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Technical Specification

Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Location Services (LCS); Mobile Station (MS) - Serving Mobile Location Centre (SMLC) Radio Resource LCS Protocol (RRLP) (3GPP TS 44.031 version 7.13.0 Release 7)



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Foreword

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Foreword

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- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

1 Scope

The present document contains the definition of the Radio Resource LCS Protocol (RRLP) to be used between the Mobile Station (MS) and the Serving Mobile Location Centre (SMLC).

Clause 2 defines the functionality of the protocol. Clause 3 describes the message structure, and Clause 4 the structure of components. Clause 5 contains the ASN.1 description of the components.

1.1 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 43.059: "Functional Stage 2 Description of Location Services in GERAN".
- [3] 3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".
- [4] ITU-T Recommendation X.691: "Information technology ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)".
- [5] ITU-T Recommendation X.680: "Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation".
- [6] 3GPP TS 23.032: "Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)".
- [7] 3GPP TS 49.031: "Location Services (LCS); Base Station System Application Part LCS Extension (BSSAP-LE)".
- [8] ICD-GPS-200, Navstar GPS Space Segment/Navigation User Interfaces.
- [9] RTCM-SC104, RTCM Recommended Standards for Differential GNSS Service (v.2.2).
- [10] 3GPP TS 44.064: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Mobile Station Serving GPRS Support Node (MS-SGSN); Logical Link Control (LLC) layer specification".
- [11] Galileo OS Signal in Space ICD (OS SIS ICD), Draft 0, Galileo Joint Undertaking, May 23rd, 2006.
- [12] IS-GPS-200, Revision D, Navstar GPS Space Segment/Navigation User Interfaces, December 7th, 2004.

1.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 or in 3GPP TS 43.059 apply.

2 Functionality of Protocol

2.1 General

The present document defines one generic RRLP message that is used to transfer Location Services (LCS) related information between the Mobile Station (MS) and the Serving Mobile Location Centre (SMLC). Usage of the RRLP protocol on a general level is described in 3GPP TS 43.059 that includes Stage 2 description of LCS.

One message includes one of the following components:

- Measure Position Request;
- Measure Position Response;
- Assistance Data;
- Assistance Data Acknowledgement;
- Protocol Error;
- Positioning Capability Request;
- Positioning Capability Response.

Next sub-clauses describe the usage of these components.

Delivery of components may be supported in the RRLP level using pseudo-segmentation by sending several shorter messages instead of one long message. Any assistance data that is successfully delivered to an MS and acknowledged prior to the interruption of the positioning procedure by an event like handover, or by any other event that causes an MS to terminate the positioning procedure or delivery of assistance data (see 3GPP TS 43.059), shall be retained by the MS and need not be resent by the SMLC when positioning or delivery of assistance data is again re-attempted.

The RRLP maximum PDU size is 242 octets. If the amount of data that needs to be sent is larger than RRLP maximum PDU size, the RRLP pseudo-segmentation shall be used. The RRLP pseudo-segmentation is the use of several RRLP components (one in each RRLP message) to deliver a large amount of information. For SMLC to MS messages, the Assistance Data component is the one that is sent several times in order to deliver the information. For MS to SMLC messages, the Measure Position Response component may be sent twice in order to deliver the information. Legacy MS and SMLC (3GPP Rel-4 or older) may send RRLP components that are larger than the RRLP maximum PDU size. In this case lower level segmentation will be used.

2.2 Position Measurement Procedure

The purpose of this procedure is to enable the SMLC to request for position measurement data or location estimate from the MS, and the MS to respond to the request with measurements or location estimate.

