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Contents

| Intelle | ectual Property Rights | 2 |
|----------------|---|----|
| Forew | ord | 2 |
| Forew | vord | 5 |
| 1 | Scope | 6 |
| 2 | References | 6 |
| 3 | Definitions, symbols, and abbreviations | 7 |
| 3.1 | Symbols | |
| 3.2 | Abbreviations | 7 |
| 4 | Synchronisation procedures | 8 |
| 4.1 | Cell search | |
| 4.2 | Timing synchronisation | |
| 4.2.1 | Radio link monitoring | 8 |
| 4.2.2 | Inter-cell synchronisation | 8 |
| 4.2.3 | Transmission timing adjustments | |
| 4.3 | Timing for Secondary Cell Activation / Deactivation | 9 |
| 5 | Power control | 9 |
| 5.1 | Uplink power control. | |
| 5.1.1 | Physical uplink shared channel | |
| 5.1.1.1 | | |
| 5.1.1.2 | | |
| 5.1.2 | Physical uplink control channel | 16 |
| 5.1.2.1 | UE behaviour | 16 |
| 5.1.3 | Sounding Reference Symbol | |
| 5.1.3.1 | UE behaviour | |
| 5.2 | Downlink power allocation | |
| 5.2.1 | eNodeB Relative Narrowband TX Power restrictions | 21 |
| 6 | Random access procedure | |
| 6.1 | Physical non-synchronized random access procedure | |
| 6.1.1 | Timing | |
| 6.2 | Random Access Response Grant | |
| 7 | - | |
| 7 | Physical downlink shared channel related procedures | |
| 7.1 | UE procedure for receiving the physical downlink shared channel | |
| 7.1.1 7.1.2 | Single-antenna port scheme | |
| 7.1.2 | Transmit diversity scheme Large delay CDD scheme | |
| 7.1.3 | Closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme | |
| 7.1.4 | Multi-user MIMO scheme | |
| 7.1.5A | | |
| 7.1.5B | • | |
| 7.1.6 | Resource allocation | |
| 7.1.6.1 | | |
| 7.1.6.2 | | |
| 7.1.6.3 | | |
| 7.1.6.4 | PDSCH starting position | |
| 7.1.6.5 | | |
| 7.1.7 | Modulation order and transport block size determination | |
| 7.1.7.1 | | |
| 7.1.7.2 | I · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| 7.1.7.2 | | |
| 7.1.7.2 | | |
| 7.1.7.2 | Transport blocks mapped for DCI Format 1C | 41 |

| 7.1.7.2.4 | Transport blocks mapped to three-layer spatial multiplexing | 41 |
|----------------------|---|-----|
| 7.1.7.2.5 | Transport blocks mapped to four-layer spatial multiplexing | |
| 7.1.7.3 | Redundancy Version determination for Format 1C | |
| 7.1.8 | Storing soft channel bits | |
| 7.2 | UE procedure for reporting Channel State Information (CSI) | |
| 7.2.1 | Aperiodic CSI Reporting using PUSCH | |
| 7.2.2 | Periodic CSI Reporting using PUCCH | |
| 7.2.3 | Channel quality indicator (CQI) definition | |
| 7.2.4 | Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI) definition | |
| 7.2.5 7.3 | Channel-State Information – Reference Signal (CSI-RS) definition UE procedure for reporting HARQ-ACK | |
| | | |
| | ysical uplink shared channel related procedures | |
| 8.0 | UE procedure for transmitting the physical uplink shared channel | |
| 8.0.1 | Single-antenna port scheme | |
| 8.0.2 | Closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme | |
| 8.1 | Resource Allocation for PDCCH with uplink DCI Format | |
| 8.1.1 8.1.2 | Uplink Resource allocation type 0 Uplink Resource allocation type 1 | |
| 8.1.2 8.2 | UE sounding procedure | |
| 8.3 | UE HARQ-ACK procedure | |
| 8.4 | UE PUSCH Hopping procedure | |
| 8.4.1 | Type 1 PUSCH Hopping | |
| 8.4.2 | Type 2 PUSCH Hopping | |
| 8.5 | UE Reference Symbol procedure | |
| 8.6 | Modulation order, redundancy version and transport block size determination | |
| 8.6.1 | Modulation order and redundancy version determination | |
| 8.6.2 | Transport block size determination | |
| 8.6.3 | Control information MCS offset determination | |
| 8.7 | UE Transmit Antenna Selection | |
| 9 Ph | ysical downlink control channel procedures | |
| 9.1 | UE procedure for determining physical downlink control channel assignment | |
| 9.1.1 | PDCCH Assignment Procedure | |
| 9.1.2 | PHICH Assignment Procedure | |
| 9.1.3 | Control Format Indicator assignment procedure | 96 |
| 9.2 | PDCCH validation for semi-persistent scheduling | |
| 9.3 | PDCCH control information procedure | |
| 10 Ph | ysical uplink control channel procedures | |
| 10.1 | UE procedure for determining physical uplink control channel assignment | |
| 10.1.1 | PUCCH format information | |
| 10.1.2 | FDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedures | |
| 10.1.2.1 | FDD HARQ-ACK procedure for one configured serving cell | |
| 10.1.2.2 | FDD HARQ-ACK procedures for more than one configured serving cell | |
| 10.1.2.2.1 | PUCCH format 1b with channel selection HARQ-ACK procedure | |
| 10.1.2.2.2 | | |
| 10.1.3 | TDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedures | |
| 10.1.3.1 10.1.3.2 | TDD HARQ-ACK procedure for one configured serving cell | |
| 10.1.3.2 | TDD HARQ-ACK procedure for more than one configured serving cell PUCCH format 1b with channel selection HARQ-ACK procedure | |
| 10.1.3.2.1 | - | |
| 10.1.3.2.2 | HARQ-ACK Repetition procedure | |
| 10.1.5 | Scheduling Request (SR) procedure | |
| 10.2 | Uplink HARQ-ACK timing | |
| 11 Ph | ysical multicast channel related procedures | 121 |
| 11.1 | UE procedure for receiving the physical multicast channel | |
| 11.2 | UE procedure for receiving MCCH change notification | |
| A | | |
| | (informative): Change history | |
| History. | | |

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1 Scope

The present document specifies and establishes the characteristics of the physicals layer procedures in the FDD and TDD modes of E-UTRA.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
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- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications"
- [2] 3GPP TS 36.201: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Layer General Description"
- [3] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical channels and modulation"
- [4] 3GPP TS 36.212: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Multiplexing and channel coding"
- [5] 3GPP TS 36.214: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer Measurements"
- [6] 3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception"
- [7] 3GPP TS 36.104: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception"
- [8] 3GPP TS36.321, "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification"
- [9] 3GPP TS36.423, "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); X2 Application Protocol (X2AP)"
- [10] 3GPP TS36.133, "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Requirements for support of radio resource management"
- [11] 3GPP TS36.331, "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification"
- [12] 3GPP TS 36.306: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities".

3 Definitions, symbols, and abbreviations

3.1 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

| n_f | System frame number as defined in [3] |
|-----------------------|---|
| n _s | Slot number within a radio frame as defined in [3] |
| N_{cells}^{DL} | Number of configured cells |
| $N_{ m RB}^{ m DL}$ | Downlink bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of N_{sc}^{RB} as defined in [3] |
| $N_{ m RB}^{ m UL}$ | Uplink bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of N_{sc}^{RB} as defined in [3] |
| $N_{ m symb}^{ m UL}$ | Number of SC-FDMA symbols in an uplink slot as defined in [3] |
| $N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$ | Resource block size in the frequency domain, expressed as a number of subcarriers as defined in |
| | [3] |
| T_s | Basic time unit as defined in [3] |

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply.

| ACK | Acknowledgement |
|--------|---|
| BCH | Broadcast Channel |
| CCE | Control Channel Element |
| CIF | Carrier Indicator Field |
| CQI | Channel Quality Indicator |
| CRC | Cyclic Redundancy Check |
| CSI | Channel State Information |
| DAI | Downlink Assignment Index |
| DCI | Downlink Control Information |
| DL | Downlink |
| DL-SCH | Downlink Shared Channel |
| DTX | Discontinuous Transmission |
| EPRE | Energy Per Resource Element |
| MCS | Modulation and Coding Scheme |
| NACK | Negative Acknowledgement |
| PBCH | Physical Broadcast Channel |
| PCFICH | Physical Control Format Indicator Channel |
| PDCCH | Physical Downlink Control Channel |
| PDSCH | Physical Downlink Shared Channel |
| PHICH | Physical Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel |
| PMCH | Physical Multicast Channel |
| PMI | Precoding Matrix Indicator |
| PRACH | Physical Random Access Channel |
| PRS | Positioning Reference Symbol |
| PRB | Physical Resource Block |
| PUCCH | Physical Uplink Control Channel |
| PUSCH | Physical Uplink Shared Channel |
| PTI | Precoding Type Indicator |
| QoS | Quality of Service |
| RBG | Resource Block Group |
| RE | Resource Element |
| RI | Rank Indication |
| RPF | Repetition Factor |
| RS | Reference Signal |
| | |

| SIR | Signal-to-Interference Ratio |
|------------|---|
| SINR | Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratio |
| SPS C-RNTI | Semi-Persistent Scheduling C-RNTI |
| SR | Scheduling Request |
| SRS | Sounding Reference Symbol |
| TA | Time alignment |
| TTI | Transmission Time Interval |
| UCI | Uplink Control Information |
| UE | User Equipment |
| UL | Uplink |
| UL-SCH | Uplink Shared Channel |
| VRB | Virtual Resource Block |
| | |

4 Synchronisation procedures

4.1 Cell search

Cell search is the procedure by which a UE acquires time and frequency synchronization with a cell and detects the physical layer Cell ID of that cell. E-UTRA cell search supports a scalable overall transmission bandwidth corresponding to 6 resource blocks and upwards.

The following signals are transmitted in the downlink to facilitate cell search: the primary and secondary synchronization signals.

4.2 Timing synchronisation

4.2.1 Radio link monitoring

The downlink radio link quality of the primary cell shall be monitored by the UE for the purpose of indicating out-of-sync/in-sync status to higher layers.

In non-DRX mode operation, the physical layer in the UE shall every radio frame assess the radio link quality, evaluated over the previous time period defined in [10], against thresholds (Q_{out} and Q_{in}) defined by relevant tests in [10].

In DRX mode operation, the physical layer in the UE shall at least once every DRX period assess the radio link quality, evaluated over the previous time period defined in [10], against thresholds (Q_{out} and Q_{in}) defined by relevant tests in [10].

If higher-layer signalling indicates certain subframes for restricted radio link monitoring, the radio link quality shall not be monitored in any subframe other than those indicated.

The physical layer in the UE shall in radio frames where the radio link quality is assessed indicate out-of-sync to higher layers when the radio link quality is worse than the threshold Q_{out} . When the radio link quality is better than the threshold Q_{in} , the physical layer in the UE shall in radio frames where the radio link quality is assessed indicate in-sync to higher layers.

4.2.2 Inter-cell synchronisation

No functionality is specified in this section in this release.

4.2.3 Transmission timing adjustments

Upon reception of a timing advance command, the UE shall adjust its uplink transmission timing for PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS of the primary cell. The timing advance command indicates the change of the uplink timing relative to the current uplink timing as multiples of $16T_s$. The start timing of the random access preamble is specified in [3]. The UL transmission timing for PUSCH/SRS of a secondary cell is the same as the primary cell.

In case of random access response, 11-bit timing advance command [8], T_A , indicates N_{TA} values by index values of $T_A = 0, 1, 2, ..., 1282$, where an amount of the time alignment is given by $N_{TA} = T_A \times 16$. N_{TA} is defined in [3].

In other cases, 6-bit timing advance command [8], T_A , indicates adjustment of the current N_{TA} value, $N_{TA,old}$, to the new N_{TA} value, $N_{TA,new}$, by index values of $T_A = 0, 1, 2,..., 63$, where $N_{TA,new} = N_{TA,old} + (T_A - 31) \times 16$. Here, adjustment of N_{TA} value by a positive or a negative amount indicates advancing or delaying the uplink transmission timing by a given amount respectively.

For a timing advance command received on subframe n, the corresponding adjustment of the timing shall apply from the beginning of subframe n+6. When the UE's uplink PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS transmissions in subframe n and subframe n+1 are overlapped due to the timing adjustment, the UE shall transmit complete subframe n and not transmit the overlapped part of subframe n+1.

If the received downlink timing changes and is not compensated or is only partly compensated by the uplink timing adjustment without timing advance command as specified in [10], the UE changes N_{TA} accordingly.

4.3 Timing for Secondary Cell Activation / Deactivation

When a UE receives an activation command [8] for a secondary cell in subframe n, the corresponding actions in [8] shall be applied no later than the minimum requirement defined in [10] and no earlier than subframe n+8, except for the following:

- the actions related to CSI reporting
- the actions related to the sCellDeactivationTimer associated with the secondary cell [8]

which shall be applied in subframe n+8.

When a UE receives a deactivation command [8] for a secondary cell or the *sCellDeactivationTimer* secondary cell's deactivation timer associated with the secondary cell expires in subframe n, the corresponding actions in [8] shall apply no later than the minimum requirement defined in [10], except for the actions related to CSI reporting which shall be applied in subframe n+8.

5 Power control

Downlink power control determines the energy per resource element (EPRE). The term resource element energy denotes the energy prior to CP insertion. The term resource element energy also denotes the average energy taken over all constellation points for the modulation scheme applied. Uplink power control determines the average power over a SC-FDMA symbol in which the physical channel is transmitted.

5.1 Uplink power control

Uplink power control controls the transmit power of the different uplink physical channels.

For PUSCH, the transmit power $\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$ defined in section 5.1.1, is first scaled by the ratio of the number of antennas ports with a non-zero PUSCH transmission to the number of configured antenna ports for the transmission scheme. The resulting scaled power is then split equally across the antenna ports on which the non-zero PUSCH is transmitted.

For PUCCH or SRS, the transmit power $\hat{P}_{PUCCH}(i)$, defined in Section 5.1.1.1, or $\hat{P}_{SRS,c}(i)$ is split equally across the configured antenna ports for PUCCH or SRS. $\hat{P}_{SRS,c}(i)$ is the linear value of $P_{SRS,c}(i)$ defined in Section 5.1.3.

A cell wide overload indicator (OI) and a High Interference Indicator (HII) to control UL interference are defined in [9].

5.1.1 Physical uplink shared channel

5.1.1.1 UE behaviour

The setting of the UE Transmit power for a physical uplink shared channel (PUSCH) transmission is defined as follows.

If the UE transmits PUSCH without a simultaneous PUCCH for the serving cell c, then the UE transmit power $P_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$ for PUSCH transmission in subframe *i* for the serving cell c is given by

$$P_{\text{PUSCH,c}}(i) = \min \begin{cases} P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i), \\ 10\log_{10}(M_{\text{PUSCH,c}}(i)) + P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUSCH,c}}}(j) + \alpha_{c}(j) \cdot PL_{c} + \Delta_{\text{TF,c}}(i) + f_{c}(i) \end{cases} \quad [\text{dBm}]$$

If the UE transmits PUSCH simultaneous with PUCCH for the serving cell c, then the UE transmit power $P_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$ for the PUSCH transmission in subframe i for the serving cell c is given by

$$P_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i) = \min \begin{cases} 10 \log_{10} \left(\hat{P}_{\text{CMAX},c}(i) - \hat{P}_{\text{PUCCH}}(i) \right), \\ 10 \log_{10} \left(M_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i) \right) + P_{\text{O}_{-}\text{PUSCH},c}(j) + \alpha_{c}(j) \cdot PL_{c} + \Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i) + f_{c}(i) \end{cases}$$
[dBm]

If the UE is not transmitting PUSCH for the serving cell c, for the accumulation of TPC command received with DCI format 3/3A for PUSCH, the UE shall assume that the UE transmit power $P_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$ for the PUSCH transmission in subframe *i* for the serving cell *c* is computed by

$$P_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i) = \min \left\{ P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i), P_{\text{O},\text{PUSCH},c}(1) + \alpha_c(1) \cdot PL_c + f_c(i) \right\} \quad [\text{dBm}]$$

where,

•

- $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$ is the configured UE transmit power defined in [6] in subframe *i* for serving cell *c* and $\hat{P}_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$ is the linear value of $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$. If the UE transmits PUCCH without PUSCH in subframe *i* for the serving cell *c*, for the accumulation of TPC command received with DCI format 3/3A for PUSCH, the UE shall assume $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$ as given by section 5.1.2.1. If the UE does not transmit PUCCH and PUSCH in subframe *i* for the serving cell *c*, for the accumulation of TPC command received with DCI format 3/3A for PUSCH, the UE shall compute $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$ assuming MPR=0dB, A-MPR=0dB, P-MPR=0dB and ΔT_{C} =0dB, where MPR, A-MPR, P-MPR and ΔT_{C} are defined in [6].
- $\hat{P}_{\text{PUCCH}}(i)$ is the linear value of $P_{\text{PUCCH}}(i)$ defined in section 5.1.2.1
- $M_{\text{PUSCH,c}}(i)$ is the bandwidth of the PUSCH resource assignment expressed in number of resource blocks valid for subframe *i* and serving cell *c*.
- $P_{O_PUSCH,c}(j)$ is a parameter composed of the sum of a component $P_{O_NOMINAL_PUSCH,c}(j)$ provided from higher layers for j=0 and 1 and a component $P_{O_UE_PUSCH,c}(j)$ provided by higher layers for j=0 and 1 for serving cell c. For PUSCH (re)transmissions corresponding to a semi-persistent grant then j=0, for PUSCH (re)transmissions corresponding to a dynamic scheduled grant then j=1 and for PUSCH (re)transmissions corresponding to the random access response grant then j=2. $P_{O_UE_PUSCH,c}(2) = 0$ and

 $P_{O_NOMINAL_PUSCH,c}(2) = P_{O_PRE} + \Delta_{PREAMBLE_Msg3}$, where the parameter preambleInitialReceivedTargetPower [8] (P_{O_PRE}) and $\Delta_{PREAMBLE_Msg3}$ are signalled from higher layers.

- For j = 0 or 1, $\alpha_c \in \{0, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1\}$ is a 3-bit parameter provided by higher layers for serving cell c. For j=2, $\alpha_c(j)=1$.
- PL_c is the downlink pathloss estimate calculated in the UE for serving cell c in dB and PL_c = referenceSignalPower – higher layer filtered RSRP, where referenceSignalPower is provided by higher layers and RSRP is defined in [5] for the reference serving cell and the higher layer filter configuration is defined in [11] for the reference serving cell. For the uplink of the primary cell, the primary cell is used as the reference

serving cell for determining *referenceSignalPower* and higher layer filtered RSRP. For the uplink of the secondary cell, the serving cell configured by the higher layer parameter *pathlossReferenceLinking* defined in [11] is used as the reference serving cell for determining *referenceSignalPower* and higher layer filtered RSRP.

• $\Delta_{TF,c}(i) = 10 \log_{10} \left(\left(2^{BPRE \cdot K_s} - 1 \right) \cdot \beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} \right)$ for $K_s = 1.25$ and 0 for $K_s = 0$ where K_s is given by the

parameter *deltaMCS-Enabled* provided by higher layers for each serving cell c. *BPRE* and β_{offset}^{PUSCH} , for each serving cell c, are computed as below. $K_s = 0$ for transmission mode 2.

• BPRE = $O_{\text{CQI}} / N_{\text{RE}}$ for control data sent via PUSCH without UL-SCH data and $\sum_{r=0}^{C-1} K_r / N_{\text{RE}}$ for

other cases.

- where *C* is the number of code blocks, K_r is the size for code block *r*, O_{CQI} is the number of CQI/PMI bits including CRC bits and N_{RE} is the number of resource elements determined as $N_{RE} = M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial} \cdot N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial}$, where *C*, K_r , $M_{sc}^{PUSCH-initial}$ and $N_{symb}^{PUSCH-initial}$ are defined in [4].
- $\beta_{offset}^{PUSCH} = \beta_{offset}^{CQI}$ for control data sent via PUSCH without UL-SCH data and 1 for other cases.
- $\delta_{\text{PUSCH},c}$ is a correction value, also referred to as a TPC command and is included in PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 for serving cell *c* or jointly coded with other TPC commands in PDCCH with DCI format 3/3A whose CRC parity bits are scrambled with TPC-PUSCH-RNTI. The current PUSCH power control adjustment state for serving cell *c* is given by $f_c(i)$ which is defined by:
 - $f_c(i) = f_c(i-1) + \delta_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i K_{\text{PUSCH}})$ if accumulation is enabled based on the parameter *Accumulation-enabled* provided by higher layers or if the TPC command $\delta_{\text{PUSCH},c}$ is included in a PDCCH with DCI format 0 for serving cell *c* where the CRC is scrambled by the Temporary C-RNTI
 - where $\delta_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i K_{\text{PUSCH}})$ was signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 or 3/3A on subframe $i K_{\text{PUSCH}}$, and where $f_c(0)$ is the first value after reset of accumulation.
 - The value of K_{PUSCH} is
 - For FDD, $K_{PUSCH} = 4$
 - For TDD UL/DL configurations 1-6, K_{PUSCH} is given in Table 5.1.1.1-1
 - For TDD UL/DL configuration 0
 - If the PUSCH transmission in subframe 2 or 7 is scheduled with a PDCCH of DCI format 0/4 in which the LSB of the UL index is set to 1, $K_{PUSCH} = 7$
 - For all other PUSCH transmissions, K_{PUSCH} is given in Table 5.1.1.1-1.
 - For serving cell c the UE attempts to decode a PDCCH of DCI format 0/4 with the UE's CRNTI or DCI format 0 for SPS C-RNTI and a PDCCH of DCI format 3/3A with this UE's TPC-PUSCH-RNTI in every subframe except when in DRX or where serving cell c is deactivated.
 - If DCI format 0/4 for serving cell *c* and DCI format 3/3A are both detected in the same subframe, then the UE shall use the $\delta_{\text{PUSCH,c}}$ provided in DCI format 0/4.
 - $\delta_{\text{PUSCH,c}} = 0 \,\text{dB}$ for a subframe where no TPC command is decoded for serving cell *c* or where DRX occurs or *i* is not an uplink subframe in TDD.

- The $\delta_{PUSCH,c}$ dB accumulated values signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 are given in Table 5.1.1.1-2. If the PDCCH with DCI format 0 is validated as a SPS activation or release PDCCH, then $\delta_{PUSCH,c}$ is 0dB.
- The δ_{PUSCH} dB accumulated values signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 3/3A are one of SET1 given in Table 5.1.1.1-2 or SET2 given in Table 5.1.1.1-3 as determined by the parameter *TPC-Index* provided by higher layers.
- If UE has reached P_{CMAX,c}(i) for serving cell c, positive TPC commands for serving cell c shall not be accumulated
- If UE has reached minimum power, negative TPC commands shall not be accumulated
- UE shall reset accumulation
 - For serving cell c, when $P_{O_{UE}PUSCH,c}$ value is changed by higher layers
 - For the primary cell, when the UE receives random access response message
- $f_c(i) = \delta_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i K_{\text{PUSCH}})$ if accumulation is not enabled for serving cell *c* based on the parameter *Accumulation-enabled* provided by higher layers
 - where $\delta_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i K_{\text{PUSCH}})$ was signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 for serving cell *c* on subframe $i K_{\text{PUSCH}}$
 - The value of K_{PUSCH} is
 - For FDD, $K_{PUSCH} = 4$
 - For TDD UL/DL configurations 1-6, K_{PUSCH} is given in Table 5.1.1.1-1
 - For TDD UL/DL configuration 0
 - If the PUSCH transmission in subframe 2 or 7 is scheduled with a PDCCH of DCI format 0/4 in which the LSB of the UL index is set to 1, $K_{PUSCH} = 7$
 - For all other PUSCH transmissions, K_{PUSCH} is given in Table 5.1.1.1-1.
 - The $\delta_{\text{PUSCH,c}}$ dB absolute values signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 are given in Table 5.1.1.1-2. If the PDCCH with DCI format 0 is validated as a SPS activation or release PDCCH, then $\delta_{\text{PUSCH,c}}$ is 0dB.
 - $f_c(i) = f_c(i-1)$ for a subframe where no PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 is decoded for serving cell c or where DRX occurs or i is not an uplink subframe in TDD.
- For both types of $f_c(*)$ (accumulation or current absolute) the first value is set as follows:
 - If $P_{O_UE_PUSCH,c}$ value is changed by higher layers and serving cell c is the primary cell or, if $P_{O_UE_PUSCH,c}$ value is received by higher layers and serving cell c is a Secondary cell
 - $f_c(0) = 0$
 - Else
 - If serving cell *c* is the primary cell

 $\circ f_c(0) = \Delta P_{rampup} + \delta_{msg2}$

• where δ_{msg2} is the TPC command indicated in the random access response, see Section 6.2, and

.

 ΔP_{rampup} is provided by higher layers and corresponds to the total power ramp-up from the first to the last preamble

| Table 5.1.1.1-1 K PUSCH | for TDD configuration 0-6 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
|-------------------------|---------------------------|

| TDD UL/DL Configuration | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| g | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | - | - | 6 | 7 | 4 | - | - | 6 | 7 | 4 |
| 1 | - | - | 6 | 4 | - | - | - | 6 | 4 | - |
| 2 | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| 3 | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | - | - | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | - | - | 7 | 7 | 5 | - | - | 7 | 7 | - |

Table 5.1.1.1-2: Mapping of TPC Command Field in DCI format 0/3/4 to absolute and accumulated $\delta_{\rm PUSCH,c}~$ values.

| TPC Command Field in DCI format 0/3/4 | Accumulated $\delta_{ m PUSCH,c}$ [dB] | Absolute $ \delta_{ m PUSCH,c} $ [dB] only DCI format 0/4 |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| 0 | -1 | -4 |
| 1 | 0 | -1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 | 4 |

Table 5.1.1.1-3: Mapping of TPC Command Field in DCI format 3A to accumulated $\delta_{PUSCH,c}$ values.

| TPC Command Field in | Accumulated $\delta_{	ext{PUSCH,c}}$ | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| DCI format 3A | [dB] | | |
| 0 | -1 | | |
| 1 | 1 | | |

If the total transmit power of the UE would exceed $\hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$, the UE scales $\hat{P}_{PUSCH,c}(i)$ for the serving cell c in subframe i such that the condition

$$\sum_{c} w(i) \cdot \hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i) \leq \left(\hat{P}_{\text{CMAX}}(i) - \hat{P}_{\text{PUCCH}}(i) \right)$$

is satisfied where $\hat{P}_{\text{PUCCH}}(i)$ is the linear value of $P_{\text{PUCCH}}(i)$, $\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$ is the linear value of $P_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$, $\hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$ is the linear value of the UE total configured maximum output power P_{CMAX} defined in [6] in subframe *i* and w(i) is a scaling factor of $\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$ for serving cell *c* where $0 \le w(i) \le 1$. In case there is no PUCCH transmission in subframe *i* $\hat{P}_{\text{PUCCH}}(i) = 0$.

If the UE has PUSCH transmission with UCI on serving cell *j* and PUSCH without UCI in any of the remaining serving cells, and the total transmit power of the UE would exceed $\hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$, the UE scales $\hat{P}_{PUSCH,c}(i)$ for the serving cells without UCI in subframe *i* such that the condition

$$\sum_{c \neq j} w(i) \cdot \hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i) \leq \left(\hat{P}_{\text{CMAX}}(i) - \hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},j}(i) \right)$$

is satisfied where $\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},j}(i)$ is the PUSCH transmit power for the cell with UCI and w(i) is a scaling factor of $\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$ for serving cell c without UCI. In this case, no power scaling is applied to $\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},j}(i)$ unless $\sum_{c \neq j} w(i) \cdot \hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i) = 0$ and the total transmit power of the UE still would exceed $\hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$. Note

that w(i) values are the same across serving cells when w(i) > 0 but for certain serving cells w(i) may be zero.

If the UE has simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH transmission with UCI on serving cell j and PUSCH transmission without UCI in any of the remaining serving cells, and the total transmit power of the UE would exceed $\hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$, the UE obtains $\hat{P}_{PUSCH,c}(i)$ according to

$$\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},j}(i) = \min\left(\hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},j}(i), \left(\hat{P}_{\text{CMAX}}(i) - \hat{P}_{\text{PUCCH}}(i)\right)\right)$$

and

$$\sum_{c \neq j} w(i) \cdot \hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i) \leq \left(\hat{P}_{\text{CMAX}}(i) - \hat{P}_{\text{PUCCH}}(i) - \hat{P}_{\text{PUSCH},j}(i) \right)$$

5.1.1.2 Power headroom

There are two types of UE power headroom reports defined. A UE power headroom PH is valid for subframe *i* for serving cell c.

Type 1:

If the UE transmits PUSCH without PUCCH in subframe i for serving cell c, power headroom for a Type 1 report is computed using

$$PH_{\text{type1,c}}(i) = P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i) - \left\{ 10\log_{10}(M_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)) + P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUSCH},c}}(j) + \alpha_{c}(j) \cdot PL_{c} + \Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i) + f_{c}(i) \right\} \quad [\text{dB}]$$

where, $P_{\text{CMAX}_c}(i)$, $M_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$, $P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUSCH},c}}(j)$, $\alpha_c(j)$, PL_c , $\Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i)$ and $f_c(i)$ are defined in section 5.1.1.1.

If the UE transmits PUSCH with PUCCH in subframe i for serving cell c, power headroom for a Type 1 report is computed using

$$PH_{\text{type1,c}}(i) = \tilde{P}_{\text{CMAX},c}(i) - \left\{ 10\log_{10}(M_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)) + P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUSCH},c}}(j) + \alpha_{c}(j) \cdot PL_{c} + \Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i) + f_{c}(i) \right\} \quad [\text{dB}]$$

where, $M_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$, $P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUSCH},c}}(j)$, $\alpha_c(j)$, PL_c , $\Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i)$ and $f_c(i)$ are defined in section 5.1.1.1.

 $\tilde{P}_{\text{CMAX},c}(i)$ is computed based on the requirements in [6] assuming a PUSCH only transmission in subframe *i*. For this case, the physical layer delivers $\tilde{P}_{\text{CMAX},c}(i)$ instead of $P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i)$ to higher layers.

If the UE does not transmit PUSCH in subframe i for serving cell c, power headroom for a Type 1 report is computed using

$$PH_{type1,c}(i) = \widetilde{P}_{CMAX,c}(i) - \left\{ P_{O_PUSCH,c}(1) + \alpha_c(1) \cdot PL_c + f_c(i) \right\} \quad [dB]$$

where, $\tilde{P}_{CMAX,c}(i)$ is computed assuming MPR=0dB, A-MPR=0dB, P-MPR=0dB and ΔT_c =0dB, where MPR, A-MPR, P-MPR and ΔT_c are defined in [6]. $P_{O \text{ PUSCH},c}(1)$, $\alpha_c(1)$, PL_c , and $f_c(i)$ are defined in section 5.1.1.1.

Type 2:

If the UE transmits PUSCH simultaneous with PUCCH in subframe i for the primary cell, power headroom for a Type 2 report is computed using

$$PH_{type2}(i) = P_{CMAX,c}(i) - 10\log_{10} \left(\frac{10^{(10\log_{10}(M_{PUSCH,c}(i)) + P_{O_{PUSCH,c}}(j) + \alpha_{c}(j) \cdot PL_{c} + \Delta_{TF,c}(i) + f_{c}(i))}{10^{(P_{O_{PUCCH}} + PL_{c} + h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) + \Delta_{F_{PUCCH}}(F) + \Delta_{TxD}(F') + g(i))} \right)$$
[dB]

where, $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}$, $M_{\text{PUSCH,c}}(i)$, $P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUSCH,c}}}(j)$, $\alpha_c(j)$, $\Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i)$ and $f_c(i)$ are the primary cell parameters as defined in section 5.1.1.1 and $P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUCCH}}}$, PL_c , $h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR})$, $\Delta_{\text{F}_{\text{PUCCH}}}(F)$, $\Delta_{TxD}(F')$ and g(i) are defined in section 5.1.2.1

If the UE transmits PUSCH without PUCCH in subframe *i* for the primary cell, power headroom for a Type 2 report is computed using

$$PH_{\text{type2}}(i) = P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i) - 10\log_{10} \left(\frac{10^{(10\log_{10}(M_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)) + P_{\text{O},\text{PUSCH},c}(j) + \alpha_{c}(j) \cdot PL_{c} + \Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i) + f_{c}(i))}{10} + \frac{10^{(P_{0},\text{PUCCH} + PL_{c} + g(i))}{10}}{10} \right) \text{ [dB]}$$

where, $P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i)$, $M_{\text{PUSCH},c}(i)$, $P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUSCH},c}}(j)$, $\alpha_c(j)$, $\Delta_{\text{TF},c}(i)$ and $f_c(i)$ are the primary cell parameters as defined in section 5.1.1.1 and $P_{\text{O}_{\text{PUCCH}}}$, PL_c and g(i) are defined in section 5.1.2.1.

If the UE transmits PUCCH without PUSCH in subframe *i* for the primary cell, power headroom for a Type 2 report is computed using

$$PH_{type2}(i) = P_{CMAX,c}(i) - 10\log_{10} \left(\frac{10^{(P_{O_{PUSCH,c}}(1) + \alpha_{c}(1) \cdot PL_{c} + f_{c}(i))/10}}{10^{(P_{O_{PUSCH}} + PL_{c} + h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) + \Delta_{F_{PUCCH}}(F) + \Delta_{TxD}(F') + g(i))/10} \right)$$
[dB]

where, $P_{O_PUSCH,c}(1)$, $\alpha_c(1)$ and $f_c(i)$ are the primary cell parameters as defined in section 5.1.1.1, $P_{CMAX,c}(i)$, P_{O_PUCCH} , PL_c , $h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR})$, $\Delta_{F_PUCCH}(F)$, $\Delta_{TxD}(F')$ and g(i) are also defined in section 5.1.2.1.

If the UE does not transmit PUCCH or PUSCH in subframe i for the primary cell, power headroom for a Type 2 report is computed using

$$PH_{type2}(i) = \tilde{P}_{CMAX,c}(i) - 10\log_{10} \begin{pmatrix} 10^{(P_{O_{PUSCH,c}}(1) + \alpha_{c}(1) \cdot PL_{c} + f_{c}(i))/10} \\ + 10^{(P_{O_{PUCCH}} + PL_{c} + g(i))/10} \end{pmatrix}$$
[dB]

where, $\tilde{P}_{CMAX,c}(i)$ is computed assuming MPR=0dB, A-MPR=0dB, P-MPR=0dB and $\Delta T_{\rm C}$ =0dB, where MPR, A-MPR, P-MPR and $\Delta T_{\rm C}$ are defined in [6], $P_{\rm O_PUSCH,c}(1)$, $\alpha_c(1)$ and $f_c(i)$ are the primary cell parameters as defined in section 5.1.1.1 and $P_{\rm O_PUCCH}$, PL_c and g(i) are defined in section 5.1.2.1.

The power headroom shall be rounded to the closest value in the range [40; -23] dB with steps of 1 dB and is delivered by the physical layer to higher layers.

5.1.2 Physical uplink control channel

5.1.2.1 UE behaviour

If serving cell c is the primary cell, the setting of the UE Transmit power P_{PUCCH} for the physical uplink control channel (PUCCH) transmission in subframe i is defined by

$$P_{\text{PUCCH}}(i) = \min \begin{cases} P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i), \\ P_{0_{\text{PUCCH}}} + PL_{c} + h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) + \Delta_{\text{F}_{\text{PUCCH}}}(F) + \Delta_{TxD}(F') + g(i) \end{cases} \quad [dBm]$$

If the UE is not transmitting PUCCH for the primary cell, for the accumulation of TPC command received with DCI format 3/3A for PUCCH, the UE shall assume that the UE transmit power P_{PUCCH} for the PUCCH transmission in subframe *i* is computed by

$$P_{\text{PUCCH}}(i) = \min\{P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i), P_{0_{\text{PUCCH}}} + PL_{c} + g(i)\} \text{ [dBm]}$$

where

- $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$ is the configured UE transmit power defined in [6] in subframe i for serving cell c. If the UE transmits PUSCH without PUCCH in subframe i for the serving cell c, for the accumulation of TPC command received with DCI format 3/3A for PUCCH, the UE shall assume $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$ as given by section 5.1.1.1. If the UE does not transmit PUCCH and PUSCH in subframe i for the serving cell c, for the accumulation of TPC command received with DCI format 3/3A for PUCCH, the UE shall compute $P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i)$ assuming MPR=0dB, A-MPR=0dB, P-MPR=0dB and ΔT_{C} =0dB, where MPR, A-MPR, P-MPR and ΔT_{C} are defined in [6].
- The parameter Δ_{F_PUCCH}(F) is provided by higher layers. Each Δ_{F_PUCCH}(F) value corresponds to a PUCCH format (F) relative to PUCCH format 1a, where each PUCCH format (F) is defined in Table 5.4-1 of [3].
- If the UE is configured by higher layers to transmit PUCCH on two antenna ports, the value of $\Delta_{TxD}(F')$ is provided by higher layers where each PUCCH format F' is defined in Table 5.4-1 of [3]; otherwise, $\Delta_{TxD}(F') = 0$.
- $h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR})$ is a PUCCH format dependent value, where n_{CQI} corresponds to the number of information bits for the channel quality information defined in section 5.2.3.3 in [4]. $n_{SR} = 1$ if subframe *i* is configured for SR for the UE not having any associated transport block for UL-SCH, otherwise $n_{SR} = 0$. If the UE is configured with more than one serving cell, or the UE is configured with one serving cell and transmitting using PUCCH format 3, the value of n_{HARQ} is defined in section 10.1; otherwise, n_{HARQ} is the number of HARQ-ACK bits sent in subframe *i*.
 - For PUCCH format 1,1a and 1b $h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) = 0$
 - For PUCCH format 1b with channel selection, if the UE is configured with more than one serving cell, $h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) = \frac{(n_{HARQ} 1)}{2}$, otherwise, $h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) = 0$

• For PUCCH format 2, 2a, 2b and normal cyclic prefix

$$h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) = \begin{cases} 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{n_{CQI}}{4}\right) & \text{if } n_{CQI} \ge 4\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

o For PUCCH format 2 and extended cyclic prefix

$$h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) = \begin{cases} 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{n_{CQI} + n_{HARQ}}{4} \right) & \text{if } n_{CQI} + n_{HARQ} \ge 4\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- For PUCCH format 3
 - If the UE is configured by higher layers to transmit PUCCH on two antenna ports, or if the UE transmits more than 11 bits of HARQ-ACK/SR

$$h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) = \frac{n_{HARQ} + n_{SR} - 1}{3}$$

Otherwise

$$h(n_{CQI}, n_{HARQ}, n_{SR}) = \frac{n_{HARQ} + n_{SR} - 1}{2}$$

- P_{O_PUCCH} is a parameter composed of the sum of a parameter $P_{O_NOMINAL_PUCCH}$ provided by higher layers and a parameter $P_{O_{UE PUCCH}}$ provided by higher layers.
- δ_{PUCCH} is a UE specific correction value, also referred to as a TPC command, included in a PDCCH with DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2A/2/2B/2C for the primary cell or sent jointly coded with other UE specific PUCCH correction values on a PDCCH with DCI format 3/3A whose CRC parity bits are scrambled with TPC-PUCCH-RNTI.
 - The UE attempts to decode a PDCCH of DCI format 3/3A with the UE's TPC-PUCCH-RNTI and one or several PDCCHs of DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2A/2/2B/2C with the UE's C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI on every subframe except when in DRX.
 - If the UE decodes a PDCCH with DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2A/2/2B/2C for the primary cell and the corresponding detected RNTI equals the C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI of the UE and the TPC field in the DCI format is not used to determine the PUCCH resource as in section 10.1, the UE shall use the δ_{PUCCH} provided in that PDCCH.

else

• if the UE decodes a PDCCH with DCI format 3/3A, the UE shall use the δ_{PUCCH} provided in that PDCCH

else the UE shall set $\delta_{PUCCH} = 0 \text{ dB}.$

• $g(i) = g(i-1) + \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} \delta_{PUCCH}(i-k_m)$ where g(i) is the current PUCCH power control adjustment

state and where g(0) is the first value after reset.

- For FDD, M = 1 and $k_0 = 4$.
- For TDD, values of M and k_m are given in Table 10.1.3.1-1.
- The δ_{PUCCH} dB values signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2A/2/2B/2C are given in Table 5.1.2.1-1. If the PDCCH with DCI format 1/1A/2/2A/2B/2C is validated as an SPS activation PDCCH, or the PDCCH with DCI format 1A is validated as an SPS release PDCCH, then δ_{PUCCH} is 0dB.
- The δ_{PUCCH} dB values signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 3/3A are given in Table 5.1.2.1-1 or in Table 5.1.2.1-2 as semi-statically configured by higher layers.

• If $P_{O_{UE}PUCCH}$ value is changed by higher layers,

•
$$g(0) = 0$$

Else

• $g(0) = \Delta P_{rampup} + \delta_{msg2}$

- where δ_{msg2} is the TPC command indicated in the random access response, see Section 6.2 and
- ΔP_{rampup} is the total power ramp-up from the first to the last preamble provided by higher layers
- If UE has reached $P_{CMAX,c}(i)$ for the primary cell, positive TPC commands for the primary cell shall not be accumulated
- If UE has reached minimum power, negative TPC commands shall not be accumulated
- UE shall reset accumulation
 - when $P_{O \text{ UE PUCCH}}$ value is changed by higher layers
 - when the UE receives a random access response message
- g(i) = g(i-1) if i is not an uplink subframe in TDD.

Table 5.1.2.1-1: Mapping of TPC Command Field in DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2A/2B/2C/2/3 to $\delta_{ m PUCCH}$ values.

| TPC Command Field in DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2A/2B/2C/2/3 | $\delta_{_{ m PUCCH}}$ [dB] |
|---|-----------------------------|
| 0 | -1 |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 |

Table 5.1.2.1-2: Mapping of TPC Command Field in DCI format 3A to $\,\delta_{_{
m PUCCH}}\,$ values.

| TPC Command Field in DCI format 3A | $\delta_{_{ m PUCCH}}$ [dB] |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | -1 |
| 1 | 1 |

5.1.3 Sounding Reference Symbol

5.1.3.1 UE behaviour

The setting of the UE Transmit power P_{SRS} for the Sounding Reference Symbol transmitted on subframe *i* for serving cell *c* is defined by

$$P_{\text{SRS,c}}(i) = \min\left\{P_{\text{CMAX,c}}(i), P_{\text{SRS}_\text{OFFSET,c}}(m) + 10\log_{10}(M_{\text{SRS,c}}) + P_{\text{O}_\text{PUSCH,c}}(j) + \alpha_c(j) \cdot PL_c + f_c(i)\right\} \text{ [dBm]}$$

where

• $P_{\text{CMAX},c}(i)$ is the configured UE transmit power defined in [6] in subframe *i* for serving cell *c*.

- P_{SRS_OFFSET,c}(m) is a 4-bit parameter semi-statically configured by higher layers for m=0 and m=1 for serving cell c. For SRS transmission given trigger type 0 then m=0 and for SRS transmission given trigger type 1 then m=1. For K_S = 1.25, P_{SRS_OFFSET,c}(m) has 1dB step size in the range [-3, 12] dB. For K_S = 0, P_{SRS_OFFSET,c}(m) has 1.5 dB step size in the range [-10.5, 12] dB.
- $M_{\text{SRS,c}}$ is the bandwidth of the SRS transmission in subframe *i* for serving cell *c* expressed in number of resource blocks.
- $f_c(i)$ is the current PUSCH power control adjustment state for serving cell c, see Section 5.1.1.1.
- $P_{O \text{ PUSCH},c}(j)$ and $\alpha_c(j)$ are parameters as defined in Section 5.1.1.1, where j = 1.

If the total transmit power of the UE for the Sounding Reference Symbol in an SC-FDMA symbol would exceed $\hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$, the UE scales $\hat{P}_{SRS,c}(i)$ for the serving cell c and the SC-FDMA symbol in subframe i such that the condition

$$\sum_{c} w(i) \cdot \hat{P}_{\text{SRS},c}(i) \leq \hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$$

is satisfied where $\hat{P}_{\text{SRS},c}(i)$ is the linear value of $P_{\text{SRS},c}(i)$, $\hat{P}_{CMAX}(i)$ is the linear value of P_{CMAX} defined in [6] in subframe *i* and w(i) is a scaling factor of $\hat{P}_{\text{SRS},c}(i)$ for serving cell *c* where $0 < w(i) \le 1$. Note that w(i) values are the same across serving cells.

5.2 Downlink power allocation

The eNodeB determines the downlink transmit energy per resource element.

A UE may assume downlink cell-specific RS EPRE is constant across the downlink system bandwidth and constant across all subframes until different cell-specific RS power information is received. The downlink cell-specific reference-signal EPRE can be derived from the downlink reference-signal transmit power given by the parameter *referenceSignalPower* provided by higher layers. The downlink reference-signal transmit power is defined as the linear average over the power contributions (in [W]) of all resource elements that carry cell-specific reference signals within the operating system bandwidth.

The ratio of PDSCH EPRE to cell-specific RS EPRE among PDSCH REs (not applicable to PDSCH REs with zero EPRE) for each OFDM symbol is denoted by either ρ_A or ρ_B according to the OFDM symbol index as given by Table 5.2-2 and Table 5.2-3. In addition, ρ_A and ρ_B are UE-specific.

For a UE in transmission mode 8 or 9 when UE-specific RSs are not present in the PRBs upon which the corresponding PDSCH is mapped or in transmission modes 1 - 7, the UE may assume that for 16 QAM, 64 QAM, spatial multiplexing with more than one layer or for PDSCH transmissions associated with the multi-user MIMO transmission scheme,

- ρ_A is equal to $\delta_{\text{power-offset}} + P_A + 10\log_{10}(2)$ [dB] when the UE receives a PDSCH data transmission using precoding for transmit diversity with 4 cell-specific antenna ports according to Section 6.3.4.3 of [3];
- ρ_A is equal to $\delta_{\text{power-offset}} + P_A$ [dB] otherwise

where $\delta_{\text{power-offset}}$ is 0 dB for all PDSCH transmission schemes except multi-user MIMO and where P_A is a UE specific parameter provided by higher layers.

For transmission mode 7, if UE-specific RSs are present in the PRBs upon which the corresponding PDSCH is mapped, the ratio of PDSCH EPRE to UE-specific RS EPRE within each OFDM symbol containing UE-specific RSs shall be a constant, and that constant shall be maintained over all the OFDM symbols containing the UE-specific RSs in the corresponding PRBs. In addition, the UE may assume that for 16QAM or 64QAM, this ratio is 0 dB.

For transmission mode 8, if UE-specific RSs are present in the PRBs upon which the corresponding PDSCH is mapped, the UE may assume the ratio of PDSCH EPRE to UE-specific RS EPRE within each OFDM symbol containing UE-specific RSs is 0 dB.

For transmission mode 9, if UE-specific RSs are present in the PRBs upon which the corresponding PDSCH is mapped, the UE may assume the ratio of PDSCH EPRE to UE-specific RS EPRE within each OFDM symbol containing UE-specific RS is 0 dB for number of transmission layers less than or equal to two and -3 dB otherwise.

A UE may assume that downlink positioning reference signal EPRE is constant across the positioning reference signal bandwidth and across all OFDM symbols that contain positioning reference signals in a given positioning reference signal occasion [10].

