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Contents

Intelle	ectual Property Rights	2
Forew	ord	2
Modal	l verbs terminology	2
Forew	ord	15
1	Scope	16
2	References	16
3	Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	
3.1	Definitions	
3.2	Symbols	
3.3	Abbreviations	20
4	General	21
4.1	Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements	
4.2	Applicability of minimum requirements	21
4.3	Void	
4.3A	Applicability of minimum requirements (CA, UL-MIMO)	
4.4	RF requirements in later releases	22
5	Operating bands and channel arrangement	22
5.1	General	
5.2	Void	
5.3	Void	22
5.4	Void	22
5.5	Operating bands	22
5.5A	Operating bands for CA	
5.5B	Operating bands for UL-MIMO	
5.6	Channel bandwidth	
5.6.1	Channel bandwidths per operating band	
5.6A	Channel bandwidth for CA	
5.6A.1		
5.6B	Channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO	
5.6B.1		
5.7 5.7.1	Channel arrangement	
5.7.1 5.7.1A	· ·	
5.7.1A 5.7.2	Channel raster	
5.7.2A		
5.7.3	Carrier frequency and EARFCN	
5.7.4	TX-RX frequency separation	
5.7.4A	1 , 1	
6	Transmitter characteristics	36
6.1	General	
6.2	Transmit power	
6.2.1	Void	
6.2.2	UE maximum output power	
6.2.2A	1 1	
6.2.2B	1 1	
6.2.3	UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth	40
6.2.3A	UE Maximum Output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for CA	40
6.2.3B	UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO	41
6.2.4	UE maximum output power with additional requirements	
6.2.4A	1 1	
6.2.4A		
624A	2 A-MPR for CA NS 02 for CA 1C	50

6.2.4A.3	A-MPR for CA_NS_03 for CA_1C	50
6.2.4A.4	A-MPR for CA_NS_04	
6.2.4A.5	A-MPR for CA_NS_05 for CA_38C	52
6.2.4A.6	A-MPR for CA_NS_06	52
6.2.4B	UE maximum output power with additional requirements for UL-MIMO	53
6.2.5	Configured transmitted power	53
6.2.5A	Configured transmitted power for CA	56
6.2.5B	Configured transmitted power for UL-MIMO	57
6.3	Output power dynamics	58
6.3.1	(Void)	58
6.3.2	Minimum output power	58
6.3.2.1	Minimum requirement	
6.3.2A	UE Minimum output power for CA	
6.3.2A.1	Minimum requirement for CA	
6.3.2B	UE Minimum output power for UL-MIMO	
6.3.2B.1	Minimum requirement	
6.3.3	Transmit OFF power	
6.3.3.1.	Minimum requirement	
6.3.3A	UE Transmit OFF power for CA	
6.3.3A.1	Minimum requirement for CA	
6.3.3B	UE Transmit OFF power for UL-MIMO	
6.3.3B.1	Minimum requirement	
6.3.4	ON/OFF time mask	
6.3.4.1	General ON/OFF time mask	
6.3.4.2	PRACH and SRS time mask	
6.3.4.2.1	PRACH time mask	
6.3.4.2.2	SRS time mask	
6.3.4.3	Slot / Sub frame boundary time mask	
6.3.4.4	PUCCH / PUSCH / SRS time mask	
6.3.4A	ON/OFF time mask for CA	64
6.3.4B	ON/OFF time mask for UL-MIMO	
6.3.5	Power Control	
6.3.5.1	Absolute power tolerance	
6.3.5.1.1	Minimum requirements	
6.3.5.2	Relative Power tolerance	
6.3.5.2.1	Minimum requirements	
6.3.5.3	Aggregate power control tolerance	
6.3.5.3.1	Minimum requirement	
6.3.5A	Power control for CA	
6.3.5A.1	Absolute power tolerance	
6.3.5A.1.1	•	
6.3.5A.1.1	Relative power tolerance	
6.3.5A.2.1	<u>.</u>	
6.3.5A.2.1	Aggregate power control tolerance	
6.3.5A.3.1		
6.3.5B	Power control for UL-MIMO	
6.4	Void	
6.5	Transmit signal quality	
6.5.1	Frequency error	
6.5.1A	Frequency error for CA.	
6.5.1B	Frequency error for UL-MIMO	
6.5.2	Transmit modulation quality	
6.5.2.1	Error Vector Magnitude	
6.5.2.1.1		
6.5.2.1.1	Minimum requirement	
6.5.2.2.1	Carrier leakage	
6.5.2.3	Minimum requirements	
6.5.2.3.1	In-band emissions	
6.5.2.4	Minimum requirements	
6.5.2.4.1	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness	
6.5.2A	Minimum requirements	
6.5.2A 6.5.2Δ 1	Transmit modulation quality for CA	

6.5.2A.2	Carrier leakage for CA	
6.5.2A.2.1	Minimum requirements	
6.5.2A.3	In-band emissions	
6.5.2A.3.1	Minimum requirement for CA	
6.5.2B	Transmit modulation quality for UL-MIMO	
6.5.2B.1	Error Vector Magnitude	
6.5.2B.2	Carrier leakage	
6.5.2B.3	In-band emissions	
6.5.2B.4	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for UL-MIMO	
	Output RF spectrum emissions	
6.6.1	Occupied bandwidth	
6.6.1A	Occupied bandwidth for CA	
6.6.1B	Occupied bandwidth for UL-MIMO	
6.6.2	Out of band emission	
6.6.2.1	Spectrum emission mask	
6.6.2.1.1	Minimum requirement	
6.6.2.1A 6.6.2.2	Spectrum emission mask for CA	
6.6.2.2.1	Additional spectrum emission mask	
6.6.2.2.2		
6.6.2.2.3	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_04")	
6.6.2.2A	Additional Spectrum Emission Mask for CA	
6.6.2.2A.1	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "CA_NS_04")	
6.6.2.3	Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio	
6.6.2.3.1	Minimum requirement E-UTRA	
6.6.2.3.1A	1	
6.6.2.3.2	Minimum requirements UTRA	
6.6.2.3.2A	1	
6.6.2.3.3A	•	
6.6.2.4	Void	
6.6.2.4.1	Void	
6.6.2A	Void	82
6.6.2B	Out of band emission for UL-MIMO	
6.6.3	Spurious emissions	
6.6.3.1	Minimum requirements	
6.6.3.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	
6.6.3.2	Spurious emission band UE co-existence	
6.6.3.2A	Spurious emission band UE co-existence for CA	
6.6.3.3	Additional spurious emissions	
6.6.3.3.1	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_05")	
6.6.3.3.2 6.6.3.3.3	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_07")	
6.6.3.3.4	Minimum requirement (network signaled value "NS_09")	
6.6.3.3.5	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_09")	
6.6.3.3.6	Minimum requirement (network signaled value "NS_12")	
6.6.3.3.7	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_14")	
6.6.3.3.8	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_15")	
6.6.3.3.9	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_16")	
6.6.3.3.10	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_17")	94
6.6.3.3.11	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_18")	
6.6.3.3.12	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_19")	
6.6.3.3.13	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_11")	94
6.6.3.3.14	Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_20")	95
6.6.3.3.15	Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_22")	
6.6.3.3.16	Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_23")	
6.6.3.3A	Additional spurious emissions for CA	
6.6.3.3A.1	Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_01")	
6.6.3.3A.2	Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_02")	
6.6.3.3A.3	Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_03")	
6.6.3.3A.4	Minimum requirement for CA_38C (network signalled value "CA_NS_05")	
6.6.3.3A.5	Minimum requirement for CA_7C (network signalled value "CA_NS_06")	
6.6.3.3A.6	Void	98

6.6.3.3A.′	7 Void	98
6.6.3.3A.	8 Minimum requirement for CA_41C (network signalled value "CA_NS_04")	98
6.6.3A	Void	98
6.6.3B	Spurious emission for UL-MIMO	98
6.6A	Void	98
6.6B	Void	98
6.7	Transmit intermodulation	98
6.7.1	Minimum requirement	99
6.7.1A	Minimum requirement for CA	99
6.7.1B	Minimum requirement for UL-MIMO	99
6.8	Void	100
6.8.1	Void	100
6.8A	Void	100
6.8B	Time alignment error for UL-MIMO	100
6.8B.1	Minimum Requirements	
	-	
	eceiver characteristics	
7.1	General	
7.2	Diversity characteristics	
7.3	Reference sensitivity power level	
7.3.1	Minimum requirements (QPSK)	
7.3.1A	Minimum requirements (QPSK) for CA	
7.3.1B	Minimum requirements (QPSK) for UL-MIMO	
7.3.2	Void	
7.4	Maximum input level	
7.4.1	Minimum requirements	
7.4.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	
7.4.1B	Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO	
7.4A	Void	
7.4A.1	Void	
7.5	Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)	
7.5.1	Minimum requirements	
7.5.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	
7.5.1B	Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO	
7.6	Blocking characteristics	114
7.6.1	In-band blocking	114
7.6.1.1	Minimum requirements	
7.6.1.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	
7.6.2	Out-of-band blocking	
7.6.2.1	Minimum requirements	
7.6.2.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	
7.6.3	Narrow band blocking	
7.6.3.1	Minimum requirements	119
7.6.3.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	
7.6A	Void	
7.6B	Blocking characteristics for UL-MIMO	
7.7	Spurious response	121
7.7.1	Minimum requirements	
7.7.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	122
7.7.1B	Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO	123
7.8	Intermodulation characteristics	
7.8.1	Wide band intermodulation	123
7.8.1.1	Minimum requirements	
7.8.1A	Minimum requirements for CA	
7.8.1B	Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO	124
7.8.2	Void	
7.9	Spurious emissions	
7.9.1	Minimum requirements	
7.9.1A	Minimum requirements	125
7.10	Receiver image	125
7.10.1	Void	125
7 10 1A	Minimum requirements for CA	125

8	Performance requirement	.127
8.1	General	
8.1.1	Dual-antenna receiver capability	127
8.1.1.1	Simultaneous unicast and MBMS operations	
8.1.1.2	Dual-antenna receiver capability in idle mode	
8.1.2	Applicability of requirements	
8.1.2.1	Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths	
8.1.2.2	Definition of CA capability	
8.1.2.3	Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets	
8.1.2.4	Test coverage for different number of component carriers	
8.2	Demodulation of PDSCH (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
8.2.1	FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)	
8.2.1.1	Single-antenna port performance	
8.2.1.1.		
8.2.1.1.	*	
8.2.1.1.		
8.2.1.1.		
8.2.1.2	Transmit diversity performance	
8.2.1.2.		133
8.2.1.2.	•	
8.2.1.2.	*	
	cell ABS)	134
8.2.1.2.	,	
	cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	136
8.2.1.2.		
	model	138
8.2.1.3	Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance	
8.2.1.3.		
8.2.1.3.		
8.2.1.3.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8.2.1.3.	*	
	cell ABS)	143
8.2.1.3.		
	cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	147
8.2.1.4	Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance	
8.2.1.4.		
8.2.1.4.		
8.2.1.4.		
	Antenna Port with TM4 interference model	150
8.2.1.4.		
	subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	152
8.2.1.4.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8.2.1.4.		
8.2.1.5	MU-MIMO	
8.2.1.6	[Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]	
8.2.1.7	Carrier aggregation with power imbalance	
8.2.1.7.		
8.2.1.8	Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with timing offset	
8.2.1.8.		
8.2.2	TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)	
8.2.2.1	Single-antenna port performance	160
8.2.2.1.		
8.2.2.1.	*	
8.2.2.1.		
8.2.2.1.		
8.2.2.2	Transmit diversity performance	
8.2.2.2.		
8.2.2.2.	1	
8.2.2.2.	•	
	cell ABS)	164
8.2.2.2.		
	cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	166

8.2.2.2.4	Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – 2 Tx Antenna Ports with TM3 interference	
	model	
8.2.2.3	Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance	
8.2.2.3.1	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port	
8.2.2.3.1		
8.2.2.3.2	Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port	171
8.2.2.3.3	Minimum Requirement 2Tx antenna port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)	172
8.2.2.3.4	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	176
8.2.2.4	Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance	
8.2.2.4.1	Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port	
8.2.2.4.1 <i>A</i>		
8.2.2.4.1E		
8.2.2.4.10		
8.2.2.4.2	Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port	
8.2.2.4.3	Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port	
8.2.2.5	MU-MIMO	
8.2.2.6	[Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]	
8.2.2.7	Carrier aggregation with power imbalance	
8.2.2.7.1	Minimum Requirement	
8.3	Demodulation of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols)	
8.3.1	FDD	
8.3.1.1	Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing	
8.3.1.1A		10/
	Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model	189
8.3.1.1B	Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	191
8.3.1.2	Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing	
8.3.1.3	Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports	
8.3.1.3.1	Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)	
8.3.1.3.2	Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)	
8.3.1.3.3	Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)	
8.3.2	TDD	
8.3.2.1	Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing	
8.3.2.1A	Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)	
8.3.2.1B	Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model	
8.3.2.1C	Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and	204
6.5.2.1C	CRS assistance information are configured)	206
8.3.2.2	Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing	
8.3.2.3	Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)	
8.3.2.4	Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports	
8.3.2.4.1 8.3.2.4.2	Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)	
8.3.2.4.2	Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)	
0.4	resource)	
8.4	Demodulation of PDCCH/PCFICH	
8.4.1	FDD	
8.4.1.1	Single-antenna port performance	
8.4.1.2	Transmit diversity performance	
8.4.1.2.1	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port	
8.4.1.2.2	Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port	
	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)	217
8.4.1.2.4	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	221
8.4.2	TDD	
8.4.2.1	Single-antenna port performance	
8.4.2.2	Transmit diversity performance	

8.4.2.2.1	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port	226
8.4.2.2.2	Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port	
8.4.2.2.3	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)	
8.4.2.2.4	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor	
	cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	
8.5	Demodulation of PHICH.	
8.5.1	FDD	
8.5.1.1	Single-antenna port performance	
8.5.1.2	Transmit diversity performance	
8.5.1.2.1	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port	236
8.5.1.2.2	Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port	236
8.5.1.2.3	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)	236
8.5.1.2.4	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor	
0.7.0	cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	
8.5.2	TDD	
8.5.2.1	Single-antenna port performance	
8.5.2.2	Transmit diversity performance	
8.5.2.2.1	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port	
8.5.2.2.2	Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port	242
8.5.2.2.3	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)	242
8.5.2.2.4	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor	
	cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)	244
8.6	Demodulation of PBCH	
8.6.1	FDD	
8.6.1.1	Single-antenna port performance	
8.6.1.2	Transmit diversity performance	
8.6.1.2.1	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port	
8.6.1.2.2	Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port	
8.6.1.2.3	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource	2 17
0.0.1.2.3	Restriction with CRS Assistance Information	247
8.6.2	TDD	
8.6.2.1	Single-antenna port performance	
8.6.2.2	Transmit diversity performance	
8.6.2.2.1	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port	
8.6.2.2.2	Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port	
8.6.2.2.3	Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource	27
0.0.2.2.3	Restriction with CRS Assistance Information	250
8.7	Sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers	
8.7.1	FDD	
8.7.1	TDD	
8.7.3	FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)	
8.7.4	TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)	
	Demodulation of EPDCCH	
8.8 8.8.1	Distributed Transmission	
8.8.1.1	FDD	
8.8.1.1.1	VoidTDD	
8.8.1.2		,
8.8.1.2.1	Void	
8.8.2	Localized Transmission with TM9	
8.8.2.1	FDD	
8.8.2.1.1	Void	
8.8.2.1.2	Void	
8.8.2.2	TDD	
8.8.2.2.1	Void	
8.8.2.2.2	Void	
8.8.3	Localized transmission with TM10 Type B quasi co-location type	
8.8.3.1	FDD	
8.8.3.2	TDD	265

9	Reporting of Channel State Information	267
9.1	General	267
9.1.1	Applicability of requirements	267
9.1.1.1	Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths	267
9.1.1.2	Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets	268
9.2	CQI reporting definition under AWGN conditions	
9.2.1	Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.2.1.1		
9.2.1.2		
9.2.1.3		
9.2.1.4		
9.2.1.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7.2.1.5	information)	27/
9.2.1.6	,	27-
7.2.1.0	information)	276
9.2.2	Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.2.2.1	FDDFDD	
9.2.2.1		
9.2.2.2 9.2.3		
9.2.3 9.2.3.1	Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbols)	
9.2.3.2		
9.2.4	Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (With Single CSI Process)	
9.2.4.1	FDD	
9.2.4.2		
9.3	CQI reporting under fading conditions	
9.3.1	Frequency-selective scheduling mode	
9.3.1.1	1 ' 1	
9.3.1.1		
9.3.1.1		288
9.3.1.1		
	assistance information)	289
9.3.1.1	.4 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS	
	assistance information)	292
9.3.1.2	Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)	294
9.3.1.2	.1 FDD	294
9.3.1.2		
9.3.2	Frequency non-selective scheduling mode	
9.3.2.1	Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)	
9.3.2.1		
9.3.2.1		
9.3.2.2		
9.3.2.2		
9.3.2.2		
9.3.2.2 9.3.3	Frequency-selective interference	
9.3.3.1		
9.3.3.1 9.3.3.1		
9.3.3.1		
9.3.3.2		
9.3.3.2		
9.3.3.2		
9.3.4	UE-selected subband CQI	
9.3.4.1	1 ' 1	
9.3.4.1		
9.3.4.1		
9.3.4.2		
9.3.4.2		
9.3.4.2		
9.3.5	Additional requirements for enhanced receiver Type A	311
9.3.5.1	Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)	311
9.3.5.1	.1 FDD	311
9.3.5.1	.2 TDD	312
9.3.5.2		

9.3.5.2.	1 FDD	315
9.3.5.2.		
9.3.6	Minimum requirement (With multiple CSI processes)	
9.3.6.1	FDD	
9.3.6.2	TDD	
9.4	Reporting of Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI)	
9.4.1	Single PMI	
9.4.1.1	Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.4.1.1.		
9.4.1.1.		
9.4.1.2	Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.4.1.2.		
9.4.1.2.		
9.4.1.3	Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)	
9.4.1.3.		
9.4.1.3.		
9.4.1a	Void	
9.4.1a.1		
9.4.1a.1		
9.4.1a.1		
9.4.2	Multiple PMI	
9.4.2.1	Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.4.2.1.		
9.4.2.1.		
9.4.2.2	Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.4.2.2.		
9.4.2.2.		
9.4.2.3	Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (CSI Reference Symbol)	
9.4.2.3.		
9.4.2.3.		
9.4.3	Void	
9.4.3.1	Void	
9.4.3.1.		
9.4.3.1.		
9.5	Reporting of Rank Indicator (RI)	
9.5.1	Minimum requirement (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.5.1.1	FDD	
9.5.1.2	TDD	
9.5.2	Minimum requirement (CSI Reference Symbols)	
9.5.2.1	FDD	
9.5.2.2	TDD	
9.5.3	Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)	
9.5.3.1	FDD	
9.5.3.2	TDD	350
9.5.4	Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and CRS	
	assistance information are configured)	
9.5.4.1	FDD	
9.5.4.2	TDD	
9.5.5	Minimum requirement (with CSI process)	
9.5.5.1	FDD	
9.5.5.2	TDD	
9.6	Additional requirements for carrier aggregation	
9.6.1	Periodic reporting on multiple cells (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)	
9.6.1.1	FDD	
9.6.1.2	TDD	362
10	Performance requirement (MBMS)	363
10.1	FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)	
10.1.1	Minimum requirement	
10.1.1	TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)	
10.2	Minimum requirement	364 364

Annex .	A (normative): Measurement channels	366
A.1 G	General	366
A.2 U	UL reference measurement channels	366
A.2.1	General	366
A.2.1.1	Applicability and common parameters	366
A.2.1.2	Determination of payload size	
A.2.1.3	Overview of UL reference measurement channels	
A.2.2	Reference measurement channels for FDD	
A.2.2.1	Full RB allocation	
A.2.2.1.1		
A.2.2.1.2		
A.2.2.1.3 A.2.2.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A.2.2.2 A.2.2.2.1		
A.2.2.2.2 A.2.2.2.2		
A.2.2.2.3		
A.2.2.3	Void	
A.2.3	Reference measurement channels for TDD	
A.2.3.1	Full RB allocation	
A.2.3.1.1		
A.2.3.1.2		
A.2.3.1.3		
A.2.3.2	Partial RB allocation	376
A.2.3.2.1	.1 QPSK	376
A.2.3.2.2	.2 16-QAM	377
A.2.3.2.3		
A.2.3.3	Void	377
A.3 D	DL reference measurement channels	
A.3.1	General	
A.3.1.1	Overview of DL reference measurement channels	
A.3.2	Reference measurement channel for receiver characteristics	
A.3.3	Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (FDD)	
A.3.3.1	Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)	
A.3.3.2	Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)	
A.3.3.2.1	T	
A.3.3.2.2 A.3.3.3	.2 Four antenna ports	
A.3.3.3.1 A.3.3.3.1		
A.3.3.3.3.	1 ' '	
A.3.4	Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)	
A.3.4.1	Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)	
A.3.4.2		
A.3.4.2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A.3.4.2.2	•	
A.3.4.3	Reference Measurement Channels for UE-Specific Reference Symbols	
A.3.4.3.1		
A.3.4.3.2	.2 Two antenna ports (Cell Specific)	416
A.3.4.3.3	1 ' '	
A.3.4.3.4	1 '	
A.3.4.3.5		
A.3.5	Reference measurement channels for PDCCH/PCFICH performance requirement	
A.3.5.1	FDD	
A.3.5.2		
A.3.6	Reference measurement channels for PHICH performance requirements	
A.3.7	Reference measurement channels for PBCH performance requirements	
A.3.8	Reference measurement channels for MBMS performance requirements	
A.3.8.1 A.3.8.2	FDD TDD	
A.3.8.2 A.3.9	Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by lo	
A.3.9	Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by to	428428

A.3.9.2	TDD	
A.3.9.3	FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)	430
A.3.9.4	TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)	
A.3.10	Reference Measurement Channels for EPDCCH performance requirements	
A.3.10.1	fDD	432
A.3.10.2	2 TDD	432
A.4 (CSI reference measurement channels	430
A.5 (OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)	438
A.5.1	OCNG Patterns for FDD	
A.5.1.1	OCNG FDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern	438
A.5.1.2	OCNG FDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern	439
A.5.1.3	OCNG FDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz	
A.5.1.4	OCNG FDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for MBMS transmission	440
A.5.1.5	OCNG FDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG FDD pattern	440
A.5.1.6	OCNG FDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks	441
A.5.1.7	OCNG FDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous	
	blocks	
A.5.1.8	OCNG FDD pattern 8: Dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for TM10 transmission	442
A.5.2	OCNG Patterns for TDD	
A.5.2.1	OCNG TDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern	
A.5.2.2	OCNG TDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern	
A.5.2.3	OCNG TDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz	
A.5.2.4	OCNG TDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for MBMS transmission	
A.5.2.5	OCNG TDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG TDD pattern	
A.5.2.6	OCNG TDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks	447
A.5.2.7	OCNG TDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous	
	blocks	
A.5.2.8	OCNG TDD pattern 8: Dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for TM10 transmission	448
Anney	B (normative): Propagation conditions	450
B.1 S	Static propagation condition	450
B.2 1	Multi-path fading propagation conditions	450
B.2.1	Delay profiles	
B.2.2	Combinations of channel model parameters	
B.2.3	MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices	
B.2.3.1	Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices	
B.2.3.2	MIMO Correlation Matrices at High, Medium and Low Level	
B.2.3A	MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas	
B.2.3A.		
B.2.3A.		
B.2.3A.		
B.2.3A.	•	
B.2.3A.		
B.2.4	Propagation conditions for CQI tests	
B.2.4.1	Propagation conditions for CQI tests with multiple CSI processes	
B.2.5	Void	
B.2.6	MBSFN Propagation Channel Profile	
D 2 I	Light amond train accompain	450
	High speed train scenario	
B.4 I	Beamforming Model	
B.4.1	Single-layer random beamforming (Antenna port 5, 7, or 8)	
B.4.2	Dual-layer random beamforming (antenna ports 7 and 8)	
B.4.3	Generic beamforming model (antenna ports 7-14)	
B.4.4	Random beamforming for EPDCCH distributed transmission (Antenna port 107 and 109)	
B.4.5	Random beamforming for EPDCCH localized transmission (Antenna port 107, 108, 109 or 110)	462
B.5 I	nterference models for enhanced performance requirements Type-A	463
в.э т В.5.1	Dominant interferer proportion	
 1	Transmission mode 3 interference model	4 0. 463

B.5.3			
B.5.4	Transmission mod	e 9 interference model	464
Anne	ex C (normative):	Downlink Physical Channels	465
C.1	General		465
C.2	Set-up		465
C.3	Connection		465
C.3.1		eceiver Characteristics	
C.3.2		erformance requirements	466
C.3.3	Aggressor cell pov Configured	wer allocation for Measurement of Performance Requirements when ABS is	467
C.3.4	Power Allocation to	for Measurement of Performance Requirements when Quasi Co-location Type B:	
	same Cell ID		468
Anne	ex D (normative):	Characteristics of the interfering signal	469
D.1	General		469
D.2	Interference signals.		469
Anne	ex E (normative):	Environmental conditions	470
E.1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Environmental contantons	
E.2 E.2.1			
E.2.1			
E.2.3	e e		
Anne	ex F (normative):	Transmit modulation	472
F.1	Measurement Point.		472
F.2		Magnitude measurement	
F.3		ions measurement	
F.4		er test	
F.5	· ·		
F.5.1	•		
F.5.2	•		
F.5.3		r normal CP	
F.5.4	C	r Extended CP	
F.5.5	C	r PRACH	
F.6	C		
F.7	Spectrum Flatness		4′/8
Anne	ex G (informative):	Reference sensitivity level in lower SNR	479
G.1	General		479
G.2	Typical receiver sen	sitivity performance (QPSK)	479
G.3	Reference measuren	nent channel for REFSENSE in lower SNR	482
Anne	ex H (normative):	Modified MPR behavior	484
H.1		fied MPR behavior	
Anne	ex I (informative):	Change history	485
Hieto	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·	502

Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

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- x the first digit:
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1 Scope

. The present document establishes the minimum RF characteristics and minimum performance requirements for E-UTRA User Equipment (UE).

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
 - 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [1] [2] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain" [3] ITU-R Recommendation M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000". [4] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Physical Channels and Modulation". 3GPP TS 36.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding". [5] [6] 3GPP TS 36.213: "Physical layer procedures". 3GPP TS 36.331: "Requirements for support of radio resource management". [7] 3GPP TS 36.307: "Requirements on User Equipments (UEs) supporting a release-independent [8] frequency band". 3GPP TS 36.423: "X2 application protocol (X2AP)". [9]

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply in the case of a single component carrier. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

Aggregated Channel Bandwidth: The RF bandwidth in which a UE transmits and receives multiple contiguously aggregated carriers.

Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration: The number of resource block allocated within the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Carrier aggregation: Aggregation of two or more component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths.

Carrier aggregation band: A set of one or more operating bands across which multiple carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

Carrier aggregation bandwidth class: A class defined by the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration and maximum number of component carriers supported by a UE.

Carrier aggregation configuration: A combination of CA operating band(s) and CA bandwidth class(es) supported by a UE.

Channel edge: The lowest and highest frequency of the carrier, separated by the channel bandwidth.

Channel bandwidth: The RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell. The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.

Contiguous carriers: A set of two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block.

Contiguous resource allocation: A resource allocation of consecutive resource blocks within one carrier or across contiguously aggregated carriers. The gap between contiguously aggregated carriers due to the nominal channel spacing is allowed.

Contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gaps.

Enhanced performance requirements type A: This defines performance requirements assuming as baseline receiver reference symbol based linear minimum mean square error interference rejection combining.

Inter-band carrier aggregation: Carrier aggregation of component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: Contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: Non-contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Lower sub-block **edge:** The frequency at the lower edge of one sub-block. It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

Non-contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of two or more sub-blocks separated by sub-block gap(s).

Sub-block: This is one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for transmission and reception by the same UE. There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth.

Sub-block bandwidth: The bandwidth of one sub-block.

Sub-block gap: A frequency gap between two consecutive sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth, where the RF requirements in the gap are based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation.

Synchronized operation: Operation of TDD in two different systems, where no simultaneous uplink and downlink occur.

Unsynchronized operation: Operation of TDD in two different systems, where the conditions for synchronized operation are not met.

Upper sub-block edge: The frequency at the upper edge of one sub-block. It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

BW_{Channel} Channel bandwidth

 $BW_{Channel,block} \qquad \text{Sub-block bandwidth, expressed in MHz. } BW_{Channel,block} = F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low.}$

BW_{Channel CA} Aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz.

BW_{GB} Virtual guard band to facilitate transmitter (receiver) filtering above / below edge CCs.

 E_{RS} Transmitted energy per RE for reference symbols during the useful part of the symbol, i.e.

excluding the cyclic prefix, (average power normalized to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

 $\hat{E}_{\rm s}$ The averaged received energy per RE of the wanted signal during the useful part of the symbol,

i.e. excluding the cyclic prefix, at the UE antenna connector; average power is computed within a set of REs used for the transmission of physical channels (including user specific RSs when present), divided by the number of REs within the set, and normalized to the subcarrier spacing

F Frequency

 $F_{Interferer}$ (offset) Frequency offset of the interferer $F_{Interferer}$ Frequency of the interferer

F_C Frequency of the carrier centre frequency

 $F_{C,block,\;high} \qquad \qquad \text{Center frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.} \\ F_{C,block,\;low} \qquad \qquad \text{Center frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.} \\$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{C_low} & \text{The centre frequency of the } \textit{lowest carrier}, \text{ expressed in MHz.} \\ F_{C_high} & \text{The centre frequency of the } \textit{highest carrier}, \text{ expressed in MHz.} \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{DL_low} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{DL_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{UL_high} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ F_{UL_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{edge,block,low} & The \ lower \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,low} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset.} \\ F_{edge,block,high} & The \ upper \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset.} \\ F_{edge_low} & The \ upper \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset.} \\ The \ upper \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset.} \\ The \ upper \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset.} \\ The \ lower \ edge \ of \ aggregated \ channel \ bandwidth, \ expressed \ in \ MHz. \\ F_{edge_high} & F_{cdge_high} = F_{cdge_high} + F_{offset} + F_{cdge_high} + F_{offset} + F_{cdge_high} + F_{offset} + F_{cdge_high} + F_{cdge_high}$

Foffset,block,low Separation between lower edge of a sub-block and the center of the lowest component carrier

within the sub-block

 $F_{\text{offset,block,high}}$ Separation between higher edge of a sub-block and the center of the highest component carrier

within the sub-block

F_{offset_NS_23} Frequency offset in MHz needed if NS_23 is used

 F_{OOB} The boundary between the E-UTRA out of band emission and spurious emission domains. I_o The power spectral density of the total input signal (power averaged over the useful part of the

symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE antenna connector,

including the own-cell downlink signal

 I_{or} The total transmitted power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over

the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

 \hat{I}_{ar} The total received power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over

the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE

antenna connector

 I_{ot} The received power spectral density of the total noise and interference for a certain RE (average

power obtained within the RE and normalized to the subcarrier spacing) as measured at the $\ensuremath{\text{UE}}$

antenna connector

 L_{CRB} Transmission bandwidth which represents the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

expressed in units of resources blocks

N_{cp} Cyclic prefix length N_{DL} Downlink EARFCN

 N_{oc} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference from cells that are not defined in a test procedure, as

measured at the UE antenna connector

 N_{oc1} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalized to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in non-CRS symbols in ABS subframe from cells that

are not defined in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 N_{oc2} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalized to the

 $subcarrier\ spacing),\ simulating\ interference\ in\ CRS\ symbols\ in\ ABS\ subframe\ from\ all\ cells\ that$

are not defined in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 N_{oc3} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in non-ABS subframe from cells that are not defined

in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector

 N_{oc} The power spectral density (average power per RE normalised to the subcarrier spacing) of the

summation of the received power spectral densities of the strongest interfering cells explicitly defined in a test procedure plus $\,N_{oc}$, as measured at the UE antenna connector. The respective

power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to $N_{\it oc}$ ' is defined by its associated DIP

value

 $N_{Offs\text{-DL}}$ Offset used for calculating downlink EARFCN $N_{Offs\text{-UL}}$ Offset used for calculating uplink EARFCN

 N_{otx} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing) simulating eNode B transmitter impairments as measured at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

N_{RB} Transmission bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of resource blocks

 N_{RB_agg} The number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated Aggregated Channel bandwidth. N_{RB_alloc} Total number of simultaneously transmitted resource blocks in Channel bandwidth or Aggregated

Channel Bandwidth.

 $N_{RB,c}$ The transmission bandwidth configuration of component carrier c, expressed in units of resource

blocks

 $N_{RB,largest\;BW}$ The largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the bandwidth

combination, expressed in units of resource blocks

N_{UL} Uplink EARFCN.

Rav Minimum average throughput per RB. P_{CMAX} The configured maximum UE output power.

 $P_{CMAX,c}$ The configured maximum UE output power for serving cell c.

P_{EMAX} Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers. Same as IE *P-Max*, defined in [7]. P_{EMAX}, c Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers for serving cell c. Same as IE

P-Max, defined in [7].

 $P_{\text{Interferer}} \hspace{1cm} \text{Modulated mean power of the interferer} \\$

 $\begin{array}{ll} P_{PowerClass} & P_{PowerClass} \ is \ the \ nominal \ UE \ power \ (i.e., \ no \ tolerance). \\ P_{UMAX} & The \ measured \ configured \ maximum \ UE \ output \ power. \end{array}$

Puw Power of an unwanted DL signal Pw Power of a wanted DL signal

 $\begin{array}{ll} RB_{start} & Indicates \ the \ lowest \ RB \ index \ of \ transmitted \ resource \ blocks. \\ RB_{end} & Indicates \ the \ highest \ RB \ index \ of \ transmitted \ resource \ blocks. \\ \end{array}$

 Δf_{OOB} Δ Frequency of Out Of Band emission.

 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ Allowed reference sensitivity relaxation due to support for inter-band CA operation, for serving

cell c.

ΔT_{IB,c} Allowed maximum configured output power relaxation due to support for inter-band CA

operation, for serving cell c.

 $\Delta T_{\rm C}$ Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation.

 $\Delta T_{C,c}$ Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation for serving cell c.

 ho_A According to Clause 5.2 in TS 36.213 [6] ho_B According to Clause 5.2 in TS 36.213 [6]

σ Test specific auxiliary variable used for the purpose of downlink power allocation, defined in

Annex C.3.2.

W_{gap} Sub-block gap size

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

ABS Almost Blank Subframe

ACLR Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity

A-MPR Additional Maximum Power Reduction

AWGN Additive White Gaussian Noise

BS Base Station
CA Carrier Aggregation

CA_X CA for band X where X is the applicable E-UTRA operating band

CA_X-X Non-contiguous intra band CA for band X where X is the applicable E-UTRA operating band CA_X-Y CA for band X and Band Y where X and Y are the applicable E-UTRA operating band

CC Component Carriers

CPE Customer Premise Equipment

CPE_X Customer Premise Equipment for E-UTRA operating band X

CW Continuous Wave

DL Downlink

DIP Dominant Interferer Proportion

EARFCN E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

EPRE Energy Per Resource Element

E-UTRA Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

EUTRAN Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

EVM Error Vector Magnitude
FDD Frequency Division Duplex
FRC Fixed Reference Channel
HD-FDD Half- Duplex FDD

MCS Modulation and Coding Scheme
MOP Maximum Output Power
MPR Maximum Power Reduction
MSD Maximum Sensitivity Degradation
OCNG OFDMA Channel Noise Generator

OFDMA Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access

OOB Out-of-band PA Power Amplifier

PCC Primary Component Carrier

P-MPR Power Management Maximum Power Reduction

PSS Primary Synchronization Signal

PSS_RA PSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel PSS

RE Resource Element

REFSENS Reference Sensitivity power level

r.m.s Root Mean Square

SCC Secondary Component Carrier
SINR Signal-to-Interference-and-Noise Ratio

SNR Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SSS Secondary Synchronization Signal SSS RA SSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel SSS

TDD Time Division Duplex UE User Equipment

UL Uplink

UL-MIMO Up Link Multiple Antenna transmission
UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

UTRA UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

UTRAN UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

xCH_RA xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols not containing cell-

specific RS

xCH_RB xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols containing cell-

specific RS

4 General

4.1 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification TS 36.521-1 Annex F defines Test Tolerances. These Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to create Test Requirements.

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ITU-R M.1545 [3].

4.2 Applicability of minimum requirements

- a) In this specification the Minimum Requirements are specified as general requirements and additional requirements. Where the Requirement is specified as a general requirement, the requirement is mandated to be met in all scenarios
- b) For specific scenarios for which an additional requirement is specified, in addition to meeting the general requirement, the UE is mandated to meet the additional requirements.
- c) The reference sensitivity power levels defined in subclause 7.3 are valid for the specified reference measurement channels.
- d) Note: Receiver sensitivity degradation may occur when:
 - 1) The UE simultaneously transmits and receives with bandwidth allocations less than the transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1), and
 - 2) Any part of the downlink transmission bandwidth is within an uplink transmission bandwidth from the downlink center subcarrier.
- e) The spurious emissions power requirements are for the long term average of the power. For the purpose of reducing measurement uncertainty it is acceptable to average the measured power over a period of time sufficient to reduce the uncertainty due to the statistical nature of the signal.

4.3 Void

4.3A Applicability of minimum requirements (CA, UL-MIMO)

The requirements in clauses 5, 6 and 7 which are specific to CA and UL-MIMO are specified as suffix A, B, C, D where;

- a) Suffix A additional requirements need to support CA
- b) Suffix B additional requirements need to support UL-MIMO
- c) Suffix C additional requirements need to support TBD
- d) Suffix D additional requirements need to support TBD

A terminal which supports the above features needs to meet both the general requirements and the additional requirement applicable to the additional subclause (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7. Where there is a

difference in requirement between the general requirements and the additional subclause requirements (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7, the tighter requirements are applicable unless stated otherwise in the additional subclause.

A terminal which supports more than one feature (CA and UL-MIMO) in clauses 5, 6 and 7 shall meet all of the separate corresponding requirements.

For a terminal supporting CA, compliance with minimum requirements for non-contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in any given operating band does not imply compliance with minimum requirements for contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in the same operating band.

For a terminal supporting CA, compliance with minimum requirements for contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in any given operating band does not imply compliance with minimum requirements for non- contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in the same operating band.

A terminal which supports CA, for each supported CA configuration, shall support Pcell transmissions in each of the aggregated Component Carriers unless indicated otherwise in clause 5.6A.1.

4.4 RF requirements in later releases

The standardisation of new frequency bands and carrier aggregation configurations (downlink and uplink aggregation) may be independent of a release. However, in order to implement a UE that conforms to a particular release but supports a band of operation or a carrier aggregation configuration that is specified in a later release, it is necessary to specify some extra requirements. TS 36.307 [8] specifies requirements on UEs supporting a frequency band or a carrier aggregation configuration that is independent of release.

NOTE: For terminals conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document, some RF requirements in later releases may be mandatory independent of whether the UE supports the bands or carrier aggregation configurations specified in later releases or not. The set of requirements from later releases that is also mandatory for UEs conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document is determined by regional regulation.

5 Operating bands and channel arrangement

5.1 General

The channel arrangements presented in this clause are based on the operating bands and channel bandwidths defined in the present release of specifications.

NOTE: Other operating bands and channel bandwidths may be considered in future releases.

- 5.2 Void
- 5.3 Void
- 5.4 Void

5.5 Operating bands

E-UTRA is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.5-1.

Table 5.5-1 E-UTRA operating bands

E-UTRA Operating Band	Uplink (UL) opera BS recei UE trans F _{UL_low} - F	ive	Downlink (DL BS t UE I F _{DL_low}	Duplex Mode		
1	1920 MHz -	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	<u>- r</u>	-DL_high 2170 MHz	FDD
2		1900 MHz	1930 MHz		1990 MHz	FDD
3	1850 MHz – 1710 MHz –	1785 MHz	1805 MHz	_	1880 MHz	FDD
4	1710 MHz —	1785 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	FDD
5		849 MHz	869 MHz		894MHz	FDD
6 ¹		849 MHz	875 MHz		894MHz	FDD
7		2570 MHz	2620 MHz	_	2690 MHz	FDD
		915 MHz		_		FDD
8			925 MHz	_	960 MHz	
9		1784.9 MHz	1844.9 MHz		1879.9 MHz	FDD
10		1770 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2170 MHz	FDD
11		1447.9 MHz	1475.9 MHz	_	1495.9 MHz	FDD
12		716 MHz	729 MHz	_	746 MHz	FDD
13		787 MHz	746 MHz	_	756 MHz	FDD
14		798 MHz	758 MHz	_	768 MHz	FDD
15	Reserve			serv		FDD
16	Reserve			serv		FDD
17		716 MHz	734 MHz	_	746 MHz	FDD
18		830 MHz	860 MHz	_	875 MHz	FDD
19		845 MHz	875 MHz	_	890 MHz	FDD
20		862 MHz	791 MHz	_	821 MHz	FDD
21		1462.9 MHz	1495.9 MHz	_	1510.9 MHz	FDD
22		3490 MHz	3510 MHz	_	3590 MHz	FDD
23		2020 MHz	2180 MHz	_	2200 MHz	FDD
24	1626.5 MHz -	1660.5 MHz	1525 MHz	_	1559 MHz	FDD
25	1850 MHz –	1915 MHz	1930 MHz	_	1995 MHz	FDD
26	814 MHz –	849 MHz	859 MHz	_	894 MHz	FDD
27		824 MHz	852 MHz	_	869 MHz	FDD
28	703 MHz -	748 MHz	758 MHz	_	803 MHz	FDD
29	N/A		717 MHz	_	728 MHz	FDD ²
33	1900 MHz -	1920 MHz	1900 MHz	_	1920 MHz	TDD
34		2025 MHz	2010 MHz	_	2025 MHz	TDD
35	1850 MHz –	1910 MHz	1850 MHz	_	1910 MHz	TDD
36	1930 MHz -	1990 MHz	1930 MHz	_	1990 MHz	TDD
37		1930 MHz	1910 MHz	_	1930 MHz	TDD
38		2620 MHz	2570 MHz	_	2620 MHz	TDD
39		1920 MHz	1880 MHz	_	1920 MHz	TDD
40		2400 MHz	2300 MHz	_	2400 MHz	TDD
41		2690 MHz	2496 MHz		2690 MHz	TDD
42		3600 MHz	3400 MHz	_	3600 MHz	TDD
43		3800 MHz	3600 MHz	_	3800 MHz	TDD
44		803 MHz	703 MHz	_	803 MHz	TDD

NOTE 1: Band 6 is not applicable

NOTE 2: Restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier aggregation is configured. The downlink operating band is paired with the uplink operating band (external) of the carrier aggregation configuration that is supporting the configured Pcell.

5.5A Operating bands for CA

E-UTRA carrier aggregation is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Tables 5.5A-1 and 5.5A-2.

Table 5.5A-1: Intra-band contiguous CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL)	rating band	Downlink (D	Duplex			
CA Band	Band	BS receive / UE transmit			BS transi	Mode		
		F _{UL_low}	Ful_high	F _{DL_lo}				
CA_1	1	1920 MHz	-	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2170 MHz	FDD
CA_7	7	2500 MHz	-	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	_	2690 MHz	FDD
CA_38	38	2570 MHz	-	2620 MHz	2570 MHz	_	2620 MHz	TDD
CA_40	40	2300 MHz	_	2400 MHz	2300 MHz	_	2400 MHz	TDD
CA_41	41	2496 MHz		2690 MHz	2496 MHz		2690 MHz	TDD

Table 5.5A-2: Inter-band CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL)	ope	rating band	Downlink (D	L) c	perating band	Duplex Mode	
CA Band	Band	BS receive) / U	E transmit	BS transi	BS transmit / UE receive			
		F _{UL_low}	- 1	F _{UL_high}			F _{DL_high}		
CA 15	1	1920 MHz	-	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2170 MHz	EDD	
CA_1-5	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	FDD	
CA 1 10	1	1920 MHz	_	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2170 MHz	FDD	
CA_1-18	18	815 MHz	-	830 MHz	860 MHz	-	875 MHz	רטט	
CA_1-19	1	1920 MHz	-	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2170 MHz	FDD	
CA_1-19	19	830 MHz	-	845 MHz	875 MHz	_	890 MHz	FDD	
CA_1-21	1	1920 MHz	_	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2170 MHz	FDD	
CA_1-21	21	1447.9 MHz	_	1462.9 MHz	1495.9 MHz	_	1510.9 MHz	100	
CA_2-17	2	1850 MHz	_	1910 MHz	1930 MHz	_	1990 MHz	FDD	
CA_2-17	17	704 MHz	_	716 MHz	734 MHz	_	746 MHz	100	
CA_2-29	2	1850 MHz	_	1910 MHz	1930 MHz	_	1990 MHz	FDD	
UA_2-29	29		N/A		717 MHz	_	728 MHz	100	
CA_3-5	3	1710 MHz	_	1785 MHz	1805 MHz	_	1880 MHz	FDD	
OA_0-0	5	824 MHz	-	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	100	
CA_3-7	3	1710 MHz	-	1785 MHz	1805 MHz	_	1880 MHz	FDD	
OA_3-7	7	2500 MHz	_	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	_	2690 MHz	100	
CA_3-8	3	1710 MHz		1785 MHz	1805 MHz		1880 MHz	FDD	
CA_3-0	8	880 MHz		915 MHz	925 MHz		960 MHz	100	
CA_3-20	3	1710 MHz	_	1785 MHz	1805 MHz	_	1880 MHz	FDD	
	20	832 MHz	_	862 MHz	791 MHz	_	821 MHz	FDD	
CA_4-5	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	FDD	
CA_4-3	5	824 MHz	-	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	100	
CA_4-7	4	1710 MHz		1755 MHz	2110 MHz		2155 MHz	FDD	
OA_ 1 -1	7	2500 MHz		2570 MHz	2620 MHz		2690 MHz	100	
CA_4-12	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	FDD	
UA_ 1 -12	12	699 MHz	_	716 MHz	729 MHz	_	746 MHz	100	
CA_4-13	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	FDD	
OA_ 1 -13	13	777 MHz	_	787 MHz	746 MHz	_	756 MHz	100	
CA_4-17	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	FDD	
O/(_+ 1/	17	704 MHz	-	716 MHz	734 MHz	_	746 MHz	100	
CA_4-29	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	FDD	
O/ (_+ 25	29		N/A		717 MHz	_	728 MHz	100	
CA_5-12	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	FDD	
0/(_0 12	12	699 MHz	_	716 MHz	729 MHz	_	746 MHz		
CA_5-17	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	FDD	
5, (_5 1,	17	704 MHz	_	716 MHz	734 MHz	_	746 MHz	, 50	
CA_7-20	7	2500 MHz	_	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	_	2690 MHz	FDD	
J. (_1 20	20	832 MHz	_	862 MHz	791 MHz	_	821 MHz	100	
CA_8-20 8 880		880 MHz	_	915 MHz	925 MHz	_	960 MHz	FDD	
0, (_0 20	20			821 MHz	, 50				
CA_11-18		1447.9 MHz	1475.9 MHz	_	1495.9 MHz	FDD			
5/(_1110	18	815 MHz	_	830 MHz	860 MHz	_	875 MHz	. 55	

Table 5.5A-3: Intra-band non-contiguous CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL) operating band			Downlink (D	Duplex		
CA Band	Band	BS receive / UE transmit			BS transi	Mode		
		Ful_low - Ful_high			F _{DL_lo}			
CA_25-25	25	1850 MHz	1850 MHz - 1915 MHz			-	1995 MHz	FDD
CA_41-41	41	2496 MHz	-	2690 MHz	2496 MHz	-	2690 MHz	TDD

5.5B Operating bands for UL-MIMO

E-UTRA UL-MIMO is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.5-1.

Table 5.5B-1: Void

5.6 Channel bandwidth

Requirements in present document are specified for the channel bandwidths listed in Table 5.6-1.

Table 5.6-1: Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB} in E-UTRA channel bandwidths

Channel bandwidth BW _{Channel} [MHz]	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Transmission bandwidth configuration N _{RB}	6	15	25	50	75	100

Figure 5.6-1 shows the relation between the Channel bandwidth ($BW_{Channel}$) and the Transmission bandwidth configuration (N_{RB}). The channel edges are defined as the lowest and highest frequencies of the carrier separated by the channel bandwidth, i.e. at $F_C + /- BW_{Channel} / 2$.

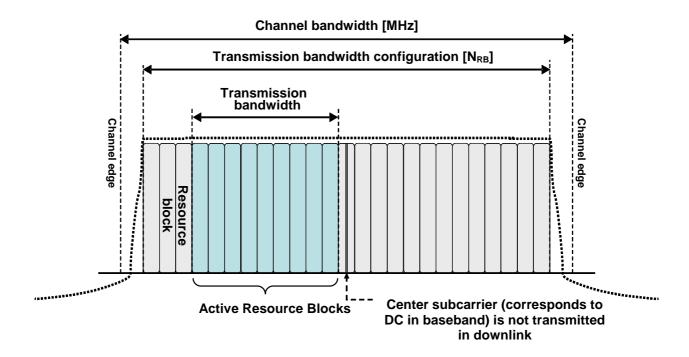


Figure 5.6-1: Definition of channel bandwidth and transmission bandwidth configuration for one E-UTRA carrier

5.6.1 Channel bandwidths per operating band

a) The requirements in this specification apply to the combination of channel bandwidths and operating bands shown in Table 5.6.1-1. The transmission bandwidth configuration in Table 5.6.1-1 shall be supported for each of the specified channel bandwidths. The same (symmetrical) channel bandwidth is specified for both the TX and RX path.

Table 5.6.1-1: E-UTRA channel bandwidth

		E-UTRA ba	nd / Channe	el bandwidth		
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹		
6			Yes	Yes ¹		
7			Yes	Yes	Yes ³	Yes ^{1, 3}
8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹		
9			Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
10			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11			Yes	Yes ¹		
12	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
13			Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
14			Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
17			Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
18			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
19			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
20			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
21			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
22			Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
23	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
24			Yes	Yes		
25	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
27	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹		
28		Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ^{1, 2}
33			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
34			Yes	Yes	Yes	
35	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
36	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
37			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
38			Yes	Yes	Yes ³	Yes ³
39			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
40			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
41			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
42			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
43			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
44		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the bandwidth for which a relaxation of the specified UE receiver sensitivity requirement (subclause 7.3) is allowed.

NOTE 2: ² For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for E-UTRA UL carrier frequencies confined to either 713-723 MHz or 728-738 MHz

NOTE 3: ³ refers to the bandwidth for which the uplink transmission bandwidth can be restricted by the network for some channel assignments in FDD/TDD co-existence scenarios in order to meet unwanted emissions requirements (Clause 6.6.3.2).

b) The use of different (asymmetrical) channel bandwidth for the TX and RX is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

5.6A Channel bandwidth for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation *Aggregated Channel Bandwidth*, *Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration* and *Guard Bands* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.6A-1.

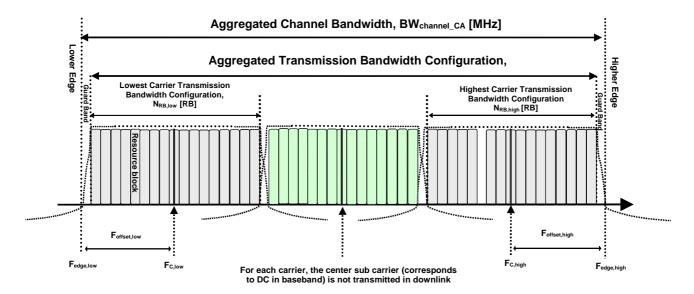


Figure 5.6A-1. Definition of Aggregated channel bandwidth and aggregated channel bandwidth edges

The aggregated channel bandwidth, BW_{Channel_CA}, is defined as

$$BW_{Channel_CA} = F_{edge,high} - F_{edge,low} \text{ [MHz]}.$$

The lower bandwidth edge $F_{\text{edge,low}}$ and the upper bandwidth edge $F_{\text{edge,high}}$ of the aggregated channel bandwidth are used as frequency reference points for transmitter and receiver requirements and are defined by

$$F_{edge,low} = F_{C,low} - F_{offset,low}$$

$$F_{edge,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carrier and are defined as

$$F_{offset,low} = (0.18N_{RB,low} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB}[MHz]$$

$$F_{offset,high}\!=(0.18N_{RB,high}+\Delta f_1)\!/2+BW_{GB}\left[MHz\right]$$

where $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing and $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink, while $N_{RB,low}$ and $N_{RB,high}$ are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.6-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier, respectively. BW_{GB} denotes the *Nominal Guard Band* and is defined in Table 5.6A-1, and the factor 0.18 is the PRB bandwidth in MHz.

NOTE: The values of BW_{Channel_CA} for UE and BS are the same if the lowest and the highest component carriers are identical.

Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration is the number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated Aggregated Channel bandwidth and is defined per CA Bandwidth Class (Table 5.6A-1).

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation *Sub-block Bandwidth* and *Sub-block edges* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.6A-2.

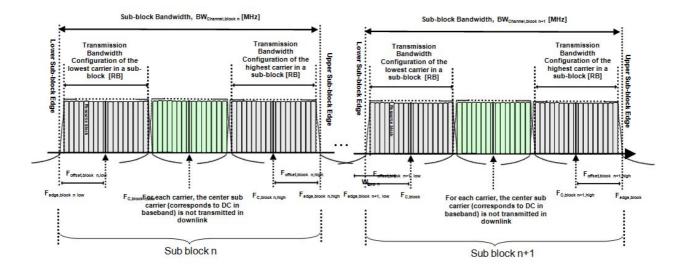


Figure 5.6A-2. Non-contiguous intraband CA terms and definitions

The lower sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth (BW_{Channel,block}) is defined as

$$F_{\text{edge,block, low}} = F_{C,\text{block,low}} \text{--} F_{\text{offset,block, low}}$$

The upper sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth is defined as

$$F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset,block,high}$$
.

The Sub-block Bandwidth, BW_{Channel,block}, is defined as follows:

$$_{BWChannel,block} = F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low} [MHz]$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets $F_{offset,block,low}$ and $F_{offset,block,high}$ depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carriers within a sub-block and are defined as

$$F_{offset,block,low} = (0.18N_{RB,low} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB} [MHz]$$

$$F_{offset,block,high} = (0.18N_{RB,high} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB} [MHz]$$

where $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing and $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink, while $N_{RB,low}$ and $N_{RB,high}$ are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.6-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier within a sub-block, respectively. BW_{GB} denotes the *Nominal Guard Band* and is defined in Table 5.6A-1, and the factor 0.18 is the PRB bandwidth in MHz.

The sub-block gap size between two consecutive sub-blocks W_{gap} is defined as

$$W_{\text{gap}} = F_{\text{edge,block n+1,low -}} \, F_{\text{edge,block n,high [MHz]}} \,$$

Table 5.6A-1: CA bandwidth classes and corresponding nominal guard bands

CA Bandwidth Class	Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	Maximum number of CC	Nominal Guard Band BW _{GB}
А	N _{RB,agg} ≤ 100	1	a₁BW _{Channel(1)} - 0.5∆f₁ (NOTE 2)
В	N _{RB,agg} ≤ 100	2	NOTE 3
С	100 < N _{RB,agg} ≤ 200	2	0.05 max(BW _{Channel(1)} ,BW _{Channel(2)}) - 0.5Δf ₁
D	$200 < N_{RB,agg} \le 300$	3	NOTE 3
E	$300 < N_{RB,agg} \le 400$	4	NOTE 3
F	$400 < N_{RB,agg} \le 500$	5	NOTE 3

NOTE 1: BW_{Channel(1)} and BW_{Channel(2)} are channel bandwidths of two E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 and $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing while $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink.

NOTE 2: $a_1 = 0.16/1.4$ for BW_{Channel(1)} = 1.4 MHz whereas $a_1 = 0.05$ for all other channel bandwidths.

NOTE 3: Applicaple for later releases.

The channel spacing between centre frequencies of contiguously aggregated component carriers is defined in subclause 5.7.1A.

5.6A.1 Channel bandwidths per operating band for CA

The requirements for carrier aggregation in this specification are defined for carrier aggregation configurations with associated bandwidth combination sets. For inter-band carrier aggregation, a *carrier aggregation configuration* is a combination of operating bands, each supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class. For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a single operating band supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class.

For each carrier aggregation configuration, requirements are specified for all bandwidth combinations contained in a *bandwidth combination set*, which is indicated per supported band combination in the UE radio access capability. A UE can indicate support of several bandwidth combination sets per band combination.

Requirements for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation are defined for the carrier aggregation configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Table 5.6A.1-1. Requirements for inter-band carrier aggregation are defined for the carrier aggregation configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Table 5.6A.1-2.

The DL component carrier combinations for a given CA configuration shall be symmetrical in relation to channel centre unless stated otherwise in Table 5.6A.1-1 or 5.6A.1-2.

Table 5.6A.1-1: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for intra-band contiguous CA

E-UTRA CA configuration / Bandwidth combination set								
	Hadial OA	Component carriers in c	Maximum	Dan dariduk				
E-UTRA CA configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 3)	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]			Bandwidth combination set			
CA 1C	CA 1C	15	15	40				
CA_1C	CA_1C	20	20	7 40	0			
CA 7C	CA 7C	15	15	40	0			
CA_7C	CA_7C	20 20		7 40	U			
CA 39C	CA 20C	15 15		40	0			
CA_38C	CA_38C	20	20	7 40	0			
		10	20					
CA_40C	CA_40C	15	15	40	0			
		20	10, 20					
	CA_41C	10	20					
CA_41C		CA_41C 15 15, 20		15, 20	40	0		
		20 10, 15, 20						

NOTE 1: The CA configuration refers to an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1 (the indexing letter). Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes.

NOTE 2: For the supported CC bandwidth combinations, the CC downlink and uplink bandwidths are equal.

NOTE 3: Uplink CA configurations are the configurations supported by the present release of specifications.

Table 5.6A.1-2: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for inter-band CA

		E-UTRA C	A config	uration /	Bandwid	th comb	ination s	set	_	
E-UTRA CA Configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 4)	E- UTRA Bands	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Maximum aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set
CA_1A-5A	-	1				Yes Yes			20	0
		5			Voc		Voc	Voc		
CA_1A-18A	-	1 18			Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	35	0
		1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		_
CA_1A-19A	-	19			Yes	Yes	Yes		35	0
04 44 644		1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
CA_1A-21A	-	21			Yes	Yes	Yes		35	0
04 04 474		2			Yes	Yes				0
CA_2A-17A	-	17			Yes	Yes			20	0
04 04 004		2			Yes	Yes			00	0
CA_2A-29A	-	29		Yes	Yes	Yes			20	0
		3				Yes	Yes	Yes	22	0
04 04 -:		5			Yes	Yes			30	0
CA_3A-5A	-	3				Yes			00	4
		5			Yes	Yes			20	1
		3			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		_
CA_3A-7A	-	7				Yes	Yes	Yes	40	0
		3				Yes	Yes	Yes		_
		8			Yes	Yes			30	0
CA_3A-8A	-	3				Yes				
		8			Yes	Yes			20	1
CA_3A-20A		3			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		_
	-	20			Yes	Yes			30	0
		4			Yes	Yes				_
CA_4A-5A	-	5			Yes	Yes			20	0
0.4.4.7.4		4			Yes	Yes				
CA_4A-7A	-	7			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	0
0.4.4.4.6.4		4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			22	_
CA_4A-12A	-	12 ⁵			Yes	Yes			20	0
		4			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	00	_
00 40 400		13				Yes			30	0
CA_4A-13A	-	4			Yes	Yes			66	
		13				Yes			20	1
00 40 470		4			Yes	Yes			60	_
CA_4A-17A	-	17 ⁵			Yes	Yes			20	0
00 40 000		4			Yes	Yes			60	^
CA_4A-29A	-	29		Yes	Yes	Yes			20	0
04 54 404		5			Yes	Yes			60	^
CA_5A -12A	-	12			Yes	Yes			20	0
00 50 170		5			Yes	Yes			60	_
CA_5A-17A	-	17			Yes	Yes			20	0
04 74 004		7				Yes	Yes	Yes	66	_
CA_7A-20A	-	20			Yes	Yes			30	0
04 04 05:		8			Yes	Yes			22	-
CA_8A-20A	-	20			Yes	Yes			20	0
OA 441 : : : :		11			Yes	Yes				_
CA_11A-18A	-	18			Yes	Yes	Yes		25	0

NOTE 1: The CA Configuration refers to a combination of an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1 (the indexing letter). Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes.

NOTE 2: For each band combination, all combinations of indicated bandwidths belong to the set

NOTE 3: For the supported CC bandwidth combinations, the CC downlink and uplink bandwidths are equal.

NOTE 4: Uplink CA configurations are the configurations supported by the present release of specifications.

NOTE 5: For the corresponding CA configuration, UE may not support Pcell transmissions in this E-UTRA band.

Table 5.6A.1-3: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for noncontiguous intra-band CA

E-UTRA CA configuration / Bandwidth combination set Component carriers in order of									
			arriers in order of arrier frequency						
E-UTRA CA configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 1)	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Maximum aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set				
CA_25A-25A	-	5, 10	5, 10	20	0				
CA_41A-41A	-	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	40	0				
NOTE 1: Uplink	NOTE 1: Uplink CA configurations are the configurations supported by the present release of specifications.								

5.6B Channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO

The requirements specified in subclause 5.6 are applicable to UE supporting UL-MIMO.

5.6B.1 Void

5.7 Channel arrangement

5.7.1 Channel spacing

The spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA carriers is defined as following:

Nominal Channel spacing =
$$(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$$

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

5.7.1A Channel spacing for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C, the nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA component carriers is defined as the following:

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 with values in MHz. The channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of 300 kHz less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the channel spacing between two E-UTRA component carriers in different sub-blocks shall be larger than the nominal channel spacing defined in this subclause.

5.7.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz.

5.7.2A Channel raster for CA

For carrier aggregation the channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz.

5.7.3 Carrier frequency and EARFCN

The carrier frequency in the uplink and downlink is designated by the E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARFCN) in the range 0 - 65535. The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the downlink is given by the following equation, where F_{DL_low} and $N_{Offs-DL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{DL} is the downlink EARFCN.

$$F_{DL} = F_{DL_low} + 0.1(N_{DL} - N_{Offs\text{-}DL})$$

The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the uplink is given by the following equation where F_{UL_low} and $N_{Offs-UL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{UL} is the uplink EARFCN.

$$F_{UL} = F_{UL \text{ low}} + 0.1(N_{UL} - N_{Offs\text{-}UL})$$

Table 5.7.3-1: E-UTRA channel numbers

E-UTRA		Downlink			Uplink	
Operating Band	F _{DL_low} (MHz)	Noffs-DL	Range of N _{DL}	Ful_low (MHz)	Noffs-UL	Range of Nul
1	2110	0	0 - 599	1920	18000	18000 – 18599
2	1930	600	600 – 1199	1850	18600	18600 – 19199
3	1805	1200	1200 – 1949	1710	19200	19200 - 19949
4	2110	1950	1950 – 2399	1710	19950	19950 - 20399
5	869	2400	2400 - 2649	824	20400	20400 - 20649
6	875	2650	2650 - 2749	830	20650	20650 - 20749
7	2620	2750	2750 - 3449	2500	20750	20750 - 21449
8	925	3450	3450 – 3799	880	21450	21450 – 21799
9	1844.9	3800	3800 – 4149	1749.9	21800	21800 – 22149
10	2110	4150	4150 – 4749	1710	22150	22150 - 22749
11	1475.9	4750	4750 – 4949	1427.9	22750	22750 - 22949
12	729	5010	5010 - 5179	699	23010	23010 - 23179
13	746	5180	5180 - 5279	777	23180	23180 - 23279
14	758	5280	5280 - 5379	788	23280	23280 - 23379
17	734	5730	5730 - 5849	704	23730	23730 - 23849
18	860	5850	5850 - 5999	815	23850	23850 - 23999
19	875	6000	6000 - 6149	830	24000	24000 - 24149
20	791	6150	6150 - 6449	832	24150	24150 – 24449
21	1495.9	6450	6450 - 6599	1447.9	24450	24450 - 24599
22	3510	6600	6600 - 7399	3410	24600	24600 - 25399
23	2180	7500	7500 – 7699	2000	25500	25500 - 25699
24	1525	7700	7700 - 8039	1626.5	25700	25700 - 26039
25	1930	8040	8040 - 8689	1850	26040	26040 - 26689
26	859	8690	8690 - 9039	814	26690	26690 - 27039
27	852	9040	9040 – 9209	807	27040	27040 – 27209
28	758	9210	9210 – 9659	703	27210	27210 – 27659
29 ²	717	9660	9660 – 9769		N/A	
33	1900	36000	36000 – 36199	1900	36000	36000 – 36199
34	2010	36200	36200 - 36349	2010	36200	36200 - 36349
35	1850	36350	36350 - 36949	1850	36350	36350 - 36949
36	1930	36950	36950 - 37549	1930	36950	36950 – 37549
37	1910	37550	37550 – 37749	1910	37550	37550 – 37749
38	2570	37750	37750 – 38249	2570	37750	37750 – 38249
39	1880	38250	38250 - 38649	1880	38250	38250 - 38649
40	2300	38650	38650 - 39649	2300	38650	38650 - 39649
41	2496	39650	39650 -41589	2496	39650	39650 -41589
42	3400	41590	41590 - 43589	3400	41590	41590 – 43589
43	3600	43590	43590 - 45589	3600	43590	43590 – 45589
44	703	45590	45590 – 46589	703	45590	45590 – 46589

NOTE 1: The channel numbers that designate carrier frequencies so close to the operating band edges that the carrier extends beyond the operating band edge shall not be used. This implies that the first 7, 15, 25, 50, 75 and 100 channel numbers at the lower operating band edge and the last 6, 14, 24, 49, 74 and 99 channel numbers at the upper operating band edge shall not be used for channel bandwidths of 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz respectively.

NOTE 2: Restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier aggregation is configured.

5.7.4 TX-RX frequency separation

a) The default E-UTRA TX channel (carrier centre frequency) to RX channel (carrier centre frequency) separation is specified in Table 5.7.4-1 for the TX and RX channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.6.1-1

TX - RX **E-UTRA Operating Band** carrier centre frequency separation 190 MHz 2 80 MHz. 3 95 MHz. 4 400 MHz 5 45 MHz 45 MHz 6 7 120 MHz 8 45 MHz 9 95 MHz 10 400 MHz 48 MHz 11 30 MHz 12 13 -31 MHz 14 -30 MHz 17 30 MHz 18 45 MHz 19 45 MHz 20 -41 MHz 48 MHz 21 22 100 MHz 23 180 MHz 24 -101.5 MHz 25 80 MHz 26 45 MHz 27 45 MHz 28 55 MHz

Table 5.7.4-1: Default UE TX-RX frequency separation

b) The use of other TX channel to RX channel carrier centre frequency separation is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

5.7.4A TX-RX frequency separation for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the same TX-RX frequency separation as specified in Table 5.7.4-1 is applied to PCC and SCC, respectively.

6 Transmitter characteristics

6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE with a single or multiple transmit antenna(s). For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

6.2 Transmit power

6.2.1 Void

6.2.2 UE maximum output power

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth for non CA configuration and UL-MIMO unless otherwise stated. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.2-1: UE Power Class

EUTRA band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
1	(abiii)	(GB)	(aBiii)	(ab)	23	±2	(aBiii)	(ub)
2					23	+22		
3					23	±2 ² ±2 ²		
4					23	±2		
5					23	±2		
6					23	±2		
7					23	±2 ²		
8					23	±2 ²		
9					23	±2		
10					23	±2		
11					23	±2		
12					23	±2 ²		
13					23	±2		
14	31	+2/-3			23	±2		
17					23	±2		
18					23	±2 ⁵		
19					23	±2		
20					23	±2 ²		
21					23	±2		
22					23	+2/-3.5 ²		
23					23 ⁶	±2 ⁶		
24					23	±2		
25					23	±2 ²		
26					23	±2 ²		
27					23	±2		
28					23	+2/-2.5		
33					23	±2		
34					23	±2		
35					23	±2		
36					23	±2		
37					23	±2		
38					23	±2		
39					23	±2		
40					23	±2		
41					23	±2 ²		
42					23	+2/-3		
43					23	+2/-3		
44					23	+2/[-3]		

NOTE 1: Void

- NOTE 2: ² refers to the transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB
- NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 operating frequencies, the tolerance is FFS.
- NOTE 4: P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance
- NOTE 5: For a UE that supports both Band 18 and Band 26, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB for transmission bandwidths confined within 815 MHz and 818 MHz.
- NOTE 6: When NS_20 is signalled, the total output power within 2000-2005 MHz shall be limited to 7 dBm.

6.2.2A UE maximum output power for CA

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the aggregated channel bandwidth.

The maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2.2A-1.

Table 6.2.2A-1: CA UE Power Class

E-UTRA CA Configuration	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
CA_1C					23	+2/-2		
CA_7C					23	+2/-22		
CA_38C					23	+2/-2		
CA_40C					23	+2/-2		
CA_41C					23	+2/-22		

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: If all transmitted resource blocks (Figure 5.6A-1) over all component carriers are confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or/and F_{UL_high} – 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 3: PpowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

NOTE 4: For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum power requirement should apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE).

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier on the PCC, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

6.2.2B UE maximum output power for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth is specified in Table 6.2.2B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.2B-1: UE Power Class for UL-MIMO in closed loop spatial multiplexing scheme

EUTRA band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
1	•	, ,	,	, ,	23	+2/-3		, ,
2					23	+2/-32		
3					23	+2/-32		
4					23	+2/-3		
5					23	+2/-3		
6					23	+2/-3		
7					23	+2/-32		
8					23	+2/-32		
9					23	+2/-3		
10					23	+2/-3		
11					23	+2/-3		
12					23	+2/-32		
13					23	+2/-3		
14					23	+2/-3		
17					23	+2/-3		
18					23	+2/-3		
19					23	+2/-3		
20					23	+2/-32		
21					23	+2/-3		
22					23	+2/-4.5 ²		
23					23	+2/-3		
24					23	+2/-3		
25					23	+2/-32		
26					23	+2/-3 ²		
27					23	+2/-3		
28					23	+2/[-3]		
33					23	+2/-3		
34					23	+2/-3		
35					23	+2/-3		
36					23	+2/-3		
37					23	+2/-3		
38					23	+2/-3		
39					23	+2/-3		
40					23	+2/-3		
41					23	+2/-32		
42					23	+2/-4		
43					23	+2/-4		
44 NOTE 1:					23	+2/[-3]		

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: ² refers to the transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 6MHz or F_{UL_high} - 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 operating frequencies, the tolerance is FFS.

NOTE 4: ProwerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

Table 6.2.2B-2: UL-MIMO configuration in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Transmission mode	DCI format	Codebook Index
Mode 2	DCI format 4	Codebook index 0

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

6.2.3 UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	N _{RB})	MPR (dB)				
	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20						
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

For PRACH, PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For each subframe, the MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the maximum MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For transmissions with non-contiguous resource allocation in single component carrier, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in table 6.2.2-1, is specified as follows

$$MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

 $M_A = 8.00-10.12A$; $0.00 < A \le 0.33$

5.67 - 3.07A ; $0.33 < A \le 0.77$

3.31 ; $0.77 < A \le 1.0$

Where

 $A = N_{RB alloc} / N_{RB}$

CEIL{M_A, 0.5} means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. MPR \in [3.0, 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0]

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.3A UE Maximum Output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band (Table 5.6A-1), the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2A-1due to higher order modulation and contiguously aggregated transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3A-1. In case the modulation format is different on different component carriers then the MPR is determined by the rules applied to higher order of those modulations.

Modulation MPR CA bandwidth Class C 50 RB + 100 75 RB+100 100 RB + 100 (dB) 75 RB + 75 RB RB **RB** RB **QPSK** > 12 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 18 and ≤ 50 75 75 100 QPSK > 75 ≤ 2 > 50 > 75 > 100 16 QAM ≤ 12 ≤ 16 ≤ 16 ≤ 18 ≤ 1 16 QAM > 12 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 18 and ≤ ≤ 2 50 75 75 100 16 QAM > 75 > 75 > 100 > 50 ≤ 3

Table 6.2.3A-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

For PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C with non-contiguous resource allocation, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2A-1 is specified as follows

$$MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{array}{lll} M_A = & 8.2 & ; 0 \leq A < 0.025 \\ & 9.2 - 40A & ; 0.025 \leq A < 0.05 \\ & 8 - 16A & ; 0.05 \leq A < 0.25 \\ & 4.83 - 3.33A & ; 0.25 \leq A \leq 0.4, \\ & 3.83 - 0.83A & ; 0.4 \leq A \leq 1, \end{array}$$

Where

$$A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$$

CEIL{ M_{A} , 0.5} means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. MPR \in [3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5]

For intra-band carrier aggregation, the MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) on all component carriers within the slot; the maximum MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5A apply.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier on the PCC, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

6.2.3B UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2B-1 is specified in Table 6.2.3-1. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations defined in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5B apply.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

6.2.4 UE maximum output power with additional requirements

Additional ACLR and spectrum emission requirements can be signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall also meet additional requirements in a specific deployment scenario. To meet these additional requirements, Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the output power as specified in Table 6.2.2-1. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤1
		2 4 40 22 25	5	>6	≤1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
		33, 30	15	>8	≤1
			20	>10	≤1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤1
143_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤1
143_09	0.0.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.3.13	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table	6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15		6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	Table	6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10	Table	, Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	≥ 1	≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.3.14	23	5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-15
NS_22	6.6.3.3.15	42, 43	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-16	
NS_23	6.6.3.3.16	42, 43	5, 10, 15, 20	N	I/A
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2.4-2: A-MPR for "NS_07"

Parameters	Region A		Regio	Region C	
RB _{start}	() - 12	13 – 18	19 – 42	43 – 49
LCRB [RBs]	6-8	1 to 5 and 9-50	≥8	≥18	≤2
A-MPR [dB]	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 12	≤ 6	≤ 3

NOTE 1; RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2; LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis.

