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In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

shall indicates a mandatory requirement to do somethingshall not indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

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The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

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should not indicates a recommendation not to do something

may indicates permission to do something

need not indicates permission not to do something

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can indicates that something is possiblecannot indicates that something is impossible

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

will indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

will not indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an

agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the

behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the coding, multiplexing and mapping to physical channels for 5G NR.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [1] [2] void. [3] void. [4] 3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation". 3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control". [5] [6] 3GPP TS 38.214: "NR; Physical layer procedures for data". [7] void. [8] 3GPP TS 38.321: "NR; Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification". [9] 3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification". 3GPP TS 38.473: "NG-RAN; F1 Application Protocol (F1AP)". [10] 3GPP TS 36.212: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Multiplexing and [11]channel coding". [12] 3GPP TS 23.287: "Architecture enhancements for 5G System (5GS) to support Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services". [13] 3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone". [14] 3GPP TS 37.213: "Physical layer procedures for shared spectrum channel access".

3 Definitions of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

3.2 Symbols

Void.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

BCH Broadcast Channel

CAPC Channel Access Priority Class

CBG Code Block Group

CBGTI Code Block Group Transmission Information

CG Configured Grant

CG-DFI CG - Downlink Feedback Information
CG-UCI CG - Uplink Control Information

Control Resource Ret CORESET COT Channel Occupancy Time CQI **Channel Quality Indicator CRC** Cyclic Redundancy Check **CSI-RS** Resource Indicator CRI **Channel State Information** CSI CSI-RS CSI - Reference Signal DAI Downlink Assignment Index DCI **Downlink Control Information**

DL Downlink

DL-SCH Downlink - Shared Channel
DMRS Demodulation Reference Signal
HARQ Hybrid Automatic repeat Request

HARQ-ACK Hybrid Automatic repeat Request - Acknowledgement

LDPC Low Density Parity Check

LI Layer Indicator

MBS Multicast Broadcast Services
MCS Modulation and Coding Scheme
NCR Network-controlled repeater

OFDM Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplex

PBCH Physical Broadcast Channel

PCH Paging Channel

PDCCH Physical Downlink Control Channel PDSCH Physical Downlink Shared Channel

PMI Precoding Matrix Indicator PRB Physical Resource Block

Physical Random Access Channel **PRACH** Physical Sidelink Broadcast Channel **PSBCH PSCCH** Physical Sidelink Control Channel **PSFCH** Physical Sidelink Feedback Channel **PSSCH** Physical Sidelink Shared Channel Phase-Tracking Reference Signal **PTRS PUCCH** Physical Uplink Control Channel **PUSCH** Physical Uplink Shared Channel

RACH Random Access Channel

RI Rank Indicator

RSRP Reference Signal Received Power SCI Sidelink Control Information

SFCI Sidelink Feedback Control Information

SFN System Frame Number

SL Sidelink

SL-BCH Sidelink - Broadcast Channel

SL PRS Sidelink Positioning Reference Signal

SL-SCH Sidelink - Shared Channel
SR Scheduling Request
SRS Sounding Reference Signal
SS Synchronisation Signal
SUL Supplementary Uplink

TCI Transmission Configuration Indicator

TPC Transmit Power Control
TrCH Transport Channel

UCI Uplink Control Information

UE User Equipment

UL Uplink

UL-SCH Uplink Shared Channel

UTO-UCI Unused Transmission Occasion - Uplink Control Information

VRB Virtual Resource Block ZP CSI-RS Zero power CSI-RS

4 Mapping to physical channels

4.1 Uplink

Table 4.1-1 specifies the mapping of the uplink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 4.1-2 specifies the mapping of the uplink control channel information to its corresponding physical channel.

Table 4.1-1

TrCH	Physical Channel
UL-SCH	PUSCH
RACH	PRACH

Table 4.1-2

Control information	Physical Channel
UCI	PUCCH, PUSCH

4.2 Downlink

Table 4.2-1 specifies the mapping of the downlink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels.

Table 4.2-2 specifies the mapping of the downlink control channel information to its corresponding physical channel.

Table 4.2-1

TrCH	Physical Channel
DL-SCH	PDSCH
BCH	PBCH
PCH	PDSCH

Table 4.2-2

Control information	Physical Channel
DCI	PDCCH

4.3 Sidelink

Table 4.3-1 specifies the mapping of the sidelink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 4.3-2 specifies the mapping of the sidelink control information and sidelink feedback control information to their corresponding physical channels.

Table 4.3-1

TrCH	Physical Channel
SL-SCH	PSSCH
SL-BCH	PSBCH

Table 4.3-2

Control information	Physical Channel
1st-stage SCI	PSCCH
2 nd -stage SCI	PSSCH
SFCI	PSFCH

5 General procedures

Data and control streams from/to MAC layer are encoded /decoded to offer transport and control services over the radio transmission link. Channel coding scheme is a combination of error detection, error correcting, rate matching, interleaving and transport channel or control information mapping onto/splitting from physical channels.

5.1 CRC calculation

Denote the input bits to the CRC computation by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$, and the parity bits by $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$, where A is the size of the input sequence and L is the number of parity bits. The parity bits are generated by one of the following cyclic generator polynomials:

- $g_{\text{CRC24A}}(D) = [D^{24} + D^{23} + D^{18} + D^{17} + D^{14} + D^{11} + D^{10} + D^7 + D^6 + D^5 + D^4 + D^3 + D + 1]$ for a CRC length L = 24:
- $g_{\text{CRC24B}}(D) = [D^{24} + D^{23} + D^6 + D^5 + D + 1]$ for a CRC length L = 24;
- $g_{CRC24C}(D) = [D^{24} + D^{23} + D^{21} + D^{20} + D^{17} + D^{15} + D^{13} + D^{12} + D^{8} + D^{4} + D^{2} + D + 1]$ for a CRC length L = 24;
- $g_{CRC16}(D) = [D^{16} + D^{12} + D^5 + 1]$ for a CRC length L = 16;
- $g_{CPCII}(D) = [D^{11} + D^{10} + D^9 + D^5 + 1]$ for a CRC length L=11;
- $g_{CRC6}(D) = [D^6 + D^5 + 1]$ for a CRC length L = 6.

The encoding is performed in a systematic form, which means that in GF(2), the polynomial:

$$a_0 D^{A+L-1} + a_1 D^{A+L-2} + ... + a_{A-1} D^L + p_0 D^{L-1} + p_1 D^{L-2} + ... + p_{L-2} D^1 + p_{L-1}$$

yields a remainder equal to 0 when divided by the corresponding CRC generator polynomial.

The bits after CRC attachment are denoted by $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$, where B = A + L. The relation between a_k and b_k is:

$$b_k = a_k$$
 for $k = 0,1,2,...,A-1$

$$b_k = p_{k-A}$$
 for $k = A, A+1, A+2,..., A+L-1$.

5.2 Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment

5.2.1 Polar coding

The input bit sequence to the code block segmentation is denoted by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$, where A > 0.

```
if I_{seg} = 1

Number of code blocks: C = 2; else

Number of code blocks: C = 1 end if

A' = \lceil A/C \rceil \cdot C; for i = 0 to A' - A - 1

a'_i = 0; end for for i = A' - A to A' - 1

a'_i = a_{i-(A'-A)};
```

end for

s=0;

for r=0 to C-1

for k = 0 to A'/C-1

 $c_{rk} = a'_s$;

s = s + 1;

end for

The sequence $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(A'/C-1)}$ is used to calculate the CRC parity bits $p_{r0}, p_{r1}, p_{r2}, ..., p_{r(L-1)}$ according to Clause 5.1 with a generator polynomial of length L.

for k = A'/C to A'/C + L - 1 $c_{rk} = p_{r(k-A'/C)};$

end for

end for

The value of A is no larger than 1706.

5.2.2 Low density parity check coding

The input bit sequence to the code block segmentation is denoted by $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$, where B > 0. If B is larger than the maximum code block size K_{cb} , segmentation of the input bit sequence is performed and an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 bits is attached to each code block.

For LDPC base graph 1, the maximum code block size is:

-
$$K_{cb} = 8448$$
.

For LDPC base graph 2, the maximum code block size is:

$$-K_{\rm cb} = 3840.$$

Total number of code blocks *C* is determined by:

if $B \leq K_{ch}$

L=0

Number of code blocks: C = 1

B' = B

else

L = 24

Number of code blocks: $C = [B/(K_{ch} - L)].$

$$B' = B + C \cdot L$$

end if

The bits output from code block segmentation are denoted by $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$, where $0 \le r < C$ is the code block number, and $K_r = K$ is the number of bits for the code block number r.

The number of bits K in each code block is calculated as:

K'=B'/C;

For LDPC base graph 1,

 $K_b = 22$.

For LDPC base graph 2,

if B > 640

 $K_b = 10$;

elseif B > 560

 $K_b = 9$;

elseif B > 192

 $K_b = 8$;

else

 $K_b = 6$;

end if

find the minimum value of Z in all sets of lifting sizes in Table 5.3.2-1, denoted as Z_c , such that $K_b \cdot Z_c \ge K'$, and set $K = 22Z_c$ for LDPC base graph 1 and $K = 10Z_c$ for LDPC base graph 2;

The bit sequence c_{rk} is calculated as:

```
s=0:
for r=0 to C-1
   for k = 0 to K'-L-1
       c_{rk} = b_s.
        s = s + 1:
   end for
   if C > 1
       The sequence c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K'-L-1)} is used to calculate the CRC parity bits p_{r0}, p_{r1}, p_{r2}, ..., p_{r(L-1)}
       according to Clause 5.1 with the generator polynomial g_{CRC24B}(D).
        for k = K'-L to K'-1
            c_{rk} = p_{r(k+L-K')}.
       end for
   end if
   for k = K' to K - 1 -- Insertion of filler bits
        c_{rk} = < NULL >
    end for
end for
```

5.3 Channel coding

Usage of coding scheme for the different types of TrCH is shown in table 5.3-1. Usage of coding scheme for the different control information types is shown in table 5.3-2.

Table 5.3-1: Usage of channel coding scheme for TrCHs

TrCH	Coding scheme
UL-SCH	
DL-SCH	LDPC
PCH	
BCH	Polar code

Table 5.3-2: Usage of channel coding scheme for control information

Control Information	Coding scheme
DCI	Polar code
UCI	Block code
UCI	Polar code

5.3.1 Polar coding

The bit sequence input for a given code block to channel coding is denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$, where K is the number of bits to encode. After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$, where $N = 2^n$ and the value of n is determined by the following:

Denote by E the rate matching output sequence length as given in Clause 5.4.1;

If
$$E \leq (9/8) \cdot 2^{\lceil \log_2 E \rceil - 1 \rceil}$$
 and $K/E < 9/16$
$$n_1 = \lceil \log_2 E \rceil - 1;$$
 else
$$n_1 = \lceil \log_2 E \rceil;$$
 end if
$$R_{\min} = 1/8;$$

$$n_2 = \lceil \log_2 (K/R_{\min}) \rceil;$$

$$n = \max \{ \min\{n_1, n_2, n_{\max}\}, n_{\min} \}$$
 where $n_{\min} = 5$.

UE is not expected to be configured with $K + n_{PC} > E$, where n_{PC} is the number of parity check bits defined in Clause 5.3.1.2.

5.3.1.1 Interleaving

The bit sequence $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$ is interleaved into bit sequence $c'_0, c'_1, c'_2, c'_3, ..., c'_{K-1}$ as follows:

$$c'_{k} = c_{\Pi(k)}, k = 0,1,...,K-1$$

where the interleaving pattern $\Pi(k)$ is given by the following:

```
if I_{IL}=0 \Pi(k)=k \ , \ k=0,1,...,K-1 else k=0 \ ; for m=0 to K_{IL}^{\max}-1 if \Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m) \geq K_{IL}^{\max}-K \Pi(k)=\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)-\left(K_{IL}^{\max}-K\right); k=k+1 \ ; end if end for end if
```

where $\Pi_{IL}^{\text{max}}(m)$ is given by Table 5.3.1.1-1 and $K_{IL}^{\text{max}} = 164$.

m	$\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)$	m	$\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)$	m	$\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)$	m	$\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)$	m	$\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)$	m	$\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)$
0	0	28	67	56	122	84	68	112	33	140	38
1	2	29	69	57	123	85	73	113	36	141	144
2	4	30	70	58	126	86	78	114	44	142	39
3	7	31	71	59	127	87	84	115	47	143	145
4	9	32	72	60	129	88	90	116	64	144	40
5	14	33	76	61	132	89	92	117	74	145	146
6	19	34	77	62	134	90	94	118	79	146	41
7	20	35	81	63	138	91	96	119	85	147	147
8	24	36	82	64	139	92	99	120	97	148	148
9	25	37	83	65	140	93	102	121	100	149	149
10	26	38	87	66	1	94	105	122	103	150	150
11	28	39	88	67	3	95	107	123	117	151	151
12	31	40	89	68	5	96	109	124	125	152	152
13	34	41	91	69	8	97	112	125	131	153	153
14	42	42	93	70	10	98	114	126	136	154	154
15	45	43	95	71	15	99	116	127	142	155	155
16	49	44	98	72	21	100	121	128	12	156	156
17	50	45	101	73	27	101	124	129	17	157	157
18	51	46	104	74	29	102	128	130	23	158	158
19	53	47	106	75	32	103	130	131	37	159	159
20	54	48	108	76	35	104	133	132	48	160	160
21	56	49	110	77	43	105	135	133	75	161	161
22	58	50	111	78	46	106	141	134	80	162	162
23	59	51	113	79	52	107	6	135	86	163	163
24	61	52	115	80	55	108	11	136	137		
25	62	53	118	81	57	109	16	137	143		
26	65	54	119	82	60	110	22	138	13		
27	66	55	120	83	63	111	30	139	18		

Table 5.3.1.1-1: Interleaving pattern $\Pi_{IL}^{\max}(m)$

5.3.1.2 Polar encoding

The Polar sequence $\mathbf{Q}_0^{N_{\max}-1} = \left\{ \!\! \left[\!\! Q_0^{N_{\max}}, Q_1^{N_{\max}}, \ldots, Q_{N_{\max}-1}^{N_{\max}} \right] \!\! \right\}$ is given by Table 5.3.1.2-1, where $0 \leq Q_i^{N_{\max}} \leq N_{\max} - 1$ denotes a bit index before Polar encoding for $i = 0,1,\ldots,N_{\max}-1$ and $N_{\max} = 1024$. The Polar sequence $\mathbf{Q}_0^{N_{\max}-1}$ is in ascending order of reliability $W\left(Q_0^{N_{\max}}\right) < W\left(Q_1^{N_{\max}}\right) < \ldots < W\left(Q_{N_{\max}-1}^{N_{\max}}\right)$, where $W\left(Q_i^{N_{\max}}\right)$ denotes the reliability of bit index $Q_i^{N_{\max}}$.

For any code block encoded to N bits, a same Polar sequence $\mathbf{Q}_0^{N-1} = \left\{Q_0^N, Q_1^N, Q_2^N, ..., Q_{N-1}^N\right\}$ is used. The Polar sequence \mathbf{Q}_0^{N-1} is a subset of Polar sequence $\mathbf{Q}_0^{N_{\max}-1}$ with all elements $Q_i^{N_{\max}}$ of values less than N, ordered in ascending order of reliability $W\left(Q_0^N\right) < W\left(Q_1^N\right) < W\left(Q_2^N\right) < ... < W\left(Q_{N-1}^N\right)$.

Denote $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I}^{N}$ as a set of bit indices in Polar sequence \mathbf{Q}_{0}^{N-1} , and $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F}^{N}$ as the set of other bit indices in Polar sequence \mathbf{Q}_{0}^{N-1} , where $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I}^{N}$ and $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F}^{N}$ are given in Clause 5.4.1.1, $\left|\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I}^{N}\right| = K + n_{PC}$, $\left|\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F}^{N}\right| = N - \left|\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I}^{N}\right|$, and n_{PC} is the number of parity check bits.

Denote $\mathbf{G}_N = (\mathbf{G}_2)^{\otimes n}$ as the *n*-th Kronecker power of matrix \mathbf{G}_2 , where $\mathbf{G}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

For a bit index j with j=0,1,...,N-1, denote \mathbf{g}_j as the j-th row of \mathbf{G}_N and $w(\mathbf{g}_j)$ as the row weight of \mathbf{g}_j , where $w(\mathbf{g}_j)$ is the number of ones in \mathbf{g}_j . Denote the set of bit indices for parity check bits as \mathbf{Q}_{PC}^N , where $|\mathbf{Q}_{PC}^N| = n_{PC}$. A number of n_{PC}^{vm} parity check bits are placed in the n_{PC}^{vm} least reliable bit indices in \mathbf{Q}_I^N . A number of n_{PC}^{vm} other parity check bits are placed in the bit indices of minimum row weight in \mathbf{Q}_I^N , where \mathbf{Q}_I^N denotes the $\mathbf{Q}_I^N - n_{PC}$ most reliable bit indices in \mathbf{Q}_I^N ; if there are more than n_{PC}^{vm} bit indices of the same minimum row weight in \mathbf{Q}_I^N , the n_{PC}^{vm} other parity check bits are placed in the n_{PC}^{vm} bit indices of the highest reliability and the minimum row weight in \mathbf{Q}_I^N .

Generate $\mathbf{u} = [u_0 \ u_1 \ u_2 \dots u_{N-1}]$ according to the following:

```
k = 0;
if n_{PC} > 0
    y_0 = 0; y_1 = 0; y_2 = 0; y_3 = 0; y_4 = 0;
    for n = 0 to N - 1
         y_t = y_0; y_0 = y_1; y_1 = y_2; y_2 = y_3; y_3 = y_4; y_4 = y_t;
        if n \in \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I}^{N}
            if n \in \mathbf{Q}_{PC}^N
                u_n = y_0;
             else
                 u_n = c_k;
                 k = k + 1;
                 y_0 = y_0 \oplus u_n;
             end if
         else
             u_n = 0;
        end if
    end for
else
    for n = 0 to N - 1
        if n \in \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I}^{N}
            u_n = c_k;
             k = k + 1;
        else
             u_n = 0;
        end if
    end for
```

The output after encoding $\mathbf{d} = \begin{bmatrix} d_0 & d_1 & d_2 & \dots & d_{N-1} \end{bmatrix}$ is obtained by $\mathbf{d} = \mathbf{u}\mathbf{G}_N$. The encoding is performed in GF(2).

Table 5.3.1.2-1: Polar sequence $\mathbf{Q}_0^{N_{\max}-1}$ and its corresponding reliability $W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$

$W\!\!\left(\!Q_{\!\scriptscriptstyle i}^{N_{ m max}} ight)$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{ m max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{\mathrm{max}}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{\mathrm{max}}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{\mathrm{max}}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{\mathrm{max}}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$
0	0	128	518	256	94	384	214	512	364	640	414	768	819	896	966
1	1	129	54	257	204	385	309	513	654	641	223	769	814	897	755
2	2	130	83	258	298	386	188	514	659	642	663	770	439	898	859
3	4	131	57	259	400	387	449	515	335	643	692	771	929	899	940

$W\!\!\left(\!Q_{\!\scriptscriptstyle i}^{N_{ m max}} ight)$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$												
4	8	132	521	260	608	388	217	516	480	644	835	772	490	900	830
5	16	133	112	261	352	389	408	517	315	645	619	773	623	901	911
6	32	134	135	262	325	390	609	518	221	646	472	774	671	902	871
7	3	135	78	263	533	391	596	519	370	647	455	775	739	903	639
8	5	136	289	264	155	392	551	520	613	648	796	776	916	904	888
9	64 9	137 138	194 85	265 266	210 305	393 394	650 229	521 522	422 425	649 650	809 714	777 778	463 843	905 906	479 946
11	6	139	276	267	547	395	159	523	451	651	721	779	381	907	750
12	17	140	522	268	300	396	420	524	614	652	837	780	497	908	969
13	10	141	58	269	109	397	310	525	543	653	716	781	930	909	508
14	18	142	168	270	184	398	541	526	235	654	864	782	821	910	861
15	128	143	139	271	534	399	773	527	412	655	810	783	726	911	757
16	12	144	99	272	537	400	610	528	343	656	606	784	961	912	970
17	33	145	86	273	115	401	657	529	372	657	912	785	872	913	919
18	65	146	60	274	167	402	333	530	775	658	722	786	492	914	875
19 20	20 256	147	280 89	275 276	225	403 404	119	531	317 222	659	696	787 788	631 729	915 916	862
21	34	148 149	290	277	326 306	404	600 339	532 533	426	660 661	377 435	789	700	916	758 948
22	24	150	529	278	772	406	218	534	453	662	817	790	443	918	977
23	36	151	524	279	157	407	368	535	237	663	319	791	741	919	923
24	7	152	196	280	656	408	652	536	559	664	621	792	845	920	972
25	129	153	141	281	329	409	230	537	833	665	812	793	920	921	761
26	66	154	101	282	110	410	391	538	804	666	484	794	382	922	877
27	512	155	147	283	117	411	313	539	712	667	430	795	822	923	952
28	11	156	176	284	212	412	450	540	834	668	838	796	851	924	495
29	40	157	142	285	171	413	542	541	661	669	667	797	730	925	703
30	68	158	530	286	776	414	334	542	808	670	488	798	498	926	935
31 32	130 19	159 160	321 31	287 288	330 226	415 416	233 555	543 544	779 617	671 672	239 378	799 800	742	927 928	978 883
33	13	161	200	289	549	417	774	545	604	673	459	801	445	929	762
34	48	162	90	290	538	418	175	546	433	674	622	802	471	930	503
35	14	163	545	291	387	419	123	547	720	675	627	803	635	931	925
36	72	164	292	292	308	420	658	548	816	676	437	804	932	932	878
37	257	165	322	293	216	421	612	549	836	677	380	805	687	933	735
38	21	166	532	294	416	422	341	550	347	678	818	806	903	934	993
39	132	167	263	295	271	423	777	551	897	679	461	807	825	935	885
40	35	168	149	296	279	424	220	552	243	680	496	808	500	936	939
41 42	258 26	169	102	297 298	158 337	425	314 424	553 554	662 454	681 682	669	809	846	937 938	994
43	513	170 171	105 304	299	550	426 427	395	555	318	683	679 724	810 811	745 826	939	980 926
44	80	172	296	300	672	428	673	556	675	684	841	812	732	940	764
45	37	173	163	301	118	429	583	557	618	685	629	813	446	941	941
46	25	174	92	302	332	430	355	558	898	686	351	814	962	942	967
47	22	175	47	303	579	431	287	559	781	687	467	815	936	943	886
48	136	176	267	304	540	432	183	560	376	688	438	816	475	944	831
49	260	177	385	305	389	433	234	561	428	689	737	817	853	945	947
50	264	178	546	306	173	434	125	562	665	690	251	818	867	946	507
51	38	179	324	307	121	435	557	563	736	691	462	819	637	947	889
52	514	180	208	308	553	436	660	564	567	692	442	820	907	948	984
53 54	96 67	181 182	386 150	309 310	199 784	437 438	616 342	565 566	840 625	693 694	441 469	821 822	487 695	949 950	751 942
55	41	183	153	311	179	439	316	567	238	695	247	823	746	950	996
56	144	184	165	312	228	440	241	568	359	696	683	824	828	952	971
57	28	185	106	313	338	441	778	569	457	697	842	825	753	953	890
58	69	186	55	314	312	442	563	570	399	698	738	826	854	954	509
59	42	187	328	315	704	443	345	571	787	699	899	827	857	955	949
60	516	188	536	316	390	444	452	572	591	700	670	828	504	956	973
61	49	189	577	317	174	445	397	573	678	701	783	829	799	957	1000
62	74	190	548	318	554	446	403	574	434	702	849	830	255	958	892
63 64	272 160	191 192	113 154	319 320	581 393	447 448	207 674	575 576	677 349	703 704	820 728	831 832	964	959 960	950
65	520	192	79	320	283	448	558	577	245	704	928	832	719	960	863 759
66	288	194	269	322	122	450	785	578	458	706	791	834	477	962	1008
67	528	195	108	323	448	451	432	579	666	707	367	835	915	963	510
68	192	196	578	324	353	452	357	580	620	708	901	836	638	964	979
69	544	197	224	325	561	453	187	581	363	709	630	837	748	965	953
70	70	198	166	326	203	454	236	582	127	710	685	838	944	966	763
71	44	199	519	327	63	455	664	583	191	711	844	839	869	967	974
72	131	200	552	328	340	456	624	584	782	712	633	840	491	968	954
73	81	201	195	329	394	457	587	585	407	713	711	841	699	969	879
74	50	202	270	330	527	458	780	586	436	714	253	842	754	970	981
75	73	203	641	331	582	459	705	587	626	715	691	843	858	971	982

T8	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{ m max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$	$W(Q_i^{N_{\max}})$	$Q_i^{N_{ m max}}$										
T8		15	204	523		556	460	126	588	571		824		478		927
Togo		320	205	275	333	181	461	242	589	465		902	845	968	973	995
80 23 208 59 336 232 464 346 592 707 720 880 481 815 976 887 81 134 209 169 337 124 466 456 4583 350 571 375 849 976 977 985 82 384 210 560 338 205 466 358 594 599 722 444 850 870 978 997 83 76 211 114 339 812 460 505 686 763 470 881 917 977 978 987 388 852 213 156 341 565 469 569 597 746 485 882 971 980 393 891 891 891 892 215 197 343 585 471 595 599 882 272 905 855 <t< td=""><td></td><td>133</td><td>206</td><td>580</td><td></td><td></td><td>462</td><td>565</td><td>590</td><td>681</td><td></td><td>686</td><td>846</td><td>383</td><td>974</td><td>765</td></t<>		133	206	580			462	565	590	681		686	846	383	974	765
81 134 209 169 337 124 465 483 350 721 375 849 976 977 985 82 384 210 560 338 205 466 358 594 599 722 444 850 870 978 997 84 137 212 277 340 643 468 303 596 790 724 483 852 272 799 986 85 82 213 156 341 562 489 569 597 460 725 445 883 383 98 381 881 89 392 217 1975 885 859 393 887 27 216 116 344 299 472 189 600 573 728 795 885 791 983 766 881 97 216 116 344 299 472	79	52	207	291	335	285	463	398	591	246	719	740	847	910	975	956
82 384 210 560 338 205 466 358 594 599 722 444 880 870 97 98 84 137 212 277 340 643 468 303 596 790 724 483 852 727 980 943 85 82 213 156 341 562 469 569 597 740 725 415 885 472 780 724 483 882 727 180 88 97 216 116 344 299 472 189 90 255 771 985 596 862 727 905 855 701 983 760 183 842 188 97 216 116 344 294 721 190 682 727 905 855 701 983 766 985 99 213 382 984 811 1	80	23	208	59	336	232	464	346	592	707	720	850	848	815	976	887
83 76 211 114 339 182 467 405 595 668 723 470 851 917 979 986 84 137 212 277 340 643 468 303 596 790 724 483 852 227 980 943 86 56 214 87 342 286 470 224 598 249 726 485 854 873 982 998 87 27 215 197 343 286 471 595 599 682 727 905 855 701 983 786 88 97 216 116 344 299 472 189 600 573 728 795 856 931 984 511 93 342 847 736 660 601 411 729 343 485 388 983 986 980 983	81	134	209	169	337	124	465	456	593	350		375	849	976	977	985
84 137 212 277 340 643 468 303 596 790 724 483 882 727 980 943 86 52 213 156 341 562 469 569 597 460 725 418 833 981 891 891 891 891 891 891 891 891 897 216 187 343 568 471 595 599 682 727 905 885 701 983 706 897 216 900 737 728 795 866 931 984 711 89 99 2259 218 61 346 211 474 676 600 602 803 731 744 889 99 295 925 234 813 474 476 600 604 709 722 825 880 731 980 98 933 145	82	384	210	560	338	205	466	358	594	599	722	444	850	870	978	997
85 82 213 156 341 562 469 569 597 460 725 415 853 493 981 891 86 56 214 87 342 286 470 244 598 249 726 485 854 873 382 986 87 227 215 197 343 585 471 595 599 682 727 905 855 701 983 766 88 97 216 116 344 299 472 189 600 573 728 795 586 931 984 519 984 519 981 84 219 531 347 401 475 361 603 739 731 748 858 860 986 1001 91 84 221 531 347 401 475 581 603 732 852 862 89		76		114			467	405	595	668		470	851	917	979	986
86 56 214 87 342 286 470 224 598 249 726 485 873 382 988 87 27 216 116 343 585 471 595 599 682 727 905 856 931 984 511 89 39 217 170 345 354 473 566 601 411 729 473 857 756 985 988 988 90 259 218 61 346 211 474 676 602 803 730 634 858 860 986 100 91 84 219 531 347 401 475 361 603 789 731 744 859 499 987 951 93 145 221 642 349 346 477 589 605 365 733 960 861 623 <td>84</td> <td>137</td> <td>212</td> <td>277</td> <td>340</td> <td>643</td> <td>468</td> <td>303</td> <td>596</td> <td>790</td> <td>724</td> <td>483</td> <td>852</td> <td>727</td> <td>980</td> <td>943</td>	84	137	212	277	340	643	468	303	596	790	724	483	852	727	980	943
87 27 215 197 343 3685 471 595 599 682 727 905 855 701 983 766 88 97 216 116 344 299 472 189 600 573 728 795 856 931 984 219 611 346 211 473 566 601 411 729 473 857 756 985 998 90 259 218 611 346 211 473 676 602 803 730 634 858 860 986 1007 91 84 219 631 347 401 475 361 603 789 731 744 859 989 983 393 145 221 642 349 396 477 589 605 365 338 860 781 888 1002 989 885 222	85	82	213	156	341	562	469	569	597	460	725	415	853	493	981	891
88 97 216 116 344 299 472 189 600 573 728 795 886 931 984 511 90 259 218 61 346 211 474 676 602 803 730 634 858 860 986 1001 91 84 219 531 347 401 475 361 603 789 731 744 859 499 987 981 192 138 220 525 348 185 476 706 604 709 732 852 860 731 988 1002 99 795 92 223 281 350 344 478 215 606 440 734 865 862 922 290 975 99 223 278 351 586 479 786 607 628 735 693 863 874 991 <	86	56	214	87	342	286	470	244	598	249	726	485	854	873	982	998
88 97 216 116 344 299 472 189 600 573 728 795 886 931 984 511 90 259 218 61 346 211 474 676 602 803 730 634 858 860 986 1001 91 84 219 531 347 401 475 361 603 789 731 744 859 499 987 981 192 138 220 525 348 185 476 706 604 709 732 852 860 731 988 1002 99 795 92 223 281 350 344 478 215 606 440 734 865 862 922 290 975 99 223 278 351 586 479 786 607 628 735 693 863 874 991 <	87		215	197	343	585	471	595		682		905	855	701	983	766
89 39 217 170 345 354 473 566 601 411 729 473 887 756 985 988 90 259 218 61 346 211 474 676 602 803 730 634 858 860 986 1001 91 84 219 531 347 401 475 361 603 789 731 744 859 499 987 951 92 138 220 525 348 185 476 706 604 709 732 852 860 731 988 100 98 96 861 822 282 398 893 98 395 94 261 222 281 350 344 478 215 606 440 734 865 862 922 990 975 98 224 525 645 480 607	88							189				795		931		511
90 259 218 61 346 211 474 676 602 803 730 634 858 860 986 1001 91 84 219 531 347 401 475 361 603 789 731 744 859 499 987 951 92 138 220 525 348 185 476 706 604 709 732 852 860 731 988 1002 93 145 221 642 349 396 477 589 605 365 733 960 861 823 988 893 95 29 223 278 351 586 479 786 607 628 735 693 863 874 991 894 96 43 224 526 352 645 480 647 608 689 736 797 864<	89	39		170	345	354	473		601	411		473	857	756	985	
91 84 219 531 347 401 475 361 603 789 731 744 859 499 987 951 92 138 220 525 348 185 476 706 604 709 732 852 860 731 988 1002 93 145 221 642 349 396 477 589 605 365 733 960 861 823 988 883 94 261 222 281 350 344 478 215 606 440 734 866 862 922 990 975 95 29 223 278 351 586 479 786 607 628 736 693 363 864 991 88 352 645 480 647 608 689 736 797 864 918 993 985 98<				61		211		676	602	803				860		1001
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										_						1021
126 268 254 284 382 111 510 369 638 427 766 752 894 749 1022 1022																1022
																1023

5.3.2 Low density parity check coding

The bit sequence input for a given code block to channel coding is denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$, where K is the number of bits to encode as defined in Clause 5.2.2. After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$, where $N = 66Z_c$ for LDPC base graph 1 and $N = 50Z_c$ for LDPC base graph 2, and the value of Z_c is given in Clause 5.2.2.

For a code block encoded by LDPC, the following encoding procedure applies:

1) Find the set with index i_{LS} in Table 5.3.2-1 which contains Z_c .

2) for
$$k = 2Z_c$$
 to $K - 1$
if $c_k \neq < NULL >$

$$d_{k-2Z_c} = c_k \,;$$
 else
$$c_k = 0 \,;$$

$$d_{k-2Z_c} = < NULL > ;$$
 end if

end for

3) Generate $N + 2Z_c - K$ parity bits $\mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} w_0, w_1, w_2, ..., w_{N+2Z_c - K - 1} \end{bmatrix}^T$ such that $\mathbf{H} \times \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{w} \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$, where $\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} c_0, c_1, c_2, ..., c_{K - 1} \end{bmatrix}^T$; $\mathbf{0}$ is a column vector of all elements equal to 0. The encoding is performed in GF(2).

For LDPC base graph 1, a matrix of \mathbf{H}_{BG} has 46 rows with row indices i=0,1,2,...,45 and 68 columns with column indices j=0,1,2,...,67. For LDPC base graph 2, a matrix of \mathbf{H}_{BG} has 42 rows with row indices i=0,1,2,...,41 and 52 columns with column indices j=0,1,2,...,51. The elements in \mathbf{H}_{BG} with row and column indices given in Table 5.3.2-2 (for LDPC base graph 1) and Table 5.3.2-3 (for LDPC base graph 2) are of value 1, and all other elements in \mathbf{H}_{BG} are of value 0.

The matrix **H** is obtained by replacing each element of \mathbf{H}_{BG} with a $Z_c \times Z_c$ matrix, according to the following:

- Each element of value 0 in \mathbf{H}_{BG} is replaced by an all zero matrix $\mathbf{0}$ of size $Z_c \times Z_c$;
- Each element of value 1 in \mathbf{H}_{BG} is replaced by a circular permutation matrix $\mathbf{I}(P_{i,j})$ of size $Z_c \times Z_c$, where i and j are the row and column indices of the element, and $\mathbf{I}(P_{i,j})$ is obtained by circularly shifting the identity matrix \mathbf{I} of size $Z_c \times Z_c$ to the right $P_{i,j}$ times. The value of $P_{i,j}$ is given by $P_{i,j} = \operatorname{mod}(V_{i,j}, Z_c)$. The value of $V_{i,j}$ is given by Tables 5.3.2-2 and 5.3.2-3 according to the set index i_{LS} and LDPC base graph.

4) for
$$k = K$$
 to $N + 2Z_c - 1$

$$d_{k-2Z_c} = w_{k-K};$$

end for

Table 5.3.2-1: Sets of LDPC lifting size Z

Set index (i_{LS})	Set of lifting sizes (Z)
0	{2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256}
1	{3, 6, 12, 24, 48, 96, 192, 384}
2	{5, 10, 20, 40, 80, 160, 320}
3	{7, 14, 28, 56, 112, 224}
4	{9, 18, 36, 72, 144, 288}
5	{11, 22, 44, 88, 176, 352}
6	{13, 26, 52, 104, 208}
7	{15, 30, 60, 120, 240}

Table 5.3.2-2: LDPC base graph 1 (${
m H}_{
m BG}$) and its parity check matrices ($V_{i,j}$)

H	\mathbf{I}_{BG}				V_{i}	,j				Н	BG				V_{i}	,j			
Row index	Column index				Set inde	i_{LS}				Row index	Column index				Set inde	i_{LS}			
i	j	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	i	j	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	250	307	73	223	211	294	0	135	15	1	96	2	290	120	0	348	6	138
0	1	69	19	15	16	198	118	0	227	15	10	65	210	60	131	183	15	81	220

Н	BG				V_{i}	, <i>j</i>				Н	BG				V_{i}	,j			
Row	Column					i				Row	Column					i.a			
index i	index j	0	1	2	Set inde	4	5	6	7	index	index i	0	1	2	Set inde	4	5	6	7
	2	226	50	103	94	188	167	0	126		13	63	318	130	209	108	81	182	173
	3	159	369	49	91	186	330	0	134		18	75	55	184	209	68	176	53	142
	5 6	100	181 216	240 39	74 10	219 4	207 165	0	84 83		25 37	179 0	269	51 0	81 0	64	113	46 0	49 0
	9	59	317	15	0	29	243	0	53		1	64	13	69	154	270	190	88	78
	10 11	229 110	288 109	162 215	205 216	144 116	250 1	0	225 205		3 11	49 49	338 57	140 45	164 43	13 99	293 332	198 160	152 84
	12	191	17	164	21	216	339	0	128	16	20	51	289	115	189	54	331	122	5
	13	9	357	133	215	115	201	0	75		22	154	57	300	101	0	114	182	205
	15 16	195 23	215 106	298 110	14 70	233 144	53 347	0	135 217		38 0	7	0 260	0 257	0 56	0 153	110	0 91	0 183
	18	190	242	113	141	95	304	0	220		14	164	303	147	110	137	228	184	112
	19	35	180	16	198	216	167	0	90	17	16 17	59	81	128	200	0	247	30	106
	20 21	239 31	330 346	189 32	104 81	73 261	47 188	0	105 137		21	144	358 375	51 228	63 4	0 162	116 190	3 155	219 129
	22	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1		39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	23 0	2	0 76	303	0 141	0 179	77	0 22	0 96		1 12	233	130 163	260 294	199 110	161 151	47 286	1 41	183 215
	2	239	76	294	45	162	225	11	236	18	13	8	280	291	200	0	246	167	180
	3	117	73	27	151	223	96	124	136	10	18	155	132	141	143	241	181	68	143
	<u>4</u> 5	124 71	288 144	261 161	46 119	256 160	338 268	10	221 128		19 40	147	0	295 0	186 0	144	73	148	14 0
	7	222	331	133	157	76	112	0	92		0	60	145	64	8	0	87	12	179
	8 9	104 173	331 178	4 80	133 87	202 117	302 50	2	172 56		7	73 72	213 344	181 101	6 103	0 118	110 147	6 166	108 159
	11	220	295	129	206	109	167	16	11	19	8	127	242	270	198	144	258	184	138
1	12 14	102 109	342	300 76	93	15 72	253 334	60 0	189		10 41	224 0	197	41 0	8	0	204 0	191 0	196 0
	15	132	217 99	266	79 9	152	242	6	95 85		0	151	0 187	301	105	265	89	6	77
	16	142	354	72	118	158	257	30	153		3	186	206	162	210	81	65	12	187
	17 19	155 255	114 331	83 260	194 31	147 156	133 9	0 168	87 163	20	9	217 47	264 341	40 130	121 214	90 144	155 244	15 5	203 167
	21	28	112	301	187	119	302	31	216		22	160	59	10	183	228	30	30	130
	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	105	0		42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	23 24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1 5	249 121	205 102	79 175	192 131	64 46	162 264	6 86	197 122
	0	106	205	68	207	258	226	132	189	21	16	109	328	132	220	266	346	96	215
	2	111 185	250 328	7 80	203 31	167 220	35 213	37 21	4 225	21	20 21	131 171	213 97	283 103	50 106	9 18	143 109	42 199	65 216
	4	63	332	280	176	133	302	180	151		43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5	117	256	38	180	243	111	4	236		0	64	30	177	53	72	280	44	25
	7	93 229	161 267	227	186 95	202 218	265 128	149 48	117 179	22	12 13	142 188	11 233	20 55	3	189 72	157 236	58 130	47 126
	8	177	160	200	153	63	237	38	92		17	158	22	316	148	257	113	131	178
2	9 10	95 39	63 129	71 106	177 70	3	294 127	122 195	24 68		44 1	0 156	0 24	0 249	0 88	0 180	0 18	0 45	0 185
	13	142	200	295	77	74	110	155	6		2	147	89	50	203	0	6	18	127
	14	225	88	283	214	229	286	28	101	23	10	170	61	133	168	0	181	132	117
	15 17	225 245	53 131	301 184	77 198	0 216	125 131	85 47	33 96		18 45	152 0	27 0	105 0	122	165 0	304 0	100	199 0
	18	205	240	246	117	269	163	179	125		0	112	298	289	49	236	38	9	32
	19 20	251 117	205 13	230 276	223 90	200	210 7	42 66	67 230		<u>3</u>	86 236	158 235	280 110	157 64	199	170 249	125 191	178 2
	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	11	116	339	187	193	266	288	28	156
	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		22	222	234	281	124	0	194	6	58
	1	121 89	276 87	220 208	201	187 145	97 94	6	128 23		46 1	23	72	0 172	0	0 205	0 279	0 4	0 27
	3	84	0	30	165	166	49	33	162		6	136	17	295	166	0	255	74	141
	6	20 150	275 199	197 61	5 45	108 82	279 139	113 49	220 43	25	7 14	116 182	383 312	96 46	65 81	0 183	111 54	16 28	11 181
	7	131	153	175	142	132	166	21	186		47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	8	243	56	79	16	197	91	6	96		0 2	195	71	270	107	0	325	21	163
	10 11	136 86	132 305	281 303	34 155	41 162	106 246	151 83	1 216	26	4	243 215	81 76	110 318	176 212	0	326 226	142 192	131 169
3	12	246	231	253	213	57	345	154	22		15	61	136	67	127	277	99	197	98
	13 14	219 211	341 212	164 53	147 69	36 115	269 185	87 5	24 167		48 1	0 25	0 194	210	0 208	0 45	0 91	0 98	0 165
	16	240	304	44	96	242	249	92	200	27	6	104	194	29	141	36	326	140	232
	17	76	300	28	74	165	215	173	32	21	8	194	101	304	174	72	268	22	9
	18 20	244 144	271 39	77 319	99 30	113	143 121	120	235 172		49 0	128	222	0 11	0 146	0 275	102	4	32
	21	12	357	68	158	108	121	142	219		4	165	19	293	153	0	1	1	43
	22 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	19 21	181 63	244 274	50 234	217 114	155 62	40 167	40 93	200 205
	0	157	332	233	170	246	42	24	64		50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	1	102	181	205	10	235	256	204	211		1	86	252	27	150	0	273	92	232
	26 0	0 205	0 195	0 83	0 164	0 261	0 219	0 185	2	29	14 18	236 84	5 147	308 117	11 53	180	104 243	136 106	32 118
	1	236	14	292	59	181	130	100	171		25	6	78	29	68	42	107	6	103
5	3 12	194 231	115 166	50 318	86 80	72 283	251 322	24 65	47 143		51 0	0 216	0 159	0 91	0 34	0	0 171	2	0 170
	16	28	241	201	182	254	295	207	210	30	10	73	229	23	130	90	16	88	199
	21	123	51	267	130	79	258	161	180		13	120	260	105	210	252	95	112	26

	[_{BG}				V_{i}	, <i>j</i>					· BG				V_{i}	, j			
Row index	Column index				Set inde	i_{LS}				Row index	Column index				Set inde	i_{LS}			
i	j	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	i	j	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	22	115	157	279	153	144	283	72	180		24	9	90	135	123	173	212	20	105
	27 0	0 183	0 278	0 289	0 158	0 80	0 294	0 6	0 199		52 1	95	100	0 222	0 175	0 144	101	0	73
	6	22	257	21	119	144	73	27	22		7	177	215	308	49	144	297	49	149
	10	28	1	293	113	169	330	163	23	31	22	172	258	66	177	166	279	125	175
	11	67	351	13	21	90	99	50	100		25	61	256	162	128	19	222	194	108
6	13 17	244 11	92 253	232 302	63 51	59 177	172 150	48 24	92 207		53 0	0 221	102	210	0 192	0	0 351	6	103
	18	157	18	138	136	151	284	38	52		12	112	201	22	209	211	265	126	110
	20	211	225	235	116	108	305	91	13	32	14	199	175	271	58	36	338	63	151
	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		24	121	287	217	30	162	83	20	211
	1	220 44	9 62	12 88	17 76	169 189	3 103	145 88	77 146		54 1	2	0 323	0 170	0 114	0	0 56	10	0 199
	4	159	316	207	104	154	224	112	209		2	187	8	20	49	0	304	30	132
7	7	31	333	50	100	184	297	153	32	33	11	41	361	140	161	76	141	6	172
	8	167	290	25 76	150	104	215	159	166		21 55	211	105	33	137	18 0	101	92	65
	14 29	104	114 0	0	158 0	164 0	39 0	76 0	18 0		0	127	230	0 187	82	197	60	0	0 161
	0	112	307	295	33	54	348	172	181		7	167	148	296	186	0	320	153	237
	1	4	179	133	95	0	75	2	105	34	15	164	202	5	68	108	112	197	142
	3	7	165	130	4	252	22	131	141		17	159	312	44 0	150	0	54	155	180
	12 16	211 102	18 39	231 296	217 204	41 98	312 224	141 96	223 177		56 1	161	0 320	207	0 192	0 199	100	0	0 231
8	19	164	224	110	39	46	17	99	145		6	197	335	158	173	278	210	45	174
	21	109	368	269	58	15	59	101	199	35	12	207	2	55	26	0	195	168	145
	22 24	241 90	67 170	245 154	44 201	230 54	314 244	35 116	153 38		22 57	103	266 0	285	187	205	268 0	185 0	100
	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	37	210	259	222	216	135	6	11
	0	103	366	189	9	162	156	6	169		14	105	313	179	157	16	15	200	207
	1	182	232	244	37	159	88	10	12	36	15	51	297	178	0	0	35	177	42
	10 11	109 21	321 133	36 286	213 105	93 134	293 111	145 53	206 221		18 58	120	21 0	160	6	0	188	43 0	100
9	13	142	57	151	89	45	92	201	17		1	198	269	298	81	72	319	82	59
	17	14	303	267	185	132	152	4	212	37	13	220	82	15	195	144	236	2	204
	18	61	63	135	109	76	23	164	92	31	23	122	115	115	138	0	85	135	161
	20 31	216	82 0	209	218	209	337	173 0	205		59 0	0 167	0 185	0 151	0 123	0 190	0 164	0 91	0 121
	1	98	101	14	82	178	175	126	116		9	151	177	179	90	0	196	64	90
	2	149	339	80	165	1	253	77	151	38	10	157	289	64	73	0	209	198	26
40	4	167	274	211	174	28	27	156	70		12	163	214	181	10	0	246	100	140
10	7 8	160 49	111 383	75 161	19 194	267 234	231 49	16 12	230 115		60	173	0 258	0 102	0 12	0 153	236	0	0 115
	14	58	354	311	103	201	267	70	84		3	139	93	77	77	0	264	28	188
	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	7	149	346	192	49	165	37	109	168
	1	77 41	48 102	16 147	52 11	55 23	25 322	184 194	45 115		19 61	0	297	208	114	117	272	188	52 0
	12	83	8	290	2	274	200	123	134		0	157	175	32	67	216	304	10	4
11	16	182	47	289	35	181	351	16	1	40	8	137	37	80	45	144	237	84	103
- 11	21	78	188	177	32	273	166	104	152	40	17	149	312	197	96	2	135	12	30
	22 23	252 22	334 115	43 280	84 201	39 26	338 192	109 124	165 107		62 1	0 167	0 52	0 154	0 23	0	0 123	2	0 53
	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		3	173	314	47	215	0	77	75	189
	0	160	77	229	142	225	123	6	186	41	9	139	139	124	60	0	25	142	215
	10	42	186	235	175	162	217	20	215		18	151	288	207	167	183	272	128	24
12	10 11	21 32	174 232	169 48	136 3	244 151	142 110	203 153	124 180		63 0	149	113	0 226	114	0 27	0 288	0 163	0 222
.2	13	234	50	105	28	238	176	104	98	40	4	157	14	65	91	0	83	103	170
	18	7	74	52	182	243	76	207	80	42	24	137	218	126	78	35	17	162	71
	34	177	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		64	151	112	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	177 248	313 177	39 302	81 56	231	311 251	52 147	220 185		1 16	151 163	113 132	228 69	206	52 243	210 3	163	22 127
12	7	151	266	303	72	216	265	1	154	43	18	173	114	176	134	0	53	99	49
13	20	185	115	160	217	47	94	16	178		25	139	168	102	161	270	167	98	125
	23	62	370	37	78	36	81	46	150		65	120	0	0	0	10	70	0	0
	35 0	206	0 142	0 78	0 14	0	0 22	0	0 124		7	139 157	80 78	234 227	84	18 0	79 244	6	191 211
	12	55	248	299	175	186	322	202	144	44	9	163	163	259	9	0	293	142	187
	15	206	137	54	211	253	277	118	182		22	173	274	260	12	57	272	3	148
14	16	127	89	61	191	16	156	130	95		66	140	125	0	104	169	0	0	177
	17 21	16 229	347 12	179 258	51 43	0 79	66 78	2	72 76		6	149 151	135 149	101 228	184 121	168 0	82 67	181 45	177 114
	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	45	10	167	15	126	29	144	235	153	93
15	0	40	241	229	90	170	176	173	39		67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 5.3.2-3: LDPC base graph 2 (\mathbf{H}_{BG}) and its parity check matrices ($V_{i,j}$)

Row Column Column Row Row Column Row R	H	[_{BG}				V_{i}	, <i>j</i>				Н	BG				V_{i}	, <i>j</i>			
1	_				S	et inde	$=$ i_{LS}	,			_				S	et inde	ex i_{LS}	1		
1	i																		-	
1			_								16		_	_		_	_	_	_	196
Value Part Value Value			_															-		173
9	0										17									
11																				
1				_			_								_				_	128
1 16 28 28 24 25 26 48 25 27 74 28 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0											18								_	_
1																		-		
Total Property																			_	
1					_						19									
9	1																			
11					_										_					117
12											20									
1				0	0	0		0	0	0			0	0				-		0
2										_									_	238
A											21									
1	2																			
12													_		_				_	195
13										-	22									
2 58 175 15 6 121 174 48 171 174 185 173 102 36 22 174 18 185 133 30 013 113 133 134 135 135 135 134 135			_																	
A											23									
The color of the																				
Total Property Prop																		_		
No. Part P	3										24									
9																				
13																				_
1											25									
4			_																	
11	1	1	214		_		24		27			7				6	28		_	_
The image is a content of the image. The i	4										26								_	190
1					_		_	_											_	
Tolerand		1	41	44	131	138	140	84	49	41		0	8	103	0	27	13	42	168	64
11	5										27									
15																				
1		15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	2	101	111		212	77	24		144
6 7 45 100 99 31 107 10 198 172 29 0 18 110 0 108 133 139 50 25 16 0 </td <td></td> <td>20</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>											20									
9 28 49 45 222 133 155 168 124 11 158 184 148 209 139 29 12 566 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0													_		_	_		_	_	
16	6										29						25	-	_	
Table Tabl																				
7																			_	139
11		5	147	186	45	13	135	125	78	186	30	7	9	52	51	185	104	93	50	221
13	7																	-	_	-
8		13										1		3		147				201
8										_	31							-	_	_
8 12 230 152 87 152 88 161 22 225 18 0																				
1 203 28 0 2 97 104 186 167 42 27 238 8 205 132 97 30 40 142 27 238 10 61 185 51 184 24 99 205 48 11 247 178 85 83 49 64 81 68 19 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8										20									
8 205 132 97 30 40 142 27 238 10 61 185 51 184 24 99 205 48 11 247 178 85 83 49 64 81 68 19 0											32									116
9																			_	_
10 11 59 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9	10	61			184	24		205		32	7	164	179	88	12	6	137	173	
10											33									106
1 185 104 17 150 41 25 60 217 6 0 22 156 8 101 174 177 208 7 117 52 20 56 96 23 51 232 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							_												_	
10 6 0 22 156 8 101 174 177 208 7 117 52 20 56 96 23 51 232 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0											24									135
20	10							174			34						114			141
11																			_	_
7 236 92 7 138 30 175 29 214 9 210 174 4 110 116 24 35 168 13 56 154 2 99 64 141 8 51 36 0 140 25 0 1 121 73 197 178										_	25								_	225
13 56 154 2 99 64 141 8 51 36 0 140 25 0 1 121 73 197 178							30			214	33	11		18	6	55	93	172	181	175
	11																			_
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	2	38	151	63	175	129	154	167	112

H	BG				V_{i}	, <i>j</i>				H	BG				V_{i}	,j			
Row index	Column index			S	et inde	i_{LS}				Row index	Column index			S	et inde	$=$ i_{LS}	,		
i	j	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	i	j	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	1	63	39	0	46	33	122	18	124		7	154	170	82	83	26	129	179	106
12	3	111	93	113	217	122	11	155	122		46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	11	14	11	48	109	131	4	49	72		10	219	37	0	40	97	167	181	154
	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	13	151	31	144	12	56	38	193	114
	0	83	49	0	37	76	29	32	48		47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	2	125	112	113	37	91	53	57		1	31	84	0	37	1	112	157	42
13	8	38	35	102	143	62	27	95	167	38	5	66	151	93	97	70	7	173	41
	13	222	166	26	140	47	127	186	219	30	11	38	190	19	46	1	19	191	105
	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	115	19	0	36	143	11	91	82		0	239	93	0	106	119	109	181	167
	6	145	118	138	95	51	145	20	232	39	7	172	132	24	181	32	6	157	45
14	11	3	21	57	40	130	8	52	204	00	12	34	57	138	154	142	105	173	189
	13	232	163	27	116	97	166	109	162		49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2	0	103	0	98	6	160	193	78
	0	51	68	0	116	139	137	174	38	40	10	75	107	36	35	73	156	163	67
15	10	175	63	73	200	96	103	108	217	40	13	120	163	143	36	102	82	179	180
13	11	213	81	99	110	128	40	102	157		50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	129	147	0	120	48	132	191	53
	1	203	87	0	75	48	78	125	170	41	5	229	7	2	101	47	6	197	215
16	9	142	177	79	158	9	158	31	23	1	11	118	60	55	81	19	8	167	230
.0	11	8	135	111	134	28	17	54	175		51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12	242	64	143	97	8	165	176	202										

5.3.3 Channel coding of small block lengths

The bit sequence input for a given code block to channel coding is denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$, where K is the number of bits to encode. After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

5.3.3.1 Encoding of 1-bit information

For K = 1, the code block is encoded according to Table 5.3.3.1-1, where $N = Q_m$ and Q_m is the modulation order for the code block.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} Q_m & \textbf{Encoded bits } d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1} \\ \hline \textbf{1} & [c_0] \\ \hline 2 & [c_0 \ y] \\ \hline 4 & [c_0 \ y \ x \ x] \\ \hline 6 & [c_0 \ y \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x] \\ \hline 8 & [c_0 \ y \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x \ x] \\ \end{array}$

Table 5.3.3.1-1: Encoding of 1-bit information

The "x" and "y" in Table 5.3.3.1-1 are placeholders for Clauses 6.3.1.1, 6.3.2.5.1, 6.3.2.6.1 of [4, TS 38.211] to scramble the information bits in a way that maximizes the Euclidean distance of the modulation symbols carrying the information bits.

5.3.3.2 Encoding of 2-bit information

For K = 2, the code block is encoded according to Table 5.3.3.2-1, where $c_2 = (c_0 + c_1) \mod 2$, $N = 3Q_m$, and Q_m is the modulation order for the code block.

Table 5.3.3.2-1: Encoding of 2-bit information

Q_m	Encoded bits $d_0, d_1, d_2,, d_{N-1}$
1	$[c_0 c_1 c_2]$
2	$[c_0 c_1 c_2 c_0 c_1 c_2]$
4	$[c_0 c_1 \times \times c_2 c_0 \times \times c_1 c_2 \times X]$
6	$[c_0 c_1 \times \times \times \times c_2 c_0 \times \times \times \times c_1 c_2 \times \times \times]$
8	$[c_0 c_1 \times \times \times \times \times c_2 c_0 \times \times \times \times \times c_1 c_2 \times \times \times \times \times]$

The "x" in Table 5.3.3.2-1 are placeholders for Clause 6.3.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211] to scramble the information bits in a way that maximizes the Euclidean distance of the modulation symbols carrying the information bits.

5.3.3.3 Encoding of other small block lengths

For $3 \le K \le 11$, the code block is encoded by $d_i = \left(\sum_{k=0}^{K-1} c_k \cdot M_{i,k}\right) \mod 2$, where $i = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$, N = 32, and $M_{i,k}$ represents the basis sequences as defined in Table 5.3.3.3-1.

Table 5.3.3.3-1: Basis sequences for (32, K) code

i	M _{i,0}	M _{i,1}	M _{i,2}	M i,3	M _{i,4}	M i,5	M _{i,6}	M _{i,7}	M i,8	M _{i,9}	M _{i,10}
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1
6	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
7	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
8	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
9	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
10	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
11	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
12	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
14	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
15	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
16	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
17	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
18	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
19	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
20	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
21	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
22	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
23	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
24	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0
25	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
26	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
27	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
28	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
29	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
30	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5.4 Rate matching

5.4.1 Rate matching for Polar code

The rate matching for Polar code is defined per coded block and consists of sub-block interleaving, bit collection, and bit interleaving. The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$. The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

5.4.1.1 Sub-block interleaving

The bits input to the sub-block interleaver are the coded bits $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$. The coded bits $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$ are divided into 32 sub-blocks. The bits output from the sub-block interleaver are denoted as $y_0, y_1, y_2, ..., y_{N-1}$, generated as follows:

```
for n=0 to N-1 i = \lfloor 32n/N \rfloor; J(n) = P(i) \times (N/32) + \operatorname{mod}(n, N/32); y_n = d_{J(n)}; end for
```

where the sub-block interleaver pattern P(i) is given by Table 5.4.1.1-1.

Table 5.4.1.1-1: Sub-block interleaver pattern P(i)

i	P(i)	i	P(i)	i	P(i)	i	P(i)	i	P(i)	i	P(i)	i	P(i)	i	P(i)
0	0	4	3	8	8	12	10	16	12	20	14	24	24	28	27
1	1	5	5	9	16	13	18	17	20	21	22	25	25	29	29
2	2	6	6	10	9	14	11	18	13	22	15	26	26	30	30
3	4	7	7	11	17	15	19	19	21	23	23	27	28	31	31

The sets of bit indices $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I}^{N}$ and $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F}^{N}$ are determined as follows, where K, n_{PC} , and \mathbf{Q}_{0}^{N-1} are defined in Clause 5.3.1

$$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,tmp}^{N} = \emptyset$$
if $E < N$
if $K/E \le 7/16$ -- puncturing
for $n = 0$ to $N - E - 1$

$$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,tmp}^{N} = \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,tmp}^{N} \cup \{J(n)\};$$
end for
if $E \ge 3N/4$

$$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,tmp}^{N} = \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,tmp}^{N} \cup \{0,1,...,\lceil 3N/4 - E/2 \rceil - 1\};$$
else
$$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,tmp}^{N} = \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,tmp}^{N} \cup \{0,1,...,\lceil 9N/16 - E/4 \rceil - 1\};$$
end if
else -- shortening

```
 \begin{aligned} &\text{for } n = E \ \text{to } N-1 \\ &\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,mp}^N = \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,mp}^N \cup \{J(n)\}; \\ &\text{end for} \\ &\text{end if} \\ \end{aligned} \\ &\text{end if} \\ &\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I,mp}^N = \mathbf{Q}_0^{N-1} \setminus \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{F,mp}^N; \\ &\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_I^N \ \text{comprises} \ \left(K + n_{PC}\right) \ \text{most reliable bit indices in} \ \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I,mp}^N; \\ &\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_I^N \ \text{comprises} \ \left(K + n_{PC}\right) \ \text{most reliable bit indices in} \ \overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{I,mp}^N; \end{aligned}
```

5.4.1.2 Bit selection

The bit sequence after the sub-block interleaver $y_0, y_1, y_2, ..., y_{N-1}$ from Clause 5.4.1.1 is written into a circular buffer of length N.

Denoting by E the rate matching output sequence length, the bit selection output bit sequence e_k , k = 0,1,2,...,E-1, is generated as follows:

```
if E \ge N -- repetition for k = 0 to E - 1 e_k = y_{\text{mod}(k,N)}; end for else if K/E \le 7/16 -- puncturing for k = 0 to E - 1 e_k = y_{k+N-E}; end for else -- shortening for k = 0 to E - 1 e_k = y_k; end for end if
```

5.4.1.3 Interleaving of coded bits

The bit sequence $e_0, e_1, e_2, ..., e_{E-1}$ is interleaved into bit sequence $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$, as follows:

If
$$I_{BIL} = 1$$

Denote T as the smallest integer such that $T(T+1)/2 \ge E$;

```
k = 0;
   for i = 0 to T - 1
       for j = 0 to T - 1 - i
           if k < E
               v_{i,j} = e_k;
           else
               v_{i,j} = < NULL >;
           end if
           k = k + 1;
       end for
   end for
    k=0;
   for j = 0 to T - 1
       for i = 0 to T - 1 - j
           if v_{i,j} \neq < NULL >
               f_k = v_{i,j};
               k = k + 1
           end if
       end for
   end for
else
   for i = 0 to E - 1
        f_i = e_i;
   end for
end if
```

The value of E is no larger than 8192.

5.4.2 Rate matching for LDPC code

The rate matching for LDPC code is defined per coded block and consists of bit selection and bit interleaving. The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$. The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as

```
f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}
```

5.4.2.1 Bit selection

The bit sequence after encoding $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$ from Clause 5.3.2 is written into a circular buffer of length N_{cb} for the r-th coded block, where N is defined in Clause 5.3.2.

For the
$$r$$
-th code block, let $N_{cb} = N$ if $I_{LBRM} = 0$ and $N_{cb} = \min(N, N_{ref})$ otherwise, where $N_{ref} = \left\lfloor \frac{TBS_{LBRM}}{C \cdot R_{LBRM}} \right\rfloor$,

 $R_{\rm LBRM} = 2/3$, $TBS_{\rm LBRM}$ is determined according to Clause 6.1.4.2 in [6, TS 38.214] for UL-SCH and Clause 5.1.3.2 in [6, TS 38.214] for DL-SCH/PCH, assuming the following:

For one TB for DL-SCH with PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4_0/4_1/4_2:

- if the PDSCH is scheduled by DCI format 4_1/4_2:
 - maximum number of layers is given by X, where:
 - if the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-Layers* of *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* is configured, X is given by that parameter;
 - otherwise, X equals to 1;
 - if the higher layer parameter mcs-Table given by a pdsch-ConfigMulticast or by pdsch-ConfigMTCH for at least one common frequency resource (CFR) is set to 'qam256', maximum modulation order $Q_m = 8$ is assumed for DL-SCH; otherwise a maximum modulation order $Q_m = 6$ is assumed for DL-SCH;
- if the PDSCH is scheduled by DCI format 4_0:
 - maximum number of layers is 1;
 - if the higher layer parameter mcs-Table given by a pdsch-ConfigMCCH is set to 'qam256', maximum modulation order $Q_m = 8$ is assumed for DL-SCH; otherwise a maximum modulation order $Q_m = 6$ is assumed for DL-SCH;
 - if the higher layer parameter mcs-Table given by a pdsch-ConfigMTCH is set to 'qam256', maximum modulation order $Q_m = 8$ is assumed for DL-SCH; otherwise a maximum modulation order $Q_m = 6$ is assumed for DL-SCH;
- $n_{PRB} = n_{PRB,LBRM}$ is given by Table 5.4.2.1-1, where the value of $n_{PRB,LBRM}$ for DL-SCH is determined according to the size of the associated CFR if configured to the UE;
- maximum coding rate of 948/1024;
- $N_{RE} = 156 \cdot n_{PRB};$
- C is the number of code blocks of the transport block determined according to Clause 5.2.2.

For one TB for UL-SCH, or for one TB for DL-SCH/PCH except for DL-SCH with PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4_0/4_1/4_2:

- maximum number of layers for one TB for UL-SCH is given by the minimum of X and 4, where:
 - if the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-Layers* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured and if neither the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSFN* nor the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, X is given by that parameter;
 - elseif the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-Layers* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured and if the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, X is given by max{*maxMIMO-Layers*, *maxMIMO-LayersforSFN*};
 - elseif the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-Layers* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured and if the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, X is given by max{*maxMIMO-Layers*, 2**maxMIMO-LayersforSDM*};
 - elseif the higher layer parameter *maxRank* of *pusch-Config* of the serving cell is configured and if neither the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSFN* nor the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, X is given by the maximum value of *maxRank* across all BWPs of the serving cell;
 - elseif the higher layer parameter *maxRank* of *pusch-Config* of the serving cell is configured and if the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, X is given by max{*maxRank*, *maxRankSFN*} across all BWPs of the serving cell;

- elseif the higher layer parameter *maxRank* of *pusch-Config* of the serving cell is configured and if the higher layer parameter *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, X is given by max{*maxRank*, 2**maxRankSDM*} across all BWPs of the serving cell;
- otherwise, X is given by the maximum number of layers for PUSCH supported by the UE for the serving cell;
- maximum number of layers for one TB for DL-SCH/PCH is given by the minimum of X and 4, where:
 - if the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-Layers* of *PDSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured, X is given by that parameter;
 - otherwise, X is given by the maximum number of layers for PDSCH supported by the UE for the serving cell:
- if the higher layer parameter mcs-Table-r17 or mcs-TableDCI-1-2-r17 given by a pdsch-Config for at least one DL BWP of the serving cell is set to 'qam1024', maximum modulation order $Q_m = 10$ is assumed for DL-SCH, else if the higher layer parameter mcs-Table or mcs-TableDCI-1-2 given by a pdsch-Config for at least one DL BWP of the serving cell is set to 'qam256', maximum modulation order $Q_m = 8$ is assumed for DL-SCH; otherwise a maximum modulation order $Q_m = 6$ is assumed for DL-SCH;
- if the higher layer parameter mcs-Table or mcs-TableTransformPrecoder or mcs-TableDCI-0-2 or mcs-TableTransformPrecoderDCI-0-2 given by a pusch-Config or the higher layer parameter mcs-Table or mcs-TableTransformPrecoder given by configuredGrantConfig for at least one UL BWP of the serving cell is set to 'qam256', maximum modulation order Q_m = 8 is assumed for UL-SCH; otherwise a maximum modulation order Q_m = 6 is assumed for UL-SCH;
- maximum coding rate of 948/1024;
- $n_{PRB} = n_{PRB,LBRM}$ is given by Table 5.4.2.1-1, where the value of $n_{PRB,LBRM}$ for DL-SCH is determined according to the initial downlink bandwidth part if there is no other downlink bandwidth part configured to the UE:
- $N_{RE} = 156 \cdot n_{PRB}$;
- C is the number of code blocks of the transport block determined according to Clause 5.2.2.

Table 5.4.2.1-1: Value of $n_{PRB,LBRM}$

Maximum number of PRBs across all configured DL BWPs and UL BWPs of a carrier for DL-SCH and UL-SCH, respectively, or Maximum number of PRBs across all CFRs of a carrier for DL-SCH with PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4_0/4_1/4_2	$n_{PRB,LBRM}$
Less than 33	32
33 to 66	66
67 to 107	107
108 to 135	135
136 to 162	162
163 to 217	217
Larger than 217	273

Denoting by E_r the rate matching output sequence length for the r-th coded block, where the value of E_r is determined as follows:

Set
$$i = 0$$

for
$$r = 0$$
 to $C - 1$

if the r-th coded block is not scheduled for transmission as indicated by CBGTI according to Clause 5.1.7.2 for DL-SCH and 6.1.5.2 for UL-SCH in [6, TS 38.214]:

$$E_r = 0$$
;

if $j \leq C' - \operatorname{mod}(G/(N_L \cdot Q_m), C') - 1$

$$E_r = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left| \frac{G}{N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot C'} \right|;$$

else

$$E_r = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[\frac{G}{N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot C'} \right];$$

end if

j = j + 1;

end if

end for

where:

- N_L is the number of transmission layers that the transport block is mapped onto;
- Q_m is the modulation order;
- G is the total number of coded bits available for transmission of the transport block;
- C'=C if CBGTI is not present in the DCI scheduling the transport block and C' is the number of scheduled code blocks of the transport block if CBGTI is present in the DCI scheduling the transport block.

Denote by rv_{id} the redundancy version number for this transmission ($rv_{id} = 0, 1, 2 \text{ or } 3$), the rate matching output bit sequence e_k , k = 0,1,2,...,E-1, is generated as follows, where k_0 is given by Table 5.4.2.1-2 according to the value of rv_{id} and LDPC base graph:

```
k=0;
j=0;
while k < E
if d_{(k_0+j) \mod N_{cb}} \neq < NULL >
e_k = d_{(k_0+j) \mod N_{cb}};
k = k+1;
end if
j = j+1;
```

end while

 rv_{id} LDPC base graph 1 LDPC base graph 2 0 $\frac{13N_{cb}}{Z_c}$ $17N_{\underline{cb}}$ 1 $66Z_{c}$ $50Z_{\circ}$ $\frac{33N_{cb}}{Z_c}$ $25N_{cb}$ 2 $\frac{56N_{cb}}{Z_c}$ $\frac{43N_{cb}}{Z_c}$ 3 50Z

Table 5.4.2.1-2: Starting position of different redundancy versions, k_0

5.4.2.2 Bit interleaving

The bit sequence $e_0, e_1, e_2, ..., e_{E-1}$ is interleaved to bit sequence $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$, according to the following, where the value of Q_m is the modulation order:

for
$$j=0$$
 to E/Q_m-1 for $i=0$ to Q_m-1
$$f_{i+j\cdot Q_m}=e_{i\cdot E/Q_m+j}\,;$$
 end for

5.4.3 Rate matching for channel coding of small block lengths

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$. The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$, where E is the rate matching output sequence length. The bit sequence $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$ is obtained by the following:

for k = 0 to E - 1 $f_k = d_{k \mod N};$

end for

5.5 Code block concatenation

The input bit sequence for the code block concatenation block are the sequences f_{rk} , for r=0,...,C-1 and $k=0,...,E_r-1$, where E_r is the number of rate matched bits for the r-th code block. The output bit sequence from the code block concatenation block is the sequence g_k for k=0,...,G-1.

The code block concatenation consists of sequentially concatenating the rate matching outputs for the different code blocks. Therefore:

Set k = 0 and r = 0while r < CSet j = 0

```
while j < E_r
g_k = f_{rj}
k = k + 1
j = j + 1
end while
r = r + 1
end while
```

6 Uplink transport channels and control information

6.1 Random access channel

The sequence index for the random access channel is received from higher layers and is processed according to [4, TS 38.211].

6.2 Uplink shared channel

6.2.1 Transport block CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on each UL-SCH transport block through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire transport block is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits in a transport block delivered to layer 1 by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$, and the parity bits by $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$, where A is the payload size and L is the number of parity bits. The lowest order information bit a_0 is mapped to the most significant bit of the transport block as defined in Clause 6.1.1 of [TS38.321].

The parity bits are computed and attached to the UL-SCH transport block according to Clause 5.1, by setting L to 24 bits and using the generator polynomial $g_{\text{CRC24A}}(D)$ if A > 3824; and by setting L to 16 bits and using the generator polynomial $g_{\text{CRC16}}(D)$ otherwise.

The bits after CRC attachment are denoted by $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$, where B = A + L.

6.2.2 LDPC base graph selection

For initial transmission of a transport block with coding rate R indicated by the MCS index according to Clause 6.1.4.1 in [6, TS 38.214] and subsequent re-transmission of the same transport block, each code block of the transport block is encoded with either LDPC base graph 1 or 2 according to the following:

- if $A \le 292$, or if $A \le 3824$ and $R \le 0.67$, or if $R \le 0.25$, LDPC base graph 2 is used;
- otherwise, LDPC base graph 1 is used,

where A is the payload size as described in Clause 6.2.1.

6.2.3 Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment

The bits input to the code block segmentation are denoted by $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$ where B is the number of bits in the transport block (including CRC).

Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment are performed according to Clause 5.2.2.

The bits after code block segmentation are denoted by c_{r0} , c_{r1} , c_{r2} , c_{r3} ,..., $c_{r(K_r-1)}$, where r is the code block number and K_r is the number of bits for code block number r according to Clause 5.2.2.

When the value of *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, the value of *B* is no larger than 3840 if $R \le 0.25$ and no larger than 8448 otherwise, where coding rate *R* is indicated by the MCS index according to Clause 6.1.4.1 in [6, TS 38.214].

6.2.4 Channel coding of UL-SCH

Code blocks are delivered to the channel coding block. The bits in a code block are denoted by $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$, where r is the code block number, and K_r is the number of bits in code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each code block is individually LDPC encoded according to Clause 5.3.2.

After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_{r0}, d_{r1}, d_{r2}, d_{r3}, ..., d_{r(N-1)}$, where the values of N_r is given in Clause 5.3.2.

6.2.5 Rate matching

Coded bits for each code block, denoted as $d_{r_0}, d_{r_1}, d_{r_2}, d_{r_3}, ..., d_{r(N_r-1)}$, are delivered to the rate match block, where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of encoded bits in code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each code block is individually rate matched according to Clause 5.4.2 by setting $I_{LBRM}=1$ if higher layer parameter rateMatching is set to limitedBufferRM and by setting $I_{LBRM}=0$ otherwise, if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is not present in the resource allocation table, or if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is equal to 1. When the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, each code block is individually rate matched per slot according to Clause 5.4.2 by setting:

- $I_{LBRM} = 1$ if higher layer parameter rateMatching is set to limitedBufferRM and by setting $I_{LBRM} = 0$ otherwise;
- G as the total number of coded bits available for transmission of the transport block in the slot;
- k_0 as given by Table 5.4.2.1-2 according to the value of rv_{id} and LDPC base graph if the slot is the first slot within the N_s slots allocated for the transmission of TB processing over multiple slots, and setting $k_0 = (k'_0 + H + \tau) \text{mod} N_{cb}$ if the slot is a slot except for the first one within the N_s slots, where N_s is the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI, k'_0 denotes the index of starting coded bit in the previous slot within the N_s slots, H is the total number of coded bits available for transmission of the transport block in the previous slot within the N_s slots assuming no UCI multiplexing, and τ denotes the number of skipped filler bits if any in the previous slot within the N_s slots according to Clause 5.4.2.1 by assuming no UCI multiplexing.

After rate matching, the bits are denoted by f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} , f_{r3} ,..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$, where E_r is the number of rate matched bits for code block number r.

6.2.6 Code block concatenation

The input bit sequence for the code block concatenation block are the sequences f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} , f_{r3} ,..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$, for r = 0,..., C-1 and where E_r is the number of rate matched bits for the r-th code block.

Code block concatenation is performed according to Clause 5.5.

The bits after code block concatenation are denoted by $g_0, g_1, g_2, g_3, ..., g_{G-1}$, where G is the total number of coded bits for transmission.

6.2.7 Data and control multiplexing

In case where there are more than one UL-SCH transport blocks for the PUSCH transmission, the UCI information is multiplexed only on the UL-SCH transport block with highest I_{MCS} value for the initial PUSCH, where I_{MCS} is as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 in [6, TS 38.214]. In case the two transport blocks have the same I_{MCS} value for the initial PUSCH, the UCI information is multiplexed with data only on the first transport block. The PUSCH for UCI multiplexing in this Clause refers to the UL-SCH transport block for UCI multiplexing.

If the higher layer parameter *nrofBitsInUTO-UCI* is configured, the procedure in this clause 6.2.7 applies by replacing CG-UCI with UTO-UCI in all the notations and texts, and replacing "when higher layer parameter *cg-UCI-Multiplexing* is configured" with "when UTO-UCI and HARQ-ACK are transmitted on a PUSCH".

Denote the coded bits for UL-SCH as $g_0^{\text{UL-SCH}}, g_1^{\text{UL-SCH}}, g_2^{\text{UL-SCH}}, g_3^{\text{UL-SCH}}, \dots, g_{G^{\text{UL-SCH}}}^{\text{UL-SCH}}$

Denote the coded bits for HARQ-ACK or jointly coded bits for HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI when the high layer parameter cg-UCI-Multiplexing is configured, if any, as g_0^{ACK} , g_1^{ACK} , g_2^{ACK} , g_3^{ACK} ,..., g_{G}^{ACK} ...

Denote the coded bits for CSI part 1, if any, as $g_0^{\text{CSI-part1}}, g_1^{\text{CSI-part1}}, g_2^{\text{CSI-part1}}, g_3^{\text{CSI-part1}}, \dots, g_{G^{\text{CSI-part1}}-1}^{\text{CSI-part1}}$

Denote the coded bits for CSI part 2, if any, as $g_0^{\text{CSI-part2}}, g_1^{\text{CSI-part2}}, g_2^{\text{CSI-part2}}, g_3^{\text{CSI-part2}}, \dots, g_{G^{\text{CSI-part2}-1}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}$

Denote the coded bits for CG-UCI without HARQ-ACK, if any, as g_0^{CG-UCI} , g_1^{CG-UCI} , g_2^{CG-UCI} , g_3^{CG-UCI} , ..., g_6^{CG-UCI} , ..., g_6^{CG-UCI}

Denote the multiplexed data and control coded bit sequence as $g_0, g_1, g_2, g_3, ..., g_{G-1}$.

Denote l as the OFDM symbol index of the PUSCH transmission, starting from 0 to $N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1$, where $N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS.

Denote k as the subcarrier index of the PUSCH transmission, starting from 0 to $M_{sc}^{PUSCH} = 1$, where M_{sc}^{PUSCH} is expressed as a number of subcarriers.

Denote $\Phi_l^{\text{UL-SCH}}$ as the set of resource elements, in ascending order of indices k, available for transmission of data in OFDM symbol l, for $l=0,1,2,...,N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}-1$.

Denote $M_{sc}^{UL-SCH}(l) = |\Phi_l^{UL-SCH}|$ as the number of elements in set Φ_l^{UL-SCH} . Denote $\Phi_l^{UL-SCH}(j)$ as the j-th element in Φ_l^{UL-SCH} .

Denote Φ_l^{UCI} as the set of resource elements, in ascending order of indices k, available for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l=0,1,2,...,N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}-1$. Denote $M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)=\left|\Phi_l^{\text{UCI}}\right|$ as the number of elements in set Φ_l^{UCI} . Denote $\Phi_l^{\text{UCI}}(j)$ as the j-th element in Φ_l^{UCI} . For any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $\Phi_l^{\text{UCI}}=\varnothing$. For any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $\Phi_l^{\text{UCI}}=\Phi_l^{\text{UL-SCH}}$.

If frequency hopping is configured for the PUSCH,

- denote $l^{(1)}$ as the OFDM symbol index of the first OFDM symbol after the first set of consecutive OFDM symbol(s) carrying DMRS in the first hop;
- denote $l^{(2)}$ as the OFDM symbol index of the first OFDM symbol after the first set of consecutive OFDM symbol(s) carrying DMRS in the second hop;
- denote $l_{\mathrm{CSI}}^{(1)}$ as the OFDM symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS in the first hop;
- denote $l_{\rm CSI}^{(2)}$ as the OFDM symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS in the second hop;
- if HARQ-ACK is present for transmission on the PUSCH with UL-SCH or if both HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI are present on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH, let:

-
$$G^{\text{ACK}}(1) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[G^{\text{ACK}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right]$$
 and $G^{\text{ACK}}(2) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[G^{\text{ACK}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right]$;

- if CSI is present for transmission on the PUSCH with UL-SCH, let:
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[G^{\text{CSI-part1}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right];$
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2) = N_I \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[G^{\text{CSI-part1}} / (2 \cdot N_I \cdot Q_m) \right];$
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(1) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left| G^{\text{CSI-part2}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right|$; and
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(2) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[G^{\text{CSI-part2}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right];$
- if CG-UCI is present for transmission on the PUSCH with UL-SCH and without HARQ-ACK, let:
 - $G^{CG-UCI}(1) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot [G^{CG-UCI}/(2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m)]$ and $G^{CG-UCI}(2) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot [G^{CG-UCI}/(2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m)]$
- if only HARQ-ACK and CSI part 1 are present for transmission on the PUSCH without UL-SCH, let:
 - $G^{\text{ACK}}(1) = \min \left(N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \middle| G^{\text{ACK}} / \left(2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m \right) \middle| , M_3 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m \right);$
 - $G^{ACK}(2) = G^{ACK} G^{ACK}(1)$
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1) = M_1 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{ACK}}(1)$; and
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2) = G^{\text{CSI-part1}} G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1)$;
- if HARQ-ACK, CSI part 1 and CSI part 2 are present for transmission on the PUSCH without UL-SCH, let:
 - $G^{ACK}(1) = \min \left(N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \middle| G^{ACK} / \left(2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m \right) \middle| , M_3 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m \right);$
 - $G^{ACK}(2) = G^{ACK} G^{ACK}(1)$;
 - if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is more than 2, $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1) = \min \left(N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left\lfloor G^{\text{CSI-part1}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right\rfloor, M_1 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{ACK}}(1) \right); \text{ otherwise,}$ $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1) = \min \left(N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left\lfloor G^{\text{CSI-part1}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right\rfloor, M_1 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{ACK}}_{rvd}(1) \right)$
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2) = G^{\text{CSI-part1}} G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1)$;
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(1) = M_1 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1)$ if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is no more than 2, and $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(1) = M_1 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{ACK}}(1) G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1)$ otherwise; and
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(2) = M_2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2)$ if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is no more than 2, and $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(2) = M_2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{ACK}}(2) G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2)$ otherwise;
- if only CSI part 1 and CSI part 2 are present for transmission on the PUSCH without UL-SCH, let:
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1) = \min \left(N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left\lfloor G^{\text{CSI-part1}} / \left(2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m \right) \right\rfloor, M_1 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G_{rvd}^{\text{ACK}}(1) \right)$
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2) = G^{\text{CSI-part1}} G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1)$;
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(1) = M_1 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1)$; and
 - $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(2) = M_{2} \cdot N_{L} \cdot Q_{m} G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2)$;

- let $N_{\text{hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = 2$, and denote $N_{\text{symb,hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}(1)$, $N_{\text{symb,hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}(2)$ as the number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH in the first and second hop, respectively;
- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH;

$$\begin{split} & M_1 = \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{syntholog}}^{\text{PUSCH}}} |1\rangle^{-1} \\ & M_{\text{SC}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \\ & M_2 = \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{synth,log}}} |1\rangle^{+N_{\text{SYNCH}}} |2\rangle^{-1} \\ & M_2 = \sum_{l=N_{\text{synth,log}}}^{N_{\text{SUSCH}}} |1\rangle^{+N_{\text{SUSCH}}} |1\rangle \\ & M_{\text{SC}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \\ \end{split} , \end{split}$$

$$M_{3} = \sum_{l=f^{(1)}}^{N_{\text{symb,loop}}^{\text{RISCH}}(l)-1} M_{\text{SC}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)$$

If frequency hopping is not configured for the PUSCH,

- denote $l^{(1)}$ as the OFDM symbol index of the first OFDM symbol after the first set of consecutive OFDM symbol(s) carrying DMRS;
- denote $l_{\text{CSI}}^{(1)}$ as the OFDM symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS;
- if HARQ-ACK is present for transmission on the PUSCH or if both HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI are present on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH, let $G^{ACK}(1) = G^{ACK}$;
- if CSI is present for transmission on the PUSCH, let $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1) = G^{\text{CSI-part2}}$ and $G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(1) = G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(1)$;
- if CG-UCI is present for transmission on the PUSCH without HARQ-ACK, let $G^{CG-UCI}(1) = G^{CG-UCI}$;
- let $N_{\text{hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = 1$ and $N_{\text{symb,hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}(1) = N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$.