If CSI-RS is configured in a serving cell then a UE shall assume downlink CSI-RS EPRE is constant across the downlink system bandwidth and constant across all subframes.

The cell-specific ratio ρ_B / ρ_A is given by Table 5.2-1 according to cell-specific parameter P_B signalled by higher layers and the number of configured eNodeB cell specific antenna ports.

| P_{B} | | $ ho_{B}/ ho_{A}$ |
|---------|------------------|----------------------------|
| D | One Antenna Port | Two and Four Antenna Ports |
| 0 | 1 | 5/4 |
| 1 | 4/5 | 1 |
| 2 | 3/5 | 3/4 |
| 3 | 2/5 | 1/2 |

Table 5.2-1: The cell-specific ratio ρ_B / ρ_A for 1, 2, or 4 cell specific antenna ports

For PMCH with 16QAM or 64QAM, the UE may assume that the ratio of PMCH EPRE to MBSFN RS EPRE is equal to 0 dB.

Table 5.2-2: OFDM symbol indices within a slot of a non-MBSFN subframe where the ratio of the corresponding PDSCH EPRE to the cell-specific RS EPRE is denoted by ρ_A or ρ_B

| Number of antenna ports | OFDM symbol indices within a slot where the ratio of the corresponding PDSCH EPRE to the cell-specific RS EPRE is denoted by ρ_A | | OFDM symbol indices within a slot where the ratio of the corresponding PDSCH EPRE to the cell-specific RS EPRE is denoted by ρ_B | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Normal cyclic prefix Extended cyclic prefix | | Normal cyclic prefix | Extended cyclic prefix | |
| One or two | 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 1, 2, 4, 5 | | 0, 4 | 0, 3 | |
| Four | 2, 3, 5, 6 | 2, 4, 5 | 0, 1, 4 | 0, 1, 3 | |

Table 5.2-3: OFDM symbol indices within a slot of an MBSFN subframe where the ratio of the corresponding PDSCH EPRE to the cell-specific RS EPRE is denoted by ρ_A or ρ_B

| Number of antenna ports | OFDM symbol indices within a slot where the ratio of the corresponding PDSCH EPRE to the cell-specific RS EPRE is denoted by ρ_A | | | OFDM symbol indices within a slot where the ratio of the corresponding PDSCH EPRE to the cell-specific RS EPRE is denoted by ρ_B | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Normal cyclic prefix | | | - | | | | ed cyclic efix |
| | $n_{\rm s} \mod n_{\rm s} \mod n_{\rm s}$ | | $n_{\rm s} {\rm mod}$ | $n_{\rm s} {\rm mod}$ | $n_{\rm s} {\rm mod}$ | $n_{\rm s} {\rm mod}$ | $n_{\rm s} {\rm mod}$ | $n_{\rm s} {\rm mod}$ |
| | 2 = 0 | 2 = 1 | 2 = 0 | 2 = 1 | 2 = 0 | 2 = 1 | 2 = 0 | 2 = 1 |
| One or two | 1, 2, 3, | 0, 1, 2, | 1, 2, 3, | 0, 1, 2, | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| | 4, 5, 6 | 3, 4, 5, 6 | 4, 5 | 3, 4, 5 | | | | |
| Four | 2, 3, 4, | 0, 1, 2, | 2, 4, 3, 5 | 0, 1, 2, | 0, 1 | - | 0, 1 | - |
| 1 | 5, 6 | 3, 4, 5, 6 | | 3, 4, 5 | | | | |

5.2.1 eNodeB Relative Narrowband TX Power restrictions

The determination of reported Relative Narrowband TX Power indication $RNTP(n_{PRB})$ is defined as follows:

$$RNTP(n_{PRB}) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \frac{E_A(n_{PRB})}{E_{\max_nom}^{(p)}} \le RNTP_{threshold} \\ 1 & \text{if } no \text{ promise about the upper limit of } \frac{E_A(n_{PRB})}{E_{\max_nom}^{(p)}} \text{ is made} \end{cases}$$

where $E_A(n_{PRB})$ is the maximum intended EPRE of UE-specific PDSCH REs in OFDM symbols not containing RS in this physical resource block on antenna port *p* in the considered future time interval; n_{PRB} is the physical resource block number $n_{PRB} = 0, ..., N_{RB}^{DL} - 1$; $RNTP_{threshold}$ takes on one of the following values $RNTP_{threshold} \in \{-\infty, -11, -10, -9, -8, -7, -6, -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, +1, +2, +3\}$ [dB] and

$$E_{\max_nom}^{(p)} = \frac{P_{\max}^{(p)} \cdot \frac{1}{\Delta f}}{N_{RB}^{DL} \cdot N_{SC}^{RB}}$$

where $P_{\text{max}}^{(p)}$ is the base station maximum output power described in [7], and Δf , N_{RB}^{DL} and N_{SC}^{RB} are defined in [3].

6 Random access procedure

Prior to initiation of the non-synchronized physical random access procedure, Layer 1 shall receive the following information from the higher layers:

- 1. Random access channel parameters (PRACH configuration and frequency position)
- 2. Parameters for determining the root sequences and their cyclic shifts in the preamble sequence set for the primary cell (index to logical root sequence table, cyclic shift (N_{CS}), and set type (unrestricted or restricted set))

6.1 Physical non-synchronized random access procedure

From the physical layer perspective, the L1 random access procedure encompasses the transmission of random access preamble and random access response. The remaining messages are scheduled for transmission by the higher layer on the shared data channel and are not considered part of the L1 random access procedure. A random access channel occupies 6 resource blocks in a subframe or set of consecutive subframes reserved for random access preamble transmissions. The eNodeB is not prohibited from scheduling data in the resource blocks reserved for random access channel preamble transmission.

The following steps are required for the L1 random access procedure:

- 1. Layer 1 procedure is triggered upon request of a preamble transmission by higher layers.
- 2. A preamble index, a target preamble received power (PREAMBLE_RECEIVED_TARGET_POWER), a corresponding RA-RNTI and a PRACH resource are indicated by higher layers as part of the request.
- 3. A preamble transmission power P_{PRACH} is determined as $P_{PRACH} = \min\{P_{CMAX,c}(i), PREAMBLE_RECEIVED_TARGET_POWER + PL_c\}_[dBm]$, where $P_{CMAX,c}(i)$ is the configured UE transmit power defined in [6] for subframe *i* of the primary cell and PL_c is the downlink pathloss estimate calculated in the UE for the primary cell.

- 4. A preamble sequence is selected from the preamble sequence set using the preamble index.
- 5. A single preamble is transmitted using the selected preamble sequence with transmission power P_{PRACH} on the indicated PRACH resource.
- 6. Detection of a PDCCH with the indicated RA-RNTI is attempted during a window controlled by higher layers (see [8], clause 5.1.4). If detected, the corresponding DL-SCH transport block is passed to higher layers. The higher layers parse the transport block and indicate the 20-bit uplink grant to the physical layer, which is processed according to section 6.2.

6.1.1 Timing

For the L1 random access procedure, UE's uplink transmission timing after a random access preamble transmission is as follows.

- a. If a PDCCH with associated RA-RNTI is detected in subframe n, and the corresponding DL-SCH transport block contains a response to the transmitted preamble sequence, the UE shall, according to the information in the response, transmit an UL-SCH transport block in the first subframe n+k₁, k₁ ≥ 6, if the UL delay field in section 6.2 is set to zero where n+k₁ is the first available UL subframe for PUSCH transmission. The UE shall postpone the PUSCH transmission to the next available UL subframe after n+k₁ if the field is set to 1.
- b. If a random access response is received in subframe n, and the corresponding DL-SCH transport block does not contain a response to the transmitted preamble sequence, the UE shall, if requested by higher layers, be ready to transmit a new preamble sequence no later than in subframe n+5.
- c. If no random access response is received in subframe n, where subframe n is the last subframe of the random access response window, the UE shall, if requested by higher layers, be ready to transmit a new preamble sequence no later than in subframe n+4.

In case a random access procedure is initiated by a PDCCH order in subframe *n*, the UE shall, if requested by higher layers, transmit random access preamble in the first subframe $n + k_2$, $k_2 \ge 6$, where a PRACH resource is available.

6.2 Random Access Response Grant

The higher layers indicate the 20-bit UL Grant to the physical layer, as defined in [8]. This is referred to the Random Access Response Grant in the physical layer. The content of these 20 bits starting with the MSB and ending with the LSB are as follows:

- Hopping flag 1 bit
- Fixed size resource block assignment 10 bits
- Truncated modulation and coding scheme 4 bits
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 3 bits
- UL delay 1 bit
- CSI request 1 bit

The UE shall use the single-antenna port uplink transmission scheme for the PUSCH transmission corresponding to the Random Access Response Grant and the PUSCH retransmission for the same transport block.

The UE shall perform PUSCH frequency hopping if the single bit frequency hopping (FH) field in a corresponding Random Access Response Grant is set as 1 and the uplink resource block assignment is type 0, otherwise no PUSCH frequency hopping is performed. When the hopping flag is set, the UE shall perform PUSCH hopping as indicated via the fixed size resource block assignment detailed below.

The fixed size resource block assignment field is interpreted as follows:

if $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} \le 44$

Truncate the fixed size resource block assignment to its *b* least significant bits, where $b = \left[\log_2 \left(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} \cdot \left(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} + 1 \right) / 2 \right) \right]$, and interpret the truncated resource block assignment according to the rules for a regular DCI format 0

else

Insert *b* most significant bits with value set to '0' after the N_{UL_hop} hopping bits in the fixed size resource block assignment, where the number of hopping bits N_{UL_hop} is zero when the hopping flag bit is not set to 1, and is defined

in Table 8.4-1 when the hopping flag bit is set to 1, and $b = \left(\left[\log_2 \left(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} \cdot \left(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} + 1 \right) / 2 \right) \right] - 10 \right)$, and interpret the

expanded resource block assignment according to the rules for a regular DCI format 0

end if

The truncated modulation and coding scheme field is interpreted such that the modulation and coding scheme corresponding to the Random Access Response grant is determined from MCS indices 0 through 15 in Table 8.6.1-1.

The TPC command δ_{msg2} shall be used for setting the power of the PUSCH, and is interpreted according to Table 6.2-1.

| TPC Command | Value (in dB) |
|-------------|---------------|
| 0 | -6 |
| 1 | -4 |
| 2 | -2 |
| 3 | 0 |
| 4 | 2 |
| 5 | 4 |
| 6 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 |

Table 6.2-1: TPC Command δ_{msg2} for Scheduled PUSCH

In non-contention based random access procedure, the CSI request field is interpreted to determine whether an aperiodic CQI, PMI, and RI report is included in the corresponding PUSCH transmission according to section 7.2.1. In contention based random access procedure, the CSI request field is reserved.

The UL delay applies for both TDD and FDD and this field can be set to 0 or 1 to indicate whether the delay of PUSCH is introduced as shown in section 6.1.1.

7 Physical downlink shared channel related procedures

For FDD, there shall be a maximum of 8 downlink HARQ processes per serving cell.

For TDD, the maximum number of downlink HARQ processes per serving cell shall be determined by the UL/DL configuration (Table 4.2-2 of [3]), as indicated in Table 7-1.

The dedicated broadcast HARQ process defined in [8] is not counted as part of the maximum number of HARQ processes for both FDD and TDD.

| TDD UL/DL configuration | Maximum number of HARQ processes |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 | 4 |
| 1 | 7 |
| 2 | 10 |
| 3 | 9 |
| 4 | 12 |
| 5 | 15 |
| 6 | 6 |

Table 7-1: Maximum number of DL HARQ processes for TDD

7.1 UE procedure for receiving the physical downlink shared channel

Except the subframes indicated by the higher layer parameter *mbsfn-SubframeConfigList*, a UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH of a serving cell with DCI format 1, 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 2, 2A, 2B or 2C intended for the UE in a subframe, decode the corresponding PDSCH in the same subframe with the restriction of the number of transport blocks defined in the higher layers.

A UE may assume that positioning reference signals are not present in resource blocks in which it shall decode PDSCH according to a detected PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the SI-RNTI or P-RNTI with DCI format 1A or 1C intended for the UE.

A UE configured with the carrier indicator field for a given serving cell shall assume that the carrier indicator field is not present in any PDCCH of the serving cell in the common search space that is described in section 9.1. Otherwise, the configured UE shall assume that for the given serving cell the carrier indicator field is present in PDCCH located in the UE specific search space described in section 9.1 when the PDCCH CRC is scrambled by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI.

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the SI-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH and the corresponding PDSCH according to any of the combinations defined in Table 7.1-1. The scrambling initialization of PDSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs is by SI-RNTI.

| Table 7.1-1: PDCCH and PDSCH configured by SI-RNTI | |
|--|--|
|--|--|

| DCI format | Search Space | Transmission scheme of PDSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|---------------|--------------|--|
| DCI format 1C | Common | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna |
| | | port, port 0 is used, otherwise Transmit diversity. |
| DCI format 1A | Common | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna |
| | | port, port 0 is used, otherwise Transmit diversity |

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the P-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH and the corresponding PDSCH according to any of the combinations defined in Table 7.1-2. The scrambling initialization of PDSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs is by P-RNTI.

| DCI format | Search Space | Transmission scheme of PDSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|---------------|--------------|---|
| DCI format 1C | Common | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| DCI format 1A | Common | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the RA-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH and the corresponding PDSCH according to any of the combinations defined in Table 7.1-3. The scrambling initialization of PDSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs is by RA-RNTI.

When RA-RNTI and either C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI are assigned in the same subframe, UE is not required to decode a PDSCH indicated by a PDCCH with a CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI.

| DCI format | Search Space | Transmission scheme of PDSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|---------------|--------------|--|
| DCI format 1C | Common | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna |
| | | port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit |
| | | diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| DCI format 1A | Common | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna |
| | | port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit |
| | | diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |

Table 7.1-3: PDCCH and PDSCH configured by RA-RNTI

The UE is semi-statically configured via higher layer signalling to receive PDSCH data transmissions signalled via PDCCH according to one of nine transmission modes, denoted mode 1 to mode 9.

For frame structure type 1,

- the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH resource blocks transmitted on antenna port 5 in any subframe in which the number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH with normal CP is equal to four;
- the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH resource blocks transmitted on antenna port 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 or 14 in the two PRBs to which a pair of VRBs is mapped if either one of the two PRBs overlaps in frequency with a transmission of either PBCH or primary or secondary synchronisation signals in the same subframe;
- the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH resource blocks transmitted on antenna port 7 for which distributed VRB resource allocation is assigned.
- The UE may skip decoding the transport block(s) if it does not receive all assigned PDSCH resource blocks. If the UE skips decoding, the physical layer indicates to higher layer that the transport block(s) are not successfully decoded.

For frame structure type 2,

- the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH resource blocks transmitted on antenna port 5 in any subframe in which the number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH with normal CP is equal to four;
- the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH resource blocks transmitted on antenna port 5 in the two PRBs to which a pair of VRBs is mapped if either one of the two PRBs overlaps in frequency with a transmission of PBCH in the same subframe;
- the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH resource blocks transmitted on antenna port 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 or 14 in the two PRBs to which a pair of VRBs is mapped if either one of the two PRBs overlaps in frequency with a transmission of primary or secondary synchronisation signals in the same subframe;
- with normal CP configuration, the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH on antenna port 5 for which distributed VRB resource allocation is assigned in the special subframe with configuration #1 or #6;
- the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH on antenna port 7 for which distributed VRB resource allocation is assigned.
- The UE may skip decoding the transport block(s) if it does not receive all assigned PDSCH resource blocks. If the UE skips decoding, the physical layer indicates to higher layer that the transport block(s) are not successfully decoded.

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH and any corresponding PDSCH according to the respective combinations defined in Table 7.1-5. The scrambling initialization of PDSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs is by C-RNTI.

If the UE is configured with the carrier indicator field for a given serving cell and, if the UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI, then the UE shall decode PDSCH of the serving cell indicated by the carrier indicator field value in the decoded PDCCH.

When a UE configured in transmission mode 3, 4, 8 or 9 receives a DCI Format 1A assignment, it shall assume that the PDSCH transmission is associated with transport block 1 and that transport block 2 is disabled.

When a UE is configured in transmission mode 7, scrambling initialization of UE-specific reference signals corresponding to these PDCCHs is by C-RNTI.

The UE does not support transmission mode 8 if extended cyclic prefix is used in the downlink.

When a UE is configured in transmission mode 9, in the subframes indicated by the higher layer parameter *mbsfn-SubframeConfigList* except in subframes for the serving cell

- indicated by higher layers to decode PMCH or,
- configured by higher layers to be part of a positioning reference signal occasion and the positioning reference signal occasion is only configured within MBSFN subframes and the cyclic prefix length used in subframe #0 is normal cyclic prefix,

the UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI with DCI format 1A or 2C intended for the UE, decode the corresponding PDSCH in the same subframe.

| Transmission mode | DCI format | Search Space | Transmission scheme of PDSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Mode 1 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 0 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| | DCI format 1 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 0 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| Mode 2 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 1 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 3 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 2A | UE specific by C-RNTI | Large delay CDD (see subclause 7.1.3) or Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 4 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 2 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Closed-loop spatial multiplexing (see subclause 7.1.4)or Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 5 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 1D | UE specific by C-RNTI | Multi-user MIMO (see subclause 7.1.5) |
| Mode 6 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 1B | UE specific by C-RNTI | Closed-loop spatial multiplexing (see subclause 7.1.4) using a single transmission layer |
| Mode 7 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 1 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 5 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| Mode 8 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 2B | UE specific by C-RNTI | Dual layer transmission, port 7 and 8 (see subclause 7.1.5A) or single-antenna port, port 7 or 8 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| Mode 9 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Non-MBSFN subframe: If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single- antenna port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) MBSFN subframe: Single-antenna port, port 7 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| | DCI format 2C | UE specific by C-RNTI | Up to 8 layer transmission, ports 7-14 (see subclause 7.1.5B) or single-antenna port, port 7 or 8 (see subclause 7.1.1) |

Table 7.1-5: PDCCH and PDSCH configured by C-RNTI

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the SPS C-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH on the primary cell and any corresponding PDSCH on the primary cell according to the respective combinations defined in Table 7.1-6. The same PDSCH related configuration applies in the case that a PDSCH is transmitted without a corresponding PDCCH. The scrambling initialization of PDSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs and PDSCH without a corresponding PDCCH is by SPS C-RNTI.

When a UE is configured in transmission mode 7, scrambling initialization of UE-specific reference signals for PDSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs and for PDSCH without a corresponding PDCCH is by SPS C-RNTI.

When a UE is configured in transmission mode 9, in the subframes indicated by the higher layer parameter *mbsfn-SubframeConfigList* except in subframes for the serving cell

- indicated by higher layers to decode PMCH or,

- configured by higher layers to be part of a positioning reference signal occasion and the positioning reference signal occasion is only configured within MBSFN subframes and the cyclic prefix length used in subframe #0 is normal cyclic prefix,

the UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the SPS C-RNTI with DCI format 1A or 2C or for a configured PDSCH without PDCCH intended for the UE, decode the corresponding PDSCH in the same subframe.

| Transmission mode | DCI format | Search Space | Transmission scheme of PDSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Mode 1 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 0 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| | DCI format 1 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 0 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| Mode 2 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 1 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 3 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 2A | UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 4 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| | DCI format 2 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 5 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 6 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| Mode 7 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 5 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| | DCI format 1 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 5 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| Mode 8 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 7(see subclause 7.1.1) |
| | DCI format 2B | UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 7 or 8 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| Mode 9 | DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 7 (see subclause 7.1.1) |
| | DCI format 2C | UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 7 or 8, (see subclause 7.1.1) |

Table 7.1-6: PDCCH and PDSCH configured by SPS C-RNTI

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the Temporary C-RNTI and is not configured to decode PDCCH with CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH and the corresponding PDSCH according to the combination defined in Table 7.1-7. The scrambling initialization of PDSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs is by Temporary C-RNTI.

| DCI format | Search Space | Transmission scheme of PDSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|---------------|---|--|
| DCI format 1A | Common and UE specific by Temporary C-RNTI | If the number of PBCH antenna port is one, Single-antenna port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |
| DCI format 1 | UE specific by Temporary C-RNTI | If the number of PBCH antenna port is one, Single-antenna port, port 0 is used (see subclause 7.1.1), otherwise Transmit diversity (see subclause 7.1.2) |

The transmission schemes of the PDSCH are described in the following sub-clauses.

7.1.1 Single-antenna port scheme

For the single-antenna port transmission schemes (port 0, port 5, port 7 or port 8) of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed according to Section 6.3.4.1 of [3].

In case an antenna port $p \in \{7,8\}$ is used, the UE cannot assume that the other antenna port in the set $\{7,8\}$ is not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE.

7.1.2 Transmit diversity scheme

For the transmit diversity transmission scheme of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed according to Section 6.3.4.3 of [3]

7.1.3 Large delay CDD scheme

For the large delay CDD transmission scheme of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed according to large delay CDD as defined in Section 6.3.4.2.2 of [3].

7.1.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

For the closed-loop spatial multiplexing transmission scheme of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed according to the applicable number of transmission layers as defined in Section 6.3.4.2.1 of [3].

7.1.5 Multi-user MIMO scheme

For the multi-user MIMO transmission scheme of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed on one layer and according to Section 6.3.4.2.1 of [3]. The $\delta_{\text{power-offset}}$ dB value signalled on PDCCH with DCI format 1D using the downlink power offset field is given in Table 7.1.5-1.

Table 7.1.5-1: Mapping of downlink power offset field in DCI format 1D to the $\,\delta_{
m nower-offset}$ value.

| Downlink power offset field | $\delta_{ m power-offset}$ [dB] | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | -10log ₁₀ (2) | | |
| 1 | 0 | | |

7.1.5A Dual layer scheme

For the dual layer transmission scheme of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed with two transmission layers on antenna ports 7 and 8 as defined in Section 6.3.4.4 of [3].

7.1.5B Up to 8 layer transmission scheme

For the up to 8 layer transmission scheme of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed with up to 8 transmission layers on antenna ports 7 - 14 as defined in Section 6.3.4.4 of [3].

7.1.6 Resource allocation

The UE shall interpret the resource allocation field depending on the PDCCH DCI format detected. A resource allocation field in each PDCCH includes two parts, a resource allocation header field and information consisting of the actual resource block assignment. PDCCH DCI formats 1, 2, 2A, 2B and 2C with type 0 and PDCCH DCI formats 1, 2, 2A,2B and 2C with type 1 resource allocation have the same format and are distinguished from each other via the single bit resource allocation header field which exists depending on the downlink system bandwidth (section 5.3.3.1 of [4]),

where type 0 is indicated by 0 value and type 1 is indicated otherwise. PDCCH with DCI format 1A, 1B, 1C and 1D have a type 2 resource allocation while PDCCH with DCI format 1, 2, 2A, 2B and 2C have type 0 or type 1 resource allocation. PDCCH DCI formats with a type 2 resource allocation do not have a resource allocation header field.

7.1.6.1 Resource allocation type 0

In resource allocations of type 0, resource block assignment information includes a bitmap indicating the resource block groups (RBGs) that are allocated to the scheduled UE where a RBG is a set of consecutive virtual resource blocks (VRBs) of localized type as defined in section 6.2.3.1 of [3]. Resource block group size (*P*) is a function of the system bandwidth as shown in Table 7.1.6.1-1. The total number of RBGs (N_{RBG}) for downlink system bandwidth of $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ is given by $N_{RBG} = \left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/P\right]$ where $\left\lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/P \right\rfloor$ of the RBGs are of size P and if $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \mod P > 0$ then one of the RBGs is of size $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - P \cdot \lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/P \rfloor$. The bitmap is of size N_{RBG} bits with one bitmap bit per RBG such that each RBG is addressable. The RBGs shall be indexed in the order of increasing frequency and non-increasing RBG sizes starting at the lowest frequency. The order of RBG to bitmap bit mapping is in such way that RBG 0 to RBG $N_{\text{RBG}} - 1$ are mapped to MSB to LSB of the bitmap. The RBG is allocated to the UE if the corresponding bit value in the bitmap is 1, the RBG is not allocated to the UE otherwise.

Table 7.1.6.1-1: Type 0 Resource Allocation RBG Size vs. Downlink System Bandwidth

| System Bandwidth | RBG Size | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--|--|
| $N_{ m RB}^{ m DL}$ | (<i>P</i>) | | |
| ≤10 | 1 | | |
| 11 – 26 | 2 | | |
| 27 – 63 | 3 | | |
| 64 – 110 | 4 | | |

7.1.6.2 Resource allocation type 1

In resource allocations of type 1, a resource block assignment information of size N_{RBG} indicates to a scheduled UE the VRBs from the set of VRBs from one of *P* RBG subsets. The virtual resource blocks used are of localized type as defined in section 6.2.3.1 of [3]. Also *P* is the RBG size associated with the system bandwidth as shown in Table 7.1.6.1-1. A RBG subset *p*, where $0 \le p < P$, consists of every *P* th RBG starting from RBG *p*. The resource block assignment information consists of three fields [4].

The first field with $\lceil \log_2(P) \rceil$ bits is used to indicate the selected RBG subset among P RBG subsets.

The second field with one bit is used to indicate a shift of the resource allocation span within a subset. A bit value of 1 indicates shift is triggered. Shift is not triggered otherwise.

The third field includes a bitmap, where each bit of the bitmap addresses a single VRB in the selected RBG subset in such a way that MSB to LSB of the bitmap are mapped to the VRBs in the increasing frequency order. The VRB is allocated to the UE if the corresponding bit value in the bit field is 1, the VRB is not allocated to the UE otherwise. The portion of the bitmap used to address VRBs in a selected RBG subset has size N_{RB}^{TYPE1} and is defined as

$$N_{\rm RB}^{\rm TYPE1} = \left\lceil N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} / P \right\rceil - \left\lceil \log_2(P) \right\rceil - 1$$

The addressable VRB numbers of a selected RBG subset start from an offset, $\Delta_{\text{shift}}(p)$ to the smallest VRB number within the selected RBG subset, which is mapped to the MSB of the bitmap. The offset is in terms of the number of VRBs and is done within the selected RBG subset. If the value of the bit in the second field for shift of the resource allocation span is set to 0, the offset for RBG subset p is given by $\Delta_{\text{shift}}(p) = 0$. Otherwise, the offset for RBG subset p is given by $\Delta_{\text{shift}}(p) = 0$. Otherwise, the offset for RBG subset p is given by $\Delta_{\text{shift}}(p) = N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{RBG subset}}(p) - N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{TYPE1}}$, where the LSB of the bitmap is justified with the

highest VRB number within the selected RBG subset. $N_{RB}^{RBG subset}(p)$ is the number of VRBs in RBG subset p and can be calculated by the following equation,

$$N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{RBG subset}}(p) = \begin{cases} \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1}{P^2} \right\rfloor \cdot P + P & , p < \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1}{P} \right\rfloor \mod P \\ \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1}{P^2} \right\rfloor \cdot P + (N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1) \mod P + 1 & , p = \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1}{P} \right\rfloor \mod P \\ \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1}{P^2} \right\rfloor \cdot P & , p > \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1}{P} \right\rfloor \mod P \end{cases}$$

Consequently, when RBG subset p is indicated, bit i for $i = 0, 1, \dots, N_{RB}^{TYPE1} - 1$ in the bitmap field indicates VRB number,

$$n_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{RBG subset}}(p) = \left\lfloor \frac{i + \Delta_{\text{shift}}(p)}{P} \right\rfloor P^2 + p \cdot P + (i + \Delta_{\text{shift}}(p)) \mod P.$$

7.1.6.3 Resource allocation type 2

In resource allocations of type 2, the resource block assignment information indicates to a scheduled UE a set of contiguously allocated localized virtual resource blocks or distributed virtual resource blocks. In case of resource allocation signalled with PDCCH DCI format 1A, 1B or 1D, one bit flag indicates whether localized virtual resource blocks or distributed virtual resource blocks are assigned (value 0 indicates Localized and value 1 indicates Distributed VRB assignment) while distributed virtual resource blocks are always assigned in case of resource allocation signalled with PDCCH DCI format 1C. Localized VRB allocations for a UE vary from a single VRB up to a maximum number of VRBs spanning the system bandwidth. For DCI format 1A the distributed VRB allocations for a UE vary from a single VRB up to $N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}$ VRBs, where $N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}$ is defined in [3], if the DCI CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI, RA-RNTI, or SI-RNTI. With PDCCH DCI format 1B, 1D with a CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, or with DCI format 1A with a CRC scrambled with C-RNTI, SPS C-RNTI or Temporary C-RNTI distributed VRB allocations for a UE vary from a single VRB up to $N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}$ VRBs if $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ is 6-49 and vary from a single VRB up to $[N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} / N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{step}}]$. $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{step}}$ VRBs with an increment step of $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{step}}$, where $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{step}}$ value is determined depending on the downlink system bandwidth as shown in Table 7.1.6.3-1.

Table 7.1.6.3-1: N_{RB}^{step} values vs. Downlink System Bandwidth

| System BW | $N_{ m RB}^{ m step}$ | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ($N_{ m RB}^{ m DL}$) | DCI format 1C | | | | |
| 6-49 | 2 | | | | |
| 50-110 | 4 | | | | |

For PDCCH DCI format 1A, 1B or 1D, a type 2 resource allocation field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting resource block (RB_{start}) and a length in terms of virtually contiguously allocated resource blocks L_{CRBs} . The resource indication value is defined by

if
$$(L_{CRBs} - 1) \le \lfloor N_{RB}^{DL} / 2 \rfloor$$
 then
 $RIV = N_{RB}^{DL} (L_{CRBs} - 1) + RB_{start}$

else

$$RIV = N_{RB}^{DL} (N_{RB}^{DL} - L_{CRBs} + 1) + (N_{RB}^{DL} - 1 - RB_{start})$$

where $L_{CRBs} \ge 1$ and shall not exceed $N_{VRB}^{DL} - RB_{start}$.

For PDCCH DCI format 1C, a type 2 resource block assignment field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting resource block ($RB_{start} = 0$, N_{RB}^{step} , $2N_{RB}^{step}$,..., $\left(\left[N_{VRB}^{DL} / N_{RB}^{step} \right] - 1 \right) N_{RB}^{step}$) and a length in terms of virtually contiguously allocated resource blocks ($L_{CRBs} = N_{RB}^{step}$, $2N_{RB}^{step}$,..., $\left[N_{VRB}^{DL} / N_{RB}^{step} \right] \cdot N_{RB}^{step}$). The resource indication value is defined by

if $(L'_{CRBs} - 1) \leq \lfloor N'^{DL}_{VRB} / 2 \rfloor$ then

$$RIV = N_{VRB}^{\prime DL} (L_{CRBs}^{\prime} - 1) + RB_{start}^{\prime}$$

else

$$RIV = N_{VRB}^{\prime DL} (N_{VRB}^{\prime DL} - L_{CRBs}^{\prime} + 1) + (N_{VRB}^{\prime DL} - 1 - RB_{start}^{\prime})$$

where $L'_{CRBs} = L_{CRBs} / N_{RB}^{step}$, $RB'_{start} = RB_{start} / N_{RB}^{step}$ and $N'_{VRB} = \lfloor N_{VRB}^{DL} / N_{RB}^{step} \rfloor$. Here,

 $L'_{CRBs} \ge 1$ and shall not exceed $N'^{DL}_{VRB} - RB'_{start}$.

7.1.6.4 PDSCH starting position

The starting OFDM symbol for the PDSCH of each activated serving cell given by index $l_{DataStart}$ in the first slot in a subframe is given by

- the higher-layer parameter *pdsch-Start* for the serving cell on which PDSCH is received if the UE is configured with carrier indicator field for the given serving cell and if PDSCH and the corresponding PDCCH are received on different serving cells,
- the span of the DCI given by the CFI of the serving cell according to Section 5.3.4 of [4] otherwise.

7.1.6.5 PRB bundling

A UE configured for transmission mode 9 for a given serving cell *c* may assume that precoding granularity is multiple resource blocks in the frequency domain when PMI/RI reporting is configured. Fixed system bandwidth dependent Precoding Resource block Groups (PRGs) of size P' partition the system bandwidth and each PRG consists of consecutive PRBs. If $N_{RB}^{DL} \mod P' > 0$ then one of the PRGs is of size $N_{RB}^{DL} - P' \lfloor N_{RB}^{DL} / P' \rfloor$. The PRG size is non-increasing starting at the lowest frequency. The UE may assume that the same precoder applies on all scheduled PRBs within a PRG.

The PRG size a UE may assume for a given system bandwidth is given by:

| System Bandwidth ($N_{ m RB}^{ m DL}$) | PRG Size (P') (PRBs) | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| ≤10 | 1 | | |
| 11 – 26 | 2 | | |
| 27 – 63 | 3 | | |
| 64 – 110 | 2 | | |

Table 7.1.6.5-1

7.1.7 Modulation order and transport block size determination

To determine the modulation order and transport block size(s) in the physical downlink shared channel, the UE shall first

- read the 5-bit "modulation and coding scheme" field (I_{MCS}) in the DCI

and second if the DCI CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI, RA-RNTI, or SI-RNTI then

- for DCI format 1A:
 - o set the Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 column indicator N_{PRB} to $N_{\text{PRB}}^{1\text{A}}$ from Section 5.3.3.1.3 in [4]
- for DCI format 1C:
 - use Table 7.1.7.2.3-1 for determining its transport block size.

else

- set N'_{PRB} to the total number of allocated PRBs based on the procedure defined in Section 7.1.6.

if the transport block is transmitted in DwPTS of the special subframe in frame structure type 2, then

set the Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 column indicator
$$N_{PRB} = \max\left\{ \left\lfloor N'_{PRB} \times 0.75 \right\rfloor, 1 \right\},$$

else, set the Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 column indicator $N_{PRB} = N'_{PRB}$.

The UE may skip decoding a transport block in an initial transmission if the effective channel code rate is higher than 0.930, where the effective channel code rate is defined as the number of downlink information bits (including CRC bits) divided by the number of physical channel bits on PDSCH. If the UE skips decoding, the physical layer indicates to higher layer that the transport block is not successfully decoded. For the special subframe configurations 0 and 5 with normal downlink CP or configurations 0 and 4 with extended downlink CP, shown in Table 4.2-1 of [3], there shall be no PDSCH transmission in DwPTS of the special subframe.

7.1.7.1 Modulation order determination

The UE shall use $Q_m = 2$ if the DCI CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI, RA-RNTI, or SI-RNTI, otherwise, the UE shall use I_{MCS} and Table 7.1.7.1-1 to determine the modulation order (Q_m) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

| MCS Index | Modulation Order | TBS Index | | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| I _{MCS} | Q_m | I _{TBS} | | |
| 0 | 2 | 0 | | |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | | |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| 3 | 2 | 3 | | |
| 4 | 2 2 2 | 4 | | |
| 5 | 2 | 5 | | |
| 6 | 2 | 6 | | |
| 7 | 2 | 7 | | |
| 8 | 2 2 2 | 8 | | |
| 9 | 2 | 9 | | |
| 10 | 4 | 9 | | |
| 11 | 4 | 10 | | |
| 12 | 4 | 11 | | |
| 13 | 4 | 12 | | |
| 14 | 4 | 13 | | |
| 15 | 4 | 14 | | |
| 16 | 4 | 15 | | |
| 17 | 6 | 15 | | |
| 18 | 6 | 16 | | |
| 19 | 6 | 17 | | |
| 20 | 6 | 18 | | |
| 21 | 6 | 19 | | |
| 22 | 6 | 20 | | |
| 23 | 6 | 21 | | |
| 24 | 6 | 21 22 | | |
| 25 | 6 | 23 | | |
| 26 | 6 | 24 | | |
| 27 | 6 | 25 | | |
| 28 | 6 | 26 | | |
| 29 | 2 | | | |
| 30 | <u>2</u> 4 | reserved | | |
| 31 | 6 | | | |

Table 7.1.7.1-1: Modulation and TBS index table for PDSCH

7.1.7.2 Transport block size determination

If the DCI CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI, RA-RNTI, or SI-RNTI then

- for DCI format 1A:
 - the UE shall set the TBS index (I_{TBS}) equal to I_{MCS} and determine its TBS by the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.1.
- for DCI format 1C:
 - the UE shall set the TBS index (I_{TBS}) equal to I_{MCS} and determine its TBS from Table 7.1.7.2.3-1.

else

- for $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$, the UE shall first determine the TBS index (I_{TBS}) using I_{MCS} and Table 7.1.7.1-1 except if the transport block is disabled in DCI formats 2, 2A, 2B and 2C as specified below. For a transport block that is not mapped to more than single-layer spatial multiplexing, the TBS is determined by the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.1. For a transport block that is mapped to two-layer spatial multiplexing, the TBS is determined by the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.2. For a transport block that is mapped to three-layer spatial multiplexing, the TBS is determined by the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.4. For a transport block that is mapped to four-layer spatial multiplexing, the TBS is determined by the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.5.

- for $29 \le I_{MCS} \le 31$, the TBS is assumed to be as determined from DCI transported in the latest PDCCH for the same transport block using $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$. If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$, and if the initial PDSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, the TBS shall be determined from the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH.
- In DCI formats 2, 2A, 2B and 2C a transport block is disabled if $I_{MCS} = 0$ and if $rv_{idx} = 1$ otherwise the transport block is enabled.

The NDI and HARQ process ID, as signalled on PDCCH, and the TBS, as determined above, shall be delivered to higher layers.

7.1.7.2.1 Transport blocks not mapped to two or more layer spatial multiplexing

For $1 \le N_{\text{PRB}} \le 110$, the TBS is given by the (I_{TBS} , N_{PRB}) entry of Table 7.1.7.2.1-1.

| I _{TBS} | $N_{ m PRB}$ | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|
| TBS | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 0 | 16 | 32 | 56 | 88 | 120 | 152 | 176 | 208 | 224 | 256 |
| 1 | 24 | 56 | 88 | 144 | 176 | 208 | 224 | 256 | 328 | 344 |
| 2 | 32 | 72 | 144 | 176 | 208 | 256 | 296 | 328 | 376 | 424 |
| 3 | 40 | 104 | 176 | 208 | 256 | 328 | 392 | 440 | 504 | 568 |
| 4 | 56 | 120 | 208 | 256 | 328 | 408 | 488 | 552 | 632 | 696 |
| 5 | 72 | 144 | 224 | 328 | 424 | 504 | 600 | 680 | 776 | 872 |
| 6 | 328 | 176 | 256 | 392 | 504 | 600 | 712 | 808 | 936 | 1032 |
| 7 | 104 | 224 | 328 | 472 | 584 | 712 | 840 | 968 | 1096 | 1224 |
| 8 | 120 | 256 | 392 | 536 | 680 | 808 | 968 | 1096 | 1256 | 1384 |
| 9 | 136 | 296 | 456 | 616 | 776 | 936 | 1096 | 1256 | 1416 | 1544 |
| 10 | 144 | 328 | 504 | 680 | 872 | 1032 | 1224 | 1384 | 1544 | 1736 |
| 11 | 176 | 376 | 584 | 776 | 1000 | 1192 | 1384 | 1608 | 1800 | 2024 |
| 12 | 208 | 440 | 680 | 904 | 1128 | 1352 | 1608 | 1800 | 2024 | 2280 |
| 13 | 224 | 488 | 744 | 1000 | 1256 | 1544 | 1800 | 2024 | 2280 | 2536 |
| 14 | 256 | 552 | 840 | 1128 | 1416 | 1736 | 1992 | 2280 | 2600 | 2856 |
| 15 | 280 | 600 | 904 | 1224 | 1544 | 1800 | 2152 | 2472 | 2728 | 3112 |
| 16 | 328 | 632 | 968 | 1288 | 1608 | 1928 | 2280 | 2600 | 2984 | 3240 |
| 17 | 336 | 696 | 1064 | 1416 | 1800 | 2152 | 2536 | 2856 | 3240 | 3624 |
| 18 | 376 | 776 | 1160 | 1544 | 1992 | 2344 | 2792 | 3112 | 3624 | 4008 |
| 19 | 408 | 840 | 1288 | 1736 | 2152 | 2600 | 2984 | 3496 | 3880 | 4264 |
| 20 | 440 | 904 | 1384 | 1864 | 2344 | 2792 | 3240 | 3752 | 4136 | 4584 |
| 21 | 488 | 1000 | 1480 | 1992 | 2472 | 2984 | 3496 | 4008 | 4584 | 4968 |
| 22 | 520 | 1064 | 1608 | 2152 | 2664 | 3240 | 3752 | 4264 | 4776 | 5352 |
| 23 | 552 | 1128 | 1736 | 2280 | 2856 | 3496 | 4008 | 4584 | 5160 | 5736 |
| 24 | 584 | 1192 | 1800 | 2408 | 2984 | 3624 | 4264 | 4968 | 5544 | 5992 |
| 25 | 616 | 1256 | 1864 | 2536 | 3112 | 3752 | 4392 | 5160 | 5736 | 6200 |
| 26 | 712 | 1480 | 2216 | 2984 | 3752 | 4392 | 5160 | 5992 | 6712 | 7480 |
| _ | N _{PRB} | | | | | | | | | |
| I _{TBS} | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | _{-кв} 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 0 | 288 | 328 | 344 | 376 | 392 | 424 | 456 | 488 | 504 | 536 |
| 1 | 376 | 424 | 456 | 488 | 520 | 568 | 600 | 632 | 680 | 712 |
| 2 | 472 | 520 | 568 | 616 | 648 | 696 | 744 | 776 | 840 | 872 |
| 3 | 616 | 680 | 744 | 808 | 872 | 904 | 968 | 1032 | 1096 | 1160 |
| 4 | 776 | 840 | 904 | 1000 | 1064 | 1128 | 1192 | 1288 | 1352 | 1416 |
| 5 | 968 | 1032 | 1128 | 1224 | 1320 | 1384 | 1480 | 1544 | 1672 | 1736 |
| 6 | 1128 | 1224 | 1352 | 1480 | 1544 | 1672 | 1736 | 1864 | 1992 | 2088 |
| 7 | 1320 | 1480 | 1608 | 1672 | 1800 | 1928 | 2088 | 2216 | 2344 | 2472 |