NOTE 4; For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, the larger A-MPR value of the two regions may be applied for both slots in the subframe.

Table 6.2.4-3: A-MPR for "NS_10"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A
	RB _{start}	0 – 10
15	LCRB [RBs]	1 -20
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 2
	RB _{start}	0 – 15
20	LCRB [RBs]	1 -20
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersect Region A, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

Table 6.2.4-4: A-MPR requirements for "NS_04" with bandwidth >5MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
10	RB _{start}	0 – 12	13 – 36	37 – 49
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A	>37	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB
15	RB _{start}	0 – 18	19 – 55	56 – 74
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A	>56	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB
20	RB _{start}	0 – 24	25 – 74	75 – 99
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A ³	>75	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: ³ refers to any RB allocation that starts in Region A or C is allowed the specified A-MPR

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 5: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

Table 6.2.4-5: A-MPR for "NS_11"

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters								
	Fc [MHz]	<20				≥2004			
3	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-1				>5			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤{				≤1			
	Fc [MHz]	<20	04		200)4 ≤ Fc <	2007	≥	:2007
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-2	25			6 & -25	8-12		>6
	A-MPR [dB]	≤7	7		≤	4	0		≤ 1
	Fc [MHz]	200)5 ≤	Fc <2	2015	i	•	2015	
40	RB _{start}		0	-49				0-49	
10	LCRB [RBs]	1-50				1-50			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 12				0			
	Fc [MHz]	<2012.5							
	RB _{start}	0-4			5-21		22	-56	57-74
	LCRB [RBs]	≥1	7-	50	0-	6 & ≥50	≤25	>25	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤15	≤	7		≤10	0	≤6	≤15
15	Fc [MHz]					2012	.5		
	RB _{start}	0-12			13-	39	40-6	5	66-74
	LCRB [RBS]	≥1		≥3	0	<30	≥ (69 RB _{star}		≥1
	A-MPR [dB]	≤10 ≤6 0		≤10 ≤6 0 ≤2			≤6.5		
	Fc [MHz]	2010							
	RB _{start}	0-12		1	3-29	29 30-68		68	69-99
20	LCRB [RBS]	≥1	10	-60		1-9 & >60	1-24	≥25	≥1
	A-MPR [dB]	≤15	_	≤7		≤10	0	≤7	≤15

Table 6.2.4-6: A-MPR for "NS_12"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Regio	Region B	
	RB _{start}	0		1-2
1.4	LCRB [RBs]	≤3	≥4	≥4
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3 ≤6		≤3
	RB _{start}	0-3	3	4-5
3	LCRB [RBs]	4-9	1-3 and 10-15	≥9
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤3	≤3
	RB _{start}	0-	6	7-9
5	LCRB [RBs]	≤8 ≥9		≥15
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤3	≤3

Table 6.2.4-7: A-MPR for "NS_13"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A		
	RB _{start}	0-2	2	
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤5	≥18	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤2	

Table 6.2.4-8: A-MPR for "NS_14"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A			
	RB _{start}	0			
10	LCRB [RBs]	≤5	=50		
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤1		
	RB _{start}	≤8	3		
15	LCRB [RBs]	≤16	≥50		
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤1		

Table 6.2.4-9: A-MPR for "NS_15" for E-UTRA highest channel edge > 845 MHz and ≤ 849 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
1.4	RB _{end} [RB]			4-5
1.4	A-MPR [dB]			≤3
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-1	8-12	13-14
3	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥8	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤4	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-4	12-19	20-24
5	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥8	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-12	23-36	37-49
10	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥15	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤6	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-20	26-53	54-74
15	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥20	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9

Table 6.2.4-10: A-MPR for "NS_15" for E-UTRA highest channel edge ≤ 845 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
	RB _{end} [RB]			19-24
5	LCRB [RB]			≥18
	A-MPR [dB]			≤2
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-4	29-44	45-49
10	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥24	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤4	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-12	44-61	62-74
15	LCRB [RB]	≤2	≥20	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9

Table 6.2.4-11: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥807 MHz and <808.5 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D	Region E
	RB _{start}	0	1-2			
3 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≥12	12			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤1			
	RB _{start}	0-1	2	2-9	2-5	
5 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	1 - 25	12	15-18	20	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤1	≤2	≤3	
	RB _{start}	0 - 8	0-	14	15-20	15-24
10 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	1 - 12	15-20	≥24	≥30	24-27
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤3	≤7	≤3	≤1

Table 6.2.4-12: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥808.5 MHz and <812 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D	Region E
	RB _{start}	0	0-1	1-5		
5 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	16-20	≥24	16-20		
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤1		
	RB _{start}	0-	-6	0-10	0-14	11-20
10 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	1-12	15-20	24-32	≥36	24-32
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤2	≤4	≤5	≤1

Table 6.2.4-13: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥812 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D
	RB _{start}	0 - 9	0	1-14	0-5
10 MHz	LCRB [RBs]	27-32	36-40	36-40	≥45
	A-MPR [dB]	≤1	≤2	≤1	≤3

Table 6.2.4-14: A-MPR for "NS_19"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A		Region B
	RB _{start}			0-6
10	LCRB [RBs]			≥40
	A-MPR [dB]			≤1
	RB _{start}	0-	-6	7-20
15	LCRB [RBs]	≤18	≥36	≥42
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤2
	RB _{start}	0-14		15-30
20	LCRB [RBs]	≤40	≥45	≥50
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤2

Table 6.2.4-15: A-MPR for "NS_20"

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters										
	Fc [MHz]	< 20	07.5		200	7.5	≤ Fc <	2012	2.5	2012.5 ≤ F	c ≤ 2017.5
5	RB _{start}	≤:	24		C)-3			4-6	≤2	24
5	LCRB [RBs]	>	•0	1	5-19	2	≥20		≥18	1-2	25
	A-MPR [dB]	≤	17		≤1		≤4		≤2	≤	0
	Fc [MHz]						2005				
	RB _{start}		0-25				26-3	4		35-	49
	LCRB [RBs]		>0			8-15	-15 >		15	>	0
10	A-MPR [dB]		≤16			≤2	≤2 ≤5		≤5	≤ 6	
10	Fc [MHz]						2015				
	RB _{start}		0	-5				6-10			
	LCRB [RBs]		≥;	32				≥40			
	A-MPR [dB]		≤	4						≤2	
	Fc [MHz]						2012.5	5			
15	RB _{start}		0-14				15	-24		25-39	61-74
15	LCRB [RBs]	1-9 & 4	0-75	10-	39	24	4-29		≥30	≥36	≤6
	A-MPR [dB]	≤11	≤11 ≤6 ≤1			≤1		≤7	≤5	≤6	
	Fc [MHz]	2010						-			
20	RB _{start}	0-21		22-3	1		32-3	38	39-49	50-68	69-99
20	LCRB [RBs]	>0	1-9 & 3	31-75	10-3	30	≥1	5	≥24	≥25	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤17	≤1:	2	≤6	ć	≤9)	≤7	≤5	≤16

NOTE 1: When NS_20 is signaled the minimum requirements for the 10 MHz bandwidth are specified for E-UTRA

UL carrier center frequencies of 2005 MHz or 2015 MHz.

NOTE 2: When NS_20 is signaled the minimum requirements for the 15 MHz channel bandwidth are specified for E-UTRA UL carrier center frequency of 2012.5 MHz.

Table 6.2.4-16: A-MPR for "NS 22"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D
5	N	No A-MPR is neede	d for 5 MHz chan	nel bandwidth	
10	RB _{start}	0-13	0-17	≤ 6	≥12
	LCRB [RBs]	> 36	33-36	≤ 32	≤ 32
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥44
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3	≤ 3
15	RB _{start}	0-24	0-38	≤ 14	≥ 23
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	> 50	37-50	≤ 36	≤ 36
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥59
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3
20	RB _{start}	0-35	0-51	≤ 21	≥ 31
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	> 64	49-64	≤ 48	≤ 48
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥79
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3

NOTE 1; RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2; LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis.

NOTE 4; For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, the larger A-MPR value of the two regions may be applied for both slots in the subframe.

For PRACH, PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed A-MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For each subframe, the A-MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the maximum A-MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.4A UE maximum output power with additional requirements for CA

Additional ACLR, spectrum emission and spurious emission requirements for carrier aggregation can be signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall also meet additional requirements in a specific deployment scenario. To meet these additional requirements, Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the CA Power Class as specified in Table 6.2.2A-1.

If for intra-band carrier aggregation the UE is configured for transmissions on a single serving cell, then subclauses 6.2.3 and 6.2.4 apply with the Network Signaling value indicated by the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*.

For intra-band contiguous aggregation with the UE configured for transmissions on two serving cells, the maximum output power reduction specified in Table 6.2.4A-1 is allowed for all serving cells of the applicable uplink CA configurations according to the CA network signalling value indicated by the field *additionalSpectrumEmissionSCell-r10*. Then clause 6.2.3A does not apply, i.e. the carrier aggregation MPR = 0 dB, unless the value indicated is CA_NS_31.

Table 6.2.4A-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) for intra-band contiguous CA

CA Network Signalling value	Requiren (subcla		Uplink CA Configuration	A-MPR [dB] (subclause)
CA_NS_01	6.6.3.3		CA_1C	6.2.4A.1
CA_NS_02	6.6.3.3	٩.2	CA_1C	6.2.4A.2
CA_NS_03	6.6.3.3	4.3	CA_1C	6.2.4A.3
CA_NS_04	6.6.2.2A.1, 6	6.3.3A.8	CA_41C	6.2.4A.4
CA_NS_05	6.6.3.3	۹.4	CA_38C	6.2.4A.5
CA_NS_06	6.6.3.3	۹.5	CA_7C	6.2.4A.6
CA_NS_31	NOTE	1	Table 5.6A.1-1 (NOTE 1)	N/A
CA_NS_32			Reserved	

NOTE 1: Applicable for uplink CA configurations listed in Table 5.6A.1-1 for which none of the additional requirements in subclauses 6.6.2.2A or 6.6.3.3A apply.

NOTE 2: The index of the sequence CA_NS corresponds to the value of additionalSpectrumEmissionSCellr10.

For PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed A-MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For intra-band carrier aggregation, the A-MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) on all component carriers within the slot; the maximum A-MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR specified in table 6.2.4A-1, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5A apply.

6.2.4A.1 A-MPR for CA_NS_01 for CA_1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_01 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in table 6.2.4A.1-1.

Table 6.2.4A.1-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_01

CA_1C: CA_NS_01	RB _{start}	LCRB [RBS]	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16- QAM [dB]
	0 – 23 and 176 – 199	> 0	N/A	≤ 12.0
100 RB / 100 RB	24 – 105	> 64	N/A	≤ 6.0
	106 – 175	N/A	> 175	≤ 5.0
	0 – 6 and 143	0 < L _{CRB} ≤ 10	N/A	≤ 11.0
75 DD / 75 DD	– 149	> 10	N/A	≤ 6.0
75 RB / 75 RB	7 – 90	> 44	N/A	≤ 5.0
	91 – 142	N/A	> 142	≤ 2.0

NOTE 1: RB_start indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: L_CRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_01 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A$$
-MPR = CEIL { M_A , 0.5}

Where MA is defined as follows

 $M_A = -22.5 \; A + 17 \qquad ; \; 0 \leq A < 0.20$

-11.0 A + 14.7 ;
$$0.20 \le A < 0.70$$

$$-1.7 A + 8.2$$
 ; $0.70 \le A \le 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.2 A-MPR for CA_NS_02 for CA_1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_02 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.2-1.

Table 6.2.4A.2-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_02

CA_1C: CA_NS_02	RB _{end}	LCRB [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16 –QAM [dB]
	0 –20	> 0	≤ 4 dB
	21 – 46	> 0	≤ 3 dB
100 RB / 100 RB	47 – 99	> RB _{end} - 20	≤ 3 dB
	100 – 184	> 75	≤ 6 dB
	185 – 199	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	0 – 48	> 0	≤ 2 dB
	49 – 80	> RB _{end} - 20	≤ 3 dB
75 RB / 75 RB	81 – 129	> 60	≤ 5 dB
	130 – 149	> 84	≤ 6 dB
	130 – 149	1 – 84	≤ 2 dB

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_02 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

A-MPR = CEIL
$$\{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{array}{lll} M_A = & -22.5 \ A + 17 & ; \ 0 \leq A < 0.20 \\ & -11.0 \ A + 14.7 & ; \ 0.20 \leq A < 0.70 \\ & -1.7 \ A + 8.2 & ; \ 0.70 \leq A \leq 1 \end{array}$$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.3 A-MPR for CA NS 03 for CA 1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_03 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.3-1.

Table 6.2.4A.3-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_03

CA_1C: CA_NS_03	RB _{end}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 – 26	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	27 – 63	≥ RB _{end} - 27	≤ 6 dB
100 RB / 100 RB	27 – 63	< RB _{end} - 27	≤ 1 dB
100 KB / 100 KB	64 – 100	> RB _{end} - 20	≤ 4 dB
	101 – 171	> 68	≤ 7 dB
	172 – 199	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	0 – 20	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	21 – 45	> 0	≤ 4 dB
75 RB / 75 RB	46 – 75	> RB _{end} - 13	≤ 2 dB
/3 KD / /3 KD	76 – 95	> 45	≤ 5 dB
	96 – 149	> 43	≤ 8 dB
	120 – 149	1 - 43	≤ 6 dB

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_03 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

$$A$$
-MPR = CEIL { M_A , 0.5}

Where MA is defined as follows

$$M_A = -23.33A + 17.5$$
 ; $0 \le A < 0.15$ $-7.65A + 15.15$; $0.15 \le A \le 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg}$.

6.2.4A.4 A-MPR for CA_NS_04

If the UE is configured to CA_41C and it receives IE CA_NS_04 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.4-1.

Table 6.2.4A.4-1: Contiguous Allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_04

CA Bandwidth Class C	RB _{Start}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK [dB]	A-MPR for 16QAM [dB]
50RB / 100 RB	0 - 44 and 105 - 149	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	45 – 104	N/A	>105	≤3dB	≤4dB
75 RB / 75 RB	0 - 44 and 105 - 149	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	45 – 104	N/A	>105	≤4dB	≤4dB
100 RB / 75 RB	0 - 49 and 125 - 174	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	50 - 124	N/A	>125	≤3dB	≤4dB
100 RB / 100 RB	0 - 59 and 140 - 199	>0	N/A	≤3dB	≤4dB
	60– 139	N/A	>140	≤3dB	≤4dB

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_41C and it receives IE CA_NS_04 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_A &= 11.0, &0 \leq A < 0.05 \\ &= -55.0A + 13.75, &0.05 \leq A < 0.15 \\ &= -4.0A + 6.10, &0.15 \leq A < 0.40 \\ &= -0.83A + 4.83, &0.40 \leq A \leq 1 \end{split}$$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.5 A-MPR for CA NS 05 for CA 38C

If the UE is configured to CA_38C and it receives IE CA_NS_05 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.5-1.

Table 6.2.4A.5-1: Contigous Allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_05

CA_38C	RB _{end}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 – 12	>0	≤ 5 dB
400DD/400DD	13 – 79	> RB _{end} - 13	≤ 2 dB
100RB/100RB	80 – 180	>60	≤ 6 dB
	181 – 199	> 0	≤ 11 dB
	0 – 70	> max (0, RB _{end} -10)	≤ 2 dB
	71- 108	> 60	≤ 5 dB
75RB/75RB	109 – 139	>0	≤ 5 dB
	140 – 149	≤ 70	≤ 2 dB
	140 – 149	>70	≤ 6 dB

NOTE 1: RBend indicates the highest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_38C and it receives IE CA_NS_05 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_{A_i} \ 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$M_A = -14.17 \ A + 16.50$$
 ; $0 \le A < 0.60$

$$-2.50 \text{ A} + 9.50$$
 ; $0.60 \le \text{A} \le 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.6 A-MPR for CA NS 06

If the UE is configured to CA_7C and it receives IE CA_NS_06 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.6-1.

CA Bandwidth A-MPR for QPSK and RB end L_{CRB} [RBs] Class C 16-QAM [dB] 0 - 22>0 ≤4 dB 23 - 99> max(0, RB_{end} - 25) ≤ 2 dB 100RB/100RB 100 - 142> 75 ≤ 3 dB 143 - 177>70 ≤ 5 dB 178 - 199> 0 ≤ 10 dB 0 - 7>0 ≤ 5 dB 8-74 > max(0, RBend - 10) ≤ 2 dB 75RB/75RB 75 - 109>64 ≤ 2 dB 110 - 144>35 ≤ 6 dB 145 - 149>0 ≤ 10 dB

Table 6.2.4A.6-1: Contiguous Allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_06

If the UE is configured to CA_7C and it receives IE CA_NS_06 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where M_A is defined as follows

$$M_A = -13.33A + 17.5 \qquad ; 0 \le A < 0.15$$

 $-6.47A + 16.47 \hspace{35pt} ; \hspace{.08in} 0.15 \leq A \leq 1$

Where $A = N_{RB \text{ alloc}} / N_{RB \text{ agg.}}$

6.2.4B UE maximum output power with additional requirements for UL-

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the A-MPR values specified in subclause 6.2.4 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2.2B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5B apply.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.4 apply.

6.2.5 Configured transmitted power

The UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ for serving cell c. The configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ is set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L,c} \le P_{CMAX,c} \le P_{CMAX_H,c}$$

with

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX_L,c} = MIN \; \{ P_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_{C,c}, \, P_{PowerClass} - MAX(MPR_c + A-MPR_c + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_{C,c}, \, P-MPR_c) \; \} \\ P_{CMAX_L,c} = MIN \; \{ P_{EMAX,c}, \, P_{PowerClass} \} \end{split}$$

where

- $P_{\text{EMAX},c}$ is the value given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell *c*, defined in [7];

- P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.2-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.2-1;
- MPR_c and A-MPR_c for serving cell c are specified in subclause 6.2.3 and subclause 6.2.4, respectively;
- $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in Table 6.2.5-2; $\Delta T_{IB,c} = 0$ dB otherwise;
- $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 applies;
- $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 does not apply.

P-MPR_c is the allowed maximum output power reduction for

- a) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements and addressing unwanted emissions / self desense requirements in case of simultaneous transmissions on multiple RAT(s) for scenarios not in scope of 3GPP RAN specifications;
- b) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements in case of proximity detection is used to address such requirements that require a lower maximum output power.

The UE shall apply P-MPR $_c$ for serving cell c only for the above cases. For UE conducted conformance testing P-MPR shall be $0~\mathrm{dB}$

- NOTE 1: P-MPR $_c$ was introduced in the $P_{CMAX,c}$ equation such that the UE can report to the eNB the available maximum output transmit power. This information can be used by the eNB for scheduling decisions.
- NOTE 2: P-MPR_c may impact the maximum uplink performance for the selected UL transmission path.

For each subframe, the $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ for serving cell c is evaluated per slot and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the minimum $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe. $P_{PowerClass}$ shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured configured maximum output power P_{UMAX,c} shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX L,c} - MAX\{T_{L,c}, T(P_{CMAX L,c})\} \le P_{UMAX,c} \le P_{CMAX H,c} + T(P_{CMAX H,c})$$

where the tolerance $T(P_{CMAX,c})$ for applicable values of $P_{CMAX,c}$ is specified in Table 6.2.5-1. The tolerance $T_{L,c}$ is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for the applicable operating band as specified in Table 6.2.2-1.

Table 6.2.5-1: P_{CMAX,c} tolerance

Р _{смах,с} (dВm)	Tolerance T(P _{CMAX,c}) (dB)
23 < P _{CMAX,c} ≤ 33	2.0
$21 \le P_{CMAX,c} \le 23$	2.0
20 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 21	2.5
19 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 20	3.5
18 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 19	4.0
13 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 18	5.0
8 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 13	6.0
$-40 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 8$	7.0

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation configurations with the uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ is defined for applicable bands in Table 6.2.5-2.

Table 6.2.5-2: ΔT_{IB,c}

Inter-band CA Configuration	E-UTRA Band	ΔT _{IB,c} [dB]
CA_1A-5A	1	0.3
CA_TA-SA	5	0.3
CA_1A-18A	1	0.3
CA_TA-TOA	18	0.3
CA_1A-19A	1	0.3
CA_TA-19A	19	0.3
CA_1A-21A	1	0.3
CA_TA-ZTA	21	0.3
CA 2A 17A	2	0.3
CA_2A-17A	17	0.8
CA_2A-29A	2	0.3
	3	0.3
CA_3A-5A	5	0.3
	3	0.5
CA_3A-7A	7	0.5
21 21 21	3	0.3
CA_3A-8A	8	0.3
21 21 221	3	0.3
CA_3A-20A	20	0.3
00.40.50	4	0.3
CA_4A-5A	5	0.3
00 40 70	4	0.5
CA_4A-7A	7	0.5
04 44 404	4	0.3
CA_4A-12A	12	0.8
04 44 404	4	0.3
CA_4A-13A	13	0.3
00 40 470	4	0.3
CA_4A-17A	17	0.8
CA_4A-29A	4	0.3
	5	0.8
CA_5A-12A	12	0.4
CA	5	0.8
CA_5A-17A	17	0.4
CA 7A 20A	7	0.3
CA_7A-20A	20	0.3
CA 8A 20A	8	0.4
CA_8A-20A	20	0.4
CA 11A 10A	11	0.3
CA_11A-18A	18	0.3

- NOTE 1: The above additional tolerances are only applicable for the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 2: The above additional tolerances also apply in non-aggregated operation for the supported E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 3: In case the UE supports more than one of the above inter-band carrier aggregation configurations and a E-UTRA operating band belongs to more than one inter-band carrier aggregation configurations then:
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the
 applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the tolerances above,
 truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported
 CA configurations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band
 UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different
 supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be
 applied
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance above that applies for that operating band among the supported CA configurations

NOTE: The above additional tolerances do not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL. Otherwise the above additional tolerances also apply to supported UTRA operating bands that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations.

NOTE: To meet the $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ requirements for CA_3A-7A with state-of-the-art technology, an increase in power consumption of the UE may be required. It is also expected that as the state-of-the-art technology evolves in the future, this possible power consumption increase can be reduced or eliminated.

6.2.5A Configured transmitted power for CA

For uplink carrier aggregation the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ for serving cell c and its total configured maximum output power P_{CMAX} .

The configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ on serving cell c shall be set as specified in subclause 6.2.5.

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, $MPR_c = MPR$ and $A-MPR_c = A-MPR$ with MPR and A-MPR specified in subclause 6.2.3A and subclause 6.2.4A respectively. There is one power management term for the UE, denoted P-MPR, and P-MPR $_c = P-MPR$. $P_{CMAX,c}$ is calculated under the assumption that the transmit power is increased by the same amount in dB on all component carriers.

Table 6.2.5A-1:Void

The total configured maximum output power PCMAX shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L} \leq P_{CMAX} \leq P_{CMAX_H}$$

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation,

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX_L} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_C \,, \, P_{PowerClass} - MAX(MPR + A-MPR + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_C, \, P-MPR)\} \\ P_{CMAX_H} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} \,, \, P_{PowerClass}\} \end{split}$$

where

- $p_{EMAX,c}$ is the linear value of $P_{EMAX,c}$ which is given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell *c* in [7];
- P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.2A-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.2A-1;
- MPR and A-MPR are specified in subclause 6.2.3A and subclause 6.2.4A respectively;
- $\Delta T_{\rm IB,c}$ is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in Table 6.2.5-2;
- P-MPR is the power management term for the UE;
- ΔT_C is the highest value $\Delta T_{C,c}$ among all serving cells c in the subframe over both timeslots. $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2A-1 applies to the serving cell c, otherwise $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0$ dB.

For each subframe, the P_{CMAX_L} is evaluated per slot and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the minimum P_{CMAX_L} over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe. $P_{PowerClass}$ shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

In case PC2 and uplink intra-band contiguous CA capable UE receives $p_{EMAX,c}$ in Scell then that applies both to Scell and Pcell once the Scell is activated.

The measured maximum output power P_{UMAX} over all serving cells shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX_L} - MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L})\} \leq & P_{UMAX} \leq P_{CMAX_H} + T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H}) \\ \\ P_{UMAX} = & 10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{UMAX,c} \end{split}$$

where $p_{UMAX,c}$ denotes the measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale. The tolerances $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$ and $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$ for applicable values of P_{CMAX} are specified in Table 6.2.5A-2 for intra-band carrier aggregation. The tolerance T_L is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable E-UTRA CA configurations as specified in Table 6.2.2A-1 for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation.

Table 6.2.5A-2: PCMAX tolerance for dual uplink intra-band contiguous CA

P _{CMAX} (dBm)	Tolerance T _{LOW} (P _{CMAX}) (dB)	Tolerance Thigh(Pcmax) (dB)	
21 ≤ P _{CMAX} ≤ 23	2	.0	
20 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 21	2	.5	
19 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 20	3.5		
18 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 19	4.	.0	
13 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 18	5	.0	
8 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 13	6	.0	
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 8	7.	.0	

Table 6.2.5A-3: Void

6.2.5B Configured transmitted power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmitted power is configured per each UE.

The definitions of configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$, the lower bound $P_{CMAX_L,c}$, and the higher bound $P_{CMAX_H,c}$ specified in subclause 6.2.5 shall apply to UE supporting UL-MIMO, where

- $P_{PowerClass}$ and $\Delta T_{C,c}$ are specified in subclause 6.2.2B;
- MPR $_c$ is specified in subclause 6.2.3B;
- A-MPR_c is specified in subclause 6.2.4B.

The measured configured maximum output power $P_{UMAX,c}$ for serving cell c shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L,c} - MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L,c})\} \leq P_{UMAX,c} \leq P_{CMAX_H,c} + T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H,c})$$

where $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L,c})$ and $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H,c})$ are defined as the tolerance and applies to $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ and $P_{CMAX_H,c}$ separately, while T_L is the absolute value of the lower tolerance in Table 6.2.2B-1 for the applicable operating band.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial amultiplexing scheme, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2.5B-1. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

Table 6.2.5B-1: P_{CMAX,c} tolerance in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Р _{СМАХ,с} (dВm)	Tolerance Tolerance TLOW(PCMAX_L,c) (dB) THIGH(PCMAX_H,c) (dB)			
$P_{CMAX,c} = 23$	3.0	2.0		
22 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 23	5.0	2.0		
21 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 22	5.0	3.0		
20 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 21	6.0	4.0		
16 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 20	5.0			
11 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 16	6.0			
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 11	7	.0		

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.3 Output power dynamics

6.3.1 (Void)

6.3.2 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power is set to a minimum value.

6.3.2.1 Minimum requirement

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one sub-frame (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth 1.4 3.0 10 15 20 5 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Minimum output -40 dBm power Measurement 9.0 MHz 13.5 MHz 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.2.1-1: Minimum output power

6.3.2A UE Minimum output power for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the transmit power of the UE per component carrier, i.e., the power in the channel bandwidth of each component carrier for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power on both component carriers are set to a minimum value.

6.3.2A.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one subframe (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2A.1-1.

Table 6.3.2A.1-1: Minimum output power for intra-band contiguous CA UE

	CC Chan	CC Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth				
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Minimum output power			-40 c	lBm		
Measurement bandwidth				9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.2B UE Minimum output power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the minimum controlled output power is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the sum of the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks) at each transmit antenna connector, when the UE power is set to a minimum value.

6.3.2B.1 Minimum requirement

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum output power is defined as the sum of the mean power at each transmit connector in one sub-frame (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2B.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth 1.4 3.0 5 15 20 10 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Minimum output -40 dBm power Measurement 13.5 MHz 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 9.0 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.2B.1-1: Minimum output power

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.3.2 apply.

6.3.3 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power when the transmitter is OFF. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During DTX and measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3.1. Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power / Measurement bandwidth 1.4 20 3.0 10 15 5 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Transmit OFF -50 dBm power Measurement 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 9.0 MHz 13.5 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.3.1-1: Transmit OFF power

6.3.3A UE Transmit OFF power for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power per component carrier when the transmitter is OFF on both component carriers. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3A.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3A.1-1.

Table 6.3.3A.1-1: Transmit OFF power for intra-band contiguous CA UE

	Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power / Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmit OFF power			-50 (dBm		
Measurement bandwidth				9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.3B UE Transmit OFF power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector when the transmitter is OFF at all transmit antenna connectors. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During DTX and measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3B.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power at each transmit antenna connector shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3B.1-1.

Table 6.3.3B.1-1: Transmit OFF power per antenna port

	Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power/ Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmit OFF power	-50 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.4 ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.1 General ON/OFF time mask

The General ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between Transmit OFF and ON power and between Transmit ON and OFF power. ON/OFF scenarios include; the beginning or end of DTX, measurement gap, contiguous, and non contiguous transmission

The OFF power measurement period is defined in a duration of at least one sub-frame excluding any transient periods. The ON power is defined as the mean power over one sub-frame excluding any transient period.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

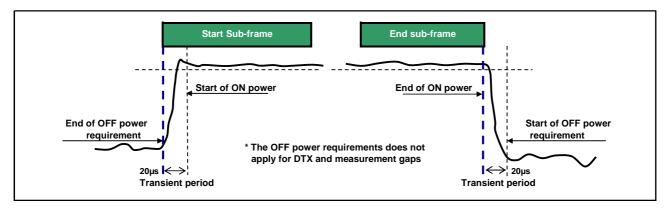


Figure 6.3.4.1-1: General ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2 PRACH and SRS time mask

6.3.4.2.1 PRACH time mask

The PRACH ON power is specified as the mean power over the PRACH measurement period excluding any transient periods as shown in Figure 6.3.4.2-1. The measurement period for different PRACH preamble format is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

Table 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON power measurement period

PRACH preamble format	Measurement period (ms)
0	0.9031
1	1.4844
2	1.8031
3	2.2844
4	0.1479

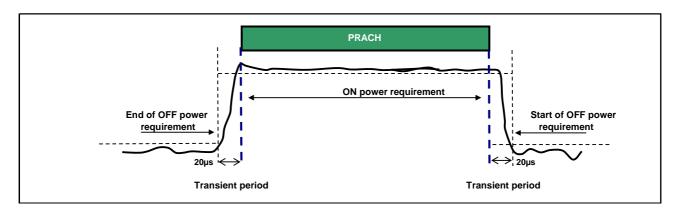


Figure 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2.2 SRS time mask

In the case a single SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power over the symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1

In the case a dual SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power for each symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

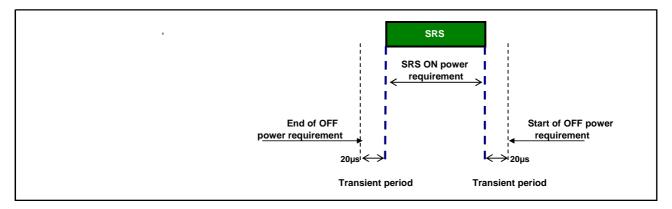


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1: Single SRS time mask

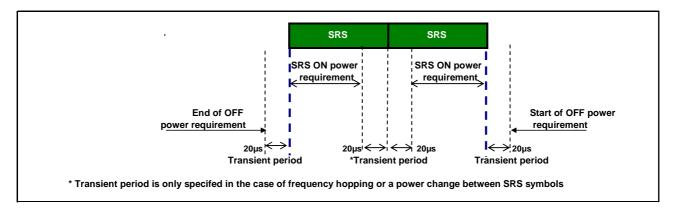


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2: Dual SRS time mask for the case of UpPTS transmissions

6.3.4.3 Slot / Sub frame boundary time mask

The sub frame boundary time mask defines the observation period between the previous/subsequent sub–frame and the (reference) sub-frame. A transient period at a slot boundary within a sub-frame is only allowed in the case of Intra-sub frame frequency hopping. For the cases when the subframe contains SRS the time masks in subclause 6.3.4.4 apply.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

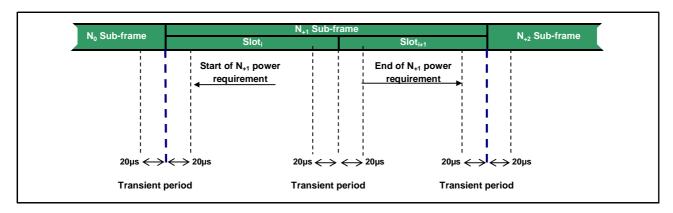


Figure 6.3.4.3-1: Transmission power template

6.3.4.4 PUCCH / PUSCH / SRS time mask

The PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask defines the observation period between sounding reference symbol (SRS) and an adjacent PUSCH/PUCCH symbol and subsequent sub-frame.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3.

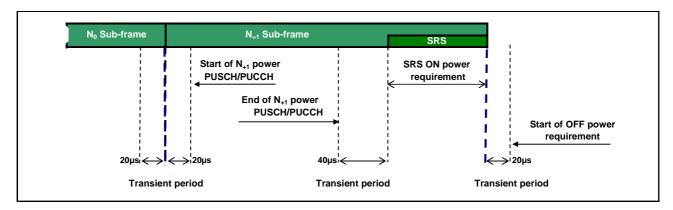


Figure 6.3.4.4-1: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before SRS but not after

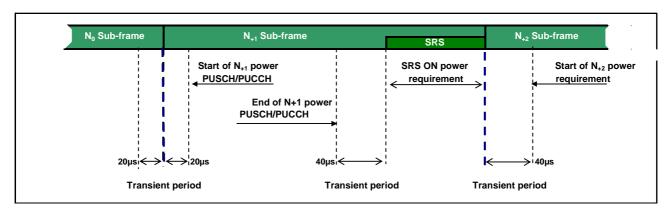


Figure 6.3.4.4-2: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is transmission before and after SRS

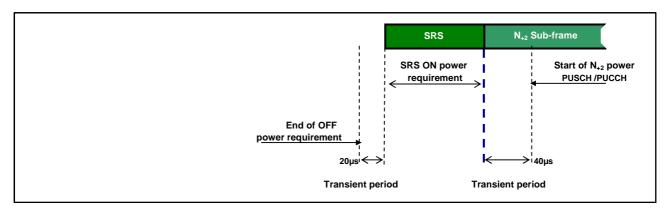


Figure 6.3.4.4-3: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission after SRS but not before

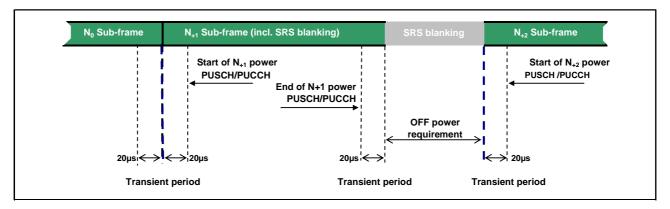


Figure 6.3.4.4-4: SRS time mask when there is FDD SRS blanking

6.3.4A ON/OFF time mask for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 is applicable for each component carrier during the ON power period and the transient periods. The OFF period as specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

6.3.4B ON/OFF time mask for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the ON/OFF time mask requirements in subclause 6.3.4 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the general ON/OFF time mask requirements specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.3.4 apply.

6.3.5 Power Control

6.3.5.1 Absolute power tolerance

Absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap larger than 20ms. This tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133)

In the case of a PRACH transmission, the absolute tolerance is specified for the first preamble. The absolute power tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133).

6.3.5.1.1 Minimum requirements

The minimum requirement for absolute power tolerance is given in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 over the power range bounded by the Maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2 and the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2.

For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the absolute power tolerance as specified in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidth is confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} – 4 MHz and F_{UL_high} .

Table 6.3.5.1.1-1: Absolute power tolerance

Conditions	Tolerance
Normal	± 9.0 dB
Extreme	± 12.0 dB

6.3.5.2 Relative Power tolerance

The relative power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power in a target sub-frame relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted reference sub-frame if the transmission gap between these sub-frames is ≤ 20 ms.

For PRACH transmission, the relative tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted preamble. The measurement period for the PRACH preamble is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

6.3.5.2.1 Minimum requirements

The requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames are within the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the measured PUMAX as defined in subclause 6.2.5 (i.e, the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be within the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5.

To account for RF Power amplifier mode changes 2 exceptions are allowed for each of two test patterns. The test patterns are a monotonically increasing power sweep and a monotonically decreasing power sweep over a range bounded by the requirements of minimum power and maximum power specified in subclauses 6.3.2 and 6.2.2. For these exceptions the power tolerance limit is a maximum of ± 6.0 dB in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 Relative power tolerance for transmission (normal conditions)

Power step ΔP (Up or down) [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions between sub- frames [dB]	PRACH [dB]
ΔP < 2	±2.5 (Note 3)	±3.0	±2.5
2 ≤ ΔP < 3	±3.0	±4.0	±3.0
3 ≤ ΔP < 4	±3.5	±5.0	±3.5
4 ≤ ΔP ≤ 10	±4.0	±6.0	±4.0
10 ≤ ΔP < 15	±5.0	±8.0	±5.0
15 ≤ ΔP	±6.0	±9.0	±6.0

NOTE 1: For extreme conditions an additional ± 2.0 dB relaxation is allowed

NOTE 2: For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the relative power tolerance is relaxed by increasing the upper limit by 1.5 dB if the transmission bandwidth of the reference sub-frames is confined within Ful_low and Ful_low + 4 MHz or Ful_high - 4 MHz and Ful_high and the target sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges; if the transmission bandwidth of the target sub-frame is confined within Ful_low and Ful_low + 4 MHz or Ful_high - 4 MHz and Ful_high and the reference sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges, then the tolerance is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5

NOTE 3: For PUSCH to PUSCH transitions with the allocated resource blocks fixed in frequency and no transmission gaps other than those generated by downlink subframes, DwPTS fields or Guard Periods for TDD: for a power step $\Delta P \le 1$ dB, the relative power tolerance for transmission is ± 1.0 dB.

The power step (ΔP) is defined as the difference in the calculated setting of the UE Transmit power between the target and reference sub-frames with the power setting according to subclause 5.1 of [TS 36.213]. The error is the difference

between ΔP and the power change measured at the UE antenna port with the power of the cell-specific reference signals kept constant. The error shall be less than the relative power tolerance specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

For sub-frames not containing an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original reference sub-frame and the mean power of the target subframe not including transient durations. The mean power of successive sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figure 6.3.4.3-1 and Figure 6.3.4.1-1 if there is a transmission gap between the reference and target sub-frames.

If at least one of the sub-frames contains an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the last transmission within the reference sub-frame and the mean power of the first transmission within the target sub-frame not including transient durations. A transmission is defined as PUSCH, PUCCH or an SRS symbol. The mean power of the reference and target sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figures 6.3.4.1-1, 6.3.4.2-1, 6.3.4.4-1, 6.3.4.4-2 and 6.3.4.4-3 for these cases.

6.3.5.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

Aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of a UE to maintain its power in non-contiguous transmission within 21 ms in response to 0 dB TPC commands with respect to the first UE transmission, when the power control parameters specified in TS 36.213 are constant.

6.3.5.3.1 Minimum requirement

The UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.3.1-1 for aggregate power control over the power range bounded by the minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2.

TPC command UL channel		Aggregate power tolerance within 21 ms		
0 dB	PUCCH	±2.5 dB		
0 dB PUSCH		±3.5 dB		
NOTE: The UE transmission gap is 4 ms. TPC command is transmitted via PDCCH 4 subframes preceding each PUCCH/PUSCH transmission.				

Table 6.3.5.3.1-1: Aggregate power control tolerance

6.3.5A Power control for CA

The requirements apply for one single PUCCH, PUSCH or SRS transmission of contiguous PRB allocation per component carrier with power setting in accordance with Clause 5.1 of [6].

6.3.5A.1 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap on each active component carriers larger than 20ms. The requirement can be tested by time aligning any transmission gaps on the component carriers.

6.3.5A.1.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C the absolute power control tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1.

6.3.5A.2 Relative power tolerance

6.3.5A.2.1 Minimum requirements

The requirements apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames on each component carrier exceed -20 dBm and the total power is limited by P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A. For the purpose of these requirements, the power in each component carrier is specified over only the transmitted resource blocks.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C, the UE shall meet the following requirements for transmission on both assigned component carriers when the average transmit power per PRB is aligned across both assigned carriers in the reference sub-frame:

- a) for all possible combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions per component carrier, the corresponding requirements given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1:
- b) for SRS transitions on each component carrier, the requirements for combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 with simultaneous SRS of constant SRS bandwidth allocated in the target and reference subrames:
- c) for RACH on the primary component carrier, the requirements given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 for PRACH

For a) and b) above, the power step ΔP between the reference and target subframes shall be set by a TPC command and/or an uplink scheduling grant transmitted by means of an appropriate DCI Format.

For a), b) and c) above, two exceptions are allowed for each component carrier for a power per carrier ranging from -20 dBm to $P_{UMAX,c}$ as defined in subclause 6.2.5. For these exceptions the power tolerance limit is ± 6.0 dB in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

6.3.5A.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

Aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of a UE to maintain its power in non-contiguous transmission within 21 ms in response to 0 dB TPC commands with respect to the first UE transmission, when the power control parameters specified in [6] are constant on all active component carriers.

6.3.5A.3.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C, the aggregate power tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.5.3.1-1 with either simultaneous PUSCH or simultaneous PUCCH-PUSCH (if supported by the UE) configured. The average power per PRB shall be aligned across both assigned carriers before the start of the test. The requirement can be tested with the transmission gaps time aligned between component carriers.

6.3.5B Power control for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the power control tolerance applies to the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

The power control requirements specified in subclause 6.3.5 apply to UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2, wherein

- The Maximum output power requirements for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.2.2B
- The Minimum output power requirements for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.3.2B
- The requirements for configured transmitted power for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.2.5B.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.3.5 apply.

6.4 Void

6.5 Transmit signal quality

6.5.1 Frequency error

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one time slot (0.5 ms) compared to the carrier frequency received from the E-UTRA Node B.

6.5.1A Frequency error for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UE modulated carrier frequencies per band shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency of primary component carrier received from the E-UTRA in the corresponding band.

6.5.1B Frequency error for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) supporting UL-MIMO, the UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one time slot (0.5 ms) compared to the carrier frequency received from the E-UTRA Node B.

6.5.2 Transmit modulation quality

Transmit modulation quality defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

All the parameters defined in subclause 6.5.2 are defined using the measurement methodology specified in Annex F.

6.5.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Before calculating the EVM the measured waveform is corrected by the sample timing offset and RF frequency offset. Then the carrier leakage shall be removed from the measured waveform before calculating the EVM.

The measured waveform is further modified by selecting the absolute phase and absolute amplitude of the Tx chain. The EVM result is defined after the front-end IDFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The basic EVM measurement interval in the time domain is one preamble sequence for the PRACH and is one slot for the PUCCH and PUSCH in the time domain.. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol, accordingly. The PUSCH or PUCCH EVM measurement interval is also reduced when the mean power, modulation or allocation between slots is expected to change. In the case of PUSCH transmission, the measurement interval is reduced by a time interval equal to the sum of 5 μ s and the applicable exclusion period defined in subclause 6.3.4, adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur. The PUSCH exclusion period is applied to the signal obtained after the front-end IDFT. In the case of PUCCH transmission with power change, the PUCCH EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur.

6.5.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The RMS average of the basic EVM measurements for 10 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the average EVM case, and 60 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the reference signal EVM case, for the different modulations schemes shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the parameters defined in Table 6.5.2.1.1-2. For EVM evaluation purposes, [all PRACH preamble formats 0-4 and] all PUCCH formats 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 2a and 2b are considered to have the same EVM requirement as QPSK modulated.

Table 6.5.2.1.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level	Reference Signal EVM Level
QPSK or BPSK	%	17.5	17.5
16QAM	%	12.5	12.5

Table 6.5.2.1.1-2: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Level
UE Output Power	dBm	≥ -40
Operating conditions		Normal conditions

6.5.2.2 Carrier leakage

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform that has the same frequency as a modulated waveform carrier frequency. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

6.5.2.2.1 Minimum requirements

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.2.1-1.

Table 6.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for relative carrier leakage power

Parameters	Relative limit (dBc)	Applicable frequencies
Output power >10 dBm	-28	Carrier center frequency < 1 GHz
	-25	Carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz
0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤10 dBm	-25	
-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤0 dBm	-20	
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10	

6.5.2.3 In-band emissions

The in-band emission is defined as the average across 12 sub-carrier and as a function of the RB offset from the edge of the allocated UL transmission bandwidth. The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in a non-allocated RB to the UE output power in an allocated RB.

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

6.5.2.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative in-band emission shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1.

Parameter description	Unit	Limit (Note 1)		Applicable Frequencies
General	dB	$\max \left\{ -25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} (N_{RB} / L_{CRB}), \\ 20 \cdot \log_{10} EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\left \Delta_{RB} \right - 1) / L_{CRB}, \\ -57 \ dBm / 180 \ kHz - P_{RB} \right\}$		Any non-allocated (Note 2)
IQ Image		-28	Image frequencies when carrier center frequency < 1 GHz and Output power > 10 dBm	lmaga
	dB	-25	Image frequencies when carrier center frequency < 1 GHz and Output power ≤ 10 dBm	Image frequencies (Notes 2, 3)
		-25	Image frequencies when carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz	(140165 2, 3)
		-28	Output power > 10 dBm and carrier center frequency < 1 GHz	
Carrier leakage	dBc	-25	Output power > 10 dBm and carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz	Carrier frequency
		-25	0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤10 dBm	(Notes 4, 5)
		-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	
	in hand animals	-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	

Table 6.5.2.3.1-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions

70

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of P_{RB} 30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply. P_{RB} is defined in Note 10.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 3: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated bandwidth, based on symmetry with respect to the centre carrier frequency, but excluding any allocated RBs.
- NOTE 4: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the RBs containing the DC frequency if N_{RB} is odd, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the DC frequency if N_{RB} is even, but excluding any allocated RB.
- NOTE 6: $L_{\it CRB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 7: $N_{\it RB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 8: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 9: Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.
 - $\Delta_{\it RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{\it RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth.
- NOTE 10: $P_{\rm RB}$ is the transmitted power per 180 kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

6.5.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness

The zero-forcing equalizer correction applied in the EVM measurement process (as described in Annex F) must meet a spectral flatness requirement for the EVM measurement to be valid. The EVM equalizer spectrum flatness is defined in terms of the maximum peak-to-peak ripple of the equalizer coefficients (dB) across the allocated uplink block. The basic measurement interval is the same as for EVM.

6.5.2.4.1 Minimum requirements

The peak-to-peak variation of the EVM equalizer coefficients contained within the frequency range of the uplink allocation shall not exceed the maximum ripple specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1 for normal conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 5 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 7 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

The EVM equalizer spectral flatness shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-2 for extreme conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 6 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 10 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

Table 6.5.2.4.1-1: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (normal conditions)

	Frequency range	Maximum ripple [dB]
F _{UL_Meas} – F	F _{UL_Low} ≥ 3 MHz and F _{UL_High} – F _{UL_Meas} ≥ 3 MHz	4 (p-p)
	(Range 1)	
F _{UL_Meas} –	Ful_Low < 3 MHz or Ful_High - Ful_Meas < 3 MHz	8 (p-p)
	(Range 2)	
	L_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which aluated	the equalizer coefficient is
NOTE 2: Ful 5.5	ւ_Low and FuL_High refer to each E-UTRA frequency 5-1	band specified in Table

Table 6.5.2.4.1-2: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (extreme conditions)

	Frequency range	Maximum Ripple [dB]
F _{UL_Meas}	s – Ful_Low≥ 5 MHz and Ful_High – Ful_Meas≥ 5 MHz	4 (p-p)
	(Range 1)	
Ful_Mea	as - Ful_Low < 5 MHz or Ful_High - Ful_Meas < 5 MHz	12 (p-p)
	(Range 2)	
NOTE 1:	Ful_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which	the equalizer coefficient is
	evaluated	
NOTE 2:	Ful_Low and Ful_High refer to each E-UTRA frequency	band specified in Table
	5.5-1	

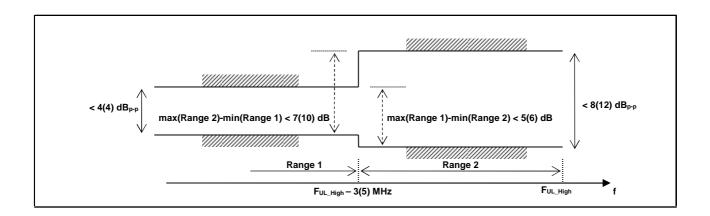


Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation of the coefficients indicated (the ETC minimum requirement within brackets).

6.5.2A Transmit modulation quality for CA

The requirements in this clause apply with PCC and SCC in the UL configured and activated: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

6.5.2A.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For the intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the Error Vector Magnitude requirement should be defined for each component carrier. Requirements only apply with PRB allocation in one of the component carriers. Similar transmitter impairment removal procedures are applied for CA waveform before EVM calculation as is specified for non-CA waveform in sub-section 6.5.2.1.

When a single component carrier is configured Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 apply.

The EVM requirements are according to Table 6.5.2A.1-1 if CA is configured in uplink.

Table 6.5.2A.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level per CC	Reference Signal EVM Level
QPSK or BPSK	%	17.5	17.5
16QAM	%	12.5	12.5

6.5.2A.2 Carrier leakage for CA

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform that is confined within the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration. The carrier leakage requirement is defined for each component carrier and is measured on the component carrier with PRBs allocated. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

6.5.2A.2.1 Minimum requirements

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2A.2.1-1.

Table 6.5.2A.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for Relative Carrier Leakage Power

Parameters	Relative Limit (dBc)
Output power >0 dBm	-25
-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤0 dBm	-20
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10

6.5.2A.3 In-band emissions

6.5.2A.3.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C, the requirements in Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1 and 6.5.2A.3.1-2 apply within the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration with both component carrier (s) active and one single contiguous PRB allocation of bandwidth L_{CRB} at the edge of the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration.

The inband emission is defined as the interference falling into the non allocated resource blocks for all component carriers. The measurement method for the inband emissions in the component carrier with PRB allocation is specified in annex F. For a non allocated component carrier a spectral measurement is specified.

Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (allocated component carrier)

Parameter	Unit		Limit	Applicable Frequencies	
General	dB		$25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} (N_{RB} / L_{CRB}),$ $EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\Delta_{RB} - 1) / L_{CRB},$	Any non-allocated (Note 2)	
		– 57 dBm	$/180kHz-P_{RB}ig\}$		
IQ Image	dB		-25	Exception for IQ image (Note 3)	
Camian		-25	Output power > 0 dBm	Formation to Coming to Survey	
Carrier dBc		-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	Exception for Carrier frequency (Note 4)	
leakage		-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm		

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of P_{RB} 30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply. P_{RB} is defined in Note 9. The limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB.
- NOTE 2:The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs
- NOTE 3: Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to $L_{\it CRBs}$ +1 RBs within a contiguous width of $L_{\it CRBs}$ +1 non-allocated RBs. The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB.
- NOTE 4: Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs. The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in the non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: $L_{\it CRB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) not exceeding $\lfloor N_{\it RB}/2-1 \rfloor$
- NOTE 6: $N_{\it RB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1) of the component carrier with RBs allocated.
- NOTE 7: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 8: Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g. $\Delta_{RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth).
- NOTE 9: $P_{\rm RB}$ is the transmitted power per 180 kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

Table 6.5.2A.3.1-2: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (not allocated component carrier)

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline \text{General} & \text{dB} \\ \hline & \text{BW of 1 RB} \\ & (180\text{KHz} \\ \text{rectangular}) \\ \hline & \text{rectangular}) \\ \hline & \text{Particle of the particles of the component carrier} \\ \hline & \text{IQ Image} \\ \hline & \text{IQ Image} \\ \hline & \text{dB} \\ \hline & \text{dB} \\ \hline & \text{General} \\ \hline & \text{BW of 1 RB} \\ & (180\text{KHz} \\ \text{rectangular}) \\ \hline & \text{IQ Image} \\ \hline & \text{dB} \\ \hline & \text{dB} \\ \hline & \text{dB} \\ \hline & \text{of 1 RB} \\ & (180\text{KHz} \\ \text{rectangular}) \\ \hline & \text{IQ Image} \\ \hline & \text{dB} \\$	Para-	Unit		Limit	remark	Applicable
BW of 1 RB (180KHz rectangular) IQ Image		dB	dB BW of 1 RB (180KHz	$20 \cdot \log_{10} EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\left \Delta_{RB} \right -$	$1)/L_{\it CRB}$, reference value is the average power per allocated RB in the allocated component	Frequencies Any RB in the non allocated component carrier. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this component carrier is allocated with RBs
allocated	IQ Image	dB	(180KHz rectangular)		reference value is the average power per allocated RB in the allocated component	The frequencies of the $L_{\it CRB}$ contiguous non-allocated RBs are unknown. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this component carrier is allocated with RBs
BW of 1 RB Note 3 The The (180KHz reference frequence			(180KHz	Note 3	reference	The frequencies of the up to 2
-25 Output power > 0 dBm total power non-alloc			rectangular)	-25 Output power > 0	total power	non-allocated RBs are
Carrier leakage dBc dBc -20 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm allocated RBs in the allocated component RBs is determined.		dBc	dBc	-/()	ower ≤ 0 allocated RBs in the allocated component	unknown. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this
-10	NOTE1: 5	Resolution	Resolution RWs smaller t	dBm	ower < -30	component carrier is allocated with RBs

bandwidth.

6.5.2B Transmit modulation quality for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit modulation quality requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.5.2 apply.

The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)

NOTE 2: Exceptions to the general limit is are allowed for up to $L_{\it CRB}$ +1 RBs within a contiguous width of $L_{\it CRB}$ +1 non-allocated RBs.

NOTE 3: Two Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs

NOTE 4: Notes 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 from Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1 apply for Table 6.5.2A.3.1-2 as well.

NOTE 5: Δ_{RB} for measured non-allocated RB in the non allocated component carrier may take non-integer values when the carrier spacing between the CCs is not a multiple of RB.

- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage (caused by IQ offset)
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

6.5.2B.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Error Vector Magnitude requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.2 Carrier leakage

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Relative Carrier Leakage Power requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.2.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.2 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.3 In-band emissions

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the In-band Emission requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.3 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the uplink MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the EVM Equalizer Spectrum Flatness requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1 and Table 6.5.2.4.1-2 which are defined in subclause 6.5.2.4 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.6 Output RF spectrum emissions

The output UE transmitter spectrum consists of the three components; the emission within the occupied bandwidth (channel bandwidth), the Out Of Band (OOB) emissions and the far out spurious emission domain.

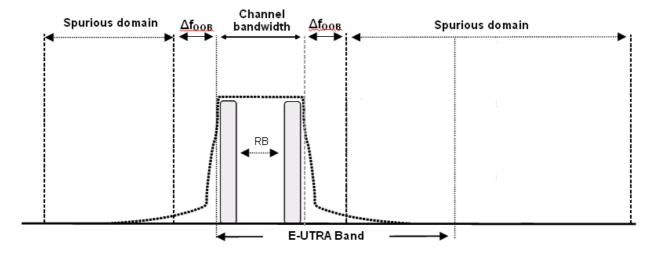


Figure 6.6-1: Transmitter RF spectrum

6.6.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel. The occupied bandwidth for all transmission bandwidth configurations (Resources Blocks) shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.1-1

Table 6.6.1-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

	Occupied c	hannel b	andwidt	h / Chan	nel band	dwidth
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Channel bandwidth (MHz)	1.4	3	5	10	15	20

6.6.1A Occupied bandwidth for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum. The OBW shall be less than the aggregated channel bandwidth defined in subclause 5.6A.

6.6.1B Occupied bandwidth for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for occupied bandwidth is specified at each transmit antenna connector. The occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the occupied bandwidth at each transmitter antenna shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.1B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

Table 6.6.1B-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

	Occupied c	hannel b	andwidt	h / Chan	nel ban	dwidth
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
Channel bandwidth	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
(MHz)						

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.6.1 apply.

6.6.2 Out of band emission

The Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the assigned channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and an Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio.

6.6.2.1 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OOB}) starting from the \pm edge of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth. For frequencies greater than (Δf_{OOB}) as specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 the spurious requirements in subclause 6.6.3 are applicable.

6.6.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth									
∆f _{ООВ} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth		
± 0-1	-10	-13	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz		
± 1-2.5	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz		
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz		
± 2.8-5		-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz		
± 5-6		-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 6-10			-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 10-15				-25	-13	-13	1 MHz		
± 15-20					-25	-13	1 MHz		
+ 20-25						-25	1 MHz		

Table 6.6.2.1.1-1: General E-UTRA spectrum emission mask

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.1A Spectrum emission mask for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OOB}) starting from the \pm edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth (Table 5.6A-1) For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the bandwidth class C, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.1A-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.2.1A-1: General E-UTRA CA spectrum emission mask for Bandwidth Class C

	Spectrum emission limit [dBm]/BW _{Channel_CA}									
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	25RB+100RB (24.95 MHz)	50RB+100RB (29.9 MHz)	75RB+75RB (30 MHz)	75RB+100RB (34.85 MHz)	100RB+100RB (39.8 MHz)	Measurement bandwidth				
± 0-1	-22	-22.5	-22.5	-23.5	-24	30 kHz				
± 1-5	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz				
± 5-24.95	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 24.95-29.9	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 29.9-29.95	-25	-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 29.95-30		-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 30-34.85		-25	-25	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 34.85-34.9		-25	-25	-25	-13	1 MHz				
± 34.9-35			-25	-25	-13	1 MHz				
± 35-39.8				-25	-13	1 MHz				
± 39.8-39.85				-25	-25	1 MHz				
± 39.85-44.8					-25	1 MHz				

6.6.2.2 Additional spectrum emission mask

This requirement is specified in terms of an "additional spectrum emission" requirement.

6.6.2.2.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_03", "NS_11", and "NS_20")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_03", "NS_11" or "NS_20" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.1-1.

		Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth								
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth			
± 0-1	-10	-13	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz			
± 1-2.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.8-5		-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 5-6		-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 6-10			-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 10-15				-25	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 15-20					-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 20-25						-25	1 MHz			

Table 6.6.2.2.1-1: Additional requirements

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_04")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.2-1.

		Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth								
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth			
± 0-1	-10	-13	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz			
± 1-2.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.8-5.5		-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 5.5-6		-25	-25	-25	-25	-25	1 MHz			
± 6-10			-25	-25	-25	-25	1 MHz			
± 10-15				-25	-25	-25	1 MHz			
± 15-20					-25	-25	1 MHz			
± 20-25						-25	1 MHz			

Table 6.6.2.2.2-1: Additional requirements

Note:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 06" or "NS 07")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_06" or "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.3-1.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth Δfooв 1 4 3.0 Measurement 5 10 (MHz) MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth -13 -13 -18 30 kHz \pm 0-0.1 -15 -13 -13 100 kHz $\pm 0.1 - 1$ -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz $\pm 1 - 2.5$ 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 -13 ± 2<u>.5-2.8</u> -13 -13 -13 1 MHz $\pm 2.8-5$ -25 -13 -13 1 MHz \pm 5-6 -25 -13 1 MHz $\pm 6-10$ ± 10-15 -25 1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.2.3-1: Additional requirements

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2A Additional Spectrum Emission Mask for CA

This requirement is specified in terms of an "additional spectrum emission" requirement.

6.6.2.2A.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "CA_NS_04")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "CA_NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2A.1-1.

Spectrum emission limit [dBm]/BWchannel_CA								
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	50+100RB (29.9 MHz)	75+75RB (30 MHz)	75+100RB (34.85 MHz)	100+100RB (39.8 MHz)	Measurement bandwidth			
± 0-1	-22.5	-23	-23.5	-24	30 kHz			
± 1-5	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz			
± 5-27.9	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 27.9-28.5	-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 28.5-32.85	-25	-25	-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 32.85-34.9	-25	-25	-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 34.9-37.8		-25	-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 37.8-39.85			-25	-25	1 MHz			
± 39.85-44.8				-25	1 MHz			

Table 6.6.2.2A.1-1: Additional requirements

Note:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.3 Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency. ACLR requirements for one E-UTRA carrier are specified for two scenarios for an adjacent E-UTRA and /or UTRA channel as shown in Figure 6.6.2.3-1.

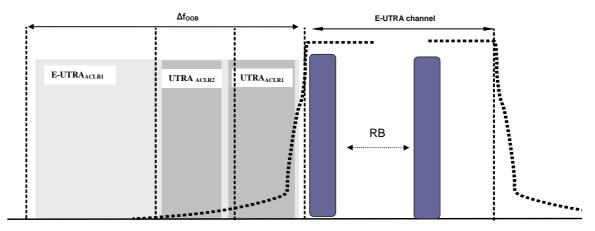


Figure 6.6.2.3-1: Adjacent Channel Leakage requirements for one E-UTRA carrier

6.6.2.3.1 Minimum requirement E-UTRA

E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (E-UTRA_{ACLR}) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency at nominal channel spacing. The assigned E-UTRA channel power and adjacent E-UTRA channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.2.3.1-2. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the E-UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-2.

Table 6.6.2.3.1-1: General requirements for E-UTRA_{ACLR}

	Channel bandwidth / E-UTRA _{ACLR1} / Measurement bandwidth							
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
E-UTRA _{ACLR1}	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB		
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz		
Adjacent channel centre frequency	+1.4	+3.0	+5 /	+10	+15	+20		
offset [MHz]	-1.4	-3.0	-5	-10	-15	-20		

Table 6.6.2.3.1-2: Additional E-UTRA_{ACLR} requirements for Power Class 1

	Channel bandwidth / E-UTRA _{ACLR1} / Measurement bandwidth										
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20									
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz					
E-UTRA _{ACLR1}			37 dB	37 dB							
E-UTRA channel											
Measurement			4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz							
bandwidth											
Adjacent channel			+5	+10							
centre frequency			/	/							
offset [MHz]			-5	-10							
NOTE 1: E-UTRA _{AC}	LR1 shall be	applicab	le for >23dBm								

6.6.2.3.1A Void

6.6.2.3.2 Minimum requirements UTRA

 $\label{eq:thm:continuous} UTRA \ Adjacent \ Channel \ Leakage \ power \ Ratio \ (UTRA_{ACLR}) \ is \ the \ ratio \ of \ the \ filtered \ mean \ power \ centred \ on \ the \ assigned \ E-UTRA \ channel \ frequency.$

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR1}) and the 2^{nd} UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR2}). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor α =0.22. The assigned E-UTRA channel power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1. If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than –50dBm then the UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.2-1: Requirements for UTRA_{ACLR1/2}

	Channel bandwidth / UTRA _{ACLR1/2} / Measurement bandwidth								
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20			
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
UTRA _{ACLR1}	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB			
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	0.7+BWutra/2 / -0.7- BWutra/2	1.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -1.5- BW _{UTRA} /2	+2.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -2.5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+5+BWutra/2 / -5-BWutra/2	+7.5+BWutra/2 / -7.5-BWutra/2	+10+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -10-BW _{UTRA} /2			
UTRA _{ACLR2}	-	-	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB			
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	-	-	+2.5+3*BWutra/2 / -2.5-3*BWutra/2	+5+3*BWutra/2 / -5-3*BWutra/2	+7.5+3*BWutra/2 / -7.5-3*BWutra/2	+10+3*BWutra/2 / -10-3*BWutra/2			
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz			
UTRA 5MHz channel Measurement bandwidth (Note 1)	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz			
UTRA 1.6MHz channel measurement bandwidth (Note 2)	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz	1.28MHz	1.28MHz	1.28MHz			

NOTE 1: Applicable for E-UTRA FDD co-existence with UTRA FDD in paired spectrum.

NOTE 2: Applicable for E-UTRA TDD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum.

6.6.2.3.2A Minimum requirement UTRA for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the aggregated channel bandwidth to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA $_{ACLR1}$) and the 2^{nd} UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA $_{ACLR2}$). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor α =0.22. The assigned aggregated channel bandwidth power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1. If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than -50dBm then the UTRA $_{ACLR}$ shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1: Requirements for UTRA_{ACLR1/2}

	CA bandwidth class / UTRA _{ACLR1/2} / measurement bandwidth
	CA bandwidth class C
UTRA _{ACLR1}	33 dB
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BWchannel_CA /2 + BWutra/2 / - BWchannel_CA / 2 - BWutra/2
UTRA _{ACLR2}	36 dB
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BW _{Channel_CA} /2 + 3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / - BW _{Channel_CA} /2 - 3*BW _{UTRA} /2
CA E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	BW _{Channel_CA} - 2* BW _{GB}
UTRA 5MHz channel Measurement bandwidth (Note 1)	3.84 MHz
UTRA 1.6MHz channel measurement bandwidth (Note 2)	1.28 MHz
	DD co-existence with UTRA FDD in paired spectrum. DD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum.

6.6.2.3.3A Minimum requirements for CA E-UTRA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the carrier aggregation E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (CA E-UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the aggregated channel bandwidth to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent aggregated channel bandwidth at nominal channel spacing. The assigned aggregated channel bandwidth power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than - 50dBm then the E-UTRA $_{ACLR}$ shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1: General requirements for CA E-UTRA_{ACLR}

	CA bandwidth class / CA E-UTRA _{ACLR} / Measurement bandwidth
	CA bandwidth class C
CA E-UTRA _{ACLR}	30 dB
CA E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	BWchannel_CA - 2* BWGB
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BW _{Channel_CA} / - BW _{Channel_CA}

6.6.2.4 Void

6.6.2.4.1 Void

6.6.2A Void

<reserved for future use>

6.6.2B Out of band emission for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for Out of band emissions resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitters are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.2 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply.

6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions unless otherwise stated. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements inline with SM.329 [2] and E-UTRA operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

Unless otherwise stated, the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth. The spurious emission limits in Table 6.6.3.1-2 apply for all transmitter band configurations (NRB) and channel bandwidths.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.1-1: Boundary between E-UTRA out of band and spurious emission domain

Channel bandwidth	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
OOB	2.8	6	10	15	20	25
boundary F _{OOB} (MHz)						

Table 6.6.3.1-2: Spurious emissions limits

Frequency Range	Maximum Level	Measurement bandwidth	Note
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz	
30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz	
1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	
12.75 GHz ≤ f < 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	1
NOTE 1: Applies for Bar	nd 22, Band 42 and	Band 43	•

6.6.3.1A Minimum requirements for CA

This clause specifies the spurious emission requirements for carrier aggregation.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth (Table 5.6A-1). For

frequencies $\Delta fOOB$ greater than FOOB as specified in Table 6.6.3.1A-1the spurious emission requirements in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are applicable.

Table 6.6.3.1A-1: Boundary between E-UTRA out of band and spurious emission domain for intraband contiguous carrier aggregation

CA Bandwidth Class	OOB boundary F _{OOB} (MHz)
Α	Table 6.6.3.1-1
В	FFS
С	BW _{Channel_CA} + 5

6.6.3.2 Spurious emission band UE co-existence

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified E-UTRA band, for coexistence with protected bands.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.2-1: Requirements

	Spurious emission								
E-UTRA Band	Protected band		ency MHz	range 2)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note		
1	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1			
	E-UTRA Band 3, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15		
	Frequency range	1880		1895	-40	1	15,27		
	Frequency range	1895		1915	-15.5	5	15, 26, 27		
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	15, 26, 27		
2	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1			
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15		
3	E-UTRA Band 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
3	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 41, 43, 44	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1			
	E-UTRA Band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15		
	E-UTRA Band 11, 18, 19, 21	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	13		
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	13		
4	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 43	$F_{DL_{low}}$	_	F_{DL_high}	-50	1			
	E-UTRA Band 42	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
5	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29,42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1			
	E-UTRA Band 41	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
	E-UTRA Band 26	859	-	869	-27	1			
6	E-UTRA Band 1, 9, 11, 34	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1			
	Frequency range	860	-	875	-37	1			
	Frequency range	875	-	895	-50	1			
		1884.5	-	1919.6	-41	0.3	7		
7	Frequency range E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28,	1884.5	-	1915.7			8		
, 	29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1			
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	15, 21, 26		
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	15, 21, 26		
	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	15, 21		
8	E-UTRA Band 1, 20, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40	E		F _{DL high}	-50	1			
	E-UTRA band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
	E-UTRA band 7	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
Í	E-UTRA Band 8	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15		
	E-UTRA Band 22, 41, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	23		
Í	Frequency range	860	-	890	-40	1	15, 23		
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 23		
9	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 18, 19, 21, 26, 28, 34	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1			
	E-UTRA Band 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-41	0.3	8		
	Frequency range	945	_	960	-50	1	-		
	Frequency range	1839.9		1879.9	-50	1			
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1			
,	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17,	F _{DL low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1			
10	23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 43	I DL low							
10	23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 43 E-UTRA Band 22, 42	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2		
10			-	F _{DL_high}	-50 -50	1	2		
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42 E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 18, 19, 21, 28, 34,	F _{DL_low}	- -				8		

				1	1		1
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1	
12	E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 41	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 4, 10	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 12	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
13	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 41	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	769	_	775	-35	0.00625	15
	Frequency range	799	-	805	-35	0.00625	11, 15
	E-UTRA Band 14	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 24	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	2
14	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 41	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	769	_	775	-35	0.00625	12, 15
	Frequency range	799	_	805	-35	0.00625	11, 12, 15
17	E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24,			333	-50	1	, ,
	25, 26, 27, 41	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}			
	E-UTRA Band 4, 10	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 12	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	15
18	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 21, 34, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	890	-40	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	758	-	799	-50	1	
	Frequency range	799	-	803	-40	1	15
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1	
19	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 21, 28, 34, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
20	Frequency range E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 33, 34,	2545	-	2575	-50 -50	1	
	40, 43	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}			
	E-UTRA Band 20	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 38, 42	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	758	-	788	-50	1	
21	E-UTRA Band 1, 18, 19, 28, 34, 42	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range Frequency range	1839.9 2545	-	1879.9 2575	-50 -50	1	
22	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28,	2343	_	2373			
	33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	3510	-	3525	-40	1	15
	Frequency range	3525	-	3590	-50	1	
23	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 41	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
24	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 41	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
25	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10,12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 2	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 25	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
26	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18,19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 41	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
		703	_	799	-50	1	
	Frequency range	799	-	803	-40	1	15
					-50	1	
	Frequency range	945	-	960			
27	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13,	F _{DL low}	1	F _{DL high}	-50	1	i

Frequency range		14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43						
E-UTRA Band 28 E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41 E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 10, 22, 42, 43 Frequency range 470 - FoL. hoph - 50 1 19, 24 E-UTRA Band 1 Frequency range 470 - FoL. hoph - 50 1 19, 25 Frequency range 770 - 694 - 42 8 15, 32 Frequency range 773 - 803 - 50 1 Frequency range 773 - 803 - 50 1 Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 - 41 0.3 8 19 Frequency range 1884.5 - FoL. hoph - 50 1 5 - FoL. hoph - 50 1 15 - FoL. hoph - 50 - 70 - 70		Frequency range	799	_	805	-35	0.00625	
E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41		. , ,		-		-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 11, 21	28	E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25,	_	-		-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 1		E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 10, 22, 42, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
E-UTRA Band 1		E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	19, 24
Frequency range		E-UTRA Band 1	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	19, 25
Frequency range 758 - 773 -32 1 15 Frequency range 758 - 773 -32 1 15 Frequency range 773 - 803 -50 1 Frequency range 662 - 694 -26.2 6 15 - 1915.7 -41 0.3 8, 19 Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 -41 0.3 8, 19 Frequency range 1884.5 - F _{DL, low} - F _{DL, high} -50 1 15 - 2		Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	15, 32
Frequency range 1884.5 E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43 Follow Frequency range Frequency		Frequency range	470	-	710	-26.2	6	31
Frequency range		Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	15
Frequency range Frequency range 1884.5 Frequency range 2620 2645 Frequency range 2620 2645 Frequency range 39 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 39 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 39 Frequency range 39 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 39 Frequency range 39 Frequency range 40 Frequency range 41 Frequency range 42 Frequency range 43 Frequency range 44 Frequency range 45 Frequency range 1839.9 1879.9 -50 1 30 42 Frequency range 1839.9 1879.9 -50 1 30 42 Frequency range 1839.9 1879.9 -50 1 30 43 Frequency range 1884.5 Frequency rang		• • •	773	-	803	-50	1	
Frequency range 1884.5 1884.		• • •	662	-	694	-26.2	6	15
33				-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 19
Section Follow		Frequency range	1884.5					
## House ##		F LITPA Pond 4 7 9 20 22 22 24 22						
34	33		F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	5
21, 22, 26, 28, 33, 38,39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44 Frequency range 1884.5 35 36 37 38 E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43 Frequency range 2620 Frequency range 2620 Frequency range 2645 Frequency range 39 E-UTRA Band 22, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44 Follow Fo			F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	15
Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 -41	34	21, 22, 26, 28, 33, 38,39, 40, 41, 42, 43,	Fp. low	_	FDL high	-50	1	5
36				_		-41	0.3	8
37 38 E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43 Frequency range 2620 - 2645 - 15.5 5 15, 22, 26 Frequency range 2645 - 2690 - 40 1 15, 22 39 E-UTRA Band 22, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44 FDL low - FDL high 40 E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44 FDL low - FDL high 41 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44 E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21 FDL low - FDL high Frequency range 42 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 44 FDL low - FDL high FROM - FDL high FDL low - FDL hi	35							
Section	36							
33, 34, 40, 42, 43 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} - 50 1 Frequency range 2620 - 2645 -15.5 5 15, 22, 26 Frequency range 2645 - 2690 -40 1 15, 22 39	37			-				
Frequency range B-UTRA Band 22, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44 FDL low FDL low FDL high FROM DISTRICT STREET STREE	38		$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
39		Frequency range	2620	ı	2645	-15.5	5	15, 22, 26
40 E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 41 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 42 E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 30 Frequency range 1839.9 1879.9 -50 1 30 42 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 44 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 30 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1 4 44 E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41 F _{DL low} - F _{DL high} -50 1		Frequency range	2645	ı	2690	-40	1	15, 22
28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44 E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21 FDL_low - FDL_high E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21 Frequency range 1839.9 1879.9 42 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 44 Frequency range 1884.5 FDL_low - FDL_high FDL_low - FDL_high -50 1 30 8 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 FDL_low - FDL_high FDL_low - FDL_high FDL_low - FDL_high -50 1 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 FDL_low - FDL_high -50 1 44 E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41 FDL_low - FDL_high -50 1	39	E-UTRA Band 22, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44 E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21 FDL_low - FDL_high - 50	40		F _{DL low}	- 1	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21 FDL low - FDL high -50 1 30 Frequency range 1839.9 1879.9 42 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 44 Frequency range 1884.5 FDL low - FDL high FDL low - FDL high -50 1 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 FDL low - FDL high -50 1 44 E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41 FDL low - FDL high -50 1	41	14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39,	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
Frequency range 42				-		-50	1	30
42 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 44 Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 -41 0.3 8 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 FDL_low - FDL_high -50 1 44 E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41 FDL_low - FDL_high -50 1						-50	1	30
Frequency range 1884.5 - 1915.7 -41 0.3 8 43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1 44 E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1	42	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38,		_		-50	1	
43 E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1 44 E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1				-		-41	0.3	8
44 E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 8, 34, 39, 41 F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high} -50 1	43	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20,		_				-
	44			-		-50	1	
		E-UTRA Band 1, 40, 42		-	_	-50	1	2

- NOTE 1: FDL_low and FDL_high refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table 5.5-1
- NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2MHz + N x L_{CRB} x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, [5] for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.
- NOTE 3: N/A
- NOTE 4: N/A
- NOTE 5: For non synchronised TDD operation to meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 6: N/A.
- NOTE 7: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5-1919.6MHz.
- NOTE 8: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 -1915.7MHz.
- NOTE 9: N/A.
- NOTE 10: N/A.
- NOTE 11: Whether the applicable frequency range should be 793-805MHz instead of 799-805MHz is TBD
- NOTE 12: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB
- NOTE 13: This requirement applies for 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz E-UTRA channel bandwidth allocated within 1744.9MHz and 1784.9MHz.
- NOTE 14: N/A.
- NOTE 15: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 16: N/A.
- NOTE 17: N/A
- NOTE 18: N/A
- NOTE 19: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.
- NOTE 20: N/A
- NOTE 21: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2500 2570 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2560.5 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2552 2560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.
- NOTE 22: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2570 2615 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2605.5 2607.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2597 2605 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.

