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## Foreword

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## 1 Scope

The present document specifies the coding, multiplexing and mapping to physical channels for E-UTRA.

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [2] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical channels and modulation". 3GPP TS 36.213: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer [3] procedures". [4] 3GPP TS 36.306: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities". [5] 3GPP TS36.321, "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification" 3GPP TS36.331, "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource [6] Control (RRC) protocol specification"

3GPP TS23.285, "Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Architecture

3GPP TS 37.213: "Physical layer procedures for shared spectrum channel access".

Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

enhancements for V2X services"

## 3.1 Definitions

[7]

[8]

3

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in [1].

**BL/CE:** A Bandwidth-reduced Low-complexity or Coverage Enhanced (BL/CE) UE is capable of coverage enhancement mode A support and intends to access a cell in a coverage enhancement mode or is configured in a coverage enhancement mode.

Non-BL/CE: A non-BL/CE UE is a UE that does not fulfil the conditions in the above definition of a BL/CE UE.

## 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

 $N_{
m RB}^{
m DL}$ Downlink bandwidth configuration, expressed in number of resource blocks [2]  $N_{
m RB}^{
m UL}$ Uplink bandwidth configuration, expressed in number of resource blocks [2]  $N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{SL}}$ Sidelink bandwidth configuration, expressed in number of resource blocks [2]  $N_{
m subchannel}^{
m SL}$ Number of sidelink subchannels configured on the resource pool of a subcarrier [2]  $N_{\rm sc}^{\rm \,RB}$ Resource block size in the frequency domain, expressed as a number of subcarriers

 $N_{
m symb}^{
m PUSCH}$ Number of SC-FDMA symbols carrying PUSCH in a subframe

 $N_{
m symb}^{
m PUSCH\,-initial}$ Number of SC-FDMA symbols carrying PUSCH in the initial PUSCH transmission subframe

 $N_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{UL}}$ Number of SC-FDMA symbols in an uplink slot  $N_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{SL}}$ Number of SC-FDMA symbols in a sidelink slot

Number of SC-FDMA symbols used for SRS transmission in a subframe (0 or 1).  $N_{SRS}$ 

#### 3.3 **Abbreviations**

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

Autonomous Uplink

**AUL-DFI** AUL downlink feedback information **AUL-UCI** AUL uplink control information

**BCH** Broadcast channel Control Format Indicator **CFI** COT Channel Occupancy Time

CP Cyclic Prefix

**CSI Channel State Information** DCI **Downlink Control Information** Downlink Shared channel DL-SCH

E-UTRA NR Dual Connectivity with MCG using E-UTRA and SCG using NR **EN-DC** 

Enhanced Physical Downlink Control channel **EPDCCH** 

FDD Frequency Division Duplexing

HI **HARQ** indicator

LAA Licensed-Assisted Access

**MCH** Multicast channel

**MPDCCH** MTC Physical Downlink Control Channel Multiuser Superposition Transmission **MUST** 

NE-DC NR E-UTRA Dual Connectivity with MCG using NR and SCG using E-UTRA

Narrowband Physical Broadcast channel **NPBCH** 

Narrowband Physical Downlink Control channel **NPDCCH** Narrowband Physical Downlink Shared channel NPDSCH **NPRACH** Narrowband Physical Random Access channel **NPUSCH** Narrowband Physical Uplink Shared channel

**PBCH** Physical Broadcast channel

**PCFICH** Physical Control Format Indicator channel

Paging channel **PCH** 

Physical Downlink Control channel **PDCCH PDSCH** Physical Downlink Shared channel PHICH Physical HARQ indicator channel **PMCH** Physical Multicast channel **Precoding Matrix Indicator** PMI Physical Random Access channel **PRACH** Physical Sidelink Broadcast Channel **PSBCH PSCCH** Physical Sidelink Control Channel **PSDCH** Physical Sidelink Discovery Channel **PSSCH** Physical Sidelink Shared Channel Physical Uplink Control channel **PUCCH** Physical Uplink Shared channel

**RACH** Random Access channel

**PUSCH** 

DI

K1	Kalik Illulcation
SCI	Sidelink Control Information
SL-BCH	Sidelink Broadcast Channel
SL-DCH	Sidelink Discovery Channel
SL-SCH	Sidelink Shared Channel

Donk Indication

SPDCCH Short Physical Downlink Control channel SPUCCH Short Physical Uplink Control channel

SR Scheduling Request
SRS Sounding Reference Signal
TDD Time Division Duplexing

TPMI Transmitted Precoding Matrix Indicator

UCI Uplink Control Information UL-SCH Uplink Shared channel

## 4 Mapping to physical channels

The mapping to physical channels for Narrowband IoT is provided in clause 6.1.

## 4.1 Uplink

Table 4.1-1 specifies the mapping of the uplink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 4.1-2 specifies the mapping of the uplink control channel information to its corresponding physical channel.

**Table 4.1-1** 

TrCH	Physical Channel
UL-SCH	PUSCH
RACH	PRACH

**Table 4.1-2** 

Control information	Physical Channel
UCI	PUCCH, PUSCH, SPUCCH

## 4.2 Downlink

Table 4.2-1 specifies the mapping of the downlink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 4.2-2 specifies the mapping of the downlink control channel information to its corresponding physical channel.

**Table 4.2-1** 

TrCH	Physical Channel
DL-SCH	PDSCH
BCH	PBCH
PCH	PDSCH
MCH	PMCH

**Table 4.2-2** 

Control information	Physical Channel
CFI	PCFICH
HI	PHICH
DCI	PDCCH, EPDCCH, MPDCCH, SPDCCH

## 4.3 Sidelink

Table 4.3-1 specifies the mapping of the sidelink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 4.3-2 specifies the mapping of the sidelink control information to its corresponding physical channel.

**Table 4.3-1** 

TrCH	Physical Channel
SL-SCH	PSSCH
SL-BCH	PSBCH
SL-DCH	PSDCH

**Table 4.3-2** 

Control information	Physical Channel
SCI	PSCCH

## 5 Channel coding, multiplexing and interleaving

Data and control streams from/to MAC layer are encoded /decoded to offer transport and control services over the radio transmission link. Channel coding scheme is a combination of error detection, error correcting, rate matching, interleaving and transport channel or control information mapping onto/splitting from physical channels.

## 5.1 Generic procedures

This clause contains coding procedures which are used for more than one transport channel or control information type.

## 5.1.1 CRC calculation

Denote the input bits to the CRC computation by  $a_0$ ,  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ ,  $a_3$ ,...,  $a_{A-1}$ , and the parity bits by  $p_0$ ,  $p_1$ ,  $p_2$ ,  $p_3$ ,...,  $p_{L-1}$ . A is the size of the input sequence and L is the number of parity bits. The parity bits are generated by one of the following cyclic generator polynomials:

- $g_{CRC24A}(D) = [D^{24} + D^{23} + D^{18} + D^{17} + D^{14} + D^{11} + D^{10} + D^7 + D^6 + D^5 + D^4 + D^3 + D + 1]$  and;
- $g_{CRC24B}(D) = [D^{24} + D^{23} + D^6 + D^5 + D + 1]$  for a CRC length L = 24 and;
- $g_{CRC16}(D) = [D^{16} + D^{12} + D^5 + 1]$  for a CRC length L = 16.
- $g_{CRC8}(D) = [D^8 + D^7 + D^4 + D^3 + D + 1]$  for a CRC length of L = 8.

The encoding is performed in a systematic form, which means that in GF(2), the polynomial:

$$a_0 D^{A+23} + a_1 D^{A+22} + \ldots + a_{A-1} D^{24} + p_0 D^{23} + p_1 D^{22} + \ldots + p_{22} D^1 + p_{23}$$

yields a remainder equal to 0 when divided by the corresponding length-24 CRC generator polynomial,  $g_{CRC24A}(D)$  or  $g_{CRC24B}(D)$ , the polynomial:

$$a_0 D^{A+15} + a_1 D^{A+14} + \ldots + a_{A-1} D^{16} + p_0 D^{15} + p_1 D^{14} + \ldots + p_{14} D^1 + p_{15}$$

yields a remainder equal to 0 when divided by  $g_{CRC16}(D)$ , and the polynomial:

$$a_0D^{A+7} + a_1D^{A+6} + ... + a_{A-1}D^8 + p_0D^7 + p_1D^6 + ... + p_6D^1 + p_7$$

yields a remainder equal to 0 when divided by  $g_{CRC8}(D)$ .

The bits after CRC attachment are denoted by  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{R-1}$ , where B = A + L. The relation between  $a_k$  and  $b_k$  is:

$$b_k = a_k$$
 for  $k = 0, 1, 2, ..., A-1$  
$$b_k = p_{k-A}$$
 for  $k = A, A+1, A+2, ..., A+L-1$ .

## 5.1.2 Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment

The input bit sequence to the code block segmentation is denoted by  $b_0$ ,  $b_1$ ,  $b_2$ ,  $b_3$ ,...,  $b_{B-1}$ , where B > 0. If B is larger than the maximum code block size Z, segmentation of the input bit sequence is performed and an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 bits is attached to each code block. The maximum code block size is:

$$-Z = 6144.$$

If the number of filler bits F calculated below is not 0, filler bits are added to the beginning of the first block.

Note that if B < 40, filler bits are added to the beginning of the code block.

The filler bits shall be set to <*NULL*> at the input to the encoder.

Total number of code blocks *C* is determined by:

if  $B \le Z$  L = 0Number of code blocks: C = 1 B' = Belse L = 24Number of code blocks:  $C = \lceil B/(Z - L) \rceil$ .  $B' = B + C \cdot L$ 

The bits output from code block segmentation, for  $C \neq 0$ , are denoted by  $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$ , where r is the code block number, and  $K_r$  is the number of bits for the code block number r.

Number of bits in each code block (applicable for  $C \neq 0$  only):

First segmentation size:  $K_{+}$  = minimum K in table 5.1.3-3 such that  $C \cdot K \ge B'$ 

if C=1

end if

the number of code blocks with length  $K_{+}$  is  $C_{+}=1$ ,  $K_{-}=0$ ,  $C_{-}=0$ 

else if C > 1

Second segmentation size:  $K_{-}$  = maximum K in table 5.1.3-3 such that  $K < K_{+}$ 

$$\Delta_K = K_+ - K_-$$

Number of segments of size  $K_-$ :  $C_- = \left| \frac{C \cdot K_+ - B'}{\Delta_K} \right|$ .

Number of segments of size  $K_+$ :  $C_+ = C - C_-$ .

```
end if
Number of filler bits: F = C_+ \cdot K_+ + C_- \cdot K_- - B'
for k = 0 to F-1 -- Insertion of filler bits
    c_{0k} = < NULL >
end for
k = F
s = 0
for r = 0 to C-1
    if r < C_{-}
        K_r = K_-
    else
        K_r = K_+
    end if
    while k < K_r - L
    c_{rk} = b_s
    k = k + 1
    s = s + 1
    end while
    if C > 1
        The sequence c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, \dots, c_{r(K_r-L-1)} is used to calculate the CRC parity bits p_{r0}, p_{r1}, p_{r2}, \dots, p_{r(L-1)}
            according to clause 5.1.1 with the generator polynomial g_{CRC24B}(D). For CRC calculation it is assumed
            that filler bits, if present, have the value 0.
        while k < K_r
            c_{rk} = p_{r(k+L-K_r)}
             k = k + 1
        end while
    end if
    k = 0
end for
```

## 5.1.3 Channel coding

The bit sequence input for a given code block to channel coding is denoted by  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$ , where K is the number of bits to encode. After encoding the bits are denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}, d_1^{(i)}, d_2^{(i)}, d_3^{(i)}, ..., d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , where D is the number of encoded bits per output stream and i indexes the encoder output stream. The relation between  $c_k$  and  $d_k^{(i)}$  and between K and D is dependent on the channel coding scheme.

The following channel coding schemes can be applied to TrCHs:

- tail biting convolutional coding;
- turbo coding.

Usage of coding scheme and coding rate for the different types of TrCH is shown in table 5.1.3-1. Usage of coding scheme and coding rate for the different control information types is shown in table 5.1.3-2.

The values of *D* in connection with each coding scheme:

- tail biting convolutional coding with rate 1/3: D = K;
- turbo coding with rate 1/3: D = K + 4.

The range for the output stream index i is 0, 1 and 2 for both coding schemes.

Table 5.1.3-1: Usage of channel coding scheme and coding rate for TrCHs

TrCH	Coding scheme	Coding rate
UL-SCH		
DL-SCH		
PCH	Turbo codina	1/3
MCH	Turbo coding	1/3
SL-SCH		
SL-DCH		
BCH	Tail biting	
SL-BCH	convolutional coding	1/3

Table 5.1.3-2: Usage of channel coding scheme and coding rate for control information

Control Information	Coding scheme	Coding rate
	Tail biting	
DCI	convolutional	1/3
	coding	
CFI	Block code	1/16
HI	Repetition code	1/3
	Block code	variable
UCI	Tail biting	
001	convolutional	1/3
	coding	
SCI	Tail biting	
	convolutional	1/3
	coding	

## 5.1.3.1 Tail biting convolutional coding

A tail biting convolutional code with constraint length 7 and coding rate 1/3 is defined.

The configuration of the convolutional encoder is presented in figure 5.1.3-1.

The initial value of the shift register of the encoder shall be set to the values corresponding to the last 6 information bits in the input stream so that the initial and final states of the shift register are the same. Therefore, denoting the shift register of the encoder by  $s_0, s_1, s_2, ..., s_5$ , then the initial value of the shift register shall be set to

$$s_i = c_{(K-1-i)}$$

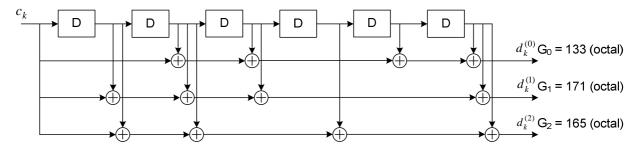


Figure 5.1.3-1: Rate 1/3 tail biting convolutional encoder

The encoder output streams  $d_k^{(0)}$ ,  $d_k^{(1)}$  and  $d_k^{(2)}$  correspond to the first, second and third parity streams, respectively as shown in Figure 5.1.3-1.

## 5.1.3.2 Turbo coding

#### 5.1.3.2.1 Turbo encoder

The scheme of turbo encoder is a Parallel Concatenated Convolutional Code (PCCC) with two 8-state constituent encoders and one turbo code internal interleaver. The coding rate of turbo encoder is 1/3. The structure of turbo encoder is illustrated in figure 5.1.3-2.

The transfer function of the 8-state constituent code for the PCCC is:

$$G(D) = \left[1, \frac{g_1(D)}{g_0(D)}\right],$$

where

$$g_0(D) = 1 + D^2 + D^3$$

$$g_1(D) = 1 + D + D^3$$
.

The initial value of the shift registers of the 8-state constituent encoders shall be all zeros when starting to encode the input bits.

The output from the turbo encoder is

$$d_k^{(0)} = x_k$$

$$d_k^{(1)} = z_k$$

$$d_k^{(2)} = z_k'$$

for k = 0.1.2....K - 1.

If the code block to be encoded is the 0-th code block and the number of filler bits is greater than zero, i.e., F > 0, then the encoder shall set  $c_k$ , = 0, k = 0, ..., (F-1) at its input and shall set  $d_k^{(0)} = < NULL >$ , k = 0, ..., (F-1) and

$$d_k^{(1)} = < NULL > , k = 0,...,(F-1)$$
 at its output.

The bits input to the turbo encoder are denoted by  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$ , and the bits output from the first and second 8-state constituent encoders are denoted by  $z_0, z_1, z_2, z_3, ..., z_{K-1}$  and  $z_0', z_1', z_2', z_3', ..., z_{K-1}'$ , respectively. The bits output from the turbo code internal interleaver are denoted by  $c_0', c_1', ..., c_{K-1}'$ , and these bits are to be the input to the second 8-state constituent encoder.

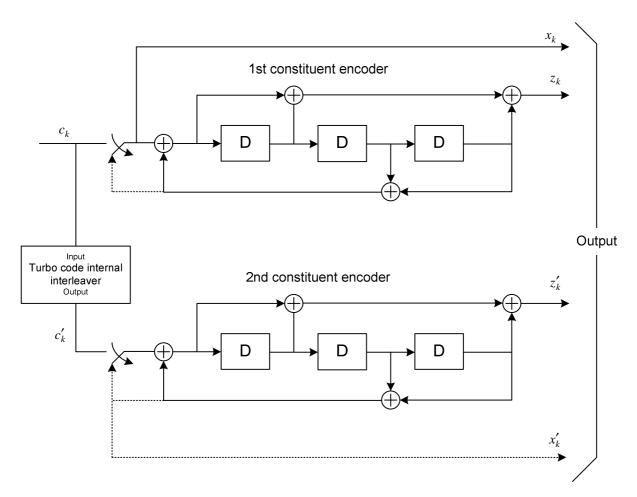


Figure 5.1.3-2: Structure of rate 1/3 turbo encoder (dotted lines apply for trellis termination only)

#### 5.1.3.2.2 Trellis termination for turbo encoder

Trellis termination is performed by taking the tail bits from the shift register feedback after all information bits are encoded. Tail bits are padded after the encoding of information bits.

The first three tail bits shall be used to terminate the first constituent encoder (upper switch of figure 5.1.3-2 in lower position) while the second constituent encoder is disabled. The last three tail bits shall be used to terminate the second constituent encoder (lower switch of figure 5.1.3-2 in lower position) while the first constituent encoder is disabled.

The transmitted bits for trellis termination shall then be:

$$\begin{split} &d_{K}^{(0)} = x_{K} \,,\; d_{K+1}^{(0)} = z_{K+1} \,,\; d_{K+2}^{(0)} = x_{K}' \,,\; d_{K+3}^{(0)} = z_{K+1}' \\ &d_{K}^{(1)} = z_{K} \,,\; d_{K+1}^{(1)} = x_{K+2} \,,\; d_{K+2}^{(1)} = z_{K}' \,,\; d_{K+3}^{(1)} = x_{K+2}' \\ &d_{K}^{(2)} = x_{K+1} \,,\; d_{K+1}^{(2)} = z_{K+2} \,,\; d_{K+2}^{(2)} = x_{K+1}' \,,\; d_{K+3}^{(2)} = z_{K+2}' \end{split}$$

#### 5.1.3.2.3 Turbo code internal interleaver

The bits input to the turbo code internal interleaver are denoted by  $c_0, c_1, ..., c_{K-1}$ , where K is the number of input bits. The bits output from the turbo code internal interleaver are denoted by  $c_0', c_1', ..., c_{K-1}'$ .

The relationship between the input and output bits is as follows:

$$c'_i = c_{\Pi(i)}, i=0, 1..., (K-1)$$

where the relationship between the output index i and the input index  $\Pi(i)$  satisfies the following quadratic form:

$$\Pi(i) = \left(f_1 \cdot i + f_2 \cdot i^2\right) \mod K$$

The parameters  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  depend on the block size K and are summarized in Table 5.1.3-3.

Table 5.1.3-3: Turbo code internal interleaver parameters

i	Κ	$f_1$	$f_2$	i	К	$f_1$	$f_2$	i	К	$f_1$	$f_2$	i	К	$f_1$	$f_2$
1	40	3	10	48	416	25	52	95	1120	67	140	142	3200	111	240
2	48	7	12	49	424	51	106	96	1152	35	72	143	3264	443	204
3	56	19	42	50	432	47	72	97	1184	19	74	144	3328	51	104
4	64	7	16	51	440	91	110	98	1216	39	76	145	3392	51	212
5	72	7	18	52	448	29	168	99	1248	19	78	146	3456	451	192
6	80	11	20	53	456	29	114	100	1280	199	240	147	3520	257	220
7	88	5	22	54	464	247	58	101	1312	21	82	148	3584	57	336
8	96	11	24	55	472	29	118	102	1344	211	252	149	3648	313	228
9	104	7	26	56	480	89	180	103	1376	21	86	150	3712	271	232
10	112	41	84	57	488	91	122	104	1408	43	88	151	3776	179	236
11	120	103	90	58	496	157	62	105	1440	149	60	152	3840	331	120
12	128	15	32	59	504	55	84	106	1472	45	92	153	3904	363	244
13	136	9	34	60	512	31	64	107	1504	49	846	154	3968	375	248
14	144	17	108	61	528	17	66	108	1536	71	48	155	4032	127	168
15	152	9	38	62	544	35	68	109	1568	13	28	156	4096	31	64
16	160	21	120	63	560	227	420	110	1600	17	80	157	4160	33	130
17	168	101	84	64	576	65	96	111	1632	25	102	158	4224	43	264
18	176	21	44	65	592	19	74	112	1664	183	104	159	4288	33	134
19	184	57	46	66	608	37	76	113	1696	55	954	160	4352	477	408
20	192	23	48	67	624	41	234	114	1728	127	96	161	4416	35	138
21	200	13	50	68	640	39	80	115	1760	27	110	162	4480	233	280
22	208 216	27 11	52 36	69 70	656 672	185 43	82 252	116 117	1792 1824	29 29	112 114	163 164	4544 4608	357 337	142 480
24	224	27	56	71	688	21	86	118	1856	57	116	165	4672	37	146
25	232	85	58	72	704	155	44	119	1888	45	354	166	4736	71	444
26	240	29	60	73	720	79	120	120	1920	31	120	167	4800	71	120
27	248	33	62	74	736	139	92	121	1952	59	610	168	4864	37	152
28	256	15	32	75	752	23	94	122	1984	185	124	169	4928	39	462
29	264	17	198	76	768	217	48	123	2016	113	420	170	4992	127	234
30	272	33	68	77	784	25	98	124	2048	31	64	171	5056	39	158
31	280	103	210	78	800	17	80	125	2112	17	66	172	5120	39	80
32	288	19	36	79	816	127	102	126	2176	171	136	173	5184	31	96
33	296	19	74	80	832	25	52	127	2240	209	420	174	5248	113	902
34	304	37	76	81	848	239	106	128	2304	253	216	175	5312	41	166
35	312	19	78	82	864	17	48	129	2368	367	444	176	5376	251	336
36	320	21	120	83	880	137	110	130	2432	265	456	177	5440	43	170
37	328	21	82	84	896	215	112	131	2496	181	468	178	5504	21	86
38	336	115	84	85	912	29	114	132	2560	39	80	179	5568	43	174
39	344	193	86	86	928	15	58	133	2624	27	164	180	5632	45	176
40	352	21	44	87	944	147	118	134	2688	127	504	181	5696	45	178
41	360	133	90	88	960	29	60	135	2752	143	172	182	5760	161	120
42	368	81	46	89	976	59	122	136	2816	43	88	183	5824	89	182
43	376	45	94	90	992	65	124	137	2880	29	300	184	5888	323	184
44	384	23	48	91	1008	55	84	138	2944	45	92	185	5952	47	186
45	392	243	98	92	1024	31	64	139	3008	157	188	186	6016	23	94
46	400	151	40	93	1056	17	66	140	3072	47	96	187	6080	47	190
47	408	155	102	94	1088	171	204	141	3136	13	28	188	6144	263	480

## 5.1.4 Rate matching

## 5.1.4.1 Rate matching for turbo coded transport channels

The rate matching for turbo coded transport channels is defined per coded block and consists of interleaving the three information bit streams  $d_k^{(0)}$ ,  $d_k^{(1)}$  and  $d_k^{(2)}$ , followed by the collection of bits and the generation of a circular buffer as depicted in Figure 5.1.4-1. The output bits for each code block are transmitted as described in clause 5.1.4.1.2.

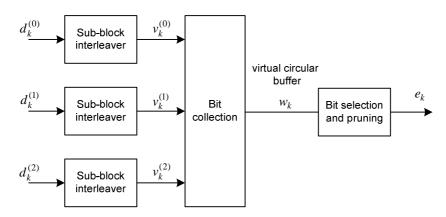


Figure 5.1.4-1. Rate matching for turbo coded transport channels

The bit stream  $d_k^{(0)}$  is interleaved according to the sub-block interleaver defined in clause 5.1.4.1.1 with an output sequence defined as  $v_0^{(0)}, v_1^{(0)}, v_2^{(0)}, ..., v_{K_{\Pi}-1}^{(0)}$  and where  $K_{\Pi}$  is defined in clause 5.1.4.1.1.

The bit stream  $d_k^{(1)}$  is interleaved according to the sub-block interleaver defined in clause 5.1.4.1.1 with an output sequence defined as  $v_0^{(1)}, v_1^{(1)}, v_2^{(1)}, ..., v_{K_{\Pi}-1}^{(1)}$ .

The bit stream  $d_k^{(2)}$  is interleaved according to the sub-block interleaver defined in clause 5.1.4.1.1 with an output sequence defined as  $v_0^{(2)}, v_1^{(2)}, v_2^{(2)}, ..., v_{K_{TI}-1}^{(2)}$ .

The sequence of bits  $e_k$  for transmission is generated according to clause 5.1.4.1.2.

#### 5.1.4.1.1 Sub-block interleaver

The bits input to the block interleaver are denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}, d_1^{(i)}, d_2^{(i)}, ..., d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , where D is the number of bits. The output bit sequence from the block interleaver is derived as follows:

- (1) Assign  $C_{subblock}^{TC} = 32$  to be the number of columns of the matrix. The columns of the matrix are numbered 0, 1, 2,...,  $C_{subblock}^{TC} 1$  from left to right.
- (2) Determine the number of rows of the matrix  $R_{subblock}^{TC}$ , by finding minimum integer  $R_{subblock}^{TC}$  such that:

$$D \le \left(R_{subblock}^{TC} \times C_{subblock}^{TC}\right)$$

The rows of rectangular matrix are numbered  $0, 1, 2, ..., R_{subblock}^{TC} - 1$  from top to bottom.

(3) If  $\left(R_{subblock}^{TC} \times C_{subblock}^{TC}\right) > D$ , then  $N_D = \left(R_{subblock}^{TC} \times C_{subblock}^{TC} - D\right)$  dummy bits are padded such that  $y_k = \langle NULL \rangle$  for  $k = 0, 1, ..., N_D - 1$ . Then,  $y_{N_D + k} = d_k^{(i)}$ , k = 0, 1, ..., D - 1, and the bit sequence  $y_k$  is written into the  $\left(R_{subblock}^{TC} \times C_{subblock}^{TC}\right)$  matrix row by row starting with bit  $y_0$  in column 0 of row 0:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_0 & y_1 & y_2 & \cdots & y_{C_{subblock}^{TC}-1} \\ y_{C_{subblock}^{TC}} & y_{C_{subblock}^{TC}+1} & y_{C_{subblock}^{TC}+2} & \cdots & y_{2C_{subblock}^{TC}-1} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ y_{(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}} & y_{(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}+1} & y_{(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}+2} & \cdots & y_{(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

For  $d_k^{(0)}$  and  $d_k^{(1)}$ :

(4) Perform the inter-column permutation for the matrix based on the pattern  $\langle P(j) \rangle_{j \in \{0,1,\dots,C_{subblock}^{TC}-1\}}$  that is shown in table 5.1.4-1, where P(j) is the original column position of the j-th permuted column. After permutation of the columns, the inter-column permuted  $\left(R_{subblock}^{TC} \times C_{subblock}^{TC}\right)$  matrix is equal to

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{P(0)} & y_{P(1)} & y_{P(2)} & \cdots & y_{P(C_{subblock}^{TC}-1)} \\ y_{P(0)+C_{subblock}^{TC}} & y_{P(1)+C_{subblock}^{TC}} & y_{P(2)+C_{subblock}^{TC}} & \cdots & y_{P(C_{subblock}^{TC}-1)+C_{subblock}^{TC}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & & \vdots \\ y_{P(0)+(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}} & y_{P(1)+(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}} & y_{P(2)+(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}} & \cdots & y_{P(C_{subblock}^{TC}-1)+(R_{subblock}^{TC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{TC}} \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

(5) The output of the block interleaver is the bit sequence read out column by column from the inter-column permuted  $\left(R_{subblock}^{TC} \times C_{subblock}^{TC}\right)$  matrix. The bits after sub-block interleaving are denoted by  $v_0^{(i)}, v_1^{(i)}, v_2^{(i)}, \dots, v_{K_\Pi-1}^{(i)}$ , where  $v_0^{(i)}$  corresponds to  $y_{P(0)}, v_1^{(i)}$  to  $y_{P(0)+C_{subblock}^{TC}}$  ... and  $K_\Pi = \left(R_{subblock}^{TC} \times C_{subblock}^{TC}\right)$ .

For  $d_k^{(2)}$ :

(4) The output of the sub-block interleaver is denoted by  $v_0^{(2)}, v_1^{(2)}, v_2^{(2)}, ..., v_{K_\Pi - 1}^{(2)}$ , where  $v_k^{(2)} = y_{\pi(k)}$  and where

$$\pi(k) = \left(P\left(\left\lfloor \frac{k}{R_{subblock}^{TC}}\right\rfloor\right) + C_{subblock}^{TC} \times \left(k \mod R_{subblock}^{TC}\right) + 1\right) \mod K_{\Pi}$$

The permutation function P is defined in Table 5.1.4-1.

Table 5.1.4-1 Inter-column permutation pattern for sub-block interleaver

Number of columns	Inter-column permutation pattern
$C_{subblock}^{TC}$	$< P(0), P(1),, P(C_{subblock}^{TC} - 1) >$
32	< 0, 16, 8, 24, 4, 20, 12, 28, 2, 18, 10, 26, 6, 22, 14, 30, 1, 17, 9, 25, 5, 21, 13, 29, 3, 19, 11, 27, 7, 23, 15, 31 >

#### 5.1.4.1.2 Bit collection, selection and transmission

The circular buffer of length  $K_w = 3K_{\Pi}$  for the r-th coded block is generated as follows:

$$w_k = v_k^{(0)}$$
 for  $k = 0,..., K_{\Pi} - 1$  
$$w_{K_{\Pi} + 2k} = v_k^{(1)}$$
 for  $k = 0,..., K_{\Pi} - 1$  
$$w_{K_{\Pi} + 2k + 1} = v_k^{(2)}$$
 for  $k = 0,..., K_{\Pi} - 1$ 

Denote the soft buffer size for the transport block by  $N_{IR}$  bits and the soft buffer size for the *r*-th code block by  $N_{cb}$  bits. The size  $N_{cb}$  is obtained as follows, where C is the number of code blocks computed in clause 5.1.2:

- 
$$N_{cb} = \min\left(\left|\frac{N_{IR}}{C}\right|, K_w\right)$$
 for DL-SCH and PCH transport channels

-  $N_{cb} = K_w$  for UL-SCH, MCH, SL-SCH and SL-DCH transport channels

For UE category 0, for DL-SCH associated with SI-RNTI and RA-RNTI and PCH transport channel,  $N_{cb}$  is always equal to  $K_w$ .

Where  $N_{\rm IR}$  is equal to:

$$N_{IR} = \left[ \frac{\alpha \cdot N_{soft}}{K_{C} \cdot K_{\text{MIMO}} \cdot \min(M_{\text{DL\_HARQ}}, M_{\text{limit}})} \right]$$

Where the coefficient  $\alpha$  is 1 for subframe duration, 0.5 for slot duration and  $\frac{1}{6}$  for subslot duration of initial PDSCH transmission. For retransmission of a transport block with slot or subslot duration,  $\alpha$  is 1 if the transport block has initially been transmitted with subframe duration. For retransmission of a transport block with subframe duration,  $\alpha$  is 0.5 if the transport block has initially been transmitted with slot duration, and  $\frac{1}{6}$  if the transport block has initially been transmitted with subslot duration.

If the UE signals ue-CategoryDL-v14xy indicating UE category M2, N<sub>soft</sub> is the total number of soft channel bits according to the UE category indicated by ue-CategoryDL-v14xy. Otherwise, if the UE signals ue-CategoryDL-v1310 indicating UE category M1, N<sub>soft</sub> is the total number of soft channel bits according to the UE category indicated by ue-Category DL-v1310. Otherwise, if the UE signals ue-Category DL-v13xy, and is configured with transmission mode 9 or transmission mode 10 and the higher layer parameter maxLayersMIMO-r10 is configured to eightLayers,  $N_{\text{soft}}$  is the total number of soft channel bits according to the UE category indicated by ue-CategoryDL-v13xy. Otherwise, if the UE signals ue-CategoryDL-r12 indicating UE category 0, or if the UE signals ue-CategoryDL-r12 indicating UE category 14 and is configured by higher layers with alt CQI-Table-r12 for the DL cell,  $N_{\text{soft}}$  is the total number of soft channel bits according to the UE category indicated by ue-CategoryDL-r12. Otherwise, if the UE signals ue-Category-v11a0, and is configured by higher layers with altCQI-Table-r12 or altCQI-Table-1024QAM-r15 for the DL cell, N<sub>soft</sub> is the total number of soft channel bits according to the UE category indicated by ue-Category-v11a0. Otherwise, if the UE signals ue-Category-v1020, and is configured with transmission mode 9 or transmission mode 10, or is configured with transmission mode 3 or transmission mode 4 and the higher layer parameter maxLayersMIMO-r10 is configured to four Layers, for the DL cell,  $N_{\text{soft}}$  is the total number of soft channel bits [4] according to the UE category indicated by ue-Category-v1020 [6]. Otherwise,  $N_{\text{soft}}$  is the total number of soft channel bits [4] according to the UE category indicated by ue-Category (without suffix) [6].

```
If N_{\text{soft}} = 35982720 or 47431680,
```

$$K_C = 5$$
,

elseif  $N_{\text{soft}} = 303562752$ ,

$$K_C = 32$$
,

elseif  $N_{\text{soft}} = 14616576$ ,

if the UE is configured by higher layers with altCQI-Table-r12,

$$K_C = 3/2$$

else

$$K_C = 2$$

end if.

elseif  $N_{\rm soft}=19488768$ ,

if the UE is configured by higher layers with *altCQI-Table-1024QAM-r15*,  $K_C=8/5$ elseif the UE is configured by higher layers with *altCQI-Table-r12*,  $K_C=2$ else  $K_C=8/3$ 

end if.

elseif  $N_{\text{soft}} = 7308288$  and the UE is configured by higher layers with altCQI-Table-r12,

if the UE is capable of supporting no more than a maximum of two spatial layers for the DL cell in the transmission mode configured for the UE, or if the configured maximum number of layers indicated by the *maxLayersMIMO-r10* field is no more than two,

 $K_C = 3$ 

else

 $K_C = 3/2$ 

end if.

elseif N<sub>soft</sub> = 7308288 and the UE is configured by higher layers with altCQI-Table-1024QAM-r15,

if the UE is capable of supporting no more than a maximum of two spatial layers for the DL cell in the transmission mode configured for the UE, or if the configured maximum number of layers indicated by the *maxLayersMIMO-r10* field is no more than two,

$$K_C = 12/5$$

else

 $K_C = 6/5$ 

end if.

elseif  $N_{\text{soft}} = 3654144$  and the UE is capable of supporting no more than a maximum of two spatial layers for the DL cell, or if the configured maximum number of layers indicated by the maxLayersMIMO-r10 field is no more than two,

$$K_C = 2$$

else

 $K_C = 1$ 

End if.

For initial PDSCH transmission with subframe duration,  $K_{\text{MIMO}}$  is equal to 2 if the UE is configured to receive PDSCH transmissions based on transmission modes 3, 4, 8, 9 or 10 as defined in clause 7.1 of [3], and is equal to 1 otherwise. For BL/CE UE  $K_{\text{MIMO}}$  is equal to 1. For initial PDSCH transmission with slot/subslot duration,  $K_{\text{MIMO}}$  is equal to 1.

 $M_{\rm DL\_HARQ}$  is the maximum number of DL HARQ processes as defined in clause 7 of [3].

 $M_{\text{limit}}$  is a constant equal to 8.

Denoting by *E* the rate matching output sequence length for the *r*-th coded block, and  $rv_{idx}$  the redundancy version number for this transmission ( $rv_{idx} = 0, 1, 2 \text{ or } 3$ ), the rate matching output bit sequence is  $e_k$ , k = 0,1,..., E-1.

Define by G the total number of bits available for the transmission of one transport block.

Set  $G' = G/(N_L \cdot Q_m)$  where  $Q_m$  is equal to 1 for  $\pi/2$ -BPSK, 2 for QPSK, 4 for 16QAM, 6 for 64QAM, 8 for 256QAM, and 10 for 1024QAM, and where

- For transmit diversity:
  - $N_L$  is equal to 2,
- Otherwise:
  - $N_L$  is equal to the number of layers a transport block is mapped onto

Set  $\gamma = G' \mod C$ , where C is the number of code blocks computed in clause 5.1.2.

if 
$$r \le C - \gamma - 1$$

set 
$$E = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot |G'/C|$$

e1se

set 
$$E = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[ G' / C \right]$$

end if

Set 
$$k_0 = R_{subblock}^{TC} \cdot \left( 2 \cdot \left[ \frac{N_{cb}}{8R_{subblock}^{TC}} \right] \cdot rv_{idx} + 2 \right)$$
, where  $R_{subblock}^{TC}$  is the number of rows defined in clause 5.1.4.1.1.

Set 
$$k = 0$$
 and  $j = 0$ 

while  $\{k < E\}$ 

if 
$$w_{(k_0+j) \mod N_{ch}} \neq < NULL >$$

$$e_k = w_{(k_0 + j) \bmod N_{cb}}$$

k = k + 1

end if

$$j = j + 1$$

end while

## 5.1.4.2 Rate matching for convolutionally coded transport channels and control information

The rate matching for convolutionally coded transport channels and control information consists of interleaving the three bit streams,  $d_k^{(0)}$ ,  $d_k^{(1)}$  and  $d_k^{(2)}$ , followed by the collection of bits and the generation of a circular buffer as depicted in Figure 5.1.4-2. The output bits are transmitted as described in clause 5.1.4.2.2.

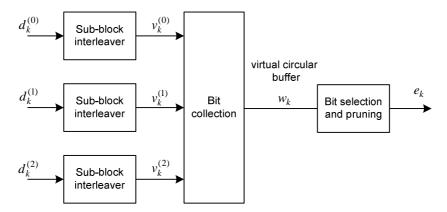


Figure 5.1.4-2. Rate matching for convolutionally coded transport channels and control information

The bit stream  $d_k^{(0)}$  is interleaved according to the sub-block interleaver defined in clause 5.1.4.2.1 with an output sequence defined as  $v_0^{(0)}, v_1^{(0)}, v_2^{(0)}, ..., v_{K_{\Pi}-1}^{(0)}$  and where  $K_{\Pi}$  is defined in clause 5.1.4.2.1.

The bit stream  $d_k^{(1)}$  is interleaved according to the sub-block interleaver defined in clause 5.1.4.2.1 with an output sequence defined as  $v_0^{(1)}, v_1^{(1)}, v_2^{(1)}, ..., v_{K_{T-1}}^{(1)}$ .

The bit stream  $d_k^{(2)}$  is interleaved according to the sub-block interleaver defined in clause 5.1.4.2.1 with an output sequence defined as  $v_0^{(2)}, v_1^{(2)}, v_2^{(2)}, ..., v_{K_\Pi-1}^{(2)}$ .

The sequence of bits  $e_k$  for transmission is generated according to clause 5.1.4.2.2.

#### 5.1.4.2.1 Sub-block interleaver

The bits input to the block interleaver are denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}, d_1^{(i)}, d_2^{(i)}, ..., d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , where D is the number of bits. The output bit sequence from the block interleaver is derived as follows:

- (1) Assign  $C_{subblock}^{CC} = 32$  to be the number of columns of the matrix. The columns of the matrix are numbered 0, 1, 2,...,  $C_{subblock}^{CC} = 1$  from left to right.
- (2) Determine the number of rows of the matrix  $R_{subblock}^{CC}$ , by finding minimum integer  $R_{subblock}^{CC}$  such that:

$$D \le \left( R_{subblock}^{CC} \times C_{subblock}^{CC} \right)$$

The rows of rectangular matrix are numbered 0, 1, 2,...,  $R_{subblock}^{CC} - 1$  from top to bottom.

(3) If  $\left(R_{subblock}^{CC} \times C_{subblock}^{CC}\right) > D$ , then  $N_D = \left(R_{subblock}^{CC} \times C_{subblock}^{CC} - D\right)$  dummy bits are padded such that  $y_k = \langle NULL \rangle$  for  $k = 0, 1, ..., N_D$  - 1. Then,  $y_{N_D+k} = d_k^{(i)}$ , k = 0, 1, ..., D-1, and the bit sequence  $y_k$  is written into the  $\left(R_{subblock}^{CC} \times C_{subblock}^{CC}\right)$  matrix row by row starting with bit  $y_0$  in column 0 of row 0:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_0 & y_1 & y_2 & \cdots & y_{C_{subblock}^{CC}-1} \\ y_{C_{subblock}} & y_{C_{subblock}^{CC}} & y_{C_{subblock}^{CC}+1} & y_{C_{subblock}^{CC}+2} & \cdots & y_{2C_{subblock}^{CC}-1} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ y_{(R_{subblock}^{CC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{CC}} & y_{(R_{subblock}^{CC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{CC}+1} & y_{(R_{subblock}^{CC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{CC}+2} & \cdots & y_{(R_{subblock}^{CC}\times C_{subblock}^{CC}-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

(4) Perform the inter-column permutation for the matrix based on the pattern  $\langle P(j) \rangle_{j \in \{0,1,\dots,C_{subblock}^{CC}-1\}}$  that is shown in table 5.1.4-2, where P(j) is the original column position of the j-th permuted column. After permutation of the columns, the inter-column permuted  $\left(R_{subblock}^{CC} \times C_{subblock}^{CC}\right)$  matrix is equal to

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{P(0)} & y_{P(1)} & y_{P(2)} & \cdots & y_{P(C_{subblock}^{CC}-1)} \\ y_{P(0)+C_{subblock}^{CC}} & y_{P(1)+C_{subblock}^{CC}} & y_{P(2)+C_{subblock}^{CC}} & \cdots & y_{P(C_{subblock}^{CC}-1)+C_{subblock}^{CC}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ y_{P(0)+(R_{subblock}^{CC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{CC}} & y_{P(1)+(R_{subblock}^{CC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{CC}} & y_{P(2)+(R_{subblock}^{CC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{CC}} & \cdots & y_{P(C_{subblock}^{CC}-1)+(R_{subblock}^{CC}-1)\times C_{subblock}^{CC}} \end{bmatrix}$$

(5) The output of the block interleaver is the bit sequence read out column by column from the inter-column permuted  $\left(R_{subblock}^{CC} \times C_{subblock}^{CC}\right)$  matrix. The bits after sub-block interleaving are denoted by  $v_0^{(i)}$ ,  $v_1^{(i)}$ ,  $v_2^{(i)}$ ,...,  $v_{K_{\Pi}-1}^{(i)}$ , where  $v_0^{(i)}$  corresponds to  $y_{P(0)}$ ,  $v_1^{(i)}$  to  $y_{P(0)+C_{subblock}^{CC}}$ ... and  $K_{\Pi} = \left(R_{subblock}^{CC} \times C_{subblock}^{CC}\right)$ 

Table 5.1.4-2 Inter-column permutation pattern for sub-block interleaver

Number of columns	Inter-column permutation pattern				
$C_{subblock}^{CC}$	$< P(0), P(1),, P(C_{subblock}^{CC} - 1) >$				
32	< 1, 17, 9, 25, 5, 21, 13, 29, 3, 19, 11, 27, 7, 23, 15, 31, 0, 16, 8, 24, 4, 20, 12, 28, 2, 18, 10, 26, 6, 22, 14, 30 >				

This block interleaver is also used in interleaving PDCCH modulation symbols. In that case, the input bit sequence consists of PDCCH symbol quadruplets [2].

#### 5.1.4.2.2 Bit collection, selection and transmission

The circular buffer of length  $K_w = 3K_{\Pi}$  is generated as follows:

$$w_k = v_k^{(0)}$$
 for  $k = 0,..., K_{\Pi} - 1$   $w_{K_{\Pi} + k} = v_k^{(1)}$  for  $k = 0,..., K_{\Pi} - 1$   $w_{2K_{\Pi} + k} = v_k^{(2)}$  for  $k = 0,..., K_{\Pi} - 1$ 

Denoting by E the rate matching output sequence length, the rate matching output bit sequence is  $e_k$ , k = 0,1,..., E-1.

Set 
$$k = 0$$
 and  $j = 0$   
while  $\{k < E\}$   
if  $w_{j \mod K_w} \neq < NULL >$   
 $e_k = w_{j \mod K_w}$   
 $k = k + 1$   
end if  
 $j = j + 1$ 

end while

## 5.1.5 Code block concatenation

The input bit sequence for the code block concatenation block are the sequences  $e_{rk}$ , for r = 0,..., C-1 and  $k = 0,..., E_r - 1$ . The output bit sequence from the code block concatenation block is the sequence  $f_k$  for k = 0,..., G-1

The code block concatenation consists of sequentially concatenating the rate matching outputs for the different code blocks. Therefore,

```
Set k = 0 and r = 0

while r < C

Set j = 0

while j < E_r

f_k = e_{rj}

k = k + 1

j = j + 1

end while

r = r + 1

end while
```

## 5.2 Uplink transport channels and control information

If the UE is configured with a Master Cell Group (MCG) and Secondary Cell Group (SCG) [6], the procedures described in this clause are applied to the MCG and SCG, respectively. When the procedures are applied to a SCG, the term primary cell refers to the primary SCell (PSCell) of the SCG.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH SCell [6], the procedures described in this clause are applied to the group of DL cells associated with the PUCCH SCell, respectively. When the procedures are applied to the group of DL cells associated with the PUCCH SCell, the term primary cell refers to the PUCCH SCell.

If the UE is configured with a LAA SCell, the procedures described in this clause are applied assuming the LAA SCell is an FDD SCell.

## 5.2.1 Random access channel

The sequence index for the random access channel is received from higher layers and is processed according to [2].

## 5.2.2 Uplink shared channel

Figure 5.2.2-1 shows the processing structure for the UL-SCH transport channel on one UL cell. If sub-PRB allocation is used, data arrives to the coding unit in the form of one transport block over a number of subframes per UL cell. Otherwise, data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of two transport blocks every transmission time interval (TTI) per UL cell. The following coding steps can be identified for each transport block of an UL cell:

- Add CRC to the transport block
- Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment
- Channel coding of data and control information
- Rate matching

- Code block concatenation
- Multiplexing of data and control information
- Channel interleaver

The coding steps for one UL-SCH transport block are shown in the figure below. The same general processing applies for each UL-SCH transport block on each UL cell with restrictions as specified in [3].

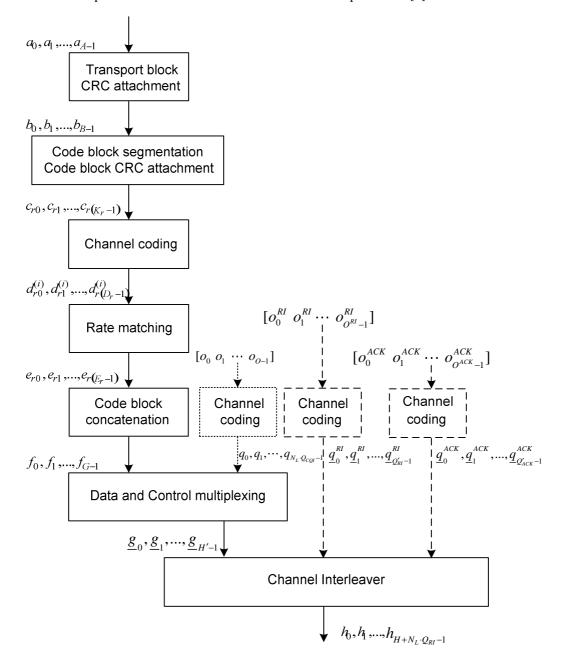


Figure 5.2.2-1: Transport block processing for UL-SCH

## 5.2.2.1 Transport block CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on each UL-SCH transport block through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire transport block is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits in a transport block delivered to layer 1 by  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ , and the parity bits by  $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$ . A is the size of the transport block and L is the number of parity bits. The lowest order information bit  $a_0$  is mapped to the most significant bit of the transport block as defined in clause 6.1.1 of [5].

The parity bits are computed and attached to the UL-SCH transport block according to clause 5.1.1 setting L to 24 bits and using the generator polynomial  $g_{CRC24A}(D)$ .

## 5.2.2.2 Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment

The bits input to the code block segmentation are denoted by  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$  where B is the number of bits in the transport block (including CRC).

Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment are performed according to clause 5.1.2.

The bits after code block segmentation are denoted by  $c_{r0}$ ,  $c_{r1}$ ,  $c_{r2}$ ,  $c_{r3}$ ,...,  $c_{r(K_r-1)}$ , where r is the code block number and  $K_r$  is the number of bits for code block number r.

## 5.2.2.3 Channel coding of UL-SCH

Code blocks are delivered to the channel coding block. The bits in a code block are denoted by  $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$ , where r is the code block number, and  $K_r$  is the number of bits in code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each code block is individually turbo encoded according to clause 5.1.3.2.

After encoding the bits are denoted by  $d_{r0}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r1}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r2}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r3}^{(i)}$ ,...,  $d_{r(D_r-1)}^{(i)}$ , with i = 0,1, and 2 and where  $D_r$  is the number of bits on the i-th coded stream for code block number r, i.e.  $D_r = K_r + 4$ .

## 5.2.2.4 Rate matching

Turbo coded blocks are delivered to the rate matching block. They are denoted by  $d_{r0}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r1}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r2}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r3}^{(i)}$ ,...,  $d_{r(D_r-1)}^{(i)}$ , with i = 0,1, and 2, and where r is the code block number, i is the coded stream index, and  $D_r$  is the number of bits in each coded stream of code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each coded block is individually rate matched according to clause 5.1.4.1.

After rate matching, the bits are denoted by  $e_{r0}$ ,  $e_{r1}$ ,  $e_{r2}$ ,  $e_{r3}$ ,...,  $e_{r(E_r-1)}$ , where r is the coded block number, and where  $E_r$  is the number of rate matched bits for code block number r.

#### 5.2.2.5 Code block concatenation

The bits input to the code block concatenation block are denoted by  $e_{r0}$ ,  $e_{r1}$ ,  $e_{r2}$ ,  $e_{r3}$ ,...,  $e_{r(E_r-1)}$  for r = 0,..., C-1 and where  $E_r$  is the number of rate matched bits for the r-th code block.

Code block concatenation is performed according to clause 5.1.5.

The bits after code block concatenation are denoted by  $f_0$ ,  $f_1$ ,  $f_2$ ,  $f_3$ ,...,  $f_{G-1}$ , where G is the total number of coded bits for transmission of the given transport block over  $N_L$  transmission layers excluding the bits used for control transmission, when control information is multiplexed with the UL-SCH transmission.

## 5.2.2.6 Channel coding of control information

Control data arrives at the coding unit in the form of channel quality information (CQI and/or PMI), HARQ-ACK and rank indication, and CSI-RS resource indication (CRI). Different coding rates for the control information are achieved by allocating different number of coded symbols for its transmission. When control data are transmitted in the PUSCH, the channel coding for HARQ-ACK, rank indication (including RI only, joint report of RI/i1, joint report of CRI/RI, joint report of CRI/RI/joint report of CRI/RI/joint report of RI/i1, joint report of RI/PTI), CRI and channel quality information  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{O-1}$  is done independently. Parameters i1,1-1 , i1,2-1 , i1,1-2 , i1,2-2 , i1,p-2 correspond to parameters  $i_{1,1}$ ,  $i_{1,2}$ ,  $d_1$ ,  $d_2$ , and  $I_p$  in clause 7.2.4 of [3].

For the cases with TDD primary cell, the number of HARQ-ACK bits is determined as described in clause 7.3 of [3].

When the UE transmits HARQ-ACK bits, rank indicator bits or CRI bits, it shall determine the number of coded modulation symbols per layer Q' for HARQ-ACK, rank indicator, or CRI bits as follows.

