ETSI TS 132 692 V6.3.0 (2006-06)

Technical Specification

Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+);
Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
Telecommunication management;
Inventory Management (IM) network resources
Integration Reference Point (IRP):
Network Resource Model (NRM)
(3GPP TS 32.692 version 6.3.0 Release 6)



Reference
RTS/TSGS-0532692v630

Keywords
GSM, UMTS

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

Individual copies of the present document can be downloaded from: <u>http://www.etsi.org</u>

The present document may be made available in more than one electronic version or in print. In any case of existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions, the reference version is the Portable Document Format (PDF). In case of dispute, the reference shall be the printing on ETSI printers of the PDF version kept on a specific network drive within ETSI Secretariat.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

http://portal.etsi.org/tb/status/status.asp

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced except as authorized by written permission. The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© European Telecommunications Standards Institute 2006. All rights reserved.

DECTTM, **PLUGTESTS**TM and **UMTS**TM are Trade Marks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **TIPHON**TM and the **TIPHON logo** are Trade Marks currently being registered by ETSI for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP**TM is a Trade Mark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

Intellectual Property Rights

IPRs essential or potentially essential to the present document may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (http://webapp.etsi.org/IPR/home.asp).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The present document may refer to technical specifications or reports using their 3GPP identities, UMTS identities or GSM identities. These should be interpreted as being references to the corresponding ETSI deliverables.

The cross reference between GSM, UMTS, 3GPP and ETSI identities can be found under http://webapp.etsi.org/key/queryform.asp.

Contents

Intelle	ctual Property Rights	2
Forew	ord	2
Forew	ord	4
Introd	uction	4
	Scope	
	References	
3 3.1 3.2	Definitions and abbreviations	6
4 4.1 4.2	System overview	7
5	Modelling approach	7
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.3 6.3.1 6.3.1.1	Information Object Classes Imported information entities and local labels Class diagram Attributes and relationships Inheritance Information object class definitions InventoryUnit Definition Attributes	7 7 8 9
6.3.1.3 6.3.1.4 6.3.1.5 6.3.1.6	Relationships	9 9 9
6.5 6.5.1 6.5.2 6.6	Information attribute definitions Definition and legal values Constraints Particular information configurations	10
Annex	x A (informative): Change history	11
Histor	V	12

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

Introduction

The present document is part of a TS-family covering the 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; as identified below:

32.690: "Inventory Management (IM): Requirements".

32.691: "Inventory Management (IM) network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP):

Requirements".

32.692: "Inventory Management (IM) network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP):

Network Resource Model (NRM)".

32.695: "Inventory Management (IM) network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): eXtensible

Markup Language (XML) file format definition".

Inventory Management (IM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. IM actions have the objective to monitor the actual configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs. The final goal of IM is the establishment of an accurate and timely model of the actual inventory in the NEs or NRs.

IM actions may be requested to reflect changes initiated by Configuration Management (CM) actions or to make sure that the inventory model is in synch with the actual inventory. IM actions are initiated either as single actions on single NEs of the 3G network or as part of a complex procedure involving actions on many resources/objects in one or several NEs.

1 Scope

The present document defines an Integration Reference Point (IRP) through which an 'IRPAgent' (typically an Element Manager or Network Element) can communicate Network Management related information to one or several 'IRPManagers' (typically Network Managers).

The present document specifies an Inventory Management Network Resource Model, NRM (also referred to as a Management Information Model - MIM) with definitions of Information Object Classes.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1]	3GPP TS 32.101: "Telecommunication management; Principles and high level requirements".
[2]	3GPP TS 32.102: "Telecommunication management; Architecture".
[3]	3GPP TS 32.302: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Notification Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".
[4]	3GPP TS 32.600: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Concept and high-level requirements".
[5]	Void.
[6]	3GPP TS 32.642: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM): UTRAN network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)".
[7]	3GPP TS 32.300: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Name convention for Managed Objects".
[8]	3GPP TS 32.150: "Telecommunication management; Integration Reference Point (IRP) Concept and Definitions".
[9]	3GPP TS 32.151: "Telecommunication management; Integration Reference Point (IRP) Information Service (IS) template.
[10]	3GPP TS 32.622: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Generic network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)".
[11]	3GPP TS 32.690: "Telecommunication management; Inventory Management (IM): Requirements".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 32.101 [1], 3GPP TS 32.102 [2] and 3GPP TS 32.600 [4] and the following apply:

association: in general it is used to model relationships between Managed Objects Associations can be implemented in several ways, such as:

- (1) name bindings;
- (2) reference attributes; and
- (3) association objects.