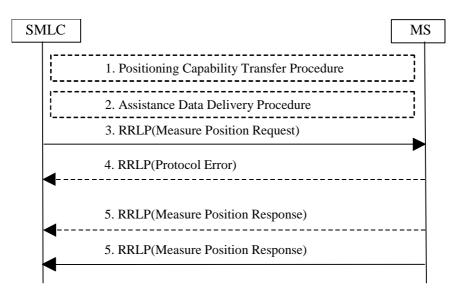


Figure 2.1: Position Measurement procedure

- 1. The Measure Position Request component and any Assistance Data Delivery Procedure may be preceded by a Positioning Capability Transfer procedure (see sub-clause 2.3a) to transfer the MS positioning capabilities to the SMLC.
- 2. The Measure Position Request component may be preceded by an Assistance Data Delivery Procedure (see subclause 2.3) to deliver some or all of the entire set of assistance data that is needed by the subsequent positioning procedure (steps 3-5).
- 3. The SMLC sends the Measure Position Request component in a RRLP message to the MS. The component includes QoS, other instructions, and possible assistance data to the MS. The RRLP message contains a reference number and an extended reference ID of the request.
- 4. The MS sends a RRLP message containing the Protocol Error component to the SMLC, if there is a problem that prevents the MS to receive a complete and understandable Measure Position Request component. The RRLP message contains the reference number and, if available, the extended reference ID included in the Measure Position Request received incomplete. The Protocol Error component includes a more specific reason. When the SMLC receives the Protocol Error component, it may try to resend the Measure Position Request (go back to the step 3), abort location, or start a new position measurement procedure (e.g. with updated assistance data).
- 5. The MS tries to perform the requested location measurements, and possibly calculates it own position. When the MS has location measurements, location estimate, or an error indication (measurements/location estimation not possible), it sends the results in the Measure Position Response component to the SMLC. The RRLP message contains the reference number and, if received, the extended reference ID of the request originally received in the step 3. The MS may optionally send one additional Measure Position Response component in a second RRLP message to the SMLC if the amount of information it needs to transfer to the SMLC is too large to fit into one single Measure Position Response component (uplink RRLP pseudo-segmentation). This RRLP message also contains the reference number and, if received, the extended reference ID of the request originally received in the step 3. If two components are sent, the MS shall indicate in the first component that it is the first of many components and in the second one that it is the second of many components. If there is a problem that prevents the SMLC to receive a complete and understandable Measure Position Response component, the SMLC may decide to abort location, or start a new position measurement procedure instead. If additional Measure Position Response components are received by the SMLC after the 1st and optional 2nd one, they shall be ignored.

2.3 Assistance Data Delivery Procedure

The purpose of this procedure is to enable the SMLC to send assistance data to the MS related to position measurement and/or location calculation. Notice that RRLP protocol is not used by the MS to request assistance data, only to deliver it to the MS. The entire set of assistance data (i.e. the total amount of assistance data that the SMLC has decided to send in the current procedure) may be delivered in one or several Assistance Data components. In this case steps 1 and 3 below may be repeated several times by the SMLC. If several components are sent, the SMLC shall await the acknowledgement of each component before the next Assistance Data component is sent. If Assistance Data Delivery is

used as part of the Position Measurement Procedure, as described in sub-clause 2.2, then some assistance data may be delivered in the final RRLP Measure Position Request.

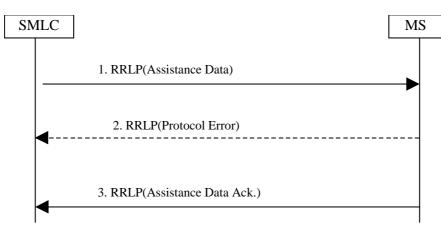


Figure 2.2: Assistance Data Delivery procedure

- The SMLC sends the Assistance Data component to the MS. The component includes assistance data for location measurement and/or location calculation. The RRLP message contains a reference number and an extended reference ID of the delivery. The More Assistance Data To Be Sent Element in the Assistance Data component is used by the SMLC to indicate to the MS if either more Assistance Data components (in the current Assistance Data Delivery procedure) or a final RRLP Measure Position Request (if the Assistance Data Delivery Procedure forms part of a Position Measurement procedure as described in sub-clause 2.2) will be sent.
- 2. The MS sends a RRLP message containing the Protocol Error component to the SMLC, if there is a problem that prevents the MS to receive a complete and understandable Assistance Data component. The RRLP message contains the reference number and, if available, the extended reference ID included in the Assistance Data component received incomplete. The Protocol Error component includes a more specific reason. When the SMLC receives the Protocol Error component, it may try to resend the Assistance Data component (go back to the step 1), send a new measure Assistance Data set (e.g. with updated assistance data), or abort the delivery.
- 3. When the MS has received a complete Assistance Data component, it send the Assistance Data Acknowledgement component to the SMLC. The RRLP message contains the reference number of the Assistance Data originally received in step 1.

2.3a Positioning Capability Transfer Procedure

The purpose of this procedure is to enable the SMLC to obtain the positioning capabilities of the MS, the types of assistance supported and the types of assistance data that may be needed from the SMLC. MS support for this procedure can be indicated to the SMLC using the MS Classmark 3 IE for GSM (see 3GPP TS 24.008), the PS LCS Capability IE for GERAN Gb mode (see 3GPP TS 24.008) and the MS Positioning Capability IE for GERAN Iu mode (see 3GPP TS 44.118).

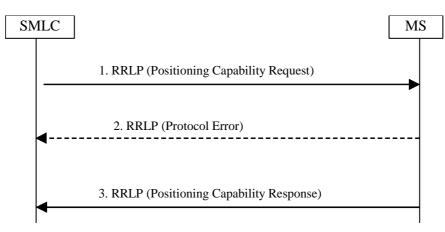


Figure 2.3: Positioning Capability Transfer procedure

- 1. The SMLC sends the Positioning Capability Request component to the MS. The RRLP message contains a reference number and an extended reference ID of the request. The message may contain indication of GANSS positioning support.
- 2. The MS sends a RRLP message containing the Protocol Error component to the SMLC, if there is a problem that prevents the MS to receive a complete and understandable Positioning Capability Request component. The RRLP message contains the reference number and the extended reference ID included in the Positioning Capability Request component. The Protocol Error component includes a more specific reason. When the SMLC receives the Protocol Error component, it may try to resend the Positioning Capability Request component (go back to the step 1) or abort the request.
- 3. When the MS has received a complete Positioning Capability Request component, it sends the Positioning Capability Response component to the SMLC. The component shall include the positioning capabilities of the MS and the types of supported assistance data. The component may include the types of assistance needed by the MS to obtain a location estimate or positioning measurements. The RRLP message also contains the reference number and extended Reference ID of the Positioning Capability Request originally received in step 1.

