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Part 1: Conformance test specification (3GPP TS 37.571-1 version 13.2.0 Release 13)





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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

Introduction

The present document is part 1 of a multi-parts TS:

3GPP TS 37.571-1: Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved UTRA (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification for UE positioning; Part 1: Conformance test specification.

3GPP TS 37.571-2: Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved UTRA (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification for UE positioning; Part 2: Protocol conformance.

3GPP TS 37.571-3: Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved UTRA (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification for UE positioning; Part 3: Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS).

3GPP TS 37.571-4: Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved UTRA (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification for UE positioning; Part 4: Test suites.

3GPP TS 37.571-5: Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved UTRA (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification for UE positioning; Part 5: Test scenarios and assistance data.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the procedures for the conformance test of the measurement requirements for FDD or TDD mode of UTRA and FDD or TDD mode of E-UTRA for the User Equipment (UE) that supports one or more of the defined positioning methods. These positioning methods are for UTRA: Assisted Global Positioning System (A-GPS), Assisted Global Navigation Satellite Systems (A-GNSS) and for E-UTRA: Assisted Global Navigation Satellite System (A-GNSS), Observed Time Difference of Arrival (OTDOA), Enhanced Cell ID (ECID), Metropolitan Beacon System (MBS).

Tests are only applicable to those mobiles that are intended to support the appropriate functionality. To indicate the circumstances in which tests apply, this is noted in the 'Test applicability " part of the test.

The Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) pro-forma could be found in the 3rd part of the present document.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document in the same Release as the present document unless the context in which the reference is made suggests a different Release is relevant (information on the applicable release in a particular context can be found in e.g. test case title, description or applicability, message description or content).
 - 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [1] [2] 3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception". [3] 3GPP TS 36.171: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Requirements for Support of Assisted Global Navigation Satellite System (A-GNSS)". 3GPP TS 36.355: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); LTE Positioning [4] Protocol (LPP)". [5] 3GPP TS 36.302: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Services provided by the physical layer". [6] 3GPP TS 36.214: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer; Measurements". [7] ETSI TR 102 273-1-2: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement on Radiated Methods of Measurement (using test site) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes".
 - [8] IS-GPS-200, Revision D, Navstar GPS Space Segment/Navigation User Interfaces, March 7th, 2006.
 - [9] P. Axelrad, R.G. Brown, "GPS Navigation Algorithms", in Chapter 9 of "Global Positioning System: Theory and Applications", Volume 1, B.W. Parkinson, J.J. Spilker (Ed.), Am. Inst. of Aeronautics and Astronautics Inc., 1996.
 - [10] S.K. Gupta, "Test and Evaluation Procedures for the GPS User Equipment", ION-GPS Red Book, Volume 1, p.119.

[11]	3GPP TS 36.509: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); Special conformance testing functions for User Equipment (UE)".
[12]	IS-GPS-705, Navstar GPS Space Segment/User Segment L5 Interfaces, September 22, 2005.
[13]	IS-GPS-800, Navstar GPS Space Segment/User Segment L1C Interfaces, September 4, 2008.
[14]	IS-QZSS, Quasi Zenith Satellite System Navigation Service Interface Specifications for QZSS, Ver.1.1, July 31, 2009.
[15]	Galileo OS Signal in Space ICD (OS SIS ICD), Issue 1.2, February 2014, European Union.
[16]	Global Navigation Satellite System GLONASS Interface Control Document, Version 5.1, 2008.
[17]	Specification for the Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS), US Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, DTFA01-96-C-00025, 2001.
[18]	3GPP TS 36.508: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); Common test environments for User Equipment (UE) conformance testing)".
[19]	3GPP TS 25.172: "Requirements for support of Assisted Galileo and Additional Navigation Satellite Systems (A-GANSS); Frequency Division Duplex (FDD)".
[20]	3GPP TS 37.571-5: "Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved UTRA (E-UTRA) and Evolved Packet Core (EPC); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification for UE positioning; Part 5: Test scenarios and assistance data
[21]	3GPP TS 36.104: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception".
[22]	3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification".
[23]	3GPP TS 36.133: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Requirements for support of radio resource management".
[24]	3GPP TS 36.521-1: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification Radio transmission and reception Part 1: Conformance Testing".
[25]	3GPP TS 36.521-3: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 3: Radio Resource Management (RRM) conformance testing".
[26]	3GPP TS 36.211: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Channels and Modulation".
[27]	3GPP TR 25.990: "Vocabulary for UTRAN".
[28]	3GPP TS 34.108: "Common test environments for User Equipment (UE) conformance testing".
[29]	3GPP TS 34.109: "Terminal logical test interface; Special conformance testing functions".
[30]	3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".
[31]	3GPP TS 25.171: "Requirements for support of Assisted Global Positioning System (A-GPS); Frequency Division Duplex (FDD)".
[32]	3GPP TS 25.302: "Services provided by the physical layer".
[33]	3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical layer; Measurements (FDD)".
[34]	3GPP TS 36.321: "Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification".
[35]	3GPP TS 36.423: "X2 application protocol (X2AP)".
[36]	3GPP TS 25.173: "Requirements for support of Assisted Galileo and Additional Navigation Satellite Systems (A-GANSS); Time Division Duplex (TDD)".

[37]	BDS-SIS-ICD-B1I: "BeiDou Navigation Satellite System Signal In Space Interface Control Document Open Service Signal".
[38]	ATIS-0500027: "Recommendations for Establishing Wide Scale Indoor Location Performance", May 2015.
[39]	3GPP TS 37.171: "Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) performance requirements for RAT-Independent Positioning Enhancements".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1], 3GPP TR 25.990 [27], TS 36.101 [2], 3GPP TS 36.104 [21] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

Horizontal Dilution Of Precision (HDOP): measure of position determination accuracy that is a function of the geometrical layout of the satellites used for the fix, relative to the receiver antenna

3.2 Symbols

connector.

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1], 3GPP TR 25.990 [27] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

B1I	BeiDou B1I navigation signal with carrier frequency of 1561.098 MHz
E1	Galileo E1 navigation signal with carrier frequency of 1575.420 MHz.
E5	Galileo E5 navigation signal with carrier frequency of 1191.795 MHz.
E6	Galileo E6 navigation signal with carrier frequency of 1278.750 MHz.
G1	GLONASS navigation signal in the L1 sub-bands with carrier frequencies 1602 MHz \pm k \times 562.5
	kHz.
G2	GLONASS navigation signal in the L2 sub-bands with carrier frequencies 1246 MHz \pm k \times 437.5
02	kHz.
k	GLONASS channel number, $k = -713$.
L1 C/A	GPS or QZSS L1 navigation signal carrying the Coarse/Acquisition code with carrier frequency of
21 6/11	1575.420 MHz.
L1C	GPS or QZSS L1 Civil navigation signal with carrier frequency of 1575.420 MHz.
L2C	GPS or QZSS L2 Civil navigation signal with carrier frequency of 1227.600 MHz.
L5	GPS or QZSS L5 navigation signal with carrier frequency of 1727.000 MHz.
PRP	Received (linear) average power of the resource elements that carry E-UTRA PRS, measured at
110	the UE antenna connector.
G	Geometry Matrix.
	Geometry Matrix.
$ ho_{{\scriptscriptstyle GNSS_m},i}$	Measured pseudo-range of satellite i of GNSS _m .
\mathbf{W}	Weighting Matrix.
$1_{\mathit{GNSS}_m,i}$	Line of sight unit vector from the user to the satellite i of GNSS _m .
X	State vector of user position and clock bias.
T_S	Basic time unit, defined in TS 36.211 [26], clause 4.
Ês	Received energy per RE (power normalized to the subcarrier spacing) during the useful part of the
	symbol, i.e. excluding the cyclic prefix, at the UE antenna connector.
Io	The total received power density, including signal and interference, as measured at the UE antenna

In the received power spectral density of the total noise and interference for a certain RE (power

integrated over the RE and normalized to the subcarrier spacing) as measured at the UE antenna

connector.

 N_{oc} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference from cells that are not defined in a test procedure, as

measured at the UE antenna connector.

 $PRS \hat{E}_{s} / Iot$ The ratio of the average received energy per PRS RE during the useful part of the symbol to the

average received power spectral density of the total noise and interference for this RE, where the

ratio is measured over all REs which carry PRS.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

A-GANSS Assisted Galileo and Additional Navigation Satellite Systems

A-Galileo Assisted-Galileo

A-GLONASS Assisted-- GLObal'naya NAvigatsionnaya Sputnikovaya Sistema (English: Global Navigation

Satellite System)

A-GNSS Assisted Global Navigation Satellite System
A-GPS Assisted - Global Positioning System
AWGN Additive White Gaussian Noise
BDS BeiDou Navigation Satellite System

C/A Coarse/Acquisition

DRX Discontinuous Reception

DUT Device Under Test

ECEF Earth Centred, Earth Fixed

ECID Enhanced Cell Identification

ECID Enhanced Cell Identification EPRE Energy Per Resource Element

E-UTRA Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

E-UTRAN Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

FDD Frequency Division Duplex

GANSS Galileo and Additional Navigation Satellite Systems

GEO Geostationary Earth Orbit

GLONASS GLObal'naya NAvigatsionnaya Sputnikovaya Sistema (English: Global Navigation Satellite

System)

GNSS Global Navigation Satellite System

GPS Global Positioning System
GSS GNSS System Simulator
HDOP Horizontal Dilution Of Precision
ICD Interface Control Document

ICS Implementation Conformance Statement

IGSO Inclined Geosynchronous Satellite OrbitISInterface Specification

IS Interface Specification

LOS Line Of Sight

LPP LTE Positioning Protocol
MBS Metropolitan Beacon System
MSS MBS System Simulator
MEO Medium Earth Orbit

OCNG OFDMA Channel Noise Generator
OCNS Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator
OTDOA Observed Time Difference Of Arrival

PBCH Physical Broadcast Channel PCC Primary Component Carrier

PCell Primary Cell

PCFICH Physical Control Format Indicator Channel
PDCCH Physical Downlink Control Channel
PDSCH Physical Downlink Shared Channel
PHICH Physical Hybrid ARQ Indictor Channel

PPM Parts per million

PRS Positioning Reference Signal

PSS	Primary Synchronization Signal
QZSS	Quasi-Zenith Satellite System

RB Resource Block
RE Resource Element
RRC Radio Resource Control

RSTD Reference Signal Time Difference SBAS Space Based Augmentation System SCC Secondary Component Carrier

SCell Secondary Cell
SFN System Frame Number
SS System simulator

SSS Secondary Synchronization Signal

SVSpace VehicleSV IDSpace Vehicle IdentityTBSTerrestrial Beacon SystemTDDTime Division Duplex

TOD Time Of Day
TOW Time Of Week
TTFF Time To First Fix
UE User Equipment

UTRA Universal Terrestrial Radio Access

UTRAN Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network

WLS Weighted Least Square WGS-84 World Geodetic System 1984

4 General test conditions

4.1 Introduction

This clause defines the various common test conditions required for the various measurement requirements in the remainder of the document.

In this clause the terms GNSS and A-GNSS also include the cases where the only satellite system used is GPS unless otherwise stated.

4.2 GNSS test conditions

4.2.1 GNSS signals

The GNSS signal is defined at the A-GNSS antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

4.2.2 GNSS frequency

The GNSS signals shall be transmitted with a frequency accuracy of ± 0.025 PPM.

4.2.3 GNSS static propagation conditions

The propagation for the static performance measurement is an Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) environment. No fading and multi-paths exist for this propagation model.

4.2.4 GNSS multi-path conditions

Doppler frequency difference between direct and reflected signal paths is applied to the carrier and code frequencies. The Carrier and Code Doppler frequencies of LOS and multi-path for GNSS signals are defined in table 4.2.1.

Table 4.2.1: Multi-path Conditions for GNSS Signals

Initial relative Delay	Carrier Doppler		Relative mean Power
[GNSS chip]	frequency of tap [Hz]	frequency of tap [Hz]	[dB]
0	Fd	Fd / N	0
X	Fd - 0.1	(Fd-0.1) /N	Υ
NOTE: Discrete Doppler frequency is used for each tap.			

Where the X and Y depends on the GNSS signal type and is shown in Table 4.2.2, and N is the ratio between the transmitted carrier frequency of the signals and the transmitted chip rate as shown in Table 4.2.3 (where k in Table 4.2.3 is the GLONASS frequency channel number).

Table 4.2.2

System	Signals	X [m]	Y [dB]
	E1	125	-4.5
Galileo	E5a	15	-6
	E5b	15	-6
	L1 C/A	0.5 chip /	-6
CDC/Modernized		150m	
GPS/Modernized GPS	L1C	125	-4.5
	L2C	150	-6
	L5	15	-6
GLONASS	G1	275	-12.5
GLONASS	G2	275	-12.5
BDS	B1I	75	-4.5

Table 4.2.3

System	Signals	N
	E1	1540
Galileo	E5a	115
	E5b	118
	L1 C/A	1540
GPS/Modernized	L1C	1540
GPS	L2C	1200
	L5	115
GLONASS	G1	3135.03 + k · 1.10
GLONASS	G2	2438.36 + k · 0.86
BDS	B1I	763

The initial carrier phase difference between taps shall be randomly selected between 0 and 2 π radians. The initial value shall have uniform random distribution.

4.2.5 UEs supporting multiple satellite signals

For UEs supporting multiple satellite signals, different minimum performance requirements may be associated with different signals. The satellite simulator shall generate all signals supported by the UE. Signals not supported by the UE do not need to be simulated. The relative power levels of each signal type for each GNSS are defined in Table 4.2.4. The individual test scenarios in clauses 6 and 7 define the reference signal power level for each satellite. The power level of each simulated satellite signal type shall be set to the reference signal power level defined in each test scenario in clauses 6 and 7 plus the relative power level defined in Table 4.2.4.

Galileo GPS/Modernized **GLONASS** QZSS **BDS SBAS GPS** Signal power E1 0 dB L1 C/A 0 dB 0 dB 0 dB 0 dB B1I D1 0 dB G1 L1 levels relative to C/A D2 +5 dB reference power +2 dB +1.5 dB L1C E6 L1C G2 -6 dB +1.5 dB levels E5 +2 dB L2C -1.5 dB L2C -1.5 dB

L5

+3.6 dB

Table 4.2.4: Relative signal power levels for each signal type for each GNSS

NOTE 1: For test cases which involve 'Modernized GPS', the satellite simulator shall also generate the GPS L1 C/A signal if the UE supports 'GPS' in addition to 'Modernized GPS'.

NOTE 2: The signal power levels in the Test Parameter Tables represent the total signal power of the satellite per channel not e.g. pilot and data channels separately.

+3.6 dB

NOTE 3: For test cases which involve "BDS", D1 represents MEO/IGSO satellites B1I signal type and D2 represents GEO satellites B1I signal type.

4.2.6 GNSS multi System Time Offsets

If more than one GNSS is used in a test, the accuracy of the GNSS-GNSS Time Offsets used at the system simulator shall be better than 3 ns.

4.3 UTRA test conditions

4.3.1 UTRA frequency band and frequency range

L5

The UTRA tests in clauses 5 and 6 in the present document are performed at mid range of the UTRA operating frequency band of the UE. The UARFCNs to be used for mid range are defined in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clause 5.1.1.

If the UE supports multiple frequency bands then the Sensitivity tests in clauses 5.2 and 6.2 shall be repeated in each supported frequency band.

4.3.2 UTRA frequency

For the UTRA tests in clause 5 the UTRA frequency shall be offset with respect to the nominal frequency by an amount equal to the sum of +0.025 PPM and the offset in PPM of the actual transmitted GPS carrier frequency with respect to the nominal GPS frequency.

4.3.3 Sensors

The UTRA tests in clause 6 shall be met without the use of any data coming from sensors that can aid the positioning. A dedicated test message 'RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION' has been defined in TS 34.109 [29] for the purpose of disabling any such sensors.

4.4 E-UTRA test conditions

4.4.1 E-UTRA frequency band and frequency range

The E-UTRA A-GNSS tests in clause 7 are performed on the mid range EARFCN of the E-UTRA operating frequency band of the UE as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

If the UE supports multiple frequency bands then the A-GNSS Sensitivity tests in clause 7.1 shall be repeated in each supported frequency band.

4.4.2 Groups of bands

The E-UTRA tests in clauses 8, 9 and 10 use the band groupings below in order to increase the readability of the specification.

Table 4.4.2-1: E-UTRA band groups

Group	E-UTRA FDD			E-UTRA TDD
	Band group notation	Operating bands	Band group notation	Operating bands
Α	FDD_A	1, 4, 6, 10, 11, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 32 Note 4, 67 Note 6	TDD_A	33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 45
В	FDD_B	65, 66 Note 5	TDD_B	•
С	FDD_C	9, 30	TDD_C	42, 43
D	FDD_D	28	TDD_D	-
E	FDD_E	2, 5, 7, 27	TDD_E	41, 44
F	FDD_F	26 Note 3	TDD_F	-
G	FDD_G	3, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22, 29 Note 2	TDD_G	-
Н	FDD_H	25	TDD_H	-
I	FDD_I	-	TDD_I	-
J	FDD_J	-	TDD_J	-
K	FDD_K	-	TDD_K	•
L	FDD_L	-	TDD_L	-
М	FDD_M	-	TDD_M	•
N	FDD_N	31	TDD_N	-

- NOTE 1: The bands within the same group have the same lo conditions in a corresponding requirement in this specification.
- NOTE 2: Band 29 is used only for E-UTRA carrier aggregation with other E-UTRA bands.
- NOTE 3: The minimum Io condition for Band 26 is reduced by 0.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is within 865-894 MHz.
- NOTE 4: Band 32 is used only for E-UTRA carrier aggregation with other E-UTRA bands.
- NOTE 5: The 2180 2200 MHz part of Band 66 is used only for E-UTRA carrier aggregation with other E-UTRA bands.
- NOTE 6: Band 67 is used only for E-UTRA carrier aggregation with other E-UTRA bands.

4.4.3 Sensors

All the minimum performance requirements in clause 7 shall be met without the use of any data coming from sensors that can aid the positioning. A dedicated test message 'RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION' has been defined in TS 36.509 [11] for the purpose of disabling any such sensors.

4.5 A-GNSS test conditions

4.5.1 General

Clauses 5, 6 and 7 define the minimum performance requirements for both UE based and UE assisted A-GNSS terminals. If a terminal supports both modes then it shall be tested in both modes.

4.5.2 UTRAN measurement parameters

4.5.2.1 UE based A-GNSS measurement parameters

In case of UE-based A-GNSS, the measurement parameters are contained in the RRC UE POSITIONING POSITION ESTIMATE INFO IE. The measurement parameter is the horizontal position estimate reported by the UE and expressed in latitude/longitude.

4.5.2.2 UE assisted A-GNSS measurement parameters

In case of UE-assisted A-GNSS, the measurement parameters are contained in the RRC UE POSITIONING GANSS MEASURED RESULTS IE and/or the RRC UE POSITIONING GPS MEASURED RESULTS IE. The measurement parameters are the UE GANSS Code Phase measurements and/or the UE GPS Code Phase measurements, as specified in 3GPP TS 25.302 [32] and 3GPP TS 25.215 [33]. The UE GANSS Code Phase measurements and/or the UE GPS Code Phase measurements are converted into a horizontal position estimate using the procedure detailed in Annex B.

4.5.2.3 2D position error

The 2D position error is defined by the horizontal difference in meters between the ellipsoid point reported or calculated from the UE Measurement Report and the actual simulated position of the UE in the test case considered.

4.5.2.4 Response time

Max Response Time is defined as the time starting from the moment that the UE has received the final RRC measurement control message containing reporting criteria different from "No Reporting" sent before the UE sends the measurement report containing the position estimate or the GANSS and/or GPS measured result, and ending when the UE starts sending the measurement report containing the position estimate or the GANSS and/or GPS measured result on the Uu interface. The response times specified for all test cases are Time-to-First-Fix (TTFF) unless otherwise stated, i.e. the UE shall not re-use any information on GNSS time, location or other aiding data that was previously acquired or calculated and stored internally in the UE. A dedicated test message 'RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION' specified in 3GPP TS 34.109 [29], clause 5.4, has been defined for the purpose of deleting this information.

4.5.3 E-UTRAN measurement parameters

4.5.3.1 UE based A-GNSS measurement parameters

In case of UE-based A-GNSS, the measurement parameters are contained in the LPP *GNSS-LocationInformation* IE which is included in the *A-GNSS-ProvideLocationInformation* IE provided in the LPP message of type PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION. The measurement parameter in case of UE-based A-GNSS is the horizontal position estimate reported by the UE and expressed in latitude/longitude.

4.5.3.2 UE assisted A-GNSS measurement parameters

In case of UE-assisted A-GNSS, the measurement parameters are contained in the LPP *GNSS-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE which is included in the *A-GNSS-ProvideLocationInformation* IE provided in the LPP message of type PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION. The measurement parameters in case of UE-assisted A-GNSS are the UE GNSS code phase measurements, as specified in 3GPP TS 36.302 [5] and 3GPP TS 36.214 [6]. The UE GNSS code phase measurements are converted into a horizontal position estimate using the procedure detailed in Annex B.

4.5.3.3 2D Error definition

The 2D position error is defined by the horizontal difference in meters between the ellipsoid point reported or calculated from the LPP message of type PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION and the actual position of the UE in the test case considered.

4.5.3.4 Response time

Max Response Time is defined as the time starting from the moment that the UE has received the LPP message of type REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION, and ending when the UE starts sending the LPP message of type PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION on the Uu interface. The response times specified for all test cases are Time-to-First-Fix (TTFF) unless otherwise stated, i.e. the UE shall not re-use any information on GNSS time, location or other aiding data that was previously acquired or calculated and stored internally in the UE. A dedicated test message 'RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION' has been defined in TS 36.509 [11] clause 6.9 for the purpose of deleting this information.

4.5.4 Converting A-GNSS UE-assisted measurement reports into position estimates

To convert the A-GNSS UE measurement reports in case of UE-assisted mode of A-GNSS into position errors, a transformation between the "measurement domain" (code-phases, etc.) into the "state" domain (position estimate) is necessary. Such a transformation procedure is outlined in Annex B.

4.6 ECID test conditions

4.6.1 Simulated cells

For the ECID performance test cases in clause 8.1, a cell environment as defined in 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] with Cell 1 is used. The default parameters for simulated cells are the same as specified in 3GPP TS 36.508 [18].

4.6.2 Propagation conditions

4.6.2.1 Static

See TS 36.521-1 [24] clause B.1.

4.6.2.2 Multi-path fading

See TS 36.521-1[24] clauses B.2, B.2.1 and B.2.2.

4.6.3 UE Rx - Tx time difference reporting range

The reporting range of FDD UE Rx - Tx time difference is defined from 0 to $20472T_s$ with $2T_s$ resolution for UE Rx - Tx time difference less than $4096T_s$ and 8Ts for UE Rx - Tx time difference equal to or greater than $4096T_s$.

The mapping of measured quantity for FDD is defined in Table 4.6.3-1.

Table 4.6.3-1: FDD UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement report mapping

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _0000	$T_{UE\ Rx-Tx} < 2$	T _s
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _0001	$2 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4$	T _s
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _0002	4 ≤ T _{UE Rx-Tx} < 6	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _2046	$4092 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4094$	T _s
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _2047	$4094 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4096$	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _2048	$4096 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4104$	T _s
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _2049	$4104 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4112$	T _s
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _4093	$20456 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 20464$	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _4094	20464 ≤ T _{UE Rx-Tx} < 20472	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_FDD _4095	$20472 \le T_{UE\;Rx\text{-}Tx}$	Ts

The reporting range of TDD UE Rx - Tx time difference is defined from 624 to $21096T_s$ with $2T_s$ resolution for UE Rx - Tx time difference less than $4720T_s$ and 8Ts for UE Rx - Tx time difference equal to or greater than $4720T_s$.

The mapping of measured quantity for TDD is defined in Table 4.6.3-2.

Table 4.6.3-2: TDD UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement report mapping

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_0000	T _{UE Rx-Tx} < 626	T _s
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_0001	$626 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 628$	T _s
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_0002	$628 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 630$	Ts
	•••	***
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_2046	$4716 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4718$	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_2047	$4718 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4720$	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_2048	$4720 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4728$	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_2049	$4728 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 4736$	T _s
	•••	***
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_4093	$21080 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 21088$	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_4094	$21088 \le T_{UE Rx-Tx} < 21096$	Ts
RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE_TDD_4095	21096 ≤ T _{UE Rx-Tx}	Ts

4.7 OTDOA test conditions

4.7.1 Simulated cells

For the intra-frequency OTDOA measurement test cases in clause 9.1, a multi cell environment as defined in 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] with Cell 1, Cell 2, and Cell 4 (if needed in the test) is used.

For the inter-frequency OTDOA measurement test cases in clause 9.2, a multi cell environment as defined in 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] with Cell 1 (called Cell 1 in the tests), Cell 3 (called Cell 2 in the tests), and Cell 6 (called Cell 3 in the tests) (if needed in the test) is used.

For the OTDOA measurement test cases for Carrier Aggregation in clause 10, a multi cell environment is used with Cell 1 as the PCell on the PCC, Cell 2 is an active SCell on the SCC, and Cell 3 is a neighbour cell on the SCC. For the OTDOA measurement test cases for 3 DL Carrier Aggregation in clause 10, a multi cell environment is used with Cell 1 as the PCell on the PCC, Cell 2 is an active SCell on SCC1, Cell 3 is an active SCell on SCC2 and Cell 4 is a neighbour cell on SCC2.

The default parameters for simulated cells are the same as specified in 3GPP TS 36.508 [18], with the following exceptions:

- All cells transmit PRS according to the PRS configuration provided in the OTDOA assistance data defined for each test. The positioning subframes are low-interference subframes, i.e. contain no PDSCH transmissions.
- The physical layer cell identities are selected such that the relative shifts of PRS patterns among cells used in the tests are as given by the test parameters of the individual test cases.
- The cells shall be synchronized and the timing offset (the RSTD) between the cells referenced to the UE"s antenna input is given in the individual test cases.

4.7.2 Propagation conditions

4.7.2.1 Static

See TS 36.521-1 [24] clause B.1.

4.7.2.2 Multi-path fading

See TS 36.521-1[24] clauses B.2, B.2.1 and B.2.2.

4.7.3 Response time

The response time is defined as the time starting from the moment that the UE has received the LPP message of type REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION, and ending when the UE starts sending the LPP message of type PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION on the Uu interface. The response time specified for the Measurement Reporting Delay test cases assumes that the UE shall not re-use any RSTD information or other aiding data that was previously acquired and stored internally in the UE. A dedicated test message 'RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION' has been defined in TS 36.509 [11] clause 6.9 for the purpose of deleting this information.

4.7.4 RSTD reporting range

The reporting range of RSTD is defined from -15391 T_s to 15391 T_s with 1 T_s resolution for absolute value of RSTD less or equal to 4096 T_s and 5 T_s for absolute value of RSTD greater than 4096 T_s .

The mapping of measured quantity is defined in Table 4.7.4-1.

Reported Value Measured Quantity Value Unit RSTD_0000 -15391 > RSTD T, RSTD_0001 -15391 ≤ RSTD < -15386 T_s RSTD_2258 -4106 ≤ RSTD < -4101 T_s RSTD_2259 -4101 ≤ RSTD < -4096 T. **RSTD 2260** -4096 ≤ RSTD < -4095 T, RSTD_2261 T, -4095 ≤ RSTD < -4094 RSTD_6353 -3 ≤ RSTD < -2 RSTD 6354 -2 ≤ RSTD < -1 T_s Ts RSTD_6355 $-1 \le RSTD \le 0$ RSTD_6356 $0 < RSTD \le 1$ T_{s} RSTD_6357 $T_{\underline{s}}$ $1 < RSTD \le 2$ RSTD_6358 T_s 2 < RSTD ≤ 3 RSTD_10450 4094 < RSTD ≤ 4095 T_s RSTD_10451 4095 < RSTD ≤ 4096 T_s RSTD_10452 4096 < RSTD ≤ 4101 Ts RSTD_10453 4101 < RSTD ≤ 4106 T_s RSTD_12709 15381 < RSTD ≤ 15386 Ts RSTD_12710 15386 < RSTD ≤ 15391 T_s RSTD_12711 15391 < RSTD $T_{\rm s}$

Table 4.7.4-1: RSTD report mapping

4.7.5 RSTD Carrier Aggregation Test Cases with Different Channel Bandwidth Combinations

RSTD carrier aggregation test cases may be defined with different channel bandwidth combinations to verify the same requirement.

If multiple carrier aggregation test cases with different channel bandwidth combinations are defined to verify the same requirement that is channel bandwidth independent, then the UE needs to be tested only with one bandwidth combination out of the bandwidth combination sets supported by that UE.

4.8 MBS test conditions

4.8.1 MBS signals

A single or multi MBS beacon environment, depending on the test, is used.

The MBS signal is defined at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

The beacons shall be synchronized, and the beacon code phase delays are defined in each test. The MBS signals shall be transmitted with a frequency accuracy of \pm 2.5 PPM from the specified MBS carrier centre frequency.

4.8.2 Propagation conditions

4.8.2.1 Static

See TS 36.521-1 [24] clause B.1.

4.8.2.2 Multi-path fading

According to the Extended Pedestrian A model with a Maximum Doppler frequency of 5Hz (EPA 5Hz) in TS 36.521-1 [24] clauses B.2, B.2.1 and B.2.2.

4.8.3 Response time

The response time is defined as the time starting from the moment that the UE has received the LPP message of type REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION, and ending when the UE starts sending the LPP message of type PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION on the Uu interface. The response time specified for the Measurement Reporting Delay test case assumes that the UE shall not reuse any information that was previously acquired and stored internally in the UE. A dedicated test message 'RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION' has been defined in TS 36.509 [11] clause 6.9 for the purpose of deleting this information.

5 UTRA A-GPS Minimum Performance requirements

5.1 General

This clause defines the minimum performance requirements for FDD UTRA terminals where the only Assisted Global Navigation Satellite System (A-GNSS) supported is Assisted Global Positioning System (A-GPS) L1 C/A. The procedures for UEs that support other or additional A-GNSSs are specified in clause 6. Note that for TDD UTRA terminals where the only Assisted Global Navigation Satellite System (A-GNSS) supported is Assisted Global Positioning System (A-GPS) L1 C/A there are no requirements.

This clause defines requirements for both UE based and UE assisted modes; if a terminal supports both modes then it shall be tested in both modes

The requirements in this clause are defined for CELL_DCH and CELL_FACH states. All tests shall be performed in CELL_DCH state and the Nominal Accuracy Performance test case shall be also performed in CELL_FACH state.

5.2 Sensitivity

5.2.1 Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

5.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

Sensitivity with coarse time assistance is the minimum level of GPS satellite signals required for the UE to make an A-GPS position estimate to a specific accuracy and within a specific response time when the network only provides coarse time assistance.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that supports only A-GPS.

5.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 5.2.1.2 for the parameters specified in table 5.2.1.1.

Table 5.2.1.1: Test parameters for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse Time assistance error	seconds	±2
range		
GPS Signal for one satellite	dBm	-142
GPS Signal for remaining satellites	dBm	-147

Table 5.2.1.2: Minimum requirements for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.171 [31], clause 5.1.1.1.

5.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GPS satellite signal conditions that represent weak signal conditions and with only Coarse Time Assistance provided by the SS.

5.2.1.4 Method of test

5.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GPS test parameters as specified in table 5.2.1.3 for GPS scenario #1. Select the first satellite PRN defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5 for the one satellite with the higher level.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

5.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GPS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.4
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 5.2.2 and 5.2.6 for UE based testing; or clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.6 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.6.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.1 or 7.5.4.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 5.2.1.4 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 5.2.1.4 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.2.1.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GPS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE, used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.2.1.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GPS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Select the first satellite PRN defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5 for the one satellite with the higher level. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec offset in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 5.2.1.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GPS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used select the next satellite PRN from the one used previously, defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5, for the one satellite with the higher level.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

5.2.1.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 5.2.1.3 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 5.2.1.4 with a confidence level of 95% according to annex D.

Table 5.2.1.3: Test parameters for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse Time assistance error	seconds	±1.8
range		
GPS Signal for one satellite	dBm	-141
GPS Signal for remaining satellites	dBm	-146

Table 5.2.1.4: Test requirements for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

5.2.2 Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

5.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

Sensitivity with fine time assistance is the minimum level of GPS satellite signals required for the UE to make an A-GPS position estimate to a specific accuracy and within a specific response time when the network provides fine time assistance in addition to coarse time assistance.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that supports only A-GPS and that is capable of providing an enhanced performance when the network provides Fine Time Assistance.

5.2.2.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 5.2.2.2 for the parameters specified in table 5.2.2.1.

Table 5.2.2.1: Test parameters for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse time assistance error	seconds	±2
range		
GPS Fine Time assistance error	μs	±10
range	•	
GPS Signal for all satellites	dBm	-147

Table 5.2.2.2: Minimum requirements for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.171 [31], clause 5.1.2.1.

5.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GPS satellite signal conditions that represent weak signal conditions and with Fine Time Assistance provided by the SS.

5.2.2.4 Method of test

5.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GPS test parameters as specified in table 5.2.2.3 for GPS scenario #1.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

5.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GPS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.4
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 5.2.2 and 5.2.6 for UE based testing; or clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.6 for UE assisted testing with the values of GPS TOW msec and UTRAN GPS timing of cell frames offset by random values as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.6.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.1 or 7.5.4.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 5.2.2.4 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 5.2.2.4 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.2.2.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GPS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.2.2.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GPS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec and UTRAN GPS timing of cell frames offsets in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 5.2.2.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GPS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

5.2.2.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 5.2.2.3 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 5.2.2.4 with a confidence level of 95% according to annex D.

Table 5.2.2.3: Test parameters for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse time assistance error	seconds	±1.8
range		
GPS Fine Time assistance error	μs	±9
range	·	
GPS Signal for all satellites	dBm	-146

Table 5.2.2.4: Test requirements for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

5.3 Nominal Accuracy

5.3.1 Definition and applicability

Nominal accuracy is the accuracy of the UE's A-GPS position estimate under ideal GPS signal conditions.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that supports only A-GPS.

5.3.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 5.3.2 for the parameters specified in table 5.3.1.

Table 5.3.1: Test parameters for Nominal Accuracy

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse Time assistance error	seconds	±2
range		
GPS Signal for all satellites	dBm	-130

Table 5.3.2: Minimum requirements for Nominal Accuracy

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	30 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.171 [31], clause 5.2.1.

5.3.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GPS satellite signal conditions that represent ideal conditions.

5.3.4 Method of test

5.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GPS test parameters as specified in table 5.3.3 for GPS scenario #1.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

5.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GPS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.4
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 5.2.2 and 5.2.6 for UE based testing; or clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.6 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.6.2; using the exception to the RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL message listed in table 5.3.2A; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.1 or 7.5.4.

Table 5.3.2A: Contents of RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL message

Information Element	Value/Remark
- UE positioning reporting quantity	
- Horizontal accuracy	10 (15.9 m)

- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 5.3.4 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 5.3.4 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.3.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GPS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.3.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GPS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec offset in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 5.3.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GPS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

5.3.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 5.3.3 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 5.3.4 with a confidence level of 95% according to annex D.

Table 5.3.3: Test parameters for Nominal Accuracy

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse Time assistance error	seconds	±1.8
range		
GPS Signal for all satellites	dBm	-130

Table 5.3.4: Test requirements for Nominal Accuracy

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	31.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

5.4 Dynamic Range

5.4.1 Definition and applicability

Dynamic Range is the maximum difference in level of the GPS signals from a number of satellites that allows the UE to make an A-GPS position estimate with a specific accuracy and a specific response time.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that supports only A-GPS.

5.4.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 5.4.2 for the parameters specified in table 5.4.1.

Table 5.4.1: Test parameters for Dynamic Range

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	6
HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
GPS Coarse Time assistance	seconds	<u>+2</u>
error range		
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Signal for 1st satellite	dBm	-129
GPS Signal for 2 nd satellite	dBm	-135
GPS Signal for 3 rd satellite	dBm	-141
GPS Signal for 4 th satellite	dBm	-147
GPS Signal for 5 th satellite	dBm	-147
GPS Signal for 6 th satellite	dBm	-147

Table 5.4.2: Minimum requirements for Dynamic Range

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.171 [31], clause 5.3.1.

5.4.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GPS satellite signal conditions that have a wide dynamic range. Strong satellites are likely to degrade the acquisition of weaker satellites due to their cross-correlation products.

5.4.4 Method of test

5.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GPS test parameters as specified in table 5.4.3 for GPS scenario #1. Select the first three satellite PRNs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5 for the three satellites with the higher levels.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

5.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GPS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.4
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 5.2.2 and 5.2.6 for UE based testing; or clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.6 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.6.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.1 or 7.5.4.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 5.4.4 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 5.4.4 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.4.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GPS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.4.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GPS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Select the first three satellite PRNs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5 for the three satellites with the higher levels. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec offset in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 5.4.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GPS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, increment the set of three satellite PRNs by one from the ones used previously, defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5, for the three satellites with the higher levels (i.e. if the set of satellites is a, b, c, d, e, f and the first set used was a, b, c, the second set shall be b, c, d and so on).

7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

5.4.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 5.4.3 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 5.4.4 with a confidence level of 95% according to annex D.

Table 5.4.3: Test parameters for Dynamic Range

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	6
HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
GPS Coarse Time assistance	seconds	±2+TT
error range		
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Signal for 1 st satellite	dBm	-128.2
GPS Signal for 2 nd satellite	dBm	-134
GPS Signal for 3 rd satellite	dBm	-140
GPS Signal for 4 th satellite	dBm	-146
GPS Signal for 5 th satellite	dBm	-146
GPS Signal for 6 th satellite	dBm	-146

Table 5.4.4: Test requirements for Dynamic Range

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

5.5 Multi-path Performance

5.5.1 Definition and applicability

Multi-path performance measures the accuracy and response time of the UE's A-GPS position estimate in a specific GPS signal multi-path environment.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that supports only A-GPS.

5.5.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 5.5.2 for the parameters specified in table 5.5.1.

Table 5.5.1: Test parameters for Multi-path Performance

Parameters	Unit	Value	
Number of generated satellites (see note)	-	5	
GPS Coarse Time assistance error range	seconds	±2	
HDOP Range	-	1.8 to 2.5	
GPS signal for Satellite 1, 2 (see note)	dBm	-130	
GPS signal for Satellite 3, 4, 5 (see note)	dBm	LOS signal of -130 dBm, multi-path signal of -136 dBm	
NOTE: Satellites 1, 2 no multi-path. Satellites 3, 4, 5 multi-path defined in clause 4.2.4.			

Table 5.5.2: Minimum requirements for Multi-path Performance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.171 [31], clause 5.4.1.

5.5.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GPS satellite signal conditions that represent simple multi-path conditions.

5.5.4 Method of test

5.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GPS test parameters as specified in table 5.5.3 for GPS scenario #1. Select the first two satellite PRNs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5 for the two satellites with the higher levels.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

5.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GPS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.4. The initial carrier phase difference between taps of the multi-path model shall be randomly selected between 0 and 2π radians by selecting the next random number from a standard uniform random number generator, in the range 0 to 2π , representing radians with a resolution of 0.1, representing 0.1 radians.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 5.2.2 and 5.2.6 for UE based testing; or clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.6 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.6.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.1 or 7.5.4.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 5.5.4 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 5.5.4 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.5.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GPS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.5.4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GPS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Select the first two satellite PRNs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5 for the two satellites with the higher levels. Use new random values for the UE location

and altitude, and the initial carrier phase difference between taps of the multi-path model in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec offset in step 2.

- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 5.5.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GPS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, increment the set of two satellite PRNs by one from the ones used previously, defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 5.2.1.2.5, for the two satellites with the higher level (i.e. if the set of satellites is a, b, c, d, e and the first set used was a, b the second set shall be b, c and so on).
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

5.5.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 5.5.3 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 5.5.4 with a confidence level of 95% according to annex D.

Unit **Parameters** Value Number of generated satellites (see note) 5 GPS Coarse Time assistance error range seconds ±2+TT **HDOP** Range 1.8 to 2.5 GPS signal for Satellite 1, 2 (see note) dBm -130 GPS signal for Satellite 3, 4, 5 (see note) dBm LOS signal of -130 dBm, multipath signal of -136.2 dBm Satellites 1, 2 no multi-path. Satellites 3, 4, 5 multi-path defined in clause 4.2.4. NOTE:

Table 5.5.3: Test parameters for Multi-path Performance

Table 5.5.4: Test requirements for Multi-path Performance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

5.6 Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

5.6.1 Definition and applicability

Moving scenario and periodic update performance measures the accuracy of the UE's A-GPS position estimates and the periodic update capability of the UE in a moving scenario.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE that supports only A-GPS.

5.6.2 Minimum requirements

The position estimates, after the first reported position estimate, shall meet the accuracy requirement in table 5.6.2 with the periodical reporting interval of 2 seconds for the parameters specified in table 5.6.1.

NOTE: In the actual testing the UE may report error messages until it has been able to acquire GPS measured results or a position estimate. The SS shall only consider the first measurement report different from an error message as the first position estimate in the requirement in table 5.6.2.

Table 5.6.1: Test parameters for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	1	5
HDOP Range	-	1.8 to 2.5
Propagation condition	-	AWGN
GPS signal for all satellites	dBm	-130

Table 5.6.2: Minimum requirements for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

Success Rate	2-D position error	
95 %	100 m	

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.171 [31], clause 5.5.1.

5.6.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's position estimates, after the first reported position estimate, meet the minimum requirements under GPS satellite signal conditions that simulate a moving scenario. A good tracking performance, with regular position estimate reporting is essential for certain location services.

5.6.4 Method of test

5.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

The UE is requested to use periodical reporting with a reporting interval of 2 seconds.

The GPS signals simulate the UE moving on a rectangular trajectory of 940 m by 1 440 m with rounded corners defined in figure 5.6.1 and table 5.6.3. The initial reference is first defined followed by acceleration to final speed of 100 km/h in 250 m. The UE then maintains the speed for 400 m. This is followed by deceleration to final speed of 25 km/h in 250 m. The UE then turn 90 degrees with turning radius of 20 m at 25 km/h. This is followed by acceleration to final speed of 100 km/h in 250 m. The sequence is repeated to complete the rectangle.

Table 5.6.3: Trajectory Parameters for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance test case

Parameter	Distance (m)	Speed (km/h)	
l ₁₁ , l ₁₅ , l ₂₁ , l ₂₅	20	25	
l ₁₂ , l ₁₄ , l ₂₂ , l ₂₄	250	25 to 100 and 100 to 25	
I ₁₃	400	100	
l ₂₃	900	100	

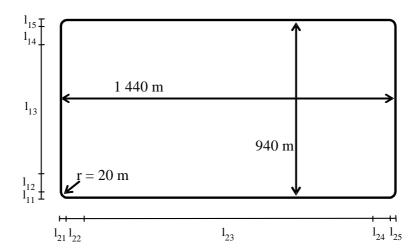


Figure 5.6.1: Rectangular Trajectory for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance test case

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GPS test parameters as specified in table 5.6.4 for GPS scenario #3.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

5.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GPS scenario #3 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 5.2.1.2
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 5.2.2 and 5.2.6 for UE based testing; or clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.6 for UE assisted testing; as required to obtain fixes using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.2 or 7.5.5.
- 3. Ignore any error messages that the UE may report in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages until it has been able to acquire the GPS signals and reports the first GPS measured result or position estimate.
- 4. Discard the first GPS measured result or position estimate.
- 5. Record the time of reception of the next MEASUREMENT REPORT message after reception of the first GPS measured result or position estimate.
- 6. After the reception of the first GPS measured result or position estimate reported in a MEASUREMENT REPORT message, every time the UE returns a GPS measured result or position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message record the time of reception and the result. If the difference between the time of reception and the time of reception of the previous result is less than 1.5 seconds or greater than 2.5 seconds, or if the UE reports a UE positioning error in any MEASUREMENT REPORT messages, then record one Bad Result. Otherwise process the result as specified in step 7.
- 7. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE at the time of applicability reported in the position estimate and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.6.5 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GPS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE at the time of applicability reported in the GPS measured results and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 5.6.5 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 8. If the UE sends the first MEASUREMENT REPORT that contains a measured result or position estimate later than 240s after the start of the GPS scenario, fail the UE and stop the test early. Otherwise collect MEASUREMENT REPORTs during 900s, starting from the time recorded in step 5. If at any time the difference between the times of reception of two consecutive results is greater than 240s, fail the UE and stop the test early. Use the collected Good Results and Bad Results to determine the PASS/FAIL according to clause 5.6.5.
- 9. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

5.6.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 5.6.4, after the first reported position estimate, the UE shall meet the accuracy requirement and the success rate specified in table 5.6.5 with a periodical reporting interval of 2 seconds +/- 20% plus measurement system uncertainty of 100ms.

NOTE: Due to the statistical nature of the results it is not possible to design a test with predefined confidence level for the success rate in Table 5.6.5, therefore a simple PASS/FAIL of the results gathered against this success rate is used.

Table 5.6.4: Test parameters for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	1	5
HDOP Range	-	1.8 to 2.5
Propagation condition	-	AWGN
GPS signal for all satellites	dBm	-130

Table 5.6.5: Test requirements for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

Success Rate	2-D position error	
95 %	101.3 m	

NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

NOTE 2: In the actual testing the UE may report error messages until it has been able to acquire GPS measured results or a position estimate. The test equipment shall only consider the first measurement report different from an error message as the first position estimate in the requirement in table 5.6.5.

6 UTRA A-GNSS Minimum Performance requirements

6.1 General

This clause defines the minimum performance requirements for both UE based and UE assisted A-GNSS UTRA terminals. If a terminal supports both modes then it shall be tested in both modes. It excludes performance requirements for FDD UEs where the only A-GNSS supported is A-GPS L1C/A which are specified in clause 5. It excludes performance requirements for TDD UEs where the only A-GNSS supported is A-GPS L1C/A for which there is no requirement.

The requirements are defined for CELL_DCH and CELL_FACH states. All tests shall be performed in CELL_DCH state and the Nominal Accuracy Performance test case shall be also performed in CELL_FACH state.

6.2 Sensitivity

6.2.1 Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

6.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

Sensitivity with coarse time assistance is the minimum level of GNSS satellite signals required for the UE to make an A-GNSS position estimate to a specific accuracy and within a specific response time when the network only provides coarse time assistance.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the UE that supports A-GNSS.

This test case includes sub-test cases dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test case is identified by a Sub-Test Case Number as defined in Table 6.2.1.1.

Sub-Test Supported GNSS Case Number UE supporting A-GLONASS only UE supporting A-Galileo only 3 UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only 4 8 UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only 9 UE supporting A-BDS only 10 UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

Table 6.2.1.1: Sub-Test Case Number Definition

6.2.1.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 6.2.1.2-3 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.2-1.

Table 6.2.1.2-1: Test parameters for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

System	Parameters	Unit	Value	
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.2.1.2-2	
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6	
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1	
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN	
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2	
Galileo	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-142	
Gailleo	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147	
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-142	
GFS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147	
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-142	
GLONASS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147	
BDS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-136	
טטט	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-145	
NOTE 1: "GPS" h	NOTE 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE capabilities.			

Table 6.2.1.2-2: Power level and satellite allocation

		Satellite allocation for each constellation		
		GNSS-1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS-2	GNSS-3
Single constellation	High signal level	1	-	-
	Low signal level	5	-	-
Dual constellation	High signal level	1	-	-
	Low signal level	2	3	-
Triple constellation	e constellation High signal level		-	-
Low signal level 1 2 2				2
Note: For GPS capable receivers, GNSS-1, i.e. the system having the satellite with high signal level, shall be GPS.				

Table 6.2.1.2-3: Minimum requirements for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

	System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
ſ	All	95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.172 [19], clause 5.1.1.1, and 3GPP TS 25.173 [36], clause 5.1.1.1.

6.2.1.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GNSS satellite signal conditions that represent weak signal conditions and with only Coarse Time Assistance provided by the SS.

6.2.1.4 Method of test

6.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 6.2.1.5-1 for GNSS scenario #1. For GNSS-1, select the first satellite SV ID defined in the relevant table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 for the one satellite with the higher level.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

6.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2.6.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 6.2.2 and 6.2.7 for UE based testing; or clauses 6.2.4 and 6.2.7 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.7.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.6 or 7.5.8.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 6.2.1.5-3 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 6.2.1.5-3 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.2.1.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE, used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.2.1.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. For GNSS-1, select the first satellite SV ID defined in the relevant table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 for the one satellite with the higher level. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 6.2.1.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used for GNSS-1, select the next satellite SV ID from the one used previously, defined in the relevant table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2, for the one satellite with the higher level.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

capabilities.

6.2.1.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 6.2.1.5-1 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 6.2.1.5-3 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Table 6.2.1.5-1: Test parameters for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

System	Parameters	Unit	Value		
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.2.1.5-2		
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6		
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1		
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN		
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±1.8		
Calilaa	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-141		
Galileo	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146		
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-141		
GFS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146		
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-141		
GLONASS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146		
BDS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-135		
סטס	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-144		
NOTE 1: "GPS"	NOTE 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE				

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Table 6.2.1.5-2: Power level and satellite allocation

		Satellite allocation for each constellation		r each
		GNSS-1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS-2	GNSS-3
Single constellation	High signal level	1	-	-
	Low signal level	5	-	-
Dual constellation	High signal level	1	-	-
	Low signal level	2	3	-
Triple constellation	High signal level	1	-	-
	Low signal level	1	2	2
Note: For GPS capable receivers, GNSS-1, i.e. the system having the satellite				

Note: For GPS capable receivers, GNSS-1, i.e. the system having the satellite with high signal level, shall be GPS.

Table 6.2.1.5-3: Test requirements for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

6.2.2 Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

6.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

Sensitivity with fine time assistance is the minimum level of GNSS satellite signals required for the UE to make an A-GNSS position estimate to a specific accuracy and within a specific response time when the network provides fine time assistance in addition to coarse time assistance.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the UE that supports A-GNSS and that is capable of providing an enhanced performance when the network provides Fine Time Assistance.

This test case includes sub-test cases dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test case is identified by a Sub-Test Case Number as defined in Table 6.2.2.1.

Table 6.2.2.1: Sub-Test Case Number Definition

Sub-Test Case Number	Supported GNSS	
1	UE supporting A-GLONASS only	
2 UE supporting A-Galileo only		
3	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only	
4	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only	
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only	
9	UE supporting A-BDS only	
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only	

6.2.2.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 6.2.2.2-3 for the parameters specified in table 6.2.2.2-1.

Table 6.2.2.2-1: Test parameters for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

System	Parameters	Unit	Value	
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.2.2.2-	
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6	
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1	
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN	
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2	
	GNSS fine time assistance error range	μs	±10	
Galileo	Reference signal power level	dBm	-147	
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level	dBm	-147	
GLONASS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-147	
BDS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-147	
Note: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE				
capabilities.				

Table 6.2.2.2-2: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation		or each
	GNSS-1 GNSS-2 GNSS		GNSS-3
Single constellation	6	-	-
Dual constellation	3	3	-
Triple constellation	2	2	2

Table 6.2.2.2-3: Minimum requirements for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.172 [19], clause 5.1.2.1, and 3GPP TS 25.173 [36], clause 5.1.2.1.

6.2.2.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GNSS satellite signal conditions that represent weak signal conditions and with Fine Time Assistance provided by the SS.

6.2.2.4 Method of test

6.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal: see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 6.2.2.5-1 for GNSS scenario #1.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

6.2.2.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2.6.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 6.2.2 and

- 6.2.7 for UE based testing; or clauses 6.2.4 and 6.2.7 for UE assisted testing with the values of GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD, and UTRAN GPS timing of cell frames or UTRAN GANSS timing of cell frames offset by random values as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.7.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.6 or 7.5.8.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 6.2.2.5-3 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 6.2.2.5-3 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.2.2.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.2.2.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD, and UTRAN GPS timing of cell frames or UTRAN GANSS timing of cell frames offsets in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 6.2.2.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

6.2.2.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 6.2.2.5-1 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 6.2.2.5-3 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Parameters Unit Value **System** Number of generated satellites per system See Table 6.2.2.5-2 Total number of generated satellites 6 HDOP range 1.4 to 2.1 Propagation conditions **AWGN** GNSS coarse time assistance error range seconds ±1.8 GNSS fine time assistance error range ±9 μs -146 Galileo Reference signal power level dBm GPS⁽¹⁾ Reference signal power level dBm -146 GLONASS Reference signal power level dBm -146 **BDS** Reference signal power level dBm -146 Note: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE capabilities.

Table 6.2.2.5-1: Test parameters for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

Table 6.2.2.5-2: Satellite allocation

		Satellite allocation for each constellation	
	GNSS-1	GNSS-1 GNSS-2 GNS	
Single constellation	6	-	-
Dual constellation	3	3	-
Triple constellation	2	2	2

Table 6.2.2.5-3: Test requirements for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

6.3 Nominal Accuracy

6.3.1 Definition and applicability

Nominal accuracy is the accuracy of the UE's A-GNSS position estimate under ideal GNSS signal conditions.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the UE that supports A-GNSS.

This test case includes sub-test cases dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test case is identified by a Sub-Test Case Number as defined in Table 6.3.1.

Table 6.3.1: Sub-Test Case Number Definition

Sub-Test Case Number	Supported GNSS	
1	UE supporting A-GLONASS only	
2	UE supporting A-Galileo only	
3	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only	
4	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only	
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only	
9	UE supporting A-BDS only	
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only	

6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 6.3.2-3 for the parameters specified in table 6.3.2-1.

Table 6.3.2-1: Test parameters for Nominal Accuracy

System	Parameters	Unit	Value	
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.3.2-2	
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6 or 7 ⁽²⁾	
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1	
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN	
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2	
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5	
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127	
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131	
QZSS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5	
SBAS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131	
BDS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-133	
Note 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE				
capabilities.				
Note 2: 7 satellites apply only for SBAS case.				

If QZSS is supported, one of the GPS satellites will be replaced by a QZSS satellite with respective signal support.

If SBAS is supported, the SBAS satellite with the highest elevation will be added to the scenario.

Table 6.3.2-2: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation					
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾ SBAS					
Single constellation	6			1		
Dual constellation	3	3		1		
Triple constellation	2	2	2	1		
Note: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.						

Table 6.3.2-3: Minimum requirements for Nominal Accuracy

System Success rate		2-D position error	Max response time	
All	95 %	15 m	20 s	

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.172 [19], clause 5.2.1, and 3GPP TS 25.173 [36], clause 5.2.1.

6.3.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GNSS satellite signal conditions that represent ideal conditions.

6.3.4 Method of test

6.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 6.3.4.2 for GNSS scenario #3.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

6.3.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #3 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2.6.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 6.2.2 and 6.2.7 for UE based testing; or clauses 6.2.4 and 6.2.7 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.7.2; using the exception to the RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL message listed in table 6.3.5-1; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.6 or 7.5.8.

Table 6.3.4.2: Contents of RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL message

Information Element	Value/Remark
 UE positioning reporting quantity 	
- Horizontal accuracy	"6" (7.7m)

3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 6.3.5-3 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 6.3.5-3 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.

4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.3.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.3.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GNSS scenario #4 instead of #3 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 6.3.5 are met. Each time scenario #3 or #4 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

capabilities.

Note 2:

6.3.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 6.3.5-1 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 6.3.5-3 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Value **Parameters** Unit System See Table 6.3.5-3 Number of generated satellites per system 6 or 7⁽²⁾ Total number of generated satellites HDOP Range 1.4 to 2.1 **AWGN** Propagation conditions GNSS coarse time assistance error range seconds ±1.8 GPS⁽¹⁾ Reference signal power level for all satellites -128.5 dBm Reference signal power level for all satellites -127 Galileo dBm **GLONASS** Reference signal power level for all satellites -131 dBm -128.5 **QZSS** Reference signal power level for all satellites dBm SBAS Reference signal power level for all satellites -131 dBm **BDS** Reference signal power level for all satellites dBm -133 Note 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE

Table 6.3.5-1: Test parameters for Nominal Accuracy

If QZSS is supported, one of the GPS satellites will be replaced by a QZSS satellite with respective signal support.

If SBAS is supported, the SBAS satellite with the highest elevation will be added to the scenario.

7 satellites apply only for SBAS case.

Table 6.3.5-2: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation					
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾ SBA					
Single constellation	6			1		
Dual constellation	3	3		1		
Triple constellation	2	2	2	1		
Note: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.						

Table 6.3.5-3: Test requirements for Nominal Accuracy

I	System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
Ī	All	95 %	16.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

6.4 Dynamic Range

6.4.1 Definition and applicability

Dynamic Range is the maximum difference in level of the GNSS signals from a number of satellites that allows the UE to make an A-GNSS position estimate with a specific accuracy and a specific response time.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the UE that supports A-GNSS.

This test case includes sub-test cases dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test case is identified by a Sub-Test Case Number as defined in Table 6.4.1.

Sub-Test Supported GNSS Case Number UE supporting A-GLONASS only 1 UE supporting A-Galileo only 2 UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only 3 4 UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only 8 UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only 9 UE supporting A-BDS only 10 UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

Table 6.4.1: Sub-Test Case Number Definition

6.4.2 Minimum requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 6.4.2-3 for the parameters specified in table 6.4.2-1.

Table 6.4.2-1: Test parameters for Dynamic Range

System	Parameters	Unit	Value		
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.4.2-2		
	-	6			
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1		
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN		
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2		
Calilaa	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-127.5		
Galileo	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147		
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-129		
GPS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147		
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-131.5		
GLONASS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147		
BDS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-133.5		
ВОЗ	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-145		
	Note: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE capabilities.				

Table 6.4.2-2: Power level and satellite allocation

		Satellite allocation for each constellation			
		GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾	
Single constellation	High signal level	2			
	Low signal level	4			
Dual constellation	High signal level	1	1		
	Low signal level	2	2		
Triple constellation	High signal level	1	1	1	
	Low signal level	1	1	1	
Note: GNSS refers to	Note: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.				

Table 6.4.2-3: Minimum requirements for Dynamic Range

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.172 [19], clause 5.3.1, and 3GPP TS 25.173 [36], clause 5.3.1.

6.4.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GNSS satellite signal conditions that have a wide dynamic range. Strong satellites are likely to degrade the acquisition of weaker satellites due to their cross-correlation products.

6.4.4 Method of test

6.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 6.4.5-1 for GNSS scenario #1. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 for the satellites with the higher levels.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

6.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2.6.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 6.2.2 and 6.2.7 for UE based testing; or clauses 6.2.4 and 6.2.7 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.7.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.6 or 7.5.8.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 6.4.5-3 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 6.4.5-3 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.
- 4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.4.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.4.5-3 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 for the satellites with the higher levels. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 6.4.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, randomly select from the set of satellite SV IDs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2, for the satellites with the higher levels.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

6.4.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 6.4.5-1 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 6.4.5-3 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Parameters Unit Value **System** Number of generated satellites per system See Table 6.4.5-2 Total number of generated satellites 6 **HDOP** Range 1.4 to 2.1 Propagation conditions AWGN GNSS coarse time assistance error range seconds ±2 Reference high signal power level dBm -126.7 Galileo Reference low signal power level dBm -146 Reference high signal power level dBm -128.2 GPS⁽¹⁾ Reference low signal power level dBm -146 Reference high signal power level dBm -130.7**GLONASS** Reference low signal power level dBm -146 Reference high signal power level dBm -132.7 **BSD** Reference low signal power level dBm -144 Note: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE capabilities.

Table 6.4.5-1: Test parameters for Dynamic Range

Table 6.4.5-2: Power level and satellite allocation

		Satellite allo	constellation	
		GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾
Single constellation	High signal level	2		
	Low signal level	4		
Dual constellation	High signal level	1	1	
	Low signal level	2	2	
Triple constellation	High signal level	1	1	1
	Low signal level	1	1	1
Note: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.				

Table 6.4.5-3: Test requirements for Dynamic Range

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

6.5 Multi-path Performance

6.5.1 Definition and applicability

Multi-path performance measures the accuracy and response time of the UE's A-GNSS position estimate in a specific GNSS signal multi-path environment.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the UE that supports A-GNSS.

This test case includes sub-test cases dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test case is identified by a Sub-Test Case Number as defined in Table 6.5.1.

Sub-Test Supported GNSS Case Number UE supporting A-GLONASS only UE supporting A-Galileo only 2 UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only 3 4 UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only 8 UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only 9 UE supporting A-BDS only 10 UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

Table 6.5.1: Sub-Test Case Number Definition

6.5.2 Minimum requirements

capabilities.

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 6.5.2-3 for the parameters specified in table 6.5.2-1.

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.5.2-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions		AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
Galileo	Reference signal power level	dBm	-127
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level	dBm	-128.5
GLONASS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-131
BDS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-133
Note: "GPS" her	re means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both	, dependen	t on UE

Table 6.5.2-1: Test parameters for Multi-path Performance

Table 6.5.2-2: Channel model allocation

			odel allocatio constellation	n for each
		GNSS-1 GNSS-2 GNS		
Single constellation	One-tap channel	2		
	Two-tap channel	4		
Dual constellation	One-tap channel	1	1	
	Two-tap channel	2	2	
Triple constellation	One-tap channel	1	1	1
•	Two-tap channel	1	1	1

Note: One-tap channel: no multi-path. Two-tap channel: multi-path defined in clause 4.2.4

Table 6.5.2-3: Minimum requirements for Multi-path Performance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	100 m	20 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.172 [19], clause 5.4.1, and 3GPP TS 25.173 [36], clause 5.4.1.

6.5.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's first position estimate meets the minimum requirements under GNSS satellite signal conditions that represent simple multi-path conditions.

6.5.4 Method of test

6.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 6.5.5-1 for GNSS scenario #1. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 for the satellites with one-tap channel.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

6.5.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2.6. The initial carrier phase difference between taps of the multi-path model shall be randomly selected between 0 and 2π radians by selecting the next random number from a standard uniform random number generator, in the range 0 to 2π , representing radians with a resolution of 0.1, representing 0.1 radians.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 6.2.2 and 6.2.7 for UE based testing; or clauses 6.2.4 and 6.2.7 for UE assisted testing with the value of GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset by a random value as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.7.2; as required to obtain a fix using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.6 or 7.5.8.
- 3. If the UE returns a valid result in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message within the Max response time specified in table 6.5.5-4 then record the result and process it as specified in step 4. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 6.5.5-4 or reports a UE positioning error in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message then record one Bad Result.

4. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.5.5-4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.5.5-4 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2 for the satellites with one-tap channel. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude, and the initial carrier phase difference between taps of the multi-path model in step 1 and for the GPS TOW msec or GANSS TOD offset in step 2.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the statistical requirements of clause 6.5.5 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the table in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20] clause 6.2.1.2, for the satellites with one-tap channel.
- 7. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

6.5.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 6.5.5-1 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 6.5.5-4 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Table 6.5.5-1: Test parameters for Multi-path Performance

System	Parameters	Unit	Value	
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.5.5-1	
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6	
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1	
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN	
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±1.8	
Galileo	Reference signal power level	dBm	-127	
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level	dBm	-128.5	
GLONASS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-131	
BDS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-133	
Note: "GPS" here	Note: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
capabil	capabilities.			