 For carriers with channel bandwidth overlapping the frequency range 2615 2620 MHz the requirement applies with the maximum output power configured to +19 dBm in the IE *P-Max*.
- NOTE 23 This requirement is applicable only for the following cases:
 for carriers of 5 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is within the range 902.5 MHz $\leq F_c < 907.5$ MHz with an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 20 RB for carriers of 5 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is within the range 907.5 MHz $\leq F_c \leq 912.5$ MHz without any restriction on uplink transmission bandwidth. for carriers of 10 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is $F_c = 910$ MHz with an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 32 RB with RB_{start} > 3.
- NOTE 24: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -38 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 2nd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 25: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -36 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 3rd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 3rd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 26: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.
- NOTE 27: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 1920 1980 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1927.5 1929.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1930 1938 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.

NOTE 28: N/A.

NOTE 29: N/A.

- NOTE 30: This requirement applies when the E-UTRA carrier is confined within 2545-2575 MHz and the channel bandwidth is 10 or 20 MHz.
- NOTE 31: This requirement is applicable for 5 and 10 MHz E-UTRA channel bandwidth allocated within 718-728MHz. For carriers of 10 MHz bandwidth, this requirement applies for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 30 RB with RBstart > 1 and RBstart < 48.
- NOTE 32: This requirement is applicable in the case of a 10 MHz E-UTRA carrier confined within 703 MHz and 733 MHz, otherwise the requirement of -25 dBm with a measurement bandwidth of 8 MHz applies.

6.6.3.2A Spurious emission band UE co-existence for CA

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified carrier aggregation configurations for coexistence with protected bands.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.2A-1: Requirements for intra-band contiguous CA

E-	Spurious emission										
UTRA CA Config uration	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note				
CA_1C	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1					
	E-UTRA Band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	10				
					-						
CA_7C	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1					
CA_38C	E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1					
CA_40C	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1					
CA_41C	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44	F _{DL low}	-	F _{DL high}	-50	1					

NOTE 1: FDL_low and FDL_high refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table 5.5-1

NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2MHz + N x L_{CRB} x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, [5] for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval. NOTE 3: To meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band

NOTE 4: N/A

NOTE 5: N/A

NOTE 6: N/A NOTE 7: N/A

NOTE 7: N/A NOTE 8: N/A

NOTE 9: N/A

NOTE 10: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

NOTE 11: N/A

NOTE 12: N/A

NOTE: The restriction on the maximum uplink transmission to 54 RB in Notes 21, 22, and 27 of Table 6.6.3.2-1 is intended for conformance testing and may be applied to network operation to facilitate coexistence when the aggressor and victim bands are deployed in the same geographical area. The applicable spurious emission requirement of -15.5 dBm/5MHz is a least restrictive technical condition for FDD/TDD coexistence and may have to be revised in the future.

6.6.3.3 Additional spurious emissions

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

6.6.3.3.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_05")

When "NS_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-1: Additional requirements (PHS)

Frequency band (MHz)			idth / Spe imit (dBr		Measurement bandwidth	Note
	5	10	15	20		
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
1884.5 ≤ f ≤1915.7	-41	-41	-41	-41	300 KHz	1

NOTE 1: Applicable when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is larger than or equal to the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned, where channel BW is as defined in subclause 5.6. Additional restrictions apply for operations below this point.

The requirements in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1 apply with the additional restrictions specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-2 when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is less than the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-2: RB restrictions for additional requirement (PHS).

15 MHz channel bandwidth with f _c = 1932.5 MHz					
RB _{start}	RB _{start} 0-7 8-66 67-74				
L _{CRB}	N/A	≤ MIN(30, 67 – RB _{start})	N/A		
	20 MHz channel bandwidth with fc = 1930 MHz				
RB _{start}	0-23	24-75	76-99		
LCRB	N/A	≤ MIN(24, 76 – RB _{start})	N/A		

6.6.3.3.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 07")

When "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.2-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	10 MHz	
769 ≤ f ≤ 775	-57	6.25 kHz
NOTE: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure		
standard standard deviation < 0.5 dB.		

6.6.3.3.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_08")

When "NS 08" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.3-1: Additional requirement

	Frequency band	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)		Measurement bandwidth	
	(MHz)	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	
-	860 ≤ f ≤ 890	-40	-40	-40	1 MHz

6.6.3.3.4 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_09")

When "NS 09" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.4-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)			Measurement bandwidth
	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	
1475.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9	-35	-35	-35	1 MHz

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: To improve measurement accuracy, A-MPR values for NS_09 specified in Table 6.2.4-1 in subclause 6.2.4 are derived based on 100 kHz RBW.

6.6.3.3.5 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_12")

When "NS 12" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.5-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
806 ≤ f ≤ 813.5	-42	6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower channel edge at		

NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower channel edge at or above 814.2 MHz.

NOTE 2: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.

6.6.3.3.6 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_13")

When "NS 13" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.6-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.6-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5 MHz	
806 ≤ f ≤ 816	-42	6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower chan above 819 MHz.		nnel edge at or
NOTE 2: The emissions standard devia	measurement shall be sufficiently power averation < 0.5 dB.	aged to ensure a

6.6.3.3.7 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_14")

When "NS 14" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.7-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.7-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	10 MHz, 15 MHz	
806 ≤ f ≤ 816	-42	6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower chan above 824 MHz.		nnel edge at or
NOTE 2: The emissions standard devia	measurement shall be sufficiently power averation < 0.5 dB.	aged to ensure a

6.6.3.3.8 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_15")

When "NS 15" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.8-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.8-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
851 ≤ f ≤ 859	-53	6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The emissions	measurement shall be sufficiently power average	aged to ensure a
standard devia	tion < 0.5 dB.	-

6.6.3.3.9 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_16")

When "NS_16" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.9-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.9-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4, 3, 5, 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
790 ≤ f ≤ 803	-32	1 MHz	

6.6.3.3.10 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_17")

When "NS_17" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.10-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.10-1: Additional requirements

	Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
	470 ≤ f ≤ 710	-26.2	6 MHz	1
F	NOTE 1: Applica	able when the assigned F-LITRA carri	er is confined within 718	R MHz

NOTE 1: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.

6.6.3.3.11 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_18")

When "NS_18" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.11-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.11-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
692-698	-26.2	6 MHz	

6.6.3.3.12 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_19")

When "NS_19" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.12-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.12-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
662 ≤ f ≤ 694	-25	8 MHz	

6.6.3.3.13 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_11")

When "NS_11" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.13-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.13-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
E-UTRA Band 2	-50	1 MHz
1998 ≤ f ≤ 1999	-21	1 MHz
1997 ≤ f < 1998	-27	1 MHz
1996 ≤ f < 1997	-32	1 MHz
1995 ≤ f < 1996	-37	1 MHz
1990 ≤ f < 1995	-40	1 MHz

6.6.3.3.14 Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_20")

When "NS_20" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.14-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.14-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth				
1990 ≤ f < 1999	-40	1 MHz				
1999 ≤ f ≤ 2000	-40	Note 1				
Note 1: The measurement bandwidth is 1% of the applicable E-UTRA channel bandwidth.						

6.6.3.3.15 Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_22")

When "NS 22" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.15-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.15-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	MBW			
		5, 10, 15, 20 MHz				
3400	≤ f ≤ 3800	-23 (Note 1, Note 3)	5 MHz			
		-40 (Note 2)	1 MHz			
Note 1: This requirement applies within an offset between 5 MHz and 25 MHz from the lower and from the upper edge of the channel bandwidth, whenever these frequencies overlap with the specified frequency band.						
Note 2:	2: This requirement applies from 3400 MHz to 25 MHz below the lower E- UTRA channel edge and from 25 MHz above the upper E-UTRA channel edge to 3800 MHz.					
Note 3:	This emission limit might imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.					

6.6.3.3.16 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_23")

When "NS 23" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.16-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.16-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	MBW				
	0, 10, 10, 20 11112					
3400 ≤ f ≤ 3800	-23 (Note 1, Note 4)	5 MHz				
	-40 (Note 2)	1 MHz				
NOTE 1: This requiren	nent applies within an offset between 5 MHz +	- F _{offset_NS_23}				
and 25 MHz	+ F _{offset_NS_23} from the lower and from the upper	er edges of				
the channel b	andwidth, whenever these frequencies overlap	with the				
specified freq	uency band.					
NOTE 2: This requiren	nent applies from 3400 MHz to 25 MHz + F _{off}	fset_NS_23				
below the lov	ver E-UTRA channel edge and from 25 MHz -	+				
F _{offset NS 23} ab	ove the upper E-UTRA channel edge to 3800	MHz.				
NOTE 3: F _{offset_NS_23} is:						
0 MHz for 5	MHz channel BW,					
5 MHz for 10	MHz channel BW,					
9 MHz for 15 MHz channel BW and						
12 MHz for 2	0 MHz channel BW.					
NOTE 4: This emission	n limit might imply risk of harmful interference	e to UE(s)				

6.6.3.3A Additional spurious emissions for CA

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell reconfiguration message.

operating in the protected operating band

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

6.6.3.3A.1 Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_01")

When "CA_NS_01" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.1-1: Additional requirements (PHS)

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1	
Frequency range	1884.5	•	1915.7	-41	0.3	1
NOTE 1: Applicable when the aggregated channel bandwidth is confined within frequency range 1940 – 1980 MHz						

6.6.3.3A.2 Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_02")

When "CA_NS_02" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.2-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
Frequency range	1900	-	1915	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	1, 2

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.3 Minimum requirement for CA 1C (network signalled value "CA NS 03")

When "CA_NS_03" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.3-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
Frequency range	1880	ı	1895	-40	1	
Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	1, 2

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2[:] For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.4 Minimum requirement for CA_38C (network signalled value "CA_NS_05")

When "CA_NS_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth. This requirement is applicable for carriers with aggregated channel bandwidths confined in 2570 - 2615 MHz.

Table 6.6.3.3A.4-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
Frequency range	2620		2645	-15.5	5	1, 2, 3
Frequency range	2645	·	2690	-40	1	1, 3

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

NOTE 3: This requirement is applicable for carriers with aggregated channel bandwidths confined in 2570-2615 MHz.

6.6.3.3A.5 Minimum requirement for CA 7C (network signalled value "CA NS 06")

When "CA_NS_06" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.5-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	1, 2
Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	1,2
Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.6 Void

6.6.3.3A.7 Void

6.6.3.3A.8 Minimum requirement for CA_41C (network signalled value "CA_NS_04")

When "CA_NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.8-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.8-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
2490.5 ≤ f < 2495	-13	1 MHz
0 < f < 2490.5	-25	1 MHz

6.6.3A Void

<reserved for future use>

6.6.3B Spurious emission for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for Spurious emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-1.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the general requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply.

6.6A Void

6.6B Void

6.7 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

6.7.1 Minimum requirement

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or eNode B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each of the transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any is terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through E-UTRA rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.7.1-1.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation is prescribed in Table 6.7.1-1.

BW Channel (UL) 10MHz 15MHz 5MHz 20MHz Interference Signal 5MHz 10MHz 10MHz 20MHz 15MHz 30MHz 20MHz 40MHz Frequency Offset Interference CW Signal -40dBc Level Intermodulation Product -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc Measurement bandwidth 4.5MHz 4.5MHz 9.0MHz 9.0MHz 13.5MHz 13.5MHz 18MHz 18MHz

Table 6.7.1-1: Transmit Intermodulation

6.7.1A Minimum requirement for CA

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or eNode B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product on both component carriers when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each of the transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any is terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.7.1A-1.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the requirement of transmitting intermodulation is specified in Table 6.7.1A-1.

CA bandwidth class(UL)	С		
Interference Signal Frequency Offset	BW _{Channel_CA}	2*BW _{Channel_CA}	
Interference CW Signal Level	-40dBc		
Intermodulation Product	-29dBc	-35dBc	
Measurement bandwidth	BW _{Channel_CA} - 2* BW _{GB}		

Table 6.7.1A-1: Transmit Intermodulation

6.7.1B Minimum requirement for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit intermodulation requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector and the wanted signal is defined as the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.7.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in subclause 6.7.1 apply.

- 6.8 Void
- 6.8.1 Void
- 6.8A Void

6.8B Time alignment error for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors supporting UL-MIMO, this requirement applies to frame timing differences between transmissions on multiple transmit antenna connectors in the closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme.

The time alignment error (TAE) is defined as the average frame timing difference between any two transmissions on different transmit antenna connectors.

6.8B.1 Minimum Requirements

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors, the Time Alignment Error (TAE) shall not exceed 130 ns.

7 Receiver characteristics

7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector(s) of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna(s) with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed for each antenna port(s). UE with an integral antenna(s) may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector, identical interfering signals shall be applied to each receiver antenna port if more than one of these is used (diversity).

The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

With the exception of subclause 7.3, the requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 configured (Table 6.2.4-1).

All the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the UL reference measurement channels specified in Annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3, the DL reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.2 and using the set-up specified in Annex C.3.1.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers (one component carrier per sub-block), an in-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signalis located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency and located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers (one component carrier per sub-block), an out-of-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signal(s) is (are) located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency, or located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers with channel bandwidth larger than or equal to 5 MHz (one component carrier per sub-block), the existing adjacent channel selectivity requirements, in-band blocking requirements (for each case), and narrow band blocking requirements apply for in-gap tests only if the corresponding interferer frequency offsets with respect to the two measured carriers satisfy the following condition in relation to the sub-block gap size W_{gap} for at least one of these carriers j, j = 1,2, so that the interferer frequency position does not change the nature of the core requirement tested:

$$W_{gap} \ge 2 \cdot |F_{Interferer (offset),j}| - BW_{Channel(j)}$$

where $F_{Interferer (offset),j}$ is the interferer frequency offset with respect to carrier j as specified in subclause 7.6.1, subclause 7.6.1 and subclause 7.6.3 for the respective requirement and $BW_{Channel(j)}$ the channel bandwidth of carrier j. The interferer frequency offsets for adjacent channel selectivity, each in-band blocking case and narrow-band blocking shall be tested separately with a single in-gap interferer at a time.

7.2 Diversity characteristics

The requirements in Section 7 assume that the receiver is equipped with two Rx port as a baseline. These requirements apply to all UE categories unless stated otherwise. Requirements for 4 ports are FFS. With the exception of subclause 7.9 all requirements shall be verified by using both (all) antenna ports simultaneously.

7.3 Reference sensitivity power level

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to both the UE antenna ports at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.3.1 Minimum requirements (QPSK)

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1-2

Table 7.3.1-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

	Channel bandwidth									
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode			
1	((-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD			
2	-102.7	-99.7	-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD			
3	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94	-92.2	-91	FDD			
4	-104.7	-101.7	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD			
5	-103.2	-100.2	-98	-95			FDD			
6			-100	-97			FDD			
7			-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD			
8	-102.2	-99.2	-97	-94			FDD			
9			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	FDD			
10			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD			
11			-100	-97			FDD			
12	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94			FDD			
13			-97	-94			FDD			
14			-97	-94			FDD			
17			-97	-94			FDD			
18			-100 ⁷	-97 ⁷	-95.2 ⁷		FDD			
19			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD			
20			-97	-94	-91.2	-90	FDD			
21			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD			
22			-97	-94	-92.2	-91	FDD			
23	-104.7	-101.7	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD			
24			-100	-97			FDD			
25	-101.2	-98.2	-96.5	-93.5	-91.7	-90.5	FDD			
26	-102.7	-99.7	-97.5 ⁶	-94.5 ⁶	-92.7 ⁶		FDD			
27	-103.2	-100.2	-98	-95			FDD			
28		-100.2	-98.5	-95.5	-93.7	-91	FDD			
33			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD			
34			-100	-97	-95.2		TDD			
35	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD			
36	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD			
37			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD			
38			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD			
39			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD			
40			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD			
41			-98	-95	-93.2	-92	TDD			
42			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	TDD			
43			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	TDD			
44		[-100.2]	[-98]	[-95]	[-93.2]	[-92]	TDD			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to Pumax as defined in subclause 6.2.5

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

NOTE 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

NOTE 5: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

NOTE 6: ⁶ indicates that the requirement is modified by -0.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is within 865-894 MHz.

NOTE 7: For a UE that support both Band 18 and Band 26, the reference sensitivity level for Band 26 applies for the applicable channel bandwidths.

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in Table 7.3.1-1 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

NOTE: Table 7.3.1-2 is intended for conformance tests and does not necessarily reflect the operational conditions of the network, where the number of uplink and downlink allocated resource blocks will be practically constrained by other factors. Typical receiver sensitivity performance with HARQ retransmission enabled and using a residual BLER metric relevant for e.g. Speech Services is given in the Annex G (informative).

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A with uplink in one E-UTRA band, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in Table 7.3.1-1 shall be increased by the amount given in $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A for the applicable E-UTRA bands.

Table 7.3.1-1A: ΔR_{IB,c}

Inter-band CA Configuration	E-UTRA Band	$\Delta R_{IB,c}$ [dB]		
CA_1A-5A	1	0		
	5	0		
CA_1A-18A	1	0		
CA_IA-IOA	18	0		
CA_1A-19A	1	0		
OA_1A-13A	19	0		
CA_1A-21A	1	0		
CA_TA-ZTA	21	0		
CA 2A 17A	2	0		
CA_2A-17A	17	0.5		
CA_3A-5A	3	0		
CA_SA-SA	5	0		
CA_3A-7A	3	0		
CA_SA-TA	7	0		
CA_3A-8A	3	0		
CA_SA-6A	8	0		
CA_3A-20A	3	0		
CA_3A-20A	20	0		
CA_4A-5A	4	0		
CA_4A-3A	5	0		
CA_4A-7A	4	0.5		
CA_4A-7A	7	0.5		
CA 4A 40A	4	0		
CA_4A-12A	12	0.5		
00 40 400	4	0		
CA_4A-13A	13	0		
CA 4A 47A	4	0		
CA_4A-17A	17	0.5		
CA	5	0.5		
CA_5A-12A	12	0.3		
CA	5	0.5		
CA_5A-17A	17	0.3		
CA 7A 20A	7	0		
CA_7A-20A	20	0		
CA 9A 30A	8	0		
CA_8A-20A	20	0		
CA 44A 40A	11	0		
CA_11A-18A	18	0		

- NOTE 1: The above additional tolerances are only applicable for the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 2: The above additional tolerances also apply in intra-band CA and non-aggregated operation for the supported E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 3: In case the UE supports more than one of the above inter-band carrier aggregation configurations and a E-UTRA operating band belongs to more than one inter-band carrier aggregation configurations then:
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the tolerances in Table 7.3.1-1A, truncated to one decimal place that would apply for that operating band among the supported CA configurations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance in Table 7.3.1-1A that would apply for that operating band among the supported

CA configurations

NOTE: The above additional tolerances do not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL. Otherwise the above additional tolerances also apply to supported UTRA operating bands that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations.

Table 7.3.1-2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth / NRB / Duplex mode							
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex Mode
1			25	50	75	100	FDD
2	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
3	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
4	6	15	25	50	75	100	FDD
5	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
6			25	25 ¹			FDD
7			25	50	75	75¹	FDD
8	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
9			25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
10			25	50	75	100	FDD
11			25	25 ¹			FDD
12	6	15	20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
13			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
14			15 ¹	15 ¹			FDD
17			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
18			25	25 ¹	25¹		FDD
19			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
20			25	20 ¹	20 ³	20 ³	FDD
21			25	25 ¹	25¹		FDD
22			25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
23	6	15	25	50	75	100	FDD
24			25	50			FDD
25	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
26	6	15	25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
27	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
28		15	25	25 ¹	25 ¹	25 ¹	FDD
33			25	50	75	100	TDD
34			25	50	75		TDD
35	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
36	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
37			25	50	75	100	TDD
38			25	50	75	100	TDD
39			25	50	75	100	TDD
40			25	50	75	100	TDD
41			25	50	75	100	TDD
42			25	50	75	100	TDD
43			25	50	75	100	TDD
44		15	25	50	75	100	TDD

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1).

NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the uplink configuration for reference sensitivity is FFS.

NOTE 3: ³ refers to Band 20; in the case of 15MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 11 and in the case of 20MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 16

Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the minimum requirements specified in Tables 7.3.1-1 and 7.3.1-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

E-UTRA Network Band Signalling value 2 NS_03 4 NS_03 10 NS_03 12 NS_06 13 NS 06 14 NS 06 17 NS_06

NS_08

NS_09

NS 03

19

21

23

Table 7.3.1-3: Network signalling value for reference sensitivity

7.3.1A Minimum requirements (QPSK) for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1-2. The reference sensitivity is defined to be met with both downlink component carriers active and either of the uplink carriers active. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.3.1 with the following exceptions.

For the UE that supports any of the E-UTRA CA configurations given in Table 7.3.1A-0a, exceptions to the aforementioned requirements are allowed when the uplink active in the lower-frequency operating band is within a specified frequency range as noted in Table 7.3.1A-0a. For these exceptions, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.3.1A-0a and Table 7.3.1A-0b.

Table 7.3.1A-0a: Reference sensitivity for carrier aggregation QPSK PREFSENS, CA (exceptions)

Channel bandwidth								
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode
CA_3A-8A ⁴	3				N/A	N/A	N/A	FDD
	8			N/A	N/A			
CA_4A-12A ^{5,6}	4	-89.2	-89.2	-90	-89.5			- FDD
	12			-96.5	-93.5			
CA_4A-17A ^{5,6}	4			-90	-89.5			FDD
	17			-96.5	-93.5			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to Pumax as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

NOTE 4: No requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the low band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band. The reference sensitivity is only verified when this is not the case (the requirements specified in clause 7.3.1 apply).

NOTE 5: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the low band for which the 3rd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band.

NOTE 6: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the low band (superscript LB) such that $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.3 \right \rfloor 0.1 \text{ in MHz and } F_{UL_low}^{LB} + BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \leq f_{UL_high}^{LB} - BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \text{ with } f_{DL}^{HB}$ the carrier frequency of the high band in MHz and $BW_{Channel}^{LB}$ the channel bandwidth configured in the low band.

Table 7.3.1A-0b: Uplink configuration for the low band (exceptions)

E-	E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band / N _{RB} / Duplex mode											
EUTRA CA Configuration	UL band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex mode				
CA_4A-12A	12	2	5	8	16			FDD				
CA_4A-17A	17			8	16			FDD				

NOTE 1: refers to the UL resource blocks, which shall be centred within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2: the UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the low band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.1-2 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.1-2 applies.

For band combinations including operating bands without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements are specified in Table 7.3.1A-0d and Table 7.3.1A-0e.

Table 7.3.1A-0d: Reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

	Channel bandwidth											
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode				
CA 2A 20A	2			-98	-95			FDD				
CA_2A-29A	29		-98.7	-97	-94			רטט				
CA 4A 20A	4			-100	-97			EDD				
CA_4A-29A	29		-98.7	-97	-94			FDD				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1

FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

Table 7.3.1A-0e: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth / NRB / Duplex mode											
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode			
CA 2A 20A	2			25	50			FDD			
CA_2A-29A	29		N/A	N/A	N/A			FDD			
CA 4A 20A	4			25	50			EDD			
CA_4A-29A	29		N/A	N/A	N/A			FDD			

In all cases for single uplink inter-band CA, unless given by Table 7.3.1-3 for the band with the active uplink carrier, the applicable reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the throughput of each component carrier shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1A-1. Table 7.3.1A-1 specifies the maximum number of allocated uplink resource blocks for which the intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation reference sensitivity requirement shall be met. The PCC and SCC allocations as defined in Table 7.3.1A-1 form a contiguous allocation where TX–RX frequency separations of the component carriers are as defined in Table 5.7.4-1. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2 and the downlink PCC carrier center frequency shall be configured closer to uplink operating band than the downlink SCC center frequency. Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table 7.3.1A-1: Intra-band contiguous CA uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	CA co	onfiguration	on / CC c	ombinati	on / N _{RB_a}	gg / Duple	mode		
Uplink CA	100RB+50RB		75RB-	75RB+75RB		100RB+75RB		+100RB	Duplex
configuration	PCC	scc	PCC	SCC	PCC	scc	PCC	SCC	Mode
CA_1C	N/A	N/A	75	54	N/A	N/A	100	30	FDD
CA_7C	N/A	N/A	75	0	N/A	N/A	75	0	FDD
CA_38C	N/A	N/A	75	75	N/A	N/A	100	100	TDD
CA_40C	100	50	75	75	N/A	N/A	100	100	TDD
CA_41C	100	50	75	75	100	75	100	100	TDD

- NOTE 1: The carrier centre frequency of SCC in the UL operating band is configured closer to the DL operating band.
- NOTE 2: The transmitted power over both PCC and SCC shall be set to Pumax as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 3: The UL resource blocks in both PCC and SCC shall be confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1).
- NOTE 4: The UL resource blocks in PCC shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band, while the UL resource blocks in SCC shall be located as far as possible from the downlink operating band.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the throughput of each downlink component carrier shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with both downlink carriers active and parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1A-3 with the power level in Table 7.3.1-1 increased by Δ_{IBNC} given in Table 7.3.1A-3 for the SCC. Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table 7.3.1A-3: Intra-band non-contiguous CA uplink configuration for reference sensitivity with one uplink

CA configuration	Aggregated channel bandwidth (PCC+SCC)	W _{gap} / [MHz]	UL PCC allocation	ΔR _{IBNC} (dB)	Duplex mode
	25RB+25RB	$30.0 < W_{gap} \le 55.0$	10 ¹	5.0	
	23KD+23KD	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 30.0$	25 ¹	0.0	
	25RB+50RB	$25.0 < W_{gap} \le 50.0$	10 ¹	4.5	
CA 25A-25A	23KD+30KD	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 25.0$	25 ¹	0.0	FDD
CA_25A-25A	50RB+25RB	$15.0 < W_{gap} \le 50.0$	10 ⁴	5.5	רטט
	30KD+23KD	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 15.0$	32 ¹	0.0	
	50RB+50RB	$10.0 < W_{gap} \le 45.0$	10 ⁴	5.0	
	30KB+30KB	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 10.0$	32 ¹	0.0	
CA_41A-41A	NOTE 6	NOTE 7	NOTE 8	0.0	TDD

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission.

NOTE 2: Wgap is the sub-block gap between the two sub-blocks.

NOTE 3: The carrier center frequency of PCC in the UL operating band is configured closer to the DL operating band.

NOTE 4: 4 refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start}=33.

NOTE 5: For the TDD intra-band non-contiguous CA configurations, the minimum requirements apply only in synchronized operation between all component carriers.

NOTE 6: All combinations of channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.6A.1-3.

NOTE 7: All applicable sub-block gap sizes.

NOTE 8: The PCC allocation is same as Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB} as defined in

Table 5.6-1.

7.3.1B Minimum requirements (QPSK) for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.3.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{UMAX} is the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.3.2 Void

7.4 Maximum input level

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.4.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4.1-1

Table 7.4.1-1: Maximum input level

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	-25						

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is Annex A.3.2: 64QAM, R=3/4 variant with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

7.4.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the maximum input level is defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.4.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation maximum input level is defined as the powers received at the UE antenna port over the Transmission bandwidth configuration of each CC, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel over each component carrier.

The downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.4.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2.

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels over each component carrier as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4.1A-1.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with two downlink carriers each carrier shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.4.1-1 while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the specified reference measurement channel as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) over each carrier. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3.

Table 7.4.1A-1: Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA

Rx Parameter	Units		C	A Bandwid	th Class		
		Α	В	С	D	Е	F
Power in largest Transmission Bandwidth Configuration CC	dBm			-25			
Power in each other CC	dBm			-25 + 10log(N RB,c /NRB,larg est BW)			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is Annex A.3.2: 64QAM, R=3/4 variant with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

7.4.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.4.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.4A Void

7.4A.1 Void

7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

7.5.1 Minimum requirements

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5.1-1 for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm. However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5.1-2 and Table 7.5.1-3 where the throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.5.1-1: Adjacent channel selectivity

			Channel bandwidth							
Rx Parameter	Units	1.4	3	5	10	15	20			
		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
ACS	dB	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	30	27			

Table 7.5.1-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 1

Rx Parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth							
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz			
Power in	dBm									
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration				REFSENS	S + 14 dB					
	dBm	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS			
PInterferer		+45.5dB	+45.5dB	+45.5dB	+45.5dB	+42.5dB	+39.5dB			
BWInterferer	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5			
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	1.4+0.0025 /	3+0.0075 /	5+0.0025 /	7.5+0.0075 /	10+0.0125 /	12.5+0.0025 /			
		-1.4-0.0025	-3-0.0075	-5-0.0025	-7.5-0.0075	-10-0.0125	-12.5-			
							0.0025			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Units Channel bandwidth Rx Parameter 1.4 MHz 3 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz 5 MHz Power in Transmission dBm -56.5 -56.5 -56.5 -56.5 -53.5-50.5 Bandwidth Configuration PInterferer dBm -25 BWInterferer MHz 3 5 1.4 5 5 5 Finterferer (offset) MHz 1.4+0.0025 3+0.0075 5+0.0025 7.5+0.0075 10+0.0125 12.5+0.0025 -1.4-0.0025 -3-0.0075 -5-0.0025 -7.5-0.0075 -10-0.0125 -12.5-0.0025

Table 7.5.1-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 2

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex 3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1.

7.5.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band, the adjacent channel requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.5.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the adjacent channel requirements of subclause 7.5.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.5.1A-2 and Table 7.5.1A-3 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5.1A-1 for an adjacent channel interferer on either side of the aggregated downlink signal at a specified frequency offset and for an interferer power up to -25 dBm. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.5.1A-2 and 7.5.1A-3.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the adjacent channel selectivity requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.5.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active. The interferer powerP_{interferer} for Case 1 in Table 7.5.1-2 shall be set to the maximum of the levels given by the two downlink carriers. For both Case 1 and Case 2 (Table 7.5.1-3), the wanted signal power level of each carrier shall be set in accordance with the ACS requirement (Clause 7.5.1) relative to the interferer power P_{interferer}.

Table 7.5.1A-1: Adjacent channel selectivity

		CA Bandwidth Class								
Rx Parameter	Units	В	С	D	E	F				
ACS	dB		24							

Table 7.5.1A-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 1

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class						
		В	С	D	E	F		
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC			REFSENS + 14 dB					
Pinterferer	dBm		Aggregated power + 22.5 dB					
BWInterferer	MHz		5					
Finterferer (offset)	MHz		2.5 + F _{offset} / -2.5 - F _{offset}					

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below PCMAX_L, or PCMAX_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1
- NOTE 3: The F_{interferer} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the adjacent channel interferer and shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{interferer}/0.015+0.5\right]0.015+0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.

Table 7.5.1A-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 2

Rx Parameter	Units		CA Bandwidth Class						
		В	С	D	E	F			
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		-47.5+10 log ₁₀ (N _{RB,c} / N _{RB agg})						
P _{Interferer}	dBm			-25					
BW _{Interferer}	MHz		5						
F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz		2.5+ F _{offset} / -2.5- F _{offset}						

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex 3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1
- NOTE 3: The F_{interferer} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the adjacent channel interferer and shall be further adjusted to $\left| F_{\text{interferer}} / 0.015 + 0.5 \right| 0.015 + 0.0075 \, \text{MHz} \text{ to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.}$

7.5.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.5.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter PCMAX_L is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

7.6.1 In-band blocking

In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band at which the relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirement for the specified measurement channels..

7.6.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.1.1-1 and 7.6.1.1-2.

Table 7.6.1.1-1: In band blocking parameters

Rx parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
Power in			REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below						
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9		
BWInterferer	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5		
Floffset, case 1	MHz	2.1+0.0125	4.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125	7.5+0.0025	7.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125		
Floffset, case 2	MHz	3.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0075	12.5+0.0075	12.5+0.012	12.5+0.002	12.5+0.007		
					5	5	5		

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6.1.1-2: In-band blocking

E-UTRA	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4	Case 5
band	PInterferer	dBm	-56	-44			-38
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-BW/2 - Floffset,case 1 & =+BW/2 + Floffset,case 1	≤-BW/2 − F _{loffset,case 2} & ≥+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 2}			-BW/2 - 11
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	Finterferer	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_high} + 15	Void	Void	
30	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_bigh} + 15			F _{DL_low} – 11

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

- a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 Floffset, case 1 and
- b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + F_{loffset, case 1}

NOTE 3: Finterferer range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center frequencies

For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{Interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.6.1.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.6.1.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{Interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.6.1.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating

band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink in the band capable of UL operation.. The requirements for the component carrier configured in the operating band without uplink band are specified in Table 7.6.1.1-1 and Table 7.6.1.1A-0.

Table 7.6.1.1A-0: In-band blocking for additional operating bands for carrier aggregation

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	PInterferer	dBm	-56	-44
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-BW/2 - F _{loffset,case 1} &	≤-BW/2 − F _{loffset,case 2} &
	(onset)		=+BW/2 + Floffset,case 1	≥+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 2}
29	FInterferer	MHz	(Note 2)	$F_{DL_low} - 15$ to $F_{DL_high} + 15$

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 - Floffset, case 1 and

b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + Floffset, case 1

NOTE 3: F_{Interferer} range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center frequencies

For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the in-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.1.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.1.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Tables 7.6.1.1A-1 and Tables 7.6.1.1A-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.1.1A-1 and 7.6.1.1A-2.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.6.1.1A-1: In band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class							
		В	С	D	Е	F			
Pw in Transmission		RI	REFSENS + CA Bandwidth Class specific value below						
Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		12						
BWInterferer	MHz		5						
Floffset, case 1	MHz		7.5						
Floffset, case 2	MHz		12.5						

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

CA configuration	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	PInterferer	dBm	-56	-44
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-F _{offset} F _{loffset,case 1} & =+F _{offset} + F _{loffset,case 1}	≤-F _{offset} — F _{loffset,case 2} & ≥+F _{offset} + F _{loffset,case 2}
CA_1C, CA_7C, CA_38C, CA_40C, CA_41C	F _{Interferer} (Range)	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to

Table 7.6.1.1A-2: In-band blocking

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

a. the carrier frequency - F_{offset} - $F_{\text{loffset, case 1}}$ and

b. the carrier frequency +F_{offset} + F_{loffset}, case 1

NOTE 3: Foffset is the frequency offset from the center frequency of the CC being tested to the edge of aggregated channel bandwidth.

NOTE 4: The $F_{interferer}$ (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interferer tested and shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{interferer}/0.015+0.5\right]0.015+0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.

7.6.2 Out-of-band blocking

Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. For the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.

7.6.2.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1-1 and 7.6.2.1-2.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24, 6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} / 6 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1). For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 4, up to $\max(8, \lceil (N_{RB} + 2 \cdot L_{CRBs})/8 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configurations (see Figure 5.6-1) and L_{CRBs} is the number of resource blocks allocated in the uplink. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.6.2.1-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
Power in		REFS	ENS + ch	annel ban	dwidth sp	ecific valu	e below	
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Units		Free	quency	
			Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	Range 4
	PInterferer	dBm	-44	-30	-15	-15
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,			F _{DL_low} -15 to F _{DL_low} -60	F _{DL_low} -60 to F _{DL_low} -85	F _{DL_low} -85 to 1 MHz	-
12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 (NOTE 2), 43 (NOTE 2), 44	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	F _{DL_high} +15 to F _{DL_high} + 60	F _{DL_high} +60 to F _{DL_high} +85	F _{DL_high} +85 to +12750 MHz	-
2, 5, 12, 17	Finterferer	MHz	-	-	-	Ful_low - Ful_high

Table 7.6.2.1-2: Out of band blocking

NOTE 1: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the out of blocking is FFS.

NOTE 2: The power level of the interferer (P_{Interferer}) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F_{Interferer} > 2800 MHz and F_{Interferer} < 4400 MHz.

7.6.2.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with the uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The throughput in the downlink measured shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1-1 and 7.6.2.1A-0. The UE shall meet these requirements for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the out-of-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.2.1A do not apply.

Table 7.6.2.1A-0: out-of-band blocking for inter-band carrier aggregation with one active uplink

Parameter	Unit	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3
Pw	dBm	Table 7.6.	2.1-1 for both component of	arriers
Pinterferer	dBm	$-44 + \Delta R_{IB,c}$	-30 + ∆R _{IB,c}	-15 + ∆R _{IB,c}
Finterferer	MHz	$-60 < f - F_{DL_Low(1)} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_Low(1)} \le -60$	$1 \le f \le F_{DL_Low(1)} - 85$
(CW)		or	or	or
		$-60 < f - F_{DL_Low(2)} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_Low(2)} \le -60$	$F_{DL_High(1)} + 85 \le f$
		or	or	≤ F _{DL_Low(2)} − 85
		$15 < f - F_{DL_High(1)} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL_High(1)} < 85$	or
		or	or	$F_{DL_High(2)} + 85 \le f$
		$15 < f - F_{DL \ High(2)} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL \; High(2)} < 85$	≤ 12750

NOTE 1: F_{DL_Low(1)} and F_{DL_High(1)} denote the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the lower operating band, F_{DL_Low(2)} and F_{DL_High(2)} the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the upper operating band.

NOTE 2: For F_{DL_Low(2)} – F_{DL_High(1)} < 145 MHz and F_{Interferer} in F_{DL_High(1)} < f < F_{DL_Low(2)}, F_{Interferer} can be in both Range 1 and Range 2. Then the lower of the P_{Interferer} applies.

NOTE 3: For $F_{DL_Low(1)} - 15$ MHz $\leq f \leq F_{DL_High(1)} + 15$ MHz and $F_{DL_Low(2)} - 15$ MHz $\leq f \leq F_{DL_High(2)} + 15$ MHz the appropriate adjacent channel selectivity and in-band blocking in the respective subclauses 7.5.1A and 7.6.1.1A shall be applied.

NOTE 4: $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ according to Table 7.3.1-1A applies when serving cell c is measured.

For Table 7.6.2.1A-0 in frequency ranges 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24,6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions per downlink are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a step size of 1 MHz. For these exceptions the requirements in clause 7.7.1A apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregations the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.2.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1

for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2.

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Tables 7.6.2.1A-1 and Tables 7.6.2.1A-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1A-1 and 7.6.2.1A-2.

For Table 7.6.2.1A-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24.6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.6.2.1A-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class					
		В	С	D	Ε	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per	dBm	REFSE	ENS + CA B	andwidth Cl below	ass specifi	c value	
CC			9				
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below	PCMAX_L,c C	or Pcmax_L a	s defined in	subclause	6.2.5A.		
NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.							
FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/	A.5.2.			-			

Table 7.6.2.1A-2: Out of band blocking

CA configuration	Parameter	Units	Frequency		
			Range 1	Range 2	Range 3
	PInterferer	dBm	-44	-30	-15
	F _{Interferer}		F _{DL_low} -15 to F _{DL_low} -60	F _{DL_low} -60 to F _{DL_low} -85	F _{DL_low} -85 to 1 MHz
CA_1C, <u>CA_3C</u> , CA_7C, CA_38C, CA_40C, CA_41C	(CW)	MHz	F _{DL_high} +15 to F _{DL_high} + 60	F _{DL_high} +60 to F _{DL_high} +85	F _{DL_high} +85 to +12750 MHz

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.2.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24,6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions per assigned E-UTRA channel per sub-block of the E-UTRA CA configuration are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 4, up to $\max(8, \lceil (N_{RB} + 2 \cdot L_{CRBs})/8 \rceil)$ exceptions per assigned E-UTRA channel per sub-block of the E-UTRA CA configuration are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

7.6.3 Narrow band blocking

This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band CW interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

7.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3.1-1

Table 7.6.3.1-1: Narrow-band blocking

Parameter	Unit	Channel Bandwidth						
Parameter	Offic	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
Pw	dDm	PREFSENS + channel-bandwidth specific value below					w	
Pw	dBm	22	18	16	13	14	16	
P _{uw} (CW)	dBm	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	
Fuw (offset for	MHz	0.9075	1.7025	2.7075	5.2125	7.7025	10.2075	
$\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$	IVITIZ	0.9075	1.7025	2.7075	5.2125	7.7025	10.2075	
F _{uw} (offset for	MHz							
$\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$	IVITZ							

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, P_{UW} power defined in Table 7.6.3.1-1 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.6.3.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the narrow-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.3.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the narrow-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.3.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the narrow band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.3.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.6.3.1A-1: Narrow-band blocking

Parameter	Unit	CA Bandwidth Class					
Parameter	Offic	В	С	D	E	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REF:	SENS + CA Bandy	width Class s	specific value	below	
Configuration, per CC	ubili		16 ⁴				
P _{uw} (CW)	dBm		-55				
F _{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz		- F _{offset} - 0.2 / + F _{offset} + 0.2				
F _{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz						

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below PCMAX_L,c or PCMAX_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The F_{uw} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interfererand shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{interferer}/0.015+0.5\right]0.015+0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.
- NOTE 4: The requirement is applied for the band combinations whose component carriers' BW≥5 MHz.

7.6A Void

<Reserved for future use>

7.6B Blocking characteristics for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in subclause 7.6 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit as specified in subclause 7.6.2 is not met.

7.7.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2.

Table 7.7.1-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in		REF	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below				
Transmission	dBm						
Bandwidth	abiii	6	6	6	6	7	9
Configuration							

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

N OTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.7.1-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level	
P _{Interferer} (CW)	dBm	-44	
F _{Interferer}	MHz	Spurious response frequencies	

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.7.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.7.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the spurious response requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The throughput measured in each downlink with $F_{interferer}$ in Table 7.6.2.1A-0 at spurious response frequencies shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2. The UE shall meet these requirements for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the spurious response requirements of subclause 7.7.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.7.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1A-1 and 7.7.1A-2.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the spurious response requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.7.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.7.1A-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class				
		В	С	D	E	F
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth dBm		REFSENS + CA Bandwidth Class specific value below				
Configuration, per CC	иын		9			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern
OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.7.1A-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P _{Interferer} (CW)	dBm	-44
FInterferer	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

7.7.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.7.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.8.1 Wide band intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined following the same principles using modulated E-UTRA carrier and CW signal as interferer.

7.8.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.1.1 for the specified wanted signal mean power in the presence of two interfering signals

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth							
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
Power in		RI	EFSENS +	chan	nel bandwi	el bandwidth specific value below			
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	12	8	3	6	6	7	9	
PInterferer 1 (CW)	dBm	-46							
P _{Interferer 2} (Modulated)	dBm		-46						
BW _{Interferer 2}		1.4	3				5		
F _{Interferer 1} (Offset)	MHz	-BW/2 -2.1 -BW/2 -4.5 -BW/2 - 7.5 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /							
F _{Interferer 2} (Offset)	MHz	2*Finterferer 1							

Table 7.8.1.1-1: Wide band intermodulation

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with set-up according to Annex C.3.1The interfering modulated signal is 5MHz E-UTRA signal as described in Annex D for channel bandwidth ≥5MHz

For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{interferer1}$ and $P_{interferer2}$ powers defined in Table 7.8.1.1-1 are increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.8.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.8.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA

CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the wideband intermodulation requirements of subclause 7.8.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggegation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.8.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggreagation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.8.1A-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.1A-1

Table 7.8.1A-1: Wide band intermodulation

Rx parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class					
-		В	С	D	E	F	
Pw in		RE	FSENS + CA B	andwidth Class	specific value be	elow	
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		12				
P _{Interferer 1} (CW)	dBm	-46					
P _{Interferer 2} (Modulated)	dBm		-46				
BW _{Interferer 2}	MHz		5				
F _{Interferer 1} (Offset)	MHz		-F _{offset} -7.5 / + F _{offset} +7.5				
F _{Interferer 2} (Offset)	MHz	2*Finterferer 1					
			below Pcmax_L,c				

- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with set-up according to Annex C.3.1.
- NOTE 4: The interfering modulated signal is 5MHz E-UTRA signal as described in Annex D for channel bandwidth ≥5MHz.
- NOTE 5: The F_{interferer 1} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and F_{interferer 2} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.8.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. The wide band intermodulation requirements shall be supported for out-of-gap test only.

7.8.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in subclause 7.8.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.8.2 Void

7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

7.9.1 Minimum requirements

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9.1-1

Table 7.9.1-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency band	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
201411- < 5 . 4011-	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz			
1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	
12.75 GHz ≤ f ≤ 5 th harmonic	1 MHz	-47 dBm	1
of the upper frequency edge			
of the DL operating band in			
GHz			

NOTE 1: Applies only for Band 22, Band 42 and Band 43

NOTE 2: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH_RA/RB as defined in Annex C.3.1.

7.9.1A Minimum requirements

For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9.1A-1.

Table 7.9.1A-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency band	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

NOTE 1: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH_RA/RB as defined in Annex C.3.1.

NOTE 2: The requirements apply when the UE is configured for carrier aggregation but is not transmitting.

7.10 Receiver image

7.10.1 Void

7.10.1A Minimum requirements for CA

Receiver image rejection is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive the E-UTRA signal on one component carrier while it is also configured to receive an adjacent aggregated carrier. Receiver image rejection ratio is the ratio of the wanted received power on a sub-carrier being measured to the unwanted image power received on the same sub-carrier when both sub-carriers are received with equal power at the UE antenna connector.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.10.1A-1 for all values of aggregated input signal up to -22 dBm.

Table 7.10.1A-1: Receiver image rejection

	CA bandwidth class						
Rx parameter	Units	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
Receiver image rejection	dB			25			

8 Performance requirement

This clause contains performance requirements for the physical channels specified in TS 36.211 [4]. The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A.3, the propagation conditions in Annex B and the downlink channels in Annex C.3.2.

Note: For the requirements in the following sections, similar Release 8 and 9 requirements apply for time domain measurements restriction under colliding CRS.

8.1 General

8.1.1 Dual-antenna receiver capability

The performance requirements are based on UE(s) that utilize a dual-antenna receiver.

For all test cases, the SNR is defined as

$$SNR = \frac{\hat{E}_s^{(1)} + \hat{E}_s^{(2)}}{N_{oc}^{(1)} + N_{oc}^{(2)}}$$

where the superscript indicates the receiver antenna connector. The above SNR definition assumes that the REs are not precoded. The SNR definition does not account for any gain which can be associated to the precoding operation. The relative power of physical channels transmitted is defined in Table C.3.2-1. The SNR requirement applies for the UE categories and CA capabilities given for each test.

For enhanced performance requirements type A, the SINR is defined as

$$SINR = \frac{\hat{E}_s^{(1)} + \hat{E}_s^{(2)}}{N_{oc}^{(1)} + N_{oc}^{(2)}}$$

where the superscript indicates the receiver antenna connector. The above SINR definition assumes that the REs are not precoded. The SINR definition does not account for any gain which can be associated to the precoding operation. The relative power of physical channels transmitted is defined in Table C.3.2-1. The SINR requirement applies for the UE categories given for each test.

Table 8.1.1-1: Void

8.1.1.1 Simultaneous unicast and MBMS operations

8.1.1.2 Dual-antenna receiver capability in idle mode

8.1.2 Applicability of requirements

8.1.2.1 Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths

In Clause 8 the test cases may be defined with different channel bandwidth to verify the same target FRC conditions with the same propagation conditions, correlation matrix and antenna configuration.

8.1.2.2 Definition of CA capability

The definition with respect to CA capabilities for 2CCs is given as in Table 8.1.2.2-1.

Table 8.1.2.2-1: Definition of CA capability with 2DL CCs

CA Capability	CA Capability Description
CA2_C	Intra-band contiguous CA
CA2_A2	Inter-band CA
C2A_N2	Intra-band non-contiguous CA
con CA: con CA:	2_C corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth nbination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-1 for 2 DL CCs. 2_A2 corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth nbination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-2 for 2 DL CCs. 2_N2 corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth nbination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-3 for 2 DL CCs.

The supported testable aggregated CA bandwidth combinations for 2CCs for each CA capability are listed in Table 8.1.2.2-2.

Table 8.1.2.2-2: Supported testable aggregated CA bandwidth combinations for different CA capability with 2DL CCs

CA Capability	Bandwidth combination for FDD CA	Bandwidth combination for TDD CA				
CA2_C	20+20MHz	20+20MHz				
CA2_A2	10+10MHz, 10+15MHz,	NA				
	10+20MHz, 15+20MHz,					
	20+20MHz					
CA2_N2	10+10MHz	20+20MHz				
Note 1: This table is only for information and applicability and test rules						
of CA performance requirements are specified in 8.1.2.3 and						
9.1.	1.2.					

For test cases with more than one component carrier, "Fraction of Maximum Throughput" in the performance requirement refers to the ratio of the sum of throughput values of all component carriers to the sum of the nominal maximum throughput values of all component carriers, unless otherwise stated.

8.1.2.3 Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets

The performance requirement for CA UE demodulation tests in Clause 8 are defined independent of CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Clause 5.6A.1. For UEs supporting different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets, the applicability and test rules are defined for the tests for 2 DL CCs in Table 8.1.2.3-1. For simplicity, CA configuration below refers to combination of CA configuration and bandwidth combination set.

Table 8.1.2.3-1: Applicability and test rules for CA UE demodulation tests with 2 DL CCs

Tests	CA capability where the tests apply	CA configuration from the selected CA capbility where the tests apply	CA Bandwidth combination to be tested in priority order
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.1.1, 8.2.1.4.3	Any one of the supported CA capabilities	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.3.1	Each supported CA capability	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations in each CA capability	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.3.1A, 8.7.1	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.7.1	CA2_C	Supported FDD intra-band contiguous CA configurations covering the lowest and highest operating bands	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combinations
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.1.1, 8.2.2.4.3	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.3.1	Each supported CA capability	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations in each CA capability with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.3.1A, 8.7.2	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in 8.2.2.7.1	CA2_C	Supported TDD intra-band contiguous CA configurations covering the lowest and highest operating bands	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combinations
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.8.1	CA2_N2	CA_3A-3A defined in Table 5.6A.1-3	10+10 MHz

Note 1: The applicability and test rules are specified in this table, unless otherwise stated.

Note 2: Number of the supported bandwidth combinations to be tested from each selected CA configuration is one.

8.1.2.4 Test coverage for different number of component carriers

For FDD tests specified in 8.2.1.1.1, 8.2.1.3.1, 8.2.1.4.3, and 8.7.1, if corresponding CA tests are tested, the test coverage can be considered fulfilled without executing single carrier tests.

For TDD tests specified in 8.2.2.1.1, 8.2.2.3.1, 8.2.2.4.3, and 8.7.2, if corresponding CA tests are tested, the test coverage can be considered fulfilled without executing single carrier tests.

8.2 Demodulation of PDSCH (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.2.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths
Cyclic Prefix		Normal
Cell_ID		0
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured

8.2.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.3 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6- 8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18	Test 19
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	0
N_{oc} at antenna	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)				
Modulation			QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM	QPSK
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		1	1	1	1	1

Note 1: $P_B = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 3: Void. Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

				Duama	Correlation	Reference	value	
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	Propa- gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate gory
1	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.4	≥1
3	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
4	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	1x2	70	-2.4	≥1
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
6	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	≥2
6	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	≥2
'	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	≥2
8	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥1
40	5 MHz	R.6 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.4	≥2
10	5 MHz	R.6-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.5	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
''	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.0	≥2
12	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	18.1	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	≥2
13	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	17.8	1
4.4	15 MHz	R.8 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
14	15 MHz	R.8-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.8	1
	20 MHz	R.9 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥3
15	20 MHz	R.9-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.3	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	≥1
17	10 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	≥1
18	20 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	≥1
19	10 MHz	R.41 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-5.4	≥1

Note 1: Void. Note 2: Void.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-3: Test Parameters for CA

Pa	Parameter		Test 1-2
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
allocation	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at	antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols f	Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)
Modulation			QPSK
PDSCH tra	ansmission mode		1

Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall

be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 3: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 4: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-4: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference value		
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory
1	2x10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥3 (Note 2)
2	2x20 MHz	R.42 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.3	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: 30usec timing difference between two CCs is applied in inter-band CA case.

Note 3: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.1.2 Void

8.2.1.1.3 Void

8.2.1.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1

Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$

Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the

whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the

first slot.

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are

not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes,

QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
					Antenna Configuration	Maximum Throughput	(dB)	
					J	(%)		
1	10 MHz	R.29 FDD	OP.3 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1

8.2.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1-2				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0				
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98				
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2				
Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.							

Table 8.2.1.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughp ut (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	≥2
	5 MHz	R.11-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	5.9	1
2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	2x2	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2			
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.						

Table 8.2.1.2.2-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.6	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.9	≥1

8.2.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Table 8.2.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.2.3-2	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configura	tion		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchror	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (Note	5)		N/A	11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measurement (Note 6)	Subframe		10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A
0010-16	Ccsi,0		11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111011 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A
Number of control OFDM			2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.2.3-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC Pat	NG tern	Cond	agation ditions ote 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	/alue	UE Category
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11-4 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA 5	2x2 Medium	70	3.4	≥2
Note 1:					Cell2 are	statistically indep	pendent.		
Note 2:	SNR correspon	nds to \widehat{E}	N_{oc2}	of cell 1.					
Note 3: Note 4:	Cell 1 Referen PDCCH/PCFI	R corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated CCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.							
Note 5:	The maximum	Through	put is cal	culated fi	rom the tota	al Payload in 9 s	ubframes, avera	aged ove	r 40ms.

8.2.1.2.3A Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.3A-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cells with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table8.2.1.2.3A- 2	12	10	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell Id			0	126	1	
ABS pattern (Not	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A	
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A	
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8	
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		2	Note 9	Note 9	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.

Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.2.3A-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patte	ern	Propaga	ation Cor (Note1)	nditions	Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11-4 FDD Note 4	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to E_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.2.4 Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A - 2 Tx Antenna Ports with TM3 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 3 interference model defined in clause B.5.2. In Table 8.2.1.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
N_{oc} at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-2.23	-8.06
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A	N/A
Interference mod	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.2	As specified in clause B.5.2
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Reporting interva	ıl	ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUSCH(Note 5)	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		2	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: Cell 2 transmission is delayed with respect to Cell 1 by 0.33 ms and Cell 3 transmission is delayed with respect to Cell 1 by 0.67 ms.

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5 and #0.

Table 8.2.1.2.4-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Transmit Diversity (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern		opagat onditio		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.46 FDD	OP. 1 FD D	N/A	N/A	EV A70	EV A70	EV A70	2x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.1.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter	ı	Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Note 1: $P_B = 1$. Note 2: Void Note 3: Void

Table 8.2.1.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	value	
Test num	Bandwidth	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.0	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.35 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA200	2x2 Low	70	20.2	≥2
3	10 MHz	R.35-4 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	2x2 Low	70	19.7	≥2

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: Test 1 may not be executed for UE-s for which Test 1 or 2 in Table 8.2.1.3.1-4 is applicable

Table 8.2.1.3.1-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-3
Daniel ale	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	N_{oc} at antenna port		-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_R = 1$

Note 2: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to

feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each

component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.3.1-4: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	e value	
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory

1	2x10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.7	≥3
2	2x20 MHz	R.30 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: Void.

Note 3: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined

in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.3.1A Soft buffer management test

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the UE performance with proper instantaneous buffer implementation. The test points are applied to UE category and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified inTable 8.2.1.3.1A-3.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-1: Test Parameters for soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-7
Downlink nows	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: For CA test cases, PUCCH format 1b with channel

selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: For CA test cases, the same PDSCH transmission mode

is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-2: Minimum performance soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

				Dropo		Reference	e value
Test num	Bandwi dth	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	Propa- gation condi- tion	Correlation matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)
1	2x20 MHz	R.30 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2
2	15MHz +	R.35-2 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVAS	2v2 L ow	70	15.1
2	10MHz	R.35-3 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5 2x2 Low	70	15.1	
3	20MHz +	R.30 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2v2 L ov	70	13.5
3	10MHz	R.11 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA/U	A70 2x2 Low	70	13.5
4	20MHz +	R.30 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.5
4	15MHz	R.30-1 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA7U	ZXZ LOW	70	13.5
5	2x20 MHz	R.35-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.8
6	20MHz +	R.35-1 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2v2 L ov	70	15.9
O	10MHz	R.35-3 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVAS	2x2 Low	70	15.9
7	20MHz +	R.35-1 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	E\/^E	0.01	70	15.9
	15MHz	R.35-2 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.9

Note 1:

For CA test cases, the OCNG pattern applies for each CC. For Test 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 the Fraction of maximum Throughput applies to each CC. Note 2:

The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined Note 3: in 8.1.2.3.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-3: Test points for soft buffer management tests for CA

LIE actoriori	Bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth (Note 1)						
UE category	2x20MHz	15MHz+10MHz	20MHz+10MHz	20MHz+15MHz			
3	1	2	3	4			
4	4 5		6	7			
Note 1: Maximum over all supported CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets according to Table 5.6A.1-							
1and Table 5.6A.1-2.							

8.2.1.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1	
Danielinkanina	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	3	
N_{oc} at antenna	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98	
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		3	
Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$				

Table 8.2.1.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Ī	Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
	number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
						Antenna	Maximum	(dB)	
						Configuration	Throughput		
L							(%)		
	1	10 MHz	R.14 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.3	≥2

8.2.1.3.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The requirements for MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.3-4, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Tables 8.2.1.3.3-1 and 8.2.1.3.3-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.3-2	6
$BW_Channel$		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configura	ation		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	1
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Note	÷ 5)		N/A	11000100, 11000000, 11000000, 11000000, 11000000
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern(Note 6)			1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note	Ccsi,0		11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A
7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111011 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A
Number of control OFDN			2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.

Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Conditions Matrix		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	/alue	UE Category				
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)				
1	R.11 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	13.3	≥2			
Note 1:	The propagati	on condit	nditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.									
Note 2:	SNR correspo	ands to \widehat{E}	N	of cell 1.								

SNR corresponds to E_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3:

The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH Note 4: are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms. Note 5:

Table 8.2.1.3.3-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.3-4	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz 10		10
Subframe Configura	ation		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Cell Id			0	126
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Note	÷ 5)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern (Note 6			0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note	Ccsi,0		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
7)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation	,		N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control OFDN			2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbol #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4th, 12th, 19th and 27th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 10: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 11: The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-4: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	rn Propagation Conditions (Note 2)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	/alue	UE Category		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)			
1	R.11 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	12.0	≥2		
Note 1:	The propagati	The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.									

- Note 2: SNR corresponds to \widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 4 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.3.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.4-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cells with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.3.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 ad Cell3.

Table 8.2.1.3.4-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2
BWchannel		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between Cells		Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,o		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmissio			3	Note 9	Note 9
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.

Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.4-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numb	Refer ence	$\hat{E}_s/$	N_{oc2}	OC	NG Patt	ern		ropagations (N		Correlatio n Matrix	Reference Value		UE Cate
er	Chan nel	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximu m Through put (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 FDD Note 4	9	7	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	13.9	≥2
2	R.35 FDD Note 4	9	1	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	22.6	≥2

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Precoding granul	arity	PRB	6	50
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8	8
Reporting interv	/al	ms	1	1
Reporting mod	le		PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRestricti on bitmap			001111	001111
PDSCH transmission mode			4	4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Γ	Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
	number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
Ī	1	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-2.5	≥1
Γ	2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.1.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granula	rity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8
Reporting interv	al	ms	1
Reporting mode	Э		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRe	estricti		0000000000000000
on bitmap			0000000000000000
			0000000000000000
			11111111111111111
PDSCH transmiss mode	sion		4

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: If t

If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

ſ	Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
	number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
	1	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.2	≥1

8.2.1.4.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A - Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port with TM4 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding with two transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 4 interference model defined in clause B.5.3. In Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
N_{oc} at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		6	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.3	As specified in clause B.5.3
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Precoding granular	rity	PRB	50	6	6
PMI delay (Note 4	1)	ms	8	N/A	N/A
Reporting interva	I	ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	N/A	
CodeBookSubsetRestricti		1111	N/A	N/A	
Physical channel for CQI		PUSCH(Note 6)	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		2	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 5: All cells are time-synchronous.

Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5 and #0.

Table 8.2.1.4.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		tern		Propagation Conditions		Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value		UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.47 FDD	OP. 1 FD D	N/A	N/A	EV A5	EV A5	EV A5	2x2 Low	70	0.8	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.1.4.1C Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
anocation	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmission mode			6	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity		PRB	50	N/A	N/A
PMI delay (Note 10)		ms	8	N/A	N/A
Reporting interval		ms	1	N/A	N/A
Peporting mod			PUSCH 3-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			1111	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Reference Value

Fraction of

UE

Cate

gory

Note 1:	$P_B = 1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9].
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2: Minimum Performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)- Non-MBSFN ABS

Propagation

Conditions (Note1)

Correlation

Matrix and

Antenna

Note 12: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Cell 1 | Cell 2 | Cell 3 | Cell 1 | Cell 2 | Cell 3

OCNG Pattern

Test

Number

Note 5:

Reference

Channel

								Configurati on (Note 2)	Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	(dB) (Note 3)			
1	R.11 FDD	OP.1	OP.1	OP.1	EPA5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 High	70 6.1 ≥				
	Note 4	FDD	FDD	FDD									
Note 1:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.												
Note 2:	The correlation	on matrix	and ante	nna conf	iguration	apply for	Cell 1, C	cell 2 and Cell 3.					
Note 3:	SNR correspo	onds to \hat{I}	\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}	of cell 1.							ļ		
Note 4:		the serv	ing cell s	ubframe	when the	subfram	e is overl	apped with the	ciated PDCCH/P ABS subframe o				

8.2.1.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	8
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		110000
bitmap			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance

at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

	Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
n	umber	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
	1	10 MHz	R.35 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	18.9	≥2
	2	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	14.3	≥2

8.2.1.4.3 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.3-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter	ſ	Unit	Test 1
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3

$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granularity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note 2)	ms	8
Reporting interval	ms	1
Reporting mode		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRestrictio		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
n bitmap		000000011111111111111100
		0000000000000
PDSCH transmission mode		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame

SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink

before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void. Note 4: Void. Note 5: Void.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	
Test num.	Band- width	Referencechannel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	and Fraction of maximum SNI		UE cate- gory
1	10 MHz	R.36 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	14.7	≥2
Note 1:	Void				•	•		

Table 8.2.1.4.3-3: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Danielinkanania	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	6	8
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	8	8
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1	1
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		0000000000000	0000000000000
bitmap			0000000000000	0000000000000
			0000001111111	0000001111111
			1111111110000	1111111110000
			00000000000	000000000000
CSI request field (Note 3)		'1	0'
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4	4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Multiple CC-s under test are configured as the 1st set of serving cells by higher layers.

Note 4: ACK/NACK bits are transmitted using PUSCH with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection configured.

Note 5: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-4: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	e value	
Test num.	Band- width	Referencechannel	OCNG gation condition		matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum SNR throughput (dB)		UE cate- gory
1	2x10 MHz	R.14 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	10.8	≥3
2	2x20 MHz	R.14-3 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	10.9	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.1.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.2.1.7 Carrier aggregation with power imbalance

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband adjancent carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell in the presence of a stronger SCell signal on an adjacent frequency. Throughput is measured on the PCell only.

8.2.1.7.1 Minimum Requirement

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.7.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.7.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.1.7.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	er	Unit	Test 1				
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0				
$\hat{E}_{s-PCell}$ at anten PCell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-85				
$\hat{E}_{s-SCell}$ at anten Scell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-79				
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	Off (Note 2)				
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 3)				
Modulatio	n		64 QAM				
Maximum number transmission			1				
Redundancy version	_		{0}				
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		1				
PDSCH tramsmiss of SCell	sion mode		3				
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.							
Note 2: No external noise sources are applied Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over							

Table 8.2.1.7.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

pseudo random data.

Void.

Note 4:

the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated.

Test Number	Band- width		Reference Channel		OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions		lation x and enna	d Fraction of		UE Category
		PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	
1	2x20M Hz	R.49 FDD	NA	OP.1 FDD	OP.5 FDD	Clause B.1	Clause B.1	1x2	2x2	85%	NA	≥5
Note 1:			ern for P		ed to fill	the con	trol chan	nel. The	OCNG	pattern for	SCell is us	sed to fill

The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined

8.2.1.8 Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with timing offset

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband non-contiguous carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell and SCell in the presence of timing offset between the cells. Throughput is measured on both cells.

8.2.1.8.1 Minimum Requirement

Note 2:

in 8.1.2.3.

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.8.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.8.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.1.8.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Modulatio	n		64 QAM
Maximum number transmission			4
Redundancy version	•		{0,0,1,2}
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		3
PDSCH tramsmiss of SCell	sion mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Note 2: The OCNG pattern is used to fill unused control channel and PDSCH.

Table 8.2.1.8.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

Test Numbe	Cell	Band- width	Referenc e	OCNG Patter	Propagati on	Correlati on	Refence value Fraction of SNR		Timing relative	UE Catego
r			Channel	n	Condition s	Matrix and Antenna	Maximum Throughput (%)	(dB)	to PCell (µs)	ry
4	PCell	10MH z	R.60 FDD	OP.1	EPA200	2x2 Low	70	21.15	N/A	≥3
'	SCell	10MH z	R.35-3 FDD	FDD	EPA200	2x2 Low	60	15.18	-30.26	23

Note 1:

The EPA200 propagation channels applied to PCell and SCell are statistically independent.

The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in Note 2: 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1					
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4					
Cyclic prefix		Normal					
Cell ID		0					
Inter-TTI Distance		1					
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	7					
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4					
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM					
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths					
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured					

8.2.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.4 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.2.1.1 Minimum Requirement

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6- 8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18	Test 19
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)

	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	0
N_{oc} at antenna		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols fo	r		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
unused PRI	3s		(Note 2)				
Modulation	า		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM	QPSK
ACK/NACI	<		Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing
feedback mo	ode						
PDSCH			1	1	1	1	1
transmission n	node						

 $P_B = 0$ Note 1:

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated Note 2:

pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Void. Note 3: Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.2	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.6	≥1
3	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	-0.2	≥1
4	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	1x2	70	-2.6	≥1
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
6	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥1
10	5 MHz	R.6 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥2
	5 MHz	R.6-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	1

14	15 MHz	R.8 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	≥2
	15 MHz	R.8-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	1
15	20 MHz	R.9 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥3
	20 MHz	R.9-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	≥1
17	10 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1
18	20 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	≥1
19	10 MHz	R.41 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-5.3	≥1
Note 1:	Void							

Table 8.2.2.1.1-3: Test Parameters for CA

F	Parameter		Test 1
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc}	at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols	for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)
N	Modulation		QPSK
ACK/NA	CK feedback mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel selection
PDSCH 1	transmission mode		1

Note 1: $P_B = 0$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one

PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated

pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 3: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-4: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

					Correlation	Reference value			
Test number	Bandwidth	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE Category	
1	2x20MHz	R.42 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.2	≥5	

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2.1.2 Void

8.2.2.1.3 Void

8.2.2.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1
р 0			

Note 1: $P_B = 0$

Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the

whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the

first slot.

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain

QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN

subframes, QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE	İ
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category	
1	10 MHz	R.29 TDD	OP.3 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1	İ

8.2.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0				
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98				
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing				
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2				
Note 1: $P_B = 1$							

Table 8.2.2.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Bandw	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	idth	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
4	10 MHz	R.11 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	≥2
1	5 MHz	R.11-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	1
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	2x2	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2
Note 1: $P_B = 1$			

Table 8.2.2.2.2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Propagation Correlation		/alue	UE	
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category	
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.2	≥1	
2	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.5	≥1	

8.2.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Table 8.2.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink conf	iguration		1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.2.3-2	6
BWchannel		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configu	ıration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	2.5 (synchronous cells)	
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremer Pattern (Note			0000000001 0000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 0000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFD	M symbols		2	2
ACK/NACK feedbac	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmission	n mode		2	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.

Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.2.3-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference	UE Category	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11-4 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.8	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.2.3A Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
Uplink downlink conf	guration		1	1	1	
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2	12	10	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell Id			0	126	1	
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001	
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A	
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A	
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8	
ACK/NACK feedbac	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A	
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		2	Note 9	Note 9	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal	

- Note 1: $P_p = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern		ropagati itions (N		Correlation Matrix and	Reference '	Value	UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11-4 TDD Note 4	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	1 OP.1 EVA5 EVA5 EVA5 2x2 Medium 70 3.5 ≥2							
Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3											

- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are Note 4: transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms. Note 5:

8.2.2.2.4 Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – 2 Tx Antenna Ports with TM3 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 3 interference model defined in clause B.5.2. In Table 8.2.2.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
N_{oc} at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix	Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id	Cell Id		0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.2	As specified in clause B.5.2
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Reporting interval		ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A	
ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A	
Physical channel for CQI		PUSCH(Note 5)	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		4	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: All cells are time-synchronous.

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.2.2.2.4-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Transmit Diversity (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern	Propagation Conditions			Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.46 TDD	OP. 1 TD D	N/A	N/A	EV A70	EV A70	EV A70	2x2 Low	70	-1.4	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.2.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas. The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parame	eter	Unit	Test 1-2
Davinlink navya	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at ante	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feed	back mode		Bundling
PDSCH transmi	ssion mode		3
ACK/NACK feed	back mode	dBm/15kHz	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$ Note 2: Void. Note 3: Void.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
num ber		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Cate gory
1	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.1	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.35 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA200	2x2 Low	70	20.3	≥2
3	10 MHz	R.35-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	2x2 Low	70	20.3	≥2
Note 1	: Void							

Table 8.2.2.3.1-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

	Unit	Test 1
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
σ	dB	0
port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ck mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel selection
on mode		3
	$ ho_A$ $ ho_B$ $ ho$ port ck mode	$ ho_A$ dB $ ho_B$ dB $ ho$ ck mode

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Note 2: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-4: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

Toot					Correlation	Referenc			
	Test num ber	Bandwidth	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE Category

1	2x20 MHz	R.30-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.7	≥5				
Note 1:	Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.											
Note 2:	: The applical	The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in										
	8123											

8.2.2.3.1A Soft buffer management test

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify UE performance with proper instantaneous buffer implementation.