For the case when only one transport block is transmitted in the PUSCH conveying the HARQ-ACK bits, rank indicator bits or CRI bits:

$$Q' = \min \left( \frac{O \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial} \cdot \beta_{offset}^{PUSCH}}{\sum_{r=0}^{C-1} K_r}, N_{symb}^{UCI} \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH} \right)$$

where

- O is the number of HARQ-ACK bits, rank indicator bits or CRI bits, and
- $N_{symb}^{UCI}$  is 4 for PUSCH with subframe duration, or for Partial PUSCH Mode 1.  $N_{symb}^{UCI}$  is 2 for PUSCH with slot duration, or for Partial PUSCH Mode 2 or 3.  $N_{symb}^{UCI}$  is 1 for PUSCH with subslot duration.
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$  is the scheduled bandwidth for PUSCH transmission in the current subframe/slot/subslot for the transport block, expressed as a number of subcarriers in [2], and
- $N_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{PUSCH-initial}}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols per subframe/slot/subslot for initial PUSCH transmission for the same transport block, respectively, given by  $N_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{PUSCH-initial}} = \left(\tilde{N}_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{UL}} N_{\mathrm{SRS}} N_{\mathrm{start}}^{\mathrm{PUSCH-initial}} N_{\mathrm{end}}^{\mathrm{PUSCH-initial}}\right), \text{ where}$ 
  - $\tilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} = (N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} 1)$  for PUSCH with slot duration, or for Partial PUSCH Mode 2 or 3, or
  - $\widetilde{N}_{ ext{symb}}^{ ext{UL}} = N_{ ext{symb}}^{ ext{subslot}} N_{ ext{DMRS}}^{ ext{ for PUSCH}}$  for PUSCH with subslot duration,
    - $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{subslot}}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols of the subslot as defined in clause 4.1 of [2],
    - $N_{DMRS}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols for DMRS of the subslot as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.2 of [2]
  - otherwise  $\widetilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} = 2(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} 1)$ .
  - $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 1
    - if UE configured with one UL cell is configured to send PUSCH and SRS in the same subframe/slot/subslot for initial transmission, or
    - if UE transmits PUSCH and SRS in the same subframe/slot/subslot in the same serving cell for initial transmission, or
    - if the PUSCH resource allocation for initial transmission even partially overlaps with the cell-specific SRS subframe and bandwidth configuration defined in clause 5.5.3 of [2], and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe, or
    - if the subframe/slot/subslot for initial transmission in the same serving cell is in a UE-specific type-1 SRS subframe as defined in Clause 8.2 of [3], and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe, or

- if the subframe/slot/subslot for initial transmission in the same serving cell is in a UE-specific type-0 SRS subframe as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] and the UE is configured with multiple TAGs, and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe.
- Otherwise  $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 0.
- N<sup>PUSCH-initial</sup> is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH not starting from the beginning of the first symbol or the seventh symbol of the subframe for initial transmission, otherwise is equal to 0.
- $N_{\rm end}^{\it PUSCH-initial}$  is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH up to the second to last symbol of the subframe for initial transmission and  $N_{\it SRS}$  is equal to 0, otherwise is equal to 0.
- $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial}$ , C, and  $K_r$  are obtained from the initial PDCCH or EPDCCH or MPDCCH or SPDCCH for the same transport block. If there is no initial PDCCH or EPDCCH with DCI format 0/0A/0B/4A/4B or MPDCCH with DCI format 6-0A/6-0B or SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B for the same transport block,  $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial}$ , C, and  $K_r$  shall be determined from:
  - the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH or EPDCCH or MPDCCH or SPDCCH, when the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, or,
  - the random access response grant for the same transport block, when the PUSCH is initiated by the random access response grant, or
  - the most recent AUL activation DCI as defined in [3], when the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is AUL PUSCH.

For the case when two transport blocks are transmitted in the PUSCH conveying the HARQ-ACK bits, rank indicator bits or CRI bits:

$$Q' = \max \left[ \min \left( Q'_{temp}, 4 \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH} \right), Q'_{\min} \right]$$
 with

$$Q_{temp=}' = \begin{bmatrix} O \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(1)} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial(1)} \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(2)} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial(2)} \cdot \beta_{offset}^{PUSCH-initial(2)} \\ \sum_{r=0}^{C^{(1)}-1} K_{r}^{(1)} \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(2)} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial(2)} + \sum_{r=0}^{C^{(2)}-1} K_{r}^{(2)} \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(1)} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial(1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

where

- O is the number of HARQ-ACK bits, rank indicator bits or CRI bits, and
- $Q'_{\min} = O$  if  $O \le 2$ ,  $Q'_{\min} = \lceil 2O/Q'_m \rceil$  if  $3 \le O \le 11$  with  $Q'_m = \min(Q^1_m, Q^2_m)$  where  $Q^x_m$ ,  $x = \{1, 2\}$  is the modulation order of transport block "x", and  $Q'_{\min} = \lceil 2O_1/Q'_m \rceil + \lceil 2O_2/Q'_m \rceil$  if O > 11 with  $O_1 = \lceil O/2 \rceil$  and  $O_2 = O \lceil O/2 \rceil$ .
- $M_{\text{sc}}^{PUSCH\text{-}initial(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  are the scheduled bandwidths or bandwidths assigned by the most recent AUL activation DCI as defined in [3] for PUSCH transmission in the initial sub-frame for the first and second transport block, respectively, expressed as a number of subcarriers in [2], and
- $N_{\text{symb}}^{PUSCH-init ial(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  are the number of SC-FDMA symbols per subframe for initial PUSCH transmission for the first and second transport block given by

$$N_{\text{symb}}^{PUSCH-initial(x)} = \left(\tilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} - N_{\text{SRS}}^{(x)} - N_{\text{start}}^{PUSCH-initial(x)} - N_{\text{end}}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}\right), x = \{1,2\}, \text{ where}$$

-  $\widetilde{N}_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\,\mathrm{UL}} = \left(N_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\,\mathrm{UL}} - 1\right)$  for Partial PUSCH Mode 2 or 3,

- otherwise  $\tilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} = 2(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} 1)$ .
- $N_{SRS}^{(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  is equal to 1
  - if UE configured with one UL cell is configured to send PUSCH and SRS in the same subframe for initial transmission, or
  - if UE transmits PUSCH and SRS in the same subframe in the same serving cell for initial transmission of transport block "x", or
  - if the PUSCH resource allocation for initial transmission of transport bock "x" even partially overlaps with the cell-specific SRS subframe and bandwidth configuration defined in clause 5.5.3 of [2], or
  - if the subframe for initial transmission of transport block "x" in the same serving cell is a UE-specific type-1 SRS subframe as defined in Clause 8.2 of [3], or
  - if the subframe for initial transmission of transport block "x" in the same serving cell is a UE-specific type-0 SRS subframe as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] and the UE is configured with multiple TAGs.
- Otherwise  $N_{SRS}^{(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  is equal to 0.
- $N_{\text{start}}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH for the first and second transport block not starting from the beginning of the first symbol or the seventh symbol of the subframe for initial transmission, otherwise is equal to 0.
- $N_{\rm end}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH for the first and second transport block up to the second to last symbol of the subframe for initial transmission and  $N_{SRS}^{(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  is equal to 0, otherwise is equal to 0.
- $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$ ,  $C^{(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$ , and  $K_r^{(x)}$ ,  $x = \{1,2\}$  are obtained from the initial PDCCH or EPDCCH for the corresponding transport block, or from the most recent AUL activation DCI as defined in [3], when the initial PUSCH for the corresponding transport block is AUL PUSCH.

For HARQ-ACK,  $Q_{ACK} = Q_m \cdot Q'$  and  $\beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} = \beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$ , where  $Q_m$  is the modulation order of a given transport block. For UEs configured with no more than five DL cells,  $\beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the number of transmission codewords for the corresponding PUSCH, the duration for the corresponding PUSCH (subslot/slot/subframe), and the beta offset indicator in SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B when the duration for the corresponding PUSCH is subslot. For UEs configured with more than five DL cells,  $\beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the number of transmission codewords for the corresponding PUSCH, the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits, the duration for the corresponding PUSCH (subslot/slot/subframe), and the beta offset indicator in SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B when the duration for the corresponding PUSCH is subslot.

For rank indication or CRI,  $Q_{RI} = Q_m \cdot Q'$ ,  $Q_{CRI} = Q_m \cdot Q'$  and  $\beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} = \beta_{offset}^{RI}$ , where  $Q_m$  is the modulation order of a given transport block, and  $\beta_{offset}^{RI}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the number of transmission codewords for the corresponding PUSCH, the duration for the corresponding PUSCH, the beta offset indicator in SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B when the duration for the corresponding PUSCH is subslot, and on the uplink power control subframe set for the corresponding PUSCH when two uplink power control subframe sets are configured by higher layers for the cell.

## For HARQ-ACK

- Each positive acknowledgement (ACK) is encoded as a binary '1' and each negative acknowledgement (NACK) is encoded as a binary '0'

- If HARQ-ACK feedback consists of 1-bit of information, i.e.,  $[o_0^{ACK}]$ , it is first encoded according to Table 5.2.2.6-1.
- If HARQ-ACK feedback consists of 2-bits of information, i.e.,  $[o_0^{ACK} \ o_1^{ACK}]$  with  $o_0^{ACK}$  corresponding to HARQ-ACK bit for codeword 0 and  $o_1^{ACK}$  corresponding to that for codeword 1, or if HARQ-ACK feedback consists of 2-bits of information as a result of the aggregation of HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to two DL cells with which the UE is configured by higher layers, or if HARQ-ACK feedback consists of 2-bits of information corresponding to two subframes for TDD, it is first encoded according to Table 5.2.2.6-2 where  $o_2^{ACK} = (o_0^{ACK} + o_1^{ACK}) \mod 2$ .

Table 5.2.2.6-1: Encoding of 1-bit HARQ-ACK

$Q_m$	Encoded HARQ-ACK
2	$[o_0^{ACK} y]$
4	$[o_0^{ACK} \text{ y x x}]$
6	$[o_0^{ACK} y x x x x]$
8	$[o_0^{ACK} y x x x x x x x]$

Table 5.2.2.6-2: Encoding of 2-bit HARQ-ACK

$Q_m$	Encoded HARQ-ACK
2	$[o_0^{ACK} o_1^{ACK} o_2^{ACK} o_0^{ACK} o_1^{ACK} o_2^{ACK}]$
4	$[o_0^{ACK} o_1^{ACK} \times \times o_2^{ACK} o_0^{ACK} \times \times o_1^{ACK} o_2^{ACK} \times X]$
6	$[o_0^{ACK} \ o_1^{ACK} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ o_2^{ACK} \ o_0^{ACK} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ o_1^{ACK} \ o_2^{ACK} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x}]$
8	$ [o_0^{ACK} o_1^{ACK} \times \times \times \times \times \times o_2^{ACK} o_0^{ACK} \times \times \times \times \times o_1^{ACK} o_2^{ACK} \times \times \times \times \times \times ] $

- If HARQ-ACK feedback consists of  $3 \le O^{ACK} \le 11$  bits of information as a result of the aggregation of HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to one or more DL cells with which the UE is configured by higher layers, i.e.,  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$   $o_0^{ACK}$ , ...,  $o_0^{ACK}$ , then a coded bit sequence  $\widetilde{q}_0^{ACK}$   $\widetilde{q}_1^{ACK}$ , ...,  $\widetilde{q}_{31}^{ACK}$  is obtained by using the bit sequence  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ , ...,  $o_0^{ACK}$ , as the input to the channel coding block described in clause 5.2.2.6.4. In turn, the bit sequence  $o_0^{ACK}$ ,  $o_0^{ACK}$ ,  $o_0^{ACK}$ ,  $o_0^{ACK}$ , ...,  $o_0^{ACK}$ , ..., o
- If HARQ-ACK feedback consists of  $11 < O^{ACK} \le 22$  bits of information as a result of the aggregation of HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to one or more DL cells with which the UE is configured by higher layers, i.e.,  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $o_0^{ACK}$ , then the coded bit sequence  $q_0^{ACK}$ ,  $q_1^{ACK}$ ,  $q_2^{ACK}$ ,...,  $q_{QACK-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained by using the bit sequence  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $o_{Q^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  as the input to the channel coding block described in clause 5.2.2.6.5.
- If HARQ-ACK feedback consists of  $O^{ACK}>22$  bits of information as a result of the aggregation of HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to one or more DL cells with which the UE is configured by higher layers, the coded bit sequence is denoted by  $q_0^{ACK}$ ,  $q_1^{ACK}$ ,  $q_2^{ACK}$ ,...,  $q_{Q_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ . The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching of the HARQ-ACK bits are performed according to clauses 5.1.1 setting L to 8 bits, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $o_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

The "x" and "y" in Table 5.2.2.6-1 and 5.2.2.6-2 are placeholders for [2] to scramble the HARQ-ACK bits in a way that maximizes the Euclidean distance of the modulation symbols carrying HARQ-ACK information.

For FDD or TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing or the aggregation of more than one DL cell including at least one cell using FDD and at least one cell using TDD when HARQ-ACK consists of one or two bits of information, the bit sequence  $q_0^{ACK}, q_1^{ACK}, q_2^{ACK}, \dots, q_{Q_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained by concatenation of multiple encoded HARQ-ACK blocks where  $Q_{ACK}$  is the total number of coded bits for all the encoded HARQ-ACK blocks. The last concatenation of the encoded HARQ-ACK block may be partial so that the total bit sequence length is equal to  $Q_{ACK}$ .

For UEs configured by higher layers with *dl-STT1-Length*, if *codebooksizeDeterminationSTT1-rel15* is configured as *dai*, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK} \tilde{o}_1^{sACK} \dots, \tilde{o}_{O^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$  corresponding to PDSCH with slot/subslot duration is determined according to the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) as in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2 and as defined in [3]; otherwise, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK} \tilde{o}_1^{sACK}, \dots, \tilde{o}_{O^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$  is determined as below.

The bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK} \tilde{o}_1^{sACK}, ..., \tilde{o}_{o_0^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$  is performed according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell configured with *dl-STTI-Length* 

```
Set j = 0 – HARQ-ACK bit index while c < N_{cells}^{sDL} set l = 0; while l < B_c^{sDL}  \widetilde{o}_j^{sACK} = \text{HARQ-ACK bit of this cell}  j = j + 1  l = l + 1  end while  c = c + 1
```

end while

For FDD with at least one cell configured with higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length* or for the aggregation of more than one DL cell including a primary cell using FDD and at least one secondary cell using TDD and at least one DL cell configured with higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length*, define the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{LACK} \tilde{o}_1^{LACK}, ..., \tilde{o}_{O^{LACK}-1}^{LACK}$ 

corresponding to PDSCH with subframe duration as the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for one or multiple DL cells. The bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{LACK} \tilde{o}_1^{LACK} , ..., \tilde{o}_{O^{LACK}-1}^{LACK}$  is determined as below for bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK} \tilde{o}_1^{ACK} , ..., \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  and spatial bundling is performed if the HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on subslot PUSCH or if the HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on slot PUSCH and spatial bundling is configured.

For UEs configured by higher layers with *codebooksizeDetermination-r13 = dai*, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  corresponding to PDSCH with subframe duration is determined according to the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) as in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2 and as defined in [3]. Otherwise, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is determined as below.

For FDD when the UE is not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2, when HARQ ACK consists of 2 or more bits of information as a result of the aggregation of more than one DL cell, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  corresponding to PDSCH with subframe duration is the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for the multiple DL cells according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

Set j = 0 – HARQ-ACK bit index

Set  $N_{cells}^{DL}$  to the number of cells configured by higher layers for the UE

while  $c < N_{cells}^{DL}$ 

if transmission mode configured in cell  $c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\}$  – 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell

$$\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK} = \text{HARQ-ACK bit of this cell}$$

$$j = j + 1$$

else

if the PUSCH is with subframe or slot duration and the UE is not configured with spatial bundling on PUSCH by higher layers

```
\tilde{o}_j^{ACK}= HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the first codeword of this cell j=j+1 \tilde{o}_j^{ACK}= HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the second codeword of this cell j=j+1 else
```

 $\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK}$  = binary AND operation of the HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to the first and second codewords of this cell

```
j = j + 1
```

end if

end if

c = c + 1

end while

For the aggregation of more than one DL cell including a primary cell using FDD and at least one secondary cell using TDD when the UE is not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for one or multiple DL cells. Define  $N_{cells}^{DL}$  as the number of cells configured by higher layers for the UE and  $B_c^{DL}$  as the number of subframes for which the UE needs to feed back HARQ-ACK bits in UL subframe n for the c-th serving cell. For a cell using TDD, the subframes are determined by the DL-reference UL/DL configuration if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter eimta-HARQ-ReferenceConfig, and determined by the UL/DL configuration otherwise. For a cell using TDD,  $B_c^{DL} = 1$  if subframe n-4 in the cell, or subframe n-3 in the cell if higher layer parameter shortProcessingTime is configured for the cell, is a DL subframe or a special subframe with special subframe configurations 1/2/3/4/6/7/8/9/10 and normal downlink CP or a special subframe with special subframe configurations 1/2/3/5/6/7 and extended downlink CP, and  $B_c^{DL} = 0$  otherwise. For a cell using FDD,  $B_c^{DL} = 1$ .

The bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{Q^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is performed according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

Set j = 0 – HARQ-ACK bit index

while  $c < N_{cells}^{DL}$ 

$$_{if} B_c^{DL} = 1$$

if transmission mode configured in cell  $c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\}$  – 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell

```
\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK} = \text{HARQ-ACK} bit of this cell j = j + 1
```

else

if the PUSCH is with subframe or slot duration and the UE is not configured with spatial bundling on PUSCH by higher layers

 $\tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK}$  = HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the first codeword of this cell

j = j + 1

 $\tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK}$  = HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the second codeword of this cell

j = j + 1

else

 $\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK}$  = binary AND operation of the HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to the first and second codewords of this cell

j = j + 1

end if

end if

end if

c = c + 1

end while

For the cases with TDD primary cell or EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2 configured, when HARQ-ACK is for the aggregation of one or more DL cells and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 [3], the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for the one or more DL cells configured by higher layers and the multiple subframes as defined in [3].

Define  $N_{cells}^{DL}$  as the number of cells configured by higher layers for the UE and  $B_c^{DL}$  as the number of subframes for which the UE needs to feed back HARQ-ACK bits as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3].

The number of HARQ-ACK bits for the UE to convey if it is configured with PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 is computed as follows:

```
Set k = 0 – counter of HARQ-ACK bits
```

Set c=0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

```
while c < N_{cells}^{DL} set l=0; while l < B_c^{DL} if transmission mode configured in cell c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\} -- 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell k=k+1 else k=k+2 end if l=l+1
```

j = j + 1

end while

end while

c = c + 1

When PUCCH format 3 is configured, if  $k \le 20$  when TDD is used in all the configured serving cell(s) of the UE, or if  $k \le 21$  when FDD is used in at least one of the configured serving cells with TDD primary cell, or if  $k \le 21$  when the UE is configured with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfig/2; or when PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 is configured and when the UE is not configured with spatial bundling on PUSCH by higher layers, the multiplexing of HARQ-ACK bits is performed according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

```
Set j=0 – HARQ-ACK bit index while c < N_{cells}^{DL} set l=0; while l < B_c^{DL} if transmission mode configured in cell c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\} – 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell \widetilde{o}_j^{ACK} = o_{c,l}^{ACK} \text{ HARQ-ACK bit of this cell as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3]}
```

end while

end while

```
else  [\widetilde{o}_j^{ACK},\widetilde{o}_{j+1}^{ACK}] = [o_{c,2l}^{ACK},o_{c,2l+1}^{ACK}] \text{ HARQ-ACK bits of this cell as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3]}   j=j+2  end if  l=l+1  end while  c=c+1
```

When PUCCH format 3 is configured, if k > 20 when TDD is used in all the configured serving cell(s) of the UE, or if k > 21 when FDD is used in at least one of the configured serving cells with TDD primary cell, or if k > 21 when the UE is configured with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2, spatial bundling is applied to all subframes in all cells; or when PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 is configured and when the UE is configured with spatial bundling on PUSCH by higher layers; or when the PUSCH is subslot duration, the multiplexing of HARQ-ACK bits is performed according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

For FDD with at least one cell configured with higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length* or for the aggregation of more than one DL cell including a primary cell using FDD and at least one secondary cell using TDD and at least one DL cell configured with higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length*, bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained by concatenation of the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK} \tilde{o}_1^{sACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$  and  $\tilde{o}_0^{LACK} \tilde{o}_1^{LACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{LACK}-1}^{LACK}$ , where  $O^{ACK} = O^{sACK} + O^{LACK}$  in the cases defined in clause 7.3 of [3]. In all other cases, the sequence of bits  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is given by

 $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK}\tilde{o}_1^{sACK},...,\tilde{o}_{O^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$ . For the cases with TDD primary cell with at least one cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$   $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is as defined in [3].

For  $o^{^{ACK}} \le 11$  or  $o^{^{ACK}} > 22$ , the bit sequence  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ ,..., $o_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained by setting  $o_i^{ACK} = \tilde{o}_i^{^{ACK}}$ .

For  $11 < o^{ACK} \le 22$ , the bit sequence  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $o_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained by setting  $o_{i/2}^{ACK} = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  if i is even and  $o_{[O^{ACK}/2]+(i-1)/2}^{ACK} = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  if i is odd.

For the cases with TDD primary cell when HARQ-ACK is for the aggregation of two DL cells and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection, the bit sequence  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $o_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained as described in clause 7.3 of [3].

For TDD HARQ-ACK bundling, a bit sequence  $\tilde{q}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{q}_1^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{q}_2^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{q}_{Q_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained by concatenation of multiple encoded HARQ-ACK blocks where  $Q_{ACK}$  is the total number of coded bits for all the encoded HARQ-ACK blocks. The last concatenation of the encoded HARQ-ACK block may be partial so that the total bit sequence length is equal to  $Q_{ACK}$ . A scrambling sequence  $\left[w_0^{ACK} w_1^{ACK} w_2^{ACK} w_3^{ACK}\right]$  is then selected from Table 5.2.2.6-A with index  $i = \left(N_{bundled} - 1\right) \mod 4$ , where  $N_{bundled}$  is determined as described in clause 7.3 of [3]. The bit sequence  $q_0^{ACK}$ ,  $q_1^{ACK}$ ,  $q_2^{ACK}$ ,...,  $q_{Q_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is then generated by setting m = 1 if HARQ-ACK consists of 1-bit and m = 3 if HARQ-ACK consists of 2-bits and then scrambling  $\tilde{q}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{q}_1^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{q}_2^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{q}_{Q_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  as follows

Set i, k to 0

while  $i < Q_{ACK}$ 

if  $\widetilde{q}_{i}^{ACK} = y$  // place-holder repetition bit

$$q_i^{ACK} = (\widetilde{q}_{i-1}^{ACK} + w_{\lfloor k/m \rfloor}^{ACK}) \mod 2$$

$$k = (k+1) \mod 4m$$

else

if  $\widetilde{q}_i^{ACK} = x // a$  place-holder bit

$$q_i^{ACK} = \widetilde{q}_i^{ACK}$$

else // coded bit

$$q_i^{ACK} = (\widetilde{q}_i^{ACK} + w_{\lfloor k/m \rfloor}^{ACK}) \mod 2$$

$$k = (k+1) \mod 4m$$

end if

i = i + 1

end while

Table 5.2.2.6-A: Scrambling sequence selection for TDD HARQ-ACK bundling

i	$\left[w_0^{ACK}w_1^{ACK}w_2^{ACK}w_3^{ACK}\right]$
0	[1 1 1 1]
1	[1 0 1 0]
2	[1 1 0 0]
3	[1 0 0 1]

When HARQ-ACK information is to be multiplexed with UL-SCH at a given PUSCH, the HARQ-ACK information is multiplexed in all layers of all transport blocks of that PUSCH, For a given transport block, the vector sequence output of the channel coding for HARQ-ACK information is denoted by  $\underline{q}_0^{ACK}, \underline{q}_1^{ACK}, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ , where  $\underline{q}_i^{ACK}$ ,

 $i = 0,...,Q'_{ACK} - 1$  are column vectors of length  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$  and where  $Q'_{ACK} = Q_{ACK} / Q_m$  is obtained as follows:

Set i, k to 0

while  $i < Q_{ACK}$ 

$$\hat{q}_{k}^{ACK} = [q_{i}^{ACK} ... q_{i+Q_{m}-1}^{ACK}]$$
 -- temporary row vector

$$\underline{\underline{q}}_{k}^{ACK} = [\underline{\hat{\underline{q}}}_{k}^{ACK} \cdots \underline{\hat{\underline{q}}}_{k}^{ACK}]^{T} - \text{replicating the row vector } \underline{\hat{\underline{q}}}_{k}^{ACK} N_{L} \text{ times and transposing into a column vector}$$

$$i = i + Q_m$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

where  $N_L$  is the number of layers onto which the UL-SCH transport block is mapped.

For rank indication (RI) (RI only, joint report of RI and i1, joint report of CRI and RI, joint report of CRI, RI and i1, joint report of CRI, RI, and PTI, joint report of RI and i1,p-2, and joint report of RI and PTI) or CRI

- The corresponding bit widths for CRI feedback for PDSCH transmissions are given by Tables 5.2.2.6.1-2A, 5.2.2.6.1-2C, 5.2.2.6.1-2G, 5.2.2.6.2-3A, 5.2.2.6.2-3C, 5.2.2.6.2-3G, 5.2.2.6.3-3A, 5.2.2.6.3-3C, 5.2.2.6.3-3G, 5.2.3.3.1-3E, 5.2.3.3.1-3H, 5.2.3.3.2-4E, and 5.2.3.3.2-4H.
- The corresponding bit widths for RI feedback for PDSCH transmissions are given by Tables 5.2.2.6.1-2, 5.2.2.6.1-2B, 5.2.2.6.1-2D, 5.2.2.6.1-2E, 5.2.2.6.1-2F, 5.2.2.6.2-3, 5.2.2.6.2-3B, 5.2.2.6.2-3D, 5.2.2.6.2-3E, 5.2.2.6.2-3F, 5.2.2.6.3-3, 5.2.2.6.3-3B, 5.2.2.6.3-3D, 5.2.2.6.3-3E, 5.2.2.6.3-3F, 5.2.3.3.1-3, 5.2.3.3.1-3A, 5.2.3.3.1-3B, 5.2.3.3.1-3B-1, 5.2.3.3.1-3C, 5.2.3.3.1-3D, 5.2.3.3.1-3F, 5.2.3.3.1-3G, 5.2.3.3.1-3I, 5.2.3.3.1-3J, 5.2.3.3.1-5, 5.2.3.3.2-4A, 5.2.3.3.2-4B, 5.2.3.3.2-4C, 5.2.3.3.2-4D, 5.2.3.3.2-4F, 5.2.3.3.2-4G and 5.2.3.3.2-4I which are determined assuming the maximum number of layers as follows:
  - If the *maxLayersMIMO-r10* is configured for the DL cell, the maximum number of layers for subframe operation is determined according to *maxLayersMIMO-r10* for the DL cell.
  - If the UE is configured with *ShortTTI* and if the higher layer parameter *maxLayersMIMO-sTTI-r15* is configured for the DL cell, the maximum number of layers for slot/subslot operation is determined according to *maxLayersMIMO-sTTI-r15* for the DL cell.
  - Else,
    - If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
    - If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and

the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna port of the configured CSI-RS resources and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.

- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna port of the configured CSI-RS resources and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop*, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of 2 and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop*, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of 2 and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 with *activatedResources*>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna ports of the activated CSI-RS resources and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 with activatedResources>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and the supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10 field is not included in the UE-EUTRA-Capability, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna ports of the activated CSI-RS resources and ue-Category (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with *activatedResources*=1 or *numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources*>0, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the number of antenna port of the activated or selected CSI-RS resource and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with *activatedResources*=1 or *numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources*>0, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the number of antenna ports of the activated or selected CSI-RS resource and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9 and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports of *eMIMO-Type2* and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 9 and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports of *eMIMO-Type2* and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is

determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports for that CSI process and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.

- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna port of the configured CSI-RS resources in that CSI process and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports for that CSI process and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna port of the configured CSI-RS resources in that CSI process and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop*, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of 2 and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop*, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of 2 and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 with *activatedResources*>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna ports of the activated CSI-RS resources in that CSI process and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 with *activatedResources*>1, and RI and CRI are transmitted in the same reporting instance, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the maximum of number of antenna port of the activated CSI-RS resources in that CSI process and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with *activatedResources*=1 or *numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources*>0, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the number of antenna ports of the activated or selected CSI-RS resource in that CSI process and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with *activatedResources*=1 or *numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources*>0, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the number of antenna port of the activated or selected CSI-RS resource in that CSI process and *ue-Category* (without suffix).

- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10 and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports of *eMIMO-Type2* for that CSI process and the maximum of the reported UE downlink MIMO capabilities for the same band in the corresponding band combination.
- If the UE is configured with transmission mode 10 and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and the *supportedMIMO-CapabilityDL-r10* field is not included in the *UE-EUTRA-Capability*, the maximum number of layers for each CSI process is determined according to the minimum of the configured number of CSI-RS ports of *eMIMO-Type2* for that CSI process and *ue-Category* (without suffix)
- Otherwise the maximum number of layers is determined according to the minimum of the number of PBCH antenna ports and *ue-Category* (without suffix).
- If RI feedback consists of 1-bit of information, i.e.,  $[o_0^{RI}]$ , it is first encoded according to Table 5.2.2.6-3. The  $[o_0^{RI}]$  to RI mapping is given by Table 5.2.2.6-5.
- If RI feedback consists of 2-bits of information, i.e.,  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI}]$  with  $o_0^{RI}$  corresponding to MSB of 2-bit input and  $o_1^{RI}$  corresponding to LSB, it is first encoded according to Table 5.2.2.6-4 where  $o_2^{RI} = (o_0^{RI} + o_1^{RI}) \mod 2$ . The  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI}]$  to RI mapping is given by Table 5.2.2.6-6A if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled, otherwise given by Table 5.2.2.6-6.

Table 5.2.2.6-3: Encoding of 1-bit RI

$Q_m$	Encoded RI		
2	$[o_0^{RI} y]$		
4	$[o_0^{RI} \ \mathbf{y} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x}]$		
6	$[o_0^{RI} y x x x x x]$		
8	$[o_0^{RI} y x x x x x x x]$		

Table 5.2.2.6-4: Encoding of 2-bit RI

$Q_m$	Encoded RI
2	$[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI} \ o_2^{RI} \ o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI} \ o_2^{RI}]$
4	$[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ o_2^{RI} \ o_0^{RI} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ o_1^{RI} \ o_2^{RI} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x}]$
6	$[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ o_2^{RI} \ o_0^{RI} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ o_1^{RI} \ o_2^{RI} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{x}]$
8	$[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI} \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ o_2^{RI} \ o_0^{RI} \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ $

Table 5.2.2.6-5:  $o_0^{RI}$  to RI mapping

$o_0^{RI}$	RI
0	1
1	2

Table 5.2.2.6-6:  $o_0^{\it RI}$  ,  $o_1^{\it RI}$  to RI mapping

$O_0^{RI}$ , $O_1^{RI}$	RI
0, 0	1
0, 1	2
1, 0	3
1, 1	4

Table 5.2.2.6-6A:  $o_0^{\it RI}$  ,  $o_1^{\it RI}$  to RI mapping

$o_0^{RI}$ , $o_1^{RI}$	RI (CRI = 0 or 1)	{RI0, RI1} (CRI = 2)
0, 0	1	{1,1}
0, 1	2	{1,2}
1, 0	3	{2,1}
1, 1	4	{2,2}

Table 5.2.2.6-7:  $o_0^{RI}$ ,  $o_1^{RI}$ ,  $o_2^{RI}$  to RI mapping

$o_0^{RI}$ , $o_1^{RI}$ , $o_2^{RI}$	RI
0, 0, 0	1
0, 0, 1	2
0, 1, 0	3
0, 1, 1	4
1, 0, 0	5
1, 0, 1	6
1, 1, 0	7
1, 1, 1	8

Table 5.2.2.6-8:  $o_0^{RI}$  ,  $o_1^{RI}$  ,  $o_2^{RI}$  ,  $o_3^{RI}$  to RI mapping

$o_0^{RI}$ , $o_1^{RI}$ , $o_2^{RI}$ , $O_3^{RI}$	RI (CRI = 0 or 1)	{RI0, RI1} (CRI = 2)
0, 0, 0, 0	1	{1,1}
0, 0, 0, 1	2	{1,2}
0, 0, 1, 0	3	{2,1}
0, 0, 1, 1	4	{2,2}
0, 1, 0, 0	5	{2,3}
0, 1, 0, 1	6	{3,2}
0, 1, 1, 0	7	{3,3}
0, 1, 1, 1	8	{3,4}
1, 0, 0, 0	reserved	{4,3}
1, 0, 0, 1	reserved	{4,4}
1, 0, 1, 0	reserved	reserved
1, 0, 1, 1	reserved	reserved
1, 1, 0, 0	reserved	reserved
1, 1, 0, 1	reserved	reserved
1, 1, 1, 0	reserved	reserved
1, 1, 1, 1	reserved	reserved

- If RI feedback for a given DL cell consists of 3-bits of information, i.e.,  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI} \ o_2^{RI} \ ]$  with  $o_0^{RI}$  corresponding to MSB of 3-bit input and  $o_2^{RI}$  corresponding to LSB. The  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI} \ o_2^{RI} \ ]$  to RI mapping is given by Table 5.2.2.6-7.

- If RI feedback for a given DL cell consists of 4-bits of information when the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled*, i.e.,  $\begin{bmatrix} o_0^{RI} & o_1^{RI} & o_2^{RI} & o_3^{RI} \end{bmatrix}$  with  $o_0^{RI}$  corresponding to MSB of 4-bit input and  $o_3^{RI}$  corresponding to LSB, the  $\begin{bmatrix} o_0^{RI} & o_1^{RI} & o_2^{RI} & o_3^{RI} \end{bmatrix}$  to RI mapping is given by Table 5.2.2.6-8.
- If RI feedback consists of  $3 \le O^{RI} \le 11$  bits of information, i.e.,  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI}, ..., o_{O^{RI}-1}^{RI}]$ , then a coded bit sequence  $[\tilde{q}_0^{RI} \ \tilde{q}_1^{RI}, ..., \tilde{q}_{31}^{RI}]$  is obtained by using the bit sequence  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI}, ..., o_{O^{RI}-1}^{RI}]$  as the input to the channel coding block described in clause 5.2.2.6.4.
- If RI feedback consists of  $11 < O^{RI} \le 22$  bits of information as a result of the aggregation of RI bits corresponding to multiple DL cells or multiple CSI processes, i.e.,  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI}, ..., o_{O^{RI}-1}^{RI}]$ , then the coded bit sequence  $[o_0^{RI}, q_1^{RI}, q_2^{RI}, ..., q_{Q_{RI}-1}^{RI}]$  is obtained by using the bit sequence  $[o_0^{RI}, o_1^{RI}, ..., o_{O^{RI}-1}^{RI}]$  as the input to the channel coding block described in clause 5.2.2.6.5.
- If RI feedback consists of  $O^{RI} > 22$  bits of information as a result of the aggregation of RI bits corresponding to multiple DL cells or multiple CSI processes, i.e.,  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI}, ..., o_{O^{RI}-1}^{RI}]$ , then the coded bit sequence is denoted by  $q_0^{RI}, q_1^{RI}, q_2^{RI}, ..., q_{Q_{RI}-1}^{RI}$ . The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching of the HARQ-ACK bits are performed according to clauses 5.1.1 setting L to 8 bits, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $[o_0^{RI} \ o_1^{RI}, ..., o_{O^{RI}-1}^{RI}]$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.
- A UE capable of supporting only up to 5 serving cells is not expected to support CRI/RI payload larger than 22 bits

The "x" and "y" in Table 5.2.2.6-3 and 5.2.2.6-4 are placeholders for [2] to scramble the RI bits in a way that maximizes the Euclidean distance of the modulation symbols carrying rank information.

For the case where RI feedback for more than one DL cell is to be reported, the RI report for each DL cell is concatenated prior to coding in increasing order of cell index.

For the case where RI feedback for more than one CSI process is to be reported, the RI reports are concatenated prior to coding first in increasing order of CSI process index for each DL cell and then in increasing order of cell index.

For the case where RI feedback consists of one or two bits of information the bit sequence  $q_0^{RI}$ ,  $q_1^{RI}$ ,  $q_2^{RI}$ ,...,  $q_{Q_{RI}-1}^{RI}$  is obtained by concatenation of multiple encoded RI blocks where  $Q_{RI}$  is the total number of coded bits for all the encoded RI blocks. The last concatenation of the encoded RI block may be partial so that the total bit sequence length is equal to  $Q_{RI}$ .

For the case where RI feedback consists of  $3 \le O^{RI} \le 11$  bits of information, the bit sequence  $q_0^{RI}$ ,  $q_1^{RI}$ ,  $q_2^{RI}$ ,...,  $q_{Q_{RI}-1}^{RI}$  is obtained by the circular repetition of the bit sequence  $\tilde{q}_0^{RI}$   $\tilde{q}_1^{RI}$ ,...,  $\tilde{q}_{31}^{RI}$  so that the total bit sequence length is equal to  $Q_{RI}$ .

For the case where CRI feedback is to be reported, the same procedures for RI are applied for CRI. When rank information is to be multiplexed with UL-SCH at a given PUSCH, the rank information is multiplexed in all layers of all transport blocks of that PUSCH. For a given transport block, the vector sequence output of the channel coding for rank information is denoted by  $\underline{q}_0^{RI}$ ,  $\underline{q}_1^{RI}$ ,...,  $\underline{q}_{Q'_{RI}-1}^{RI}$ , where  $\underline{q}_i^{RI}$ ,  $i=0,...,Q'_{RI}-1$  are column vectors of length  $(Q_m\cdot N_L)$  and where  $Q'_{RI}=Q_{RI}/Q_m$ . The vector sequence is obtained as follows:

Set i, j, k to 0

while  $i < Q_{RI}$ 

$$\hat{\underline{q}}_{k}^{RI} = [q_{i}^{RI} ... q_{i+Q_{m}-1}^{RI}]$$
 -- temporary row vector

$$\underline{\underline{q}}_{k}^{RI} = [\underline{\hat{q}}_{k}^{RI} \cdots \underline{\hat{q}}_{k}^{RI}]^{T} - \text{replicating the row vector } \underline{\hat{q}}_{k}^{RI} N_{L} \text{ times and transposing into a column vector}$$

$$i = i + Q_m$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

where  $N_L$  is the number of layers onto which the UL-SCH transport block is mapped.

The same processing procedures for RI and RI multiplexing with UL-SCH at a given PUSCH are applied for CRI, using CRI instead of RI in the equations.

For channel quality control information (CQI and/or PMI denoted as CQI/PMI);

When the UE transmits channel quality control information bits, it shall determine the number of modulation coded symbols per layer Q' for channel quality information as

$$Q' = \min \left( \frac{(O+L) \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(x)} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial(x)} \cdot \beta_{offset}^{PUSCH}}{\sum_{r=0}^{C^{(x)}-1} K_{r}^{(x)}} \right), M_{sc}^{PUSCH} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH} - \frac{Q_{RI}^{(x)}}{Q_{m}^{(x)}}$$

where

- O is the number of CQI/PMI bits, and
- L is the number of CRC bits given by  $L = \begin{cases} 0 & O \le 11 \\ 8 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ , and
- $Q_{CQI} = Q_m^{(x)} \cdot Q'$  and  $\beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} = \beta_{offset}^{CQI}$ , where  $\beta_{offset}^{CQI}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the number of transmission codewords for the corresponding PUSCH, the duration of the corresponding PUSCH, and on the uplink power control subframe set for the corresponding PUSCH when two uplink power control subframe sets are configured by higher layers for the cell.
- If neither RI nor CRI is not transmitted then  $Q_{RI}^{(x)} = 0$ .

The variable "x" in  $K_r^{(x)}$  represents the transport block index corresponding to the highest  $I_{MCS}$  value indicated by the initial UL grant. In case the two transport blocks have the same  $I_{MCS}$  value in the corresponding initial UL grant, "x = 1", which corresponds to the first transport block.  $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ ,  $C^{(x)}$ , and  $K_r^{(x)}$  are obtained from the initial PDCCH or EPDCCH or SPDCCH for the same transport block. If there is no initial PDCCH or EPDCCH with DCI format 0/0A/0B/4A/4B or MPDCCH with DCI format 6-0A/6-0B or SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B for the same transport block,  $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ ,  $C^{(x)}$ , and  $K_r^{(x)}$  shall be determined from:

- the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH or EPDCCH or MPDCCH or SPDCCH, when the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, or,
- the random access response grant for the same transport block, when the PUSCH is initiated by the random access response grant, or
- the most recent AUL activation DCI as defined in [3], when the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is AUL PUSCH.

 $N_{symb}^{PUSCH\ -initial\ (x)}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols per subframe/slot/subslot for initial PUSCH transmission for the same transport block.

For UL-SCH data information  $G = N_L^{(x)} \cdot \left( N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot Q_m^{(x)} - Q_{CQI} - Q_{RI}^{(x)} \right)$ , where

- $N_L^{(x)}$  is the number of layers the corresponding UL-SCH transport block is mapped onto, and
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$  is the scheduled bandwidth for PUSCH transmission in the current subframe/slot/subslot for the transport block, and
- $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols in the current PUSCH transmission subframe/slot/subslot given by  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \left(\tilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} N_{\text{SRS}} N_{\text{start}}^{\text{PUSCH}} N_{\text{end}}^{\text{PUSCH}}\right)$ , where
  - $\tilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} = (N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} 1)$  for PUSCH with slot duration, or for Partial PUSCH Mode 2 or 3, or
  - $\tilde{N}_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{UL}} = N_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{subslot}} N_{\mathrm{DMRS}}$  for PUSCH with subslot duration,
    - $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{subslot}}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols of the subslot as defined in clause 4.1 of [2],
    - $N_{DMRS}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols for DMRS of the subslot as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.2 of [2]
  - otherwise  $\widetilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} = 2(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} 1)$ .
  - $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 1 for non-BL/CE UEs and BL/CE UEs in CEModeA
    - if UE configured with one UL cell is configured to send PUSCH and SRS in the same subframe for the current subframe/slot/subslot, or
    - if UE transmits PUSCH and SRS in the same subframe/slot/subslot for the current subframe in the same serving cell, or
    - if the PUSCH resource allocation for the current subframe even partially overlaps with the cell-specific SRS subframe and bandwidth configuration defined in clause 5.5.3 of [2], and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe, or
    - if the current subframe/slot/subslot in the same serving cell is a UE-specific type-1 SRS subframe as defined in Clause 8.2 of [3], and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe, or
    - if the current subframe/slot/subslot in the same serving cell is a UE-specific type-0 SRS subframe as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] and the UE is configured with multiple TAGs, and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe.
  - Otherwise  $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 0.
- $N_{\text{start}}^{PUSCH}$  is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH not starting from the beginning of the first symbol or the seventh symbol of the current subframe, otherwise is equal to 0.
- $N_{\rm end}^{\it PUSCH}$  is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH up to the second to last symbol of the current subframe and  $N_{\it SRS}$  is equal to 0, otherwise is equal to 0.

In case of CQI/PMI report for more than one DL cell,  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{O-1}$  is the result of concatenating the CQI/PMI report for each DL cell in increasing order of cell index. For the case where CQI/PMI feedback for more than one CSI process is to be reported,  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{O-1}$  is the result of concatenating the CQI/PMI reports in increasing order of CSI process index for each DL cell and then in increasing order of cell index.

- If the payload size is less than or equal to 11 bits, the channel coding of the channel quality information is performed according to clause 5.2.2.6.4 with input sequence  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{Q-1}$ .
- For payload sizes greater than 11 bits, the CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching of the channel quality information is performed according to clauses 5.1.1, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{O-1}$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

The output sequence for the channel coding of channel quality information is denoted by  $q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, ..., q_{N_L \cdot Q_{CQI}^{-1}}$ , where  $N_I$  is the number of layers the corresponding UL-SCH transport block is mapped onto.

## 5.2.2.6.1 Channel quality information formats for wideband CQI reports

If the parameter *CQI-ReportModeAperiodic* is configured to the value of *rm12* by higher layers [6], the fields and the corresponding bit widths for channel quality information and rank indication feedback are described as below.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' for a CSI process with K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and K=1 except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3] and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1* is configured by higher layers [6].

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A-1 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-2 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 4 antenna ports with K>1, and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].For Table 5.2.2.6.1-1-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-3, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RIO for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1C and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-2 show the fields and corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10

configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1E shows the fields and corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and higher layer parameter *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE* configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

For Table 5.2.2.6.1-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-3, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1C, Table 5.2.2.6.1-D, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-2 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1E, N is defined in clause 7.2 of [3]. For Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1C, Table 5.2.2.6.1-D-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-2, the codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  is defined in [3], and CodebookConfig is configured by higher layers [6]. The

parameters 
$$(S_1, S_2)$$
 in rank 3 and 4 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for  $CodebookConfig=1$ ,  $(S_1, S_2) = \left(\frac{O_1}{2}, \frac{O_2}{2}\right)$ 

$$\text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 3, \ \left(S_{1},$$

CodebookConfig=4. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 5 to 8 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1,

$$(S_1, S_2) = \left(\frac{O_1}{4}, \frac{O_2}{4}\right)$$
 for  $CodebookConfig=2/3/4$ . The parameters  $(L_1, L_2)$  are defined as  $L_1 = \min\{4, N_1\}$  and

$$\begin{split} L_2 &= 2 \text{ for } N_1 \geq N_2 \text{ and } N_2 \neq 1 \text{, } L_1 = 2 \text{ and } L_2 = \min \big\{ 4, N_2 \big\} \text{ for } N_1 < N_2 \text{ and } N_1 \neq 1 \text{, and } L_1 = \min \big\{ 8, N_1 \big\} \text{ and } L_2 = 1 \text{ for } N_2 = 1 \text{.} \end{split}$$

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 4, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width				
Field	2 anten	na ports	4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	
Precoding matrix indicator	2 <i>N</i>	N	4N	4N	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1			
Field	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4
Precoding matrix indicator	2N	N	4N	4 <i>N</i>
	Bit width for CRI=2			
Field	2 anteni	na ports	4 antenna ports	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	N	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	N	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 8 antenna ports with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

Field	Bit width					
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4		
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2		
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>		
Field Bit wid				Bit width		
rieiu	Rank = 5	Donk 6	Doub 7			
	Nailk - 3	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4 Rank = 8		
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1		4 4	4 4	4		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	4 4 2	4 4 2	4		

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 8 antenna ports with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1			
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4

Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2	
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	
Field		Bit width fo	r CRI=0 or 1		
rieiu	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1	2	2	2	0	
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0	
Field	Bit width for CRI=2				
rieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	2	2	
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	2	2	
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission mode 8, transmission mode 9 and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 4 antenna ports with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0	
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4N	4 <i>N</i>	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	3	3	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	6N	12N	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	2	2	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0	
Subband second PMI i2	6N	12N	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	
Field		Bit width			
Field	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	2	2	2	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0	
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-3: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 4 antenna ports with K>1, and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1				
1.0.2	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1	4 4 0 0				
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	
Field	Bit width for CRI=2				
1014	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	1	4	4	4	
maddana dan dadamara n	4	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	0	0	
	<u> </u>	-	· ·	-	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	0	0	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1C: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width						
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4			
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4			
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2\right)\right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$			
Subband second PMI i2	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	N	N			
Field			Bit width				
- 1010	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8			
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4			
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$			
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0			

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,Q_1,Q_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field			Bit width	
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / 2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / 2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>
Field	D. 1. 5	D. 1. 0	Bit width	B. J. O
Wideband CQI codeword 0	Rank = 5 4	Rank = 6 4	Rank = 7 4	Rank= 8 4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled= TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration (N, N, Q, Q) and CodebookConfig=1)

Field	Bit width						
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4			
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2 ight)  ceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0			
Subband second PMI i2	6 <i>N</i>	12 <i>N</i>	N	N			
Field	Bit width						
Midabaaa	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8			
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4			
Wideband first PMI	F /						
i1,1-1	$ \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right) $	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1			<u> </u>	$ \lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil $ $ \lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil $			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1 Wideband first PMI i1,1-2			<u> </u>				
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1 Wideband first PMI i1,1-2 Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1 Wideband first PMI i1,1-2 Wideband first PMI	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$		$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$			

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled= TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration (N, N, Q, Q) and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

Field			Bit width	
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4
Wideban d CQI codewor d 0	4	4	4	4
Wideban d CQI codewor d 1	0	4	4	4
Wideban d first PMI i1,1- 1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{S_1}\times\left(2+\left\lfloor\frac{9-N_2}{8}\right\rfloor\right)\right)\right]$
Wideban d first PMI i1,2- 1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$
Wideban d first PMI i1,1- 2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0
Wideban d first PMI i1,2- 2	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0
Wideban d first PMI i1,p- 2	2	2	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	6 <i>N</i>	12 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>
Field			Bit width	
1 1014	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8

Wideban d CQI codewor d 0	4	4	4	4
Wideban d CQI codewor d 1	4	4	4	4
Wideban d first PMI i1,1- 1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$
Wideban d first PMI i1,2- 1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$
Wideban d first PMI i1,1- 2	0	0	0	0
Wideban d first PMI i1,2- 2	0	0	0	0
Wideban d first PMI i1,p- 2	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1E: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports with K=1 with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

			Bit w	idth		
Field	2 antenna ports		2 antenna ports 4 antenna ports			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank =2	Rank =3	Rank =4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	4
Precoding matrix indicator	2 <i>N</i>	N	3 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	N
			Bit w	idth		
Field			8 antenn	a ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank =4	Rank	=5~8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	1
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	1
Precoding matrix indicator	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	(	)

If the parameter *CQI-ReportModeAperiodic* is configured to the value of *rm10-v13xy* by higher layers [6], the fields and the corresponding bit widths for channel quality information and rank indication feedback are described as below.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1F shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, and transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1F-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1G shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports without PMI reporting.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1G-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

For Table 5.2.2.6.1-1F-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1G-1, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RIO for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1F: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, and transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width
Wide-band CQI	4

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1F-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1
Wide-band CQI	4
Field	Bit width for CRI=2
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1G: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports without PMI reporting)

Field	Bit width		
rieiu	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1G-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1		
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	
Field	Bit width for CRI=2		
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	

If the parameter *CQI-ReportModeAperiodic* is configured to the value of *rm11-v13xx* by higher layers [6], the fields and the corresponding bit widths for channel quality information and rank indication feedback are described as below.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1H, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1I and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and K=1 except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3] and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1* is configured by higher layers [6].

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1H-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1I-1 show the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-2 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A'.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-4 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

For Table 5.2.2.6.1-1H-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1I-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-4, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RIO for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-2 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmission associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-3 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-4 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmission associated with transmission mode

9/10 configured with higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$ .

For Table 5.2.2.6.1-1H, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1I, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-2 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-3, N is defined in clause 7.2 of [3]. For Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-3, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-4 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-5, the codebook configuration  $\left(N_1,N_2,O_1,O_2\right)$  is defined in [3], and CodebookConfig is configured by higher layers [6]. The parameters  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)$  in rank 1 and rank 2 are defined as  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(1,1\right)$  for CodebookConfig=1 and  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(2,2\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2, 3 and 4. The parameters  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)$  in rank 3 and 4 are defined as  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(1,1\right)$  for CodebookConfig=1,  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(\frac{O_1}{2},\frac{O_2}{2}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=3,  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(O_1,\frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=4. The parameters  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(\frac{O_1}{4},\frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2,  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(\frac{O_1}{4},\frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2,  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(\frac{O_1}{4},\frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1H: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width				
Field	2 anten	na ports	4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1 Rank = 2		Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1H-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

		Bit width fo	r CRI=0 or 1			
Field	2 anteni	na ports	4 antenna ports			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1		
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4		
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	4	4		
		Bit width	for CRI=2			
Field	2 anteni	na ports	4 anten	na ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1		
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4		
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 0	2	1	4	4		
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 1	2	1	4	4		

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1I: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth			
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3
Field		Bitw	ridth	
Field	Rank = 5	Bitw Rank = 6	ridth Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Field  Wideband CQI codeword 0	Rank = 5			Rank = 8
1101		Rank = 6		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	Rank = 6		4

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1I-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field		Bitwidth for	CRI=0 or 1	
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4

Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3
Field		Bitwidth for	r CRI=0 or 1	
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1	2	2	2	0
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0
Field	Bitwidth for CRI=2			
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4	4	4	3
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4	4	4	3
	•	•		

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth			
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1)

Field			Bit width	
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4

Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	
Wideband second PMI i2	2	2	1	1	
	Bit width				
Field					
Field	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8	
Field Wideband CQI codeword 0	Rank = 5 4	Rank = 6		Rank =8 4	
Wideband CQI codeword			Rank =7		
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI	4	4	Rank =7  4  4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Wideband first PMI	4	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ \\ \left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil \end{array}$	Rank =7 $4$ $\left\lceil \log_{2} \left( N_{1} O_{1} / S_{1} \right) \right\rceil$	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, Q_1, Q_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

Field	Bit width					
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4		
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3		
Field			Bit width			
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4		
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$		
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0		

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-3: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*2 and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*)

Field	Bit width					
	2 antenna ports 4 antenna ports					
	Rank = 1	Rank = 1 Rank = 2 Rank = 1 Rank = 2 Rank				Rank =4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	4
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	3	3	2	1
Field		Bit width				
			8 antenr	na ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank =4	Rank =5 to	Rank = 8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	4	
Precoding matrix indicator	4	4	4	3	(	)

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-4: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field		Bitwidth for	CRI=0 or 1		
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4	
Field	Bitwidth for CRI=2				
rieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4	4	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width			
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2		
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4		
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4		

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth		
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-3: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1)

Field	Bit wi	dth
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-4: Fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

Field	Bit wi	dth
rieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \right\rceil$

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-5 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for i1 for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B', and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports, where i1 is associated with Class A.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-5: Fields for i1 feedback (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, Q_1, Q_2)$ , where i1 is associated with Class A)

		Bit width				
Field	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers Max 4 or 8 layers				
	Rank = 1	Rank = 1	Rank =3			
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/S_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$			

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList, and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and rank indication is associated with eMIMO-Type2, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A', and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZPmode set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and rank indication is associated with eMIMO-Type2.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2A shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 CSI-RS resources except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and one port per CSI-RS resource except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with the eMIMO-Type.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2B shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the joint CRI and RI feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* and more than one port for at least one CSI-RS resource except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2C shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and the higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources*>1 and one port per activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2D shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the joint CRI and RI feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and the higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2E shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' and *eMIMO-Type*2 is set to 'CLASS B', where rank indication is associated with the *eMIMO-Type*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2F shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the joint CRI and RI feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and more than one port for at least one CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. In the case of CRI=2, Rank indication in Table 5.2.2.6.1-2F corresponds to {RI0, RI1}, where RI0 is the rank indication for codeword 0 and RI1 is the rank indication for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2G shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and one port for each CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources*>1 and one port per activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2: Fields for rank indication feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and rank indication is associated with eMIMO-Type2, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A')

			Bit wi	dth		
Field	2 antonna	4 antenna	ports	oorts 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna po		
rieid	2 antenna ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2A: Fields for CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports
(transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 CSI-RS resources except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and 1 port per CSI-RS resource except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with the eMIMO-Type)

Field		Bit width				
i ieiu	K=2	K=3 and K=4 K=5 to K=8				
CRI	1	2	3			

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2B: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* and >1 ports for at least one CSI-RS resource except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured)

	Bit width						
Field	2 antenna	4 antenna ports 8 an			antenna ports	ntenna ports	
rieiu	ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers	
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$						
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2C: Fields for CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources>1 and 1 port per activated CSI-RS resource except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width		
rieid	N = 2 N = 3 and N = 4		
CRI	1 2		

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2D: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multishot' with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources>*1 and >1 ports for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

		Bit width					
Field	2 antenna	4 antenna	a ports	8 8	antenna ports		
rieiu	ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers	
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$						
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2E: Fields for rank indication feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type set to 'CLASS A' and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B', where rank indication is associated with the eMIMO-Type)

	Bit width 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports		
Field			
	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 or 8 layers	
Rank indication	0	1	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2F: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and more than one port for at least one CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources>1 and >1 ports for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

	Bit width						
Field	Field 2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports		8 antenna ports		
i ieiu			Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers		
CRI	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Rank indication	2	2	4	2	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.1-2G: Fields for CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and one port for each CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' with *activatedResources*>1 and 1 port per activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bit width
CRI	2

Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-3, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-4, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-3, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-4, Table 5.2.2.6.1-2B, and Table 5.2.2.6.1-2D, form the bit sequence  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{O-1}$  with  $o_0$  corresponding to the first bit of the first field in the table,  $o_1$  corresponding to the second bit of the first field in the table, and  $o_{O-1}$  corresponding to the last bit in the last field in the table. The field of PMI shall be in the increasing order of the subband index [3]. The first bit of each field corresponds to MSB and the last bit LSB. The RI bits sequence in Table 5.2.2.6.1-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-2B, Table 5.2.2.6.1-2E, Table 5.2.2.6.1-2F and the CRI sequence in Table 5.2.2.6.1-2A, Table 5.2.2.6.1-2C, Table 5.2.2.6.1-2G are encoded according to clause 5.2.2.6.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.2.6.1-2B (or Table 5.2.2.6.1-2F with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*) refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of K CSI-RS resources configured for the CSI-process for the UE.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and with activatedResources>1, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.2.6.1-2D refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of N CSI-RS resources activated for the CSI-process for the UE. N is the value of higher layer parameter activatedResources.