Table 6.5.5-2: Channel model allocation

		Channel model allocation for each constellation		
		GNSS-1	GNSS-2	GNSS-3
Single constellation	One-tap channel	2		
	Two-tap channel	4		
Dual constellation	One-tap channel	1	1	
	Two-tap channel	2	2	
Triple constellation	One-tap channel	1	1	1
	Two-tap channel	1	1	1
Note: One-tap channel: no multi-path. Two-tap channel: multi-path defined in				

Table 6.5.5-3: Relative mean Power (Y) for use in Table 6.5.5-2

System	Signals	Y [dB]
	E1	-4.7
Galileo	E5a	-6.2
	E1	-6.2
		-6.2
GPS/Modernized	L1C	-4.7
GPS	L2C	-6.2
	L5	-6.2
GLONASS	G1	-12.7
GLONASS	G2	-12.7
BDS	B1I	-4.7

Table 6.5.5-4: Test requirements for Multi-path Performance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

6.6 Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

6.6.1 Definition and applicability

Moving scenario and periodic update performance measures the accuracy of the UE's A-GNSS position estimates and the periodic update capability of the UE in a moving scenario.

The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the UE that supports A-GNSS.

This test case includes sub-test cases dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test case is identified by a Sub-Test Case Number as defined in Table 6.6.1.

Table 6.6.1: Sub-Test Case Number Definition

Sub-Test Case Number	Supported GNSS	
1	UE supporting A-GLONASS only	
2	UE supporting A-Galileo only	
3	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only	
4	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only	
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only	
9	UE supporting A-BDS only	
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only	

6.6.2 Minimum requirements

The position estimates, after the first reported position estimate, shall meet the accuracy requirement in table 6.6.2-3 with the periodical reporting interval of 2 seconds for the parameters specified in table 6.6.2-1.

NOTE: In the actual testing the UE may report error messages until it has been able to acquire GNSS measured results or a position estimate. The SS shall only consider the first measurement report different from an error message as the first position estimate in the requirement in table 6.6.2-1.

Table 6.6.2-1: Test parameters for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites per system		-	See Table 6.6.2-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range per system	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range		±2
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131
BDS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-133
Note: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
capabilities.			

Table 6.6.2-2: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation		
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾		GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾
Single constellation	6		
Dual constellation	3	3	
Triple constellation	2	2	2
Note: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.			and BDS.

Table 6.6.2-3: Minimum requirements for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Periodical reporting interval
All	95 %	50 m	2 s

The reference for this requirement is 3GPP TS 25.172 [19], clause 5.5.1, and 3GPP TS 25.173 [36], clause 5.5.1.

6.6.3 Test purpose

To verify the UE's position estimates, after the first reported position estimate, meet the minimum requirements under GNSS satellite signal conditions that simulate a moving scenario. A good tracking performance, with regular position estimate reporting is essential for certain location services.

6.6.4 Method of test

6.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

The UE is requested to use periodical reporting with a reporting interval of 2 seconds.

The GNSS signals simulate the UE moving on a rectangular trajectory of 940 m by 1 440 m with rounded corners defined in figure 6.6.1 and table 6.6.4.1. The initial reference is first defined followed by acceleration to final speed of 100 km/h in 250 m. The UE then maintains the speed for 400 m. This is followed by deceleration to final speed of 25 km/h in 250 m. The UE then turn 90 degrees with turning radius of 20 m at 25 km/h. This is followed by acceleration to final speed of 100 km/h in 250 m. The sequence is repeated to complete the rectangle.

Table 6.6.4.1: Trajectory Parameters for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance test case

Parameter	Distance (m)	Speed (km/h)
l ₁₁ , l ₁₅ , l ₂₁ , l ₂₅	20	25
l ₁₂ , l ₁₄ , l ₂₂ , l ₂₄	250	25 to 100 and 100 to 25
I ₁₃	400	100
I ₂₃	000 100	

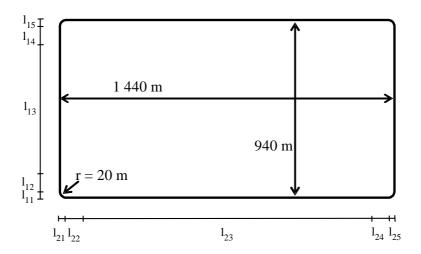


Figure 6.6.1: Rectangular Trajectory for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance test case

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.1 or A.2.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 6.6.5-1 for GNSS scenario #5.
- 3. Switch on the UE.
- 4. Set up a connection using the procedure in clause F.2.

6.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #5 as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 6.2.1.2.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message followed by RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL messages containing appropriate assistance data; as specified in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clauses 6.2.2 and 6.2.7 for UE based testing; or clauses 6.2.4 and 6.2.7 for UE assisted testing; using the exception to the RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL message listed in table 6.6.4.2; as required to obtain fixes using the procedure specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [28], clauses 7.5.7 or 7.5.9.

Table 6.6.4.2: Contents of RRC MEASUREMENT CONTROL message

Information Element	Value/Remark
- UE positioning reporting quantity	
- Horizontal accuracy	"13" (24.5m)

- 3. Ignore any error messages that the UE may report in MEASUREMENT REPORT messages until it has been able to acquire the GNSS signals and reports the first GNSS measured result or position estimate.
- 4. Discard the first GNSS measured result or position estimate.
- 5. Record the time of reception of the next MEASUREMENT REPORT message after reception of the first GNSS measured result or position estimate.
- 6. After the reception of the first GNSS measured result or position estimate reported in a MEASUREMENT REPORT message, every time the UE returns a GNSS measured result or position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message record the time of reception and the result. If the difference between the time of reception and the time of reception of the previous result is less than 1.5 seconds or greater than 2.5 seconds, or if the UE reports a UE positioning error in any MEASUREMENT REPORT messages, then record one Bad Result. Otherwise process the result as specified in step 7.
- 7. For UE based testing compare the reported position estimate in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message against the simulated position of the UE at the time of applicability reported in the position estimate and calculate the 2D

position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.6.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS measured results reported in the MEASUREMENT REPORT message to a 2D position using the method described in Annex B and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE at the time of applicability reported in the GNSS measured results and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 6.1.1.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 6.6.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 8. If the UE sends the first MEASUREMENT REPORT that contains a measured result or position estimate later than 240s after the start of the GNSS scenario, fail the UE and stop the test early. Otherwise collect MEASUREMENT REPORTs during 900s, starting from the time recorded in step 5. If at any time the difference between the times of reception of two consecutive results is greater than 240s, fail the UE and stop the test early. Use the collected Good Results and Bad Results to determine the PASS/FAIL according to clause 6.6.5.
- 9. Release the connection using the procedure in clause F.3.

6.6.5 Test Requirements

For the parameters specified in table 6.6.5-1, after the first reported position estimate, the UE shall meet the accuracy requirement and the success rate specified in table 6.6.5-3 with a periodical reporting interval of 2 seconds +/- 20% plus measurement system uncertainty of 100ms.

NOTE: Due to the statistical nature of the results it is not possible to design a test with predefined confidence level for the success rate in Table 6.6.5-3; therefore a simple PASS/FAIL of the results gathered against this success rate is used.

Table 6.6.5-1: Test parameters for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.6.5-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range per system	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range		±1.8
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131
BDS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-133
Note: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
ca	capabilities.		

Table 6.6.5-2: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation				
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾				
Single constellation	6				
Dual constellation	3	3			
Triple constellation	2	2	2		
Note: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.					

Table 6.6.5-3: Test requirements for Moving Scenario and Periodic Update Performance

System Success rate		2-D position error	
All	95 %	51.3 m	

NOTE 1: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in clause C.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in clause C.4.

NOTE 2: In the actual testing the UE may report error messages until it has been able to acquire GNSS measured results or a position estimate. The test equipment shall only consider the first measurement report different from an error message as the first position estimate in the requirement in table 6.6.5-3.

7 E-UTRA A-GNSS minimum performance requirements

7.0 General

This clause defines the minimum performance requirements for both UE based and UE assisted A-GNSS FDD and TDD E-UTRA terminals. If a terminal supports both modes then it shall be tested in both modes.

7.1 Sensitivity

7.1.1 Sensitivity Coarse time assistance

7.1.1.1 Sub-tests

This test includes sub-tests dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test is identified by a Sub-Test Number as defined in Table 7.1.1.1

Table 7.1.1.1: Sub-Test Number Definition

Sub-Test	Supported GNSS	
Number		
1	UE supporting A-GPS L1C/A only	
2	UE supporting A-GLONASS only	
3	UE supporting A-Galileo only	
4	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only	
5	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only	
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only	
9	UE supporting A-BDS only	
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only	

7.1.1.2 Test purpose

To verify the performance of the first position estimate, when the UE is provided with only coarse time assistance.

7.1.1.3 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE that supports A-GNSS.

7.1.1.4 Minimum conformance requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 7.1.1.2 for the parameters specified in table 7.1.1.3 or 7.1.1.4.

Table 7.1.1.2: Requirements Sensitivity Coarse time assistance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

Table 7.1.1.3: Parameters Sensitivity Coarse time assistance - Sub-Test 1

8 1.1 to 1.6 AWGN
AWGN
±2
-142
-147

Table 7.1.1.4: Parameters Sensitivity Coarse time assistance - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.1.1.5
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
Galileo	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-142
Gailleo	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-142
GFS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-142
GLONASS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147
BDS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-136
סטס	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-145
NOTE 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
capabilities.			

Table 7.1.1.5: Power level and satellite allocation

		Satellite allocation for each constellation		
		GNSS-1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS-2 GNSS-3		GNSS-3
Single constellation	High signal level	1	-	-
	Low signal level	5	1	-
Dual constellation High signal level		1	-	-
	Low signal level	2	3	-
Triple constellation High signal level		1	-	-
	Low signal level	1	2	2
Note 1: For GPS capable receivers, GNSS-1, i.e. the system having the				
satellite with high signal level, shall be GPS.				

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.171 [3] clause 5.1.1 and 6.1.1.

7.1.1.5 Test description

7.1.1.5.1 Initial conditions

Initial conditions are a set of test configurations the UE needs to be tested in and the steps for the SS to take with the UE to reach the correct measurement state.

Test Environment: Normal, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A.

- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 7.1.1.6 or 7.1.1.7 for GNSS scenario #1 in TS 37.571-5 [20]. For GNSS-1, select the first satellite SV ID defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20] for the one satellite with the higher level.
- 3. The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.4.3, single cell scenario.
- 4. Switch on the UE.
- 5. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

7.1.1.5.2 Test procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in clause 6.2.1.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in clause 6.2.1.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20]
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE returns an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the assistance data supported by the UE in the Assistance Data Support List in the A GNSS Provide Capabilities IE.
- 5. Send an LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message to provide the assistance data that is supported by the UE as indicated in step 4 and in accordance with clause 6.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20], and with the values defined in clause 6.2.7 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the value of GNSS Reference Time offset by a random value as specified in clause 6.2.7.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20]. If the UE message at step 4 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 6. Send an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message to obtain a fix.
- 7. If the UE returns a valid result in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message within the Max response time specified in table 7.1.1.9 then record the result and process it as specified in step 8. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 7.1.1.9 or reports an Error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message then record one Bad Result.
- 7a. If the UE message at step 7 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 8. For UE based testing compare the reported Location Information in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.1.1.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS Signal Measurement Information reported in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message to a 2D position using the method described in clause 4.4.3 and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE, used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.1.1.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 9. Repeat steps 1 to 8 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. For GNSS-1, select the first satellite SV ID defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20] for the one satellite with the higher level. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GNSS Reference Time offset in step 5.
- 10. Repeat steps 1 to 9 until the statistical requirements of clause 7.1.1.6 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, for GNSS-1 select the next satellite SV ID from the one used previously, defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20], for the one satellite with the higher level.
- 11. Release the signalling connection.

7.1.1.5.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.6 and 4.7 and as follows:

RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark
UE POSITIONING TECHNOLOGY	AGNSS

LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES

Information Element	Value/remark
a-gnss-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation		
> locationInformationType		
> additionalInformation	"onlyReturnInformationRequested"	
> qos		
>> horizontalAccuracy	"19" (51.2m)	
>> verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE	
>> responseTime		
>>>time	"20"	
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation		
> gnss-PositioningInstructions		
>> gnssMethods		
>>> gnss-ids	Sub-test 1: "gps" Sub-test 2: "glonass" Sub-test 3: "galileo" Sub-test 4: "gps" Sub-test 5: "gps" and "glonass" Sub-test 8: "gps" and "galileo" Sub-test 9: "bds" Sub-test 10: "gps"and"bds"	
>> fineTimeAssistanceMeasReq	FALSE	
>> adrMeasReq	FALSE	
>> multiFreqMeasReq	TRUE or FALSE	Depending on UE capabilities
>> assistanceAvailability	FALSE	

7.1.1.6 Test requirement

For the parameters specified in table 7.1.1.6 or 7.1.1.7 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 7.1.1.9 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Table 7.1.1.6: Test parameters Sensitivity Coarse time assistance - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse Time assistance error	seconds	±1.8
range		
GPS L1 C/A Signal for one satellite	dBm	-141
GPS L1 C/A Signal for remaining	dBm	-146
satellites		

Table 7.1.1.7: Test parameters Sensitivity Coarse time assistance - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.1.1.8
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±1.8
Galileo	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-141
Gailleo	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-141
GFS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-141
GLONASS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146
BDS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-135
סטם	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-144
NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
capabilities.			

Table 7.1.1.8: Power level and satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation		
	GNSS-1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS-2 GNSS-		GNSS-3
High signal level	1	-	-
Low signal level	5	-	-
High signal level	1	-	-
Low signal level	2	3	-
High signal level	1	-	-
Low signal level	1	2	2
	Low signal level High signal level Low signal level High signal level	C GNSS-1 ⁽¹⁾ High signal level 1 Low signal level 5 High signal level 1 Low signal level 2 High signal level 1	constellation GNSS-1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS-2 High signal level 1 - Low signal level 5 - High signal level 1 - Low signal level 2 3 High signal level 1 -

with high signal level, shall be GPS.

Table 7.1.1.9: Test requirements for Sensitivity Coarse Time Assistance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

7.1.2 Sensitivity Fine time assistance

7.1.2.1 Sub-tests

This test includes sub-tests dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test is identified by a Sub-Test Number as defined in Table 7.1.2.1

Table 7.1.2.1: Sub-Test Number Definition

Sub-Test Number	Supported GNSS
1	UE supporting A-GPS L1C/A only
2	UE supporting A-GLONASS only
3	UE supporting A-Galileo only
4	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only
5	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only
9	UE supporting A-BDS only
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

7.1.2.2 Test purpose

To verify the performance of the first position estimate, when the UE is additionally provided with fine time assistance.

7.1.2.3 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE that supports A-GNSS and that is capable of providing an enhanced performance when the network provides Fine Time Assistance.

7.1.2.4 Minimum conformance requirements

capabilities.

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 7.1.2.2 for the parameters specified in table 7.1.2.3 or 7.1.2.4.

Table 7.1.2.2: Requirements Sensitivity Fine time assistance

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

Table 7.1.2.3: Parameters Sensitivity Fine time assistance - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
GPS L1 C/A Fine time assistance error	μs	±10
range	•	
GPS L1 C/A Signal for all satellites	dBm	-147

Table 7.1.2.4: Parameters Sensitivity Fine time assistance - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.1.2.5
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
	GNSS fine time assistance error range	μs	±10
Galileo	o Reference signal power level		-147
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level	dBm	-147
GLONASS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-147
BDS Reference signal power level		dBm	-147
NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			

Table 7.1.2.5: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation			
	GNSS-1 GNSS-2 GNSS-3			
Single constellation	6	-	-	
Dual constellation	3	3	-	
Triple constellation	2	2	2	

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.171 [3] clause 5.1.2 and 6.1.2.

7.1.2.5 Test description

7.1.2.5.1 Initial conditions

Initial conditions are a set of test configurations the UE needs to be tested in and the steps for the SS to take with the UE to reach the correct measurement state.

Test Environment: Normal, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 7.1.2.6 or 7.1.2.7 for GNSS scenario #1 in TS 37.571-5 [20].
- 3. The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.4.3, single cell scenario.
- 4. Switch on the UE.
- 5. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

7.1.2.5.2 Test procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in clause 6.2.1.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in clause 6.2.1.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20]
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE returns an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the assistance data supported by the UE in the Assistance Data Support List in the A GNSS Provide Capabilities IE.
- 5. Send an LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message to provide the assistance data that is supported by the UE as indicated in step 4 and in accordance with clause 6.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20], and with the values defined in clause 6.2.7 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the value of GNSS Reference Time and GNSS Reference Time for one cell offset by a random value as specified in clause 6.2.7.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20]. If the UE message at step 4 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 6. Send an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message to obtain a fix.
- 7. If the UE returns a valid result in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message within the Max response time specified in table 7.1.2.9 then record the result and process it as specified in step 8. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 7.1.2.9 or reports an Error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message then record one Bad Result.

7a. If the UE message at step 7 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.

8. For UE based testing compare the reported Location Information in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.1.2.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS Measurement Information reported in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message to a 2D position using the method described in clause 4.4.3 and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.1.2.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 9. Repeat steps 1 to 8 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GNSS Reference Time GNSS Reference Time for one cell offsets in step 5.
- 10. Repeat steps 1 to 9 until the statistical requirements of clause 7.1.2.6 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again.
- 11. Release the signalling connection.

7.1.2.5.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.6 and 4.7 and as follows:

RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark
UE POSITIONING TECHNOLOGY	AGNSS

LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES

Information Element	Value/remark
a-gnss-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation		
> locationInformationType	"locationEstimateRequired" or "locationMeasurementsRequired"	Depending on test case and UE capabilities, i.e. support for UE-based or UE-assisted
> additionalInformation	"onlyReturnInformationRequested"	
> qos		
>> horizontalAccuracy	"19" (51.2m)	
>> verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE	
>> responseTime		
>>>time	"20"	
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation		
> gnss-PositioningInstructions		
>> gnssMethods		
>>> gnss-ids	Sub-test 1: "gps" Sub-test 2: "glonass" Sub-test 3: "galileo" Sub-test 4: "gps" Sub-test 5: "gps" and "glonass" Sub-test 8: "gps" and "galileo" Sub-test 9: "bds" Sub-test 10: "gps"and"bds"	
>> fineTimeAssistanceMeasReq	FALSE	
>> adrMeasReq	FALSE	
>> multiFreqMeasReq	TRUE or FALSE	Depending on UE capabilities
>> assistanceAvailability	FALSE	_

7.1.2.6 Test requirement

For the parameters specified in table 7.1.2.6 or 7.1.2.7 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 7.1.2.9 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Table 7.1.2.6: Test parameters Sensitivity Fine time assistance - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse time assistance error	seconds	±1.8
range		
GPS Fine Time assistance error	μs	<u>±</u> 9
range		
GPS L1 C/A Signal for all satellites	dBm	-146

Table 7.1.2.7: Test parameters Sensitivity Fine time assistance - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.1.2.8
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions		AWGN
GNSS coarse time assistance error range		seconds	±1.8
	GNSS fine time assistance error range	μs	±9
Galileo	Reference signal power level	dBm	-146
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level	dBm	-146
GLONASS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-146
BDS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-146
NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			

NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE capabilities.

Table 7.1.2.8: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation		
	GNSS-1 GNSS-2 GN		
Single constellation	6	-	-
Dual constellation	3	3	-
Triple constellation	2	2	2

Table 7.1.2.9: Test requirements for Sensitivity Fine Time Assistance

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

7.2 Nominal Accuracy

7.2.1 Sub-tests

This test includes sub-tests dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test is identified by a Sub-Test Number as defined in Table 7.2.1

Table 7.2.1: Sub-Test Number Definition

Sub-Test Number	Supported GNSS
1	UE supporting A-GPS L1C/A only
2	UE supporting A-GLONASS only
3	UE supporting A-Galileo only
4	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only
5	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only
9	UE supporting A-BDS only
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

7.2.2 Test purpose

To verify the performance of the first position estimate, when the UE is provided with ideal GNSS signal conditions.

7.2.3 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE that supports A-GNSS.

7.2.4 Minimum conformance requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 7.2.2 or 7.2.3 for the parameters specified in table 7.2.4 or 7.2.5.

Table 7.2.2: Requirements Nominal Accuracy - Sub-Test 1

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	30 m	20 s

Table 7.2.3: Requirements Nominal Accuracy - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	15 m	20 s

Table 7.2.4: Parameters Nominal Accuracy - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse Time assistance error	seconds	±2
range		
GPS L1 C/A Signal for all satellites	dBm	-130

Table 7.2.5: Parameters Nominal Accuracy - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.2.6
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6 or 7 ⁽²⁾
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131
QZSS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
SBAS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131
BDS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-133
NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
capabilities.			
NOTE 2: 7 satellites apply only for SBAS case.			

If QZSS is supported, one of the GPS satellites will be replaced by a QZSS satellite with respective signal support.

If SBAS is supported, the SBAS satellite with the highest elevation will be added to the scenario.

Table 7.2.6: Satellite allocation

Satellit	Satellite allocation for each constellation		
GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾	SBAS
6			1
3	3		1
2	2	2	1
	783	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.171 [3] clause 5.2 and 6.2.

7.2.5 Test description

7.2.5.1 Initial conditions

Initial conditions are a set of test configurations the UE needs to be tested in and the steps for the SS to take with the UE to reach the correct measurement state.

Test Environment: Normal, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 7.2.7 or 7.2.8 for GNSS scenario #3 in TS 37.571-5 [20].
- 3. The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.4.3, single cell scenario.
- 4. Switch on the UE.
- 5. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

7.2.5.2 Test procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #3 as specified in clause 6.2.1.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in clause 6.2.1.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20]
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE returns an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the assistance data supported by the UE in the Assistance Data Support List in the A GNSS Provide Capabilities IE.
- 5. Send an LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message to provide the assistance data that is supported by the UE as indicated in the step 4 and in accordance with clause 6.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20], and with the values defined in clause 6.2.7 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the value of GNSS Reference Time offset by a random value as specified in clause 6.2.7.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20]. If the UE message at step 4 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the (first) LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 6. Send an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message to obtain a fix.
- 7. If the UE returns a valid result in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message within the Max response time specified in table 7.2.10 then record the result and process it as specified in step 8. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 7.2.10 or reports an Error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message then record one Bad Result.

7a. If the UE message at step 7 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.

8. For UE based testing compare the reported Location Information in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.2.10 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS Measurement Information reported in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message to a 2D position using the method described in clause 4.4.3 and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3.

Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.2.10 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 9. Repeat steps 1 to 8 using GNSS scenario #4 instead of #3 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GNSS Reference Time offset in step 5.
- 10. Repeat steps 1 to 9 until the statistical requirements of clause 7.2.6 are met. Each time scenario #3 or #4 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again.
- 11. Release the signalling connection.

7.2.5.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.6 and 4.7 and as follows:

RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark
UE POSITIONING TECHNOLOGY	AGNSS

LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES

Information Element	Value/remark
a-gnss-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation		
> locationInformationType	"locationEstimateRequired" or "locationMeasurementsRequired"	Depending on test case and UE capabilities, i.e. support for UE-based or UE-assisted
> additionalInformation	"onlyReturnInformationRequested"	
> qos		
>> horizontalAccuracy (Sub-Test 1)	"10" (15.9m)	
>> horizontalAccuracy (Sub-Tests 2 to 10)	"6" (7.7m)	
>> verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE	
>> responseTime		
>>>time	"20"	
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation		
> gnss-PositioningInstructions		
>> gnssMethods		
>>> gnss-ids	Sub-test 1: "gps" and possibly "sbas" and/or "qzss" Sub-test 2: "glonass" and possibly "sbas" and/or "qzss" Sub-test 3: "galileo" and possibly "sbas" and/or "qzss" Sub-test 4: "gps" and possibly "sbas" and/or "qzss" Sub-test 5: "gps" and "glonass" and possibly "sbas" and/or "qzss" Sub-test 8: "gps" and "galileo" and possibly "sbas" and/or "qzss" Sub-test 9: "bds" and possibly "sbas" and /or "qzss" Sub-test 10: "gps"and"bds"and possibly "sbas"and/or"qzss"	Depending on UE capabilities
>> fineTimeAssistanceMeasReq	FALSE	
>> adrMeasReq	FALSE	
>> multiFreqMeasReq	TRUE or FALSE	Depending on UE capabilities
>> assistanceAvailability	FALSE	

7.2.6 Test requirement

For the parameters specified in table 7.2.7 or 7.2.8 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 7.2.10 or 7.2.11 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Table 7.2.7: Test parameters Nominal Accuracy - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	8
HDOP Range	-	1.1 to 1.6
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS Coarse Time assistance error	seconds	±1.8
range		
GPS L1 C/A Signal for all satellites	dBm	-130

Table 7.2.8: Test parameters Nominal Accuracy - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value	
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.2.9	
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6 or 7 ⁽²⁾	
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1	
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN	
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±1.8	
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5	
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127	
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131	
QZSS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5	
SBAS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131	
BDS	Reference signal power level for all satellites dBm -133			
NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE				
capabilities.				
NOTE 2: 7 sa	NOTE 2: 7 satellites apply only for SBAS case.			

If QZSS is supported, one of the GPS satellites will be replaced by a QZSS satellite with respective signal support.

If SBAS is supported, the SBAS satellite with the highest elevation will be added to the scenario.

Table 7.2.9: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation			
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾	SBAS
Single constellation	6	-	-	1
Dual constellation	3	3	-	1
Triple constellation	2	2	2	1
NOTE 1: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.				

Table 7.2.10: Test requirements for Nominal Accuracy - Sub-Test 1

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	31.3 m	20.3 s

Table 7.2.11: Test requirements for Nominal Accuracy – Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	16.3 m	20.3 s

7.3 Dynamic Range

7.3.1 Sub-tests

This test includes sub-tests dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test is identified by a Sub-Test Number as defined in Table 7.3.1

Table 7.3.1: Sub-Test Number Definition

Sub-Test Number	Supported GNSS
1	UE supporting A-GPS L1C/A only
2	UE supporting A-GLONASS only
3	UE supporting A-Galileo only
4	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only
5	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only
9	UE supporting A-BDS only
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

7.3.2 Test purpose

To verify the performance of the first position estimate, when the UE is provided with GNSS signals with large dynamic ranges.

7.3.3 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE that supports A-GNSS.

7.3.4 Minimum conformance requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 7.3.2 for the parameters specified in table 7.3.3 or 7.3.4.

Table 7.3.2: Requirements Dynamic Range

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

Table 7.3.3: Parameters Dynamic Range - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	ı	6
HDOP Range	ı	1.4 to 2.1
GPS Coarse Time assistance	seconds	<u>+2</u>
error range		
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 1st satellite	dBm	-129
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 2 nd satellite	dBm	-135
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 3 rd satellite	dBm	-141
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 4 th satellite	dBm	-147
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 5 th satellite	dBm	-147
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 6 th satellite	dBm	-147

Table 7.3.4: Parameters Dynamic Range - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.3.5
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
Galileo	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-127.5
Gailleo	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-129
GPS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-131.5
GLONASS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-147
BDS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-133.5
Reference low signal power level		dBm	-145
NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
cap	pabilities.		

Table 7.3.5: Power level and satellite allocation

		Satellite	allocation for each cor	nstellation
		GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾
Single constellation	High signal level	2		
	Low signal level	4		
Dual constellation	High signal level	1	1	
	Low signal level	2	2	
Triple constellation	High signal level	1	1	1
	Low signal level	1	1	1
NOTE 1: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.				

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.171 [3] clause 5.3 and 6.3.

7.3.5 Test description

7.3.5.1 Initial conditions

Initial conditions are a set of test configurations the UE needs to be tested in and the steps for the SS to take with the UE to reach the correct measurement state.

Test Environment: Normal, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 7.3.6 or 7.3.7 for GNSS scenario #1 in TS 37.571-5 [20]. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20] for the satellites with the higher levels.
- 3. The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.4.3, single cell scenario.
- 4. Switch on the UE.
- 5. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

7.3.5.2 Test procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in clause 6.2.1.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in clause 6.2.1.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20]
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE returns an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the assistance data supported by the UE in the Assistance Data Support List in the A GNSS Provide Capabilities IE.
- 5. Send an LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message to provide the assistance data that is supported by the UE as indicated in the step 4 and in accordance with clause 6.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20], and with the values defined in clause 6.2.7 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the value of GNSS Reference Time offset by a random value as specified in clause 6.2.7.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20]. If the UE message at step 4 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the (first) LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 6. Send an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message to obtain a fix.
- 7. If the UE returns a valid result in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message within the Max response time specified in table 7.3.9 then record the result and process it as specified in step 8. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 7.3.9 or reports an Error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message then record one Bad Result.
- 7a. If the UE message at step 7 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 8. For UE based testing compare the reported Location Information in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.3.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS Measurement Information reported in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message to a 2D position using the method described in clause 4.4.3 and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.3.9 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 9. Repeat steps 1 to 8 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20] for the satellites with the higher levels. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude in step 1 and for the GNSS Reference Time offset in step 5.
- 10. Repeat steps 1 to 9 until the statistical requirements of clause 7.3.6 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20], for the satellites with the higher levels.
- 11. Release the signalling connection.

7.3.5.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.6 and 4.7 and as follows:

RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark
UE POSITIONING TECHNOLOGY	AGNSS

LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES

Information Element	Value/remark
a-gnss-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation		
> locationInformationType	"locationEstimateRequired" or "locationMeasurementsRequired"	Depending on test case and UE capabilities, i.e. support for UE-based or UE-assisted
> additionalInformation	"onlyReturnInformationRequested"	
> qos		
>> horizontalAccuracy	"19" (51.2m)	
>> verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE	
>> responseTime		
>>>time	"20"	
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation		
> gnss-PositioningInstructions		
>> gnssMethods		
>>> gnss-ids	Sub-test 1: "gps" Sub-test 2: "glonass" Sub-test 3: "galileo" Sub-test 4: "gps" Sub-test 5: "gps" and "glonass" Sub-test 8: "gps" and "galileo" Sub-test 9: "bds" Sub-test 10: "gps"and"bds"	
>> fineTimeAssistanceMeasReq	FALSE	
>> adrMeasReq	FALSE	
>> multiFreqMeasReq	TRUE or FALSE	Depending on UE capabilities
>> assistanceAvailability	FALSE	

7.3.6 Test requirement

For the parameters specified in table 7.3.6 or 7.3.7 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 7.3.9 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Table 7.3.6: Test parameters Dynamic Range - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	6
HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
GPS Coarse Time assistance	seconds	±1.8
error range		
Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 1st satellite	dBm	-128.2
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 2 nd satellite	dBm	-134
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 3 rd satellite	dBm	-140
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 4 th satellite	dBm	-146
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 5 th satellite	dBm	-146
GPS L1 C/A Signal for 6 th satellite	dBm	-146

Table 7.3.7: Test parameters Dynamic Range - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.3.8
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±1.8
Caliloo	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-126.7
Gailleo	Reference low signal power level		-146
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-128.2
GPS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-130.7
GLONASS	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-146
BDS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-132.7
Reference low signal power level		dBm	-144
NOTE 1: 'GPS' here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE capabilities.			

Table 7.3.8: Power level and satellite allocation

		Satellite allocation for each constellation		
		GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾
Single constellation	High signal level	2		
	Low signal level	4		
Dual constellation	High signal level	1	1	
	Low signal level	2	2	
Triple constellation	High signal level	1	1	1
	Low signal level	1	1	1
NOTE 1: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.				

Table 7.3.9: Test requirements for Dynamic Range

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

7.4 Multi-Path scenario

7.4.1 Sub-tests

This test includes sub-tests dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test is identified by a Sub-Test Number as defined in Table 7.4.1

Table 7.4.1: Sub-Test Number Definition

Sub-Test Number	Supported GNSS
1	UE supporting A-GPS L1C/A only
2	UE supporting A-GLONASS only
3	UE supporting A-Galileo only
4	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only
5	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only
9	UE supporting A-BDS only
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

7.4.2 Test purpose

To verify the performance of the first position estimate, when the UE is provided with GNSS signals with multi-path components.

7.4.3 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE that supports A-GNSS.

7.4.4 Minimum conformance requirements

The first fix position estimates shall meet the accuracy and response time requirements in table 7.4.2 for the parameters specified in table 7.4.3 or 7.4.4.

Table 7.4.2: Requirements Multi-Path scenario

Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
95 %	100 m	20 s

Table 7.4.3: Parameters Multi-Path scenario - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites (Satellites 1, 2 unaffected by multi-path) (Satellites 3, 4, 5 affected by multi-path)	-	5
GPS Coarse time assistance error range	seconds	+2
HDOP Range	-	1.8 to 2.5
GPS L1 C/A Signal for satellite 1, 2	dBm	-130
GPS L1 C/A Signal for satellite 3, 4, 5	dBm	LOS signal of -130 dBm, multi- path signal of -136 dBm

Table 7.4.4: Parameters Multi-Path scenario - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.4.5
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
Galileo	Reference signal power level	dBm	-127
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level	dBm	-128.5
GLONASS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-131
BDS	Reference signal power level		-133
NOTE 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
capa	capabilities.		

Table 7.4.5: Channel model allocation

			del allocatio onstellation	n for each
		GNSS-1	GNSS-2	GNSS-3
Single constellation	One-tap channel	2		
	Two-tap channel	4		
Dual constellation	One-tap channel	1	1	
	Two-tap channel	2	2	
Triple constellation	One-tap channel	1	1	1
	Two-tap channel	1	1	1

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.171 [3] clause 5.4 and 6.4.

7.4.5 Test description

7.4.5.1 Initial conditions

Initial conditions are a set of test configurations the UE needs to be tested in and the steps for the SS to take with the UE to reach the correct measurement state.

Test Environment: Normal, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A.
- 2. Set the GNSS test parameters as specified in table 7.4.6 or 7.4.7 for GNSS scenario #1 in TS 37.571-5 [20]. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20] for the satellites with one-tap channels.
- 3. The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.4.3, single cell scenario.
- 4. Switch on the UE.
- 5. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

7.4.5.2 Test procedure

- 1. Start GNSS scenario #1 as specified in clause 6.2.1.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the UE location randomly selected to be within 3 km of the Reference Location and the altitude of the UE randomly selected between 0 m to 500 m above WGS-84 reference ellipsoid using the method described in clause 6.2.1.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20]. The initial carrier phase difference between taps of the multi-path model shall be randomly selected between 0 and 2π radians by selecting the next random number from a standard uniform random number generator, in the range 0 to 2π , representing radians with a resolution of 0.1, representing 0.1 radians.
- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE returns an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the assistance data supported by the UE in the Assistance Data Support List in the A GNSS Provide Capabilities IE.
- 5. Send an LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message to provide the assistance data that is supported by the UE as indicated in the step 4 and in accordance with clause 6.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20], and with the values defined in clause 6.2.7 of TS 37.571-5 [20] with the value of GNSS Reference Time offset by a random value as specified in clause 6.2.7.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20]. If the UE message at step 4 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 6. Send an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message to obtain a fix.
- 7. If the UE returns a valid result in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message within the Max response time specified in table 7.4.10 then record the result and process it as specified in step 8. If the UE does not return a valid result within the Max response time specified in table 7.4.10 or reports an Error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message then record one Bad Result.

7a. If the UE message at step 7 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.

8. For UE based testing compare the reported Location Information in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.4.10 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS Measurement Information reported in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message to a 2D position using the method described in clause 4.4.3 and then compare the result

against the simulated position of the UE used in step 1, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.4.10 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 9. Repeat steps 1 to 8 using GNSS scenario #2 instead of #1 so that the reference location changes sufficiently such that the UE shall have to use the new assistance data. Randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20] for the satellites with the one-tap channels. Use new random values for the UE location and altitude, and the initial carrier phase difference between taps of the multipath model in step 1 and for the GNSS Reference Time offset in step 5.
- 10. Repeat steps 1 to 9 until the statistical requirements of clause 7.4.6 are met. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, the start time of the GNSS scenario shall be advanced by 2 minutes from the time used previously for that scenario. Once a scenario reaches the end of its viable running time, restart it from its nominal start time again. Each time scenario #1 or #2 is used, randomly select from the satellite SV IDs defined in the relevant table of Satellites to be simulated in clause 6.2.1.2 in TS 37.571-5 [20], for the satellites with the one-tap channels.
- 11. Release the signalling connection

7.4.5.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.6 and 4.7 and as follows:

RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark
UE POSITIONING TECHNOLOGY	AGNSS

LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES

Information Element	Value/remark
a-gnss-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation		
> locationInformationType	"locationEstimateRequired" or "locationMeasurementsRequired"	Depending on test case and UE capabilities, i.e. support for UE-based or UE-assisted
> additionalInformation	"onlyReturnInformationRequested"	
> qos		
>> horizontalAccuracy	"19" (51.2m)	
>> verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE	
>> responseTime		
>>>time	"20"	
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation		
> gnss-PositioningInstructions		
>> gnssMethods		
>>> gnss-ids	Sub-test 1: "gps" Sub-test 2: "glonass" Sub-test 3: "galileo" Sub-test 4: "gps" Sub-test 5: "gps" and "glonass" Sub-test 8: "gps" and "galileo" Sub-test 9: "bds" Sub-test 10: "gps"and"bds"	
>> fineTimeAssistanceMeasReq	FALSE	
>> adrMeasReq	FALSE	
>> multiFreqMeasReq	TRUE or FALSE	Depending on UE capabilities
>> assistanceAvailability	FALSE	

7.4.6 Test requirement

For the parameters specified in table 7.4.6 or 7.4.7 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 7.4.10 with a confidence level of 95% according to Annex D.

Table 7.4.6: Test parameters Multi-Path scenario - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value	
Number of generated satellites (see note)	-	5	
GPS Coarse Time assistance error range	seconds	±1.8	
HDOP Range	-	1.8 to 2.5	
GPS L1 C/A Signal for Satellite 1, 2 (see note)	dBm	-130	
GPS L1 C/A Signal for Satellite 3, 4, 5 (see	dBm	LOS signal of -130 dBm, multi-	
note)		path signal of -136.2 dBm	
NOTE: Satellites 1, 2 no multi-path, Satellites 3, 4, 5 multi-path defined in clause 4, 2, 4.			

Table 7.4.7: Test parameters Multi-Path scenario - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 6.18
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range per system	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
	GNSS coarse time assistance error range	seconds	±2
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131
BDS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-133
NOTE 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
car	pabilities.		

Table 6.18: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation		
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾		
Single constellation	6		
Dual constellation	3	3	
Triple constellation	2	2	2
NOTE 1: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.			

Table 7.4.10: Test requirements for Multi-Path scenario

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Max response time
All	95 %	101.3 m	20.3 s

7.5 Moving scenario and periodic update

7.5.1 Sub-tests

This test includes sub-tests dependent on the GNSS supported by the UE. Each sub-test is identified by a Sub-Test Number as defined in Table 7.5.1

Table 7.5.1: Sub-Test Number Definition

Sub-Test	Supported GNSS
Number	
1	UE supporting A-GPS L1C/A only
2	UE supporting A-GLONASS only
3	UE supporting A-Galileo only
4	UE supporting A-GPS and Modernized GPS only
5	UE supporting A-GPS and A-GLONASS only
8	UE supporting A-GPS and A-Galileo only
9	UE supporting A-BDS only
10	UE supporting A-GPS and A-BDS only

7.5.2 Test purpose

To verify the performance when the UE is requested to use periodical reporting with a reporting interval of 2 seconds.

7.5.3 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE that supports A-GNSS.

7.5.4 Minimum conformance requirements

The position estimates, after the first reported position estimate, shall meet the accuracy requirement in table 7.5.2 or 7.5.3 with the periodical reporting interval of 2 seconds for the parameters specified in table 7.5.4 or 7.5.5.

NOTE: In the actual testing the UE may report error messages until it has been able to acquire GNSS measured results or a position estimate. The SS shall only consider the first measurement report different from an error message as the first position estimate in the requirement in table 7.5.2 or 7.5.3.

Table 7.5.2: Requirements Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Test 1

Success Rate	2-D position error	Periodical reporting interval
95 %	100 m	2 s

Table 7.5.3: Requirements Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

Success Rate	2-D position error	Periodical reporting interval
95 %	50 m	2 s

Table 7.5.4: Parameters Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	-	5
HDOP Range	-	1.8 to 2.5
Propagation condition	-	AWGN
GPS L1 C/A signal for all	dBm	-130
satellites		

Table 7.5.5: Parameters Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.5.6
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
Galileo	Reference signal power level	dBm	-127
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level	dBm	-128.5
GLONASS	Reference signal power level	dBm	-131
BDS Reference signal power level dBm -133			
NOTE 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE			
capabilities.			

Table 7.5.6: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation		
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾
Single constellation	6		
Dual constellation	3	3	
Triple constellation	2	2	2
NOTE 1: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.171 [3] clause 5.5 and 6.5.

7.5.5 Test description

7.5.5.1 Initial conditions

Initial conditions are a set of test configurations the UE needs to be tested in and the steps for the SS to take with the UE to reach the correct measurement state.

Test Environment: Normal, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1

The UE moves on a rectangular trajectory of 940 m by 1 440 m with rounded corner defined in Figure 7.1. The initial reference is first defined followed by acceleration to final speed of 100 km/h in 250 m. The UE then maintains the speed for 400 m. This is followed by deceleration to final speed of 25 km/h in 250 m. The UE then turn 90 degrees with turning radius of 20 m at 25 km/h. This is followed by acceleration to final speed of 100 km/h in 250 m. The sequence is repeated to complete the rectangle.

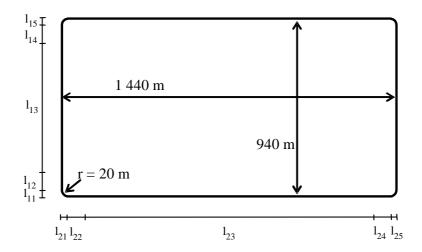


Figure 7.1: Rectangular trajectory of the moving scenario and periodic update test case

$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline \textbf{Parameter} & \textbf{Distance (m)} & \textbf{Speed (km/h)} \\ \hline \textbf{I}_{11}, \textbf{I}_{15}, \textbf{I}_{21}, \textbf{I}_{25} & 20 & 25 \\ \hline \textbf{I}_{12}, \textbf{I}_{14}, \textbf{I}_{22}, \textbf{I}_{24} & 250 & 25 \text{ to } 100 \text{ and } 100 \text{ to } 25 \\ \hline \textbf{I}_{13} & 400 & 100 \\ \hline \textbf{I}_{23} & 900 & 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$

Trajectory Parameters

- 1. Connect SS and GSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A.
- 2. Set the GPS test parameters as specified in table 7.5.7 or 7.5.8 for GPS scenario #5 in TS 37.571-5 [20].
- 3. The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.4.3, single cell scenario.
- 4. Switch on the UE.
- 5. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

7.5.5.2 Test procedure

1. Start GNSS scenario #5 as specified in clause 6.2.1.2 of TS 37.571-5 [20]

- 2. Send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE returns an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the assistance data supported by the UE in the Assistance Data Support List in the A GNSS Provide Capabilities IE.
- 5. Send an LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message to provide the assistance data that is supported by the UE as indicated in the step 4 and in accordance with clause 6.2.6 of TS 37.571-5 [20], and with the values defined in clause 6.2.7 of TS 37.571-5 [20]. If the UE message at step 4 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 6. Send an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message to obtain a fix.
- 7. Ignore any Error messages that the UE may report in LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION messages until it has been able to acquire the GNSS signals and reports the first GNSS Measurement Information or Location Information.
- 8. Discard the first GNSS Measurement Information or Location Information.
- 9. Record the time of reception of the next LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message after reception of the first GNSS Measurement Information or Location Information.
- 10. After the reception of the first GNSS Measurement Information or Location Information reported in a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, every time the UE returns a GNSS Measurement Information or Location Information in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message record the time of reception and the result. If the difference between the time of reception and the time of reception of the previous result is less than 1.5 seconds or greater than 2.5 seconds, or if the UE reports an Error in any LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION messages, then record one Bad Result. Otherwise process the result as specified in step 11.
- 10a. If the UE messages at steps 7 to 10 include the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send LPP acknowledgment messages as required.
- 11. For UE based testing compare the reported Location Information in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message against the simulated position of the UE at the time of applicability reported in the Location Information, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.5.10 or 7.5.11 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate; or

For UE assisted testing convert the GNSS Measurement Information reported in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message to a 2D position using the method described in clause 4.4.3 and then compare the result against the simulated position of the UE at the time of applicability reported in the GNSS Measurement Information, and calculate the 2D position error as specified in clause 4.5.2.3. Compare the 2D position error against the value in table 7.5.10 or 7.5.11 and record one Good Result or Bad Result as appropriate.

- 12. If the UE sends the first LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION that contains GNSS Measurement Information or Location Information later than 240s after the start of the GNSS scenario, fail the UE and stop the test early. Otherwise collect LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION results during 900s, starting from the time recorded in step 9. If at any time the difference between the times of reception of two consecutive results is greater than 240s, fail the UE and stop the test early. Use the collected Good Results and Bad Results to determine the PASS/FAIL according to clause 7.5.6.
- 13. Release the signalling connection.

7.5.5.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.6 and 4.7 and as follows:

RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark
UE POSITIONING TECHNOLOGY	AGNSS

LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES

Information Element	Value/remark
a-gnss-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation		
> locationInformationType	"locationEstimateRequired" or "locationMeasurementsRequired"	Depending on test case and UE capabilities, i.e. support for UE-based or UE-assisted
> periodicalReporting		
>> reportingAmount	"ra-Infinity"	Infinite means during the complete test time
>> reportingInterval	"ri0-5"	2 seconds
> additionalInformation	"onlyReturnInformationRequested"	
> qos		
>> horizontalAccuracy (Sub-Test 1)	"19" (51.2m)	
>> horizontalAccuracy (Sub-Tests 2 to 10)	"13" (24.5m)	
>> verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE	
>> responseTime	Not present	
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation		
> gnss-PositioningInstructions		
>> gnssMethods		
>>> gnss-ids	Sub-test 1: "gps" Sub-test 2: "glonass" Sub-test 3: "galileo" Sub-test 4: "gps" Sub-test 5: "gps" and "glonass"Sub-test 8: "gps" and "galileo" Sub-test 9: "bds" Sub-test 10: "gps"and"bds"	
>> fineTimeAssistanceMeasReq	FALSE	
>> adrMeasReq	FALSE	
>> multiFreqMeasReq	TRUE or FALSE	Depending on UE capabilities
>> assistanceAvailability	FALSE	

7.5.6 Test requirement

For the parameters specified in table 7.5.7 or 7.5.8 the UE shall meet the requirements and the success rate specified in table 7.5.10 or 7.5.11 after the first reported position estimates.

NOTES: 1. In the testing the UE may report error messages until it has been able to acquire GNSS measured results or a position estimate. The test equipment shall only consider the first measurement report different from an error message as the first position estimate in the requirement in table 7.5.10 or 7.5.11.

2. Due to the statistical nature of the results it is not possible to design a test with predefined confidence level for the success rate in table 7.5.10 or 7.5.11, therefore a simple PASS/FAIL of the results gathered against this success rate is used.

Table 7.5.7: Test parameters Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Test 1

Parameters	Unit	Value
Number of generated satellites	1	5
HDOP Range	-	1.8 to 2.5
Propagation condition	-	AWGN
GPS L1 C/A Signal for all	dBm	-130
satellites		

Table 7.5.8: Test parameters Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Parameters I		Value		
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 7.5.9		
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6		
	HDOP Range per system	-	1.4 to 2.1		
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN		
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127		
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5		
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131		
BDS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-133		
NOTE 1: "GP	NOTE 1: "GPS" here means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on UE				
ca	pabilities.				

Table 7.5.9: Satellite allocation

	Satellite allocation for each constellation				
	GNSS 1 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾ GNSS 3 ⁽¹⁾				
Single constellation	6				
Dual constellation	3	3			
Triple constellation 2 2 2					
NOTE 1: GNSS refers to global systems i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS and BDS.					

Table 7.5.10: Test requirements for Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Test 1

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Periodical reporting interval
All	95 %	101.3 m	Between 1.5 s and 2.5s

Table 7.5.11: Test requirements for Moving scenario and periodic update - Sub-Tests 2 to 5 and Sub-Tests 8 to 10

System	Success rate	2-D position error	Periodical reporting interval
ΔΙΙ	95 %	51 3 m	Retween 1.5 s and 2.5s

8 E-UTRA ECID measurement requirements

8.1 UE Rx – Tx Time Difference

8.1.1 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-11)

8.1.1.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.

8.1.1.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 9 to release 11 that supports ECID positioning.

8.1.1.3 Minimum conformance requirements

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The UE RX-TX time difference is measured from the PCell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 8.1.1.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

Cell specific reference signals are transmitted either from one, two or four antenna ports.

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

No changes to the uplink transmission timing are applied during the measurement period.

RSRP_{dBm} according to clause E.1 for a corresponding Band.

Table 8.1.1.3-1: UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy

			Conditions			
	Downlink		lo Note 1	lo ^{Note 1} range		
Accuracy	Ês/lot	transmission bandwidth of PCell	-UTRA operating band groups Note 6 Minimum Ic		Maximum Io	
Ts Note 2	dB	MHz		dBm/15kHz Note 5	dBm/BW _{Channel}	
		FDD_A Note 7, TDD_A	-121	-50		
			FDD_B	-120.5	-50	
			FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50	
			FDD_D	-119.5	-50	
±20	≥-3 dB	≤ 3 MHz	FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50	
			FDD_F	-118.5	-50	
			FDD_G Note 4	-118	-50	
			FDD_H	-117.5	-50	
			FDD_N	-114.5	-50	
±10	≥-3 dB	≥ 5 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	

NOTE 1: When in dBm/15kHz, the minimum lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in that symbol. Io may be different in different symbols within a subframe.

NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26].

NOTE 3: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with downlink bandwidth ≤ 3 MHz.

NOTE 4: Except Band 29.

NOTE 5: The condition level is increased by ∆>0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.521-3 [25] Sections I.4.2 and I.4.3.

NOTE 6: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in Section 4.4.2.

NOTE 7: Except Band 32.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9 and A.9.7.1.

8.1.1.4 Test description

The test consists of two sub-tests; the difference between the sub-tests is the bandwidth, 1.4 MHz and 10 MHz. Each sub-test has two test points with time delays starting at 32 T_s and 5008 T_s respectively. There is only one active cell in the tests. The tested UE is connected with the serving cell, configured to transmit SRS signals periodically, and signalled to report UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement. The test equipment measures the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS. The test equipment then compares this timing to the UE Rx-Tx measurement reported by the UE.

8.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: 1.4 and 10 MHz. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test, as defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 5.6.1, then the corresponding sub-test shall be omitted.

- 1. Connect the SS (node B emulator) and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connectors as shown in Annex A figure A.5.
- 2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. Message contents are defined in clause 8.1.1.4.3.
- 4. Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 1 is the cell used for connection setup with the power levels set according to TS 36.521-3 [25] clauses C.0 and C.1 for this test.

8.1.1.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Bring the UE to State 3A or 3A-RF according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3A or 5.2A.2, using a value of initial timing advance command $T_A = 2$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA} = 32 \, T_s$. Note that in the remainder of the test the timing advance command $T_A = 31$ which indicates a timing advance adjustment value $N_{TA} = 0 \, T_s$.
- 2. Set the parameters according to Sub-test 1 in Tables 8.1.1.5-1 and 8.1.1.5-2 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. The SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +8 T_S, compared to the current value.
- 4. Wait for 1.6 s to allow for the possibility that the UE makes autonomous timing adjustments.
- 4a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the ECID capabilities supported by the UE in the *ECID-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE. If the UE message at step 4b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message.
- 6. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE.
- 7. As soon as possible after step 6 the SS shall measure the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, relative to the current downlink timing.
- 8. If the UE message at step 6 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 9. The SS shall check the reported value of *ue-RxTxTimeDiff* in the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE provided by the UE in step 6 and compare it with the value measured in step 7. The SS shall check that the reported value is

within the limits specified in table 8.1.1.5-3 for Sub-test 1 compared to the measured value. If the reported value is within the limits the number of successful results for 'Sub-test 1 – Test point 1' is increased by one. If the reported value is not within the limits, or the UE reports an error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message in step 6, or does not respond at step 6 within the time given by the *time* IE in the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE in step 5, then the number of unsuccessful results for 'Sub-test 1 – Test point 1' is increased by one.

- 10. Repeat steps 3-9 until the confidence level according to Annex D.4.3 is achieved.
- NOTE: To avoid a large divergence between the sent TA and the set downlink timing, the SS may reset the downlink timing for Cell 1 to its initial value after a certain amount of loops. The loop during the reset does not count for the result statistics.
- 11. Repeat steps 1-10 for 'Sub-test 1 Test point 2'. Set a value of initial timing advance command $T_A = 313$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA} = 5008 T_s$ in step 1.
- 12. Repeat steps 1-11 for Sub-test 2 (consisting of Test point 1 and Test point 2) in Tables 8.1.1.5-1 and 8.1.1.5-2 as appropriate. In step 3 the SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +4 T_S compared to the current value.

If both test points of a sub-test pass, the sub-test passes. If one test point of a sub-test fails, the sub-test fails.

If all (applicable) sub-tests pass, the whole test passes. If one (applicable) sub-test fails, the whole test fails.

8.1.1.4.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6 with the following exceptions:

Table 8.1.1.4.3-1: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN FDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-21 SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
srs-BandwidthConfig	bw7 for sub-test 1 bw5 for sub-test 2	Set according to specific sub-test	
srs-SubframeConfig	Sc1		FDD
ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission	FALSE		
srsMaxUpPts }	Not present		FDD

Table 8.1.1.4.3-2: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN FDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-22 SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT ::=				
CHOICE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
srs-Bandwidth	bw0	bw0 used with no		
		frequency hopping.		
		bw3 used with		
		frequency hopping		
srs-HoppingBandwidth	hbw0			
freqDomainPosition	0			
duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration		
srs-ConfigIndex	0			
transmissionComb	0			
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift	•	
}				
}			_	

Table 8.1.1.4.3-2a: LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN FDD test requirement

Information Element	Value/remark
ecid-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 8.1.1.4.3-3: *ECID-RequestLocationInformation*: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN FDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 clause 6.2	Volue/remerk	Commont	Condition
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {	La cation Common		
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	2		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {	Not present		
requestedMeasurements	0 0 1	ueRxTxReq	
}			
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.1.4.3-4: *ECID-ProvideLocationInformation*: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN FDD test requirement

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation ::= SEQUENCE {			
primaryCellMeasuredResults	Not Present		
MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE			
(SIZE(132)) OF			
MeasuredResultsElement			
MeasuredResultsElement ::= SEQUENCE {			
physCellId			
cellGloballd			
arfcnEUTRA			
systemFrameNumber			
rsrp-Result	Not Present		
rsrq-Result	Not Present		
ue-RxTxTimeDiff		Set according to specific subtest and test point.	
}			
}			
}			
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.1.4.3-5: CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN FDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-2 CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {				
cqi-ReportModeAperiodic	rm30	This IE should be omitted for Subtest 1		
nomPDSCH-RS-EPRE-Offset	0			
cqi-ReportPeriodic CHOICE {				
release	NULL			
}				

8.1.1.5 Test requirement

Table 8.1.1.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for all sub-tests.

Table 8.1.1.5-1: FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2
E-UTRAN RF Channel Number		1	1
BW _{channel}	MHz	1.4	10
DRX		OI	FF
PDSCH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.1.1		R.2 FDD	R.0 FDD
PDSCH allocation	$n_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$	2—3	13—36
PDCCH/PCFICH/PHICH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1		R.8 FDD	R.6 FDD
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD
PBCH_RA	dB		
PBCH_RB	dB		
PSS_RA	dB		
SSS_RA	dB		
PCFICH_RB	dB		
PHICH_RA	dB		
PHICH_RB	dB	0	0
PDCCH_RA	dB		
PDCCH_RB	dB		
PDSCH_RA	dB		
PDSCH_RB	dB		
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}	dB		
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}	dB]	
$N_{oc}^{ m Note2}$	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98
RSRP Note 3	dBm/15 kHz	-101	-101
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	2.7	2.7
lo Note 3	dBm/1.08 MHz	-76.55	N/A
	dBm/9 MHz	N/A	-67.35
$\hat{ extbf{E}}_{ ext{s}}/ extbf{I}_{ ext{ot}}$	dB	-2.7	-2.7
Propagation Condition		AW	GN

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that the resources in the active cell are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: RSRP and Io levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Table 8.1.1.5-2: Sounding Reference Symbol Configuration to be used in FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference test

Field	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2	Comment	
rieid	Value		Comment	
srsBandwidthConfiguration	bw7	bw5		
srsSubframeConfiguration	S	c1		
ackNackSrsSimultaneousTransmission	FAI	LSE		
srsMaxUpPTS	N	/A	Not applicable for FDD	
srsBandwidth)	No hopping	
srsHoppingBandwidth	hb	w0		
frequencyDomainPosition)		
Duration	TR	UE	Indefinite duration	
Srs-ConfigurationIndex)	SRS periodicity of 2ms.	
transmissionComb)		
cyclicShift	C	s0	No cyclic shift	
SRS-AntennaPort	a	11	Number of antenna ports used for SRS transmission	
Note: For further information see clause 6.3.2 in 3GPP TS 36.331 [22].				

The UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 8.1.1.5-3.

Table 8.1.1.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2
	(Measured value from step 7 - 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 - 13) T _s
Lowest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	convertedto RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1	according to Table 4.6.3-1
	(Measured value from step 7 + 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 + 13) T _s
Highest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1	according to Table 4.6.3-1

NOTE: Each sub-test in table 8.1.1.5-3 has two test points starting at 32 T_s and 5008 T_s.

The test tolerances are defined in Annex C.

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each test point of each sub-test shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test then Sub-test 1 shall be omitted.

8.1.1A E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference case (Rel-12 onwards)

8.1.1A.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 8.1.1.1.

8.1.1A.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 12 onwards that supports ECID positioning.

8.1.1A.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 8.1.1.3 except that Table 8.1.1A.3-1 replaces Table 8.1.1.3-1.

Table 8.1.1A.3-1: UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement accuracy from Release 12 onwards

	Conditions				
Accuracy	_	Downlink	lo ^{Note 1} I	ange	
Accuracy	Ês/lot	bandwidth	E-UTRA operating band groups	Minimum Io	Maximum Io
Ts Note 2	dB	MHz		dBm/15kHz Note 5	dBm/BW _{Channel}
			FDD_A Note 7, TDD_A	-121	-50
			FDD_B	-120.5	-50
			FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50
			FDD_D	-119.5	-50
±20	≥-3 dB	≥1.4 MHz	FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50
			FDD_F	-118.5	-50
			FDD_G Note 4	-118	-50
			FDD_H	-117.5	-50
			FDD_N	-114.5	-50
±14	≥-3 dB	≥ 3 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3
±10	≥-3 dB	≥ 5 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3
±7	≥-3 dB	≥10 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3

NOTE 1: When in dBm/15kHz, the minimum lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in that symbol. Io may be different in different symbols within a subframe.

NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26].

NOTE 3: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with downlink bandwidth ≥1.4 MHz.

NOTE 4: Except Band 29.

NOTE 5: The condition level is increased by ∆>0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.521-3 [25] Sections

I.4.2 and I.4.3.

NOTE 6: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in Section 4.4.2.

NOTE 7: Except Band 32.

8.1.1A.4 Test description

Same as defined in clause 8.1.1.4.

8.1.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 8.1.1.4.1.

8.1.1A.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 8.1.1.4.2.

8.1.1A.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 8.1.1.4.3.

8.1.1A.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 8.1.1.5 except that Table 8.1.1A.5-3 replaces Table 8.1.1.5-3.

Table 8.1.1A.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2
	(Measured value from step 7 - 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 - 10) T _s
Lowest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1	according to Table 4.6.3-1
	(Measured value from step 7 + 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 + 10) T _s
Highest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1	according to Table 4.6.3-1

8.1.2 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-11)

8.1.2.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.

8.1.2.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 9 to release 11 with LPP release 13 onwards that supports ECID positioning. Note that for LPP releases before release 13 the UE TDD Rx - Tx time difference measurement report mapping is ambiguous and therefore this test shall not be used.

8.1.2.3 Minimum conformance requirements

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The UE RX-TX time difference is measured from the PCell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 8.1.1.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

Cell specific reference signals are transmitted either from one, two or four antenna ports.

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

No changes to the uplink transmission timing are applied during the measurement period.

RSRP_{dBm} according to clause E.1 for a corresponding Band.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9 and A.9.7.1.

8.1.2.4 Test description

The test consists of two sub-tests; the difference between the sub-tests is the bandwidth, 1.4 MHz and 10 MHz. Each sub-test has two test points with time delays starting at $32~T_s$ and $5008~T_s$ respectively. There is only one active cell in the tests. The tested UE is connected with the serving cell, configured to transmit SRS signals periodically, and signalled to report UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement. The test equipment measures the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS. The test equipment then compares this timing to the UE Rx-Tx measurement reported by the UE.

8.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.2.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: 1.4 and 10 MHz. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test, as defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 5.6.1, then the corresponding sub-test shall be omitted.

- 1. Connect the SS (node B emulator) and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connectors as shown in Annex A figure A.5.
- 2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. Message contents are defined in clause 8.1.2.4.3.
- 4. Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 1 is the cell used for connection setup with the power levels set according to TS 36.521-3 [25] clauses C.0 and C.1 for this test.

8.1.2.4.2 Test procedure

1. Bring the UE to State 3A or 3A-RF according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3A or 5.2A.2, using a value of initial timing advance command $T_A = 2$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA} = 1$

- $32 T_s$. Note that in the remainder of the test the timing advance command $T_A = 31$ which indicates a timing advance adjustment value $N_{TA} = 0 T_s$.
- 2. Set the parameters according to Sub-test 1 in Tables 8.1.2.5-1 and 8.1.5.2-2 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. The SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +8 T_S, compared to the current value.
- 4. Wait for 1.6 s to allow for the possibility that the UE makes autonomous timing adjustments.
- 4a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the ECID capabilities supported by the UE in the *ECID-ProvideCapabilities* IE. The IE *ueRxTxSupTDD-r13* shall be present (TRUE).
- 5. The SS shall transmit a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE. If the UE message at step 4b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message.
- 6. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE.
- 7. As soon as possible after step 6 the SS shall measure the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, relative to the current downlink timing.
- 8. If the UE message at step 6 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 9. The SS shall check the reported value of *ue-RxTxTimeDiff* in the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE provided by the UE in step 6 and compare it with the value measured in step 7. The SS shall check that the reported values are within the limits specified in table 8.1.2.5-3 for Sub-test 1 compared to the measured value. If the reported value is within the limits the number of successful results for 'Sub-test 1 Test point 1' is increased by one. If the reported value is not within the limits, or the UE reports an error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message in step 6, or does not respond at step 6 within the time given by the *time* IE in the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE in step 5, then the number of unsuccessful results for 'Sub-test 1 Test point 1' is increased by one.
- 10. Repeat steps 3-9 until the confidence level according to Annex D.4.3 is achieved. NOTE: To avoid a large divergence between the sent TA and the set downlink timing, the SS may reset the downlink timing for Cell 1 to its initial value after a certain amount of loops. The loop during the reset does not count for the result statistics.
- 11. Repeat steps 1-10 for 'Sub-test 1 Test point 2'. Set a value of initial timing advance command $T_A = 313$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA} = 5008 \, T_s$ in step 1.
- 12. Repeat steps 1-11 for Sub-test 2 (consisting of Test point 1 and Test point 2) in Tables 8.1.2.5-1 and 8.1.2.5-2 as appropriate. In step 3 the SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +4 T_S compared to the current value.