This IRP stipulates that containment associations shall be expressed through name bindings, but it does not stipulate the implementation for other types of associations as a general rule. These are specified as separate entities in the object models (UML diagrams). Currently however, all (non-containment) associations are modelled by means of reference attributes of the participating MOs.

Managed Element (ME): instance of the Managed Object Class Managed Element defined in [6]

Managed Object (MO): in the context of the present document, a Managed Object (MO) is a software object that encapsulates the manageable characteristics and behaviour of a particular Network Resource

The MO is instance of a class defined in a MIM/NRM. This class, called Information Object Class (IOC)has attributes that provide information used to characterize the objects that belong to the class (the term "attribute" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "property" according to CIM). Furthermore, the IOC can have operations that represent the behaviour relevant for that class (the term "operation" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "method" according to CIM). The IOC may support the emission of notifications that provide information about an event occurrence within a network resource.

Management Information Model (MIM): also referred to as NRM (see the NRM definition)

Network Resource Model (NRM): model representing the actual managed telecommunications network resources that a System is providing through the subject IRP

An NRM identifies and describes the IOCs, their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as "MIM" (see above), which originates from the ITU-T TMN.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CIM Common Information Model DN Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [7]) EM Element Manager IM **Inventory Management** Information Managed Object IOC **IRP Integration Reference Point** International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication Sector ITU-T Managed Element ME Management Information Model MIM Managed Object MO MOC Managed Object Class NE Network Element NM Network Manager Network Resource NR Network Resource Model NRM Relative Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [7]) RDN **TMN** Telecommunications Management Network

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System UTRAN UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

4 System overview

4.1 Void

4.2 Compliance rules

The following defines the meaning of Mandatory and Optional IOC attributes and associations between IOCs, in Solution Sets to the IRP defined by the present specification:

- The IRPManager shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. The IRPManager shall be prepared to
 receive information related to mandatory as well as optional attributes/associations without failure; however the
 IRPManager does not have to support handling of the optional attributes/associations.
- The IRPAgent shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. It may support optional attributes/associations.

An IRPAgent that incorporates vendor-specific extensions shall support normal communication with a 3GPP SA5-compliant IRPManager with respect to all Mandatory and Optional managed object classes, attributes, associations, operations, parameters and notifications without requiring the IRPManager to have any knowledge of the extensions.

Given that:

- rules for vendor-specific extensions remain to be fully specified; and
- many scenarios under which IRPManager and IRPAgent interwork may exist;

it is recognised that the IRPManager, even though it is not required to have knowledge of vendor-specific extensions, may be required to be implemented with an awareness that extensions can exist and behave accordingly.

5 Modelling approach

See 3GPP TS 32.150 [8].

6 Information Object Classes

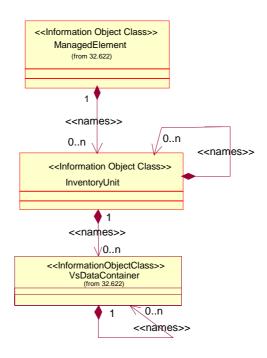
6.1 Imported information entities and local labels

Label reference	Local label
32.622 [10], information object class, Top	Тор
32.622 [10], information object class, ManagedElement	ManagedElement

6.2 Class diagram

6.2.1 Attributes and relationships

This clause depicts the set of IOCs that encapsulate information relevant for this service. This clause provides the overview of all information object classes in UML. Subsequent clauses provide more detailed specification of various aspects of these information object classes.



NOTE: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.

Figure 6.2.1: Inventory Management NRM Containment/Naming and Association diagram

Each IOC instance is identified with a Distinguished Name (DN) according to 3GPP TS 32.300 [7] that expresses its containment hierarchy. As an example, the DN of a IOC representing a InventoryUnit could have a format like:

 ${\tt SubNetwork=Sweden,meContext=MEC-Gbg-1,ManagedElement=RNC-Gbg-1,InventoryUnit=Inv-1.}$

6.2.2 Inheritance

This subclause depicts the inheritance relationships that exist between IOCs.

Figure 6.2.2 shows the inheritance hierarchy for the IM NRM.

