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#### **Foreword**

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- x the first digit:
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- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

## 1 Scope

The present document specifies the standards for signalling transport to be used across Xn interface. The Xn interface provides means for interconnecting two NG-RAN nodes. The Xn interface is a logical interface between two nodes of the NG-RAN. The present document describes how the XnAP signalling messages are transported over Xn.

#### 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] IETF RFC 4960: "Stream Control Transmission Protocol".
- [3] 3GPP TS 38.300: "NR; Overall Description; Stage 2".
- [4] IETF RFC 8200 (2017-07): "Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification".
- [5] IETF RFC 791 (1981-09): "Internet Protocol".
- [6] IETF RFC 2474 (1998-12): "Definition of the Differentiated Services Field (DS Field) in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers".

#### 3 Definitions and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

NG-RAN node: as defined in TS 38.300 [3]

Xn: interface between two NG-RAN nodes, providing an interconnection point between the NG-RAN nodes.

**Xn-C**: Reference point for the control plane protocol between NG-RAN nodes.

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

IP Internet Protocol

SCTP Stream Control Transmission Protocol

DiffServ Differentiated Service PPP Point to Point Protocol

IANA Internet Assigned Number Authority

## 4 Xn signalling bearer

#### 4.1 Functions and protocol stack

Xn-C signalling bearer provides the following functions:

- Provision of reliable transfer of XnAP message over Xn-C interface.
- Provision of networking and routeing function.
- Provision of redundancy in the signalling network.
- Support for flow control and congestion control.

The protocol stack for Xn-C Signalling Bearer is shown in figure 4.1-1 and details on each protocol are described in the following clauses.

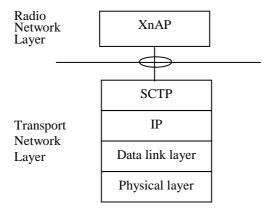


Figure 4.1-1: Xn-C signalling bearer protocol stack

The Transport Network Layer is based on IP transport, comprising SCTP on top of IP.

## 5 Data link layer

The support of any suitable Data Link Layer protocol, e.g. PPP, Ethernet, etc., shall not be prevented.

## 6 IP layer

The NG-RAN node shall support IPv6 (IETF RFC 8200 [4]) and/or IPv4 (IETF RFC 791 [5]).

The IP layer of Xn-C only supports point-to-point transmission for delivering XnAP message.

The NG-RAN node shall support the Diffserv Code Point marking as described in IETF RFC 2474 [6].

## 7 Transport layer

SCTP (IETF RFC 4960 [2]) shall be supported as the transport layer of Xn-C signalling bearer. The Payload Protocol Identifier assigned by IANA to be used by SCTP for the application layer protocol XnAP is 61.

SCTP refers to the Stream Control Transmission Protocol developed by the Sigtran working group of the IETF for the purpose of transporting various signalling protocols over IP network.

There shall be only one SCTP association established between two NG-RAN nodes. The SCTP Destination Port number value assigned by IANA to be used for XnAP is 38422.

Within the SCTP association established between one pair of two NG-RAN nodes:

- a single pair of stream identifiers shall be reserved for the sole use of XnAP elementary procedures that utilize non UE-associated signalling.
- At least one pair of stream identifiers shall be reserved for the sole use of XnAP elementary procedures that utilize UE-associated signallings. However, a few pairs (i.e. more than one) should be reserved.
- A single UE-associated signalling shall use one SCTP stream and the stream should not be changed during the communication of the UE-associated signalling.

Transport network redundancy may be achieved by SCTP multi-homing between two end-points, of which one or both is assigned with multiple IP addresses. SCTP end-points shall support a multi-homed remote SCTP end-point. For SCTP endpoint redundancy an INIT may be sent from one NG-RAN node, at any time for an already established SCTP association, which shall be handled as defined in IETF RFC 4960 [2] in sub clause 5.2.

The SCTP congestion control may, using an implementation specific mechanism, initiate higher layer protocols to reduce the signalling traffic at the source and prioritise certain messages.

# Annex A (informative): Change history

	Change history								
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version		
2018-01	RAN3- AH-1801	R3-180544				Reflected agreed TP in RAN3-AH-1801 in 2018-01 (Sophia Antipolis)	0.2.0		
2018-05	RAN3#10 0	R3-183596				Reflected agreed TP in RAN3#100 in 2018-05 (Busan) and made some editorial corrections	0.3.0		
2018-06	RAN#80	RP-180682				Submitted to RAN plenary for Approval	1.0.0		
2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181276				Typos corrected ("NGAP" corrected to "XnAP" in two places)	1.0.1		
2018-06	RAN#80		-	-	-	Specification approved at TSG-RAN and placed under change control	15.0.0		
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181920	0001	-	F	Updated reference to IPv6	15.1.0		

## History

Document history								
V15.0.0	July 2018	Publication						
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