Table 7.1.7.2.1-1: Transport block size table (dimension 27×110)

| | | | 1000 | 10.00 | • • • • • | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|
| 8 | 1544 | 1672 | 1800 | 1928 | 2088 | 2216 | 2344 | 2536 | 2664 | 2792 |
| 9 | 1736 | 1864 | 2024 | 2216 | 2344 | 2536 | 2664 | 2856 | 2984 | 3112 |
| 10 | 1928 | 2088 | 2280 | 2472 | 2664 | 2792 | 2984 | 3112 | 3368 | 3496 |
| 11 | 2216 | 2408 | 2600 | 2792 | 2984 | 3240 | 3496 | 3624 | 3880 | 4008 |
| 12 | 2472 | 2728 | 2984 | 3240 | 3368 | 3624 | 3880 | 4136 | 4392 | 4584 |
| 13 | 2856 | 3112 | 3368 | 3624 | 3880 | 4136 | 4392 | 4584 | 4968 | 5160 |
| 14 | 3112 | 3496 | 3752 | 4008 | 4264 | 4584 | 4968 | 5160 | 5544 | 5736 |
| 15 | 3368 | 3624 | 4008 | 4264 | 4584 | 4968 | 5160 | 5544 | 5736 | 6200 |
| 16 | 3624 | 3880 | 4264 | 4584 | 4968 | 5160 | 5544 | 5992 | 6200 | 6456 |
| 17 | 4008 | 4392 | 4776 | 5160 | 5352 | 5736 | 6200 | 6456 | 6712 | 7224 |
| 18 | 4392 | 4776 | 5160 | 5544 | 5992 | 6200 | 6712 | 7224 | 7480 | 7992 |
| 19 | 4776 | 5160 | 5544 | 5992 | 6456 | 6968 | 7224 | 7736 | 8248 | 8504 |
| 20 | 5160 | 5544 | 5992 | 6456 | 6968 | 7480 | 7992 | 8248 | 8760 | 9144 |
| 21 | 5544 | 5992 | 6456 | 6968 | 7480 | 7992 | 8504 | 9144 | 9528 | 9912 |
| 22 | 5992 | 6456 | 6968 | 7480 | 7992 | 8504 | 9144 | 9528 | 10296 | 10680 |
| 22 | 6200 | 6968 | 7480 | 7992 | 8504 | 9144 | 9912 | 10296 | 11064 | 11448 |
| 23 | 6712 | 7224 | 7992 | 8504 | 9144 | 9912 | 10296 | 11064 | 11448 | 12216 |
| | | | | 8304 8760 | 9144 | | | 11004 | | |
| 25 | 6968 8248 | 7480 | 8248 | | | 10296 | 10680 | | 12216 | 12576 |
| 26 | 8248 | 8760 | 9528 | 10296 | 11064 | 11832 | 12576 | 13536 | 14112 | 14688 |
| Ţ | | | | | N | | | | | |
| I _{TBS} | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 0 | 568 | 600 | 616 | 648 | 680 | 712 | 744 | 776 | 776 | 808 |
| 1 | 744 | 776 | 808 | 872 | 904 | 936 | 968 | 1000 | 1032 | 1064 |
| 2 | 936 | 968 | 1000 | 1064 | 1096 | 1160 | 1192 | 1256 | 1288 | 1320 |
| 3 | 1224 | 1256 | 1320 | 1384 | 1416 | 1480 | 1544 | 1230 | 1672 | 1736 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 1480 | 1544 | 1608 | 1736 | 1800 | 1864 | 1928 | 1992 | 2088 | 2152 |
| 5 | 1864 | 1928 | 2024 | 2088 | 2216 | 2280 | 2344 | 2472 | 2536 | 2664 |
| 6 | 2216 | 2280 | 2408 | 2472 | 2600 | 2728 | 2792 | 2984 | 2984 | 3112 |
| 7 | 2536 | 2664 | 2792 | 2984 | 3112 | 3240 | 3368 | 3368 | 3496 | 3624 |
| 8 | 2984 | 3112 | 3240 | 3368 | 3496 | 3624 | 3752 | 3880 | 4008 | 4264 |
| 9 | 3368 | 3496 | 3624 | 3752 | 4008 | 4136 | 4264 | 4392 | 4584 | 4776 |
| 10 | 3752 | 3880 | 4008 | 4264 | 4392 | 4584 | 4776 | 4968 | 5160 | 5352 |
| 11 | 4264 | 4392 | 4584 | 4776 | 4968 | 5352 | 5544 | 5736 | 5992 | 5992 |
| 12 | 4776 | 4968 | 5352 | 5544 | 5736 | 5992 | 6200 | 6456 | 6712 | 6712 |
| 13 | 5352 | 5736 | 5992 | 6200 | 6456 | 6712 | 6968 | 7224 | 7480 | 7736 |
| 14 | 5992 | 6200 | 6456 | 6968 | 7224 | 7480 | 7736 | 7992 | 8248 | 8504 |
| 15 | 6456 | 6712 | 6968 | 7224 | 7736 | 7992 | 8248 | 8504 | 8760 | 9144 |
| 16 | 6712 | 7224 | 7480 | 7736 | 7992 | 8504 | 8760 | 9144 | 9528 | 9912 |
| 17 | 7480 | 7992 | 8248 | 8760 | 9144 | 9528 | 9912 | 10296 | 10296 | 10680 |
| 18 | 8248 | 8760 | 9144 | 9528 | 9912 | 10296 | 10680 | 11064 | 11448 | 11832 |
| 19 | 9144 | 9528 | 9912 | 10296 | 10680 | 11064 | 11448 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 |
| 20 | 9912 | 10296 | 10680 | 11064 | 11448 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 | 13536 | 14112 |
| 20 | 10680 | 11064 | 11448 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 | 13536 | 14112 | 14688 | 15264 |
| 21 | 11448 | 11832 | 12576 | 12210 | 13536 | 14112 | 14688 | 15264 | 15840 | 16416 |
| 22 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 | 13536 | 13330 | 14688 | 15264 | 15204 | 16416 | 16992 |
| 23 | 12210 | 13536 | 12900 | 14688 | 15264 | 15840 | 16416 | 16992 | 17568 | 18336 |
| 24 | 13536 | 13330 | 14112 | 15264 | | | | 17568 | | 19080 |
| 25 26 | 15556 | 16416 | 14688 | 15264 | 15840 18336 | 16416 19080 | 16992 19848 | 20616 | 18336 21384 | 22152 |
| 20 | 13204 | 10410 | 10792 | 1/300 | 10330 | 19000 | 17040 | 20010 | 21304 | 221JZ |
| I | | | | | N_{1} | PRB | | | | |
| I _{TBS} | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 0 | 840 | 872 | 904 | 936 | 968 | 1000 | 1032 | 1032 | 1064 | 1096 |
| 1 | 1128 | 1160 | 1192 | 1224 | 1256 | 1288 | 1352 | 1384 | 1416 | 1416 |
| 2 | 1384 | 1416 | 1480 | 1544 | 1544 | 1608 | 1672 | 1672 | 1736 | 1800 |
| 3 | 1800 | 1864 | 1928 | 1992 | 2024 | 2088 | 2152 | 2216 | 2280 | 2344 |
| 4 | 2216 | 2280 | 2344 | 2408 | 2472 | 2600 | 2664 | 2728 | 2792 | 2856 |
| 5 | 2728 | 2792 | 2856 | 2984 | 3112 | 3112 | 3240 | 3368 | 3496 | 3496 |
| 6 | 3240 | 3368 | 3496 | 3496 | 3624 | 3752 | 3880 | 4008 | 4136 | 4136 |
| | 17740 | 0.000 | .)470 | | 0/2/4 | 1/.)/. | | 4000 | - 4130 | 4130 |

| 7 | 2750 | 2000 | 4009 | 4126 | 1064 | 4202 | 4504 | 4504 | 1776 | 10.00 |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 7 | 3752 | 3880 | 4008 | 4136 | 4264 | 4392 | 4584 | 4584 | 4776 | 4968 |
| 8 | 4392 | 4584 | 4584 | 4776 | 4968 | 4968 | 5160 | 5352 | 5544 | 5544 |
| 9 | 4968 | 5160 | 5160 | 5352 | 5544 | 5736 | 5736 | 5992 | 6200 | 6200 |
| 10 | 5544 | 5736 | 5736 | 5992 | 6200 | 6200 | 6456 | 6712 | 6712 | 6968 |
| 11 | 6200 | 6456 | 6712 | 6968 | 6968 | 7224 | 7480 | 7736 | 7736 | 7992 |
| 12 | 6968 | 7224 | 7480 | 7736 | 7992 | 8248 | 8504 | 8760 | 8760 | 9144 |
| 13 | 7992 | 8248 | 8504 | 8760 | 9144 | 9144 | 9528 | 9912 | 9912 | 10296 |
| 14 | 8760 | 9144 | 9528 | 9912 | 9912 | 10296 | 10680 | 11064 | 11064 | 11448 |
| 15 | 9528 | 9912 | 10296 | 10296 | 10680 | 11064 | 11448 | 11832 | 11832 | 12216 |
| 16 | 9912 | 10296 | 10680 | 11064 | 11448 | 11832 | 12216 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 |
| 17 | 11064 | 11448 | 11832 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14688 |
| 18 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 | 13536 | 14112 | 14112 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 | 15840 |
| 19 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 | 15840 | 16416 | 16992 | 16992 |
| 20 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15840 | 16416 | 16992 | 16992 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 |
| 21 | 15840 | 15840 | 16416 | 16992 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 |
| 22 | 16992 | 16992 | 17568 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 | 20616 | 21384 | 21384 |
| 23 | 17568 | 18336 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 | 20616 | 21384 | 22152 | 22152 | 22920 |
| 24 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 | 20616 | 21384 | 22152 | 22920 | 22920 | 23688 | 24496 |
| 25 | 19848 | 20616 | 20616 | 21384 | 22152 | 22920 | 23688 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 |
| 26 | 22920 | 23688 | 24496 | 25456 | 25456 | 26416 | 27376 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 |
| | | | - | • | | • | - | - | - | |
| I _{TBS} | | 4.0 | 10 | | N ₁ | | | 4.6 | 40 | |
| | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 0 | 1128 | 1160 | 1192 | 1224 | 1256 | 1256 | 1288 | 1320 | 1352 | 1384 |
| 1 | 1480 | 1544 | 1544 | 1608 | 1608 | 1672 | 1736 | 1736 | 1800 | 1800 |
| 2 | 1800 | 1864 | 1928 | 1992 | 2024 | 2088 | 2088 | 2152 | 2216 | 2216 |
| 3 | 2408 | 2472 | 2536 | 2536 | 2600 | 2664 | 2728 | 2792 | 2856 | 2856 |
| 4 | 2984 | 2984 | 3112 | 3112 | 3240 | 3240 | 3368 | 3496 | 3496 | 3624 |
| 5 | 3624 | 3752 | 3752 | 3880 | 4008 | 4008 | 4136 | 4264 | 4392 | 4392 |
| 6 | 4264 | 4392 | 4584 | 4584 | 4776 | 4776 | 4968 | 4968 | 5160 | 5160 |
| 7 | 4968 | 5160 | 5352 | 5352 | 5544 | 5736 | 5736 | 5992 | 5992 | 6200 |
| 8 | 5736 | 5992 | 5992 | 6200 | 6200 | 6456 | 6456 | 6712 | 6968 | 6968 |
| 9 | 6456 | 6712 | 6712 | 6968 | 6968 | 7224 | 7480 | 7480 | 7736 | 7992 |
| 10 | 7224 | 7480 | 7480 | 7736 | 7992 | 7992 | 8248 | 8504 | 8504 | 8760 |
| 11 | 8248 | 8504 | 8760 | 8760 | 9144 | 9144 | 9528 | 9528 | 9912 | 9912 |
| 12 | 9528 | 9528 | 9912 | 9912 | 10296 | 10680 | 10680 | 11064 | 11064 | 11448 |
| 13 | 10680 | 10680 | 11064 | 11448 | 11448 | 11832 | 12216 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 |
| 14 | 11832 | 12216 | 12216 | 12576 | 12960 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14112 |
| 15 | 12576 | 12960 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 |
| 16 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14112 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15840 | 15840 | 16416 |
| 17 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 | 15840 | 16416 | 16416 | 16992 | 17568 | 17568 | 18336 |
| 18 | 16416 | 16416 | 16992 | 17568 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 |
| 19 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 | 20616 | 20616 | 21384 | 21384 |
| 20 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 | 20616 | 20616 | 21384 | 22152 | 22152 | 22920 | 22920 |
| 21 | 20616 | 21384 | 21384 | 22152 | 22920 | 22920 | 23688 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 |
| 22 | 22152 | 22920 | 22920 | 23688 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 | 25456 | 26416 | 27376 |
| 23 | 23688 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 | 25456 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 28336 | 28336 |
| 23 | 25456 | 25456 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 28336 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 |
| 25 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 28336 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 | 31704 | 31704 |
| 26 | 30576 | 30576 | 31704 | 32856 | 32856 | 34008 | 35160 | 35160 | 36696 | 36696 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| I _{TBS} | | | | | N | | | | | |
| | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 0 | 1416 | 1416 | 1480 | 1480 | 1544 | 1544 | 1608 | 1608 | 1608 | 1672 |
| 1 | 1864 | 1864 | 1928 | 1992 | 1992 | 2024 | 2088 | 2088 | 2152 | 2152 |
| 2 | 2280 | 2344 | 2344 | 2408 | 2472 | 2536 | 2536 | 2600 | 2664 | 2664 |
| 3 | 2984 | 2984 | 3112 | 3112 | 3240 | 3240 | 3368 | 3368 | 3496 | 3496 |
| 4 | 3624 | 3752 | 3752 | 3880 | 4008 | 4008 | 4136 | 4136 | 4264 | 4264 |
| 5 | 4584 | 4584 | 4776 | 4776 | 4776 | 4968 | 4968 | 5160 | 5160 | 5352 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| 6 | 5352 | 5352 | 5544 | 5736 | 5736 | 5992 | 5992 | 5992 | 6200 | 6200 |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 | 6200 | 6456 | 6456 | 6712 | 6712 | 6712 | 6968 | 6968 | 7224 | 7224 |
| 8 | 7224 | 7224 | 7480 | 7480 | 7736 | 7736 | 7992 | 7992 | 8248 | 8504 |
| 9 | 7992 | 8248 | 8248 | 8504 | 8760 | 8760 | 9144 | 9144 | 9144 | 9528 |
| 10 | 9144 | 9144 | 9144 | 9528 | 9528 | 9912 | 9912 | 10296 | 10296 | 10680 |
| 11 | 10296 | 10680 | 10680 | 11064 | 11064 | 11448 | 11448 | 11832 | 11832 | 12216 |
| 12 | 11832 | 11832 | 12216 | 12216 | 12576 | 12576 | 12960 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 |
| 13 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14112 | 14688 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 |
| 14 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 | 15840 | 15840 | 16416 | 16416 | 16992 | 16992 |
| 15 | 15840 | 15840 | 16416 | 16416 | 16992 | 16992 | 17568 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 |
| 16 | 16416 | 16992 | 16992 | 17568 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 |
| 17 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 | 20616 | 20616 | 20616 | 21384 | 21384 |
| 18 19 | 19848 22152 | 20616 22152 | 21384 22920 | 21384 22920 | 22152 23688 | 22152 24496 | 22920 24496 | 22920 25456 | 23688 25456 | 23688 25456 |
| 20 | 23688 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 | 25456 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 28336 |
| 20 | 25456 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 28336 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 |
| 22 | 27376 | 28336 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 | 30576 | 31704 | 31704 | 32856 |
| 23 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 | 30576 | 31704 | 31704 | 32856 | 32856 | 34008 | 34008 |
| 24 | 31704 | 31704 | 32856 | 32856 | 34008 | 34008 | 35160 | 35160 | 36696 | 36696 |
| 25 | 32856 | 32856 | 34008 | 34008 | 35160 | 35160 | 36696 | 36696 | 37888 | 37888 |
| 26 | 37888 | 37888 | 39232 | 40576 | 40576 | 40576 | 42368 | 42368 | 43816 | 43816 |
| | | | | | λĭ | | | | | |
| I _{TBS} | (1 | (2) | (2) | 64 | N ₁ | | 7 | 60 | (0) | 70 |
| | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 0 | 1672 | 1736 | 1736 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1864 | 1864 | 1928 | 1928 |
| 1 2 | 2216 2728 | 2280 2792 | 2280 2856 | 2344 2856 | 2344 2856 | 2408 2984 | 2472 2984 | 2472 3112 | 2536 3112 | 2536 3112 |
| 3 | 3624 | 3624 | 3624 | 3752 | 3752 | 3880 | 3880 | 4008 | 4008 | 4136 |
| 4 | 4392 | 4392 | 4584 | 4584 | 4584 | 4776 | 4776 | 4968 | 4968 | 4968 |
| 5 | 5352 | 5544 | 5544 | 5736 | 5736 | 5736 | 5992 | 5992 | 5992 | 6200 |
| 6 | 6456 | 6456 | 6456 | 6712 | 6712 | 6968 | 6968 | 6968 | 7224 | 7224 |
| 7 | 7480 | 7480 | 7736 | 7736 | 7992 | 7992 | 8248 | 8248 | 8504 | 8504 |
| 8 | 8504 | 8760 | 8760 | 9144 | 9144 | 9144 | 9528 | 9528 | 9528 | 9912 |
| 9 | 9528 | 9912 | 9912 | 10296 | 10296 | 10296 | 10680 | 10680 | 11064 | 11064 |
| 10 | 10680 | 11064 | 11064 | 11448 | 11448 | 11448 | 11832 | 11832 | 12216 | 12216 |
| 11 | 12216 | 12576 | 12576 | 12960 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14112 |
| 12 | 14112 | 14112 | 14112 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 | 15264 | 15840 | 15840 |
| 13 | 15840 | 15840 | 16416 | 16416 | 16992 | 16992 | 16992 | 17568 | 17568 | 18336 |
| 14 | 17568 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 | 19848 |
| 15 | 18336 19848 | 19080 19848 | 19080 20616 | 19848 20616 | 19848 21384 | 20616 21384 | 20616 22152 | 20616 22152 | 21384 22152 | 21384 22920 |
| 16 17 | 22152 | 22152 | 20010 | 20010 | 23688 | 23688 | 24496 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 |
| 17 | 24496 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 | 25456 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 27376 |
| 10 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 28336 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 |
| 20 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 | 30576 | 31704 | 31704 | 31704 | 32856 |
| 21 | 30576 | 31704 | 31704 | 31704 | 32856 | 32856 | 34008 | 34008 | 35160 | 35160 |
| 22 | 32856 | 34008 | 34008 | 34008 | 35160 | 35160 | 36696 | 36696 | 36696 | 37888 |
| 23 | | 54000 | 51000 | | | | | | | 10556 |
| 24 | 35160 | 35160 | 36696 | 36696 | 37888 | 37888 | 37888 | 39232 | 39232 | 40576 |
| 25 | 35160 36696 | 35160 37888 | 36696 37888 | 36696 39232 | 39232 | 40576 | 40576 | 39232 42368 | 42368 | 40576 42368 |
| | 35160 36696 39232 | 35160 37888 39232 | 36696 37888 40576 | 36696 39232 40576 | 39232 40576 | 40576 42368 | 40576 42368 | 42368 43816 | 42368 43816 | 42368 43816 |
| 26 | 35160 36696 | 35160 37888 | 36696 37888 | 36696 39232 | 39232 | 40576 | 40576 | 42368 | 42368 | 42368 |
| | 35160 36696 39232 | 35160 37888 39232 | 36696 37888 40576 | 36696 39232 40576 | 39232 40576 48936 | 40576 42368 48936 | 40576 42368 | 42368 43816 | 42368 43816 | 42368 43816 |
| 26 <i>I</i> _{TBS} | 35160 36696 39232 45352 | 35160 37888 39232 45352 | 36696 37888 40576 46888 | 36696 39232 40576 46888 | 39232 40576 48936 <i>N</i> 1 | 40576 42368 48936 | 40576 42368 48936 | 42368 43816 51024 | 42368 43816 51024 | 42368 43816 52752 |
| I _{TBS} | 35160 36696 39232 45352 71 | 35160 37888 39232 45352 72 | 36696 37888 40576 46888 73 | 36696 39232 40576 46888 74 | 39232 40576 48936 <i>N</i> ₁ 75 | 40576 42368 48936 _{РRВ} 76 | 40576 42368 48936 77 | 42368 43816 51024 78 | 42368 43816 51024 79 | 42368 43816 52752 80 |
| I _{TBS} | 35160 36696 39232 45352 71 1992 | 35160 37888 39232 45352 72 1992 | 36696 37888 40576 46888 73 2024 | 36696 39232 40576 46888 74 2088 | 39232 40576 48936 <i>N</i> ₁ 75 2088 | 40576 42368 48936 ^{укв} 76 2088 | 40576 42368 48936 77 2152 | 42368 43816 51024 78 2152 | 42368 43816 51024 79 2216 | 42368 43816 52752 80 2216 |
| I _{TBS} . 0 1 | 35160 36696 39232 45352 71 | 35160 37888 39232 45352 72 | 36696 37888 40576 46888 73 | 36696 39232 40576 46888 74 2088 2728 | 39232 40576 48936 <i>N</i> ₁ 75 2088 2728 | 40576 42368 48936 ^{PRB} 76 2088 2792 | 40576 42368 48936 77 2152 2792 | 42368 43816 51024 78 2152 2856 | 42368 43816 51024 79 2216 2856 | 42368 43816 52752 80 |
| I _{TBS} | 35160 36696 39232 45352 71 1992 2600 | 35160 37888 39232 45352 72 1992 2600 | 36696 37888 40576 46888 73 2024 2664 | 36696 39232 40576 46888 74 2088 | 39232 40576 48936 <i>N</i> ₁ 75 2088 | 40576 42368 48936 ^{укв} 76 2088 | 40576 42368 48936 77 2152 | 42368 43816 51024 78 2152 | 42368 43816 51024 79 2216 | 42368 43816 52752 80 2216 2856 |

| 5 | 6200 | 6200 | 6456 | 6456 | 6712 | 6712 | 6712 | 6968 | 6968 | 6968 |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| 6 | 7480 | 7480 | 7736 | 7736 | 7736 | 7992 | 7992 | 8248 | 8248 | 8248 |
| 7 | 8760 | 8760 | 8760 | 9144 | 9144 | 9144 | 9528 | 9528 | 9528 | 9912 |
| 8 | 9912 | 9912 | 10296 | 10296 | 10680 | 10680 | 10680 | 11064 | 11064 | 11064 |
| 9 | 11064 | 11448 | 11448 | 11832 | 11832 | 11832 | 12216 | 12216 | 12576 | 12576 |
| 10 | 12576 | 12576 | 12960 | 12960 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14112 |
| 11 | 14112 | 14688 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 | 15840 | 15840 | 15840 | 16416 |
| 12 | 16416 | 16416 | 16416 | 16992 | 16992 | 17568 | 17568 | 17568 | 18336 | 18336 |
| 13 | 18336 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 | 19848 | 20616 | 20616 |
| 14 | 20616 | 20616 | 20616 | 21384 | 21384 22920 | 22152 | 22152 | 22152 | 22920 | 22920 24496 |
| 15 16 | 22152 22920 | 22152 23688 | 22152 23688 | 22920 24496 | 22920 | 23688 24496 | 23688 25456 | 23688 25456 | 24496 25456 | 26416 |
| 10 | 25456 | 26416 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 27376 | 28336 | 28336 | 29296 |
| 18 | 28336 | 28336 | 29296 | 29296 | 29296 | 30576 | 30576 | 30576 | 31704 | 31704 |
| 19 | 30576 | 30576 | 31704 | 31704 | 32856 | 32856 | 32856 | 34008 | 34008 | 34008 |
| 20 | 32856 | 34008 | 34008 | 34008 | 35160 | 35160 | 35160 | 36696 | 36696 | 36696 |
| 21 | 35160 | 36696 | 36696 | 36696 | 37888 | 37888 | 39232 | 39232 | 39232 | 40576 |
| 22 | 37888 | 39232 | 39232 | 40576 | 40576 | 40576 | 42368 | 42368 | 42368 | 43816 |
| 23 | 40576 | 40576 | 42368 | 42368 | 43816 | 43816 | 43816 | 45352 | 45352 | 45352 |
| 24 | 43816 | 43816 | 45352 | 45352 | 45352 | 46888 | 46888 | 46888 | 48936 | 48936 |
| 25 | 45352 | 45352 | 46888 | 46888 | 46888 | 48936 | 48936 | 48936 | 51024 | 51024 |
| 26 | 52752 | 52752 | 55056 | 55056 | 55056 | 55056 | 57336 | 57336 | 57336 | 59256 |
| T | | | | | N_{1} | PRB | | | | |
| $I_{\rm TBS}$ | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 0 | 2280 | 2280 | 2280 | 2344 | 2344 | 2408 | 2408 | 2472 | 2472 | 2536 |
| 1 | 2984 | 2984 | 2984 | 3112 | 3112 | 3112 | 3240 | 3240 | 3240 | 3240 |
| 2 | 3624 | 3624 | 3752 | 3752 | 3880 | 3880 | 3880 | 4008 | 4008 | 4008 |
| 3 | 4776 | 4776 | 4776 | 4968 | 4968 | 4968 | 5160 | 5160 | 5160 | 5352 |
| 4 | 5736 | 5992 | 5992 | 5992 | 5992 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6456 | 6456 |
| 5 | 7224 | 7224 | 7224 | 7480 | 7480 | 7480 | 7736 | 7736 | 7736 | 7992 |
| 6 7 | 8504 9912 | 8504 9912 | 8760 10296 | 8760 10296 | 8760 | 9144 | 9144 10680 | 9144 10680 | 9144 | 9528 |
| 8 | 11448 | 11448 | 10290 | 10290 | 10296 11832 | 10680 12216 | 12216 | 12216 | 11064 12576 | 11064 12576 |
| 9 | 12960 | 12960 | 12960 | 13536 | 13536 | 13536 | 13536 | 14112 | 14112 | 14112 |
| 10 | 14112 | 14688 | 14688 | 14688 | 14688 | 15264 | 15264 | 15264 | 15840 | 15840 |
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| 12 | 18336 | 19080 | 19080 | 19080 | 19080 | 19848 | 19848 | 19848 | 20616 | 20616 |
| 13 | 20616 | 21384 | 21384 | 21384 | 22152 | 22152 | 22152 | 22920 | 22920 | 22920 |
| 14 | 22920 | 23688 | 23688 | 24496 | 24496 | 24496 | 25456 | 25456 | 25456 | 25456 |
| 15 | 21106 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 24496 | 25456 | 25456 | 25456 | 26416 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 27376 |
| 16 | 26416 | 26416 | 27376 | 27376 | 27376 | 26416 28336 | 26416 28336 | 27376 28336 | 27376 29296 | 27376 29296 |
| 17 | 26416 29296 | 26416 29296 | 27376 30576 | 27376 30576 | 27376 30576 | 26416 28336 30576 | 26416 28336 31704 | 27376 28336 31704 | 27376 29296 31704 | 27376 29296 32856 |
| 17 18 | 26416 29296 31704 | 26416 29296 32856 | 27376 30576 32856 | 27376 30576 32856 | 27376 30576 34008 | 26416 28336 30576 34008 | 26416 28336 31704 34008 | 27376 28336 31704 35160 | 27376 29296 31704 35160 | 27376 29296 32856 35160 |
| 17 18 19 | 26416 29296 31704 35160 | 26416 29296 32856 35160 | 27376 30576 32856 35160 | 27376 30576 32856 36696 | 27376 30576 34008 36696 | 26416 28336 30576 34008 36696 | 26416 28336 31704 34008 37888 | 27376 28336 31704 35160 37888 | 27376 29296 31704 35160 37888 | 27376 29296 32856 35160 39232 |
| 17 18 | 26416 29296 31704 35160 37888 | 26416 29296 32856 35160 37888 | 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 | 27376 30576 32856 36696 39232 | 27376 30576 34008 36696 39232 | 26416 28336 30576 34008 36696 40576 | 26416 28336 31704 34008 37888 40576 | 27376 28336 31704 35160 37888 40576 | 27376 29296 31704 35160 37888 42368 | 27376 29296 32856 35160 39232 42368 |
| 17 18 19 20 | 26416 29296 31704 35160 | 26416 29296 32856 35160 | 27376 30576 32856 35160 | 27376 30576 32856 36696 | 27376 30576 34008 36696 | 26416 28336 30576 34008 36696 | 26416 28336 31704 34008 37888 | 27376 28336 31704 35160 37888 | 27376 29296 31704 35160 37888 | 27376 29296 32856 35160 39232 |
| 17 18 19 20 21 | 26416 29296 31704 35160 37888 40576 | 26416 29296 32856 35160 37888 40576 | 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 | 27376 30576 32856 36696 39232 42368 | 27376 30576 34008 36696 39232 42368 | 26416 28336 30576 34008 36696 40576 43816 | 26416 28336 31704 34008 37888 40576 43816 | 27376 28336 31704 35160 37888 40576 43816 46888 51024 | 27376 29296 31704 35160 37888 42368 45352 | 27376 29296 32856 35160 39232 42368 45352 |
| 17 18 19 20 21 22 | 26416 29296 31704 35160 37888 40576 43816 46888 48936 | 26416 29296 32856 35160 37888 40576 43816 | 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 45352 | 27376 30576 32856 36696 39232 42368 45352 | 27376 30576 34008 36696 39232 42368 45352 | 26416 28336 30576 34008 36696 40576 43816 46888 48936 52752 | 26416 28336 31704 34008 37888 40576 43816 46888 | 27376 28336 31704 35160 37888 40576 43816 46888 | 27376 29296 31704 35160 37888 42368 45352 48936 | 27376 29296 32856 35160 39232 42368 45352 48936 |
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| $ \begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ \end{array} $ | 26416 29296 31704 35160 37888 40576 43816 46888 48936 | 26416 29296 32856 35160 37888 40576 43816 46888 51024 | 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 45352 46888 51024 | 27376 30576 32856 36696 39232 42368 45352 48936 51024 | 27376 30576 34008 36696 39232 42368 45352 48936 52752 | 26416 28336 30576 34008 36696 40576 43816 46888 48936 52752 | 26416 28336 31704 34008 37888 40576 43816 46888 51024 52752 | 27376 28336 31704 35160 37888 40576 43816 46888 51024 52752 | 27376 29296 31704 35160 37888 42368 45352 48936 51024 55056 | 27376 29296 32856 35160 39232 42368 45352 48936 51024 55056 |
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| | N _{PRB} | | | | | | | | | |
| I _{TBS} | 101 | 102 | 102 | 104 | | | 107 | 100 | 100 | 110 |
| 0 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 110 |
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| 3 | 5992 | 5992 | 5992 | 5992 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6456 | 6456 |
| 4 | 7224 | 7224 | 7480 | 7480 | 7480 | | | | 7726 | |
| _ | | | | | | 7480 | 7736 | 7736 | 7736 | 7992 |
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| $\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ \end{array}$ | 8760 10680 12216 14112 15840 17568 20616 22920 26416 29296 30576 32856 36696 40576 43816 46888 51024 55056 57336 | 9144 10680 12576 14112 16416 18336 20616 23688 26416 29296 31704 32856 36696 40576 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 | 9144 10680 12576 14688 16416 18336 20616 23688 26416 29296 31704 34008 36696 40576 43816 48936 51024 55056 59256 | 9144 10680 12576 14688 16416 18336 21384 23688 26416 29296 31704 34008 37888 40576 45352 48936 52752 57336 59256 | 9144 11064 12960 14688 16416 18336 21384 23688 27376 30576 31704 34008 37888 42368 42368 42368 45352 48936 52752 57336 59256 | 9528 11064 12960 14688 16992 18336 21384 24496 27376 30576 32856 34008 37888 42368 42368 45352 48936 52752 57336 61664 | 9528 11064 12960 15264 16992 19080 21384 24496 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 46888 48936 52752 57336 61664 | 9528 11448 12960 15264 16992 19080 22152 24496 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 46888 51024 55056 59256 61664 | 9528 11448 13536 15264 16992 19080 22152 24496 28336 31704 34008 35160 39232 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 61664 | 9528 11448 13536 15264 17568 19080 22152 25456 28336 31704 34008 35160 39232 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 63776 |
| $\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | 8760 10680 12216 14112 15840 17568 20616 22920 26416 29296 30576 32856 36696 40576 43816 46888 51024 55056 57336 61664 | 9144 10680 12576 14112 16416 18336 20616 23688 26416 29296 31704 32856 36696 40576 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 61664 | 9144 10680 12576 14688 16416 18336 20616 23688 26416 29296 31704 34008 36696 40576 43816 48936 51024 55056 59256 63776 | 9144 10680 12576 14688 16416 18336 21384 23688 26416 29296 31704 34008 37888 40576 45352 48936 52752 57336 59256 63776 | 9144 11064 12960 14688 16416 18336 21384 23688 27376 30576 31704 34008 37888 42368 42368 45352 48936 52752 57336 59256 63776 | 9528 11064 12960 14688 16992 18336 21384 24496 27376 30576 32856 34008 37888 42368 45352 48936 52752 57336 61664 63776 | 9528 11064 12960 15264 16992 19080 21384 24496 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 46888 48936 52752 57336 61664 66592 | 9528 11448 12960 15264 16992 19080 22152 24496 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 46888 51024 55056 59256 61664 66592 | 9528 11448 13536 15264 16992 19080 22152 24496 28336 31704 34008 35160 39232 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 61664 66592 | 9528 11448 13536 15264 17568 19080 22152 25456 28336 31704 34008 35160 39232 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 63776 66592 |
| $\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ \end{array}$ | 8760 10680 12216 14112 15840 17568 20616 22920 26416 29296 30576 32856 36696 40576 43816 46888 51024 55056 57336 | 9144 10680 12576 14112 16416 18336 20616 23688 26416 29296 31704 32856 36696 40576 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 | 9144 10680 12576 14688 16416 18336 20616 23688 26416 29296 31704 34008 36696 40576 43816 48936 51024 55056 59256 | 9144 10680 12576 14688 16416 18336 21384 23688 26416 29296 31704 34008 37888 40576 45352 48936 52752 57336 59256 | 9144 11064 12960 14688 16416 18336 21384 23688 27376 30576 31704 34008 37888 42368 42368 42368 45352 48936 52752 57336 59256 | 9528 11064 12960 14688 16992 18336 21384 24496 27376 30576 32856 34008 37888 42368 42368 45352 48936 52752 57336 61664 | 9528 11064 12960 15264 16992 19080 21384 24496 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 46888 48936 52752 57336 61664 | 9528 11448 12960 15264 16992 19080 22152 24496 27376 30576 32856 35160 39232 42368 46888 51024 55056 59256 61664 | 9528 11448 13536 15264 16992 19080 22152 24496 28336 31704 34008 35160 39232 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 61664 | 9528 11448 13536 15264 17568 19080 22152 25456 28336 31704 34008 35160 39232 43816 46888 51024 55056 59256 63776 |

7.1.7.2.2 Transport blocks mapped to two-layer spatial multiplexing

For $1 \le N_{\text{PRB}} \le 55$, the TBS is given by the (I_{TBS} , $2 \cdot N_{\text{PRB}}$) entry of Table 7.1.7.2.1-1.

For $56 \le N_{\text{PRB}} \le 110$, a baseline TBS_L1 is taken from the (I_{TBS} , N_{PRB}) entry of Table 7.1.7.2.1-1, which is then translated into TBS_L2 using the mapping rule shown in Table 7.1.7.2.2-1. The TBS is given by TBS_L2.

| TBS_L1 | TBS_L2 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L2 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L2 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L2 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1544 | 3112 | 3752 | 7480 | 10296 | 20616 | 28336 | 57336 |
| 1608 | 3240 | 3880 | 7736 | 10680 | 21384 | 29296 | 59256 |
| 1672 | 3368 | 4008 | 7992 | 11064 | 22152 | 30576 | 61664 |
| 1736 | 3496 | 4136 | 8248 | 11448 | 22920 | 31704 | 63776 |
| 1800 | 3624 | 4264 | 8504 | 11832 | 23688 | 32856 | 66592 |
| 1864 | 3752 | 4392 | 8760 | 12216 | 24496 | 34008 | 68808 |
| 1928 | 3880 | 4584 | 9144 | 12576 | 25456 | 35160 | 71112 |
| 1992 | 4008 | 4776 | 9528 | 12960 | 25456 | 36696 | 73712 |
| 2024 | 4008 | 4968 | 9912 | 13536 | 27376 | 37888 | 76208 |
| 2088 | 4136 | 5160 | 10296 | 14112 | 28336 | 39232 | 78704 |
| 2152 | 4264 | 5352 | 10680 | 14688 | 29296 | 40576 | 81176 |
| 2216 | 4392 | 5544 | 11064 | 15264 | 30576 | 42368 | 84760 |
| 2280 | 4584 | 5736 | 11448 | 15840 | 31704 | 43816 | 87936 |
| 2344 | 4776 | 5992 | 11832 | 16416 | 32856 | 45352 | 90816 |
| 2408 | 4776 | 6200 | 12576 | 16992 | 34008 | 46888 | 93800 |
| 2472 | 4968 | 6456 | 12960 | 17568 | 35160 | 48936 | 97896 |
| 2536 | 5160 | 6712 | 13536 | 18336 | 36696 | 51024 | 101840 |
| 2600 | 5160 | 6968 | 14112 | 19080 | 37888 | 52752 | 105528 |
| 2664 | 5352 | 7224 | 14688 | 19848 | 39232 | 55056 | 110136 |
| 2728 | 5544 | 7480 | 14688 | 20616 | 40576 | 57336 | 115040 |
| 2792 | 5544 | 7736 | 15264 | 21384 | 42368 | 59256 | 119816 |
| 2856 | 5736 | 7992 | 15840 | 22152 | 43816 | 61664 | 124464 |
| 2984 | 5992 | 8248 | 16416 | 22920 | 45352 | 63776 | 128496 |
| 3112 | 6200 | 8504 | 16992 | 23688 | 46888 | 66592 | 133208 |
| 3240 | 6456 | 8760 | 17568 | 24496 | 48936 | 68808 | 137792 |
| 3368 | 6712 | 9144 | 18336 | 25456 | 51024 | 71112 | 142248 |
| 3496 | 6968 | 9528 | 19080 | 26416 | 52752 | 73712 | 146856 |
| 3624 | 7224 | 9912 | 19848 | 27376 | 55056 | 75376 | 149776 |

Table 7.1.7.2.2-1: One-layer to two-layer TBS translation table

7.1.7.2.3 Transport blocks mapped for DCI Format 1C

The TBS is given by the I_{TBS} entry of Table 7.1.7.2.3-1.

| I _{TBS} | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| TBS | 40 | 56 | 72 | 120 | 136 | 144 | 176 | 208 | 224 | 256 | 280 | 296 | 328 | 336 | 392 | 488 |
| I _{TBS} | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 |
| TBS | 552 | 600 | 632 | 696 | 776 | 840 | 904 | 1000 | 1064 | 1128 | 1224 | 1288 | 1384 | 1480 | 1608 | 1736 |

Table 7.1.7.2.3-1: Transport Block Size Table for DCI format 1C

7.1.7.2.4 Transport blocks mapped to three-layer spatial multiplexing

For $1 \le N_{\text{PRB}} \le 36$, the TBS is given by the (I_{TBS} , $3 \cdot N_{\text{PRB}}$) entry of Table 7.1.7.2.1-1.

For $37 \le N_{\text{PRB}} \le 110$, a baseline TBS_L1 is taken from the (I_{TBS} , N_{PRB}) entry of Table 7.1.7.2.1-1, which is then translated into TBS_L3 using the mapping rule shown in Table 7.1.7.2.4-1. The TBS is given by TBS_L3.

| TBS_L1 | TBS_L3 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L3 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L3 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L3 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1032 | 3112 | 2664 | 7992 | 8248 | 24496 | 26416 | 78704 |
| 1064 | 3240 | 2728 | 8248 | 8504 | 25456 | 27376 | 81176 |
| 1096 | 3240 | 2792 | 8248 | 8760 | 26416 | 28336 | 84760 |
| 1128 | 3368 | 2856 | 8504 | 9144 | 27376 | 29296 | 87936 |
| 1160 | 3496 | 2984 | 8760 | 9528 | 28336 | 30576 | 90816 |
| 1192 | 3624 | 3112 | 9144 | 9912 | 29296 | 31704 | 93800 |
| 1224 | 3624 | 3240 | 9528 | 10296 | 30576 | 32856 | 97896 |
| 1256 | 3752 | 3368 | 9912 | 10680 | 31704 | 34008 | 101840 |
| 1288 | 3880 | 3496 | 10296 | 11064 | 32856 | 35160 | 105528 |
| 1320 | 4008 | 3624 | 10680 | 11448 | 34008 | 36696 | 110136 |
| 1352 | 4008 | 3752 | 11064 | 11832 | 35160 | 37888 | 115040 |
| 1384 | 4136 | 3880 | 11448 | 12216 | 36696 | 39232 | 119816 |
| 1416 | 4264 | 4008 | 11832 | 12576 | 37888 | 40576 | 119816 |
| 1480 | 4392 | 4136 | 12576 | 12960 | 39232 | 42368 | 128496 |
| 1544 | 4584 | 4264 | 12960 | 13536 | 40576 | 43816 | 133208 |
| 1608 | 4776 | 4392 | 12960 | 14112 | 42368 | 45352 | 137792 |
| 1672 | 4968 | 4584 | 13536 | 14688 | 43816 | 46888 | 142248 |
| 1736 | 5160 | 4776 | 14112 | 15264 | 45352 | 48936 | 146856 |
| 1800 | 5352 | 4968 | 14688 | 15840 | 46888 | 51024 | 152976 |
| 1864 | 5544 | 5160 | 15264 | 16416 | 48936 | 52752 | 157432 |
| 1928 | 5736 | 5352 | 15840 | 16992 | 51024 | 55056 | 165216 |
| 1992 | 5992 | 5544 | 16416 | 17568 | 52752 | 57336 | 171888 |
| 2024 | 5992 | 5736 | 16992 | 18336 | 55056 | 59256 | 177816 |
| 2088 | 6200 | 5992 | 18336 | 19080 | 57336 | 61664 | 185728 |
| 2152 | 6456 | 6200 | 18336 | 19848 | 59256 | 63776 | 191720 |
| 2216 | 6712 | 6456 | 19080 | 20616 | 61664 | 66592 | 199824 |
| 2280 | 6712 | 6712 | 19848 | 21384 | 63776 | 68808 | 205880 |
| 2344 | 6968 | 6968 | 20616 | 22152 | 66592 | 71112 | 214176 |
| 2408 | 7224 | 7224 | 21384 | 22920 | 68808 | 73712 | 221680 |
| 2472 | 7480 | 7480 | 22152 | 23688 | 71112 | 75376 | 226416 |
| 2536 | 7480 | 7736 | 22920 | 24496 | 73712 | | ļ |
| 2600 | 7736 | 7992 | 23688 | 25456 | 76208 | | |

Table 7.1.7.2.4-1: One-layer to three-layer TBS translation table

7.1.7.2.5 Transport blocks mapped to four-layer spatial multiplexing

For $1 \le N_{\text{PRB}} \le 27$, the TBS is given by the ($I_{\text{TBS}}, 4 \cdot N_{\text{PRB}}$) entry of Table 7.1.7.2.1-1.

For $28 \le N_{\text{PRB}} \le 110$, a baseline TBS_L1 is taken from the (I_{TBS} , N_{PRB}) entry of Table 7.1.7.2.1-1, which is then translated into TBS_L4 using the mapping rule shown in Table 7.1.7.2.5-1. The TBS is given by TBS_L4.

| TBS_L1 | TBS_L4 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L4 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L4 | TBS_L1 | TBS_L4 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 776 | 3112 | 2280 | 9144 | 7224 | 29296 | 24496 | 97896 |
| 808 | 3240 | 2344 | 9528 | 7480 | 29296 | 25456 | 101840 |
| 840 | 3368 | 2408 | 9528 | 7736 | 30576 | 26416 | 105528 |
| 872 | 3496 | 2472 | 9912 | 7992 | 31704 | 27376 | 110136 |
| 904 | 3624 | 2536 | 10296 | 8248 | 32856 | 28336 | 115040 |
| 936 | 3752 | 2600 | 10296 | 8504 | 34008 | 29296 | 115040 |
| 968 | 3880 | 2664 | 10680 | 8760 | 35160 | 30576 | 124464 |
| 1000 | 4008 | 2728 | 11064 | 9144 | 36696 | 31704 | 128496 |
| 1032 | 4136 | 2792 | 11064 | 9528 | 37888 | 32856 | 133208 |
| 1064 | 4264 | 2856 | 11448 | 9912 | 39232 | 34008 | 137792 |
| 1096 | 4392 | 2984 | 11832 | 10296 | 40576 | 35160 | 142248 |
| 1128 | 4584 | 3112 | 12576 | 10680 | 42368 | 36696 | 146856 |
| 1160 | 4584 | 3240 | 12960 | 11064 | 43816 | 37888 | 151376 |
| 1192 | 4776 | 3368 | 13536 | 11448 | 45352 | 39232 | 157432 |
| 1224 | 4968 | 3496 | 14112 | 11832 | 46888 | 40576 | 161760 |
| 1256 | 4968 | 3624 | 14688 | 12216 | 48936 | 42368 | 169544 |
| 1288 | 5160 | 3752 | 15264 | 12576 | 51024 | 43816 | 175600 |
| 1320 | 5352 | 3880 | 15264 | 12960 | 51024 | 45352 | 181656 |
| 1352 | 5352 | 4008 | 15840 | 13536 | 55056 | 46888 | 187712 |
| 1384 | 5544 | 4136 | 16416 | 14112 | 57336 | 48936 | 195816 |
| 1416 | 5736 | 4264 | 16992 | 14688 | 59256 | 51024 | 203704 |
| 1480 | 5992 | 4392 | 17568 | 15264 | 61664 | 52752 | 211936 |
| 1544 | 6200 | 4584 | 18336 | 15840 | 63776 | 55056 | 220296 |
| 1608 | 6456 | 4776 | 19080 | 16416 | 66592 | 57336 | 230104 |
| 1672 | 6712 | 4968 | 19848 | 16992 | 68808 | 59256 | 236160 |
| 1736 | 6968 | 5160 | 20616 | 17568 | 71112 | 61664 | 245648 |
| 1800 | 7224 | 5352 | 21384 | 18336 | 73712 | 63776 | 254328 |
| 1864 | 7480 | 5544 | 22152 | 19080 | 76208 | 66592 | 266440 |
| 1928 | 7736 | 5736 | 22920 | 19848 | 78704 | 68808 | 275376 |
| 1992 | 7992 | 5992 | 23688 | 20616 | 81176 | 71112 | 284608 |
| 2024 | 7992 | 6200 | 24496 | 21384 | 84760 | 73712 | 293736 |
| 2088 | 8248 | 6456 | 25456 | 22152 | 87936 | 75376 | 299856 |
| 2152 | 8504 | 6712 | 26416 | 22920 | 90816 | | |
| 2216 | 8760 | 6968 | 28336 | 23688 | 93800 |] | |

Table 7.1.7.2.5-1: One-layer to four-layer TBS translation table

7.1.7.3 Redundancy Version determination for Format 1C

If the DCI Format 1C CRC is scrambled by P-RNTI or RA-RNTI, then

- the UE shall set the Redundancy Version to 0

Else if the DCI Format 1C CRC is scrambled by SI-RNTI, then

- the UE shall set the Redundancy Version as defined in [8].

7.1.8 Storing soft channel bits

Both for FDD and TDD, if the UE is configured with more than one serving cell, then for each serving cell, for at least $K_{\text{MIMO}} \cdot \min(M_{\text{DL}_{\text{HARQ}}}, M_{\text{limit}})$ transport blocks, upon decoding failure of a code block of a transport block, the UE shall store received soft channel bits corresponding to a range of at least $W_k W_{k+1}, \dots, W_{\text{mod}(k+n_{SB}-1,N_{cb})}$, where:

$$n_{SB} = \min\left(N_{cb}, \left\lfloor \frac{N'_{soft}}{C \cdot N_{cells}^{DL} \cdot K_{\text{MIMO}} \cdot \min\left(M_{\text{DL}_{\text{HARQ}}}, M_{\text{limit}}\right)}\right\rfloor\right),$$

 W_k , C, N_{cb} , K_{MIMO} , and M_{limit} are defined in Section 5.1.4.1.2 of [4].

 $M_{\rm DL_HARQ}$ is the maximum number of DL HARQ processes.

 N_{cells}^{DL} is the number of configured serving cells.

If the UE signals *ue-Category-v1020*, N'_{soft} is the total number of soft channel bits [12] according to the UE category indicated by *ue-Category-v1020* [11]. Otherwise, N'_{soft} is the total number of soft channel bits [12] according to the UE category indicated by *ue-Category*[11].

In determining k, the UE should give priority to storing soft channel bits corresponding to lower values of k. w_k shall correspond to a received soft channel bit. The range $w_k \ w_{k+1}, \dots, w_{\text{mod}(k+n_{SB}-1,N_{cb})}$ may include subsets not containing received soft channel bits.

7.2 UE procedure for reporting Channel State Information (CSI)

The time and frequency resources that can be used by the UE to report CSI which consists of channel quality indicator (CQI), precoding matrix indicator (PMI), precoding type indicator (PTI), and/or rank indication (RI) are controlled by the eNB. For spatial multiplexing, as given in [3], the UE shall determine a RI corresponding to the number of useful transmission layers. For transmit diversity as given in [3], RI is equal to one.

A UE in transmission mode 8 or 9 is configured with or without PMI/RI reporting by the higher layer parameter *pmi-RI-Report*.

A UE is configured with resource-restricted CSI measurements if the subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},0}$ and $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ are configured by higher layers.

CSI reporting is periodic or aperiodic.

If the UE is configured with more than one serving cell, it transmits CSI for activated serving cell(s) only.

If a UE is not configured for simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission, it shall transmit periodic CSI reporting on PUCCH as defined hereafter in subframes with no PUSCH allocation.

If a UE is not configured for simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission, it shall transmit periodic CSI reporting on PUSCH of the serving cell with smallest *ServCellIndex* as defined hereafter in subframes with a PUSCH allocation, where the UE shall use the same PUCCH-based periodic CSI reporting format on PUSCH.

A UE shall transmit aperiodic CSI reporting on PUSCH if the conditions specified hereafter are met. For aperiodic CQI/PMI reporting, RI reporting is transmitted only if the configured CSI feedback type supports RI reporting.

The CSI transmissions on PUCCH and PUSCH for various scheduling modes are summarized in the following table:

Table 7.2-1: Physical Channels for Aperiodic or Periodic CSI reporting

| Scheduling Mode | Periodic CSI reporting channels | Aperiodic CSI reporting channel |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Frequency non-selective | РИССН | |
| Frequency selective | PUCCH | PUSCH |

In case both periodic and aperiodic CSI reporting would occur in the same subframe, the UE shall only transmit the aperiodic CSI report in that subframe.

When reporting RI the UE reports a single instance of the number of useful transmission layers. For each RI reporting interval when the UE is configured in transmission modes 4 or when the UE is configured in transmission mode 8 or 9 with PMI/RI reporting, a UE shall determine a RI from the supported set of RI values as defined in Section 5.2.2.6 of [4] and report the number in each RI report. For each RI reporting interval when the UE is configured in transmission mode 3, a UE shall determine RI as defined in Section 5.2.2.6 of [4] in each reporting interval and report the detected number in each RI report to support selection between transmit diversity and large delay CDD.