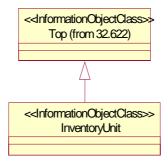


Figure 6.2.2: Inventory Management NRM Inheritance Hierarchy

6.3 Information object class definitions

6.3.1 InventoryUnit

6.3.1.1 Definition

This IOC represents inventory information for an Inventory Unit.

6.3.1.2 Attributes

Attributes of InventoryUnit

Attribute name	Visibility	Support Qualifier	Read Qualifier	Write Qualifier
inventoryUnitId	+	M	М	-
inventoryUnitType	+	M	М	-
vendorUnitFamilyType	+	0	М	-
vendorUnitTypeNumber	+	0	М	-
versionNumber	+	0	М	-
vendorName	+	M	М	-
serialNumber	+	0	М	-
dateOfManufacture	+	0	М	-
dateOfLastService	+	0	М	-
unitPosition	+	0	М	-
manufacturerData	+	0	М	-

6.3.1.3 Attribute constraints

Optional attributes vendorUnitFamilyType, vendorUnitTypeNumber and serialNumber shall be mandatory for hardware.

6.3.1.4 Relationships

None.

6.3.1.5 State diagram

None.

6.3.1.6 Notifications

None.

6.4 Information relationship definitions

Not applicable.

6.5 Information attribute definitions

6.5.1 Definition and legal values

Table 6.5.1 defines the attributes that are present in several Information Object Classes of the present document.

Table 6.5.1: Attributes

Attribute Name	Definition				
dateOfManufacture	Date of Manufacture of inventory unit.				
dateOfLastService	Date of last service or repair of inventory unit.				
inventoryUnitId	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.				
inventoryUnitType	Type of inventory unit (see TS 32.690 [11])				
manufacturerData	Manufacturer specific data of inventory unit.				
serialNumber	Serial number of inventory unit.				
unitPosition	Position of inventory unit (e.g. Rack, shelf, slot, etc.).				
	Depending on the implementation of the inventory unit in the managed system, the value and meaning of this attribute may vary.				
	For example, if a system has three levels and types of inventory units representing Rack, Shelf and Slot respectively (i.e. the Managed Element contains multiple Rack inventory units, each Rack inventory unit contains multiple Shelf inventory units and each Shelf inventory unit contains multiple Slot inventory units), then for this example:				
	 for the Inventory Unit representing a Rack, the Frame Identification code may be used as the value of this attribute; for the Inventory Unit representing a Shelf, the Rack Shelf code may be used as the value of this attribute; for the Inventory Unit representing a Slot, the position code may be used as the value of this attribute. 				
vendorName	Name of inventory unit vendor.				
vendorUnitFamilyType	Mnemonic of inventory unit family type (e.g. Fan, PSU) assigned by vendor.				
vendorUnitTypeNumber	er A vendor/manufacturer defined and assigned number which uniquely identifies the unit type and version (used for replacing HW units, spares).				
	A vendor/manufacturer defined and assigned number which uniquely identifies the unit type and optionally for backward compatibility reasons only, also version (used for replacing HW units, spares).				
versionNumber	The version information related to vendorUnitTypeNumber.				

6.5.2 Constraints

None.

6.6 Particular information configurations

None.

Annex A (informative): Change history

	Change history							
Date	TSG#	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	ubject/Comment (Old	New
Sep 2002	SA_17	SP-020473			Submitted to TSG SA #17 for Approval		1.0.0	5.0.0
Dec 2004	SA_26	SP-040816	0001		Align Inventory Management Network Resource Model with the latest template from Rel-6 TS 32.150		5.0.0	6.0.0
Jun 2005	SA_28	SP-050301	0002		Remove obsolete compliance text in 4.2		6.0.0	6.1.0
Dec 2005	SA_30	SP-050714	0003		Correct support qualifier - Align IS with requirements in 32.690		6.1.0	6.2.0
Jun 2006	SA_32	SP-060257	0004		 Correction of InventoryUnit missing VsDataContainer and Version Number I 		6.2.0	6.3.0
Jun 2006	SA_32	SP-060257	0005	-	Correct the TS reference number from 32.691 to 32.690	F	6.2.0	6.3.0

History

Document history			
V6.0.0	December 2004	Publication	
V6.1.0	June 2005	Publication	
V6.2.0	December 2005	Publication	
V6.3.0	June 2006	Publication	