The multiplexed data and control coded bit sequence $g_0, g_1, g_2, g_3, ..., g_{G-1}$ is obtained according to the following:

Step 1:

Set
$$\overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UL-SCH}} = \Phi_{l}^{\text{UL-SCH}}$$
 for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1$;

Set
$$\overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UL-SCH}}(l) = |\overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UL-SCH}}|$$
 for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\text{symball}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1$;

Set
$$\overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UCI}} = \Phi_{l}^{\text{UCI}}$$
 for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1$;

Set
$$\overline{M}_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = |\overline{\Phi}_{l}^{UCI}|$$
 for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH} - 1$;

if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits to be transmitted on PUSCH is 0, 1 or 2 bits and without CG-UCI:

the number of reserved resource elements for potential HARQ-ACK transmission is calculated according to Clause 6.3.2.4.2.1, by setting $O_{\rm ACK}$ = 2;

denote $G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}$ as the number of coded bits for potential HARQ-ACK transmission using the reserved resource elements;

if frequency hopping is configured for the PUSCH, let $G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(1) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right]$ and $G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(2) = N_L \cdot Q_m \cdot \left[G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}} / (2 \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m) \right]$;

if frequency hopping is not configured for the PUSCH, let $G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(1) = G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}$;

```
denote \overline{\Phi}_l^{\text{rvd}} as the set of reserved resource elements for potential HARQ-ACK transmission, in OFDM symbol l,
        for l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1;
        Set m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(1) = 0;
        Set m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(2) = 0;
         \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{rvd}} = \emptyset \text{ for } l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1;
        for i = 1 to N_{\text{hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}
                 l=l^{(i)};
                while m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) < G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(i)
                         if \bar{M}_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{UCI}}(l) > 0
                                  if G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \ge \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m
                                            m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UL-SCH}}(l);
                                  if G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) < \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m
                                            d = \left| \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m / \left( G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \right) \right|;
                                            m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \left\lceil \left( G_{\text{rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \right) / \left( N_L \cdot Q_m \right) \right\rceil ;
                                   end if
                                   for j = 0 to m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} - 1
                                            \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{rvd}} = \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{rvd}} \cup \left\{ \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UL-SCH}} \left( j \cdot d \right) \right\}
                                            m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) = m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) + N_L \cdot Q_m;
                                   end for
                          end if
                  l = l + 1;
                 end while
        end for
else
         \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{rvd}} = \emptyset for l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1;
end if
```

Denote $\overline{M}_{\rm sc, rvd}^{\,\overline{\Phi}}(l) = \left| \overline{\Phi}_l^{\,\rm rvd} \right|$ as the number of elements in $\overline{\Phi}_l^{\,\rm rvd}$.

Step 2:

if HARQ-ACK is present for transmission on the PUSCH and the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is more than 2 or if both HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI are present on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH:

Set
$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(1) = 0$$
;
Set $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(2) = 0$;
Set $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(2) = 0$;
for $i = 1$ to $N_{\text{hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$
 $l = l^{(i)}$;
while $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) < G^{\text{ACK}}(i)$
if $\overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{ACI}}(l) > 0$
if $G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \ge \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m$
 $d = 1$;
 $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)$;
end if
if $G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) < \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m$
 $d = \left\lfloor \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m / \left(G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \right) \right\rfloor$;
end if
for $j = 0$ to $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \left\lceil \left(G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \right) / (N_L \cdot Q_m) \right\rceil$;
end if
for $j = 0$ to $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} - 1$
 $k = \overline{\Phi}_l^{\text{UCI}}(j \cdot d)$;
for $v = 0$ to $N_L \cdot Q_m - 1$
 $\overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{m_{\text{count,all}}}^{\text{ACK}} + 1$;
 $m_{\text{count,all}}^{\text{ACK}} = m_{\text{count,all}}^{\text{ACK}} + 1$;
end for
end for
end for
end for
end for

for j = 0 to $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} - 1$

$$\begin{split} \overline{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\text{UCI}} &= \overline{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\text{UCI}} \bigcup \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UCI}} \left(j \cdot d \right); \\ \text{end for} \\ \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UCI}} &= \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UCI}} \setminus \overline{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\text{UCI}}; \\ \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UL-SCH}} &= \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UL-SCH}} \setminus \overline{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\text{UCI}}; \\ \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}} \left(l \right) &= \left| \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UCI}} \right|; \\ \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UL-SCH}} \left(l \right) &= \left| \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UL-SCH}} \right|; \\ \text{end if} \\ l &= l+1; \\ \text{end while} \end{split}$$

end for

end if

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Step 2A:

If CG-UCI is present for transmission on the PUSCH without HARQ-ACK:

```
Set m_{count}^{CG-UCI}(1) = 0;
Set m_{count}^{CG-UCI}(2) = 0;
Set m_{count,all}^{CG-UCI} = 0;
for i = 1 to N_{hop}^{PUSCH}
      l=l^{(i)};
      while m_{count}^{CG-UCI}(i) < G^{CG-UCI}(i)
      if \overline{M}_{sc}^{UCI}(l) > 0
            if G^{CG-UCI}(i) - m_{count}^{CG-UCI}(1) \ge \overline{M}_{sc}^{UCI}(l). N_L. Q_m
                  d = 1;
                  m_{count}^{RE} = \overline{M}_{sc}^{UCI}(l);
            end if
            if G^{CG-UCI}(i) - m_{count}^{CG-UCI}(1) < \overline{M}_{sc}^{UCI}(l). N_{l}. Q_{m}
                  d = \left| \overline{M}_{SC}^{UCI}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m / \left( G^{CG-UCI}(i) - m_{count}^{CG-UCI}(i) \right) \right|;
                 m_{count}^{RE} = \left[ \left( G^{CG-UCI}(i) - m_{count}^{CG-UCI}(i) \right) / (N_L Q_m) \right];
            for j = 0 to m_{count}^{RE} - 1
                  k = \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{UCI}(j.d);
                  for v = 0 to N_L. Q_m - 1
                       \overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{m_{count,all}}^{CG-UCI};
```

$$\begin{split} m^{CG-UCI}_{count,all} &= m^{CG-UCI}_{count,all} + 1; \\ m^{CG-UCI}_{count}(i) &= m^{CG-UCI}_{count}(i) + 1; \\ end \text{ for} \\ &= \text{end for} \\ \hline \Phi^{UCI}_{l,tmp} &= \emptyset; \\ \text{for } j &= 0 \text{ to } m^{RE}_{count} - 1 \\ \hline \Phi^{UCI}_{l,tmp} &= \overline{\Phi}^{UCI}_{l,tmp} \cup \overline{\Phi}^{UCI}_{l}(j,d); \\ \text{end for} \\ \hline \Phi^{UCI}_{l} &= \overline{\Phi}^{UCI}_{l,tmp} \cup \overline{\Phi}^{UCI}_{l,tmp}; \\ \hline \Phi^{UL-SCH}_{l} &= \overline{\Phi}^{UL-SCH}_{l,tmp}; \\ \hline M^{UCI}_{sc}(l) &= |\overline{\Phi}^{UCI}_{l}|; \\ \hline M^{UL-SCH}_{sc}(l) &= |\overline{\Phi}^{UCI}_{l}|; \\ \text{end if} \\ l &= l+1; \\ \text{end while} \\ \end{split}$$

end if Step 3:

if CSI is present for transmission on the PUSCH:

Set
$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(1) = 0$$
;
Set $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(2) = 0$;
Set $m_{\text{count,all}}^{\text{CSI-part1}} = 0$;
for $i = 1$ to $N_{\text{hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$
 $l = l_{\text{CSI}}^{(i)}$;
while $\overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\overline{\Phi}}(l) \leq 0$
 $l = l + 1$;
end while
while $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) < \overline{G}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i)$
if $\overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\overline{\Phi}}(l) > 0$
if $G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) \geq (\overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\overline{\Phi}}(l)) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m$
 $d = 1$;

$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - \overline{M}_{\text{sc, ryd}}^{\overline{\Phi}}(l);$$

end if

$$\text{if } G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) < \left(\overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}\left(l\right) - \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\bar{\Phi}}\left(l\right) \right) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m$$

$$d = \left[\left(\overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - M_{\text{sc,rvd}}^{\overline{\Phi}}(l) \right) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m / \left(G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) \right) \right];$$

$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \left[\left(G^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) \right) / \left(N_L \cdot Q_m \right) \right];$$

end if

$$\overline{\Phi}_{I}^{\text{temp}} = \overline{\Phi}_{I}^{\text{UCI}} \setminus \overline{\Phi}_{I}^{\text{rvd}};$$

for
$$j = 0$$
 to $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} - 1$

$$k = \overline{\Phi}_l^{\text{temp}} (j \cdot d);$$

for
$$v = 0$$
 to $N_L \cdot Q_m - 1$

$$\overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{m_{\text{count,all}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}}^{\text{CSI-part1}};$$

$$m_{\text{countall}}^{\text{CSI-part1}} = m_{\text{countall}}^{\text{CSI-part1}} + 1;$$

$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) = m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}(i) + 1;$$

end for

end for

$$\bar{\Phi}_{l,tmp}^{ ext{UCI}} = \emptyset;$$

for
$$j = 0$$
 to $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} - 1$

$$\bar{\Phi}_{l,tmp}^{\text{UCI}} = \bar{\Phi}_{l,tmp}^{\text{UCI}} \cup \bar{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{temp}} (j \cdot d);$$

end for

$$ar{\Phi}_l^{ ext{UCI}} = ar{\Phi}_l^{ ext{UCI}} \setminus ar{\Phi}_{l,\textit{tmp}}^{ ext{UCI}}$$
 .

$$ar{\Phi}_l^{ ext{UL-SCH}} = ar{\Phi}_l^{ ext{UL-SCH}} \setminus ar{\Phi}_{l,\mathit{tmp}}^{ ext{UCI}}$$
 .

$$\overline{M}_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{UCI}}(l) = \left| \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{UCI}} \right|;$$

$$\overline{M}_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}}(l) = \left| \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}} \right|;$$

end if

$$l = l + 1;$$

end while

end for

Set
$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(1) = 0$$
;

Set
$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(2) = 0$$
;

Set
$$m_{\text{countall}}^{\text{CSI-part2}} = 0$$
;

for
$$i = 1$$
 to $N_{\text{hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$

$$l = l_{\text{CSI}}^{(i)}$$
;

while
$$\bar{M}_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l) \leq 0$$

$$l = l + 1;$$

end while

while
$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) < G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i)$$

if
$$\overline{M}_{sc}^{UCI}(l) > 0$$

$$\text{if } G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) \ge \bar{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}\left(l\right) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m$$

$$d = 1;$$

$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \overline{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l);$$

end if

$$\text{if } G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) < \! \bar{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}\left(l\right) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_{\!\!\!\!/}$$

$$d = \left[\bar{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m / \left(G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) \right) \right];$$

$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \left[\left(G^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) \right) / \left(N_L \cdot Q_m \right) \right];$$

end if

for
$$j = 0$$
 to $m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} - 1$

$$k = \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\text{UCI}}(j \cdot d);$$

for
$$v = 0$$
 to $N_L \cdot Q_m - 1$

$$\overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{m_{\text{count,all}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}}^{\text{CSI-part2}};$$

$$m_{\text{countall}}^{\text{CSI-part2}} = m_{\text{countall}}^{\text{CSI-part2}} + 1;$$

$$m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) = m_{\text{count}}^{\text{CSI-part2}}(i) + 1;$$

end for

end for

$$\overline{\Phi}_{l,tmp}^{ ext{UCI}} = \varnothing;$$

for
$$j=0$$
 to $m_{\mathrm{count}}^{\mathrm{RE}}-1$

$$\bar{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\mathrm{UCI}} = \bar{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\mathrm{UCI}} \bigcup \bar{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{UCI}} (j \cdot d);$$
end for
$$\bar{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{UCI}} = \bar{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{UCI}} \setminus \bar{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\mathrm{UCI}};$$

$$\bar{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{ULSCH}} = \bar{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{ULSCH}} \setminus \bar{\Phi}_{l,mp}^{\mathrm{UCI}};$$

$$\bar{M}_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{UCI}} (l) = \left| \bar{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{UCI}} \right|;$$
end if
$$l = l+1;$$
end while
end for

Step 4:

end if

if UL-SCH is present for transmission on the PUSCH:

```
Set m_{\mathrm{count}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}} = 0; for l = 0 to N_{\mathrm{symb,all}}^{\mathrm{PUSCH}} - 1 if \overline{M}_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}}(l) > 0 for j = 0 to \overline{M}_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}}(l) - 1 k = \overline{\Phi}_{l}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}}(j); for v = 0 to N_{L} \cdot Q_{m} - 1 \overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{m_{\mathrm{count}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}}; m_{\mathrm{count}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}} = m_{\mathrm{count}}^{\mathrm{UL-SCH}} + 1; end for end if end for
```

end if Step 5:

if HARQ-ACK is present for transmission on the PUSCH without CG-UCI and the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is no more than 2:

```
Set m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(1) = 0;
        Set m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(2) = 0;
        Set m_{\text{countall}}^{\text{ACK}} = 0;
        for i = 1 to N_{\text{hop}}^{\text{PUSCH}}
                  l=l^{(i)};
                 while m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) < G^{\text{ACK}}(i)
                          if \overline{M}_{\text{sc, ryd}}^{\bar{\Phi}}(l) > 0
                                   if G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \ge \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\overline{\Phi}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m
                                             d = 1;
                                             m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\bar{\Phi}}(l);
                                    end if
                                   if G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) < \overline{M}_{\text{sc. rvd}}^{\bar{\Phi}}(l) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m
                                             d = \left| \left. \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\Phi} \left( l \right) \cdot N_L \cdot Q_m \middle/ \left( G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \right) \right|;
                                             m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} = \left[ \left( G^{\text{ACK}}(i) - m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) \right) / \left( N_L \cdot Q_m \right) \right];
                                    end if
                                    for j = 0 to m_{\text{count}}^{\text{RE}} - 1
                                             k = \overline{\Phi}_l^{\text{rvd}} (j \cdot d);
                                             for v = 0 to N_L \cdot Q_m - 1
                                                       \overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{m_{\text{countall}}^{\text{ACK}}}^{\text{ACK}};
                                                      m_{\text{count,all}}^{\text{ACK}} = m_{\text{count,all}}^{\text{ACK}} + 1;
                                                      m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) = m_{\text{count}}^{\text{ACK}}(i) + 1;
                                             end for
                                    end for
                           end if
                           l = l + 1;
                 end while
        end for
end if
```

Step 6:

end for

```
Set t=0;

for l=0 to N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}-1

for j=0 to M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UL-SCH}}(l)-1

k=\Phi_l^{\text{UL-SCH}}(j);

for v=0 to N_L\cdot Q_m-1

g_t=\overline{g}_{l,k,v};

t=t+1;

end for

end for
```

6.3 Uplink control information

6.3.1 Uplink control information on PUCCH

The procedure in this clause applies to PUCCH formats 2/3/4.

The following clauses 6.3.1.2, 6.3.1.3 and 6.3.1.5 apply regardless of whether the higher layer parameter *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured or not. The following clauses 6.3.1.1, 6.3.1.4 and 6.3.1.6 apply by assuming *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is not configured, or *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured and the UCIs for transmission on a PUCCH are of the same priority index, unless stated otherwise.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is replaced by *uci-MuxWithDiffPrioSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group in this clause.

6.3.1.1 UCI bit sequence generation

6.3.1.1.1 HARQ-ACK/SR only

If only HARQ-ACK bits are transmitted on a PUCCH, the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ is determined by setting $a_i = \widetilde{o}_i^{ACK}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{ACK} - 1$ and $A = O^{ACK}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\widetilde{o}_0^{ACK}, \widetilde{o}_1^{ACK}, ..., \widetilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS38.213].

If only HARQ-ACK and SR bits are transmitted on a PUCCH, the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ is determined by setting $a_i = \widetilde{o}_i^{ACK}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{ACK} - 1$, $a_i = \widetilde{o}_{i-O}^{SR}$ for $i = O^{ACK}$, $O^{ACK} + 1, ..., O^{ACK} + O^{SR} - 1$, and $A = O^{ACK} + O^{SR}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence \widetilde{o}_0^{ACK} , \widetilde{o}_1^{ACK} ,..., $\widetilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213], and the SR bit sequence \widetilde{o}_0^{SR} , \widetilde{o}_1^{SR} ,..., $\widetilde{o}_{O^{SR}-1}^{SR}$ is given by Clause 9.2.5.1 of [5, TS 38.213].

6.3.1.1.2 CSI only

If *cqi-BitsPerSubband* is configured, this Clause 6.3.1.1.2 applies by taking Subband CQI as Subband differential CQI and replacing the corresponding number of bits 2 by 4.

If CSI-ReportSubConfig is configured, for a corresponding CSI sub-report, the bitwidth of a CSI field of the CSI sub-report is determined following the procedure in this clause 6.3.1.1.2 by taking configurations in CSI-ReportSubConfig

when applicable. If CSI-ReportSubConfig configures a list of CSI-RS resource IDs, for the determination of the bitwidth of a CRI field, the value of K_s^{CSI-RS} is the number of CSI-RS resources configured in the corresponding CSI-ReportSubConfig.

The bitwidth for PMI of *codebookType=typeI-SinglePanel* with 2 CSI-RS ports is 2 for Rank=1 and 1 for Rank=2, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS 38.214].

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeI-SinglePanel with more than 2 CSI-RS ports is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-1, where the values of (N_1, N_2) and (O_1, O_2) are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.1.1.2-1: PMI of codebookType=typeI-SinglePanel

	Information field X_1 for wideband PMI $(i_{1,1},i_{1,2})$		or per sub	Information field X_2 for wideband PMI or per subband PMI i_2		
	codebookMode=1	codebookMode=2	$i_{1,3}$	codebookMode=	codebookMode=2	
$\begin{aligned} \text{Rank} &= 1 \text{ with } > 2\\ \text{CSI-RS ports,}\\ N_2 &> 1 \end{aligned}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	$\left(\left\lceil \log_2 \frac{N_1 O_1}{2} \right\rceil, \left\lceil \log_2 \frac{N_2 O_2}{2} \right\rceil \right)$	N/A	2	4	
Rank = 1 with >2 CSI-RS ports, $N_2 = 1$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \\ \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	$(\left\lceil \log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{2}\right)\right\rceil, 0)$	N/A	2	4	
Rank=2 with 4 CSI-RS ports, $N_2 = 1$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	$(\left\lceil \log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{2}\right)\right\rceil, 0)$	1	1	3	
Rank=2 with >4 CSI-RS ports, $N_2 > 1$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	$\left[\log_2 \frac{N_1 O_1}{2} \right],$ $\left[\log_2 \frac{N_2 O_2}{2} \right]$	2	1	3	
Rank=2 with >4 CSI-RS ports, $N_2 = 1$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	$(\left\lceil \log_2\left(\frac{N_1O_1}{2}\right)\right\rceil, 0)$	2	1	3	
Rank=3 or 4, with 4 CSI-RS ports	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil)$	$,\lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	0		1	
Rank=3 or 4, with 8 or 12 CSI-RS ports	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil)$	$,\lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	2		1	
Rank=3 or 4 , with >=16 CSI-RS ports	$\left(\left[\log_2\frac{N_1O_1}{2}\right]\right)$	$, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	2		1	
Rank=5 or 6	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$		N/A	1		
Rank=7 or 8, $N_1 = 4, N_2 = 1$	$\left(\left[\log_2\frac{N_1O_1}{2}\right]\right)$, $\lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil$)	N/A		1	
Rank=7 or 8, $N_1 > 2, N_2 = 2$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil)$	$, \left\lceil \log_2 \frac{N_2 O_2}{2} \right\rceil)$	N/A		1	
Rank=7 or 8, with $N_1 > 4$, $N_2 = 1$ or $N_1 = 2$, $N_2 = 2$ or $N_1 > 2$, $N_2 > 2$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil)$	$,\lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	N/A		1	

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeI-MultiPanel is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-2, where the values of $\left(N_g,N_1,N_2\right)$ and $\left(O_1,O_2\right)$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.2 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.1.1.2-2: PMI of codebookType= typel-MultiPanel

	Information fields $X_1^{}$ for wideband			Information fields X_2 for wideband or per subband			-		
	$(i_{1,1},i_{1,2})$	$i_{1,3}$	$i_{1,4,1}$	$i_{1,4,2}$	$i_{1,4,3}$	i_2	$i_{2,0}$	$i_{2,1}$	$i_{2,2}$
Rank=1 with $N_{\rm g}=2$ ${\it codebookMode=1}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=1 with $N_{\rm g}=4$ ${\it codebookMode=1}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	N/A	2	2	2	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=2 with $N_g^{}=2,$ $N_1^{}N_2^{}=2$ $ {\it codebookMode}{=}1$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \\ \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	1	2	N/A	N/A	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=3 or 4 with $N_{\rm g}=2$, $N_{\rm l}N_{\rm 2}=2$ ${\it codebookMode}{=}{\it 1}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	0	2	N/A	N/A	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=2 or 3 or 4 with $N_{\rm g}=2$, $N_{\rm l}N_{\rm 2}>2$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	2	2	N/A	N/A	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=2 with $N_g^{}=4$, $N_1^{}N_2^{}=2$ $ {\it codebookMode=1}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	1	2	2	2	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=3 or 4 with $N_{\rm g}=4$, $N_{\rm l}N_{\rm 2}=2$ ${\it codebookMode}{=}{\it 1}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \\ \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	0	2	2	2	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=2 or 3 or 4 with $N_{_{g}}=4$, $N_{_{1}}N_{_{2}}>2$ $ codebookMode=1$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \\ \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	2	2	2	2	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=1 with $N_{\rm g}=2$ codebookMode=2	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	N/A	2	2	N/A	N/A	2	1	1
Rank=2 with $N_g^{}=2,$ $N_1^{}N_2^{}=2$ $ {\it codebookMode=2}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	1	2	2	N/A	N/A	1	1	1
Rank=3 or 4 with $N_{\rm g}=2$, $N_{\rm l}N_{\rm 2}=2$ ${\rm codebookMode}{=}2$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	0	2	2	N/A	N/A	1	1	1
Rank=2 or 3 or 4 with $N_{\rm g}=2$, $N_1N_2>2$ ${\rm codebookMode=2}$	$(\lceil \log_2 N_1 O_1 \rceil, \\ \lceil \log_2 N_2 O_2 \rceil)$	2	2	2	N/A	N/A	1	1	1

The bitwidth for PMI with 1 CSI-RS port is 0.

The bitwidth for RI/LI/CQI/CRI of *codebookType=typeI-SinglePanel* or *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-CQI' or 1 CSI-RS port is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-3: RI, LI, CQI, and CRI of codebookType=typel-SinglePanel, or reportQuantity set to 'cri-RI-CQI', or 1 CSI-RS port

	Bitwidth					
Field	1 antonna port		4 antenna ports	>4 antenna ports		
	1 antenna port	2 antenna ports	4 antenna ports	Rank1~4	Rank5~8	
Rank Indicator when codebookType=typeI- SinglePanel	0	$\min(1,\lceil \log_2 n_{RI} \rceil)$	$\min(2,\lceil \log_2 n_{\rm RI} \rceil)$	$\lceil \log_2 n_{_{ m RI}} ceil$	$\lceil \log_2 n_{\scriptscriptstyle{ ext{RI}}} \rceil$	
Rank Indicator when reportQuantity set to 'cri- RI-CQI'	0	1	2	3	3	
Layer Indicator	0	$\lceil \log_2 v \rceil$	$\min(2,\lceil \log_2 v \rceil)$	$\min(2,\lceil \log_2 v \rceil)$	$\min(2,\lceil \log_2 v \rceil)$	
Wide-band CQI for the first TB	4	4	4	4	4	
Wideband CQI for the second TB	0	0	0	0	4	
Subband differential CQI for the first TB	2	2	2	2	2	
Subband differential CQI for the second TB	0	0	0	0	2	
CRI	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left(K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}} \right) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}) \right\rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2(K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}) \right\rceil$	

 $n_{\rm RI}$ in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3 is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 [6, TS 38.214].

v is the value of the rank. The value of $K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}$ is the number of CSI-RS resources in the corresponding resource set.

The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value. For higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-CQI', the values of the rank indicator field are mapped to rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to rank-1.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A: RI, LI, CQI, and CRI associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and csi-ReportMode= Mode 1 or Mode 2

	Bitwidth			
Field	1 antenna port per Resource	> 1 antenna ports per Resource		
Rank Combination Indicator	0	$\min(2, \lceil \log_2 n_{RI,NCJT} \rceil)$		
The first Layer Indicator	0	$\lceil \log_2(v_1) \rceil$		
The second Layer Indicator	0	$\lceil \log_2(v_2) \rceil$		
Wide-band CQI for the first TB	4	4		
Subband differential CQI for the first TB	2	2		
CRI if csi-ReportMode= Mode 1	$[\log_2 N]$	[log ₂ N]		
CRI if csi-ReportMode= Mode 2	$\lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2 + N) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2 + N) \rceil$		

Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B: RI, LI, CQI, and CRI associated with one CSI-RS resource and csi-ReportMode= Mode 1 or Mode 2

	Bitwidth						
Field	1 antonna nort	2 antonna norte	A antonna norte	>4 anten	>4 antenna ports		
	1 antenna port	2 antenna ports	4 antenna ports	Rank1~4	Rank5~8		
Rank Indicator	0	$\min(1, \lceil \log_2 n_{RI, sTRP} \rceil)$	$\min(2, \lceil \log_2 n_{RI, sTRP} \rceil)$	$[\log_2 n_{ ext{RI,STRP}}]$	$[\log_2 n_{\mathrm{RI,sTRP}}]$		
Layer Indicator	0	$[\log_2(v)]$	$\min(2, \lceil \log_2(v) \rceil)$	$\min(2, \lceil \log_2(v) \rceil)$	$\min(2, \lceil \log_2(v) \rceil)$		
Wide-band CQI for the first TB	4	4	4	4	4		
Wideband CQI for the second TB	0	0	0	0	4		
Subband differential CQI for the first TB	2	2	2	2	2		
Subband differential CQI for the second TB	0	0	0	0	2		
CRI if csi- ReportMode= Mode 1 and numberOfSingleTR P-CSI-Mode1 = 1	$\lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2) \rceil$						
CRI if csi- ReportMode= Mode 1 and numberOfSingleTR P-CSI-Mode1 = 2	$\lceil \log_2(M_1) \rceil$ for the first CRI; $\lceil \log_2(M_2) \rceil$ for the second CRI	$\lceil \log_2(M_1) \rceil$ for the first CRI; $\lceil \log_2(M_2) \rceil$ for the second CRI	$\lceil \log_2(M_1) \rceil$ for the first CRI; $\lceil \log_2(M_2) \rceil$ for the second CRI	$\lceil \log_2(M_1) \rceil$ for the first CRI; $\lceil \log_2(M_2) \rceil$ for the second CRI	$\lceil \log_2(M_1) \rceil$ for the first CRI; $\lceil \log_2(M_2) \rceil$ for the second CRI		
CRI if csi- ReportMode= Mode 2	$ \lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2 + N) \rceil $	$ \lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2 + N) \rceil $	$ \lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2 + N) \rceil $	$ \lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2 + N) \rceil $	$ \lceil \log_2(M_1 + M_2 + N) \rceil $		

 $n_{\rm RI,NCJT}$ in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A is the number of allowed rank combination indicator values associated with one CSI-RS resource pair according to Clause 5.2.1.4.2 [6, TS 38.214]. The values of the rank combination indicator field are mapped to allowed rank combinations in the following order: {1,1}, {1,2}, {2,1},{2,2}, where '0' is mapped to the first allowed rank combination. v_1 and v_2 are the values of the first and the second rank associated with two CSI-RS resources of the CSI-RS resource pair respectively.

 $n_{\rm RI,sTRP}$ in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B is the number of allowed rank indicator values associated with one CSI-RS resource according to Clause 5.2.1.4.2 [6, TS 38.214]. v is the value of the rank associated with the CSI-RS resource. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value.

The value of N in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A and Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B is the number of CSI-RS resource pairs configured within a CSI-RS resource set. The values of M_1 and M_2 in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A and Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B are given by

- If sharedCMR = "Enabled", $M_1 = K_1$ and $M_2 = K_2$
- If sharedCMR is absent and N = 1, $M_1 = K_1 1$ and $M_2 = K_2 1$
- If *sharedCMR* is absent and N = 2,
 - $M_1 = K_1$ 2 and $M_2 = K_2$ 2, if the two resource pairs do not share any CSI-RS resource
 - $M_1 = K_1$ 1 and $M_2 = K_2$ 2, if the two resource pairs share the same CSI-RS resource from the first CSI-RS resource group
 - $M_1 = K_1 2$ and $M_2 = K_2 1$, if the two resource pairs share the same CSI-RS resource from the second CSI-RS resource group

where the values of K_1 and K_2 are the numbers of CSI-RS resources in the first and second CSI-RS resource groups within the CSI-RS resource set respectively.

The bitwidth for RI/LI/CQI/CRI of *codebookType= typeI-MultiPanel* is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-4.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-4: RI, LI, CQI, and CRI of codebookType=typel-MultiPanel

Field	Bitwidth
Rank Indicator	$\min(2,\lceil \log_2 n_{\text{RI}} \rceil)$
Layer Indicator	$\min(2,\lceil \log_2 \nu \rceil)$
Wide-band CQI	4
Subband differential CQI	2
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}) \rceil$

where $n_{\rm RI}$ is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clause 5.2.2.2.2 [6, TS 38.214], v is the value of the rank, and $K_s^{\rm CSI-RS}$ is the number of CSI-RS resources in the corresponding resource set. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value.

The bitwidth for RI/LI/CQI of *codebookType=typeII* or *codebookType=typeII-PortSelection* is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-5.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-5: RI, LI, and CQI of codebookType=typell or typell-PortSelection

Field	Bitwidth
Rank Indicator	$\min(1, \lceil \log_2 n_{\rm RI} \rceil)$
Layer Indicator	$\min(2,\lceil \log_2 v \rceil)$
Wide-band CQI	4
Subband differential CQI	2
Indicator of the number of non-zero wideband amplitude coefficients $M_{_{I}}$ for layer	$\lceil \log_2(2L-1) \rceil$
l	

where n_{RI} is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clauses 5.2.2.2.3 and 5.2.2.2.4 [6, TS 38.214] and \mathcal{U} is the value of the rank. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value.

The bitwidth for CRI, SSBRI, RSRP, differential RSRP, and CapabilityIndex are provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-6: CRI, SSBRI, RSRP, and CapabilityIndex

Field	Bitwidth
CRI	$\lceil \log_2(K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}) \rceil$
SSBRI	$\lceil \log_2(K_s^{SSB}) \rceil$
RSRP	7
Differential RSRP	4
CapabilityIndex	2

where $K_s^{\text{CSI-RS}}$ is the number of CSI-RS resources in the corresponding resource set, and K_s^{SSB} is the configured number of SS/PBCH blocks in the corresponding resource set for reporting 'ssb-Index-RSRP' or 'ssb-Index-RSRP-Index'.

The bitwidth for CRI, SSBRI, SINR, differential SINR, and CapabilityIndex are provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A: CRI, SSBRI, SINR, and CapabilityIndex

Field	Bitwidth
CRI	$[\log_2(K_s^{CSI-RS})]$
SSBRI	$\lceil \log_2(K_s^{SSB}) \rceil$
SINR	7
Differential SINR	4
CapabilityIndex	2

where K_s^{CSI-RS} is the number of CSI-RS resources in the corresponding resource set, and K_s^{SSB} is the configured number of SS/PBCH blocks in the corresponding resource set for reporting 'ssb-Index-SINR' or 'ssb-Index-SINR-Index'.

If *CSI-ReportSubConfig* is configured, for a corresponding CSI sub-report, the mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI sub-report is determined following the procedure in this clause 6.3.1.1.2, by replacing CSI report #n in the following Tables 6.3.1.1.2-7, 6.3.1.1.2-9 and 6.3.1.1.2-10 with CSI sub-report #n, and taking only Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2/3/4 for the determination of the bitwidth of a CSI field.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-7: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, pmi-FormatIndicator=widebandPMI and cqi-FormatIndicator=widebandCQI or reportQuantity set to 'cri-RI-CQI' and cqi-FormatIndicator=widebandCQI

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if reported
	Rank Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if reported
	Layer Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if reported
	Zero padding bits O_{P} , if needed
CSI report #n	PMI wideband information fields $X_{1}^{}$, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if reported
	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if reported
	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if reported

The number of zero padding bits O_P in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7 is 0 for 1 CSI-RS port and $O_P = N_{\text{max}} - N_{\text{reported}}$ for more than 1 CSI-RS port, where:

- $-N_{\max} = \max_{r \in S_{\rm Rank}} B(r) \text{ and } S_{\rm Rank} \text{ is the set of rank values } r \text{ that are allowed to be reported;}$
- $N_{\text{reported}} = B(R)$, where R is the reported rank;
- For 2 CSI-RS ports, $B(r) = N_{PMI}(r) + N_{COI}(r) + N_{II}(r)$;
- For more than 2 CSI-RS ports, $B(r) = N_{\text{PMLi}}(r) + N_{\text{PMLi}}(r) + N_{\text{COI}}(r) + N_{\text{LI}}(r)$;
- if PMI is reported, $N_{\text{PMI}}(1) = 2$ and $N_{\text{PMI}}(2) = 1$; otherwise, $N_{\text{PMI}}(r) = 0$;
- if PMI $_{i1}$ is reported, $N_{\text{PMLiI}}(r)$ is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2; otherwise, $N_{\text{PMLiI}}(r) = 0$;
- if PMI $_{i2}$ is reported, $N_{\text{PMLi2}}(r)$ is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2; otherwise, $N_{\text{PMLi2}}(r) = 0$;
- if CQI is reported, $N_{\text{COI}}(r)$ is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4; otherwise, $N_{\text{COI}}(r) = 0$;
- if LI is reported, $N_{II}(r)$ is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4; otherwise, $N_{II}(r) = 0$.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-7A: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, pmi-FormatIndicator=widebandPMI, cqi-FormatIndicator=widebandCQI, csi-ReportMode= Mode 1 and numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1=0

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	Rank Combination Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	Two Layer Indicators as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, where the first Layer Indicator and the second
	Layer Indicator are associated with the first resource and the second resource within the
	resource pair respectively and if reported;
	Zero padding bits O_p , if needed
	PMI wideband information fields X ₁ , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with
	the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
CSI report #n	PMI wideband information fields X ₂ , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the
	first CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_1 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with
	the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_2 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the
	second CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported

The number of zero padding bits O_P in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7A is 0 for 1 CSI-RS port and $O_P = N_{\text{max}} - N_{\text{reported}}$ for more than 1 CSI-RS port, where:

- $N_{max} = \max_{r \in S_{Rank}} B(r)$ and S_{Rank} is the set of rank combination values of $r = \{r_1, r_2\}$ that are allowed to be reported;
- $N_{\text{reported}} = B(R)$ where R is the reported rank combination;
- For 2 CSI-RS ports, $B(r) = N_{PMI}(r_1) + N_{PMI}(r_2) + N_{COI}(r) + N_{LI}(r_1) + N_{LI}(r_2)$;
- For more than 2 CSI-RS ports, $B(r) = N_{PMI,i_1}(r_1) + N_{PMI,i_1}(r_2) + N_{PMI,i_2}(r_1) + N_{PMI,i_2}(r_2) + N_{CQI}(r) + N_{LI}(r_1) + N_{LI}(r_2)$;
- if PMI is reported, $N_{PMI}(1) = 2$ and $N_{PMI}(2) = 1$; otherwise, $N_{PMI} = 0$;
- if PMI i_1 is reported, $N_{PMI,i_1}(r_1)$ and $N_{PMI,i_1}(r_2)$ are obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1; otherwise, $N_{PMI,i_1} = 0$;
- if PMI i_2 is reported, $N_{PMI,i_2}(r_1)$ and $N_{PMI,i_2}(r_2)$ are obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1; otherwise, $N_{PMI,i_2}=0$;
- if CQI is reported, $N_{CQI}(r)$ is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A; otherwise, $N_{CQI}(r) = 0$;
- if LI is reported, $N_{LI}(r_1)$ and $N_{LI}(r_2)$ are obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A; otherwise, $N_{LI}=0$.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-8: Mapping order of CSI fields of one report for CRI/RSRP or SSBRI/RSRP or CRI/RSRP/CapabilityIndex or SSBRI/RSRP/CapabilityIndex reporting, or mapping order of CSI fields of one report for inter-cell SSBRI/RSRP reporting

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI or SSBRI #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #3 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #4 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	RSRP #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
CSI report #n	Differential RSRP #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
CSI Teport #IT	Differential RSRP #3 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	Differential RSRP #4 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #3 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #4 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported

Table 6.3.1.1.2-8A: Mapping order of CSI fields of one report for CRI/SINR or SSBRI/SINR or CRI/SINR/CapabilityIndex or SSBRI/SINR/CapabilityIndex reporting

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI or SSBRI #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #3 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #4 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
	SINR #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
CCI report #n	Differential SINR #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
CSI report #n	Differential SINR #3 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
	Differential SINR #4 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6A, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #3 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CapabilityIndex #4 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported

Table 6.3.1.1.2-8B: Mapping order of CSI fields of one report for group-based CRI/RSRP or SSBRI/RSRP reporting

CSI report number	CSI fields
	Resource set indicator
	CRI or SSBRI #1 of 1st resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #2 of 1st resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #1 of 2nd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #2 of 2nd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #1 of 3rd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #2 of 3rd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	CRI or SSBRI #1 of 4th resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
CSI report #n	CRI or SSBRI #2 of 4th resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #1 of 1st resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6
	Differential RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #2 of 1st resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6
	Differential RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #1 of 2nd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	Differential RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #2 of 2nd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	Differential RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #1 of 3rd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	Differential RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #2 of 3rd resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	Differential RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #1 of 4th resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	Differential RSRP of CRI or SSBRI #2 of 4th resource group as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported

where the 1-bit resource set indicator, with value of 0 or 1, indicates the 1st or the 2nd channel measurement resource set respectively, from which CRI or SSBRI #1 of 1st resource group is reported from; and all remaining resource groups, if reported, follow the same mapping order as the 1st resource group where CRI or SSBRI #1 of all remaining resource groups is reported from the indicated channel measurement resource set. For all reported resource groups, CRI or SSBRI #1 and CRI or SSBRI #2 are reported from different channel measurement resource sets.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-8C: Mapping order of CSI fields of one report for SSBRI/RSRP reporting for L1/L2-triggered mobility

CSI report number	CSI fields
	SSBRI #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	SSBRI #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	····
CSI roport #p	SSBRI # $L \times M$ as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
CSI report #n	RSRP #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	Differential RSRP #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
	····
	Differential RSRP # $L \times M$ as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported
NOTE: L is the number of reported cells provided by higher layer parameter nrOfReportedCells and M is the number	
of reported SSBRI/RSRP pairs per cell and equal to the value provided by higher layer parameter	
nrofReportedi	RS-PerCell.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-9: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 1, pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI or cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if reported
	Rank Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if reported
	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if reported
CSI report #n CSI part 1	Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if reported
	Indicator of the number of non-zero wideband amplitude coefficients M_0 for layer 0 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-5, if reported
	Indicator of the number of non-zero wideband amplitude coefficients M_1 for layer 1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-5 (if the rank according to the reported RI is equal to one, this field is set to all zeros), if 2-layer PMI reporting is allowed according to the rank restriction in Clauses 5.2.2.2.3 and 5.2.2.2.4 [6, TS 38.214] and if reported
	r given CSI report <i>n</i> indicated by the higher layer parameter <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> with value set to
'1' are numbered continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of csi-ReportingBand with	
value set to '1' as subband 0.	

Table 6.3.1.1.2-9A: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 1, csi-ReportMode= Mode 1

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	Rank Combination Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in Tables
	6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource, <i>numberOfSingleTRP</i> -
	CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
	First CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource,
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Rank Indicator associated with CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-
	Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
	Rank Indicator associated with the first CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if <i>numberOfSingleTRP</i> -
	CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Wideband CQI associated with CRI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
CSI report #n	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
CSI part 1	Wideband CQI associated with the first CRI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
•	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Subband differential CQI associated with CRI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 if reported;
	Subband differential CQI associated with the first CRI for the first TB with increasing order of
	subband number as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if <i>numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1</i> = 2 and if
	reported
	Second CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource,
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Rank Indicator associated with the second CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Wideband CQI associated with the second CRI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Subband differential CQI associated with the second CRI for the first TB with increasing order
	of subband number as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if
	reported
	r given CSI report <i>n</i> indicated by the higher layer parameter <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> with value set to
'1' are numbered continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of csi-ReportingBand with	
value set to	1' as subband 0.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-9B: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 1, csi-ReportMode= Mode 2

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported;
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	Rank Combination Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS
	resource pair and if reported;
	Rank Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource and if
	reported;
CSI report #n	Zero padding bits O_p , if needed
CSI report #11	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS
OCI part 1	resource pair and if reported;
	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS
	resource and if reported
	Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in Tables
	6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported;
	Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in Tables
	6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	given CSI report <i>n</i> indicated by the higher layer parameter <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> with value set to
	red continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of csi-ReportingBand with
value set to '1	as subband 0.

The number of zero padding bits O_P in Table 6.3.1.1.2-9B is 0 for 1 CSI-RS port and $O_P = N_{\text{max}} - N_{\text{reported}}(R)$ for more than 1 CSI-RS port, where:

- $N_{max} = \max_{r \in S_{Rank}} N(r)$. S_{Rank} is the set of rank and rank combination values r that are allowed to be reported. N(r) is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A/3B for rank combination indicator and rank indicator respectively.
- N_{reported} (*R*) is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A for rank combination indicator and *R* is the reported rank combination.
- N_{reported} (R) is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B for rank indicator and R is the reported rank.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-10: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 wideband, pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI or cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n CSI part 2 wideband	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if present and reported
	Layer Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields $X_1^{}$, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if <i>pmi-</i> FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and if reported

Table 6.3.1.1.2-10A: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 wideband, csi-ReportMode= Mode 1

CSI report number	CSI fields
	Two Layer Indicators as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, where the first Layer Indicator and the second Layer Indicator are associated with the first resource and the second resource within the resource pair respectively and if reported;
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the first CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated
	with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the second CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and if reported
	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1,
CSI report #n	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
CSI part 2 wideband	PMI wideband information fields X_1 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if associated with CRI in CSI part 1, $numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1$ and if reported;
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if
	associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if associated with CRI in CSI part 1, pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if
	associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Table 6.3.1.1.2-10B: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 wideband, csi-ReportMode= Mode 2

CSI report number	CSI fields
	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	Two Layer Indicators as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair, where the first Layer Indicator and the second Layer Indicator are associated with the first resource and the second resource within the resource pair respectively and if reported; Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
CSI report #n CSI part 2	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the first CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
wideband	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated
	with the second CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the second CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if reported
	part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or
	codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if pmi- FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

Table 6.3.1.1.2-11: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 subband, pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI or cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI

	Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported	
	PMI subband information fields X_{2} of all even subbands with increasing order of subband	
CSI report #n	number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported	
Part 2 subband	Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported	
	PMI subband information fields X_{2} of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number,	
	from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported	
NOTE: Subbar	NOTE: Subbands for given CSI report n indicated by the higher layer parameter csi-ReportingBand with value s	
to '1' aı	re numbered continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of csi-ReportingBand	
with va	with value set to '1' as subband 0.	

Table 6.3.1.1.2-11A: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 subband, csi-ReportMode= Mode 1

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

CSI report #n Part 2 subband

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields $\,X_2\,$ of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports

associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Table 6.3.1.1.2-11B: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 subband, csi-ReportMode= Mode 2

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

CSI report #n Part 2 subband PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with one CSI-RS resource, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with one CSI-RS resource according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with one CSI-RS resource, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if *cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI* and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

PMI subband information fields $\,X_2\,$ of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with one CSI-RS resource according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

Table 6.3.1.1.2-11C: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report containing N_n^{sub} CSI sub-report(s), CSI part 2 subband, pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI or cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #1 for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #1 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report #1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if *pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI* and if reported

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #2 for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report #2 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

• • •

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

CSI report #n Part 2 subband

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #1 for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #1 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report #1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if *pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI* and if reported

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #2 for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index of for 2 antenna ports CSI sub-report #2 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if *pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI* and if reported

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

NOTE:

Subbands for given CSI report n indicated by the higher layer parameter csi-ReportingBand with value set to '1' are numbered continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of csi-ReportingBand with value set to '1' as subband 0. CSI sub-report #1, CSI sub-report #2, ..., CSI sub-report # N_n^{sub} correspond to the CSI sub-reports in increasing order of reportSubConfigld.

If none of the CSI reports for transmission on a PUCCH is of two parts, the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.1.1.2-12, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ starting with a_0 . The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to a_0 .

Table 6.3.1.1.2-12: Mapping order of CSI reports to UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$, without two-part CSI report(s)

UCI bit sequence	CSI report number
a_0	CSI report #1
Ů,	as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7/7A/8/8B
a_1	CSI report #2
-	as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7/7A/8/8B
a_2	
a_3	
•	CSI report #n
;	as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7/7A/8/8B
a_{A-1}	
reports withi bit sequence increasing o	port #i containing N_i^{sub} CSI sub-reports, where $i \in \{1,2,\ldots,n\}$, all CSI subnither CSI report #i are mapped to the corresponding segment of the UCI of CSI report #i, from upper part to lower part of the segment, in order of CSI sub-report number. CSI sub-report #1, CSI sub-report #2,, ort # N_i^{sub} correspond to the CSI sub-reports in increasing order of configld.

If at least one of the CSI reports for transmission on a PUCCH is of two parts, two UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, \dots, a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \dots, a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$. The CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.1.1.2-13, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, \dots, a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $a_0^{(1)}$. The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to $a_0^{(1)}$. The CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.1.1.2-14, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \dots, a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ starting with $a_0^{(2)}$. The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to $a_0^{(2)}$. If the length of UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \dots, a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ is less than 3 bits, zeros shall be appended to the UCI bit sequence until its length equals 3.

Table 6.3.1.1.2-13: Mapping order of CSI reports to UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$, with two-part CSI report(s)

UCI bit sequence	CSI report number
$a_0^{(1)}$	CSI report #1 if CSI report #1 is not of two parts, or
u_0	CSI report #1, CSI part 1, if CSI report #1 is of two parts,
$a_1^{(1)}$	as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7/7A/8/8B/9/9A/9B
	CSI report #2 if CSI report #2 is not of two parts, or
$a_2^{(1)}$	CSI report #2, CSI part 1, if CSI report #2 is of two parts,
$a_3^{(1)}$	as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7/7A/8/8B/9/9A/9B
<i>u</i> ₃	···
:	CSI report #n if CSI report #n is not of two parts, or
a ⁽¹⁾	CSI report #n, CSI part 1, if CSI report #n is of two parts,
$a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$	as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-7/7A/8/8B/9/9A/9B
NOTE: For a CSI re	port #i containing N_i^{sub} CSI sub-reports, where $i \in \{1, 2,, n\}$, either all CSI sub-

NOTE: For a CSI report #i containing N_i^{sub} CSI sub-reports, where $i \in \{1,2,...,n\}$, either all CSI sub-reports not of two parts or CSI part 1 of all CSI sub-reports of two parts, are mapped to the corresponding segment of the UCI bit sequence of CSI report #i, from upper part to lower part of the segment, in increasing order of CSI sub-report number. CSI sub-report #1, CSI sub-report #2, ..., CSI sub-report N_i^{sub} correspond to the CSI sub-reports in increasing order of reportSubConfigId.

where CSI report #1, CSI report #2, ..., CSI report #n in Table 6.3.1.1.2-13 correspond to the CSI reports in increasing order of CSI report priority values according to Clause 5.2.5 of [6, TS38.214].

Table 6.3.1.1.2-14: Mapping order of CSI reports to UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$, with two-part CSI report(s)

UCI bit sequence	ce CSI report number				
	CSI report #1, CSI part 2 wideband, as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-10/10A/10B				
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #1				
$a_0^{(2)}$	CSI report #2, CSI part 2 wideband, as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-10/10A/10B				
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #2				
$a_1^{(2)}$					
	CSI report #n, CSI part 2 wideband, as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-10/10A/10B				
$a_2^{(2)}$	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #n				
$a_3^{(2)}$	CSI report #1, CSI part 2 subband, as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-11/11A/11B/11C				
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #1				
:	CSI report #2, CSI part 2 subband, as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-11/11A/11B/11C				
$a_{_{A^{(2)}-1}}^{(2)}$	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #2				
$A^{(2)}-1$					
	CSI report #n, CSI part 2 subband, as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-11/11A/11B/11C				
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #n				
	port #i containing N_i^{sub} CSI sub-reports, where $i \in \{1,2,,n\}$:				
- CSI part 2 widebands of all CSI sub-reports are mapped to the corresponding segment of					
the UCI bit sequence of CSI report #i, from upper part to lower part of the segment, in					
	increasing order of CSI sub-report number;				
- CSI s	ub-report #1, CSI sub-report #2,, CSI sub-report # N_i^{sub} correspond to the CSI				
sub-reports in increasing order of reportSubConfigId.					

where CSI report #1, CSI report #2, ..., CSI report #n in Table 6.3.1.1.2-14 correspond to the CSI reports in increasing order of CSI report priority values according to Clause 5.2.5 of [6, TS38.214].

6.3.1.1.3 HARQ-ACK/SR and CSI

If none of the CSI reports for transmission on a PUCCH is of two parts, the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ is generated according to the following, where $A = O^{ACK} + O^{SR} + O^{CSI}$:

- if there is HARQ-ACK for transmission on the PUCCH, the HARQ-ACK bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{O^{ACK}_{-1}}$, where $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{ACK}_{-1} 1$, the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{ACK}, ..., \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}_{-1}}^{ACK}$ is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS38.213], and O^{ACK}_{-1} is number of HARQ-ACK bits; if there is no HARQ-ACK for transmission on the PUCCH, set $O^{ACK}_{-1} = 0$;
- if there is SR for transmission on the PUCCH, set $a_i = \tilde{o}_{i-0}^{SR}$ for $i = O^{ACK}$, $O^{ACK} + 1,...,O^{ACK} + O^{SR} 1$, where the SR bit sequence \tilde{O}_0^{SR} , \tilde{O}_1^{SR} ,..., $\tilde{O}_{O^{SR}-1}^{SR}$ is given by Clause 9.2.5.1 of [5, TS 38.213]; if there is no SR for transmission on the PUCCH, set $O^{SR} = 0$;
- the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.1.1.2-12, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}}, a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}+1}, ..., a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}+O^{\text{CSI}}-1}$ starting with $a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}}$, where O^{CSI} is the number of CSI bits.

If at least one of the CSI reports for transmission on a PUCCH is of two parts, two UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$, according to the following, where $A^{(1)} = O^{\text{ACK}} + O^{\text{SR}} + O^{\text{CSI-part1}}$ and $A^{(2)} = O^{\text{CSI-part2}}$:

- if there is HARQ-ACK for transmission on the PUCCH, the HARQ-ACK bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{O^{ACK}_{-1}}^{(1)}$, where $a_i^{(1)} = \widetilde{o}_i^{ACK}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{ACK}_{-1}$, the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\widetilde{o}_0^{ACK}, \widetilde{o}_1^{ACK}, ..., \widetilde{o}_{O^{ACK}_{-1}}^{ACK}$ is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS38.213], and O^{ACK} is number of HARQ-ACK bits; if there is no HARQ-ACK for transmission on the PUCCH, set $O^{ACK}_{-1} = 0$;

- if there is SR for transmission on the PUCCH, set $a_i = \tilde{o}_{i-0}^{SR}$ for $i = O^{ACK}$, $O^{ACK} + 1,...,O^{ACK} + O^{SR} 1$, where the SR bit sequence \tilde{O}_0^{SR} , \tilde{O}_1^{SR} ,..., $\tilde{O}_{O^{SR}-1}^{SR}$ is given by Clause 9.2.5.1 of [5, TS 38.213]; if there is no SR for transmission on the PUCCH, set $O^{SR} = 0$;
- the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.1.1.2-13, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}}^{(1)}, a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}+1}^{(1)}, ..., a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}+O^{\text{CSI-partl}}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $a_{O^{\text{ACK}}+O^{\text{SR}}}^{(1)}$, where $O^{\text{CSI-partl}}$ is the number of CSI bits in CSI part 1 of all CSI reports;
- the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.1.1.2-14, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ starting with $a_0^{(2)}$, where $O^{\text{CSI-part2}}$ is the number of CSI bits in CSI part 2 of all CSI reports. If the length of UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ is less than 3 bits, zeros shall be appended to the UCI bit sequence until its length equals 3.

6.3.1.1.4 UCI with different priority indexes

If uci-MuxWithDiffPrio is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and SR associated with priority index 1 if any are transmitted on a PUCCH, two UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, \dots, a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \dots, a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$, according to the following, where $A^{(1)} = O^{\text{ACK-HP}} + O^{\text{SR-HP}}$ and $A^{(2)} = O^{\text{ACK-LP}}$:

- the HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, \dots, a_{O^{\text{ACK-HP}}-1}^{(1)}$, where $a_i^{(1)} = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ for $i = 0, 1, \dots, O^{\text{ACK-HP}} 1$, the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-HP}}, \tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-HP}}, \dots, \tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-HP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213], and $O^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ is the number of HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1;
- if there is SR associated with priority index 1 for transmission on the PUCCH, set $a_i^{(1)} = \tilde{o}_{i-O^{\text{ACK-HP}}}^{\text{SR-HP}}$ for $i = O^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, $O^{\text{ACK-HP}} + 1$, ..., $O^{\text{ACK-HP}} + O^{\text{SR-HP}} 1$, where the SR bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{SR-HP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{SR-HP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{SR-HP}} 1$ is given by Clause 9.2.5.1 of [5, TS 38.213]; if there is no SR associated with priority index 1 for transmission on the PUCCH, set $O^{\text{SR-HP}} = 0$;
- the HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \dots, a_{Q^{ACK-LP}-1}^{(2)}$, where $a_i^{(2)} = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK-LP}$ for $i = 0, 1, \dots, O^{ACK-LP} 1$, the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK-LP}, \tilde{o}_1^{ACK-LP}, \dots, \tilde{o}_{Q^{ACK-LP}-1}^{ACK-LP}$ is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213], and O^{ACK-LP} is the number of HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0.

6.3.1.2 Code block segmentation and CRC attachment

The UCI bit sequence from clause 6.3.1.1 is denoted by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$, where A is the payload size. The procedure in Clause 6.3.1.2.1 applies for $A \ge 12$ and the procedure in Clause 6.3.1.2.2 applies for $A \le 11$.

6.3.1.2.1 UCI encoded by Polar code

If the payload size $A \ge 12$, code block segmentation and CRC attachment is performed according to Clause 5.2.1. If $(A \ge 360 \text{ and } E \ge 1088)$ or if $A \ge 1013$, $I_{seg} = 1$; otherwise $I_{seg} = 0$, where E is the rate matching output sequence length as given in Clauses 6.3.1.4.1 and 6.3.1.4.3.

If $12 \le A \le 19$, the parity bits $p_{r0}, p_{r1}, p_{r2}, ..., p_{r(L-1)}$ in Clause 5.2.1 are computed by setting L to 6 bits and using the generator polynomial $g_{\text{CRC6}}(D)$ in Clause 5.1, resulting in the sequence $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number and K_r is the number of bits for code block number r.

If $A \ge 20$, the parity bits $p_{r0}, p_{r1}, p_{r2}, ..., p_{r(L-1)}$ in Clause 5.2.1 are computed by setting L to 11 bits and using the generator polynomial $g_{\text{CRCII}}(D)$ in Clause 5.1, resulting in the sequence $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number and K_r is the number of bits for code block number r.

6.3.1.2.2 UCI encoded by channel coding of small block lengths

If the payload size $A \le 11$, CRC bits are not attached.

The output bit sequence is denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$, where $c_i = a_i$ for i = 0, 1, ..., A-1 and K = A.

6.3.1.3 Channel coding of UCI

6.3.1.3.1 UCI encoded by Polar code

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$, where r is the code block number, and K_r is the number of bits in code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each code block is individually encoded by the following:

If $18 \le K_r \le 25$, the information bits are encoded via Polar coding according to Clause 5.3.1, by setting $n_{\max} = 10$, $I_{IL} = 0$, $n_{PC} = 3$, $n_{PC}^{wm} = 1$ if $E_r - K_r + 3 > 192$ and $n_{PC}^{wm} = 0$ if $E_r - K_r + 3 \le 192$, where E_r is the rate matching output sequence length as given in Clauses 6.3.1.4.1 and 6.3.1.4.3.

If $K_r > 30$, the information bits are encoded via Polar coding according to Clause 5.3.1, by setting $n_{\text{max}} = 10$, $I_{IL} = 0$, $n_{PC} = 0$, and $n_{PC}^{\text{wm}} = 0$.

After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_{r0}, d_{r1}, d_{r2}, d_{r3}, ..., d_{r(N_r-1)}$, where N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

6.3.1.3.2 UCI encoded by channel coding of small block lengths

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$, where K is the number of bits.

The information bits are encoded according to Clause 5.3.3.

After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_0, d_1, d_2, d_3, \dots, d_{N-1}$, where N is the number of coded bits.

6.3.1.4 Rate matching

For PUCCH formats 2/3/4, the total rate matching output sequence length $E_{\rm tot}$ is given by Table 6.3.1.4-1, where $N_{\rm symb,UCI}^{\rm PUCCH2}$, $N_{\rm symb,UCI}^{\rm PUCCH2}$, and $N_{\rm symb,UCI}^{\rm PUCCH4}$ are the number of symbols carrying UCI for PUCCH formats 2/3/4 respectively; $N_{\rm PRB}^{\rm PUCCH,2}$, $N_{\rm PRB}^{\rm PUCCH,3}$ and $N_{\rm PRB}^{\rm PUCCH,4}$ are the number of PRBs that are determined by the UE for PUCCH formats 2/3/4 transmission respectively according to Clause 9.2 of [5, TS38.213]; and $N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PUCCH,2}$, $N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PUCCH,3}$, and $N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PUCCH,4}$ are the spreading factors for PUCCH format 2, PUCCH format 3, and PUCCH format 4, respectively.

Table 6.3.1.4-1: Total rate matching output sequence length E_{tot}

DUCCH format	Modulation order			
PUCCH format	QPSK	π/2-BPSK		
PUCCH format 2	$16 \cdot N_{\text{symb,UCI}}^{\text{PUCCH,2}} \cdot N_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{PUCCH,2}} / N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH,2}}$	N/A		
PUCCH format 3	24 · N _{symb,UCI} · N _{PRB} / N _{SF}	12 · N _{Symb,UCI} · N _{PRB} / N _{SF}		
PUCCH format 4	$24 \cdot N_{\text{symb,UCI}}^{\text{PUCCH,4}} \cdot N_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{PUCCH,4}} / N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH,4}}$	$12 \cdot N_{\text{symb,UCI}}^{\text{PUCCH,4}} \cdot N_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{PUCCH,4}} / N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH,4}}$		

6.3.1.4.1 UCI encoded by Polar code

The input bit sequence to rate matching is d_{r0} , d_{r1} , d_{r2} , d_{r3} ,..., $d_{r(N_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

UCI(s) for Value of $E_{\rm HCL}$ transmission on a **UCI for encoding PUCCH** HARQ-ACK $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}}$ HARQ-ACK HARQ-ACK, SR HARQ-ACK, SR $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}}$ CSI CSI $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}}$ (CSI not of two parts) HARQ-ACK, CSI HARQ-ACK, CSI $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}}$ (CSI not of two parts) HARQ-ACK, SR, CSI $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}}$ HARQ-ACK, SR, CSI (CSI not of two parts) $E_{\text{UCI}} = \min(E_{\text{tot}}, \lceil (O^{\text{CSI-part1}} + L) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max}} / Q_m \rceil \cdot Q_m$ CSI part 1 CSI (CSI of two parts) $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}} - \min(E_{\text{tot}}, \left| \left(O^{\text{CSI-part1}} + L \right) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max}} / Q_m \right| \cdot Q_m)$ CSI part 2 HARQ-ACK, CSI $E_{\text{UCI}} = \min \left(E_{\text{tot}}, \left\lceil \left(O^{\text{ACK}} + O^{\text{CSI-part1}} + L \right) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max}} / Q_{m} \right\rceil \cdot Q_{m}$ HARQ-ACK, CSI part 1 $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}} - \min \left(E_{\text{tot}}, \left\lceil \left(O^{\text{ACK}} + O^{\text{CSI-part1}} + L \right) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max}} / Q_m \right\rceil \cdot Q_m \right)$ (CSI of two parts) CSI part 2 $E_{\text{UCI}} = \min(E_{\text{tot}}, \lceil (O^{\text{ACK}} + O^{\text{SR}} + O^{\text{CSI-part1}} + L) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max}} / Q_m \rceil \cdot Q_m$ HARQ-ACK, SR, CSI HARQ-ACK, SR, CSI part 1 (CSI of two parts) $E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}} - \min(E_{\text{tot}}, \left[\left(O^{\text{ACK}} + O^{\text{SR}} + O^{\text{CSI-part1}} + L \right) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max}} / Q_m \right]$

Table 6.3.1.4.1-1: Rate matching output sequence length $E_{\rm new}$

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$ and the rate matching output sequence length to $E_r = \lfloor E_{\text{UCI}} / C_{\text{UCI}} \rfloor$, where C_{UCI} is the number of code blocks for UCI determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1 and the value of E_{LICL} is given by Table 6.3.1.4.1-1:

- O^{ACK} is the number of bits for HARQ-ACK for transmission on the current PUCCH;
- O^{SR} is the number of bits for SR for transmission on the current PUCCH;
- $O^{\text{CSI-part}1}$ is the number of bits for CSI part 1 for transmission on the current PUCCH;
- $O^{\text{CSI-part2}}$ is the number of bits for CSI part 2 for transmission on the current PUCCH;
- if $A \ge 360$, L=11; otherwise, L is the number of CRC bits determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1, where A equals $Q^{\text{CSI-part1}}$ for "CSI (CSI of two parts)", equals $Q^{\text{ACK}} + Q^{\text{CSI-part1}}$ for "HARO-ACK, CSI (CSI of two parts)", and equals $O^{ACK} + O^{SR} + O^{CSI-part1}$ for "HARQ-ACK, SR, CSI (CSI of two parts)" respectively in Table 6.3.1.4.1-1:
- $R_{\text{IICI}}^{\text{max}}$ is the configured maximum PUCCH coding rate;

CSI part 2

 E_{tot} is given by Table 6.3.1.4-1.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_{r_0}, f_{r_1}, f_{r_2}, ..., f_{r(E-1)}$ where E_r is the length of rate matching output sequence in code block number r.

6.3.1.4.2 UCI encoded by channel coding of small block lengths

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

The value of E_{LICL} is determined according to Table 6.3.1.4.1-1 by setting L=0.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.3 by setting the rate matching output sequence length $E = E_{\text{HCL}}$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

6.3.1.4.3 UCI with different priority indexes encoded by Polar code

The following procedure in this clause 6.3.1.4.3 applies if *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 and SR associated with priority index 1 if any are transmitted on a PUCCH.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is d_{r0} , d_{r1} , d_{r2} , d_{r3} , ..., $d_{r(N_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

Table 6.3.1.4.3-1: Rate matching output sequence length $E_{\rm UCI}$ for UCIs with different priority indexes

UCIs for transmission on a PUCCH	UCI for encoding	Value of E _{UCI}
HARQ-ACK of priority index 1, HARQ-ACK of priority index 0	HARQ-ACK of priority index 1	$E_{\text{UCI}} = min(E_{\text{tot}} [(O^{\text{ACK-HP}} + L)/R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max-HP}}/Q_m] \cdot Q_m)$
	HARQ-ACK of priority index 0	$E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}} - \min(E_{\text{tot}}, \left[\left(O^{\text{ACK-HP}} + L \right) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max-HP}} / Q_m \right] \cdot Q_m)$
HARQ-ACK of priority index 1, SR of priority index 1, HARQ-ACK of priority index 0	HARQ-ACK of priority index 1, SR of priority index 1	$E_{\text{UCI}} = min(E_{\text{tot}} \left[\left(O^{\text{ACK-HP}} + O^{\text{SR-HP}} + L \right) / R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max-HP}} / Q_m \right] \cdot Q_m)$
	HARQ-ACK of priority index 0	$E_{\text{UCI}} = E_{\text{tot}} - min(E_{\text{tot}} [(O^{\text{ACK-HP}} + O^{\text{SR-HP}} + L)/R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max-HP}}/Q_m] \cdot Q_m)$

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$ and the rate matching output sequence length to $E_T = \lfloor E_{\text{UCI}} / C_{\text{UCI}} \rfloor$, where C_{UCI} is the number of code blocks for UCI determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1 and the value of E_{UCI} is given by Table 6.3.1.4.3-1:

- OACK-HP is the number of bits for HARQ-ACK associated with priority index 1 for transmission on the current PUCCH;
- O^{SR-HP} is the number of bits for SR associated with priority index 1 for transmission on the current PUCCH;
- if A ≥ 360, L=11; otherwise, L is the number of CRC bits determined according to clause 6.3.1.2.1, where A equals O^{ACK-HP} for the case of "HARQ-ACK of priority index 1, HARQ-ACK of priority index 0", and equals O^{ACK-HP} + O^{SR-HP} for the case of "HARQ-ACK of priority index 1, SR of priority index 1, HARQ-ACK of priority index 0" respectively in Table 6.3.1.4.3-1;
- $R_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{max-HP}}$ is the configured maximum PUCCH coding rate of priority index 1;
- E_{tot} is given by Table 6.3.1.4-1.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} , ..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$ where E_r is the length of rate matching output sequence in code block number r.

6.3.1.4.4 UCI with different priority indexes encoded by channel coding of small block lengths

The following procedure in this clause 6.3.1.4.4 applies if *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 and SR associated with priority index 1 if any are transmitted on a PUCCH.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

The value of E_{UCI} is determined according to Table 6.3.1.4.3-1 by setting L=0.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.3 by setting the rate matching output sequence length $E = E_{\text{UCI}}$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

6.3.1.5 Code block concatenation

The input bit sequence for the code block concatenation block are the sequences f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} ,..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$, for r = 0,..., C-1 and where E_r is the number of rate matched bits for the r-th code block.

Code block concatenation is performed according to Clause 5.5.

The bits after code block concatenation are denoted by $g_0, g_1, g_2, g_3, ..., g_{G'-1}$, where $G' = \lfloor E_{\text{UCI}} / C_{\text{UCI}} \rfloor \cdot C_{\text{UCI}}$ with the values of E_{UCI} and C_{UCI} given in Clauses 6.3.1.4.1 and 6.3.1.4.3. Let G be the total number of coded bits for transmission and $G = G' + \text{mod}(E_{\text{UCI}}, C_{\text{UCI}})$. Set $g_i = 0$ for i = G', G' + 1, ..., G - 1.

6.3.1.6 Multiplexing of coded UCI bits to PUCCH

If CSI of two parts or UCIs with different priority indexes are transmitted on a PUCCH, the coded bits corresponding to UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ is denoted by $g_0^{(1)}, g_1^{(1)}, g_2^{(1)}, g_3^{(1)}, ..., g_{G^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ and the coded bits corresponding to UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ is denoted by $g_0^{(2)}, g_1^{(2)}, g_2^{(2)}, g_3^{(2)}, ..., g_{G^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$.

For PUCCH format 2 when uci-MuxWithDiffPrio is configured, the coded bit sequence $g_0, g_1, g_2, g_3, \ldots, g_{G-1}$ is generated for UCIs with different priority indexes by setting $g_i = g_i^{(1)}$ for $i = 0, 1, \ldots, G^{(1)} - 1$, and setting $g_i = g_{i-G^{(1)}}^{(2)}$ for $i = G^{(1)}, G^{(1)} + 1, \ldots, G^{(1)} + G^{(2)} - 1$.

For PUCCH format 3/4, the coded bit sequence $g_0, g_1, g_2, g_3, ..., g_{G-1}$, where $G = G^{(1)} + G^{(2)}$, is generated according to the following.

PUCCH duration (symbols)	PUCCH DMRS symbol indices	Number of UCI symbol indices sets $N_{ m UCI}^{ m set}$	1st UCI symbol indices set $S_{\mathrm{UCI}}^{(1)}$	2 nd UCI symbol indices set $S_{\mathrm{UCI}}^{(2)}$	$3^{\rm rd}$ UCI symbol indices set $S_{ m UCI}^{(3)}$
4	{1}	2	{0,2}	{3}	-
4	{0,2}	1	{1,3}	-	-
5	{0, 3}	1	{1, 2, 4}	-	-
6	{1, 4}	1	{0, 2, 3, 5}	-	-
7	{1, 4}	2	{0, 2, 3, 5}	{6}	-
8	{1, 5}	2	{0, 2, 4, 6}	{3, 7}	-
9	{1, 6}	2	{0, 2, 5, 7}	{3, 4, 8}	-
10	{2, 7}	2	{1, 3, 6, 8}	{0, 4, 5, 9}	-
10	{1, 3, 6, 8}	1	{0,2,4,5,7,9}	-	-
11	{2, 7}	3	{1,3,6,8}	{0,4,5,9}	{10}
11	{1,3,6,9}	1	{0,2,4,5,7,8,10}	-	-
12	{2, 8}	3	{1,3,7,9}	{0,4,6,10}	{5, 11}
12	{1,4,7,10}	1	{0,2,3,5,6,8,9,11}	-	-
13	{2, 9}	3	{1,3,8,10}	{0,4,7,11}	{5,6,12}
13	{1,4,7,11}	2	{0,2,3,5,6,8,10,12}	{9}	-
14	{3, 10}	3	{2,4,9,11}	{1,5,8,12}	{0,6,7,13}
14	{1,5,8,12}	2	{0,2,4,6,7,9,11,13}	{3, 10}	-

Table 6.3.1.6-1: PUCCH DMRS and UCI symbols

Denote S_l as UCI OFDM symbol index. Denote $N_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)}$ as the number of elements in UCI symbol indices set $S_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)}$ for $i=1,...,N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{set}}$, where $S_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)}$ and $N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{set}}$ are given by Table 6.3.1.6-1 according to the PUCCH duration and the PUCCH DMRS configuration. Denote $N_{\text{symb,UCI}}^{\text{PUCCH,}} = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{set}}} N_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)}$ as the number of OFDM symbols carrying UCI in the PUCCH.

Denote Q_m as the modulation order of the PUCCH.

For PUCCH formats 3/4, set $N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} = 12 \cdot N_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{PUCCH,s}} / N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH,s}}$, where $N_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{PUCCH,s}}$ is the number of PRBs that is determined by the UE for the corresponding PUCCH format transmission according to Clause 9.2 of [5, TS 38.213], and $N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH,s}}$ is the spreading factor for the corresponding PUCCH format [4, TS 38.211], where $s \in \{3,4\}$.

 $\text{Find the smallest } j > 0 \text{ such that } \left(\sum_{i=1}^{j} N_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)} \right) \cdot N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} \cdot Q_{\text{m}} \geq G^{(1)} \, .$

Set $n_1 = 0$;

Set $n_2 = 0$;

$$\text{Set } \overline{N}_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} = \left| \left(G^{(1)} - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{j-1} N_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)} \right) \cdot N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} \cdot Q_m \right) \middle/ \left(N_{\text{UCI}}^{(j)} \cdot Q_m \right) \right|;$$

Set
$$M = \text{mod}\left(\left(G^{(1)} - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{j-1} N_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)}\right) \cdot N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} \cdot Q_m\right) \middle/ Q_m, N_{\text{UCI}}^{(j)}\right);$$

for
$$l = 0$$
 to $N_{\text{symb,UCI}}^{\text{PUCCH,}} - 1$

if
$$s_l \in \bigcup_{i=1}^{j-1} S_{\text{UCI}}^{(i)}$$

for
$$k = 0$$
 to $N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} - 1$

for
$$v = 0$$
 to $Q_m - 1$

$$\overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{n_l}^{(1)};$$

$$n_1 = n_1 + 1$$
;

end for

end for

elseif $s_l \in S_{\text{UCI}}^{(j)}$

if M > 0

 $\gamma = 1$;

else

 $\gamma = 0$;

end if

$$M = M - 1$$
;

for
$$k = 0$$
 to $\overline{N}_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} + \gamma - 1$

for
$$v = 0$$
 to $Q_{m} - 1$

$$\overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{n_l}^{(1)};$$

$$n_1 = n_1 + 1$$
;

```
end for
           end for
           for k = \overline{N}_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} + \gamma to N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} - 1
                 for v = 0 to Q_m - 1
                       \overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{n_2}^{(2)};
                       n_2 = n_2 + 1;
                 end for
           end for
     else
           for k = 0 to N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} - 1
                 for v = 0 to Q_m - 1
                       \overline{g}_{l,k,v} = g_{n_2}^{(2)};
                       n_2 = n_2 + 1;
                 end for
           end for
     end if
end for
Set n = 0
for l = 0 to N_{\text{symb,UCI}}^{\text{PUCCH,}} - 1
     for k = 0 to N_{\text{UCI}}^{\text{symbol}} - 1
           for v = 0 to Q_m - 1
                 g_n = \overline{g}_{l,k,v};
                 n = n + 1;
           end for
      end for
end for
```

6.3.2 Uplink control information on PUSCH

The following clauses 6.3.2.2, 6.3.2.3, and 6.3.2.5 apply regardless of whether the higher layer parameter *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured or not. The following clauses 6.3.2.1, 6.3.2.4, and 6.3.2.6 apply by assuming *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is not configured, or *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured and the UCIs for transmission on a PUSCH are of the same priority index, unless stated otherwise.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is replaced by *uci-MuxWithDiffPrioSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group in this clause.

6.3.2.1 UCI bit sequence generation

6.3.2.1.1 HARQ-ACK

If HARQ-ACK bits are transmitted on a PUSCH, the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ is determined as follows:

- If UCI is transmitted on PUSCH without UL-SCH and the UCI includes CSI part 1 without CSI part 2,
 - if there is no HARQ-ACK bit given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213], set $a_0 = 0$, $a_1 = 0$, and $a_2 = 0$;
 - if there is only one HARQ-ACK bit \tilde{o}_0^{ACK} given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213], set $a_0 = \tilde{o}_0^{ACK}$, $a_1 = 0$, and A = 2;
- otherwise, set $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{ACK}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{ACK} 1$ and $A = O^{ACK}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{ACK}, \tilde{o}_1^{ACK}, ..., \tilde{o}_{O^{ACK}-1}^{ACK}$ is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213].

6.3.2.1.2 CSI

If *cqi-BitsPerSubband* is configured, this Clause 6.3.2.1.2 applies by taking Subband CQI as Subband differential CQI and replacing the corresponding number of bits 2 by 4.

If CSI-ReportSubConfig is configured, for a corresponding CSI sub-report, the bitwidth of a CSI field of the CSI sub-report is determined following the procedure in this clause 6.3.2.1.2 by taking configurations in CSI-ReportSubConfig when applicable. If CSI-ReportSubConfig configures a list of CSI-RS resource IDs, for the determination of the bitwidth of a CRI field, the value of K_s^{CSI-RS} is the number of CSI-RS resources configured in the corresponding CSI-ReportSubConfig.

The bitwidth for PMI of *codebookType=typeI-SinglePanel* and *codebookType=typeI-MultiPanel* is specified in Clause 6.3.1.1.2.

The bitwidth for RI/LI/CQI/CRI of *codebookType=typeI-SinglePanel* and *codebookType=typeI-MultiPanel* is specified in Clause 6.3.1.1.2.

The bitwidth for PMI/RI/LI/CQI/CRI with 1 CSI-RS port is specified in Clause 6.3.1.1.2.