2.4 (void)

2.5 Error Handling Procedures

2.5.1 General

In this sub-clause it is described how a receiving entity behaves in cases when it receives erroneous data or detects that certain data is missing.

2.5.1a Message Too Short

When MS receives a RRLP message, that is too short to contain all mandatory IEs, the MS sends a Protocol Error component with indication "Message Too Short". If the Reference Number can be found, it is included. If the Reference Number is not available, the Reference Number of the RRLP message carrying the Protocol Error component is set to '0'. If the Extended Reference IE can be found, it shall be included in the returned Protocol Error Component. If the Extended Reference IE is not available, an Extended Reference IE shall not be included. The original sending entity that receives the Protocol Error, may then resend the original message, or abort the procedure.

2.5.2 Unknown Reference Number

A SMLC detects that it has received a RRLP message with an unknown or invalid Reference Number, when one or more of the following conditions occur:

- a Measure Position Response, Assistance Data Acknowledgement, Positioning Capability Response or Protocol Error component is received with a Reference Number that the SMLC has not sent in a Measure Position Request, Assistance Data or Positioning Capability Request component during a pending Position Measurement, Assistance Data Delivery or Positioning Capability Transfer procedure.
- a Measure Position Response, Positioning Capability Response or Protocol Error component is received with an Extended Reference IE value that the SMLC has not sent in a Measure Position Request, Assistance Data or Positioning Capability Request component during a pending Position Measurement, Assistance Data Delivery or Positioning Capability Transfer procedure.
- a Measure Position Response, Positioning Capability Response or Protocol Error component is received with a Reference Number and an Extended Reference IE value that the SMLC has not sent together in the same Measure Position Request, the same Assistance Data or the same Positioning Capability Request component during a pending Position Measurement, Assistance Data Delivery or Positioning Capability Transfer procedure.

The SMLC shall then discard the message. If the SMLC receives a Measure Position Response or a Protocol Error component containing no Extended Reference ID, then the SMLC shall assume that the target MS is for Release 4 or earlier and shall only verify the received Reference Number.

2.5.3 Missing Information Element or Component Element

When MS receives a RRLP message, that does not contain IEs or component elements expected to be present, the MS sends a Protocol Error component with indication "Missing Information Element or Component Element". If the Reference Number can be found, it is included. If the Reference Number is not available, the Reference Number of the RRLP message carrying the Protocol Error component is set to '0'. If the Extended Reference IE can be found, it shall be included in the returned Protocol Error Component. If the Extended Reference IE is not available, an Extended Reference IE shall not be included. The SMLC that receives the Protocol Error, may then resend the original message, or abort the procedure.

2.5.4 Incorrect Data

When MS receives a RRLP message, that is contains IEs or elements of components that are syntactically incorrect, the MS sends a Protocol Error component with indication "Incorrect Data". If the Reference Number can be found, it is included. If the Reference Number is not available, the Reference Number of the RRLP message carrying the Protocol Error component is set to '0'. If the Extended Reference IE can be found, it shall be included in the returned Protocol Error Component. If the Extended Reference IE is not available, an Extended Reference IE shall not be included. The SMLC that receives the Protocol Error, may then resend the original message, or abort the procedure.

2.5.5 Repeated Component

When after the reception of a Measure Position Request component, but before responding with a Measure Position Response or a Protocol Error component, the MS receives a new RRLP message with the Measure Position Request component, it acts as follows:

- if the old and new Measure Position Request components have the same Reference Number and, if included, the same Extended Reference IE, the MS ignores the later component;
- if the old and new Measure Position Request components have different Reference Numbers or, if included, different Extended Reference IEs or if one Measure Position Request component (old or new) contains an Extended Reference IE but the other component does not, the MS aborts activity for the former component, and starts to acts according to the later component, and sends a response to that.

When after the reception of an Assistance Data component, but before responding with an Assistance Data Acknowledgement or a Protocol Error component, the MS receives a new RRLP message with the Assistance Data component, it acts as follows:

- if the old and new Assistance Data components have the same Reference Number and, if included, the same Extended Reference IE and if pseudo-segmentation does not apply (see sub-clause 2.5.9), the MS ignores the later component;
- if the old and new Assistance Data components have different Reference Numbers or, if included, different Extended Reference IEs or if one Assistance Data component (old or new) contains an Extended Reference IE but the other component does not, the MS ignores the former component and sends an acknowledgement to the latter component.

When after the reception of a Positioning Capability Request component, but before responding with a Positioning Capability Response or a Protocol Error component, the MS receives a new RRLP message with the Positioning Capability Request component, it acts as follows:

- if the old and new Positioning Capability Request components have the same Reference Number and the same Extended Reference IE, the MS ignores the later component;
- if the old and new Positioning Capability Request components have different Reference Numbers or different Extended Reference IEs, the MS aborts activity for the former component, starts to act according to the later component and sends a response to that.

