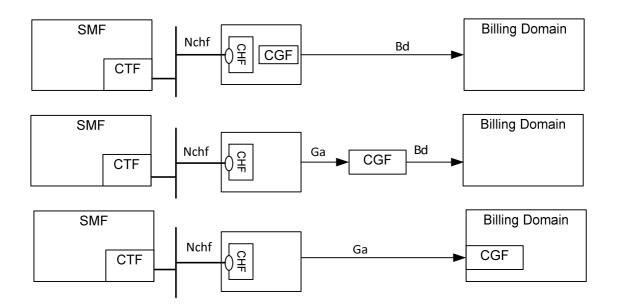


Figure 4.2.1: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture

Architectural options of figure 4.2.1 apply to any 5G data connectivity converged charging architectures in the present clause.

Ga is described in clause 5.2.4 and Bd in clause 5.2.5. of the present document and Nchf is described in TS 32.290 [57]..

Figure 4.2.2 depicts the 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture in reference point representation for non-roaming:

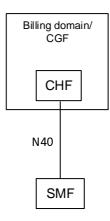


Figure 4.2.2: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture non-roaming reference point representation

Figure 4.2.3 depicts the 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture service-based representation for roaming Home Routed:

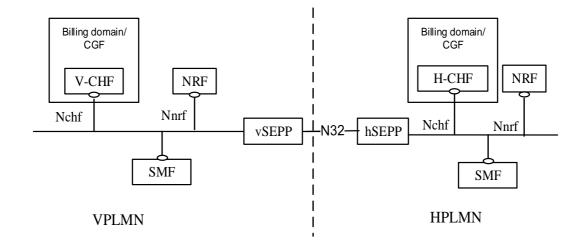


Figure 4.2.3: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture roaming Home Routed service based representation

Figure 4.2.4 depicts the 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture for roaming Home Routed in reference point representation:

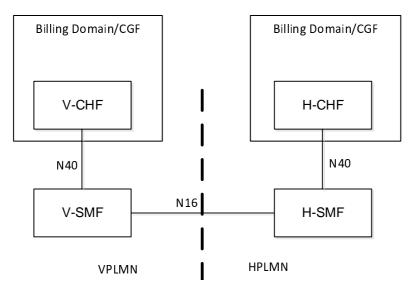


Figure 4.2.4: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture in roaming Home Routed reference point representation

The N40 reference point is defined for the interactions between H-SMF and H-CHF and between V-SMF and V-CHF in the reference point representation.

Figure 4.2.5 depicts the 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture service-based representation for roaming Local Breakout:

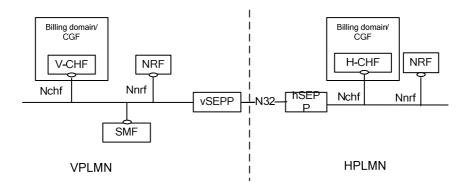


Figure 4.2.5: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture roaming Local Breakout scenario service based representation

Figure 4.2.6 depicts the 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture for roaming local breakout with V-SMF to H-CHF in reference point representation:

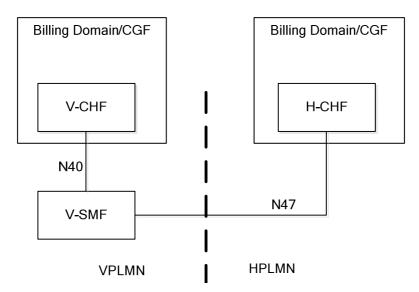


Figure 4.2.6: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture in Local Breakout V-SMF to H-CHF scenario reference point representation

NOTE: In some scenarios only N40 may be a deployment option based on agreement between HPLMN and VPLMN, in this case the interactions with HPLMN or MVNO is outside the scope of this specification.

The N40 reference point is defined for the interactions between V-SMF and V-CHF, the N47 reference point is defined for the interactions between V-SMF and H-CHF.

One or both architectures in Figure 4.2.6 and Figure 4.2.6a may be supported for local breakout roaming.

In case both architectures in Figure 4.2.6 and Figure 4.2.6a are supported for local breakout roaming, SMF and V-CHF determines, for the inbound roaming UE, which of the architectures is to be used (only one can be selected) based on operator agreement.

Figure 4.2.6a, is an alternative to Figure 4.2.6, depicts the 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture for roaming local breakout with V-CHF to H-CHF in reference point representation:

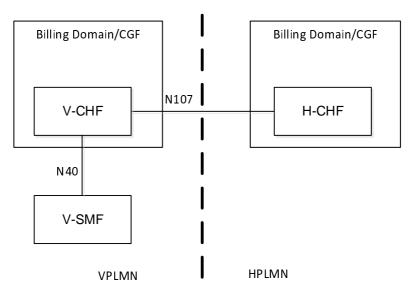


Figure 4.2.6a: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture in Local Breakout Inter-CHF scenario reference point representation

The N40 reference point is defined for the interactions between V-SMF and V-CHF, the N107 reference point is defined for the interactions between V-CHF and H-CHF.

For scenarios with MVNO (owning a CHF referred to as A-CHF), the N40 reference point is defined for the interactions between SMF and CHF owned by MNO, the N47 reference point is used for the interactions between SMF owned by the MNO and A-CHF owned by the MVNO.

N47 used by A-CHF owned by an additional actor (i.e. MVNO) to perform retail charging for its own subscribers is operator specific.

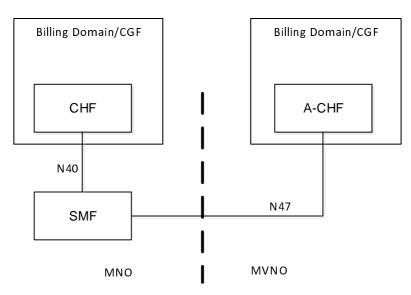


Figure 4.2.6b: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture in MVNO (owning a CHF referred to as A-CHF) scenario in reference point representation

For scenarios with MVNO (owning a CHF referred to as A-CHF), the N40 reference point is defined for the interactions between SMF and CHF owned by MNO, the N107 reference point is used for the interactions between CHF owned by the MNO and A-CHF owned by the MVNO.

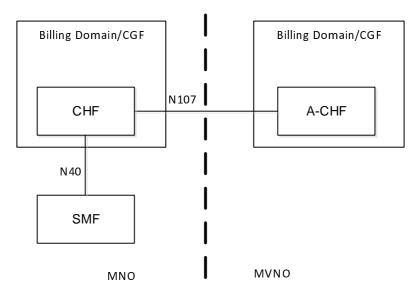


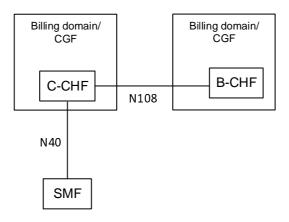
Figure 4.2.6c: 5G data connectivity converged charging architecture in MVNO (owning a CHF referred to as A-CHF) scenario in reference point representation

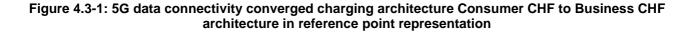
One or both architectures in Figure 4.2.6b and Figure 4.2.6c may be supported for MVNO (owning a CHF referred to as A-CHF).

In case both architectures in Figure 4.2.6b and Figure 4.2.6c are supported for MVNO (owning a CHF referred to as A-CHF), the SMF and CHF owned by the MNO determines, for the MVNO UE, which of the architectures is to be used (only one can be selected) based on operator agreement.

4.3 5G data connectivity converged charging Consumer CHF to Business CHF architecture

Figure 4.3-1 depicts the 5G data connectivity converged charging Consumer CHF to Business CHF architecture in reference point representation:





The N40 reference point is as per Figure 4.2.2 of this document.

The N108 reference point is defined for the interactions between C-CHF and B-CHF.

This architecture is used for Network slice converged charging based on 5G data connectivity: the B-CHF handles the Tenant the Network Slice is assigned to.

This architecture is used for TSN converged charging based on 5G data connectivity: the B-CHF handles the TSN service provider.

5 5G data connectivity charging principles and scenarios

5.1 5G data connectivity charging principles

5.1.1 General

The charging functions specified for the 5G data connectivity charging:

- PDU session in SMF, refer to TS 23.501 [200];
- service data flows, within PDU session, refer to TS 23.503 [202].
- QoS flows within PDU session refer to TS 23.501 [200] and TS 23.503 [202].

5.1.2 Requirements

The following are high-level charging requirements specific to the packet domain, derived from the requirements in TS 22.115 [101], TS 22.261 [102], TS 23.501 [200], TS 23.502 [201], TS 23.503 [202] and TS 23.247 [204].

- The SMF shall support converged online and offline charging.
- The SMF may support offline only charging.
- The SMF shall support PDU session charging using service based interface.
- The SMF shall support network slice instance charging.
- The SMF shall collect charging information per PDU session for UEs served under 3GPP access and non-3GPP access (untrusted non-3GPP access, trusted non-3GPP access and wireline).
- Every PDU session shall be assigned a unique identity number for billing purposes per PLMN. (i.e. the Charging Id).
- Data volumes on both the uplink and downlink directions shall be counted separately. The data volumes shall reflect the data as delivered to and forwarded from the user.
- The charging mechanisms shall provide the date and time information when the PDU session starts.
- The SMF shall be capable of handling the Charging Characteristics. Charging Characteristics can be specific to a subscription or subscribed DNN.
- The SMF may be capable of identifying data volumes, elapsed time or events for individual service data flows (flow based charging). One PCC rule identifies one service data flow.
- SMF shall allow reporting of the service or the detected application usage per rating group or per combination of the rating group and service id. This reporting level can be activated per PCC rule.
- The quota management shall be per rating group per PDU session.

- If there are multiple UPFs for one PDU session, the quota management may be one for all UPFs or separate per UPF and the usage and charging information reporting per UPF.
- The SMF shall support charging for PDU Session types of IP, Ethernet and Unstructured.
- In roaming charging scenario, the SMF may collect charging information per QoS Flow.
- For interworking between 5GS and EPC, the dedicated PGW-C + SMF shall collect charging information using the same mechanisms as the SMF.
- The SMF shall support PDU session charging when the PDU session is served by both I-SMF and SMF.
- The SMF shall support charging for MA PDU Connectivity Service over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access.
- The SMF in VPLMN and in HPLMN shall support charging for MA PDU Connectivity Service in roaming Home Routed scenario with UE registered to the same VPLMN for 3GPP access and non-3GPP access.
- The SMF in HPLMN shall support charging for MA PDU Connectivity Service in roaming Home Routed scenario with UE registered in different PLMNs.
- The SMF shall support the charging of redundant transmission for high reliability communication.
- The SMF shall support the charging of 5G VN group communication.
- The SMF shall support the charging of 5GS CIoT.
- The SMF may support the charging of time sensitive communication traffic.
- The SMF may support the IMS data channel volume-based charging.
- The SMF may support PDU session charging of 5G multicast services.
- The SMF may support the charging of 5GS satellite backhaul.
- The SMF may support the converged charging for NPN.
- The SMF may support the charging of 5GS satellite access.

5.1.3 Charging information

Charging information in the 5GC domain network is collected for each UE by the SMFs. PDU session charging allows the SMF to collect and categorize per UE per UPF per PDU session.

The SMF may collect the following charging information for converged online and offline charging:

- usage of the access and core network resources: the charging information shall describe the amount of data delivered to and forwarded from the UE;
- usage duration: duration of PDU session is counted as the time interval from PDU session establishment to PDU session release;
- user: the charging information shall provide the actual UE addresses used by the user for the PDU session;
- data network: the charging information shall describe the data network addresses with a level of accuracy as determined by the DNN;
- usage of the external data networks: the charging information shall describe the amount of data sent and received to and from the external data network. External networks can be identified by the DNN;
- start time: identifying the time when the PDU session was started;
- user location: HPLMN, VPLMN, inside/outside presence reporting area, plus optional higher-accuracy location information.

The service data flows categorization is achieved by rating group or combination of the rating group and service id: i.e. based on the level of reporting defined per PCC rule, counting per rating group or combination of the rating group and service id. According to TS 23.503 [202], flow based charging shall support different charging models per PCC rule. These charging models may be based on volume, time and/or on number of events matching a specific service data flow template in PCC rule.

For service data flows defined for FBC, the SMF shall collect the following charging information:

- the information described above for PDU session;
- the amount of data transmitted in uplink and downlink directions categorized by rating group or combination of the rating group and service id when charging based on volume applies;
- the duration of service data flows is counted and categorized by rating group or combination of the rating group and service id when charging based on time applies;
- the number of events and corresponding time stamps categorized by rating group or combination of the rating group and service id when charging based on event applies.

Within the PDU session the SMF shall collect the charging information for service data flows per UPF, categorized by rating group or combination of the rating group and service id.

Within the PDU session for local traffic offload scenarios with I-SMF insertion, the SMF shall collect the charging information for service data flows per I-SMF and categorized by rating group or combination of the rating group and service id.

The user can be identified by a Generic Public Subscription Identifier (GPSI) and/or a 5G Subscription Permanent Identifier (SUPI). For wireline access, SUPI may be used to identify subscriber via wireline network as specified in clause 5.9.2 of TS 23.501 [200].

For the multicast communication, the SMF may collect following charging information:

- The duration of time from UE joining to UE leaving multicast MBS session;
- The duration of time using 5GC shared MBS traffic delivery method, and/or the duration of time using 5GC individual MBS traffic delivery method;
- The amount of multicast data transferred to UE via per-UE PDU sessions using 5GC individual MBS traffic delivery method. The SMF shall include the information of usage of per-UE PDU session for a 5GC individual MBS traffic delivery in charging information towards CHF.

For the multicast communication, the SMF may report above charging information to CHF for the following cases:

- UE joining multicast MBS session.
- UE mobility between an NG-RAN supporting MBS and an NG-RAN node not supporting MBS.
- UE leaving multicast MBS session.

For the interaction between CHFs (C-CHF and B-CHF), the SMF may support to collect and report the charging information per UE per PDU session based on S-NSSAI and DNN.

5.1.4 Charging Identifier

Charging identifier is created to allow correlation of charging information.

For the SMF the charging identifier is assigned per PDU session including the case of I-SMF insertion. At each PDU session establishment, i.e., assignment of a new PDU session id, a new PDU session specific Charging Identifier is generated at the first SMF that processes the PDU session initiating request. The Charging Identifier shall be unique within the SMF (that means that the charging identifier is unique within the SMF set if SMF set is used) which assigned it and is then used in all subsequent messages for that PDU session. The Charging Identifier shall be used throughout the PDU session's lifetime once assigned. In case of inter-system changes or handovers of PDU session, the Charging Identifier is preserved while the PDU session Identifier is preserved.

For EPS handover 5GS in Home routed scenario, the Charging Identifier for the EPS PDN connection will be generated by PGW-C+SMF in HPLMN and transferred to the SMF in VPLMN, if the V-SMF has already generated the Charging Identifier, the value shall be replaced by a home provided Charging Identifier generated by H-SMF.

For 5GS interworking with EPS, an EPS bearer Charging Identifier is assigned by the PGW-C+SMF to each dedicated EPS bearer The EPS default bearer Charging Identifier is the Charging Identifier assigned to the default bearer of PDU connection.

For mobility from HPLMN with I-SMF to VPLMN in Home routed scenario, the charging identifier for the PDU session will be generated by SMF in HPLMN and transferred to the SMF in VPLMN, if the V-SMF has already generated a Charging Identifier, the value shall be replaced by a home provided Charging Identifier generated by H-SMF.

5.1.5 PCC rules and charging

5.1.5.1 PCC rules and chargeable events

PCC rules can be activated, deactivated and modified at any time during the PDU session lifetime. The following attribute can be modified by the PCF in a dynamic PCC rule active in the SMF: Charging key, Service identifier, Sponsor Identifier, Application Service Provider Identifier, Measurement method and reporting level. The QoS Flow binding mechanism employed by the SMF upon operations on PCC rules, may result in QoS Flows establishment, modification, or release. This is specified in TS 23.503 [202].

Activities on PCC rules are not chargeable events. However, change of charging rule in PCC rules will lead to chargeable events "start of service data flow" and when this is the last service data flow for the original PCC rule, "termination of service data flow".

The charging key (i.e. Rating group) is a piece of information used to request online charging quotas as defined in TS 23.503 [202].

5.1.5.2 Specific PCC rules scenarios

The capability of SMF to support Application Based Charging is achieved with appropriate PCC rules activation in the SMF. Such PCC Rule shall be defined with service data flow template including an Application Identifier for the application which needs to be detected, enforced and charged. Application detection mechanism in SMF is defined in TS 23.503 [202].

5.1.5.3 PCC rules - MA PDU session

As specified with PCC Rule definition in clause 6.3.1 TS 23.503 [202], during MA PDU session handling by the SMF, PCC Rules can be activated with a MA PDU session control information attribute including an optional rating group for Non-3GPP access, in addition to the rating group included in the PCC rule description.

When the MA PDU session control information in a PCC Rule includes a separate rating group for Non-3GPP access, it shall be used by the SMF for the SDF traffic carried via non-3GPP access. The PCC Rule rating group shall be used for the SDF traffic carried via 3GPP access, and all other charging related attributes in the PCC rule shall be the used for both accesses.

When the MA PDU session control information in a PCC Rule does not include any rating group for Non-3GPP access, the PCC Rule rating group shall be used by the SMF for the SDF traffic carried via both accesses (i.e. 3GPP access and non-3GPP access).

5.1.6 Session and Service Continuity modes

For any scenario of SSC modes specified in TS 23.501 [200], one Charging Identifier shall correspond to a single PDU session ID.

As a result, from such SSC mode, a new Charging Identifier is generated by the SMF for the new PDU session Id, and the charging session associated to the old PDU session Id is released.

This behaviour applies to the following scenario:

- PDU session anchor UPF relocation, in SSC mode 2;
- PDU session anchor UPF relocation in SSC mode 3 with multiple PDU Sessions.

5.1.7 UE Presence in Presence Reporting Area (PRA)

During charging session lifetime, the CHF may provide the Presence Reporting Area identifier to be activated for Core Network pre-configured Presence Reporting Area(s) and additionally all of PRA Identifier(s) and list(s) of its elements for UE-dedicated Presence Reporting Area(s) and provision the "Change of UE presence in Presence Reporting Area(s)" trigger to the SMF to request the reporting of Change of UE presence in Presence Reporting Area. After such trigger is enabled, SMF shall close the current count, open a new count with the initial status of UE presence in the PRA(s). In case of quota management is required, a Charging Data Response [Update] including the initial status is sent. UE presence status in the PRA(s) describes whether the UE is entering or leaving Presence Reporting Area (s) and if the corresponding Presence Reporting Area(s) is set to inactive by the serving node.

The CHF may modify the list of PRA Identifier(s) by providing the new Presence Reporting Area(s) or by removing existing Presence Reporting Area(s) or modify the list(s) of Presence Reporting Area elements by providing the updated Presence Reporting Area.

The CHF may remove the trigger of change of UE presence in Presence Reporting Area as defined in subclause 5.2.1.2, if previously activated.

5.1.8 CHF selection

The CHF selection by the SMF is done at the PDU session establishment, this selection shall be based on the following and with this priority order (highest to lowest):

- CHF address(es) with possible associated CHF instance ID(s) and/or CHF set ID(s) provided by the PCF for the PDU session.
- UDM provided charging characteristics.
- NRF based discovery.
- SMF locally provisioned charging characteristics.

This means that if there are PCF provided CHF address(es) with possible associated CHF instance ID(s) and/or CHF set ID(s) these shall be used, otherwise if the UDM provides charging characteristics these shall be used. If neither of these results in CHF address(es) the NRF can be used to discover CHF instance(s) possibly within a CHF set, and as a last resource the SMF locally provisioned charging characteristics shall be used.

When NRF is used for the CHF selection, and the PDU session charging method indicates "offline only" for the PDU session, CHF instance(s) supporting CHF "offline only" service instances may be selected.

The CHF selection by another CHF may be based on the following:

- NRF based discovery.
- Locally configured CHF address(es).

5.1.9 Roaming

5.1.9.1 General

In home routed scenario, based on roaming agreements between the V-PLMN and the H-PLMN, for each UE roaming in VPLMN:

- The SMF in VPLMN (V-SMF) shall be able to collect charging information per QoS Flow within a PDU session when UE is determined as an in-bound roamer, for CDR generation in VPLMN.
- The SMF in HPLMN (H-SMF) may be able to collect charging information per QoS Flow within a PDU session when UE is determined as an out-bound roamer, for CDR generation in HPLMN.

In home routed scenario, this charging information collection mechanism is achieved under Roaming QoS flow Based Charging (QBC) performed by each PLMN, based on a set of charging parameters exchanged between the V-SMF and the H-SMF on a per PDU session basis.

In home routed scenario, the main parameters exchanged at PDU session establishment are:

- The Charging Identifier assigned by the V-SMF and transferred to the H-SMF in the HPLMN.
- Optionally, for QBC, the "Roaming Charging Profile" negotiated between the VPLMN and the HPLMN.

In home routed scenario, the parameters exchanged during the PDU session handover from EPS to 5GS:

- The home provided Charging Identifier which includes the Charging Identifier assigned by the H-SMF to the original PDU session over EPS and transferred by the H-SMF to the V-SMF. This home provided Charging Identifier shall be used by the V-SMF to replace the existing Charging Identifier previously generated by V-SMF.
- Optionally, for QBC, the "Roaming Charging Profile" negotiated between the VPLMN and the HPLMN on 5GS side.

In roaming home routed PDU session, upon V-SMF change:

- intra-PLMN V-SMF change: Charging Identifier, "Roaming Charging Profile" and optionally CHF address are transferred from the old V-SMF to the new V-SMF.

NOTE: How the new V-SMF selects the V-CHF is operator specific.

- inter-PLMN V-SMF change: Charging Identifier is transferred from the old V-SMF to the new V-SMF.
- The "Roaming Charging Profile" is optionally exchanged between the new V-SMF and the H-SMF as for a PDU session establishment.

In roaming home routed PDU session, when a UE moves from HPLMN with I-SMF insertion to a VPLMN:

- The home provided Charging Identifier assigned by the H-SMF to the original PDU session and transferred by the H-SMF to the V-SMF. This home provided Charging Identifier shall be used by the V-SMF to replace the existing Charging Identifier previously generated by V-SMF.
- Optionally, for QBC, the "Roaming Charging Profile" negotiated between the VPLMN and the HPLMN.

In local breakout scenario, based on roaming agreements between the V-PLMN and the H-PLMN, for each UE roaming in VPLMN:

- The SMF in VPLMN (V-SMF) shall be able to collect charging information within a PDU session when UE is determined as a roamer:
 - per QoS flow for CDR generation by V-CHF in VPLMN and CDR generation by H-CHF in HPLMN;
 - per service data flow for converged charging, based on PCC rules from V-PCF which uses locally configured policies according to the roaming agreement with the HPLMN operator, when applicable:
 - with or without quota management to H-CHF in HPLMN;
 - without quota management to V-CHF in VPLMN.
- The SMF in VPLMN (V-SMF) shall be able to determine applicable combinations based on operator policy.

In local breakout scenario, the main parameters exchanged at PDU session establishment are:

- The Charging Identifier assigned by the V-SMF and reported to the V-CHF and H-CHF.
- Optionally, for QBC, the "Roaming Charging Profile" is used for the set of triggers, associated category, and trigger thresholds and negotiated between the VPLMN and the HPLMN

5.1.9.2 CHF selection

V-CHF selection by the V-SMF, home routed and local breakout scenario at PDU session establishment or inter-PLMN V-SMF change, is based on the following and with this priority order (highest to lowest):

- NRF based discovery, can be based on that the UE is an inbound roamer i.e., HPLMN of the UE.
- V-SMF locally provisioned charging characteristics.

V-CHF selection by the V-SMF, home routed and local breakout scenario at intra-PLMN V-SMF change, is based on the following and with this priority order (highest to lowest):

- old V-SMF supplied V-CHF address

H-CHF selection by the H-SMF, home routed scenario, follows the CHF selection in clause 5.1.8.

H-CHF selection by the V-SMF, local breakout scenario, is based on the following and with this priority order (highest to lowest):

- NRF based discovery, can be based on HPLMN of the UE.
- V-SMF locally provisioned charging characteristics.

In local breakout scenario with architecture in Figure 4.2.6a, the V-CHF may select H-CHF based on the following and with this priority order (highest to lowest):

- NRF based discovery.
- V-CHF locally provisioned address(es).

5.1.9.3 Interactions between CHFs in LBO roaming

The interaction between two CHFs in LBO roaming, e.g. V-CHF and H-CHF, H-CHF and A-CHF, is via the Nchf_ConvergedCharging service API.

The charging session between V-CHF and H-CHF is per PDU session, the charging sessions between V-SMF and V-CHF are synchronized with the V-CHF and H-CHF.

V-CHF generate the charging information to H-CHF based on the charging information received from V-SMF, with the same charging identifier received from V-SMF.

V-CHF generate the charging response to V-SMF taking in consideration of the charging response received from H-CHF.

5.1.10 Data Volume Reporting for Secondary RAT usage

Volume reporting for Secondary RAT usage is an optional capability in the SMF that provides usage reporting functionality when a Secondary RAT is used by NG-RAN. Use of Secondary RAT refers to options supported by NG-RAN with dual radio accesses, per NG-RAN definition in TS 23.501 [200]. This is valid for both HPLMN and VPLMN.

The following principles are used:

- The reporting of Secondary RAT Data Volume is controlled by the NG-RAN.
- The uplink and downlink data volumes for the Secondary RAT are reported (from NG-RAN to 5G Core) on a per QoS Flow basis and per time interval (controlled by NG-RAN). The report contains Secondary RAT (e.g. E-UTRA) resources used for transport of user data and indicated separately for uplink and downlink per QoS Flow and per time interval. The time interval used for the measurements reported (from NG-RAN) may be partitioned to indicate usage that occurred before respectively after an absolute time (that occurs while measurement for secondary RAT usage report is ongoing).

- The reporting (performed by NG-RAN) in association with UE-related control signaling and via standalone reporting is internally triggered by NG-RAN.
- NOTE: Volumes for the secondary RAT are reported to the CHF in addition to, and uncorrelated from volumes of reported usage, which are undifferentiated between primary and secondary RAT. Considering both volumes would imply the same traffic to be counted twice.

5.1.11 Charging method and Charging service selection

A PDU session charging method indicating "offline only", can be assigned to a PDU session, to indicate a charging method applicable at PDU session level.

When there is no PDU session charging method indicating "offline only" associated to a PDU session, for each PCC Rule:

- if indicated for this PCC Rule, the required charging method applies;
- otherwise (i.e. no required charging method is indicated for this PCC Rule), the default charging method applies.

In this case, the converged charging service will be invoked by the SMF at the PDU session establishment.

When a PDU session charging method indicates "offline only" for a PDU session, offline charging method applies to all the PCC Rules activated during the PDU session. In this case, at the PDU session establishment, the SMF can select between the converged charging service or the offline only charging service based on Operator policy.

This PDU session charging method can be received from PCF by the SMF or configured in the SMF charging characteristics.

5.1.12 Emergency PDU session handling

Volume reporting for Emergency PDU Sessions is a capability in the SMF that provides usage reporting functionality when a session is setup to provide emergency services.

The following principles are used:

- The reporting of Emergency PDU sessions is controlled by the SMF.
- The uplink and downlink data volumes for Emergency PDU Session are reported.
- It includes either or both of an unauthenticated SUPI and a PEI (especially applicable in the case where there is a UE without a UICC).

5.1.13 Support of deployments topologies with specific SMF Service Areas

Depending on scenario, a PDU Session in non-roaming case is either served by a single SMF or served by an SMF and an I-SMF, specified in the clause 5.34 of TS 23.501 [200]. When a PDU Session is served by both an SMF and an I-SMF, the SMF is the NF Consumer that has the interfaces towards CHF for I-SMF for the case of an I-SMF insertion, relocation or removal.

For the following case with the I-SMF involved, the SMF shall collect the charging information and report to CHF:

- PDU session establishment, modification and release;
- PDU Session message flows for N2 based handover procedure, with I-SMF insertion/change/removal;
- PDU Session message flows for Xn based handover procedure, with I-SMF insertion/change/removal;
- PDU Session message flows for Service Request, with I-SMF insertion/change/removal
- branching point or UL CL controlled by I-SMF.

5.1.14 Ultra Reliable Low Latency Communication

5.1.14.1 General

The enhancement of the 5GS to support Ultra Reliable Low Latency Communication (URLLC) is specified in the clause 5.33 of TS 23.501 [200]. For the redundant transmission for high reliability communication, the SMF shall collect the charging information for redundant transmission and report to CHF for the following cases.

- Dual Connectivity based end to end Redundant User Plane Paths;
- Redundant transmission on N3/N9 interfaces;
- Redundant transmission at transport layer.

5.1.14.2 Support redundant transmission for high reliability communication

The SMF reports the redundant transmission type to the CHF to indicate which redundant transmission type is used for the PDU session or service data flow.

For dual connectivity based end to end Redundant User Plane Paths, the charging information is collected independently per each redundant PDU session. The quota is granted for each redundant PDU session independently. The SMF reports the usage per redundant PDU session.

5.1.14.3 QoS Monitoring to Assist URLLC Service

For the QoS Monitoring to Assist URLLC Service, the SMF may report the packet delay measurement per QoS Flow per UE to CHF.

5.1.14.4 Void

5.1.15 5G LAN-type Service Communication

5.1.15.1 General

The SMF may support PDU Sessions for a 5G VN group which offers a virtual data network capable of supporting 5G LAN-type service over the 5G system, which specified in the TS 23.501[200].

The SMF embedding the CTF generates 5G VN group communication charging information towards the CHF based on the user plane architecture with the additional following options described in the clause 4.4.6 of TS 23.501 [200] to support 5G LAN-type service.

- Figure 4.4.6.1-1 depicts the non-roaming user plane architecture to support 5G LAN-type service using local switch.
- Figure 4.4.6.1-2 depicts the non-roaming user plane architecture to support 5G LAN-type service using N19 tunnel.
- Figure 4.1.1 depicts the non-roaming user plane architecture to support 5G LAN-type service using N6 tunnel.

5.1.15.2 Support 5G VN group communication

In order to support the 5G VN group communication charging, the following principles are used:

- The internal group identifier of 5G VN group is reported, which is used to indicate the 5G VN group and associate charging information in PDU session charging CHF CDR for 5G VN group communication.
- The uplink and downlink data volumes of PDU session for 5G VN group communication are reported separately.

- The usage of the N19 tunnel for 5G VN group communication is measured based on the PDU session charging.
- SMF may report the traffic forwarding way information corresponding to the 5G VN group communication.

5.1.16 Support of Cellular IoT

The 5GS support for Cellular IoT (CIoT) is specified in TS 23.501 [200], this includes EPC interworking and home-routed roaming. In legacy networks Cellular IoT may be referred to as Machine Type Communications (MTC).

During the PDU session establishment (initial charging request) the SMF may provide the following charging information related to 5GS CIoT:

- The indication of Control Plane 5GS CIoT optimization.
- Small data rate control indication.
- The RAT types (NB-IoT or LTE-M).
- The control plane only indication.

5.1.17 Application based charging

If reporting on applications (e.g., edge application) is required, it's recommended to assign each application with its own service id and it also may provide the Application ID.

5.1.18 IMS data channel volume-based charging

IMS architecture enhancements to support data channel services are described in annex AC of TS 23.228 [600]. In order to support IMS data channel, data volume of data channel services need to be identified for charging purposes. SMF may collect the charging information and report to CHF:

- Relevant charging information of IMS data channel services, e.g. QoS support, identifier of caller and callee, supported via N7 interface.
- NOTE: Caller and the callee information is already supported via N7 interface in clause 5.6.2 of TS 29.512 [601].

5.1.19 NPN Data Connectivity Charging

5.1.19.1 General

A Non-Public Network (NPN) is a 5GS deployed for non-public use, see TS 22.261 [102], which is either:

- a Stand-alone Non-Public Network (SNPN), i.e. operated by an NPN operator and not relying on network functions provided by a PLMN, as specified in the TS 23.501 [200] clause 5.30.2; or
- a Public Network Integrated NPN (PNI-NPN), i.e. a non-public network deployed with the support of a PLMN. as specified in the TS 23.501 [200] clause 5.30.3.

In order to support the SNPN data connectivity charging, the following charging principles are used.

5.1.19.2 SNPN Data Connectivity Charging

For UE accessing network belong to SNPN operator, SMF in the SNPN reports the charging information contains SNPN ID (PLMN ID and NID identifying an SNPN) to the CHF in the SNPN.

For UE accessing the SNPN service via PLMN,

- SMF in SNPN reports the charging information per UE, which contains access type ("Non-3GPP access") to the CHF belongs to the same SNPN, using PLMN ID and NID to identify the SNPN.
- SMF in PLMN reports the charging information per SNPN.

For UE accessing the PLMN service via SNPN,

- SMF in the PLMN reports the charging information per UE.
- SMF in the SNPN reports the charging information per PLMN.

5.1.19.3 PNI-NPN Data Connectivity Charging

For UE accessing PNI-NPN, SMF in the PNI-NPN reports the charging information contains:

- S-NSSAI, or
- dedicated DNNs, or
- dedicated DNN and S-NSSAI combination,

which identifies PNI-NPN.

5.1.20 Support of Satellite Backhaul charging

The 5GS support for Satellite Backhaul is specified in TS 23.501 [200].

The SMF embedding the CTF generates the following charging information related to the satellite backhaul towards the CHF:

- Satellite Backhaul Information
- Satellite Backhaul Category

For the Edge Computing and SCC-to-SCC communications via satellite backhaul with UPF deployed on the satellite, the SMF may collect the following charging information and report to CHF:

- Satellite Backhaul Information
- GEO Satellite Backhaul Category
- GEO Satellite ID.

5.1.21 TSC charging

The charging scenarios for the TSN domain are described in TS 32.282 [43].

The traffic data of time sensitive communication is transferred on the 5GS bridge between TSN end station and TSN system, or between TSN end stations, as shown in Figure 5.28.1-1 in TS 23.502 [201].

- For traffic between TSN end station and TSN system, UE/DS_TT and TSN system transfers the TSN stream via the UPF/NW-TT on the 5GS bridge.
- For traffic between TSN end stations, UE/DS_TT and another UE/DS_TT transfer the TSN stream for UE-UE communication, via the UPF/NW-TT on the 5GS bridge.

5.2 5G data connectivity converged online and offline charging scenarios

5.2.1 Basic principles

5.2.1.1 General

Converged charging may be performed by the SMF interacting with CHF using Nchf specified in TS 32.290 [57] and TS 32.291 [58]. In order to provide the data required for the management activities outlined in TS 32.240 [1] (Credit-Control, accounting, billing, statistics etc.), the SMF shall be able to perform converged charging for each of the following:

- Charging data related to PDU session;
- Charging data related to service data flows within the PDU session.

Converged charging includes quota management and usage reporting.

The SMF shall be able to report charging events to CDF for CDR generation.

The SMF shall be able to perform convergent charging by interacting with CHF, for charging data related to PDU sessions. The Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response are exchanged between the SMF and the CHF, based on SCUR scenarios specified in TS 32.290 [57]. The Charging Data Request is issued by the SMF towards the CHF when certain conditions (chargeable events) are met.

The quota management is always per rating group, reporting level can be either per rating group or per combination of the rating group and service id, which is defined per PCC rule.

Converged charging uses centralized or decentralized unit determination and centralized rating scenarios for session based convergent charging specified in TS 32.290 [57].

The charging information collected per PDU session includes the network slice instance the PDU session belongs to.

The contents and purpose of each charging event that triggers interaction with CHF, as well as the chargeable events that trigger them, are described in the following sub-clauses.

The SMF initiates a charging session with Charging Data Request/Response [Initial], updates the charging session with Charging Data Request/Response [Update], and terminates the charging session with Charging Data Request/Response [Termination].

A detailed formal description of the converged charging parameters defined in the present document is to be found in TS 32.291 [58].

A detailed formal description of the CDR parameters defined in the present document is to be found in TS 32.298 [51].

In order to avoid a charging session remaining inactive for a long period of time, upon expiry of the Unit Count Inactivity Timer, the charging session may be terminated by the SMF sending Charging Data Request [Termination], indicating the PDU session shall continue and the CHF can expect a later Charging Data Request [Initial] request for the same PDU session with the original Charging Identifier and new session identifier. The SMF may send its locally configured value of the Unit Count Inactivity Timer to the CHF. The CHF may respond with a new Unit Count Inactivity Timer for use in the SMF. Whether the CHF may respond with a value of the Unit Count Inactivity Timer, independent of if the CHF has received one previously from the SMF, is vendor specific

5.2.1.2 Applicable Triggers in the SMF

5.2.1.2.1 General

When a charging event is issued towards the CHF, it includes details such as Subscriber identifier (e.g. SUPI), Charging-id, etc. and also containers identifying the volume count (separated for uplink and downlink traffic), with charging condition change information.

Each trigger condition (i.e. chargeable event) defined for the 5G data connectivity converged charging functionality with the associated behaviours when metis specified in this document and the basic trigger mechanism is specified in the TS 32.290[57].

Two categories of chargeable events are identified:

- immediate report: chargeable events for which, when occurring, the current counts are closed and sent together with the charging data generated by the SMF towards the CHF in a Charging Data Request. New counts are started by the SMF.
- deferred report: chargeable events for which, when occurring, the current counts are closed and stored together with the charging data generated by the SMF. The stored counts will be sent to the CHF in next a Charging Data Request. New counts are started by the SMF.

When more than one trigger condition to be met at same time (i.e. time stamp of triggers is the same) for the same count in the SMF, the SMF reports the used unit container with these triggers.

When a PDU session starts, and the converged charging is activated, the SMF invokes a Charging Data Request [Initial] towards the CHF to get authorization to start based on the default triggers. The SMF is optionally provided in a Charging Data Response [Initial] to override the default triggers, with a set of chargeable event triggers to be enabled, and the associated category (i.e. immediate or deferred report).

The triggers remain active until they are updated or disabled by subsequent Charging Data Response [Update] from the CHF or the PDU session is terminated.

A set of chargeable events are based on trigger thresholds and default ones can be configured in Charging Characteristics which are described in Annex A.

The SMF is optionally provided in the Charging Data Response [Initial], with trigger thresholds which override the default ones configured in the Charging Characteristics selected by the SMF for the PDU session. They remain active until they are updated by subsequent Charging Data Response [Update] from the CHF or the PDU session is terminated.

When a trigger is enabled, the SMF needs to ensure that monitoring in UPF and subscription from RAN are setup so that SMF can report the charging information to the CHF if the chargeable event occurs.

5.2.1.2.2 Flow Based Charging (FBC) triggers

The set of chargeable events and associated category, which shall be supported by the SMF as the default, is specified in the sub-clause 5.2.1.4 for Flow Based Charging.

Two level of triggers can be supplied by the CHF:

- Triggers associated to the PDU session.
- Triggers associated to a rating group within the PDU session.

The set of triggers along with their category (i.e. immediate or deferred report) and level (i.e. per PDU session or per rating group), which can be supplied by the CHF to the SMF for 5G data connectivity converged charging or offline only charging are detailed in the sub-clause 5.2.1.4 for Flow Based Charging.

5.2.1.2.3 QoS flow Based Charging (QBC) triggers

The set of chargeable events and associated category, which shall be supported by the SMF as the default for QoS flow Based Charging, when applicable, is specified in the sub-clause 5.2.1.6.

Two level of triggers can be supplied by the CHF:

- Triggers associated to the PDU session.
- Triggers associated to a QoS Flow within the PDU session.

The set of triggers along with their category (i.e. immediate or deferred report) and level (i.e. per PDU session or per QoS Flow), which can be supplied by the CHF to the SMF for 5G data connectivity converged charging are detailed in clause 5.2.1.6 for QBC. QBC triggers is common for all QFIs in the PDU session, and applies individually for each QFI.

When QBC is used in the context of roaming, the set of triggers, their associated category, and trigger thresholds, compose the "Roaming Charging Profile", which governs the SMF charging data generation, synchronously between the VPLMN and the HPLMN when shared. A default Roaming QoS flow Based charging (QBC) triggers may be configured in the V-SMF.

The "Roaming Charging Profile" is specified in the clause 5.2.1.7.

5.2.1.3 PDU session charging

Converged charging allows the SMF to collect charging information related to data volumes sent to and received by the UE/MS per user per PDU session. The user can be identified by SUPI.

If PDU session specific converged charging is supported, this is achieved by FBC charging, with specific rating group/service identifier, see clause 5.2.1.4.

5.2.1.4 Flow Based Charging (FBC)

For FBC charging, the SMF categorizes the service data flows within PDU session data traffic by rating group and / or combination of the rating group and service id. The level of the reporting and charging method is defined per PCC rule. Details of this functionality are specified in TS 23.503 [202] and TS 32.240 [1].

The SMF can include the QoS Information per rating group or per combination of rating group/service id. If the QoS Information cannot be unambiguously determined per rating group or per combination of rating group/service id, it should be omitted.

- NOTE: The SMF can only include one QoS Information occurrence per combination of rating group/service id. This implies if an operator wishes to be able to separate usage according to 5QI and ARP for the same charging method, they will need to ensure that service data flows having different 5QI and ARP do not have the same:
 - rating group in cases where rating reporting is used;
 - rating group/service id where rating group/service id reporting is used.

When a service data flow is governed by a PCC Rule indicated with "Online" charging method, quota management is required for the service data flow. The PCC rule may also indicate to the SMF if authorization for the service data flow is needed or not before service delivery, i.e. blocking or non-blocking mode. The blocking and non-blocking mode charging scenarios are described in TS 32.290 [57] Figure 5.3.2.3.1 and Figure 5.3.2.3.2.

When a service data flow is governed by a PCC Rule indicated with "Offline" charging method, quota management is not required for this service data flow. Usage reporting is required for this service data flow without affecting the delivery.

According to TS 23.503 [202], FBC shall support different charging models per PCC rule. These charging models may be based on volume and/or time and on number of events matching a specific service data flow template in PCC rule. When a chargeable event occurs for which quota needs to be requested by the SMF to the CHF, the type of requested quota may depend on measurement method configured for the PCC rule.

In general, the charging of a service data flow shall be linked to the PDU session under which the service data flow has been activated.

The amount of data counted shall be the user plane payload at the UPF separated between UL and DL.

For PDU session specific charging, time metering shall start when PDU session is activated.

Table 5.2.1.4.1 summarizes the set of default trigger conditions and their category which shall be supported by the SMF. For "immediate report" category, the table also provides the corresponding Charging Data Request [Initial, Update, Termination] message sent from SMF towards the CHF.