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-1, where the values of (N_1, N_2) , (O_1, O_2) , L, N_{PSK} , M_1 , M_2 , and $K^{(2)}$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.3 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-1: PMI of codebookType= typeII

	In	formation fie	elds $X_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ fo	r wideba	nd PMI		Information fields X_{2} for wideband PMI or per subband PMI							
	$i_{1,1}$	i _{1,2}	$i_{1,3,1}$	$i_{1,4,1}$	$i_{1,4,1} \mid i_{1,3,2} \mid i_{1,4,}$		$i_{2,1,1}$	$i_{2,1,2}$	$i_{2,2,1}$	$i_{2,2,2}$				
Rank=1 SBAmp off	$\lceil \log_2(O_1O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L} \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	N/A	N/A	$(M_1-1)\cdot \log_2 N_{PSK}$	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Rank=2 SBAmp off	$\lceil \log_2(O_1O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L} \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		$(M_1-1)\cdot \log_2 N_{\text{PSK}}$	$(M_2-1)\cdot \log_2 N_{\text{PSK}}$	N/A	N/A				
Rank=1 SBAmp on	$\lceil \log_2(O_1O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L} \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	N/A		$\begin{aligned} & \min(M_{1}, K^{(2)}) \cdot \log_{2} N_{\text{PSK}} \\ & -\log_{2} N_{\text{PSK}} \\ & + 2 \cdot \left(M_{1} - \min(M_{1}, K^{(2)})\right) \end{aligned}$		$\min(M_1,K^{(2)})-1$	N/A				
Rank=2 SBAmp on	$\lceil \log_2(O_1O_2) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L} \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)			$\min(M_1, K^{(2)}) - 1$	$\min(M_2, K^{(2)}) - 1$				

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII-r16 is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-1A, where the values of (N_1, N_2) , (O_1, O_2) , L, K^{NZ} , N_3 , and $\{M_l\}_{l=1,...,v}$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.5 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-1A: PMI of codebookType= typell-r16

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									Informa	tion	fields X	1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								i _{1,2}	$i_{1,8,1}$							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				[log ₂	$(O_1O_2$	2)]	'	$\setminus L \cap$	$[\log_2 K^{NZ}]$		N/A	A		N/A	١	N/A
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				[log ₂	(O_1O_2)	2)]	log	$\left[\left(\frac{N_1 N_2}{L} \right) \right]$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		[log ₂ ([2 <i>L</i>)]		N/A	١	N/A
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Rar	าk=3		[log ₂	(O_1O_2)	2)]	log	$S_2 \begin{pmatrix} N_1 N_2 \\ L \end{pmatrix}$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		[log ₂ ([2 <i>L</i>)]	[lo	$\log_2(2L)$	١	N/A
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Rar	าk=4		[log ₂	(O_1O_2)	2)]			$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		[log ₂ ([2L)]	[lo	og ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]	[log	₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Rar	าk=1		[log ₂	(O_1O_2)	2)]		_	$\lceil \log_2 K^{NZ} \rceil$		N/A		N/A		١	N/A
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Rar	าk=2		[log ₂	$(O_1 O_2)$	2)]		-	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		2 <i>L</i>)] N/A		١	N/A
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				[log ₂	(O_1O_2)	2)]		· <i>L</i>	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		[log ₂ ([2 <i>L</i>)]	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		N	N/A
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	N ₃ :	> 19 nk=4		[log ₂	O_1O_2	2)]	_		$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$		[log ₂ ((2 <i>L</i>)] [le		$\log_2(2L)$	[log	₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	N ₃ :	> 19		_												
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$i_{2,3,1}$	$i_{2,3,2}$	$i_{2,3,3}$	$i_{2,3,4}$	i_1	,5	i _{1,6,1}				i _{1,6,4}		$\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1.}$	$\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1.}$	$\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1}$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				N/	N/			$\Gamma = I N_{-} = 1$	NI/A					$3(K^{NZ})$	4(K ^{NZ}	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N_3			^	^			$m_1 - 1$						- 1)	- 1)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rank	4	4			N	/A	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_2 - 1}$	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_2 - 1}$	1	N/A	N/A		•		4 <i>LM</i> ₂
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N_3													-)		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rank	4	4	4		N,	/A	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_2 - 1}$	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_2 - 1}$	log ₂	$\binom{N_3-1}{M_2-1}$	N/A				6 <i>LM</i> ₃
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N_3							1 (1113 -	1 (113		(1.13			3)	3)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rank	4	4	4	4	N/	/A	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_1 - 1}$	$\log_2 \binom{N_3-1}{M_1-1}$	log ₂	$\binom{N_3-1}{M_1-1}$	$\log_2 \binom{N_3}{M}$	- 1 - 1	3(K ^{NZ}		8 <i>LM</i> ₄
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N_3							1 (114	1 (114	1	(1.14 -	1 (114		4)	1)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rank	4	N/A			[log ₂	$(2M_1)$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_1 - 2M_2 - 2M_3}{M_1 - 2M_2}$	N/A	1	N/A	N/A				2 <i>LM</i> ₁
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N_3							1 (<i>m</i> ₁						- 1)	- 1)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rank	4	4		_	[log ₂	$(2M_2)$	$\log_2 \left(\frac{2M_2}{M}\right)$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_2}{M}$	1	N/A	N/A		`a\		4 <i>LM</i> ₂
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N_3			A	A			1 (M ₂ –	M_2					– 2)	<u>– 2)</u>	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rank	4	4	4		[log ₂	$(2M_3)$	$\log_2(2M_3 -$	$\log_2 \left(\frac{2M_3}{M_3} - \frac{M_3}{M_3} - \frac{M_3}{$	log	$\frac{2M_3}{M_3}$	N/A		3(K ^{NZ}		6 <i>LM</i> ₃
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N_3				A			$M_3 - M_3$	$M_3 - M_3$		· (M ₃ –			- 3)	-3)	
$\left N_3 \right = \left \begin{array}{c c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ \end{array} \right $	Rank	4	4	4	4	[log ₂	$(2M_4)$	$\log_2(2M_4 -$	$\log_2 \left(\frac{2M_4}{M_4}\right)$	log	$\frac{2M_4-}{M_4}$	$\log_2 \binom{2M}{M}$	₄ –	3(K ^{NZ}	4(K ^{NZ}	8 <i>LM</i> ₄
1>19	N_3							M_4	M_4	32	M_4	°2 (M2	-	- 4)	-4)	
Note: the bitwidth for $\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ shown in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1A is the total bitwidth of		tl	l he bitv	l vidth 1	l for {i₁	171}1-	-1 111	{i241}1-1 11 8	and $\{i_2, i_1\}_{i=1}$	լ ս sh	own in T	able 6.3.2	2.1.2	2-1A is the	l e total bitw	idth of
$\{i_{1,7,l}\}, \{i_{2,4,l}\}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}$ up to Rank = v , respectively, and the corresponding per layer bitwidths are $2LM_v$,		{	$i_{1,7,l}\},$	$\{i_{2,4,l}\}$	and a	$\{i_{2,5,l}$	} up t	o Rank = v , r	espectively, a	and th	ne corres	sponding p	er I	ayer bitwi	dths are 2	$2LM_v$,
$3(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, and $4(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, (i.e., 1, 3, and 4 bits for each respective indicator elements $k_{l,i,f}^{(3)}, k_{l,i,f}^{(2)}$, and																
$c_{l,i,f}$, respectively), where K_l^{NZ} as defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.5 in TS 38.214 [6] is the number of nonzero coefficients for layer l such that $K^{NZ} = \sum_{l=1}^{v} K_l^{NZ}$.		<i>c</i> c	_{l,i,f} , re oeffici	espectients f	tively) f <u>o</u> r lay), wh <u>ye</u> r <i>l</i> :	ere <i>Ki</i> such t	that $K^{NZ} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i$	I in Clause 5. $K_{l=1}^{D} K_{l}^{NZ}$.	2.2.2	.5 in TS	38.214 [6] 	is t	he numbe	er of nonz	ero

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII-CJT is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-1B, where the values of (N_1, N_2) , (O_1, O_2) , O_3 , K^{NZ} , N_3 , N_0 , L_n , $\sigma(n)$ and $\{M_l\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.8 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-1B: PMI of codebookType= typeII-CJT

				Informa	tion fields X ₁		
	i _{1,}		i _{1,2}	i ₁₈₁	i _{1,8,2}	i _{1,8,3}	i _{1,8,4}
Rank=1 $N_3 \le 19$	N ₀ [log ₂ (.0102)1	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$	$\lceil \log_2 K^{NZ} \rceil$	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rank=2 $N_3 \le 19$	N ₀ [log ₂ ($[O_1O_2)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	N/A	N/A
Rank=3 $N_3 \le 19$	N ₀ [log ₂ ($[O_1O_2)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$	$\log_2(\sum^{\circ} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{3} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	N/A
Rank=4 $N_3 \le 19$	N ₀ [log ₂ ($[O_1O_2)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$	$\begin{bmatrix} \log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)}) \\ \log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)}) \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{bmatrix} \log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)}) \\ N/A \end{bmatrix} $	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$ \begin{bmatrix} \log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)}) \\ N/A \end{bmatrix} $
Rank=1 $N_3 > 19$	N ₀ [log ₂ ($[O_1O_2)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$ $\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$			N/A	
Rank=2 $N_3 > 19$	<i>N</i> ₀ [log ₂ ($[O_1O_2)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$	$\left[\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})\right]$	$\left[\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})\right]$	N/A	N/A
Rank=3 $N_3 > 19$	N ₀ [log ₂ ($[O_1O_2)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$	$\left[\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})\right]$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	N/A
Rank=4 $N_3 > 19$	<i>N</i> ₀ [log ₂ ($[O_1O_2)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{N_0} \left[\log_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{L_{\sigma(n)}} \right]$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})$	$\left[\log_2(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} 2L_{\sigma(n)})\right]$
					tion fields X ₂		_
Donk 1	$i_{2,3,1}$	<i>i</i> _{2,3,2}	$i_{2,3,3}$	$i_{2,3,4}$	i _{1,5}	<i>i</i> _{1,6,1}	i _{1,6,2}
Rank=1 $N_3 \le 19$ Rank=2	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	$ \left[\log_2\binom{N_3-1}{M_1-1}\right] $	N/A
$N_3 \le 19$	4	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	$\left[\log_2\binom{N_3-1}{M_2-1}\right]$	$\left[\log_2\binom{N_3-1}{M_2-1}\right]$
Rank=3 $N_3 \le 19$	4	4	4	N/A	N/A	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_3 - 1}$	
Rank=4 $N_3 \le 19$	4	4	4	4	N/A	$\left[\log_2\binom{N_3-1}{M_4-1}\right]$	$\left[\log_2\binom{N_3-1}{M_4-1}\right]$
Rank=1 $N_3 > 19$	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	$\lceil \log_2(2M_1) \rceil$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_1 - 1}{M_1 - 1}$	N/A
Rank=2 $N_3 > 19$	4	4	N/A	N/A	$\lceil \log_2(2M_2) \rceil$	$\left[\log_2\binom{2M_2-1}{M_2-1}\right]$	$\left[\log_2\binom{2M_2-1}{M_2-1}\right]$
Rank=3 $N_3 > 19$	4	4	4	N/A	$\lceil \log_2(2M_3) \rceil$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_3 - 1}{M_3 - 1}$	$\left[\log_2\binom{2M_3-1}{M_3-1}\right]$
Rank=4 $N_3 > 19$	4	4	4	4	$\lceil \log_2(2M_4) \rceil$	$\left \log_2 \binom{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1} \right $	$\left[\log_2\binom{2M_4-1}{M_4-1}\right]$
					tion fields X ₂		
	ı	1,6,3	i _{1,6,4}	<i>i</i> _{1,9}	$\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$	$\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$	$\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$
Rank=1 $N_3 \le 19$	1	N/A	N/A	$(N_0 - 1) \lceil \log_2 O_3 N$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	$3(K^{NZ}-1)$	$4(K^{NZ}-1)$	$2 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_1$
Rank=2 $N_3 \le 19$	1	N/A	N/A	$(N_0 - 1) \lceil \log_2 O_3 N$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	$3(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_2$
Rank=3 $N_3 \le 19$	\log_2	$\begin{bmatrix} N_3 - 1 \\ M_3 - 1 \end{bmatrix}$	N/A	$(N_0 - 1) \lceil \log_2 O_3 N$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	$3(K^{NZ}-3)$	$4(K^{NZ}-3)$	$6 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_3$
Rank=4 $N_3 \le 19$	\log_2	$\begin{bmatrix} N_3 - 1 \\ M_4 - 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\left[\log_2\binom{N_3-1}{M_4-1}\right]$	$(N_0-1)\lceil\log_2O_3N$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	$3(K^{NZ}-4)$	$4(K^{NZ}-4)$	$8 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_4$
Rank=1 N ₃ > 19	1	N/A	N/A	$(N_0-1)\lceil\log_2O_3N$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	2 (VNZ 1)	$4(K^{NZ}-1)$	$2 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_1$

Rank=2 $N_3 > 19$	N/A	N/A	$(N_0 - 1)\lceil \log_2 O_3 N_3 \rceil$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	$3(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_2$
Rank=3 $N_3 > 19$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{2M_3 - 1}{M_3 - 1} \right\rceil$	N/A	$(N_0 - 1) \lceil \log_2 O_3 N_3 \rceil$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	$3(K^{NZ}-3)$	$4(K^{NZ}-3)$	$6 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_3$
Rank=4 $N_3 > 19$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1} \right\rceil$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1}$	$(N_0 - 1)[\log_2 O_3 N_3]$ if <i>Mode1</i> is configured, NA otherwise	$3(K^{NZ}-4)$	$4(K^{NZ}-4)$	$8 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_4$

NOTE: the bitwidth for $\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ shown in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1B is the total bitwidth of $\{i_{1,7,l}\}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}$ up to Rank = v, respectively, and the corresponding per layer bitwidths are $2\sum_{n=1}^{N_0}L_{\sigma(n)}M_v$, $3(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, and $4(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, (i.e., 1, 3, and 4 bits for each respective indicator elements $k_{l,i,f,j}^{(3)}$, $k_{l,i,f,j}^{(2)}$, and $c_{l,i,f,j}$, respectively), where K_l^{NZ} as defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.8 in [6, TS 38.214] is the number of nonzero coefficients for layer l such that $K^{NZ}=\sum_{l=1}^{v}K_l^{NZ}$.

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII-Doppler is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-1C, where the values of (N_1, N_2) , (O_1, O_2) , L, K^{NZ} , N_3 , N_4 , Q and $\{M_l\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.10 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-1C: PMI of codebookType=typeII-Doppler

							Ir	nformation 1	fields 2	Υ ₁				
			<i>i</i> _{1,1}			i _{1,2}		i _{1,8,1}		i _{1,8,2}		i _{1,8,3}		i _{1,8,4}
Rank=	1	[lo	$\frac{\mathbf{i_{1,1}}}{g_2(O_1O_2)}$)]	loc	$g_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L}$		$\lceil \log_2 K^{NZ} \rceil$		N/A		N/A		N/A
$N_3 \leq 1$	9													
Rank=		[lo	$g_2(O_1O_2)$)]	los	$g_2 \binom{N_1 N_2}{I}$		$\lceil \log_2(2LQ) \rceil$	[lo	$g_2(2LQ)$		N/A		N/A
$N_3 \leq 1$		_		_	•	` <i>L</i> / '								
Rank=		llo	$g_2(O_1O_2)$)	log	$g_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L}$		$[\log_2(2LQ)]$	llo	$g_2(2LQ)$		$\log_2(2LQ)$		N/A
$N_3 \leq 1$		F1	(0.0)	. 1				[1 (a. a.)]	Fr	(2.1.2)	F.	(0.1.0)]	Fı	(21.0)]
	Rank=4 $\left[\log_2(O_1O_2)\right]$ $\left[\log_2\left(\log_2\left(O_1O_2\right)\right]\right]$		$g_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L}$		$\lceil \log_2(2LQ) \rceil$	Ilo	$g_2(2LQ)$	1	$\log_2(2LQ)$	III	$g_2(2LQ)$			
	$\begin{array}{c c} N_3 \le 19 \\ \hline \text{Rank=1} & \left[\log_2(O_1 O_2)\right] \end{array}$		\1	_			$[\log_2 K^{NZ}]$		N/A		N/A		N/A	
			$g_2(U_1U_2)$)	log	$g_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L}$		Ilog ₂ K ··· I		IN/A		IN/A		IN/A
$N_3 > 1$ Rank=		Πο	$g_2(O_1O_2)$	11		_		$\lceil \log_2(2LQ) \rceil$	[]c	$g_2(2LQ)$		N/A		N/A
$N_3 > 1$		110	82(0102	/	log	$g_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L}$		11082(220)1		/82(<i>LLQ</i>)		111/77		IN/A
Rank=		Πο	$g_2(O_1O_2)$)]	ſ,	(N_1N_2)		$\lceil \log_2(2LQ) \rceil$	[]o	$g_2(2LQ)$	F1.	$\log_2(2LQ)$		N/A
$N_3 > 1$			62(-1-2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	108	$g_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L}$		182(4)1	'	82(€)1	'-	-82(€)1		
Rank=		[lo	$g_2(O_1O_2)$)]	[loc	$g_2 {N_1 N_2 \choose L}$		$\lceil \log_2(2LQ) \rceil$	[lo	$g_2(2LQ)$	[]	$\log_2(2LQ)$	[lc	$g_2(2LQ)$
$N_3 > 1$	9	-			108					32(),		02(1).		32(),
						ļ	nfor	mation field	ation fields X_2					
	$i_{2,3,1}$	$i_{2,3,2}$	$i_{2,3,3}$	$i_{2,3,4}$		i _{1,5}		$i_{1,6,1}$	i	1,6,2		i _{1,6,3}		i _{1,6,4}
Rank=1 $N_3 \le 19$	4	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	log ₂	$2 \binom{N_3-1}{M_1-1}$		N/A		N/A		N/A
Rank=2 $N_3 \le 19$	4	4	N/A	N/A		N/A	log ₂	$\binom{N_3-1}{M_2-1}$ $\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_3-1}{M_2-1} \right\rceil$		$\begin{pmatrix} N_3 - 1 \\ M_2 - 1 \end{pmatrix}$		N/A		N/A
Rank=3 $N_3 \le 19$	4	4	4	N/A		N/A	log ₂	$\binom{N_3-1}{M_3-1}$	log ₂	$\begin{pmatrix} N_3 - 1 \\ M_3 - 1 \end{pmatrix}$	log	${}_{2}\binom{N_{3}-1}{M_{3}-1}$		N/A
Rank=4 $N_3 \le 19$	4	4	4	4		N/A	log	$2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_4 - 1}$		$\begin{pmatrix} N_3 - 1 \\ M_4 - 1 \end{pmatrix}$	log	${}_{2}\binom{N_{3}-1}{M_{4}-1}$	log	$g_2 \begin{pmatrix} N_3 - 1 \\ M_4 - 1 \end{pmatrix}$
Rank=1 $N_3 > 19$	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	[lo	$g_2(2M_1)$	Г	$2 \binom{2M_1-1}{M_1-1}$		N/A		N/A		N/A
Rank=2 $N_3 > 19$	4	4	N/A	N/A	[lo	$g_2(2M_2)$	log	$2 \binom{2M_2 - 1}{M_2 - 1}$		$\begin{bmatrix} 2M_2 - 1 \\ M_2 - 1 \end{bmatrix}$		N/A		N/A
Rank=3 $N_3 > 19$	4	4	4	N/A	[lo	$g_2(2M_3)$	log	(1413 1/1	llog ² ($\begin{bmatrix} 2M_3 - 1 \\ M_3 - 1 \end{bmatrix}$	log	$2\binom{2M_3-1}{M_3-1}$		N/A
Rank=4 $N_3 > 19$	$\operatorname{Cank}=4$ A A A A $\operatorname{Ilog}_{-}(2M)$		$g_2(2M_4)$	log	$2 \binom{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1}$	\log_2	$\begin{bmatrix} 2M_4 - 1 \\ M_4 - 1 \end{bmatrix}$	log	$2\binom{2M_4-1}{M_4-1}$	log	$2\binom{2M_4-1}{M_4-1}$			
					lı lı	nfor	mation field	$ds X_2$						
		,10,1		$i_{1,10,2}$		$i_{1,10,3}$		i _{1,10,}	4	$\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,,l}$	υ	$\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$	{ <i>i</i>	$\{1,7,l\}_{l=1,,v}$
Rank=1 $N_3 \le 19$		N ₄ - 1) > 2 and		NA		NA		NA		$3(K^{NZ}-1)$)	$4(K^{NZ}-1)$		$2LM_1Q$

	Q=2, NA otherwise						
Rank=2 $N_3 \le 19$		$\lceil \log_2(N_4 - 1) \rceil$ if $N_4 > 2$ and $Q=2$, NA otherwise	NA	NA	$3(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4LM_2Q$
Rank=3 $N_3 \le 19$	$[\log_2(N_4 - 1)]$ if $N_4 > 2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	$\lceil \log_2(N_4 - 1) \rceil$ if $N_4 > 2$ and $Q=2$, NA otherwise	$[\log_2(N_4 - 1)]$ if $N_4 > 2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	NA	$3(K^{NZ}-3)$	$4(K^{NZ}-3)$	$6LM_3Q$
Rank=4 $N_3 \le 19$	$[\log_2(N_4-1)]$ if $N_4>2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	$\lceil \log_2(N_4 - 1) \rceil$ if $N_4 > 2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	$[\log_2(N_4-1)]$ if $N_4>2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	$ \begin{array}{c} \lceil \log_2(N_4-1) \rceil \\ \text{if } N_4 > 2 \text{ and} \\ \text{Q=2, NA} \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} $	$3(K^{NZ}-4)$	$4(K^{NZ}-4)$	$8LM_4Q$
Rank=1 $N_3 > 19$		NA	NA	NA	$3(K^{NZ}-1)$	$4(K^{NZ}-1)$	$2LM_1Q$
Rank=2 $N_3 > 19$		$ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \log_2(N_4-1) \rceil \text{ if } \\ N_4 > 2 \text{ and } \\ Q=2, \text{ NA} \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} $	NA	NA	$3(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4LM_2Q$
Rank=3 $N_3 > 19$		$\lceil \log_2(N_4 - 1) \rceil$ if $N_4 > 2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	$[\log_2(N_4-1)]$ if $N_4>2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	NA	$3(K^{NZ}-3)$	$4(K^{NZ}-3)$	$6LM_3Q$
Rank=4 $N_3 > 19$	$ \begin{aligned} &\lceil \log_2(N_4 - 1) \rceil \\ &\text{if } N_4 > 2 \text{ and} \\ &\text{Q=2, NA} \\ &\text{otherwise} \end{aligned} $	$[\log_2(N_4-1)]$ if $N_4>2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	$[\log_2(N_4-1)]$ if $N_4>2$ and Q=2, NA otherwise	$ \begin{array}{l} \lceil \log_2(N_4-1) \rceil \\ \text{if } N_4 > 2 \text{ and} \\ \text{Q=2, NA} \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} $		$4(K^{NZ}-4)$	$8LM_4Q$

NOTE: the bitwidth for $\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ shown in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1C is the total bitwidth of $\{i_{1,7,l}\}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}$ up to Rank = v, respectively, and the corresponding per layer bitwidths are $2LM_vQ$, $3(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, and $4(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, (i.e., 1, 3, and 4 bits for each respective indicator elements $k_{l,i,f,\tau}^{(3)}$, $k_{l,i,f,\tau}^{(2)}$, and $c_{l,i,f,\tau}$, respectively), where K_l^{NZ} as defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.10 in [6, TS 38.214] is the number of nonzero coefficients for layer l such that $K^{NZ}=\sum_{l=1}^v K_l^{NZ}$.

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType = typeII-PortSelection is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-2, where the values of P_{CSI-RS} , d, L, N_{PSK} , M_1 , M_2 , and $K^{(2)}$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.4 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-2: PMI of codebookType= typell-PortSelection

	Informat	ion fields	$X_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ for wi	deband Pl	МІ	Information fields X_{2} for wideband PMI or per subband PMI						
	$i_{1,1}$	$i_{1,3,1}$	$i_{1,4,1}$	$i_{1,3,2}$	$i_{1,4,2}$	$i_{2,1,1}$	$i_{2,1,2}$	$i_{2,2,1}$	$i_{2,2,2}$			
Rank =1 SBAm p off	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left\lceil \frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d} \right\rceil \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	N/A	N/A	$(M_1-1)\cdot \log_2 N_{\mathrm{PSK}}$	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Rank =2 SBAm p off	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left\lceil \frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d} \right\rceil \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	$(M_1-1)\cdot \log_2 N_{PSK}$	$(M_2-1)\cdot \log_2 N_{PSK}$	N/A	N/A			
Rank =1 SBAm p on	$\left\lceil \log_2 \left\lceil \frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d} \right\rceil \right\rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	N/A	N/A	$\begin{aligned} & \min(M_{1}, K^{(2)}) \cdot \log_{2} N_{\text{PSK}} \\ & -\log_{2} N_{\text{PSK}} \\ & + 2 \cdot \left(M_{1} - \min(M_{1}, K^{(2)})\right) \end{aligned}$	N/A	$\min\left(\boldsymbol{M}_{1},\boldsymbol{K}^{(2)}\right) - 1$	N/A			
Rank =2 SBAm p on		$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	3(2L-1)	$\begin{aligned} & \min \!\! \left(\! M_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 1}, \! K^{\!\scriptscriptstyle (2)} \right) \! \cdot \log_2 N_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \mathrm{PSK}} \\ & - \log_2 N_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \mathrm{PSK}} \\ & + 2 \! \cdot \! \left(\! M_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 1} \! - \! \min \! \left(\! M_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 1}, \! K^{\!\scriptscriptstyle (2)} \right) \! \right) \end{aligned}$	$\begin{split} & \min(M_{2}, K^{(2)}) \cdot \log_{2} N_{\text{PSK}} \\ & - \log_{2} N_{\text{PSK}} \\ & + 2 \cdot \left(M_{2} - \min(M_{2}, K^{(2)})\right) \end{split}$	$\min\left(M_{1},K^{(2)}\right)-1$	$\min(M_2,K^{(2)})-1$			

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII-PortSelection-r16 is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-2A, where the values of P_{CSI-RS} , d, L, K^{NZ} , N_3 , and $\{M_l\}_{l=1,...,\nu}$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.6 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-2A: PMI of codebookType= typeII-PortSelection-r16

							Info	ormation fields	<i>X</i> ₁			
					<i>i</i> _{1,1}	$i_{1,8}$,1	i _{1,8,2}	i _{1,8,3}		i _{1,8}	4
	$ank = I_3 \le 1$			\log_2	$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ I	(NZ]	N/A	N/A		N/A	
	ank= I ₃ ≤ 1				$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	N/A		N/A	A
R	$ank=$ $I_3 \le 1$	3			$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	[log ₂ (2	L)]	N/A	A
R	ank=	4		<u> </u>	$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	[log ₂ (2	L)]	[log ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]
R	$l_3 \le 1$	1			$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ H	(NZ)	N/A	N/A		N/A	Ą
	$I_3 > 1$					F1 /	0.17.]	[] (0.1)]	N1/A		N1//	
N	ank= 1 ₃ > 1	9		log ₂	$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ (·	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	N/A		N/A	
	ank= 1 ₃ > 1			\log_2	$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	[log ₂ (2	L)]	N/A	Ą
	ank= 1 ₃ > 1			\log_2	$\left[\frac{P_{CSI-RS}}{2d}\right]$	[log ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]	$\lceil \log_2(2L) \rceil$	[log ₂ (2	L)]	[log ₂ (2 <i>L</i>)]
				l	1		Informati	on fields X ₂	I			
				$i_{2,3,4}$	i _{1,5}	$i_{1,6,1}$	$i_{1,6,2}$	i _{1,6,3}	i _{1,6,4}	$\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1}$	$\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1}$	$\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,}$
Rank= $ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ N_3 \\ \leq 19 \end{array} $	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	$\frac{\boldsymbol{i_{1,6,1}}}{\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_3-1}{M_1-1} \right\rceil}$	N/A	N/A	N/A	3(K ^{NZ} - 1)	$\begin{array}{c c} 4(K^{NZ} \\ -1) \end{array}$	2 <i>LM</i> ₁
Rank= 2 N ₃	4	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_2 - 1} \right\rceil$	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_2 - 1}$) N/A	N/A	3(K ^{NZ} - 2)	$4(K^{NZ} - 2)$	4 <i>LM</i> ₂
$ \leq 19 $ Rank= $ 3 $ $ N_3 $ $ \leq 19 $	4	4	4	N/A	N/A	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_3 - 1} \right\rceil$	$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_3 - 1}$		N/A	3(K ^{NZ} – 3)	4(K ^{NZ} – 3)	6 <i>LM</i> ₃
Rank= 4 N ₃	4	4	4	4	N/A		$\log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_4 - 1}$		$ \left\lceil \log_2 \binom{N_3 - 1}{M_4 - 1} \right\rceil $	3(K ^{NZ} - 4)	4(K ^{NZ} – 4)	8LM ₄
≤ 19 Rank= 1 N_3	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	$\lceil \log_2(2M_1) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{2M_1 - 1}{M_1 - 1} \right\rceil$	N/A	N/A	N/A	3(K ^{NZ} - 1)	4(K ^{NZ} – 1)	2 <i>LM</i> ₁
> 19 Rank= 2 N ₃	4	4	N/A	N/A	$\lceil \log_2(2M_2) \rceil$	$\log_2\binom{2M_2-1}{M_2-1}$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_2 - 1}{M_2 - 1}$	1) N/A	N/A	3(K ^{NZ} – 2)	4(K ^{NZ} – 2)	4 <i>LM</i> ₂
> 19 Rank= 3 N ₃	4	4	4	N/A	$\lceil \log_2(2M_3) \rceil$	$\log_2\binom{2M_3-1}{M_3-1}$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_3 - 1}{M_3 - 1}$	$ \frac{1}{\left \log_2 \binom{2M_3 - 1}{M_3 - 1} \right } $	N/A	3(K ^{NZ} – 3)	4(K ^{NZ} – 3)	6 <i>LM</i> ₃
> 19 Rank= 4 N ₃	4	4	4	4	$\lceil \log_2(2M_4) \rceil$	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1} \right\rceil$	$\log_2 \binom{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1}$	$ \frac{1}{1} \left \log_2 \left(\frac{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1} \right) \right $	$\left\lceil \log_2 \binom{2M_4 - 1}{M_4 - 1} \right\rceil$	3(K ^{NZ} – 4)	4(K ^{NZ} – 4)	8LM ₄
> 19 NOTE:	{\begin{aligned} \ 3 \\ c_i \end{aligned}	$egin{aligned} & \left\{ rac{1}{1,7,l} ight\}, \ & \left(K_l^{NZ} ight. \ & \left. rac{1}{1,i,f}, ight.$	{i _{2,4,l} - 1), espec	} and and tively	$\{i_{2,5,l}\}$ up $4(K_l^{NZ}-1)$	to Rank = v , .), (i.e., 1, 3, a	respectively and 4 bits fo d in Clause	shown in $\[]_{=1,,v}$ shown in $\[]_{v}$, and the correspondence or each respection $\[]_{=2,2,2,5}$ in TS	sponding per ve indicator el	layer bitw lements <i>l</i>	vidths are $k_{l,i,f}^{(3)},k_{l,i,f}^{(2)},$	$2LM_v,$ and

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII-PortSelection-r17 is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-2B, where the values of P_{CSI-RS} , K_1 , K^{NZ} , N_3 , N and M are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.7 in [6, TS 38.214].

coefficients for layer l such that $K^{NZ} = \sum_{l=1}^{v} K_l^{NZ}$.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-2B: PMI of codebookType= typeII-PortSelection-r17

		Information fields X ₁								
	$i_{1,2}$	i _{1,6}	5	i _{1,8}	3,1	i _{1,8,2}	i _{1,8,3}		i _{1,8,4}	
Rank=1	$\log_2 \binom{P_{CSI-RS}/2}{K_1/2}$	$\begin{cases} \lceil \log_2(N-1) \rceil \\ M=2, \text{ N/A o} \end{cases}$		$[\log_2(k)]$	(1, M)	N/A	N/A		N/A	
Rank=2	$\log_2 \binom{P_{CSI-RS}/2}{K_1/2}$	$\begin{cases} [\log_2(N-1)] & \text{Im}=2, \text{ N/A o} \end{cases}$		[log ₂ (k	$(\Lambda_1 M)$	$\lceil \log_2(K_1 M) \rceil$	N/A		N/A	
Rank=3	$\log_2 \binom{P_{CSI-RS}/2}{K_1/2}$			$\lceil \log_2\left(K_1M\right) \rceil$		$\lceil \log_2(K_1 M) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(K_1 M) \rceil$	1)]	N/A	
Rank=4										
				Inf	ormatio	n fields X ₂				
	$i_{2,3,1}$	$i_{2,3,2}$	$i_{2,3,3}$		$i_{2,3,4}$	$\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$	$\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$	{ <i>i</i>	$\{1,7,l\}_{l=1,,v}$	
Rank=1	4	N/A	N/A		N/A	$\frac{\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,\nu}}{3(K^{NZ}-1)}$	$4(K^{NZ}-1)$		$f K^{NZ} = K_1 M;$	
							-		M otherwise	
Rank=2	4	4	N/A		N/A	$3(K^{NZ}-2)$	$4(K^{NZ}-2)$	N/A if	$K^{NZ} = 2K_1M;$	
							-	$2K_{1}$	M otherwise	
Rank=3	4	4	4		N/A	$3(K^{NZ}-3)$	$4(K^{NZ}-3)$		$3K_1M$	
Rank=4	4	4	4		4	$3(K^{NZ}-4)$			$4K_1M$	
NOTE:	the bitwidth for $\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$ shown in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2B is the total bitwidth of									
	$\{i_{1,7,l}\}, \{i_{2,4,l}\}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}$ up to Rank = v , respectively, and the corresponding per layer bitwidths are K_1M ,									
	$3(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, and $4(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, (i.e., 1, 3, and 4 bits for each respective indicator elements $k_{l,i,f}^{(3)}$, $k_{l,i,f}^{(2)}$, and									
	$c_{l,i,f}$, respectively), where K_l^{NZ} as defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.7 in TS 38.214 [6] is the number of nonzero									

If *CSI-ReportSubConfig* is configured, for a corresponding CSI sub-report, the mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI sub-report is determined following the procedure in this clause 6.3.2.1.2, by replacing CSI report #n in the following Tables 6.3.2.1.2-3 and 6.3.2.1.2-4 with CSI sub-report #n, and taking only Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2/3/4 for the determination of the bitwidth of a CSI field.

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII-CJT-PortSelection is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-2C, where the values of P_{CSI-RS} , $\{K_{1,n}\}$, K^{NZ} , N_3 , N, M and $\sigma(n)$ are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.9 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-2C: PMI of codebookType= typeII-CJT-PortSelection

	Information fields X_1										
		i _{1,2}		i _{1,6}	i _{1,8,1}		i _{1,8,}	.2	i _{1,8,}	3	$i_{1,8,4}$
Rank=1	$\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} \left[\log \left(\frac{1}{n} \right) \right]$	$g_2 \begin{pmatrix} P_{CSI-R} \\ K_{1,\sigma(n)} \end{pmatrix}$	$\binom{S/2}{2}$ N	$g_2(N-1)$ if $> M=2$, N/A otherwise	$\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M\right)\right]$		N/A		N/A		N/A
Rank=2	$\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} \left[\log \left(\frac{1}{N_0} \right) \right]$	$g_2 \begin{pmatrix} P_{CSI-R} \\ K_{1,\sigma(n)} \end{pmatrix}$	$\binom{S/2}{2}$	$g_2(N-1)$ if $> M=2$, N/A otherwise	$\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M\right)\right]$		$\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0}K_{1,\sigma(n)}M\right)\right]$		N/A		N/A
Rank=3	$\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} \left[\log \left(\frac{1}{N_0} \right) \right]$	$g_2 \begin{pmatrix} P_{CSI-R} \\ K_{1,\sigma(n)} \end{pmatrix}$	$\binom{S/4}{2}$ N	$g_2(N-1)$ if $> M=2$, N/A otherwise	$\log_2 \left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M \right)$)	$\log_2 \left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_1 \right)$	$1,\sigma(n)$ M		$(1,\sigma(n) M)$	N/A
Rank=4	$\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} \left \log \right $	$g_2 \begin{pmatrix} P_{CSI-R} \\ K_{1,\sigma(n)} \end{pmatrix}$	$\left \frac{\log_2(N-1)}{K_{1,\sigma(n)}/2} \right \left \frac{\log_2(N-1)}{N > M=2, \text{ N/A}} \right $		$\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M\right)\right]$		$\log_2\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0}K_1\right)$	$1,\sigma(n)$ M	$\log_2\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0}K_1\right)$	$\cup,\sigma(n)$ M	$\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M\right)\right]$
					Infori	nat	ion fields	X_2			
	$i_{2,3,1}$	$i_{2,3,2}$	$i_{2,3,3}$	$i_{2,3,4}$	$\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,,v} \{i_2,,v\}$		$\{1,5,l\}_{l=1,,v}$	i	1,9	{i	$\{1,7,l\}_{l=1,,v}$
Rank=1	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	$3(K^{NZ}-1)$		$(K^{NZ}-1)$	Mode1 is	$\log_2 O_3 N_3$ if configured, nerwise		$N^Z = \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M;$ $K_{1,\sigma(n)} M$ otherwise
Rank=2	4	4	N/A	N/A	$3(K^{NZ}-2)$	4	$(K^{NZ}-2)$	$(N_0 - 1) \lceil \log_2 O_3 N_3 \rceil$ if Mode1 is configured, NA otherwise		N/A if $K^{NZ} = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} I$ $2 \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M$ otherwise	
Rank=3	4	4	4	N/A	$3(K^{NZ}-3) 40$		$(K^{NZ}-3)$	Mode1 is	$\log_2 O_3 N_3$ if configured, nerwise	3 -	$\sum_{\substack{n=1\\N_0}}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M$
Rank=4	4	4	4	4	$3(K^{NZ}-4) 4($		$(K^{NZ}-4)$	Mode1 is	$\log_2 O_3 N_3$ if configured, nerwise		$\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M$
NOTE:											

NOTE: the bitwidth for $\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ shown in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2C is the total bitwidth of $\{i_{1,7,l}\}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}$ up to Rank = v, respectively, and the corresponding per layer bitwidths are $\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M$, $3(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, and $4(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, (i.e., 1, 3, and 4 bits for each respective indicator elements $k_{l,i,f,j}^{(3)}$, $k_{l,i,f,j}^{(2)}$, and $c_{l,i,f,j}$, respectively), where K_l^{NZ} as defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.9 in [6, TS 38.214] is the number of nonzero coefficients for layer l such that $K^{NZ}=\sum_{l=1}^{v} K_l^{NZ}$.

The bitwidth for PMI of codebookType=typeII-Doppler-PortSelection is provided in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-2D, where the values of P_{CSI-RS} , K_1 , K^{NZ} , N_3 , N and M are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.11 in [6, TS 38.214].

Table 6.3.2.1.2-2D: PMI of codebookType= typell-Doppler-PortSelection

	Information fields X ₁								
	$i_{1,2}$		i _{1,6}		$i_{1,8,1}$	$i_{1,8,2}$	$i_{1,8,3}$		$i_{1,8,4}$
Rank=1	$\log_2 \binom{P_{CSI-RS}}{K_1/2}$, ^{/2}) N >	(N − 1)] if <i>M</i> =2, N/A nerwise	[lo	$\log_2(K_1M)$	N/A	N/A		N/A
Rank=2	$\log_2 \binom{P_{CSI-RS}}{K_1/2}$	(^{/2}) N >	(N − 1)] if <i>M</i> =2, N/A nerwise	[lo	$\log_2(K_1M)$	$\lceil \log_2(K_1 M) \rceil$	N/A		N/A
Rank=3	$\log_2 \binom{P_{CSI-RS}}{K_1/2}$	/ ²) N >	(N − 1)] if <i>M</i> =2, N/A nerwise	[lo	$\log_2(K_1M)$	$\lceil \log_2(K_1 M) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(K_1) \rceil$	M)]	N/A
Rank=4	$\log_2 \binom{P_{CSI-RS}}{K_1/2}$	(^{/2}) N >	(N − 1)] if <i>M</i> =2, N/A nerwise	[lo	$\log_2(K_1M)$	$\lceil \log_2(K_1 M) \rceil$	$\lceil \log_2(K_1) \rceil$	M)]	$\lceil \log_2(K_1M) \rceil$
					Information	fields X_2			
	$i_{2,3,1}$	$i_{2,3,2}$	$i_{2,3,3}$		$i_{2,3,4}$	$\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$	$\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$	{	$\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,,v}$
Rank=1	4	N/A	N/A		N/A	$3(K^{NZ}-1)$	$4(K^{NZ}-1)$		if $K^{NZ} = K_1 M$; M otherwise
Rank=2	4	4	4 N/A		N/A	,			if $K^{NZ} = 2K_1M$; I_1M otherwise
Rank=3	4	4	4		N/A	$3(K^{NZ}-3)$	$3(K^{NZ}-3)$ $4(K^{NZ}-3)$		$3K_1M$
Rank=4	4	4	4		4	$3(K^{NZ}-4)$	$4(K^{NZ}-4)$		$4K_1M$

NOTE: the bitwidth for $\{i_{1,7,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}_{l=1,\dots,v}$ shown in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2D is the total bitwidth of $\{i_{1,7,l}\}$, $\{i_{2,4,l}\}$ and $\{i_{2,5,l}\}$ up to Rank = v, respectively, and the corresponding per layer bitwidths are K_1M , $3(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, and $4(K_l^{NZ}-1)$, (i.e., 1, 3, and 4 bits for each respective indicator elements $k_{l,i,f}^{(3)}$, $k_{l,i,f}^{(2)}$, and $c_{l,i,f}$, respectively), where K_l^{NZ} as defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.11 in [6, TS 38.214] is the number of nonzero coefficients for layer l such that $K^{NZ}=\sum_{l=1}^{v}K_l^{NZ}$.

For CSI on PUSCH, two UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$. The CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-6, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $a_0^{(1)}$. The CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-7, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ starting with $a_0^{(2)}$.

The mapping order of CSI fields of one report for CRI/RSRP or SSBRI/RSRP or CRI/RSRP/CapabilityIndex or SSBRI/RSRP/CapabilityIndex reporting is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-8. The mapping order of CSI fields of one report for inter-cell SSBRI/RSRP reporting is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-8. The mapping order of CSI fields of one report for CRI/SINR or SSBRI/SINR or CRI/SINR/CapabilityIndex or SSBRI/SINR/CapabilityIndex reporting is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-8A. The mapping order of CSI fields of one report for group-based CRI/RSRP or SSBRI/RSRP reporting is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-8B. The mapping order of CSI fields of one report for TDCP reporting is provided in Table 6.3.2.1.2-3C. The mapping order of CSI fields of one report for SSBRI/RSRP reporting for L1/L2-triggered mobility is provided in Table 6.3.1.1.2-8C. The procedure in clause 6.3.2 described for CSI part 1 is also applicable for one report for CRI/RSRP, SSBRI/RSRP, CRI/SINR, SSBRI/SINR reporting, or TDCP reporting.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-3: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 1

CSI report number	CSI fields							
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/6, if reported							
	Rank Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5 or 6.3.2.1.2-8/8A/8B/9/9A, if reported							
	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5 or 6.3.2.1.2-8/8A/8B/9/9A, if reported							
	Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5 or 6.3.2.1.2-8/8A/8B/9/9A, if reported							
	Indicator of the number of non-zero wideband amplitude coefficients M_0 for layer 0 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-5, if reported							
CSI report #n	Indicator of the number of non-zero wideband amplitude coefficients M_1 for layer 1 as in Table							
CSI part 1	6.3.1.1.2-5 (if the rank according to the reported RI is equal to one, this field is set to all z							
	if 2-layer PMI reporting is allowed according to the rank restriction in Clauses 5.2.2.2.3 and							
	5.2.2.2.4 [6, TS 38.214] and if reported							
	Indicator of the N_0 selected CSI-RS resources by a bitmap with N_{TRP} bits, this field is present							
	only if $N_{TRP} > 1$ and restricted CMR-Selection is configured to OFF							
	Indicator of selected L_n value combination or α_n value combination with bitwidth of $\lceil \log_2(N_L) \rceil$,							
	this field is present only if $N_L > 1$							
	Indicator of the total number of non-zero coefficients summed across all layers K^{NZ} as in							
	Tables 6.3.2.1.2-8/8A/8B/9/9A, if reported							
continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> as subband 0.								

Table 6.3.2.1.2-3A: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 1, csi-ReportMode= Mode 1

CSI report number	CSI fields
	CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	Rank Combination Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in
	Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported
	CRI as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource, <i>numberOfSingleTRP</i> -
	CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
	First CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource,
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Rank Indicator associated with CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-
	Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
	Rank Indicator associated with the first CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if numberOfSingleTRP-
	CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Wideband CQI associated with CRI for the first TB as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
CSI report #n	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Wideband CQI associated with the first CRI for the first TB as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
CSI part 1	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Subband differential CQI associated with CRI for the first TB with increasing order of subband
	number as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if <i>numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1</i> = 1 if reported;
	Subband differential CQI associated with the first CRI for the first TB with increasing order of
	subband number as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if $numberOfSingleTRP$ -CSI-Mode1 = $\tilde{2}$ and if
	reported
	Second CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource,
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Rank Indicator associated with the second CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Wideband CQI associated with the second CRI for the first TB as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if
	numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Subband differential CQI associated with the second CRI for the first TB with increasing order
	of subband number as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if <i>numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1</i> = 2 and if
NOTE: Cubbanda for	reported
	r given CSI report <i>n</i> indicated by the higher layer parameter <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> are numbered in the increasing order with the lowest subband of <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> as subband 0.
Continuously	in the moreasing order with the lowest subband of <i>csr-neportingband</i> as subband 0.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-3B: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 1, csi-ReportMode= Mode 2

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report number CSI report #n CSI part 1	CSI fields CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported; CRI as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported Rank Combination Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported; Rank Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported; Zero padding bits O _P , if needed Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported; Wideband CQI for the first TB as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported;
	Subband differential CQI for the first TB with increasing order of subband number as in
NOTE OIL I	Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	given CSI report <i>n</i> indicated by the higher layer parameter <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> are numbered
continuousiy i	n the increasing order with the lowest subband of csi-ReportingBand as subband 0.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-3C: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report for reportQuantity=tdcp

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n	Amplitude value for the configured delay values as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-10 based on the order
	from the first configured delay to the last configured delay
	Phase value for the configured delay values as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-10 based on the order from
	the first configured delay to the last configured delay, if reported

The number of zero padding bits O_P in Table 6.3.1.1.2-9B is 0 for 1 CSI-RS port and $O_P = N_{\text{max}} - N_{\text{reported}}(R)$ for more than 1 CSI-RS port, where:

- $N_{max} = \max_{r \in S_{Rank}} N(r)$. S_{Rank} is the set of rank and rank combination values r that are allowed to be reported. N(r) is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A/3B for rank combination indicator and rank indicator respectively.
- $N_{\text{reported}}(R)$ is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3A for rank combination indicator and R is the reported rank combination
- N_{reported} (R) is obtained according to Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B for rank indicator and R is the reported rank

Table 6.3.2.1.2-4: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 wideband

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n CSI part 2 wideband	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if present and reported
	Layer Indicator as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields $X_{1}^{}$, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2 or 6.3.2.1.2-
	1/2, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2 or 6.3.2.1.2-
	1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if
	<i>pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI</i> and if reported

CSI report number	CSI fields
	Two Layer Indicators as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, where the first Layer Indicator and the second Layer Indicator are associated with the first resource and the second resource within the resource pair respectively and if reported;
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_2 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the first CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with
	the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_2 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the second CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and if reported
	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
CSI report #n	Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
CSI part 2 wideband	PMI wideband information fields $X_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if associated
	with CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if associated
	with the first CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if associated with CRI in CSI part 1, pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{1} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if associated
	with the second CRI in CSI part 1, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-4B: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 wideband, csi-ReportMode= Mode 2

CSI report number	CSI fields
	Wideband CQI for the second TB as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	Two Layer Indicators as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3A, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair, where the first Layer Indicator and the second Layer Indicator are associated with the first resource and the second resource within the resource pair respectively and if reported; Layer Indicator as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_1 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_2 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
CSI report #n	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the first CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
CSI part 2 wideband	PMI wideband information fields $X_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1 associated with
	the second CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_{2} , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook
	index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] associated with the second CSI-RS resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, if pmi-FormatIndicator= widebandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields $X_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 1}$, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, if reported part
	1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported
	PMI wideband information fields X_2 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214], if $pmi-FormatIndicator=widebandPMI$ and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 subband

CSI report #n Part 2 subband	Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported
	PMI subband information fields X_{2} of all even subbands with increasing order of subband
	number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2 or 6.3.2.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if <i>pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI</i> and if reported
	Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4/5, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported
	PMI subband information fields X_{2} of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number,
	from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2 or 6.3.2.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported
NOTE: Subbands for given CSI report <i>n</i> indicated by the higher layer parameter <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> are numbered continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of <i>csi-ReportingBand</i> as subband 0.	

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5A: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 of codebookType=typell-r16 or typell-PortSelection-r16

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 0	PMI fields X_1 , from left to right as in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-1A/2A, if reported
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 1	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-1A/2A: $\{i_{2,3,l}: l=1,\dots,v\}$, $i_{1,5}, \{i_{1,6,l}: l=1,\dots,v\}$ and $\max(0, \left\lceil \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rceil - v) \times 3$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,\dots,v\}, \max(0, \left\lceil \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rceil - v) \times 4$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,\dots,v\}$ and $v*2LM_v-\lfloor K^{NZ}/2 \rfloor$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,\dots,v\}$, in decreasing order of priority based on the corresponding function $\Pr(l,i,f)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214 [6], if reported
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 2	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Tables 6.3.2.1.2-1A/2A: $\min\left(K^{NZ} - v, \left\lfloor \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rfloor\right) \times 3$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,,v\}$, $\min\left(K^{NZ} - v, \left\lfloor \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rfloor\right) \times 4$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,,v\}$ and $\lfloor K^{NZ}/2 \rfloor$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of priority based on the corresponding function $\Pr(l,i,f)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214 [6], if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5B: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 of codebookType=typell-PortSelection-r17 or typell-Doppler-PortSelection

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 0	PMI fields X_1 , from left to right as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2B/2D, if reported
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 1	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2B/2D: $\{i_{2,3,l}: l=1,,v\}$ (max(0, $\left\lceil \frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rceil - v$)) \times 3 highest priority bits of $\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,,v\}$ and $v*K_1M-\lfloor K^{NZ}/2 \rfloor$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of priority based on the corresponding function $\Pr(l,i,f)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214 [6], if reported
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 2	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2B/2D: $(\min\left(K^{NZ} - v, \left\lfloor \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rfloor)) \times 3$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,,v\}$, $(\min\left(K^{NZ} - v, \left\lfloor \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rfloor)) \times 4$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,,v\}$ and $\lfloor K^{NZ}/2 \rfloor$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of priority based on the corresponding function $\Pr(l,i,f)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214 [6], if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5C: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 subband, ReportMode= Mode 1

	PMI subband information fields X_{2} of all even subbands with increasing order of subband
	number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported
	PMI subband information fields X_{2} of all even subbands with increasing order of subband
CSI report #n Part 2 subband	number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported
	Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported
	PMI subband information fields X_{2} of all even subbands with increasing order of subband
	number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even

subbands with increasing order of subband number, if *pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI*, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields $\,X_2\,$ of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported; Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 1 and if reported;

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second CRI in CSI part 1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI, numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1 = 2 and if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5D: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 subband, ReportMode= Mode 2

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the first resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

CSI report #n Part 2 subband PMI subband information fields X_2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with the second resource within the CSI-RS resource pair, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator=subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource pair and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with one CSI-RS resource, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with one CSI-RS resource according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

Subband differential CQI for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number associated with one CSI-RS resource, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3B, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

PMI subband information fields $\,X_2$ of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports associated with one CSI-RS resource according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and reported part 1 is associated with one CSI-RS resource and if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5E: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 of codebookType=typeII-CJT

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 0	PMI fields X_1 , from left to right as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1B, if reported;
	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1B: $\{i_{2,3,l}: l=1,,v\}$, $i_{1,5}$,
	$\{i_{1,6,l}: l=1,\ldots,v\},\ i_{1,9},\ \text{and}\ \max(0,\left\lceil\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rceil-v)\times 3\ \text{highest priority bits of}\ \{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,\ldots,v\}$
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 1	$1,, v$, max $(0, \left\lceil \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rceil - v) \times 4$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{2,5,l}: l = 1,, v\}$ and $v * 2 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{N_0} L_{\sigma(n)} M_v - 1$
CSI part 2, group 1	$\lfloor K^{NZ}/2 \rfloor$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of priority based on the
	corresponding function $Pri(l, i_j, f, j)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214 [6] where j is
	equivalent to n, if present and if reported;
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 2	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1B: $\min\left(K^{NZ}-v,\left\lfloor\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rfloor\right)\times 3$
	lowest priority bits of $\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,,v\}$, $\min\left(K^{NZ}-v,\left\lfloor\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rfloor\right)\times 4$ lowest priority bits of
	$\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,,v\}$ and $[K^{NZ}/2]$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of
	priority based on the corresponding function $Pri(l, i_j, f, j)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214
	[6] where j is equivalent to n , if reported;

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5F: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 of codebookType= typell-Doppler

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n	PMI fields X_1 , from left to right as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1C, if reported;
CSI part 2, group 0	The second time-domain wideband CQI as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-8B, if present and reported
	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1C: $\{i_{2,3,l}: l=1,,v\}$, $i_{1,5}$,
	$\{i_{1,6,l}: l=1,,v\}, \{i_{1,10,l}: l=1,,v\}, \text{ and } \max(0, \left\lceil \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rceil - v) \times 3 \text{ highest priority bits of }$
CSI report #n	$\left\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,\ldots,v\right\}, \max(0,\left\lceil\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rceil-v)\times 4 \text{ highest priority bits of } \left\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,\ldots,v\right\} \text{ and } v*2LM_vQ-1$
CSI part 2, group 1	$[K^{NZ}/2]$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of priority based on the
, g	corresponding function $Pri(l, i, f)$ for $N_4 = 1$ or $Pri(l, i, f, j)$ for $N_4 > 1$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of
	TS 38.214 [6], if present and if reported;
	The second time-domain subband differential CQI of all even subbands with increasing order
	of subband number, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-8B, if present and if reported
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 2	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-1C: $\min\left(K^{NZ}-v,\left\lfloor\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rfloor\right)\times 3$
	lowest priority bits of $\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,,v\}$, $\min\left(K^{NZ}-v,\left\lfloor\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rfloor\right)\times 4$ lowest priority bits of
	$\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,,v\}$ and $[K^{NZ}/2]$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of
	priority based on the corresponding function $Pri(l, i, f)$ for $N_4 = 1$ or $Pri(l, i, f, j)$ for $N_4 > 1$
	defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214 [6], if reported;
	The second time-domain subband differential CQI of all odd subbands with increasing order of
	subband number, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-8B, if present and if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5G: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report, CSI part 2 of codebookType=typell-CJT-PortSelection

CSI report number	CSI fields
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 0	PMI fields X_1 , from left to right as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2C, if reported
	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2C: $\{i_{2,3,l}: l=1\}$
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 1	$1,, v$ $\max(0, \left\lceil \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rceil - v)) \times 3$ highest priority bits of
	$\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,,v\}, (\max(0,\left\lceil \frac{K^{NZ}}{2} \right\rceil - v)) \times 4 \text{ highest priority bits of } \{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,,v\}, \ i_{1,9} \text{ and } v * \}$
	$\sum_{n=1}^{N_0} K_{1,\sigma(n)} M - \lfloor K^{NZ}/2 \rfloor$ highest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of priority
	based on the corresponding function $Pri(l, i_j, f, j)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214 [6]
	where j is equivalent to n , if present and if reported
	The following PMI fields X_2 , from left to right, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-2C: $\left(\min\left(K^{NZ}-v,\left\lfloor\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rfloor\right)\right) \times$
CSI report #n CSI part 2, group 2	3 lowest priority bits of $\{i_{2,4,l}: l=1,,v\}$, $(\min\left(K^{NZ}-v,\left\lfloor\frac{K^{NZ}}{2}\right\rfloor))\times 4$ lowest priority bits of
	$\{i_{2,5,l}: l=1,,v\}$ and $[K^{NZ}/2]$ lowest priority bits of $\{i_{1,7,l}: l=1,,v\}$, in decreasing order of
	priority based on the corresponding function $Pri(l, i_j, f, j)$ defined in clause 5.2.3 of TS 38.214
	[6] where j is equivalent to n , if reported

Table 6.3.2.1.2-5H: Mapping order of CSI fields of one CSI report containing N_n^{sub} CSI sub-report(s), CSI part 2 subband

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #1 for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #1 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report #1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #2 for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #2 of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report #2 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

...

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ for the second TB of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqiFormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

CSI report #n Part 2 subband PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all even subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #1 for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #1 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report #1 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report #2 for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqi-FormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report #2 of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report #2 according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

Subband differential CQI of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ for the second TB of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-3/4, if cqiFormatIndicator=subbandCQI and if reported

PMI subband information fields X_2 of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, from left to right as in Tables 6.3.1.1.2-1/2, or codebook index for 2 antenna ports of CSI sub-report $\#N_n^{sub}$ according to Clause 5.2.2.2.1 in [6, TS38.214] of all odd subbands with increasing order of subband number, if pmi-FormatIndicator= subbandPMI and if reported

Note:

Subbands for given CSI report n indicated by the higher layer parameter csi-ReportingBand with value set to '1' are numbered continuously in the increasing order with the lowest subband of csi-ReportingBand with value set to '1' as subband 0.

CSI sub-report #1, CSI sub-report #2, ..., CSI sub-report # N_n^{sub} correspond to the CSI sub-reports in increasing order of reportSubConfigId.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-6: Mapping order of CSI reports to UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$, with two-part CSI report(s)

UCI bit sequence	CSI report number		
$a_0^{(1)}$	CSI part 1 of CSI report #1 as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-3/3A/3B or		
·	Table 6.3.1.1.2-8/8A/8B/8C or Table 6.3.2.1.2-3C		
$a_1^{(1)}$	CSI part 1 of CSI report #2 as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-3/3A/3B or		
$a_2^{(1)}$	Table 6.3.1.1.2-8/8A/8B/8C or Table 6.3.2.1.2-3C		
=			
$a_3^{(1)}$			
:	CSI part 1 of CSI report #n as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-3/3A/3B or		
·	Table 6.3.1.1.2-8/8A/8B/8C or Table 6.3.2.1.2-3C		
$a_{{\scriptscriptstyle A^{(1)}}-1}^{(1)}$			
NOTE: For a CSI report #i containing N_i^{sub} CSI sub-reports, where $i \in \{1, 2,, n\}$, CSI			
part 1 of all CSI sub-reports are mapped to the corresponding segment of the			
UCI bit sequence of CSI report #i, from upper part to lower part of the			
segment, in increasing order of CSI sub-report number. CSI sub-report #1,			
CSI sub-report #2,, CSI sub-report # N_i^{sub} correspond to the CSI sub-			

where CSI report #1, CSI report #2, ..., CSI report #n in Table 6.3.2.1.2-6 correspond to the CSI reports in increasing order of CSI report priority values according to Clause 5.2.5 of [6, TS38.214].

reports in increasing order of reportSubConfigId.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-7: Mapping order of CSI reports to UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$, with two-part CSI report(s)

UCI bit sequence	CSI report number	
	CSI report #1, CSI part 2 wideband, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-	
	4/4A/4B,	
	or CSI part 2 with group 0, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-	
	5A/5B/5E/5F/5G,	
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #1	
	CSI report #2, CSI part 2 wideband, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 4/4A/4B,	
	or CSI part 2 with group 0, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 5A/5B/5E/5F/5G,	
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #2	
$a_0^{(2)}$	CSI report #n, CSI part 2 wideband, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 4/4A/4B,	
$a_1^{(2)}$	or CSI part 2 with group 0, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 5A/5B/5E/5F/5G,	
$a_2^{(2)}$	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #n	
$a_3^{(2)}$	CSI report #1, CSI part 2 subband, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 5/5C/5D/5H,	
:	or CSI part 2 with group 1 and 2, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2-	
a ⁽²⁾	5A/5B/5E/5F/5G,	
$a_{{\scriptscriptstyle A^{(2)}}-1}^{(2)}$	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #1	
	CSI report #2, CSI part 2 subband, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 5/5C/5D/5H,	
	or CSI part 2 with group 1 and 2, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 5A/5B/5E/5F/5G,	
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #2	
	CSI report #n, CSI part 2 subband, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 5/5C/5D/5H,	
	or CSI part 2 with group 1 and 2, as in Table 6.3.2.1.2- 5A/5B/5E/5F/5G,	
	if CSI part 2 exists for CSI report #n	
NOTE: For a CSI re	port #i containing N_i^{sub} CSI sub-reports, where $i \in \{1, 2,, n\}$,	
	eart 2 wideband of all CSI sub-reports are mapped to the	
	sponding segment of the UCI bit sequence of CSI report #i, from	
	r part to lower part of the segment, in increasing order of CSI	
	eport number;	
	ub-report #1, CSI sub-report #2,, CSI sub-report # N_i^{sub}	
correspond to the CSI sub-reports in increasing order of		
repor	tSubConfigld.	

where CSI report #1, CSI report #2, ..., CSI report #n in Table 6.3.2.1.2-7 correspond to the CSI reports in increasing order of CSI report priority values according to Clause 5.2.5 of [6, TS38.214].

The bitwidth for RI/CQI of *codebookType=typeII-r16* or *codebookType=typeII-PortSelection-r16* is provided in Table 6.3.2.1.2-8.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-8: RI and CQI of codebookType=typell-r16 or typell-PortSelection-r16

Field	Bitwidth
Rank Indicator	$min(2, \lceil log_2 n_{RI} \rceil)$
Wide-band CQI	4
Subband differential CQI	2
Indicator of the total number of non-zero coefficients	$\lceil \log_2(K_0) \rceil$ if max allowed rank is 1;
summed across all layers K ^{NZ}	$[\log_2(2K_0)]$ otherwise

where n_{RI} is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clauses 5.2.2.2.5 and 5.2.2.2.6 [6, TS 38.214], $K_0 = \left[2L\left[p_1 \times \frac{N_3}{R}\right]\beta\right]$, where p_1 , N_3 , R, and β are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.5 and 5.2.2.2.6 in [6, TS 38.214]. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value. The values of the K^{NZ} indicator field are mapped to the allowed values of K^{NZ} , according to Clauses 5.2.2.2.5 and 5.2.2.2.6 [6, TS 38.214], with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to $K^{NZ} = 1$.

The bitwidth for RI/CQI of *codebookType=typeII-CJT* is provided in Table 6.3.2.1.2-8A.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{Field} & \textbf{Bitwidth} \\ \hline \textbf{Rank Indicator} & min(2,\lceil log_2n_{Rl}\rceil) \\ \hline \textbf{Wide-band CQI} & \textbf{4} \\ \hline \textbf{Subband differential CQI} & \textbf{2} \\ \hline \textbf{Indicator of the total number of non-zero coefficients} \\ \textbf{summed across all layers, and all CSI-RS resources} \\ \textbf{if configured, } K^{NZ} & \lceil log_2[2\beta M_1 L_{max}] \rceil \text{ if max allowed rank is 1;} \\ \hline [log_2[2\beta M_1 L_{max}]] \text{ otherwise} \\ \hline \end{array}$

Table 6.3.2.1.2-8A: RI and CQI of codebookType= typell-CJT

Where n_{Rl} is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clause 5.2.2.2.8 TS 38.214 [6], L_{max} is the maximum of $\sum_{n=1}^{N_{TRP}} L_n$ for all N_L configured L_n combinations, where $\{L_n\}_{n=1,\dots,N_{TRP}}$, M_1 , and β are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.8 in TS 38.214 [6]. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value. The values of the K^{NZ} indicator field are mapped to the allowed values of K^{NZ} , according to Clause 5.2.2.2.8 TS 38.214 [6], with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to $K^{NZ} = 1$.

The bitwidth for RI/CQI of *codebookType=typeII-Doppler* is provided in Table 6.3.2.1.2-8B.

FieldBitwidthRank Indicator $min(2, \lceil log_2n_{Rl} \rceil)$ Wide-band CQI4Subband differential CQI2The second time-domain wide-band CQI4The second time-domain subband differential CQI2Indicator of the total number of non-zero coefficients summed across all layers K^{NZ} $\lceil log_2(K_0) \rceil$ if max allowed rank is 1; $\lceil log_2(2K_0) \rceil$ otherwise

Table 6.3.2.1.2-8B: RI and CQI of codebookType= typell-Doppler

Where n_{RI} is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clause 5.2.2.2.10 TS 38.214 [6], $K_0 = \left[2L\left[p_1 \times \frac{N_3}{R}\right]\beta Q\right]$, where p_1 , N_3 , R, β and Q are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.10 in TS 38.214 [6]. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value. The values of the K^{NZ} indicator field are mapped to the allowed values of K^{NZ} , according to Clause 5.2.2.2.10 TS 38.214 [6], with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to $K^{NZ} = 1$.

The bitwidth for RI/CQI of codebookType=typeII-PortSelection-r17 or typeII-Doppler-PortSelection is provided in Table 6.3.2.1.2-9.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-9: RI and CQI of codebookType=typell-PortSelection-r17 or typell-Doppler-PortSelection

Field	Bitwidth
Rank Indicator	$min(2, \lceil log_2n_{RI} \rceil)$
Wide-band CQI	4
Subband differential CQI	2
Indicator of the total number of non-zero coefficients	$\lceil \log_2(K_0) \rceil$ if max allowed rank is 1;
summed across all layers K^{NZ}	$\lceil \log_2(2K_0) \rceil$ otherwise

where n_{RI} is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clauses 5.2.2.2.7 and Clauses 5.2.2.2.11 [6, TS 38.214], $K_0 = [K_1 M \beta]$, where K_1 , M, and M are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.7 and Clauses 5.2.2.2.11 in [6, TS 38.214]. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value. The values of the K^{NZ} indicator field are mapped to the allowed values of K^{NZ} , according to Clauses 5.2.2.2.7 and Clauses 5.2.2.2.11 [6, TS 38.214], with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to $K^{NZ} = 1$.

The bitwidth for RI/CQI of codebookType=typeII-CJT-PortSelection is provided in Table 6.3.2.1.2-9A.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-9A: RI and CQI of codebookType= typeII-CJT-PortSelection

Field	Bitwidth
Rank Indicator	$min(2,\lceil log_2n_{RI} ceil)$
Wide-band CQI	4
Subband differential CQI	2
Indicator of the total number of non-zero coefficients summed across all layers, and all CSI-RS resources if configured, K^{NZ}	$\lceil \log_2 \lceil \beta M K_{1,max} \rceil \rceil$ if max allowed rank is 1; $\lceil \log_2 2 \lceil \beta M K_{1,max} \rceil \rceil$ otherwise

Where n_{RI} is the number of allowed rank indicator values according to Clause 5.2.2.2.9 TS 38.214 [6], $K_{1,max}$ is the maximum of $\sum_{n=1}^{N_{TRP}} K_{1,n}$ for all N_L configured α_n combinations, where $\{K_{1,n}\}_{n=1,\dots,N_{TRP}}$, M, and β are given by Clause 5.2.2.2.9 in TS 38.214 [6], and. The values of the rank indicator field are mapped to allowed rank indicator values with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to the smallest allowed rank indicator value. The values of the K^{NZ} indicator field are mapped to the allowed values of K^{NZ} , according to Clause 5.2.2.2.9 TS 38.214 [6], with increasing order, where '0' is mapped to $K^{NZ} = 1$.

The bitwidth for *reportQuantity=tdcp* is provided in Table 6.3.2.1.2-10.

Table 6.3.2.1.2-10: Amplitude and phase values for reportQuantity=tdcp

Field	Bitwidth
Amplitude value	4
Phase value	4

6.3.2.1.3 CG-UCI

For CG-UCI bits transmitted on a CG PUSCH when the higher layer parameter cg-RetransmissionTimer is configured, the CG-UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_{A-1}$ is determined as follows:

- set $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{CG-UCI}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{CG-UCI} - 1$ and $A = O^{CG-UCI}$, where the CG-UCI bit sequence \tilde{o}_0^{CG-UCI} , \tilde{o}_1^{CG-UCI} , ..., \tilde{o}_0^{CG-UCI} is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1, mapped in the order from upper part to lower part.

Field	Bitwidth
	5 if nrofHARQ-Processes-v1700 in ConfiguredGrantConfig is
HARQ process number	configured;
	4 otherwise.
Redundancy version	2
New data indicator	1
Channel Occupancy Time (COT) sharing information	[log ₂ <i>C</i>] if both higher layer parameter <i>ul-toDL-COT-SharingED-Threshold</i> and higher layer parameter <i>cg-COT-SharingList</i> are configured, or if both higher layer parameter <i>semiStaticChannelAccessConfigUE</i> and higher layer parameter <i>cg-COT-SharingList</i> are configured, or if higher layer parameter <i>cg-COT-SharingList</i> is configured in frequency range 2-2, where <i>C</i> is the number of combinations configured in <i>cg-COT-SharingList</i> ; 1 if higher layer parameter <i>ul-toDL-COT-SharingED-Threshold</i> is not configured, and if higher layer parameter <i>semiStaticChannelAccessConfigUE</i> is not configured, and if higher layer parameter <i>cg-COT-SharingOffset</i> is configured; 0 otherwise. If a UE indicates COT sharing other than "no sharing" in a CG PUSCH within the UE's initiated COT, the UE should provide consistent COT sharing information in all the subsequent CG PUSCHs, if any, occurring within the same UE's initiated COT such that the same DL starting point and duration are maintained.

6.3.2.1.3A UTO-UCI

For UTO-UCI bits transmitted on a CG PUSCH when the higher layer parameter nrofBitsInUTO-UCI is configured, the UTO-UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ is determined as follows:

- set $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{UTO-UCI}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., 0^{UTO-UCI} - 1$ and $A = 0^{UTO-UCI}$, where $0^{UTO-UCI}$ is provided by nrofBitsInUTO-UCI, and the UTO-UCI bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{UTO-UCI}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{UTO-UCI}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{0^{UTO-UCI}-1}^{UTO-UCI}$ is given by clause 9.3.1 of [5, TS 38.213].

6.3.2.1.4 HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI/UTO-UCI

If the higher layer parameter *nrofBitsInUTO-UCI* is configured, the procedure in this clause 6.3.2.1.4 applies by replacing CG-UCI with UTO-UCI in all the notations and texts, replacing "When higher layer parameter *cg-UCI-Multiplexing* is configured" with "When UTO-UCI and HARQ-ACK have the same priority index and are jointly encoded and transmitted on a PUSCH" and replacing "is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1 mapped in the order from upper part to lower part " with "is given by Clause 9.3.1 of [5, TS 38.213]".

When higher layer parameter cg-UCI-Multiplexing is configured, the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ is determined as follows, where $A = O^{CG - UCI} + O^{ACK}$.

- The CG-UCI bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence a_0 , a_1 , a_2 , a_3 , ..., a_0 cg-UcI₋₁, where $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{CG-UCI}$ for $i = 0,1,...,0^{CG-UCI}-1$. The CG-UCI bit sequence \tilde{o}_0^{CG-UCI} , \tilde{o}_1^{CG-UCI} , ..., \tilde{o}_0^{CG-UCI} is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1 mapped in the order from upper part to lower part, and O^{CG-UCI} is number of CG-UCI bits;
- The HARQ-ACK bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0cg_-ucl_1$, $a_0cg_-ucl_{+1}$, ..., $a_0cg_-ucl_{+0}AcK_{-1}$, where $a_{i+0}cg_-ucl_1 = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK}}$ for $i = 0,1,...,O^{\text{ACK}} 1$. The HARQ-ACK bit sequence \tilde{o}_0^{ACK} , \tilde{o}_1^{ACK} , ..., \tilde{o}_0^{ACK} is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS38.213], and O^{ACK} is number of HARQ-ACK bits.

6.3.2.1.5 UCI with different priority indexes

If the higher layer parameter *nrofBitsInUTO-UCI* is configured, the procedure in this clause 6.3.2.1.5 applies by replacing CG-UCI with UTO-UCI in all the notations and texts, and replacing "is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1 mapped in the order from upper part to lower part" with "is given by clause 9.3.1 of [5, TS 38.213]".

If uci-MuxWithDiffPrio is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 1, the following UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, \dots, a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$, and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \dots, a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ if any, according to the following:

- If CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH,
 - Set $a_i^{(1)}$ for $i=0,1,\ldots,A^{(1)}-1$ as the bit sequence of CSI part 1, where the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-6, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)},a_1^{(1)},a_2^{(1)},a_3^{(1)},\ldots,a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $a_0^{(1)}$.
 - Set $a_i^{(2)} = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{\text{ACK-LP}} 1$ and $A^{(2)} = O^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-LP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ associated with priority index 0 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213].
- Otherwise, set $a_i^{(1)} = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{\text{ACK-LP}} 1$ and $A^{(1)} = O^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-LP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ associated with priority index 0 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213].

If uci-MuxWithDiffPrio is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0, the following UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots, a_{A-1}, a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, \ldots, a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ if any, and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \ldots, a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ if any, according to the following:

- If HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 and CSI are transmitted on the PUSCH without UL-SCH and the CSI includes CSI part 1 without CSI part 2, and there is only one HARQ-ACK bit associated with priority index 1 given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213], set $a_0 = \tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, $a_1 = 0$, and A = 2; otherwise, set $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ for $i = 0,1,...,0^{\text{ACK-HP}} 1$ and $A = 0^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ associated with priority index 1 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213];
- Set $a_i^{(1)}$ for $i=0,1,...,A^{(1)}-1$ as the bit sequence of CSI part 1, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH, where the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-6, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $a_0^{(1)}$;
- Set $a_i^{(2)}$ for $i=0,1,\ldots,A^{(2)}-1$ as the bit sequence of CSI part 2, if CSI part 2 is also transmitted on the PUSCH, where the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-7, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \ldots, a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(2)}$ starting with $a_0^{(2)}$.

If uci-MuxWithDiffPrio is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 and/or CG-UCI associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH, the following UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}, a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$, and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, ..., a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ if any, according to the following:

- Set $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{\text{ACK-HP}} 1$ and $A = O^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ if HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 are transmitted without CG-UCI associated with priority index 1, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-HP}} 1}^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ associated with priority index 1 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213];
- Set $a_i = \tilde{\sigma}_i^{CG-UCI}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{CG-UCI} 1$ and $A = O^{CG-UCI}$ if CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 is transmitted without HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, where the CG-UCI bit sequence $\tilde{\sigma}_0^{CG-UCI}, \tilde{\sigma}_1^{CG-UCI}, ..., \tilde{\sigma}_0^{CG-UCI}_{CG-UCI}$ associated with priority index 1 is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1 mapped in the order from upper part to lower part;
- Set $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ as follows, if both CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 are transmitted, where $A = O^{CG-UCI} + O^{ACK-HP}$

- The CG-UCI bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{O^{\text{CG-UCI}}-1}$, where $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{CG-UCI}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{CG-UCI} 1$. The CG-UCI bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{CG-UCI}}, \tilde{o}_1^{\text{CG-UCI}}, ..., \tilde{o}_{O^{\text{CG-UCI}}-1}^{\text{CG-UCI}}$ is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1 mapped in the order from upper part to lower part, and $O^{\text{CG-UCI}}$ is number of CG-UCI bits
- The HARQ-ACK bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0cg-uci$, $a_0cg-uci_{+1}$, ..., $a_0cg-uci_{+0}$ ACK-HP₋₁, where $a_{i+0}cg-uci = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ for $i = 0,1,...,O^{\text{ACK-HP}} 1$. The HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-HP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ associated with priority index 1 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213].
- If CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 1,
 - Set $a_i^{(1)}$ for $i=0,1,\ldots,A^{(1)}-1$ as the bit sequence of CSI part 1, where the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-6, are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)},a_1^{(1)},a_2^{(1)},a_3^{(1)},\ldots,a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $a_0^{(1)}$.
 - Set $a_i^{(2)} = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{\text{ACK-LP}} 1$ and $A^{(2)} = O^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-LP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ associated with priority index 0 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213].
- Otherwise.
 - Set $a_i^{(1)} = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{\text{ACK-LP}} 1$ and $A^{(1)} = O^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-LP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-LP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ associated with priority index 0 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213].
 - Set $a_i^{(2)} = \tilde{a}_i^{(1)}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., \tilde{A}^{(1)} 1$ and $A^{(2)} = \tilde{A}^{(1)}$, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0, where the CSI part 1 sequence $\tilde{a}_0^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_1^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_2^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_3^{(1)}, ..., \tilde{a}_{\tilde{A}^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ is given by Table 6.3.2.1.2-6 by replacing $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{\tilde{A}^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$, and the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-6, are mapped to the CSI part 1 sequence $\tilde{a}_0^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_1^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_2^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_3^{(1)}, ..., \tilde{a}_{\tilde{A}^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $\tilde{a}_0^{(1)}$.

If uci-MuxWithDiffPrio is configured, and CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 if any, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0, the following UCI bit sequences are generated, $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_{A-1}, a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, \dots, a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$, and $a_0^{(2)}, a_1^{(2)}, a_2^{(2)}, a_3^{(2)}, \dots, a_{A^{(2)}-1}^{(2)}$ if any, according to the following:

- Set $a_i = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{\text{ACK-HP}} 1$ and $A = O^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, where the HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, $\tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-HP}}$, ..., $\tilde{o}_{O^{\text{ACK-HP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-HP}}$ associated with priority index 1 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213];
- Set $a_i^{(1)} = \tilde{o}_i^{CG-UCI}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., 0^{CG-UCI} 1$ and $A^{(1)} = 0^{CG-UCI}$ if CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 is transmitted without HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, where the CG-UCI bit sequence \tilde{o}_0^{CG-UCI} , \tilde{o}_0^{CG-UCI} , ..., \tilde{o}_0^{CG-UCI} , associated with priority index 0 is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1 mapped in the order from upper part to lower part;
- Set $a_0^{(1)}$, $a_1^{(1)}$, $a_2^{(1)}$, $a_3^{(1)}$, ..., $a_{A^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ as follows if both CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 are transmitted, where $A^{(1)} = O^{CG-UCI} + O^{ACK-LP}$
 - The CG-UCI bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{o^{\text{CG-UCI}}-1}^{(1)}$, where $a_i^{(1)} = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{CG-UCI}}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., O^{\text{CG-UCI}} 1$. The CG-UCI bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{CG-UCI}}, \tilde{o}_1^{\text{CG-UCI}}, \tilde{o}_1^{\text{CG-UCI}}, ..., \tilde{o}_{o^{\text{CG-UCI}}-1}^{\text{CG-UCI}}$ is given by Table 6.3.2.1.3-1 mapped in the order from upper part to lower part, and $O^{\text{CG-UCI}}$ is number of CG-UCI bits
 - The HARQ-ACK bits are mapped to the UCI bit sequence $a_{o^{CG-UCI}}^{(1)}, a_{o^{CG-UCI}+1}^{(1)}, \dots, a_{o^{CG-UCI}+o^{ACK-LP}-1}^{(1)}$, where $a_{i+o^{CG-UCI}}^{(1)} = \tilde{o}_i^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ for $i=0,1,\dots,o^{\text{ACK-LP}}-1$. The HARQ-ACK bit sequence $\tilde{o}_0^{\text{ACK-LP}}, \tilde{o}_1^{\text{ACK-LP}}, \dots, \tilde{o}_{o^{\text{ACK-LP}}-1}^{\text{ACK-LP}}$ associated with priority index 0 is given by Clause 9.1 of [5, TS 38.213].
- Set $a_i^{(2)} = \tilde{a}_i^{(1)}$ for $i = 0, 1, ..., \tilde{A}^{(1)} 1$ and $A^{(2)} = \tilde{A}^{(1)}$, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0, where the CSI part 1 sequence $\tilde{a}_0^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_1^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_2^{(1)}, \tilde{a}_3^{(1)}, ..., \tilde{a}_{\tilde{A}^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ is given by Table 6.3.2.1.2-6 by replacing $a_0^{(1)}, a_1^{(1)}, a_2^{(1)}, a_3^{(1)}, ..., a_{\tilde{A}^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$, and the CSI fields of all CSI reports, in

the order from upper part to lower part in Table 6.3.2.1.2-6, are mapped to the CSI part 1 sequence $\tilde{a}_0^{(1)}$, $\tilde{a}_1^{(1)}$, $\tilde{a}_2^{(1)}$, $\tilde{a}_3^{(1)}$, ..., $\tilde{a}_{\tilde{A}^{(1)}-1}^{(1)}$ starting with $\tilde{a}_0^{(1)}$.

6.3.2.2 Code block segmentation and CRC attachment

Denote the bits of the payload by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$, where A is the payload size. The procedure in 6.3.2.2.1 applies for $A \ge 12$ and the procedure in Clause 6.3.2.2.2 applies for $A \le 11$.

6.3.2.2.1 UCI encoded by Polar code

Code block segmentation and CRC attachment is performed according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1.

6.3.2.2.2 UCI encoded by channel coding of small block lengths

The procedure in Clause 6.3.1.2.2 applies.

6.3.2.3 Channel coding of UCI

6.3.2.3.1 UCI encoded by Polar code

Channel coding is performed according to Clause 6.3.1.3.1, except that the rate matching output sequence length E_r is given in Clause 6.3.2.4.1.

6.3.2.3.2 UCI encoded by channel coding of small block lengths

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$, where K is the number of bits.

The information bits are encoded according to Clause 5.3.3.

After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_0, d_1, d_2, d_3, \dots, d_{N-1}$, where N is the number of coded bits.

6.3.2.4 Rate matching

In case where there are more than one UL-SCH transport blocks for the PUSCH transmission, the UCI information is multiplexed only on the UL-SCH transport block with highest I_{MCS} value for the initial PUSCH, where I_{MCS} is as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 in [6, TS 38.214]. In case the two transport blocks have the same I_{MCS} value for the initial PUSCH, the UCI information is multiplexed with data only on the first transport block. The PUSCH for UCI multiplexing in this Clause refers to the UL-SCH transport block for UCI multiplexing.

6.3.2.4.1 UCI encoded by Polar code

If the higher layer parameter *nrofBitsInUTO-UCI* is configured, the procedures in this clause and the clauses it refers to apply by replacing CG-UCI with UTO-UCI in all the notations and texts, when applicable.

6.3.2.4.1.1 HARQ-ACK

For HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH not using repetition type B with UL-SCH and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is not present in the resource allocation table, or if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is equal to 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmission, denoted as Q'_{ACK} , is determined as follows:

$$Q_{\text{ACK}}' = \min \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} (O_{\text{ACK}} + L_{\text{ACK}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \\ \vdots \\ C_{\text{UL}-\text{SCH}}^{-1} - 1 \\ \sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL}-\text{SCH}}^{-1}} K_r \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot \sum_{l=l_0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

where

- $O_{
 m ACK}$ is the number of HARQ-ACK bits;
- if O_{ACK} ≥ 360, L_{ACK} =11; otherwise L_{ACK} is the number of CRC bits for HARQ-ACK determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1;
- $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK}};$
- $C_{\text{III-SCH}}$ is the number of code blocks for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- if the DCI format scheduling the PUSCH transmission includes a CBGTI field indicating that the UE shall not transmit the r-th code block, K_r =0; otherwise, K_r is the r-th code block size for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission and $N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}\left(l\right) = M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH} M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}\left(l\right);$
- α is configured by higher layer parameter *scaling*;
- l_0 is the symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, after the first DMRS symbol(s), in the PUSCH transmission.

For HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH not using repetition type B with UL-SCH, and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmission, denoted as Q'_{ACK} , is determined as follows:

$$Q_{\text{ACK}}' = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{\left(o_{\text{ACK}} + L_{\text{ACK}}\right) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\frac{1}{N_{\text{s}}} \sum_{r=0}^{c_{\text{UL-SCH}} - 1} K_{r}} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=l_{0}}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] \right\}$$

where

- *N_s* is the value of *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the HARQ-ACK transmission;

- M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for l = 0,1,2,..., N_{symb,all} 1, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the HARQ-ACK transmission and N_{symb,all} is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH in the slot, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
- *l*₀ is the symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, after the first DMRS symbol(s), in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the HARQ-ACK transmission:
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH not using repetition type B and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

For HARQ-ACK transmission on an actual repetition of a PUSCH with repetition Type B with UL-SCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmission, denoted as Q'_{ACK} , is determined as follows:

$$Q'_{ACK} = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(o_{ACK} + L_{ACK}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}(l)}{\sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}}^{-1}} K_r} \right], \quad \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right],$$

$$\sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}}^{-1}} M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right\}$$

where

- $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, and $N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols in a nominal repetition of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCl}}(l) = M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ where $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation;
- $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCl}}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l=0,1,2,\cdots,N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}}-1$, in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, and $N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ where $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission;
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH not using repetition type B and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

For HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH without UL-SCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmission, denoted as Q'_{ACK} , is determined as follows:

$$Q_{\text{ACK}}' = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{\left(O_{\text{ACK}} + L_{\text{ACK}} \right) \cdot \boldsymbol{\beta}_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}}{R \cdot Q_{m}} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=l_{0}}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}-1} \boldsymbol{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] \right\}$$

where

- $O_{
 m ACK}$ is the number of HARQ-ACK bits;
- if $O_{\text{ACK}} \ge 360$, $L_{\text{ACK}} = 11$; otherwise L_{ACK} is the number of CRC bits for HARQ-ACK defined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1;;
- $oldsymbol{eta}^{ ext{PUSCH}}_{ ext{offset}} = oldsymbol{eta}^{ ext{HARQ-ACK}}_{ ext{offset}}$
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{sc}^{PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\rm symb, all}^{\rm PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission and $N_{\rm symb, all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l) = M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH} M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$;
- l_0 is the symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, after the first DMRS symbol(s), in the PUSCH transmission;
- R is the code rate of the PUSCH, determined according to Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS38.214];
- Q_{m} is the modulation order of the PUSCH;
- α is configured by higher layer parameter *scaling*.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_{r_0}, d_{r_1}, d_{r_2}, d_{r_3}, ..., d_{r(N_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$ and the rate matching output sequence length to $E_r = |E_{UCI}/C_{UCI}|$, where

- C_{UCI} is the number of code blocks for UCI determined according to Clause 5.2.1;
- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH;
- $E_{\text{UCI}} = N_L \cdot Q'_{\text{ACK}} \cdot Q_m$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_{r0}, f_{r1}, f_{r2}, ..., f_{r(E_r-1)}$ where E_r is the length of rate matching output sequence in code block number r.