When reporting PMI the UE reports either a single or a multiple PMI report. The number of RBs represented by a single UE PMI report can be $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ or a smaller subset of RBs. The number of RBs represented by a single PMI report is semi-statically configured by higher layer signalling. A UE is restricted to report PMI, RI and PTI within a precoder codebook subset specified by a bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction* configured by higher layer signalling. For a specific precoder codebook and associated transmission mode, the bitmap can specify all possible precoder codebook subsets from which the UE can assume the eNB may be using when the UE is configured in the relevant transmission mode. Codebook subset restriction is supported for transmission modes 3, 4, 5, 6 and for transmission modes 8 and 9 with PMI/RI reporting. The resulting number of bits for each transmission mode is given in Table 7.2-1b. The bitmap forms the bit sequence $a_{A_c-1}, ..., a_3, a_2, a_1, a_0$ where a_0 is the LSB and a_{A_c-1} is the MSB and where a bit value of zero indicates that the PMI and RI reporting is not allowed to correspond to precoder(s) associated with the bit. The association of bits to precoders for the relevant transmission modes are given as follows:

- 1. Transmission mode 3
 - a. 2 antenna ports: bit $a_{\nu-1}$, $\nu = 2$ is associated with the precoder in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 of [3] corresponding to ν layers and codebook index 0 while bit a_0 is associated with the precoder for 2 antenna ports in Section 6.3.4.3 of [3].
 - b. 4 antenna ports: bit $a_{\nu-1}$, $\nu = 2,3,4$ is associated with the precoders in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [3] corresponding to ν layers and codebook indices 12, 13, 14, and 15 while bit a_0 is associated with the precoder for 4 antenna ports in Section 6.3.4.3 of [3].
- 2. Transmission mode 4
 - a. 2 antenna ports: see Table 7.2-1c
 - b. 4 antenna ports: bit $a_{16(\nu-1)+i_c}$ is associated with the precoder for ν layers and with codebook index i_c in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [3].
- 3. Transmission modes 5 and 6
 - a. 2 antenna ports: bit a_{i_c} is associated with the precoder for v = 1 layer with codebook index i_c in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 of [3].
 - b. 4 antenna ports: bit a_{i_c} is associated with the precoder for v = 1 layer with codebook index i_c in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [3].
- 4. Transmission mode 8
 - a. 2 antenna ports: see Table 7.2-1c
 - b. 4 antenna ports: bit $a_{16(\nu-1)+i_c}$ is associated with the precoder for ν layers and with codebook index i_c in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [3], $\nu = 1,2$.
- 5. Transmission mode 9
 - a. 2 antenna ports: see Table 7.2-1c
 - b. 4 antenna ports: bit $a_{16(\nu-1)+i_c}$ is associated with the precoder for ν layers and with codebook index i_c in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [3].

c. 8 antenna ports: bit $a_{f1(v-1)+i_{c1}}$ is associated with the precoder for v layers ($v \in \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$) and codebook index i_{c1} where $f1(\cdot) = \{0,16,32,36,40,44,48,52\}$ and bit $a_{53+g1(v-1)+i_{c2}}$ is associated with the precoder for v layers ($v \in \{1,2,3,4\}$) and codebook index i_{c2} where $g1(\cdot) = \{0,16,32,48\}$. Codebook indices i_{c1} and i_{c2} are given in Table 7.2.4-1, 7.2.4-2, 7.2.4-3, 7.2.4-4, 7.2.4-5, 7.2.4-6, 7.2.4-7, or 7.2.4-8, for v=1,2,3,4,5,6,7, or 8 respectively.

Table 7.2-1b: Number of bits in codebook subset restriction bitmap for applicable transmission modes.

| | Ν | lumber of bits | A _c |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | 2 antenna ports | 4 antenna ports | 8 antenna ports |
| Transmission mode 3 | 2 | 4 | |
| Transmission mode 4 | 6 | 64 | |
| Transmission mode 5 | 4 | 16 | |
| Transmission mode 6 | 4 | 16 | |
| Transmission mode 8 | 6 | 32 | |
| Transmission mode 9 | 6 | 64 | 109 |

 Table 7.2-1c: Association of bits in codebookSubSetRestriction bitmap to precoders in the 2 antenna port codebook of Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [3].

| Codebook index i_c | Number of | Number of layers v | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 1 | 2 | | | | | |
| 0 | a_0 | - | | | | | |
| 1 | a 1 | a 4 | | | | | |
| 2 | a ₂ | a_5 | | | | | |
| 3 | a ₃ | - | | | | | |

The set of subbands (*S*) a UE shall evaluate for CQI reporting spans the entire downlink system bandwidth. A subband is a set of *k* contiguous PRBs where *k* is a function of system bandwidth. Note the last subband in set *S* may have fewer than *k* contiguous PRBs depending on $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$. The number of subbands for system bandwidth given by $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ is defined by $N = \left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / k \right]$. The subbands shall be indexed in the order of increasing frequency and non-increasing sizes starting at the lowest frequency.

- For transmission modes 1, 2, 3 and 5, as well as transmission modes 8 and 9 without PMI/RI reporting, transmission mode 4 with RI=1, and transmission modes 8 and 9 with PMI/RI reporting and RI=1, a single 4-bit wideband CQI is reported according to Table 7.2.3-1.
- For transmission modes 3 and 4, as well as transmission modes 8 and 9 with PMI/RI reporting, CQI is calculated assuming transmission of one codeword for RI=1 and two codewords for RI > 1.

- For RI > 1 with transmission mode 4, as well as transmission modes 8 and 9 with PMI/RI reporting, PUSCH based triggered reporting includes reporting a wideband CQI which comprises:
 - o A 4-bit wideband CQI for codeword 0 according to Table 7.2.3-1
 - o A 4-bit wideband CQI for codeword 1 according to Table 7.2.3-1
- For RI > 1 with transmission mode 4, as well as transmission modes 8 and 9 with PMI/RI reporting, PUCCH based reporting includes reporting a 4-bit wideband CQI for codeword 0 according to Table 7.2.3-1 and a wideband spatial differential CQI. The wideband spatial differential CQI value comprises:
 - o A 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI value for codeword 1 offset level
 - Codeword 1 offset level = wideband CQI index for codeword 0 wideband CQI index for codeword 1.
 - The mapping from the 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI value to the offset level is shown in Table 7.2-2.

| Spatial differential CQI value | Offset level |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | ≥3 |
| 4 | ≤-4 |
| 5 | -3 |
| 6 | -2 |
| 7 | -1 |

Table 7.2-2 Mapping spatial differential CQI value to offset level

7.2.1 Aperiodic CSI Reporting using PUSCH

A UE shall perform aperiodic CSI reporting using the PUSCH in subframe n+k on serving cell c, upon decoding in subframe n either:

- an uplink DCI format, or
- a Random Access Response Grant,

for serving cell c if the respective CSI request field is set to trigger a report and is not reserved. If the CSI request field is 1 bit [4], a report is triggered for serving cell c if the CSI request field is set to '1'. If the CSI request field size is 2 bits [4], a report is triggered according to the value in Table 7.2.1-1A corresponding to aperiodic CSI reporting.

A UE is not expected to receive more than one aperiodic CSI report request for a given subframe.

Table 7.2.1-1A: CSI Request field for PDCCH with uplink DCI format in UE specific search space

| Value of CSI request field | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| '00' | No aperiodic CSI report is triggered |
| ·01' | Aperiodic CSI report is triggered for serving cell c |
| '10' | Aperiodic CSI report is triggered for a 1 st set of serving cells configured by higher layers |
| '11' | Aperiodic CSI report is triggered for a 2 nd set of serving cells configured by higher layers |

Note: PDCCH with DCI formats used to grant PUSCH transmissions as given by DCI format 0 and DCI format 4 are herein referred to as uplink DCI format when common behaviour is addressed.

When the CSI request field from an uplink DCI format is set to trigger a report, for FDD k=4, and for TDD UL/DL configuration 1-6, k is given in Table 8-2. For TDD UL/DL configuration 0, if the MSB of the UL index is set to 1 and LSB of the UL index is set to 0, k is given in Table 8-2; or if MSB of the UL index is set to 0 and LSB of the UL index is set to 1, k is equal to 7; or if both MSB and LSB of the UL index is set to 1, k is given in Table 8-2.

When the CSI request field from a Random Access Response Grant is set to trigger a report and is not reserved, k is equal to k_1 if the UL delay field in section 6.2 is set to zero, where k_1 is given in section 6.1.1. The UE shall postpone aperiodic CSI reporting to the next available UL subframe if the UL delay field is set to 1.

The minimum reporting interval for aperiodic reporting of CQI and PMI and RI is 1 subframe. The subband size for CQI shall be the same for transmitter-receiver configurations with and without precoding.

If a UE is not configured for simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission, when aperiodic CSI report with no transport block associated as defined in section 8.6.2 and positive SR is transmitted in the same subframe, the UE shall transmit SR, and, if applicable, HARQ-ACK, on PUCCH resources as described in Section 10.1

A UE is semi-statically configured by higher layers to feed back CQI and PMI and corresponding RI on the same PUSCH using one of the following CSI reporting modes given in Table 7.2.1-1 and described below.

Table 7.2.1-1: CQI and PMI Feedback Types for PUSCH CSI reporting Modes

| | | PMI Feedback Type | | |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------|------------|--------------|
| | | No PMI | Single PMI | Multiple PMI |
| е | Wideband (wideband CQI) | | | Mode 1-2 |
| PUSCH CQI Feedback Type | UE Selected (subband CQI) | Mode 2-0 | | Mode 2-2 |
| Pl | Higher Layer- configured (subband CQI) | Mode 3-0 | Mode 3-1 | |

For each of the transmission modes defined in Section 7.1, the following reporting modes are supported on PUSCH:

| Transmission mode 1 | : Modes 2-0, 3-0 |
|---------------------|--|
| Transmission mode 2 | : Modes 2-0, 3-0 |
| Transmission mode 3 | : Modes 2-0, 3-0 |
| Transmission mode 4 | : Modes 1-2, 2-2, 3-1 |
| Transmission mode 5 | : Mode 3-1 |
| Transmission mode 6 | : Modes 1-2, 2-2, 3-1 |
| Transmission mode 7 | : Modes 2-0, 3-0 |
| Transmission mode 8 | : Modes 1-2, 2-2, 3-1 if the UE is configured with PMI/RI reporting; modes 2-0, 3-0 if the |
| | UE is configured without PMI/RI reporting |
| Transmission mode 9 | : Modes 1-2, 2-2, 3-1 if the UE is configured with PMI/RI reporting and number of CSI-RS |
| | ports > 1; modes 2-0, 3-0 if the UE is configured without PMI/RI reporting or number of |
| | CSI-RS ports=1 |

The aperiodic CSI reporting mode is given by the parameter *cqi-ReportModeAperiodic* which is configured by higher-layer signalling.

For a serving cell with $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \leq 7$, PUSCH reporting modes are not supported for that serving cell. RI is only reported for transmission modes 3 and 4, as well as transmission modes 8 and 9 with PMI/RI reporting.

A RI report for a serving cell on an aperiodic reporting mode is valid only for CQI/PMI report for that serving cell on that aperiodic reporting mode

- Wideband feedback
 - Mode 1-2 description:
 - For each subband a preferred precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission only in the subband
 - A UE shall report one wideband CQI value per codeword which is calculated assuming the use of the corresponding selected precoding matrix in each subband and transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The UE shall report the selected precoding matrix indicator for each set S subband except for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured in which case a first precoding matrix indicator i_1 is reported for the set S subbands and a second precoding matrix indicator i_2 is reported for each set S subband.
 - Subband size is given by Table 7.2.1-3.
 - For transmission modes 4, 8 and 9, the reported PMI and CQI values are calculated conditioned on the reported RI. For other transmission modes they are reported conditioned on rank 1.
- Higher Layer-configured subband feedback
 - Mode 3-0 description:
 - A UE shall report a wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming transmission on set *S* subbands
 - The UE shall also report one subband CQI value for each set *S* subband. The subband CQI value is calculated assuming transmission only in the subband
 - Both the wideband and subband CQI represent channel quality for the first codeword, even when RI>1.
 - For transmission mode 3 the reported CQI values are calculated conditioned on the reported RI. For other transmission modes they are reported conditioned on rank 1.
 - Mode 3-1 description:
 - A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set S subbands
 - A UE shall report one subband CQI value per codeword for each set *S* subband which are calculated assuming the use of the single precoding matrix in all subbands and assuming transmission in the corresponding subband.
 - A UE shall report a wideband CQI value per codeword which is calculated assuming the use of the single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands
 - The UE shall report the selected single precoding matrix indicator except for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured in which case a first and second precoding matrix indicator are reported corresponding to the selected single precoding matrix.
 - For transmission modes 4, 8 and 9, the reported PMI and CQI values are calculated conditioned on the reported RI. For other transmission modes they are reported conditioned on rank 1.
 - Subband CQI value for each codeword are encoded differentially with respect to their respective wideband CQI using 2-bits as defined by

 Subband differential CQI offset level = subband CQI index – wideband CQI index. The mapping from the 2-bit subband differential CQI value to the offset level is shown in Table 7.2.1-2.

Table 7.2.1-2: Mapping subband differential CQI value to offset level

| Subband differential CQI value | Offset level |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | ≥2 |
| 3 | ≤-1 |

• Supported subband size (k) is given in Table 7.2.1-3.

| System Bandwidth | Subband Size |
|------------------------|--------------|
| N_{RB}^{DL} | (<i>k</i>) |
| 6 - 7 | NA |
| 8 - 10 | 4 |
| 11 - 26 | 4 |
| 27 - 63 | 6 |
| 64 - 110 | 8 |

Table 7.2.1-3: Subband Size (k) vs. System Bandwidth

• UE-selected subband feedback

- Mode 2-0 description:
 - The UE shall select a set of *M* preferred subbands of size *k* (where *k* and *M* are given in Table 7.2.1-5 for each system bandwidth range) within the set of subbands *S*.
 - The UE shall also report one CQI value reflecting transmission only over the *M* selected subbands determined in the previous step. The CQI represents channel quality for the first codeword, even when RI>1.
 - Additionally, the UE shall also report one wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming transmission on set S subbands. The wideband CQI represents channel quality for the first codeword, even when RI>1.
 - For transmission mode 3 the reported CQI values are calculated conditioned on the reported RI. For other transmission modes they are reported conditioned on rank 1.
- Mode 2-2 description:
 - The UE shall perform joint selection of the set of *M* preferred subbands of size *k* within the set of subbands *S* and a preferred single precoding matrix selected from the codebook subset that is preferred to be used for transmission over the *M* selected subbands.
 - The UE shall report one CQI value per codeword reflecting transmission only over the selected *M* preferred subbands and using the same selected single precoding matrix in each of the *M* subbands.
 - Except for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured, the UE shall also report the selected single precoding matrix indicator preferred for the M selected subbands. A UE shall also report the selected single precoding matrix indicator for all set *S* subbands.

- For transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured, a UE shall report a first precoding matrix indicator for all set *S* subbands. A UE shall also report a second precoding matrix indicator for all set *S* subbands and another second precoding matrix indicator for the M selected subbands.
- A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set S subbands
- A UE shall report a wideband CQI value per codeword which is calculated assuming the use of the single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands
- For transmission modes 4, 8 and 9, the reported PMI and CQI values are calculated conditioned on the reported RI. For other transmission modes they are reported conditioned on rank 1.
- \circ For all UE-selected subband feedback modes the UE shall report the positions of the *M* selected subbands using a combinatorial index *r* defined as

•
$$r = \sum_{i=0}^{M-1} \left\langle \begin{array}{c} N-s_i \\ M-i \end{array} \right\rangle$$

• where the set $\{s_i\}_{i=0}^{M-1}$, $(1 \le s_i \le N, s_i < s_{i+1})$ contains the *M* sorted subband indices and $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{cases} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} & x \ge y \\ 0 & x \le y \end{cases}$ is the extended binomial coefficient, resulting in unique label

$$r \in \left\{0, \cdots, \binom{N}{M} - 1\right\}.$$

- The CQI value for the *M* selected subbands for each codeword is encoded differentially using 2-bits relative to its respective wideband CQI as defined by
 - Differential CQI offset level = M selected subbands CQI index wideband CQI index
 - The mapping from the 2-bit differential CQI value to the offset level is shown in Table 7.2.1-4.

 Table 7.2.1-4:
 Mapping differential CQI value to offset level

| Differential CQI value | Offset level |
|------------------------|--------------|
| 0 | ≤1 |
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 3 | ≥4 |

- Supported subband size k and M values include those shown in Table 7.2.1-5. In Table 7.2.1-5 the k and M values are a function of system bandwidth.
- The number of bits to denote the position of the *M* selected subbands is $L = \left| \log_2 {N \choose M} \right|$.

| System Bandwidth $N_{\rm RB}^{ m DL}$ | Subband Size <i>k</i> (RBs) | М |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|
| 6 – 7 | NA | NA |
| 8 – 10 | 2 | 1 |
| 11 – 26 | 2 | 3 |
| 27 – 63 | 3 | 5 |
| 64 - 110 | 4 | 6 |

Table 7.2.1-5: Subband Size (k) and Number of Subbands (M) in S vs. Downlink System Bandwidth

7.2.2 Periodic CSI Reporting using PUCCH

A UE is semi-statically configured by higher layers to periodically feed back different CSI (CQI, PMI, PTI, and/or RI) on the PUCCH using the reporting modes given in Table 7.2.2-1 and described below.

| | | PMI Feedback Type | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| | | No PMI | Single PMI |
| H CQI ck Type | Wideband (wideband CQI) | Mode 1-0 | Mode 1-1 |
| PUCCH C Feedback | UE Selected (subband CQI) | Mode 2-0 | Mode 2-1 |

For each of the transmission modes defined in Section 7.1, the following periodic CSI reporting modes are supported on PUCCH:

| Transmission mode 1 | : Modes 1-0, 2-0 |
|---------------------|---|
| Transmission mode 2 | : Modes 1-0, 2-0 |
| Transmission mode 3 | : Modes 1-0, 2-0 |
| Transmission mode 4 | : Modes 1-1, 2-1 |
| Transmission mode 5 | : Modes 1-1, 2-1 |
| Transmission mode 6 | : Modes 1-1, 2-1 |
| Transmission mode 7 | : Modes 1-0, 2-0 |
| Transmission mode 8 | : Modes 1-1, 2-1 if the UE is configured with PMI/RI reporting; modes 1-0, 2-0 if the UE is |
| | configured without PMI/RI reporting |
| Transmission mode 9 | : Modes 1-1, 2-1 if the UE is configured with PMI/RI reporting and number of CSI-RS |
| | ports>1; modes 1-0, 2-0 if the UE is configured without PMI/RI reporting or number of |
| | CSI-RS ports=1. |

The periodic CSI reporting mode for each serving cell is configured by higher-layer signalling. For a UE configured with transmission mode 9 and with 8 CSI-RS ports, mode 1-1 is configured to be either submode 1 or submode 2 via higher-layer signaling using the parameter *PUCCH_format1-1_CSI_reporting_mode*.

For the UE-selected subband CQI, a CQI report in a certain subframe of a certain serving cell describes the channel quality in a particular part or in particular parts of the bandwidth of that serving cell described subsequently as bandwidth part (BP) or parts. The bandwidth parts shall be indexed in the order of increasing frequency and non-increasing sizes starting at the lowest frequency.

For each serving cell

- There are a total of *N* subbands for a serving cell system bandwidth given by $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ where $\lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / k \rfloor$ subbands are of size *k*. If $\lceil N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / k \rceil \lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / k \rfloor > 0$ then one of the subbands is of size $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} k \cdot \lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / k \rfloor$.
- A bandwidth part *j* is frequency-consecutive and consists of N_j subbands where *J* bandwidth parts span *S* or $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ as given in Table 7.2.2-2. If J = 1 then N_j is $\left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/k/J\right]$. If J > I then N_j is either $\left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/k/J\right]$ or $\left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/k/J\right] 1$, depending on $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$, *k* and *J*.
- Each bandwidth part *j*, where $0 \le j \le J-1$, is scanned in sequential order according to increasing frequency.
- For UE selected subband feedback a single subband out of N_j subbands of a bandwidth part is selected along with a corresponding *L*-bit label indexed in the order of increasing frequency,

where $L = \left| \log_2 \left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / k / J \right] \right|$.

The CQI and PMI payload sizes of each PUCCH CSI reporting mode are given in Table 7.2.2-3.

The following CQI/PMI and RI reporting types with distinct periods and offsets are supported for the PUCCH CSI reporting modes given in Table 7.2.2-3:

- Type 1 report supports CQI feedback for the UE selected sub-bands
- Type 1a report supports subband CQI and second PMI feedback
- Type 2, Type 2b, and Type 2c report supports wideband CQI and PMI feedback
- Type 2a report supports wideband PMI feedback
- Type 3 report supports RI feedback
- Type 4 report supports wideband CQI
- Type 5 report supports RI and wideband PMI feedback
- Type 6 report supports RI and PTI feedback

For each serving cell, the periodicity N_{pd} (in subframes) and offset $N_{OFFSET,CQI}$ (in subframes) for CQI/PMI reporting are determined based on the parameter *cqi-pmi-ConfigIndex* ($I_{CQI/PMI}$) given in Table 7.2.2-1A for FDD and Table 7.2.2-1C for TDD. The periodicity M_{RI} and relative offset $N_{OFFSET,RI}$ for RI reporting are determined based on the parameter *ri-ConfigIndex* (I_{RI}) given in Table 7.2.2-1B. Both *cqi-pmi-ConfigIndex* and *ri-ConfigIndex* are configured by higher layer signalling. The relative reporting offset for RI $N_{OFFSET,RI}$ takes values from the set $\{0,-1,...,-(N_{pd}-1)\}$. If a UE is configured to report for more than one CSI subframe set then parameter *cqi-pmi-ConfigIndex* and *ri-ConfigIndex* and *ri-Co*

In the case where wideband CQI/PMI reporting is configured:

- The reporting instances for wideband CQI/PMI are subframes satisfying $(10 \times n_f + \lfloor n_s / 2 \rfloor N_{OFFSET, CQI}) \mod(N_{pd}) = 0$.
- In case RI reporting is configured, the reporting interval of the RI reporting is an integer multiple M_{RI} of period N_{pd} (in subframes).
 - The reporting instances for RI are subframes satisfying $(10 \times n_f + \lfloor n_s / 2 \rfloor N_{OFFSET, CQI} N_{OFFSET, RI}) \mod (N_{pd} \cdot M_{RI}) = 0.$

In the case where both wideband CQI/PMI and subband CQI reporting are configured:

- The reporting instances for wideband CQI/PMI and subband CQI are subframes satisfying $(10 \times n_f + \lfloor n_s / 2 \rfloor N_{OFFSET,CQI}) \mod N_{pd} = 0$.
 - When PTI is not transmitted (due to not being configured) or the most recently transmitted PTI was equal to 1:

- The wideband CQI/ wideband PMI (or wideband CQI/wideband second PMI for transmission mode 9) report has period $H \cdot N_{pd}$, and is reported on the subframes satisfying $(10 \times n_f + \lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor - N_{OFFSET,CQI}) \mod(H \cdot N_{pd}) = 0$. The integer His defined as $H = J \cdot K + 1$, where J is the number of bandwidth parts.
- Between every two consecutive wideband CQI/ wideband PMI (or wideband CQI/wideband second PMI for transmission mode 9) reports, the remaining $J \cdot K$ reporting instances are used in sequence for subband CQI reports on K full cycles of bandwidth parts except when the gap between two consecutive wideband CQI/PMI reports contains less than $J \cdot K$ reporting instances due to a system frame number transition to 0, in which case the UE shall not transmit the remainder of the subband CQI/ wideband PMI (or wideband CQI/wideband second PMI for transmission mode 9) reports. Each full cycle of bandwidth parts shall be in increasing order starting from bandwidth part 0 to bandwidth part J-1. The parameter K is configured by higher-layer signalling.
- When the most recently transmitted PTI is 0:
 - The wideband first precoding matrix indicator report has period $H' \cdot N_{pd}$, and is reported on the subframes satisfying

 $(10 \times n_f + \lfloor n_s / 2 \rfloor - N_{OFFSET, CQI}) \mod (H' \cdot N_{pd}) = 0$, where H' is signalled by higher layers.

- Between every two consecutive wideband first precoding matrix indicator reports, the remaining reporting instances are used for a wideband second precoding matrix indicator with wideband CQI as described below
- In case RI reporting is configured, the reporting interval of RI is M_{RI} times the wideband CQI/PMI period $H \cdot N_{pd}$, and RI is reported on the same PUCCH cyclic shift resource as both the wideband CQI/PMI and subband CQI reports.
 - The reporting instances for RI are subframes satisfying $(10 \times n_f + \lfloor n_s / 2 \rfloor - N_{OFFSET, CQI} - N_{OFFSET, RI}) \mod (H \cdot N_{pd} \cdot M_{RI}) = 0$

In case of collision of a CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 3, 5, or 6 of one serving cell with a CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 2b, 2c, or 4 of the same serving cell the latter CSI report with PUCCH reporting type (1, 1a, 2, 2a, 2b, 2c, or 4) has lower priority and is dropped.

If the UE is configured with more than one serving cell, the UE transmits a CSI report of only one serving cell in any given subframe. For a given subframe, in case of collision of a CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 3, 5, 6, or 2a of one serving cell with a CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 1, 1a, 2, 2b, 2c, or 4 of another serving cell, the latter CSI with PUCCH reporting type (1, 1a, 2, 2b, 2c, or 4) has lower priority and is dropped. For a given subframe, in case of collision of CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 2, 2b, 2c, or 4 of one serving cell with CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 2, 2b, 2c, or 4 of one serving cell with CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 1 or 1a of another serving cell, the latter CSI report with PUCCH reporting type 1, or 1a has lower priority and is dropped.

For a given subframe, in case of collision between CSI reports of different serving cells with PUCCH reporting type of the same priority, the CSI of the serving cell with lowest *ServCellIndex* is reported, and CSI of all other serving cells are dropped.

See section 10.1 regarding UE behaviour for collision between CSI and HARQ-ACK and the corresponding PUCCH format assignment.

The CSI report of a given PUCCH reporting type shall be transmitted on the PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(2,\tilde{p})}$ as defined in

[3], where $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(2,\tilde{p})}$ is UE specific and configured by higher layers for each serving cell.

If the UE is not configured for simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission or, if the UE is configured for simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission and not transmitting PUSCH, in case of collision between CSI and positive SR in a same subframe, CSI is dropped.

| I _{CQI/PMI} | Value of N_{pd} | Value of $N_{OFFSET,CQI}$ | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| $0 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 1$ | 2 | I _{CQI/PMI} | |
| $2 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 6$ | 5 | $I_{CQI/PMI}$ – 2 | |
| $7 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 16$ | 10 | $I_{CQI/PMI}$ – 7 | |
| $17 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 36$ | 20 | <i>I_{CQI/PMI}</i> – 17 | |
| $37 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 76$ | 40 | $I_{CQI/PMI}$ – 37 | |
| $77 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 156$ | 80 | I _{CQI/РМІ} – 77 | |
| $157 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 316$ | 160 | I _{CQI/РМІ} – 157 | |
| $I_{CQI/PMI} = 317$ | Reserved | | |
| $318 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 349$ | 32 | <i>I_{CQI/PMI}</i> – 318 | |
| $350 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 413$ | 64 | <i>I_{CQI/PMI}</i> – 350 | |
| 414 $\leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 541$ | 128 | <i>I_{CQI/PMI}</i> – 414 | |
| $542 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 1023$ | Reserved | | |

Table 7.2.2-1A: Mapping of $I_{CQI/PMI}$ to N_{pd} and $N_{OFFSET,CQI}$ for FDD.

Table 7.2.2-1B: Mapping of I_{RI} to M_{RI} and $N_{OFFSET,RI}$.

| I _{RI} | Value of M_{RI} | Value of $N_{OFFSET,RI}$ | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--|
| $0 \leq I_{RI} \leq 160$ | 1 | – I _{RI} | |
| $161 \le I_{RI} \le 321$ | 2 | – (I _{RI} – 161) | |
| $322 \leq I_{RI} \leq 482$ | 4 | – (I _{RI} – 322) | |
| $483 \le I_{RI} \le 643$ | 8 | – (I _{RI} – 483) | |
| $644 \leq I_{RI} \leq 804$ | 16 | – (I _{RI} – 644) | |
| $805 \leq I_{RI} \leq 965$ | 32 | – (I _{RI} – 805) | |
| $966 \leq I_{RI} \leq 1023$ | Reserved | | |

| I _{CQI/PMI} | Value of N_{pd} | Value of N _{OFFSET,CQI} | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| $I_{CQI/PMI} = 0$ | 1 | I _{CQI/PMI} | |
| $1 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 5$ | 5 | $I_{CQI/PMI}$ – 1 | |
| $6 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 15$ | 10 | I _{CQI/PMI} −6 | |
| $16 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 35$ | 20 | <i>I_{CQI/РМІ}</i> – 16 | |
| $36 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 75$ | 40 | <i>I_{CQI/PMI}</i> – 36 | |
| $76 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 155$ | 80 | $I_{CQI/PMI}$ – 76 | |
| $156 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 315$ | 160 | I _{CQI/РМІ} – 156 | |
| $316 \leq I_{CQI/PMI} \leq 1023$ | Reserved | | |

Table 7.2.2-1C: Mapping of $I_{CQI/PMI}$ to N_{pd} and $N_{OFFSET,CQI}$ for TDD.

For TDD periodic CQI/PMI reporting, the following periodicity values apply depending on the TDD UL/DL configuration [3]:

- The reporting period of $N_{pd} = 1$ is only applicable to TDD UL/DL configurations 0, 1, 3, 4, and 6, where all UL subframes in a radio frame are used for CQI/PMI reporting.
- The reporting period of $N_{pd} = 5$ is only applicable to TDD UL/DL configurations 0, 1, 2, and 6.
- The reporting periods of $N_{pd} = \{10, 20, 40, 80, 160\}$ are applicable to all TDD UL/DL configurations.

For a serving cell with $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \leq 7$, Mode 2-0 and Mode 2-1 are not supported for that serving cell.

The sub-sampled codebook for PUCCH mode 1-1 submode 2 is defined in Table 7.2.2-1D for first and second precoding matrix indicator i_1 and i_2 . Joint encoding of rank and first precoding matrix indicator i_1 for PUCCH mode 1-1 submode 1 is defined in Table 7.2.2-1E. The sub-sampled codebook for PUCCH mode 2-1 is defined in Table 7.2.2-1F for PUCCH Reporting Type 1a.

| | Relationship between the first PMI value and codebook index i_1 | | Relations value | total | |
|----|---|----------------------|--|---|-------|
| RI | Value of the first PMI I _{PMI1} | Codebook index i_1 | Value of the second PMI I _{PMI2} | Codebook index i_2 | #bits |
| 1 | 0-7 | $2I_{PMI1}$ | 0-1 | 2 <i>I</i> _{PMI2} | 4 |
| 2 | 0-7 | $2I_{PMI1}$ | 0-1 | I _{PMI2} | 4 |
| 3 | 0-1 | $2I_{PMI1}$ | 0-7 | $4\lfloor I_{PMI2}/4\rfloor + I_{PMI2}$ | 4 |
| 4 | 0-1 | $2I_{PMI1}$ | 0-7 | I_{PMI2} | 4 |
| 5 | 0-3 | I_{PMI1} | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 6 | 0-3 | I_{PMI1} | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| _ | | I_{PMI1} | | 0 | |
| 7 | 0-3 | 0 | 0 | <u>^</u> | 2 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 7.2.2-1D: PUCCH mode 1-1 submode 2 codebook subsampling.

Table 7.2.2-1E: Joint encoding of RI and i_1 for PUCCH mode 1-1 submode 1.

| Value of joint encoding of RI and the first PMI | RI | Codebook index i_1 |
|--|----------|----------------------|
| I _{RI/PMI1} | | |
| 0-7 | 1 | $2I_{RI/PMI1}$ |
| 8-15 | 2 | $2(I_{RI/PMI1}-8)$ |
| 16-17 | 3 | $2(I_{RI/PMI1}-16)$ |
| 18-19 | 4 | $2(I_{RI/PMI1}-18)$ |
| 20-21 | 5 | $2(I_{RI/PMI1}-20)$ |
| 22-23 | 6 | $2(I_{RI/PMI1}-22)$ |
| 24-25 | 7 | $2(I_{RI/PMI1}-24)$ |
| 26 | 8 | 0 |
| 27-31 | reserved | NA |

Table 7.2.2-1F: PUCCH mode 2-1 codebook subsampling.

| | Relationship between the second PMI value and codebook index i_2 | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| RI | Value of the second PMI | | |
| | I_{PMI2} Codebook index i_2 | | |

| 1 | 0-15 | I_{PMI2} |
|---|------|---|
| 2 | 0-3 | $2I_{PMI2}$ |
| 3 | 0-3 | $8 \cdot \left\lfloor I_{PMI2} / 2 \right\rfloor + (I_{PMI2} \mod 2) + 2$ |
| 4 | 0-3 | $2I_{PMI2}$ |
| 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 |

An RI or PTI or any precoding matrix indicator reported for a serving cell in a periodic reporting mode is valid only for CSI reports for that serving cell on that periodic CSI reporting mode.

For the calculation of CQI/PMI conditioned on the last reported RI, in the absence of a last reported RI the UE shall conduct the CQI/PMI calculation conditioned on the lowest possible RI as given by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. If reporting for more than one CSI subframe set is configured, CQI/PMI is conditioned on the last reported RI linked to the same subframe set as the CSI report.

- Wideband feedback
 - Mode 1-0 description:
 - In the subframe where RI is reported (only for transmission mode 3):
 - A UE shall determine a RI assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The UE shall report a type 3 report consisting of one RI.
 - In the subframe where CQI is reported:
 - A UE shall report a type 4 report consisting of one wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming transmission on set *S* subbands. The wideband CQI represents channel quality for the first codeword, even when RI>1.
 - For transmission mode 3 the CQI is calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI. For other transmission modes it is calculated conditioned on transmission rank 1.
 - Mode 1-1 description:
 - In the subframe where RI is reported (only for transmission mode 4 and transmission mode 8 and transmission mode 9):
 - A UE shall determine a RI assuming transmission on set S subbands.
 - The UE shall report a type 3 report consisting of one RI.
 - In the subframe where RI and a first PMI are reported (only for transmission mode 9 with submode 1 and when 8 CSI-RS ports are configured)
 - A UE shall determine a RI assuming transmission on set S subbands.
 - The UE shall report a type 5 report consisting of jointly coded RI and a first PMI corresponding to a set of precoding matrices selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The wideband first PMI value is calculated conditioned on the reported periodic RI.
 - In the subframe where CQI/PMI is reported for all transmission modes except transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured:
 - A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - A UE shall report a type 2 report consisting of

- A single wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming the use of a single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands.
- The selected single PMI (wideband PMI).
- When RI>1, an additional 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI, which is shown in Table 7.2-2.
- For transmission mode 4, 8 and 9, the PMI and CQI are calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI. For other transmission modes they are calculated conditioned on transmission rank 1.
- In the subframe where wideband CQI/second PMI is reported for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured to submode 1 only:
 - A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - A UE shall report a type 2b report consisting of
 - A single wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming the use of the single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The wideband second PMI corresponding to the selected single precoding matrix.
 - When RI>1, an additional 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI, which is shown in Table 7.2-2.
 - The wideband second PMI value is calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI and the wideband first PMI. The wideband CQI value is calculated conditioned on the selected precoding matrix and the last reported periodic RI.
- In the subframe where wideband CQI/first PMI/second PMI is reported for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured to submode 2 only:
 - A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - A UE shall report a type 2c report consisting of
 - A single wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming the use of a single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The wideband first PMI and the wideband second PMI corresponding to the selected single precoding matrix as defined in Section 7.2.4.
 - When RI>1, an additional 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI, which is shown in Table 7.2-2.
 - The wideband first PMI, the wideband second PMI and the wideband CQI are calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI.
- UE Selected subband feedback
 - Mode 2-0 description:
 - In the subframe where RI is reported (only for transmission mode 3):
 - A UE shall determine a RI assuming transmission on set S subbands.
 - The UE shall report a type 3 report consisting of one RI.
 - In the subframe where wideband CQI is reported:
 - The UE shall report a type 4 report on each respective successive reporting opportunity consisting of one wideband CQI value which is calculated

assuming transmission on set *S* subbands. The wideband CQI represents channel quality for the first codeword, even when RI>1.

- For transmission mode 3 the CQI is calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI. For other transmission modes it is calculated conditioned on transmission rank 1.
- In the subframe where CQI for the selected subbands is reported:
 - The UE shall select the preferred subband within the set of N_j subbands in each of the J bandwidth parts where J is given in Table 7.2.2-2.
 - The UE shall report a type 1 report consisting of one CQI value reflecting transmission only over the selected subband of a bandwidth part determined in the previous step along with the corresponding preferred subband *L*-bit label. A type 1 report for each bandwidth part will in turn be reported in respective successive reporting opportunities. The CQI represents channel quality for the first codeword, even when RI>1.
 - For transmission mode 3 the preferred subband selection and CQI values are calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI. For other transmission modes they are calculated conditioned on transmission rank 1.

• Mode 2-1 description:

- In the subframe where RI is reported (only for transmission mode 4, 8 and 9 if the number of configured CSI-RS ports is 2 or 4):
 - A UE shall determine a RI assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The UE shall report a type 3 report consisting of one RI.
- In the subframe where RI is reported for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured then:
 - A UE shall determine a RI assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - A UE shall determine a precoder type indication (PTI).
 - The UE shall report a type 6 report consisting of one RI and the PTI.
- In the subframe where wideband CQI/PMI is reported for all transmission modes except transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured:
 - A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - A UE shall report a type 2 report on each respective successive reporting opportunity consisting of:
 - A wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming the use of a single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - o The selected single PMI (wideband PMI).
 - When RI>1, an additional 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI, which is shown in Table 7.2-2.
 - For transmission modes 4, 8 and 9, the PMI and CQI values are calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI. For other transmission modes they are calculated conditioned on transmission rank 1.
- In the subframe where the wideband first PMI is reported for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured and the last reported PTI=0:
 - A set of precoding matrices corresponding to the wideband first PMI is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.

- A UE shall report a type 2a report on each respective successive reporting opportunity consisting of the wideband first PMI corresponding to the selected set of precoding matrices.
- The wideband first PMI value is calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI.
- In the subframe where wideband CQI/second PMI is reported for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured and the last reported PTI=1:
 - A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - A UE shall report a type 2b report on each respective successive reporting opportunity consisting of:
 - A wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming the use of the selected single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The wideband second PMI corresponding to the selected single precoding matrix.
 - When RI>1, an additional 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI, which is shown in Table 7.2-2.
 - The wideband second PMI value is calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI and the wideband first PMI. The wideband CQI value is calculated conditioned on the selected precoding matrix and the last reported periodic RI.
 - If the last reported first PMI was computed under an RI assumption that differs from the last reported periodic RI, or in the absence of a last reported first PMI, the conditioning of the second PMI value is not specified.
- In the subframe where CQI for the selected subband is reported for all transmission modes except for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured:
 - The UE shall select the preferred subband within the set of N_j subbands in each of the *J* bandwidth parts where *J* is given in Table 7.2.2-2.
 - The UE shall report a type 1 report per bandwidth part on each respective successive reporting opportunity consisting of:
 - CQI value for codeword 0 reflecting transmission only over the selected subband of a bandwidth part determined in the previous step along with the corresponding preferred subband *L*-bit label.
 - When RI>1, an additional 3-bit subband spatial differential CQI value for codeword 1 offset level
 - Codeword 1 offset level = subband CQI index for codeword 0
 subband CQI index for codeword 1.
 - Assuming the use of the most recently reported single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on the selected subband within the applicable bandwidth part.
 - The mapping from the 3-bit subband spatial differential CQI value to the offset level is shown in Table 7.2-2.
 - For transmission modes 4, 8 and 9, the subband selection and CQI values are calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic wideband PMI and RI. For other transmission modes they are calculated conditioned on the last reported PMI and transmission rank 1.

- In the subframe where wideband CQI/second PMI is reported for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured and the last reported PTI=0:
 - A single precoding matrix is selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The UE shall report a type 2b report on each respective successive reporting opportunity consisting of:
 - A wideband CQI value which is calculated assuming the use of the selected single precoding matrix in all subbands and transmission on set *S* subbands.
 - The wideband second PMI corresponding to the selected single precoding matrix.
 - When RI>1, an additional 3-bit wideband spatial differential CQI, which is shown in Table 7.2-2.
 - The wideband second PMI value is calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI and the wideband first PMI. The wideband CQI value is calculated conditioned on the selected precoding matrix and the last reported periodic RI.
 - If the last reported first PMI was computed under an RI assumption that differs from the last reported periodic RI, or in the absence of a last reported first PMI, the conditioning of the second PMI value is not specified.
- In the subframe where subband CQI/second PMI for the selected subband is reported for transmission mode 9 with 8 CSI-RS ports configured and the last reported PTI=1:
 - The UE shall select the preferred subband within the set of N_j subbands in each of the *J* bandwidth parts where *J* is given in Table 7.2.2-2.
 - The UE shall report a type 1a report per bandwidth part on each respective successive reporting opportunity consisting of:
 - CQI value for codeword 0 reflecting transmission only over the selected subband of a bandwidth part determined in the previous step along with the corresponding preferred subband *L*-bit label.
 - When RI>1, an additional 3-bit subband spatial differential CQI value for codeword 1 offset level
 - Codeword 1 offset level = subband CQI index for codeword 0

 subband CQI index for codeword 1.
 - Assuming the use of the precoding matrix corresponding to the selected second PMI and the most recently reported first PMI and transmission on the selected subband within the applicable bandwidth part.
 - The mapping from the 3-bit subband spatial differential CQI value to the offset level is shown in Table 7.2-2.
 - A second PMI of the preferred precoding matrix selected from the codebook subset assuming transmission only over the selected subband within the applicable bandwidth part determined in the previous step.
 - The subband second PMI values are calculated conditioned on the last reported periodic RI and the wideband first PMI. The subband selection and CQI values are calculated conditioned on the selected precoding matrix and the last reported periodic RI.

• If the last reported first PMI was computed under an RI assumption that differs from the last reported periodic RI, or in the absence of a last reported first PMI, the conditioning of the second PMI value is not specified.

| Table 7.2.2-2: Subband Size (k) and Bandwidth Parts (J) vs. Downlink System Bandwidth |
|---|
|---|

| System Bandwidth $N_{\rm RB}^{ m DL}$ | Subband Size <i>k</i> (RBs) | Bandwidth Parts (<i>J</i>) |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 6 – 7 | NA | NA |
| 8 – 10 | 4 | 1 |
| 11 – 26 | 4 | 2 |
| 27 – 63 | 6 | 3 |
| 64 – 110 | 8 | 4 |

If parameter *ttiBundling* provided by higher layers is set to *TRUE* and if an UL-SCH in subframe bundling operation collides with a periodic CSI reporting instance, then the UE shall drop the periodic CSI report of a given PUCCH reporting type in that subframe and shall not multiplex the periodic CSI report payload in the PUSCH transmission in that subframe. A UE is not expected to be configured with simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH transmission when UL-SCH subframe bundling is configured.

| РИССН | | | | PUCCH Repo | orting Modes | |
|-----------|--------------|--|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Reporting | Reported | Mode State | Mode 1-1 | Mode 2-1 | Mode 1-0 | Mode 2-0 |
| Туре | | | (bits/BP) | (bits/BP) | (bits/BP) | (bits/BP) |
| 1 | Sub-band | RI = 1 | NA | 4+L | NA | 4+L |
| | CQI | RI > 1 | NA | 7+L | NA | 4+L |
| | Sub-band | 8 antenna ports RI = 1 | NA | 8+L | NA | NA |
| 1a | CQI / second | 8 antenna ports 1 < RI < 5 | NA | 9+L | NA | NA |
| | PMI | 8 antenna ports RI > 4 | NA | 7+L | NA | NA |
| | | 2 antenna ports RI = 1 | 6 | 6 | NA | NA |
| 2 | Wideband | 4 antenna ports RI = 1 | 8 | 8 | NA | NA |
| 2 | CQI/PMI | 2 antenna ports RI > 1 | 8 | 8 | NA | NA |
| | | 4 antenna ports RI > 1 | 11 | 11 | NA | NA |
| | Wideband | 8 antenna ports RI < 3 | NA | 4 | NA | NA |
| 2a | first PMI | 8 antenna ports 2 < RI < 8 | NA | 2 | NA | NA |
| | | 8 antenna ports RI = 8 | NA | 0 | NA | NA |
| | Wideband | 8 antenna ports RI = 1 | 8 | 8 | NA | NA |
| 2b | CQI / second | 8 antenna ports 1 < RI < 4 | 11 | 11 | NA | NA |
| 20 | PMI | 8 antenna ports RI = 4 | 10 | 10 | NA | NA |
| | I IVII | 8 antenna ports RI > 4 | 7 | 7 | NA | NA |
| | Wideband | 8 antenna ports RI = 1 | 8 | NA | NA | NA |
| | CQI / first | 8 antenna ports 1 < RI \leq 4 | 11 | NA | NA | NA |
| 2c | PMI / second | 8 antenna ports 4 < RI \leq 7 | 9 | NA | NA | NA |
| | PMI | 8 antenna ports RI = 8 | 7 | NA | NA | NA |
| | | 2/4 antenna ports, 2-layer spatial multiplexing | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | RI | 8 antenna ports, 2-layer spatial multiplexing | 1 | NA | NA | NA |
| 3 | | 4 antenna ports, 4-layer spatial multiplexing | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | 8 antenna ports, 4-layer spatial multiplexing | 2 | NA | NA | NA |
| | | 8-layer spatial multiplexing | 3 | NA | NA | NA |

| 4 | Wideband CQI | RI = 1 or RI>1 | NA | NA | 4 | 4 |
|---|-----------------|---|----|-----|-----|----|
| 5 | RI/ first PMI | 8 antenna ports, 2-layer spatial multiplexing | 4 | NIA | NIA | |
| 5 | | 8 antenna ports, 4 and 8- layer spatial multiplexing | 5 | NA | NA | NA |
| | | 8 antenna ports, 2-layer spatial multiplexing | NA | 2 | NA | NA |
| 6 | RI/PTI | 8 antenna ports, 4-layer spatial multiplexing | NA | 3 | NA | NA |
| | | 8 antenna ports, 8-layer spatial multiplexing | NA | 4 | NA | NA |

7.2.3 Channel quality indicator (CQI) definition

The CQI indices and their interpretations are given in Table 7.2.3-1.

Based on an unrestricted observation interval in time and frequency, the UE shall derive for each CQI value reported in uplink subframe n the highest CQI index between 1 and 15 in Table 7.2.3-1 which satisfies the following condition, or CQI index 0 if CQI index 1 does not satisfy the condition:

- A single PDSCH transport block with a combination of modulation scheme and transport block size corresponding to the CQI index, and occupying a group of downlink physical resource blocks termed the CSI reference resource, could be received with a transport block error probability not exceeding 0.1.

If CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},0}$ and $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ are configured by higher layers, each CSI reference resource belongs to either $C_{\text{CSI},0}$ or $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ but not to both. When CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},0}$ and $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ are configured by higher layers a UE is not expected to receive a trigger for which the CSI reference resource is in subframe that does not belong to either subframe set.

For a UE in transmission mode 9 when parameter *pmi-RI-Report* is configured by higher layers, the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing the CQI value reported in uplink subframe *n* based on only the Channel-State Information (CSI) reference signals defined in [3] for which the UE is configured to assume non-zero power. For a UE in transmission mode 9 when the parameter *pmi-RI-Report* is not configured by higher layers or in other transmission modes the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing CQI based on CRS.

A combination of modulation scheme and transport block size corresponds to a CQI index if:

- the combination could be signalled for transmission on the PDSCH in the CSI reference resource according to the relevant Transport Block Size table, and
- the modulation scheme is indicated by the CQI index, and
- the combination of transport block size and modulation scheme when applied to the reference resource results in the effective channel code rate which is the closest possible to the code rate indicated by the CQI index. If more than one combination of transport block size and modulation scheme results in an effective channel code rate equally close to the code rate indicated by the CQI index, only the combination with the smallest of such transport block sizes is relevant.