If both test points of a sub-test pass, the sub-test passes. If one test point of a sub-test fails, the sub-test fails.

If all (applicable) sub-tests pass, the whole test passes. If one (applicable) sub-test fails, the whole test fails.

8.1.2.4.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6 with the following exceptions:

Table 8.1.2.4.3-1: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN TDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-21 SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT ::=				
SEQUENCE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
srs-BandwidthConfig	bw7 for sub-test 1	Set according to		
-	bw5 for sub-test 2	specific sub-test		
srs-SubframeConfig	Sc1		TDD	
ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission	FALSE			
srsMaxUpPts	TRUE		TDD	
}				

Table 8.1.2.4.3-2: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN TDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-22 SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT ::=					
CHOICE {					
setup SEQUENCE {					
srs-Bandwidth	bw0	bw0 used with no frequency hopping. bw3 used with frequency hopping			
srs-HoppingBandwidth	hbw0				
freqDomainPosition	0				
duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration			
srs-ConfigIndex	10				
transmissionComb	0				
cyclicShift }	cs0	No cyclic shift			
)					

Table 8.1.2.4.3-2a: LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN TDD test requirement

Information Element	Value/remark
ecid-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 8.1.2.4.3-2b: LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN TDD test requirement

Information Element	Value/remark
ueRxTxSupTDD-r13	TRUE

Table 8.1.2.4.3-3: *ECID-RequestLocationInformation*: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN TDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 clause 6.2	Valuate e e e e	Com	Complitie
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {	In antique Communi		
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	1		
time	2		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12
	· ·		onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}	The process		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation ::=	Not present		
SEQUENCE {			
requestedMeasurements	0 0 1	ueRxTxReq	
}		20.0	
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}	1.001.1000111		
}			
\ \			
1			
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Table 8.1.2.4.3-4: *ECID-ProvideLocationInformation*: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN TDD test requirement

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation ::= SEQUENCE {			
primaryCellMeasuredResults	Not Present		
MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE			
(SIZE(132)) OF			
MeasuredResultsElement			
MeasuredResultsElement ::= SEQUENCE {			
physCellId			
cellGloballd			
arfcnEUTRA			
systemFrameNumber			
rsrp-Result	Not Present		
rsrq-Result	Not Present		
ue-RxTxTimeDiff		Set according to specific subtest and test point.	
}			
}			
}			
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.2.4.3-5: CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT: UE Rx – Tx time difference for E-UTRAN TDD test requirement

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-2 CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {			
cqi-ReportModeAperiodic	rm30	This IE should be omitted for Subtest 1	
nomPDSCH-RS-EPRE-Offset	0		
cqi-ReportPeriodic CHOICE {			
release	NULL		
}			

8.1.2.5 Test requirement

Table 8.1.2.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for all sub-tests.

Table 8.1.2.5-1: Cell specific test parameters for UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement

Parameter	Unit	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2
E-UTRAN RF Channel Number	-	1	1
BW _{channel}	MHz	1.4	10
Uplink-downlink configuration of cell Note 1		1	1
Special subframe configuration of cell Note 1		6	6
PDSCH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.1.2	-	R.2 TDD	R.0 TDD
PDSCH allocation	$n_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$	2-3	13-36
PDCCH/PCFICH/PHICH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2	-	R.8 TDD	R.6 TDD
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2	-	OP.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD
PBCH_RA	dB		
PBCH_RB	dB		
PSS_RA	dB		
SSS_RA	dB		
PCFICH_RB	dB		
PHICH_RA	dB		
PHICH_RB	dB	0	0
PDCCH_RA	dB		
PDCCH_RB	dB		
PDSCH_RA	dB		
PDSCH_RB	dB		
OCNG_RA ^{Note 2}	dB		
OCNG_RB ^{Note 2}	dB		
N _{oc} Note 3	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98
RSRP Note 4	dBm/15 kHz	-100.7	-100.7
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	-2.7	-2.7
lo Note 4	dBm/1.08 MHz	-77.55	N/A
	dBm/9 MHz	N/A	-67.35
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{ot}}$	dB	-2.7	-2.7
Propagation Condition AWGN			
Note 1: For special subframe and uplink-downlink configurations see Tables 4.2-1 and 4.2-2 in			

Note 1: For special subframe and uplink-downlink configurations see Tables 4.2-1 and 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26].

Note 2: OCNG shall be used such that the cell is fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for $N_{\rm oc}$ to be fulfilled.

Note 4: RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Table 8.1.2.5-2: Sounding Reference Symbol Configuration to be used in TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference test

Field	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2	Comment	
rieid	Value		Comment	
srsBandwidthConfiguration	bw7	bw5		
srsSubframeConfiguration	sc1			
ackNackSrsSimultaneousTransmission	FALSE			
srsMaxUpPTS	TRUE			
srsBandwidth	0		No hopping	
srsHoppingBandwidth	hbw0			
frequencyDomainPosition	0			
Duration	TRUE		Indefinite duration	
Srs-ConfigurationIndex	10		SRS periodicity of 10ms.	
transmissionComb	0			
cyclicShift	cs0		No cyclic shift	
SRS-AntennaPort	an1		Number of antenna ports used for SRS transmission	
Note: For further information see clau	ise 6.3.2 in 3GPP	TS 36.331 [22].	•	

The UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 8.1.2.5-3.

Table 8.1.2.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2
	(Measured value from step 7 - 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 - 13) T _s
Lowest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-2	according to Table 4.6.3-2
	(Measured value from step 7 + 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 + 13) T _s
Highest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-2	according to Table 4.6.3-2

NOTE: Each sub-test in table 8.1.2.5-3 has two test points starting at 32 T_s and 5008 T_s.

The test tolerances are defined in Annex C.

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each test point of each sub-test shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test then Sub-test 1 shall be omitted.

8.1.2A E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference case (Rel-12 onwards)

8.1.2A.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 8.1.2.1.

8.1.2A.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 12 onwards with LPP release 13 onwards that supports ECID positioning. Note that for LPP releases before release 13 the UE TDD Rx - Tx time difference measurement report mapping is ambiguous and therefore this test shall not be used.

8.1.2A.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 8.1.2.3 except that Table 8.1.1A.3-1 replaces Table 8.1.1.3-1.

8.1.2A.4 Test description

Same as defined in clause 8.1.2.4.

8.1.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 8.1.2.4.1.

8.1.2A.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 8.1.2.4.2.

8.1.2A.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 8.1.2.4.3.

8.1.2A.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 8.1.2.5 except that Table 8.1.2A.5-3 replaces Table 8.1.2.5-3.

Table 8.1.2A.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Sub-test 1	Sub-test 2
	(Measured value from step 7 - 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 - 10) T _s
Lowest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-2	according to Table 4.6.3-2
	(Measured value from step 7 + 23) T _s	(Measured value from step 7 + 10) T _s
Highest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-2	according to Table 4.6.3-2

8.1.3 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx—Tx Time Difference under Time-Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

8.1.3.1 Test purpose

To verify that the E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits under a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern, and when non-MBSFN ABS is configured in the interfering cells.

8.1.3.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and ECID positioning. Applicability requires support for FGI bit 115.

8.1.3.3 Minimum conformance requirements

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The requirements in this section apply for UE configured with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements. The UE Rx-Tx time difference is measured from the Pcell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 8.1.3.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Cell specific reference signals are transmitted either from one, two or four antenna ports,
- Conditions defined in 36.101[2] Clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled,
- No changes to the uplink transmission timing are applied during the measurement period,

 $RSRP|_{dBm}$ according to Annex E.4 for a corresponding Band,

- The time domain measurement resource restriction pattern configured for the PCell indicates at least one subframe per radio frame for performing the PCell measurements,

- Four symbols containing CRS are available in all subframes indicated by the time domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

Table 8.1.3.3-1: UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement accuracy under time domain measurement resource restriction

			Conditions		
		Downlink	ink lo Note 1, 5 range		
Accuracy	Ês/lot Note 6	transmission bandwidth of PCell	E-UTRA operating band groups ^{Note 8}	Minimum Io	Maximum Io
Ts Note 2	dB	MHz		dBm/15kHz Note 7	dBm/BW _{Channel}
			FDD_A Note 9, TDD_A	-121	-50
			FDD_B	-120.5	-50
			FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50
			FDD_D	-119.5	-50
±20	≥-3 dB ≤ 3 MHz	FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50	
			FDD_F	-118.5	-50
		FDD_G Note 4	-118	-50	
			FDD_H	-117.5	-50
		FDD_N	-114.5	-50	
±10	≥-3 dB	≥ 5 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3

- NOTE 1: When in dBm/15kHz, the minimum lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in that symbol. Io may be different in different symbols within a subframe.
- NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211.
- NOTE 3: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with downlink bandwidth ≤ 3 MHz.
- NOTE 4: Except Band 29.
- NOTE 5: Io is defined for the subframes indicated by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for serving cell measurements. The specified Io range applies to CRS and non-CRS symbols. Io may be different in different symbols within a subframe.
- NOTE 6: CRS Es/lot is in subframes indicated for PCell measurements by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.
- NOTE 7: The condition level is increased by Δ>0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.521-3 [25] Sections I.4.2 and I.4.3.
- NOTE 8: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in Section 4.4.2.
- NOTE 9: Except Band 32.

NOTE: It is up to the UE implementation whether the UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement is performed in any subframe or in subframes indicated by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.3 and A.9.7.3.

8.1.3.4 Test description

The test has two test points with time delays starting at 32 T_S and 5008 T_S, respectively.

In this test case, there are two synchronous cells, Cell 1 and Cell 2, on the same RF channel. Cell 1 is the PCell on which UE Rx-Tx is measured, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. Non-MBSFN ABS pattern is configured in Cell 2 during the entire test.

The tested UE is connected to the PCell and configured to transmit SRS signals periodically. The SRS configuration is provided to the UE before the measurement starts. The UE is configured to report UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement. The test equipment measures the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, and measures the receive timing using the downlink CRS. The test equipment then compares the difference of these two timings to the UE Rx–Tx measurement reported by the UE. The UE is configured by higher layers via Cell 1 with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for performing E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency measurements on PCell. The information for both patterns shall be provided to the UE before the measurement starts.

8.1.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: According to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex E table E-1 and TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.4.2 and 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS (node B emulator) and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A figure A.54 (without faders).
- 2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. Message contents are defined in clause 8.1.3.4.3.
- 4. Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 1 is the cell used for connection setup with the power levels set according to TS 36.521-3 [25] clauses C.0 and C.1 for this test. Cell 2 is the neighbour cells. Both cells are on the same RF channel.

Table 8.1.3.4.1-1: General test parameters for FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Serving cell (PCell)		Cell 1	The measured cell
Neighbour cell		Cell 2	The cell interfering to Cell 1
PCell ABS configuration		Non-MBSFN ABS	As defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] Table C.3.1.1.1-
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	One FDD carrier frequency is used
Downlink Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	For both cells in the test
CP length		Normal	For both cells in the test
DRX			OFF
Time offset between cells	μs	3	Synchronous cells
Physical cell ID PCI		(PCI _{cell1} - PCI _{cell2})mod6 !=0	Cell PCIs for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are selected randomly so that the condition is met
ABS pattern		"1000000010000001000 00001000000010000000	Non-MBSFN ABS. FDD ABS Pattern Info IE, as defined in TS 36.423 [35], clause 9.2.54. Configured in Cell 2. The first/leftmost bit corresponds to the subframe #0 of a radio frame satisfying SFN mod 40 = 0. No MBSFN subframes are configured in Cell 1 or Cell 2 during the ABS subframes of Cell 2.
Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for serving cell measurements		"1000000010000001000 00001000000010000000	Configured for measurements on Cell 1.

8.1.3.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Bring the UE to State 3A or 3A-RF according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3A or 5.2A.2 with exceptions listed in 7.2A.6, using a value of initial timing advance command $T_A = 2$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA} = 32 \, T_s$. Note that in the remainder of the test the timing advance command $T_A = 31$ which indicates a timing advance adjustment value $N_{TA} = 0 \, T_s$.
- 2. Set the parameters according to Tables 8.1.3.5-1 and 8.1.3.5-2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. The SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +4 T_S, compared to the current value.
- 4. Wait for 1.6 s to allow for the possibility that the UE makes autonomous timing adjustments.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the ECID capabilities supported by the UE in the *ECID-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 7. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE. If the UE message at step 6 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message.
- 8. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE.

- 9. As soon as possible after step 8 the SS shall measure the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, relative to the current downlink timing.
- 10. If the UE message at step 8 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 11. The SS shall check the reported value of *ue-RxTxTimeDiff* in the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE provided by the UE in step 8 and compare it with the value measured in step 9. The SS shall check that the reported value is within the limits specified in table 8.1.3.5-3 compared to the measured value. If the reported value is within the limits the number of successful results for the test point is increased by one. If the reported value is not within the limits, or the UE reports an error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message in step 6, or does not respond at step 8 within the time given by the *responseTime* IE in the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE in step 7, then the number of unsuccessful results for the test point test is increased by one.
- 12. Repeat steps 3-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D.4.3 is achieved.

 NOTE: To avoid a large divergence between the sent TA and the set downlink timing, the SS may reset the downlink timing for Cell 1 to its initial value after a certain amount of loops. The loop during the reset does not count for the result statistics.
- 13. Repeat steps 1-12 for test point 2.

8.1.3.4.3 Message contents

Table 8.1.3.4.3-1: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT: FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table	4.6.3-21 SoundingRS-UL-Cor	figCommon-DEFAU	LT
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
srs-BandwidthConfig	bw5		
srs-SubframeConfig	sc1		FDD
ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission	FALSE		
srsMaxUpPts	Not present		FDD
}			
}			

Table 8.1.3.4.3-2: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT: FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table	4.6.3-22 SoundingRS-UL-C	onfigDedicated-DEFAUL	.T
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT ::=			
CHOICE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
srs-Bandwidth	bw5		
srs-HoppingBandwidth	hbw0		
freqDomainPosition	0		
duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration	
srs-ConfigIndex	0		
transmissionComb	0		
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift	
}			
}			

Table 8.1.3.4.3-3: LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES: FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Information Element	Value/remark
ecid-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 8.1.3.4.3-4: *ECID-RequestLocationInformation*: FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	1101 p.1020111		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
qos SEQUENCE {	1		
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	•		
time	2		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12
	'		onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {	Not present		
requestedMeasurements	0 0 1	ueRxTxReq	
}		20.00.74.09	
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
J			
}			+
}			+
}		1	

Table 8.1.3.4.3-5: *ECID-ProvideLocationInformation*: FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
primaryCellMeasuredResults	Not Present		
MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE			
(SIZE(132)) OF			
MeasuredResultsElement			
MeasuredResultsElement ::= SEQUENCE {			
physCellId			
cellGloballd			
arfcnEUTRA			
systemFrameNumber	Not Decemb		
rsrp-Result	Not Present		
rsrq-Result	Not Present	0-4	
ue-RxTxTimeDiff		Set according to specific subtest and test point.	
}			
}			
}			
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.3.4.3-6: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): Additional FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16 RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n,m)				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m) ::= SEQUENCE {				
MeasSubframePatternPCell-r10 CHOICE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
subframePatternFDD-r10	"10000001000000100 00000100000001000000 0"	BIT STRING (SIZE (40))	Cell1	
}				
}				
}				

8.1.3.5 Test requirement

Table 8.1.3.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 8.1.3.5-3.

Table 8.1.3.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
E-UTRAN RF Channel Number		1	1
Channel bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	10
PDSCH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.1.1		R.0 FDD	N/A
PDSCH allocation	n_{PRB}	13—36	N/A
PDCCH/PCFICH/PHICH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.2.1		R.6 FDD	N/A
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] D.1.1 (OP.1 FDD) and in D.1.6 (OP.6 FDD)		OP.5 FDD	OP.6 FDD
PBCH_RA	dB		
PBCH_RB	dB		
PSS_RA	dB		
SSS_RA	dB		
PCFICH_RB	dB		Non-ABS and
PHICH_RA	dB		ABS subframe channel powers
PHICH_RB	dB	0	
PDCCH_RA	dB		defined in Table C.3.1.1.1-1 in TS
PDCCH_RB	dB		36.521-3 [25].
PDSCH_RA	dB		00.021 0 [20].
PDSCH_RB	dB		
OCNG_RA ^{Note1}	dB		
OCNG_RB ^{Note1}	dB		
N_{oc} Note 2	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98
CRS \hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	-2.7	1
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{meas}$ Note 3	dB	-2.7	-0.87
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ Note 3	dB	-6.24	-0.87
RSRP Note 4	dBm/15 kHz	-100.7	-97
$(Io)_{meas}$ Note 4	dBm/9 MHz	-67.8	-67.8
(Io) _{nonABS} Note 4	dBm/9 MHz	-65.75	-65.75
Propagation condition		A	WGN
NOTE 1: OCNG shall be used such that the resources	in the entire call of		d =tt-t-t-l

NOTE 1: OCNG shall be used such that the resources in the active cell are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

NOTE 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled. Applies to all subframes.

Note 3: $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes not indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern.

Note 4: RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. ${\rm (Io)}_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS symbols in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst ${\rm (Io)}_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS symbols in the subframes not indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern.

Table 8.1.3.5-2: Sounding Reference Symbol Configuration to be used in FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference test

Field	Value	Comment
UL bandwidth	50 RBs	Same as the DL bandwidth
srsBandwidthConfiguration	bw5	
srsSubframeConfiguration	sc1	
ackNackSrsSimultaneousTransmission	FALSE	
srsMaxUpPTS	N/A	Not applicable for FDD
srsBandwidth	0	No hopping
srsHoppingBandwidth	hbw0	
frequencyDomainPosition	0	
Duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration
srs-ConfigIndex	0	SRS periodicity of 2ms
transmissionComb	0	
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift
srsAntennaPort	an1	Number of SRS antenna ports
Note: For further information see clau	use 6.3.2 in TS 36.331 [22].	

Table 8.1.3.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Test requirement
	(Measured value from step 7 - 13) T _s
Lowest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFÉRENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1
	(Measured value from step 7 + 13) T _s
Highest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1

NOTE: The test in table 8.1.3.5-3 has two test points starting at 32 T_s and 5008 T_s.

The test tolerances are defined in Annex C.

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each test point shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

8.1.4 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx—Tx Time Difference under Time-Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

8.1.4.1 Test purpose

To verify that the E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits under a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern, and when non-MBSFN ABS is configured in the interfering cells.

8.1.4.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 with LPP release 13 onwards and ECID positioning. Applicability requires support for FGI bit 115. Note that for LPP releases before release 13 the UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement report mapping is ambiguous and therefore this test shall not be used.

8.1.4.3 Minimum conformance requirements

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The requirements in this section apply for UE configured with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements. The UE Rx-Tx time difference is measured from the Pcell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 8.1.4.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Cell specific reference signals are transmitted either from one, two or four antenna ports,

- Conditions defined in 36.101[2] Clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled,
- No changes to the uplink transmission timing are applied during the measurement period,

RSRP_{dBm} according to Annex E.4 for a corresponding Band,

- The time domain measurement resource restriction pattern configured for the PCell indicates at least one subframe per radio frame for performing the PCell measurements,
- Four symbols containing CRS are available in all subframes indicated by the time domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

Table 8.1.4.3-1: UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement accuracy under time domain measurement resource restriction

		Conditions				
	Accuracy Ês/lot Note 6 Downlink transmission bandwidth of PCell		lo Note 1, 5 range			
			E-UTRA operating band groups Note 8	Minimum Io	Maximum lo	
Ts Note 2	dB	MHz		dBm/15kHz Note 7	dBm/BW _{Channel}	
	≥-3 dB	≥-3 dB ≤ 3 MHz	FDD_A Note 9, TDD_A	-121	-50	
			FDD_B	-120.5	-50	
			FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50	
			FDD_D	-119.5	-50	
±20			FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50	
			FDD_F	-118.5	-50	
			FDD_G Note 4	-118	-50	
			FDD_H	-117.5	-50	
			FDD_N	-114.5	-50	
±10	≥-3 dB	≥ 5 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	

- NOTE 1: When in dBm/15kHz, the minimum lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in that symbol. Io may be different in different symbols within a subframe.
- NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211.
- NOTE 3: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with downlink bandwidth ≤ 3 MHz.
- NOTE 4: Except Band 29.
- NOTE 5: lo is defined for the subframes indicated by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for serving cell measurements. The specified lo range applies to CRS and non-CRS symbols. lo may be different in different symbols within a subframe.
- NOTE 6: CRS Ês/lot is in subframes indicated for PCell measurements by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.
- NOTE 7: The condition level is increased by Δ >0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.521-3 [25] Sections I.4.2 and I.4.3.
- NOTE 8: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in Section 4.4.2.
- NOTE 9: Except Band 32.

NOTE: It is up to the UE implementation whether the UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement is performed in any subframe or in subframes indicated by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.3 and A.9.7.4.

8.1.4.4 Test description

The test has two test points with time delays starting at 32 T_S and 5008 T_S, respectively.

In the test, there are two synchronous cells, Cell 1 and Cell 2, on the same RF channel. Cell 1 is the PCell on which UE Rx-Tx is measured, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. Non-MBSFN ABS pattern is configured in Cell 2 during the entire test.

The tested UE is connected to the PCell and configured to transmit SRS signals periodically. The SRS configuration is provided to the UE before the measurement starts. The UE is configured to report UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement. The test equipment measures the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, and measures the receive timing using the downlink CRS. The test equipment then compares the difference of these two timings to the

UE Rx-Tx measurement reported by the UE. The UE is configured by higher layers via Cell 1 with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for performing E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements on PCell. The information for both patterns shall be provided to the UE before the measurement starts.

8.1.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: According to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex E table E-1 and TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.4.2 and 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS (node B emulator) and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A figure A.54 (without faders).
- 2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. Message contents are defined in clause 8.1.4.4.3.
- 4. Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 1 is the cell used for connection setup with the power levels set according to TS 36.521-3 [25] clauses C.0 and C.1 for this test. Cell 2 is the neighbour cells. Both cells are on the same RF channel.

Table 8.1.4.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Serving cell (PCell)		Cell 1	Cell to be measured
Neighbour cell		Cell 2	The cell interfering to Cell 1
PCell ABS configuration		Non-MBSFN ABS	As defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] Table C.3.1.1.1-
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	One TDD carrier frequency is used
Downlink Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	For both cells in the test
CP length		Normal	For both cells in the test
Special subframe configuration		6	For Cell 1 and Cell 2. For special subframe configurations see Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [26].
Uplink/downlink subframe configuration		1	For Cell 1 and Cell 2. For uplink-downlink subframe configurations see Table 4.2- in TS 36.211 [26].
DRX			OFF
Time offset between cells	μs	3	Synchronous cells
Physical cell ID PCI		(PCI _{cell1} - PCI _{cell2})mod6 !=0	Cell PCIs for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are selected randomly so that the condition is met.
ABS pattern		"00000000010000000001"	Non-MBSFN ABS. TDD ABS Pattern Info IE, as defined in TS 36.423 [35], clause 9.2.54. Configured in Cell 2. The first/leftmost bit corresponds to the subframe #0 of a radio frame satisfying SFN mod 20 = 0. No MBSFN subframes are configured in the ABS subframes in Cell 2.
Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for serving cell measurements		"0000000010000000001	Configured for measurements on Cell 1.

8.1.4.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Bring the UE to State 3A or 3A-RF according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3A or 5.2A.2 with exceptions listed in 7.2A.6, using a value of initial timing advance command $T_A=2$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA}=32\ T_s$. Note that in the remainder of the test the timing advance command $T_A=31$ which indicates a timing advance adjustment value $N_{TA}=0\ T_s$.
- 2. Set the parameters according to Tables 8.1.4.5-1 and 8.1.4.5-2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.

- 3. The SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +4 T_S, compared to the current value.
- 4. Wait for 1.6 s to allow for the possibility that the UE makes autonomous timing adjustments.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the ECID capabilities supported by the UE in the *ECID-ProvideCapabilities* IE. The IE *ueRxTxSupTDD-r13* shall be present (TRUE).
- 7. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE. If the UE message at step 6 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message.
- 8. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE.
- 9. As soon as possible after step 8 the SS shall measure the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, relative to the current downlink timing.
- 10. If the UE message at step 8 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 11. The SS shall check the reported value of *ue-RxTxTimeDiff* in the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE provided by the UE in step 8 and compare it with the value measured in step 9. The SS shall check that the reported value is within the limits specified in table 8.1.4.5-3 compared to the measured value. If the reported value is within the limits the number of successful results for the test point is increased by one. If the reported value is not within the limits, or the UE reports an error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message in step 6, or does not respond at step 8 within the time given by the *responseTime* IE in the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE in step 7, then the number of unsuccessful results for the test point test is increased by one.
- 12. Repeat steps 3-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D.4.3 is achieved.

NOTE: To avoid a large divergence between the sent TA and the set downlink timing, the SS may reset the downlink timing for Cell 1 to its initial value after a certain amount of loops. The loop during the reset does not count for the result statistics.

13. Repeat steps 1-12 for test point 2.

8.1.4.4.3 Message contents

Table 8.1.4.4.3-1: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT: TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4	.6.3-21 SoundingRS-UL-Confi	gCommon-DEFAUL	Γ
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
srs-BandwidthConfig	bw5		
srs-SubframeConfig	sc1		FDD
ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission	FALSE		
srsMaxUpPts	Not present		FDD
}			
}			

Table 8.1.4.4.3-2: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT: TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-22 SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT ::=				
CHOICE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
srs-Bandwidth	bw5			
srs-HoppingBandwidth	hbw0			
freqDomainPosition	0			
duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration		
srs-ConfigIndex	0			
transmissionComb	0			
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift		
}				
}				

Table 8.1.4.4.3-3: LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES: TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Information Element	Value/remark
ecid-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 8.1.4.4.3-3a: LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES: TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Information Element	Value/remark
ueRxTxSupTDD-r13	TRUE

Table 8.1.4.4.3-4: *ECID-RequestLocationInformation*: TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
additional morning to	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {	4400.04		
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	1.101 p.1000		
time	2		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12
	· '		onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation ::=	Not present		
SEQUENCE {	·		
requestedMeasurements	0 0 1	ueRxTxReq	
}			
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.4.4.3-5: *ECID-ProvideLocationInformation*: TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
primaryCellMeasuredResults	Not Present		
MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE			
(SIZE(132)) OF			
MeasuredResultsElement			
MeasuredResultsElement ::= SEQUENCE {			
physCellId			
cellGloballd			
arfcnEUTRA			
systemFrameNumber	Not Decemb		
rsrp-Result	Not Present		
rsrq-Result	Not Present	0-4	
ue-RxTxTimeDiff		Set according to specific subtest and test point.	
}			
}			
}			
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.4.4.3-6: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): Additional TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS (elCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16 RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n,m)			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m) ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
MeasSubframePatternPCell-r10 CHOICE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
subframePatternTDD-r10			
subframeConfig1-5-r10	"0000000010000000001	BIT STRING	Cell 1
	п	(SIZE (20))	
}			
}			
}			

8.1.4.5 Test requirement

Table 8.1.4.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 8.1.4.5-3.

Table 8.1.4.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
PDSCH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.1.2		R.0 TDD	N/A
PDSCH allocation	n_{PRB}	13—36	N/A
PDCCH/PCFICH/PHICH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.2.2		R.6 TDD	R.6 TDD
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] D.2.1 (OP.1 TDD) and D.2.2 (OP.2 TDD)		OP.1 TDD	OP.2 TDD
PBCH_RA	dB		
PBCH_RB	dB		
PSS_RA	dB		
SSS_RA	dB		
PCFICH_RB	dB		
PHICH_RA	dB		Non-ABS and ABS subframe channel
PHICH_RB	dB	0	powers defined in Table C.3.1.1.1-1 in
PDCCH_RA	dB		TS 36.521-3 [25].
PDCCH_RB	dB		
PDSCH_RA	dB		
PDSCH_RB	dB		
OCNG_RA ^{Note1}	dB	1	
OCNG_RB ^{Note1}	dB	1	
$N_{oc}^{ m Note2}$	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98
$\operatorname{CRS} \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc}$	dB	-2.7	1
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{meas}^{ ext{Note 3}}$	dB	-2.7	-0.87
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ Note 3	dB	-6.24	-0.87
RSRP Note 4	dBm/15 kHz	-100.7	-97
(Io) _{meas} Note 4	dBm/9 MHz	-67.8	-67.8
(Io) _{nonABS} Note 4	dBm/9 MHz	-65.75	-65.75
Propagation Condition			AWGN

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that the resources in the active cell are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes not indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern. Note 4: RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not

Note 4: RSRP and Io levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. $(Io)_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS symbols in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst $(Io)_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS symbols

Table 8.1.4.5-2: Sounding Reference Symbol Configuration to be used in TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference test

Field	Value	Comment		
UL bandwidth	50 RBs	Same as the DL bandwidth		
srsBandwidthConfiguration	bw5			
srsSubframeConfiguration	sc1			
ackNackSrsSimultaneousTransmission	FALSE			
srsMaxUpPTS	TRUE			
srsBandwidth	0	No hopping		
srsHoppingBandwidth	hbw0			
frequencyDomainPosition	0			
Duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration		
Srs-ConfigurationIndex	10	SRS periodicity of 10ms for all		
		Tests.		
transmissionComb	0			
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift		
SRS-AntennaPort	an1	Number of antenna ports used		
		for SRS transmission		
Note: For further information see clause 6.3.2 in TS 36.331 [22].				

Table 8.1.4.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Test requirement
(Measured value from step 7 - 13) T _s Lowest reported value converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFEREN according to Table 4.6.3-2	
Highest reported value	(Measured value from step 7 + 13) T _s converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-2

NOTE: The test in table 8.1.4.5-3 has two test points starting at 32 T_s and 5008 T_s.

The test tolerances are defined in Annex C.

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each test point shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

8.1.5 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information and Non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

8.1.5.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.4 when the UE is provided with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern and CRS assistance information, and when non-MBSFN ABS is configured in the interfering cells.

8.1.5.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 11 and forward that supports ECID positioning and CRS interference handling. Applicability requires support of FGI bit 115.

8.1.5.3 Minimum conformance requirements

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The UE RX-TX time difference is measured from the PCell.

For UE configured with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements, the accuracy requirements in Table 8.1.5.3-1 apply provided that the following conditions are met for the PCell:

PCell cell specific reference signals are transmitted from one, two or four antenna ports,

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled,

No changes to the uplink transmission timing are applied during the measurement period,

RSRP_{dBm} according to clause E.4 for a corresponding Band,

The time domain measurement resource restriction pattern configured for the measured cell indicates at least one subframe per radio frame for performing the RSRP measurement,

Four symbols containing CRS are available in all subframes indicated by the time domain measurement resource restriction pattern, and

The UE is provided via PCell with the CRS assistance information (TS 36.331 [22]) and the CRS assistance information is valid throughout the entire evaluation period.

The requirements in this section shall also be met when the number of transmit antenna ports TS 36.211 [26] of one or more cells whose CRS assistance information is provided TS 36.331 [22] is different from the number of transmit antenna ports of the measured cell.

When the CRS assistance information is provided, the transmission bandwidth in all intra-frequency cells in the CRS assistance information is the same or larger than the transmission bandwidth of the PCell for which measurement is performed.

Table 8.1.5.3-1: UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement accuracy

	Conditions					
	CRS	Downlink	lo range ^{Note 8}			
Accuracy	Ês/lot Note	transmission bandwidth of PCell	E-UTRA operating band groups	Minimum Io Note 1	Maximum lo	
Ts Note 2	dB	MHz		dBm/15kHz Note 5	dBm/BW _{Channel}	
	≥-7.76 dB	dB ≤3MHz	FDD_A Note 7, TDD_A	-121	-50	
			FDD_B	-120.5	-50	
			FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50	
			FDD_D	-119.5	-50	
±20			FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50	
			FDD_F	-118.5	-50	
			FDD_G Note 4	-118	-50	
			FDD_H	-117.5	-50	
			FDD_N	-114.5	-50	
±10	≥-7.76 dB	≥ 5 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	

NOTE 1: This lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in an OFDM symbol.

NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26].

NOTE 3: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with downlink bandwidth ≤ 3 MHz.

NOTE 4: Except Band 29.

NOTE 5: The condition level is increased by Δ>0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.521-3 [25] Sections I.4.2 and I.4.3.

NOTE 6: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in Section 4.4.2.

NOTE 7: Except Band 32.

NOTE 8: Io is defined in subframes indicated for PCell measurements by the time domain measurement resource restriction pattern. The specified Io range applies to CRS and non-CRS symbols. Io may be different in different symbols within a subframe.

NOTE 9: CRS Ês/lot is in subframes indicated for PCell measurements by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

NOTE: It is up to the UE implementation whether the UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement is performed in any subframe or in subframes indicated by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.4 and A.9.7.5.

8.1.5.4 Test description

The test has two test points with time delays starting at $32\,T_S$ and $5008\,T_S$, respectively. In this test case, there are three cells, Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, on the same RF channel. Cell 1 is the PCell on which UE Rx-Tx is measured. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the interfering cells. A non-MBSFN ABS pattern is configured in each of the Cell 2 and Cell 3 during the entire test. The tested UE is connected to the PCell and configured to transmit SRS signals periodically. The SRS configuration is provided to the UE before the measurement starts. The UE is configured to report UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement. The test equipment measures the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS. The test equipment then compares this timing to the UE Rx-Tx measurement reported by the UE. The UE is configured by higher layers via Cell 1 with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for performing E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency measurements on PCell. The UE is also provided via higher layers with the CRS assistance information for Cell 2. The information for both measurement patterns and the CRS assistance information shall be provided via RRC to the UE before the measurement starts.

8.1.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: According to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex E table E-1 and TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.4.2 and 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS (node B emulator) and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A figure A.54 (without faders).
- 2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. Message contents are defined in clause 8.1.5.4.3.
- 4. Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 1 is the cell used for connection setup with the power levels set according to TS 36.521-3 [25] clauses C.0 and C.1 for this test. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the neighbour cells. All cells are on the same RF channel. Cell 3 in the test is the Cell 4 defined in clause 4.7.1

Table 8.1.5.4.1-1: General test parameters for FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Para	meter	Unit	Value	Comment
Serving cell (PC	Cell)		Cell 1	The measured cell
Neighbour cell			Cell 2 and Cell 3	Cell 2 is the first interfering cell to Cell 1, whilst Cell 3 is the second interfering cell to Cell 1.
ABS transmission	on configuration		Non-MBSFN ABS	As defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] Table C.3.1.2-1.
E-UTRA RF Cha	annel Number		1	One FDD carrier frequency is used
Downlink Chanr (BW _{channel})	nel Bandwidth	MHz	10	For all cells in the test
CP length			Normal	For all cells in the test
DRX				OFF
Time offset betv	veen cells	μs	Cell 2 offset with respect to Cell 1: 3 Cell 3 offset with respect to Cell 1: 2	Three synchronous cells
Physical cell ID PCI			(PCI _{cell1} - PCI _{cell2})mod6 =0 (PCI _{cell1} - PCI _{cell3})mod6 !=0 PCI _{cell1} not equal to PCI _{cell2}	Cell PCIs are selected so that all conditions are met
ABS pattern			"1000000010000001000 00001000000010000000	Non-MBSFN ABS. FDD ABS Pattern Info IE, as defined in TS 36.423 [35], clause 9.2.54. The first/leftmost bit corresponds to the PCell subframe #0 of a radio frame satisfying SFN mod x = 0, where x is the size of the bit string (40) divided by 10. No MBSFN subframes are configured in the ABS subframes. Configured in Cell 2 and Cell 3 during the testing.
Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements			"100000010000001000 00001000000010000000"	Configured for measurements on Cell 1.
	physCellId		see PCI conditions above	The ODO secietaries information is not 11.14
CRS assistance	antennaPortsC ount		1	The CRS assistance information is provided for Cell 2 and Cell 3 in CRS-AssistanceInfo. It includes a single MBSFN-SubframeConfig
information	mbsfn- SubframeConfi gList		oneFrame = "000000"	element with subframe allocation one Frame="000000".

8.1.5.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Bring the UE to State 3A or 3A-RF according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3A or 5.2A.2 with exceptions listed in 7.2A.6, using a value of initial timing advance command $T_A=2$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA}=32\ T_s$. Note that in the remainder of the test the timing advance command $T_A=31$ which indicates a timing advance adjustment value $N_{TA}=0\ T_s$.
- 2. Set the parameters according to Tables 8.1.5.5-1 and 8.1.5.5-2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. The SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +4 T_S, compared to the current value.
- 4. Wait for 1.6 s to allow for the possibility that the UE makes autonomous timing adjustments.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the ECID capabilities supported by the UE in the *ECID-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 7. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE. If the UE message at step 6 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message.

- 8. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE.
- 9. As soon as possible after step 8 the SS shall measure the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, relative to the current downlink timing.
- 10. If the UE message at step 8 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 11. The SS shall check the reported value of *ue-RxTxTimeDiff* in the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE provided by the UE in step 8 and compare it with the value measured in step 9. The SS shall check that the reported value is within the limits specified in table 8.1.5.5-3 compared to the measured value. If the reported value is within the limits the number of successful results for the test point is increased by one. If the reported value is not within the limits, or the UE reports an error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message in step 6, or does not respond at step 8 within the time given by the *time* IE in the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE in step 7, then the number of unsuccessful results for the test point test is increased by one.
- 12. Repeat steps 3-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D.4.3 is achieved.

 NOTE: To avoid a large divergence between the sent TA and the set downlink timing, the SS may reset the downlink timing for Cell 1 to its initial value after a certain amount of loops. The loop during the reset does not count for the result statistics.
- 13. Repeat steps 1-12 for test point 2.

8.1.5.4.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.5.1 with the following exceptions:

Table 8.1.5.4.3-1: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT: FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
srs-BandwidthConfig	bw5		
srs-SubframeConfig	sc1		FDD
ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission	FALSE		
srsMaxUpPts	Not present		FDD
}			
}			

Table 8.1.5.4.3-2: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT: FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-22 SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT ::=					
CHOICE {					
setup SEQUENCE {					
srs-Bandwidth	bw5				
srs-HoppingBandwidth	hbw0				
freqDomainPosition	0				
duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration			
srs-ConfigIndex	0				
transmissionComb	0				
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift			
}					
}					

Table 8.1.5.4.3-3: LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES: FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Information Element	Value/remark
ecid-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 8.1.5.4.3-4: *ECID-RequestLocationInformation*: FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2 Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	•		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	2		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation ::=	Not present		
SEQUENCE {			
requestedMeasurements	0 0 1	ueRxTxReq	
}			
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
\ \	<u> </u>		

Table 8.1.5.4.3-5: *ECID-ProvideLocationInformation*: FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement	,		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
primaryCellMeasuredResults	Not Present		
MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE			
(SIZE(132)) OF			
MeasuredResultsElement			
MeasuredResultsElement ::= SEQUENCE {			
physCellId			
cellGloballd			
arfcnEUTRA			
systemFrameNumber			
rsrp-Result	Not Present		
rsrq-Result	Not Present		
ue-RxTxTimeDiff		Set according to specific subtest and test point.	
}			
}			
}			
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.5.4.3-6: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
neighCellsCRS-Info-r11 ::= CHOICE {						
NeighCellsCRS-Info-r11 ::= CHOICE {						
Release	NULL					
Setup	CRS-AssistanceInfoList-					
}						
}						

Table 8.1.5.4.3-7: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
CRS-AssistancedInfoList-r11 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1maxCellReport)) OF CRS-AssistanceInfo-r11					
CRS-AssistancedInfo-r11 ::= SEQUENCE {					
physCellId-r11	(PCI _{cell2} - PCI _{cell3})mod6 = 0 (PCI _{cell2} - PCI _{cell3})mod6 != 0	Cell PCIs are selected so that both conditions are met			
antennaPortsCount-r11	an1				
mbsfn-SubframeConfigList-r11 }	MBSFN-SubframeConfigList				

Table 8.1.5.4.3-8: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.	.3-16		
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
MBSFN-SubframeConfigList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE			
(1maxMBSFN-Allocations)) OF MBSFN-			
SubframeConfig			
MBSFN-SubframeConfig:: = SEQUENCE {			
subframeAllocation CHOICE {			
oneFrame	"000000"	Only the CRS information of Cell 2 is provided in CRS-AssistanceInfo. It includes a single MBSFN-SubframeConfig element with subframe allocation one Frame="000000" BIT STRING (SIZE(6))	
}			
}			

Table 8.1.5.4.3-9: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): Additional FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16 RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n,m)						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m) ::= SEQUENCE {						
MeasSubframePatternPCell-r10 CHOICE {						
setup SEQUENCE {						
subframePatternFDD-r10	"100000001000000100 00000100000001000000 0"	BIT STRING (SIZE (40))	Cell1			
}						
}						
}						

8.1.5.5 Test requirement

Table 8.1.5.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 8.1.5.5-3.

Table 8.1.5.5-1: Test parameters test parameters for FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-**MBSFN ABS**

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
E-UTRAN RF Channel Number		1	1	1	
PDSCH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.1.1		R.0 FDD	N/A	N/A	
PDSCH allocation	n_{PRB}	13—36	N/A	N/A	
PDCCH/PCFICH/PHICH Reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.2.1		R.6 FDD	N/A	N/A	
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] D.1.5 (OP.5 FDD) and in D.1.6 (OP.6 FDD)		OP.5 FDD	OP.6 FDD	OP.6 FDD	
PBCH_RA	dB				
PBCH_RB	dB				
PSS_RA	dB				
SSS_RA	dB				
PCFICH_RB	dB				
PHICH_RA	dB		Non-ABS and A		
PHICH_RB	dB	0	channel powers defined in Ta C.3.1.1.1-1-1 in TS 36.521		
PDCCH_RA	dB		[25		
PDCCH_RB	dB		[20	1.	
PDSCH_RA	dB				
PDSCH_RB	dB				
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}	dB				
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}	dB				
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 2}$	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98	-98	
$\operatorname{CRS} \hat{E}_{s} / N_{oc}$	dB	-2.60	3	1	
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{meas}$ Note 3	dB	-7.36	1.10	-0.90	
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ Note 3	dB	-8.89	-1.48	-4.50	
RSRP Note 4	dBm/15 kHz	-100.6	-95	-97	
(Io) _{meas} Note 4	dBm/9 MHz	-	-	-	
(Io) _{nonABS} Note 4	dBm/9 MHz	-63.40	-63.40	-63.40	
Propagation condition			AWGN		

OCNG shall be used such that the resources in the active cell are fully allocated and a constant total Note 1: transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over Note 2: subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled. Applies to all subframes.

pattern.

 $(\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot})_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by Note 3:

measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes not indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern.

Note 4: RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. $(Io)_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS symbols in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst $(Io)_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS symbols in the subframes not indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction

Table 8.1.5.5-2: Sounding Reference Symbol Configuration to be used in FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference test

Field	Value	Comment
UL bandwidth	50 RBs	Same as the DL bandwidth
srsBandwidthConfiguration	bw5	
srsSubframeConfiguration	sc1	
ackNackSrsSimultaneousTransmission	FALSE	
srsMaxUpPTS	N/A	Not applicable for FDD
srsBandwidth	0	No hopping
srsHoppingBandwidth	hbw0	
frequencyDomainPosition	0	
Duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration
srs-ConfigIndex	0	SRS periodicity of 2ms
transmissionComb	0	
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift
srsAntennaPort	an1	Number of SRS antenna ports
Note: For further information see clau	use 6.3.2 in TS 36.331 [22].	

Table 8.1.5.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Test requirement
	(Measured value from step 7 - 13) T _s
Lowest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1
	(Measured value from step 7 + 13) T _s
Highest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-1

NOTE: The test in table 8.1.5.5-3 has two test points starting at 32 T_s and 5008 T_s.

The test tolerances are defined in Annex C.

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each test point shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

8.1.6 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information and Non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

8.1.6.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.4 when the UE is provided with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern and CRS assistance information, and when non-MBSFN ABS is configured in the interfering cells.

8.1.6.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 11 and forward with LPP release 13 onwards that supports ECID positioning and CRS interference handling. Applicability requires support of FGI bit 115. Note that for LPP releases before release 13 the UE Rx - Tx time difference measurement report mapping is ambiguous and therefore this test shall not be used.

8.1.6.3 Minimum conformance requirements

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The UE RX-TX time difference is measured from the PCell.

For UE configured with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements, the accuracy requirements in Table 8.1.5.3-1 apply provided that the following conditions are met for the PCell:

PCell cell specific reference signals are transmitted from one, two or four antenna ports,

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled,

No changes to the uplink transmission timing are applied during the measurement period,

RSRP_{dBm} according to clause E.4 for a corresponding Band,

The time domain measurement resource restriction pattern configured for the measured cell indicates at least one subframe per radio frame for performing the RSRP measurement,

Four symbols containing CRS are available in all subframes indicated by the time domain measurement resource restriction pattern, and

The UE is provided via PCell with the CRS assistance information (TS 36.331 [22]) and the CRS assistance information is valid throughout the entire evaluation period.

The requirements in this section shall also be met when the number of transmit antenna ports TS 36.211 [26] of one or more cells whose CRS assistance information is provided TS 36.331 [22] is different from the number of transmit antenna ports of the measured cell.

When the CRS assistance information is provided, the transmission bandwidth in all intra-frequency cells in the CRS assistance information is the same or larger than the transmission bandwidth of the PCell for which measurement is performed.

Table 8.1.6.3-1: TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy

	Conditions				
CRS		Downlink	lo range Note 8		
Accuracy	Accuracy Es/lot Note bandwidth of PCell	E-UTRA operating band groups	Minimum Io	Maximum lo	
Ts Note 2	dB	MHz		dBm/15kHz Note 5	dBm/BW _{Channel}
			FDD_A Note 7, TDD_A	-121	-50
			FDD_B	-120.5	-50
			FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50
			FDD_D	-119.5	-50
±20	≥-7.76 dB	≤ 3 MHz	FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50
			FDD_F	-118.5	-50
			FDD_G Note 4	-118	-50
			FDD_H	-117.5	-50
			FDD_N	-114.5	-50
±10	≥-7.76 dB	≥ 5 MHz	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3

NOTE 1: This lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in an OFDM symbol.

NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26].

NOTE 3: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with downlink bandwidth ≤ 3 MHz.

NOTE 4: Except Band 29.

NOTE 5: The condition level is increased by Δ>0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.521-3 [25] Sections I.4.2 and I.4.3.

NOTE 6: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in Section 4.4.2.

NOTE 7: Except Band 32.

NOTE 8: Io is defined in subframes indicated for PCell measurements by the time domain measurement resource restriction pattern. The specified Io range applies to CRS and non-CRS symbols. Io may be different in different symbols within a subframe.

NOTE 9: CRS Ês/lot is in subframes indicated for PCell measurements by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

NOTE: It is up to the UE implementation whether the UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement is performed in any subframe or in subframes indicated by the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.9.4 and A.9.7.6.

8.1.6.4 Test description

The test has two test points with time delays starting at $32\,T_S$ and $5008\,T_S$, respectively. In this test case, there are three cells, Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, on the same RF channel. Cell 1 is the PCell on which UE Rx-Tx is measured. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the interfering cells. A non-MBSFN ABS pattern is configured in each of the Cell 2 and Cell 3 during the entire test. The tested UE is connected to the PCell and configured to transmit SRS signals periodically. The SRS configuration is provided to the UE before the measurement starts. The UE is configured to report UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement. The test equipment measures the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS. The test equipment then compares this timing to the UE Rx-Tx measurement reported by the UE. The UE is configured by higher layers via Cell 1 with a time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for performing E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency measurements on PCell. The UE is also provided via higher layers with the CRS assistance information for Cell 2. The information for both measurement patterns and the CRS assistance information shall be provided via RRC to the UE before the measurement starts.

8.1.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: According to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex E table E-1 and TS 36.508 [18] clauses 4.4.2 and 4.3.1.

Channel Bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS (node B emulator) and AWGN noise source to the UE antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A Figure A.54 (without faders).
- 2. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. Message contents are defined in clause 8.1.6.4.3.
- 4. Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 1 is the cell used for connection setup with the power levels set according to TS 36.521-3 [25] clauses C.0 and C.1 for this test. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the neighbour cells. All cells are on the same RF channel. Cell 3 in the test is the Cell 4 defined in clause 4.7.1

Table 8.1.6.4.1-1: General test parameters for TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Para	meter	Unit	Value	Comment
	Serving cell (PCell)		Cell 1	Cell to be measured
Neighbour cell			Cell 2 and Cell 3	Cell 2 is the first interfering cell to Cell 1, whilst
				Cell 3 is the second interfering cell to Cell 1.
ABS transmission	ABS transmission configuration		Non-MBSFN ABS	As defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] Table C.3.1.2.1-
E-UTRA RF Channel Number			1	1 One TDD carrier frequency is used
Downlink Chan		MHz	10	For all cells in the test
(BW _{channel})	ici Bariawiatri	1411 12	10	Totali della ili tile test
CP length			Normal	For all cells in the test
Special subfram	ne configuration		6	For all cells in the test. For special subframe
				configurations see Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211
				[26].
Uplink/downlink	subframe		1	For all cells in the test. For uplink-downlink
configuration				subframe configurations see Table 4.2-2 in
DRX				TS 36.211 [26].
DKA		0	Cell 2 offset with respect	Three synchronous cells
		μs	to Cell 1: 3	Trifee synchronous cells
Time offset bety	veen cells		Cell 3 offset with respect	
			to Cell 1: 2	
			(PCI _{cell1} - PCI _{cell2})mod6	Cell PCIs are selected so that both conditions
			=0	are met
			(PCI _{cell1} - PCI _{cell3})mod6	
Physical cell ID	PCI		!=0	
			BCI not equal to	
			PCI _{cell1} not equal to PCI _{cell2}	
ABS pattern			"00000000010000000001	Non-MBSFN ABS. TDD ABS Pattern Info IE, as
ABO pattern			"	defined in TS 36.423 [35], clause 9.2.54.
				The first/leftmost bit corresponds to the PCell
				subframe #0 of a radio frame satisfying SFN
				mod x = 0, where x is the size of the bit string
				(20) divided by 10. No MBSFN subframes are
				configured in the ABS subframes. Configured in
				Cell 2 and Cell 3 during the testing.
Time-domain m			"00000000010000000001	Configured for measurements on Cell 1.
resource restrict serving cell mea				
Serving Cell IIIea	physCellId		see PCI conditions above	
	antennaPortsC			The CRS assistance information is provided for
CRS	ount		1	Cell 2 and Cell 3 in CRS-AssistanceInfo. It
assistance	mbsfn-			includes a single MBSFN-SubframeConfig
information	SubframeConfi		oneFrame = "000000"	element with subframe allocation one Frame="000000".
	gList			FIAITIE= 000000 .

8.1.6.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Bring the UE to State 3A or 3A-RF according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3A or 5.2A.2, with exceptions listed in 7.2A.6 using a value of initial timing advance command $T_A = 2$ in the Random Access Response which indicates an initial timing advance value $N_{TA} = 32 \, T_s$. Note that in the remainder of the test the timing advance command $T_A = 31$ which indicates a timing advance adjustment value $N_{TA} = 0 \, T_s$.
- 2. Set the parameters according to Tables 8.1.6.5-1 and 8.1.6.5-2 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.6.2.1.
- 3. The SS adjusts the downlink timing for Cell 1 to a delay of +4 T_S, compared to the current value.
- 4. Wait for 1.6s to allow for the possibility that the UE makes autonomous timing adjustments.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.

- 6. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the ECID capabilities supported by the UE in the *ECID-ProvideCapabilities* IE. The IE *ueRxTxSupTDD-r13* shall be present (TRUE).
- 7. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE. If the UE message at step 4b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message.
- 8. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE.
- 9. As soon as possible after step 8 the SS shall measure the transmit timing of the UE using the transmitted SRS, relative to the current downlink timing.
- 10. If the UE message at step 8 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgment message.
- 11. The SS shall check the reported value of *ue-RxTxTimeDiff* in the *ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE provided by the UE in step 8 and compare it with the value measured in step 9. The SS shall check that the reported value is within the limits specified in table 8.1.6.5-3 for test compared to the measured value. If the reported value is within the limits the number of successful results for test is increased by one. If the reported value is not within the limits, or the UE reports an error in the LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message in step 8, or does not respond at step 8 within the time given by the *time* IE in the *ECID-RequestLocationInformation* IE in step 7, then the number of unsuccessful results for testis increased by one.
- 12. Repeat steps 3-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D.4.3 is achieved.

 NOTE: To avoid a large divergence between the sent TA and the set downlink timing, the SS may reset the downlink timing for Cell 1 to its initial value after a certain amount of loops. The loop during the reset does not count for the result statistics.
- 13. Repeat steps 1-12 for test point 2.

8.1.6.4.3 Message contents

Message contents are according to TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.5.1 with the following exceptions:

Table 8.1.6.4.3-1: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT: TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigCommon-DEFAULT ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
srs-BandwidthConfig	bw5		
srs-SubframeConfig	sc1		FDD
ackNackSRS-SimultaneousTransmission	FALSE		
srsMaxUpPts	Not present		FDD
}			

Table 8.1.6.4.3-2: SoundingRS-RL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT: TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-22 SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
SoundingRS-UL-ConfigDedicated-DEFAULT ::=				
CHOICE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
srs-Bandwidth	bw5			
srs-HoppingBandwidth	hbw0			
freqDomainPosition	0			
duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration		
srs-ConfigIndex	0			
transmissionComb	0			
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift		
}				
}				

Table 8.1.6.4.3-3: LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES: TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Information Element	Value/remark
ecid-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 8.1.6.4.3-3a: LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES: TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Information Element	Value/remark
ueRxTxSupTDD-r13	TRUE

Table 8.1.6.4.3-4: *ECID-RequestLocationInformation*: TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2 Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {	Value/Tellial K	Comment	Condition
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
1	I		
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {	Not present		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE { locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
••	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	2		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}	1.01		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation ::=	Not present		
SEQUENCE {	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
requestedMeasurements	0 0 1	ueRxTxReq	
}			
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			1
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.6.4.3-5: *ECID-ProvideLocationInformation*: TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Derivation Path: TS 36.355 [4] clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
ecid-SignalMeasurementInformation ::=			
SEQUENCE {			
primaryCellMeasuredResults	Not Present		
MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE			
(SIZE(132)) OF			
MeasuredResultsElement			
MeasuredResultsElement ::= SEQUENCE {			
physCellId			
cellGloballd			
arfcnEUTRA			
systemFrameNumber			
rsrp-Result	Not Present		
rsrq-Result	Not Present		
ue-RxTxTimeDiff		Set according to specific sub- test and test point.	
}			
}			
}			
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}	·		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 8.1.6.4.3-6: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
neighCellsCRS-Info-r11 ::= CHOICE {						
NeighCellsCRS-Info-r11 ::= CHOICE {						
Release	NULL					
Setup	CRS-AssistanceInfoList-					
}						
}						

Table 8.1.6.4.3-7: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
CRS-AssistancedInfoList-r11 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE						
(1maxCellReport)) OF CRS-AssistanceInfo-r11						
CRS-AssistancedInfo-r11 ::= SEQUENCE {						
physCellId-r11	$(PCI_{cell1} - PCI_{cell3}) mod6 = 0$	Cell PCIs are				
	(PCI _{cell2} - PCI _{cell3})mod6 != 0	selected so that				
		both conditions				
		are met				
antennaPortsCount-r11	an1					
mbsfn-SubframeConfigList-r11	MBSFN-SubframeConfigList					
}						

Table 8.1.6.4.3-8: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
MBSFN-SubframeConfigList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE						
(1maxMBSFN-Allocations)) OF MBSFN-						
SubframeConfig						
MBSFN-SubframeConfig:: = SEQUENCE {						
subframeAllocation CHOICE {						
oneFrame	"000000"	Only the CRS information of Cell 2 is provided in CRS-AssistanceInfo. It includes a single MBSFN-SubframeConfig element with subframe allocation one Frame="000000" BIT STRING (SIZE(6))				
}						
}						

Table 8.1.6.4.3-9: RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m): Additional TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-16 RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n,m)						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
RadioResourceConfigDedicated-SRB2-DRB(n, m) ::=						
SEQUENCE {						
MeasSubframePatternPCell-r10 CHOICE {						
setup SEQUENCE {						
subframePatternTDD-r10						
subframeConfig1-5-r10	"0000000010000000001	BIT STRING	Cell 1			
	"	(SIZE (20))				
}						
}						
}						

8.1.6.5 Test requirement

Table 8.1.6.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 8.1.6.5-3.

Table 8.1.6.5-1: Test parameters test parameters for TDD UE Rx–Tx time difference measurement under time-domain measurement resource restriction with CRS assistance information and non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
E-UTRAN RF Channel Number		1	1	1
PDSCH Reference measurement channel		R.0 TDD	N/A	N/A
defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.1.2		11.0 100	14/7	1471
PDSCH allocation	n_{PRB}	13—36	N/A	N/A
PDCCH/PCFICH/PHICH Reference				
measurement channel defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] A.2.2		R.6 TDD	N/A	N/A
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25]		OP.1 TDD	OP.2 TDD	OP.2 TDD
D.2.1 (OP.1 TDD) and D.2.2 (OP.2 TDD)		01.11100	01 .2 100	01 :2 100
PBCH_RA	dB			
PBCH_RB	dB			
PSS_RA	dB			
SSS_RA	dB			
PCFICH_RB	dB			
PHICH_RA	dB		Non-ABS and ABS subfram channel powers defined in T 36.521-3 [25] Table C.3.1.2.1	
PHICH_RB	dB	0		
PDCCH_RA	dB			
PDCCH_RB	dB			
PDSCH_RA	dB			
PDSCH_RB	dB			
OCNG_RA ^{Note1}	dB			
OCNG_RB ^{Note1}	dB			
$N_{oc}^{$	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98	-98
$\operatorname{CRS} \hat{E}_s / N_{oc}$	dB	-2.60	3	1
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{meas}^{}$ Note 3	dB	-7.36	1.10	-0.90
CRS $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ Note 3	dB	-8.89	-1.48	-4.50
RSRP Note 4	dBm/15 kHz	-100.6	-95	-97
${ m (Io)}_{meas}^{ m Note~4}$	dBm/9 MHz	-	-	-
$({ m Io})_{nonABS}^{}$ Note 4	dBm/9 MHz	-63.40	-63.40	-63.40
Propagation Condition			AWGN	

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that the resources in the active cell are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: $(E_s/I_{ot})_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst $(\hat{E}_s/I_{ot})_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS REs in the subframes not indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern.

Note 4: RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. $(Io)_{meas}$ is calculated in CRS symbols in the subframes indicated for PCell measurements by measurement resource restriction pattern, whilst $(Io)_{nonABS}$ is calculated in CRS symbols

Table 8.1.6.5-2: Sounding Reference Symbol Configuration to be used in FDD UE Rx–Tx time difference test

Field	Value	Comment
UL bandwidth	50 RBs	Same as the DL bandwidth
srsBandwidthConfiguration	bw5	
srsSubframeConfiguration	sc1	
ackNackSrsSimultaneousTransmission	FALSE	
srsMaxUpPTS	TRUE	
srsBandwidth	0	No hopping
srsHoppingBandwidth	hbw0	
frequencyDomainPosition	0	
Duration	TRUE	Indefinite duration
Srs-ConfigurationIndex	10	SRS periodicity of 10ms for all Tests.
transmissionComb	0	
cyclicShift	cs0	No cyclic shift
SRS-AntennaPort	an1	Number of antenna ports used for SRS transmission
Note: For further information see clause	e 6.3.2 in TS 36.331 [22].	·

Table 8.1.6.5-3: Test requirements UE Rx – Tx time difference measurement accuracy requirements

	Test requirement
Lowest reported value	(Measured value from step 7 - 13) T _s converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
Lowest reported value	according to Table 4.6.3-2
	(Measured value from step 7 + 13) T _s
Highest reported value	converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE
	according to Table 4.6.3-2

NOTE: The test in table 8.1.6.5-3 has two test points starting at 32 T_s and 5008 T_s.

The test tolerances are defined in Annex C.

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each test point shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

9 E-UTRA OTDOA measurement requirements

9.1 RSTD Intra-Frequency Measurements

9.1.1 FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

9.1.1.1 Test purpose

To verify that the RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions.

9.1.1.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 9 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA.

9.1.1.3 Minimum conformance requirements

When the physical layer cell identities of neighbour cells together with the OTDOA assistance data are provided, the UE shall be able to detect and measure intra-frequency RSTD, specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6], for at least n=16 cells,

including the reference cell, on the same carrier frequency f1 as that of the reference cell within $T_{\text{RSTD IntraFreqFDD, E-UTRAN}}$ ms as given below (see also Figure 9.1.1.3-1):

$$T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN} = T_{PRS} \cdot (M-1) + \Delta \qquad ms$$
,

where

 $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ is the total time for detecting and measuring at least n cells,

 $T_{\rm PRS}$ is the cell-specific positioning subframe configuration period as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26],

M is the number of PRS positioning occasions as defined in Table 9.1.1.3-1, where each PRS positioning occasion comprises of N_{PRS} (1 $\leq N_{PRS} \leq$ 6) consecutive downlink positioning subframes defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], and

 $\Delta = 160 \cdot \left\lceil \frac{n}{M} \right\rceil$ ms is the measurement time for a single PRS positioning occasion which includes the sampling time and the processing time.

Table 9.1.1.3-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within $\,T_{\rm RSTD\;IntraFreqFDD,\,E-UTRAN}$

Positioning subframe Number of PRS positioning occasions M configuration period $T_{\rm PRS}$ f1 Note 1			
160 ms	16		
>160 ms	8		
Note 1: When only intra-frequency RSTD measurements are performed over cells belonging to the serving FDD carrier frequency f1.			

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting RSTD for the reference cell and all the neighbour cells i out of at least (n-1) neighbour cells within $T_{\text{RSTD IntraFreqFDD, E-UTRAN}}$ provided:

 $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_{ref} \ge -6 dB$ for all Frequency Bands for the reference cell,

 $(PRS \, \hat{E}_s / Iot)_i \ge -13 \, dB$ for all Frequency Bands for neighbour cell i,

 $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_{ref}$ and $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_i$ conditions apply for all subframes of at least $L = \frac{M}{2}$ PRS positioning

occasions,

PRP $1,2|_{dBm}$ according to clause E.2 for a corresponding Band.

The time $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ starts from the first subframe of the PRS positioning occasion closest in time after both the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData message as specified in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4], are delivered to the physical layer of the UE as illustrated in Figure 9.1.1.3-1.

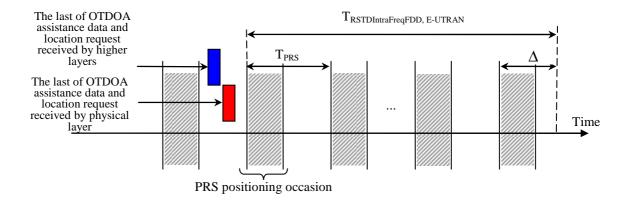


Figure 9.1.1.3-1: Illustration of the RSTD reporting time requirement in an FDD system

This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other LPP signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is: $2 \times TTI_{DCCH}$. This measurement reporting delay excludes any delay caused by no UL resources for UE to send the measurement report.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.1.2.5.1 and A.8.12.1.