Table 8.2.2.3.1A-1: Test Parameters for soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		- (Note 2)
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK. Note 3: For CA test cases, the same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each

component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.3.1A-2: Minimum performance soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
numb er		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Categ ory
1	2x20 MHz	R.30-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2	3
2	2x20 MHz	R.35-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.7	4

Note 1: For CA test cases, the OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.		·	

Table 8.2.2.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	/alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.14 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.2	≥2

8.2.2.3.3 Minimum Requirement 2Tx antenna port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The requirements for MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.3-4, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Tables 8.2.2.3.3-1 and 8.2.2.3.3-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink config	guration		1	1
Special subframe conf	iguration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.3-2	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configur	ation		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	1
Time Offset between	ime Offset between Cells		2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	0000010001, 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremen Pattern (Note 6			000000001, 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000010001, 0000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDI	/I symbols		2	2
ACK/NACK feedback	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmission	mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Cond	gation itions te 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	UE Category	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	14.0	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

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Table 8.2.2.3.3-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1
Special subframe conf	iguration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.3-4	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Cell Id			0	126
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	2.5 (synchroi	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	000000001 000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremen Pattern (Note 6			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 10)			N/A	000010
Number of control OFD	M symbols		2	2
ACK/NACK feedbac			Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmission			3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10,#11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbol #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 10: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-4: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

176

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern		gation itions te 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	/alue	UE Category
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	12.2	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel. Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.3.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.4-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.3.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.3.4-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink configuration Special subframe configuration			1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feedbac	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	Note 9	Note 9
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.3.4-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Refer Num ence		\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note1)			Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate	
ber	Chan nel	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughp ut (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 TDD Note 4	9	7	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	14.2	≥2
2	R.35 TDD Note 4	9	1	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	22.7	≥2

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2			
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0	0			
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98			
Precoding granularity		PRB	6	50			
PMI delay (Note 2)		ms	10 or 11	10 or 11			
Reporting interval		ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)	1 or 4 (Note 3)			
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction			001111	001111			
bitmap							
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	Multiplexing			
PDSCH transmission mode			4	4			

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-3.1	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.8	≥1

8.2.2.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	3	
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	
Precoding granul	Precoding granularity		6	
PMI delay (Note 2)		ms	10 or 11	
Reporting interval		ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)	
Reporting mod	le		PUSCH 1-2	
CodeBookSubsetR	estricti		00000000000000000	
on bitmap			00000000000000000	
			00000000000000111	
			1111111111111	
ACK/NACK feed	ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing	
mode				
PDSCH transmission			4	
mode				
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.				
Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance				

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.5	≥1

8.2.2.4.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port with TM4 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-

one performance with wideband precoding with two transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 4 interference model defined in clause B.5.3. In Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BWchannel		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	
Cell Id		0	1	2	
Number of control OFDM		2	2	2	
PDSCH transmission	mode		6	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.3	As specified in clause B.5.3
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Precoding granular	rity	PRB	50	6	6
PMI delay (Note 4	1)	ms	10 or 11	N/A	N/A
Reporting interva	ıl	ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			1111	N/A	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI		PUSCH(Note 6)	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		4	N/A	N/A

- Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$
- Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.
- Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.
- Note 4: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 5: All cells are time-synchronous.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.2.2.4.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern	11.1.3.1.1		Correlation Reference Value Matrix and		UE Cate		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.47 TDD	OP. 1 TD D	N/A	N/A	EV A5	EV A5	EV A5	2x2 Low	70	1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.2.4.1C Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink confi			1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	Frequency shift between Cells		N/A	300	-100
Cell Id	Cell Id		0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feeback	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		6	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity		PRB	50	N/A	N/A
PMI delay (Note 10)		ms	10 or 11	N/A	N/A
Reporting inter		ms	1 or 4 (Note 11)	N/A	N/A
	Peporting mode		PUSCH 3-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		1111	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 11: For Uplink downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.
- Note 12: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 13: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2: Minimum Performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)- Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			Propagation Conditions (Note1)		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 TDD Note 4	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 High	70	6.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter	1	Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		110000
bitmap			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be

applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval

will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test number	Band- width	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Correlation Matrix and	Reference v	/alue SNR	UE Category
					Antenna Configuration	Maximum Throughput (%)	(dB)	cuiogoiy
1	10 MHz	R.35 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	19.5	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	13.9	≥2

Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port 8.2.2.4.3

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.3-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Paramete	ſ	Unit	Test 1				
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	3				
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98				
Precoding gran	ularity	PRB	6				
PMI delay (No	te 2)	ms	10 or 11				
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)				
Reporting mo			PUSCH 1-2				
ACK/NACK feedba			Bundling				
CodeBookSubsetR bitmap	estriction		00000000000000000000000000000000000000				
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		4				
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.							
Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)							

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate

between 1ms and 4ms.

Note 4: Void. Note 5: Void. Note 6: Void.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagatio	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	n Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.36 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	15.7	≥2
Note 1:	Void							

Table 8.2.2.4.3-3: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Danielink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3

$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granularity	PRB	8
PMI delay (Note 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting interval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mode		PUSCH 1-2
ACK/NACK feedback mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel
		selection
CodeBookSubsetRestriction		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
bitmap		00001111111111111111100000000
		0000000
CSI request field (Note 4)		'10'
PDSCH transmission mode		4

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this

reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Note 4: Multiple CC-s under test are configured as the 1st set of serving cells by high

layers.

Note 5: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-4: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Test number	Band- width	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagatio n Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	ce value SNR (dB)	UE Cate
1	2x20 MHz	R.43 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	11.1	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.2.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.2.2.7 Carrier aggregation with power imbalance

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband adjancent carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell in the presence of a stronger SCell signal on an adjacent frequency. Throughput is measured on the PCell only.

8.2.2.7.1 Minimum Requirement

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.7.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.7.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.2.7.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1			
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
$\hat{E}_{s-PCell}$ at anten PCell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-85			
$\hat{E}_{s-SCell}$ at anten Scell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-79			
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	Off (Note 2)			
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 3)			
Modulatio	n		64 QAM			
Maximum number transmission	-		1			
Redundancy version sequence	J		{0}			
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		1			
PDSCH transmiss of SCell	ion mode		3			
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.						
Note 2: No external noise sources are applied. These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one						

Table 8.2.2.7.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

pseudo random data.

Void.

Note 4:

PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated

Test Number	Band- width	Reference Channel		OCNG I			gation itions	Matrix and Antenna		Matrix and Fraction of		ion of mum	Category
		PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell		
1	2x20M	_	NA	OP.1			Clause	1x2	2x2	85%	NA	≥5	
Note 1:			ern for P		TDD ed to fill	B.1 the con	B.1 trol char	nel. The	e OCNG	pattern for	SCell is us	sed to fill	
Note 2:		plicability			or differ	ent CA o	configura	ations ar	nd band	width comb	ination sets	s is defined	

8.3 Demodulation of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.3.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.3.1-1 are valid for FDD unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.3.1-1: Common Test Parameters for User-specific Reference Symbols

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	2
Precoder update granularity		Frequency domain: 1 PRG for Transmission mode 9 and 10 Time domain: 1 ms
Note 1: Void. Note 2: Void.		

8.3.1.1 Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1-1 and 8.3.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, and to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power.

Table 8.3.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Daniel Land	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1	Annex B.4.1
Cell-specific refere	ence		Antenna	ports 0,1
CSI reference sign	nals		Antenna ports 15,,18	Antenna ports 15,,18
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse $T_{\text{CSI-RS}} / \Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	t	Subframes	5/2	5/2
CSI reference sig configuration			0	3
configuration Icsi-RS /	Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS		3 / 00010000000000000	3 / 000100000000000000
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Symbols for unus PRBs	sed		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)
Number of alloca resource blocks (No		PRB	50	50
Simultaneous transmission	Simultaneous		No	Yes (Note 3, 5)
PDSCH transmiss mode	sion		9	9
port 7 or	8.	•	signal under test are m	

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the

OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $\,n_{\rm SCID}\,$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed

DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.1.1-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidt h and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference Fraction of Maximum Throughpu t (%)	value SNR (dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.43 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-1	≥1

Table 8.3.1.1-3: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	OCNG Propagation Correlation		Reference v	UE						
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category					
2	10 MHz 64QAM 1/2	R.50 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	21.9	≥2					
Note 1:	The reference of	channel applie											

8.3.1.1A Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify closed loop rank one performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of one dominant interfering cell applying transmission mode 9 interference model defined in clause B.5.4. In 8.3.1.1A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2, respectively.

Table 8.3.1.1A-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with TM9 interference model

paramete	parameter		Cell 1	Cell 2	
Danieliali a anna	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0	
	σ	dB	-3	-3	
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	
CSI reference s	signals		Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A	
CSI-RS periodic subframe offset T_{CSI}	-RS / Δ CSI-RS	Subframes	5/2	N/A	
CSI reference configuration			0	N/A	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	N/A	
DIP (Note	2)	dB	N/A	-1.73	
BWChanne	I	MHz	10	10	
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal	
Cell Id			0	126	
Number of contro symbols	ol OFDM		2	2	
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		9	N/A	
Beamforming ı	model		As specified in clause B.4.3 (Note 4, 5)	N/A	
Interference n	nodel		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.4	
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1		N/A	70	
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2		N/A	30	
Precoder update g	ranularity	PRB	50	6	
PMI delay (No	ote 5)	Ms	8	N/A	
Reporting into	erval	Ms	5	N/A	
Reporting m	ode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	
CodeBookSubsetF bitmap	Restriction		000000000000000 0000000000000000 000000	N/A	
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 6)	N/A	
Simultaneous tran	smission		No simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test	N/A	
Physical channel reporting			PUSCH(Note 8)	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configura			5	N/A	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: The modulation symbols of the signal under test in Cell 1 are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 4:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 5:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based
	on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI
	cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 6:	These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs
	with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs
	shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.
Note 7:	All cells are time-synchronous.
Note 8:	To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report
	both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in
	downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on
	PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.3.1.1A-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, CDM-multiplexed DM RS with TM9 interference model

Test Number	Referenc e		NG tern		gation itions	Correlatio n Matrix	Reference Value		UE Categor
	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	у
1	R.48 FDD	OP.1 FDD	N/A	EVA5	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.3.1.1B Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1B-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.3.1.1B-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.3.1.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.3.1.1B-1: Test parameters of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	-3	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.1B-2	12	10
BWchannel		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
Cell-specific reference	e signals		A	ntenna ports 0,1	
CSI reference sig			Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	N/A
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	et s	Subframes	5/2	N/A	N/A
CSI reference signation			8	N/A	N/A
Zero-power CSI- configuration ICSI-RS / ZeroPow bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00100000000000 00	N/A	N/A
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	Ccsi,1		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		TM9-1layer	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granul			Frequency domain: 1 PRG Time domain: 1 ms	N/A	N/A
Beamforming mo	odel		Annex B.4.1	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	$P_B = 1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a
	subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	· · ·
Note 12:	
Note 13:	The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Table 8.3.1.1B-2: Minimum Performance of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Number	Channel	00	NG Patt	ern		Conditions (Note1)		Matrix and		Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.51 FDD	OP.1	OP.1	OP.1		EVA5		2x2 Low	70	7.8	≥2
		FDD	FDD	FDD							
Note 1:	The propagat	tion cond	tions for	Cell 1, C	ell 2 and	Cell 3 are	e statistic	ally independen	t.		
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.										
Note 3:	SNR correspo	onds to \hat{I}	\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}	of cell 1.							

8.3.1.2 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.2-1 where Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is set according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation, to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power, and to verify that the UE correctly estimate SNR.

Table 8.3.1.2-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

	-matar	Unit	Test 1			
para	parameter		Cell 1	Cell 2		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0		
power allocation	σ	dB	-3	-3		
anocation	PDSCH_RA	dB	4	NA		
	PDSCH_RB	dB	4	NA		

Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0 and 1	Antenna ports 0 and 1
Cell ID		0	126
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	NA
Beamforming model		Annex B.4.2	NA
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset Tcsi-RS / \(\Delta\colon\) dcsi-RS	Subframes	5/2	NA
CSI reference signal configuration		8	NA
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration ICSI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00100000000000000	NA
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.2-2	7.25dB
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	NA
Number of allocated resource blocks (Note 2)	PRB	50	NA
Simultaneous transmission		No	NA
PDSCH transmission mode		9	Blanked

Note 1: $P_R = 1$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.2-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidth and MCS	Reference Channel		NG tern		gation dition	Correlation Matrix and	Reference	value	UE Categ
			Cell1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	ory
1	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.51 FDD	OP.1 FDD	N/A	ETU5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.2	2-8

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1.

8.3.1.3 Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports

8.3.1.3.1 Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.1-1 and Table 8.3.1.3.1-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6], configured according to Table

8.3.1.3.1-2. In Table 8.3.1.3.1-1 and 8.3.1.3.1-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.1-1: Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI-RS 0 anteni	na ports		NA	Port {15,16}
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 period subframe offset Tcs	icity and -RS / ∆csi-RS	Subframes	NA	5/2
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 config	uration		NA	8
csi-RS-ConfigZPId power CSI-RS 0 co Icsi-RS / ZeroPower CSI-R	nfiguration		NA	2/ 0000010000000000
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3
BW _{Channe}	ı	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	iix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	0
Number of contro symbols	ol OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		Blanked	10
Number of alloca	ted PRB	PRB	NA	50
qcl-Operation, 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co- Location Indicator'			Туре	B, '00'
Time offset between	een TPs	μs	NA	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3
Frequency error be	tween TPs	Hz	NA	0
Beamforming model			NA	Port 7 as specified in clause B.4.1
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		NA	OCNG (Note 3)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Noet 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.1-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	s in each PQI set	hypothesi	smission is for each I Set
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2

PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	Blanked	PDSCH

Table 8.3.1.3.1-3: Minimum performance for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Test Number	Reference Channel		CN tern	Time offset between	Propag Condi (Not	itions	Correlation Matrix and Antenna			UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TPs (μs)	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.52 FDD	NA	OP.1 FDD	2	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.1	≥2
2	R.52 FDD	NA	OP.1 FDD	-0.5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.6	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.1.3.2 Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.2-1 and 8.3.1.3.2-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.1.3.2-1 and 8.3.1.3.2-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) has same Cell ID as TP 1. Multiple NZP CSI-RS resources and ZP CSI-RS resources are configured. In each sub-frame, DL PDSCH transmission is dynamically switched between 2 TPs with multiple PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator configuration (PQI). Configurations of PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator and downlink transmission hypothesis are defined in Table 8.3.1.3.2-2. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.2-1: Test Parameters for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3

Beamforming model		As specified in clause B.4.1	As specified in clause B.4.1
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI reference signals 0		Antenna ports {15,16}	N/A
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5/2	N/A
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		0	N/A
CSI reference signals 1		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 1 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5/2
CSI reference signal 1 configuration		N/A	8
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	2/ 001000000000000000	N/A
Zero-power CSI-RS1 configuration /csi-Rs / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmaps	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	2/ 00000100000000000
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BWchannel	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id		0	0
Number of control OFDM symbols		2	2
Timing offset between TPs		N/A	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	0
Number of allocated resource blocks	PRB	50	50
PDSCH transmission mode		10	10
Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission(Note 3)	%	30	70
			ĭ

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: PDSCH transmission from TPs shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TPs are specified.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.2-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI Set		
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	TP 1	TP 2	
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	PDSCH	Blanked
PQI set 1	CSI-RS 1	Blanked	PDSCH	

Table 8.3.1.3.2-3 Performance Requirements for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

Test Number	Timing offset(us)	Reference Channel		NG tern		agation ditions	Correlation Matrix and	Reference \	/alue	UE Category
			TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	2	R.53 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.2	≥2
2	-0.5	R.53 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.5	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of both TP 1 and TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.1.3.3 Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.3-1. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission points have different Cell ID and colliding CRS. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the frequency difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching behaviour according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.1.3.3-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH with different Cell ID. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.3-1 Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and Colliding CRS

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3

Beamforming model		N/A	As specified in clause B.4.2
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference signals 0		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5/2
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		N/A	0
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration lcsi-RS / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	2/ 001000000000000000
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2 + 4dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BWChannel	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id		0	126
Number of control OFDM symbols		1	2
Timing offset between TPs	us	N/A	0
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	200
qcl-Operation, PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co- Location Indicator'		Туре	B, '00'
PDSCH transmission mode		Blank	10
Number of allocated resource block		N/A	50
Symbols for unused PRBs		N/A	OCNG(Note2)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs Note 2: shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.3-2 Performance Requirements for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and **Colliding CRS**

Test Number	Reference Channel		NG tern	Cond	gation itions te1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.54 FDD	N/A	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.4	≥2

Note 1:

The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1. Note 3:

8.3.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.3.2-1 are valid for TDD unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.3.2-1: Common Test Parameters for User-specific Reference Symbols

Parameter	Unit	Value				
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1				
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4				
Cyclic prefix		Normal				
Cell ID		0				
Inter-TTI Distance		1				
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	7				
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4				
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM				
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	2				
Precoder update granularity		Frequency domain: 1 PRB for Transmission mode 8, 1 PRG for Transmission mode 9 and 10Time domain: 1 ms				
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing				
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4] Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]						

8.3.2.1 Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing

For single-layer transmission on antenna port 5, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the demodulation performance using user-specific reference signals with full RB or single RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing DRS

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0		
Cell-specific reference signals				Antenna port 0				
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1					
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna p	$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		-98	-98	-98	-98		
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)		
PDSCH transmission mode			7	7	7	7		

Note 1: $P_{p} = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.1-2: Minimum performance DRS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.25 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	-0.8	≥1
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	≥2
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	≥2
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	1
4	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.28 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	30	1.7	≥1

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2B, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-4 and 8.3.2.1-5, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port.

Table 8.3.2.1-3: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3		
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna port 0 and antenna port 1							
Beamforming mode			Annex B.4.1						
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna por	t	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98		
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)		
Simultaneous transmission			No	No	No	Yes (Note 3, 5)	Yes (Note 3, 5)		
PDSCH transmission m	ode		8	8	8	8	8		

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: The modulation symbols of the signal under test is mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $n_{\rm SCID}$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.2.1-4: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidt	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	h and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughpu t (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	≥2
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	1

Table 8.3.2.1-5: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE	
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category	
4	10 MHz	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.9	≥2	
	16QAM 1/2	(Note 1)							
5	10 MHz	R.34 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	22.0	≥2	
	64QAM 1/2	(Note 1)							
Note 1:	Note 1: The reference channel applies to both the input signal under test and the interfering signal.								

8.3.2.1A Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1A-2 and 8.3.2.1A-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, and to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power.

Table 8.3.2.1A-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with multiple **CSI-RS** configurations

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2		
Danielink names	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	-3	-3		
Cell-specific refere	ence		Antenna	ports 0,1		
CSI reference sign	nals		Antenna ports 15,,22	Antenna ports 15,,18		
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1	Annex B.4.1		
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	t	Subframes	5/4	5 / 4		
CSI reference signal configuration			1	3		
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration IcsI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	4 / 0010000100000000	4 / 001000000000000000		
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98		
Symbols for unus PRBs	sed		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)		
Number of alloca resource blocks (No		PRB	50	50		
Simultaneous transmission			No	Yes (Note 3, 5)		
PDSCH transmission mode			9	9		
Note 1: $P_B = 1$. Note 2: The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.						

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the

OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $\,n_{\rm SCID}\,$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed

DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.2.1A-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidt h and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference Fraction of Maximum Throughpu t (%)	value SNR (dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.50 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-0.6	≥1

Table 8.3.2.1A-3: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test	Bandwidth Reference OCNG Propagation		Correlation	Reference value		UE			
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category	
2	10 MHz 64QAM 1/2	R.44 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	22.1	≥2	
Note 1:	Note 1: The reference channel applies to both the input signal under test and the interfering signal.								

8.3.2.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify closed-loop rank one performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of one dominant interfering cell applying transmission mode 9 interference model defined in clause B.5.4. In 8.3.2.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2, respectively.

Table 8.3.2.1B-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with TM9 interference model

paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference s			Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A
CSI-RS periodic subframe offset $T_{\rm CSI}$	-RS / Δ CSI-RS	Subframes	5 / 4	N/A
CSI reference configuration			0	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	N/A
DIP (Note	2)	dB	N/A	-1.73
BWChanne	l	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	126
Number of control symbols	I OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		9	N/A
Beamforming ı	model		As specified in clause B.4.3 (Note 4, 5)	N/A
Interference n	nodel		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.4
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1		N/A	70
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2		N/A	30
Precoder update g	ranularity	PRB	50	6
PMI delay (No	ote 5)	ms	10 or 11	N/A
Reporting into	erval	ms	5	N/A
Reporting m	ode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
CodeBookSubsetF bitmap	Restriction		0000000000000000 00000000000000000 00000	N/A
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 6)	N/A
Simultaneous tran	smission		No simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test	N/A
Physical channel reporting			PUSCH(Note 8)	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configura			4	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: The modulation symbols of the signal under test in Cell 1 are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 4:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 5:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based
	on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI
	cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 6:	These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs
	with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs
	shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.
Note 7:	All cells are time-synchronous.
Note 8:	To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report
	both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in
	downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on
	PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.3.2.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, CDM-multiplexed DM RS with TM9 interference model

Test Number	Referenc e		NG tern	Propagation Conditions		Correlatio n Matrix	Reference V	alue	UE Categor
	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	у
1	R.48 TDD	OP.1 TDD	N/A	EVA5	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.3.2.1C Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.3.2.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.3.2.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.3.2.1C-1: Test parameters of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
Uplink downlink Conf	iguration		1	1	1	
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
a	σ	dB	-3	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.1C-2	12	10	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell Id			0	1	126	
Cell-specific reference	e signals		A	ntenna ports 0,1		
CSI reference sig	ınals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	N/A	
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offso $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	et	Subframes	5/4	N/A	N/A	
CSI reference signification			8	N/A	N/A	
Zero-power CSI- configuration Icsi-RS / ZeroPowe bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	4 / 00100000000000 00	N/A	N/A	
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001	
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A	
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A	
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8	
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		TM9-1layer	Note 9	Note 9	
Precoding granularity			Frequency domain: 1 PRG Time domain: 1 ms	N/A	N/A	
Beamforming mo			Annex B.4.1	N/A	N/A	
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal	

Note 1:	$P_B = 1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a
	subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated
	PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is
	overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the
	definition of the reference channel.
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined
	in [7].
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for
	CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe
	indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3
	applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	
	estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at
	the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	1 5 1 5
Nete 40	4ms.
	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 13:	
Note 14:	The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Table 8.3.2.1C-2: Minimum Performance of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern	Conditions (Note1) Cell 3 Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3		Correlation Matrix and			UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3			Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory	
1	R.51 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD		EVA5		2x2 Low	70	8.5	≥2
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:		on matrix	and ante	nna conf	iguration			ally independen Cell 2 and Cell 3.			

8.3.2.2 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2B, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer)

Paramet	ter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	
allocation	σ	dB	-3	-3	
Cell-specific reference symbols			Antenna port 0 and antenna por 1		
Beamform model			Annex B.4.2		
N_{oc} at ante	enna	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Symbols unused Pl			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	
Number allocate resource b	d	PRB	50	50	
PDSCH transmiss mode	CH ssion		8	8	

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.2-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE	
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category	
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	4.5	≥2	
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.7	≥2	

8.3.2.3 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.3-1 where Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is set according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation, to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power, and to verify that the UE correctly estimate SNR.

Table 8.3.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

	parameter		Test 1			
para			Cell 1	Cell 2		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0		
power	σ	dB	-3	-3		
allocation	PDSCH_RA	dB	4	NA		
	PDSCH_RB	dB	4	NA		

Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0 and 1	Antenna ports 0 and 1
Cell ID		0	126
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	NA
Beamforming model		Annex B.4.2	NA
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5/4	NA
CSI reference signal configuration		8	NA
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration ICSI-RS / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	4 / 00100000000000000	NA
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.3-2	Test specific, 7.25dB
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	NA
Number of allocated resource blocks (Note 2)	PRB	50	NA
Simultaneous transmission		No	NA
PDSCH transmission mode		9	Blanked

Note 1: $P_R = 1$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.3-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidth and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Condition		Correlation Matrix and	Reference value		UE Cate
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	gory
1	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.51 TDD	OP.1 TDD	N/A	ETU5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.8	2-8

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1.

8.3.2.4 Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports

8.3.2.4.1 Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.1-1 and Table 8.3.2.4.1-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6], configured according to Table

8.3.2.4.1-2. In Table 8.3.2.4.1-1 and 8.3.2.4.1-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.1-1: Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI-RS 0 antenr	na ports		NA	Port {15,16}
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 period subframe offset Tcsi	icity and -RS / ∆csi-RS	Subframes	NA	5/4
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 config			NA	8
csi-RS-ConfigZPId- power CSI-RS 0 co Icsi-RS / ZeroPower CSI-R	nfiguration		NA	4/ 0000010000000000
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ïx		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	0
Number of contro symbols	ol OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		Blanked	10
Number of alloca	ted PRB	PRB	NA	50
qcl-Operation, PE Mapping and Qu Location Indic	asi-Co-		Туре	B, '00'
Time offset between	een TPs	μs	NA	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3
Frequency error be	tween TPs	Hz	NA	0
Beamforming ı	model		NA	Port 7 as specified in clause B.4.1
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		NA	OCNG (Note 3)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Noet 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.1-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	hypothesi	smission is for each Set	
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	Blanked	PDSCH

Table 8.3.2.4.1-3: Minimum performance for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Test Number	Reference Channel		CN tern	Time offset between	Propag Cond (No	itions	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TPs (μs)	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.52 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	2	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12	≥2
2	R.52 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	-0.5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.2.4.2 Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.2-1 and 8.3.2.4.2-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6]. In8.3.2.4.2-1 and 8.3.2.4.2-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) has same Cell ID as TP 1. Multiple NZP CSI-RS resources and ZP CSI-RS resources are configured. In each sub-frame, DL PDSCH transmission is dynamically switched between 2 TPs with multiple PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator configuration (PQI). Configurations of PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator and downlink transmission hypothesis are defined in Table 8.3.2.4.2-2. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.2-1: Test Parameters for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

parameter		Unit	TP 1	TP 2	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
Downlink power allocation	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0	
σ		dB	-3	-3	
Beamforming mode	I		As specified in clause B.4.1	As specified in clause B.4.1	
Cell-specific referen	ice signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)	
CSI reference signa			Antenna ports {15,16}	N/A	
CSI-RS 0 periodicity subframe offset T_{CS}	$_{\text{I-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5 / 4	N/A	
CSI reference signal configuration	ıl 0		0	N/A	
CSI reference signa	ıls 1		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}	
CSI-RS 1 periodicity subframe offset Tcs	i-rs / Δ csi-rs	Subframes	N/A	5 / 4	
CSI reference signal configuration			N/A	8	
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration IcsI-RS / ZeroPower CSI-RS	bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	4/ 001000000000000000	N/A	
Zero-power CSI-RS1 configuration Icsi-RS / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmaps		Subframes /bitmap	N/A	4/ 0000010000000000	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15kH z	-98	-98	
BWChannel			10	10	
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	
Cell Id			0	0	
Number of control C symbols	DFDM		2	2	
Timing offset between TPs			N/A	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3	
Frequency offset between TPs		Hz	N/A	0	
Number of allocated resource blocks		PRB	50	50	
PDSCH transmission mode			10	10	
Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission(Note 3)		%	30	70	
Symbols for unused	I PRBs		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: PDSCH transmission from TPs shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TPs are specified. Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.2-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI Set		
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	TP 1	TP 2	
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	PDSCH	Blanked
PQI set 1	CSI-RS 1	ZP CSI-RS 1	Blanked	PDSCH

Table 8.3.2.4.2-3 Performance Requirements for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

Test Number	Timing offset(us)	Reference Channel		OCNG Propagation Pattern Conditions		Correlation Reference Value Matrix and		/alue	UE Category	
			TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	2	R.53 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.3	≥2
2	-0.5	R.53 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.5	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of both TP 1 and TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.2.4.3 Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.3-1. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission points have different Cell ID and colliding CRS. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the frequency difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching behaviour according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.2.4.3-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH with different Cell ID. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.3-1 Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and Colliding CRS

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0		
	σ	dB	-3	-3		

Beamforming model		N/A	As specified in clause B.4.2	
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	
CSI reference signals 0		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}	
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5 / 4	
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		N/A	0	
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration lcsi-RS / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	4/ 00100000000000000	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2 + 4dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98	
BWChannel	MHz	10	10	
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	
Cell Id		0	126	
Number of control OFDM symbols		1	2	
Timing offset between TPs	us	N/A	0	
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	200	
qcl-Operation, PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co- Location Indicator'		Type B, '00'		
PDSCH transmission mode		Blank	10	
Number of allocated resource block		N/A	50	
Symbols for unused PRBs		N/A	OCNG(Note2)	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs Note 2: shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.3-2 Performance Requirements for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and **Colliding CRS**

Test Reference Number Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category	
		TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.54 TDD	N/A	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.7	≥2

Note 1:

The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1. Note 3:

8.4 Demodulation of PDCCH/PCFICH

The receiver characteristics of the PDCCH/PCFICH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the Downlink Scheduling Grant (Pm-dsg). PDCCH and PCFICH are tested jointly, i.e. a miss detection of PCFICH implies a miss detection of PDCCH

8.4.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.4.1-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
PHICH Ng (Note 1)		1	1
PHICH du	ration		Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s a	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell II)		0	0
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
N_{oc} at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic pi	efix		Normal	Normal
Note 1: According	ng to Clause 6.9	in TS 36.211 [4].		

8.4.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
						and		
						correlation		
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	1	-1.7

8.4.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value		
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	10 MHz	4 CCE	R.16 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-0.6	

8.4.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	6.3

8.4.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.3-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. In Table 8.4.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.3-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-4. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.4.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Paramete		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-	1.5
BWChanne	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Confi	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betw	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern (Not			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100	N/A
(Note 6)	Ccsi,1		11111011 11111011 11111011 10111011 11111011	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	3
PHICH Ng (N			1	N/A
PHICH dura			Extended	N/A
Unused RE-s an			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pre	iX	venhala #1 #2 #2 #2	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]:
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numb er	Aggregati on Level	Referen ce Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	8 CCE	R15-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-3.9	

The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent. Note 1:

Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Note 3:

Table 8.4.1.2.3-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Paramet		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.3- 4	1.5
BW _{Chann}	el	MHz	10	10
Subframe Conf	iguration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset betw	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	126
ABS pattern (Note 4)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measuren Pattern (No			0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 9)			N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control O			3	3
PHICH Ng (N			1	N/A
PHICH dura			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s ar			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pre	etix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4th, 12th, 19th and 27th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 9: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 10: The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.
- Note 11: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.1.2.3-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCHICH - MBSFN ABS

Test Numb er	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel		NG tern	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Conditions		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configurati on	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)		
1	8 CCE	R15-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-4.2		

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.4.1.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.4-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-2.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.4-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-4.

In Tables 8.4.1.2.4-1 and 8.4.1.2.4-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell3are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Douglink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-2	5	3
BWch	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configuration			Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
ABS patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,o		00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	Ccsi,1		11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011	N/A	N/A
Number of control			2	Note 7	Note 7
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7];
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
Note 7:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 8:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.
Note 9:	SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern				ropagationitions (N		Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Paran	neter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Douglink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-4	5	3
BW _C	nannel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	Subframe Configuration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset b	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	Frequency shift between Cells		N/A	300	-100
Cell	l ld		0	126	1
ABS patter	n (Note 4)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measu Pattern (0001000000 010000010 000001000 00000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,o		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 7)			N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 8	Note 8
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH o			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic	prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4 th , 12 th , 19 th and 27 th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped
	with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 7:	MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits are chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.
Note 10:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 11:	SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			ropagations (N		Correlation Matrix and	Refere	nce Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.0
Note 1:	The propagation	on conditions f	or Cell 1.	Cell 2 ar	nd Cell 3	are statis	stically ind	depender	nt.		

The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Note 2:

Note 12: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} of cell 1. Note 3:

8.4.2 **TDD**

The parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.4.2-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink (Note			0	0
Special subframe (Note	•		4	4
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
PHICH Ng (Note 3)		1	1
PHICH du	ration		Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s a	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell I	D		0	0
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic p	refix		Normal	Normal
ACK/NACK feed	dback mode		Multiplexing	Multiplexing
Note 1: as speci	fied in Table 4.2	2-2 in TS 36.211 [4	1].	

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 3: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.4.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
						and		
						correlation		
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	1	-1.6

8.4.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
						and		
						correlation		
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	4 CCE	R.16 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	0.1

8.4.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	6.5

8.4.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.3-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.. In Table 8.4.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.3-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.3-4. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.4.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink co	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μS	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern(Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 000000001	N/A
Sets(Note 6)	Ccsi,1		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OF	DM symbols		3	3
ACK/NACK feedba			Multiplexing	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 9)			1	N/A
PHICH duration			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and	d PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	ix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numbe r	Aggregatio n Level	Referenc e Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Cond	gation itions te 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna		rence lue
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-3.9

The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent. Note 1:

Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Note 3:

Table 8.4.2.2.3-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink co	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Develor and a	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-4	1.5
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Confi	guration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μS	2.5 (synchro	onous cells)
Cell Id			0	126
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	000000001 000000001
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern(Note			0000000001 0000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A
Sets(Note 6)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 9) Number of control OFDM symbols ACK/NACK feedback mode PHICH Ng (Note 10)			N/A	000010
			3	3
			Multiplexing	N/A
			1	N/A
PHICH dura	tion		extended	N/A
Unused RE-s an			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	fix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 9: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.3-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propag Conditions	•	Correlation Matrix and	Referen	ce Value
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-4.1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.4.2.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.2.4-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-2.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.2.4-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-4.

In Tables 8.4.2.2.4-1 and 8.4.2.2.4-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.4.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink	configuration		1	1	1
Special subframe	configuration		4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N	oc2	dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-2	5	3
BWchannel		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	tween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift I	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	ld		0	126	1
ABS pattern	(Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,0		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of co			2	Note 7	Note 7
ACK/NACK fee			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 10)			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic p	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7];
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
- Note 7: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 8: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.4-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern Propagation Conditions (Note 1)			Correlation Matrix and	Referer	nce Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.0

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Table 8.4.2.2.4-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink	configuration		1	1	1
Special subframe	e configuration		4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-4	5	3
BWch	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configuration			Non-MBSFN	MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset between Cells		μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	ld		0	126	1
ABS patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,0		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
MBSFN Subfrai			N/A	000010	000010
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 11)			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d	uration		Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic p	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 10: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 11: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.4-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	el Conditions (Note 1) Matrix and				. •					Referer	nce Value
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)		
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-1.8		
1 Note 1:		_	TDD	TDD	TDD				2x2 Low	(%) 1			

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

8.5 Demodulation of PHICH

The receiver characteristics of the PHICH are determined by the probability of miss-detecting an ACK for a NACK (Pm-an). It is assumed that there is no bias applied to the detection of ACK and NACK (zero-threshold delection).

8.5.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.5.1-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity	
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3	
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3	
PHICH du	ıration		Normal	Normal	
PHICH Ng	(Note 1)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1	
PDCCH C	Content		UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3.6.		
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG	
Cell I	D		0	0	
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Cyclic p	refix		Normal	Normal	
Note 1: according	g to Clause 6.9 in	TS 36.211 [4]			

8.5.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.5
2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	0.6

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

8.5.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.4

8.5.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.1

8.5.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 and Table 8.5.1.2.3-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. In Table 8.5.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.5.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramete		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
Downlink power allocation	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	
	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A	
	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.1.2.3-2	1.5	
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10	
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchror	nous cells)	
Cell Id			0	1	
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100	
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern (Not			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 6)	Ccsi,o		00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100	N/A	
	C _{CSI,1}		11111011 11111011 11111011 10111011 11111011	N/A	
Number of control OF			3	3	
PHICH Ng (No			1	N/A	
PHICH dura			extended	N/A	
Unused RE-s an			OCNG	OCNG	
Cyclic pref	IX		Normal	Normal	

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in the 26th subframe indicated by the ABS pattern.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration and	Reference Value		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.19	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	0.1	4.6	
Note 1:					ell 2 are s	tatistically independ	dent.		
Note 2:	SNR corresponds to \widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.								
Note 3:	The correlation	matrix ar	nd antenna	a configur	ation appl	y for Cell 1 and Ce	II 2.		

8.5.1.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 and Table 8.5.1.2.4-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.4-2. In Table 8.5.1.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.5.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.1.2.4-	5	3
BWch	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Cell Id		0	126	1
PDCCH (PDCCH Content		UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3.6.	N/A	N/A
ABS patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,o		00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	Ccsi,1		11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011	N/A	N/A
Number of control			2	Note 7	Note 7
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d	uration		Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in the 26 th subframe indicated by the ABS pattern.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
Note 7:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 8:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 9:	SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in the test.
Note 10:	According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.1.2.4-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	oc	NG Patt	ern		Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Reference Value	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.19	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	0.1	5.0
Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.										
Note 3:	SNR correspond	ds to $\widehat{ar{F}}$,	N of (Cell 1						

8.5.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.5.2-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink cor	figuration (Note		1	1
1	Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4	4
	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
PHICH du	ıration		Normal	Normal
PHICH Ng	(Note 3)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1
PDCCH C	Content			I be included with the on aligned with A.3.6.
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell I	D		0	0
N_{oc} at ante	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic p			Normal	Normal
ACK/NACK fee			Multiplexing	Multiplexing
Note 1: as specif	ied in Table 4.2-2	in TS 36.211 [4	.]	

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]
Note 3: according to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.5.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.8
2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	1.3

8.5.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.2	

8.5.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
					and			
					correlation			
					Matrix			
1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.2	

8.5.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 and Table 8.5.2.2.3-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3, In Table 8.5.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.5.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink cor	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.2.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channe}	BW _{Channel}		10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchronous cells)	
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	ote 4)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measureme Pattern (Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 0000000001	N/A
(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	3
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 9)			1	N/A
PHICH dura	tion		extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	ix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in subframe 5
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration and	Reference Value	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	R.19	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	0.1	4.6
Note 1:					ell 2 are s	tatistically independ	dent.	
Note 2:	SNR corresponds to \widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.							
Note 3:	The correlation	matrix ar	d antenna	a configur	ation appl	y for Cell 1 and Ce	II 2.	

8.5.2.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 and Table 8.5.2.2.4-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.4-2. In Table 8.5.2.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.5.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paran		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink			1	1	1
Special subfram			4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N	V_{oc2}	dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.2.2.4-2	5	3
BWch	nannel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN		Non- MBSFN
Time Offset b	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	ld		0	126	1
PDCCH	Content		UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3.6.	N/A	N/A
ABS patter	n (Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Pattern (000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	Ccsi,0		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	Ccsi,1		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 7	Note 7
ACK/NACK fe	edback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH o			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic	prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in subframe 5
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 8: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in the test.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.2.2.4-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Reference	OC	NG Patt	1		Antenna	Reference Value			
Number	Channel				Cond	Conditions (Note 1)		Configuration		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation	Pm-an	SNR (dB)
								Matrix (Note 2)	(%)	(Note 3)
1	R.19	OP.1	OP.1	OP.1	EPA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	0.1	5.7
		TDD	TDD	TDD						
Note 1:	The propagation	n conditio	ns for Ce	II 1, Cell	2 and Ce	II 3 are s	tatistically	/ independent.		
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.									
Note 3:	SNR correspond	ds to \widehat{E}_s /	N_{oc2} of C	Cell 1.						

8.6 Demodulation of PBCH

The receiver characteristics of the PBCH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the PBCH (Pm-bch), which is defined as

$$Pm - bch = 1 - \frac{A}{B}$$

Where A is the number of correctly decoded MIB PDUs and B is the Number of transmitted MIB PDUs (Redundancy versions for the same MIB are not counted separately).

8.6.1 FDD

Table 8.6.1-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parame	ter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Downlink power	PBCH_RA	dB	0	-3
allocation PBCH_RB		dB	0	-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic pr	efix		Normal	Normal
Cell II)		0	0
		2-2 in TS 36.211 [4 2-1 in TS 36.211 [4		

8.6.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.1

8.6.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-3.5

8.6.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1.2.3-1 and Table 8.6.1.2.3-2, the averaged probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.3-2. Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, repectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.6.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink power	PBCH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
N_{oc} at ante	enna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
$\frac{\hat{E}_3}{N_{ac}}$		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.6.1.2.3-2	4	2
BW _{Channel}		MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
ABS Patteri	n (Note 4)		N/A	01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000	01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 2: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Note 3: The PBCH transmission from Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 overlap. The same PBCH transmission redundancy version is used for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Table 8.6.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Reference	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Reference Value		
Number	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.22	ETU30	ETU30	ETU30	2x2 Low	1	-3.0
Note 1:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.						
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.						
Note 3:	SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of cell 1.						

8.6.2 TDD

Table 8.6.2-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parame	ter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink of (Note			1	1
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)			4	4
Downlink power	PBCH_RA	dB	0	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB	dB	0	-3
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal
Cell ID			0	0
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].				

8.6.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Ī	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
	number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
ſ	1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.4

8.6.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

ſ	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
	number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
L					Matrix		
	1	1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-4.1

8.6.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2.2.3-1 and Table 8.6.2.2.3-2, the averaged probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.3-2. Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.6.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink power	PBCH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
N_{oc} at ante	enna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
$\frac{\widehat{E}_s}{N_{o\sigma}}$		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.6.2.2.3-2	4	2
BWChannel		MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4
Time Offset between Cells		μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between Cells		Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS Patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic p	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.

Note 2: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Note 3: The PBCH transmission from Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 overlap. The same PBCH transmission redundancy version is used for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Table 8.6.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Reference	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Refe	erence Value	
Number	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.22	ETU30	ETU30	ETU30	2x2 Low	1	-3.0
Note 1:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.						
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.						
Note 3:	SNR correspo	nds to \hat{E}_s/N_o	$_{c}$ of cell 1.				

8.7 Sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

The purpose of the test is to verify that the Layer 1 and Layer 2 correctly process in a sustained manner the received packets corresponding to the maximum number of DL-SCH transport block bits received within a TTI for the UE category indicated. The sustained downlink data rate shall be verified in terms of the success rate of delivered PDCP SDU(s) by Layer 2. The test case below specifies the RF conditions and the required success rate of delivered TB by Layer 1 to meet the sustained data rate requirement. The size of the TB per TTI corresponds to the largest possible DL-SCH transport block for each UE category using the maximum number of layers for spatial multiplexing. Transmission modes 1 and 3 are used with radio conditions resembling a scenario where sustained maximum data rates are available. Test case is selected according to table 8.7-1 depending on UE capability for CA and EPDCCH.

Table 8.7-1: SDR test applicability

	Single carrier UE not supporting EPDCCH	CA UE not supporting EPDCCH	Single carrier UE supporting EPDCCH	CA UE supporting EPDCCH
FDD	8.7.1	8.7.1	8.7.3	8.7.1, 8.7.3
TDD	8.7.2	8.7.2	8.7.4	8.7.2, 8.7.4

8.7.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.1-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.1-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.1-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.1-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (FDD)

Test	Bandwidth Transmission Antenna Codebook subset			nlink pocation ($\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at	Symbols for		
rest	(MHz)	mode	configuration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	unused PRBs
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 FDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3,4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3A	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3B, 4A	2x10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3C, 4B	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6A	2x20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6B	10+15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6C	10+20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6D	15+20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
Note 1:									

Table 8.7.1-3: Minimum requirement (FDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport	Measurement channel	Reference value
	block received within a TTI		TB success rate [%]
1	10296	R.31-1 FDD	95
2	25456	R.31-2 FDD	95
3	51024	R.31-3 FDD	95
3A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31-3A FDD	85
3B	25456	R.31-2 FDD	95
3C	51024	R.31-3C FDD	85
4	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
4A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31-3A FDD	85
4B	55056 (Note 5)	R.31-4B FDD	85
6	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
6A	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
6B	36696 (Note 2) for 10MHz CC	R.31-3A FDD for 10MHz CC	85
	55056 for 15MHz CC	R.31-5 FDD for 15MHz CC	
6C	36696 (Note 2) for 10MHz CC	R.31-3A FDD for 10MHz CC	85
	75376 (Note 3) for 20MHz CC	R.31-4 FDD for 20MHz CC	
6D	55056 for 15MHz CC	R.31-5 FDD for 15MHz CC	85
	75376 (Note 3) for 20MHz CC	R.31-4 FDD for 20MHz CC	

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 35160 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 4: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/ (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Note 5: 52752bits for sub-frame 5.

Table 8.7.1-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Maximum supported Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
Cinala	10	1	2	3A	3A	-	-
Single	15	-	-	3C	4B	-	-
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
	10+10	-	-	3B	4A	4A	4A
	10+15	-	-	3B	4A	6B	6B
CA with	10+20	-	-	3B	4A	6C	6C
2CCs	15+20	-	-	3B	4A	6D	6D
2005	20+20	-	-	3B or 3 (Note 4)	4A or 4 (Note 4)	6A	6A

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: For non-CA UE, test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.

Note 3: Void

Note 4: If the intra-band contiguous CA is the only CA configuration supported by category 3 or 4 UE, the single carrier test is selecte, i.e., Test 3 for UE category 3 and Test 4 for UE category 4. Otherwise, Test 3B applies for category 3 UE and Test 4A applies for category 4 UE.

Note 5: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.7.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value				
Special subframe configuration (Note 1)		4				
Cyclic prefix		Normal				
Cell ID		0				
Inter-TTI Distance		1				
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4				
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM				
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1				
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured				
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied				
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].						

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.2-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.2-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.2-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.2-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (TDD)

Test	Bandwidth (MHz)	Transmission mode	Antenna configuration	Codebook subset restriction		ownlir power locatio (dB)	•	\hat{E}_s at antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	ACK/NACK feedback mode	Symbols for unused PRBs
					\mathcal{O}_A	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ			
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	-85	Bundling	OP.6 TDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Bundling	OP.1 TDD
3	20	3	2 x 2	10	3	- 3	0	-85	Bundling	OP.1 TDD
ЗА	15	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Muliplexing	OP.2 TDD
4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Multiplexing	OP.1 TDD
6A	2x20	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	- (Note 1)	OP.1 TDD
Note 1:	PUCCH for	mat 1b with chan	nel selection is us	sed to feedbac	ck A	CK/NA	ιCK.		•	

Table 8.7.2-3: Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport block received within a TTI for normal/special sub-frame	Measurement channel	Reference value TB success rate [%]
1	10296/0	R31-1 TDD	95
2	25456/0	R31-2 TDD	95
3	51024/0	R31-3 TDD	95
3A	51024/0	R31-3A TDD	85
4	75376/0 (Note 2)	R31-4 TDD	85
6	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31-4 TDD	85
6A	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31-4 TDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/ (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Table 8.7.2-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
	10	1	2	-	-	-	-
Single carrier	15	-	-	3A	3A	-	-
	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
CA with 2CCs	20+20		-	3 (Note 4)	4 (Note 4)	6A	6A

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: For non-CA UE, test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: If the intra-band contiguous CA is the only CA configuration supported by category 3 or 4 UE, single carrier test is

Note 5: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.7.3 FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.3-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.3-1: Common test parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value				
Cyclic prefix		Normal				
Cell ID		0				
Inter-TTI Distance		1				
Number of HARQ						
processes per	Processes	8				
component carrier						
Maximum number of		4				
HARQ transmission		4				
Redundancy version		(0.0.4.2) for 0.40 AM				
coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM				
Number of OFDM						
symbols for PDCCH per	OFDM symbols	1				
component carrier	·					
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured				
Number of EPDCCH						
sets		1				
EPDCCH transmission		Localinad				
type		Localized				
Number of PRB per		2 PRB pairs				
EPDCCH set and		10MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 48, 49				
EPDCCH PRB pair		15MHz BW: Resource blocks nprB = 70, 71				
allocation		20MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 98, 99				
EPDCCH Starting		Derived from CEL (i.e. default behaviour)				
Symbol		Derived from CFI (i.e. default behaviour)				
ECCE Aggregation		2 ECCEs				
Level		2 ECCES				
Number of EREGs per		4				
ECCE		·				
EPDCCH scheduling		EPDCCH candidate is randomly assigned				
EPDCCH scheduling		in each subframe				
EPDCCH precoder		Fixed PMI 0				
(Note 1)		FIXEU PIVII U				
EPDCCH monitoring SF		1111111111 0000000000				
pattern		1111111111 0000000000				
Timing advance	μs	100				
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition				
Propagation condition		No external noise sources are applied				
Note 1: EPDCCH preco	oder parameters are	defined for tests with 2 x 2 antenna				
configuration						

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.3-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.3-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.3-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.3-2: Test parameters for SDR test for PDSCH scheduled by EPDCCH (FDD)

Test	Bandwidth	Transmission	Antenna	tenna Codebook subset		allocation (dB)			$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at	Symbols for
Test	(MHz)	mode	configuration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	δ	antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	unused PRBs
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 FDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
3,4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
ЗА	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
3C, 4B	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD

Table 8.7.3-3: Minimum requirement (FDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport	Measurement channel	Reference value
	block received within a TTI		TB success rate [%]
1	10296	R.31E-1 FDD	95
2	25456	R.31E-2 FDD	95
3	51024	R.31E-3 FDD	95
3A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31E-3A FDD	85
3C	51024	R.31E-3C FDD	85
4	75376 (Note 3)	R.31E-4 FDD	85
4B	55056 (Note 5)	R.31E-4B FDD	85
6	75376 (Note 3)	R.31E-4 FDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 35160 bits for sub-frame 5. Note 3: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 4: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/ (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport

blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Note 5: 52752 bits for sub-frame 5.

Table 8.7.3-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
Cinalo	10	1	2	3A	3A	-	-
Single	15	-	-	3C	4B	-	-
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
Note 1:	Note 1: The test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.						

8.7.4 TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.4-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.4-1: Common test parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Special subframe configuration (Note 1)		4
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
Number of EPDCCH sets		1
EPDCCH transmission type		Localized
Number of PRB per EPDCCH set and EPDCCH PRB pair allocation		2 PRB pairs 10MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 48, 49 15MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 70, 71 20MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 98, 99
EPDCCH Starting Symbol		Derived from CFI (i.e. default behaviour)
ECCE Aggregation Level		2 ECCEs
Number of EREGs per ECCE		4 for normal subframe and 8 for special subframe
EPDCCH scheduling		EPDCCH candidate is randomly assigned in each subframe
EPDCCH precoder (Note 2)		Fixed PMI 0
EPDCCH monitoring SF pattern		UL-DL configuration 1: 11011111111 000000000 UL-DL configuration 5: 1100111001 000000000
Timing advance	μs	100
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied

Note 1: As specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 2: EPDCCH precoder parameters are defined for tests with 2 x 2 antenna

configuration

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.4-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.4-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.4-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.4-2: Test parameters for SDR test for PDSCH scheduled by EPDCCH (TDD)

Test	Bandwidth (MHz)	Transmission mode	Antenn a	Codebook subset		nlink catio			$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at antenna port	Symbols for unused	ACK/NACK feedback
	(IVITIZ)	mode	configu ration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	О	δ	(dBm/15kHz)	PRBs	mode
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 TDD	Bundling
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Bundling
3	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3		0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Bundling
3A	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3		0	3	-85	OP.2 TDD	Multiplexing
4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Multiplexing

Table 8.7.4-3: Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport block received within a TTI for normal/special sub-frame	Measurement channel	Reference value TB success rate [%]	
1	10296/0	R.31E-1 TDD	95	
2	25456/0	R.31E-2 TDD	95	
3	51024/0	R.31E-3 TDD	95	
3A	51024/0	R.31E-3A TDD	85	
4	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31E-4 TDD	85	
6	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31E-4 TDD	85	

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/ (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and N_{DL_correct_rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Table 8.7.4-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7		
Cinalo	10	1	2	-	-	-	-		
Single	15	-	-	3A	3A	-	-		
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6		
Note 1:	The test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.								

8.8 Demodulation of EPDCCH

The receiver characteristics of the EPDCCH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the Downlink Scheduling Grant (Pm-dsg). For the distributed transmission tests in 8.8.1, EPDCCH and PCFICH are tested jointly, i.e. a miss detection of PCFICH implies a miss detection of EPDCCH. For other tests, EPDCCH and PCFICH are not tested jointly.

8.8.1 Distributed Transmission

8.8.1.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.1-1 are valid for all FDD distributed EPDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Distributed EPDCCH

Parame	Parameter							
Number of PDCCH syr	mbols	symbols	2 (Note 1)					
PHICH duration			Normal					
Unused RE-s and PRE	Unused RE-s and PRB-s							
Cell ID			0					
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3					
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3					
allocation	σ	dB	0					
	δ	dB	3					
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15 kHz	-98						
Cyclic prefix			Normal					
Subframe Configuratio	n		Non-MBSFN					
Precoder Update Gran	PRB	1						
·	•	ms	1					
Beamforming Pre-Cod	er		Annex B. 4.4					
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1					
Number of EPDCCH S	ets Configured		2 (Note 2)					
Number of PRB per EF	PDCCH Set		4 (1 st Set) 8 (2 nd Set)					
EPDCCH Subframe M	onitoring		NA					
PDSCH TM			TM3					
DCI Format			2A					
PCFICH. RF configured.	Note 1: The starting symbol for EPDCCH is derived from the PCFICH. RRC signalling epdcch-StartSymbol-r11 is not							
Note 2: The two sets are distributed EPDCCH sets and non-overlapping with PRB = {3, 17, 31, 45} for the first set and PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49} for the second set. EPDCCH is scheduled in the first set for Test 1 and second set for Test 2, respectively. Both sets are always configured.								

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.1.1-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.1.1-2: Minimum performance Distributed EPDCCH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregatio	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referenc	e value
number		n level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	4 ECCE	R.55 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.60
2	10 MHZ	16 ECCE	R.56 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-3.20

8.8.1.1.1 Void

Table 8.8.1.1.1-1: Void

8.8.1.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.2-1 are valid for all TDD distributed EPDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.1.2-1: Test Parameters for Distributed EPDCCH

	Parame	Unit	Value			
Number of	of PDCCH syr	nbols	symbols	2 (Note 1)		
PHICH do				Normal		
Unused F	RE-s and PRB	- S		OCNG		
Cell ID				0		
		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3		
Downlink allocation		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3		
allocation		σ	dB	0		
		δ	dB	3		
N_{oc} at ar	ntenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98		
Cyclic pre				Normal		
Subframe	Configuration	1		Non-MBSFN		
Precoder	Update Gran	PRB	1			
	-	ms	1			
	ning Pre-Code		Annex B. 4.4			
	ific Reference		Port 0 and 1			
Number of	of EPDCCH S		2 (Note 2)			
Number o	of PRB per EF	PDCCH Set		4 (1 st Set) 8 (2 nd Set)		
EPDCCH	Subframe Mo	onitorina		NA NA		
PDSCH T				TM3		
DCI Form	at			2A		
TDD UL/[DL Configurat	ion		0		
TDD Spe	cial Subframe			1 (Note 3)		
Note 1:	The starting	symbol for EPDCCI RC signalling <i>epdccl</i>				
Note 2: The two sets are distributed EPDCCH sets and non- overlapping with PRB = {3, 17, 31, 45} for the first set and PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49} for the second set. EPDCCH is scheduled in the first set for Test 1 and second set for Test 2, respectively. Both sets are always configured. Note 3: Demodulation performance is averaged over normal and special subframe.						

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.1.2-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.1.2-2: Minimum performance Distributed EPDCCH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	4 ECCE	R.55 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.8
2	10 MHZ	16 ECCE	R.56 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-3.10

8.8.1.2.1 Void

Table 8.8.1.2.1-1: Void

8.8.2 Localized Transmission with TM9

8.8.2.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.1-1 are valid for all FDD TM9 localized ePDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Parame	eter	Unit	Value
Number of PDCCH syr	nbols	symbols	1 (Note 1)
EPDCCH starting syml	ool	symbols	2 (Note 1)
PHICH duration	PHICH duration		Normal
Unused RE-s and PRE	S-S		OCNG
Cell ID	Cell ID		0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	σ	dB	-3
	δ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98
Cyclic prefix			Normal
Subframe Configuratio	n		Non-MBSFN
Precoder Update Gran	ularity	PRB	1
		ms	1
Beamforming Pre-Code			Annex B.4.5
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1
CSI-RS Reference Sig			Port 15 and 16
CSI-RS reference sign configuration	al resource		0
CSI reference signal su configuration I _{CSI-RS}	ubframe		2
ZP-CSI-RS configuration	on bitmap		000001000000000
ZP-CSI-RS subframe of	configuration I _{ZP} -		2
CSI-RS			
Number of EPDCCH Sets			2 (Note 2)
EPDCCH Subframe M			111111110 111111101 1111111011
subframePatternConfig	g-r11		1111110111 (Note 3)
PDSCH TM			TM9
Note 1: The starting	symbol for EPDC0	CH is signalled	with epdcch-StartSymbol-r11. However, CFI is

- Note 1: The starting symbol for EPDCCH is signalled with *epdcch-StartSymbol-r11*. However, CFI is set to 1.
- Note 2: The first set is distributed transmission with PRB = {0, 49} and the second set is localized transmission with PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49}. ePDCCH is scheduled in the second set for all tests.
- Note 3: EPDCCH is scheduled in every SF. UE is required to monitor ePDCCH for UE-specific search space only in SFs configured by *subframePatternConfig-r11*. Legacy PDCCH is not scheduled.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.2.1-2. EPDCCH subframe monitoring is configured and the subframe monitoring requirement in EPDCCH restricted subframes is statDTX of 99.9%.

The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.2.1-2: Minimum performance Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Test	Bandwidt	Aggregatio	Reference	OCNG	Propagatio	Antenna	Reference value	
number	h	n level	Channel	Pattern	n Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	2 ECCE	R.57 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	12.2
2	10 MHZ	8 ECCE	R.58 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.5

8.8.2.1.1 Void

Table 8.8.2.1.1-1: Void

8.8.2.1.2 Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-1: Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-2: Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-3: Void

8.8.2.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.2-1 are valid for all TDD TM9 localized ePDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Parameter		Unit	Value
Number of PDCCH syn	nbols	symbols	1 (Note 1)
EPDCCH starting symb	ool	symbols	2 (Note 1)
PHICH duration			Normal
Unused RE-s and PRB	Jnused RE-s and PRB-s		OCNG
Cell ID			0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	σ	dB	-3
	δ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98
Cyclic prefix			Normal
Subframe Configuration	า		Non-MBSFN
Precoder Update Grand	ularity	PRB	1
		ms	1
Beamforming Pre-Code			Annex B.4.5
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1
CSI-RS Reference Sign			Port 15 and 16
CSI-RS reference signal configuration	al resource		0
CSI reference signal su configuration I _{CSI-RS}	ıbframe		0
ZP-CSI-RS configuration	on bitmap		000001000000000
ZP-CSI-RS subframe c			0
Number of EPDCCH S	ets		2 (Note 2)
EPDCCH Subframe Monitoring pattern subframePatternConfig-r11			1100011000 1100010000 1100011000 1100001000 1100011000 1000011000 1100011000 (Note 3)
PDSCH TM			TM9
TDD UL/DL Configurati	on		0
TDD Special Subframe			1 (Note 4)

Note 1: The starting symbol for EPDCCH is signalled with *epdcch-StartSymbol-r11*. However, CFI is set to 1.

Note 2: The first set is distributed transmission with PRB = {0, 49} and the second set is localized transmission with PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49}. ePDCCH is scheduled in the second set for all tests

Note 3: EPDCCH is scheduled in every SF. UE is required to monitor ePDCCH for UE-specific search space only in SFs configured by *subframePatternConfig-r11*. Legacy PDCCH is not scheduled.

Note 4: Demodulation performance is averaged over normal and special subframe.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.2.2.2-2. EPDCCH subframe monitoring is configured and the subframe monitoring requirement in EPDCCH restricted subframes is statDTX of 99.9%.

The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.2.2-2: Minimum performance Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	2 ECCE	R.57 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	12.8
2	10 MHZ	8 ECCE	R.58 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.0

8.8.2.2.1 Void

Table 8.8.2.2.1-1: Void

8.8.2.2.2 Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2-1: Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2: Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2-3: Void

8.8.3 Localized transmission with TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

8.8.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.3.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified values in Table 8.8.3.1-2. In Table 8.8.3.1-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Localized Transmission TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

_			Te	est 1	Tes	st 2	
	rameter	Unit	TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	
PHICH durati	ion	-			rmal		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0		
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0		
allocation	σ	dB			-3		
	δ	dB	0.40	Τ	0		
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	0dB power imbalance is considered between TP 1 and TP 2,	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-2	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-	
$N_{\it oc}$ at anten	na port	dBm/ 15kH z		-	98		
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10	10	
Number of co	ts		2 (N	lote 1)	2 (N	ote1)	
(setConfigld)	EPDCCH-PRB-Set ID (setConfigId)		0	1	0	1	
PRB-set	type of EPDCCH-		Localized	Localized	Localized	Localized	
EPDCCH-PR	Number of PRB pair per EPDCCH-PRB-set		8	8	8	8	
	amforming model		Annex B.4.5 TM10	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	
PDSCH trans	smission mode		TIMTO	TM10	TM10 Probability of	TM10 Probability of	
PDSCH trans scheduling	PDSCH transmission scheduling		Blanked in all the subframes	Transmit in all the subframes	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 30% (Note 3)	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 70% (Note 3)	
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	0	N/A	0	
reference signal (NZPId=1)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration Icsi-RS		N/A	2	N/A	2	
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	N/A	10	N/A	
reference signal (NZPId=2)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration Icsi-RS		N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	0000010000000 000	N/A	1000010000000 000	
signal (ZPId=1)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	2	N/A	2	
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	N/A	1000010000000 000	N/A	
signal (ZPId=2)	CSI-RS subframe configuration Icsi-RS		N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
PQI set 0 (Note 4)	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1	

	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1		
PQI set 1	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A N/A		2	N/A		
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A		
Number of P	DCCH symbols	Symb ols	1 (Note 2)					
EPDCCH sta	arting position		pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)		
Subframe co	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN		
Time offset between TPs		μs	N/A	2	N/A	2		
Frequency shift between TPs		Hz	N/A	200	N/A	200		
Cell ID			0	126	0	126		

- Note 1: Resource blocks n_{PRB} =0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49 are allocated for both the first set and the second set.
- Note 2: The starting OFDM symbol for EPDCCH is determined from the higher layer signalling pdsch-Start-r11.

 And CFI is set to 1.
- Note 3: The TP from which PDSCH is transmitted shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TP 1 and TP 2 are specified.
- Note 4: For PQI set 0, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP 2. For PQI set 1, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP1. EPDCCH and PDSCH are transmitted from same TP.

Table 8.8.3.1-2: Minimum Performance

Test	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number	level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	2 ECCE	R.59 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.4
2	2 ECCE	R.59 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.4

8.8.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.3.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified values in Table 8.8.3.2-2. In Table 8.8.3.2-1, transmission point 1 (TP1) is the serving cell. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Localized Transmission TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

Parameter			Te	est 1	Tes	Test 2		
		Unit	TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2		
PHICH durat	ion				rmal			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0			
allocation	σ	dB			-3			
	δ	dB			0			
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	0dB power imbalance is considered between TP 1 and TP 2,	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-2	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-		
$N_{\it oc}$ at anten	na port	dBm/ 15kH z		-	98			
Bandwidth	Bandwidth		10	10	10	10		
Number of E			2 (N	ote 1)	2 (No	ote1)		
EPDCCH-PR (setConfigld)			0	1	0	1		
PRB-set	type of EPDCCH-		Localized	Localized	Localized	Localized		
EPDCCH-PR	Number of PRB pair per EPDCCH-PRB-set		8	8	8	8		
	EPDCCH beamforming model		Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5		
PDSCH trans	PDSCH transmission mode		TM10	TM10	TM10	TM10		
PDSCH transmission scheduling			Blanked in all the subframes	Transmit in all the subframes	Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 30% (Note 3)	Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 70% (Note 3)		
CSI reference configuration	s		Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16		
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	0	N/A	0		
reference signal (NZPId=1)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration Icsi-RS		N/A	0	N/A	0		
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	N/A	10	N/A		
reference signal (NZPId=2)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration Icsi-RS		N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	0000010000000 000	N/A	1000010000000		
signal (ZPId=1)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	0	N/A	0		
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	N/A	1000010000000 000	N/A		
signal (ZPId=2)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	N/A	0	N/A		

PQI set 0	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1			
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1			
PQI set 1	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A			
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A			
Number of Pl	DCCH symbols	Symb ols	1 (Note 2)						
EPDCCH sta	rting position		pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)			
Subframe cor	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN			
Time offset b	etween TPs	μs	N/A	2	N/A	2			
Frequency shift between TPs		Hz	N/A	200	N/A	200			
Cell ID			0	0 126		126			
TDD UL/DL c	configuration		0						
TDD special:	subframe		1						

- Note 1: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49$ are allocated for both the first set and the second set.
- Note 2: The starting OFDM symbol for EPDCCH is determined from the higher layer signalling pdsch-Start-r11.

 And CFI is set to 1.
- Note 3: The TP from which PDSCH is transmitted shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TP 1 and TP 2 are specified.
- Note 4: For PQI set 0, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP 2. For PQI set 1, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP1. EPDCCH and PDSCH are transmitted from same TP.

Table 8.8.3.2-2: Minimum Performance

Test	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number	level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
					and correlation		
					Matrix		
1	2 ECCE	R.59 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.6
2	2 ECCE	R.59 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.6

9 Reporting of Channel State Information

9.1 General

This section includes requirements for the reporting of channel state information (CSI). For all test cases in this section,

the definition of SNR is in accordance with the one given in clause 8.1.1, where $SNR = \frac{\sum \hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}}{\sum N_{oc}^{(j)}}$

9.1.1 Applicability of requirements

9.1.1.1 Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths

In Clause 9 the test cases may be defined with different channel bandwidth to verify the same CSI requirement.

9.1.1.2 Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets

The performance requirement for CA CQI tests in Clause 9 are defined independent of CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Clause 5.6A.1. For UEs supporting different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets, the applicability and test rules are defined for the tests for 2 DL CCs in Table 9.1.1.2-1. For simplicity, CA configuration below refers to combination of CA configuration and bandwidth combination set. The definition of CA capability is specified in 8.1.2.2.

Table 9.1.1.2-1: Applicability and test rules for CA UE CQI tests with 2 DL CCs

Tests	CA capability where the tests apply	CA configuration from the selected CA capbility where the tests apply	CA Bandwidth combination to be tested in priority order						
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 9.6.1.1	Any of one of the supported CA capabilities	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz						
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 9.6.1.2	Any of one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination						
Note 1: The applicability and test rules are specified in this table, unless otherwise stated. Note 2: Number of the supported bandwidth combinations to be tested from each selected									

CA configuration is one.

9.2 CQI reporting definition under AWGN conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective conditions is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median. The purpose is to verify that the reported CQI values are in accordance with the CQI definition given in TS 36.213 [6]. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the reporting definition is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference 9.2.1 Symbols)

9.2.1.1 **FDD**

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥1. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.1 FDD in Table A.4-1 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI - 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.1-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	Test 2	
Bandwidth		MHz			10		
PDSCH transmission	n mode				1		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	(0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condit antenna configur			AWGN (1 x 2)				
SNR (Note 2)		dB	0	1	6	7	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-97	-92	-91	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-9	98	
Max number of H transmission					1		
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI		PUCCH Format 2				
PUCCH Report Type			4				
Reporting period	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$					
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex				6	•	

Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic Note 1: OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1, except for category 1 UE use RC.4 FDD with two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.2.

Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s)

and the respective wanted signal input level.

9.2.1.2 **TDD**

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥1. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.1 TDD in Table A.4-1 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.2-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz			10		
PDSCH transmission	n mode				1		
Uplink downlink conf	figuration				2		
Special subfra configuration			4				
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			AWGN (1 x 2)				
SNR (Note 2	SNR (Note 2)		0	1	6	7	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-97	-92	-91	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-6	98	
Max number of F transmission					1		
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI			PUSCH	H (Note 3)		
PUCCH Report				4			
Reporting period	dicity	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$				
cqi-pmi-Configurati					3	·	
ACK/NACK feedback	ck mode			Multi	plexing	·	

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1, except for category 1 UE use RC.4 TDD with two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.2.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.

9.2.1.3 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 1 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.3-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C.3.3-1 for Cell 2 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 FDD / RC.6 FDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI - 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The value of the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ shall be larger than or equal to 2 and less than or equal to 5 in Test 1 and shall be larger than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.2.1.3-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Parameter Bandwidth				Tes	,, ,		163	st 2
Bandwidth		Unit	Се	II 1	Cell 2	Ce	ell 1	Cell 2
		MHz		1				0
PDSCH transmission mo		٩D	2		Note 10		2	Note 10
Downlink power	\mathcal{O}_A	dB		-(3
allocation /	\mathcal{O}_B	dB						3
	σ	dB		C)		0	
Propagation condition a antenna configuration			1	Clause E	3.1 (2x2)	Clause I		3.1 (2x2)
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Note 1)		dB	4	5	6	4	5	-12
	oc1	dBm/15kHz	-102 (l	Note 7)	N/A	,	Note 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	c(j) $cc2$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	-98(N	Note 8)	N/A
N	oc3	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 9)	N/A	-98(N	Note 9)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-92	-94	-93	-110
Subframe Configuratio	n		Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-N	MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id				0	1		0	1
Time Offset between Ce	ells	μs	2.5	(synchro	onous cells)	2.5	5 (synchr	onous cells)
ABS pattern (Note 2)			N/A		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101
RLM/RRM Measureme Subframe Pattern (Note			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100		N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	CSI,0		0101 0101 0101	0101 0101 0101 0101	01 01 01 N/A 01		10101 10101 10101 10101 10101	N/A
(Note 3)	CSI,1		1010 1010 1010 1010	01010 01010 01010 01010 01010	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010		N/A
Number of control OFD symbols	М			3	3			3
Max number of HARC transmissions)			1				1
Physical channel for Ccsi,0	CQI		F	PUCCHI	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2
Physical channel for Ccsi,1 reporting	reporting Physical channel for Ccsi,1 CQI reporting		F		Note 12)			(Note 12)
PUCCH Report Type		N /		4				4
Reporting periodicity cqi-pmi-ConfigurationInc	dex	Ms	6	N _{pd}	= 5 N/A		N _{pd}	= 5 N/A
C _{CSI,0} (Note 13) cqi-pmi-ConfigurationInd C _{CSI,1} (Note 14)	ex2		5	5	N/A		5	N/A

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for UE Cateogry 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1, and RC.6 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP. 1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and A.5.1.2.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cgi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for Ccsl.o.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for C_{CSI,1}.

9.2.1.4 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 1 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.4-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C3.3-1 for Cell 2 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 TDD / RC.6 TDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI - 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The value of the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,0}$ minus the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ shall be larger than or equal to 2 and less than or equal to 5 in Test 1 and shall be larger than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.2.1.4-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Donometer		l lmit		Tes	st 1		Tes	st 2
Parameter		Unit	Ce	II 1	Cell 2	Ce	II 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth		MHz			0			0
PDSCH transmission			2		Note 10	2		Note 10
Uplink downlink con					1		•	1
Special subfra configuration				2	4		4	
Davinlink navian	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-:	3		-	3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-;	3		-	3
	σ	dB	0			()	
Propagation condit antenna configur				Clause E	3.1 (2x2)		Clause I	3.1 (2x2)
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	te 1)	dB	4	5	6	4	5	-12
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-102 (1	Note 7)	N/A	-98 (N	ote 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 8)		N/A	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (I	Note 9)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 9)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-92	-94	-93	-110
Subframe Configu	uration		Non-M	BSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			()	1	()	1
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	2.5	(synchro	onous cells)	2.5	(synchr	onous cells)
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N	'A	0100010001 0100010001	N.	/A	0100010001 0100010001
RLM/RRM Measu	rement		000000001		N/A	000000001		N/A
Subframe Pattern	(Note 4)		00000		IN/A	000000001		IN/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,o		01000 01000		N/A	01000 01000		N.A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}			01000 01000	N/A		01000 01000	N/A
Number of control	OFDM				3			3
symbols							•	
Max number of H					1			1
transmission Physical channel for								
reporting	OCSI,0 OQI		l	PUCCH	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2
Physical channel for	C _{CSI,1} CQI				(Note 12)		חום	SCH
reporting			ļ	- USCH ((INUIC IZ)		FU	3011
PUCCH Report Type					4			4
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{\rm pd}$	= 5	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$		= 5
cqi-pmi-Configurati Ccsi,0 (Note 1	3)		3	3	N/A	3	3	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration			2	1	N/A	4	1	N/A
ACK/NACK feedba				Multip	lexing		Multip	lexing

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for UE Category ≥2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1, and RC.6 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynami OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and Annex A.5.2.2.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for Ccsi.o.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for Ccsl.1.

9.2.1.5 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 2 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.5-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C.3.3-2 for Cell 2 and Cell 3, and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 FDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time.