6.3.2.4.1.2 CSI part 1

For CSI part 1 transmission on PUSCH not using repetition type B with UL-SCH and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is not present in the resource allocation table, or if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is equal to 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 1 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{CSI-part1}$, is determined as follows:

$$Q_{\text{CSI-1}}' = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(o_{\text{CSI-1}} + L_{\text{CSI-1}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}(l)}}{\sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}}^{\text{UCI}} + K_r}} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] - Q_{ACK/CG-UCI}' \right\}$$

where

- $O_{\text{CSI-1}}$ is the number of bits for CSI part 1;
- if $O_{\text{CSI-1}} \ge 360$, $L_{\text{CSI-1}} = 11$; otherwise $L_{\text{CSI-1}}$ is the number of CRC bits for CSI part 1 determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1:
- $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}$;
- $C_{\text{UL-SCH}}$ is the number of code blocks for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- if the DCI format scheduling the PUSCH transmission includes a CBGTI field indicating that the UE shall not transmit the r-th code block, K_r =0; otherwise, K_r is the r-th code block size for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;
- $Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} = Q'_{ACK}$ if HARQ-ACK is present for transmission on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH and without CG-UCI, where Q'_{ACK} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmitted on the PUSCH as defined in clause 6.3.2.4.1.1 if number of HARQ-ACK information bits is more than 2, and

$$Q'_{\text{ACK}} = \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symball}}^{\text{PUSCH}}-1} \overline{M}_{\text{sc, rvd}}^{\text{ACK}}(l)$$
 if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is no more than 2 bits, where

 $\overline{M}_{\rm sc,\,rvd}^{\rm ACK}(l)$ is the number of reserved resource elements for potential HARQ-ACK transmission in OFDM symbol l, for $l=0,1,2,...,N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}-1$, in the PUSCH transmission, defined in Clause 6.2.7; or

- $Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} = Q'_{ACK}$ if both HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI are present on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH, where Q'_{ACK} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmitted on the PUSCH as defined in clause 6.3.2.4.1.5; or
- $Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} = Q'_{CG-UCI}$ if CG-UCI is present on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH and without HARQ-ACK, where Q'_{CG-UCI} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CG-UCI transmitted on the PUSCH as defined in clause 6.3.2.4.1.4;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l=0,1,2,...,N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}-1$, in the PUSCH transmission and $N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{so}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l) = M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH} M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$;
- α is configured by higher layer parameter *scaling*.

For CSI part 1 transmission on PUSCH not using repetition type B with UL-SCH, and if number Of Slots TBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of number Of Slots TBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 1 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{CSI-part1}$, is determined as follows:

$$Q_{\text{CSI-1}}' = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(O_{\text{CSI-1}} + L_{\text{CSI-1}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\frac{1}{N_{\text{s}}} \sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}} - 1} K_r} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] - Q_{\text{ACK/CG-UCI}}' \right\}$$

where

- *N_s* is the value of *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RC}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the CSI part 1 transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0,1,2,...,N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the CSI part 1 transmission and $N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH in the slot, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH not using repetition type B and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

For CSI part 1 transmission on an actual repetition of a PUSCH with repetition Type B with UL-SCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 1 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{\text{CSI-part1}}$, is determined as follows:

$$Q'_{\text{CSI-1}} = \min \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} (O_{\text{CSI-1}} + L_{\text{CSI-1}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \\ \sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}}^{-1}} K_r \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \\ - Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI}, & \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}}^{-1}} M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} \end{bmatrix}$$

where

- $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, and $N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols in a nominal repetition of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, $M_{\text{sc.nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ where $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation;
- $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}} 1$, in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, and $N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ where $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission;
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH not using repetition type B and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

For CSI part 1 transmission on PUSCH without UL-SCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 1 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{\text{CSI-part}1}$, is determined as follows:

if there is CSI part 2 to be transmitted on the PUSCH,

$$Q'_{\text{CSI-1}} = \min \left\{ \left\lceil \frac{\left(O_{\text{CSI-1}} + L_{\text{CSI-1}}\right) \cdot \boldsymbol{\beta}_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}}{R \cdot Q_m} \right\rceil, \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - l} \boldsymbol{M}_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - Q'_{\text{ACK}} \right\}$$

else

$$Q'_{\text{CSI-1}} = \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}-1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - Q'_{\text{ACK}}$$

end if

where

- $O_{\mathrm{CSI-1}}$ is the number of bits for CSI part 1;
- if $O_{\text{CSI-1}} \ge 360$, $L_{\text{CSI-1}} = 11$; otherwise $L_{\text{CSI-1}}$ is the number of CRC bits for CSI part 1 determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1;
- $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CSI-part1}};$
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;
- Q'_{ACK} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmitted on the PUSCH if number of HARQ-ACK information bits is more than 2, and $Q'_{ACK} = \sum_{l=0}^{N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH}-1} \overline{M}_{sc, \, rvd}^{ACK}(l)$ if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is no more than 2 bits, where $\overline{M}_{sc, \, rvd}^{ACK}(l)$ is the number of reserved resource elements for potential HARQ-ACK transmission in OFDM symbol l, for $l=0,1,2,...,N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH}-1$, in the PUSCH transmission, defined in Clause 6.2.7;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\rm symb, all}^{\rm PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission and $N_{\rm symb, all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = M_{sc}^{PUSCH} M_{sc}^{PT-RS}(l)$;
- R is the code rate of the PUSCH, determined according to Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS38.214];
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_{r_0}, d_{r_1}, d_{r_2}, d_{r_3}, ..., d_{r(N_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$ and the rate matching output sequence length to $E_r = \lfloor E_{\text{UCI}} / C_{\text{UCI}} \rfloor$, where

- C_{UCI} is the number of code blocks for UCI determined according to Clause 5.2.1;
- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH;
- $E_{\text{UCI}} = N_L \cdot Q'_{\text{CSI,1}} \cdot Q_m$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_{r0}, f_{r1}, f_{r2}, ..., f_{r(E_r-1)}$ where E_r is the length of rate matching output sequence in code block number r.

6.3.2.4.1.3 CSI part 2

For CSI part 2 transmission on PUSCH not using repetition type B with UL-SCH and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is not present in the resource allocation table, or if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is equal to 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 2 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{CSI-part2}$, is determined as follows:

$$Q'_{\text{CSI-2}} = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(o_{\text{CSI-2}} + L_{\text{CSI-2}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{SC}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH-1}}} K_r} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{SC}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] - Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} - Q'_{\text{CSI-1}} \right\}$$

where

- $O_{\text{CSI-2}}$ is the number of bits for CSI part 2;
- if $O_{\text{CSI-2}} \ge 360$, $L_{\text{CSI-2}} = 11$; otherwise $L_{\text{CSI-2}}$ is the number of CRC bits for CSI part 2 determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1;
- $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CSI-part2}};$
- $C_{\text{III-SCH}}$ is the number of code blocks for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- if the DCI format scheduling the PUSCH transmission includes a CBGTI field indicating that the UE shall not transmit the r-th code block, K_r =0; otherwise, K_r is the r-th code block size for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;
- $Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} = Q'_{ACK}$ if HARQ-ACK is present for transmission on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH and without CG-UCI, where Q'_{ACK} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmitted on the PUSCH as defined in clause 6.3.2.4.1.1 if number of HARQ-ACK information bits is more than 2, and $Q'_{ACK} = 0$ if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is 1 or 2 bits; or
- $Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} = Q'_{ACK}$ if both HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI are present on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH, where Q'_{ACK} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmitted on the PUSCH as defined in clause 6.3.2.4.1.5; or
- $Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} = Q'_{CG-UCI}$ if CG-UCI is present on the same PUSCH with UL-SCH and without HARQ-ACK, where Q'_{CG-UCI} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CG-UCI transmitted on the PUSCH as defined in clause 6.3.2.4.1.4;
- $Q'_{\mathrm{CSI-1}}$ is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 1 transmitted on the PUSCH;

- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{\rm symb, all}^{\rm PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission and $N_{\rm symb, all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l) = M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH} M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$.
- α is configured by higher layer parameter *scaling*.

For CSI part 2 transmission on PUSCH not using repetition type B with UL-SCH, and if number Of Slots TBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of number Of Slots TBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 2 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{CSI-part2}$, is determined as follows:

$$Q'_{\text{CSI-2}} = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(O_{\text{CSI-2}} + L_{\text{CSI-2}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\frac{1}{N_s} \sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}} - 1} K_r} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] - Q'_{\text{ACK/CG-UCI}} - Q'_{\text{CSI-1}} \right\}$$

where

- *N_s* is the value of *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the CSI part 2 transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0,1,2,...,N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}-1$, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the CSI part 2 transmission and $N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH in the slot, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH not using repetition type B and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

For CSI part 2 transmission on an actual repetition of a PUSCH with repetition Type B with UL-SCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 2 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{\text{CSI-part2}}$, is determined as follows:

$$Q'_{\text{CSI-2}} = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(O_{\text{CSI-2}} + L_{\text{CSI-2}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\sum_{r=0}^{C} K_r} \right], \quad \left[\frac{\sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)} \right] - Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} - Q'_{\text{CSI-1}}, \quad \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - Q'_{ACK/CG-UCI} - Q'_{\text{CSI-1}}} \right\}$$

where

- $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, and $N_{\text{symb,nominal}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols in a nominal repetition of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = 0$;

- for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation, $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ where $M_{\text{sc,nominal}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission assuming a nominal repetition without segmentation;
- $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}} 1$, in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, and $N_{\text{symb,actual}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission, $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) = M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{PUSCH}} M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ where $M_{\text{sc,actual}}^{\text{PT-RS}}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the actual repetition of the PUSCH transmission;
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH not using repetition type B and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

For CSI part 2 transmission on PUSCH without UL-SCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 2 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{\text{CSI-part2}}$, is determined as follows:

$$Q'_{\text{CSI-2}} = \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) - Q'_{\text{ACK}} - Q'_{\text{CSI-1}}$$

where

- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{
 m sc}^{
 m PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;
- Q'_{ACK} is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmitted on the PUSCH if number of HARQ-ACK information bits is more than 2, and $Q'_{ACK} = 0$ if the number of HARQ-ACK information bits is 1 or 2 bits;
- $Q'_{\mathrm{CSI-1}}$ is the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 1 transmitted on the PUSCH;
- $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0, 1, 2, ..., N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission and $N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = M_{sc}^{PUSCH} M_{sc}^{PT-RS}(l)$.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_{r_0}, d_{r_1}, d_{r_2}, d_{r_3}, ..., d_{r(N_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$ and the rate matching output sequence length to $E_r = |E_{\text{UCI}}/C_{\text{UCI}}|$, where

- C_{UCL} is the number of code blocks for UCI determined according to Clause 5.2.1;
- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;

- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH;
- $E_{\text{UCI}} = N_L \cdot Q'_{\text{CSL2}} \cdot Q_m$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_{r0}, f_{r1}, f_{r2}, ..., f_{r(E_r-1)}$ where E_r is the length of rate matching output sequence in code block number r.

6.3.2.4.1.4 CG-UCI

For CG-UCI transmission on PUSCH with UL-SCH and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is not present in the resource allocation table, or if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is equal to 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CG-UCI transmission, denoted as Q'_{CG-UCI} , is determined as follows:

$$Q'_{\text{CG-UCI}} = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(o_{\text{CG-UCI}} + L_{\text{CG-UCI}}) \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}(l)}}{\sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}} - 1} K_r} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=l_0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] \right\}$$

where

- O_{CG-UCI} is the number of CG-UCI bits;
- L_{CG-UCI} is the number of CRC bits for CG-UCI determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1;
- $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CG-UCI}}$;
- C_{UL-SCH} is the number of code blocks for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- K_r is the r-th code block size for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;
- M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for l=0,1,2,..., N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH} 1, in the PUSCH transmission and N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH} is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l) = M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH} M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$;
- α is configured by higher layer parameter *scaling*;
- l_0 is the symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, after the first DMRS symbol(s), in the PUSCH transmission.

For CG-UCI transmission on PUSCH with UL-SCH, and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CG-UCI transmission, denoted as Q'_{CG-UCI} , is determined as follows:

$$Q_{\text{CG-UCI}}' = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(O_{\text{CG-UCI}} + L_{\text{CG-UCI}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\frac{1}{N_{\text{s}}} \sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}} - 1} K_r} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=l_0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] \right\}$$

where

- N_s is the value of *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI:

- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the CG-UCI transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0,1,2,...,N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the CG-UCI transmission and $N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH in the slot, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
- *l*₀ is the symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, after the first DMRS symbol(s), in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the CG-UCI transmission:
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH with UL-SCH and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is d_{r0} , d_{r1} , d_{r2} , d_{r3} , ..., $d_{r(N_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$ and the rate matching output sequence length to $E_r = [E_{UCI}/C_{UCI}]$, where

- C_{UCI} is the number of code blocks for UCI determined according to Clause 5.2.1;
- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH;
- $E_{UCI} = N_L \cdot Q'_{CG-UCI} \cdot Q_m$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} , ..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$ where E_r is the length of rate matching output sequence in code block number r.

6.3.2.4.1.5 HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI

For HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission on PUSCH with UL-SCH and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is not present in the resource allocation table, or if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is equal to 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission, denoted as Q'_{ACK} , is determined as follows:

$$Q_{ACK}' = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(o_{\text{ACK}} + o_{CG-UCI} + L_{\text{ACK}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\sum_{r=0}^{c_{UL-SCH} - 1} \kappa_r} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=l_0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}}} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] \right\}$$

where

- O_{ACK} is the number of HARQ-ACK bits;
- O_{CG-UCI} is the number of CG-UCI bits;
- if $O_{ACK} + O_{CG-UCI} \ge 360$, $L_{ACK} = 11$; otherwise L_{ACK} is the number of CRC bits for HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI determined according to Clause 6.3.1.2.1;
- $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} = \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK}};$
- C_{UL-SCH} is the number of code blocks for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- K_r is the r-th code block size for UL-SCH of the PUSCH transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the scheduled bandwidth of the PUSCH transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission;

- M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for l=0,1,2,..., N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH} 1, in the PUSCH transmission and N_{symb,all}^{PUSCH} is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
 - for any OFDM symbol that carries DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{sc}^{UCI}(l) = 0$;
 - for any OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l) = M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH} M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$;
- α is configured by higher layer parameter *scaling*;
- l_0 is the symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, after the first DMRS symbol(s), in the PUSCH transmission.

For HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission on PUSCH with UL-SCH, and if numberOfSlotsTBoMS is present in the resource allocation table and the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission, denoted as Q'_{ACK} , is determined as follows:

$$Q_{\text{ACK}}' = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(O_{\text{ACK}} + O_{\text{CG-UCI}} + L_{\text{ACK}}) \cdot \beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}} \cdot \sum_{l=0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l)}{\frac{1}{N_{\text{s}}} \sum_{r=0}^{C_{\text{UL-SCH}} - 1} K_r} \right], \left[\alpha \cdot \sum_{l=l_0}^{N_{\text{symb,all}}^{\text{PUSCH}} - 1} M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{UCI}}(l) \right] \right\}$$

where

- N_s is the value of numberOfSlotsTBoMS in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PT-RS}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carries PTRS, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission;
- $M_{\rm sc}^{\rm UCI}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of UCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l = 0,1,2,...,N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH} 1$, in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission and $N_{\rm symb,all}^{\rm PUSCH}$ is the total number of OFDM symbols of the PUSCH in the slot, including all OFDM symbols used for DMRS;
- *l*₀ is the symbol index of the first OFDM symbol that does not carry DMRS of the PUSCH, after the first DMRS symbol(s), in the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots in the slot with the HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission;
- and all the other notations in the formula are defined the same as for PUSCH with UL-SCH and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is d_{r0} , d_{r1} , d_{r2} , d_{r3} , ..., $d_{r(N_r-1)}$ where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of coded bits in code block number r.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$ and the rate matching output sequence length to $E_r = [E_{UCI}/C_{UCI}]$, where

- C_{UCI} is the number of code blocks for UCI determined according to Clause 5.2.1;
- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH;
- $E_{IICI} = N_L \cdot Q'_{ACK} \cdot Q_m$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} , ..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$ where E_r is the length of rate matching output sequence in code block number r.

6.3.2.4.1.6 UCI with different priority indexes

In this clause, $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$ is equal to $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK,0}}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 1, and equal to $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK}}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 0.

 $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK-HP}$ is equal to $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK,1}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 0, and equal to $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 1.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 1:

- If CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH,
 - Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, by assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information bits to be transmitted on PUSCH in clause 6.3.2.4.1.2 is 0 bit.
 - Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.3, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information bits to be transmitted on PUSCH in clause 6.3.2.4.1.3 is 0 bit.
- Otherwise, perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information bits to be transmitted on PUSCH in clause 6.3.2.4.1.2 is 0 bit.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0:

- Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.1, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-HP}}$.
- Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH.
- Perform rate matching for CSI part 2 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.3, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 2 is also transmitted on the PUSCH.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 and/or CG-UCI associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH:

- Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.1, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-HP}}$, if HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 are transmitted without CG-UCI associated with priority index 1.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.4, if CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 is transmitted without HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI with priority index 1 and HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.5, if both CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 are transmitted, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-HP}}$.
- If CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 1,
 - Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 if any as HARQ-ACK, and taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 if any as CG-UCI.
 - Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.3, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 if any as HARQ-ACK, and taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 if any as CG-UCI.
- Otherwise,
 - Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm PUSCH}$ by $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK-LP}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 if any as HARQ-ACK, and taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 if any as CG-UCI.

- Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.3, by taking CSI part 1 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CSI-part 1}}$, taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 if any, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0:

- Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.1, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-HP}}$.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, if CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 is transmitted without HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, by taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CG-UCI}}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, if both CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 are transmitted, by taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK.
- Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.1.3, by taking CSI part 1 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CSI-part 1}}$, taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 if any as CSI-part 1 and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0.

6.3.2.4.2 UCI encoded by channel coding of small block lengths

If the higher layer parameter *nrofBitsInUTO-UCI* is configured, the procedures in this clause and the clauses it refers to apply by replacing CG-UCI with UTO-UCI in all the notations and texts.

6.3.2.4.2.1 HARQ-ACK

For HARQ-ACK transmission on PUSCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK transmission, denoted as $Q'_{\rm ACK}$, is determined according to Clause 6.3.2.4.1.1, by setting the number of CRC bits L=0.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.3, by setting the rate matching output sequence length $E = N_L \cdot Q'_{ACK} \cdot Q_m$, where

- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

6.3.2.4.2.2 CSI part 1

For CSI part 1 transmission on PUSCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 1 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{\text{CSI},1}$, is determined according to Clause 6.3.2.4.1.2, by setting the number of CRC bits L=0.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.3, by setting the rate matching output sequence length $E = N_L \cdot Q'_{\text{CSLI}} \cdot Q_m$, where

- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;

- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

6.3.2.4.2.3 CSI part 2

For CSI part 2 transmission on PUSCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CSI part 2 transmission, denoted as $Q'_{\text{CSI-2}}$, is determined according to Clause 6.3.2.4.1.3, by setting the number of CRC bits L=0.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.3, by setting the rate matching output sequence length $E = N_L \cdot Q'_{CS1.2} \cdot Q_m$, where

- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

6.3.2.4.2.4 CG-UCI

For CG-UCI transmission on PUSCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for CG-UCI transmission, denoted as Q'_{CG-UCI} , is determined according to Clause 6.3.2.4.1.4, by setting the number of CRC bits $L_{CG-UCI} = 0$.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.3, by setting the rate matching output sequence length

$$E = N_L \cdot Q'_{CG-UCI} \cdot Q_m$$
, where

- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

6.3.2.4.2.5 HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI

For HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission on PUSCH, the number of coded modulation symbols per layer for HARQ-ACK and CG-UCI transmission, denoted as Q'_{ACK} , is determined according to Clause 6.3.2.4.1.5, by setting the number of CRC bits $L_{ACK} = 0$.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.3, by setting the rate matching output sequence length $E = N_L \cdot Q'_{ACK} \cdot Q_m$, where

- N_L is the number of transmission layers of the PUSCH;
- Q_m is the modulation order of the PUSCH.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

6.3.2.4.2.6 UCI with different priority indexes

In this clause, $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK-LP}$ is equal to $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK,0}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 1, and equal to $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 0. $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK-HP}$ is equal to $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK,1}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 0, and equal to $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK}$ defined in [5, TS38.213] in case of PUSCH associated with priority index 1.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 1:

- If CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH,
 - Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.2, by assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information bits to be transmitted on PUSCH in clause 6.3.2.4.2.2 is 0 bit.
 - Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.3, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information bits to be transmitted on PUSCH in clause 6.3.2.4.2.3 is 0 bit.
- Otherwise, perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information bits to be transmitted on PUSCH in clause 6.3.2.4.2.2 is 0 bit.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0:

- Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.1, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-HP}}$.
- Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH.
- Perform rate matching for CSI part 2 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.3, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 2 is also transmitted on the PUSCH.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 and/or CG-UCI associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH:

- Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.1, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-HP}}$, if HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 are transmitted without CG-UCI associated with priority index 1.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.4, if CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 is transmitted without HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI with priority index 1 and HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.5, if both CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 are transmitted, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-HP}}$.
- If CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 1,
 - Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 if any as HARQ-ACK, and taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 if any as CG-UCI.
 - Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.3, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 if any as HARQ-ACK, and taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 if any as CG-UCI.
- Otherwise,
 - Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.2, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm PUSCH}$ by $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK-LP}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 if any as HARQ-ACK, and taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 if any as CG-UCI.
 - Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.3, by taking CSI part 1 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CSI-part1}}$, taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and taking HARQ-

ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 if any, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0:

- Perform rate matching for HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.1, by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK and replacing $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm PUSCH}$ by $\beta_{\rm offset}^{\rm HARQ-ACK-HP}$.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.2, if CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 is transmitted without HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, by taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CG-UCI}}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK.
- Perform rate matching for CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.2, if both CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 are transmitted, by taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{HARQ-ACK-LP}}$, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK.
- Perform rate matching for CSI part 1 according to clause 6.3.2.4.2.3, by taking CSI part 1 as CSI part 2 and replacing $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$ by $\beta_{\text{offset}}^{\text{CSI-part 1}}$, taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 if any as CSI-part 1 and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0.

6.3.2.5 Code block concatenation

Code block concatenation is performed according to Clause 6.3.1.5, except that the values of $E_{\rm UCI}$ and $C_{\rm UCI}$ given in Clause 6.3.2.4.1.

6.3.2.6 Multiplexing of coded UCI bits to PUSCH

The coded UCI bits are multiplexed onto PUSCH according to the procedures in Clause 6.2.7.

6.3.2.7 Multiplexing of coded UCI bits with different priority indexes to PUSCH

If the higher layer parameter *nrofBitsInUTO-UCI* is configured, the procedure in this clause 6.3.2.7 applies by replacing CG-UCI with UTO-UCI in all the notations and texts, when applicable.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 1,

- If CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH, the coded UCI bits are multiplexed onto PUSCH according to the procedures in Clause 6.2.7 by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI part 2, and assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information in Clause 6.2.7 is 0 bit;
- Otherwise, the coded UCI bits are multiplexed onto PUSCH according to the procedures in Clause 6.2.7 by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI-part 1, and assuming the number of HARQ-ACK information in Clause 6.2.7 is 0 bit.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0, the coded UCI bits are multiplexed onto PUSCH according to the procedures in Clause 6.2.7 by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK.

If *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* is configured, and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1 and/or CG-UCI associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH,

- if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 1, the coded UCI bits are multiplexed onto PUSCH according to the procedures in Clause 6.2.7 by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, and taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI part 2;

- otherwise, the coded UCI bits are multiplexed onto PUSCH according to the procedures in Clause 6.2.7 by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 if any as HARQ-ACK, taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 1 if any as CG-UCI, taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 0 as CSI part 1, and taking CSI part 1 as CSI part 2 if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0.

If uci-MuxWithDiffPrio is configured, and CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 if any, HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 1, and CSI part 1 if any are transmitted on a PUSCH associated with priority index 0, the coded UCI bits are multiplexed onto PUSCH according to the procedures in Clause 6.2.7 by taking HARQ-ACK with priority index 1 as HARQ-ACK, taking CG-UCI associated with priority index 0 and HARQ-ACK bits associated with priority index 0 if any as CSI part 1, and taking CSI part 1 as CSI part 2 if CSI part 1 is also transmitted on the PUSCH and the PUSCH is associated with priority index 0.

7 Downlink transport channels and control information

7.1 Broadcast channel

Data arrives to the coding unit in the form of a maximum of one transport block every 80ms. The following coding steps can be identified:

- Payload generation
- Scrambling
- Transport block CRC attachment
- Channel coding
- Rate matching

7.1.1 PBCH payload generation

Denote the bits in a transport block delivered to layer 1 by $\overline{a}_0, \overline{a}_1, \overline{a}_2, \overline{a}_3, ..., \overline{a}_{\overline{A}-1}$, where \overline{A} is the payload size generated by higher layers. The lowest order information bit \overline{a}_0 is mapped to the most significant bit of the transport block as defined in Clause 6.1.1 of [8, TS 38.321].

Generate the following additional timing related PBCH payload bits $\overline{a}_{\overline{A}}, \overline{a}_{\overline{A}+1}, \overline{a}_{\overline{A}+2}, \overline{a}_{\overline{A}+3}, ..., \overline{a}_{\overline{A}+7}$, where:

- $\overline{a}_{\overline{A}}$, $\overline{a}_{\overline{A}+1}$, $\overline{a}_{\overline{A}+2}$, $\overline{a}_{\overline{A}+3}$ are the 4th, 3rd, 2nd, and 1st LSB of SFN, respectively;
- $\overline{a}_{\overline{A}+4}$ is the half frame bit $\overline{a}_{\mathrm{HRF}}$;
- if $\overline{L}_{max} = 10$ as defined in Clause 4.1 of [5, TS38.213],

 $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+5}$ is the MSB of $k_{\rm SSB}$ as defined in Clause 7.4.3.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

 $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+6}$ is reserved.

 $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+7}$ is the MSB of candidate SS/PBCH block index.

- else if $\overline{L}_{max} = 20$ as defined in Clause 4.1 of [5, TS38.213],

 \bar{a}_{A+5} is the MSB of k_{SSB} as defined in Clause 7.4.3.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

 $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+6}$, $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+7}$ are the 5th and 4th bits of the candidate SS/PBCH block index, respectively.

- else if $\overline{L}_{max} = 64$ as defined in Clause 4.1 of [5, TS38.213],

 $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+5}$, $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+6}$, $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+7}$ are the 6th, 5th, and 4th bits of the candidate SS/PBCH block index, respectively.

- else

 \bar{a}_{A+5} is the MSB of k_{SSB} as defined in Clause 7.4.3.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

 $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+6}$, $\bar{a}_{\bar{A}+7}$ are reserved.

- end if

Let
$$A = \overline{A} + 8$$
; $j_{SFN} = 0$; $j_{HRF} = 10$; $j_{SSB} = 11$; $j_{other} = 14$;

for
$$i = 0$$
 to $A - 1$

if \overline{a}_i is an SFN bit

$$a_{G(j_{SFN})} = \overline{a}_i$$
;

$$j_{\rm SFN}=j_{\rm SFN}+1\,;$$

elseif \overline{a}_i is the half radio frame bit

$$a_{G(j_{HRF})} = \overline{a}_i$$

elseif $\overline{A} + 5 \le i \le \overline{A} + 7$

$$a_{G(j_{SSB})} = \overline{a}_i$$
;

$$j_{\rm SSB} = j_{\rm SSB} + 1;$$

else

$$a_{G(j_{\mathrm{Other}})} = \overline{a}_i$$
;

$$j_{\text{Other}} = j_{\text{Other}} + 1;$$

end if

end for

where \overline{L}_{max} is the number of candidate SS/PBCH blocks in a half frame according to Clause 4.1 of [5, TS38.213], and the value of G(j) is given by Table 7.1.1-1.

Table 7.1.1-1: Value of PBCH payload interleaver pattern G(j)

j	G(j)	j	G(j)	j	G(j)	j	G(j)	j	G(j)	j	G(j)	j	G(j)	j	G(j)
0	16	4	8	8	24	12	3	16	9	20	14	24	21	28	27
1	23	5	30	9	7	13	2	17	11	21	15	25	22	29	28
2	18	6	10	10	0	14	1	18	12	22	19	26	25	30	29
3	17	7	6	11	5	15	4	19	13	23	20	27	26	31	31

7.1.2 Scrambling

For PBCH transmission in a frame, the bit sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$ is scrambled into a bit sequence $a'_0, a'_1, a'_2, a'_3, ..., a'_{A-1}$, where $a'_i = (a_i + s_i) \mod 2$ for i = 0,1,...,A-1 and $s_0, s_1, s_2, s_3, ..., s_{A-1}$ is generated according to the following:

$$i = 0$$
;

$$j = 0;$$

while i < A

if a_i corresponds to any one of the bits belonging to the candidate SS/PBCH block index, the half frame index, and 2^{nd} and 3^{rd} least significant bits of the system frame number

$$s_i = 0 \; ;$$
 else
$$s_i = c(j + vM) \; ;$$

$$j = j + 1 \; ;$$
 end if

end while

i = i + 1;

The scrambling sequence c(i) is given by Clause 5.2.1of [4, TS38.211] and initialized with $c_{\text{init}} = N_{ID}^{cell}$ at the start of each SFN satisfying mod(SFN,8) = 0; M = A - 3 for $\overline{L}_{max} = 4$ or $\overline{L}_{max} = 8$, M = A - 4 for $\overline{L}_{max} = 10$, M = A - 5 for $\overline{L}_{max} = 20$, and M = A - 6 for $\overline{L}_{max} = 64$, where \overline{L}_{max} is the number of candidate SS/PBCH blocks in a half frame according to Clause 4.1 of [5, TS38.213]; and v is determined according to Table 7.1.2-1 using the 3^{rd} and 2^{nd} LSB of the SFN in which the PBCH is transmitted.

Table 7.1.2-1: Value of v for PBCH scrambling

(3 rd LSB of SFN, 2 nd LSB of SFN)	Value of V
(0, 0)	0
(0, 1)	1
(1, 0)	2
(1, 1)	3

7.1.3 Transport block CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on BCH transport blocks through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire transport block is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. The input bit sequence is denoted by $a'_0, a'_1, a'_2, a'_3, ..., a'_{A-1}$, and the parity bits by $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$, where A is the payload size and L is the number of parity bits.

The parity bits are computed and attached to the BCH transport block according to Clause 5.1 by setting L to 24 bits and using the generator polynomial $g_{\text{CRC24C}}(D)$, resulting in the sequence $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$, where B = A + L.

The bit sequence $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$ is the input bit sequence $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$ to the channel encoder, where $c_i = b_i$ for i = 0, 1, ..., B-1 and K = B.

7.1.4 Channel coding

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$, where K is the number of bits, and they are encoded via Polar coding according to Clause 5.3.1, by setting $n_{\max} = 9$, $I_{IL} = 1$, $n_{PC} = 0$, and $n_{PC}^{wm} = 0$.

After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_0, d_1, d_2, d_3, \dots, d_{N-1}$, where N is the number of coded bits.

7.1.5 Rate matching

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

The rate matching output sequence length E = 864.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{RII} = 0$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

7.2 Downlink shared channel and paging channel

7.2.1 Transport block CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on each transport block through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire transport block is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits in a transport block delivered to layer 1 by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{A-1}$, and the parity bits by $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, ..., p_{L-1}$, where A is the payload size and L is the number of parity bits. The lowest order information bit a_0 is mapped to the most significant bit of the transport block as defined in Clause 6.1.1 of [TS38.321].

The parity bits are computed and attached to the DL-SCH transport block according to Clause 5.1, by setting L to 24 bits and using the generator polynomial $g_{\text{CRC24A}}(D)$ if A > 3824; and by setting L to 16 bits and using the generator polynomial $g_{\text{CRC16}}(D)$ otherwise.

The bits after CRC attachment are denoted by $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$, where B = A + L.

7.2.2 LDPC base graph selection

For initial transmission of a transport block with coding rate R indicated by the MCS index according to Clause 5.1.3.1 in [6, TS 38.214] and subsequent re-transmission of the same transport block, each code block of the transport block is encoded with either LDPC base graph 1 or 2 according to the following:

- if $A \le 292$, or if $A \le 3824$ and $R \le 0.67$, or if $R \le 0.25$, LDPC base graph 2 is used;
- otherwise, LDPC base graph 1 is used,

where A is the payload size in Clause 7.2.1.

7.2.3 Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment

The bits input to the code block segmentation are denoted by $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_{B-1}$ where B is the number of bits in the transport block (including CRC).

Code block segmentation and code block CRC attachment are performed according to Clause 5.2.2.

The bits after code block segmentation are denoted by c_{r0} , c_{r1} , c_{r2} , c_{r3} ,..., $c_{r(K_r-1)}$, where r is the code block number and K_r is the number of bits for code block number r according to Clause 5.2.2.

7.2.4 Channel coding

Code blocks are delivered to the channel coding block. The bits in a code block are denoted by $c_{r0}, c_{r1}, c_{r2}, c_{r3}, ..., c_{r(K_r-1)}$, where r is the code block number, and K_r is the number of bits in code block number r.

The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each code block is individually LDPC encoded according to Clause 5.3.2.

After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_{r_0}, d_{r_1}, d_{r_2}, d_{r_3}, ..., d_{r(N-1)}$, where the values of N_r is given in Clause 5.3.2.

7.2.5 Rate matching

Coded bits for each code block, denoted as $d_{r_0}, d_{r_1}, d_{r_2}, d_{r_3}, ..., d_{r(N_r-1)}$, are delivered to the rate match block, where r is the code block number, and N_r is the number of encoded bits in code block number r. The total number of code blocks is denoted by C and each code block is individually rate matched according to Clause 5.4.2 by setting $I_{LBRM} = 1$.

After rate matching, the bits are denoted by f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} , f_{r3} ,..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$, where E_r is the number of rate matched bits for code block number r.

7.2.6 Code block concatenation

The input bit sequence for the code block concatenation block are the sequences f_{r0} , f_{r1} , f_{r2} , f_{r3} ,..., $f_{r(E_r-1)}$, for r = 0,..., C-1 and where E_r is the number of rate matched bits for the r-th code block.

Code block concatenation is performed according to Clause 5.5.

The bits after code block concatenation are denoted by $g_0, g_1, g_2, g_3, ..., g_{G-1}$, where G is the total number of coded bits for transmission.

7.3 Downlink control information

A DCI transports downlink control information for one or more cells with one RNTI.

The following coding steps can be identified:

- Information element multiplexing
- CRC attachment
- Channel coding
- Rate matching

7.3.1 DCI formats

The DCI formats defined in table 7.3.1-1 are supported.

Table 7.3.1-1: DCI formats

DCI format	Usage			
0_0	Scheduling of PUSCH in one cell			
0_1	Scheduling of one or multiple PUSCH in one cell, or indicating downlink feedback information for configured grant PUSCH (CG-DFI)			
0_2	Scheduling of PUSCH in one cell			
0_3	Scheduling of one PUSCH in one cell, or multiple PUSCHs in multiple cells with one PUSCH per cell			
1_0	Scheduling of PDSCH in one cell			
1_1	Scheduling of one or multiple PDSCH in one cell, and/or triggering one shot HARQ-ACK codebook feedback			
1_2	Scheduling of PDSCH in one cell			
1_3	Scheduling of one PDSCH in one cell, or multiple PDSCHs in multiple cells with one PDSCH per cell			
2_0	Notifying a group of UEs of the slot format, available RB sets, COT duration and search space set group switching			

DCI format	Usage			
2_1	Notifying a group of UEs of the PRB(s) and OFDM symbol(s) where UE may assume no transmission is intended for the UE			
2_2	Transmission of TPC commands for PUCCH and PUSCH			
2_3	Transmission of a group of TPC commands for SRS transmissions by one or more UEs			
2_4	Notifying a group of UEs of the PRB(s) and OFDM symbol(s) where UE cancels the corresponding UL transmission from the UE			
2_5	Notifying the availability of soft resources as defined in Clause 9.3.1 of [10, TS 38.473]			
2_6	Notifying the power saving information outside DRX Active Time for one or more UEs			
2_7	Notifying paging early indication and TRS availability indication for one or more UEs			
2_8	Notifying the aperiodic beam indication and associated time resources			
2_9	Activating or de-activating the cell DTX and/or DRX configuration of one or multiple serving cells for one or more UEs, and/or for providing NES-mode indication of the primary cell for one or more UEs			
3_0	Scheduling of NR sidelink in one cell			
3_1	Scheduling of LTE sidelink in one cell			
3_2	Scheduling of NR SL PRS in one cell			
4_0	Scheduling of PDSCH with CPC scrambled by MCCH-PNTI/G-PNTI for broadcast or by Multicast			
4_1	Scheduling of PDSCH with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI/G-CS-RNTI for multicast in RRC_CONNECTED state or by G-RNTI for multicast in RRC_INACITIVE state			
Scheduling of PDSCH with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI/G-CS-RNTI for multicast in RRC_CO state				

The fields defined in the DCI formats below are mapped to the information bits a_0 to a_{A-1} as follows.

Each field is mapped in the order in which it appears in the description, including the zero-padding bit(s), if any, with the first field mapped to the lowest order information bit a_0 and each successive field mapped to higher order information bits. The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to a_0 .

If the number of information bits in a DCI format is less than 12 bits, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format until the payload size equals 12.

The size of each DCI format except for DCI format $0_3/1_3$ is determined by the configuration of the corresponding active bandwidth part of the scheduled cell and shall be adjusted as described in clause 7.3.1.0 if necessary.

For a cell set configured by higher layer parameter *mc-DCI-SetofCellsToAddModList*, the size of DCI format 0_3/1_3 is determined as follows and shall be adjusted as described in Clause 7.3.1.0 if necessary:

- If scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3 for the cell set is configured, the size of DCI format 0_3 is determined by the configuration of the corresponding active bandwidth part(s) of the scheduled cells in the entry which results in the largest size among the entries in the higher layer parameter scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3; Otherwise, the size of DCI format 0_3 is determined by the configuration of the corresponding active bandwidth part(s) of the cells configured by higher layer parameter scheduledCellListDCI-0-3 for the cell set.
- If *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3* for the cell set is configured, the size of DCI format 1_3 is determined by the configuration of the corresponding active bandwidth part(s) of the scheduled cells in the entry which results in the largest size among the entries in the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3*; Otherwise, the size of DCI format 1_3 is determined by the configuration of the corresponding active bandwidth part(s) of the cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-1-3* for the cell set.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookList-r16*, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* is replaced by the relevant entry in *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookList-r16* in this clause.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookListMulticast-r17*, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* is replaced by the relevant entry in *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookListMulticast-r17* in this clause.

For a cell detected in cell search procedure with synchronization raster defined in Table 5.4.3.1-2 or Table 5.4.3.1-3 of [13, TS 38.101-1], the size of CORESET 0 for the cell in this clause refers to the size of punctured CORESET 0 as defined in clause 7.3.2.2 of [4, TS 38.211] if any.

7.3.1.0 DCI size alignment

If necessary, padding or truncation shall be applied to the DCI formats according to the following steps executed in the order below:

Step 0:

- Determine DCI format 0_0 monitored in a common search space according to clause 7.3.1.1.1 where $N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}$ is the size of the initial UL bandwidth part.
- Determine DCI format 1_0 monitored in a common search space according to clause 7.3.1.2.1 where $N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}$ is given by
 - the size of CORESET 0 if CORESET 0 is configured for the cell; and
 - the size of initial DL bandwidth part if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell.
- If DCI format 0_0 is monitored in common search space and if the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_0 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 1_0 monitored in common search space for scheduling the same serving cell, a number of zero padding bits are generated for the DCI format 0_0 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 1_0.
- If DCI format 0_0 is monitored in common search space and if the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_0 prior to truncation is larger than the payload size of the DCI format 1_0 monitored in common search space for scheduling the same serving cell, the bitwidth of the frequency domain resource assignment field in the DCI format 0_0 is reduced by truncating the first few most significant bits such that the size of DCI format 0_0 equals the size of the DCI format 1_0.

Step 1:

- Determine DCI format 0_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.1.1 where $N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}$ is the size of the active UL bandwidth part.
- Determine DCI format 1_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.2.1 where $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DLBWP}$ is the size of the active DL bandwidth part.
- For a UE configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in a cell, if PUSCH is configured to be transmitted on both the SUL and the non-SUL of the cell and if the number of information bits in DCI format 0_0 in UE-specific search space for the SUL is not equal to the number of information bits in DCI format 0_0 in UE-specific search space for the non-SUL, a number of zero padding bits are generated for the smaller DCI format 0_0 until the payload size equals that of the larger DCI format 0_0.
- If DCI format 0_0 is monitored in UE-specific search space and if the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_0 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 1_0 monitored in UE-specific search space for scheduling the same serving cell, a number of zero padding bits are generated for the DCI format 0_0 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 1_0.
- If DCI format 1_0 is monitored in UE-specific search space and if the number of information bits in the DCI format 1_0 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 0_0 monitored in UE-specific search space for scheduling the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 1_0 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 0_0

Step 2:

- Determine DCI format 0_1 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.1.2.
- Determine DCI format 1_1 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.2.2.
- For a UE configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in a cell, if PUSCH is configured to be transmitted on both the SUL and the non-SUL of the cell and if the number of information bits in format 0_1 for the SUL is not equal to the number of information bits in format 0_1 for the non-SUL, zeros shall be appended to smaller format 0_1 until the payload size equals that of the larger format 0_1.

- If the size of DCI format 0_1 monitored in a UE-specific search space equals that of a DCI format 0_0/1_0 monitored in another UE-specific search space, one bit of zero padding shall be appended to DCI format 0_1.
- If the size of DCI format 1_1 monitored in a UE-specific search space equals that of a DCI format 0_0/1_0 monitored in another UE-specific search space, one bit of zero padding shall be appended to DCI format 1_1.

Step 2A:

- Determine DCI format 0_2 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.1.3.
- Determine DCI format 1_2 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.2.3.
- For a UE configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in a cell, if PUSCH is configured to be transmitted on both the SUL and the non-SUL of the cell and if the number of information bits in format 0_2 for the SUL is not equal to the number of information bits in format 0_2 for the non-SUL, zeros shall be appended to smaller format 0_2 until the payload size equals that of the larger format 0_2.

Step 2B:

- If the cell is the serving cell for counting the size of one or both DCI format 0_3 and DCI format 1_3 as defined in Clause 10.1 of [5, TS38.213],
 - Determine DCI format 0_3 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.1.4.
 - Determine DCI format 1_3 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.2.4.

Step 3:

- If both of the following conditions are fulfilled the size alignment procedure is complete
 - the total number of different DCI sizes configured to monitor is no more than 4 for the cell
 - the total number of different DCI sizes with C-RNTI configured to monitor is no more than 3 for the cell

Step 4:

Otherwise

Step 4A:

- Remove the padding bit (if any) introduced in step 2 above.
- Determine DCI format 1_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.2.1 where $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL,BWP}$ is given by
 - the size of CORESET 0 if CORESET 0 is configured for the cell; and
 - the size of initial DL bandwidth part if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell.
- Determine DCI format 0_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space according to clause 7.3.1.1.1 where $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL},\text{BWP}}$ is the size of the initial UL bandwidth part.
- If the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 1_0 monitored in UE-specific search space for scheduling the same serving cell, a number of zero padding bits are generated for the DCI format 0_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 1_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space.
- If the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space prior to truncation is larger than the payload size of the DCI format 1_0 monitored in UE-specific search space for scheduling the same serving cell, the bitwidth of the frequency domain resource assignment field in the DCI format 0_0 is reduced by truncating the first few most significant bits such that the size of DCI format 0_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space equals the size of the DCI format 1_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space.

Step 4B:

- If the total number of different DCI sizes configured to monitor is more than 4 for the cell after applying the above steps, or if the total number of different DCI sizes with C-RNTI configured to monitor is more than 3 for the cell after applying the above steps
 - If the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_2 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 1_2 for scheduling the same serving cell, a number of zero padding bits are generated for the DCI format 0_2 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 1_2.
 - If the number of information bits in the DCI format 1_2 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 0_2 for scheduling the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 1_2 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 0_2.

Step 4C:

- If the total number of different DCI sizes configured to monitor is more than 4 for the cell after applying the above steps, or if the total number of different DCI sizes with C-RNTI configured to monitor is more than 3 for the cell after applying the above steps
 - If the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_1 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 1_1 for scheduling the same serving cell, a number of zero padding bits are generated for the DCI format 0_1 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 1_1.
 - If the number of information bits in the DCI format 1_1 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 0_1 for scheduling the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 1_1 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 0_1.

Step 4D:

- If the total number of different DCI sizes configured to monitor is more than 4 for the cell after applying the above steps and the cell is the serving cell for counting the size of one or both DCI format 0_3 and DCI format 1_3 as defined in Clause 10.1 of [5, TS38.213], or if the total number of different DCI sizes with C-RNTI configured to monitor is more than 3 for the cell after applying the above steps and the cell is the serving cell for counting the size of one or both DCI format 0_3 and DCI format 1_3 as defined in Clause 10.1 of [5, TS38.213]
 - If the number of information bits in the DCI format 0_3 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 1_3 for scheduling the same cell set, a number of zero padding bits are generated for the DCI format 0_3 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 1_3.
 - If the number of information bits in the DCI format 1_3 prior to padding is less than the payload size of the DCI format 0_3 for scheduling the same cell set, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 1_3 until the payload size equals that of the DCI format 0_3.

The UE is not expected to handle a configuration that, after applying the above steps, results in

- the total number of different DCI sizes configured to monitor is more than 4 for the cell; or
- the total number of different DCI sizes with C-RNTI configured to monitor is more than 3 for the cell; or
- the size of DCI format 0_0 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 0_1 in another UE-specific search space; or
- the size of DCI format 1_0 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 1_1 in another UE-specific search space; or
- the size of DCI format 0_0 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 0_2 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 0_0 and 0_2 are mapped to the same resource; or
- the size of DCI format 1_0 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 1_2 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 1_0 and 1_2 are mapped to the same resource; or
- the size of DCI format 0_1 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 0_2 in the same or another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 0_1 and 0_2 are mapped to the same resource; or

- the size of DCI format 1_1 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 1_2 in the same or another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 1_1 and 1_2 are mapped to the same resource; or
- the size of DCI format 0_0 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 0_3 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 0_0 and 0_3 are mapped to the same resource; or
- the size of DCI format 1_0 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 1_3 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 1_0 and 1_3 are mapped to the same resource; or
- the size of DCI format 0_1 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 0_3 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 0_1 and 0_3 are mapped to the same resource; or
- the size of DCI format 1_1 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 1_3 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 1_1 and 1_3 are mapped to the same resource.
- the size of DCI format 0_2 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 0_3 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 0_2 and 0_3 are mapped to the same resource; or
- the size of DCI format 1_2 in a UE-specific search space is equal to DCI format 1_3 in another UE-specific search space when at least one pair of the corresponding PDCCH candidates of DCI formats 1_2 and 1_3 are mapped to the same resource.

7.3.1.0.1 DCI size alignment for DCI formats for scheduling of sidelink

If DCI format 3_0, and/or DCI format 3_1, and/or DCI format 3_2 is monitored on a cell, DCI size alignment for DCI format 3_0, DCI format 3_1, and DCI format 3_2 is performed as described in this clause after performing the DCI size alignment described in Clause 7.3.1.0. The size(s) of the DCI formats configured to monitor for a cell in this clause refers to that after performing the DCI size alignment described in Clause 7.3.1.0.

If DCI format 3_0, and/or DCI format 3_1, and/or DCI format 3_2 is monitored on a cell and the total number of DCI sizes of the DCI formats configured to monitor for the cell and DCI format 3_0, and/or DCI format 3_1, and/or DCI format 3_2 is more than 4, zeros shall be appended to DCI format 3_0 if configured, to DCI format 3_1 if configured, and to DCI format 3_2 if configured, until the payload size of DCI format 3_0, DCI format 3_1, and DCI format 3_2 equals that of the smallest DCI format configured to monitor for the cell that is larger than DCI format 3_0, DCI format 3_1, and DCI format 3_2.

The UE is not expected to handle a configuration that results in:

- the total number of different DCI sizes configured to monitor for the cell and DCI format 3_0, and/or DCI format 3_1, and/or DCI format 3_2 is more than 4; and
- the payload size of DCI format 3_0, and/or DCI format 3_1, and/or DCI format 3_2 is larger than the payload size of all other DCI formats configured to monitor for the cell.

7.3.1.1 DCI formats for scheduling of PUSCH

7.3.1.1.1 Format 0_0

DCI format 0_0 is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0_0 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bit
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 0, indicating an UL DCI format
- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following:

- $\left[\log_2(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{UL,BWP}}(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{UL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right]$ bits if neither of the higher layer parameters *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkCommon* and *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkDedicated* is configured, where $N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{UL,BWP}}$ is defined in clause 7.3.1.0
 - For PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - $N_{\rm UL_hop}$ MSB bits are used to indicate the frequency offset according to Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214], where $N_{\rm UL_hop}=1$ if the higher layer parameter frequencyHoppingOffsetLists contains two offset values and $N_{\rm UL_hop}=2$ if the higher layer parameter frequencyHoppingOffsetLists contains four offset values
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right] N_{\text{UL_hop}}$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - For non-PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}(N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}+1)/2)\right]$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
- If any of the higher layer parameters *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkCommon* and *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkDedicated* is configured
 - 5+Y bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 30 kHz.
 - 6+Y bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 15 kHz.

If the DCI format $0_{-}0$ is monitored in a UE-specific search space, the value of Y is determined by $\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}(N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}+1)}{2}\right)\right] \text{ where } N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}} \text{ is the number of RB sets contained in the active UL BWP as defined in clause 7 of [6, TS38.214]. If the DCI 0 0 is monitored in a common search space Y = 0.$

- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- Frequency hopping flag 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-3, as defined in Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214]
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- HARQ process number 4 bits
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS 38.213]
- ChannelAccess-CPext 2 bits indicating combinations of channel access type and CP extension as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4, or Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if *channelAccessMode-r16* = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1; 2 bits indicating channel access type as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4B if *ChannelAccessMode2-r17* is provided for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2; 0 bit otherwise.
- Padding bits, if required.
- UL/SUL indicator 1 bit for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the number of bits for DCI format 1_0 before padding is larger than the number of bits for DCI format 0_0 before padding; 0 bit otherwise. The UL/SUL indicator, if present, locates in the last bit position of DCI format 0_0, after the padding bit(s).
 - If the UL/SUL indicator is present in DCI format 0_0 and the higher layer parameter *pusch-Config* is not configured on both UL and SUL the UE ignores the UL/SUL indicator field in DCI format 0_0, and the

- corresponding PUSCH scheduled by the DCI format 0_0 is for the UL or SUL for which high layer parameter *pucch-Config* is configured;
- If the UL/SUL indicator is not present in DCI format 0_0 and *pucch-Config* is configured, the corresponding PUSCH scheduled by the DCI format 0_0 is for the UL or SUL for which high layer parameter *pucch-Config* is configured.
- If the UL/SUL indicator is not present in DCI format 0_0 and *pucch-Config* is not configured, the corresponding PUSCH scheduled by the DCI format 0_0 is for the uplink on which the latest PRACH is transmitted.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bit
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 0, indicating an UL DCI format
- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following:
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}(N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}+1)/2)\right]$ bits if the higher layer parameter *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkCommon* is not configured, where
 - $N_{RR}^{UL,BWP}$ is the size of the initial UL bandwidth part.
 - For PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - $N_{\rm UL_hop}$ MSB bits are used to indicate the frequency offset according to Table 8.3-1 in Clause 8.3 of [5, TS 38.213], where $N_{\rm UL_hop} = 1$ if $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL,BWP} < 50$ and $N_{\rm UL_hop} = 2$ otherwise
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{UL,BWP}}(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{UL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right] N_{\mathrm{UL_hop}}$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - For non-PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right]$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - If the higher layer parameter useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH in BWP-UplinkCommon is configured
 - 5 bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 30 kHz
 - 6 bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 15 kHz
- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- Frequency hopping flag 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-3, as defined in Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214]
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits
 - If the UE requests repetition of PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant [8, TS 38.321], 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 and Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214];
 - otherwise 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- New data indicator 1 bit, reserved
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- HARQ process number 4 bits, reserved
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS 38.213]

- ChannelAccess-CPext 2 bits indicating combinations of channel access type and CP extension as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4, or Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if *channelAccessMode-r16* = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1; 2 bits indicating channel access type as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4B if *ChannelAccessMode2-r17* is provided for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2; 0 bit otherwise
- Padding bits, if required.
- UL/SUL indicator 1 bit if the cell has two ULs and the number of bits for DCI format 1_0 before padding is larger than the number of bits for DCI format 0_0 before padding; 0 bit otherwise. The UL/SUL indicator, if present, locates in the last bit position of DCI format 0_0, after the padding bit(s).
 - If 1 bit, reserved, and the corresponding PUSCH is always on the same UL carrier as the previous transmission of the same TB

Table 7.3.1.1.1-1: UL/SUL indicator

Value of UL/SUL indicator	Uplink		
0	The non-supplementary uplink		
1	The supplementary uplink		

Table 7.3.1.1.1-2: Redundancy version

Value of the Redundancy version field	Value of rv_{id} to be applied
00	0
01	1
10	2
11	3

Table 7.3.1.1.3: Frequency hopping indication

Bit field mapped to index	PUSCH frequency hopping		
0	Disabled		
1	Enabled		

Table 7.3.1.1.1-4: Channel access type & CP extension for DCI format 0_0 and DCI format 1_0 for frequency range 1

Bit field mapped to index	Channel Access Type	The CP extension T_"ext" index defined in Clause 5.3.1 of [4, TS 38.211]
0	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined	2
	in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	
1	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in	3
	clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	
2	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in	1
	clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	
3	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in	0
	clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	

Table 7.3.1.1.4A: Channel access type & CP extension if channelAccessMode-r16 = "semiStatic" is provided

	I mapped to ndex	Channel Access Type	The CP extension T_"ext" index defined in Clause 5.3.1 of [4, TS 38.211]	Initiator of the channel occupancy associated with the UL transmission as described in Clause 4.3.1 in TS 37.213
	0	No sensing as defined in Clause 4.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	gNB
	1	No sensing as defined in Clause 4.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	gNB
	2	Sensing within a 25us interval as defined in Clause 4.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	gNB
	3	Sensing as defined in Clause 4.3.1.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	UE
NOTE:	Row index 3 is only applicable if <i>semiStaticChannelAccessConfigUE</i> is provided. Otherwise, the row is reserved.			

Table 7.3.1.1.4B: Channel access type for DCI format 0_0 and DCI format 1_0 for frequency range 2-2

Bit field mapped to index	Channel Access Type
0	Type 1 channel access defined in clause 4.4.1 of TS 37.213
	[14]
1	Type 2 channel access defined in clause 4.4.2 of TS 37.213
	[14]
2	Type 3 channel access defined in clause 4.4.3 of TS 37.213
	[14]
3	Reserved

7.3.1.1.2 Format 0 1

DCI format 0 1 is used for the scheduling of one or multiple PUSCH in one cell, or indicating CG downlink feedback information (CG-DFI) to a UE.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bit
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 0, indicating an UL DCI format
- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits, as defined in Clause 10.1 of [5, TS38.213]. This field is reserved when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell and the UE is configured for scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, with the same number of bits as that in this format carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- DFI flag 0 or 1 bit
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI and for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access when the higher layer parameter cg-RetransmissionTimer is configured. For a DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI, the bit value of 0 indicates activating or releasing type 2 CG transmission and the bit value of 1 indicates CG-DFI. For a DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI/SP-CSI-RNTI/MCS-C-RNTI and for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access, the bit is reserved.
 - 0 bit otherwise;

If DCI format 0 1 is used for indicating CG-DFI, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- HARQ-ACK bitmap 16 bits if *nrofHARQ-Processes-v1700* in *ConfiguredGrantConfig* is not configured or 32 bits if *nrofHARQ-Processes-v1700* in *ConfiguredGrantConfig* is configured, where the order of the bitmap to HARQ process index mapping is such that HARQ process indices are mapped in ascending order from MSB to LSB of the bitmap. For each bit of the bitmap, value 1 indicates ACK, and value 0 indicates NACK.
- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS38.213]
- All the remaining bits in format 0_1 are set to zero.

Otherwise, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- UL/SUL indicator 0 bit for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell or UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell but only one carrier in the cell is configured for PUSCH transmission; otherwise, 1 bit as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1.
- Bandwidth part indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits as determined by the number of UL BWPs $n_{\text{BWP,RRC}}$ configured by higher layers, excluding the initial UL bandwidth part. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{\text{BWP}}) \rceil$ bits, where
 - $n_{\text{BWP}} = n_{\text{BWP,RRC}} + 1$ if $n_{\text{BWP,RRC}} \le 3$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is equivalent to the ascending order of the higher layer parameter BWP-Id;
 - otherwise $n_{\text{BWP}} = n_{\text{BWP,RRC}}$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-1;

If a UE does not support active BWP change via DCI, the UE ignores this bit field.

- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following, where $N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}$ is the size of the active UL bandwidth part:
 - If higher layer parameter useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH in BWP-UplinkDedicated is not configured
 - N_{RBG} bits if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, where N_{RBG} is defined in Clause 6.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right]$ bits if only resource allocation type 1 is configured, or $\max\left(\left[\log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right], N_{\text{RBG}}\right)+1$ bits if resourceAllocation is configured as dvnamicSwitch'
 - If *resourceAllocation* is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', the MSB bit is used to indicate resource allocation type 0 or resource allocation type 1, where the bit value of 0 indicates resource allocation type 0 and the bit value of 1 indicates resource allocation type 1.
 - For resource allocation type 0, the N_{RBG} LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 6.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
 - For resource allocation type 1, the $\left\lceil \log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL,BWP}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL,BWP}+1)/2) \right\rceil$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as follows:
 - For PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - $N_{\rm UL_hop}$ MSB bits are used to indicate the frequency offset according to Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214], where $N_{\rm UL_hop} = 1$ if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetLists* contains two offset values and $N_{\rm UL_hop} = 2$ if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetLists* contains four offset values
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{UL,BWP}}(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{UL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right] N_{\mathrm{UL_hop}}$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - For non-PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:

- $\left[\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL,BWP}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL,BWP}+1)/2)\right]$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and if *resourceAllocation* is configured as '*dynamicSwitch*' for the indicated bandwidth part, the UE assumes resource allocation type 0 for the indicated bandwidth part if the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the active bandwidth part is smaller than the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the indicated bandwidth part.

- If the higher layer parameter useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH in BWP-UplinkDedicated is configured
 - 5 + Y bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 30 kHz. The 5 MSBs provide the interlace allocation and the Y LSBs provide the RB set allocation.
 - 6 + Y bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 15 kHz. The 6 MSBs provide the interlace allocation and the Y LSBs provide the RB set allocation.

The value of Y is determined by $\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}(N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}+1)}{2}\right)\right]$ where $N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}$ is the number of RB sets contained in the active UL BWP as defined in clause 7 of [6, TS38.214].

- Time domain resource assignment 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 bits
 - If the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1* is not configured and if the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* is not configured and if the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* is configured, 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList*;
 - If the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1* is configured or if the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* is configured, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1* or *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH*;
 - otherwise the bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the default table.
- Frequency hopping flag 0 or 1 bit:
 - 0 bit if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, or if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHopping* is not configured and the higher layer parameter *pusch-RepTypeIndicatorDCI-0-1* is not configured to *pusch-RepTypeB*, or if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingDCI-0-1* is not configured and *pusch-RepTypeIndicatorDCI-0-1* is configured to *pusch-RepTypeB*, or if only resource allocation type 2 is configured;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-3 otherwise, only applicable to resource allocation type 1, as defined in Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214].

For transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit if the number of scheduled PUSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is 1; otherwise 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits determined based on the maximum number of schedulable PUSCH among all entries in the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH*, where each bit corresponds to one scheduled PUSCH as defined in clause 6.1.4 in [6, TS 38.214].
- Redundancy version - number of bits determined by the following:

- 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2 if the number of scheduled PUSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is 1;
- otherwise 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits determined by the maximum number of schedulable PUSCHs among all entries in the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH*, where each bit corresponds to one scheduled PUSCH as defined in clause 6.1.4 in [6, TS 38.214] and redundancy version is determined according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-34.

For transport block 2 (only present if *maxRank* or *maxMIMO-Layers* is larger than 4):

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part, *maxRank* is larger than 4 or the value of *maxMIMO-Layers* for the indicated bandwidth part is larger than 4 and the value of *maxRank* or *maxMIMO-Layers* for the active bandwidth part is no more than 4, the UE assumes zeros are padded when interpreting the "Modulation and coding scheme", "New data indicator", and "Redundancy version" fields for transport block 2 according to Clause 12 of [5, TS38.213], and the UE ignores the "Modulation and coding scheme", "New data indicator", and "Redundancy version" fields of transport block 2 for the indicated bandwidth part.

- Transform precoder indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *dynamicTransformPrecoderFieldPresenceDCI-0-1* is configured to 'enabled ' and if the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI, where the bit value of 0 indicates that transform precoder is enabled and the bit value of 1 indicates that transform precoder is disabled. For a DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI and the value indicated by new data indicator field is 0, or for a DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by SP-CSI-RNTI, the bit is reserved.
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- HARQ process number 5 bits if higher layer parameter *harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-0-1* is configured; otherwise 4 bits
- 1st downlink assignment index 1, 2 or 4 bits:
 - 1 bit for semi-static HARQ-ACK codebook for unicast and multicast if pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook = semiStatic is configured for both unicast and multicast and the higher layer parameter fdmed-ReceptionMulticast is not configured; otherwise for semi-static HARQ-ACK codebook for unicast;
 - 2 bits for dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook for unicast, or for enhanced dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook without *UL-TotalDAI-Included* configured;
 - 4 bits for enhanced dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook and with *UL-TotalDAI-Included = true*.

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookList* for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-1* is configured, if the bit width of the 1st downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the 1st downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller 1st downlink assignment index until the bit width of the 1st downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- 2nd downlink assignment index 0, 2 or 4 bits:
 - 2 bits for dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook with two HARQ-ACK sub-codebooks for unicast, or for enhanced dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook with two HARQ-ACK sub-codebooks and without *UL-TotalDAI-Included* configured;
 - 4 bits for enhanced dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook with two HARQ-ACK sub-codebooks and with *UL-TotalDAI-Included* = *true*;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookList* for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-1* is configured, if the bit width of the 2nd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the 2nd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller 2nd downlink assignment index until the bit width of the 2nd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- 3rd downlink assignment index 0, 1 or 2 bits:
 - 1 bit for semi-static HARQ-ACK codebook for multicast if the higher layer parameter *fdmed-ReceptionMulticast* is configured;
 - 2 bits for the dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook for multicast;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookListMulticast* for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-1* is configured, if the bit width of the 3rd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the 3rd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller 3rd downlink assignment index until the bit width of the 3rd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS38.213]
- Second TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS38.213] if higher layer parameter *SecondTPCFieldDCI-0-1* is configured; 0 bit otherwise.
- SRS resource set indicator 0 or 2 bits
 - 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-36 if
 - txConfig = nonCodeBook, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by srs-ResourceSetToAddModList and associated with the usage of value 'nonCodeBook', and is not configured with coresetPoolIndex or the value of coresetPoolIndex is the same for all CORESETs if coresetPoolIndex is provided, or
 - txConfig=codebook, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by srs-ResourceSetToAddModList and associated with usage of value 'codebook', and is not configured with coresetPoolIndex or the value of coresetPoolIndex is the same for all CORESETs if coresetPoolIndex is provided;
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- SRS resource indicator -number of bits determined by the following:

-
$$\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{k=1}^{\min\{L_{\max},N_{SRS}\}}\binom{N_{SRS}}{k}\right)\right]$$
 bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-

28/28A/29/29B/30/30B/31/31B/31C/31D/31E/31F if the higher layer parameter txConfig = nonCodebook, where

- N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field if present,
- N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set associated with the *coresetPoolIndex* value for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 0_1, if the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*,
- otherwise *N_{SRS}* is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set configured by higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and associated with the higher layer parameter *usage* of value '*nonCodeBook*',

and

- if UE supports operation with *maxMIMO-Layers* and the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-Layers* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured,
 - L_{max} is given by max{maxMIMO-Layers, maxMIMO-LayersforSDM} if maxMIMO-LayersforSDM is configured
 - L_{max} is given by max{maxMIMO-Layers, maxMIMO-LayersforSFN} if maxMIMO-LayersforSFN is configured
 - L_{max} is given by *maxMIMO-Layers* otherwise
- otherwise, L_{max} is given by the maximum number of layers for PUSCH supported by the UE for the serving cell for non-codebook based operation.
- $\lceil \log_2(N_{SRS}) \rceil$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-32, 7.3.1.1.2-32A and 7.3.1.1.2-32B if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, where
 - N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field if present,
 - *N_{SRS}* is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set associated with the *coresetPoolIndex* value for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 0_1, if the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*,
 - otherwise *N_{SRS}* is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set configured by higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and associated with the higher layer parameter *usage* of value '*codeBook*'.

When the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and associated with *usage* of value '*codebook*' or '*nonCodeBook*', the first SRS resource set is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* value 0 and the second SRS resource set is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* value 1, where the first and the second SRS resource sets are respectively the ones with lower and higher *srs-ResourceSetId* of the two SRS resources

- Second SRS resource indicator number of bits determined by the following:
 - $\left[\log_2\left(\max_{k\in\{1,2,\dots,\min\{L_{max},N_{SRS}\}\}}\binom{N_{SRS}}{k}\right)\right]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-28/29A/30A/31A with the same number of layers indicated by SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter txConfig = nonCodebook, the higher layer parameter maxMIMO-LayersforSDM is not configured, and SRS resource set indicator field is present, where N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set, and
 - if UE supports operation with *maxMIMO-Layers* and the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-Layers* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured,
 - L_{max} is given by maxMIMO-LayersforSFN if maxMIMO-LayersforSFN is configured
 - L_{max} is given by maxMIMO-Layers otherwise
 - otherwise, L_{max} is given by the maximum number of layers for PUSCH supported by the UE for the serving cell for non-codebook based operation.

$$\log_2\left(\sum_{k=1}^{\min\{L_{\max},N_{\text{SRS}}\}}\binom{N_{\text{SRS}}}{k}\right)\right)$$
 bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-28/29 if the higher layer parameter $txConfig$

= nonCodebook, the higher layer paramtere maxMIMO-LayersforSDM is configured and SRS resource set indicator field is present, where N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set, and L_{max} is given by maxMIMO-LayersforSDM.

- $[\log_2(N_{SRS})]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-32, 7.3.1.1.2-32A and 7.3.1.1.2-32B if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook and SRS resource set indicator field is present, where N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set.
- 0 bit otherwise.
- Precoding information and number of layers number of bits determined by the following:
 - 0 bits if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodeBook*;
 - 0 bits for 1 antenna port and if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook;
 - 4, 5, or 6 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2 for 4 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters maxRank if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubset;
 - 4 or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2A for 4 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, maxRank=2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameter codebookSubset;
 - 4 or 6 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2B for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, *maxRank*=3 or 4, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*;
 - 2, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3 for 4 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and maxRank=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubset;
 - 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3A for 4 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled, or disabled and maxRank=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM}
 = 1 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and the values of higher layer parameter codebookSubset;
 - 2 or 4 bits according to Table7.3.1.1.2-4 for 2 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters maxRank if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubset;
 - 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4A for 2 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, transform precoder is disabled, maxRank=2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubset=nonCoherent;
 - 1 or 3 bits according to Table7.3.1.1.2-5 for 2 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and maxRank=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN}=1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM}=1 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubset;
 - 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5A for 2 antenna ports, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled, or

disabled and maxRank=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or $max\{maxRank, maxRankSFN\} = 1$ if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or $max\{maxRank, maxRankSDM\} = 1$ if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and the values of higher layer parameter codebookSubset;

- 7 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5B for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL= codebook1*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 8, and according to *codebook1*;
- 7 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5C for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL= codebook1*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 7, and according to *codebook1*;
- 7 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5D for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL= codebook1*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 4, 5 or 6, and according to *maxRank*;
- 4, 6 or 7 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5E for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL= codebook1*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank* = 1, 2 or 3 if transform precoder is disabled, and according to transform precoder and *maxRank*;
- 8 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5F for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL= codebook4*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to *maxRank*;
- 6 or 7 or 8 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5G for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL= codebook4*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 2, 3 or 4, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to *maxRank*;
- 3 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5H for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL= codebook4*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank* = 1 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*.
- 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5I for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to *maxRank*;
- 5, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5J for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank* = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to transform precoder and *maxRank*;
- 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5K for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook3*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to *maxRank*;
- 4, 7, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5L for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook3*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank* = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to transform precoder and *maxRank*;
- 6 or 7 or 8 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5M for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook4*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 2, 3 or 4, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to *maxRank*;
- 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5N for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook4*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank* = 1 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*.
- 6, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-50 for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank* = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to transform precoder and *maxRank*;
- 5, 7, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5P for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook3*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank* = 1, 2, 3, or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to transform precoder and *maxRank*;

- 8 or 9 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5Q for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook4*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to *maxRank*;
- 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5R for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to *maxRank*;
- 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5S for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook3*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7, or 8, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to *maxRank*;

For the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, if ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode2, maxRank is configured to be larger than 2, and at least one SRS resource with 4 antenna ports or 8 antenna ports is configured in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field if present, otherwise in an SRS resource set with usage set to 'codebook', and an SRS resource with 2 antenna ports is indicated via SRI in the same SRS resource set, then Table 7.3.1.1.2-4 is used.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, if ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode2, maxRank is configured to be larger than 4, and at least one SRS resource with 8 antenna ports is configured in the SRS resource set with usage set to 'codebook', and an SRS resource with 4 antenna ports is indicated via SRI in the same SRS resource set, then Table 7.3.1.1.2-2 is used.

For the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*, if different SRS resources with different number of antenna ports are configured, the bitwidth is determined according to the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources in all SRS resource set(s) with usage set to 'codebook'. If the number of ports for a configured SRS resource in the set is less than the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the field.

When the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and associated with *usage* of value '*codebook*' or '*nonCodeBook*', the Precoding information and number of layers field is associated with the SRS resource set that is associated with the *coresetPoolIndex* value for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 0_1.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, when the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of the Precoding information and number of layers field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the Precoding information and number of layers field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the Precoding information and number of layers field for the two cases are the same.

- Second Precoding information number of bits determined by the following:
 - 0 bits if SRS resource set indicator field is not present;
 - 0 bits if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodeBook*;
 - 0 bits for 1 antenna port and if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook;
 - 3, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2C with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters maxRank if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and codebookSubset;
 - 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2D with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, maxRank=2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN=2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameter codebookSubset;

- 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2E with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, maxRank=3 or 4, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameter codebookSubset;
- 2, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3 with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameters maxRank if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and codebookSubset;
- 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3A with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, maxRank=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN=1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameter codebookSubset;
- 1 or 3 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4B with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters maxRank if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and codebookSubset;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4C with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank*=2 if neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured or *maxRankSFN*=2 if *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, and *codebookSubset*=*nonCoherent*;
- 1 or 3 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5 with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameters *maxRank* if neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured or *maxRankSFN* if *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, and *codebookSubset*;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5A with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, maxRank=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN=1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameter codebookSubset;
- 4, 5, or 6 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2 for 4 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters maxRankSDM if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubset;
- 4 or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2A for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*, *maxRankSDM = 2* if *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*;
- 2, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3 for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameters *maxRankSDM* if *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, and *codebookSubset*;
- 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3A for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*, *maxRankSDM = 1* if *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*;

- 2 or 4 bits according to Table7.3.1.1.2-4 for 2 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters *maxRankSDM* if *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, and *codebookSubset*;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4A for 2 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRankSDM* = 2 if *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, and *codebookSubset=nonCoherent*;
- 1 or 3 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5 for 2 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-Full Power Transmission is not configured or configured to full power Mode 2 or configured to full power, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and maxRankSDM = 1 if multipanel Scheme SDM is configured, and codebook Subset;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5A for 2 antenna ports, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*, *maxRankSDM = 1* if *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*;

For the higher layer parameter *txConfig=codebook*, if *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode2*, maxRank is configured to be larger than 2, and at least one SRS resource with 4 antenna ports is configured in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field, and an SRS resource with 2 antenna ports is indicated via Second SRS resource indicator field in the same SRS resource set, then Table 7.3.1.1.2-4B is used.

For the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*, if different SRS resources with different number of antenna ports are configured, the bitwidth is determined according to the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set with usage set to 'codebook' as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-36. If the number of ports for a configured SRS resource in the set is less than the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the field.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, when the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of the Second Precoding information field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the Second Precoding information field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the Second Precoding information field for the two cases are the same.

- Antenna ports number of bits determined by the following
 - 2 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6, if transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-Type=1, and maxLength=1, except that dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured and $\pi/2$ BPSK modulation is used;
 - 2 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6A, if transform precoder is enabled and *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured, π/2 BPSK modulation is used, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=1, where n_{SCID} is the scrambling identity for antenna ports defined in Clause 6.4.1.1.1.2, TS 38.211 [4];
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-7, if transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-Type=1, and maxLength=2, except that dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured and $\pi/2$ BPSK modulation is used:
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-7A, if transform precoder is enabled and *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured, π/2 BPSK modulation is used, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=2, where n_{SCID} is the scrambling identity for antenna ports defined in Clause 6.4.1.1.1.2, TS 38.211 [4];
 - 3 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-8/9/10/10A/11 according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength*=1;
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-12/13/14/14A/15/15A/15B/15C/15D according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type=1*, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength=2*;

- 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-16/17/18/18A/19/19A/19B according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type=2*, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength=*1;
- 5 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-20/21/22/22A/23/23A/23B/23C/23D according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type=2*, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength=2*.
- 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-38/39/40/40A/41/42/43/44/45, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=1;
- 5 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-46/47/48/48A/49/50/51/52/53, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=2;
- 5 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-54/55/56/56A/57/58/59/60/61, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=1;
- 6 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-62/63/64/64A/65/66/67/68/69, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=2.

where the number of CDM groups without data of values 1, 2, and 3 in Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6 to 7.3.1.1.2-23 refers to CDM groups $\{0\}$, $\{0,1\}$, and $\{0,1,2\}$ respectively, and the value of rank is:

- the sum of the value determined according to the SRS resource indicator field and the value determined according to the second SRS resource indicator field, if *txConfig = nonCodebook*, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "10"
- the sum of the value determined according to the Precoding information and number of layers field and the value determined according to the Second Precoding information, if *txConfig = codebook*, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "10"
- determined according to the SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook* and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, or if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook*, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "00" or "01".
- determined according to the Precoding information and number of layers field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook* and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, or if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "00" or "01".

If a UE is configured with both dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA and dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB, the bitwidth of this field equals $\max \left\{ x_A, x_B \right\}$, where x_A is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA and x_B is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB. A number of $\left| x_A - x_B \right|$ zeros are padded in the MSB of this field, if the mapping type of the PUSCH corresponds to the smaller value of x_A and x_B .

When the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of the Antenna ports field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the Antenna ports field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the Antenna ports field for the two cases are the same.

- SRS request 2 bits as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell; 3 bits for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second and third bits are defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24. This bit field may also indicate the associated CSI-RS according to Clause 6.1.1.2 of [6, TS 38.214].
- SRS offset indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits.
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is not configured for any aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell, or if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is configured for at least one aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell and the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) is 1;

- otherwise, $|\log_2(K)|$ bits are used to indicate available slot offset according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-37 and Clause 6.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214], where K is the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) in the scheduled cell;
- CSI request 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 bits determined by higher layer parameter reportTriggerSize.
- CBG transmission information (CBGTI) 0 bit if higher layer parameter *codeBlockGroupTransmission* for PUSCH is not configured or if the number of scheduled PUSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is larger than 1; otherwise, 2, 4, 6, or 8 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.5 of [6, TS38.214], determined by higher layer parameter *maxCodeBlockGroupsPerTransportBlock* and *maxRank* or *maxMIMO-Layers* for PUSCH.
- PTRS-DMRS association number of bits determined as follows
 - 0 bit if PTRS-UplinkConfig is not configured in either dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA or dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB and transform precoder is disabled, or if transform precoder is enabled, or if maxRank=1 and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, or if maxMIMO-Layers=1 and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, or if maxRank=1 and maxRankSFN=1, or if maxMIMO-Layers=1 and maxMIMO-LayersforSFN=1, or if maxMIMO-Layers=1 and maxMIMO-LayersforSDM=1 when two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts-SDM, or if maxMIMO-Layers=1 and maxMIMO-LayersforSDM=1 when two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts-SDM;
 - 2 or 4 bits otherwise, where Table 7.3.1.1.2-25/7.3.1.1.2-25A/7.3.1.1.2-25B/7.3.1.1.2-26/7.3.1.1.2-26A are used to indicate the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s), and the DMRS ports are indicated by the Antenna ports field.
 - 2 bits when one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig*, SRS resource set indicator field is absent or SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "00" or "01", and *maxRank*<=4 or *maxMIMO-Layers*<=4, this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26.
 - 2 bits when one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by <code>maxNrofPorts</code> in <code>PTRS-UplinkConfig</code>, the SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" or "11", <code>maxRank=3</code> or 4 or <code>maxMIMO-Layers=3</code> or 4, and neither <code>multipanelSchemeSDM</code> nor <code>multipanelSchemeSFN</code> is configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26.
 - 2 bits when one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts in PTRS-UplinkConfig, the SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" or "11", maxRank=2 or maxMIMO-Layers=2, and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, the MSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator and/or Precoding information and number of layers field, and the LSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second Precoding information field, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25A.
 - 2 bits when two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts-SDM in PTRS-UplinkConfig, the SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" and multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, the MSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port 0 and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field, and the LSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port 1 and DMRS port(s) corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second Precoding information field, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25A.
 - 2 bits when one PTRS port is configured by maxNrofPorts-SDM in PTRS-UplinkConfig, SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" and multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port and DMRS ports corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field and Second Precoding information field according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25.
 - 2 bits when one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig*, SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10", *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource

indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26.

- 2 bits when one PTRS port is configured by maxNrofPorts in PTRS-UplinkConfig, the SRS resource set indicator field is absent, maxRank>4 or maxMIMO-Layers>4, and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port and DMRS port(s) corresponding to the selected codeword according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25B, where the selected codeword is the codeword with higher MCS for the initial PUSCH if the MCS indices of the two codewords are different for the initial PUSCH, or codeword 0 otherwise.
- 4 bits when two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts in PTRS-UplinkConfig, the SRS resource set indicator field is absent, maxRank>4 or maxMIMO-Layers>4, and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-26A.

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and the "PTRS-DMRS association" field is present for the indicated bandwidth part but not present for the active bandwidth part, the UE assumes the "PTRS-DMRS association" field is not present for the indicated bandwidth part.

When the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of PTRS-DMRS association field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the PTRS-DMRS association field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the PTRS-DMRS association field for the two cases are the same.

- Second PTRS-DMRS association 2 bits if PTRS-DMRS association field and SRS resource set indicator field are present and maxRank>2 or maxMIMO-Layers>2 and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured; 0 bit otherwise. Tables 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26 are used to indicate the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second precoding information field when one PT-RS port and two PT-RS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts in PTRS-UplinkConfig respectively, and the DMRS ports are indicated by the Antenna ports field.
- beta_offset indicator 0 if the higher layer parameter *betaOffsets = semiStatic*; otherwise 2 bits as defined by Table 9.3-3 in [5, TS 38.213].

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookList* or by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookListMulticast* for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-1* is configured, if the bit width of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller beta_offset indicator until the bit width of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- DMRS sequence initialization 0 bit if transform precoder is enabled by higher layers and the Transform precoder indicator field is not present; 1 bit if transform precoder is disabled by higher layers or if the Transform precoder indicator field is present. If the Transform precoder indicator field is present and set to '0', the bit is reserved.
- UL-SCH indicator 0 or 1 bit as follows
 - 0 bit if the number of scheduled PUSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is larger than 1;
 - 1 bit otherwise. A value of "1" indicates UL-SCH shall be transmitted on the PUSCH and a value of "0" indicates UL-SCH shall not be transmitted on the PUSCH. If a UE does not support triggering SRS only in DCI, except for DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by SP-CSI-RNTI, the UE is not expected to receive a DCI format 0_1 with UL-SCH indicator of "0" and CSI request of all zero(s). If a UE supports triggering SRS only in DCI, except for DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by SP-CSI-RNTI, the UE is not expected to receive a DCI format 0_1 with UL-SCH indicator of "0", CSI request of all zero(s) and SRS request of all zero(s). The UE is not expected to receive a DCI format 0_1 with UL-SCH indicator of "0", when the indicated number of layers is larger than 4.

- ChannelAccess-CPext-CAPC 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1 or in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if channelAccessMode-r16 = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, or for operation in frequency range 2-2 if ChannelAccessMode2-r17 is provided; otherwise 0 bit. One or more entries from Table 7.3.1.1.2-35 or Table 7.3.1.1.2-35A are configured by the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1.
- Open-loop power control parameter set indication 0 or 1 or 2 bits.
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *p0-PUSCH-SetList* is not configured;
 - 1 or 2 bits otherwise,
 - 1 bit if SRS resource indicator is present in the DCI format 0 1;
 - 1 or 2 bits as determined by higher layer parameter *olpc-ParameterSetDCI-0-1* if SRS resource indicator is not present in the DCI format 0_1.
- Priority indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-1* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 9 in [5, TS 38.213].
- Invalid symbol pattern indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *invalidSymbolPatternIndicatorDCI-0-1* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 in [6, TS 38.214].
- Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *minimumSchedulingOffsetK2* is not configured;
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *minimumSchedulingOffsetK2* is configured. The 1 bit indication is used to determine the minimum applicable K2 for the active UL BWP and the minimum applicable K0 value for the active DL BWP, if configured respectively, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-33. If the minimum applicable K0 is indicated, the minimum applicable value of the aperiodic CSI-RS triggering offset for an active DL BWP shall be the same as the minimum applicable K0 value.
- SCell dormancy indication 0 bit if higher layer parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime* is not configured; otherwise 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits bitmap determined according to the number of different *DormancyGroupID(s)* provided by higher layer parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime*, where each bit corresponds to one of the SCell group(s) configured by higher layers parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime*, with MSB to LSB of the bitmap corresponding to the first to last configured SCell group in ascending order of *DormancyGroupID*. The field is only present when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell within DRX Active Time and the UE is configured with at least two DL BWPs for an SCell.
- Sidelink assignment index 0, 1 or 2 bits:
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured with *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* = *semi-static* and, in addition, the UE is configured with a SL configured grant type 1 or to monitor DCI format 3_0 with CRC scrambled by SL-RNTI or SL-CS-RNTI;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured with pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook = dynamic and, in addition, the UE is configured with a SL configured grant type 1 or to monitor DCI format 3_0 with CRC scrambled by SL-RNTI or SL-CS-RNTI;
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- PDCCH monitoring adaptation indication 0, 1 or 2 bits
 - 1 or 2 bits, if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is not configured and if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured with only one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured with more than one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*.
 - 1 or 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is not configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured

- 1 bit if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0 and search space set(s) with group index 1, and if the UE is not configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with any search space set with group index 2;
- 2 bits if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0, search space set(s) with group index 1 and search space set(s) with group index 2;
- 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
- 0 bit, otherwise

A UE does not expect that the bit width of a field in DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI is larger than corresponding bit width of same field in DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI for the same serving cell. If the bit width of a field in the DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI is not equal to that of the corresponding field in the DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI for the same serving cell, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the field in DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI until the bit width equals that of the corresponding field in the DCI format 0_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI for the same serving cell.