9.1.1.4 Test description

9.1.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.4.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.1.1.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.1.1.4.3.
- 5. In the test there are three synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Cell 1 is the OTDOA assistance data reference as well as the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the neighbour cells. All cells are on the same RF channel. Cell 3 in the test is the Cell 4 defined in clause 4.7.1. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 13 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 2 and serving Cell 1; and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 3 and serving Cell 1.

Table 9.1.1.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Reference cell		Cell 1	Reference cell is the cell in the OTDOA assistance data with respect to which the RSTD measurement is defined, as specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6] and 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]. The reference cell is the serving cell in this test case.
Neighbour cells		Cell 2 and Cell 3	Cell 2 and Cell 3 appear at random places in the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data, but Cell 2 always appears in the first half of the list, whilst Cell 3 appears in the second half of the list.
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.6 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2	RB	50	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
PRS configuration index $I_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note~2}}$		171	This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}$ – 160 DL subframes, as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes $N_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note~2}}$		1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
Physical cell ID PCI Note 2		(PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 2)mod6=0 and (PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 3)mod6=0	The cell PCIs are selected such that the relative shifts of PRS patterns among cells are as given by the test parameters
CP length Note 2		Normal	3 - 1, 1 - 1 - 1
DRX		ON	DRX parameters are further specified in Table 9.1.1.4.1-2
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector	μs	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 1: -1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 2: 3 Cell 3: 3 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16	Including the reference cell
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: "11110000" Cell 2: "00001111" Cell 3: "11110000"	Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]
T1	S	3	The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test
T2	s	1.28	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1

	ТЗ	S	1.28	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T2
Note 1:	Parameters 'Expe	cted RS	TD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for	all neighbour cells' are not settable
	parameters. Thes	e are pa	rameters signalled in LPP only. For the v	alues to be used in LPP see Table
	9.1.1.4.3-5 and TS	S 37.571	-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.	
Note 2:	Parameters 'PRS	Transm	ssion Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration ind	ex', 'Number of consecutive
	downlink positioni	ng subfr	ames', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length',	and 'PRS muting info' are settable
	parameters and a	lso para	meters signalled in LPP. The values to be	e used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are
	as follows: Cell 1:	0, Cell 2	2: 6, Cell 3: 12. For all the values to be us	ed in LPP see Table 9.1.1.4.3-5
	and TS 37.571-5	[20], claı	use 7.2.2.	
Note 3:	The parameter 'R	adio fran	ne receive time offset between the cells a	t the UE antenna connector' is not
	a settable parame	ter but i	s used to set the 'true RSTD' values in ste	ep 6 of clause 9.1.1.4.1.

Table 9.1.1.4.1-2: DRX parameters for E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As an aified in 2CDD TC
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	As specified in 3GPP TS 36.331 [22], clause 6.3.2
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	30.331 [22], clause 6.3.2
shortDRX	Disable	

9.1.1.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3 defined in Table 9.1.1.4.1-1. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, whilst Cell 2 and Cell 3 are activated only in the beginning of T2. Cell 2 is active until the end of T3, and Cell 3 is active until the end of T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS in T2, while Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 3 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.1.1.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.1.1.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).
- 4. T1 starts.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration.
- 6. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 6a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the first 7 elements of the sequence, and the position of neighbour Cell 3 is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.3. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.

- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where ΔT = 150 ms.
- 9. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 9.1.1.5-2.
- 10. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 9.1.1.5-2.
- 11. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 9.1.1.5. The UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 1. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with both the *rstd* fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 12. If the UE message at step 11 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 13. Repeat steps 2-12 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 7 change the random position of the Cells 2 and 3 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.

9.1.1.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.1.1.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.1.1.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.8.2.1.5, Table 4.8.2.1.5-1 MAC-MainConfig-RBC					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {					
drx-Config CHOICE {					
setup SEQUENCE {					
onDurationTimer	psf1				
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1				
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1				
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {					
sf320	0				
}					
shortDRX	Not present				
}					
}					

Table 9.1.1.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.1.1.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {	140t procent		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
gos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	3	See clause 9.1.1.5	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present	0	Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.1.1.4.3-4: Void

Table 9.1.1.4.3-5: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2		1	
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
<pre>provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {</pre>			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
] }			

Table 9.1.1.4.3-6: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {					
transactionID SEQUENCE {					
initiator	IocationServer				
transactionNumber	1				
}					
endTransaction	TRUE				
sequenceNumber	(0255)				
acknowledgement					
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {					
c1 CHOICE {					
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {					
criticalExtensions CHOICE {					
c1 CHOICE {					
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {					
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.				
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present				
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation					
SEQUENCE {					
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation					
SEQUENCE {					
systemFrameNumber					
physCellIdRef	Cell 1				
cellGlobalIdRef					
earfcnRef					
referenceQuality					
neighbourMeasurementList					
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {					
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2				
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	332				
earfcnNeighbour					
rstd	Present				
rstd-Quality	1 1000111				
}					
neighbourMeasurementList					
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {					
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 3				
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	00.10				
earfcnNeighbour					
rstd	Present				
rstd-Quality	. 1000.10		1		
}					
}					
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		+		
Oldod-Ellol	reason "undefined" or				
	"attemptedButUnableTo				
	MeasureSomeNeighbour				
	Cells"				
}					
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present				
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present				
}	1 tot procent				
3					
}					
1			+		
3			+		
1			+		

9.1.1.5 Test requirement

Table 9.1.1.5-1 and 9.1.1.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

Table 9.1.1.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	1	1
Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.5 FDD	N/A	N/A
PBCH_RA				
PBCH_RB				
PSS_RA				
SSS_RA				
PCFICH_RB				
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A
PHICH_RB				
PDCCH_RA				
PDCCH_RB				
OCNG_RA Note 1				
OCNG_RB Note 1	ID /			
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz		-95	
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity
lo Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-67.22	N/A	N/A
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity
Propagation Condition			ETU30	

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cell (Cell 1) is fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: lo levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Table 9.1.1.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		
		T2	Т3	T2	Т3	T2	T3	
E-UTRA RF			1	1			1	
Channel Number								
Correlation Matrix		1x2	2 Low	1x2 Low		1x2 Low		
and Antenna								
Configuration							ı	
OCNG patterns						00.0		
defined in TS		OP.	5 FDD	OP.6	FDD	OP.6 FDD	N/A	
36.521-3 [25] clause D.1						רטט		
PBCH_RA								
PBCH_RB								
PSS_RA								
SSS_RA								
PCFICH_RB	40		0			_	NI/A	
PHICH_RA	dB		0	C)	0	N/A	
PHICH_RB								
PDCCH_RA								
PDCCH_RB								
OCNG_RA Note 1								
OCNG_RB Note 1			1		1			
PRS_RA	dB	-3	N/A	N/A	3	3	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-98	-95	-98	-95	-98	-95	
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-1	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-7	-Infinity	
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 4	dB	-1.79	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-9.54	-Infinity	
lo Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.55	-67.08	-69.55	-67.08	-69.55	N/A	
PRP Note 4	dBm/	-99	-Infinity	-Infinity	-102	-105	-Infinity	
	15 kHz		,	,			,	
RSRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-96	-93	-105	-105	-108	-Infinity	
$\hat{ ext{E}}_{ ext{s}}/N_{oc}$ Note 4	dB	2	2	-7	-10	-10	-Infinity	
Propagation Condition		ETU30						

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', Io and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes.

The response time including test tolerance is 3.3 s. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds. The RSTD measurement reporting

delay in the test is derived from the following expression, $T_{PRS}(M-1)+160\left[\frac{n}{M}\right]$, where M=8 and n=16 are the

parameters specified in clause 9.1.1.3 and Table 9.1.1.3-1. This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 2560 ms for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 1.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

9.1.2 TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

9.1.2.1 Test purpose

To verify that the RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions.

9.1.2.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 9 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA.

9.1.2.3 Minimum conformance requirements

When the physical layer cell identities of neighbour cells together with the OTDOA assistance data are provided, the UE shall be able to detect and measure intra-frequency RSTD, specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6], for at least n=16 cells, including the reference cell, on the same carrier frequency f1 as that of the reference cell within

 $T_{\text{RSTD Intra}\text{FreqTDD, E-UTRAN}}\,$ ms as given below:

$$T_{RSTD IntraFreqTDD. E-UTRAN} = T_{PRS} \cdot (M-1) + \Delta$$
 ms,

where

 $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreeTDD.\ E-UTRAN}$ is the total time for detecting and measuring at least n cells,

 $T_{\rm PRS}$ is the cell-specific positioning subframe configuration period as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26],

M is the number of PRS positioning occasions as defined in Table 9.1.2.3-1, where each PRS positioning occasion comprises of N_{PRS} (1 \leq N_{PRS} \leq 6) consecutive downlink positioning subframes defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], and

 $\Delta = 160 \cdot \left\lceil \frac{n}{M} \right\rceil$ ms is the measurement time for a single PRS positioning occasion which includes the sampling time and the processing time.

Table 9.1.2.3-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within $T_{RSTD\,IntraFreqTDD,\,E-UTRAN}$

Positioning subframe	Number of PRS positioning occasions M			
configuration period T_{PRS}				
160 ms	16			
>160 ms	8			
Note 1: When only intra-frequency RSTD measurements are performed over cells belonging to the				
	serving FDD carrier frequency f1.			

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting RSTD for the reference cell and all the neighbour cells i out of at least (n-1) neighbour cells within $T_{\text{RSTD IntraFreqTDD, E-UTRAN}}$ provided:

$$\left(\operatorname{PRS} \hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s} / \operatorname{Iot} \right)_{ref} \ge -6 \text{ dB for all Frequency Bands for the reference cell,}$$

$$\left(\operatorname{PRS} \hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s} / \operatorname{Iot} \right)_{i} \ge -13 \text{ dB for all Frequency Bands for neighbour cell } i,$$

$$\left(\operatorname{PRS} \hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s} / \operatorname{Iot} \right)_{ref} \text{ and } \left(\operatorname{PRS} \hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s} / \operatorname{Iot} \right)_{i} \text{ conditions apply for all subframes of at least } L = \frac{M}{2} \text{ PRS positioning occasions,}$$

PRP 1,2|_{dBm} according to clause E.2 for a corresponding Band.

The time $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqTDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ starts from the first subframe of the PRS positioning occasion closest in time after both the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData message as specified in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4], are delivered to the physical layer of the UE.

The requirements shall apply for all TDD special subframe configurations specified in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26] and for the TDD uplink-downlink configurations as specified in Table 9.1.2.3-2.

Table 9.1.2.3-2: TDD uplink-downlink subframe configurations applicable for TDD intra-frequency requirements

PRS Transmission Bandwidth [RB]	Applicable TDD uplink-downlink configurations				
6, 15	1, 2, 3, 4 and 5				
25, 50, 75, 100	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6				
Note: Uplink-downlink configurations are specified in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26].					

This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other LPP signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is: $2 \times TTI_{DCCH}$. This measurement reporting delay excludes any delay caused by no UL resources for UE to send the measurement report.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.1.2.5.2 and A.8.12.2.

9.1.2.4 Test description

9.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.2.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.4.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.1.2.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.1.2.4.3.
- 5. In the test there are three synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Cell 1 is the OTDOA assistance data reference as well as the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the neighbour cells. All cells are on the same RF channel. Cell 3 in the test is the Cell 4 defined in clause 4.7.1. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 13 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 2 and serving Cell 1; and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 3 and serving Cell 1.

Table 9.1.2.4-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Reference cell		Cell 1	Reference is the cell in the OTDOA assistance data with respect to which the RSTD measurement is defined, as specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6] and 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]. The reference cell is the serving cell in this test case.
Neighbour cells		Cell 2 and Cell 3	Cell 2 and Cell 3 appear at random places in the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data, but Cell 2 always appears in the first half of the list, whilst Cell 3 appears in the second half of the list.
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.6 TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2	RB	50	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
PRS configuration index $I_{\rm PRS}$		174	This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}-160$ DL subframes, as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes N_{PRS} Note 2		1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
Physical cell ID PCI Note 2		(PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 2)mod6=0 and (PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 3)mod6=0	The cell PCIs are selected such that the relative shifts of PRS patterns among cells are as given by the test parameters
TDD uplink-downlink configuration		1	As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Section 4.2; corresponds to a configuration with 5 ms switch-point periodicity and two downlink consecutive subframes
TDD special subframe configuration		6	As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Section 4.2; corresponds to DwPTS of $19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ and UpPTS of $4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$
CP length Note 2		Normal	The same CP length applies for DL and UL
DRX		ON	DRX parameters are further specified in Table 9.1.2.4-2
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 1: -1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 2: 3 Cell 3: 3 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16	Including the reference cell
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: "11110000" Cell 2: "00001111" Cell 3: "11110000"	Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]
T1	s	3	The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test
T2	S	1.28	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1

T3		s	1.28	The length of the time interval that	
10		0	1.20	follows immediately after time interval T2	
Note 1:	Parameters 'Expe	cted RS	ΓD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for a	Ill neighbour cells' are not settable	
	parameters. Thes	e are par	ameters signalled in LPP only. For the va	llues to be used in LPP see Table	
	9.1.2.4.3-5 and TS	S 37.571	-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.		
Note 2:	Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink				
	positioning subframes', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length', and 'PRS muting info' are settable parameters and				
	also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell				
	2: 6, Cell 3: 12. For all the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.1.2.4.3-5 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.				
Note 3:	The parameter 'R	eter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is not a			
	settable paramete	settable parameter but is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 9.1.2.4.1.			

Table 9.1.2.4-2: DRX parameters for E-UTRAN TDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As appointed in 2CDD TC
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	As specified in 3GPP TS
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	36.331 [22], clause 6.3.2.
shortDRX	disable	

9.1.2.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3 defined in Table 9.1.2.4-1. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, whilst Cell 2 and Cell 3 are activated only in the beginning of T2. Cell 2 is active until the end of T3, and Cell 3 is active until the end of T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS in T2, while Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 3 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.1.2.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.1.2.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).
- 4. T1 starts.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration.
- 6. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 6a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the first 7 elements of the sequence, and the position of neighbour Cell 3 is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.3. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.

- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where ΔT = 150 ms.
- 9. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 9.1.2.5-3.
- 10. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 9.1.2.5-3.
- 11. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 9.1.1.5. The UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 1. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with both the *rstd* fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 12. If the UE message at step 11 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 13. Repeat steps 2-12 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 9 change the random position of the Cells 2 and 3 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.

9.1.2.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.1.2.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.1.2.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.8.2.1.5, Table 4.8.2.1.5-1 MAC-MainConfig-RBC					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {					
drx-Config CHOICE {					
setup SEQUENCE {					
onDurationTimer	psf1				
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1				
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1				
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {					
sf320	0				
}					
shortDRX	Not present				
}					
}					

Table 9.1.2.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.1.2.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {	Trot process.		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	3	See clause 9.1.2.5	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
IocationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.1.2.4.3-4: Void

Table 9.1.2.4.3-5: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2 Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {	Value/Terrial K	Comment	Condition
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}	(0200)		
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
atda - Essa	7.2.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
andu Dravida Assistance Deta	Not propert		
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
<u> }</u>			+
<u>}</u>			
<u> </u>			
<u> </u>			
1			+

Table 9.1.2.4.3-6: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 1		
cellGlobalIdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present		
rstd-Quality			
}			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 3		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present		
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo MeasureSomeNeighbour		
,	Cells"		
}	N		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

9.1.2.5 Test requirement

Table 9.1.2.5-1 and 9.1.2.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

Table 9.1.2.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1

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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3					
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	1	1					
Correlation Matrix		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low					
and Antenna									
Configuration									
OCNG patterns									
defined in TS		OP.1 TDD	N/A	N/A					
36.521-3 [25] clause		J	,, .						
D.2									
PBCH_RA									
PBCH_RB									
PSS_RA									
SSS_RA									
PCFICH_RB									
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A					
PHICH_RB									
PDCCH_RA									
PDCCH_RB									
OCNG_RA Note 1									
OCNG_RB Note 1									
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz		-95						
PRS $\hat{ ext{E}}_{ ext{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity					
Io Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-67.22	N/A	N/A					
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity					
Propagation Condition		ETU30							
Note 1: OCNG sha	Il be used s								

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cell (Cell 1) is fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: lo levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Table 9.1.2.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Се	II 1	Cel	12	Се	ell 3
		T2	T3	T2	Т3	T2	T3
E-UTRA RF		,	1	1			1
Channel Number							
Correlation Matrix		1x2	Low	1x2 l	_OW	1x2	Low
and Antenna							
Configuration							
OCNG patterns						00.0	
defined in TS		OP.1	TDD	OP.2	TDD	OP.2	N/A
36.521-3 [25] clause						TDD	
D.2							
PBCH_RA							
PBCH_RB							
PSS_RA							
SSS_RA							
PCFICH_RB				_		_	
PHICH_RA	dB	()	0		0	N/A
PHICH_RB							
PDCCH_RA							
PDCCH_RB							
OCNG_RA Note 1							
OCNG_RB Note 1							
PRS_RA	dB	-3	N/A	N/A	3	3	N/A
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-98	-95	-98	-95	-98	-95
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-1	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-7	-Infinity
	ub_	'	ty			,	II III II II I
PRS $\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}^{Note 4}$	dB	-1.79	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-9.54	-Infinity
lo Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.55	-67.08	-69.55	-67.08	-69.55	N/A
PRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-99	-Infinity	-Infinity	-102	-105	-Infinity
RSRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-96	-93	-105	-105	-108	-Infinity
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$ Note 4	dB	2	2	-7	-10	-10	-Infinity
Propagation Condition		ETU30					

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', Io and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes.

The response time including test tolerance is 3.3 s. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds. The RSTD measurement reporting

delay in the test is derived from the following expression, $T_{PRS}(M-1)+160\left[\frac{n}{M}\right]$, where M=8 and n=16 are the

parameters specified in clause 9.2.1.3 and Table 9.2.1.3-1. This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 2560 ms for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 1.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

9.1.3 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy

9.1.3.1 Test purpose

To verify that the RSTD FDD intra-frequency measurement accuracy is within the specified limits.

9.1.3.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 9 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA.

9.1.3.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The accuracy requirements in Table 9.1.3.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

PRP 1,2|_{dBm} according to clause E.2 for a corresponding Band.

There are no measurement gaps overlapping with the PRS subframes of the measured cell.

The parameter expectedRSTDUncertainty signalled over LPP as defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] is less than 5 µs.

Table 9.1.3.3-1: RSTD measurement accuracy

	Conditions							
		Minimum	Jonan	lo ^{No}	te ⁹ range			
Accurac y	PRS Ês/lot	PRS bandwidth, which is minimum of serving cell channel bandwidth and the PRS bandwidths of the reference cell and the measured neighbour cell i ^{Note 6}	Minimum number of available measurement subframes among the reference cell and the measured neighbour cell i	E-UTRA operating band groups ^{Note 10}	Minimum Io ^{Note 1}	Maximum lo		
Ts Note 2	dB	RB			dBm/15kH z Note 8	dBm/BW _{Chan}		
				FDD_A, TDD_A	-121	-50		
				FDD B	-120.5	-50		
		FDD_C, TDD_	FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50			
	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥-6dB			FDD_D	-119.5	-50		
±15	and	≥ 6	6	FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50		
	(PRS Ês/lot); ≥-13dB			FDD_F	-118.5	-50		
				FDD_G	-118	-50		
				FDD_H	-117.5	-50		
				FDD_N	-114.5	-50		
±10 Note 11	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥- 6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 15	6	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5		
±6	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥- 6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 25	≥ 2	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5		
±5	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥- 6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 50	≥1	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5		
±4 Note 11	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥- 6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 75	≥ 1	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5		

- NOTE 1: This minimum lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in an OFDM symbol.
- NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26].
- NOTE 3: PRS bandwidth is as indicated in prs-Bandwidth in the OTDOA assistance data defined in TS 36.355 [4].
- NOTE 4: Void.
- NOTE 5: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with the PRS bandwidth ≥ 6 RB.
- NOTE 6: The serving cell, the reference cell, and the measured neighbour cell i are on the same carrier frequency.
- NOTE 7: Void
- NOTE 8: The condition level is increased by Δ >0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.133 [23] Annexes B.4.2 and B.4.3.
- NOTE 9: The Io is defined in PRS positioning subframes. The same Io range applies to PRS and non-PRS symbols. Io levels are different in PRS and non-PRS symbols within the same subframe.
- NOTE 10: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in clause 4.4.2.
- NOTE 11: Only applicable from Rel-12 onwards

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.10.1 and A.9.8.1.

9.1.3.4 Test description

9.1.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 1.4 MHz (Test 1 and 2) and 10 MHz (Test 3 and 4). In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test, as defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 5.6.1, then this part of the test shall be omitted.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.3.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.1.3.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.1.3.4.3.
- 5. All cells are on the same carrier frequency. Cell 1 is the serving cell and OTDOA assistance data reference cell; Cell 2 is the neighbour cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between cell 2 and cell 1 as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to the following values:

Test 1: -92 Ts (about -3 μs)

Test 2: 92 Ts (about 3 μs)

Test 3: 92 Ts (about 3 µs)

Test 4: -92 Ts (about -3 µs)

Note that the related expected RSTD values to be signalled over LPP are defined in Table 9.1.3.4-1 for each test.

Table 9.1.3.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for intra frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value			Comment	
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.14	FDD	R.6	FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1.
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.7 FDD		OP.7 FDD OP.6 FDD		OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).
Reference cell				ell 1		
Neighbour cell E-UTRA RF Channel				ll 2 1		One FDD carrier
Number				1		frequency is used.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	1	.4	1	0	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2	RB	(6	5	50	
PRS configuration Index $I_{\rm PRS}$		1	2	:	2	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes $N_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note}2}$		6		1		As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
prs-MutingInfo Note 2				1110000" 1110000"		See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for more information
Cell ID Note 2		(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 0	(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 1	(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 0	(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 3	
Expected RSTD Note 1	us	Cell 2: 1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 2: -1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 2: -1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 2: 1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	us	5	5	5	5	
CP length Note 2				mal		
DRX Radio frame receive time		Cell 2 to	Cell 2 to	FF Cell 2 to	Cell 2 to	DDC are transmitted
offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector	us	Cell 1: -3	Cell 2 to	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 3	Cell 2 to Cell 1: -3	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data						
T _{RSTD} IntraFreqFDD, E-UTRAN Note 4	ms	2560 Derived according to the RSTD measurement requirements specified in Section 9.1.1.3				

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.1.3.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Cell ID' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: Test 1: 6, Test 2: 7, Test 3: 6, Test 4: 9. For all the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.1.3.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 9.1.3.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ' $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ ' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 9.1.3.4.3-2. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds.

9.1.3.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. Cell 1 and Cell 2 are both active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.1.3.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the UE.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
 - 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
 - 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.1.3.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 3a. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 3b. The UE shall send an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
 - 4. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. If the UE message at step 3b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 5. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 6. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE.
- 7. If the UE message at step 6 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 8. The SS shall check the *rstd* value for Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 9.1.3.5-2.
- 9. Repeat step 2-8 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved.
- 10. Repeat step 1-9 for each sub-test in Table 9.1.3.5-1 as appropriate.

9.1.3.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.1.3.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.1.3.4.3-1a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.1.3.4.3-2: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	1.00 p. 000 m		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {	_		
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	3	See Note 4 of Table 9.1.3.4.1-1	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
IocationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}	11011100011		
}			
}			
}			1
}			
<u>}</u>			
}			

Table 9.1.3.4.3-3: Void

Table 9.1.3.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {				
transactionID SEQUENCE {				
Initiator	locationServer			
transactionNumber	(0255)			
}				
endTransaction	TRUE			
sequenceNumber	Not present			
acknowledgement	Not present			
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {				
c1 CHOICE {				
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {				
criticalExtensions CHOICE {				
c1 CHOICE {				
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {				
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present			
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present			
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {				
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS			
	37.571-5 [20], clause			
	7.2.2.			
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS			
	37.571-5 [20],			
	clause7.2.2.			
otdoa-Error	Not present			
}				
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present			
}				
}				
}				
_ }				
}				
}				

Table 9.1.3.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 1		
cellGloballdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList SEQUENCE (SIZE(1)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Set according to Table 9.1.3.5-2 for each specific test		
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error reason "undefined" or "attemptedButUnableTo MeasureSomeNeighbour Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
1			
1			
]			

Table 9.1.3.4.3-6: CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT: FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-2 CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {						
cqi-ReportModeAperiodic	rm30	This IE should be omitted for Test 1 and Test 2				
nomPDSCH-RS-EPRE-Offset	0					
cqi-ReportPeriodic CHOICE {						
release	NULL					
}						

9.1.3.5 Test requirement

Table 9.1.3.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for all tests.

The RSTD FDD intra-frequency accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 9.1.3.5-2.

Table 9.1.3.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for intra frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN FDD

		Te	Test 1		Test 2		Test 3		Test 4	
Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
E-UTRA RF					l	I.	I.	l	ı	
Channel				1						
Number							1			
PBCH_RA										
PBCH_RB										
PSS_RA										
SSS_RA										
PCFICH_RB										
PHICH_RA		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	
PHICH_RB	dB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PDCCH_RA										
PDCCH_RB										
OCNG_RA ^{Note}										
OCNG_RB ^{Note}										
PRS_RA	dB	0	0	-2.7	0.3	0	0	-2.7	0.3	
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~2}$	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	
PRS $\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-2.37	-8.02	-5.7	-12.7	-2.37	-8.02	-5.7	-12.7	
PRS \hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}	dB	-3	-10	-5.7	-12.7	-3	-10	-5.7	-12.7	
lo Note 3	dBm/1.08 MHz	-78.92	-78.92	-79.2	-79.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
10	dBm/9 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-69.72	-69.72	- 69.99	- 69.99	
PRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-100.37	-106.02	103.7	- 110.7	- 100.37	- 106.02	- 103.7	- 110.7	
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}^{\mathrm{Note 3}}$	dB	-2.37	-8.02	-3	-13	-2.37	-8.02	-3	-13	
RSRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-100.37	-106.02	-101	-111	- 100.37	- 106.02	-101	-111	
Propagation condition		AWGN								

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS.

Table 9.1.3.5-2: RSTD FDD intra-frequency accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6248	RSTD_6431	RSTD_6441	RSTD_6258
Highest reported value	RSTD_6280	RSTD_6463	RSTD_6453	RSTD_6270

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each sub-test shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test then Test 1 and Test 2 shall be omitted.

9.1.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy

9.1.4.1 Test purpose

To verify that the RSTD TDD intra-frequency measurement accuracy is within the specified limits.

9.1.4.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 9 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA.

9.1.4.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The accuracy requirements in Table 9.1.3.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

PRP 1,2_{dBm} according to clause E.2 for a corresponding Band.

There are no measurement gaps overlapping with the PRS subframes of the measured cell.

The parameter expectedRSTDUncertainty signalled over LPP as defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] is less than 5 µs.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.10.1 and A.9.8.2.

9.1.4.4 Test description

9.1.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.2.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 1.4 MHz (Test 1 and 2) and 10 MHz (Test 3 and 4). In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test, as defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 5.6.1, then this part of the test shall be omitted.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.3.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.1.4.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.1.4.4.3.
- 5. All cells are on the same carrier frequency. Cell 1 is the serving cell and OTDOA assistance data reference cell; Cell 2 is the neighbour cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between cell 2 and cell 1 as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to the following values:

Test 1: -92 Ts (about -3 μs)

Test 2: 92 Ts (about 3 μs)

Test 3: 92 Ts (about 3 µs)

Test 4: -92 Ts (about -3 us)

Note that the related expectedRSTD values to be signalled over LPP are defined in Table 9.1.4.4-1 for each test.

Table 9.1.4.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for intra frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN TDD

Parameter	Unit		Comment			
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.14	TDD	R.6	TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2.
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.4 TDD		OP.2 TDD		OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).
Neighbour cell				ell 2		
E-UTRA RF Channel Number				1		One TDD carrier frequency is used.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	1.	.4	1	0	
Special subframe configuration		6		6		As specified in table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [26]. The same configuration in both cells.
Uplink-downlink configuration		3		1		As specified in table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [26] and table 9.1.2.3-2. The same configuration in both cells.
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2	RB	6	6	50		
PRS configuration Index $I_{\rm PRS}$		9		14		As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26].
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes $N_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note}\;2}$		6	6	1		As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26].
prs-MutingInfo Note 2				1110000" 1110000"		See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for more information
Cell ID Note 2		(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 0	(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 1	(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 0	(Cell ID of cell 1 – Cell ID of cell 2) mod 6 = 3	
Expected RSTD Note 1	us	Cell 2: 1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 2: -1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 2: -1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 2: 1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1 CP length Note 2	us	5	5 No.	mal 5	5	
or length	L		1			

DRX			0	FF		
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	us	Cell 2 to Cell 1: -3	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 3	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 3	Cell 2 to Cell 1: -3	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16				The number of cells includes the reference cell
$T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqTDD}$, E-UTRAN Note 4	ms	2560				Derived according to the RSTD measurement requirements specified in Section 9.1.2.3

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.1.4.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Cell ID' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: Test 1: 6, Test 2: 7, Test 3: 6, Test 4: 9. For all the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.1.4.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 9.1.4.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ${}^{\dagger}T_{RSTD~IntraFreqTDD,~E-UTRAN}$ is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 9.1.4.4.3-2. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD~IntraFreqTDD,~E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds.

9.1.4.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. Cell 1 and Cell 2 are both active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.1.4.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the UE

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
 - 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
 - 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.1.4.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 3a. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 3b. The UE shall send an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
 - 4. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. If the UE message at step 3b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 5. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.

- 6. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE.
- 7. If the UE message at step 6 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 8. The SS shall check the *rstd* value for Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 9.1.4.5-2.
- 9. Repeat step 2-8 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved.
- 10. Repeat step 1-9 for each sub-test in Table 9.1.4.5-1 as appropriate.

9.1.4.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.1.4.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.1.4.4.3-1a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.1.4.4.3-2: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	•		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
additionalinormation	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {	quotiou		
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	140t present		
time	3	See Note 4 of	
unic	3	Table 9.1.4.4.1-1	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present	14510 0.1.1.1.1	Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}	•		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}	+		
\ \			+
\			
<u> </u>			+
1			
_1	1	1	

Table 9.1.4.4.3-3: Void

Table 9.1.4.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			

transactionID SEQUENCE {		
Initiator	locationServer	
transactionNumber	(0255)	
}		
endTransaction	TRUE	
sequenceNumber	Not present	
acknowledgement	Not present	
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {		
c1 CHOICE {		
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {		
criticalExtensions CHOICE {		
c1 CHOICE {		
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {		
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present	
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present	
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {		
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS	
	37.571-5 [20],	
	clause7.2.2.	
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS	
	37.571-5 [20],	
	clause7.2.2.	
otdoa-Error	Not present	
}		
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present	
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		
1 }		

Table 9.1.4.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 1		
cellGloballdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(1)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Set according to Table 9.1.4.5-2 for each specific test		
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error reason "undefined" or "attemptedButUnableTo MeasureSomeNeighbour Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.1.4.4.3-6: CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT: TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-2 CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {					
cqi-ReportModeAperiodic	rm30	This IE should be omitted for Test 1 and Test 2			
nomPDSCH-RS-EPRE-Offset	0				
cqi-ReportPeriodic CHOICE {					
release	NULL				
}					

9.1.4.5 Test requirement

Table 9.1.4.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for all tests.

Each RSTD TDD intra-frequency accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 9.1.4.5-2.

Table 9.1.4.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for intra frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN TDD

Doromotor	Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	Test 2		Test 3		Test 4	
Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
E-UTRA RF						1				
Channel Number						I				
PBCH_RA										
PBCH_RB										
PSS_RA										
SSS_RA										
PCFICH_RB										
PHICH_RA	dB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PHICH_RB										
PDCCH_RA										
PDCCH_RB										
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}										
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}										
PRS_RA	dB	0	0	-2.7	0.3	0	0	-2.7	0.3	
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~2}$	dBm/15 kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-2.37	-8.02	-5.7	-12.7	-2.37	-8.02	-5.7	-12.7	
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 3	dB	-3	-10	-5.7	-12.7	-3	-10	-5.7	-12.7	
lo Note 3	dBm/1.08 MHz	-78.92	-78.92	-79.2	-79.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	dBm/9 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-69.72	-69.72	-69.99	-69.99	
PRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-100.37	-106.02	-103.7	-110.7	-100.37	-106.02	-103.7	-110.7	
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}^{\mathrm{Note 3}}$	dB	-2.37	-8.02	-3	-13	-2.37	-8.02	-3	-13	
RSRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-100.37	-106.02	-101	-111	-100.37	-106.02	-101	-111	
Propagation condition		AWGN								

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS.

Table 9.1.4.5-2: RSTD TDD intra-frequency accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6248	RSTD_6431	RSTD_6441	RSTD_6258
Highest reported value	RSTD_6280	RSTD_6463	RSTD_6453	RSTD_6270

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each sub-test shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test then Test 1 and Test 2 shall be omitted.

9.2 RSTD Inter-Frequency Measurements

9.2.1 FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay

9.2.1.1 Test purpose

To verify that the FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions.

9.2.1.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and forward that support inter-frequency RSTD measurements.

9.2.1.3 Minimum conformance requirements

When the physical layer cell identities of neighbour cells together with the OTDOA assistance data are provided, the UE shall be able to detect and measure inter-frequency RSTD, specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6], for at least n=16 cells, including the reference cell, within $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ ms as given below:

$$T_{\text{RSTD InterFreqFDD, E-UTRAN}} = T_{\text{PRS}} \cdot (M - 1) + \Delta \qquad ms$$
,

where

 $T_{RSTD\ InterFreeFDD\ E-UTRAN}$ is the total time for detecting and measuring at least n cells,

 $T_{\rm PRS}$ is the largest value of the cell-specific positioning subframe configuration period, defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], among the measured n cells including the reference cell,

M is the number of PRS positioning occasions as defined in Table 9.2.1.3-1, where each PRS positioning occasion comprises of N_{PRS} (1 $\leq N_{PRS} \leq$ 6) consecutive downlink positioning subframes defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], and

 $\Delta = 160 \cdot \left\lceil \frac{n}{M} \right\rceil$ ms is the measurement time for a single PRS positioning occasion which includes the sampling time and the processing time.

Table 9.2.1.3-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within $\,T_{\rm RSTD\,InterFreqFDD,\,E-UTRAN}$

Posi	tioning subframe	Number of PRS positioning occasions $\it M$		
configuration period $T_{ m PRS}$		f2 Note 1	f1 and f2 Note 2	
	160 ms	16	32	
	>160 ms	8	16	
Note 1:		er-frequency RSTD measurements are performed over the reference cell and ir cells, which belong to the FDD inter-frequency carrier frequency f2.		
Note 2:				

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting RSTD for the reference cell and all the neighbour cells i out of at least (n-1) neighbour cells within $T_{\text{RSTD InterFreqFDD, E-UTRAN}}$ provided:

 $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_{ref} \ge -6 dB$ for all Frequency Bands for the reference cell,

 $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_i \ge 13 \text{ dB for all Frequency Bands for neighbour cell } i$,

 $\left(\text{PRS } \hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s} / \text{Iot} \right)_{ref}$ and $\left(\text{PRS } \hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s} / \text{Iot} \right)_{i}$ conditions apply for all subframes of at least $L = \frac{M}{2}$ PRS positioning occasions,

PRP 1,2|_{dBm} according to E.3 for a corresponding Band.

PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot is as defined in Section 9.1.1.3.

The time $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ starts from the first subframe of the PRS positioning occasion closest in time after both the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData message as specified in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4], are delivered to the physical layer of the UE.

This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other LPP signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is: $2 \times TTI_{DCCH}$. This measurement reporting delay excludes any delay caused by no UL resources for UE to send the measurement report.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.1.2.6.1 and A.8.13.1.

9.2.1.4 Test description

9.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.4.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.2.1.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.2.1.4.3.

- 5. In the test there are three synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Cell 1 is the OTDOA assistance data reference as well as the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the neighbour cells. Cell 1 is on FDD RF channel 1. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are on a FDD RF channel 2. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 13 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 2 and serving Cell 1; and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 3 and serving Cell 1.
- 7. The gap pattern configuration # 0 as defined in Table 8.1.2.1-1 in 3GPP TS 36.133 [23] is configured and does not overlap with PRS subframes of Cell 1.

Table 9.2.1.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Reference cell		Cell 1	Reference cell is the cell with respect to which the RSTD measurement is defined, as specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6] and 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]. The reference cell is the serving cell on RF channel 1 in this test case.
Neighbour cells		Cell 2 and Cell 3	Cells on RF channel 2. The cells appear at random places in the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data, but Cell 2 always appears in the first half of the list, whilst Cell 3 appears in the second half of the list.
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.6 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	
PRS Bandwidth Note 2	RB	50	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
Gap pattern Id		0	As specified in Table 8.1.2.1-1 in TS 36.133[23].
Gap offset		9	As specified in 36.331 [22], Section 6.3.5
PRS configuration index $I_{\rm PRS}$		Cell 1: 181, Cell 2, Cell 3: 171	This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}$ –160 DL subframes, as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes N_{PRS} Note 2		1	As defined in TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
Physical cell ID PCI Note 2		(PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 2)mod6=0 and (PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 3)mod6=0	The cell PCIs are selected such that the relative shifts of PRS patterns among cells are as given by the test parameters
CP length Note 2		Normal	
DRX		ON	DRX parameters are further specified in Table 9.2.1.4.1-2
prs-SubframeOffset Note 2		310	Number of subframes rounded to the closest integer. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs- SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]
slotNumberOffset Note 2		0	The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell specified in TS 36.355 [4]
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 1: -1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 2: -2 Cell 3: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator

		T	I
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16	The list includes the reference cell (received in OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo [4]) on RF channel 1 and 15 other cells on RF channel 2, all received in OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData [4].
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: "1111111100000000" Cell 2: "00000000111111111" Cell 3: "1111111100000000"	Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]
T1	s	3	The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test
T2	S	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1
Т3	S	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T2

Note 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.1.4.3-5 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.

Note 2: Parameters 'PRS Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset' and 'PRS muting info' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 6, Cell 3: 12. For all the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.1.4.3-5 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.

Note 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 9.2.1.4.1.

Table 9.2.1.4.1-2: DRX parameters for E-UTRAN FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As an aified in 2CDD TC
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	As specified in 3GPP TS
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	36.331 [22], clause 6.3.2
shortDRX	Disable	

9.2.1.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3 defined in Table 9.2.1.4.1-1. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, whilst Cell 2 and Cell 3 are activated only in the beginning of T2. Cell 2 is active until the end of T3, and Cell 3 is active until the end of T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS only in T2, Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 3 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.2.1.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.2.1.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).

- 4. T1 starts.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration and the measurement gap configuration.
- 6. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 6a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the first 7 elements of the sequence, and the position of neighbour Cell 3 is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.3. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 9. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 9.2.1.5-2.
- 10. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 9.2.1.5-2.
- 11. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 9.2.1.5. The UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 1. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with both the *rstd* fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 12. If the UE message at step 11 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 13. Repeat steps 2-12 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 7 change the random position of the Cells 2 and 3 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.

9.2.1.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.2.1.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.2.1.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: FDD-FDD Inter-frequency RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.8.2.1.5, Table 4.8.2.1.5-1 MAC-MainConfig-RBC						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {						
drx-Config CHOICE {						
setup SEQUENCE {						
onDurationTimer	psf1					
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1					
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1					
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {						
sf320	0					
}						
shortDRX	Not present					
}						
}						

Table 9.2.1.4.3-3: *MeasGapConfig-GP1*: FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.6, Tab	ole 4.6.6-1A: MeasGapConfig-Gl	P1	
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
MeasGapConfig-GP1 ::= CHOICE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
gapOffset CHOICE {			
gp0	9	TGRP = 40 ms	
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.2.1.4.3-3a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.2.1.4.3-4: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {	1.00 \$1.000		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	6	See clause 9.2.1.5	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}	·		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}	1,001 1000110		
\ \			
}	1		
<u> </u>			
\			
<u> </u>			
1			
_1	1	1	

Table 9.2.1.4.3-5: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
=	7.2.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
1 }		1	

Table 9.2.1.4.3-6: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 1		
cellGlobalIdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	332		
earfcnNeighbour	RF channel 2		
rstd	Present		
rstd-Quality	1 1000111		
}			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	00.10		
earfcnNeighbour	RF channel 2		
rstd	Present		
rstd-Quality	. 1000.11		+
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		+
Oldod-Ellol	reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour		
	Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}	1 tot procent		
3			
}			
1			+
3			+
1			+

9.2.1.5 Test requirement

Table 9.2.1.5-1 and 9.2.1.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

Table 9.2.1.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
E-UTRA RF		1	N/A	N/A
Channel Number		-		
Correlation Matrix		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low
and Antenna				
Configuration OCNG patterns				
defined in TS				
36.521-3 [25] clause		OP.5 FDD	N/A	N/A
D.1				
PBCH_RA				
PBCH_RB				
PSS_RA				
SSS_RA				
PCFICH_RB				
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A
PHICH_RB				
PDCCH_RA				
PDCCH_RB				
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}				
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}				
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-95	N/A	N/A
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity
lo Note 4	dBm/	-67.22	N/A	N/A
	9 MHz	J	1 1// 1	
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity
Propagation			ETU30	
Condition				

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that the active cell (Cell 1) is fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: lo levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Table 9.2.1.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3

Parameter	Unit	Cel	l 1	Ce	II 2	I 2 Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	Т3
E-UTRA RF		1			2	2	N/A
Channel Number				2			
Correlation Matrix		1x2 l	_OW	1x2 Low		1x2 L	OW
and Antenna							
Configuration							•
OCNG patterns							
defined in TS		OP.5	FDD	OP 6	FDD	OP.6 FDD	N/A
36.521-3 [25]		01.0	. 55	01.0		01.0122	14// (
clause D.1							
PBCH_RA							
PBCH_RB							
PSS_RA							
SSS_RA							
PCFICH_RB							
PHICH_RA	dB	0		0		0	N/A
PHICH_RB							
PDCCH_RA							
PDCCH_RB	1						
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}	-						
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}	1						
		_			_	_	
PRS_RA	dB	-3	N/A	N/A	3	3	N/A
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/	-98	-98	-98	-95	-98	N/A
1 v oc	15 kHz	-90	-90	-90	-90	-90	IN/A
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}$	dB	-1	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-8	-
			,				Infinity
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 4	dB	-1	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-8	- Infinity
	-ID/						Infinity
Io Note 4	dBm/	-69.68	-70.22	-70.11	-67.08	-70.11	N/A
	9 MHz						
PRP Note 4	dBm/	-99	-Infinity	-Infinity	-102	-106	-
	15 kHz		,	,			Infinity
RSRP Note 4	dBm/	-96	-96	-105	-105	-109	- Infinity
^	15 kHz						Infinity
${ m \hat{E}}_{ m s}/N_{oc}^{ m Note~4}$	dB	2	2	-7	-10	-11	- Infinity
Propagation Condition			ETU30				
Condition							

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test and assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', Io and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes.

The response time including test tolerance is 6.3 s. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 5110 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 6 seconds. The RSTD measurement reporting

delay in the test is derived from the following expression, $T_{PRS}(M-1)+160\left[\frac{n}{M}\right]$, where M=16 and n=16 are

the parameters specified in clause 9.2.1.3 and Table 9.2.1.3-1. This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 4960 ms for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 1.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

9.2.2 TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay

9.2.2.1 Test purpose

To verify that the TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions.

9.2.2.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that support inter-frequency RSTD measurements.

9.2.2.3 Minimum conformance requirements

When the physical layer cell identities of neighbour cells together with the OTDOA assistance data are provided, the UE shall be able to detect and measure inter-frequency RSTD, specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6], for at least n=16 cells, including the reference cell, within $T_{RSTD InterFreqTDD, E-UTRAN}$ ms as given below:

$${\rm T_{RSTD\;InterFreqTDD,\,E-UTRAN}} = T_{\rm PRS} \cdot (M - 1) + \Delta \qquad ms \; , \label{eq:transform}$$

where

 $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqTDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ is the total time for detecting and measuring at least n cells,

 $T_{\rm PRS}$ is the largest value of the cell-specific positioning subframe configuration period, defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], among the measured n cells including the reference cell,

M is the number of PRS positioning occasions as defined in Table 9.2.2.3-1, where each PRS positioning occasion comprises of N_{PRS} (1 $\leq N_{PRS} \leq$ 6) consecutive downlink positioning subframes defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], and

 $\Delta = 160 \cdot \left| \frac{n}{M} \right|$ ms is the measurement time for a single PRS positioning occasion which includes the sampling time and the processing time.

Table 9.2.2.3-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within $T_{\rm RSTD\ InterFreqTDD,\ E-UTRAN}$

Positioning subframe		Number of PRS pe	ositioning occasions $\it M$
configuration period $T_{ m PRS}$		f2 Note 1	f1 and f2 Note 2
160 ms		16	32
>160 ms		8	16
Note 1: When inter-frequency RSTD measurements are performed over the reference cell and neighbour cells, which belong to the TDD inter-frequency carrier frequency f2.			
		RSTD measurements are performed a belong to the serving TDD carrier frequency f2 respectively.	

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting RSTD for the reference cell and all the neighbour cells i out of at least (n-1) neighbour cells within $T_{\text{RSTD InterFreqTDD, E-UTRAN}}$ provided:

 $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_{ref} \ge -6 dB$ for all Frequency Bands for the reference cell,

 $(PRS \, \hat{E}_s / Iot)_i \ge -13 \, dB$ for all Frequency Bands for neighbour cell i,

 $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_{ref}$ and $(PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot)_i$ conditions apply for all subframes of at least $L = \frac{M}{2}$ PRS positioning occasions,

PRP 1,2_{dBm} according to E.3 for a corresponding Band.

PRS \hat{E}_s / Iot is as defined in Section 9.1.1.3.

The time $T_{\text{RSTD InterFreqTDD, E-UTRAN}}$ starts from the first subframe of the PRS positioning occasion closest in time after both the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData message as specified in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4], are delivered to the physical layer of the UE.

This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other LPP signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is: $2 \times TTI_{DCCH}$. This measurement reporting delay excludes any delay caused by no UL resources for UE to send the measurement report.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.1.2.6.3 and A.8.13.2.

9.2.2.4 Test description

9.2.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.4.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.2.2.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.2.2.4.3.
- 5. In the test there are three synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Cell 1 is the OTDOA assistance data reference as well as the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the neighbour cells. Cell 1 is on TDD RF channel 1. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are on a TDD RF channel 2. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 13 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 2 and serving Cell 1; and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 3 and serving Cell 1.
- 7. The gap pattern configuration # 0 as defined in Table 8.1.2.1-1 in 3GPP TS 36.133 [23] is configured and does not overlap with PRS subframes of Cell 1.

Table 9.2.2.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Reference cell		Cell 1	Reference cell is the cell with respect to which the RSTD measurement is defined, as specified in 3GPP TS 36.214 [6] and 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]. The reference cell is the serving cell on RF channel 1 in this test case.
Neighbour cells		Cell 2 and Cell 3	Cells on RF channel 2. The cells appear at random places in the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data, but Cell 2 always appears in the first half of the list, whilst Cell 3 appears in the second half of the list.
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.6 TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	
PRS Bandwidth Note 2	RB	50	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
Gap pattern Id		0	As specified in Table 8.1.2.1-1 in TS 36.133 [23].
Gap offset		12	As specified in 36.331 [22], Section 6.3.5
PRS configuration index $I_{\rm PRS}$		Cell 1: 184, Cell 2, Cell 3: 174	This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}$ –160 DL subframes, as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes $N_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note~2}}$		1	As defined in TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
Physical cell ID PCI ^{Note 2}		(PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 2)mod6=0 and (PCI of Cell 1 – PCI of Cell 3)mod6=0	The cell PCIs are selected such that the relative shifts of PRS patterns among cells are as given by the test parameters
TDD uplink-downlink configuration		1	As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Section 4.2; corresponds to a configuration with 5 ms switch- point periodicity and two downlink consecutive subframes
TDD special subframe configuration		6	As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Section 4.2; corresponds to DwPTS of $19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ and UpPTS of $4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$
CP length Note 2		Normal	
DRX		ON	DRX parameters are further specified in Table 9.2.2.4.1-2
prs-SubframeOffset ^{Note 2}		310	Number of subframes rounded to the closest integer. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs- SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]
slotNumberOffset ^{Note 2}		0	The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell specified in TS 36.355 [4]

Radio frame receive time

offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector ^{Note 3}	μs	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 1: -1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells		
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 2: -2 Cell 3: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator		
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index		
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16	The list includes the reference cell (received in <i>OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo</i> [4]) on RF channel 1 and 15 other cells on RF channel 2, all received in <i>OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData</i> [4].		
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: "1111111100000000" Cell 2: "0000000111111111" Cell 3: "1111111100000000"	Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]		
T1	S	3	The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test		
T2	S	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1		
Т3	S	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T2		
Note 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.2.4.3-5 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2. Note 2: Parameters 'PRS Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink positioning subfrages', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CR length', 'prs SubfrageOffcot', 'IdeNumberOffcot', and 'PRS					

Note 2: Parameters 'PRS Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset' and 'PRS muting info' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 6, Cell 3: 12. For all the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.2.4.3-5 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.

Note 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 9.2.2.4.1.

Table 9.2.2.4.1-2: DRX parameters for E-UTRAN TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As an aified in 2CDD TC
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	As specified in 3GPP TS
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	36.331 [22], clause 6.3.2
shortDRX	Disable	

9.2.2.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3 defined in Table 9.2.2.4.1-1. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, whilst Cell 2 and Cell 3 are activated only in the beginning of T2. Cell 2 is active until the end of T3, and Cell 3 is active until the end of T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS only in T2, Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 3 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.2.2.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.2.2.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).
- 4. T1 starts.
- 5. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration and the measurement gap configuration.
- 6. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 6a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the first 7 elements of the sequence, and the position of neighbour Cell 3 is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.3. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where ΔT = 150 ms.
- 9. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 9.2.2.5-2.
- 10. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 9.2.2.5-2.
- 11. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 9.2.2.5. The UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 1. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with both the *rstd* fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 12. If the UE message at step 11 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 13. Repeat steps 2-12 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 7 change the random position of the Cells 2 and 3 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.

9.2.2.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.2.2.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.2.2.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: TDD-TDD Inter-frequency RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.8.2.1.5, Table 4.8.2.1.5-1 MAC-MainConfig-RBC				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {				
drx-Config CHOICE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
onDurationTimer	psf1			
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1			
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1			
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {				
sf320	0			
}				
shortDRX	Not present			
}				
}				

Table 9.2.2.4.3-3: *MeasGapConfig-GP1*: TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.6, Table 4.6.6-1A: MeasGapConfig-GP1					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
MeasGapConfig-GP1 ::= CHOICE {					
setup SEQUENCE {					
gapOffset CHOICE {					
gp0	12	TGRP = 40 ms			
}					
}					
}					

Table 9.2.2.4.3-3a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.2.2.4.3-4: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	IocationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	6	See clause 9.2.2.5	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
L *	i	1	

Table 9.2.2.4.3-5: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.2.2.4.3-6: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 1		
cellGlobalIdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	332		
earfcnNeighbour	RF channel 2		
rstd	Present		
rstd-Quality	1 TOOSTIK		
}			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	00.10		
earfcnNeighbour	RF channel 2		
rstd	Present		
rstd-Quality	. 1000.11		1
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		+
Oldod-Ellol	reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour		
	Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}	1 tot procent		
3			
}			
1			+
3			+
1			+

9.2.2.5 Test requirement

Table 9.2.2.5-1 and 9.2.2.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

Table 9.2.2.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1

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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
E-UTRA RF		1	N/A	N/A
Channel Number		-		·
Correlation Matrix		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low
and Antenna				
Configuration				
OCNG patterns defined in TS				
36.521-3 [25] clause		OP.1 TDD	N/A	N/A
D.2				
PBCH_RA				
PBCH_RB				
PSS_RA				
SSS_RA	,			
PCFICH_RB				
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A
PHICH_RB				
PDCCH_RA				
PDCCH_RB				
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}				
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}				
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~3}$	dBm/	-95	N/A	N/A
	15 kHz			,
PRS $\hat{ ext{E}}_{ ext{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity
lo Note 4	dBm/	-67.22	N/A	N/A
	9 MHz	-	•	
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity
Propagation			ETU30	
Condition				

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that the active cell (Cell 1) is fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: lo levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Table 9.2.2.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	Т3	T2	T3
E-UTRA RF		1		2		2	N/A
Channel Number		1		2			
Correlation Matrix		1x2 Low		1x2 Low		1x2 Low	
and Antenna							
Configuration							
OCNG patterns							
defined in TS		OP.1 TDD		OP.2 TDD		OP.2 TDD	N/A
36.521-3 [25] clause			01.1100		01.2100		
D.2							
PBCH_RA							
PBCH_RB							
PSS_RA]						
SSS_RA							
PCFICH_RB							
PHICH_RA	dB	0		0		0	N/A
PHICH_RB							
PDCCH_RA							
PDCCH_RB	•						
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}	†						
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}							
PRS_RA	dB	-3	N/A	N/A	3	3	N/A
Note 3	dBm/						
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~3}$	15 kHz	-98	-98	-98	-95	-98	N/A
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-1	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-8	-Infinity
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 4	dB	-1	-Infinity	-Infinity	-7	-8	-Infinity
lo Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.68	-70.22	-70.11	-67.08	-70.11	N/A
PRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-99	-Infinity	-Infinity	-102	-106	-Infinity
RSRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-96	-96	-105	-105	-109	-Infinity
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}^{\mathrm{Note 4}}$	dB	2	2	-7	-10	-11	-Infinity
Propagation Condition		ETU30					

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', Io and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes

The response time including test tolerance is 6.3 s. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 5110 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 6 seconds. The RSTD measurement reporting

delay in the test is derived from the following expression, $T_{PRS}(M-1)+160\left[\frac{n}{M}\right]$, where M=16 and n=16 are

the parameters specified in clause 9.2.2.3 and Table 9.2.2.3-1. This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 4960 ms for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 2 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 1.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

9.2.3 Void

9.2.4 FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy

9.2.4.1 Test purpose

To verify that the Reference Signal Time Difference (RSTD) FDD-FDD inter-frequency measurement accuracy is within the specified limit for all bands in AWGN channels.

9.2.4.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and forward that support inter-frequency RSTD measurements.

9.2.4.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The accuracy of FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement shall meet the requirement defined in the Table 9.2.4.3-1 without DRX as well as for all the DRX cycles specified in TS 36.331 [22].

The accuracy requirements in Table 9.2.4.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] Section 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

PRP 1,2|dBm according to clause E.3 for a corresponding Band.

There are no measurement gaps overlapping with the PRS subframes in cells belonging to the serving carrier frequency.

The parameter expected RSTD Uncertainty signalled over LPP by E-SMLC as defined in TS 36.355 [4] is less than $5 \mu s$.

Table 9.2.4.3-1: RSTD measurement accuracy

	Conditions						
		Minimum	Minimum Io Note 8 ra				
Accuracy	PRS Ês/lot	PRS bandwidth which is minimum of serving cell channel bandwidth Note 9 and the PRS bandwidths of the reference cell and the measured neighbour cell i	Minimum number of available measurement subframes among the reference cell and the measured neighbour cell i	E-UTRA operating band groups ^{Note 10}	Minimum Io ^{Note 1}	Maximum Io	
Ts Note 2	dB	RB			dBm/15kHz Note 7	dBm/BW _{Chan}	
				FDD_A, TDD_A	-121	nel -50	
			FDD B	-120.5	-50		
	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥-6dB			FDD_C, TDD_C	-120	-50	
				FDD D	-119.5	-50	
±21	and	≥ 6	4	FDD_E, TDD_E	-119	-50	
	(PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB			FDD_F	-118.5	-50	
				FDD_G	-118	-50	
				FDD_H	-117.5	-50	
				FDD_N	-114.5	-50	
±16 Note 11	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥-6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 15	4	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	
±10	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥-6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 25	≥ 2	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	
±9	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥-6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 50	≥ 1	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	
±8 Note 11	(PRS Ês/lot) _{ref} ≥-6dB and (PRS Ês/lot) _i ≥-13dB	≥ 75	≥ 1	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	

- NOTE 1: This minimum lo condition is expressed as the average lo per RE over all REs in an OFDM symbol.
- NOTE 2: Ts is the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26].
- NOTE 3: PRS bandwidth is as indicated in prs-Bandwidth in the OTDOA assistance data defined in [24].
- NOTE 4: Void.
- NOTE 5: The same bands and the same lo conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding requirement with the PRS bandwidth ≥ 6 RB.
- NOTE 6: Void.
- NOTE 7: The condition level is increased by Δ>0, when applicable, as described in TS 36.133 [23] Annexes B.4.2 and B.4.3.
- NOTE 8: The lo is defined in PRS positioning subframes. The same lo range applies to PRS and non-PRS symbols. Io levels are different in PRS and non-PRS symbols within the same subframe.
- NOTE 9: If a CA capable UE is configured with SCell, the serving cell channel bandwidth is the minimum of the serving cell channel bandwidths in the component carriers involved in the RSTD measurement. If one of the serving cells is not involved in this RSTD measurement for CA, the channel bandwidth of that serving cell is not included in the determination of the minimum PRS bandwidth.
- NOTE 10: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in clause 4.4.2.
- NOTE 11: Only applicable from Rel-12 onwards

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.10.2 and A.9.8.3.

9.2.4.4 Test description

9.2.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 1.4 MHz (Test 1) and 10 MHz (Test 2). In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test, as defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 5.6.1, then this part of the test shall be omitted.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.3.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.2.4.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.2.4.4.3.
- 5. Two cells are on the different carrier frequencies. Cell 1 is the serving cell and OTDOA assistance data reference cell; Cell 2 is the neighbour cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between the two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 92 Ts (about 3 μ s) between neighbour cell 2 and serving cell 1 for Test 1 and -92 Ts (about -3 μ s) for Test 2.

Note that the related expected RSTD values to be signalled over LPP are defined in Table 9.2.4.4-1.

7. The gap pattern configuration # 0 as defined in Table 8.1.2.1-1 in 3GPP TS 36.133 [23] is configured and does not overlap with PRS subframes of Cell 1.

Table 9.2.4.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for inter-frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value Test 1 Test 2		Comment	
				7	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.14 FDD	R.6 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1.	
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.7 FDD	OP.6 FDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).	
Reference cell		Cell 1		Cell 1 on RF channel number 1	
Neighbour cell		Cell 2		Cell 2 on RF channel number 2	
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1,2		Two FDD carrier frequencies are used.	
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	1.4	10		
GapOffset		18	11	For Cell 1	
Gap Pattern ID		0	0	For Cell 1	
PRS Bandwidth	RB	6	50		
$\begin{array}{c} PRS \ configuration \ Index \ I_{PRS} \\ Note \ 2 \end{array}$		Cell 1: 12 Cell 2: 19	Cell 1: 2 Cell 2: 12	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]	
PRS subframe offset		7	10	For Cell 2	
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes $N_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note\ 2}}$		6	1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]	
prs-MutingInfo Note 2		Cell 1: "1111 Cell 2: "1111		See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for more information	
Cell ID ^{Note 2}		Cell 1: 0 Cell 2: 1			
Expected RSTD ^{Note 1}	μs	Cell 2: 1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3		The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator	
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5		The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index	
CP length Note 2		Normal			
DRX		OFF			
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 3	Cell 2 to Cell 1: -3	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells	
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16		The list includes the reference cell (received in OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo [4]) on RF channel 1 and 15 other cells on RF channel 2, all received in OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData [4].	
T _{RSTD} InterFreqFDD, E-UTRAN Note 4	ms	5120		Derived according to the RSTD measurement requirements specified in Section 8.1.2.6.1 in TS 36.133 [23].	

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' in Table 9.2.4.4.1-1 are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.4.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' in Table 9.2.4.4.1-1 are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. For all the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.4.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 9.2.4.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ' $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ ' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 9.2.4.4.3-3. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 5270 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 6 seconds.

9.2.4.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. Cell 1 and Cell 2 are both active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.2.4.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the LIE

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
 - 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
 - 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.2.4.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the measurement gap configuration.
- 5. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 5a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 5b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 6. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. If the UE message at step 5b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 8. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE.
- 9. If the UE message at step 8 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 10. The SS shall check the *rstd* value for Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 9.2.4.5-2.
- 11. Repeat step 2-10 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved.
- 12. Repeat step 1-11 for each sub-test in Table 9.2.4.5-1 as appropriate.

9.2.4.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.2.4.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.2.4.4.3-2: MeasGapConfig-GP1: FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.6, Table 4.6.6-1A: MeasGapConfig-GP1					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
MeasGapConfig-GP1 ::= CHOICE {					
setup SEQUENCE {					
gapOffset CHOICE {					
gp0	18 (Test 1)	TGRP = 40 ms			
	11 (Test 2)				
}					
}					
}					

Table 9.2.4.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.2.4.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	140t present		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	IocationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	140t present		
time	6	See Note 4 of	
ume	0	Table 9.2.4.4.1-1	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present	Table 3.2.4.4.1-1	Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}	171202		
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
velocity rypes	Not present		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
,	<u> </u>	1	

Table 9.2.4.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20],		
	clause7.2.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.2.4.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 1		
cellGloballdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList SEQUENCE (SIZE(1)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour	RF channel 2		
rstd	Set according to Table 9.2.4.5-2 for each specific test		
rstd-Quality	,		
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error reason "undefined" or "attemptedButUnableTo MeasureSomeNeighbour Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}	1		
}	1		
}			
}			
[]			

Table 9.2.4.4.3-6: CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT: FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-2 CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {				
cqi-ReportModeAperiodic	rm30	This IE should be		
		omitted for Test 1		
nomPDSCH-RS-EPRE-Offset	0			
cqi-ReportPeriodic CHOICE {				
release	NULL			
}				

9.2.4.5 Test requirement

Table 9.2.4.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for all tests.

RSTD FDD-FDD inter-frequency accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 9.2.4.5-2.

Table 9.2.4.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for inter-frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN FDD

Davameter	l lni4	Te	Test 1		st 2
Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
E-UTRA RF Channel		1	2	1	2
Number		Į.	2	ļ	2
PBCH_RA					
PBCH_RB					
PSS_RA					
SSS_RA					
PCFICH_RB					
PHICH_RA	dB	0	0	0	0
PHICH_RB					
PDCCH_RA					
PDCCH_RB					
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}					
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}					
PRS_RA	dB	-2.7	0.3	-2.7	0.3
$N_{_{OC}}^{$	dBm/15 kHz		-	98	
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-5.7	-12.7	-5.7	-12.7
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 3	dB	-5.7	-12.7	-5.7	-12.7
Io Note 3	dBm/1.08 MHz	-79.24	-79.39	N/A	N/A
	dBm/9 MHz	N/A	N/A	-70.03	-70.18
PRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-103.7	-110.7	-103.7	-110.7
${ m \hat{E}}_{ m s}/N_{oc}$ Note 3	dB	-3	-13	-3	-13
RSRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-101	-111	-101	-111
Propagation condition		AWGN			

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , RSRP, Io and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS

Table 9.2.4.5-2: RSTD FDD inter-frequency accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6424	RSTD_6253
Highest reported value	RSTD_6470	RSTD_6275

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each sub-test shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test then Test 1 shall be omitted.

9.2.5 TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy

9.2.5.1 Test purpose

To verify that the Reference Signal Time Difference (RSTD) of TDD-TDD inter-frequency measurement accuracy is within the specified limit for all bands in AWGN channels

9.2.5.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that support inter-frequency RSTD measurements.