For test 1 and test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,0}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

For test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.5-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

D		1114	Т	est 1	Te	Test 2		
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2 and 3		Cell 2 and 3		
Bandwidth		MHz	2	10 Note 10		0 Note 40		
PDSCH transmissi		dB	2	Note 10	2	Note 10		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$							
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3		3		
Propagation condi	σ tion and	dB		0		0		
antenna configu			Clause	B.1 (2x2)	Clause	B.1 (2x2)		
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (No	te 1)	dB	4 5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	13 14	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10		
(i)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 7)	N/A	-98 (Note 7)	N/A		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 8)	N/A	-98 (Note 8)	N/A		
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 9)	N/A	-93 (Note 9)	N/A		
Subframe Config	uration		Non-MBSFN			Non-MBSFN		
Cell Id			0	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	0	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1		
Time Offeet between	an Calla		Cell 2	2: 3 usec	Cell 2:	3 usec		
Time Offset betwe	en Cells	μs		3: -1usec		-1usec		
Frequency Shift betv	veen Cells	Hz		2: 300Hz 3: -100Hz		300Hz -100Hz		
ABS pattern (Note 2)			N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101		
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A		
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A		
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A		
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3		3		
Max number of h				1		1		
Physical channel for reporting			PUCCI	H Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2		
Physical channel for reporting			PUSCH	I (Note 12)	PUSCH	(Note 12)		
PUCCH Report Type				4		4		
Reporting perio		Ms	N	od = 5	Npc	= 5		
cqi-pmi-Configurat Ccsi,0 (Note 1			6	N/A	6	N/A		
cqi-pmi-Configuration Ccsl,1 (Note 1	onIndex2		5	N/A	5	N/A		

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 are the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for C_{CSI,0}.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for Ccsi,1.

9.2.1.6 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

The following requirements apply to UE Category \geq 2. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.6-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C3.3-2 for Cell 2 and Cell 3, and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 TDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time.

For test 1 and test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,0}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

For test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.6-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes				st 2
			Cel		Cell 2 and 3	Ce	II 1	Cell 2 and 3
Bandwidth		MHz			0			0
PDSCH transmission			2		Note 10		2	Note 10
Uplink downlink con					1			1
Special subfra configuratio				4	4			4
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			3		-3	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			3			3
	σ	dB		()		(0
Propagation condi- antenna configu			(Clause E	3.1 (2x2)		Clause	B.1 (2x2)
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (No	te 1)	dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	13	14	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (No	ote 7)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 8)		N/A	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 9)		N/A	-93 (N	lote 9)	N/A
Subframe Config	uration		Non-MI	BSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN		Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0		Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	0 Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1		Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs			3 usec -1usec			3 usec -1usec
Frequency shift betw	een Cells	Hz		Cell 2:	300Hz -100Hz		Cell 2:	300Hz -100Hz
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/A	A	0100010001 0100010001	N	/A	0100010001 0100010001
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			000000		N/A		00001 00001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		010001 010001	0001	N/A	01000)10001)10001	N.A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		100010 100010	1000	N/A	10001	01000 01000	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM				3			3
Max number of I				,	1			1
Physical channel for reporting			P	UCCH	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2
Physical channel for reporting	C _{CSI,1} CQI		Р	USCH ((Note 12)		PUSCH	(Note 12)
PUCCH Report Type			1		4			4
Reporting periodicity		ms	1		= 5			= 5
cqi-pmi-Configurati Ccsi,o (Note 1	ionIndex		3		N/A	;	3	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	onIndex2		4		N/A		4	N/A
ACK/NACK feedba				Multip	lexing		Multip	lexing

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for Ccsi,o.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for C_{CSI,1}

9.2.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.2.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.2.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission mode			4				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
	σ	dB			0		
Propagation condit antenna configur			Clause B.1 (2 x 2)				
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			010000				
SNR (Note 2)		dB	10	11	16	17	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-82	-81	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98			98	
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1				
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting			PUCCH Format 2				
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2				
PUCCH Report Type for RI			3				
Reporting periodicity		ms	<u> </u>	Np	d = 5		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			6				
ri-ConfigIndex			1 (Note 3)				

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: It is intended to have UL collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK, since the RI reports shall not be used by the eNB in this test.

9.2.2.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			et 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission mode		1411.12	4				
Uplink downlink con					2		
	Special subframe		4				
Develiels never	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
	σ	dB			0		
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause B.1 (2 x 2)				
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			010000				
SNR (Note 2)		dB	10	11	16	17	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-82	-81	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		98		
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1				
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)				
PUCCH Report Type			2				
Reporting periodicity		ms		Np	d = 5		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex					3		
ri-ConfigIndex			805 (Note 4)				
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing				

Table 9.2.2.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (TDD)

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.2.3 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbols)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.3.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1 +1} for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0 – 1 and median CQI_1 – 1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER

using the transport format indicated by the respective median $CQI_0 + 1$ and median $CQI_1 + 1$ shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.3.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	t 2		
Bandwidth		MHz	10					
PDSCH transmission mode			9					
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$				0			
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0					
allocation	P_c	dB	-3					
	σ	dB	-3					
Cell-specific reference	e signals			Antenna	ports 0, 1			
CSI reference sign					orts 15,,18			
CSI-RS periodicity and				'	, ,			
offset				Į	5/1			
$T_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-FS}}$	RS							
CSI reference signal configuration					0			
Propagation condition and antenna			Clause B.1 (4 x 2)					
configuration			,					
Beamforming Model					n Section B.4.3	3		
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap				0x0000 000	00 0100 0000			
SNR (Note 2)		dB	7	8	13	14		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-91	-90	-85	-84		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		8			
Max number of HARQ tr	ansmissions		1					
Physical channel for	Physical channel for CQI/PMI		DUSCH (Noto2)					
reporting			PUSCH (Note3)					
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2					
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH Format 2					
PUCCH Report Type for RI					3			
Reporting periodicity		ms		N _p	d = 5			
CQI delay		ms			8			
cqi-pmi-Configuration	onIndex		2					
ri-ConfigInde		annal DC 7 TDD ago	1					

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.

9.2.3.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.3.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 submode 1 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission mode					9		
Uplink downlink con	figuration				2		
Special subframe co	nfiguration				4		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
allocation	P_c	dB	-6				
	σ	dB			-3		
CRS reference s	ignals			Antenna	ports 0, 1		
CSI reference si	gnals				orts 15,,22		
CSI-RS periodicity an	d subframe						
offset				5	5/ 3		
$T_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$							
CSI reference signal c	onfiguration				0		
Propagation condition and antenna			Clause B.1 (8 x 2)				
configuration			, ,				
Beamforming Model					in Section B.4.		
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap					0000 0000 000		
SNR (Note 2)		dB	4	5	10	11	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-88	-87	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		98		
Max number of HARQ t	ransmissions		1				
Physical channel for	· CQI/PMI		DUCCH (Nata 2)				
reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)				
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/second PMI			2b				
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH				
PUCCH Report Type for RI/ first PMI					5		
Reporting periodicity		ms		Np	od = 5		
CQI delay		ms			or 11		
cqi-pmi-Configurat					3		
ri-ConfigInde			805 (Note 4)				
ACK/NACK feedba			Multiplexing				

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.2.4 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (With Single CSI Process)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.4.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.4.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.4-1 and C.3.4-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial

differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.4.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Dovometer		Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2				
Parameter			TP1	TP		TP1	TF	2	
Bandwidth		MHz				0			
PDSCH transmission mode						10 I -	1		
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB	0	0		0	(<u> </u>	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0		0	0		
allocation (Note 1)	Pc	dB	-3	-3		-3		3	
	σ	dB	-3	N/	A	-3	N/A		
Cell ID			C)		C)		
Cell-specific refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 0, 1	(Note	e 2)	Antenna ports 0, 1	(Not	te 2)	
CSI reference	signals		Antenna ports 15,,18	N/	A	Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A		
CSI-RS periodi subframe offset Tc:	city and si-Rs / ∆csi-Rs		5/1	N/.	A	5/1	N	/A	
CSI-RS config			0	N/	A	0	N	/A	
Zero-Power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			1 / 001000000000 0000	1 100000 000	00000	1 / 001000000000 0000	1 / 10000000000 00000		
CSI-IM configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			1 / 00100000000 0000	N/A		1 / 001000000000 0000	N/A		
CSI process configuration Signal/Interference/Reporting mode			CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-1		CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-1		┨ 1-1		
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause B.1 (4 x 2)	Clause (2 x		Clause B.1 (4 x 2)	Clause B.1 (2 x 2)		
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			0x0000 0000 0100 0000	100000		0x0000 0000 0100 0000	100000		
SNR (Note	e 3)	dB	20	6	7	20	14	15	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-78	-92	-91	-78	-84	-83	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	8		-98			
Modulation / Infor payload	I		(Note4)	QPSK /	4392	(Note4)	QPSK	/ 4392	
Max number of transmission	ons		1	N/A		1	N,	/A	
Physical channel for reporting	g		PUSCH (Note5)	N/	A	PUSCH (Note5)		/A	
PUCCH Report CQI/PM	I		2	N/A				/A	
PUCCH Report T			3	N/A		3		/A	
Reporting peri		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/.		$N_{\rm pd} = 5$		<u>/A</u>	
CQI Dela		ms	8	N/		8	N,		
cqi-pmi-Configura			2	N/.		2		/A	
ri-ConfigIn			1	N/.	A	1		/A	
PDSCH scheduled			1,2,3,4,			1,2,3,4,			
Timing offset bety		US	C			(
Frequency offset be		Hz	0 0 FDD according to Table A 4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Patter						

Note1: Reference measurement channel RC.10 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 CRS have zero transmission power.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: Void

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.

9.2.4.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.4.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.4-1 and C.3.4-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 – Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.4.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (TDD)

Paramata:		l lmi4	Tes	st 1		Tes	Test 2			
Parameter		Unit MHz	TP1	TP		TP1	TF	2		
	Bandwidth					0				
PDSCH transmission mode Uplink downlink configuration						2				
Special subframe of						<u> </u>				
Opecial Submarile C			0	0		0	0			
Downlink power	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB dB	0	0		0)		
allocation (Note 1)	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6	-6		-6		6		
, ,	σ		-3	N/		-3		/A		
Cell ID		dB	-5			-5				
			Antenna ports		- 0\	Antenna ports		u- 0)		
Cell-specific refere	ence signais		0, 1	(Not	e 2)	0, 1	(INOI	te 2)		
CSI reference			Antenna ports 15,,22	N/	A	Antenna ports 15,,22	N	/A		
CSI-RS periodi subframe offset $T_{\rm C}$	city and sı-RS / ∆csı-RS		5/3	N/	Α	5/3	N,	/A		
CSI-RS config			0	N/	A	0	N,	/A		
Zero-Power C configurat I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPow bitmap	ion erCSI-RS		3 / 001000000000 0000	3 100001 000	00000	3 / 001000000000 0000	3 / 10000100000 00000			
CSI-IM configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			3 / 001000000000 0000	N/A		3 / 001000000000 0000	N/A			
CSI process configuration Signal/Interference/Reporting mode			CSI-RS/CSI-IN	M/PUCCH 1-1		CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1		- 1 1-1		
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause B.1 (8 x 2)	Claus (2 x		Clause B.1 (8 x 2)	Clause B.1 (2 x 2)			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			0x0000 0000 0020 0000 0000 0001 0000	100000		0x0000 0000 0020 0000 0000 0001 0000	1 100000			
SNR (Note 3)		dB	17	6	7	17	14	15		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-81	-92	-91	-81	-84	-83		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98 -		-9	98			
Modulation / Infor	d		(Note4)	QPSK / 4392		(Note4)	QPSK / 4392			
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1	N/	Α	1	N/A			
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting			PUSCH (Note5)	N/	A	PUSCH (Note5)		/A		
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/second PMI			2b	N/	Α	2b N		/A		
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH	N/	Α	PUSCH	N/A			
PUCCH Report Type for RI/ first PMI			5	N/		5		/A		
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/		$N_{\rm pd} = 5$		/A		
CQI Delay		ms	10 or 11	N/		10 or 11		/A		
cqi-pmi-Configura ri-ConfigIn			3 805 (Note 6)	N/		3 805 (Note 6)	N/A N/A			
ACK/NACK feeds			Multiplexing	N/		Multiplexing		/A /A		
PDSCH scheduled			3,4,		• •	3,4,				
Timing offset bet		us	0, .,			(
Frequency offset between TPs		Hz	C)		(

Note1:	Reference measurement channel RC.10 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern
	OP 1 TDD as described in Anney 4.5.2.1

- Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 CRS have zero transmission power.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: Void
- Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 6: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.3 CQI reporting under fading conditions

9.3.1 Frequency-selective scheduling mode

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is determined by a double-sided percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level 0 per sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands can be used for frequently-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the sub-band CQI reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1 Test		st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz				
Transmiss	sion mode			1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-	0		
allocation	σ	dB			0		
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15	
	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-89	-88	-84	-83	
N	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		-98 -98		98		
_			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu$).45 <i>μ</i> s,	
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$				
Antenna co	onfiguration			1 x 2			
Reportin	g interval	ms		5			
CQI delay		ms		8			
Reporting mode				PUSCH 3-0			
Sub-band size		RB		6 (ful	l size)		
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1				

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Te	Test 1 Test 2		
Bandwidth		MHz		10 MHz		
Transmission mode			1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0	
allocation	σ	dB		(0	
	lownlink uration			;	2	
	subframe uration			4	4	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}_{a}^{c}	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-89	-88	-84	-83
N	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		-98 -98		8	
			Clause B.2.4 with			1
Propagation	on channel		1	$ au_d = 0.45 \mu \text{s}, a = 1,$		
				$f_D = 5 \mathrm{Hz}$		
	onfiguration		1 x 2			
	g interval	ms		5		
	delay	ms			or 11	
	ng mode				CH 3-0	
	nd size	RB		6 (ful	l size)	
	er of HARQ				1	
transm						
	ACK/NACK feedback mode Multiplexing					
		an available uplink				
_		estimation at a do				
SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied						

- at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β [%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.3 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.3-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.3-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput in ABS subframes obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set *S* shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER in ABS subframes for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to ε .

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.3-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Barranatan		l lmit		Tes	t 1	Te	st 2
Parameter		Unit	Се	II 1	Cell 2 and 3	Cell 1	Cell 2 and 3
Bandwidth		MHz		10			10
PDSCH transmission			1		Note 10	1 Note 10	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0			0
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0			0
	σ	dB		0			0
Propagation con	dition		with To	e B.2.4 l = 0.45 1, fd = Hz	EVA5 Low antenna correlation	Clause B.2.4 with Td = 0.45 us, a = 1, fd = 5 Hz	EVA5 Low antenna correlation
Antenna configu	ration			1x			x2
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	te 1)	dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	14 15	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A	-98 (Note 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	-98 (Note 8)	N/A
·	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	,	lote 9)	N/A	-93 (Note 9)	N/A
Subframe Configu	uration		Non-N	<u>IBSFN</u>	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			()	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	0	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec		Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec		
Frequency Shift betw	een Cells	Hz	Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N.	/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern (0000 0000 0000	0100 0100 0100 0100 0100	N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		0101 0101 0101 0101	0101 0101 0101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		1010 1010 1010 1010	1010 1010 1010 1010 1010	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3			3
Max number of F				1			1
CQI delay	-	ms			8	3	
Reporting interval (ms				0	
Reporting mo						CH 3-0	
Sub-band siz	ze	RB			6 (full	l size)	

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 are the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.
- Note 12: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 13: The CSI reporting is such that reference subframes belong to Ccsi.0.

Table 9.3.1.1.3-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β [%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
3	0.01	0.01
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.4 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.4-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.4-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput in ABS subframes obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER in ABS subframes for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to ε .

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.4-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes			Te	st 2
Paramete		Unit	Ce	II 1	Cell 2 and 3	Ce	II 1	Cell 2 and 3
Bandwidth		MHz		1	0			0
PDSCH transmission			1	1	Note 10	1		Note 10
Uplink downlink conf	iguration			· · · · · ·	1		,	1
Special subframe configuration				4	4			4
<u> </u>	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()		()
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()		()
	σ	dB		()		()
Propagation conditio	n		Clause with Td us, a =	= 0.45 1, fd =	EVA5 Low antenna correlation	Clause with Td us, a =	= 0.45 1, fd =	EVA5 Low antenna correlation
Antenna configuration	n				x2			x2
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Note 1)		dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	14	15	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10
(·)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A	-98 (N	ote 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	-98 (N	ote 8)	N/A
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (N	lote 9)	N/A	-93 (Note 9) N/A		N/A
Subframe Configuration			Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-M	BSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id	Cell Id		()	Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	0		Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec		Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec		3 usec -1usec	
Frequency shift betw	een Cells	Hz	Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		300Hz	
ABS pattern (Note 2))		N,	/A	0100010001 0100010001	N/	'A	0100010001 0100010001
RLM/RRM Measurer Subframe Pattern (N			00000		N/A	00000 00000		N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		01000 01000		N/A	01000 01000		N.A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}			01000 01000	N/A	10001 10001		N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols					3			3
Max number of HARQ transmissions				,	1		,	1
CQI delay		ms			1	0		
Reporting interval (N	ote 13)	ms				0		
Reporting mode						CH 3-0		
Sub-band size		RB	6 (full size)					
ACK/NACK feedback	k mode			Multip	lexing		Multip	lexing

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.3 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- Note 12: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 13: The CSI reporting is such that reference subframes belong to Ccsi,0.

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
3	0.01	0.01
UE Category	≥1	≥1

Table 9.3.1.1.4-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

9.3.1.2 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.1.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.1.2.1-1 Sub-band test for FDD

Parameter		Unit	Te	Test 1 Test 2		st 2
Band	width	MHz		10	MHz	
Transmission mode				!	9	
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB		0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
allocation	P_c	dB			0	
	σ	dB			0	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	4	5	11	12
\hat{I}_c	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-87	86
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-6	86
Propagation channel			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_{_d}=0.45\mu\mathrm{s}$,).45 <i>μ</i> s,
Tropagatio	on channel			$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$		
Antenna co	onfiguration			2x2		
Beamform	ning Model		As specified in Section B.4.3			B.4.3
CRS refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 0			
	nce signals		Antenna ports 15, 16			16
CSI-RS periodicity	and subframe offset			5	/ 1	
	$/\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			J,	/ I	
	signal configuration				4	
	Restriction bitmap			000001		
Reporting into	erval (Note 4)	ms		5		
CQI delay		ms		8		
Reporting mode					CH 3-1	
Sub-band size		RB		6 (ful	l size)	
	Max number of HARQ transmissions				1	
	reports in an available					
CQI estim	CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband					

or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.8 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.

Table 9.3.1.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	40	40
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.2.2 **TDD**

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.1.2.2-1 Sub-band test for TDD

Parameter			Unit	Te	Test 1 Test 2		
Bandwidth			MHz		10	MHz	
Transmission mode					9		
Uplink downlink configuration					2		
Special s	subfran	ne configuration			4		
		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-	0	
Downlink po		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
allocation	า	P_{c}	dB			0	
		σ	dB		-	0	
	SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	4	5	11	12
	\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-87	-86
		(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-6	98
				Clause	B.2.4 wi	th $\tau_d = 0$).45 <i>µ</i> s,
Propagation channel					$\frac{C_D}{x^2} = 5 \text{ Hz}$		
Antenna configuration					2	x2	
Beamforming Model			As sp	pecified in	n Section	B.4.3	
CRS reference signals				Antenna port 0			
CSI	refere	nce signals		,	Antenna port 15,16		
		and subframe offset			5	/ 3	
		$\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			J,		
		signal configuration				4	
		Restriction bitmap		000001			
Repor		erval (Note 4)	ms	5			
		delay	ms		10		
		ng mode			PUSCH 3-1		
		nd size	RB		6 (full size)		
		ARQ transmissions				1	
		edback mode				lexing	
		reports in an available					
	CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband						
	or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						
	sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2. For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two						
				filled for a	at least o	ne of the	two
	SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level. 4: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink						
SF#3 and #8 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted on uplink SF#2 and #7.							

Table 9.3.1.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	40	40
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2 Frequency non-selective scheduling mode

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective fading conditions is determined by the reporting variance, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when the transport format transmitted is that indicated by the reported CQI compared to the case for which a fixed transport format configured according to the reported median CQI is transmitted. In addition, the reporting accuracy is determined by a minimum BLER using the transport formats indicated by the reported CQI. The purpose is to verify that the UE is tracking the channel variations and selecting the largest transport format possible according to the prevailing channel state for frequently non-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the CQI reporting under frequency non-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.2.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $> \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02

Table 9.3.2.1.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Para	ameter	Unit	Test 1 Test 2		st 2	
	dwidth	MHz		10 MHz		
Transmi	ssion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
Ï	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
1	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-6	98
Propagat	ion channel		EPA5			
	ation and			High	(1 v 2)	
	configuration		High (1 x 2)			
	ing mode		PUCCH 1-0			
	g periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 2$			
	l delay	ms			3	
	channel for eporting		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	Report Type		4			
cq	i-pmi- rationIndex		1			
Max numb	per of HARQ		1			
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table						
A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and RC.4 FDD according to			rn OP.1			

Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at Note 3: least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.

Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2.1.2 **TDD**

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.1.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
	lwidth	MHz	10 MHz			
Transmis	sion mode				ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
Uplink o	downlink uration			2	2	
Special	subframe uration			4	4	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
		-				
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-9	8
	on channel			EP	PA5	
	tion and			High ((1 x 2)	
	onfiguration ng mode			PLICC	CH 1-0	
	periodicity	ms	N _{pd} = 5			
	delay	ms	10 or 11			
	hannel for		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	porting		` '			
	eport Type pmi-		4			
	ationIndex			3	3	
Max numb	er of HARQ				4	
	issions				1	
	K feedback			Multin	lexing	
	ode			•	•	
		orts in an available u orts in an available u				-4 -4-"
		, this reported wide				
			bana oq	i carinot i	be applie	u at tile
	eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table				able	
		egory 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1				
		scribed in Annex A.5.2.1 and RC.4 TDD according to				
		for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG				
		1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.				
		the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at				
	least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input					
	level. Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is				s	
140tC 4.	necessary to	report both on PUS	CH instea	ad of PU	CCH. PD	CCH
	necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow					
F	eriodic CQI t	o multiplex with the	HARQ-A	CK on P	USCH in	uplink
	subframe SF#7 and #2.					

Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.2.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.2.1-1 Fading test for FDD

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	width	MHz		10 MHz		
Transmiss	sion mode			Ç	9	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0			
allocation	P_c	dB		-	3	
	σ	dB		-	3	
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	2	3	7	8
\hat{I}_{a}^{i}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-96	-95	-91	-90
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9)8	-6)8
Propagation channel				EPA5		
Correlation and antenna configuration			ULA High (4 x 2)			
Beamforming Model			As sp	As specified in Section B.4.3		B.4.3
Cell-specific reference signals					ports 0,1	
	nce signals		An	tenna po	rts 15,	18
	and subframe offset $^{\prime}$ $\Delta_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$			5	/1	
	signal configuration				>	
	Restriction bitmap		0x0		0 0000 0	201
Reportir			OAG	PUCC		301
Reporting	U	ms			= 5	
CQI delay		ms	8			
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting				PUSCH	(Note 4)	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI					2	
PUCCH channel for RI reporting				PUCCH	Format 2	
PUCCH report type for RI				(3	
cgi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex				2	2	
ri-Conf	igIndex			•	1	
Max number of HARQ transmissions					1	

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.7 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#0 and #5.

Table 9.3.2.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.3.2.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.2.2-1 Fading test for TDD

Parar	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	
Band	width	MHz		10 N	ИHz	
Transmiss	sion mode			ę	9	
Uplink downlin	k configuration				2	
Special subfram	ne configuration			4	1	
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB		()	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	P_{c}	dB		-(6	
	σ	dB		-:	3	
SNR (N	Note 3)	dB	1	2	7	8
\hat{I}_o^i	j) r	dB[mW/15kHz]	-97	-96	-91	-90
N_{c}	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		-9	8	-9	8
Propagation channel			EPA5			
Correlation and antenna configuration			XP High (8 x 2)			
Beamforming Model			As sp	As specified in Section B.4.3		B.4.3
CRS reference signals			1	Antenna ports 0, 1		
CSI reference signals			An	tenna po	rts 15,,	22
CSI-RS periodicity a	and subframe offset			5/	3	
	$^{\prime}\Delta$ csi-rs			3/	3	
CSI-RS reference signal configuration				2	2	
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			0x000	0 0000 0 0000	000 0020 0001	0000
Reportir			PUC	CH 1-1 (Sub-mod	e: 2)
Reporting	periodicity	ms		N_{pd}	= 5	
	delay	ms	10			
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI				PUSCH	(Noto 4)	
reporting				FUSCII	(14016 4)	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/ PMI				2		
Physical channel for RI reporting				PUCCH	Format 2	
PUCCH report type for RI				3		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex				3		
ri-Conf				805 (N	lote 5)	
Max number of HA				1	1	
ACK/NACK fe			Multip	lexing		

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#2 and #7.
- Note 5: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.

Table 9.3.2.2.2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.3.3 Frequency-selective interference

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective interference conditions is determined by a percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level +2 for a preferred sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands are used for frequently-selective scheduling under frequency-selective interference conditions.

9.3.3.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.3.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least α % for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parai	neter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmiss	sion mode		1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for	RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for F	RB 641	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -93	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for R	B 4249	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -102	
\hat{I}_{c}^{0}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94 -94	
	er of HARQ issions		1	
			Clause B.2.4 wi	th $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu \text{s}$,
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
Reportin	g interval	ms	5	
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2	
	delay	ms	8	
	ng mode			CH 3-0
Sub-ba	nd size	RB	6 (ful	l size)

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.3.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least $\alpha\%$ for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.3.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Band	width	MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmiss	sion mode		1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
	lownlink uration		2	
	subframe uration		4	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for	RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for RB 641		dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -93	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for RB 4249		dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -102	
\hat{I}_{o}^{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94 -94	
	er of HARQ issions		1	
			Clause B.2.4 with	h $ au_d=0.45\mu\mathrm{s},$
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2	
	g interval	ms	1 x 2 5	
	delay	ms	10 or 11	
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-0	
Sub-ba	nd size	RB	6 (full size)	
	K feedback ode		Multiplexing	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at				

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 TDD according to table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.

Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.3.2 Void

9.3.3.2.1 Void

9.3.3.2.2 Void

9.3.4 UE-selected subband CQI

The accuracy of UE-selected subband channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on the UE-selected subbands with the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any subband in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that correct subbands are accurately reported for frequency-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the subband CQI reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.4.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.4.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband COI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $> \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2
Band	lwidth	MHz	10 MHz			
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	8	-6	98
			Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_d = 0$).45 <i>μ</i> s,
Propagati	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Reporting interval		ms	5 8			
	delay	ms	-			
	ng mode			PUSC	H 2-0	
	er of HARQ				1	
	nissions		0 ((:)			
	d size (k)	RBs	3 (full size)			
	of preferred nds (<i>M</i>)			ţ	5	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)			CQI			
Note 2:						
Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input						

Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.1.2 TDD

level.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10 l	ИНz	
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
	downlink uration			2	2	
	subframe uration			4	1	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-6	98	-9	18
			Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_d = 0$	$.45 \mu s$
Propagation channel			$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$, ,	
Reportin	g interval	ms	5			
	delay	ms	10 or 11			
	ng mode			PUSC	JSCH 2-0	
	er of HARQ				1	
	issions				•	
	d size (k)	RBs		3 (full	size)	
	f preferred			į	5	
	nds (<i>M</i>) K feedback					
	de			Multip	lexing	
Note 1: I	Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)			CQI able		
Note 3:	A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2. For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.					

Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.4.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting

from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Para	ameter	Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10 l	ИНz	
Transmis	ssion mode		1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	8	9	13	14
Î	$\hat{j}(j)$ or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
Λ	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-!	98	-6	8
			Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_d = 0$.45 μs
Propagat	ion channel			a = 1, f	$_{D} = 5 \mathrm{Hz}$	
Reporting	g periodicity	ms	N _P = 2			
	delay	ms	8			
	channel for		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	eporting					
	Report Type band CQI		4			
	Report Type			,	1	
for sub	band CQI				ı	
	per of HARQ				1	
	missions	DD-		0 (6.11	l -!\	
	nd size (k)	RBs		6 (Tull	l size)	
	of bandwidth rts (<i>J</i>)		3			
K					1	
cqi-pmi-ConfigIndex				,	1	
		orts in an available u	plink rep	orting ins	tance at	
		#n based on CQI es				
		SF#(n-4), this report				CQI
		olied at the eNB dov				
Note 2:		easurement channe				
	A.4-1 with one	e/two sided dynamic	OCNG	Pattern C	P.1/2 FD	D as
	described in A	Annex A 5 1 1/2				

- described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input
- To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is Note 4: necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.
- Note 5: CQI reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and data scheduling according to the most recent subband CQI report for bandwidth part
- Note 6: In the case where wideband CQI is reported, data is to be scheduled according to the most recently used subband CQI report.

Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2
	dwidth	MHz			MHz	
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
config	downlink uration			2	2	
	subframe uration			2	1	
	Note 3)	dB	8	9	13	14
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
N	r(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-9	8
Propagation	on channel		Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_d = 0$.45 μ s,
				a = 1, f		
	periodicity	ms		N₽		
	delay	ms		10 c	or 11	
CQI re	channel for porting			PUSCH	(Note 4)	
	eport Type cand CQI		4			
PUCCH R	eport Type		1			
	and CQI					
	er of HARQ nissions			1	1	
	d size (k)	RBs		6 (full	size)	
	bandwidth s (J)			3	3	
	K			,	1	
	onfigIndex			3	3	
	K feedback ode			Multip	lexing	
Note 1: I	Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).			CQI able		
	described in A	e/two sided dynamic Annex A.5.2.1/2.				
l I		test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input				
Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.			CCH allow			
l a	oandwidth par	reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last dwidth part) are to be disregarded and data scheduling ording to the most recent subband CQI report for bandwidth part				
with j=1. Note 6: In the case where wideband CQI is reported, data is to be scheduled according to the most recently used subband CQI report.			I			

Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.5 Additional requirements for enhanced receiver Type A

The purpose of the test is to verify that the reporting of the channel quality is based on the receiver of the enhanced Type A. Performance requirements are specified in terms of the relative increase of the throughput obtained when the transport format is that indicated by the reported CQI subject to an interference model compared to the case with a white Gaussian noise model, and a requirement on the minimum BLER of the transmitted transport formats indicated by the reported CQI subject to an interference model.

9.3.5.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.5.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.5.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.1.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Par	ameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bai	ndwidth	MHz		MHz
	ission mode		1 (port 0)	
Сус	lic Prefix		Normal	Normal
	ell ID		0	1
	R (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	N/A
	tion channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
	lation and		Low (1 x 2)	(1 x 2)
	configuration		` ,	,
	(Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
	ference ment channel		Note 2	N/A
	ting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A
	ng periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 2$	N/A
	l delay	ms	8	N/A
	I channel for reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A
PUCCH	Report Type		4	N/A
	qi-pmi- urationIndex		1	N/A
	ber of HARQ		1	N/A
	missions		-	•
 Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and RC.4 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2. Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH 				
in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3. Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1. Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The number of the CRS ports in both cells is				
Note 6:	the same. Intefering cell is fully loaded. Note 6: Both cells are time-synchronous.			

SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause

Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.

Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern Note 9: OP.1 FDD as defined in Annex A.5.1.1.

Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white

Table 9.3.5.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥1

9.3.5.1.2 **TDD**

Note 7:

Note 8:

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.3.5.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.1.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth	MHz	10 l	MHz
Transmission mode		1 (port 0)	
Uplink downlink		,	2
configuration		4	<u></u>
Special subframe		,	4
configuration			
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell ID		0	1
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
Correlation and		Low (1 x 2)	(1 x 2)
antenna configuration		LOW (1 X Z)	(1 X Z)
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
Reference		Note 2	N/A
measurement channel			•
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A
CQI delay	ms	10 or 11	N/A
Physical channel for		PUSCH (Note	N/A
CQI reporting		3)	
PUCCH Report Type		4	N/A
cqi-pmi-		3	N/A
ConfigurationIndex		3	IN//A
Max number of HARQ		1 N/A	
transmissions		'	14/71
ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing	N/A
Mote 1: If the UF repo	rts in an available u	, ,	-

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and RC.4 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.
- Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The number of the CRS ports in both cells is the same. Intefering cell is fully loaded.
- Note 6: Both cells are time-synchronous.
- Note 7: Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
- Note 8: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern OP.1 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.1.

Table 9.3.5.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥1

9.3.5.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.5.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.5.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.2.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
Bandwidth	MHz	10 MHz		
Transmission mode			9	
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	
Cell ID		0	1	
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	N/A	
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)	
Correlation and antenna configuration		Low (2 x 2)	(1 x 2)	
Beamforming Model		As specified in Section B.4.3 (Note 10, 11)	N/A	
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41	
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna port 0	
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset		5/1	N/A	
CSI-RS reference signal configuration		2	N/A	
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	N/A	1 / 0010000000000 000	
CodeBookSubsetRestr iction bitmap		001111	N/A	
Reference measurement channel		Note 2	N/A	
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A	
CQI delay	ms	8	N/A	
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI		2 N/A		
PUCCH channel for RI reporting		PUCCH Format 2	N/A	
PUCCH Report Type for RI		3	N/A	
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		2	N/A	
ri-ConfigIndex		1	N/A	
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.11 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#0 and #5.

Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. Intefering cell is fully loaded.

Note 6:	Both cells are time-synchronous.
Note 7:	Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white
	Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
Note 8:	SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause
	8.1.1.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern
	OP.1 FDD as defined in Annex A.5.1.1.
Note 10:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 11:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at
	subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later
	than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB
	downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.3.5.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥2

9.3.5.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.3.5.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.2.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
Bandwidth	MHz	10 MHz		
Transmission mode		9		
Uplink downlink		2		
configuration		2		
Special subframe		4		
configuration			-	
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	
Cell ID		0	1	
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)	
Correlation and		Low (2 x 2)	(1 x 2)	
antenna configuration			(/	
Beamforming Model		As specified in Section B.4.3 (Note 11, 12)	N/A	
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41	
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna port 0	
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	
CSI-RS reference signal configuration		2	N/A	
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	N/A	3 / 001000000000 0000	
CodeBookSubsetRestr iction bitmap		001111	N/A	
Reference measurement channel		Note 2 N/A		
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A	
CQI delay	ms	10	N/A	
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI		2	N/A	
Physical channel for RI reporting		PUCCH Format 2	N/A	
PUCCH Report Type for RI		3	N/A	
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		3	N/A	
ri-ConfigIndex		805 (Note 9)	N/A	
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A	
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.11 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in

Note 4:	uplink subframe SF#2 and #7. The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as
Note 5:	specified in clause B.5.1. Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. Intefering cell is fully loaded.
Note 6: Note 7:	Both cells are time-synchronous. Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
Note 8:	SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause
Note 9:	8.1.1. RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.
Note 10:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern OP.1 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.1.
Note 11: Note 12:	

Table 9.3.5.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥2

9.3.6 Minimum requirement (With multiple CSI processes)

The purpose of the test is to verify the reporting accuracy of the CQI and the UE processing capability for multiple CSI processes. Each CSI process is associated with a CSI-RS resource and a CSI-IM resource as shown in Table 9.3.6-1. For UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 2 is configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled. For UE supports three CSI processes, CSI processes 0, 1 and 2 are configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled. For UE supports four CSI processes, CSI processes 0, 1, 2 and 3 are configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled.

Table 9.3.6-1 Configuration of CSI processes

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI-RS resource	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1
CSI-IM resource	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 1	CSI-IM resource 2

9.3.6.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.6.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.6.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band for CSI process 1, 2, or 3;
- b) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least δ % of the time for CSI process 0;
- c) the difference of the median CQIs of the reported wideband CQI for configurated CSI processes shall be greater or equal to the values as in Table 9.3.6.1-3;

- d) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- e) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.6.1-1 Fading test for FDD

Paramet Bandwid Transmission	lth	Unit MHz	TP	4	T	22	-				
					TP2		TP1			TP2	
Iransmission	Bandwidth				MHz		10 MHz				
			10		1	0	10 10		0		
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB		(0		0				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0		0				
allocation	P_c	dB	-3		0		-3		0		
	σ	dB		-:	3			-	3		
SNR (Not	te 7)	dB	10	11	7	8	14	15	9	10	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-91	-90	-84	-85	-89	-88	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]		-9	98			-6	98		
Propagation o	channel		EPA 5 Low Clause B.2.4.1 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu \text{s},$ $a = 1,$ $f_D = 5 \text{Hz}$				Clause wi $ au_d = 0$ $a = f_D = 0$	th .45 <i>μ</i> s,			
Antenna config	guration		4x	2	2>	(2	4:	x2	2>	(2	
Beamforming	Model		As spe		Section	B.4.3	As sp		Section	B.4.3	
Timing offset bet		us			0				<u>) </u>		
Frequency offset b Cell-specific refere		Hz	ļ ,	`	0 ports 0,1) ports 0,1		
CSI-RS sign	<u> </u>		Antenna 15,	a ports	N/	/A	Antenr	na ports ,18	N/		
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and TcsI-RS / \(\Delta \)			5/1		N/A			/1	N	'A	
CSI-RS 0 confi			0 N/A		/Α	(0	N/	Ά		
CSI-RS sig	nal 1		N/A Ar		Antenn 15,		N	/A	Antenn 15,		
CSI-RS 1 periodicity and $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / Δ_{C}			N/A		5/	′1	N/A		5/	′1	
CSI-RS 1 confi	iguration		N/	A	5		N	/A	5		
Zero-power CSI-RS (I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerC			N/A 111000000000 0000		000000		/A	1 111000 00	000000		
Zero-power CSI-RS / I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerC			1 / 00100110000 N/A 00000		/A	00100	/ 110000 000	N/	'A		
CSI-IM 0 periodicity and $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / Δ_{C}			5/1 5/1		′1	5	/1	5/	′1		
CSI-IM 0 confi			2 2		2	:	2	2	2		
CSI-IM 1 periodicity and $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / Δ_{C}			5/	1	N/	/A	5	/1	N/	Ά	
CSI-IM 1 confi			6		N/	/A	(6	N/	'A	
CSI-IM 2 periodicity and $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / Δ_{C}	CSI-RS		N/	A	5/	′ 1	N	/A	5/	1	
CSI-IM 2 confi	guration		N/A 1			N/A 1					
<u> </u>	CSI-RS				RS 0		CSI-RS 0				
<u> </u>	CSI-IM Reporting mode				-IM 0 CH 1-1		CSI-IM 0 PUCCH 1-1				
Co	odeBookSubsetR estriction bitmap		0x0		0 0000 00				001		
	Reporting periodicity	ms	N _{pd} = 5		$p_{\text{pd}} = 5$ $N_{\text{pd}} =$		= 5				
CSI process 0	CQI delay	ms		1	1		11				
F	Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 6) PUSCH (N								
	PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI		2			2					
	PUCCH channel		F	PUCCH	Format 2			PUCCH	Format 2		

	for RI reporting					
	PUCCH report			3		3
	type for RI				`	
	cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex			4	4	1
	ri-ConfigIndex			2	,	2
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 0		IM 0
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSCH 3-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR					
CSI process 1	estriction bitmap		000	0001	000	001
	Reporting interval			_		_
	(Note 10)	ms		5	(5
	CQI delay	ms	1	1	1	1
	Sub-band size	RB		l size)	6 (full	
	CSI-RS			RS 0		RS 0
	CSI-IM			-IM 1	CSI-	
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSC	
CSI process 2	CodeBookSubsetR					
(For UE configured	estriction bitmap		0x0000 000	0 0000 0001	0x0000 000	0 0000 0001
single process)	Reporting interval			_		
g.: p.:::::,	(Note 8)	ms		5	!	5
	CQI delay	ms		8	8	
	Sub-band size	RB		e) (Note 9)	6 (full size	
	CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0		CSI-RS 0	
	CSI-IM			-IM 1	CSI-IM 1	
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSCH 3-1	
CSI process 2	CodeBookSubsetR					
(For UE configured	estriction bitmap		0x0000 000	0 0000 0001	0x0000 000	0 0000 0001
multiple	Reporting interval		-		_	
processes)	(Note 10)	ms	5		5	
	CQI delay	ms	11		11	
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (full size) (Note 9)		6 (full size) (Note 9)	
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-RS 1	
	CSI-IM			-IM 2		IM 2
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSC	
	CodeBookSubsetR					
CSI process 3	estriction bitmap		000	0001	000	001
	Reporting interval					_
	(Note 10	ms		5	,	5
	CQI delay	ms	1	1	1	1
	Sub-band size	RB		l size)	6 (full	size)
CSI process for P	DSCH scheduling			ocess 2		ocess 2
	II ID		0	6	0	6
	ated CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
			Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-lo	ocated CRS		as Cell 1	as Cell 2	as Cell 1	as Cell 2
PMI for subframe	2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9		0x0000 0000 0000 0001	100000	0x0000 0000 0000 0001	100000
PMI for subfi	rame 1 and 6		0x0000 0000 0001 0000	100000	0x0000 0000 0001 0000	100000
Max number of HA	ARQ transmissions		1	N/A	1	N/A
		1. 1	<u> </u>		<u>'</u>	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.12 FDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 from TP1.

Note 4: TM10 OCNG OP.8 FDD as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1 and 6 from TP1.

Note 5: TM10 OCNG OP.8 FDD as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 from TP2

Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#2 and #7.

Note 7: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.

Note 9: For these sub-bands which are not selected for PDSCH transmission, TM10 OCNG should be transmitted.

Note 10: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#2 and #7 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#1 and #6.

Table 9.3.6.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
α[%]	N/A	2	2	2
β[%]	N/A	40	40	40
δ [%]	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
γ	N/A	N/A	1.02	N/A
UE Category			<u>.</u> ≥1	

Table 9.3.6.1-3 Minimum median CQI difference between configured CSI processes (FDD)

	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI process 0	N/A	1	3
UE Category		≥1	

9.3.6.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.6.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.6.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band for CSI process 1, 2, or 3;
- b) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least δ % of the time for CSI process 0;
- c) the difference of the median CQIs of the reported wideband CQI for configurated CSI processes shall be greater or equal to the values as in Table 9.3.6.2-3;
- d) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$,
- e) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.6.2-1 Fading test for TDD

_				Tes	st 1			Tes	st 2	
Parameter		Unit	TF	P 1	TI	2	Т	TP1 TP2		
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz				10 MHz			
Transmission mode Uplink downlink configuration			10		10		10			0
	nk configuration me configuration		2 4		2 4		2 4		4	
Special Subital		dB	-		0 0	+	0		+	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$				0)	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0		-3		-	
anocation	P_{c}	dB	-;)
OND	σ (Ν-1 7)	dB	40		3		44		3	40
	(Note 7)	dB	10	11	7	8	14	15	9	10
I_{\cdot}	f(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-91	-90	-84	-85	-89	-88
N	q(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]		-6	98			-6	98	
Propagati	on channel		EPA (5 Low	$\tau_d = 0$	ith $0.45~\mu s$,	EPA	5 Low	$ au_d = 0$	B.2.4.1 ith 0.45 μs, = 1, = 5 Hz
Antenna c	onfiguration		4)	(2		k2	4	x2		k2
	ning Model				Section			pecified in		
	between TPs	us			0)	
	et between TPs	Hz			0		0 Antenna ports 0,1			
•	eference signals		Antenn		ports 0,1			Antenna na ports	ports 0,1	
	signal 0			., 18	N	/A		, 18	N.	/A
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			5/	/3		/A	5	/3	N	/A
CSI-RS 0 configuration			()		/A	(0		/A
CSI-RS signal 1			N,	/A		a ports 16	N	/A		a ports 16
CSI-RS 1 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			N	/A	5	/3	N	/A	5.	/3
CSI-RS 1 configuration			N,	/A		5	N	/A		5
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			N,		111000	000000 000		//A	111000) 000000 000
Zero-power CSI-RS 1 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			00100° 000		N	/A	00100	3 / 110000 000	N.	/A
	r and subframe offset / ∆csi-κs		5,	/3	5	/3	5	/3	5.	/3
CSI-IM 0 c	onfiguration		2	2] :	2	:	2	2	2
	r and subframe offset r r $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/	/3	N	/A	5	3/3	N.	/A
CSI-IM 1 c	onfiguration		(3	N	/A	(6	N,	/A
	and subframe offset		N.	/A	5.	/3	N	/A	5,	/3
	/ ∆csi-Rs onfiguration		N,			1		/A		1
OOI IIVI Z O	CSI-RS		10/		RS 0	•	''		RS 0	•
	CSI-IM			CSI-	-IM 0			CSI-	·IM 0	
	Reporting mode			PUCC	CH 1-1			PUCC	CH 1-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR estriction bitmap		0x0	000 000	0 0000 0	001	0x0	000 000	0 0000 0	001
CSI process 0	Reporting periodicity	ms		N _{pd} = 5			<i>N</i> _{pd} = 5			
	CQI delay	ms		1	2			1	2	
	Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting			PUSCH	(Note 6)		PUSCH (Note 6)			
	PUCCH Report			2	2			2	2	

	_	ı				
	Type for CQI/PMI					
	PUCCH channel		PLICCH	Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
	for RI reporting		1 00011	1 Offilat 2	1 00011	i Oilliat Z
	PUCCH report			3	3	2
	type for RI		,		,	
	cqi-pmi-			3		3
	ConfigurationIndex					
	ri-ConfigIndex		805 (N	lote 10)	805 (N	
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM		CSI-	-IM 0	CSI-	IM 0
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSC	H 3-1
	CodeBookSubsetR		000	0004	000	004
CSI process 1	estriction bitmap		000	0001	000	001
·	Reporting interval			-	,	_
	(Note 9)	ms	;	5	•	5
	CQI delay	ms	1	2	1	2
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (ful	l size)	6 (full	size)
	CSI-RS			RS 0	CSI-	RS 0
	CSI-IM		CSI-	-IM 1	CSI-	IM 1
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSCH 3-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR		0x0000 0000 0000 0001		0x0000 0000 0000 0001	
CSI process 2	estriction bitmap					
	Reporting interval				-	
	(Note 9)	ms	;	5		5
	CQI delay	ms	1	2	1	2
	Sub-band size	RB		e) (Note 8)	6 (full size	
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 2	CSI-	
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSC	
	CodeBookSubsetR					
CSI process 3	estriction bitmap		000	0001	000001	
001 p100000 0	Reporting interval					
	(Note 9)	ms	:	5		5
	CQI delay	ms	1	2	1	2
	Sub-band size	RB		l size)	6 (full	
CSI process for F	PDSCH scheduling	IND.		ocess 2	CSI pro	
	II ID		0	6	0	6
	cated CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-io	cated Col-No		Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-l	ocated CRS		as Cell 1	as Cell 2	as Cell 1	as Cell 2
			0x0000 0000		0x0000 0000	
PMI for sub	frame 4and 9			100000	0000 0001	100000
			0000 0001 0x0000 0000		0x0000 0001	
PMI for subf	rame 3 and 8		0001 0000	100000	0001 0000	100000
May number of U	ARQ transmissions		1	N/A	4	N/A
			Multiplayie =		Multiplayir =	N/A N/A
ACK/NACK to	eedback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	Multiplexing	N/A

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.12 TDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 4 and 9 from TP1.
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG OP.8 TDD is transmitted as specified in A.5.2.8 on subframe 3 and 8 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG OP.8 TDD is transmitted as specified in A.5.2.8 on subframe 3, 4, 8 and 9 from TP2.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 7: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 9: For these sub-bands which are not selected for PDSCH transmission, TM10 OCNG should be transmitted.
- Note 10: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.

Table 9.3.6.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
<i>α</i> [%]	N/A	2	2	2
β[%]	N/A	40	40	40
δ[%]	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
γ	N/A	N/A	1.02	N/A
UE Category	≥1			

Table 9.3.6.2-3 Minimum median CQI difference between configured CSI processes (TDD)

	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI process 0	N/A	1	3
UE Category	≥1		

9.4 Reporting of Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI)

The minimum performance requirements of PMI reporting are defined based on the precoding gain, expressed as the relative increase in throughput when the transmitter is configured according to the UE reports compared to the case when the transmitter is using random precoding, respectively. When the transmitter uses random precoding, for each PDSCH allocation a precoder is randomly generated and applied to the PDSCH. A fixed transport format (FRC) is configured for all requirements.

The requirements for transmission mode 6 with 1 TX and transmission mode 9 with 4 TX are specified in terms of the ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{t_{ue}}{t_{rnd}}.$$

In the definition of γ , for PUSCH 3-1 single PMI and PUSCH 1-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with precoders configured according to the UE reports;

For the PUCCH 2-1 single PMI requirement, t_{md} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with both the precoder and the preferred full-size subband applied according to the UE reports;

For PUSCH 2-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with both the subband precoder and a randomly selected full-size subband (within the preferred subbands) applied according to the UE reports.

The requirements for transmission mode 9 with 8 TX are specified in terms of the ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{t_{ue, follow1, follow2}}{t_{rnd1, rnd2}}$$

In the definition of γ , for PUSCH 3-1 single PMI and PUSCH 1-2 multiple PMI requirements, $t_{follow1,follow2}$ is 70% of the maximum throughput obtained at $SNR_{follow1,follow2}$ using the precoders configured according to the UE reports, and $t_{md1,md2}$ is the throughput measured at $SNR_{follow1,follow2}$ with random precoding .

9.4.1 Single PMI

9.4.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Band	width	MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
	tion and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1
Reporting	g interval	ms	1
PMI dela	y (Note 2)	ms	8
Measurement channel			R. 10 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundan coding s	cy version equence		{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.1.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmiss	sion mode		6	
Uplink d	lownlink		1	
configu			'	
	subframe		4	
configu				
	on channel		EVA5	
	granularity	PRB	50	
	tion and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2	
Downlink	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3	
allocation	σ	dB	0	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1	
Reporting	g interval	ms	1	
PMI delay	y (Note 2)	ms	10 or 11	
Measureme	ent channel		R.10 TDD	
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1 TDD	
	er of HARQ		4	
transmissions			-T	
Redundancy version			{0,1,2,3}	
coding s			(0, ., _, 0)	
ACK/NACK	K feedback ode		Multiplexing	
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each available downlink				

transmission instance.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.1.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

_					
	meter	Unit	Test 1		
Bandwidth		MHz	10		
Transmission mode			6		
	on channel		EVA5		
	tion and onfiguration		Low 4 x 2		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6		
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6		
allocation	σ	dB	3		
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98		
PMI	delay	ms	8 or 9		
Reportir	ng mode		PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)		
Reporting	periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 2$		
	channel for porting		PUSCH (Note 3)		
for widebar	eport Type nd CQI/PMI		2		
	eport Type and CQI		1		
Measurement channel			R.14-1 FDD		
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD		
Precoding granularity		PRB	6 (full size)		
Number of bandwidth			3		
parts (<i>J</i>)			3		
ŀ	<		1		
	onfigIndex		1		
Max number of HARQ			4		
transmissions Redundancy version					
	equence		{0,1,2,3}		
		recoder selection th	ne precoder shall be undated		
	Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated every two TTI (2 ms granularity).				
			plink reporting instance at		
			imation at a downlink SF not later		
t	han SF#(n-4)	, this reported PMI	cannot be applied at the eNB		
	downlink befo	re SF#(n+4).			
Note 3:	To avoid collis	sions between HAR	Q-ACK and wideband CQI/PMI or		
			eport both on PUSCH instead of		
	PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink				
SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the					
HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.					
Note 4: Reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth					
part) are to be disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted of					
	the most recently used subband for bandwidth part with j=1. Note 5: In the case where wideband PMI is reported, data is to be				
	transmitted on the most recently used subband. Note 6: The bit field for PMI confirmation in DCI format 1B shall be mapped.				
	to "0" and TPMI information shall indicate the codebook index used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of TS36.211 [4] according to the latest PMI				
	eport on PU0		[+] according to the latest I wil		
	opont on 1 Oc	7011.			

Table 9.4.1.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

TDD 9.4.1.2.2

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmiss	sion mode		6	
	lownlink		1	
config				
Special s			4	
config				
Propagation	on channel		EVA5	
	tion and		Low 4 x 2	
antenna co	nfiguration			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6	
allocation	σ	dB	3	
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
PMI (delay	ms	10	
Reporting mode			PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)	
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_P = 5$	
Physical c			PUSCH (Note 3)	
CQI reporting				
PUCCH Report Type for wideband CQI/PMI			2	
PUCCH Report Type			1	
for subband CQI			•	
Measurement channel			R.14-1 TDD	
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 TDD	
Precoding granularity		PRB	6 (full size)	
Number of part			3	
pani k			1	
	onfigIndex		4	
Max number of HARQ				
transmissions			4	
Redundancy version			(0.1.2.2)	
coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}	
ACK/NACK fedback			Multiplexing	
mo				
	Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in			
each available downlink transmission instance.				
			plink reporting instance at	
			imation at a downlink SF not later	
than SE#(n-4) this reported PMI cannot be applied at the ANR				

- than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI/PMI or Note 3: subband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 4: Reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted on the most recently used subband for bandwidth part with j=1.
- In the case where wideband PMI is reported, data is to be Note 5: transmitted on the most recently used subband.
- Note 6: The bit field for PMI confirmation in DCI format 1B shall be mapped to "0" and TPMI information shall indicate the codebook index used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of TS36.211 [4] according to the latest PMI report on PUCCH.

Table 9.4.1.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.3 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.4.1.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.3.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.3.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			9
Propagation	on channel		EPA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
Correlat			Low
antenna co			ULA 4 x 2
Cell-specific	c reference		Antenna ports
sigr	nals		0,1
CSI referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 15,,18
Beamform			Annex B.4.3
CSI-RS per subfram T _{CSI-RS} /			5/ 1
CSI-RS reference signal configuration			6
CodeBookS iction b			0x0000 0000 0000 FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	Pc	dB	-3
	σ	dB	-3
N_{c}	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reportin	ng mode		PUSCH 3-1
Reporting interval		ms	5
PMI delay (Note 2)		ms	8
Measurement channel			R.44 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence		recoder selection th	{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: PDSCH_RA= 0 dB, PDSCH_RB= 0 dB in order to have the same PDSCH and OCNG power per subcarrier at the receiver.

Table 9.4.1.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.3.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.3.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parameter Helt Tool 4				
Parameter Bandwidth		Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth Transmission mode		MHz	10 9	
Transmission mode Uplink downlink			9	
	uration		1	
	subframe			
	uration		4	
	on channel		EVA5	
	granularity	PRB	50	
Antenna co	onfiguration		8 x 2	
Correlation	n modeling		High, Cross polarized	
	ic reference nals		Antenna ports 0,1	
Ŭ	nce signals		Antenna ports 15,,22	
Beamform	ning model		Annex B.4.3	
	riodicity and			
	ne offset		5/ 4	
	/ Δcsi-rs			
	reference		0	
signal cor	nfiguration		0x0000 0000	
CodeBooks	SubsetRestr		001F FFE0	
	bitmap		0000 0000	
	ap		FFFF	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	
allocation	Pc	dB	-6	
	σ	dB	-3	
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
	ng mode		PUSCH 3-1	
	g interval	ms	5	
PMI dela	y (Note 2)	ms	10	
			R.45-1 TDD for UE	
			Category 1,	
Measurem	ent channel		R.45 TDD for	
			UE Category	
			≥2	
			OP.7 TDD for	
00110	D "		UE Category	
OCNG	Pattern		1, and OP.1 TDD for UE	
			Category ≥2	
Max number of HARQ			<u> </u>	
transmissions			4	
Redundar	ncy version		(0 1 2 2)	
coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}	
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder			ne precoder	
shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).				
Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting				
instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI				
		a downlink SF not la		
		ed PMI cannot be ap	oplied at the	
eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 3: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic				
CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9				

on uplink SF#3 and #8.

to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted

Note 4: Randomization of the principle beam direction shall be used as specified in B.2.3A.4

Table 9.4.1.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	3
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1a Void

9.4.1a.1 Void

9.4.1a.1.1 Void

9.4.1a.1.2 Void

9.4.2 Multiple PMI

9.4.2.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

-	4	11.24	T 4
Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
	sion mode		6
	on channel		EPA5
	granularity		
	porting and	PRB	6
	ng PMI)		
	tion and		Low 2 x 2
antenna co	onfiguration		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
PMI delay		ms	8
			R.11-3 FDD for UE
Measurem	ent channel		Category 1,
Wieasurenn	ent chamile		R.11 FDD for
			UE Category
			≥2
	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD
	er of HARQ		4
	issions		-
Redundancy version			{0,1,2,3}
coding sequence			
	For random precoder selection, the precoders		
shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granular			
	: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI		
	estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the		
			opiieu at tite
	eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 3: One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2		
	5. One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP. 1/2		

Table 9.4.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2 shall be

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.1.2 **TDD**

used.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
	lownlink uration		1
Special	subframe		4
	uration		•
	on channel		EPA5
(only for re following	granularity porting and ng PMI)	PRB	6
	tion and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
PMI delay		ms	10 or 11
Measurement channel			R.11-3 TDD for UE Category 1 R.11 TDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 TDD
	er of HARQ		4
	issions		-
	cy version equence		{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACI	K feedback		Multiplexing
	11110		
Note 2:	shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance.		
Note 3: 0	4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).		

Table 9.4.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.2 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.2.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
Correlation and antenna configuration			Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI delay		ms	8
Reporting mode			PUSCH 2-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
Measurement channel			R.14-2 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 FDD
Subband size (k)		RBs	3 (full size)
Number of preferred subbands (<i>M</i>)			5
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
Note 1: For random proceder collection, the proceder shall be undeted in			

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity)

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Table 9.4.2.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
	sion mode		6
	lownlink		1
configu			•
	subframe		4
Configu			EVA5
Correla	on channel		EVAS
	nfiguration		Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI delay		ms	10
Reporting mode			PUSCH 2-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
	ent channel		R.14-2 TDD
	Pattern		OP.1/2 TDD
Subband	· · · ·	RBs	3 (full size)
Number of preferred			5
subbands (M)			
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.2.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.15
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.3 Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.4.2.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.3.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.3.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Band	width	MHz	10
Transmiss			9
Propagation			EVA5
Precoding (only for reposition following)		PRB	6
Correlat	tion and		Low ULA 4 x 2
Cell-specific sign			Antenna ports 0,1
CSI referer			Antenna ports 15,,18
Beamform			Annex B.4.3
	ie offset ′ ∆csi-Rs		5/ 1
CSI-RS r signal cor	figuration		8
CodeBookS iction b			0x0000 0000 0000 FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	Pc	dB	-3
	σ	dB	-3
N_{c}		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reportir			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting		ms	5
PMI	delay	ms	8
Measurement channel			R.45-1 FDD for UE Category 1, R.45 FDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG	Pattern		OP.7 FDD for UE Category 1 OP.1 FDD for UE Category ≥2
Max number			4
Redundan coding s	cy version		{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoders

shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity). If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting Note 2: instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: PDSCH _RA= 0 dB, PDSCH_RB= 0 dB in order to have the same PDSCH and OCNG power per subcarrier at the receiver.

Table 9.4.2.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.3
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.3.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.3.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1	
Band		MHz	10	
Transmiss		IVII IZ	9	
Uplink d			-	
configu			1	
Special s				
configu			4	
Propagation			EVA5	
Precoding	granularity			
(only for re	oorting and	PRB	6	
followin	ıg PMI)			
Antenna co	nfiguration		8 x 2	
Correlation	n modelina		High, Cross	
			polarized	
Cell-specific			Antenna ports	
sigr	iais		0,1	
CSI referer	nce signals		Antenna ports	
Beamform	ing model		15,,22 Annex B.4.3	
CSI-RS per			/ WILLIEN D.4.0	
subfram			5/ 4	
	$^\prime\Delta$ CSI-RS		σ, .	
CSI-RS r			4	
signal cor	figuration		4	
			0x0000 00000	
CodeBookS	SubsetRestr		001F FFE0	
iction b	oitmap		0000 0000	
			FFFF	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	
power allocation	Pc	db	-6	
	σ	dB	-3	
N		-		
	9C	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
Reportir			PUSCH 1-2	
Reporting		ms	5 (Note 4)	
PMI	delay	ms	10	
			R.45-1 TDD	
			for UE	
Measureme	ent channel		Category 1,	
			R.45 TDD for	
			UE Category	
			≥2	
			OP.7 TDD for	
CONIC	Dottors		UE Category 1	
OCNG	rattern		OP.1 TDD for	
			UE Category	
Marin '			≥2	
Max numbe transm			4	
Redundan coding s			{0,1,2,3}	
ACK/NAC	(feedback			
mo			Multiplexing	
		recoder selection, th	ne precoders	
		ted in each TTI (1 m		
		rts in an available u		
		brame SF#n based		
estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-				

4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted

on uplink SF#3 and #8.

Note 5: Randomization of the principle beam direction

shall be used as specified in B.2.3A.4.

Table 9.4.2.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	3.5
UE Category	≥1

9.4.3 Void

9.4.3.1 Void

9.4.3.1.1 Void

9.4.3.1.2 Void

9.5 Reporting of Rank Indicator (RI)

The purpose of this test is to verify that the reported rank indicator accurately represents the channel rank. The accuracy of RI (CQI) reporting is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on the reported rank compared to the case for which a fixed rank is used for transmission. Transmission mode 4 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.1, transmission mode 9 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.2 and transmission mode 3 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.3, and transmission mode 10 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.5.

For fixed rank 1 transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2 and 9.5.5, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to two single-layer precoders, For fixed rank 2 transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2 and 9.5.5, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to one two-layer precoder, For follow RI transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to select the union of these precoders. Channels with low and high correlation are used to ensure that RI reporting reflects the channel condition.

For fixed rank 1 transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is restricted to single-layer, for fixed rank 2 transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is restricted to two-layers. For follow RI transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is either one or two layers.

9.5.1 Minimum requirement (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.5.1.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.1-2.

Table 9.5.1.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Bandwidth		MHz	10			
PDSCH transmission mode			4			
Downlink novem	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3		
	σ	dB		0		
Propagation condit antenna configu				2 x 2 EPA5		
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		01000	000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High	
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	
SNR		dB	0	20	20	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78	
	Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1			
Reporting mo	de		PUCCH 1-1 (Note 4)			
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/PMI		PU	PUCCH Format 2		
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2			
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)			
PUCCH Report Type for RI				3		
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{pd}=5$		
PMI and CQI d	elay	ms		8		
cqi-pmi-Configurati	ionIndex			6		
ri-Configuration	nInd		1 (Note 5)			

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic RI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 4: The bit field for precoding information in DCI format 2 shall be mapped as:
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 1
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 1 >> precoding information bit field index = 2
 - For reported RI = 2 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 0
- Note 5: To avoid the ambiguity of TE behaviour when applying CQI and PMI during rank switching, RI reports are to be applied at the TE with one subframe delay in addition to Note 1 to align with CQI and PMI reports.

Table 9.5.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.1.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.2-2.

Table 9.5.1.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Bandwidth		MHz		10	
PDSCH transmission	on mode			4	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3	
	σ	dB		0	
Uplink downlink conf				2	
Special subfra configuration				4	
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5	
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		
Antenna correla	ation		Low Low High		
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=2 and Fixed RI=1 Fixed RI=		Fixed RI=1 and follow RI
SNR		dB	0	20	20
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98 -98		-98
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -78 -78		-78
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions			1		
Reporting mode			PUS	CH 3-1 (Note 3)	
Reporting interval		ms	<u>-</u>	5	
PMI and CQI de		ms		10 or 11	
ACK/NACK feedback	ck mode			Bundling	. 5.4

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: Reported wideband CQI and PMI are used and sub-band CQI is discarded.

Table 9.5.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.2 Minimum requirement (CSI Reference Symbols)

9.5.2.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.2.1-2 is defined as

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;

b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.2.1-2.

Table 9.5.2.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Bandwidth		MHz		10	
PDSCH transmission	PDSCH transmission mode			9	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	
allocation	Pc	dB		0	
	σ	dB		0	
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5	
Cell-specific reference			Aı	ntenna ports 0	
Beamforming M				ified in Section B.	4.3
CSI reference sign				enna ports 15, 16	
CSI-RS periodicit subframe offs $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-II}}$	y and et २s			5/1	
CSI reference si configuration	•			6	
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		2
Antenna correlation			Low	Low	High
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI
SNR	SNR		0	20	20
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$			-98	-98	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -78 -78		-78
Maximum number o				1	
Reporting mo				PUCCH 1-1	
	Physical channel for CQI/PMI		Pl	JSCH (Note 3)	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2		
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH Format 2		
PUCCH Report Type for RI				3	
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{pd} = 5$	<u>-</u>
PMI and CQI de		ms		8	
	cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex		2		
ri-Configuration				1 (Note 4)	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and				ed on PMI and	

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.9 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.
- Note 4: To avoid the ambiguity of TE behaviour when applying CQI and PMI during rank switching, RI reports are to be applied at the TE with one subframe delay in addition to Note 1 to align with CQI and PMI reports.

Table 9.5.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
<i>y</i> 1	N/A	1.05	0.9
γ2	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.2.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.2.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.2.2-2.

Table 9.5.2.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter	Parameter		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Bandwidth		MHz		10		
PDSCH transmission	PDSCH transmission mode			9		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
Downlink power				0		
allocation	Pc	dB		0		
	σ	dB		0		
Uplink downlink con	figuration			1		
Special subfra configuration				4		
Propagation condit antenna configur	ion and			2 x 2 EPA5		
Cell-specific reference			Aı	ntenna ports 0		
CSI reference si	gnals			nna ports 15, 16		
Beamforming M			As spec	ified in Section B.	4.3	
CSI reference s configuration				4		
subframe offs	CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset TCSI-RS / \(\Delta \text{CSI-RS} \)		5/4			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		2	
Antenna correlation			Low	Low	High	
RI configuration	RI configuration		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	
SNR		dB	0	20	20	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98 -98		-98	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78	
Maximum number of transmission	Maximum number of HARQ		1			
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-1			
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)			
PUCCH report type for CQI/ PMI			2			
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH Format 2			
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{pd} = 5$		
PMI and CQI d		ms		10		
ACK/NACK feedback				Bundling		
cqi-pmi-Configurati				4		
ri-ConfigurationInd			1			

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.9 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#3 and #8.

Table 9.5.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.3 Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

9.5.3.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.3.1-2 is defined as

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.3.1-2.

Table 9.5.3.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

D	Test 1		Test 2			
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10 Note 40	1	
PDSCH transmission		dD.	3	Note 10	3	Note 10
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3	-3	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3	-3	
Propagation conditi	on and	dB		0	(
antenna configur				2 EPA5	2 x 2	EPA5
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	CodeBookSubsetRestriction		01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	N/A	01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	N/A
Antenna correla	tion			_OW	Lo	W
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	0	-12	20	6
	$N_{\rm ocl}^{(j)}$		-98 (Note 3)	N/A	-102 (Note 3)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	$N_{\text{oc}2}^{(j)}$	dBmW/15kH z	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	-98 (Note 4)	N/A
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$		-98 (Note 5)	N/A	-94.8 (Note 5)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-98	-110	-78	-92
	Subframe Configuration		Non- MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id	<u> </u>		0	1	0	1
Time Offset between		μѕ	2.5 (synch	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	2.5 (synchro	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 8)	Ccsi,0		1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 0111111	N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A
Number of control Symbols	OFDM		3	3	3	3
Maximum number o	f HARQ			4		
transmission	S			1	1	
Reporting mod			PUC	CH 1-0	PUCC	H 1-0
Physical channel for reporting	or CQI		PUCCH	Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
PUCCH Report Type	for CQI			4	2	ŀ

Physical	channel for RI reporting		PUCCH	Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
PUCC	CH Report Type for RI		3	3	;	3
Re	porting periodicity	ms	N _{pd} =	= 10	N _{pd} :	= 10
cqi-pr	mi-ConfigurationIndex		1	1	1	1
ri-	-ConfigurationInd		5	5		5
cqi-pm	ni-ConfigurationIndex2		1	0	1	0
ri-	ConfigurationInd2		2	2		2
	Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Note 1:	If the UE reports in an av	ailable uplink re	eporting instance	e at subframe	SF#n based on C	QI estimation at
	a downlink subframe not					
	downlink before SF#(n+4	4).				
Note 2:	Reference measurement	t channel in Cell	l 1 RC.2 FDD a	ccording to Ta	ble A.4-1 with one	sided dynamic
	OCNG Pattern OP.1 FD	D as described i	in Annex A.5.1.	1.		
Note 3:	This noise is applied in C	OFDM symbols a	#1, #2, #3, #5, i	#6, #8, #9, # <mark>1</mark> 0	,#12, #13 of a sub	oframe
	overlapping with the agg					
Note 4:	This noise is applied in C	OFDM symbols a	#0, #4, #7, #11	of a subframe	overlapping with t	the aggressor
	ABS.					
Note 5:						
Note 6:	ABS pattern as defined i					
	transmitted in the serving					subframe of
	aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.					
Note 7:						
Note 8:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Note 9:	measurements defined in [7]. 9: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1 and Cell 2					
14010 0.	is the same.	Con Z is the ag	g. 00001 0011. TT	o nambor of th	io onto ponto in ot	on I and oon Z
Note 10:		el setun in Cell	2 in accordance	e with Annex C	3.3 applying OCI	NG nattern as
1 1010 10.	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as					

Table 9.5.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
21	0.9	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.3.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.3.2-2 is defined as

defined in Annex A.5.1.5.

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.3.2-2.

Table 9.5.3.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Davamatar		l lmit	Tes	st1	Tes	st2
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth		MHz	1	•	10	
PDSCH transmission Uplink downlink conf			3	Note 11	3	Note 11
Special subfra					-	
configuration			4		4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	Ÿ	3	-3	3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-(3	-3	3
anocation	σ	dB	C)	0	ı
Propagation condit			2 x 2 l	EPA5	2 x 2 E	-PΔ5
antenna configur	ation				2 1 2 1	
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2	N/A	01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2	N/A
			11 for UE reported RI		11 for UE reported RI	
Antenna correla	ition		Lo	W	Lo	W
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	0	-12	20	6
	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$		-98 (Note 4)	N/A	-102 (Note 4)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	$N_{\text{oc}2}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 5)	N/A	-98 (Note 5)	N/A
	$N_{\text{oc}3}^{(j)}$	-	-98 (Note 6)	N/A	-94.8 (Note 6)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98	-110	-78	-92
Subframe Configu	ıration	-	Non- MBSFN	Non- MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	1	0	1
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	2.5 (synchronous cells)		2.5 (synchronous cells)	
ABS Pattern (No	te 7)		N/A	0000000 001 0000000 001	N/A	000000001 000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (00000000 01 00000000 01	N/A	0000000001 0000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		00000000 01 00000000 01	N/A	0000000001 0000000001	N/A
(Note 9)	C _{CSI,1}		11001110 00 11001110 00		1100111000 1100111000	IVA
Number of control Symbols	OFDM		3	3	3	3
Maximum number of			1	•	1	
transmission					•	
Reporting mod			PUCC		PUCC	
and RI reporti			PUCCH I	Format 2	PUCCH I	Format 2
PUCCH Report Type			4	-	4	

Physical channel for C _{CSI,1} CQI and RI reporting		PUSCH	(Note 3)	PUSCH	(Note 3)
PUCCH Report Type for RI		;	3	3	3
Reporting periodicity	ms	N _{pd} :	= 10	N _{pd} =	= 10
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing		Multiplexing	
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex		8		w	3
ri-ConfigurationInd		5		Į.	5
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2		9		O)	9
ri-ConfigurationInd2		0		()
Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between RI/CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report them on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#9 to allow periodic RI/CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#3.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 5: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 6: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 7: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 8: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 9: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 10: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1 and Cell 2 is the same.
- Note 11: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5.

Table 9.5.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
21	0.9	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.4 Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and CRS assistance information are configured)

9.5.4.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.4.1-1, the minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.4.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_{I:}$
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

In Table 9.5.4.1-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggresso cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 9.5.4.1-1: RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
Propagation conditi antenna configura			2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2×2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap			01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	N_{oc1}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-93 (Note 5)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.1-2 for each test	12	10
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15k Hz]	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.1-2 for each test	-86	-88
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (Not	te 6)		N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,0		10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
(Note 8)	Ccsi,1		01111111 01111111 01111111 01111111 0111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		3	Note 9	Note 9
Maximum number or transmissions			1	N/A	N/A
Reporting mod			PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for reporting			PUCCH format 2	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Type	for COI		4	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for R			PUCCH Format 2	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Typ			3	N/A	N/A
Reporting period		ms	<i>N_{pd}</i> = 10	N/A	N/A

cqi-pn	ni-ConfigurationIndex		11	N/A	N/A	
ri-	ConfigurationInd		5	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pm	i-ConfigurationIndex2		10	N/A	N/A	
ri-0	ConfigurationInd2		2	N/A	N/A	
	Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	
Note 1:	Downlink physical chan	nel setup in Cell	2 and Cell 3 in accor	rdance with Annex	c C.3.3 applying	
	OCNG pattern OP.5 FD	D as defined in	Annex A.5.1.5.			
Note 2:	The propagation conditi	ons for Cell 1, C	ell 2 and Cell 3 are s	tatistically indeper	ndent.	
Note 3:	This noise is applied in	OFDM symbols	#1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8	3, #9, #10,#12, #1	3 of a subframe	
	overlapping with the agg					
Note 4:	This noise is applied in	OFDM symbols	#0, #4, #7, #11 of a s	subframe overlapp	ing with the	
	aggressor ABS.					
Note 5:	This noise is applied in					
Note 6:	ABS pattern as defined					
	PDCCH/PCFICH are tra					
	overlapped with the ABS		ggressor cell and the	subframe is avail	able in the	
	definition of the reference					
Note 7:	Time-domain measuren	nent resource re	striction pattern for P	Cell measuremen	its as defined in	
	[7]					
Note 8:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI					
	measurements defined in [7].					
Note 9:	The number of control C		s not available for AB	BS and is 3 for the	subframe	
	indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.					
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI					
	estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot					
	be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).					
Note 11:	Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided					
1	dynamic OCNG Pattern					
	The number of the CRS			e same.		
Note 13:	SIB-1 will not be transm	itted in Cell2 an	d Cell 3 in this test.			