If the number of information bits in DCI format 0_1 scheduling a single PUSCH prior to padding is not equal to the number of information bits in DCI format 0_1 scheduling multiple PUSCHs for the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 0_1 with smaller size until the payload size is the same for scheduling a single PUSCH and multiple PUSCHs.

For a UE configured with scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, if prior to padding the number of information bits in DCI format 0_1 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell is not equal to the number of information bits in DCI format 0_1 carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 0_1 with smaller size until the payload size is the same.

- If application of step 4C in clause 7.3.1.0 results in additional zero padding for DCI format 0_1 for scheduling on the primary cell, corresponding zeros shall be appended to both DCI format 0_1 monitored on the primary cell and DCI format 0_1 monitored on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- If the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is not set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 0_1 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* for the SCell. If the active DL BWP of the SCell is a dormant DL BWP, or if the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 0_1 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstWithinActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell if provided; otherwise, based on a DL BWP provided by *firstOutsideActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-1: Bandwidth part indicator

Value of BWP indicator field	Bandwidth part	
2 bits		
00	Configured BWP with BWP-Id = 1	
01	Configured BWP with BWP-Id = 2	
10	Configured BWP with BWP-Id = 3	
11	Configured BWP with BWP-Id = 4	

Table 7.3.1.1.2-2: Precoding information and number of layers or Second Precoding information, for 4 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or 3 or 4 or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 or 3 or 4 or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 or 3 or 4 or maxRankSDM= 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = fullyAndPartialAnd NonCoherent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = partialAndNonCoh erent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
3	1 layer: TPMI=3	3	1 layer: TPMI=3	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
4	2 layers: TPMI=0	4	2 layers: TPMI=0	4	2 layers: TPMI=0
	•••		•••		•••
9	2 layers: TPMI=5	9	2 layers: TPMI=5	9	2 layers: TPMI=5
10	3 layers: TPMI=0	10	3 layers: TPMI=0	10	3 layers: TPMI=0
11	4 layers: TPMI=0	11	4 layers: TPMI=0	11	4 layers: TPMI=0
12	1 layer: TPMI=4	12	1 layer: TPMI=4	12-15	reserved
	•••		•••		
19	1 layer: TPMI=11	19	1 layer: TPMI=11		
20	2 layers: TPMI=6	20	2 layers: TPMI=6		
27	2 layers: TPMI=13	27	2 layers: TPMI=13		
28	3 layers: TPMI=1	28	3 layers: TPMI=1		
29	3 layers: TPMI=2	29	3 layers: TPMI=2		
30	4 layers: TPMI=1	30	4 layers: TPMI=1		
31	4 layers: TPMI=2	31	4 layers: TPMI=2		
32	1 layers: TPMI=12				
	•••				
47	1 layers: TPMI=27				
48	2 layers: TPMI=14				
•••	•••				
55	2 layers: TPMI=21				
56	3 layers: TPMI=3				
•••	•••				
59	3 layers: TPMI=6				
60	4 layers: TPMI=3				
61	4 layers: TPMI=4				
62-63	reserved				

Table 7.3.1.1.2-2A: Precoding information and number of layers for 4 antenna ports or Second Precoding information,, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or max{maxRank, maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 or maxRankSDM= 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to	codebookSubset =	Bit field mapped to	codebookSubset=
index	partialAndNonCoherent	index	nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
•••			
3	1 layer: TPMI=3	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
4	2 layers: TPMI=0	4	2 layers: TPMI=0
9	2 layers: TPMI=5	9	2 layers: TPMI=5
10	1 layer: TPMI=13	10	1 layer: TPMI=13
11	2 layer: TPMI=6	11	2 layer: TPMI=6
12	1 layer: TPMI=4	12-15	Reserved
20	1 layer: TPMI=12		
21	1 layer: TPMI=14		
22	1 layer: TPMI=15		
23	2 layers: TPMI=7	_	
29	2 layers: TPMI=13		
30-31	Reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-2B: Precoding information and number of layers for 4 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 3 or 4, and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*

Bit field mapped to	codebookSubset =	Bit field mapped to	codebookSubset=
index	partialAndNonCoherent	index	nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
3	1 layer: TPMI=3	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
4	2 layers: TPMI=0	4	2 layers: TPMI=0
			•••
9	2 layers: TPMI=5	9	2 layers: TPMI=5
10	3 layers: TPMI=0	10	3 layers: TPMI=0
11	4 layers: TPMI=0	11	4 layers: TPMI=0
12	1 layer: TPMI=13	12	1 layer: TPMI=13
13	2 layer: TPMI=6	13	2 layer: TPMI=6
14	3 layer: TPMI=1	14	3 layer: TPMI=1
15	1 layer: TPMI=4	15	Reserved
23	1 layer: TPMI=12		
24	1 layer: TPMI=14		
25	1 layer: TPMI=15		
26	2 layers: TPMI=7		
32	2 layers: TPMI=13		
33	3 layers: TPMI=2		
34	4 layers: TPMI=1		
35	4 layers: TPMI=2		
36-63	Reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-2C: Second precoding information, for 4 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or 3 or 4 or maxRankSFN = 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = fullyAndPartialAndNonCohere nt	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = partialAndNonCohere nt	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
	•••				•••
27	1 layer: TPMI=27	11	1 layer: TPMI=11	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
28-31	1 layer: reserved	12-15	1 layer: reserved	4-7	1 layer: reserved
0	2 layers: TPMI=0	0	2 layers: TPMI=0	0	2 layers: TPMI=0
21	2 layers: TPMI=21	13	2 layers: TPMI=13	5	2 layers: TPMI=5
22-31	2 layers: reserved	14-15	2 layers: reserved	6-7	2 layers: reserved
0	3 layers: TPMI=0	0	3 layers: TPMI=0	0	3 layers: TPMI=0
				1-7	3 layers: reserved
6	3 layers: TPMI=6	2	3 layers: TPMI=2	0	4 layers: TPMI=0
7-31	3 layers: reserved	3-15	3 layers: reserved	1-7	4 layers: reserved
0	4 layers: TPMI=0	0	4 layers: TPMI=0		
4	4 layers: TPMI=4	2	4 layers: TPMI=2		
5-31	4 layers: reserved	3-15	4 layers: reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-2D: Second precoding information for 4 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or maxRankSFN = 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = partialAndNonCoherent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
•••			
14	1 layer: TPMI=14	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
15	1 layer: TPMI=15	4	1 layer: TPMI=13
0	2 layers: TPMI=0	5-7	1 layer: reserved
		0	2 layers: TPMI=0
13	2 layers: TPMI=13		
14-15	2 layers: reserved	6	2 layers: TPMI=6
		7	2 layers: reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-2E: Second precoding information for 4 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 3 or 4, and ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to	codebookSubset =	Bit field mapped to	codebookSubset=
index	partialAndNonCoherent	index	nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
•••			
14	1 layer: TPMI=14	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
15	1 layer: TPMI=15	4	1 layer: TPMI=13
0	2 layers: TPMI=0	5-7	1 layer: reserved
•••		0	2 layers: TPMI=0
13	2 layers: TPMI=13	•••	
14-15	2 layers: reserved	6	2 layers: TPMI=6
0	3 layers: TPMI=0	7	2 layers: reserved
•••		0	3 layers: TPMI=0
2	3 layers: TPMI=2	1	3 layer: TPMI=1
3-15	3 layers: reserved	2-7	3 layers: reserved
0	4 layers: TPMI=0	0	4 layers: TPMI=0
		1-7	4 layers: reserved
2	4 layers: TPMI=2		
3-15	4 layers: reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-3: Precoding information and number of layers or Second Precoding information, for 4 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is either not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, or if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 1 or max{*maxRank*, *maxRankSFN*} = 1 or max{*maxRankSDM*} = 1 or *maxRankSFN*= 1, and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = fullyAndPartialAndNonCoherent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= partialAndNonCoherent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
3	1 layer: TPMI=3	3	1 layer: TPMI=3	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
4	1 layer: TPMI=4	4	1 layer: TPMI=4		•
11	1 layer: TPMI=11	11	1 layer: TPMI=11		
12	1 layers: TPMI=12	12-15	reserved		
27	1 layers: TPMI=27				
28-31	reserved				

Table 7.3.1.1.2-3A: Precoding information and number of layers or Second Precoding information, for 4 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled and *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*, or if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 1 or max{*maxRank*, *maxRankSFN*} = 1 or max{*maxRankSFN*} = 1 or max{*maxRankSFN*} = 1, and *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= partialAndNonCoherent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
•••			•••
3	1 layer: TPMI=3	3	1 layer: TPMI=3
4	1 layer: TPMI=13	4	1 layer: TPMI=13
5	1 layer: TPMI=4	5-7	Reserved
13	1 layer: TPMI=12		
14	1 layer: TPMI=14		
15	1 layer: TPMI=15		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-4: Precoding information and number of layers or Second Precoding information, for 2 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 2 or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 or maxRankSDM= 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = fullyAndPartialAndNonCoheren t	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
2	2 layers: TPMI=0	2	2 layers: TPMI=0
3	1 layer: TPMI=2	3	reserved
4	1 layer: TPMI=3		
5	1 layer: TPMI=4		
6	1 layer: TPMI=5		
7	2 layers: TPMI=1		
8	2 layers: TPMI=2		
9-15	reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-4A: Precoding information and number of layers or Second Precoding information, for 2 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 2 or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 2 or maxRankSDM= 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1
2	2 layers: TPMI=0
3	1 layer: TPMI=2

Table 7.3.1.1.2-4B: Second precoding information, for 2 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or maxRankSFN = 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = fullyAndPartialAndNonCoherent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
		0	2 layers: TPMI=0
5	1 layer: TPMI=5	1	2 layers: reserved
6-7	1 layer: reserved		
0	2 layers: TPMI=0		
2	2 layers: TPMI=2		
3-7	2 layers: reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-4C: Second precoding information, for 2 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2 or maxRankSFN = 2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0
2	1 layer: TPMI=2
3	1 layer: reserved
0	2 layers: TPMI=0
1-3	2 layers: reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5: Precoding information and number of layers or Second Precoding information, for 2 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, or if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 1 or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 1 or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 1 or maxRankSDM= 1 or maxRankSFN= 1, and and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = fullyAndPartialAndNonCoherent	Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset = nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
2	1 layer: TPMI=2		
3	1 layer: TPMI=3		
4	1 layer: TPMI=4		
5	1 layer: TPMI=5		
6-7	reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5A: Precoding information and number of layers or Second Precoding information, for 2 antenna ports or Second Precoding information, if transform precoder is enabled and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = fullpowerMode1, or if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 1 or max{maxRank, maxRankSFN} = 1 or max{maxRank, maxRankSDM} = 1 or maxRankSDM= 1 or maxRankSFN= 1, and ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	codebookSubset= nonCoherent
0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1
2	1 layer: TPMI=2
3	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5B: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 8, and *CodebookTypeUL=codebook1*

Bit field mapped to index	codebook1 = ng1n4n1	Bit field mapped to index	codebook1 = ng1n2n2
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15
16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layer2: TPMI=0
17	2 layers: TPMI=1	17	2 layer2: TPMI=1
	•••		•••
47	2 layers: TPMI=31	47	2 layers: TPMI=31
48	3 layers: TPMI=0	48	3 layers: TPMI=0
49	3 layers: TPMI=1	49	3 layers: TPMI=1
•••	***		
71	3 layers: TPMI=23	71	3 layers: TPMI=23
72	4 layers: TPMI=0	72	4 layers: TPMI=0
73	4 layers: TPMI=1	73	4 layers: TPMI=1
•••	•••	•••	
95	4 layers: TPMI=23	95	4 layers: TPMI=23
96	5 layers: TPMI=0	96	5 layers: TPMI=0
97	5 layers: TPMI=1	97	5 layers: TPMI=1
•••	•••	•••	
103	5 layers: TPMI=7	103	5 layers: TPMI=7
104	6 layers: TPMI=0	104	6 layers: TPMI=0
105	6 layers: TPMI=1	105	6 layers: TPMI=1
	•••		
111	6 layers: TPMI=7	111	6 layers: TPMI=7
112	7 layers: TPMI=0	112	7 layers: TPMI=0
113	7 layers: TPMI=1	113	7 layers: TPMI=1
115	7 layers: TPMI=3	119	7 layers: TPMI=7
116	8 layers: TPMI=0	120	8 layers: TPMI=0
117	8 layers: TPMI=1	121	8 layers: TPMI=1
119	8 layers: TPMI=3	127	8 layers: TPMI=7
120-127	reserved		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5C: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 7, and CodebookTypeUL = codebook1

Bit field mapped to index	codebook1= ng1n4n1	Bit field mapped to index	codebook1= ng1n2n2
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
	•••		•••
15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15
16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layer2: TPMI=0
17	2 layers: TPMI=1	17	2 layer2: TPMI=1
47	2 layers: TPMI=31	47	2 layers: TPMI=31
48	3 layers: TPMI=0	48	3 layers: TPMI=0
49	3 layers: TPMI=1	49	3 layers: TPMI=1
71	3 layers: TPMI=23	71	3 layers: TPMI=23
72	4 layers: TPMI=0	72	4 layers: TPMI=0
73	4 layers: TPMI=1	73	4 layers: TPMI=1
95	4 layers: TPMI=23	95	4 layers: TPMI=23
96	5 layers: TPMI=0	96	5 layers: TPMI=0
97	5 layers: TPMI=1	97	5 layers: TPMI=1
103	5 layers: TPMI=7	103	5 layers: TPMI=7
104	6 layers: TPMI=0	104	6 layers: TPMI=0
105	6 layers: TPMI=1	105	6 layers: TPMI=1
111	6 layers: TPMI=7	111	6 layers: TPMI=7
112	7 layers: TPMI=0	112	7 layers: TPMI=0
113	7 layers: TPMI=1	113	7 layers: TPMI=1
115	7 layers: TPMI=3	119	7 layers: TPMI=7
116-127	reserved	120-127	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5D: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 4, 5 or 6, *CodebookTypeUL*=codebook1

Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 4	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 5	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 6
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1
•••					•••
15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15
16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layer2: TPMI=0
17	2 layers: TPMI=1	17	2 layers: TPMI=1	17	2 layer2: TPMI=1
•••			•••		•••
47	2 layers: TPMI=31	47	2 layers: TPMI=31	47	2 layers: TPMI=31
48	3 layers: TPMI=0	48	3 layers: TPMI=0	48	3 layers: TPMI=0
49	3 layers: TPMI=1	49	3 layers: TPMI=1	49	3 layers: TPMI=1
71	3 layers: TPMI=23	71	3 layers: TPMI=23	71	3 layers: TPMI=23
72	4 layers: TPMI=0	72	4 layers: TPMI=0	72	4 layers: TPMI=0
73	4 layers: TPMI=1	73	4 layers: TPMI=1	73	4 layers: TPMI=1
95	4 layers: TPMI=23	95	4 layers: TPMI=23	95	4 layers: TPMI=23
96-127	reserved	96	5 layers: TPMI=0	96	5 layers: TPMI=0
		97	5 layers: TPMI=1	97	5 layers: TPMI=1
		103	5 layers: TPMI=7	103	5 layers: TPMI=7
		104-127	reserved	104	6 layers: TPMI=0
				105	6 layers: TPMI=1
				•••	
				111	6 layers: TPMI=7
				112-127	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5E: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank*=1 or 2 or 3 if transform precoder is disabled, *CodebookTypeUL=codebook1*

Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank=1 if transform precoder is disabled	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled, and maxRank=2	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled, and maxRank=3
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1	1	1 layer: TPMI=1

15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15
		16	2 layer2: TPMI=0	16	2 layer2: TPMI=0
		17	2 layer2: TPMI=1	17	2 layer2: TPMI=1
		47	2 layers: TPMI=31	47	2 layers: TPMI=31
		48-63	reserved	48	3 layers: TPMI=0
				49	3 layers: TPMI=1

_				71	3 layers: TPMI=23
				72-127	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5F: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, and *CodebookTypeUL=codebook4*

Bit field mapped to	maxRank = 5	Bit field mapped to	maxRank = 6	Bit field mapped to	maxRank = 7	Bit field mapped to	maxRank = 8
index		index		index		index	
0	1 layer:						
	TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0
7	1 layer: TPMI=7						
8	2 layers: TPMI=8						
35	2 layers: TPMI=35						
36	3 layers: TPMI=36						
91	3 layers: TPMI=91						
92	4 layers: TPMI=92						
161	4 layers: TPMI=161						
162	5 layers: TPMI=162						
217	5 layers: TPMI=217						
218-255	reserved	218	6 layers: TPMI=218	218	6 layers: TPMI=218	218	6 layers: TPMI=218
		245	6 layers: TPMI=245	245	6 layers: TPMI=245	245	6 layers: TPMI=245
		246-255	reserved	246	7 layers: TPMI=246	246	7 layers: TPMI=246
				253	7 layers: TPMI=253	253	7 layers: TPMI=253
				254-255	reserved	254	8 layers: TPMI=254
						255	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5G: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2, 3 or 4, CodebookTypeUL=codebook4, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower

Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 2	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 3	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 4
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
7	1 layer: TPMI=7	7	1 layer: TPMI=7	7	1 layer: TPMI=7
8	2 layers: TPMI=8	8	2 layers: TPMI=8	8	2 layers: TPMI=8
			•••		
35	2 layers: TPMI=35	35	2 layers: TPMI=35	35	2 layers: TPMI=35
36-63	reserved	36	3 layers: TPMI=36	36	3 layers: TPMI=36

		91	3 layers: TPMI=91	91	3 layers: TPMI=91
		92-127	reserved	92	4 layers: TPMI=92
				161	4 layers: TPMI=161
				162-255	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5H: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled or *maxRank*=1 if transform is disabled, *CodebookTypeUL=codebook4*, and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*

Bit field mapped to index	Precoding information and number of layers
0	1 layer: TPMI=0
7	1 layer: TPMI=7

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5l: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, and *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*

Bit field		Bit field		Bit field		Bit field	
mapped	maxRank = 5	mapped	maxRank = 6	mapped	maxRank = 7	mapped	maxRank = 8
to index		to index		to index		to index	
0	1 layer:						
	TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0
31	1 layer: TPMI=31						
32	2 layers: TPMI=0						
303	2 layers: TPMI=271						
304	3 layers: TPMI=0						
567	3 layers: TPMI=263						
568	4 layers: TPMI=0						
635	4 layers: TPMI=67						
636	5 layers: TPMI=0						
667	5 layers: TPMI=31						
698- 1023	reserved	668	6 layers: TPMI=0	668	6 layers: TPMI=0	668	6 layers: TPMI=0
		683	6 layers: TPMI=15	683	6 layers: TPMI=15	683	6 layers: TPMI=15
		684- 1023	reserved	684	7 layers: TPMI=0	684	7 layers: TPMI=0
				691	7 layers: TPMI=7	691	7 layers: TPMI=7
				692- 1023	reserved	692	8 layers: TPMI=0
						695	8 layers: TPMI=3
						696- 1023	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5J: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled,

CodebookTypeUL=codebook2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower

Bit field mapped to index	Transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank = 1 if transform precoder is disabled	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 2	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 3	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled <i>and</i> <i>maxRank</i> = 4
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
31	1 layer: TPMI=31	31	1 layer: TPMI=31	31	1 layer: TPMI=31	31	1 layer: TPMI=31
		32	2 layers: TPMI=0	32	2 layers: TPMI=0	32	2 layers: TPMI=0
		303	2 layers: TPMI=271	303	2 layers: TPMI=271	303	2 layers: TPMI=271
		303-511	reserved	304	3 layers: TPMI=0	304	3 layers: TPMI=0
				567	3 layers: TPMI=263	567	3 layers: TPMI=263
				568- 1023	reserved	568	4 layers: TPMI=0
						635	4 layers: TPMI=67
						636- 1023	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5K: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank* = 5, 6, 7 or 8, and *CodebookTypeUL=codebook3*

Bit field		Bit field		Bit field		Bit field	
mapped	maxRank = 5	mapped	maxRank = 6	mapped	maxRank = 7	mapped	maxRank = 8
to index		to index		to index		to index	
0	1 layer:						
	TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0
15	1 layer: TPMI=15						
16	2 layers: TPMI=0						
119	2 layers: TPMI=103						
120	3 layers: TPMI=0						
423	3 layers: TPMI=303						
424	4 layers: TPMI=0						
703	4 layers: TPMI=279						
704	5 layers: TPMI=0						
863	5 layers: TPMI=159						
864- 1023	reserved	864	6 layers: TPMI=0	864	6 layers: TPMI=0	864	6 layers: TPMI=0
		943	6 layers: TPMI=79	943	6 layers: TPMI=79	943	6 layers: TPMI=79
		944- 1023	reserved	944	7 layers: TPMI=0	944	7 layers: TPMI=0
				975	7 layers: TPMI=31	975	7 layers: TPMI=31
				976- 1023	reserved	976	8 layers: TPMI=0
						991	8 layers: TPMI=15
						992- 1023	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5L: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled,

CodebookTypeUL=codebook3, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower

Bit field mapped to index	Transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank = 1 if transform precoder is disabled	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 2	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 3	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 4
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15
		16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0
		119	2 layers: TPMI=103	119	2 layers: TPMI=103	119	2 layers: TPMI=103
		119-127	reserved	120	3 layers: TPMI=0	120	3 layers: TPMI=0
				423	3 layers: TPMI=303	423	3 layers: TPMI=303
				424-511	reserved	424	4 layers: TPMI=0
						703	4 layers: TPMI=279
						704- 1024	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5M: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 2, 3 or 4, CodebookTypeUL=codebook4, and ul-FullPowerTransmission configured to fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 2	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 3	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 4
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
7	1 layer: TPMI=7	7	1 layer: TPMI=7	7	1 layer: TPMI=7
8	2 layers: TPMI=8	8	2 layers: TPMI=8	8	2 layers: TPMI=8
				•••	
35	2 layers: TPMI=35	35	2 layers: TPMI=35	35	2 layers: TPMI=35
36	1 layer: TPMI=255	36	3 layers: TPMI=36	36	3 layers: TPMI=36
37	2 layers: TPMI=256			•••	
38-63	reserved	91	3 layers: TPMI=91	91	3 layers: TPMI=91
		92	1 layer: TPMI=255	92	4 layers: TPMI=92
		93	2 layers: TPMI=256	•••	
		94	3 layers: TPMI=257	161	4 layers: TPMI=161
		95-127	reserved	162	1 layer: TPMI=255
				163	2 layers: TPMI=256
				164	3 layers: TPMI=257
				165	4 layers: 258
				166-255	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5N: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled or maxRank=1 if transform is disabled, CodebookTypeUL=codebook4, and ul-FullPowerTransmission configured to fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	Precoding information and number of layers
0	1 layer: TPMI=0
7	1 layer: TPMI=7
8	1 layer: TPMI=255
9-15	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-50: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled, or *maxRank* = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*, and *ul-FullPowerTransmission* configured to *fullpowerMode1*

Bit field mapped to index	Transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank = 1 if transform precoder is disabled	Bit field mapped to index	Transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 2	Bit field mapped to index	Transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 3	Bit field mapped to index	Transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 4
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
31	1 layer: TPMI=31	31	1 layer: TPMI=31	31	1 layer: TPMI=31	31	1 layer: TPMI=31
32	1 layer: TPMI=32	32	2 layers: TPMI=0	32	2 layers: TPMI=0	32	2 layers: TPMI=0
33-63	reserved						
		303	2 layers: TPMI=271	303	2 layers: TPMI=271	303	2 layers: TPMI=271
		304	1 layer: TPMI=32	304	3 layers: TPMI=0	304	3 layers: TPMI=0
		305-511	reserved				
				567	3 layers: TPMI=263	567	3 layers: TPMI=263
				568	1 layer: TPMI=32	568	4 layers: TPMI=0
				569-1023	reserved		
						635	4 layers: TPMI=67
						636	1 layer: TPMI=32
						637-1023	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5P: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, CodebookTypeUL=codebook3, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	Transform precoder is enabled, or maxRank = 1 if transform precoder is disabled	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 2	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 3	Bit field mapped to index	transform precoder is disabled and maxRank = 4
0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0	0	1 layer: TPMI=0
15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15	15	1 layer: TPMI=15
16	1 layer: TPMI=16	16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0
17-31	reserved						
		119	2 layers: TPMI=103	119	2 layers: TPMI=103	119	2 layers: TPMI=103
		120	1 layer: TPMI=16	120	3 layers: TPMI=0	120	3 layers: TPMI=0
		121	2 layers: TPMI=104				
		122-127	reserved	423	3 layers: TPMI=303	423	3 layers: TPMI=303
				424	1 layer: TPMI=16	424	4 layers: TPMI=0
				425	2 layers: TPMI=104		
				426	3 layers: 304	703	4 layers: TPMI=279
				427-511	reserved	704	1 layer: TPMI=16
						705	2 layers: TPMI=104
						706	3 layers: TPMI=304
						707-1023	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5Q: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 5, 6, 7, 8, CodebookTypeUL=codebook4, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped	maxRank =						
to index	5	to index	6	to index	7	to index	8
0	1 layer:						
	TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0
7	1 layer:						
•	TPMI=7	,	TPMI=7	,	TPMI=7	,	TPMI=7
8	2 layers:						
	TPMI=8		TPMI=8		TPMI=8		TPMI=8
	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1
35	2 layers: TPMI=35						
36	3 layers:						
	TPMI=36		TPMI=36		TPMI=36		TPMI=36
91	3 layers:						
91	TPMI=91	31	TPMI=91	31	TPMI=91	31	TPMI=91
92	4 layers:						
	TPMI=92		TPMI=92		TPMI=92		TPMI=92
161	4 layers: TPMI=161						
162	5 layers:						
	TPMI=162		TPMI=162		TPMI=162		TPMI=162
217	 5 laurana	217	 5 lavana		 5 laurana		 5 lavana
	5 layers: TPMI=217		5 layers: TPMI=217	217	5 layers: TPMI=217	217	5 layers: TPMI=217
218	1 layer: TPMI=255	218	6 layers: TPMI=218	218	6 layers: TPMI=218	218	6 layers: TPMI=218
219	2 layers: TPMI=256		•••	•••	•••		•••
220	3 layers: TPMI=257	245	6 layers: TPMI=245	245	6 layers: TPMI=245	245	6 layers: TPMI=245
221	4 layers:	246	1 layer:	246	7 layers:	246	7 layers:
	TPMI=258		TPMI=255		TPMI=246		TPMI=246
222-255	reserved	247	2 layers: TPMI=256	•••	•••		•••
		248	3 layers:	253	7 layers:	253	7 layers:
			TPMI=257		TPMI=253		TPMI=253
		249	4 layers:	254	1 layer:	254	8 layers:
			TPMI=258	255	TPMI=255 2 layers:	255	TPMI=254 1 layer:
		250-255	reserved	255	TPMI=256	255	TPMI=255
				256	3 layers:	256	2 layers:
					TPMI=257		TPMI=256
				257	4 layers: TPMI=258	257	3 layers: TPMI=257
				258-511	reserved	258	4 layers:
						259-511	TPMI=258 reserved
				L		200-011	16361760

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5R: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 5, 6, 7, 8, CodebookTypeUL=codebook2, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode1

Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 5	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 6	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 7	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 8
0	1 layer:						
	TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0
31	1 layer:						
	TPMI=31		TPMI=31		TPMI=31		TPMI=31
32	2 layers: TPMI=0						
303	2 layers: TPMI=271						
304	3 layers: TPMI=0						
567	3 layers: TPMI=263						
568	4 layers: TPMI=0						
635	4 layers: TPMI=67						
636	5 layers: TPMI=0						
667	5 layers: TPMI=31						
668	1 layer: TPMI=32	668	6 layers: TPMI=0	668	6 layers: TPMI=0	668	6 layers: TPMI=0
669- 1023	reserved		•••			•••	
		683	6 layers: TPMI=15	683	6 layers: TPMI=15	683	6 layers: TPMI=15
		684	1 layer: TPMI=32	684	7 layers: TPMI=0	684	7 layers: TPMI=0
		685- 1023	reserved				•••
				691	7 layers: TPMI=7	691	7 layers: TPMI=7
				692	1 layer: TPMI=32	692	8 layers: TPMI=0
				693- 1023	reserved	•••	•••
						695	8 layers: TPMI=3
						696	1 layer: TPMI=32
						697- 1023	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-5S: Precoding information and number of layers, for 8 antenna ports, if transform precoder is disabled, maxRank = 5, 6, 7, 8, CodebookTypeUL = codebook3, and ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode1

maxRank = 5	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 6	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 7	Bit field mapped to index	maxRank = 8
1 layer:	0	1 layer:	0	1 layer:	0	1 layer:
TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0		TPMI=0
1 layer: TPMI=15		1 layer: TPMI=15		1 layer: TPMI=15		1 layer: TPMI=15
2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0	16	2 layers: TPMI=0
TPMI=103		TPMI=103		TPMI=103		2 layers: TPMI=103
3 layers: TPMI=0	120	3 layers: TPMI=0	120	3 layers: TPMI=0	120	3 layers: TPMI=0
3 layers: TPMI=303	423	3 layers: TPMI=303	423	3 layers: TPMI=303	423	3 layers: TPMI=303
4 layers: TPMI=0	424	4 layers: TPMI=0	424	4 layers: TPMI=0	424	4 layers: TPMI=0
4 layers: TPMI=279	703	4 layers: TPMI=279	703	4 layers: TPMI=279	703	4 layers: TPMI=279
5 layers: TPMI=0	704	5 layers: TPMI=0	704	5 layers: TPMI=0	704	5 layers: TPMI=0
5 layers: TPMI=159	863	5 layers: TPMI=159	863	5 layers: TPMI=159	863	5 layers: TPMI=159
1 layer: TPMI=16	864	6 layers: TPMI=0	864	6 layers: TPMI=0	864	6 layers: TPMI=0
2 layers: TPMI=104				•••		
3 layers:	943	6 layers: TPMI=79	943	6 layers: TPMI=79	943	6 layers: TPMI=79
reserved	944	1 layer:	944	7 layers: TPMI=0	944	7 layers: TPMI=0
	945	2 layers: TPMI=104			•••	•••
	946	3 layers: TPMI=304	975	7 layers: TPMI=31	975	7 layers: TPMI=31
	944- 1023	reserved	976	1 layer:	976	8 layers: TPMI=0
			977	2 layers: TPMI=104		
			978	3 layers: TPMI=304	991	8 layers: TPMI=15
			979- 1023	reserved	992	1 layer: TPMI=16
			-		993	2 layers: TPMI=104
					994	3 layers: TPMI=304
					995- 1023	reserved
	1 layer: TPMI=0 1 layer: TPMI=15 2 layers: TPMI=103 3 layers: TPMI=103 3 layers: TPMI=303 4 layers: TPMI=303 4 layers: TPMI=279 5 layers: TPMI=0 5 layers: TPMI=159 1 layer: TPMI=16 2 layers: TPMI=104 3 layers: TPMI=304	### Table 15 mapped to index 1 layer:	maxrank = 5 mapped to index maxrank = 6 1 layer: TPMI=0 0 1 layer: TPMI=0 1 layer: TPMI=0 1 layer: TPMI=15 2 layers: TPMI=15 2 layers: TPMI=0 2 layers: TPMI=0 3 layers: TPMI=103 3 layers: TPMI=0 3 layers: TPMI=0 4 layers: TPMI=303 4 layers: TPMI=303 4 layers: TPMI=0 4 layers: TPMI=0 5 layers: TPMI=159 704 5 layers: TPMI=159 1 layer: TPMI=159 1 layer: TPMI=104 3 layers: TPMI=79 1 layer: TPMI=104 3 layers: TPMI=104 3 layers: TPMI=104 3 layers: TPMI=104 946 3 layers: TPMI=304	MaxRank	MaxRank	Maxrank

Table 7.3.1.1.2-6: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is enabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *maxLength*=1, except that *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured and π/2-BPSK modulation is used

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0
1	2	1
2	2	2
3	2	3

Table 7.3.1.1.2-6A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is enabled, *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured, π/2-BPSK modulation is used, *dmrs-Type*=1, *maxLength*=1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	$0, n_{SCID}=0$
1	2	0, n _{SCID} = 1
2	2	2, n _{SCID} = 0
3	2	2, n _{SCID} = 1

Table 7.3.1.1.2-7: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-Type=1, maxLength=2, except that dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured and π/2-BPSK modulation is used

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0	1
1	2	1	1
2	2	2	1
3	2	3	1
4	2	0	2
5	2	1	2
6	2	2	2
7	2	3	2
8	2	4	2
9	2	5	2
10	2	6	2
11	2	7	2
12-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-7A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured, π /2-BPSK modulation is used, dmrs-Type=1, maxLength=2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0, nscid= 0	1
1	2	0, nscid= 1	1
2	2	2, nscid= 0	1
3	2	2, nscid= 1	1
4	2	0, nscid= 0	2
5	2	0, nscid= 1	2
6	2	2, nscid= 0	2
7	2	2, nscid= 1	2
8	2	4, nscid= 0	2
9	2	4, nscid= 1	2
10	2	6, n _{SCID} = 0	2
11	2	6, nscid= 1	2
12-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-8: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1, rank = 1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0
1	1	1
2	2	0
3	2	1
4	2	2
5	2	3
6-7	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-9: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1, rank = 2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0,1
1	2	0,1
2	2	2,3
3	2	0,2
4-7	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-10: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=1, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1-7	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-10A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=1, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1	2	0,2,3
2-7	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-11: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1, rank = 4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-3
1-7	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-12: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1
2	2	0	1
3	2	1	1
4	2	2	1
5	2	3	1
6	2	0	2
7	2	1	2
8	2	2	2
9	2	3	2
10	2	4	2
11	2	5	2
12	2	6	2
13	2	7	2
14-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-13: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0,1	1
1	2	0,1	1
2	2	2,3	1
3	2	0,2	1
4	2	0,1	2
5	2	2,3	2
6	2	4,5	2
7	2	6,7	2
8	2	0,4	2
9	2	2,6	2
10-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-14: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=2, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	2	0,1,4	2
2	2	2,3,6	2
3-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-14A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=2, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	2	0,1,4	2
2	2	2,3,6	2
3	2	0,2,3	1
4-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-15: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-3	1
1	2	0,1,4,5	2
2	2	2,3,6,7	2
3	2	0,2,4,6	2
4-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-15A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 5

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-4	2
1-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-15B Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 6

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,4,6	2
1-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-15C: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 7

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	2
1-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-15D: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 8

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	2
1-15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-16: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1, rank=1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0
1	1	1
2	2	0
3	2	1
4	2	2
5	2	3
6	3	0
7	3	1
8	3	2
9	3	3
10	3	4
11	3	5
12-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-17: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1, rank=2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0,1
1	2	0,1
2	2	2,3
3	3	0,1
4	3	2,3
5	3	4,5
6	2	0,2
7-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-18: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, *dmrs-Type=2*, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength=*1, rank =3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1	3	0-2
2	3	3-5
3-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-18A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, *dmrs-Type*=2, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=1, rank =3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1	3	0-2
2	3	3-5
3	2	0,2,3
4	3	0,2,3
3-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-19: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1, rank =4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-3
1	3	0-3
2-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-19A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1, rank = 5

ı	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
	0	3	0-4
	1-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-19B: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, *enhanced-dmrs-Typedmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=1, rank = 6

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	3	0-5
1-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-20: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank=1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1
2	2	0	1
3	2	1	1
4	2	2	1
5	2	3	1
6	3	0	1
7	3	1	1
8	3	2	1
9	3	3	1
10	3	4	1
11	3	5	1
12	3	0	2
13	3	1	2
14	3	2	2
15	3	3	2
16	3	4	2
17	3	5	2
18	3	6	2
19	3	7	2
20	3	8	2
21	3	9	2
22	3	10	2
23	3	11	2
24	1	0	2
25	1	1	2
26	1	6	2
27	1	7	2
28-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-21: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank=2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0,1	1
1	2	0,1	1
2	2	2,3	1
3	3	0,1	1
4	3	2,3	1
5	3	4,5	1
6	2	0,2	1
7	3	0,1	2
8	3	2,3	2
9	3	4,5	2
10	3	6,7	2
11	3	8,9	2
12	3	10,11	2
13	1	0,1	2
14	1	6,7	2
15	2	0,1	2
16	2	2,3	2
17	2	6,7	2
18	2	8,9	2
19-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-22: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, *dmrs-Type*=2, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=2, rank=3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	3	0-2	1
2	3	3-5	1
3	3	0,1,6	2
4	3	2,3,8	2
5	3	4,5,10	2
6-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-22A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, *dmrs-Type*=2, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, *maxLength*=2, rank=3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	3	0-2	1
2	3	3-5	1
3	3	0,1,6	2
4	3	2,3,8	2
5	3	4,5,10	2
6	2	0,2,3	1
7	3	0,2,3	1
8-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-23: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank=4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-3	1
1	3	0-3	1
2	3	0,1,6,7	2
3	3	2,3,8,9	2
4	3	4,5,10,11	2
5-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-23A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 5

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	3	0-4	1
1	2	0,1,2,3,6	2
12-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-23B Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 6

Value Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data D		DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	3	0-5	1
1	2	0,1,2,3,6,8	2
2-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-23C: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 7

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8	2
1-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-23D: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2, rank = 8

Value Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data D		DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	
0	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8,9	2	
1-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	

Table 7.3.1.1.2-24: SRS request

Value of SRS request field, or value of 'SRS request' index for each cell in the scheduled cell set indicated by SRS request field in DCI 0_3 or 1_3	Triggered aperiodic SRS resource set(s) for DCI format 0_1, 0_2, 0_3, 1_1, 1_2, 1_3, and 2_3 configured with higher layer parameter srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group set to 'typeB'	Triggered aperiodic SRS resource set(s) for DCI format 2_3 configured with higher layer parameter srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group set to 'typeA'
00	No aperiodic SRS resource set triggered	No aperiodic SRS resource set triggered
01	SRS resource set(s) configured by SRS- ResourceSet with higher layer parameter aperiodicSRS-ResourceTrigger set to 1 or an entry in aperiodicSRS- ResourceTriggerList set to 1	SRS resource set(s) configured with higher layer parameter usage in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'antennaSwitching' and resourceType in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'aperiodic' for a 1st set of serving cells configured by higher layers
	SRS resource set(s) configured by SRS-PosResourceSet with an entry in aperiodicSRS-ResourceTriggerList set to 1 when triggered by DCI formats 0_1, 0_2, 0_3, 1_1, 1_2 and 1_3	
10	SRS resource set(s) configured by SRS- ResourceSet with higher layer parameter aperiodicSRS-ResourceTrigger set to 2 or an entry in aperiodicSRS- ResourceTriggerList set to 2 SRS resource set(s) configured by SRS-	SRS resource set(s) configured with higher layer parameter usage in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'antennaSwitching' and resourceType in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'aperiodic' for a 2 nd set of serving cells configured by higher layers
	PosResourceSet with an entry in aperiodicSRS-ResourceTriggerList set to 2 when triggered by DCI formats 0_1, 0_2, 0_3, 1_1, 1_2 and 1_3	
11	SRS resource set(s) configured by SRS- ResourceSet with higher layer parameter aperiodicSRS-ResourceTrigger set to 3 or an entry in aperiodicSRS- ResourceTriggerList set to 3	SRS resource set(s) configured with higher layer parameter usage in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'antennaSwitching' and resourceType in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'aperiodic' for a 3 rd set of serving cells configured by higher layers
	SRS resource set(s) configured by SRS-PosResourceSet with an entry in aperiodicSRS-ResourceTriggerList set to 3 when triggered by DCI formats 0_1, 0_2, 0_3, 1_1, 1_2 and 1_3	

Table 7.3.1.1.2-25: PTRS-DMRS association or Second PTRS-DMRS association for UL PTRS port 0

Value	DMRS port	
0 1st scheduled DMRS port		
1	2 nd scheduled DMRS port	
2 3 rd scheduled DMRS		
3	4 th scheduled DMRS port	

Table 7.3.1.1.2-25A: PTRS-DMRS association for UL PTRS port 0 or for the actual UL PT-RS port if neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, or PTRS-DMRS association for UL PTRS port 0 and 1 if *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and *maxNrofPorts-SDM* is set to 2

Value of MSB	DMRS port	Value of LSB	DMRS port
0	1 st scheduled DMRS port corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field	0	1st scheduled DMRS port corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second Precoding information field
1	2 nd scheduled DMRS port corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field	1	2nd scheduled DMRS port corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second Precoding information field

Table 7.3.1.1.2-25B: PTRS-DMRS association for UL PTRS port 0, maxRank>4 or maxMIMO-Layers>4

Value	DMRS port
0	1st scheduled DMRS port corresponding to the selected Codeword
1	2 nd scheduled DMRS port corresponding to the selected Codeword
2	3 rd scheduled DMRS port corresponding to the selected Codeword
3	4 th scheduled DMRS port corresponding to the selected Codeword

Table 7.3.1.1.2-26: PTRS-DMRS association or Second PTRS-DMRS association for UL PTRS ports 0 and 1

Value of MSB	DMRS port	Value of LSB	DMRS port
0	1st DMRS port which shares PTRS port 0	0	1st DMRS port which shares PTRS port 1
1	2 nd DMRS port which shares PTRS port 0	1	2 nd DMRS port which shares PTRS port 1

Table 7.3.1.1.2-26A: PTRS-DMRS association for UL PTRS ports 0 and 1, maxRank>4 or maxMIMO-Layers>4

Value of 2 MSBs	DMRS port	Value of 2 LSBs	DMRS port
0	1st DMRS port which shares PTRS port 0	0	1st DMRS port which shares PTRS port 1
1	2 nd DMRS port which shares PTRS port 0	1	2 nd DMRS port which shares PTRS port 1
2	3 rd DMRS port which shares PTRS port 0	2	3 rd DMRS port which shares PTRS port 1
3	4th DMRS port which shares PTRS port 0	3	4 th DMRS port which shares PTRS port 1

Table 7.3.1.1.2-27: void

Table 7.3.1.1.2-28: SRI indication or Second SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $L_{\rm max}$ $=\!1$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 2$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 3$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 4$
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
		2	2	2	2
		3	reserved	3	3

Table 7.3.1.1.2-28A: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 1$

Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 5$	Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 6$	Bit field mapped to index	$\frac{SRI(s),N_{SRS}=}{7}$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 8$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5-7	reserved	5	5	5	5	5	5
		6-7	reserved	6	6	6	6
				7	reserved	7	7

Table 7.3.1.1.2-29: SRI indication or Second SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $L_{\rm max}$ = 2

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 2$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 3$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS}=4$
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	0,1	2	2	2	2
3	reserved	3	0,1	3	3
		4	0,2	4	0,1
		5	1,2	5	0,2
		6-7	reserved	6	0,3
				7	1,2
				8	1,3
				9	2,3
				10-15	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-29A: Second SRI indication for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $L_{max}=2$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS}=2$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 3$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS}=4$
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
0	0,1	2	2	2	2
1	2 layers: reserved	3	1 layer: reserved	3	3
		0	0,1	4-7	1 layer: reserved
		1	0,2	0	0,1
		2	1,2	1	0,2
		3	2 layers: reserved	2	0,3
				3	1,2
				4	1,3
				5	2,3
				6-7	2 layers: reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-29B: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 2$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 5$	Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s),$ $N_{SRS} = 6$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 7$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 8$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	s_0^0, s_1^0	5	5	5	5	5	5
		6	s_0^0, s_1^0	6	6	6	6
14	s_0^9, s_1^9			7	S_0^0, S_1^0	7	7
15	reserved	20	S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}			8	s_0^0, s_1^0
		21-31	reserved	27	S_0^{20}, S_1^{20}		
				28-31	reserved	35	S_0^{27}, S_1^{27}
						36-63	reserved
where SRIs {	$\{s_{0}^{B}, s_{1,}^{B}, s_{v-1}^{B}\}, B \in$	$\{0,1,\ldots,C(N_{SR})\}$	(v) - 1 are as	given in Table	7.3.1.1.2-29B-1		

Table 7.3.1.1.2-29B-1: SRI(s) for 2 layers, $N_{SRS} > 4$

SRI(s)	SRI(s) for 2	SRI(s) for 2	SRI(s) for 2	SRI(s) for 2
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 5$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 6$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
s_0^0, s_1^0	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
S_0^1, S_1^1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
S_0^2, S_1^2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
s_0^2, s_1^2 s_0^3, s_1^3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4
S_0^4, S_1^4	1,2	0,5	0,5	0,5
S_0^5, S_1^5	1,3	1,2	0,6	0,6
S_0^6, S_1^6	1,4	1,3	1,2	0,7
s_0^7, s_1^7	2,3	1,4	1,3	1,2
S_{0}^{8}, S_{1}^{8}	2,4	1,5	1,4	1,3
S_0^9, S_1^9	3,4	2,3	1,5	1,4
s ¹⁰ s ¹⁰		2,4	1,6	1,5
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{11}, s_1^{11} \\ s_0^{11}, s_1^{11} \\ s_0^{12}, s_1^{12} \\ s_0^{13}, s_1^{13} \\ s_0^{14}, s_1^{14} \\ \end{array}$		2,5	2,3	1,6
S_0^{12}, S_1^{12}		3,4	2,4	1,7
S_0^{13}, S_1^{13}		3,5	2,5	2,3
S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}		4,5	2,6	2,4
S_0^{15}, S_1^{15}			3,4	2,5
s_0^{15}, s_1^{15} s_0^{16}, s_1^{16}			3,5	2,6
S_0^{17}, S_1^{17}			3,6	2,7
s_0^{18}, s_1^{18}			4,5	3,4
S_0^{19}, S_1^{19}			4,6	3,5
s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}			5,6	3,6
s_0^{21}, s_1^{21}				3,7
$\begin{array}{c} s_0, s_1\\ s_0^{17}, s_1^{17}\\ \hline s_0^{18}, s_1^{18}\\ \hline s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}\\ \hline s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}\\ \hline s_0^{21}, s_1^{21}\\ \hline s_0^{22}, s_1^{22}\\ \hline s_0^{22}, s_1^{22}\\ \hline \end{array}$				4,5
S23 S23				4,6
s_0^{24}, s_1^{24}				4,7
s_0^{25}, s_1^{25}				5,6
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{24}, s_1^{24} \\ s_0^{25}, s_1^{25} \\ s_0^{25}, s_1^{25} \\ s_0^{26}, s_1^{26} \\ s_0^{27}, s_1^{27} \end{array}$				5,7
s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}				6,7

Table 7.3.1.1.2-30: SRI indication for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $L_{\mathrm{max}}=3$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 2$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 3$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS}=4$
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	0,1	2	2	2	2
3	reserved	3	0,1	3	3
		4	0,2	4	0,1
		5	1,2	5	0,2
		6	0,1,2	6	0,3
		7	reserved	7	1,2
				8	1,3
				9	2,3
				10	0,1,2
				11	0,1,3
				12	0,2,3
				13	1,2,3
				14-15	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-30A: Second SRI indication for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, $L_{max}=3$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 2$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 3$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS}=4$
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
0	0,1	2	2	2	2
1	2 layers: reserved	3	1 layer: reserved	3	3
		0	0,1	4-7	1 layer: reserved
		1	0,2	0	0,1
		2	1,2	1	0,2
		3	2 layers: reserved	2	0,3
		0	0,1,2	3	1,2
		1-3	3 layers: reserved	4	1,3
				5	2,3
				6-7	2 layers: reserved
				0	0,1,2
				1	0,1,3
				2	0,2,3
				3	1,2,3
				4-7	3 layers: reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-30B: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 3$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 5$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 6$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 7$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 8$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	s_0^0, s_1^0	5	5	5	5	5	5
		6	s_0^0, s_1^0	6	6	6	6
14	s_0^9, s_1^9			7	s_0^0, s_1^0	7	7
15	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	20	S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}			8	s_0^0, s_1^0
		21	S_0^0, S_1^0, S_2^0	27	S_0^{20}, S_1^{20}		
24	s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9			28	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	35	S_0^{27}, S_1^{27}
25-31	reserved	40	$s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}, s_2^{19}$			36	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0
		41-63	reserved	62	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$		
				63-127	reserved	91	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}$
						92-127	reserved
where SRIs	$\{s_0^B s_1^B \mid s_{n-1}^B\}, B \in$	$\{0,1,,C(N_{SR})\}$	$\langle v \rangle - 1 $ are as	given in Table	7.3.1.1.2-29B-1	and Table 7.3	.1.1.2-30B-1.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-30B-1: SRI combinations for 3 layers, $N_{\it SRS} > 4$

		SRI(s) for 3 layers,	SRI(s) for 3 layers,	SRI(s) for 3 layers,
	$N_{SRS}=5$	$N_{SRS}=6$	$N_{SRS} = 7$	$N_{SRS} = 8$
s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	0,1,2	0,1,2	0,1,2	0,1,2
s_0^1, s_1^1, s_2^1	0,1,3	0,1,3	0,1,3	0,1,3
s_0^2, s_1^2, s_2^2	0,1,4	0,1,4	0,1,4	0,1,4
s_0^3, s_1^3, s_2^3	0,2,3	0,1,5	0,1,5	0,1,5
s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4	0,2,4	0,2,3	0,1,6	0,1,6
S_0^5, S_1^5, S_2^5	0,3,4	0,2,4	0,2,3	0,1,7
s_0^6, s_1^6, s_2^6	1,2,3	0,2,5	0,2,4	0,2,3
s_0^6, s_1^6, s_2^6 s_0^7, s_1^7, s_2^7	1,2,4	0,3,4	0,2,5	0,2,4
s_0^8, s_1^8, s_2^8	1,3,4	0,3,5	0,2,6	0,2,5
S_0^9, S_1^9, S_2^9	2,3,4	0,4,5	0,3,4	0,2,6
S_0^{10} , S_1^{10} , S_2^{10}		1,2,3	0,3,5	0,2,7
$S_0^{11}, S_1^{11}, S_2^{11}$		1,2,4	0,3,6	0,3,4
$S_0^{12}, S_1^{12}, S_2^{12}$		1,2,5	0,4,5	0,3,5
$s_0^{13}, s_1^{13}, s_2^{13}$		1,3,4	0,4,6	0,3,6
$S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}, S_2^{14}$		1,3,5	0,5,6	0,3,7
$S_0^{15}, S_1^{15}, S_2^{15}$		1,4,5	1,2,3	0,4,5
$S_0^{16}, S_1^{16}, S_2^{16}$		2,3,4	1,2,4	0,4,6
$S_0^{17}, S_1^{17}, S_2^{17}$		2,3,5	1,2,5	0,4,7
$S_0^{18}, S_1^{18}, S_2^{18}$		2,4,5	1,2,6	0,5,6
$S_0^{19}, S_1^{19}, S_2^{19}$		3,4,5	1,3,4	0,5,7
$s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}, s_2^{20}$			1,3,5	0,6,7
$S_0^{21}, S_1^{21}, S_2^{21}$			1,3,6	1,2,3
$S_0^{22}, S_1^{22}, S_2^{22}$			1,4,5	1,2,4
$s_0^{23}, s_1^{23}, s_2^{23}$			1,4,6	1,2,5
$s_0^{24}, s_1^{24}, s_2^{24}$			1,5,6	1,2,6
$s_0^{25}, s_1^{25}, s_2^{25}$			2,3,4	1,2,7
$s_0^{26}, s_1^{26}, s_2^{26}$			2,3,5	1,3,4
$s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}, s_2^{27}$			2,3,6	1,3,5
$S_0^{28}, S_1^{28}, S_2^{28}$			2,4,5	1,3,6
$s_0^{29}, s_1^{29}, s_2^{29}$			2,4,6	1,3,7
$s_0^{30}, s_1^{30}, s_2^{30}$			2,5,6	1,4,5
$s_0^{31}, s_1^{31}, s_2^{31}$			3,4,5	1,4,6
$s_0^{32}, s_1^{32}, s_2^{32}$			3,4,6	1,4,7
$s_0^{33}, s_1^{33}, s_2^{33}$			3,5,6	1,5,6
$s_0^{33}, s_1^{33}, s_2^{33}$ $s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$			4,5,6	1,5,7
$s_0^{35}, s_1^{35}, s_2^{35}$				1,6,7

	SRI(s) for 3 layers,			
	$N_{SRS}=5$	$N_{SRS}=6$	$N_{SRS}=7$	$N_{SRS}=8$
$s_0^{36}, s_1^{36}, s_2^{36}$				2,3,4
$s_0^{37}, s_1^{37}, s_2^{37}$				2,3,5
$s_0^{38}, s_1^{38}, s_2^{38}$				2,3,6
$s_0^{39}, s_1^{39}, s_2^{39}$				2,3,7
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{36}, s_1^{36}, s_2^{36} \\ s_0^{37}, s_1^{37}, s_2^{37} \\ s_0^{38}, s_1^{38}, s_2^{38} \\ s_0^{39}, s_1^{39}, s_2^{39} \\ s_0^{40}, s_1^{40}, s_2^{40} \end{array}$				2,4,5
So. St. St. St.				2,4,6
$S_0^{42}, S_1^{42}, S_2^{42}$				2,4,7
$s_0^{43}, s_1^{43}, s_2^{43}$				2,5,6
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{42}, s_1^{42}, s_2^{42} \\ s_0^{43}, s_1^{43}, s_2^{43} \\ s_0^{44}, s_1^{44}, s_2^{44} \\ s_0^{45}, s_1^{45}, s_2^{45} \\ \end{array}$				2,5,7
$s_0^{45}, s_1^{45}, s_2^{45}$				2,6,7
$S_0^{46}, S_1^{46}, S_2^{46}$				3,4,5
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{46}, s_1^{46}, s_2^{46} \\ s_0^{47}, s_1^{47}, s_2^{47} \\ s_0^{48}, s_1^{48}, s_2^{48} \\ s_0^{49}, s_1^{49}, s_2^{49} \\ \end{array}$				3,4,6
$S_0^{48}, S_1^{48}, S_2^{48}$				3,4,7
$S_0^{49}, S_1^{49}, S_2^{49}$				3,5,6
$S_0^{50}, S_1^{50}, S_2^{50}$ $S_0^{51}, S_1^{51}, S_2^{51}$				3,5,7
$s_0^{51}, s_1^{51}, s_2^{51}$				3,6,7
$s_0^{52}, s_1^{52}, s_2^{52}$				4,5,6
$s_0^{53}, s_1^{53}, s_2^{53}$				4,5,7
$s_0^{54}, s_1^{54}, s_2^{54}$				4,6,7
$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}$				5,6,7

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31: SRI indication for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $L_{\mathrm{max}} = 4$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 2$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 3$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS}=4$
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	0,1	2	2	2	2
3	reserved	3	0,1	3	3
		4	0,2	4	0,1
		5	1,2	5	0,2
		6	0,1,2	6	0,3
		7	reserved	7	1,2
				8	1,3
				9	2,3
				10	0,1,2
				11	0,1,3
				12	0,2,3
				13	1,2,3
				14	0,1,2,3
				15	reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31A: Second SRI indication for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, if neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, $L_{max} = 4$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 2$	Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 3$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS}=4$
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
0	0,1	2	2	2	2
1	2 layers: reserved	3	1 layer: reserved	3	3
		0	0,1	4-7	1 layer: reserved
		1	0,2	0	0,1
		2	1,2	1	0,2
		3	2 layers: reserved	2	0,3
		0	0,1,2	3	1,2
		1-3	3 layers: reserved	4	1,3
				5	2,3
				6-7	2 layers: reserved
				0	0,1,2
				1	0,1,3
				2	0,2,3
				3	1,2,3
				4-7	3 layer: reserved
				0	0,1,2,3
				1-7	4 layers: reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31B: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 4$

Bit field	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} =$	Bit field		Bit field		Bit field	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} =$
mapped	SKI(S), N SRS —	mapped	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 6$	mapped	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 7$	mapped	8
to index	э	to index		to index		to index	o
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	s_0^0, s_1^0	5	5	5	5	5	5
	•••	6	s_0^0, s_1^0	6	6	6	6
14	s_0^9, s_1^9		•••	7	s_0^0, s_1^0	7	7
15	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	20	S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}			8	s_0^0, s_1^0
	•••	21	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	27	s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}		•••
24	s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9		•••	28	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	35	s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}
25	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	40	$s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}, s_2^{19}$		•••	36	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0
		41	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	62	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$		
29	$s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4, s_3^4$			63	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	91	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}$
30-31	reserved	55	$S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}, S_2^{14}, S_3^{14}$		•••	92	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$
		56-63	reserved	97	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34}$		
				98-127	reserved	161	$s_0^{69}, s_1^{69}, s_2^{69}, s_3^{69}$
						162-255	reserved

where SRIs $\{s_0^B, s_{1,\dots,s}^B, s_{v-1}^B\}$, $B \in \{0,1,\dots,C(N_{SRS},v)-1\}$ are as given in Table 7.3.1.1.2-29B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-30B-1 and Table 7.3.1.1.2-31B-1.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31B-1: SRI combinations for 4 layers, $N_{SRS} > 4$

	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 5$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 6$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	0,1,2,3	0,1,2,3	0,1,2,3	0,1,2,3
$S_0^1, S_1^1, S_2^1, S_3^1$	0,1,2,4	0,1,2,4	0,1,2,4	0,1,2,4
$s_0^2, s_1^2, s_2^2, s_3^2$	0,1,3,4	0,1,2,5	0,1,2,5	0,1,2,5
$s_0^3, s_1^3, s_2^3, s_3^3$	0,2,3,4	0,1,3,4	0,1,2,6	0,1,2,6
$S_0^4, S_1^4, S_2^4, S_3^4$	1,2,3,4	0,1,3,5	0,1,3,4	0,1,2,7

	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 5$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 6$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
$s_0^5, s_1^5, s_2^5, s_3^5$		0,1,4,5	0,1,3,5	0,1,3,4
$s_0^6, s_1^6, s_2^6, s_3^6$		0,2,3,4	0,1,3,6	0,1,3,5
$s_0^7, s_1^7, s_2^7, s_3^7$		0,2,3,5	0,1,4,5	0,1,3,6
$s_0^8, s_1^8, s_2^8, s_3^8$		0,2,4,5	0,1,4,6	0,1,3,7
$s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9, s_3^9$		0,3,4,5	0,1,5,6	0,1,4,5
$s_0^{10}, s_1^{10}, s_2^{10}, s_3^{10}$		1,2,3,4	0,2,3,4	0,1,4,6
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{11}, s_1^{11}, s_2^{11}, s_3^{11} \\ s_0^{11}, s_1^{11}, s_2^{11}, s_3^{11} \\ s_0^{12}, s_1^{12}, s_2^{12}, s_3^{12} \end{array}$		1,2,3,5	0,2,3,5	0,1,4,7
$s_0^{12}, s_1^{12}, s_2^{12}, s_3^{12}$		1,2,4,5	0,2,3,6	0,1,5,6
$S_0^{13}, S_1^{13}, S_2^{13}, S_3^{13}$		1,3,4,5	0,2,4,5	0,1,5,7
$s_0^{14}, s_1^{14}, s_2^{14}, s_3^{14}$		2,3,4,5	0,2,4,6	0,1,6,7
$s_0^{15}, s_1^{15}, s_2^{15}, s_3^{15}$			0,2,5,6	0,2,3,4
S_0^{16} , S_1^{16} , S_2^{16} , S_3^{16}			0,3,4,5	0,2,3,5
S_0^{17} , S_1^{17} , S_2^{17} , S_3^{17}			0,3,4,6	0,2,3,6
$s_0^{18}, s_1^{18}, s_2^{18}, s_3^{18}$			0,3,5,6	0,2,3,7
$S_0^{19}, S_1^{19}, S_2^{19}, S_3^{19}$			0,4,5,6	0,2,4,5
$s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}, s_2^{20}, s_3^{20}$			1,2,3,4	0,2,4,6
$S_0^{21}, S_1^{21}, S_2^{21}, S_3^{21}$			1,2,3,5	0,2,4,7
$S_0^{22}, S_1^{22}, S_2^{22}, S_3^{22}$			1,2,3,6	0,2,5,6
$s_0^{23}, s_1^{23}, s_2^{23}, s_3^{23}$			1,2,4,5	0,2,5,7
$s_0^{24}, s_1^{24}, s_2^{24}, s_3^{24}$			1,2,4,6	0,2,6,7
$s_0^{25}, s_1^{25}, s_2^{25}, s_3^{25}$			1,2,5,6	0,3,4,5
$s_0^{26}, s_1^{26}, s_2^{26}, s_3^{26}$			1,3,4,5	0,3,4,6
$s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}, s_2^{27}, s_3^{27}$			1,3,4,6	0,3,4,7
$s_0^{28}, s_1^{28}, s_2^{28}, s_3^{28}$			1,3,5,6	0,3,5,6
$s_0^{29}, s_1^{29}, s_2^{29}, s_3^{29}$			1,4,5,6	0,3,5,7
$s_0^{30}, s_1^{30}, s_2^{30}, s_3^{30}$			2,3,4,5	0,3,6,7
$s_0^{31}, s_1^{31}, s_2^{31}, s_3^{31}$			2,3,4,6	0,4,5,6
$s_0^{32}, s_1^{32}, s_2^{32}, s_3^{32}$			2,3,5,6	0,4,5,7
$s_0^{33}, s_1^{33}, s_2^{33}, s_3^{33}$			2,4,5,6	0,4,6,7
$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34}$			3,4,5,6	0,5,6,7
$s_0^{35}, s_1^{35}, s_2^{35}, s_3^{35}$			3, 1,0,0	1,2,3,4
$s_0^{36}, s_1^{36}, s_2^{36}, s_3^{36}$				1,2,3,5
$s_0^{37}, s_1^{37}, s_2^{37}, s_3^{37}$				1,2,3,6
$s_0^{38}, s_1^{38}, s_2^{38}, s_3^{38}$				1,2,3,7
$s_0^{39}, s_1^{39}, s_2^{39}, s_3^{39}$				1,2,4,5
$s_0^{40}, s_1^{40}, s_2^{40}, s_3^{40}$				1,2,4,6
$S_0^{41}, S_1^{41}, S_2^{41}, S_3^{41}$				1,2,4,7
$s_0^{42}, s_1^{42}, s_2^{42}, s_3^{42}$				1,2,5,6
$s_0^{43}, s_1^{43}, s_2^{43}, s_3^{43}$				1,2,5,7
$s_0^{44}, s_1^{44}, s_2^{44}, s_3^{44}$				1,2,6,7
30 , 31 , 32 , 33 S45 S45 S45 S45				1,3,4,5
$s_0^{45}, s_1^{45}, s_2^{45}, s_3^{45}$ $s_0^{46}, s_1^{46}, s_2^{46}, s_3^{46}$				1,3,4,6
$s_0^{47}, s_1^{47}, s_2^{47}, s_3^{47}$				1,3,4,7
$s_0^{48}, s_1^{48}, s_2^{48}, s_3^{48}$				1,3,5,6
$s_0^{49}, s_1^{49}, s_2^{49}, s_3^{49}$				1,3,5,7
$s_0^{50}, s_1^{50}, s_2^{50}, s_3^{50}$ $s_0^{50}, s_1^{50}, s_2^{50}, s_3^{50}$				1,3,6,7
s_0 , s_1 , s_2 , s_3				1,4,5,6
$s_0^{51}, s_1^{51}, s_2^{51}, s_3^{51}$				1,4,5,7
$s_0^{52}, s_1^{52}, s_2^{52}, s_3^{52}$ $s_0^{53}, s_1^{53}, s_2^{53}, s_3^{53}$				
S_0 , S_1^- , S_2^- , S_3^-				1,4,6,7
s ₀ ⁵⁴ , s ₁ ⁵⁴ , s ₂ ⁵⁴ , s ₃ ⁵⁴				1,5,6,7
s ₀ ⁵⁵ , s ₁ ⁵⁵ , s ₂ ⁵⁵ , s ₃ ⁵⁵				2,3,4,5
$s_0^{56}, s_1^{56}, s_2^{56}, s_3^{56}$ $s_0^{57}, s_1^{57}, s_2^{57}, s_3^{57}$				2,3,4,6
58 58 50 50				2,3,4,7
$s_0^{58}, s_1^{58}, s_2^{58}, s_3^{58}$				2,3,5,6
$s_0^{59}, s_1^{59}, s_2^{59}, s_3^{59}$				2,3,5,7
$S_0^{00}, S_1^{00}, S_2^{00}, S_3^{00}$				2,3,6,7
$\begin{array}{c} s_0, s_1, s_2, s_3 \\ s_0^6, s_1^{60}, s_2^{60}, s_3^{60} \\ \hline s_0^{61}, s_1^{61}, s_2^{61}, s_3^{61} \\ \hline s_0^{62}, s_1^{62}, s_2^{62}, s_3^{62} \\ \hline s_0^{63}, s_1^{63}, s_2^{63}, s_3^{63} \\ \hline s_0^{64}, s_1^{64}, s_2^{64}, s_3^{64} \\ \hline \end{array}$				2,4,5,6
$S_0^{\circ 2}, S_1^{\circ 2}, S_2^{\circ 2}, S_3^{\circ 2}$				2,4,5,7
S ₀ ⁵³ , S ₁ ⁵³ , S ₂ ⁵³ , S ₃ ⁶³				2,4,6,7
$S_0^{64}, S_1^{64}, S_2^{64}, S_3^{64}$				2,5,6,7

	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4	SRI(s) for 4
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 5$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 6$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
$s_0^{65}, s_1^{65}, s_2^{65}, s_3^{65}$				3,4,5,6
$S_0^{66}, S_1^{66}, S_2^{66}, S_3^{66}$				3,4,5,7
$s_0^{67}, s_1^{67}, s_2^{67}, s_3^{67}$				3,4,6,7
$s_0^{68}, s_1^{68}, s_2^{68}, s_3^{68}$				3,5,6,7
$s_0^{69}, s_1^{69}, s_2^{69}, s_3^{69}$				4,5,6,7

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31C: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 5$

Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 5$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 6$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s) , <i>N_{SRS}</i> = 7	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), N _{SRS} = 8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	s_0^0, s_1^0	5	5	5	5	5	5
		6	s_0^0, s_1^0	6	6	6	6
14	s_0^9, s_1^9			7	s_0^0, s_1^0	7	7
15	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	20	S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}			8	s_0^0, s_1^0
		21	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	27	s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}		
24	s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9		•••	28	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	35	s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}
25	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	40	$s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}, s_2^{19}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}$		•••	36	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0
		41	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	62	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$ $s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$		
29	$s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4, s_3^4$			63	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	91	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}$
30	0,1,2,3,4	55	$S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}, S_2^{14}, S_3^{14}$			92	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$
31	reserved	56	$s_0^{14}, s_1^{14}, s_2^{14}, s_3^{14}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}, s_4^{0}$	97	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34}$		
			•••	98	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34}$ $s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$	161	$s_0^{69}, s_1^{69}, s_2^{69}, s_3^{69}$
		61	$s_0^5, s_1^5, s_2^5, s_3^5, s_4^5$			162	$s_0^{69}, s_1^{69}, s_2^{69}, s_3^{69}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}, s_4^{0}$
		62-63	reserved	118	$S_0^{20}, S_1^{20}, S_2^{20}, S_3^{20}, S_4^{20}$		
				119-127	reserved	217	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}, s_3^{55}$
						218-255	reserved

where SRIs $\{s_0^B, s_{1,...}^B, s_{v-1}^B\}$, $B \in \{0,1,..., C(N_{SRS}, v)-1\}$ are as given in Table 7.3.1.1.2-29B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-30B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-31B-1 and Table 7.3.1.1.2-31C-1.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31C-1: SRI combinations for 5 layers, $N_{SRS} > 4$

	SRI(s) for 5	SRI(s) for 5	SRI(s) for 5
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 6$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$	0,1,2,3,4	0,1,2,3,4	0,1,2,3,4
$\begin{array}{c} -3, 1, 2, 3, -4 \\ s_0, s_1, s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4 \\ s_0, s_1^2, s_2^2, s_2^2, s_3^2, s_4^2 \\ s_0, s_1^3, s_3^3, s_3^3, s_3^3 \end{array}$	0,1,2,3,5	0,1,2,3,5	0,1,2,3,5
$s_0^2, s_1^2, s_2^2, s_3^2, s_4^2$	0,1,2,4,5	0,1,2,3,6	0,1,2,3,6
$s_0^3, s_1^3, s_2^3, s_3^3, s_4^3$	0,1,3,4,5	0,1,2,4,5	0,1,2,3,7
$S_0^4, S_1^4, S_2^4, S_3^4, S_4^4$	0,2,3,4,5	0,1,2,4,6	0,1,2,4,5
$s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4, s_3^4, s_4^4$ $s_0^5, s_1^5, s_2^5, s_3^5, s_4^5$	1,2,3,4,5	0,1,2,5,6	0,1,2,4,6
$s_0^6, s_1^6, s_2^6, s_3^6, s_4^6$		0,1,3,4,5	0,1,2,4,7
$s_0^7, s_1^7, s_2^7, s_3^7, s_4^7$		0,1,3,4,6	0,1,2,5,6
$s_0^8, s_1^8, s_2^8, s_3^8, s_4^8$		0,1,3,5,6	0,1,2,5,7
S ₀ , S ₁ , S ₂ , S ₂ , S ₃		0,1,4,5,6	0,1,2,6,7
$s_0^{10}, s_1^{10}, s_2^{10}, s_3^{10}, s_4^{10}$		0,2,3,4,5	0,1,3,4,5
$S_0^{11}, S_1^{11}, S_2^{11}, S_3^{11}, S_4^{11}$		0,2,3,4,6	0,1,3,4,6
$s_0^{12}, s_1^{12}, s_2^{12}, s_3^{12}, s_4^{12}$		0,2,3,5,6	0,1,3,4,7
$s_0^{13}, s_1^{13}, s_2^{13}, s_3^{13}, s_4^{13}$		0,2,4,5,6	0,1,3,5,6
$s_0^{14}, s_1^{14}, s_2^{14}, s_3^{14}, s_4^{14}$		0,3,4,5,6	0,1,3,5,7
$S_0^{15}, S_1^{15}, S_2^{15}, S_3^{15}, S_4^{15}$		1,2,3,4,5	0,1,3,6,7
$s_0^{16}, s_1^{16}, s_2^{16}, s_3^{16}, s_4^{16}$		1,2,3,4,6	0,1,4,5,6
$S_0^{17}, S_1^{17}, S_2^{17}, S_3^{17}, S_4^{17}$		1,2,3,5,6	0,1,4,5,7

	SRI(s) for 5	SRI(s) for 5	SRI(s) for 5
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 6$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
$S_0^{18}, S_1^{18}, S_2^{18}, S_3^{18}, S_4^{18}$		1,2,4,5,6	0,1,4,6,7
$S_0^{19}, S_1^{19}, S_2^{19}, S_2^{19}, S_4^{19}$		1,3,4,5,6	0,1,5,6,7
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}, s_2^{20}, s_3^{20}, s_4^{20} \\ s_0^{21}, s_1^{21}, s_2^{21}, s_3^{21}, s_4^{21} \end{array}$		2,3,4,5,6	0,2,3,4,5
$s_0^{21}, s_1^{21}, s_2^{21}, s_3^{21}, s_4^{21}$			0,2,3,4,6
$s_0^{22}, s_1^{22}, s_2^{22}, s_3^{22}, s_4^{22}$			0,2,3,4,7
$s_0^{23}, s_1^{23}, s_2^{23}, s_3^{23}, s_4^{23}$			0,2,3,5,6
$S_0^{24}, S_1^{24}, S_2^{24}, S_3^{24}, S_4^{24}$			0,2,3,5,7
$s_0^{25}, s_1^{25}, s_2^{25}, s_3^{25}, s_4^{25}$			0,2,3,6,7
$s_0^{26}, s_1^{26}, s_2^{26}, s_3^{26}, s_4^{26}$			0,2,4,5,6
$s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}, s_2^{27}, s_3^{27}, s_4^{27}$			0,2,4,5,7
$s_0^{28}, s_1^{28}, s_2^{28}, s_3^{28}, s_4^{28}$			0,2,4,6,7
$S_0^{29}, S_1^{29}, S_2^{29}, S_3^{29}, S_4^{29}$			0,2,5,6,7
S_0^{30} , S_1^{30} , S_2^{30} , S_3^{30} , S_4^{30}			0,3,4,5,6
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{31}, s_1^{31}, s_2^{31}, s_3^{31}, s_4^{31} \\ s_0^{32}, s_1^{32}, s_2^{32}, s_3^{32}, s_4^{32} \\ s_0^{32}, s_1^{32}, s_2^{32}, s_3^{32}, s_4^{32} \\ \hline s_0^{33}, s_1^{33}, s_2^{33}, s_3^{33}, s_4^{33} \end{array}$			0,3,4,5,7
$s_0^{32}, s_1^{32}, s_2^{32}, s_3^{32}, s_4^{32}$			0,3,4,6,7
$s_0^{33}, s_1^{33}, s_2^{33}, s_3^{33}, s_4^{33}$			0,3,5,6,7
$S_0^{34}, S_1^{34}, S_2^{34}, S_3^{34}, S_4^{34}$			0,4,5,6,7
$S_0^{35}, S_1^{35}, S_2^{35}, S_2^{35}, S_4^{35}$			1,2,3,4,5
$s_0^{36}, s_1^{36}, s_2^{36}, s_3^{36}, s_4^{36}$			1,2,3,4,6
S_0^{3} , S_1^{3} , S_2^{3} , S_3^{3} , S_4^{3}			1,2,3,4,7
$s_0^{38}, s_1^{38}, s_2^{38}, s_3^{38}, s_4^{38}$			1,2,3,5,6
$s_0^{39}, s_1^{39}, s_2^{39}, s_3^{39}, s_4^{39}$			1,2,3,5,7
$S_0^{40}, S_1^{40}, S_2^{40}, S_3^{40}, S_4^{40}$			1,2,3,6,7
$s_0^{41}, s_1^{41}, s_2^{41}, s_3^{41}, s_4^{41}$			1,2,4,5,6
$S_0^{42}, S_1^{42}, S_2^{42}, S_3^{42}, S_4^{42}$			1,2,4,5,7
$S_0^{43}, S_1^{43}, S_2^{43}, S_3^{43}, S_4^{43}$			1,2,4,6,7
S_0^{44} , S_1^{44} , S_2^{44} , S_3^{44} , S_4^{44}			1,2,5,6,7
$s_0^{44}, s_1^{44}, s_2^{44}, s_3^{44}, s_4^{44}$ $s_0^{45}, s_1^{45}, s_2^{45}, s_3^{45}, s_4^{45}$			1,3,4,5,6
$S_0^{46}, S_1^{46}, S_2^{46}, S_3^{46}, S_4^{46}$			1,3,4,5,7
$S_0^{47}, S_1^{47}, S_2^{47}, S_3^{47}, S_4^{47}$			1,3,4,6,7
$s_0^{48}, s_1^{48}, s_2^{48}, s_3^{48}, s_4^{48}$			1,3,5,6,7
S ⁴⁹ S ⁴⁹ S ⁴⁹ S ⁴⁹ S ⁴⁹			1,4,5,6,7
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^{50}, s_1^{50}, s_2^{50}, s_3^{50}, s_4^{50} \\ s_0^{51}, s_1^{51}, s_2^{51}, s_3^{51}, s_4^{51} \\ s_0^{52}, s_1^{52}, s_2^{52}, s_3^{52}, s_4^{52} \\ \end{array}$			2,3,4,5,6
$s_0^{51}, s_1^{51}, s_2^{51}, s_3^{51}, s_4^{51}$			2,3,4,5,7
$s_0^{52}, s_1^{52}, s_2^{52}, s_3^{52}, s_4^{52}$			2,3,4,6,7
$s_0^{53}, s_1^{53}, s_2^{53}, s_3^{53}, s_4^{53}$			2,3,5,6,7
$S_0^{54}, S_1^{54}, S_2^{54}, S_3^{54}, S_4^{54}$			2,4,5,6,7
$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}, s_3^{55}, s_4^{55}$			3,4,5,6,7

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31D: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 6$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 5$	Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s),N_{SRS}=6$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), <i>N</i> _{SRS} = 7	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 8$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	s_0^0, s_1^0	5	5	5	5	5	5
	•••	6	s_0^0, s_1^0	6	6	6	6
14	s_0^9, s_1^9		•••	7	s_0^0, s_1^0	7	7
15	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	20	S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}			8	s_0^0, s_1^0
	•••	21	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	27	s_0^{20}, s_1^{20} s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0		•••
24	s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9		•••	28	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	35	s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}
25	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	40	$s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}, s_2^{19}$		•••	36	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0
		41	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	62	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$		
29	$s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4, s_3^4$			63	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	91	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}$ $s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$
30	0,1,2,3,4	55	$s_0^{14}, s_1^{14}, s_2^{14}, s_3^{14}$			92	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$
31	reserved	56	$s_0^{14}, s_1^{14}, s_2^{14}, s_3^{14}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}, s_4^{0}$	97	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34}$		
			•••	98	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$	161	$s_0^{69}, s_1^{69}, s_2^{69}, s_3^{69}$
		61	$s_0^5, s_1^5, s_2^5, s_3^5, s_4^5$		•••	162	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$
		62	0,1,2,3,4,5	118	$S_0^{20}, S_1^{20}, S_2^{20}, S_3^{20}, S_4^{20}$		
		63	reserved	119	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0, s_5^0$	217	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}, s_3^{55}, s_4^{5}$
					•••	218	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}, s_3^{55}, s_4^{5}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}, s_4^{0}, s_5^{0}$
				125	$s_0^6, s_1^6, s_2^6, s_3^6, s_4^6, s_5^6$		
				126-127	reserved	245	$s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}, s_2^{27}, s_3^{27}, s_4^2$
						246-255	reserved

where SRIs $\{s_0^B, s_{1,\dots}^B, s_{v-1}^B\}$, $B \in \{0,1,\dots,C(N_{SRS},v)-1\}$ are as given in Table 7.3.1.1.2-29B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-30B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-31D-1.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31D-1: SRI combinations for 6 layers, $N_{SRS} > 6$

	SRI(s) for 6	SRI(s) for 6
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0, s_5^0$	0,1,2,3,4,5	0,1,2,3,4,5
$s_0^1, s_1^1, s_2^1, s_3^1, s_4^1, s_5^1$	0,1,2,3,4,6	0,1,2,3,4,6
$s_0^2, s_1^2, s_2^2, s_3^2, s_4^2, s_5^2$	0,1,2,3,5,6	0,1,2,3,4,7
$s_0^3, s_1^3, s_2^3, s_3^3, s_4^3, s_5^3$	0,1,2,4,5,6	0,1,2,3,5,6
$S_0^4, S_1^4, S_2^4, S_3^4, S_4^4, S_5^4$	0,1,3,4,5,6	0,1,2,3,5,7
$\begin{array}{c} s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4, s_3^4, s_4^4, s_5^4 \\ s_0^5, s_1^5, s_2^5, s_3^5, s_4^5, s_5^5 \end{array}$	0,2,3,4,5,6	0,1,2,3,6,7
$S_0^6, S_1^6, S_2^6, S_3^6, S_4^6, S_5^6$	1,2,3,4,5,6	0,1,2,4,5,6
$S_0^7, S_1^7, S_2^7, S_3^7, S_4^7, S_5^7$		0,1,2,4,5,7
$s_0^8, s_1^8, s_2^8, s_3^8, s_4^8, s_5^8$		0,1,2,4,6,7
$s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9, s_3^9, s_4^9, s_5^9$		0,1,2,5,6,7
$S_0^{10}, S_1^{10}, S_2^{10}, S_3^{10}, S_4^{10}, S_5^{10}$		0,1,3,4,5,6
$s_0^{11}, s_1^{11}, s_2^{11}, s_3^{11}, s_3^{11}, s_4^{11}, s$ $s_0^{12}, s_1^{12}, s_2^{12}, s_3^{12}, s_4^{12}, s$		0,1,3,4,5,7
$s_0^{12}, s_1^{12}, s_2^{12}, s_3^{12}, s_4^{12}, s_1^{12}$		0,1,3,4,6,7
S_1^{13} , S_1^{13} , S_2^{13} , S_2^{13} , S_3^{13} , S_4^{13} , S_5^{13}		0,1,3,5,6,7
s ₁ ⁴ , s ₁ ¹ , s ₂ ¹ , s ₃ ¹ , s ₄ ¹ , s ₁ s ₁ ⁵ , s ₁ ⁵ , s ₂ ⁵ , s ₃ ¹ , s ₄ ¹ , s ₁		0,1,4,5,6,7
$[S_0^{13}, S_1^{13}, S_2^{13}, S_3^{13}, S_4^{13}, S_1^{13}]$		0,2,3,4,5,6
$s_0^{16}, s_1^{16}, s_2^{16}, s_3^{16}, s_4^{16}, s$		0,2,3,4,5,7
$s_0^{17}, s_1^{17}, s_2^{17}, s_3^{17}, s_4^{17}, s$ $s_0^{18}, s_1^{18}, s_2^{18}, s_3^{18}, s_4^{18}, s$		0,2,3,4,6,7
$s_0^{18}, s_1^{18}, s_2^{18}, s_3^{18}, s_4^{18}, s_1^{18}$		0,2,3,5,6,7
$s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}, s_2^{19}, s_3^{19}, s_4^{19}, s_8^{19}$		0,2,4,5,6,7
$s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}, s_2^{20}, s_3^{20}, s_4^{20}, s$		0,3,4,5,6,7
$s_0^{21}, s_1^{21}, s_2^{21}, s_3^{21}, s_4^{21}, s$		1,2,3,4,5,6
$s_0^{22}, s_1^{22}, s_2^{22}, s_3^{22}, s_4^{22}, s$		1,2,3,4,5,7
$s_0^{23}, s_1^{23}, s_2^{23}, s_3^{23}, s_4^{23}, s$		1,2,3,4,6,7

	SRI(s) for 6	SRI(s) for 6
	layers, $N_{SRS} = 7$	layers, $N_{SRS} = 8$
$s_0^{24}, s_1^{24}, s_2^{24}, s_3^{24}, s_4^{24}, s$		1,2,3,5,6,7
$s_0^{25}, s_1^{25}, s_2^{25}, s_3^{25}, s_4^{25}, s$		1,2,4,5,6,7
$s_0^{26}, s_1^{26}, s_2^{26}, s_3^{26}, s_4^{26}, s$		1,3,4,5,6,7
$s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}, s_2^{27}, s_3^{27}, s_4^{27}, s$		2,3,4,5,6,7

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31E: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 7$

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{SRS} = 5$	Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 6$	Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 7$	Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), N _{SRS} = 8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	s_0^0, s_1^0	5	5	5	5	5	5
	•••	6	s_0^0, s_1^0	6	6	6	6
14	s_0^9, s_1^9			7	s_0^0, s_1^0	7	7
15	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	20	S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}			8	s_0^0, s_1^0
	•••	21	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	27	s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}		
24	s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9			28	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	35	s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}
25	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	40	$s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}, s_2^{19}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}$			36	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0
	•••	41	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	62	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$		
29	$s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4, s_3^4$			63	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$ $s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	91	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}$ $s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$
30	0,1,2,3,4	55	$S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}, S_2^{14}, S_3^{14}$		•••	92	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$
31	reserved	56	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$	97	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34}$		
				98	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34} s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}, s_4^{0}$	161	$s_0^{69}, s_1^{69}, s_2^{69}, s_3^{69}$ $s_0^{60}, s_1^{60}, s_2^{60}, s_3^{60}, s_4^{60}$
		61	$s_0^5, s_1^5, s_2^5, s_3^5, s_4^5$		***	162	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$
		62	0,1,2,3,4,5	118	$s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}, s_2^{20}, s_3^{20}, s_4^{20}$		
		63	reserved	119	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0, s_5^0$	217	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}, s_3^{55}, s_4^{55}$
					•••	218	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}, s_3^{55}, s_4^{55}$ $s_0^{0}, s_1^{0}, s_2^{0}, s_3^{0}, s_4^{0}, s_5^{0}$
				125	$s_0^6, s_1^6, s_2^6, s_3^6, s_4^6, s_5^6$		
				126	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	245	$s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}, s_2^{27}, s_3^{27}, s_4^{27}, s_5^{27}$
				127	reserved	246	0,1,2,3,4,5,6
						247	0,1,2,3,4,5,7
						248	0,1,2,3,4,6,7
						249	0,1,2,3,5,6,7
						250	0,1,2,4,5,6,7
						251	0,1,3,4,5,6,7
						252	0,2,3,4,5,6,7
	·					253	1,2,3,4,5,6,7
	(D D D)	D (0.4	2(11)			254-255	reserved

where SRIs $\{s_0^B, s_{1,\dots}^B, s_{v-1}^B\}$, $B \in \{0,1,\dots,C(N_{SRS},v)-1\}$ are as given in Table 7.3.1.1.2-29B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-31B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-31C-1 and Table 7.3.1.1.2-31D-1.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-31F: SRI indication, for non-codebook based PUSCH transmission, $N_{SRS} > 4$, $L_{max} = 8$

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Bit field		Bit field		Bit field		Bit field	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				SRI(s), $N_{SRS} =$		SRI(s) Nana = 7		$SRI(s)$ $N_{ang} = 8$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$N_{SRS}=5$		6		$O(1), N_{SRS} - 7$		$O(1)(3), M_{SRS} = 0$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5	S_0^0, S_1^0						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		•••	6	s_0^0, s_1^0				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14	s_0^9, s_1^9			7	s_0^0, s_1^0		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	20	S_0^{14}, S_1^{14}			8	s_0^0, s_1^0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			21	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	27	s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24	s_0^9, s_1^9, s_2^9			28	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0	35	s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	40	$s_0^{19}, s_1^{19}, s_2^{19}$			36	s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		•••	41	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	62	$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}$		•••
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	29	$s_0^4, s_1^4, s_2^4, s_3^4$			63	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$	91	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30	0,1,2,3,4	55	$s_0^{14}, s_1^{14}, s_2^{14}, s_3^{14}$			92	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31	reserved	56	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$		$s_0^{34}, s_1^{34}, s_2^{34}, s_3^{34}$		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				•••	98	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$	161	$s_0^{69}, s_1^{69}, s_2^{69}, s_3^{69}$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			_				162	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			62	0,1,2,3,4,5	118	$s_0^{20}, s_1^{20}, s_2^{20}, s_3^{20}, s_4^{20}$		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			63	reserved	119	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0, s_5^0$	217	$s_0^{55}, s_1^{55}, s_2^{55}, s_3^{55}, s_4^{55}$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							218	$s_0^0, s_1^0, s_2^0, s_3^0, s_4^0, s_5^0$
127 reserved 246 0,1,2,3,4,5,6 247 0,1,2,3,4,5,7 248 0,1,2,3,4,6,7 249 0,1,2,3,5,6,7 250 0,1,2,4,5,6,7 251 0,1,3,4,5,6,7 252 0,2,3,4,5,6,7 253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved						$s_0^6, s_1^6, s_2^6, s_3^6, s_4^6, s_5^6$		
247 0,1,2,3,4,5,7 248 0,1,2,3,4,6,7 249 0,1,2,3,5,6,7 250 0,1,2,4,5,6,7 251 0,1,3,4,5,6,7 252 0,2,3,4,5,6,7 253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved					126	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	245	$s_0^{27}, s_1^{27}, s_2^{27}, s_3^{27}, s_4^{27}, s_5^{27}$
248 0,1,2,3,4,6,7 249 0,1,2,3,5,6,7 250 0,1,2,4,5,6,7 251 0,1,3,4,5,6,7 252 0,2,3,4,5,6,7 253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved					127	reserved	246	
249 0,1,2,3,5,6,7 250 0,1,2,4,5,6,7 251 0,1,3,4,5,6,7 252 0,2,3,4,5,6,7 253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved								
250 0,1,2,4,5,6,7 251 0,1,3,4,5,6,7 252 0,2,3,4,5,6,7 253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved								
251 0,1,3,4,5,6,7 252 0,2,3,4,5,6,7 253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved								0,1,2,3,5,6,7
252 0,2,3,4,5,6,7 253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved								
253 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved								0,1,3,4,5,6,7
254 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7 255 reserved								
255 reserved							253	1,2,3,4,5,6,7
where SRIs $\{s^B, s^B, s^B, t^B, t^B, t^B, t^B, t^B, t^B, t^B, t$							255	reserved

where SRIs $\{s_{0,s}^{B}, s_{1,...,s}^{B}, s_{v-1}^{B}\}$, $B \in \{0,1,...,C(N_{SRS,v})-1\}$ are as given in Table 7.3.1.1.2-29B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-30B-1, Table 7.3.1.1.2-31D-1 and Table 7.3.1.1.2-31D-1.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-32: SRI indication or Second SRI indication, for codebook based PUSCH transmission, if ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured, or ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, or ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode2, or ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode2, or ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode2, or ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode3, or ul-FullPowerTransmission = ul-FullPowerTrans

Bit field mapped to index	SRI(s), $N_{\rm SRS} = 2$
0	0
1	1

Table 7.3.1.1.2-32A: SRI indication or Second SRI indication, for codebook based PUSCH transmission, if ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode2 and $N_{SRS} = 3$

Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 3$
0	0
1	1
2	2
3	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-32B: SRI indication or Second SRI indication, for codebook based PUSCH transmission, if ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode2 and $N_{SRS} = 4$

Bit field mapped to index	$SRI(s), N_{SRS} = 4$
0	0
1	1
2	2
3	3

Table 7.3.1.1.2-33: Joint indication of minimum applicable scheduling offset K0/K2

Bit field mapped to index	Minimum applicable K0 for the active DL BWP, if minimumSchedulingOffsetK0 is configured for the DL BWP	Minimum applicable K2 for the active UL BWP, if minimumSchedulingOffsetK2 is configured for the UL BWP
0	The first value configured by minimumSchedulingOffsetK0 for the active DL	The first value configured by minimumSchedulingOffsetK2 for the active UL
	BWP	BWP
1	The second value configured by minimumSchedulingOffsetK0 for the active DL BWP if the second value is configured; 0 otherwise	The second value configured by minimumSchedulingOffsetK2 for the active UL BWP if the second value is configured; 0 otherwise

Table 7.3.1.1.2-34: Redundancy version

Value of the Redundancy version field	Value of rv_{id} to be applied
0	0
1	2

Table 7.3.1.1.2-35: Allowed entries for DCI format 0_1/0_3 and DCI format 0_2, configured by higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1* and *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-2*, respectively, in frequency range 1

Entry index	Channel Access Type	The CP extension T_"ext" index defined in Clause 5.3.1 of [4, 38.211]	CAPC
0	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	1
1	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	2
2	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	3
3	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	4
4	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	1
5	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	2
6	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	3
7	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	4
8	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	1
9	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	2
10	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	3
11	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	4
12	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	1

Entry index	Channel Access Type	The CP extension T_"ext" index defined in Clause 5.3.1 of [4, 38.211]	CAPC
13	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	2
14	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	3
15	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	4
16	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	1
17	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	2
18	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	3
19	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	4
20	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	1
21	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	2
22	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	3
23	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	4
24	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	1
25	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	2
26	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	3
27	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	4
28	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	1
29	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	2
30	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	3
31	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0	4
32	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	1
33	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	2
34	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	3
35	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1	4
36	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	1
37	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	2
38	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	3
39	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	2	4
40	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	1
41	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	2
42	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	3
43	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3	4

Table 7.3.1.1.2-35A: Allowed entries for DCI format 0_1, DCI format 0_2 and DCI format 0_3, configured by higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1* in frequency range 2-2

Entry index	Channel Access Type
0	Type 1 channel access defined in clause 4.4.1 of TS 37.213 [14]
1	Type 2 channel access defined in clause 4.4.2 of TS 37.213 [14]
2	Type 3 channel access defined in clause 4.4.3 of TS 37.213 [14]

Table 7.3.1.1.2-36: SRS resource set indication

	mapped to	SRS resource set indication
	0	SRS resource indicator field and Precoding information and number of layers field are associated with the first SRS resource set;
		Second SRS resource indicator field and Second Precoding information field are reserved;
		If there are two indicated joint/UL TCI states, the first indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied to the corresponding PUSCH transmission occasions.
		SRS resource indicator field and Precoding information and number of layers field are associated with the second SRS resource set;
	1	Second SRS resource indicator field and Second Precoding information field are reserved;
		If there are two indicated joint/UL TCI states, the second indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied to the corresponding PUSCH transmission occasions. SRS resource indicator field and Precoding information and number of layers field
		are associated with the first SRS resource set; Second SRS resource indicator field and Second Precoding information field are
	2	associated with the second SRS resource set; If there are two indicated joint/UL TCI states, the first indicated joint/UL TCI state
	2	is applied to the PUSCH transmission occasions/antenna ports associated with the first SRS resource set, and the second indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied
		to the PUSCH transmission occasions/antenna ports associated with the second SRS resource set.
		SRS resource indicator field and Precoding information and number of layers field are associated with the first SRS resource set:
		Second SRS resource indicator field and Second Precoding information field are associated with the second SRS resource set;
	3	If there are two indicated joint/UL TCI states, the first indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied to the PUSCH transmission occasions associated with the first SRS
		resource set, and the second indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied to the PUSCH transmission occasions associated with the second SRS resource set.
		If multipanelSchemeSDM or multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, this row is reserved.
NOTE 1:		the second SRS resource sets are respectively the ones with lower and higher <i>srs-ld</i> of the two SRS resources sets configured by higher layer parameter <i>srs-</i>
		ToAddModList or srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2, and associated with the parameter usage of value 'nonCodeBook' if txConfig=nonCodebook or 'codebook' if
	srs-Resource	lebook. When only one SRS resource set is configured by higher layer parameter setToAddModListDCI-0-2, and associated with
		ver parameter usage of value 'codebook' or 'nonCodeBook' respectively, the first e set is the SRS resource set. The association of the first and second SRS
	of TS 38.214	• •
NOTE 2:	parameter srs	at 0_2, the first and second SRS resource sets configured by higher layer s-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2 are composed of the first N _{SRS,0_2} SRS
	configured by	pether with other configurations in the first and second SRS resource sets higher layer parameter srs-ResourceSetToAddModList, if any, and associated er layer parameter usage of value 'codebook' or 'nonCodeBook', respectively,
	_	higher layer parameters 'srs-ResourceSetId' and 'srs-ResourceIdList'.