For a UE configured with the higher layer parameter *shortTTI*, the entries associated with codeword 1 in Table 5.2.2.6.1-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1A, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1B-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1C, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1D-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1E, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1G, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1H, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1I, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1J-3, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-1, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-2, Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-3 and Table 5.2.2.6.1-1K-4 are not applicable.

## 5.2.2.6.2 Channel quality information formats for higher layer configured subband CQI reports

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, and transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. *N* in Table 5.2.2.6.2-1 is defined in clause 7.2 of [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1A shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B' without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB K1=TRUE* or *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3]. N in Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B is defined in clause 7.2 of [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3]. N in Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B-1 is defined in clause 7.2 of [3].

For Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B and Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B-1, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RIO for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, and transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width
Wide-band CQI codeword	4
Subband differential CQI	2 <i>N</i>

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1A Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B' without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width	
	Rank = 1	Rank > 1
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1
Wide-band CQI	4
Subband differential CQI	2 <i>N</i>
Field	Bit width for CRI=2
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>

Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1		
	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	
	Bit width for CRI=2		
Field	Bit width	for CRI=2	
Field	Bit width Rank = 1	for CRI=2 Rank > 1	
Field Wide-band CQI codeword 0			
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	Rank = 1 4	Rank > 1  4	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3] and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1 is configured by higher layers [6].

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A-1 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-2 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table5.2.2.6.2-2B-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-4 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' without *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-5 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-6 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-7 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-8 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-9 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-10 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16 /20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' and advancedCodebookEnabled =TRUE.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-11 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

For Table 5.2.2.6.2-2-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-11, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RIO for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

For Table 5.2.2.6.2-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-3, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-4, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-5, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-6, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-7, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-8, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-9, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-10 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-11, N is defined in clause 7.2 of [3]. For Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-5, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-6, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-8, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-9 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-10, the codebook configuration  $\binom{N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2}{N_1, O_2}$  is defined in [3], and CodebookConfig is configured by higher layers [6]. The parameters  $\binom{S_1, S_2}{N_2}$ 

in rank 3 and 4 are defined as 
$$(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$$
 for  $CodebookConfig=1$ ,  $(S_1, S_2) = \left(\frac{O_1}{2}, \frac{O_2}{2}\right)$  for

$$\textit{CodebookConfig=2, } \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig=3, } \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \\ \text{for } \textit{CodebookConfig=4.} \\$$

The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 5 to 8 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1,

$$(S_1, S_2) = \left(\frac{O_1}{4}, \frac{O_2}{4}\right)$$
 for  $CodebookConfig=2/3/4$ . The parameters  $(L_1, L_2)$  are defined as  $L_1 = \min\{4, N_1\}$  and

$$L_2 = 2 \text{ for } N_1 \geq N_2 \text{ and } N_2 \neq 1 \text{ , } L_1 = 2 \text{ and } L_2 = \min \big\{ 4, N_2 \big\} \text{ for } N_1 < N_2 \text{ and } N_1 \neq 1 \text{ , } L_1 = \min \big\{ 8, N_1 \big\} \text{ and } L_2 = 1 \text{ for } N_2 = 1 \text{ .}$$

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 1 Rank = 2		Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	0	2 <i>N</i>	
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1				
	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N	0	2 <i>N</i>	
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	4	4	
Field	Bit width for CRI=2				
	2 antenna ports 4 anter			na ports	
	Rank = 1   Rank = 2		Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4	4	0	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	0	2 <i>N</i>	
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 0	2	1	4	4	
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 1	2	1	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth			
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3
Field	Bitwidth			
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1	2	2	2	0
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bitwidth for CRI=0 or 1			
Fleid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3
Field		Bitwidth for	CRI=0 or 1	
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2N
Wideband first PMI i1	2	2	2	0
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0
Field		Bitwidth	for CRI=2	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2N
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4	4	4	3
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	2	2
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4	4	4	3

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with

alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field		Bitw	ridth	
i iciu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width					
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{S_1}\times\left(2+\left\lfloor\frac{9-N_2}{8}\right\rfloor\right)\right)\right]$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband second PMI i2	2	2	1	1		
Field	Danie 5	Davida 0	Bit width	Davida 0		
Wideband	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8		
CQI codeword	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1 O_1 / S_1\right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband first PMI	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$		
i1,2 Wideband		1 32 ( 12 - 2 1 - 2)		, -,,		

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field			Bit width	
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4
Wideband CQI	4	4	4	4
codeword 0	<u> </u>	7		<u> </u>
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left[ \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right]$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3
Field			Bit width	
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-3: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports with K=1 and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

	Bit width					
Field	2 antenna ports					
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank =2	Rank =3	Rank =4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	0	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	3	3	2	1
			Bit w	ridth		
Field			8 anteni	na ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank =4	Rank =5 to	Rank = 8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	1
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2.	N
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	4	1
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2.	N
Precoding matrix indicator	4	4	4	3	(	)

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-4: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth		
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-5: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1)

Field	Bit wi	dth
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-6: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2, O_2, O_3)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

Field	Bit width	
rielu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$ \lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil $

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-7: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N	2N	2N	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	3	3	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2	6	12	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-8: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

	Bitwidth				
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	2	2	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2	6	12	4	3	
		Bitwidth			
Field	Rank = 5	Bitwidth  Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8	
Field Wideband CQI codeword 0	Rank = 5				
1,000		Rank = 6	= 7	= 8	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	Rank = 6	<b>= 7</b>	= 8	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0	4 2N	Rank = 6 4 2N	= <b>7</b> 4 2N	= <b>8</b> 4 2N	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1	4 2N 4	Rank = 6  4  2N  4	= <b>7</b> 4 2 <i>N</i> 4	= <b>8</b> 4 2 <i>N</i> 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1	4 2N 4 2N	Rank = 6  4  2N  4  2N	= 7 4 2N 4 2N	= 8 4 2N 4 2N	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	4 2N 4 2N 2	Rank = 6  4  2N  4  2N  2N  2	= 7 4 2N 4 2N 2	= 8 4 2N 4 2N 0	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Wideband first PMI i1,1-1 Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	4 2N 4 2N 2 0	Rank = 6  4 2N 4 2N 2 0	= 7 4 2N 4 2N 2 0	= 8 4 2N 4 2N 0	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Wideband first PMI i1,1-1 Wideband first PMI i1,2-1 Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	4 2N 4 2N 2 0 0	Rank = 6  4 2N 4 2N 2 0 0	= 7 4 2N 4 2N 2 0 0	= 8 4 2N 4 2N 0 0	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-9: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,O_1,O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1)

	Bit width					
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword	0	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0		
Wideband second PMI i2	6	12	1	1		
Field			Bit width			
Wideband	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8		
CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$ \lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil $	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0		

Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-10 Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

	Bit width						
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4			
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband CQI codeword	0	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{S_1}\times\left(2+\left\lfloor\frac{9-N_2}{8}\right\rfloor\right)\right)\right]$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0			
Wideband second PMI i2	6	12	4	3			
Field	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Bit width Rank =7	Rank =8			
Wideband CQI							
codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband CQI codeword	4	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1 O_1 / S_1\right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0			

Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-11: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth for CRI=0 or 1				
Fleiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4	
Field	Bitwidth for CRI=2				
rieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	0	0	
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4	4	4	4	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3] and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1 is configured by higher layers [6].

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D-1 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-2 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-4 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-5 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-6 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-7 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-9 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

For Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-9, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RI0 for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 1 and rank 2 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1 and  $(S_1, S_2) = (2, 2)$  for CodebookConfig=2, 3 and 4. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 3 and 4 are defined as

$$\left(S_{1},S_{2}\right)=\left(1,1\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig}=1, \\ \left(S_{1},S_{2}\right)=\left(\frac{O_{1}}{2},\frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig}=2, \\ \left(S_{1},S_{2}\right)=\left(O_{1},\frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig}=3, \\ \left(S_{1},S_{2}\right)=\left(O_{1$$

 $\textit{CodebookConfig=3, } \left(S_1, S_2\right) = \left(O_1, \frac{O_2}{4}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig=4}. \text{ The parameters } \left(S_1, S_2\right) \text{ in rank 5 to 8 are } \left(S_1, S_2\right) = \left(S_1, S_2\right$ 

$$\text{defined as } \left(S_1, S_2\right) = \left(1,1\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 1, \\ \left(S_1, S_2\right) = \left(\frac{O_1}{4}, \frac{O_2}{4}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2/3/4. \text{ The } \left(\frac{O_1}{4}, \frac{O_2}{4}\right) = \left(\frac{O_1}{4}, \frac{O_2}{4}\right)$$

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{parameters } \left(L_{\!_{1}}, L_{\!_{2}}\right) \text{ are defined as } L_{\!_{1}} = \min\{4, N_{\!_{1}}\} \text{ and } L_{\!_{2}} = 2 \text{ for } N_{\!_{1}} \geq N_{\!_{2}} \text{ and } N_{\!_{2}} \neq 1 \text{ , } L_{\!_{1}} = 2 \text{ and } L_{\!_{2}} = \min\{4, N_{\!_{2}}\} \text{ for } N_{\!_{1}} < N_{\!_{2}} \text{ and } N_{\!_{1}} \neq 1 \text{ , } L_{\!_{1}} = \min\{8, N_{\!_{1}}\} \text{ and } L_{\!_{2}} = 1 \text{ for } N_{\!_{2}} = 1 \text{ .} \end{array}$ 

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports

(transmission mode 4 and transmission mode 6 configured with subband PMI reporting, transmission mode 8 configured with subband PMI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9 and transmission 10 configured with subband PMI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width						
Field	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports				
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	0	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>	
Subband precoding matrix indicator	2 <i>N</i>	N	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports

(transmission mode 10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1						
Field	2 anten	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports			
Fleid	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	
	1	2	1	2	3	4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N	2N	2N	2N	2N	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Subband precoding matrix indicator	2N	N	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	
	Bit width for CRI=2						
Field	2 antenna ports						
i ieiu	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	
	1	2	1	2	3	4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N	2N	2N	2N	2N	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Subband precoding matrix indicator codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	N	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	
Subband precoding matrix indicator codeword 1 set	2 <i>N</i>	N	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports with 8 antenna ports (transmission mode 9 configured with subband PMI reporting except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with subband PMI reporting except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth				
i ieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2	
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4N	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	
	Bitwidth				
Field		Bitw	ridth		
Field	Rank = 5	Bitw Rank = 6	ridth Rank = 7	Rank = 8	
Field  Wideband CQI codeword 0	Rank = 5			Rank = 8	
11313		Rank = 6	Rank = 7		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0	4 2N	Rank = 6 4 2N	Rank = 7  4  2N	4 2N	
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1	4 2N 4	Rank = 6  4  2N  4	Rank = 7  4  2N  4	4 2N 4	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports with 8 antenna ports (transmission mode 10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bitwidth for CRI= 0 or 1					
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N	2N	2N		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N		
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2		
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4N	3 <i>N</i>		
Field	Bitwidth for CRI= 0 or 1					
rieiu	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1	2	2	2	0		
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0		
Field	Bitwidth for CRI= 2					
Ticid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2N		
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	2	2		
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	2	2		
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4N	3 <i>N</i>		

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with subband PMI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 with except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth				
i ieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0	
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_3, O_4)$  and CodebookConfig=1, except with CodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field				
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$
Subband second PMI i2	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	N	N
Field				
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1 O_1 / S_1\right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,Q_1,Q_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

F	Bitwidth							
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4				
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4				
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>				
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4				
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>				
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / 2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/2) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$				
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$				
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>				
Field	Bitwidth							
	Donk - E	Donk - 6	Donk - 7	Donk - 0				
Wideband CQI codeword	Rank = 5 4	Rank = 6 4	Rank = 7 4	Rank = 8 4				
Wideband CQI codeword								
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword	4	4	4	4				
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1	4 2N	4 2N	4 2N	4 2N				
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Wideband first PMI i1,1	4 2N 4 2N	4 2N 4	4 2N 4	4 2N 4				
Wideband CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wideband CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Wideband first PMI	4 2N 4 2N	$\frac{4}{2N}$ $4$ $2N$ $\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$4$ $2N$ $4$ $2N$ $\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	4 2N 4 2N				

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-3: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*)

	Bit width						
Field	2 antenna ports			4 anten	na ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank =2	Rank =3	Rank =4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	
Precoding matrix indicator	2 <i>N</i>	N	3 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	N	
	Bit width						
Field			8 anten	na ports			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank =4	Rank = $5 \text{ t}$	o Rank = 8	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	2	1	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Precoding matrix indicator	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>	(	)	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-4: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI reporting with 4 antenna ports, and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2N	2N	2N	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	3	3	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0	
Subband second PMI i2	6 <i>N</i>	12 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-5: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with subband PMI reporting with 8 antenna ports, and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bitwidth					
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	2	2		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0		
Subband second PMI i2	6 <i>N</i>	12 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>		
Field	Bitwidth					
rieiu	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	2	2	2	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0		
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0		

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-6: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled= TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1)

Field Bitwidth							
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4			
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0			
Subband second PMI i2	6 <i>N</i>	12 <i>N</i>	N	N			
Field		Bitwidth					
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8			
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4			
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0			
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0			
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0			

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-7: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled= TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

Field		Bitwidth		
i ieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( rac{N_2 O_2}{S_2}  ight)  ight ceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	6 <i>N</i>	12 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	3 <i>N</i>
Field		Bitwidth		
11/11/11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-8 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for i1 for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B', where i1is associated with Class A.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-8: Fields for i1 feedback (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,Q_1,Q_2)$ , where i<sub>1</sub> is associated with Class A)

	Bit width					
Field	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 or 8 layers				
	Rank = 1	Rank = 1	Rank =3			
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/S_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$			
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$			

Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-9: Fields for channel quality information feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI and subband PMI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission mode 10 configured with subband PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field		Bitwidth for	r CRI=0 or 1	
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2N	2N	2N	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>
Field	Bitwidth for CRI=2			
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2 <i>N</i>	2N	2 <i>N</i>	2 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	0	0
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	0	0
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>	4 <i>N</i>

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and rank indication is associated with eMIMO-Type2, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A', and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-

*Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and rank indication is associated with *eMIMO-Type*2.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3A shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the CSI-RS resource indication feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with the *eMIMO-Type*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3B shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the joint CRI and RI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and 2/4/8 antenna ports except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3C shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the CSI-RS resource indication feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources*, and 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3D shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the joint CRI and RI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3E shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B', where rank indication is associated with the *eMIMO-Type*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3F shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the joint CRI and RI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and more than one port for at least one CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources*>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources*>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources*>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. In the case of CRI=2, Rank indication in Table 5.2.2.6.2-3F corresponds to {RI0, RI1}, where RI0 is the rank indication for codeword 0 and RI1 is the rank indication for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3G shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the CRI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and one port for each CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 10 configured with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1, and 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3: Fields for rank indication feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources =1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and rank indication is associated with eMIMO-Type2, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A')

		Bit width				
Field	2 antonna	4 antenna ports		8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports		
Field 2 antenna ports		Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3A: Fields for CRI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with the eMIMO-Type)

Field	Bit width				
rieiu	K = 2	K = 3 and K = 4	K = 5  to  K = 8		
CRI	1	2	3		

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3B: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and 2/4/8 antenna ports except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured)

		Bit width				
Field	2 antenna	4 antenna ports		8 antenna ports		
i ieiu	ports	Max 1 or 2	Max 4	Max 1 or 2	Max 4	Max 8
	•	layers	layers	layers	layers	layers
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$					
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3C: Fields for CRI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources*>1, and 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bit width		
riela	N = 2	N = 3 and N = 4	
CRI	1	2	

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3D: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

	Bit width					
Field	2 antenna	4 antenna ports		8 antenna ports		
i ieiu	ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$					
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3E: Fields for rank indication feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type set to 'CLASS A' and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B', where rank indication is associated with the eMIMO-Type)

	Bit width Field 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports			
Field				
	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 or 8 layers		
Rank indication	0	1		

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3F: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and more than one port for at least one CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

	Bit width					
Field	2 antonno	4 antenna	4 antenna ports		8 antenna ports	
	2 antenna ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
CRI	2	2	2	2	2	2
Rank indication	2	2	4	2	4	4

Table 5.2.2.6.2-3G: Fields for CRI feedback for higher layer configured subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and one port for each CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 10 configured with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1, and 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width
CRI	2

The channel quality bits in Table 5.2.2.6.2-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B, Table 5.2.2.6.2-1B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-3, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-4, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-5, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-6, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-7, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-7, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-7, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-9, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-10, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B-11, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-3, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-4, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-5, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-6, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-7, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-9, Table 5.2.2.6.2-3B, and Table 5.2.2.6.2-3D form the bit sequence  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{O-1}$  with  $o_0$  corresponding to the first bit of the first field in each of the tables,  $o_1$  corresponding to the second bit of the FMI and subband differential CQI shall be in the increasing order of the subband index [3]. The first bit of each field corresponds to MSB and the last bit LSB. The RI bits sequence in Tables 5.2.2.6.2-3C, 5.2.2.6.2-3B, 5.2.2.6.2-3D, 5.2.2.6.2-3E, 5.2.2.6.2-3F and the CRI sequence in Tables 5.2.2.6.2-3A, 5.2.2.6.2-3C and 5.2.2.6.2-3G are encoded according to clause 5.2.2.6.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.2.6.2-3B (or Table 5.2.2.6.2-3F with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*) refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of K CSI-RS resources configured for the CSI-process for the UE.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and with activatedResources>1, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.2.6.2-3D refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of N CSI-RS resources activated for the CSI-process for the UE. N is the value of higher layer parameter activatedResources.

For a UE configured with the higher layer parameter *shortTTI*, the entries associated with codeword 1 in Table 5.2.2.6.2-1A, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2A, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B1, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B2, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B3, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B4, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B5, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B6, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B7, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B8, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B9, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2B10, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2C, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2D, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-3, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-4, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-5, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-6, Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-7 and Table 5.2.2.6.2-2E-8 are not applicable.

## 5.2.2.6.3 Channel quality information formats for UE selected subband CQI reports

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 6 for BL/CE UEs. L in Table 5.2.2.6.3-1 is defined in clause 7.2 of [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1A shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B-1 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

For Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B and Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B-1, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RIO for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 6 for BL/CE UEs)

Field	Bit width
Wide-band CQI codeword	4
Subband differential CQI	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1A Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports)

Field	Bit width	
	Rank = 1	Rank >1
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1
Wide-band CQI	4
Subband differential CQI	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L
Field	Bit width for CRI=2
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L

Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

Field	Bit width for	CRI= 0 or 1	
	Rank = 1	Rank >1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	
	Bit width for CRI=2		
Field	Bit width	for CRI=2	
Field	Bit width	for CRI=2 Rank >1	
Field Wide-band CQI codeword 0			
11012			
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	Rank = 1 4	Rank >1 4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0	Rank = 1 4	Rank >1 4	

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A and Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna port except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* and K=1 except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, where the number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3] and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1* is configured by higher layers [6].

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A-1 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3].

For Table 5.2.2.6.3-2-1, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A-1 and Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B-1, in the case of CRI=2, the rank value corresponds to RIO for codeword 0 and RI1 for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2C and Table 5.2.2.6.3-2D show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2E shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2F and Table 5.2.2.6.3-2G show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2H and Table 5.2.2.6.3-2I show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE.

$$\begin{split} &\left(S_1,S_2\right) = \left(O_1,\frac{O_2}{4}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 4. \text{ The parameters } \left(S_1,S_2\right) \text{ in rank 5 to 8 are defined as} \\ &\left(S_1,S_2\right) = \left(1,1\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 1, \\ &\left(S_1,S_2\right) = \left(\frac{O_1}{4},\frac{O_2}{4}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2/3/4. \text{ The parameters} \\ &\left(L_1,L_2\right) \text{ are defined as } L_1 = \min\left\{4,N_1\right\} \text{ and } L_2 = 2 \text{ for } N_1 \geq N_2 \text{ and } N_2 \neq 1, \\ &L_1 = 2 \text{ and } L_2 = \min\left\{4,N_2\right\} \text{ for } N_1 < N_2 \text{ and } N_1 \neq 1, \\ &L_1 = \min\left\{8,N_1\right\} \text{ and } L_2 = 1 \text{ for } N_2 = 1. \end{split}$$

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 4, transmission mode 6, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

	Bit width					
Field	2 anteni	na ports	4 antenna ports			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1		
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2		
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	0	2		
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L		
Precoding matrix indicator	4	2	8	8		

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width for CRI=0 or 1				
Field	2 anteni	na ports	4 anteni	na ports	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	0	2	
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	
Precoding matrix indicator	4	2	8	8	
		Bit width	for CRI=2		
Field	2 anteni	na ports	4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2	2	2	2	
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 0	4	2	8	8	
Precoding matrix indicator codeword 1	4	2	8	8	

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

Field				Bit w	vidth			
rieid	Rank =	Rank = 2	Rank =	Rank = 4	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	0
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field		Bit width fo	r CRI=0 or 1	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4

Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2	
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	2	2	
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3	
Subband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3	
Field	Bitwidth for CRI= 0 or 1				
rieiu	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2	2	2	2	
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	
Wideband first PMI i1	2	2	2	0	
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0	
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0	
Field		Bit width	for CRI=2		
i ieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2	2	2	2	
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4	4	2	2	
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4	4	4	3	
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4	4	4	3	
Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 1	4	4	2	2	
Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4	4	4	3	
Subband second PMI i2 codeword 1	4	4	4	3	

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with

alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

Field	Bit width			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4
Subband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B-1: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	l	Bit width fo	r CRI=0 or 1	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1	4	4	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4
Subband second PMI i2	4	4	4	4
<b>-</b>	Bit width for CRI=2			
Field				
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	<b>Rank = 4</b>
1,000				
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0	4 2	4 2	4 2	4 2
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4 2 4	4 2 4	4 2 4	4 2 4
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wide-band CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1	4 2 4 2	4 2 4 2	4 2 4 2	4 2 4 2
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wide-band CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Position of the M selected subbands	4 2 4 2 L	4 2 4 2 L	4 2 4 2 L	4 2 4 2 L
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wide-band CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Position of the M selected subbands Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0	4 2 4 2 L 4	4 2 4 2 L 4	4 2 4 2 L 0	4 2 4 2 L 0
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wide-band CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Position of the M selected subbands Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0 Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4 2 4 2 L 4 4	2 4 2 2 L 4 4	4 2 4 2 L 0 4	2 4 2 2 L 0 4
Wide-band CQI codeword 0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0 Wide-band CQI codeword 1 Subband differential CQI codeword 1 Position of the M selected subbands Wideband first PMI i1 codeword 0 Wideband second PMI i2 codeword 0 Subband second PMI i2 codeword 0	4 2 4 2 L 4 4 4	4 2 4 2 L 4 4 4	4 2 4 2 L 0 4 4	2 4 2 2 L 0 4 4

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2C: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_{\rm I},N_2,O_{\rm I},O_{\rm I})$  and CodebookConfig=1, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width			
i idiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$
Wideband second PMI i2	2	2	1	1
Subband second PMI i2	2	2	1	1
Field	Bit width			
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1 O_1 / S_1\right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2D: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field			Bit width	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4
Wide- band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2
Wide- band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / 2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / 2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$
Wideband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3
Subband second PMI i2	4	4	4	3
Field			Bit width	
	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wide- band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2
Wide- band CQI codeword 1	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	2	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$

Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2E: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

	Bit width						
Field	2 anten	2 antenna ports 4 antenna ports					
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank =2	Rank =3	Rank =4	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	0	4	4	4	
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2	2	2	
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	L	L	
Wideband Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	3	3	2	1	
Subband Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	3	3	2	1	
			Bit w	idth			
Field	8 antenna ports						
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank =4	Rank	=5~8	
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	1	
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2	2		
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	L		
Wideband Precoding matrix indicator	4	4	4	3	(	)	
Subband Precoding matrix indicator	4	4	4	3	(	)	

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2F: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field		Bit width				
rieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4		
Wideband CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2		
Wideband CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2		
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	3	3	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0		
Wideband second PMI i2	6	12	4	4		
Subband second PMI i2	6	12	4	4		

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2G: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

	Bit width							
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wide-band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wide-band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Subband differential CQI codeword 1	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	2	2	2	2	2	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	6	12	4	3	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	6	12	4	3	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2H: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled=True and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1)

	Bit width					
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4		
Wide-	Nalik = 1	Nalik = 2	Nalik = 3	Naiik = 4		
band CQI	4	4	4	4		
codeword	4	4	4	4		
0						
Subband						
differential						
CQI	2	2	2	2		
codeword						
0						
Wide-						
band CQI	0	4	4	4		
codeword	O	4	4	4		
1						
Subband						
differential						
CQI	0	2	2	2		
codeword						
1						
Position						
of the M	L	L	L	L		
selected	L	L				
subbands						
Wideband	F / \7		$\begin{bmatrix} (NO ( \log N)) \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} (NO(19-N)) \end{bmatrix}$		
first PMI	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{S_1}\times\left(2+\left \frac{9-N_2}{8}\right \right)\right)\right]$	$\log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{S_1}\times\left(2+\left \frac{9-N_2}{8}\right \right)\right)$		
i1,1-1						
Wideband	E / \7	F ( )7				
first PMI	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right) \rceil$		
i1,2-1	,		1 -2 ( 2 2 2 ) 1			
Wideband						
first PMI	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0		
i1,1-2	62 \ 17	02 \ 17				
Wideband						
first PMI	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0		
i1,2-2	1 02 ( 2) 1					
Wideband						
first PMI	2	2	0	0		
i1,p-2						
Wideband						
second	6	12	1	1		
PMI i2						
Subband						
second	6	12	1	1		
PMI i2						
Field			Bit width			
Field	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8		
Wide-	Naiik – 3	Nank = 0	Nank = 7	IXAIIK = 0		
band CQI						
codeword	4	4	4	4		
0						
Subband						
differential						
CQI	2	2	2	2		
codeword	_	_	_	_		
0						
Wide-						
band CQI						
codeword	4	4	4	4		
1						
Subband						
differential						
CQI	2	2	2	2		
codeword	2	_	_	_		
1						
ı		1		I		

Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_{_1}O_{_1}/S_{_1}\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2I: Fields for channel quality information feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration (N, N, Q, Q, ) and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

Field	Bit width					
rieiu	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4		
Wide- band CQI codeword	4	4	4	4		
0 Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2		
Wide- band CQI codeword 1	0	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword	0	2	2	2		
Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{S_1} \times \left(2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor\right)\right)\right\rceil$	$\left[ \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right]$		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0		
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	2	2	0	0		
Wideband second PMI i2	6	12	4	3		
Subband second PMI i2	6	12	4	3		
			Bit width			
Field	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8		
Wide- band CQI codeword 0	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword 0	2	2	2	2		
Wide- band CQI codeword	4	4	4	4		
Subband differential CQI codeword	2	2	2	2		

Position of the M selected subbands	L	L	L	L
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1 O_1 / S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_1O_1/S_1\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_{_1}O_{_1}/S_{_1}\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2\left(N_2O_2/S_2\right)\right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,p-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0
Subband second PMI i2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2J shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for i1 for UE selected subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS A' with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B', where i1 is associated with Class A.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-2J: Fields for i1 feedback (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,Q_1,Q_2)$ , where i1 is associated with Class A)

		Bit width		
Field	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 or 8 layers		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 1	Rank =3	
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the rank indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and rank indication is associated with eMIMO-Type2, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A', and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 with with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource,

and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and rank indication is associated with *eMIMO-Type*2.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3A shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the CSI-RS resource indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with the eMIMO-Type.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3B shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint CRI and RI feedback for UE selected subband CQI report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and 2/4/8 antenna ports except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3C shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the CSI-RS resource indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and with 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3D shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint CRI and RI feedback for UE selected subband CQI report for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3E shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B', where rank indication is associated with the *eMIMO-Type*.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3F shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the joint CRI and RI feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* except with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* configured, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and more than one port for at least one CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* is set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*. In the case of CRI=2, Rank indication in Table 5.2.2.6.1-2F corresponds to {RI0, RI1}, where RI0 is the rank indication for codeword 0 and RI1 is the rank indication for codeword 1.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3G shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the CRI feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and one port for each CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 10 configured with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources*>1, and 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*.

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3: Fields for rank indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' with activatedResources=1 and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-ConfigNZP-ApList and the higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'aperiodic' and more than one port for the activated CSI-RS resource, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and rank indication is associated with eMIMO-Type2, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A')

	Bit width						
Field	2 antonno	4 antenna ports		8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports			
	2 antenna ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers	
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3	

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3A: Fields for CSI-RS resource indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is assocated with the eMIMO-Type)

Field	Bit width				
rieiu	K = 2	K = 3 and K= 4	K = 5 to K = 8		
CRI	1	2	3		

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3B: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for UE selected subband CQI report (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true and 2/4/8 antenna ports except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured)

Field	Bit width										
	2 antenna ports	4 antenna	ports	8 antenna ports							
		Max 1 or 2	Max 4	Max 1 or 2	Max 4	Max 8					
	·	layers	layers	layers	layers	layers					
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$										
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3					

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3C: Fields for CSI-RS resource indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources*>1, and 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bit width				
rieiu	N = 2	N = 3 and N = 4			
CRI	1	2			

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3D: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for UE selected subband CQI report (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource except with feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

	Bit width										
Field	2 ontonno	4 antenna	a ports	8 antenna ports							
rieiu	2 antenna ports	Max 1 or 2 Max 4 layers layers		Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers					
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$					
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3					

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3E: Fields for rank indication feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, with eMIMO-Type set to 'CLASS A', where rank indication is associated with the eMIMO-Type)

	Bit width						
Field	8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports						
	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 or 8 layers					
Rank indication	0	1					

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3F: Fields for joint CRI and RI feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true except with higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode configured, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and more than one port for at least one CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter csi-RS-NZP-mode is set to 'multi-shot' and with activatedResources>1 and more than one port for at least one activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true)

	Bit width										
Field	2 antanna	4 antenna	ports	8 antenna ports							
rieid	2 antenna ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers					
CRI	2	2	2	2	2	2					
Rank indication	2	2	4	2	4	4					

Table 5.2.2.6.3-3G: Fields for CRI feedback for UE selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 CSI-RS resources and one port for each CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*, and transmission mode 10 configured with higher layer parameter *csi-RS-NZP-mode* set to 'multi-shot' and with *activatedResources>*1, and 1 antenna port per activated CSI-RS resource and higher layer parameter *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*)

Field	Bit width
CRI	2

The channel quality bits in Table 5.2.2.6.3-1, Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B, Table 5.2.2.6.3-1B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A-1, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B-1, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2C, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2D, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2E, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2F, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2G, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2H, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2I, Table 5.2.2.6.3-3B, and Table 5.2.2.6.3-3D form the bit sequence  $o_0, o_1, o_2, ..., o_{O-1}$  with  $o_0$  corresponding to the first bit of the first field in each of the tables,  $o_1$  corresponding to the second bit of the first field in each of the tables, and  $o_{O-1}$  corresponding to the last bit in the last field in each of the tables. The field of PMI shall start with the wideband PMI followed by the PMI for the M selected subbands. The first bit of each field corresponds to MSB and the last bit LSB. The RI bits sequence in Table 5.2.2.6.3-3, Table 5.2.2.6.3-3B, Table 5.2.2.6.3-3D, Table 5.2.2.6.3-3E, Table 5.2.2.6.3-3F, and the CRI sequence in Table 5.2.2.6.3-3A, Table 5.2.2.6.3-3C and Table 5.2.2.6.3-3G are encoded according to clause 5.2.2.6.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.2.6.3-3B (or Table 5.2.2.6.3-3F with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true*) refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of K CSI-RS resources configured for the CSI-process for the UE.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1 except with *feCoMP-CSI-Enabled=true* and with *activatedResources*>1, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.2.6.3-3D refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of N CSI-RS resources activated for the CSI-process for the UE. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

For a UE configured with the higher layer parameter *shortTTI*, the entries associated with codeword 1 in Table 5.2.2.6.3-1A, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2A, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2B, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2C, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2D, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2F, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2F, Table 5.2.2.6.3-2H and Table 5.2.2.6.3-2I are not applicable.

### 5.2.2.6.4 Channel coding for CQI/PMI information in PUSCH

The channel quality bits input to the channel coding block are denoted by  $o_0, o_1, o_2, o_3, ..., o_{O-1}$  where O is the number of bits. The number of channel quality bits depends on the transmission format. When PUCCH-based reporting format is used, the number of CQI/PMI bits is defined in clause 5.2.3.3.1 for wideband reports and in clause 5.2.3.3.2 for UE selected subbands reports. When PUSCH-based reporting format is used, the number of CQI/PMI bits is defined in clause 5.2.2.6.1 for wideband reports, in clause 5.2.2.6.2 for higher layer configured subbands reports and in clause 5.2.2.6.3 for UE selected subbands reports.

The channel quality information is first coded using a (32, O) block code. The code words of the (32, O) block code are a linear combination of the 11 basis sequences denoted  $M_{i,n}$  and defined in Table 5.2.2.6.4-1.

i	M <sub>i,0</sub>	M <sub>i,1</sub>	M <sub>i,2</sub>	M <sub>i,3</sub>	M <sub>i,4</sub>	$M_{i,5}$	M <sub>i,6</sub>	M <sub>i,7</sub>	M <sub>i,8</sub>	M <sub>i,9</sub>	M <sub>i,10</sub>
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1
6	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
7	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
8	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
9	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
10	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
11	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
12	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
14	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
15	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
16	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
17	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
18	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
19	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
20	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
21	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
22	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
23	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
24	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0
25	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
26	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
27	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
28	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
29	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
30	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.2.6.4-1: Basis sequences for (32, 0) code

The encoded CQI/PMI block is denoted by  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$  where B = 32 and

$$b_i = \sum_{n=0}^{O-1} (o_n \cdot M_{i,n}) \mod 2$$
 where  $i = 0, 1, 2, ..., B-1$ .

The output bit sequence  $q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, ..., q_{N_L \cdot Q_{CQI} - 1}$  is obtained by circular repetition of the encoded CQI/PMI block as follows

 $q_i = b_{(i \mod B)}$  where  $i = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_L \cdot Q_{CQI}$ -1, where  $N_L$  is the number of layers the corresponding UL-SCH transport block is mapped onto.

## 5.2.2.6.5 Channel coding for more than 11 bits of HARQ-ACK information

The HARQ-ACK bits input to the channel coding block are denoted by  $o_0^{ACK}$   $o_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $o_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  where  $11 < O^{ACK} \le 22$  is the number of bits.

The sequences of bits  $o_0^{ACK}$ ,  $o_1^{ACK}$ ,  $o_2^{ACK}$ ,...,  $o_{|O^{ACK}/2}^{ACK}|_1$  and  $o_{|O^{ACK}/2}^{ACK}|_2$ ,  $o_{|O^{ACK}/2}^{ACK}|_1$ ,  $o_{|O^{ACK}/2}^{ACK}|_1$ ,  $o_{|O^{ACK}/2}^{ACK}|_1$ ,  $o_{|O^{ACK}/2}^{ACK}|_1$  are encoded as follows

$$\widetilde{q}_{i} = \sum_{n=0}^{\left[o^{ACK}/2\right]-1} \left(o_{n}^{ACK} \cdot M_{i,n}\right) \mod 2$$

and

$$\widetilde{\widetilde{q}}_{i} = \sum_{n=0}^{O^{ACK} - \left[O^{ACK}/2\right] - 1} \left(O^{ACK}_{O^{ACK}/2}\right| + n} \cdot M_{i,n} \pmod{2}$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 31 and the basis sequences  $M_{i,n}$  are defined in Table 5.2.2.6.4-1.

The output bit sequence  $q_0^{ACK}, q_1^{ACK}, q_2^{ACK}, ..., q_{Q_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is obtained by the concatenation and circular repetition of the bit sequences  $\tilde{q}_0, \tilde{q}_1, \tilde{q}_2, ..., \tilde{q}_{31}$  and  $\tilde{\tilde{q}}_0, \tilde{\tilde{q}}_1, \tilde{\tilde{q}}_2, ..., \tilde{\tilde{q}}_{31}$  as follows:

Set i = 0

while  $i < [Q/2] \cdot Q_m$ 

$$q_i^{ACK} = \tilde{q}_{i \mod 32}$$

$$i = i + 1$$

end while

Set i = 0

while  $i < (Q - [Q/2]) \cdot Q_m$ 

$$q_{\lceil Q'/2 \rceil \cdot Q_m + i}^{ACK} = \widetilde{\widetilde{q}}_{i \bmod 32}$$

$$i = i + 1$$

end while

# 5.2.2.6A Channel coding of AUL-UCI

Control data arrives at the coding unit in the form of AUL uplink control information (AUL-UCI),  $o_0^{AUL-UCI}$ ,  $o_1^{AUL-UCI}$ ,  $o_2^{AUL-UCI}$ , ...,  $o_{O-1}^{AUL-UCI}$ , and is transmitted on AUL PUSCH as defined in [3].

When the UE transmits AUL-UCI bits in the AUL PUSCH, it shall determine the number of modulation coded symbols per layer Q' for AUL-UCI as

$$Q' = \min \left[ \left[ \frac{(O+L) \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(x)} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial(x)} \cdot \beta_{offset}^{PUSCH}}{\sum_{r=0}^{C^{(x)}-1} K_{r}^{(x)}} \right], M_{sc}^{PUSCH} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH}$$

where

- O is the number of AUL-UCI bits, and
- L is the number of CRC bits given by L = 16, and

- $Q_{AUL-UCI} = Q_m^{(x)} \cdot Q'$  and  $\beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} = \beta_{offset}^{AUL-UCI}$ , where  $\beta_{offset}^{AUL-UCI}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the number of transmission codewords for the corresponding AUL PUSCH, and where  $Q_m^{(x)}$  is the modulation order of transport block "x".
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$  is the bandwidth assigned in the most recent AUL activation DCI as defined in [3] for PUSCH transmission for the transport block.
- $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ ,  $N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ , and  $N_{symb}^{PUSCH}$  are defined in 5.2.2.6.

The variable "x" in  $K_r^{(x)}$  represents the transport block index corresponding to the highest  $I_{MCS}$  value indicated by the most recent AUL activation DCI. In case the two transport blocks have the same  $I_{MCS}$  value in the corresponding AUL activation DCI, "x=1", which corresponds to the first transport block.  $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial(x)}$ ,  $C^{(x)}$ , and  $K_r^{(x)}$  are obtained from the most recent AUL activation DCI as defined in [3] for the same transport block.

For UL-SCH data information transmitted on the AUL PUSCH,  $G = N_L^{(x)} \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot Q_m^{(x)} - Q_{AUL-UCI}\right)$ , where  $N_L^{(x)}$  is the number of layers the corresponding UL-SCH transport block is mapped onto.

Table 5.2.2.6A-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the AUL-UCI that is transmitted on the AUL PUSCH configured for 1 transport block and 2 transport blocks, respectively.

	Bit width				
Field	1 transport block	2 transport blocks			
AUL C-RNTI	16	16			
HARQ process number	4	4			
Redundancy version	2	2			
New data indicator	1	2			
PUSCH starting symbol	1	1			
PUSCH ending symbol	1	1			
Channel Occupancy Time (COT) sharing indication	1	1			

Table 5.2.2.6A-1: Fields for AUL-UCI

The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching of the AUL-UCI is performed according to clauses 5.1.1, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $o_0^{AUL-UCI}, o_1^{AUL-UCI}, o_2^{AUL-UCI}, \dots, o_{O-1}^{AUL-UCI}$ , which is obtained by concatenating the fields as given in Table 5.2.2.6A-1. The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

The output sequence for the channel coding of AUL-UCI is denoted by  $q_0^{AUL-UCI}, q_1^{AUL-UCI}, q_2^{AUL-UCI}, q_3^{AUL-UCI}, \dots, q_{N_L,Q_{AUL-UCI}-1}^{AUL-UCI}$ , where  $N_L$  is the number of layers the corresponding UL-SCH transport block is mapped onto.

#### 5.2.2.7 Data and control multiplexing

The control and data multiplexing is performed such that HARQ-ACK information is present on both slots and is mapped to resources around the demodulation reference signals. In addition, the multiplexing ensures that control and data information are mapped to different modulation symbols.

The inputs to the data and control multiplexing are the coded bits of the control information denoted by  $q_0,q_1,q_2,q_3,...,q_{N_L\cdot Q_{CQI}-1}$  and the coded bits of the UL-SCH denoted by  $f_0,f_1,f_2,f_3,...,f_{G-1}$ . The output of the data and control multiplexing operation is denoted by  $\underline{g}_0,\underline{g}_1,\underline{g}_2,\underline{g}_3,...,\underline{g}_{H'-1}$ , where  $H=(G+N_L\cdot Q_{CQI})$  and

 $H' = H/(N_L \cdot Q_m)$ , and where  $\underline{g}_i$ , i = 0,..., H'-1 are column vectors of length  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$ . H is the total number of coded bits allocated for UL-SCH data and CQI/PMI information across the  $N_L$  transmission layers of the transport block.

In case where more than one UL-SCH transport block are transmitted in a subframe of an UL cell, the CQI/PMI information is multiplexed with data only on the UL-SCH transport block with highest  $I_{MCS}$  value on the initial grant or for the initial PUSCH. In case the two transport blocks have the same  $I_{MCS}$  value in the corresponding initial UL grant or for the initial PUSCH, the CQI/PMI information is multiplexed with data only on the first transport block. For that UL-SCH transport block or in the case of single transport block transmission, and assuming that  $N_L$  is the number of layers onto which the UL-SCH transport block is mapped, the control information and the data shall be multiplexed as follows:

Set i, j, k to 0

while  $j < N_L.Q_{COI}$  -- first place the control information

$$\underline{g}_{k} = [q_{j} ... q_{j+N_{L} \cdot Q_{m}-1}]^{T}$$

$$j = j + N_{L} \cdot Q_{m}$$

$$J - J + N_L \cdot Q_n$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

while i < G -- then place the data

$$\underline{g}_{k} = [f_{i} \dots f_{i+Q_{m} \cdot N_{L}-1}]^{T}$$

$$i = i + Q_m \cdot N_L$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

## 5.2.2.7A Data and control multiplexing for Partial PUSCH Mode 1

If the control information is channel quality information and the control information is transmitted on the Partial PUSCH Mode 1, the UL-SCH data information and control information are multiplexed such that the CQI/PMI information is present only on the second slot of the subframe.

The inputs to the data and control multiplexing are the coded bits of the control information denoted by  $q_0,q_1,q_2,q_3,...,q_{N_LQ_{CQI}-1}$  and the coded bits of the UL-SCH denoted by  $f_0,f_1,f_2,f_3,...,f_{G-1}$ . The output for UL-SCH data information is denoted by  $\underline{g}_0,\underline{g}_1,\underline{g}_2,\underline{g}_3,...,\underline{g}_{H'-1}$ , where H=G and  $H'=H/(N_L\cdot Q_m)$ , and where  $\underline{g}_i$ , i=0,...,H'-1 are column vectors of length  $(Q_m\cdot N_L)$ . The output for channel quality information is denoted by  $\underline{q}_0,\underline{q}_1,...,\underline{q}_{Q'_{CQI}-1}$ , where  $\underline{q}_i$ ,  $i=0,...,Q'_{CQI}-1$  are column vectors of length  $(Q_m\cdot N_L)$  and where  $Q'_{CQI}=Q_{CQI}/Q_m$ .

For a UL-SCH transport block, and assuming that  $N_L$  is the number of layers onto which the UL-SCH transport block is mapped, the output for UL-SCH data information is obtained as follows:

Set i, k to 0

while i < G

$$\underline{g}_k = [f_i \dots f_{i+Q_m \cdot N_L - 1}]^T$$

$$i = i + Q_m \cdot N_L$$

k = k + 1

end while

In case where more than one UL-SCH transport block are transmitted in a subframe of an UL cell, the CQI/PMI information is multiplexed with data only on the UL-SCH transport block with highest  $I_{MCS}$  value for the initial PUSCH. In case the two transport blocks have the same  $I_{MCS}$  value for the initial PUSCH, the CQI/PMI information is multiplexed with data only on the first transport block. For that UL-SCH transport block or in the case of single transport block transmission, and assuming that  $N_L$  is the number of layers onto which the UL-SCH transport block is mapped, the output for the CQI/PMI information is obtained as follows:

Set i, k to 0

while  $i < N_L.Q_{COL}$ 

$$\underline{q}_{k} = [q_{i} ...q_{i+N_{L} \cdot Q_{m}-1}]^{T}$$

$$i = i + N_I \cdot Q_m$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

## 5.2.2.7B Data and control multiplexing for AUL PUSCH

If the control information is AUL-UCI and the control information is transmitted on the AUL PUSCH, the UL-SCH data information and control information are multiplexed such that the AUL-UCI is mapped from symbol 1 to symbol 12 of the subframe.

The inputs to the data and control multiplexing are the coded bits of the control information denoted by  $q_0^{AUL-UCI}, q_1^{AUL-UCI}, q_2^{AUL-UCI}, q_3^{AUL-UCI}, \dots, q_{N_LQ_{AUL-UCI}-1}^{AUL-UCI}$  and the coded bits of the UL-SCH denoted by  $f_0, f_1, f_2, f_3, \dots, f_{G-1}$ . The output for UL-SCH data information is denoted by  $\underline{g}_0, \underline{g}_1, \underline{g}_2, \underline{g}_3, \dots, \underline{g}_{H'-1}$ , where H = G and  $H' = H/(N_L \cdot Q_m)$ , and where  $\underline{g}_i$ ,  $i = 0, \dots, H'-1$  are column vectors of length  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$ . The output for AUL-UCI is denoted by  $\underline{q}_0^{AUL-UCI}, \underline{q}_1^{AUL-UCI}, \dots, \underline{q}_{Q'_{AUL-UCI}-1}^{AUL-UCI}$ , where  $\underline{q}_i^{AUL-UCI}$ ,  $i = 0, \dots, Q'_{AUL-UCI}-1$  are column vectors of length  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$  and where  $Q'_{AUL-UCI} = Q_{AUL-UCI}/Q_m$ .

For a UL-SCH transport block, and assuming that  $N_L$  is the number of layers onto which the UL-SCH transport block is mapped, the output for UL-SCH data information is obtained as follows:

Set i, k to 0

while i < G

$$\underline{g}_{k} = [f_{i} \dots f_{i+Q_{m} \cdot N_{L}-1}]^{T}$$

$$i=i+Q_m\cdot N_L$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

In case where more than one UL-SCH transport block are transmitted in a subframe of an UL cell, the AUL-UCI is multiplexed with data only on the UL-SCH transport block with highest  $I_{MCS}$  value indicated by the AUL activation DCI. In case the two transport blocks have the same  $I_{MCS}$  value in the corresponding AUL activation DCI, the AUL-UCI is multiplexed with data only on the first transport block. For that UL-SCH transport block or in the case of single

transport block transmission, and assuming that  $N_L$  is the number of layers onto which the UL-SCH transport block is mapped, the output for the AUL-UCI is obtained as follows:

Set i, k to 0

while  $i < N_L.Q_{AUL-UCI}$ 

$$\underline{q}_{k}^{AUL-UCI} = [q_{i}^{AUL-UCI} \dots q_{i+N_{L} \cdot Q_{m}-1}^{AUL-UCI}]^{T}$$

$$i = i + N_L \cdot Q_m$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

#### 5.2.2.8 Channel interleaver

The channel interleaver described in this clause in conjunction with the resource element mapping for PUSCH in [2] implements a time-first mapping of modulation symbols onto the transmit waveform while ensuring that

- if the PUSCH is Partial PUSCH Mode 1, the CQI/PMI and RI information are present only on the second slot of the subframe regardless of the number of actually transmitted slot(s) for the subframe based on the result of the channel access procedure in 4.2.1 defined in [8];
- if the PUSCH is Partial PUSCH Mode 2 or 3, the CQI/PMI and RI information are present only on the scheduled slot of the subframe;
- if the PUSCH is AUL PUSCH, the AUL-UCI is mapped from symbol 1 to symbol 12 of the subframe;
- otherwise, the HARQ-ACK and RI information are present on both slots in the subframe for PUSCH with subframe duration. HARQ-ACK information is mapped to resources around the uplink demodulation reference signals while RI information is mapped to resources around those used by HARQ-ACK.

The input to the channel interleaver are denoted by

$$- \underline{g}_0, \underline{g}_1, \underline{g}_2, ..., \underline{g}_{H'-1}, \ \underline{q}_0^{RI}, \underline{q}_1^{RI}, \underline{q}_2^{RI}, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{RI}-1}^{RI}, \text{ and } \underline{q}_0, \underline{q}_1, ..., \underline{q}_{\underline{Q}'_{COI}-1}, \text{ if the PUSCH is Partial PUSCH Mode 1};$$

$$- \underline{g}_0, \underline{g}_1, \underline{g}_2, ..., \underline{g}_{H'-1}, \text{ and } \underline{q}_0^{\textit{AUL-UCI}}, \underline{q}_1^{\textit{AUL-UCI}}, ..., \underline{q}_{\underline{Q'_{\textit{AUL-UCI}}-1}}^{\textit{AUL-UCI}}, \text{ if the PUSCH is AUL PUSCH;}$$

- otherwise 
$$\underline{g}_0, \underline{g}_1, \underline{g}_2, ..., \underline{g}_{H'-1}, \underline{q}_0^{RI}, \underline{q}_1^{RI}, \underline{q}_2^{RI}, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{RI}-1}^{RI}$$
 and  $\underline{q}_0^{ACK}, \underline{q}_1^{ACK}, \underline{q}_2^{ACK}, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ .

In case where more than one UL-SCH transport block are transmitted in a subframe of an UL cell, the HARQ-ACK and RI information are multiplexed with data on both UL-SCH transport blocks.

The number of modulation symbols per layer in the subframe is given by

- $H'_{total} = H' + Q'_{CQI} + Q'_{RI}$  if the PUSCH for the subframe is Partial PUSCH Mode 1 and the CQI/PMI is multiplexed with data on this UL-SCH transport block,
- $H'_{total} = H' + Q'_{AUL-UCI}$  if the PUSCH for the subframe is AUL PUSCH and the AUL-UCI is multiplexed with data on this UL-SCH transport block, and
- $H'_{total} = H' + Q'_{RI}$  otherwise.