Table 9.5.4.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} for Cell 1 (dB)	4	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ for Cell 1 (dB[mW/15kHz])	-94	-78	-78
Antenna correlation	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3	Low for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3
μ	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1.05	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.4.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.4.2-1, the minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.4.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_{l}$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

In Table 9.5.4.2-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggresso cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 9.5.4.2-1: RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
Uplink downlink conf			1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
5	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
Propagation conditi antenna configur			2×2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	N_{oc1}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-93 (Note 5)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.2-2 for each test	12	10
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15k Hz]	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.2-2 for each test	-86	-88
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	<u> </u>		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	Ccsi,o		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note 8)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		3	Note 9	Note 9
Maximum number o transmissions			1	N/A	N/A
Reporting mod	le		PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for 0 and RI reporting			PUCCH format 2	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for 0	C _{CSI,1} CQI		PUSCH (Note 14)	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Type			4	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Typ			3	N/A	N/A
Reporting period	icity	ms	<i>N_{pd}</i> = 10	N/A	N/A
ACK/NACK feedbac			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration			8	N/A	N/A
ri-Configuration			5	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuratio			9	N/A	N/A
ri-Configuration			0 Normal	N/A Normal	N/A Normal
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern OP.5 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.5.
- Note 2: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 5: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 6: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 7: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 8: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 9: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 3 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 10: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 12: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 13: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in this test.
- Note 14: To avoid collisions between RI/CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report them on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic RI/CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 9.5.4.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test 1 Test 2

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
\hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} for Cell 1 (dB)	4	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ for Cell 1 (dB[mW/15kHz])	-94	-78	-78
Antenna correlation	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3	Low for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1.05	N/A	N/A
LIE Category	>2	>2	>2

9.5.5 Minimum requirement (with CSI process)

Each CSI process is associated with a CSI-RS resource and a CSI-IM resource as shown in Table 9.5.5-1.

For UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 0 is configured for Test 1 and Test 2, but CSI process 1 is not configured for Test 2. The corresponding γ requirements for Test 1 and Test 2 shall be fulfilled. The requirement on reported RI for CSI process 1 in Test 2 is not applicable.

For UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured for Test 1 and CSI processes 0 and 1 are configured for Test 2. The corresponding γ requirements for Test 1 and Test 2 shall be fulfilled, and also the requirement on reported RI for CSI process 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.5.5-1 Configuration of CSI processes

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1
CSI-RS resource	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1
CSI-IM resource	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 1

9.5.5.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.5.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;
- c) For Test 2, the RI reported for CSI process 1 shall be the same as the most recent RI reported for CSI process 0 if UE is configured with multiple CSI processes.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.5.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.5.1-2.

Table 9.5.5.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

			Т.	-1.4	Т-	1.0
Parameter Bandwidth		Unit	Test 1 TP1 TP2 10 MHz		Test 2 TP1 TP2 10 MHz	
		MHz				
Transmission mode		111112	10 10		10 10	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	(0	()
Downlink power allocation	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0		0	
				- 1		•
	P_c	dB	0	0	0	0
CND	σ	dB dB		0	20	
SNR		-	0	_	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-78	-78
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98		-98	
Propagation channel			EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 High
Antenna configuration	on		2x2	2x2	2x2	2x2
Beamforming Model	- TD-			Section B.4.3	•	Section B.4.3
Timing offset between TPs Frequency offset between TPs		us Hz	0		0 0	
Cell-specific reference		П	Antenna ports 0		Antenna ports 0	
•	oo digirialo		Antenna ports		Antenna ports	
CSI-RS signal 0			15,16	N/A	15,16	N/A
$T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		5/1	N/A	5/1	N/A
CSI-RS 0 configurati	ion		0	N/A	0	N/A
CSI-RS signal 1			N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16
CSI-RS 1 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			N/A	5/1	N/A	5/1
CSI-RS 1 configurati	ion		N/A	3	N/A	3
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			N/A	1 / 10000010000 00000	N/A	1 / 10000010000 00000
Zero-power CSI-RS 1 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			1 / 00110000000 00000	N/A	1 / 00110000000 00000	N/A
CSI-IM 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			5/1	N/A	5/1	N/A
CSI-IM 0 configuration	on		2	N/A	2	N/A
CSI-IM 1 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		N/A	5/1	N/A	5/1
CSI-IM 1 configuration	on		N/A	6	N/A	6
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2	N/A	Fixed RI=1	N/A
1XI Configuration			and follow RI	1471	and follow RI	
Physical channel for	CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 6)	N/A	PUSCH (Note 6)	PUSCH (Note 6)
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2	N/A	2	2
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH	N/A	PUCCH	PUCCH
			Format 2		Format 2	Format 2
PUCCH Report Type for RI CSI-RS			CSI-RS 0	N/A N/A	3 CSI-RS 0	3 N/A
CSI process 0 (Note 7)	CSI-RS CSI-IM		CSI-RS 0	N/A N/A	CSI-RS 0	N/A N/A
	Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	PUCCH 1-1	N/A
	Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A
	CQI delay	ms	8	N/A	10	N/A
	cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex	••••	6	N/A	6	N/A
	ri-ConfigIndex		1	N/A	1	N/A
	CSI-RS		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-RS 1
001 ===================================	CSI-IM		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-IM 1
CSI process 1 (Note 7, Note 9)	Reporting mode		N/A	N/A	N/A	PUCCH 1-1
	Reporting	ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	$N_{pd} = 5$

CQI delay	ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	10
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		N/A	N/A	N/A	4
ri-ConfigIndex		N/A	N/A	N/A	1
CSI process for PDSCH scheduling		CSI process 0		CSI process 0	
Cell ID		0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-located CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-located CRS		Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-located CN3		as Cell 1	as Cell 2	as Cell 1	as Cell 2
PMI for subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9		010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI	100000	000011 for fixed RI = 1 010011 for UE reported RI	N/A
PMI for subframe 1 and 6		100000	100000	100000	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A	1	N/A

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.13 FDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 from TP1.
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1 and 6 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 from TP2 for Test 1; TP2 is blanked for Test 2.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.
- Note 7: If UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured as 'RI-reference CSI process' for CSI process 1.
- Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic COI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.
- Note 9: If UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 1 is not configured in Test 2.

Table 9.5.5.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
2/1	N/A	1.0
72	1.0	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.5.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.5.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;
- c) For Test 2, the RI reported for CSI process 1 shall be the same as the most recent RI reported for CSI process 0 if UE is configured with multiple CSI processes.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.5.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.5.2-2.

Table 9.5.5.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

			Т	-	Т	-4.0
Para	ımeter	Unit	TP1	st 1 TP2	TP1	st 2 TP2
Bandwidth		MHz		MHz		<u> </u>
Transmission mode		IVII IZ	10	10	10	10
		dB		0)
	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$					0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	'	J
allocation	P_c	dB	0	0	0	0
	σ	dB	(0	(Ö
Uplink downlink configuration			2	2	2	2
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4	4	4
SNR		dB	0	0	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-78	-78
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-6	98
Propagation channe	el		EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 High
Antenna configurati			2x2	2x2	2x2	2x2
Beamforming Mode			As specified in	Section B.4.3	As specified in	Section B.4.3
Timing offset betwe		us		0		0
Frequency offset be		Hz		0		0
Cell-specific referen	nce signais			a ports 0		a ports 0
CSI-RS signal 0			Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A
Tcsi-rs / Acsi-rs	y and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	5/3	N/A
CSI-RS 0 configura	tion		0	N/A	0	N/A
CSI-RS signal 1			N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16
CSI-RS 1 periodicity T _{CSI-RS} / Δ _{CSI-RS}	y and subframe offset		N/A	5/3	N/A	5/3
CSI-RS 1 configura	tion		N/A	3	N/A	3
Zero-power CSI-RS / ZeroPower(0 configuration		N/A	3 / 10000010000 00000	N/A	3 / 10000010000 00000
Zero-power CSI-RS I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower(3 / 00110000000 00000	N/A	3 / 00110000000 00000	N/A
CSI-IM 0 periodicity T _{CSI-RS} / Δ _{CSI-RS}	and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	5/3	N/A
CSI-IM 0 configurat	ion		2	N/A	2	N/A
CSI-IM 1 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		N/A	5/3	N/A	5/3
CSI-IM 1 configurat	ion		N/A	6	N/A	6
_			Fixed RI=2		Fixed RI=1	
RI configuration			and follow RI	N/A	and follow RI	N/A
	CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	N/A	CSI-RS 0	N/A
CSI process 0	CSI-IM		CSI-IM 0	N/A	CSI-IM 0	N/A
(Note 6, 7)	Reporting mode		PUSCH 3-1	N/A	PUSCH 3-1	N/A
-, -, -,	Reporting Interval	ms	5	N/A	5	N/A
	CQI delay	ms	11	N/A	11	N/A
	CSI-RS		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-RS 1
CSI process 1	CSI-IM		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	CSI-IM 1
(Note 6, 7, 8)	Reporting mode Reporting Interval	me	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	PUSCH 3-1
CQI delay		ms ms	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	5 11
CSI process for PDSCH scheduling		1110		ocess 0		ocess 0
Cell ID			0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-located C	SI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-located C			Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
PMI for subframe 4			as Cell 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2	as Cell 2 100000	as Cell 1 000011 for fixed RI = 1	as Cell 2 N/A
			010011 for UE	<u> </u>	010011 for UE	

	reported RI		reported RI	
PMI for subframe 3 and 8	100000	100000	100000	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions	1	N/A	1	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode	Multiplexing	N/A	Multiplexing	N/A

361

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.13 TDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 4 and 9 from TP1.
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.2.8 is transmitted on subframe 3 and 8 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.2.8 is transmitted on subframe 3, 4, 8 and 9 from TP2 for Test 1; TP2 is blanked for Test
- Note 6: Reported wideband CQI and PMI are used and sub-band CQI is discarded.
- Note 7: If UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured as 'RI-reference CSI process' for CSI process 1.
- Note 8: If UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 1 is not configured in Test 2.
- Note 9: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3and #8 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#7 and #2.

Table 9.5.5.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
21	N/A	1.0
72	1.0	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.6 Additional requirements for carrier aggregation

This clause includes requirements for the reporting of channel state information (CSI) with the UE configured for carrier aggregation. The purpose is to verify that the channel state for each cell is correctly reported with multiple cells configured for periodic reporting.

9.6.1 Periodic reporting on multiple cells (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.6.1.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥3. For the parameters specified in Table 9.6.1.1-1 and Table 9.6.1.1-2, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2 on each cell, the difference between the wideband CQI indices of Pcell and Scell reported shall be such that

 $wideband \ CQI_{Pcell} - wideband \ CQI_{Scell} \geq 2$

for more than 90% of the time.

Table 9.6.1.1-1: Parameters for PUCCH 1-0 static test on multiple cells (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Pcell	Scell		
PDSCH transmission	n mode			1		
Downlink power	Downlink power $ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$			0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0		
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			AWGN (1 x 2)			
SNR		dB	10	4		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-88	-94		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98		
Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUCCH Format 2			
PUCCH Report Type			4			
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{pd} = 10$			
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			11	16 [shift of 5 ms relative to Pcell]		
	N. (A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C					

Note 1: 3 symbols are allocated to PDCCH. No PDSCH for user data is scheduled for the UE with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Table 9.6.1.1-2: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Test number		Bandwidth combination		
1		10MHz for both cells		
2		20MHz for both cells		
Note 1: The applica		olicability of requirements for different CA configurations and		
bandwidth combination sets is defined in 9.1.1.2.				

9.6.1.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥3. For the parameters specified in Table 9.6.1.2-1 and Table 9.6.1.2-2, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2 on each cell, the difference between the wideband CQI indices of Pcell and Scell reported shall be such that

 $wideband \ CQI_{Pcell} - wideband \ CQI_{Scell} \geq 2$

for more than 90% of the time.

Table 9.6.1.2-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test on multiple cells (TDD)

Parameter		Pcell Scell		
n mode			1	
iguration		2		
Special subframe configuration		4		
$ \begin{array}{c c} Downlink \; power & & \rho_{\scriptscriptstyle{A}} \\ allocation & & \rho_{\scriptscriptstyle{B}} \end{array} $		0		
		0		
Propagation condition and antenna configuration		AWGN (1 x 2)		
	dB	10	4	
	dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-94	
	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	
or CQI		PUCCH Format 2		
Гуре		4		
Reporting periodicity		$N_{\rm pd} = 10$		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex		8 13 [shift of 5 ms related to Pcell]		
	$ ho_A$ $ ho_B$ on and ation or CQI Type licity	$\begin{array}{c c} \text{iguration} & & & \\ \text{me} & & & \\ \hline \rho_A & & \text{dB} \\ \hline \rho_B & & \text{dB} \\ \text{on and} & & \\ \text{ation} & & & \\ \hline & & & \text{dB} \\ & & & \text{dB[mW/15kHz]} \\ \hline \text{or CQI} & & & \\ \hline \text{Type} & & \\ \text{licity} & & \text{ms} \\ \hline \end{array}$	n mode figuration me figuration me figuration me figuration me figuration me figuration ρ_A dB ρ_B	

Note 1: 3 symbols are allocated to PDCCH. No PDSCH for user data is scheduled for the UE with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Table 9.6.1.2-2: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Test number		Bandwidth combination			
1		20MHz for both cells			
Note 1:	The app	olicability of requirements for different CA configurations			
	and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 9.1.1.2.				

10 Performance requirement (MBMS)

10.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	None			
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)		6 subframes			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		2			
Cyclic Prefix		Extended			
Note1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.					

10.1.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 and Table 10.1.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.1, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.1.1-2.

Parameter Unit Test 1-4 dΒ 0 $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$ Downlink power dΒ 0 (Note 1) $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ allocation dΒ σ dBm/15kHz N_{oc} at antenna port -98 Note 1: $P_{\scriptscriptstyle B}=0$.

Table 10.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Table 10.1.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referen	ce value	MBMS
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and	BLER	SNR(dB)	UE
					antenna	(%)		Category
1	10 MHz	R.37 FDD	OP.4				4.1	≥1
			FDD					
2	10 MHz	R.38 FDD	OP.4	MBSFN			11.0	≥1
			FDD	channel	1v2 low	4		
3	10 MHz	R.39 FDD	OP.4	model (Table	1x2 low	ı	20.1	≥2
			FDD	B.2.6-1)				
	5.0MHz	R.39-1 FDD	OP.4	1			20.5	1
			FDD					

10.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	None			
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)		5 subframes			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		2			
Cyclic Prefix		Extended			
Note1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.					

10.2.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 and Table 10.2.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.2, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.2.1-2.

Table 10.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-4		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0		
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98		
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.					

Table 10.2.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referen	ce value	MBMS
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and antenna	BLER (%)	SNR(dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz	R.37 TDD	OP.4			(70)	3.4	≥1
			TDD					
2	10 MHz	R.38 TDD	OP.4	MBSFN			11.1	≥1
			TDD	channel	1x2 low	4		
3a	10 MHz	R.39 TDD	OP.4	model (Table	1XZ IOW	'	20.1	≥2
			TDD	B.2.6-1)				
3b	5MHz	R.39-1 TDD	OP.4]			20.5	1
			TDD					

Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

A.1 General

The throughput values defined in the measurement channels specified in Annex A, are calculated and are valid per datastream (codeword). For multi-stream (more than one codeword) transmissions, the throughput referenced in the minimum requirements is the sum of throughputs of all datastreams (codewords).

The UE category entry in the definition of the reference measurement channel in Annex A is only informative and reveals the UE categories, which can support the corresponding measurement channel. Whether the measurement channel is used for testing a certain UE category or not is specified in the individual minimum requirements.

A.2 UL reference measurement channels

A.2.1 General

The measurement channels in the following subclauses are defined to derive the requirements in clause 6 (Transmitter Characteristics) and clause 7 (Receiver Characteristics). The measurement channels represent example configurations of physical channels for different data rates.

A.2.1.1 Applicability and common parameters

The UL reference measurement channels comprise transmission of PUSCH and Demodulation Reference signals only. The following conditions apply:

- 1 HARQ transmission
- Cyclic Prefix normal
- PUSCH hopping off
- Link adaptation off
- Demodulation Reference signal as per TS 36.211 [4] subclause 5.5.2.1.2.

Where ACK/NACK is transmitted, it is assumed to be multiplexed on PUSCH as per TS 36.212 [5] subclause 5.2.2.6.

- ACK/NACK 1 bit
- ACK/NACK mapping adjacent to Demodulation Reference symbol
- ACK/NACK resources punctured into data
- Max number of resources for ACK/NACK: 4 SC-FDMA symbols per subframe
- No CQI transmitted, no RI transmitted

A.2.1.2 Determination of payload size

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{RR}

- 1. Calculate the number of channel bits $N_{\rm ch}$ that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given sub-frame.
- 2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min |R - (A + 24*(N_{CB} + 1))/N_{ch}|, where N_{CB} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } C = 1\\ C, & \text{if } C > 1 \end{cases}$$
 subject to

a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of N_{RB} resource blocks.

367

- b) C is the number of Code Blocks calculated according to section 5.1.2 of TS 36.212 [5].
- c) For RMC-s, which at the nominal target coding rate do not cover all the possible UE categories for the given modulation, reduce the target coding rate gradually (within the same modulation), until the maximal possible number of UE categories is covered.
- 3. If there is more than one *A* that minimises the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default and the chosen code rate should not exceed 0.93.

A.2.1.3 Overview of UL reference measurement channels

In Table A.2.1.3-1 are listed the UL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 as appropriate.

Table A.2.1.3-1: Overview of UL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Ful	I RB allocation, QP	SK							
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100		≥ 1	
FDD, Ful	I RB allocation, 16-	QAM	1		T	ı	T		
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		20	16QAM	1/3	100		≥ 2	
	tial RB allocation,	QPSK			T	I	T		T
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	3		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	4		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	9		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	10		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	12		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	16		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	18		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	20		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	24		≥ 1	
FDD FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1 Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20 10 - 20	QPSK QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD			10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	27 30		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1 Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3 1/3	32		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	36		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	40		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	45		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	48		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	54		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	60		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	64		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	72		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	80		≥ 1	
יטט ו	1 abic 7.2.2.2.1-1		20	प्रा आ	1/5	50		- 1	

FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	81	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	90	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	96	≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation,	16-OAM	20	QFSK	1/0	90	21	
FDD, Fai	Table A.2.2.2.2-1	IO-QAIVI	1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	2	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	3	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM				
					3/4	4	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	5	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	6 8	≥1 ≥1	
FDD FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	9		
	Table A.2.2.2.1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	10	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	12	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	15	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	20	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	24	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	25	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	27	≥1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	30	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	32	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	36	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	40	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	45	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	48	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	54	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	60	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	64	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		15 - 20	16QAM	1/2	72	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	80	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	81	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		20	16QAM	2/5	90	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		20	16QAM	2/5	96	≥ 2	
	I RB allocation, QP	SK						
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100	≥ 1	
	I RB allocation, 16-	QAM						
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25	≥ 1	

	Γ		1			1			
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		20	16QAM	1/3	100		≥ 2	
•	rtial RB allocation,					I	I		
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	3		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	4		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	9		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	10		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	12		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	16		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	20		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	24		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	27		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	30		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	32		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	36		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	40		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	45		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	48		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	54		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	60		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	64		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	72		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	80		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	81		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	90		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	96		≥ 1	
TDD, Pai	rtial RB allocation,	16-QAM				T	T		
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	2		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	3		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	4		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	5		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	8		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	9		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	10		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	12		≥ 1	

TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	18	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	20	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	24	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	27	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	30	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	32	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	36	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	40	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	45	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	48	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	54	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	60	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	64	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	1/2	72	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	80	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	81	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	2/5	90	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	2/5	96	≥ 2	

A.2.2 Reference measurement channels for FDD

A.2.2.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.2.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6
Payload size	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
Note 1: If more than one Code Block is to each Code Block (otherwise	•	n addition	al CRC s	equence	of L = 24	Bits is a	ttached

A.2.2.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3
Payload size	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	4	4	4
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 2
Note 1: If more than one Code Block is Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bi	•	n additional	CRC sequ	ence of L :	= 24 Bits is	attached t	o each

A.2.2.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

A.2.2.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.2.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with partial RB allocation

Paramet er	Ch BW	Allocate d RBs	DFT- OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame	Mod'n	Target Coding rate	Payload size	Transpo rt block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame	Total symbols per Sub- Frame	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz					Bits	Bits	(11010 1)	Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	12	QPSK	1/3	72	24	1	288	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	12	QPSK	1/3	176	24	1	576	288	≥1
	1.4 - 20	3	12	QPSK	1/3	256	24	1	864	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	12	QPSK	1/3	392	24	1	1152	576	≥1
	1.4 - 20	5	12	QPSK	1/3	424	24	1	1440	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	12	QPSK	1/3	600	24	1	1728	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	12	QPSK	1/3	808	24	1	2304	1152	≥1
	3-20	9	12	QPSK	1/3	776	24	1	2592	1296	≥1
	3-20	10	12	QPSK	1/3	872	24	1	2880	1440	≥1
	3-20	12	12	QPSK	1/3	1224	24	1	3456	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	12	QPSK	1/3	1320	24	1	4320	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	12	QPSK	1/3	1384	24	1	4608	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	12	QPSK	1/3	1864	24	1	5184	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	12	QPSK	1/3	1736	24	1	5760	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	12	QPSK	1/3	2472	24	1	6912	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	12	QPSK	1/3	2216	24	1	7200	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	7776	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	12	QPSK	1/3	2664	24	1	8640	4320	≥ 1
	10-20	32	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	9216	4608	≥ 1
	10-20	36	12	QPSK	1/3	3752	24	1	10368	5184	≥ 1
	10-20	40	12	QPSK	1/3	4136	24	1	11520	5760	≥ 1
	10-20	45	12	QPSK	1/3	4008	24	1	12960	6480	≥ 1
	10-20	48	12	QPSK	1/3	4264	24	1	13824	6912	≥ 1
	15 - 20	50	12	QPSK	1/3	5160	24	1	14400	7200	≥ 1
	15 - 20	54	12	QPSK	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	7776	≥ 1
	15 - 20	60	12	QPSK	1/4	4264	24	1	17280	8640	≥ 1
	15 - 20	64	12	QPSK	1/4	4584	24	1	18432	9216	≥1
	15 - 20	72	12	QPSK	1/4	5160	24	1	20736	10368	≥1
	20	75	12	QPSK	1/5	4392	24	1	21600	10800	≥1
	20	80	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23040	11520	≥1
	20	81	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23328	11664	≥1
_	20	90	12	QPSK	1/6	4008	24	1	25920	12960	≥ 1
	20	96	12	QPSK	1/6	4264	24	1	27648	13824	≥ 1

A.2.2.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Paramet er	Ch BW	Allocate d RBs	DFT- OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame	M od'n	Target Coding rate	Payload size	Transpo rt block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame	Total symbols per Sub- Frame	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz					Bits	Bits	(11010 1)	Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	12	16QAM	3/4	408	24	1	576	144	≥1
	1.4 - 20	2	12	16QAM	3/4	840	24	1	1152	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	12	16QAM	3/4	1288	24	1	1728	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	12	16QAM	3/4	1736	24	1	2304	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	12	16QAM	3/4	2152	24	1	2880	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	12	16QAM	3/4	2600	24	1	3456	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	12	16QAM	3/4	3496	24	1	4608	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	12	16QAM	3/4	3880	24	1	5184	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	12	16QAM	3/4	4264	24	1	5760	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	12	16QAM	3/4	5160	24	1	6912	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	12	16QAM	1/2	4264	24	1	8640	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	12	16QAM	1/2	4584	24	1	9216	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	12	16QAM	1/2	5160	24	1	10368	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	12	16QAM	1/3	4008	24	1	11520	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	13824	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	12	16QAM	1/3	4968	24	1	14400	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	12	16QAM	3/4	12960	24	3	17280	4320	≥2
	10-20	32	12	16QAM	3/4	13536	24	3	18432	4608	≥2
	10-20	36	12	16QAM	3/4	15264	24	3	20736	5184	≥2
	10-20	40	12	16QAM	3/4	16992	24	3	23040	5760	≥2
	10-20	45	12	16QAM	3/4	19080	24	4	25920	6480	≥2
	10-20	48	12	16QAM	3/4	20616	24	4	27648	6912	≥2
	15 - 20	50	12	16QAM	3/4	21384	24	4	28800	7200	≥2
	15 - 20	54	12	16QAM	3/4	22920	24	4	31104	7776	≥2
	15 - 20	60	12	16QAM	2/3	23688	24	4	34560	8640	≥2
	15 - 20	64	12	16QAM	2/3	25456	24	4	36864	9216	≥2
	15 - 20	72	12	16QAM	1/2	20616	24	4	41472	10368	≥2
	20	75	12	16QAM	1/2	21384	24	4	43200	10800	≥2
	20	80	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46080	11520	≥2
	20	81	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46656	11664	≥2
	20	90	12	16QAM	2/5	20616	24	4	51840	12960	≥2
	20	96	12	16QAM	2/5	22152	24	4	55296	13824	≥2

A.2.2.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.3 Void

Table A.2.2.3-1: Void

A.2.3 Reference measurement channels for TDD

For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL:2UL.

A.2.3.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.3.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	4	4	4
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category	•	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥2

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

A.2.3.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parame	Ch BW	Allocat	UDL	DFT-	Mod'n	Target	Payloa	Transp	Number	Total	Total	UE
ter		ed RBs	Configu	OFDM		Coding	d size	ort	of code	number	symbol	Categor
			ration	Symbol		rate	for	block	blocks	of bits	s per	y
			(Note 2)	s per			Sub-	CRC	per	per	Sub-	
				Sub-			Frame		Sub-	Sub-	Frame	
				Frame			2, 3, 7,		Frame	Frame	for	
							8		(Note 1)	for	Sub-	
										Sub-	Frame	
										Frame	2, 3, 7,	
										2, 3, 7,	8	
										8		
Unit	MHz						Bits	Bits		Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	1	12	QPSK	1/3	72	24	1	288	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	1	12	QPSK	1/3	176	24	1	576	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	1	12	QPSK	1/3	256	24	1	864	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	1	12	QPSK	1/3	392	24	1	1152	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	1	12	QPSK	1/3	424	24	1	1440	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	1	12	QPSK	1/3	600	24	1	1728	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	1	12	QPSK	1/3	808	24	1	2304	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	1	12	QPSK	1/3	776	24	1	2592	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	1	12	QPSK	1/3	872	24	1	2880	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1224	24	1	3456	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1320	24	1	4320	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1384	24	1	4608	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1864	24	1	5184	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1736	24	1	5760	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2472	24	1	6912	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2216	24	1	7200	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	7776	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2664	24	1	8640	4320	≥ 1
	10-20	32	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	9216	4608	≥ 1
	10-20	36	1	12	QPSK	1/3	3752	24	1	10368	5184	≥ 1
	10-20	40	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4136	24	1	11520	5760	≥ 1
	10-20	45	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4008	24	1	12960	6480	≥ 1
	10-20	48	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4264	24	1	13824	6912	≥ 1
	15 - 20	50	1	12	QPSK	1/3	5160	24	1	14400	7200	≥ 1
	15 - 20	54	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	7776	≥ 1
	15 - 20	60	1	12	QPSK	1/4	4264	24	1	17280	8640	≥ 1
	15 - 20	64	1	12	QPSK	1/4	4584	24	1	18432	9216	≥ 1
	15 - 20	72	1	12	QPSK	1/4	5160	24	1	20736	10368	≥ 1
	20	75	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4392	24	1	21600	10800	≥ 1
	20	80	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23040	11520	≥ 1
	20	81	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23328	11664	≥ 1
	20	90	1	12	QPSK	1/6	4008	24	1	25920	12960	≥ 1
	20	96	1	12	QPSK	1/6	4264	24	1	27648	13824	≥ 1
Note 1:	If more t	han one Cod	la Black is n	resent an a	dditional CR	C coguoneo	of L = 24 B	ite is attache	d to oach C	odo Block (c	thorwico L -	O Rit)

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit) Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.2.2-1 Reference Channels for 16QAM with partial RB allocation

Parame ter	Ch BW	Allocat ed RBs	UDL Configu ration (Note 2)	DFT- OFDM Symbol s per Sub- Frame	Mod'n	Target Coding rate	Payloa d size for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	Transp ort block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	Total symbol s per Sub- Frame for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz						Bits	Bits		Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	1	12	16QAM	3/4	408	24	1	576	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	1	12	16QAM	3/4	840	24	1	1152	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	1	12	16QAM	3/4	1288	24	1	1728	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	1	12	16QAM	3/4	1736	24	1	2304	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	1	12	16QAM	3/4	2152	24	1	2880	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	1	12	16QAM	3/4	2600	24	1	3456	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	1	12	16QAM	3/4	3496	24	1	4608	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	1	12	16QAM	3/4	3880	24	1	5184	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	1	12	16QAM	3/4	4264	24	1	5760	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	1	12	16QAM	3/4	5160	24	1	6912	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	1	12	16QAM	1/2	4264	24	1	8640	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	1	12	16QAM	1/2	4584	24	1	9216	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	1	12	16QAM	1/2	5160	24	1	10368	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4008	24	1	11520	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	13824	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4968	24	1	14400	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	1	12	16QAM	3/4	12960	24	3	17280	4320	≥ 2
	10-20	32	1	12	16QAM	3/4	13536	24	3	18432	4608	≥ 2
	10-20	36	1	12	16QAM	3/4	15264	24	3	20736	5184	≥ 2
	10-20	40	1	12	16QAM	3/4	16992	24	3	23040	5760	≥ 2
	10-20	45	1	12	16QAM	3/4	19080	24	4	25920	6480	≥ 2
	10-20	48	1	12	16QAM	3/4	20616	24	4	27648	6912	≥ 2
	15 - 20	50	1	12	16QAM	3/4	21384	24	4	28800	7200	≥ 2
	15 - 20	54	1	12	16QAM	3/4	22920	24	4	31104	7776	≥ 2
	15 - 20	60	1	12	16QAM	2/3	23688	24	4	34560	8640	≥ 2
	15 - 20	64	1	12	16QAM	2/3	25456	24	4	36864	9216	≥ 2
	15 - 20	72	1	12	16QAM	1/2	20616	24	4	41472	10368	≥ 2
	20	75	1	12	16QAM	1/2	21384	24	4	43200	10800	≥ 2
	20	80	1	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46080	11520	≥ 2
	20	81	1	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46656	11664	≥ 2
	20	90	1	12	16QAM	2/5	20616	24	4	51840	12960	≥ 2
Note 1:	20	96		12	16QAM	2/5	22152	24	4 ed to each C	55296	13824	≥ 2

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.3 Void

Table A.2.3.3-1: Void

A.3 DL reference measurement channels

A.3.1 General

The number of available channel bits varies across the sub-frames due to PBCH and PSS/SSS overhead. The payload size per sub-frame is varied in order to keep the code rate constant throughout a frame.

No user data is scheduled on subframes #5 in order to facilitate the transmission of system information blocks (SIB).

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{DB}

- 1. Calculate the number of channel bits N_{ch} that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given sub-frame.
- 2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min \left| R - (A + 24 * (N_{CB} + 1)) / N_{ch} \right|, where \ N_{CB} = \begin{cases} 0, if \ C = 1 \\ C, if \ C > 1 \end{cases}$$
 subject to

- a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of N_{RB} resource blocks.
- b) C is the number of Code Blocks calculated according to section 5.1.2 of TS 36.212 [5].
- 3. If there is more than one A that minimizes the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default and the chosen code rate should not exceed 0.93.
- 4. For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL+DwPTS (12 OFDM symbol): 2UL

A.3.1.1 Overview of DL reference measurement channels

In Table A.3.1.1-1 are listed the DL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.3.2 to A.3.10 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.3.2 to A.3.10 as appropriate.

Table A.3.1.1-1: Overview of DL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	вw	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Rec	eiver requirements		•						
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
	eiver requirements		ı	ı	1	Π	I		
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥ 1	
TDD Book	Table A.3.2-2	Maximum inn	20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
FDD, Reco	Table A.3.2-3	waximum inp	1.4	64QAM	3/4	6	l	_	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		3	64QAM	3/4	15		_	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		5	64QAM	3/4	25			
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		10	64QAM	3/4	50		_	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		15	64QAM	3/4	75		_	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		20	64QAM	3/4	100		_	
	eiver requirements,	Maximum inc							
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		5	64QAM	3/4	18		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		10	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		15	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		20	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD, Rec	eiver requirements,	Maximum inp	out level	for UE Ca	tegorie	s 2			
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		20	64QAM	3/4	83		-	
	eiver requirements,	Maximum inp	1	T T		ı	I		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
TDD Book	Table A.3.2-4	Maxim	20	64QAM	3/4	100		-	
	eiver requirements,	iviaximum inp	1		T	ı			
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	

	T								T
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		5	64QAM	3/4	18		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		10	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		15	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		20	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
TDD, Rece	eiver requirements,	Maximum inp	ut level	for UE Ca	tegorie	s 2			
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		5	64QAM	3/4	25		1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		20	64QAM	3/4	83		-	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transm	ission (CR	(S)				
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.4 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.42 FDD	20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.2 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3-1 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.5 FDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.6 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.7 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.8 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.9 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100		≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.6-1 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.7-1 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.8-1 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-1 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-2 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-6	R.41 FDD	10	QPSK	1/10	50		≥ 1	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transm	ission (CR	S), Sin	gle PR	B (Cha	nnel e	edge)
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.0 FDD	3	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.1 FDD	10 /	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
	CH Performance, S		20 transm				R (MR		onfiguration)
FDD, FD3	Table A.3.3.1-5	R.29 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1	D (INID.	<u>≥ 1</u>	
	CH Performance: C		l						
				1	0.84-			\ r	T
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-7	R.49 FDD	20	64QAM	0.87	100		≥ 5	
	CH Performance: C		1		offset	l .		_	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-3	R.60 FDD	10	64QAM		50		≥ 3	
	CH Performance, M	l	ı		1	ı	na port	S	T
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.10 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-2 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-4 FDD	10	QPSK	1/2	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.30 FDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.30-1 FDD	15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-1 FDD	20	64QAM	0.39	100		4	

381

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FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-2 FDD	15	64QAM	0.39	75		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-3 FDD	10	64QAM	0.39	50		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.35-4 FDD	10	64QAM	0.47	50		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.46 FDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.47 FDD	10	16QAM		50		≥ 1			
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, M	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS), Four	anten	na port	ts			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.12 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.13 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-2 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-3 FDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.36 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD, PDSCH Performance (UE specific RS) Two antenna ports (CSI-RS)											
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-1	R.51 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD, PDSCH Performance (UE specific RS) Two antenna ports (CSI-RS, non Quasi Co-located)											
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.52 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.53 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.54 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD, PDS	CH Performance (U	E specific RS) Four a	ntenna po	rts (CS	I-RS)					
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.43 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.50 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.44 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.45 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.45-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	39		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.48 FDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1			
	CH Performance, S		transmi		(S)						
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.4 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.42 TDD	20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.2 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		<u>- ·</u> ≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.5 TDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15		<u>- 2</u> ≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.6 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25		≥ 2			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.7 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.8 TDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75		≥ 2			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.9 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100		≥ 3			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.6-1 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.7-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1 ≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.8-1 TDD		64QAM	3/4	17					
			15					≥1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-1 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-2 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83		≥ 2			
TDD DDS	Table A.3.4.1-6	R.41 TDD	10	QPSK	1/10	50	D (CI	≥ 1	dao		
	CH Performance, S		ı	<u> </u>	1	ī .	B (Cna		age)		
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.0 TDD	3 10 /	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.1 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1			
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transm	ission (CR	S), Sin	gle PR	B (MB	SFN C	onfiguration)		
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-5	R.29 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1			

TDD, PDS	TDD, PDSCH Performance: Carrier aggregation with power imbalance									
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-7	R.49 TDD	20	64QAM	0.81- 087	100		≥ 5		
TDD. PDS	CH Performance, M	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS		antenr	na port	S		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.10 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-2 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-4 TDD	10	QPSK	1/2	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30-1 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30-2 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		3		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.35 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.35-1 TDD	20	64QAM	0.39	100		4		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.35-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.47	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.46 TDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.47 TDD	10	16QAM		50		≥ 1		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, N	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS), Four	anten	na por	ts		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.12 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.13 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-2 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.43 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.36 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle antenna	port (DI	RS)						
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.25 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.28 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, T	wo antenna po	orts (DR	S)						
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.31 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	[25]		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	[18]		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.34 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance (U	E specific RS) Two ar	ntenna por	ts (CSI	-RS)				
TDD	TDD Table A.3.4.3.3-1 R.51 TDD 10 16QAM 1/2 50 ≥ 2									
TDD, PDS	CH Performance (U	E specific RS) Two ar	ntenna por	ts (CSI	-RS, n	on Qua	asi Co-	located)	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.52 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.53 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.54 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance (U	E specific RS) Four a	ntenna po	rts (CS	I-RS)				
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.4-1	R.44 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.4-1	R.48 TDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1		

TDD. PDS	TDD, PDSCH Performance (UE specific RS) Eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)										
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-1	R.50 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-2	R.45 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2			
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-2	R.45-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	39		≥ 1			
FDD, PDC	CH / PCFICH Perfo	rmance					l				
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15 FDD	10	PDCCH							
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15-1 FDD	10	PDCCH							
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15-2 FDD	10	PDCCH							
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.16 FDD	10	PDCCH							
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.17 FDD	5	PDCCH							
TDD, PDC	CH / PCFICH Perfo	rmance									
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15 TDD	10	PDCCH							
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15-1 TDD	10	PDCCH							
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15-2 TDD	10	PDCCH							
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.16 TDD	10	PDCCH							
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.17 TDD	5	PDCCH							
	D, PHICH Performan	nce		T	ı		ı	ı			
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.18	10	PHICH							
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.19	10	PHICH							
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.20	5	PHICH							
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.24	10	PHICH							
	D, PBCH Performan	ce									
FDD /	Table A.3.7-1	R.21	1.4	QPSK	40/						
TDD FDD /	Table A.3.7-1	R.22	1.4	QPSK	1920 40/						
TDD FDD /	Table A.3.7-1	R.23	1.4	QPSK	1920 40/						
TDD PMC	CH Performance	14.20		<u> </u>	1920						
FDD, FWC	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.40 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.37 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-2	R.38 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39-1 FDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39 FDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2			
	CH Performance		-								
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.40 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.37 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-2	R.38 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39-1 TDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1			
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39 TDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2			
FDD, Sust	tained data rate (CR	RS)									
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-1 FDD	10	64QAM	0.40			≥ 1			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-2 FDD	10	64QAM	0.59- 0.64			≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3 FDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.62			≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3A FDD	10	64QAM	0.85- 0.90			≥ 2			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3C FDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.91			≥ 3			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-4 FDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.90			≥ 3			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-4B FDD	15	64QAM	0.85-			≥ 4			

					0.88			
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-5 FDD	15	64QAM	0.85-		≥ 3	
	tained data rate (CF		10	0492/11/1	0.91			
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-1 TDD	10	64QAM	0.40		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.59-		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-3 TDD	20	64QAM	0.64		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-3A TDD	15	64QAM	0.62 0.87-		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-4 TDD	20	64QAM	0.90 0.87-		≥ 3	
	tained data rate tes				0.90			
	1				0.40-	ΙΙ		
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-1 FDD	10	64QAM	0.41		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-2 FDD	10	64QAM	0.66		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-3 FDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.63		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31E-3C FDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.92		≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-3A FDD	10	64QAM	0.85- 0.92		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-4 FDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.91		≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31E-4B FDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.90		≥ 4	
TDD, Sus	tained data rate tes		H sched	uling (CRS				
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-1 TDD	10	64QAM	0.40- 0.41		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.59- 0.65		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-3 TDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.63		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-3A TDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.92		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-4 TDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.90		≥ 3	
FDD, ePD	CCH performance				0.00			
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.55 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.56 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.57 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.58 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.59 FDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD, ePD	CCH performance							
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.55 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.56 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.57 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.58 TDD	10	EPDCC H				
TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.59 TDD	10	EPDCC H				

A.3.2 Reference measurement channel for receiver characteristics

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 are applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-3, A.3.2-3a, A.3.2-3b, A.3.2-4, A.3.2-4a and A.3.2-4b are applicable for subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 also apply for the modulated interferer used in Clauses 7.5, 7.6 and 7.8 with test specific bandwidths.

Table A.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	6 15 25 50 75 100 12 13 14 14 </th <th></th>					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	872	1800	4392	6712	8760
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528	2940	5460	12960	19860	26760
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	341.6	1143.	1952.	3952.	6040.	7884
			2	8	8	8	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (TDD)

Parameter	Unit		1 1					
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	
Target coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits							
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760	
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	968	1544	3240	4968	6712	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		208	1064	1800	4392	6712	8760	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 4)								
For Sub-Frame 4, 9			1	1	1	2		
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	1	1	1	1	2	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	1	1	2	2	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	Bits							
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600	
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	3276	5556	11256	16956	22656	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		672	3084	5604	13104	20004	26904	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	102.4	564	932	1965.	3007.	3970.	
					6	2	4	
UE Category	<u> </u>	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	

For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz Note 1: channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs. For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with

Note 2: insufficient PDCCH performance

Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.2-3: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories ≥ 3 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	12576	28336	45352	61664		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	11		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	11		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	16380	38880	59580	80280		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	55498		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-3a: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	8248	10296	10296	10296		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	2	2	2	2		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	2	2	2	2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	11088	14076	14076	14076		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	9079.6	9266.4	9266.4	9266.4		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-3b: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	12576	28336	45352	51024
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	9
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	9
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	16380	38880	59580	66204
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	45922

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-4: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories ≥ 3 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	11448	23688	35160	46888		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	12576	30576	45352	61664		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 4)									
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	11		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	2	4	6	8		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	11		
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	16668	33768	50868	67968		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	16812	39312	60012	80712		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	27877		

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table A.3.2-4a: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	8248	7480	7480	7480	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	8248	10296	10296	10296	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	2	2	2	2	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	2	2	2	2	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	2	2	2	2	
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	11880	11628	11628	11628	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	11520	14076	14076	14076	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	4533.6	4584.8	4584.8	4584.8	

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table A.3.2-4b: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	11448	23688	35160	39232	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	12576	30576	45352	51024	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	9	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	3	5	7	7	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	9	
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	16668	33768	50868	56340	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	16380	39312	60012	66636	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	23154	

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

A.3.3 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (FDD)

A.3.3.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.4	R.42	R.2			
		FDD	FDD	FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	20	10			
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		6	100	50			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9			
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK			
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3			
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	8760	4392			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	8760	4392			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Notes 3 and 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	1			
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1			
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368	27600	13800			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528	26760	12960			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.342	7.884	3.953			
(Note 4)							
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel				R.3-1	R.3		
				FDD	FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				9	9		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frame 5				N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			10920	25920		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			5.738	12.586		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥2		

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit		Value						
Reference channel			R.5	R.6	R.7	R.8	R.9 FDD		
			FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9	9	9	9	9		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Information Bit Payload									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6456	12576	28336	45352	61664		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 3)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			2	3	5	8	11		
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		8820	16380	38880	59580	80280		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		7.449	12.547	27.294	42.046	55.498		
UE Category			≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3		

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit		Value							
Reference channel		R.	6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2			
		F	DD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz		5	10	15	20	20			
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)		1	18	17	17	17	83			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9	9	9	9	9			
Modulation		640	QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM			
Target Coding Rate		3	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4			
Information Bit Payload										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10	296	10296	10296	10296	51024			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N	l/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	82	248	10296	10296	10296	51024			
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame										
(Note 4)										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			2	2	2	2	9			
For Sub-Frame 5		N	l/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0			2	2	2	2	9			
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13	608	14076	14076	14076	68724			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N	l/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	11	880	14076	14076	14076	66204			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	9.0	062	9.266	9.266	9.266	45.922			
UE Category		≥	: 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2			

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (Channel Edge)

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel			R.0 FDD		R.1 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			1		1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9		9		
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM		
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		224		256		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			1		1		
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		504		552		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504		552		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.202		0.230		
UE Category			≥ 1		≥ 1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.29 FDD					
		(MBSFN)					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10					
Allocated resource blocks		1					
MBSFN Configuration (Note 3)		111111					
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		3					
Modulation		16QAM					
Target Coding Rate		1/2					
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	256					
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A					
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	256					
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)					
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1					
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A					
For Sub-Frame 0		1					
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8		0 (MBSFN)					
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	552					
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A					
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	552					
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)					
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	76.8					
UE Category		≥ 1					
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.							
Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH							
allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].							
with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.							

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-6: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/10

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel					R.41 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame					9		
Modulation					QPSK		
Target Coding Rate					1/10		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits				1384		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				1384		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9					1		
For Sub-Frame 5					N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0					1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits				13800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				12960		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps				1.246		
UE Category					≥1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2:

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to

each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-7: PCell Fixed Reference Channel for CA demodulation with power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.49 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20
Allocated resource blocks		100
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9
Modulation		64QAM
Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.84
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		0.87
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	63776
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Code Blocks	11
For Sub-Frame 5	Code Blocks	N/A
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	75600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	73080
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	57.398
UE Category		≥5

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH Note 2:

allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional Note 3: CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code

Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.3.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

A.3.3.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit						Val	ue					
Reference		R.10	R.11	R.11-1	R.11-	R.11-	R.11-	R.30	R.30-	R.35-	R.35	R.35-	R.35-3
channel		FDD	FDD	FDD	2	3	4	FDD	1	1	FDD	2	FDD
					FDD	FDD Note 5	FDD		FDD	FDD		FDD	
Channel	MHz	10	10	10	5	10	10	20	15	20	10	15	10
bandwidth		50	50	50	05	40	50	400	75	400	50	7.5	50
Allocated		50	50	50	25	40	50	100	75	100	50	75	50
resource blocks (Note 4)													
Allocated		9	9	8	9	9	9	9	8	8	9	8	8
subframes per		3											
Radio Frame													
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QA	16QA	QPS	16QA	16QA	64QA	64QAM	64QA	64QA
					М	М	K	M	M	M		М	М
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	0.39	1/2	0.39	0.39
Information Bit													
Payload (Note													
4)	D:1	4000	40000	40000	5700	4000	0000	05.45	4000	0057	40040	0000	45004
For Sub- Frames	Bits	4392	12960	12960	5736	1029	6968	2545	1908	3057	19848	2292 0	15264
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9						6		6	0	6		U	
For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frame 5	Dita	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	13/7	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	11/7
For Sub-	Bits	4392	12960	N/A	4968	1029	6968	2545	N/A	N/A	18336	N/A	N/A
Frame 0	Ditto	1002	12000	14// (1000	6	0000	6	14//	14//	10000	14//	14//
Number of								_					
Code Blocks													
(Notes 3 and 4)													
For Sub-	Bits	1	3	3	1	2	2	5	4	5	4	4	3
Frames													
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9													
For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frame 5 For Sub-	Bits	1	3	N/A	1	2	2	5	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A
Frame 0	DIIS	ı	3	IN/A	'			5	IN/A	IN/A	3	IN/A	IN/A
Binary Channel													
Bits (Note 4)													
For Sub-	Bits	13200	26400	26400	1200	2112	1320	5280	3960	7920	39600	5940	39600
Frames					0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9													
For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frame 5													
For Sub-	Bits	12384	24768	N/A	1036	1948	1238	5116	N/A	N/A	37152	N/A	N/A
Frame 0	N AL	0.050	44.004	40.000	8	8	4	8	45.00	04.40	47.740	40.00	40.044
Max.	Mbps	3.953	11.664	10.368	5.086	9.266	6.271	22.91	15.26	24.46	17.712	18.33	12.211
Throughput averaged over								0	4	1		6	
1 frame (Note													
4)													
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	4	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2
o_ oatogory	1				'	'	'			т т			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Note 5: For R.11-3 resource blocks of RB6-RB45 are allocated.

Table A.3.3.2.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value		
Reference channel		R.46	R.47	R.35-4			
		FDD	FDD	FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10			
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		50	50	50			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9			
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM			
Target Coding Rate				0.47			
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	5160	8760	18336			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	5160	8760	16416			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Notes 3 and 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	2	3			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	2	3			
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13200	26400	39600			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12384	24768	37152			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 4)	Mbps	4.644	7.884	16.310			
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.2.1-3: PCell and SCell Fixed Reference Channel for NC CA demodulation with timing offset and power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.60 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Number of CRS ports		2
Allocated resource blocks		50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8
Modulation		64QAM
Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.54
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	21384
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 3)		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Code	4
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 5	Code	n/a
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 0	Code	n/a
	Blocks	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame (Note		
4)	D.:	22222
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	39600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	17.11
(Note 4)		
UE Category		≥ 3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). Given per component carrier per codeword. Note 3:

Note 4:

A.3.3.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.14-3	R.36
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		6	50	50	6	3	100	50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9	8	8	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	[25456]	18336
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	3624	11448	N/A	N/A	[22920]	18336
Number of Code Blocks								
(Notes 3 and 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	1	3	1	1	5	3
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	2	N/A	N/A	4	3
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	51200	38400
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	480	12032	24064	N/A	N/A	49664	36096
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 4)	Mbps	0.342	3.876	11.513	1.235	0.595	[22.656]	16.502
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥1	≥ 1	≥2	≥2

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

A.3.3.3 Reference Measurement Channel for UE-Specific Reference Symbols

A.3.3.3.1 Two antenna port (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.1-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference	e channel		R.51 FDD
Channel	bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated	I resource blocks		50 (Note 3)
Allocated	subframes per Radio Frame		9
Modulation	on		16QAM
Target Co	oding Rate		1/2
Information	on Bit Payload		
For Sub	-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	11448
For Sub	-Frames 2,3,7,8	Bits	11448
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	9528
Number	of Code Blocks (Note 4)		
For Sub	o-Frames 1,4,6,9	Code	2
		blocks	
For Sub	o-Frames 2,3,7,8	Code	2
		blocks	
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
	-Frame 0	Bits	2
	hannel Bits		
	o-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	24000
	-Frames 2,7		23600
	-Frames 3,8		23200
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
	-Frame 0	Bits	19680
	oughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.1112
frame			
UE Cate			≥ 2
Note 1:	2 symbols allocated to PDCCI		
Note 2:	Reference signal, synchroniza		s and PBCH
	allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]		
Note 3:	50 resource blocks are allocat		
	4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 41 resource b		
Note 4:	RB30–RB49) are allocated in If more than one Code Block is		
NOLE 4.	CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits		
	Block (otherwise $L = 0$ Bit).	is allacited	i io eacii code
L	DIOUN (ULITET WISE $L = 0$ DIL).		

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.1-2 apply for verifying demudlation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS in same subframe.

Table A.3.3.3.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.52 FDD	R.53 FDD	R.54 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Bits	18336	18336	11448
For Sub-Frames 2,7	Bits	16416	16416	11448
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	14688	9528
Number of Code Blocks (Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Code	3	3	2
	blocks			
For Sub-Frames 2, 7	Code	3	3	2
	blocks			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	3	3	2
Binary Channel Bits				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Bits	36000	36000	24000
For Sub-Frames 2,7		34200	33600	22800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	29520	19680
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	15.7536	15.7536	10.1112
frame				
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCC	H	·		
Note 2: Reference signal, synchroniza	ation signals	and PBCH allocat	ted as per TS 36.211 I	[4].

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0.

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.3.3.2 Four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.2-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.3.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with four CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.43 FDD	R.50 FDD	R.48 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	64QAM	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	3624	18336	6200
For Sub-Frames 2,3,7,8	Bits	3624	16416	6200
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	14688	4968
Number of Code Blocks (Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Code blocks	1	3	2
For Sub-Frames 2,3,7,8	Code blocks	1	3	2
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	3	1
Binary Channel Bits				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	12000	36000	12000
For Sub-Frames 2,7		11600	34800	11600
For Sub-Frames 3,8		11600	34800	12000
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	29520	9840
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	3.1976	15.3696	5.4568
		> 1	≥ 2	≥ 1
UE Category		≥ 1	2	21

2 symbols allocated to PDCCH. Note 1:

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211

Note 3:

50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0.

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.2-2 apply for verifying FDD PMI accuracy measurement with two CRS antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.3.3.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel for four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.44	R.45	R.45-1
		FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ³	50 ³	39
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	3624	11448	8760
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	3624	11448	8760
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	8760
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame				
(Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)		1	2	2
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)		1	2	2
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	12000	24000	18720
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	11600	23200	18096
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	19680	18720
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	3.1976	10.1112	7.884
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: For R.44 and R.45, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0. For R.45-1, 39 resource blocks are allocated in all subframes (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB47).

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

A.3.4 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)

A.3.4.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.4.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit		Valu	е	
Reference channel		R.4	R.42	R.2	2
		TDD	TDD	TDI	D
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	20	10)
Allocated resource blocks (Note 6)		6	100	50)
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	3+2	2
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPS	SK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	3
Information Bit Payload (Note 6)					
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408	8760	439)2
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	7736	324	10
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208	8760	439)2
Number of Code Blocks					
(Notes 5 and 6)					
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	1	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	1	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	
Binary Channel Bits (Note 6)					
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1368	27600	1380	00
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	22656	112	56
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	Α
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	672	26904	1310	04
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.102	4.175	1.96	66
(Note 6)					
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	-

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).
- Note 6: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.4.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel				R.3-1	R.3		
				TDD	TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)				1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)				3+2	3+2		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			5160	11448		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frames 1,6				1	2		
For Sub-Frame 5				N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			11112	22512		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			11208	26208		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			2.897	6.408		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel			R.5	R.6 TDD	R.7	R.8	R.9
			TDD		TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate			3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		6968	11448	23688	35160	46888
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6968	12576	30576	45352	61664
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frames 1,6			2	2	4	6	8
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		9828	16668	33768	50868	67968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		9252	16812	39312	60012	80712
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		3.791	6.370	13.910	20.945	27.877
UE Category			≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 2	≥3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2	
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	20	
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)		18	17	17	17	83	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	10296	10296	10296	51024	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	8248	7480	7480	7480	39232	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	8248	10296	10296	10296	51024	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	2	2	2	9	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	2	2	2	7	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2	2	2	9	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13608	14076	14076	14076	68724	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	11880	11628	11628	11628	56340	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	11520	14076	14076	14076	66636	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.534	4.585	4.585	4.585	23.154	
UE Category		≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4].

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel			R.0 TDD		R.1 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			1		1		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1		1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			3+2		3+2		
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM		
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		224		256		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		208		208		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			1		1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6			1		1		
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		504		552		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		456		456		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504		552		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.109		0.118		
UE Category			≥ 1		≥ 1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.29 TDD
		(MBSFN)
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		1
MBSFN Configuration (Note 3)		010010
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		1+2
Modulation		16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	208
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	256
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 5)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	1
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	456
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	552
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	67.2
UE Category		≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.

Note 4: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise

L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-6: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/10

Parameter	Unit			Va	alue		
Reference channel					R.41		
					TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)					1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)					3+2		
Modulation					QPSK		
Target Coding Rate					1/10		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits				1384		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits				1032		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				1384		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9					1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6					1		
For Sub-Frame 5					N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0					1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits				13800		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits				11256		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				13104		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps				0.622		
UE Category					≥ 1	_	

- 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated Note 1: to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:
- Note 4:
- As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

 If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 5: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-7: PCell Fixed Reference Channel for CA demodulation with power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.49 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20
Allocated resource blocks		100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 1)		1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		3+2
(D+S)		
Modulation		64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		
per component carrier		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	OFDM	3
	symbols	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	OFDM	2
	symbols	
Target Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.84
For Sub-Frames 1,6		0.81
For Sub-Frames 5		N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.87
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 0, 4, 9	Bits	63776
For Sub-Frame 1,6	Bits	55056
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 2)		
For Sub-Frames 0, 4, 9	Code	11
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 1,6	Code	9
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 5	Code	N/A
	Blocks	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	75600
For Sub-Frame 1,6	Bits	67968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	73512
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	30.144
UE Category		≥5
Note 1. Deference signal augebranization	مرم ملم مرام مرا	4 DDC

Note 1:

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBC allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). Note 2:

A.3.4.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Signals)

A.3.4.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter			Uı	nit					Va	lue
Reference channel		R.10 TDD	R.11 TDD	R.11-1 TDD	R.11-2 TDD	R.11-3 TDD Note 6	R.11-4 TDD	R.30 TDD	R.30-1 TDD	R.30-2 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	5	10	10	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks (Note 5)		50	50	50	25	40	50	100	100	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	2+2	3+2	3+2	2	3+2	2+2	2
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	12960	5736	10296	6968	25456	25456	25456
For Sub-Frames 1,6		3240	9528	9528	5160	9144	N/A	22920	21384	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392	12960	N/A	4968	10296	N/A	25456	N/A	N/A
Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	3	1	2	2	5	5	5
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	2	1	2	N/A	4	4	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	3	N/A	1	2	N/A	5	N/A	N/A
Binary Channel Bits (Note 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13200	26400	26400	12000	21120	13200	52800	52800	52800
For Sub-Frames 1,6		10656	21312	21312	10512	16992	10656	42912	42912	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12528	25056	N/A	10656	19776	12528	51456	N/A	N/A
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 5)	Mbps	1.966	5.794	4.498	2.676	4.918	1.39	12.221	9.368	5.091
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (other

Note 5: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Note 6: For R.11-3 resource blocks of RB6-RB45 are allocated.

Table A.3.4.2.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue	
Reference channel		R.46 TDD	R.47 TDD	R.35-2		
				TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10		
Allocated resource		50	50	50		
blocks (Note 5)						
Uplink-Downlink		1	1	1		
Configuration (Note						
3)						
Allocated subframes		3+2	3+2	2+2		
per Radio Frame						
(D+S)						
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate				0.47		
Information Bit						
Payload (Note 5)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	5160	8760	18336		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		3880	7480	14688		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	5160	8760	N/A		
Number of Code						
Blocks						
(Notes 4 and 5)		_	_			
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	3		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	N/A		
Binary Channel Bits						
(Note 5)	D:	10000	00.400	00005		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13200	26400	39600		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		10656	21312	31968		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12528	25056	N/A		
Max. Throughput	Mbps	2.324	4.124	6.604		
averaged over 1						
frame (Note 5)						
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: Given per component carrier per codeword

A.3.4.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.43	R.36
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 6)		6	50	50	6	3	100	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	2+2	2	2	2+2	2+2
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	25456	18336
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	3240	9528	N/A	N/A	21384	15840
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208	4392	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of Code Blocks								
(Notes 5 and 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	1	3	1	1	5	3
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	1	2	N/A	N/A	4	3
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Binary Channel Bits (Note 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	51200	38400
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	10256	20512	N/A	N/A	41312	30768
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	624	12176	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 6)	Mbps	0.102	1.966	4.498	0.309	0.149	9.368	6.835
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 6: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.4.3 Reference Measurement Channels for UE-Specific Reference Symbols

A.3.4.3.1 Single antenna port (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.1-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with one cell-specific antenna port.

Table A.3.4.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for DRS

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel		R.25	R.26	R.26-1	R.27	R.27-1	R.28
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	1
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM	64QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	5736	28336	10296	224
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	3240	9528	4584	22920	8248	176
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3880	22152	10296	224
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	1	5	2	1
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	1	4	2	1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12600	25200	11400	37800	13608	504
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	10356	20712	10212	31068	11340	420
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10332	20664	7752	30996	13608	504
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.825	5.450	2.452	12.466	4.738	0.102
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4	symbols a						

- OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- For R.25, R.26 and R.27, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 4, 6, 9 and 41 resource blocks Note 4: (RB0-RB20 and RB30-RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0. For R.26-1, 25 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 4, 6, 9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0-RB7 and RB16-RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0.
- If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Note 5: Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied. Note 6:

A.3.4.3.2 Two antenna ports (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.2-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDMmultiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS

Reference channel		R.31	R.32	R.32-1	R.33	R.33-1	R.34
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10
Allocated resource		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	50 ⁴
blocks							
Uplink-Downlink		1	1	1	1	1	1
Configuration (Note 3)							
Allocated subframes		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
per Radio Frame (D+S)							
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	3624	11448	5736	27376	9528	18336
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2664	7736	3112	16992	7480	11832
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3496	22152	9528	14688
Number of Code Blocks							
per Sub-Frame							
(Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	1	5	2	3
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	1	3	2	2
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	3
Binary Channel Bits Per							
Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12000	24000	10800	36000	12960	36000
For Sub-Frames 1,6		7872	15744	6528	23616	10368	23616
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	19680	7344	29520	12960	29520
Max. Throughput	Mbps	1.556	4.79	2.119	11.089	4.354	7.502
averaged over 1 frame	-						
UE Category		≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 2
Note 1: 2 symbols allo	cated to P	DCCH for 2	20 MHz, 15	MHz and	10 MHz ch	annel BW; 3	3 symbols
allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.							
For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.							
Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].							
Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].							
Note 4: For R.31, R.32, R.33and R.34, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the							
resource block	s (RB0–RE	320 and RE	330–RB49)	are alloca	ted in sub-f	rame 0 and	the

Note 4: For R.31, R.32, R.33and R.34, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6. For R.32-1, 25 resouce blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0–RB7 and RB16–RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1, 6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.4.3.3 Two antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.3-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.3-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports

	Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference	e channel		R.51 TDD					
Channel	bandwidth	MHz	10					
Allocated	resource blocks		50 (Note 5)					
Uplink-Do	ownlink Configuration (Note 3)		1					
Allocated	subframes per Radio Frame		3+2					
(D+S)	•							
Modulation	on		16QAM					
Target C	oding Rate		1/2					
Informati	on Bit Payload							
For Sub	o-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	11448					
subframe	e)							
For Sub	-Frame 4,9	Bits	11448					
For Sub	-Frames 1,6	Bits	7736					
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A					
For Sub	o-Frame 0	Bits	9528					
	of Code Blocks							
(Note 4)								
For Sub	o-Frames 4, 9 (non CSI-RS	Code	2					
subframe	e)	blocks						
For Sub	o-Frames 4,9	Code	2					
		blocks						
For Sub	-Frames 1,6	Code	2					
		blocks						
For Sub	-Frame 5		N/A					
For Sub	-Frame 0	Code	2					
		blocks						
Binary Cl	hannel Bits							
For Sub	o-Frames 4, 9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	24000					
subframe								
	o-Frames 4,9		22800					
For Sub	o-Frames 1,6		15744					
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A					
	o-Frame 0	Bits	19680					
Max. Thr	oughput averaged over 1	Mbps	4.7896					
frame								
UE Cate	gory		≥ 2					
Note 1:	2 symbols allocated to PDCCF	Ⅎ.						
Note 2:	Reference signal, synchroniza	tion signal	s and PBCH					
	allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]							
Note 3:	as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.21	1 [4].						
Note 4:	If more than one Code Block is	s present,	an additional					
CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code								
Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).								
Note 5: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and								
	41 resource blocks (RB0-RB2	0 and RB	30-RB49) are					
	allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of							
	sub-frames 1,6.							

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.3-2 apply for verifying demudlation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS in same subframe.

Table A.3.4.3.3-2: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.52 TDD	R.53 TDD	R.54 TDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10			
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 5)	50 (Note 5)	50 (Note 5)			
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		3+2	3+2	3+2			
(D+S)							
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	16QAM			
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2	1/2			
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frame 4,9	Bits	16416	16416	11448			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	11832	11832	7736			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	14688	9528			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Code	3	3	2			
	blocks						
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Code	2	2	2			
	blocks						
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Code	3	3	2			
	blocks						
Binary Channel Bits							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		34200	33600	22800			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		23616	23616	15744			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	29520	19680			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	7.1184	7.1184	4.7896			
frame							
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4, 9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,

A.3.4.3.4 Four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.4-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.4-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with four CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit	Valu	ie
Reference channel		R.44 TDD	R.48
			TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 4)	50 (Note
			4)
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1
(Note 3)			
Allocated subframes per Radio		3+2	3+2
Frame (D+S)			
Modulation		64QAM	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/2	
Information Bit Payload			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	18336	N/A
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	16416	6200
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		11832	4264
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	4968
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-			
Frame			
(Note 5)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS		3	2
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS		3	2
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		3	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-			
Frame			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	36000	12000
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	33600	11600
subframe)		00010	7070
For Sub-Frames 1,6	5.4	23616	7872
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	9840
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	7.1184	2.5896
frame			
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH

allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block

(otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.4.3.5 Eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.5-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and eight CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.5-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with eight CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.50 TDD					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10					
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 4)					
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note		1					
3)							
Allocated subframes per Radio		3+2					
Frame (D+S)							
Modulation		QPSK					
Target Coding Rate		1/3					
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	3624					
subframe)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	3624					
subframe)							
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2664					
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A					
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984					
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-							
Frame							
(Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS		1					
subframe)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS		1					
subframe)							
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1					
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A					
For Sub-Frame 0		1					
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	12000					
subframe)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	10400					
subframe)							
For Sub-Frames 1,6		7872					
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A					
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840					
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	1.556					
frame							
UE Category		≥ 1					
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDC							
Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH							

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-

frames 1,6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.5-2 apply for verifying TDD PMI accuracy measurement with two CRS antenna ports and eight CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.5-2: Fixed Reference Channel for eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)

Parameter	Unit	Val	ue
Reference channel		R.45	R.45-1
		TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	39
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4+2	4+2
(D+S)			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		5	5
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	11448	8760
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	7736	7480
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9528	8760
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame			
(Note 5)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9		N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9		2	2
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	2
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	22400	17472
(CSI-RS subframe)	5	45544	1 1075
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	15744	14976
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	19680	18720
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.7896	4.1240
UE Category	<u> </u>	≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: For R.45, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6. For R.45-1, 39 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 0,4,9 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6 (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB47).

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.5 Reference measurement channels for PDCCH/PCFICH performance requirements

A.3.5.1 FDD

Table A.3.5.1-1: Reference Channel FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value								
Reference channel		R.15 FDD	R.15-1 FDD	R.15-2 FDD	R.16 FDD	R.17 FDD				
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	2	2	4				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	5				
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	3	2	2	2				
Aggregation level	CCE	8	8	8	4	2				
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 1	Format 1	Format 2	Format 2				
Cell ID		0	0	0	0	0				
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	31	31	31	43	42				

A.3.5.2 TDD

Table A.3.5.2-1: Reference Channel TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel		R.15 TDD	R.15-1 TDD	R.15-2 TDD	R.16 TDD	R.17 TDD			
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	2	2	4			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	5			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	3	2	2	2			
Aggregation level	CCE	8	8	8	4	2			
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 1	Format 1	Format 2	Format 2			
Cell ID		0	0	0	0	0			
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	34	34	34	46	45			

A.3.6 Reference measurement channels for PHICH performance requirements

Table A.3.6-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel		R.18	R.19	R.20	R.24				
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4	1				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10				
User roles (Note 1)		W I1 I2	W I1 I2	W I1 I2	W I1				
Resource allocation (Note 2)		(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1)				
Power offsets (Note 3)	dB	-4 0 -3	-4 0 -3	-4 0 -3	+3 0				
Payload (Note 4)		ARR	ARR	ARR	AR				

Note 1: W=wanted user, I1=interfering user 1, I2=interfering user 2.

Note 2: The resource allocation per user is given as (N_group_PHICH, N_seq_PHICH).

Note 3: The power offsets (per user) represent the difference of the power of BPSK modulated symbol per PHICH relative to the first interfering user.

Note 4: A=fixed ACK, R=random ACK/NACK.

424

Reference measurement channels for PBCH performance A.3.7 requirements

Table A.3.7-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.21	R.22	R.23			
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4			
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK			
Target coding rate		40/1920	40/1920	40/1920			
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	24	24	24			

Reference measurement channels for MBMS performance A.3.8 requirements

A.3.8.1 FDD

Table A.3.8.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter		PMCH						
	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.40 FDD			R.37 FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6			50			
Allocated subframes per Radio		6			6			
Frame (Note 1)								
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK			
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3			
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	408			3624			
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	N/A			N/A			
Number of Code Blocks per		1			1			
Subframe (Note 3)								
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	1224			10200			
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	N/A			N/A			
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1			

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS Note 2:

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is Note 3:

Table A.3.8.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter		PMCH					
	Unit				Value		
Reference channel					R.38 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)					6		
Modulation					16QAM		
Target Coding Rate					1/2		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits				9912		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				N/A		
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits				20400		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				N/A		
MBMS UE Category			•		≥ 1		

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

Parameter	PMCH									
	Unit			Va	alue					
Reference channel				R.39-1 FDD	R.39 FDD					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20			
Allocated resource blocks				25	50					
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame(Note1)				6	6					
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM					
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3					
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							•			
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			9912	19848					
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			N/A	N/A					
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4					
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							•			
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			15300	30600					
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			N/A	N/A					
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2					

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.8.2 TDD

Table A.3.8.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter		PMCH						
	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.40 TDD			R.37 TDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6			50			
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)		5			5			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		5			5			
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK			
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3			
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)								
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	408			3624			
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	N/A			N/A			
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe		1			1			
(Note 3)								
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe								
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	1224			10200			
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	N/A			N/A			
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1		·	≥ 1			

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Parameter PMCH						
	Unit	Value					
Reference channel					R.38 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)					5		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame					5		
Modulation					16QAM		
Target Coding Rate					1/2		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				9912		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				N/A		
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				20400		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				N/A		
MBMS UE Category					≥ 1		

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211. Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is

attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

427

Parameter	PMCH							
	Unit	Value						
Reference channel				R.39-1TDD	R.39 TDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		1	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)				5	5			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				5	5			
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM			
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3			
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)								
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			9912	19848			
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			N/A	N/A			
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4			
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe								
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			15300	30600			
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			N/A	N/A			
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2			

For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 Note 1: subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS. 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 2:

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.9 Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

A.3.9.1 FDD

Table A.3.9.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value								
Reference channel		R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3A	R.31-3C	R.31-4	R.31-4B	R.31-5	
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	15	20	15	15	
Allocated resource blocks (Note 8)		Note 5	Note 6	Note 7	Note 6	Note 10	Note 7	Note 11	Note 9	
Allocated subframes per Radio		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Frame										
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Coding Rate										
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.85	0.87	0.88	0.85	0.85	
For Sub-Frame 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.89	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.91	
For Sub-Frame 0		0.40	0.63	0.61	0.90	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.88	
Information Bit Payload (Note 8)										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	55056	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	35160	51024	71112	52752	52752	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	55056	
Number of Code Blocks										
(Notes 3 and 8)										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	9	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	12	9	9	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	9	
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	43200	58752	86400	64800	64800	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	39744	82080	39744	57888	82080	60480	60480	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	40752	83952	40752	56304	83952	62352	62352	
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.296	25.456	51.024	36.542	51.024	74.950	54.826	54.826	
frame (Note 8)										
UE Categories		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3	≥ 3	≥ 4	≥ 3	

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 4: Resource blocks npre = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 5: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49$ are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames.
- Note 6: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 3..49 are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..49 in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Given per component carrier per codeword.
- Note 9: Resource blocks nPRB = 4..74 are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks nPRB = 0..74 in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 10: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9.
- Note 11: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..74$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..74$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.