When after the reception of a Measure Position Response component, the SMLC receives a new RRLP message with the Measure Position Response component, it acts as follows:

- if the old and new Measure Position Response components have the same Reference Number and, if included, the same Extended Reference IE values, the SMLC may ignore the later component;

2.5.6 (void)

2.5.7 Missing Component

When the SMLC sends a Measure Position Request component to the MS, it starts a timer. If the timer expires before the SMLC receives the last Measure Position Response component or a Protocol Error component from the MS with the same Reference Number and, if included, the same Extended Reference IE value as in the sent component, it may abort location attempt or send a new Measure Position Request.

When the SMLC receives a Measure Position Response component with the same Reference Number and, if included, the same Extended Reference IE value as in the sent component indicating that it is the second of many segments, but the first of the many segments was never received by the SMLC, it may abort location attempt or send a new Measure Position Request.

When the SMLC sends a Assistance Data component to the MS, it starts a timer. If the timer expires before the SMLC receives a Assistance Data Acknowledgement or Protocol Error component from the MS with the same Reference Number as in the sent component and, in the case of a Protocol Error component, either the same extended reference ID as in the sent component or no extended reference ID, it may abort delivery attempt or send a new Assistance Data.

When the SMLC sends a Positioning Capability Request component to the MS, it starts a timer. If the timer expires before the SMLC receives a Positioning Capability Response or Protocol Error component from the MS with the same Reference Number and the same Extended Reference ID as in the sent component, it may abort the Positioning Capability Transfer Procedure attempt or send a new Positioning Capability Request.

2.5.8 Unforeseen Component

When the MS receives a complete Assistance Data pseudo-segmentation sequence or an Assistance Data component that was sent without pseudo-segmentation, that it is not expecting, MS may discard it.

2.5.8a RRLP Procedure

The MS and SMLC shall only support one RRLP procedure at a time for either positioning, delivery of assistance data or positioning capability transfer. The normal sequence of events for either procedure is defined in sub-clause 2.2, sub-clause 2.3 or sub-clause 2.3a, respectively. If the MS is engaged in an RRLP procedure and receives a correctly encoded RRLP message from the SMLC that starts a new procedure, the MS shall abort the first procedure without sending a response and start the second.

2.5.9 Pseudo-Segmentation

When the SMLC employs pseudo-segmentation to send an RRLP Measure Position Request message or an RRLP Assistance Data message, the SMLC shall send one or more RRLP Assistance Data components followed by:

- a final RRLP Measure Position Request component (see sub-clause 2.2) or
- a final RRLP Assistance Data component (see sub-clause 2.3).

The SMLC shall indicate in all but the final component (Measure Position Request or Assistance Data, respectively) that more components are on the way.

When an MS receives an Assistance Data component indicating that more components are on the way, the MS may store the contents of the component. If the MS receives a subsequent Assistance Data component or a final Measure Position Request component that is correctly encoded, the MS shall assume that the new component continues the pseudo-segmentation of the earlier component and may then store the contents of the new component. If the new component indicating that no more components are on the way or if it is a Measure Position Request, the MS shall assume that pseudo-segmentation is complete. The MS may then employ the rules defined in sub-clause 2.5.5 to verify if the new message is a repeated duplicate of a previous message.

3 Message Structure

3.1 General Format of RRLP Message

The general format of the RRLP message is given below, and based on:

- ITU-T Recommendation X.680;
- ITU-T Recommendation X.691;

and is consistent with these ITU-T recommendations. Also further definitions in the present document are based on ASN.1/94 defined in ITU-T Recommendation X.680 (ASN.1 1994). BASIC-PER, unaligned variant is used. Both RRLP ASN.1 modules, RRLP-Messages and RRLP-Components, are based on recommendations presented above.

ASN.1 identifiers have the same name as the corresponding parameters (information elements of the RRLP message, components, elements of components, fields of component elements etc) in other parts of the present document, except for the differences required by the ASN.1 notation (blanks between words are removed, the first letter of the first word is lower-case and the first letter of the following words are capitalized, e.g. "Reference Number" is mapped to "referenceNumber"). In addition some words may be abbreviated as follows:

| msr | measure |
|-----|-----------------|
| req | request |
| rsp | response |
| nbr | number |
| ack | acknowledgement |

Ellipsis Notation shall be used in the same way as described in 3GPP TS 29.002 and shall be supported on the radio interface by the MS and the network for all operations defined in the present document.

Table 3.1.a: RRLP Message Format

```
RRLP-Messages
-- { RRLP-messages }
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MsrPosition-Req, MsrPosition-Rsp, AssistanceData,
    ProtocolError, PosCapability-Req, PosCapability-Rsp
FROM
    RRLP-Components
                        -- { RRLP-Components }
;
PDU ::= SEQUENCE {
                             INTEGER (0..7),
    referenceNumber
                             RRLP-Component
    component
}
RRLP-Component ::= CHOICE {
                             MsrPosition-Req,
   msrPositionReg
   msrPositionRsp
                             MsrPosition-Rsp.
    assistanceData
                             AssistanceData,
    assistanceDataAck
                             NULL,
   protocolError
                             ProtocolError,
    . . .
    posCapabilityReq
                             PosCapability-Req,
    posCapabilityRsp
                             PosCapability-Rsp
}
END
```

The message consists of two information elements, that are further described in the following sub-clauses.