In the case sub-PRB allocation is used,  $H'=H'_s$  is the number of modulation symbols in a BL/CE subframe s of the S subframes allocated to a UL-SCH transport block, s=0,1,2,...,S-1 [3]. The output bit sequence from the channel interleaver is derived as follows:

- (1) Assign  $C_{mux} = N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$  to be the number of columns of the matrix. The columns of the matrix are numbered 0, 1, 2,...,  $C_{mux}$  –1 from left to right.  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$  is determined according to clause 5.2.2.6, or by higher layer parameter symPUSCH-UpPts for PUSCH transmission in UpPTS.
- (2) The number of rows of the matrix is  $R_{mux} = (H'_{total} \cdot Q_m \cdot N_L)/C_{mux}$  and we define  $R'_{mux} = R_{mux}/(Q_m \cdot N_L)$ . The rows of the rectangular matrix are numbered 0, 1, 2,...,  $R_{mux} - 1$  from top to bottom.
- (3) If rank information is transmitted in this subframe/slot/subslot, the vector sequence  $\underline{q}_0^{RI}$ ,  $\underline{q}_1^{RI}$ ,  $\underline{q}_2^{RI}$ ,...,  $\underline{q}_{Q'_{RI}-1}^{RI}$  is written onto the columns depending on PUSCH duration and DMRS pattern for PUSCH with subslot duration and by sets of  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$  rows starting from the last row and moving upwards according to the following pseudocode.

Set i, j to 0.

Set r to 
$$R'_{mux} - 1$$

while  $i < Q'_{RI}$ 

if the PUSCH is Partial PUSCH Mode 1

$$c_{RI} = \text{Column Set}(j+2)$$

else

$$c_{RI} = \text{ColumnSet}(j)$$

end if

$$\underline{y}_{r \times C_{mux} + c_{RI}} = \underline{q}_i^{RI}$$

$$i = i + 1$$

if the duration of the PUSCH is subframe

$$r = R'_{mux} - 1 - \lfloor i/4 \rfloor$$

$$j = (j+3) \mod 4$$

else if the duration of the PUSCH is slot, or if the PUSCH is Partial PUSCH Mode 1, 2 or 3

$$r = R'_{mux} - 1 - |i/2|$$

$$j = (j+1) \mod 2$$

else if the duration of the PUSCH is subslot

$$r = R'_{mux} - 1 - i$$

end if

end while

Where ColumnSet is given

- in Table 5.2.2.8-1A if the PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0A/0B/4A/4B and
  - indexed left to right from 0 to 1 if the PUSCH is Partial PUSCH Mode 1, 2, or 3;
  - indexed left to right from 0 to 3 otherwise;

- otherwise,
  - in Table 5.2.2.8-1 indexed left to right from 0 to 3 for PUSCH with subframe duration,
  - in Table 5.2.2.8-1 indexed left to right from 0 to 1 for PUSCH with slot duration,
  - as {1} if DMRS pattern field of corresponding uplink DCI formats is '00' for subslot#0, '10' for subslot#1, '01' for subslot#2, '10' for subslot#4, '00' for subslot#5 in case *N<sub>SRS</sub>* is equal to 0, or '01' for subslot#5, and as {0} otherwise, for PUSCH with subslot duration.
  - as  $\{1\}$  for subslot #0 and subslot #5 in case  $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 0, and as  $\{0\}$  otherwise, for semi-persistently scheduled PUSCH with subslot duration.
- (3a) If CQI/PMI information is transmitted in this subframe with Partial PUSCH mode 1, the vector sequence  $\underline{q}_0, \underline{q}_1, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{CQI}-1}$  is written onto the  $(R_{mux} \times C_{mux})$  matrix by sets of  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$  rows from the column with  $\underline{y}_{C_r}$  to the column with  $\underline{y}_{C_{mux}-1}$  and rows 0 to  $(Q_m \cdot N_L 1)$  and skipping the matrix entries that are already occupied:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{y}_0 & \underline{y}_1 & \underline{y}_2 & L & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}-1} \\ \underline{y}_{C_{mux}} & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}+1} & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}+2} & L & \underline{y}_{2C_{mux}-1} \\ \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{M} \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $C' = \widetilde{N}_{symb}^{UL}/2 - N_{start}^{PUSCH}$ 

The pseudocode is as follows:

Set i, k to 0.

while  $k < Q'_{COI}$ ,

if  $\underline{y}_i$  is not assigned to RI symbols in step (3) and  $i \mod C_{mux} \ge C'$ 

$$\underline{y}_i = \underline{q}_k$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end if

i = i+1

end while

(3b) If AUL-UCI is transmitted in this subframe, the vector sequence  $\underline{q}_0^{AUL-UCI}$ ,  $\underline{q}_1^{AUL-UCI}$ , ...,  $\underline{q}_{Q'_{AUL-UCI}-1}^{AUL-UCI}$  is written onto the  $(R_{mux} \times C_{mux})$  matrix by sets of  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$  rows from the column with  $\underline{y}_1$  to the column with  $\underline{y}_{C_{mux}-2}$  and rows 0 to  $(Q_m \cdot N_L - 1)$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{y}_0 & \underline{y}_1 & \underline{y}_2 & L & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}-1} \\ \underline{y}_{C_{mux}} & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}+1} & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}+2} & L & \underline{y}_{2C_{mux}-1} \\ \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{M} \end{bmatrix}$$

The pseudocode is as follows:

Set i, k to 0.

while 
$$k < Q'_{AUI-UCI}$$
,

if 
$$i \mod C_{mux} \ge 1$$
 and  $i \mod C_{mux} \le C_{mux} - 2$ 

$$\underline{y}_i = \underline{q}_k^{AUL-UCI}$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end if

i = i+1

end while

(4) Write the input vector sequence, for k = 0, 1, ..., H'-1, into the  $(R_{mux} \times C_{mux})$  matrix by sets of  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$  rows starting with the vector  $\underline{y}_0$  in column 0 and rows 0 to  $(Q_m \cdot N_L - 1)$  and skipping the matrix entries that are already occupied:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{y}_{0} & \underline{y}_{1} & \underline{y}_{2} & \cdots & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}-1} \\ \underline{y}_{C_{mux}} & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}+1} & \underline{y}_{C_{mux}+2} & \cdots & \underline{y}_{2C_{mux}-1} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \underline{y}_{(R'_{mux}-1)\times C_{mux}} & \underline{y}_{(R'_{mux}-1)\times C_{mux}+1} & \underline{y}_{(R'_{mux}-1)\times C_{mux}+2} & \cdots & \underline{y}_{(R'_{mux}\times C_{mux}-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

The pseudocode is as follows:

Set i, k to 0.

while k < H'.

if  $\underline{y}_i$  is not assigned to RI symbols, or CQI/PMI symbols in step (3a), or AUL-UCI symbols in step (3b)

$$\underline{y}_i = \underline{g}_k$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end if

i = i+1

end while

(5) If HARQ-ACK information is transmitted in this subframe/slot/subslot, the vector sequence  $\underline{q}_0^{ACK}, \underline{q}_1^{ACK}, \underline{q}_2^{ACK}, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is written onto the columns depending on PUSCH duration and DMRS pattern for PUSCH with subslot duration, and by sets of  $(Q_m \cdot N_L)$  rows starting from the last row and moving upwards according to the following pseudo-code. Note that this operation overwrites some of the channel interleaver entries obtained in step (4).

Set i, j to 0.

Set r to  $R'_{mux} - 1 - Q'_{RI}$  if  $N^{\text{PUSCH}}_{\text{symb}} = 1$  and  $R'_{mux} - Q'_{RI} \ge Q'_{ACK}$  for PUSCH with subslot duration,  $Q'_{ACK} - 1$  if  $N^{\text{PUSCH}}_{\text{symb}} = 1$  and  $R'_{mux} - Q'_{RI} < Q'_{ACK}$  for PUSCH with subslot duration, and  $R'_{mux} - 1$  otherwise

while  $i < Q'_{ACK}$ 

$$c_{ACK} = \text{ColumnSet}(j)$$

$$\underline{y}_{r \times C_{mux} + c_{ACK}} = \underline{q}_{i}^{ACK}$$

$$i = i + 1$$

if the duration of the PUSCH is subframe

$$r = R'_{mux} - 1 - \left| i/4 \right|$$

$$j = (j+3) \bmod 4$$

else if the duration of the PUSCH is slot

$$r = R'_{mux} - 1 - |i/2|$$

$$j = (j+1) \mod 2$$

else if the duration of the PUSCH is subslot,  $R'_{mux} - Q'_{RI} \ge Q'_{ACK}$  and  $N^{PUSCH}_{symb} = 1$ 

$$r = R'_{mux} - 1 - i - Q'_{RI}$$

else if the duration of the PUSCH is subslot,  $R'_{mux} - Q'_{RI} < Q'_{ACK}$  and  $N^{PUSCH}_{symb} = 1$ 

$$r = Q'_{ACK} - 1 - i$$

else if the duration of the PUSCH is subslot and  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = 2$  or  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = 3$ 

$$r = R'_{mux} - 1 - i$$

end if

end while

Where ColumnSet is given

- in Table 5.2.2.8-2 indexed left to right from 0 to 3 for PUSCH with subframe duration,
- in Table 5.2.2.8-2 indexed left to right from 0 to 1 for PUSCH with slot duration,
- as {1} if DMRS pattern field of corresponding uplink DCI formats is '01' for subslot#0, '11' for subslot#1, '10' for subslot#3, or '11' for subslot#4, and as {0} otherwise, for PUSCH with subslot duration.
- as {1} for subslot #1 and subslot #3 if the higher layer parameter *semiPersistSchedIntervalUL* is set to 1 subslot and MSB of DMRS pattern field of corresponding uplink DCI formats is '1', and as {0} otherwise, for semi-persistently scheduled PUSCH with subslot duration.
- (6) The output of the block interleaver is the bit sequence read out column by column from the  $(R_{mux} \times C_{mux})$  matrix. The bits after channel interleaving are denoted by  $h_0$ ,  $h_1$ ,  $h_2$ ,...,  $h_{H+N_L\cdot Q_{RI}-1}$ , where  $N_L$  is the number of layers the corresponding UL-SCH transport block is mapped onto.

Table 5.2.2.8-1: Column set for Insertion of rank information for PUSCH not scheduled using DCI Format 0A, 4A, 0B and 4B

CP configuration	Column Set
Normal	{1, 4, 7, 10}
Extended	{0, 3, 5, 8}

Table 5.2.2.8-1A: Column set for Insertion of rank information for PUSCH scheduled using DCI Format 0A, 4A, 0B and 4B

CP Configuration	PUSCH Starting Position	Column Set
	At symbol 0, or at symbol 7	{1, 4, 7, 10}
Normal	Within symbol 0, or at symbol 1, or within symbol 7, or at symbol 8	{0, 3,6, 9}

Table 5.2.2.8-2: Column set for Insertion of HARQ-ACK information

CP configuration	Column Set
Normal	{2, 3, 8, 9}
Extended	{1, 2, 6, 7}

The same channel interleaver procedures for RI are applied for CRI, using CRI instead of RI in the equations.

# 5.2.3 Uplink control information on PUCCH

Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of indicators for measurement indication, scheduling request and HARQ acknowledgement.

Three forms of channel coding are used as shown in Figure 5.2.3-1,

- one for HARQ-ACK and for combination of HARQ-ACK and periodic CSI transmitted on PUCCH format 3, including the cases with scheduling request,
- another for the channel quality information CQI/PMI transmitted on PUCCH format 2,
- and another for combination of CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK transmitted on PUCCH format 2/2a/2b.

A fourth form of channel coding is used as shown in Figure 5.2.3-2, for HARQ-ACK and for combination of HARQ-ACK and periodic CSI transmitted on PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 including the cases with scheduling request, or for periodic CSI transmitted on PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 including the cases with scheduling request.

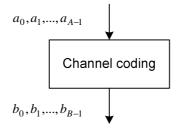


Figure 5.2.3-1: Processing for UCI

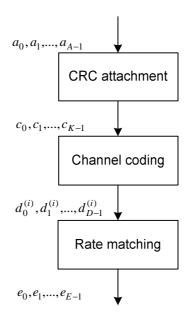


Figure 5.2.3-2: Processing for UCI

## 5.2.3.1 Channel coding for UCI HARQ-ACK on PUCCH

The HARQ-ACK bits are received from higher layers for each subframe of each cell. Each positive acknowledgement (ACK) is encoded as a binary '1' and each negative acknowledgement (NACK) is encoded as a binary '0'. For UEs configured with no more than five DL cells, or for UEs configured by higher layers with *codebooksizeDetermination-r13* = cc, and for the case where PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 [2] is configured by higher layers and is used for transmission of the HARQ-ACK feedback information, the HARQ-ACK feedback consists of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for each of the serving cells. For UEs configured by higher layers with codebooksizeDetermination-r13 = dai, the HARQ-ACK feedback consists of the HARQ-ACK bits for the serving cells depending on the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) as in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2 and as defined in [3]. For cells configured with transmission modes 1, 2, 5, 6 or 7 [3], i.e., single codeword transmission modes, 1 bit of HARQ-ACK information,  $a_k$ , is used for that cell. For cells configured with other transmission modes, 2 bits of HARQ-ACK information are used for those cells, i.e.,  $a_k$ ,  $a_{k+1}$  with  $a_k$  corresponding to HARQ-ACK bit for codeword 0 and  $a_{k+1}$  corresponding to that for codeword 1.

Define  $O^{ACK}$  as the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits and  $N_{A/N}^{PUCCH \, format \, 3}$  as the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits including the possible concurrent transmission of scheduling request and/or periodic CSI when PUCCH format 3 is used for transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback (clause 10.1 in [3]), and  $N_{A/N}^{PUCCH \, format \, 4}$  as the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits including the possible concurrent transmission of scheduling request and/or periodic CSI when PUCCH format 4 is used for transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback (clause 10.1 in [3]), and  $N_{A/N}^{PUCCH \, format \, 5}$  as the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits including the possible concurrent transmission of scheduling request and/or periodic CSI when PUCCH format 5 is used for transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback (clause 10.1 in [3]).

For UEs configured by higher layers with codebooksizeDetermination-r13 = dai, the bit sequence  $\tilde{\sigma}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{\sigma}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{\sigma}_0^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{\sigma}_0^{ACK}$  is determined according to the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) as in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2 and as defined in [3]. Otherwise, the bit sequence  $\tilde{\sigma}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{\sigma}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{\sigma}_0^{ACK}$  is determined as below.

For FDD when the UE is not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2, the sequence of bits  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for different cells according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

Set i = 0 – HARQ-ACK bit index

Set  $N_{cells}^{DL}$  to the number of cells configured by higher layers for the UE

```
while c < N_{cells}^{DL}
```

if transmission mode configured in cell  $c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\}$  -- 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell

$$\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK} = \text{HARQ-ACK bit of this cell}$$

$$j = j + 1$$

else

if the UE is configured with spatial bundling on PUCCH by higher layers and if the UE is configured with PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 or PUCCH format 3 with more than 5 serving cells or if HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on subslot SPUCCH as described in clause 5.2.3.1A

 $\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK}$  = binary AND operation of the HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to the first and second codewords of this cell

$$j = j + 1$$

else

 $\tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK}$  = HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the first codeword of this cell

j = j + 1

 $\tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK}$  = HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the second codeword of this cell

j = j + 1

end if

end if

c = c + 1

end while

For the aggregation of more than one DL cell including a primary cell using FDD and at least one secondary cell using TDD when the UE is not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfig/NE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig/2, the sequence of bits  $\tilde{\sigma}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{\sigma}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{\sigma}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for different cells. Define  $N_{cells}^{DL}$  as the number of cells configured by higher layers for the UE and  $B_c^{DL}$  as the number of subframes for which the UE needs to feed back HARQ-ACK bits in UL subframe n for the c-th serving cell. For a cell using TDD, the subframes are determined by the DL-reference UL/DL configuration if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter eimta-HARQ-ReferenceConfig, and determined by the UL/DL configuration otherwise. For a cell using TDD,  $B_c^{DL} = 1$  if subframe n-4 in the cell, or subframe n-3 in the cell if higher layer parameter shortProcessingTime is configured for the cell, is a DL subframe or a special subframe with special subframe configurations 1/2/3/4/6/7/8/9/10 and normal downlink CP or a special subframe with special subframe configurations 1/2/3/5/6/7 and extended downlink CP, and  $B_c^{DL} = 0$  otherwise. For a cell using FDD,  $B_c^{DL} = 1$ .

The sequence of bits  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is performed according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

Set j = 0 – HARQ-ACK bit index

```
while c < N_{cells}^{DL}
```

$$_{if} B_c^{DL} = 1$$

if transmission mode configured in cell  $c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\}$  -- 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell

$$\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK}$$
 = HARQ-ACK bit of this cell

$$j = j + 1$$

else

if the UE is configured with spatial bundling on PUCCH by higher layers and if the UE is configured with PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 or PUCCH format 3 with more than 5 serving cells or if HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on subslot SPUCCH as described in clause 5.2.3.1A

 $\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK}$  = binary AND operation of the HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to the first and second codewords of this cell

$$j = j + 1$$

else

 $\tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK}$  = HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the first codeword of this cell

j = j + 1

 $\tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK}$  = HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the second codeword of this cell

$$j = j + 1$$

end if

end if

c = c + 1

end while

For the cases with TDD primary cell or EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2 configured, the sequence of bits  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\tilde{o}_1^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$ , is obtained from the HARQ-ACK bits for different cells and different subframes.

Define  $N_{cells}^{DL}$  as the number of cells configured by higher layers for the UE and  $B_c^{DL}$  as the number of subframes for which the UE needs to feed back HARQ-ACK bits in cell c as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3].

The number of HARQ-ACK bits k and the number of HARQ-ACK bits after spatial bundling  $k_b$  are computed as follows:

Set k = 0 – counter of HARQ-ACK bits

Set  $k_b = 0$  – counter of HARQ-ACK bits after spatial bundling

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

while  $c < N_{cells}^{DL}$ 

set l = 0:

while  $l < B_c^{DL}$ 

if transmission mode configured in cell  $c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\}$  -- 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell

$$k = k + 1$$

$$k_b = k_b + 1$$
else
$$k = k + 2$$

$$k_b = k_b + 1$$
end if
$$l = l + 1$$
end while

end while

c = c + 1

In case the transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback using PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 coincides with a sub-frame configured to the UE by higher layers for transmission of scheduling request, the number of scheduling request bit  $O^{SR}$  is 1; otherwise  $O^{SR}=0$ .

In case the transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback using PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 coincides with a sub-frame configured to the UE by higher layers for transmission of periodic CSI,  $O^{CSI}$  is the number of periodic CSI bit(s) for the CSI report as defined in clause 7.2.2 [3]; otherwise  $O^{CSI}=0$ .

For PUCCH format 3, the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits  $O^{ACK}$  is computed as follows:

If the UE is configured with more than 5 serving cells and spatial bundling on PUCCH is configured, then:

$$O^{ACK} = k_b$$

else, set  $k_{\text{max}} = 20$  when TDD is used in all the configured serving cell(s) of the UE and  $k_{\text{max}} = 21$  when FDD is used in at least one of the configured serving cells with TDD primary cell and  $k_{\text{max}} = 21$  when the UE is configured with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2.

If 
$$k \le k_{\max}$$
 and  $O^{\text{CSI}} = 0$ , or if  $k + O^{\text{CSI}} + O^{\text{SR}} \le 22$  and  $O^{\text{CSI}} > 0$ , or if  $k_b + O^{\text{CSI}} + O^{\text{SR}} > 22$  and  $k \le k_{\max}$ , then

$$O^{ACK} = k$$

else,

$$O^{ACK} = k_b$$

For PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5,  $O^{ACK} = k$  if the UE is not configured with spatial bundling on PUCCH by higher layers; otherwise  $O^{ACK} = k_b$ .

If  $O^{ACK} = k$  and the HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on slot SPUCCH or PUCCH, the multiplexing of HARQ-ACK bits is performed according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell

Set 
$$j = 0$$
 – HARQ-ACK bit index

while 
$$c < N_{cells}^{DL}$$

```
set l = 0;
   while l < B_c^{DL}
        if transmission mode configured in cell c \in \{1,2,5,6,7\} -- 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell
            \tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK} = o_{c,l}^{ACK} HARQ-ACK bit of this cell as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3]
           j = j + 1
       else
            [\tilde{o}_{j}^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_{j+1}^{ACK}] = [o_{c,2l}^{ACK}, o_{c,2l+1}^{ACK}] HARQ-ACK bit of this cell as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3]
           j = j + 2
        end if
       l = l + 1
    end while
    c = c + 1
end while
If O^{ACK} = k_b or if HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on subslot SPUCCH as described in clause 5.2.3.1A, spatial
bundling is applied to all subframes in all cells and the multiplexing of HARQ-ACK bits is performed according to the
following pseudo-code
Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell
Set j = 0 – HARQ-ACK bit index
while c < N_{cells}^{DL}
   set l = 0;
   while l < B_c^{DL}
        if transmission mode configured in cell c \in \{1, 2, 5, 6, 7\} - 1 bit HARQ-ACK feedback for this cell
            \tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK} = o_{c,l}^{ACK} HARQ-ACK bit of this cell as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3]
           j = j + 1
        else
            \tilde{o}_{i}^{ACK} = o_{c,l}^{ACK} binary AND operation of the HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to the first and second
               codewords of this cell as defined in Clause 7.3 of [3]
           j = j + 1
        end if
        l = l + 1
    end while
    c = c + 1
end while
```

In case the transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback using PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 [2] coincides with a sub-frame configured to the UE by higher layers for transmission of scheduling request, the scheduling request bit (1 = positive SR; 0 = negative SR) is appended at the end of the sequence of concatenated HARQ-ACK bits.

In case the transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback using PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 [2] coincides with a sub-frame configured to the UE by higher layers for transmission of periodic CSI, and periodic CSI is not dropped as defined in clause 7.3.2 and clause 10.1.1 of [3], the periodic CSI bits for the CSI report as defined in clause 7.2.2 [3] are appended at the end of the sequence of concatenated HARQ-ACK bits and scheduling request bit (if any), where in case of CSI report for more than one DL cell, the CSI report for each DL cell is appended in increasing order of cell index. As with the transmission of the scheduling request, the procedure above is used with  $N_{A/N}^{PUCCH \text{ format } 3}$ ,  $N_{A/N}^{PUCCH \text{ format } 4}$  or  $N_{A/N}^{PUCCH \text{ format } 5}$  including the number of periodic CSI bits and scheduling request bit (if any).

For  $N_{A/N}^{\,\mathrm{PUCCH\ format\ 3}} \leq 11$ , the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{N_{A/N}^{\,\mathrm{PUCCH\ format\ 3}}-1}$  is obtained by setting  $a_i = \widetilde{o}_i^{\,ACK}$ 

For  $11 < N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}} \le 22$ , the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}-1}$  is obtained by setting  $a_{i/2} = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  if i is even and  $a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}/2} = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  if i is odd.

For  $N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}} \leq 11$ , the sequence of bits  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}-1}$  is encoded as follows

$$\widetilde{b}_{i} = \sum_{n=0}^{N_{A/N}^{PUCCH \text{ format } 3} - 1} \left( a_{n} \cdot M_{i,n} \right) \text{mod } 2$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 31 and the basis sequences  $M_{i,n}$  are defined in Table 5.2.2.6.4-1.

The output bit sequence  $b_0,b_1,b_2,...,b_{B-1}$  is obtained by circular repetition of the sequence  $\tilde{b}_0,\tilde{b}_1,\tilde{b}_2,...,\tilde{b}_{31}$ 

$$b_i = \widetilde{b}_{(i \bmod 32)}$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., B-1 and where  $B = 4 \cdot N_{sc}^{RB}$ .

For  $11 < N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}} \le 22$ , the sequences of bits  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ..., a_{\left \lceil N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}/2 \right \rceil - 1}^{-1}$  and

 $a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}/2}, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}/2}, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}}, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}}}$  are encoded as follows

$$\widetilde{b}_{i} = \sum_{n=0}^{\left\lceil N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}} \right\rceil - 1} \left( a_{n} \cdot M_{i,n} \right) \mod 2$$

and

$$\widetilde{\widetilde{b}}_{i} = \sum_{n=0}^{N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}} - \left[N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}} + n \cdot M_{i,n}\right] - 1} \left(a \left[N_{A/N}^{\text{PUCCH format 3}} + n \cdot M_{i,n}\right] \right) \mod 2$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 23 and the basis sequences  $M_{i,n}$  are defined in Table 5.2.2.6.4-1.

The output bit sequence  $b_0, b_1, b_2, ..., b_{B-1}$  where  $B = 4 \cdot N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$  is obtained by the alternate concatenation of the bit sequences  $\tilde{b}_0, \tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_2, ..., \tilde{b}_{23}$  and  $\tilde{\tilde{b}}_0, \tilde{\tilde{b}}_1, \tilde{\tilde{b}}_2, ..., \tilde{\tilde{b}}_{23}$  as follows

Set 
$$i$$
,  $j = 0$ 

while 
$$i < 4 \cdot N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}$$

$$b_i = \widetilde{b}_j, \ b_{i+1} = \widetilde{b}_{j+1}$$

$$b_{i+2} = \widetilde{\widetilde{b}}_j, \ b_{i+3} = \widetilde{\widetilde{b}}_{j+1}$$

$$i = i+4$$

end while

i = i + 2

For  $N_{A/N}^{PUCCH format 4} > 22$ , the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ..., a_{N_{A/N}^{PUCCH format 4}-1}$  is obtained by setting  $a_i = \widetilde{o_i}^{ACK}$ , and the output bit sequence after the rate matching is denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, ..., e_{E-1}$ , where  $E = Q_m \cdot M_{RB}^{PUCCH 4} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH} \cdot N_{sc}^{RB}$ ,  $Q_m$  is the modulation order of the PUCCH format 4,  $N_{symb}^{PUSCH}$  is determined according to clause 5.2.4.1, and  $M_{RB}^{PUCCH 4}$  represents the bandwidth of the PUCCH format 4 in terms of resource blocks [2]. The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching are performed according to clauses 5.1.1 by setting L to 8 bits, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ..., a_{N_{A/N}^{PUCCH format 4}-1}$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

For  $N_{A/N}^{\rm PUCCH \, format \, 5} > 22$ , the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ..., a_{N_{A/N}^{\rm PUCCH \, format \, 5}-1}$  is obtained by setting  $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$ , and the output bit sequence after the rate matching is denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, ..., e_{E-1}$ , where  $E = Q_m \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH} \cdot N_{sc}^{RB} / 2$ ,  $Q_m$  is the modulation order of the PUCCH format 5 and  $N_{symb}^{PUSCH}$  is determined according to clause 5.2.4.1. The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching are performed according to clauses 5.1.1 by setting L to 8 bits, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ..., a_{N_{A/N}^{\rm PUCCH \, format \, 5}-1}$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

When PUCCH format 3, PUCCH format 4 or PUCCH format 5 is not used for transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback, the HARQ-ACK bits are processed for transmission according to clause 10.1 in [3].

## 5.2.3.1A Channel coding for UCI HARQ-ACK on SPUCCH

The HARQ-ACK bits are received from higher layers for each subframe of each cell and for each slot or subslot of each cell if higher layer parameter dl-STT1-Length is configured for the cell. Each positive acknowledgement (ACK) is encoded as a binary '1' and each negative acknowledgement (NACK) is encoded as a binary '0'. For UEs configured with more than one DL cell and no more than five DL cells, or for UEs configured by higher layers with codebooksizeDeterminationSTT1-rel15 = cc, the HARQ-ACK feedback consists of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for each of the serving cells. For UEs configured by higher layers with codebooksizeDeterminationSTT1-rel15 = dai, the HARQ-ACK feedback consists of the HARQ-ACK bits for the serving cells depending on the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) as in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2 and as defined in [3]. For a cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STT1-Length, 1 bit of HARQ-ACK information,  $a_k$ , is used for that cell.

Define  $O^{ACK}$  as the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits and  $N_{A/N}^{\rm SPUCCH\ format\ 3}$  as the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits including the possible concurrent transmission of scheduling request when SPUCCH format 3 is used for transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback (clause 10.1 in [3]), and  $N_{A/N}^{\rm SPUCCH\ format\ 4}$  as the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits including the possible concurrent transmission of scheduling request when SPUCCH format 4 is used for transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback (clause 10.1 in [3]).

For UEs configured by higher layers with codebooksizeDeterminationSTTI-rel15 = dai, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK}\tilde{o}_1^{sACK},...,\tilde{o}_{O^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$  is determined according to the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) as in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2 and as defined in [3]. Otherwise, the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK}\tilde{o}_1^{sACK},...,\tilde{o}_{O^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$  is determined as below.

For FDD with at least one cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length or for the aggregation of more than one DL cell including a primary cell using FDD and at least one secondary cell using TDD and at least one DL cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length, define the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK}\tilde{o}_1^{sACK},...,\tilde{o}_O^{sACK}_{o^{sACK}}$  corresponding to PDSCH with slot/subslot duration as the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for one or multiple DL cells configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length,  $N_{cells}^{sDL}$  as the number of cells configured with dl-STTI-Length for the UE and  $B_c^{sDL}$  as the number of slot(s) or subslot(s) for which the UE needs to feed back HARQ-ACK bits in UL slot or subslot n for the c-th serving cell. For a cell using FDD and configured with dl-STTI-Length=subslot and ul-STTI-Length=subslot, or for a cell using FDD and configured with dl-STTI-Length=slot and ul-STTI-Length=slot,  $B_c^{sDL}=1$ . For a cell using FDD and configured with dl-STTI-Length=slot and ul-STTI-Length=slot,  $B_c^{sDL}=1$  if slot n-4 in the cell is in a DL subframe, or slot n-4 is the first slot in a special subframe with special subframe configurations 1/2/3/4/6/7/8/9/10 and normal downlink CP, or slot n-4 is the second slot in a special subframe with special subframe configurations 3/4/8 and normal downlink CP, and  $B_c^{sDL}=0$  otherwise.

The bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{sACK} \tilde{o}_1^{sACK}, ..., \tilde{o}_{O^{sACK}-1}^{sACK}$  is performed according to the following pseudo-code:

Set c = 0 – cell index: lower indices correspond to lower RRC indices of corresponding cell configured with *dl-STTI-Length* 

```
Set j=0 – HARQ-ACK bit index while c < N_{cells}^{sDL} set l=0; while l < B_c^{sDL}  \widetilde{o}_j^{sACK} = \text{HARQ-ACK bit of this cell}  j=j+1  l=l+1  end while  c=c+1
```

end while

For FDD with at least one cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length or for the aggregation of more than one DL cell including a primary cell using FDD and at least one secondary cell using TDD and at least one DL cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length, define the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{LACK} \tilde{o}_1^{LACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{LACK}-1}^{LACK}$  as the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to PDSCH with subframe duration for one or multiple DL cells. The bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{LACK} \tilde{o}_1^{LACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{LACK}-1}^{LACK}$  is determined as for bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK} \tilde{o}_1^{ACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  in clause 5.2.3.1 and spatial bundling is performed if the HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on subslot SPUCCH or if the HARQ-ACK is to be transmitted on slot SPUCCH and spatial bundling is configured. For FDD with at least one cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length or for the aggregation of more than one DL cell including a primary cell using FDD and at least one secondary cell using TDD and at least one DL cell configured with higher layer parameter dl-STTI-Length, the sequence of bits  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_0^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{ACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  is the result of the concatenation of HARQ-ACK bits for different cells and is obtained by concatenation of the bit sequence  $\tilde{o}_0^{SACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{SACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{SACK}$  and  $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{ACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{SACK}$  is given by  $\tilde{o}_0^{SACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{SACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{SACK}$  is given by  $\tilde{o}_0^{SACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{SACK}, \ldots, \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{SACK}$ .

In case the transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback using SPUCCH format 3 or SPUCCH format 4 coincides with a slot/subslot configured to the UE by higher layers for transmission of scheduling request, the number of scheduling

request bits  $O^{SR}$  is 1; otherwise  $O^{SR}$ =0, and the scheduling request bit (1 = positive SR; 0 = negative SR) is appended at the end of the sequence of concatenated HARQ-ACK bits.

For  $N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 3}} \leq 11$ , the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 3}}-1}$  is obtained by setting  $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  and is encoded as follows

$$b_i = \sum_{n=0}^{N_{A/N}^{SPUCCHformat3}-1} (a_n \cdot M_{i,n}) \bmod 2$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., B-1 and  $B = 2 \cdot N_{sc}^{RB}$ , the basis sequences  $M_{i,n}$  are defined in Table 5.2.2.6.4-1.

For SPUCCH format 4, the output sequence is of length E, where  $E = Q_m \cdot M_{RB}^{\text{SPUCCHformat4}} \cdot N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SPUCCHformat4}} \cdot N_{sc}^{RB}$ ,  $Q_m$  is the modulation order of the SPUCCH format 4,  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}$  is equal to  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SPUSCH}} - 1$  for slot SPUCCH format 4 and equal to  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SPUSCH}}$  for subslot SPUCCH format 4,  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SPUSCH}}$  is determined according to clause 5.2.4.1, and  $M_{RB}^{\text{SPUCCH format4}}$  represents the bandwidth of the SPUCCH format 4 in terms of resource blocks [2].

For  $N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}} \leq 11$ , the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}-1}$  is obtained by setting  $a_i = \widetilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  and is encoded as follows

$$\widetilde{b}_{i} = \sum_{n=0}^{N_{A/N}^{SPUCCHformat4}-1} (a_{n} \cdot M_{i,n}) \bmod 2$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 31 and the basis sequences  $M_{i,n}$  are defined in Table 5.2.2.6.4-1.

The output bit sequence  $b_0, b_1, b_2, ..., b_{E-1}$  is obtained by circular repetition of the sequence  $\tilde{b}_0, \tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_2, ..., \tilde{b}_{31}$ 

$$b_i = \widetilde{b}_{(i \bmod 32)},$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., E-1.

For  $11 < N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}} \le 22$ , the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}-1}$  is obtained by setting  $a_{i/2} = \widetilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  if i is even and  $a_{\left[N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}/2\right]+(i-1)/2} = \widetilde{o}_i^{ACK}$  if i is odd. The sequences of bits  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{\left[N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}/2\right]+1}$  and  $a_{\left[N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}/2\right]+1}, a_{\left[N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}/2\right]+2}, \ldots, a_{\left[N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format 4}}/2\right]+1}$  are encoded as follows

$$\widetilde{b}_i = \sum_{n=0}^{\left\lceil N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format4}/2} \right\rceil - 1} \left( a_n \cdot M_{i,n} \right) \mod 2$$

and

$$\widetilde{\widetilde{b}}_{i} = \sum_{N=0}^{N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format4}} - \left[N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format4}} / 2\right] - 1} \left( a_{\left[N_{A/N}^{\text{SPUCCH format4}} / 2\right] + n} \cdot M_{i,n} \right) \mod 2$$

where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., 31 and the basis sequences  $M_{i,n}$  are defined in Table 5.2.2.6.4-1.

The output bit sequence  $b_0, b_1, b_2, ..., b_{E-1}$  is obtained by the concatenation and circular repetition of the bit sequences  $\tilde{b}_0, \tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_2, ..., \tilde{b}_{31}$  and  $\tilde{\tilde{b}}_0, \tilde{\tilde{b}}_1, \tilde{\tilde{b}}_2, ..., \tilde{\tilde{b}}_{31}$  as follows

Set i = 0

while  $i < \lceil E/2 \rceil$ 

$$b_i = \tilde{b}_{i \mod 32}$$

$$i = i + 1$$

end while

while  $i < E - \lceil E/2 \rceil$ 

$$b_{\lceil E/2 \rceil + i} = \overset{\approx}{\widetilde{b}}_{i \bmod 32}$$

$$i = i + 1$$

end while

For  $N_{A/N}^{\rm SPUCCH\,format\,4} \ge 22$ , the output bit sequence after the rate matching is denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, \ldots, e_{E-1}$ . The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching are performed according to clauses 5.1.1 by setting L to 8 bits, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{N_{A/N}^{\rm SPUCCH\,format\,4}-1}$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

When SPUCCH format 3 or SPUCCH format 4 is not used for transmission of HARQ-ACK feedback, the HARQ-ACK bits are processed for transmission according to clause 10.1 in [3].

## 5.2.3.2 Channel coding for UCI scheduling request

The scheduling request indication is received from higher layers and is processed according to [2].

# 5.2.3.3 Channel coding for UCI channel quality information

The channel quality and possible concurrent scheduling request bits input to the channel coding block are denoted by  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$  where A is the number of bits, and where the scheduling request bit (if present) is prepended to the sequence of channel quality bits. The number of channel quality bits depends on the transmission format as indicated in clause 5.2.3.3.1 for wideband reports and in clause 5.2.3.3.2 for UE-selected subbands reports.

For PUCCH format 2, the channel quality information is coded using a (20, A) code. The code words of the (20, A) code are a linear combination of the 13 basis sequences denoted  $M_{i,n}$  and defined in Table 5.2.3.3-1.

i	M <sub>i,0</sub>	M <sub>i,1</sub>	M <sub>i,2</sub>	M <sub>i,3</sub>	M <sub>i,4</sub>	M <sub>i,5</sub>	M <sub>i,6</sub>	M <sub>i,7</sub>	M <sub>i,8</sub>	M <sub>i,9</sub>	M <sub>i,10</sub>	M <sub>i,11</sub>	M <sub>i,12</sub>
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
5	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
6	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
8	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
9	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
10	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
11	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
12	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
14	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
15	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
16	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
17	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
18	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
19	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.3.3-1: Basis sequences for (20, A) code

After encoding the bits are denoted by  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$  where B = 20 and with

$$b_i = \sum_{n=0}^{A-1} (a_n \cdot M_{i,n}) \mod 2$$
 where  $i = 0, 1, 2, ..., B-1$ .

For PUCCH format 4, the output bit sequence after the rate matching is denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, ..., e_{E-1}$ , where  $E = Q_m \cdot M_{RB}^{PUCCH4} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH4} \cdot N_{sc}^{RB}$ ,  $Q_m$  is the modulation order of the PUCCH format 4,  $N_{symb}^{PUSCH4}$  is determined according to clause 5.2.4.1, and  $M_{RB}^{PUCCH4}$  represents the bandwidth of the PUCCH format 4 in terms of resource blocks [2]. The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching are performed according to clauses 5.1.1 by setting L to 8 bits, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ..., a_{A-1}$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the channel coding operation. The output bit sequence of the channel coding operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

For PUCCH format 5, the output bit sequence after the rate matching is denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, ..., e_{E-1}$ , where  $E = Q_m \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH} \cdot N_{sc}^{RB} / 2$ ,  $Q_m$  is the modulation order of the PUCCH format 5 and  $N_{symb}^{PUSCH}$  is determined according to clause 5.2.4.1. The CRC attachment, channel coding and rate matching are performed according to clauses 5.1.1 by setting L to 8 bits, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. The input bit sequence to the CRC attachment operation is  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ..., a_{A-1}$ . The output bit sequence of the CRC attachment operation is the input bit sequence to the rate matching operation.

### 5.2.3.3.1 Channel quality information formats for wideband reports

Table 5.2.3.3.1-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with a transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI with higher layer

parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B', and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured without PMI.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-1A shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-1: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B', and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured without PMI)

Field	Bit width
Wide-band CQI	4

Table 5.2.3.3.1-1A: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type)

Field	Bit width		
Field	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI	4	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6, and transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6, and transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width				
Field	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3	
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	4	4	

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A and Table 5.2.3.3.1-2B show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE* or *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabled=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, K>1, or *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports ,

except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3] and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1* is configured by higher layers [6].

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-1 and Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-2 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9 /10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-3 and Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-4 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-5 and Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-6 show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters *advancedCodebookEnabled* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' and *advancedCodebookEnabled* = *TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2B-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, K>1, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE or advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

	Bit width									
Field	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports		8 antenna ports					
rieiu	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank >	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank >		
	1	2	1	1	1	2,3	4	4		
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3	0	3	3	3		
Wide-band PMI (2 or 4										
antenna ports)	2	1	4	4	4	4	3	0		
or i2 (8 antenna ports)										

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-1: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) (transmission mode 9/10 configured PMI/RI with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' and with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$ , and CodebookConfig=1, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

		Bit width										
Field	8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports											
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8				
Wide	e-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Spati	al differential CQI	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
W	ide-band i2	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0			

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-2: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) (transmission mode 9/10 configured PMI/RI with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' and with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$ , and CodebookConfig=2/3/4, except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

		Bit width									
Field	8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports										
rieia	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Wide-band i2	4	4	4	3	0	0	0	0			

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-3: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank > 1			
Wideband CQI	4	4			
Spatial differential CQI	0	3			
Wide-band i2	6	4			

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-4: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

	Bit width									
Field	8 antenna ports									
	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =		
	1	2	3	=4	5	6	7	8		
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Wide-band i2	6	4	4	3	0	0	0	0		

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-5: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,Q_1,Q_2)$  and CodebookConfig=1)

	Bit width									
Field	8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports									
	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Wide-band i2	6	4	1	1	0	0	0	0		

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2A-6: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, Q_1, Q_2)$  and CodebookConfig=2/3/4).

	Bit width									
Field	8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports									
Field	Rank =	Rank =	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8		
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Wide-band i2	6	4	4	3	0	0	0	0		

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2B: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i1, i2) for transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports, except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE.

	Bit width										
Field	8 antenna ports										
i ieiu	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =	Rank =			
	1	2	3	=4	5	6	7	8			
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
i1	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	0			
Wide-band i2	1	1	3	3	0	0	0	0			

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2B-1: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i1) for transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE.

	Bit width							
Field	4 anteni	na ports	8 antenna ports					
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank = 2				
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4				
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3				
i1	2	2	3	3				

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2C and Table 5.2.3.3.1-2D show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions for 4 antenna ports associated with transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE* except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 4 antenna ports with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, K>1, and *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2E shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2C: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i2) with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1, and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width							
Field	4 antenna ports							
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4				
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4				
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3				
Wideband i2	4	4	4	4				

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2D: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (i1, i2) with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1, and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width							
Field	4 antenna ports							
	Rank = 1         Rank = 2         Rank = 3         Rank							
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4				
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3				
i1	2	2	0	0				
Wideband i2	2	2	4	4				

Table 5.2.3.3.1-2E: UCI fields for transmission of wideband CQI and precoding information (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

			Bit v	vidth			
Field	2 anten	na ports	4 antenna ports				
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3	3	3	
Wide-band PMI	2	1	3	3	2	1	
			Bit v	vidth			
Field			8 anten	na ports			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4	Rank = 5 t	o Rank = 8	
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4	4		
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3	3		
Wide-band PMI	4	4	4	3	(	)	

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the rank indication feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B', transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' except with *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type2* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type2* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B' without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3: UCI fields for rank indication feedback for wideband reports (transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B', transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports)

			dth			
Field	2 antonna	4 antenna ports		8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports		na ports
Field 2 antenna ports		Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3A shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint transmission of rank indication and i1 for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9 and transmission mode 10, transmission mode 9/10 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and K>1, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE* or *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3A: UCI fields for joint report of RI and i1 (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12 =TRUE and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12 =TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12 =TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

		Bit width				
Field	2 antonno	4 antenna ports		8 8	ntenna ports	
rieiu	2 antenna ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
Rank indication	1	1	2	4	5	5
i1	-	-	-			

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3B shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint transmission of rank indication and i1 for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12 =TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and K>1, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12 =TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with 4 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3B-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint transmission of rank indication and i1 for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission modes 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is

set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1*=TRUE, and K>1, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12* =TRUE.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3B: UCl fields for joint report of RI and i1 with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width		
Field	4 antenna ports		
	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	
Rank indication and i1	4	5	

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3B-1: UCI fields for joint report of RI and i1 with 4/8 antenna ports (transmission modes 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width
Fleid	4/8 antenna ports
Rank indication and i1	4

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3C shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *activatedResources*>0.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3C: UCI fields for joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for wideband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with activatedResources>0)

	Bit width					
Field	2 antenna	4 antenna ports		4 antenna ports 8 antenna ports		
i ieiu	ports	Max 1 or 2	Max 4	Max 1 or 2	Max 4	Max 8
		layers	layers	layers	layers	layers
CRI	$ \log_2(K) $	$ \log_2(K) $	$ \log_2(K) $	$ \log_2(K) $	$ \log_2(K) $	$ \log_2(K) $
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3D shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI, rank indication and i1 feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 ports, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *activatedResources*>0, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3D: UCI fields for joint report of CRI, rank indication and i1 feedback for wideband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 ports, and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 ports Class B CSI reporting with K>1 with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, except with activatedResources>0)

	Bit width						
Field	4 antenna	ports	8 antenna ports				
Fleiu	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers		
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$						
Rank indication and i1	4	5	4	5	5		

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3E shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the CRI feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource, Class B CSI reporting with K>1 except with *activatedResources*>0, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with *eMIMO-Type*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3E: Fields for CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 except with activatedResources>0, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with eMIMO-Type)

Field	Bit width			
rieiu	K = 2	K = 3 and K = 4	K = 5 to K = 8	
CRI	1	2	3	

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3F shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and with *activatedResources*>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and with *activatedResources*>1. N is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3F: UCI fields for joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for wideband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and with activatedResources>1)

		Bit width				
Field	2 antenna	4 antenna	4 antenna ports		8 antenna ports	
i ieiu	ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$					
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3G shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI, rank indication and i1 feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 ports, and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and with *activatedResources*>1, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*. *N* is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3G: UCI fields for joint report of CRI, rank indication and i1 feedback for wideband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 ports, and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and with activatedResources>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 ports Class B CSI reporting with K>1 and with activatedResources>1 with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width						
Field	4 antenna	ports	8 antenna ports				
rieiu	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers		
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$						
Rank indication and i1	4	5	4	5	5		

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3H shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the CRI feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource, Class B CSI reporting with K>1 and with *activatedResources*>1. *N* is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3H: Fields for CRI feedback for wideband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 and with activatedResources>1)

Field	Bit width		
rieiu	N = 2	N = 3 and N = 4	
CRI	1	2	

Parameters i1,1-1, i1,2-1, i1,1-2, i1,2-2, i1,p-2 correspond to parameters  $i_{1,1}$ ,  $i_{1,2}$ ,  $d_1$ ,  $d_2$ , and  $I_p$  in clause 7.2.4 of [3].

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3I and Table 5.2.3.3.1-3J show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of rank indication and i1,p-2 feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters *advancedCodebookEnabled* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' and *advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3I: Fields for joint report of rank indication and i1,p-2 feedback for wideband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled= TRUE)

Field	Bit width			
rieiu	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers		
Rank indication	1	2		
i1,p-2	2	2		

Table 5.2.3.3.1-3J: Fields for joint report of rank indication and i1,p-2 feedback for wideband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled= TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports, and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
rieiu	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers		
Rank indication	1	2	3		
i1,p-2	2	2	2		

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A'.

For Table 5.2.3.3.1-4, 5.2.3.3.1-4B, 5.2.3.3.1-4C, 5.2.3.3.1-4D, the parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 1 and rank 2 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1 and  $(S_1, S_2) = (2, 2)$  for CodebookConfig=2, and 4. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 3 and 4 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1,  $(S_1, S_2) = \left(\frac{O_1}{2}, \frac{O_2}{2}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=3,  $(S_1, S_2) = \left(O_1, \frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=3,  $(S_1, S_2) = \left(O_1, \frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=3. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 5 to 8 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1,  $(S_1, S_2) = \left(\frac{O_1}{4}, \frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2/3/4. The parameters  $(L_1, L_2)$  are defined as  $L_1 = \min\{4, N_1\}$  and  $L_2 = 2$  for  $N_1 \ge N_2$  and  $N_2 \ne 1$ ,  $L_1 = 2$  and  $L_2 = \min\{4, N_2\}$  for  $N_1 < N_2$  and  $N_1 \ne 1$ ,  $L_1 = \min\{8, N_1\}$  and  $L_2 = 1$  for  $N_2 = 1$ .

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for precoding information (i1) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$ , except with advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
rieid	Rank = 1		Rank =3	Rank =4	
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1 / S_1) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	
Field	Bit width				
			Dit Width		
rieid	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8	
Wideband first PMI i1,1		Rank = 6 $ \lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1 / S_1) \rceil $	Rank =7	Rank =8 $\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1 / S_1) \rceil$	

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4A, Table 5.2.3.3.1-4B and Table 5.2.3.3.1-4C show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the precoding matrix information feedback for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter <code>advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE</code>, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters <code>advancedCodebookEnabled</code> and <code>eMIMO-Type</code>, and <code>eMIMO-Type</code> is set to 'CLASS A' and <code>advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE</code>.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4A: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for precoding information (i1) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

Field	Bit width			
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank = 4

Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	3	3	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4B: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for precoding information (i1) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE)

	Bit width							
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank =4	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank = 7	Rank = 8
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1) \rceil$	2	2	2	2	2	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4C: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for precoding information (i1) (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameters advancedCodebookEnabled and eMIMO-Type, and advancedCodebookEnabled=TRUE and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,Q_1,Q_2)$ )

Field			Bit width	
rieid	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank =3	Rank =4
Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	$\left[ \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right]$
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	$\lceil \log_2(L_{_{\! 1}})  ceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_1) \rceil$	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	$\left\lceil \log_2(L_2) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(L_2) \rceil$	0	0
Field			Bit width	
i ieiu	Rank = 5	Rank = 6	Rank =7	Rank =8

Wideband first PMI i1,1-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/S_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1 / S_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1 / S_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1 O_1 / S_1) \rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2-1	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,1-2	0	0	0	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2-2	0	0	0	0

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4D shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint transmission of i1 and rank indication for wideband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B', where i1 and rank indication are associated with Class A.

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4D: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for report of i1 and rank indication feedback (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$ , where i1and rank indication are associated with Class A)

		Bit width			
Field	Max 1 or 2 layers	yers Max 4 or 8 layers			
	Rank = 1	Rank = 1	Rank =3		
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\lceil \log_2 (N_1 O_1 / S_1) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_1O_1/S_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$		
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$		
RI	0	1			

The channel quality bits in Table 5.2.3.3.1-1 through Table 5.2.3.3.1-4C form the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$  with  $a_0$  corresponding to the first bit of the first field in each of the tables,  $a_1$  corresponding to the second bit of the first field in each of the tables, and  $a_{A-1}$  corresponding to the last bit in the last field in each of the tables. The first bit of each field corresponds to MSB and the last bit LSB. The RI feedback for one bit is mapped according to Table 5.2.2.6-5 with  $o_0^{RI}$  replaced by  $a_0$ . The RI feedback for two bits is mapped according to Table 5.2.2.6-6 with  $o_0^{RI}$ ,  $o_1^{RI}$  replaced by  $a_0, a_1$ . The RI feedback for three bits is mapped according to Table 5.2.2.6-7 with  $o_0^{RI}$ ,  $o_1^{RI}$ ,  $o_2^{RI}$  replaced by  $a_0, a_1, a_2$ . The same procedures for RI mapping are applied to CRI, replacing RI with CRI. The mapping for the jointly coded RI and i1 is provided in Table 7.2.2-1E of [3].

When multiplexed with UL-SCH, the channel coding and multiplexing for the transmission configurations in Table 5.2.3.3.1-3, Table 5.2.3.3.1-3A, Table 5.2.3.3.1-3B, Table 5.2.3.3.1-3B-1, Table 5.2.3.3.1-3C, Table 5.2.3.3.1-3D, Table 5.2.3.3.1-3F, Tables 5.2.3.3.1-3G, 5.2.3.3.1-3I, 5.2.3.3.1-3J and Table 5.2.3.3.1-4D is performed assuming RI transmission in clause 5.2.2.6. All other transmission configurations in this clause are coded and multiplexed assuming COI/PMI transmission in clause 5.2.2.6.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.3.3.1-3C, 5.2.3.3.1-3D refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of K CSI-RS resources configured for the CSI-process for the UE.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1 and with *numberActivatedCSI-RS-Resource*>1, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.3.3.1-3F, 5.2.3.3.1-3G refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of N CSI-RS resources activated for the CSI-process for the UE.

### 5.2.3.3.2 Channel quality information formats for UE-selected sub-band reports

Table 5.2.3.3.2-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type*2 is set to 'CLASS B' configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-1A shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2 is set to 'CLASS B' configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-1: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band CQI reports (transmission mode 1, transmission mode 2, transmission mode 3, transmission mode 7, transmission mode 8 configured without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 9 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 10 configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI/RI with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B', and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B' configured without PMI/RI reporting or configured with 1 antenna port)

Field	Bit width
Sub-band CQI	4
Sub-band label	1 or 2

Table 5.2.3.3.2-1A: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected subband CQI reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B' configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports)

Field	Bit width	
	Rank = 1	Rank > 1
Wide-band CQI	4	4
Spatial differential CQI	0	3
Sub-band label	1 or 2	1 or 2

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6, and transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6 and transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

		Bit width			
Field	Field 2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Sub-band CQI	4	4	4	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3	
Sub-band label	1 or 2	1 or 2	1 or 2	1 or 2	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2A and Table 5.2.3.3.2-2B show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX*-

r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with CodebookConfig=2/3/4, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, or K>1, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE. The number of configured CSI-RS resources in a CSI process K is defined in [3] and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1 is configured by higher layers [6].