9.2.5.3 Minimum conformance requirements

This RSTD measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The accuracy of TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement shall meet the requirement defined in the Table 9.2.4.3-1 without DRX as well as for all the DRX cycles specified in TS 36.331 [22].

The accuracy requirements in Table 9.2.4.3-1 are valid under the following conditions:

Conditions defined in TS 36.101 [2] Section 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

PRP $1,2|_{dBm}$ according to clause E.3 for a corresponding Band

There are no measurement gaps overlapping with the PRS subframes in cells belonging to the serving carrier frequency.

The parameter expected RSTDU ncertainty signalled over LPP by E-SMLC as defined in TS 36.355 [4] is less than $5 \mu s$.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.10.2 and A.9.8.4.

9.2.5.4 Test description

9.2.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.2.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 1.4 MHz (Test 1) and 10 MHz (Test 2). In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test, as defined in TS 36.101 [2] clause 5.6.1, then this part of the test shall be omitted.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in Annex A, Figure A.3.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 9.2.5.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.

- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 9.2.5.4.3.
- 5. Two cells are on the different carrier frequencies. Cell 1 is the serving cell and OTDOA assistance data reference cell; Cell 2 is the neighbour cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2).
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between the two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 92 Ts (about 3 μ s) between neighbour cell 2 and serving cell 1 for Test 1 and -92 Ts (about -3 μ s) for Test 2.

Note that the related expected RSTD values to be signalled over LPP are defined in Table 9.2.5.4-1.

7. The gap pattern configuration # 0 as defined in Table 8.1.2.1-1 in 3GPP TS 36.133 [23] is configured and does not overlap with PRS subframes of Cell 1.

Table 9.2.5.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for inter-frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN TDD-TDD

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	Comment	
- a. a	C 1 c	Test 1	Test 2		
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH				As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2.	
parameters		R.14 TDD	R.6 TDD		
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.4 TDD	OP.2 TDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).	
Reference cell		Ce	II 1	Cell 1 on RF channel number 1	
Neighbour cell			II 2	Cell 2 on RF channel number 2	
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1.	,2	Two TDD carrier frequencies are used.	
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	1.4	10	•	
PRS Bandwidth Note 2	RB	6	50		
GapOffset		34	13	For Cell 1	
Gap Pattern ID		()	For Cell 1	
Special subframe configuration		6	3	As specified in table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [26]. The same configuration in both cells.	
Uplink-downlink configuration		3	1	As specified in table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [26] and table 9.1.2.3-2. The same configuration in both cells.	
PRS configuration Index $I_{\rm PRS}$ Note 2		Cell 1: 15 Cell 2: 35	Cell 1: 4 Cell 2: 14	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]	
PRS subframe offset		20	10	For Cell 2	
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes $N_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note~2}}$		6	1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]	
prs-MutingInfo Note 2		Cell 1:"11 Cell 2:"11		See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for more information	
Cell ID ^{Note 2}		Cell 1: 0 Cell 2: 1			
Expected RSTD ^{Note 1}	μs	Cell 2: 1 Cell 2: 1 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3		The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator	
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	ŧ	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index	
CP length Note 2		Nor			
DRX		Ol			
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 2 to Cell 1: 3	Cell 2 to Cell 1: -3	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells	
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16		The list includes the reference cell (received in OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo [4]) on RF channel 1 and 15 other cells on RF channel 2, all received in OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData [4].	
$T_{RSTD\;InterFreqTDD,\;E-UTRAN}^{ \text{Note 4}}$	ms	51		Derived according to the RSTD measurement requirements specified in Section 8.1.2.6.3 in TS 36.133 [23].	

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.5.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. For all the values to be used in LPP see Table 9.2.5.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.2.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 9.2.5.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ' $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqTDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ ' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 9.2.5.4.3-3. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqTDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 5270 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 6 seconds.

9.2.5.4.2 Test procedure

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. Cell 1 and Cell 2 are both active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 9.2.5.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the LIE

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
 - 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
 - 3. Set the parameters according to Table 9.2.5.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the measurement gap configuration.
- 5. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 5a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 5b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
 - 6. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. If the UE message at step 5b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 8. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE.
- 9. If the UE message at step 8 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 10. The SS shall check the *rstd* value for Cell 2 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 9.2.5.5-2.
- 11. Repeat step 2-10 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved.
- 12. Repeat step 1-11 for each sub-test in Table 9.2.5.5-1 as appropriate.

9.2.5.4.3 Message contents

Table 9.2.5.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 9.2.5.4.3-2: MeasGapConfig-GP1: TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.6, Table 4.6.6-1A: MeasGapConfig-GP1				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
MeasGapConfig-GP1 ::= CHOICE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
gapOffset CHOICE {				
gp0	34 (Test 1)	TGRP = 40 ms		
	13 (Test 2)			
}				
}				
}				

Table 9.2.5.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 9.2.5.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	6	See Note 4 of Table 9.2.5.4.1-1	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
IocationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.2.5.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.2.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20],		
=	clause7.2.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
1 }			

Table 9.2.5.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 1		
cellGlobalIdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(1)) {			
physCellIdNeighbor	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour	RF channel 2		
rstd	Set according to Table		
	9.2.5.5-2 for each		
	specific test		
rstd-Quality			
}			
otdoo Fran	May be present with error		
otdoa-Error	May be present with error reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour		
	Cells"		
}	30110		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}	Tiet process		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 9.2.5.4.3-6: CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT: TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.6.3, Table 4.6.3-2 CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
CQI-ReportConfig-DEFAULT ::= SEQUENCE {				
cqi-ReportModeAperiodic	rm30	This IE should be		
		omitted for Test 1		
nomPDSCH-RS-EPRE-Offset	0			
cqi-ReportPeriodic CHOICE {				
release	NULL			
}				

9.2.5.5 Test requirement

Table 9.2.5.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for all tests.

The RSTD TDD-TDD inter frequency measurement accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 9.2.5.5-2.

Table 9.2.5.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for inter frequency RSTD Tests for E-UTRAN TDD-TDD

Parameter	Unit	Te	st 1	Te	st 2
Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	2	1	2
PBCH_RA					
PBCH_RB					
PSS_RA					
SSS_RA					
PCFICH_RB					
PHICH_RA	dB			0	
PHICH_RB					
PDCCH_RA					
PDCCH_RB					
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}					
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}					
PRS_RA	dB	-2.7	0.3	-2.7	0.3
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 2}$	dBm/15 kHz		-!	98	
PRS $\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-5.7	-12.7	-5.7	-12.7
PRS \hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot} Note 3	dB	-5.7	-12.7	-5.7	-12.7
lo Note 3	dBm/1.08 MHz	-79.24	-79.39	N/A	N/A
	dBm/9 MHz	N/A	N/A	-70.03	-70.18
PRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-103.7	-110.7	-103.7	-110.7
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$ Note 3	dB	-3	-13	-3	-13
RSRP Note 3	dBm/15kHz	-101	-111	-101	-111
Propagation condition			AW	/GN	•

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: E_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS.

Table 9.2.5.5-2: RSTD TDD inter-frequency accuracy requirements for the reported values

	Test 1	Test 2
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6424	RSTD_6253
Highest reported value	RSTD_6470	RSTD_6275

For the overall test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values in each sub-test shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%. In the case that 1.4 MHz channel bandwidth is not defined for the operating band under test then Test 1 shall be omitted.

10 E-UTRA OTDOA measurement requirements for Carrier Aggregation

10.1 FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation

10.1.1 Test purpose

To verify that the RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions. This test case verifies the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on the secondary component carrier and also the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on both the primary and secondary component carriers.

10.1.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.1.3 Minimum conformance requirements

10.1.3.1 Measurements on the secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements when all cells are on the configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (FDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.5, i.e., E-UTRAN intra-frequency RSTD measurement period applies, regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34].

10.1.3.2 Measurements on both primary component carrier and secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements of cells on both primary component carrier and configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (FDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.6, i.e., E-UTRAN inter-frequency RSTD measurement period applies regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34], with the following exception

- the number of PRS positioning occasions is as specified in Table 10.1.3.2-1 shall apply.

Table 10.1.3.2-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within measurement period

Positioning subframe configuration period $T_{ m PRS}$	Number of PRS positioning occasions $\it M$
160 ms	32
>160 ms	16

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.1.

10.1.4 Test description

10.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure group A.42 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.1.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.1.4.3.
- 5. In the tests, there are two configured component carriers: PCC and SCC, and three synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Cell 1 is PCell on the PCC, Cell 2 is an active SCell on the SCC, and Cell 3 is a neighbour cell on the SCC. In both tests, Cell 2 is the OTDOA assistance data reference cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.3.2) for Test 1 and where 13 of the cells are not simulated for Test 2. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are powered OFF.
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between Cell 1 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 2; and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 3 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 2.

Table 10.1.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	V	alue	Comment
		Test 1	Test 2	
PCell		С	ell 1	PCell is on RF channel 1 (PCC).
SCell		Cell 2		SCell on RF channel 2 (SCC). Cell 2 is the assistance data reference cell.
Other neighbour cell		С	ell 3	Neighbour cell on RF channel 2 (SCC).
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.6 FDD		As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz		10	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2	RB		50	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
PRS configuration index $I_{\rm PRS}$			cells on PCC cells on SCC	This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}-160$ DL subframes, as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-
Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes N_{PRS} Note 2			1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
Physical cell ID PCI Note 2		(PCI of Cell 2 – PCI of Cell 3)mod6=0		The PCI of Cell 1 is selected randomly. PCIs of Cell 2 and Cell 3 are selected randomly such that the relative subcarrier shifts of PRS patterns among these cells are as given by the condition.
CP length Note 2		No	ormal	
DRX		(ON	DRX parameters are further specified in Table 10.1.4.1-2
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 1 to Cell 2: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 2: -1	Cell 1 to Cell 2: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 2: -1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 3: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 1: -2 Cell 3: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5		The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 3 and other 14 cells on SCC	OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 1 and other 7 cells on PCC, and Cell 3 and other 6 cells on SCC	The list includes the reference cell and 15 other cells. Cell 1 (when included) appears at random places in the first half of the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data. Cell 3 always appears at random places in the second half of the list

prs-SubframeOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 310 Cells on SCC, except reference cell: 0		Subframe offset, counted in full subframes. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs-SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]	
slotNumberOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 0 Cells on SCC, except reference cell: 0		The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is slotNumberOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4].	
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: "11110000" Cell 2: "00001111" Cell 3: "11110000"	Cell 1: "1111111100000000" Cell 2: "0000000011111111" Cell 3: "11111111100000000"	Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]	
T1	S		3	The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test	
T2	S	1.28	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1	
Т3	S	1.28	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T2	
Note 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.1.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. Note 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset' and 'PRS muting info' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 6, Cell 3: 12. For					
the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.1.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.					

Table 10.1.4.1-2: DRX parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for Carrier Aggregation

used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 10.1.4.1.

The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As an acitical in ACDD TO
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	As specified in 3GPP TS
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	36.331 [22], clause 6.3.2
shortDRX	Disable	

10.1.4.2 Test procedure

Note 3:

The test case includes two tests. Test 1 is designed for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells on SCC, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on SCC only. Test 2 is designed for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells on PCC and SCC, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on PCC and on SCC.

Each test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3 defined in Table 10.1.4.1-1. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, whilst Cell 2 is active only in T2 and T3, and Cell 3 is active only during T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the OTDOA assistance data reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS in T2, while Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 3 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 10.1.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. Configure Cell 2 and Cell 3 on the SCC according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCell (Cell 2) on the SCC as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.4.
- 4. The SS activates the SCell (Cell 2) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
- 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.1.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).
- 7. T1 starts.
- 8. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration.
- 9. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 9a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 9b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 10. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 3 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence for Test 1 and in the 7 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, and the position of neighbour Cell 1 is randomly selected to be in the first 7 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. If the UE message at step 9b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 11. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where ΔT = 150 ms.
- 12. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 10.1.5-2.
- 13. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 10.1.5-2.
- 14. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 10.1.5.

For Test 1 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurement for Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 2. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for Cell 3 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with the *rstd* field included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.

For Test 2 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for Cell 1 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 2 and also Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 2. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for Cell 1 (with respect to Cell 2) and Cell 3 (with respect to Cell 2) within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with both the *rstd* fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.

15. If the UE message at step 14 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.

16. Repeat steps 5-15 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 10 change the random positions of the Cell 3 and Cell 1(for Test 2 only) in the relevant sequence in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.

17. Repeat from clause 10.1.4.1 for Test 2.

10.1.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.1.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.1.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation

Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {			
drx-Config CHOICE {			
setup SEQUENCE {			
onDurationTimer	psf1		
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1		
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1		
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {			
sf320	0		
}			
shortDRX	Not present		
}			
}			

Table 10.1.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUF

Table 10.1.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	1101 1101		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {	_		
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
gos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	Test 1: 3 Test 2: 6	See clause 10.1.5	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		1
}	. /		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}	Not i resent		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			1
}			<u> </u>

Table 10.1.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
 			

Table 10.1.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 2		
cellGloballdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour	_		
rstd	Present	With respect to	
		Cell 2	
rstd-Quality			
y simble comble consequent int			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {	Call 4	Took O amb	
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 1	Test 2 only	
cellGlobalIdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour	Drocont	Toot 2 only	
rstd	Present	Test 2 only	
		With respect to Cell 2	
rstd-Quality		Cell 2	
13tu-Quality			
}	<u> </u>		
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		
oldod Ellol	reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour		
	Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

10.1.5 Test requirement

Table 10.1.5-1 and 10.1.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the tests.

Table 10.1.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3		
E-UTRA RF		1	N/A	N/A		
Channel Number		-	-			
Correlation Matrix		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low		
and Antenna						
Configuration						
OCNG patterns defined in TS						
36.521-3 [25] clause		OP.5 FDD	N/A	N/A		
D.1						
PBCH_RA						
PBCH_RB						
PSS_RA						
SSS_RA						
PCFICH_RB						
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A		
PHICH_RB						
PDCCH_RA						
PDCCH_RB						
OCNG_RA Note 1						
OCNG_RB Note 1						
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~3}$	dBm/	-95	N/A	N/A		
	15 kHz					
PRS $\hat{ ext{E}}_{ ext{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity		
lo Note 4	dBm/	-67.22	N/A	N/A		
	9 MHz	01.22	14/71	14/71		
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity		
Propagation Condition		ETU30				
Note 1: OCNG sha	Il be used s	such that active cell (Co	ell 1) is fully allocated	and a constant total		
transmitted	power spe	ectral density is achieve	ed for all OFDM symbo	ols.		
Note 2: The resour	ces for upli	nk transmission are as	signed to the UE prior	to the start of time		

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 4: lo levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Table 10.1.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		
		T2	Т3	T2	T3	T2	Т3	
E-UTRA RF			1	2	,		2	
Channel Number			<u> </u>		•	•		
Correlation Matrix			. .	4.01	ı	4.0		
and Antenna		1X2	2 Low	1x2 l	LOW	1X2	Low	
Configuration OCNG patterns							1	
defined in TS						OP.6		
36.521-3 [25] clause		OP.	5 FDD	OP.6	FDD	FDD	N/A	
D.1								
PBCH_RA								
PBCH_RB								
PSS_RA								
SSS_RA								
PCFICH_RB								
PHICH_RA	dB		0	0)	0	N/A	
PHICH_RB								
PDCCH_RA								
PDCCH_RB								
OCNG_RA Note 1								
OCNG_RB Note 1								
PRS_RA	dB	-6	N/A	N/A	3	3	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-98	-98	-98	-95	-98	-95	
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}$	dB	-4	-Infinity	-Infinity	-1	-8	-Infinity	
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 4	dB	-4	-Infinity	-Infinity	-1	-8	-Infinity	
lo Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.94	N/A	N/A	-66.68	-70.11	N/A	
PRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-102	-Infinity	-Infinity	-96	-106	-Infinity	
RSRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-96	-96	-105	-99	-109	-Infinity	
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}^{\mathrm{Note 4}}$	dB	2	2	-7	-4	-11	-Infinity	
Propagation Condition		ETU30						

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , lo, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', lo and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes.

The response time including test tolerance is 3.3s for Test 1 and 6.3s for Test 2. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms for Test 1 and 5110ms for Test 2. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds for Test 1 and 6 seconds for Test 2.

The RSTD measurement reporting delay in the tests is derived from the following expression,

$$T_{PRS}\left(M-1\right)+160\left|\frac{n}{M}\right|$$
, where $M=8$ and $n=16$ for Test 1, and $M=16$ and $n=16$ for Test 2 are the parameters specified in clause 10.1.3.1 for Test 1 and clause 10.1.3.2 for Test 2.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 2560 ms for Test 1 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 2.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 4960 ms for Test 2 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 1 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 2.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C.4.

For the overall test to pass, the rate of successful tests during repeated tests in both Test 1 and Test 2 shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

10.1A FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz Bandwidth

10.1A.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.1.1.

NOTE: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.1A.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.1A.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.1.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.3.

10.1A.4 Test description

10.1A.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.1A.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.1.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 20 MHz.

Table 10.1A.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value		Comment
		Test 1	Test 2	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH		DL Reference Measurement Channel		As specified in TS 36.521-3
parameters		R.10 FDD		[25] clause A.2.1
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	20		
PRS Transmission Bandwidth	RB	100		PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth

Note 1: See Table 10.1.4.1-1 for the other parameters.

Note 2: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.1A.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.2.

10.1A.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.3.

10.1A.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.1.5 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.1A.5-1 and Table 10.1A.5-2 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.1.5-1 and Table 10.1.5-2, respectively.

Table 10.1A.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.13 FDD	N/A	N/A
lo Note 1	dBm/ 18 MHz	-64.21	N/A	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.1.5-1 for the other parameters.

Table 10.1A.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	T3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.1	3 FDD	OP.14	FDD	OP.14 FDD	N/A
lo Note 1	dBm/ 18 MHz	-66.93	N/A	N/A	-63.67	-67.09	N/A

Note 1: Io levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.1.5-2 for the other parameters.

10.1B FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz Bandwidth

10.1B.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.1.1.

This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.1B.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.1B.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.1.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.3.

10.1B.4 Test description

10.1B.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.1B.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.1.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 5 MHz.

Table 10.1B.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value		Comment		
		Test 1	Test 2			
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.11 FDD		As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1		
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5				
PRS Transmission Bandwidth	RB	25		PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth		
Note 1: See Table 10.1.4.1-1 for the other parameters.						

This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed Note 2: according to the principle defined in section 4.7.5.

10.1B.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.2.

10.1B.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.3.

10.1B.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.1.5 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.1B.5-1 and Table 10.1B.5-2 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.1.5-1 and Table 10.1.5-2, respectively.

Table 10.1B.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1.18		OP.18 FDD	N/A	N/A
lo Note 1	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	-70.23	N/A	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes.

They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.1.5-1 for the other parameters.

Table 10.1B.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	T3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.1	8 FDD	OP.19	FDD	OP.19 FDD	N/A
Io Note 1	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	-72.95	N/A	N/A	-69.69	-73.12	N/A

Note 1: Io levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.1.5-2 for the other parameters.

10.1C FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth

10.1C.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.1.1.

NOTE: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.1C.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 11 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.1C.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.1.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.3.

10.1C.4 Test description

10.1C.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.1C.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.1.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: Cell 1: 10 MHz, Cell 2 and Cell 3: 5 MHz.

Table 10.1C.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Unit	Val	Comment	
	Test 1	Test 2	
	Cell 1: R.6 FDD	Cell 1: R.6 FDD	As specified in TS
	Cell 2: R.11 FDD	Cell 2: R.11 FDD	36.521-3 [25] clause
	Cell 3: R.11 FDD	Cell 3: R.11 FDD	A.2.1
	Cell 1: 10	Cell 1: 10	
MHz	Cell 2: 5	Cell 2: 5	
	Cell 3: 5	Cell 3: 5	
	Cell 1: 50	Cell 1: 50	PRS are transmitted
RB	Cell 2: 25	Cell 2: 25	over the system
	Cell 3: 25	Cell 3: 25	bandwidth
	MHz	Test 1 Cell 1: R.6 FDD Cell 2: R.11 FDD Cell 3: R.11 FDD Cell 1: 10 MHz Cell 2: 5 Cell 3: 5 Cell 1: 50 RB Cell 2: 25	Test 1 Test 2 Cell 1: R.6 FDD Cell 2: R.11 FDD Cell 2: R.11 FDD Cell 3: R.11 FDD Cell 3: R.11 FDD Cell 3: R.11 FDD MHz Cell 2: 5 Cell 2: 5 Cell 3: 5 Cell 3: 5 Cell 1: 50 Cell 1: 50 RB Cell 2: 25 Cell 2: 25

Note 1: See Table 10.1.4.1-1 for the other parameters.

Note 2: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in section 4.7.5.

10.1C.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.2.

10.1C.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.1.4.3.

10.1C.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.1.5 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.1C.5-1 and Table 10.1C.5-2 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.1.5-1 and Table 10.1.5-2, respectively.

Table 10.1C.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	dBm/ 9 MHz	-67.22	N/A	N/A
lo ^{Note 1}	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note 1: <u>lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes.</u>

They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.1.5-1 for the other parameters.

Table 10.1C.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	Т3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.	5 FDD	OP.19	FDD	OP.19 FDD	N/A
	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.94	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
lo ^{Note 1}	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	-69.69	-73.12	N/A

Note 1: Io levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.1.5-2 for the other parameters.

10.2 TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation

10.2.1 Test purpose

To verify that the RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions. This test case verifies the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on the secondary component carrier and also the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on both the primary and secondary component carriers.

10.2.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.2.3 Minimum conformance requirements

10.2.3.1 Measurements on the secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements when all cells are on the configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (TDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.5, i.e., E-UTRAN intra-frequency RSTD measurement period applies, regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34].

10.2.3.2 Measurements on both primary component carrier and secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements of cells on both primary component carrier and configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (TDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.6, i.e., E-UTRAN inter-frequency RSTD measurement period applies regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34], with the following exceptions

- the number of PRS positioning occasions is as specified in Table 10.2.3.2-1 shall apply, and
- TDD uplink-downlink subframes configurations as specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.5.2, Table 8.1.2.5.2-2 shall apply.

Table 10.2.3.2-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within measurement period

Positioning subframe configuration period $T_{ m PRS}$	Number of PRS positioning occasions M
160 ms	32
>160 ms	16

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.2.

10.2.4 Test description

10.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.2.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure group A.42 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.2.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.2.4.3.
- 5. In the tests, there are two configured component carriers: PCC and SCC, and three synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Cell 1 is PCell on the PCC, Cell 2 is an active SCell on the SCC, and Cell 3 is a neighbour cell on the SCC. In both tests, Cell 2 is the OTDOA assistance data reference cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.3.2) for Test 1 and where 13 of the cells are not simulated for Test 2. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are powered OFF.
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between Cell 1 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 2; and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between neighbour Cell 3 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 2.

Table 10.2.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Value		Comment
		Test 1	Test 2	
PCell		Cell 1		PCell is on RF channel 1 (PCC).
SCell		Cell 2		SCell on RF channel 2 (SCC). Cell 2 is the assistance data reference cell.
Other neighbour cell		Ce	ell 3	Neighbour cell on RF channel 2 (SCC).
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters			asurement Channel TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz		0	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2	RB	5	50	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
PRS configuration index I_{PRS}		174 for all cells on PCC 184 for all cells on SCC		This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}-160$ DL subframes, as defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes N_{PRS} Note 2			1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
Physical cell ID PCI Note 2		(PCI of Cell 2 – PCI of Cell 3)mod6=0		The PCI of Cell 1 is selected randomly. PCIs of Cell 2 and Cell 3 are selected randomly such that the relative subcarrier shifts of PRS patterns among these cells are as given by the condition
TDD uplink-downlink configuration		1		As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Section 4.2; corresponds to a configuration with 5 ms switch- point periodicity and two downlink consecutive subframes
TDD special subframe configuration		6		As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Section 4.2; corresponds to DwPTS of $19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ and
Note 2				UpPTS of $4384 \cdot T_{\mathrm{s}}$
CP length Note 2 DRX		Normal ON		DRX parameters are further specified in Table 10.2.4.1-2
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 1 to Cell 2: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 2: -1	Cell 1 to Cell 2: 1 Cell 3 to Cell 2: -1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Expected RSTD Note 1	μѕ	Cell 3: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 1: -2 Cell 3: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5		The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
Number of cells provided		16 cells in total		The list includes the reference

in OTDOA assistance data		OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 3 and other 14 cells on SCC	OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 1 and other 7 cells on PCC, and Cell 3 and other 6 cells on SCC	cell and 15 other cells. Cell 1 (when included) appears at random places in the first half of the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data. Cell 3 always appears at random places in the second half of the list	
prs-SubframeOffset Note2		Cells on PCC: 310 Cells on SCC, except reference cell: 0		Subframe offset, counted in full subframes. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs-SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]	
slotNumberOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 0 Cells on SCC, except reference cell: 0		The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is slotNumberOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4].	
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: "11110000" Cell 2: "00001111" Cell 3: "11110000"	Cell 1: "1111111100000000" Cell 2: "0000000011111111" Cell 3: "11111111100000000"	Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]	
T1	S	3		The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test	
T2	S	1.28	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1	
Т3	S	1.28	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T2	
Note 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.2.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. Note 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset' and 'PRS muting info' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 6, Cell 3: 12. For					

Table 10.2.4.1-2: DRX parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for Carrier Aggregation

The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is

the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.2.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.

used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 10.2.4.1.

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As appointed in ACDD TO
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	As specified in 3GPP TS 36.331 [22], clause 6.3.2.
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	36.331 [22], clause 6.3.2.
shortDRX	disable]

10.2.4.2 Test procedure

Note 3:

The test case includes two tests. Test 1 is designed for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells on SCC, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on SCC only. Test 2 is designed for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells on PCC and SCC, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on PCC and on SCC.

Each test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3 defined in Table 10.2.4-1. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, whilst Cell 2 and Cell 3 are activated only in the beginning of T2. Cell 2 is active until the end of T3, and Cell 3 is active until the end of T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS in T2, while Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 3 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 10.2.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. Configure Cell 2 and Cell 3 on the SCC according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCell (Cell 2) on the SCC as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.4.
- 4. The SS activates the SCell (Cell 2) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
- 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.2.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).
- 7. T1 starts.
- 8. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration.
- 9. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 9a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 9b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 10. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 3 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence for Test 1 and in the 7 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, and the position of neighbour Cell 1 is randomly selected to be in the first 7 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. If the UE message at step 9b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 11. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 12. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 10.2.5-3.
- 13. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 10.2.5-3.
- 14. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 10.2.5.

For Test 1 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurement for Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 2. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for Cell 3 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with the *rstd* field included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.

For Test 2 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for Cell 1 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 2 and also Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell

- 2. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for Cell 1 (with respect to Cell 2) and Cell 3 (with respect to Cell 2) within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with both the *rstd* fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 15. If the UE message at step 14 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 16. Repeat steps 5-15 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 10 change the random positions of the Cell 3 and Cell 1(for Test 2 only) in the relevant sequence in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.
- 17. Repeat from clause 10.2.4.1 for Test 2.

10.2.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.2.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.2.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.8.2.1.5, Table 4.8.2.1.5-1 MAC-MainConfig-RBC				
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition	
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {				
drx-Config CHOICE {				
setup SEQUENCE {				
onDurationTimer	psf1			
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1			
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1			
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {				
sf320	0			
}				
shortDRX	Not present			
}				
}				

Table 10.2.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 10.2.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	1.01		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
gos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	Test 1: 3 Test 2: 6	See clause 10.2.5	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			-
<u> </u>			
}			
J	l .	1	1

Table 10.2.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 10.2.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 2		
cellGloballdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour		1100	
rstd	Present	With respect to Cell 2	
rstd-Quality			
}			
neighbourMeasurementList SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 1	Test 2 only	
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present	Test 2 only With respect to Cell 2	
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error reason "undefined" or "attemptedButUnableTo MeasureSomeNeighbour Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
[]	1		

10.2.5 Test requirement

Table 10.2.5-1 and 10.2.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

Table 10.2.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3			
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	N/A	N/A			
Correlation Matrix		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low			
and Antenna							
Configuration							
OCNG patterns defined in TS							
36.521-3 [25] clause		OP.1 TDD	N/A	N/A			
D.2							
PBCH_RA							
PBCH_RB							
PSS_RA							
SSS_RA							
PCFICH_RB							
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A			
PHICH_RB							
PDCCH_RA							
PDCCH_RB							
OCNG_RA Note 1							
OCNG_RB Note 1	15 (
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-95	N/A	N/A			
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity			
lo Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-67.22	N/A	N/A			
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity			
Propagation Condition	ETU30						
Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cell (Cell 1) is fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols. Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time							

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 4: Io levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Table 10.2.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	Т3	T2	T3
E-UTRA RF			1	2	,	2	
Channel Number							
Correlation Matrix		1x2	2 Low	1x2	Low	1x2	Low
and Antenna							
Configuration							1
OCNG patterns						00.0	
defined in TS		OP.	1 TDD	OP.2	TDD	OP.2 TDD	N/A
36.521-3 [25] clause D.2						טטו	
PBCH_RA							
PBCH_RB							
PSS_RA							
SSS_RA							
PCFICH_RB							
PHICH_RA	dB		0	0		0	N/A
PHICH_RB	uВ		O				
PDCCH_RA							
PDCCH_RB							
OCNG_RA Note 1							
OCNG_RB Note 1							
		_				_	
PRS_RA	dB	-6	N/A	N/A	3	3	N/A
N_{oc} Note 3	dBm/	-98	-98	-98	-95	-98	-95
	15 kHz	-90	-30	-30	-90	-90	-90
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-4	-Infinity	-Infinity	-1	-8	-Infinity
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 4	dB	-4	-Infinity	-Infinity	-1	-8	-Infinity
lo Note 4	dBm/	-69.94	N/A	N/A	-66.68	-70.11	N/A
	9 MHz	30.0.					
PRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-102 -Infinity		-Infinity	-96	-106	-Infinity
RSRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-96	-96	-105	-99	-109	-Infinity
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}^{\mathrm{Note 4}}$	dB	2	2	-7	-4	-11	-Infinity
Propagation Condition		ETU30					

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , lo, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', lo and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes.

The response time including test tolerance is 3.3s for Test 1 and 6.3s for Test 2. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms for Test 1 and 5110ms for Test 2. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds for Test 1 and 6 seconds for Test 2.

The RSTD measurement reporting delay in the tests is derived from the following expression,

$$T_{PRS}\left(M-1\right)+160\left\lceil\frac{n}{M}\right\rceil$$
, where $M=8$ and $n=16$ for Test 1, and $M=16$ and $n=16$ for Test 2 are the parameters specified in clause 10.2.3.1 for Test 1 and clause 10.2.3.2 for Test 2.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 2560 ms for Test 1 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 2.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 4960 ms for Test 2 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 1 and Cell 3 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 2.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C.4.

For the overall test to pass, the rate of successful tests during repeated tests in both Test 1 and Test 2 shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

10.2A TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz Bandwidth

10.2A.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.2.1.

NOTE: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.2A.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.2A.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.2.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.4.

10.2A.4 Test description

10.2A.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2A.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 20 MHz.

Table 10.2A.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value		Comment		
		Test 1	Test 2			
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.10 TDD				As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	20				
PRS Transmission Bandwidth	RB	100		PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth		

Note 1: See Table 10.2.4.1-1 for the other parameters.

Note 2: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.2A.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.2.

10.2A.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.3.

10.2A.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.2.5 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2A.5-1 and Table 10.2A.5-2 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.5-1 and Table 10.2.5-2, respectively.

Table 10.2A.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.7 TDD	N/A	N/A
lo Note 1	dBm/ 18 MHz	-64.21	N/A	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.2.5-1 for the other parameters.

Table 10.2A.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	Т3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.	7 TDD	OP.8	TDD	OP.8 TDD	N/A
Io Note 1	dBm/ 18 MHz	-66.93	N/A	N/A	-63.67	-67.09	N/A

Note 1: Io levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.2.5-2 for the other parameters.

10.2B TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz Bandwidth

10.2B.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.2.1.

NOTE: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.2B.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.2B.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.2.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.4.

10.2B.4 Test description

10.2B.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2B.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 5 MHz.

Table 10.2B.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value		Value		Comment
		Test 1	Test 2			
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.11 TDD				As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5				
PRS Transmission Bandwidth	RB	25		PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth		

Note 1: See Table 10.2.4.1-1 for the other parameters.

Note 2: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in section 4.7.5.

10.2B.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.2.

10.2B.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.3.

10.2B.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.2.5 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2B.5-1 and Table 10.2B.5-2 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.5-1 and Table 10.2.5-2, respectively.

Table 10.2B.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.9 TDD	N/A	N/A
lo ^{Note 1}	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	-70.23	N/A	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes.

They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.2.5-1 for the other parameters.

Table 10.2B.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	Т3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.	9 TDD	OP.10	TDD	OP.10 TDD	N/A
lo Note 1	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	-72.95	N/A	N/A	-69.69	-73.12	N/A

Note 1: Io levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.2.5-2 for the other parameters.

10.2C TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz Bandwidth

10.2C.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.2.1.

NOTE: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.2C.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 11 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.2C.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.2.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.4.

10.2C.4 Test description

10.2C.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2C.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: Cell 1: 10 MHz, Cell 2 and Cell 3: 5 MHz.

Table 10.2C.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	Comment
		Test 1	Test 2	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		Cell 1: R.6 TDD Cell 2: R.11 TDD Cell 3: R.11 TDD	Cell 1: R.6 TDD Cell 2: R.11 TDD Cell 3: R.11 TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	Cell 1: 10 Cell 2: 5 Cell 3: 5	Cell 1: 10 Cell 2: 5 Cell 3: 5	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth	RB	Cell 1: 50 Cell 2: 25 Cell 3: 25	Cell 1: 50 Cell 2: 25 Cell 3: 25	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth

Note 1: See Table 10.2.4.1-1 for the other parameters.

Note 2: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in section 4.7.5.

10.2C.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.2.

10.2C.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.3.

10.2C.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.2.5 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2C.5-1 and Table 10.2C.5-2 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.5-1 and Table 10.2.5-2, respectively.

Table 10.2C.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	dBm/ 9 MHz	-67.22	N/A	N/A
lo ^{Note 1}	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes.

They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.2.5-1 for the other parameters.

Table 10.2C.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	Т3
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.	1 TDD	OP.10	TDD	OP.10 TDD	N/A
	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.94	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
lo ^{Note 1}	dBm/ 4.5 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	-69.69	-73.12	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.2.5-2 for the other parameters.

10.2D TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz +10 MHz Bandwidth

10.2D.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.2.1

NOTE: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in clause 4.7.5.

10.2D.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.2D.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.2.3

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4 and A.8.17.9.

10.2D.4 Test description

10.2D.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2D.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: Cell 1: 20 MHz, Cell 2 and Cell 3: 10 MHz.

Table 10.2D.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value		Comment
		Test 1	Test 2	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH		Cell 1: R.10 TDD	Cell 1: R.10 TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3
parameters		Cell 2: R.6 TDD	Cell 2: R.6 TDD	[25] clause A.2.2
parameters		Cell 3: R.6 TDD	Cell 3: R.6 TDD	[25] Clause A.2.2
Channel Bandwidth		Cell 1: 20	Cell 1: 20	
	MHz	Cell 2: 10	Cell 2: 10	
(BW _{channel})		Cell 3: 10	Cell 3: 10	
PRS Transmission		Cell 1: 100	Cell 1: 100	PRS are transmitted over
Bandwidth	RB	Cell 2: 50	Cell 2: 50	
Danuwium		Cell 3: 50	Cell 3: 50	the system bandwidth

Note 1: See Table 10.2.4.1-1 for the other parameters.

Note 2: This test verifies the requirement which is independent of channel bandwidth and is performed according to the principle defined in section 4.7.5.

10.2D.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.2

10.2D.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.2.4.3

10.2D.5 Test requirement

Note 2:

Same as defined in clause 10.2.5 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.2D.5-1 and Table 10.2D.5-2 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.2.5-1 and Table 10.2.5-2, respectively.

Table 10.2D.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
lo Note 1	dBm/ 18 MHz	-64.21	N/A	N/A
10	dBm/ 9 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes.

They are not settable parameters themselves. See Table 10.2.5-1 for the other parameters.

Table 10.2D.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cell 1 Cell 2		Cell 3	
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	T3
OCNG patterns defined in TS36.521-3 clause D.2		OP.	7 TDD	OP.2	TDD	OP.2 TDD	N/A
lo Note 1	dBm/ 18 MHz	-66.93	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
10	dBm/ 9 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	-66.68	-70.11	N/A

Note 1: lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 2: See Table 10.2.5-2 for the other parameters.

10.3 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation

10.3.1 Test purpose

To verify that the FDD RSTD measurement accuracy is within the specified limits when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the secondary component carrier.

10.3.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.3.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The UE may operate in either E-UTRA inter-band or intra-band carrier aggregation mode. The requirements in this section shall apply regardless whether the configured downlink secondary cell is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE command (3GPP TS 36.321 [34]). The requirements apply for bandwidths defined in the bandwidth combination set for the CA configurations supported by the UE as defined in TS 36.101 [2].

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the secondary component carrier, shall meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.5.

10.3.4 Test description

10.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure group A.41 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.3.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.3.4.3.
- 5. There are three synchronized cells on two different carrier frequencies. Cell 1 is the PCell on primary component carrier F1 (RF channel number 1), Cell 2 is the SCell and OTDOA assistance data reference cell on secondary component carrier F2 (RF channel number 2), and Cell 3 is the neighbour cell on F2. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are powered OFF.

Cell 3 is included in the OTDOA assistance data neighbour cell list, whilst Cell 1 is not included in the OTDOA assistance data. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2).

Note that the measurement gap is not configured in the test because of UE carrier aggregation capability.

6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between the two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 µs) between neighbour Cell 3 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 2.

Note that the related expected RSTD value to be signalled over LPP is defined in Table 10.3.4.1-1.

Table 10.3.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.6 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.6 FDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).
Assistance data reference cell		Cell 2	Cell 2 is the SCell on RF channel number 2
PCell		Cell 1	Cell 1 on RF channel number 1
Neighbour cell		Cell 3	Cell 3 on RF channel number 2
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1,2	Two FDD carrier frequencies are used.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2	RB	50	PRS Bandwidth: bandwidth is as indicated in prs-Bandwidth in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].
PRS configuration Index I_{PRS} Note 2		2	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes $N_{\mathrm{PRS}}^{\mathrm{Note}2}$		1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
prs-MutingInfo Note 2		Cell 1:"11110000" Cell 2:"11110000" Cell 3:"11110000"	See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for more information
Cell ID Note 2		(Cell ID of cell 2 – Cell ID of cell 3) mod 6 = 3	PCI of cell 1 is selected randomly.
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 3: -2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
CP length Note 2		Normal	
DRX		OFF	
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 1 to Cell 2: -1 Cell 3 to Cell 2: 1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16	The list includes the assistance-data-reference cell and 15 other cells. All cells provided in OTDOA assistance data are on RF channel 2.
T _{RSTD IntraFreqFDD} , E-UTRAN	ms	2560	Derived according to the RSTD measurement requirements specified in Section 10.1.3
			inty for all neighbour cells' are not settable

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.3.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Cell ID' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 7, Cell 3: 10. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.3.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is used to set the 'true RSTD' value in step 6 of clause 10.3.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ' $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ ' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 10.3.4.3-2. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where ΔT = 150 ms, giving a value of 2710 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds.

10.3.4.2 Test procedure

The RSTD measurements are performed between Cell 2 and Cell 3 to verify that when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the secondary component carrier the RSTD measurement accuracy can meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.3.3.

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. All cells are active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 10.3.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the UE

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. Configure Cell 2 and Cell 3 on the SCC according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCell (Cell 2) on the SCC as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.4.
- 4. The SS activates the SCell (Cell 2) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
- 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.3.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 6a. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall send an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 9. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation IE.
- 10. If the UE message at step 9 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 11. The SS shall check the *rstd* value for Cell 3 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 10.3.5-2.
- 12. Repeat step 5-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved.

10.3.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.3.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.3.4.3-1a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 10.3.4.3-2: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	140t procent		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	140t present		
time	3	See Note 4 of Table 10.3.4.1-1	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present	14510 10.0.1.11	Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
IocationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}	'		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {	.,,		
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		+
assisianoeAvallability \	1 ALOL		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		+
epuu-nequesiLocalloniinionnalion	INUL FIESEIIL		+
<u>}</u>	+		+
}			
}	_		
}			1
}			-
}			1
}			

Table 10.3.4.3-3: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
=	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}	1		
}	1		
}			
}			1

Table 10.3.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 2		
cellGloballdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(1)) {	0.110		
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour	10.		
rstd	Set according to Table 10.3.5-2		
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error reason "undefined" or "attemptedButUnableTo MeasureSomeNeighbour Cells"		
}			
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

10.3.5 Test requirement

Table 10.3.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The FDD RSTD accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 10.3.5-2.

Table 10.3.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	2	2
PBCH_RA				
PBCH_RB				
PSS_RA				
SSS_RA				
PCFICH_RB				
PHICH_RA	dB	0	0	0
PHICH_RB				
PDCCH_RA				
PDCCH_RB				
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}				
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}				
PRS_RA	dB	-3	0.3	0.3
$N_{oc}^{ m Note~2}$	dBm/15 kHz		-98	
PRS $\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	-6	-5.7	-12.7
PRS $\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}^{Note 3}$	dB	-6	-5.7	-12.7
lo Note 3	dBm/9 MHz	-70.04	-69.99	-69.99
PRP Note 3	dBm/15 kHz	-104	-103.7	-110.7
$\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$ Note 3	dB	-3	-6	-13
RSRP Note 3	dBm/15 kHz	-101	-104	-111
Propagation condition			AWGN	

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

Note 3: \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS.

Table 10.3.5-2: RSTD FDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6380
Highest reported value	RSTD_6392

For the test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

10.3A FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz Bandwidth (Rel-10 and Rel-11)

10.3A.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.3.1.

10.3A.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and 11 that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.3A.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.3.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.7.

10.3A.4 Test description

10.3A.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.3A.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.3.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 20 MHz.

Table 10.3A.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.10 FDD	As specified in clause TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1	
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.14 FDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).	
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	20		
PRS Bandwidth	RB	100	PRS Bandwidth bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].	
Note 1: See Table 10.3.4.1-1 for other general test parameters.				

10.3A.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.2.

10.3A.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.3.

10.3A.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.3.5 except that the value of the parameter in Table 10.3A.5-1 will replace the value of the corresponding parameter in Table 10.3.5-1.

Table 10.3A.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3
lo Note1	dBm/18 MHz	-67.03	-66.98	-66.98

Note 1: Io level has been derived from other parameters for information purposes. It is not settable parameter itself. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS Note 2: See Table 10.3.5-1 for other cell specific test parameters.

10.3A_1 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz Bandwidth (Rel-12 onwards)

10.3A_1.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.3A.1.

10.3A_1.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 12 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.3A_1.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.3A.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.7.

10.3A_1.4 Test description

10.3A 1.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.3A.4.1.

10.3A_1.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.3A.4.2.

10.3A_1.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.3A.4.3.

10.3A_1.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.3A.5 except that in addition Table 10.3A_1.5-1 will replace Table 10.3.5-2.

Table 10.3A_1.5-1: RSTD FDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6381
Highest reported value	RSTD 6391

10.3B FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz Bandwidth

10.3B.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.3.1.

10.3B.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.3B.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.3.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.11.

10.3B.4 Test description

10.3B.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.3B.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.3.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 5 MHz.

Table 10.3B.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.11 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		OP.19 FDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes). There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5	
PRS Bandwidth	RB	25	PRS Bandwidth bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes $N_{\rm PRS}$		2	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
Note 1: See Table 10.3.4.1-1 for other go	eneral te	st parameters.	

10.3B.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.2.

10.3B.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.3.

10.3B.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.3.5 except that the value of the parameter in Table 10.3B.5-1 will replace the value of the corresponding parameter in Table 10.3.5-1 and the FDD RSTD accuracy shall meet the reported values in Table 10.3B.5-2.

Table 10.3B.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

	Parameter Unit		Cell1	Cell2	Cell3
lo Note1		dBm/4.5 MHz	-73.05	-73.00	-73.00
Note 1:	Note 1: Io level has been derived from other parameters for information purposes. It is not settable parameter itself. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS				
Note 2:	See Table 10.3.5-1 for other cell specific test parameters.				

Table 10.3B.5-2: RSTD FDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz+5 MHz bandwidth

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6379
Highest reported value	RSTD_6393

10.3C FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz Bandwidth

10.3C.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.3.1.

10.3C.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 11 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.3C.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.3.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.9.

10.3C.4 Test description

10.3C.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.3C.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.3.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: Cell 1: 10 MHz, Cell 2 and Cell 3: 5 MHz.

Table 10.3C.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment	
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		Cell1: R.6 FDD Cell2: R.11 FDD Cell3: R.11 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1	
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1		Cell1: OP.6 FDD Cell2: OP.19 FDD Cell3: OP.19 FDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes). There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS.	
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	Cell1: 10 Cell2: 5 Cell3: 5		
PRS Bandwidth	RB	Cell1: 50 Cell2: 25 Cell3: 25	PRS Bandwidth bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].	
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes N_{PRS}		2	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]	
Note 1: See Table 10.3.4.1-1 for other general test parameters.				

10.3C.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.2.

10.3C.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.3.4.3.

10.3C.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.3.5 except that the value of the parameter in Table 10.3C.5-1 will replace the value of the corresponding parameter in Table 10.3.5-1 and the FDD RSTD accuracy shall meet the reported values in Table 10.3C.5-2.

Table 10.3C.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz +5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3		
lo Note1	dBm/9 MHz	-70.04	N/A	N/A		
10	dBm/4.5 MHz	N/A	-73.00	-73.00		
Note 1: Io level has been derived from other parameters for information purposes. It is not settable parameter itself. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS						
Note 2: See Table 10.3.5-1 for other cell specific test parameters.						

Table 10.3C.5-2: RSTD FDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz bandwidth

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6379
Highest reported value	RSTD 6393

10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation

10.4.1 Test purpose

To verify that the TDD RSTD measurement accuracy is within the specified limits when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the secondary component carrier.

10.4.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.4.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The UE may operate in either E-UTRA inter-band or intra-band carrier aggregation mode. The requirements in this section shall apply regardless whether the configured downlink secondary cell is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE command (3GPP TS 36.321 [34]). The requirements apply for bandwidths defined in the bandwidth combination set for the CA configurations supported by the UE as defined in TS 36.101 [2].

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the secondary component carrier, shall meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.6.

10.4.4 Test description

10.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.2.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 10 MHz.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure group A.41 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.4.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.4.4.3.
- 5. There are three synchronized cells on two different carrier frequencies. Cell 1 is the PCell on primary component carrier F1 (RF channel number 1), Cell 2 is the SCell and OTDOA assistance data reference cell on secondary component carrier F2 (RF channel number 2), and Cell 3 is the neighbour cell on F2. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are powered OFF.

Cell 3 is included in the OTDOA assistance data neighbour cell list, whilst Cell 1 is not included in the OTDOA assistance data. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2).

Note that the measurement gap is not configured in the test because of UE carrier aggregation capability.

6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between the two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 µs) between neighbour Cell 3 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 2.

Note that the related expected RSTD value to be signalled over LPP is defined in Table 10.4.4.1-1.

Table 10.4.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.6 TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
			OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully
OCNG Patterns defined in TS			allocated and a constant total transmitted power
36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.2 TDD	spectral density is achieved for all OFDM
30.321-3 [23] clause D.2			symbols (other than those in the PRS
			subframes).
Assistance data reference cell		Cell 2	Cell 2 is the SCell on RF channel number 2
PCell		Cell 1	Cell 1 on RF channel number 1
Neighbour cell		Cell 3	Cell 3 on RF channel number 2
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1,2	Two TDD carrier frequencies are used.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	10	
Special subframe configuration		6	As specified in table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [26]. The
		-	same configuration in both cells.
Uplink-downlink configuration			As specified in table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [26] and
		1	table 8.1.2.5.2-2 in TS 36.133 [23]. The same
DDC T : D I : M Note 2			configuration in both cells.
PRS Transmission Bandwidth Note 2		5 0	PRS Bandwidth: bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-</i>
	RB	50	Bandwidth in the OTDOA assistance data
DDC configuration ladoux x Note 2		0-114-44	defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].
PRS configuration Index I_{PRS} Note 2		Cell 1: 14	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
		Cell 2: 14	
Number of consecutive positioning		Cell 3: 14	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
		1	A3 defined ii
downlink subtrames N_{PRS}			
prs-MutingInfo Note 2		Cell 1:"11110000"	See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for
		Cell 2:"11110000"	more information
Note 2		Cell 3:"11110000"	
Cell ID Note 2		(Cell ID of cell 2 –	PCI of cell 1 is selected randomly.
		Cell ID of cell 3)	
Note 1		mod 6 = 3	
Expected RSTD Note 1		Cell 3: -2	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the
	μs	Other neighbour	receiver. The corresponding parameter in the
		cells: randomly	OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355
Francisco de DOTD con containte familia		between -3 and 3	[4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1		5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA
neignbour cells	μs		assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the
CD longth Note 2		Normal	expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
CP length Note 2		Normal	
DRX		OFF	DDC are transmitted from a construction of
Radio frame receive time offset		Cell 1 to Cell 2: -1	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 3 to Cell 2: 1	
			The list includes the assistance-data-reference
Number of cells provided in OTDOA		16	cell and 15 other cells. All cells provided in
assistance data		10	OTDOA assistance data are on RF channel 2.
T Note 4			Derived according to the RSTD measurement
T _{RSTD IntraFreqFDD} , E-UTRAN	ms	2560	requirements specified in Section 10.2.3
NOTE 4 B 4 IE 4 I DOTE		, LDOTD ,	10quilottionio oppositori il Ocolioti 10.2.0

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.4.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Cell ID' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 7, Cell 3: 10. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.4.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is used to set the 'true RSTD' value in step 6 of clause 10.4.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ' $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ ' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 10.4.4.3-2. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD\ IntraFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds.

10.4.4.2 Test procedure

The RSTD measurements are performed between Cell 2 and Cell 3 to verify that when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the secondary component carrier the RSTD measurement accuracy can meet the intrafrequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.4.3.

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. All Cells are active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 10.4.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the LIE

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. Configure Cell 2 and Cell 3 on the SCC according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCell (Cell 2) on the SCC as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.
- 4. The SS activates the SCell (Cell 2) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
 - 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
 - 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.4.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 6a. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall send an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
 - 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 9. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE.
- 10. If the UE message at step 9 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 11. The SS shall check the *rstd* value for Cell 3 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 10.4.5-2.
- 12. Repeat step 5-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved.

10.4.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.4.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.4.4.3-1a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 10.4.4.3-2: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Value/remark	Comment	Condition
locationServer		
1		
FALSE		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
		1
quested		
Not present		
3		
Not present		Rel-12 onwards
FALSE		
Not present		
Not present		
Not present		
·		
Not present		
FALSE		1
		1
Not present		1
1100111030110		
1	1	
	locationServer 1 FALSE Not present Not present locationMeasurementsRe quired Not present Not present Not present OnlyReturnInformationRe quested Not present FALSE Not present 3 Not present FALSE Not present FALSE Not present FALSE Not present Not present Not present	locationServer 1 FALSE Not present Not present Not present Not present OnlyReturnInformationRe quested Not present FALSE Not present FALSE Not present FALSE Not present Not present FALSE Not present Not present FALSE Not present

Table 10.4.4.3-3: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
	value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE { transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	loostion Com tor		
	locationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 10.4.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 2		
cellGlobalIdRef	OCH Z		
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(1)) {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	00110		
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Set according to Table		
	10.4.5-2		
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		
	reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour		
1	Cells"		
acid Drovidal agatical aformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epau-ProvideLocationinionmation	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

10.4.5 Test requirement

Table 10.4.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The TDD RSTD accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 10.4.5-2.

Table 10.4.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation

Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	1	2	2
dB	0	0	0
dB	-3	0.3	0.3
dBm/15 kHz		-98	
dB	-6	-5.7	-12.7
dB	-6	-5.7	-12.7
dBm/9 MHz	-70.04	-69.99	-69.99
dBm/15 kHz	-104	-103.7	-110.7
dB	-3	-6	-13
dBm/15 kHz	-101	-104	-111
		AWGN	•
	dB dB dBm/15 kHz dB dBm/9 MHz dBm/15 kHz dB	dB 0 dB -3 dBm/15 kHz dB -6 dBm/9 MHz -70.04 dBm/15 kHz -104 dB -3 dBm/15 kHz -101	dB 0 0 0 dB -3 0.3 dBm/15 kHz -98 dB -6 -5.7 dB -6 -5.7 dB -6 -5.7 dBm/9 MHz -70.04 -69.99 dBm/15 kHz -104 -103.7 dB -3 -6 dBm/15 kHz -104 -104 AWGN

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 3: \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS.

Table 10.4.5-2: RSTD TDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6380
Highest reported value	RSTD_6392

For the test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz Bandwidth (Rel-10 and Rel-11)

10.4A.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.4.1.

10.4A.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and 11 that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

10.4A.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.4.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.8.

10.4A.4 Test description

10.4A.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.4A.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.4.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 20 MHz.

Table 10.4A.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment		
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.10 TDD	As specified in clause TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2		
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.8 TDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).		
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	20			
PRS Bandwidth	RB	100	PRS Bandwidth: bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].		
Note 1: See Table 10.4.4.1-1 for other general test parameters.					

10.4A.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.2.

10.4A.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.3.

10.4A.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.4.5 except that the value of the parameter in Table 10.4A.5-1 will replace the value of the corresponding parameter in Table 10.4.5-1.

Table 10.4A.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3
Io Note1	dBm/18 MHz	-67.03	-66.98	-66.98

Note 1: Io level has been derived from other parameters for information purposes. It is not settable parameter itself. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS Note 2: See Table 10.4.5-1 for other cell specific test parameters.

10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz Bandwidth (Rel-12 onwards)

10.4A_1.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.4A.1.

10.4A_1.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 12 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.4A_1.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.4A.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.8.

10.4A_1.4 Test description

10.4A 1.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.4A.4.1.

10.4A_1.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.4A.4.2.

10.4A_1.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.4A.4.3.

10.4A_1.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.4A.5 except that in addition Table 10.4A_1.5-1 will replace Table 10.4.5-2.

Table 10.4A_1.5-1: RSTD FDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6381
Highest reported value	RSTD 6391

10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz bandwidth

10.4B.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.4.1.

10.4B.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.4B.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.4.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.12.

10.4B.4 Test description

10.4B.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.4B.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.4.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: 5 MHz.

Table 10.4B.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		R.11 TDD	As specified in clause TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		OP.10 TDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes). There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5	
PRS Bandwidth	RB	25	PRS Bandwidth bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes N_{PRS}		2	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
Note 1: See Table 10.4.4.1-1 for other gene	ral test	parameters.	

10.4B.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.2.

10.4B.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.3.

10.4B.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.4.5 except that the value of the parameter in Table 10.4B.5-1 will replace the value of the corresponding parameter in Table 10.4.5-1 and the TDD RSTD accuracy shall meet the reported values in Table 10.4B.5-2.

Table 10.4B.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz + 5 MHz bandwidth

Parameter	Unit	Cell1	Cell2	Cell3
lo ^{Note1}	dBm/4.5 MHz	-73.05	-73.00	-73.00

Note 1: Io level has been derived from other parameters for information purposes. It is not settable parameter itself. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS Note 2: See Table 10.4.5-1 for other cell specific test parameters.

Table 10.4B.5-2: RSTD TDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz+5 MHz bandwidth

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6379
Highest reported value	RSTD_6393

10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz Bandwidth

10.4C.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.4.1.

10.4C.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 11 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.4C.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.4.3.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.10.

10.4C.4 Test description

10.4C.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.4C.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.4.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: Cell 1: 10 MHz, Cell 2 and Cell 3: 5 MHz.

Table 10.4C.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		Cell1: R.6 TDD Cell2: R.11 TDD Cell3: R.11 TDD	As specified in clause TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		Cell1: OP.2 TDD Cell2: OP.10 TDD Cell3: OP.10 TDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes). There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	Cell1: 10 Cell2: 5 Cell3: 5	
PRS Bandwidth	RB	Cell1: 50 Cell2: 25 Cell3: 25	PRS Bandwidth bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes N_{PRS}		2	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
Note 1: See Table 10.4.4.	1-1 for ot	her general test param	neters.

10.4C.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.2.

10.4C.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.3.

10.4C.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.4.5 except that the value of the parameter in Table 10.4C.5-1 will replace the value of the corresponding parameter in Table 10.4.5-1 and the TDD RSTD accuracy shall meet the reported values in Table 10.4C.5-2.

Table 10.4C.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz + 5 MHz

Parameter Unit		Cell1	Cell2	Cell3		
lo Note1		dBm/9 MHz	-70.04	N/A	N/A	
10		dBm/4.5 MHz	Bm/4.5 MHz N/A -73.00		-73.00	
Note 1: lo level has been derived from other parameters for information purposes. It is not settable parameter itself. lo values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH,						
PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS						
Note 2:	See	see Table 10.4.5-1 for other cell specific test parameters.				

Table 10.4C.5-2: RSTD TDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz bandwidth

	Value
Lowest reported value	RSTD_6379
Highest reported value	RSTD_6393

10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth

10.4D.1 Test purpose

Same as defined in clause 10.4.1

10.4D.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 10 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for Carrier Aggregation.

10.4D.3 Minimum conformance requirements

Same as defined in clause 10.4.3

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.13.

10.4D.4 Test description

10.4D.4.1 Initial conditions

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.1 except that the values of the parameters in Table 10.4D.4.1-1 will replace the values of the corresponding parameters in Table 10.4.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: Cell 1: 20 MHz, Cell 2 and Cell 3: 10 MHz.

Table 10.4D.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		Cell 1: R.10 TDD Cell 2: R.6 TDD Cell 3: R.6 TDD	As specified in clause TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.2
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.2		Cell 1: OP.8 TDD Cell 2: OP.2 TDD Cell 3: OP.2 TDD	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes). There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS.
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	Cell 1: 20 Cell 2: 10 Cell 3: 10	
PRS Bandwidth	RB	Cell 1: 100 Cell 2: 50 Cell 3: 50	PRS Bandwidth bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS36.355 [4].
Note 1: See Table 10.4.4.	1-1 for	other general test para	meters.

10.4D.4.2 Test procedure

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.2

10.4D.4.3 Message contents

Same as defined in clause 10.4.4.3

10.4D.5 Test requirement

Same as defined in clause 10.4.5 except that the value of the parameter in Table 10.4D.5-1 will replace the value of the corresponding parameter in Table 10.4.5-1.

Table 10.4D.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
lo Note1		dBm/ 18 MHz	-67.03	N/A	N/A	
10		dBm/ 9 MHz	Bm/ N/A -69.99		-69.99	
Note 1: Io level has been derived from other parameters for information purposes. It is not settable parameter itself. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS						
Note 2:						

10.5 FDD 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

10.5.1 Test Purpose

The purpose of the test case is to verify that the RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions. This test case verifies the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on the same secondary component carrier, the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on both the primary and secondary component carriers, and also the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on different secondary component carriers.

10.5.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 12 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for 3DL Carrier Aggregation.

10.5.3 Minimum conformance requirements

10.5.3.1 Measurements on the secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements when all cells are on the configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (FDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.5, i.e., E-UTRAN intra-frequency RSTD measurement period applies, regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34].

10.5.3.2 Measurements on both primary component carrier and secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements of cells on both primary component carrier and configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (FDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.6, i.e., E-UTRAN inter-frequency RSTD measurement period applies regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34], with the following exception

- the number of PRS positioning occasions is as specified in Table 10.5.3.2-1 shall apply.

Table 10.5.3.2-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within measurement period

Positioning subframe configuration period $T_{ m PRS}$	Number of PRS positioning occasions M
160 ms	32
>160 ms	16

10.5.3.3 Measurements on different secondary component carriers

The RSTD measurements of cells on a configured secondary component carrier and another configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (FDD-FDD inter-Frequency OTDOA) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.6, i.e., E-UTRAN inter-frequency RSTD measurement period applies regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34], with the following exceptions

- the number of PRS positioning occasions is as specified in Table 10.5.3.3-1 shall apply.

Table 10.5.3.3-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within measurement period

Positioning subframe configuration period T_{PRS}	Number of PRS positioning occasions ${\it M}$
160 ms	32
>160 ms	16

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4, 8.4.5 and A.8.17.10.

10.5.4 Test description

10.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: the largest aggregated bandwidth combination supported by the UE of the Channel bandwidths defined in Table 10.5.4.1-1. The Channel bandwidths for CA Intra-Band combinations are, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1 and for CA Inter-Band combinations are defined in TS 36.521-1[24] clause 5.4.2A. In case of multiple possible Channel bandwidth combinations, the first combination listed in the above mentioned clauses shall be selected.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure A.68 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.5.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.5.4.3.
- 5. In the tests, there are three configured component carriers: PCC, SCC1 and SCC2, and four synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2, Cell 3 and Cell 4. Cell 1 is PCell on the PCC, Cell 2 is SCell on the SCC1, Cell 3 is SCell on the SCC2 and Cell 4 is a neighbour cell on the SCC2. In all tests, Cell 3 is the OTDOA assistance data reference cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.3.2) for Test 1 and where 12 of the cells are not simulated for Test 2. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2, Cell 3 and Cell 4 are powered OFF.
- 6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between Cell 1 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to -31

Ts (about -1 μ s) between Cell 2 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to 92 Ts (about 3 μ s) between neighbour Cell 4 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3.

Table 10.5.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Va	lue	Comment
		Test 1	Test 2	
PCell		Се	ell 1	PCell is on RF channel 1 (PCC).
SCell 1		Се	ll 2	SCell 1 on RF channel 2 (SCC1).
SCell 2		Cell 3		SCell 2 on RF channel 3 (SCC2). Cell 3 is the assistance data reference cell.
Other neighbour cell		Се	ell 4	Neighbour cell on RF channel 3 (SCC2).
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters (PCFICH/PDCCH/PHIC H parameters depend on selected channel bandwidth)		10MHz:	R.11 FDD R.6 FDD R.10 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5,10	0,20	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth (PRS transmission bandwidth depends on selected channel bandwidth) Note 2	RB	10MF	z: 25 Hz: 50 Hz:100	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Number of consecutive} \\ \text{downlink positioning} \\ \text{subframes} & \\ \\ N_{\text{PRS}} \\ \text{depends on} \\ \text{selected channel} \\ \text{bandwidth}) \\ \\ \text{Note 2} \\ \end{array}$		5MHz: 2 10MHz: 1 20MHz:1		As defined in TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
PRS configuration index $I_{\rm PRS}$		171 for all cells on PCC 181 for all cells on SCC1 191 for all cells on SCC2		This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}$ – 160 DL subframes, as defined in TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Physical cell ID PCI Note 2		(PCI of Cell 3 – PCI of Cell 4)mod6=0		The PCIs of Cell 1 and Cell 2 are selected randomly. PCIs of Cell 3 and Cell 4 are selected randomly such that the relative subcarrier shifts of PRS patterns among these cells are as given by the condition
CP length Note 2		Nor	mal	DRX parameters are further
DRX		C	N I	specified in Table 10.5.4.1-2
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 1 to Cell 3: 1 Cell 2 to Cell 3: -1 Cell 4 to Cell 3: 3	Cell 1 to Cell 3: 1 Cell 2 to Cell 3: -1 Cell 4 to Cell 3:	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 4: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 1: -2 Cell 2: 0 Cell 4: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5		The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
Number of cells provided		16 cells	s in total	The list includes the reference

in OTDOA assistance data		OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 4 and other 14 cells on SCC2	OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 1 and other 3 cells on PCC, Cell 2 and other 3 cells on SCC1 and Cell 4 and other 6 cells on SCC2	cell and 15 other cells. Cell 1 and Cell 2 (when included) appears at random places in the first half of the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data. Cell 4 always appears at random places in the second half of the list.	
prs-SubframeOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 310 Cells on SCC1: 320 Cells on SCC2, except reference cell: 0		Subframe offset, counted in full subframes. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs- SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]	
slotNumberOffset Note 2		Cells	on PCC: 0 on SCC1: 0 except reference cell: 0	The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is slotNumberOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4].	
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: "11110000" Cell 2: "00001111" Cell 3: "11110000" Cell 4: "00001111"	Cell 1: "1111111100000000" Cell 2: "0000000011111111" Cell 3: "1111111100000000" Cell 4: "0000000011111111"	Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]	
T1	S		3	The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test	
T2	S	1.28	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1	
Т3	s	1.28 2.48		The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T2	
Note 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.5.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. Note 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset' and 'PRS muting info' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 3, Cell 3: 6, Cell 4: 12. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.5.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. Note 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 10.5.4.1.					