A.3.9.2 TDD

Table A.3.9.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3A	R.31-4		
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		Note 6	Note 7	Note 8	Note 9	Note 8		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		5	5	5	1	1		
Number of HARQ Processes per	Proces	15	15	15	7	7		
component carrier	ses							
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8+1	8+1	8+1	4	4		
(D+S)								
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.87	0.88		
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.40	0.59	0.59	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frames 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.88	0.87		
For Sub-Frames 6		0.40	0.60	0.60	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frames 0		0.40	0.62	0.61	0.90	0.90		
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376		
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	10296	25456	51024	0	0		
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	0	0		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	71112		
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	10296	25456	51024	0	0		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	5	9	9	13		
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		2	5	9	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 5		2	5	9	9	12		
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	2	5	9	n/a	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Dito	2	5	9	9	13		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame					<u> </u>	10		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	58752	86400		
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	26100	43200	86400	0	0		
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	0	0		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	40176	82512	58320	82512		
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	26100	42768	85968	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	41184	84384	56736	84384		
Number of layers	טונט	1	2	2	2	2		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	8.237	20.365	40.819	20.409	29.724		
(Note 10)	MIDPS							
UE Category Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3		

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49$ are allocated for the user data in all subframes.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0.3.4,6.7,8.9.
- Note 8: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 9: Resource blocks nprB = 4..71 are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames
- Note10: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.9.3 FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

Table A.3.9.3-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test with EPDCCH scheduling (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel	- Oint	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-4B	
Troiding chamin		1 FDD	2 FDD	3 FDD	3A FDD	3C FDD	4 FDD	FDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	15	20	15	
Allocated resource blocks (Note 8)		Note 5	Note 6	Note 7	Note 6	Note 9	Note 7	Note 10	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Modulation		64QAM							
Coding Rate			·		-				
(subframes with PDCCH USS									
monitoring)									
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	0.8533	0.8725	0.8763	0.8533	
For Sub-Frame 5		0.3972	0.6441	0.6246	0.8889	0.8855	0.8702	0.8762	
For Sub-Frame 0		0.3972	0.6282	0.6106	0.9046	0.9105	0.9018	0.8868	
Coding Rate									
(subframes with EPDCCH USS									
monitoring)									
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	0.8707	0.8855	0.8851	0.8649	
For Sub-Frame 5		0.4114	0.6584	0.6312	0.9086	0.8990	0.8794	0.8889	
For Sub-Frame 0		0.4114	0.6418	0.6170	0.9242	0.9246	0.9112	0.8993	
Information Bit Payload (Note 8)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	35160	51024	71112	52752	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	
Number of Code Blocks									
(Notes 3 and 8)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	12	9	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)									
(subframes with PDCCH USS									
monitoring) For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Dita	00400	40000	00400	42200	50750	00400	04000	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits Bits	26100 26100	43200 39744	86400 82080	43200 39744	58752 57888	86400 82080	64800 60480	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	40752	83952	40752	56304	83952	62352	
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)	DIIS	20100	40752	03932	40752	36304	63952	02332	
(subframes with EPDCCH USS									
monitoring)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	25200	42336	85536	42336	57888	85536	63936	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	25200	38880	81216	38880	57024	81216	59616	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	25200	39888	83088	39888	55440	83088	61488	
Number of layers	510	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.296	25.456	51.024	36.542	51.024	74.950	54.826	
frame (Note 8)		10.200	20.100	31.024	30.012	31.02T	7 1.000	01.020	
UE Categories		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 3	≥ 3	≥ 4	
Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCE	for all to	ooto	•			1	•	•	

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211.
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 4: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 5: Resource blocks nprB = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Given per component carrier per codeword.
- Note 9: Resource blocks npre = 4..71 are allocated for the user data in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9.
- Note 10: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 4..74 are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..74 in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.

A.3.9.4 TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

Table A.3.9.4-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate with EPDCCH scheduling (TDD)

Parameter	Unit			Value		
Reference channel		R.31E-1	R.31E-2	R.31E-3	R.31E-3A	R.31E-4
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		Note 6	Note 7	Note 8	Note 9	Note 8
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		5	5	5	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes per component carrier	Processes	15	15	15	7	7
Allocated subframes per Radio		8+1	8+1	8+1	4	4
Frame (D+S)					-	-
Coding Rate (subframes with PDCCH USS monitoring)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	0.8725	0.8763
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 5		0.3972	0.6372	0.6213	0.8790	0.8656
For Sub-Frames 6		0.3972	0.5986	0.5963	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.3972	0.6216	0.6075	0.9036	0.8972
Coding Rate (subframes with EPDCCH USS monitoring)					3.2020	
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	0.8856	0.8851
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 5		0.4114	0.6512	0.6279	0.8922	0.8748
For Sub-Frames 6		0.4114	0.6109	0.6024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.4114	0.6349	0.6138	0.9175	0.9065
Information Bit Payload						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	10296	25456	51024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	71112
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	10296	25456	51024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
Number of Code Blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 4)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	5	9	9	13
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		2	5	9	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	5	2	5	9	9	12
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	2	5	9	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0 Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame		2	5	9	9	13
(subframes with PDCCH USS						
monitoring)	D.:	00400	40000	00.100	50750	00.100
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	58752	86400
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	26100	43200	86400	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100 26100	40176	82512	58320	82512 N/A
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits		42768	85968	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0 Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame (subframes with EPDCCH USS monitoring)	Bits	26100	41184	84384	56736	84384
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	25200	42336	85536	57888	85536
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	25200	42336	85536	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	25200	39312	81648	57456	81648
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	25200	41904	85104	N/A	N/A
i di dub i iulilo d	טונט	20200	T 1007	00107	1 11/7	13/73

For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	25200	40320	83520	55872	83520
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 10)	Mbps	8.237	20.365	40.819	20.409	29.724
UE Category		≥ 1	≥2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.

Note 6: Resource blocks nprb = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all subframes.

Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.

Note 8: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.

Note 9: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 4..71 are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames

Note10: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.10 Reference Measurement Channels for EPDCCH performance requirements

A.3.10.1 FDD

Table A.3.10.1-1: Reference Channel FDD

Parameter	Unit			Value	е		
Reference channel		R.55 FDD	R.56 FDD	R.57 FDD	R.58 FDD	R.59 FDD	
Number of transmitter antennas		2	2	2	2	2	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	1	1	1	
Aggregation level	ECCE	4	16	2	8	2	
DCI Format		2A	2A	2C	2C	2D	

A.3.10.2 TDD

Table A.3.10.2-1: Reference Channel TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.55 TDD	R.56 TDD	R.57 TDD	R.58 TDD	R.59 TDD	
Number of transmitter antennas		2	2	2	2	2	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	1	1	1	
Aggregation level	CCE	4	16	2	8	2	
DCI Format		2A	2A	2C	2C	2D	

A.4 CSI reference measurement channels

This section defines the DL signal applicable to the reporting of channel status information (Clause 9.2, 9.3 and 9.5).

In Table A.4-1 are specified the reference channels. Table A.4-13 specifies the mapping of CQI index to modulation coding scheme, which complies with the CQI definition specified in Section 7.2.3 of [6].

Table A.4-0: Void

Table A.4-1: CSI reference measurement channels

RC.1 FDD	RMC Name	Duplex	CH-BW	Alloc. RB-s	UL/DL Config	Alloc. SF-s	MCS Scheme	Nr. HARQ Proc.	Max. nr HARQ Trans.	Notes
RC.1 TDD	1 CRS Port									
RC.3 FDD	RC.1 FDD	FDD	10	50	-		MCS.1	8	1	
RC.3 TDD	RC.1 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3		MCS.1	10	1	
R.C. 4 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 15 (Note 8) 1 R.C. 4 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 15 8 1 Note 6 R.C. 4 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 15 10 1 Note 6 R.C. 5 FDD FDD 10 3 Note 3 MCS. 17 10 1 R.C. 5 FDD FDD 10 3 Note 3 MCS. 17 10 1 R.C. 5 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 MCS. 17 10 1 R.C. 5 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 MCS. 17 10 1 R.C. 5 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 MCS. 2 8 1 R.C. 5 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 2 (Note 8) 1 R.C. 6 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 2 (Note 8) 1 R.C. 6 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 16 8 1 Note 6 R.C. 6 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 16 8 1 Note 6 R.C. 6 FDD FDD 10 15 Note 3 MCS. 16 7 1 Note 6 R.C. 6 FDD FDD 10 6 Note 3 MCS. 11 8 1 R.C. 8 FDD FDD 10 6 Note 3 Note 3 MCS. 11 10 1 R.C. 8 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 9 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 9 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 9 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 9 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 9 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 9 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 Note 3 R.C. 11 FDD FDD 10 5	RC.3 FDD	FDD	10	6	-		MCS.10	8	1	
RC.4 FDD	RC.3 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3		MCS.10		1	
RC.5 FDD	RC.4 FDD	FDD	10	15	-		MCS.15		1	Note 6
RC.5 TDD	RC.4 TDD	TDD	10	15	Note 3		MCS.15	10	1	Note 6
RC.2 FDD	RC.5 FDD	FDD	10	3	-		MCS.17	8	1	
RC.2 FDD	RC.5 TDD	TDD	10	3	Note 3		MCS.17	10	1	
RC.2 TDD	2 CRS Ports									
RC.6 FDD FDD 10 10 15 Note 3 MCS.2 (Note 8) 1	RC.2 FDD	FDD	10	50	-		MCS.2	8	1	
RC.6 FDD	RC.2 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3		MCS.2		1	
CRS PORT + CSI-RS	RC.6 FDD	FDD	10	15	-		MCS.16		1	Note 6
RC.8 FDD	RC.6 TDD	TDD	10	15	Note 3		MCS.16	7	1	Note 6
RC.8 FDD					1 CRS Por	t + CSI-RS				
RC.8 TDD							MCS.11			
RC.8 TDD TDD 10 6 Note 3 CSI-RS / 2 CSI-RS / MCS.12 MCS.12 10 1 RC.9 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non / CSI-RS / CSI-RS / MCS.4 8 1 RC.9 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 2 CSI-RS / MCS.4 7 1 RC.9 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 2 CSI-RS / MCS.4 7 1 2 CRS Port + CSI-RS RC.7 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non / CSI-RS / MCS.4 8 1 RC.7 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 RCSI-RS / MCS.5 8 1 RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non / CSI-RS / MCS.8 8 1 RC.11 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Non / CSI-RS / MCS.6 8 1 1 CRS Port + CSI-RS + CSI-IM Non CSI-RS/IM / N/A MCS.3 / CSI-RS/IM / N/A 8 1 RC.13 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Non CSI-RS/IM / N/A N/A 10 1 RC.13 TDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Non CSI-RS/IM / N/A N/A 10 1 RC.10 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non CSI	RC.8 FDD	FDD	10	6	-		MCS.12	8	1	
RC.9 FDD						-	MCS.11			
RC.9 FDD	RC.8 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3		MCS.12	10	1	
RC.9 FDD						Non	MCS.3			
RC.9 TDD	RC.9 FDD	FDD	10	50	-			8	1	
RC.9 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 CSI-RS MCS.4 7 1 2 CRS Port + CSI-RS RC.7 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non CSI-RS MCS.5 MCS.7 8 1 RC.7 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Non CSI-RS MCS.5						Non				
2 CRS Port + CSI-RS RC.7 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non CSI-RS MCS.5 A CSI-RS MCS.7 8 1 RC.7 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Non CSI-RS MCS.8 MCS.8 MCS.8 10 1 RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non CSI-RS MCS.6 MCS.6 MCS.6 MCS.5 MCS.6 8 1 RC.11 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Non CSI-RS MCS.6 MCS.6 MCS.6 MCS.6 10 1 1 CRS Port + CSI-RS + CSI-IM Non CSI-RS/IM N/A MCS.3 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM RS/IM N/A MCS.5 RS/IM	RC.9 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3			7	1	
RC.7 FDD	2 CRS Port	+ CSI-RS				2 031-103	WC3.4			
RC.7 FDD FDD 10 50 - CSI-RS MCS.7 RC.7 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Note 3 RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 RC.13 FDD FDD 10 FDD 10 FDD 10 FDD 10 FDD 10 FDD FDD 10 FDD FDD 10 FDD FDD 10 FDD FDD FDD FDD FDD FDD FDD FDD FDD FD	2 ONO I OIL						MCS 5			
RC.7 TDD	RC.7 FDD	FDD	10	50	-			8	1	
RC.7 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 CSI-RS (MCS.5) (MCS.8) 10 1 RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non (CSI-RS) (MCS.5) (MCS.6) 8 1 RC.11 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Non (CSI-RS) (MCS.6) (MCS.5) (MCS.6) 10 1 1 CRS Port + CSI-RS + CSI-IM Non (CSI-RS/IM) (MCS.3) (RS/IM) (MCS.3) (RS/IM) (MCS.3) (RS/IM) (MCS.3) (MCS.3) (RS/IM) (MCS.3)										
RC.11 FDD	RC.7 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	CSI-RS		10	1	
RC.11 FDD FDD 10 50 - CSI-RS MCS.5 8 1 RC.11 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Non CSI-RS MCS.5 10 1 CRS Port + CSI-RS + CSI-IM RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 Note 3 Non CSI-RS/IM N/A RCS.3 RS/IM N/A R							MCS.8			
RC.11 TDD	RC.11 FDD	FDD	10	50	-		MCS.5	8	1	
RC.11 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 CSI-RS MCS.5 10 1 1 CRS Port + CSI-RS + CSI-IM RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non CSI-RS/IM N/A							MCS.6			
1 CRS Port + CSI-RS + CSI-IM	PC 11 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3		MCS.5	10	1	
RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 - Non CSI-	NO.11 1DD	100	10	30	Note 5		MCS.6	10	'	
RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 - RS/IM N/A 8 1 RC.13 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 N	1 CRS Port	+ CSI-RS	+ CSI-IM							
RC.13 FDD FDD 10 50 - CSI- RS/IM N/A 8 1 RC.13 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Not							MCS.3			
RC.13 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 Not	RC.13 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	CSI-	N/A	8	1	
RC.13 TDD TDD 10 50 Note 3 RS/IM N/A 10 1 2 CRS Port + CSI-RS + CSI-IM RC.10 FDD FDD 10 50 - RS/IM N/A 10 1 Non CSI-RS MCS.5										
RS/IM N/A	RC.13 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3			10	1	
RC.10 FDD					L		N/A			
RC.10 FDD	2 CRS Port	+ CSI-RS	+ CSI-IM			1			T	
RC.10 FDD 10 50 - 4 CSI- MCS 8 1	DC 40 FDD	E00	40	50			MCS.5	0	4	
RS, WCS.0	KC.10 FDD	טטיז	10	50	_	4 CSI-	MCS.8	ğ	1	

					1 CSI process				
					Non CSI-RS	MCS.5			
RC.10 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	8 CSI- RS, 1 CSI	MCS.9	10	1	
					process				
RC.12 FDD	FDD	10	6		Non CSI- RS/IM	MCS.13	0	4	
RC.12 FDD	רטט	10	0	-	CSI- RS/IM	N/A	8	ı	
RC.12 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3	Non CSI- RS/IM	MCS.13	10	1	
KG.12 100	טטו	10	0	Note 3	CSI- RS/IM	N/A	10	'	

- Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For FDD only subframes 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 3: TDD UL-DL configuration as specified in the individual tests.
- Note 4: For TDD when UL-DL configuration 1 is used only subframes 4 and 9 are allocated to avoide PBCH and synchronizaiton signal overhead.
- Note 5: For TDD when UL-DL configuration 2 is used only subframes 3, 4, 8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 6: Centered within the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (Figure 5.6-1).
- Note 7: Only subframes 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 8: The number of HARQ processes is 10 for TDD UL/DL configuration 2 and 7 for TDD UL/DL configuration 1.

Table A.4-1a: Void

Table A.4-1b: Void

Table A.4-1c: Void

Table A.4-1d: Void

Table A.4-1e: Void

Table A.4-2: Void

Table A.4-2a: Void

Table A.4-2b: Void

Table A.4-2c: Void

Table A.4-2d: Void

Table A.4-2e: Void

Table A.4-3: Void

Table A.4-3a: Void

Table A.4-3b: Void

Table A.4-3c: Void

Table A.4-3d: Void

Table A.4-3e: Void

Table A.4-3f: Void

Table A.4-3g: Void

Table A.4-3h: Void

Table A.4-3i: Void

Table A.4-3j: Void

Table A.4-3k: Void

Table A.4-31: Void

Table A.4-4: Void

Table A.4-4a: Void

Table A.4-4b: Void

Table A.4-5: Void

Table A.4-5a: Void

Table A.4-5b: Void

Table A.4-6: Void

Table A.4-6a: Void

Table A.4-6b: Void

Table A.4-6c: Void

Table A.4-6d: Void

Table A.4-6e: Void

Table A.4-6f: Void

Table A.4-7: Void

Table A.4-8: Void

Table A.4-9: Void

Table A.4-10: Void

Table A.4-11: Void

Table A.4-12: Void

Table A.4-13: Mapping of CQI Index to Modulation coding scheme (MCS)

C	QI Inde	ex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Targe	t Codin	g Rate	OOR	0.0762	0.1172	0.1885	0.3008	0.4385	0.5879	0.3691	0.4785	0.6016	0.4551	0.5537	0.6504	0.7539	0.8525	0.9258	Notes
M	odulati	on	OOR			QP	SK			1	6QAN	Λ			64Q	AM			
MCS Scheme	PRB	Available RE-s								Imo	s								
MCS.1	50	6300	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.2	50	6000	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.3	50	5700	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	13	15	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.4	50	5600	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.5	50	5400	DTX	0	0	2	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	24	25	
MCS.6	50	5300	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	22	24	25	
MCS.7	50	5200	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	18	20	22	24	25	
MCS.8	50	5000	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	13	17	18	20	22	23	24	
MCS.9	50	4800	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	13	17	18	20	22	23	24	
MCS.10	6	756	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	19	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.11	6	684	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	14	17	20	21	23	25	27	
MCS.12	6	672	DTX	0	0	1	4	6	8	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.13	6	648	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.14	25	3150	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.15	15	1890	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.16	15	1800	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.17	3	378	DTX	0	1	2	5	7	9	12	13	16	19	21	23	25	27	27	1

Note 1: Mapping between Imcs and TBS according to Tables 7.1.7.1-1 and 7.1.7.2.1-1 in TS 36.213 [6].

Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 3: Sub-frame#0 and #5 are not used for the corresponding requirement. The next subframe (i.e. sub-frame#1 or #6) shall be used for potential retransmissions.

A.5 OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)

A.5.1 OCNG Patterns for FDD

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test) and/or allocations used for MBSFN. The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i RA / OCNG RA = PDSCH_i RB / OCNG RB$$

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a constant transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

For the performance requirements of UE with the CA capability, the OCNG patterns apply for each CC.

A.5.1.1 OCNG FDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.1 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]							
Subframe								
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	PDSCH					
	Allocation		Data					
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB]					
– Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB						
Last unanocateu i ND	Last unanocated FND	Last difanocated I NB						
0	0	0	Note 1					

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.2 OCNG FDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm RR}-1$.

Table A.5.1.2-1: OP.2 FDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

F							
	Subframe						
0	5	1 - 4, 6 - 9					
	Allocation		PDSCH Data				
0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	1 Doon Bata				
and	and	and					
(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –					
$(N_{RB}-1)$							
0	Note 1						

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.3 OCNG FDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.1.3-1: OP.3 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern 3

	Re	elative power l	evel $\gamma_{{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}}$ [d	B]			
Allocation		Subframe					
$n_{\it PRB}$	0	5	4, 9	1 – 3, 6 – 8	Data	Data	
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	0	N/A	Note 1	N/A	
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	Note 2	

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall contain cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.

Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.4 OCNG FDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.1.4-1: OP.4 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

	Re	lative power l	level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]				
Allocation		Subfi	rame	PDSCH Data	PMCH Data		
$n_{\it PRB}$	0, 4, 9	5	1 – 3, 6 – 8	Data	Data		
First unallocated PRB Last unallocated PRB	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A		
First unallocated PRB - Last unallocated PRB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 2		
-	hysical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs wit SCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be						
uncorre	lated pseudo ra	indom data, wł	nich is QPSK modulated. The	e paramete	er $\gamma_{{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}}$ is		
used to scale the power of PDSCH. Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any							

- Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall contain cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.5 OCNG FDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in the frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.5-1: OP.5 FDD: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG FDD Pattern

		Relative power level $\gamma_{{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}}$ [dl	3]					
		Subframe						
	0 5 1-4,6-9							
		Allocation		Data				
First	unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB					
Last (unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB					
	0	0	0	Note 1				
Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random								
data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ is used to scale the power of PDSCH.								
Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 3 (Large								
Delay CDD). The parameter $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is								

A.5.1.6 OCNG FDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission

modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.1.6-1: OP.6 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

	F	Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dE	3]					
		Subframe						
	0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9					
0 – (Firs	allocated PRB of	0 – (First allocated PRB of	0 – (First allocated PRB of	PDSCH Data				
fi	rst block -1)	first block -1)	first block -1)					
	and	and	and					
(Last all	ocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first					
block +1) – (First allocated	block +1) – (First allocated	block +1) – (First allocated					
PRB of	f second block -1)	PRB of second block -1)	RB of second block -1) PRB of second block -1)					
	0	0	0	Note 1				
Note 1:		ource blocks are assigned to a						
	UE; the data transi	mitted over the OCNG PDSCH	s shall be uncorrelated pseudo	random data, which is QPSK				
	modulated. The parameter $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ is used to scale the power of PDSCH.							
Note 2:	Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual							
	users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ applies							
	to each antenna po	ort separately, so the transmit p	ower is equal between all the ti	ansmit antennas with CRS				

A.5.1.7 OCNG FDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data, EPDCCH or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in

multiple parts by the M allocated blocks for data transmission). The m-th allocated block starts with RPB $N_{Start,m}$ and ends with PRB $N_{End,m}-1$, where m=1,...,M. The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with $N_{RR}-1$.

Table A.5.1.7-1: OP.7 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

F	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dE	3]	
	Subframe		
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	
	Allocation		
$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	
$(PRBN_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	PDSCH Data
$N_{Start,m}-1$)	$N_{Start,m}-1$)	$N_{Start,m}-1$)	
(PRB $N_{End,M}$) – (PRB	(PRB $N_{End,M}$) – (PRB	(PRB $N_{End,M}$) – (PRB	
$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	
0	0	0	Note 1

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.8 OCNG FDD pattern 8: Dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for TM10 transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain where there are M unallocated PRB blocks labled from 1-st block to M-th block (M>1) and the m-th block starts with PRB $N_{Start,m}$ and end with PRB $N_{End,m}$, orwhen the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain where M=1 (one sided). The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with N_{RB} -1. $N_{End,M}$ should be equal to or less than N_{RB} -1.

Note 1,2,3

$(PRBN_{Start,1} \sim PRBN_{End,1})$ m -th unallocated PRB m -th unallocated PRB m -th unallocated PRB	1 – 4, 6 – 9	-
$ \begin{array}{c c} \textbf{Allocation} \\ \hline \textbf{1-st unallocated PRB} \\ (PRBN_{\mathit{Start},1} \sim PRBN_{\mathit{End},1}) \\ \dots \\ m\text{-th unallocated PRB} \\ \hline \\ \textbf{M-th unallocated PRB} \\ \hline \\ \textbf{M-th unallocated PRB} \\ \hline \\ \textbf{Allocation} \\ (PRBN_{\mathit{Start},1} \sim PRBN_{\mathit{End},1}) \\ \dots \\ m\text{-th unallocated PRB} \\ \hline \\ \textbf{M-th unallocated PRB} \\ \hline \\ M-th unall$	1 – 4, 6 – 9	
1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$)		
PRB $N_{End,m}$ PRB $N_{End,m}$ (PRB $N_{End,m}$)	I-st unallocated PRB $SN_{Start,1} \sim PRBN_{End,1}$) In-th unallocated PRB $SN_{Start,m} \sim PRBN_{End,m}$) In-th unallocated PRB $SN_{Start,m} \sim PRBN_{End,m}$ In-th unallocated PRB $SN_{Start,m} \sim PRBN_{End,m}$	PDSCH Data

Table A.5.1.8-1: OP.8 FDD: Dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

 $PRBN_{End,M}$)

Note 2: The OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode10. The the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

Note 3: The detailed test set-up for TM10 transmission i.e PMI configuration is specified to each test case.

A.5.2 OCNG Patterns for TDD

 $PRBN_{End,M}$)

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test). The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i _RA/OCNG_RA = PDSCH_i _RB/OCNG_RB$$

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

A.5.2.1 OCNG TDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.2.1-1: OP.1 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

	Relative power	level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]				
Subframe (only if available for DL)						
0	5	3, 4, 7, 8, 9 and 6 (as normal subframe) ^{Note 2}	1 and 6 (as special subframe) ^{Note 2}	PDSCH Data		
Allocation						
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB			
_	_	_	_			
Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB			
0	0 0 0 Note 1					
Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data,						
which is QPS	SK modulated. The param	neter $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ is used to scale	the power of PDSCH.			

- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.2 OCNG TDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm RB}$ –1.

Table A.5.2.2-1: OP.2 TDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]				
Subframe (only if available for DL)				
0 5 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 1,6 (6 as normal subframe) (6 as special subframe) Note 2				
Allocation				
0 –	0 –	0 –	0 –	
(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	
and	and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	
$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	
0	0	0	0	Note 1

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.3 OCNG TDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.2.3-1: OP.3 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern 3 for 5ms downlink-to-uplink switch-point periodicity

		Relative power	level γ_{PRB} [dB]			
Allocation		Subf	PDSCH Data PMCH Dat			
$n_{\it PRB}$	0	5	4, 9 ^{Note 2}	1, 6		
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	0	Note 1	N/A
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	Note 3

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.
- Note 3: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 4: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- N/A Not Applicable

A.5.2.4 OCNG TDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.2.4-1: OP.4 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

		Relative power				
Allocation		Subframe (only for DL)		PDSCH Data	PMCH Data
$n_{\it PRB}$	0 and 6 (as normal subframe)	1 (as special subframe)	5	3, 4, 7 – 9	1 DOON Data	1 WOIT Data

First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s of DwPTS)	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A
First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note2

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- N/A Not Applicable

A.5.2.5 OCNG TDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the sub-frames available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.2.5-1: OP.5 TDD: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG TDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]					
Subframe (only if available for DL)					
0	5	3, 4, 7, 8, 9 and 6 (as normal subframe) ^{Note 2}	1 and 6 (as special subframe) ^{Note 2}	PDSCH Data	
Allocation					
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB		
Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB		
0	0	0	0	Note 1	

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 3 (Large Delay CDD). The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.6 OCNG TDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB N_{RB} –1.

Table A.5.2.6-1: OP.6 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]				
Subframe (only if available for DL)				
0	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	1,6	
		(6 as normal subframe) Note 2	(6 as special subframe) Note 2	
Allocation				
0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	
of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)	
and	and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	
first block +1) - (First	first block +1) - (First	first block +1) - (First	first block +1) - (First	
allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	
block -1)	block -1)	block -1)	block -1)	
0	0	0	0	Note 1

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.7 OCNG TDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data, EPDCCH or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in multiple parts by the M allocated blocks for data transmission). The m-th allocated block starts with RPB $N_{Start,m}$ and ends with PRB $N_{End,m}-1$, where m=1,...,M. The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.2.7-1: OP.7 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

PDSCH — Data	Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]				
Data		available for DL)	Subframe (only if		
	1,6 (6 as special subframe)	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 (6 as normal subframe) Note 2	5	0	
		ation	Alloc		
	$0 - (PRBN_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRBN_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	
	•••	•••			
	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) -$	$(PRBN_{End,(m-1)})$ –	$(PRBN_{End,(m-1)})$ –	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) -$	
	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	
	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,M}) - (PRB$	$(PRBN_{End,M})$ – $(PRB$	
	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	
Note 1	0	0	0	0	

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.8 OCNG TDD pattern 8: Dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for TM10 transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain where there are M unallocated PRB blocks labled from 1-st block to M-th block (M>1) and the m-th block starts with PRB $N_{Start,m}$ and end with PRB $N_{End,m}$, or when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain where M=1 (one sided). The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with N_{RB} -1. $N_{End,M}$ should be equal to or less than N_{RB} -1.

Table A.5.2. 8-1: OP.8 TDD: Dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [di	В]	
	Subframe		
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	
	Allocation		
1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m-th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim$	1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m-th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim$	1-st unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,1} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,1}$) m -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,m} \sim \text{PRB } N_{End,m}$)	PDSCH Data
PRB $N_{End,m}$) M -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,M}$ ~ PRB $N_{End,M}$)	$\begin{array}{c} PRBN_{End,m})\\ \dots\\ \mathit{M}\text{-th unallocated PRB}\\ (PRBN_{Start,M}\sim\\ \\ PRBN_{End,M}) \end{array}$	M -th unallocated PRB (PRB $N_{Start,M} \sim$ PRB $N_{End,M}$)	
0	0	0	Note 1,2,3

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: The OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode10. The the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- Note 3: The detailed test set-up for TM10 transmission i.e PMI configuration is specified to each test case.

Annex B (normative): Propagation conditions

B.1 Static propagation condition

For 1 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

For 2 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{pmatrix}.$$

For 4 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & j & j \\ 1 & 1 - j & -j \end{bmatrix}$$

For 8 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & j & j & j \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 - j - j - j - j \end{bmatrix}$$

B.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

The multipath propagation conditions consist of several parts:

- A delay profile in the form of a "tapped delay-line", characterized by a number of taps at fixed positions on a sampling grid. The profile can be further characterized by the r.m.s. delay spread and the maximum delay spanned by the taps.
- A combination of channel model parameters that include the Delay profile and the Doppler spectrum, that is characterized by a classical spectrum shape and a maximum Doppler frequency
- A set of correlation matrices defining the correlation between the UE and eNodeB antennas in case of multi-antenna systems.
- Additional multi-path models used for CQI (Channel Quality Indication) tests

B.2.1 Delay profiles

The delay profiles are selected to be representative of low, medium and high delay spread environments. The resulting model parameters are defined in Table B.2.1-1 and the tapped delay line models are defined in Tables B.2.1-2, B.2.1-3 and B.2.1-4.

Table B.2.1-1 Delay profiles for E-UTRA channel models

Model	Number of channel taps	Delay spread (r.m.s.)	Maximum excess tap delay (span)
Extended Pedestrian A (EPA)	7	43 ns	410 ns
Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)	9	357 ns	2510 ns
Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)	9	991 ns	5000 ns

Table B.2.1-2 Extended Pedestrian A model (EPA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.0
70	-2.0
90	-3.0
110	-8.0
190	-17.2
410	-20.8

Table B.2.1-3 Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.5
150	-1.4
310	-3.6
370	-0.6
710	-9.1
1090	-7.0
1730	-12.0
2510	-16.9

Table B.2.1-4 Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	-1.0
50	-1.0
120	-1.0
200	0.0
230	0.0
500	0.0
1600	-3.0
2300	-5.0
5000	-7.0

B.2.2 Combinations of channel model parameters

The propagation conditions used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment are indicated as EVA[number], EPA[number] or ETU[number] where 'number' indicates the maximum Doppler frequency (Hz).

Table B.2.2-1 Void

B.2.3 MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices

The MIMO channel correlation matrices defined in B.2.3 apply for the antenna configuration using uniform linear arrays at both eNodeB and UE.

B.2.3.1 Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices

Table B.2.3.1-1 defines the correlation matrix for the eNodeB

Table B.2.3.1-1 eNodeB correlation matrix

	One antenna	Two antennas	Four antennas
eNode B Correlation	$R_{eNB} = 1$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-2 defines the correlation matrix for the UE:

Table B.2.3.1-2 UE correlation matrix

	One antenna Two antennas		Four antennas
UE Correlation	$R_{UE} = 1$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} & \beta \\ \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} \\ \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^* & \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the channel spatial correlation matrix R_{spat} . The parameters, α and β in Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the spatial correlation between the antennas at the eNodeB and UE.

1x2 case	$R_{spat} = R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
2x2 case	$R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta & \alpha & \alpha\beta \\ \beta^* & 1 & \alpha\beta^* & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^*\beta & 1 & \beta \\ \alpha^*\beta^* & \alpha^* & \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
4x2 case	$R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} \\ \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
4x4 case	$R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} \\ \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta^{\frac{1}{9}} & \beta^{\frac{4}{9}} & \beta \\ \beta^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \beta^{\frac{1}{9}} & \beta^{\frac{4}{9}} \\ \beta^{\frac{4}{9}} & \beta^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \beta^{\frac{1}{9}} \\ \beta^* & \beta^{\frac{4}{9}} & \beta^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-3: R_{spat} correlation matrices

453

For cases with more antennas at either eNodeB or UE or both, the channel spatial correlation matrix can still be expressed as the Kronecker product of R_{eNB} and R_{UE} according to $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE}$.

B.2.3.2 MIMO Correlation Matrices at High, Medium and Low Level

The α and β for different correlation types are given in Table B.2.3.2-1.

Table B.2.3.2-1

Low cor	ow correlation Medium Correlation		High Co	rrelation	
α	β	α	β	α	β
0	0	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9

The correlation matrices for high, medium and low correlation are defined in Table B.2.3.1-2, B.2.3.2-3 and B.2.3.2-4, as below.

The values in Table B.2.3.2-2 have been adjusted for the 4x2 and 4x4 high correlation cases to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision. This is done using the equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{high} = [\mathbf{R}_{spatial} + aI_n]/(1+a)$$

Where the value "a" is a scaling factor such that the smallest value is used to obtain a positive semi-definite result. For the 4x2 high correlation case, a=0.00010. For the 4x4 high correlation case, a=0.00012.

The same method is used to adjust the 4x4 medium correlation matrix in Table B.2.3.2-3 to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision with a = 0.00012.

Table B.2.3.2-2: MIMO correlation matrices for high correlation

1x2 case		$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$				
2x2 case		$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 0.81 \\ 0.9 & 1 & 0.81 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 0.81 & 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.81 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$				
4x2 case	$R_{high} = \begin{vmatrix} 0.8\\0.9\\0.8\\0.9\\0.8\\0.8 \end{vmatrix}$	000 0.8999 0.9883 0.8894 999 1.0000 0.8894 0.9883 883 0.8894 1.0000 0.8999 894 0.9883 0.8999 1.0000 542 0.8587 0.9883 0.8894 5587 0.9542 0.8894 0.988 999 0.8099 0.9542 0.8587 0099 0.8999 0.8587 0.9542	3 0.8587 0.9542 0.8099 0.889 9 0.9883 0.8894 0.9542 0.85 0 0.8894 0.9883 0.8587 0.95 4 1.0000 0.8999 0.9883 0.88 3 0.8999 1.0000 0.8894 0.98 7 0.9883 0.8894 1.0000 0.89	999 887 642 894 883		
4x4 case	$R_{high} = \begin{cases} 0.9882\ 1.0000\ 0.9882\ 0.9541\ 0.9882\ 1.0000\\ 0.8999\ 0.9541\ 0.9882\\ 0.9767\ 0.9882\ 0.9767\ 0.9882\\ 0.9767\ 0.9882\ 0.9767\ 0.9882\\ 0.8894\ 0.9430\ 0.9767\ 0.9882\\ 0.8894\ 0.9430\ 0.9105\\ 0.9541\ 0.9430\ 0.9105\\ 0.9430\ 0.9541\ 0.9430\\ 0.9105\ 0.9430\ 0.9541\\ 0.8587\ 0.9105\ 0.9430\\ 0.8999\ 0.8894\ 0.8587\\ 0.8894\ 0.8999\ 0.8894\\ 0.8587\ 0.8894\ 0.8999$	0.9541 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.943 0.9882 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 1.0000 0.8894 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9541 0.8994 0.9430 0.9882 0.9541 0.8994 0.9430 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9882 0.9767 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.8587 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8587 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.9430 0.9430 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9541 0.9430 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9884 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8587 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8587 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8894 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8894 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9104 0.8894 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430	4 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8587 0.8999 0. 0 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8894 0. 0 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8884 0. 0 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.8587 0. 0 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 0.9541 0. 0 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 0.9430 0. 0 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9105 0. 0 0.8894 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.8587 0. 0 0.8894 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.8587 0. 0 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9767 0. 0 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9767 0. 0 0.9882 0.9541 0.9882 0.9430 0. 0 0.9882 0.9541 0.9882 0.9430 0. 0 0.9882 0.9541 0.9882 0.9430 0. 0 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 1.0000 0. 0 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 1.0000 0. 0 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 1.0000 0. 0 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.9882 1. 0 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9541 0.	8999 0.8894 0.8587 8894 0.8999 0.8894 8587 0.8894 0.8999 9430 0.9105 0.8587 9541 0.9430 0.9105 9430 0.9541 0.9430 9105 0.9430 0.9541 9767 0.9430 0.8894 9882 0.9767 0.9430 9767 0.9882 0.9767 9430 0.9767 0.9882 9882 0.9541 0.8999 0000 0.9882 0.9541 9882 1.0000 0.9882		

Table B.2.3.2-3: MIMO correlation matrices for medium correlation

1x2 case		N/A									
2x2 case		$R_{medium} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 & 0.3 & 0.27 \\ 0.9 & 1 & 0.27 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.27 & 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.27 & 0.3 & 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$									
4x2 case		R_{medium} =	1.00 0.90 0.87 0.78 0.58 0.52 0.30 0.27	00 1.00 48 0.78 73 0.87 56 0.52 71 0.58 00 0.27	00 0.787 73 1.000 48 0.900 71 0.874 56 0.787 00 0.585	8 0.787 3 0.874 0 0.900 0 1.000 8 0.787 3 0.874 6 0.527	3 0.5856 8 0.5271 0 0.8748 0 0.7873 3 1.0000 8 0.9000	0.5271 0.5856 0.7873 0.8748 0.9000 1.0000 0.7873 0.8748	0.2700 0.5856 0.5271 0.8748 0.7873 1.0000	0.2700 0.3000 0.5271 0.5856 0.7873 0.8748 0.9000 1.0000)	
4x4 case	R _{medium} =	1.0000 0.9882 0.9882 1.0000 0.9541 0.9882 0.8999 0.9541 0.8747 0.8645 0.8645 0.8747 0.8347 0.8645 0.7872 0.8347 0.5787 0.5855 0.5588 0.5787 0.5270 0.5588 0.3000 0.2965 0.2965 0.2965 0.2700 0.2862	0.9882 0.9 1.0000 0.9 0.9882 1.0 0.8347 0.7 0.8645 0.8 0.8747 0.8 0.5588 0.5 0.5787 0.5 0.5855 0.5 0.5787 0.5 0.2862 0.2 0.2965 0.2 0.3000 0.2	541 0.8645 882 0.8347 000 0.7872 872 1.0000 347 0.9882 645 0.9541 747 0.8999 270 0.8747 588 0.8645 787 0.8347 855 0.7872 700 0.5855 862 0.5787 965 0.5588	0.8747 0.8 0.8645 0.8 0.8347 0.8 0.9882 0.9 1.0000 0.9 0.9882 1.0 0.9541 0.9 0.8645 0.8 0.8747 0.8 0.8347 0.8 0.5787 0.5 0.5855 0.5	545 0.8347 747 0.8645 545 0.8747 541 0.8999 382 0.9541 500 0.9882 382 1.0000 347 0.7872 545 0.8347 747 0.8645 545 0.8747 558 0.5270 787 0.5588 355 0.5787	0.5787 0.583 0.5588 0.578 0.5270 0.558 0.8747 0.864 0.8645 0.874 0.7872 0.834 1.0000 0.988 0.9882 1.000 0.9541 0.988 0.8999 0.954 0.8747 0.864 0.8645 0.874 0.8347 0.864	5 0.5787 7 0.5855 8 0.5787 5 0.8347 7 0.8645 5 0.8747 7 0.8645 62 0.9541 0 0.9882 12 1.0000 1 0.9882 5 0.8347 7 0.8645 5 0.8747	0.5588 0.2963 0.5787 0.2862 0.5855 0.2700 0.7872 0.5853 0.8347 0.5583 0.8747 0.5270 0.8999 0.8744 0.9541 0.8643 0.9882 0.8347 1.0000 0.7872 0.7872 1.0000 0.8347 0.9882 0.8347 0.9882	5 0.3000 0 2 0.2965 0 0 0.2862 0 5 0.5787 0 7 0.5855 0 8 0.5787 0 0 0.5588 0 7 0.8645 0 5 0.8747 0 7 0.8645 0 2 0.8347 0 0 0.9882 0 1 0.9882 1	.2965 0.2862 .3000 0.2965 .2965 0.3000 .5588 0.5270 .5787 0.5588 .5855 0.5787 .5787 0.5855 .8347 0.7872 .8645 0.8347 .8747 0.8645 .8645 0.8747 .9541 0.8999 .9882 0.9541

Table B.2.3.2-4: MIMO correlation matrices for low correlation

1x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_2$
2x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_4$
4x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_8$
4x4 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_{16}$

In Table B.2.3.2-4, \mathbf{I}_d is the $d \times d$ identity matrix.

B.2.3A MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

The MIMO channel correlation matrices defined in B.2.3A apply for the antenna configuration using cross polarized antennas at both eNodeB and UE. The cross-polarized antenna elements with ± 45 degrees polarization slant angles are deployed at eNB and cross-polarized antenna elements with ± 90 0 degrees polarization slant angles are deployed at UE.

For the cross-polarized antennas, the N antennas are labelled such that antennas for one polarization are listed from 1 to N/2 and antennas for the other polarization are listed from N/2+1 to N, where N is the number of transmit or receive antennas.

B.2.3A.1 Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

For the channel spatial correlation matrix, the following is used:

$$R_{spat} = P(R_{eNB} \otimes \Gamma \otimes R_{UE})P^{T}$$

where

- R_{UE} is the spatial correlation matrix at the UE with same polarization,
- R_{eNB} is the spatial correlation matrix at the eNB with same polarization,
- Γ is a polarization correlation matrix, and
- $(\bullet)^T$ denotes transpose.

The matrix Γ is defined as

$$\Gamma = \begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & -\gamma & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & \gamma \\
-\gamma & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & \gamma & 0 & 1
\end{bmatrix}$$

A permutation matrix P elements are defined as

$$P(a,b) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } a = (j-1)Nr + i & \text{and } b = 2(j-1)Nr + i, & i = 1, \dots, Nr, j = 1, \dots Nt/2 \\ 1 & \text{for } a = (j-1)Nr + i & \text{and } b = 2(j-Nt/2)Nr - Nr + i, & i = 1, \dots, Nr, j = Nt/2 + 1, \dots, Nt + i, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where N_r and N_r is the number of transmitter and receiver respectively. This is used to map the spatial correlation coefficients in accordance with the antenna element labelling system described in B.2.3A.

B.2.3A.2 Spatial Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas at eNB and UE sides

B.2.3A.2.1 Spatial Correlation Matrices at eNB side

For 2-antenna transmitter using one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{\scriptscriptstyle eNR}=1$.

For 4-antenna transmitter using two pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

For 8-antenna transmitter using four pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/*} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$

B.2.3A.2.2 Spatial Correlation Matrices at UE side

For 2-antenna receiver using one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{UE} = 1$.

For 4-antenna receiver using two pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

B.2.3A.3 MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

The values for parameters α , β and γ for high spatial correlation are given in Table B.2.3A.3-1.

Table B.2.3A.3-1

High spatial correlation				
0.9 0.9 0.3				
Note 1: Value of α applies when more than one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements at eNB side.				
Note 2: Va	llue of β applies when n	nore than one pair of cross-polarized ar	ntenna elements at UE side.	

The correlation matrices for high spatial correlation are defined in Table B.2.3A.3-2 as below.

The values in Table B.2.3A.3-2 have been adjusted to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision. This is done using the equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{high} = [\mathbf{R}_{spat} + aI_n]/(1+a)$$

Where the value "a" is a scaling factor such that the smallest value is used to obtain a positive semi-definite result. For the 8x2 high spatial correlation case, a=0.00010.

Table B.2.3A.3-2: MIMO correlation matrices for high spatial correlation

B.2.3A.4 Beam steering approach

Given the channel spatial correlation matrix in B.2.3A.1, the corresponding random channel matrix \mathbf{H} can be calculated. The signal model for the k-th subframe is denoted as

$$y = HD_{\theta_{L}}Wx + n$$

Where

- H is the Nr xNt channel matrix per subcarrier.

$$- \quad D_{\theta_k} \text{ is the steering matrix, which is } D_{\theta_k} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{j\theta_k} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{j2\theta_k} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{j3\theta_k} \end{bmatrix},$$

- θ_k controls the phase variation, and the phase for k-th subframe is denoted by $\theta_k = \theta_0 + \Delta\theta \cdot k$, where θ_0 is the random start value with the uniform distribution, i.e., $\theta_0 \in [0,2\pi]$, $\Delta\theta$ is the step of phase variation, which is defined in Table B.2.3A.4-1, and k is the linear increment of 1 for every subframe throughout the simulation,
- W is the precoding matrix for 8 transmission antennas,
- y is the received signal, x is the transmitted signal, and n is AWGN.

Table B.2.3A.4-1: The step of phase variation

Variation Step	Value (rad/subframe)	
$\Delta heta$	1.2566×10 ⁻³	

B.2.4 Propagation conditions for CQI tests

For Channel Quality Indication (CQI) tests, the following additional multi-path profile is used:

$$h(t,\tau) = \delta(\tau) + a \exp(-i2\pi f_D t)\delta(\tau - \tau_d),$$

in continuous time (t, τ) representation, with τ_d the delay, a a constant and f_D the Doppler frequency. The same $h(t, \tau)$ is used to describe the fading channel between every pair of Tx and Rx.

B.2.4.1 Propagation conditions for CQI tests with multiple CSI processes

For CQI tests with multiple CSI processes, the following additional multi-path profile is used for 2 port transmission:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{bmatrix} \circ H_{MP}$$

Where \circ represents Hadamard product, H_{MP} indicates the 2x2 propagation channel generated in the manner defined in Clause B.2.4.

B.2.5 Void

B.2.6 MBSFN Propagation Channel Profile

Table B.2.6-1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the MBSFN performance requirements in multi-path fading environment in an extended delay spread environment.

Table B.2.6-1: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBSFN Performance Requirements in an extended delay spread environment

Extended Delay Spread Maximum Doppler frequency [5Hz]		
0	0	
30	-1.5	
150	-1.4	
310	-3.6	
370	-0.6	
1090	-7.0	
12490	-10	
12520	-11.5	
12640	-11.4	
12800	-13.6	
12860	-10.6	
13580	-17.0	
27490	-20	
27520	-21.5	
27640	-21.4	
27800	-23.6	
27860	-20.6	
28580	-27.0	
J		

B.3 High speed train scenario

The high speed train condition for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with one tap. Doppler shift is given by

$$f_s(t) = f_d \cos \theta(t) \tag{B.3.1}$$

where $f_s(t)$ is the Doppler shift and f_d is the maximum Doppler frequency. The cosine of angle $\theta(t)$ is given by

$$\cos\theta(t) = \frac{D_s/2 - vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (D_s/2 - vt)^2}}, \ 0 \le t \le D_s/v$$
(B.3.2)

$$\cos \theta(t) = \frac{-1.5D_s + vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (-1.5D_s + vt)^2}}, \ D_s/v < t \le 2D_s/v$$
(B.3.3)

$$\cos\theta(t) = \cos\theta(t \mod (2D_s/v)), \ t > 2D_s/v \tag{B.3.4}$$

where $D_s/2$ is the initial distance of the train from eNodeB, and D_{\min} is eNodeB Railway track distance, both in meters; v is the velocity of the train in m/s, t is time in seconds.

Doppler shift and cosine angle are given by equation B.3.1 and B.3.2-B.3.4 respectively, where the required input parameters listed in table B.3-1 and the resulting Doppler shift shown in Figure B.3-1 are applied for all frequency bands.

Parameter	Value		
D_s	300 m		
$D_{ m min}$	2 m		
ν	300 km/h		

750 Hz

 f_d

Table B.3-1: High speed train scenario

NOTE 1: Parameters for HST conditions in table B.3-1 including f_d and Doppler shift trajectories presented on figure B.3-1 were derived from Band 7 and are applied for performance verification in all frequency bands.

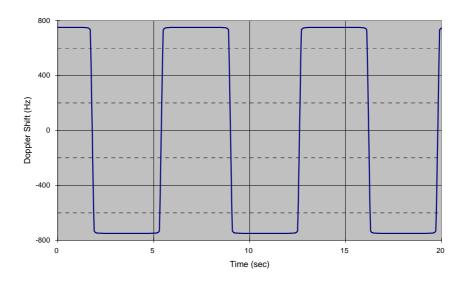


Figure B.3-1: Doppler shift trajectory

For 1x2 antenna configuration, the same $h(t,\tau)$ is used to describe the channel between every pair of Tx and Rx.

For 2x2 antenna configuration, the same $h(t,\tau)$ is used to describe the channel between every pair of Tx and Rx with phase shift according to $\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{pmatrix}$.

B.4 Beamforming Model

B.4.1 Single-layer random beamforming (Antenna port 5, 7, or 8)

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 5 or on antenna port 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a precoder vector W(i) of size 2×1 randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{5,7,8\}$, with $M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the

user-specific reference symbols (DRS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \tilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)y^{(p)}(i)$$

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 7 or 8 with a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a pair of precoder vectors $W_1(i)$ and $W_2(i)$ each of size 2×1 , which are not identical and randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4], as beamforming weights, and normalizing the transmit power as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \tilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (W_1(i)y^{(7)}(i) + W_2(i)y^{(8)}(i))$$

The precoder update granularity is specific to a test case.

The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 1$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $y_{bf}(i)$. The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 0$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $\widetilde{y}_{bf}(i)$.

B.4.2 Dual-layer random beamforming (antenna ports 7 and 8)

Dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 is defined by using a precoder matrix W(i) of size 2×2 randomly selected with the number of layers v=2 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input a block of signals for antenna ports 7 and 8, $y(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) & y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ being the number of modulation symbols per antenna port including the user-specific reference symbols, and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix},$$

The precoder update granularity is specific to a test case.

The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 1$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $y_{bf}(i)$. The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 0$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $\widetilde{y}_{bf}(i)$.

B.4.3 Generic beamforming model (antenna ports 7-14)

The transmission on antenna port(s) $p=7,8,...,\upsilon+6$ is defined by using a precoder matrix W(i) of size $N_{CSI}\times\upsilon$, where N_{CSI} is the number of CSI reference signals configured per test and υ is the number of spatial layers. This precoder takes as an input a block of signals for antenna port(s) $p=7,8,...,\upsilon+6$, $y^{(p)}(i)=\left[y^{(7)}(i)\quad y^{(8)}(i)\quad \cdots\quad y^{(6+\upsilon)}(i)\right],\ i=0,1,...,M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}-1$, with $M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}$ being the number of modulation symbols per antenna port including the user-specific reference symbols (DM-RS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}^{(q)}(i)=\left[y_{bf}^{(0)}(i)\quad y_{bf}^{(1)}(i)\quad \ldots\quad y_{bf}^{(N_{CSI}-1)}(i)\right]^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same time-frequency index pair (k,l) but transmitted on different physical antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}^{(0)}(i) \\ y_{bf}^{(1)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y_{bf}^{(N_{CSI}-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(6+\nu)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

The precoder matrix W(i) is specific to a test case.

The physical antenna elements are identified by indices $j = 0,1,...,N_{ANT} - 1$, where $N_{ANT} = N_{CSI}$ is the number of physical antenna elements configured per test.

Modulation symbols $y_{bf}^{(q)}(i)$ with $q \in \{0,1,...,N_{CSI}-1\}$ (i.e. beamformed PDSCH and DM-RS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=q.

Modulation symbols $y^{(p)}(i)$ with $p \in \{0,1,...,P-1\}$ (i.e. PBCH, PDCCH, PHICH, PCFICH) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p, where P is the number of cell-specific reference signals configured per test.

Modulation symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ with $p \in \{0,1,...,P-1\}$ (i.e. CRS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p, where P is the number of cell-specific reference signals configured per test.

Modulation symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ with $p \in \{15,16,...,14+N_{CSI}\}$ (i.e. CSI-RS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p-15, where N_{CSI} is the number of CSI reference signals configured per test.

B.4.4 Random beamforming for EPDCCH distributed transmission (Antenna port 107 and 109)

EPDCCH distributed transmission on antenna port 107 and antenna port 109 is defined by using a pair of precoder vectors $W_1(i)$ and $W_2(i)$ each of size 2×1 , which are not identical and randomly selected per EPDCCH PRB pair with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4], as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{107,109\}$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the user-specific reference symbols (DMRS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i)=\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$. When EPDCCH is associated with port 107, the transmitted block of signals is deonted as

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W_1(i) y^{(107)}(i).$$

When EPDCCH is associated with port 109, the transmitted block of signals is denoted as

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W_2(i)y^{(109)}(i).$$

B.4.5 Random beamforming for EPDCCH localized transmission (Antenna port 107, 108, 109 or 110)

EPDCCH localized transmission on antenna port 107, 108, 109 or 110 is defined by using a precoder vector W(i) of size 2×1 randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{107,108,109,110\}$, with

 $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the user-specific reference symbols (DMRS), and generates a

block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = [y_{bf}(i) \ \tilde{y}_{bf}(i)]^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)y^{(p)}(i).$$

B.5 Interference models for enhanced performance requirements Type-A

This clause provides a description for the modelling of interfering cell transmissions for enhanced performance requirements Type-A including: definition of dominant interferer proportion, transmission mode 3, 4 and 9 type of interference modelling.

B.5.1 Dominant interferer proportion

Each interfering cell involved in enhanced performance requirements Type-A is characterized by its associated dominant interferer proportion (DIP) value:

$$DIP_i = \frac{\hat{I}_{or(i+1)}}{N_{oc}}$$

where is $\hat{I}_{or(i+1)}$ is the average received power spectral density from the i-th strongest interfering cell involved in the requirement scenario ($\hat{I}_{or(1)}$ is assumed to be the power spectral density associated with the serving cell) and

 $N_{oc}' = \sum_{j=2}^{N} \hat{I}_{or(j)} + N_{oc}$ where N_{oc} is the average power spectral density of a white noise source consistent with the

definition provided in subclause 3.2 and N is the total number of cells involved in a given requirement scenario.

B.5.2 Transmission mode 3 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 3 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For rank-1 transmission over a subband, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4].

For rank-2 transmission over a subband, precoding for spatial multiplexing with large delay CDD over two layers for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.2.2 of [4].

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

B.5.3 Transmission mode 4 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 4 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For each subframe and CQI subband, a precoding matrix for the number of layers v associated to the selected rank shall be selected randomly from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 of [4]. Note that codebook index 0 shall be excluded from random precoder selection when the number of layers is v = 2.

Precoding for spatial multiplexing with cell-specific reference signals for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.2.1 of [4] with the selected precoding matrices for each subframe and each CQI subband.

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

B.5.4 Transmission mode 9 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 9 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For each subframe and each CQI subband, a precoding matrix for the number of layers v associated to the selected rank shall be selected randomly from Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [4].

The generic beamforming model in subclause B.4.3 shall be applied assuming cell-specific reference signals and CSI reference signals as specified in the requirement scenario. Random precoding with selected rank and precoding matrices for each subframe and each CQI subband shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols including the user-specific reference symbols over antenna port 7 when the rank is one and antenna ports 7, 8 when the rank is two.

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

Annex C (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

C.1 General

This annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection.

C.2 Set-up

Table C.2-1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel
PBCH
SSS
PSS
PCFICH
PDCCH
EPDCCH
PHICH
PDSCH

C.3 Connection

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done.

C.3.1 Measurement of Receiver Characteristics

Table C.3.1-1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7).

Table C.3.1-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = 0 dB
	PBCH_RB = 0 dB
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 dB$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 dB$
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = 0 dB
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = 0 dB
	PDCCH_RB = 0 dB
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = 0 dB
	PDSCH_RB = 0 dB
OCNG	$OCNG_RA = 0 dB$
	OCNG_RB = 0 dB

NOTE 1: No boosting is applied.

Table C.3.1-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Transmitted power spectral density I_{or}	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		0 dB	
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			

C.3.2 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table C.3.2-1 is applicable for measurements in which uniform RS-to-EPRE boosting for all downlink physical channels, unless otherwise stated.

Table C.3.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PBCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PSS	PSS_RA = 0 (Note 3)
SSS	SSS_RA = 0 (Note 3)
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PDCCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
EPDCCH	EPDCCH_RA = $\rho_A + \delta$
	EPDCCH_RB = $\rho_B + \delta$
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = ρ _A
	PDSCH_RB = ρ_B
PMCH	$PMCH_RA = \rho_A$
	PMCH_RB = ρ _B
MBSFN RS	MBSFN RS_RA = ρ _A
	MBSFN RS_RB = ρ_B
OCNG	OCNG_RA = ρ_A + σ
	OCNG_RB = ρ_B + σ

NOTE 1: $\rho_A = \rho_B = 0$ dB means no RS boosting.

NOTE 2: MBSFN RS and OCNG are not defined downlink physical channels in [4].

NOTE 3: Assuming PSS and SSS transmitted on a single antenna port.

NOTE 4: ρ_A , ρ_B , σ and δ are test specific.

urpose of the test set up only.

Table C.3.2-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Total transmitted power	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept
spectral density $I_{\it or}$			constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		Test specific	Applies for antenna
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			port p
Energy per resource element EPRE		Test specific	1. The complex-valued symbols $y^{(p)}(i)$ and
			$a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ defined in [4] shall
			conform to the given EPRE value. 2. For TM8, TM9, and TM10 the reference point for EPRE is before the precoder in Annex B.4.

C.3.3 Aggressor cell power allocation for Measurement of Performance Requirements when ABS is Configured

For the performance requirements and channel state information reporting when ABS is configured, the power allocation for the physical channels of the aggressor cell in non-ABS and ABS is listed in Table C.3.3-1.

Table C.3.3-1: Downlink physical channels transmitted in aggressor cell when ABS is configured in this cell

Dhysical Channel	Parameters	Unit	EPRE Ratio	
Physical Channel			Non-ABS	ABS
PBCH	PBCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
РВСП	PBCH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PSS	PSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
SSS	SSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PHICH	PHICH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
	PHICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
	PDCCH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA	dB	N/A	Note 1
	PDSCH_RB	dB	N/A	Note 1
OCNG	OCNG_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
	OCNG_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
Note 1: -∞ dB is allocated for this channel in this test.				

Table C.3.3-2: Downlink physical channels transmitted in aggressor cell when ABS is configured in this cell when the CRS assistance information is provided

Dhysical Channel	Parameters	I Imit	EP	RE Ratio
Physical Channel		Unit	Non-ABS	ABS
PBCH	PBCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ
PBCH	PBCH_RB	dB	ρв	ρв
PSS	PSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ
SSS	SSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PHICH	PHICH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PHICH	PHICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PDCCH	PDCCH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA	dB	N/A	Note 1
FDSCIT	PDSCH_RB	dB	N/A	Note 1
OCNG	OCNG_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
CONG	OCNG_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
Note 1: -∞ dB is allocated for	or this channel in this test.		•	

C.3.4 Power Allocation for Measurement of Performance Requirements when Quasi Co-location Type B: same Cell ID

For the performance requirements related to quasi-colocation type B behaviour when transmission points share the same Cell ID, the power allocation for the physical channels of the serving cell is listed in table C.3.4-1 and the power allocation for the physical channels of the cell transmitting PDSCH is listed in table C.3-4-2

Table C.3.4-1: Downlink physical channels transmitted in the serving cell (TP1)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PBCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 (Note 2)$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 $ (Note 2)
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = ρ _A
	PDSCH_RB = ρ _B
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PDCCH_RB = ρ_B + σ

NOTE 1: $\rho_A = \rho_B = 0$ dB means no RS boosting.

NOTE 2: Assuming PSS and SSS transmitted on a single antenna port.

NOTE 3: ρ_A , ρ_B and σ are test specific.

Table C.3.4-2: Downlink physical channels for the transmission point transmitting PDSCH (TP2)

Physical Channel	Value
PDSCH	Test Specific

Annex D (normative): Characteristics of the interfering signal

D.1 General

When the channel band width is wider or equal to 5MHz, a modulated 5MHz full band width E-UTRA down link signal and CW signal are used as interfering signals when RF performance requirements for E-UTRA UE receiver are defined. For channel band widths below 5MHz, the band width of modulated interferer should be equal to band width of the received signal.

D.2 Interference signals

Table D.2-1 describes the modulated interferer for different channel band width options.

Table D.2-1: Description of modulated E-UTRA interferer

	Channel bandwidth								
	1.4 MHz	1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz							
BWInterferer	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz			
RB	6	15	25	25	25	25			

Annex E (normative): Environmental conditions

E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

E.2 Environmental

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

E.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table E.2.1-1

+15°C to +35°	°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to +55°	С	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation.

E.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table E.2.2-1

Power source	Lower extreme	Higher extreme	Normal conditions	
	voltage	voltage	voltage	
AC mains	0,9 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	nominal	
Regulated lead acid battery	0,9 * nominal	1,3 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	
Non regulated batteries:				
Leclanché	0,85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal	
Lithium	0,95 * nominal	1,1 * Nominal	1,1 * Nominal	
Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0,90 * nominal		Nominal	

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

E.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

Table E.2.3-1

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration
5 Hz to 20 Hz	$0.96 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0,96 m ² /s ³ at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB/Octave

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 36.101 for extreme operation.

Annex F (normative): Transmit modulation

F.1 Measurement Point

Figure F.1-1 shows the measurement point for the unwanted emission falling into non-allocated RB(s) and the EVM for the allocated RB(s).

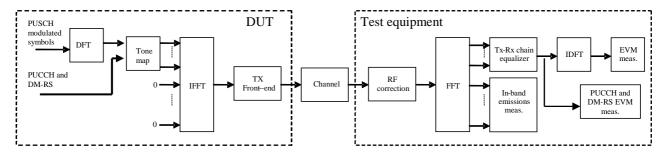


Figure F.1-1: EVM measurement points

F.2 Basic Error Vector Magnitude measurement

The EVM is the difference between the ideal waveform and the measured waveform for the allocated RB(s)

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{v \in T_m} |z'(v) - i(v)|^2}{|T_m| \cdot P_0}},$$

where

 T_m is a set of $|T_m|$ modulation symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

z'(v) are the samples of the signal evaluated for the EVM,

i(v) is the ideal signal reconstructed by the measurement equipment, and

 P_0 is the average power of the ideal signal. For normalized modulation symbols P_0 is equal to 1.

The basic EVM measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain for PUCCH and PUSCH and over one preamble sequence for the PRACH.

F.3 Basic in-band emissions measurement

The in-band emissions are a measure of the interference falling into the non-allocated resources blocks. The in-band emission requirement is evaluated for PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions. The in-band emission requirement is not evaluated for PRACH transmissions.

The in-band emissions are measured as follows

$$Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{\max(f_{\min}, f_{l} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f) \\ \min(f_{\max}, f_{h} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} < 0 \\ \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f \\ f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where

 T_s is a set of $|T_s|$ SC-FDMA symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

 Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g. $\Delta_{RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB),

 f_{\min} (resp. f_{\max}) is the lower (resp. upper) edge of the UL system BW,

 f_l and f_h are the lower and upper edge of the allocated BW, and

Y(t, f) is the frequency domain signal evaluated for in-band emissions as defined in the subsection (ii)

The relative in-band emissions are, given by

$$Emissions_{relative}(\Delta_{RB}) = \frac{Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB})}{\frac{1}{\left|T_{s}\right| \cdot N_{RB}} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{f_{t}}^{f_{t} + (12 \cdot N_{RB} - 1)\Delta f} \left|Y(t, f)\right|^{2}}$$

where

 N_{RB} is the number of allocated RBs

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

In the evaluation of in-band emissions, the timing is set according to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{c}$, where sample time offsets $\Delta \tilde{t}$ and $\Delta \tilde{c}$ are defined in subclause F.4.

F.4 Modified signal under test

Implicit in the definition of EVM is an assumption that the receiver is able to compensate a number of transmitter impairments.

The PUSCH data or PRACH signal under test is modified and, in the case of PUSCH data signal, decoded according to::

$$Z'(t,f) = IDFT \left\{ \frac{FFT \left\{ z(v - \Delta \widetilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \widetilde{j}v} \right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \widetilde{t}}}{\widetilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} \right\}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

The PUCCH or PUSCH demodulation reference signal or PUCCH data signal under test is equalised and, in the case of PUCCH data signal decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = \frac{FFT\left\{z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \tilde{f}v}\right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}{\tilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

To minimize the error, the signal under test should be modified with respect to a set of parameters following the procedure explained below.

Notation:

 $\Delta \tilde{t}$ is the sample timing difference between the FFT processing window in relation to nominal timing of the ideal signal.

 $\Delta \tilde{f}$ is the RF frequency offset.

 $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ is the phase response of the TX chain.

 $\tilde{a}(t, f)$ is the amplitude response of the TX chain.

In the following $\Delta \tilde{c}$ represents the middle sample of the EVM window of length W (defined in the next subsections) or the last sample of the first window half if W is even.

The EVM analyser shall

- ightharpoonup detect the start of each slot and estimate $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ and $\Delta \widetilde{f}$,
- \blacktriangleright determine $\Delta \tilde{c}$ so that the EVM window of length W is centred
 - on the time interval determined by the measured cyclic prefix minus 16 samples of the considered OFDM symbol for symbol 0 for normal CP, i.e. the first 16 samples of the CP should not be taken into account for this step. In the determination of the number of excluded samples, a sampling rate of 30.72MHz was assumed. If a different sampling rate is used, the number of excluded samples is scaled linearly.
 - on the measured cyclic prefix of the considered OFDM symbol symbol for symbol 1 to 6 for normal CP and for symbol 0 to 5 for extended CP.
 - on the measured preamble cyclic prefix for the PRACH

To determine the other parameters a sample timing offset equal to $\Delta \tilde{c}$ is corrected from the signal under test. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup correct the RF frequency offset $\Delta \widetilde{f}$ for each time slot, and
- > apply an FFT of appropriate size. The chosen FFT size shall ensure that in the case of an ideal signal under test, there is no measured inter-subcarrier interference.

The carrier leakage shall be removed from the evaluated signal before calculating the EVM and the in-band emissions; however, the removed relative carrier leakage power also has to satisfy the applicable requirement.

At this stage the allocated RBs shall be separated from the non-allocated RBs. In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH EVM, the signal on the non-allocated RB(s), Y(t, f), is used to evaluate the in-band emissions.

Moreover, the following procedure applies only to the signal on the allocated RB(s).

- In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain equalizer coefficients $\widetilde{a}(t,f)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ used by the ZF equalizer for all subcarriers by time averaging at each signal subcarrier of the amplitude and phase of the reference and data symbols. The time-averaging length is 1 slot. This process creates an average amplitude and phase for each signal subcarrier used by the ZF equalizer. The knowledge of data modulation symbols may be required in this step because the determination of symbols by demodulation is not reliable before signal equalization.
- In the case of PRACH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain coefficients $\widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t)$ used for phase and amplitude correction and are seleted so as to minimize the resulting EVM. The TX chain coefficients are not dependent on frequency, i.e. $\widetilde{a}(t,f) = \widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f) = \widetilde{\varphi}(t)$. The TX chain coefficient are chosen independently for each preamble transmission and for each $\Delta \widetilde{t}$.

At this stage estimates of $\Delta \widetilde{f}$, $\widetilde{\alpha}(t,f)$, $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ and $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ are available. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ is one of the extremities of the window W, i.e. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ can be $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \alpha - \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ or $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$, where $\alpha = 0$ if W is odd and $\alpha = 1$ if W is even. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup calculate EVM₁ with $\Delta \tilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \tilde{c} + \alpha \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$,
- ightharpoonup calculate EVM_h with $\Delta \tilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \tilde{c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$.

F.5 Window length

F.5.1 Timing offset

As a result of using a cyclic prefix, there is a range of $\Delta \tilde{t}$, which, at least in the case of perfect Tx signal quality, would give close to minimum error vector magnitude. As a first order approximation, that range should be equal to the length of the cyclic prefix. Any time domain windowing or FIR pulse shaping applied by the transmitter reduces the $\Delta \tilde{t}$ range within which the error vector is close to its minimum.

F.5.2 Window length

The window length W affects the measured EVM, and is expressed as a function of the configured cyclic prefix length. In the case where equalization is present, as with frequency domain EVM computation, the effect of FIR is reduced. This is because the equalization can correct most of the linear distortion introduced by the FIR. However, the time domain windowing effect can't be removed.

F.5.3 Window length for normal CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for normal CP. The nominal window length for 3 MHz is rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.3-1 EVM window length for normal CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	Cyclic prefix length N_{cp} for symbol 0	Cyclic prefix length N_{cp} for symbols 1 to 6	Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix for symbols 1 to 6 in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP for symbols 1 to 6 ²
1.4			128	9	5	55.6
3			256	18	12	66.7
5	160	144	512	36	32	88.9
10	100	144	1024	72	66	91.7
15			1536	108	102	94.4
20			2048	144	136	94.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative and apply to symbols 1 through 6. Symbol 0 has a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

F.5.4 Window length for Extended CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for extended CP. The nominal window lengths for 3 MHz and 15 MHz are rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.4-1 EVM window length for extended CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Cyclic} \\ \text{prefix} \\ \text{length}^{\text{1}} N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP ²
1.4		128	32	28	87.5
3		256	64	58	90.6
5	512	512	128	124	96.9
10	312	1024	256	250	97.4
15		1536	384	374	97.4
20		2048	512	504	98.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative

F.5.5 Window length for PRACH

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats 0-4.

Table F.5.5-1 EVM window length for PRACH

Preamble format	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Cyclic} \\ \text{prefix} \\ \text{length}^1 \ N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size ²	EVM window length <i>W</i> in FFT samples	Ratio of <i>W</i> to CP*
0	3168	24576	3072	96.7%
1	21024	24576	20928	99.5%
2	6240	49152	6144	98.5%
3	21024	49152	20928	99.5%
4	448	4096	432	96.4%

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed

Note 2: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate

scaling of the window length is applied Note 3: These percentages are informative

F.6 Averaged EVM

The general EVM is averaged over basic EVM measurements for 20 slots in the time domain.

$$\overline{EVM} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_i^2}$$

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window W extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\text{EVM}}_1$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_1$ in the expressions above and $\overline{\text{EVM}}_h$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_h$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM = \max(\overline{EVM}_1, \overline{EVM}_h)$$

The calculation of the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} , follows the same procedure as calculating the general EVM, with the exception that the modulation symbol set T_m defined in clause F.2 is restricted to symbols containing uplink demodulation reference signals.

The basic EVM_{DMRS} measurements are first averaged over 20 slots in the time domain to obtain an intermediate average EVM_{DMRS} .

$$\overline{EVM}_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_{DMRS,i}^2}$$

In the determination of each $EVM_{DMRS,i}$, the timing is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ if $\overline{EVM}_l > \overline{EVM}_h$, and it is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ otherwise, where \overline{EVM}_l and \overline{EVM}_h are the general average EVM values calculated in the same 20 slots over which the intermediate average \overline{EVM}_{DMRS} is calculated. Note that in some cases, the general average EVM may be calculated only for the purpose of timing selection for the demodulation reference signal EVM.

Then the results are further averaged to get the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} ,

$$EVM_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6} \sum_{j=1}^{6} \overline{EVM}_{DMRS,j}^{2}}$$

The PRACH EVM, EVM_{PRACH} , is averaged over two preamble sequence measurements for preamble formats 0, 1, 2, 3, and it is averaged over 10 preamble sequence measurements for preamble format 4.

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window *W* extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,1}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_l$ and $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,h}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_h$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM_{PRACH} = \max(\overline{EVM}_{PRACH,1}, \overline{EVM}_{PRACH,h})$$

F.7 Spectrum Flatness

The data shall be taken from FFT coded data symbols and the demodulation reference symbols of the allocated resource block.

Annex G (informative): Reference sensitivity level in lower SNR

This annex contains information on typical receiver sensitivity when HARQ transmission is enabled allowing operation in lower SNR regions (HARQ is disabled in conformance testing), thus representing the configuration normally used in live network operation under noise-limited conditions.

G.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level P_{SENS} with HARQ retransmission enabled (operation in lower SNR) is the minimum mean power applied to both the UE antenna ports at which the residual BLER after HARQ shall meet the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel. The residual BLER after HARQ transmission is defined as follows:

$$BLER_{residual} = 1 - \frac{A}{B}$$

A: Number of correctly decoded MAC PDUs

B: Number of transmitted MAC PDUs (Retransmitted MAC PDUs are not counted)

G.2 Typical receiver sensitivity performance (QPSK)

The residual BLER after HARQ shall be lower than 1% for the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes G.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table G.2-1 and Table G.2-2

Table G.2-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK PSENS

		Ch	annel bar	dwidth			
E-UTRA	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex
Band	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Mode
1				[-102]			FDD
2				TBD			FDD
3				TBD			FDD
4				TBD			FDD
5				TBD			FDD
6				TBD			FDD
7				TBD			FDD
8				TBD			FDD
9				TBD			FDD
10				TBD			FDD
11				TBD			FDD
12				TBD			FDD
13				TBD			FDD
14				TBD			FDD
17				TBD			FDD
18				TBD			FDD
19				TBD			FDD
20				TBD			FDD
21				TBD			FDD
22				TBD			FDD
23				TBD			FDD
26				TBD			FDD
27				TBD			FDD
28				TBD			FDD
33				[-102]			TDD
34				[-102]			TDD
35				[-102]			TDD
36				[-102]			TDD
37				[-102]			TDD
38				[-102]			TDD
39				[-102]			TDD
40				[-102]			TDD
42				[-102]			TDD
43				[-102]			TDD
44				[-102]			TDD
Note 1: The transmitter shall be set to P _{UMAX} as defined in clause 6.2.5 Note 2: Reference measurement channel is G.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 Note 3: The signal power is specified per port							
Note 3: The signal power is specified per port Note 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity							

Note 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

Note 5: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

Table G.2-2 specifies the minimum number of allocated uplink resource blocks for which the reference receive sensitivity requirement in lower SNR must be met.