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2A-1 shows UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* is set to 'CLASS B' configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2B-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with *CodebookConfig*=1.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2C shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12 =TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2A: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1 except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width				
Field	2 anten	na ports	4 antenna ports		
	Rank = 1 Rank = 2		Rank = 1	Rank > 1	
Wide-band CQI	0	0	0	0	
Sub-band CQI	4	4	4	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	<u>3</u>	
Wide-band i2	0	0	0	0	
Sub-band i2	0	0	0	0	
Sub-band label	1 or 2	1 or 2	1 or 2	1 or 2	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2A-1: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and

alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B' configured without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports)

	Bit width			
Field	2/4/8 antenna ports			
	Rank = 1	Rank > 1		
Wide-band CQI	0	0		
Sub-band CQI	4	4		
Spatial differential CQI	0	3		
Wide-band i2	0	0		
Sub-band i2	0	0		
Sub-band label	1 or 2	1 or 2		

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2B: UCI fields for channel quality feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with CodebookConfig=2/3/4, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

					Bit v	vidth				
Field	8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports									
rieia	Ranl	Rank = 1 Rank		nk = 2, 3 Ranl		Rank = 4		5, 6, 7	Rank = 8	
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1
Wide-band CQI	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
Sub-band CQI	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Wide-band i2	4	0	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-band i2	0	4	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
Sub-band label	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2B-1: UCI fields for channel quality feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with CodebookConfig=1)

	Bit width											
Field		8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports										
	Ran	k = 1	Ran	k = 2	Rank	= 3, 4	Rank =	5, 6, 7	Ran	k = 8		
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1		
Wide-band CQI	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0		
Sub-band CQI	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4		
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Wide-band i2	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		
Sub-band i2	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0		
Sub-band label	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2		

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2C: UCI fields for channel quality feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with 4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width									
Field	4 antenna ports									
	Ran	k = 1	Rank = 2		Rank = 3	Rank=4				
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=1	PTI=1				
Wide-band CQI	4	0	4	0	0	0				
Sub-band CQI	0	4	0	4	4	4				
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	3	3	3	3				
Wide-band i2	4	0	4	0	0	0				
Sub-band i2	0	4	0	2	2	2				
Sub-band label	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2	1 or 2	1 or 2				

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2D shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports, and K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and K>1, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2D: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports, and K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit v	vidth
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2
Wide-band CQI	0	0
Sub-band CQI	4	4
Spatial differential CQI	0	3
Wide-band i2	0	0
Sub-band i2	0	0
Sub-band label	1 or 2	1 or 2

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2E shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the sub-band channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 4/8 antenna ports, and K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and K>1, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A'.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-2E: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 4/8 antenna ports, and K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A')

Field		Bit width						
rieiu	Ran	k = 1	Rank = 2					
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1				
Wide-band CQI	4	0	4	0				
Sub-band CQI	0	4	0	4				
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	3	3				
Wide-band i2	0	0	0	0				
Sub-band i2	0	0	0	0				
Sub-band label	0	1 or 2	0	1 or 2				

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6 and transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for UE-selected sub-band CQI reports (transmission mode 4, transmission mode 5, transmission mode 6 and transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width							
Field	2 anteni	na ports	4 antenna ports					
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1				
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4				
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3				
Precoding matrix indicator	2	1	4	4				

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3A and Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B show the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE* or *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3A-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3A-2 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports, and K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and K>1, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3C shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting, 4 antenna ports and *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports and higher layer

parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, K>1 with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3C-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters *semiOpenLoop* and *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with 4/8 antenna ports, and K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and K>1, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3A: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE or alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width							
Field	2 anten	na ports	4 antenna ports					
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank > 1				
Wide-band CQI	4	4	4	4				
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3				
i1	0	0	0	0				
Wide-band i2	2	1	4	4				

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3A-1: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

		Bit width							
Field	2 anten	na ports	4 antenna ports						
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 1	Rank =2	Rank =3	Rank =4			
Wideband CQI	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3	3	3			
i1	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Wide-band i2	2	1	3	3	2	1			
			Bit w	idth					
Field			8 antenn	a ports					
	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	Rank = 3	Rank =4	Rank	=5~8			
Wideband CQI	4	4	4	4	4	1			
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	3	3		3			
i1	0	0	0	0	(	)			
Wide-band i2	4	4	4	3	(	)			

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3A-2: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with 2/4 antenna ports, and K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width		
Field	Rank = 1	Rank = 2	
Wideband CQI	4	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	
Precoding matrix indicator	0	0	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

			Bit w	vidth					
Field	8 antenna ports								
i ieiu	Ran	k = 1	Ran	k = 2	Ranl	k = 3			
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1			
Wide-band CQI	0	4	0	4	0	4			
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	0	3	0	3			
i1	4	0	4	0	2	0			
Wide-band i2	0	4	0	4	0	4			
	Bit width								
Field			8 anteni	na ports					
Field	Ran	k = 4	Rank =	5, 6, 7	Rank = 8				
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1			
Wide-band CQI	0	4	0	4	0	4			
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0	3	0	3			
i1	2	0	2	0	0	0			
Wide-band i2	0	3	0	0	0	0			

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B-1 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with *CodebookConfig*=1. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for *CodebookConfig*=1.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B-2 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with CodebookConfig=2/3/4. The parameters  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)$  in rank 1 and rank 2 are defined as  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(2,2\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2,3 and 4. The parameters  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)$  in rank 3 and 4 are defined as  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(\frac{O_1}{2},\frac{O_2}{2}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2,  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(O_1,\frac{O_2}{2}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=3,  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(O_1,\frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=4. The parameters  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)$  in rank 5 to 8 are defined as  $\left(S_1,S_2\right)=\left(\frac{O_1}{4},\frac{O_2}{4}\right)$  for CodebookConfig=2/3/4.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B-3 shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission

mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with CodebookConfig=1/2/3/4. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 1 and rank 2 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1 and  $(S_1, S_2) = (2, 2)$  for CodebookConfig=2, 3 and 4.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B-1: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, Q_1, Q_2)$ , and CodebookConfig=1)

		8/12/	Bit widt /16/20/24/28/32		oorts	
Field	Rank = 1		Rank =		Rank = 3	
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1
Wide- band CQI	0	4	0	4	0	4
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	0	3	0	3
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log \left( rac{N_{ m l} O_{ m l}}{S_{ m l}}  ight)  ight ceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	0
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log \left( rac{N_2 O_2}{S_2}  ight)  ight ceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log \left( rac{N_2 O_2}{S_2}  ight)  ight ceil$	0
Wide- band i2	0	2	0	2	0	1
		8/12/	Bit widt /16/20/24/28/32		oorts	
Field	Rank = 4				= 5 to Rank = 8	
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0		PTI=1	
Wide- band CQI	0	4	0		4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	3	0		3	
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\log \frac{NQ}{S}$		0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\log \left(\frac{N_2 Q_2}{S_2}\right)$	$\Big] = \frac{1}{2}$	0	
Wide- band i2	0	1	0		0	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B-2: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1,N_2,Q_1,Q_2)$ , and CodebookConfig=2/3/4)

			Bit wic	dth			
		8/12	/16/20/24/28/32		oorts		
Field	Rank = 1		Rank =	= 2	Rank = 3		
	PTI=0	PTI= 1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	
Wide- band CQI	0	4	0	4	0	4	
Spatial differentia I CQI	0	0	0	3	0	3	
Wideban d first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log \left( \frac{N_i O_i}{S_i} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	0	
Wideban d first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2\!\!\left(\frac{N_2O_2}{S_2}\right)\right\rceil$	0	
Wide- band i2	0	4	0	4	0	4	
		0//0	Bit wic				
		8/12	/16/20/24/28/32				
Field	Rank = 4			Rank	= 5 to Rank = 8		
	PTI=0	PTI= 1	PTI=	0	PTI=1		
Wide- band CQI	0	4	0		4		
Spatial differentia I CQI	0	3	0		3		
Wideban d first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \right) \right\rceil$		0		
Wideban d first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right) \right\rceil$		0		
Wide- band i2	0	3	0	_	0		

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3B-3: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, Q_1, Q_2)$ , and CodebookConfig=1/2/3/4)

	Bit width 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna por				
Field	Rank =	Rank = 1		= 2	
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	
Wide-band CQI	0	4	0	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	0	3	
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log \left( \frac{N_l O_l}{S_l} \right) \right\rceil$	0	$\log \frac{NQ}{S}$	0	
Wideband first PMI i1,2		0	$\log \left( \frac{N_2 O_2}{S_2} \right)$	0	
Wide-band i2	0	0	0	0	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3C: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports with 4 antenna ports (transmission modes 8, 9 and 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width					
Field		4 antenna ports				
	Rank = 1 Rank = 2 Rank = 3 Ran			Rank=4		
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=1	PTI=1
Wide-band CQI	0	4	0	4	4	4
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	0	3	3	3
i1	4	0	4	0	0	0
Wide-band i2	0	4	0	4	4	4

Table 5.2.3.3.2-3C-1: UCI fields for wide-band channel quality and precoding matrix information feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports with 4/8 antenna ports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameters semiOpenLoop and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

Field	Bit width				
Field	Ran	k = 1	Rank = 2		
	PTI=0	PTI=1	PTI=0	PTI=1	
Wide-band CQI	0	4	0	4	
Spatial differential CQI	0	0	0	3	
i1	4	0	4	0	
Wide-band i2	0	0	0	0	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4 shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication feedback for UE-selected subband reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B'

with K=1 and *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE* for 2/4/8 antenna ports, transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured without PMI reporting with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE* for 2/4/8 antenna ports.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4: UCI fields for rank indication feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports (transmission mode 3, transmission mode 4, and transmission mode 8 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

			Bit wi	dth		
Field	2 antonno	4 antenna ports		8 antenna ports		
rieiu	2 antenna ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4A shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication and precoder type indication (PTI) feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, or K>1, except with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE* for 4Tx, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A', and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4B shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for the rank indication and precoder type indication (PTI) feedback with 4 antenna ports for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 8, transmission mode 9 and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12 =TRUE*, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, K>1, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type2*, and *eMIMO-Type2* configured with PMI/RI reporting except with *alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE*, with *alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4A: UCI fields for joint report of RI and PTI (transmission mode 9 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, or K>1, except with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE for 4Tx, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A', and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4/8 antenna ports except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE)

	Bit width					
Field	2 antenna	4 antenna ports		8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports		na ports
rieiu	ports	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
Rank indication	1	1	2	1	2	3
Precoder type indication	-	-	-	1	1	1

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4B: UCI fields for joint report of RI and PTI with 4 antenna ports (transmission mode 8, transmission mode 9 and transmission mode 10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K=1 and except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, K>1, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type2, and eMIMO-Type2 configured with PMI/RI reporting except with alternativeCodebookEnabledCLASSB\_K1=TRUE, with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width			
Field	4 antenna ports			
	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers		
Rank indication	1	2		
Precoder type indication	1	1		

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4C shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *activatedResources*>0.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4D shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI, rank indication and PTI feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with *activatedResources*>0.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4C: UCI fields for joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for UE-selected subband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 except with activatedResources>0)

Field	Bit width 2 antenna ports		Bit width		
			4 antenna ports		
	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$	
Rank indication	1	1	2	2	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4D: UCI fields for joint report of CRI, RI and PTI (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports with Class B CSI reporting with K>1with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE, except with activatedResources>0)

	Bit width				
Field	4 antenna	ports	8 antenna ports		
i ieiu	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$				
Rank indication	1	2	1	2	3
Precoder type indication	1	1	1	1	1

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4E shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for CRI feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource reporting for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 except with *activatedResources*>0, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type*2, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with *eMIMO-Type*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4E: Fields for CRI feedback for transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 except with activatedResources>0, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1, where CRI is associated with eMIMO-Type)

Field	Bit width			
rieiu	K = 2	K = 3 and K = 4	K = 5  to  K = 8	
CRI	1	2	3	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4F shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and *activatedResources*>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured without PMI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and *activatedResources*>1. *N* is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4G shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint report of CRI, rank indication and PTI feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting and higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type*, and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and *activatedResources*>1. *N* is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4F: UCI fields for joint report of CRI and rank indication feedback for UE-selected subband reports (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI or without PMI reporting with 2/4 antenna ports and higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and activatedResources>1)

Field	Bit wid	th	Bit width		
	2 antenna ports		4 antenna ports		
	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$	
Rank indication	1	1	2	2	

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4G: UCI fields for joint report of CRI, RI and PTI (transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 8 antenna ports with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS B' with K>1 and activatedResources>1, and transmission mode 9/10 configured with PMI/RI reporting with 4 antenna ports with Class B CSI reporting with K>1 and with activatedResources>1 and with alternativeCodeBookEnabledFor4TX-r12=TRUE)

	Bit width				
Field	4 antenna	ports			
i ieiu	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 layers	Max 8 layers
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(N) \rceil$				
Rank indication	1	2	1	2	3
Precoder type indication	1	1	1	1	1

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4H shows the fields and the corresponding bit width for CRI feedback for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource reporting for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 and *activatedResources*>1. *N* is the value of higher layer parameter *activatedResources*.

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4H: Fields for CRI feedback for transmission mode 9/10 configured with 1 antenna port for each CSI-RS resource for Class B CSI reporting with K>1 and activatedResources>1)

Field	Bit width		
rieid	N = 2	N = 3 and N = 4	
CRI	1	2	

Table 5.2.3.3.1-4I shows the fields and the corresponding bit widths for the joint transmission of rank indication and it for UE-selected sub-band reports for PDSCH transmissions associated with transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter eMIMO-Type and eMIMO-Type, and eMIMO-Type is set to 'CLASS A' with 8/12/16/20/24/28/32 antenna ports and eMIMO-Type2 is set to 'CLASS B', where rank indication and it are associated with Class A. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 1 and rank 2 are defined as  $(S_1, S_2) = (1, 1)$  for CodebookConfig=1 and  $(S_1, S_2) = (2, 2)$  for CodebookConfig=2, 3 and 4. The parameters  $(S_1, S_2)$  in rank 3 and 4 are defined as

$$\left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(1, 1\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 1, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(\frac{O_{1}}{2}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \ \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{2}\right) \text{ for } \textit{CodebookConfig} = 2, \$$

 $CodebookConfig=3, \left(S_{1}, S_{2}\right) = \left(O_{1}, \frac{O_{2}}{4}\right) \text{ for } CodebookConfig=4.$ 

Table 5.2.3.3.2-4l: UCI fields for channel quality information feedback for report of i1 and rank indication feedback (transmission mode 9/10 configured with higher layer parameter *eMIMO-Type* and *eMIMO-Type* is set to 'CLASS A' with codebook configuration  $(N_1, N_2, O_1, O_2)$ , where i1 and rank indication are associated with Class A)

	Bit width		
Field	Max 1 or 2 layers	Max 4 or 8 layers	
	Rank = 1	Rank = 1	Rank =3
Wideband first PMI i1,1	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_1 O_1 / S_1 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( \frac{N_1 O_1}{S_1} \times \left( 2 + \left\lfloor \frac{9 - N_2}{8} \right\rfloor \right) \right) \right\rceil$
Wideband first PMI i1,2	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_2 O_2 / S_2 \right) \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(N_2O_2/S_2) \rceil$
RI	0	1	

The channel quality bits in Table 5.2.3.3.2-1 through Table 5.2.3.3.2-3C-1 form the bit sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$  with  $a_0$  corresponding to the first bit of the first field in each of the tables,  $a_1$  corresponding to the second bit of the first field in each of the tables, and  $a_{A-1}$  corresponding to the last bit in the last field in each of the tables. The first bit of each field corresponds to MSB and the last bit LSB. The RI feedback for one bit is mapped according to Table 5.2.2.6-5 with  $o_0^{RI}$  replaced by  $a_0$ . The RI feedback for two bits is mapped according to Table 5.2.2.6-6 with  $o_0^{RI}$ ,  $o_1^{RI}$ ,  $o_2^{RI}$  replaced by  $a_0, a_1$ . The RI feedback for three bits is mapped according to Table 5.2.2.6-7 with  $o_0^{RI}$ ,  $o_1^{RI}$ ,  $o_2^{RI}$  replaced by  $a_0, a_1, a_2$ . The same procedures for RI mapping are applied to CRI, replacing RI with CRI.

When multiplexed with UL-SCH, the channel coding and multiplexing for the transmission configurations in Table 5.2.3.3.2-4, Table 5.2.3.3.2-4A, Table 5.2.3.3.2-4B, Table 5.2.3.3.2-4C, Table 5.2.3.3.2-4D, Table 5.2.3.3.2-4F, Table 5.2.3.3.2-4G and Table 5.2.3.3.2-4I is performed assuming RI transmission in clause 5.2.2.6. All other transmission configurations in this clause are coded and multiplexed assuming CQI/PMI transmission in clause 5.2.2.6.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1, the number of antenna port in Table 5.2.3.3.2-4C, 5.2.3.3.2-4D refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of K CSI-RS resources configured for the CSI-process for the UE.

For transmission mode 9/10 configured with Class B CSI reporting and K>1, and with *activatedResources*>1, the number of antenna ports in Table 5.2.3.3.2-4F and Table 5.2.3.3.2-4G refers to the maximum number of antenna ports of N CSI-RS resources activated for the CSI-process for the UE.

### 5.2.3.4 Channel coding for UCI channel quality information and HARQ-ACK

This clause defines the channel coding scheme for the simultaneous transmission of channel quality information and HARQ-ACK information in a subframe.

When normal CP is used for uplink transmission, the channel quality information is coded according to clause 5.2.3.3 with input bit sequence  $a'_0, a'_1, a'_2, a'_3, ..., a'_{A'-1}$  and output bit sequence  $b'_0, b'_1, b'_2, b'_3, ..., b'_{B'-1}$ , where B' = 20. The HARQ-ACK bits are denoted by  $a''_0$  in case one HARQ-ACK bit or  $a''_0, a''_1$  in case two HARQ-ACK bits are reported per subframe. Each positive acknowledgement (ACK) is encoded as a binary '1' and each negative acknowledgement (NACK) is encoded as a binary '0'.

The output of this channel coding block for normal CP is denoted by  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$ , where

$$b_i = b'_i, i = 0, ..., B'-1$$

In case one HARQ-ACK bit is reported per subframe:

$$b_{B'} = a_0''$$
 and  $B = (B'+1)$ 

In case two HARQ-ACK bits are reported per subframe:

$$b_{B'} = a_0'', b_{B'+1} = a_1''$$
 and  $B = (B'+2)$ 

When extended CP is used for uplink transmission, the channel quality information and the HARQ-ACK bits are jointly coded. The HARQ-ACK bits are denoted by  $a_0''$  in case one HARQ-ACK bit or  $\left[a_0'', a_1''\right]$  in case two HARQ-ACK bits are reported per subframe.

The channel quality information denoted by  $a'_0, a'_1, a'_2, a'_3, ..., a'_{A'-1}$  is multiplexed with the HARQ-ACK bits to yield the sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$  as follows

$$a_i = a'_i, i = 0,..., A'-1$$

and

 $a_{A'} = a_0''$  and A = (A'+1) in case one HARQ-ACK bit is reported per subframe, or

 $a_{A'} = a_0''$ ,  $a_{(A'+1)} = a_1''$  and A = (A'+2) in case two HARQ-ACK bits are reported per subframe.

The sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$  is encoded according to clause 5.2.3.3 to yield the output bit sequence  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$  where B = 20.

# 5.2.4 Uplink control information on PUSCH without UL-SCH data

When control data are sent via PUSCH without UL-SCH data, the following coding steps can be identified:

- Channel coding of control information
- Control information mapping
- Channel interleaver

# 5.2.4.1 Channel coding of control information

Control data arrives at the coding unit in the form of channel quality information (CQI and/or PMI), HARQ-ACK and rank indication. Different coding rates for the control information are achieved by allocating different number of coded symbols for its transmission. When the UE transmits HARQ-ACK bits or rank indicator bits, it shall determine the number of coded symbols Q' for HARQ-ACK or rank indicator as

$$Q' = \min \left( \left\lceil \frac{O \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH} \cdot \beta_{offset}^{PUSCH}}{O_{CQI-MIN}} \right\rceil, N_{symb}^{UCI} \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH} \right)$$

where

- O is the number of HARQ-ACK bits as defined in clause 5.2.2.6, or rank indicator bits,
- $O_{CQI-MIN}$  is the number of CQI bits including CRC bits assuming rank equals to 1 for all serving cells for which an aperiodic CSI report is triggered [3],
- $N_{symb}^{UCI}$  is 4 for PUSCH with subframe duration,  $N_{symb}^{UCI}$  is 2 for PUSCH with slot duration, or for Partial PUSCH Mode 2 or 3.  $N_{symb}^{UCI}$  is 1 for PUSCH with subslot duration,
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$  is the scheduled bandwidth for PUSCH transmission in the current subframe/slot/subslot expressed as a number of subcarriers in [2], and
- $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols in the current PUSCH transmission subframe/slot/subslot given by  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \left( \tilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} N_{\text{SRS}} N_{\text{start}}^{\text{PUSCH}} N_{\text{end}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \right)$ , where
  - $\tilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} = (N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} 1)$  for PUSCH with slot duration, or for Partial PUSCH Mode 2 or 3, or

- $\tilde{N}_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{UL}} = N_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{subslot}} N_{\mathrm{DMRS}}$  for PUSCH with subslot duration,
  - $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{subslot}}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols of the subslot as defined in clause 4.1 of [2],
  - $N_{DMRS}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols for DMRS of the subslot as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.2 of [2]
- otherwise  $\widetilde{N}_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} = 2(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} 1)$ .
- $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 1
  - if UE is configured to send PUSCH and SRS in the same subframe/slot/subslot for the current subframe, or
  - if the PUSCH resource allocation for the current subframe/slot/subslot even partially overlaps with the cell-specific SRS subframe and bandwidth configuration defined in clause 5.5.3 of [2], and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe, or
  - if the current subframe/slot/subslot is within a UE-specific type-1 SRS subframe as defined in Clause 8.2 of [3], and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe, or
  - if the current subframe/slot/subslot is within a UE-specific type-0 SRS subframe as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] and the UE is configured with multiple TAGs, and for PUSCH with slot/subslot duration if the current slot/subslot is the last slot/subslot in a subframe.
  - Otherwise  $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 0.
- $N_{\text{start}}^{PUSCH}$  is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH not starting from the beginning of the first symbol or the seventh symbol of the current subframe, otherwise is equal to 0.
- $N_{\rm end}^{PUSCH}$  is equal to 1 when the UE configured for uplink transmission on a LAA SCell is indicated to transmit the PUSCH up to the second to last symbol of the current subframe and  $N_{SRS}$  is equal to 0, otherwise is equal to 0.

For HARQ-ACK information  $Q_{ACK} = Q_m \cdot Q'$  and [  $\beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} = \beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK} / \beta_{offset}^{CQI}$ ]. For UEs configured with no more than five DL cells,  $\beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the duration for the corresponding PUSCH (subframe/slot/subslot), and the beta offset indicator in PDCCH/SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B when the duration for the corresponding PUSCH is subslot. For UEs configured with more than five DL cells,  $\beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits, the duration for the corresponding PUSCH (subframe/slot/subslot), and the beta offset indicator in PDCCH/SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B when the duration for the corresponding PUSCH is subslot.

For rank indication or CRI,  $Q_{RI} = Q_m \cdot Q'$ ,  $Q_{CRI} = Q_m \cdot Q'$  and  $[\beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} = \beta_{offset}^{RI} / \beta_{offset}^{CQI}]$ , where  $\beta_{offset}^{RI}$  shall be determined according to [3] depending on the duration for the corresponding PUSCH (subframe/slot/subslot), and the beta offset indicator in PDCCH/SPDCCH with DCI format 7-0A/7-0B when the duration for the corresponding PUSCH is subslot.

For CQI and/or PMI information 
$$Q_{CQI} = N_{symb}^{PUSCH} \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH} \cdot Q_m - Q_{RI}$$

The channel coding and rate matching of the control data is performed according to clause 5.2.2.6. The coded output sequence for channel quality information is denoted by  $q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, ..., q_{Q_{COI}-1}$ , the coded vector sequence output for

HARQ-ACK is denoted by  $\underline{q}_0^{ACK}$ ,  $\underline{q}_1^{ACK}$ ,  $\underline{q}_2^{ACK}$ ,...,  $\underline{q}_{Q'_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  and the coded vector sequence output for rank indication or CRI, is denoted by  $\underline{q}_0^{RI}$ ,  $\underline{q}_1^{RI}$ ,  $\underline{q}_2^{RI}$ ,...,  $\underline{q}_{Q'_{8r}-1}^{RI}$ .

## 5.2.4.2 Control information mapping

The input are the coded bits of the channel quality information denoted by  $q_0,q_1,q_2,q_3,...,q_{Q_{CQI}-1}$ . The output is denoted by  $\underline{g}_0,\underline{g}_1,\underline{g}_2,\underline{g}_3,...,\underline{g}_{H'-1}$ , where  $H=Q_{CQI}$  and  $H'=H/Q_m$ , and where  $\underline{g}_i$ , i=0,...,H'-1 are column vectors of length  $Q_m$ . H is the total number of coded bits allocated for CQI/PMI information.

The control information shall be mapped as follows:

Set j, k to 0

while  $j < Q_{COL}$ 

$$\underline{\boldsymbol{g}}_k = [q_j \dots q_{j+Q_m-1}]^T$$

$$j = j + Q_m$$

$$k = k + 1$$

end while

#### 5.2.4.3 Channel interleaver

The vector sequences  $\underline{g}_0, \underline{g}_1, \underline{g}_2, ..., \underline{g}_{H'-1}, \underline{q}_0^{RI}, \underline{q}_1^{RI}, \underline{q}_2^{RI}, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{RI}-1}^{RI}$  and  $\underline{q}_0^{ACK}, \underline{q}_1^{ACK}, \underline{q}_2^{ACK}, ..., \underline{q}_{Q'_{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$  are channel interleaved according clause 5.2.2.8. The bits after channel interleaving are denoted by  $h_0, h_1, h_2, ..., h_{H+O_{W-1}}$ .

# 5.3 Downlink transport channels and control information

If the UE is configured with a Master Cell Group (MCG) and Secondary Cell Group (SCG) [6], the procedures described in this clause are applied to the MCG and SCG, respectively. When the procedures are applied to a SCG, the term primary cell refers to the primary SCell (PSCell) of the SCG.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH SCell [6], the procedures described in this clause are applied to the group of DL cells associated with the PUCCH SCell, respectively. When the procedures are applied to the group of DL cells associated with the PUCCH SCell, the term primary cell refers to the PUCCH SCell.

If the UE is configured with a LAA SCell, the procedures described in this clause are applied assuming the LAA SCell is an FDD SCell.

### 5.3.1 Broadcast channel

Figure 5.3.1-1 shows the processing structure for the BCH transport channel. Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of one transport block every transmission time interval (TTI) of 40ms, or 160ms for a MBMS-dedicated cell. The following coding steps can be identified:

- Add CRC to the transport block
- Channel coding
- Rate matching

The coding steps for BCH transport channel are shown in the figure below.

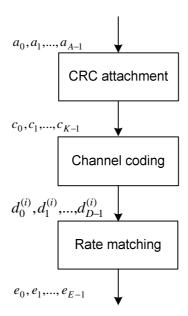


Figure 5.3.1-1: Transport channel processing for BCH

### 5.3.1.1 Transport block CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on BCH transport blocks through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire transport block is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits in a transport block delivered to layer 1 by  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ , and the parity bits by  $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$ . A is the size of the transport block and set to 24 bits and L is the number of parity bits. The lowest order information bit  $a_0$  is mapped to the most significant bit of the transport block as defined in clause 6.1.1 of [5].

The parity bits are computed and attached to the BCH transport block according to clause 5.1.1 setting L to 16 bits. After the attachment, the CRC bits are scrambled according to the eNodeB transmit antenna configuration with the sequence  $x_{ant,0}, x_{ant,1}, ..., x_{ant,15}$  as indicated in Table 5.3.1.1-1 to form the sequence of bits  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$  where

$$c_k = a_k$$
 for  $k = 0, 1, 2, ..., A-1$   
 $c_k = (p_{k-A} + x_{ant,k-A}) \mod 2$  for  $k = A, A+1, A+2, ..., A+15$ .

Table 5.3.1.1-1: CRC mask for PBCH

No all and the second s	PBCH CRC mask	
Number of transmit antenna ports at eNodeB	$< x_{ant,0}, x_{ant,1},, x_{ant,15} >$	
1	<0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0	
2	<1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	
4	<0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1>	

# 5.3.1.2 Channel coding

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$ , where K is the number of bits, and they are tail biting convolutionally encoded according to clause 5.1.3.1.

After encoding the bits are denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}, d_1^{(i)}, d_2^{(i)}, d_3^{(i)}, ..., d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , with i = 0,1, and 2, and where D is the number of bits on the i-th coded stream, i.e., D = K.

# 5.3.1.3 Rate matching

A tail biting convolutionally coded block is delivered to the rate matching block. This block of coded bits is denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}, d_1^{(i)}, d_2^{(i)}, d_3^{(i)}, \dots, d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , with i = 0,1, and 2, and where i is the coded stream index and D is the number of bits in each coded stream. This coded block is rate matched according to clause 5.1.4.2.

After rate matching, the bits are denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, e_3, ..., e_{E-1}$ , where E is the number of rate matched bits as defined in clause 6.6.1 of [2].

# 5.3.2 Downlink shared channel, Paging channel and Multicast channel

Figure 5.3.2-1 shows the processing structure for each transport block for the DL-SCH, PCH and MCH transport channels. Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of two transport blocks every transmission time interval (TTI) per DL cell. The following coding steps can be identified for each transport block of a DL cell:

- Add CRC to the transport block
- Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment
- Channel coding
- Rate matching
- Code block concatenation

The coding steps for PCH and MCH transport channels, and for one transport block of DL-SCH are shown in the figure below. The same processing applies for each transport block on each DL cell.

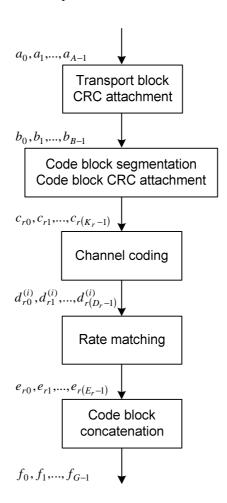


Figure 5.3.2-1: Transport block processing for DL-SCH, PCH and MCH

# 5.3.2.1 Transport block CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on transport blocks through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire transport block is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits in a transport block delivered to layer 1 by  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ , and the parity bits by  $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$ . A is the size of the transport block and L is the number of parity bits. The lowest order information bit  $a_0$  is mapped to the most significant bit of the transport block as defined in clause 6.1.1 of [5].

The parity bits are computed and attached to the transport block according to clause 5.1.1 setting L to 24 bits and using the generator polynomial  $g_{CRC24A}(D)$ .

### 5.3.2.2 Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment

The bits input to the code block segmentation are denoted by  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$  where B is the number of bits in the transport block (including CRC).

Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment are performed according to clause 5.1.2.

The bits after code block segmentation are denoted by  $c_{r0}$ ,  $c_{r1}$ ,  $c_{r2}$ ,  $c_{r3}$ ,...,  $c_{r(K_r-1)}$ , where r is the code block number and  $K_r$  is the number of bits for code block number r.

### 5.3.2.3 Channel coding

Code blocks are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by  $c_{r0}$ ,  $c_{r1}$ ,  $c_{r2}$ ,  $c_{r3}$ ,...,  $c_{r(K_r-1)}$ , where r is the code block number, and  $K_r$  is the number of bits in code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each code block is individually turbo encoded according to clause 5.1.3.2.

After encoding the bits are denoted by  $d_{r0}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r1}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r2}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r3}^{(i)}$ ,...,  $d_{r(D_r-1)}^{(i)}$ , with i=0,1, and 2, and where  $D_r$  is the number of bits on the i-th coded stream for code block number r, i.e.  $D_r = K_r + 4$ .

### 5.3.2.4 Rate matching

Turbo coded blocks are delivered to the rate matching block. They are denoted by  $d_{r0}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r1}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r2}^{(i)}$ ,  $d_{r3}^{(i)}$ ,...,  $d_{r(D_r-1)}^{(i)}$ , with i = 0,1, and 2, and where r is the code block number, i is the coded stream index, and  $D_r$  is the number of bits in each coded stream of code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each coded block is individually rate matched according to clause 5.1.4.1.

After rate matching, the bits are denoted by  $e_{r0}$ ,  $e_{r1}$ ,  $e_{r2}$ ,  $e_{r3}$ ,...,  $e_{r(E_r-1)}$ , where r is the coded block number, and where  $E_r$  is the number of rate matched bits for code block number r.

### 5.3.2.5 Code block concatenation

The bits input to the code block concatenation block are denoted by  $e_{r0}$ ,  $e_{r1}$ ,  $e_{r2}$ ,  $e_{r3}$ ,...,  $e_{r(E_r-1)}$  for r = 0,..., C-1 and where  $E_r$  is the number of rate matched bits for the r-th code block.

Code block concatenation is performed according to clause 5.1.5.

The bits after code block concatenation are denoted by  $f_0$ ,  $f_1$ ,  $f_2$ ,  $f_3$ ,...,  $f_{G-1}$ , where G is the total number of coded bits for transmission. This sequence of coded bits corresponding to one transport block after code block concatenation is referred to as one codeword in clause 6.3.1 of [2]. In case of multiple transport blocks per TTI, the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to clause 5.3.3.1.5, 5.3.3.1.5A or 5.3.3.1.5B, depending on the DCI Format.

### 5.3.3 Downlink control information

A DCI transports downlink, uplink or sidelink scheduling information, requests for aperiodic CQI reports, LAA common information, notifications of MCCH change [6] or uplink power control commands for one cell and one RNTI. The RNTI is implicitly encoded in the CRC.

Figure 5.3.3-1 shows the processing structure for one DCI. The following coding steps can be identified:

- Information element multiplexing
- CRC attachment
- Channel coding
- Rate matching

The coding steps for DCI are shown in the figure below.

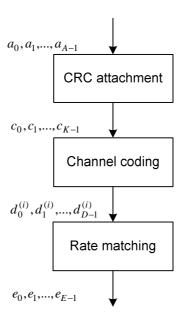


Figure 5.3.3-1: Processing for one DCI

### 5.3.3.1 DCI formats

The fields defined in the DCI formats below are mapped to the information bits  $a_0$  to  $a_{A-1}$  as follows.

Each field is mapped in the order in which it appears in the description, including the zero-padding bit(s), if any, with the first field mapped to the lowest order information bit  $a_0$  and each successive field mapped to higher order information bits. The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to  $a_0$ .

#### 5.3.3.1.1 Format 0

DCI format 0 is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in one UL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. This field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Flag for format0/format1A differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 0 and value 1 indicates format 1A
- Frequency hopping flag 1 bit as defined in clause 8.4 of [3]. This field is used as the MSB of the corresponding resource allocation field for resource allocation type 1.

- Resource block assignment and hopping resource allocation  $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{UL}(N_{RB}^{UL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits
  - For PUSCH hopping (resource allocation type 0 only):
    - $N_{UL\_hop}$  MSB bits are used to obtain the value of  $\tilde{n}_{PRB}(i)$  as indicated in clause 8.4 of [3]
    - $\left[ \left[ \log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} + 1)/2) \right] N_{\text{UL\_hop}} \right]$  bits provide the resource allocation of the first slot in the UL subframe
  - For non-hopping PUSCH with resource allocation type 0:
    - $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{UL}(N_{RB}^{UL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.1 of [3]
  - For non-hopping PUSCH with resource allocation type 1:
    - The concatenation of the frequency hopping flag field and the resource block assignment and hopping resource allocation field provides the resource allocation field in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.2 of [3]
- Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *ul-STTI-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (this field is present when higher layer parameter *shortProcessingTime* is configured for the cell and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3])
- Redundancy version 2 bits (this field is present when higher layer parameter *shortProcessingTime* is configured for the cell and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3])
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- Cyclic shift for DM RS and OCC index and IFDMA configuration 3 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2] (this field is not present when the format 0 CRC is scrambled by UL-SPS-V-RNTI)
- UL SPS configuration index 3 bits as defined in clause 9.2.1 of [3]. (this field is present when the format 0 CRC is scrambled by UL-SPS-V-RNTI)
- UL index 2 bits as defined in clauses 5.1.1.1, 7.2.1, and 8 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 0, or TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 6 and special subframe configuration 10 when the higher layer parameter *symPUSCH-UpPts* or *shortProcessingTime* is configured for the cell and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3])
- Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3] (this field is present only for the following cases: 1) TDD primary cell and either TDD operation with uplink-downlink configurations 1-6 or FDD operation; or 2) EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3])
- CSI request -1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3].
  - If UEs are not configured with CSI-RS-ConfigNZPAperiodic or if UEs are configured with CSI-RS-ConfigNZPAperiodic and numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources=1 for each CSI process,

the 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to

- UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

- UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
- UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*, and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

otherwise the 1-bit field applies

If UEs are configured with CSI-RS-ConfigNZPAperiodic and numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources>1 for at least one CSI process,

the 4-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to

- UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
- UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
- UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*, and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

the 5-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

otherwise the 3-bit field applies.

- SRS request 0 or 1 bit. This field can only be present in DCI formats scheduling PUSCH which are mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]. The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.2 of [3]
- Resource allocation type 1 bit. This field is only present if  $N_{RB}^{UL} \le N_{RB}^{DL}$ . The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.1 of [3]
- Cyclic Shift Field mapping table for DMRS 1 bit as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]. The 1-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with higher layer parameter *UL-DMRS-IFDMA*, and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]. When the format 0 CRC is scrambled by SPS C-RNTI, this field is set to zero.

If the number of information bits in format 0 mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 1A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space (including any padding bits appended to format 1A), zeros shall be appended to format 0 until the payload size equals that of format 1A.

#### 5.3.3.1.1A Format 0A

DCI format 0A is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in a LAA SCell, or activating/releasing AUL transmission as defined in [3], or indicating AUL downlink feedback information (AUL-DFI) to a UE that is activated with AUL transmission.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0A:

- Carrier indicator – 0 or 3 bits. This field is present according to the definitions in [3].

If the format 0A DCI is scrambled by C-RNTI

- Flag for format0A/format1A differentiation – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 0A and value 1 indicates format 1A:

Else

- Flag for AUL differentiation – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates activating/releasing AUL transmission and value 1 indicates AUL-DFI.

If the format 0A is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in a LAA SCell or activating/releasing AUL transmission for a UE, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- PUSCH trigger A 1 bit, where value 0 indicates non-triggered scheduling and value 1 indicates triggered scheduling as defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
- Timing offset 4 bits as defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
  - When the PUSCH trigger A is set to 0,
    - The field indicates the absolute timing offset for the PUSCH transmission.
  - Otherwise,
    - The first two bits of the field indicate the timing offset, relative to the UL offset *l* as defined in clause 13A of [3], for the PUSCH transmission.
    - The last two bits of the field indicate the time window within which the scheduling of PUSCH via triggered scheduling is valid.
- Resource block assignment 5 or 6 bits provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.4 of [3]
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]
- HARQ process number 4 bits.
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in clause 8.6.1 of [3]
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- Cyclic shift for DM RS and OCC index 3 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]
- CSI request 1, 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]. The 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to
  - UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
  - UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
  - UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter csi-MeasSubframeSet, and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

otherwise the 1-bit field applies

- SRS request 1 bit. The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.2 of [3]
- Partial PUSCH Mode 2 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-3. This field is only present when at least one of *laa-PUSCH-Mode1*, *laa-PUSCH-Mode2*, and *laa-PUSCH-Mode3* is configured. The UE is not expected to be indicated with a partial PUSCH mode that is not configured by RRC.
- PUSCH starting position 2 bits
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-2 if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode' field indicates Partial PUSCH Mode 2;
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-1 otherwise.

- PUSCH ending symbol 1 bit, where
  - if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode' field indicates Partial PUSCH Mode 3, value 0 indicates symbol 6 of the subframe, and value 1 indicates symbol 3 of the subframe.
  - otherwise value 0 indicates the last symbol of the subframe and value 1 indicates the second to last symbol of the subframe.
- Channel Access type 1 bit as defined in clause 4.2 of [8]
- Channel Access Priority Class 2 bits as defined in clause 4.2 of [8]

If the format 0A is used for indicating AUL-DFI to a UE that is activated with AUL transmission, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- HARQ-ACK bitmap 16 bits, where the order of the bitmap to HARQ process index mapping is such that HARQ process indices are mapped in ascending order from MSB to LSB of the bitmap. For each bit of the bitmap, value 1 indicates ACK, and value 0 indicates NACK.
- TPC command 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3].
- All the remaining bits in format 0A are set to zero.

If the number of information bits in format 0A mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 1A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space (including any padding bits appended to format 1A), zeros shall be appended to format 0A until the payload size equals that of format 1A.

Table 5.3.3.1.1A-1: PUSCH starting position

Value	PUSCH starting position		
00	symbol 0		
01	25µs in symbol 0		
10	(25+TA) µs in symbol 0		
11	symbol 1		

Table 5.3.3.1.1A-2: PUSCH starting position in the second slot

Value	PUSCH starting position		
00	symbol 7		
01	25µs in symbol 7		
10	(25+TA) µs in symbol 7		
11	symbol 8		

Table 5.3.3.1.1A-3: Partial PUSCH Mode

Value	Partial PUSCH Mode	Starting position	Ending symbol
00	Partial PUSCH Mode 0	Indicated by 'PUSCH starting position'	The last symbol of the subframe or the
		according to Table 5.3.3.1.1A-1	second to last symbol of the subframe
01	Partial PUSCH Mode 1	Indicated by 'PUSCH starting position' or at symbol 7, based on the result of the channel access procedure in 4.2.1 defined in [8]	The last symbol of the subframe or the second to last symbol of the subframe
10	Partial PUSCH Mode 2	Indicated by 'PUSCH starting position' according to Table 5.3.3.1.1A-2	The last symbol of the subframe or the second to last symbol of the subframe
11	Partial PUSCH Mode 3	Indicated by 'PUSCH starting position' according to Table 5.3.3.1.1A-1	Symbol 3 of the subframe or symbol 6 of the subframe

# 5.3.3.1.1B Format 0B

DCI format 0B is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in each of multiple subframes in a LAA SCell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0B:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. This field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- PUSCH trigger A 1 bit, where value 0 indicates non-triggered scheduling and value 1 indicates triggered scheduling as defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
- Timing offset 4 bits as defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
  - When the PUSCH trigger A is set to 0,
    - The field indicates the absolute timing offset for the PUSCH transmission.
  - Otherwise,
    - The first two bits of the field indicate the timing offset, relative to the UL offset *l* as described in clause 13A of [3], for the PUSCH transmission.
    - The last two bits of the field indicate the time window within which the scheduling of PUSCH via triggered scheduling is valid.
- Number of scheduled subframes 1 or 2 bits. The 1-bit field applies when *maxNumberOfSchedSubframes-Format0B-r14* is configured by higher layers to two, otherwise the 2-bit field applies.
- Resource block assignment 5 or 6 bits provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.4 of [3].
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3].
- HARQ process number 4 bits. The 4-bit applies to the first scheduled subframe, and the HARQ process numbers for other scheduled subframes are defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
- New data indicator *maxNumberOfSchedSubframes-Format0B-r14* bits. Each scheduled PUSCH corresponds to 1 bit.
- Redundancy version *maxNumberOfSchedSubframes-Format0B-r14* bits. Each scheduled PUSCH corresponds to 1 bit as defined in clause 8.6.1 of [3].
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3].
- Cyclic shift for DM RS and OCC index 3 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2].
- CSI request 1, 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]. The 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to
  - UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
  - UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
  - UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*, and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

otherwise the 1-bit field applies.

- SRS request -2 bits. The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.2 of [3].
- Partial PUSCH Mode 1 1 bit only present if *laa-PUSCH-Mode1* is configured by higher layer, and applicable to each of the scheduled subframe(s), except for the first scheduled subframe in case the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 2' field is value 1 and the last scheduled subframe in case the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 3' field is value 1, where
  - value 0 indicates the starting position of the PUSCH is determined following Partial PUSCH Mode 0 as defined in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-3;

- value 1 indicates the starting position of the PUSCH of the first transmitted subframe is determined following Partial PUSCH Mode 1 as defined in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-3.
- Partial PUSCH Mode 2 1 bit. This field is only present if *laa-PUSCH-Mode2* is configured by higher layer, and applicable to only the first scheduled subframe.
- Partial PUSCH Mode 3 1 bit. This field is only present if *laa-PUSCH-Mode3* is configured by higher layer, and applicable to only the last scheduled subframe.
- PUSCH starting position 2 bits
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-2 applicable to only the first scheduled subframe, if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 2' field is value 1;
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-1 applicable to only the first scheduled subframe otherwise.
- PUSCH ending symbol 1 bit, where
  - if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 3' field is value 1, value 0 indicates symbol 6 of the last scheduled subframe, and value 1 indicates symbol 3 of the last scheduled subframe;
  - otherwise value 0 indicates the last symbol of the last scheduled subframe and value 1 indicates the second to last symbol of the last scheduled subframe.
- Channel Access type 1 bit as defined in clause 4.2 of [8].
- Channel Access Priority Class 2 bits as defined in clause 4.2 of [8].

If the number of information bits in format 0B is equal to the payload size for DCI format 1, 2, 2A, 2B, 2C or 2D associated with the configured DL transmission mode in the same serving cell, one zero bit shall be appended to format 0B.

### 5.3.3.1.1C Format 0C

DCI format 0C is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in one UL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0C:

- Flag for format 0C/format1A differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 0C and value 1 indicates format 1A
- Resource allocation type 1 bit. This field is only present if  $N_{RB}^{UL} \le N_{RB}^{DL}$ . The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.1 of [3]
- Frequency hopping flag 1 bit as defined in clause 5.3.4 of [2]. This field is used as the MSB of the corresponding resource allocation field for resource allocation type 1.
- Resource block assignment  $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{UL}(N_{RB}^{UL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits
  - For PUSCH with resource allocation type 0:
    - $\left[\log_2\left(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL}\left(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.1 of [3]
  - For non-hopping PUSCH with resource allocation type 1:
    - The concatenation of the frequency hopping flag field and the resource block assignment field provides the resource allocation field in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.2 of [3]
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]
- Repetition number 3 bits as defined in clause 8.0 of [3]
- HARQ process number 3 bits

- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- Cyclic shift for DM RS and OCC index 3 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]
- UL index 2 bits as defined in clauses 5.1.1.1, 7.2.1, and 8 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 0, or TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 6 and special subframe configuration 10 when the higher layer parameter *symPUSCH-UpPts* is configured)
- Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3] (This field is present only for the following cases: 1) TDD primary cell and either TDD operation with uplink-downlink configurations 1-6 or FDD operation; or 2) EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- CSI request 1, 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]. The 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to
  - UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
  - UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];
  - UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*, and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells and when the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3];

otherwise the 1-bit field applies

- SRS request –1 bit. The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.2 of [3]
- Modulation order override 1 bit as defined in clause 8.6.1 of [3]
- Precoding information: number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.8-1. This field is present only if the higher layer parameter *transmissionModeUL* is configured to be transmission mode 2. Bit field as shown in Table 5.3.3.1.8-2 and Table 5.3.3.1.8-3, where only codeword 0 is enabled and the indexes corresponding to 1 layer are used. Note that TPMI for 2 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-1 of [2], and TPMI for 4 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-2, Table 5.3.3A.2-3, Table 5.3.3A.2-4 and Table 5.3.3A.2-5 of [2]. The transport block is mapped to codeword 0.

If the number of information bits in format 0C mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 1A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space (including any padding bits appended to format 1A), zeros shall be appended to format 0C until the payload size equals that of format 1A.

## 5.3.3.1.2 Format 1

DCI format 1 is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. This field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Resource allocation header (resource allocation type 0 / type 1) 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]
  - If downlink bandwidth is less than or equal to 10 PRBs, there is no resource allocation header and resource allocation type 0 is assumed.
- Resource block assignment:
  - For resource allocation type 0 as defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]:

- $\left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/P\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
- For resource allocation type 1 as defined in clause 7.1.6.2 of [3]:
  - $\lceil \log_2(P) \rceil$  bits of this field are used as a header specific to this resource allocation type to indicate the selected resource blocks subset
  - 1 bit indicates a shift of the resource allocation span
  - $\left(N_{RB}^{DL}/P\right]$   $\left[\log_2(P)\right]$  1) bits provide the resource allocation

where the value of P depends on the number of DL resource blocks as indicated in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2*), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.
- MUST interference presence and power ratio 0 or 2 bits as defined in clause 6.3.3 of [2]. This field is present only when the UE is configured for MUST-near operation and the number of antenna ports for CRS transmission in the serving cell is 2.
- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

If the UE is not configured to decode PDCCH or EPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 1 is equal to that for format 0/1A, one bit of value zero shall be appended to format 1.

If the UE is configured to decode PDCCH or EPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 1 is equal to that for format 0/1A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], one bit of value zero shall be appended to format 1.

If the number of information bits in format 1 carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 1 until the payload size of format 1 does not belong to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1 and is not equal to that of format 0/1A mapped onto the same search space.

Table 5.3.3.1.2-1: Ambiguous Sizes of Information Bits

{12, 14, 16, 20, 24, 26, 32, 40, 44, 56}

Table 5.3.3.1.2-2: Number of bits for Downlink Assignment Index

Number	
of bits	
4	For UEs configured by higher layers with <i>codebooksizeDetermination-r13</i> = <i>dai</i> and when a DCI format 1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/6-1A scheduling PDSCH is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], or UEs configured by higher layers with <i>codebooksizeDeterminationSTTI</i> = <i>dai</i> and when a DCI format 7-1A/7-1B/7-1C/7-1D/7-1E/7-1F/7-1G scheduling PDSCH is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], the 4-bit DAI consists of a 2-bit counter DAI and a 2-bit total DAI.  - Counter DAI – 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3]  - Total DAI – 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3]
2	For UEs not configured with <i>codebooksizeDetermination-r13</i> = <i>dai</i> and <i>codebooksizeDeterminationSTTI-r15</i> = <i>dai</i> , or for UEs configured by higher layers with <i>codebooksizeDetermination-r13</i> = <i>dai</i> and when a DCI format scheduling PDSCH is not mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], this field is present for FDD or TDD operation, for cases with TDD primary cell.  If the UL/DL configuration of all TDD serving cells is same and the UE is not configured to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by <i>eimta-RNTI</i> , then this field only applies to serving cell with UL/DL configuration 1-6.  If at least two TDD serving cells have different UL/DL configurations or the UE is configured to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by <i>eimta-RNTI</i> , then this field applies to a serving cell with DL-reference UL/DL configuration 1-6 as defined in clause 10.2 of [3].  For UEs configured with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter <i>tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2</i> and a DCI format scheduling PDSCH is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], this field is present.
0	For UEs not configured with codebooksizeDetermination-r13 = dai and codebooksizeDeterminationSTTI-r15=dai and not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2, or for UEs configured by higher layers with codebooksizeDetermination-r13 = dai and when a DCI format scheduling PDSCH is not mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], this field is not present for FDD or TDD operation, for cases with FDD primary cell. For UEs configured with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2 and a DCI format scheduling PDSCH is not mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], this field is not present.

#### 5.3.3.1.3 Format 1A

DCI format 1A is used for the compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword in one cell and random access procedure initiated by a PDCCH order. The DCI corresponding to a PDCCH order can be carried by PDCCH or EPDCCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1A:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. This field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Flag for format0/format1A differentiation or flag for format0A/format1A differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 0 or format 0A and value 1 indicates format 1A

Format 1A is used for random access procedure initiated by a PDCCH order only if format 1A CRC is scrambled with C-RNTI and all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Localized/Distributed VRB assignment flag 1 bit is set to '0'
- Resource block assignment  $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL}(N_{RB}^{DL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits, where all bits shall be set to 1
- Preamble Index 6 bits
- PRACH Mask Index 4 bits, [5]
- All the remaining bits in format 1A for compact scheduling assignment of one PDSCH codeword are set to zero

Otherwise,

- Localized/Distributed VRB assignment flag 1 bit as defined in 7.1.6.3 of [3]
- Resource block assignment  $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL}(N_{RB}^{DL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits as defined in clause 7.1.6.3 of [3]:
  - For localized VRB:

$$\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}+1)/2)$$
 bits provide the resource allocation

- For distributed VRB:
  - If  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}$  < 50 or if the format 1A CRC is scrambled by RA-RNTI, P-RNTI, SI-RNTI, SC-RNTI or G-RNTI:

- 
$$\left[\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}+1)/2)\right]$$
 bits provide the resource allocation

- Else
- 1 bit, the MSB indicates the gap value, where value 0 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,1}$  and value 1 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,2}$

- 
$$(\left[\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}+1)/2)\right]-1)$$
 bits provide the resource allocation,

where  $N_{\rm gap}$  is defined in [2].