Table 7.3.1.1.2-37: SRS offset indicator

Bit field mapped to index	Available slot offset, K=2	Bit field mapped to index	Available slot offset, K=3	Bit field mapped to index	Available slot offset, K=4
0	The 1 st entry in	0	The 1 st entry in	0	The 1 st entry in
	availableSlotOffsetLis		availableSlotOffsetLis		availableSlotOffsetLis
	t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS		t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS		t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS
	resource set;		resource set;		resource set;
	0, otherwise		0, otherwise		0, otherwise
1	The 2 nd entry in available Slot Offset Lis t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS resource set; 0, otherwise	2	The 2 nd entry in availableSlotOffsetLis t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS resource set; 0, otherwise The 3 rd entry in availableSlotOffsetLis t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS resource set;	2	The 2 nd entry in availableSlotOffsetLis t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS resource set; 0, otherwise The 3 rd entry in availableSlotOffsetLis t, if configured for the aperiodic SRS resource set;
		3	0, otherwise Reserved	3	0, otherwise The 4 th entry in
					availableSlotOffsetLis
					t, if configured for the
					aperiodic SRS resource set:
					0, otherwise

Table 7.3.1.1.2-38: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0
1	1	1
2	2	0
3	2	1
4	2	2
5	2	3
6	1	8
7	1	9
8	2	8
9	2	9
10	2	10
11	2	11
12-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-39: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0,1
1	2	0,1
2	2	2,3
3	2	0,2
4	1	8,9
5	2	8,9
6	2	10,11
7	2	9,11
8-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-40: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, multipanelSchemeSDM is not configured, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1	2	8-10
2	1	0,1,8
3	2	0,1,8
4	2	2,3,10
5-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-40A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1	2	8-10
2	1	0,1,8
3	2	0,1,8
4	2	2,3,10
5	2	0,2,3
6-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-41: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-3
1	2	8-11
2	1	0,1,8,9
3	2	0,1,8,9
4	2	2,3,10,11
5-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-42: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 5

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0,1,2,3,8
1-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-43: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 6

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0,1,2,3,8,10
1-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-44: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 7

Valu	ue	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0		2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10
1-1	5	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-45: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 8

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10,11
1-15	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-46: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1
2	2	0	1
3	2	1	1
4	2	2	1
5	2	3	1
6	2	0	2
7	2	1	2
8	2	2	2
9	2	3	2
10	2	4	2
11	2	5	2
12	2	6	2
13	2	7	2
14	1	8	1
15	1	9	1
16	2	8	1
17	2	9	1
18	2	10	1
19	2	11	1
20	2	8	2
21	2	9	2
22	2	10	2
23	2	11	2
24	2	12	2
25	2	13	2
26	2	14	2
27	2	15	2
28	1	0	2
29	1	1	2
30	1	8	2
31	1	9	2

Table 7.3.1.1.2-47: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0,1	1
1	2	0,1	1
2	2	2,3	1
3	2	0,2	1
4	2	0,1	2
5	2	2,3	2
6	2	4,5	2
7	2	6,7	2
8	2	0,4	2
9	2	2,6	2
10	1	8,9	1
11	2	8,9	1
12	2	10,11	1
13	2	8,9	2
14	2	10,11	2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
15	2	12,13	2
16	2	14,15	2
17	2	9,11	1
18	2	1,3	1
19	2	0,2	2
20	2	1,3	2
21	2	4,6	2
22	2	5,7	2
23	2	8,10	2
24	2	9,11	2
25	2	12,14	2
26	2	13,15	2
27	1	0,1	2
28	1	8,9	2
29	1	4,5	2
30	1	12,13	2
31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-48: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, multipanelSchemeSDM is not configured, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	2	0,1,4	2
2	2	2,3,6	2
3	2	9-11	1
4	2	8,9,12	2
5	2	10,11,14	2
6	1	0,1,8	1
7	2	0,1,8	1
8	2	2,3,10	1
9	2	0,1,8	2
10	2	4,5,12	2
11	2	2,3,10	2
12	2	6,7,14	2
13	2	5,8,9	2
14	2	7,10,11	2
15	2	7,12,13	2
16-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-48A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	2	0,1,4	2
2	2	2,3,6	2
3	2	9-11	1
4	2	8,9,12	2
5	2	10,11,14	2
6	1	0,1,8	1
7	2	0,1,8	1
8	2	2,3,10	1
9	2	0,1,8	2
10	2	4,5,12	2
11	2	2,3,10	2
12	2	6,7,14	2
13	2	5,8,9	2
14	2	7,10,11	2
15	2	7,12,13	2
16	2	0,2,3	1
17-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-49: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-3	1
1	2	0,1,4,5	2
2	2	2,3,6,7	2
3	2	0,2,4,6	2
4	2	8-11	1
5	2	8,9,12,13	2
6	2	10,11,14,15	2
7	2	1,3,5,7	2
8	1	0,1,8,9	1
9	2	0,1,8,9	1
10	2	2,3,10,11	1
11	1	0,1,8,9	2
12	1	4,5,12,13	2
13	2	0,1,8,9	2
14	2	4,5,12,13	2
15	2	2,3,10,11	2
16	2	6,7,14,15	2
17-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-50: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 5

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-4	2
1	2	0,1,2,3,8	1
2	1	0,1,4,5,8	2
3	2	0,1,4,5,8	2
4-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-51: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 6

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,4,6	2
1	2	0,1,2,3,8,10	1
2	1	0,1,4,5,8,12	2
3	2	0,1,4,5,8,12	2
4-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-52: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 7

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	2
1	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10	1
2	1	0,1,4,5,8,9,12	2
3	2	0,1,4,5,8,9,12	2
4-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-53: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 8

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	2
1	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10,11	1
2	1	0,1,4,5,8,9,12,13	2
3	2	0,1,4,5,8,9,12,13	2
4-31	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-54: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0
1	1	1
2	2	0
3	2	1
4	2	2
5	2	3
6	3	0
7	3	1
8	3	2
9	3	3
10	3	4
11	3	5
12	1	12
13	1	13
14	2	12
15	2	13
16	2	14
17	2	15
18	3	12
19	3	13
20	3	14
21	3	15
22	3	16
23	3	17
24-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-55: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0,1
1	2	0,1
2	2	2,3
3	3	0,1
4	3	2,3
5	3	4,5
6	2	0,2
7	1	12,13
8	2	12,13
9	2	14,15
10	3	12,13
11	3	14,15
12	3	16,17
13	3	13,15
14	2	13,15
15-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-56: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, multipanelSchemeSDM is not configured, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1	3	0-2
2	3	3-5
3	1	0,1,12
4	2	0,1,12
5	2	2,3,14

_	0	0.4.40
6	3	0,1,12
7	3	2,3,14
8	3	4,5,16
9	3	13,15,17
10-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-56A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, *maxLength*=1, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-2
1	3	0-2
2	3	3-5
3	1	0,1,12
4	2	0,1,12
5	2	2,3,14
6	3	0,1,12
7	3	2,3,14
8	3	4,5,16
9	3	13,15,17
10	2	0,2,3
11-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-57: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-3
1	3	0-3
2	1	0,1,12,13
3	2	0,1,12,13
4	2	2,3,14,15
5	3	0,1,12,13
6	3	2,3,14,15
7	3	4,5,16,17
8-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-58: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 5

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	3	0-4
1	2	0,1,2,3,12
2	3	0,1,2,3,12
3-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-59: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 6

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	3	0-5
1	2	0,1,2,3,12,14
2	3	0,1,2,3,12,14
3-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-60: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 7

0	2	0-3,12-14
1	3	0-3,12-14
2-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-61: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1, rank = 8

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	2	0-3,12-15
1	3	0-3,12-15
2-31	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-62: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 1

1	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1				
2 2 1 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 6 3 0 1 1 7 3 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2				
3 2 1 1 1 1 5 5 2 1 1 1 5 5 2 3 1 2 1 1 9 3 3 1 1 1 2 1 1 3 4 1 1 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 3 3 2 1 1 3 3 4				
4 2 2 1 5 2 3 1 6 3 0 1 7 3 1 1 8 3 2 1 9 3 3 1 10 3 4 1 11 3 5 1 12 3 0 2 13 3 1 2 14 3 2 2 15 3 3 2 16 3 4 2 17 3 5 2 18 3 6 2 19 3 7 2 20 3 8 2 21 3 9 2 22 3 10 2 22 3 10 2 22 3 11 2 26				
5 2 3 1 6 3 0 1 7 3 1 1 8 3 2 1 9 3 3 1 10 3 4 1 11 3 4 1 11 3 5 1 12 3 0 2 13 3 1 2 14 3 2 2 15 3 3 2 16 3 4 2 17 3 5 2 18 3 6 2 19 3 7 2 20 3 8 2 21 3 9 2 22 3 10 2 23 3 11 2 24 1 0 2 25				
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	46	3	18	2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
47	3	19	2
48	3	20	2
49	3	21	2
50	3	22	2
51	3	23	2
52	1	12	2
53	1	13	2
54	1	18	2
55	1	19	2
56-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-63: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 2

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0,1	1
1	2	0,1	1
2	2	2,3	1
3	3	0,1	1
4	3	2,3	1
5	3	4,5	1
6	2	0,2	1
7	3	0,1	2
8	3	2,3	2
9	3	4,5	2
10	3	6,7	2
11	3	8,9	2
12	3	10,11	2
13	1	0,1	2
14	1	6,7	2
15	2	0,1	2
16	2	2,3	2
17	2	6,7	2
18	2	8,9	2
19	1	12,13	1
20	2	12,13	1
21	2	14,15	1
22	3	12,13	1
23	3	14,15	1
24	3	16,17	1
25	3	12,13	2
26	3	14,15	2
27	3	16,17	2
28	3	18,19	2
29	3	20,21	2
30	3	22,23	2
31	1	12,13	2
32	1	18,19	2
33	2	12,13	2
34	2	14,15	2
35	2	18,19	2
36	2	20,21	2
37	3	13,15	1
38	2	13,15	1
39-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-64: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, multipanelSchemeSDM is not configured, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	3	0-2	1

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
2	3	3-5	1
3	3	0,1,6	2
4	3	2,3,8	2
5	3	4,5,10	2
6	1	0,1,12	1
7	2	0,1,12	1
8	2	2,3,14	1
9	3	0,1,12	1
10	3	2,3,14	1
11	3	4,5,16	1
12	3	7,12,13	2
13	3	9,14,15	2
14	3	11,16,17	2
15	3	9,18,19	2
16	3	18,19,20	2
17	3	21,22,23	2
18	3	13,15,17	1
19-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-64A: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 3

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-2	1
1	3	0-2	1
2	3	3-5	1
3	3	0,1,6	2
4	3	2,3,8	2
5	3	4,5,10	2
6	1	0,1,12	1
7	2	0,1,12	1
8	2	2,3,14	1
9	3	0,1,12	1
10	3	2,3,14	1
11	3	4,5,16	1
12	3	7,12,13	2
13	3	9,14,15	2
14	3	11,16,17	2
15	3	9,18,19	2
16	3	18,19,20	2
17	3	21,22,23	2
18	3	13,15,17	1
19	2	0,2,3	1
20-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-65: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 4

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0-3	1
1	3	0-3	1
2	3	0,1,6,7	2
3	3	2,3,8,9	2
4	3	4,5,10,11	2
5	3	12,13,18,19	2
6	3	14,15,20,21	2
7	3	16,17,22,23	2
8	1	0,1,12,13	1
9	2	0,1,12,13	1
10	2	2,3,14,15	1
11	3	0,1,12,13	1
12	3	2,3,14,15	1

1	13	3	4,5,16,17	1
14	1-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-66: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 5

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	3	0-4	1
1	2	0,1,2,3,6	2
2	2	0,1,2,3,12	1
3	3	0,1,2,3,12	1
4	1	0,1,6,7,12	2
5	2	0,1,6,7,12	2
6	3	0,1,6,7,12	2
7-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-67: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 6

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	3	0-5	1
1	2	0,1,2,3,6,8	2
2	2	0-3,12,14	1
3	3	0-3,12,14	1
4	1	0,1,6,7,12,18	2
5	2	0,1,6,7,12,18	2
6	3	0,1,6,7,12,18	2
7-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-68: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 7

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8	2
1	2	0-3,12-14	1
2	3	0-3,12-14	1
3	1	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2
4	2	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2
5	3	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2
6-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.1.2-69: Antenna port(s), transform precoder is disabled, dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2, rank = 8

Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8,9	2
1	2	0-3,12-15	1
2	3	0-3,12-15	1
3	1	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2
4	2	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2
5	3	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2
6-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

7.3.1.1.3 Format 0_2

DCI format 0_2 is used for the scheduling of PUSCH in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bit
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 0, indicating an UL DCI format
- Carrier indicator 0, 1, 2 or 3 bits determined by higher layer parameter *carrierIndicatorSizeDCI-0-2*, as defined in Clause 10.1 of [5, TS38.213]. This field is reserved when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell and the UE is configured for scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, with the same number of bits as that in this format carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- UL/SUL indicator 0 bit for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell or UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell but only one carrier in the cell is configured for PUSCH transmission; otherwise, 1 bit as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1.
- Bandwidth part indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits as determined by the number of UL BWPs $n_{BWP,RRC}$ configured by higher layers, excluding the initial UL bandwidth part. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{RWP}) \rceil$ bits, where
 - $n_{BWP} = n_{BWP,RRC} + 1$ if $n_{BWP,RRC} \le 3$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is equivalent to the ascending order of the higher layer parameter BWP-Id;
 - otherwise $n_{BWP} = n_{BWP,RRC}$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-1;

If a UE does not support active BWP change via DCI, the UE ignores this bit field.

- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following:
 - N_{RBG} bits if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, where N_{RBG} is defined in Clause 6.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ bits if only resource allocation type 1 is configured, or $\max\left(\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right],N_{RBG}\right)+1$ bits if resourceAllocationDCI-0-2-r16 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', where $N_{RBG,K1}=\left[\left(N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}+\left(N_{UL,BWP}^{start}\mod K1\right)\right)/K1\right],N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}$ is the size of the active UL bandwidth part, $N_{UL,BWP}^{start}$ is defined as in clause 4.4.4.4 of [4, TS 38.211] and K1 is given by higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-2. If the higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-2 is not configured, K1 is equal to 1.
 - If resourceAllocationDCI-0-2-r16 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', the MSB bit is used to indicate resource allocation type 0 or resource allocation type 1, where the bit value of 0 indicates resource allocation type 0 and the bit value of 1 indicates resource allocation type 1.
 - For resource allocation type 0, the N_{RBG} LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 6.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
 - For resource allocation type 1, the $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as follows:
 - For PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - N_{UL_hop} MSB bits are used to indicate the frequency offset according to Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214], where $N_{UL_hop} = 1$ if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetListsDCI-0-2* contains two offset values and $N_{UL_hop} = 2$ if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetListsDCI-0-2* contains four offset values
 - $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right] N_{UL_hop}$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - For non-PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and if resourceAllocationDCI-0-2-r16 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch' for the indicated bandwidth part, the UE assumes resource allocation type 0 for the indicated bandwidth part if the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the active bandwidth part is smaller than the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the indicated bandwidth part.

- Time domain resource assignment 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-2* if the higher layer parameter is configured, or I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *PUSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocationList* if the higher layer parameter *PUSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocationList* is configured and the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-2* is not configured; otherwise I is the number of entries in the default table.
- Frequency hopping flag 0 or 1 bit:
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter frequencyHoppingDCI-0-2 is not configured;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-3 otherwise, only applicable to resource allocation type 1, as defined in Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Modulation and coding scheme -5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 0, 1 or 2 bits determined by higher layer parameter numberOfBitsForRV-DCI-0-2
 - If 0 bit is configured, rv_{id} to be applied is 0;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.3-1;
 - 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-2.
- Transform precoder indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 1 bit if the higher layer parameter dynamicTransformPrecoderFieldPresenceDCI-0-2 is configured to 'enabled' and if the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI, where the bit value of 0 indicates that transform precoder is enabled and the bit value of 1 indicates that transform precoder is disabled. For a DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI and the value indicated by new data indicator field is 0, or for a DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by SP-CSI-RNTI, the bit is reserved.
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- HARQ process number number of bits determined by the following:
 - 5 bits determined by higher layer parameter *harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-0-2-v1700* if configured;
 - otherwise 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 bits determined by higher layer parameter harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-0-2
- Downlink assignment index 0, 1, 2 or 4 bits
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter downlinkAssignmentIndexDCI-0-2 is not configured;
 - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits otherwise,
 - 1st downlink assignment index 1 or 2 bits:
 - 1 bit for semi-static HARQ-ACK codebook for unicast and multicast if *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* = *semiStatic* is configured for both unicast and multicast and the higher layer parameter *fdmed-ReceptionMulticast* is not configured; otherwise for semi-static HARQ-ACK codebook for unicast;
 - 2 bits for dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook for unicast.
 - 2nd downlink assignment index 0 or 2 bits
 - 2 bits for dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook with two HARQ-ACK sub-codebooks for unicast;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

- 3rd downlink assignment index 0, 1 or 2 bits
 - 1 bit for semi-static HARQ-ACK codebook for multicast if the higher layer parameter *fdmed-ReceptionMulticast* is configured;
 - 2 bits for the dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook for multicast;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookList* for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-2* is configured, if the bit width of the 1st or 2 nd Downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_2 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the 1st or 2 nd Downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_2 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller 1st or 2 nd Downlink assignment index until the bit width of the 1st or 2 nd Downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_2 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookListMulticast* for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-2* is configured, if the bit width of the 3rd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_2 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the 3rd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_2 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller 3rd downlink assignment index until the bit width of the 3rd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_2 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS38.213]
- Second TPC command for scheduled PUSCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS38.213] if higher layer parameter *SecondTPCFieldDCI-0-2* is configured; 0 bit otherwise.
- SRS resource set indicator 0 or 2 bits
 - 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-36 if
 - txConfig = nonCodeBook, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2 and associated with the usage of value 'nonCodeBook', and is not configured with coresetPoolIndex or the value of coresetPoolIndex is the same for all CORESETs if coresetPoolIndex is provided, or
 - txConfig=codebook, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2 and associated with usage of value 'codebook', and is not configured with coresetPoolIndex or the value of coresetPoolIndex is the same for all CORESETs if coresetPoolIndex is provided;
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- SRS resource indicator number of bits determined by the following: '
 - $\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{k=1}^{min\{L_{max},N_{SRS,0,2}\}}{N_{SRS,0,2}\choose k}\right)\right]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-28/28A/29/29B/30/30B/31/31B if the higher layer parameter txConfig = nonCodebook, where
 - N_{SRS,0_2} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field if present,
 - N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set associated with the *coresetPoolIndex* value for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 0_2, if the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*,
 - otherwise $N_{SRS,0_2}$ is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set configured by higher layer parameter srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2 and associated with the higher layer parameter usage of value 'nonCodeBook', where the SRS resource set is composed of the first $N_{SRS,0_2}$ SRS resources together with other configurations in the SRS resource set, or in the SRS resource set with lower srs-ResourceSetId of two SRS resources sets, configured by higher layer parameter srs-

ResourceSetToAddModList, if any, and associated with the higher layer parameter usage of value 'nonCodeBook', except for the higher layer parameters 'srs-ResourceSetId' and 'srs-ResourceIdList',

and

- if UE supports operation with *maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2* and the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured,
 - L_{max} is given by max{maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2, maxMIMO-LayersforSDM-DCI-0-2} if maxMIMO-LayersforSDM-DCI-0-2 is configured
 - L_{max} is given by max{maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2, maxMIMO-LayersforSFN-DCI-0-2} if maxMIMO-LayersforSFN-DCI-0-2 is configured
 - L_{max} is given by maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2 otherwise
- otherwise, L_{max} is given by the maximum number of layers for PUSCH supported by the UE for the serving cell for non-codebook based operation.
- $\left[\log_2 N_{SRS,0.2}\right]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-32/32A/32B if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, where
 - N_{SRS,0_2} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field if present,
 - N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set associated with the *coresetPoolIndex* value for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 0_2, if the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*,
 - otherwise N_{SRS,0_2} is the number of configured SRS resources in the SRS resource set configured by higher layer parameter srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2 and associated with the higher layer parameter usage of value 'codeBook', where the SRS resource set is composed of the first N_{SRS,0_2} SRS resources together with other configurations in the SRS resource set configured by higher layer parameter srs-ResourceSetToAddModList, if any, and associated with the higher layer parameter usage of value 'codeBook', except for the higher layer parameters 'srs-ResourceSetId' and 'srs-ResourceIdList'.

When the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* and associated with *usage* of value '*codebook*' or '*nonCodeBook*', the first SRS resource set is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* value 0 and the second SRS resource set is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* value 1, where the first and the second SRS resource sets are respectively the ones with lower and higher *srs-ResourceSetId* of the two SRS resources sets, and the first and second SRS resource sets are composed of the first *N*_{SRS,0_2} SRS resources together with other configurations in the first and second SRS resource sets configured by higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList*, if any, and associated with the higher layer parameter *usage* of value '*codebook*' or '*nonCodeBook*', respectively, except for the higher layer parameters '*srs-ResourceSetId*' and '*srs-ResourceIdList*'.

- Second SRS resource indicator number of bits determined by the following:
 - $\left[\log_2\left(\max_{k\in\{1,2,\dots,\min\{l_{max},N_{SRS,0,2}\}\}}\binom{N_{SRS,0,2}}{k}\right)\right]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-28/29A/30A/31A with the same number of layers indicated by SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter txConfig = nonCodebook, the higher layer parameter maxMIMO-LayersforSDM-DCI-0-2 is not configured, and SRS resource set indicator field is present, where $N_{SRS,0,2}$ is the number of configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set, and
 - if UE supports operation with *maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2* and the higher layer parameter *maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* of the serving cell is configured,
 - L_{max} is given by *maxMIMO-LayersforSFN-DCI-0-2* if *maxMIMO-LayersforSFN-DCI-0-2* is configured
 - L_{max} is given by maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2 otherwise

- otherwise, L_{max} is given by the maximum number of layers for PUSCH supported by the UE for the serving cell for non-codebook based operation.
- $\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{k=1}^{min\{L_{max},N_{SRS,0,2}\}}\binom{N_{SRS,0,2}}{k}\right)\right]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-28/29 if the higher layer parameter txConfig = nonCodebook, the higher layer parameter maxMIMO-LayersforSDM-DCI-0-2 is configured and SRS resource set indicator field is present, where $N_{SRS,0,2}$ is the number of configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set, where the second SRS resource set is composed of the first $N_{SRS,0,2}$ SRS resources together with other configurations in the SRS resource set, or in the SRS resource set with higher srs-ResourceSetId of two SRS resources sets, configured by higher layer parameter srs-ResourceSetToAddModList, if any, and associated with the higher layer parameter usage of value usage of value usage of value usage of usage is given by usage usage
- $[\log_2 N_{SRS,0.2}]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-32/32A/32B if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook and SRS resource set indicator field is present, where $N_{SRS,0.2}$ is the number of configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set.
- 0 bit otherwise.
- Precoding information and number of layers number of bits determined by the following:
 - 0 bits if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodeBook*;
 - 0 bits for 1 antenna port and if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook;
 - 4, 5, or 6 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2 for 4 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2} if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
 - 4 or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2A for 4 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2=2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRanDCI-0-2k, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the value of higher layer parameter codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
 - 4 or 6 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2B for 4 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank* and *codebookSubset* with *maxRankDCI-0-2* and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2* respectively, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*, the values of higher layer parameters *maxRankDCI-0-2=3 or 4*, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*;
 - 2, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3 for 4 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and maxRankDCI-0-2=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
 - 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3A for 4 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, maxRankDCI-0-2=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and according

to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*;

- 2 or 4 bits according to Table7.3.1.1.2-4 for 2 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2} if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4A for 2 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, transform precoder is disabled, the maxRankDCI-0-2=2 if neither multipanelSchemeSPM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2} = 2 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2=nonCoherent;
- 1 or 3 bits according to Table7.3.1.1.2-5 for 2 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and maxRankDCI-0-2=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2}=1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2}=1 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5A for 2 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN, maxRankSDM and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, maxRankDCI-0-2=1 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or max{maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2} = 1 if multipanelSchemeSDM is configured, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the value of higher layer parameter codebookSubsetDCI-0-2.
- 7 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5D for 8 antenna ports by replacing maxRank-n8 with maxRankDCI-0-2, if CodebookTypeUL=codebook1, transform precoder is disabled, maxRankDCI-0-2 =4, and according to maxRankDCI-0-2;
- 4, 6 or 7 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5E for 8 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank* with *maxRankDCI-0-*2, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook1*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRankDCI-0-2* =1, 2 or 3 if transform precoder is disabled, and according to transform precoder and *maxRankDCI-0-2*;
- 6 or 7 or 8 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5G for 8 antenna ports by replacing maxRank with maxRankDCI-0-2, if CodebookTypeUL=codebook4, transform precoder is disabled, maxRankDCI-0-2=2, 3 or 4, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to maxRankDCI-0-2;
- 3 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5H for 8 antenna ports by replacing maxRank with maxRankDCI-0-2, if CodebookTypeUL=codebook4, transform precoder is enabled or maxRankDCI-0-2=1 if transform precoder is disabled, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower.
- 5, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5J for 8 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRankDCI-0-2* = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to transform precoder and *maxRankDCI-0-2*;
- 4, 7, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5L for 8 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook3*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRankDCI-0-2* = 1,

- 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to transform precoder and *maxRankDCI-0-2*;
- 6 or 7 or 8 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5M for 8 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook4*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRankDCI-0-2=2*, 3 or 4, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to *maxRankDCI-0-2*;
- 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5N for 8 antenna ports, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook4*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRankDCI-0-2=1* if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*.
- 6, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5O for 8 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, if *CodebookTypeUL=codebook2*, transform precoder is enabled or *maxRankDCI-0-2* = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is configured to *fullpowerMode1*, and according to transform precoder and *maxRankDCI-0-2*;
- 5, 7, 9 or 10 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5P for 8 antenna ports by replacing maxRank with maxRankDCI-0-2, if CodebookTypeUL=codebook3, transform precoder is enabled or maxRankDCI-0-2 = 1, 2, 3 or 4 if transform precoder is disabled, ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode1, and according to transform precoder and maxRankDCI-0-2;

For the higher layer parameter txConfig=codebook, if ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode2, the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2 is configured to be larger than 2, and at least one SRS resource with 4 antenna ports is configured in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field if present, otherwise in an SRS resource set with usage set to 'codebook', and an SRS resource with 2 antenna ports is indicated via SRI in the same SRS resource set, then Table 7.3.1.1.2-4 is used by replacing maxRank and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2 respectively.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, if different SRS resources with different number of antenna ports are configured, the bitwidth is determined according to the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources in all SRS resource set(s) with usage set to 'codebook'. If the number of ports for a configured SRS resource in the set is less than the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the field.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, when the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of the Precoding information and number of layers field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the Precoding information and number of layers field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the Precoding information and number of layers field for the two cases are the same.

When the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs, and is provided *sTx-2Panel*, and there are two SRS resource sets configured by *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* and associated with *usage* of value '*codebook*' or '*nonCodeBook*', the Precoding information and number of layers field is associated with the SRS resource set that is associated with the *coresetPoolIndex* value for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 0_2.

- Second Precoding information number of bits determined by the following:
 - 0 bits if SRS resource set indicator field is not present;
 - 0 bits if the higher layer parameter txConfig = nonCodeBook;
 - 0 bits for 1 antenna port and if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook;
 - 3, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2C with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank*, *maxRankSFN* and *codebookSubset* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, *maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2* and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*, respectively, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters *maxRankDCI-0-2* if neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured or *maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2* if *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*;

- 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2D with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2=2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2=2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the value of higher layer parameter codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
- 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2E with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank* and *codebookSubset* with *maxRankDCI-0-2* and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2* respectively, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, *maxRankDCI-0-2=3 or 4*, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*;
- 2, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3 with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
- 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3A with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 4 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank*, *maxRankSFN* and *codebookSubset* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, *maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2* and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*, respectively, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled, or disabled and *maxRankDCI-0-2*=1 if neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured or *maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2*=1 if *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, and the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*;
- 1 or 3 bits according to Table7.3.1.1.2-4B with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank*, *maxRankSFN* and *codebookSubset* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, *maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2* and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*, respectively, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters *maxRankDCI-0-2* if neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured or *maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2* if *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4C with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1, transform precoder is disabled, the maxRankDCI-0-2=2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2=2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2=nonCoherent;
- 1 or 3 bits according to Table7.3.1.1.2-5 with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports by replacing maxRank, maxRankSFN and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2, maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2, respectively, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, txConfig = codebook, ul-FullPowerTransmission is not configured or configured to fullpowerMode2 or configured to fullpower, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2 if neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5A with the same number of layers indicated by Precoding information and number of layers field for 2 antenna ports by replacing *maxRank*, *maxRankSFN* and *codebookSubset* with *maxRankDCI-0-2*, *maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2* and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*, respectively, if SRS resource set indicator field is present, *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled, or disabled and *maxRankDCI-0-2=1* if neither

multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured or maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2=1 if multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, and the value of higher layer parameter codebookSubsetDCI-0-2.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig=codebook, if ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode2, the values of higher layer parameters maxRankDCI-0-2 is configured to be larger than 2, and at least one SRS resource with 4 antenna ports is configured in the SRS resource set indicated by SRS resource set indicator field, and an SRS resource with 2 antenna ports is indicated via Second SRS resource indicator field in the same SRS resource set, then Table 7.3.1.1.2-4B is used by replacing maxRank and codebookSubset with maxRankDCI-0-2 and codebookSubsetDCI-0-2 respectively.

For the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*, if different SRS resources with different number of antenna ports are configured, the bitwidth is determined according to the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources in the second SRS resource set with usage set to 'codebook' as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-36. If the number of ports for a configured SRS resource in the set is less than the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the field.

For the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*, when the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of the Second Precoding information field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the Second Precoding information field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the Second Precoding information field for the two cases are the same.

- Antenna ports number of bits determined by the following:
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter antennaPortsFieldPresenceDCI-0-2 is not configured;
 - 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits otherwise,
 - 2 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6, if transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-Type=1, and maxLength=1, except that dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured and $\pi/2$ BPSK modulation is used:
 - 2 bits as defined by 7.3.1.1.2-6A, if transform precoder is enabled, and *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured, π/2 BPSK modulation is used, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=1, where n_{SCID} is the scrambling identity for antenna ports defined in Clause 6.4.1.1.1.2, in [4, TS38.211]:
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-7, if transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-Type=1, and maxLength=2, except that dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured and π/2 BPSK modulation is used:
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-7A, if transform precoder is enabled, and *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured, π/2 BPSK modulation is used, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=2, where *n_{SCID}* is the scrambling identity for antenna ports defined in Clause 6.4.1.1.1.2, in [4, TS38.211];
 - 3 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-8/9/10/10A/11 according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength*=1;
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-12/13/14/14A/15 according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength*=2;
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-16/17/18/18A/19 according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type=2*, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength=*1;
 - 5 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-20/21/22/22A/23 according to the value of rank, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type=2*, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is not configured, and *maxLength=2*.
 - 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-38/39/40/40A/41, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=1;
 - 5 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-46/47/48/48A/49, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=2;

- 5 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-54/55/56/56A/57, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=1;
- 6 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-62/63/64/64A/65, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, *dmrs-TypeEnh* is configured, and *maxLength*=2.

where the number of CDM groups without data of values 1, 2, and 3 in Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6 to 7.3.1.1.2-23 refers to CDM groups $\{0\}$, $\{0,1\}$, and $\{0,1,2\}$ respectively, and the value of rank is

- the sum of the value determined according to the SRS resource indicator field and the value determined according to the second SRS resource indicator field, if *txConfig* = *nonCodebook* and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "10"
- the sum of the value determined according to the Precoding information and number of layers field and the value determined according to the Second Precoding information, if *txConfig = codebook* and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "10"
- determined according to the SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook* and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, , or if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook*, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "00" or "01"
- determined according to the Precoding information and number of layers field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook* and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is not configured, or if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*, *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured and SRS resource set indicator field equals "00" or "01".

If a UE is configured with both dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-0-2 and dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-0-2 and is configured with antennaPortsFieldPresenceDCI-0-2, the bitwidth of this field equals $\max\{x_A, x_B\}$, where x_A is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-0-2 and x_B is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-0-2. A number of $|x_A - x_B|$ zeros are padded in the MSB of this field, if the mapping type of the PUSCH corresponds to the smaller value of x_A and x_B .

If a UE is not configured with higher layer parameter *antennaPortsFieldPresenceDCI-0-2*, antenna port(s) are defined assuming bit field index value 0 in Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6 to 7.3.1.1.2-23.

When the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of the Antenna ports field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the Antenna ports field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the Antenna ports field for the two cases are the same.

- SRS request 0, 1, 2 or 3 bits
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter srs-RequestDCI-0-2 is not configured;
 - 1 bit as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.3-1 if higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-0-2 = 1* and for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell;
 - 2 bits if higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-0-2* = 1 and for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell, where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second bit is defined by Table 7.3.1.1.3-1;
 - 2 bits as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 if higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-0-2* = 2 and for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell;
 - 3 bits if higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-0-2* = 2 and for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell, where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second and third bits are defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24;
- SRS offset indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits.
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is not configured for any aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell, or if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is configured for at least one aperiodic SRS

resource set in the scheduled cell and the maximum number of entries of availableSlotOffsetList configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) is 1;

- otherwise, [log₂(K)] bits are used to indicate available slot offset according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-37 and Clause
 6.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214], where K is the maximum number of entries of availableSlotOffsetList configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) in the scheduled cell;
- CSI request 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 bits determined by higher layer parameter reportTriggerSizeDCI-0-2.
- PTRS-DMRS association number of bits determined as follows
 - 0 bit if PTRS-UplinkConfig is not configured in either dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA or dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB and transform precoder is disabled, or if transform precoder is enabled, or if maxRankDCI-0-2=1 and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, or if maxRankDCI-0-2=1 and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is configured, or if maxRankDCI-0-2=1 and maxRankSFN-DCI-0-2=1, or if maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2=1 and maxMIMO-LayersforSFN-DCI-0-2=1, or if maxRankDCI-0-2=1 and maxRankSDM-DCI-0-2=1 when two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts-SDM, or if maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2=1 and maxMIMO-LayersforSDM-DCI-0-2=1 when two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts-SDM;
 - 2 bits otherwise, where Table 7.3.1.1.2-25/7.3.1.1.2-25A/7.3.1.1.2-25B/7.3.1.1.2-26 are used to indicate the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s), and the DMRS ports are indicated by the Antenna ports field.
 - When one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig*, SRS resource set indicator field is absent or SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "00" or "01" and maxRank*DCI-0-2*<=4 or *maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2*<=4, this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26.
 - When one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts in PTRS-UplinkConfig, the SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" or "11", maxRankDCI-0-2=3 or 4 or maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2=3 or 4 and neither multipanelSchemeSDM nor multipanelSchemeSFN is not configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26.
 - When one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by <code>maxNrofPorts</code> in <code>PTRS-UplinkConfig</code>, the SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" or "11" and <code>maxRankDCI-0-2=2</code> or <code>maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2=2</code> and neither <code>multipanelSchemeSDM</code> nor <code>multipanelSchemeSFN</code> is configured, the MSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field, and the LSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second Precoding information field, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25A.
 - When two PTRS ports are configured by *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig*, the SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, the MSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port 0 and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field, and the LSB of this field indicates the association between PTRS port 1 and DMRS port(s) corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second Precoding information field, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25A.
 - When one PTRS port is configured by *maxNrofPorts-SDM* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig*, SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10" and *multipanelSchemeSDM* is configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port and DMRS ports corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field and Second Precoding information field according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25.
 - When one PTRS port or two PTRS ports are configured by *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig*, SRS resource set indicator field is present and equals "10", *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured, this field indicates the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to SRS resource indicator field and/or Precoding information and number of layers field according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26.

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and the "PTRS-DMRS association" field is present for the indicated bandwidth part but not present for the active bandwidth part, the UE assumes the "PTRS-DMRS association" field is not present for the indicated bandwidth part.

When the Transform precoder indicator field is present, if the bit width of PTRS-DMRS association field for the case with transform precoder enabled is not equal to that for the case with transform precoder disabled, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the PTRS-DMRS association field for the case with smaller bit width until the bit width of the PTRS-DMRS association field for the two cases are the same.

- Second PTRS-DMRS association 2 bits if PTRS-DMRS association field and SRS resource set indicator field are present and *maxRankDCI-0-2>2* or *maxMIMO-LayersDCI-0-2>2* and neither *multipanelSchemeSDM* nor *multipanelSchemeSFN* is configured; 0 bit otherwise. Table 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26 are used to indicate the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) corresponding to Second SRS resource indicator field and/or Second precoding information field when one PT-RS port and two PT-RS ports are configured by *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* respectively, and the DMRS ports are indicated by the Antenna ports field.
- beta_offset indicator 0 bit if the higher layer parameter betaOffsetsDCI-0-2 = semiStaticDCI-0-2; otherwise 1 bit if 2 offset indexes are configured by higher layer parameter dynamicDCI-0-2 as defined by Table 9.3-3A in [5, TS 38.213], and 2 bits if 4 offset indexes are configured by higher layer parameter dynamicDCI-0-2 as defined by Table 9.3-3 in [5, TS 38.213].

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookList* or by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-CodebookListMulticast* for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-2* is configured, if the bit width of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_2 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_2 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller beta_offset indicator until the bit width of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_2 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- DMRS sequence initialization 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *dmrs-SequenceInitializationDCI-0-2* is not configured, or if transform precoder is enabled by higher layers and the Transform precoder indicator field is not present;
 - 1 bit if transform precoder is disabled by higher layers and the higher layer parameter *dmrs-SequenceInitializationDCI-0-2* is configured, or if the Transform precoder indicator field is present and the higher layer parameter *dmrs-SequenceInitializationDCI-0-2* is configured. If the Transform precoder indicator field is present and set to '0', the bit is reserved.
- UL-SCH indicator 1 bit. A value of "1" indicates UL-SCH shall be transmitted on the PUSCH and a value of "0" indicates UL-SCH shall not be transmitted on the PUSCH. If a UE does not support triggering SRS only in DCI, except for DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by SP-CSI-RNTI, the UE is not expected to receive a DCI format 0_2 with UL-SCH indicator of "0" and CSI request of all zero(s). If a UE supports triggering SRS only in DCI, except for DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by SP-CSI-RNTI, the UE is not expected to recerve a DCI format 0_2 with UL-SCH indicator of "0", CSI request of all zero(s) and SRS request of all zero(s).
- ChannelAccess-CPext-CAPC 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-2 or in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if channelAccessMode-r16 = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, or the number of entries in the high layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1 for operation in frequency range 2-2 if ChannelAccessMode2-r17 is provided; otherwise 0 bit. One or more entries from Table 7.3.1.1.2-35 are configured by the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1 in frequency range 2-2.
- Open-loop power control parameter set indication 0 or 1 or 2 bits.
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *p0-PUSCH-SetList* is not configured;
 - 1 or 2 bits otherwise,
 - 1 bit if SRS resource indicator is present in the DCI format 0_2;

- 1 or 2 bits as determined by higher layer parameter *olpc-ParameterSetDCI-0-2* if SRS resource indicator is not present in the DCI format 0_2;
- Priority indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-2* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 9 in [5, TS 38.213].
- Invalid symbol pattern indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *invalidSymbolPatternIndicatorDCI-0-2* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 in [6, TS 38.214].
- PDCCH monitoring adaptation indication 0, 1 or 2 bits
 - 1 or 2 bits, if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is not configured and if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured with only one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured with more than one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*.
 - 1 or 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is not configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0 and search space set(s) with group index 1, and if the UE is not configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with any search space set with group index 2;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0, search space set(s) with group index 1 and search space set(s) with group index 2;
 - 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
 - 0 bit, otherwise

A UE does not expect that the bit width of a field in DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI is larger than corresponding bit width of same field in DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI for the same serving cell. If the bit width of a field in the DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI is not equal to that of the corresponding field in the DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI for the same serving cell, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the field in DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI until the bit width equals that of the corresponding field in the DCI format 0_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI for the same serving cell.

For a UE configured with scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, if prior to padding the number of information bits in DCI format 0_2 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell is not equal to the number of information bits in DCI format 0_2 carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 0_2 with smaller size until the payload size is the same.

- If application of step 4B in clause 7.3.1.0 results in additional zero padding for DCI format 0_2 for scheduling on the primary cell, corresponding zeros shall be appended to both DCI format 0_2 monitored on the primary cell and DCI format 0_2 monitored on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- If the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is not set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 0_2 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* for the SCell. If the active DL BWP of the SCell is a dormant DL BWP, or if the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 0_2 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstWithinActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell if provided; otherwise, based on a DL BWP provided by *firstOutsideActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell.

Table 7.3.1.1.3-1: 1 bit SRS request in DCI format 0_2 and DCI format 1_2

Value of SRS request field	Triggered aperiodic SRS resource set(s) for DCI format 0_2 and 1_2
0	No aperiodic SRS resource set triggered
1	SRS resource set(s) configured with higher layer parameter aperiodicSRS-
'	ResourceTrigger set to 1 or an entry in aperiodicSRS-ResourceTriggerList set to 1

7.3.1.1.4 Format 0 3

DCI format 0_3 is used for the scheduling of one PUSCH in one cell, or multiple PUSCHs in multiple cells with one PUSCH per cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 0_3 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bit
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 0, indicating an UL DCI format
- Scheduled cell set indicator [log₂ N_{set}] bits, where N_{set} is the number of cell sets which are configured by higher layer parameter *mc-DCI-SetofCellsToAddModList* to be respectively scheduled by DCI format 0_3/1_3 from the cell on which this format is carried by PDCCH. If present, this field is used to indicate the scheduled cell set according to Table 7.3.1.1.4-1; otherwise, the scheduled cell set is the cell set configured to be scheduled by DCI format 0_3/1_3 from the cell by higher layer parameter *mc-DCI-SetofCellsToAddModList*.
- Scheduled cells indicator number of bits determined by the following:
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3* for the scheduled cell set is not configured;
 - otherwise $\lceil \log_2 I_{UL} \rceil$ bits indicating the scheduled cells in the scheduled cell set according to Table 7.3.1.1.4-2, where I_{UL} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3*. If only one entry is configured in the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3*, the scheduled cells are the cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3*.
- Bandwidth part indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits determined as $[\log_2 n_{BWP,max}]$, where
 - $n_{BWP,max} = n_{BWP,RRC}^{max} + 1$ if $n_{BWP,RRC}^{max} \le 3$, $n_{BWP,RRC}^{max}$ is the maximum number of UL BWPs configured by higher layers, excluding the initial UL bandwidth part, across all the cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-0-3* in the scheduled cell set, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is equivalent to the ascending order of the higher layer parameter *BWP-Id*;
 - otherwise $n_{BWP,max} = n_{BWP,BRC}^{max}$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-1;

The field is only applicable to a scheduled cell with the number of configured UL BWPs larger than 1, including the initial UL bandwidth part, and is applied to the applicable scheduled cells in the scheduled cell set independently. If a UE does not support active BWP change via DCI, the UE ignores this bit field. If this field indicates a code point that does not correspond to a configured BWP of a scheduled cell, the UE ignores this bit field for the scheduled cell, and operates on the active BWP of the scheduled cell.

- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following, where $N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}$ is the size of the active UL bandwidth part:
 - block number 1, block number 2,..., block number N_{cell}^{UL}

If scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3 for the scheduled cell set is configured with more than one entry, N_{cell}^{UL} is the number of scheduled cells indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field; if scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3 for the scheduled cell set is configured with only one entry, N_{cell}^{UL} is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3; otherwise, N_{cell}^{UL} is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter scheduledCellListDCI-0-3 in the scheduled cell set. Each block corresponds to the frequency domain resource assignment for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the frequency domain resource assignment for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is defined by the following fields:

- If higher layer parameter useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH in BWP-UplinkDedicated is not configured
 - N_{RBG} bits if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, where N_{RBG} is defined in Clause 6.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ bits if only resource allocation type 1 is configured, or $\max\left(\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right],N_{RBG}\right)+1$ bits if resourceAllocationDCI-0-3 is configured as

'dynamicSwitch', where $N_{RBG,K1} = \left[\left(N_{RB}^{UL,BWP} + \left(N_{UL,BWP}^{start} \mod K1 \right) \right) / K1 \right]$, $N_{RB}^{UL,BWP}$ is the size of the active UL bandwidth part, $N_{UL,BWP}^{start}$ is defined as in clause 4.4.4.4 of [4, TS 38.211] and K1 is given by higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-3. If the higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-3 is not configured, K1 is equal to 1.

- If resourceAllocationDCI-0-3 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', the MSB bit is used to indicate resource allocation type 0 or resource allocation type 1, where the bit value of 0 indicates resource allocation type 0 and the bit value of 1 indicates resource allocation type 1.
- For resource allocation type 0, the N_{RBG} LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 6.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- For resource allocation type 1, the $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as follows:
 - For PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - N_{UL_hop} MSB bits are used to indicate the frequency offset according to Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214], where $N_{UL_hop} = 1$ if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetLists* contains two offset values and $N_{UL_hop} = 2$ if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetLists* contains four offset values
 - $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right] N_{UL_hop}$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
 - For non-PUSCH hopping with resource allocation type 1:
 - $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K1}\left(N_{RBG,K1}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and if *resourceAllocationDCI-0-3* is configured as '*dynamicSwitch*' for the indicated bandwidth part, the UE assumes resource allocation type 0 for the indicated bandwidth part if the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the active bandwidth part is smaller than the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the indicated bandwidth part.

- If the higher layer parameter useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH in BWP-UplinkDedicated is configured
 - 5 + Y bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 30 kHz. The 5 MSBs provide the interlace allocation and the Y LSBs provide the RB set allocation.
 - 6 + Y bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] if the subcarrier spacing for the active UL bandwidth part is 15 kHz. The 6 MSBs provide the interlace allocation and the Y LSBs provide the RB set allocation.

The value of Y is determined by $\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}(N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}+1)}{2}\right)\right]$ where $N_{\text{RB-set,UL}}^{\text{BWP}}$ is the number of RB sets contained in the active UL BWP as defined in clause 7 of [6, TS38.214].

If the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3* for the scheduled cell set is not configured, each block is also used to indicate whether the corresponding cell is scheduled or not as follows:

- if all bits of a block are set to 0 for resource allocation type 0, or set to 1 for resource allocation type 1, or set to 0 or 1 for dynamic switch resource allocation type, or set to 0 for resource allocation type 2 with μ =1, or set to 1 for resource allocation type 2 with μ =0, the cell corresponding to the block is not scheduled;
- otherwise, the cell corresponding to the block is scheduled.
- Time domain resource assignment $\lceil \log_2(I_{TDRA}) \rceil$ bits, where I_{TDRA} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-0-3. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-0-3 according to Table 7.3.1.1.4-3. Each entry in the higher layer parameter tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-0-3 contains the 'Time domain resource assignment' index for each BWP of each cell in the

scheduled cell set, where the 'Time domain resource assignment' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, and the 'Time domain resource assignment' indexes for all the BWPs of a cell are placed according to an ascending order of the higher layer parameter *BWP-Id*.

- Frequency hopping flag 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *frequencyHopping* is not configured for any cell configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-0-3* in the scheduled cell set;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-3 otherwise, only applicable to resource allocation type 1, as defined in Clause 6.3 of [6, TS 38.214].

The field is only applicable to a scheduled cell configured with *frequencyHopping*, and is applied to the applicable scheduled cells independently.

- Modulation and coding scheme number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the modulation and coding scheme for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the modulation and coding scheme for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214].

- New data indicator number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the new data indicator for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the new data indicator for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 1 bit.

- Redundancy version number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the redundancy version for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the redundancy version for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 0, 1 or 2 bits determined by higher layer parameter *numberOfBitsForRV-DCI-0-3* configured for the cell corresponding to the block,

- If 0 bit is configured, rv_{id} to be applied is 0;
- 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.3-1;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-2.
- HARQ process number number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the HARQ process number for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the HARQ process number for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits determined by higher layer parameter *harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-0-3* configured for the cell corresponding to the block.

- 1st downlink assignment index 1 or 2 bits
 - 1 bit for semi-static HARQ-ACK codebook;
 - 2 bits for dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook.

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-3* is configured, if the bit width of the 1st downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_3 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the 1st downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_3 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller 1st

downlink assignment index until the bit width of the 1st downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_3 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- 2nd downlink assignment index 0 or 2 bits:
 - 2 bits for dynamic HARQ-ACK codebook with two HARQ-ACK sub-codebooks;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-3* is configured, if the bit width of the 2nd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_3 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the 2nd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_3 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller 2nd downlink assignment index until the bit width of the 2nd downlink assignment index in DCI format 0_3 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- TPC command for scheduled PUSCH number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the TPC command for the scheduled PUSCH for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the TPC command for the scheduled PUSCH for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.1.1 of [5, TS38.213].

- SRS resource indicator number of bits determined by the following:
 - If *sri-DCI0-3= type1a* is configured by higher layer,
 - $\max_{r \in \{1,2,...,N_{cell}^{UL,2}\}} M_s(r)$ bits applying to the scheduled cells with $M_s(r) > 0$ independently, where $N_{cell}^{UL,2}$ is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-0-3* in the scheduled cell set, r is mapped to the cells according to an ascending order of a serving cell index with r = 1 corresponding to the cell with the smallest serving cell index, and $M_s(r)$ is defined below.
 - If *sri-DCI0-3*= *type2* is configured by higher layer,
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the SRS resource indicator for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the SRS resource indicator for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is defined below.

 $M_s(r)$ above for the case of sri-DCI0-3 = type1a or each block above for the case of sri-DCI0-3 = type2 is defined by the following:

- $\left[\log_2\left(\sum_{k=1}^{min\{L_{max},N_{SRS}\}}\binom{N_{SRS}}{k}\right)\right]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-28/29/30/31 if the higher layer parameter txConfig = nonCodebook, where N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the first SRS resource set configured by higher layer parameter srs-ResourceSetToAddModList, and associated with the higher layer parameter usage of value 'nonCodeBook' and
 - if UE supports operation with maxMIMO-Layers and the higher layer parameter maxMIMO-Layers of PUSCH-Serving CellConfig of the serving cell is configured, L_{max} is given by that parameter
 - otherwise, L_{max} is given by the maximum number of layers for PUSCH supported by the UE for the serving cell for non-codebook based operation.
- $[log_2(N_{SRS})]$ bits according to Tables 7.3.1.1.2-32, 7.3.1.1.2-32A and 7.3.1.1.2-32B if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, where N_{SRS} is the number of configured SRS resources in the first SRS resource set configured by higher layer parameter srs-ResourceSetToAddModList, and associated with the higher layer parameter usage of value 'codeBook'.
- Precoding information and number of layers number of bits determined by the following:
 - If *tpmi-DCI0-3= type1a* is configured by higher layer,

- $\max_{r \in \{1,2,\dots,N_{cell}^{UL,2}\}} M_p(r)$ bits applying to the scheduled cells with $M_p(r) > 0$ independently, where r is mapped to the cells according to an ascending order of a serving cell index with r = 1 corresponding to the cell with the smallest serving cell index, and $M_p(r)$ is defined below.
- If tpmi-DCI0-3= type2 is configured by higher layer,
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the precoding information and number of layers for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the precoding information and number of layers for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is defined below.

 $M_p(r)$ above for the case of *tpmi-DCI0-3= type1a* or each block above for the case of *tpmi-DCI0-3= type2* is defined by the following:

- 0 bits if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodeBook*;
- 0 bits for 1 antenna port and if the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook;
- 4, 5, or 6 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2 for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters *maxRank*, and *codebookSubset*;
- 4 or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2A for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, *maxRank*=2, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*;
- 4 or 6 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-2B for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, *maxRank*=3 or 4, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*;
- 2, 4, or 5 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3 for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled or disabled, and the values of higher layer parameters *maxRank* and *codebookSubset*;
- 3 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-3A for 4 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* = *fullpowerMode1*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled, or disabled and *maxRank*=1, and the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*;
- 2 or 4 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4 for 2 antenna ports, if *txConfig* = *codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is not configured or configured to *fullpowerMode2* or configured to *fullpower*, transform precoder is disabled, and according to the values of higher layer parameters *maxRank* and *codebookSubset*;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-4A for 2 antenna ports, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission = fullpowerMode1*, transform precoder is disabled, *maxRank*=2, and *codebookSubset=nonCoherent*:
- 1 or 3 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5 for 2 antenna ports, if txConfig = codebook, ul-Full Power Transmission is not configured or configured to full power Mode 2 or full power Mode
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-5A for 2 antenna ports, if *txConfig = codebook*, *ul-FullPowerTransmission =fullpowerMode1*, and according to whether transform precoder is enabled, or disabled and *maxRank*=1, and the value of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset*.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig=codebook, if ul-FullPowerTransmission is configured to fullpowerMode2, maxRank is configured to be larger than 2, and at least one SRS resource with 4 antenna ports is configured in an SRS resource set with usage set to 'codebook', and an SRS resource with 2 antenna ports is indicated via SRI in the same SRS resource set, then Table 7.3.1.1.2-4 is used.

For the higher layer parameter txConfig = codebook, if different SRS resources with different number of antenna ports are configured, the bitwidth is determined according to the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources in an SRS resource set with usage set to 'codebook'. If the number of ports for a configured SRS resource in the set is less than the maximum number of ports in an SRS resource among the configured SRS resources, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to the field.

- Antenna ports number of bits determined by the following:
 - If antennaPortsDCI0-3= type1a is configured by higher layer,
 - $\max_{r \in \{1,2,\dots,N_{cell}^2\}} M_A(r) \text{ bits applying to the scheduled cells independently, where } r \text{ is mapped to the cells according to an ascending order of a serving cell index with } r = 1 \text{ corresponding to the cell with the smallest serving cell index, and } M_A(r) \text{ is defined below.}$
 - If antennaPortsDCI0-3= type2 is configured by higher layer,
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the Antenna ports information for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the Antenna ports information for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is defined below.

 $M_A(r)$ above for the case of *antennaPortsDCI0-3= type1a* or each block above for the case of *antennaPortsDCI0-3= type2* is defined by the following:

- 2 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6, if transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-Type=1, and maxLength=1, except that dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured and π/2 BPSK modulation is used;
- 2 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6A, if transform precoder is enabled and *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured, π/2 BPSK modulation is used, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=1, where n_{SCID} is the scrambling identity for antenna ports defined in clause 6.4.1.1.1.2, TS38.211];
- 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-7, if transform precoder is enabled, dmrs-Type=1, and maxLength=2, except that dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding and tp-pi2BPSK are both configured and $\pi/2$ BPSK modulation is used;
- 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-7A, if transform precoder is enabled and *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding* and *tp-pi2BPSK* are both configured, π/2 BPSK modulation is used, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=2, where n_{SCID} is the scrambling identity for antenna ports defined in clause 6.4.1.1.1.2, TS38.211];
- 3 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-8/9/10/11, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=1, and the value of rank is determined according to the SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook* and according to the Precoding information and number of layers field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*;
- 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-12/13/14/15, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=1, and *maxLength*=2, and the value of rank is determined according to the SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook* and according to the Precoding information and number of layers field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*;
- 4 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-16/17/18/19, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, and *maxLength*=1, and the value of rank is determined according to the SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook* and according to the Precoding information and number of layers field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*;
- 5 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-20/21/22/23, if transform precoder is disabled, *dmrs-Type*=2, and *maxLength*=2, and the value of rank is determined according to the SRS resource indicator field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *nonCodebook* and according to the Precoding information and number of layers field if the higher layer parameter *txConfig* = *codebook*.

where the number of CDM groups without data of values 1, 2, and 3 in Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6 to 7.3.1.1.2-23 refers to CDM groups $\{0\}$, $\{0,1\}$, and $\{0,1,2\}$ respectively.

If a UE is configured with both dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA and dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB, the bitwidth of this field equals $\max\{x_A, x_B\}$, where x_A is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA and x_B is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB. A number of $|x_A - x_B|$ zeros are padded in the MSB of this field, if the mapping type of the PUSCH corresponds to the smaller value of x_A and x_B .

- SRS request [log₂(I_{SRS})] bits, where I_{SRS} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter srs-RequestListDCI-0-3, or 0 bit if the higher layer parameter srs-RequestListDCI-0-3 is not configured. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter srs-RequestListDCI-0-3 according to Table 7.3.1.1.4-4. Each entry in the higher layer parameter srs-RequestListDCI-0-3 contains the 'SRS request' index for each cell in the scheduled cell set, where the 'SRS request' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index. Each 'SRS request' index is defined by the following:
 - 2 bits as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell; 3 bits for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second and third bits are defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24. This bit field may also indicate the associated CSI-RS according to Clause 6.1.1.2 of [6, TS 38.214].
- SRS offset indicator $\left[\log_2(l_{offset})\right]$ bits, where l_{offset} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3, or 0 bit if the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3 is not configured. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3 according to Table 7.3.1.1.4-5. Each entry in the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3 contains the 'SRS offset indicator' index for each cell in the scheduled cell set, where the 'SRS offset indicator' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index. Each 'SRS offset indicator' index is defined by the following:
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is not configured for any aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell, or if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is configured for at least one aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell and the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) is 1;
 - otherwise, $\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$ bits are used to indicate available slot offset according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-37 and Clause 6.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214], where K is the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) in the scheduled cell;
- CSI request 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 bits determined by higher layer parameter *reportTriggerSize*. This field is applied to the cell with the smallest serving cell index among the scheduled cells indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field or Frequency domain resource assignment field.
- PTRS-DMRS association number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{UL}

Each block corresponds to the PTRS-DMRS association information for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the PTRS-DMRS association information for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is defined by the following:

- 0 bit if PTRS-UplinkConfig is not configured in either dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA or dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB and transform precoder is disabled, or if transform precoder is enabled, or if maxRankDCI=1;
- 2 bits otherwise, where Table 7.3.1.1.2-25 and 7.3.1.1.2-26 are used to indicate the association between PTRS port(s) and DMRS port(s) when one PT-RS port and two PT-RS ports are configured by maxNrofPorts in PTRS-UplinkConfig respectively, and the DMRS ports are indicated by the Antenna ports field.

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and the "PTRS-DMRS association" field is present for the indicated bandwidth part but not present for the active bandwidth part, the UE assumes the "PTRS-DMRS association" field is not present for the indicated bandwidth part.

- beta_offset indicator 0 or 2 bits
 - 0 bit if *betaOffsets = semiStatic* is configured in *uci-OnPUSCH-ListDCI-0-3* for all the cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-0-3* in the scheduled cell set;
 - otherwise 2 bits as defined by Table 9.3-3 in [5, TS 38.213].

When two HARQ-ACK codebooks are configured for the same serving cell and if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-3* is configured, if the bit width of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_3 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_3 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller beta_offset indicator until the bit width of the beta_offset indicator in DCI format 0_3 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

The field is only applicable to a scheduled cell configured with *betaOffsets* = *dynamic* in *uci-OnPUSCH-ListDCI-0-3*, and is applied to the applicable scheduled cells independently.

- DMRS sequence initialization - 1 bit if transform precoder is disabled at least for one cell configured by higher layer parameter *ScheduledCellListDCI-0-3* in the scheduled cell set; otherwise, 0 bit.

This field is independently applied to all the scheduled cells with transform precoder disabled, and indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field or Frequency domain resource assignment field.

- UL-SCH indicator 1 bit. A value of "1" indicates UL-SCH shall be transmitted on the PUSCH and a value of "0" indicates UL-SCH shall not be transmitted on the PUSCH. A UE is not expected to receive a DCI format 0_3 with UL-SCH indicator of "0" and CSI request of all zero(s). This field is applied to the cell with the smallest serving cell index among the scheduled cells indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field or Frequency domain resource assignment field.
- Channel Access-CPext-CAPC $\max_{r \in \{1,2,\dots,N_{cell}^2\}} M_c(r)$ bits applying to the scheduled cells with $M_c(r) > 0$ independently, where N_{cell}^2 is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduled CellList DCI-0-3* in the scheduled cell set, r is mapped to the cells according to an ascending order of a serving cell index with r = 1 corresponding to the cell with the smallest serving cell index, and $M_c(r)$ is defined by the following:
 - 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1* or in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if *channelAccessMode-r16* = "*semiStatic*" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, or for operation in frequency range 2-2 if *ChannelAccessMode2-r17* is provided; otherwise 0 bit. One or more entries from Table 7.3.1.1.2-35 or Table 7.3.1.1.2-35A are configured by the higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-0-1*.
- Open-loop power control parameter set indication $\max_{r \in \{1,2,\dots,N_{cell}^2\}} M_o(r)$ bits applying to the scheduled cells with $M_o(r) > 0$ independently, where r is mapped to the cells according to an ascending order of a serving cell index with r = 1 corresponding to the cell with the smallest serving cell index, and $M_o(r)$ is defined by the following:
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *p0-PUSCH-SetList* is not configured for a serving cell associated to index *r*;
 - 1 or 2 bits otherwise,
 - 1 bit if SRS resource indicator block number r is present in the DCI format 0_3 when SRI-DCI0-3 = type2 or if $M_s(r) > 0$ when SRI-DCI0-3 = type1a;
 - 1 or 2 bits as determined by higher layer parameter *olpc-ParameterSetDCI-0-1* if SRS resource indicator block number r is not present in the DCI format 0_3 when SRI-DCI0-3 = type2 or if $M_s(r) = 0$ when SRI-DCI0-3 = type1a.
- Priority indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-0-3* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 9 in [5, TS 38.213]. This field is applied to all the scheduled cells indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field or Frequency domain resource assignment field.
- Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter minimumSchedulingOffsetK0DCI-0-3 is not configured;

- 1 bit otherwise. The 1 bit indication is used to determine the minimum applicable K2 for the active UL BWP and the minimum applicable K0 for the active DL BWP, if configured respectively, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-33. If the minimum applicable K0 is indicated, the minimum applicable value of the aperiodic CSI-RS triggering offset for an active DL BWP for each scheduled cell shall be the same as the minimum applicable K0.
- SCell dormancy indication 0 bit if higher layer parameter dormancyDCI-0-3 or dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime is not configured; otherwise 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 bits bitmap determined according to the number of different DormancyGroupID(s) provided by higher layer parameter dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime, where each bit corresponds to one of the SCell group(s) configured by higher layers parameter dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime, with MSB to LSB of the bitmap corresponding to the first to last configured SCell group in ascending order of DormancyGroupID. The field is only present when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell within DRX Active Time and the UE is configured with at least two DL BWPs for an SCell.
- PDCCH monitoring adaptation indication 0, 1 or 2 bits
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *pdcchMonAdaptDCI-0-3* is not enabled;
 - otherwise,
 - 1 or 2 bits, if *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* is not configured and if *pdcch-SkippingDurationList* is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured with only one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured with more than one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*.
 - 1 or 2 bits, if *pdcch-SkippingDurationList* is not configured and if *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0 and search space set(s) with group index 1, and if the UE is not configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with any search space set with group index 2;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0, search space set(s) with group index 1 and search space set(s) with group index 2;
 - 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured

If *scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3* for the cell set is configured, zeros shall be appended to DCI format 0_3 if needed until the payload size equals the size of DCI format 0_3 that is determined by the configuration of the corresponding active bandwidth part(s) of the scheduled cells in the entry which results in the largest size among the entries in the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3*.

If an SCell within the scheduled cell set is deactivated, the UE determines the bitwidth of the fields in DCI format 0_3 based on a UL BWP provided by *firstActiveUplinkBWP-Id* for the SCell.

Table 7.3.1.1.4-1: Scheduled cell set indicator in DCI format 0_3 and DCI format 1_3

Bit field mapped to index	Scheduled cell set				
0	The cell set with the smallest set ID configured by mc-DCI-SetofCellsToAddModList				
1	The cell set with the 2 nd smallest set ID configured by <i>mc-DCI-</i>				
	SetofCellsToAddModList				
2	The cell set with the 3 rd smallest set ID configured by <i>mc-DCI-</i>				
	SetofCellsToAddModList, if any				
3	The cell set with the 4 th smallest set ID configured by <i>mc-DCI-</i>				
	SetofCellsToAddModList, if any				

Table 7.3.1.1.4-2: Scheduled cells indicator in DCI format 0_3

Bit field mapped to index	Scheduled cells
0	The cells configured by the 1 st entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3
1	The cells configured by the 2 nd entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3
2	The cells configured by the 3 rd entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3, if any
3	The cells configured by the 4th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any
4	The cells configured by the 5 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any
5	The cells configured by the 6 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any
6	The cells configured by the 7 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any
7	The cells configured by the 8th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any
8	The cells configured by the 9th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any
9	The cells configured by the 10 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3, if any
10	The cells configured by the 11 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3, if any
11	The cells configured by the 12 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any
12	The cells configured by the 13 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3, if any
13	The cells configured by the 14 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3, if any
14	The cells configured by the 15th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-0-3, if any
15	The cells configured by the 16th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-0-3, if any

Table 7.3.1.1.4-3: Time domain resource assignment in DCI format 0_3

Bit field mapped to index	Indicated time domain resource allocation				
0	The 1 st entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-0-3				
1	The 2 nd entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-0-3				
2	The 3 rd entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-0-3, if any				
i	The $(i+1)^{th}$ entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-0-3, if any				

Table 7.3.1.1.4-4: SRS request in DCI format 0_3

Bit field mapped to index	Triggered aperiodic SRS resource set(s)			
0	The 1 st entry in srs-RequestListDCI-0-3			
1	The 2 nd entry in srs-RequestListDCI-0-3			
2	The 3 rd entry in srs-RequestListDCI-0-3, if any			
15	The 16th entry in srs-RequestListDCI-0-3, if any			

Table 7.3.1.1.4-5: SRS offset indicator in DCI format 0_3

Bit field mapped to index	Available slot offset			
0	The 1st entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3			
1	The 2 nd entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3			
2	The 3 rd entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3, if any			
7	The 8 th entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-0-3, if any			

7.3.1.2 DCI formats for scheduling of PDSCH

7.3.1.2.1 Format 1_0

DCI format 1_0 is used for the scheduling of PDSCH in one DL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_0 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bits
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 1, indicating a DL DCI format

- Frequency domain resource assignment - $\left[\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL,BWP}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL,BWP}+1)/2)\right]$ bits where $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL,BWP}$ is given by Clause 7.3.1.0

If the CRC of the DCI format 1_0 is scrambled by C-RNTI and the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field are of all ones, the DCI format 1_0 is for random access procedure initiated by a PDCCH order, with all remaining fields set as follows:

- Random Access Preamble index 6 bits according to ra-PreambleIndex in Clause 5.1.2 of [8, TS38.321]
- UL/SUL indicator 1 bit.
 - If the Cell indicator field is absent or the Cell indicator field indicates serving cell, if the value of the "Random Access Preamble index" is not all zeros and if the UE is configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell, this field indicates which UL carrier in the cell to transmit the PRACH according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-1;
 - If the Cell indicator field indicates a candidate cell, if the value of the "Random Access Preamble index" is not all zeros and if the UE is configured with *ltm-EarlyUL-SyncConfigSUL* in *LTM-Candidate* for the candidate cell, this field indicates which UL carrier in the candidate cell to transmit the PRACH according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-1;
 - Otherwise, this field is reserved.
- SS/PBCH index 6 bits. If the value of the "Random Access Preamble index" is not all zeros, this field indicates
 the SS/PBCH that shall be used to determine the RACH occasion for the PRACH transmission; otherwise, this
 field is reserved.
- PRACH Mask index 4 bits. If the value of the "Random Access Preamble index" is not all zeros, this field indicates the RACH occasion associated with the SS/PBCH indicated by "SS/PBCH index" for the PRACH transmission, according to Clause 5.1.1 of [8, TS38.321]; otherwise, this field is reserved
- Cell indicator [log₂(C + 1)] bits indicating the cell for the corresponding PRACH transmission if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter EarlyUL-SyncConfig, where C is the number of candidate cells configured with higher layer parameter EarlyUL-SyncConfig; 0 bit otherwise. The bit field index 0 of the cell indicator field is mapped to the serving cell, and other bit field indexes are mapped to the candidate cells configured with higher layer parameter EarlyUL-SyncConfig according to an ascending order of a candidate identity configured by ltm-CandidateId, with the bit field index 1 mapped to the candidate cell with the smallest candidate identity.
- PRACH association indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 1bit if the UE is provided with *tag2-Id*, and the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs. This field is reserved if the cell indicated by Cell indicator field is a candidate cell.
 - This field indicates the PCI associated with the PRACH transmission if the UE is provided *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI*. The bit field index 0 of this field is mapped to the PCI of the serving cell, and the bit field index 1 of this field is mapped to the additional PCI associated with active TCI states.
 - This field indicates the PL-RS for the PRACH transmission if the UE is not provided *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI*. The bit field index 0 of this field is mapped to the DL RS that the DM-RS of the PDCCH order is quasi-collocated with, and the bit field index 1 of this field is mapped to the SS/PBCH indicated by the SS/PBCH index field in this DCI format.
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- PRACH retransmission indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 1bit if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *EarlyUL-SyncConfig*. This field indicates initial transmission or retransmission of PRACH according to Table 7.3.1.2.1-3 if the cell indicated by Cell indicator field is a candidate cell, and this field is reserved if the cell indicated by Cell indicator field is a serving cell but not a candidate cell.
 - 0 bit otherwise.

- Reserved bits a number of bits as determined by the following:
 - $(12 Y_1 Y_2)$ bits for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1 or when the DCI format is monitored in common search space for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2;
 - $(10 Y_1 Y_2)$ bits otherwise;

where,

- $Y_1 = 0$ if the UE is not configured with higher layer parameter *EarlyUL-SyncConfig*; $Y_1 = [log_2(C+1)]+1$ otherwise.
- $Y_2 = 0$ if the "PRACH association indicator" field is not present in this DCI format; $Y_2 = 1$ otherwise.