The CSI reference resource is defined as follows:

- In the frequency domain, the CSI reference resource is defined by the group of downlink physical resource blocks corresponding to the band to which the derived CQI value relates.
- In the time domain, the CSI reference resource is defined by a single downlink subframe $n-n_{CQL}$ ref.
 - where for periodic CSI reporting n_{CQI_ref} is the smallest value greater than or equal to 4, such that it corresponds to a valid downlink subframe;

- where for aperiodic CSI reporting $n_{CQL_{ref}}$ is such that the reference resource is in the same valid downlink subframe as the corresponding CSI request in an uplink DCI format.
- where for aperiodic CSI reporting $n_{CQL_{ref}}$ is equal to 4 and downlink subframe n- $n_{CQL_{ref}}$ corresponds to a valid downlink subframe, where downlink subframe n- $n_{CQL_{ref}}$ is received after the subframe with the corresponding CSI request in a Random Access Response Grant.

A downlink subframe in a serving cell shall be considered to be valid if:

- it is configured as a downlink subframe for that UE, and
- except for transmission mode 9, it is not an MBSFN subframe, and
- it does not contain a DwPTS field in case the length of DwPTS is $7680 \cdot T_s$ and less, and
- it does not fall within a configured measurement gap for that UE, and
- for periodic CSI reporting, it is an element of the CSI subframe set linked to the periodic CSI report when that UE is configured with CSI subframe sets.

If there is no valid downlink subframe for the CSI reference resource in a serving cell, CSI reporting is omitted for the serving cell in uplink subframe n.

- In the layer domain, the CSI reference resource is defined by any RI and PMI on which the CQI is conditioned.

In the CSI reference resource, the UE shall assume the following for the purpose of deriving the CQI index, and if also configured, PMI and RI:

- The first 3 OFDM symbols are occupied by control signalling
- No resource elements used by primary or secondary synchronisation signals or PBCH
- CP length of the non-MBSFN subframes
- Redundancy Version 0
- If CSI-RS is used for channel measurements, the ratio of PDSCH EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE is as given in Section 7.2.5
- For transmission mode 9 CSI reporting:
 - CRS REs are as in non-MBSFN subframes;
 - If the UE is configured for PMI/RI reporting, the UE-specific reference signal overhead is consistent with the most recent reported rank if more than one CSI-RS ports are configured, and is consistent with rank 1 transmission if only one CSI-RS port is configured; and PDSCH signals on antenna ports (7 - 6 + 1) for the product of the point of the point
 - $\{7...6+\nu\}$ for ν layers would result in signals equivalent to corresponding symbols transmitted on

antenna ports {15...14 + P}, as given by
$$\begin{bmatrix} y^{(15)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(14+P)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} x^{(0)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ x^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$
, where

 $x(i) = \begin{bmatrix} x^{(0)}(i) & \dots & x^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T \text{ is a vector of symbols from the layer mapping in section 6.3.3.2 of [3],} \\ P \in \{1,2,4,8\} \text{ is the number of CSI-RS ports configured, and if only one CSI-RS port is configured,} \\ W(i) \text{ is 1, otherwise } W(i) \text{ is the precoding matrix corresponding to the reported PMI applicable to} \\ x(i) \text{ . The corresponding PDSCH signals transmitted on antenna ports } \{15...14 + P\} \text{ would have a} \\ \text{ratio of EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE equal to the ratio given in section 7.2.5} \\ \text{Assume no REs allocated for CSI-RS and zero-power CSI-RS} \end{bmatrix}$

- Assume no REs allocated for PRS
- The PDSCH transmission scheme given by Table 7.2.3-0 depending on the transmission mode currently configured for the UE (which may be the default mode).
- If CRS is used for channel measurements, the ratio of PDSCH EPRE to cell-specific RS EPRE is as given in Section 5.2 with the exception of ρ_A which shall be assumed to be
 - $\rho_A = P_A + \Delta_{offset} + 10 \log_{10}(2)$ [dB] for any modulation scheme, if the UE is configured with transmission mode 2 with 4 cell-specific antenna ports, or transmission mode 3 with 4 cell-specific antenna ports and the associated RI is equal to one;
 - $\rho_A = P_A + \Delta_{offset}$ [dB] for any modulation scheme and any number of layers, otherwise.

The shift Δ_{offset} is given by the parameter *nomPDSCH-RS-EPRE-Offset* which is configured by higher-layer signalling.

| Transmission mode | Transmission scheme of PDSCH |
|-------------------|---|
| 1 | Single-antenna port, port 0 |
| 2 | Transmit diversity |
| 3 | Transmit diversity if the associated rank indicator is 1, otherwise large delay CDD |
| 4 | Closed-loop spatial multiplexing |
| 5 | Multi-user MIMO |
| 6 | Closed-loop spatial multiplexing with a single transmission layer |
| 7 | If the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, Single-antenna port, port 0; otherwise Transmit diversity |
| 8 | If the UE is configured without PMI/RI reporting: if the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, single-antenna port, port 0; otherwise transmit diversity If the UE is configured with PMI/RI reporting: closed-loop spatial multiplexing |
| 9 | If the UE is configured without PMI/RI reporting: if the number of PBCH antenna ports is one, single-antenna port, port 0; otherwise transmit diversity If the UE is configured with PMI/RI reporting: if the number of CSI-RS ports is one, single-antenna port, port 7; otherwise up to 8 layer transmission, ports 7-14 (see subclause 7.1.5B) |

Table 7.2.3-0: PDSCH transmission scheme assumed for CSI reference resource

Table 7.2.3-1: 4-bit CQI Table

| CQI index | modulation | code rate x 1024 | efficiency | | | |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| 0 | out of range | | | | | |
| 1 | QPSK | 78 | 0.1523 | | | |
| 2 | QPSK | 120 | 0.2344 | | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 193 | 0.3770 | | | |
| 4 | QPSK | 308 | 0.6016 | | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 449 | 0.8770 | | | |
| 6 | QPSK | 602 | 1.1758 | | | |
| 7 | 16QAM | 378 | 1.4766 | | | |
| 8 | 16QAM | 490 | 1.9141 | | | |
| 9 | 16QAM | 616 | 2.4063 | | | |
| 10 | 64QAM | 466 | 2.7305 | | | |
| 11 | 64QAM | 567 | 3.3223 | | | |
| 12 | 64QAM | 666 | 3.9023 | | | |
| 13 | 64QAM | 772 | 4.5234 | | | |
| 14 | 64QAM | 873 | 5.1152 | | | |
| 15 | 64QAM | 948 | 5.5547 | | | |

7.2.4 Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI) definition

For transmission modes 4, 5 and 6, precoding feedback is used for channel dependent codebook based precoding and relies on UEs reporting precoding matrix indicator (PMI). For transmission mode 8, the UE shall report PMI if configured with PMI/RI reporting. For transmission mode 9, the UE shall report PMI if configured with PMI/RI reporting and the number of CSI-RS ports is larger than 1. A UE shall report PMI based on the feedback modes described in 7.2.1 and 7.2.2. For other transmission modes, PMI reporting is not supported.

For 2 and 4 antenna ports, each PMI value corresponds to a codebook index given in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [3] as follows:

- For 2 antenna ports $\{0,1\}$ or $\{15,16\}$ and an associated RI value of 1, a PMI value of $n \in \{0,1,2,3\}$ corresponds to the codebook index *n* given in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 of [3] with v = 1.
- For 2 antenna ports $\{0,1\}$ or $\{15,16\}$ and an associated RI value of 2, a PMI value of $n \in \{0,1\}$ corresponds to the codebook index n+1 given in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 of [3] with v = 2.
- For 4 antenna ports $\{0,1,2,3\}$ or $\{15,16,17,18\}$, a PMI value of $n \in \{0,1,\dots,15\}$ corresponds to the codebook index *n* given in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [3] with v equal to the associated RI value.

For 8 antenna ports, each PMI value corresponds to a pair of codebook indices given in Table 7.2.4-1, 7.2.4-2, 7.2.4-3, 7.2.4-4, 7.2.4-5, 7.2.4-6, 7.2.4-7, or 7.2.4-8, where the quantities φ_n and v_m are given by

$$\begin{split} \varphi_n &= e^{j\pi n/2} \\ v_m &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{j2\pi n/32} & e^{j4\pi n/32} & e^{j6\pi n/32} \end{bmatrix}^{\mathrm{T}} \end{split}$$

- as follows: For 8 antenna ports $\{15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22\}$, a first PMI value of $n_1 \in \{0,1,\dots, f(v)-1\}$ and a second PMI value of $n_2 \in \{0,1,\dots, g(v)-1\}$ corresponds to the codebook indices n_1 and n_2 given in Table 7.2.4-*j* with v equal to the associated RI value and where j = v, $f(v) = \{16,16,4,4,4,4,4,1\}$ and $g(v) = \{16,16,16,8,1,1,1,1\}$.
- In some cases codebook subsampling is supported. The sub-sampled codebook for PUCCH mode 1-1 submode 2 is defined in Table 7.2.2-1D for first and second precoding matrix indicator i₁ and i₂. Joint encoding of rank and first precoding matrix indicator i₁ for PUCCH mode 1-1 submode 1 is defined in Table 7.2.2-1E. The sub-sampled codebook for PUCCH mode 2-1 is defined in Table 7.2.2-1F for PUCCH Reporting Type 1a.

| <i>i</i> ₁ | i_2 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | | |
| 0 – 15 | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1,0}$ | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1,1}$ | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1,2}$ | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1,3}$ | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1+1,0}$ | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1+1,1}$ | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1+1,2}$ | $W^{(1)}_{2i_1+1,3}$ | | | |
| i_1 | | i_2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | | | |
| 0 - 15 | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | where $W_{m,n}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \begin{bmatrix} v_m \\ \varphi_n v_m \end{bmatrix}$ | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 7.2.4-1: Codebook for 1-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22.

| Table 7.2.4-2: Codebook for 2-layer CS | I reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22. |
|--|---|
|--|---|

| <i>i</i> ₁ | i_2 | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 0 | 3 | | | | | |
| 0 – 15 | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1,2i_1,0}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1,2i_1,1}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+1,2i_1+1,0}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+1,2i_1+1,1}$ | | | |
| i_1 | i ₂ | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | | |

| 0 – 15 | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+2,2i_1+2,0}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+2,2i_1+2,1}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+3,2i_1+3,0}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+3,2i_1+3,1}$ | | | | | | |
|--------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| i_1 | | i_2 | | | | | | | | |
| | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | | | | | | |
| 0 – 15 | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1,2i_1+1,0}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1,2i_1+1,1}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+1,2i_1+2,0}$ | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1+1,2i_1+2,1}$ | | | | | | |
| i_1 | i_2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | | | | | | |
| 0 – 15 | $W^{(2)}_{2i_1,2i_1+3,0} \qquad W^{(2)}_{2i_1,2i_1+3,1} \qquad W^{(2)}_{2i_1+1,2i_1+3,0} \qquad W^{(2)}_{2i_1+1,2i_1+3,1}$ | | | | | | | | | |
| | where $W_{m,m',n}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} v_m & v_{m'} \\ \varphi_n v_m & -\varphi_n v_{m'} \end{bmatrix}$ | | | | | | | | | |

Table 7.2.4-3: Codebook for 3-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22.

| <i>i</i> ₁ | i_2 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | |
| 0 - 3 | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1,8i_1,8i_1+8}$ | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1+8,8i_1,8i_1+8}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1,8i_1+8,8i_1+8}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1+8,8i_1,8i_1}$ | | | | | | |
| i_1 | | i | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | | | | | |
| 0 - 3 | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1+2,8i_1+2,8i_1+10}$ | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1+10,8i_1+2,8i_1+10}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1+2,8i_1+10,8i_1+10}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1+10,8i_1+2,8i_1+2}$ | | | | | | |
| i_1 | i_2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | | | | | | |
| 0 - 3 | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1+4,8i_1+4,8i_1+12}$ | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1+12,8i_1+4,8i_1+12}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1+4,8i_1+12,8i_1+12}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1+12,8i_1+4,8i_1+4}$ | | | | | | |
| i_1 | | i | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | | | | | | |
| 0 - 3 | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1+6,8i_1+6,8i_1+14}$ | $W^{(3)}_{8i_1+14,8i_1+6,8i_1+14}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1+6,8i_1+14,8i_1+14}$ | $\widetilde{W}^{(3)}_{8i_1+14,8i_1+6,8i_1+6}$ | | | | | | |
| wher | e $W_{m,m',m''}^{(3)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{24}}$ | $\begin{bmatrix} v_m & v_{m'} & v_{m''} \\ v_m & -v_{m'} & -v_{m''} \end{bmatrix},$ | $\widetilde{W}_{m,m',m''}^{(3)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{24}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ | $\begin{bmatrix} v_m & v_{m'} & v_{m''} \\ v_m & v_{m'} & -v_{m''} \end{bmatrix}$ | | | | | | |

Table 7.2.4-4: Codebook for 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22.

| i_1 | i_2 | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | | | |
| 0 - 3 | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1,8i_1+8,0}$ | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1,8i_1+8,1}$ | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1+2,8i_1+10,0}$ | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1+2,8i_1+10,1}$ | | | | | |
| <i>i</i> ₁ | | i ₂ | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | | | | |
| 0 - 3 | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1+4,8i_1+12,0}$ | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1+4,8i_1+12,1}$ | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1+6,8i_1+14,0}$ | $W^{(4)}_{8i_1+6,8i_1+14,1}$ | | | | | |
| v | where $W_{m,m',n}^{(4)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \begin{bmatrix} v_m & v_{m'} & v_m & v_{m'} \\ \varphi_n v_m & \varphi_n v_{m'} & -\varphi_n v_m & -\varphi_n v_{m'} \end{bmatrix}$ | | | | | | | | |

Table 7.2.4-5: Codebook for 5-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22.

| i_1 | i ₂ |
|-------|----------------|
| | 0 |

| 0.2 | $W_{i_1}^{(5)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{40}} \begin{bmatrix} v_{2i_1} \\ v_{2i_1} \end{bmatrix}$ | v_{2i_1} | v_{2i_1+8} | v_{2i_1+8} | v_{2i_1+16} |
|-----|--|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 0-3 | $v_{i_1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{40}} v_{2i_1}$ | $-v_{2i_1}$ | v_{2i_1+8} | $-v_{2i_1+8}$ | v_{2i_1+16} |

Table 7.2.4-6: Codebook for 6-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22.

| <i>i</i> ₁ | | | <i>i</i> ₂ 0 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 0 - 3 | $W_{i_1}^{(6)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{48}} \begin{bmatrix} v_{2i_1} \\ v_{2i_1} \end{bmatrix}$ | $v_{2i_1} - v_{2i_1}$ | $v_{2i_1+8} \\ v_{2i_1+8}$ | $v_{2i_1+8} - v_{2i_1+8}$ | v_{2i_1+16} v_{2i_1+16} | $\begin{bmatrix} v_{2i_1+16} \\ -v_{2i_1+16} \end{bmatrix}$ |

Table 7.2.4-7: Codebook for 7-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22.

| i ₁ | i ₂ 0 | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 0 - 3 | $W_{i_1}^{(7)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{56}} \begin{bmatrix} v_{2i_1} \\ v_{2i_1} \end{bmatrix}$ | $v_{2i_1} - v_{2i_1}$ | v_{2i_1+8} v_{2i_1+8} | $v_{2i_1+8} - v_{2i_1+8}$ | v_{2i_1+16} v_{2i_1+16} | $v_{2i_1+16} - v_{2i_1+16}$ | $\begin{bmatrix} v_{2i_1+24} \\ v_{2i_1+24} \end{bmatrix}$ |

Table 7.2.4-8: Codebook for 8-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 15 to 22.

| 1 | <i>i</i> ₁ | <i>i</i> ₂ 0 | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| | 0 | $W_{i}^{(8)} = \frac{1}{2} \left[v_{2i_{1}} \right]$ | v_{2i_1} | v_{2i_1+8} | v_{2i_1+8} | v_{2i_1+16} | v_{2i_1+16} | v_{2i_1+24} | v_{2i_1+24} |
| | - | l_1 8 v_{2i_1} | $-v_{2i_1}$ | v_{2i_1+8} | $-v_{2i_1+8}$ | v_{2i_1+16} | $-v_{2i_1+16}$ | v_{2i_1+24} | $-v_{2i_1+24}$ |

7.2.5 Channel-State Information – Reference Signal (CSI-RS) definition

The following parameters for CSI-RS are configured via higher layer signaling:

- Number of CSI-RS ports. The allowable values and port mapping are given in Section 6.10.5 of [3].
- CSI RS Configuration (see Table 6.10.5.2-1 and Table 6.10.5.2-2 in [3])
- CSI RS subframe configuration I_{CSI-RS} . The allowable values are given in Section 6.10.5.3 of [3].
- Subframe configuration period $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$. The allowable values are given in Section 6.10.5.3 of [3].
- Subframe offset Δ_{CSI-RS} . The allowable values are given in Section 6.10.5.3 of [3].
- UE assumption on reference PDSCH transmitted power for CSI feedback P_c . P_c is the assumed ratio of PDSCH EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE when UE derives CSI feedback and takes values in the range of [-8, 15] dB with 1 dB step size, where the PDSCH EPRE corresponds to the symbols for which the ratio of the PDSCH EPRE to the cell-specific RS EPRE is denoted by ρ_A , as specified in Table 5.2-2 and Table 5.2-3.

A UE should not expect the configuration of CSI-RS and/or zero-power CSI-RS and PMCH in the same subframe of a serving cell.

For frame structure type 1, the UE is not expected to receive the 16-bit bitmap *ZeroPowerCSI-RS* with any one of the 6 LSB bits set to 1 for the normal CP case, or with any one of the 8 LSB bits set to 1 for the extended CP case.

For frame structure type 2 and 4 CRS ports, the UE is not expected to receive a CSI RS Configuration index (see Table 6.10.5.2-1 and Table 6.10.5.2-2 in [3]) belonging to the set [20-31] for the normal CP case or the set [16-27] for the extended CP case.

For frame structure type 2 and 4 CRS ports, the UE is not expected to receive the 16-bit bitmap *ZeroPowerCSI-RS* with any one of the 6 LSB bits set to 1 for the normal CP case, or with any one of the 8 LSB bits set to 1 for the extended CP case.

7.3 UE procedure for reporting HARQ-ACK

For FDD with PUCCH format 1a/1b transmission, when both HARQ-ACK and SR are transmitted in the same subframe, a UE shall transmit the HARQ-ACK on its assigned HARQ-ACK PUCCH format 1a/1b resource for a negative SR transmission and transmit the HARQ-ACK on its assigned SR PUCCH resource for a positive SR transmission.

For FDD with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection, when both HARQ-ACK and SR are transmitted in the same sub-frame a UE shall transmit the HARQ-ACK on its assigned HARQ-ACK PUCCH resource with channel selection as defined in section 10.1.2.2.1 for a negative SR transmission and transmit one HARQ-ACK bit per serving cell on its assigned SR PUCCH resource for a positive SR transmission according to the following:

- if only one transport block or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release is detected on a serving cell, the HARQ-ACK bit for the serving cell is the HARQ-ACK bit corresponding to the transport block or the PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release;
- if two transport blocks are received on a serving cell, the HARQ-ACK bit for the serving cell is generated by spatially bundling the HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to the transport blocks;
- if neither PDSCH transmission for which HARQ-ACK response shall be provided nor PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release is detected for a serving cell, the HARQ-ACK bit for the serving cell is set to NACK;

and the HARQ-ACK bits for the primary cell and the secondary cell are mapped to b(0) and b(1), respectively, where b(0) and b(1) are specified in section 5.4.1 in [3].

For FDD, when a PUCCH format 3 transmission of HARQ-ACK coincides with a sub-frame configured to the UE by higher layers for transmission of a scheduling request, the UE shall multiplex HARQ-ACK and SR bits on HARQ-ACK PUCCH resource as defined in section 5.2.3.1 in [4], unless the HARQ-ACK corresponds to a PDSCH transmission on the primary cell only or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release on the primary cell only, in which case the SR shall be transmitted as for FDD with PUCCH format 1a/1b.

For FDD and for a PUSCH transmission, a UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in subframe *n* if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe *n*-4.

For TDD, the UE shall upon detection of a PDSCH transmission or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and K is defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 intended for the UE and for which HARQ-ACK response shall be provided, transmit the HARQ-ACK response in UL subframe n.

For TDD, when PUCCH format 3 is configured for transmission of HARQ-ACK, for special subframe configurations 0 and 5 with normal downlink CP or configurations 0 and 4 with extended downlink CP in a serving cell, shown in table 4.2-1 [3], the special subframe of the serving cell is excluded from the HARQ-ACK codebook size determination. In this case, if the serving cell is the primary cell, there is no PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in the special subframe.

For TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 and one configured serving cell, if the UE is not configured with PUCCH format 3, the value of the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) in DCI format 0/4, V_{DAI}^{UL} , detected by the UE according to Table 7.3-X in subframe n - k', where k' is defined in Table 7.3-Y, represents the total number of subframes with PDSCH transmissions and with PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release to the corresponding UE within all the subframe(s) n - k, where $k \in K$. The value V_{DAI}^{UL} includes all PDSCH transmission with and without corresponding PDCCH within all the subframe(s) n - k. In case neither PDSCH transmission, nor PDCCH indicating the downlink SPS resource release is intended to the UE, the UE can expect that the value of the DAI in DCI format 0/4, V_{DAI}^{UL} , if transmitted, is set to 4.

For TDD UL-DL configuration 1-6 and a UE configured with more than one serving cell, or for TDD UL-DL configuration 1-6 and a UE configured with one serving cell and PUCCH format 3, a value W_{DAI}^{UL} is determined by the Downlink Assignment Index (DAI) in DCI format 0/4 according to Table 7.3-Z in subframe n - k', where k' is defined in Table 7.3-Y. In case neither PDSCH transmission, nor PDCCH indicating the downlink SPS resource release is intended to the UE, the UE can expect that the value of W_{DAI}^{UL} is set to 4 by the DAI in DCI format 0/4 if transmitted.

For TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, the value of the DAI in DCI format 1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C denotes the accumulative number of PDCCH(s) with assigned PDSCH transmission(s) and PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release up to the present subframe within subframe(s) n-k of each configured serving cell, where $k \in K$, and shall be updated from subframe to subframe. Denote $V_{DAI,c}^{DL}$ as the value of the DAI in PDCCH with DCI format 1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C detected by the UE according to Table 7.3-X in subframe $n - k_m$ in serving cell c, where k_m is the smallest value in the set K (defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1) such that the UE detects a DCI format 1/1A/1B/1D/2/2A/2B/2C. When configured with one serving cell, the subscript of c in $V_{DAI,c}^{DL}$ can be omitted.

For all TDD UL-DL configurations, denote $U_{DAI,c}$ as the total number of PDCCH(s) with assigned PDSCH transmission(s) and PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release detected by the UE within the subframe(s) n-k in serving cell c, where $k \in K$. When configured with one serving cell, the subscript of c in $U_{DAI,c}$ can be omitted. Denote N_{SPS} , which can be zero or one, as the number of PDSCH transmissions without a corresponding PDCCH within the subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$.

For TDD HARQ-ACK bundling or HARQ-ACK multiplexing and a subframe n with M = 1, the UE shall generate one or two HARQ-ACK bits by performing a logical AND operation per codeword across M DL subframes associated with a single UL subframe, of all the corresponding $U_{DAI} + N_{SPS}$ individual PDSCH transmission HARQ-ACKs and individual ACK in response to received PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1. The UE shall detect if at least one downlink assignment has been missed, and for the case that the UE is transmitting on PUSCH the UE shall also determine the parameter N_{bundled} .

- For TDD UL-DL configuration 0, N_{bundled} shall be 1 if the UE detects the PDSCH transmission with or without corresponding PDCCH, or detects PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release within the subframe n-k, where $k \in K$. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release within the subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$.
- For the case that the UE is not transmitting on PUSCH in subframe *n* and TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, if $U_{DAI} > 0$ and $V_{DAI}^{DL} \neq (U_{DAI} 1) \mod 4 + 1$, the UE detects that at least one downlink assignment has been missed.
- For the case that the UE is transmitting on PUSCH and the PUSCH transmission is adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 intended for the UE and TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, if $V_{DAI}^{UL} \neq (U_{DAI} + N_{SPS} 1) \mod 4 + 1$ the UE detects that at least one downlink assignment has been missed and the UE shall generate NACK for all codewords where N_{bundled} is determined by the UE as $N_{\text{bundled}} = V_{DAI}^{UL} + 2$. If the UE does not detect any downlink assignment missing, N_{bundled} is determined by the UE as $N_{\text{bundled}} = V_{DAI}^{UL} + 2$. If the UE does not detect any downlink assignment missing, N_{bundled} is determined by the UE as $N_{\text{bundled}} = V_{DAI}^{UL} + 2$. UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK if $U_{DAI} + N_{SPS} = 0$ and $V_{DAI}^{UL} = 4$.
- For the case that the UE is transmitting on PUSCH, and the PUSCH transmission is not based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 intended for the UE and TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, if $U_{DAI} > 0$ and $V_{DAI}^{DL} \neq (U_{DAI} 1) \mod 4 + 1$, the UE detects that at least one downlink assignment has been missed and the UE shall generate NACK for all codewords. The UE determines $N_{bundled} = (U_{DAI} + N_{SPS})$ as the number of assigned subframes. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK if $U_{DAI} + N_{SPS} = 0$.

For TDD, when PUCCH format 3 is configured for transmission of HARQ-ACK, the HARQ-ACK feedback bits $o_{c,0}^{ACK} o_{c,1}^{ACK}, ..., o_{c,O_c^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ for the *c*-th serving cell configured by RRC are constructed as follows, where $c \ge 0$, $O_c^{ACK} = B_c^{DL}$ if transmission mode configured in the *c*-th serving cell supports one transport block or spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is applied and $O_c^{ACK} = 2B_c^{DL}$ otherwise, where B_c^{DL} is the number of downlink subframes for which the UE needs to feedback HARQ-ACK bits for the *c*-th serving cell.

- For the case that the UE is transmitting on PUCCH, $B_c^{DL} = M$ where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 associated with subframe n and the set K does not include a special subframe of configurations 0 and 5 with normal downlink CP or of configurations 0 and 4 with extended downlink CP; otherwise $B_c^{DL} = M 1$.
- For TDD UL-DL configuration 0 or for a PUSCH transmission not adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4, the UE shall assume $B_c^{DL} = M$ where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 associated with subframe n and the set K does not include a special subframe of configurations 0 and 5 with normal downlink CP or of configurations 0 and 4 with extended downlink CP; otherwise $B_c^{DL} = M 1$. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n k, where $k \in K$.
- For TDD UL-DL configurations {1, 2, 3, 4, 6} and a PUSCH transmission adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4, the UE shall assume $B_c^{DL} = W_{DAI}^{UL}$. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n k where $k \in K$ and $W_{DAI}^{UL} = 4$.
- For TDD UL-DL configurations 5 and a PUSCH transmission adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4, the UE shall assume $B_c^{DL} = W_{DAI}^{UL} + 4 \left[\left(U W_{DAI}^{UL} \right) / 4 \right]$, where U denotes the maximum value of U_c among all the configured serving cells, U_c is the total number of received PDSCHs and PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n k on the *c*-th serving cell, $k \in K$. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n k and $W_{DAI}^{UL} = 4$.

For TDD, when PUCCH format 3 is configured for transmission of HARQ-ACK,

- for TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, the HARQ-ACK for a PDSCH transmission with a corresponding PDCCH or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe n-k is associated with $o_{c,DAI(k)-1}^{ACK}$ if transmission mode configured in the *c*-th serving cell supports one transport block or spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is applied, or associated with $o_{c,2DAI(k)-2}^{ACK}$ and $o_{c,2DAI(k)-1}^{ACK}$ otherwise, where DAI(k) is the value of DAI in DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2/2A/2B/2C detected in subframe n-k, $o_{c,2DAI(k)-2}^{ACK}$ and $o_{c,2DAI(k)-1}^{ACK}$ are the HARQ-ACK feedback for codeword 0 and codeword 1, respectively. For the case with $N_{SPS} > 0$, the HARQ-ACK associated with a PDSCH transmission without a corresponding PDCCH is mapped to $o_{c,O_c}^{ACK}_{c,O_c}^{ACK}_{-1}$ The HARQ-ACK feedback bits without any detected PDSCH transmission or without detected PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release are set to NACK;
- for TDD UL-DL configuration 0, the HARQ-ACK for a PDSCH transmission or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe n-k is associated with $o_{c,0}^{ACK}$ if transmission mode configured in the *c*-th serving cell supports one transport block or spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is applied, or associated with $o_{c,0}^{ACK}$ and $o_{c,1}^{ACK}$ otherwise, where $o_{c,0}^{ACK}$ and $o_{c,1}^{ACK}$ are the HARQ-ACK feedback for codeword 0 and codeword 1, respectively. The HARQ-ACK feedback bits without any detected PDSCH transmission or without detected PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release are set to NACK.

For TDD when format 1b with channel selection is configured for transmission of HARQ-ACK and for 2 configured serving cells, the HARQ-ACK feedback bits $o_0^{ACK} o_1^{ACK} \dots o_0^{ACK} o_1^{ACK} \dots o_0^{ACK} o_1^{ACK}$ on PUSCH are constructed as follows.

- For TDD UL-DL configuration 0, $o_j^{ACK} = \text{HARQ-ACK}(j)$, $0 \le j \le A-1$ as defined in section 10.1.3.2.1. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n-k where $k \in K$.

- For TDD UL-DL configurations {1, 2, 3, 4, 6} and a PUSCH transmission adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 with $W_{DAI}^{UL} = 1$ or 2, o_j^{ACK} is determined as if PUCCH format 3 is configured for transmission of HARQ-ACK, except that spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within a DL subframe is performed for all serving cells configured with a downlink transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks in case $W_{DAI}^{UL} = 2$.
- For TDD UL-DL configurations {1, 2, 3, 4, 6} and a PUSCH transmission adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 with $W_{DAI}^{UL} = 3$ or 4, $o_j^{ACK} = o(j)$, $0 \le j \le 3$ as defined in Table 10.1.3.2-5 or in Table 10.1.3.2-6 respectively, where the value of *M* is replaced by W_{DAI}^{UL} . The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n k where $k \in K$ and $W_{DAI}^{UL} = 4$.
- For TDD UL-DL configurations {1, 2, 3, 4, 6} and a PUSCH transmission not adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 and a subframe *n* with M = 1 or 2, $o_j^{ACK} = \text{HARQ-ACK}(j)$, $0 \le j \le A 1$ as defined in section 10.1.3.2.1. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n k where $k \in K$.
- For TDD UL-DL configurations {1, 2, 3, 4, 6} and a PUSCH transmission not adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 and a subframe *n* with M = 3 or 4, $o_j^{ACK} = o(j)$, $0 \le j \le 3$ as defined in Table 10.1.3.2-5 or in Table 10.1.3.2-6 respectively. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUSCH if the UE does not receive PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe(s) n - k where $k \in K$.

For TDD HARQ-ACK bundling, when the UE is configured by transmission mode 3, 4, 8 or 9 defined in Section 7.1 and HARQ-ACK bits are transmitted on PUSCH, the UE shall always generate 2 HARQ-ACK bits assuming both codeword 0 and 1 are enabled. For the case that the UE detects only the PDSCH transmission associated with codeword 0 within the bundled subframes, the UE shall generate NACK for codeword 1.

| DAI MSB, LSB | V_{DAI}^{UL} or V_{DAI}^{DL} | Number of subframes with PDSCH transmission and with PDCCH indicating DL SPS release |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 0,0 | 1 | 1 or 5 or 9 |
| 0,1 | 2 | 2 or 6 |
| 1,0 | 3 | 3 or 7 |
| 1,1 | 4 | 0 or 4 or 8 |

| Table 7.3-X: Value of Downlink Assignment Index |
|---|
|---|

| Table 7.3-Y: | Uplink association index k' for TDD | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | |

| TDD UL/DL Configuration | subframe number <i>n</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Comgulation | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
| 1 | | | 6 | 4 | | | | 6 | 4 | | |
| 2 | | | 4 | | | | | 4 | | | |
| 3 | | | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | 4 | 4 | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | 7 | 7 | 5 | | | 7 | 7 | | |

| DAI MSB, LSB | W_{DAI}^{UL} |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 0,0 | 1 |
| 0,1 | 2 |
| 1,0 | 3 |
| 1,1 | 4 |

Table 7.3-Z: Value of W_{DAI}^{UL} determined by the DAI field in DCI format 0/4

For TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing and a subframe n with M > 1, spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within a DL subframe is performed by a logical AND operation of all the corresponding individual HARQ-ACKs. In case the UE is transmitting on PUSCH, the UE shall determine the number of HARQ-ACK feedback bits O^{ACK} and the HARQ-ACK feedback bits o_n^{ACK} , $n = 0, \dots, O^{ACK} - 1$ to be transmitted in subframe n.

- If the PUSCH transmission is adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 intended for the UE, then $O^{ACK} = V_{DAI}^{UL}$ unless $V_{DAI}^{UL} = 4$ and $U_{DAI} + N_{SPS} = 0$ in which case the UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK. The spatially bundled HARQ-ACK for a PDSCH transmission with a corresponding PDCCH or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in subframe n - k is associated with $o_{DAI(k)-1}^{ACK}$ where DAI(k) is the value of DAI in DCI format 1A/1B/1D/1/2/2A/2B/2C detected in subframe n - k. For the case with $N_{SPS} > 0$, the HARQ-ACK associated with a PDSCH transmission without a corresponding PDCCH is mapped to $o_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$. The HARQ-ACK feedback bits without any detected PDSCH transmission or without detected PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release are set to NACK.
- If the PUSCH transmission is not adjusted based on a detected PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 intended for the UE, $O^{ACK} = M$, and o_i^{ACK} is associated with the spatially bundled HARQ-ACK for DL subframe $n k_i$, where $k_i \in K$. The HARQ-ACK feedback bits without any detected PDSCH transmission or without detected PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release are set to NACK. The UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK if $U_{DAI} + N_{SPS} = 0$.

For TDD when a PUCCH format 3 transmission of HARQ-ACK coincides with a sub-frame configured to the UE by higher layers for transmission of a scheduling request, the UE shall multiplex HARQ-ACK and SR bits on HARQ-ACK PUCCH resource as defined in section 5.2.3.1 in [4], unless the HARQ-ACK corresponds to one of the following cases

- a single PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n-k_m$, where $k_m \in K$, and for TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 the DAI value in the PDCCH is equal to '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X), or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n-k_m$, where $k_m \in K$, and for TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 the DAI value in the PDCCH is equal to '1', or
- a single PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and no PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, or
- a PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected within subframe(s) n-k, where k∈ K and an additional PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe n-k_m, where k_m∈ K with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X) or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in the subframe n-k_m, where k_m∈ K with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '1',

in which case the UE shall transmit the HARQ-ACK and scheduling request according to the procedure for PUCCH format 1b with channel selection in TDD.

For TDD when the UE is configured with HARQ-ACK bundling, HARQ-ACK multiplexing or PUCCH format 1b with channel selection, and when both HARQ-ACK and SR are transmitted in the same sub-frame, a UE shall transmit the bundled HARQ-ACK or the multiple HARQ-ACK responses (according to section 10.1) on its assigned HARQ-ACK PUCCH resources for a negative SR transmission. For a positive SR, the UE shall transmit b(0), b(1) on its assigned

SR PUCCH resource using PUCCH format 1b according to section 5.4.1 in [3]. The value of b(0), b(1) are generated according to Table 7.3-1 from the $N_{SPS} + \sum_{cells}^{N_{cells}^{D-1}} U_{DAI,c}$ HARQ-ACK responses including ACK in response to PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release by spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within each PDSCH transmission for all serving cells N_{cells}^{DL} . For TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, if $\sum_{a=0}^{N_{cells}^{DL}-1} U_{DAI,c} > 0$ and $U_{DI}^{DL} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a=0}^{N_{cells}} U_{DAI,c} > 0$

 $V_{DAI,c}^{DL} \neq (U_{DAI,c} - 1) \mod 4 + 1$ for a serving cell c, the UE detects that at least one downlink assignment has been missed.

| Table 7.3-1: Mapping between multiple HARQ-ACK responses and | b(0), b(1) |
|--|------------|
|--|------------|

| Number of ACK among multiple ($N_{SPS} + \sum_{c=0}^{N_{cells}^{DL} - 1} U_{DAI,c}$) HARQ-ACK responses | b(0),b(1) |
|--|-----------|
| 0 or None (UE detect at least one DL assignment is missed) | 0, 0 |
| 1 | 1, 1 |
| 2 | 1, 0 |
| 3 | 0, 1 |
| 4 | 1, 1 |
| 5 | 1, 0 |
| 6 | 0, 1 |
| 7 | 1, 1 |
| 8 | 1, 0 |
| 9 | 0, 1 |

For TDD when both HARQ-ACK and CSI are configured to be transmitted in the same sub-frame on the PUCCH, if the UE is configured with HARQ-ACK bundling, HARQ-ACK multiplexing or PUCCH format 1b with channel selection, and if the UE receives PDSCH and/or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release only on the primary cell within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, a UE shall transmit the CSI and b(0), b(1) using PUCCH format 2b for normal CP or PUCCH format 2 for extended CP, according to section 5.2.3.4 in [4] with a_0'', a_1'' replaced by b(0), b(1). The value

of b(0), b(1) are generated according to Table 7.3-1 from the $N_{SPS} + \sum_{cells}^{N_{cells}^{DL} - 1} U_{DAI,c}$ HARQ-ACK responses including

ACK in response to PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release by spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within each PDSCH transmission for all serving cells N_{cells}^{DL} . For TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, if

 $\sum_{cells}^{N_{cells}^{DL}-1} U_{DAI,c} > 0 \text{ and } V_{DAI,c}^{DL} \neq (U_{DAI,c}-1) \mod 4+1 \text{ for a serving cell c, the UE detects that at least one downlink}$

assignment has been missed.

For TDD when both HARQ-ACK and CSI are configured to be transmitted in the same sub-frame and the UE is configured with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and receives at least one PDSCH on the secondary cell within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, the UE shall drop the CSI and transmit HARQ-ACK according to section 10.1.3.

For TDD when both HARQ-ACK and CSI are configured to be transmitted in the same sub-frame and a UE configured with PUCCH format 3, if the UE receives

a single PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n-k_m$, where $k_m \in K$, and for TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 the DAI value in the PDCCH is equal to '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X), or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in

subframe $n - k_m$, where $k_m \in K$, and for TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 the DAI value in the PDCCH is equal to '1', or

- a single PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and no PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$,

the UE shall transmit the CSI and HARQ-ACK using PUCCH format 2/2a/2b according to section 5.2.3.4 in [4]; otherwise, the UE shall drop the CSI and transmit the HARQ-ACK according to section 10.1.3.

When only a positive SR is transmitted a UE shall use PUCCH Format 1 for the SR resource as defined in section 5.4.1 in [3].

8 Physical uplink shared channel related procedures

For FDD and transmission mode 1, there shall be 8 uplink HARQ processes per serving cell for non-subframe bundling operation, i.e. normal HARQ operation, and 4 uplink HARQ processes for subframe bundling operation. For FDD and transmission mode 2, there shall be 16 uplink HARQ processes per serving cell for non-subframe bundling operation and there are two HARQ processes associated with a given subframe as described in [8]. The subframe bundling operation is configured by the parameter *ttiBundling* provided by higher layers.

In case higher layers configure the use of subframe bundling for FDD and TDD, the subframe bundling operation is only applied to UL-SCH, such that four consecutive uplink subframes are used.

8.0 UE procedure for transmitting the physical uplink shared channel

For FDD and normal HARQ operation, the UE shall upon detection on a given serving cell of a PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 and/or a PHICH transmission in subframe *n* intended for the UE, adjust the corresponding PUSCH transmission in subframe n+4 according to the PDCCH and PHICH information.

For normal HARQ operation, if the UE detects a PHICH transmission and if the most recent PUSCH transmission for the same transport block was using spatial multiplexing according to section 8.0.2 and the UE does not detect a PDCCH with DCI format 4 in subframe *n* intended for the UE, the UE shall adjust the corresponding PUSCH retransmission in the associated subframe according to the PHICH information, and using the number of transmission layers and precoding matrix according to the most recent PDCCH, if the number of negatively acknowledged transport blocks is equal to the number of transport blocks indicated in the most recent PDCCH associated with the corresponding PUSCH.

For normal HARQ operation, if the UE detects a PHICH transmission and if the most recent PUSCH transmission for the same transport block was using spatial multiplexing according to section 8.0.2 and the UE does not detect a PDCCH with DCI format 4 in subframe *n* intended for the UE, and if the number of negatively acknowledged transport blocks is not equal to the number of transport blocks indicated in the most recent PDCCH associated with the corresponding PUSCH then the UE shall adjust the corresponding PUSCH retransmission in the associated subframe according to the PHICH information, using the precoding matrix with codebook index 0 and the number of transmission layers equal to number of layers corresponding to the negatively acknowledged transport block from the most recent PDCCH. In this case, the UL DMRS resources are calculated according to the cyclic shift field for DMRS [3] in the most recent PDCCH with DCI format 4 associated with the corresponding PUSCH transmission and number of layers corresponding to the negatively acknowledged transport block for DMRS [3] in the most recent PDCCH.

If a UE is configured with the carrier indicator field for a given serving cell, the UE shall use the carrier indicator field value from the detected PDCCH with uplink DCI format to determine the serving cell for the corresponding PUSCH transmission.

For FDD and normal HARQ operation, if a PDCCH with CSI request field set to trigger an aperiodic CSI report, as described in section 7.2.1, is detected by a UE on subframe n, then on subframe n+4 UCI is mapped on the corresponding PUSCH transmission, when simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission is not configured for the UE.

For TDD and normal HARQ operation, if a PDCCH with CSI request field set to trigger an aperiodic CSI report, as described in section 7.2.1, is detected by a UE on subframe n, then on subframe n+k UCI is mapped on the corresponding PUSCH transmission where k is given by Table 8-2, when simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission is not configured for the UE.

For FDD and subframe bundling operation, the UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 0 in subframe n intended for the UE, and/or a PHICH transmission in subframe n-5 intended for the UE, adjust the corresponding first PUSCH transmission in the bundle in subframe n+4 according to the PDCCH and PHICH information.

For FDD and TDD, the NDI as signalled on PDCCH, the RV as determined in section 8.6.1, and the TBS as determined in section 8.6.2, shall be delivered to higher layers.

For TDD and transmission mode 1, the number of HARQ processes per serving cell shall be determined by the DL/UL configuration (Table 4.2-2 of [3]), as indicated in Table 8-1. For TDD and transmission mode 2, the number of HARQ processes per serving cell for non-subframe bundling operation shall be twice the number determined by the DL/UL configuration (Table 4.2-2 of [3]) as indicated in Table 8-1 and there are two HARQ processes associated with a given subframe as described in [8].

| TDD UL/DL configuration | Number of HARQ processes for normal HARQ operation | Number of HARQ processes for subframe bundling operation |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| 0 | 7 | 3 |
| 1 | 4 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | N/A |
| 3 | 3 | N/A |
| 4 | 2 | N/A |
| 5 | 1 | N/A |
| 6 | 6 | 3 |

Table 8-1: Number of synchronous UL HARQ processes for TDD

For TDD UL/DL configurations 1-6 and normal HARQ operation, the UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with uplink DCI format and/or a PHICH transmission in subframe n intended for the UE, adjust the corresponding PUSCH transmission in subframe n+k, with k given in Table 8-2, according to the PDCCH and PHICH information.

For TDD UL/DL configuration 0 and normal HARQ operation the UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with uplink DCI format and/or a PHICH transmission in subframe *n* intended for the UE, adjust the corresponding PUSCH transmission in subframe n+k if the MSB of the UL index in the PDCCH with uplink DCI format is set to 1 or PHICH is received in subframe n=0 or 5 in the resource corresponding to $I_{PHICH} = 0$, as defined in Section 9.1.2, with *k* given in Table 8-2. If, for TDD UL/DL configuration 0 and normal HARQ operation, the LSB of the UL index in the DCI format 0/4 is set to 1 in subframe *n* or a PHICH is received in subframe n=0 or 5 in the resource corresponding to $I_{PHICH} = 1$, as defined in Section 9.1.2, or PHICH is received in subframe n=1 or 6, the UE shall adjust the corresponding PUSCH transmission in subframe n+7. If, for TDD UL/DL configuration 0, both the MSB and LSB of the UL index in the PDCCH with uplink DCI format are set in subframe *n*, the UE shall adjust the corresponding PUSCH transmission in both subframe n+7, with *k* given in Table 8-2

For TDD UL/DL configurations 1 and 6 and subframe bundling operation, the UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 0 in subframe *n* intended for the UE, and/or a PHICH transmission intended for the UE in subframe *n*-*l* with *l* given in Table 8-2a, adjust the corresponding first PUSCH transmission in the bundle in subframe n+k, with *k* given in Table 8-2, according to the PDCCH and PHICH information.

For TDD UL/DL configuration 0 and subframe bundling operation, the UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 0 in subframe *n* intended for the UE, and/or a PHICH transmission intended for the UE in subframe *n*-*l* with *l* given in Table 8-2a, adjust the corresponding first PUSCH transmission in the bundle in subframe n+k, if the MSB of the UL index in the DCI format 0 is set to 1 or if $I_{PHICH} = 0$, as defined in Section 9.1.2, with *k* given in Table 8-2, according to the PDCCH and PHICH information. If, for TDD UL/DL configuration 0 and subframe bundling operation, the LSB of the UL index in the PDCCH with DCI format 0 is set to 1 in subframe *n* or if $I_{PHICH} = 1$, as defined in Section 9.1.2, the UE shall adjust the corresponding first PUSCH transmission in the bundle in subframe n + 7, according to the PDCCH and PHICH information.

| TDD UL/DL Configuration | subframe number <i>n</i> | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Comgaration | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | 4 | 6 | | | | 4 | 6 | | | |
| 1 | | 6 | | | 4 | | 6 | | | 4 |
| 2 | | | | 4 | | | | | 4 | |
| 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | 4 | 4 |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | 4 | |
| 6 | 7 | 7 | | | | 7 | 7 | | | 5 |

Table 8-2 k for TDD configurations 0-6

| TDD UL/DL Configuration | subframe number <i>n</i> | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| U | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | 9 | 6 | | | | 9 | 6 | | | |
| 1 | | 2 | | | 3 | | 2 | | | 3 |
| 6 | 5 | 5 | | | | 6 | 6 | | | 8 |

A UE is semi-statically configured via higher layer signalling to transmit PUSCH transmissions signalled via PDCCH according to one of two uplink transmission modes, denoted mode 1 - 2 as defined in Table 8-3. If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH according to the combination defined in Table 8-3 and transmit the corresponding PUSCH. The scrambling initialization of this PUSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs and the PUSCH retransmission for the same transport block is by C-RNTI. Transmission mode 1 is the default uplink transmission mode for a UE until the UE is assigned an uplink transmission mode by higher layer signalling.

When a UE configured in transmission mode 2 receives a DCI Format 0 uplink scheduling grant, it shall assume that the PUSCH transmission is associated with transport block 1 and that transport block 2 is disabled.

| Transmission mode | DCI format | Search Space | Transmission scheme of PUSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Mode 1 | DCI format 0 | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 10 (see subclause 8.0.1) |
| Mode 2 | DCI format 0 | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 10 (see subclause 8.0.1) |
| | DCI format 4 | UE specific by C-RNTI | Closed-loop spatial multiplexing (see subclause 8.0.2) |

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI and is also configured to receive random access procedures initiated by PDCCH orders, the UE shall decode the PDCCH according to the combination defined in Table 8-4.