- Modulation and coding scheme 5bits as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]. The MSB is set to 0 when the UE is configured with *blindSubframePDSCH-Repetitions* set to TRUE and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3] and the repetition number is greater than 1 and the higher layer parameter *mcs-restrictionSubframePDSCH-Repetitions* is configured to 1.
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *dl-STTI-Length* is configured for the cell and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], otherwise 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2*, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured and the corresponding DCI is not mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3])
- New data indicator 1 bit
  - If the format 1A CRC is scrambled by RA-RNTI, P-RNTI, SI-RNTI, SC-RNTI or G-RNTI:
    - If  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} \ge 50$  and Localized/Distributed VRB assignment flag is set to 1
      - the new data indicator bit indicates the gap value, where value 0 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,1}$  and value 1 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,2}$ .
- Else the new data indicator bit is reserved.
- Else
- The new data indicator bit as defined in [5]
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
  - If the format 1A CRC is scrambled by RA-RNTI, P-RNTI, or SI-RNTI:

- The most significant bit of the TPC command is reserved.
- The least significant bit of the TPC command indicates column  $N_{PRB}^{1A}$  of the TBS table defined of [3].
- If least significant bit is 0 then  $N_{PRB}^{1A} = 2$  else  $N_{PRB}^{1A} = 3$ .
- Else if the format 1A CRC is scrambled by G-RNTI or SC-RNTI:
- The two bits of the TPC command are reserved
- Else
- The two bits including the most significant bit indicates the TPC command
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- SRS request 0 or 1 bit. This field can only be present in DCI formats scheduling PDSCH which are mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]. The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.2 of [3]. This field is not present when the DCI is used for scheduling PDSCH in a LAA SCell.
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.
- SRS timing offset 3 bits as defined in [3]. This field is present only when the DCI format is used for scheduling PDSCH in a LAA SCell and the UE is configured with uplink transmission on the LAA Scell.
- Repetition number 2 bits as defined in Table 5.3.3.1.17-1, where the number of transmissions for PDSCH is given by higher layer parameter *maxNumber-SubframePDSCH-Repetitions* for the value of '11'. This field is present only when the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *blindSubframePDSCH-Repetitions* set to TRUE and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3].

If the UE is not configured to decode PDCCH or EPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI, and the number of information bits in format 1A is less than that of format 0, zeros shall be appended to format 1A until the payload size equals that of format 0.

If the UE is configured to decode PDCCH or EPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 1A mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 0 for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 1A until the payload size equals that of format 0, except when format 1A assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the UE is configured to decode PDCCH or EPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 1A mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 0A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 1A until the payload size equals that of format 0A, except when format 1A assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the UE is configured to decode PDCCH or EPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 1A mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 0C for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 1A until the payload size equals that of format 0C, except when format 1A assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 1A carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one zero bit shall be appended to format 1A.

When the format 1A CRC is scrambled with a RA-RNTI, P-RNTI, SI-RNTI, SC-RNTI or G-RNTI then the following fields among the fields above are reserved:

- HARQ process number

- Downlink Assignment Index (used for cases with TDD primary cell and either FDD operation or TDD operation, and is not present for cases with FDD primary cell and either FDD operation or TDD operation)

## 5.3.3.1.3A Format 1B

DCI format 1B is used for the compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword in one cell with precoding information.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1B:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Localized/Distributed VRB assignment flag 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6.3 of [3]
- Resource block assignment  $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL}(N_{RB}^{DL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits as defined in clause 7.1.6.3 of [3]
  - For localized VRB:

$$\left[\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}+1)/2)\right]$$
 bits provide the resource allocation

- For distributed VRB:
  - For  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}$  < 50
    - $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL}(N_{RB}^{DL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
  - For  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} \ge 50$
  - 1 bit, the MSB indicates the gap value, where value 0 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,1}$  and value 1 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,2}$

- 
$$(\left[\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}+1)/2)\right]$$
 - 1) bits provide the resource allocation

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2*), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- TPMI information for precoding number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.3A-1

TPMI information indicates which codebook index is used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [2] corresponding to the single-layer transmission.

- PMI confirmation for precoding 1 bit as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.3A-2
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.

- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping – 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

If PMI confirmation indicates that the eNodeB has applied precoding according to PMI(s) reported by the UE, the precoding for the corresponding RB(s) in subframe n is according to the latest PMI(s) in an aperiodic CSI reported on or before subframe n-4.

Table 5.3.3.1.3A-1: Number of bits for TPMI information

Number of antenna ports at eNodeB	Number of bits
2	2
4	4

Table 5.3.3.1.3A-2: Content of PMI confirmation

Bit field mapped to index	Message	
0	Precoding according to the indicated TPMI in	
	the TPMI information field	
1	Precoding using the precoder(s) according to	
	PMI(s) indicated in the latest aperiodic CSI	
	report.	
	For aperiodic CSI mode 2-2:	
	- Precoding of scheduled resource blocks	
	belonging to the reported preferred M	
	subband(s), use precoder(s) according to the	
	preferred M subband PMI(s) indicated in the	
	latest aperiodic CSI report;	
	- Precoding of scheduled resource blocks not	
	belonging to the reported preferred M	
	subband(s), precoding using a precoder	
	according to the wideband PMI indicated in the	
	latest aperiodic CSI report.	

If the number of information bits in format 1B is equal to that for format 0/1A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], one bit of value zero shall be appended to format 1B.

If the number of information bits in format 1B carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 1B until the payload size of format 1B does not belong to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1 and is not equal to that of format 0/1A mapped onto the same search space.

# 5.3.3.1.4 Format 1C

DCI format 1C is used for very compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword, notifying MCCH change [6], notifying SC-MCCH change and direct indication [6], reconfiguring TDD, and LAA common information.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1C:

If the format 1C is used for very compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword

- 1 bit indicates the gap value, where value 0 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,1}$  and value 1 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,2}$
- For  $N_{RB}^{DL}$  < 50, there is no bit for gap indication
- Resource block assignment  $\left\lceil \log_2 \left( N_{\text{VRB,gap1}}^{\text{DL}} / N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{step}} \right) \cdot \left( \left[ N_{\text{VRB,gap1}}^{\text{DL}} / N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{step}} \right] + 1 \right) / 2 \right) \right\rceil$  bits as defined in 7.1.6.3 of [3] where  $N_{\text{VRB,gap1}}^{\text{DL}}$  is defined in [2] and  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{step}}$  is defined in [3]
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]

Else if the format 1C is used for notifying MCCH change and direct indication

- Information for MCCH change notification 8 bits as defined in clause 5.8.1.3 of [6]
- Direct Indication information -2 bits provide direct indication of system information update and other fields, as defined in clause 6.6a [6]. This field is only present for MBMS-dedicated cell or feMBMS/Unicast-mixed cell with  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} \ge 15$ .
- Reserved information bits are added until the size is equal to that of format 1C used for very compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword

Else if the format 1C is used for notifying SC-MCCH change

- Information for SC-MCCH change notification 8 bits as defined in clause 5.8a.1.3 of [6]
- Reserved information bits are added until the size is equal to that of format 1C used for very compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword

Else if the format 1C is used for reconfiguring TDD

- UL/DL configuration indication:

UL/DL configuration number 1, UL/DL configuration number 2,..., UL/DL configuration number I

Where each UL/DL configuration is 3 bits,  $I = \left\lfloor \frac{L_{\text{format 1c}}}{3} \right\rfloor$ ,  $L_{\text{format 1c}}$  is equal to the payload size of format 1C used for very compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword. The parameter eimta-UL-DL-ConfigIndex provided by higher layers determines the index to the UL/DL configuration indication for a serving cell.

- Zeros are added until the size is equal to that of format 1C used for very compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword

## Else

- Subframe configuration for LAA 4 bits as defined in clause 13A of [3]
- UL duration and offset 5 bits as defined in clause 13A of [3]. The field only applies to a UE configured with uplink transmission on a LAA SCell
- PUSCH trigger B 1 bit as defined in clause 8.0 of [3]. The field only applies to a UE configured with uplink transmission on a LAA SCell
- COT sharing indication for AUL 1 bit as defined in 4.2.1 of [8]. The field only applies to a UE configured with uplink transmission on a LAA SCell
- Reserved information bits are added until the size is equal to that of format 1C used for very compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword

### 5.3.3.1.4A Format 1D

DCI format 1D is used for the compact scheduling of one PDSCH codeword in one cell with precoding and power offset information.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1D:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Localized/Distributed VRB assignment flag 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6.3 of [3]
- Resource block assignment  $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL}(N_{RB}^{DL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits as defined in clause 7.1.6.3 of [3]:
  - For localized VRB:

$$\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}+1)/2)$$
 bits provide the resource allocation

- For distributed VRB:

- For 
$$N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}$$
 < 50

- 
$$\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL}(N_{RB}^{DL}+1)/2)\right]$$
 bits provide the resource allocation

- For 
$$N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} \ge 50$$

- 1 bit, the MSB indicates the gap value, where value 0 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,1}$  and value 1 indicates  $N_{\rm gap} = N_{\rm gap,2}$ 

- 
$$(\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL}(N_{RB}^{DL}+1)/2)\right]$$
 -1) bits provide the resource allocation

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2*), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- TPMI information for precoding number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.4A-1

TPMI information indicates which codebook index is used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [2] corresponding to the single-layer transmission.

- Downlink power offset 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.5 of [3]
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.
- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

Table 5.3.3.1.4A-1: Number of bits for TPMI information

Number of antenna ports at eNodeB	Number of bits
2	2
4	4

If the number of information bits in format 1D is equal to that for format 0/1A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], one bit of value zero shall be appended to format 1D.

If the number of information bits in format 1D carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 1D until the payload size of format 1D does not belong to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1 and is not equal to that of format 0/1A mapped onto the same search space.

## 5.3.3.1.5 Format 2

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2:

- Carrier indicator -0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Resource allocation header (resource allocation type 0 / type 1) 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]

If downlink bandwidth is less than or equal to 10 PRBs, there is no resource allocation header and resource allocation type 0 is assumed.

- Resource block assignment:
  - For resource allocation type 0 defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]:
    - $\left[N_{RR}^{DL}/P\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
  - For resource allocation type 1 as defined in clause 7.1.6.2 of [3]:
    - $\lceil \log_2(P) \rceil$  bits of this field are used as a header specific to this resource allocation type to indicate the selected resource blocks subset
    - 1 bit indicates a shift of the resource allocation span
    - $\left(N_{RB}^{DL}/P\right] \left[\log_2(P)\right] 1$  bits provide the resource allocation

where the value of P depends on the number of DL resource blocks as indicated in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]

- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *dl-STTI-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2*), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- Transport block to codeword swap flag 1 bit

In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- MUST interference presence and power ratio 0 or 2 bits as defined in clause 6.3.3 of [2]. This field is present only when the UE is configured for MUST-near operation and the number of antenna ports for CRS transmission in the serving cell is 2

In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- MUST interference presence and power ratio 0 or 2 bits as defined in clause 6.3.3 of [2]. This field is present only when the UE is configured for MUST-near operation and the number of antenna ports for CRS transmission in the serving cell is 2

Precoding information – number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5-3

- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.
- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

If both transport blocks are enabled, the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-1.

In case one of the transport blocks is disabled as specified in clause 7.1.7.2 of [3], the transport block to codeword swap flag is reserved and the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2.

Table 5.3.3.1.5-1: Transport block to codeword mapping (two transport blocks enabled)

transport block to codeword swap flag value	codeword 0 (enabled)	codeword 1 (enabled)
0	transport block 1	transport block 2
1	transport block 2	transport block 1

Table 5.3.3.1.5-2: Transport block to codeword mapping (one transport block enabled)

transport block 1	transport block 2	codeword 0 (enabled)	codeword 1 (disabled)
enabled	disabled	transport block 1	-
disabled	enabled	transport block 2	-

The interpretation of the precoding information field depends on the number of enabled codewords according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-4 and Table 5.3.3.1.5-5. Note that TPMI indicates which codebook index is used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [2]. For a single enabled codeword, indices 18 to 34 inclusive in Table 5.3.3.1.5-5 are only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two layers with closed-loop spatial multiplexing.

If the number of information bits in format 2 carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one zero bit shall be appended to format 2.

Some entries in Table 5.3.3.1.5-4 and Table 5.3.3.1.5-5 are used for indicating that the eNodeB has applied precoding according to PMI(s) reported by the UE. In these cases the precoding for the corresponding RB(s) in subframe n is according to the latest PMI(s) in an aperiodic CSI reported on or before subframe n-4. For aperiodic CSI mode 2-2: Precoding of scheduled resource blocks belonging to the reported preferred M subband(s) use precoder(s) according to the preferred M subband PMI indicated by the latest aperiodic CSI report; Precoding of scheduled resource blocks not belonging to the reported preferred M subband(s) use a precoder according to the wideband PMI indicated by the latest aperiodic CSI report.

Table 5.3.3.1.5-3: Number of bits for precoding information

Number of antenna ports at eNodeB	Number of bits for precoding information	
2	3	
4	6	

Table 5.3.3.1.5-4: Content of precoding information field for 2 antenna ports

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled	
Bit field mapped to index	Message	Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	2 layers: Transmit diversity	0	2 layers: Precoding corresponding to precoder matrix $\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1&1\\1&-1\end{bmatrix}$
1	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoding vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$	1	2 layers: Precoding corresponding to precoder matrix $\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1\\ j & -j \end{bmatrix}$
2	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$	2	2 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH, using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
3	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & j \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$	3	reserved
4	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -j \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$	4	reserved
5	1 layer: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH, using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s), if RI=2 was reported, using 1 <sup>st</sup> column multiplied by √2 of all precoders implied by the reported PMI(s)	5	reserved
7	1 layer: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH, using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s), if RI=2 was reported, using 2 <sup>nd</sup> column multiplied by √2 of all precoders implied by the reported PMI(s) reserved	7	reserved

Table 5.3.3.1.5-5: Content of precoding information field for 4 antenna ports

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled	
Bit field mapped to index	Message	Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	4 layers: Transmit diversity	0	2 layers: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=0	1	2 layers: TPMI=1
2	1 layer: TPMI=1	•	•
•	:	15	2 layers: TPMI=15
16	1 layer: TPMI=15	16	2 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
17	1 layer: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)	17	3 layers: TPMI=0
18	2 layers: TPMI=0	18	3 layers: TPMI=1
19	2 layers: TPMI=1	:	:
•	:	32	3 layers: TPMI=15
33	2 layers: TPMI=15	33	3 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
34	2 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)	34	4 layers: TPMI=0
35 – 63	reserved	35	4 layers: TPMI=1
		:	:
		49	4 layers: TPMI=15
		50	4 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
		51 – 63	Reserved

# 5.3.3.1.5A Format 2A

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2A:

- Carrier indicator -0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Resource allocation header (resource allocation type 0 / type 1) 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]

If downlink bandwidth is less than or equal to 10 PRBs, there is no resource allocation header and resource allocation type 0 is assumed.

- Resource block assignment:
  - For resource allocation type 0 as defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]
    - $\left[N_{RB}^{DL}/P\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
  - For resource allocation type 1 as defined in clause 7.1.6.2 of [3]
    - $\lceil \log_2(P) \rceil$  bits of this field are used as a header specific to this resource allocation type to indicate the selected resource blocks subset
    - 1 bit indicates a shift of the resource allocation span
    - $\left(N_{RB}^{DL}/P\right]$   $\left[\log_2(P)\right]$  1) bits provide the resource allocation

where the value of P depends on the number of DL resource blocks as indicated in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]

- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2*), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- Transport block to codeword swap flag 1 bit

In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits

In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme -5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- Precoding information number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5A-1
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback. MUST interference presence and power ratio 0 or 2 bits as defined in clause 6.3.3 of [2]. This field is present only when the UE is configured for MUST-near operation and the number of antenna ports for CRS transmission in the serving cell is 2.
- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

If both transport blocks are enabled, the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-1.

In case one of the transport blocks is disabled, the transport block to codeword swap flag is reserved and the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2.

The precoding information field is defined according to Table 5.3.3.1.5A-2. For a single enabled codeword, index 1 in Table 5.3.3.1.5A-2 is only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two layers with large delay CDD.

For transmission with 2 antenna ports, the precoding information field is not present. The number of transmission layers is equal to 2 if both codewords are enabled; transmit diversity is used if codeword 0 is enabled while codeword 1 is disabled.

If the number of information bits in format 2A carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one zero bit shall be appended to format 2A.

Table 5.3.3.1.5A-1: Number of bits for precoding information

Number of antenna ports at eNodeB	Number of bits for precoding information
2	0
4	2

Table 5.3.3.1.5A-2: Content of precoding information field for 4 antenna ports

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled	
Bit field mapped to index	Message	Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	4 layers: Transmit diversity	0	2 layers: precoder cycling with large delay CDD
1	2 layers: precoder cycling with large delay CDD	1	3 layers: precoder cycling with large delay CDD
2	reserved	2	4 layers: precoder cycling with large delay CDD
3	reserved	3	reserved

## 5.3.3.1.5B Format 2B

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2B:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Resource allocation header (resource allocation type 0 / type 1) 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]

If downlink bandwidth is less than or equal to 10 PRBs, there is no resource allocation header and resource allocation type 0 is assumed.

- Resource block assignment:
  - For resource allocation type 0 as defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]
    - $\left[N_{RR}^{DL}/P\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
  - For resource allocation type 1 as defined in clause 7.1.6.2 of [3]
    - $\lceil \log_2(P) \rceil$  bits of this field are used as a header specific to this resource allocation type to indicate the selected resource blocks subset
    - 1 bit indicates a shift of the resource allocation span

- 
$$\left(N_{RB}^{DL}/P\right]$$
 -  $\left[\log_2(P)\right]$  - 1) bits provide the resource allocation

where the value of P depends on the number of DL resource blocks as indicated in clause [7.1.6.1] of [3]

- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *dl-STT1-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2*), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- Scrambling identity—1 bit as defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2]
- SRS request [0-1] bit. This field can only be present for TDD operation and if present is defined in clause 8.2 of [3]

In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme -5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits

In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme -5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.
- MUST interference presence and modulation (This field is present only when the UE is configured for MUST operation) 0 or 2 bits. The field is defined in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-3, where the interfering antenna port is in {7,8} excluding the antenna port for transmission. The interfering antenna port has the same scrambling identity as indicated in the "Scrambling identity" field.
- SRS timing offset 3 bits as defined in [3]. This field is present only when the DCI format is used for scheduling PDSCH in a LAA SCell and the UE is configured with uplink transmission on the LAA SCell.
- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

If both transport blocks are enabled, the number of layers equals two; transport block 1 is mapped to codeword 0; and transport block 2 is mapped to codeword 1. Antenna ports 7 and 8 are used for spatial multiplexing.

In case one of the transport blocks is disabled, the number of layers equals one; the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2; and the antenna port for single-antenna port transmission is according to Table 5.3.3.1.5B-1.

Table 5.3.3.1.5B-1: Antenna port for single-antenna port transmission (one transport block disabled)

New data indicator of the disabled transport block	Antenna port
0	7

1	8
'	J

If the number of information bits in format 2B carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one zero bit shall be appended to format 2B.

### 5.3.3.1.5C Format 2C

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2C:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Resource allocation header (resource allocation type 0 / type 1) 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]

If downlink bandwidth is less than or equal to 10 PRBs, there is no resource allocation header and resource allocation type 0 is assumed.

- Resource block assignment:
  - For resource allocation type 0 as defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]
    - $\left[ N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / P \right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
  - For resource allocation type 1 as defined in clause 7.1.6.2 of [3]
    - $\lceil \log_2(P) \rceil$  bits of this field are used as a header specific to this resource allocation type to indicate the selected resource blocks subset
    - 1 bit indicates a shift of the resource allocation span
    - $\left[N_{RB}^{DL}/P\right]$   $\left[\log_2(P)\right]$  1) bits provide the resource allocation

where the value of P depends on the number of DL resource blocks as indicated in clause [7.1.6.1] of [3]

- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter dl-STT1-Length is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits
   (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter tdm PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for
   cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2 configured)
- Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers 3 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-1 where  $n_{SCID}$  is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2], or 4 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-2 where  $n_{SCID}$  is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7, 8, 11 and 13 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2] when higher layer parameter dmrs-tableAlt is set to 1, or 1 bit as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-6 where  $n_{SCID}$  is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2] when higher layer parameter semiOpenLoop is configured.
- SRS request [0-1] bit. This field can only be present for TDD operation and if present is defined in clause 8.2 of [3]

In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits

In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.
- MUST interference presence, antenna port, and modulation (this field is only present when the UE is configured for MUST operation) 2 bits when higher layer parameter *dmrs-tableAlt* is not configured or is set to 0, 4 bits when higher layer parameter *k-max* is set to 1 and *dmrs-tableAlt* =1, or 6 bits when *k-max* is set to 3 and *dmrs-tableAlt* =1. For the 2 and 6 bit fields, two bits are defined for each interfering antenna port in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-3, where a single interfering antenna port is in {7,8} excluding the antenna port for transmission, and multiple interfering antenna ports are in {7,8,11,13} excluding the antenna ports for transmission. For the 6 bit field, the two or four LSB are reserved in the case of two or one interfering antenna port, respectively. Each pair of the used bits in 6 bit field from MSB to LSB is associated with one interfering antenna port in increasing order of port index. For the 4 bit field, two MSB are defined for interference presence and antenna port in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-4 where the single interfering antenna port is one of {7,8,11,13} excluding the antenna port for transmission, and two LSB are defined for interference modulation in 5.3.3.1.5C-5. The interfering antenna port(s) have the same scrambling identity and OCC length as indicated in the "Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers" field.
- SRS timing offset 3 bits as defined in [3]. This field is present only when the DCI format is used for scheduling PDSCH in a LAA SCell and the UE is configured with uplink transmission on the LAA SCell.
- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

If both transport blocks are enabled; transport block 1 is mapped to codeword 0; and transport block 2 is mapped to codeword 1. When higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop* is configured, antenna ports 7 and 8 are used for spatial multiplexing.

In case one of the transport blocks is disabled; the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2. For the single enabled codeword, Value = 4, 5, 6 in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-1 or Value = 12, 13,14 in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-2 are only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two, three or four layers, respectively. When higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop* is configured, antenna ports 7 and 8 are used for transmit diversity.

If the number of information bits in format 2C carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one zero bit shall be appended to format 2C.

Table 5.3.3.1.5C-1: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication

	One Codeword: Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled Codeword 1 enabled		Codeword 0 enabled,
Value	Message	Value Message	
0	1 layer, port 7, nscid=0	0	2 layers, ports 7-8, nscid=0
1	1 layer, port 7, n <sub>SCID</sub> =1	1	2 layers, ports 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =1
2	1 layer, port 8, nscid=0	2	3 layers, ports 7-9
3	1 layer, port 8, nscid=1	3	4 layers, ports 7-10
4	2 layers, ports 7-8	4	5 layers, ports 7-11
5	3 layers, ports 7-9	5	6 layers, ports 7-12
6	4 layers, ports 7-10	6	7 layers, ports 7-13
7	Reserved	7	8 layers, ports 7-14

Table 5.3.3.1.5C-2: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication

One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled	
Value	Message	Value	Message
0	1 layer, port 7, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =0 (OCC=2)	0	2 layer, port 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0 (OCC=2)
1	1 layer, port 7, nscid=1 (OCC=2)	1	2 layer, port 7-8, nsciD=1 (OCC=2)
2	1 layer, port 8, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =0 (OCC=2)	2	2 layer, port 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0 (OCC=4)
3	1 layer, port 8, nscid=1 (OCC=2)	3	2 layer, port 7-8, nscid=1 (OCC=4)
4	1 layer, port 7, nscid=0 (OCC=4)	4	2 layer, port 11,13, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0 (OCC=4)
5	1 layer, port 7, nscid=1 (OCC=4)	5	2 layer, port 11,13, n <sub>SCID</sub> =1 (OCC=4)
6	1 layer, port 8, nscid=0 (OCC=4)	6	3 layer, port 7-9
7	1 layer, port 8, <i>nsciD</i> =1 (OCC=4)	7	4 layer, port 7-10
8	1 layer, port 11, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =0 (OCC=4)	8	5 layer, port 7-11
9	1 layer, port 11, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =1 (OCC=4)	9	6 layer, port 7-12
10	1 layer, port 13, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =0 (OCC=4)	10	7 layers, ports 7-13
11	1 layer, port 13, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =1 (OCC=4)	11	8 layers, ports 7-14
12	2 layers, ports 7-8	12	3 layers, ports 7, 8,11, <i>n</i> <sub>SCID</sub> =0
			(OCC=4)
13	3 layers, ports 7-9	13	4 layers, ports 7, 8,11,13, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =0
			(OCC=4)
14	4 layers, ports 7-10	14	Reserved
15	Reserved	15	Reserved

Table 5.3.3.1.5C-3: Content of MUST interference presence and modulation for an antenna port

Bit field	Message
00	No interference presence
01	Interference is present with QPSK
10	Interference is present with 16QAM
11	Interference is present with 64QAM or 256QAM

Table 5.3.3.1.5C-4: Content of MUST interference presence and antenna port

Bit field	Message
00	No interference presence
01	First antenna port
10	Second antenna port
11	Third antenna port

Table 5.3.3.1.5C-5: Content of MUST interference modulation

Bit field	Message
00	QPSK
01	16QAM
10	64QAM
11	256QAM

Table 5.3.3.1.5C-6: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication

One Codeword:Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled Or	
Two Codewords:Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled	
Value	Message
0	2 layer, port 7-8, nscid=0
1	2 layer, port 7-8, nscid=1

## 5.3.3.1.5D Format 2D

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2D:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Resource allocation header (resource allocation type 0 / type 1) 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]

If downlink bandwidth is less than or equal to 10 PRBs, there is no resource allocation header and resource allocation type 0 is assumed.

- Resource block assignment:
  - For resource allocation type 0 as defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]
    - $\left[N_{RR}^{DL}/P\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
  - For resource allocation type 1 as defined in clause 7.1.6.2 of [3]
    - $\lceil \log_2(P) \rceil$  bits of this field are used as a header specific to this resource allocation type to indicate the selected resource blocks subset
    - 1 bit indicates a shift of the resource allocation span
    - $\left(N_{RB}^{DL}/P\right]$   $\left[\log_2(P)\right]$  1) bits provide the resource allocation

where the value of P depends on the number of DL resource blocks as indicated in clause [7.1.6.1] of [3]

- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2.
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter dl-STT1-Length is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits
   (for cases with FDD primary cell not configured with EN-DC/NE-DC and higher layer parameter tdm PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for
   cases with EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter tdm-PatternConfig/tdm PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2 configured)
- Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers 3 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-1 (or Table 5.3.3.1.5D-1 for two codewords when higher layer parameter *qcl-Operation* is set to 'typeC') where *n<sub>SCID</sub>* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2], or 4 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-2 (or Table 5.3.3.1.5D-2 for two codewords when higher layer parameter *qcl-Operation* is set to 'typeC') where *n<sub>SCID</sub>* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7, 8, 11 and 13 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2] when higher layer parameter *dmrs-tableAlt* is set to 1, or 1 bit as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-6 where *n<sub>SCID</sub>* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2] when higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop* is configured.
- SRS request [0-1] bit. This field can only be present for TDD operation and if present is defined in clause 8.2 of [3]

In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits

In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits if higher layer parameter *altMCS-Table* is not configured, 6 bits otherwise, as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit

- Redundancy version 2 bits
- PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.1.10 of [3]
- HARQ-ACK resource offset (this field is present when this format is carried by EPDCCH. This field is not present when this format is carried by PDCCH) 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3]. The 2 bits are set to 0 when this format is carried by EPDCCH on a secondary cell, or when this format is carried by EPDCCH on the primary cell scheduling PDSCH on a secondary cell and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 3 for HARQ-ACK feedback.
- MUST interference presence, antenna port, and modulation (this field is only present when the UE is configured for MUST operation) 2 bits when higher layer parameter *dmrs-tableAlt* is not configured or is set to 0, 4 bits when higher layer parameter *k-max* is set to 1 and *dmrs-tableAlt* =1, 6 bits when *k-max* is set to 3 and *dmrs-tableAlt* =1. For the 2 and 6 bit fields, two bits are defined for each interfering antenna port in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-3, where a single interfering antenna port is in {7,8} excluding the antenna port for transmission, and multiple interfering antenna ports are in {7,8,11,13} excluding the antenna ports for transmission. For the 6 bit field, the two or four LSB are reserved in the case of two or one interfering antenna port, respectively. Each pair of the used bits in 6 bit field from MSB to LSB is associated with one interfering antenna port in increasing order of port index. For the 4 bit field, two MSB are defined for interference presence and antenna port in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-4 where the single interfering antenna port is one of {7,8,11,13} excluding the antenna port for transmission, and two LSB are defined for interference modulation in 5.3.3.1.5C-5. The interfering antenna port(s) have the same scrambling identity and OCC length as indicated in the "Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers" field.
- SRS timing offset 3 bits as defined in [3]. This field is present only when the DCI format is used for scheduling PDSCH in a LAA SCell and the UE is configured with uplink transmission on the LAA SCell.
- Aperiodic zero-power CSI-RS resource indicator for PDSCH RE Mapping 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.2.7 of [3]. This field is present only when the UE is configured with *csi-RS-ConfigZP-ApList*.

If both transport blocks are enabled; transport block 1 is mapped to codeword 0; and transport block 2 is mapped to codeword 1. When higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop* is configured, antenna ports 7 and 8 are used for spatial multiplexing.

In case one of the transport blocks is disabled; the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2. For the single enabled codeword, Value = 4, 5, 6 in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-1 or Value = 12, 13,14 in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-2 are only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two, three or four layers, respectively. When higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop* is configured, antenna ports 7 and 8 are used for transmit diversity.

If the number of information bits in format 2D carried by PDCCH belongs to one of the sizes in Table 5.3.3.1.2-1, one zero bit shall be appended to format 2D.

Table 5.3.3.1.5D-1: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication

Two Codewords	
Value	Message
0	2 layers, ports 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0
1	2 layers, ports 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =1
2	3 layers, ports 7,9,10
3	4 layers, ports 7-10
4	5 layers, ports 7,8,9,10,12
5	6 layers, ports 7,8,11,9,10,12
6	7 layers, ports 7,8,11,9,10,12,14
7	8 layers, ports 7,8,11,13,9,10,12,14

Table 5.3.3.1.5D-2: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication

Two Codewords	
Value	Message
0	2 layer, port 7-8, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =0 (OCC=2)
1	2 layer, port 7-8, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =1 (OCC=2)
2	2 layer, port 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0 (OCC=4)
3	2 layer, port 7-8, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =1 (OCC=4)
4	2 layer, port 11,13, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =0 (OCC=4)
5	2 layer, port 11,13, <i>n<sub>SCID</sub></i> =1 (OCC=4)
6	3 layers, ports 7,9,10
7	4 layers, ports 7-10
8	5 layers, ports 7,8,9,10,12
9	6 layers, ports 7,8,11,9,10,12
10	7 layers, ports 7,8,11,9,10,12,14
11	8 layers, ports 7,8,11,13,9,10,12,14
12	Reserved
13	Reserved
14	Reserved
15	Reserved

# 5.3.3.1.6 Format 3

DCI format 3 is used for the transmission of TPC commands for PUCCH, SPUCCH corresponding to semi-persistently scheduled PDSCH with slot/subslot duration, semi-persistently scheduled PUSCH with slot/subslot duration, PUSCH with subframe duration with 2-bit power adjustments, and additional SRS symbols.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 3:

- TPC command number 1, TPC command number 2,..., TPC command number N

where 
$$N = \left| \frac{L_{\text{format 0}}}{2} \right|$$
, and where  $L_{\text{format 0}}$  is equal to the payload size of format 0 before CRC attachment when

format 0 is mapped onto the common search space, including any padding bits appended to format 0. The parameter *tpc-Index* or *tpc-Index-PUCCH-SCell-r13* or *tpc-IndexSRS-Add* provided by higher layers determines the index to the TPC command for a given UE.

If 
$$\left\lfloor \frac{L_{\text{format 0}}}{2} \right\rfloor < \frac{L_{\text{format 0}}}{2}$$
, a bit of value zero shall be appended to format 3.

For BL/CE UE,  $L_{\text{format 0}}$  and format 0 are replaced by  $L_{\text{format 6-0A}}$  and format 6-0A, respectively, in the description above.

# 5.3.3.1.7 Format 3A

DCI format 3A is used for the transmission of TPC commands for PUCCH, SPUCCH corresponding to semi-persistently scheduled PDSCH with slot/subslot duration, semi-persistently scheduled PUSCH with slot/subslot duration, PUSCH with subframe duration with single bit power adjustments, and additional SRS symbols.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 3A:

- TPC command number 1, TPC command number 2,..., TPC command number M

where  $M = L_{\rm format~0}$ , and where  $L_{\rm format~0}$  is equal to the payload size of format 0 before CRC attachment when format 0 is mapped onto the common search space, including any padding bits appended to format 0. The parameter tpc-Index or tpc-Index-PUCCH-SCell-r13 or tpc-IndexSRS-Add provided by higher layers determines the index to the TPC command for a given UE.

For BL/CE UE, L<sub>format 0</sub> and format 0 are replaced by L<sub>format 6-0A</sub> and format 6-0A, respectively, in the description above.

# 5.3.3.1.7A Format 3B

DCI format 3B is used for the transmission of a group of TPC commands for SRS transmissions by one or more UEs. Along with a TPC command, a SRS request may also be transmitted.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 3B:

- block number 1, block number 2, ..., block number B

where the starting position of a block is determined by the parameter *startingBitOfFormat3B* or *startingBitOfFormat3B-SRS-Add* provided by higher layers for the UE configured with the block.

If a UE has more than 5 TDD SCells configured without PUCCH and without PUSCH, one block is configured for the UE by higher layers, with the following fields defined for the block:

- SRS request 0 or 2 bits. This field is present, and if present interpreted, according to the definition in Clause 8.2 of [3].
- TPC command number 1, TPC command number 2, ..., TPC command number n

The *n* TPC command fields correspond to a set of *n* TDD SCells without PUCCH and without PUSCH, with the set indicated by the SRS request field or determined by higher layers if there is no SRS request field present. A TPC command field has 1 bit if the parameter *fieldTypeFormat3B* or *fieldTypeFormat3B-SRS-Add* provided by higher layers has a value of 1 or 3, and 2 bits if the parameter *fieldTypeFormat3B* or *fieldTypeFormat3B-SRS-Add* has a value of 2 or 4.

If a UE has up to 5 TDD SCells configured without PUCCH and without PUSCH, one or more blocks each corresponding to an SCell are configured by higher layers, with the following fields defined for each block:

- SRS request - 0, 1, or 2 bits, where the number of bits is determined in Clause 8.2 of [3].

- TPC command - 1 or 2 bits, where the number of bits is 1 if the parameter *fieldTypeFormat3B* or *fieldTypeFormat3B-SRS-Add* provided by higher layers has a value of 1 or 3, and 2 if the parameter *fieldTypeFormat3B* or *fieldTypeFormat3B-SRS-Add* has a value of 2 or 4.

The size of format 3B is equal to  $L_{\text{format 0}}$ , and where  $L_{\text{format 0}}$  is equal to the payload size of format 0 before CRC attachment when format 0 is mapped onto the common search space, including any padding bits appended to format 0.

### 5.3.3.1.8 Format 4

DCI format 4 is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in one UL cell with multi-antenna port transmission mode,

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 4:

- Carrier indicator -0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].

- Resource block assignment - 
$$\max \left[ \left\lceil \log_2(N_{RB}^{UL}(N_{RB}^{UL}+1)/2) \right\rceil, \left\lceil \log_2\left( \left\lceil N_{RB}^{UL}/P+1 \right\rceil \right) \right\rceil \right] \right]$$
 bits, where *P* is the UL RBG size as defined in clause 8.1.2 of [3]

- For resource allocation type 0:
  - The  $\left( \left[ \log_2(N_{RB}^{UL}(N_{RB}^{UL} + 1)/2) \right] \right)$  LSBs provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.1 of [3]
- For resource allocation type 1:

- The 
$$\log_2\left(\begin{bmatrix} N_{RB}^{UL}/P+1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}\right)$$
 LSBs provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.2 of [3]

- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- Cyclic shift for DM RS and OCC index and IFDMA configuration 3 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]
- UL index 2 bits as defined in clauses 5.1.1.1, 7.2.1, and 8 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 0, or TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 6 and special subframe configuration 10 when the higher layer parameter *symPUSCH-UpPts* or *shortProcessingTime* is configured for the cell)
- Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3] (this field is present only for the following cases: 1) TDD primary cell and either TDD operation with uplink-downlink configurations 1-6 or FDD operation; or 2) EN-DC/NE-DC with FDD primary cell and higher layer parameter *tdm-PatternConfig/tdm-PatternConfigNE-DC/tdm-PatternConfig2* configured)
- CSI request 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3].

If UEs are not configured with CSI-RS-ConfigNZPAperiodic or if UEs are configured with CSI-RS-ConfigNZPAperiodic and numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources=1 for each CSI process,

the 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to

- UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell;
- UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process;
- UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*;

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells;

otherwise the 1-bit field applies

If UEs are configured with CSI-RS-ConfigNZPAperiodic and numberActivatedAperiodicCSI-RS-Resources>1 for at least one CSI process,

the 4-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to

- UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell;
- UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process;
- UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*;

the 5-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells;

otherwise the 3-bit field applies.

- SRS request 2 bits as defined in clause 8.2 of [3]
- Resource allocation type 1 bit as defined in clause 8.1 of [3]
- Cyclic Shift Field mapping table for DMRS 1 bit as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]. The 1-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with higher layer parameter *UL-DMRS-IFDMA*.
- HARQ process number 4 bits if higher layer parameter *ul-STTI-Length* is configured for the cell, otherwise 3 bits (this field is present when higher layer parameter *shortProcessingTime* is configured for the cell)
- Redundancy version 2 bits (this field is present when higher layer parameter *shortProcessingTime* is configured for the cell)

In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit

In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]
- New data indicator 1 bit

Precoding information and number of layers: number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.8-1. Bit field as shown in Table 5.3.3.1.8-2 and Table 5.3.3.1.8-3. Note that TPMI for 2 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-1 of [2], and TPMI for 4 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-2, Table 5.3.3A.2-3, Table 5.3.3A.2-4 and Table 5.3.3A.2-5 of [2]. If both transport blocks are enabled, transport block 1 is mapped to codeword 0; and transport block 2 is mapped to codeword 1. In case one of the transport blocks is disabled, the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2. For a single enabled codeword, indices 24 to 39 in Table 5.3.3.1.8-3 are only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two layers.

Table 5.3.3.1.8-1: Number of bits for precoding information

Number of antenna ports at UE	Number of bits for precoding information
2	3
4	6

Table 5.3.3.1.8-2: Content of precoding information field for 2 antenna ports

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled Codeword 1 enabled	
Bit field mapped to index	Message	Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	2 layers: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1-7	reserved
2	1 layer: TPMI=2		
5	1 layer: TPMI=5		
6-7	reserved		

Table 5.3.3.1.8-3: Content of precoding information field for 4 antenna ports

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled Codeword 1 enabled	
Bit field mapped to index	Message	Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	2 layers: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	2 layers: TPMI=1
23	1 layer: TPMI=23	15	2 layers: TPMI=15
24	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	3 layers: TPMI=0
25	2 layers: TPMI=1	17	3 layers: TPMI=1
39	2 layers: TPMI=15	27	3 layers: TPMI=11
40-63	reserved	28	4 layers: TPMI=0
		29 - 63	Reserved

If the number of information bits in format 4 is equal to the payload size for DCI format 1, 2, 2A, 2B, 2C or 2D associated with the configured DL transmission mode in the same serving cell, one zero bit shall be appended to format 4.

### 5.3.3.1.8A Format 4A

DCI format 4 is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in a LAA SCell with multi-antenna port transmission mode, or activating/releasing AUL transmission for a UE with multi-antenna port transmission mode, or indicating AUL-DFI to a UE that is activated with AUL transmission with multi-antenna port transmission mode.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 4A:

- Carrier indicator – 0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].

If the format 4A DCI is scrambled by C-RNTI

- PUSCH trigger A – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates non-triggered scheduling and value 1 indicates triggered scheduling as defined in clause 8.0 of [3];

#### Else

- Flag for AUL differentiation – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates activating/releasing AUL transmission and value 1 indicates AUL-DFI.

If the format 4A is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in a LAA SCell or activating/releasing AUL transmission for a UE, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Timing offset 4 bits as defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
  - When the PUSCH trigger A is set to 0,

- The field indicates the absolute timing offset for the PUSCH transmission.
- Otherwise,
  - The first two bits of the field indicate the timing offset, relative to the UL offset *l* as defined in clause 13A of [3], for the PUSCH transmission.
  - The last two bits of the field indicate the time window within which the scheduling of PUSCH via triggered scheduling is valid.
- Resource block assignment 5 or 6 bits provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.4 of [3].
- HARQ process number 4 bits.
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in clause 8.6.1 of [3] which is common for both transport blocks.
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- Cyclic shift for DM RS and OCC index 3 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]
- CSI request 1, 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]. The 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to
  - UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell;
  - UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process;
  - UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*;

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells;

otherwise the 1-bit field applies.

- SRS request 2 bits as defined in clause 8.2 of [3].
- Partial PUSCH Mode 2 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-3. This field is only present when at least one of *laa-PUSCH-Mode1*, *laa-PUSCH-Mode2*, and *laa-PUSCH-Mode3* is configured. The UE is not expected to be indicated with a partial PUSCH mode that is not configured by RRC.
- PUSCH starting position 2 bits
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-2 if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode' field indicates Partial PUSCH Mode 2;
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-1 otherwise.
- PUSCH ending symbol 1 bit, where
  - if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode' field indicates Partial PUSCH Mode 3, value 0 indicates symbol 6 of the subframe, and value 1 indicates symbol 3 of the subframe.
  - otherwise value 0 indicates the last symbol of the subframe and value 1 indicates the second to last symbol of the subframe.
- Channel Access type 1 bit as defined in clause 4.2 of [8].
- Channel Access Priority Class 2 bits as defined in clause 4.2 of [8].

# In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3].
- New data indicator 1 bit.

#### In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version – 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3].

- New data indicator – 1 bit.

Precoding information and number of layers: number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.8-1. Bit field as shown in Table 5.3.3.1.8-2 and Table 5.3.3.1.8-3. Note that TPMI for 2 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-1 of [2], and TPMI for 4 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-2, Table 5.3.3A.2-3, Table 5.3.3A.2-4 and Table 5.3.3A.2-5 of [2]. If both transport blocks are enabled, transport block 1 is mapped to codeword 0; and transport block 2 is mapped to codeword 1. In case one of the transport blocks is disabled, the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2. For a single enabled codeword, indices 24 to 39 in Table 5.3.3.1.8-3 are only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two layers.

If the format 4A is used for indicating AUL-DFI to a UE that is activated with AUL transmission, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- HARQ-ACK bitmap 32 bits, where the order of the bitmap to HARQ process index mapping is such that HARQ process indices are mapped in ascending order from MSB to LSB of the bitmap. For each bit of the bitmap, value 1 indicates ACK, and value 0 indicates NACK.
- TPC command 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3].
- Precoding information: number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.8-1. Bit field as shown in Table 5.3.3.1.8-2 and Table 5.3.3.1.8-3. Note that TPMI for 2 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-1 of [2], and TPMI for 4 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-2, Table 5.3.3A.2-3, Table 5.3.3A.2-4 and Table 5.3.3A.2-5 of [2]. If both transport blocks are enabled, transport block 1 is mapped to codeword 0; and transport block 2 is mapped to codeword 1. In case one of the transport blocks is disabled, the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2. For a single enabled codeword, indices 24 to 39 in Table 5.3.3.1.8-3 are only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two layers.
- All the remaining bits in format 4A are set to zero.

If the number of information bits in format 4A is equal to the payload size for DCI format 1, 2, 2A, 2B, 2C or 2D associated with the configured DL transmission mode in the same serving cell, one zero bit shall be appended to format 4A.

# 5.3.3.1.8B Format 4B

DCI format 4B is used for the scheduling of PUSCH with multi-antenna port transmission mode in each of multiple subframes in a LAA SCell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 4B:

- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits. The field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- PUSCH trigger A 1 bit, where value 0 indicates non-triggered scheduling and value 1 indicates triggered scheduling as defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
- Timing offset 4 bits as defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
  - When the PUSCH trigger A is set to 0,
    - The field indicates the absolute timing offset for the PUSCH transmission.
  - Otherwise,
    - The first two bits of the field indicate the timing offset, relative to the UL offset *l* as defined in clause 13A of [3], for the PUSCH transmission.
    - The last two bits of the field indicate the time window within which the scheduling of PUSCH via triggered scheduling is valid.
- Number of scheduled subframes 1 or 2 bits. The 1-bit field applies when *maxNumberOfSchedSubframes-Format4B-r14* is configured by higher layers to two, otherwise the 2-bit field applies.

- Resource block assignment 5 or 6 bits provide the resource allocation in the UL subframe as defined in clause 8.1.4 of [3].
- HARQ process number 4 bits. The 4-bit applies to the first scheduled subframe, and the HARQ process numbers for other scheduled subframes are defined in clause 8.0 of [3].
- Redundancy version *maxNumberOfSchedSubframes-Format4B-r14* bits. Each scheduled PUSCH corresponds to 1 bit as defined in clause 8.6.1 of [3]. Redundancy version is common for both transport blocks.
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3].
- Cyclic shift for DM RS and OCC index 3 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2].
- CSI request 1, 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]. The 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to
  - UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell;
  - UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process;
  - UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*;

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells;

otherwise the 1-bit field applies.

- SRS request 2 bits as defined in clause 8.2 of [3].
- Partial PUSCH Mode 1 1 bit only present if *laa-PUSCH-Mode1* is configured by higher layer, and applicable to each of the scheduled subframe(s), except for the first scheduled subframe in case the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 2' field is value 1 and the last scheduled subframe in case the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 3' field is value 1, where
  - value 0 indicates the starting position of the PUSCH is determined following Partial PUSCH Mode 0 as defined in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-3;
  - value 1 indicates the starting position of the PUSCH of the first transmitted subframe is determined following Partial PUSCH Mode 1 as defined in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-3.
- Partial PUSCH Mode 2 1 bit. This field is only present if *laa-PUSCH-Mode2* is configured by higher layer, and applicable to only the first scheduled subframe.
- Partial PUSCH Mode 3 1 bit. This field is only present if *laa-PUSCH-Mode3* is configured by higher layer, and applicable to only the last scheduled subframe.
- PUSCH starting position 2 bits
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-2 applicable to only the first scheduled subframe, if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 2' field is value 1;
  - as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.1A-1 applicable to only the first scheduled subframe otherwise.
- PUSCH ending symbol 1 bit, where
  - if the 'Partial PUSCH Mode 3' is value 1, value 0 indicates symbol 6 of the last scheduled subframe, and value 1 indicates symbol 3 of the last scheduled subframe;
  - otherwise value 0 indicates the last symbol of the last scheduled subframe and value 1 indicates the second to last symbol of the last scheduled subframe.
- Channel Access type 1 bit as defined in clause 4.2 of [8].
- Channel Access Priority Class 2 bits as defined in clause 4.2 of [8].

In addition, for transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version – 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3].

 New data indicator – maxNumberOfSchedSubframes-Format4B-r14 bits. Each scheduled PUSCH corresponds to 1 bit.

In addition, for transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3].
- New data indicator maxNumberOfSchedSubframes-Format4B-r14 bits. Each scheduled PUSCH corresponds to 1 bit.

Precoding information and number of layers: number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.8-1. Bit field as shown in Table 5.3.3.1.8-2 and Table 5.3.3.1.8-3. Note that TPMI for 2 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-1 of [2], and TPMI for 4 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-2, Table 5.3.3A.2-3, Table 5.3.3A.2-4 and Table 5.3.3A.2-5 of [2]. If both transport blocks are enabled, transport block 1 is mapped to codeword 0; and transport block 2 is mapped to codeword 1. In case one of the transport blocks is disabled, the transport block to codeword mapping is specified according to Table 5.3.3.1.5-2. For a single enabled codeword, indices 24 to 39 in Table 5.3.3.1.8-3 are only supported for retransmission of the corresponding transport block if that transport block has previously been transmitted using two layers.

If the number of information bits in format 4B is equal to the payload size for DCI format 1, 2, 2A, 2B, 2C or 2D associated with the configured DL transmission mode in the same serving cell, one zero bit shall be appended to format 4B.

## 5.3.3.1.9 Format 5

DCI format 5 is used for the scheduling of PSCCH, and also contains several SCI format 0 fields used for the scheduling of PSSCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 5:

- Resource for PSCCH 6 bits as defined in clause 14.2.1 of [3]
- -TPC command for PSCCH and PSSCH 1 bit as defined in clauses 14.2.1 and 14.1.1 of [3]
- SCI format 0 fields according to 5.4.3.1.1:
  - Frequency hopping flag
  - Resource block assignment and hopping resource allocation
  - Time resource pattern

If the number of information bits in format 5 mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 0 for scheduling the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended to format 5 until the payload size equals that of format 0 including any padding bits appended to format 0.

### 5.3.3.1.9A Format 5A

DCI format 5A is used for the scheduling of PSCCH, and also contains several SCI format 1 fields used for the scheduling of PSSCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 5A:

- Carrier indicator –3 bits. This field is present according to the definitions in [3].
- Lowest index of the subchannel allocation to the initial transmission  $\left|\log_2(N_{\text{subchannel}}^{\text{SL}})\right|$  bits as defined in clause 14.1.1.4C of [3].
- SCI format 1 fields according to 5.4.3.1.2:
  - Frequency resource location of initial transmission and retransmission.
  - Time gap between initial transmission and retransmission.

- SL index – 2 bits as defined in clause 14.2.1 of [3] (this field is present only for cases with TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 0-6).

When the format 5A CRC is scrambled with SL-SPS-V-RNTI, the following fields are present:

- SL SPS configuration index 3 bits as defined in clause 14.2.1 of [3].
- Activation/release indication 1 bit, where value 0 indicates release and value 1 indicates activation.

If the number of information bits in format 5A mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 0 mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 5A until the payload size equals that of format 0 including any padding bits appended to format 0.

If the format 5A CRC is scrambled by SL-V-RNTI and if the number of information bits in format 5A mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 5A with CRC scrambled by SL-SPS-V-RNTI mapped onto the same search space and format 0 is not defined on the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 5A until the payload size equals that of format 5A with CRC scrambled by SL-SPS-V-RNTI.

#### 5.3.3.1.10 Format 6-0A

DCI format 6-0A is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in one UL cell, for the indication of ACK feedback, and operation on preconfigured UL resources.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 6-0A:

- Flag format 6-0A/format 6-1A differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 6-0A and value 1 indicates format 6-1A
- Frequency hopping flag 1 bit, where value 0 indicates frequency hopping is not enabled and value 1 indicates frequency hopping is enabled as defined in clause 5.3.4 of [2]. The field is not present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- Number of resource units 2 bits, where value '00' indicates the format 6-0A DCI uses PRB resource allocation, otherwise the DCI format 6-0A uses sub-PRB resource allocation as defined in clause 8.1.6 of [3]. This field is present when *ce-PUSCH-SubPRB-Config* is configured by higher layers and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3], or when the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by PUR-RNTI as defined in [3] and the UE is not configured with higher layer parameter *numRUs* = '00'
- Resource block assignment
  - If the format 6-0A DCI uses sub-PRB resource allocation:

$$- \left[ \log_2 \left[ \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}}{6} \right] \right] + 6 \text{ bits for PUSCH as defined in [3]}$$

- 
$$\left[\log_2\left\lfloor\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL}}{6}\right\rfloor\right]$$
 MSB bits provide the narrowband index as defined in clause 5.2.4 of [2]

- 6 bits provide the resource allocation within the indicated narrowband using UL resource allocation type 5 as defined in clause 8.1.6 of [3]
- Else if flexible starting PRB for PUSCH resource allocation is enabled by higher layers with  $N_{RB}^{UL}$  equal to  $N_{RB}^{DL}$  and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3],  $\left[\log_2(6N_{RB}^{UL})\right]$  bits for FDD PUSCH and  $\left[\log_2(5N_{RB}^{UL})\right]$  bits for TDD PUSCH provide the resource allocation using UL resource allocation type 0 as defined in clause 8.1.1 of [3]

- Otherwise, 
$$\left[\log_2\left\lfloor\frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}}{6}\right\rfloor\right]$$
 +5 bits for PUSCH as defined in [3]:

- If the 5 LSB bits indicate a value not larger than 20
  - $\left[\log_2\left[\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL}}{6}\right]\right]$  MSB bits provide the narrowband index as defined in clause 5.2.4 of [2]
  - 5 bits provide the resource allocation using UL resource allocation type 0 within the indicated narrowband
- Otherwise,
  - $\left[\log_2\left\lfloor\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL}}{6}\right\rfloor\right]$  +5 bits provide the resource allocation using UL resource allocation type 4 as defined in clause 8.1.5 of [3]

If format 6-0A CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI and Resource block assignment is set to all ones, the remaining fields are set as follows:

- ACK or Fallback indicator 1 bit, where value 0 indicates ACK and value 1 indicates fallback as defined in clause 9.1.5.3 of [3]
- PUSCH repetition adjustment 2 bits, this field refers to indices n1, n2, ..., n4 in Table 8-2b of [3]
- Timing advance adjustment 6 bits as defined in clause 4.2.3 of [3]. The field is only present if ACK or Fallback indicator is set to 0.
- All the remaining bits in format 6-0A are set to zero

#### Otherwise

- Modulation and coding scheme 3 or 4 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]. The 3-bit field applies when the format 6-0A DCI uses sub-PRB resource allocation, otherwise the 4-bit field applies.
- Repetition number 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 8.0 of [3]. The 3-bit field applies when *ce-pdsch-puschEnhancement-config* is configured by higher layers and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], otherwise the 2-bit field applies.
- HARQ process number 3 bits. The field is not present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- New data indicator 1 bit. The field is not present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- Redundancy version 2 bits. The field is not present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- UL index 2 bits as defined in clauses 5.1.1.1, 7.2.1, and 8 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 0)
- Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3] (This field is present only for cases with TDD primary cell and either TDD operation with uplink-downlink configurations 1-6 or FDD operation. This field is reserved when the configured maximum repetition number is larger than 1 for MPDCCH, or when the higher layer parameter *csi-NumRepetitionCE-r13* indicates more than one subframe)
- CSI request 1 bit as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]. This field is reserved if the format 6-0A DCI uses sub-PRB resource allocation.
- SRS request –1 bit. The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.2 of [3]
- DCI subframe repetition number 2 bits as defined in clause 9.1.5 of [3]

- Modulation order override 1 bit as defined in clause 8.6.1 of [3]. This field is only present when *ce-pdsch-puschEnhancement-config* is configured by higher layers and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]
- Scheduling TBs for Unicast 12 bits. This field is only present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3]. This field schedules one TB if the CRC of the DCI is scrambled by SPS C-RNTI.
  - If one TB is scheduled
    - 5 bits set to zero
    - HARQ process number 3 bits
    - New data indicator 1 bit
    - Redundancy version 2 bits
    - Frequency hopping flag 1 bit, where value 0 indicates frequency hopping is not enabled and value 1 indicates frequency hopping is enabled as defined in clause 5.3.4 of [2]. If frequency hopping is not enabled by higher layers, this field is set to 0.
  - If two TBs are scheduled
    - 2 bits set to zero
    - HARQ index with offset 6 bits provide the HARQ index + offset, with an offset of +8 and HARQ index as defined in 8.0 of [3]
    - New data indicators 2 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
    - Redundancy version for TB 1-1 bit
    - Redundancy version for TB 2 1 bit. If Repetition number is > 1 and frequency hopping is enabled by higher layers then this bit is a Frequency hopping flag for the TBs, and TB2 uses the redundancy version for TB1.
  - If four TBs are scheduled
    - 1 bit set to zero
    - HARQ index with offset 7 bits provide the HARQ index + offset, with an offset of +36 and HARQ index as defined in 8.0 of [3]
    - New data indicators 4 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
  - If six TBs are scheduled
    - HARQ index with offset 6 bits provide the HARQ index + offset, with an offset of +27 and HARQ index as defined in 8.0 of [3]
    - New data indicators 6 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
  - If eight TBs are scheduled
    - 3 bits set to one
    - New data indicators 8 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
    - Redundancy version for all TBs 1 bit. If Repetition number is > 1 and frequency hopping is enabled by higher layers then this bit is a Frequency hopping flag for the TBs, and the redundancy version for all TBs starts at 0.
- Resource reservation 1 bit as defined in clause 8.0 of [3]. This field is only present if UL resource reservation is enabled for the UE as specified in [6] and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].