Table 5.2.1.4.1: Default Trigger conditions in SMF

| Trigger Conditions | Trigger level | Converged Charging default | Offline only charging default | CHF allowed | CHF allowed | Message when |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | category | category | to change category | to enable and disable | "immediate reporting" category |
| Start of PDU Session. | PDU session | Immediate | Immediate | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Charging Data Request |
| Start of the Service data flow and no charging | RG | Immediate | Immediate | No | No | [Initial] |
| session exists. | | | | | | |
| | | Change of Chargin | | | | |
| QoS change | PDU session/ RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| GFBR guaranteed status change | RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| User Location change | PDU session/ RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Serving Node change | PDU session/ RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Change of UE presence in Presence Reporting Area(s) | PDU session/ RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Change of 3GPP PS Data off Status | PDU session/ RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Tariff time change | PDU session/ RG | Deferred | Deferred | No | No | |
| UE time zone change | PDU session/ RG | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | Charging Data |
| PLMN change | PDU session/ RG | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | Request [Update] |
| RAT type change | PDU session/ RG | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Session-AMBR change | PDU session | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Addition of UPF | PDU Session/RG | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Removal of UPF | PDU session/RG | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Insertion of I- SMF | PDU Session | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Change of I- SMF | PDU Session | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Removal of I- SMF | PDU Session | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Handover cancel | PDU session | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Handover start | PDU session | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Handover complete | PDU session | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Addition of access | PDU session/ RG | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |

| Removal of | PDU | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----|-------|---|
| access | session/ | | | | | |
| | RG | | | | | |
| Redundant | PDU | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| transmission | session/RG | | | | | |
| change | | | | | | |
| Satellite | PDU | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| backhaul | session | | | | | |
| category | | | | | | |
| change | | | | | | |
| GEO satellite ID | PDU | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| change | session | | | | | |
| Join multicast | PDU | Immediate | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| MBS session | session | | | | | |
| MBS delivery | PDU | Immediate | Not Applicable | Yes | Yes | |
| method change | session | | | | | |
| Leave multicast | PDU | Immediate | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| MBS session | session | | | | | |
| S-NSSAI | PDU | Immediate | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| replacement | session/ | | | | | |
| | RG | | | | | |
| | | Limit per PDU | session | • | | 1 |
| Expiry of data | PDU | Immediate | Immediate | No | Yes | 1 |
| time limit per | session | | | | | |
| PDU session | 00001011 | | | | | |
| Expiry of data | PDU | Immediate | Immediate | No | Yes | |
| volume limit per | session | minouluto | ininiodiato | 110 | 100 | |
| PDU session | 36331011 | | | | | |
| Expiry of data | PDU | Immediate | Immediate | No | Yes | - |
| event limit per | session | Inineulate | Inneolate | NO | 165 | |
| PDU session | 56551011 | | | | | |
| Expiry of limit of | PDU | Immediate | Immediate | No | Yes | - |
| number of | session | Immediate | Immediate | INO | res | |
| | Session | | | | | |
| charging condition | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| changes | | Limit por Doti | | | | |
| Expiry of data | RG | Limit per Ration Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| time limit per | КG | Deletteu | Delelled | 165 | 165 | |
| | | | | | | |
| rating group Expiry of data | RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| | RG | Deletted | Deleffed | res | res | |
| volume limit per | | | | | | |
| rating group | DO | Deferred | Defermed | N | N/s s | |
| Expiry of data | RG | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| event limit per | | | | | | |
| rating group | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Satellite | PDU | Deferred | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Backhaul QoS | session | | | | | |
| change | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Quota mana | | 1 | 1 | |
| Time threshold | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes | |
| reached | | | | | | |
| Volume | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes | |
| threshold | | | | | | |
| reached | | | | | | |
| Unit threshold | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes | |
| reached | | | | | | |
| Time quota | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes |] |
| exhausted | | | | | - | |
| Volume quota | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes | 1 |
| exhausted | - | | | - | | |
| Unit quota | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes | 1 |
| exhausted | | miniculato | | | | |
| Expiry of quota | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes | 1 |
| validity time | | minouluto | | | 100 | |
| validity time | | | | | | |

| Expiry of quota holding time | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | Yes | |
|---|------------------|-----------|--|----|-----|---|
| Re-authorization request by CHF | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | No | |
| Start of service data flow, in case no valid quota for this rating group | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | No | |
| Start of SDF additional access, in case no valid quota for this access rating group | RG | Immediate | Not applicable | No | No | |
| | | Other | s | | | |
| Termination of service data flow - last service data flow under a given Rating Group. | RG | Immediate | Immediate | No | No | |
| Management intervention | PDU session | Immediate | Immediate | No | No | Charging Data Request [Update] Charging Data Request [Termination] |
| Expiry of Unit Count Inactivity Timer | PDU session | Immediate | Not applicable | No | No | |
| End of PDU session | PDU session | Immediate | Immediate | No | No | Charging Data |
| CHF response with session termination | PDU session | Immediate | Not applicable | No | No | Request [Termination] |
| Abort request is received from the CHF | PDU session | Immediate | Immediate | No | No | |
| acce | ess network (i.e | | bled, SMF needs to ensu he GFBR can no longer (v. | | | |

The default "Limit" trigger conditions are trigger thresholds configured in the Charging Characteristics applied to the PDU session. It shall be possible for the CHF to override these default triggers when providing Charging Data Response [Initial], either to disable the triggers, or to enable triggers new thresholds value.

When the traffic is counted in more than one UPF, the CHF overrides these default triggers of volume limit for the all UPFs.

For converged charging, the following details of chargeable events and corresponding actions in the SMF are defined in Table 5.2.1.4.2:

Table 5.2.1.4.2: Chargeable events and their related actions in SMF

| Chargeable event | Conditions | SMF action |
|---|---|--|
| Start of PDU session | | Charging Data Request [Initial] with a possible |
| - | | request quota for later use. |
| Start of service data flow | If quota management is required, and valid | Charging Data Request [Update] to request |
| | quota for this rating group does not exist | quota with a possible amount of quota. |
| | If service identifier level reporting is required | Start new counts with time stamps for the |
| | by the PCC rule If rating group level reporting is required by | combination of the rating group and service id Start new counts with time stamps for the rating |
| | the PCC rule | group |
| | If sponsored connectivity level reporting is required by the PCC rule | Start new counts with time stamps for the combination of the rating group, sponsor identity and application service provider identity |
| | If charging resource, i.e. charging session, for the PDU session does not exist | Charging Data Request [Initial] with a possible request quota |
| Start of SDF additional access | If ATSSS is supported with access differentiated rating groups, quota management is required, and valid quota for | Charging Data Request [Update] to request quota with a possible amount of quota. |
| | this access rating group does not exist. | |
| | If ATSSS is supported with access | Start new counts with time stamps for the |
| | differentiated rating groups, service identifier | combination of the access rating group and |
| | level reporting is required by the PCC rule If ATSSS is supported with access | Stort now counts with time storms for the |
| | differentiated rating groups, rating group | Start new counts with time stamps for the access rating group |
| | level reporting is required by the PCC rule | |
| | If ATSSS is supported with access | Start new counts with time stamps for the |
| | differentiated rating groups, sponsored connectivity level reporting is required by the PCC rule | combination of the access rating group, sponsor identity and application service provider identity |
| Termination of service | | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| data flow | If service identifier level reporting is required by the PCC rule and this is the last service data flow for this combination of the rating group and service id | Close the counts with time stamps |
| | If rating group level reporting is required by the PCC rule and this is the last service data flow utilizing that specific rating group | Close the counts with time stamps |
| | If sponsored connectivity level reporting is required by the PCC rule and this was the last active service data flow for this combination of rating group, sponsor identity and application service provider identity | Close the counts with time stamps |
| Expiry of the Unit Count Inactivity Timer for the PDU session | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Termination], indicating that charging session is terminated, and the PDU session is still active May include the configured Unit Count Inactivity |
| | | Timer value |
| End of PDU session in the SMF | | Charging Data Request [Termination] Close the counts with time stamps |
| Quota specific chargeable | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update] with a possible |
| events (e.g. threshold reached, QHT expires, quota exhaustion, validity time reached, forced re- authorization) | | request quota Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps |
| Change of charging | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time |
| condition in the SMF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | stamps for all active service data flows Charging Data Request [Update] with a possible |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | request quota. |
| Handover start | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps and start new counts with time stamps for active service data flows. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] with a possible request quota. |
| Handover cancel | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps and start new counts with time stamps for active service data flows. |

| Chargeable event | Conditions | SMF action |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update] with a possible |
| Handover complete | the category is set to "immediate reporting" If the corresponding trigger is enabled | request quota. Close the counts with time stamps and start new counts with time stamps for active service data flows. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| Addition of UPF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Start new counts with time stamps for the added UPF. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" with the quota management is being performed and quota is granted per each UPF | Charging Data Request [Update] to request quota with a possible amount of quota. |
| Tariff time change | | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps |
| Removal of a UPF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for the removed UPF |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" with quota management is being performed and quota is granted per each UPF | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| Insertion of I-SMF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for all active service data flows in SMF, startnew counts for all active service data flows with I-SMF information. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" with quota management is being performed and quota is granted per each UPF | Charging Data Request [Update] to request quota with a possible amount of quota. |
| Removal of I-SMF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for the removed I-SMF |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" with quota management being performed and quota is granted per each UPF | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| Change of I-SMF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for the removed I-SMF, start new counts for all the active traffic flows' with the new I-SMF |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" with quota management being performed and quota is granted per each UPF | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| Addition of access | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for all active service data flows usage report in SMF, start new counts for all active service data flows. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] with a possible request quota. |
| Removal of access | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for all active service data flows usage report in SMF, start new counts for all active service data flows. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| Redundant transmission change | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| Satellite backhaul category change | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| GEO satellite ID change | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update]. |

| Chargeable event | Conditions | SMF action |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Join multicast MBS | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| session | | Start new counts with time stamps |
| MBS delivery method | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| change | | Close the counts with time stamps |
| Leave multicast MBS | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| session | | Close the counts and start new counts with time |
| | | stamps |
| S_NSSAI replacement | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| | | Close the counts and start new counts with time |
| | | stamps |
| Expiry of time limit per | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps |
| rating group | If the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | If any matching service data flow is still | Start new counts with time stamps |
| | active | |
| Expiry of data volume limit | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps |
| per rating group | If the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | If any matching service data flow is still | Start a new service data container |
| | active | |
| Expiry of data event limit | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps |
| per rating group | If the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | If any matching service data flow is still active | Start a new service data container |
| Expiry of data event limit | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| per PDU session | | Close the counts with time stamps |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| Expiry of time limit per | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| PDU session | | Close the counts with time stamps |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| Expiry of data volume limit | | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| per PDU session | | Close the counts with time stamps |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| Expiry of a limit of number | | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| of charging condition | | Close the counts with time stamps |
| changes per PDU session | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| Management intervention | If the management intervention causes an | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | update e.g., a reauthorization request. | Close the counts with time stamps |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| | If the management intervention causes a | Charging Data Request [Termination] |
| | termination e.g., an abort charging request. | Close the counts with time stamps |
| CHF response with | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Termination] |
| session termination (e.g. | | Close the counts with time stamps |
| Not Applicable), abort | | |
| request | | |

When charging based on event applies, the first occurrence of an event matching a service data flow template in PCC rule shall be considered as the start of a service.

How the termination of service data flows is detected, is specified in TS 23.503 [202]. Termination of the service data flow itself does not trigger Charging Data Request [Update].

The CDR generation mechanism processed by the CHF upon receiving Charging Data Request [Initial, Update, Termination] issued by the SMF for these chargeable events, is specified in clause 5.2.3.

5.2.1.5 SSC Mode and Triggers

There are two cases related to quota management when the granted quota is volume for multiple UPFs and per Operator's policy, the traffic is counted in more than one UPF:

- Quota shared by UPFs means that SMF manages the shared quota consumption per RG for multiple UPFs and reports the total quota consumed to CHF;

- Quota granted for each UPF means that the CHF manages the quota granted for each UPF and SMF manages and reports the quota consumption per UPF.

For configurations involving multiple UPFs and Operator's policy is to count the traffic in a single UPF (e.g. BP), the quota is granted to the SMF for this single UPF per RG for the whole traffic.

The following scenarios describe configurations in which the traffic is counted in more than one UPF:

In case of SSC mode 3 PDU Session Anchor with IPv6 Multi-homed PDU Session,

- The addition of UPF2 and BP (Change the part of traffic from UPF1 to UPF2):
 - if quota granted for each UPF, SMF triggers the chargeable event of Start of SDF for UPF2 to request the quota;
 - if quota shared by UPFs, SMF requests UPF1 report usage of quota, caches the usage from UPF1 and reallocates the remaining quota to UPF2 and UPF1(if needed). When the granted quota from CHF is used up, the SMF reports total usage of quota to CHF.
- The removal of UPF1 and BP:
 - In case the quota management and quota granted for each UPF, UPF1 reports final counts to SMF, SMF triggers the chargeable event of Remove the UPF to report final counts from UPF1;
 - In case the quota management and quota shared by UPFs, UPF1 report final counts to SMF, SMF caches the final count from UPF1. SMF sends counts from UPF1 and UPF2 to the CHF together in next Charging Data Request.
 - In case without the quota management or offline only charging, UPF1 report final count to SMF, SMF caches the final count from UPF1 and sends counts from UPF1 and UPF2 to the CHF together in next a Charging Data Request. In case of Addition of additional PDU Session Anchor and Branching Point or UL CL.
- The addition of UPF2 and BP (Change the part of traffic from UPF1 to UPF2):
 - if quota granted for each UPF, SMF triggers the chargeable event of Start of SDF for UPF2 to request the quota for Rating group;
 - if quota shared by UPFs, SMF indicates UPF1 report usage of quota, caches the usage from UPF1 and reallocates the remain quota to UPF2 and UPF1(if needed). When the granted quota from CHF is used up, the SMF reports total usage of quota to CHF.

In case of Removal of additional PDU Session Anchor and Branching Point or UL CL:

- The removal of UPF1 and BP (Change traffic from UPF1 to UPF2):
 - In case the quota management and quota granted for each UPF, UPF1 report final counts to SMF, SMF triggers chargeable event of Remove the UPF to report final counts from UPF1.
 - In case the quota management and quota shared by UPFs, UPF1 report final counts to SMF, SMF caches the final count from UPF1 and re-allocates the remain quota to UPF2. SMF sends counts from UPF1 and UPF2 to the CHF together in next a Charging Data Request.
 - In case without the quota management or offline only charging, UPF1 report final count to SMF, SMF caches the final count from UPF1 and sends counts from UPF1 and UPF2 to the CHF together in next a Charging Data Request. In case of Change of additional PDU Session Anchor for IPv6 multi-homing or UL CL and Simultaneous change of Branching Point or UL CL and additional PSA for a PDU Session.
- The additional of UPF2 (Change the part of traffic from UPF1 to UPF2):
 - if quota granted for each UPF, SMF triggers the chargeable event of Start of SDF for UPF2 to request the quota for Rating group;
 - if quota shared by UPFs, SMF indicates UPF1 report usage of quota, caches the usage from UPF1 and reallocates the remain quota to UPF2 and UPF1(if needed). When the granted quota from CHF is used up, the SMF reports total usage of quota to CHF.

- The removal of UPF1:
 - In case the quota management and quota granted for each UPF, UPF1 report final counts to SMF, SMF triggers chargeable event of Remove the UPF to report final counts from UPF1.
 - In case the quota management and quota shared by UPFs, UPF1 report final counts to SMF, SMF caches the final count from UPF1 and re-allocates the remain quota to UPF2. SMF sends counts from UPF1 and UPF2 to the CHF together in next Charging Data Request.
 - In case without the quota management or offline only charging, UPF1 report final count to SMF, SMF caches the final count from UPF1 and sends counts from UPF1 and UPF2 to the CHF together in next a Charging Data Request.

5.2.1.6 QoS flow Based Charging (QBC)

QoS flow Based Charging allows the SMF to collect charging information related to data volumes per PDU session, categorized per QoS Flow for roaming charging scenarios. Quota management is not applicable for QBC. The user can be identified by SUPI.

The SMF categorizes the volume within PDU session by QoS Flow identified by QoS Flow Identifier (QFI).

The amount of data counted for the QoS Flow shall be the user plane payload at the UPF.

Table 5.2.1.6.1 summarizes the set of default trigger conditions and their category which shall be supported by the SMF in QBC. For "immediate report" category, the table also provides the corresponding Charging Data Request [Initial, Update, Termination] message sent from SMF towards the CHF.

Table 5.2.1.6.1: Default Chargeable events in SMF for QBC

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| Chargeable event | Trigger level | Default category | CHF allowed to | CHF allowed to enable | Message when "immediate reporting" category |
|--|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | | change category | and disable | |
| Start of PDU session | PDU | Immediate | Not | Not | Charging Data Request [Initial] |
| | session | | Applicable | Applicable | |
| Start of a QoS Flow | QoS Flow | Deferred | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | |
| | Change of Ch | arging cond | | Applicable | |
| QoS change | QoS Flow | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| GFBR guaranteed status change | QoS Flow | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| User Location change | PDU session | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Serving Node change | PDU session | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Change of 3GPP PS Data off Status | PDU session | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Tariff time change | PDU session | Deferred | No | No | |
| UE time zone change | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| PLMN change | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| RAT type change | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| Session-AMBR change | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| Addition of UPF | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| Removal of UPF | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| Handover cancel | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| Handover start | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| Handover complete | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| Redundant transmission change | QoS Flow | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| Satellite backhaul category change | PDU session | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Satellite Backhaul QoS change | QoS Flow | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| GEO satellite ID change | PDU session | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| S-NSSAI replacement | PDU session | Immediate | Yes | Yes | |
| | | PDU session | n | I | |
| Expiry of data time limit per PDU session | PDU session | Immediate | No | Yes | |
| Expiry of data volume limit per PDU session | PDU session | Immediate | No | Yes | |
| Expiry of data event limit per PDU session | PDU session | Immediate | No | Yes | |
| Expiry of limit of number of charging | PDU session | Immediate | No | Yes | |
| condition changes | l imit n | er QoS Flow | | l | |
| Expiry of data time limit per QoS Flow | QoS Flow | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| Expiry of data volume limit per QoS Flow | QoS Flow | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |
| · | | others | | | |
| End of QoS Flow | QoS Flow | Deferred | Yes | Yes | |

| Management intervention | PDU session | Immediate | No | No | Charging Data Request [Update] Charging Data Request [Termination] | |
|--|----------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|---|--|
| V-SMF change | PDU session | Immediate | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Charging Data Request [Initial] Charging Data Request [Termination] | |
| End of PDU session | PDU session | Immediate | No | No | Charging Data Request | |
| Abort request is received from the CHF | PDU session | Immediate | No | No | [Termination] | |
| NOTE 1: If GFBR guaranteed status change is enabled, SMF needs to ensure the request for the notification from the access network (i.e. 3GPP RAN) when the GFBR can no longer (or can again) be guaranteed for a QoS Flow during the lifetime of the QoS Flow. | | | | | | |
| NOTE 2: The columns CHF allowed to change category, and CHF allowed enable and disable are only applicable for the PDU session establishment, for other cases they are not applicable. | | | | | | |

The default "Limit" trigger conditions, are trigger thresholds configured in the Charging Characteristics applied to the PDU session for QBC. It shall be possible for the CHF to override these default triggers when providing Charging Data Response [Initial], either to disable the triggers, or to enable triggers new thresholds value.

The "Limit" trigger conditions applied to the QoS Flow level of QBC is common for all QFIs, and applies the limit for each QFI in the PDU session.

For QBC the following details of chargeable events and corresponding actions in the SMF are defined in Table 5.2.1.6.2:

Table 5.2.1.6.2: Chargeable events and their related actions in SMF for QBC

| Chargeable event | Conditions | SMF action |
|---|---|---|
| Start of PDU session | | Charging Data Request [Initial]. |
| Start of a QoS Flow | Start of the QoS Flow associated with the default QoS rule | Start new counts with time stamps. |
| | Start of a QoS Flow | Start new counts with time stamps. |
| V-SMF change | If the session is moved to the V-SMF | Charging Data Request [Initial]. |
| | | Start new counts with time stamps |
| | If the session is moved from the V-SMF | Charging Data Request [Termination] |
| | | Close the counts with time stamps |
| End of a QoS Flow | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for the QoS flows |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| End of PDU session | | Charging Data Request [Termination] Close the counts with time stamps |
| Change of charging condition in the SMF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps for all active QoS flows. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | |
| Handover start | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps and start new |
| | | counts with time stamps. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | |
| Handover cancel | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps and start new counts with time stamps for active QoS flows. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | |
| Handover complete | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps for active QoS flows. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Opuale] |
| Redundant transmission | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time |
| change | In the corresponding trigger is enabled | stamps. |
| enange | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | onarging bata request [opdate]. |
| Satellite backhaul category | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time |
| change | | stamps |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | |
| GEO satellite ID change | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| Addition of UPF | the category is set to "immediate reporting" If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Start new counts with time stamps for the added |
| | | UPF. |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| Removal of UPF | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for the |
| | | removed UPF |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | |
| S-NSSAI replacement | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts and start new counts with time stamps |
| | If the corresponding trigger is enabled and | Charging Data Request [Update]. |
| | the category is set to "immediate reporting" | |
| Expiry of data time limit | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps. |
| per QoS Flow | If the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | If the QoS Flow is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| Expiry of data volume limit | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps |
| per QoS Flow | If the category is set to "immediate reporting" | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | If the QoS Flow is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| Expiry of data time limit | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| per PDU session | | Close the counts with time stamps for all QoS flows. |
| | | |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps for all active |

| Chargeable event | Conditions | SMF action |
|--|--|---|
| Expiry of data volume limit per PDU session | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Close the counts with time stamps for all QoS flows. |
| | Kitha DDH anarian is atill active | |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps for all active QoS flows |
| Expiry of data event limit per PDU session | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update] Close the counts with time stamps for all QoS flows. |
| Expiry of a limit of number | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| of charging condition changes per PDU session | | Close the counts with time stamps for all QoS flows. |
| | | |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps for all active QoS flows |
| Management intervention | If the management intervention causes an | Charging Data Request [Update] |
| | update e.g., a reauthorization request. | Close the counts with time stamps for all QoS Flows |
| | If the PDU session is still active | Start new counts with time stamps |
| | If the management intervention causes a | Charging Data Request [Termination] |
| | termination e.g., an abort charging request. | Close the counts with time stamps |
| Abort request is received | If the corresponding trigger is enabled | Charging Data Request [Termination] |
| from the CHF | | Close the counts with time stamps |

The CDR generation mechanism processed by the CHF upon receiving Charging Data Request [Initial, Update, Termination] issued by the SMF for these chargeable events in QBC, is specified in clause 5.2.3.

5.2.1.7 Roaming QoS flow Based charging (QBC)

When QoS flow Based Charging specified in 5.2.1.6 is used in a context of roaming, a "Roaming Charging Profile" is defined to allow, when shared, QBC synchronized between both PLMNs and includes:

- The set of chargeable events as per Table 5.2.1.6.1 and associated category.
- The set of thresholds for chargeable events based on trigger thresholds.
- An indication on whether the "Default partial record" or the "Individual partial record" mechanism per clause 5.2.3, is used by CHF.

A default "Roaming Charging Profile" is specified for the SMF and comprises:

- The set of chargeable events and associated category specified as the default per Table 5.2.1.6.1.
- The default set of thresholds configured in the Charging Characteristics for QBC.
- The "Default partial record" mechanism indicated as the one used by CHF.

In home routed scenario, during the PDU session establishment, the default "Roaming charging profile" for the V-SMF is based on the configuration and may be set, changed, applied, and transferred in the following order:

- 1. Default set by V-SMF and transferred to V-CHF
- 2. Changed by V-CHF and transferred to V-SMF
- 3. Transferred from V-SMF to H-SMF
- 4. Transferred from H-SMF to H-CHF
- 4. Changed by H-CHF and transferred to H-SMF
- 5. Transferred from H-SMF to V-SMF
- 6. Applied in V-SMF and transferred to V-CHF

In local breakout scenario, during the PDU session establishment, the default "Roaming charging profile" for the V-SMF is based on the "Charging characteristics", and may be set, changed, applied, and transferred in the following order:

- 1. Default set by V-SMF and transferred to V-CHF
- 2. Changed by V-CHF and transferred to V-SMF
- 3. Transferred from V-SMF to H-CHF
- 4. Changed by H-CHF and transferred to V-SMF
- 5. Applied in V-SMF and transferred to V-CHF

In local breakout scenario, the default "Roaming charging profile" for the V-SMF connected to V-CHF and V-CHF connected to H-CHF, is based on the "Charging characteristics", and may be set, changed, applied, and transferred in the following order:

- 1. Default set by V-SMF and transferred to V-CHF
- 2. Changed by V-CHF and transferred to H-CHF
- 3. Changed by H-CHF and transferred to V-CHF
- 4. Validated by V-CHF and transferred to V-SMF
- 5. Applied in V-SMF

In the VPLMN, at PDU session establishment or PDU session transfer from a different VPLMN, the default "Roaming Charging Profile" in the new V-SMF may optionally be overridden by a new "Roaming Charging Profile" supplied by the CHF in the Charging Data Response [Initial] with:

- updated set of chargeable events and associated category.
- updated thresholds for chargeable events based on trigger thresholds.
- the selected partial record mechanism ("Default partial record" or "Individual partial record").

This updated "Roaming Charging Profile" is transferred from the new V-SMF to the H-SMF and may be acknowledged or replaced by the HPLMN selected "Roaming Charging Profile" to be used by the new V-SMF.

In the HPLMN, at PDU session establishment or V-SMF change for a PDU session, the "Roaming Charging Profile", when received by the H-SMF from the new V-SMF, may be updated by the CHF in the HPLMN in the Charging Data Response [Initial] to H-SMF. This HPLMN CHF selected "Roaming Charging Profile" is used by the H-SMF and transferred towards the VPLMN.

The "Roaming Charging Profile" resulting from the exchange between the VPLMN and HPLMN at PDU session establishment may be changed by the H-CHF under the following conditions:

- At each V-SMF change in Home routed scenario, the "Roaming Charging Profile" may be renegotiated between the VPLMN and HPLMN.
- During the PDU session lifetime if V-SMF includes the Roaming charging profile in the Charging Data Request. The updated Roaming Charging profile is valid until the next change.

The capability specified in clause 5.2.1.2.1 for the CHF to be able to update the triggers after the PDU session is established for a given VPLMN shall not be applicable for Roaming QBC.

5.2.1.8 Termination action

The termination action applies only in case of online charging, i.e. quota management is active. It indicates the action, which the UPF should perform when no quota is granted. A packet for a specific rating group is subject to a termination action in the following cases:

- Zero units have been granted;

- The final granted units have been used;
- Quota limit reached;
- End user service rejected;
- End user service denied;
- Rating failed.

The defined termination actions include:

- Allowing the packets to pass through;
- Dropping the packets;
- The SMF Default Termination Action;
- The re-direction of packets to an application server (e.g. defined in the termination action).

NOTE Such a re-direction may trigger a new charging session to be initiated.

A Default Termination Action for all rating groups, for which no quota is granted and there is no specific termination action, shall be pre-configured in the SMF according to operator's policy. For instance, the default behaviour may consist of allowing packets of any terminated service to pass through the UPF.

When final units are granted for a given rating group, the CHF shall provide a termination action using finalUnitAction for this rating group. For the rating group, the CHF provided termination action shall be used instead of SMF preconfigured termination action for "The final granted units have been used" case.

5.2.1.9 Sponsored data connectivity charging

The Sponsor Identifier and Application Service Provider Identifier are provided for sponsored data connectivity to the PCF from the AF, according to TS 23.503 [215].

The Sponsor Identifier and Application Service Provider Identity may be included in PCC rules with "offline" charging method for non-roaming or home routed roaming scenarios from the PCF to the SMF. In this case, charging information collected by the SMF includes the Sponsor Identity and the Application Service Provider Identity. Correlation of charging information from multiple users per sponsor and/or application service provider can then be based on Sponsor Identity and Application Service Provider Identity.

5.2.1.10 Branching point or UL CL controlled by I-SMF

The interaction between I-SMF and SMF for the support of traffic offload by UPF controlled by the I-SMF is specified in the clause 5.34.6 TS 23.501[200].

There are two cases related to quota management when the granted quota is volume for multiple UPFs and per Operator's policy for the scenarios, i.e.Addition, Removal and Change of PDU Session Anchor (PSA2), Branching Point or UL CL controlled by I-SMF, the traffic is counted in more than one UPF:

- Quota shared by UPFs (PSA)
- Quota granted for each UPF (PSA)

In the scenario UL CL/BP controlled by I-SMF, the I-SMF forwards traffic usage information of UPF (PSA2) to the SMF as specified clause 5.34.4 and clause 5.34.5 in TS 23.501 [200].

5.2.1.11 CHF-Controlled Quota Management

Quota management process is initiated by NF consumer, e.g. SMF, for service data flows handled with the online charging method for a given Rating Group. For the provision of the service to the end user, NF consumer requests quota from CHF via Charging Data Request messages [Initial / Update]. CHF-Controlled Quota Management in this context allows CHF to suspend/resume the quota management process for that Rating Group within a PDU session.

When an NF consumer issues a Charging Data Request [Initial / Update] CHF may decide to authorize the service and suspend the quota management for that Rating Group. This means that: the service is authorized without granted units and that all quota management triggers for that Rating Group within a PDU session are ignored by the NF consumer. Usage will continue to be reported via the remaining default active triggers. It is the sole responsibility of CHF to activate other applicable triggers if additional reporting is needed.

When an NF consumer issues a Charging Data Request [Update] in which a given Rating Group has quota management previously suspended, CHF may decide to resume quota management for that Rating Group. This means that all previously set quota management triggers for that Rating Group are considered by the NF consumer and granted units are reconfigured by the CHF.

CHF may want to resume quota management at any time, for this Re-authorization mechanisms can be used to trigger NF consumer to subsequently issue a Charging Data Request [Update].Procedures enabling CHF-Controlled Quota Management to suspend/resume the quota management are described in TS 32.290 [57].

5.2.1.12 URLLC Charging

The CHF can be aware of redundant transmission type (i.e.dual connectivity, redundant transmission on N3/N9 and redundant transmission at transport layer) and provide the quota allocation based on the redundant transmission type:

- For dual connectivity based end to end redundant user plane paths, the granted quotas is allocated for each PDU session.
- For the redundant transmission on N3/N9 interfaces, the CHF grants the quota regardless if packets were duplicated or not.
- For the redundant transmission at transport layer, the CHF grants the quota regardless if packets were duplicated or not.

For dual connectivity based end to end Redundant User Plane Paths, SMF shall collect and report the usage for each redundant PDU session.

For redundant transmission at N3/N9 interface, the SMF shall collect and report the usage not counting redundant packets.

During the PDU session life, the SMF may decide to active or deactive the redundant transmission and reports the usage based on the redundant transmission change trigger.

For redundant Transmission at transport layer, the SMF shall collect and report the usage not counting redundant packets.

5.2.1.13 NR REDCAP Charging

The SMF provides for NR RedCap UE using NR the RAT Type NR_REDCAP, according to clause 5.41 of TS 23.501 [200].

5.2.1.14 Additional actor (MVNO) Charging

5.2.1.14.1 General

The SMF provides charging information collection and reporting per PDU session for 5G non-roaming Mobile Virtual Network Operators (MVNOs) charging, according to clause 5.5.3.10 of TS 32.240 [1].

The charging principle for local breakout roaming scenario is applied to MVNOs (with an A-CHF) charging, with the following differences on the SMF interactions with the CHF in the MNO and A-CHF in the MVNO:

- V-SMF in V-PLMN is replaced by the SMF in MNO;
- V-CHF in V-PLMN is replaced by the CHF in MNO;
- H-CHF in H-PLMN is replaced by the A-CHF in MVNO.

NOTE: CHF selection as well as trigger handling and negotiation, are not specified and may be deployment dependent.

5.2.1.15 Satellite access charging

In order to support the charging of data connectivity via satellite access, SMF obtains the RAT type for NR satellite access, i.e. NR(LEO), NR(MEO), NR(GEO) and NR(OTHERSAT), according to clause 5.4.11 of TS 23.501 [200].

5.2.1.16 Satellite backhaul Charging

The SMF provides charging information collection and reporting per PDU session for Satellite backhaul charging during PDU Session establishment and PDU Session modification procedure if the Satellite backhaul have been used, according to clause 5.43 of TS 23.501 [200].

5.2.1.17 Network Slice Replacement for PDU session

Per Network Slice Replacement feature specified in TS 23.501 [200] clause 5.15.19, the S-NSSAI serving a PDU session may be temporarily replaced with an Alternative S-NSSAI. When Network Slice Replacement is supported for PDU session charging :

- During a new PDU session establishment the Alternative S-NSSAI and the S-NSSAI to be replaced are both provided by the SMF to CHF;
- Existing PDU session modification when associated S-NSSAI is replaced with the Alternative S-NSSAI and SMF determines the PDU Session is to be retained: use of the "S-NSSAI replacement" trigger for reporting to CHF;
- Existing PDU session release when associated S-NSSAI is replaced with the Alternative S-NSSAI and SMF determines the PDU Session is to be re-established: the subsequent PDU session is re-established per new PDU session establishment above with Alternative S-NSSAI.

5.2.1.18 5WWC charging

The 5GS support for 5WWC is specified in TS 23.316 [203]. The SMF can collect charging information per PDU session for UEs served under wireline access as specified in TS 23.316 [203].

Following charging related to wireline access scenarios may be supported:

- 5G-RG connected via NR-RAN and W-5GAN;
- FN-RG connected via W-5GAN;
- UE behind 5G-RG using Untrusted non-3GPP access and trusted non-3GPP access.

The message flows for charging support of wireline access can be seen in clause 5.2.2.16. The message flows for charging supports in case of UE behind 5G-RG using untrusted N3GPP access and trusted non-3GPP access can be seen in clause 5.2.2.13.

User location information may include TNAP ID for trusted non-3GPP access. The charging system can use non-3GPP access user location information (TNAP ID) to differentiate between home and visiting UEs behind the 5G RG in trusted non-3GPP access scenarios.

5.2.1.19 Business charging based on 5G data connectivity

Business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity may be performed by the C-CHF interacting with B-CHF using Nchf specified in TS 32.290 [57] and TS 32.291 [58], for charging data related to PDU sessions. The C-CHF interacts with B-CHF per PDU session per UE, in SCUR scenario as specified in TS 32.290 [4].

When Business charging is Network slice charging, the C-CHF interacts with B-CHF per PDU session per UE, in SCUR and IEC scenario as specified in TS 32.290 [4].

5.2.1.20 Applicability of FBC and QBC

The default for PDU session charging is FBC. QBC is intended for interconnect charges. If both FBC and QBC are enabled, for a given PDU session, then QBC is to be performed by the SMF within the same charging session as the FBC.

| Scenario | FBC Applicable | QBC Applicable | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-roaming | SMF to CHF | - | | | | |
| Roaming home routed N40 | H-SMF to H-CHF | V-SMF to V-CHF (H-SMF to H-CHF) (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| Roaming local breakout N40+N47 (NOTE 4) | V-SMF to H-CHF | V-SMF to V-CHF (V-SMF to H-CHF) (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| Roaming local breakout N40+N107 | V-SMF to V-CHF V-CHF to H-CHF | (V-SMF to V-CHF) (V-CHF to H-CHF) | | | | |
| NOTE 1: Default usage is described without parentheses, and optional usage is described in parentheses. | | | | | | |
| NOTE 2: QBC between H-SMF and H-CHF is dependent on roaming charging profile support. NOTE 3: QBC between V-SMF and H-CHF is dependent on roaming charging profile support. NOTE 4: In the case N47 is not used FBC is applicable for V-SMF to V-CHF, while QBC is optional | | | | | | |

Table 5.2.1.20-1: Scenario and FBC/QBC usage

5.2.2 Message flows

5.2.2.1 General

The flows in the present document specify the interaction between the SMF and the CHF for 5G data connectivity converged charging functionality, in different scenarios, based on TS 23.501 [200] and TS 23.502 [201] procedures and flows.

This interaction is based on Charging Data Request /Response specified in TS 32.290 [57], exchanged between the SMF embedding the CTF and the CHF.

As a general principle, the steps in the figures for the message flows below correspond to the steps of figures in TS 23.502 [201], which is the reference. This document specifies the charging specific extension part.

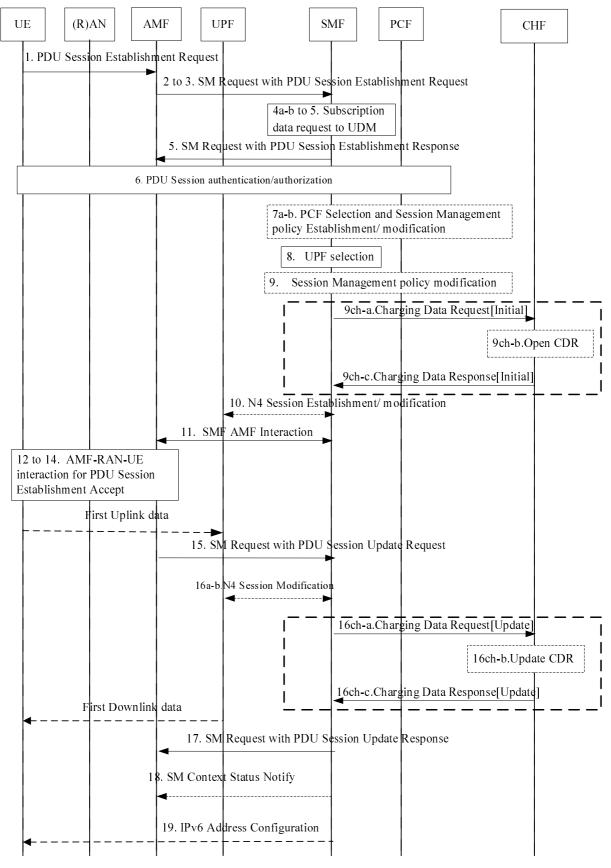
5.2.2.2 PDU session charging from SMF

5.2.2.2.1 General

The subclause below describes PDU session charging in non-roaming scenarios.

5.2.2.2.2 PDU session establishment

The following figure 5.2.2.2.1 describes a PDU session establishment charging, based on figure 4.3.2.2.1.1 TS 23.502 [202] description:





^{8.} The SMF selects an SSC mode for the PDU Session and also selects one or more UPFs.

- 9. The SMF may perform a Session Management Policy Modification procedure to report some event to the PCF that has previously subscribed.
- 9ch-a. The SMF creates a Charging Identifier for the PDU session, and sends Charging Data Request[initial] to CHF for authorization for the subscriber to start the PDU session which is triggered by start of PDU session charging event (The SMF may include 5GS CIoT optimizations information, see TS 23.502 [201]).
- 9ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this PDU session.
- 9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Initial] to the SMF.
- 15. AMF to SMF: SM Request (N2 SM information).
- [16a-b]. N4 session Modification.
- 16ch-a. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" needs quota from CHF, for the SMF to request quota.
- 16ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.
- 16ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.
- NOTE 1: The steps from 16ch-a to 16ch-c for quota request from CHF are not applicable for offline only charging.
- 17. SM Request with PDU session Update Response to AMF.
- 18. SMF sends SM Context Status Notify to AMF.
- 19. In case of PDU Type IPv6, IPv6 Address Configuration.

5.2.2.2.3 PDU Session Modification

The following figure 5.2.2.3-1 describes the PDU session modification charging, based on figure 4.3.3.2-1 TS 23.502 [202] description:

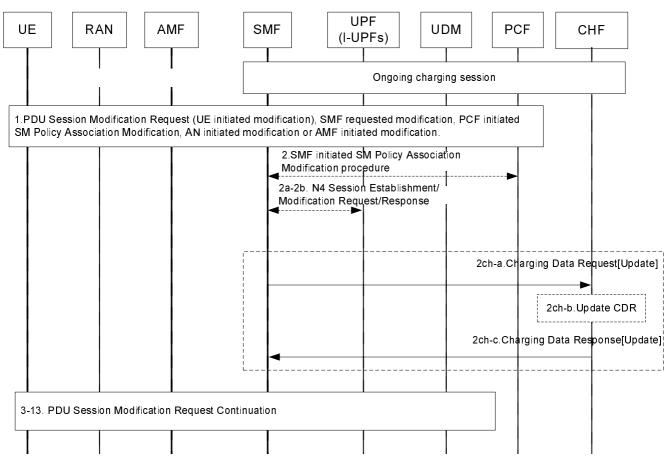


Figure 5.2.2.3-1: PDU Session Modification

- 1. 1. Network requested PDU Session Modification procedure is triggered by UE initiated modification, PCF initiated SM Policy Association Modification, SMF requested modification, AN initiated modification or AMF initiated modification.
- 2ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF for reporting the charging information when the corresponding trigger is armed (e.g., start of the service data flow, QoS change).

2ch-b. The CHF update the CDR for the PDU session.

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

3 to 13 PDU Session Modification Request Continuation referring to figure 4.3.3.2-1 of TS 23.502 [202].

5.2.2.2.4 PDU Session Release

The following figure 5.2.2.2.4-1 describes the PDU session release charging, based on figure 4.3.4.2-1 TS 23.502 [202] description:

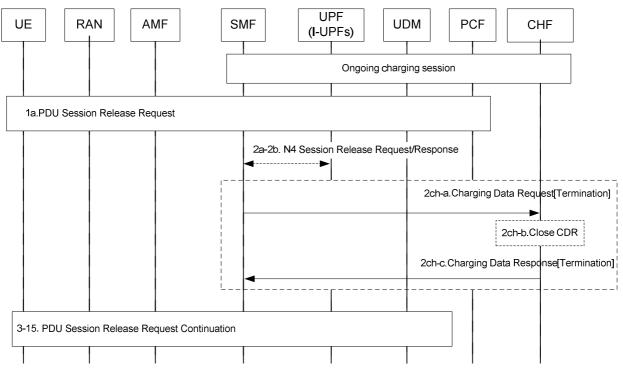


Figure 5.2.2.2.4-1: PDU Session Release

2ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Termination] to the CHF for terminating the charging associated with PDU sessions, with the trigger "End of PDU session".

2ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR for the PDU session.

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the SMF.

5.2.2.3 PDU session charging SSC Mode 1 from SMF

5.2.2.3.1 General

The subclause below describes PDU session SSC mode 1 charging in non-roaming scenarios.

5.2.2.3.2 PDU session charging SSC Mode 1

The following figure 5.2.2.3.2.1 describes a PDU session SSC mode 1 charging, based on clause 5.6.9.2.1 TS 23.501 [201] description:

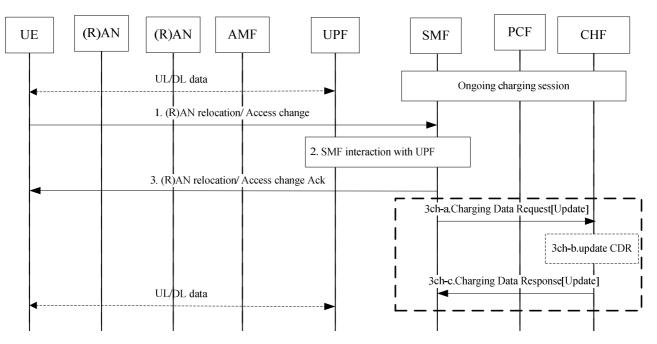


Figure 5.2.2.3.2.1: (R)AN relocation for PDU session in SSC mode 1

Ongoing charging interaction associated with the established PDU session (UPF).

- 1. A (R)AN relocation is performed.
- 2. The SMF determines that the serving UPF needs to be maintained and interacts with the UPF for the path switch to the new (R)AN access.
- 3. the SMF acknowledges the path switch to the new (R)AN.
- 3ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for reporting the charging information User location information/ Access Technology Type Information.

3ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

5.2.2.4 PDU session Charging SSC Mode 2 from SMF

5.2.2.4.1 General

The subclause below describes PDU session charging for change the PDU Session Anchor serving a PDU Session of SSC mode 2

5.2.2.4.2 PDU session Charging SSC Mode 2

The following figure 5.2.2.4.2.1 describes a PDU session anchor relocation in SSC mode 2 charging, based on figure 4.3.5.1.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

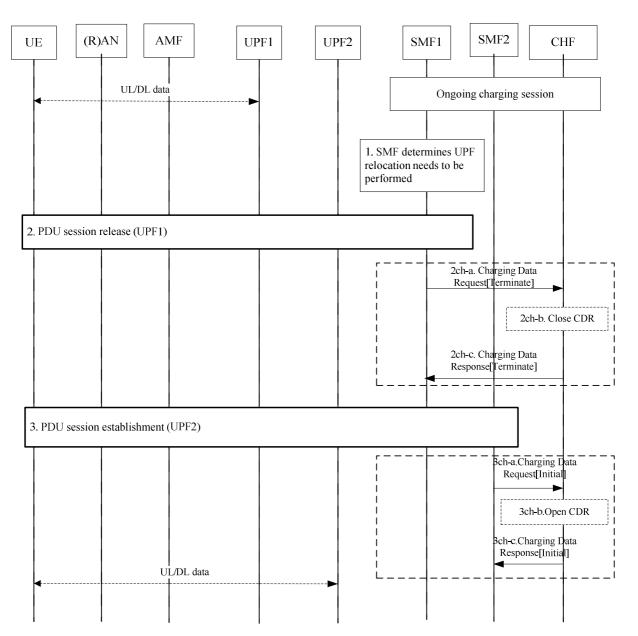


Figure 5.2.2.4.2.1: PDU session anchor relocation in SSC mode 2 with single PDU session anchor

Ongoing charging session associated with the established PDU session (UPF1)

- 2. PDU session release procedure (UPF1).
- 2ch-a. The SMF1 sends Charging Data Request[Termination] to the CHF for terminating the charging associated with old PDU session in UPF1.
- 2ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR for old PDU session in UPF1.
- 2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Termination] to the SMF1.
- 3. PDU session establishment procedure (UPF2).
- 3ch-a. The SMF2 creates a Charging Identifier for new PDU session ID in UPF2 and sends Charging Data Request[initial] to CHF for authorization for the subscriber to start the new PDU session which is triggered by start of PDU session charging event.
- 3ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for new PDU session in UPF2.

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[initial] to the SMF2.

NOTE: If the same SMF1 is re-selected is step 3, the same steps 3ch-a to b apply to SMF1

5.2.2.5 PDU session Charging SSC Mode 3 from SMF

5.2.2.5.1 General

The subclause below describes PDU session charging for change the PDU Session Anchor serving a PDU Session of SSC mode 3.

5.2.2.5.2 PDU session Charging SSC Mode 3

The following figure 5.2.2.5.2.1 describes a PDU session anchor relocation in SSC with mode 3 multiple PDU sessions and SMF reallocation, based on figure 4.3.5.2.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

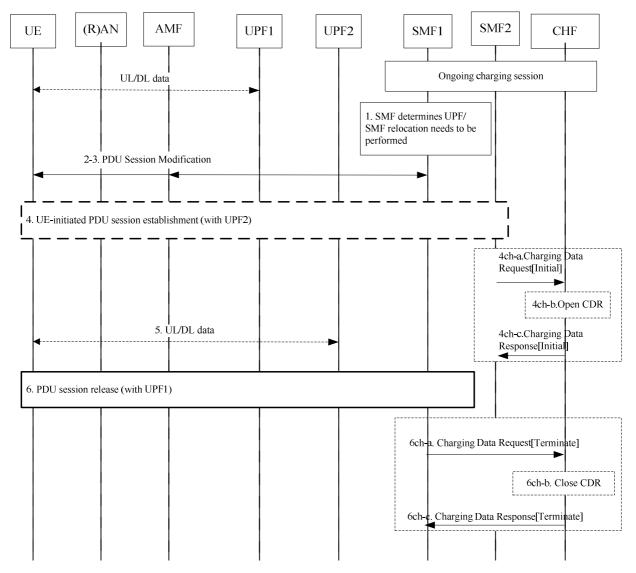


Figure 5.2.2.5.2.1: PDU session anchor relocation in SSC mode 3 with multiple PDU sessions – SMF reallocation

Ongoing charging interaction associated with the established PDU session (with UPF1).

4. UE initiates PDU session establishment procedure with UPF2.

4ch-a. The SMF2 creates a Charging Identifier for new PDU session ID with UPF2 and sends Charging Data Request[initial] to CHF for authorization for the subscriber to start the new PDU session (with UPF2) which is triggered by start of PDU session charging event.

4ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for new PDU session in UPF2.

- 4ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[initial] to the SMF2.
- 6. Old PDU session for UPF1 release.
- 6ch-a. The SMF1 sends Charging Data Request[Termination] to the CHF for terminating the charging associated with old PDU session in UPF1.
- 6ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR for old PDU session in UPF1.

6ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Termination] to the SMF1.

5.2.2.6 PDU session Charging SSC Mode 3 IPv6 Multi Homed from SMF

5.2.2.6.1 General

The subclause below describes PDU session charging for service continuity with SSC mode 3 using the multi-homed PDU Session.

5.2.2.6.2 PDU session Charging SSC Mode 3 IPv6 Multi Homed

The following figure 5.2.2.6.2.1 describes a PDU session anchor relocation in SSC mode 3 with IPv6 Multi homed PDU Session charging, based on figure 4.3.5.3.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

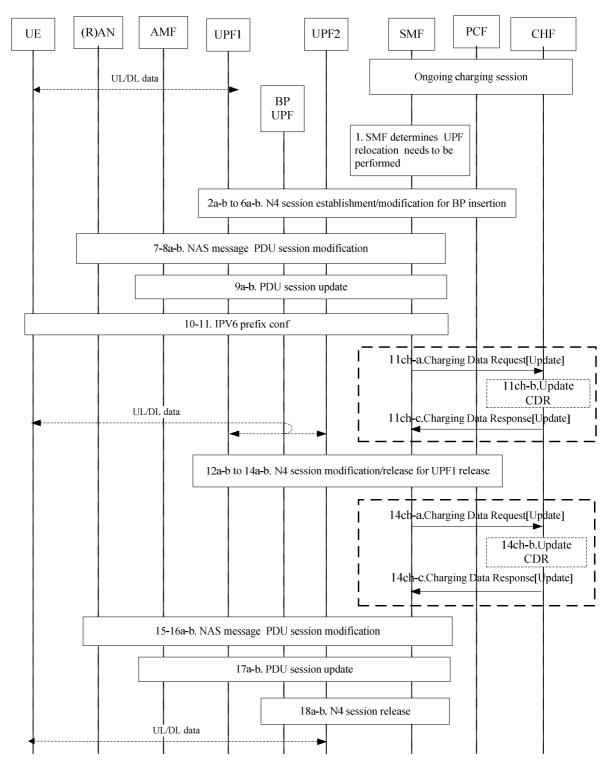


Figure 5.2.2.6.2.1: PDU session anchor relocation in SSC mode 3 with IPv6 Multi homed PDU Session

Ongoing charging interaction associated with the established PDU session (UPF1).

Traffic starts at UPF2.

11ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for request quota for UPF2 which is triggered by start of service data flow charging event, if quota management per UPF.

11ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session

11ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

- [12a-b to 13a-b] The SMF releases the UE's old IPv6 prefix (IP@1), and releases the path between BP UPF and UPF1.
- 13ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for usage reporting for UPF1 which is triggered by termination of service data flow charging event, if quota management per UPF.

13ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

13ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

In this scenario, the PDU session Id is maintained during the whole procedure.

5.2.2.7 Addition of additional PDU Session Anchor and Branching Point or UL CL

The following figure 5.2.2.7.1 describes the charging procedure to add a PDU Session Anchor and a Branching Point or UL CL for an established PDU Session, based on figure 4.3.5.4.1 TS 23.502[201].

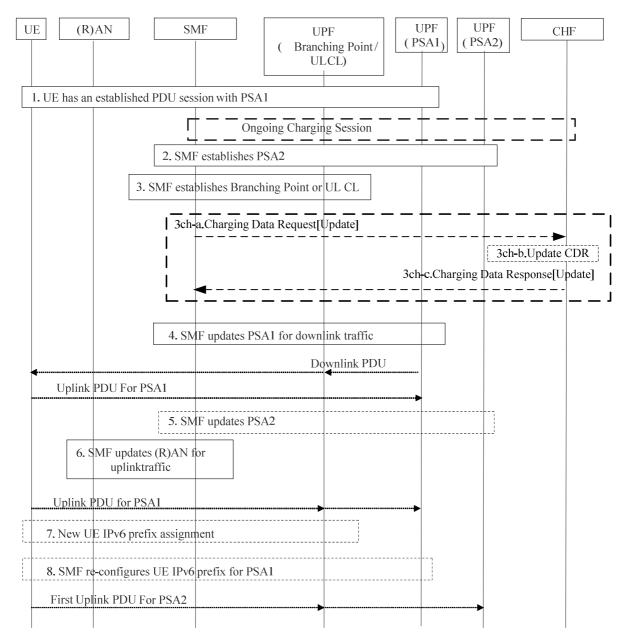


Figure 5.2.2.7.1: Addition of additional PDU Session Anchor and Branching Point or UL CL

Ongoing charging interaction associated with the established PDU session (UPF).

- 3. The SMF establishes the Branching Point (in case of IPv6 multi-homing) or a UL CL for the PDU Session.
- 3ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for the additional of UPF (PSA 2) if quota management is granted per UPF by trigger "Addition of UPF".
- 3ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR for the charging information of UPF (PSA 2).

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

5.2.2.8 Removal of additional PDU Session Anchor and Branching Point or UL CL

The following figure 5.2.2.8.1 describes charging procedure to remove a PDU Session Anchor and (optionally) remove Branching Point or UL CL for an established PDU Session, based on figure 4.3.5.5.1 TS 23.502[201].

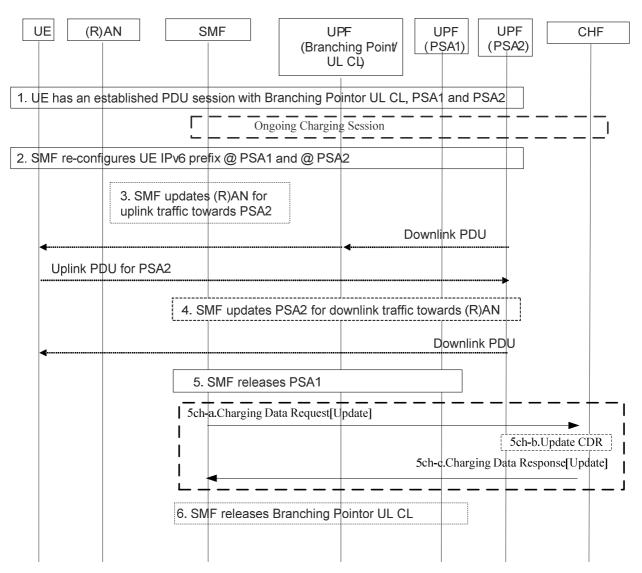


Figure 5.2.2.8.1: Removal of additional PDU Session Anchor and Branching Point or UL CL

Ongoing charging interaction associated with the established PDU session (UPF).

- 5. The SMF releases via N4 the PSA1.
- 5ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for the removal of UPF (PSA 1) if quota management is granted per UPF by trigger "Removal of UPF".

5ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR for the charging information of UPF (PSA 1).

5ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

6. If steps 4 and 5 were executed, the SMF releases the Branching Point / UL CL.

5.2.2.9 Change of additional PDU Session Anchor for IPv6 multi-homing or UL CL

The following figure 5.2.2.9.1 charging procedure to establish a new additional PDU Session Anchor (i.e., PSA2) and conditionally releases the existing additional PDU Session Anchor (i.e. PSA1), while modifying IPv6 multi-homing or UL CL rule in the same Branching Point or UL CL under controlled by the same SMF abased on figure 4.3.5.6.1 TS 23.502[201].

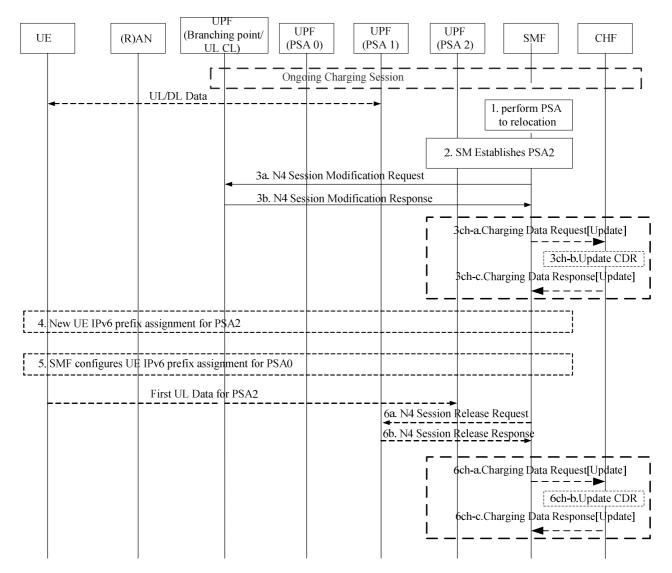


Figure 5.2.2.9.1: Change of additional PSA for a PDU Session in IPv6 multi-homing or UL CL case

Ongoing charging interaction associated with the established PDU session (UPF).

- 3a-b. The SMF exchange the N4 message toBranching Point or UL CL.
- 3ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for the additional of UPF (PSA 2) if quota management is granted per UPF by trigger "Addition of UPF".
- 3ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR for the charging information of UPF (PSA 2).
- 3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

- 6a-b. Step 6 occurs only if the Branching Point or UL CL does not have any traffic filter on the PDU Session which forwards a traffic flow to PSA1.
- 6ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for the removal of UPF (PSA 1) if quota management is granted per UPF by trigger "Removal of UPF".
- 6ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR for the charging information of UPF (PSA 1).
- 6ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

5.2.2.10 Simultaneous change of Branching Point or UL CL and additional PSA for a PDU Session

The following figure 5.2.2.10.1 describe the charging procedure to change the Branching Point or the UL CL and additional PSA serving a PDU Session for a UE triggered by SMF ((just an example call flow triggered by Xn based handover) based on figure 4.3.5.7.1 TS 23.502[201].

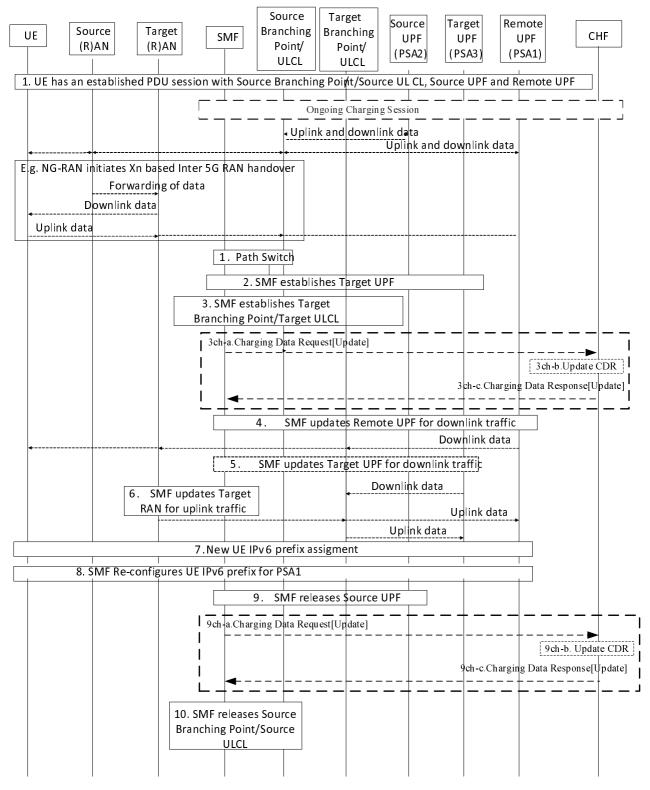


Figure 5.2.2.10.1: Simultaneous change of Branching Point or UL CL and additional PSA for a PDU Session

Ongoing charging interaction associated with the established PDU session (UPF).

³ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for the additional of Target UPF if quota management is granted per UPF by trigger "Addition of UPF".

3ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR for the charging information of Target UPF.

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

9. The SMF releases PSA2.

9ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] to the CHF for the removal of Source UPF if quota management is granted per UPF by trigger "Removal of UPF".

9ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR for the charging information of Source UPF.

9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the SMF.

5.2.2.11 PDU session charging for interworking with EPC

5.2.2.11.1 General

In order to interwork with EPC, the N26 interface is introduced as an inter-CN interface between the MME in EPC and 5GS AMF in order to enable provide seamless session continuity for single registration mode UE for inter-system change in the clause 5.17.2.2 TS 23.501[201].

PCF + PCRF, PGW-C + SMF and UPF + PGW-U are dedicated for interworking between 5GS and EPC, which are optional and are based on UE MM Core Network Capability and UE subscription in the clause 4.3 TS 23.501 [201]. The procedures for interworking with EPS based on N26 interface are specified in clause 4.11.1 TS 23.502 [201].

When 5GS and EPC interworking, interaction between the PGW-C + SMF and CHF is using the same interface as for interaction between SMF and CHF.

When a UE establishes a PDN connection/PDU session with PGW-C+SMF in EPS or 5GS, a charging session is established for the PDU session and PDN connection to support 5GS and EPS interworking as follows:

- When a UE is served by EPC, a charging session is established between the PGW-C+SMF and CHF via Nchf interface for EPC online charging and offline charging if 5GS interworking indication from SGW indicates that the UE supports 5G and the PDN connection is not restricted to interworking with 5GS by user subscription.
- When a UE is served by 5GS, a charging session is established between the PGW-C+SMF and CHF via Nchf interface for 5GS converged online and offline charging.
- When a UE is served by EPC, the PGW-C+SMF acts as the PGW, and a charging session is established via Gy interface for EPC online charging and Gz interface for offline charging if 5GS interworking is not supported.

The chargeable events for 5GS and EPC interworking are handover cancel, handover start and handover complete.

The triggers for 5GS and EPC interworking may be enabled or disabled, the PGW-C+SMF will interact with charging system as the following:

- If the trigger for interworking is enabled and the category is set to "immediate reporting", the PGW-C+SMF will report usage in source network and/or request quota for target network.
- If the trigger for interworking is enabled and the category is set to "deferred reporting", the PGW-C+SMF will close the count in source network and start a new count in target network and continue to consume the quota in target network. The source access specific triggers will no more be applicable in the PGW-C+SMF, the target access specific triggers will apply instead.
- If the trigger for interworking is disabled, the PGW-C+SMF will record usage for both source and target network accesses into common count and consumes the same quota in source and target network. The source access specific triggers will no more be applicable in the PGW-C+SMF, the target access specific triggers will apply instead.

For Charging Identifier handling see clause 5.1.4.

5.2.2.11.2 5GS to EPS handover using N26 interface

The following figure 5.2.2.11.2.1 describes the handover from 5GS to EPS when N26 is supported, based on figure 4.11.1.2.1.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

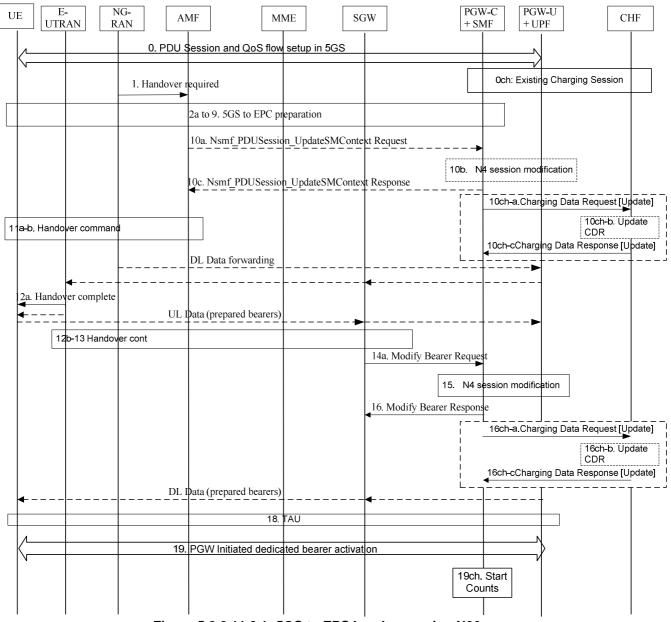


Figure 5.2.2.11.2.1: 5GS to EPS handover using N26

- 0. A PDU session is established in 5GS with multiple QoS Flows. A Charging Identifier was assigned to the PDU session.
- 0ch. A charging session between the PGW-C+SMF and CHF exists for this PDU session.
- 10c. PDU session update response to AMF.
- 10ch-a. This step occurs if steps 10a-c occurred. All counts are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF, if required by "Handover start" trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.
- 10ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

10ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

- 16. User Plane path switch for the default bearer and the dedicated GBR bearers between the UE and PGW-U+UPF via SGW. The Charging Identifier assigned to the PDN connection is supplied as the Charging Identifier for the default bearer. The EPS bearer Charging Identifier assigned to the dedicated EPS bearer(s), is supplied as the Charging Identifier for that dedicated EPS bearer.
- 16ch-a. All counts are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF, if required by "RAT type change" trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF (The PGW-C+SMF may include APN Rate Control Change, see TS 23.502 [201]).

16ch-b. The CHF updates CDR.

16ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

19. Dedicated bearer activation procedure for non-GBR QoS flows initiated by PGW-C+SMF.

19ch. Needed counts are started on start of service data flows of corresponding non-GBR QoS Flows.

5.2.2.11.3 EPS to 5GS handover using N26 interface

The following figures 5.2.2.11.3.1 and 5.2.2.11.3.2 describe the handover from EPS to 5GS when N26 is supported, based on figures 4.11.1.2.2.2.1 and 4.11.1.2.2.3.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

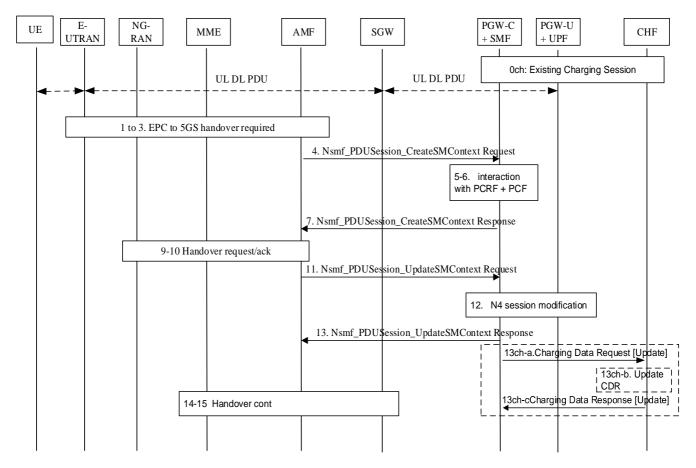


Figure 5.2.2.11.3.1: EPS to 5GS handover using N26 - preparation

- 0. If the UE supports 5G and the PDN connection is not restricted to interworking with 5GS by user subscription, the PGW-C+SMF is aware that 5GS interworking is supported. A PDN connection is established in EPC with default bearer and dedicated bearers. Association between the EPS bearer and the corresponding 5G QoS Rules is stored by the PGW-C+SMF.
- Och. A charging session between the PGW-C+SMF and CHF exists for this PDN connection with associated to the default bearer and dedicated bearers. The default bearer is assigned with the Charging Identifier of the PDN connection. The dedicated bearers are assigned with the EPS bearer Charging Identifier.

- As described in clause 4.11.1.2.2 of TS 23.502 [201] the PGW-C+SMF may receive APN Rate Control Status enabled during interworking with EPC for this PDN connection, the PGW-C+SMF interacts with CHF as following:
- 13ch-a. All counts are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF, if required by "RAT type change" trigger. The APN Rate Control Change may be provided by PGW-C+SMF in charging information if received.
- 13ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDN connection.
- 13ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

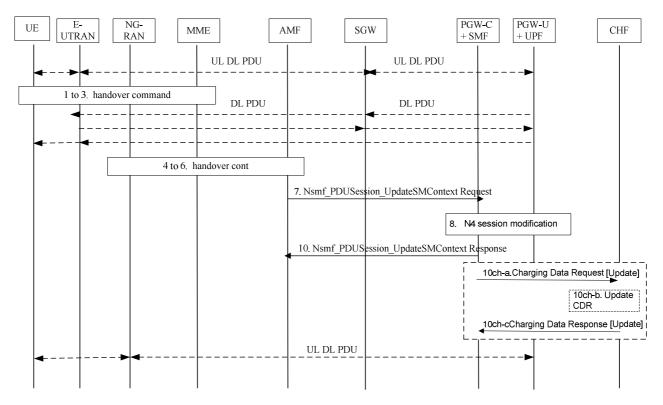


Figure 5.2.2.11.3.2: EPS to 5GS handover using N26 - execution

10ch-a. All counts are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF, if required by "RAT type change" trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.

10ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

10ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

5.2.2.11.4 Handover Cancel

The following figures 5.2.2.11.4.1 describe the handover cancel, based on clause 4.11.1.2.3 TS 23.502 [201] description:

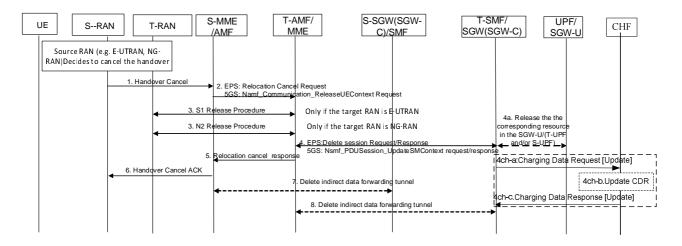


Figure 5.2.2.11.4.1: Handover Cancel

4. Based on the Relocation Cancel Indication, the target CN node (MME or AMF) deletes the session resources established during handover preparation phase in SGW (SGW-C and SGW-U)/ (SMF and UPF).

4ch-a. All counts are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF which triggered by "Handover cancel", New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.

4ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

4ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

- 7. If indirect forwarding tunnel is setup during handover preparation phase then cancellation of handover triggers the source CN node to release the temporary resources used for indirect forwarding.
- 8. If indirect forwarding tunnel is setup during handover preparation phase then cancellation of handover triggers the target CN node to release the temporary resources used for indirect forwarding.

5.2.2.11.5 EPS to 5GS mobility without N26 interface

The following figures 5.2.2.11.5.1 describe the handover from EPS to 5GS without N26 support, based on clause 4.11.2.3 TS 23.502 [201] description:

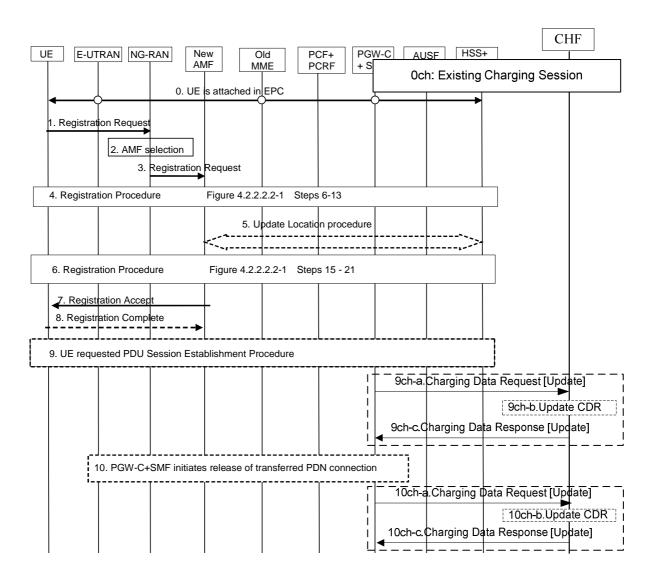


Figure 5.2.2.11.5.1: EPS to 5GS mobility without N26

- 0. The UE is attached in EPC.
- 1-8. UE initiate registration procedure to the 5GS and indicates that it is moving from EPC.
- 9. UE requested PDU Session Establishment.
- 9ch-a. a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF which is trigged by Handover start charging event, New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.
- 9ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.
- 9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.
- 10. The PGW-C+SMF performs release of the resources in EPC for the PDN connections(s) transferred to 5GS by performing the PDN GW initiated bearer deactivation procedure.
- 10ch-a. All counts are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF which is trigged by Handover complete charging event.
- 10ch-b. The CHF updates CDR.
- 10ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

5.2.2.11.6 5GS to EPS mobility without N26 interface

The following figures 5.2.2.11.6.1 describe the handover from 5GS to EPS without N26 support, based on clause 4.11.2.2 TS 23.502 [201] description:

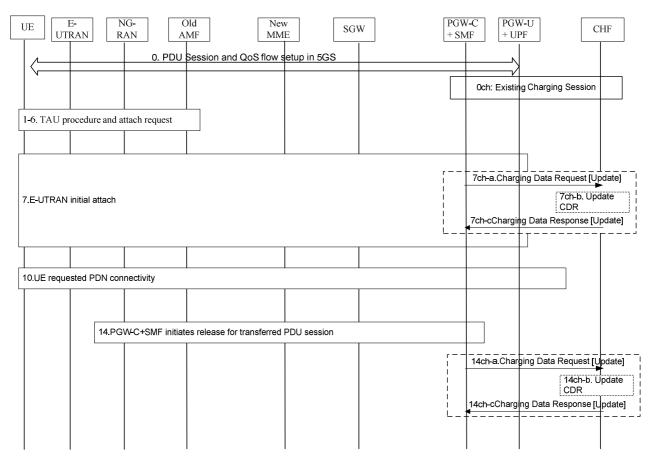


Figure 5.2.2.11.6.1: 5GS to EPS mobility without N26

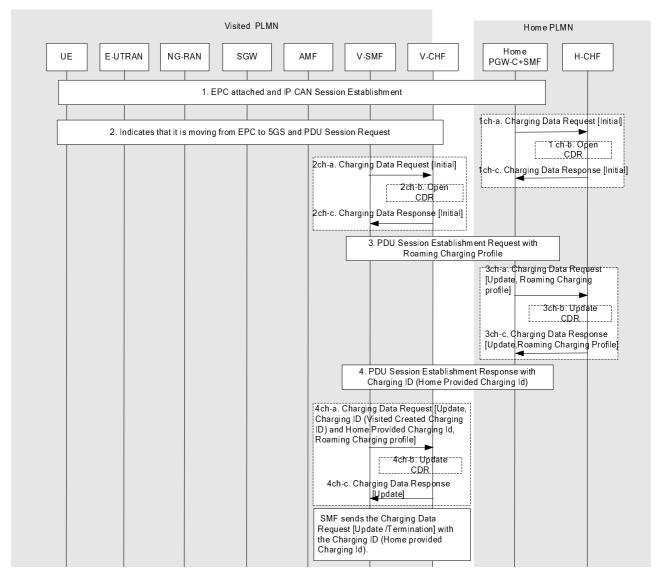
- 0. UE is registered in 5GS.
- 1-6. TAU procedure is triggered to start for E-UTRAN initial attach.
- 7. UE initiate E-UTRAN Initial Attach procedure to the EPS and indicates that it is moving from 5GS.
- 7ch-a. a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF which is triggered by Handover start charging event. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.
- 7ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.
- 7ch-c.The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.
- 10. If the UE has remaining PDU Sessions in 5GS which it wants to transfer to EPS and maintain the same IP address/prefix, the UE performs the UE requested PDN Connectivity Procedure.
- 14. The PGW-C+SMF initiates release of the PDU Session(s) in 5GS transferred to EPS.
- 14ch-a. All counts are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF which is triggered by Handover complete charging event.

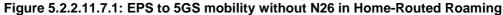
14ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

14ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

5.2.2.11.7 EPS to 5GS handover for roaming in Home routed scenario

The following figure 5.2.2.11.7.1 describes the handover from EPS to 5GS for roaming in home routed scenario, focusing on the Charging Identifier generation mechanism.





- 1. The UE is attached in EPC and initiates a new PDU connection (IP-CAN session).
- 1ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to CHF via PGW-C+SMF in HPLMN, triggered by "Start of PDU Session". The Charging Identifier included is generated by PGW-C+SMF in HPLMN.
- 1ch-b. The H-CHF opens a CDR 1ch-c. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the PGW-C+SMF.
- 2. UE initiates registration procedure to the 5GS and indicates that it is moving from EPC. UE requests PDU Session Establishment.
- 2ch-a. SMF in VPLMN creates a Charging Identifier (VPLMN created Charging Identifier) for the PDU session and sends the Charging Data Request [Initial] to CHF in VPLMN triggered by "Start of PDU Session"

2ch-b. The CHF in VPLMN opens a CDR.

2ch-c. The CHF in VPLMN acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF and optionally supplies a VPLMN selected "Roaming Charging Profile" to the V-SMF which override the default one.

3. UPF selection and V-SMF sends the PDU session establishment request to H-SMF.

3ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF in HPLMN triggered by "Handover start", indicating the "Roaming Charging Profile" received from the VPLMN. The same Charging Identifier (home provided Charging Identifier) in step 1ch-a will be the only one Charging Identifier used for any subsequent charging data request sent from H-SMF to CHF i.e., the Charging Identifier generated in PGW-C +SMF in HPLMN.

3ch-b. The CHF in HPLMN updates the CDR.

- 3ch-c. The CHF in HPLMN acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF and supplies the HPLMN selected "Roaming Charging Profile" to the PGW-C+SMF.
- 4. H-SMF sends the PDU session establishment response with Charging Identifier (home provided Charging Identifier).
- 4ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF in VPLMN triggered by "Handover complete", with the "Roaming Charging Profile", Charging Identifier (visited created Charging Identifier), and Home Provided Charging Identifier.

4ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

4ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update].

In subsequent charging data request sent from V-SMF to V-CHF, the Charging Identifier has the value of home provided Charging Identifier, and the home provided Charging Identifier is not provided.

5.2.2.11.8 Handover from EPC/ePDG to 5GS

The following figure 5.2.2.11.11.1 describes the handover from EPC/ePDG to 5GS for non-roaming scenario based on clause 4.11.4.1 Handover from EPC/ePDG to 5GS of TS 23.502 [201].

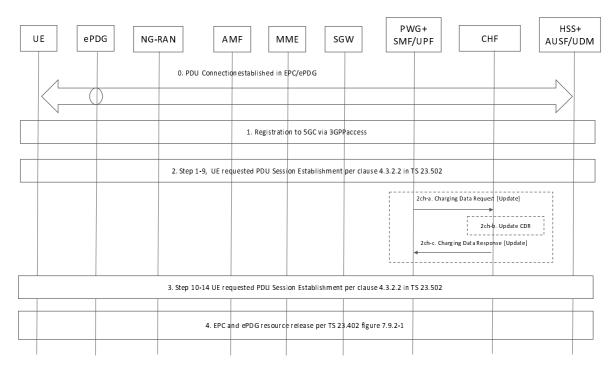


Figure 5.2.2.11.11.1: Handover from EPC/ePDG to 5GS

- 0. One or more PDN Connections have been established.
- 1. UE register to 5GC via NG RAN.
- 2. The UE initiates a UE requested PDU Session Establishment via 3GPP Access and includes the "Existing PDU Session" indication or "Existing Emergency PDU Session" and the PDU Session ID.

2ch-a. PGW-C+SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to CHF if required by "RAT type change" trigger.

2ch-b. The CHF updates for this PDU session

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

- 3. Step 10-14, in procedure of UE requested PDU Session Establishment.
- 4. The combined PGW+SMF/UPF initiates a PDN GW initiated Resource Allocation Deactivation to release the EPC and ePDG resources.

5.2.2.11.9 Handover from 5GS to EPC/ePDG

The following figure 5.2.2.11.9.1 describes the handover from 5GS to EPC/ePDG based on clause 4.11.4.2 Handover from 5GS to EPC/ePDG in TS 23.502 [201].

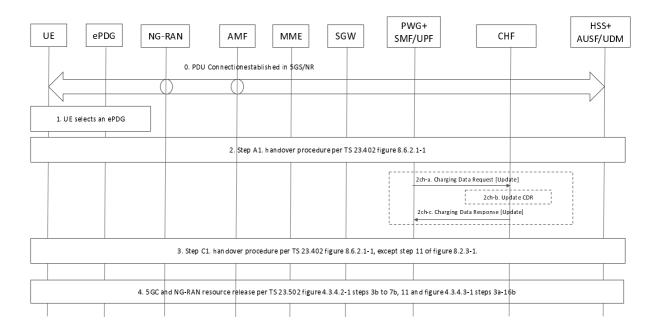


Figure 5.2.2.11.9.1: Handover from 5GS to EPC/ePDG

- 0) One or more PDU Sessions have been established between the UE and the SMF/UPF via NG-RAN.
- 1) UE selects an ePDG.
- 2) Step A1 in procedure of the UE initiates a Handover Attach procedure.

2ch-a. PGW-C+SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to CHF if required by "RAT type change" trigger.

2ch-b. The CHF updates for this PDU session.

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.

- 3) Step C1, in procedure of the UE initiates a Handover Attach procedure to the release of resources.
- 4) The combined PGW+SMF/UPF initiates a network requested PDU Session Release via 3GPP access.

5.2.2.12 PDU session charging for roaming in Home routed scenario

5.2.2.12.1 General

The subclauses below describe PDU session charging for roaming in Home routed scenario focusing on roaming QBC procedures between SMF and a CHF in respective PLMNs.

In H-PLMN, PDU session charging for FBC between H-SMF and a H-CHF occurring within the same charging session is not reflected.

5.2.2.12.2 PDU session establishment

The following figure 5.2.2.12.2.1 describes a PDU session charging establishment in roaming Home routed scenario based on figure 4.3.2.2.2.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

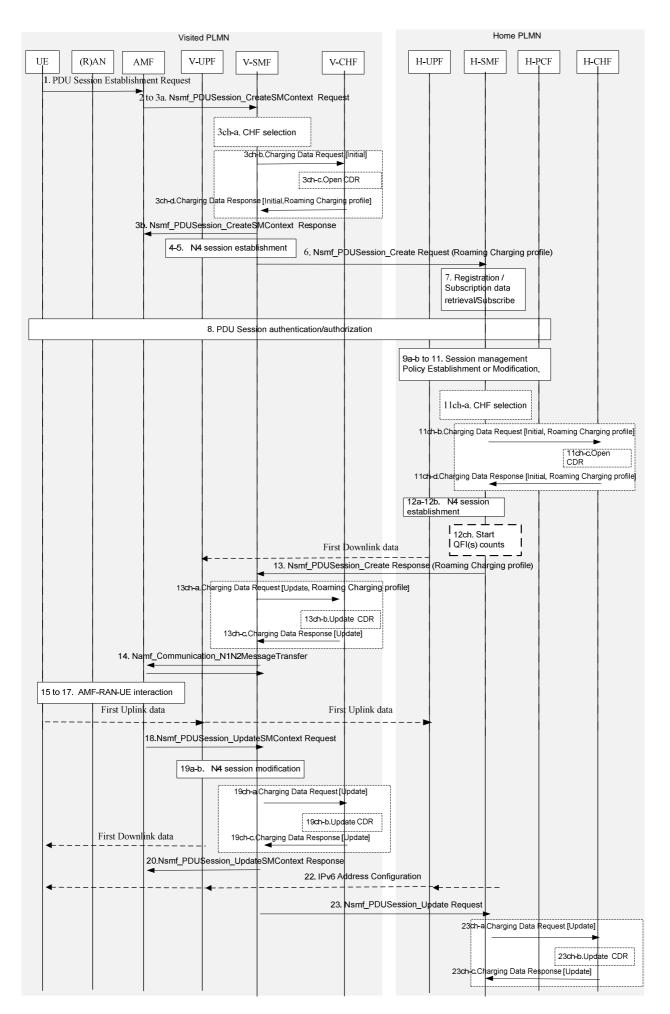


Figure 5.2.2.12.2.1: PDU session charging: establishment roaming Home Routed

- 1-3a. UE initiates a new PDU session. V-SMF and H-SMF selection by the AMF.
- 3ch-a. The UE is identified as a roamer (PLMN ID of the received SUPI is different from VPLMN PLMN ID), the CHF is selected accordingly (the V-SMF may include 5GS CIoT related information).
- 3ch-b. A Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to CHF, indicating "in-bound roamer", triggered by "Start of PDU Session".
- 3ch-c. The CHF opens a CDR (indicating "in-bound roamer")
- 3ch-d. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF and optionally supplies a "Roaming Charging Profile" to the V-SMF which overrides the default one.

10. UPF selection.

- 11. If dynamic PCC is deployed, SM policy association modification.
- 11ch-a. Based on UE is identified as roaming in a different PLMN, the CHF is selected accordingly.
- 11ch-b. A Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to CHF, triggered by "Start of PDU Session", indicating "outbound roamer", with the "Roaming Charging Profile" received from the VPLMN (the H-SMF may include 5GS CIoT related information).
- 11ch-c. The CHF opens a CDR (indicating "out-bound roamer").
- 11ch-d. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the H-SMF and supplies the HPLMN selected "Roaming Charging Profile" (either the same as the one received from VPLMN, either its own selected) to the H-SMF.
- [12a-b]. The SMF initiates an N4 Session Establishment procedure with the selected UPF.
- 12ch. Counts per QFI are started.
- 13. Nsmf_PDUSession_Create Response from H-SMF to V-SMF with "Roaming Charging Profile" (as described in step 11ch-d) from H-SMF to V-SMF. The "Roaming Charging Profile" may be reported to the V-CHF in the follow-up Charging Data Request [Update].
- 13ch-a. ACharging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF with charging information received from H-SMF, when enabler trigger is armed, which includes the HPLMN selected "Roaming Charging Profile" and counts per QFI are started.

13ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

13ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

- 19a-b. N4 session modification.
- 19ch-a. Counts per rejected QFI(s) are closed. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF to report if needed.
- 19ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.
- 19ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.
- 23. Nsmf_PDUSession_UpdateRequest from V-SMF to H-SMF. The rejected QFI(s) are notified to H-SMF.
- 23ch-a. Counts per rejected QFI(s) are closed. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF to report if needed.
- 23ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.
- 23ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the H-SMF.

5.2.2.12.3 PDU session modification

The following figure 5.2.2.12.3.1 describes a PDU Session Modification procedure, home-routed roaming scenario based on figure 4.3.3.3.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

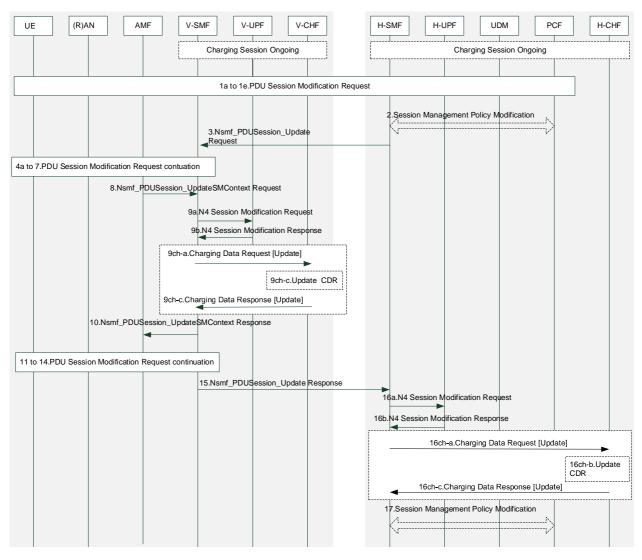


Figure 5.2.2.12.3.1: UE or network requested PDU Session Modification (for home-routed roaming scenario)

9ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to V-CHF with charging information received from V-SMF, if needed and new counts per QFI are started.

9ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

- 9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the V-SMF.
- 16ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF with charging information received from H-SMF, if needed, and new counts per QFI are started.
- 16ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

16ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Update] to the H-SMF.