Table 10.5.4.1-2: DRX parameters for the test of E-UTRAN FDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
Drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As specified in
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	TS 36.331 [22],
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	Clause 6.3.2
shortDRX	Disable	

10.5.4.2 Test procedure

The test case includes two tests. Test 1 is designed for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells only on SCC2, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on SCC2 only. Test 2 is designed

for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells on PCC, SCC1 and SCC2, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on PCC, SCC1 and SCC2.

Each test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, Cell 2 is active only in T2 and T3, Cell 3 is active only during T2 and T3, and Cell 4 is active only during T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the OTDOA assistance data reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS in T2, Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 4 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in 10.5.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. Configure Cell 2 on SCC1 and Cell 3 and Cell 4 on SCC2 according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) on the SCCs as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.4.
- 4. The SS activates the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
- 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.5.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).
- 7. T1 starts.
- 8. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration.
- 9. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 9a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 9b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 10. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 4 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence for Test 1 and in the 7 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, and the position of Cell 1 and the position of Cell 2 are randomly selected to be in the 4 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. If the UE message at step 9b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 11. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where ΔT = 150 ms.
- 12. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 10.5.5-2.
- 13. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 10.5.5-2.
- 14. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 10.5.5.

For Test 1 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurement for Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for Cell 4 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with the *rstd* field included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.

For Test 2 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for Cell 1 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3 and also Cell 2 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3 and also Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3. If the UE transmits an OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation IE including the rstd field for Cell 1 (with respect to Cell 3) and Cell 2 (with respect to Cell 3) and Cell 4 (with respect to Cell 3) within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation IE with the three rstd fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.

- 15. If the UE message at step 14 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 16. Repeat steps 5-15 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 10 change the random positions of Cell 4 and Cell 1(for Test 2 only) and Cell 2(for Test 2 only) in the relevant sequence in the OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList.
- 17. Repeat from clause 10.5.4.1 for Test 2.

10.5.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.5.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.5.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.8.2.1.5, Table 4.8.2.1.5-1 MAC-MainConfig-RBC						
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition			
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {						
drx-Config CHOICE {						
setup SEQUENCE {						
onDurationTimer	psf1					
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1					
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1					
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {						
sf320	0					
}						
shortDRX	Not present					
}						
}						

Table 10.5.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 10.5.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	•		
time	Test 1: 3 Test 2: 6	See clause 10.5.5	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
IocationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		1
}			
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}	140t F 1030Ht		
}			
}			
}			
<u> </u>			1
<u> </u>			
}			<u> </u>

Table 10.5.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
 			

Table 10.5.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement	(0.1200)		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	. tot process		
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE{			
NeighbourMeasurementElement			
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 4		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present	With respect to	
1010	1	Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
NeighbourMeasurementElement		Test 2 only	
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 1		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present	Test 2 only	
		With respect to	
		Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}_			
NeighbourMeasurementElement		Test 2 only	
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present	Test 2 only	
		With respect to	
		Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		
	reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour		

	Cells"	
}		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		

10.5.5 Test Requirements

Table 10.5.5-1 and 10.5.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the tests.

Table 10.5.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation

	. •		•		-
Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 4
E-UTRA RF Channel		1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number		I		IN/A	IN/A
Correlation Matrix and		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low
Antenna Configuration					
OCNG patterns defined		5MHz: OP.18			
in TS 36.521-3 [25]		FDD			
clause D.1. (OCNG		10MHz: OP.5 FDD	N/A	N/A	N/A
patterns depend on selected channel		20MHz:			
bandwidth)		OP.13 FDD			
PBCH_RA		01.13100			
PBCH_RB	-				
PSS_RA					
SSS_RA					
PCFICH_RB	-				
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
PHICH_RB					
PDCCH_RA	1				
PDCCH_RB	1				
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}					
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}					
N_{oc} Note 3	dBm/	-95	N/A	N/A	N/A
IV _{oc}	15 kHz	-95	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity
Note 4	dBm/	-67.22			
lo Note 4	9 MHz	+10log	N/A	N/A	N/A
^	-	(N _{RB,c} /50)			
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity
Propagation Condition			ETU	30	
Note 1: OCNG shall be	used suc	h that active cell (Cell 1) is fully a	llocated and a	constant tota
		al density is achie			
Note 2: The resources		transmission are a			start of time
period T2.					
		ells and noise sou arriers and time a			
appropriate pov	wer for N	oc to be fulfilled.			
			ameters and ar	e aiven for info	mation
TIOLO T. IO IOVOIS HAVE L	been derived from other parameters and are given for information				

purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Table 10.5.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ell 2	Се	ell 3	Cell	4
		T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	T3	T2	T3
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1			2	;	3	3	
Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration		1x2	Low	1x2	Low	1x2	Low	1x2 Lo)W
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1 (There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS) (OCNG patterns depend on selected channel bandwidth)		10MHz FD 20MHz:	OP.18 DD :: OP.5 DD : OP.13	FI 10MHz FI 20MHz	OP.19 DD z: OP.6 DD :: OP.14	FI 10MHz FI 20MHz	OP.19 DD z: OP.6 DD :: OP.14	5MHz: OP.19 FDD 10MHz: OP.6 FDD 20MHz: OP.14 FDD	N/A
PBCH_RA PBCH_RB PSS_RA SSS_RA PCFICH_RB PHICH_RA PHICH_RB PDCCH_RA PDCCH_RB OCNG_RA ^{Note 1} OCNG_RB	dB	C)	(0	(0	0	N/A
PRS_RA	dB	-6	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	3	3	N/A
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-98	-98	-98	-95	-98	-95	-98	-95
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}$	dB	-4	- Infinity	- Infinity	-1	- Infinity	-1	-8	- Infinity
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 4	dB	-4	- Infinity	- Infinity	-1	- Infinity	-1	-8	- Infinity
lo ^{Note 4}	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.94 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	N/A	N/A	-66.68 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	N/A	-66.68 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	-70.11 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	N/A
PRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-102	- Infinity	- Infinity	-96	- Infinity	-96	-106	- Infinity
RSRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-96	-96	-105	-99	-105	-99	-109	- Infinity
$\hat{ ext{E}}_{ ext{s}}/N_{oc}$ Note 4	dB	2	2	-7	-4	-7	-4	-11	- Infinity
Propagation Condition		ETU30							
		<u> </u>							

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2. Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', Io and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes.

The response time including test tolerance is 3.3 s for Test 1 and 6.3 s for Test 2. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms for Test 1 and 5110ms for Test 2. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds for Test 1 and 6 seconds for Test 2.

The RSTD measurement reporting delay in the tests are derived from the following expression,

$$T_{PRS}(M-1)+160\left|\frac{n}{M}\right|$$
, where $M_{=8}$ and $n_{=16}$ for Test 1, and $M_{=16}$ and $n_{=16}$ for Test 2 are the parameters specified in clause 10.5.3.1 for Test 1 and clause 10.5.3.2 for Test 2.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 2560 ms for Test 1 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 3.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 4960 ms for Test 2 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 3.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C.4.

For the overall test to pass, the rate of successful tests during repeated tests in both Test 1 and Test 2 shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

10.6 TDD 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay

10.6.1 Test Purpose

The purpose of the test case is to verify that the RSTD measurement reporting delay meets the requirements in an environment with fading propagation conditions. This test case verifies the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on the same secondary component carrier, the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on both the primary and secondary component carriers, and also the measurement period requirements for RSTD measurements performed on different secondary component carriers.

10.6.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 12 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for 3DL Carrier Aggregation.

10.6.3 Minimum conformance requirements

10.6.3.1 Measurements on the secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements when all cells are on the configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (TDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.5, i.e., E-UTRAN intra-frequency RSTD measurement period applies, regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34].

10.6.3.2 Measurements on both primary component carrier and secondary component carrier

The RSTD measurements of cells on both primary component carrier and configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (TDD) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.6, i.e., E-UTRAN inter-frequency RSTD measurement period applies regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34], with the following exception

- the number of PRS positioning occasions is as specified in Table 10.6.3.2-1 shall apply.

- TDD uplink-downlink subframes configurations as specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.5.2, Table 8.1.2.5.2-2 shall apply.

Table 10.6.3.2-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within measurement period

Positioning subframe configuration period $T_{ m PRS}$	Number of PRS positioning occasions M
160 ms	32
>160 ms	16

10.6.3.3 Measurements on different secondary component carriers

The RSTD measurements of cells on a configured secondary component carrier and another configured secondary component carrier shall meet all applicable requirements (TDD-TDD inter-Frequency OTDOA) specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.6, i.e., E-UTRAN inter-frequency RSTD measurement period applies regardless of whether the SCell on the corresponding frequency is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE commands as specified in 3GPP TS 36.321 [34], with the following exceptions

- the number of PRS positioning occasions is as specified in Table 10.6.3.3-1 shall apply.
- TDD uplink-downlink subframes configurations as specified in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.1.2.5.2, Table 8.1.2.5.2-2 shall apply.

Table 10.6.3.3-1: Number of PRS positioning occasions within measurement period

Positioning subframe configuration period T_{PRS}	Number of PRS positioning occasions ${\it M}$			
160 ms	32			
>160 ms	16			

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.4.3, 8.4.4, 8.4.5 and A.8.17.11.

10.6.4 Test description

10.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: the largest aggregated bandwidth combination (where all channels have the same bandwidth) supported by the UE of the Channel bandwidths defined in Table 10.6.4.1-1. The Channel bandwidths for CA Intra-Band combinations are defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1 and for CA Inter-Band combinations are defined in TS 36.521-1 [24] clause 5.4.2A. In case of multiple possible Channel bandwidth combinations, the first combination listed in the above mentioned clauses shall be selected.

- 1. Connect the SS, faders and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure A.68 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.6.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.6.4.3.
- 5. In the tests, there are three configured component carriers: PCC, SCC1 and SCC2, and four synchronized cells: Cell 1, Cell 2, Cell 3 and Cell 4. Cell 1 is PCell on the PCC, Cell 2 is SCell on the SCC1, Cell 3 is SCell on the SCC2 and Cell 4 is a neighbour cell on the SCC2. In all tests, Cell 3 is the OTDOA assistance data reference cell. The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 14 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in

3GPP TS 37.571-5 clause 7.3.2) for Test 1 and where 12 of the cells are not simulated for Test 2. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2, Cell 3 and Cell 4 are powered OFF.

6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between Cell 1 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between Cell 2 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to 92 Ts (about 3 μ s) between neighbour Cell 4 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3.

Table 10.6.4.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Value		Comment
		Test 1	Test 2	
PCell		Cell 1		PCell is on RF channel 1 (PCC).
SCell 1		Се	ell 2	SCell 1 on RF channel 2 (SCC1).
SCell 2		Се	ell 3	SCell 2 on RF channel 3 (SCC2). Cell 3 is the assistance data reference cell.
Other neighbour cell		Се	ell 4	Neighbour cell on RF channel 3 (SCC2).
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters (PCFICH/PDCCH/PHIC H parameters depend on selected channel bandwidth)		10MHz:	R.11 TDD R.6 TDD R.10 TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5MHz or 10M	1Hz or 20MHz	All channels in a test have the same bandwidth.
PRS Transmission Bandwidth (PRS transmission bandwidth depends on selected channel bandwidth) Note 2	RB	10MH	lz: 25 Hz: 50 Hz:100	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth
Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes $N_{\rm PRS}$. ($N_{\rm PRS}$ depends on selected channel bandwidth) Note 2		5MHz: 2 10MHz: 1 20MHz:1		As defined in TS 36.211 [26]. The number of subframes in a positioning occasion
PRS configuration index $I_{\rm PRS}$ Note 2		174 for all cells on PCC 184 for all cells on SCC1 194 for all cells on SCC2		This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}$ – 160 DL subframes, as defined in TS
Physical cell ID PCI Note 2		(PCI of Cell 3 – PCI of Cell 4)mod6=0		36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1 The PCIs of Cell 1 and Cell 2 are selected randomly. PCIs of Cell 3 and Cell 4 are selected randomly such that the relative subcarrier shifts of PRS patterns among these cells are as given by the condition
TDD uplink-downlink configuration		1		As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Clause 4.2; corresponds to a configuration with 5 ms switch- point periodicity and two downlink consecutive subframes
TDD special subframe configuration		6		As specified in TS 36.211 [26], Clause 4.2; corresponds to DwPTS of $^{19760 \cdot T_{\rm S}}$ and UpPTS of $^{4384 \cdot T_{\rm S}}$
CP length Note 2		Normal		
DRX		ON		DRX parameters are further specified in Table 10.6.4.1-2
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 1 to Cell 3: 1 Cell 2 to Cell 3: -1 Cell 4 to Cell 3: 3	Cell 1 to Cell 3: 1 Cell 2 to Cell 3: -1 Cell 4 to Cell 3:	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells

Expected RSTD Note 1	μѕ	Cell 4: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	Cell 1: -2 Cell 2: 0 Cell 4: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator		
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs		5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index		
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 1 and other 3 cells on PCC, Cell 2 and other 3 cells on SCC1 and Cells on SCC2 OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 1 and other 3 cells on SCC1 and Cell 4 and other 6 cells on SCC2		OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 4 and other 14 cells on SCC2 OTDOA neighbour cells include Cell 1 and other 3 cells on PCC, Cell 2 and other 3 cells on SCC1 and Cell 4 and other 6 cells on SCC2		The list includes the reference cell and 15 other cells. Cell 1 and Cell 2 (when included) appears at random places in the first half of the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data. Cell 4 always appears at random places in the second half of the list.
prs-SubframeOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 310 Cells on SCC1: 320 Cells on SCC2, except reference cell: 0		Cells on SCC1: 320		Subframe offset, counted in full subframes. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs-SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]
slotNumberOffset Note 2		Cells o	on PCC: 0 in SCC1: 0 kcept reference cell: 0	The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is slotNumberOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4].		
PRS muting info Note 2		Cell 1: Cell 1: "11110000" "1111111100000000" Cell 2: Cell 2: "00001111" "00000000111111111" Cell 3: Cell 3: "11110000" "1111111100000000" Cell 4: Cell 4: "0000000011111111111" "0000000011111111111"		Corresponds to prs-MutingInfo defined in TS 36.355 [4]		
T1	s		3	The length of the time interval from the beginning of each test		
T2	S	1.28	2.48	The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T1		
Т3	s	1.28 2.48		The length of the time interval that follows immediately after time interval T2		
Note 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.6.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. Note 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive downlink positioning subframes', 'Physical cell ID PCI', 'CP length', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset' and 'PRS muting info' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Physical cell ID PCI' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 3, Cell 3: 6, Cell 4: 12. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.6.4.3-4 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. Note 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is used to set the 'true RSTD' values in step 6 of clause 10.6.4.1.						

Table 10.6.4.1-2: DRX parameters for the test of E-UTRAN TDD intra-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions for carrier aggregation

Field	Value	Comment
onDurationTimer	psf1	
Drx-InactivityTimer	psf1	As specified in
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1	TS 36.331 [22],
longDRX-CycleStartOffset	sf320	Clause 6.3.2
shortDRX	Disable	

10.6.4.2 Test procedure

The test case includes two tests. Test 1 is designed for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells only on SCC2, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on SCC2 only. Test 2 is designed for the scenario where the UE receives OTDOA assistance data with cells on PCC, SCC1 and SCC2, and the UE is expected to report RSTD measurements performed on PCC, SCC1 and SCC2.

Each test consists of three consecutive time intervals, with duration of T1, T2 and T3. Cell 1 is active in T1, T2 and T3, Cell 2 is active only in T2 and T3, Cell 3 is active only during T2 and T3, and Cell 4 is active only during T2. The beginning of the time interval T2 shall be aligned 5 ms before the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the OTDOA assistance data reference cell, where 5 ms is the necessary test tolerance. Cell 1 transmits PRS in T2, Cell 2 transmits PRS only in T3, and Cell 4 transmits PRS only in T2.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in 10.6.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during T1. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of T2, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. Configure Cell 2 on SCC1 and Cell 3 and Cell 4 on SCC2 according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) on the SCCs as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.4.
- 4. The SS activates the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
- 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.6.5-1. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.2 (ETU30).
- 7. T1 starts.
- 8. The SS shall transmit an RRCConnectionReconfiguration message with the DRX configuration.
- 9. The UE shall transmit RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message.
- 9a. The SS shall transmit an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 9b. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 10. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of neighbour Cell 4 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is randomly selected to be in the last 8 elements of the sequence for Test 1 and in the 7 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, and the position of Cell 1 and the position of Cell 2 are randomly selected to be in the 4 elements of the relevant sequence for Test 2, as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. If the UE message at step 9b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.

- 11. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of T2, where ΔT = 150 ms.
- 12. When T1 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T1 to T2 as specified in Table 10.6.5-2.
- 13. When T2 expires, the SS shall switch the power setting from T2 to T3 as specified in Table 10.6.5-2.
- 14. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE within the response time (see clause 4.7.3) specified in clause 10.6.5.

For Test 1 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurement for Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3. If the UE transmits an *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *rstd* field for Cell 4 within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE with the *rstd* field included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.

For Test 2 the UE shall perform and report the RSTD measurements for Cell 1 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3 and also Cell 2 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3 and also Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell in the OTDOA assistance data, Cell 3. If the UE transmits an OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation IE including the rstd field for Cell 1 (with respect to Cell 3) and Cell 2 (with respect to Cell 3) and Cell 4 (with respect to Cell 3) within the response time then the number of successful tests is increased by one. If the UE fails to report the OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation IE with the three rstd fields included within the response time then the number of failure tests is increased by one.

- 15. If the UE message at step 14 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 16. Repeat steps 5-15 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 10 change the random positions of Cell 4 and Cell 1(for Test 2 only) and Cell 2(for Test 2 only) in the relevant sequence in the OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList.
- 17. Repeat from clause 10.6.4.1 for Test 2.

10.6.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.6.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.6.4.3-2: MAC-MainConfig-RBC: TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation

Derivation Path: TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.8.2.1.5, Table 4.8.2.1.5-1 MAC-MainConfig-RBC					
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition		
MAC-MainConfig-RBC ::= SEQUENCE {					
drx-Config CHOICE {					
setup SEQUENCE {					
onDurationTimer	psf1				
drx-InactivityTimer	psf1				
drx-RetransmissionTimer	sf1				
longDRX-CycleStartOffset CHOICE {					
sf320	0				
}					
shortDRX	Not present				
}					
}					

Table 10.6.4.3-2a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 10.6.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
qos SEQUENCE {	94400.04		
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	140t present		
time	Test 1: 3	See clause 10.6.5	
	Test 2: 6		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
\ \	1101 precent		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
SEQUENCE {	FALCE		
assistanceAvailability }	FALSE		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}	NOUT TESETIL		1
<u> </u>			1
}			
]			
}			-
}			-
}			-
₁ }		1	

Table 10.6.4.3-4: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 10.6.4.3-5: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			
physCellIdRef	Cell 3		+
	Cell 3		
cellGloballdRef earfcnRef			+
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE{			
NeighbourMeasurementElement			
SEQUENCE {	0 11 4		
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 4		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present	With respect to	
		Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
NeighbourMeasurementElement		Test 2 only	
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 1		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present	Test 2 only	
		With respect to	
		Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
NeighbourMeasurementElement		Test 2 only	
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Present	Test 2 only	
		With respect to	
		Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		
	reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour	l	1

	Cells"	
}		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		

10.6.5 Test Requirements

Table 10.6.5-1 and 10.6.5-2 define the primary level settings including test tolerances for the tests.

Table 10.6.5-1: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T1 for carrier aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell				
E-UTRA RF Channel		1	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Number							
Correlation Matrix and		1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low	1x2 Low		
Antenna Configuration		5MHz: OP.10					
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25]		TDD					
clause D.1. (OCNG		10MHz: OP.1					
patterns depend on		TDD	N/A	N/A	N/A		
selected channel		20MHz: OP.7					
bandwidth)		TDD					
PBCH_RA							
PBCH_RB							
PSS_RA	1						
SSS_RA							
PCFICH_RB							
PHICH_RA	dB	0	N/A	N/A	N/A		
PHICH_RB							
PDCCH_RA							
PDCCH_RB							
OCNG_RA ^{Note 1}							
OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}							
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 3}$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-95	N/A	N/A	N/A		
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}$	dB	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity		
lo Note 4	dBm/ 9 MHz	-67.22 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	N/A	N/A	N/A		
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{oc}$	dB	0	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity		
Propagation Condition			ETU	30			
Note 1: OCNG shall be	used suc	ı h that active cell (Cell 1) is fully a	llocated and a	constant total		
transmitted por Note 2: The resources	wer spectra	al density is achie transmission are	ved for all OFD	M symbols.			
Note 3: Interference from	period T2. e 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of						
appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.							
		ed from other par	ameters and ar	e given for infor	rmation		

purpose. These are not settable test parameters.

Table 10.6.5-2: Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSTD measurement reporting delay under fading propagation conditions during T2 and T3 for carrier aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4			
		T2	Т3	T2	Т3	T2	Т3	T2	T3
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1		2		3		3	
Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration		1x2	Low	1x2	Low	1x2	Low	1x2 Low	
OCNG patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1 (There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS) (OCNG patterns depend on selected channel bandwidth)		5MHz: TE 10MHz TE 20MHz	DD z: OP.1 DD	TI 10MH; TI 20MH;	OP.10 DD z: OP.1 DD z: OP.7 DD	TI 10MH; TI 20MH;	OP.10 DD z: OP.1 DD z: OP.7 DD	5MHz: OP.10 TDD 10MHz: OP.1 TDD 20MHz: OP.7 TDD	N/A
PBCH_RA PBCH_RB PSS_RA SSS_RA PCFICH_RB PHICH_RA PHICH_RB PDCCH_RA PDCCH_RB OCNG_RA ^{Note 1} OCNG_RB ^{Note 1}	dB	()		0		0	0	N/A
PRS_RA	dB	-6	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	3	3	N/A
$N_{oc}^{$	dBm/ 15 kHz	-98	-98	-98	-95	-98	-95	-98	-95
PRS $\hat{\mathrm{E}}_{\mathrm{s}}/N_{\mathit{oc}}$	dB	-4	- Infinity	- Infinity	-1	- Infinity	-1	-8	- Infinity
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}^{}$ Note 4	dB	-4	- Infinity	- Infinity	-1	- Infinity	-1	-8	- Infinity
lo ^{Note 4}	dBm/ 9 MHz	-69.94 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	N/A	N/A	-66.68 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	N/A	-66.68 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	-70.11 +10log (N _{RB,c} /50)	N/A
PRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-102	- Infinity	- Infinity	-96	- Infinity	-96	-106	- Infinity
RSRP Note 4	dBm/ 15 kHz	-96	-96	-105	-99	-105	-99	-109	- Infinity
${ m \hat{E}}_{ m s}/N_{oc}$ Note 4	dB	2	2	-7	-4	-7	-4	-11	- Infinity
Propagation Condition		ETU30							
	I								

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that active cells (all, except Cell 3 in T3) are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols other than those in the subframes with transmitted PRS.

Note 2: The resources for uplink transmission are assigned to the UE prior to the start of time period T2. Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test are assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{oc} to be fulfilled.

Note 4: If PRS_RA is not 'N/A', \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , Io, RSRP and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. If PRS_RA is 'N/A', Io and RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters and are given for information purpose. These are not settable test parameters. Interference conditions shall be applied to all PRS symbols of DL positioning subframes.

The response time including test tolerance is 3.3 s for Test 1 and 6.3 s for Test 2. The response time is equal to the LPP time IE value plus the test tolerance. The LPP time IE value is derived from the RSTD reporting delay plus ΔT , where $\Delta T = 150$ ms, giving a value of 2710 ms for Test 1 and 5110ms for Test 2. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 3 seconds for Test 1 and 6 seconds for Test 2.

The RSTD measurement reporting delay in the tests are derived from the following expression,

$$T_{PRS}(M-1)+160\left|\frac{n}{M}\right|$$
, where $M=8$ and $n=16$ for Test 1, and $M=16$ and $n=16$ for Test 2 are the parameters specified in clause 10.6.3.1 for Test 1 and clause 10.6.3.2 for Test 2.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 2560 ms for Test 1 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 3.

This gives the total RSTD reporting delay of 4960 ms for Test 2 for the 15 neighbour cells including Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 4 with respect to the reference cell, Cell 3.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.3 and C.4.

For the overall test to pass, the rate of successful tests during repeated tests in both Test 1 and Test 2 shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

10.7 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation

10.7.1 Test purpose

To verify that the FDD RSTD measurement accuracy is within the specified limits.

10.7.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA FDD UE release 12 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for 3DL Carrier Aggregation.

10.7.3 Minimum conformance requirements

This section contains RSTD measurement accuracy requirements for a UE configured with one or two downlink SCell(s). The UE may operate in one of the E-UTRA carrier aggregations listed in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.3.1. The requirements in this section shall apply regardless of whether the configured downlink secondary cell is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE command [34]. The requirements apply for bandwidths defined in the bandwidth combination set for the CA configurations supported by the UE defined in TS 36.101 [2].

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the primary component carrier, shall meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.10.1.

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the same secondary component carrier, shall meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.10.1.

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when the reference cell and neighbouring cell do not belong to the same carrier, shall meet the inter-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.10.2.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.14.

10.7.4 Test description

10.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidths to be tested: the largest and the smallest aggregated bandwidth combinations supported by the UE of the Channel bandwidths defined in Table 10.7.4.1-1. The Channel bandwidths for CA Intra-Band combinations are as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1 and for CA Inter-Band combinations are defined in TS 36.521-1 [24] clause 5.4.2A. In case of multiple possible Channel bandwidth combinations, the first combination listed in the above mentioned clauses shall be selected.

- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure A.68 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.7.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.7.4.3.
- 5. There are four synchronized cells on three different carrier frequencies. Cell 1 is the PCell on primary component carrier F1 (RF channel number 1), Cell 2 is an SCell on secondary component carrier F2 (RF channel number 2), Cell 3 is an SCell and reference cell on secondary component carrier F3 (RF channel number 3), and Cell 4 is the neighbour cell on F3. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2, Cell 3 and Cell 4 are powered OFF.

Cell 1, Cell 2, Cell 3, and Cell 4 are included in the OTDOA assistance data neighbour cell list.

The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 12 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2).

Note that the measurement gap is not configured in the test because of UE carrier aggregation capability.

6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between the two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between Cell 1 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between Cell 2 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to 92 Ts (about 3 μ s) between neighbour Cell 4 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3.

Note that the related expected RSTD values to be signalled over LPP are defined in Table 10.7.4.1-1.

Table 10.7.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCell		Cell 1	Cell 1 on RF channel number 1
SCell 1		Cell 2	Cell 2 is an SCell on RF channel number 2
SCell 2 (Assistance data reference cell)		Cell 3	Cell 3 is an SCell on RF channel number 3
Neighbour cell		Cell 4	Cell 4 on RF channel number 3
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5,10,20	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth (PRS transmission bandwidth depends on selected channel bandwidth) Note 2	RB	5MHz: 25 10MHz: 50 20MHz:100	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth. PRS Bandwidth: bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters (PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters depend on selected channel bandwidth)		5MHz: R.11 FDD 10MHz: R.6 FDD 20MHz: R.10 FDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1 (There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS) (OCNG Patterns depend on selected channel bandwidth)		5MHz: OP.18 FDD 10MHz: OP.5 FDD 20MHz: OP.13 FDD	OCNG shall be used such that all cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).
PRS configuration Index I_{PRS} Note 2		171 for all cells on PCC 181 for all cells on SCC1 191 for all cells on SCC2	This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}$ –160 DL subframes, as defined in TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes $N_{\rm PRS}$ ($N_{\rm PRS}$ depends on selected channel bandwidth) Note 2 prs-SubframeOffset Note 2		5MHz: 2 10MHz: 1 20MHz:1	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
		Cells on PCC: 300 Cells on SCC1: 310 Cells on SCC2, except reference cell: 0	Subframe offset, counted in full subframes. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs-SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]
slotNumberOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 0 Cells on SCC1: 0 Cells on SCC2, except reference cell: 0	The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is slotNumberOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4].
prs-MutingInfo Note 2		Cell 1:"11110000" Cell 2:"11110000" Cell 3:"11110000" Cell 4:"11110000"	See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for more information
Cell ID Note 2		(Cell ID of cell 4 – Cell ID of cell 3) mod 6 = 3	PCIs of cell 1 and cell 2 are selected randomly.
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 1 to Cell 3: 1 Cell 2 to Cell 3: - 1 Cell 4 to Cell 3: 3	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells
Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 1: -2 Cell 2: 0 Cell 4: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator

Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μs	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
CP length Note 2		Normal	
DRX		OFF	
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16	The list includes the assistance-data- reference cell and 15 other cells. Cell 1 and Cell 2 appear at random places in the first half of the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data. Cell 4 always appears at random places in the second half of the list.
T _{RSTD InterFreqFDD, E-UTRAN} Note 4	ms	4960	Derived according to the RSTD measurement requirements specified in Section 10.5.3

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.7.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Cell ID' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 3, Cell 3: 7, Cell 4: 10. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.7.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is used to set the 'true RSTD' value in step 6 of clause 10.7.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ' $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ ' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 10.7.4.3-2. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqFDD,\ E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where ΔT = 150 ms, giving a value of 5110 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 6 seconds.

10.7.4.2 Test procedure

The RSTD measurements are performed:

- between Cell 4 and Cell 3 to verify the accuracy of RSTD measurement when the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the same secondary component carrier can meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.7.3.
- between Cell 1 and Cell 3 to verify the accuracy of RSTD measurement between the PCell and an SCell can meet the inter-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.7.3.
- between Cell 2 and Cell 3 to verify the accuracy of RSTD measurement between two SCells can meet the interfrequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.7.3.

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. All cells are active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 10.7.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the UE.

- 1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.
- 2. Configure Cell 2 on SCC1 and Cell 3 and Cell 4 on SCC2 according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) on the SCCs as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.4.

- 4. The SS activates the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
- 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.7.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 6a. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall send an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of Cell 1 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* and the position of Cell 2 are randomly selected in the relevant sequence and the position of Cell 4 is randomly selected in the relevant sequence as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 9. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE.
- 10. If the UE message at step 9 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 11. The SS shall check the *rstd* values for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 4 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 10.7.5-2.
- 12. Repeat step 5-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 7 change the random positions of Cell 1 and Cell 2 and Cell 4 in the relevant sequence in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.
- 13. Repeat complete test for the other channel bandwidth(s) supported by the UE (if any).

10.7.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.7.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.7.4.3-1a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 10.7.4.3-2: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {	1.00 p. 000 m		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		1
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
time	6	See Note 4 of Table 10.7.4.1-1	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}	·		
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		1
l	17ALOL		+
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		+
epdu-RequestLocationInformation epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		+
t	INOUT TESETIL		
J			+
}			
) }			
1	+	+	+
<u> </u>			+
	+		+
}		1	

Table 10.7.4.3-3: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 10.7.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement	(**************************************		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
	Nietwassaut		
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			1
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			1
physCellIdRef	Cell 3		
cellGloballdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE{			
NeighbourMeasurementElement SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 1		
	Cell 1		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour	Oat a candia a ta Tabla	\A/:41 4 4 -	
rstd	Set according to Table	With respect to	
	10.7.5-2	Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
NeighbourMeasurementElement SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 2		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			1
rstd	Set according to Table	With respect to	1
.510	10.7.5-2	Cell 3	1
rstd-Quality		30	1
}			
NeighbourMeasurementElement			1
SEQUENCE {			
	Cell 4		
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 4		1
cellGloballdNeighbour			1
earfcnNeighbour	1 - 1 - 1	NAPA ::	
rstd	Set according to Table 10.7.5-2	With respect to Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		1
3.334 <u>2</u> 3.	reason "undefined" or "attemptedButUnableTo MeasureSomeNeighbour		
	Cells"		
}			

ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		

10.7.5 Test requirement

Table 10.7.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The FDD RSTD accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 10.7.5-2.

Table 10.7.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN FDD for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 4
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	2	3	3
PBCH_RA					
PBCH_RB]				
PSS_RA					
SSS_RA					
PCFICH_RB					
PHICH_RA	dB	0	0	0	0
PHICH_RB					
PDCCH_RA					
PDCCH_RB					
OCNG_RA ^{Note1}					
OCNG_RB ^{Note1}					
PRS_RA	dB	-3	0	0.3	0.3
$N_{oc}^{$	dBm/15 kHz			-98	
PRS \hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	-6	-6	-5.7	-12.7
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}$ Note3	dB	-6	-6	-5.7	-12.7
		-70.04	-70.04	-69.99	-69.99
lo Note3	dBm/9 MHz	+10log	+10log	+10log	+10log
Nata		$(N_{RB,c}/50)$	(N _{RB,c} /50)	(N _{RB,c} /50)	(N _{RB,c} /50)
PRP Note3	dBm/15kHz	-104	-104	-103.7	-110.7
RSRP Note3	dBm/15kHz	-101	-104	-104	-111
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc} Note3	dB	-3	-6	-6	-13
Propagation condition		AWGN			

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that all cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 3: \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , RSRP, Io and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS.

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

Table 10.7.5-2: RSTD FDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation

	Value Cell 1	Value Cell 2	Value Cell 4
Lowest reported value	5MHz: RSTD_6374	5MHz: RSTD_6313	5MHz: RSTD_6440
(depends on selected	10MHz: RSTD_6375	10MHz: RSTD_6314	10MHz: RSTD_6441
channel bandwidth)	20MHz: RSTD_6376	20MHz: RSTD_6315	20MHz: RSTD_6442
Highest reported value(depends on selected channel bandwidth)	5MHz: RSTD_6398 10MHz: RSTD_6397 20MHz: RSTD_6396	5MHz: RSTD_6337 10MHz: RSTD_6336 20MHz: RSTD_6335	5MHz: RSTD_6454 10MHz: RSTD_6453 20MHz: RSTD_6452

For the test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95% for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 4 for each supported channel bandwidth.

10.8 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation

10.8.1 Test purpose

To verify that the TDD RSTD measurement accuracy is within the specified limits.

10.8.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA TDD UE release 12 and forward that supports UE-assisted OTDOA for 3DL Carrier Aggregation.

10.8.3 Minimum conformance requirements

This section contains RSTD measurement accuracy requirements for a UE configured with one or two downlink SCell(s). The UE may operate in one of the E-UTRA carrier aggregations listed in TS 36.133 [23] section 8.3.1. The requirements in this section shall apply regardless of whether the configured downlink secondary cell is activated or deactivated by the MAC-CE command [34]. The requirements apply for bandwidths defined in the bandwidth combination set for the CA configurations supported by the UE defined in TS 36.101 [2].

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the primary component carrier, shall meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.10.1.

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when both the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the same secondary component carrier, shall meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.10.1.

The RSTD measurements, which are obtained when the reference cell and neighbouring cell do not belong to the same carrier, shall meet the inter-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in TS 36.133 [23] section 9.1.10.2.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 36.133 [23] clause 9.1.12 and A.9.8.15.

10.8.4 Test description

10.8.4.1 Initial conditions

Test Environment: Normal; as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1.

Frequencies to be tested: Mid Range, as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1.1.

Channel bandwidths to be tested: the largest and the smallest aggregated bandwidth combinations supported by the UE of the Channel bandwidths defined in Table 10.8.4.1-1. The Channel bandwidths for CA Intra-Band combinations are as defined in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.3.1 and for CA Inter-Band combinations are defined in TS 36.521-1[24] clause

- 5.4.2A. In case of multiple possible Channel bandwidth combinations, the first combination listed in the above mentioned clauses shall be selected.
- 1. Connect the SS and AWGN noise sources to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in TS 36.508 [18] Annex A, Figure A.68 as appropriate.
- 2. The general test parameter settings are set up according to Table 10.8.4.1-1.
- 3. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 4. Message contents are defined in clause 10.8.4.3.
- 5. There are four synchronized cells on three different carrier frequencies. Cell 1 is the PCell on primary component carrier F1 (RF channel number 1), Cell 2 is an SCell on secondary component carrier F2 (RF channel number 2), Cell 3 is an SCell and reference cell on secondary component carrier F3 (RF channel number 3), and Cell 4 is the neighbour cell on F3. PCell (Cell 1) is the cell used for connection setup with the power level and mapping set according to TS 36.521-1 [24] Annex C.0 and C.1 as appropriate for this test. Cell 2, Cell 3 and Cell 4 are powered OFF.

Cell 1, Cell 2, Cell 3, and Cell 4 are included in the OTDOA assistance data neighbour cell list.

The assistance data neighbour cell list includes in total 15 cells, where 12 of the cells are not simulated (dummy cells; as defined in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2).

Note that the measurement gap is not configured in the test because of UE carrier aggregation capability.

6. The true RSTD (which is the receive time difference for frame 0 between the two cells as seen at the UE antenna connector) is set to 31 Ts (about 1 μ s) between Cell 1 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to -31 Ts (about -1 μ s) between Cell 2 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3, and set to 92 Ts (about 3 μ s) between neighbour Cell 4 and OTDOA assistance data reference cell, Cell 3.

Note that the related expected RSTD values to be signalled over LPP are defined in Table 10.8.4.1-1.

Table 10.8.4.1-1: General Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
PCell		Cell 1	Cell 1 on RF channel number 1
SCell 1		Cell 2	Cell 2 is an SCell on RF channel number 2
SCell 2 (Assistance data reference cell)		Cell 3	Cell 3 is an SCell on RF channel number 3
Neighbour cell		Cell 4	Cell 4 on RF channel number 3
Channel Bandwidth (BW _{channel})	MHz	5,10,20	
PRS Transmission Bandwidth (PRS transmission bandwidth depends on selected channel bandwidth) Note 2	RB	5MHz: 25 10MHz: 50 20MHz:100	PRS are transmitted over the system bandwidth. PRS Bandwidth: bandwidth is as indicated in <i>prs-Bandwidth</i> in the OTDOA assistance data defined in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4].
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters (PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters depend on selected channel bandwidth)		5MHz: R.11 TDD 10MHz: R.6 TDD 20MHz: R.10 TDD	As specified in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause A.2.1
OCNG Patterns defined in TS 36.521-3 [25] clause D.1 (There is no PDSCH allocated in the subframe transmitting PRS) (OCNG Patterns depend on selected channel bandwidth)		5MHz: OP.10 TDD 10MHz: OP.2 TDD 20MHz: OP.8 TDD	OCNG shall be used such that all cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).
PRS configuration Index $I_{\rm PRS}$ Note 2		171 for all cells on PCC 181 for all cells on SCC1 191 for all cells on SCC2	This corresponds to periodicity of 320 ms and PRS subframe offset of $I_{\rm PRS}$ $^{-160}$ DL subframes, as defined in TS 36.211 [26], Table 6.10.4.3-1
Number of consecutive positioning downlink		5MHz: 2	As defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 [26]
subframes $N_{ m PRS}$ ($N_{ m PRS}$ depends on		10MHz: 1	
		20MHz:1	
selected channel bandwidth) Note 2 prs-SubframeOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 300 Cells on SCC1: 310 Cells on SCC2, except reference cell: 0	Subframe offset, counted in full subframes. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is prs-SubframeOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4]
slotNumberOffset Note 2		Cells on PCC: 0 Cells on SCC1: 0 Cells on SCC2, except reference cell: 0	The slot number offset at the transmitter between a neighbour cell and the assistance data reference cell. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data is slotNumberOffset specified in TS 36.355 [4].
prs-MutingInfo Note 2		Cell 1:"11110000" Cell 2:"11110000" Cell 3:"11110000" Cell 4:"11110000"	See section 6.5.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4] for more information
Special subframe configuration		6	As specified in table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [26]. The same configuration in both cells.
Uplink-downlink configuration		1	As specified in table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [26] and table 8.1.2.5.2-2 in TS 36.133 [23]. The same configuration in both cells.
Cell ID Note 2		(Cell ID of cell 4 – Cell ID of cell 3) mod 6 = 3	PCIs of cell 1 and cell 2 are selected randomly.
Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector Note 3	μs	Cell 1 to Cell 3: 1 Cell 2 to Cell 3: - 1 Cell 4 to Cell 3: 3	PRS are transmitted from synchronous cells

Expected RSTD Note 1	μs	Cell 1: -2 Cell 2: 0 Cell 4: 2 Other neighbour cells: randomly between -3 and 3	The expected RSTD is what is expected at the receiver. The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD indicator
Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells Note 1	μѕ	5	The corresponding parameter in the OTDOA assistance data specified in TS 36.355 [4] is the expectedRSTD-Uncertainty index
CP length Note 2		Normal	
DRX		OFF	
Number of cells provided in OTDOA assistance data		16	The list includes the assistance-data- reference cell and 15 other cells. Cell 1 and Cell 2 appear at random places in the first half of the neighbour cell list in the OTDOA assistance data. Cell 4 always appears at random places in the second half of the list.
T _{RSTD InterFreqTDD} , E-UTRAN	ms	4960	Derived according to the RSTD measurement requirements specified in Section 10.6.3

- NOTE 1: Parameters 'Expected RSTD' and 'Expected RSTD uncertainty for all neighbour cells' are not settable parameters. These are parameters signalled in LPP only. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.8.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 2: Parameters 'PRS Transmission Bandwidth', 'PRS configuration index', 'Number of consecutive positioning downlink subframes', 'prs-SubframeOffset', 'slotNumberOffset', 'prs-MutingInfo', 'Cell ID' and 'CP length' are settable parameters and also parameters signalled in LPP. The values to be used for 'Cell ID' are as follows: Cell 1: 0, Cell 2: 3, Cell 3: 7, Cell 4: 10. For the values to be used in LPP see Table 10.8.4.3-3 and TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2.
- NOTE 3: The parameter 'Radio frame receive time offset between the cells at the UE antenna connector' is used to set the 'true RSTD' value in step 6 of clause 10.8.4.1.
- NOTE 4: The parameter ' $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqTDD,E-UTRAN}$ ' is not a settable parameter but is used to set the LPP 'time' value in Table 10.8.4.3-2. The value of the LPP time IE is set to $T_{RSTD\ InterFreqTDD,E-UTRAN}$ + ΔT ms, where ΔT = 150 ms, giving a value of 5110 ms. This is rounded up to the next allowed LPP value of 6 seconds.

10.8.4.2 Test procedure

The RSTD measurements are performed:

- between Cell 4 and Cell 3 to verify the accuracy of RSTD measurement when the reference cell and neighbouring cell belong to the same secondary component carrier can meet the intra-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.8.3.
- between Cell 1 and Cell 3 to verify the accuracy of RSTD measurement between the PCell and an SCell can meet the inter-frequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.8.3.
- between Cell 2 and Cell 3 to verify the accuracy of RSTD measurement between two SCells can meet the interfrequency RSTD accuracy requirements defined in section 10.8.3.

The test consists of a set-up period and a measurement period. All cells are active during the complete test. The beginning of the measurement period shall be aligned with the first PRS positioning subframe of a positioning occasion in the reference cell.

NOTE: The information on when PRS is muted is conveyed to the UE using PRS muting information in the OTDOA assistance data.

The OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data as defined in clause 10.8.4.3 shall be provided to the UE during the set-up period. The last TTI containing the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message shall be provided to the UE ΔT ms before the start of the measurement period, where $\Delta T=150$ ms is the maximum processing time of the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation message and the OTDOA assistance data in the UE.

1. Ensure that the UE is in state Generic RB Established State 3A-RF according to 3GPP TS 36.508 [18] clause 7.2A.3.

- 2. Configure Cell 2 on SCC1 and Cell 3 and Cell 4 on SCC2 according to TS 36.521-3 [25] Annex C.0 and C.1 for all downlink physical channels.
- 3. The SS shall configure the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) on the SCCs as per TS 36.508 [18] clause 5.2A.4.
- 4. The SS activates the SCells (Cell 2 and Cell 3) by sending the Activation/Deactivation MAC control element according to TS 36.321 [34] clauses 5.13 and 6.1.3.8. Wait for at least 2 seconds as per TS 36.133 [23] clause 8.3.3.2.
- 5. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 6. Set the parameters according to Table 10.8.5-1 as appropriate. Propagation conditions are set according to clause 4.7.2.1.
- 6a. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 6b. The UE shall send an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the OTDOA capabilities supported by the UE in the *OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities* IE
- 7. The SS shall send a LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData* IE. The position of Cell 1 in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* and the position of Cell 2 are randomly selected in the relevant sequence and the position of Cell 4 is randomly selected in the relevant sequence as described in 3GPP TS 37.571-5 [20], clause 7.3.2. If the UE message at step 6b includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, then the SS shall send an acknowledgment in the LPP PROVIDE ASSISTANCE DATA message.
- 8. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation IE such that the UE receives the message ΔT ms before the start of measurement period, where $\Delta T = 150$ ms.
- 9. The UE shall transmit a LPP PROVIDE LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* IE.
- 10. If the UE message at step 9 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 11. The SS shall check the *rstd* values for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 4 in the *OTDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* IE according to Table 10.8.5-2.
- 12. Repeat step 5-11 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 7 change the random positions of Cell 1 and Cell 2 and Cell 4 in the relevant sequence in the *OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*.
- 13. Repeat complete test for the other channel bandwidth(s) supported by the UE (if any).

10.8.4.3 Message contents

Table 10.8.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	00000001	OTDOA	

Table 10.8.4.3-1a: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
otdoa-RequestCapabilities	TRUE

Table 10.8.4.3-2: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {	140t present		
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	1101 p. 000		
time	6	See Note 4 of Table 10.8.4.1-1	
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present	Tuble 10.0.4.1 1	Rel-12 onwards
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
assistanceAvailability	FALSE		
\	I ALOL		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not Present		
}	INOUT TESETIL		+
}			+
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 10.8.4.3-3: LPP ProvideAssistanceData

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	(0255)		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideAssistanceData-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData SEQUENCE {			
otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
	7.3.2.		
otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	As defined in TS		
	37.571-5 [20], clause		
=	7.3.2.		
otdoa-Error	Not present		
}			
epdu-ProvideAssistanceData	Not present		
}			
}			
}	1		
}	1		
}			
}			1

Table 10.8.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocation Information

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
acknowledgement	(0.1200)		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	rtot present		
SEQUENCE {			
otdoaSignalMeasurementInformation			1
SEQUENCE {			
systemFrameNumber			1
physCellIdRef	Cell 3		
cellGlobalIdRef			
earfcnRef			
referenceQuality			
neighbourMeasurementList			
SEQUENCE{			
NeighbourMeasurementElement			
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 1		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	96		
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Set according to Table	With respect to	
Total	10.8.5-2	Cell 3	
rstd-Quality	10.0.0 2	00.10	
}			
NeighbourMeasurementElement			
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 2		
cellGlobalIdNeighbour	332		
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Set according to Table	With respect to	
1010	10.8.5-2	Cell 3	
rstd-Quality		000	
}			
NeighbourMeasurementElement			
SEQUENCE {			
physCellIdNeighbour	Cell 4		
cellGloballdNeighbour			
earfcnNeighbour			
rstd	Set according to Table	With respect to	
	10.8.5-2	Cell 3	
rstd-Quality			
}			
}			
}			
otdoa-Error	May be present with error		1
	reason "undefined" or		
	"attemptedButUnableTo		
	MeasureSomeNeighbour		
	Cells"		
}			
·	•	•	

ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present	
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		
}		

10.8.5 Test requirement

Table 10.8.5-1 defines the primary level settings including test tolerances for the test.

The TDD RSTD accuracy test shall meet the reported values in Table 10.8.5-2.

Table 10.8.5-1: Cell Specific Test Parameters for RSTD Test for E-UTRAN TDD for Carrier Aggregation

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 4
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	2	3	3
PBCH_RA					
PBCH_RB					
PSS_RA					
SSS_RA					
PCFICH_RB					
PHICH_RA	dB	0	0	0	0
PHICH_RB					
PDCCH_RA					
PDCCH_RB					
OCNG_RA ^{Note1}					
OCNG_RB ^{Note1}					
PRS_RA	dB	-3	0	0.3	0.3
$N_{oc}^{ m Note2}$	dBm/15 kHz			-98	
PRS \hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	-6	-6	-5.7	-12.7
PRS $\hat{E}_{_{s}}/I_{_{ot}}$ Note3	dB	-6	-6	-5.7	-12.7
N. O		-70.04	-70.04	-69.99	-69.99
lo Note3	dBm/9 MHz	+10log	+10log	+10log	+10log
Nisto?		$(N_{RB,c}/50)$	(N _{RB,c} /50)	$(N_{RB,c}/50)$	(N _{RB,c} /50)
PRP Note3	dBm/15kHz	-104	-104	-103.7	-110.7
RSRP Note3	dBm/15kHz	-101	-104	-104	-111
$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle S}/N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ Note3	dB	-3	-6	-6	-13
Propagation condition			Δ	WGN	

Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that all cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols (other than those in the PRS subframes).

Note 3: \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} , PRS \hat{E}_s/I_{ot} , RSRP, Io and PRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves. Io values are derived in the case that there is no PBCH, PSS or SSS in the OFDM symbols carrying PRS.

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for N_{ac} to be fulfilled.

Table 10.8.5-2: RSTD TDD accuracy requirements for the reported values for Carrier Aggregation

	Value Cell 1	Value Cell 2	Value Cell 4
Lowest reported value	5MHz: RSTD_6374	5MHz: RSTD_6313	5MHz: RSTD_6440
(depends on selected	10MHz: RSTD_6375	10MHz: RSTD_6314	10MHz: RSTD_6441
channel bandwidth)	20MHz: RSTD_6376	20MHz: RSTD_6315	20MHz: RSTD_6442
Highest reported value(depends on selected channel bandwidth)	5MHz: RSTD_6398 10MHz: RSTD_6397 20MHz: RSTD_6396	5MHz: RSTD_6337 10MHz: RSTD_6336 20MHz: RSTD_6335	5MHz: RSTD_6454 10MHz: RSTD_6453 20MHz: RSTD_6452

For the test to pass, the ratio of successful reported values shall be more than 90% with a confidence level of 95% for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 4 for each supported channel bandwidth.

11 E-UTRA MBS measurement requirements

11.1 MBS Measurement Reporting Delay

11.1.1 Test purpose

The purpose of the test is to verify that the MBS measurements meet the measurement time requirements specified in clause 4.2.3 of TS 37.171 [39] in an environment with fading propagation conditions specified in clause 4.8.2.2 (EPA 5 Hz)

11.1.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE Release 13 and forward that supports UE-assisted MBS.

11.1.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The MBS measurement reporting delay (response time) shall be ≤12000 msec.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 37.171 [39] clauses 4.2.3 and A.3.1.

11.1.4 Test description

11.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and MSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.6 or A.7.
- 2. Switch on the UE.
- 3. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

11.1.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Set the MSS test parameters as specified in clause 11.1.5.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.

- 4. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the TBS capabilities supported by the UE in the *TBS-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 5. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *TBS-RequestLocationInformation* IE.
- 6. The UE shall perform and report the code phase measurement for the simulated beacon. If the UE transmits a *TBS-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *transmitterID* and *codePhase* fields for the simulated beacon within the required response time in 11.1.5, then the number of successful tests is increased by one. Otherwise the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 7. If the UE message at step 6 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 8. Repeat steps 1-7 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 1 reselect the PN code assigned to the MBS beacon.
- 9. Release the signalling connection.

11.1.4.3 Message contents

Table 11.1.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000010	MBS	

Table 11.1.4.3-2: LPP RequestCapabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
tbs-RequestCapabilities-r13	TRUF

Table 11.1.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
Time	12		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
Environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-RequestLocationInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {	TDUE		
mbsSgnMeasListReq-r13	TRUE		
}	1		
wlan-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 11.1.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
Acknowledgement			
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-ProvideLocationInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {			
tbs-MeasurementInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {			
measurementReferenceTime-r13			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
}			
tbs-Error-r13	May be present with		
	error reason		
	"undefined" or		
	"thereWereNotEnough		
	MBSBeaconsReceived"		
}			
wlan-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			<u> </u>

11.1.5 Test requirement

The details of the beacon parameters are in Table 11.1.5-1 and Table 11.1.5-2.

Table 11.1.5-1: General test parameters for the beacon to be simulated for the measurement reporting delay test

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Number of beacons	Integer	1	Beacon transmitted in any beacon slot, but static for the test, in the MBS beacon transmission period. Other slots contain no simulated beacons ^{Note 1}
Centre Frequency	MHz	925.977	
RF Channel	N/A	EPA 5Hz	
MBS Beacon Configuration	N/A	TB1 (2 MHz)	For details see Annex H
MBS Packet Type	N/A	Type 2	For details see Annex H
Beacon PN Code	Integer	Chosen for the beacon from the PN code list for TB1	For details see Annex H ^{Note 1}
Transmit power	dBm	-30	
Response time	Seconds	12	Value of Time used in LPP RequestLocationInformation message in Table 11.1.4.3-3

Note 1: The slots and PN codes are chosen at random, such that the UE does not and cannot have advanced knowledge of what that slot/PN code might be.

Table 11.1.5-2: MBS Beacon Payload fields for the beacon to be simulated for the measurement reporting delay test

MBS Tx ID (see Annex H)	Slot Index (see Annex H)	All Other fields (see Annex H)	
Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	
Note 1: bit_value is the conversion of the binary number represented by the corresponding bits in the payload to decimal			

The MBS measurement reporting delay (response time) shall be ≤ 12300 msec.

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.4 and C.4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

11.2 MBS Sensitivity Measurement Accuracy

Editor"s note: This Test case is incomplete, the following item remains

- The code phase measurement accuracy requirements are in square brackets

11.2.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the MBS Code Phase measurement accuracy is within the specified limits under target sensitivity conditions. This test will verify the requirements in clause 5.2 of TS 37.171 [39] for MBS measurements. The channel type for this test is AWGN, as specified in clause 4.8.2.1.

11.2.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE Release 13 and forward that supports UE-assisted MBS.

11.2.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirement given in Table 11.2.3-1.

Table 11.2.3-1: Accuracy requirements for sensitivity scenario

Signal Strength (dBm)	Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}			
-130	$[1.6678 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[2.3586 \times 10^{-4}]$			
Note 1: Provided for re	Note 1: Provided for reference only				
Note 2: To be used for	rtesting				

The accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements is derived from the requirement for the code phase measurement accuracy, assuming a scaling factor of $\sqrt{2}$ due to the compounding of two error distributions.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 37.171 [39] clause 5.2 (Sensitivity) and clause A.4.2.

11.2.4 Test description

11.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and MSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.6 or A.7.
- 2. Switch on the UE.
- 3. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

11.2.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Set the MSS test parameters as specified in clause 11.2.5.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the TBS capabilities supported by the UE in the *TBS-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 5. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *TBS-RequestLocationInformation* IE.
- 6. The UE shall perform and report the code phase measurement for each simulated beacon. If the UE transmits a *TBS-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *transmitterID* and *codePhase* field for the two simulated beacons and the difference between *codePhase* field values for the two beacons meet the corresponding requirements in Table 11.2.5-3, then the number of successful tests is increased by one. Otherwise the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 7. If the UE message at step 6 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 8. Repeat steps 1-7 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 1 reselect the PN code assigned to each MBS beacon.
- 9. Release the signalling connection.

11.2.4.3 Message contents

Table 11.2.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000010	MBS	

Table 11.2.4.3-2: LPP RequestCapabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
tbs-RequestCapabilities-r13	TRUE

Table 11.2.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
••	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
Time	12		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
Environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-RequestLocationInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {			
mbsSgnMeasListReq-r13	TRUE		
}			
wlan-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
. 1			1

Table 11.2.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
Acknowledgement			
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-ProvideLocationInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {			
tbs-MeasurementInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {			
measurementReferenceTime-r13			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
}			
tbs-Error-r13	May be present with		
	error reason "undefined"		
	or		
	"thereWereNotEnoughM		
	BSBeaconsReceived"		
}			
wlan-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

11.2.5 Test requirement

The details of the beacon parameters are in Table 11.2.5-1 and Table 11.2.5-2.

Table 11.2.5-1: General test parameters for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in Sensitivity test

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Number of Beacons		2	Beacons transmitted in any two beacon slots in the beacon transmission period, but static for the test. Other slots contain no simulated beacons Note 1
Centre Frequency	MHz	925.977	
RF Channel	N/A	AWGN	
MBS Beacon	N/A	TB1 (2 MHz)	For details see Annex H
Configuration			
MBS Packet Type	N/A	Type 2	For details see Annex H\
Beacon PN Code	Integer	Chosen for each beacon from the PN code list for TB1	Each of the 2 beacons uses a different PN code. For details see Annex H ^{Note 1}
Response time	Seconds	12	Value of Time used in LPP RequestLocationInformation message in Table 11.2.4.3-3

Note 1: The slots and PN codes are chosen at random, such that the UE does not and cannot have advanced knowledge of what that slot/PN code might be.

Table 11.2.5-2: MBS Beacon Payload fields, code phase delay difference and transmit powers for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in sensitivity test

MBS Tx ID (See Annex H)	Slot Index (See Annex H)	All Other fields (See Annex H)	Code phase delay difference between beacons (ms)	Transmit Power (dBm)
Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	0	-128
Note 1: bit_value is the cordecimal.	nversion of the binary nur	mber represented by th	ne corresponding bits in	n the payload to

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements given in Table 11.2.5-3.

Table 11.2.5-3: Accuracy requirements for Sensitivity scenario

Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}
$[1.6678 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[2.4086 \times 10^{-4}]$
Note 1: Provided for reference only	
Note 2: To be used for testing	

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.4 and C.4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

11.3 MBS Nominal Measurement Accuracy

Editor"s note: This Test case is incomplete, the following item remains

- The code phase measurement accuracy requirements are in square brackets

11.3.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the MBS Code Phase measurement accuracy is within the specified limits under ideal conditions. This test will verify the requirements in clauses 5.3 of 37.171 [39] for MBS measurements. The channel type for this test is AWGN, as specified in clause 4.8.2.1.

11.3.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE Release 13 and forward that supports UE-assisted MBS.

11.3.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirement given in Table 11.3.3-1.

Table 11.3.3-1: Accuracy requirements for Nominal scenario

Signal Strength (dBm)	Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}
-30	$[5.0035 \times 10^{-5}]$	$[7.0760 \times 10^{-5}]$
Note 1: Provided for re	ference only	
Note 2: To be used for	testing	

The accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements is derived from the requirement for the code phase measurement accuracy, assuming a scaling factor of $\sqrt{2}$ due to the compounding of two error distributions.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 37.171 [39] clause 5.3 (Nominal) and clause A.4.2.

11.3.4 Test description

11.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and MSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.6 or A.7.
- 2. Switch on the UE.
- 3. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

11.3.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Set the MSS test parameters as specified in clause 11.3.5.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the TBS capabilities supported by the UE in the *TBS-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 5. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *TBS-RequestLocationInformation* IE.
- 6. The UE shall perform and report the code phase measurement for each simulated beacon. If the UE transmits a *TBS-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *transmitterID* and *codePhase* field for the two simulated beacons and the difference between *codePhase* field values for the two beacons meet the corresponding requirements in Table 11.3.5-3, then the number of successful tests is increased by one. Otherwise the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 7. If the UE message at step 6 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 8. Repeat steps 1-7 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 1 reselect the PN code assigned to each MBS beacon.
- 9. Release the signalling connection.

11.3.4.3 Message contents

Table 11.3.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000010	MBS	

Table 11.3.4.3-2: LPP RequestCapabilities

Information Element	Value/remark	
tbs-RequestCapabilities-r13	TRUE	

Table 11.3.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
gos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	•		
Time	12		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
Environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-RequestLocationInformation-r13 SEQUENCE {			
mbsSgnMeasListReq-r13	TRUE		
}			
wlan-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 11.3.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
Acknowledgement	(6.1.263)		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonlEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
SEQUENCE {			
tbs-MeasurementInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {			
measurementReferenceTime-r13			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13	1 resent		
t coder nasertwolitor-its			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13	riesent		
Codel HaselVMOLITOI-113			
1			
tbs-Error-r13	May be present with		
(DS-E1101-113	error reason "undefined"		
	or		
	"thereWereNotEnoughM		
	BSBeaconsReceived"		
1	DODGGGGIGITEGEIVEG		
wlan-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
}	140t prodefit		
}			
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]			1

11.3.5 Test requirement

The details of the beacon parameters are in Table 11.3.5-1 and Table 11.3.5-2.

Table 11.3.5-1: General test parameters for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in Nominal test

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Number of Beacons		2	Beacons transmitted in any two beacon slots in the beacon transmission period, but static for the test. Other slots contain no simulated beacons Note 1
Centre Frequency	MHz	925.977	
RF Channel	N/A	AWGN	
MBS Beacon Configuration	N/A	TB1 (2 MHz)	For details see Annex H
MBS Packet Type	N/A	Type 2	For details see Annex H
Beacon PN Code	Integer	Chosen for each beacon from the PN code list for TB1	Each of the 2 beacons uses a different PN code. For details see Annex H ^{Note 1}
Response time	Seconds	12 at random, such that the UE does not a	Value of Time used in LPP RequestLocationInformation message in Table 11.3.4.3-3

Note 1: The slots and PN codes are chosen at random, such that the UE does not and cannot have advanced knowledge of what that slot/PN code might be.

Table 11.3.5-2: MBS Beacon Payload fields, code phase delay difference and transmit powers for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in Nominal test

MBS Tx ID (See Annex H)	Slot Index (See Annex H)	All Other fields (See Annex H)	Code phase delay difference between beacons (ms)	Transmit Power (dBm)
Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	0	-30
Note: bit_value is the conversion of the binary number represented by the corresponding bits in the payload to decimal.				

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements given in Table 11.3.5-3.

Table 11.3.5-3: Accuracy requirements for Nominal scenario

Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}
$[5.0035 \times 10^{-5}]$	$[7.5760 \times 10^{-5}]$
Note 1: Provided for reference only	
Note 2: To be used for testing	

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.4 and C.4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

11.4 MBS Dynamic Range Measurement Accuracy

Editor"s note: This Test case is incomplete, the following item remains

- The code phase measurement accuracy requirements are in square brackets

11.4.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the MBS Code Phase measurement accuracy is within the specified limits under maximum dynamic range conditions. This test will verify the requirements in clauses 5.4 of TS 37.171 [39] for MBS measurements. The channel type for this test is AWGN, as specified in clause 4.8.2.1.