If *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is not enabled and the Resource block assignment in format 6-0A is set to all ones, or *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and *mpdcch-UL-HARQ-ACK-FeedbackConfig* is configured and the 6 MSB bits of the Scheduling TBs for Unicast Field are set to '110111', format 6-0A is used for the indication of ACK feedback. 8 bits including the 6 LSB bits of the Scheduling TBs for Unicast Field and 2 MSB bits of Repetition number are used to indicate HARQ-ACK by bitmap, where the order of the bitmap to HARQ process index mapping is such that HARQ process indices are mapped in ascending order from MSB to LSB of the bitmap. For each bit of the bitmap, value 1 indicates ACK, and value 0 is reserved. And all the remaining bits except Flag format 6-0A/format 6-1A differentiation and DCI subframe repetition number are set to zero.

If the number of information bits in format 6-0A mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 6-1A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space (including any padding bits appended to format 6-1A), zeros shall be appended to format 6-0A until the payload size equals that of format 6-1A.

#### 5.3.3.1.11 Format 6-0B

DCI format 6-0B is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in one UL cell, for the indication of ACK feedback, and operation on preconfigured UL resources.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 6-0B:

- Flag for format 6-0B/format 6-1B differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 6-0B and value 1 indicates format 6-1B
- Flag for sub-PRB resource allocation 1 bit, where value 1 indicates the format 6-0B DCI uses sub-PRB resource allocation and value 0 indicates the format 6-0B DCI does not use sub-PRB resource allocation. This field is present when *ce-PUSCH-SubPRB-Config* is configured by higher layers and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3], or when the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by PUR-RNTI as defined in [3] and the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *subPRB-Allocation* = 'true'.
- Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]. The field is only present if format 6-0B CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI and for not sub-PRB resource allocation.
- Resource block assignment The field is not present if format 6-0B CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI and Modulation and coding scheme is set to all ones for not sub-PRB resource allocation.
  - If the flag for sub-PRB resource allocation is set to 1:

- 
$$\left[\log_2 \left| \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}}{6} \right| \right]$$
 +4 bits for PUSCH as defined in [3]

- 
$$\left[\log_2\left|\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL}}{6}\right|\right]$$
 MSB bits provide the narrowband index as defined in clause 5.2.4 of [2]

- 4 bits provide the resource allocation within the indicated narrowband using UL resource allocation type 5 as defined in clause 8.1.6 of [3]

- Otherwise, 
$$\left[\log_2 \left| \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}}{6} \right| \right]$$
 +3 bits for PUSCH as defined in [3]:

- 
$$\left[\log_2 \left| \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}}{6} \right| \right]$$
 MSB bits provide the narrowband index as defined in clause 5.2.4 of [2]

- 3 bits provide the resource allocation within the indicated narrowband as specified in clause 8.1.3 of [3]

If format 6-0B CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI and Resource block assignment is set to all ones for sub-PRB resource allocation or Modulation and coding scheme is set to all ones for not sub-PRB resource allocation, the remaining fields are set as follows:

- ACK or Fallback indicator 1 bit, where value 0 indicates ACK and value 1 indicates fallback as defined in clause 9.1.5.3 of [3]
- PUSCH repetition adjustment 3 bits, this field refers to indices n1, n2, ..., n8 in Table 8-2c of [3]
- Timing advance adjustment 6 bits as defined in clause 4.2.3 of [3]. The field is only present if ACK or Fallback indicator is set to 0.
- All the remaining bits in format 6-0B are set to zero

#### Otherwise

- Modulation and coding scheme 3 or 4 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]. The 3-bit field applies when the flag for sub-PRB resource allocation is present and set to 1, otherwise the 4-bit field applies. The field is not present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3], or if format 6-0B CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI and for not sub-PRB resource allocation.
- Number of resource units 1 bit as defined in clause 8.1.6 of [3]. This field is present when the flag for sub-PRB resource allocation is present and is reserved when the flag for sub-PRB resource allocation is set to 0.
- Repetition number 3 bits as defined in clause 8.0 of [3]
- HARQ process number 1 bit. The field is not present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- New data indicator 1 bit. The field is not present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- DCI subframe repetition number 2 bits as defined in clause 9.1.5 of [3]
- Scheduling TBs for Unicast 10 bits. This field is only present if *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
  - If one TB is scheduled
    - 3 bits set to zero
    - Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits
    - HARQ process number 2 bits
    - New data indicator 1 bit
  - If two TBs are scheduled
    - 1 bit set to zero
    - Modulation and coding scheme with offset 4 bits provide the Modulation and coding scheme + offset, with an offset of +3
    - HARQ index 3 bits provide the HARQ index as defined in 8.0 of [3]
    - New data indicators 2 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
  - If three TBs are scheduled
    - Modulation and coding scheme with offset -5 bits provide the Modulation and coding scheme + offset, with an offset of +15
    - HARQ index 2 bits provide the HARQ index as defined in 8.0 of [3]
    - New data indicators 3 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
  - If four TBs are scheduled

- Modulation and coding scheme with offset 6 bits provide the Modulation and coding scheme + offset, with an offset of +52
- New data indicators 4 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
- Resource reservation 1 bit as defined in clause 8.0 of [3]. This field is only present if UL resource reservation is enabled for the UE as specified in [6] and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].

If *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is not enabled and the Modulation and coding scheme in format 6-0B is 4 bits and set to all ones, or *ce-PUSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and *mpdcch-UL-HARQ-ACK-FeedbackConfig* is configured and the 6 MSB bits of the Scheduling TBs for Unicast Field are set to '111111', format 6-0B is used for the indication of ACK feedback. 4 LSB bits of the Scheduling TBs for Unicast Field are used to indicate 4 HARQ-ACK by bitmap, where the order of the bitmap to HARQ process index mapping is such that HARQ process indices are mapped in ascending order from MSB to LSB of the bitmap. For each bit of the bitmap, value 1 indicates ACK, and value 0 is reserved. And all the remaining bits except Flag for format 6-0B/format 6-1B differentiation and DCI subframe repetition number are set to zero.

If the number of information bits in format 6-0B mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 6-1B for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space (including any padding bits appended to format 6-1B), zeros shall be appended to format 6-0B until the payload size equals that of format 6-1B.

#### 5.3.3.1.12 Format 6-1A

DCI format 6-1A is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword per TTI in one cell, random access procedure initiated by a PDCCH order, notifying SC-MCCH change, operation on preconfigured UL resources, and direct indication. The DCI corresponding to a PDCCH order can be carried by MPDCCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 6-1A:

Format 6-1A is used for direction indication only if the DCI CRC is scrambled by SI-RNTI and *ce-ETWS-CMAS-RxInConn* is configured by higher layers, and all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Direct Indication information 8 bits provide direct indication of fields, as defined in [6]
- Zeros are added until the size is equal to that of format 6-1A scrambled with C-RNTI when format 6-1A is mapped onto the common search space

#### Otherwise,

- Flag format 6-0A/format 6-1A differentiation – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 6-0A and value 1 indicates format 6-1A

Format 6-1A is used for random access procedure initiated by a PDCCH order only if format 6-1A CRC is scrambled with C-RNTI and all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Resource block assignment  $\left[\log_2\left\lfloor\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6}\right\rfloor\right]$  +5 bits, where all bits shall be set to 1
- Preamble Index 6 bits
- PRACH Mask Index 4 bits, [5]
- Starting CE level 2 bits provide the PRACH starting CE level as defined in [5]
- All the remaining bits in format 6-1A for compact scheduling assignment of one PDSCH codeword are set to zero

#### Otherwise,

- Frequency hopping flag – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates frequency hopping is not enabled and value 1 indicates frequency hopping is enabled as defined in clause 6.4.1 of [2]. If the UE is configured with 64QAM for PDSCH and the repetition number field indicates no PDSCH repetition, this field is the MSB bit of the extended Modulation and coding scheme field, as specified in Table 7.1.7.1-1 of [3]. The field is not present if *ce-PDSCH*-

*MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].

- Resource block assignment flag 1 bit. This field is only present when the higher layer parameter *ce-pdsch-maxBandwidth-config* is configured and set to 20 MHz and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- Resource block assignment -
  - If *ce-pdsch-maxBandwidth-config* is set to 5 MHz or *mpdcch-PDSCH-MaxBandwidth-SC-MTCH* is set to 24 PRBs or the resource block assignment flag is set to 1, and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3],

- If 
$$N_{RB}^{DL} > 25$$
,  $\left[\log_2 \left\lfloor \frac{N_{RB}^{DL}}{6} \right\rfloor \right] + 8$  bits for PDSCH as defined in [3]:

- $\left[\log_2\left\lfloor\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6}\right\rfloor\right]$  MSB bits provide the starting narrowband index as defined in clause 6.2.7 of [2]
- 3 bit bitmap provides additional allocated narrowbands among the three narrowbands following the starting narrowband. The order of the bitmap to narrowband index mapping is such that the first narrowband after the starting narrowband to the third narrowband after the starting narrowband are mapped to MSB to LSB of the bitmap.
- 5 bits provide the same resource allocation using DL resource allocation type 2 within each of the allocated narrowbands.
- Else if  $6 < N_{RB}^{DL} \le 25$  ,  $\left\lfloor \frac{N_{RB}^{DL}}{6} \right\rfloor$  + 5 bits for PDSCH as defined below:
  - $\left| \frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6} \right|$  MSB bits provide a bitmap of allocated narrowbands. The order of the bitmap to

narrowband index mapping is such that narrowband index 0 to  $\left\lfloor \frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6} \right\rfloor - 1$  are mapped to MSB to

LSB of the bitmap.

- 5 bits provide the same resource allocation using DL resource allocation type 2 within each of the allocated narrowbands
- Otherwise, 5 bits for PDSCH as defined below:
  - 5 bits provide resource allocation using DL resource allocation type 2
- Else if the resource block assignment flag is set to 0:

- 
$$\left[\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{S}\right]$$
 bits provide the RBG bitmap as defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3], where  $S=9$  if  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}>75$  and  $S=6$  otherwise

- Reserved information bits are added until the size is equal to the size of the resource block assignment with resource block assignment flag is set to 1
- Otherwise,  $\left[\log_2 \left| \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}}{6} \right| \right]$  +5 bits for PDSCH as defined in [3]:

- $\left[\log_2 \left| \frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6} \right| \right]$  MSB bits provide the narrowband index as defined in clause 6.2.7 of [2]
- 5 bits provide the resource allocation using DL resource allocation type 2 within the indicated narrowband
- Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
- Repetition number 2 bits as defined in clause 7.1.11 of [3]
- Number of scheduled TB for SC-MTCH 3 bits, indicating from 1 to 8 TBs. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *sc-MTCH-InfoList-MultiTB-r16* is enabled and the CRC of the DCI is scrambled by G-RNTI.
- HARQ process number 3 bits (for cases with FDD primary cell), 4 bits (for cases with TDD primary cell, or for cases with FDD primary cell when *ce-pdsch-tenProcesses-config* or *ce-PDSCH-14HARQ-Config* is configured by higher layers and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]). This field is not present when the format 6-1A CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI, or if *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- New data indicator 1 bit. This field is not present when the format 6-1A CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI, or if *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- Redundancy version 2 bits. The field is not present if *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- TPC command for PUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3] . This field is not present when the format 6-1A CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI.
  - If the format 6-1A CRC is scrambled by RA-RNTI:
    - The most significant bit of the TPC command is reserved.
    - The least significant bit of the TPC command indicates column  $N_{PRB}^{1A}$  of the TBS table defined of [3].
    - If least significant bit is 0 then  $N_{PRB}^{1A} = 2$  else  $N_{PRB}^{1A} = 3$ .
  - Else
    - The two bits including the most significant bit indicate the TPC command
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2. This field is reserved when *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and multiple TBs are scheduled, or when the configured maximum repetition number is larger than 1 for MPDCCH, and not present when the format 6-1A CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI, or when the higher layer parameter *csi-NumRepetitionCE-r13* indicates more than one subframe.
- Antenna port(s) and scrambling identity 2 bits indicating the values 0 to 3, as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-1. This field is present only if PDSCH transmission is configured with TM9 for DCI formats scheduling PDSCH which are mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- SRS request –1 bit. The interpretation of this field is provided in clause 8.2 of [3]
- TPMI information for precoding number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.3A-1.
  - TPMI information indicates which codebook index is used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [2] corresponding to the single-layer transmission. This field is present only if PDSCH transmission is configured with TM6 for DCI formats scheduling PDSCH which are mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- PMI confirmation for precoding 1 bit as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.3A-2. This field is present only if PDSCH transmission is configured with TM6 for DCI formats scheduling PDSCH which are mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3].

- HARQ-ACK resource offset 0 or 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3] (this field is 0 bits if Information for SC-MCCH change notification is present)
- Information for SC-MCCH change notification 2 bits as defined in clause 5.8a of [6] (this field is present if the format 6-1A CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI)
- DCI subframe repetition number 0 or 2 bits as defined in clause 9.1.5 of [3] (this field is 0 bits if Transport blocks in a bundle is present)
- Transport blocks in a bundle 0 or 2 bits, where 2 bits indicate from 1 to 4 transport blocks in a bundle (this field is 2 bits when DCI Field "HARQ-ACK bundling flag" is set to 1, and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]; otherwise this field is 0 bits).
- HARQ-ACK bundling flag 1 bit, where value 0 indicates HARQ-ACK bundling is not enabled and value 1 indicates HARQ-ACK bundling is enabled as defined in clause 7.3 of [3]. This field is only present when the higher layer parameter *ce-HarqAckBundling-config* is configured and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- HARQ-ACK delay 3 bits as defined in 7.3 of [3]. This field is only present when the higher layer parameter *ceschedulingEnhancement-config* or *ce-HarqAckBundling-config* is configured and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3] and the field "PDSCH scheduling delay and HARQ-ACK delay for 14 HARQ" is not present.
- PDSCH scheduling delay and HARQ-ACK delay for 14 HARQ 5 or 7 bits as defined in Table 5.3.3.1.12-1 and Table 5.3.3.1.12-2. This field is only present when the higher layer parameter *ce-PDSCH-14HARQ-Config* is configured and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]. The field is 5 bits when *ce-HARQ-AckDelay* is Alt-2e and 7 bits when *ce-HARQ-AckDelay* is Alt-1.
- Multi-TB HARQ-ACK bundling size 2 bits as defined in 7.3 of [3]. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is configured as enabled and higher layer parameter *harq-AckBundling* is configured and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- Scheduling TBs for Unicast 12 bits. This field is only present if *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3]. This field schedules one TB if the CRC of the DCI is scrambled by SPS C-RNTI.
  - If one TB is scheduled
    - 5 bits set to zero
    - HARQ process number 3 bits
    - New data indicator 1 bit
    - Redundancy version 2 bits
    - Frequency hopping flag 1 bit, where value 0 indicates frequency hopping is not enabled and value 1 indicates frequency hopping is enabled as defined in clause 6.4.1 of [2]. If the UE is configured with 64QAM for PDSCH and the repetition number field indicates no PDSCH repetition, this field is the MSB bit of the extended Modulation and coding scheme field, as specified in Table 7.1.7.1-1 of [3]. If the UE is not configured with 64QAM for PDSCH and frequency hopping is not enabled by higher layers, this field is set to 0.
  - If two TBs are scheduled
    - 2 bits set to zero
    - HARQ index with offset 6 bits provide the HARQ index + offset, with an offset of +8 and HARQ index as defined in 7.1.7.2 of [3]
    - New data indicators 2 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
    - Redundancy version for TB 1 1 bit
    - Redundancy version for TB 2 1 bit. If the UE is configured with 64QAM for PDSCH and the repetition number field indicates no PDSCH repetition then this bit is the MSB bit of the extended Modulation and

coding scheme field. If Repetition number is > 1 and frequency hopping is enabled by higher layers then this bit is a Frequency hopping flag for the TBs. In these cases TB2 uses the redundancy version for TB1.

- If four TBs are scheduled
  - 1 bit set to zero
  - HARQ index with offset 7 bits provide the HARQ index + offset, with an offset of +36 and HARQ index as defined in 7.1.7.2 of [3]
  - New data indicators 4 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
- If six TBs are scheduled
  - HARQ index with offset 6 bits provide the HARQ index + offset, with an offset of +27 and HARQ index as defined in 7.1.7.2 of [3]
  - New data indicators 6 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
- If eight TBs are scheduled
  - 3 bits set to one
  - New data indicators 8 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
  - Redundancy version for all TBs 1 bit. If the UE is configured with 64QAM for PDSCH and the repetition number field indicates no PDSCH repetition then this bit is the MSB bit of the extended Modulation and coding scheme field. If Repetition number is > 1 and frequency hopping is enabled by higher layers then this bit is a Frequency hopping flag for the TBs. In these cases the redundancy version for all TBs starts at 0.
- Multi-TB HARQ processes group 1 bit, where value 0 indicates that the Scheduling TBs for Unicast Field applies to the first group of 8 HARQ process and value 1 indicates the second group. This field is only present for TDD operation with more than 8 maximum processes and if the Scheduling TBs for Unicast Field is present.
- Resource reservation 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1 of [3]. This field is only present if DL resource reservation is enabled for the UE as specified in [6] and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].

When the format 6-1A CRC is scrambled with a RA-RNTI, then the following fields among the fields above are reserved:

- HARQ process number
- New data indicator
- Downlink Assignment Index
- HARQ-ACK resource offset

If the UE is not configured to decode MPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI or PUR-RNTI, and the format 6-1A CRC is not scrambled with a G-RNTI, and the number of information bits in format 6-1A is less than that of format 6-0A, zeros shall be appended to format 6-1A until the payload size equals that of format 6-0A.

If the UE is configured to decode MPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI or PUR-RNTI, and the format 6-1A CRC is not scrambled with a G-RNTI, and the number of information bits in format 6-1A mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 6-0A for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 6-1A until the payload size equals that of format 6-0A.

Table 5.3.3.1.12-1: Content of "PDSCH scheduling delay and HARQ-ACK delay for 14 HARQ" for ce-HARQ-AckDelay = Alt-2e

Bit field mapped to index	PDSCH scheduling delay option (Table 5.3.3.1.12-3)	HARQ-ACK delay (subframes)
0	0	4

1	0	5
2 3	0	6
3	0	7
4	0	8
5	0	9
5 6 7	0	10
	0	11
8	0	12
9	0	13
10	0	15
11	0	17
12	1	4
13	1	5
14	1	10
15	1	12
16	1	13
17	1	14
18	1	15
19	1	16
20	1	17
21	1	18
22	2	4
23	2 2 2	5
24	2	10
25	2	12
26	2 2	13
27	2	14
28	2	15
29	2	16
30	2	17
31	2	18

Table 5.3.3.1.12-2: Content of "PDSCH scheduling delay and HARQ-ACK delay for 14 HARQ" for ce-HARQ-AckDelay = Alt-1

Bit field mapped to index	PDSCH scheduling delay option (Table 5.3.3.1.12-3)	(y) BL/CE DL 1 subframe +	CK delay . subframes + (z) BL/CE UL ames
		у	z
0	0	0	1
11	0	11	1
12	0	0	2
23	0	11	2
24	0	0	3
35	0	11	3
36	1	0	1
47	1	11	1
48	1	0	2
59	1	11	2
60	1	0	3
71	1	11	3
72	2	0	1
83	2	11	1
84	2	0	2

95	2	11	2
96	2	0	3
107	2	11	3
108-127	reserved	d	

Table 5.3.3.1.12-3: PDSCH scheduling delay options

Option	Description
0	2 BL/CE DL subframes
1	1 BL/CE DL subframe + 1 subframe + 3 BL/CE UL subframes + 1 subframe + 1 BL/CE DL subframe
2	1 subframe + 3 BL/CE UL subframes + 1 subframe + 2 BL/CE DL subframes

#### 5.3.3.1.13 Format 6-1B

DCI format 6-1B is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword per TTI in one cell, notifying SC-MCCH change, operation on preconfigured UL resources, and direct indication.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 6-1B:

Format 6-1B is used for direction indication only if the DCI CRC is scrambled by SI-RNTI and *ce-ETWS-CMAS-RxInConn* is configured by higher layers, and all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Direct Indication information 8 bits provide direct indication of fields, as defined in [6]
- Zeros are added until the size is equal to 14+  $\left[\log_2\left[\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6}\right]\right]$  +1 bits

#### Otherwise,

- Flag for format 6-0B/format 6-1B differentiation – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 6-0B and value 1 indicates format 6-1B

Format 6-1B is used for random access procedure initiated by a PDCCH order only if format 6-1B CRC is scrambled with C-RNTI and all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Reserved bits  $\left[\log_2\left\lfloor\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6}\right\rfloor\right]$  +2 bits, where all bits shall be set to 1
- Preamble Index 6 bits
- PRACH Mask Index 4 bits [5]
- Starting CE level 2 bits provide the PRACH starting CE level as defined in [5]
- All the remaining bits in format 6-1B for compact scheduling assignment of one PDSCH codeword are set to zero

#### Otherwise,

- Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]. The field is not present if *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- Resource block assignment -

- If ce-pdsch-maxBandwidth-config is set to 5 MHz or mpdcch-PDSCH-MaxBandwidth-SC-MTCH is set to 24 PRBs,
  - If  $N_{RB}^{DL} > 25$ ,  $\left[ \log_2 \left[ \frac{N_{RB}^{DL}}{24} \right] \right] + 4$  bits for PDSCH as defined in [3]:
    - $\left[\log_2 \left| \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}}{24} \right| \right]$  MSB bits provide the wideband index as defined in clause 6.2.7 of [2]
    - 4 bits provide a narrowband bitmap for resource allocation within the indicated wideband
  - Otherwise,  $\left| \frac{N_{RB}^{DL}}{6} \right|$  bits for PDSCH as defined below:
    - if  $\left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}}{6} \right\rfloor$  = 1, 1 bit provides the resource allocation within the narrowband, where value 0 indicates RBs with PRB index {0, 1, 2, 3} and value 1 indicates that all 6 PRBs are used.
    - Otherwise,  $\left| \frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6} \right|$  bits provide allocated narrowbands
- Else if ce-pdsch-maxBandwidth-config is set to 20 MHz,
  - If  $N_{RB}^{DL} \ge 50$ ,  $\left[\log_2 \left\lfloor \frac{N_{RB}^{DL}}{24} \right\rfloor \right] + 5$  bits for PDSCH as defined in [3]:
    - $\left[\log_2 \left| \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}}{24} \right| \right]$  + 1 bits provide a wideband combination index as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]
    - 4 bits provide a narrowband bitmap for resource allocation within each indicated wideband
  - Otherwise,  $\left| \frac{N_{RB}^{DL}}{6} \right|$  bits for PDSCH as defined in [3]:
    - If  $\left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}}{6} \right\rfloor$  = 1, 1 bit provides the resource allocation within the narrowband, where value 0 indicates RBs with PRB index {0, 1, 2, 3} and value 1 indicates that all 6 PRBs are used.
    - Otherwise,  $\left\lfloor \frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6} \right\rfloor$  bits provide a narrowband bitmap for resource allocation
- Otherwise,  $\left[\log_2\left|\frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}}{6}\right|\right]$  +1 bits for PDSCH as defined in [3]:
  - $\left[\log_2\left\lfloor\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6}\right\rfloor\right]$  MSB bits provide the narrowband index as defined in clause 6.2.7 of [2]
  - 1 bit provides the resource allocation within the indicated narrowband, where value 0 indicates RBs with PRB index {0, 1, 2, 3} and value 1 indicates that all 6 PRBs are used.

- Repetition number 3 bits as defined in clause 7.1.11 of [3]
- Number of scheduled TB for SC-MTCH 3 bits, indicating from 1 to 8 TBs. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *sc-MTCH-InfoList-MultiTB-r16* is enabled and the CRC of the DCI is scrambled by G-RNTI.
- HARQ process number 1 bit. This field is not present when the format 6-1B CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI, or if *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- New data indicator 1 bit. This field is not present when the format 6-1B CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI, or if ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
- HARQ-ACK resource offset 0 or 2 bits as defined in clause 10.1 of [3] (this field is 0 bits if Information for SC-MCCH change notification is present). If *downlinkHARQ-FeedbackDisabledDCI* is configured, or if *downlinkHARQ-FeedbackDisabledBitmap* and *downlinkHARQ-FeedbackDisabledDCI* are configured, and the value is '3', it functions as a HARQ feedback disabled indicator as defined in clause 7.3 of [3].
- Information for SC-MCCH change notification 2 bits as defined in clause 5.8a of [6] (this field is present if the format 6-1B CRC is scrambled with G-RNTI)
- DCI subframe repetition number –2 bits as defined in clause 9.1.5 of [3]
- Scheduling TBs for Unicast 10 bits. This field is only present if *ce-PDSCH-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].
  - If one TB is scheduled
    - 3 bits set to zero
    - Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits
    - HARQ process number 2 bits
    - New data indicator 1 bit
  - If two TBs are scheduled
    - 1 bit set to zero
    - Modulation and coding scheme with offset 4 bits provide the Modulation and coding scheme + offset, with an offset of +3
    - HARQ index 3 bits provide the HARQ index as defined in 7.1.7.2 of [3]
    - New data indicators 2 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
  - If three TBs are scheduled
    - Modulation and coding scheme with offset 5 bits provide the Modulation and coding scheme + offset, with an offset of +15
    - HARQ index 2 bits provide the HARQ index as defined in 7.1.7.2 of [3]
    - New data indicators 3 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
  - If four TBs are scheduled
    - Modulation and coding scheme with offset 6 bits provide the Modulation and coding scheme + offset, with an offset of +52
    - New data indicators 4 bits, one for each scheduled TB in increasing order of HARQ process ID
- Resource reservation 1 bit as defined in clause 7.1 of [3]. This field is only present if DL resource reservation is enabled for the UE as specified in [6] and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].

When the format 6-1B CRC is scrambled with a RA-RNTI then the following fields among the fields above are reserved:

- HARQ process number
- New data indicator
- HARQ-ACK resource offset

If the UE is not configured to decode MPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI or PUR-RNTI, and the format 6-1B CRC is not scrambled with a G-RNTI, and the number of information bits in format 6-1B is less than that of format 6-0B, zeros shall be appended to format 6-1B until the payload size equals that of format 6-0B.

If the UE is configured to decode MPDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI or PUR-RNTI, and the format 6-1B CRC is not scrambled with a G-RNTI, and the number of information bits in format 6-1B mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 6-0B for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 6-1B until the payload size equals that of format 6-0B.

#### 5.3.3.1.14 Format 6-2

DCI format 6-2 is used for paging, direct indication, scheduling of one PDSCH codeword carrying SC-MCCH in one cell, and notifying SC-MCCH change.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 6-2:

- If the format 6-2 CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI:
  - Flag for paging/direct indication differentiation 1 bit, with value 0 for direct indication and value 1 for paging
- Else if the format 6-2 CRC is scrambled by a SC-RNTI:
  - Information for SC-MCCH change notification 1 bit as defined in clause 5.8a of [6]
- If the format 6-2 CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI and Flag=0:
  - Direct Indication information 8 bits provide direct indication of system information update and other fields, as defined in [6]
  - Reserved information bits are added until the size is equal to that of format 6-2 with Flag=1
- If the format 6-2 CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI and Flag=1, or if the format 6-2 CRC is scrambled by SC-RNTI:
  - Resource block assignment  $\left[\log_2\left[\frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}}{6}\right]\right]$  bits for the narrowband index as defined in clause 7.1.6 of [3]
  - Modulation and coding scheme 3 bits as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]
  - Repetition number 3 bits as defined in clause 7.1.11 of [3]
  - DCI subframe repetition number 2 bits as defined in clause 9.1.5 of [3]

#### 5.3.3.1.15 Format 7-0A

DCI format 7-0A is used for the scheduling of PUSCH with slot or subslot duration in one UL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-0A:

- Flag for UL/DL differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 7-0A and value 1 indicates format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G depending on the configured downlink transmission mode
- Resource block assignment ( $[\log_2([N_{RB}^{UL}/P]([N_{RB}^{UL}/P] + 1)/2)])$ ) bits provide the resource allocation in the UL slot or subslot as defined in clause 8.1.1 of [3], where P = 4 if  $N_{RB}^{UL} > 15$ , and P = 1 otherwise.
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]

- HARQ process number 4 bits
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- DMRS pattern 2 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.2 in [2] (The field is present only for PUSCH with subslot duration)
- Cyclic shift for DMRS and IFDMA configuration 1 bit as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]
- UL index 2 bits as defined in clauses 5.1.1.1, 7.2.1, and 8 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 0, or TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 6 and special subframe configuration 0, 5, 9 or 10)
- Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3] (this field is present only for cases with TDD primary cell and either TDD operation with uplink-downlink configurations 1-6 or FDD operation)
- CSI request 1, 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]:

The 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to

- UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell;
- UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process;
- UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*;

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells;

otherwise the 1-bit field applies

- SRS request 0 or 1 bit as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation, if the UE has indicated the capability *srs-DCI7-Triggering-FS2-r15* and the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-DCI7-TriggeringConfig-r15*)
- Beta offet indicator 1 bit as defined in clause 8.6.3 of [3] (this field is present only if UE is configured with *ul-STTI-Length*=subslot).
- Cyclic Shift Field mapping table for DMRS 1 bit as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2].

If the number of information bits in format 7-0A mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G depending on the configured downlink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space (including any padding bits appended to format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G), zeros shall be appended to format 7-0A until the payload size equals that of format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G.

If the number of information bits in format 7-0A carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-0A until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.16 Format 7-0B

DCI format 7-0B is used for the scheduling of PUSCH with slot or subslot duration in one UL cell with multi-antenna port transmission mode.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-0B:

- Flag for UL/DL differentiation – 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 7-0B and value 1 indicates format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G depending on the configured downlink transmission mode

- Resource block assignment ( $[\log_2([N_{RB}^{UL}/P]([N_{RB}^{UL}/P]+1)/2)]$ ) bits provide the resource allocation in the UL slot or subslot as defined in clause 8.1.1 of [3], where P=4 if  $N_{RB}^{UL}>15$ , and P=1 otherwise.
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 8.6 of [3]
- HARQ process number 4 bits
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.1.1 of [3]
- DMRS pattern 2 bits as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.2 in [2] (The field is present only for PUSCH with subslot duration)
- Cyclic shift for DMRS and IFDMA configuration 1 bit as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2]
- UL index 2 bits as defined in clauses 5.1.1.1, 7.2.1, and 8 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 0, or TDD operation with uplink-downlink configuration 6 and special subframe configuration 0, 5, 9 or 10)
- Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) 2 bits as defined in clause 7.3 of [3] (this field is present only for cases with TDD primary cell and either TDD operation with uplink-downlink configurations 1-6 or FDD operation)
- CSI request 1, 2 or 3 bits as defined in clause 7.2.1 of [3]:

The 2-bit field applies to UEs configured with no more than five DL cells and to

- UEs that are configured with more than one DL cell;
- UEs that are configured by higher layers with more than one CSI process;
- UEs that are configured with two CSI measurement sets by higher layers with the parameter *csi-MeasSubframeSet*;

the 3-bit field applies to UEs that are configured with more than five DL cells;

otherwise the 1-bit field applies

- SRS request 2 bits as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation, if the UE has indicated the capability *srs-DCI7-Triggering-FS2-r15* and the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-DCI7-TriggeringConfig-r15*)
- Beta offet indicator 1 bit as defined in clause 8.6.3 of [3] (this field is present only if UE is configured with *ul-STTI-Length*=subslot).
- Cyclic Shift Field mapping table for DMRS 1 bit as defined in clause 5.5.2.1.1 of [2].
- Precoding information and number of layers: number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.8-1. Bit field are shown in Table 5.3.3.1.16-1 and Table 5.3.3.1.16-2. Note that TPMI for 2 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-1 of [2], and TPMI for 4 antenna ports indicates which codebook index is to be used in Table 5.3.3A.2-2, Table 5.3.3A.2-3, Table 5.3.3A.2-4 and Table 5.3.3A.2-5 of [2].

Table 5.3.3.1.16-1: Content of precoding information field for 2 antenna ports

Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1
2	1 layer: TPMI=2
5	1 layer: TPMI=5
6	2 layers: TPMI=0
7	reserved

Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1
23	1 layer: TPMI=23
24	2 layers: TPMI=0
25	2 layers: TPMI=1
39	2 layers: TPMI=15
40	3 layers: TPMI=0
41	3 layers: TPMI=1
51	3 layers: TPMI=11
52	4 layers: TPMI=0
53-63	reserved

Table 5.3.3.1.16-2: Content of precoding information field for 4 antenna ports

If the number of information bits in format 7-0B mapped onto a given search space is less than the payload size of format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G depending on the configured downlink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space (including any padding bits appended to format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G), zeros shall be appended to format 7-0B until the payload size equals that of format 7-1A/B/C/D/E/F/G.

If the number of information bits in format 7-0B carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-0B until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.17 Format 7-1A

DCI format 7-1A is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword with slot or subslot duration in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-1A:

- Flag for DL/UL differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode and value 1 indicates the DL DCI format
- For resource allocation type 0 as defined in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]:
  - $N_{RB}^{DL}/P$  bits provide the resource allocation

where the value of P depends on the number of DL resource blocks as indicated in clause 7.1.6.1 of [3]

- For resource allocation type 2 as defined in clause 7.1.6.3 of [3]:
  - $\left[\log_2\left(\left[N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}/N_{\rm RB}^{\rm step}\right]/\left[N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}/N_{\rm RB}^{\rm step}\right]+1\right)/2\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation
  - one additional bit if  $N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{DL}} = 25$

where  $N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{step}}$  is defined in clause 7.1.6.3 of [3]

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 7.1.7 of [3]. The MSB is set to 0 when the UE is configured with *blindSlotSubslotPDSCH-Repetitions* set to TRUE and the repetition number is greater than 1 and the higher layer parameter *mcs-restrictionSlotSubslotPDSCH-Repetitions* is configured to 1.
- HARQ process number 4 bits

- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits
- TPC command for slot-SPUCCH or subslot-SPUCCH 2 bits as defined in clause 5.1.2.1 of [3]
- Downlink Assignment Index number of bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.2-2
- Used/Unused SPDCCH resource indication 2 bits (This field is present if the DCI is mapped to SPDCCH and L1-based reuse indication is configured by higher layers)
- SPUCCH resource indication 2 bit as defined in clause 10.1.2 of [3].

10

11

- Repetition number – 2 bits as defined in Table 5.3.3.1.17-1, where the number of transmissions for PDSCH is given by higher layer parameter *maxNumber-SlotSubslotPDSCH-Repetitions* for the value of '11'. This field is present only when the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *blindSlotSubslotPDSCH-Repetitions* set to TRUE.

Bit field Number of transmissions for PDSCH

00 1

01 2

3

as configured by higher layers

Table 5.3.3.1.17-1: Content of repetition number field

If the UE is configured to decode SPDCCH CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 7-1A mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 7-1A until the payload size equals that of format 7-0A/B, except when format 7-1A assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 7-1A carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-1A until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.18 Format 7-1B

DCI format 7-1B is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword with slot or subslot duration in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-1B:

- The fields of format 7-1A
- Precoding information –1 bit for transmission with 2 antenna ports and 2 bits for transmission with 4 antenna ports.

For transmission with 4 antenna ports, the precoding information field is defined according to Table 5.3.3.1.18-1. For transmission with 2 antenna ports, the number of transmission layers is equal to 2 if precoding information is 1; transmit diversity is used if precoding information is 0.

Bit field
mapped to
index

0 4 layers: Transmit
diversity

1 2 layers: precoder
cycling with large delay
CDD

3 layers: precoder cycling with large delay CDD

4 layers: precoder cycling with large delay CDD

2

3

Table 5.3.3.1.18-1: Content of precoding information field for 4 antenna ports

If the UE is configured to decode SPDCCH CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 7-1B mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 7-1B until the payload size equals that of format 7-0A/B, except when format 7-1B assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 7-1B carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-1B until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.19 Format 7-1C

DCI format 7-1C is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword with slot or subslot duration in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-1C:

- The fields of format 7-1A
- Precoding information 4 bits for 2 antenna ports and 6 bits for 4 antenna ports.

The precoding information field is defined in Table 5.3.3.1.19-1 and Table 5.3.3.1.19-2. Note that TPMI indicates which codebook index is used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [2].

Some entries in Table 5.3.3.1.5-4 and Table 5.3.3.1.5-5 are used for indicating that the eNodeB has applied precoding according to PMI(s) reported by the UE. In these cases the precoding for the corresponding RB(s) in slot/subslot n is according to the latest PMI(s) in an aperiodic CSI reported on or before slot n-4 if higher layer parameter ul-STTI-Length is configured as slot, or subslot n-k if higher layer parameter ul-STTI-Length is configured as subslot, where k is the minimum processing timing configured in higher layer parameter min-proc-TimelineSubslot. For aperiodic CSI mode 2-2: Precoding of scheduled resource blocks belonging to the reported preferred M subband(s) use precoder(s) according to the preferred M subband PMI indicated by the latest aperiodic CSI report; Precoding of scheduled resource blocks not belonging to the reported preferred M subband(s) use a precoder according to the wideband PMI indicated by the latest aperiodic CSI report.

Table 5.3.3.1.19-1: Content of precoding information field for 2 antenna ports

Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	2 layers: Transmit diversity
1	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to
	precoding vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
2	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to
	precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
3	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to
	precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & j \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
4	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to
	precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -j \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
5	1 layer:  Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH, using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s), if RI=2 was reported, using 1st column multiplied by $\sqrt{2}$ of all precoders
	implied by '\ 2 or all precoders
6	1 layer:  Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH, using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s), if RI=2 was reported, using $2^{nd}$ column multiplied by $\sqrt{2}$ of all precoders implied by the reported PMI(s)
7	2 layers: Precoding corresponding to
	precoder matrix $\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
8	2 layers: Precoding corresponding to
	precoder matrix $\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ j & -j \end{bmatrix}$
9	2 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH, using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
10~15	reserved

Table 5.3.3.1.19-2: Content of precoding information field for 4 antenna ports

Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	4 layers: Transmit diversity
1	1 layer: TPMI=0
2	1 layer: TPMI=1
:	:
16	1 layer: TPMI=15
17	1 layer: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
18	2 layers: TPMI=0
19	2 layers: TPMI=1
•	:
33	2 layers: TPMI=15
34	2 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
35	3 layers: TPMI=0
36	3 layers: TPMI=1
•	:
50	3 layers: TPMI=15
51	3 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
52	4 layers: TPMI=0
53	4 layers: TPMI=1
	:
62	4 layers: TPMI=10
63	4 layers: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)

If the UE is configured to decode SPDCCH CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 7-1C mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 7-1C until the payload size equals that of format 7-0A/B, except when format 7-1C assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 7-1C carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-1C until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.20 Format 7-1D

DCI format 7-1D is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword with slot or subslot duration in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-1C:

- The fields of format 7-1A

- Precoding information – number of bits as the value specified in Table 5.3.3.1.3A-1 plus one
The precoding information field is defined in Table 5.3.3.1.20-1 and Table 5.3.3.1.20-2.

Table 5.3.3.1.20-1: Content of precoding information field for 2 antenna ports

Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	2 layers: Transmit
1	diversity  1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoding vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
2	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
3	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & j \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
4	1 layer: Precoding corresponding to precoder vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -j \end{bmatrix}^T / \sqrt{2}$
5	1 layer: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH, using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
6~8	reserved

Table 5.3.3.1.20-2: Content of precoding information field for 4 antenna ports

Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	4 layers: Transmit diversity
1	1 layer: TPMI=0
2	1 layer: TPMI=1
•	:
16	1 layer: TPMI=15
17	1 layer: Precoding according to the latest PMI report on PUSCH using the precoder(s) indicated by the reported PMI(s)
18~31	reserved

If the UE is configured to decode SPDCCH CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 7-1D mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be

appended to format 7-1D until the payload size equals that of format 7-0A/B, except when format 7-1D assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 7-1D carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-1D until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.21 Format 7-1E

DCI format 7-1E is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword with slot or subslot duration in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-1E:

- The fields of format 7-1A
- SRS request 0 or 1 bit as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation, if the UE has indicated the capability *srs-DCI7-Triggering-FS2-r15* and the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-DCI7-TriggeringConfig-r15*)
- Scrambling identity—1 bit as defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2]
- Precoding information 2 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.21-1.

Table 5.3.3.1.21-1: Content of precoding information field

Bit field mapped to index	Message
0	2 layers: transmit diversity
0	antenna ports 7, 8
1	1 layer: antenna port 7
2	1 layer: antenna port 8
3	2 layers: antenna ports 7, 8

If the UE is configured to decode SPDCCH CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 7-1E mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 7-1E until the payload size equals that of format 7-0A/B, except when format 7-1E assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 7-1E carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-1E until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.22 Format 7-1F

DCI format 7-1F is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword with slot or subslot duration in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-1F:

- The fields of format 7-1A
- SRS request 0 or 1 bit as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation, if the UE has indicated the capability *srs-DCI7-Triggering-FS2-r15* and the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-DCI7-TriggeringConfig-r15*)
- DMRS position indicator 1 bit, where the value 0 indicates the presence of DMRS and the value 1 indicates the absence of DMRS. (The field is present only if UE is configured with *dl-STTI-Length=subslot*). This field is set to 0 when the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *blindSlotSubslotPDSCH-Repetitions* set to TRUE and the repetition number is greater than 1.

- Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers – 3 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.22-2 if the UE is higher layer configured with *slotSubslotPDSCH-TXDiv-2layer-TM9/10*, Table 5.3.3.1.22-3 if the UE is higher layer configured with *slotSubslotPDSCH-TXDiv-4layer-TM9/10*, or Table 5.3.3.1.22-1 otherwise, where *n<sub>SCID</sub>* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2], or 1 bit as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-6 where *n<sub>SCID</sub>* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2] when higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop-STTI* is configured.

When higher layer parameter semiOpenLoop-STTI is configured, antenna ports 7 and 8 are used for transmit diversity.

Table 5.3.3.1.22-1: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication

Value	Message
0	1 layer, port 7, nscip=0
1	1 layer, port 7, nscid=1
2	1 layer, port 8, nscip=0
3	1 layer, port 8, nscid=1
4	2 layers, ports 7-8, nscid=0
5	2 layers, ports 7-8, nscid=1
6	3 layers, ports 7-9
7	4 layers, ports 7-10

Table 5.3.3.1.22-2: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication if the UE is configured with slotSubslotPDSCH-TXDiv-2layer-TM9/10

Value	Message
0	1 layer, port 7, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0
1	1 layer, port 7, n <sub>SCID</sub> =1
2	1 layer, port 8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0
3	1 layer, port 8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =1
4	2 layers, ports 7-8, nscid=0
5	2 layers, ports 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =1
6	2 layers, transmit diversity ports 7-8, n <sub>SCID</sub> =0
7	2 layers, transmit diversity ports 7-8, $n_{SCID}$ =1

Table 5.3.3.1.22-3: Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers indication if the UE is configured with slotSubslotPDSCH-TXDiv-4layer-TM9/10

Value	Message
0	1 layer, port 7, nscid=0
1	1 layer, port 7, nscid=1
2	1 layer, port 8, nscid=0
3	1 layer, port 8, nscid=1
4	2 layers, ports 7-8, $n_{SCID}$ =0
5	2 layers, transmit diversity
	ports 7-8, <i>nscid</i> =0
6	3 layers, ports 7-9
7	4 layers, ports 7-10

If the UE is configured to decode SPDCCH CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 7-1F mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 7-1F until the payload size equals that of format 7-0A/B, except when format 7-1F assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 7-1F carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-1F until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.1.23 Format 7-1G

DCI format 7-1G is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH codeword with slot or subslot duration in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 7-1G:

- The fields of format 7-1A
- SRS request 0 or 1 bit as defined in clause 8.2 of [3] (this field is present only for TDD operation, if the UE has indicated the capability *srs-DCI7-Triggering-FS2-r15* and the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-DCI7-TriggeringConfig-r15*)
- DMRS position indicator 1 bit, where the value 0 indicates the presence of DMRS and the value 1 indicates the absence of DMRS. (The field is present only if UE is configured with *dl-STTI-Length=subslot*). This field is set to 0 when the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *blindSlotSubslotPDSCH-Repetitions* set to TRUE and the repetition number is greater than 1.
- Antenna port(s), scrambling identity and number of layers 3 bits as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.22-2if the UE is higher layer configured with *slotSubslotPDSCH-TXDiv-2layer-TM9/10*, Table 5.3.3.1.22-3 if the UE is higher layer configured with *slotSubslotPDSCH-TXDiv-4layer-TM9/10*, or Table 5.3.3.1.22-1 otherwise, where *n<sub>SCID</sub>* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2], or 1 bit as specified in Table 5.3.3.1.5C-6 where *n<sub>SCID</sub>* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports 7 and 8 defined in clause 6.10.3.1 of [2] when higher layer parameter *semiOpenLoop-STTI* is configured.
- PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator 2 bits as defined in clauses 7.1.9 and 7.1.10 of [3]

When higher layer parameter semiOpenLoop-STTI is configured, antenna ports 7 and 8 are used for transmit diversity.

If the UE is configured to decode SPDCCH CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and the number of information bits in format 7-1G mapped onto a given search space is less than that of format 7-0A/B depending on the configured uplink transmission mode for scheduling the same serving cell and mapped onto the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format 7-1G until the payload size equals that of format 7-0A/B, except when format 7-1G assigns downlink resource on a secondary cell without an uplink configuration associated with the secondary cell.

If the number of information bits in format 7-1G carried by PDCCH is equal to the payload size of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI as defined in [3] (including any padding bits appended to format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4), one or more zero bit(s) shall be appended to format 7-1G until the payload size is not equal to that of a configured format 0/0C/1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C/2D/4.

#### 5.3.3.2 CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on DCI transmissions through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire payload is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits of the payload by  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ , and the parity bits by  $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$ . A is the payload size and L is the number of parity bits.

The parity bits are computed and attached according to clause 5.1.1 setting L to 16 bits, resulting in the sequence  $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$ , where B = A + L.

In the case where closed-loop UE transmit antenna selection is not configured or applicable, after attachment, the CRC parity bits are scrambled with the corresponding RNTI  $x_{rnti,0}, x_{rnti,1}, ..., x_{rnti,15}$ , where  $x_{rnti,0}$  corresponds to the MSB of the RNTI, to form the sequence of bits  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{B-1}$ . The relation between  $c_k$  and  $b_k$  is:

$$c_k = b_k$$
 for  $k = 0, 1, 2, ..., A-1$  
$$c_k = (b_k + x_{rnti,k-A}) \mod 2$$
 for  $k = A, A+1, A+2, ..., A+15$ .

In the case where closed-loop UE transmit antenna selection is configured and applicable, after attachment, the CRC parity bits with DCI format 0 or DCI format 6-0A are scrambled with the antenna selection mask  $x_{AS,0}, x_{AS,1}, ..., x_{AS,15}$  as

indicated in Table 5.3.3.2-1 and the corresponding RNTI  $x_{rnti,0}, x_{rnti,1}, ..., x_{rnti,15}$  to form the sequence of bits  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{B-1}$ . The relation between  $c_k$  and  $b_k$  is:

$$c_k = b_k$$
 for  $k = 0, 1, 2, ..., A-1$  
$$c_k = (b_k + x_{rnti,k-A} + x_{AS,k-A}) \mod 2$$
 for  $k = A, A+1, A+2, ..., A+15$ .

Table 5.3.3.2-1: UE transmit antenna selection mask

UE transmit antenna selection	Antenna selection mask
	$< x_{AS,0}, x_{AS,1},, x_{AS,15} >$
UE port 0	<0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
UE port 1	<0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0

#### 5.3.3.3 Channel coding

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$ , where K is the number of bits, and they are tail biting convolutionally encoded according to clause 5.1.3.1.

After encoding the bits are denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}$ ,  $d_1^{(i)}$ ,  $d_2^{(i)}$ ,  $d_3^{(i)}$ ,...,  $d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , with i=0,1, and 2, and where D is the number of bits on the i-th coded stream, i.e., D=K.

#### 5.3.3.4 Rate matching

A tail biting convolutionally coded block is delivered to the rate matching block. This block of coded bits is denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}, d_1^{(i)}, d_2^{(i)}, d_3^{(i)}, \dots, d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , with i = 0,1, and 2, and where i is the coded stream index and D is the number of bits in each coded stream. This coded block is rate matched according to clause 5.1.4.2.

After rate matching, the bits are denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, e_3, ..., e_{E-1}$ , where E is the number of rate matched bits.

#### 5.3.4 Control format indicator

Data arrives each subframe to the coding unit in the form of an indicator for the time span, in units of OFDM symbols, of the DCI carried by PDCCH in that subframe of the corresponding DL cell. The CFI takes values CFI = 1, 2 or 3. For system bandwidths  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} > 10$ , the span of the DCI carried by PDCCH in units of OFDM symbols, 1, 2 or 3, is given by the CFI. For system bandwidths  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} \le 10$ , the span of the DCI carried by PDCCH in units of OFDM symbols, 2, 3 or 4, is given by CFI+1.

The coding flow is shown in Figure 5.3.4-1.

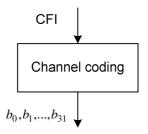


Figure 5.3.4-1 Coding for CFI

## 5.3.4.1 Channel coding

The control format indicator is coded according to Table 5.3.4-1.

Table 5.3.4-1: CFI code words

	CFI code word	
CFI	< b <sub>0</sub> , b <sub>1</sub> ,, b <sub>31</sub> >	
1	<0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1>	
2	<1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1	
3	<1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1>	
4		
(Reserved)	<0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	

## 5.3.5 HARQ indicator (HI)

Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of indicators for HARQ acknowledgement for one transport block.

The coding flow is shown in Figure 5.3.5-1.

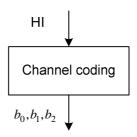


Figure 5.3.5-1 Coding for HI

### 5.3.5.1 Channel coding

The HI is coded according to Table 5.3.5-1, where for a positive acknowledgement HI = 1 and for a negative acknowledgement HI = 0.