5.2.2.12.4 PDU session release

The following figure 5.2.2.8.4.1 describes a PDU session charging release in roaming home routed scenario based on figure 4.3.4.3.1 TS 23.502 [201] description:

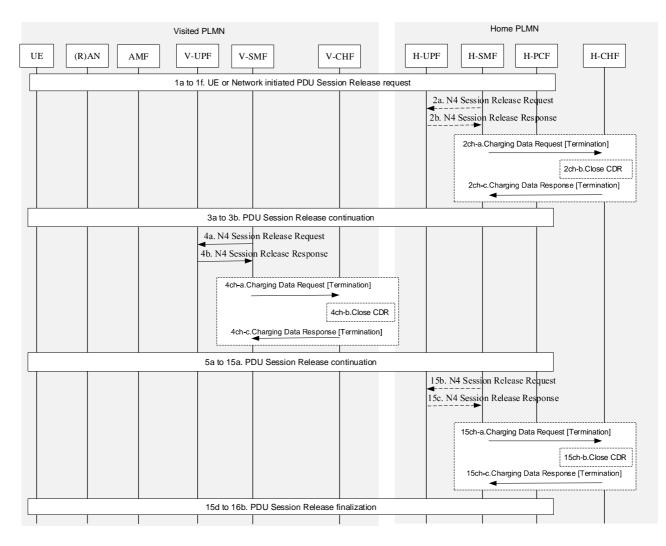


Figure 5.2.2.12.4.1: PDU session charging: release roaming home Routed

2a-2b. (UE, (R)AN or serving network initiated) N4 session release between H-SMF and H-UPF.

2ch_a. A Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to CHF with the set of QFI(s) counts.

2ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Termination] to the H-SMF.

4a-4b. N4 session release between V-SMF and V-UPF.

4ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to CHF with the set of QFI(s) counts.

4ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR

4ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response[Termination] to the V-SMF.

15b-15c. (HPLMN initiated release) N4 session release between H-SMF and H-UPF.

15ch_a. A Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to CHF with the set of QFI(s) counts.

15ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR

15ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the H-SMF.

NOTE: Either 2ch or 15ch is done depending on if the release is UE, (R)AN, serving network, or HPLMN initiated.

5.2.2.12.5 Inter-PLMN V-SMF insertion

The following figure 5.2.2.12.5.1 describes the Home Routed PDU Session case in which the UE moves out of H-SMF service area in the HPLMN to a new PLMN V-SMF service area for the service request procedure based on figure 4.23.4.3-1 of TS 23.502 [201], with I-SMF replaced by V-SMF in I-SMF insertion scenario (the CHF interaction is similar for N2 and Xn based handover procedures):

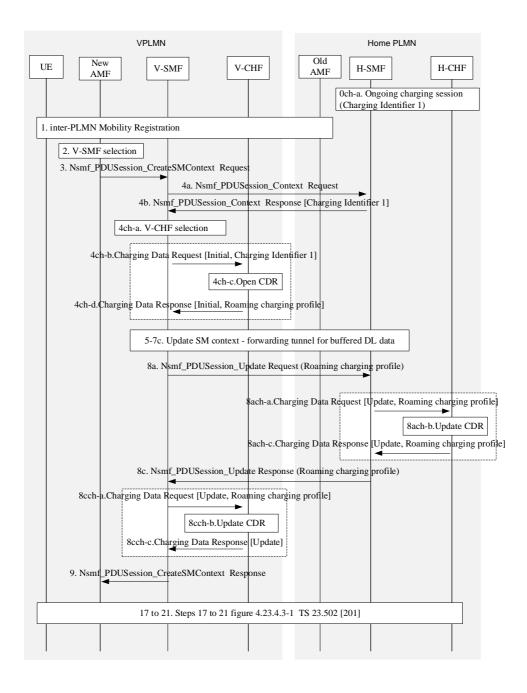


Figure 5.2.2.12.5.1: Roaming Home routed PDU session inter-PLMN V-SMF insertion

Och-a: Ongoing charging session for HPLMN for UE served by H-SMF, using "Charging Identifier 1".

- 1-2. UE moves into a different PLMN, and the new AMF determines the V-SMF based on service area.
- 3-4b. SM Context retrieval by V-SMF from the H-SMF. The "Charging Identifier 1" is conveyed to the V-SMF.
- 4ch-a. The UE is identified as a roamer, the V-CHF is selected accordingly.
- 4ch-b. A Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to the V-CHF, indicating "in-bound roamer" and "Charging Identifier 1" received on step 4b.
- 4ch-c. The V-CHF opens a CDR (indicating "in-bound roamer").
- 4ch-d. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the V-SMF and optionally supplies a "Roaming charging profile" to the V-SMF which overrides the default one.
- 5-7c. Refer steps 5 to 7c in Figure 4.23.4.3-1 of TS 23.502 [201].
- 8a. Nsmf_PDUSession_Create Request from the V-SMF towards the H-SMF and optionally "Roaming Charging Profile".
- 8ach-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF in HPLMN, indicating the PLMN change and "Roaming charging profile" if received from the VPLMN.

8ach-b. The H-CHF in HPLMN updates the CDR.

- 8ach-c. The H-CHF in HPLMN acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the H-SMF and optionally the HPLMN selected "Roaming Charging Profile" for this VPLMN.
- 8c. Nsmf_PDUSession_Create Response from the H-SMF to the V-SMF with the "Roaming charging profile".
- 8cch-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to the V-CHF with charging information received from H-SMF, which includes the HPLMN selected "Roaming charging profile", if received from HPLMN.

8cch-b. The V-CHF updates the CDR.

8cch-c. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

9, 17-21. Refer steps 9 and 17 to 21 in Figure 4.23.4.3-1 of TS 23.502 [201].

5.2.2.12.6 Inter-PLMN V-SMF change

The following figure 5.2.2.12.6.1 describes the Home Routed PDU Session case in which the UE moves out of V-SMF service area in the serving PLMN to a new PLMN V-SMF service area for the service request procedure based on figure 4.23.4.3-1 of TS 23.502 [201], with I-SMF replaced by V-SMF in I-SMF change scenario (the CHF interaction is similar for N2 and Xn based handover procedures):

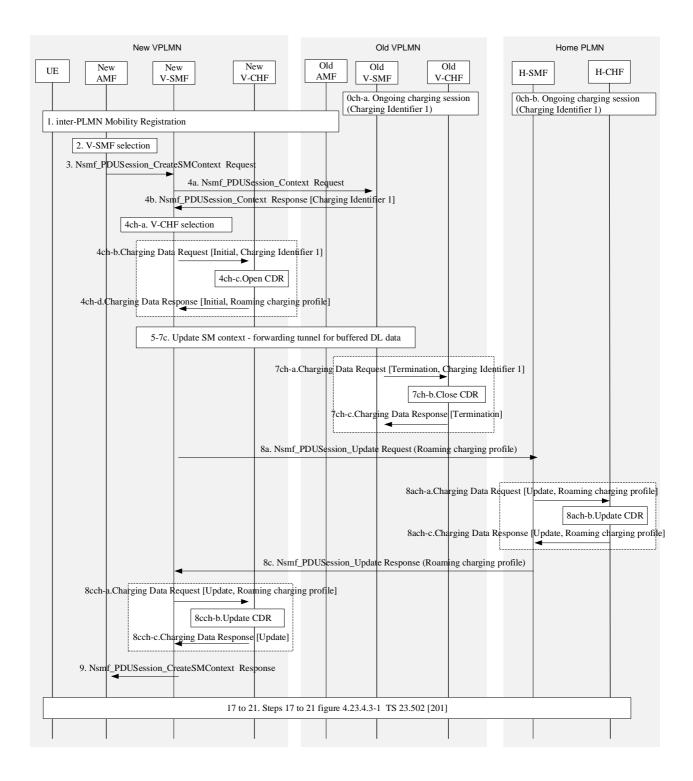


Figure 5.2.2.12.6.1: Roaming Home routed PDU session inter-PLMN V-SMF change

- Och-a: Ongoing charging session in the old VPLMN for UE served by the old V-SMF, using " Charging Identifier 1".
- Och-b: Ongoing charging session for HPLMN for UE served by the old V-SMF, using " Charging Identifier 1".
- 1-2. UE moves into a different PLMN, and the new AMF determines the new V-SMF based on service area.
- 3-4b. SM Context retrieval by the new V-SMF from the old V-SMF. The "Charging Identifier 1" is conveyed to the new V-SMF.

4ch-a. The UE is identified as a roamer, the CHF is selected accordingly.

- 4ch-b. A Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to the new V-CHF, indicating " in-bound roamer" and "Charging Identifier 1" received on step 4b.
- 4ch-c. The new V-CHF opens a CDR (indicating " in-bound roamer").
- 4ch-d. The new V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to new V-SMF and optionally supplies a "Roaming charging profile" to new V-SMF which overrides the default one.
- 5-7c. Refer steps 5 to 7c in Figure 4.23.4.3-1 of TS 23.502 [201].
- 7ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to old V-CHF, with " Charging Identifier 1".
- 7ch-c. The old V-CHF closes the CDR.
- 7ch-d. The old V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to old V-SMF.
- 8a. Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Request from new V-SMF towards the H-SMF with the "Roaming Charging Profile".
- 8ach-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF in HPLMN, e.g. trigged by "Serving Node change", indicating the V-SMF change and " Roaming charging profile" if received from the VPLMN. This step occurs before SMF interacts with the UPF.
- 8ach-b. The H-CHF in HPLMN updates the CDR.
- 8ach-c. The H-CHF in HPLMN acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the H-SMF and optionally supplies the HPLMN selected "Roaming Charging Profile" for this VPLMN.
- 8c. Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Response from H-SMF to new V-SMF with the "Roaming charging profile".
- 8cch-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to V-CHF with charging information received from H-SMF, when enabled trigger is armed, which includes the HPLMN selected " Roaming charging profile" if received.

8cch-b. The V-CHF updates the CDR.

8cch-c. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

9, 17-21. Refer steps 9 and 17 to 21 in Figure 4.23.4.3-1 of TS 23.502 [201].

5.2.2.12.7 Intra-PLMN V-SMF change

The following figure 5.2.2.12.7.1 describes the Home Routed PDU Session case in which the UE moves out of V-SMF service area in the serving PLMN to a new V-SMF service area in the serving PLMN, based on figure 4.23.4.3-1 of TS 23.502 [201], with I-SMF replaced by V-SMF in I-SMF change scenario:

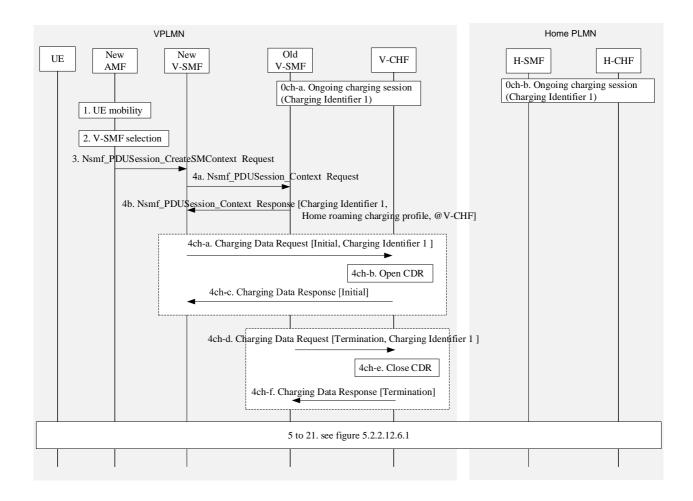


Figure 5.2.2.12.7.1: Roaming Home routed PDU session intra-PLMN V-SMF change

0ch-a and 0ch-b: same as in Figure 5.2.2.12.6.1.

- 1-2. UE moves out of the old V-SMF service area, and the new AMF determines the new V-SMF service area in the same VPLMN.
- 3- 4b. SM Context retrieval by new V-SMF from the old V-SMF. The "Charging Identifier 1", the "Home roaming charging profile", and the V-CHF address, are conveyed to the new V-SMF.
- 4ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to V-CHF, indicating "in-bound roamer" and "Charging Identifier 1" received on step 4b, with a trigger indicating V-SMF change.
- NOTE: Since the same V-CHF is used, the "Home roaming charging profile" to be used is already known by the V-CHF
- 4ch-b. The V-CHF opens a CDR (indicating "in-bound roamer").
- 4ch-c. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to new V-SMF.
- 4ch-d. A Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to V-CHF, with "Charging Identifier 1", with a trigger indicating V-SMF change.
- 4ch-e. The V-CHF closes the CDR.
- 4ch-f. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to old V-SMF.
- 5-21. Same steps as in Figure 5.2.2.12.6.1, except the "Roaming charging profile" is not renegotiated, i.e., not contained in steps 8a, 8ach-a, 8ach-c, 8c and 8cch-a.

5.2.2.12.8 Inter-PLMN V-SMF insertion - without Charging Identifier string

The flow is the same as in clause 5.2.2.12.5, with the difference in steps:

- 3- 4b. SM Context retrieval by V-SMF from the H-SMF. The "Charging Identifier 1" is converted from a string to an integer and conveyed to the V-SMF. The conversion needs to be done so that the new Charging Identifier is unique within the V-SMF.
- 4ch-b. A Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to the V-CHF, indicating "in-bound roamer" and "Charging Identifier 1" as integer received on step 4b.
- 8ach-a. A Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF in HPLMN (e.g. based on PLMN change trigger), indicating the PLMN change, "Charging Identifier 1" as integer or string, and "Roaming charging profile" if received from the VPLMN.

5.2.2.12.9 Inter-PLMN V-SMF removal

The following figure 5.2.2.12.9.1 describes the Home Routed PDU Session case in which the UE moves out of V-SMF service area in the VPLMN back to the home PLMN and H-SMF service area for the registration procedure based on clause 4.23.3 of TS 23.502 [201], with I-SMF replaced by V-SMF in I-SMF removal scenario (the CHF interaction is similar for N2 (clause 4.23.7.3 of TS 23.502 [201]) and Xn based handover (clause 4.23.11.4 of TS 23.502 [201]) procedures):

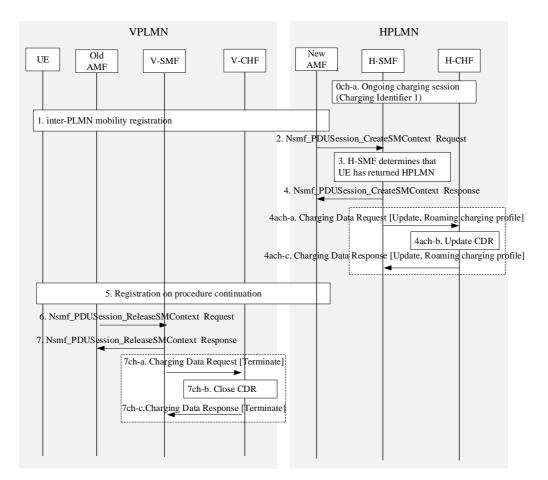


Figure 5.2.2.12.9.1: Roaming Home routed PDU session inter-PLMN V-SMF removal

Och-a: Ongoing charging session for HPLMN for UE served by H-SMF, using "Charging Identifier 1".

1. UE moves back to the HPLMN, and the new AMF selects the H-SMF based context information provided by the old-AMF. This corresponds to steps 1-16 as specified in clause 4.23.3 of TS 23.502[201].

- 2. Nsmf_PDUSession_CreatePDUSessionContext_Request is sent from the new-AMF to the H-SMF as specified in Step 17 of clause 4.23.3 of TS 23.502[201].
- 3. The H-SMF determines that the UE has returned to HPLMN and that the V-SMF is no longer required
- 4. Nsmf_PDUSession_CreatePDUSessionContext_Response is sent from the H-SMF to the new AMF.
- 4ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Update, Roaming Charging Profile] is sent to the H-CHF, with trigger indicating SMF change.
- 4ch-b. Based on the trigger, the H-CHF updates the CDR

4ch-c, The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the H-SMF.

- 5. Registration Procedure continues as captured in clause 4.23.3 of TS 23.502 [201].
- 6. After timer expires in the Old AMF, the Old AMF deletes the context in the V-SMF by sending a Nsmf_PDUSession_ReleasePDUSessionContext_Request message.
- 7. Nsmf_PDUSession_ReleasePDUSessionContext_Response is sent from the V-SMF to the old AMF

7ch-a. A Charging Data Request [Terminate] is sent to the V-CHF, with trigger indicating removal of I-SMF.

7ch-b. Based on the I-SMF removal trigger, the V-CHF closes the CDR

7ch-c. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Terminate] to the V-SMF.

5.2.2.13 PDU session charging - non-3GPP access

5.2.2.13.1 General

After UE registration to 5GC via an non-3GPP access network, a PDU session can be established via this non-3GPP access. For following scenarios, the PDU session establishment via untrusted non-3GPP access network is specified in clause 4.12 of TS 23.502 [201] and the PDU session establishment via trusted non-3GPP access network is specified in clause 4.12a of TS 23.502 [201]:

- UE initiated PDU session establishment;
- Handover of a PDU Session from 3GPP access to untrusted non-3GPP access;
- Service Request procedures via Untrusted non-3GPP Access specified in clause 4.12.4.5 of TS 23.502 [201];
- Service Request procedures via Trusted non-3GPP Access specified in clause 4.12.4a.5 of TS 23.502 [201].

Handover procedure of a PDU Session between 3GPP access and non-3GPP access is achieved by PDU Session Establishment over source access followed by PDU Session Release over the target access for respective N2 Resources Release. The PDU Session ID, IP address/prefix, and SSC mode are maintained during the move.

PDU session over Untrusted non-3GPP Access release and Trusted non-3GPP Access release are specified in clause 4.12.7 and clause 4.12a.7 of TS 23.502 [201].

5.2.2.13.2 PDU session establishment

5.2.2.13.2.1 PDU session establishment via an untrusted non-3GPP access network

The following figure 5.2.2.13.2.1 describes a PDU session charging establishment via an untrusted non-3GPP access network scenario based on figure 4.12. 5.1 in TS 23.502 [201] description:

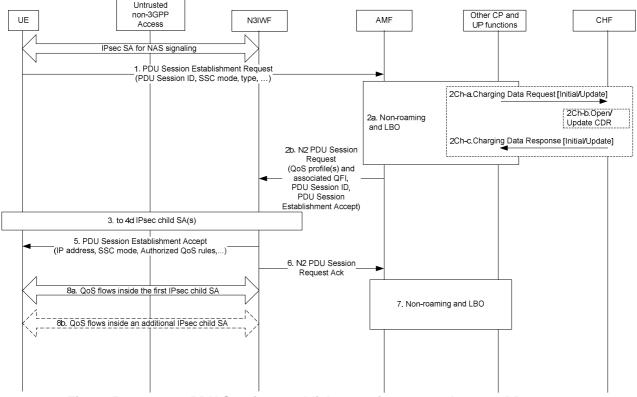


Figure 5.2.2.13.2.1: PDU Session establishment via untrusted non-3GPP access

[2ch-a to 2ch-c]. Two cases:

- In case of "Initial request" the same steps as steps 7ch-a to 7ch-c in figure 5.2.2.2.1 apply, for initial SMF interaction with CHF, with Charging Data Request [Initial].
- In case of "Existing PDU Session" the "radio access type change" trigger may apply for SMF interaction with CHF, with Charging Data Request [Update].

5.2.2.13.2.2 PDU session establishment via Trusted Non-3GPP access network

After the UE registers to 5GC via trusted non-3GPP access network, the UE may request a PDU Session establishment by using the same procedure as the one specified in clause 5.2.2.13.2.1 for untrusted non-3GPP access, with the following modifications:

- The N3IWF in Figure 5.2.2.13.2.1 should be substituted with a TNGF and the Untrusted non-3GPP access should be substituted with a Trusted non-3GPP Access Point (TNAP).
 - Charging Data Request [Initial/Update] contains RAT type and user location specifics to trusted non-3GPP.
 - The TNGF may send a TNGF Identities parameter to AMF inside an N2 Uplink NAS Transport message. The TNGF Identities parameter contains a list of identifiers (i.e. FQDNs or IP addresses) of N3 terminations supported by the TNGF. If received by the AMF, it shall forward it to the SMF, which may use it as input to UPF selection.

5.2.2.13.3 PDU session modification

5.2.2.13.3.1 PDU session modification via an untrusted non-3GPP access network

The following figure 5.2.2.13.3.1 describes a PDU session charging modification via an untrusted non-3GPP access network scenario based on figure 4.12.16.1 in TS 23.502 [201] description:

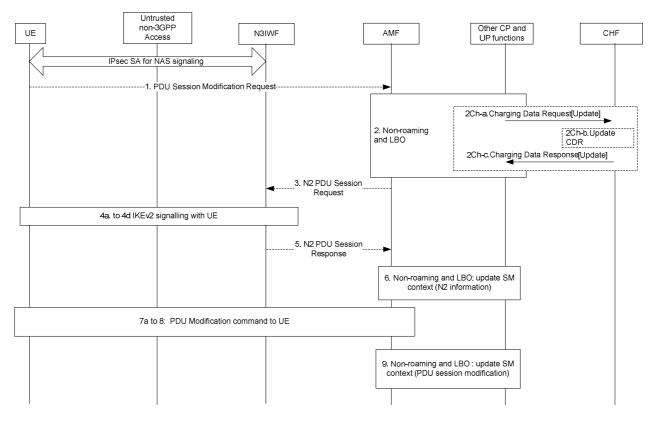


Figure 5.2.2.13.3.1: PDU Session modification via untrusted non-3GPP access

[2ch-a to 2ch-c]: Interaction between SMF and CHF triggered by the modification applied to the PDU session (e.g. QoS handling).

5.2.2.13.3.2 PDU session modification via Trusted Non-3GPP access network

The UE or network requested PDU Session Modification procedure via trusted non-3GPP access network is the same procedure as the one specified in clause 5.2.2.13.3.1 for untrusted non-3GPP access, with the following modifications:

- The N3IWF in Figure 5.2.2.13.3.1 should be substituted with a TNGF and the Untrusted non-3GPP access should be substituted with a Trusted non-3GPP Access Point (TNAP).
- Interaction between SMF and CHF triggered by the modification contains RAT type and user location specifics to trusted non-3GPP.

5.2.2.13.4 PDU session release

5.2.2.13.4.1 PDU session release via an untrusted non-3GPP access network

The following figure 5.2.2.13.4.1 describes a PDU session charging release via an untrusted non-3GPP access network scenario based on figure 4.12.17.1 in TS 23.502 [201] description:

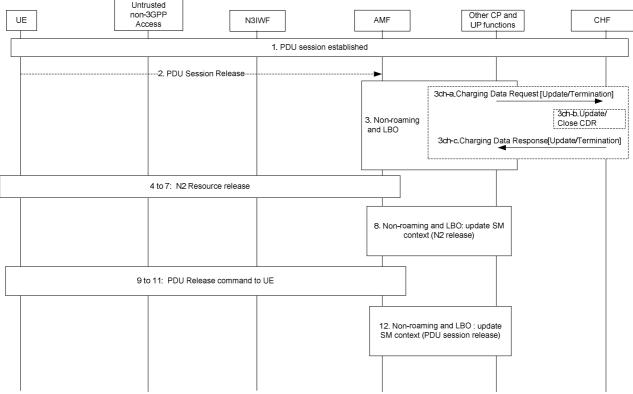


Figure 5.2.2.13.4.1: PDU Session release via untrusted non-3GPP access

[3cha-3chb]. Two cases:

- In case the PDU session needs to be released, SMF interaction with CHF for release, with Charging Data Request [Termination].
- In case of handover from non-3GPP access to 3GPP access, SMF may interacts with CHF, with Charging Data Request [Update].
- NOTE: the "radio access type change" trigger, if enabled, applied during the PDU session establishment over the 3GPP access which was performed prior to this PDU session release over non-3GPP access.

5.2.2.13.4.2 PDU session release via Trusted Non-3GPP access network

The UE or the network can release a PDU Session via a trusted non-3GPP access network as specified in clause 5.2.2.13.4.1 for the untrusted non-3GPP access with the following modifications:

- The untrusted non-3GPP access is substituted by a trusted non-3GPP access point (TNAP).
- The N3IWF is substituted by the TNGF.

5.2.2.14 PDU session served by I-SMF and SMF

5.2.2.14.1 General

When the I-SMF is inserted, re-allocated, or removed in a PDU Session as specified in TS 23.501 [200], the SMF may report the charging information to the CHF.

When the I-SMF with UL CL/BP is inserted based on information received from SMF, the I-SMF forwards traffic usage information to the SMF as specified in TS 23.501 [200].

5.2.2.14.2 PDU session establishment with I-SMF insertion

The following figure 5.2.2.14.2.1 describes a PDU session establishment charging, for the case where the service area of the selected SMF does not include the location where the UE camps, based on TS 23.502 [201] figure 4.3.2.2.2, where the V-SMF and V-UPF are replaced by I-SMF and I-UPF, and H-SMF and H-UPF are replaced by SMF and UPF (PSA) respectively:

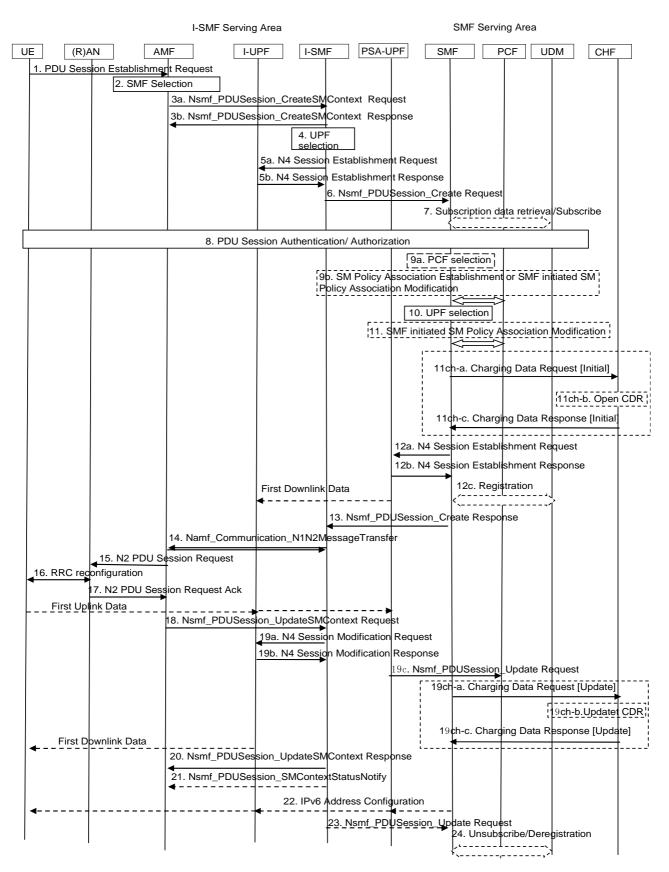


Figure 5.2.2.14.2.1: UE-requested PDU Session Establishment with I-SMF insertion

2. The AMF selects SMF and I-SMF upon SMF serving area cannot cover UE location.

5a. I-SMF selects one or more UPFs.

- 11. The SMF may perform a Session Management Policy Modification procedure to report some event to the PCF that has previously subscribed.
- 11ch-a. The SMF creates a Charging Identifier for the PDU session and sends Charging Data Request [Initial] including I-SMF information to CHF for authorization for the subscriber to start the PDU session which is triggered by start of PDU session charging event.

11ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this PDU session.

- 11ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF.
- 14. AMF to SMF: SM Request (N2 SM information).
- [19a-b]. N4 session Modification.
- 19c, I-SMF notify SMF on N4 information with Traffic usage reporting.
- 19ch-a. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" needs quota from CHF, for the SMF to request quota for both own and I-SMF usage.
- 19ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.
- 19ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

NOTE 1: The steps from 19ch-a to 19ch-c for quota request from CHF are not applicable for offline only charging.

- 20. SM Request with PDU session Update Response to AMF.
- 21. SMF sends SM Context Status Notify to AMF.
- 22. In case of PDU Type IPv6, IPv6 Address Configuration.
- NOTE 2: I-SMF controlling both I-UPF and PSA2 UPF upon local traffic offload scenarios, can enforce usage report and/or quota management for PSA2 UPF.

5.2.2.14.3 PDU Session modification procedure with I-SMF involved

The following figure 5.2.2.14.3-1 describes a PDU Session modification charging message flow, for the case where the service area of the selected SMF does not include the location where the UE camps, with simplified I-SMF with UE and Serving Network message flows, based on TS 23.502 [201] figure 4.3.3.3-1, where the V-SMF and V-UPF are replaced by I-SMF and I-UPF, and H-SMF and H-UPF are replaced by SMF and UPF (PSA) respectively:

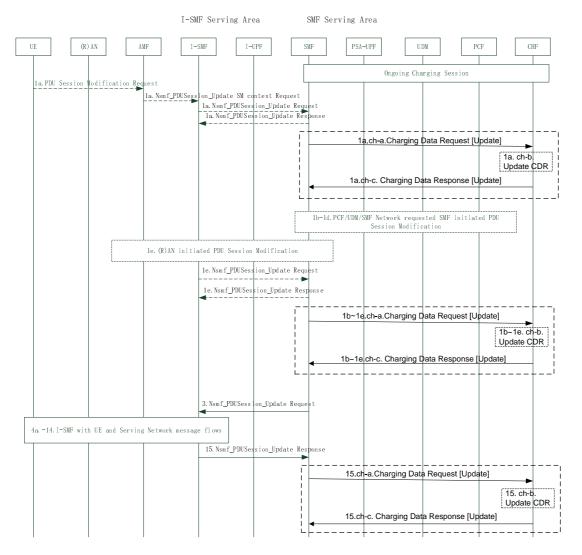


Figure 5.2.2.14.3-1: UE or network requested PDU Session Modification charging with I-SMF involved

PDU Session served by both I-SMF and SMF has been established, with the ongoing Charging session.

- 1a. UE or serving network AMF requested PDU Session Modification Request to I-SMF, I-SMF invokes a Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Request message to SMF, including User Location Information, QoS information and I-SMF information. SMF accept with Nsmf_PDUSession_Update_Response message to I-SMF.
- 1a.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF and a Charging Data Request [Update] message with PDU Session related triggers including I-SMF information is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the SMF.

1a.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

1a.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the SMF.

- 1b~1d.With PCF initiated SM Policy Association Modification or UDM updated the subscription data or SMF decided to modify PDU Session triggers, SMF starts SMF requested PDU Session Modification procedures.
- 1e. (R)AN initiated PDU Session Modification Request to I-SMF, I-SMF invokes a Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Request message to SMF, including User Location Information, QoS information with indication of QoS flow released and I-SMF information. SMF accept with Nsmf_PDUSession_Update_Response message to I-SMF.
- 1b~1e.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF and a Charging Data Request [Update] message with PDU Session related triggers including I-SMF information is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the SMF.

1b~1e.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

1b~1e.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the SMF.

- 3. With SMF initiated QoS flows modification procedure, SMF invokes a Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Request message to I-SMF.
- 4~14. I-SMF interacting with UE and Serving Network message flows, including the QoS rule(s) and QoS Flow level QoS parameters operations.
- 15. I-SMF invokes a Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Response message to SMF, including User Location Information, QoS flow information and I-SMF information.
- 15.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF and a Charging Data Request [Update] message with PDU Session related triggers including I-SMF information is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the SMF.

15.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

15.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the SMF.

5.2.2.14.4 PDU Session release procedure with I-SMF involved

The following figure 5.2.2.14.4-1 describes a PDU session release charging message flow, for the case where the service area of the selected SMF does not include the location where the UE camps, with simplified I-SMF with UE and Serving Network message flows, based on TS 23.502 [201] figure 4.3.4.3-1, where the V-SMF and V-UPF are replaced by I-SMF and I-UPF, and H-SMF and H-UPF are replaced by SMF and UPF (PSA) respectively.

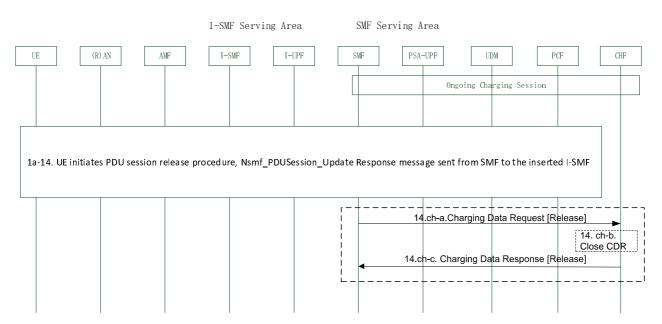


Figure 5.2.2.14.4-1: UE or network requested PDU Session release charging with I-SMF involved

PDU Session served by both I-SMF and SMF has been established, with the ongoing Charging session.

- 1a-14. UE initiates PDU session release procedure, finally with Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Response message sent from SMF to the inserted I-SMF.
- 14.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF and a Charging Data Request [Release] message including I-SMF information is sent to CHF, with usage reporting.

14.ch-b. The CHF close CDR for this PDU session.

14.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Release] message to the SMF.

5.2.2.14.5 PDU Session procedures with I-SMF insertion/change/removal

PDU Session procedures with I-SMF insertion/change/removal, including below three figures described procedures covering Service Request, N2 based handover and Xn based handover.

The following figure 5.2.2.14.5-1 describes PDU session charging message flows, for the Service Request cases where

- the UE moves from SMF service area to new I-SMF service area, a new I-SMF is inserted (i.e. I-SMF insertion); or
- the UE moves from old I-SMF service area to new I-SMF service area, the I-SMF is changed (i.e. I-SMF change); or
- the UE moves from I-SMF service area back to SMF service area, the I-SMF is removed (i.e. I-SMF removal).

with simplified UE with 5GS message flows, based on TS 23.502 [201] figure 4.23.4.3-1, for I-SMF insertion, change, removal respectively, and specifies the corresponding charging message flow between SMF and CHF.

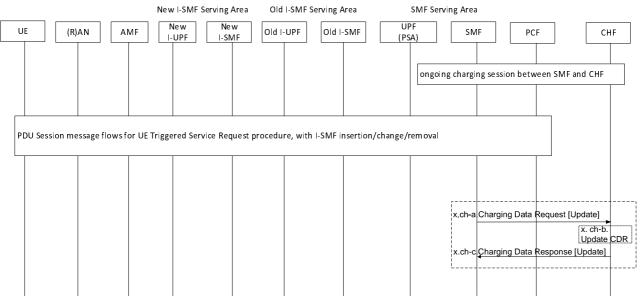


Figure 5.2.2.14.5-1: PDU Session charging message flows for UE Triggered Service Request procedure with I-SMF insertion/change/removal

PDU Session served by both I-SMF and SMF has been established, with the ongoing Charging session.

- PDU Session message flows for UE Triggered Service Request procedure, with I-SMF insertion/change/removal triggers charging message flows as below:
- I-SMF insertion message flows, upon UE moves from SMF service area to I-SMF service area, before the SMF updates the UPF and also before Nsmf_PDUSession_Create Response message is sent from SMF to the inserted I-SMF (Detail message flows refer to TS 23.502,4.23.4.3-1 step 3 to 8a), or before the SMF updates the UPF and also before Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Response message is sent from SMF to the inserted I-SMF (Detail message flows refer to TS 23.502,4.23.4.3-1 step 18 to 20a).
- I-SMF change message flows, upon UE moves from old SMF service area to new I-SMF service area, before the SMF updates the UPF and also before Nsmf_PDUSession_Update Response message is sent from SMF to the inserted new I-SMF (Detail message flows refer to TS 23.502 [201],4.23.4.3-1 step 3 to 8a, or step 18 to 20a).
- I-SMF removal message flows, upon UE moves from I-SMF service area back to SMF service area, finally SMF send Nsmf_PDUSession_CreateSMContext Response message to AMF (Detail message flows refer to TS 23.502,4.23.4.3-1 step 10 to 16), or SMF send Nsmf_PDUSession_UpdateSMContext Response message to AMF (Detail message flows refer to TS 23.502 [201], 4.23.4.3-1 step 22 to 25)
- x.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF, and a Charging Data Request [Update] message including I-SMF information and "insertion/change/removal of I-SMF" trigger is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the SMF.

x.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

x.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the SMF.

NOTE 1: x in figure 5.2.2.14.5-1, refer to the last step number in the detail message flows. For I-SMF insertion or I-SMF change, x refers to 8a or20a. For I-SMF removal, x refers to 16 or 25.

The following figure 5.2.2.14.5-2 describes PDU session charging message flows, for N2 based handover, with I-SMF insertion, change, removal.

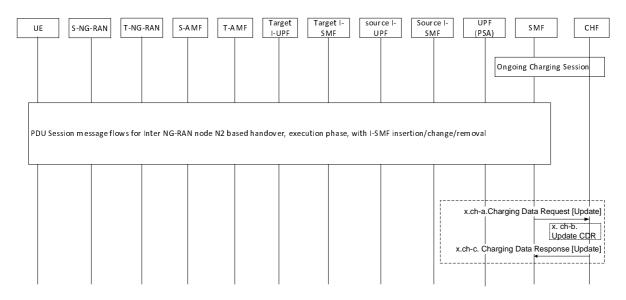


Figure 5.2.2.14.5-2: PDU Session charging message flows for Inter NG-RAN node N2 based handover, execution phase, with I-SMF insertion/change/removal

- PDU Session served by both I-SMF and SMF has been established, with the ongoing Charging session between SMF and CHF.
- PDU Session message flows for Inter NG-RAN node N2 based handover procedure, with I-SMF insertion/change/removal triggers charging message flows as below:
- I-SMF insertion message flows, for N2 based handover, refer to TS 23.502 [201], 4.23.7.3.3-1 step 2 to 6.
- I-SMF Change message flows, for N2 based handover, refer to TS 23.502 [201], 4.23.7.3.3-1 step 2 to 6,
- I-SMF Removal message flows, for N2 based handover, refer to TS 23.502 [201], 4.23.7.3.3-1 step 10 to 14.
- x.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF with the I-SMF, and a Charging Data Request [Update] message including I-SMF information and "insertion/change/removal of I-SMF" trigger is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the SMF.
- x.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

x.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the SMF.

NOTE 2: x in figure 5.2.2.14.5-2, refer to the last step number in the detail message flows. For I-SMF insertion or I-SMF change, x refers to 6. For I-SMF removal, x refers to 14.

The following figure 5.2.2.14.5-3 describes PDU session charging message flows, for Xn based handover, with I-SMF insertion, change, removal.

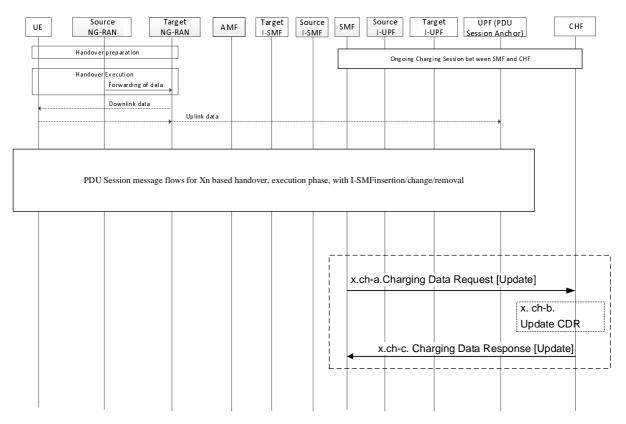


Figure 5.2.2.14.5-3: PDU Session charging message flows for Xn based handover, execution phase, with I-SMFinsertion/change/removal

- PDU Session served by both I-SMF and SMF has been established, with the ongoing Charging session between SMF and CHF.
- PDU Session message flows for Xn based handover procedure, with I-SMF insertion/change/removal triggers charging message flows as below:
- I-SMF insertion message flows, for Xn based handover, refer to TS 23.502 [201], 4.23.11.2-1 step 1 to 6.
- I-SMF Change message flows, for Xn based handover, refer to TS 23.502 [201], 4.23.11.3-1 step 1 to 6,
- I-SMF Removal message flows, for Xn based handover, refer to TS 23.502 [201], 4.23.11.4-1 step 1 to 8.
- x.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF with the I-SMF, and a Charging Data Request [Update] message including I-SMF information and "insertion/change/removal of I-SMF" trigger is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the SMF.
- x.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.
- x.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the SMF.
- NOTE 3: x in figure 5.2.2.13.5-3, refer to the last step number in the detail message flows. For I-SMF insertion or I-SMF change, x refers to 6. For I-SMF removal, x refers to 8.

5.2.2.14.6 5GS to EPS handover using N26 interface with I-SMF removal

When 5GS to EPS handover using N26 interface in idle mode, procedure in TS 23.502 [201] clause 4.23.12.2 is applicable.

When 5GS to EPS handover using N26 interface in active mode, procedure in TS 23.502 [201] clause 4.23.12.6 is applicable.

Upon UE moves from I-SMF service area to EPS service area, with both RAT Type change and I-SMF removal triggered, PGW-C+SMF and CHF will conduct below charging procedures:

- x.ch-a. All counts are closed in PGW-C+SMF with a Charging Data Request [Update] message including I-SMF information and both "RAT Type change" and "removal of I-SMF" triggers are sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.
- x.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.
- x.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the PGW-C+SMF.
- NOTE 1: x refers to the last message step number with I-SMF removal in the detail message flows in TS 23.502 [201] clause 4.23.12.2 or clause 4.23.12.6.

5.2.2.14.7 EPS to 5GS handover using N26 interface with I-SMF insertion

When EPS to 5GS handover using N26 interface in idle mode, procedure in TS 23.502 [201] clause 4.23.12.3 is applicable.

When EPS to 5GS handover using N26 interface in active mode, procedure in TS 23.502 [201] clause 4.23.12.7 is applicable.

Upon UE moves from EPS service area to I-SMF service area, with both RAT Type change and I-SMF insertion triggered, PGW-C+SMF and CHF conduct below charging procedures:

x.ch-a. All counts are closed in PGW-C+SMF with a Charging Data Request [Update] message including I-SMF information and both "RAT Type change" and "insertion of I-SMF" triggers are sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.

x.ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

x.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] message to the PGW-C+SMF.

NOTE 1: x refers to the last message step number with I-SMF insertion in the detail message flows in TS 23.502 [201] clause 4.23.12.3 or clause 4.23.12.7.

5.2.2.14.8 Addition/removal/change of PSA and UL CL or BP controlled by I-SMF

This clause is based on TS 23.502 clause 4.23.9.1, 4.23.9.2 and 4.23.9.3 procedures, describes simplified procedures of addition/removal/change of PSA and UL CL or BP controlled by I-SMF, adding with charging message flow:

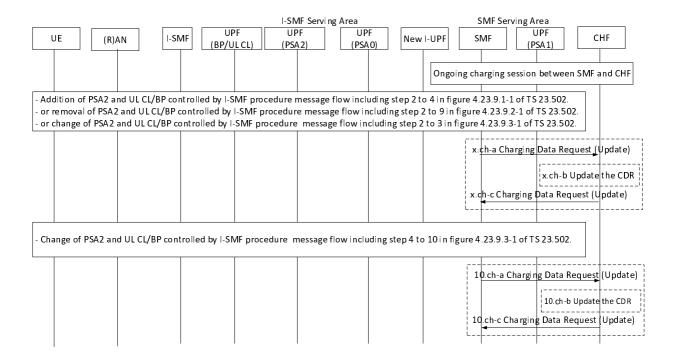


Figure 5.2.2.14.8-1: Addition/removal/change of PSA and UL CL or BP controlled by I-SMF

PDU Session served by both I-SMF and SMF has been established, with the ongoing Charging session.