3.2 Reference Number IE

This element is mandatory, and appears only once per RRLP message. It has the range from 0 to 7. Value 0 is reserved for indicating unknown Reference Number. Its ASN.1 definition is in sub-clause 3.1. This element contains the Reference Number that shall be used as follows:

- in the Position Measurement procedure the SMLC shall select any number within the range 1-7 that it is not already using with the particular MS. The Reference Number serves as an identification of the Measure Position request component that it sends to the MS. When the MS responds either with the Measure Position Response component, or the Protocol Error component, it shall use the same Reference Number value and, if an Extended Reference ID was included by the SMLC, the same Extended Reference ID to identify to which Measure Position Request it is responding, if the Reference Number has been obtained. If the MS has not been able to decode the Reference Number (e.g. IE missing), it shall use '0' as the Reference number in the response. This mechanism helps for example in the cases where the SMLC sends a Measure Position Request to the MS, and before it receives the Response, it needs to send another Request (e.g. assistance data changes). Then the SMLC can identify to which Request the Response is related to;
- in the Assistance Data Delivery procedure the SMLC shall select any number within the range 1 7 that it is not already using with the MS. The Reference Number serves as an identification of the Assistance Data component that it sends to the MS. When the MS responds either with the Assistance Data Acknowledgement component or the Protocol Error component, it shall use the same Reference Number value if the Reference Number has been obtained and, in the case of Protocol Error, if an Extended Reference ID was included by the SMLC, the same Extended Reference ID to identify to which Assistance Data component it is responding. If the MS has not been able to decode the Reference Number (e.g. IE missing), it shall use '0' as the Reference number in the response.
- in the Position Capability Transfer procedure the SMLC shall select any number within the range 1 7 that it is not already using with the MS. The Reference Number serves as an identification of the Positioning Capability Request component that it sends to the MS. When the MS responds either with the Positioning Capability Response component, or the Protocol Error component, it shall use the same Reference Number value if the Reference Number has been obtained and the same Extended Reference ID value if that has been obtained to identify to which Positioning Capability Request component it is responding. If the MS has not been able to decode the Reference Number (e.g. IE missing), it shall use '0' as the Reference number in the response.
- the SMLC shall use the same Reference Number and same Extended Reference ID to resend any RRLP component for which a response was not received from the MS.
- the SMLC shall use a different Reference Number to that in any RRLP component for which a response was not received from the MS if the SMLC aborts an existing RRLP procedure and starts a new procedure.
- the SMLC may use the same Reference Number and same Extended Reference ID or different Reference Numbers and Extended Reference IDs for different RRLP components within the same pseudo-segmentation sequence.

In all RRLP messages except Assistance Data Acknowledgement, the Reference Number IE shall be supplemented by an Extended Reference IE in order to distinguish valid from invalid RRLP responses at the SMLC and duplicate from non-duplicate RRLP commands at the MS. In order to remain backward compatible, the receiving entity shall be able to receive Measure Position Request, Measure Position Response, Assistance Data and Protocol Error messages without the Extended Reference IE. The ASN.1 definition of the Extended Reference IE is given in sub-clause 5.1 and the procedures associated with sending and receiving it are given in clause 2 and in Annex A, sub-clauses A.2.2.5, A.3.2.7 and A.6.6.

3.3 Component IE

This element is mandatory, and appears only once per RRLP message. It contains the actual component to be transferred.

Different components are described further in Chapter 4. This IE contains only one component, i.e. it is not possible to include two or more components.

4 Components

This ASN.1 module contains the definitions of the components and datatypes defined in the components.

```
Table 4.a: RRLP-Components format
```

```
RRLP-Components
-- { RRLP-Components }
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
IMPORTS
    Ext-GeographicalInformation, VelocityEstimate
FROM
   MAP-LCS-DataTypes {
    itu-t identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
    gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-LCS-DataTypes (25) version10 (10)}
   ExtensionContainer
FROM MAP-ExtensionDataTypes {
    itu-t identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
    gsm-Network (1) modules (3) map-ExtensionDataTypes (21) version10 (10)}
;
-- Add here other ASN.1 definitions presented below
-- in chapters 4 and 5.
END
```

4.1 Measure Position Request

This component is used by the SMLC to request location measurements or a location estimate from the MS. It includes QoS, other instructions, and possible assistance data to the MS. This component is defined as follows:

Table 4.1.a: Measure Position Request

```
add this definition to RRLP-Components module
-- Measurement Position request component
MsrPosition-Req ::= SEQUENCE {
   positionInstruct PositionInstruct,
referenceAssistData ReferenceAssistDa
msrAssistData MsrAssistData
                             ReferenceAssistData
                                                        OPTIONAL,
                                                        OPTIONAL.
    systemInfoAssistData
                             SystemInfoAssistData
                                                        OPTIONAL
    gps-AssistData
                              GPS-AssistData
                                                        OPTIONAL,
    extensionContainer
                              ExtensionContainer
                                                        OPTIONAL,
    . . .
    -- Release 98 extension element
rel98-MsrPosition-Req-extension
                                           Rel98-MsrPosition-Req-Extension
                                                                                       OPTIONAL.
     - Release 5 extension element
rel5-MsrPosition-Reg-extension
                                           Rel5-MsrPosition-Reg-Extension
                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
    -- Release 7 extension element
rel7-MsrPosition-Req-extension
                                           Rel7-MsrPosition-Req-Extension
                                                                                       OPTIONAL
```

The elements of this component are defined in clause 5.