Table 5.3.5-1: HI code words

	HI code word	
HI	< b <sub>0</sub> , b <sub>1</sub> , b <sub>2</sub> >	
0	< 0,0,0 >	
1	< 1,1,1 >	

## 5.4 Sidelink transport channels and control information

#### 5.4.1 Sidelink broadcast channel

Figure 5.4.1-1 shows the processing structure for the SL-BCH transport channel. Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of one transport block. The following coding steps can be identified:

- Add CRC to the transport block
- Channel coding
- Rate matching

The coding steps for SL-BCH transport channel are shown in the figure below. In addition, after rate matching PUSCH interleaving is applied according to clauses 5.2.2.7 and 5.2.2.8 without any control information in order to apply a time-

first rather than frequency-first mapping, where  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SL}} - 3\right)$  and the sequence of bits f is equal to e. For SL-BCH configured by higher layers for V2X sidelink,  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SL}} - 2\right) - 3$  is used.

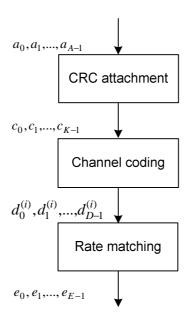


Figure 5.4.1-1: Transport channel processing for SL-BCH

#### 5.4.1.1 Transport block CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on transport blocks through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire transport block is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits in a transport block delivered to layer 1 by  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ , and the parity bits by  $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$ . A is the size of the transport block and L is the number of parity bits. The lowest order information bit  $a_0$  is mapped to the most significant bit of the transport block as defined in clause 6.1.1 of [5].

The parity bits are computed and attached according to clause 5.1.1 setting L to 16 bits, resulting in the sequence of bits  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$  where  $c_k = b_k$  for k = 0, 1, 2, ..., K-1 and K=A+L.

#### 5.4.1.2 Channel coding

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$ , where K is the number of bits, and they are tail biting convolutionally encoded according to clause 5.1.3.1.

After encoding the bits are denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}$ ,  $d_1^{(i)}$ ,  $d_2^{(i)}$ ,  $d_3^{(i)}$ ,...,  $d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , with i=0,1, and 2, and where D is the number of bits on the i-th coded stream, i.e., D=K.

#### 5.4.1.3 Rate matching

A tail biting convolutionally coded block is delivered to the rate matching block. This block of coded bits is denoted by  $d_0^{(i)}, d_1^{(i)}, d_2^{(i)}, d_3^{(i)}, ..., d_{D-1}^{(i)}$ , with i = 0,1, and 2, and where i is the coded stream index and D is the number of bits in each coded stream. This coded block is rate matched according to clause 5.1.4.2.

After rate matching, the bits are denoted by  $e_0, e_1, e_2, e_3, ..., e_{E-1}$ , where E is the number of rate matched bits as defined in clause 9.6.1 of [2].

#### 5.4.2 Sidelink shared channel

The processing of the sidelink shared channel follows the downlink shared channel according to clause 5.3.2, with the following differences:

- Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of one transport block every transmission time interval (TTI)
- In the step of code block concatenation, the sequence of coded bits corresponding to one transport block after code block concatenation is referred to as one codeword in clause 9.3.1 of [2].
- PUSCH interleaving is applied according to clauses 5.2.2.7 and 5.2.2.8 without any control information in order to apply a time-first rather than frequency-first mapping, where  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SL}} 1\right)$ . For SL-SCH configured by higher layers for V2X sidelink,  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SL}} 2\right) 1$  is used if the transmission format field of SCI format 1 is present and set to 1, otherwise  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SL}} 2\right)$ .

#### 5.4.3 Sidelink control information

An SCI transports sidelink scheduling information.

The processing for one SCI follows the downlink control information according to clause 5.3.3, with the following differences:

- In the step of CRC attachment, no scrambling is performed.
- PUSCH interleaving is applied according to clauses 5.2.2.7 and 5.2.2.8 without any control information in order to apply a time-first rather than frequency-first mapping, where  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SL}} 1\right)$  and the sequence of bits f is equal to e. For SCI format 1,  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot \left(N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{SL}} 2\right)$ .

#### 5.4.3.1 SCI formats

The fields defined in the SCI formats below are mapped to the information bits  $a_0$  to  $a_{A-1}$  as follows.

Each field is mapped in the order in which it appears in the description, with the first field mapped to the lowest order information bit  $a_0$  and each successive field mapped to higher order information bits. The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to  $a_0$ .

#### 5.4.3.1.1 SCI format 0

SCI format 0 is used for the scheduling of PSSCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 0:

- Frequency hopping flag 1 bit as defined in clause 14.1.1 of [3].
- Resource block assignment and hopping resource allocation  $\left\lceil \log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm SL}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm SL}+1)/2) \right\rceil$  bits
  - For PSSCH hopping:
    - $N_{SL\_hop}$  MSB bits are used to obtain the value of  $\tilde{n}_{PRB}(i)$  as indicated in clause 8.4 of [3]
    - $\left[ \left[ \log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{SL}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{SL}} + 1)/2) \right] N_{\text{SL\_hop}} \right]$  bits provide the resource allocation in the subframe
  - For non-hopping PSSCH:
    - $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{SL}(N_{RB}^{SL}+1)/2)\right]$  bits provide the resource allocation in the subframe as defined in clause 8.1.1 of [3]

- Time resource pattern 7 bits as defined in clause 14.1.1 of [3].
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 14.1.1 of [3]
- Timing advance indication 11 bits as defined in clause 14.2.1 of [3]
- Group destination ID 8 bits as defined by higher layers

#### 5.4.3.1.2 SCI format 1

SCI format 1 is used for the scheduling of PSSCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 1:

- Priority 3 bits as defined in clause 4.4.5.1 of [7].
- Resource reservation 4 bits as defined in clause 14.2.1 of [3].
- Frequency resource location of initial transmission and retransmission  $\left|\log_2(N_{\text{subchannel}}^{\text{SL}}(N_{\text{subchannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1)/2)\right|$  bits as defined in clause 14.1.1.4C of [3].
- Time gap between initial transmission and retransmission 4 bits as defined in clause 14.1.1.4C of [3].
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 14.2.1 of [3].
- Retransmission index 1 bit as defined in clause 14.2.1 of [3].
- Transmission format—1 bit, where value 1 indicates a transmission format including rate-matching and TBS scaling, and value 0 indicates a transmission format including puncturing and no TBS-scaling. This field is only present if the transport mechanism selected by higher layers indicates the support of rate matching and TBS scaling.
- Reserved information bits are added until the size of SCI format 1 is equal to 32 bits. The reserved bits are set to

## 5.4.4 Sidelink discovery channel

The processing of the sidelink discovery channel follows the downlink shared channel according to clause 5.3.2, with the following differences:

- Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of one transport block every transmission time interval (TTI).
- In the step of code block concatenation, the sequence of coded bits corresponding to one transport block after code block concatenation is referred to as one codeword in clause 9.5.1 of [2].
- PUSCH interleaving is applied according to clauses 5.2.2.7 and 5.2.2.8 without any control information in order to apply a time-first rather than frequency-first mapping, where  $C_{mux} = 2 \cdot (N_{symb}^{SL} 1)$ .

## 6 Narrowband IoT

## 6.1 Mapping to physical channels

For Narrowband IoT, transport channels are mapped onto narrowband physical channels, the channel coding, multiplexing, and interleaving of which are specified in clauses 6.3 and 6.4 for the uplink and downlink, respectively. Table 6.1-1 specifies the mapping of the uplink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 6.1-2 specifies the mapping of the downlink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 6.1-3 specifies the mapping of control channel information to its corresponding physical channel.

**Table 6.1-1** 

TrCH	Physical Channel
UL-SCH	NPUSCH (format 1)
RACH	NPRACH

**Table 6.1-2** 

TrCH	Physical Channel
DL-SCH	NPDSCH
BCH	NPBCH
PCH	NPDSCH

**Table 6.1-3** 

Control information	Physical Channel
UCI	NPUSCH (format 2)
DCI	NPDCCH

## 6.2 Generic procedures

The generic procedures for channel coding, multiplexing and interleaving are as in clause 5.1 unless otherwise noted in clause 6.

Usage of coding scheme and coding rate for the different types of TrCH is shown in table 6.2-1. Usage of coding scheme and coding rate for the different control information types is shown in table 6.2-2.

Table 6.2-1: Usage of channel coding scheme and coding rate for TrCHs

TrCH	Coding scheme	Coding rate
UL-SCH	Turbo coding	1/3
BCH	Tail biting	
DL-SCH	convolutional	1/3
PCH	coding	

Table 6.2-2: Usage of channel coding scheme and coding rate for control information.

Control Information	Coding scheme	Coding rate
DCI	Tail biting convolutional coding	1/3
UCI	Block code	1/16

## 6.3 Uplink transport channels and control information

## 6.3.1 Random access channel

The sequence for the random access channel is processed according to [2].

## 6.3.2 Uplink shared channel

Figure 6.3.2-1 shows the processing structure for the UL-SCH transport channel. Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of one transport block over a number of resource units per UL cell. The number of resource units is scheduled according to [3]. The following coding steps can be identified:

- CRC attachment
- Channel coding
- Rate matching

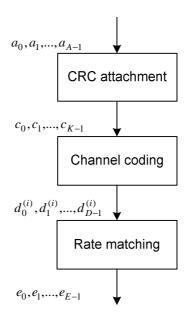


Figure 6.3.2-1: Transport block processing for UL-SCH

The CRC attachment, channel coding, and rate matching are performed according to clauses 5.2.2.1, 5.2.2.3, and 5.2.2.4, respectively, with the following differences:

- In clause 5.1.4.1.2 in the calculation of G',  $Q_m$  is 2 for  $\pi/4$ -QPSK, and  $rv_{idx} = 0$  or 2.

In addition, after rate matching interleaving is applied per resource unit according to clauses 5.2.2.7 and 5.2.2.8 without any control information in order to apply a time-first rather than frequency-first mapping, where the input sequence to 5.2.2.7 is the portion of e for a resource unit instead of f, and where  $C_{mux} = (N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}} - 1)N_{\text{slots}}^{\text{UL}}$  is the number of SC-FDMA symbols for NPUSCH in a UL resource unit as given in clause 10.1.2.3 of [2].

## 6.3.3 Uplink control information on NPUSCH without UL-SCH data

When control data is sent via NPUSCH without UL-SCH data and arrives to the coding unit in the form of an indicator for HARQ acknowledgement for one transport block, the coding flow is as shown in Figure 6.3.3-1.

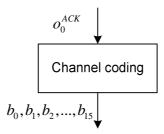


Figure 6.3.3-1: Coding for HARQ-ACK

The one bit information of HARQ-ACK  $o_0^{ACK}$  is coded according to Table 6.3.3-1, where for a positive acknowledgement  $o_0^{ACK} = 1$  and for a negative acknowledgement  $o_0^{ACK} = 0$ .

Table 6.3.3-1: HARQ-ACK code words

HARQ-ACK	HARQ-ACK code word
<000 >	$<$ $b_0$ , $b_1$ , $b_2$ ,, $b_{15}$ $>$
0	<0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
1	<1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1

## 6.3.4 Scheduling request

The scheduling request indication is received from higher layers and is processed according to [2] and [3].

## 6.4 Downlink transport channels and control information

#### 6.4.1 Broadcast channel

The processing structure for the BCH transport channel is according to Clause 5.3.1, with the following differences:

- The transmission time interval (TTI) is 640ms
- The size of the BCH transport block is set to 34 bits
- The CRC mask for NPBCH is selected according to 1 or 2 transmit antenna ports at eNodeB according to Table 5.3.1.1-1, where the transmit antenna ports are defined in clause 10.2.6 of [2]
- The number of rate matched bits is defined in clause 10.2.4.1 of [2].

## 6.4.2 Downlink shared channel and Paging channel

Figure 6.4.2-1 shows the processing structure for each transport block for the DL-SCH and PCH transport channels. Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of one transport blocks over a number of resource units per DL cell. The following coding steps can be identified for each transport block of a DL cell:

- CRC attachment
- Channel coding
- Rate matching

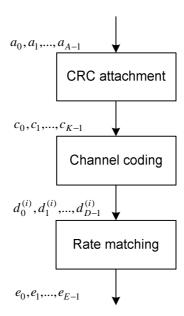


Figure 6.4.2-1: Transport block processing for DL-SCH and PCH

The CRC attachment, channel coding, and rate matching is performed according to clauses 5.1.1, 5.1.3.1 and 5.1.4.2, respectively. For the CRC attachment, the parity bits are computed and attached according to clause 5.1.1 setting L to 24 bits and using the generator polynomial  $g_{CRC24A}(D)$ , resulting in the sequence of bits  $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$  where  $c_k = b_k$  for k = 0, 1, 2, ..., K-1 and K=A+L.

#### 6.4.3 Downlink control information

A DCI transports downlink or uplink scheduling information for one cell and one RNTI. The RNTI is implicitly encoded in the CRC. The processing structure for one DCI is according to Clause 5.3.3.

#### 6.4.3.1 DCI Format N0

DCI format N0 is used for the scheduling of NPUSCH and operation on preconfigured UL resources in one UL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format N0:

- Flag for format N0/format N1 differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format N0 and value 1 indicates format N1
- Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits as defined in clause 16.5.1.2 of [3]. This field is only present if format N0 CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI.

If format N0 CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI and Modulation and coding scheme is set to '1110', the remaining fields are set as follows:

- ACK or Fallback indicator 1 bit, where value 0 indicates ACK and value 1 indicates fallback as defined in clause 16.6.4 of [3]
- NPUSCH repetition adjustment 3 bits refer to  $I_{\rm Rep}$  in Table 16.5.1.1-3 of [3]
- Timing advance adjustment 6 bits as defined in clause 16.1.2 of [3]. The field is only present if ACK or Fallback indicator is set to 0.
- All the remaining bits in format N0 are set to one

#### Otherwise

- Subcarrier indication – 6 bits as defined in clause 16.5.1.1 of [3]

- Resource assignment 3 bits as defined in clause 16.5.1.1 of [3]
- Scheduling delay 2 bits as defined in clause 16.5.1 of [3]
- Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits as defined in clause 16.5.1.2 of [3]. This field is not present if format N0 CRC is scrambled by PUR-RNTI. If *npusch-16QAM-Config* is configured and the value is '1111', it functions as 16QAM indicator.
- Redundancy version 1 bit as defined in clause 16.5.1.2 of [3]
- Repetition number 3 bits as defined in clause 16.5.1.1 of [3]. If 16QAM is indicated, it functions as Modulation and coding scheme for 16QAM as defined in 16.5.1.2 of [3].
- New data indicator 1 bit. If multiple TB are scheduled, it functions as New data indicator for the first TB.
- DCI subframe repetition number 2 bits as defined in clause 16.6 in [3]
- Number of scheduled TB for Unicast 1 bit, where value 0 indicates a single TB is scheduled and value 1 indicates multiple TB are scheduled. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *npusch-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]. The field is set to 0 if the CRC of the DCI is scrambled by SPS C-RNTI.
- HARQ process number 1 bit. This field is only present if 2 HARQ processes are configured and the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], or if Number of scheduled TB for Unicast is present. If multiple TB are scheduled, it functions as New data indicator for the second TB.
- Resource reservation 1 bit as defined in clause 16.5 of [3]. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *resourceReservationConfigUL* is configured and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].

If the number of information bits in format N0 mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3] is less than that of format N1 in the same search space, zeros shall be appended to format N0 until the payload size equals that of format N1.

#### 6.4.3.2 DCI Format N1

DCI format N1 is used for the scheduling of one NPDSCH codeword per TTI in one cell, random access procedure initiated by a NPDCCH order, notifying SC-MCCH change, and operation on preconfigured UL resources. The DCI corresponding to a NPDCCH order is carried by NPDCCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format N1:

- If the format N1 CRC is scrambled by C-RNTI or RA-RNTI or PUR-RNTI:
  - Flag for format N0/format N1 differentiation 1 bit, where value 0 indicates format N0 and value 1 indicates format N1
  - NPDCCH order indicator 1 bit
- Else if the format N1 CRC is scrambled by a G-RNTI:
  - Information for SC-MCCH change notification 2 bits as defined in clause 5.8a of [6]

Format N1 is used for random access procedure initiated by a NPDCCH order only if NPDCCH order indicator is set to '1', format N1 CRC is scrambled with C-RNTI, and all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Preamble format indicator 1 bit, where value 0 indicates preamble format 0/1 and value 1 indicates preamble format 2. This field is only present if *nprach-ParametersListFmt2* is configured and the UE indicates the *nprach-Format2* capability.
- Starting number of NPRACH repetitions 2 bits as defined in clause 16.3.2 of [3]
- Subcarrier indication of NPRACH 6 or 8 bits, this field is 8 bits only if Preamble format indicator is present and set to 1, as defined in clause 16.3.2 of [3]

- Carrier indication of NPRACH 4 bits as defined in clause 16.3.2 of [3]. This field is only present if *ul-ConfigList* is configured and the UE indicates the *multiCarrier-NPRACH* capability.
- All the remaining bits in format N1 are set to one

#### Otherwise.

- Scheduling delay 3 bits as defined in clause 16.4.1 of [3]
- Resource assignment 3 bits as defined in clause 16.4.1.3 of [3]
- Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits as defined in clause 16.4.1.5 of [3]. If *npdsch-16QAM-Config* is configured and the value is '1111', it functions as 16QAM indicator.
- Repetition number 4 bits as defined in clause 16.4.1.3 of [3]. If 16 QAM is indicated, it functions as Modulation and coding scheme for 16QAM as defined in 16.4.1.5 of [3].
- New data indicator 1 bit. If multiple TB are scheduled, it functions as New data indicator for the first TB.
- HARQ-ACK resource 4 bits as defined in clause 16.4.2 of [3]. If *downlinkHARQ-FeedbackDisabledDCI-NB* is configured, or if *downlinkHARQ-FeedbackDisabledBitmap-NB* and *downlinkHARQ-FeedbackDisabledDCI-NB* are configured, and the value is '15', it functions as a HARQ feedback disabled indicator.
- DCI subframe repetition number 2 bits as defined in clause 16.6 in [3]
- Number of scheduled TB for SC-MTCH 3 bits, indicating from 1 to 8 TBs. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *sc-mtch-InfoListMultiTB-r16* is enabled and the CRC of the DCI is scrambled by G-RNTI.
- Number of scheduled TB for Unicast 1 bit, where value 0 indicates a single TB is scheduled and value 1 indicates multiple TB are scheduled. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *npdsch-MultiTB-Config* is enabled and the corresponding DCI is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3]
- HARQ process number 1 bit. This field is only present if 2 HARQ processes are configured and the corresponding DCI format is mapped onto the UE specific search space given by the C-RNTI as defined in [3], or if Number of scheduled TB for Unicast is present. If multiple TB are scheduled, it functions as New data indicator for the second TB.
- Resource reservation 1 bit as defined in clause 16.4 of [3]. This field is only present if higher layer parameter *resourceReservationConfigDL* is configured and the DCI is mapped onto the UE-specific search space given by C-RNTI as defined in [3].

When the format N1 CRC is scrambled with a RA-RNTI or a G-RNTI, then the following fields among the fields above are reserved for RA-RNTI and not present for G-RNTI:

- New data indicator
- HARQ-ACK resource

If the number of information bits in format N1 mapped onto the same search space is less than that of format N0 and the format N1 CRC is not scrambled by G-RNTI, zeros shall be appended to format N1 until the payload size equals that of format N0.

#### 6.4.3.3 DCI Format N2

DCI format N2 is used for paging, direct indication, scheduling of one NPDSCH codeword carrying SC-MCCH in one cell, and notifying SC-MCCH change.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format N2:

- If the format N2 CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI:
  - Flag for paging/direct indication differentiation 1 bit, with value 0 for direct indication and value 1 for paging
- Else if the format N2 CRC is scrambled by a SC-RNTI:

- Information for SC-MCCH change notification 1 bit as defined in clause 5.8a of [6]
- If the format N2 CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI and Flag=0:
  - Direct Indication information 8 bits provide direct indication of system information update and other fields, as defined in [6]
  - Reserved information bits are added until the size is equal to that of format N2 with Flag=1
- If the format N2 CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI and Flag=1, or if the format N2 CRC is scrambled by SC-RNTI:
  - Resource assignment 3 bits as defined in clause 16.4.1.3 of [3]
  - Modulation and coding scheme 4 bits as defined in clause 16.4.1.5 of [3]
  - Repetition number 4 bits as defined in clause 16.4.1.3 of [3]
  - DCI subframe repetition number 3 bits as defined in clause 16.6 of [3]

# Annex A (informative): Change history

Deta	TCC #	TCC Dec	CD	Da	Change history	OI-I	Name
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2006-09 2006-10					Skeleton Updated skeleton	0.0.0	0.0.0
2006-10					Endorsed skeleton	0.0.0	0.0.1
2006-10					Added TC. Added Broadcast, Paging and MBMS transport	0.1.0	0.1.0
2000 11					channels in Table 4.2-1.	0.1.0	0.1.1
2006-11					Endorsed v 0.2.0	0.1.1	0.2.0
2006-12					Added CC. Added type of coding for each transport channel or	0.2.0	0.2.1
					control information.		
2007-01					Editor's version	0.2.1	0.2.2
2007-01					Endorsed v 0.3.0	0.2.2	0.3.0
2007-02							0.3.1
2007-02					Editor's version	0.3.1	0.3.2
2007-02 2007-02					Endorsed v 0.4.0 Added CRC details for PDSCH, PDCCH and PUSCH. Added	0.3.2	0.4.0
2007-02					QPP turbo-interleaver parameters. Set Z to 6144. Added details on code block segmentation.	0.4.0	0.4.1
2007-02					Editor's version	0.4.1	0.4.2
2007-03	RAN#35	RP-070170			For information at RAN#35	0.4.2	1.0.0
2007-03					Editor's version	1.0.0	1.0.1
2007-03					Editor's version	1.0.1	1.1.0
2007-05			1		Editor's version	1.1.0	1.1.1
2007-05 2007-05					Editor's version Editor's version	1.1.1	1.1.2 1.2.0
2007-05					Added circular buffer rate matching for PDSCH and PUSCH.	1.1.2	1.2.1
2007-06					Miscellaneous changes. Editor's version	1.2.1	1.2.1
2007-00					Editor's version	1.2.1	1.2.3
2007-07					Endorsed by email following decision taken at RAN1#49b	1.2.3	1.3.0
2007-08					Editor's version including decision from RAN1#49bis.	1.3.0	1.3.1
2007-08					Editor's version	1.3.1	1.3.2
2007-08					Editor's version	1.3.2	1.4.0
2007-09					Editor's version with decisions from RAN1#50	1,4.0	1,4,1
2007-09					Editor's version	1.4.1	1.4.2
10/09/07	RAN#37	RP-070730	-	-	For approval at RAN#37	1.4.2	2.0.0
12/09/07	RAN_37	RP-070730	-	-	Approved version	2.0.0	8.0.0
28/11/07	RAN_38	RP-070949	0001	-	Update of 36.212	8.0.0	8.1.0
05/03/08	RAN_39	RP-080145	0002	-	Update to 36.212 incorporating decisions from RAN1#51bis and RAN1#52	8.1.0	8.2.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0003	-	Joint coding of CQI and ACK on PUCCH	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	_	RP-080433	0004	1	ACK insertion into PUSCH	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0005	1	Introduction of format 1C	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0006	1	Miscellaneous fixes to 36.212	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08		RP-080433	8000	1	On multiplexing scheme for indicators	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40 RAN_40	RP-080433 RP-080433	0009	1	On the soft buffer split of MIMO and TDD  Resource assignment field for distributed VRB	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
28/05/08		RP-080433	0010	-	Clarifying the use of the different DCI formats	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0012	1	Clarifying the value of N <sub>L</sub>	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN 40	RP-080433	0013	-	Payload size for DCI formats 3 and 3A	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0014	-	Coding of ACK on PUSCH	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0015	1	Coding of RI on PUSCH and mapping	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0016	-	CRC for control information on PUSCH	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0017	-	Introduction of Downlink Assignment Index	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0018	-	Coding of CQI/PMI on PUSCH coming from PUCCH	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0019	-	Simultaneous transmission of aperiodic CQI and UL control	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0020	-	Encoding of antenna indicator on DCI format 0	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080433	0021	-	PDCCH coverage in narrow bandwidths	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08 28/05/08	RAN_40 RAN_40	RP-080433 RP-080457	0022	-	Closed-loop and open-loop spatial multiplexing Formula for linkage between PUSCH MCS and amount of	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
				_	resources used for control		
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0026	-	Correction to PUSCH Channel Interleaver Correction of mapping of ACK/NAK to binary bit values	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08 09/09/08	RAN_41 RAN_41	RP-080669 RP-080669	0028 0029	<u> </u>	Correction of mapping of ACK/NAK to binary bit values  Correction to bit collection, selection and transmission	8.3.0 8.3.0	8.4.0 8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41 RAN_41	RP-080669		-	Padding one bit to DCI format 1 when format 1 and format 0/1A	8.3.0	8.4.0
			0030	-	have the same size		
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0031	-	Modification of M_limit	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08 09/09/08	RAN_41 RAN_41	RP-080669	0032	-	Definition of Formats 2 and 2A	8.3.0	8.4.0
	INMIN_41	RP-080669	0033	2	Corrections to DCI formats	8.3.0	8.4.0
	PAN 44	BD-USUSSO	ししると	1	Format 1R confirmation flag	ጸኋቦ	810
09/09/08	RAN_41 RAN_41	RP-080669 RP-080669	0035	1	Format 1B confirmation flag  Corrections to Rank information scrambling in Uplink Shared	8.3.0 8.3.0	8.4.0 8.4.0

D-1-	TOO #	T00 D	00	D	Change history	01:1	I N I
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR		Subject/Comment	Old	New
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0037	2	Clarification of TPC commands signaled in DCI formats 3/3A	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0038	-	Clarification on UE transmit antenna selection mask	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0039	1	Linking of control resources in PUSCH to data MCS	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0041	-	Definition of Bit Mapping for DCI signalling	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0042	1	Clarification on resource allocation in DCI format 1/2/2A	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0043	-	DCI Format 1A changes needed for scheduling Broadcast Control	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0044	-	DCI format1C	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0045	-	Miscellaneous corrections	8.3.0	8.4.0
11/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080736	0046	1	Correction on downlink multi-user MIMO	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0047	ı	Corrections to DL DCI Formats In case of Ambiguous Payload Sizes	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0048	-	CR for RE provisioning for the control information in case of CQI-only transmission on PUSCH	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080669	0091	2	Coding and multiplexing of multiple ACK/NACK in PUSCH	8.3.0	8.4.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0050	2	Clarification of input bits corresponding to 2-bit HARQ-ACK and	8.4.0	8.5.0
			0030	2	2-bit RI		
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0053	-	Editorial corrections to 36.212	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0055	1	Miscellaneous Corrections	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0057	-	Clarification of mapping of information bits	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0058	1	Completion of 36.212 CR47 (R1-083421) for "new" DCI Formats	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0059	-	Change for determining DCI format 1A TBS table column indicator for broadcast control	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0061	2	Defining DCI format 1A for downlink data arrival	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0063	1	ACK/NACK transmission on PUSCH for LTE TDD	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0065	-	Correction in 36.212 related to TDD downlink HARQ processes	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0067	1	Correction of control MCS offset and SRS symbol puncturing	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0068	1	DCI format 2/2A	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0069	-	Correction to zero padding in DCI format 1	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0071	-	Clarification of RI bit field mapping for PUCCH	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0072	-	Clarifying RNTI bit mapping for PDCCH CRC scrambling	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0073	-	Clarification on BCH transport block size	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080983	0076	-	Clarification on the number of PUCCH-based CQI/PMI bits when reported on PUSCH	8.4.0	8.5.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090235	77	1	Corrections to Transmitted Rank Indication	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090235	79	1	Correction to the bundled ACK/NACK and DAI transmission	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090235	80	2	Corrections to transmission modes	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090235	81	1	Correction on ACKNACK transmission on PUSCH for LTE TDD	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090235	82	2	Corrections to CQI and RI fields description	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090235	83	-	Clarifying DCI format 1A and DCI Format 1B	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090235	92	1	Clarification on channel coding for UCI HARQ-ACK	8.5.0	8.6.0
27/05/09	RAN_44	RP-090528	87	-	Clarify some parameters for determining control resources on PUSCH	8.6.0	8.7.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091168	89	-	Clarification on bitwidth of RI	8.7.0	8.8.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091168	94	-	Correction to Channel interleaver for PUSCH RE Mapping	8.7.0	8.8.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091177	88	1	Editorial corrections to 36.212	8.8.0	9.0.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091257	95	1	Introduction of enhanced dual layer transmission	8.8.0	9.0.0
16/03/10	RAN_47	RP-100210	96	1	MCCH change notification using DCI format 1C	9.0.0	9.1.0
16/03/10	RAN_47	RP-100211	97	-	Addition of missing reference to DCI format 2B + typo corrections	9.0.0	9.1.0
01/06/10	RAN_48	RP-100589	98	-	Correction to TBS determination for DCI format 1C	9.1.0	9.2.0
14/09/10	RAN_49	RP-100899	99	-	Clarify soft buffer size determination for MCH	9.2.0	9.3.0
07/12/10	RAN_50	RP-101320	100	-	Introduction of Rel-10 LTE-Advanced features in 36.212	9.3.0	10.0.0
15/03/11	RAN_51	RP-110254	101	-	Correction on UE behavior upon receiving DCI format 1B	10.0.0	10.1.0
15/03/11	RAN_51	RP-110256	102	-	Corrections to Rel-10 LTE-Advanced features in 36.212	10.0.0	10.1.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110819	103	3	Correction of DCI format 0 and 4 resource allocation	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110819	104	2	Correction to Multi-cluster flag in DCI format 0	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110819	107	2	Corrections on HARQ-ACK Channel Coding in the PUSCH	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110820	108	3	A clarification for DCI format payload size	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110819	110	1	Correction the search space and RNTI for CQI and SRS request flag	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52 RAN_52	RP-110819 RP-110820	111 112	1	Resource dimensioning for CQI only PUSCH transmission  Correction on bit representations of transport block processing for UL-SCH	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110818	113		Clarification on PMI indication in DCI format1B and format 2	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110820	114	1	Rate maching parameters for CA	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110819	116		HARQ-ACK on PUSCH for TDD with channel selection configured for 2 serving cells	10.1.0	10.2.0
					Single codeword multiple layer transmission in uplink		

					Change history		
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111228	119	1	Corrections on transport block processing for UL-SCH	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111230	120	2	On correction of channel coding of control information	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111230	122	1	Size adjustment of DCI format 0, 1A and 1	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111232	123	1	Corrections on Nsrs	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111232	124	2	Corrections on DCI format 1B/1D	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111228	125	-	Minor Correction on DCI Format 1 Description	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111226	127	-	Correction on ACK/NACK mapping	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111231	128	-	Corrections on channel coding of control information and DCI Format 4.		10.3.0
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111229	129	-	Clarification and correction to configuration signalling condition for channel quality information formats		10.3.0
05/12/11	RAN_54	RP-111667	130	1	Corrections on codebook index indication in DCI format 4	10.3.0	10.4.0
05/12/11	RAN_54	RP-111666	131	-	HARQ-ACK on UCI-only PUSCH without UL-SCH data	10.3.0	10.4.0
28/02/12	RAN_55	RP-120283	132	2	Corrections on payload size adjustment for DCI format 1A and 1	10.4.0	10.5.0
28/02/12	RAN_55	RP-120283	133	1	Correction of two HARQ-ACK feedback on PUSCH	10.4.0	10.5.0
28/02/12	RAN_55	RP-120285	134	1	Miscellaneous corrections	10.4.0	10.5.0
13/06/12	RAN_56	RP-120739	136	-	Correction to Data and control multiplexing	10.5.0	10.6.0
13/06/12	RAN_56	RP-120737	138	-	Correction to CSI request field size in DCI format 0 and DCI format 4	10.5.0	10.6.0
04/09/12	RAN_57	RP-121272	139	-	Introduction of Rel-11 LTE-Advanced features in 36.212	10.6.0	11.0.0
04/12/12	RAN_58	RP-121839	143	-	Correction to the parameter ue-Category-v10xy	11.0.0	11.1.0
04/12/12	RAN_58	RP-121846	144	-	Finalisation for introducing Rel-11 features	11.0.0	11.1.0
26/02/13	RAN_59	RP-130255	145	-	Additional clarifications/corrections for introducing Rel-11 features	11.1.0	11.2.0
11/06/13	RAN_60	RP-130751	147	2	Correction on the RI bit width	11.2.0	11.3.0
11/06/13	RAN_60	RP-130747	148	-	CR on DCI Format 4 payload size	11.2.0	11.3.0
11/06/13	RAN_60	RP-130752	149	-	Correction on the time span of the DCI	11.2.0	11.3.0
11/06/13	RAN_60	RP-130752	150	-	Correction on ARO bit setting for DL DCIs carried by EPDCCH	11.2.0	11.3.0
11/06/13	RAN_60	RP-130750	151	-	Clarification on DL DAI usage in inter-band TDD CA	11.2.0	11.3.0
11/06/13	RAN_60	RP-130749	153	-	Correction to bit padding of DCI format 1A for secondary cell without uplink component carrier	11.2.0	11.3.0
03/12/13	RAN_62	RP-131893	155	1	Correction on parameter ue-Category	11.3.0	11.4.0
03/12/13	RAN_62	RP-131896	154	3	Introduction of Rel 12 feature for Downlink MIMO Enhancement	11.4.0	12.0.0
10/06/14	RAN_64	RP-140858	156	-	Clarification on UE antenna port based CRC masking	12.0.0	12.1.0
10/06/14	RAN_64	RP-140859	157	1	Correction on UCI multiplexing on PUSCH	12.0.0	12.1.0
10/06/14	RAN_64	RP-140862	158	-	Introduction of Rel 12 features of TDD-FDD CA and eIMTA	12.0.0	12.1.0
10/06/14	RAN_64	RP-140858	159	-	Clarification of downlink subframes	12.0.0	12.1.0
10/09/14	RAN_65	RP-141485	161	-	CR for 36.212 on 256QAM and LC-MTC	12.1.0	12.2.0
08/12/14	RAN_66	RP-142106	163	3	CR for 36.212 on 256QAM and LC-MTC	12.2.0	12.3.0
08/12/14	RAN_66	RP-142098	164	3	Clarification of PUSCH rate matching with SRS	12.2.0	12.3.0
08/12/14	RAN_66	RP-142107	166	-	Introduction of Dual Connectivity feature into 36.212	12.2.0	12.3.0
09/03/15	RAN_67	RP-150366	162	3	Introduction of D2D feature into 36.212	12.3.0	12.4.0
15/06/15	RAN_68	RP-150936	169	-	Corrections on eIMTA RRC parameter naming	12.4.0	12.5.0
15/06/15	RAN_68	RP-150937	171	1	Correction for 36.212 on soft buffer assumption	12.4.0	12.5.0
14/09/15	RAN_69	RP-151466	174	1	Introducing 4-layer MIMO transmission in TM3 and TM4	12.5.0	12.6.0
14/09/15	RAN_69	RP-151467	175	2	Introduction of MIMO capability signalling for intra-band contiguous CA	12.50	12.6.0
07/12/15	RAN_70	RP-152038	177	-	Correction on rank indication bit widths	12.6.0	12.7.0
07/12/15	RAN_70	RP-152027	178	1	Introduction of Rel 13 feature of eCA	12.7.0	13.0.0
07/12/15	RAN_70	RP-152025	179	1	Introduction of EB/FD-MIMO	12.7.0	13.0.0
	RAN_70	RP-152026	180	2	Introduction of Rel 13 feature of LAA	12.7.0	13.0.0
07/12/15	INAIN_70	111 132020	100	_	introduction of iter to reatare of E/V	12.7.0	10.0.0

	Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version	
2016-03	RAN#71	RP-160361	0181	3	В	Introduction of Rel-13 features of eMTC in 36.212	13.1.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	RP-160358	0185	-	F	CR on mismatch between 36.212 and 36.331	13.1.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	RP-160358	0186	-	F	Clarification on Class B CSI report	13.1.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	RP-160365	0189	-	Α	Correction to RI reporting for UE category with MIMO capability of 1 layer	13.1.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	RP-160358	0191	-	F	CR on CRI-RI payload restriction for non-eCA UE	13.1.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161067	0192	3	В	Introduction of Rel-13 feature of NB-IoT in 36.212	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161062	0194	-	F	Correction on aperiodic CSI reporting mode 1-0 and 1-1	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161063	0195	-	F	Correction to S1 and S2 definition and i2 bit width	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161066	0196	1	F	MCS field in DCI format 6-2 for paging for MTC	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161062	0197	-	F	Coding of higher layer parameter codebooksizeDetermination- r13	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161065	0198	-	F	CR on subframe configuration for LAA	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161063	0199	-	F	Correction on the description of DMRS table	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161065	0200	-	F	Clarification on the applicability of DL procedures for LAA SCell		
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161062	0201	-	F	Correction on DAI Presence in DCI formats for eCA	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161066	0202	-	F	Identify MPDCCH order in CE mode B in TS 36.212 (Solution 2)	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161063	0203	-	F	CR on missing CRI-only table (36.212)	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161062	0205	-	F	Correction on citations to a DAI bits table	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161066	0206	1	F	Frequency hopping flag definition in DCI formats for BL/CE UE	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161066	0207	-	F	Correction on the DCI payload size for eMTC in TS 36.212	13.2.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	RP-161066	0208	-	F	Channel interleaver correction for eMTC	13.2.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161563	0211	-	F	Correction on BCH rate matching in TS 36.212	13.3.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161560	0213	-	F	Correction on bitwidth of CLASS A codebook	13.3.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161560	0214	-	F	Corrections on CRI bit width in 36.212	13.3.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161562	0215	-	F	Subband CQI report and TM6	13.3.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161562	0216	1	F	CR for clarification of DCI sizes for format 6-1A (TM6 and TM9) in TS 36.212	13.3.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161569	0219	-	F	Correction on SRS request field in DCI format 1A for Rel-13 LAA	13.3.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161925	0220	-	F	Introduction of 1.2Gbps and 1.6Gbps UE categories in Rel-13	13.3.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161570	0217	-	В	Introduction of V2V into TS36.212	14.0.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	RP-161571	0218	-	В	Introduction of eLAA into TS36.212	14.0.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0221	-	F	Corrections to RV in eLAA DCI definitions	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0222	-	D	CR on DCI formats related with LAA in TS 36.212	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0223	-	F	Clarification of PUSCH start position for eLAA	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0224	-	F	CR on RI transmission on PUSCH for LAA SCells	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162359	0231	1	Α	Correction on DCI Format N1 in 36.212	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162366	0232	-	F	Miscellaneous corrections for V2V in 36.212	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0233	-	F	CR on correction to the PUSCH start position reference and relative timing offset in UL DCI for LAA	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0234	-	F	Corrections to bit padding of DCI format 1A for eLAA in TS36.212	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0235	_	F	CR on UL resource allocation for 10MHz LAA SCell	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162368	0236	-	F	Corrections to bit padding of DCI format 0B for eLAA in TS36.212	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162364	0237	_	В	Introduction of SRS switching into 36.212	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162365	0237	_	В	Introduction of Multiuser Superposition Transmission (MUST)	14.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	RP-162366	0239		F	Correction to DCI format 5A	14.1.0	
2017-01	IVAIN#14	102300	0239	_		MCC clean-up to correct corruption in text formatting (wrong line spacing)	14.1.1	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170605	0240	1	В	Introduction of uplink capacity enhancements in 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170608	0240	1	В	Introduction of FeMBMS in 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170612	0243	-	A	Correction on soft buffer calculation for UE category 17 in Rel-	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170609	0245	-	Α	14 DAI in eMTC	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170615	0246	-	F	CR for SRS switching in 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170622	0247	-	В	Introduction of V2X into 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170623	0248	-	В	Introduction of FeMTC in 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170624	0249	-	В	Introduction of Rel-14 NB-IoT enhancements in 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170607	0250	-	В	Introduction of eFD-MIMO into 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-03	RAN#75	RP-170625	0251	-	В	Introduction of voice and video enhancement in 36.212	14.2.0	
2017-06	RAN#76	RP-171193	0253	_	Α	CR for applicability of spatial bundling for PUCCH format 3 with FDD PCell	14.3.0	
2017-06	RAN#76	RP-171209	0255	-	Α	Corrections on bit width of PMI for wideband CQI reports in 36.212	14.3.0	
2017-06	RAN#76	RP-171204	0256		F	Clarification of resource allocation for PDSCH in CE mode B	14.3.0	

6 RP-171194 6 RP-171194 6 RP-171210 6 RP-171204 7 RP-171646 7 RP-171646 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172686 9 RP-180196 9 RP-180206	194 0258 210 0259 204 0260 204 0263 646 0264 647 0265 686 0266 678 0270 685 0271 692 0272 682 0273 690 0276 693 0278	- - - 3 - 1 - - -	F F F A F F A F B	Corrections on bit width of UCI fields for advanced CSI reporting in 36.212  Correction on RI and CRI reporting for aperiodic and multi-shot CSI-RS  CR on higher-layer parameters for 36.212  Clarification of resource allocation for PDSCH with maximum 5 MHz channel bandwidth in CE mode A  Corrections on total number of soft channel bits for UE Cat M1 and M2 in 36.212  Correction on NB-IoT DCI format N1 in 36.212  CR on UE assumption on co-scheduled DMRS ports for MUST in 36.212  Correction to multi-carrier NPRACH IE name in PDCCH order DCI format N1  Clarification for DAI for eCA  Correction of section references for feMTC  Correction of section reference for eVoLTE  Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH  Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing  Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space  Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212  MCC to correct missing 5G logo on spec cover sheet	14.5.0 14.5.0 15.0.0
RP-171204 RP-171204 RP-171204 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686	210 0259 204 0260 204 0263 646 0264 647 0265 686 0266 678 0270 685 0271 692 0272 682 0273 690 0276 693 0278	- - 3 - 1 - - - -	F F F A F A F B	CSI-RS CR on higher-layer parameters for 36.212 Clarification of resource allocation for PDSCH with maximum 5 MHz channel bandwidth in CE mode A Corrections on total number of soft channel bits for UE Cat M1 and M2 in 36.212 Correction on NB-IoT DCI format N1 in 36.212 CR on UE assumption on co-scheduled DMRS ports for MUST in 36.212 Correction to multi-carrier NPRACH IE name in PDCCH order DCI format N1 Clarification for DAI for eCA Correction of section references for feMTC Correction of section reference for eVoLTE Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.3.0 14.3.0 14.4.0 14.4.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0
RP-171204 RP-171204 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686	204 0260 204 0263 646 0264 647 0265 686 0266 678 0270 685 0271 692 0273 690 0276 693 0278	- - 3 - 1 - - - -	F F A F A F B	Clarification of resource allocation for PDSCH with maximum 5 MHz channel bandwidth in CE mode A  Corrections on total number of soft channel bits for UE Cat M1 and M2 in 36.212  Correction on NB-IoT DCI format N1 in 36.212  CR on UE assumption on co-scheduled DMRS ports for MUST in 36.212  Correction to multi-carrier NPRACH IE name in PDCCH order DCI format N1  Clarification for DAI for eCA  Correction of section references for feMTC  Correction of section reference for eVoLTE  Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH  Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing  Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space  Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.3.0 14.3.0 14.4.0 14.4.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0
RP-171204 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696	204 0263 646 0264 647 0265 686 0266 678 0270 685 0271 592 0272 682 0273 690 0276 686 0277 693 0278	- 3 - 1 - - - -	F F A F B	MHz channel bandwidth in CE mode A  Corrections on total number of soft channel bits for UE Cat M1 and M2 in 36.212  Correction on NB-IoT DCI format N1 in 36.212  CR on UE assumption on co-scheduled DMRS ports for MUST in 36.212  Correction to multi-carrier NPRACH IE name in PDCCH order DCI format N1  Clarification for DAI for eCA  Correction of section references for feMTC  Correction of section reference for eVoLTE  Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH  Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing  Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space  Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.3.0 14.4.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0
RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-171646 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696	546 0264 547 0265 586 0266 578 0270 585 0271 592 0272 582 0273 590 0276 586 0277 593 0278	3 - 1	F F A F F A B	and M2 in 36.212  Correction on NB-IoT DCI format N1 in 36.212  CR on UE assumption on co-scheduled DMRS ports for MUST in 36.212  Correction to multi-carrier NPRACH IE name in PDCCH order DCI format N1  Clarification for DAI for eCA  Correction of section references for feMTC  Correction of section reference for eVoLTE  Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH  Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing  Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space  Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.4.0 14.4.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0
RP-171643 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172686 RP-172692 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696	647 0265 686 0266 678 0270 685 0271 692 0272 682 0273 690 0276 686 0277 693 0278	1	F A F A B	CR on UE assumption on co-scheduled DMRS ports for MUST in 36.212  Correction to multi-carrier NPRACH IE name in PDCCH order DCI format N1  Clarification for DAI for eCA  Correction of section references for feMTC  Correction of section reference for eVoLTE  Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH  Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing  Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space  Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.4.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0
8 RP-172686 8 RP-172678 8 RP-172686 8 RP-172696 8 RP-172696 8 RP-172686 9 RP-180196	686 0266 678 0270 685 0271 692 0272 682 0273 690 0276 686 0277 693 0278	1	F A F A B	in 36.212  Correction to multi-carrier NPRACH IE name in PDCCH order DCI format N1  Clarification for DAI for eCA  Correction of section references for feMTC  Correction of section reference for eVoLTE  Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH  Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing  Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space  Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0
RP-172678 RP-172688 RP-172692 RP-172682 RP-172690 RP-172690 RP-172690	578 0270 585 0271 592 0272 582 0273 590 0276 586 0277 593 0278		A F F A F B	DCI format N1  Clarification for DAI for eCA  Correction of section references for feMTC  Correction of section reference for eVoLTE  Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH  Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing  Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space  Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0
RP-172688 RP-172692 RP-172693 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696	585 0271 592 0272 582 0273 590 0276 586 0277 593 0278		F F A F	Correction of section references for feMTC Correction of section reference for eVoLTE Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 15.0.0
3 RP-172693 3 RP-172683 3 RP-172693 3 RP-172696 4 RP-172693 4 RP-180195	592 0272 582 0273 590 0276 686 0277 593 0278	-	F F A F	Correction of section reference for eVoLTE Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 15.0.0
RP-172686 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696 RP-172696	682 0273 690 0276 686 0277 693 0278	-	F A F B	Correction on deriving number of available symbols for PUSCH Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.5.0 14.5.0 14.5.0 15.0.0
RP-172696 RP-172686 RP-172696 RP-180196	690 0276 686 0277 693 0278 195 0268	-	A F B	Correction on number of SRS symbol for UCI multiplexing Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.5.0 14.5.0 15.0.0
RP-172686 RP-172693 RP-180193	686 0277 693 0278 195 0268	-	F B	Clarification on 2 HARQ process applicability to UE-specific search space Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	14.5.0 15.0.0
RP-172693	693 0278 195 0268	-	В	search space Introduction of shortened processing time and shortened TTI into 36.212	15.0.0
P RP-18019	195 0268			into 36.212	
		1		MCC to correct missing 5G logo on spec cover sheet	4 F C 4
		1	-		15.0.1
) RP-18020			В	Introduction of FeCoMP into 36.212	15.1.0
	201 0279	1	В	Introduction of EN-DC into 36.212	15.1.0
RP-181170	170 0280	2	F	Corrections on shortened processing time and shortened TTI in 36.212	15.2.0
RP-181162	162 0283	-	Α	Ordering of P-CSI plus SR in eCA	15.2.0
RP-18117	173 0284	1	В	Introduction of high capacity stationary wireless link and 1024QAM into 36.212	15.2.0
RP-18116	166 0285	-	F	Clarification on CRC attachment for DL-SCH and PCH transport channels in NB-IoT	15.2.0
RP-18116	165 0286	-	Α	Correction on TPC field in DCI format 6-1A	15.2.0
RP-18116	165 0288	-	Α	Fallback DCI for eMTC	15.2.0
RP-181180	180 0290	2	В	Introduction of FeLAA into 36.212	15.2.0
RP-181182	182 0291	-	F	Introduce definition of non-BL/CE in Definitions section	15.2.0
RP-181174	174 0292	-	В	Introduction of even further enhanced MTC for LTE in 36.212	15.2.0
		-	В	Introduction of further enhancements to NB-IoT in 36.212	15.2.0
			В	Introduction of V2X Phase 2 based on LTE	15.2.0
			В	Introduction of HRLLC into 36.212	15.2.0
RP-181182	182 0296	-	В	Introduction of modulation enhancements	15.2.0
				MCC correction to remove duplication of DMRS position indicator statement for format 7-1F (clause 5.3.3.1.22) and format 7-1G (clause 5.3.3.1.23).	15.2.1
	05 0007	1	F		15.3.0
	O RP-1812 O RP-1812 O RP-1812 O RP-1812	0 RP-181166 0293 0 RP-181176 0294 0 RP-181177 0295	O RP-181166 0293 - O RP-181176 0294 - O RP-181177 0295 - O RP-181182 0296 -	0 RP-181166 0293 - B 0 RP-181176 0294 - B 0 RP-181177 0295 - B 0 RP-181182 0296 - B	D RP-181166 0293 - B Introduction of further enhancements to NB-IoT in 36.212 D RP-181176 0294 - B Introduction of V2X Phase 2 based on LTE D RP-181177 0295 - B Introduction of HRLLC into 36.212 D RP-181182 0296 - B Introduction of modulation enhancements  MCC correction to remove duplication of DMRS position indicator statement for format 7-1F (clause 5.3.3.1.22) and format 7-1G (clause 5.3.3.1.23).

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2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181782	0299	-	Α	Correction on DCI for HARQ-ACK bundling	15.3.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181795	0300	-	F	Correction on the partial PUSCH mode field for FeLAA in 36.212	15.3.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181790	0301	-	F	Correction of RRC parameter name for 1024QAM rate matching	15.3.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181799	0303	-	Α	Corrections to modulation signalling in MUST	15.3.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181787	0304	-	F	Corrections on shortened processing time and shortened TTI in 36.212	15.3.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181791	0305	-	F	Corrections to Even further enhanced MTC for LTE	15.3.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181783	0306	-	F	Corrections to Further Enhancements of NB-IoT	15.3.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181793	0307	-	D	Corrections on HRLLC in 36.212	15.3.0
2018-12	RAN#82	RP-182518	0308	-	Α	Correction on aperiodic CSI-RS in 36.212	15.4.0
2018-12	RAN#82	RP-182524	0310	-	F	Corrections to Even further enhanced MTC for LTE	15.4.0
2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190440	0311	-	F	Correction on rate matching for 1024QAM	15.5.0
2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190446	0312	-	F	Introduction of SUO Case 1 for NE-DC as Rel-15 late drop	15.5.0
2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190435	0313	-	F	Correction on NPRACH format 2 configuration presence	15.5.0
2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190445	0315	-	Α	Correction for DCI 0C and special subframe configuration 10	15.5.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191270	0316	-	F	Indentation Correction for DCI Format 6-0B in LTE-MTC	15.6.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191276	0319	-	Α	Clarification on the bitwidth of report type 1a for FD-MIMO Class A	15.6.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191275	0322	-	Α	Spatial bundling for PUCCH format 3 with more than 5 CC	15.6.0
						CR on Correction of a reference to 'COT sharing indication for	
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-191946	0323	-	F	AUL'  Correction on higher layer parameter configuring short TTI	15.7.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-191945	0324	1	F	length in 36.212	15.7.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192631	0327	-	Α	Correction on DCI format N0	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192647	0328	-	В	Introduction of Rel-16 eMTC features in 36.212	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192648	0329	-	В	Introduction of Rel-16 NB-IoT features in 36.212	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192649	0330	-	В	Introduction of Rel-16 DL MIMO EE features in 36.212	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192645	0331	-	В	Introduction of Rel-16 MR DC/CA features in 36.212	16.0.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200179	0334	-	Α	Corrections on the indication value for the transport blocks in a bundle for HD-FDD eMTC UEs	16.1.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200196	0335	-	F	Miscellaneous corrections for Rel-16 eMTC features in 36.212	16.1.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200197	0336	-	F	Miscellaneous corrections for Rel-16 NB-IoT features in 36.212	16.1.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200699	0337	1	F	Miscellaneous corrections for Rel-16 NB-IoT features in 36.212	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200700	0338	-	F	Miscellaneous corrections for Rel-16 DL MIMO EE features in 36.212	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200698	0339	-	F	Miscellaneous corrections for Rel-16 eMTC features in 36.212	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200702	0342	-	Α	Correction to define the values of SPS activation/release in DCI format 5A	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200697	0343	-	F	Correction to remove the term 'compact' for DCI format 6-1A	16.2.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201802	0346	-	A	Applicability of fields to CSS in eMTC	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201816	0347	-	F	Correction on terms and higher layer parameters for NB-IoT in 36.212	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201816	0348	<u> </u>	F	Correction on PUR-RNTI for NB-IoT in 36.212	16.3.0
				-		Corrections on preamble format indicator presence in NPDCCH	
2020-12	RAN#90-e	RP-202400	0350	-	A	order in TS 36.212	16.4.0
2020-12	RAN#90-e	RP-202392	0351	-	F	Clarification on usage of NDI	16.4.0
2020-12	RAN#90-e	RP-202397	0352	-	F	Alignment corrections for Rel-16 features	16.4.0
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2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211240	0366	-	F	Correction of erroneous references	16.6.0
2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211243	0368	-	F	Alignment of EN-DC/NE-DC parameter names	16.6.0
	RAN#94-e	RP-212965	0370	-	A	Fallback DCI for eMTC	16.7.0
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	RAN#94-e RAN#95-e	RP-212974 RP-220258	0371	-	F	Correction to additional enhancements for NB-IoT and LTE-	17.1.0
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