PDU Session message flows with addition/removal/change of I-SMF controlled addition/removal/change of PSA and UL CL/BP with charging message flows as below:

- Addition of PDU Session Anchor (PSA2) for UL CL/BP controlled by I-SMF message flows, refer step 2 to step 4 described in figure 4.23.9.1-1 of TS 23.502[201].
- Removal of PDU Session Anchor (PSA2) for UL CL/BP controlled by I-SMF message flows, refer step 2 to step 9 described in figure 4.23.9.2-1 of TS 23.502[201].
- Change of PDU Session Anchor (PSA0 to PSA2) for UL CL/BP controlled by I-SMF message flows, refer step 2 to step 3 and step 4 to step 10 described in figure 4.23.9.3-1 of TS 23.502[201].
- x.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF for I-SMF controlled local PSA traffic, and a Charging Data Request [Update] message including I-SMF information and "addition/removal of UPF" trigger is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger. New counts and time stamps for all addition of PSA active service data flows are started in the SMF.
- x.ch-b The CHF updates the CDR for this PDU Session.

x.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

NOTE 1: x in figure 5.2.2.14.8-1, refer to the last step number in the detail message flows. For addition of PDU Session Anchor (PSA2), x refers to 4. For removal of PDU Session Anchor (PSA2), x refers to 9. For addition of PDU Session Anchor (PSA2) during change of PSA2, x refers to 3.

Removal of PDU Session Anchor (PSA0) for UL CL/BP controlled by I-SMF message flows, refer step 4 to step 10 described in figure 4.23.9.3-1 of TS 23.502[201].

- 10.ch-a. All counts are closed in SMF for I-SMF controlled the PSA0 traffic, and a Charging Data Request [Update] message including I-SMF information and "removal of UPF" trigger is sent to CHF, if required by immediate report category trigger.
- 10.ch-b The CHF updates the CDR for this PDU Session.

10.ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

NOTE 2: steps 10.ch-a to 10.ch-c are only applied in Change of PDU Session Anchor (PSA0 to PSA2) procedure.

- 5.2.2.14.9 Void
- 5.2.2.14.10 Void

5.2.2.15 PDU session charging from SMF - ATSSS

5.2.2.15.1 General

This clause specifies PDU session charging for a MA PDU session as defined in TS 23.501 [200].

The flows are based on message flows specified in clause 4.22 TS 23.502 [201],

5.2.2.15.2 UE requested MA PDU session establishment

The following figure 5.2.2.15.2.1 describes charging procedure for MA PDU Session establishment requested by UE, based on figure 5.2.2.2.2.1 description with the following differences identified in clause 4.22.2.1 TS 23.502 [202]:

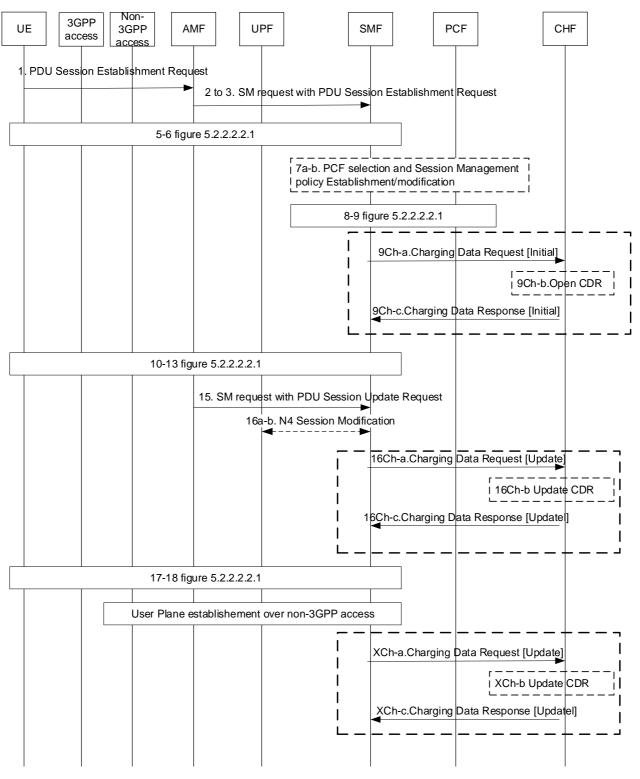


Figure 5.2.2.15.2.1: UE Requested MA PDU session establishment

- The UE is registered in both 3GPP access and non-3GPP access, and UE PDU Session Establishment Request message is sent over the 3GPP access.
- 1. PDU Session Establishment Request is indicated with "MA PDU Request" and ATSSS Capability (e.g. an "MPTCP Capability" and/or an "ATSSS-LL Capability").
- 2-3. The AMF informs the SMF that the request is for a MA PDU Session and indicates the UE is registered over both accesses.

- 7a-b. PCC Rules supplied by PCF contain ATSSS policy control information, optionally with a dedicated non-3GPP access rating group. From these PCC Rules, the SMF derives ATSSS rules for uplink and N4 rules for downlink for controlling the traffic steering, switching and splitting.
- 9ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [initial] indicating "MA PDU session requested by UE" to CHF for authorization for the subscriber to start the MA PDU session.

9ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this MA PDU session.

- 9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF.
- 10-13. Procedure based on ATSSS policy and SMF derived both N4 Rules and ATSSS rules to UE.
- 16ch-a. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" over 3GPP needs quota from CHF for appropriate rating group, the SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] for requesting quota.
- 16ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this MA PDU session.
- 16ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

After step 18 in figure 5.2.2.2.1, if the SMF was informed in step 2 that the UE is registered over both accesses, the SMF initiates the establishment of user-plane resources over non-3GPP access via AMF. After the user plane is established with the non-3GPP access:

- Xch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update]. This step may occur in case following chargeable events need quota from CHF for appropriate rating group, or if required by "immediate reporting" category:
 - "start of SDF additional access" over non-3GPP.
 - "start of service data flow" over non-3GPP or 3GPP.

Xch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this MA PDU session.

Xch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

In the scenario where the PDU Session Establishment Request message for the MA PDU session is sent over the non-3GPP access, and the user plane over the non-3GPP access is established before the user plane over 3GPP:

- 16ch-a. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" over non-3GPP needs quota from CHF for appropriate rating group, or if required by "immediate reporting" category
- Xch-a. This step may occur in case following chargeable events need quota from CHF for appropriate rating group, or if required by "immediate reporting" category:
 - "start of SDF additional access" over 3GPP.
 - "start of service data flow" over non-3GPP or 3GPP.

5.2.2.15.3 UE requested PDU session establishment with Network Modification to MA PDU Session

The following flow describes the charging procedure for a single access PDU session establishment by ATSSS-capable UE and the 5GC network decides to convert to a Multi-Access PDU (MA PDU) Session, based on figure 5.2.2.2.1 description with the following differences identified in clause 4.22.3 TS 23.502 [202]:

- The UE is registered in both 3GPP access and non-3GPP access and sends a PDU Session Establishment Request message over the 3GPP access.
- PDU Session Establishment Request may include "MA PDU Network-Upgrade Allowed" indication and its ATSSS Capability.7. The single-access PDU Session requested by the UE is converted into a MA PDU Session by SMF based on "MA PDU Network-Upgrade Allowed" indication, and PCC Rules are supplied by PCF containing ATSSS policy control information optionally with a dedicated non-3GPP access rating group.
- 9ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [initial] indicating "MA PDU session requested by Network modification" to CHF.

9ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this MA PDU session.

9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF.

Steps after step 10 in clause 5.2.2.15.2 apply.

5.2.2.15.4 UE Requested PDU Session Establishment with Network Modification to MA PDU Session - roaming in Home routed scenario

The charging procedure for single access PDU session establishment requested by ATSSS-capable UE and converted to a Multi-Access PDU (MA PDU) Session by the 5GC network in roaming Home routed scenario, is based on figures in clause 5.2.2.15.X. and description in clause 4.22.3 TS 23.502 [202].

5.2.2.15.4.1 UE registered to the same VPLMN over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access

The charging procedure for UE registered to the same VPLMN over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access is based on figure 5.2.2.15.X.1.1 with differences identified in clause 4.22.3 TS 23.502 [202]:

- The UE is registered to the same VPLMN over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access, and UE PDU Session Establishment Request message is sent over the 3GPP access.
- 1-3a. UE PDU Session Establishment Request may include "MA PDU Network-Upgrade Allowed" indication and its ATSSS Capability. This indication may be conveyed by AMF to V-SMF.
- 6. The V-SMF provides the "MA PDU Network-Upgrade Allowed" indication to H-SMF, if received from AMF together with an indication whether the UE is registered over both accesses.
- 9a-b. The single-access PDU Session received by H-SMF with "MA PDU Network-Upgrade Allowed" indication is converted into a MA PDU Session. PCC Rules are supplied by PCF containing ATSSS policy control information optionally with a non-3GPP access dedicated rating group.
- 11ch-a to c. Same steps as in figure 5.2.2.12.2.1 with Charging Data Request [Initial] indicating "MA PDU session requested by the Network".

5.2.2.15.5 UE requested MA PDU session establishment - roaming in Home routed scenario

5.2.2.15.5.1 General

The charging procedure for MA PDU Session establishment requested by UE in roaming Home routed scenario is based on figure 5.2.2.12.2.1 and description in clause 4.22.2.2 TS 23.502 [202].

5.2.2.15.5.2 UE registered to the same VPLMN over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access

The following figure 5.2.2.15.5.2.1 describes charging procedure for MA PDU session charging establishment requested by UE in roaming Home routed scenario for UE registered to the same VPLMN over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access:

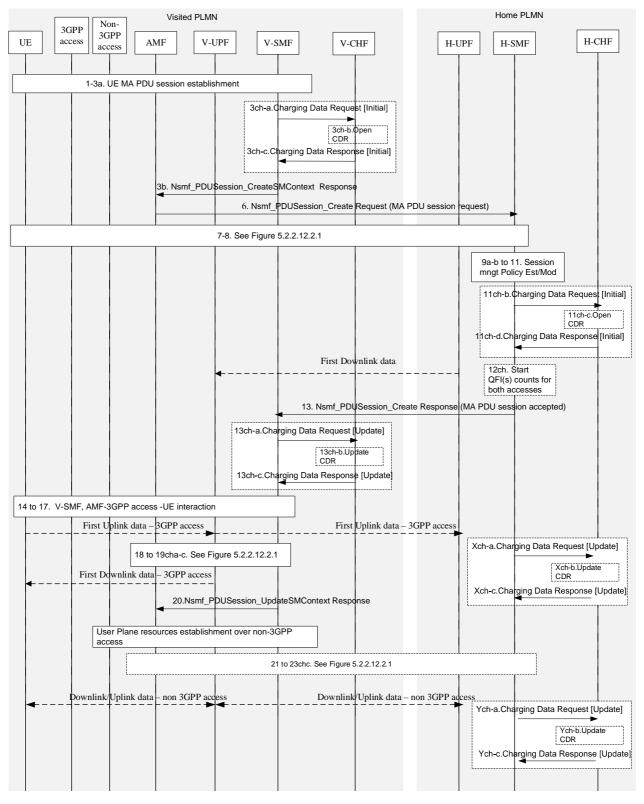


Figure 5.2.2.15.5.2.1: UE requested MA PDU session - Roaming Home Routed - same VPLMN

- The UE is registered to the same VPLMN over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access, and UE PDU Session Establishment Request message is sent over the 3GPP access.
- 1-3a. UE initiates a new PDU session indicated with "MA PDU Request" and ATSSS Capability. Selection by the AMF of V-SMF which supports MA PDU sessions. The AMF indicates to V-SMF that the UE is registered over both accesses

3ch-a to 3ch-d. Same steps as in figure 5.2.2.12.2.1.

- 6. The V-SMF informs the H-SMF that the request is for a MA PDU Session and the UE is registered over both accesses.
- 9a-b. PCC rules are supplied by H-PCF containing MA PDU session control information based on currently used list of Access Type(s) and RAT Type(s). The H-SMF initiates the establishment of user-plane resources over non-3GPP access and derives the ATSSS rules for the UE and the N4 rules for the H-UPF.
- 11ch-a to c. Same steps as in figure 5.2.2.12.2.1 with Charging Data Request [Initial] indicating "MA PDU session requested by UE".
- 12ch. Counts per QFI are started for both 3GPP and non-3GPP accesses.
- 13. Nsmf_PDUSession_Create Response from H-SMF to V-SMF with "MA PDU session Accepted" indication.
- 13ch-a to c. Same steps as in figure 5.2.2.12.2.1. Counts per QFI are started for both 3GPP and non-3GPP accesses.
- 14-19b. Procedure in the VPLMN for 3GPP access and based on H-SMF derived ATSSS rules to UE for the MA PDU session.
- Xch-a. The H-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update]. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" chargeable event over 3GPP, when required by "immediate reporting" category.
- Xch-b. The H-CHF updates CDR for this MA PDU session.

Xch-c. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

After the user plane resources are established over non-3GPP access in VPLMN, and traffic goes through between VPLMN and HPLMN over non-3GPP access:

Ych-a. The H-SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to H-CHF. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow " chargeable event over non-3GPP, when required by "immediate reporting" category.

Ych-b. The H-CHF updates CDR for this MA PDU session.

Ych-c. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

- 5.2.2.15.6 EPS interworking
- 5.2.2.15.6.1 5GS to EPS handover using N26 interface

The charging procedure for MA PDU Session 5GS to EPS handover using N26 interface scenario is based on figure 5.2.2.11.2.1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.22.6.2.1 TS 23.502 [202]:

- 0ch. A charging session between the PGW-C+SMF and CHF exists for the MA PDU Session with multiple QoS Flows over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access.
- 16ch-a. MA PDU session moved to EPS: All counts affected by the MA PDU session move to EPS are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF, if required by "RAT type change" trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF.
- MA PDU Session Release procedure over non-3GPP access triggered by PGW-C+SMF: All counts affected by the release of non-3GPP access are closed by "Termination of service data flow" trigger.
- 5.2.2.15.6.2 5GS to EPS mobility without N26 interface

The charging procedure for MA PDU Session 5GS to EPS mobility without using N26 interface scenario is based on figure 5.2.2.11.6.1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.22.6.2.5 TS 23.502 [202]:

0. UE is registered in 5GS and MA PDU Session is over both 3GPP and non-3GPP accesses.

10. E-UTRAN Initial attach procedure:

10ch-a. MA PDU Session is moved to EPS: All counts affected by the MA PDU session move to EPS are closed and a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to CHF, if required by "Handover start" trigger. New counts and time stamps for all active service data flows are started in the PGW-C+SMF

10ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

- 10ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+SMF.
- The PGW-C + SMF triggers the MA PDU Session Release procedure over non-3GPP access: All counts affected by the release of non-3GPP access are closed by "Termination of service data flow" trigger.
- 14. The PGW-C+SMF initiates release of the 5GS MA PDU Session(s) transferred to EPS.

5.2.2.15.7 Hybrid Access with Multi-Access PDU Session connectivity over NG-RAN and W-5GAN

The following flow describes the charging procedure for MA PDU Session establishment over NG-RAN and W-5GAN requested by 5G-RG, based on figure 5.2.2.15.2.1 description with the following differences identified in clause 4.12.2 TS 23.316 [203]:

- The UE is replaced by 5G-RG.
- Non-3GPP access(es) is specifically referred to wireline access.

When PDU Session Establishment Request message is sent over the 3GPP access (i.e. NG-RAN), or sent over the non-3GPP access (i.e. W-5GAN):

9ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [initial] to CHF for authorization for the 5G-RG to start the MA PDU session.

9ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this MA PDU session.

9ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF.

5.2.2.15.8 Hybrid Access with multi-access connectivity over E-UTRAN/EPC and W-5GAN

The following flow describes the charging procedure for MA PDU Session establishment over E-UTRAN/EPC and W-5GAN requested by 5G-RG using EPC interworking procedures, based on clause 4.12.3 TS 23.316 [203]:



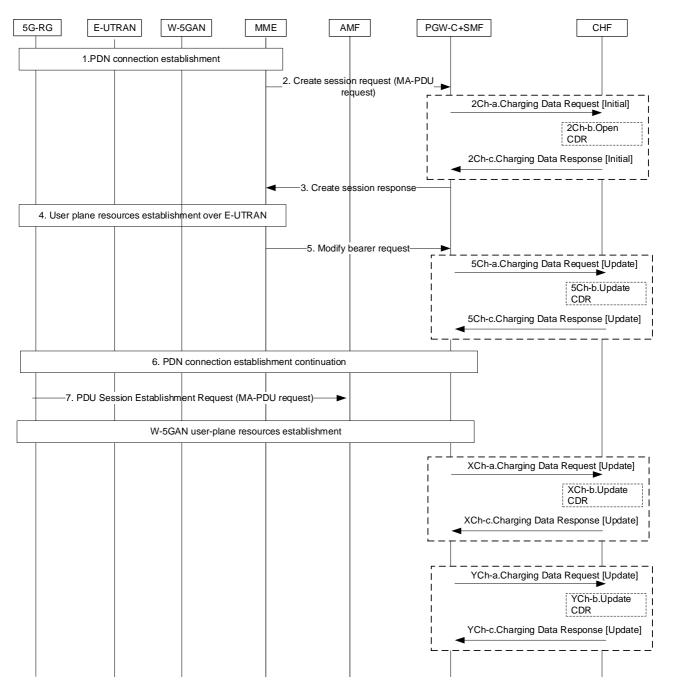


Figure 5.2.2.15.8.1: MA PDU session establishment requested by 5G-RG via EPC

- The 5G-RG is registered in EPC.
- 1. 5G-RG initiates PDN Connection establishment via E-UTRAN, indicating the PDN Connection is requested to be associated with a MA PDU Session and its "ATSSS-LL Capability".
- 2. Create session request in EPC to the selected PGW-C+SMF with the indication the PDN Connection is requested to be associated with a MA PDU Session.
- 2ch-a. The PGW-C+ SMF sends Charging Data Request [initial] indicating "MA PDU session requested" to CHF for authorization for the 5G-RG to use the PDN connection for a MA PDU session.
- 2ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this PDN connection.

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the PGW-C+ SMF.

3. Create session response indicating the request for using the PDN Connection for MA-PDU Session is accepted.

4-5. User Plane resources establishment for E-UTRAN

- 5ch-a. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" over 3GPP needs quota from CHF for appropriate rating group, the PGW-C+ SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] for requesting quota.
- 5ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDN connection.

5ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+ SMF.

- 6. PDN connection establishment continuation
- 5G-RG sends a PDU Session Establishment Request indicating "MA PDU Request" to establish W-5GAN userplane resources.

When the user plane is established with W-5GAN (X corresponds to step 16a-b of figure 5.2.2.2.2.1 for the W-5GAN):

- Xch-a. The PGW-C+ SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update]. This step may occur if required by "addition of access" trigger.
- Xch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this MA PDU session.

Xch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

After the user plane is established:

- Ych-a. The PGW-C+ SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update]. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" chargeable event needs quota from CHF for appropriate rating group, or if required by "immediate reporting" category.
- Ych-b. The CHF updates CDR for this MA PDU session.

Ych-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the PGW-C+ SMF.

In the scenario where the MA PDU Session is requested via 5GC/W-5GAN, the 5G-RG is registered to EPC and userplane resources are added on 3GPP access over EPC, the following applies:

- MA PDU session establishment via 5GC/W-5GAN per figure 5.2.2.15.2.1 until step 18 with PDU Session Establishment Request message for the MA PDU session sent over W-5GAN (i.e. non-3GPP access).
- After step 18 of figure 5.2.2.2.1, the 5G-RG sends a PDN Connection Establishment Request via E-UTRAN, indicating "handover" and "MA PDU Request".

When the user plane is established with E-UTRAN over EPC:

Xch-a. The PGW-C+ SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update]. This step may occur if required by "addition of access" trigger.

After the user plane is established with E-UTRAN over EPC:

Ych-a. This step may occur in case "start of service data flow" chargeable event needs quota from CHF for appropriate rating group, or if required by "immediate reporting" category.

5.2.2.16 PDU session charging – wireline access

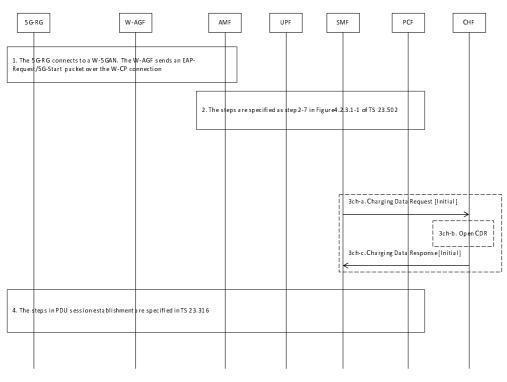
5.2.2.16.1 General

After registration management procedures to 5GC via wireline access network, a PDU session can be established via this wireline access, as specified in TS 23.316 [203] for different scenarios:

- 5G-RG connected via NR-RAN and W-5GAN;
- FN-RG connected via W-5GAN.
- NOTE: The charging procedures related to UE behind the 5G-RG and FN-RG are covered in clause 5.2.2.13.

5.2.2.16.2 5G-RG Requested PDU Session Establishment via W-5GAN

The following figure 5.2.2.16.2.1 describes charging when 5G-RG requests a PDU session establishment via W-AGF.



¹⁾ The 5G-RG

connects to a W-5GAN and the W-AGF sends an EAP-Request/5G-Start packet over the W-CP connection as described in clause 7.3.1.1 in TS 23.316 [203].

- 2) The steps are specified as step 2-7 in clause 4.3.2.1 of TS 23.502 [202].
- 3ch-a. The SMF creates a Charging Identifier for the PDU session and sends Charging Data Request [Initial] to CHF for authorization for the subscriber information via wireline network to start the PDU session which is triggered by start of PDU session charging event.
- 3ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this PDU session.
- 3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF.
- 4) The steps of PDU session establishment are specified in clause 7.3.1.1 of TS 23.316 [203].

5.2.2.16.3 FN-RG related PDU Session Establishment via W-5GAN

The following figure 5.2.2.16.3.1 describes charging when FN-RG requests a PDU session establishment via W-AGF. As described in clause 7.3.4 in TS 23.316 [203], after the registration procedure is completed, the W-AGF may establish PDU session(s) on behalf of the FN-RG.

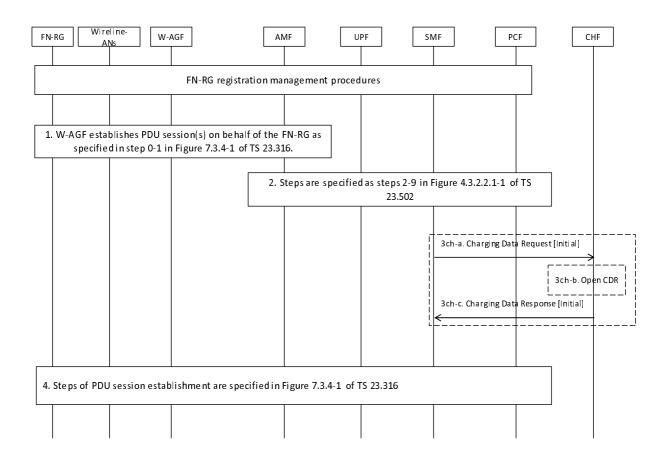


Figure 5.2.2.16.3.1: charging when FN-RG requests a PDU session establishment via W-AGF

- 1) After the registration procedure is completed, the W-AGF may establish PDU session(s) on behalf of the FN-RG as described in clause 7.3.4 in TS 23.316 [203].
- 2) The steps are specified as step 2-9 in clause 4.3.2.2.1 of TS 23.502 [202].
- 3ch-a. The SMF creates a Charging Identifier for the PDU session and sends Charging Data Request [Initial] to CHF for authorization for the subscriber identified under wireline network to start the PDU session which is triggered by start of PDU session charging event.
- 3ch-b. The CHF opens CDR for this PDU session.
- 3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the SMF.
- 4) The steps of PDU session establishment are specified in clause 7.3.4 of TS 23.316 [203].
- 5.2.2.16.4 Handover procedure

5.2.2.16.4.1 5G RG handover of a PDU Session procedure from W-5GAN access to 3GPP access

Following figure 5.2.2.16.4.1.1 describes charging when 5G-RG handover of a PDU Session procedure from W-5GAN access to 3GPP access.

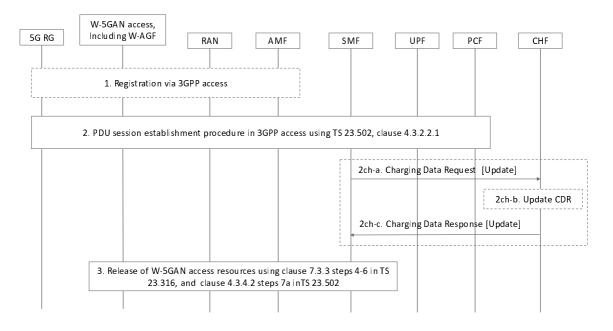


Figure 5.2.2.16.4.1.1: Handover of PDU session from W-5GAN access to 3GPP access

As described in clause 7.6.2.1 in TS 23.316 [203], the handover of a PDU session from W-5GAN access to 3GPP access is as following.

- 1-2) The steps are described in clause 7.6.2.1 in TS 23.316 [203], 5G-RG peforms registeration via 3GPP access and PDU session establishmeng procedure.
 - 2ch-a-c. SMF may interact with CHF with Charging Data Request [Update]. This step occurs in case "RAT type change" triggers, if required by "immediate reporting" category. The RAT type change trigger, if enabled, applied during the PDU session establishment via the 3GPP access network before SMF executes the release of W-5GAN access resource. Which RAT type used is described in clause 5.3.2.3 of TS 23.501 [200].

NOTE: Void

3. The step that the SMF executes the release of resources in W-5GAN access is same as step 3 as described in clause 7.6.3.1 of TS 23.316 [203].

5.2.2.16.4.2 5G RG handover of a PDU Session procedure from 3GPP to W-5GAN access

Following figure 5.2.2.16.4.2.1 describes charging when 5G-RG handover of a PDU Session procedure from 3GPP to W-5GAN access.

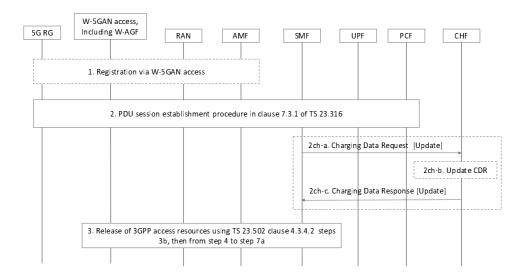


Figure 5.2.2.16.4.2.1: Handover of a PDU Session procedure from 3GPP to W-5GAN access

As described in clause 7.6.3.2 in TS 23.316 [203], the handover of a PDU session from 3GPP access to W-5GAN access is as following.

- 1) The 5G-RG initiates Reigistration procedure via W-5GAN as defined in clause 7.2.1.1 of TS 23.316 [203].
- 2) The 5G-RG performs PDU Session Establishment procedure via W-5GAN access as described in 7.6.3.2 of TS 23.316 [203].
 - 2ch-a-c. SMF may interact with CHF with Charging Data Request [Update]. This step occurs in case "RAT type change" triggers, if required by "immediate reporting" category The RAT type change trigger, if enabled, applied during the PDU session establishment via the W-5GAN before SMF performs the release of 3GPP access resource. Which RAT type used is described in clause 5.3.2.3 of TS 23.501 [200].

NOTE: Void

3) The step that the SMF executes the release of resource via 3GPP access is same as step 3 as described in clause 7.6.3.2 of TS 23.316 [203].

5.2.2.17 Ultra Reliable Low Latency Communication (URLLC)

5.2.2.17.1 General

Support highly reliable URLLC services is specified in TS 23.501 [200] clause 5.33 procedures and TS 23.502 [201] message flows for different scenarios:

- Dual Connectivity based end to end Redundant User Plane Paths.
- Support of redundant transmission on N3/N9 interfaces.
- Support for redundant transmission at transport layer.
- 5.2.2.17.2 Void

5.2.2.17.3 Redundant transmission for high reliability communication

- 5.2.2.17.3.1 PDU Session establishment
 - Dual Connectivity based end to end Redundant User Plane Paths

The charging message flow of PDU session establishment for supporting Dual Connectivity based end to end Redundant User Plane Paths, is based on Figure 5.2.2.2-1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.3.2.2.1.1 TS 23.502 [202].

In the Step 9ch-a, if the PDU Session requires redundancy, SMF sends the Charging Data Request [Initial] with the redundant transmission information.

If the PDU session establishment without redundancy handling based on local policy, SMF sends the Charging Data Request [Initial] as descriped in Figure 5.2.2.2.1. CHF considers the PDU session is used for the non-redundant transmission.

- Redundant transmission on N3/N9 interfaces

The charging message flow of PDU session establishment for supporting redundant transmission on N3/N9 interfaces, is based on Figure 5.2.2.2-1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.3.2.2.1.1 TS 23.502 [202].

As described in clause 5.33.1.2 of TS 23.501 [201], SMF decides to perform redundant transmission for one or more QoS Flows at the step 10.

- In the Step 16ch-a, the SMF sends the Charging Data Request [Update] with the redundant transmission information.
- Redundant transmission at transport layer

The charging message flow of PDU session establishment for supporting redundant transmission at transport layer, is based on Figure 5.2.2.2.1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.3.2.2.1.1 TS 23.502 [202].

As per the clause 5.33.2.3 TS 23.501[201], the knowledge of supporting redundant transmission at transport layer can be configured in the SMF, or be configured in UPF and then obtained by the SMF via N4 capability negotiation during N4 Association setup procedure.

In the Step 16ch-a, SMF sends the Charging Data Request [Update] with the redundant transmission information.

5.2.2.17.3.2 PDU Session Modification

For redundant transmission on N3/N9 interfaces, the charging message flow of PDU session modification is based on Figure 5.2.2.2.3-1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.3.3.2 TS 23.502 [202].

2ch-a. If redundant transmission has not been activated to the PDU session and the SMF performs redundant transmission for the QoS Flow in step 2a, the SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF for the PDU session, with the trigger "Redundant transmission change".

If redundant transmission has been activated on the PDU Session, and the SMF stops redundant transmission in step 2a, the SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF for the PDU session, with the trigger "Redundant transmission change".

2ch-b. The CHF update the CDR for the URLLC.

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

5.2.2.17.3.3 PDU Session Release

For redundant transmission on N3/N9 interfaces, the charging message flow of PDU session release is based on Figure 5.2.2.4-1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.3.4.2 TS 23.502 [202].

2ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Termination] to the CHF for terminating the charging associated with PDU session in each UPF, with the trigger "End of PDU session".

2ch-b. The CHF closes the CDR for the URLLC.

2ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the SMF.

5.2.2.18 PDU session charging for roaming in Local breakout scenario

5.2.2.18.1 General

The clause below describes PDU session charging in roaming with local breakout scenarios.

5.2.2.18.2 PDU session establishment, SMF to H-CHF and V-CHF

The following figure 5.2.2.18.2-1 describes a PDU session establishment charging, based on figure 4.3.2.2.1-1 UE-requested PDU Session Establishment for non-roaming and roaming with local breakout TS 23.502 [201], where the V-SMF interacts with H-CHF and V-CHF.

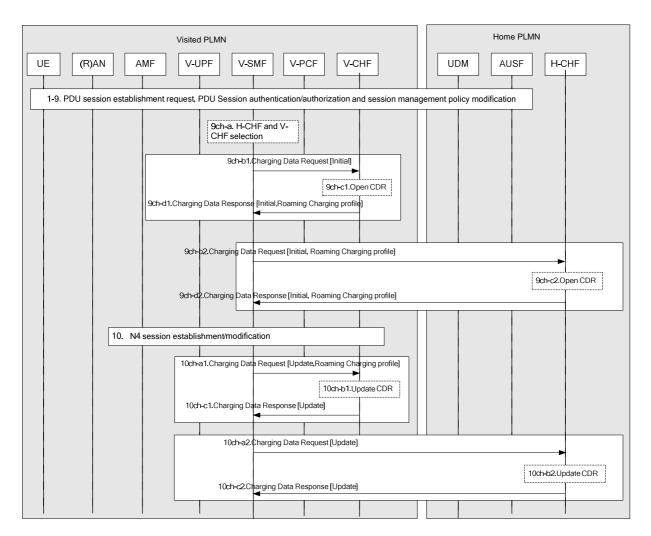


Figure 5.2.2.18.2-1: PDU session establishment, SMF to H-CHF and V-CHF

- 9ch-a. The UE is identified as a roamer (e.g., PLMN ID of the received SUPI is different from VPLMN PLMN ID), the V-CHF and optionally H-CHF are selected accordingly.
- 9ch-b1. The Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to V-CHF, for the subscriber triggered by start of PDU session charging event.
- 9ch-c1. The V-CHF opens a CDR.
- 9ch-d1. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the V-SMF and optionally supplies a "Roaming charging profile" to the V-SMF (which overrides the default one).
- 9ch-b2. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to H-CHF, triggered by, e.g. "start of PDU session", with Charging Identifier, and with or without quota management and optionally including the "Roaming charging profile".

9ch-c2. The H-CHF opens a CDR.

- 9ch-d2. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the V-SMF and optionally supplies a "Roaming charging profile" to the V-SMF.
- 10ch-a1. The Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to V-CHF, when enabled triggers are met and, optionally including the "Roaming charging profile".

10ch-b1. The V-CHF update the CDR.

- 10ch-c1. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.
- 10ch-a2. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF, when enabled triggers are met and optionally, include a request for quota.

10ch-b2. The H-CHF update the CDR.

10ch-c2. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

5.2.2.18.3 PDU Session Modification, SMF to H-CHF and V-CHF

The following figure 5.2.2.18.3-1 describes the PDU session modification charging, based on figure 4.3.3.2-1 UE or network requested PDU Session Modification (for non-roaming and roaming with local breakout) TS 23.502 [201], where the V-SMF interacts with H-CHF and V-CHF.

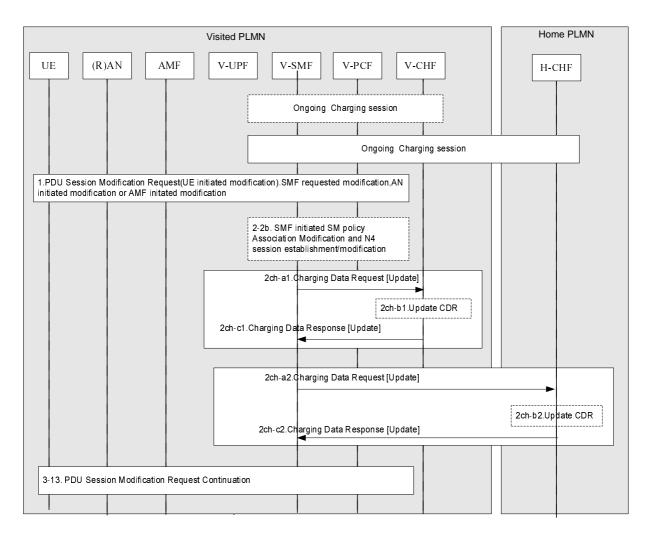


Figure 5.2.2.18.3-1: PDU Session Modification, SMF to H-CHF and V-CHF

2ch-a1. The Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to V-CHF for reporting the QBC and/or FBC information when enabled triggers are met.

2ch-b1. The V-CHF update the CDR.

2ch-c1. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

2ch-a2. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF, when the enabled triggers are met, and optionally include a request for quota.

2ch-b2. The H-CHF update a CDR.

2ch-c2. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

5.2.2.18.4 PDU Session Release, SMF to H-CHF and V-CHF

The following figure 5.2.2.18.4-1 describes the PDU session release charging, based on figure 4.3.4.2-1 UE or network requested PDU Session Release for non-roaming and roaming with local breakout TS 23.502 [201], where the V-SMF interacts with H-CHF and V-CHF.

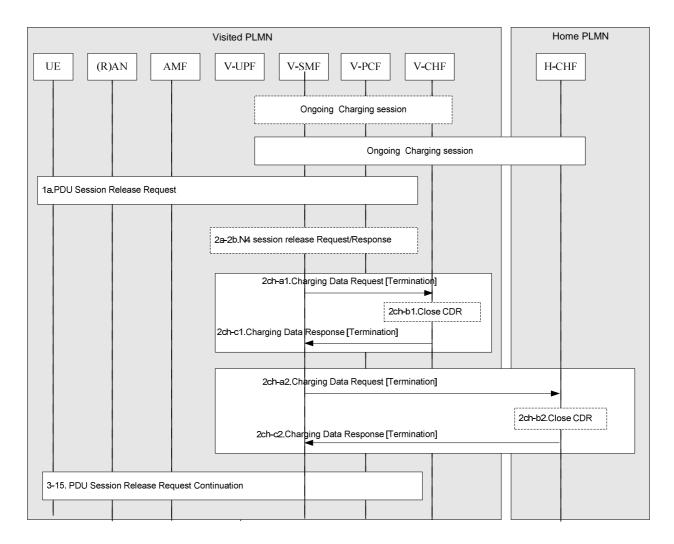


Figure 5.2.2.18.4-1: PDU Session Release, SMF to H-CHF and V-CHF

2ch-a1. The Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to V-CHF.

2ch-b1. The V-CHF close the CDR.

2ch-c1. The V-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the V-SMF.

2ch-a2. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to H-CHF.

2ch-b2. The H-CHF close the CDR.

2ch-c2. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the V-SMF.

5.2.2.18.5 PDU session establishment, V-SMF to V-CHF

The following figure 5.2.2.18.5-1 describes a PDU session establishment charging, based on figure 4.3.2.2.1-1 UE-requested PDU Session Establishment for non-roaming and roaming with local breakout TS 23.502 [201], where the V-SMF interacts with V-CHF and V-CHF interacts with H-CHF.

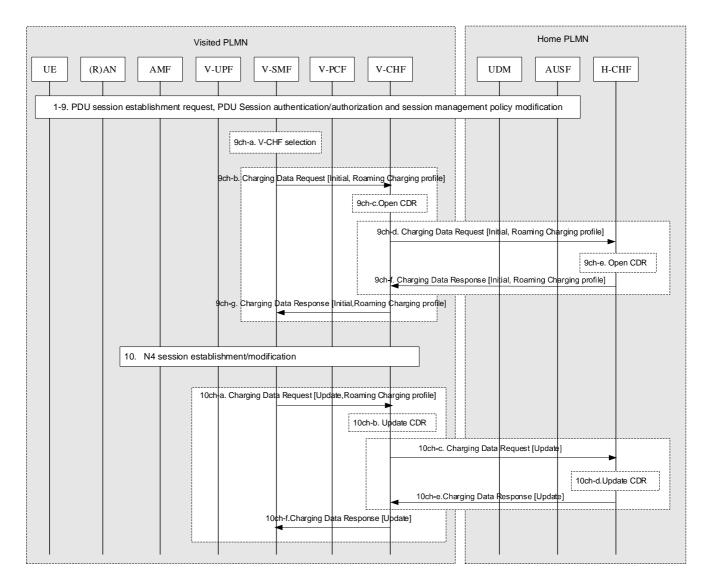


Figure 5.2.2.18.5-1: PDU session establishment, V-SMF to V-CHF

- 9ch-a. The UE is identified as a roamer (e.g., PLMN ID of the received SUPI is different from VPLMN PLMN ID), the V-CHF is selected.
- 9ch-b. The Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to V-CHF, for the subscriber triggered by start of PDU session charging event, with or without quota management, and optionally including the "Roaming charging profile".
- 9ch-c. The V-CHF opens a CDR, and optionally H-CHF is selected.
- 9ch-d. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Initial] is sent to H-CHF, with or without quota management, and optionally including the "Roaming charging profile".
- 9ch-e. The H-CHF opens a CDR.
- 9ch-f. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the V-CHF and optionally includes a "Roaming charging profile".

- 9ch-f. The V-CHF forwards the acknowledgement by sending Charging Data Response [Initial] to the V-SMF and optionally includes a "Roaming charging profile" (which overrides the default one).
- 10ch-a. The Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to V-CHF, when enabled triggers are met, optionally including the new "Roaming charging profile", and optionally include a request for quota.

10ch-b. The V-CHF update the CDR.

- 10ch-c. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF, when enabled triggers are met and optionally include a request for quota.
- 10ch-d. The H-CHF update the CDR.
- 10ch-e. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-CHF.

10ch-f. The V-CHF forwards the acknowledgement by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

5.2.2.18.6 PDU Session Modification, SMF to V-CHF

The following figure 5.2.2.18.6-1 describes the PDU session modification charging, based on figure 4.3.3.2-1 UE or network requested PDU Session Modification (for non-roaming and roaming with local breakout), where the V-SMF interacts with V-CHF and V-CHF interacts with H-CHF.

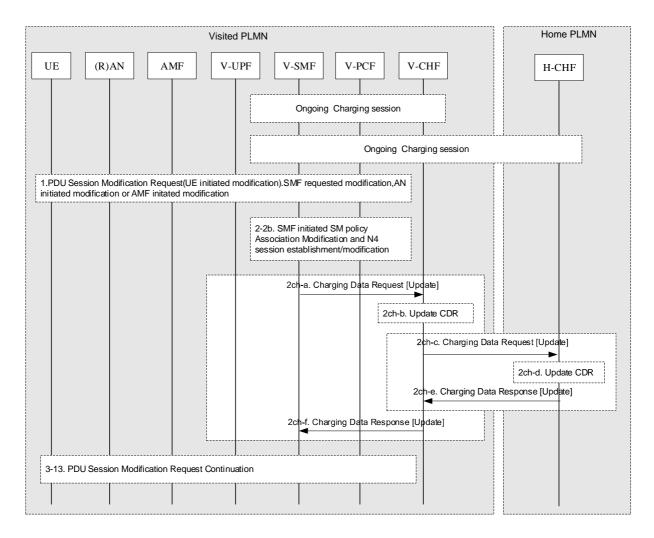


Figure 5.2.2.18.6-1: PDU Session Modification, SMF to V-CHF

2ch-a. The Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to V-CHF for reporting the QBC and/or FBC information when enabled triggers are met, and for FBC it may include a request for quota.

2ch-b. The V-CHF update the CDR.

2ch-c. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Update] is sent to H-CHF, when the enabled triggers are met, and optionally include a request for quota.

2ch-d. The H-CHF update a CDR.

2ch-e. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-CHF.

2ch-f. The V-CHF forwards the acknowledgement by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the V-SMF.

5.2.2.18.7 PDU Session Release, SMF to V-CHF

The following figure 5.2.2.18.7-1 describes the PDU session release charging, based on figure 4.3.4.2-1 UE or network requested PDU Session Release for non-roaming and roaming with local breakout TS 23.502 [201], where the V-SMF interacts with V-CHF and V-CHF interacts with H-CHF.

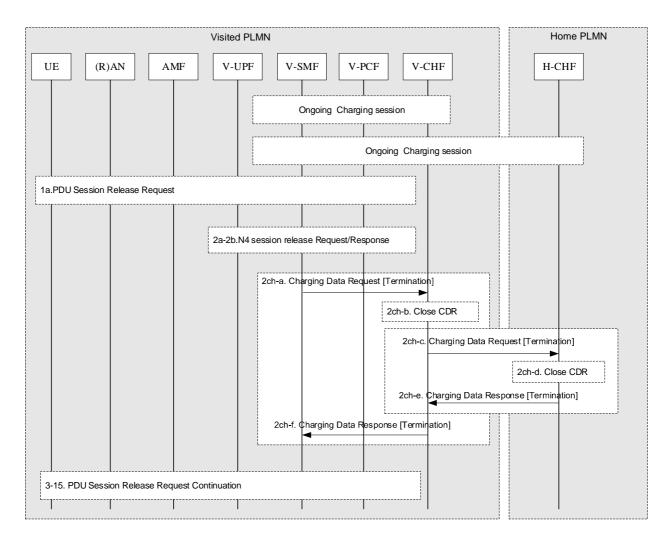


Figure 5.2.2.18.7-1: PDU Session Release, SMF to V-CHF

2ch-a. The Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to V-CHF.