Table 8-4: PDCCH configured as PDCCH order to initiate random access procedure

| DCI format | Search Space | |
|---------------|-----------------------|--|
| DCI format 1A | Common and | |
| | UE specific by C-RNTI | |

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the SPS C-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH according to the combination defined in Table 8-5 and transmit the corresponding PUSCH. The scrambling initialization of this PUSCH corresponding to these PDCCHs and PUSCH retransmission for the same transport block is by SPS C-RNTI. The scrambling initialization of initial transmission of this PUSCH without a corresponding PDCCH and the PUSCH retransmission for the same transport block is by SPS C-RNTI.

Table 8-5: PDCCH and PUSCH configured by SPS C-RNTI

| Transmission mode | DCI format Search Space | | Transmission scheme of PUSCH corresponding to PDCCH |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Mode 1 | DCI format 0 | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 10 (see subclause 8.0.1) |
| Mode 2 | DCI format 0 | Common and UE specific by C-RNTI | Single-antenna port, port 10 (see subclause 8.0.1) |

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the Temporary C-RNTI regardless of whether UE is configured or not configured to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the C-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH according to the combination defined in Table 8-6 and transmit the corresponding PUSCH. The scrambling initialization of PUSCH corresponding to these PDCCH is by Temporary C-RNTI.

If a Temporary C-RNTI is set by higher layers, the scrambling of PUSCH corresponding to the Random Access Response Grant in Section 6.2 and the PUSCH retransmission for the same transport block is by Temporary C-RNTI. Else, the scrambling of PUSCH corresponding to the Random Access Response Grant in Section 6.2 and the PUSCH retransmission for the same transport block is by C-RNTI.

Table 8-6: PDCCH configured by Temporary C-RNTI

| DCI format | Search Space |
|--------------|--------------|
| DCI format 0 | Common |

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the TPC-PUCCH-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH according to the combination defined in table 8-7. The notation 3/3A implies that the UE shall receive either DCI format 3 or DCI format 3A depending on the configuration.

Table 8-7: PDCCH configured by TPC-PUCCH-RNTI

| DCI format | Search Space | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|--|
| DCI format 3/3A | Common | | |

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the TPC-PUSCH-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH according to the combination defined in table 8.8. The notation 3/3A implies that the UE shall receive either DCI format 3 or DCI format 3A depending on the configuration.

Table 8-8: PDCCH configured by TPC-PUSCH-RNTI

| DCI format | Search Space | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|--|
| DCI format 3/3A | Common | | |

8.0.1 Single-antenna port scheme

For the single-antenna port transmission schemes (port 10) of the PUSCH, the UE transmission on the PUSCH is performed according to Section 5.3.2A.1 of [3].

8.0.2 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

For the closed-loop spatial multiplexing transmission scheme of the PUSCH, the UE transmission on the PUSCH is performed according to the applicable number of transmission layers as defined in Section 5.3.2A.2 of [3].

8.1 Resource Allocation for PDCCH with uplink DCI Format

Two resource allocation schemes Type 0 and Type 1 are supported for PDCCH with uplink DCI format.

If the resource allocation type bit is not present in the uplink DCI format, only resource allocation type 0 is supported.

If the resource allocation type bit is present in the uplink DCI format, the selected resource allocation type for a decoded PDCCH is indicated by a resource allocation type bit where type 0 is indicated by 0 value and type 1 is indicated otherwise. The UE shall interpret the resource allocation field depending on the resource allocation type bit in the uplink PDCCH DCI format detected.

8.1.1 Uplink Resource allocation type 0

The resource allocation information for uplink resource allocation type 0 indicates to a scheduled UE a set of contiguously allocated virtual resource block indices denoted by $n_{\rm VRB}$. A resource allocation field in the scheduling grant consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting resource block ($RB_{\rm START}$) and a length in terms of contiguously allocated resource blocks ($L_{\rm CRBs} \ge 1$). The resource indication value is defined by

if
$$(L_{\text{CRBs}} - 1) \leq \left\lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} / 2 \right\rfloor$$
 then
 $RIV = N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} (L_{\text{CRBs}} - 1) + RB_{\text{START}}$

else

 $RIV = N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} \left(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} - L_{\rm CRBs} + 1 \right) + \left(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} - 1 - RB_{\rm START} \right)$

8.1.2 Uplink Resource allocation type 1

The resource allocation information for uplink resource allocation type 1 indicates to a scheduled UE two sets of resource blocks with each set including one or more consecutive resource block groups of size P as given in table

7.1.6.1-1 assuming $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}$ as the system bandwidth. A combinatorial index *r* consists of $\left[\log_2\left(\begin{pmatrix} N_{RB}^{UL} / P + 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right)\right]$ bits.

The bits from the resource allocation field in the scheduling grant represent r unless the number of bits in the resource allocation field in the scheduling grant is

- smaller than required to fully represent *r*, in which case the bits in the resource allocation field in the scheduling grant occupy the LSBs of *r* and the value of the remaining bits of *r* shall be assumed to be 0; or
- larger than required to fully represent *r*, in which case *r* occupies the LSBs of the resource allocation field in the scheduling grant.

The combinatorial index r corresponds to a starting and ending RBG index of resource block set 1, s_0 and $s_1 - 1$, and

resource block set 2, s_2 and $s_3 - 1$ respectively, where *r* is given by equation $r = \sum_{i=0}^{M-1} {\binom{N-s_i}{M-i}}$ defined in section 7.2.1

with M=4 and $N = \left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} / P\right] + 1$. Section 7.2.1 also defines ordering properties and range of values that s_i (RBG

indices) map to. Only a single RBG is allocated for a set at the starting RBG index if the corresponding ending RBG index equals the starting RBG index.

8.2 UE sounding procedure

A UE shall transmit Sounding Reference Symbol (SRS) on per serving cell SRS resources based on two trigger types:

- trigger type 0: higher layer signalling
- trigger type 1: DCI formats 0/4/1A for FDD and TDD and DCI formats 2B/2C for TDD.

In case both trigger type 0 and trigger type 1 SRS transmissions would occur in the same subframe in the same serving cell, the UE shall only transmit the trigger type 1 SRS transmission.

A UE may be configured with SRS parameters for trigger type 0 and trigger type 1 on each serving cell. The following SRS parameters are serving cell specific and semi-statically configurable by higher layers for trigger type 0 and for trigger type 1.

- Transmission comb \bar{k}_{TC} , as defined in Section 5.5.3.2 of [3] for trigger type 0 and each configuration of trigger type 1
- Starting physical resource block assignment n_{RRC} , as defined in Section 5.5.3.2 of [3] for trigger type 0 and each configuration of trigger type 1
- *duration*: single or indefinite (until disabled), as defined in [11] for trigger type 0
- srs-ConfigIndex I_{SRS} for SRS periodicity T_{SRS} and SRS subframe offset T_{offset} , as defined in Table 8.2-1 and Table 8.2-2 for trigger type 0 and SRS periodicity $T_{SRS,1}$ and SRS subframe offset $T_{offset,1}$, as defined in Table 8.2-4 and Table 8.2-5 trigger type 1
- SRS bandwidth B_{SRS} , as defined in Section 5.5.3.2 of [3] for trigger type 0 and each configuration of trigger type 1
- Frequency hopping bandwidth, b_{hop} , as defined in Section 5.5.3.2 of [3] for trigger type 0
- Cyclic shift n_{SRS}^{cs} , as defined in Section 5.5.3.1 of [3] for trigger type 0 and each configuration of trigger type 1
- Number of antenna ports N_p for trigger type 0 and each configuration of trigger type 1

For trigger type 1 and DCI format 4 three sets of SRS parameters, *srs-ConfigApDCI-Format4*, are configured by higher layer signalling. The 2-bit SRS request field [4] in DCI format 4 indicates the SRS parameter set given in Table 8.1-1. For trigger type 1 and DCI format 0, a single set of SRS parameters, *srs-ConfigApDCI-Format0*, is configured by higher layer signalling. For trigger type 1 and DCI formats 1A/2B/2C, a single common set of SRS parameters, *srs-ConfigApDCI-Format1a2b2c*, is configured by higher layer signalling. The SRS request field is 1 bit [4] for DCI formats 0/1A/2B/2C, with a type 1 SRS triggered if the value of the SRS request field is set to '1'. A 1-bit SRS request field shall be included in DCI formats 0/1A for frame structure type 1 and 0/1A/2B/2C for frame structure type 2 if the UE is configured with SRS parameters for DCI formats 0/1A/2B/2C by higher-layer signalling.

| Value of SRS request field | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| '00' | No type 1 SRS trigger |
| ·01' | The 1 st SRS parameter set configured by higher layers |
| '10' | The 2 nd SRS parameter set configured by higher layers |
| '11' | The 3 rd SRS parameter set configured by higher layers |

Table 8.1-1: SRS request value for trigger type 1 in DCI format 4

The serving cell specific SRS transmission bandwidths C_{SRS} are configured by higher layers. The allowable values are given in Section 5.5.3.2 of [3].

The serving cell specific SRS transmission sub-frames are configured by higher layers. The allowable values are given in Section 5.5.3.3 of [3].

When antenna selection is enabled for a given serving cell for a UE that supports transmit antenna selection, the index $a(n_{SRS})$, of the UE antenna that transmits the SRS at time n_{SRS} is given by

 $a(n_{SRS}) = n_{SRS} \mod 2$, for both partial and full sounding bandwidth, and when frequency hopping is disabled (i.e., $b_{hop} \ge B_{SRS}$),

 $a(n_{SRS}) = \begin{cases} (n_{SRS} + \lfloor n_{SRS}/2 \rfloor + \beta \cdot \lfloor n_{SRS}/K \rfloor) \mod 2 & \text{when } K \text{ is even} \\ n_{SRS} \mod 2 & \text{when } K \text{ is odd} \end{cases}, \beta = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{where } K \mod 4 = 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

when frequency hopping is enabled (i.e., $b_{hov} < B_{SRS}$),

where values B_{SRS} , b_{hop} , N_{b} , and n_{SRS} are given in Section 5.5.3.2 of [3], and $K = \prod_{b'=b_{hop}}^{B_{\text{SRS}}} N_{b'}$ (where $N_{b_{hop}} = 1$

regardless of the N_b value), except when a single SRS transmission is configured for the UE. If a UE is configured with more than one serving cell, the UE is not expected to transmit SRS on different antenna ports simultaneously.

A UE may be configured to transmit SRS on N_p antenna ports of a serving cell where N_p may be configured by higher layer signalling. For PUSCH transmission mode 1 $N_p \in \{0,1,2,4\}$ and for PUSCH transmission mode 2 $N_p \in \{0,1,2\}$ with two antenna ports configured for PUSCH and $N_p \in \{0,1,4\}$ with 4 antenna ports configured for PUSCH. A UE configured for SRS transmission on multiple antenna ports of a serving cell shall transmit SRS for all the configured transmit antenna ports within one SC-FDMA symbol of the same subframe of the serving cell. The SRS transmission bandwidth and starting physical resource block assignment are the same for all the configured antenna ports of a given serving cell.

A UE shall not transmit SRS whenever SRS and PUSCH transmissions happen to coincide in the same symbol.

For TDD, when one SC-FDMA symbol exists in UpPTS of a given serving cell, it can be used for SRS transmission. When two SC-FDMA symbols exist in UpPTS of a given serving cell, both can be used for SRS transmission and both can be assigned to the same UE.

A UE shall not transmit type 0 triggered SRS whenever type 0 triggered SRS and PUCCH format 2/2a/2b transmissions happen to coincide in the same subframe. A UE shall not transmit type 1 triggered SRS whenever type 1 triggered SRS and PUCCH format 2a/2b or format 2 with HARQ-ACK transmissions happen to coincide in the same subframe. A UE shall not transmit PUCCH format 2 without HARQ-ACK whenever type 1 triggered SRS and PUCCH format 2 without HARQ-ACK transmissions happen to coincide in the same subframe.

A UE shall not transmit SRS whenever SRS transmission and PUCCH transmission carrying HARQ-ACK and/or positive SR happen to coincide in the same subframe if the parameter *ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission* is *FALSE*. A UE shall transmit SRS whenever SRS transmission and PUCCH transmission carrying HARQ-ACK and/or positive SR using shortened format as defined in Sections 5.4.1 and 5.4.2A of [3] happen to coincide in the same subframe if the parameter *ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission* is *TRUE*.

A UE shall not transmit SRS whenever SRS transmission on any serving cells and PUCCH transmission carrying HARQ-ACK and/or positive SR using normal PUCCH format as defined in Sections 5.4.1 and 5.4.2A of [3] happen to coincide in the same subframe.

In UpPTS, whenever SRS transmission instance overlaps with the PRACH region for preamble format 4 or exceeds the range of uplink system bandwidth configured in the serving cell, the UE shall not transmit SRS.

The parameter *ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission* provided by higher layers determines if a UE is configured to support the transmission of HARQ-ACK on PUCCH and SRS in one subframe. If it is configured to support the transmission of HARQ-ACK on PUCCH and SRS in one subframe, then in the cell specific SRS subframes of the primary cell UE shall transmit HARQ-ACK and SR using the shortened PUCCH format as defined in Sections 5.4.1 and 5.4.2A of [3], where the HARQ-ACK or the SR symbol corresponding to the SRS location is punctured. This shortened PUCCH format shall be used in a cell specific SRS subframe of the primary cell even if the UE does not transmit SRS in that subframe. The cell specific SRS subframes are defined in Section 5.5.3.3 of [3]. Otherwise, the UE shall use the normal PUCCH format 1/1a/1b as defined in Section 5.4.1 of [3] or normal PUCCH format 3 as defined in Section 5.4.2A of [3] for the transmission of HARQ-ACK and SR.

Trigger type 0 SRS configuration of a UE in a serving cell for SRS periodicity, T_{SRS} , and SRS subframe offset, T_{offset} , is

defined in Table 8.2-1 and Table 8.2-2, for FDD and TDD, respectively. The periodicity T_{SRS} of the SRS transmission is serving cell specific and is selected from the set {2, 5, 10, 20, 40, 80, 160, 320} ms or subframes. For the SRS periodicity T_{SRS} of 2 ms in TDD, two SRS resources are configured in a half frame containing UL subframe(s) of a given serving cell.

Type 0 triggered SRS transmission instances in a given serving cell for TDD with $T_{SRS} > 2$ and for FDD are the subframes satisfying $(10 \cdot n_f + k_{SRS} - T_{offset}) \mod T_{SRS} = 0$, where for FDD $k_{SRS} = \{0, 1, ..., 9\}$ is the subframe index within the frame, for TDD k_{SRS} is defined in Table 8.2-3. The SRS transmission instances for TDD with $T_{SRS} = 2$ are the subframes satisfying $(k_{SRS} - T_{offset}) \mod 5 = 0$.

Trigger type 1 SRS configuration of a UE in a serving cell for SRS periodicity, $T_{SRS,1}$, and SRS subframe offset, $T_{offset,1}$, is defined in Table 8.2-4 and Table 8.2-5, for FDD and TDD, respectively. The periodicity $T_{SRS,1}$ of the SRS transmission is serving cell specific and is selected from the set {2, 5, 10} ms or subframes. For the SRS periodicity $T_{SRS,1}$ of 2 ms in TDD, two SRS resources are configured in a half frame containing UL subframe(s) of a given serving cell.

A UE configured for type 1 triggered SRS transmission in serving cell *c* and not configured with a carrier indicator field shall transmit SRS on serving cell *c* upon detection of a positive SRS request in PDCCH scheduling PUSCH/PDSCH on serving cell *c*.

A UE configured for type 1 triggered SRS transmission in serving cell *c* and configured with a carrier indicator field shall transmit SRS on serving cell *c* upon detection of a positive SRS request in PDCCH scheduling PUSCH/PDSCH with the value of carrier indicator field corresponding to serving cell *c*.

A UE configured for type 1 triggered SRS transmission on serving cell *c* upon detection of a positive SRS request in subframe *n* of serving cell *c* shall commence SRS transmission in the first subframe satisfying $n + k, k \ge 4$ and

 $(10 \cdot n_f + k_{\text{SRS}} - T_{offset,1}) \mod T_{\text{SRS},1} = 0$ for TDD with $T_{\text{SRS},1} > 2$ and for FDD,

 $(k_{\text{SRS}} - T_{offset,1}) \mod 5 = 0$ for TDD with $T_{\text{SRS},1} = 2$

where for FDD $k_{SRS} = \{0,1,...,9\}$ is the subframe index within the frame n_f , for TDD k_{SRS} is defined in Table 8.2-3.

A UE configured for type 1 triggered SRS transmission is not expected to receive type 1 SRS triggering events associated with different values of trigger type 1 SRS transmission parameters, as configured by higher layer signalling, for the same subframe and the same serving cell.

A UE shall not transmit SRS whenever SRS and a PUSCH transmission corresponding to a Random Access Response Grant or a retransmission of the same transport block as part of the contention based random access procedure coincide in the same subframe.

Table 8.2-1: UE Specific SRS Periodicity T_{SRS} and Subframe Offset Configuration T_{offset} for triggertype 0, FDD

| SRS Configuration Index I _{SRS} | SRS Periodicity T_{SRS} (ms) | SRS Subframe Offset T_{offset} |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 – 1 | 2 | I _{SRS} |
| 2 - 6 | 5 | I _{SRS} – 2 |
| 7 – 16 | 10 | I _{SRS} – 7 |
| 17 – 36 | 20 | I _{SRS} – 17 |
| 37 – 76 | 40 | I _{SRS} – 37 |
| 77 – 156 | 80 | I _{SRS} – 77 |
| 157 – 316 | 160 | I _{SRS} – 157 |
| 317 - 636 | 320 | I _{SRS} – 317 |
| 637 – 1023 | reserved | reserved |

Table 8.2-2: UE Specific SRS Periodicity T_{SRS} and Subframe Offset Configuration T_{offset} for triggertype 0, TDD

| SRS Configuration Index I _{SRS} | SRS Periodicity T_{SRS} (ms) | SRS Subframe Offset T_{offset} |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 | 2 | 0, 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 0, 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 1, 2 |
| 3 | 2 | 0, 3 |
| 4 | 2 | 1, 3 |
| 5 | 2 | 0, 4 |
| 6 | 2 | 1, 4 |
| 7 | 2 | 2, 3 |
| 8 | 2 | 2, 4 |
| 9 | 2 | 3, 4 |
| 10 – 14 | 5 | I _{SRS} – 10 |
| 15 – 24 | 10 | I _{SRS} – 15 |
| 25 – 44 | 20 | I _{SRS} – 25 |
| 45 – 84 | 40 | I _{SRS} – 45 |
| 85 – 164 | 80 | I _{SRS} – 85 |
| 165 – 324 | 160 | I _{SRS} – 165 |
| 325 – 644 | 320 | I _{SRS} – 325 |
| 645 – 1023 | reserved | reserved |

| | | subframe index <i>n</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|---|
| | 0 | 0 1 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | | 1st symbol of UpPTS | 2nd symbol of UpPTS | | | | | 1st symbol of UpPTS | 2nd symbol of UpPTS | | | |
| $k_{ m SRS}$ in case UpPTS length of 2 symbols | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| $k_{\rm SRS}$ in case UpPTS length of 1 symbol | | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 6 | | 7 | 8 | 9 |

Table 8.2-3: k_{SRS} for TDD

Table 8.2-4: UE Specific SRS Periodicity $T_{SRS,1}$ and Subframe Offset Configuration $T_{offset,1}$ for trigger type 1, FDD

| SRS Configuration Index I _{SRS} | SRS Periodicity $T_{SRS,1}$ (ms) | SRS Subframe Offset $T_{offset,1}$ |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 - 1 | 2 | I _{SRS} |
| 2-6 | 5 | I _{SRS} – 2 |
| 7 – 16 | 10 | I _{SRS} – 7 |
| 17 – 31 | reserved | reserved |

Table 8.2-5: UE Specific SRS Periodicity $T_{SRS,1}$ and Subframe Offset Configuration $T_{offset,1}$ for triggertype 1, TDD

| SRS Configuration Index I _{SRS} | SRS Periodicity $T_{SRS,1}$ (ms) | SRS Subframe Offset $T_{\it offset,1}$ |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| 0 | 2 | 0, 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 0, 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 1, 2 |
| 3 | 2 | 0, 3 |
| 4 | 2 | 1, 3 |
| 5 | 2 | 0, 4 |
| 6 | 2 | 1, 4 |
| 7 | 2 | 2, 3 |
| 8 | 2 | 2, 4 |
| 9 | 2 | 3, 4 |
| 10 – 14 | 5 | I _{SRS} – 10 |
| 15 – 24 | 10 | I _{SRS} – 15 |
| 25 – 31 | reserved | reserved |

8.3 UE HARQ-ACK procedure

For Frame Structure type 1, an HARQ-ACK received on the PHICH assigned to a UE in subframe *i* is associated with the PUSCH transmission in subframe *i*-4.

For Frame Structure type 2 UL/DL configuration 1-6, an HARQ-ACK received on the PHICH assigned to a UE in subframe *i* is associated with the PUSCH transmission in the subframe *i*-*k* as indicated by the following table 8.3-1.

For Frame Structure type 2 UL/DL configuration 0, an HARQ-ACK received on the PHICH in the resource corresponding to $I_{PHICH} = 0$, as defined in Section 9.1.2, assigned to a UE in subframe *i* is associated with the PUSCH transmission in the subframe *i*-*k* as indicated by the following table 8.3-1. For Frame Structure type 2 UL/DL configuration 0, an HARQ-ACK received on the PHICH in the resource corresponding to $I_{PHICH} = 1$, as defined in

Section 9.1.2, assigned to a UE in subframe *i* is associated with the PUSCH transmission in the subframe *i*-6.

| | | 5 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TDD UL/DL Configuration | | subframe number i | | | | | | | | |
| J | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | 7 | 4 | | | | 7 | 4 | | | |
| 1 | | 4 | | | 6 | | 4 | | | 6 |
| 2 | | | | 6 | | | | | 6 | |
| 3 | 6 | | | | | | | | 6 | 6 |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | 6 | 6 |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | 6 | |
| 6 | 6 | 4 | | | | 7 | 4 | | | 6 |

Table 8.3-1 *k* for TDD configurations 0-6

The physical layer in the UE shall deliver indications to the higher layers as follows:

For downlink subframe *i*, if a transport block was transmitted in the associated PUSCH subframe then:

- if ACK is decoded on the PHICH corresponding to that transport block in subframe *i*, or if that transport block is disabled by PDCCH received in downlink subframe *i*, ACK for that transport block shall be delivered to the higher layers;
- else NACK for that transport block shall be delivered to the higher layers.

8.4 UE PUSCH Hopping procedure

The UE shall perform PUSCH frequency hopping if the single bit frequency hopping (FH) field in a corresponding PDCCH with DCI format 0 is set to 1 and the uplink resource block assignment is type 0 otherwise no PUSCH frequency hopping is performed.

A UE performing PUSCH frequency hopping shall determine its PUSCH resource allocation (RA) for the first slot of a subframe (*S1*) including the lowest index PRB ($n_{PRB}^{S1}(n)$) in subframe *n* from the resource allocation field in the latest PDCCH with DCI format 0 for the same transport block. If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block, the UE shall determine its hopping type based on

- the hopping information in the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH, when the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled or
- the random access response grant for the same transport block, when the PUSCH is initiated by the random access response grant.

The resource allocation field in DCI format 0 excludes either 1 or 2 bits used for hopping information as indicated by Table 8.4-1 below where the number of PUSCH resource blocks is defined as

$$N_{RB}^{PUSCH} = \begin{cases} N_{RB}^{UL} - \tilde{N}_{RB}^{HO} - (N_{RB}^{UL} \mod 2) & \text{Type 1 PUSCH hopping} \\ N_{RB}^{UL} & \text{Type 2 } N_{sb} = 1 \text{ PUSCH hopping} \\ N_{RB}^{UL} - \tilde{N}_{RB}^{HO} & \text{Type 2 } N_{sb} > 1 \text{ PUSCH hopping} \end{cases}$$

For type 1 and type 2 PUSCH hopping, $\tilde{N}_{RB}^{HO} = N_{RB}^{HO} + 1$ if N_{RB}^{HO} is an odd number where N_{RB}^{HO} defined in [3]. $\tilde{N}_{RB}^{HO} = N_{RB}^{HO}$ in other cases. The size of the resource allocation field in DCI format 0 after excluding either 1 or 2 bits shall be $y = \left\lceil \log_2 (N_{RB}^{UL} (N_{RB}^{UL} + 1)/2) \right\rceil - N_{UL_hop}$, where $N_{UL_hop} = 1$ or 2 bits. The number of contiguous RBs that can be assigned to a type-1 hopping user is limited to $\left\lfloor 2^y / N_{RB}^{UL} \right\rfloor$. The number of contiguous RBs that can be assigned to a type-2 hopping user is limited to $\min_{(2^y / N_{RB}^{UL})} \left\lfloor N_{RB}^{PUSCH} / N_{sb} \right\rfloor$), where the number of sub-bands N_{sb} is given by higher layers.

A UE performing PUSCH frequency hopping shall use one of two possible PUSCH frequency hopping types based on the hopping information. PUSCH hopping type 1 is described in section 8.4.1 and type 2 is described in section 8.4.2.

Table 8.4-1: Number of Hopping Bits NUL_hop vs. System Bandwidth

| System BW N ^{UL} _{RB} | #Hopping bits for 2nd slot RA (<i>N_{UL_hop}</i>) |
|--|---|
| 6-49 | 1 |
| 50-110 | 2 |

The parameter *Hopping-mode* provided by higher layers determines if PUSCH frequency hopping is "inter-subframe" or "intra and inter-subframe".

8.4.1 Type 1 PUSCH Hopping

For PUSCH hopping type 1 the hopping bit or bits indicated in Table 8.4-1 determine $\tilde{n}_{PRB}(i)$ as defined in Table 8.4-2. The lowest index PRB $(n_{PRB}^{S1}(i))$ of the 1st slot RA in subframe *i* is defined as $n_{PRB}^{S1}(i) = \tilde{n}_{PRB}^{S1}(i) + \tilde{N}_{RB}^{HO} / 2$, where $n_{PRB}^{S1}(i) = RB_{START}$, and RB_{START} is obtained from the uplink scheduling grant as in Section 8.4 and Section 8.1.

The lowest index PRB ($n_{PRB}(i)$) of the 2nd slot RA in subframe *i* is defined as $n_{PRB}(i) = \tilde{n}_{PRB}(i) + \tilde{N}_{RB}^{HO}/2$.

The set of physical resource blocks to be used for PUSCH transmission are L_{CRBs} contiguously allocated resource blocks from PRB index $n_{PRB}^{S1}(i)$ for the 1st slot, and from PRB index $n_{PRB}(i)$ for the 2nd slot, respectively, where L_{CRBs} is obtained from the uplink scheduling grant as in Section 8.4 and Section 8.1.

If the *Hopping-mode* is "inter-subframe", the 1st slot RA is applied to even CURRENT_TX_NB, and the 2nd slot RA is applied to odd CURRENT_TX_NB, where CURRENT_TX_NB is defined in [8].

8.4.2 Type 2 PUSCH Hopping

In PUSCH hopping type 2 the set of physical resource blocks to be used for transmission in slot n_s is given by the scheduling grant together with a predefined pattern according to [3] section 5.3.4. If the system frame number is not acquired by the UE yet, the UE shall not transmit PUSCH with type-2 hopping and $N_{sb} > 1$ for TDD, where N_{sb} is defined in [3].

| System BW N ^{UL} _{RB} | Number of Hopping bits | Information in hopping bits | $\widetilde{n}_{PRB}(i)$ | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 6 – 49 | 1 | 0 | $\left(\left\lfloor N_{RB}^{PUSCH} / 2 \right\rfloor + \widetilde{n}_{PRB}^{S1}(i) \right) \mod N_{RB}^{PUSCH}$, | | | | |
| | | 1 | Type 2 PUSCH Hopping | | | | |
| 50 – 110 2 | 00 | $\left(\left\lfloor N_{RB}^{PUSCH} / 4 \right\rfloor + \widetilde{n}_{PRB}^{S1}(i) \right) \mod N_{RB}^{PUSCH}$ | | | | | |
| | 2 | 01 | $\left(-\left\lfloor N_{RB}^{PUSCH} / 4 \right\rfloor + \widetilde{n}_{PRB}^{S1}(i) \right) \mod N_{RB}^{PUSCH}$ | | | | |
| | | 10 | $\left(\left\lfloor N_{RB}^{PUSCH} / 2 \right\rfloor + \widetilde{n}_{PRB}^{S1}(i) \right) \mod N_{RB}^{PUSCH}$ | | | | |
| | | 11 | Type 2 PUSCH Hopping | | | | |

 Table 8.4-2: PDCCH DCI Format 0 Hopping Bit Definition

8.5 UE Reference Symbol procedure

If UL sequence-group hopping or sequence hopping is configured in a serving cell, it applies to all reference symbols (SRS, PUSCH and PUCCH RS). If disabling of the sequence-group hopping and sequence hopping is configured for the UE in the serving cell through the higher-layer parameter *Disable-sequence-group-hopping*, the sequence-group hopping and sequence hopping for PUSCH RS are disabled.

8.6 Modulation order, redundancy version and transport block size determination

To determine the modulation order, redundancy version and transport block size for the physical uplink shared channel, the UE shall first

- read the "modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version" field (I_{MCS}), and
- check the "CSI request" bit field, and
- compute the total number of allocated PRBs (N_{PRB}) based on the procedure defined in Section 8.1, and
- compute the number of coded symbols for control information.

8.6.1 Modulation order and redundancy version determination

For $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$, the modulation order (Q_m) is determined as follows:

- If the UE is capable of supporting 64QAM in PUSCH and has not been configured by higher layers to transmit only QPSK and 16QAM, the modulation order is given by Q_m in Table 8.6.1-1.
- If the UE is not capable of supporting 64QAM in PUSCH or has been configured by higher layers to transmit only QPSK and 16QAM, Q_m is first read from Table 8.6.1-1. The modulation order is set to $Q_m = \min(4, Q_m)$.
- If the parameter *ttiBundling* provided by higher layers is set to *TRUE*, then the resource allocation size is restricted to $N_{\text{PRB}} \leq 3$ and the modulation order is set to $Q_m = 2$.

For $29 \le I_{MCS} \le 31$ the modulation order (Q_m) is determined as follows:

- if DCI format 0 is used and $I_{MCS} = 29$ or, if DCI format 4 is used and only 1 TB is enabled and $I_{MCS} = 29$ for the enabled TB and the signalled number of transmission layers is 1, and if

- the "CSI request" bit field is 1 bit and the bit is set to trigger an aperiodic report and, $N_{PRB} \le 4$ or,
- the "CSI request" bit field is 2 bits and is triggering an aperiodic CSI report for one serving cell according to Table 7.2.1-1A, and, $N_{PRB} \leq 4$ or,
- the "CSI request" bit field is 2 bits and is triggering an aperiodic CSI report for more than one serving cell according to Table 7.2.1-1A and, $N_{\text{PRB}} \leq 20$,

then the modulation order is set to $Q_m = 2$.

- Otherwise, the modulation order shall be determined from the DCI transported in the latest PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 for the same transport block using $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$. If there is no PDCCH with DCI format 0/4 for the same transport block using $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$, the modulation order shall be determined from
 - the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH, when the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, or,
 - the random access response grant for the same transport block, when the PUSCH is initiated by the random access response grant.

The UE shall use I_{MCS} and Table 8.6.1-1 to determine the redundancy version (rv_{idx}) to use in the physical uplink shared channel.

| MCS Index | Modulation Order | TBS Index | Redundancy |
|------------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| I _{MCS} | $Q_m^{'}$ | $I_{\rm TBS}$ | Version |
| | | | rv _{idx} |
| 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| 4 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| 5 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| 6 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| 7 | 2 | 7 | 0 |
| 8 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| 9 | 2 | 9 | 0 |
| 10 | 2 | 10 | 0 |
| 11 | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| 12 | 4 | 11 | 0 |
| 13 | 4 | 12 | 0 |
| 14 | 4 | 13 | 0 |
| 15 | 4 | 14 | 0 |
| 16 | 4 | 15 | 0 |
| 17 | 4 | 16 | 0 |
| 18 | 4 | 17 | 0 |
| 19 | 4 | 18 | 0 |
| 20 | 4 | 19 | 0 |
| 21 | 6 | 19 | 0 |
| 22 | 6 | 20 | 0 |
| 23 | 6 | 21 | 0 |
| 24 | 6 | 22 | 0 |
| 25 | 6 | 23 | 0 |
| 26 | 6 | 24 | 0 |
| 27 | 6 | 25 | 0 |
| 28 | 6 | 26 | 0 |
| 29 | ~ | | 1 |
| 30 | reserved | 4 | 2 |
| 31 | 10001100 | - | 3 |
| | | | <u> </u> |

Table 8.6.1-1: Modulation, TBS index and redundancy version table for PUSCH

8.6.2 Transport block size determination

For $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$, the UE shall first determine the TBS index (I_{TBS}) using I_{MCS} and Table 8.6.1-1 except if the transport block is disabled in DCI format 4 as specified below. For a transport block that is not mapped to two-layer spatial multiplexing, the TBS is determined by the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.1. For a transport block that is mapped to two-layer spatial multiplexing, the TBS is determined by the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.2.

For $29 \le I_{\text{MCS}} \le 31$,

- if DCI format 0 is used and $I_{MCS} = 29$ or, if DCI format 4 is used and only 1 TB is enabled and $I_{MCS} = 29$ for the enabled TB and the number of transmission layers is 1, and if
 - the "CSI request" bit field is 1 bit and is set to trigger an aperiodic CSI report and $N_{\text{PRB}} \leq 4$, or
 - the "CSI request" bit field is 2 bits and is triggering an aperiodic CSI report for one serving cell according to Table 7.2.1-1A, and , $N_{PRB} \le 4$ or,
 - the "CSI request" bit field is 2 bits and is triggering aperiodic CSI report for more than one serving cell according to Table 7.2.1-1A and, $N_{\text{PRB}} \leq 20$,

then there is no transport block for the UL-SCH and only the control information feedback for the current PUSCH reporting mode is transmitted by the UE.

- Otherwise, the transport block size shall be determined from the initial PDCCH for the same transport block using $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$. If there is no initial PDCCH with an uplink DCI format for the same transport block using $0 \le I_{MCS} \le 28$, the transport block size shall be determined from
 - the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH, when the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, or,
 - the random access response grant for the same transport block, when the PUSCH is initiated by the random access response grant.

In DCI format 4 a transport block is disabled if either the combination of $I_{MCS} = 0$ and $N_{PRB} > 1$ or the combination of $I_{MCS} = 28$ and $N_{PRB} = 1$ is signalled, otherwise the transport block is enabled.

8.6.3 Control information MCS offset determination

Offset values are defined for single codeword PUSCH transmission and multiple codeword PUSCH transmission. Single codeword PUSCH transmission offsets $\beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$, β_{offset}^{RI} and β_{offset}^{CQI} shall be configured to values according to Table 8.6.3-1,2,3 with the higher layer signalled indexes $I_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$, I_{offset}^{RI} , and I_{offset}^{CQI} , respectively. Multiple codeword PUSCH transmission offsets $\beta_{offset}^{HARQ-ACK}$, β_{offset}^{RI} and β_{offset}^{CQI} shall be configured to values according to Table 8.6.3-1,2,3 with the higher layer signalled indexes $I_{offset,MC}^{HARQ-ACK}$, $I_{offset,MC}^{RI}$ and $I_{offset,MC}^{CQI}$, respectively.

| $I_{\textit{offset}}^{\textit{HARQ-ACK}}$ or $I_{\textit{offset},\textit{MC}}^{\textit{HARQ-ACK}}$ | $eta_{{\it offset}}^{{\it HARQ-ACK}}$ |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 2.000 |
| 1 | 2.500 |
| 2 | 3.125 |
| 3 | 4.000 |
| 4 | 5.000 |
| 5 | 6.250 |
| 6 | 8.000 |
| 7 | 10.000 |
| 8 | 12.625 |
| 9 | 15.875 |
| 10 | 20.000 |
| 11 | 31.000 |
| 12 | 50.000 |
| 13 | 80.000 |
| 14 | 126.000 |

Table 8.6.3-1: Mapping of HARQ-ACK offset values and the index signalled by higher layers

| 15 | 1.0 |
|----|-----|

| I_{offset}^{RI} or $I_{offset,MC}^{RI}$ | $oldsymbol{eta}_{\textit{offset}}^{\textit{RI}}$ |
|---|--|
| 0 | 1.250 |
| 1 | 1.625 |
| 2 | 2.000 |
| 3 | 2.500 |
| 4 | 3.125 |
| 5 | 4.000 |
| 6 | 5.000 |
| 7 | 6.250 |
| 8 | 8.000 |
| 9 | 10.000 |
| 10 | 12.625 |
| 11 | 15.875 |
| 12 | 20.000 |
| 13 | reserved |
| 14 | reserved |
| 15 | reserved |

Table 8.6.3-3: Mapping of CQI offset values and the index signalled by higher layers

| I_{offset}^{CQI} or $I_{offset,MC}^{CQI}$ | $oldsymbol{eta}^{CQI}_{o\!f\!f\!set}$ |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | reserved |
| 1 | reserved |
| 2 | 1.125 |
| 3 | 1.250 |
| 4 | 1.375 |
| 5 | 1.625 |
| 6 | 1.750 |
| 7 | 2.000 |
| 8 | 2.250 |
| 9 | 2.500 |
| 10 | 2.875 |

| 11 | 3.125 |
|----|-------|
| 12 | 3.500 |
| 13 | 4.000 |
| 14 | 5.000 |
| 15 | 6.250 |

8.7 UE Transmit Antenna Selection

UE transmit antenna selection is configured by higher layers via parameter ue-TransmitAntennaSelection.

A UE configured with transmit antenna selection for a serving cell is not expected to

- be configured with more than one antenna port for any uplink physical channel or signal for any configured serving cell, or
- be configured with trigger type 1 SRS transmission on any configured serving cell, or
- be configured with simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH transmission, or
- be configured with demodulation reference signal for PUSCH with OCC for any configured serving cell (see [3], subclause 5.5.2.1.1), or
- receive DCI Format 0 indicating uplink resource allocation type 1 for any serving cell.

If UE transmit antenna selection is disabled or not supported by the UE, the UE shall transmit from UE port 0.

If closed-loop UE transmit antenna selection is enabled by higher layers the UE shall perform transmit antenna selection in response to the most recent command received via DCI Format 0 in section 5.3.3.2 of [4]. If a UE is configured with more than one serving cell, the UE may assume the same transmit antenna port value is indicated in each DCI format 0 PDCCH grant in a given subframe.

If open-loop UE transmit antenna selection is enabled by higher layers, the transmit antenna to be selected by the UE is not specified.

9 Physical downlink control channel procedures

9.1 UE procedure for determining physical downlink control channel assignment

9.1.1 PDCCH Assignment Procedure

The control region of each serving cell consists of a set of CCEs, numbered from 0 to $N_{CCE,k} - 1$ according to Section 6.8.1 in [3], where $N_{CCE,k}$ is the total number of CCEs in the control region of subframe k. The UE shall monitor a set of PDCCH candidates on one or more activated serving cells as configured by higher layer signalling for control information in every non-DRX subframe, where monitoring implies attempting to decode each of the PDCCHs in the set according to all the monitored DCI formats.

The set of PDCCH candidates to monitor are defined in terms of search spaces, where a search space $S_k^{(L)}$ at aggregation level $L \in \{1, 2, 4, 8\}$ is defined by a set of PDCCH candidates. For each serving cell on which PDCCH is monitored, the CCEs corresponding to PDCCH candidate *m* of the search space $S_k^{(L)}$ are given by

$$L \left\{ (Y_k + m') \mod \lfloor N_{\text{CCE},k} / L \rfloor \right\} + i$$

where Y_k is defined below, $i = 0, \dots, L-1$. For the common search space m' = m. For the UE specific search space, for the serving cell on which PDCCH is monitored, if the monitoring UE is configured with carrier indicator field then $m' = m + M^{(L)} \cdot n_{CI}$ where n_{CI} is the carrier indicator field value, else if the monitoring UE is not configured with carrier indicator field then m' = m, where $m = 0, \dots, M^{(L)} - 1$. $M^{(L)}$ is the number of PDCCH candidates to monitor in the given search space.

Note that the carrier indicator field value is the same as ServCellIndex given in [11].

The UE shall monitor one common search space at each of the aggregation levels 4 and 8 on the primary cell.

A UE not configured with a carrier indicator field shall monitor one UE-specific search space at each of the aggregation levels 1, 2, 4, 8 on each activated serving cell. A UE configured with a carrier indicator field shall monitor one or more UE-specific search spaces at each of the aggregation levels 1, 2, 4, 8 on one or more activated serving cells as configured by higher layer signalling.

The common and UE-specific search spaces on the primary cell may overlap.

A UE configured with the carrier indicator field associated with monitoring PDCCH on serving cell *c* shall monitor PDCCH configured with carrier indicator field and with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI in the UE specific search space of serving cell *c*.

A UE configured with the carrier indicator field associated with monitoring PDCCH on the primary cell shall monitor PDCCH configured with carrier indicator field and with CRC scrambled by SPS C-RNTI in the UE specific search space of the primary cell.

The UE shall monitor the common search space for PDCCH without carrier indicator field.

For the serving cell on which PDCCH is monitored, if the UE is not configured with a carrier indicator field, it shall monitor the UE specific search space for PDCCH without carrier indicator field, if the UE is configured with a carrier indicator field it shall monitor the UE specific search space for PDCCH with carrier indicator field.

A UE is not expected to monitor the PDCCH of a secondary cell if it is configured to monitor PDCCH with carrier indicator field corresponding to that secondary cell in another serving cell. For the serving cell on which PDCCH is monitored, the UE shall monitor PDCCH candidates at least for the same serving cell.

A UE configured to monitor PDCCH candidates with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI with a common payload size and with the same first CCE index n_{CCE} (as described in section 10.1) but with different sets of DCI information fields as defined in [4] in the

- common search space
- UE specific search space

on the primary cell shall assume that for the PDCCH candidates with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SPS C-RNTI,

- if the UE is configured with the carrier indicator field associated with monitoring the PDCCH on the primary cell, only the PDCCH in the common search space is transmitted by the primary cell;
- otherwise, only the PDCCH in the UE specific search space is transmitted by the primary cell.

A UE configured to monitor PDCCH candidates in a given serving cell with a given DCI format size with CIF, and CRC scrambled by C- RNTI, where the PDCCH candidates may have one or more possible values of CIF for the given DCI format size, shall assume that a PDCCH candidate with the given DCI format size may be transmitted in the given serving cell in any UE specific search space corresponding to any of the possible values of CIF for the given DCI format size.

The aggregation levels defining the search spaces are listed in Table 9.1.1-1. The DCI formats that the UE shall monitor depend on the configured transmission mode per each serving cell as defined in Section 7.1.

| | Number of PDCCH | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Туре | Aggregation level L | Size [in CCEs] | candidates $M^{(L)}$ |
| | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| UE- | 2 | 12 | 6 |
| UE- specific | 4 | 8 | 2 |
| | 8 | 16 | 2 |
| Common | 4 | 16 | 4 |
| Common | 8 | 16 | 2 |

Table 9.1.1-1: PDCCH candidates monitored by a UE.

For the common search spaces, Y_k is set to 0 for the two aggregation levels L = 4 and L = 8.

For the UE-specific search space $S_k^{(L)}$ at aggregation level L, the variable Y_k is defined by

$$Y_k = (A \cdot Y_{k-1}) \mod D$$

where $Y_{-1} = n_{\text{RNTI}} \neq 0$, A = 39827, D = 65537 and $k = \lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor$, n_s is the slot number within a radio frame. The RNTI value used for n_{RNTI} is defined in section 7.1 in downlink and section 8 in uplink.

9.1.2 PHICH Assignment Procedure

For PUSCH transmissions scheduled from serving cell *c* in subframe *n*, a UE shall determine the corresponding PHICH resource of serving cell *c* in subframe $n + k_{PHICH}$, where k_{PHICH} is always 4 for FDD and is given in table 9.1.2-1 for TDD. For subframe bundling operation, the corresponding PHICH resource is associated with the last subframe in the bundle.

| TDD UL/DL Configuration | subframe index <i>n</i> | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | | | 4 | 7 | 6 | | | 4 | 7 | 6 |
| 1 | | | 4 | 6 | | | | 4 | 6 | |
| 2 | | | 6 | | | | | 6 | | |
| 3 | | | 6 | 6 | 6 | | | | | |
| 4 | | | 6 | 6 | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | 6 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | 4 | 6 | 6 | | | 4 | 7 | |

Table 9.1.2-1: k_{PHICH} for TDD

The PHICH resource is identified by the index pair $(n_{PHICH}^{group}, n_{PHICH}^{seq})$ where n_{PHICH}^{group} is the PHICH group number and n_{PHICH}^{seq} is the orthogonal sequence index within the group as defined by:

$$n_{PHICH}^{group} = (I_{PRB_RA} + n_{DMRS}) \mod N_{PHICH}^{group} + I_{PHICH} N_{PHICH}^{group}$$
$$n_{PHICH}^{seq} = (\left| I_{PRB_RA} / N_{PHICH}^{group} \right| + n_{DMRS}) \mod 2N_{SF}^{PHICH}$$

where

- n_{DMRS} is mapped from the cyclic shift for DMRS field (according to Table 9.1.2-2) in the most recent PDCCH with uplink DCI format [4] for the transport block(s) associated with the corresponding PUSCH transmission. n_{DMRS} shall be set to zero, if there is no PDCCH with uplink DCI format for the same transport block, and
 - if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, or
 - if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is scheduled by the random access response grant .
- N_{SF}^{PHICH} is the spreading factor size used for PHICH modulation as described in section 6.9.1 in [3].

•
$$I_{PRB_RA} = \begin{cases} I_{PRB_RA}^{lowest_index} \\ I_{PRB_RA}^{lowest_index} \\ I_{PRB_RA}^{lowest_index} + 1 \end{cases}$$
 for a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH or for the case of no associated PDCCH when the number of negatively acknowledged TBs is not equal to the number of TBs indicated in the most recent PDCCH associated with the corresponding PUSCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second PDCCH is a second TB of a PUSCH with associated PDCCH is a second PDCCH is

where $I_{PRB_RA}^{lowest_index}$ is the lowest PRB index in the first slot of the corresponding PUSCH transmission

- N^{group}_{PHICH} is the number of PHICH groups configured by higher layers as described in section 6.9 of [3],
- $I_{PHICH} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for TDD UL/DL configuration 0 with PUSCH transmission in subframe } n = 4 \text{ or } 9 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Table 9.1.2-2: Mapping between n_{DMRS} and the cyclic shift for DMRS field in PDCCH with uplink DCIformat in [4]

| Cyclic Shift for DMRS Field in PDCCH with uplink DCI format in [4] | n _{DMRS} |
|---|-------------------|
| 000 | 0 |
| 001 | 1 |
| 010 | 2 |
| 011 | 3 |
| 100 | 4 |
| 101 | 5 |
| 110 | 6 |
| 111 | 7 |

9.1.3 Control Format Indicator assignment procedure

PHICH duration is signalled by higher layers according to Table 6.9.3-1 in [3]. The duration signalled puts a lower limit on the size of the control region determined from the control format indicator (CFI). When $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} > 10$, if extended PHICH duration is indicated by higher layers then the UE shall assume that CFI is equal to PHICH duration.