4.2 Measure Position Response

This component is used by the MS to respond to a Measure Position Request from the SMLC with location measurements, a location estimate, or an error indication. This component is defined as follows:

| add this defintion to RRLP-Components module | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Measurement Position response component | | | | | | | | |
| | MsrPosition-Rsp ::= SEQUENCE { | | | | | | | | |
| multi | pleSets | MultipleSets | OPTIONAL, | | | | | | |
| refer | enceIdentity | ReferenceIdentity | OPTIONAL, | | | | | | |
| otd-M | easureInfo | OTD-MeasureInfo | OPTIONAL, | | | | | | |
| locat | ionInfo | LocationInfo | OPTIONAL, | | | | | | |
| gps-M | easureInfo | GPS-MeasureInfo | OPTIONAL, | | | | | | |
| locat | ionError | LocationError | OPTIONAL, | | | | | | |
| exten | sionContainer | ExtensionContainer | OPTIONAL, | | | | | | |
| , | | | | | | | | | |
| Re | Release extension here | | | | | | | | |
| rel-9 | rel-98-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension | | | | | | | | |
| Rel-98-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension OPTIONAL, | | | | | | | | | |
| rel-5 | rel-5-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension | | | | | | | | |
| | Rel-5-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension OPTIONAL, | | | | | | | | |
| Wh | When RRLP pseudo-segmentation is used, rel-5-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension | | | | | | | | |
| an | and other possible future extensions should be the ones included in | | | | | | | | |
| th | the 2nd MsrPosition-Rsp component. | | | | | | | | |
| rel-7 | rel-7-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension | | | | | | | | |
| | Rel-7-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension OPTIONAL | | | | | | | | |
| } | | | | | | | | | |
| , | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Table 4.2.a: Measure Position Response

The elements of this component are defined in clause 5.

4.3 Assistance Data

This component is used by the SMLC to deliver assistance data for location measurement and/or location calculation. This component is defined as follows:

Table 4.3.a: Assistance Data

```
-- add this defintion to RRLP-Components module
-- Assistance Data component
AssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
   referenceAssistData ReferenceAssistData
                                                   OPTIONAL.
    msrAssistData
                          MsrAssistData
                                                   OPTIONAL,
   systemInfoAssistData
                          SystemInfoAssistData OPTIONAL,
   qps-AssistData
                           GPS-AssistData
                                                   OPTIONAL,
                          MoreAssDataToBeSent
   moreAssDataToBeSent
                                                  OPTIONAL,
                                                               -- If not present, interpret as only
                                                               -- Assistance Data component used to
                                                               -- deliver entire set of assistance
                                                               -- data.
                                                   OPTIONAL,
    extensionContainer
                           ExtensionContainer
    -- Release extension here
    rel98-AssistanceData-Extension Rel98-AssistanceData-Extension OPTIONAL,
    rel5-AssistanceData-Extension
                                  Rel5-AssistanceData-Extension
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
 rel7-AssistanceData-Extension Rel7-AssistanceData-Extension OPTIONAL
```

The elements of this component are defined in clause 5.

4.4 Assistance Data Acknowledgement

This component does not have any information contents. It presence indicates that the MS has received the complete Assistance Data component.

4.5 Protocol Error

This component is used by the receiving entity (SMLC or MS) to indicate to the sending entity, that there is a problem that prevents the receiving entity to receive a complete and understandable component. This component is defined as follows:

Table 4.5.a: Protocol Error

```
-- add this definition to RRLP-Components module

-- Protocol Error component

ProtocolError ::= SEQUENCE {

    errorCause ErrorCodes,

    extensionContainer ExtensionContainer OPTIONAL,

    ...,

    -- Release extensions here

    rel-5-ProtocolError-Extension Rel-5-ProtocolError-Extension OPTIONAL

}
```

The elements of this component are defined in clause 5.

4.6 Positioning Capability Request

This component is used by the SMLC to request the positioning capabilities of the MS and optionally indicating GANSS positioning support. This component is defined as follows:

Table 4.6.a: Positioning Capability Request

The elements of this component are defined in clause 5.

4.7 Positioning Capability Response

This component is used by the MS to respond to a Positioning Capability Request from the SMLC with the positioning capabilities of the MS, the types of assistance data supported and the types of assistance data possibly needed by the MS. This component is defined as follows:

Table 4.7.a: Positioning Capability Response

```
add this definition to RRLP-Components module
-- Positioning Capability response component
PosCapability-Rsp ::= SEQUENCE {
   extended-reference
                         Extended-reference,
   posCapabilities
                           PosCapabilities,
-- assistanceSupported shall be included if and only if any of the assistance data is supported
   assistanceSupported AssistanceSupported
                                                   OPTIONAL,
   assistanceNeeded
                           AssistanceNeeded
                                                   OPTIONAL,
   extensionContainer
                           ExtensionContainer
                                                   OPTIONAL.
}
```

The elements of this component are defined in clause 5.