Otherwise, all remaining fields are set as follows:

- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- HARQ process number 4 bits
- Downlink assignment index 2 bits as defined in Clause 9.1.3 of [5, TS 38.213], as counter DAI
- TPC command for scheduled PUCCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.2.1 of [5, TS 38.213]
- PUCCH resource indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]
- PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS38.213]
- ChannelAccess-CPext 2 bits indicating combinations of channel access type and CP extension as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4, or Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if *channelAccessMode-r16* = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1; 2 bits indicating channel access type as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4B if *ChannelAccessMode2-r17* is provided for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2; 0 bits otherwise
- Reserved bits 2 bits when the DCI format is monitored in common search space for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2 and the number of bits for the field of 'Channel Access-CPext' is 0; 0 bits otherwise

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_0 with CRC scrambled by P-RNTI:

- Short Messages Indicator 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.2.1-1.
- Short Messages 8 bits, according to Clause 6.5 of [9, TS38.331]. If only the scheduling information for Paging, and TRS availability indication if *trs-ResourceSetConfig* or *trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18* is configured, are carried, this bit field is reserved.
- Frequency domain resource assignment $\left\lceil \log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL,BWP}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL,BWP}}+1)/2) \right\rceil$ bits. If only the short message, and TRS availability indication if trs-ResourceSetConfig or trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18 is configured, are carried, this bit field is reserved.
 - $N_{\text{RR}}^{\text{DL,BWP}}$ is the size of CORESET 0
- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]. If only the short message, and TRS availability indication if *trs-ResourceSetConfig* or *trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18* is configured, are carried, this bit field is reserved.
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5. If only the short message, and TRS availability indication if *trs-ResourceSetConfig* or *trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18* is configured, are carried, this bit field is reserved.

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3 of [6, TS38.214], using Table 5.1.3.1-1. If only the short message, and TRS availability indication if *trs-ResourceSetConfig* or *trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18* is configured, are carried, this bit field is reserved.
- TB scaling 2 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3.2 of [6, TS38.214]. If only the short message, and TRS availability indication if *trs-ResourceSetConfig* or *trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18* is configured, are carried, this bit field is reserved.
- TRS availability indication 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 bits, where the number of bits is equal to one plus the highest value of all the *indBitID*(s) provided by the *trs-ResourceSetConfig* if configured or the number of bits is equal to one plus the highest value of all the *indBitID-r18*(s) provided by the *trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18* if configured; 0 bits otherwise.
- Reserved bits (8 M) bits for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1 or for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2; (6 M) bits for operation in a cell without shared spectrum channel access, where the value of M is the number of bits for the field of 'TRS availability indication' as defined above.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_0 with CRC scrambled by SI-RNTI:

- Frequency domain resource assignment $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}+1)/2)\right]$ bits
 - $N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}$ is the size of CORESET 0
- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3 of [6, TS38.214], using Table 5.1.3.1-1
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- System information indicator 1 bit as defined in Table 7.3.1.2.1-2
- Reserved bits 17 bits for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1 or for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2; otherwise 15 bits

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_0 with CRC scrambled by RA-RNTI or MsgB-RNTI:

- Frequency domain resource assignment $\left\lceil \log_2(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{DL,BWP}}(N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{DL,BWP}}+1)/2) \right\rceil$ bits
 - $N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}$ is the size of CORESET 0 is configured for the cell and $N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}$ is the size of initial DL bandwidth part if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell
- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3 of [6, TS38.214], using Table 5.1.3.1-1
- TB scaling 2 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3.2 of [6, TS38.214]
- LSBs of SFN 2 bits for the DCI format 1_0 with CRC scrambled by MsgB-RNTI as defined in Clause 8.2A of [5, TS 38.213] if msgB-responseWindow is configured to be larger than 10 ms; or 2 bits for the DCI format 1_0 with CRC scrambled by RA-RNTI as defined in Clause 8.2 of [5, TS 38.213] for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access if ra-ResponseWindow or ra-ResponseWindow-v1610 is configured to be larger than 10 ms; 0 bit otherwise
- Reserved bits (16 A) bits for operation in a cell without shared spectrum access in frequency range 1 and frequency range 2-1, (18 A) for operation in a cell with shared spectrum access in frequency range 1 or for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2, where the value of A is the number of bits for the field of 'LSBs of SFN' as defined above

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bit
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 1, indicating a DL DCI format
- Frequency domain resource assignment $\left[\log_2(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL,BWP}(N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL,BWP}+1)/2)\right]$ bits
 - $N_{RR}^{DL,BWP}$ is the size of CORESET 0
- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3 of [6, TS38.214], using Table 5.1.3.1-1
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- HARQ process number 4 bits
- Downlink assignment index 2 bits
 - 2 bits indicating the number of repetitions for PUCCH as defined in clause 9.2.6 of [5, TS38.213] according to Table 7.3.1.2.1-4, if the higher layer parameter *numberOfMsg4HARQ-ACK-Repetitions* is configured with at least two repetition factors and the UE has indicated capability of PUCCH repetition on common PUCCH resource [8, TS38.321];
 - otherwise, reserved.
- TPC command for scheduled PUCCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.2.1 of [5, TS38.213]
- PUCCH resource indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS38.213]
- PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS38.213]
- ChannelAccess-CPext 2 bits indicating combinations of channel access type and CP extension as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4, or Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if *channelAccessMode-r16* = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1; 2 bits indicating channel access type as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4B if *ChannelAccessMode2-r17* is provided for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2; otherwise 0 bit
- Reserved bits 2 bits when the DCI format is monitored in common search space for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2 and the number of bits for the field of 'Channel Access-CPext' is 0; 0 bits otherwise

Table 7.3.1.2.1-1: Short Message indicator

Bit field	Short Message indicator
00	Reserved
01	Only scheduling information for Paging, and TRS availability indication if trs-
	ResourceSetConfig is configured, are present in the DCI
10	Only short message, and TRS availability indication if trs-ResourceSetConfig is
	configured, are present in the DCI
11	Both scheduling information for Paging, TRS availability indication if trs-
	ResourceSetConfig is configured and short message are present in the DCI

Table 7.3.1.2.1-2: System information indicator

Bit field	System information indicator					
0	SIB1 [9, TS38.331, Clause 5.2.1]					
1	SI message [9, TS38.331, Clause 5.2.1]					

Table 7.3.1.2.1-3: PRACH retransmission indicator

Bit field	PRACH retransmission indicator			
0	Initial transmission of PRACH			
1	Retransmission of PRACH			

Table 7.3.1.2.1-4: Number of repetitions $N_{\text{PUCCH}}^{\text{repeat}}$ as a function of 2 bits of Downlink assignment index field

Bit field	N ^{repeat} PUCCH
00	First repetition factor configured by numberOfMsg4HARQ-ACK-Repetitions
01	Second repetition factor configured by numberOfMsg4HARQ-ACK-Repetitions
10	Third repetition factor configured by numberOfMsg4HARQ-ACK-Repetitions if provided, otherwise reserved
11	Fourth repetition factor configured by numberOfMsg4HARQ-ACK-Repetitions if provided, otherwise reserved

7.3.1.2.2 Format 1_1

DCI format 1_1 is used for the scheduling of one or multiple PDSCH in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bits
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 1, indicating a DL DCI format
- Carrier indicator 0 or 3 bits as defined in Clause 10.1 of [5, TS 38.213]. This field is reserved when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell and the UE is configured for scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, with the same number of bits as that in this format carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- Bandwidth part indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits as determined by the number of DL BWPs $n_{\text{BWP,RRC}}$ configured by higher layers, excluding the initial DL bandwidth part. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{\text{BWP}}) \rceil$ bits, where
 - $n_{\text{BWP}} = n_{\text{BWP,RRC}} + 1$ if $n_{\text{BWP,RRC}} \le 3$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is equivalent to the ascending order of the higher layer parameter BWP-Id;
 - otherwise $n_{\text{BWP}} = n_{\text{BWP,RRC}}$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-1;

If a UE does not support active BWP change via DCI, the UE ignores this bit field.

- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following, where $N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}$ is the size of the active DL bandwidth part:
 - N_{RBG} bits if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, where N_{RBG} is defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS38.214],
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP} + 1)/2) \right]$ bits if only resource allocation type 1 is configured, or
 - $\max\left(\left\lceil \log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}+1)/2)\right\rceil, N_{RBG}\right) + 1$ bits if *resourceAllocation* is configured as 'dynamicSwitch'.

- If *resourceAllocation* is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', the MSB bit is used to indicate resource allocation type 0 or resource allocation type 1, where the bit value of 0 indicates resource allocation type 0 and the bit value of 1 indicates resource allocation type 1.
- For resource allocation type 0, the $N_{\rm RBG}$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- For resource allocation type 1, the $\left[\log_2(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL,BWP}}(N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL,BWP}}+1)/2)\right]$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and if *resourceAllocation* is configured as '*dynamicSwitch*' for the indicated bandwidth part, the UE assumes resource allocation type 0 for the indicated bandwidth part if the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the active bandwidth part is smaller than the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the indicated bandwidth part.

- Time domain resource assignment 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits
 - If the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* is not configured and if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* is configured, 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as ∫log₂(*I*) bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* if the higher layer parameter is configured;
 - if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* is configured, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as [log₂(*I*)] bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*;
 - otherwise *I* is the number of entries in the default table.
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 0 or 1 bit:
 - 0 bit if only resource allocation type 0 is configured or if interleaved VRB-to-PRB mapping is not configured by high layers;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5 otherwise, only applicable to resource allocation type 1, as defined in Clause 7.3.1.6 of [4, TS 38.211].
- PRB bundling size indicator 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* is not configured or is set to 'staticBundling', or 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* is set to 'dynamicBundling' according to Clause 5.1.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Rate matching indicator 0, 1, or 2 bits according to higher layer parameters *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2*, where the MSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and the LSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup2* when there are two groups.
- ZP CSI-RS trigger 0, 1, or 2 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.4.2 of [6, TS 38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{ZP} + 1) \rceil$ bits, where n_{ZP} is the number of aperiodic ZP CSI-RS resource sets configured by higher layer.

For transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit if the number of scheduled PDSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is 1; otherwise 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits determined based on the maximum number of schedulable PDSCH among all entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*, where each bit corresponds to one scheduled PDSCH as defined in clause 5.1.3 in [6, TS 38.214].
- Redundancy version number of bits determined by the following:

- 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2 if the number of scheduled PDSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is 1;
- otherwise 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits determined by the maximum number of schedulable PDSCHs among all entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*, where each bit corresponds to one scheduled PDSCH as defined in clause 5.1.3 in [6, TS 38.214] and redundancy version is determined according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-34.

For transport block 2 (only present if maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI equals 2):

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit if the number of scheduled PDSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is 1; otherwise 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits determined based on the maximum number of schedulable PDSCH among all entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*, where each bit corresponds to one scheduled PDSCH as defined in clause 5.1.3 in [6, TS 38.214].
- Redundancy version number of bits determined by the following:
 - 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2 if the number of scheduled PDSCH indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field is 1;
 - otherwise 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits determined by the maximum number of schedulable PDSCHs among all entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*, where each bit corresponds to one scheduled PDSCH as defined in clause 5.1.3 in [6, TS 38.214] and redundancy version is determined according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-34.

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and the value of *maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI* for the indicated bandwidth part equals 2 and the value of *maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI* for the active bandwidth part equals 1, the UE assumes zeros are padded when interpreting the "Modulation and coding scheme", "New data indicator", and "Redundancy version" fields of transport block 2 according to Clause 12 of [5, TS38.213], and the UE ignores the "Modulation and coding scheme", "New data indicator", and "Redundancy version" fields of transport block 2 for the indicated bandwidth part.

- HARQ process number 5 bits if higher layer parameter *harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-1-1* is configured; otherwise 4 bits
- Downlink assignment index number of bits as defined in the following
 - 6 bits if more than one serving cell are configured in the DL and the higher layer parameter *nfi-TotalDAI-Included* is configured. The 4 MSB bits are the counter DAI and the total DAI for the scheduled PDSCH group, and the 2 LSB bits are the total DAI for the non-scheduled PDSCH group.
 - 4 bits if only one serving cell is configured in the DL and the higher layer parameter *nfi-TotalDAI-Included* is configured. The 2 MSB bits are the counter DAI for the scheduled PDSCH group, and the 2 LSB bits are the total DAI for the non-scheduled PDSCH group;
 - 4 bits if more than one serving cell are configured in the DL, the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook=dynamic* or *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-r16= enhancedDynamic*, and *nfi-TotalDAI-Included* is not configured, where the 2 MSB bits are the counter DAI and the 2 LSB bits are the total DAI;
 - 4 bits if one serving cell is configured in the DL, and the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook=dynamic*, and the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for one or more first CORESETs and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for one or more second CORESETs, and is provided *ackNackFeedbackMode = joint*, where the 2 MSB bits are the counter DAI and the 2 LSB bits are the total DAI;
 - 2 bits if only one serving cell is configured in the DL, the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook=dynamic* or *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-r16=enhancedDynamic*, and *nfi-TotalDAI-Included* is not configured, when the UE is not configured with *coresetPoolIndex* or the value of *coresetPoolIndex* is the same for all CORESETs if *coresetPoolIndex* is provided or the UE is not configured with *ackNackFeedbackMode = joint*, where the 2 bits are the counter DAI;

- 0 bits otherwise.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, the number of serving cells is determined within a PUCCH group.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* is replaced by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-secondaryPUCCHgroup-r16* if present for the secondary PUCCH group.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-1* is configured, if the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller Downlink assignment index until the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- TPC command for scheduled PUCCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.2.1 of [5, TS 38.213]
- Second TPC command for scheduled PUCCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.2.1 of [5, TS 38.213] if higher layer parameter *SecondTPCFieldDCI-1-1* is configured; 0 bit otherwise.
- PUCCH resource indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]
- PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator 0, 1, 2, or 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter dl-DataToUL-ACK.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-1* is configured, if the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook on the same cell for PUCCH transmission, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator until the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

If higher layer parameter *pucch-sSCellDyn* is configured, if the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_1 associated with one cell for PUCCH transmission is not equal to that of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_1 associated with the other cell for PUCCH transmission, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator until the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_1 associated with the two cells are the same.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pucch-sSCellDyn* is replaced by *pucch-sSCellDynSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group.

- One-shot HARQ-ACK request 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter pdsch-HARQ-ACK-OneShotFeedback-r16 or pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList is configured;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList* is replaced by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3SecondaryToAddModList* for the secondary PUCCH group.

- Enhanced Type 3 codebook indicator 0, 1, 2, or 3 bits.
 - 0 bit if pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3DCI-Field is not configured;
 - $[\log_2(n_{\text{CB}})]$ bits otherwise, where n_{CB} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList*.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3DCI-Field is replaced by pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3DCI-FieldSecondaryPUCCHgroup for the secondary PUCCH group, and pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList is replaced by pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3SecondaryList for the secondary PUCCH group.

- PDSCH group index 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-r16= enhancedDynamic*;

- 0 bit otherwise.
- New feedback indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits.
 - 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-r16= enhancedDynamic* and the higher layer parameter *nfi-TotalDAI-Included* is not configured;
 - 2 bits if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-r16= enhancedDynamic* and the higher layer parameter *nfi-TotalDAI-Included=true*; the MSB corresponds to the scheduled PDSCH group, and the LSB corresponds to the non-scheduled PDSCH group, as defined in [TS38.213] clause 9.1.3.3
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- Number of requested PDSCH group(s) 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-r16= enhancedDynamic*;
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- HARQ-ACK retransmission indicator 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Retx* is configured.
 - 0 bit otherwise.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Retx* is replaced by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-RetxSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group.

Antenna port(s) - 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4/7/8/9/10 and Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A/7A/8A/9A/10A, where the number of CDM groups without data of values 1, 2, and 3 refers to CDM groups $\{0\}$, $\{0,1\}$, and $\{0,1,2\}$ respectively. The antenna ports $\{p_{0,\dots},p_{v-1}\}$ shall be determined according to the ordering of DMRS port(s) given by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4/7/8/9/10 or Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A/7A/8A/9A/10A. When a UE not configured with dl-OrJointTCI-StateList receives an activation command that maps at least one codepoint of DCI field 'Transmission Configuration Indication' to two TCI states, or when a UE configured with dl-OrJointTCI-StateList is having two indicated TCI states, the UE shall use Table 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A/7A/8A/9A/10A; otherwise, it shall use Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4/7/8/9/10. The UE can receive an entry with DMRS ports equals to 1000, 1002, 1003 when two the UE is not configured with dl-OrJointTCI-StateList and TCI states are indicated in a codepoint of DCI field 'Transmission Configuration Indication', or when the UE configured with dl-OrJointTCI-StateList is having two indicated TCI states to be applied to PDSCH.

If a UE is configured with both dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA and dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB, the bitwidth of this field equals $\max \left\{ x_A, x_B \right\}$, where x_A is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA and x_B is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB. A number of $\left| x_A - x_B \right|$ zeros are padded in the MSB of this field, if the mapping type of the PDSCH corresponds to the smaller value of x_A and x_B .

- Transmission configuration indication - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* is not enabled; otherwise 3 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.5 of [6, TS38.214].

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part,

- if the higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* is not enabled for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 1_1,
 - the UE assumes tci-PresentInDCI is not enabled for all CORESETs in the indicated bandwidth part;
- otherwise,
 - the UE assumes tci-PresentInDCI is enabled for all CORESETs in the indicated bandwidth part.
- TCI selection 0 bit if higher layer parameter *tci-SelectionPresentInDCI* is not configured; otherwise 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-11.

- SRS request 2 bits as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell; 3 bits for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second and third bits are defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24. This bit field may also indicate the associated CSI-RS according to Clause 6.1.1.2 of [6, TS 38.214].
- SRS offset indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits.
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is not configured for any aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell, or if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is configured for at least one aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell and the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) is 1;
 - otherwise, $\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$ bits are used to indicate available slot offset according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-37 and Clause 6.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214], where K is the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) in the scheduled cell;
- CBG transmission information (CBGTI) 0 bit if higher layer parameter *PDSCH-CodeBlockGroupTransmission* for PDSCH is not configured, otherwise, 2, 4, 6, or 8 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.7 of [6, TS38.214], determined by the higher layer parameters *maxCodeBlockGroupsPerTransportBlock* and *maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI* for the PDSCH.
 - If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-1* is configured, if the bit width of the CBG transmission information in DCI format 1_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the CBG transmission information in DCI format 1_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller CBG transmission information until the bit width of the CBG transmission information in DCI format 1_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.
- CBG flushing out information (CBGFI) 1 bit if higher layer parameter *codeBlockGroupFlushIndicator* is configured as "TRUE", 0 bit otherwise.
 - If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-1* is configured, if the bit width of the CBG flushing out information in DCI format 1_1 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the CBG flushing out information in DCI format 1_1 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller CBG flushing out information until the bit width of the CBG flushing out information in DCI format 1_1 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.
- DMRS sequence initialization 1 bit.
- Priority indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-1* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 9 in [5, TS 38.213].
- ChannelAccess-CPext 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 bits. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-I-I or in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if channelAccessMode-r16 = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, or for operation in frequency range 2-2 if ChannelAccessMode2-r17 is provided; otherwise 0 bit. One or more entries from Table 7.3.1.2.2-6 or Table 7.3.1.2.2-6A are configured by the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-I-I.
- Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* is not configured;
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* is configured. The 1 bit indication is used to determine the minimum applicable K0 for the active DL BWP and the minimum applicable K2 value for the active UL BWP, if configured respectively, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-33. If the minimum applicable K0 is indicated, the minimum applicable value of the aperiodic CSI-RS triggering offset for an active DL BWP shall be the same as the minimum applicable K0 value.
- SCell dormancy indication 0 bit if higher layer parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime* is not configured; otherwise 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits bitmap determined according to the number of different *DormancyGroupID(s)* provided by higher layer parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime*, where each bit corresponds to one of the SCell group(s) configured by higher layers parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime*, with MSB to LSB of the bitmap corresponding to the first to last configured SCell group in ascending order of *DormancyGroupID*.

The field is only present when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell within DRX Active Time and the UE is configured with at least two DL BWPs for an SCell.

If one-shot HARQ-ACK request is not present or set to '0', and all bits of frequency domain resource assignment are set to 0 for resource allocation type 0 or set to 1 for resource allocation type 1 or set to 0 or 1 for dynamic switch resource allocation type, this field is reserved and the following fields among the fields above are used for SCell dormancy indication, where each bit corresponds to one of the configured SCell(s), with MSB to LSB of the following fields concatenated in the order below corresponding to the SCell with lowest to highest SCell index

- Modulation and coding scheme of transport block 1
- New data indicator of transport block 1
- Redundancy version of transport block 1
- HARQ process number
- Antenna port(s)
- DMRS sequence initialization
- PDCCH monitoring adaptation indication 0, 1 or 2 bits
 - 1 or 2 bits, if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is not configured and if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured with only one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured with more than one duration by pdcch-SkippingDurationList.
 - 1 or 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is not configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0 and search space set(s) with group index 1, and if the UE is not configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with any search space set with group index 2;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0, search space set(s) with group index 1 and search space set(s) with group index 2;
 - 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
 - 0 bit, otherwise
- PUCCH Cell indicator 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *pucch-sSCellDyn* is configured.
 - 0 bit otherwise.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pucch-sSCellDyn* is replaced by *pucch-sSCellDynSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group.

- Co-scheduled UE information 0 or 3 bits
 - 3 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.2.2-12 if higher layer parameter *advReceiver-MU-MIMO-DCI-1-1* is configured. This field is reserved if two codewords are scheduled by this DCI format 1 1.
 - 0 bit otherwise.

If DCI formats 1_1 are monitored in multiple search spaces associated with multiple CORESETs in a BWP for scheduling the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended until the payload size of the DCI formats 1_1 monitored in the multiple search spaces equal to the maximum payload size of the DCI format 1_1 monitored in the multiple search spaces.

If the number of information bits in DCI format 1_1 scheduling a single PDSCH prior to padding is not equal to the number of information bits in DCI format 1_1 scheduling multiple PDSCHs for the same serving cell, zeros shall be

appended to the DCI format 1_1 with smaller size until the payload size is the same for scheduling a single PDSCH and multiple PDSCHs.

For a UE configured with scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, if prior to padding the number of information bits in DCI format 1_1 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell is not equal to the number of information bits in DCI format 1_1 carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 1_1 with smaller size until the payload size is the same:

- If application of step 4C in clause 7.3.1.0 results in additional zero padding for DCI format 1_1 for scheduling on the primary cell, corresponding zeros shall be appended to both DCI format 1_1 monitored on the primary cell and DCI format 1_1 monitored on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- If the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is not set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 1_1 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* for the SCell. If the active DL BWP of the SCell is a dormant DL BWP, or if the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 1_1 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstWithinActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell if provided; otherwise, based on a DL BWP provided by *firstOutsideActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell.

Table 7.3.1.2.2-1: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1

One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)		
0	1	0		
1	1	1		
2	1	0,1		
3	2	0		
4	2	1		
5	2	2		
6	2	3		
7	2	0,1		
8	2	2,3		
9	2	0-2		
10	2	0-3		
11	2	0,2		
12-15	Reserved	Reserved		

Table 7.3.1.2.2-1A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1

One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled						
Value						
0	1	0				
1	1	1				
2	1	0,1				
3	2	0				
4	2	1				
5	2	2				
6	2	3				
7	2	0,1				
8	2	2,3				
9	2	0-2				
10	2	0-3				
11	2	0,2				
12	2	0,2,3				
13-15	Reserved	Reserved				

Table 7.3.1.2.2-2: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2

One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled			Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Valu e	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0	1	0	2	0-4	2
1	1	1	1	1	2	0,1,2,3,4,6	2
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	2
3	2	0	1	3	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	2
4	2	1	1	4-31	reserved	reserved	reserved
5	2	2	1				
6	2	3	1				
7	2	0,1	1				
8	2	2,3	1				
9	2	0-2	1				
10	2	0-3	1				
11	2	0,2	1				
12	2	0	2				
13	2	1	2				
14	2	2	2				
15	2	3	2				
16	2	4	2				
17	2	5	2				
18	2	6	2				
19	2	7	2				
20	2	0,1	2				
21	2	2,3	2				
22	2	4,5	2				
23	2	6,7	2				
24	2	0,4	2				
25	2	2,6	2				
26	2	0,1,4	2				
27	2	2,3,6	2				
28	2	0,1,4,5	2				
29	2	2,3,6,7	2				
30	2	0,2,4,6	2				
31	Reserved	Reserve d	Reserved				

Table 7.3.1.2.2-2A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2

One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled			Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Valu e	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0	1	0	2	0-4	2
1	1	1	1	1	2	0,1,2,3,4,6	2
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	2
3	2	0	1	3	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	2
4	2	1	1	4-31	reserved	reserved	reserved
5	2	2	1				
6	2	3	1				
7	2	0,1	1				
8	2	2,3	1				
9	2	0-2	1				
10	2	0-3	1				
11	2	0,2	1				
12	2	0	2				
13	2	1	2				
14	2	2	2				
15	2	3	2				
16	2	4	2				
17	2	5	2				
18	2	6	2				
19	2	7	2				
20	2	0,1	2				
21	2	2,3	2				
22	2	4,5	2				
23	2	6,7	2				
24	2	0,4	2				
25	2	2,6	2				
26	2	0,1,4	2				
27	2	2,3,6	2				
28	2	0,1,4,5	2				
29	2	2,3,6,7	2				
30	2	0,2,4,6	2				
31	2	0,2,3	1				

Table 7.3.1.2.2-3: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1

Cod	One codeword: deword 0 enabl deword 1 disab	ed,	Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled			
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	
0	1	0	0	3	0-4	
1	1	1	1	3	0-5	
2	1	0,1	2-31	reserved	reserved	
3	2	0				
4	2	1				
5	2	2				
6	2	3				
7	2	0,1				
8	2	2,3				
9	2	0-2				
10	2	0-3				
11	3	0				
12	3	1				
13	3	2				
14	3	3				
15	3	4				
16	3	5				
17	3	0,1				
18	3	2,3				
19	3	4,5				
20	3	0-2				
21	3	3-5				
22	3	0-3				
23	2	0,2				
24-31	Reserved	Reserved				

Table 7.3.1.2.2-3A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=1

Cod	One codeword: leword 0 enabl leword 1 disab	ed,	Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled			
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	
0	1	0	0	3	0-4	
1	1	1	1	3	0-5	
2	1	0,1	2-31	reserved	reserved	
3	2	0				
4	2	1				
5	2	2				
6	2	3				
7	2	0,1				
8	2	2,3				
9	2	0-2				
10	2	0-3				
11	3	0				
12	3	1				
13	3	2				
14	3	3				
15	3	4				
16	3	5				
17	3	0,1				
18	3	2,3				
19	3	4,5				
20	3	0-2				
21	3	3-5				
22	3	0-3				
23	2	0,2				
24	2	0,2,3				
25-31	Reserved	Reserved				

Table 7.3.1.2.2-4: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled					Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled			
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	
0	1	0	1	0	3	0-4	1	
1	1	1	1	1	3	0-5	1	
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,6	2	
3	2	0	1	3	2	0,1,2,3,6,8	2	
4	2	1	1	4	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8	2	
5	2	2	1	5	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8,9	2	
6	2	3	1	6-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
7	2	0,1	1					
8	2	2,3	1					
9	2	0-2	1					
10	2	0-3	1					
11	3	0	1					
12	3	1	1					
13	3	2	1					
14	3	3	1					
15	3	4	1					
16	3	5	1					

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled			Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
17	3	0,1	1				
18	3	2,3	1				
19	3	4,5	1				
20	3	0-2	1				
21	3	3-5	1				
22	3	0-3	1				
23	2	0,2	1				
24	3	0	2				
25	3	1	2				
26	3	2	2				
27	3	3	2				
28	3	4	2				
29	3	5	2				
30	3	6	2				
31	3	7	2				
32	3	8	2				
33	3	9	2				
34	3	10	2				
35	3	11	2				
36	3	0,1	2				
37	3	2,3	2				
38	3	4,5	2				
39	3	6,7	2				
40	3	8,9	2				
41	3	10,11	2				
42	3	0,1,6	2				
43	3	2,3,8	2				
44	3	4,5,10	2				
45	3	0,1,6,7	2				
46	3	2,3,8,9	2	ļ			
47	3	4,5,10,11	2	1			
48	1	0	2	1			
49	1	1	2	1			
50	1	6	2	1			
51	1	7	2				
52	1	0,1	2				
53	1	6,7	2				
54	2	0,1	2				
55	2	2,3	2				
56	2	6,7	2				
57	2	8,9	2				
58-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved				

Table 7.3.1.2.2-4A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is not configured, maxLength=2

	Codeword	odeword: d 0 enabled, d 1 disabled		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled			
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Number of DMRS CDM Number of			Number of front-load symbols
0	1	0	1	0	3	0-4	1
1	1	1	1	1	3	0-5	1
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,6	2

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled				Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled			
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols
3	2	0	1	3	2	0,1,2,3,6,8	2
4	2	1	1	4	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8	2
5	2	2	1	5	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8,9	2
6	2	3	1	6-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
7	2	0,1	1				
8	2	2,3	1				
9	2	0-2	1				
10	2	0-3	1				
11	3	<u> </u>	1 1				
13	3	2	1				
14	3	3	1				
15	3	4	1				
16	3	5	1				
17	3	0,1	1				
18	3	2,3	1				
19	3	4,5	1				
20	3	0-2	1				
21	3	3-5	1				
22	3	0-3	1				
23	2	0,2	1				
24	3	0	2				
25	3	1	2				
26	3	2	2				
27	3	3	2				
28	3	4	2				
29	3	5	2				
30	3	6	2				
31	3	7	2				
32	3	8	2				
33	3	9	2				
34	<u>3</u> 3	10	2 2				
35		11					
36 37	3	0,1 2,3	2 2				
38	3	4,5	2				
39	3	6,7	2				
40	3	8,9	2				
41	3	10,11	2				
42	3	0,1,6	2				
43	3	2,3,8	2				
44	3	4,5,10	2				
45	3	0,1,6,7	2				
46	3	2,3,8,9	2				
47	3	4,5,10,11	2				
48	1	0	2				
49	1	1	2				
50	1	6	2				
51	1	7	2				
52	1	0,1	2				
53	1	6,7	2	ļ			
54	2	0,1	2				
55	2	2,3	2				
56	2	6,7	2				
57	2	8,9	2	1			
58		0,2,3	1 Posserved	 			
59-63	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved				

Table 7.3.1.2.2-5: VRB-to-PRB mapping

Bit field mapped to index	VRB-to-PRB mapping
0	Non-interleaved
1	Interleaved

Table 7.3.1.2.2-6: Allowed entries for DCI format 1_1/1_3 and DCI format 1_2, configured by higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-1-1* and *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-1-2*, respectively, in frequency range 1

Entry index	Channel Access Type	The CP extension Text index defined in Clause 5.3.1 of [4,TS 38.211]
0	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	0
1	Type2C-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.3 in TS 37.213 [14]	2
2	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	0
3	Type2B-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.2 in TS 37.213 [14]	2
4	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0
5	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1
6	Type2A-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.2.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3
7	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	0
8	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	1
9	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	2
10	Type1-ULChannelAccess defined in clause 4.2.1.1 in TS 37.213 [14]	3

Table 7.3.1.2.2-6A: Allowed entries for DCI format 1_1, DCI format 1_2 and DCI format 1_3, configured by higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-1-1* in frequency range 2-2

Entry index	Channel Access Type
0	Type 1 channel access defined in clause 4.4.1 of TS 37.213 [14]
1	Type 2 channel access defined in clause 4.4.2 of TS 37.213 [14]
2	Type 3 channel access defined in clause 4.4.3 of TS 37.213 [14]

Table 7.3.1.2.2-7: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1

	One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled			Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled	
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
0	1	0	0	2	0,1,2,3,8
1	1	1	1	2	0,1,2,3,8,10
2	1	0,1	2	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10
3	2	0	3	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10,11
4	2	1	4-31	Reserved	Reserved
5	2	2			
6	2	3			
7	2	0,1			
8	2	2,3			
9	2	0-2			
10	2	0-3			
11	2	0,2			
12	1	8			
13	1	9			
14	1	8,9			
15	2	8			
16	2	9			
17	2	10			
18	2	11			
19	2	8,9			
20	2	10,11			

	One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled	·		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled	
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)
21	1	0,1,8			
22	1	0,1,8,9			
23	2	0,1,8			
24	2	0,1,8,9			
25	2	2,3,10			
26	2	2,3,10,11			
27-31	Reserved	Reserved			

Table 7.3.1.2.2-7A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1

	One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)		
0	1	0	0	2	0,1,2,3,8		
1	1	1	1	2	0,1,2,3,8,10		
2	1	0,1	2	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10		
3	2	0	3	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10,11		
4	2	1	4-31	Reserved	Reserved		
5	2	2					
6	2	3					
7	2	0,1					
8	2	2,3					
9	2	0-2					
10	2	0-3					
11	2	0,2					
12	1	8					
13	1	9					
14	1	8,9					
15	2	8					
16	2	9					
17	2	10					
18	2	11					
19	2	8,9					
20	2	10,11					
21	1	0,1,8					
22	1	0,1,8,9					
23	2	0,1,8					
24	2	0,1,8,9					
25	2	2,3,10					
26	2	2,3,10,11					
27	2	0,2,3					
28-31	Reserved	Reserved					

Table 7.3.1.2.2-8: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2

	One Codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled					Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM Number of				
ĺ	0	1	0	1	0	2	0,1,2,3,8	1		
ĺ	1	1	1	1	1	2	0,1,2,3,8,10	1		

	Codeword Codeword	odeword: d 0 enabled, d 1 disabled		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled					
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols		
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10	1		
3	2	0	1	3	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10,11	1		
4	2	1	1	4	2	0-4	2		
5	2	2	1	5	2	0,1,2,3,4,6	2		
6	2	3	1	6	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	2		
7	2	0,1	1	7	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	2		
9	2 2	2,3 0-2	1	8	1	0,1,4,5,8	2 2		
10	2	0-2	1	10	1	0,1,4,5,8,12 0,1,4,5,8,9,12	2		
11	2	0,2	1	11	1	0,1,4,5,8,9,12,13	2		
12	1	8	1	12	2	0,1,4,5,8	2		
13	1	9	1	13	2	0,1,4,5,8,12	2		
14	1	8,9	1	14	2	0,1,4,5,8,9,12	2		
15	2	8	1	15	2	0,1,4,5,8,9,12,13	2		
16	2	9	1	16~127	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved		
17	2	10	1						
18	2	11	1						
19	2	8,9	1						
20	2	10,11	1						
21	1	0,1,8	1						
22	1	0,1,8,9	1						
23	2	0,1,8	1						
24	2	0,1,8,9	1						
25	2	2,3,10	1						
26	2	2,3,10,11	1						
27	2	0	2						
28 29	2 2	2	2 2						
30	2	3	2						
31	2	4	2						
32	2	5	2						
33	2	6	2						
34	2	7	2						
35	2	0,1	2						
36	2	2,3	2						
37	2	4,5	2						
38	2	6,7	2						
39	2	0,4	2						
40	2	2,6	2						
41	2	0,1,4	2						
42	2	2,3,6	2	ļ			ļ		
43	2	0,1,4,5	2				-		
44	2	2,3,6,7	2				1		
45	2	0,2,4,6	2				 		
46	2 2	8	2 2				-		
47 48	2	10	2	-			+		
49	2	11	2						
50	2	12	2						
51	2	13	2				†		
52	2	14	2				†		
53	2	15	2						
54	2	8,9	2						
55	2	10,11	2						
56	2	12,13	2						
57	2	14,15	2						
58	2	0,1,8	2						
59	2	0,1,8,9	2						

	Codeword	odeword: d 0 enabled, d 1 disabled		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	
60	2	4,5,12	2					
61	2	4,5,12,13	2					
62	2	2,3,10	2					
63	2	2,3,10,11	2					
64	2	6,7,14	2			_		
65	2	6,7,14,15	2			_		
66-127	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved					

Table 7.3.1.2.2-8A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=1, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2

		odeword:		Two Codewords:							
		d 0 enabled,				ord 0 enabled,					
		d 1 disabled	ı			vord 1 enabled	T				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols				
0	1	0	1	0	2	0,1,2,3,8	1				
1	1	1	1	1	2	0,1,2,3,8,10	1				
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10	1				
3	2	0	1	3	2	0,1,2,3,8,9,10,11	1				
4	2	1	1	4	2	0-4	2				
5	2	2	1	5	2	0,1,2,3,4,6	2				
6	2	3	1	6	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	2				
7	2	0,1	1	7	2	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	2				
8	2	2,3	1	8	1	0,1,4,5,8	2				
9	2	0-2	1	9	1	0,1,4,5,8,12	2				
10	2	0-3	1	10	1	0,1,4,5,8,9,12	2				
11	2	0,2	1	11	1	0,1,4,5,8,9,12,13	2				
12	1	8	1	12	2	0,1,4,5,8	2				
13	1	9	1	13	2	0,1,4,5,8,12	2				
14	1	8,9	1	14	2	0,1,4,5,8,9,12	2				
15	2	8	1	15	2	0,1,4,5,8,9,12,13	2				
16	2	9	1	16~127	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved				
17	2	10	1								
18	2	11	1								
19	2	8,9	1								
20	2	10,11	1								
21	1	0,1,8	1								
22	1	0,1,8,9	1								
23	2	0,1,8	1								
24	2	0,1,8,9	1								
25	2	2,3,10	1								
26	2	2,3,10,11	1								
27	2	0	2								
28	2	1	2								
29	2	2	2								
30	2	3	2								
31	2	4	2								
32	2	5	2								
33	2	6	2								
34	2	7	2								
35	2	0,1	2								
36	2	2,3	2								
37	2	4,5	2								

	Codewor	odeword: d 0 enabled, d 1 disabled		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	
38	2	6,7	2					
39	2	0,4	2					
40	2	2,6	2					
41	2	0,1,4	2					
42	2	2,3,6	2					
43	2	0,1,4,5	2					
44	2	2,3,6,7	2					
45	2	0,2,4,6	2					
46	2	8	2					
47	2	9	2					
48	2	10	2					
49	2	11	2					
50	2	12	2					
51	2	13	2					
52	2	14	2					
53	2	15	2					
54	2	8,9	2					
55	2	10,11	2					
56	2	12,13	2					
57	2	14,15	2					
58	2	0,1,8	2					
59	2	0,1,8,9	2					
60	2	4,5,12	2					
61	2	4,5,12,13	2					
62	2	2,3,10	2					
63	2	2,3,10,11	2					
64	2	6,7,14	2					
65	2	6,7,14,15	2					
66	2	0,2,3	1					
67-127	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved					

Table 7.3.1.2.2-9: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1

	One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)		
0	1	0	0	3	0-4		
1	1	1	1	3	0-5		
2	1	0,1	2	2	0,1,2,3,12		
3	2	0	3	2	0,1,2,3,12,14		
4	2	1	4	2	0-3,12-14		
5	2	2	5	2	0-3,12-15		
6	2	3	6	3	0,1,2,3,12		
7	2	0,1	7	3	0,1,2,3,12,14		
8	2	2,3	8	3	0-3,12-14		
9	2	0-2	9	3	0-3,12-15		
10	2	0-3	10~63	Reserved	Reserved		
11	3	0					
12	3	1					
13	3	2					
14	3	3					
15	3	4					
16	3	5					
17	3	0,1					

	One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled					
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)			
18	3	2,3						
19	3	4,5						
20	3	0-2						
21	3	3-5						
22	3	0-3						
23	2	0,2						
24	1	12						
25	1	13						
26	1	12,13						
27	2	12						
28	2	13						
29	2	14						
30	2	15						
31	2	12,13						
32	2	14,15						
33	3	12						
34	3	13						
35	3	14						
36	3	15						
37	3	16						
38	3	17						
39	3	12,13						
40	3	14,15						
41	3	16,17						
42	1	0,1,12						
43	1	0,1,12,13						
44	2	0,1,12						
45	2	0,1,12,13						
46	2	2,3,14						
47	2	2,3,14,15						
48	3	0,1,12						
49	3	0,1,12,13						
50	3	2,3,14						
51	3	2,3,14,15						
52	3	4,5,16						
53	3	4,5,16,17						
54-63	Reserved	Reserved						

Table 7.3.1.2.2-9A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=1

	One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled		Two codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled					
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)			
0	1	0	0	3	0-4			
1	1	1	1	3	0-5			
2	1	0,1	2	2	0,1,2,3,12			
3	2	Ó	3	2	0,1,2,3,12,14			
4	2	1	4	2	0-3,12-14			
5	2	2	5	2	0-3,12-15			
6	2	3	6	3	0,1,2,3,12			
7	2	0,1	7	3	0,1,2,3,12,14			
8	2	2,3	8	3	0-3,12-14			
9	2	0-2	9	3	0-3,12-15			
10	2	0-3	10~63	Reserved	Reserved			
11	3	0	10 00	110001100	110001100			
12	3	1						
13	3	2						
14	3	3						
15	3	4						
16	3	5	+					
17	3	0,1	+					
18	3	2,3						
19	3	4,5						
20	3	0-2						
21	3	3-5						
22	3	0-3						
23	2	0,2						
24	1	12						
25	1	13						
26	1	12,13						
27	2	12						
28	2	13						
29	2	14						
30	2	15						
31	2	12,13						
32	2	14,15						
33	3	12						
34	3	13						
35	3	14						
36	3	15						
37	3	16						
38	3	17						
39	3	12,13						
40	3	14,15						
41	3	16,17						
42	1	0,1,12						
43	1	0,1,12,13						
44	2	0,1,12						
45	2	0,1,12,13						
46	2	2,3,14						
47	2	2,3,14,15	1					
48	3	0,1,12	1					
49	3	0,1,12,13	 					
50	3	2,3,14	1					
51	3	2,3,14	+					
52	3	4,5,16	-					
53	3	4,5,16,17	<u> </u>					
54	2 Posserved	0,2,3						
55-63	Reserved	Reserved						

Table 7.3.1.2.2-10: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2

	One cod Codeword Codeword	0 enabled,			Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled					
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front- load symbols			
0	1	0	1	0	3	0-4	1			
1	1	1	1	1	3	0-5	1			
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,12	1			
3	2	0	1	3	2	0-3,12,14	1			
4	2	1	1	4	2	0-3,12-14	1			
5	2	2	1	5	2	0-3,12-15	1			
6	2	3	1	6	3	0,1,2,3,12	1			
7	2	0,1	1	7	3	0-3,12,14	1			
8	2	2,3	1	8	3	0-3,12-14	1			
9	2	0-2	1	9	3	0-3,12-15	1			
10	2	0-3	1	10	2	0,1,2,3,6	2			
11	3	0	1	11	2	0,1,2,3,6,8	2			
12	3	1	1	12	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8	2			
13	3	2	1	13	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8,9	2			
14	3	3	1	14	1	0,1,6,7,12	2			
15	3	4	1	15	1	0,1,6,7,12,18	2			
16	3	5	1	16	1	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2			
17	3	0,1	1	17	1	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2			
	3				II.		2			
18		2,3	1	18	2	0,1,6,7,12				
19	3	4,5	1	19	2	0,1,6,7,12,18	2			
20	3	0-2	1	20	2	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2			
21	3	3-5	1	21	2	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2			
22	3	0-3	1	22	3	0,1,6,7,12	2			
23	2	0,2	1	23	3	0,1,6,7,12,18	2			
24	1	12	1	24	3	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2			
25	1	13	1	25	3	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2			
26	1	12,13	1	26~255	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved			
27	2	12	1							
28	2	13	1							
29	2	14	1							
30	2	15	1							
31	2	12,13	1							
32	2	14,15	1							
33	3	12	1							
34	3	13	1							
35	3	14	1							
36	3	15	1							
37	3	16	1							
38	3	17	1							
39	3	12,13	1							
40	3	14,15	1							
41	3	16,17	1							
42	1	0,1,12	1							
43	1	0,1,12,13	1							
44	2	0,1,12	1							
45	2	0,1,12,13	1							
46	2	2,3,14	1							
47	2	2,3,14,15	1							
48	3	0,1,12	1							
49	3	0,1,12,13	1							
50	3	2,3,14	1							
51	3	2,3,14,15	1							
52	3	4,5,16	1							
53	3	4,5,16,17	1							
54	3	0	2							
55	3	1	2							
55	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			

	One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled				Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled					
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front- load symbols			
56	3	2	2							
57	3	3	2							
58	3	4	2							
59	3	5	2							
60	3	6	2							
61	3	7	2							
62	3	8	2							
63	3	9	2							
64	3	10	2							
65	3	11	2							
66	3	0,1	2							
67	3	2,3	2							
68	3	4,5	2							
69	3	6,7	2							
70	3	8,9	2							
71	3	10,11	2							
72	3	0,1,6	2							
73	3	2,3,8	2							
74	3	4,5,10	2							
75	3	0,1,6,7	2							
76	3	2,3,8,9	2							
77	3	4,5,10,11	2							
78	1	0	2							
79	1	1	2							
80	1	6	2							
81	1	7	2							
82	1	0,1	2							
83 84	2	6,7	2							
85	2	0,1 2,3	2							
86	2	6,7	2							
87	2	8,9	2							
88	3	12	2							
89	3	13	2							
90	3	14	2							
91	3	15	2							
92	3	16	2							
93	3	17	2							
94	3	18	2							
95	3	19	2							
96	3	20	2							
97	3	21	2							
98	3	22	2							
99	3	23	2							
100	3	12,13	2							
101	3	14,15	2							
102	3	16,17	2							
103	3	18,19	2							
104	3	20,21	2							
105	3	22,23	2							
106	1	12	2							
107	1	13	2							
108	1	18	2							
109	1	19	2							
110	1	12,13	2							
111	1	18,19	2							
112	2	12,13	2							
113	2	14,15	2							
114	2	18,19	2							

	One cod Codeword (Codeword	0 enabled,		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front- load symbols	
115	2	20,21	2					
116	2	0,1,12	2					
117	2	0,1,12,13	2					
118	2	6,7,18	2					
119	2	6,7,18,19	2					
120	2	2,3,14	2					
121	2	2,3,14,15	2					
122	2	8,9,20	2					
123	2	8,9,20,21	2					
124	3	0,1,12	2					
125	3	0,1,12,13	2					
126	3	6,7,18	2					
127	3	6,7,18,19	2					
128	3	2,3,14	2					
129	3	2,3,14,15	2					
130	3	8,9,20	2					
131	3	8,9,20,21	2					
132	3	4,5,16	2			<u> </u>		
133	3	4,5,16,17	2					
134	3	10,11,22	2					
135	3	10,11,22,23	2					
136-255	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved					

Table 7.3.1.2.2-10A: Antenna port(s) (1000 + DMRS port), dmrs-Type=2, dmrs-TypeEnh is configured, maxLength=2

	One cod Codeword Codeword	0 enabled, 1 disabled		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front- load symbols	
0	1	0	1	0	3	0-4	1	
1	1	1	1	1	3	0-5	1	
2	1	0,1	1	2	2	0,1,2,3,12	1	
3	2	0	1	3	2	0-3,12,14	1	
4	2	1	1	4	2	0-3,12-14	1	
5	2	2	1	5	2	0-3,12-15	1	
6	2	3	1	6	3	0,1,2,3,12	1	
7	2	0,1	1	7	3	0-3,12,14	1	
8	2	2,3	1	8	3	0-3,12-14	1	
9	2	0-2	1	9	3	0-3,12-15	1	
10	2	0-3	1	10	2	0,1,2,3,6	2	
11	3	0	1	11	2	0,1,2,3,6,8	2	
12	3	1	1	12	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8	2	
13	3	2	1	13	2	0,1,2,3,6,7,8,9	2	
14	3	3	1	14	1	0,1,6,7,12	2	
15	3	4	1	15	1	0,1,6,7,12,18	2	
16	3	5	1	16	1	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2	
17	3	0,1	1	17	1	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2	
18	3	2,3	1	18	2	0,1,6,7,12	2	
19	3	4,5	1	19	2	0,1,6,7,12,18	2	
20	3	0-2	1	20	2	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2	
21	3	3-5	1	21	2	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2	
22	3	0-3	1	22	3	0,1,6,7,12	2	
23	2	0,2	1	23	3	0,1,6,7,12,18	2	
24	1	12	1	24	3	0,1,6,7,12,13,18	2	

	One cod Codeword Codeword	0 enabled,		Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled				
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front- load symbols	
25	1	13	1	25	3	0,1,6,7,12,13,18,19	2	
26	1	12,13	1	26~255	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
27	2	12	1					
28	2	13	1					
29	2	14	1					
30	2	15	1					
31	2	12,13	1					
32	2	14,15	1					
33	3	12	1					
34	3	13	1					
35	3	14	1					
36	3	15	1					
37 38	3 3	16 17	1 1	-				
38	3	12,13	1				-	
40	3	14,15	1					
41	3	16,17	1					
42	1	0,1,12	1					
43	1	0,1,12,13	1					
44	2	0,1,12	1					
45	2	0,1,12,13	1					
46	2	2,3,14	1					
47	2	2,3,14,15	1					
48	3	0,1,12	1					
49	3	0,1,12,13	1					
50	3	2,3,14	1					
51	3	2,3,14,15	1					
52	3	4,5,16	1					
53	3	4,5,16,17	1					
54	3	0	2					
55	3	1	2					
56	3	2	2					
57	3	3	2					
58	3	4	2					
59 60	3 3	5 6	2 2					
61	3	7	2					
62	3	8	2					
63	3	9	2					
64	3	10	2				†	
65	3	11	2					
66	3	0,1	2					
67	3	2,3	2					
68	3	4,5	2					
69	3	6,7	2					
70	3	8,9	2					
71	3	10,11	2					
72	3	0,1,6	2					
73	3	2,3,8	2					
74	3	4,5,10	2					
75	3	0,1,6,7	2					
76	3	2,3,8,9	2					
77	3	4,5,10,11	2					
78	1	0	2					
79	1	1	2				 	
80 81	1 1	6 7	2 2					
82	1	0,1	2	1			+	
83	1	6,7	2				+	
03	1	U, I		1		1		

One codeword: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 disabled				Two Codewords: Codeword 0 enabled, Codeword 1 enabled			
Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front-load symbols	Value	Number of DMRS CDM group(s) without data	DMRS port(s)	Number of front- load symbols
84	2	0,1	2				
85	2	2,3	2				
86	2	6,7	2				
87	2	8,9	2				
88	3	12	2				
89	3	13	2				
90	3	14	2				
91	3	15	2				
92	3	16	2				
93	3	17	2				
94	3	18	2				
95	3	19	2				
96	3	20	2				
97	3	21	2				
98	3	22	2				
99	3	23	2				
100	3	12,13	2				
101	3	14,15	2				
102	3	16,17	2				
103	3	18,19	2				
104	3	20,21	2				
105	3	22,23	2				
106	<u>3</u> 1	12	2				
107	1	13	2				
107	1	18	2				
109		19					
	1		2				
110	1	12,13	2				
111	1	18,19	2				
112	2	12,13	2				
113	2	14,15	2				
114	2	18,19	2				
115	2	20,21	2				
116	2	0,1,12	2				
117	2	0,1,12,13	2				
118	2	6,7,18	2				
119	2	6,7,18,19	2				
120	2	2,3,14	2				
121	2	2,3,14,15	2				
122	2	8,9,20	2				
123	2	8,9,20,21	2				
124	3	0,1,12	2				
125	3	0,1,12,13	2				
126	3	6,7,18	2				
127	3	6,7,18,19	2				
128	3	2,3,14	2				
129	3	2,3,14,15	2				
130	3	8,9,20	2				
131	3	8,9,20,21	2				
132	3	4,5,16	2				
133	3	4,5,16,17	2				
134	3	10,11,22	2				
135	3	10,11,22,23	2				
136	2	0,2,3	 1				
137-255	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	1			1

Table 7.3.1.2.2-11: TCI selection

Bit field mapped to index	TCI selection
0	The first indicated joint/DL TCI state is applied to the scheduled PDSCH
1	The second indicated joint/DL TCI state is applied to the scheduled PDSCH
2	Both indicated joint/DL TCI states are applied to the scheduled PDSCH
3	Reserved

Table 7.3.1.2.2-12: Co-scheduled UE information

Bit field mapped to index	Co-scheduled UE information	
0	In all the PRBs allocated to the UE, there is no co-scheduled UE or there is co-scheduled UE	
	but with a different root DMRS sequence	
1	In all the PRBs allocated to the UE, all the co-scheduled UE(s), if any, which have the same	
	root DMRS sequence as the UE, are scheduled with modulation scheme QPSK	
2	In all the PRBs allocated to the UE, all the co-scheduled UE(s), if any, which have the same	
	root DMRS sequence as the UE, are scheduled with modulation scheme 16QAM	
3	In all the PRBs allocated to the UE, all the co-scheduled UE(s), if any, which have the same	
	root DMRS sequence as the UE, are scheduled with modulation scheme 64QAM	
4	In all the PRBs allocated to the UE, all the co-scheduled UE(s), if any, which have the same	
	root DMRS sequence as the UE, are scheduled with modulation scheme 256QAM	
5	In all the PRBs allocated to the UE, all the co-scheduled UE(s), if any, which have the same	
	root DMRS sequence as the UE, are scheduled with modulation scheme 1024QAM	
6	In each individual PRB allocated to the UE, all the co-scheduled UE(s), which have the same	
	root DMRS sequence as the UE, are scheduled with the same modulation scheme, except the	
	cases corresponding to index 0~5	
7	All cases not covered above	
Note: Root DMRS sequence is $r(n)$ as defined in clause 7.4.1.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211]		

7.3.1.2.3 Format 1_2

DCI format 1_2 is used for the scheduling of PDSCH in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bits
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 1, indicating a DL DCI format.
- Carrier indicator 0, 1, 2 or 3 bits determined by higher layer parameter *carrierIndicatorSizeDCI-1-2*, as defined in Clause 10.1 of [5, TS38.213]. This field is reserved when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell and the UE is configured for scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, with the same number of bits as that in this format carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- Bandwidth part indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits as determined by the number of DL BWPs $n_{BWP,RRC}$ configured by higher layers, excluding the initial DL bandwidth part. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{BWP}) \rceil$ bits, where
 - $n_{BWP} = n_{BWP,RRC} + 1$ if $n_{BWP,RRC} \le 3$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is equivalent to the ascending order of the higher layer parameter BWP-Id;
 - otherwise $n_{BWP} = n_{BWP,RRC}$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-1;

If a UE does not support active BWP change via DCI, the UE ignores this bit field.

- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following:
 - N_{RBG} bits if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, where N_{RBG} is defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214];

- $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K2}\left(N_{RBG,K2}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ bits if only resource allocation type 1 is configured, or $\max\left(\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K2}\left(N_{RBG,K2}+1\right)/2\right)\right],N_{RBG}\right)+1$ bits if resourceAllocationDCI-1-2-r16 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', where $N_{RBG,K2}=\left[\left(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}+\left(N_{DL,BWP}^{start}\mod K2\right)\right)/K2\right],N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}$ is the size of the active DL bandwidth part, $N_{DL,BWP}^{start}$ is defined as in clause 4.4.4.4 of [4, TS 38.211] and K2 is determined by higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-2. If the higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-2 is not configured, K2 is equal to 1.
- If resourceAllocationDCI-1-2-r16 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', the MSB bit is used to indicate resource allocation type 0 or resource allocation type 1, where the bit value of 0 indicates resource allocation type 0 and the bit value of 1 indicates resource allocation type 1.
- For resource allocation type 0, the N_{RBG} LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- For resource allocation type 1, the $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K2}\left(N_{RBG,K2}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and if resourceAllocationDCI-1-2-r16 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch' for the indicated bandwidth part, the UE assumes resource allocation type 0 for the indicated bandwidth part if the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the active bandwidth part is smaller than the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the indicated bandwidth part.

- Time domain resource assignment 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-I-2 if the higher layer parameter is configured, or I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList is configured when the higher layer parameter pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-I-I is not configured; otherwise I is the number of entries in the default table.
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 0 or 1 bit:
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter vrb-ToPRB-InterleaverDCI-1-2 is not configured;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5 otherwise, only applicable to resource allocation type 1, as defined in Clause 7.3.1.6 of [4, TS 38.211].
- PRB bundling size indicator 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingTypeDCI-1-2* is not configured or is set to 'static', or 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingTypeDCI-1-2* is set to 'dynamic' according to Clause 5.1.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Rate matching indicator 0, 1, or 2 bits according to higher layer parameters *rateMatchPatternGroup1DCI-1-2* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2DCI-1-2*, where the MSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup1DCI-1-2* and the LSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup2DCI-1-2* when there are two groups.
- ZP CSI-RS trigger 0, 1, or 2 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.4.2 of [6, TS 38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{ZP} + 1) \rceil$ bits, where n_{ZP} is the number of aperiodic ZP CSI-RS resource sets configured by higher layer parameter *aperiodicZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModListDCI-1-2*.
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 0, 1 or 2 bits determined by higher layer parameter numberOfBitsForRV-DCI-1-2
 - If 0 bit is configured, rv_{id} to be applied is 0;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.3-1;
 - 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-2.
- HARQ process number number of bits determined by the following:

- 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits determined by higher layer parameter *harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-1-2-v1700* if configured;
- otherwise 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 bits determined by higher layer parameter harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-1-2
- Downlink assignment index 0, 1, 2 or 4 bits
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter downlinkAssignmentIndexDCI-1-2 is not configured;
 - 1, 2 or 4 bits determined by higher layer parameter downlinkAssignmentIndexDCI-1-2 otherwise,
 - 4 bits if more than one serving cell are configured in the DL and the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook=dynamic*, where the 2 MSB bits are the counter DAI and the 2 LSB bits are the total DAI
 - 4 bits if only one serving cell is configured in the DL and the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook=dynamic*, and the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for one or more first CORESETs and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for one or more second CORESETs, and is provided *ackNackFeedbackMode = joint*, where the 2 MSB bits are the counter DAI and the 2 LSB bits are the total DAI.
 - 1 or 2 bits if only one serving cell is configured in the DL and the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook=dynamic*, when the UE is not configured with *coresetPoolIndex* or the value of *coresetPoolIndex* is the same for all CORESETs if *coresetPoolIndex* is provided or the UE is not configured with *ackNackFeedbackMode = joint*, where the 1 bit or 2 bits are the counter DAI.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, the number of serving cells is determined within a PUCCH group.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* is replaced by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-secondaryPUCCHgroup-r16* if present for the secondary PUCCH group.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-2* is configured, if the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_2 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_2 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller Downlink assignment index until the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_2 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- TPC command for scheduled PUCCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.2.1 of [5, TS 38.213]
- Second TPC command for scheduled PUCCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.2.1 of [5, TS 38.213] if higher layer parameter *SecondTPCFieldDCI-1-2* is configured; 0 bit otherwise.
- PUCCH resource indicator 0 or 1 or 2 or 3 bits determined by higher layer parameter numberOfBitsForPUCCH-ResourceIndicatorDCI-1-2

If higher layer parameter *pucch-sSCellPattern* or *pucch-sSCellDynDCI-1-2* is configured, if the bit width of the PUCCH resource indicator in DCI format 1_2 associated with one cell for PUCCH transmission is not equal to that of the PUCCH resource indicator in DCI format 1_2 associated with the other cell for PUCCH transmission, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PUCCH resource indicator until the bit width of the PUCCH resource indicator in DCI format 1_2 associated with the two cells for PUCCH transmissions are the same.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pucch-sSCellPattern* is replaced by *pucch-sSCellPatternSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group.

- PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator - 0, 1, 2, or 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *DL-DataToUL-ACK-DCI-1-2*.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-2* is configured, if the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_2 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_2 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook on the same cell for PUCCH transmission, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator until the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_2 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

If higher layer parameter *pucch-sSCellDynDCI-1-2* is configured, if the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_2 associated with one cell for PUCCH transmission is not equal to that of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_2 associated with the other cell for PUCCH transmission, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator until the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_2 associated with the two cells are the same.

- One-shot HARQ-ACK request -0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-OneShotFeedbackDCI-1-2* or *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3DCI-1-2* is configured;
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- Enhanced Type 3 codebook indicator 0, 1, 2, or 3 bits.
 - 0 bit if *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3DCI-Field-1-2* is not configured;
 - $[\log_2(n_{\text{CB}})]$ bits otherwise, where n_{CB} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList*.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList* is replaced by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3SecondaryToAddModList* for the secondary PUCCH group.

- HARQ-ACK retransmission indicator 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-retxDCI-1-2* is configured.
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- Antenna port(s) 0, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter antennaPortsFieldPresenceDCI-1-2 is not configured;
 - Otherwise 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4/7/8/9/10 and Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A/7A/8A/9A/10A, where the number of CDM groups without data of values 1, 2, and 3 refers to CDM groups $\{0\}$, $\{0,1\}$, and $\{0,1,2\}$ respectively. The antenna ports $\{p_0, ..., p_{v-1}\}$ shall be determined according to the ordering of DMRS port(s) given by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4/7/8/9/10 or Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A/7A/8A/9A/10A. When a UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* receives an activation command that maps at least one codepoint of DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* to two TCI states, or when a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having two indicated TCI states, the UE shall use Table 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A/7A/8A/9A/10A; otherwise, it shall use Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4/7/8/9/10.
 - If a UE is configured with both dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2 and dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2 and is configured with higher layer parameter antennaPortsFieldPresenceDCI-1-2, the bitwidth of this field equals $\max\{x_A, x_B\}$, where x_A is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2 and x_B is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2. A number of $|x_A x_B|$ zeros are padded in the MSB of this field, if the mapping type of the PDSCH corresponds to the smaller value of x_A and x_B .

If a UE is not configured with higher layer parameter *antennaPortsFieldPresenceDCI-1-2*, antenna port(s) are defined assuming bit field index value 0 in Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4/7/8/9/10.

- Transmission configuration indication - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* is not configured; otherwise 1 or 2 or 3 bits determined by higher layer parameter *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* as defined in Clause 5.1.5 of [6, TS38.214].

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part,

- if the higher layer parameter *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* is not configured for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 1_2,
 - the UE assumes tci-PresentDCI-1-2 is not configured for all CORESETs in the indicated bandwidth part;

- otherwise,
 - the UE assumes *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* is configured for all CORESETs in the indicated bandwidth part with the same value configured for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 1_2.
- TCI selection 0 bit if higher layer parameter *tci-SelectionPresentInDCI* is not configured; otherwise 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-11.
- SRS request 0, 1, 2 or 3 bits
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-1-2* is not configured;
 - 1 bit as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.3-1 if the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-1-2 = 1* and for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell;
 - 2 bits if the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-1-2 = 1* and for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell, where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second bit is defined by Table 7.3.1.1.3-1;
 - 2 bits as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 if the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-1-2* = 2 and for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell;
 - 3 bits if the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestDCI-1-2* = 2 and for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell, where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second and third bits are defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24;
- SRS offset indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits.
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is not configured for any aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell, or if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is configured for at least one aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell and the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) is 1;
 - otherwise, log₂(K) bits are used to indicate available slot offset according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-37 and Clause 6.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214], where K is the maximum number of entries of availableSlotOffsetList configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) in the scheduled cell;
- DMRS sequence initialization 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter dmrs-SequenceInitializationDCI-1-2 is not configured;
 - 1 bit otherwise.
- Priority indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-2* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 9 in [5, TS 38.213].
- PDCCH monitoring adaptation indication 0, 1 or 2 bits
 - 1 or 2 bits, if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is not configured and if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured with only one duration by pdcch-SkippingDurationList;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured with more than one duration by *pdcch-SkippingDurationList*.
 - 1 or 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is not configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0 and search space set(s) with group index 1, and if the UE is not configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with any search space set with group index 2;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0, search space set(s) with group index 1 and search space set(s) with group index 2;
 - 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
 - 0 bit, otherwise

- ChannelAccess-CPext 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 bits. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where I is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-I-I or in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if channelAccessMode-r1G = "semiStatic" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, or the number of entries in the high layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-I-I for operation in frequency range 2-2 if ChannelAccessMode2-r1I is provided; otherwise 0 bit. One or more entries from Table 7.3.1.2.2-6 are configured by the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-I-I in frequency range 1. One or more entries from Table 7.3.1.1.2-6A are configured by the higher layer parameter ul-AccessConfigListDCI-I-I in frequency range 2-2.
- PUCCH Cell indicator 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *pucch-sSCellDynDCI-1-2* is configured.
 - 0 bit otherwise.

If DCI formats 1_2 are monitored in multiple search spaces associated with multiple CORESETs in a BWP for scheduling the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended until the payload size of the DCI formats 1_2 monitored in the multiple search spaces equal to the maximum payload size of the DCI format 1_2 monitored in the multiple search spaces.

For a UE configured with scheduling on the primary cell from an SCell, if prior to padding the number of information bits in DCI format 1_2 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell is not equal to the number of information bits in DCI format 1_2 carried by PDCCH on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 1_2 with smaller size until the payload size is the same.

- If application of step 4B in clause 7.3.1.0 results in additional zero padding for DCI format 1_2 for scheduling on the primary cell, corresponding zeros shall be appended to both DCI format 1_2 monitored on the primary cell and DCI format 1_2 monitored on the SCell for scheduling on the primary cell.
- If the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is not set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 1_2 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* for the SCell. If the active DL BWP of the SCell is a dormant DL BWP, or if the SCell is deactivated and *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* is set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the number of information bits in DCI format 1_2 carried by PDCCH on the primary cell based on a DL BWP provided by *firstWithinActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell if provided; otherwise, based on a DL BWP provided by *firstOutsideActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell.

Table 7.3.1.2.3-1: Redundancy version

Value of the Redundancy version field	Value of rv_{id} to be applied
0	0
1	3

7.3.1.2.4 Format 1_3

DCI format 1_3 is used for the scheduling of one PDSCH in one cell, or multiple PDSCHs in multiple cells with one PDSCH per cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 1_3 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI:

- Identifier for DCI formats 1 bits
 - The value of this bit field is always set to 1, indicating a DL DCI format
- Scheduled cell set indicator [log₂ N_{set}] bits, where N_{set} is the number of cell sets which are configured by higher layer parameter *mc-DCI-SetofCellsToAddModList* to be respectively scheduled by DCI format 0_3/1_3 from the cell on which this format is carried by PDCCH. If present, this field is used to indicate the scheduled cell set according to Table 7.3.1.1.4-1; otherwise, the scheduled cell set is the cell set configured to be scheduled by DCI format 0_3/1_3 from the cell by higher layer parameter *mc-DCI-SetofCellsToAddModList*.
- Scheduled cells indicator number of bits determined by the following:

- 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3* for the scheduled cell set is not configured;
- otherwise $\lceil \log_2 I_{DL} \rceil$ bits indicating the scheduled cells in the scheduled cell set according to Table 7.3.1.2.4-1, where I_{DL} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3*. If only one entry is configured in the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3*, the scheduled cells are the cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3*.
- Bandwidth part indicator 0, 1 or 2 bits determined as $[log_2 n_{BWP,max}]$, where
 - $n_{BWP,max} = n_{BWP,RRC}^{max} + 1$ if $n_{BWP,RRC}^{max} \le 3$, $n_{BWP,RRC}^{max}$ is the maximum number of DL BWPs configured by higher layers, excluding the initial DL bandwidth part, across all the cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-1-3* in the scheduled cell set, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is equivalent to the ascending order of the higher layer parameter *BWP-Id*;
 - otherwise $n_{BWP,max} = n_{BWP,RRC}^{max}$, in which case the bandwidth part indicator is defined in Table 7.3.1.1.2-1;

The field is only applicable to a scheduled cell with the number of configured DL BWPs larger than 1, including the initial DL bandwidth part, and is applied to the applicable scheduled cells in the scheduled cell set independently. If a UE does not support active BWP change via DCI, the UE ignores this bit field. If this field indicates a code point that does not correspond to a configured BWP of a scheduled cell, the UE ignores this bit field for the scheduled cell, and operates on the active BWP of the scheduled cell.

- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{DL}

If scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3 for the scheduled cell set is configured with more than one entry, N_{cell}^{DL} is the number of scheduled cells indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field; if scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3 for the scheduled cell set is configured with only one entry, N_{cell}^{DL} is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3; otherwise, N_{cell}^{DL} is the number of cells in the scheduled cell set configured by higher layer parameter scheduledCellListDCI-1-3. Each block corresponds to the frequency domain resource assignment for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the frequency domain resource assignment for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is defined by the following fields:

- N_{RBG} bits if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, where N_{RBG} is defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K2}\left(N_{RBG,K2}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ bits if only resource allocation type 1 is configured, or $\max\left(\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K2}\left(N_{RBG,K2}+1\right)/2\right)\right],N_{RBG}\right)+1$ bits if resourceAllocationDCI-1-3 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', where $N_{RBG,K2}=\left[\left(N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}+\left(N_{DL,BWP}^{start} \mod K2\right)\right)/K2\right],N_{RB}^{DL,BWP}$ is the size of the active DL bandwidth part, $N_{DL,BWP}^{start}$ is defined as in clause 4.4.4.4 of [4, TS 38.211] and K2 is given by higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-3. If the higher layer parameter resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-3 is not configured, K2 is equal to 1.
- If resourceAllocationDCI-1-3 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', the MSB bit is used to indicate resource allocation type 0 or resource allocation type 1, where the bit value of 0 indicates resource allocation type 0 and the bit value of 1 indicates resource allocation type 1.
- For resource allocation type 0, the N_{RBG} LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- For resource allocation type 1, the $\left[\log_2\left(N_{RBG,K2}\left(N_{RBG,K2}+1\right)/2\right)\right]$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214].

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and if resourceAllocationDCI-1-3 is configured as 'dynamicSwitch' for the indicated bandwidth part, the UE assumes resource allocation type 0 for the indicated bandwidth part if the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the active bandwidth part is smaller than the bitwidth of the "Frequency domain resource assignment" field of the indicated bandwidth part.

If the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3* for the scheduled cell set is not configured, each block is also used to indicate whether the corresponding cell is scheduled or not as follows:

- if all bits of a block are set to 0 for resource allocation type 0 or set to 1 for resource allocation type 1 or set to 0 or 1 for dynamic switch resource allocation type, the cell corresponding to the block is not scheduled:
- otherwise, the cell corresponding to the block is scheduled.
- Time domain resource assignment $\lceil \log_2(I_{TDRA}) \rceil$ bits, where I_{TDRA} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-1-3. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-1-3 according to Table 7.3.1.2.4-2. Each entry in the higher layer parameter tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-1-3 contains the 'Time domain resource assignment' index for each BWP of each cell in the scheduled cell set, where the 'Time domain resource assignment' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, and the 'Time domain resource assignment' indexes for all the BWPs of a cell are placed according to an ascending order of the higher layer parameter BWP-Id.
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *vrb-ToPRB-Interleaver* is not configured for any cell configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-1-3* in the scheduled cell set;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5 otherwise, only applicable to resource allocation type 1, as defined in Clause 7.3.1.6 of [4, TS 38.211].

The field is only applicable to a scheduled cell configured with *vrb-ToPRB-Interleaver*, and is applied to the applicable scheduled cells independently.

- PRB bundling size indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* is not configured or is set to 'staticBundling' for any cell configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-1-3* in the scheduled cell set;
 - 1 bit according to Clause 5.1.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214] otherwise.

The field is only applicable to a scheduled cell configured with *prb-BundlingType* set to 'dynamicBundling', and is applied to the applicable scheduled cells independently.

- Rate matching indicator $\lceil \log_2(I_{RM}) \rceil$ bits, where I_{RM} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter rateMatchListDCI-1-3, or 0 bit if the higher layer parameter rateMatchListDCI-1-3 is not configured. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter rateMatchListDCI-1-3 according to Table 7.3.1.2.4-3. Each entry in the higher layer parameter rateMatchListDCI-1-3 contains the 'Rate matching indicator' index for each cell configured with rateMatchPatternGroup1 or rateMatchPatternGroup2 on at least one DL BWP in the scheduled cell set, where the 'Rate matching indicator' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index. Each 'Rate matching indicator' index is defined by the following:
 - 0, 1, or 2 bits according to higher layer parameters *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2*, where the MSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and the LSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup2* when there are two groups.
- ZP CSI-RS trigger [log₂(I_{CSIRS})] bits, where I_{CSIRS} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3, or 0 bit if the higher layer parameter zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3 is not configured. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3 according to Table 7.3.1.2.4-4. Each entry in the higher layer parameter zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3 contains the 'ZP CSI-RS trigger' index for each cell configured with aperiodicZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList on at least one DL BWP in the scheduled cell set, where the 'ZP CSI-RS trigger' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index. Each 'ZP CSI-RS trigger' index is defined by the following:
 - 0, 1, or 2 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.4.2 of [6, TS 38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{ZP} + 1) \rceil$ bits, where n_{ZP} is the number of aperiodic ZP CSI-RS resource sets configured by higher layer parameter *aperiodicZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList*.

For transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme - number of bits determined by the following:

- block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{DL}

Each block corresponds to the modulation and coding scheme for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the modulation and coding scheme for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214].

- New data indicator number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number $2, \dots$, block number N_{cell}^{DL}

Each block corresponds to the new data indicator for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the new data indicator for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 1 bit.

- Redundancy version number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{DL}

Each block corresponds to the redundancy version for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the redundancy version for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 0, 1 or 2 bits determined by higher layer parameter <code>numberOfBitsForRV-DCI-1-3</code> configured for the cell corresponding to the block,

- If 0 bit is configured, rv_{id} to be applied is 0;
- 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.3-1;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-2.

For transport block 2:

- Modulation and coding scheme number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number $N_{cell}^{DL,3}$

If scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3 for the scheduled cell set is configured with more than one entry, $N_{cell}^{DL,3}$ is the number of scheduled cells indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field and configured with maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI = 2; if scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3 for the scheduled cell set is configured with only one entry, $N_{cell}^{DL,3}$ is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3 and configured with maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI = 2; otherwise, $N_{cell}^{DL,3}$ is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter scheduledCellListDCI-1-3 in the scheduled cell set and configured with maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI = 2. Each block corresponds to the modulation and coding scheme for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the modulation and coding scheme for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 5 bits as defined in Clause 6.1.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214].

- New data indicator number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number $N_{cell}^{DL,3}$

Each block corresponds to the new data indicator for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the new data indicator for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 1 bit.

- Redundancy version number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number 2,..., block number $N_{cell}^{DL,3}$

Each block corresponds to the redundancy version for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the redundancy version for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 0, 1 or 2 bits determined by higher layer parameter <code>numberOfBitsForRV-DCI-1-3</code> configured for the cell corresponding to the block,

- If 0 bit is configured, rv_{id} to be applied is 0;

- 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.3-1;
- 2 bits according to Table 7.3.1.1.1-2.

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part and the value of <code>maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI</code> for the indicated bandwidth part equals 2 and the value of <code>maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI</code> for the active bandwidth part equals 1, the UE assumes zeros are padded when interpreting the "Modulation and coding scheme", "New data indicator", and "Redundancy version" fields of transport block 2 according to Clause 12 of [5, TS38.213], and the UE ignores the "Modulation and coding scheme", "New data indicator", and "Redundancy version" fields of transport block 2 for the indicated bandwidth part.

- HARQ process number number of bits determined by the following:
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{DL}

Each block corresponds to the HARQ process number for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the HARQ process number for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits determined by higher layer parameter *harq-ProcessNumberSizeDCI-1-3* configured for the cell corresponding to the block.

- Downlink assignment index number of bits as defined in the following
 - 4 bits if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook=dynamic*, where the 2 MSB bits are the counter DAI and the 2 LSB bits are the total DAI;
 - 0 bits otherwise.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* is replaced by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook-secondaryPUCCHgroup-r16* if present for the secondary PUCCH group.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-3* is configured, if the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_3 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_3 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller Downlink assignment index until the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 1_3 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- TPC command for scheduled PUCCH 2 bits as defined in Clause 7.2.1 of [5, TS 38.213]
- PUCCH resource indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]
- PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator 0, 1, 2, or 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *dL-DataToUL-ACK*.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-3* is configured, if the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_3 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_3 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook on the same cell for PUCCH transmission, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator until the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_3 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

If higher layer parameter *pucch-sSCellDynDCI-1-3* is configured, if the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_3 associated with one cell for PUCCH transmission is not equal to that of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_3 associated with the other cell for PUCCH transmission, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator until the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 1_3 associated with the two cells are the same.

- One-shot HARQ-ACK request 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter pdsch-HARQ-ACK-OneShotFeedbackDCI-1-3 or pdsch-HARQ-ACK-enhType3DCI-1-3 is configured;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

- Enhanced Type 3 codebook indicator 0, 1, 2, or 3 bits.
 - 0 bit if pdsch-HARQ-ACK-enhType3DCIfieldDCI-1-3 is not configured;
 - $[\log_2(n_{\text{CB}})]$ bits otherwise, where n_{CB} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList.

If the UE is configured with a PUCCH-SCell, *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3ToAddModList* is replaced by *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-EnhType3SecondaryList* for the secondary PUCCH group.

- HARQ-ACK retransmission indicator 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-retxDCI-1-3* is configured.
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- Antenna ports number of bits determined by the following:
 - If antennaPortsDCI-1-3= type1a is configured by higher layer,
 - $\max_{r \in \{1,2,\dots,N_{cell}^{DL,2}\}} M_A(r)$ bits applying to the scheduled cells independently, where $N_{cell}^{DL,2}$ is the number of cells configured by higher layer parameter *scheduledCellListDCI-1-3* in the scheduled cell set, r is mapped to the cells according to an ascending order of a serving cell index with r = 1 corresponding to the cell with the smallest serving cell index, and $M_A(r)$ is defined below.
 - If antennaPortsDCI-1-3= type2 is configured by higher layer,
 - block number 1, block number N_{cell}^{DL}

Each block corresponds to the Antenna ports information for a cell, and the blocks are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index, with block number 1 corresponding to the Antenna ports information for the cell with the smallest serving cell index. Each block is defined below.

 $M_A(r)$ above for the case of *antennaPortsDCI-1-3= type1A* or each block above for the case of *antennaPortsDCI-1-3= type2* is defined by the following:

4, 5, or 6 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4 and Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A, where the number of CDM groups without data of values 1, 2, and 3 refers to CDM groups $\{0\}$, $\{0,1\}$, and $\{0,1,2\}$ respectively. The antenna ports $\{p_0, \dots, p_{\nu-1}\}$ shall be determined according to the ordering of DMRS port(s) given by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4 or Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1A/2A/3A/4A.

If a UE is configured with both dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA and dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB, the bitwidth of this field equals $\max\{x_A, x_B\}$, where x_A is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA and x_B is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB. A number of $|x_A - x_B|$ zeros are padded in the MSB of this field, if the mapping type of the PDSCH corresponds to the smaller value of x_A and x_B .

- Transmission configuration indication number of bits determined by the following:
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* is not enabled or if higher layer parameter *tci-ListDCI-1-3* is not configured;
 - otherwise $\lceil \log_2(I_{TCI}) \rceil$ bits, where I_{TCI} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter tci-ListDCI-1-3. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter tci-ListDCI-1-3 according to Table 7.3.1.2.4-5. Each entry in the higher layer parameter tci-ListDCI-1-3 contains the 'Transmission configuration indication' index for each cell in the scheduled cell set, where the 'Transmission configuration indication' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index. Each 'Transmission configuration indication' index is 3 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.5 of [6, TS38.214].

If "Bandwidth part indicator" field indicates a bandwidth part other than the active bandwidth part,

- if the higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* is not enabled for the CORESET used for the PDCCH carrying the DCI format 1_3,
 - the UE assumes tci-PresentInDCI is not enabled for all CORESETs in the indicated bandwidth part;

- otherwise,
 - the UE assumes tci-PresentInDCI is enabled for all CORESETs in the indicated bandwidth part.
- SRS request [log₂(I_{SRS})] bits, where I_{SRS} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestListDCI-1-3*, or 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestListDCI-1-3* is not configured. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestListDCI-1-3* according to Table 7.3.1.2.4-6. Each entry in the higher layer parameter *srs-RequestListDCI-1-3* contains the 'SRS request' index for each cell in the scheduled cell set, where the 'SRS request' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index. Each 'SRS request' index is defined by the following:
 - 2 bits as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 for UEs not configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell; 3 bits for UEs configured with *supplementaryUplink* in *ServingCellConfig* in the cell where the first bit is the non-SUL/SUL indicator as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-1 and the second and third bits are defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24. This bit field may also indicate the associated CSI-RS according to Clause 6.1.1.2 of [6, TS 38.214].
- SRS offset indicator $|\log_2(l_{offset})|$ bits, where l_{offset} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3, or 0 bit if the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3 is not configured. This field is used to indicate an entry in the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3 according to Table 7.3.1.2.4-7. Each entry in the higher layer parameter srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3 contains the 'SRS offset indicator' index for each cell in the scheduled cell set, where the 'SRS offset indicator' indexes for all the cells are placed according to an ascending order of a serving cell index. Each 'SRS offset indicator' index is defined by the following:
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is not configured for any aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell, or if higher layer parameter *AvailableSlotOffset* is configured for at least one aperiodic SRS resource set in the scheduled cell and the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) is 1;
 - otherwise, $\lceil \log_2(K) \rceil$ bits are used to indicate available slot offset according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-37 and Clause 6.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214], where K is the maximum number of entries of *availableSlotOffsetList* configured for all aperiodic SRS resource set(s) in the scheduled cell;
- DMRS sequence initialization 1 bit. This field is applied to all the scheduled cells indicated by Scheduled cells indicator field or Frequency domain resource assignment field independently.
- Priority indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-1-3* is not configured; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 9 in [5, TS 38.213].
- ChannelAccess-CPext 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 bits. The bitwidth for this field is determined as [log₂(*I*)] bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-1-1* or in Table 7.3.1.1.1-4A if *channelAccessMode-r16* = "*semiStatic*" is provided, for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, or for operation in frequency range 2-2 if *ChannelAccessMode2-r17* is provided; otherwise 0 bit. One or more entries from Table 7.3.1.2.2-6 or Table 7.3.1.2.2-6A are configured by the higher layer parameter *ul-AccessConfigListDCI-1-1*.
- Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator 0 or 1 bit
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter minimumSchedulingOffsetK0DCI-1-3 is not configured;
 - 1 bit otherwise. The 1 bit indication is used to determine the minimum applicable K0 for the active DL BWP and the minimum applicable K2 for the active UL BWP, if configured respectively, according to Table 7.3.1.1.2-33. If the minimum applicable K0 is indicated, the minimum applicable value of the aperiodic CSI-RS triggering offset for an active DL BWP for each scheduled cell shall be the same as the minimum applicable K0.
- SCell dormancy indication 0 bit if higher layer parameter *dormancyDCI-1-3* or *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime* is not configured; otherwise 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 bits bitmap determined according to the number of different *DormancyGroupID(s)* provided by higher layer parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime*, where each bit corresponds to one of the SCell group(s) configured by higher layers parameter *dormancyGroupWithinActiveTime*, with MSB to LSB of the bitmap corresponding to the first to the last configured SCell group in ascending order of *DormancyGroupID*. The field is only present when this format is carried by PDCCH on the primary cell within DRX Active Time and the UE is configured with at least two DL BWPs for an SCell.