9.2 PDCCH validation for semi-persistent scheduling

A UE shall validate a Semi-Persistent Scheduling assignment PDCCH only if all the following conditions are met:

- the CRC parity bits obtained for the PDCCH payload are scrambled with the Semi-Persistent Scheduling C-RNTI
- the new data indicator field is set to '0'. In case of DCI formats 2, 2A, 2B and 2C, the new data indicator field refers to the one for the enabled transport block.

Validation is achieved if all the fields for the respective used DCI format are set according to Table 9.2-1 or Table 9.2-1A.

If validation is achieved, the UE shall consider the received DCI information accordingly as a valid semi-persistent activation or release.

If validation is not achieved, the received DCI format shall be considered by the UE as having been received with a non-matching CRC.

| | DCI format 0 | DCI format 1/1A | DCI format 2/2A/2B/2C |
|---|-------------------|---|--|
| TPC command for scheduled PUSCH | set to '00' | N/A | N/A |
| Cyclic shift DM RS | set to '000' | N/A | N/A |
| Modulation and coding scheme and redundancy version | MSB is set to '0' | N/A | N/A |
| HARQ process number | N/A | FDD: set to '000' TDD: set to '0000' | FDD: set to '000' TDD: set to '0000' |
| Modulation and coding scheme | N/A | MSB is set to '0' | For the enabled transport block: MSB is set to '0' |
| Redundancy version | N/A | set to '00' | For the enabled transport block: set to '00' |

Table 9.2-1: Special fields for Semi-Persistent Scheduling Activation PDCCH Validation

Table 9.2-1A: Special fields for Semi-Persistent Scheduling Release PDCCH Validation

| | DCI format 0 | DCI format 1A |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| TPC command for scheduled | set to '00' | N/A |
| PUSCH | | |
| Cyclic shift DM RS | set to '000' | N/A |
| | | |
| Modulation and coding scheme and | set to '11111' | N/A |
| redundancy version | | |
| Resource block assignment and | Set to all '1's | N/A |
| hopping resource allocation | | |
| HARQ process number | N/A | FDD: set to '000' |
| | | |
| | | TDD: set to '0000' |
| Modulation and coding scheme | N/A | set to '11111' |
| Redundancy version | N/A | set to '00' |

| Resource block assignment | N/A | Set to all '1's |
|---------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| | • | |

For the case that the DCI format indicates a semi-persistent downlink scheduling activation, the TPC command for PUCCH field shall be used as an index to one of the four PUCCH resource values configured by higher layers, with the mapping defined in Table 9.2-2

| Value of 'TPC command for PUCCH' | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1,p)}$ |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| ,00, | The first PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |
| ·01' | The second PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |
| '10' | The third PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |
| '11' | The fourth PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |

Table 9.2-2: PUCCH Resource value for Downlink Semi-Persistent Scheduling

9.3 PDCCH control information procedure

A UE shall discard the PDCCH if consistent control information is not detected.

10 Physical uplink control channel procedures

10.1 UE procedure for determining physical uplink control channel assignment

If the UE is configured for a single serving cell and is not configured for simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmissions, then in subframe n uplink control information (UCI) shall be transmitted

- on PUCCH using format 1/1a/1b/3 or 2/2a/2b if the UE is not transmitting on PUSCH
- on PUSCH if the UE is transmitting on PUSCH in subframe *n* unless the PUSCH transmission corresponds to a Random Access Response Grant or a retransmission of the same transport block as part of the contention based random access procedure, in which case UCI is not transmitted

If the UE is configured for a single serving cell and simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission, then in subframe n UCI shall be transmitted

- on PUCCH using format 1/1a/1b/3 if the UCI consists only of HARQ-ACK and/or SR
- on PUCCH using format 2 if the UCI consists only of periodic CSI
- on PUCCH using format 2/2a/2b if the UCI consists of periodic CSI and HARQ-ACK and if the UE is not transmitting PUSCH
- on PUCCH and PUSCH if the UCI consists of HARQ-ACK/HARQ-ACK+SR/positive SR and periodic/aperiodic CSI in which case the HARQ-ACK/HARQ-ACK+SR/positive SR is transmitted on PUCCH using format 1/1a/1b/3 and the periodic/aperiodic CSI transmitted on PUSCH unless the PUSCH transmission corresponds to a Random Access Response Grant or a retransmission of the same transport block as part of the contention based random access procedure, in which case periodic/aperiodic CSI is not transmitted

If the UE is configured with more than one serving cell and is not configured for simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission, then in subframe n UCI shall be transmitted

- on PUCCH using format 1/1a/1b/3 or 2/2a/2b if the UE is not transmitting PUSCH
- on PUSCH of the serving cell given in section 7.2.1 if the UCI consists of aperiodic CSI or aperiodic CSI and HARQ-ACK
- on primary cell PUSCH if the UCI consists of periodic CSI and/or HARQ-ACK and if the UE is transmitting on the primary cell PUSCH in subframe *n* unless the primary cell PUSCH transmission corresponds to a Random Access Response Grant or a retransmission of the same transport block as part of the contention based random access procedure, in which case UCI is not transmitted
- on PUSCH of the secondary cell with smallest SCellIndex if the UCI consists of periodic CSI and/or HARQ-ACK and if the UE is not transmitting PUSCH on primary cell but is transmitting PUSCH on at least one secondary cell

If the UE is configured with more than one serving cell and simultaneous PUSCH and PUCCH transmission, then in subframe n UCI shall be transmitted

- on PUCCH using format 1/1a/1b/3 if the UCI consists only of HARQ-ACK and/or SR
- on PUCCH using format 2 if the UCI consists only of periodic CSI
- as described in section 10.1.1, if the UCI consists of periodic CSI and HARQ-ACK and if the UE is not transmitting on PUSCH
- on PUCCH and primary cell PUSCH if the UCI consists of HARQ-ACK and periodic CSI and the UE is transmitting PUSCH on the primary cell, in which case the HARO-ACK is transmitted on PUCCH using format 1a/1b/3 and the periodic CSI is transmitted on PUSCH unless the primary cell PUSCH transmission corresponds to a Random Access Response Grant or a retransmission of the same transport block as part of the contention based random access procedure, in which case periodic CSI is not transmitted
- on PUCCH and PUSCH of the secondary cell with the smallest ScellIndex if the UCI consists of HARQ-ACK and periodic CSI and if the UE is not transmitting PUSCH on primary cell but is transmitting PUSCH on at least one secondary cell, in which case, the HARQ-ACK is transmitted on PUCCH using format 1a/1b/3 and the periodic CSI is transmitted on PUSCH
- on PUCCH and PUSCH if the UCI consists of HARQ-ACK/HARQ-ACK+SR/positive SR and aperiodic CSI in which case the HARQ-ACK/HARQ-ACK+SR/positive SR is transmitted on PUCCH using format 1/1a/1b/3 and the aperiodic CSI is transmitted on PUSCH of the serving cell given in Section 7.2.1

If the UE is configured with more than one serving cell, then reporting prioritization and collision handling of periodic CSI reports of a certain PUCCH reporting type is given in Section 7.2.2.

A UE transmits PUCCH only on the primary cell.

A UE is configured by higher layers to transmit PUCCH on one antenna port $(p = p_0)$ or two antenna ports $(p \in [p_0, p_1]).$

For FDD with two configured serving cells and PUCCH format 1b with channel selection or for FDD with two or more

configured serving cells and PUCCH format 3, $n_{\text{HARQ}} = \sum_{c=0}^{N_{cells}^{DL} - 1} N_c^{\text{received}}$ where N_{cells}^{DL} is the number of configured cells

and N_c^{received} is the number of transport blocks or the SPS release PDCCH, if any, received in subframe n-4 in serving cell c.

For TDD with two configured serving cells and PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and a subframe n with M = 1,

For TDD with two configuration 0 and PUCCH format 3, $n_{\text{HARQ}} = \sum_{c=0}^{N_{cells}^{DL} - 1} \sum_{k \in K} N_{k,c}^{\text{received}}$, where $N_{k,c}^{\text{received}}$ is the number

of transport blocks or the SPS release PDCCH, if any, received in subframe n-k in serving cell c, where $k \in K$, and *M* is the number of elements in *K*.

For TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 and PUCCH format 3, or for TDD with two configured serving cells and PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and M = 2, $n_{\text{HARQ}} = \sum_{c=0}^{N_{cells}^{DL}-1} \left(\left(V_{\text{DAI}, c}^{\text{DL}} - U_{\text{DAI}, c} \right) \mod 4 \right) \cdot n_c^{\text{ACK}} + \sum_{k \in K} N_{k, c}^{\text{received}} \right)$ where

 $V_{\text{DAI, c}}^{\text{DL}}$ is the $V_{\text{DAI, c}}^{\text{DL}}$ in serving cell c, $U_{\text{DAI, c}}$ is the $U_{\text{DAI, c}}$ is the $U_{\text{DAI, c}}$ is the $V_{\text{DAI, c}}^{\text{ACK}}$ is the number of HARQ-ACK bits corresponding to the configured DL transmission mode on serving cell c. In case spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is applied, $n_c^{\text{ACK}} = 1$ and $N_{k,c}^{\text{received}}$ is the number of PDCCH or PDSCH without a corresponding PDCCH received in subframe n - k and serving cell c, where $k \in K$ and M is the number of elements in K. In case spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is not applied, $N_{k,c}^{\text{received}}$ is the number of transport blocks received or the SPS release PDCCH received in subframe n - k in serving cell c, where $k \in K$ and M is the number of elements in K. $V_{\text{DAI, c}}^{\text{DL}} = 0$ if no transport block or SPS release PDCCH is detected in subframe(s) n - k in serving cell c, where $k \in K$.

For TDD with two configured serving cells and PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and M = 3 or 4, $n_{\text{HARQ}} = 2$ if UE receives PDSCH or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release only on one serving cell within subframes n - k, where $k \in K$; otherwise $n_{\text{HARQ}} = 4$.

Throughout the following sections, subframes are numbered in monotonically increasing order; if the last subframe of a radio frame is denoted as k, the first subframe of the next radio frame is denoted as k+1.

10.1.1 PUCCH format information

Using the PUCCH formats defined in section 5.4.1 and 5.4.2 in [3], the following combinations of UCI on PUCCH are supported:

- Format 1a for 1-bit HARQ-ACK or in case of FDD for 1-bit HARQ-ACK with positive SR
- Format 1b for 2-bit HARQ-ACK or for 2-bit HARQ-ACK with positive SR
- Format 1b for up to 4-bit HARQ-ACK with channel selection when the UE is configured with more than one serving cell or, in the case of TDD, when the UE is configured with a single serving cell
- Format 1 for positive SR
- Format 2 for a CSI report when not multiplexed with HARQ-ACK
- Format 2a for a CSI report multiplexed with 1-bit HARQ-ACK for normal cyclic prefix
- Format 2b for a CSI report multiplexed with 2-bit HARQ-ACK for normal cyclic prefix
- Format 2 for a CSI report multiplexed with HARQ-ACK for extended cyclic prefix
- Format 3 for up to 10-bit HARQ-ACK for FDD and for up to 20-bit HARQ-ACK for TDD
- Format 3 for up to 11-bit corresponding to 10-bit HARQ-ACK and 1-bit positive/negative SR for FDD and for up to 21-bit corresponding to 20-bit HARQ-ACK and 1-bit positive/negative SR for TDD.

For a UE configured with PUCCH format 3 and HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH or using PUCCH format 3, or for a UE configured with two serving cells and PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH, or for UE configured with one serving cell and PUCCH format 1b with channel selection according to Tables 10.1.3-5, 10.1.3-6, 10.1.3-7 and HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH.

- If the configured downlink transmission mode for a serving cell supports up to 2 transport blocks and only one transport block is received in a subframe, the UE shall generate a NACK for the other transport block if spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is not applied.
- If neither PDSCH nor PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release is detected in a subframe for a serving cell, the UE shall generate two NACKs when the configured downlink transmission mode supports up to 2 transport blocks and the UE shall generate a single NACK when the configured downlink transmission mode supports a single transport block.

The scrambling initialization of PUCCH format 2, 2a, 2b and 3 is by C-RNTI.

For a UE that is configured with a single serving cell and is not configured with PUCCH format 3, in case of collision between a periodic CSI report and an HARQ-ACK in a same subframe without PUSCH, the periodic CSI report is multiplexed with HARQ-ACK on PUCCH if the parameter *simultaneousAckNackAndCQI* provided by higher layers is set *TRUE*, otherwise the CSI is dropped.

For TDD and for a UE that is configured with a single serving cell and with PUCCH format 3, in case of collision between a periodic CSI report and an HARQ-ACK in a same subframe without PUSCH, if the parameter *simultaneousAckNackAndCQI* provided by higher layers is set *TRUE*, the periodic CSI report is multiplexed with HARQ-ACK or dropped as described in section 7.3, otherwise the CSI is dropped.

For FDD and for a UE that is configured with more than one serving cell, in case of collision between a periodic CSI report and an HARQ-ACK in a same subframe without PUSCH, the periodic CSI report is multiplexed with HARQ-ACK on PUCCH if the parameter *simultaneousAckNackAndCQI* provided by higher layers is set TRUE and if the HARQ-ACK corresponds to a PDSCH transmission or PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release only on the primary cell, otherwise CSI is dropped.

For TDD and for a UE that is configured with more than one serving cell, in case of collision between a periodic CSI report and an HARQ-ACK in a same subframe without PUSCH, if the parameter *simultaneousAckNackAndCQI* provided by higher layers is set *TRUE*, the periodic CSI report is multiplexed with HARQ-ACK or dropped as described in section 7.3, otherwise the CSI is dropped.In case of collision between a periodic CSI report and an HARQ-ACK in the PUSCH, the periodic CSI is multiplexed with the HARQ-ACK in the PUSCH transmission in that subframe if the UE is not configured by higher layers simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions. Otherwise, if the UE is configured by higher layers simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions, the HARQ-ACK is transmitted in the PUCCH and the periodic CSI in transmitted in the PUSCH.

10.1.2 FDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedures

For FDD and for a UE transmitting HARQ-ACK using PUCCH format 1b with channel selection or PUCCH format 3, the UE shall determine the number of HARQ-ACK bits, *o*, based on the number of configured serving cells and the downlink transmission modes configured for each serving cell. The UE shall use two HARQ-ACK bits for a serving cell configured with a downlink transmission mode that support up to two transport blocks; and one HARQ-ACK bit otherwise.

A UE that supports aggregating at most 2 serving cells with frame structure type 1 shall use PUCCH format 1b with channel selection for transmission of HARQ-ACK when configured with more than one serving cell with frame structure type 1.

A UE that supports aggregating more than 2 serving cells with frame structure type 1 is configured by higher layers to use either PUCCH format 1b with channel selection or PUCCH format 3 for transmission of HARQ-ACK when configured with more than one serving cell with frame structure type 1.

The FDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedure for one configured serving cell is given in section 10.1.2.1 and procedures for more than one configured serving cell are given in section 10.1.2.2.

10.1.2.1 FDD HARQ-ACK procedure for one configured serving cell

HARQ-ACK transmission on two antenna ports $(p \in [p_0, p_1])$ is supported for PUCCH format 1a/1b.

For FDD and one configured serving cell, the UE shall use PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ for transmission of HARQ-ACK in subframe *n* for \tilde{p} mapped to antenna port *p* for PUCCH format 1a/1b [3], where

- for a PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe n-4, or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe n-4, the UE shall use $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)} = n_{CCE} + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ for antenna port p_0 , where n_{CCE} is the number of the first CCE (i.e. lowest CCE

index used to construct the PDCCH) used for transmission of the corresponding DCI assignment and $N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$

is configured by higher layers. For two antenna port transmission the PUCCH resource for antenna port p_1 is given by $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_1)} = n_{\text{CCE}} + 1 + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$.

- for a PDSCH transmission on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected in subframe n-4, the value of $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2. For a UE configured for two antenna port transmission, a PUCCH resource value in Table 9.2-2 maps to two PUCCH resources with the first PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 and the second PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_1 , otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 .

10.1.2.2 FDD HARQ-ACK procedures for more than one configured serving cell

The FDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedures for more than one configured serving cell are either based on a PUCCH format 1b with channel selection HARQ-ACK procedure as described in section 10.1.2.2.1 or a PUCCH format 3 HARQ-ACK procedure as described in section 10.1.2.2.2.

HARQ-ACK transmission on two antenna ports $(p \in [p_0, p_1])$ is supported for PUCCH format 3.

10.1.2.2.1 PUCCH format 1b with channel selection HARQ-ACK procedure

For FDD with two configured serving cells and PUCCH format 1b with channel selection, the UE shall transmit b(0)b(1) on PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ selected from *A* PUCCH resources, $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$ where $0 \le j \le A-1$ and $A \in \{2,3,4\}$, according to Table 10.1.2.2.1-3, Table 10.1.2.2.1-4, Table 10.1.2.2.1-5 in subframe *n* using PUCCH format 1b. HARQ-ACK(*j*) denotes the ACK/NACK/DTX response for a transport block or SPS release PDCCH associated with serving cell *c*, where the transport block and serving cell for HARQ-ACK(*j*) and *A* PUCCH resources are given by Table 10.1.2.2.1-1.

A UE configured with a transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks on serving cell, c, shall use the same HARQ-ACK response for both the transport blocks in response to a PDSCH transmission with a single transport block or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release associated with the serving cell c.

| A | HARQ-ACK(j) | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | HARQ-ACK(0) HARQ-ACK(1) HARQ-ACK(2) HARQ-ACK(| | | | |
| 2 | TB1 Primary cell TB1 Secondary cell | | NA | NA | |
| 3 | TB1 Serving cell1 | TB2 Serving cell1 | TB1 Serving cell2 | NA | |
| 4 | TB1 Primary cell | TB2 Primary cell | TB1 Secondary cell | TB2 Secondary cell | |

| Table 10.1.2.2.1-1: Mapping of Transport Block and Serving Cell to HARQ-ACK(j) for PUCCH format | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1b HARQ-ACK channel selection | | | | |

The UE shall determine the *A* PUCCH resources, $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$ associated with HARQ-ACK(*j*) where $0 \le j \le A - 1$ in Table 10.1.2.2.1-1, according to

- for a PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe n-4 on the primary cell, or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe n-4 on the primary cell, the PUCCH resource is $n_{PUCCH,j}^{(1)} = n_{CCE} + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$, and for transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks, the PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH,j+1}^{(1)}$ is given by $n_{PUCCH,j+1}^{(1)} = n_{CCE} + 1 + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ where n_{CCE} is the number of the first CCE used for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH and $N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers.

- for a PDSCH transmission on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected in subframe n-4, the value of $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2. For transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks, the PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH, j+1}^{(1)}$ is given by $n_{PUCCH, j+1}^{(1)} = n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)} + 1$
- for a PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe n-4 on the secondary cell, the value of $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$, and the value of $n_{PUCCH, j+1}^{(1)}$ for the transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 10.1.2.2.1-2. The TPC field in the DCI format of the corresponding PDCCH shall be used to determine the PUCCH resource values from one of the four resource values configured by higher layers, with the mapping defined in Table 10.1.2.2.1-2. For a UE configured for a transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks a PUCCH resource value in Table 10.1.2.2.1-2 maps to two PUCCH resources $(n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}, n_{PUCCH, j+1}^{(1)})$, otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$.

| Value of 'TPC command for PUCCH' | $n_{	ext{PUCCH},j}^{(1)}$ or $(n_{	ext{PUCCH},j}^{(1)},n_{	ext{PUCCH},j+1}^{(1)})$ | |
|---|--|--|
| ,00, | The 1st PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers | |
| '01' | The 2 nd PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers | |
| '10' | The 3 rd PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers | |
| '11' | The 4 th PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers | |
| Note: $(n_{\text{PUCCH},j}^{(1)}, n_{\text{PUCCH},j+1}^{(1)})$ are determined from the first and second | | |
| PUCCH resource lists configured by respectively. | <i>n1PUCCH-AN-CS-List-r10</i> in [11], | |

Table 10.1.2.2.1-2: PUCCH Resource Value for HARQ-ACK Resource for PUCCH

Table 10.1.2.2.1-3: Transmission of Format 1b HARQ-ACK channel selection for A = 2

| HARQ-ACK(0) | HARQ-ACK(1) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ACK | ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| NACK/DTX | ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| NACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| DTX | NACK/DTX | | smission |

| HARQ-ACK(0) | HARQ-ACK(1) | HARQ-ACK(2) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ACK | ACK | ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | NACK/DTX | ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1,0 |
| NACK/DTX | ACK | ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0,1 |
| NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | ACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1,0 |
| NACK/DTX | ACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0,1 |
| NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | NACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| NACK | NACK/DTX | DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| NACK/DTX | NACK | DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| DTX | DTX | DTX | No Tran | smission |

Table 10.1.2.2.1-4: Transmission of Format 1b HARQ-ACK channel selection for A = 3

| HARQ-ACK(0) | HARQ-ACK(1) | HARQ-ACK(2) | HARQ-ACK(3) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ACK | ACK | ACK | ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | NACK/DTX | ACK | ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0,1 |
| NACK/DTX | ACK | ACK | ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 0,1 |
| NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | ACK | ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | ACK | ACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1,0 |
| ACK | NACK/DTX | ACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| NACK/DTX | ACK | ACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | ACK | NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1,0 |
| ACK | ACK | NACK/DTX | ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1,0 |
| NACK/DTX | ACK | NACK/DTX | ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0,1 |
| NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| ACK | ACK | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1,1 |
| ACK | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1,0 |
| NACK/DTX | ACK | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0,1 |
| NACK/DTX | NACK | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| NACK | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0,0 |
| DTX | DTX | NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX | No Tran | smission |

| Table 10.1.2.2.1-5: Transmission of F | ormat 1b HARQ-ACH | C channel selection for | A = 4 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------|
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------|

10.1.2.2.2 PUCCH format 3 HARQ-ACK procedure

For FDD with PUCCH format 3, the UE shall use PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ or $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ for transmission of HARQ-ACK in subframe *n* for \tilde{p} mapped to antenna port *p* where

- for a PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe n-4, or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe n-4 on the primary cell, the UE shall use PUCCH format 1a/1b and PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ with $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)} = n_{CCE} + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ for antenna port p_0 , where n_{CCE} is the number of the first CCE (i.e. lowest CCE index used to construct the PDCCH) used for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH and $N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers. When two antenna port transmission is configured for PUCCH format 1a/1b, the PUCCH resource for antenna port p_1 is given by $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_1)} = n_{CCE} + 1 + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$.
- for a PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected in subframe n-4, the UE shall use PUCCH format 1a/1b and PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ where the value of

 $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2. For a UE configured for two antenna port transmission for PUCCH format 1a/1b, a PUCCH resource value in Table 9.2-2 maps to two PUCCH resources with the first PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 and the second PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_1 , otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 .

- for a PDSCH transmission on the secondary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe n-4, the UE shall use PUCCH format 3 and PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ where the value of $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 10.1.2.2.2-1. The TPC field in the DCI format of the corresponding PDCCH shall be used to determine the PUCCH resource values from one of the four resource values configured by higher layers, with the mapping defined in Table 10.1.2.2.2-1. For a UE configured for two antenna port transmission for PUCCH format 3, a PUCCH resource value in Table 10.1.2.2.2-1 maps to two PUCCH resources with the first PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 and the second PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_1 , otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 . A UE shall assume that the same HARQ-ACK PUCCH resource value is transmitted in each DCI format of the corresponding secondary cell PDCCH assignments in a given subframe.

| Value of 'TPC command for PUCCH' | $n^{(3,\widetilde{p})}_{	ext{PUCCH}}$ |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| ,00, | The 1st PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |
| '01' | The 2 nd PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |
| '10' | The 3 rd PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |
| '11' | The 4 th PUCCH resource value configured by the higher layers |

Table 10.1.2.2.2-1: PUCCH Resource Value for HARQ-ACK Resource for PUCCH

10.1.3 TDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedures

For TDD and a UE that does not support aggregating more than one serving cell with frame structure type 2, two HARQ-ACK feedback modes are supported by higher layer configuration.

- HARQ-ACK bundling and
- HARQ-ACK multiplexing

For TDD UL-DL configuration 5 and a UE that does not support aggregating more than one serving cell with frame structure type 2, only HARQ-ACK bundling is supported.

A UE that supports aggregating more than one serving cell with frame structure type 2 is configured by higher layers to use either PUCCH format 1b with channel selection or PUCCH format 3 for transmission of HARQ-ACK when configured with more than one serving cell with frame structure type 2.

A UE that supports aggregating more than one serving cell with frame structure type 2 is configured by higher layers to use HARQ-ACK bundling, PUCCH format 1b with channel selection according to the set of Tables 10.1.3-2/3/4 or according to the set of Tables 10.1.3-5/6/7, or PUCCH format 3 for transmission of HARQ-ACK when configured with one serving cell with frame structure type 2.

PUCCH format 1b with channel selection according to the set of Tables 10.1.3-2/3/4 or according to the set of Tables 10.1.3-5/6/7 is not supported for TDD UL-DL configuration 5.

TDD HARQ-ACK bundling is performed per codeword across M multiple DL subframes associated with a single UL subframe n, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, by a logical AND operation of all the individual PDSCH transmission (with and without corresponding PDCCH) HARQ-ACKs and ACK in response to PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release. For one configured serving cell the bundled 1 or 2 HARQ-ACK bits are transmitted using PUCCH format 1a or PUCCH format 1b, respectively.

For TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing and a subframe *n* with M > 1, where *M* is the number of elements in the set *K* defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within a DL subframe is performed by a logical AND operation of all the corresponding individual HARQ-ACKs. PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used in case of one configured serving cell. For TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing and a subframe *n* with M = 1, spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within a DL subframe is not performed, 1 or 2 HARQ-ACK bits are transmitted using PUCCH format 1a or PUCCH format 1b, respectively for one configured serving cell.

In the case of TDD and more than one configured serving cell with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and more than 4 HARQ-ACK bits for M multiple DL subframes associated with a single UL subframe n, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 and for the configured serving cells, spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within a DL subframe for all configured cells is performed and the bundled HARQ-ACK bits for each configured serving cell is transmitted using PUCCH format 1b with channel selection. For TDD and more than one configured serving cell with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and up to 4 HARQ-ACK bits for M multiple DL subframes associated with a single UL subframe n, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 and for the configured serving cells, spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is not performed and the HARQ-ACK bits are transmitted using PUCCH format 1b with channel selection.

In the case of TDD and more than one configured serving cell with PUCCH format 3 and more than 20 HARQ-ACK bits for M multiple DL subframes associated with a single UL subframe n, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 and for the configured serving cells, spatial HARQ-ACK bundling across multiple codewords within a DL subframe is performed for each serving cell by a logical AND operation of all of the corresponding individual HARQ-ACKs and PUCCH format 3 is used. For TDD and more than one configured serving cell with PUCCH format 3 and up to 20 HARQ-ACK bits for M multiple DL subframes associated with a single UL subframe n, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 and for the configured serving cells, spatial HARQ-ACK bundling is not performed and the HARQ-ACK bits are transmitted using PUCCH format 3.

For TDD with PUCCH format 3, a UE shall determine the number of HARQ-ACK bits, o, associated with an UL subframe *n* based on the number of configured serving cells, the downlink transmission modes configured for each serving cell and *M* which is the number of elements in the set *K* defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 according to

 $O = \sum_{c=1}^{N_{cells}^{DC}} O_c^{ACK}$ where N_{cells}^{DL} is the number of configured cells, and O_c^{ACK} is the number of HARQ-bits for the for

the c-th serving cell defined in section 7.3.

TDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedures for one configured serving cell are given in section 10.1.3.1 and procedures for more than one configured serving cell are given in section 10.1.3.2.

10.1.3.1 TDD HARQ-ACK procedure for one configured serving cell

HARQ-ACK transmission on two antenna ports $(p \in [p_0, p_1])$ is supported for PUCCH format 1a/1b with TDD HARQ-ACK bundling feedback mode and for PUCCH format 3.

The TDD HARQ-ACK procedure for a UE configured with PUCCH format 3 is as described in section 10.1.3.2.2 when the UE receives PDSCH and/or SPS release PDCCH only on the primary cell.

For TDD HARQ-ACK bundling or TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing for one configured serving cell and a subframe n with M = 1 where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, the UE shall use PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ for transmission of HARQ-ACK in subframe n for \tilde{p} mapped to antenna port p for PUCCH format 1a/1b, where

- If there is PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of corresponding PDCCH or there is PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and K (defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1) is a set of M elements $\{k_0, k_1, \dots, k_{M-1}\}$ depending on the subframe n and the UL-DL configuration (defined in

Table 4.2-2 in [3]), the UE first selects a c value out of $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ which makes $N_c \le n_{\text{CCE}} < N_{c+1}$ and shall use $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)} = (M - m - 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{\text{CCE}} + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$ for antenna port p_0 , where $N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers, $N_c = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor [N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot (N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} \cdot c - 4)]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}$, and n_{CCE} is the number of the first CCE used for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n - k_m$ and the corresponding m, where k_m is the smallest value in set K such that UE detects a PDCCH in subframe $n - k_m$. When two antenna port transmission is configured for PUCCH format 1a/1b, the PUCCH resource for HARQ-ACK bundling for antenna port p_1 is given by $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_1)} = (M - m - 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{\text{CCE}} + 1 + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$.

 If there is only a PDSCH transmission where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected within subframe(s) n-k, where k∈ K and K is defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, the UE shall use PUCCH format 1a/1b and PUCCH resource n^(1, p)_{PUCCH} with the value of n^(1, p)_{PUCCH} is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2. For a UE configured for two antenna port transmission for PUCCH format 1a/1b and HARQ-ACK bundling, a PUCCH resource value in Table 9.2-2 maps to two PUCCH resources with the first PUCCH resource n^(1, p)_{PUCCH} for antenna port p₀ and the second PUCCH resource n^(1, p)_{PUCCH} for antenna port p₁, otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource n^(1, p)_{PUCCH} for antenna port p₀.

| UL-DL Configuration | | Subframe <i>n</i> | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------|------------|------|---|---|------------|---|---|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | I | 1 | 6 | - | 4 | I | I | 6 | I | 4 |
| 1 | - | - | 7, 6 | 4 | - | - | - | 7, 6 | 4 | - |
| 2 | - | - | 8, 7, 4, 6 | - | - | - | - | 8, 7, 4, 6 | - | - |
| 3 | I | - | 7, 6, 11 | 6, 5 | 5, 4 | • | • | - | • | - |
| 4 | - | - | 12, 8, 7, 11 | 6, 5, 4, 7 | - | I | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | I | • | 13, 12, 9, 8, 7, 5, 4, 11, 6 | - | - | • | • | - | • | - |
| 6 | - | • | 7 | 7 | 5 | - | - | 7 | 7 | - |

Table 10.1.3.1-1: Downlink association set index $K : \{k_0, k_1, \dots, k_{M-1}\}$ for TDD

For TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing and sub-frame n with M > 1 and one configured serving cell, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, denote $n_{PUCCH,i}^{(1)}$ as the PUCCH resource derived from sub-frame $n - k_i$ and HARQ-ACK(i) as the ACK/NACK/DTX response from sub-frame $n - k_i$, where $k_i \in K$ (defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1) and $0 \le i \le M - 1$.

- For a PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of corresponding PDCCH or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release in sub-frame $n-k_i$ where $k_i \in K$, the PUCCH resource

 $n_{\text{PUCCH},i}^{(1)} = (M - i - 1) \cdot N_c + i \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{\text{CCE},i} + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}, \text{ where } c \text{ is selected from } \{0, 1, 2, 3\} \text{ such that}$ $N_c \leq n_{\text{CCE},i} < N_{c+1}, \quad N_c = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor [N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot (N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} \cdot c - 4)]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}, \quad n_{\text{CCE},i} \text{ is the number of the first CCE used}$ for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n - k_i$, and $N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers.

- For a PDSCH transmission where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected in subframe $n-k_i$, the value of $n_{PUCCH,i}^{(1)}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2.

Based on higher layer signalling a UE configured with a single serving cell will perform channel selection either according to the set of Tables 10.1.3-2, 10.1.3-3, and 10.1.3-4 or according to the set of Tables 10.1.3-5, 10.1.3-6, and 10.1.3-7. For the selected table set indicated by higher layer signalling, the UE shall transmit b(0), b(1) on PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ in sub-frame *n* using PUCCH format 1b according to section 5.4.1 in [3]. The value of b(0), b(1) and the PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ are generated by channel selection according to the selected set of Tables for M = 2, 3, and 4 respectively.

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | b(0), b(1) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| ACK, ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK, DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| DTX, DTX | No trar | nsmission |

Table 10.1.3-2: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for M = 2

| Table 10.1.3-3: | : Transmission | of HARQ-ACK | multiplexing | for M = 3 |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | b(0), b(1) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| DTX, DTX, NACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| DTX, NACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| DTX, DTX, DTX | No trar | nsmission |

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2), HARQ-ACK(3) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0), <i>b</i> (1) |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK/DTX,NACK/DTX,NACK,DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK, DTX, DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | $n_{ m PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{ m PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| DTX, DTX, DTX, DTX | No tran | smission |

Table 10.1.3-4: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for M = 4

Table 10.1.3-5: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for M = 2

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) | |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| ACK, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,1} | 1, 0 | |
| ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | |
| NACK/DTX, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,1} | 0, 1 | |
| NACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | |
| DTX, NACK/DTX | No Transmission | | |

| Table 10.1.3-6: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for $M = 3$ | Table 10.1.3-6 | : Transmission | of HARQ-ACK | multiplexing | g for $M = 3$ |
|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1), HARQ- ACK(2) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |

| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,2} | 1, 0 | |
|--------------------------|--|------|--|
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | $n_{\text{PUCCH},2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | |
| NACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | |
| DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | No Transmission | | |

Table 10.1.3-7: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for M = 4

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2), HARQ-ACK(3) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|--|--|---------------------------|
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\text{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 1, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\text{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 1, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\text{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 0, 0 |
| NACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | | ismission |

10.1.3.2 TDD HARQ-ACK procedure for more than one configured serving cell

The TDD HARQ-ACK feedback procedures for more than one configured serving cell are either based on a PUCCH format 1b with channel selection HARQ-ACK procedure as described in section 10.1.3.2.1 or a PUCCH format 3 HARQ-ACK procedure as described in section 10.1.3.2.2.

HARQ-ACK transmission on two antenna ports $(p \in [p_0, p_1])$ is supported for PUCCH format 3 and TDD with more than one configured serving cell. TDD UL-DL configuration 5 with PUCCH format 3 is only supported for up to two configured serving cells. TDD UL-DL configuration 5 with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection for two configured serving cells is not supported.

10.1.3.2.1 PUCCH format 1b with channel selection HARQ-ACK procedure

For TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and two configured serving cells and a subframe *n* with M = 1 where *M* is the number of elements in the set *K* defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, a UE shall determine the number of HARQ-ACK bits, *O*, based on the number of configured serving cells and the downlink transmission modes configured for each serving cell. The UE shall use two HARQ-ACK bits for a serving cell configured with a downlink transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks; and one HARQ-ACK bit otherwise.

For TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and two configured serving cells and a subframe *n* with $M \le 2$ where *M* is the number of elements in the set *K* defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, the UE shall transmit b(0)b(1) on PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ selected from *A* PUCCH resources, $n_{PUCCH,j}^{(1)}$ where $0 \le j \le A - 1$ and $A \in \{2,3,4\}$, according to Tables 10.1.3.2-1, 10.1.3.2-2, and 10.1.3.2-3 in subframe *n* using PUCCH format 1b. For a subframe *n* with M = 1, HARQ-ACK(*j*) denotes the ACK/NACK/DTX response for a transport block or SPS release PDCCH associated with serving cell, where the transport block and serving cell for HARQ-ACK(*j*) and *A* PUCCH resources are given by Table 10.1.2.2.1-1. For a subframe *n* with M = 2, HARQ-ACK(*j*) denotes the ACK/NACK/DTX response for a PDSCH transmission or SPS release PDCCH within subframe(s) given by set *K* on each serving cell, where the subframes on each serving cell for HARQ-ACK(*j*) and *A* PUCCH resources are given by Table 10.1.3.2-4. The UE shall determine the *A* PUCCH resources, $n_{PUCCH,j}^{(1)}$ associated with HARQ-ACK(*j*) where $0 \le j \le A - 1$ in Table 10.1.2.2.1-1 for M = 1 and Table 10.1.3.2-4 for M = 2, according to

- for a PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ on the primary cell, or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ on the primary cell, the PUCCH resource is $n_{PUCCH,j}^{(1)} = (M m 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{CCE,m} + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$, where *c* is selected from {0, 1, 2, 3} such that $N_c \leq n_{CCE,m} < N_{c+1}$, $N_c = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor [N_{RB}^{DL} \cdot (N_{sc}^{RB} \cdot c 4)]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}$ where N_{RB}^{DL} is determined from the primary cell, and for a subframe *n* with M = 1 and a transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks on the serving cell where the corresponding PDSCH transmission occurs, the PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH,j+1}^{(1)}$ is given by $n_{PUCCH,j+1}^{(1)} = (M m 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{CCE,m} + 1 + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ where $n_{CCE,m}$ is the number of the first CCE used for transmission of the corresponding DCI assignment and $N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers.
- for a PDSCH transmission on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, the value of $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2.
- for a PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ on the secondary cell, the value of $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$, and the value of $n_{PUCCH, j+1}^{(1)}$ for a subframe *n* with M = 2 or for a subframe *n* with M = 1 and a transmission mode on the secondary cell that supports up to two transport blocks is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 10.1.2.2.1-2. The TPC field in the DCI format of the corresponding PDCCH shall be used to determine the PUCCH resource values from one of the four resource values configured by higher layers, with the mapping defined in Table 10.1.2.2.1-2. For a UE configured for a transmission mode on the secondary cell that supports up to two transport blocks and a subframe *n* with M = 1, or for a subframe *n* with M = 2, a PUCCH resource value in Table 10.1.2.2.1-2 maps to two PUCCH resources $(n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}, n_{PUCCH, j+1}^{(1)})$, otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH, j}^{(1)}$. A UE shall assume that the same HARQ-ACK PUCCH resource value is

transmitted in the TPC field on all PDCCH assignments on the secondary cell within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$.

Table 10.1.3.2-1: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for A = 2

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|

| ACK, ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
|----------------|------------------------------|------|
| ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| DTX, NACK/DTX | No Transmission | |

Table 10.1.3.2-2: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for *A* = 3

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1), HARQ- ACK(2) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\text{PUCCH},1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,1} | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | No Tra | nsmission |

| Table 10.1.3.2-3: Transmission | of HARQ-ACK mult | plexing for $A = 4$ |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|

| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2), HARQ-ACK(3) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0) <i>b</i> (1) |
|--|--|---------------------------|
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 0, 0 |

| NACK, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX, NACK/DTX | No Transmission | |

Table 10.1.3.2-4: Mapping of subframes on each serving cell to HARQ-ACK(j) for PUCCH format 1b HARQ-ACK channel selection for TDD with M = 2

| A | HARQ-ACK(j) | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | HARQ-ACK(0) | HARQ-ACK(1) | HARQ-ACK(2) | HARQ-ACK(3) | | | |
| 4 | The first subframe of Primary cell | The second subframe of Primary cell | The first subframe of Secondary cell | The second subframe of Secondary cell | | | |

For TDD HARQ-ACK multiplexing with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and sub-frame n with M > 2and two configured serving cells, where M is the number of elements in the set K defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, denotes $n_{PUCCH,i}^{(1)}$ $0 \le i \le 3$ as the PUCCH resource derived from the transmissions in M DL sub-frames associated with the UL subframe n . $n_{PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ and $n_{PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ are associated with the PDSCH transmission(s) or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) on the primary cell and $n_{PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ and $n_{PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ are associated with the PDSCH transmission(s) on the secondary cell.

For Primary cell:

- If there is a PDSCH transmission on the primary cell without a corresponding PDCCH detected within the subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$,
 - the value of $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2.
 - o for a PDSCH transmission on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X) or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '1', the PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH,1}}^{(1)} = (M m 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{\text{CCE},m} + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$ where c is selected from {0, 1, 2, 3} such that $N_c \leq n_{\text{CCE},m} < N_{c+1}$, $N_c = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor [N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot (N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} \cdot c 4)]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}$, where $n_{\text{CCE,m}} = n k_m$ and $N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers.
 - HARQ-ACK(0) is the ACK/NACK/DTX response for the PDSCH transmission without a corresponding PDCCH. For $1 \le j \le M 1$, if a PDSCH transmission with a corresponding PDCCH and DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '*j*' or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release and with DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '*j*' is received, HARQ-ACK(j) is the corresponding ACK/NACK/DTX response; otherwise HARQ-ACK(j) shall be set to DTX.
- Otherwise,
 - for a PDSCH transmission on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to either '1' or '2' or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to either '1' or '2', the PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH},i}^{(1)} = (M m 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{\text{CCE},m} + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$, where c is selected from {0, 1, 2, 1}

3} such that $N_c \le n_{\text{CCE},m} < N_{c+1}$, $N_c = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor \left[N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot (N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} \cdot c - 4)\right]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}$, where

 $n_{\text{CCE,m}}$ is the number of the first CCE used for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n - k_m$, $N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers, i = 0 for the corresponding PDCCH with the DAI value equal to '1' and i = 1 for the corresponding PDCCH with the DAI value equal to '2'.

• For $0 \le j \le M - 1$, if a PDSCH transmission with a corresponding PDCCH and DAI value in the PDCCH equal to 'j + 1' or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release and with DAI value in the PDCCH equal to 'j + 1' is received, HARQ-ACK(j) is the corresponding ACK/NACK/DTX response; otherwise HARQ-ACK(j) shall be set to DTX.

For Secondary cell:

- for a PDSCH transmission on the secondary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH on the primary cell in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to either '1' or '2', the PUCCH resources $n_{PUCCH,i}^{(1)} = (M m 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{CCE,m} + N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$, where *c* is selected from {0, 1, 2, 3} such that $N_c \leq n_{CCE,m} < N_{c+1}$, $N_c = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor [N_{RB}^{DL} \cdot (N_{sc}^{RB} \cdot c 4)]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}$, where N_{RB}^{DL} is determined from the primary cell, $n_{CCE,m}$ is the number of the first CCE used for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n k_m$, $N_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ is configured by higher layers, i = 2 for the corresponding PDCCH with the DAI value equal to '1' and i = 3 for the corresponding PDCCH with the DAI value equal to '1' and i = 3 for the corresponding PDCCH with the DAI value equal to '2'.
- for a PDSCH transmission indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH within the subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ on the secondary cell, the value of $n_{PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ and $n_{PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 10.1.2.2.1-2. The TPC field in the DCI format of the corresponding PDCCH shall be used to determine the PUCCH resource values from one of the four resource values configured by higher layers, with the mapping defined in Table 10.1.2.2.1-2. A UE shall assume that the same HARQ-ACK PUCCH resource value is transmitted in the TPC field on all PDCCH assignments on the secondary cell within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$.
- For $0 \le j \le M 1$, if a PDSCH transmission with a corresponding PDCCH and DAI value in the PDCCH equal to 'j + 1' is received, HARQ-ACK(j) is the corresponding ACK/NACK/DTX response; otherwise HARQ-ACK(j) shall be set to DTX.