2ch-b. The V-CHF close the CDR.

2ch-c. If a H-CHF was selected a Charging Data Request [Termination] is sent to H-CHF.

2ch-d. The H-CHF close the CDR.

2ch-e. The H-CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the V-CHF.

2ch-f. The V-CHF forwards the acknowledgement by sending Charging Data Response [Termination] to the V-SMF.

5.2.2.19 PDU session charging for additional actor (MVNO)

5.2.2.19.1 General

The clause below describes PDU session charging for additional actor (MVNO) which is only applicable for non-roaming case.

5.2.2.19.2 Additional actor (MVNO)

The clause contains the description for the scenario of MVNO as additional actor with A-CHF.

For non-roaming scenarios, the message flows for the PDU session establishment, PDU session Modification and PDU session Release for LBO charging specified in clause 5.2.2.18 could be applicable depending on the deployment scenarios for additional actor (MVNO), with the following differences:

- V-SMF in V-PLMN is replaced by the SMF in MNO;
- V-CHF in V-PLMN is replaced by the CHF in MNO;
- H-CHF in H-PLMN is replaced by the A-CHF in MVNO.

5.2.2.20 Satellite backhaul charging

5.2.2.20.1 General

The support of satellite backhaul is specified in TS 23.501 [200] and TS 23.502 [201], message flows for different scenarios:

- Satellite backhaul charging.
- Edge Computing charging with satellite backhaul.
- SCC-to-SCC communications charging via satellite backhaul.

5.2.2.20.2 Message flows for different scenarios

5.2.2.20.2.1 Satellite backhaul charging

The charging message flow of PDU session establishment for supporting Satellite backhaul, is based on Figure 5.2.2.2.1 description with the differences identified in clause 4.3.2.2.1.1 TS 23.502 [202].

- 9ch-a, If SMF received the satellite backhaul category in step1 in clause 4.3.2.2.1.1 TS 23.502 [202], SMF sends the Charging Data Request [Initial] including satellite backhaul category and satellite backhaul traffic usage report to CHF for the satellite backhaul charging.
- 16ch-a, The SMF sends Charging Data Request[Update] including the satellite backhaul traffic usage report and the corresponding current satellite backhaul category to the CHF.

The charging message flow of PDU session Release for supporting Satellite backhaul, is based on Figure 5.2.2.4-1 description:

2ch-a, The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Termination] to CHF including the satellite backhaul traffic usage report and the corresponding current satellite backhaul category.

5.2.2.20.2.2 Edge Computing charging with satellite backhaul

The message flow is based on the message flows for PDU session establishment, modification and release in clause 5.2.2.2 with the enhancement of the satellite backhaul information for the PDU session charging information.

5.2.2.20.2.3 SCC-to-SCC communications charging via satellite backhaul

The message flow is based on the message flows for PDU session establishment, modification and release in clause 5.2.2.2 with the enhancement of the satellite backhaul information for the PDU session charging information.

5.2.2.20.2.4 PDU session Modification with Dynamic Satellite backhaul charging

If dynamic satellite backhaul is used, e.g. the satellite backhaul category changes from the MEO to LEO, the capabilities (latency) of the satellite backhaul change over time due to use of varying inter-satellite links as part of backhaul as specified in clause 4.3.3.2 of TS 23.502 [3].

The charging message flow of PDU session Modification for supporting dynamic satellite backhaul charging, is based on Figure 5.2.2.2.3-1 description with the differences:

2ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] including Satellite backhaul Information and satellite backhaul traffic usage report to CHF for the satellite backhaul charging when the trigger "Satellite backhaul category change" and/or "GEO satellite ID change" is armed

5.2.2.21 Business charging based on 5G data connectivity

5.2.2.21.1 General

The clause below describes business converged charging based on PDU session charging, using the C-CHF and B-CHF architecture defined in clause 4.3.

In the flows, the CDR handled by the B-CHF reflects the CDR associated to the business provider. The structure and content of this CDR is per Operator implementation and based on CHF CDR data defined in clause 6.1.3.

The flows are applicable for Network slice converged charging based on 5G data connectivity where the B-CHF handles the Tenant the Network Slice is assigned to.

The flows are applicable for TSN converged charging based on 5G data connectivity where the B-CHF handles the TSN service provider.

5.2.2.21.2 PDU session establishment

The clause describes the high level charging procedure for business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity with PDU session SCUR scenario.

The following figure 5.2.2.21.2-1 describes an UE PDU session establishment for business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity.

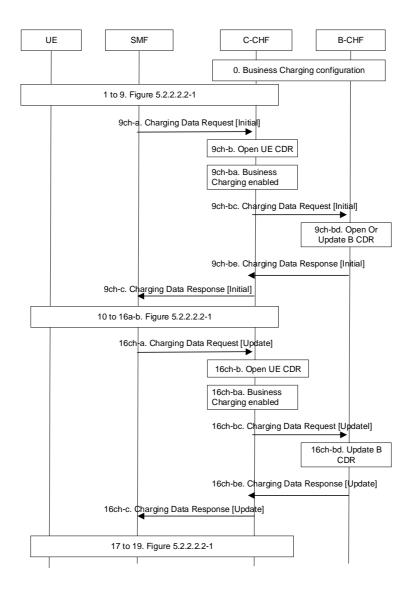


Figure 5.2.2.21.2-1: business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity – UE PDU session establishment

- 0. Business dependent charging information is configured in C-CHF and B-CHF which could include e.g. subscriber identifier, identification of the business subscriber
- 1 to 9ch-b. PDU session establishment for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2.1.
- 9ch-ba. Business charging based on 5G data connectivity charging information is enabled
- 9ch-bc. C-CHF sends the Charging Data Request [Initial] to B-CHF with UE PDU session charging information received from SMF. It includes business specific identifier (e.g. S-NSSAI or DNN, or Tenant ID).
- 9ch-bd. The B-CHF opens or updates B-CDR for this business specific identifier with the PDU session. B-CHF may perform the account, rating and reservation control for the Tenant.
- 9ch-be. B-CHF provides appropriate Charging Data Response [Initial] for Tenant.

9ch-c. C-CHF provides appropriate Charging Data Response [Initial] for the individual UE.

- 10 to 16ch-b. PDU session establishment for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2.1.
- 16ch-ba. Business charging based on 5G data connectivity charging information is enabled.

16ch-bc. C-CHF sends the Charging Data Request [Update] to B-CHF for reservation control.

16ch-bd. The B-CHF updates B-CDR for this business specific identifier and performs reservation control.

16ch-be. B-CHF provides appropriate Charging Data Response [Update] for Tenant.

16ch-c. C-CHF provides appropriate Charging Data Response [Update] for the individual UE.

17 to 19. PDU session establishment for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2.1.

5.2.2.21.3 PDU session modification

The following figure 5.2.2.21.3-1 describes a UE PDU session modification for business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity:

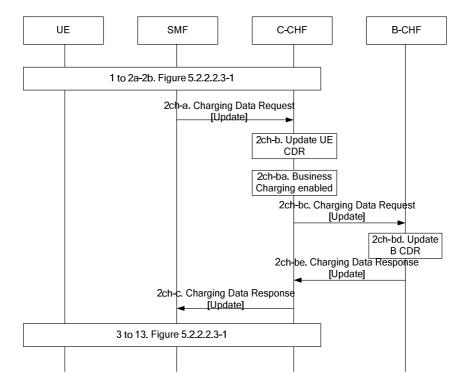


Figure 5.2.2.21.3-1: business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity – UE PDU session modification

1 to 2ch-b. PDU session modification for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.3-1.

2ch-ba. Business charging based on 5G data connectivity charging information is enabled.

- 2ch-bc. C-CHF sends the Charging Data Request [Update] to B-CHF with UE PDU session charging information received from SMF. It includes business specific identifier (e.g. S-NSSAI or DNN, or Tenant ID).
- 2ch-bd. The B-CHF updates B-CDR for this business specific identifier with the PDU session. B-CHF may perform the account, rating and reservation control for the Tenant.

2ch-be. B-CHF provides appropriate Charging Data Response [Update] for Tenant.

2ch-c to 13. PDU session modification for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2-1.

5.2.2.21.4 PDU session release

The following figure 5.2.2.2.1.4-1 describes a UE PDU session release for business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity:

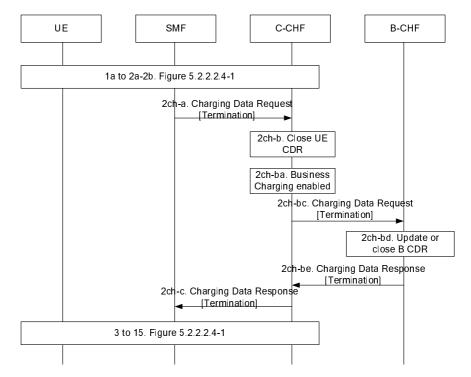


Figure 5.2.2.21.4-1: business converged charging based on 5G data connectivity – UE PDU session release

1a to 2ch-b. PDU session release for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2.4-1.

- 2ch-ba. Business charging based on 5G data connectivity charging information is enabled
- 2ch-bc. C-CHF sends the Charging Data Request [Termination] to B-CHF with UE PDU session charging information received from SMF. It includes business specific identifier (e.g. S-NSSAI or DNN, or Tenant ID).
- 2ch-bd. The B-CHF updates or closes B-CDR for this business specific identifier. B-CHF may perform the account, rating and reservation control for the Tenant.
- 2ch-be. B-CHF provides appropriate Charging Data Response [Termination] for Tenant.

2ch-c to 15. PDU session release for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2.4-1.

5.2.2.22 UE PDU session charging based on Business converged charging

5.2.2.22.1 General

The clause below describes UE PDU session converged charging influenced by business converged charging based the C-CHF and B-CHF architecture defined in clause 4.3.

The flows are applicable for Network slice converged charging based on 5G data connectivity where the B-CHF handles the Tenant the Network Slice is assigned to.

5.2.2.22.2 PDU session establishment

The following figure 5.2.2.22.2-1 describes a UE PDU session converged influenced by business converged charging:

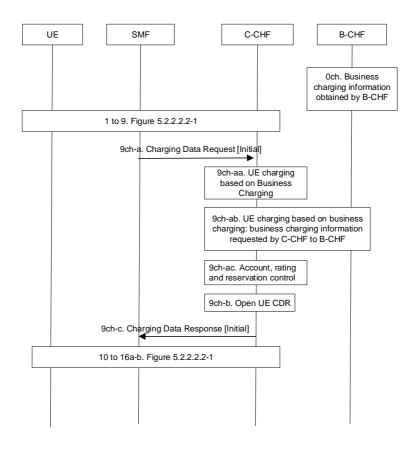


Figure 5.2.2.22.2-1: UE PDU session converged charging influenced by business charging

0ch. Business charging information obtained by B-CHF (e.g. from NWDAF, MnS Producer, or NSACF, etc), which could be e.g:

- S-NSSAI service profile: e.g. "Max nb of PDU sessions", "Max nb of UEs", "Duration of the slice"...
- S-NSSAI KPIs;
- load level.

1 to 9ch-b. PDU session establishment for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2.1.

9ch-aa. UE PDU session charging needs input from business charging

9ch-ab. C-CHF sends a request to B-CHF, and receives charging information from B-CHF.

The messages exchange between C-CHF and B-CHF for this scenario is not specified in this release of the specification.

- 9ch-ac. Account, Rating and reservation control for individual UE based on charging information received from B-CHF.
- 9ch-c. C-CHF provides appropriate Charging Data Response [Initial] for the individual UE.

10 to 16a-b. PDU session establishment for individual UE per Figure 5.2.2.2.1.

5.2.2.23 Network Slice replacement for PDU session

5.2.2.23.1 General

The clause below describes PDU session charging with Network Slice Replacement feature specified in TS 23.501 [200] clause 5.15.19, when supported.

The following scenarios are specified:

- New PDU Session establishment with Alternative S-NSSAI;
- Existing PDU session transfer to the Alternative S-NSSAI;

5.2.2.23.2 PDU session establishment using Alternative S-NSSAI

The Network Slice Replacement procedure for a new PDU session establishment charging is based on figure 5.2.2.2.1 PDU session establishment, with following additions:

- 3: the SMF receives from the AMF, both the S-NSSAI and Alternative S-NSSAI.
- 9ch-a. If Network Slice Replacement charging is supported, the SMF includes the S-NSSAI to be replaced and the Alternative S-NSSAI in the Charging Data Request[initial] to CHF. When both the S-NSSAI and Alternative S-NSSAI are provided in the request, the serving network slice for the PDU session is the Alternative S-NSSAI.
- 11: The alternative S-NSSAI is included in the PDU session establishment accept message conveyed from the SMF to AMF.

5.2.2.23.3 Existing PDU session transfer to the Alternative S-NSSAI

5.2.2.23.3.1 Existing PDU session retained

The Network Slice Replacement procedure for an existing PDU session charging when the SMF determines the PDU Session is to be retained is based on figure 5.2.2.3-1 PDU Session Modification, with following additions:

- 1h: AMF determines that the S-NSSAI is to be replaced with an Alternative S-NSSAI and invokes Nsmf_PDUSession_UpdateSMContext Request (SM Context ID, S-NSSAI, Alternative S-NSSAI) to the SMF of the PDU session associated with the S-NSSAI
- 2a: In case 1h occurred and the SMF determines the PDU Session is to be retained, the SMF proceeds with N4 Session Modification to the UPF to replace the S-NSSAI with the Alternative S-NSSAI.
- 2ch-a. If Network Slice Replacement charging is supported, upon "S-NSSAI replacement" trigger, the SMF includes the replaced S-NSSAI and Alternative S-NSSAI in the Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF.
- 3: SMF includes the Alternative S-NSSAI in the PDU Session Modification Command to the UE and a cause value indicating that the S-NSSAI of the PDU Session is replaced with the Alternative S-NSSAI.

5.2.2.23.3.2 Existing PDU session to be re-established - SSC mode 2 or SSC mode 1

The Network Slice Replacement procedure for an existing PDU session charging when the SMF determines the PDU Session is to be re-established and the PDU Session is of SSC mode 2 or SSC mode 1.

The existing PDU session is released based on figure 5.2.2.2.4-1 PDU Session Release.

The new PDU session using Alternative S-NSSAI is established with procedures specified in clause 5.2.2.23.2.

5.2.2.23.3.3 Existing PDU session to be re-established - SSC mode 3

The Network Slice Replacement procedure for an existing PDU session charging when the SMF determines the PDU Session is to be re-established and the PDU Session is of SSC mode 3, is based on figure 5.2.2.5.2.1 PDU session Charging SSC Mode 3, with following additions:

- 1: The SMF determines that the PDU session associated with the S-NSSAI , is to be re-established on the Alternative S-NSSAI
- 2-3: The SMF includes the Alternative S-NSSAI in the PDU Session Modification Command to the UE and a cause value indicating that a PDU Session re-establishment on the Alternative S-NSSAI is required.
- 4 to 4ch-b. Same steps with additions per clause 5.2.2.23.2. as for PDU session establishment using alternative S-NSSAI.
- 6 to 6ch-b. Same steps per Figure 5.2.2.4-1 for PDU session release for the existing PDU session.

5.2.2.23.4 PDU session release using Alternative S-NSSAI

The Network Slice Replacement procedure for the charging of releasing the PDU session that uses alternative S-NSSAI is based on figure 5.2.2.4-1 PDU session release, with following additions:

2ch-a. If Network Slice Replacement charging is supported and the PDU session is currently using alternative-S-NSSAI, the SMF includes both the S-NSSAI and Alternative S-NSSAI in the Charging Data Request [Termination] to CHF. The Alternative S-NSSAI is the serving network slice for the current PDU session.

5.2.2.24 PDU session charging for 5G MBS multicast communication

5.2.2.24.1 General

The clause below describes PDU session charging for 5G MBS which is only applicable for multicast communication.

5.2.2.24.2 UE join multicast MBS session

The following figure 5.2.2.24.2.1 describes PDU session charging procedures for multicast MBS session join requested by UE, based on TS 23.247 [204] figure 7.2.1.3-1.

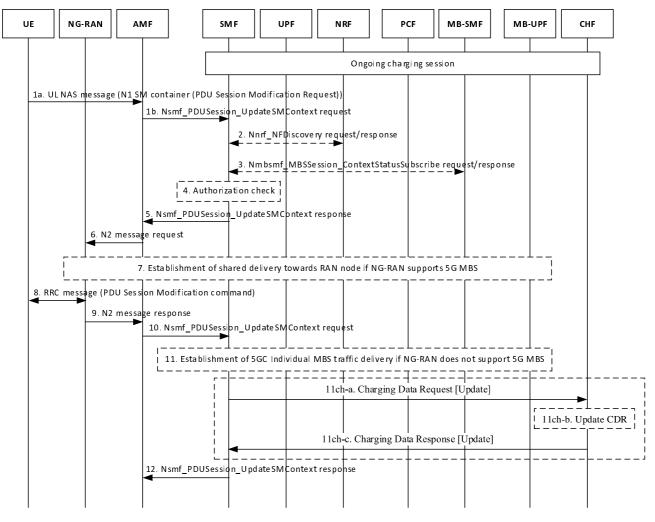


Figure 5.2.2.24.2.1: UE initiated multicast session join

The UE has established a PDU session that can be associated with multicast MBS session(s), with the ongoing charging session between SMF and CHF.

- Steps 1 to 11 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [204] Figure 7.2.1.3-1: PDU Session modification for UE joining Multicast MBS session.
- 11ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to CHF, with the trigger "Join Multicast MBS session".
- 11ch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this associated PDU session.
- 11ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.
- Steps 12 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [204] Figure 7.2.1.3-1: PDU Session modification for UE joining Multicast MBS session.

5.2.2.24.3 Handover procedure

After joining the multicast session, the UE may move from an NG-RAN supporting MBS to an NG-RAN not supporting MBS and vice versa, which requires the handover procedure to provide the appropriate delivery method and collect the corresponding charging information.

The following figure 5.2.2.24.3.1 describes charging procedures for Xn/N2 based handover between MBS supporting NG-RAN and non-MBS supporting NG-RAN, based on clause 7.2.3 of TS 23.247 [204].

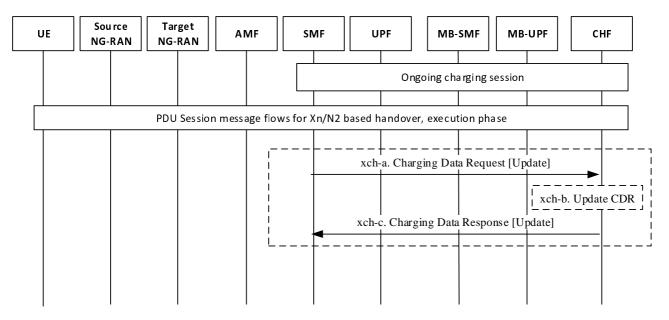


Figure 5.2.2.24.3.1: Xn/N2 based handover, execution phase

PDU Session has been established, with the ongoing Charging session between SMF and CHF and UE has joined the Multicast MBS session.

- PDU session message flows for Xn based handover refer to steps 1-4 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [204] Figure 7.2.3.2-1, and PDU session message flows for N2 based handover refer to steps 1-14 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [204] Figure 7.2.3.3-1.
- xch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF with the trigger "MBS delivery method change".

xch-b. The CHF updates CDR for this PDU session.

xch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

5.2.2.24.4 UE leave multicast MBS session

The following figure 5.2.2.24.4.1 describes charging procedures for Multicast session leave requested by UE, based on TS 23.247 [204] figure 7.2.2.2-1.

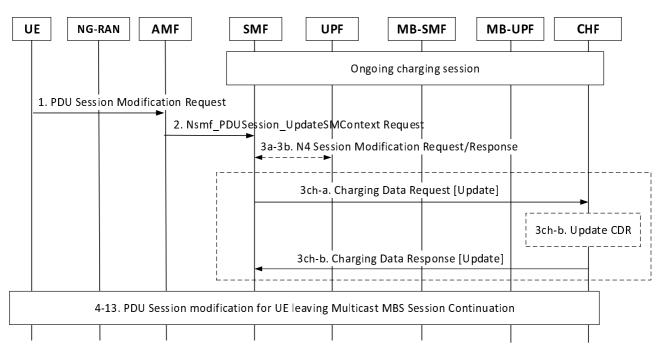


Figure 5.2.2.24.4.1: UE initiated multicast session leave

PDU Session associated with the multicast MBS session has been established, with the ongoing charging session between SMF and CHF, and UE has joined this multicast MBS session.

Steps 1 to 3b per 3GPP TS 23.247 [204] Figure 7.2.2.2-1: UE initiated Multicast MBS Session leave.

3ch-a. The SMF sends Charging Data Request [Update] to the CHF with the trigger "Leave multicast MBS session".

3ch-b. The CHF updates the CDR.

3ch-c. The CHF acknowledges by sending Charging Data Response [Update] to the SMF.

Steps 4 to 13 per 3GPP TS 23.247 [204] Figure 7.2.2.2-1: UE initiated Multicast MBS Session leave.

5.2.3 CDR generation

5.2.3.1 Introduction

The CHF CDRs for PDU session charging and roaming QBC are generated by the CHF to collect charging information that they subsequently transfer to the Charging Gateway Function (CGF).

The following clauses describe in detail the conditions for opening, adding information to, and closing the CHF CDR.

5.2.3.2 Triggers for CHF CDR

5.2.3.2.1 General

A PDU session charging CHF CDR is used to collect charging information related to the PDU session data information for a UE in Flow Based Charging. Multiple service data flow containers per PDU session can be added in the CHF CDR by the CHF, upon receiving a Charging Data Request including new counts as defined in subclause 5.2.1.1.

A CHF CDR shall be opened when the CHF receives Charging Data Request[Initial].

As an alternative to the default CHF behaviour, the "Individual Partial record" mechanism can be used based on Operator's policy configured in the CHF. In this case a new CDR shall be opened for each Charging Data

Request[Initial, Update, Termination], charging information shall be added and the CDR shall then be closed. The Sequence Number will be incremented for each Charging Data Request[Initial, Update, Termination] received by the CHF.

5.2.3.2.2 Triggers for CHF CDR charging information addition

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request[Update], with the change conditions identified in Table 5.2.3.2.2.1 the charging information shall be added in the PDU session charging CHF CDR, and the CDR shall remain open, as the default supported mechanism.

| Trigger Conditions | Applicable for converged charging | Applicable for offline only charging |
|---|---|--|
| Change of Charging conditions | | |
| QoS change | Yes | Yes |
| User Location change | Yes | Yes |
| Serving Node change | Yes | Yes |
| Change of UE presence in Presence Reporting Area(s) | Yes | Yes |
| Change of 3GPP PS Data off Status | Yes | Yes |
| Handover cancel | Yes | Yes |
| Handover start | Yes | Yes |
| Limit per Rating Group | | |
| Expiry of data time limit per RG | Yes | Yes |
| Expiry of data volume limit per RG | Yes | Yes |
| Expiry of data event limit per RG | Yes | Yes |
| Quota management triggers | | |
| Time threshold reached | Yes | No |
| Volume threshold reached | Yes | No |
| Unit threshold reached | Yes | No |
| Time quota exhausted | Yes | No |
| Volume quota exhausted | Yes | No |
| Unit quota exhausted | Yes | No |
| Expiry of quota validity time | Yes | No |
| Re-authorization request by CHF | Yes | No |

 Table 5.2.3.2.2.1: Triggers for CHF CDR charging information addition

In case the "Individual Partial record" mechanism is enabled, the Table 5.2.3.2.2.1 is not applicable. The charging information consists of a set of containers, which are added as "List of Multiple Unit Usage" parameter of the CHF CDR. Each container identifies the configured counts (volume separated for uplink and downlink, elapsed time or number of events) per rating group or combination of the rating group and service id, associated with the changed charging conditions.

5.2.3.2.3 Triggers for CHF CDR partial record closure

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request [Update], with the change conditions identified in Table 5.2.3.2.3.1, the charging information shall be added in the PDU session charging CHF CDR, before the CDR is closed and a subsequent CHF CDR shall be opened with an incremented Sequence Number, as the default supported mechanism.

| Trigger Conditions |
|---|
| Change of Charging conditions |
| UE time zone change |
| PLMN change |
| RAT type change |
| Session-AMBR change |
| Removal of UPF |
| Insertion_of_ISMF |
| Change_of_ISMF |
| Removal_of_ISMF |
| Handover complete |
| Management intervention |
| Addition of access |
| Removal of access |
| S-NSSAI replacement |
| Limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of data time limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of data volume limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of data event limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of limit of number of charging condition changes |

Table 5.2.3.2.3.1: Triggers for CHF CDR partial record closure

In case the "Individual Partial record" mechanism is enabled, the Table 5.2.3.2.3.1 is not applicable, as specified in clause 5.2.3.2.2.

5.2.3.2.4 Triggers for CHF CDR closure

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request[Termination], the charging information shall be added in the PDU session charging CHF CDR and the CDR shall be closed.

5.2.3.3 Triggers for CHF CDR for roaming QBC

5.2.3.3.1 General

A Roaming QBC CHF CDR is used to collect charging information related to Roaming QBC in V-SMF, and Optional, the PDU session charging CHF CDR is used to collect charging information related to Roaming QBC in H-SMF. QoS flow containers per PDU session can be added in the CHF CDRs by the CHF, upon receiving a Charging Data Request.

The charging information received from the CHF consists of a set of containers, which are added as "List Multiple QFI container" parameter of the CHF CDRs. Each container identifies the configured counts (volume separated for uplink and downlink, elapsed time) per QoS Flow, associated with the changed charging conditions.

A Roaming QBC CHF CDR shall be opened when the CHF receives Charging Data Request [Initial] indicating "inbound roamer".

5.2.3.3.2 Triggers for CHF CDR charging information addition for roaming QBC

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request [Update], with the change conditions identified in Table 5.2.3.3.2.1 the charging information shall be added in the CHF CDR, and the CDR shall remain open, as the default supported mechanism.

| Trigger Conditions |
|--|
| Change of Charging conditions |
| QoS change |
| User Location change |
| Serving Node change |
| Change of 3GPP PS Data off Status |
| Limit per QoS Flow |
| Expiry of data time limit per QoS Flow |
| Expiry of data volume limit per QoS Flow |
| Others |
| End of QoS Flow |

Table 5.2.3.3.2.1: Triggers for CHF CDR charging information addition for roaming QBC

In case the "Individual partial record" mechanism is enabled, the Table 5.2.3.3.2.1 is not applicable, as specified in clause 5.2.3.2.2.

5.2.3.3.3 Triggers for CHF CDR partial record closure for roaming QBC

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request [Update] with the change conditions identified in Table 5.2.3.3.1, the charging information shall be added in the CHF CDR, before the CDR is closed and a subsequent CHF CDR shall be opened with an incremented Sequence Number, as the default supported mechanism.

Table 5.2.3.3.3.1: Triggers for CHF CDR partial record closure for roaming QBC

| Trigger Conditions |
|---|
| Change of Charging conditions |
| UE time zone change |
| PLMN change |
| RAT type change |
| Session-AMBR change |
| Removal of UPF |
| Management intervention |
| Limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of data time limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of data volume limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of data event limit per PDU session |
| Expiry of limit of number of charging condition changes |

In case the "Individual partial record" mechanism is enabled, the Table 5.2.3.3.3.1 is not relevant: instead, the charging information shall be added in the CHF CDR, before the CDR is closed and a subsequent CHF CDR shall be opened with an incremented Sequence Number for each Charging Data Request [Update] received by the CHF.

5.2.3.3.4 Triggers for roaming QBC CHF CDR closure

When the CHF receives Charging Data Request [Termination], the charging information shall be added in the roaming QBC CHF CDR and the CDR shall be closed.

5.2.4 Ga record transfer flows

In 5G, both fully qualified partial CDRs (FQPC) and reduced partial CDRs (RPC), as specified in TS 32.240 [1] may be supported on the Ga interface. In line with TS 32.240 [13], the support of FQPCs is mandatory, the support of RPCs is optional. For further details on the Ga protocol application refer to TS 32.295 [54].

5.2.5 Bd CDR file transfer

In 5G, both fully qualified partial CDRs (FQPC) and reduced partial CDRs (RPC), as specified in TS 32.240 [1] may be supported on the Bd interface. In line with TS 32.240 [13], the support of FQPCs is mandatory, the support of RPCs is optional. For further details on the Bd protocol application refer to TS 32.297 [52].

6. Definition of charging information

6.1 Data description for 5G data connectivity charging

6.1.1 Message contents

6.1.1.1 General

The Charging Data Request and Charging Data Response are specified in TS 32.290 [57] and include charging information. The Charging Data Request can be of type [Initial, Update, Termination].

Table 6.1.1.1.1 describes the use of these messages for converged charging.

Table 6.1.1.1.1: Converged charging messages reference table

| Message | Source | Destination |
|------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Charging Data Request | SMF, CHF | CHF |
| Charging Data Response | CHF | SMF, CHF |

The following clauses describe the different fields used in the Charging Data messages and the category in the tables is used according to the charging data configuration defined in clause 5.4 of TS 32.240 [1].

6.1.1.2 Charging Data Request message

Table 6.1.1.2.1 illustrates the basic structure of a Charging Data Request message from the SMF as used for 5G data connectivity converged charging.

Table 6.1.1.2.1: Charging Data Request message contents

| Information Element | Category for converged | Category for offline only charging | Description |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|
| | charging | charging | |
| Session Identifier | O _C | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Subscriber Identifier | Ом | M | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| | | | In case SUPI is not present (for |
| | | | emergency service), the User Equipment |
| | | | Info in table 6.2.1.2.1. shall be present for |
| | | | identifying the user. |
| Tenant Identifier | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57]. |
| | | | This field may be used in the business context. |
| NF Consumer Identification | М | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| NF Functionality | M | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| NF Name | O _C | O _C | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| NF Address | O _C | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| NF PLMN ID | O _C | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Invocation Timestamp | M | M | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Invocation Sequence Number | М | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Retransmission Indicator | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Notify URI | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Service Specification Information | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Supported Features | Oc | - | This field indicates the features supported |
| | | | by the NF consumer. |
| Triggers | Oc | Oc | This field is described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| | | | and holds the 5G data connectivity specific |
| Multiple Lipit Lippers | 0 | 0 | triggers described in clause 5.2.1. |
| Multiple Unit Usage | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] This field is not applicable to QBC. |
| Rating Group | М | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Requested Unit | Oc | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Time | Oc Oc | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Total Volume | O _C | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Uplink Volume | O _C | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Downlink Volume | O _C | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Used Unit Container | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Service Identifier | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Quota management | Oc | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Indicator | | | |
| Triggers | Oc | Oc | This field is described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| | | | and holds the 5G data connectivity specific |
| | | | triggers described in clause 5.2.1. |
| Trigger Timestamp | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Time Total Volume | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Uplink Volume | Oc Oc | Oc Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Downlink Volume | Oc Oc | Oc Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Local Sequence Number | OC OM | <u>Ос</u> Ом | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| PDU Container Information | O _M O _C | | This field holds the 5G data connectivity |
| PD0 Container Information | UC | Oc | PDU session container specific |
| | | | information described in clause 6.2. |
| UPF ID | Oc | Oc | This field holds the UPF identifier used to |
| | | | identify the UPF. |
| | | | These fields shall only be included when |
| | | | either quota is requested per UPF, or used |
| | | - | units are reported per UPF |
| multi-homed PDU address | Oc | Oc | This field holds the IPv6 prefix used by |
| | | | UPF. It may only be used for IPv6 multi- |
| | | | homed PDU sessions and then only for |
| PDU Session Charging Information | Ом | Ом | reporting used units. This field holds the 5G data connectivity |
| | См | UM | specific information described in clause |
| | | | 6.2. |
| | | | This field is applicable to FBC and QBC. |

| Information Element | Category for converged charging | Category for offline only charging | Description |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|
| Roaming QBC information | Ом | Ом | This field holds the roaming QBC specific information defined in clause 6.2.1.4 This field is only applicable to QBC. |
| Inter-CHF Information | Oc | - | This field holds inter CHF specific information described in clause 6.2.1.6 |

6.1.1.3 Charging data response message

Table 6.1.1.3.1 illustrates the basic structure of a Charging Data Response message from the CHF as used for 5G data connectivity converged charging.

| Information Element | Category for converged charging | Category for offline only charging | Description |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| Session Identifier | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Invocation Timestamp | М | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Invocation Result | Oc | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Invocation Result Code | Oc | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Failed Parameter | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Failure Handling | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Invocation Sequence Number | М | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Session Failover | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Supported Features | Oc | - | This field indicates the features supported by the NF consumer. |
| Multiple Unit Information | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] This field is not applicable to QBC. |
| Result Code | Oc | Oc | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Rating Group | М | М | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| UPF ID | Oc | Oc | This field holds the UPF identifier used for quota granted per UPF by CHF |
| Granted Unit | Oc | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Validity Time | Oc | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Final Unit Indication | Oc | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Time Quota Threshold | 0 _C | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Volume Quota Threshold | O _C | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Unit Quota Threshold | O _C | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Quota Holding Time | Oc | - | Described in TS 32.290 [57] |
| Triggers | Oc | Oc | This field is described in TS 32.290 [57] and holds the 5G data connectivity specific triggers described in clause 5.2.1. |
| Triggers | Oc | Oc | This field is described in TS 32.290 [57] and holds the 5G data connectivity specific triggers described in clause 5.2.1. |
| PDU Session Charging | Ом | Ом | This field holds the 5G data connectivity specific |
| Information | | | information described in clause 6.2. |
| Roaming QBC Information | Ом | Ом | This field holds the roaming QBC specific information defined in clause 6.2.1.4 This field is not applicable to FBC. |
| Inter-CHF Information | Oc | - | This field holds inter-CHF specific information described in clause 6.2.1.6 |

Table 6.1.1.3.1: Charging Data Response message contents

6.1.2 Ga message contents

See clause 5.2.4.

6.1.3 CDR description on the B_d interface

6.1.3.1 General

This clause describes the CDR content and format generated for 5G data connectivity - PDU session charging.

The following tables provide a brief description of each CDR parameter. The category in the tables is used according to the charging data configuration defined in clause 5.4 of TS 32.240 [1]. Full definitions of the CDR parameters, sorted by the name in alphabetical order, are provided in TS 32.298 [51].

6.1.3.2 PDU session charging CHF CDR data

If enabled, CHF CDRs for PDU session charging shall be produced for each PDU session. In roaming Home routed scenario, the PDU session charging CHF CDR shall cover both Flow based Charging and Qos flow Based Charging (QBC) from H-SMF.

The fields of PDU session charging CHF CDR are specified in table 6.1.3.2.1.

| Field | Category | Description |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Record Type | M | CHF record. |
| Recording Network Function ID | OM | This field holds the name of the recording entity, i.e. the CHF id. |
| Subscriber Identifier | O _M | This field holds the Subscription Permanent Identifier (SUPI) of the |
| | | served party. This fields should be present except for emergency |
| | | session. The detail of SUPI is specified in clause 5.9.2 of TS 23.501 |
| | | [200] |
| Tenant Identifier | Oc | Described in TS 32.298 [57]. It is used in the business context. |
| NF Consumer Information | М | This field holds the information of the SMF that used the charging |
| | | service. |
| NF Functionality | М | This field contains the function of the node (i.e. SMF) |
| NF Name | Oc | This field holds the name of the SMF used. |
| NF Address | Oc | This fields holds the IP Address of the SMF used. |
| NF PLMN ID | Oc | This field holds the PLMN identifier (MCC MNC) of the SMF. |
| Invocation Timestamp | Oc | This field holds the timestamp of the charging service invocation, |
| - | | described in TS 32.290 [57]. |
| List of Multiple Unit Usage | Ом | This field holds a list of changes in charging conditions for all service |
| | | data flows within this PDU session. This list is categorized per rating |
| | | group or per combination of rating group and service id or per |
| | | combination of rating group, sponsor identity and application service |
| | | provider identity. In addition, usage is differentiated between with and |
| | | without quota management. Each change is time stamped. Charging |
| | | conditions are used to categorize traffic volumes, elapsed time and |
| | | number of events, such as per tariff period. |
| Rating Group | Ом | This filed holds the rating group. |
| Used Unit Container | Oc | This field holds the used units and information connected to the |
| Comico Identifian | | reported units. |
| Service Identifier | Oc OM | This field holds the Service Identifier. This field holds an indicator on whether the used units are with or |
| Quota management Indicator | OM | |
| Triggers | Oc | without quota management. This field holds the reason for closing the used unit container. |
| Trigger Timestamp | | This field holds the timestamp of the trigger. |
| Time | Oc Oc | This field holds the amount of used time. |
| Total Volume | Oc Oc | This field holds the amount of used time. |
| | Oc | downlink directions. |
| Uplink Volume | Oc | This field holds the amount of used volume in uplink direction. |
| Downlink Volume | O _C | This field holds the amount of used volume in downlink direction. |
| Rating Indicator | O _C | This field indicates if the units have been rated or not. |
| Local Sequence Number | <u>Ø</u> | This field holds the container sequence number. |
| PDU Container Information | Oc | This field holds the 5G data connectivity specific information defined in |
| | 00 | clause 6.2.1.3. |
| UPF ID | O _C | This field holds the UPF identifier used to identify the UPF when |
| | - 0 | reporting the usage for the UPF. |
| Multi-homed PDU address | Oc | This field holds the Multi-homed IPv6 prefix used by UPF, identified by |
| | | the UPF ID. It may only be used for reporting used units. |
| Record Opening Time | М | This field contains the time stamp when the record is opened, |
| | | described in TS 32.298 [51], |
| Duration | М | This field holds the duration of this record. |
| Record Sequence Number | С | Partial record sequence number, only present in case of partial |
| | | records. |
| Cause for Record Closing | М | The reason for the release of the record. |
| Diagnostics | OM | This field holds a more detailed reason for the release of the PDU |
| | | session, when a single cause is applicable. |
| Local Record Sequence Number | OM | Consecutive record number created by the CDF. The number is |
| | | allocated sequentially including all CDR types. |
| Record Extensions | o _c | A set of network operator/manufacturer specific extensions to the |
| | | record. Conditioned upon the existence of an extension. |
| PDU Session Charging Information | Ом | This field holds the 5G data connectivity specific information defined in |
| | | clause 6.2.1.2. |
| Roaming QBC information | 0 _C | This field holds the roaming QBC specific information defined in |
| | | clause 6.2.1.4, when applicable. |
| Inter-CHF Information | 0 _C | This field holds inter-CHF specific information described in clause |
| | | 6.2.1.6 |

6.1.3.3 Roaming QBC CHF CDR data

If enabled, CHF CDRs for Roaming QBC shall be produced in VPLMN for each PDU session established for an inbound roamer. The fields of Roaming QBC CHF CDR are specified in table 6.1.3.3.1.

| Field | Category | Description |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Record Type | М | CHF record. |
| Recording Network Function ID | OM | This field holds the name of the recording entity, i.e. the CHF id. |
| Subscriber Identifier | М | This field holds the 5G Subscription Permanent Identifier (SUPI) of the served party, if available. |
| NF Information | Oc | This field holds the information of the V-SMF that used the charging service. |
| NF Functionality | М | This field contains the function of the node. |
| NF Name | Oc | This field holds the name of the V-SMF used. |
| NF Address | Oc | This fields holds the IP Address of the V-SMF used. |
| NF PLMN ID | Oc | This field holds the PLMN identifier (MCC MNC) of the V-SMF. |
| Invocation Timestamp | Ом | This field holds the timestamp of the charging service invocation, described in TS 32.290 [57]. |
| Record Opening Time | М | This field contains the time stamp when the record is opened, described in TS 32.298 [51],. |
| Duration | М | This field holds the duration of this record. |
| Record Sequence Number | С | Partial record sequence number, only present in case of partial records. |
| Cause for Record Closing | М | The reason for the release of the record. |
| Diagnostics | Ом | This field holds a more detailed reason for the release of the PDU session, when a single cause is applicable. |
| Local Record Sequence Number | Ом | Consecutive record number created by the CHF. The number is allocated sequentially including all CDR types. |
| Record Extensions | Oc | A set of network operator/manufacturer specific extensions to the record. Conditioned upon the existence of an extension. |
| PDU Session Charging Information | Ом | This field holds the 5G data connectivity specific information defined in clause 6.2.1.2. |
| Roaming QBC Information | Ом | This field holds the 5G data connectivity Roaming QBC specific information defined in clause 6.2.1.4 |
| Inter-CHF Information | 0 _C | This field holds inter-CHF specific information described in clause 6.2.1.6 |

Table 6.1.3.3.1: Roaming QBC CHF record data

6.2 5G data connectivity charging specific parameters

6.2.1 Definition of 5G data connectivity charging information

6.2.1.1 General

The Charging Information parameter used for 5G data connectivity charging is provided in the following sub-clauses.

6.2.1.2 Definition of PDU session charging information

PDU session specific charging information used for 5G data connectivity charging is provided within the PDU session charging Information.

The detailed structure of the PDU Session Charging Information can be found in table 6.2.1.2.1.