11.4.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE Release 13 and forward that supports UE-assisted MBS.

11.4.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements given in Table 11.4.3-1.

Table 11.4.3-1: Accuracy requirements for Dynamic Range scenario

Signal Strength (dBm)	Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}
-30	$[5.0035 \times 10^{-5}]$	$[7.0760 \times 10^{-5}]$
-130	$[1.6678 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[2.3586 \times 10^{-4}]$
Note 1: Provided for re	ference only	
Note 2: To be used for	testing	

The accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements is derived from the requirement for the code phase measurement accuracy, assuming a scaling factor of $\sqrt{2}$ due to the compounding of two error distributions.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 37.171 [39] clause 5.4 (Dynamic Range) and clause A.4.2.

11.4.4 Test description

11.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and MSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.6 or A.7.
- 2. Switch on the UE.
- 3. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

11.4.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Set the MSS test parameters as specified in clause 11.4.5.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.
- 4. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVIDE CAPABILITIES message indicating the TBS capabilities supported by the UE in the *TBS-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 5. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the TBS-RequestLocationInformation IE.
- 6. The UE shall perform and report the code phase measurement for each simulated beacon. If the UE transmits a *TBS-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *transmitterID* and *codePhase* field for the four simulated beacons and the difference between *codePhase* field values for the two high power beacons and the difference in the *codePhase* field values for the two low power beacons meet the corresponding requirements in Table 11.4.5-3, then the number of successful tests is increased by one. Otherwise the number of failure tests is increased by one.

- 7. If the UE message at step 6 includes the ackRequested IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 8. Repeat steps 1-7 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 1 reselect the PN code assigned to each MBS beacon.
- 9. Release the signalling connection.

11.4.4.3 Message contents

Table 11.4.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000010	MBS	

Table 11.4.4.3-2: LPP RequestCapabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
tbs-RequestCapabilities-r13	TRUE

Table 11.4.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation			
SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe		
	quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
qos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {			
Time	12		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
Environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-RequestLocationInformation-r13	·		
SEQUENCE {			
mbsSgnMeasListReq-r13	TRUE		
}			
wlan-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 11.4.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
Acknowledgement			
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		-
sensor-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-ProvideLocationInformation-r13 SEQUENCE {			
tbs-MeasurementInformation-r13 SEQUENCE {			
measurementReferenceTime-r13			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13 SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13 SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13 SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
}			
tbs-Error-r13	May be present with error reason "undefined" or "thereWereNotEnoughM BSBeaconsReceived"		
1	DODEACONSNECEIVEG		+
wlan-Provided coationInformation #12	Not present		+
wlan-ProvideLocationInformation-r13 bt-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
DI-FIOVIUELOCALIOHIIIIOHIIALIOH-113	Not present		1
<u> </u>			+
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
1			
	1	1	1

	}		
}			

11.4.5 Test requirement

The details of the beacon parameters are in Table 11.4.5-1 and Table 11.4.5-2.

Table 11.4.5-1: General test parameters for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in Dynamic Range test

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Number of Beacons		4	Beacons 1 to 4. Transmitted in any four consecutive beacon slots in the beacon transmission period, but static for the test. Other slots contain no simulated beacons ^{Note 1}
Centre Frequency	MHz	925.977	
RF Channel	N/A	AWGN	
MBS Beacon Configuration	N/A	TB1 (2 MHz)	For details see Annex H
MBS Packet Type	N/A	Type 2	For details see Annex H
Beacon PN Code	Integer	Chosen for each beacon from the PN code list for TB1	Each of the 4 beacons uses a different PN code. For details see Annex H ^{Note 1}
Response time	Seconds	12	Value of Time used in LPP RequestLocationInformation message in Table 11.4.4.3-3

Note 1: The slots and PN codes are chosen at random, such that the UE does not and cannot have advanced knowledge of what that slot/PN code might be.

Table 11.4.5-2: MBS Beacon Payload fields, code phase delay difference and transmit powers for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in Dynamic Range test

Beacon	MBS Tx ID (See Annex H)	Slot Index (See Annex H)	All Other fields (See Annex H)	Code phase delay difference between beacons (ms)	Transmit Power (dBm)
1	Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	Beacon 1 to beacon 3: 0 Note 2	-30 (high power)
2	Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	Beacon 2 to beacon 4: 0 Note 2	-128 (low power)
3	Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	Beacon 1 to beacon 3: 0 Note 2	-30 (high power)
4	Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	Beacon 2 to beacon 4: 0 Note 2	-128 (low power)

Note 1: bit_value is the conversion of the binary number represented by the corresponding bits in the payload to decimal. Note 2: The code phase delay difference between beacon 1 and 3 and beacon 2 and 4 shall be set to some non-zero value.

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements given in Table 11.4.5-3.

Table 11.4.5-3: Accuracy requirements for Dynamic Range scenario

Beacon Signal Strength	Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}
High Power (- 30dBm)	$[5.0035 \times 10^{-5}]$	[75.760 × 10 ⁻⁵]
Low Power (- 130dBm)	$[1.6678 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[2.4086 \times 10^{-4}]$
Note 1: Provided for re		

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.4 and C.4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

11.5 MBS Measurement Accuracy in Multipath

Editor"s note: This Test case is incomplete, the following item remains

- The code phase measurement accuracy requirements are in square brackets

11.5.1 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the MBS Code Phase measurement accuracy is within the specified limits in a multipath environment. This test will verify the requirements in clause 5.5 of TS 37.171 [39] for MBS measurements. The channel type for the test is EPA 5 Hz, as specified in clause 4.8.2.2.

11.5.2 Test applicability

This test applies to all types of E-UTRA UE release 13 and forward that supports UE-assisted MBS.

11.5.3 Minimum conformance requirements

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 11.5.3-1.

Table 11.5.3-1: Accuracy requirements for Multipath scenario

Direct Path Signal Strength (dBm)	Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}			
-30	$[1.6678 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[2.3586 \times 10^{-4}]$			
Note 1: Provided for reference only					
Note 2: To be used for testing	ng				

The accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements is derived from the requirement for the code phase measurement accuracy, assuming a scaling factor of $\sqrt{2}$ due to the compounding of two error distributions.

The normative reference for this requirement is TS 37.171 [39] clause 5.5 (Multipath) and clause A.4.3.

11.5.4 Test description

11.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex G.

- 1. Connect SS and MSS to the UE antenna connector or antenna connectors as shown in figures A.6 or A.7.
- 2. Switch on the UE.
- 3. Establish a signalling connection according to the generic procedure in TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.5.3 (State 3, Generic RB established) on a channel in the Mid EARFCN range.

11.5.4.2 Test procedure

- 1. Set the MSS test parameters as specified in clause 11.5.5.
- 2. The SS shall send a RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION message.
- 3. The SS shall send an LPP REQUEST CAPABILITIES message.

- 4. The UE shall transmit an LPP PROVID CAPABILITIES message indicating the TBS capabilities supported by the UE in the *TBS-ProvideCapabilities* IE.
- 5. The SS shall send a LPP REQUEST LOCATION INFORMATION message, including the *TBS-RequestLocationInformation*.
- 6. The UE shall perform and report the code phase measurement for each simulated beacon. If the UE transmits a *TBS-ProvideLocationInformation* IE including the *transmitterID* and *codePhase* field for the two simulated and the difference between *codePhase* field values for the two beacons meets the requirement in Table 11.5.5-3, then the number of successful tests is increased by one. Otherwise the number of failure tests is increased by one.
- 7. If the UE message at step 6 includes the *ackRequested* IE set to TRUE, the SS shall send a LPP acknowledgement message.
- 8. Repeat steps 1-7 until the confidence level according to Annex D is achieved. For each iteration, at step 1 reselect the PN code assigned to each MBS beacon.
- 9. Release the signalling connection.

11.5.4.3 Message contents

Table 11.5.4.3-1: RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION

Derivation Path: 36.509 [11] clause 6.9			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
UE Positioning Technology	0000010	MBS	

Table 11.5.4.3-2: LPP Request Capabilities

Information Element	Value/remark
ths-RequestCapabilities-r13	TRUF

Table 11.5.4.3-3: LPP RequestLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	locationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	FALSE		
sequenceNumber	Not present		
acknowledgement	Not present		
lpp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
requestLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsRequestLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
locationInformationType	locationMeasurementsRe quired		
triggeredReporting	Not present		
periodicalReporting	Not present		
additionalInformation	onlyReturnInformationRe		
	quested		
gos SEQUENCE {			
horizontalAccuracy	Not present		
verticalCoordinateRequest	FALSE		
verticalAccuracy	Not present		
responseTime SEQUENCE {	•		
Time	12		
responseTimeEarlyFix-r12	Not present		
}			
velocityRequest	FALSE		
}			
Environment	Not present		
locationCoordinateTypes	Not present		
velocityTypes	Not present		
}			
a-gnss-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-RequestLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-RequestLocationInformation-r13 SEQUENCE {			
mbsSgnMeasListReq-r13	TRUE		
}			
wlan-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-RequestLocationInformation-r13	Not Present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

Table 11.5.4.3-4: LPP ProvideLocationInformation

Derivation Path: 36.355 clause 6.2			
Information Element	Value/remark	Comment	Condition
LPP-Message ::= SEQUENCE {			
transactionID SEQUENCE {			
Initiator	IocationServer		
transactionNumber	1		
}			
endTransaction	TRUE		
sequenceNumber	(0255)		
Acknowledgement	(/		
Ipp-MessageBody CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation SEQUENCE {			
criticalExtensions CHOICE {			
c1 CHOICE {			
provideLocationInformation-r9 SEQUENCE {			
commonIEsProvideLocationInformation	Not present.		
a-gnss-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
ecid-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
epdu-ProvideLocationInformation	Not present		
sensor-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
tbs-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
SEQUENCE {			
tbs-MeasurementInformation-r13			
SEQUENCE {			
measurementReferenceTime-r13			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) {			
transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13	Fresent		
COUEFHASERIVISEITOI-113			
mbs-SgnMeasList-r13			
SEQUENCE (SIZE(n)) { transmitterID-r13	Present		
codePhase-r13			
	Present		
codePhaseRMSError-r13			
}			
the Francis 12	May be present with		
tbs-Error-r13	May be present with		
	error reason "undefined"		
	Or "the re\\\ere\\ot=\ot=\ot=\ot=\ot=\ot=\ot=\ot=\ot=\ot		
	"thereWereNotEnoughM BSBeaconsReceived"		
1	DODEACONSKECEIVEG		
wlan-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
bt-ProvideLocationInformation-r13	Not present		
n-FrovideLocationIIIIofffiation-113	Not present		
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			
}			

11.5.5 Test requirement

The details of the beacon parameters are in Table 11.5.5-1 and Table 11.5.5-2.

Table 11.5.5-1: General test parameters for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in Multipath test

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment		
Number of beacons	Integer	2	Beacons transmitted in the any two beacon slots in the beacon transmission period, but static for the test. Other slots contain no simulated beacons. Note 1		
Centre Frequency	MHz	925.977			
RF Channel	N/A	EPA 5 Hz			
MBS Beacon	N/A	TB1 (2 MHz)	For details see Annex H		
Configuration					
MBS Packet Type	N/A	Type 2	For details see Annex H		
Beacon PN Code	Integer	Chosen for each beacon from the PN code list for TB1	Each of the 2 beacons uses a different PN code For details see Annex H ^{Note 1}		
Response time	Seconds	12	Value of Time used in LPP RequestLocationInformation message in Table 11.5.4.3-3		
Note 1: The slots and PN codes are chosen at random, such that the UE does not and cannot have advanced					

Note 1: The slots and PN codes are chosen at random, such that the UE does not and cannot have advanced knowledge of what that slot/PN code might be.

Table 11.5.5-2: MBS Beacon Payload fields, and code phase delay difference and transmit powers for the beacons to be simulated for measurement accuracy in Multipath test

MBS Tx ID (See Annex H)	Slot Index (See Annex H)	All Other fields (See Annex H)	Code phase delay difference between beacons (ms)	Transmit Power (dBm)		
Equal to Slot number	Equal to Slot number	min value (bit_value = 0) ^{Note 1}	0	-30		
Note 1: bit_value is the	Note 1: bit_value is the conversion of the binary number represented by the corresponding bits in the payload to decimal.					

The MBS code phase measurement accuracy shall fulfil the requirements in Table 11.5.5-3. Table 11.5.5-3: Accuracy requirements for Multipath scenario

Code phase measurement accuracy (ms) ^{Note 1}	Accuracy requirement for the difference of code phase measurements (ms) ^{Note 2}
$[1.6678 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[2.4086 \times 10^{-4}]$
Note 1: Provided for reference only	
Note 2: To be used for testing	

The test tolerances are defined in clauses C.1.4 and C.4.

The rate of successful tests during repeated tests shall be at least 90% with a confidence level of 95%.

Annex A (informative): Connection Diagrams

Definition of Terms

GNSS: In this clause the term GNSS also includes the case where the only satellite system used is GPS.

System Simulator or SS: A device or system, that is capable of generating simulated Node B and/or eNode B signalling and analysing UE signalling responses on one RF channel, in order to create the required test environment for the UE under test. It will also include the following capabilities:

- 1. Control of the UE Tx output power through TPC commands.
- 2. Measurement of signalling timing and delays.
- 3. Ability to simulate UTRAN and/or E-UTRAN signalling.

GNSS System Simulator or GSS: A device or system, that is capable of generating simulated GNSS satellite transmissions in order to create the required test environment for the UE under test. It will also include the following capabilities:

- 1. Control of the output power of individual satellites and the simulation of atmospheric delays and multi-path.
- 2. Generation of appropriate assistance data to be transmitted to the UE via the SS.
- 3. Ability to synchronize with UTRAN and/or E-UTRAN timing in the SS.

MBS System Simulator or MSS: A device or system, that is capable of generating simulated MBS transmissions in order to create the required test environment for the UE under test. It will also include the following capabilities:

- 1. Control of the output power of individual beacons and the simulation of delays and multi-path.
- 2. Generation of appropriate messaging to be transmitted to the UE via the SS.

Test System: A combination of devices brought together into a system for the purpose of making one or more measurements on a UE in accordance with the test case requirements. The following diagrams are all examples of Test Systems.

NOTE: The above terms are logical definitions to be used to describe the test methods used in the present document, in practice, real devices called "System Simulators" may also include additional measurement capabilities or may only support those features required for the test cases they are designed to perform.

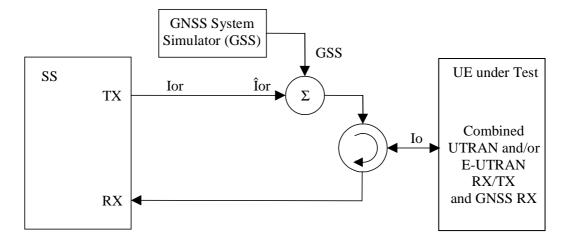


Figure A.1: Connection for A-GNSS Minimum Performance requirements tests for UE with combined UTRAN and/or E-UTRAN / GNSS antenna

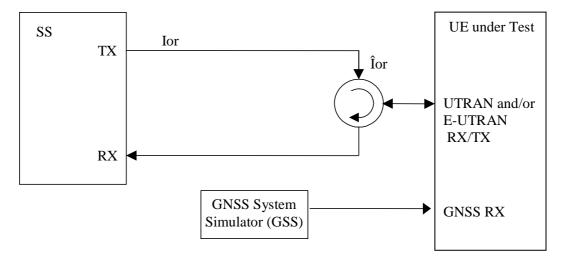


Figure A.2: Connection for A-GNSS Minimum Performance requirements tests for UE with separate UTRAN and/or E-UTRAN and GNSS antennas

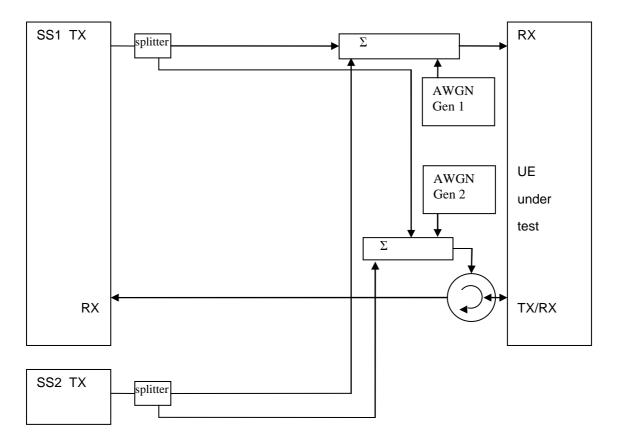


Figure A.3: Connection for 2 cells OTDOA tests with static propagation

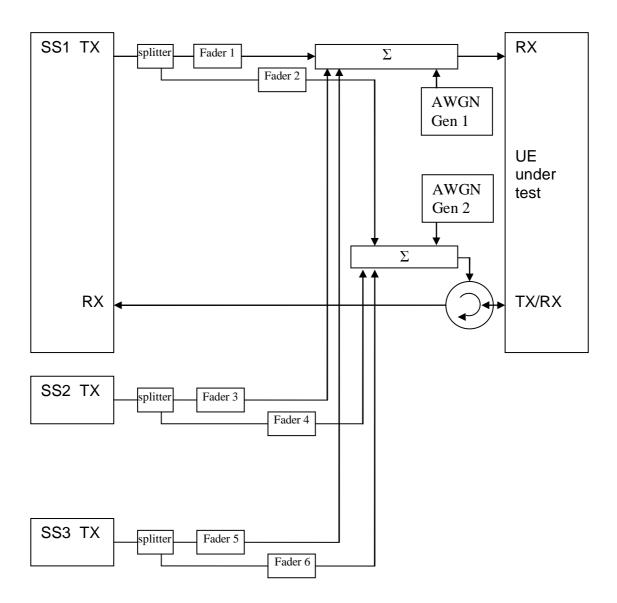


Figure A.4: Connection for 3 cells OTDOA tests with multipath fading propagation conditions

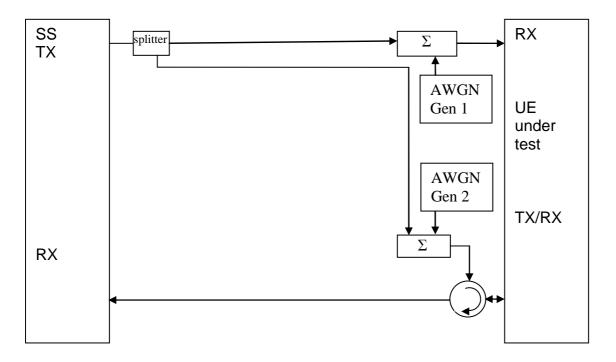


Figure A.5: Connection for 1 cell ECID tests with static propagation conditions

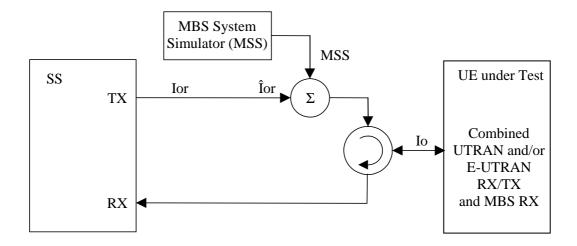


Figure A.6: Connection for MBS Minimum Performance requirements tests for UE with combined UTRAN and/or E-UTRAN / MBS antenna

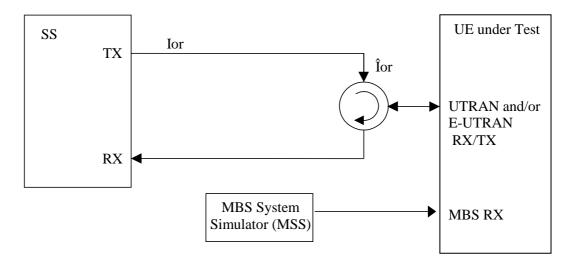


Figure A.7: Connection for MBS Minimum Performance requirements tests for UE with separate UTRAN and/or E-UTRAN and MBS antennas

Annex B (normative): Converting A-GNSS UE-assisted measurement reports into position estimates

B.1 Introduction

In this clause the terms GNSS and A-GNSS also include the cases where the only satellite system used is GPS unless otherwise stated.

To convert the A-GNSS UE measurement reports in case of UE-assisted mode of A-GNSS into position errors, a transformation between the "measurement domain" (code-phases, etc.) into the "state" domain (position estimate) is necessary. Such a transformation procedure is outlined in the following clauses. The details can be found in [8-10] and [12-17].

B.2 UTRAN UE measurement reports for A-GPS L1 C/A only

In case of UTRAN UE-assisted A-GPS L1 C/A only, the measurement parameters are contained in the RRC UE POSITIONING GPS MEASURED RESULTS IE (clause 10.3.7.93 in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]). The measurement parameters required for calculating the UE position are:

- 1) Reference Time: The UE has two choices for the Reference Time:
 - a) "UE GPS timing of cell frames";
 - b) "GPS TOW msec".
- 2) Measurement Parameters: 1 to <maxSat>:
 - a) "Satellite ID (SV PRN)";
 - b) "Whole GPS chips";
 - c) "Fractional GPS Chips";
 - d) "Pseudorange RMS Error".

Additional information required at the system simulator:

- 1) "UE positioning GPS reference UE position" (clause 10.3.8.4c in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Used for initial approximate receiver coordinates.
- 2) "UE positioning GPS navigation model" (clause 10.3.7.94 in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Contains the GPS ephemeris and clock correction parameters as specified in [8]; used for calculating the satellite positions and clock corrections.
- 3) "UE positioning GPS ionospheric model" (clause 10.3.7.92 in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Contains the ionospheric parameters which allow the single frequency user to utilize the ionospheric model as specified in [8] for computation of the ionospheric delay.

B.3 UTRAN UE measurement reports for A-GNSS

In case of UTRAN UE-assisted A-GNSS, the measurement parameters are contained in the RRC UE POSITIONING GANSS MEASURED RESULTS IE (clause 10.3.7.93a in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]). In case the UE provides also measurements on the GPS L1 C/A signal, the measurement parameters are contained in the RRC UE POSITIONING GPS MEASURED RESULTS IE (clause 10.3.7.93 in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]). The measurement parameters required for calculating the UE position are:

1) Reference Time: The UE has two choices for the Reference Time:

- a) "UE GANSS Timing of Cell Frames" and/or "UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames";
- b) "GANSS TOD msec" and/or "GPS TOW msec" if GPS L1 C/A signal measurements are also provided.

NOTE: It is not expected that an UE will ever report both a GANSS TOD and a GPS TOW. However if two time stamps are provided and they derive from different user times, be aware that no compensation is made for this difference and this could affect the location accuracy.

- 2) Measurement Parameters for each GANSS and GANSS Signal: 1 to <maxGANSSSat>:
 - a) "Satellite ID"; mapping according to table 10.3.7.88b in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30];
 - b) "GANSS Code Phase";
 - c) "GANSS Integer Code Phase";
 - d) "GANSS Integer Code Phase Extension";
 - e) "Code Phase RMS Error";
- 3) Additional Measurement Parameters in case of GPS L1 C/A signal measurements are also provided: 1 to <maxSat>:
 - a) "Satellite ID (SV PRN)";
 - b) "Whole GPS chips";
 - c) "Fractional GPS Chips";
 - d) "Pseudorange RMS Error".

Additional information required at the system simulator:

1) "UE Positioning GANSS Reference UE Position" or "UE Positioning GPS Reference UE Position" (clause 10.3.8.4c in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]):

Used for initial approximate receiver coordinates.

2) "UE Positioning GANSS Navigation Model" and "UE Positioning GANSS Additional Navigation Models" (clauses 10.3.7.94a and 10.3.7.94b in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]):

Contains the ephemeris and clock correction parameters as specified in the relevant ICD of each supported GANSS; used for calculating the satellite positions and clock corrections.

- 3) "UE Positioning GANSS Ionospheric Model" (clause 10.3.7.92a in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Contains the ionospheric parameters which allow the single frequency user to utilize the ionospheric model as specified in [15] for computation of the ionospheric delay.
- 4) "UE Positioning GANSS Additional Ionospheric Model" (clause 10.3.7.92b in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Contains the ionospheric parameters which allow the single frequency user to utilize the ionospheric model as specified in the relevant ICD of each supported GANSS [14], [37] for computation of the ionospheric delay.
- 5) "UE Positioning GANSS Time Model" (clause 10.3.7.97a in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Contains the GNSS-GNSS Time Offset for each supported GANSS. Note, that "UE Positioning GANSS Time Model" IE contains only the sub-ms part of the offset. Any potential integer seconds offset may be obtained from "UE Positioning GPS UTC Model" (clause 10.3.7.97 in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]), "UE Positioning GANSS UTC Model" (clause 10.3.7.97c in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]), or "UE Positioning GANSS Additional UTC Models" (clause 10.3.7.97d in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]).
- 6) "UE Positioning GPS Navigation Model" (clause 10.3.7.94 in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Contains the GPS ephemeris and clock correction parameters as specified in [8]; used for calculating the GPS satellite positions and clock corrections in case of GPS L1 C/A signal measurements are the only GPS measurements provided in addition to GANSS measurements.
- 7) "UE Positioning GPS Ionospheric Model" (clause 10.3.7.92 in 3GPP TS 25.331 [30]): Contains the ionospheric parameters which allow the single frequency user to utilize the ionospheric model as specified in [8] for computation of the ionospheric delay.

B.4 E-UTRAN UE measurement reports

In case of E-UTRAN UE-assisted A-GNSS, the measurement parameters are contained in the LPP GNSS-SignalMeasurementInformation IE (clause 6.5.2.6 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]). The measurement parameters required for calculating the UE position are:

- 1) Reference Time: The UE has two choices for the Reference Time:
 - a) "networkTime";
 - b) "gnss-TOD-msec".
- 2) Measurement Parameters for each GNSS and GNSS signal: 1 to 64:
 - a) "svID";
 - b) "codePhase":
 - c) "integerCodePhase";
 - d) "codePhaseRMSError".

Additional information required at the system simulator:

- 1) "GNSS-ReferenceLocation" (clause 6.5.2.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]): Used for initial approximate receiver coordinates.
- 2) "GNSS-NavigationModel" (clause 6.5.2.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]): Contains the GNSS ephemeris and clock correction parameters as specified in the relevant ICD of each supported GNSS; used for calculating the satellite positions and clock corrections.
- 3) "GNSS-IonosphericModel" (clause 6.5.2.2 in 3GPP TS 36.355 [4]): Contains the ionospheric parameters which allow the single frequency user to utilize the ionospheric model as specified in the relevant ICD of each supported GNSS [8], [14], [15] and [37] for computation of the ionospheric delay.

B.5 WLS position solution

The WLS position solution problem is concerned with the task of solving for four unknowns; x_u , y_u , z_u the receiver coordinates in a suitable frame of reference (usually ECEF) and b_u the receiver clock bias. It typically requires the following steps:

Step 1: Formation of pseudo-ranges

The observation of code phase reported by the UE for each satellite SV_i is related to the pseudo-range/c modulo the "GNSS Code Phase Ambiguity" (UTRAN), or "gnss-CodePhaseAmbiguity" (E-UTRAN), or modulo 1 ms (the length of the C/A code period) in case of GPS L1 C/A signal measurements. For the formation of pseudo-ranges, the integer number of milliseconds to be added to each code-phase measurement has to be determined first. Since 1 ms corresponds to a travelled distance of 300 km, the number of integer ms can be found with the help of reference location and satellite ephemeris. The distance between the reference location and each satellite SV_i is calculated and the integer number of milliseconds to be added to the UE code phase measurements is obtained.

Step 2: Correction of pseudo-ranges for the GNSS-GNSS time offsets

In the case that the UE reports measurements for more than a single GNSS, the pseudo-ranges are corrected for the time offsets between the GNSSs relative to the selected reference time using the GNSS-GNSS time offsets available at the system simulator:

$$\rho_{GNSS_m,i} \equiv \rho_{GNSS_m,i} - c \cdot (t_{GNSS_k} - t_{GNSS_m}),$$

where $\rho_{GNSS_m,i}$ is the measured pseudo-range of satellite i of GNSS_m. The system time t_{GNSS_k} of GNSS_k is the reference time frame, and $(t_{GNSS_k} - t_{GNSS_m})$ is the available GNSS-GNSS time offset, and c is the speed of light.

Step 3: Formation of weighting matrix

The UE reported "codePhaseRMSError" (E-UTRAN) or "Code Phase RMS Error" and/or "Pseudorange RMS Error" (UTRAN) values are used to calculate the weighting matrix for the WLS algorithm [9]. According to 3GPP TS 25.331 [30] and 3GPP TS 36.355 [4], the encoding for this field is a 6 bit value that consists of a 3 bit mantissa, X_i and a 3 bit exponent, Y_i for each SV_i :

$$w_i = RMSError = 0.5 \times \left(1 + \frac{X_i}{8}\right) \times 2^{Y_i}$$

The weighting Matrix **W** is defined as a diagonal matrix containing the estimated variances calculated from the "codePhaseRMSError" (E-UTRAN) or "Code Phase RMS Error" and/or "Pseudorange RMS Error" (UTRAN) values:

$$\mathbf{W} = \operatorname{diag} \left\{ / w_{GNSS_{1},1}^{2}, 1 / w_{GNSS_{1},2}^{2}, \dots, 1 / w_{GNSS_{1},n}^{2}, \dots, 1 / w_{GNSS_{m},1}^{2}, 1 / w_{GNSS_{m},2}^{2}, \dots, 1 / w_{GNSS_{m},1}^{2} \right\}$$

Step 4: WLS position solution

The WLS position solution is described in reference [9] and usually requires the following steps:

- 1) Computation of satellite locations at time of transmission using the ephemeris parameters and user algorithms defined in the relevant ICD of the particular GNSS. The satellite locations are transformed into WGS-84 reference frame, if needed.
- 2) Computation of clock correction parameters using the parameters and algorithms as defined in the relevant ICD of the particular GNSS.
- 3) Computation of atmospheric delay corrections using the parameters and algorithms defined in the relevant ICD of the particular GNSS for the ionospheric delay, and using the Gupta model in reference [10] p.121 equation (2) for the tropospheric delay. For GNSSs which do not natively provide ionospheric correction models (e.g., GLONASS), the ionospheric delay is determined using the available ionospheric model adapted to the particular GNSS frequency.
- 4) The WLS position solution starts with an initial estimate of the user state (position and clock offset). The Reference Location is used as initial position estimate. The following steps are required:
 - a) Calculate geometric range (corrected for Earth rotation) between initial location estimate and each satellite included in the UE measurement report.
 - b) Predict pseudo-ranges for each measurement including clock and atmospheric biases as calculated in 1) to 3) above and defined in the relevant ICD of the particular GNSS and [9].
 - c) Calculate difference between predicted and measured pseudo-ranges $\Delta \rho$
 - d) Calculate the "Geometry Matrix" **G** as defined in [9]:

$$\mathbf{G} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} -\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_1,1}^T & 1 \\ -\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_1,2}^T & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ -\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_1,n}^T & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ -\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_m,1}^T & 1 \\ -\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_m,2}^T & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ -\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_m,2}^T & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ -\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_m,l}^T & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ with } \hat{\mathbf{1}}_{GNSS_m,i} \equiv \frac{\mathbf{r}_{s_{GNSS_m,i}} - \hat{\mathbf{r}}_u}{\left|\mathbf{r}_{s_{GNSS_m,i}} - \hat{\mathbf{r}}_u\right|} \text{ where } \mathbf{r}_{s_{GNSS_m,i}} \text{ is the satellite position vector for } \mathbf{SV}_i \text{ of } \mathbf{GNSS}_m$$

(calculated in 1) above), and $\hat{\mathbf{r}}_u$ is the estimate of the user location.

e) Calculate the WLS solution according to [9]:

$$\Delta \hat{\mathbf{x}} = \left(\mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{W} \mathbf{G} \right)^{-1} \mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{W} \Delta \boldsymbol{\rho}$$

f) Adding the $\Delta \hat{\mathbf{x}}$ to the initial state estimate gives an improved estimate of the state vector:

$$\hat{\mathbf{x}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \Delta \hat{\mathbf{x}}$$
.

5) This new state vector $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ can be used as new initial estimate and the procedure is repeated until the change in $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ is sufficiently small.

Step 5: Transformation from Cartesian coordinate system to Geodetic coordinate system

The state vector $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ calculated in Step 4 contains the UE position in ECEF Cartesian coordinates together with the UE receiver clock bias relative to the selected GNSS system time. Only the user position is of further interest. It is usually desirable to convert from ECEF coordinates x_u , y_u , z_u to geodetic latitude ϕ , longitude λ and altitude h on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid.

Step 6: Calculation of "2-D Position Errors"

The latitude φ / longitude λ obtained after Step 5 is used to calculate the 2-D position error.

Annex C (normative): General test conditions and declarations

The requirements of this clause apply to all applicable tests in the present document.

In all the relevant clauses in this clause all 2D position error measurements shall be carried out according to the general rules for statistical testing in Annex D.

In this clause the terms GNSS and A-GNSS also include the cases where the only satellite system used is GPS unless otherwise stated.

For operating bands 22, 42 and 43, the Test Tolerances may not be valid since some Test System uncertainties are changed for frequencies above 3000 MHz. The Test Tolerances for those specific bands are therefore For Further Study [FFS].

C.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System

The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System is specified below for each test, where appropriate. The Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified range, and the equipment under test to be measured with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values. All ranges and uncertainties are absolute values, and are valid for a confidence level of 95 %, unless otherwise stated.

A confidence level of 95 % is the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95 % of the performance of a population of test equipment.

It should be noted that the uncertainties in clause C.1 apply to the Test System operating into a nominal 50 ohm load and do not include system effects due to mismatch between the DUT and the Test System.

C.1.1 Measurement of test environments

The measurement accuracy of the UE environmental test conditions, defined in Annex G or TS 36.508 [18] clause 4.1, shall be:

Pressure	±5 kPa
Temperature	±2 degrees
Relative Humidity	±5 %
DC Voltage	±1.0 %
AC Voltage	±1.5 %
Vibration	10 %
Vibration frequency	0.1 Hz

The above values shall apply unless the test environment is otherwise controlled and the specification for the control of the test environment specifies the uncertainty for the parameter.

C.1.2 A-GNSS Minimum Performance requirements

Table C.1.1: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for A-GNSS Minimum Performance tests

Clause	Maximum Test System Ur	certainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
5.2.1, 6.2.1, 7.1.1	Coarse Time Assistance	±200 ms	
Sensitivity Coarse	Absolute GNSS signal	±1 dB	
Time Assistance	level		
	Position error	±0.05 m	Position error consists of ±0.05 m system
			uncertainty. The effect of position reporting
			resolution of approximately ±1.2 m (see note) is not
			included in the allowable test system uncertainty but is included in the Test Parameter Relaxations
			since this resolution limitation limits the reporting
			capability of the UE. For simplicity the combined
			Test Parameter Relaxation is given as ±1.3 m
	Response time	± 300 ms	Took value in to an and in the given at a minimum in given at a mi
5.2.2, 6.2.2, 7.1.2	Coarse Time Assistance	±200 ms	
Sensitivity Fine Time	Fine Time Assistance	±1 us	
Assistance	Absolute GNSS signal	±1 dB	
	level		
	Position error	±0.05 m	Position error as above
	Response time	± 300 ms	
5.3, 6.3, 7.2 Nominal	Coarse Time Assistance	±200 ms	
Accuracy	Absolute GNSS signal level	±1 dB	
	Position error	±0.05 m	Position error as above
	Response time	± 300 ms	
5.4, 6.4, 7.3 Dynamic	Coarse Time Assistance	±200 ms	
Range	Absolute GNSS signal level	±1 dB	
	Relative GNSS signal level	±0.2 dB	
	Position error	±0.05 m	Position error as above
	Response time	± 300 ms	
5.5, 6.5, 7.4 Multi-path	Coarse Time Assistance	±200 ms	
scenario	Absolute GNSS signal level	±1 dB	
	Relative GNSS signal level	±0.2 dB	
	Position error	±0.05 m	Position error as above
	Response time	± 300 ms	
5.6, 6.6, 7.5 Moving scenario and periodic	Absolute GNSS signal level	±1 dB	
update	Position error	±0.05 m	Position error as above
	Differential response time	± 100 ms	

NOTE: For UE based mode the effect of position reporting resolution is given by:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{90\times2\times\pi\times R}{2E23\times360}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{360\times2\times\pi\times R\times\cos\phi}{2E24\times360}\right)^2}$$
 meters, where R is the radius of the earth and φ is the

latitude of the location. For the GNSS scenarios defined in TS 37.571-5 [20] this equates to approximately Editor"s note: this needs checking once the GNSS scenarios are agreed [TBD] m. For simplicity this is given as ± 1.2 m.

For UE assisted mode it is assumed that the output from the WLS position solution calculation in Annex B is coded using the same position coding method as for UE based mode before being used to calculate position error. Therefore the effect of reporting resolution will be the same as for UE based mode.

C.1.3 ECID and OTDOA Measurement requirements

Table C.1.3-1: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for ECID and OTDOA Measurement Requirements

Clause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System
0.4.4.5.1170.431.500.115.0	N. 40 IB	Uncertainty
8.1.1 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-11)	N _{oc} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Es / N _{oc} ±0.3 dB	Note: Ês / N _{oc} is the ratio of cell 1 signal / AWGN
,	±3Ts Uplink signal transmit timing relative to downlink	
	relative to downlink	T _S = 1/(15000 x 2048) seconds, the
		basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26]
8.1.1A E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx	Same as 8.1.1	Same as 8.1.1
time difference case (Rel-12 onwards)		
8.1.2 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx	Same as 8.1.1	Same as 8.1.1
time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-	ounc as o. i. i	ounc as c.r.r
11) 8.1.2A E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx	Same as 8.1.1	Same as 8.1.1
time difference case (Rel-12 onwards)	came ac c	
8.1.3 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx	Noc ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	Note:
time difference under Time Domain	Ês ₁ / N _{oc} ±0.3 dB averaged over	Ês ₁ / N _{oc} is the ratio of cell 1 signal /
Measurement Resource Restriction	BW _{Config}	AWGN
with Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)	Ës ₂ / N _{oc} ±0.3 dB dB averaged over BW _{Config}	Ës₂ / N₀c is the ratio of cell 2 signal / AWGN
	OT Haliah simushtana amit timin a	T _S = 1/(15000 x 2048) seconds, the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211
	±3T _S Uplink signal transmit timing relative to downlink	[26]
8.1.4 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx	Same as 8.1.3	Same as 8.1.3
time difference under Time Domain		
Measurement Resource Restriction		
with Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC) 8.1.5 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx	N _{oc} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	Note:
time difference under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction	Ês ₁ / N _{oc} ±0.3 dB averaged over BWConfig	Ês ₁ / N _{oc} is the ratio of cell 1 signal /
with CRS Assistance Information and Non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)	Ês ₂ / N _{oc} ±0.3 dB dB averaged over BW _{Config}	Ês ₂ / N _{oc} is the ratio of cell 1 signal /
and Non-Mosell Ads (leicic)	Ês ₃ / N _{oc} ±0.3 dB dB averaged over	Ês ₃ / N _{oc} is the ratio of cell 1 signal /
	Corning	
		$T_S = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$ seconds, the basic timing unit defined in TS 36.211 [26]
	±3Ts Uplink signal transmit timing relative to downlink	
8.1.6 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx	Same as 8.1.5	Same as 8.1.5
time difference under Time Domain		
Measurement Resource Restriction		
with CRS Assistance Information		
and Non-MBSFN ABS (felClC)		

9.1.1 FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay	N_{oc} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS \hat{E}_{S_1} / N_{oc} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} \hat{E}_{S_1} / N_{oc} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS \hat{E}_{S_2} / N_{oc} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} \hat{E}_{S_2} / N_{oc} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Response Time = ± 300 ms	Note: PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc} and Ês ₁ / N _{oc} are the ratios of cell 1 signal / AWGN PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc} and Ês ₂ / N _{oc} are the ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN PRS Ês ₃ / N _{oc} and Ês ₃ / N _{oc} are the ratios of cell 3 signal / AWGN PRS Ês / N _{oc} and Ês / N _{oc} uncertainty for fading condition comprises two quantities: 1. Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty 2. Fading profile power uncertainty
		uncorrelated so can be root sum squared: PRS Ês / Noc and Ês / Noc uncertainty = SQRT (Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty ² + Fading profile power uncertainty ²) Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty ±0.3 dB Fading profile power uncertainty ±0.5 dB
9.1.2 TDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 9.1.1	
Reporting Delay 9.1.3 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy	N_{oc} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW_{Config} PRS $\hat{E}s_1$ / N_{oc} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{E}s_1$ / N_{oc} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW_{Config} PRS $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW_{Config} Cell Timing Difference = ± 1 Ts	Note: PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc} and Ês ₁ / N _{oc} are the ratios of cell 1 signal / AWGN PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc} and Ês ₂ / N _{oc} are the ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN
9.1.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy	Same as 9.1.3	
9.2.1 FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay	N_{oc1} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} N_{oc2} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_1}$ / N_{oc1} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_1}$ / N_{oc1} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Response Time = ± 300 ms	frequency 1 PRS \hat{E}_{S_2} / N_{oc2} and \hat{E}_{S_2} / N_{oc2} are the ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN for frequency 2 PRS \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc2} and \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc2} are the ratios of cell 3 signal / AWGN for frequency 2 PRS \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc} and \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc} uncertainty for fading condition comprises two quantities: 1. Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty 2. Fading profile power uncertainty ltems 1 and 2 are assumed to be uncorrelated so can be root sum squared: PRS \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc} and \hat{E}_{S_3} / N_{oc} uncertainty =
9.2.2 TDD-TDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay	Same as 9.2.1	SQRT (Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty ² + Fading profile power uncertainty ²) Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty ±0.3 dB Fading profile power uncertainty ±0.5 dB

		·
9.2.4 FDD-FDD inter frequency RSTD Accuracy	Noc1 ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Noc2 ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Cell Timing Difference = ± 2 Ts	Note: PRS $\hat{E}s_1 / N_{oc1}$ and $\hat{E}s_1 / N_{oc1}$ are the ratios of cell 1 signal / AWGN for frequency 1 PRS $\hat{E}s_2 / N_{oc2}$ and $\hat{E}s_2 / N_{oc2}$ are the ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN for frequency 2
9.2.5 TDD-TDD inter frequency RSTD Accuracy	Same as 9.2.4	
10.1 FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation	N_{oc1} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} N_{oc2} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{E}s_1$ / N_{oc1} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{E}s_1$ / N_{oc1} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{E}s_3$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{E}s_3$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{E}s_3$ / N_{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Response Time = ± 300 ms	Note: PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_1} / N_{oc1}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_1} / N_{oc1}$ are the ratios of cell 1 signal / AWGN for frequency 1 PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2} / N_{oc2}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2} / N_{oc2}$ are the ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN for frequency 2 PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc2}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc2}$ are the ratios of cell 3 signal / AWGN for frequency 2 PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ are the ratios of cell 3 signal / AWGN for frequency 2 PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty for fading condition comprises two quantities: 1. Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty 2. Fading profile power uncertainty ltems 1 and 2 are assumed to be uncorrelated so can be root sum squared: PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty = SQRT (Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty = SQRT (Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3} / N_{oc}$ uncertainty $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_$
10.1A FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
10.1B FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz +5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
10.1C FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
10.2 TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
10.2A TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
10.2B TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz +5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
10.2C TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1

10.2D TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
Aggregation for 20 MHz +10 MHz Bandwidth		
10.3 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation	$N_{\text{oc1}} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $PRS \hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_1} / N_{\text{oc1}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_1} / N_{\text{oc1}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $PRS \hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_2} / N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_2} / N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $PRS \hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3} / N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $PRS \hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3} / N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3} / N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3} / N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3} / N_{\text{oc2}} \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ averaged over BW_{Config}	Note: PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_1}$ / N_{oc1} and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_1}$ / N_{oc1} are the ratios of cell 1 signal / AWGN for frequency 1 PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2}$ / N_{oc2} and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2}$ / N_{oc2} are the ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN for frequency 2 PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3}$ / N_{oc2} and $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3}$ / N_{oc2} are the ratios of cell 3 signal / AWGN for frequency 2
10.3A FDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3	
Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11)	Samo do Toto	
10.3A_1 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards)	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10.3B FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10.3C FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation	Same as 10.3	
10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11)	Same as 10.3	
10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards)	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3

IN E EDD 3 DL CA DOTO		In .
10.5 FDD 3 DL CA RSTD	N _{oc1} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	Note:
Measurement Reporting Delay	N _{oc2} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	PRS \hat{E}_{s_1} / N_{oc1} and \hat{E}_{s_1} / N_{oc1} are the
	N _{oc3} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	ratios of cell 1 signal / AWGN for
	PRS Es ₁ / N _{oc1} ±0.6 dB averaged over	frequency 1
	BW _{Config} Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} ±0.6 dB averaged over	PRS Es ₂ / N _{oc2} and Es ₂ / N _{oc2} are the ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN for
	BW _{Config}	frequency 2
	PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over	
	BW _{Config}	ratios of cell 3 signal / AWGN for
	Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} ±0.6 dB averaged over	frequency 3
	BW _{Config}	PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the
	PRS Ês ₃ / N _{oc3} ±0.6 dB averaged over	ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	BW _{Config}	frequency 3
	Ês ₃ / N _{oc3} ±0.6 dB averaged over	
	BW _{Config}	PRS Ês / N _{oc} and Ês / N _{oc} uncertainty
	PRS Es ₄ / N _{oc3} ±0.6 dB averaged over	for fading condition comprises two
	BW _{Config}	quantities:
	Ës ₄ / N _{oc3} ±0.6 dB averaged over	Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty Fading profile power uncertainty
	BW _{Config} Response Time = ± 300 ms	Fading profile power uncertainty
	100ponse 1ine = ± 000 ms	Items 1 and 2 are assumed to be
		uncorrelated so can be root sum
		squared:
		PRS Ês / Noc and Ês / Noc uncertainty =
		SQRT (Signal-to-noise ratio
		uncertainty ² + Fading profile power
		uncertainty ²)
		Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty ±0.3 dB
		Fading profile power uncertainty ±0.5
10.6 TDD 3 DL CA RSTD	Same as 10.5	dB Same as 10.5
Measurement Reporting Delay	Camo as ro.o	Came as 10.0
10.7 FDD RSTD Measurement	N _{oc1} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	Note:
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier	N _{oc2} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} and Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} are the
Aggregation	N _{oc3} ±1.0 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	ratios of cell 1 signal / AWGN for
	PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} ±0.3 dB averaged over	frequency 1
	BW _{Config}	PRS $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc2} and $\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc2} are the
	Ës₁ / N _{oc1} ±0.3 dB averaged over	ratios of cell 2 signal / AWGN for
	BW _{Config}	frequency 2
1	PRS Es ₂ / N _{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over	PRS Ês ₃ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₃ / N _{oc3} are the
		ration of call 2 signal / ANA/CNI for
	BW _{Config} Fs ₂ / N _{2,2} +0.3 dB averaged over	ratios of cell 3 signal / AWGN for
	Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over	frequency 3
	Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the
	$\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{E}s_3$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\hat{E}s_2$ / N_{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{E}s_3$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the
	$\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_2}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{s_3}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config}	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Intra-freq) = \pm \\ \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Intra-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Intra-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timin$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
10.8 TDD RSTD Measurement	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 / N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{PRS } \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{PRS } \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{Cell Timing Difference (Intra-freq)} = \pm 1 \; \text{Ts} \\ \text{Cell Timing Difference (Inter-freq)} = \pm 2 \; \text{Ts} \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for
10.8 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 \ / \ N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ PRS \ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 \ / \ N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \ dB \ averaged \ over \\ BW_{Config} \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Intra-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = \pm 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timing \ Difference \ (Inter-freq) = 1 \ Ts \\ Cell \ Timin$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3
10.8 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 / N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{PRS } \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{PRS } \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{Cell Timing Difference (Intra-freq)} = \pm 1 \; \text{Ts} \\ \text{Cell Timing Difference (Inter-freq)} = \pm 2 \; \text{Ts} \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation	$\begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_2 / N_{oc2} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{PRS } \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_3 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{PRS } \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \hat{\mathbb{E}}s_4 / N_{oc3} \pm 0.3 \; \text{dB averaged over} \\ \text{BW}_{\text{Config}} \\ \text{Cell Timing Difference (Intra-freq)} = \pm 1 \; \text{Ts} \\ \text{Cell Timing Difference (Inter-freq)} = \pm 2 \; \text{Ts} \end{array}$	frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test Syster apply.		frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test Syster apply. Any additional constraints are define		frequency 3 PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} and Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3 Same as 10.7
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test Syster apply.		frequency 3 PRS Ês₄ / N₀c₃ and Ês₄ / N₀c₃ are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3 Same as 10.7 ≥ 1.08 MHz, 2.7 MHz, 4.5 MHz, 9 MHz,
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test Syster apply. Any additional constraints are define		frequency 3 PRS Ês₄ / N₀c₃ and Ês₄ / N₀c₃ are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3 Same as 10.7 ≥ 1.08 MHz, 2.7 MHz, 4.5 MHz, 9 MHz, 13.5 MHz, 18 MHz;
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test Syster apply. Any additional constraints are define AWGN Bandwidth		frequency 3 PRS Ês₄ / N₀c₃ and Ês₄ / N₀c₃ are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3 Same as 10.7 ≥ 1.08 MHz, 2.7 MHz, 4.5 MHz, 9 MHz, 13.5 MHz, 18 MHz; N _{RB} x 180kHz according to BW _{Config}
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test Syster apply. Any additional constraints are define AWGN Bandwidth AWGN absolute power uncertainty	$\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_2}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_4}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_4}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_4}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Cell Timing Difference (Intra-freq) = ± 1 Ts Cell Timing Difference (Inter-freq) = ± 2 Ts Same as 10.7	frequency 3 PRS Ês₄ / N₀c₃ and Ês₄ / N₀c₃ are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3 Same as 10.7 ≥ 1.08 MHz, 2.7 MHz, 4.5 MHz, 9 MHz, 13.5 MHz, 18 MHz; NRB x 180kHz according to BWConfig Test-specific
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test Syster apply. Any additional constraints are define AWGN Bandwidth AWGN absolute power uncertainty AWGN flatness and signal flatness,		frequency 3 PRS Ês₄ / N₀c₃ and Ês₄ / N₀c₃ are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3 Same as 10.7 ≥ 1.08 MHz, 2.7 MHz, 4.5 MHz, 9 MHz, 13.5 MHz, 18 MHz; N _{RB} x 180kHz according to BW _{Config}
Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation In addition, the following Test System apply. Any additional constraints are define AWGN Bandwidth AWGN absolute power uncertainty	$\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_2}$ / N_{oc2} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_3}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} PRS $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_4}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_4}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} $\hat{\mathbb{E}}_{S_4}$ / N_{oc3} ±0.3 dB averaged over BW _{Config} Cell Timing Difference (Intra-freq) = ± 1 Ts Cell Timing Difference (Inter-freq) = ± 2 Ts Same as 10.7	frequency 3 PRS Ês₄ / N₀c₃ and Ês₄ / N₀c₃ are the ratios of cell 4 signal / AWGN for frequency 3 Same as 10.7 ≥ 1.08 MHz, 2.7 MHz, 4.5 MHz, 9 MHz, 13.5 MHz, 18 MHz; NRB x 180kHz according to BWConfig Test-specific

Signal-to noise ratio uncertainty	Test-specific
Fading profile power uncertainty	±0.5 dB
Fading profile delay uncertainty, relative to frame timing	±5 ns (excludes absolute errors related to baseband timing)

C.1.4 MBS Minimum Performance requirements

Table C.1.4-1: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for MBS Minimum Performance tests

Clause	Maximum Test System U	Incertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
11.1 MBS	Beacon power level	±2 dB	
Measurement	Response time	±300 ms	
Reporting Delay			
11.2 MBS Sensitivity	Beacon power level	±2 dB	
Measurement	Code phase delay	±5 ns	Code phase delay difference error value of +/-
Accuracy	difference		5ns, being derived from 10% of the most stringent
			code phase delay measurement accuracy
			requirement
11.3 MBS Nominal	Beacon power level	±2 dB	
Measurement	Code phase delay	±5 ns	Code phase delay error as above
Accuracy			·
11.4 MBS Dynamic	Beacon power level	±2 dB	
Range Measurement	Code phase delay	±5 ns	Code phase delay error as above
Accuracy			·
11.5 MBS	Beacon power level	±2 dB	
Measurement	Code phase delay	±5 ns	Code phase delay error as above
Accuracy in Multipath			
Note: Code phase delay	is equal to the propagation	delay from th	ne (simulated) beacon transmitter to the UE receive

Note: Code phase delay is equal to the propagation delay from the (simulated) beacon transmitter to the UE receive antenna based on the propagation distance in the test case.

C.2 Test Parameter Relaxations (This clause is informative)

The Test Parameter Relaxations defined in this clause have been used to relax the Conformance requirement to derive the Test Requirements.

The Test Parameter Relaxations are derived from Test System uncertainties, regulatory requirements and criticality to system performance. As a result, the Test Parameter Relaxations may sometimes be set to zero.

The Test Parameter Relaxations should not be modified for any reason e.g. to take account of commonly known test system errors (such as mismatch, cable loss, etc.).

C.2.1 A-GNSS Minimum Performance requirements

Table C.2.1: Test Parameter Relaxations for A-GNSS Minimum Performance tests

Clause	Test Paran	neter Relaxation
5.2.1, 6.2.1, 7.1.1 Sensitivity	Coarse Time Assistance	200 ms
Coarse Time Assistance	Absolute GNSS signal level	1 dB
	Position error	1.3 m
	Response time	300 ms
5.2.2, 6.2.2, 7.1.2 Sensitivity Fine	Coarse Time Assistance	200 ms
Time Assistance	Fine Time Assistance	1 us
	Absolute GNSS signal level	1 dB
	Position error	1.3 m
	Response time	300 ms
5.3, 6.3, 7.2 Nominal Accuracy	Coarse Time Assistance	200 ms
	Absolute GNSS signal level	0 dB
	Position error	1.3 m
	Response time	300 ms
5.4, 6.4, 7.3 Dynamic Range	Coarse Time Assistance	200 ms
	Absolute GNSS signal level	1 dB
	Relative GNSS signal level	0.2 dB
	Position error	1.3 m
	Response time	300 ms
5.5, 6.5, 7.4 Multi-path scenario	Coarse Time Assistance	200 ms
	Absolute GNSS signal level	0 dB
	Relative GNSS signal level	0.2 dB
	Position error	1.3 m
	Response time	300 ms
5.6, 6.6, 7.5 Moving scenario and	Absolute GNSS signal level	0 dB
periodic update	Position error	1.3 m
	Differential Response Time	100 ms

C.2.2 ECID and OTDOA Measurement requirements

Table C.2.2: Test Parameter Relaxations for ECID and OTDOA Measurement requirements

Clause	Test Param	neter Relaxation
8.1.1 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx	1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	
time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-		
11)		
8.1.1A E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx		
time difference case (Rel-12		
onwards)		
8.1.2 E-ÚTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx		
time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-		
11)		
8.1.2A E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx		
time difference case (Rel-12		
onwards)		
8.1.3 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx	Parameters	Test Tolerance
time difference under Time Domain	N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz	0dB
Measurement Resource Restriction	Ës ₁ / N _{oc} : -3.00dB	+0.3dB
with Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)	Es ₂ / N _{oc} : +1.00dB	0dB
8.1.4 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx	Same as 8.1.3	Same as 8.1.3
time difference under Time Domain		
Measurement Resource Restriction		
with Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)	Danasatan	T4 T-land
8.1.5 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx–Tx	Parameters	Test Tolerance
time difference under Time Domain	N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz	0dB
Measurement Resource Restriction	Ês ₁ / N _{oc} : -3.00dB	+0.4dB 0dB
with CRS Assistance Information and Non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)	Es ₂ / N _{oc} : +3.00dB	0dB
8.1.6 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx–Tx	Ës ₃ / N _{oc} : +1.00dB Same as 8.1.5	Same as 8.1.5
time difference under Time Domain	Same as 6.1.5	Same as 6.1.5
Measurement Resource Restriction		
with CRS Assistance Information		
and Non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)		
9.1.1 FDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay		3555
9.1.2 TDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay	'	
9.1.3 FDD RSTD Measurement	For Test 2 and Test 4:	
Accuracy	PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc} averaged over	+0.3 dB
	BW _{Config}	
	PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc} averaged over	+0.3 dB
	BW _{Config}	
	For all tests:	_
	Cell Timing Difference	± 1 Ts
9.1.4 TDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 9.1.3	Same as 9.1.3
Accuracy	Dana and time	000
9.2.1 FDD-FDD inter-frequency	Response time	300 ms
RSTD measurement reporting delay	Doon and a time a	200
9.2.2 TDD-TDD inter-frequency	Response time	300 ms
RSTD measurement reporting delay 9.2.4 FDD-FDD inter frequency	DDS Éc. / N. overeged ever	+0.3 dB
RSTD Accuracy	PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} averaged over BW _{Config}	TU.3 UD
NOTE Accuracy	PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} averaged over	+0.3 dB
	BW _{Config}	10.0 45
	- · · Cornig	
	Cell Timing Difference	±2Ts
9.2.5 TDD-TDD inter frequency	Same as 9.1.3	Same as 9.1.3
RSTD Accuracy		
10.1 FDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay for Carrier		
Aggregation		
10.1A FDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay for Carrier		

		1
Aggregation for 20 MHz		
10.1B FDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay Carrier		
Aggregation for 5 MHz +5 MHz		
Bandwidth		
10.1C FDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
	Response time	300 1115
Reporting Delay for Carrier		
Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz		
Bandwidth		
10.2 TDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay for Carrier	•	
Aggregation		
10.2A TDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
	Response time	300 1115
Reporting Delay for Carrier		
Aggregation for 20 MHz		
10.2B TDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay Carrier		
Aggregation for 5 MHz +5 MHz		
Bandwidth		
10.2C TDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
	Response time	000 1113
Reporting Delay for Carrier		
Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz		
Bandwidth		
10.2D TDD RSTD Measurement	Response time	300 ms
Reporting Delay for Carrier		
Aggregation for 20 MHz +10 MHz		
Bandwidth		
10.3 FDD RSTD Measurement	PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} averaged over	+0.3 dB
		+0.3 db
Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation	BW _{Config}	0.0 ID
	PRS Ês ₃ / N _{oc2} averaged over	+0.3 dB
	BW _{Config}	
	Cell Timing Difference	± 1 Ts
10.3A FDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for	Came as role	Same as 16.5
20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11)		
10.3A_1 FDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for		
20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards)		
10.3B FDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for		
5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth		
10.3C FDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
	Same as 10.3	Sallie as 10.3
A COLUMN ON A PORT A COMPANIENT A COLUMN OF THE PARTY OF		1
Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for		
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth		
	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation		
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for		
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11)	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement		
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for	Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth 10.5 FDD 3 DL CA RSTD	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth 10.5 FDD 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Response time	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth 10.5 FDD 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay 10.6 TDD 3 DL CA RSTD	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3
10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation 10.4A TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11) 10.4A_1 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz (Rel-12 onwards) 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 5MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 10MHz+5MHz Bandwidth 10.4D TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20 MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth 10.5 FDD 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Response time	Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3 Same as 10.3

10.7 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier	PRS Ês ₃ / N _{oc3} averaged over BW _{Config}	+0.3 dB
Aggregation	PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} averaged over BW _{Config}	+0.3 dB
	Cell Timing Difference (Intraband)	± 1 Ts
	Cell Timing Difference (Interband)	±2 Ts
10.8 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation	Same as 10.7	Same as 10.7

C.2.3 MBS Minimum Performance requirements

Table C.2.3-1: Test Parameter Relaxations for MBS Minimum Performance tests

Clause	Test Parameter Relaxation			
11.1 MBS Measurement Reporting	Beacon power level	0 dB (no relaxation)		
Delay	Response time	300 ms		
11.2 MBS Sensitivity Measurement	Beacon power level	2 dB		
Accuracy	Code phase difference	5 ns		
11.3 MBS Nominal Measurement	Beacon power level	0 dB (no relaxation)		
Accuracy	Code phase difference	5 ns		
11.4 MBS Dynamic Range	Beacon power level	2 dB		
Measurement Accuracy	Code phase difference	5 ns		
11.5 MBS Measurement Accuracy	Beacon power level	0 dB (no relaxation)		
in Multipath	Code phase difference	5 ns		

C.3 Interpretation of measurement results

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in TR 102 273-1-2 [7], clause 6.5.

The actual measurement uncertainty of the Test System for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report.

The recorded value for the Test System uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the appropriate figure in clause C.1.

If the Test System for a test is known to have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in clause C.1, it is still permitted to use this apparatus provided that an adjustment is made value as follows.

Any additional uncertainty in the Test System over and above that specified in clause C.1 shall be used to tighten the Test Requirement - making the test harder to pass. (This may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure will ensure that a Test System not compliant with clause C.1 does not increase the chance of passing a device under test where that device would otherwise have failed the test if a Test System compliant with clause C.1 had been used.

C.4 Derivation of Test Requirements (This clause is informative)

The Test Requirements have been calculated by relaxing the Conformance requirement of the core specification using the Test Parameter Relaxations defined in clause C.2. When the Test Parameter Relaxation is zero, the Test Requirement will be the same as the Conformance requirement. When the Test Parameter Relaxation is non-zero, the Test Requirements will differ from the Conformance requirement, and the formula used for this relaxation is given in table C.4.1 and C.4.2 and C.4.3.