A UE shall perform channel selection according to the Tables 10.1.3.2-5, and 10.1.3.2-6 and transmit b(0), b(1) on PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ in sub-frame *n* using PUCCH format 1b according to section 5.4.1 in [3] where "any" represents any response of ACK, NACK, or DTX. The value of b(0), b(1) and the PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ are generated by channel selection according to Tables 10.1.3.2-5, and 10.1.3.2-6 for M = 3, and 4 respectively.

| Primary Cell | | | ell Secondary Cell Resource Constellation | | Constellation | RM Code Input Bits | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------|--------------------|--|--|
| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ- ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2) | HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ- ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2) | $n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1)}$ | <i>b</i> (0), <i>b</i> (1) | <i>o</i> (0), <i>o</i> (1), <i>o</i> (2), <i>o</i> (3) | | | | |
| ACK, ACK, ACK | ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 1,1,1,1 | | | | |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 1,0,1,1 | | | | |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, any | ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 0,1,1,1 | | | | |
| NACK/DTX, any, any | ACK, ACK, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 0, 1 | 0,0,1,1 | | | | |

Table 10.1.3.2-5: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for M = 3

| ACK, ACK, ACK | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | n ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,0} | 1, 0 | 1,1,1,0 |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|----------|------------|
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 1,0,1,0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, any | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | n ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,0} | 0, 1 | 0,1,1,0 |
| NACK/DTX, any, any | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,3} | 0, 0 | 0,0,1,0 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK | ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 1, 1, 0, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 1, 0, 0, 1 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, any | ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 0, 1, 0, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, any, any | ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK | NACK/DTX, any, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 1, 1, 0, 0 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX, any, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 1, 0, 0, 0 |
| ACK, NACK/DTX, any | NACK/DTX, any, any | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 0, 1, 0, 0 |
| NACK, any, any | NACK/DTX, any, any | $n_{\mathrm{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 0 |
| DTX, any, any NACK/DTX, any, | | No Trar | smission | 0, 0, 0, 0 |

Table 10.1.3.2-6: Transmission of HARQ-ACK multiplexing for M = 4

| Primary Cell | Secondary Cell | Resource | Constellation | RM Code Input Bits |
|---|---|--|----------------------------|------------------------|
| HARQ-ACK(0), HARQ-ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2), HARQ-ACK(3) | K(1), ACK(1), HARQ-ACK(2), K(2), HARQ-ACK(3) | | <i>b</i> (0), <i>b</i> (1) | o(0), o(1), o(2), o(3) |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 1, 1, 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 1, 0, 1, 1 |
| ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 0, 1, 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 0, 1, 1, 1 |
| NACK/DTX, any, any, any, any, | ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 0, 0, 1, 1 |
| (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | n ⁽¹⁾ PUCCH,3 | 0, 1 | 0, 0, 1, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 1, 1, 1, 0 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 1, 0, 1, 0 |
| ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 0, 1, 1, 0 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 0, 1, 1, 0 |
| NACK/DTX, any, any, any, any, | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 1, 0 |
| (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,3}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 1, 0 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,2} | 1, 1 | 1, 1, 0, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 1, 1, 0, 1 |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 1, 0, 0, 1 |

| | 1 | | | 1 | |
|---|--|--|------------|------------|--|
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\text{PUCCH},2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 1, 0, 0, 1 | |
| ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 0, 1, 0, 1 | |
| ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 0, 1, 0, 1 | |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 0, 1, 0, 1 | |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\text{PUCCH},2}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 0, 1, 0, 1 | |
| NACK/DTX, any, any, any, any, | ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 1 | |
| NACK/DTX, any, any, any | ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | $n_{\rm PUCCH,2}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 1 | |
| (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,2} | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 1 | |
| (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | <i>n</i> ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,2} | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 1 | |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | NACK/DTX, any, any, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 1, 1, 0, 0 | |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX | (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 1, 0 | 1, 1, 0, 0 | |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | NACK/DTX, any, any, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 1, 0, 0, 0 | |
| ACK, ACK, NACK/DTX, any | (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | $n_{\rm PUCCH,1}^{(1)}$ | 0, 1 | 1, 0, 0, 0 | |
| ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | NACK/DTX, any, any, any | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 0, 1, 0, 0 | |
| ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX | (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 0, 1, 0, 0 | |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | NACK/DTX, any, any, any | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 1, 1 | 0, 1, 0, 0 | |
| ACK, ACK, ACK, ACK | (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | y, any), (1) | | 0, 1, 0, 0 | |
| NACK, any, any, any | NACK/DTX, any, any, any | $n_{\text{PUCCH},0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 0 | |
| NACK, any, any, any | (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | $n_{\rm PUCCH,0}^{(1)}$ | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 0 | |
| (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | NACK/DTX, any, any, any | n ⁽¹⁾ _{PUCCH,0} | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 0 | |
| (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | n ⁽¹⁾ PUCCH,0 | 0, 0 | 0, 0, 0, 0 | |
| DTX, any, any, any | NACK/DTX, any, any, any | No Tr | ansmission | 0, 0, 0, 0 | |
| DTX, any, any, any | (ACK, NACK/DTX, any, any), except for (ACK, DTX, DTX, DTX) | | ansmission | 0, 0, 0, 0 | |

10.1.3.2.2 PUCCH format 3 HARQ-ACK procedure

For TDD HARQ-ACK transmission with PUCCH format 3 and sub-frame *n* with $M \ge 1$ and more than one configured serving cell, where *M* is the number of elements in the set *K* defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1, the UE shall

use PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ or $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ for transmission of HARQ-ACK in subframe *n* for \tilde{p} mapped to antenna port *p* where

- for a single PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n - k_m$, where $k_m \in K$, and for TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 the DAI value in the PDCCH is equal to '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X), or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n - k_m$, where $k_m \in K$, and for TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6 the DAI value in the PDCCH is

equal to '1', the UE shall use PUCCH format 1a/1b and PUCCH resource $n_{
m PUCCH}^{(1,\widetilde{p})}$ with

$$\begin{split} n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)} = (M - m - 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{\text{CCE},m} + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)} & \text{for antenna port } p_0 \text{, where } N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)} \text{ is configured by higher layers, } c \text{ is selected from } \{0, 1, 2, 3\} \text{ such that } N_c \leq n_{\text{CCE},m} < N_{c+1} \text{,} \end{split}$$

 $N_{c} = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor [N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot (N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} \cdot c - 4)]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}, \text{ and } n_{\text{CCE},\text{m}} \text{ is the number of the first CCE used for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH in subframe } n - k_{m} \text{ where } k_{m} \in K$. When two antenna port transmission is configured for PUCCH format 1a/1b, the PUCCH resource for antenna port p_{1} is given by $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_{1})} = n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_{0})} + 1$

- for a single PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and no PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, the UE shall use PUCCH format 1a/1b and PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ with the value of $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2. For a UE configured for two antenna port transmission for PUCCH format 1a/1b, a PUCCH resource value in Table 9.2-2 maps to two PUCCH resources with the first PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 and the second PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_1)}$ for antenna port p_1 , otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 .
- for M > 1 and a PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell where there is not a corresponding PDCCH detected within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and an additional PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n-k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X) or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n-k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X) or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n-k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH equal to '1', the UE shall transmit b(0), b(1) in subframe n using PUCCH format 1b on PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(1)}$ selected from A PUCCH resources $n_{PUCCH,i}^{(1)}$ where $0 \le i \le A-1$, according to Table 10.1.3.2-1 and Table 10.1.3.2-2 for A = 2 and A = 3, respectively. For a UE configured with a transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks on the primary cell, A = 3; otherwise, A = 2.
 - The PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH,0}}^{(1)}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 9.2-2. The PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH,1}}^{(1)}$ is determined as

 $n_{\text{PUCCH},1}^{(1)} = (M - m - 1) \cdot N_c + m \cdot N_{c+1} + n_{\text{CCE},m} + N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)}, \text{ where } N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1)} \text{ is configured by higher layers, } c \text{ is selected from } \{0, 1, 2, 3\} \text{ such that } N_c \leq n_{\text{CCE},m} < N_{c+1},$

 $N_c = \max\left\{0, \left\lfloor [N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot (N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} \cdot c - 4)]/36 \right\rfloor\right\}$, and $n_{\text{CCE},\text{m}}$ is the number of the first CCE used for transmission of the corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n - k_m$ where $k_m \in K$. For a UE configured with a transmission mode that supports up to two transport blocks on the primary cell, the PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH},2}^{(1)}$ is determined as $n_{\text{PUCCH},2}^{(1)} = n_{\text{PUCCH},1}^{(1)} + 1$.HARQ-ACK(0) is the ACK/NACK/DTX response for the PDSCH without a corresponding PDCCH detected. HARQ-ACK(1) is the ACK/NACK/DTX response for the first transport block of the PDSCH indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH for which the value of the DAI field in the corresponding DCI format is equal to '1' or for the PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release for which the value of the DAI field in the corresponse for the CML and the corresponse for the PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release for which the value of the DAI field in the corresponse for the PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release for which the value of the DAI field in the corresponse for the PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release for which the value of the DAI field in the corresponse for the PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release for which the value of the DAI field in the corresponse for the PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release for which the value of the DAI field in the correspondence of the DAI field in th

second transport block of the PDSCH indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH for which the value of the DAI field in the corresponding DCI format is equal to '1'.

- for M > 1 and a PDSCH transmission only on the primary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH greater than '1' (defined in Table 7.3-X) or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) in subframe $n k_m$, where $k_m \in K$ with the DAI value in the PDCCH greater than '1', the UE shall use PUCCH format 3 and PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ where the value of $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 10.1.2.2.2-1 and the TPC field in a PDCCH assignment with DAI value greater than '1' shall be used to determine the PUCCH resource value from one of the four PUCCH resource values configured by higher layers, with the mapping defined in Table 10.1.2.2.2-1. A UE shall assume that the same HARQ-ACK PUCCH resource value is transmitted on all PDCCH assignments used to determine the PUCCH resource values within the subframe(s) n k, where $k \in K$.
- for a PDSCH transmission on the secondary cell indicated by the detection of a corresponding PDCCH within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, the UE shall use PUCCH format 3 and PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ where the value of $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ is determined according to higher layer configuration and Table 10.1.2.2.2-1 and the TPC field in the corresponding PDCCH shall be used to determine the PUCCH resource value from one of the four resource values configured by higher layers, with the mapping defined in Table 10.1.2.2.2-1. For TDD UL-DL configurations 1-6, if a PDCCH corresponding to a PDSCH on the primary cell within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, or a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release (defined in section 9.2) within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$, is detected, the TPC field in the PDCCH with the DAI value greater than '1' shall be used to determine the PUCCH resource value is transmitted on all PDCCH assignments in the primary cell and in each secondary cell that are used to determine the PUCCH resource value within the subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$.
- For PUCCH format 3 and PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$ and a UE configured for two antenna port transmission, a PUCCH resource value in Table 10.1.2.2.2-1 maps to two PUCCH resources with the first PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 and the second PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p}_1)}$ for antenna port p_1 , otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{PUCCH}^{(3,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 .

10.1.4 HARQ-ACK Repetition procedure

HARQ-ACK repetition is enabled or disabled by a UE specific parameter *ackNackRepetition* configured by higher layers. Once enabled, the UE shall repeat any HARQ-ACK transmission with a repetition factor N_{ANRep} , where

 $N_{\rm ANRep}$ is provided by higher layers and includes the initial HARQ-ACK transmission, until HARQ-ACK repetition is disabled by higher layers. For a PDSCH transmission without a corresponding PDCCH detected, the UE shall transmit the corresponding HARQ-ACK response $N_{\rm ANRep}$ times using PUCCH resource $n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ configured by higher layers. For a PDSCH transmission with a corresponding PDCCH detected, or for a PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release, the UE shall first transmit the corresponding HARQ-ACK response once using PUCCH resource derived from the corresponding PDCCH CCE index (as described in Sections 10.1.2 and 10.1.3), and repeat the transmission of the corresponding HARQ-ACK response $N_{\rm ANRep} - 1$ times always using PUCCH

resource $n_{\text{PUCCH, ANRep}}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$, where $n_{\text{PUCCH, ANRep}}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ is configured by higher layers.

HARQ-ACK repetition is only applicable for UEs configured with one serving cell for FDD and TDD. For TDD, HARQ-ACK repetition is only applicable for HARQ-ACK bundling.

HARQ-ACK repetition can be enabled with PUCCH format 1a/1b on two antenna ports. For a UE configured for two antenna port transmission for HARQ-ACK repetition with PUCCH format 1a/1b, a PUCCH resource value $n_{\text{PUCCH, ANRep}}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ maps to two PUCCH resources with the first PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH, ANRep}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0

and the second PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH, ANRep}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_1)}$ for antenna port p_1 , otherwise, the PUCCH resource value maps to a single PUCCH resource $n_{\text{PUCCH, ANRep}}^{(1,\tilde{p}_0)}$ for antenna port p_0 .

10.1.5 Scheduling Request (SR) procedure

A UE is configured by higher layers to transmit the scheduling request (SR) on one antenna port or two antenna ports. The scheduling request shall be transmitted on the PUCCH resource(s) $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})} = n_{PUCCH,SRI}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ for \tilde{p} mapped to antenna port *p* as defined in [3], where $n_{PUCCH,SRI}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ is configured by higher layers unless the SR coincides in time with the transmission of HARQ-ACK using PUCCH Format 3 in which case the SR is multiplexed with HARQ-ACK according to section 5.2.3.1 of [4]. The SR configuration for SR transmission periodicity *SR*_{PERIODICITY} and SR subframe offset $N_{OFFSET,SR}$ is defined in Table 10.1.5-1 by the parameter *sr-ConfigIndex* I_{SR} given by higher layers.

SR transmission instances are the uplink subframes satisfying

 $(10 \times n_f + \lfloor n_s / 2 \rfloor - N_{\text{OFFSET,SR}}) \mod SR_{\text{PERIODICITY}} = 0$.

| SR configuration Index I_{SR} | SR periodicity (ms) SR _{PERIODICITY} | SR subframe offset $N_{\text{OFFSET,SR}}$ |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 0 - 4 | 5 | I_{SR} |
| 5 – 14 | 10 | $I_{SR}-5$ |
| 15 – 34 | 20 | <i>I</i> _{SR} –15 |
| 35 – 74 | 40 | <i>I</i> _{<i>SR</i>} – 35 |
| 75 – 154 | 80 | <i>I</i> _{<i>SR</i>} – 75 |
| 155 – 156 | 2 | I _{SR} -155 |
| 157 | 1 | I _{SR} –157 |

Table 10.1.5-1: UE-specific SR periodicity and subframe offset configuration

10.2 Uplink HARQ-ACK timing

For FDD, the UE shall upon detection of a PDSCH transmission in subframe *n*-4 intended for the UE and for which an HARQ-ACK shall be provided, transmit the HARQ-ACK response in subframe *n*. If HARQ-ACK repetition is enabled, upon detection of a PDSCH transmission in subframe *n*-4 intended for the UE and for which HARQ-ACK response shall be provided, and if the UE is not repeating the transmission of any HARQ-ACK in subframe *n* corresponding to a PDSCH transmission in subframes $n - N_{ANRep} - 3, ..., n - 5$, the UE:

- shall transmit only the HARQ-ACK response (corresponding to the detected PDSCH transmission in subframe n-4) on PUCCH in subframes $n, n+1, ..., n+N_{ANRep}-1$;
- shall not transmit any other signal in subframes $n, n+1, ..., n+N_{ANRep} -1$; and
- shall not transmit any HARQ-ACK response repetitions corresponding to any detected PDSCH transmission in subframes $n-3, ..., n+N_{ANRep}-5$.

For TDD, the UE shall upon detection of a PDSCH transmission within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and K is defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 intended for the UE and for which HARQ-ACK response shall be provided, transmit the HARQ-ACK response in UL subframe n. If HARQ-ACK repetition is enabled, upon detection of a PDSCH transmission within subframe(s) n-k, where $k \in K$ and K is defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 intended for the UE and

for which HARQ-ACK response shall be provided, and if the UE is not repeating the transmission of any HARQ-ACK in subframe n corresponding to a PDSCH transmission in a DL subframe earlier than subframe n-k, the UE:

• shall transmit only the HARQ-ACK response (corresponding to the detected PDSCH transmission in subframe n - k) on PUCCH in UL subframe n and the next $N_{ANRep} - 1$ UL subframes denoted as n_1 ,

 $..., n_{N_{ANRep}-1};$

- shall not transmit any other signal in UL subframe n, n_1 , ..., $n_{N_{\text{ANPerp}}-1}$; and
- shall not transmit any HARQ-ACK response repetitions corresponding to any detected PDSCH transmission in subframes n_i − k, where k ∈ K_i, K_i is the set defined in Table 10.1.3.1-1 corresponding to UL subframe n_i, and 1 ≤ i ≤ N_{ANRep} −1.

For TDD, HARQ-ACK bundling, if the UE detects that at least one downlink assignment has been missed as described in Section 7.3, the UE shall not transmit HARQ-ACK on PUCCH if HARQ-ACK is the only UCI present in a given subframe.

The uplink timing for the ACK corresponding to a detected PDCCH indicating downlink SPS release shall be the same as the uplink timing for the HARQ-ACK corresponding to a detected PDSCH, as defined above.

11 Physical multicast channel related procedures

11.1 UE procedure for receiving the physical multicast channel

The UE shall decode the PMCH when configured by higher layers. The UE may assume that an eNB transmission on the PMCH is performed according to Section 6.5 of [3].

The I_{MCS} for the PMCH is configured by higher layers. The UE shall use I_{MCS} for the PMCH and Table 7.1.7.1-1 to determine the modulation order (Q_m) and TBS index (I_{TBS}) used in the PMCH. The UE shall then follow the procedure in Section 7.1.7.2.1 to determine the transport block size, assuming N_{PRB} is equal to N_{RB}^{DL} . The UE shall set the redundancy version to 0 for the PMCH.

11.2 UE procedure for receiving MCCH change notification

If a UE is configured by higher layers to decode PDCCHs with the CRC scrambled by the M-RNTI, the UE shall decode the PDCCH according to the combination defined in table 11.2-1.

Table 11.2-1: PDCCH configured by M-RNTI

| DCI format | Search Space |
|---------------|--------------|
| DCI format 1C | Common |

The 8-bit information for MCCH change notification [11], as signalled on the PDCCH, shall be delivered to higher layers.

Annex A (informative): Change history

| Change history | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|------------------------|----------|-----|--|-------|-------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 2006-09 | | | | | Draft version created | | 0.0.0 |
| 2006-10 | | | | | Endorsed by RAN1 | 0.0.0 | 0.1.0 |
| 2007-01 | | | | | Inclusion of decisions from RAN1#46bis and RAN1#47 | 0.1.0 | 0.1.1 |
| 2007-01 | | | | | Endorsed by RAN1 | 0.1.1 | 0.2.0 |
| 2007-02 | | | | | Inclusion of decisions from RAN1#47bis | 0.2.0 | 0.2.1 |
| 2007-02 | | | | | Endorsed by RAN1 | 0.2.1 | 0.3.0 |
| 2007-02 | | | | | Editor's version including decisions from RAN1#48 & RAN1#47bis | 0.3.0 | 0.3.1 |
| 2007-03 | | | | | Updated Editor's version | 0.3.1 | 0.3.2 |
| 2007-03 | RAN#35 | RP-070171 | | | For information at RAN#35 | 0.3.2 | 1.0.0 |
| 2007-03 | | | | | Random access text modified to better reflect RAN1 scope | 1.0.0 | 1.0.1 |
| 2007-03 | | | | | Updated Editor's version | 1.0.1 | 1.0.2 |
| 2007-03 | | | | | Endorsed by RAN1 | 1.0.2 | 1.1.0 |
| 2007-05 | | | | | Updated Editor's version | 1.1.0 | 1.1.1 |
| 2007-05 | | | | | Updated Editor's version | 1.1.1 | 1.1.2 |
| 2007-05 | | | | | Endorsed by RAN1 | 1.1.2 | 1.2.0 |
| 2007-08 | | | | | Updated Editor's version | 1.2.0 | 1.2.1 |
| 2007-08 | | | | | Updated Editor's version – uplink power control from RAN1#49bis | 1.2.1 | 1.2.2 |
| 2007-08 | | | | | Endorsed by RAN1 | 1.2.2 | 1.3.0 |
| 2007-09 | | | l | | Updated Editor's version reflecting RAN#50 decisions | 1.3.0 | 1.3.1 |
| 2007-09 | | | 1 | | Updated Editor's version reflecting comments | 1.3.1 | 1.3.2 |
| 2007-09 | | | l | | Updated Editor's version reflecting further comments | 1.3.2 | 1.3.3 |
| 2007-09 | | | 1 | | Updated Editor's version reflecting further comments | 1.3.3 | 1.3.4 |
| 2007-09 | | | 1 | | Updated Editor's version reflecting further comments | 1.3.4 | 1.3.5 |
| 2007-09 | RAN#37 | RP-070731 | | 1 | Endorsed by RAN1 | 1.3.5 | 2.0.0 |
| 2007-09 | RAN#37 | | | | For approval at RAN#37 | 2.0.0 | 2.1.0 |
| 12/09/07 | RAN_37 | | - | - | Approved version | 2.1.0 | 8.0.0 |
| 28/11/07 | | RP-070949 | 0001 | 2 | Update of 36.213 | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 05/03/08 | RAN_39 | | | - | Update of TS36.213 according to changes listed in cover sheet | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | 1 | PUCCH timing and other formatting and typo corrections | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | 1 | PUCCH power control for non-unicast information | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN 40 | | | - | UE ACK/NACK Procedure | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | - | UL ACK/NACK timing for TDD | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | - | Specification of UL control channel assignment | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080434 | | - | Precoding Matrix for 2Tx Open-loop SM | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | - | Clarifications on UE selected CQI reports | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | 1 | UL HARQ Operation and Timing | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080434 | | - | SRS power control | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | 1 | Correction of UE PUSCH frequency hopping procedure | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | 4 | Blind PDCCH decoding | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080434 | | 4 | Tx Mode vs DCI format is clarified | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080434 | | - | Resource allocation for distributed VRB | 8.2.0 | |
| | | | | - | | | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080434 | | 2 | Power Headroom | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | RP-080434 | 0022 | - | Clarification for RI reporting in PUCCH and PUSCH reporting modes | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN 40 | RP-080434 | 0025 | - | Correction of the description of PUSCH power control for TDD | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080434 | | - | UL ACK/NACK procedure for TDD | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080434 | | - | Indication of radio problem detection | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | | Definition of Relative Narrowband TX Power Indicator | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 RAN_40 | | | | Calculation of $\Delta_{TF}(i)$ for UL-PC | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 RAN_40 | | | | CQI reference and set S definition, CQI mode removal, and | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 20/03/00 | 1174111_40 | 111-000434 | 0030 | - | Miscellanious | 0.2.0 | 0.5.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | RP-080434 | 0031 | - | Modulation order and TBS determination for PDSCH and PUSCH | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | - 1 | On Sounding RS | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | | RP-080426 | | - | Multiplexing of rank and CQI/PMI reports on PUCCH | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 28/05/08 | RAN_40 | | | - | Timing advance command responding time | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_40 | RP-080670 | 37 | 2 | SRS hopping pattern for closed loop antenna selection | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | | | 2 | Clarification on uplink power control | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 RAN_41 | RP-080670 RP-080670 | 39 41 | - | Clarification on DCI formats using resource allocation type 2 | - | 1 |
| | | | | - | | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 43 | 2 | Clarification on tree structure of CCE aggregations | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | | 2 | Correction of the description of PUCCH power control for TDD | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 47 | 1 | Removal of CR0009 | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | | | 1 | Correction of mapping of cyclic shift value to PHICH modifier | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | | - | TBS disabling for DCI formats 2 and 2A | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 50 | | Correction of maximum TBS sizes | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |

| - | Change history | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 51 | - | Completion of the table specifying the number of bits for the periodic feedback | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 54 | - | Clarification of RNTI for PUSCH/PUCCH power control with DCI formats 3/3A | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 55 | 1 | Clarification on mapping of Differential CQI fields | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 59 | 1 | PUSCH Power Control | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 60 | - | RB restriction and modulation order for CQI-only transmission on PUSCH | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 61 | - | Modulation order determination for uplink retransmissions | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 62 | 2 | Introducing missing L1 parameters into 36.213 | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 RP-080670 | 63 | 2 | Correcting the range and representation of delta_TF_PUCCH | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 09/09/08 | RAN_41 RAN_41 | RP-080670 RP-080670 | 64 67 | 1 | Adjusting TBS sizes to for VoIP Correction to the downlink resource allocation | 8.3.0 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 68 | - | Removal of special handling for PUSCH mapping in PUCCH region | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 69 | - | Correction to the formulas for uplink power control | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | | RP-080670 | 70 | 1 | Definition of Bit Mapping for DCI Signalling | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 71 | - | Clarification on PUSCH TPC commands | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 72 | 1 | Reference for CQI/PMI Reporting Offset | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 74 | - | Correction to the downlink/uplink timing | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 75 | - | Correction to the time alignment command | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 77 78 | 1 | Correction of offset signalling of UL Control information MCS DCI format1C | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 RAN_41 | RP-080670 RP-080670 | 80 | - | Correction to Precoder Cycling for Open-loop Spatial Multiplexing | 8.3.0 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 81 | 1 | Clarifying Periodic CQI Reporting using PUCCH | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 84 | 1 | CQI reference measurement period | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 86 | - | Correction on downlink multi-user MIMO | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | | RP-080670 | 87 | - | PUCCH Reporting | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 88 | 1 | Handling of Uplink Grant in Random Access Response | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 89 | - | Correction to UL Hopping operation | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 90 | - | DRS EPRE | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 92 | - | Uplink ACK/NACK mapping for TDD | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 93 | - | UL SRI Parameters Configuration | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 09/09/08 | RAN_41 RAN_41 | RP-080670 RP-080670 | 94 95 | - | Miscellaneous updates for 36.213 Clarifying Requirement for Max PDSCH Coding Rate | 8.3.0 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 95 | - | UE Specific SRS Configuration | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 97 | - | DCI Format 1A changes needed for scheduling Broadcast Control | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | | RP-080670 | 98 | - | Processing of TPC bits in the random access response | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 09/09/08 | RAN_41 | RP-080670 | 100 | 1 | Support of multi-bit ACK/NAK transmission in TDD | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 82 | 3 | Corrections to RI for CQI reporting | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 83 | 2 | Moving description of large delay CDD to 36.211 | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 102 | 3 | Reception of DCI formats | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 RP-081075 | 105 | 8 | Alignment of RAN1/RAN2 specification General correction of reset of power control and random access | 8.4.0 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/00 | KAN_4Z | KF-001075 | 107 | 1 | response message | 0.4.0 | 0.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN 42 | RP-081075 | 108 | 2 | Final details on codebook subset restrictions | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | _ | RP-081075 | | - | Correction on the definition of Pmax | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | | 2 | CQI/PMI reference measurement periods | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | | - | Correction of introduction of shortened SR | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | | - | RAN1/2 specification alignment on HARQ operation | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | | - | Introducing other missing L1 parameters in 36.213 | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 RP-081075 | | - | PDCCH blind decoding PDCCH search space | 8.4.0 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 RP-081075 | | + | Delta_TF for PUSCH | 8.4.0 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | | - | Delta_preamble_msg3 parameter values and TPC command in RA response | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 122 | 1 | Correction of offset signaling of uplink control information MCS | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | | - | Miscellaneous Corrections | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | | - | Clarification of the uplink index in TDD mode | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | | | - | Clarification of the uplink transmission configurations | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 127 | 2 | Correction to the PHICH index assignment | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 128 | - | Clarification of type-2 PDSCH resource allocation for format 1C | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | | - | Clarification of uplink grant in random access response | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 130 | - | UE sounding procedure | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 134 | - | Change for determining DCI format 1A TBS table column indicator for broadcast control | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| | DANI 42 | RP-081075 | 135 | - | Clarifying UL VRB Allocation | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | | | | | | |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 136 | 1 | Correction for Aperiodic CQI | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| | RAN_42 RAN_42 | | 136 137 | 1 1 1 | Correction for Aperiodic CQI Correction for Aperiodic CQI Reporting Correction to PUCCH CQI reporting mode for N^DL_RB <= 7 | 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 8.5.0 8.5.0 |

| Data | TCO # | TCO Dee | C D | Dave | Change history | | Manu |
|----------|------------------|-----------|------------|------|---|-------|-------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 141 | 1 | Alignment of RAN1/RAN3 specification | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 143 | 1 | | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 144 | 1 | ACK/NACK transmission on PUSCH for LTE TDD | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 145 | 1 | Timing relationship between PHICH and its associated PUSCH | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 147 | 1 | Definition of parameter for downlink reference signal transmit power | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 148 | 1 | Radio link monitoring | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 149 | 1 | Correction in 36.213 related to TDD downlink HARQ processes | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 151 | - | Nominal PDSCH-to-RS EPRE Offset for CQI Reporting | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 152 | 1 | Support of UL ACK/NAK repetition in Rel-8 | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 155 | - | Clarification of misconfiguration of aperiodic CQI and SR | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 156 | 1 | Correction of control information multiplexing in subframe bundling mode | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 157 | - | Correction to the PHICH index assignment | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 158 | 1 | UE transmit antenna selection | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 159 | - | Clarification of spatial different CQI for CQI reporting Mode 2-1 | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 160 | 1 | Corrections for TDD ACK/NACK bundling and multiplexing | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | | 161 | - | Correction to RI for Open-Loop Spatial Multiplexing | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | 162 | - | Correction of differential CQI | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 163 | - | Inconsistency between PMI definition and codebook index | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | - | RP-081075 | 164 | - | PDCCH validation for semi-persistent scheduling | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 RAN_42 | RP-081075 | | | Correction to the UE behavior of PUCCH CQI piggybacked on | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| | | | 165 | 1 | PUSCH | | |
| 03/12/08 | _ | | 166 | - | Correction on SRS procedure when shortened PUCCH format is used | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 167 | 1 | Transmission overlapping of physical channels/signals with PDSCH for transmission mode 7 | | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 169 | - | Clarification of SRS and SR transmission | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 171 | - | Clarification on UE behavior when skipping decoding | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 172 | 1 | PUSCH Hopping operation corrections | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 173 | - | Clarification on message 3 transmission timing | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 174 | - | MCS handling for DwPTS | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 175 | - | Clarification of UE-specific time domain position for SR transmission | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 02/12/00 | DANI 42 | RP-081075 | 176 | 1 | Physical layer parameters for CQI reporting | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | | | 176 | - | | | |
| 03/12/08 | | RP-081075 | 177 | - | A-periodic CQI clarification for TDD UL/DL configuration 0 | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 179 | 1 | Correction to the definitions of rho_A and rho_B (downlink power allocation) | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 180 | - | Clarification of uplink A/N resource indication | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 181 | - | PDCCH format 0 for message 3 adaptive retransmission and transmission of control information in message 3 during contention based random access procedure | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | RP-081075 | 182 | - | To Fix the Discrepancy of Uplink Power Control and Channel | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | DAN 40 | DD 004400 | 100 | 1 | Coding of Control Information in PUSCH | 940 | 9 5 0 |
| | | RP-081122 | 183 | | CQI reporting for antenna port 5 Clarification on path loss definition | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 03/12/08 | RAN_42 | | | 1 | Corrections to Transmitted Rank Indication | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | | 184 | | | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 185 | 4 | Corrections to transmission modes | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 186 | 2 | Delta_TF configuration for control only PUSCH | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 187 | 1 | Correction to concurrent SRS and ACK/NACK transmission | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 191 | 1 | PDCCH release for semi-persistent scheduling | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 192 | 1 | Correction on ACKNACK transmission on PUSCH for LTE TDD | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | | - | Correction to subband differential CQI value to offset level mapping for aperiodic CQI reporting | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 194 | - | Correction for DRS Collision handling | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 196 | 2 | Alignment of RAN1/RAN4 specification on UE maximum output power | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 197 | - | Transmission scheme for transmission mode 7 with SPS C-RNTI | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | | 198 | - | Clarifying bandwidth parts for periodic CQI reporting and CQI | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 199 | 2 | refererence period Correction to the ACK/NACK bundling in case of transmission | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| | | RP-090236 | | | mode 3 and 4 | | |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | | - | ACK/NAK repetition for TDD ACK/NAK multiplexing | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | | - | Clarifying UL ACK/NAK transmission in TDD | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 202 | - | Corrections to UE Transmit Antenna Selection | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 203 | - | Correction to UE PUSCH hopping procedure | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 204 | - | Correction to PHICH resource association in TTI bundling | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 205 | - | Clarification of the length of resource assignment | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | | 206 | - | Correction on ACK/NACK transmission for downlink SPS resource | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| | _ = | RP-090236 | - | 1 | release | - | 1 |

| Data | TOO " | T00 5 | 0.0 | | Change history | | New |
|----------|------------------|------------------------|------------|-----|---|----------------|----------------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 207 | - | Introduction of additional values of wideband CQI/PMI periodicities | | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | | | 2 | Correction to CQI/PMI/RI reporting field | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | | RP-090236 | | 2 | Correction to rho_A definition for CQI calculation | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | | RP-090236 | 210 | - | Correction to erroneous cases in PUSCH linear block codes | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 211 | 1 | Removing RL monitoring start and stop | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 214 | 1 | Correction to type-1 and type-2 PUSCH hopping | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 215 | - | Contradicting statements on determination of CQI subband size | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 216 | - | Corrections to SRS | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | | 219 | 2 | Miscellaneous corrections on TDD ACKNACK | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 221 | 1 | CR for Redundancy Version mapping function for DCI 1C | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 223 | - | Scrambling of PUSCH corresponding to Random Access Response Grant | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 225 | - | Removal of SRS with message 3 | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 225 | 3 | PRACH retransmission timing | 8.5.0 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 220 | - | Clarifying error handling of PDSCH and PUSCH assignments | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 228 | - | Clarify PHICH index mapping | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | | 220 | - | Correction of CQI timing | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 230 | - | Alignment of CQI parameter names with RRC | 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 230 | 1 | Removal of 'Off' values for periodic reporting in L1 | 8.5.0 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | 231 | - | Default value of RI | 8.5.0 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 | | 1 | | | |
| 04/03/09 | RAN_43 | RP-090236 RP-090236 | 233 234 | | Clarification of uplink timing adjustments Clarification on ACK/NAK repetition | 8.5.0 8.5.0 | 8.6.0 8.6.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN_43 RAN_44 | | 234 | - 1 | Correction to the condition of resetting accumulated uplink power | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | KAN_44 | RP-090529 | 235 | I | correction to the condition of resetting accumulated uplink power correction | 0.0.0 | 0.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN_44 | | 236 | - | Correction to the random access channel parameters received from | 860 | 8.7.0 |
| 21/03/03 | | RP-090529 | 200 | | higher layer | 0.0.0 | 0.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN_44 | RP-090529 | 237 | - | Correction on TDD ACKNACK | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN 44 | RP-090529 | 238 | 1 | Correction on CQI reporting | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN 44 | RP-090529 | 239 | - | Correction on the HARQ process number | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN_44 | RP-090529 | 241 | 1 | CR correction of the description on TTI-bundling | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN_44 | | 242 | 1 | Clarify latest and initial PDCCH for PDSCH and PUSCH | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 21/00/00 | 10.01 | RP-090529 | | | transmisisons, and NDI for SPS activation | 0.0.0 | 0.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN_44 | RP-090529 | 243 | - | Clarify DRS EPRE | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 27/05/09 | RAN_44 | RP-090529 | 244 | 1 | Clarification on TPC commands for SPS | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 |
| 15/09/09 | | | 245 | 1 | Correction to PUSCH hopping and PHICH mapping procedures | 8.7.0 | 8.8.0 |
| 15/09/09 | RAN 45 | RP-090888 | 246 | _ | Clarification on subband indexing in periodic CQI reporting | 8.7.0 | 8.8.0 |
| 15/09/09 | RAN 45 | RP-090888 | 247 | 2 | Correction to DVRB operation in TDD transmission mode 7 | 8.7.0 | 8.8.0 |
| 15/09/09 | RAN_45 | | 249 | - | Clarification of concurrent ACKNACK and periodic PMI/RI | 8.7.0 | 8.8.0 |
| | | RP-090888 | | | transmission on PUCCH for TDD | 00 | 0.0.0 |
| 15/09/09 | RAN 45 | RP-090888 | 250 | - | Clarify Inter-cell synchronization text | 8.7.0 | 8.8.0 |
| 01/12/09 | RAN_46 | RP-091172 | 248 | 1 | Introduction of LTE positioning | 8.8.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 01/12/09 | | RP-091172 | 254 | - | Clarification of PDSCH and PRS in combination for LTE positioning | 8.8.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 01/12/09 | | RP-091177 | 255 | 5 | Editorial corrections to 36.213 | 8.8.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 01/12/09 | | | 256 | 1 | Introduction of enhanced dual layer transmission | 8.8.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 01/12/09 | RAN_46 | | 257 | 1 | Add shorter SR periodicity | 8.8.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 01/12/09 | RAN_46 | RP-091256 | 258 | - | Introduction of LTE MBMS | 8.8.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 17/12/09 | RAN_46 | | 256 | 1 | Correction by MCC due to wrong implementation of CR0256r1 – | 9.0.0 | 9.0.1 |
| , | | RP-091257 | 200 | | Sentence is added to Single-antenna port scheme section 7.1.1 | 0.0.0 | 0.0 |
| 16/03/10 | RAN_47 | DD 400044 | 259 | 3 | UE behavior when collision of antenna port 7/8 with PBCH or SCH | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| | _ | RP-100211 | | | happened and when distributed VRB is used with antenna port 7 | | |
| 16/03/10 | RAN_47 | RP-100210 | 260 | 1 | MCCH change notification using DCI format 1C | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 16/03/10 | RAN_47 | RP-100211 | 263 | - | Correction on PDSCH EPRE and UE-specific RS EPRE for Rel-9 | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| | | RP-100211 | | | enhanced DL transmissions | | |
| 01/06/10 | RAN_48 | RP-100589 | 265 | - | Clarification for TDD when multiplexing ACK/NACK with SR of | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| | | RP-100569 | | | ACK/NACK with CQI/PMI or RI | | |
| 01/06/10 | RAN_48 | RP-100590 | 268 | 1 | Clarification of PRS EPRE | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 14/09/10 | RAN_49 | RP-100900 | 269 | - | Clarification on Extended CP support with Transmission Mode 8 | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 07/12/10 | RAN_50 | RP-101320 | 270 | - | Introduction of Rel-10 LTE-Advanced features in 36.213 | 9.3.0 | 10.0.0 |
| 27/12/10 | - | - | - | - | Editorial change to correct a copy/past error in section 7.2.2 | 10.0.0 | 10.0.1 |
| 15/03/11 | RAN_51 | RP-110255 | 271 | 1 | A clarification for redundancy version of PMCH | 10.0.1 | 10.1.0 |
| 15/03/11 | RAN_51 | RP-110258 | 272 | - | RLM Procedure with restricted measurements | | 10.1.0 |
| 15/03/11 | RAN_51 | RP-110256 | 273 | - | Corrections to Rel-10 LTE-Advanced features in 36.213 | 10.0.1 | 10.1.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 274 | 3 | Correction to HARQ-ACK procedure for TDD mode b with M=2 | | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 275 | 3 | Determination of PUSCH A/N codebook size for TDD | | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110823 | 276 | - | The triggering of aperiodic SRS in DCI formats 2B and 2C | | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 278 | 3 | Corrections to power headroom | | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | | RP-110819 | 279 | 1 | Removal of square brackets for PUCCH format 3 ACK/NACK | | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 281 | 1 | Correction of AN repetition and PUCCH format 3 | | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | | RP-110819 | | 2 | Correction to timing for secondary cell activation and deactivation | | 10.2.0 |
| | | | | | Correction to MCS offset for multiple TBs | | |

| | | | | _ | Change history | | |
|-----------|------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---|--------|----------------------------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | - | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110820 | 286 | 1 | Miscellaneous Corrections | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | | RP-110819 | 288 | 1 | Corrections on UE procedure for determining PUCCH Assignment | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 289 | 2 | Correction to Multi-cluster flag in DCI format 0 | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 290 | 2 | Joint transmission of ACK/NACK and SR with PUCCH format 3 | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 291 | 3 | Correction of uplink resource allocation type 1 | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110821 | 292 | 1 | Correction on CSI-RS configuration | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 294 | - | ACK/NACK and CQI simultaneous transmission in ACK/NACK | | 10.2.0 |
| 01/00/11 | 10.01_02 | RP-110818 | 201 | | bundling in TDD | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN 52 | RP-110823 | 295 | - | UE specific disabling of UL DMRS sequence hopping | 10.1.0 | 1020 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN 52 | RP-110821 | 296 | _ | PDSCH transmission in MBSFN subframes | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | | RP-110819 | 297 | _ | Introduction of PCMAX for PUSCH power scaling | 10.1.0 | |
| | | | - | - | | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 298 | - | Power control for SR and ACK/NACK with PUCCH format 3 | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 299 | 2 | CR on power control for HARQ-ACK transmission on PUCCH | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 300 | 2 | Correction to handling of search space overlap | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 301 | 1 | Correction to simultaneous transmission of SRS and PUCCH | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| | | | | | format 2/2a/2b | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 302 | 1 | Correction for Simultaneous PUCCH and SRS Transmissions on | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| | | KF-110019 | | | CA | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110821 | 303 | - | Correction on 8Tx Codebook Sub-sampling for PUCCH Mode 1-1 | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 304 | 1 | Corrections on CQI type in PUCCH mode 2-1 and clarification on | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| | | RP-110821 | | | simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH transmission for UL-SCH | | |
| | | | | | subframe bundling | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 305 | 1 | Correction on UE behaviour upon reporting periodic CSI using | 10.1.0 | 1020 |
| 01/00/11 | 10.11_02 | RP-110818 | 000 | | PUCCH Mode1-1 | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110818 | 306 | - | Clarification for the definition of CQI | 10.1.0 | 10 2 0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110818 | | - | Clarification for the definition of Precoding Matrix Indicator | 10.1.0 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 308 | - | Simultaneous SRS transmissions in more than one cell | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | | RP-110819 | 310 | 1 | Miscellaneous Corrections for TS36.213 | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110821 | 311 | 1 | Configuration of pmi-RI-Report | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 312 | 1 | Correction on the support of PUCCH format 3 and channel | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| | | RP-110819 | | | selection | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 313 | - | Correction on UE behaviour during DM-RS transmission on | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 0.7007.11 | | RP-110821 | 0.0 | | subframes carrying synchronisation signals | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110820 | 314 | 1 | 36.213 CR on antenna selection | 10.1.0 | 10 2 0 |
| | | | | _ | | | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110823 | 316 | 1 | Number of HARQ process for UL spatial multiplexing | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 317 | - | PUCCH format 3 Fallback procedure in TDD | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 318 | - | Clarification on CSI reporting under an invalid downlink subframe | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 320 | - | Multiple Aperiodic SRS Triggers for Same Configuration | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110823 | 321 | - | UE antenna switch in UL MIMO | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | RP-110819 | 322 | - | UE behaviour for PDSCH reception with limited soft buffer in CA | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 01/06/11 | RAN_52 | | 323 | - | Joint transmission of ACK/NACK and SR or CSI with PUCCH | 10.1.0 | |
| 01/00/11 | 10.11_02 | RP-110859 | 020 | | format 3 and channel selection | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111229 | 277 | 1 | Correction to reception of PRS in MBSFN subframes | 10.2.0 | 10 2 0 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 15/09/11 | | RP-111230 | | 3 | Corrections on UE procedure for reporting HARQ-ACK | 10.2.0 | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111230 | 326 | 2 | Corrections on Physical Uplink Control Channel Procedure | 10.2.0 | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111231 | 331 | 1 | Correction to uplink transmission scheme usage for random access | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 |
| | | | | | response and PHICH-triggered retransmissions | | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111229 | 336 | - | Corrections on transmission mode 9 | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111230 | | - | Corrections on HARQ-ACK codebook size determination | 10.2.0 | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | | | | Corrections on TDD PUCCH format 1b with channel selection and | 10.2.0 | |
| | | RP-111230 | 340 | - | HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH | | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111230 | 341 | - | Corrections on NACK generation | 10.2.0 | 1030 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111230 | 342 | - | Corrections on power headroom reporting | 10.2.0 | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | | 346 | - | Correction on TBS translation table | 10.2.0 | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111229 | 347 | 2 | Correction to the condition of enabling PMI feedback | 10.2.0 | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111232 | 348 | - | Miscellaneous corrections to 36.213 | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111229 | 349 | - | Corrections on PUSCH and PUCCH modes | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 |
| 15/09/11 | | RP-111231 | 350 | 1 | CR on UL HARQ ACK determination | | 10.3.0 |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | | | | Correction on UL DMRS resources for PHICH-triggered | 10.2.0 | |
| 10/00/11 | 10.01 _00 | RP-111231 | 351 | 1 | retransmission | 10.2.0 | 10.0.0 |
| 15/00/11 | DAN 50 | DD 111000 | 250 | <u> </u> | | 10.2.0 | 10 2 0 |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111230 | 352 | <u> </u> | Clarification on the common search space description | 10.2.0 | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111232 | 353 | 1 | Clarification on ambiguous DCI information between UE-specific | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 |
| | | | 500 | <u> </u> | search space and common search space for DCI formats 0 and 1A | | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 | RP-111229 | 354 | | Clarification of Reference PDSCH Power for CSI-RS based CSI | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 |
| | | 176-111229 | 354 | Ľ | Feedback | | |
| | DAN 50 | RP-111230 | 355 | 2 | Corrections on reporting Channel State Information | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 |
| 15/09/11 | KAN 55 | | | | | | |
| 15/09/11 | RAN_53 RAN_54 | | | 3 | Accumulation of power control commands from DCI format 3/34 | 10.3.0 | 1040 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111669 | 324 | 3 | Accumulation of power control commands from DCI format 3/3A | 10.3.0 | |
| | RAN_54 RAN_54 | RP-111669 | 324 357 | 3 1 - | Accumulation of power control commands from DCI format 3/3A Miscellaneous corrections on uplink power control Corrections on N_c^{received} | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 |

| Change history | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----------|-----|-----|--|--------|---------|
| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc. | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
| | | | | | two configured serving cells | | |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 360 | - | Corrections on the notation of k and k_m | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111668 | 361 | 1 | Corrections on PUCCH mode 2-1 | | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111668 | 362 | 3 | A correction to PDSCH transmission assumption for CQI calculation | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 363 | 1 | Corrections on PUCCH Resource Notation | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111667 | 364 | - | Correction on the notation of SRS transmission comb | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 365 | - | Clarification on the HARQ-ACK procedure of TDD UL-DL configuration 5 | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 366 | 2 | Clarification on the determination of resource for PUCCH Format 1b with channel selection in TDD mode | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 367 | 1 | Correction on HARQ-ACK procedure | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 368 | - | Correction for A/N on PUSCH with W=1,2 in case of TDD channel selection | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111668 | 369 | - | Clarification of PUCCH 2-1 Operation | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111668 | 370 | 1 | Correction on PMI index | | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 371 | 2 | Correction to periodic CSI reports for carrier aggregation | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 373 | 1 | Removal of square bracket in HARQ-ACK procedure | | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | RP-111666 | 374 | 1 | Clarification on UE's capability of supporting PUCCH format 3 | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 05/12/11 | RAN_54 | | 375 | 1 | Clarifications of UE behavior on PUSCH power control | 10.3.0 | 10.4.0 |
| 28/02/12 | RAN_55 | RP-120286 | 376 | 1 | RNTI Configuration associated with DL Resource Allocation Type 2 | 10.4.0 | 10.5.0 |
| 28/02/12 | RAN_55 | RP-120283 | 377 | 2 | Correction for ACK/NACK related procedure in case of TDD UL-DL configuration 0 | 10.4.0 | 10.5.0 |
| 13/06/12 | RAN_56 | RP-120737 | 378 | 3 | Correction of FDD channel selection HARQ-ACK and SR transmission | 10.5.0 | 10.6.0 |
| 13/06/12 | RAN_56 | RP-120738 | 379 | - | Removal of description with square brackets | 10.5.0 | 10.6.0 |
| 13/06/12 | RAN_56 | RP-120738 | 381 | - | Correction on transmission mode 9 with a single antenna port transmission | 10.5.0 | 10.6.0 |
| 04/09/12 | RAN_57 | RP-121265 | 382 | - | Clarification of codebook subsampling for PUCCH 2-1 | 10.6.0 | 10.7.0 |
| 04/09/12 | RAN_57 | RP-121266 | 383 | - | Correction to UE transmit antenna selection | 10.6.0 | 10.7.0 |
| 04/09/12 | RAN_57 | RP-121264 | 384 | - | TDD HARQ-ACK procedure for PUCCH format 1b with channel selection in carrier aggregation | 10.6.0 | 10.7.0 |
| 04/09/12 | RAN_57 | RP-121265 | 385 | - | Corrections for Handling CSI-RS patterns | 10.6.0 | 10.7.0 |
| 04/09/12 | RAN_57 | RP-121264 | 386 | 1 | Reference serving cell for pathloss estimation | 10.6.0 | 10.7.0 |
| 04/09/12 | RAN_57 | RP-121264 | 387 | - | Power control for PUCCH format 3 with single configured cell | 10.6.0 | 10.7.0 |
| 04/09/12 | RAN_57 | RP-121264 | 388 | - | ACK/NACK resource in case of channel selection | 10.6.0 | 10.7.0 |
| 04/12/12 | RAN_58 | RP-121839 | 391 | - | Correction of codebook subsampling for PUCCH 2-1 to the duplicated description | 10.7.0 | 10.8.0 |
| 04/12/12 | RAN_58 | RP-121839 | 392 | - | Correction to the parameter ue-Category-v10xy | 10.7.0 | |
| 04/12/12 | RAN_58 | RP-121837 | 394 | - | Correction of reference signal scrambling sequence initialization for SPS in transmission mode 7 | 10.7.0 | 10.8.0 |
| 26/02/13 | RAN_59 | RP-130254 | 397 | - | Correction on UE procedure for reporting HARQ-ACK | 10.8.0 | 10.9.0 |
| 26/02/13 | | RP-130252 | 399 | - | Corrections for SRS power scaling in UpPTS | 10.8.0 | |
| 26/02/13 | RAN_59 | RP-130253 | 401 | - | Correction on UE-specific RS overhead for deriving CQI when PMI/RI is configured in TM9 | 10.8.0 | 10.9.0 |
| 26/02/13 | RAN_59 | RP-130252 | 402 | - | CR on UE specific search and Common search space overlap on PDCCH | 10.8.0 | 10.9.0 |
| 11/06/13 | RAN_60 | RP-130751 | 406 | 2 | Correction on the RI bit width | 10.9.0 | 10.10.0 |
| 11/06/13 | RAN_60 | RP-130749 | 419 | 1 | CR on SCell activation timing | 10.9.0 | 10.10.0 |
| 11/06/13 | RAN_60 | RP-130749 | 423 | - | Correction on HARQ-ACK transmission for a UE configured with PUCCH format 3 | 10.9.0 | 10.10.0 |

History

| | Document history | | | | | | | |
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| V10.0.1 | January 2011 | Publication | | | | | | |
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