Table 6.2.1.2.1: Structure of PDU Session Charging Information

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|--|----------------|---|
| Charging Id | O _M | This field holds the Charging Identifier for PDU session. The value of Charging Id is the same as that of Home Provided Charging Id in V-SMF only in the home routed roaming scenario for EPS to 5GS interworking and inter-PLMN mobility from HPLMN with I-SMF to VPLMN. |
| Home Provided Charging Id | Oc | This field holds the Charging Identifier generated by H-SMF. This field is only applicable in V-SMF in the home routed roaming scenario for EPS to 5GS interworking and inter-PLMN mobility from HPLMN with I-SMF to VPLMN. |
| SMF Charging Id | Ом | This field holds a string that, be provided from the SMF instead of Charging Id, if supported. |
| SMF Home Provided Charging Id | Oc | This field holds a string that, be provided from the H-SMF instead of Home Provided Charging Id, if supported. |
| User Information | Ом | Group of user information. |
| User Identifier | Oc | This field contains the identification of the user (i.e. GPSI). |
| User Equipment Info | Oc | This field holds the identification of the terminal (i.e. PEI, MAC Address) It is used for identifying the user in case SUPI is not present during emergency service. The detail identification of the wireline access is specified in clause 4.7.7 of TS 23.316 [203]. |
| unauthenticated Flag | Oc | This field indicates the served SUPI is not authenticated. |
| Roamer In Out | Oc | This field holds an indication if the roamer is in-bound or out-bound. This field is present only if UE is identified as a roamer. |
| User Location Info | Oc | This field indicates details of where the UE is currently located (access-specific user location information). For MA PDU session, this field holds the user location associated to the 3GPP access |
| IMS Session Information | Oc | This field holds the IMS session related information. |
| Caller Information | Oc | This field holds the address(es) of calling party. |
| Callee Information | Oc | This field holds callee information. |
| MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location info | Oc | This field holds the user location associated to the non 3GPP access for MA PDU session. |
| User Location Time | Oc | This field holds the UTC time at which the UE was last known to be in the location. For MA PDU session, this field holds the user location time associated to the 3GPP access. |
| MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location Time | Oc | This field holds the user location time associated to the non 3GPP access for MA PDU session. |
| UE Time Zone | Oc | This field holds the Time Zone of where the UE is located, if available where the UE currently resides. |
| Presence Reporting Area Information | Oc | This field contains part of the Presence Reporting Area Information of UE as defined in TS 23.501[200], comprising the Presence Reporting Area identifier(s) and an indication on whether the UE is inside or outside the Presence Reporting Area, if available. |
| PDU Session Information | Oc | Group of PDU session information. |
| PDU Session ID | M | This field holds identifier of PDU session. |
| Network Slice Instance Identifier | Ом | This field holds network slice information the PDU session belongs to. |
| S-NSSAI HPLMN S-NSSAI | M | This field holds network slice S-NSSAI the PDU session belongs to in the serving PLMN. This field holds the HPLMN S-NSSAI the VPLMN S-NSSAI is mapped to, |
| | О _М | for the PDU session. This field is only applicable in V-SMF for roaming. This field holds the Alternative S-NSSAI replacing the S-NSSAI associated |
| Alternative S-NSSAI | Oc | to the PDU session. This field is present when Alternative S-NSSAI is serving the UE. |
| PDU Type | Ом | This field holds the type of PDU session. |
| PDU Address | Oc | Group of UE IP address. |
| PDU Ipv4 Address | Oc | This field holds the IP Address of the served SUPI allocated for PDU session, i.e. IPv4 address. |
| PDU IPv6 Address with | Oc | This field holds the IP Address of the served SUPI allocated for |
| Prefix PDU Address prefix | Oc | PDU session, i.e. IPv6 prefix. PDP/PDN Address prefix length of an IPv6 typed Served PDU |
| length | | Address. The field needs not available for prefix length of 64 bits. |
| IPv4 Dynamic Address Flag | Oc | This field indicates whether served PDP/PDN address for IPv4 is dynamically allocated. This field is missing if address is static. |

| IPv6 Dynamic Address Flag | Oc | This field indicates whether served PDP/PDN address for IPv6 is dynamically allocated. This field is missing if address is static. |
|--|----|---|
| Additional PDU IPv6 prefixes | Oc | This field holds a list of additional IPv6 prefix allocated for the PDU session, when applicable. |
| SSC Mode | Oc | This field holds SSC mode of PDU session. |
| MA PDU session | | This field holds information associated to the MA PDU session. |
| information | - | |
| MA PDU session | Oc | This field indicates the PDU session is a MA PDU session |
| indicator | | requested by the UE or requested by Network modification based ATSSS capabilities provided by the UE and the Network. |
| ATSSS capability | Oc | This field holds the ATSSS capability supported by the MA PDU session |
| SUPI PLMN ID | Oc | This field holds PLMN ID of the SUPI. |
| CP CIoT Optimisation | Oc | This field holds the indicator whether control plane optimization |
| indicator | | CloT for 5GS is used during the PDU session, if this feature is enabled. |
| 5GS Control Plane Only | Oc | This field holds the indicator whether the control plane only is used |
| indicator | | i.e., the PDU data only transfers to control plane in case of control plane CloT optimization. |
| Small data rate control indicator | Oc | This field holds the indicator whether the small data rate control for 5GS CIoT is used during the PDU session. |
| Serving Network Function | Oc | This field holds the identity of the serving network function. |
| Serving Network Function Information | М | This field holds the Information of the serving network function: - AMF for the PDU sessions served by SMF - in non-roaming |
| | | - in VPLMN for local breakout and home routed roaming - V-SMF for the PDU session served by H-SMF and V-SMF in HPLMN for home routed roaming |
| | | I-SMF for the PDU session served by SMF and I-SMF ePDG for untrusted non-3GPP access |
| | | - SGW for EPC/E-UTRAN access. - SGSN for GERAN/UTRAN access |
| AMF Identifier | Oc | This field holds the AMF identifier. |
| Serving CN PLMN ID | Oc | This field holds the serving Core Network Operator PLMN ID selected by the UE if different from SMF PLMN ID. |
| RAT Type | Oc | This field holds the Radio Access Technology (RAT) currently serving the UE. |
| | | For MA PDU session, this field holds the Radio Access Technolog (RAT) associated to the 3GPP access |
| MA PDU Non 3GPP RAT Type | Oc | This field holds the Radio Access Technology (RAT) serving the U in non 3GPP access for MA PDU session. |
| Data Network Name Identifier | М | This field contains the identifier of the DNN the user is connected |
| DNN Selection Mode | Oc | This field indicates whether the requested DNN corresponds to an |
| Authorized QoS | Oc | explicitly subscribed DNN or to the usage of a wildcard subscriptic This field holds the authorized QoS applied to PDU session. |
| Information | | |
| Subscribed QoS Information | Oc | This field holds the subscribed default QoS for the PDU session. |
| Authorized Session-AMBR | Oc | This field holds the authorized Session-AMBR for the PDU session |
| Subscribed Session-AMBR | Oc | This field holds the subscribed Session-AMBR for the PDU sessio |
| PDU session start Time | Oc | This field holds the timestamp when PDU session starts. |
| PDU session stop Time | Oc | This field holds the timestamp when PDU session terminates. |
| Diagnostics | Oc | This field holds a detailed reason for the release of the PDU session and complements the "Change Condition" information. |
| Enhanced Diagnostics | Oc | This field holds a more detailed reason for the release of the PDU session, when a set of causes are applicable. |
| Charging Characteristics | Oc | This field holds the Charging Characteristics for this PDU session. |
| Charging Characteristics Selection Mode | Oc | This field holds information about how the "Charging Characteristics" was selected. |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | Oc | This field holds the 3GPP Data off Status when UE's 3GPP Data 0 status is Activated or Deactivated. |
| Session Stop Indicator | Oc | This field indicates to the CHF that the PDU session has been terminated. |
| Redundant Transmission | Oc | This field holds the redundant transmission Type. |

| PDU Session Pair ID | Oc | This field holds an identifier that identify PDU Session that is redundant with this PDU session. This field is only applicable for dual connectivity based end to end redundant user plane paths case. |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 5G LAN Type Service | Oc | This field holds the 5G LAN Type service information, if present, the PDU session is for 5G VN group communication. |
| Internal Group Identifier | М | This field holds the internal group identifier of the 5G VN group. |
| SNPN Information | Oc | This field holds information associated to SNPN. |
| SNPN ID | М | This field holds PLMN ID and the NID which identifies the SNPN. The PLMN ID is the same as PLMN ID of the SUPI. |
| Access Type | Oc | This field identifies the type of access network for SNPN. It indicates whether the access is via 3GPP or via non-3GPP. |
| N3IWF FQDN | Oc | This field holds FQDN which can indicate the domain of the SNPN. |
| 5G Satellite Access Indicator | Oc | This field holds the use of 5G Satellite Access. |
| Satellite backhaul Information | Oc | This field contains parameters that can be used to determine that a Satellite Backhaul has been used for the data traffic |
| Satellite Backhaul Category | Oc | This field contains the type of the satellite used in the backhaul. For the Edge Computing and SCC-to-SCC communications via satellite backhaul, the type of the satellite is GEO. |
| GEO Satellite ID | Oc | For the Edge Computing and SCC-to-SCC communications via satellite backhaul cases, this field contains the ID of the GEO satellite |
| 5GS Bridge Information | Oc | This field holds the bridge information of the 5GS TSN, including bridge ID and port numbers. |
| Bridge ID | М | This field holds the unique identifier of a 5GS TSN bridge instance for a given PDU session. |
| NW-TT port number | O _M | This field holds the port number allocated by the network-side TSN translator (NW-TT) for a given PDU session. |
| DS-TT port number | Ом | This field holds the port number allocated by device-side TSN translator (DS-TT) for a given PDU session. |
| 5G Multicast Service | Oc | This field holds the 5G MBS service information, if present, the UE has joined the multicast service. It may have multiple occurrences. |
| MBS Session ID | М | This field holds the MBS session identifier referring to clause 6.5.1 of TS 23.247 [204]. |
| Unit Count Inactivity Timer | Oc | This field holds the threshold for the time period when no units has been counted by the SMF. It holds either the value configured in SMF, if it is supported, or the value to be used as received from the CHF. A value of zero indicates that this mechanism shall not be used. This field is not applicable to QBC. |
| RAN Secondary RAT Usage Report | Oc | This field holds the secondary RAT usage reported from NG-RAN. |
| NG RAN Secondary RAT | Ом | This field holds the value of Secondary RAT Type, as provided by |
| Туре | | the NG-RAN. |
| Qos Flows Usage Reports | Ом | This field holds a list of containers per QFI with volumes reported, each container is time stamped. |
| QoS Flow Id | Ом | This field holds the QoS flow Identifier (QFI) |
| Start Timestamp | Oc | This field holds the start timestamp of the collected usage. |
| End Timestamp | Oc | This field holds the end timestamp of the collected usage. |
| Downlink Volume | Oc | This field holds the amount of used volume in downlink direction. |
| Uplink Volume | Oc | This field holds the amount of used volume in uplink direction. |

6.2.1.3 Definition of PDU Container information

Used Unit Container, described in table 6.1.1.2.1, specific charging information used for 5G data connectivity charging is provided within the PDU Container Information described in table 6.2.1.3.1.

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|---------------------|----------|---|
| Time of First Usage | | This field holds the Timestamp when the first transmitted data packet of the service data flow matching the current used unit container |

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|-------------------------------|----------|---|
| Time of Last Usage | Oc | This field holds the Timestamp when the last transmitted |
| _ | | data packet of the service data flow matching the current |
| | | used unit container |
| QoS Information | Oc | This field holds the QoS applied during the service data |
| | | container interval |
| QoS Characteristics | Oc | This field holds the QoS characteristics applied for QoS |
| | | information. It is only be used when the non-standardized |
| | | 5QI is present in QoS information. |
| AF Charging Identifier | Oc | A Charging Identifier, provided from the AF, may be used to |
| | | correlate the measurement for the Charging key/Service |
| | | identifier values in this PCC rule with application level |
| | | reports. |
| AF Charging Id String | Oc | A string that, may be provided from the AF instead of AF |
| | | Charging Identifier, depending on support. |
| User Location Information | Oc | This field holds the user location during the used unit |
| | | container interval |
| UE Time Zone | Oc | This field holds the Time Zone of where the UE is located, |
| | | during the used unit container interval. |
| Presence Reporting Area | Oc | This field holds the Presence Reporting Area Information of |
| Information | | UE during the used unit container interval. |
| Serving Network Function ID | Oc | Serving Network Function identifier. |
| RAT Type | Oc | This field holds the RAT type during the used unit container |
| | | interval. |
| | | For MA PDU session, this field holds the RAT type |
| | | associated to the access which activated the rating group. |
| Sponsor Identity | Oc | This field holds the identifier of the sponsor when sponsored |
| | | data connectivity is used |
| Application Service Provider | Oc | This field holds the identifier of the application service |
| Identity | | provider that is delivering a service to the end user. |
| Charging Rule Base Name | Oc | This field holds the reference to group of PCC rules |
| | _ | predefined at the SMF |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | Oc | This field holds the 3GPP Data off Status during the used |
| | | unit container interval |
| MA PDU Steering functionality | Oc | This field holds the Steering functionality used during the |
| | | used unit container interval when MA PDU session |
| MA PDU Steering mode | Oc | This field holds the Steering mode used during the used |
| T (1) F 11 | | unit container interval when MA PDU session. |
| Traffic Forwarding Way | Oc | This field holds the traffic forwarding way for the 5G VN |
| | | group communication if present. |
| | | If the SMF can distinguish the traffic forwarding way, the |
| | | SMF reports the volume per traffic forwarding way. If the |
| | | SMF cannot distinguish, the SMF reports the traffic and the |
| OoS Manitaring Danart | - | corresponding traffic forwarding way (may be multiple). |
| QoS Monitoring Report | Oc | This field holds the QoS monitoring result (i.e., average |
| MDC Cassion ID | - | packet delay per QoS flow per UE) for the service data flow. |
| MBS Session ID | Oc | This field holds the MBS session identifier for the service |
| | | data flow referring to clause 6.5.1 of TS 23.247 [204] if |
| MBS Dolivory Mathad | | present. |
| MBS Delivery Method | Oc | This field holds the MBS traffic delivery method (i.e. 5GC |
| | | Shared MBS traffic delivery method and 5GC Individual |
| | | MBS traffic delivery method referring to clause 4.1 of TS 23.247 [204]) for the multicast communication if present. |
| 1 | | 23.247 [204]) for the mutucast communication if present. |

6.2.1.4 Definition of roaming QBC information

Roaming QBC specific charging information used for 5G data connectivity charging is provided within the Roaming QBC Information.

The detailed structure of the Roaming QBC Information can be found in table 6.2.1.4.1.

| Information Element | Category | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|---|--|--|--|
| Multiple QFI container | Oc | This field holds a list of QFI containers. It may have multiple | | | |
| | | occurrences | | | |
| Triggers | Oc | This field holds the reason for closing the QFI unit container. | | | |
| Trigger Timestamp | Oc | This field holds the timestamp of the trigger. | | | |
| Time | Oc | This field holds the amount of used time. | | | |
| Total Volume | Oc | This field holds the amount of used volume in both uplink and | | | |
| | | downlink directions. | | | |
| Uplink Volume | Oc | This field holds the amount of used volume in uplink direction. | | | |
| Downlink Volume | Oc | This field holds the amount of used volume in downlink direction. | | | |
| Local Sequence Number | М | This field holds a QFI data container sequence number | | | |
| QFI Container information | Oc | This field holds the QFI data container information defined in clause | | | |
| | | 6.2.1.5 | | | |
| UPF ID | Oc | This field holds the UPF identifier and is included for backwards | | | |
| | | compatibility. It can be included when reporting the usage for the | | | |
| | | UPF, depending on operator requirement. | | | |
| Roaming Charging Profile | Oc | This field holds the Roaming Charging Profile associated to the | | | |
| | | PDU session for roaming QBC. | | | |
| Trigger | Oc | This field holds the trigger applicable to QBC. | | | |
| | | This field has multiple occurrences | | | |
| Trigger type | Oc | This field holds the chargeable events defined in table 5.2.1.6.1. | | | |
| Trigger category | Oc | This field holds the trigger category (i.e. immediate or deferred | | | |
| | | reporting) | | | |
| Time Limit | Oc | This field holds the limit value in seconds when the trigger type is | | | |
| | | "Expiry of data time limit" | | | |
| Volume Limit | Oc | This field holds the limit value in octets when the trigger type is | | | |
| | - | "Expiry of data volume limit" | | | |
| Max Number of | Oc | This field holds the limit value when the trigger type is "Expiry of | | | |
| charging condition | | limit of number of charging condition changes" | | | |
| changes | | | | | |
| Partial record method | Oc | This field holds the method uses by the CHF for partial record | | | |
| | | closure: default or Individual. | | | |

6.2.1.5 Definition of QFI Container information

QFI Container information, defined in table 6.2.1.4.1, specific charging information used for 5G data connectivity QBC charging is provided within the QFI Container Information described in table 6.2.1.5.1.

Table 6.2.1.5.1: Structure of QFI Container Information

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|---------------------|----------|--|
| QoS Flow Id | М | This field holds the QoS flow Identifier (QFI) |
| Time of First Usage | Oc | This field holds the Timestamp when the first transmitted IP packet of the service data flow matching the current QFI data container |
| Time of Last Usage | Oc | This field holds the Timestamp when the last transmitted IP packet of the service data flow matching the current QFI data container |
| QoS Information | Oc | This field holds the QoS applied during the QFI data container interval |
| QoS Characteristics | Oc | This field holds the QoS characteristics applied for QoS information. It is only be used when the non-standardized 5QI is present in QoS information. |

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|---------------------------|----------|---|
| User Location Information | Oc | This field holds the user location during the |
| | | QFI data container interval |
| UE Time Zone | Oc | This field holds the Time Zone of where |
| | | the UE is located, during the QFI data |
| | | container interval |
| RAT Type | Oc | This field holds the RAT type during the |
| | | QFI data container interval |
| Report Time | М | This field holds the Timestamp when the |
| | | QFI data container was closed |
| Serving Network Function | Oc | Group of serving Network Function |
| ID | | identifier. |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | Oc | This field holds the 3GPP Data off Status |
| | | during the QFI data container interval |

6.2.1.6 Definition of Inter-CHF information

Specific charging information used for information when the V-CHF have a connection to the H-CHF, or C-CHF have a connection to the B-CHF.

The detailed structure of the Inter-CHF Information can be found in table 6.2.1.6.1.

Table 6.2.1.6.1: Structure of Inter-CHF Information

| Information Element | Category | Description | | | |
|--|----------|---|--|--|--|
| Remote CHF resource | | This field holds the reference the Charging Data resource in the CHF not directly connected to the NF (i.e., H-CHF) (NOTE 1). If received by the original NF consumer it may be returned in the next request. | | | |
| Original NF Consumer Id | Oc | This field holds information on the NF triggering the request i.e., SMF (NOTE 2). | | | |
| NOTE 1: The Remote CHF resource is included in the response to the original NF if inter-CHF communication has been used. NOTE 2: The Original NF Consumer Id is included in the request from the original NF if inter-CHF is expected to be used. | | | | | |

6.2.2 Detailed message format for converged charging

The following clause specifies per Operation Type the charging data that are sent by SMF for 5G data connectivity converged charging or offline only charging.

The Operation Types are listed in the following order: I (Initial)/U (Update)/T (Termination)/E (Event). Therefore, when all Operation Types are possible it is marked as IUTE. If only some Operation Types are allowed for a node, only the appropriate letters are used (i.e. IUT or E) as indicated in the table heading. The omission of an Operation Type for a particular field is marked with "-" (i.e. IU-E). Also, when an entire field is not allowed in a node the entire cell is marked as "-".

Table 6.2.2.1 defines the basic structure of the supported fields in the *Charging Data* Request message for 5G data connectivity converged charging or offline only charging.

Table 6.2.2.1: Supported fields in Charging Data Request message

| Information Element Charging Converged Charging Offline Only Charging Offline Only Charging Offline Only Charging Offline Only Charging Session Identifier Supported Operation Types VUT/E | | Functionality of SMF | FBC | QBC | FBC | QBC |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Supported Operation Types PUTT/E WUTT/E WUTT/E Session Identifier IUT- 4UT- 4UT- 4UT- Subscriber Identifier IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- NF Consumer Identified IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- NF Consumer Identification IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- NF Address IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- NF Address IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Invocation Timestamp IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Invocation Indector IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Notypottd Peatures IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Notypottd Peatures IUT- | | | | Converged | Offline | Offline |
| Supported Operation Types IVUT IVUTTLE IVUTE IVUTE <th< th=""><th>Information Element</th><th></th><th>Charging</th><th>Charging</th><th></th><th></th></th<> | Information Element | | Charging | Charging | | |
| Session Identifier I.T. I.T. <tr< th=""><th></th><th>Supported Operation Types</th><th>I/U/T/F</th><th>I/II/T/E</th><th></th><th></th></tr<> | | Supported Operation Types | I/U/T/F | I/II/T/E | | |
| Subscriber identifier IUT- | Session Identifier | Supported Operation Types | | | | |
| NF Consumer Identification IUT- IUT- <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | - | | | |
| INF Functionality IUT- IUT- <td>Tenant Identifier</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Tenant Identifier | | | | | |
| INF Name IUT- | | n | | | | |
| INF Address IUT- | | | | | | |
| INF PLMN ID IUT- | | | | | | |
| Invocation Timestamp IUT- IUT-< | | | | | | |
| Invocation Sequence Number IUT- IUT- <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | | | | |
| Retransmission Indicator IUT. I | | aber | | | | |
| Notify URI IU- | | | | | | |
| Supported Features IU- IU- IU- IUT- Service Specification Information IUT- IUT- </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | |
| Service Specification Information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Triggers -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- Rating Group IUT- - IUT- - IUT- - Requested Unit IU - - - - - Time IU - - - - - - Downlink Volume IU - - - - - - Used Unit Container IU - | | | | | - | - |
| Multiple Unit Usage IUT. - IUT. - Rating Group IUT. - IUT. - - Requested Unit IU - - - - Total Volume IU - - - - Uplink Volume IU - - - - Downlink Volume IU - - - - Used Unit Container -UT- -UT- -UT- - - Quota management Indicator -UT- -UT- -UT- - - - Trigger Timestamp -UT- -UT- -UT- - - - - Uplink Volume -UT- -UT- -UT- | | rmation | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Rating Group IUT. - IUT. - Requested Unit IU- - - - Time IU- - - - Total Volume IU- - - - Uplink Volume IU- - - - Downlink Volume IU- - - - Service Identifier -UT- - - - Quota management Indicator -UT- - - - Triggers -UT- - - - - Total Volume -UT- - - - - Time -UT- - - - - - Times -UT- - - - - - - Time -UT- - - - - - - Time -UT- - - - - - - Dow | | | | -UT- | | -UT- |
| Requested Unit IU - - Time IU - - Total Volume IU - - Uplink Volume IU - - Downink Volume IU - - Used Unit Container -UT- - - Quota management Indicator -UT- - - Trigger -UT- - - - Trigger Timestamp -UT- - - - - Time -UT- - - - - - Total Volume -UT- - - - - - - Total Volume -UT- -< | | | | - | | - |
| Time IU- - - Total Volume IU- - - - Downlink Volume IU- - - - Downlink Volume IU- - - - Used Unit Container -UT- - - - Service Identifier -UT- - - - - Quota management Indicator -UT- - - - - - Trigger Timestamp -UT- - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> | | | | - | | - |
| Total Volume IU - - Uplink Volume IU - - - Downlink Volume IU - - - Used Unit Container -UT- - - - Quota management Indicator -UT- - - - Triggers -UT- - - - - Trigger Timestamp -UT- - - - - - Time -UT- | | | | | - | |
| Uplink Volume IU- - - Downlink Volume IU- - - - Used Unit Container -UT- - - - Service Identifier -UT- - -UT- - - Quota management Indicator -UT- - -UT- - - - Triggers -UT- - UT- - UT- - - Total Volume -UT- - UT- - - - - Uplink Volume -UT- - UT- - - - - Uplink Volume -UT- | | | | - | - | - |
| Downlink Volume IU - - Used Unit Container -UT- - UT- - Service Identifier -UT- - UT- - Quota management Indicator -UT- - UT- - Triggers -UT- - UT- - UT- Tringer Timestamp -UT- - UT- - UT- - Total Volume -UT- - UT- - UT- - - Downlink Volume -UT- - UT- - UT- - - Downlink Volume -UT- - UT- - UT- - - Downlink Volume -UT- - UT- - - - - - Downlink Volume -UT- - UT- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | | | | - | - | - |
| Used Unit Container -UT- - -UT- - Guota management Indicator -UT- - -UT- - Trigger Simestamp -UT- - -UT- - Trigger Timestamp -UT- - -UT- - Time -UT- - -UT- - Total Volume -UT- - -UT- - Downink Volume -UT- - UT- - Downink Volume -UT- - UT- - Downink Volume -UT- - UT- - - MPE ID IUT- - UT- - - - Marcia Sequence Number -UT- - - - - - MPD D Obdetss IUT- | | | - | | - | |
| Service Identifier -UT. -UT. -UT. Quota management Indicator -UT. -UT. -UT. - Triggers -UT. -UT. -UT. - Trigger Timestamp -UT. -UT. -UT. - Total Volume -UT. -UT. -UT. - Downlink Volume -UT. - -UT. - Downlink Volume -UT. - -UT. - Downlink Volume -UT. - -UT. - PDU Container Information -UT. - -UT. - UPF ID IUT. - IUT. - IUT. - PDU Session Charging Information IUT. IUT. IUT. IUT. - UT. Charging Id IUT. IUT. IUT. IUT. IUT. UT. Session Charging Id -UT. -UT. -UT. -UT. -UT. -UT. Session Information IUT. IUT. | | | | 1 | -UT- | |
| Quota management Indicator -UT- - -UT- - Triggers -UT- - -UT- - - Trigger Timestamp -UT- - -UT- - - - Time -UT- - -UT- - - - - Total Volume -UT- | | | | - | | - |
| Trigger -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- Tinge -UT- - -UT- - -UT- - Total Volume -UT- - -UT- - -UT- - Downlink Volume -UT- - -UT- - -UT- - Downlink Volume -UT- - -UT- - -UT- - Local Sequence Number -UT- - -UT- - - - PDU Container Information -UT- | | nt Indicator | | - | | - |
| Time -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- Total Volume -UT- -UT- -UT- - Uplink Volume -UT- - -UT- - Downlink Volume -UT- - -UT- - Local Sequence Number -UT- - -UT- - PDU Container Information -UT- - UT- - MUF- ID IUT- - IUT- - IUT- PDU Session Charging Information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- - SMF Charging Id IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SMF Charging Id IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- User Information IUT- I | | | -UT- | - | -UT- | - |
| Total Volume UT- - UT- - Uplink Volume UT- - -UT- - -UT- - Downlink Volume UT- - -UT- - -UT- - Local Sequence Number -UT- - -UT- - -UT- - PDU Container Information -UT- - - UT- - UT- - multi-homed PDU address IUT- - IUT- - IUT- - IUT- - PDU Session Charging Information IUT- IUT | |) | | - | | - |
| Uplink Volume -UT- - -UT- - Downlink Volume -UT- - -UT- - Local Sequence Number -UT- - -UT- - PDU Container Information -UT- - -UT- - UPF ID IUT- - IUT- - IUT- multi-homed PDU address IUT- - IUT- - IUT- PDU Session Charging Information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Charging Id IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SMF Home Provided Charging Id -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- User Information IUT- IUT- <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<> | | | | - | | - |
| Downlink Volume -UT- - -UT- - Local Sequence Number -UT- - -UT- - PDU Container Information -UT- - -UT- - UPF ID IUT- - IUT- - IUT- multi-homed PDU address IUT- - IUT- - IUT- PDU Session Charging Information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SMF Charging Id IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Home Provided Charging Id -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- User Location Info IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- User Location Info IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location Info IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- UE Time Zone IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- PDU Session Information IUT- | | | | - | | - |
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| multi-homed PDU addressIUTIUT-IUT-PDU Session Charging InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Charging IdIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SMF Charging IdIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Home Provided Charging Id-UTUTUTUT-SMF Home Provided Charging Id-UTUTUTUT-User InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serv | | | | - | | - |
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| SMF Home Provided Charging Id -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- User Information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- User Location Info IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IMS Session Information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location Info IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location Time IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location Time IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location Time IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location Time IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- PDU Sence Reporting Area Information -UT- -UT- -UT- -UT- PUT- PDU Session Information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- PDU Type IUT- IUT- <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>IUT-</td><td>IUT-</td><td>IUT-</td><td>IUT-</td></td<> | | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| User InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IMS Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT- | | | | | | |
| User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IMS Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU session informationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT | | rging Id | | | | |
| IMS Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT- | | | | | | |
| MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location InfoIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU session informationIUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT- | | | | | | |
| User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT- </td <td></td> <td>Looption Info</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | Looption Info | | | | |
| MA PDU Non 3GPP User Location TimeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU session informationIUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT- | | Location mio | | | | |
| UE Time ZoneIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU session informationIUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT- | | Location Time | | | | |
| Presence Reporting Area Information-UTUTUTUT-PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT- | | | | | | |
| PDU Session InformationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT- | | Information | | | | |
| PDU Session IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Network Slice Instance IdentifierIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-PDU AddressIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SSC ModeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-MA PDU session informationIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-SUPI PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving Network Function IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-Serving CN PLMN IDIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-RAT TypeIUT-IUT-IUT-IUT-IUT- | | | | | | |
| PDU Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- PDU Address IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SSC Mode IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU session information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SUPI PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving Network Function ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving CN PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | | | | | |
| PDU Address IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SSC Mode IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU session information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SUPI PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving Network Function ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving CN PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | e Identifier | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| SSC Mode IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- MA PDU session information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SUPI PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving Network Function ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving CN PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | | | | | |
| MA PDU session information IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- SUPI PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving Network Function ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving CN PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | | | | | |
| SUPI PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving Network Function ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving CN PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | | | | | |
| Serving Network Function ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- Serving CN PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | mation | | | | |
| Serving CN PLMN ID IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | tion ID | | | | |
| RAT Type IUT- IUT- IUT- IUT- | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |

| Data Network Name Identifier | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
|---|------|------|------|------|
| DNN Selection Mode | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Authorized QoS Information | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Subscribed QoS Information | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Authorized Session-AMBR | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Subscribed Session-AMBR | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| PDU session start Time | | | I | |
| PDU session stop Time | T- | T- | T- | T- |
| Diagnostics | T- | T- | T- | T- |
| Enhanced Diagnostics | T- | T- | T- | T- |
| Charging Characteristics | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Charging Characteristics Selection Mode | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Session Stop Indicator | T- | T- | T- | T- |
| Redundant Transmission Type | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| PDU Session Pair ID | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| 5G LAN Type Service | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| SNPN Information | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| 5GS Bridge Information | IUT- | - | - | - |
| 5G Multicast Service | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| 5G Satellite Access Indicator | IUT- | IUT- | - | - |
| Satellite backhaul Information | IUT- | IUT- | - | - |
| Unit Count Inactivity Timer | IU | - | IU | - |
| RAN Secondary RAT Usage Report | -UT- | -UT- | -UT- | -UT- |
| Roaming QBC information | - | IUT- | - | IUT- |
| Multiple QFI container | - | IUT- | - | IUT- |
| UPF ID | - | IUT- | - | IUT- |
| Roaming Charging Profile | - | IU | - | IU |
| Inter-CHF Information | IUT- | IUT- | - | - |
| Remote CHF resource | -UT- | -UT- | - | - |
| Original NF Consumer Id | IUT- | IUT- | - | - |

Table 6.2.2.2 defines the basic structure of the supported fields in the *Charging Data* Response message for 5G data connectivity converged charging or offline only charging.

| | Functionality of SMF | FBC | QBC | FBC | QBC |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | Charging Service | Converged | Converged | Offline | Offline |
| Information Element | | Charging | Charging | Only | Only |
| | | | | Charging | Charging |
| | Supported Operation Types | I/U/T/E | I/U/T/E | I/U/T/E | I/U/T/E |
| Session Identifier | I | | | | |
| Invocation Timestamp | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Invocation Result | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Invocation Result Code | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Failed Parameter | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Failure Handling | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Invocation Sequence Number | | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- | IUT- |
| Session Failover | IU | IUT- | IU | IUT- | |
| Supported Features | IU | IU | - | - | |
| Triggers | IU | IU | IU | IU | |
| Multiple Unit information | IU | - | IU | - | |
| Result Code | IU | - | IU | - | |
| Rating Group | | IU | - | IU | - |
| UPF ID | | IU | - | IU | - |
| Granted Unit | IU | - | - | - | |
| Validity Time | IU | - | - | - | |
| Final Unit Indication | | IU | - | - | - |
| Time Quota Threshold | | IU | - | - | - |
| Volume Quota Threshold | | IU | - | - | - |
| Unit Quota Threshold | | IU | - | - | - |
| Quota Holding Time | IU | - | - | - | |
| Triggers | IU | - | IU | - | |
| PDU Session Charging Information | IU | IU | IU | IU | |
| Presence Reporting Area Information | IU | IU | IU | IU | |
| Unit Count Inactivity Timer | IU | - | - | - | |
| Roaming QBC information | - | IU | - | IU | |
| Roaming Charging Profile | - | IU | - | IU | |
| Inter-CHF Information | | IUT- | IUT- | - | - |
| Remote CHF resource | | IUT- | IUT- | - | - |

| Table 6.2.2.2: Supported fields in Cha | arging Data Response message |
|--|------------------------------|
|--|------------------------------|

6.2.3 Formal 5G data connectivity charging parameter description

6.2.3.1 5G data connectivity CHF CDR parameters

The detailed definitions, abstract syntax and encoding of the PDU session charging and Roaming QBC CHF CDRs parameters are specified in TS 32.298 [51].

6.2.3.2 5G data connectivity resources attributes

The detailed definitions of resources attributes used for 5G data connectivity charging are specified in TS 32.291 [58].

Annex A (normative): Charging Characteristics

A.1 General

A subscriber may have Charging Characteristics assigned to his subscription and/or his subscribed DNNs. Default Charging Characteristics may also be pre-provisioned on the SMF.

During UE PDU session establishment, when the SMF retrieves subscription data from the UDM, if a subscribed Charging Characteristics for the requested DNN is identified, it may override the SMF pre-provisioned Charging Characteristics.

The Charging Characteristics parameter consists of a string of 16 bits designated as Behaviours (B), freely defined by Operators, as shown in TS 32.298 [51]. Each bit corresponds to a specific charging behaviour which is configured on a per operator basis, and pointed when bit is set to "1" value.

A charging behaviour is defined as an association to a specific usage design:

One usage may consist of a set of trigger profiles associated to the PDU session in converged charging as described in the Table A.1 example:

| | | PDU session charging | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------|--|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Behaviour index | Default charging method | PDU session charging method | Charging service | Primary and Secondary CHF addresses | Active | Time Limit Per PDU session | Vol Limit Per PDU session | Change Cond. Per PDU session | Tariff times | |
| 0 | Online | - | Converged charging | URI 1 URI 2 | Yes | 10 min | 1Mb | 2 | 0-7, 7-12 | |
| 1 | Offline | - | Converged charging | URI 1 URI 2 | Yes | 15 min | 5Mb | 3 | 0-24 | |
| 2 | Online | - | Converged charging | URI 1 URI 2 | Yes | 30 min | 2Mb | 2 | 0-7, 7-12 | |
| 3 | | Offline only | Offline only charging | URI 1 URI 2 | Yes | 15 min | 1MB | -1 | -0-24 | |
| 4 | - | Offline only | Converged charging | URI 1 URI 2 | No | 15 min | 1MB | 1 | 0-24 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Table A.1: Example of Charging Characteristics behaviours for SMF

Associated to the behaviour, the following may also be configured:

- the CHF addresses to be used by the SMF, optionaly with associated CHF instance ID(s) and/or CHF set ID(s);
- the "Default charging method" (online or offline) to be used as the default one for every PCC rules of the PDU Session;
- the PDU session charging method indicating whether the charging method for the PDU session is "offline only".
- charging service.

The "Default charging method", PDU session charging method and CHF addresses with possible associated CHF instance ID(s) and/or CHF set ID(s) configured in the applicable Charging Characteristics behaviour, are superseded by "Default charging method", PDU session charging method and CHF addresses with possible associated CHF instance ID(s) and/or CHF set ID(s) supplied by the PCF if any, during SMF interaction with the PCF at PDU session establishment, as described in TS 23.503 [202].

Annex B (normative): Interworking

B.1 General

This Annex specifies the EPS and 5GS interworking, which supports a UE accessing the network via EPC/E-UTRAN, including trusted and untrusted non-3gpp access in the context of EPC.

B.2 Definition of charging information for interworking

B.2.1 Data description for interworking with EPC

B.2.1.1 Message contents

The Charging message as described in clause 6.1.1 shall apply to the PGW-C+SMF for interworking with EPC scenario.

When UE is connected to PGW-C+SMF via EPC and interworking with 5GS is supported, the information and mechanism included in clause 6.1.1 and TS 32.290[57] is supported.

B.2.1.2 Ga message contents

B.2.1.3 CDR description on the Bd interface

The CDR description defined in clause 6.1.3.2 with Roaming QBC information per clause B.2.2.1.1 is used for interworking with EPC scenario.

B.2.2 Interworking charging specific parameters

B.2.2.1 Definition of Interworking charging information

B.2.2.1.1 Message content

The charging information defined in clause 6.2.1 is used for interworking with EPC scenario.

The specific information used for PS charging when UE is connected to P-GW+SMF via EPC is provided within the Charging Data Request message, as defined in clause 6.1.1.2, with the following difference:

Table B.2.2.1.1-1: Charging Data Request message contents

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|-------------------------|----------|--|
| Roaming QBC information | | This field holds the QBC information specific to 5GC interworking with EPC as defined in clause B.2.2.1.2. This field is applicable in both non-roaming and roaming Home Routed scenario. |

B.2.2.1.2 Roaming QBC information

Roaming QBC information specific to 5GC interworking with EPC when UE is connected to P-GW+SMF via EPC is defined in table B.2.2.1.2-1:

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|---------------------------|----------|---|
| MultipleQFIcontainer | Oc | This field holds the containers associated to a charging condition change |
| | | on an IP-CAN bearer. This is included when triggers conditions are met |
| | | (Qos change, tariff time change). |
| | | It may have multiple occurences. |
| | | This field is applicable for both non-roaming and roaming Home Routed |
| | | scenario |
| Triggers | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.4.1 |
| Trigger Timestamp | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.4.1 |
| Uplink Volume | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.4.1 |
| Downlink Volume | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.4.1 |
| Local Sequence Number | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.4.1 |
| QFI Container information | Oc | This field holds the data container information defined in clause B.2.2.1.3 |

Table B.2.2.1.2-1: Roaming QBC information

B.2.2.1.3 QFI Container Information

QFI Container Information specific to 5GC interworking with EPC when UE is connected to P-GW+SMF via EPC is defined in table B.2.2.1.3-1:

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|---------------------------|----------|---|
| QoS Information | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.5.1 |
| QoS Characteristics | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.5.1 |
| User Location Information | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.5.1 |
| Presence Reporting Area | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.5.1 |
| Information | | |
| RAT Type | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.5.1 |
| Report Time | М | Described in table 6.2.1.5.1 |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.5.1 |
| EPS bearer Charging Id | Ом | This field holds the Charging Identifier |
| | | associated to the bearer the QoS flow is |
| | | mapped to. |
| Diagnostics | Ом | This field holds a more detailed reason for |
| | | the release of the IP-CAN bearer, when a |
| | | single cause is applicable. |
| Enhanced Diagnostics | Oc | This field holds a more detailed reason for |
| | | the release of the IP-CAN bearer, when a |
| | | set of causes is applicable. |

Table B.2.2.1.3-1: QFI Container Information

B.2.2.2 Detailed message format for Interworking charging

The message format defined in clause 6.2.2 is used for interworking with EPC scenario.

The supported fields in table 6.2.2.1 for the converged charging message shall apply to the P-GW+SMF for the applicable fields, with the difference that SMF is replaced by P-GW+SMF.

The table B.2.2.2-1 describes the mapping between the Multiple QFI Container Information Elements defined for interworking and Traffic data volumes CDR parameters defined in 32.298 [51] for EPC.

| Information Element for 5G Data connectivity | Information Element for Interworking | Corresponding to 32.298 [51] |
|--|---|---|
| Multiple QFI Container | Yes | Traffic data volumes |
| Triggers | Yes | Change condition |
| Trigger Timestamp | Yes | Change Time |
| Time | No | - |
| Total Volume | No | - |
| Uplink Volume | Yes | Data Volume Uplink |
| Downlink Volume | Yes | Data Volume Downlink |
| Local Sequence Number | yes | - |
| QFI Container Information | Yes | - |
| QFI | No | - |
| Time of First Usage | No | - |
| Time of Last Usage | No | - |
| QoS Information | Yes | EPC QoS Information |
| User Location Information | Yes | User Location Information |
| UE Time Zone | No | - |
| Presence Reporting Area | Yes | Presence Reporting Area Status |
| Information | | |
| RAT Type | Yes | RAT Type |
| Serving Network Function | No | - |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | yes | 3GPP PS Data Off Status |
| - | 3GPP Charging Id | Charging Id |
| - | Enhanced Diagnostics | Enhanced Diagnostics |
| - | Diagnostics | Diagnostics |
| - | No | UWAN User Location Information |
| - | No | User CSG information |
| - | No | Access Availability Change Reason |
| - | No | Related Change of Charging Condition |
| - | No | CP CIoT EPS optimisation indicator |
| - | No | Serving PLMN Rate Control |

Table B.2.2.2-1: MultipleQFI Container for Interworking mapping to EPC Traffic data volumes

B.2.2.3 Formal Interworking charging parameter description

The CHF CDR parameters and resources attributes defined in clause 6.2.3 is used for interworking with EPC scenario.

Annex C (normative): Support of GERAN/UTRAN access

C.1 General

This Annex specifies Nchf from SMF+PGW-C enhanced to support UE accessing the network via GERAN/UTRAN. For PGW-C+SMF interworking with EPC see Annex B.

C.2 5G data connectivity charging principles and scenarios

C.2.1 5G data connectivity charging principles

The 5G data connectivity charging principles as described in clause 5.1 shall apply with the differences that SMF is replaced by SMF+PGW-C supporting GERAN/UTRAN access, and only following clauses are applicable:

- Clauses 5.1.1 to 5.1.9 except 5.1.6 and 5.1.5.3;
- Clauses 5.1.11 to 5.1.12.

For GERAN/UTRAN access, the Charging Identifier of the PDU session will be generated by SMF+PGW-C for the PDP Context.

C.2.2 5G data connectivity converged online and offline charging scenarios

The 5G data connectivity converged online and offline charging scenarios as described in clause 5.2 shall apply with the differences that SMF is replaced by SMF+PGW-C supporting GERAN/UTRAN access, and only following clauses are applicable:

- Clauses 5.2.1.1 to 5.2.1.9 except 5.2.1.5;
- Clauses 5.2.2.1 to 5.2.2.2.

In Table 5.2.1.4.1 and Table 5.2.1.6.1, only trigger conditions related to GERAN/UTRAN access scenarios are applicable.

C.2.3 CDR generation and transfer

Clause 5.2.3 shall apply, with the difference in trigger tables where only triggers related to GERAN/UTRAN access scenarios are applicable.

Clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.5 are applicable.

C.3 Data description for 5G data connectivity charging

C.3.1 Data description for support of GERAN/UTRAN access

C.3.1.1 Message contents

The charging message as described in clause 6.1.1 shall apply to the SMF+PGW-C to support GERAN/UTRAN access. The differences of charging message in clause 6.1.1 used for the SMF+PGW-C to support GERAN/UTRAN access are described as following.

- UPF ID is not applicable;
- Multi-homed PDU address is not applicable;
- PDU Session Charging Information is described in C.3.2.

C.3.1.2 Ga message contents

The Ga message transfer as described in clause 5.2.4 shall apply to the SMF+PGW-C to support GERAN/UTRAN access.

C.3.1.3 CDR description on the B_d interface

The CDR description defined in clause 6.1.3 shall apply with the differences that SMF is replaced by SMF+PGW-C supporting GERAN/UTRAN access, and the following fields in table 6.1.3.2.1 are not applicable:

- UPF ID;
- Multi-homed PDU address.

C.3.2 5G data connectivity charging specific parameters

C.3.2.1 Definition of 5G data connectivity charging information

The charging information defined in clause 6.2.1 is used for the SMF+PGW-C to support GERAN/UTRAN access.