5 Elements of Components

5.1 ASN.1 Description

The following ASN.1 code defines the elements of components. See the Annex A for further description of the contents of components and their elements.

Table 5.1.a: ASN.1 Description

```
-- add these defintions to RRLP-Components module
-- Position instructions
PositionInstruct ::= SEQUENCE {
   -- Method type
   methodType
                              MethodType,
    positionMethod
                              PositionMethod,
    measureResponseTime MeasureResponseTime,
    useMultipleSets
                              UseMultipleSets,
    environmentCharacter EnvironmentCharacter
                                                       OPTIONAL
}
MethodType ::= CHOICE {
    msAssisted AccuracyOpt,
msBased Accuracy,
msBasedPref Accuracy,
                                      -- accuracy is optional
-- accuracy is mandatory
-- accuracy is mandatory
                                       -- accuracy is mandatory
    msAssistedPref Accuracy
}
-- Accuracy of the location estimation
AccuracyOpt ::= SEQUENCE {
                                  OPTIONAL
    accuracy
                     Accuracy
}
-- The values of this field are defined in 3GPP TS 23.032 (Uncertainty code)
Accuracy ::= INTEGER (0..127)
-- Position Method
PositionMethod ::= ENUMERATED {
    eotd (0),
    gps (1),
    gpsOrEOTD (2)
}
-- Measurement request response time
MeasureResponseTime ::= INTEGER (0..7)
-- useMultiple Sets, FFS!
UseMultipleSets ::= ENUMERATED {
    multipleSets (0), -- multiple sets are allowed
    oneSet (1)
                               -- sending of multiple is not allowed
}
-- Environment characterization
EnvironmentCharacter ::= ENUMERATED {
    badArea (0), -- bad urban or suburban, heavy multipath and NLOS
notBadArea (1), -- light multipath and NLOS
mixedArea (2), -- not defined or mixed environment
}
-- E-OTD reference BTS for Assitance data IE
ReferenceAssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
    bcchCarrier BCCHCarrier,
                                                              -- BCCH carrier
                      BSIC,
                                                              -- BSIC
    bsic
    timeSlotScheme TimeSlotScheme,
                                                              -- Timeslot scheme
    btsPosition
                     BTSPosition
                                            OPTIONAL
}
```

```
-- ellipsoid point and
 - ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid shapes are supported
BTSPosition ::= Ext-GeographicalInformation
 - RF channel number of BCCH
BCCHCarrier ::= INTEGER (0..1023)
-- Base station Identity Code
BSIC ::= INTEGER (0..63)
 - Timeslot scheme
TimeSlotScheme ::= ENUMERATED {
    equalLength (0),
   variousLength (1)
}
-- Time slot (modulo)
ModuloTimeSlot ::= INTEGER (0..3)
-- E-OTD measurement assistance data IE
-- The total number of neighbors in this element (MsrAssistData)
-- and in SystemInfoAssistData element (presented neighbors
-- can be at a maximum 15!)
MsrAssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
    msrAssistList SeqOfMsrAssistBTS
SeqOfMsrAssistBTS ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..15)) OF MsrAssistBTS
MsrAssistBTS ::= SEQUENCE {
   bcchCarrier BCCHCarrier,
                                           -- BCCH carrier
   bsic
                       BSIC,
                                           -- BSIC
   multiFrameOffset
                       MultiFrameOffset, -- multiframe offset
   timeSlotScheme
                       TimeSlotScheme,
                                           -- Timeslot scheme
   roughRTD
                      RoughRTD,
                                           -- rough RTD value
    -- Location Calculation Assistance data is moved here
   calcAssistanceBTS CalcAssistanceBTS OPTIONAL
}
-- Multiframe offset
MultiFrameOffset ::= INTEGER (0..51)
-- The Multiframe Offset value 51 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and
-- shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0.
-- Rough RTD value between one base station and reference BTS
RoughRTD ::= INTEGER (0..1250)
-- The RoughRTD value 1250 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and shall
-- be treated by the receiving entity as 0.
-- E-OTD Measurement assistance data for system information List IE
-- The total number of base stations in this element (SystemInfoAssistData
-- presented neighbors) and in MsrAssistData element can be at a maximum 15.
SystemInfoAssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
   systemInfoAssistList
                           SeqOfSystemInfoAssistBTS
SeqOfSystemInfoAssistBTS::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..32)) OF SystemInfoAssistBTS
-- whether n.th is present or not ?
SystemInfoAssistBTS := CHOICE {
   notPresent
                   NITT.T.
                   AssistBTSData
   present
}
-- Actual assistance data for system information base station
AssistBTSData ::= SEQUENCE {
                      BSIC,
                                           -- BSIC
   bsic
                                          -- multiframe offset
   multiFrameOffset
                       MultiFrameOffset,
                       TimeSlotScheme,
                                           -- Timeslot scheme
   timeSlotScheme
   roughRTD
                      RoughRTD,
                                           -- rough RTD value
    -- Location Calculation Assistance data
    calcAssistanceBTS CalcAssistanceBTS
                                          OPTIONAL
}
```

```
-- E-OTD Location calculation assistance data,
-- CalcAssistanceBTS element is optional not subfields
CalcAssistanceBTS ::= SEQUENCE {
   fineRTD
                       FineRTD,
                                          -- fine RTD value between base stations
                        ReferenceWGS84 -- reference coordinates
    referenceWGS84
}
-- Coordinates of neighbour BTS, WGS-84 ellipsoid
ReferenceWGS84 ::= SEQUENCE {
   relativeNorth RelDistance,
relativeEast RelDistance,
                                                   -- relative distance (south negative)
                     RelDistance,
                                                  -- relative distance (west negative)
   -- Relative Altitude is not always known
relativeAlt RelativeAlt OPTIONAL
                                                  -- relative altitude
}
 - Fine RTD value between this BTS and the reference BTS
FineRTD ::= INTEGER (0..255)
 - Relative north/east distance
RelDistance ::= INTEGER (-200000..200000)
-- Relative altitude
RelativeAlt ::= INTEGER (-4000..4000)
-- Measure position response IEs
-- Reference Identity
-- Multiple sets
MultipleSets ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- number of reference sets
   nbrOfSets
                        INTEGER (2..3),
    -- This field actually tells the number of reference BTSs
   nbrOfReferenceBTSs INTEGER (1..3),
    -- This field is conditional and included optionally only if
    -- nbrOfSets is 3 and number of reference BTSs is 2.
                            ReferenceRelation
                                                      OPTIONAL
   referenceRelation
}
-- Relation between refence BTSs and sets
ReferenceRelation ::= ENUMERATED {
   secondBTSThirdSet (0), \ \mbox{--} 1st BTS related to 1st and 2nd sets
    secondBTSSecondSet (1), -- 1st BTS related to 1st and 3rd sets
firstBTSFirstSet (2) -- 1st BTS related to 1st set
}
-- Reference BTS Identity, this element contains number of
-- BTSs told nbrOfReferenceBTSs field in Multiple sets element)
ReferenceIdentity ::= SEQUENCE {
   -- Reference BTS list
    refBTSList
                    SeqOfReferenceIdentityType
J
SeqOfReferenceIdentityType ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..3)) OF ReferenceIdentityType
```