Table C.4.1: Derivation of Test Requirements for A-GNSS Minimum Performance tests

Test	Conformance requi 3GPP TS 25.171 or 3GPI 3GPP TS 36.	P TS 25.172 or	Test Parameter Relaxation (TPR)	Test Requirement
5.2.1, 6.2.1, 7.1.1 Sensitivity Coarse Time	Coarse Time Assistance	±2 s	200 ms	Formulas: UL-TPR, LL+TPR: ±1.8 s
Assistance	Absolute GPS L1 C/A signal level (test 5.2.1 and test 7.1.1 sub-test 1)	-142, -147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -141, -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (Galileo)	-142, -147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -141, -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GPS) (test 6.2.1 and test 7.1.1 sub-tests4, 5, 8 and 10)	-142, -147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -141, -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GLONASS)	-142, -147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -141, -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (BDS)	-136, -145 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -135, -144 dBm
	Position error	100 m	1.3 m	Error +TPR: 101.3 m
	Response time	20 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 20.3 s
5.2.2, 6.2.2, 7.1.2 Sensitivity Fine Time	Coarse Time Assistance	±2 s	200 ms	Formulas: UL-TPR, LL+TPR: ±1.8 s
Assistance	Fine Time Assistance	±10 us	1 us	UL-TPR, LL+TPR: ±9 us
	Absolute GPS L1 C/A signal level (test 5.2.2 and test 7.1.2 sub-test 1)	-147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (Galileo)	-147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GPS) (test 6.2.2 and test 7.1.2 sub-tests 4, 5, 8 and 10)	-147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GLONASS)	-147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -146 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (BDS)	-147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: -146 dBm
	Position error	100 m	1.3 m	Error +TPR: 101.3 m
	Response time	20 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 20.3 s
5.3, 6.3, 7.2 Nominal Accuracy	Coarse Time Assistance	±2 s	200 ms	Formulas: UL-TPR, LL+TPR: ±1.8 s
	Absolute GPS L1 C/A signal level (test 5.3 and test 7.2 sub-test 1)	-130 dBm	0 dB	Formulas: Level + TPR: -130 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (Galileo)	-127 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -127 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GPS) (test 6.3 and test 7.2 sub-tests 4, 5, 8 and 10)	-128.5 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -128.5 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GLONASS)	-131 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -131 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (QZSS)	-128.5 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -128.5 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (SBAS)	-131 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -131 dBm
	Absolute GNSS signal level (BDS)	-133 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -133 dBm
	Position error	30 m	1.3 m	Error +TPR: 31.3 m
	Response time	20 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 20.3 s
5.4, 6.4, 7.3 Dynamic Range	Coarse Time Assistance	±2 s	200 ms	Formulas: UL-TPR, LL+TPR: ±1.8 s
	Absolute GPS L1 C/A signal level (test 5.4 and test 7.3 sub-test 1)	-129 to -147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: each level +1 dBm

Test	Conformance requirement in 3GPP TS 25.171 or 3GPP TS 25.172 or 3GPP TS 36.171		Test Parameter Relaxation (TPR)	Test Requirement	
	Absolute GNSS signal	-127.5 to -147	1 dB	Level + TPR: each level +1	
	level (Galileo) Absolute GNSS signal level (GPS) (test 6.4 and test 7.3 sub-tests4, 5, 8 and 10)	dBm -129 to -147 dBm	1 dB	dBm Level + TPR: each level +1 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GLONASS)	-131.5 to -147 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: each level +1 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (BDS)	-133.5 to -145 dBm	1 dB	Level + TPR: each level +1 dBm	
	Relative GPS L1 C/A signal level (test 5.4 and test 7.3 sub-test 1)	18 dB	0.2 dB	Level - TPR: highest level -0.2 dB: -128.2 dBm	
	Relative GNSS signal level (Galileo)	19.5 dB	0.2 dB	Level - TPR: highest level -0.2 dB: -126.7 dBm	
	Relative GNSS signal level (GPS) (test 6.4 and test 7.3 sub-tests 4, 5, 8 and 10)	18 dB	0.2 dB	Level - TPR: highest level -0.2 dB: -128.2 dBm	
	Relative GNSS signal level (GLONASS)	15.5 dB	0.2 dB	Level - TPR: highest level -0.2 dB: -130.7 dBm	
	Relative GNSS signal level (BDS)	11.5 dB	0.2 dB	Level - TPR: highest level -0.2 dB: -132.7 dBm	
	Position error	100 m	1.3 m	Error +TPR: 101.3 m	
	Response time	20 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 20.3 s	
5.5, 6.5, 7.4 Multi-path scenario	Coarse Time Assistance	±2 s	200 ms	Formulas: UL-TPR, LL+TPR: ±1.8 s	
	Absolute GPS L1 C/A signal level (test 5.5 and test 7.4 sub-test 1)	-130 dBm	0 dB	Formulas: Level + TPR: -130 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (Galileo)	-127 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -127 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GPS) (test 6.5 and test 7.4 sub-tests 4,5, 8 and 10)	-128.5 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -128.5 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GLONASS)	-131 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -131 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (BDS)	-133 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -133 dBm	
	Relative GPS L1 C/A signal level (test 5.5 and test 7.4 sub-test 1) -142, -147 dBm	6 dB	0.2 dB	Relative level + TPR: relative level + 0.2dB: 6.2 dB	
	Relative GNSS signal level (all GNSSs) (test 6.5 and test 7.4 sub-tests 4, 5, 8 and 10)	Y dB where 'Y' is given in Table 4.2.2	0.2 dB	Relative level + TPR: relative level + 0.2dB: Y + 0.2 dB	
	Position error	100 m	1.3 m	Error +TPR: 101.3 m	
	Response time	20 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 20.3 s	
5.6, 6.6, 7.5 Moving scenario and periodic update	Absolute GPS L1 C/A Signal level (test 5.6 and test 7.5 sub-test 1)	-130 dBm	0 dB	Formulas: Level + TPR: -130 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (Galileo)	-127 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -127 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GPS) (test 6.6 and test 7.5 sub-tests 4, 5, 8 and 10)	-128.5 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -128.5 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (GLONASS)	-131 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -131 dBm	
	Absolute GNSS signal level (BDS)	-133 dBm	0 dB	Level + TPR: -133 dBm	

Test			Test Parameter Relaxation (TPR)	Test Requirement
	Position error	100 m	1.3 m	Error +TPR: 101.3 m
	Differential response time	2s +/- 20 %	100 ms	Time +TPR: 1.5 s and 2.5 s

Table C.4.2: Derivation of Test Requirements for ECID and OTDOA Measurement tests

Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 36.133	Test Parameter Relaxation (TPR)	Test Requirement in TS 36.571-1
8.1.1 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx - Tx time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-11)	Test 1: N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz Ês / N _{oc} : -3.0dB Reported RxTx time difference value: Measured value converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1	Test 1: 0dB 0.3dB Via mapping	Test 2: N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz Ês / N _{oc} : -2.7.0dB (Measured value from step 7 - 23) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 +23) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to
	Test 2: N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz Ês / N _{oc} : -3.0dB Reported RxTx time difference value: Measured value converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1	Test 2: 0dB 0.3dB Via mapping	Table 4.6.3-1 Test 2: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / Noc: +6.0dB Ês ₂ / Noc: +2.0dB Measured value from step 7 -13) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 TO (Measured value from step 7 +13) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1
8.1.1A E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx – Tx time difference case (Rel-12 onwards)	Same as 8.1.1	Same as 8.1.1	Table 4.6.3-1 Test 1: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês / Noc: -2.7.0dB (Measured value from step 7 - 23) Ts converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 +23) Ts converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 Test 2: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês1 / Noc: +6.0dB Ês2 / Noc: +2.0dB Measured value from step 7 -10) Ts converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 -10) Ts converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 +10) Ts converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to
8.1.2 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx - Tx time difference case (Rel-9 to Rel-11)	Same as 8.1.1 except use Table 4.6.3-2	Same as 8.1.1	Table 4.6.3-1 Same as 8.1.1 except use Table 4.6.3-2
8.1.2A E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx – Tx time difference case (Rel-12 onwards) 8.1.3 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-	Same as 8.1.1 except use Table 4.6.3-2 Test 1:	Same as 8.1.1 Test 1:	Same as 8.1.1A except use Table 4.6.3-2
Tx time difference under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with	N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / N _{oc} : -3.00dB Ês ₂ / N _{oc} : +1.00dB	0dB 0.3dB 0dB	N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / N _{oc} : -2.70dB Ês ₂ / N _{oc} : +1.00dB

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Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)	Reported RxTx time difference value: Measured value converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1	Via mapping_	Measured value from step 7 -13) T _s converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 +13) T _s converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1
	Test 2: N _{oc} : -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / N _{oc} : -3.00dB Ês ₂ / N _{oc} : +1.00dB Reported RxTx time difference value: Measured value converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1	Test 2: 0dB 0.3dB 0dB Via mapping	Test 2: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / Noc: -2.70dB Ês ₂ / Noc: +1.00dB ₂ Measured value from step 7 -13) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 +13) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1
8.1.4 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx- Tx time difference under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with Non-MBSFN ABS (eICIC)	Same as 8.1.3 except use Table 4.6.3-2	Same as 8.1.3	Same as 8.1.3 except use Table 4.6.3-2
8.1.5 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information and Non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)	Test 1: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / Noc: -3.00dB Ês ₂ / Noc: +3.00dB Ês ₃ / Noc: +1.00dB Reported RxTx time difference value: Measured value converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1	Test 1: 0dB 0.4dB 0dB 0dB Via mapping_	Test 1: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / Noc: -2.60dB Ês ₂ / Noc: +3.00dB Ês ₃ / Noc: +1.00dB Measured value from step 7 -13) Ts converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 +13) Ts converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1
	Test 2: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / Noc: -3.00dB Ês ₂ / Noc: +3.00dB Ês ₃ / Noc: +1.00dB Reported RxTx time difference value: Measured value converted to RX-TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1	Test 2: 0dB 0.4dB 0dB 0dB Via mapping	Test 2: Noc: -98dBm/15kHz Ês ₁ / Noc: -2.60dB Ês ₂ / Noc: +3.00dB Ês ₃ / Noc: +1.00dB ₂ Measured value from step 7 -13) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1 To (Measured value from step 7 +13) T _s converted to RX- TX_TIME_DIFFERENCE according to Table 4.6.3-1
8.1.6 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information and Non-MBSFN ABS (felCIC)	Same as 8.1.5 except use Table 4.6.3-2	Same as 8.1.5	Same as 8.1.5 except use Table 4.6.3-2
9.1.1 FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay	Response Time = 3 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 3.3 s

9.1.2 TDD RSTD	Response Time = 3 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 3.3 s
Measurement Reporting Delay			
9.1.3 FDD RSTD	For Test 2 and Test 4:		
Measurement Accuracy	PRS \hat{E}_{s_1} / N_{oc} = -6dB	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
,	PRS $\hat{E}s_2 / N_{oc} = -13dB$	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
	For All Tests:		0 7 11 0 1 0 5 0
	See Table 9.1.3.3-1 for	± 1 Ts	See Table 9.1.3.5-2.
9.1.4 TDD RSTD	measurement accuracy. Same as 9.1.3		
Measurement Accuracy	Same as 9.1.5		
9.2.1 FDD-FDD inter-	Response Time = 6 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 6.3 s
frequency RSTD	Trespense Time	0000	
measurement reporting			
delay			
9.2.2 TDD-TDD inter-	Response Time = 6 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 6.3 s
frequency RSTD			
measurement reporting			
delay 9.2.4 FDD-FDD inter	PRS Ês ₁ / N _{oc1} = -6dB	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
frequency RSTD Accuracy	PRS $\hat{E}_{s_2} / N_{oc2} = -13dB$	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
			, <u></u>
	See TS 36.133 [23] Table	±2Ts	See Table 9.2.4.5-2.
	9.1.10.3-1 for measurement		
0.0 5 TDD TDD into	accuracy.		
9.2.5 TDD-TDD inter	Same as 9.2.4		
frequency RSTD Accuracy 10.1 FDD RSTD	Test 1:		
Measurement Reporting	Response Time = 3 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 3.3 s
Delay for Carrier			
Aggregation	Test 2:		
	Response Time = 6 s	300 ms	Time + TPR: 6.3 s
10.1A FDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier			
Aggregation for 20 MHz			
10.1B FDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting			
Delay Carrier Aggregation			
for 5 MHz +5 MHz			
Bandwidth			
10.1C FDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier			
Aggregation for 10 MHz+5			
MHz Bandwidth			
10.2 TDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting			
Delay for Carrier			
Aggregation	0		
10.2A TDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier			
Aggregation for 20 MHz			
10.2B TDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting			
Delay Carrier Aggregation			
for 5 MHz +5 MHz			
Bandwidth			
10.2C TDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting			
Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5			
MHz Bandwidth			
IVII IZ DAHUWIUIII			

	T-		
10.2D TDD RSTD	Same as 10.1		
Measurement Reporting			
Delay for Carrier			
Aggregation for 20 MHz +10			
MHz Bandwidth			
10.3 FDD RSTD	PRS \hat{E} s ₂ / N _{oc2} = -6dB	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
Measurement Accuracy for	PRS $\hat{E}s_3 / N_{oc2} = -13dB$	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
Carrier Aggregation			
	See TS 36.133 [23] Table	± 1 Ts	See Table 10.3.5-2.
	9.1.10.1-1 for measurement		
	accuracy.		
10.3A FDD RSTD	Same as 10.3	Same as	Same as 10.3
Measurement Accuracy for		10.3	
Carrier Aggregation for 20			
MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11)	DD 0 Ê /N 0 ID	0.0.15	1 1 700 57 10
10.3A_1 FDD RSTD	PRS $\hat{E}s_2 / N_{oc2} = -6dB$	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
Measurement Accuracy for	PRS $\hat{E}s_3$ / N_{oc2} = -13dB	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
Carrier Aggregation for 20			
MHz (Rel-12 onwards)	0 T0 00 400 [00] T-b-	. 4 T-	0 T-bl- T-bl- 40 04 4 5 4
	See TS 36.133 [23] Table	± 1 Ts	See Table Table 10.3A_1.5-1.
	9.1.10.1-1 for measurement		
40 0D EDD DOTD	accuracy.	. O O -ID	Lavel - TDD - 5.7 dD
10.3B FDD RSTD	PRS $\hat{E}_{S_2} / N_{oc2} = -6dB$	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
Measurement Accuracy for	PRS $\hat{E}s_3$ / N_{oc2} = -13dB	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
Carrier Aggregation for 5 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth			
MHZ+5 MHZ Bandwidth	Coo TC 20 422 [22] Toble	. 4 Ta	Coo Toble 40 2D 5 0
	See TS 36.133 [23] Table	± 1 Ts	See Table 10.3B.5-2.
	9.1.10.1-1 for measurement		
10.3C FDD RSTD	accuracy.	Como oo	Same as 10.3B
	Same as 10.3B	Same as	Same as 10.3B
Measurement Accuracy for		10.3B	
Carrier Aggregation for 10 MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth			
10.4 TDD RSTD	Same as 10.3	Same as	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
Measurement Accuracy for	Same as 10.5	10.3	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
Carrier Aggregation		10.3	Level + IFK, -12.7 ub
Carrier Aggregation			
			See Table 10.4.5-2.
10.4A TDD RSTD	Same as 10.3	Same as	Same as 10.4
Measurement Accuracy for	Same as 10.5	10.3	Came as 10.4
Carrier Aggregation for 20		10.0	
MHz (Rel-10 and Rel-11)			
10.4A_1 TDD RSTD	PRS Ês ₂ / N _{oc2} = -6dB	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
Measurement Accuracy for	PRS $\hat{E}_{s_3} / N_{oc2} = -13dB$	+0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
Carrier Aggregation for 20	1110 2037 11002 - 1002	10.0 4B	20v01 11 1X, 12.7 dB
MHz (Rel-12 onwards)			
(See TS 36.133 [23] Table	± 1 Ts	See Table 10.4A_1.5-1.
	9.1.10.1-1 for measurement		
	accuracy.		
10.4B TDD RSTD	Same as 10.3B	Same as	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB
Measurement Accuracy for		10.3B	Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
Carrier Aggregation for 5			·
MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth			
			See Table 10.4B.5-2.
10.4C TDD RSTD	Same as 10.3B	Same as	Same as 10.4B
Measurement Accuracy for		10.3B	
Carrier Aggregation for 10			
MHz+5 MHz Bandwidth			
10.4D TDD RSTD	Same as 10.3	Same as	Same as 10.4
Measurement Accuracy for		10.3	
Carrier Aggregation for 20			
MHz+10 MHz Bandwidth			
10.5 FDD 3 DL CA RSTD	Same as 10.1	Same as	Same as 10.1
Measurement Reporting		10.1	
Delay	1	1	į l

10.6 TDD 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1	Same as 10.1
10.7 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation	PRS Ês ₃ / N _{oc3} = -6dB PRS Ês ₄ / N _{oc3} = -13dB	+0.3 dB +0.3 dB	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
	See TS 36.133 [23] Table 9.1.10.1-1 for measurement accuracy or intra-band.	± 1 Ts	See Table 10.7.5-2
	See TS 36.133 [23] Table 9.1.10.2-1 for measurement accuracy or inter-band	± 2 Ts	See Table 10.7.5-2
10.8 TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for 3DL Carrier Aggregation	Same as 10.7	Same as 10.7	Level + TPR, -5.7 dB Level + TPR, -12.7 dB
			See Table 10.8.5-2
			See Table 10.8.5-2

Table C.4.3: Derivation of Test Requirements for MBS Minimum Performance tests

Test	Conformance requirements in 11.1.3, 11.2.3, 11.3.3, 11.4.3 and 11.5.3		Test Parameter Relaxation (TPR)	Test Requirement
11.1 MBS Measurement	Beacon power level	-30 dBm	0 dB	Level+TPR: -30 dBm
Reporting Delay	Response time	12 seconds	300 ms	Time+TPR: 12.3 s
11.2 MBS Sensitivity	Beacon power level	-130 dBm	2 dB	Level+TPR: -128 dBm
Measurement Aaccuracy	Code phase difference	$[2.3586 \times 10^{-4}] \text{ ms}$	5 ns	Error+TPR: $[2.4086 \times 10^{-4}]$ ms
11.3 MBS Nominal	Beacon power level	-30 dBm	0 dB	Level+TPR: -30 dBm
Measurement Accuracy	Code phase difference	$[7.0760 \times 10^{-5}]$ ms	5 ns	Error+TPR: [7.5760 × 10 ⁻⁵] ms
11.4 MBS Dynamic Range Measurement	High Power Beacon power level	-30 dBm	0 dB	Level+TPR: -30 dBm
Accuracy	Code phase difference	$[7.0760 \times 10^{-5}]$ ms	5 ns	Error+TPR: $[7.5760 \times 10^{-5}]$ ms
	Low Power Beacon power level	-130 dBm	2 dB	Level+TPR: -128 dBm
	Code phase difference	$[2.3586 \times 10^{-4}] \text{ ms}$	5 ns	Error+TPR: [2.4086 × 10 ⁻⁴] ms
11.5 MBS Measurement	Beacon power level	-30 dBm	0 dB	Level+TPR: -30 dBm
Accuracy in Multipath	Code phase difference	$[2.3586 \times 10^{-4}] \text{ ms}$	5 ns	Error+TPR: [2.4086 × 10 ⁻⁴]

Annex D (normative): Rules for statistical testing

D.1 Test Method

In this clause the terms GNSS and A-GNSS also include the cases where the only satellite system used is GPS unless otherwise stated.

Each test is performed in the following manner:

- a) Setup the required test conditions.
- b) Start each repetition after having applied the message "RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION". This ensures that each result is independent from the previous one.
- c) Make the required measurement a repeated number of times. The results, measured, are simplified to:

good result, if the measured result is \leq limit.

bad result, if the measured result is > limit

For the relevant A-GNSS test cases measure the 2D position and Time to First Fix (TTFF) a repeated number of times. Measure the 2D position and Time to First Fix (if applicable) repeated times. Start each repetition after having applied the message "RESET UE POSITIONING STORED INFORMATION". This ensures that each result is independent from the previous one. The results, measured, are simplified to:

good result, if the 2D position and TTFF are \leq limit.

bad result, if the 2D position or TTFF or both are > limit

- d) Record the number of results (ns) and the number of bad results (ne)
- e) Stop the test at a pass or a fail event.
- f) Once the test is stopped, decide according to the pass fail decision rules (D.4.2)

D.2 Error Ratio (ER)

The Error Ratio (ER) is defined as the ratio of bad results (ne) to all results (ns). (1-ER is the success ratio)

D.3 Test Design

A statistical test is characterised by:

Test-time, Selectivity and Confidence level

D.3.1 Confidence level

The outcome of a statistical test is a decision. This decision may be correct or in-correct. The Confidence Level CL describes the probability that the decision is a correct one. The complement is the wrong decision probability (risk) D = 1-CL

D.3.2 Introduction: Supplier Risk versus Customer Risk

There are two targets of decision:

a) A measurement on the pass-limit shows, that the DUT has the specified quality or is better with probability CL (CL e.g.95%) This shall lead to a 'pass decision'

The pass-limit is on the good side of the specified DUT-quality. A more stringent CL (CL e.g.99%) shifts the pass-limit further into the good direction. Given that the quality of the DUTs is distributed, a greater CL passes less and better DUTs.

A measurement on the bad side of the pass-limit is simply 'not pass' (undecided)

aa) Complementary:

A measurement on the fail-limit shows, that the DUT is worse than the specified quality with probability CL.

The fail-limit is on the bad side of the specified DUT-quality. A more stringent CL shifts the fail-limit further into the bad direction. Given that the quality of the DUTs is distributed, a greater CL fails less and worse DUTs.

A measurement on the good side of the fail-limit is simply 'not fail'.

b) A DUT, known to have the specified quality, shall be measured and decided pass with probability CL. This leads to the pass limit.

For CL e.g. 95%, the pass limit is on the bad side of the specified DUT-quality. CL e.g.99% shifts the pass-limit further into the bad direction. Given that the DUT-quality is distributed, a greater CL passes more and worse DUTs.

bb)A DUT, known to be an $(\varepsilon \rightarrow 0)$ beyond the specified quality, shall be measured and decided fail with probability CL.

For CL e.g.95%, the fail limit is on the good side of the specified DUT-quality.

Note the different sense for CL in (a), (aa) versus (b), (bb).

NOTE: For constant CL in all 4 bullets, (a) is equivalent to (bb) and (aa) is equivalent to (b).

D.3.3 Supplier Risk versus Customer Risk

The table below summarizes the different targets of decision.

Table D.3.3: Equivalent statements

	Equivalent statements, using different cause-to-effect-directions, and assuming CL = constant >0.5			
cause-to-effect-	Known measurement result → estimation of the DUT's quality	Known DUT"s quality → estimation of the measurement"s outcome		
Supplier Risk	A measurement on the pass- limit shows, that the DUT has the specified quality or is better (a)	A DUT, known to have an (ε→0) beyond the specified DUT-quality, shall be measured and decided fail (bb)		
Customer Risk	A measurement on the fail-limit shall shows, that the DUT is worse than the specified quality (aa)	A DUT, known to have the specified quality, shall be measured and decided pass (b)		

NOTE: The bold text shows the obvious interpretation of Supplier Risk and Customer Risk. The same statements can be based on other DUT-quality-definitions.

D.3.4 Introduction: Standard test versus early decision concept

In standard statistical tests, a certain number of results (ns) is predefined in advance of the test. After ns results the number of bad results (ne) is counted and the error ratio (ER) is calculated as ne/ns.

Applying statistical theory, a decision limit can be designed, against which the calculated ER is compared to derive the decision. Such a limit is one decision point and is characterised by:

- D: the wrong decision probability (a predefined parameter)
- ns: the number of results (a fixed predefined parameter)
- ne: the number of bad results (the limit based on just ns)

In the formula for the limit, D and ns are parameters and ne is the variable. In the standard test ns and D are constant. The property of such a test is: It discriminates between two states only, depending on the test design:

- pass (with CL) / undecided (undecided in the sense: finally undecided)
- fail (with CL) / undecided (undecided in the sense: finally undecided)
- pass (with CL) / fail (with CL) (however against two limits).

In contrast to the standard statistical tests, the early decision concept predefines a set of (ne, ns) co-ordinates, representing the limit-curve for decision. After each result a preliminary ER is calculated and compared against the limit-curve. After each result one may make the decision or not (undecided for later decision). The parameters and variables in the limit-curve for the early decision concept have a similar but not equal meaning:

- D: the wrong decision probability (a predefined parameter)
- ns: the number of results (a variable parameter)
- ne: the number of bad results (the limit. It varies together with ns)

To avoid a 'final undecided' in the standard test, a second limit must be introduced and the single decision co-ordinate (ne, ns) needs a high ne, leading to a fixed (high) test time. In the early decision concept, having the same selectivity and the same confidence level an 'undecided' does not need to be avoided, as it can be decided later. A perfect DUT will hit the decision coordinate (ne, ns) with ne=0. This test time is short.

D.3.5 Standard test versus early decision concept

For Supplier Risk:

The wrong decision probability D in the standard test is the probability, to decide a DUT in-correctly in the single decision point. In the early decision concept there is a probability of in-correct decisions d at each point of the limit-curve. The sum of all those wrong decision probabilities accumulate to D. Hence d<D

For Customer Risk:

The correct decision probability CL in the standard test is the probability, to decide a DUT correctly in the single decision point. In the early decision concept there is a probability of correct decisions cl at each point of the limit-curve. The sum of all those correct decision probabilities accumulate to CL. Hence cl<CL or d>D

D.3.6 Selectivity

There is no statistical test which can discriminate between a limit-DUT-quality and a DUT-quality which is an $(\epsilon \rightarrow 0)$ apart from the limit in finite time and confidence level CL>1/2. Either the test discriminates against one limit with the results pass (with CL)/undecided or fail (with CL)/undecided, or the test ends in a result pass (with CL)/fail (with CL) but this requires a second limit.

For CL>0.5, a (measurement-result = specified-DUT-quality), generates undecided in test 'supplier risk against pass limit' (a in clause D.3.2) and also in the equivalent test against the fail limit (aa in clause D.3.2)

For CL>0.5, a DUT, known to be on the limit, will be decided pass for the test 'customer risk against pass limit' (b in clause D.3.2) and also in the equivalent test against fail limit (bb in clause D.3.2).

This overlap or undecided area is not a fault or a contradiction, however it can be avoided by introducing a Bad or a Good DUT quality according to:

- Bad DUT quality: specified DUT-quality * M (M>1)
- Good DUT quality: specified DUT-quality * m (m<1)

Using e.g. M>1 and CL=95% the test for different DUT qualities yield different pass probabilities:

PassProbability

50%

B

FailProbability

0 specified quality M* specified quality DUT quality in ER

Figure D.3.6: Pass probability versus DUT quality

D.3.7 Design of the test

The test is defined according to the following design principles:

- 1. The early decision concept is applied.
- 2. A second limit is introduced: Bad DUT factor M>1
- 3. To decide the test pass:

Supplier risk is applied based on the Bad DUT quality

To decide the test fail

Customer Risk is applied based on the specified DUT quality

The A-GNSS test cases are defined using the following parameters:

- 1. Specified DUT quality: ER = 0.05
- 2. Bad DUT quality: M=1.5 (selectivity)
- 3. Confidence level CL = 95% (for specified DUT and Bad DUT-quality)

The ECID and OTDOA test cases are defined using the following parameters:

- 1. Specified DUT quality: ER = 0.1
- 2. Bad DUT quality: M=1.5 (selectivity)
- 3. Confidence level CL = 95% (for specified DUT and Bad DUT-quality)

This has the following consequences:

a) A measurement on the fail limit is connected with 2 equivalent statements:

A measurement on the fail-limit shows, that the	A DUT, known to have the specified quality,
DUT is worse than the specified DUT-quality	shall be measured and decided pass

A measurement on the pass limit is connected with the complementary statements:

A measurement on the pass limit shows, that the	A DUT, known to have the Bad DUT quality,
DUT is better than the Bad DUT-quality.	shall be measured and decided fail

The left column is used to decide the measurement.

The right column is used to verify the design of the test by simulation.

The simulation is based on the two fulcrums A and B only in Figure D.3.6. There is freedom to shape the remainder of the function.

b) Test time

- 1. The minimum and maximum test time is fixed.
- 2. The average test time is a function of the DUT"s quality.
- 3. The individual test time is not predictable (except ideal DUT).
- c) The number of decision co-ordinates (ne, ns) in the early decision concept is responsible for the selectivity of the test and the maximum test time. Having fixed the number of decision co-ordinates there is still <u>freedom</u> to select the individual decision co-ordinates in many combinations, all leading to the same confidence level.

D.4 Pass fail decisions

D.4.1 Numerical definition of the pass fail limits for A-GNSS test cases

ne	ns _p	ns _f	ne	ns _p	ns _f	ne	ns _p	ns _f	ne	ns _p	ns _f
0	77	NA	43	855	576	86	1525	1297	129	2173	2050
1	106	NA	44	871	592	87	1540	1314	130	2188	2067
2	131	NA	45	887	608	88	1556	1331	131	2203	2085
3	154	NA	46	903	625	89	1571	1349	132	2218	2103
4	176	NA	47	919	641	90	1586	1366	133	2233	2121
5	197	NA	48	935	657	91	1601	1383	134	2248	2139
6	218	42	49	951	674	92	1617	1401	135	2263	2156
7	238	52	50	967	690	93	1632	1418	136	2277	2174
8	257	64	51	982	706	94	1647	1435	137	2292	2192
9	277	75	52	998	723	95	1662	1453	138	2307	2210
10	295	87	53	1014	739	96	1677	1470	139	2322	2227
11	314	100	54	1030	756	97	1692	1487	140	2337	2245
12	333	112	55	1046	772	98	1708	1505	141	2352	2263
13	351	125	56	1061	789	99	1723	1522	142	2367	2281
14	369	139	57	1077	805	100	1738	1540	143	2381	2299
15	387	152	58	1093	822	101	1753	1557	144	2396	2317
16	405	166	59	1108	839	102	1768	1574	145	2411	2335
17	422	180	60	1124	855	103	1783	1592	146	2426	2352
18	440	194	61	1140	872	104	1798	1609	147	2441	2370
19	457	208	62	1155	889	105	1813	1627	148	2456	2388
20	474	222	63	1171	906	106	1828	1644	149	2470	2406
21	492	237	64	1186	922	107	1844	1662	150	2485	2424
22	509	251	65	1202	939	108	1859	1679	151	2500	2442
23	526	266	66	1217	956	109	1874	1697	152	2515	2460
24	543	281	67	1233	973	110	1889	1714	153	2530	2478
25	560	295	68	1248	990	111	1904	1732	154	2544	2496
26	577	310	69	1264	1007	112	1919	1750	155	2559	2513
27	593	325	70	1279	1024	113	1934	1767	156	2574	2531
28	610	341	71	1295	1040	114	1949	1785	157	2589	2549
29	627	356	72	1310	1057	115	1964	1802	158	2603	2567
30	643	371	73	1326	1074	116	1979	1820	159	2618	2585
31	660	387	74 75	1341	1091	117	1994	1838	160	2633	2603
32	676 693	402	75 70	1357	1108	118	2009	1855	161	2648	2621
33		418	76 77	1372	1126	119	2024	1873	162	2662	2639
34	709 725	433 449	77 78	1387 1403	1143	120 121	2039 2054	1890 1908	163 164	2677 2692	2657
35 36	725 742	449 465	78 79	1403	1160 1177	121	2069		165	2692 2707	2675 2693
36	742 758	465 480	79 80	1418	1177	122	2069	1926 1943	166	2707 2721	2093
38	756 774	496	81	1433	1211	123	2004	1943	167	2736	2711
39	774 790	512	82	1449	1211	125	2099	1979	168	2751	2747
40	807	528	83	1404	1245	126	2114	1979	169	2765	NA
41	823	544	84	1479	1263	127	2143	2014	103	2103	INA
42	839	560	85	1510	1280	128	2143	2014			
42	033	500	00	1510	1200	120	2100	2032			

NOTE: The first column is the number of bad results (ne) The second column is the number of results for the pass limit (ns_p) The third column is the number of results for the fail limit (ns_f)

D.4.2 Pass fail decision rules for A-GNSS test cases

Having observed 0 bad results, pass the test at ≥77 results, otherwise continue

Having observed 1 bad result, pass the test at ≥106 results, otherwise continue

Having observed 2 bad results, pass the test at ≥131 results, otherwise continue

etc. until

Having observed 6 bad results, pass the test at \ge 218 results, fail the test at \le 42 results, otherwise continue

Having observed 7 bad results, pass the test at \geq 238 results, fail the test at \leq 52 results, otherwise continue etc. until

Having observed 168 bad results, pass the test at \geq 2751 results, fail the test at \leq 2747 results, otherwise continue Having observed 169 bad results, pass the test at \geq 2765 results, otherwise fail

NOTE: an ideal DUT passes after 77 results. The maximum test time is 2765 results.

D.4.3 Numerical definition of the pass fail limits for ECID and OTDOA test cases

ne	ns _p	ns _f	ne	ns _p	ns _f	ne	ns _p	ns _f	ne	ns _p	ns _f
0	33	NA	43	408	283	86	737	644	129	1056	1021
1	46	NA	44	416	291	87	745	653	130	1064	1030
2	58	2	45	424	299	88	752	661	131	1071	1039
3	69	5	46	432	307	89	760	670	132	1078	1048
4	79	8	47	440	315	90	767	679	133	1086	1057
5	89	12	48	447	324	91	775	687	134	1093	1066
6	99	17	49	455	332	92	782	696	135	1100	1074
7	109	22	50	463	340	93	790	705	136	1108	1083
8	118	27	51	471	348	94	797	713	137	1115	1092
9	127	33	52	478	356	95	804	722	138	1122	1101
10	136	39	53	486	365	96	812	731	139	1130	1110
11	145	45	54	494	373	97	819	739	140	1137	1119
12	154	51	55	502	381	98	827	748	141	1144	1128
13	163	58	56	509	389	99	834	757	142	1152	1137
14	172	64	57	517	398	100	842	766	143	1159	1147
15	180	71	58	525	406	101	849	774	144	1166	1155
16	189	78	59	532	414	102	857	783	145	1174	1164
17	197	85	60	540	423	103	864	792	146	1181	1173
18	206	92	61	548	431	104	871	801	147	NA	1182
19	214	99	62	555	440	105	879	809	148		
20	223	106	63	563	448	106	886	818	149		
21	231	113	64	571	456	107	894	827	150		
22	239	120	65	578	465	108	901	836	151		
23	248	128	66	586	473	109	909	844	152		
24	256	135	67	594	482	110	916	853	153		
25	264	142	68	601	490	111	923	862	154		
26	272	150	69	609	499	112	931	871	155		
27	281	157	70	616	507	113	938	880	156		
28	289	165	71	624	516	114	946	888	157		
29	297	173	72	632	524	115	953	897	158		
30	305	180	73	639	533	116	960	906	159		
31	313	188	74	647	541	117	968	915	160		
32	321	196	75	654	550	118	975	924	161		
33	329	204	76	662	558	119	983	933	162		
34	337	211	77	669	567	120	990	941	163		
35	345	219	78	677	575	121	997	950	164		
36	353	227	79	684	584	122	1005	959	165		
37	361	235	80	692	592	123	1012	968	166		
38	369	243	81	700	601	124	1019	977	167		
39	377	251	82	707	610	125	1027	986	168		
40	385	259	83	715	618	126	1034	994	169		
41	393	267	84	722	627	127	1042	1003			
42	400	275	85	730	635	128	1049	1012			

The first column is the number of errors (ne = number of exceeded delays or number of wrong reports)

The second column is the number of samples for the pass limit (ns_p , ns=Number of samples= number of successes + number of exceedings or number of reports)

The third column is the number of samples for the fail limit (ns_f)

D.4.4 Pass fail decision rules for ECID and OTDOA and MBS test cases

Having observed 0 errors, pass the test at 33+ samples, otherwise continue

Having observed 1 error, pass the test at 46+ samples, otherwise continue

Having observed 2 errors, pass the test at 58+ samples, fail the test at 2 samples, otherwise continue

Having observed 146 errors, pass the test at 1181+ samples, fail the test at 1173- samples, otherwise continue

Having observed 147 errors, fail the test at 1182- samples,

Where x+ means: x or more, x- means x or less

NOTE: an ideal DUT passes after 33 samples. The maximum test time is 1181 samples.

D.4.5 Background information to the pass fail limits

There is freedom to design the decision co-ordinates (ne, ns).

The binomial distribution and its inverse is used to design the pass and fail limits. Note that this method is not unique and that other methods exist.

$$fail(ne, d_f) := \frac{ne}{(ne + qnbinom(d_f, ne, ER))}$$

$$pas \not sne, cl_p, M) := \frac{ne}{\left(ne + qnbinom(cl_p, ne, ER \cdot M)\right)}$$

Where

fail(..) is the error ratio for the fail limit

pass(..) is the error ratio for the pass limit

ER is the specified error ratio e.g. 0.05

ne is the number of bad results. This is the variable in both equations

M is the Bad DUT factor M=1.5

 $d_{\rm f}$ is the wrong decision probability of a single (ne, ns) co-ordinate for the fail limit. It is found by simulation to be $d_{\rm f}=0.004$

 cl_p is the confidence level of a single (ne, ns) co-ordinate for the pass limit. It is found by simulation to be $cl_p=0.9975$

qnbinom(..): The inverse cumulative function of the negative binomial distribution

The simulation works as follows:

A large population of limit DUTs with true ER = 0.05 is decided against the pass and fail limits.

 cl_p and d_f are tuned such that CL (95%) of the population passes and D (5%) of the population fails.

A population of Bad DUTs with true ER = M*0.05 is decided against the same pass and fail limits.

 cl_p and d_f are tuned such that CL (95%) of the population fails and D (5%) of the population passes.

This procedure and the relationship to the measurement is justified in clause D.3.7. The number of DUTs decreases during the simulation, as the decided DUTs leave the population. That number decreases with an approximately exponential characteristics. After 169 bad results all DUTs of the population are decided.

NOTE: The exponential decrease of the population is an optimal design goal for the decision co-ordinates (ne, ns), which can be achieved with other formulas or methods as well.

Annex E (normative): Conditions for ECID and OTDOA requirements

E.1 Conditions for E-CID UE Rx – Tx time difference Measurements

This clause defines the E-UTRAN RSRP applicable for ECID UE Rx-Tx time difference Measurements for a corresponding operating band

The conditions for E-UTRAN ECID UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements are as defined in Table E.1-1.

Table E.1-1: Conditions for ECID UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements

Parameter	E-UTRA operating band groups Note 3	Minimum RSRP ^{Note 1}
		dBm/15kHz
	FDD_A, TDD_A	-127
	FDD_B	-126.5
	FDD_C, TDD_C	-126
	FDD_D	-125.5
Conditions	FDD_E, TDD_E	-125
	FDD_F	-124.5 Note 2
	FDD_G	-124
	FDD_H	-123.5
	FDD_N	-120.5

NOTE 1: This condition level is increased by Δ>0, when applicable, as described in Sections B.4.2 and B.4.3 of TS 36.133 [23].

E.2 Conditions for OTDOA intra-frequency RSTD Measurements

This clause defines the E-UTRAN intra-frequency PRP_1,2 applicable for OTDOA intra-frequency RSTD measurements for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for E-UTRAN OTDOA intra-frequency RSTD measurements are as defined in Table E.2-1

Table E.2-1: Conditions for OTDOA intra-frequency RSTD measurements

Parameter	E-UTRA operating band group s Note 3	Minimum PRP1,2 Note 1		
		dBm/15kHz		
Conditions	FDD_A, TDD_A	-127		
	FDD_B	-126.5		
	FDD_C, TDD_C	-126		
	FDD_D	-125.5		
	FDD_E, TDD_E	-125		
	FDD_F	-124.5 Note 2		
	FDD_G	-124		
	FDD_H	-123.5		
	FDD_N	-120.5		

NOTE 2: The condition is -125 dBm/15kHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is within 865-894 MHz.

NOTE 3: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in clause 4.4.2.

- NOTE 1: This condition level is increased by Δ>0, when applicable, as described in Sections B.4.2 and B.4.3 of TS 36.133[23].
- NOTE 2: The condition is -125 dBm/15kHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is within 865-894 MHz.
- NOTE 3: E-UTRA operating band groups are as defined in clause 4.4.2.

E.3 Conditions for OTDOA inter-frequency RSTD Measurements

This clause defines the E-UTRAN inter-frequency PRP_1,2 applicable for OTDOA Inter-frequency RSTD measurements for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for E-UTRAN OTDOA inter-frequency RSTD measurements are as defined in Table E.2-1.

E.4 Conditions for UE Rx-Tx Time Difference Measurement under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information

This clause defines the E-UTRAN RSRP applicable for UE Rx-Tx Time Difference Measurement under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements, when time domain measurement resource restriction pattern and CRS assistance information are provided, are as defined in Table E.1-1.

Annex F (normative): UTRAN Generic procedures

F.1 General

This normative annex specifies the set up and release procedure that shall be used for each UTRAN test case.

In this clause the terms GNSS and A-GNSS also include the cases where the only satellite system used is GPS unless otherwise stated.

F.2 UTRAN connection set up

F.2.1 Initial conditions

System Simulator:

- 1 cell, default parameters. The default system information, as specified in clause 6.1 of TS 34.108 [28], is broadcast with the exceptions of SIB15, SIB15.1, SIB15.2 and SIB15.3 which are not broadcast.

User Equipment:

- The UE shall be operated in Normal Propagation Conditions as specified in clause 5.2.1 of TS 34.108 [28].
- The UE is in state "MM idle" state with valid TMSI and CKSN.
- The UE is in state "PMM idle" with valid P-TMSI.

F.2.2 Procedures

CS Domain

Step	Direction	Message	Comments
	UE SS		
1	<	SYSTEM INFORMATION (BCCH)	Broadcast
2	<	PAGING TYPE1 (PCCH)	Paging (CS domain, TMSI)
3	>	RRC CONNECTION REQUEST (CCCH)	RRC
4	<	RRC CONNECTION SETUP (CCCH)	RRC
5	>	RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE (DCCH)	RRC
6	>	PAGING RESPONSE	RR
7	<	AUTHENTICATION REQUEST	MM
8	>	AUTHENTICATION RESPONSE	MM
9	<	SECURITY MODE COMMAND	RRC
10	>	SECURITY MODE COMPLETE	RRC

PS Domain

Step	Direction		Message	Comments			
	UE	SS					
1	<	<	PAGING TYPE1 (PCCH)	Paging (PS domain, PMSI or IMSI)			
2	-	->	RRC CONNECTION REQUEST (CCCH)	RRC			
3	<	<	RRC CONNECTION SETUP (CCCH)	RRC			
4	-	->	RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE (DCCH)	RRC (Transport Channel: DCH or FACH)			
5	-	->	SERVICE REQUEST	GMM			
6	<	<	AUTHENTICATION REQUEST	GMM			
7	-	->	AUTHENTICATION RESPONSE	GMM			
8	<	<	SECURITY MODE COMMAND	RRC			
9	-	->	SECURITY MODE COMPLETE	RRC			

F.2.3 Specific message contents

The default message contents specified in clause 9.1 of TS 34.108 [28] will be used for the Moving Scenario and Periodic Update test. For all Minimum Performance TTFF Tests the default message contents specified in clause 9.1 of TS 34.108 [28] will be used with the following exception.

Contents of PAGING TYPE1:

Information Element	Value/remark
Paging Cause	Terminating High Priority Signalling

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP:

For A-GNSS performance testing in CELL_DCH state: The RRC Connection Setup is defined in clause 9.1.1 of TS 34.108 [28] "Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (Transition to CELL_DCH)".

For A-GNSS performance testing in CELL_FACH state: The RRC Connection Setup is defined in clause 9.1.1 of TS 34.108 [28] "Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP message: UM (Transition to CELL_FACH)".

Contents of RRC CONNECTION SETUP COMPLETE:

Information Element	Value/remark
UE radio access capability - UE positioning capability	Defines the A-GNSS mode the UE supports (UE-based, UE-assisted, or both). UE shall be tested for all modes it supports.

F.3 UTRAN connection release

F.3.1 Procedure

	Step	Dire	ection	Message	Comments
		UE	SS		
Ī	1	4	<	RRC CONNECTION RELEASE	RRC
Γ	2	-	->	RRC CONNECTION RELEASE COMPLETE	RRC

F.3.2 Specific message contents

The default message contents specified in clause 9.1 of TS 34.108 [28] are used.

Annex G (normative): Environmental conditions

G.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

G.2 Environmental requirements

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

G.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table G.2.1.1

+15°C to +35°C for normal conditions (with relative humidity up to 75 %)

G.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table G.2.2.1

Power source	Normal conditions voltage
AC mains	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	1.1 × nominal
Non regulated batteries:	
- Leclanché / lithium	Nominal
- Mercury/nickel and cadmium	Nominal

Annex H (informative): MBS Beacon parameters

H.1 General

This informative annex consolidates a description of the MBS beacon parameters that are specified in the MBS ICD [38]. They are provided here for reference.

H.2 Beacon parameters

This is a summary of the MBS beacon parameters to be used for MBS testing:

Beacon PN Code: 1023 chip length for TB1. Actual PN codes are listed it the MBS ICD [38]

MBS Beacon Configuration: TB1 (2.046 MHz, contains data) [38]

MBS Packet Type: Type 2 [38]

MBS Transmitter ID (TxID): Field used to signal a unique ID that identifies each transmitter within one major deployment area, such as within North America. Range: $[0, 2^{15}-1]$ [38]

Slot Index: This is the physical time slot within a MBS transmission period, in which a transmitter is transmitting. Each slot is 100 ms in duration and a MBS transmission period is 1 sec long. [38]

All other fields: Set to the min value (bit value equal to 0) for testing [38]

Annex I (informative): Change history

					Change history		
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Re v	Subject/Comment TS 36.571-1	Old	New
2010-08		R5-104316			Initial draft TS 36.571-1 created		0.0.0
2010-11		R5-106613			V1.0.0 created for presentation to RAN Plenary	0.0.0	1.0.0
2011-02		R5-110124			Various values and corrections added	1.0.0	1.1.0
2011-08		R5-113133			Text changes from R5-112139, R5-112386, R5-112837, R5-112838, R5-112839 added	1.1.0	1.2.0
2011-08	RAN5#53				Text changes from R5-113135, R5-113150, R5-114066, R5-113587 added	1.2.0	-
2011-11	RAN5#53	R5-115206			Initial draft TS 37.571-1 created from TS 36.571-1, TS 34.171 and TS 34.172	-	1.0.0
2011-11	RAN5#53	R5-115207			V2.0.0 created for presentation to RAN Plenary with additions from R5-115246, R5-115247, R5-115248, R5-115809	1.0.0	2.0.0
2011-12	RAN#54	-	-	-	Moved to Rel-9 with editorial changes only	2.0.0	9.0.0
2012-03	RAN#55	R5-120087	0001	-	Modify OTDOA connection diagrams	9.0.0	9.1.0
2012-03	RAN#55	R5-120089	0002	-	OTDOA parameter corrections	9.0.0	9.1.0
2012-03	RAN#55	R5-120414	0003	-	Adding ECID test cases to Annexes in TS 37.571-1	9.0.0	9.1.0
2012-03	RAN#55	R5-120822	0004	-	Correct A-GNSS signalling	9.0.0	9.1.0
2012-03	RAN#55	R5-120823	0005	-	ECID procedure modifications	9.0.0	9.1.0
2012-03	RAN#55	R5-120893	0006	-	OTDOA procedure updates	9.0.0	9.1.0
2012-06	RAN#56	R5-121126	0007	-	Update to Figure 9.1.1.3-1	9.1.0	9.2.0
2012-06	RAN#56	R5-121127	8000	-	Clarification to notes in tests 9.1.3 & 9.1.4	9.1.0	9.2.0
2012-06	RAN#56	R5-121128	0009	-	Clarifications to frequencies and bandwidths to be used	9.1.0	9.2.0
2012-06	RAN#56	R5-121129	0010	-	Setting responseTime in ECID test cases	9.1.0	9.2.0
2012-06	RAN#56	R5-121130	0011	-	Modifications to signalling used in OTDOA test cases	9.1.0	9.2.0
2012-06	RAN#56	R5-121908	0012	-	Adding operating band 26 to TS 37.571-1	9.1.0	9.2.0
2012-06	RAN#56	-	-	-	Added missing contents from R5-121126, R5-121127, R5-121128	9.2.0	9.2.1
2012-06	RAN#56	-	-	-	Upgraded to v10.0.0 with no change.	9.2.1	10.0.0
2012-09	RAN#57	R5-123066	0013	-	Correction to RSTD Measurement Accuracy Tests 9.1.3 and 9.1.4	10.0.0	10.1.0
2012-09	RAN#57	R5-123913	0014	-	Addition of RRM Test Case 9.8.4 TDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy	10.0.0	10.1.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125136	0015	-	Corrections to references	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125188	0016	-	Correction to LPP Message Content for GNSS Moving Scenario Test	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125806	0018	_	New test case 10.1 FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125807	0019	_	New test case 10.2 TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125808	0020	_	New test case 10.3 FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125809	0021	_	New test case 10.4.TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125831	0022	-	Adding bands 28 and 44 to TS 37.571-1	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125847	0023	ļ_	Corrections to procedures for RSTD tests		10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125848	0024	_	Correction of OCNG Patterns for UE Rx - Tx Time Difference Test Cases		10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-125916	0025	-	Add editor's note for value of lprs for test case 9.1.4	10.1.0	10.2.0
2012-12	RAN#58	R5-124120	0026	-	New common text for test cases 10.1 - 10.4 for RSTD for Carrier Aggregation		10.2.0
2013-03	RAN#59	R5-130959	0027		LBS Perf: Corrections to TCs 8.1.1 and 8.1.2	10,2.0	10.3.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131097	0028	-	Removal of Note 1 from OTDOA parameter tables		10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131176	0029	-	Clarification to RSTD Delay Test procedures		10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131943	0030	-	New Test Case for FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD Accuracy		10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131944	0031	-	New Test Case for FDD-FDD inter-frequency RSTD measurement reporting delay		10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131945	0032	-	OTDOA test case alignment with RAN 4	10.3.0	10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131946	0033	-	Corrections to ECID and OTDOA tests Note: same contents as R5-131945 was submitted by accident.		10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131947	0034	-	RSTD test parameter updates	10.3.0	10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131993	0035	-	Test Description for TDD inter-frequency accuracy test case		10.4.0
2013-06	RAN#60	R5-131994	0036	-	New test case for TDD inter-frequency RSTD reporting delay 9.2.2	10.3.0	10.4.0
	RAN#61	R5-133173	0037	-	Tidy up of Table 9.2.1.4.1-1		10.5.0

					Change history		1
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Re v	Subject/Comment TS 36.571-1	Old	New
2013-09	RAN#61	R5-133174	0038	-	Corrections to ECID and OTDOA tests	10.4.0	10.5.0
2013-09	RAN#61	R5-133375	0039	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 9.1.1 and 9.1.2	10.4.0	10.5.0
2013-09	RAN#61	R5-133378	0040	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 9.1.3 and 9.1.4	10.4.0	10.5.0
2013-09	RAN#61	R5-133848	0041	-	LBS Perf: Uncertainties and test tolerances for TCs 8.1.1 and 8.1.2	10.4.0	10.5.0
2013-09	RAN#61	R5-133885	0042	1-	LBS Perf: Revision of test procedure for TC-s 8.1.1-2	10.4.0	10.5.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134200	0043	-	Updates to ECID and RSTD tests following RAN 4 updates		10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134202	0044	-	Addition of Capability exchange in ECID and RSTD tests	10.5.0	10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134205	0045	-	Addition of Applicabilities for 9.2.1 - 9.2.5	10.5.0	10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134849	0046	-	Addition of missing acknowledgements in ECID tests		10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134850	0047	1-	Corrections to references for OCNG and RMC	10.5.0	10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134899	0048	-	Introduction 8.1.3 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felCIC)		10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134970	0049	-	Introduction 8.1.4 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felCIC)		10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134979	0050	-	Addition of new tests 10.1a, 10.2a, 10.3a and 10.4a for 20MHz CA	10.5.0	10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-134980	0051	-	LBS Perf: Corrections to RSTD reporting tests		10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-135016	0052	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 9.2.1 and 9.2.2		10.6.0
2013-12	RAN#62	R5-135018	0053	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 9.2.4 and 9.2.5		10.6.0
2014-03	RAN#63	R5-140107	0054	-	Corrections to PRS_RA in RSTD tests		10.7.0
2014-03	RAN#63	R5-140278	0055	-	Addition of E-UTRA band groups		10.7.0
2014-03	RAN#63	R5-140308	0056	-	LBS RF: Aperiodic CQI configuration for 1.4 MHz bandwidth subtests		10.7.0
2014-03	RAN#63	R5-141033	0057	-	RSTD test case updates		10.7.0
2014-03	RAN#63	R5-140875	0058	-	Additions to TC 8.1.6 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felCIC)		11.0.0
2014-03	RAN#63	R5-141010	0059	-	Additions to TC 8.1.5 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felCIC)		11.0.0
2014-06	RAN#64	R5-142098	0060	-	Corrections for OCNG patterns defined in RSTD Tables		11.1.0
2014-06	RAN#64	R5-142211	0061	-	Additions to felCIC UE Rx-Tx test cases in Annex C		11.1.0
2014-06	RAN#64	R5-142302	0062	-	LBS RF: Aperiodic CQI configuration for 1.4 MHz bandwidth tests		11.1.0
2014-06	RAN#64	R5-143109	0063	-	Additions to TC 8.1.6 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felCIC)		11.1.0
2014-06	RAN#64	R5-143111	0064	-	Additions to FDD interruption requirements for SCell		11.1.0
2014-06	RAN#64	R5-143180	0065	-	Additions to TC 8.1.5 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felCIC)	11.0.0	11.1.0
2014-06	RAN#64	R5-143211	0066	-	LBS RF: Update of RSTD tests		11.1.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144080	0068	-	Corrections to RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation tests		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144125	0069	-	Corrections to Physical Cell Id (PCI) Configuration Conditions in UE Rx-Tx time difference felCIC		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144193	0072	-	Cell-specific test parameters for E-UTRAN		11.2.0
2014-09 2014-09	RAN#65 RAN#65	R5-144215 R5-144409	0081	-	Clarification to RSTD Reporting Delay tests Update to initial conditions and measurement procedure in for		11.2.0 11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144553	0084	+-	UTRA A-GPS and A-GNSS tests Removal of editors note in TC 9.1.4	11 1 0	11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144620	0085	1	Updates OTDOA Neighbour Cell Info List		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144763	0086	-	Correction for RSTD Measurement Accuracy in CA requirements in RRM		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144789	0070	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 10.1, 10.1A, 10.2 and 10.2A	11.1.0	11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144790	0071	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 10.3, 10.3A, 10.4 and 10.4A	11.1.0	11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144791	0082	1-	Updates to Annex E of TS 37.571-1	11.1.0	11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144792	0087	1-	RSTD tests RAN 4 alignment		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144865	0088	-	Editor's note to PRS levels with fading		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144870	0089	-	Corrections to Note 3 for RSTD CA tests		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144914	0090	-	Corrections to TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation		11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144915	0091	1-	RSTD CA Measurement Accuracy connection diagrams	11.1.0	11.2.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144203	0073	-	Addition of new TC 10.1B FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay CA for 5+5MHz		12.0.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144204	0074	-	Addition of new TC 10.1C FDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay CA for 10+5MHz	11.2.0	12.0.0

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Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Re v	Subject/Comment TS 36.571-1	Old	New
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144205	0075	-	Addition of new TC 10.2B TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay CA for 5+5MHz	11.2.0	12.0.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144206	0076	-	Addition of new TC 10.2C TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay CA for 10+5MHz	11.2.0	12.0.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144207	0077	-	Addition of new TC 10.3B FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy CA for 5+5MHz	11.2.0	12.0.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144208	0078	-	Addition of new TC 10.3C FDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy CA for 10+5MHz	11.2.0	12.0.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144209	0079	-	Addition of new TC 10.4B TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy CA for 5+5MHz	11.2.0	12.0.0
2014-09	RAN#65	R5-144210	0800	-	Addition of new TC 10.4C TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy CA for 10+5MHz	11.2.0	12.0.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145133	0092	-	Update Galileo ICD reference	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145211	0093	-	lo value incorrectly calculated		12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145212	0094	-	Editorial Note clarification		12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145213	0095	-	Alignment of Es/Nos value		12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145214	0096	-	Duplicated lo values listed in RSTD tables		12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145215	0097	-	Correction to References in Specification		12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145254	0098	-	LBS Perf: Corrections to measurement gap configuration		12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145490	0099	-	Test Tolerances for TC 8.1.5 E-UTRAN FDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felClC)		12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145491	0100	-	Test Tolerances for TC 8.1.6 E-UTRAN TDD UE Rx-Tx time difference (felClC)	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145492	0101	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances to Annex C for felCIC UE Rx- Tx test cases	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145502	0102	-	Correction to periodicity of ABS pattern in UE RX-TX time difference for felClC	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145503	0103	-	Introduction of BDS testing in Annex C of 37.571	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145510	0104	-	Correction to Annex E notes and tables	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145836	0105	-	Changes to RSTD tests to align with RAN 4	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145843	0106	-	Introduction of felCIC applicability statement for UE Rx-TX Time Difference test cases		
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145864	0107	-	Introduction of content for BDS and UTRA TDD UE in section 1-3 of TS 37.571-1	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12 2014-12	RAN#66 RAN#66	R5-145865 R5-145870	0108 0109	-	Introduction of content for BDS in section 4 in TS 37.571-1 Corrections to measurement procedures for UTRA A-GPS and A-GNSS tests		12.1.0 12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145871	0110	-	Correction to UE Rx-Tx Time difference tests	12.0.0	12.1.0
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145920	0111	-	Introduction of test cases for BDS and UTRA TDD UE in section 6 of TS 37.571-1	12.0.0	
2014-12	RAN#66	R5-145930	0112	-	Introduction of test cases for BDS in section 7 of TS 37.571-1	12.0.0	12.1.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150051	0113	-	Updates to RSTD values and terminology following changes in RAN 4	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150074	0114	-	Remove incorrect note from CA RSTD accuracy tests	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150082	0115	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 10.1, 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.1C, 10.2, 10.2A, 10.2B, and 10.2C	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150085	0116	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test cases 10.3B, 10.3C, 10.4B, and 10.4C	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150107	0117	-	Corrections to table headings in CA RSTD tests	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150378	0118	-	Very minor corrections to references for felCIC test cases, 8.1.5 and 8.1.6	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150609	0119	-	Abbrevation Corrections for BDS in 37.571-1	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150833	0120	-	Addition of BDS ICD reference		12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150834	0121	-	Corrections to BDS Test Requirements for Minimum Performance tests	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150835	0122	-	The lo Unit Parameter is Incorrect	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150836	0123	-	Inconsistent Text Referenced		12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150837	0124	-	Missing Abbreviations in Specification		12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150888	0125	-	New TC: TDD RSTD Measurement Accuracy for Carrier Aggregation for 20MHz+10MHz bandwidth		12.2.0
2015-03	RAN#67	R5-150911	0126	-	New TC: TDD RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay for Carrier Aggregation for 20MHz +10MHz Bandwidth	12.1.0	12.2.0
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151070	0128	1-	Delete "FFS" from ECID test conditions	12.2.0	12.3.0
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151083	0129	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test case 10.2D		12.3.0
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151085	0130	1-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD test case 10.4D		12.3.0
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151086	0131	-	RSTD accuracy changes for Rel-12		12.3.0
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151088	0132	1-	Formatting error in Parameter Sensitivity Coarse Tables		12.3.0
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151089	0133	1-	Incorrect Expected RSTD value in Table 9.2.5.4.1-1		12.3.0
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151162	0135	-	Correction of the TPR of Absolute GNSS signal level for		12.3.0
	<u> </u>				Dynamic Range		

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2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151331	0136	-	Addition of band 32 to 37.571-1	12.2.0	12.3.0				
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151335	0137	-	Corrections to message contents for felCIC TCs in 37.571-1	12.2.0	12.3.0				
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151912	0134	1	LPP responseTime update and correction	12.2.0	12.3.0				
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151913	0138	1	Introduction of new test case 8.1.3 to 37.571-1	12.2.0	12.3.0				
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-151914	0139	1	Introduction of new test case 8.1.4 to 37.571-1	12.2.0	12.3.0				
2015-06	RAN#68	R5-152014	0127	1	Add TDD to A-GNSS testing	12.2.0	12.3.0				
2015-09	RAN#69	R5-153253	0140	-	CA LBS: Clarification of PHICH configuration	12.3.0	12.4.0				
2015-09	RAN#69	R5-153661	0144	-	Update of Galileo OS SIS ICD reference	12.3.0	12.4.0				
2015-09	RAN#69	R5-153863	0143	1	Update of felCIC Test cases 8.1.5 and 8.1.6	12.3.0	12.4.0				
2015-09	RAN#69	R5-153864	0141	1	Update of elCIC Test case 8.1.3	12.3.0	12.4.0				
2015-09	RAN#69	R5-153865	0142	1	Update of elCIC Test case 8.1.4	12.3.0	12.4.0				

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Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Re v	Subject/Comment TS 36.571-1	Old	New	
2015-09	RAN#69	-	-	-	update of the "non-specific references" in section 2 according to the approved R5-153582 and an action point on ETSI MCC	12.3.0	12.4.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155018	0145	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD Test Cases 10.3A_1 and 10.4A_1	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155035	0146	-	Incorrect Table Note referenced in LPP Request Table	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155063	0149	-	Incorrect references in TDD test cases	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155064	0150	-	Reference [2] has no explanation	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155065	0151	-	Remove square brackets from RSTD tests	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155066	0152	-	Incorrect Section number referenced	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155081	0153	-	Editorial changes to correct Section and Table references	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-155875	0154	1	Two new 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay test cases	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2015-12	RAN#70	R5-156111	0155	1	Two new 3 DL CA RSTD Measurement Accuracy test cases	12.4.0	12.5.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	R5-160041	0156	-	Correction to Cells in OTDOA 3DL RSTD Measurement	12.5.0	12.6.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	R5-160900	0164	-	Add Cell values in RSTD Table for 3DL RSTD	12.5.0	12.6.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	R5-160909	0157	1	Correction of Cell Time offset in RSTD CA	12.5.0	12.6.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	R5-161016	0161	1	Add Cell values in OTDOA table for 3DL RSTD Measurement Reporting Delay	12.5.0	12.6.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	R5-161053	0158	1	Correction to Trstd values in 3DL RSTD Measurement Accuracy test cases	12.5.0	12.6.0	
2016-03	RAN#71	R5-161054	0160	1	Addition of antenna diagram Figure for 3DL CA test cases	12.5.0	12.6.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	R5-162114	0165	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD Test Cases 10.5 and 10.6	12.6.0	12.7.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	R5-162116	0166	-	Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for RSTD Test Cases 10.7 and 10.8	12.6.0	12.7.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	R5-163116	0167	1	Uncertainties and Test tolerances for TS 37.571-1 Test cases 8.1.3 and 8.1.4	12.6.0	12.7.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	R5-162970	0168	1	Add missing LTE FDD TDD bands to E-UTRA Band Groups	12.7.0	13.0.0	
2016-06	RAN#72	R5-162971	0169	1	Add missing LTE FDD band to Annex E	12.7.0	13.0.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-165350	0179	-	Incorrect FDD Band reference noted for Band 32	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-165360	0181	-	Correct editorial changes in Annex C of 37.571-1	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-166125	0173	1	Updates to the UE Rx – Tx Time Difference tests for Rel-12 onwards	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-166126	0178	1	Add missing references to GPS and Galileo and A-GPS and A-Galileo	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-166127	0180	1	Add Derivation of Test Requirements for test cases 8.1.5 and 8.1.6	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-166168	0182	1	Addition of performance test specification for Indoor Positioning Enhancements (MBS)	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-166179	0171	1	Addition of editor"s notes for TDD UE Rx-TX tests	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-09	RAN#73	R5-166181	0174	1	Unification of Channel BW testing requirements for OTDOA 3 DL CA test cases	13.0.0	13.1.0	

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2016-09	RAN#73	R5-166283	0183	-	Change of Reference Channel for 1.4 MHz RSTD tests	13.0.0	13.1.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	R5-168060	0185	-	Change references to Reference Channel for RSTD tests	13.1.0	13.2.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	R5-168063	0186	-	Change of applicability of UE Rx-Tx tests for TDD	13.1.0	13.2.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	R5-168147	0187	-	Corrections for errors in 37.571-1	13.1.0	13.2.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	R5-169602	0184	1	Addition of test tolerances to the performance test specification for Indoor Positioning Enhancements (MBS)	13.1.0	13.2.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	R5-169611	0190	1	Clarification of MBS beacon code phase delay	13.1.0	13.2.0	
2016-12	RAN#74	R5-169663	0188	1	Editorial correction on OTDOA TC10.6	13.1.0	13.2.0	

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V13.1.0	November 2016	Publication					
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