Table G.2-2: Minimum uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth / NRB / Duplex mode							
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex Mode	
1				[6] ¹			FDD	
2				[6] ¹			FDD	
3				[6] ¹			FDD	
4				[6] ¹			FDD	
5				[6] ¹			FDD	
6				[6] ¹			FDD	
7				[6] ¹			FDD	
8				[6] ¹			FDD	
9				[6] ¹			FDD	
10				[6] ¹			FDD	
11				[6] ¹			FDD	
12				[6] ¹			FDD	
13				[6] ¹			FDD	
14				[6] ¹			FDD	
				[0]			, 55	
17				[6] ¹			FDD	
18				[6] ¹			FDD	
19				[6] ¹			FDD	
20				[6] ¹			FDD	
22				[6] ¹			FDD	
21				[6] ¹			FDD	
23				[6] ¹			FDD	
26				[6] ¹			FDD	
27				[6] ¹			FDD	
28				[6] ¹			FDD	
				[O]			100	
33				50			TDD	
34				50			TDD	
35				50			TDD	
36				50			TDD	
37				50			TDD	
38				50			TDD	
39				50			TDD	
40				50			TDD	
42				50			TDD	
43				50			TDD	
44	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	50			TDD	
Note 2:	The UL resordownlink oper configuration For the UE vuplink configuration For Band 20 thooks shall	erating ban for the control which suppuration for the case of the	and but co channel bat ports both or references ase of 15N	nfined with Indwidth (T I Band 11 a De sensitivit IHz chann	in the trans able 5.6-1) and Band 2 by is FFS. el bandwid	smission ba). 21 the minir th, the UL r	andwidth num resource	
I	blocks shall bandwidth, t	be locate	d at RBsta	art _11 and	I in the cas	e of 20MHz	z channel	

Unless given by Table G.2-3, the minimum requirements specified in Tables G.2-1 and G.2-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table G.2-3: Network Signalling Value for reference sensitivity

E-UTRA Band	Network Signalling value
2	NS_03
4	NS_03
10	NS_03
12	NS_06
13	NS_06
14	NS_06
17	NS_06
19	NS_08
21	NS_09
23	NS_03
35	NS_03
36	NS_03

G.3 Reference measurement channel for REFSENSE in lower SNR

Tables G.3-1 and G.3-2 are applicable for Annex G.2 (Reference sensitivity level in lower SNR).

Table G.3-1 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50
Subcarriers per resource block		12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10
Modulation		QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		[4]
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4392
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392
Transport block CRC	Bits	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12960
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	3952.
3 . 3		8
UE Category		1-8

2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 2:

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 3: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 4: Redundancy version coding sequence is {0, 1, 2, 3} for QPSK.

Table G.3-2 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1 1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4+2
(D+S)		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		[4]
Modulation		QPSK
Target coding rate		1/3
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		4392
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		3240
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		4392
Transport block CRC	Bits	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 5)		
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		13800
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		11256
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		13104
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	1965.
-		6
UE Category		1-5

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 6: Redundancy version coding sequence is {0, 1, 2, 3} for QPSK.

Annex H (normative): Modified MPR behavior

H.1 Indication of modified MPR behavior

This annex contains the definitions of the bits in the field *modifiedMPRbehavior* indicated in the IE UE Radio Access Capability [7] by a UE supporting an MPR or A-MPR modified in a later release of this specification.

Table H.1-1: Definitions of the bits in the field modifiedMPRbehavior

Index of field	Definition	Notes
(bit number)	(description of the supported functionality if indicator	
	set to one)	
0 (leftmost bit)	- The MPR for intra-band contiguous carrier	- This bit can be set to 1 by
	aggregation bandwidth class C with non-contiguous	a UE supporting intra-band
	resource allocation specified in Clause 6.2.3A in	contiguous CA bandwidth
	version 12.5.0 of this specification	class C
1	- The A-MPR associated with NS_05 for Band 1 in	- This bit can be set to 1 by
	Clause 6.2.4 in version 12.10.0 of this specification.	a UE supporting A-MPR
		associated to NS_05 for
		Band 1.
2	The A-MPR associated with NS_04 for Band 41 in	This bit can be set to 1 by a
	Table 6.2.4-4 in version 14.1.0 of this specification.	power class 3 UE
		supporting A-MPR
		associated to NS_04 for
		Band 41.

Annex I (informative): Change history

Table H-1: Change History

Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
11-2007	R4#45	R4-72206				TS36.101V0.1.0 approved by RAN4	
12-2007	RP#38	RP-070979				Approved version at TSG RAN #38	8.0.0
03-2008	RP#39	RP-080123	3			TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.1.0
05-2008	RP#40	RP-080325	4			TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.2.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	5r1			Addition of Ref Sens figures for 1.4MHz and 3MHz Channel bandwiidths	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	7r1			Transmitter intermodulation requirements	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	10			CR for clarification of additional spurious emission requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	15			Correction of In-band Blocking Requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	18r1			TS36.101: CR for section 6: NS_06	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	19r1			TS36.101: CR for section 6: Tx modulation	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	20r1			TS36.101: CR for UE minimum power	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	21r1			TS36.101: CR for UE OFF power	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	24r1			TS36.101: CR for section 7: Band 13 Rx sensitivity	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	26			UE EVM Windowing	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	29			Absolute ACLR limit	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	23r2			TS36.101: CR for section 6: UE to UE co-existence	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	30			Removal of [] for UE Ref Sens figures	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	31			Correction of PA, PB definition to align with RAN1 specification	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	37r2			UE Spurious emission band UE co-existence	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	44			Definition of specified bandwidths	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	48r3			Addition of Band 17	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	50			Alignment of the UE ACS requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	52r1			Frequency range for Band 12	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	54r1			Absolute power tolerance for LTE UE power control	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	55			TS36.101 section 6: Tx modulation	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	6r2			DL FRC definition for UE Receiver tests	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	46			Additional UE demodulation test cases	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	47			Updated descriptions of FRC	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	49			Definition of UE transmission gap	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	51			Clarification on High Speed train model in 36.101	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	53			Update of symbol and definitions	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080743	56			Addition of MIMO (4x2) and (4x4) Correlation Matrices	8.3.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080908	94r2			CR TX RX channel frequency separation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	105r1			UE Maximum output power for Band 13	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	60			UL EVM equalizer definition	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	63			Correction of UE spurious emissions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	66			Clarification for UE additional spurious emissions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	72			Introducing ACLR requirement for coexistance with UTRA 1.6MHZ channel from 36.803	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	75			Removal of [] from Section 6 transmitter characteristcs	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	81			Clarification for PHS band protection	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	101			Alignement for the measurement interval for transmit signal quality	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	98r1			Maximum power	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	57r1		İ	CR UE spectrum flatness	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	71r1			UE in-band emission	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	58r1			CR Number of TX exceptions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	99r2			CR UE output power dynamic	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	79r1	1	İ	LTE UE transmitter intermodulation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080910	91	1	İ	Update of Clause 8	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080950	106r1			Structure of Clause 9 including CSI requirements for PUCCH mode 1-0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	59			CR UE ACS test frequency offset	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	65		1	Correction of spurious response parameters	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	80			Removal of LTE UE narrowband intermodulation	8.4.0

10 0000	DD#42	DD 000011	00-1	Introduction of Maximum Consists its Dogradation	8.4.0
12-2008 12-2008	RP#42 RP#42	RP-080911 RP-080911	90r1 103	Introduction of Maximum Sensitivity Degradation Removal of [] from Section 7 Receiver characteristic	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	62	Alignement of TB size n Ref Meas channel for RX characteristics	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	78	TDD Reference Measurement channel for RX characterisctics	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	73r1	Addition of 64QAM DL referenbce measurement channel	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	74r1	Addition of UL Reference Measurement Channels	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	104	Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080913	68	MIMO Correlation Matrix Corrections	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080915	67	Correction to the figure with the Transmission Bandwidth configuration	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080916	77	Modification to EARFCN	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080917	85r1	New Clause 5 outline	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080919	102	Introduction of Bands 12 and 17 in 36.101	8.4.0 8.4.0
12-2008 03-2009	RP#42 RP#43	RP-080927 RP-090170	84r1 156r2	Clarification of HST propagation conditions A-MPR table for NS_07	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	170	Corrections of references (References to tables and figures)	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	108	Removal of [1] from Transmitter Intermodulation	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	155	E-UTRA ACLR for below 5 MHz bandwidths	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	116	Clarification of PHS band including the future plan	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	119	Spectrum emission mask for 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidhts	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	120	Removal of "Out-of-synchronization handling of output power" heading	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	126	UE uplink power control	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	128	Transmission BW Configuration	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	130	Spectrum flatness	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	132r2	PUCCH EVM	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	134	UL DM-RS EVM	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	140	Removal of ACLR2bis requirements	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	113	In-band blocking	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43 RP#43	RP-090171 RP-090171	127 137r1	In-band blocking and sensitivity requirement for band 17 Wide band intermodulation	8.5.0 8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	141	Correction of reference sensitivity power level of Band 9	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	109	AWGN level for UE DL demodulation performance tests	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	124	Update of Clause 8: additional test cases	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	139r1	Performance requirement structure for TDD PDSCH	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	142r1	Performance requirements and reference measurement channels for TDD PDSCH demodulation with UE-specific reference symbols	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	145	Number of information bits in DwPTS	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	160r1	MBSFN-Unicast demodulation test case	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	163r1	MBSFN-Unicast demodulation test case for TDD	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090173	162	Clarification of EARFCN for 36.101	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	110	Correction to UL Reference Measurement Channel	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	114	Addition of MIMO (4x4, medium) Correlation Matrix	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	121	Correction of 36.101 DL RMC table notes	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	125	Update of Clause 9	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	138r1	Clarification on OCNG	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	161	CQI reference measurement channels	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	164	PUCCH 1-1 Static Test Case	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	111	Reference Measurement Channel for TDD	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#44			Editorial correction in Table 6.2.4-1	8.5.1
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	167	Boundary between E-UTRA fOOB and spurious emission domain for 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwiths. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091205)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	168	EARFCN correction for TDD DL bands. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091206)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	169	Editorial correction to in-band blocking table. (Technically	8.6.0

	1			Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091238)	
		55.005.0		CR PRACH EVM. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-	
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	171	091308)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	172	CR EVM correction. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091309)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	177	CR power control accuracy. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091418)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	179	Correction of SRS requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091426)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	186	Clarification for EVM. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091512)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	187	Removal of [] from band 17 Refsens values and ACS offset frequencies	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	191	Completion of band17 requirements	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	192	Removal of 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidths from bands 13, 14 and 17.	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	223	CR: 64 QAM EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	201	CR In-band emissions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	203	CR EVM exclusion period	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	204	CR In-band emissions timing	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	206	CR Minimum Rx exceptions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	207	CR UL DM-RS EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	218r1	A-MPR table for NS_07	8.6.0 8.6.0
05-2009 05-2009	RP#44 RP#44	RP-090540 RP-090540	205r1 200r1	CR In-band emissions in shortened subframes CR PUCCH EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540 RP-090540	178r2	No additional emission mask indication. (Technically Endorsed	8.6.0
05 2000	RP#44	RP-090540	220r1	CR in R4-50bis - R4-091421) Spectrum emission requirements for band 13	8.6.0
05-2009 05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540 RP-090540	197r2	CR on aggregate power tolerance	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	19/12 196r2	CR: Rx IP2 performance	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090541	198r1	Maximum output power relaxation	8.6.0
03 2003	101 # 4 4	10 030341	13011	Update of performance requirement for TDD PDSCH with	0.0.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	166	MBSFN configuration. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091180)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	175	Adding AWGN levels for some TDD DL performance requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091406)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	182	OCNG Patterns for Single Resource Block FRC Requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091504)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	170r1	Update of Clause 8: PHICH and PMI delay. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091275)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	183	Requirements for frequency-selective fading test. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091505)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	199	CQI requirements under AWGN conditions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	188r1	Adaptation of UL-RMC-s for supporting more UE categories	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	193r1	Correction of the LTE UE downlink reference measurement channels	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	184r1	Requirements for frequency non-selective fading tests. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091506)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	185r1	Requirements for PMI reporting. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091510)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	221r1	Correction to DL RMC-s for Maximum input level for supporting more UE-Categories	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	216	Addition of 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths into band 38	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090559	180	Introduction of Extended LTE800 requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091432)	9.0.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090826	239	A-MPR for Band 19 LTE UTRA ACLR1 centre frequency definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	225	BW	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	227	Harmonization of text for LTE Carrier leakage Sensitivity requirements for Band 38 15 MHz and 20 MHz	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	229	bandwidths	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	236	Operating band edge relaxation of maximum output power for Band 18 and 19	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	238	Addition of 5MHz channel bandwidth for Band 40	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	245	Removal of unnecessary requirements for 1.4 and 3 MHz bandwidths on bands 13 and 17	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	261	Correction of LTE UE ACS test parameter	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	263R1	Correction of LTE UE ACLR test parameter	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	286	Uplink power and RB allocation for receiver tests	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	320	CR Sensitivity relaxation for small BW	9.1.0

19-2009 RP#45		DD#45	DD 000077		10 6 6 10 1 115	0.4.0
	09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	324	Correction of Band 3 spurious emission band UE co-existence	9.1.0
19-2009 RP45 RP-000677 332 No. Transmit power: removal of TC and modification of REFSENS 9.1.0				 	, , ,	
Page 2009 RP#45 RP-090877 22/R1 Additional SRS relative power requirement and update of measurement definition 9.1.0		RP#45				
measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement definition measurement	09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	332	note	9.1.0
10-2009 RP445 RP-009678 233 TDD ULDL configurations for COI reporting 9.1.0	09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	282R1		9.1.0
19-2009 RP445 RP-909878 235 Further clarification on CQI test configurations 9.1.0	09-2009	RP#45			Power range applicable for relative tolerance	
99-2009 RPM45 RP-900878 243 Corrections to U.I. and DL-RIKC-s 9-1.0	09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	233	TDD UL/DL configurations for CQI reporting	
Page 2009 RPH45 RP-090878 247 Reference measurement channel for multiple PMI requirements 9.1.0						
December Part Par						
Interference	09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	247	·	9.1.0
19-2009 RP445 RP-090876 231 Correction of parameters for demodulation performance 9.1.0					interference	
	09-2009	KP#45	RP-090878	321R1		
109-2009 RP#45 RP-90875 33 Clarification of £s definition in the demodulation requirement 9-1.0	09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	231	requirement	9.1.0
					references	
12-2009 RP-45 RP-090875 259R3 Test case numbering in section 8 Performance tests 9.1.0						
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 335 Test case numbering in TDD PDSCH performance test (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093523) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 337 Additing beamforming model for user-specific reference signal (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093525) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 341 Throughput value correction at FRC for Maximum input level (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-09365) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 343 Original endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093660) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 345R1 Throughput value correction at FRC for Maximum input level (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093660) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 345R1 OCNG: Patterns and present use in tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093660) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 349 Miscellarseous corrections on CSI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093670) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 351 Removal of RLC modes at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093670) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 353 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093670) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 355 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093670) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 369 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093670) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 369 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in RA-093670) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 RAM-0936700 R					·	
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 335 Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093253 9.2.0	09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	259R3		9.1.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 339R1 Adding redundancy sequences to PtG MR-093525) 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	335	(Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093523)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 341 Throughput value correction at FRC for Maximum input level (Fechnically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093660) 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	337	(Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093525)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 343 Correction to the modulated E-UTRA hetherer (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093662) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 345R1 OCNG: Patterns and present use in tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093662) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 347 OCNG: Use in receiver and performance tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 349 Miscellaneous corrections on CSI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 351 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 353 CR Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 355 CR Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093703) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 356 A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 CGI reference measurements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 CGI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-0930706) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Demonstration of RAM 4 52bis in R4-0930706 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Demonstration of RAM 4 52bis in R4-0930706 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Demonstration of RAM 4 52bis in R4-0930706 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 371 Remove [] from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 371 Remove [] from Reference Measurement for Stand 1 PHS 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Demonstration of DE-category for R.30 PR-46 RP-091262 396 PR-46 RP-091262 396 PR-46 RP-091262 396 PR-46 RP-091262 396 PR-46 RP-091262 396 PR-46 RP-091262 396 PR-46 RP-091	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	339R1	endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093581)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 345R1 endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093664 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 347 OCNG: Patterns and present use in tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 349 Miscellaneous corrections on CSI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 351 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 353 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093677) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 355 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093677) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 359 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093677) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 359 Removal of RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 8.2.0 18.4.093703 8.2.0 18.4.093703 18.4.09370	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	341	(Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093660)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 347 OCNG: Use in receiver and performance tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 349 Miscellaneous corrections on CSI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 351 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 353 CR x diversity requirement (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093707) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 355 AMPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093708) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 359 Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093708) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-0938708) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 364 CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-0939370) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Demodulation Tests 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 369 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 390 Spurious emissions requirements for TS36.101 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Correction of UE-cate	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	343	endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093662)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 349 Miscellaneous corrections CSI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 351 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 353 SZbis in R4-093703) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 355 A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) Namber of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 359 RP-093703 A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) RP-46 RP-091263 363 CQI reference measurement (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093846) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 364 SZBIS IN R4-0939370) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 369 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Remove I] Irom Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 377 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Carleston of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 390 Spurious emissions requirements for TS36.101 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Carleston of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Carleston of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Carleston of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 Carleston of UE-category for R.30	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	345R1	at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093664)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 351 Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093677) Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093677) Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093703) RP-46 RP-091261 353 CR Rx diversity requirement (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093703) RP-46 RP-091261 355 A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093703) RP-46 RP-091263 359 Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) RP-46 RP-091263 363 CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) RP-46 RP-091263 364 Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) RP-46 RP-091262 364 Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093707) RP-46 RP-091264 367 CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093070) RP-46 RP-091264 367 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	347	endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 353 R4-033677 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 355 A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093703) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 359 Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093846) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093970) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091292 364 LTE MBSFN Channel Model (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093970) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 369 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Remove [] from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Corrections to RMC-s for Maximum input level test for low UE categories 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 377 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for TS36.101 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Carification of measurement conditions of spurious emission requirements at the edge of spurious domain 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 399 Spurious emission table correction for TDD bands 33 and 38 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 UTRAACLR1 requirement definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW completed Introduction of the ACK/NACK feedback modes for TDD 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 CR Power control exception R8 Relative power tolerance: special case for receiver tests 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	349	endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 355 A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 359 Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-0939346) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 363 CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093970) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 LTE MBSFN Channel Model (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093970) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 369 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 371 Remove [] from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Corrections to RMC-s for Maximum input level test for low UE 2.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 377 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for TS36.101 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Carrection of Lecategory for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 390 Spurious emissions requirements for Band 1 PHS 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 390 Spurious emission requirements for Band 1 PHS 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 392R2 36.101 Symbols and abreviations for Pcmax 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 UTRAACLR1 requirement definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 UTRAACLR1 requirement definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 CR Power control exception R8 P.2.0 P.2.0 R.2.0 R.	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	351	R4-093677)	9.2.0
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RAN 4 52bis in R4-093846) 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	355	in R4-093706)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 364 S2bis in R4-093970) S2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) Demodulation Tests S2bis in R4-094020) S2-0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 369 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) Demodulation Tests S2-0 S2-0 S2-0 S2-0 RP-46 RP-091261 371 Remove [] from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A S2-0 S2-0 RP-46 RP-091261 373R1 Corrections to RMC-s for Maximum input level test for low UE categories S2-0 RP-46 RP-091261 377 Correction of UE-category for R.30 S2-0 S2-0 RP-46 RP-091261 378 Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for TS36.101 S2-0 S2-0 RP-46 RP-091262 384 S4-0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	359	RAN 4 52bis in R4-093846)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 369 Numbering of PDSCH/PCFICH, PHICH, PBCH Demod Tests 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 371 Remove from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Corrections to RMC-s for Maximum input level test for low UE categories 0.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 377 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091286 378 Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for TS36.101 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 additional spurious emissions requirements for Band 1 PHS protection 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 386R3 Spurious emission requirements for TDD bands 33 and 38. 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 390 Spurious emission table correction for TDD bands 33 and 38. 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 394 UTRACLR1 requirement definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW completed 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 396 Introduction of the ACK/NACK feedback modes for TDD requirements RP-091262 404R3 CR Power control exception R8 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 404R3 CR Power control exception R8 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 404R3 CR Power control exception R8 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 416R1 Relative power tolerance: special case for receiver tests 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	363	RAN 4 52bis in R4-093970)	9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 367 Demodulation Tests 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 371 Remove [] from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 371 Remove [] from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091264 373R1 Corrections to RMC-s for Maximum input level test for low UE categories 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091261 377 Correction of UE-category for R.30 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091286 378 Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for TS36.101 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 384 Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for Band 1 PHS additional spurious emissions requirements for Band 1 PHS additional spurious emissions requirements for Band 1 PHS protection 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 386R3 Clarification of measurement conditions of spurious emission requirements at the edge of spurious domain 9.2.0 12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 392R2 36.101 Symbols and abreviations for Pcmax 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091292	364	52bis in R4-094020)	9.2.0
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12-2009 RP-46 RP-091262 416R1 Relative power tolerance: special case for receiver tests 9.2.0	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262			9.2.0
12-2009 RP-46 RP-091263 420R1 CSI reporting: test configuration for CQI fading requirements 9.2.0						
	12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	420R1	CSI reporting: test configuration for CQI fading requirements	9.2.0

12-2009	RP-46	RP-091284	421R1	Inclusion of Band 20 UE RF parameters	9.2.0
				Editorial corrections and updates to Clause 8.2.1 FDD	
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	425	demodulation test cases	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	427	CR: time mask	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	430	Correction of the payload size for PDCCH/PCFICH performance requirements	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	432	Transport format and test point updates to RI reporting test cases	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	434	Transport format and test setup updates to frequency-selective interference CQI tests	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	436	CR RI reporting configuration in PUCCH 1-1 test	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	438	Addition of R.11-1 TDD references	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091292	439	Performance requirements for LTE MBMS	9.2.0
12-2009 12-2009	RP-46 RP-46	RP-091262 RP-091262	442R1 444R1	In Band Emissions Requirements Correction CR PCMAX definition	9.2.0 9.2.0
03-2010	RP-46 RP-47	RP-091262 RP-100246	453r1	Corrections of various errors in the UE RF requirements	9.2.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100246	462r1	UTRA ACLR measurement bandwidths for 1.4 and 3 MHz	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100246	493	Band 8 Coexistence Requirement Table Correction	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100246	489r1	Rel 9 CR for Band 14	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100246	485r1	CR Band 1- PHS coexistence	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100247	501	Fading CQI requirements for FDD mode	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100247	499	CR correction to RI test	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100249	451	Reporting mode, Reporting Interval and Editorial corrections for demodulation	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100249	464r1	Corrections to 1PRB PDSCH performance test in presence of MBSFN.	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100249	458r1	OCNG corrections	9.3.0
03-2010 03-2010	RP-47 RP-47	RP-100249 RP-100249	467 465r1	Addition of ONCG configuration in DRS performance test PDSCH performance tests for low UE categories	9.3.0 9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100249 RP-100250	460r1	Use of OCNG in CSI tests	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100250	491r1	Corrections to CQI test configurations	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100250	469r1	Corrections of some CSI test parameters	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100251	456r1	TBS correction for RMC UL TDD 16QAM full allocation BW 1.4 MHz	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100262	449	Editorial corrections on Band 19 REFSENS	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100263	470r1	Band 20 UE RF requirements	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100264	446r1	A-MPR for Band 21	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100264	448	RF requirements for UE in later releases 36.101 CR: Editorial corrections on LTE MBMS reference	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100268	445	measurement channels The definition of the Doppler shift for LTE MBSFN Channel	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100268	454	Model	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100239	478r3	Modification of the spectral flatness requirement and some editorial corrections	9.3.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	559	Corrections of tables for Additional Spectrum Emission Mask	9.4.0
06-2010 06-2010	RP-48 RP-48	RP-100619 RP-100619	538 557r2	Correction of transient time definition for EVM requirements CR on UE coexistence requirement	9.4.0 9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	547r1	Correction of antenna configuration and beam-forming model for DRS	9.4.0
06-2010				CR: Corrections on MIMO demodulation performance	9.4.0
06 2010	RP-48	RP-100619	536r1	requirements Corrections on the definition of PCMAX	
06-2010 06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	528r1	Relaxation of the PDSCH demodulation requirements due to	9.4.0
33 2010	RP-48	RP-100619	568	control channel errors	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	566	Correction of the UE output power definition for RX tests	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100620	505r1	Fading CQI requirements for TDD mode	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100620	521	Correction to FRC for CQI index 0	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100620	516r1	Correction to CQI test configuration	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100620	532	Correction of CQI and PMI delay configuration description for TDD	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100620	574	Correction to FDD and TDD CSI test configurations	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100620	571	Minimum requirements for Rank indicator reporting	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100628	563	LTE MBMS performance requirements (FDD)	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100628	564	LTE MBMS performance requirements (TDD)	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100629	553r2	Performance requirements for dual-layer beamforming	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100630	524r2	CR: low Category CSI requirement	9.4.0
06-2010 06-2010	RP-48	RP-100630	519	Correction of FRC reference and test case numbering	9.4.0
	RP-48	RP-100630	526	Correction of carrier frequency and EARFCN of Band 21 for TS36.101 Addition of PDSCH TDD DRS demodulation tests for Low UE	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100630	508r1	categories	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100630	539	Specification of minimum performance requirements for low UE category	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100630	569	Addition of minimum performance requirements for low UE	9.4.0

	<u> </u>			category TDD CRS single-antenna port tests	
06-2010				Introduction of sustained downlink data-rate performance	9.4.0
	RP-48	RP-100631	549r3	requirements	
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100683	530r1	Band 20 Rx requirements	9.4.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	614r2	Add OCNG to MBMS requirements	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	599	Correction of PDCCH content for PHICH test	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	597r1	Beamforming model for transmission on antenna port 7/8	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	600r1	Correction of full correlation in frequency-selective CQI test	9.5.0
09-2010				Correction on single-antenna transmission fixed reference	
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	601	channel	9.5.0
09-2010				Reference sensitivity requirements for the 1.4 and 3 MHz	
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100914	605	bandwidths	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	608r1	CR for DL sustained data rate test	9.5.0
09-2010				Correction of references in section 10 (MBMS performance	
	RP-49	RP-100919	611	requirements)	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100914	613	Band 13 and Band 14 spurious emission corrections	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100919	617r1	Rx Requirements	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100926	576r1	Clarification on DL-BF simulation assumptions	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	582r1	Introduction of additional Rel-9 scenarios	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100925	575r1	Correction to band 20 ue to ue Co-existence table	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	581r1	Test configuration corrections to CQI reporting in AWGN	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	595	Corrections to RF OCNG Pattern OP.1 and 2	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100919	583	Editorial corrections of 36.101	9.5.0
09-2010				Addition of minimum performance requirements for low UE	
-	RP-49	RP-100920	586	category TDD tests	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100914	590r1	Downlink power for receiver tests	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	591	OCNG use and power in beamforming tests	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	593	Throughput for multi-datastreams transmissions	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100914	588	Missing note in Additional spurious emission test with NS_07	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100927	596r2	CR LTE_TDD_2600_US spectrum band definition additions to	10.0.0
00 20.0			000.2	TS 36.101	10.0.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101309	680	Demodulation performance requirements for dual-layer	10.1.0
				beamforming	
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101325	672	Correction on the statement of TB size and subband selection in	10.1.0
			0.2	CSI tests	
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101327	652	Correction to Band 12 frequency range	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101329	630	Removal of [] from TDD Rank Indicator requirements	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101329	635r1	Test configuration corrections to CQI TDD reporting in AWGN	10.1.0
12 2010	111 00	101020	00011	(Rel-10)	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101330	645	EVM window length for PRACH	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101330	649	Removal of NS signalling from TDD REFSENS tests	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101330	642r1	Correction of Note 4 In Table 7.3.1-1: Reference sensitivity	10.1.0
12 2010	111 00	111 101000	04211	QPSK PREFSENS	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	627	Add 20 RB UL Ref Meas channel	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	654r1	Additional in-band blocking requirement for Band 12	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	678	Further clarifications for the Sustained Downlink Data Rate Test	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	673r1	Correction on MBMS performance requirements	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101349	667r3	CR Removing brackets of Band 41 reference sensitivity to TS	10.1.0
12-2010	101 -30	101343	00713	36.101	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101356	666r2	Band 42 and 43 parameters for UMTS/LTE 3500 (TDD) for TS	10.1.0
12 20 10	111 -30	131 101330	30012	36.101	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101359	646r1	CR for CA, UL-MIMO, eDL-MIMO, CPE	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101359	620r1	Introduction of L-band in TS 36.101	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101379	670r1	Correction on the PMI reporting in Multi-Laye Spatial	10.1.0
12-2010	111-50	171 -1013/9	07011	Multiplexing performance test	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101380	679r1	Adding antenna configuration in CQI fading test case	10.1.0
01-2011	111 -00	131 101300	07 01 1	Clause numbering correction	10.1.1
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110359	695	Removal of E-UTRA ACLR for CA	10.1.1
		RP-110339	699	PDCCH and PHICH performance: OCNG and power settings	
	RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338	706r1		10.2.0 10.2.0
03-2011			706F1 707r1	Spurious emissions measurement uncertainty REFSENSE in lower SNR	10.2.0
03-2011		DD_110252	1 / / / / / /		
03-2011 03-2011	RP-51	RP-110352		L DIM portormanco. Dowor cottingo and proceding granularity	1020
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338	710	PMI performance: Power settings and precoding granularity	10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359	710 715r2	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10	10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338	710	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image	
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359	710 715r2 717	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection	10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359	710 715r2 717 719	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359	710 715r2 717	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with	10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359 RP-110343 RP-110343	710 715r2 717 719 723	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359 RP-110343 RP-110343	710 715r2 717 719 723 726r1	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission Correction to the PUSCH3-0 subband tests for Rel-10	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110338	710 715r2 717 719 723 726r1 730	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission Correction to the PUSCH3-0 subband tests for Rel-10 Removing the square bracket for TS36.101	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359 RP-110343 RP-110343	710 715r2 717 719 723 726r1	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission Correction to the PUSCH3-0 subband tests for Rel-10 Removing the square bracket for TS36.101 Removal of square brackets for dual-layer beamforming	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110338 RP-110359 RP-110359 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110338	710 715r2 717 719 723 726r1 730	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10 Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission Correction to the PUSCH3-0 subband tests for Rel-10 Removing the square bracket for TS36.101	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0

00.0011	DD 5:	DD 4400.10	750-4	Footbands Control to 10 O C C D D C D D D D D	40.00
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	756r1	Further clarifications for the Sustained Downlink Data Rate Test	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	759	Removal of square brackets in sustained data rate tests	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110337	762r1	Clarification to LTE relative power tolerance table	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	764	Introducing UE-selected subband CQI tests	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	765	Verification framework for PUSCH 2-2 and PUCCH 2-1 reporting	10.2.0
04-2011	55.50	55 //222/		Editorial: Spec Title correction, removal of "Draft"	10.2.1
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110804	766	Add Expanded 1900MHz Band (Band 25) in 36.101	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110795	768	Fixing Band 24 inclusion in TS 36.101	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110788	772	CR: Corrections for UE to UE co-existence requirements of Band 3	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110812	774	Add 2GHz S-Band (Band 23) in 36.101	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	782	CR: Band 19 A-MPR refinement	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110796	787	REFSENS in lower SNR	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	805	Clarification for MBMS reference signal levels	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110792	810	FDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110787	814	Correction on CQI mapping index of RI test	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	824	Corrections to in-band blocking table	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110794	826	Correction of TDD Category 1 DRS and DMRS RMCs	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110794	828	TDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110796	829	Correction of TDD RMC for Low SNR Demodulation test	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110796	830	Informative reference sensitivity requirements for Low SNR for	10.3.0
				TDD	
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110787	778r1	Minor corrections to DL-RMC-s for Maximum input level	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	832	PDCCH and PHICH performance: OCNG and power settings	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	818r1	Correction on 2-X PMI test for R10	10.3.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110791	816r1	Addition of performance requirements for dual-layer	10.3.0
				beamforming category 1 UE test	
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	834	Performance requirements for PUCCH 2-0, PUCCH 2-1 and	10.3.0
				PUSCH 2-2 tests	
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110807	835r1	CR for UL MIMO and CA	10.3.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	862r1	Removal of unnecessary channel bandwidths from REFSENS	10.4.0
				tables	
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	869r1	Clarification on BS precoding information field for RI FDD and	10.4.0
	1			PUCCH 2-1 PMI tests	
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	872r1	CR for B14Rx requirement Rrel 10	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	890r1	CR to TS36.101: Correction on the accuracy test of CQI.	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	893	CR to TS36.101: Correction on CQI mapping index of TDD RI	10.4.0
00.0044	DD 50	DD 444040	1004	test	40.40
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	904	Correction of code block numbers for some RMCs	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	907	Correction to UL RMC for FDD and TDD	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	914r1	Adding codebook subset restriction for single layer closed-loop spatial multiplexing test	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111251	883	Sustained data rate: Correction of the ACK/NACK feedback	10.4.0
09-2011	KF-55	KF-111231	883	mode	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111251	929	36.101 CR on MBSFN FDD requirements(R10)	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111251	938	TDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111252	895	Further clarification for the dual-layer beamforming demodulation	10.4.0
00 20	1 00	1202		requirements	
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111255	908r1	Introduction of Band 22	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111255	939	Modifications of Band 42 and 43	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111260	944	CR for TS 36.101 Annex B: Static channels for CQI tests	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111262	878r1	Correction of CSI reference channel subframe description	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111262	887	Correction to UL MIMO	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111262	926r1	Power control accuracy for intra-band carrier aggregation	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111262	927r1	In-band emissions requirements for intra-band carrier	10.4.0
				aggregation	
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111262	930r1	Adding the operating band for UL-MIMO	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111265	848	Corrections to intra-band contiguous CA RX requirements	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111265	863	Intra-band contiguos CA MPR requirement refinement	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111265	866r1	Intra-band contiguous CA EVM	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111266	935	Introduction of the downlink CA demodulation requirements	10.4.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111266	936r1	Introduction of CA UE demodulation requirements for TDD	10.4.0
12-2011	RP-54			Corrections of UE categories of Rel-10 reference channels for	10.5.0
		RP-111684	947	RF requirements	
12-2011	RP-54			Alternative way to define channel bandwidths per operating band	10.5.0
40.55::	DD 5 :	RP-111684	948	for	10 = -
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111686	949	CR for TS36.101: Adding note to the function of MPR	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	DD 444000	050	Clarification on applying CSI reports during rank switching in RI	10.5.0
1	DD 51	RP-111680	950	FDD test - Rel-10	40.5.0
40.0044	RP-54	RP-111734	953r1	Corrections for Band 42 and 43 introduction	10.5.0
12-2011		DD 444000			
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111680	956	UE spurious emissions	10.5.0
12-2011 12-2011	RP-54 RP-54	RP-111682	959	Add scrambling identity n_SCID for MU-MIMO test	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54				

12-2011	RP-54	RP-111733	963r1	Correction of frequency range for spurious emission requirements	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111680	966	General review of the reference measurement channels	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111691	945	Corrections of Rel-10 demodulation performance requirements This CR is only partially implemented due to confliction with CR 966	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111684	946	Corrections of UE categories for Rel-10 CSI requirements This CR is only partially implemented due to confliction with CR 966	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111691	982r2	Introduction of SDR TDD test scenario for CA UE demodulation This CR is only partially implemented due to confliction with CR 966	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111693	971r1	CR on Colliding CRS for non-MBSFN ABS	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111693	972r1	Introduction of eICIC demodulation performance requirements for FDD and TDD	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111686	985	Adding missing UL configuration specification in some UE receiver requirements for case of 1 CC UL capable UE	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111684	998	Correction and maintenance on CQI and PMI requirements (Rel- 10)	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111735	1004	MPR for CA Multi-cluster	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111691	1005	CA demodulation performance requirements for LTE FDD	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111692	1006	CQI reporting accuracy test on frequency non-selective scheduling on eDL MIMO	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111692	1007	CQI reporting accuracy test on frequency-selective scheduling on eDL MIMO	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111692	1008	PMI reporting accuracy test for TDD on eDL MIMO	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111692	1009r1	CR for TS 36.101: RI performance requirements	10.5.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111692	1010r1	CR for TS 36.101: Introduction of static CQI tests (Rel-10)	10.5.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120291	1014	RF: Updates and corrections to the RMC-s related annexes (Rel- 10)	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120300	1015r1	On eICIC ABS pattern	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120300	1016r1	On eICIC interference models	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120299	1017r1	TS36.101 CR: on eDL-MIMO channel model using cross- polarized antennas	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1020r1	TS36.101 CR: Correction to MBMS Performance Test Parameters	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120303	1021	Harmonic exceptions in LTE UE to UE co-ex tests	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1023	Unified titles for Rel-10 CSI tests	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120300	1033r1	Introduction of reference channel for eICIC demodulation	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1040r1	Correction of Actual code rate for CSI RMCs	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1041r1	Definition of synchronized operation	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120296	1048r1	Intra band contiguos CA Ue to Ue Co-ex	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120296	1049r1	REL-10 CA specification editorial consistency	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120299	1053	Beamforming model for TM9	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120296	1054	Requirement for CA demodulation with power imbalance	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120298	1057	Updating Band 23 duplex specifications	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120298	1058r1	Correcting UE Coexistence Requirements for Band 23	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1059r1	CA demodulation performance requirements for LTE TDD	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1061	Requirement for CA SDR FDD test scenario	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120293	1064r1	TS36.101 RF editorial corrections Rel 10	10.6.0
03-2012 03-2012	RP-55 RP-55	RP-120299 RP-120304	1067r1 1071r1	Introduction of TM9 demodulation performance requirements Introduction of a CA demodulation test for UE soft buffer	10.6.0 10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120296	1072	management testing MPR formula correction For intra-band contiguous CA Bandwidth Class C	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120303	1077r1	CR for 36.101: B41 REFSENS and MOP changes to accommodate single filter architecture	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120300	1082	TM3 tests for elCIC	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120300	1083r1	Introduction of requirements of CQI reporting definition for eclCIC	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120304	1084	eDL MIMO CSI requirements	10.6.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120306	1070r1	Introduction of Band 26/XXVI to TS 36.101	11.0.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120310	1074	Band 41 CA CR for TS36.101, section 5	11.0.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120310	1075r1	Band 41 CA CR for TS36.101, section 6	11.0.0
03-2012	RP-55	RP-120310	1076	Band 41 CA CR for TS36.101, section 7	11.0.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120795	1085r2	Modulator specification tightening	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120777	1087r1	Carrier aggregation Relative power tolerance, removal of TBD.	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120783	1089	UE spurious emissions for Band 7 and Band 38 coexistence	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120780	1009	Deleting square brackets in Reference Measurement Channels	11.1.0
	RP-56		1092	CR to TS36.101: Correction on parameters for the eDL-MIMO CQI and PMI tests	
06-2012	NC-7/7	RP-120779	1097	CQI and PMI tests CR to TS36.101: Fixed reference channel for PDSCH demodulation performance requirements on eDL-MIMO – NOT	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120780	1098r1	implemented as it is based on a wrong version of the spec	11.1.0

06-2012	RP-56	RP-120774	1107	RMC correction on eDL-MIMO RI test	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120774	1108r1	FRC correction on frequency selective CQI and PMI test (Rel-	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120774	1111	11) Correction on test point for PMI test (Rel-11)	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120774	1114r1	Corrections and clarifications on eICIC demodulation test	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	111411 1117r1	Corrections and clarifications on eICIC demodulation test	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120783	1119r1	Corrections and claimications on elocic Contests Corrections on UE performance requirements	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120773	1120	Introduction of CA band combination Band1 + Band19 to TS	11.1.0
				36.101	
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120769	1127	Addition of ETU30 channel model	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120773	1140	Addition of Maximum Throughput for R.30-1 TDD RMC	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120779	1141	CR for 36.101: The clarification of MPR and A-MPR for CA	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	1142	Corrections for elCIC demod test case with MBSN ABS	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120785	1144	Removing brackets of contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_04	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	1149r1	Introduction of PDCCH test with colliding RS on MBSFN-ABS	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	1153r1	Some clarifications and OCNG pattern for elCIC demodulation requirements	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120773	1155	Introduction of TDD CA Soft Buffer Limitation	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120795	1156	B26 and other editorial corrections	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120779	1161	Corrections on CQI and PMI test	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120780	1163	FRC for TDD PMI test	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120778	1165r1	Clean-up of UL-MIMO for TS36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120782	1171	Removal of unnecessary references to single carrier	11.1.0
				requirements from Interband CA subclauses	
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120781	1174	PDCCH wrong detection in receiver spurious emissions test	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120776	1184	Corrections to 3500 MHz	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120793	1189r2	Introduction of Band 44	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	1193r1	Target SNR setting for eICIC demodulation requirement	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120780	1196	Editorial simplification to CA REFSENS UL allocation table	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120778	1199	Correction of wrong table refernces in CA receiver tests	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120791	1200r1	Introduction of e850_LB (Band 27) to TS 36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120764	1212	Correction of PHS protection requirements for TS 36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120793	1213r1	Introduction of Band 28 into TS36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120781	1215r1	Proposed revision of subclause 4.3A for TS36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120781	1217r1	Proposed revision on subclause 6.3.4A for TS36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120795	1219r1	Aligning requirements between Band 18 and Band 26 in TS36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120782	1221	SNR definition	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120778	1223	Correction of CSI configuration for CA TM4 tests R11	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120773	1225	CR on CA UE receiver timing window R11	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	1226	Extension of static elCIC CQI test	11.1.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121294	1230	Correct Transport Block size in 9RB 16QAM Uplink Reference Measurement Channel	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1233r1	RF: Corrections to power allocation parameters for transmission mode 8 (Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1235	RF-CA: non-CA notation and applicability of test points in	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121305	1237	scenarios without and with CA operation (Rel-11) ACK/NACK feedback modes for FDD and TDD TM4 CA	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121305	1239	demodulation requirements (Rel-11) Correction of feedback mode for CA TDD demodulation	11.2.0
				requirements (resubmission of R4-63AH-0194 for Rel-11)	
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1241	ABS pattern setup for MBSFN ABS test (resubmission of R4- 63AH-0204 for Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1243	CR on eICIC CQI definition test (resubmission of R4-63AH-0205 for Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1245	Transmission of CQI feedback and other corrections (Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1247	Target SNR setting for eICIC MBSFN-ABS demodulation requirements (Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121335	1248	Introduction of CA_1_21 RF requirements into TS36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121300	1251	Corrections of spurious emission band UE co-existence	11.2.0
00.0040	DD 57	DD 404000	1050	applicable in Japan	44.0.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1253	Correction on RMC for frequency non-selective CQI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1255	Requirements for the eDL-MIMO CQI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1257	Clarification on PDSCH test setup under MBSFN ABS	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121316	1258	Update of Band 28 requirements	11.2.0
09-2012 09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313 RP-121298	1262	Applicability of statement allowing RBW < Meas BW for spurious	11.2.0
	RP-57		1265	Clarification of RB allocation for DRS demodulation tests Removal of brackets for CA Tx	11.2.0
09-2012 09-2012	RP-57 RP-57	RP-121304 RP-121337	1267 1268r1	TS 36.101 CR for CA_38	11.2.0 11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121337 RP-121327	1269	Introduction of CA_B7_B20 in 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1271	Corrections of FRC subframe allocations and other minor	11.2.0
00 2012	111 -51	101-121313	'2'	problems	11.2.0
	RP-57	RP-121305	1274	Introduction of requirements for TDD CA Soft Buffer Limitation	11.2.0

09-2012	RP-57	RP-121307	1276	Correction of eDL-MIMIO CSI RMC tables and references	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121307	1278	Correction of MIMO channel model for polarized antennas	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121303	1280	Addition of 15 and 20MHz Bandwidths for Band 23 to TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121334	1283r1	Add requirements for inter-band CA of B_1-18 and B_11-18 in TS36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1285r1	CR for MPR mask for multi-clustered simultaneous transmission in single CC in Rel-11	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121447	1288r2	Introduction of Japanese Regulatory Requirements to LTE Band 8(R11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121315	1289	CR for Band 27 MOP	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121315	1290	CR for Band 27 A-MPR	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121316	1291	CR to replace protected frequency range with new band number 27	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121215	1292r1	Introduction of CA band combination Band3 + Band5 to TS 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1300r1	Requirements for eDL-MIMO RI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1304	Corrections to TM9 demodulation tests	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1306	Correction to PCFICH power parameter setting	11.2.0
09-2012 09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306 RP-121306	1310r1 1313r1	Correction on frequency non-selective CQI test eDL-MIMO CQI/PMI test	11.2.0 11.2.0
09-2012		RP-121306	131311	Correction of the definition of unsynchronized operation	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1320r1	Correction to Transmit Modulation Quality Tests for Intra-Band	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57		1324r2	CA 36.101 CR for LTE_CA_B7	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121338 RP-121331	132412	Introduction of CA_3_20 RF requirements into TS36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121331	1325	A-MPR table correction for NS 18	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1332r1	Bandwidth combination sets for intra-band and inter-band carrier	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1339	aggregation Introduction of LTE Advanced Carrier Aggregation of Band 4 and	11.2.0
				Band 13	
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121326	1340r1	Introduction of CA configurations CA-12A-4A and CA-17A-4A	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121324	1341	Introduction of CA_B3_B7 in 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121328	1343	Introduction of Band 2 + Band 17 inter-band CA configuration into 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1351	FRC for TM9 FDD	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121295	1352	Random precoding granularity in PMI tests	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1358	Introduction of RI test for elCIC	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1360	Notes for deltaTib and deltaRib tables	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1361	CR for A-MPR masks for NS_CA_1C	11.2.0 11.3.0
12-2012 12-2012	RP-58	RP-121884 RP-121870	1362 1363	Introduction of CA_3_8 RF requirements to TS 36.101 Removal of square brackets for Band 27 in Table 5.6.1-1	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1366	Some changes related to CA tests and overview table of DL	11.3.0
				measurement channels	
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1368	Correction of elCIC CQI tests	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1370	Correction of elCIC demodulation tests	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862 RP-121862	1374	Correction on CSI-RS subframe offset parameter	11.3.0
12-2012 12-2012	RP-58 RP-58	RP-121862	1376 1382	Correction on FRC table in CSI test Correction of reference channel table for TDD eDL-MIMIO RI test	11.3.0 11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121850	1386	OCNG patterns for Sustained Data rate testing	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121867	1388r1	Introduction of one periodic CQI test for CA deployments	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121894	1396	Introduction of CA_B5_B12 in 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121850	1401	Introducing the additional frequency bands of 5 MHz x 2 in 1.7 GHz in Japan to Band 3	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121887	1406r1	Reference sensitivity for the small bandwidth of CA_4-12	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1407	CR on elCIC RI test	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1409	Cleaning of 36.101 Performance sections Rel-11	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1416	Out-of-band blocking requirements for inter-band carrier aggregation	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1418	Adding missed SNR reference values for CA soft buffer tests	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121890	1422	Introduction of CA_4A-5A into 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121867	1431	Clean up of specification R11	11.3.0
12-2012 12-2012	RP-58 RP-58	RP-121867	1436 1437r1	Band 1 to Band 33 and Band 39 UE coexistence requirements	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121871 RP-121896	1438	Editorial corrections for Band 26 Introduction of Band 5 + Band 17 inter-band CA configuration into 36.101	11.3.0 11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1442	Correction of eDL-MIMO RI test and RMC table for the CSI test	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1444	Minor correction to ceiling function example - rel11	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1449	Correction of SNR definition	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1450	Brackets clean up for elCIC CSI/demodulation	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1455	CR on elCIC RI testing (Rel-11)	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1459	Correction on FRC table	11.3.0
		RP-121879	1461r1	CR for LTE B14 HPUE (Power Class 1)	

12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1464	Adding references to the appropriate beamforming model (Rel- 11)	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121898	1465r1	Introduction of CA_8_20 RF requirements into TS36.101	11.3.0
2-2012	RP-58	RP-121882	1468r1	Introduction of inter-band CA_11-18 into TS36.101	11.3.0
2-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1472r1	Introduction of advanced receivers demodulation performance (FDD)	11.3.0
2-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1473r1	Introduction of performance requirements for verifying the receiver type for advanced receivers (FDD/TDD)	11.3.0
2-2012	RP-58	RP-121886	1474	CR to remove the square bracket of A-MPR in TS36.101	11.3.0
2-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1474	Correction of some errors in reference sensitivity for CA in TS	11.3.0
				36.101 (R11)	
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1480r1	Introduction of Advanced Receivers Test Cases for TDD	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121901	1490r1	Introduction of Band 29	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121849	1494	Low-channel Band 1 coexistence with PHS	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1498r1	Completion of the tables of bandwidth combinations specified for CA	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1499r1	Exceptions to REFSENS requrirements for class A2 CA combinations	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121892	1500	Introduction of carrier aggregation configuration CA_4-7	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121870	1504	Editorial corrections to Band 27 specifications	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121878	1505	Band 28 AMPR for DTV protection	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121852	1509r1	UE-UE coexistence between bands with small frequency separation	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121911	1510	Adding UE-UE Coexistence Requirement for Band 3 and Band	11.3.0
12 2012	DD FO	DD 404000	1512	26 Maintenance of Band 23 UE Coexistence	14.0.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121866	1513		11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121851	1515	Corrections to TM4 rank indicator Test 3	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1517	Correction of test configuraitons and FRC for CA demodulation with power imbalance	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1518	Applicable OFDM symbols of Noc_2 for PDCCH/PCFICH ABS- MBSFN test cases	11.3.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130279	1519	OCNG patterns for Enhanced Performance Requirements Type A	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130277	1520	Corrections on in-band blocking for Band 29 for carrier aggregation	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130268	1523	Brackets removal in Rel-11 TM4 rank indicator Test 3	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130279	1524r1	Cleanup of Advanced Receivers requirement scenarios for	11.4.0
00 2010	10 33	100275	102411	demodulation and CSI (FDD/TDD)	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130258	1528	Corrections to CQI reporting	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130262	1536	Corrections for elCIC performance requirements (rel-11)	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130264	1539	Correction of CA power imbalance performance requirements	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1543	Correction of a symbol for MPR in single carrier for TS	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1544r1	36.101(R11) Correction of some inter-band CA requiements for TS 36.101	11.4.0
				(R11)	
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130276	1546	Correction of contigous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_05	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1547r1	Clarification of spurious emission domain for CA in TS 36.101 (R11)	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130264	1548	CR for CA performance requirements	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130284	1553r1	Introduction of downlink non-contiguous CA into REL -11 TS 36.101	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1557	CA_1C: CA_NS_02 and CA_NS_03 A-MPR REL-11	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1560	Editorial corrections to subclause 5	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130267	1562	Addition of UE Regional Requirements to Band 23 Based on New Regulatory Order in the US	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130272	1567	Band 26: modification of A-MPR for 'NS_15'	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1571r1	Band 41 requirements for operation in China and Japan	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130260	1574	Remove [] from CSI test case parameters	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1575	Corrections to UE co-existence	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1579	UE-UE co-existence between Band 1 and Band 33/39	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1580	Correction on reference to note for Band 7 and 38 co-existence	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1584r1	Cleanup for CA UE RF requirements	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1586	Corrections on UL configuration for CA UE receiver	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1588	requirements Correction of Transmit modulation quality requirements for CA	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130268	1590	Revision of Common Test Parameters for User-specific Demodulation Tests	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130278	1595	Correction for a Band 27 A-MPR table	11.4.0
	RP-59		1595		11.4.0
03-2013 03-2013	RP-59	RP-130264		Correction of R12 DL Specification in Table 5.54.2	
	RP-59	RP-130287	1600r1	Correction of B12 DL Specification in Table 5.5A-2	11.4.0
02 2012	I KP-09	RP-130263	1602	Correction of table reference	11.4.0
03-2013 06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1604r1	Complementary description for definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas	11.5.0

R8s) - Rel 11	11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130770 1613 CR for 36.101 : Adding the definition of CA NS_0.5 and CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 for additional spurious emissions for CA_NS_0.6 fo	11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
CA_NS_06 for additional spurious emissions for CA	11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130776 1619 CR for introducing UE TM3 demodulation performance requirements under high speed Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130765 1623 Correction of test parameters for eICIC performance requirements under high speed Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130765 1625 Correction of test parameters for eICIC CSI requirements Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1627 Correction of test parameters for eICIC CSI requirements Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1629 Removal of note 2 from band 28 Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130770 1641 Correction of the CSI-RS parameter configuration Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130770 16501 Addition of Band 41 for intra-band non-contiguous CA for 36 Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130770 16501 Addition of Band 41 for intra-band non-contiguous CA Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130765 1656 Modification of configured output power to account for large tolerance Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1673 MPR for intra-band non-contiguous CA Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1673 Missing symbols in the NS_15 table Corrections to Rx requirements for inter-band CA configuration Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130770 1681r1 Correction for TS_36.101 MREFSENS exceptions Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130770 1685 Non-contiguous intraband CA channel spacing Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1689 Carrier aggregation in multi RAT and multiple band combina terminals Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1689 Carrier aggregation in multi RAT and multiple band combina terminals Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1697 Correction of UE maximum output power for intra-band CA (R11) Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1697 CR on the bandwidth coverage issue of CA demodulation performance (Rel-11) RP-60 RP-130766 1703 CR on the bandwidth coverage issue of CA CQI performance (Rel-11) Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1705 CR on the bandwidth coverage issue of CA CQI performance (Rel-11) Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1716 Corrections to NS_11 A-MPR Table Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1716 Corrections to NS_11 A-M	11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
requirements under high speed	11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130765 1623 Correction of test parameters for eICIC performance requirements	11.5.0 JE 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
requirements	JE 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 .101 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 ons 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
Ge-2013 RP-60 RP-130765 1627 Correction of resource allocation for the multiple PMI Cat 1 lest	JE 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 .101 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 ons 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
test	11.5.0 11.5.0 .101 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 ons 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
D6-2013 RP-60 RP-130766 1629 Removal of note 2 from band 28	11.5.0 .101 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 ons 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0 11.5.0
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emission mask for CA 09-2013 RP-61 RP-131281 1766 UE REFSENS when supporting intra-band CA and inter-bar	d 11.6.0
CA	u 11.0.0
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131279 1771 Correlation matrix for high speed train demodulation scenari	os 11.6.0
(Rel-11)	
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131280 1775 Corrections to sustained data rate test (Rel-11)	11.6.0
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131290 1785r1 CR for introduction of FeICIC CQI requirements	11.6.0
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131281 1793 Clarification of multi-cluster transmission	11.6.0
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131293 1799r1 CA UE Coexistence Table update (Release 11)	11.6.0
09-2013	11.6.0
09-2013	11.6.0
09-2013RP-61RP-1312811810Contiguous intraband CA REFSENS with one UL09-2013RP-61RP-1312931812r1Remianed Transmitter requirements for intra-band non-	11.6.0 11.6.0
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131293 1812r1 Remianed Transmitter requirements for intra-band non-contiguous CA	0.0.11
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131281 1816 Correction to Rel-11 A-MPR for CA_NS_04	i i
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131281 1820 The Pcmax clauses restructured	11.6.0
09-2013 RP-61 RP-131285 1830 MPR for intra-band non-contiguous CA	11.6.0 11.6.0
12-2013 RP-62 RP-131928 1846r1 Corrections to the notes in the band UE co-existence	11.6.0
requirements table (Rel-11)	
12-2013 RP-62 RP-131924 1851 Clean-up of uplink reference measurement channels (Rel-1:	11.6.0 11.6.0 11.7.0
12-2013 RP-62 RP-131937 1853r2 Introduction of test 1-A for CoMP	11.6.0 11.6.0 11.7.0) 11.7.0
12-2013 RP-62 RP-131931 1866 CA_NS_05 Emissions	11.6.0 11.6.0 11.7.0) 11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013 RP-62 RP-131939 1868 NS signaling for CA refsens	11.6.0 11.6.0 11.7.0) 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013 RP-62 RP-131928 1876r2 Intraband CA channel bandwidth combination table restruction of the combination of the combination table restruction of the combination o	11.6.0 11.6.0 11.7.0) 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013 RP-62 RP-131937 1879 CR Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with multiple Note)	11.6.0 11.6.0 11.7.0) 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 11.7.0 uring 11.7.0

				CSI-RS resources)	
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1886	CR on correction of definition on Fraction of Maximum	11.7.0
				Throughput for CA	
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1888	CR on correction of test configurations of CA soft buffer tests	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936 RP-131936	1892r1	CR for FelCIC demodulation performance requirements	11.7.0
12-2013 12-2013	RP-62 RP-62	RP-131936 RP-131936	1894r3 1896r3	CR on FelCIC PBCH performance requirement CR on RI reporting requirement	11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	1898	Beamforming model for EPDCCH localized test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	1900	Downlink physical setup for EPDCCH test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131926	1903	Correction on the UE category for elCIC CQI test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	1905	CR for receiver type verification test of CSI-RS based advanced	11.7.0
				receivers (Rel-11)	
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131928	1915r2	Allowed power reductions for multiple transmissions in a	11.7.0
40.0040	DD CO	DD 424020	4005-0	subframe	44.7.0
12-2013 12-2013	RP-62 RP-62	RP-131936 RP-131927	1925r2 1933r1	Introduce high SNR TM3 test for FelCIC PDSCH CR on correction of FRC of power imbalance test	11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131927	1936	UE-UE coexistence for Band 40	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1939r2	CR to Introduce fading CQI test for CoMP (FDD)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131927	1944	CR Removing Addition of ΔTc to P-MPR	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1954r2	CR Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding	11.7.0
				CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)	
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	1960	CA performance requirements for TDD intra-band NC CA	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	1961r1	Introduction of reference SNR-s for FeICIC demodulation	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	1963	performance requirements OCNG pattern for EPDCCH test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	1963 1967r1	Introduction of UE TM3 demodulation performance requirements	11.7.0
12 2010	111 -02	141 - 131939	130711	under ETU300	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1969r1	Introduction of test 1-A for CoMP TDD	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1971	Modification of TM9 test to verify correct SNR estimation	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131928	1983r1	Correction to blocking requirements and use of ΔR_{IB}	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1987r1	CR on test point clarification for CA demodulation test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1993r1	CR to Introduce fading CQI test for CoMP (TDD)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62 RP-62	RP-131937 RP-131937	1995 1997r1	CR to Introduce channel model for CoMP fading CQI tests	11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013 12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	19971 1999r1	CR to Introduce RI test for CoMP (FDD) Simplification of Band 12/17 in-band blocking test cases	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	2000r1	Distributed EPDCCH Demodulation Test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	2002r1	Localized EPDCCH Demodulation Test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	2004r1	Reference Measurement Channels for EPDCCH	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2006r1	Introduction of DL CoMP FDD static CQI test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2008r1	Introduction of DL CoMP TDD static CQI test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131924	2013	P-max for Band 38 to Band 7 coexistence	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2023r2	Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources) TDD	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2025r2	CR Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding	11.7.0
12 2010	1002	141 101001	202012	CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource) TDD	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	2027	Editoral change on FelCIC PBCH Noc setup	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	2034r1	Correction of nominal guard bands for bandwidth classes A and	11.7.0
				C	
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2041r1	CR to Introduce RI test for CoMP (TDD)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	2044	Correction of TDD PCFICH/PDCCH test parameter table	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62 RP-62	RP-131939	2046	Add EVA200 to table of channel model parameters	11.7.0
12-2013 12-2013	RP-62	RP-131926 RP-131938	2058 2065	CA_1C: Correction on CA_NS_02 A-MPR table Introduction of EPDCCH TM10 localized test R-11	11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	2067	Introduction of SDR test for PDSCH with EPDCCH scheduling	11.7.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140368	2091r1	CR for maintanence of CA soft buffer tests in Rel-11	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2096r1	CR on TM9 localized ePDCCH test	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2100r1	CR on reference measurement channel for ePDCCH test	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2105	Cleanup of the specification for FeICIC (Rel-11)	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2107r1	UL-DL configuration and other parameters for FelCIC TDD CQI	11.8.0
02 204 4	DD 62	DD 140275	2088	fading test (Rel-11)	11 0 0
03-2014 03-2014	RP-63 RP-63	RP-140375 RP-140371	2088 2109r1	CR for introduction of 15MHz based SDR tests in Rel-11 CR for TS36.101 COMP demodulation requirements	11.8.0 11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2111r1	CR for Combinations of channel model parameters	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2112	CR for EPDCCH power allocation (Rel-11)	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2085	CR on reference measurement channel for TM10 PDSCH	11.8.0
				demodulation test	
		RP-140374	2073r1	CR of EPDCCH localzied test with TM10 QCL Type-B	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63		1 1	configuration (Rel-11)	1
03-2014					
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140368	2146	Correction of coding rate for 18RBs in UL RMC table	11.8.0
03-2014 03-2014 03-2014	RP-63 RP-63	RP-140371	2130r1	Correction of coding rate for 18RBs in UL RMC table CR to finalize RI test for CoMP	11.8.0
03-2014 03-2014 03-2014 03-2014	RP-63 RP-63 RP-63	RP-140371 RP-140374	2130r1 2162r1	Correction of coding rate for 18RBs in UL RMC table CR to finalize RI test for CoMP Distributed EPDCCH Demodulation Test	11.8.0 11.8.0
03-2014 03-2014 03-2014	RP-63 RP-63	RP-140371	2130r1	Correction of coding rate for 18RBs in UL RMC table CR to finalize RI test for CoMP	11.8.0

03-2014	RP-63	RP-140368	2136	Configured transmitted power for CA	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2143r1	Channel spacing for non-contiguous intra-band carrier	11.8.0
				aggregation	
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2141	Clarification of contiguous and non-contiguous intra-band UE capabilities in the same band	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140368	2158	Correction of a table note for Pcmax	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140368	2121	CR for 36.101. Editorial correction on OCNG pattern	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2124r1	CR on correction of downlink SDR tests with EPDCCH	11.8.0
				scheduling	
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140375	2118	Introduction of requirements for SNR test for TM9	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2126r2	Correction on DL CoMP static CQI tests (Rel 11)	11.8.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140909	2176r2	RF: Corrections to spurious emission requirements with NS different than NS_01 (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2197r1	CR on correction on TDD IRC CQI test	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140917	2206r1	CR of EPDCCH localzied test with TM10 QCL Type-B	11.9.0
00 20	•	1		configuration (Rel-11): correction of CSI-RS configurations	
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2208	Clean up of TM9 SNR tests	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2214r1	Correction of UE TM3 demodulation performance requirements	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140917	2215r1	CR for EPDCCH test (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2217r1	CR of modification on FelCIC rank testing (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014 06-2014	RP-64 RP-64	RP-140914 RP-140918	2219r1 2221r1	CR on FelCIC PBCH performance requirement (Rel-11) Correction on out-of-band blocking for CA	11.9.0 11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2225	Update demodualtion performance requirements with new UE	11.9.0
00 20 14	111-04	10310	2220	categories	11.3.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2227r1	Correction for CA sustained data rate test (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2230r1	CR on OCNG and propagation conditions for dual layer TM9 test	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2232	Clarification of Intra-band contiguous CA class C Narrow band	11.9.0
				blocking requirements	
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2238	Correction for CA soft buffer test (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014 06-2014	RP-64 RP-64	RP-140911 RP-140914	2246r1 2255	Remove [] from elCIC TDD RI requirement Verification of exceptions of REFSENS requirements for carrier	11.9.0 11.9.0
06-2014	KP-04	RP-140914	2233	aggregation	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2257	Applicability of exceptions to reference sensitivity requirements for CA	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2261r1	Editorial corrections for UE performance requirments for R11	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140909	2268	In-band blocking case nubering re-establisment	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2272	CR for TS36.101 FRC tables for COMP demodulation	11.9.0
	55.04	55.446644	2004.4	requirements	
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2281r1	Finalization of CoMP demodulation test cases	11.9.0 11.9.0
06-2014 06-2014	RP-64 RP-64	RP-140914 RP-140914	2285 2287r1	CR for finalizing DL COMP CSI reporting requirements CR for adding DL CoMP CSI RMC tables (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2313	UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2317	Perf: Corrections to CA (Class C) performance with power imbalance (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2320r1	CR of modification on FelCIC rank testing (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2322r1	CR of introducing FeICIC TM9 testing (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140917	2324r1	CR for EPDCCH SDR test (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2327	Clean-up CR for demodulation requirements (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2332	Throughput calculation for elCIC demodulation requirements	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2334r1	Introduction of Band 28 requirements for flexible operation in Japan	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2336r1	Add missing Uplink downlink configuration to eICIC TDD RI requirement	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2340	Cleanup of terminology for Rx requirements	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2343	CR on separating CA UE demodulation tests from single carrier tests in Rel-11	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2350	Test configuration for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation power control	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2361r1	Correction of test configurations for intra-band non-contiguous aggregation	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2364	Clarification on CA bandwidth classes	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140917	2373	CR on correction of downlink SDR tests with EPDCCH	11.9.0
				scheduling	
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2376	Corrections on CA CQI tests	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2386r1	CR on PDSCH transmission for elCIC CSI requirements (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014 06-2014	RP-64 RP-64	RP-140914 RP-140918	2390 2393	CA_7C A-MPR Corrections CR for TS36.101 CSI RMC table	11.9.0 11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918 RP-140914	2393	CR for 1536.101 CSI RMC table CR on correction for TM10 CSI reporting requirements	11.9.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141525	2503	Perf: Cleanup and better description of DL-RMC-s with dynamic	11.10.0
55 E017	50	111020		coding rate for CSI requirements (Rel-11)	
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141525	2564	Corrections to UE coex table	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2433	Correction on support of a bandwidth combination set	11.10.0
00 0044	RP-65	RP-141527	2465	Unequal DL CC RB allocations in Maximum input level	11.10.0
09-2014 09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2468	Intra-band contiguous CA ACS case 2 test clarification	11.10.0

09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2483	Corrections on delta Tc for UE MOP for intra-band contiguous CA	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2486	Removal of Class B in UE TX requirement	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2515r1	CR for CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2518	Editorial CR for CA performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2547	Correction to NS_20 A-MPR for Band 23	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2446r1	CR of introducing FelCIC TM9 testing (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2453	Maintenance of CoMP demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2455	Clean-up CR for EPDCCH and FelCIC PBCH (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2470	Throughput calculation for felCIC demodulation requirements	11.10.0
	RP-65			CR on correction on CQI reporting TDD CSI meas in case two	
09-2014		RP-141532	2438	CSI subframe sets with CRS test (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2440	CR on correction on RI reporting CSI meas in case two CSI subframe sets with CRS tests (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2443	Clarification of high speed train scenario in 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2472r1	Max input for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2477	CQI reporting under fading: CQI indices in set	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2489	Correction on A-MPR table	11.10.0
				RF: Corrections to spurious emission band co-existence	
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2498	requirement for Band 44	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2521	CR on CA power imbalance tests in Rel-11	11.10.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2573	CR for REFSENSE in lower SNR and change history	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142142	2586	CR for 1 PRB allocation performance in presence of MBSFN	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2589	(rel-11) Maintenance of CA demodulation performance requirements	11.11.0
				(Rel-11)	
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2591	Clean up for FelCIC demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2628	CR to fix error of CA capability for CA performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2633	Editorial CR for UL configuration table for intra-band contiguous and non-contiguous CA in 36.101, Rel-11	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2636	Defintion of the bits in the bitmap for indication of modified MPR behavior	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2660	Maintenance of TM10 demodulation test configurations on PQI	11.11.0
40.0044	DD 00	DD 440440	0000-4	set and ZP-CSIRS (Rel-11 test 8.3.1.3.2, 8.3.2.4.2)	44.44.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2608r1	Correction on UE TM3 demodulation performance requirements	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2619r1	CQI reporting in AWGN: CQI indices in set	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2670r1	Correction of CoMP TDD CSI tests (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2640r1	Applicability of in-gap and out-of-gap measurements for intra- band NC CA	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2699	Delete the incorrect notes for FDD DMRS demodulation tests (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2719	Band 22 correction in UE to UE co-existance table.	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142148	2707r1	Introduction of minimum requirements for intra-band NC CA with	11.11.0
				timing offset	
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2726r1	CR for CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2675r1	CR to remove CA capability column in CA performance test tables (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2677r1	CR to specify applicability of CoMP RI test (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2746r1	TS36.101 removal of brackets (RF)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2754	Correction to Transmit Modulation Quality for CA	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2709r1	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2716r1	Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA	11.11.0
			<u> </u>	receiver requirement tables.	
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2734r1	Band 28 and NS_24	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2757	Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2750r1	Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2687r1	Removal of bracket for UL MIMO	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2696r1	Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2703r2	UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.11.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2763	Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2778	Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2782	Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance requirements type A	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2796	UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for eICIC/feICIC with MBSFN ABS	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2799	Correction to eICIC aggressor cell configurations	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2804	Removal of eDL-MIMO term from specification	11.12.0
03-2015					
ロスークロイケ	RP-67	RP-150382	2818	UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.12.0
					. 1110
03-2015 03-2015	RP-67 RP-67	RP-150382 RP-150381	2821 2829	Corrections to CA in-band emissions requirement Uplink RMCs for sustained data rate test	11.12.0 11.12.0

03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2832	Corrections to the CA power imbalance test	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150392	2841	Editorial CR for CA UE performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2846	UE spurious emissions structure correction for CA	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2849	Removal of Pcmax requirements for UL inter-band CA in early	11.12.0
				release	
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2865	Band 28 UE emissions correction	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2866	Implementation of CA configurations specified in later releases	11.12.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2869	Intra-band contiguous CA reference sensitivity definition for Class D	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2900	UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2908	Corrections on UL transmit power for CA receiver requirements	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	2916	Editorial CR for CA UE performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2930	3.5 GHz out-of-band blocking	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	2942	Correction of CA performance tests (Rel-11)	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	2946	Updates to the definitions of CA capability (Rel-11)	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2949	Clarification of PDSCH allocation in CSI PUSCH 3-0 felCIC tests (Rel-11)	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2955	NS value for intra-band contiguous CA configurations not allowed A-MPR	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150957	2957r1	Receiver spurious emissions requirements for downlink-only bands	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2970	Corrections to NS_22 and NS_23	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2991	Clarification to spurious emission requirement for the edge of spurious domain	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2995r1	Correction to CA_7C A-MPR in CA-NS_06	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	3001	CR for updating CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	3017	EVM for Intra-band contiguous UL CA for non-equal Channel BWs	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	3013r1	Clarification on uplink configuration for reference sensitivity of inter-band CA. – NOT implemented as it is based on a wrong version of the spec	11.13.0

09-2015	RP-69	RP-151476	3034			Correction to CoMP demodulation requirements	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3038			Correction to RI test parameters in TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151483	3048			UE co-existence requirements between Band 42 and Japanese bands	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151476	3063			Correction to RC.2 TDD Nr. HARQ Proc. into TS36.101	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3074			Correction to PDCCH/PCFICH test parameters in TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3078			Correction to PMI delay in PMI test for TDD	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3100			Correction on UE maximum output power class of Band 22 for UL MIMO	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3163			Correction of applicability of CA_NS_31	11.14.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3169a			Corrections to applicability of CSI requirements for low UE categories (Rel-11)	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152130	3200r1			CR: Removal of 1.4MHz MBMS test (Rel-11)	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3203			Correction of the AMPR table for NS_14 in TS 36.101 R11	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152130	3230			Correction to reference channel for CQI requirements	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3244 r1			CR on FRC for CDM-multiplexed DM RS	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3247			Correction to physical channel for CQI reporting in type A test case	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3267 r1			Clarification of Pcell support in 36.101 Rel-11 in CA scenarios	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3271 r1			A-MPR correction for CA_NS_06 CA-7C non-contiguous RB allocation	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152131	3283			Missing RB allocation and OCNG Pattern for Cat 1 UEs in Multiple PMI CSI Reference Symbol tests	11.15.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3379			Correction to Type A CQI test parameters in TS 36.101	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3393	1		Beamforming model correction on TM10 DPS UE tests	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160487	3401			[Rel-11] NS_05 modification for PHS protection in Japan	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3403			CQI reports in CoMP fading test	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160489	3434			Correction on UE category in Annex of TS 36.101	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3450			Correction to TDD CQI Reporting for felCIC	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3471			CR of editorial change on PHICH group and Ng in Rel-11	11.16.0
06/2016	RP-72	RP-161140	3536		F	Maintenance CR for demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.17.0
06/2016	RP-72	RP-161140	3612	-	F	CR: Maintenance CR for demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.17.0
06/2016	RP-72	RP-161141	3621	2	D	Editorial correction for TM4 MMSE-IRC PDSCH demodulation test	11.17.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161632	3653		А	Improving the single antenna port description in UL-MIMO clauses	11.18.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161784	3660		F	Correction of CA REFSENS harmonic formula	11.18.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161633	3669		F	CR: Update the power level setting for tests 8.3.1.2 and 8.3.2.3 (Rel-11)	11.18.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161633	3762		F	CR for fixing power level for TM9 dual layer test in Rel-11	11.18.0
09/2016	RP-73	RP-161633	3796		F	Correction of OCNG (Rel-11)	11.18.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162411	4019	1	Α	RMCs and applicabilility of core RF requirements	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162411	4028		Α	Correction of spurious emissions requirements for Band 9 range and intra-band CA	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162413	4062	1	F	Corrections to CA table reference and header	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162406	4099		Α	Versioning indicator bit for NS_04 A-MPR table	11.19.0
12/2016	RP-74	RP-162413	4155	1	F	RF: Beamforming model missing in chapter 9 TM9 receiver Type A tests (Rel-11)	11.19.0
01/2017	RP-74					Page header informatiom update	11.19.1
03/2017	RP-75	RP-170580	4210		F	Addition of missing note for bands 7 and 39 UE to UE co-ex	11.20.0
03/2017	RP-75	RP-170580	4214		F	Correction of CA_NS_06 non-contiguous resource allocation MPR formula	11.20.0
09/2017	RP-77	RP-171965	4518	2	Α	Correction of band 43 spurious emissions limit (Rel-11)	11.21.0
09/2017	RP-77	RP-171964	4594		Α	Correction for EPA delay profiles of r.m.s delay spread (Rel-11)	11.21.0
09/2017	RP-77	RP-171966	4636	ļ	F	Update to CA_NS_04 SEM and additional spurious emissions	11.21.0
12/2017	RP-78	RP-172605	4853		F	Update to A-MPR for CA_NS_04	11.22.0
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