If the "One-shot HARQ-ACK request" field is not present or set to '0', and if the "HARQ-ACK retransmission indicator" field is not present or set to '0', and if all bits of the corresponding block(s) of the frequency domain resource assignment field are set to 0 for resource allocation type 0 or set to 1 for resource allocation type 1 or set to 0 or 1 for dynamic switch resource allocation type for one or more cells in the scheduled cell set, this field is reserved and the following fields, corresponding to the cell with smallest serving cell index among the one or more cell(s), among the fields above are used for SCell dormancy indication, where each bit corresponds to one of the configured SCell(s), with MSB to LSB of the following fields concatenated in the order below corresponding to the SCell with lowest to highest SCell index

- Modulation and coding scheme of transport block 1
- New data indicator of transport block 1
- Redundancy version of transport block 1
- HARQ process number
- Antenna port(s) if *antennaPortsDCI1-3= type2* is configured by higher layer.
- PDCCH monitoring adaptation indication 0, 1 or 2 bits
 - 0 bit if higher layer parameter *pdcchMonAdaptDCI-1-3* is not enabled;
 - otherwise,
 - 1 or 2 bits, if *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* is not configured and if *pdcch-SkippingDurationList* is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured with only one duration by pdcch-SkippingDurationList;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured with more than one duration by pdcch-SkippingDurationList.
 - 1 or 2 bits, if *pdcch-SkippingDurationList* is not configured and if *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* is configured
 - 1 bit if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0 and search space set(s) with group index 1, and if the UE is not configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with any search space set with group index 2;
 - 2 bits if the UE is configured by *searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17* with search space set(s) with group index 0, search space set(s) with group index 1 and search space set(s) with group index 2;
 - 2 bits, if pdcch-SkippingDurationList is configured and if searchSpaceGroupIdList-r17 is configured
- PUCCH Cell indicator 0 or 1 bit.
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *pucch-sSCellDynDCI-1-3* is configured.
 - 0 bit otherwise.

If *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3* for the cell set is configured, zeros shall be appended to DCI format 1_3 if needed until the payload size equals the size of DCI format 1_3 that is determined by the configuration of the corresponding active bandwidth part(s) of the scheduled cells in the entry which results in the largest size among the entries in the higher layer parameter *scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3*.

If an SCell within the scheduled cell set is deactivated and the *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* corresponding to the SCell is not set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the bitwidth of the fields in DCI format 1_3 based on a DL BWP provided by *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* for the SCell. If the active DL BWP of an SCell within the scheduled cell set is a dormant DL BWP, or if an SCell within the scheduled cell set is deactivated and the *firstActiveDownlinkBWP-Id* corresponding to the SCell is set to dormant BWP, the UE determines the bitwidth of the fields in DCI format 1_3 based on a DL BWP provided by *firstWithinActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell if provided; otherwise, based on a DL BWP provided by *firstOutsideActiveTimeBWP-Id* for the SCell.

Table 7.3.1.2.4-1: Scheduled cells indicator in DCI format 1_3

Bit field mapped to index	Scheduled cells
0	The cells configured by the 1 st entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3
1	The cells configured by the 2 nd entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3
2	The cells configured by the 3 rd entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any
3	The cells configured by the 4th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any
4	The cells configured by the 5 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any
5	The cells configured by the 6th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any
6	The cells configured by the 7 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any
7	The cells configured by the 8th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any
8	The cells configured by the 9th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any
9	The cells configured by the 10 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3, if any
10	The cells configured by the 11 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3, if any
11	The cells configured by the 12 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3 if any
12	The cells configured by the 13 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3, if any
13	The cells configured by the 14 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3, if any
14	The cells configured by the 15 th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCI-1-3, if any
15	The cells configured by the 16th entry in scheduledCellComboListDCl-1-3, if any

Table 7.3.1.2.4-2: Time domain resource assignment in DCI format 1_3

Bit field mapped to index	Indicated time domain resource allocation
0	The 1 st entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-1-3
1	The 2 nd entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-1-3
2	The 3 rd entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-1-3, if any
i	The $(i+1)^{th}$ entry in tdra-FieldIndexListDCI-1-3, if any

Table 7.3.1.2.4-3: Rate matching indicator

Bit field mapped to index	Indicated rate matching pattern
0	The 1 st entry in rateMatchListDCI-1-3
1	The 2 nd entry in rateMatchListDCI-1-3
2	The 3 rd entry in rateMatchListDCI-1-3, if any
15	The 16th entry in rateMatchListDCI-1-3, if any

Table 7.3.1.2.4-4: ZP CSI-RS trigger

Bit field mapped to index	Triggered aperiodic ZP CSI-RS
0	The 1 st entry in <i>zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3</i>
1	The 2 nd entry in <i>zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3</i>
2	The 3 rd entry in <i>zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3</i> , if any
7	The 8 th entry in <i>zp-CSI-RSListDCI-1-3</i> , if any

Table 7.3.1.2.4-5: Transmission configuration indication

Bit field mapped to index	Indicated transmission configuration indication
0	The 1 st entry in <i>tci-ListDCI-1-3</i>
1	The 2 nd entry in tci-ListDCI-1-3
2	The 3 rd entry in tci-ListDCI-1-3, if any
15	The 16th entry in tci-ListDCI-1-3, if any

Table 7.3.1.2.4-6: SRS request in DCI format 1_3

Bit field mapped to index	Triggered aperiodic SRS resource set(s)
0	The 1 st entry in srs-RequestListDCI-1-3
1	The 2 nd entry in srs-RequestListDCI-1-3
2	The 3 rd entry in srs-RequestListDCI-1-3, if any
15	The 16th entry in srs-RequestListDCI-1-3, if any

Table 7.3.1.2.4-7: SRS offset indicator in DCI format 1_3

Bit field mapped to index	Available slot offset
0	The 1 st entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3
1	The 2 nd entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3
2	The 3 rd entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3, if any
7	The 8th entry in srs-OffsetListDCI-1-3, if any

7.3.1.3 DCI formats for other purposes

7.3.1.3.1 Format 2 0

DCI format 2_0 is used for notifying the slot format, COT duration, available RB set, and search space set group switching.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_0 with CRC scrambled by SFI-RNTI:

- If the higher layer parameter slotFormatCombToAddModList is configured,
 - Slot format indicator 1, Slot format indicator 2, ..., Slot format indicator N,
- If the higher layer parameter availableRB-SetsToAddModList is configured,
 - Available RB set Indicator 1, Available RB set Indicator 2, ..., Available RB set Indicator N1,
- If the higher layer parameter co-DurationsPerCellToAddModList is configured
 - COT duration indicator 1, COT duration indicator 2, ..., COT duration indicator N2.
- If the higher layer parameter switchTriggerToAddModList is configured
 - Search space set group switching flag 1, Search space set group switching flag 2, ..., Search space set group switching flag *M*.

The size of DCI format 2_0 is configurable by higher layers up to 128 bits, according to Clause 11.1.1 of [5, TS 38.213].

7.3.1.3.2 Format 2_1

DCI format 2_1 is used for notifying the PRB(s) and OFDM symbol(s) where UE may assume no transmission is intended for the UE.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_1 with CRC scrambled by INT-RNTI:

- Pre-emption indication 1, Pre-emption indication 2, ..., Pre-emption indication *N*.

The size of DCI format 2_1 is configurable by higher layers up to 126 bits, according to Clause 11.2 of [5, TS 38.213]. Each pre-emption indication is 14 bits.

7.3.1.3.3 Format 2_2

DCI format 2_2 is used for the transmission of TPC commands for PUCCH and PUSCH.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_2 with CRC scrambled by TPC-PUSCH-RNTI or TPC-PUCCH-RNTI:

block number 1, block number 2,..., block number *N*

The parameter *tpc-PUSCH* or *tpc-PUCCH* provided by higher layers determines the index to the block number for an UL of a cell, with the following fields defined for each block:

- Closed loop indicator 0 or 1 bit.
 - For DCI format 2_2 with TPC-PUSCH-RNTI, 0 bit if the UE is not configured with high layer parameter *twoPUSCH-PC-AdjustmentStates*, in which case UE assumes each block in the DCI format 2_2 is of 2 bits; 1 bit otherwise, in which case UE assumes each block in the DCI format 2_2 is of 3 bits;
 - For DCI format 2_2 with TPC-PUCCH-RNTI, 0 bit if the UE is not configured with high layer parameter *twoPUCCH-PC-AdjustmentStates*, in which case UE assumes each block in the DCI format 2_2 is of 2 bits; 1 bit otherwise, in which case UE assumes each block in the DCI format 2_2 is of 3 bits;
- TPC command -2 bits

The number of information bits in format 2_2 shall be equal to or less than the payload size of format 1_0 monitored in common search space in the same serving cell. If the number of information bits in format 2_2 is less than the payload size of format 1_0 monitored in common search space in the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended to format 2_2 until the payload size equals that of format 1_0 monitored in common search space in the same serving cell.

7.3.1.3.4 Format 2 3

DCI format 2_3 is used for the transmission of a group of TPC commands for SRS transmissions by one or more UEs. Along with a TPC command, a SRS request may also be transmitted.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_3 with CRC scrambled by TPC-SRS-RNTI:

- block number 1, block number 2, ..., block number B

where the starting position of a block is determined by the parameter *startingBitOfFormat2-3* or *startingBitOfFormat2-3SUL-v1530* provided by higher layers for the UE configured with the block.

If the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group* = *typeA* for an UL without PUCCH and PUSCH or an UL on which the SRS power control is not tied with PUSCH power control, one or two blocks are configured for the UE by higher layers where one block applies to non-SUL carriers and another block applies to SUL carriers, with the following fields defined for each block:

- SRS request 0 or 2 bits. The presence of this field is according to the definition in Clause 11.4 of [5, TS38.213]. If present, this field is interpreted as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24.
- TPC command number 1, TPC command number 2, ..., TPC command number N, where each TPC command applies to a respective UL carrier provided by higher layer parameter *cc-IndexInOneCC-Set*

If the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group* = *typeB* for an UL without PUCCH and PUSCH or an UL on which the SRS power control is not tied with PUSCH power control, one block or more blocks is configured for the UE by higher layers where each block applies to an UL carrier, with the following fields defined for each block:

- SRS request 0 or 2 bits. The presence of this field is according to the definition in Clause 11.4 of [5, TS38.213]. If present, this field is interpreted as defined by Table 7.3.1.1.2-24.
- TPC command -2 bits

The number of information bits in format 2_3 shall be equal to or less than the payload size of format 1_0 monitored in common search space in the same serving cell. If the number of information bits in format 2_3 is less than the payload size of format 1_0 monitored in common search space in the same serving cell, zeros shall be appended to format 2_3 until the payload size equals that of format 1_0 monitored in common search space in the same serving cell.

7.3.1.3.5 Format 2 4

DCI format 2_4 is used for notifying the PRB(s) and OFDM symbol(s) where UE cancels the corresponding UL transmission from the UE according to Clause 11.2A of [5, TS 38.213].

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2 4 with CRC scrambled by CI-RNTI:

- Cancellation indication 1, Cancellation indication 2, ..., Cancellation indication indication N.

The size of DCI format 2_4 is configurable by higher layers parameter *dci-PayloadSizeForCI* up to 126 bits, according to Clause 11.2A of [5, TS 38.213]. The number of bits for each cancellation indication is configurable by higher layer parameter *ci-PayloadSize*. For a UE, there is at most one cancellation indication for an UL carrier.

7.3.1.3.6 Format 2_5

DCI format 2_5 is used for notifying the availability of soft resources as defined in Clause 9.3.1 of [10, TS 38.473]

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_5 with CRC scrambled by AI-RNTI:

- Availability indicator 1, Availability indicator 2, ..., Availability indicator N.

The size of DCI format 2_5 is configurable by higher layers up to 128 bits, according to Clause 14 of [5, TS 38.213].

7.3.1.3.7 Format 2 6

DCI format 2_6 is used for notifying the power saving information outside DRX Active Time for one or more UEs.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_6 with CRC scrambled by PS-RNTI:

- block number 1, block number 2,..., block number *N*

where the starting position of a block is determined by the parameter *ps-PositionDCI-2-6* provided by higher layers for the UE configured with the block.

If the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *ps-RNTI* and *dci-Format2-6*, one block is configured for the UE by higher layers, with the following fields defined for the block:

- Wake-up indication 1 bit
- SCell dormancy indication 0 bit if higher layer parameter *dormancyGroupOutsideActiveTime* is not configured; otherwise 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 bits bitmap determined according to the number of different *DormancyGroupID(s)* provided by higher layer parameter *dormancyGroupOutsideActiveTime*, where each bit corresponds to one of the SCell group(s) configured by higher layers parameter *dormancyGroupOutsideActiveTime*, with MSB to LSB of the bitmap corresponding to the first to last configured SCell group in ascending order of *DormancyGroupID*.

The size of DCI format 2_6 is indicated by the higher layer parameter *sizeDCI-2-6*, according to Clause 10.3 of [5, TS 38.213].

7.3.1.3.8 Format 2 7

DCI format 2_7 is used for notifying the paging early indication and TRS availability indication for one or more UEs.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_7 with CRC scrambled by PEI-RNTI:

- Paging indication field $N_{PO}^{PEI}N_{SG}^{PO}$ bit(s), where
 - N_{PO}^{PEI} is the number of paging occasions configured by higher layer parameter *po-NumPerPEI* as defined in Clause 10.4A in [5, TS 38.213];
 - N_{SG}^{PO} is the number of sub-groups of a paging occasion configured by higher layer parameter *subgroupsNumPerPO*.
 - Each bit in the field indicates one UE subgroup of a paging occasion.

- TRS availability indication - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 bits, where the number of bits is equal to one plus the highest value of all the *indBitID*(s) provided by the *trs-ResourceSetConfig* or the number of bits is equal to one plus the highest value of all the *indBitID-r18*(s) provided by the *trs-ResourceSetConfig-r18* if configured if configured; 0 bits otherwise.

The size of DCI format 2_7 is indicated by the higher layer parameter *payloadSizeDCI-2-7*, according to Clause 10.4A of [5, TS 38.213]. The number of information bits in format 2_7 shall be equal to or less than the payload size of format 2_7. If the number of information bits in format 2_7 is less than the size of format 2_7, the remaining bits are reserved.

7.3.1.3.9 Format 2 8

DCI format 2_8 is used for notifying the aperiodic beam indication and associated time resources

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_8 with CRC scrambled by NCR-RNTI:

- Beam index 1, Beam index 2, ..., Beam index N
 - The bitwidth of each beam index field is determined by the higher layer parameter aperiodicBeamFieldWidth.
- Time resource indication 1, Time resource indication 2, ..., Time resource indication N

The bitwidth of each time resource indication field is determined by $\max \{ \lceil \log_2(I) \rceil, 1 \}$, where I is the number of time domain resources configured by aperiodicFwdConfig. The bit field indexes of a time resource indication field are mapped to the time domain resources configured by aperiodicFwdConfig according to an ascending order of a resource identity configured by aperiodicFwdTimeRsrcId, with the bit field index 0 mapped to the time resource with the smallest resource identity.

The N beam indexes are sequentially associated with the N time resource indications with one to one mapping. N is configured by the higher layer parameter *numberOfFields*. The size of DCI format 2_8 is up to 128 bits.

7.3.1.3.10 Format 2_9

DCI format 2_9 is used for activating or de-activating the cell DTX and/or DRX configuration of one or multiple serving cells for one or more UEs, and/or for providing NES-mode indication of the primary cell for one or more UEs.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 2_9 with CRC scrambled by cellDTRX-RNTI:

- block number 1, block number 2,..., block number N

where the starting position of a block associated with a serving cell is determined by the parameter *positionInDCI-cellDTRX* provided by higher layers for the UE.

If the UE is configured to monitor DCI 2_9 with CRC scrambled by cellDTRX-RNTI, one or more blocks are configured for the UE by higher layers, with the following fields defined for each block:

- Cell DTX/DRX indication number of bits determined by the following:
 - If higher layer parameter *cellDTX-DRX-L1activation* is configured
 - 2 bits as defined in Clause 11.5 of [5, TS38.213] if *cellDTX-DRX-ConfigType* is configured to *dtxdrx* for the associated serving cell of the block, with the MSB corresponding to cell DTX configuration and the LSB corresponding to cell DRX configuration;
 - 1 bit as defined in Clause 11.5 of [5, TS38.213] if *cellDTX-DRX-ConfigType* is configured to either *dtx* or *drx* for the associated serving cell of the block;
 - 0 bit otherwise.
- NES-mode indication 1 bit indicating NES-specific CHO execution condition as defined in Clause 11.5 of [5, TS38.213], if the higher layer parameter *nesEvent* is configured and the associated serving cell of the block is primary cell; 0 bit otherwise.

The size of DCI format 2 9 is indicated by the higher layer parameter sizeDCI-2-9.

7.3.1.4 DCI formats for scheduling of sidelink

7.3.1.4.1 Format 3 0

DCI format 3_0 is used for scheduling of NR PSCCH and NR PSSCH in one cell, or scheduling of NR PSCCH, NR PSSCH and NR SL PRS for a shared SL PRS resource pool in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 3_0 with CRC scrambled by SL-RNTI or SL-CS-RNTI:

- Resource pool index -[log₂ *I*] bits, where *I* is the total number of resource pools for transmission configured by the higher layer parameter *sl-TxPoolScheduling*, if configured, and *sl-DiscTxPoolScheduling*, if configured.
- Time gap 3 bits determined by higher layer parameter *sl-DCI-ToSL-Trans*, as defined in clause 8.1.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- HARQ process number 4 bits.
- New data indicator 1 bit.
- Lowest index of the subchannel allocation to the initial transmission $\left[\log_2(N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}})\right]$ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Lowest index of the RB set allocation to the initial transmission $\log_2(N_{RBset})$ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214] if the higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is configured to 'interlaceRB'; 0 bit otherwise.
- SCI format 1-A fields according to clause 8.3.1.1:
 - Frequency resource assignment.
 - Time resource assignment.
- PSFCH-to-HARQ feedback timing indicator $[\log_2 N_{\text{fb_timing}}]$ bits, where $N_{\text{fb_timing}}$ is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *sl-PSFCH-ToPUCCH*, as defined in clause 16.5 of [5, TS 38.213]
- PUCCH resource indicator 3 bits as defined in clause 16.5 of [5, TS 38.213].
- Configuration index 0 bit if the UE is not configured to monitor DCI format 3_0 with CRC scrambled by SL-CS-RNTI; otherwise 3 bits as defined in clause 8.1.2 of [6, TS 38.214]. If the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 3_0 with CRC scrambled by SL-CS-RNTI, this field is reserved for DCI format 3_0 with CRC scrambled by SL-RNTI.
- Counter sidelink assignment index 2 bits
 - 2 bits as defined in clause 16.5.2 of [5, TS 38.213] if the UE is configured with *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* = *dynamic*
 - 2 bits as defined in clause 16.5.1 of [5, TS 38.213] if the UE is configured with *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook* = *semi-static*
- Padding bits, if required

If the total number of transmit resource pools provided in *sl-TxPoolScheduling*, if configured, and *sl-DiscTxPoolScheduling*, if configured, is larger than one, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 3_0 until the payload size is equal to the size of a DCI format 3_0 given by a configuration of the transmit resource pool resulting in the largest number of information bits for DCI format 3_0.

If the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 3_1 and/or DCI format 3_2 and the number of information bits in DCI format 3_0 is less than the larger payload size of DCI format 3_1 if configured and DCI format 3_2 if configured, zeros shall be appended to DCI format 3_0 until the payload size equals the larger payload size of DCI format 3_1 if configured and DCI format 3_2 if configured.

7.3.1.4.2 Format 3 1

DCI format 3_1 is used for scheduling of LTE PSCCH and LTE PSSCH in one cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 3_1 with CRC scrambled by SL Semi-Persistent Scheduling V-RNTI:

- Timing offset 3 bits determined by higher layer parameter *sl-TimeOffsetEUTRA-List*, as defined in clause 16.6 of [5, TS 38.213]
- Carrier indicator -3 bits as defined in 5.3.3.1.9A of [11, TS 36.212].
- Lowest index of the subchannel allocation to the initial transmission $\left\lceil \log_2(N_{\text{subchannel}}^{\text{SL}}) \right\rceil$ bits as defined in 5.3.3.1.9A of [11, TS 36.212].
- Frequency resource location of initial transmission and retransmission, as defined in 5.3.3.1.9A of [11, TS 36.212]
- Time gap between initial transmission and retransmission, as defined in 5.3.3.1.9A of [11, TS 36.212]
- SL index 2 bits as defined in 5.3.3.1.9A of [11, TS 36.212]
- SL SPS configuration index 3 bits as defined in clause 5.3.3.1.9A of [11, TS 36.212].
- Activation/release indication 1 bit as defined in clause 5.3.3.1.9A of [11, TS 36.212].

If the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 3_0 and/or DCI format 3_2 and the number of information bits in DCI format 3_1 is less than the larger payload size of DCI format 3_0 if configured and DCI format 3_2 if configured, zeros shall be appended to DCI format 3_1 until the payload size equals the larger payload size of DCI format 3_0 if configured and DCI format 3_2 if configured.

7.3.1.4.3 Format 3 2

DCI format 3_2 is used for scheduling of NR PSCCH and NR SL PRS for a dedicated SL PRS resource pool in one cell

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 3_2 with CRC scrambled by SL-PRS-RNTI or SL-PRS-CS-RNTI:

- Resource pool index -[log₂ *I*] bits, where *I* is the total number of dedicated SL PRS resource pools for transmission configured by the higher layer parameter *sl-PRS-TxPoolScheduling*, if configured.
- Time gap 3 bits determined by higher layer parameter *sl-DCI-ToSL-Trans*, as defined in clause 8.2.4.1.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- First SL PRS indicator $\lceil \log_2 N_{\text{SL-PRS}} \rceil$ bits indicating the SL PRS resource ID for the first SL PRS transmission, where the value $N_{\text{SL-PRS}}$ is the total number of SL PRS resources within a slot in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool and provided by the higher layer parameter *sl-PRS-ResourcesDedicatedSL-PRS-RP*.
- SCI format 1-B fields according to clause 8.3.1.2:
 - Time resource assignment
 - Resource ID indication
- Configuration index 0 bit if the UE is not configured to monitor DCI format 3_2 with CRC scrambled by SL-PRS-CS-RNTI; otherwise 3 bits as defined in clause 8.2.4.1 of [6, TS 38.214]. If the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 3_2 with CRC scrambled by SL-PRS-CS-RNTI, this field is reserved for DCI format 3_2 with CRC scrambled by SL-PRS-RNTI.
- Activation/release indication 0 bit if the UE is not configured to monitor DCI format 3_2 with CRC scrambled with SL-PRS-CS-RNTI; otherwise 1 bit, where value 0 indicates release and value 1 indicates activation. If the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 3_2 with CRC scrambled with SL-PRS-CS-RNTI, this field is reserved for DCI format 3_2 with CRC scrambled by SL-PRS-RNTI.

- Padding bits, if required.

If the total number of transmit resource pools provided in *sl-PRS-TxPoolScheduling*, if configured, is larger than one, zeros shall be appended to the DCI format 3_2 until the payload size is equal to the size of a DCI format 3_2 given by a configuration of the transmit resource pool resulting in the largest number of information bits for DCI format 3_2.

If the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 3_0 and/or DCI format 3_1 and the number of information bits in DCI format 3_2 is less than the larger payload size of DCI format 3_0 if configured and DCI format 3_1 if configured, zeros shall be appended to DCI format 3_2 until the payload size equals the larger payload size of DCI format 3_0 if configured and DCI format 3_1 if configured.

7.3.1.5 DCI formats for scheduling of MBS

7.3.1.5.1 Format 4 0

DCI format 4_0 is used for the scheduling of PDSCH for broadcast or for multicast in RRC_INACTIVE state in DL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 4_0 with CRC scrambled by MCCH-RNTI or G-RNTI for broadcast configured by *MBS-SessionInfo*, or by Multicast MCCH-RNTI:

- Frequency domain resource assignment $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}+1)/2)\right]$ bits where $N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}$ equals to
 - the size of CORESET 0 if CORESET 0 is configured for the cell; and
 - the size of initial DL bandwidth part if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell.
- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3 of [6, TS38.214]
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- MCCH change notification 2 bits as defined in Clause 5.9.1.3 and Clause 5.10.1.3 of [9, TS38.331] if the CRC of the DCI format 4_0 is scrambled by MCCH-RNTI and Multicast MCCH-RNTI respectively. Otherwise, this bit field is reserved.
- Reserved bits 14bits

7.3.1.5.2 Format 4 1

DCI format 4 1 is used for the scheduling of PDSCH for multicast in DL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 4_1 with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast or G-CS-RNTI configured by *MBS-RNTI-SpecificConfig*, or by G-RNTI for multicast configured by *MBS-SessionInfoListMulticast*:

- Frequency domain resource assignment $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}+1)/2)\right]$ bits where $N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}$ equals to
 - the size of CORESET 0 if CORESET 0 is configured for the cell; and
 - the size of initial DL bandwidth part if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell.
- Time domain resource assignment 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS38.214]
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3 of [6, TS38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2

- HARQ process number 4 bits
- Downlink assignment index 2 bits as defined in Clause 9.1.3 of [5, TS 38.213], as counter DAI
- PUCCH resource indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS38.213]
- PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS38.213]
- Reserved bits 3 bits

7.3.1.5.3 Format 4 2

DCI format 4_2 is used for the scheduling of PDSCH for multicast in DL cell.

The following information is transmitted by means of the DCI format 4_2 with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast or G-CS-RNTI configured by *MBS-RNTI-SpecificConfig*:

- Frequency domain resource assignment number of bits determined by the following, where $N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}$ is the size of the common frequency resource as defined in Clause 18 of [5, TS38.213].
 - N_{RBG} bits if only resource allocation type 0 is configured, where N_{RBG} is defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS38.214],
 - $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}+1)/2)\right]$ bits if only resource allocation type 1 is configured, or
 - $\max(\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}+1)/2)\right],N_{RBG})+1$ bits if resourceAllocation in pdsch-ConfigMulticast is configured as 'dynamicSwitch'.
 - If resourceAllocation in pdsch-ConfigMulticast is configured as 'dynamicSwitch', the MSB bit is used to indicate resource allocation type 0 or resource allocation type 1, where the bit value of 0 indicates resource allocation type 0 and the bit value of 1 indicates resource allocation type 1.
 - For resource allocation type 0, the N_{RBG} LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
 - For resource allocation type 1, the $\left[\log_2(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}(N_{RB}^{DL,CFR}+1)/2)\right]$ LSBs provide the resource allocation as defined in Clause 5.1.2.2.2 of [6, TS 38.214]
- Time domain resource assignment 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(I) \rceil$ bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* if the higher layer parameter is configured; otherwise *I* is the number of entries in the default table.
- VRB-to-PRB mapping 0 or 1 bit:
 - 0 bit if only resource allocation type 0 is configured or if *vrb-ToPRB-Interleaver* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* is not configured;
 - 1 bit according to Table 7.3.1.2.2-5 otherwise, only applicable to resource allocation type 1, as defined in Clause 7.3.1.6 of [4, TS 38.211].
- PRB bundling size indicator 0 bit if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* is not configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* or is set to 'staticBundling', or 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* is set to 'dynamicBundling' according to Clause 5.1.2.3 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Rate matching indicator 0, 1, or 2 bits according to higher layer parameters *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*, where the MSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and the LSB is used to indicate *rateMatchPatternGroup2* when there are two groups.
- ZP CSI-RS trigger 0, 1, or 2 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.4.2 of [6, TS 38.214]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as $\lceil \log_2(n_{ZP} + 1) \rceil$ bits, where n_{ZP} is the number of aperiodic ZP CSI-RS resource sets configured in pdsch-ConfigMulticast.

For transport block 1:

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2

For transport block 2 (only present if maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI configured in pdsch-ConfigMulticast equals 2):

- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.3.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- HARQ process number 4 bits
- Downlink assignment index number of bits as defined in the following
 - 2 bits if the higher layer parameter *pdsch-HARQ-ACK-Codebook =dynamic* is configured for multicast, where the 2 bits are the counter DAI;
 - 0 bits otherwise.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-4-2* is configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*, if the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 4_2 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 4_2 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller Downlink assignment index until the bit width of the Downlink assignment index in DCI format 4_2 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

- PUCCH resource indicator 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]
- PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator 0, 1, 2, or 3 bits as defined in Clause 9.2.3 of [5, TS 38.213]. The bitwidth for this field is determined as [log₂(*I*)] bits, where *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *dl-DataToUL-ACK* in *pucch-ConfigMulticast1* if configured or *pucch-ConfigMulticast2* if configured; otherwise, *I* is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *dl-DataToUL-ACK* in *PUCCH-Config*.

If higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-4-2* is configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*, if the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 4_2 for one HARQ-ACK codebook is not equal to that of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 4_2 for the other HARQ-ACK codebook, a number of most significant bits with value set to '0' are inserted to smaller PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator until the bit width of the PDSCH-to-HARQ_feedback timing indicator in DCI format 4_2 for the two HARQ-ACK codebooks are the same.

Antenna port(s) - 4, 5, or 6 bits as defined by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4, where the number of CDM groups without data of values 1, 2, and 3 refers to CDM groups $\{0\}$, $\{0,1\}$, and $\{0,1,2\}$ respectively. The antenna ports $\{p_0, ..., p_{\nu-1}\}$ shall be determined according to the ordering of DMRS port(s) given by Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1/2/3/4.

If a UE is configured with both dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA and dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB, the bitwidth of this field equals $\max\{x_A, x_B\}$, where x_A is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA and x_B is the "Antenna ports" bitwidth derived according to dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB. A number of $|x_A - x_B|$ zeros are padded in the MSB of this field, if the mapping type of the PDSCH corresponds to the smaller value of x_A and x_B .

- Transmission configuration indication 0 bit if higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* in *pdcch-ConfigMulticast* is not enabled; otherwise 3 bits as defined in Clause 5.1.5 of [6, TS38.214].
- DMRS sequence initialization 1 bit.
- Priority indicator 0 bit if higher layer parameter *priorityIndicatorDCI-4-2* is not configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*; otherwise 1 bit as defined in Clause 9 in [5, TS 38.213].
- Enabling/disabling HARQ-ACK feedback indication -1 bit if higher layer parameter *harq-FeedbackEnablerMulticast* indicates *dci-enabler*, where value 1 indicates enabling HARQ-ACK feedback and value 0 indicates disabling HARQ-ACK feedback; 0 bit, otherwise.

The size of DCI format 4_2 is configurable by higher layer parameter *sizeDCI-4-2* from 20 bits and up to 140 bits. If the number of information bits in DCI format 4_2 is less than the size of DCI format 4_2, the remaining bits are reserved.

7.3.2 CRC attachment

Error detection is provided on DCI transmissions through a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC).

The entire payload is used to calculate the CRC parity bits. Denote the bits of the payload by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_{A-1}$, and the parity bits by $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots, p_{L-1}$, where A is the payload size and L is the number of parity bits. Let $a'_0, a'_1, a'_2, a'_3, \dots, a'_{A+L-1}$ be a bit sequence such that $a'_i = 1$ for $i = 0,1,\dots,L-1$ and $a'_i = a_{i-L}$ for $i = L, L+1,\dots,A+L-1$. The parity bits are computed with input bit sequence $a'_0, a'_1, a'_2, a'_3, \dots, a'_{A+L-1}$ and attached according to Clause 5.1 by setting L to 24 bits and using the generator polynomial a_{CRC24C} (a_{CRC24C}). The output bit a_{CRC24C} (a_{CRC24C}) is

$$b_k = a_k$$
 for $k = 0,1,2,...,A-1$

$$b_k = p_{k-A}$$
 for $k = A, A+1, A+2,..., A+L-1$,

where K = A + L.

After attachment, the CRC parity bits are scrambled with the corresponding RNTI $x_{rnti,0}, x_{rnti,1}, ..., x_{rnti,15}$, where $x_{rnti,0}$ corresponds to the MSB of the RNTI, to form the sequence of bits $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_{K-1}$. The relation between c_k and b_k is:

$$c_k = b_k \text{ for } k = 0, 1, 2, ..., A+7$$

 $c_k = (b_k + x_{rnti,k-A-8}) \mod 2 \text{ for } k = A+8, A+9, A+10, ..., A+23.$

7.3.3 Channel coding

Information bits are delivered to the channel coding block. They are denoted by $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, \dots c_{K-1}$, where K is the number of bits, and they are encoded via Polar coding according to Clause 5.3.1, by setting $n_{\max} = 9$, $n_{\max} = 1$, $n_{PC} = 0$, and $n_{PC}^{\text{wm}} = 0$.

After encoding the bits are denoted by $d_0, d_1, d_2, d_3, \dots, d_{N-1}$, where N is the number of coded bits.

7.3.4 Rate matching

The input bit sequence to rate matching is $d_0, d_1, d_2, ..., d_{N-1}$.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{RII} = 0$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as $f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{E-1}$.

8 Sidelink transport channels and control information

8.1 Sidelink broadcast channel

The processing for SL-BCH transport channel follows the BCH according to clause 7.1, with the following changes:

- In Clause 7.1, 'maximum of one transport block every 80ms' is replaced with 'maximum of one transport block'.
- Clause 7.1.1 for PBCH payload generation is not performed.
- Clause 7.1.2 for scrambling is not performed.
- In clause 7.1.5, the rate matching output sequence length E = 1386 when higher layer parameter *cyclicPrefix* is configured, otherwise, E = 1782.

8.1.1 Void

8.2 Sidelink shared channel

The processing for SL-SCH transport channel follows the UL-SCH according to clause 6.2, with the following changes:

- Rate matching of SL-SCH follows the rate matching according to clause 6.2.5 by setting $I_{LBRM} = 0$
- Clause 6.2.7 is replaced by clause 8.2.1

8.2.1 Data and control multiplexing

Denote the coded bits for SL-SCH as g_0^{SL-SCH} , g_1^{SL-SCH} , g_2^{SL-SCH} , g_3^{SL-SCH} , ..., g_G^{SL-SCH} , ..., g_G^{SL-SCH}

Denote the coded bits for the 2nd-stage SCI, as g_0^{SCI2} , g_1^{SCI2} , g_2^{SCI2} , g_3^{SCI2} , ..., g_G^{SCI2} , g_3^{SCI2} , ...

Denote the multiplexed data and control coded bit sequence as g_0, g_1, \dots, g_{G-1} , where G is the total number of coded bits for transmission.

Assuming that N_L is the number of layers onto which the SL-SCH transport block is mapped, the multiplexed data and control coded bit sequence g_0, g_1, \dots, g_{g-1} is obtained as follows:

Denote Q_m^{SCI2} is modulation order of the 2nd-stage SCI.

```
\begin{split} &\text{if } N_L = 1, \\ &\text{for } i = 0 \text{ to } G^{SCI2} + G^{SL-SCH} - 1 \\ &\text{if } 0 \leq i < G^{SCI2} \\ &g_i = g_i^{SCI2} \\ &\text{end if} \\ &\text{if } G^{SCI2} \leq i \leq G^{SCI2} + G^{SL-SCH} - 1 \\ &g_i = g_{i-G}^{SL-SCH} \\ &\text{end if} \\ &\text{end if} \\ &\text{end for} \\ &\text{end if} \\ &\text{end for} \\ &\text{end if} \\ &\text{if } N_L = 2, \\ &\text{let } M_{count,SCI2}^{RE} = G^{SCI2}/Q_m^{SCI2} \\ &\text{set } m_{count}^{RE} = 0 \\ &\text{for } i = 0 \text{ to } M_{count,SCI2}^{RE} - 1 \\ &\text{for } v = 0 \text{ to } N_L - 1 \end{split}
```

for q = 0 to $Q_m^{SCI2} - 1$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{if } v = 0 \\ &g_{m_{count}^{RE}} = g_{i \cdot Q_m^{SCI2} + q}^{SCI2} \\ &\text{else} \\ &g_{m_{count}^{RE}} = x \text{ // placeholder bit} \\ &\text{end if} \\ &m_{count}^{RE} = m_{count}^{RE} + 1 \\ &\text{end for} \\ &\text{end for} \end{aligned}$$

$$end for$$

$$end for \\ end for \\ &m_{count}^{RE} = g_i^{SL-SCH} - 1 \\ &g_{m_{count}^{RE}} = g_i^{SL-SCH} \\ &m_{count}^{RE} = m_{count}^{RE} + 1 \\ end for \end{aligned}$$

8.3 Sidelink control information on PSCCH

SCI carried on PSCCH is a 1st-stage SCI, which transports sidelink scheduling information.

8.3.1 1st-stage SCI formats

end if

The fields defined in each of the 1st-stage SCI formats below are mapped to the information bits a_0 to a_{A-1} as follows:

Each field is mapped in the order in which it appears in the description, with the first field mapped to the lowest order information bit a_0 and each successive field mapped to higher order information bits. The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to a_0 .

8.3.1.1 SCI format 1-A

SCI format 1-A is used for the scheduling of PSSCH and 2nd-stage-SCI on PSSCH

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 1-A:

- Priority 3 bits as specified in clause 5.4.3.3 of [12, TS 23.287] and clause 5.22.1.3.1 of [8, TS 38.321]. Value '000' of Priority field corresponds to priority value '1', value '001' of Priority field corresponds to priority value '2', and so on.
- Frequency resource assignment number of bits determined by the following:
 - If higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is not configured or configured to 'contiguousRB'
 - $\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}\left(N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1\right)}{2}\right]$ bits when the value of the higher layer parameter sl-MaxNumPerReserve is configured to 2; otherwise $\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}\left(N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1\right)\left(2N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1\right)}{6}\right]$ bits when the value of the higher layer parameter sl-MaxNumPerReserve is configured to 3, as defined in clause 8.1.5 of [6, TS 38.214].

- If the higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is configured to 'interlaceRB'
 - X + Y bits provide the frequency domain resource allocation according to Clause 8.1.5 of [6, TS 38.214], where the X MSBs provide the RB set allocation and the Y LSBs provide the sub-channel allocation,
 - the value of X is determined by $\left[\log_2(\frac{N_{\text{RBset}}(N_{\text{RBset}}+1)}{2})\right]$ when the value of the higher layer parameter sl-MaxNumPerReserve is configured to 2, or determined by $\left[\log_2(\frac{N_{\text{RBset}}(N_{\text{RBset}}+1)(2N_{\text{RBset}}+1)}{6})\right]$ when the value of the higher layer parameter sl-MaxNumPerReserve is configured to 3, where N_{RBset} is the number of RB sets in a resource pool
 - the value of Y is determined by $\left[\log_2(\frac{N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}(N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1)}{2})\right]$ when the value of the higher layer parameter sl-MaxNumPerReserve is configured to 2, or determined by $\left[\log_2(\frac{N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}(N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1)(2N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1)}{6})\right]$ when the value of the higher layer parameter sl-MaxNumPerReserve is configured to 3, as defined in clause 8.1.5 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Time resource assignment 5 bits when the value of the higher layer parameter *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* is configured to 2; otherwise 9 bits when the value of the higher layer parameter *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* is configured to 3, as defined in clause 8.1.5 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Resource reservation period [log₂ N_{rsv_period}] bits as defined in clause 16.4 of [5, TS 38.213], where N_{rsv_period} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *sl-ResourceReservePeriodList*, if higher layer parameter *sl-MultiReserveResource* is configured; 0 bit otherwise.
- DMRS pattern $[\log_2 N_{\text{pattern}}]$ bits as defined in clause 8.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS 38.211], where N_{pattern} is the number of DMRS patterns configured by higher layer parameter *sl-PSSCH-DMRS-TimePatternList*.
- 2nd-stage SCI format 2 bits as defined in Table 8.3.1.1-1.
- Beta_offset indicator 2 bits as provided by higher layer parameter sl-BetaOffsets2ndSCI and Table 8.3.1.1-2.
- Number of DMRS port 1 bit as defined in Table 8.3.1.1-3.
- Modulation and coding scheme 5 bits as defined in clause 8.1.3 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Additional MCS table indicator as defined in clause 8.1.3.1 of [6, TS 38.214]: 1 bit if one MCS table is configured by higher layer parameter *sl-Additional-MCS-Table*; 2 bits if two MCS tables are configured by higher layer parameter *sl-Additional-MCS-Table*; 0 bit otherwise.
- PSFCH overhead indication 1 bit as defined in clause 8.1.3.2 of [6, TS 38.214] if higher layer parameter *sl-PSFCH-Period* = 2 or 4; 0 bit otherwise.
- Reserved a number of bits as determined by the following:
 - N_{reserved} bits as configured by higher layer parameter sl-NumReservedBits, with value set to zero, if higher layer parameter sl-IndicationUE-B is not configured, or if higher layer parameter sl-IndicationUE-B is configured to 'disabled', and if higher layer parameter sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH in SL-BWP-Config is not configured;
 - (N_{reserved} − 2) bits if higher layer parameter *sl-IndicationUE-B* is configured to 'enabled', and if higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is configured, with value set to zero.
 - $(N_{\text{reserved}} 1)$ bits otherwise, with value set to zero.
- COT sharing flag 0 or 1 bit
 - 1 bit if the higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is configured;
 - 0 bit otherwise.

- Conflict information receiver flag 0 or 1 bit
 - 1 bit if higher layer parameter *sl-IndicationUE-B* is configured to 'enabled', where the bit value of 0 indicates that the UE cannot be a UE to receive conflict information and the bit value of 1 indicates that the UE can be a UE to receive conflict information as defined in Clause 16.3.0 of [5, TS 38.213];
 - 0 bit otherwise.

Table 8.3.1.1-1: 2nd-stage SCI formats

Value of 2nd-stage SCI format field	2nd-stage SCI format
00	SCI format 2-A
01	SCI format 2-B; or reserved if higher layer parameter sI- TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH in SL- BWP-Config is configured
10	SCI format 2-C; or reserved if higher layer parameter sI- TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH in SL- BWP-Config is configured and the COT sharing flag field is set to '1'
11	SCI format 2-D; or reserved if higher layer parameter sI- TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH in SL- BWP-Config is configured

Table 8.3.1.1-2: Mapping of Beta_offset indicator values to indexes in Table 9.3-2 of [5, TS38.213]

Value of Beta_offset indicator	Beta_offset index in Table 9.3-2 of TS 38.213 [5]
00	1st index provided by higher layer parameter sl-BetaOffsets2ndSCI
01	2 nd index provided by higher layer parameter sl-BetaOffsets2ndSCI
10	3 rd index provided by higher layer parameter sl-BetaOffsets2ndSCI
11	4th index provided by higher layer parameter sl-BetaOffsets2ndSCI

Table 8.3.1.1-3: Number of DMRS port(s)

Value of the Number of DMRS port field	Antenna ports
0	1000
1	1000 and 1001

8.3.1.2 SCI format 1-B

SCI format 1-B is used for the scheduling of SL PRS for a dedicated SL PRS resource pool.

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 1-B:

- Priority 3 bits as specified in clause 5.7 of [12, TS 23.586] and clause 5.22 of [8, TS 38.321]. Value '000' of Priority field corresponds to priority value '1', value '001' of Priority field corresponds to priority value '2', and so on.
- Source ID 12 or 24 bits determined by higher layer parameter *sl-SRC-ID-LenDedicatedSL-PRS-RP*, as defined in clause 16.4A of [5, TS 38.213].
- Destination ID 24 bits as defined in clause 16.4A of [5, TS 38.213].
- Cast type indicator 2 bits as defined in Table 8.3.1.2-1 and in clause 16.4A of [5, TS 38.213].
- Resource reservation period $\lceil \log_2 N_{rsv_period} \rceil$ bits as defined in clause 16.4A of [5, TS 38.213], where N_{rsv_period} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *sl-PRS-ResourceReservePeriodList*, if higher layer parameter *sl-PRS-ResourceReservePeriodList* is configured; 0 bit otherwise.

- Time resource assignment 5 bits when the value of the higher layer parameter *sl-MaxNumPerReserveDedicatedSL-PRS-RP* is configured to 2; otherwise 9 bits when the value of the higher layer parameter *sl-MaxNumPerReserveDedicatedSL-PRS-RP* is configured to 3, as defined in clause 8.2.4.2A of [6, TS 38.214].
- Resource ID indication [log₂ N_{SL-PRS}] bits when the value of the higher layer parameter *sl-MaxNumPerReserveDedicatedSL-PRS-RP* is configured to 2; otherwise [2 log₂ N_{SL-PRS}] bits when the value of the higher layer parameter *sl-MaxNumPerReserveDedicatedSL-PRS-RP* is configured to 3. The value N_{SL-PRS} is the total number of SL PRS resources within a slot in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool and provided by the higher layer parameter *sl-PRS-ResourcesDedicatedSL-PRS-RP*.
- SL PRS request 1 bit as defined in clause 8.4.4 of [6, TS 38.214] when the higher layer parameter *sl-SCI-basedSL-PRS-TxTriggerSCI1-B* is provided; 0 bit otherwise.
- Reserved N_{reserved} bits as configured by higher layer parameter sl-NumReservedBitsSCI1B-DedicatedSL-PRS-RP, with value set to zero.

Value of Cast type indicator	Cast type
00	Broadcast
01	Groupcast
10	Unicast
11	Reserved

Table 8.3.1.2-1: Cast type indicator

8.3.2 CRC attachment

CRC attachment is performed according to clause 7.3.2 except that scrambling is not performed.

8.3.3 Channel coding

Channel coding is performed according to clause 7.3.3.

8.3.4 Rate Matching

Rate matching is performed according to clause 7.3.4.

8.4 Sidelink control information on PSSCH

SCI carried on PSSCH is a 2nd-stage SCI, which transports sidelink scheduling information, and/or inter-UE coordination related information.

8.4.1 2nd-stage SCI formats

The fields defined in each of the 2^{nd} -stage SCI formats below are mapped to the information bits a_0 to a_{A-1} as follows:

Each field is mapped in the order in which it appears in the description, with the first field mapped to the lowest order information bit a_0 and each successive field mapped to higher order information bits. The most significant bit of each field is mapped to the lowest order information bit for that field, e.g. the most significant bit of the first field is mapped to a_0 .

8.4.1.1 SCI format 2-A

SCI format 2-A is used for the decoding of PSSCH, with HARQ operation when HARQ-ACK information includes ACK or NACK, when HARQ-ACK information includes only NACK, or when there is no feedback of HARQ-ACK information.

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 2-A:

- HARQ process number 4 bits.
- New data indicator 1 bit.
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2.
- Source ID 8 bits as defined in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Destination ID 16 bits as defined in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- HARQ feedback enabled/disabled indicator 1 bit as defined in clause 16.3 of [5, TS 38.213].
- Cast type indicator 2 bits as defined in Table 8.4.1.1-1 and in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- CSI request 1 bit as defined in clause 8.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214] and in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214].

If the 'COT sharing flag' field in SCI format 1-A is present and set to '1', all the remaining fields are present and set as follows:

- CAPC 2 bits. Values '00', '01', '10' and '11' correspond to CAPC values '1', '2', '3' and '4' as defined in Table 4.5-1 of [14, TS 37.213], respectively.
- COT sharing cast type 2 bits as defined in Table 8.4.1.1-1.
- COT sharing additional ID 24 bits. The 16 LSBs provide layer 1 destination ID and the 8 MSBs provide layer 1 source ID, as defined in [6, TS 38.214]. The 8 MSBs are reserved when the COT sharing cast type field is set to '00' or '01'.
- Remaining COT duration $\left[\log_2(10\cdot2^{\mu})\right]$ bits as defined in clause 4.5.3 of [14, TS 37.213], where μ is defined in Table 4.2-1 of Clause 4.2 of [4, TS 38.211].

Value of Cast type indicator or COT sharing cast type	Cast type
00	Broadcast
01	Groupcast when HARQ-ACK information includes ACK or NACK
10	Unicast
11	Groupcast when HARQ-ACK information includes only NACK; or reserved, if higher layer parameter s/- TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH in SL- BWP-Config is configured

Table 8.4.1.1-1: Cast type indicator or COT sharing cast type

8.4.1.2 SCI format 2-B

SCI format 2-B is used for the decoding of PSSCH, with HARQ operation when HARQ-ACK information includes only NACK, or when there is no feedback of HARQ-ACK information.

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 2-B:

- HARQ process number 4 bits.
- New data indicator 1 bit.
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2.
- Source ID 8 bits as defined in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- Destination ID 16 bits as defined in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214].
- HARQ feedback enabled/disabled indicator 1 bit as defined in clause 16.3 of [5, TS 38.213].
- Zone ID 12 bits as defined in clause 5.8.11 of [9, TS 38.331].

- Communication range requirement - 4 bits determined by higher layer parameter sl-ZoneConfigMCR-Index.

8.4.1.3 SCI format 2-C

SCI format 2-C is used for the decoding of PSSCH, and providing inter-UE coordination information or requesting inter-UE coordination information. SCI format 2-C can be used only for unicast.

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 2-C:

- HARQ process number 4 bits
- New data indicator 1 bit
- Redundancy version 2 bits as defined in Table 7.3.1.1.1-2
- Source ID 8 bits as defined in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- Destination ID 16 bits as defined in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- HARQ feedback enabled/disabled indicator 1 bit as defined in clause 16.3 of [5, TS 38.213]
- CSI request 1 bit as defined in clause 8.2.1 of [6, TS 38.214] and in clause 8.1 of [6, TS 38.214]
- Providing/Requesting indicator 1 bit, where value 0 indicates SCI format 2-C is used for providing inter-UE coordination information and value 1 indicates SCI format 2-C is used for requesting inter-UE coordination information

If the 'Providing/Requesting indicator' field is set to 0, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Resource combinations number of bits determined by the following:
 - If higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is not configured or configured to 'contiguousRB'
 - $2 \cdot \left(\left[\log_2 \left(\frac{N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}} \left(N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}} + 1 \right) \left(2N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}} + 1 \right)}{6} \right) \right] + 9 + Y \right)$ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.5A of [6, TS 38.214]:
 - If the higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is configured to 'interlaceRB'
 - $-2 \cdot \left(\left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}\left(N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1\right)\left(2N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}+1\right)}{6}\right) \right] + \left[\log_2\left(\frac{N_{RBset}\left(N_{RBset}+1\right)\left(2N_{RBset}+1\right)}{6}\right) \right] + 9 + Y \right) \text{ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.5A of [6, TS 38.214];}$

where

- $Y = \lceil \log_2 N_{\text{rsv_period}} \rceil$ and $N_{\text{rsv_period}}$ is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *sl-ResourceReservePeriodList*, if higher layer parameter *sl-MultiReserveResource* is configured; Y = 0 otherwise.
- N^{SL}_{subChannel} is provided by the higher layer parameter *sl-NumSubchannel* as defined in Clause 8.1.5 of [6, TS 38.214].
- N_{RBset} is the number of RB sets in a resource pool.
- First resource location 8 bits as defined in Clause 8.1.5A of [6, TS 38.214].
- Reference slot location $(10 + \lceil \log_2(10 \cdot 2^{\mu}) \rceil)$ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.5A of [6, TS 38.214], where μ is defined in Table 4.2-1 of Clause 4.2 of [4, TS 38.211].
- Resource set type 1 bit, where value 0 indicates preferred resource set and value 1 indicates non-preferred resource set.
- Lowest subChannel indices 2 [log₂ N^{SL}_{subChannel}] bits as defined in Clause 8.1.5A of [6, TS 38.214].

- Lowest RB set indices - 2 · [log₂ N_{RBset}] bits as defined in Clause 8.1.5A of [6, TS 38.214] if the higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is configured to 'interlaceRB'; 0 bit otherwise.

If the 'Providing/Requesting indicator' field is set to 1, all the remaining fields are set as follows:

- Priority 3 bits as specified in clause 5.4.3.3 of [12, TS 23.287] and clause 5.22.1.3.1 of [8, TS 38.321]. Value '000' of Priority field corresponds to priority value '1', value '001' of Priority field corresponds to priority value '2', and so on.
- Number of subchannels $\left[\log_2 N_{\text{subChannel}}^{\text{SL}}\right]$ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.4A of [6, TS 38.214].
- Number of RB sets [log₂ N_{RBset}] bits as defined in Clause 8.1.4A of [6, TS 38.214] if the higher layer parameter *sl-TransmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* in *SL-BWP-Config* is configured to 'interlaceRB'; 0 bit otherwise.
- Resource reservation period $|\log_2 N_{rsv_period}|$ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.4A of [6, TS 38.214], where N_{rsv_period} is the number of entries in the higher layer parameter *sl-ResourceReservePeriodList*, if higher layer parameter *sl-MultiReserveResource* is configured; 0 bit otherwise.
- Resource selection window location $2 \cdot (10 + [\log_2(10 \cdot 2^{\mu})])$ bits as defined in Clause 8.1.4A of [6, TS 38.214], where μ is defined in Table 4.2-1 of Clause 4.2 of [4, TS 38.211].
- Resource set type 1 bit, where value 0 indicates a request for inter-UE coordination information providing preferred resource set and value 1 indicates a request for inter-UE coordination information providing non-preferred resource set, if higher layer parameter *sl-DetermineResourceType* is configured to 'ueb'; otherwise, 0 bit
- Padding bits.

For operation in a same resource pool, zeros shall be appended to SCI format 2-C of which 'Providing/Requesting indicator' field is set to 1 until the payload size equals that of SCI format 2-C of which 'Providing/Requesting indicator' field is set to 0.

8.4.1.4 SCI format 2-D

SCI format 2-D is used for the decoding of PSSCH and the scheduling of SL PRS for a shared SL PRS resource pool.

The following information is transmitted by means of the SCI format 2-D:

- SL PRS resource ID [log₂ N_{SL-PRS}] bits, where the value N_{SL-PRS} is the total number of SL PRS resource IDs within a slot in a shared SL PRS resource pool and provided by the higher layer parameter *sl-PRS-ResourcesSharedSL-PRS-RP*.
- SL PRS request 1 bit as defined in clause 8.4.4 of [6, TS 38.214] when the higher layer parameter *sl-SCI-basedSL-PRS-TxTriggerSCI2-D* is provided; 0 bit otherwise.
- Embedded SCI format 2 bits. This field indicates the embedded SCI format as defined in Table 8.4.1.4-1.
- Embedded SCI format payload number of bits determined according to Table 8.4.1.4-1. This field is set to the associated payload of the embedded SCI format indicated by the 'Embedded SCI format' field as defined in Table 8.4.1.4-1.

Value of the Embedded SCI format field	Embedded SCI format	Embedded SCI format payload
00	SCI format 2-A	Set to all fields included in SCI format 2-A. Padding bits, if necessary, are appended to the 'Embedded SCI format payload' field untill the bitwidth equals the larger payload size of SCI format 2-A and SCI format 2-B.
01	SCI format 2-B	Set to all fields included in SCI format 2-B. Padding bits, if necessary, are appended to the 'Embedded SCI format payload' field untill the bitwidth equals the larger payload size of SCI format 2-A and SCI format 2-B.
10	Reserved	Reserved
11	Reserved	Reserved

Table 8.4.1.4-1: Embedded SCI format and payload

8.4.2 CRC attachment

CRC attachment is performed according to clause 7.3.2 except that scrambling is not performed.

8.4.3 Channel coding

Channel coding is performed according to clause 7.3.3.

8.4.4 Rate Matching

For 2^{nd} -stage SCI transmission on PSSCH with SL-SCH, the number of coded modulation symbols generated for 2^{nd} -stage SCI transmission prior to duplication for the 2nd layer if present, denoted as Q'_{SCI2} , is determined as follows:

$$Q_{SCI2}^{'} = \min \left\{ \left[\frac{(O_{SCI2} + L_{SCI2}) \cdot \beta_{offset}^{SCI2}}{Q_m^{SCI2} \cdot R} \right], \left[\alpha \sum_{l=0}^{N_{symbol}^{PSSCH} - 1} M_{sc}^{SCI2}(l) \right] \right\} + \gamma$$

where

- O_{SCI2} is the number of the 2nd-stage SCI bits
- L_{SCI2} is the number of CRC bits for the 2nd-stage SCI, which is 24 bits.
- β_{offset}^{SCI2} is indicated in the corresponding 1st-stage SCI.
- $M_{sc}^{PSSCH}(l)$ is the number of allocated PRBs of PSSCH transmission n_{PRB} according to clause 8.1.3.2 in [6, TS 38.214], expressed as a number of subcarriers.
- $M_{sc}^{PSCCH}(l)$ is the number of subcarriers in OFDM symbol l that carry PSCCH and PSCCH DMRS associated with the PSSCH transmission.
- $M_{sc}^{SC12}(l)$ is the number of resource elements that can be used for transmission of the $2^{\rm nd}$ -stage SCI in OFDM symbol l, for $l=0,1,2\cdots$, $N_{symbol}^{PSSCH}-1$ and for $N_{symbol}^{PSSCH}=N_{symb}^{Sh}-N_{symb}^{PSFCH}-N_{symb}^{SLPRS}$, in PSSCH transmission, where $N_{symb}^{sh}=sl$ -lengthSymbols 2, where sl-lengthSymbols is the number of sidelink symbols within the slot provided by higher layers as defined in [6, TS 38.214]. N_{symb}^{SLPRS} is the number of symbols for SL PRS provided by the higher layer parameter numSym-SL-PRS-2ndStageSCI if the $2^{\rm nd}$ -stage SCI is SCI format 2-D, and $N_{symb}^{SLPRS}=0$ otherwise. If sl-StartingSymbolFirst and sl-StartingSymbolSecond are provided for the SL-BWP, $N_{symb}^{sh}=sl$ -NumRefSymbolLength 2, where sl-NumRefSymbolLength is provided by higher layers. If higher layer parameter sl-PSFCH-Period = 2 or 4, $N_{symb}^{PSFCH}=3$ if "PSFCH overhead indication" field of SCI format 1-A indicates "1", and $N_{symb}^{PSFCH}=0$ otherwise. If higher layer parameter sl-PSFCH-Period = 0, $N_{symb}^{PSFCH}=0$. If higher layer parameter sl-PSFCH-Period is 1, $N_{symb}^{PSFCH}=3$.

-
$$M_{sc}^{SCI2}(l) = M_{sc}^{PSSCH}(l) - M_{sc}^{PSCCH}(l)$$

- γ is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2nd-stage SCI belongs.
- R is the coding rate as indicated by "Modulation and coding scheme" field in SCI format 1-A.
- α is configured by higher layer parameter *sl-Scaling*.

The input bit sequence to rate matching is d_0 , d_1 , d_2 , d_3 , \cdots , d_{N-1} , where N is the number of coded bits.

Rate matching is performed according to Clause 5.4.1 by setting $I_{BIL} = 1$.

The output bit sequence after rate matching is denoted as g_0^{SC12} , g_1^{SC12} , g_2^{SC12} , g_3^{SC12} , ..., g_{G}^{SC12} , where $G^{SC12} = Q_{SC12}^{'} \cdot Q_m^{SC12}$ and Q_m^{SC12} is modulation order of the 2^{nd} -stage SCI. A UE is not expected to have $G^{SC12} > 4096$.

8.4.5 Multiplexing of coded 2nd-stage SCI bits to PSSCH

The coded 2nd-stage SCI bits are multiplexed onto PSSCH according to the procedures in Clause 8.2.1.

Annex A (informative): Change history

Date Meeting TDoc CR Rev Cat Subject/Comment New Yersion	Change history							
2017-05 RANI#89 1707082 Part skeleton Draft ske	Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat		_
2017-07 AH_NR2	2017-05	RAN1#89					Draft skeleton	
RAN1#90	2017-07	AH_NR2	R1-				Inclusion of LDPC related agreements	0.0.1
2017-09 RAN1#90 1714659 Endorsed version by RAN1#90 as basis for further updates 0.1.0	2017-08	RAN1#90	R1-				Inclusion of Polar coding related agreements	0.0.2
2017-09 RAN1#90 RAN1			R1-					
RANH #90							,	
RAN1#90							RAN1 #90	
Date								
2017-10 b 1719106 Entorsee as V1.1.0 Entorsee as V1.2.0 Entorsee as V1.2.0 Endorsed version for approval by plenary. 2.0.0 2.0.0 Endorsed version for approval by plenary. 2.0.0 2.0.0 Endorsed version for approval by plenary. 2.0.0 2.0.0 2.0.0 Endorsed version for approval by plenary. 2.0.0 2.0.0 2.0.0 Endorsed version for approval by plenary. 2.0.0 2.0.0 2.0.0 2.0.0 Endorsed version for approval by plenary	2017-09							1.0.1
Capturing additional agreements on channel coding, etc. 1.1.1	2017-10		1719106				Endorsed as v1.1.0	1.1.0
etc.	2017-11	RAN1#91						1.1.1
2017-12 RAN1#91 1721049 Endorsed as V1.2.0 1.2.0 1.2.1 1	2017-11	RAN1#91						1.1.2
2017-12 RAN##9 R1- 1721342	2017-11	RAN1#91					Endorsed as v1.2.0	1.2.0
2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172668 Endorsed version for approval by plenary. 2.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-180200 0001 - F Endorsed version for approval by plenary. 2.0.0 2018-03 RAN#79 RP-180200 0001 - F GR capturing the Jan18 ad-hoc and RAN1#92 meeting agreements 15.1.0 Approved by plenary. Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0 CR capturing the Jan18 ad-hoc and RAN1#92 meeting agreements 15.1.0 Approved by plenary. Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0 CR capturing the Jan18 ad-hoc and RAN1#92 meeting agreements 15.1.1 AllocationList AllocationList 15.0.0 AllocationList 15.0.0	2017-12	RAN1#91	R1-					1.2.1
2018-03 RAN#79 RP-180200 RAN#79 RP-180200 RAN#79 RP-180200 RAN#79 RP-180200 RAN#79 RAN#79 RP-180200 RAN#79 RAN	2017-12	RAN#78						2.0.0
2018-03 RAN#79 RP-180200 0001 - F CR capturing the Jan18 ad-hoc and RAN1#92 meeting agreements MCC: correction of typo in DCI format 0_1 (time domain resource assignment). higher layer parameter should be pusch-AllocationList 15.1.1 AllocationList 15.1.1 16.1.1 17.								
MCC: correction of typo in DCI format 0_1 (time domain resource assignment) - higher layer parameter should be pusch-AllocationList	2018-03		RP-180200	0001	-	F	CR capturing the Jan18 ad-hoc and RAN1#92 meeting	15.1.0
2018-06 RAN#80 RP-181257 0003 - B CR to 38.212 capturing the RAN1#92bis and RAN1#93 meeting agreements related to URLLC 2018-09 RAN#81 RP-181789 0004 - F CR to 38.212 capturing the RAN1#94 meeting agreements 15.3.0	2018-04	RAN#79					MCC: correction of typo in DCI format 0_1 (time domain resource assignment) - higher layer parameter should be <i>pusch</i> -	15.1.1
2018-09 RAN#80 RP-181789 0004 - F CR to 38.212 capturing the RAN1#94 meeting agreements 15.3.0	2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181172	0002	1	F	·	15.2.0
2018-09	2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181257	0003	-	В		15.2.0
2018-12 RAN#82 RP-182523 0005 3 F Combined CR of all essential corrections to 38.212 from RAN1#94bis and RAN1#94bis and RAN1#95 15.4.0	2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181789	0004	-	F		15.3.0
2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0006 - F Correction of wrong implementation on frequency domain resource assignment bitwidth 15.5.0	2018-12	RAN#82		0005	3	F	Combined CR of all essential corrections to 38.212 from	15.4.0
2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0008 - F Correction to UCI multiplexing 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0009 - F Correction on DCI format 2_3 for SUL cell in TS 38.212 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0010 - F Corrections to TS38.212 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0011 - F Corrections to TS38.212 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0012 - F CR on zero-padding of DCI 1_1 in cross-carrier scheduling case 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0013 - F Clarification on UL_SUL indicator field and SRS request field 15.5.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0014 - F CR on correction to bitwidth of NNZC indicator 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0015 - F Correction on DCI size alignment in TS 38.212 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0016 - <td>2019-03</td> <td>RAN#83</td> <td>RP-190448</td> <td>0006</td> <td>-</td> <td>F</td> <td>Correction of wrong implementation on frequency domain</td> <td>15.5.0</td>	2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190448	0006	-	F	Correction of wrong implementation on frequency domain	15.5.0
2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0009 - F Correction on DCI format 2_3 for SUL cell in TS 38.212 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0010 - F Corrections to TS38.212 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0011 - F Corrections to TS38.212 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0012 - F CR on zero-padding of DCI 1_1 in cross-carrier scheduling case 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0013 - F CR on zero-padding of DCI 1_1 in cross-carrier scheduling case 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0013 - F Clarification on UL_SUL indicator field and SRS request field 15.5.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0014 - F Correction on DCI size alignment in TS 38.212 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0016 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84	2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190448	0008	-	F		15.5.0
RAN#83				0009	-	F		15.5.0
2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0012 - F CR on zero-padding of DCI 1_1 in cross-carrier scheduling case 15.5.0	2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190448	0010	-	F	Corrections to TS38.212	15.5.0
2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0012 - F CR on zero-padding of DCI 1_1 in cross-carrier scheduling case 15.5.0 2019-03 RAN#83 RP-190448 0013 - F Clarification on UL_SUL indicator field and SRS request field 15.5.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0014 - F CR on correction to bitwidth of NNZC indicator 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0015 - F Correction on DCI size alignment in TS 38.212 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0016 - F Correction on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_0 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0017 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0018 - F CR on maximum modulation order configured for serving cell 15.6.0 2019-08 RAN#84 RP-191282 0019 1 F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#97 15.	2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190448	0011	-	F		15.5.0
2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0014 - F CR on correction to bitwidth of NNZC indicator 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0015 - F Correction on DCI size alignment in TS 38.212 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0016 - F Correction on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_0 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0017 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0018 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications from RAN1#97 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0019 1 F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications from RAN1#98 15.6.0 2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicat	2019-03	RAN#83	RP-190448	0012	-	F		15.5.0
2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0014 - F CR on correction to bitwidth of NNZC indicator 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0015 - F Correction on DCI size alignment in TS 38.212 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0016 - F Correction on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_0 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0017 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0018 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications from RAN1#97 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0019 1 F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications from RAN1#98 15.6.0 2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicat	2019-03		RP-190448	0013	-	F	Clarification on UL_SUL indicator field and SRS request field	15.5.0
2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0016 - F Correction on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_0 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0017 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0018 - F CR on maximum modulation order configured for serving cell 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0019 1 F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications from RAN1#97 15.6.0 2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_1 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0022 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B	2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191282	0014	-	F	CR on correction to bitwidth of NNZC indicator	15.6.0
2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0017 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0018 - F CR on maximum modulation order configured for serving cell 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0019 1 F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications from RAN1#97 15.6.0 2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_1 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0022 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212 16.0.0					-	F		
2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0017 - F specifications 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0018 - F CR on maximum modulation order configured for serving cell 15.6.0 2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0019 1 F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#97 15.6.0 2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212 16.0.0	2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191282	0016		F		15.6.0
2019-06 RAN#84 RP-191282 0019 1 F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications from RAN1#97 15.6.0 2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_1 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0022 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212 16.0.0	2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191282	0017	-	F		15.6.0
2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191282 0019 1 F specifications from RAN1#97 15.6.0 2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_1 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0022 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212	2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191282	0018	-	F		15.6.0
2019-09 RAN#85 RP-191941 0020 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 15.7.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_1 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0022 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212 16.0.0	2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191282	0019	1	F		15.6.0
2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0021 - F CR on UL/SUL indicator in DCI format 0_1 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0022 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212 16.0.0	2019-09	RAN#85	RP-191941	0020	-	F	Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across	15.7.0
2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192625 0022 - F Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 15.8.0 2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212 16.0.0	2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192625	0021	-	F		15.8.0
2019-12 RAN#86 RP-192636 0023 - B Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into 38.212 16.0.0	2019-12			1			Corrections to 38.212 including alignment of terminology across	
	2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192636	0023	-	В	Introduction of NR based access to unlicensed spectrum into	16.0.0
	2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192637	0024	_	В	Introduction of IAB into 38.212	16.0.0

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2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192638	0025	-	В	Introduction of 5G V2X sidelink features into TS 38.212	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192639	0026	-	В	Introduction of Physical Layer Enhancements for NR URLLC	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192641	0027	-	В	Introduction of Enhancements on NR MIMO	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192642	0028	-	В	Introduction of power saving in 38.212	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192645	0029	-	В	Introduction of MR DC/CA	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192643	0030	-	В	Introduction of NR positioning support	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192635	0031	-	В	Introduction of two-step RACH	16.0.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200185	0032	-	F	Corrections for Rel-16 NR-U after RAN1#100-e	16.1.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200190	0033	-	F	Corrections for NR MIMO after RAN1#100-e	16.1.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200188	0034	-	F	Corrections for URLLC after RAN1#100-e	16.1.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200191	0035	-	F	Corrections for power saving after RAN1#100-e	16.1.0
2020-03	RAN#87-e	RP-200187	0036	-	F	Corrections on 5G V2X sidelink features after RAN1#100-e	16.1.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200683	0038	-	Α	CR on L1-RSRP report on PUSCH	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200693	0039	1	F	Corrections for power saving	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200689	0040	1	F	Corrections on 5G V2X sidelink features after RAN1#100bis-e and RAN1#101-e	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200694	0041	1	F	Corrections in TS 38.212 for NR positioning	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200692	0042	1	F	Corrections in TS 38.212 for NR MIMO	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200696	0043	-	F	Corrections for Rel-16 MR-DC/CA after RAN1#100bis-e	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200690	0044	1	F	Corrections on NR eURLLC	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200687	0045	1	F	Corrections for Rel-16 NR-U	16.2.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200688	0046	-	F	Corrections for NR IAB	16.2.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201814	0047	-	F	Correction on UCI bit sequence generation	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201803	0049	-	Α	CR on PTRS for TS 38.212	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201810	0050	-	F	Alignment of RRC parameter ps-RNTI	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201813	0051	-	F	CR to 38.212 on RRC parameter alignment for SCell dormancy	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201807	0052	-	F	Corrections on 5G V2X sidelink features	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201809	0053	-	F	Corrections to MIMO enhancements	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201805	0054	-	F	Corrections to MIMO enhancements	16.3.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201808	0055	_	F	Corrections on NR eURLLC	16.3.0
2020-12	RAN#90-e	RP-202390	0056	-	F	RRC IE name fix to dynamic frequency domain resource allocation type selection (Rel-15 origin)	16.4.0
2020-12	RAN#90-e	RP-202384	0057	-	F	Correction on Transmission configuration indication in DCI format 1_2	16.4.0
2020-12	RAN#90-e	RP-202398	0058	-	F	Alignment CR for TS 38.212	16.4.0
2021-03	RAN#91-e	RP-210052	0059	_	F	CR on DMRS	16.5.0
2021-03	RAN#91-e	RP-210049	0060	-	F	Correction to description of FDRA field size in DCI 0_0	16.5.0
2021-03	RAN#91-e	RP-210049	0061	_	F	Correction to description of FDRA field interpretation in DCI 0_1	16.5.0

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2021-03	RAN#91-e	RP-210050	0062	-	F	Correction on Sidelink Broadcast channel	16.5.0
2021-03	RAN#91-e	RP-210049	0063	-	F	Correction on LBT Type and CP Extension Indication for Semi- Static Channel Occupancy	16.5.0
2021-03	RAN#91-e	RP-210059	0064	-	F	Alignment CR for TS 38.212	16.5.0
2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211252	0066	-	F	38.212 CR on DAI size determination for DCI format 1_1/1-2 in CA	16.6.0
2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211236	0067	-	F	Corrections on parameter of MCS table set to qam256	16.6.0
2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211234	0068	-	D	Alignment CR for TS 38.212 (post RAN1#104bis-e)	16.6.0
2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211234	0069	-	F	Correction on HARQ-ACK codebook RRC parameter	16.6.0
2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211236	0070	-	F	Correction on SRS resource set configuration in TS 38.212	16.6.0
2021-06	RAN#92-e	RP-211243	0071	-	F	Alignment CR for TS 38.212 (post RAN1#105-e)	16.6.0
2021-09	RAN#93-e	RP-211843	0072	-	F	Correction on SRS resource set configuration for DCI format 0_2 in TS 38.212	16.7.0
2021-09	RAN#93-e	RP-211841	0074	-	Α	Rel-15 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-16)	16.7.0
2021-09	RAN#93-e	RP-211850	0075	-	F	Alignment CR for TS 38.212	16.7.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212959	0076	-	F	Correction on mapping between priority field value and priority value in SCI format 1-A	16.8.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212961	0077	-	F	Changes of channel access types tables in TS 38.212	16.8.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212961	0078	-	F	Corrections on CG-UCI multiplexing in TS38.212	16.8.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212958	0080	-	Α	Clarify UCI bitwidth and UCI mapping order for non-PMI based CSI feedback	16.8.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-213238	0081	-	F	Clarification on KNZ to codepoint mapping for eType II CSI	16.8.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212958	0083	-	Α	Rel-15 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-16)	16.8.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212964	0084	-	F	Alignment CR for TS 38.212	16.8.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212967	0085	-	В	Introduction of features to extend current NR operation to 71 GHz	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212982	0086	-	В	Introduction of NR DL 1024QAM for FR1	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212973	0087	-	В	Introduction of Coverage Enhancements	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212979	0088	-	В	Introduction of NR Multicast and Broadcast Services	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212966	0089	-	В	Introduction of Further enhancements on MIMO for NR	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212969	0090	-	В	Introduction of NR non-terrestrial networks (NTN)	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212972	0091	-	В	Introduction of Rel-17 UE power saving enhancements	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212968	0092	-	В	Introduction of Rel-17 enhanced IIoT and URLLC	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212980	0093	-	В	Introduction of NR dynamic spectrum sharing enhancements	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212978	0094	-	В	Introduction of NR sidelink enhancement	17.0.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220269	0096	-	Α	Correction of NZC partitioning in eType II CSI	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220248	0098	-	Α	Correction on Rel-16 UE dormancy adaptation	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220252	0099	-	F	Corrections on enhanced IIoT and URLLC in 38.212	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220262	0100	-	F	Corrections on NR sidelink enhancement in 38.212	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220257	0101	-	F	Corrections on coverage enhancements in 38.212	17.1.0

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2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220263	0102	-	F	Corrections on NR Multicast and Broadcast Services in 38.212	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220256	0103	-	F	Corrections on UE power saving enhancements in 38.212	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220251	0104	-	F	Correction on extension of current NR operation to 71 GHz in 38.212	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220264	0105	-	F	Corrections on NR dynamic spectrum sharing enhancements in 38.212	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220250	0106	-	F	Corrections on Further enhancements on MIMO for NR in TS 38.212	17.1.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221617	0108	-	Α	Clarification of TPMI indication for UL full power transmission	17.2.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221602	0109	-	F	Corrections on enhanced IIoT and URLLC in 38.212	17.2.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221612	0110	-	F	Corrections on NR Multicast and Broadcast Services in 38.212	17.2.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221606	0111	-	F	Corrections on UE power saving enhancements in 38.212	17.2.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221601	0112	-	F	Correction on extension of current NR operation to 71 GHz in 38.212	17.2.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221600	0113	-	F	Corrections on Further enhancements on MIMO for NR in TS 38.212	17.2.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221599	0115	-	Α	Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-17)	17.2.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222403	0116	1	F	CR on DCI size for Rel-17 NTN HARQ in 38.212	17.3.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222400	0117	-	F	CR on the description of the SRS resource set indication for PUSCH repetition	17.3.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222401	0118	-	F	CR on ChannelAccess-Cpext in Fallback DCI	17.3.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222413	0119	-	F	CR on DCI size alignment for Cross-carrier scheduling from SCell to PCell	17.3.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222406	0120	-	F	Corrections on UE Power Saving Enhancements for NR in TS 38.212	17.3.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222412	0121	-	F	Corrections on NR Multicast and Broadcast Services in 38.212	17.3.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222411	0122	-	F	Correction on NR sidelink enhancement	17.3.0
2022-09	RAN#97-e	RP-222422	0123	-	F	Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	17.3.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222863	0124	-	F	Corrections on resource pool index	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222853	0125	_	F	CR on channel access type indication in non-fallback DCI	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222853	0126	_	F	Correction to support up to 32 HARQ process numbers for FR2-2	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222853	0127	_	F	Correction on TDRA for multiple PUSCH scheduling in TS 38.212	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222854	0128	_	F	CR on priority of CG-UCI	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222864	0129	-	F	CR on number of HARQ-ACK codebooks configurable for multicast	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222865	0130	-	F	CR on DCI size alignment for Cross-carrier schduling from SCell to PCell	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222868	0131	1	F	Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222858	0132	-	F	Correction on the short message indicator when TRS availability indication is present	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222864	0133	-	F	CR on format 4_0 DCl size alignment in SCell	17.4.0
2022-12	RAN#98-e	RP-222870	0134	-	F	CR on CSI reporting	17.4.0

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Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version	
2023-03	RAN#99	RP-230451	0135	-	F	CR on aligning DCI sizes when configuring two HARQ-ACK codebooks for multicast	17.5.0	
2023-03	RAN#99	RP-230443	0136	-	F	Corrections on intra-UE multiplexing and semi-static channel occupancy	17.5.0	
2023-03	RAN#99	RP-230442	0137	-	F	CR on DCI field sizes for multiple PDSCHs scheduled by single DCI	17.5.0	
2023-03	RAN#99	RP-230442	0138	-	F	Corrections to ChanneAccess-CPext field in DCI formats x_2 in TS38.212	17.5.0	
2023-03	RAN#99	RP-230440	0140	-	Α	Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-17)	17.5.0	
2023-03	RAN#99	RP-230453	0141	-	F	Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	17.5.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232445	0142	-	F	Correction for the mapping of rank combination value for Rel-17 NCJT CSI	17.6.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232531	0143	-	F	Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	17.6.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232471	0144	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 Multi-carrier enhancements	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232458	0145	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 MIMO Evolution for Downlink and Uplink	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232473	0146	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 Further NR mobility enhancements	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232474	0147	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 NR NTN enhancements	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232480	0148	-	В	Introduction of NR positioning enhancement in Rel-18	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232469	0149	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 NR sidelink evolution	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232479	0150	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 network controlled repeaters	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232481	0151	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 network energy saving for NR	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232472	0152	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 further NR Coverage enhancement	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232477	0154	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 NR support for dedicated spectrum less than 5MHz for FR1	18.0.0	
2023-09	RAN#101	RP-232482	0155	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 XR enhancements for NR	18.0.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233703	0158	1	А	Correction on the rate matching when HARQ-ACK multiplexed with CG-PUSCH	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233727	0160	_	Α	Correction on CSI reporting for 1 CSI-RS port	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233728	0162	-	Α	Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-18)	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233719	0163	-	F	Corrections on NR positioning enhancement in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233706	0164	_	F	Corrections on Rel-18 NR sidelink evolution in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233709	0165	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 further NR Coverage enhancement in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233710	0166	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 Further NR mobility enhancements in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233705	0167	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 MIMO Evolution for Downlink and Uplink in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233708	0168	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 Multi-carrier enhancements in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233720	0169	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 network energy saving for NR in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233714	0170	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 NR NTN enhancements in 38.212	18.1.0	
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233721	0171	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 XR enhancements for NR in 38.212	18.1.0	
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	Change history						
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233729	0172	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 NR demodulation performance evoluation	18.1.0
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233733	0173	-	В	Introduction of Rel-18 enhancements of NR Multicast and Broadcast Services	18.1.0
2023-12	RAN#102	RP-233718	0174	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 network controlled repeaters in 38.212	18.1.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240534	0176	-	Α	Clarification on typeA SRS TPC commands for SUL	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240515	0178	-	Α	CR on reportQuantity for RSRP/SINR in TS38.212	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240530	0179	-	F	Correction of RRC parameter names for UTO-UCI indication	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240536	0181	-	Α	Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-18)	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240537	0183	-	F	Rel-18 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240520	0184	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 Multi-carrier enhancements in 38.212	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240518	0185	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 MIMO Evolution for Downlink and Uplink in 38.212	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240528	0186	-	F	Corrections on NR positioning enhancement in 38.212	18.2.0
2024-03	RAN#103	RP-240519	0187	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 NR sidelink evolution in 38.212	18.2.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241068	0188	-	F	Correction on UL/SUL field in DCI format 1_0 in LTM	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241064	0191	-	Α	Correction to maxRank configuration restriction with fullpowerMode1 and transform precoding 'enabled'	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241067	0192	-	F	Corrections on PRACH association indicator in PDCCH order in 38.212	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241067	0193	-	F	Corrections for Transmission with more than 4 Layers for 8TX UE	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241075	0194	-	F	CR for 38.212 on TRS occasions for idle/inactive UEs	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241067	0195	-	F	Correction on PTRS-DMRS association field in DCI format 0_1 and DCI format 0_2	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241066	0196	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 Multi-carrier enhancements in 38.212	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241060	0199	-	F	Rel-18 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241067	0200	-	F	Corrections on Rel-18 MIMO Evolution for Downlink and Uplink in 38.212	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241058	0202	-	Α	Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-18)	18.3.0
2024-06	RAN#104	RP-241059	0203	-	Α	Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.212 (mirrored to Rel-18)	18.3.0
2024-09	RAN#105	RP-242209	0204	-	F	CR on PTRS-DMRS Association for 8 Tx UL MIMO	18.4.0
2024-09	RAN#105	RP-242213	0205	-	F	Correction on SL-U COT sharing flag indication	18.4.0
2024-09	RAN#105	RP-242204	0206	-	F	Rel-18 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	18.4.0
2024-12	RAN#106	RP-242932	0208	-	F	Correction on PTRS-DMRS Association	18.5.0
2024-12	RAN#106	RP-242925	0209	1	F	Rel-18 editorial corrections for TS 38.212	18.5.0

History

	Document history								
V18.2.0	May 2024	Publication							
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