The specific PDU session charging information when UE is connected to SMF+P-GW-C via GERAN/UTRAN is provided as defined in table 6.2.1.2.1, with the differences that PDU session is replaced by PDP context in fields description and other differences described under following table C.3.2.1-1:

| Table C.3.2.1-1: Structure of PDU Session | Charging Information |
|---|----------------------|
|---|----------------------|

| Information Element | Catego | Description |
|-------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| | ry | |
| Charging Id | OM | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| User Information | Ом | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| User Identifier | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| User Equipment Info | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| unauthenticatedFlag | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Roamer In Out | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| User Location Info | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| | | The "User Location Information" |
| | | (ULI) IE indicating CGI/SAI/RAI |
| | | shall apply as described in TS |
| | | 29.060 [205] clause 7.7.51. |
| User Location Time | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| UE Time Zone | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| PDU Session Information | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| PDU Session ID | М | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |

| PDU Type | Ом | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
|--|-----|--------------------------------------|
| PDU Address | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| PDU lpv4 Address | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| PDU IPv6 Address with Prefix | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| PDU Address prefix length | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| IPv4 Dynamic Address Flag | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| IPv6 Dynamic Address Flag | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| SUPI PLMN ID | Oc- | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Serving Network Function ID | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Serving Network Function Functionality | М | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| | | This field holds "SGSN" when |
| | | SMF+PGW-C serves |
| | | GERAN/UTRAN access. |
| Serving Network Function Name | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Serving CN PLMN ID | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| RAT Type | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Data Network Name Identifier | М | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1, with |
| | | DNN replaced by APN. |
| Authorized QoS Information | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1 |
| | | QoS information mapped according |
| | | to interaction with PCC as specified |
| | | in TS 23.502 [201] clause |
| | | 4.11.0a.2. |
| Subscribed QoS Information | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1 |
| | | QoS information mapped according |
| | | to interaction with PCC as specified |
| | | in TS 23.502 [201] clause |
| | | 4.11.0a.2. |
| Authorized Session-AMBR | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Subscribed Session-AMBR | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| PDU session start Time | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| PDU session stop Time | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Diagnostics | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Enhanced Diagnostics | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Charging Characteristics | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Charging Characteristics | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Selection Mode | | |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |
| Unit Count Inactivity Timer | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.2.1. |

The specific PDU Container Information when UE is connected to SMF+P-GW-C via GERAN/UTRAN is provided as defined in table 6.2.1.3.1, with the differences described under following table C.3.2.1-2:

| Information Element | Category | Description |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| Time of First Usage | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| Time of Last Usage | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| QoS Information | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| QoS Characteristics | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| AF Charging Identifier | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| AF Charging Id String | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| User Location Information | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| UE Time Zone | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| Presence Reporting Area | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| Information | | |
| Serving Network Function ID | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| RAT Type | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| Sponsor Identity | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| Application Service Provider | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| Identity | | |
| Charging Rule Base Name | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |
| 3GPP PS Data Off Status | Oc | Described in table 6.2.1.3.1. |

The specific Roaming QBC information is described in table B.2.2.1.2-1 and QFI Container Information is described in table B.2.2.1.3-1 for when UE is connected to SMF+P-GW via GERAN/UTRAN, with the differences that PDU session is replaced by PDP context in fields description.

C.3.2.2 Detailed message format for converged charging

The basic structure of supported fields in *Charging Data* Request/Response message defined in clause 6.2.2 shall apply for fields applicable when SMF+PGW-C supports GERAN/UTRAN access.

C.3.2.3 Formal 5G data connectivity charging parameter description

TheCHF CDR parameters and resources attributes defined in clause 6.2.3 shall apply for fields applicable when SMF+PGW-C supports GERAN/UTRAN access.

Annex D (informative): Network slice charging based on 5G data connectivity

D.1 General

This clause describes how to realise Network Slice usage charging, when the Network Slice is identified by an S-NSSAI (Single Network Slice Selection Assistance Information), and the Network Slice usage is considered under 5G data connectivity by individual UEs.

The existing Nchf capabilities exposed by CHF to SMF for individual UE 5G data connectivity charging can be used for this purpose when the Mobile Network Operator (MNO) serving the UE is also acting as the Network Slice (NS) Tenant(s).

A given S-NSSAI can be Tenant specific or shared between multiple Tenants.

The MNO Converged Charging system encompasses both individual UEs and NS Tenants(s).

Roaming scenarios are out of scope of this Annex, therefore unless otherwise stated, references to clauses in this document refer to description applicable for non-roaming scenarios only.

D.2 Architecture

The 5G data connectivity domain converged charging architectures specified in clause 4.2, with the CHF hosted by Converged Charging system (CCS) extended for Network Slice (NS) Tenant. The interconnection between CHFs architecture is specified in the clause 4.3 and Annex G in TS 32.240 [1].

The single CCS or multiple CCSs may be used to support converged charging for tenant and UEs belonging to the tenant at same time, which is implementation specific.

D.3 Network slice charging based on 5G data connectivity principles

D.3.1 General

The Network Slice (NS) Tenant, is assigned with one or more S-NSSAI(s), each S-NSSAI identifying a Network Slice.

The 5G charging supports converged charging per PDU session based on assigned group of S-NSSAI(s).

Converged Charging systems are deployed and configured by the MNO in order to achieve Network slice charging per S-NSSAI. A given Converged charging system can be configured to handle one or more S-NSSAI(s).

Individual UE, when subscribed to the MNO's particular S-NSSAI, is served by the Converged Charging system allocated to this S-NSSAI, when this UE establishes a PDU session under this S-NSSAI.

5G data connectivity charging performed for individual UE over Nchf exposed by the CHF is used to perform Network Slice charging for the NS Tenant for a particular S-NSSAI.

D.4 Network slice charging based on 5G data connectivity scenarios

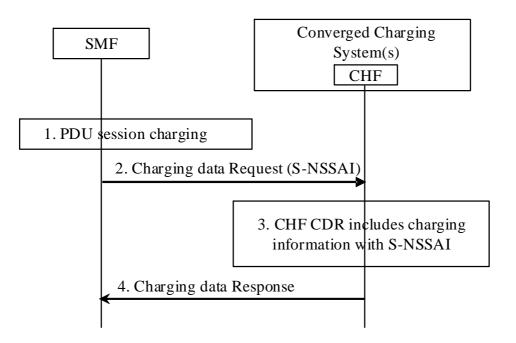
D.4.1 Basic principles

D.4.1.1 CHF selection

The CHF selection mechanism at PDU session establishment defined in clause 5.1.8 of this specification, allows the SMF to reach the CHF hosted by the Converged Charging system serving the UE belongs to the particular S-NSSAI and Tenant.

D.4.2 Message flows

The message flows in clause 5.2.2 apply. The following figure provides a simplified decription focusing on Network slice usage charging for a S-NSSAI.





- 1. The SMF collects the charging information for PDU session.
- 2. The SMF reports the PDU session information with S-NSSAI.
- 3. CHF includes S-NSSAI in the CDR for the PDU session.
- 4. CHF sends the charging data response.

D.5 Definition of charging information

The definition of charging information in clause 6 is applicable for the purpose of Network Slice charging based on 5G data connectivity.

The "Network Slice Instance Identifier" Information Element in subclause 6.2.1.2 Table 6.2.1.2.1: Structure of PDU Session Charging Information is the key identifier S-NSSAI conveyed over Nchf and in CDRs on the Bd interface.

Annex E (informative): Support of Satellite charging

E.1 General

This Annex specifies the support of satellite charging.

E.2 Business roles

In order to support the integration of satellite into 5GS, there are following business roles:

- Satellite Mobile network Operator (SMNO): an operator who can provide satellite communication services for satellite communication customer or an operator who rent the satellite, e.g. 5G MNO.
- Satellite Service Provider (SSP): a Provider who can provide satellite services for SMNO, e.g. satellite companies.
- Satellite Communication Customer (SCC): a Communication Service Customer (CSC) who is able to consume satellite communication network, e.g. UE, IoT devices, broadband vehicular or fixed terminals.

Depending on the scenarios an organisation can play one or several roles simultaneously, and apply business roles based on corresponding business relationships, e.g.:

- Business roles for SMNO to charge SCC for using satellite communication services.
- Business roles for SSP to charge SMNO for using their satellites.
- When SMNO and SSP role are provided by the same enterprise, to charge SCC role for using their networks and satellite communication services.

In deployments, there could be business scenarios where one or more components are supported by a single enterprise.

Annex F (informative): Change history

| Change history | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------|-----|--------|---|------------------|--|
| Date | Meeting | TDoc | CR | Rev | Cat | Subject/Comment | New version | |
| 2018-09 | SA#81 | | | 1 | | Upgrade to change control version | 15.0.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0001 | 1 | F | Correction on the User Information | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | SA#82 | SP-181057 | 0002 | 1 | F | Clarification of Charging Characteristics in roaming | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0003 | 1 | | Clarification of CHF selection | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0004 | 1 | | Clarification of Charging Identifier | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0029 | - | F | Correction on flows for alignment with TS 23.502 | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0007 | 1 | | Allow updating of Notify URI | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0008 | 1 | | Correction of Invocation result at http ok | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0009 | 1 | | Correction of Online non-blocking handling | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 2018-12 | | SP-181057 SP-181057 | 0010 | 1 | | Correction of UPF Id definition | 15.1.0 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 SP-181057 | 0011 0012 | 1 | | Correction of Serving Network Function ID definition Correction of Unused Quota Timer naming | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0012 | 1 | | Introduction Data Volume Reporting for Option 4&7 | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0013 | 1 | | Complete flows alignment with TS 23.502 | 15.1.0 | |
| 2018-12 | | SP-181057 | 0015 | 1 | | PRA Charging Clarification | 15.1.0 | |
| | | SP-181057 | 0016 | 1 | | Add missing clause on formal description | 15.1.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190115 | 0030 | - | F | Correction of category for subscriber identifier | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190116 | 0035 | 1 | F | Correction of NF Consumer Information | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190116 | 0044 | 1 | | Correct definition of Individual Partial record mechanism | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190115 | 0046 | 1 | | Correction of QoS Information | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190115 | 0047 | 1 | | Correction of user information | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190115 | 0048 | 1 | | Correction of serving network function | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190115 | 0049 | 1 | | Correction of Trigger Conditions for FBC | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190115 | 0050 | 1 | | Remove Quota Consumption Time | 15.2.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190112 | 0033 | 1 | | Addition of the Triggers for Interworking | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190112 | 0034 | 1 | | Addition of the Message flow for Interworking | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190127 | 0035 | 1 | | Add offline only charging | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 2019-03 | | SP-190127 SP-190127 | 0036 0038 | 1 | | Add offline only charging for SMF Add offline only charging CDR generation | 16.0.0 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190127 SP-190127 | 0038 | 1 | | Add description of charging information for offline only charging | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190127 | 0033 | 1 | | Add offline only charging for flow based charging | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190127 | 0040 | 1 | | Add offline only charging for QoS flow based charging | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190127 | 0043 | 2 | | Add offline only charging triggers for SSC modes | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | | SP-190127 | 0045 | 1 | | Add Offline charging service procedures. | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-03 | SA#83 | SP-190127 | 0051 | 1 | В | Add offline only charging for CHF selection | 16.0.0 | |
| 2019-06 | SA#84 | SP-190381 | 0057 | 1 | В | Clarify the charging session for interworking | 16.1.0 | |
| 2019-06 | | SP-190381 | 0058 | 1 | В | Add the quota management for Interworking | 16.1.0 | |
| 2019-06 | SA#84 | SP-190381 | 0059 | 1 | В | Definition of charging information for interworking with EPC | 16.1.0 | |
| 2019-06 | | SP-190382 | 0060 | 1 | | Add detailed message format for offline charging | 16.1.0 | |
| 2019-06 | | SP-190382 | 0062 | 1 | | CHF selection in offline only | 16.1.0 | |
| 2019-06 | | SP-190382 | 0065 | 1 | _ | Correction of missing SDF abbreviation | 16.1.0 | |
| 2019-06 | | SP-190383 | 0066 | - | Α | Correction of Start of a QoS Flow trigger | 16.1.0 | |
| 2019-09 | | SP-190757 | 0067 | 1 | | Clarification for EPC interworking triggers | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | SA#85 | SP-190757 | 0068 | - | B | EPC interworking call flow correction | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 2019-09 | SA#85 | SP-190757 SP-190757 | 0070 0071 | 1 | | Modify the Charging id Message flow for 5GS and EPC interworking in Home routed | 16.2.0 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | 3A#03 | SF-190757 | 0071 | | Б | scenario | 10.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | SA#85 | SP-190757 | 0072 | 1 | В | Definition of charging information for interworking with EPC | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | | SP-190758 | 0072 | 1 | | Introduce offline only determination by SMF | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | | SP-190759 | 0074 | 1 | | Correction of Serving Node change | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | | SP-190759 | 0076 | 1 | | Correction of Termination action | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | SA#85 | SP-190757 | 0082 | 1 | | Clarification on RAT Type change | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | | SP-190759 | 0083 | 1 | | Add the selection model in PDU session information | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | | SP-190759 | 0086 | 1 | | Coordination of information element category | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | SA#85 | SP-190759 | 0087 | - | Α | Correction of PDU session charging information definition | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-09 | SA#85 | SP-190759 | 0090 | 1 | | Correction of AF Charging Identifier naming | 16.2.0 | |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191155 | 0107 | - | A | Add the Service specification Information | 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191159 | 0108 | 1 | | Add the Qos Characteristics | 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191155 | 0109 | 1 | | Add the QNC support | 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191155 | 0110 | 1 | | Correction of PCC rules description | 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 2019-12 | SA#86 SA#86 | SP-191155 SP-191155 | 0111 0113 | - 1 | A A | Correction of UPF ID in CHF CDR data Clarification of sponsored data connectivity charging | 16.3.0 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191155 SP-191155 | 0113 | 1 | | Correction of Unit Count Inactivity Timer | 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191155 SP-191167 | 0114 | 1 | | Add charging requirement for I-SMF | 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0116 | 1 | | Add charging principle for I-SMF | 16.3.0 | |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0117 | 1 | | Add charging principle for I-SMF | 16.3.0 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191167 | 0118 | 1 | В | Add I-SMF PDU session charging information | 16.3.0 | |

| | | | | | _ | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----|----|---|------------------|
| 2019-12 | | | 0122 | - | F | Correction of Container definition | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191159 | 0123 | 1 | F | Correction of QoS Based Charging description | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191159 | 0124 | 1 | F | Definition of Emergency Session handling | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191177 | 0126 | 1 | F | Missing default trigger for Offline only | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191167 | 0127 | 1 | В | Adding ETSUN architecture with I-SMF insertion | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191167 | 0129 | 1 | В | Adding I-SMF in 5G data connectivity charging information | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191167 | 0132 | 1 | В | Adding I-SMF in PDU Session Charging message flow | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0133 | 1 | В | PDU Session modification procedure with I-SMF involved | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0134 | 1 | B | PDU session release procedure with I-SMF involved | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0135 | 1 | B | PDU Session procedures with I-SMF insertion/change/removal | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191151 | 0139 | 1 | F | Correction of handover triggers | 16.3.0 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0142 | 1 | В | Adding I-SMF triggers related actions in SMF | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0144 | 1 | В | Add CDR trigger condition for change of I-SMF | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0145 | 1 | В | Add charging ID assigned by SMF with I-SMF | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191156 | 0153 | 1 | A | Correction of Unit Count Inactivity Timer | 16.3.0 |
| | SA#86 | SP-191156 | 0154 | 1 | Α | Alignment of Rating Indicator | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191156 | 0155 | 1 | Α | Clarify on limit for multiple UPFs | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | SA#86 | SP-191156 | 0156 | 1 | А | Clarify on the triggers for time and volume | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191167 | 0160 | 1 | В | Adding I-SMF controlled UPF triggers per RG level | 16.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | | SP-191156 | 0162 | 1 | Ā | Correction of charging rule base name | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200170 | 0140 | 2 | B | 5GS to EPS handover using N26 interface with I-SMF | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200170 | 0141 | 2 | B | EPS to 5GS handover using N26 interface with I-SMF | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200170 | 0141 | 1 | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | Introduction of V-SMF change in Roaming HR - principles | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | SA#87E | SP-200179 | 0168 | 1 | В | Introduction of ATSSS architecture reference and charging | 16.4.0 |
| 0000.00 | 0 4 // 0 7 5 | 00 000 170 | 0400 | | - | requirements | 40.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200179 | 0169 | 1 | В | Introduction of MA PDU session and PCC Rules | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200179 | 0170 | 1 | В | Introduction of ATSSS flows | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200179 | 0172 | 1 | В | Introduction of V-SMF change in Roaming HR - flows | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200179 | 0182 | 2 | В | Add the branching point or UL CL controlled by I-SMF | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200164 | 0185 | 1 | В | Add 5WWC charging requirements | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | SA#87E | SP-200164 | 0186 | 1 | В | Add 5WWC charging requirements | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | SA#87E | SP-200164 | 0188 | 1 | В | Add procedure for 5G-RG scenario | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | | SP-200164 | 0189 | 2 | В | Add procedure for FN-RG scenario | 16.4.0 |
| | SA#87E | SP-200164 | 0190 | 2 | B | Add description on identifier in a PDU session for 5G RG and FN | 16.4.0 |
| 2020 00 | 0, | 01 200101 | 0100 | - | 5 | RG | 10.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | SA#87E | SP-200170 | 0200 | 2 | В | Addition/removal/change of PSA2 and UL CL or BP controlled by I-SMF | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | SA#87E | SP-200170 | 0203 | 1 | В | Remove Editor's note of PDU Session establishment with I-SMF insertion | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-03 | CA#07E | SP-200182 | 0204 | 3 | В | Introduce CHF-Controlled Quota Management | 16.4.0 |
| | SA#87E SA#88E | SP-200182 | | | F | • | |
| | | | 0212 | 1 | | Add the Retransmission Indicator | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | | SP-200505 | 0214 | 1 | В | Add description on charging information | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | | SP-200505 | 0215 | 1 | В | Add procedure for 5G-RG handover | 16.5.0 |
| | SA#88E | SP-200506 | 0217 | 1 | F | Correction of Charging Identifier definition | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | | | 0218 | 2 | | Introduction of MA PDU session information | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200495 | 0219 | 1 | В | Clarify ATSSS when same rating group for 3GPP and non-3GPP | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200495 | 0220 | - | В | Introduction of ATSSS Roaming Home Routed Network requested | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200495 | 0221 | 1 | В | Introduction of ATSSS Roaming Home Routed UE requested | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | | SP-200495 | 0222 | - | B | Introduction of ATSSS EPS interworking | 16.5.0 |
| | SA#88E | SP-200507 | 0223 | 1 | F | Correction of Serving Network Function Functionality for I-SMF | 16.5.0 |
| | SA#88E | SP-200307 SP-200495 | 0223 | | B | Introduction of architecture reference for ATSSS Hybrid access | 16.5.0 |
| | SA#88E | | | - | B | Introduction of flows for ATSSS Hybrid access NG-RAN and W- | |
| 2020-07 | SA#00E | SP-200495 | 0225 | - | В | 5GAN | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200495 | 0226 | - | В | Introduction of flows for ATSSS Hybrid access EPC and W- 5GAN | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200495 | 0227 | 1 | В | Introduction of non-3GPP access information for MA PDU session | 16.5.0 |
| 2020 07 | SV#80E | SP-200495 | 0228 | | В | Introduction of ATSSS triggers and CDR handling | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | | | | - | | | |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200495 | 0229 | 1 | B | Introduction of MA PDU information in detailed messages | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | | SP-200485 | 0230 | 1 | F | Correct the PDU address | 16.5.0 |
| | SA#88E | SP-200505 | 0232 | 1 | В | Add Trusted non-3GPP access related charging requirements | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200508 | 0233 | 1 | В | Settings of Supported Features for CHFCQM | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-07 | SA#88E | SP-200485 | 0234 | 1 | F | Correcting of PDU session information in charging data response | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | SA#89e | SP-200740 | 0236 | 1 | F | Charging Id Handling 5GC interworking with EPC | 16.6.0 |
| | | SP-200740 | 0237 | 1 | F | Clarify Charging information 5GC interworking with EPC | 16.6.0 |
| | SA#XYP | | | · · | | | |
| 2020-09 | | | 0238 | | R | Completion of ATSSS triggers | 1660 |
| 2020-09 2020-09 | SA#89e | SP-200733 | 0238 | - | B | Completion of ATSSS triggers | 16.6.0 |
| 2020-09 2020-09 2020-09 | SA#89e SA#89e | SP-200733 SP-200813 | 0239 | - 1 | F | Correction of missing AF Charging Id in string format | 16.6.0 |
| 2020-09 2020-09 2020-09 2020-09 | SA#89e SA#89e SA#89e | SP-200733 SP-200813 SP-200740 | 0239 0242 | 1 | FF | Correction of missing AF Charging Id in string format Add EPC/ePDG interworking procedures | 16.6.0 16.6.0 |
| 2020-09 2020-09 2020-09 2020-09 2020-09 | SA#89e SA#89e SA#89e | SP-200733 SP-200813 | 0239 | | FF | Correction of missing AF Charging Id in string format | 16.6.0 |

| 2020-09 | SA#89e | SP-200813 | 0246 | 1 | F | Correct architecture figures and description about CHF selection. | 16.6.0 |
|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| 2020-09 | | SP-200813 | 0247 | 1 | | Add PDU Address in for IPv6 multi-homing | 16.6.0 |
| 2020-09 | | | - | | | Editorial corrections after CR implementation | 16.6.1 |
| | SA#90e | SP-201076 | 0248 | - | F | Correction of Charing Id in roaming HR scenario upon V-SMF change | 16.7.0 |
| 2020-12 | SA#90e | SP-201051 | 0249 | 1 | F | Add Multi-homed PDU Address in CHF-CDR for IPv6 multi- homing | 16.7.0 |
| 2020-12 | SA#90e | SP-201051 | 0250 | 1 | F | Add the QNC subscription | 16.7.0 |
| | SA#90e | SP-201051 | 0252 | 1 | | Add the enhanced Diagnostics for 5G Charging | 16.7.0 |
| 2020-12 | | SP-201051 | 0256 | 1 | | Correcting UPF addition trigger | 16.7.0 |
| 2020-12 | | SP-201088 | 0259 | 1 | | Correction on the QoS information in PDU Container | 16.7.0 |
| 2020-12 | SA#90e | SP-201088 | 0265 | 1 | | Correction on the Quota Management Mode | 16.7.0 |
| 2020-12 | | SP-201088 | 0266 | 1 | F | Correction of PDU session modification flow | 16.7.0 |
| 2020-12 | | SP-201067 | 0254 | 1 | | Add URLLC Charging Requirement | 17.0.0 |
| 2020-12 | SA#90e | SP-201067 | 0255 | 1 | В | Add Highly reliable URLLC services Charging | 17.0.0 |
| 2020-12 | | SP-201067 | 0260 | 1 | | Add Triggers for URLLC services | 17.0.0 |
| 2020-12 | | SP-201067 | 0261 | 1 | | Add Message Flow for URLLC services | 17.0.0 |
| 2020-12 | SA#90e | SP-201067 | 0263 | 1 | В | Add Charging Principle for Usage Reporting | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-03 | SA#91e | SP-210160 | 0271 | 1 | Α | Correct steps in V-SMF change procedure | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | SA#91e | SP-210161 | 0274 | 1 | В | Add the PDU Modification and Release Message flow | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | SA#91e | SP-210161 | 0275 | 1 | В | Add PDU Modification and Release Message flow for URLLC Charging | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | SA#91e | SP-210161 | 0276 | 1 | В | Add the Quota Management for URLLC Charging | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210161 | 0270 | 1 | | Add the Usage Reporting for URLLC Charging | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210161 | 0278 | 1 | | Add Charging Information for URLLC Charging | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210160 | 0280 | - | A | Correction of V-SMF Change in Roaming HR - flows | 17.1.0 |
| | SA#91e | SP-210149 | 0282 | 1 | | Correction of PDU Session Information | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210162 | 0285 | - | A | Correcting missing handover cancel in table | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210149 | 0287 | 1 | | Charging id clarification | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210147 | 0289 | 1 | | Trigger Override clarification | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210147 | 0291 | - | A | Add the description for the trigger Conditions | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210147 | 0293 | 1 | | Correct the description for the Multiple UPFs | 17.1.0 |
| | SA#91e | SP-210147 | 0295 | 1 | | Correction of Termination action | 17.1.0 |
| 2021-03 | | SP-210147 | 0297 | 1 | | Correction of Charging Id assigned by the V-SMF | 17.1.0 |
| | | 01 210141 | 0201 | | | Correction of error in CR implementation | 17.1.1 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210466 | 0301 | 1 | В | Support of GERAN/UTRAN access by SMF+PGW-C | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210418 | 0303 | 1 | | Correct the handover description | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210418 | 0305 | 1 | | Correct the PAR reporting information | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210396 | 0306 | 1 | | Correct the message flow for URLLC Charging | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210396 | 0307 | 1 | | Add the definition for non-redandunt transmission | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210396 | 0309 | 1 | | Add RSN for URLLC Charging | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210407 | 0310 | 1 | С | Correction on Reference Points for 5GS | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-06 | | SP-210418 | 0312 | - | Α | Correction on support of CHF set | 17.2.0 |
| | SA#92e | SP-210400 | 0314 | 1 | | Correction on PDU address using DHCPv6 for connected RG to 5GC | 17.2.0 |
| 2021-09 | SA#93e | SP-210863 | 0319 | 1 | В | Addition of the PDU Session Pair ID | 17.3.0 |
| | | SP-210863 | 0321 | 1 | | Correction on usage reporting for URLLC charging | 17.3.0 |
| 2021-09 | | SP-210888 | 0322 | 1 | | Update description for charging message in Annex C.2 | 17.3.0 |
| 2021-09 | SA#93e | SP-210886 | 0324 | - | Α | Addition of supported fields for the Offline Only Charging | 17.3.0 |
| 2021-09 | SA#93e | SP-210886 | 0326 | - | Α | Correction on Charging Data Request Message | 17.3.0 |
| 2021-09 | | SP-210886 | 0328 | - | Α | Alignment of the charging data request and response | 17.3.0 |
| 2021-09 | | SP-210886 | 0330 | 1 | Α | Correcting serving network function usage | 17.3.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211485 | 0332 | 1 | | Correction of default chargeable events in SMF for QBC | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | | SP-211463 | 0333 | 1 | | Correcting charging identifier for NF set | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211463 | 0334 | - | F | Correcting missing termination in V-SMF change | 17.4.0 |
| | SA#94e | SP-211463 | 0335 | 1 | F | Correcting unit count inactivity timer enablement | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211485 | 0337 | - | Α | Correcting UPF trigger in QBC | 17.4.0 |
| | | SP-211481 | 0338 | 2 | | Addition of QoS Monitoring to Assist URLLC Service | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211481 | 0341 | - | F | Correction on Redundant Transmission Indication | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211485 | 0345 | 1 | | Remove the CHF address transfer in the Intra-PLMN change | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211463 | 0347 | - | F | Correcting SSC mode and triggers | 17.4.0 |
| | | CD 044400 | 0348 | 1 | F | Correcting home provided charging id at inter-PLMN V-SMF change | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211463 | 0340 | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | В | | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211463 SP-211480 SP-211480 | 0350 | 1 | | Addition of the 5G LAN service charging in charging principle | 17.4.0 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 2021-12 | SA#94e SA#94e | SP-211480 SP-211480 | 0350 0351 | | В | Addition of the 5G LAN service charging in charging principle Addition of the 5G LAN service charging requirements | 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 2021-12 2021-12 | SA#94e | SP-211480 | 0350 | 1 | В | Addition of the 5G LAN service charging in charging principle Addition of the 5G LAN service charging requirements Correction on the User Location Time Description | 17.4.0 17.4.0 |
| 2021-12 2021-12 2021-12 2021-01 | SA#94e SA#94e SA#94e | SP-211480 SP-211480 SP-211485 | 0350 0351 0353 | 1 1 | B A | Addition of the 5G LAN service charging in charging principle Addition of the 5G LAN service charging requirements Correction on the User Location Time Description Re-upload due to previous corrupted version | 17.4.0 17.4.0 17.4.1 |
| 2021-12 2021-12 2021-12 2021-01 2022-03 | SA#94e SA#94e SA#94e SA#95e | SP-211480 SP-211480 SP-211485 SP-220164 | 0350 0351 0353 0354 | 1 1 1 | B A B | Addition of the 5G LAN service charging in charging principle Addition of the 5G LAN service charging requirements Correction on the User Location Time Description Re-upload due to previous corrupted version Clarification on the 5G LAN type service charging | 17.4.0 17.4.0 17.4.1 17.5.0 |
| 2021-12 2021-12 2021-01 2021-01 2022-03 2022-03 | SA#94e SA#94e SA#94e SA#95e SA#95e | SP-211480 SP-211480 SP-211485 SP-220164 SP-220164 | 0350 0351 0353 0354 0355 | 1 1 1 1 | B A B B | Addition of the 5G LAN service charging in charging principle Addition of the 5G LAN service charging requirements Correction on the User Location Time Description Re-upload due to previous corrupted version Clarification on the 5G LAN type service charging Additional charging information for the 5G LAN charging | 17.4.0 17.4.0 17.4.1 17.5.0 17.5.0 |
| 2021-12 2021-12 2021-01 2021-01 2022-03 2022-03 | SA#94e SA#94e SA#94e SA#95e SA#95e | SP-211480 SP-211480 SP-211485 SP-220164 | 0350 0351 0353 0354 | 1 1 1 | B A B B B | Addition of the 5G LAN service charging in charging principle Addition of the 5G LAN service charging requirements Correction on the User Location Time Description Re-upload due to previous corrupted version Clarification on the 5G LAN type service charging | 17.4.0 17.4.0 17.4.1 17.5.0 |

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| 0000.00 | 04#05+ | 00.000450 | 0000 | 4 | D | Add sharring ashan amonto of ECC ClaT is home routed | 4750 |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|--|------------------|
| 2022-03 | SA#95e | SP-220159 | 0363 | 1 | В | Add charging enhancements of 5GS CIoT in home-routed roaming procedure | 17.5.0 |
| 2022-03 | SA#95e | SP-220159 | 0364 | 1 | В | Add charging information of 5GS CIoT | 17.5.0 |
| 2022-03 | | SP-220159 | 0365 | 1 | В | Add charging requirements of 5GS CIoT | 17.5.0 |
| 2022-03 | | SP-220157 | 0366 | 1 | В | Introduction of Annex on Network slice charging | 17.5.0 |
| 2022-03 | SA#95e | SP-220186 | 0367 | 1 | F | Correcting charging rule base name | 17.5.0 |
| 2022-03 | SA#95e | SP-220175 | 0368 | 1 | В | Add charging information for 5GS usage for Edge Computing | 17.5.0 |
| 2022-03 | | SP-220169 | 0369 | 1 | В | Add charging requirement to support NR RedCap | 17.5.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220517 | 0377 | 1 | В | Additional the architecture for LBO | 17.6.0 |
| | SA#96 | SP-220517 | 0378 | 1 | В | Additional converged charging architecture for LBO | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220517 | 0379 | 1 | В | Additional charging requirement for LBO | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220517 | 0380 | 1 | B | Clarification on sponsored data connectivity charging for LBO | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220517 | 0381 | 3 | B | Additional charging message flow for LBO | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220517 SP-220496 | 0382 | 3 | B | Additional charging principles for LBO | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | | 0390 | - | | Correcting support of charging scenarios for roaming | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 2022-06 | | SP-0220520 SP-0220520 | 0391 0392 | - 1 | | Correcting usage of PDU session information Correcting home routed CHF selection | 17.6.0 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220565 | 0392 | 1 | A | Correction on the Trigger Conditions | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-00 | | SP-220565 | 0399 | 1 | A | Correction on the trigger type for QBC | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220496 | 0401 | - | F | Correction on the description for Interworking Charging | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220517 | 0402 | 1 | B | Additional charging message flow for MVNO | 17.6.0 |
| 2022-06 | | SP-220517 | 0402 | 1 | B | Additional charging principles for MVNO | 17.6.0 |
| | SA#97e | SP-220850 | 0404 | 1 | F | Correction on Home Provided Charging Id and Roaming | 17.7.0 |
| | | | | | - | Charging Profile | |
| 2022-06 | SA#97e | SP-220850 | 0409 | 1 | F | Correction on the Charging Identifier Uniqueness | 17.7.0 |
| 2022-12 | SA#98e | SP-221168 | 0410 | 1 | F | Correction on usage of PLMN-ID in Charging Id | 17.8.0 |
| 2023-03 | SA#99 | SP-230198 | 0414 | - | А | Correct the change of PRA for Roaming | 17.9.0 |
| 2023-03 | SA#99 | SP-230197 | 0415 | 1 | F | Correction of UPFId in QBC | 17.9.0 |
| 2023-03 | SA#99 | SP-230197 | 0416 | 1 | F | Inconsistent use of charging identifier | 17.9.0 |
| 2023-06 | SA#100 | SP-230667 | 0417 | 2 | Α | Update SMF-CHF interaction step ordering for I-SMF insertion or | 17.10.0 |
| | | | | | | change | |
| 2023-06 | | SP-230650 | 0419 | 1 | F | Correction of missing inter and intra PLMN mobility | 17.10.0 |
| 02023-06 | | SP-230650 | 0420 | 1 | F | Correction of inter PLMN without Charging Identifier as string | 17.10.0 |
| 2023-06 | SA#100 | SP-230650 | 0421 | 1 | F | Correction of interworking with EPC and Charging Identifier as | 17.10.0 |
| | 0.1.11.0.0 | 00.000- | | | | string | 10.0.0 |
| 2023-06 | | SP-23065 | 0418 | 1 | B | Add Identifier of SNPN for 5G data connectivity charging | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-06 | | SP-230664 | 0422 | 1 | В | Slice-aware charging for Roaming partners | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-06 | | 00 000057 | 0.405 | 4 | | Correcction of CR implementation mistake | 18.0.1 |
| | SA#101 | SP-230957 | 0425 | 1 | B | Addition of access type for SNPN | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-09 2023-09 | SA#101 SA#101 | SP-230945 SP-230961 | 0427 0428 | 1 | A B | Correction on Category Add charging principle of volume-based charging for IMS data | 18.1.0 18.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | 5A#101 | SP-230901 | 0420 | I | Б | channel | 16.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-230961 | 0429 | 1 | В | Support of Caller and Callee Information in PDU session | 18.1.0 |
| 2020 00 | 0/ (// 101 | 01 200001 | 0420 | | D | charging | 10.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-230946 | 0430 | 1 | В | Add charging requirements for 5MBS | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-230946 | 0431 | 1 | B | Add charging principle for 5MBS | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-230946 | 0432 | 1 | В | Add charging procedures for 5MBS | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-230946 | 0433 | 1 | В | Add 5MBS charging architecture | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-230946 | 0434 | 1 | В | Add 5MBS charging principles | 18.1.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-230945 | 0436 | 1 | A | Inter-PLMN Mobility, V-SMF Removal | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-231454 | 0440 | 1 | В | Add charging description for 5G data connectivity via satellite | 18.2.0 |
| | | | | | | access | |
| | SA#101 | SP-231495 | 0443 | 2 | F | Clarification on roaming charging profile | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231495 | 0444 | 2 | F | Update the roaming charging profile transfer – MCC: partially | 18.2.0 |
| | | | | | | implemented due to a clash with CR0475 | |
| | SA#101 | SP-231495 | 0445 | 2 | F | Clarification on QBC triggers | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231495 | 0446 | 2 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Clarification on message flow of home routed | 18.2.0 |
| 0000 | 0.4.11.1.2.1 | 00.001 | | <u> </u> | | charging | 10.0- |
| 2023-09 | | SP-231470 | 0447 | 1 | B | Addition of the charging principle for SNPN charging | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-231497 | 0454 | 1 | B | Add architecture and principles for TSC traffic charging | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-231495 | 0458 | 2 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of record opening time | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-231495 | 0460 | 2 | <u>C</u> | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of invocation timestamp in CDR | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | | SP-231495 | 0462 | 2 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of Multiple Unit Usage | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231491 | 0464 | 1 1 | A | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of management trigger | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231491 | 0466 | T T | A | Rel-18 CR 32.255 QBC Charging Session Continuity Identification at V-SMF Change | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231461 | 0467 | 1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of CHF as consumer in LBO | 18.2.0 |
| 2020-03 | UT 101 | 51-201401 | 5-07 | ' | D | architecture | 10.2.0 |
| | | | 1 | | _ | | 10.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231480 | 0468 | 1 | B | Addition of CHE-CHE architecture to support Network Slice | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231480 | 0468 | 1 | В | Addition of CHF-CHF architecture to support Network Slice Charging | 18.2.0 |

| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231456 | 0470 | 1 | В | R18 CR TS 32.255 Add clarification text for use of UE behind | 18.2.0 |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|----|---------------|---|------------------|
| | | | | - | | the RGs | |
| | SA#101 | SP-231455 | 0471 | 1 | F | Remove MBS session charging information | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231491 | 0473 | 1 | <u>A</u> | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of LBO CHF selection | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231461 | 0475 | 1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of CHF to CHF roaming charging profile – MCC: partially implemented due to a clash with CR0444 | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231461 | 0476 | 1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of CHF to CHF flow | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231461 | 0477 | 1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of CHF information | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231463 | 0478 | 1 | В | Addition of the satellite backhaul in charging principle | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231463 | 0479 | 1 | В | Add charging information for the satellite backhaul | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231463 | 0480 | 1 | В | Add trigger conditions for the satellite backhaul | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231463 | 0481 | 1 | B | Add message flow for the satellite backhaul | 18.2.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231495 | 0482 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of Roaming Charging Profile Change | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231480 | 0483 | .1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of 5G Data Connectivity Converged Charging per network slice | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231495 | 0484 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Clarification on EPS to 5GS handover for | 18.2.0 |
| 0000.00 | 0.0.11.0.0 | 00.001.005 | 0.405 | | | roaming in Home routed scenario | 10.0.0 |
| | SA#101 | SP-231495 | 0485 | 1 | F | Clarify the reference to CHF to CHF interaction | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231470 | 0486 | 1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Addition of the Architecture considerations for NPN charging | 18.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231461 | 0487 | 1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Clarify the selection of two LBO roaming | 18.2.0 |
| 2020 00 | 0/ 1/ 101 | 01 201401 | 0-107 | | D | architectures | 10.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-231461 | 0488 | 1 | В | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Add CHF to CHF interaction principle for LBO | 18.2.0 |
| | | | | | | roaming | |
| | SA#101 | SP-231454 | 0489 | 1 | В | Add charging requirements for satellite access charging | 18.2.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240159 | 0490 | 1 | В | Introduction of Network slice replacement charging | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240187 | 0491 | 1 | В | Addition for TSC traffic charging | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240187 | 0492 | - | В | Add charging information for TSC traffic charging | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240175 | 0495 | 1 | В | Clarification on network slice tenant charging | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240205 | 0496 | - | F | Relocation of the description for Roaming Charging Profile | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240157 | 0497 | 1 | В | Update the interactions between CHFs in LBO roaming | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240157 | 0498 | 1 | В | Update the inter-CHF charging information | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240165 | 0499 | 1 | В | Addition of charging principle for PNI-NPN | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240152 | 0501 | 1 | B | User Location Information as optional input of ULI | 18.3.0 |
| | SA#103 | SP-240165 | 0502 | 1 | В | Clarify the charging information for SNPN Charging | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | SA#103 | SP-240151 | 0503 | 1 | В | Add PDU session charging procedures for multicast communication | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | SA#103 | SP-240151 | 0504 | - | В | Add 5G MBS charging information definition | 18.3.0 |
| | SA#103 | SP-240148 | 0505 | 1 | В | Add the message flow for the dynamic satellite backhaul | 18.3.0 |
| | | | | | | charging | |
| 2024-03 | SA#103 | SP-240148 | 0506 | 1 | В | Update the charging information for the satellite backhaul | 18.3.0 |
| 2024.02 | SA#102 | SP-240205 | 0509 | 1 | F | charging Correction of inter-PLMN flow | 10.2.0 |
| 2024-03 2024-03 | | SP-240205 SP-240157 | | 1 | <u>г</u> В | Correction of Inter-CHF | 18.3.0 18.3.0 |
| | | | 0510 | - | <u>в</u> | | |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240157 | 0511 | | | Addition of inter-CHF CDR information Relocate TSN CHF under Consumer CHF to Business CHF | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | SA#103 | SP-240187 | 0512 | 1 | В | architecture | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | SA#103 | SP-240175 | 0513 | 1 | В | Introduce Business charging based on 5G data connectivity | 18.3.0 |
| | | | | | | principle | |
| | SA#103 | SP-240175 | 0514 | 1 | В | Update Network slice charging into generic business charging | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-03 | | SP-240147 | 0515 | - | B | Add the charging information for the satellite access charging | 18.3.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240811</u> | 0508 | 2 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of element information id in annex C | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240811 | 0518 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 CHF rating enhancement with QoS | 18.4.0 |
| | | | | | | Information | |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240829 | 0520 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction to the roaming charging profile | 18.4.0 |
| 2024.06 | CA#404 | CD 240947 | 0501 | 1 | - | mechanism Rel-18 CR 32.255 Clarification to NS replacement charging | 10.4.0 |
| 2024-06 2024-06 | SA#104 SA#104 | SP-240847 SP-240826 | 0521 0522 | 1 | F F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correct the generic business charging | 18.4.0 18.4.0 |
| 2024-00 | 3A#104 | <u>3F-240020</u> | 0322 | 1 | | procedure | 10.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240811 | 0523 | | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of Time of First and Last Usage | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240807 | 0525 | 1 | А | Correction of Serving Network Function Information | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240811 | 0526 | 2 | F | Rel-18 CR TS 32.255 Support of untrusted non-3gpp access | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240835 | 0527 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Change Inter-CHF information to be generic | 18.4.0 |
| | SA#104 | SP-240811 | 0528 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Add tenant identifier for 5G data connectivity | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | | | | | _ | charging | 46.4- |
| | 0.4 | 00.010.011 | | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on architecture reference | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240811</u> | 0530 | 1 | | | 16 |
| | SA#104 SA#104 | <u>SP-240811</u> <u>SP-240811</u> | 0530 0532 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the chargeable events and | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240811</u> | 0532 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the chargeable events and related actions | |
| 2024-06 | | | | | | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the chargeable events and related actions Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the concept of charging based | 18.4.0 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240811</u> | 0532 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the chargeable events and related actions | |

| 0004.00 | 04#404 | 00.040000 | 0500 | | | Del 40 CD 22 255 Competies on estallite healtherd at any in a | 40.4.0 |
|---------|--------|------------------|------|---|---|---|--------|
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240836</u> | 0536 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on satellite backhaul charging | 18.4.0 |
| | | | | | | principle and procedures | |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240811</u> | 0538 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of triggers applicability for URLLC | 18.4.0 |
| | | | | | | services and QNC | |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240829</u> | 0539 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of usage of N47 and N107 | 18.4.0 |
| | | | | | | architecture | |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | <u>SP-240829</u> | 0540 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction roaming architecture decision | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240811 | 0541 | 1 | F | Add charging procedure for PDU Session Modification initiated | 18.4.0 |
| | | | | | | by network | |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240826 | 0542 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR TS 32.255 Update scenario of clause 5.2.2.22 | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-06 | SA#104 | SP-240826 | 0543 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR TS 32.255 Clarify B-CDR | 18.4.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241174 | 0531 | 3 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on FBC and QBC in 5G data | 18.5.0 |
| | | | | | | connectivity charging | |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241174 | 0544 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the non-blocking mode | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241191 | 0545 | 1 | А | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on 5G VN group communication | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241174 | 0546 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the FBC Trigger Description | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241174 | 0547 | - | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on the QBC Trigger Description | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241174 | 0550 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction of usage of FBC and QBC | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241174 | 0552 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction on LBO architecture | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241165 | 0555 | - | Α | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction flow intra-PLMN V-SMF change | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241193 | 0557 | 1 | А | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction Unit Count Inactivity Timer for | 18.5.0 |
| | | | | | | GERAN UTRAN access | |
| 2024-09 | SA#105 | SP-241192 | 0558 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Correction Inter-CHF Information handling | 18.5.0 |
| 2024-12 | SA#106 | SP-241652 | 0560 | 1 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 Add Charging Architecture for MVNO | 18.6.0 |
| | | | | | | Charging | |
| 2024-12 | SA#106 | SP-241643 | 0562 | 2 | F | Rel-18 CR 32.255 CHF Selection for Inter-CHF in Non-Roaming | 18.6.0 |
| | | | - | | | 5 | |

History

| Document history | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| V18.3.0 | May 2024 | Publication | | | | |
| V18.4.0 | July 2024 | Publication | | | | |
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