-- Cell identity ReferenceIdentityType ::= CHOICE { bsicAndCarrier BSICAndCarrier, -- BSIC and Carrier ci CellID, -- Cell ID, LAC not needed requestIndex RequestIndex, -- Index to Requested Neigh -- Index to Requested Neighbor List systemInfoIndex SystemInfoIndex, -- Index to System info list, this type of ref. identity -- shall not be used by the MS unless it has received -- the SystemInfoAssistData from the SMLC for this cell. ciAndLAC CellIDAndLAC -- CI and LAC } BSICAndCarrier ::= SEQUENCE { carrier BCCHCarrier, bsic BSIC } RequestIndex ::= INTEGER (1..16) SystemInfoIndex ::= INTEGER (1..32) CellIDAndLAC ::= SEQUENCE { referenceLAC LAC, -- Location area code -- Cell identity CellID referenceCI CellID ::= INTEGER (0..65535) LAC ::= INTEGER (0..65535) - OTD-MeasureInfo OTD-MeasureInfo ::= SEQUENCE { -- Measurement info elements, OTD-MsrElement is repeated number of times -- told in nbrOfReferenceBTSs in MultipleSets, default value is 1 otdMsrFirstSets OTD-MsrElementFirst, -- if more than one sets are present this element is repeated -- NumberOfSets - 1 (-1 = first set) otdMsrRestSets SeqOfOTD-MsrElementRest OPTIONAL } SeqOfOTD-MsrElementRest ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..2)) OF OTD-MsrElementRest - OTD measurent information for 1 set OTD-MsrElementFirst ::= SEQUENCE { referenceTimeSlot ModuloTimeSlot refFrameNumber -- Frame number modulo 42432 toaMeasurementsOfRef TOA-MeasurementsOfRef OPTIONAL, stdResolution StdResolution, OPTIONAL, -- TA correction taCorrection INTEGER (0..960) -- measured neighbors in OTD measurements SeqOfOTD-FirstSetMsrs OPTIONAL otd-FirstSetMsrs SeqOfOTD-FirstSetMsrs ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..10)) OF OTD-FirstSetMsrs - OTD measurent information 2 and 3 sets if exist OTD-MsrElementRest ::= SEQUENCE { refFrameNumber INTEGER (0..42431), referenceTimeSlot ModuloTimeSlot, -- Frame number modulo 42432 toaMeasurementsOfRef TOA-MeasurementsOfRef OPTIONAL, stdResolution StdResolution, INTEGER (0..960) -- TA correction taCorrection OPTIONAL. -- measured neighbors in OTD measurements otd-MsrsOfOtherSets SeqOfOTD-MsrsOfOtherSets OPTIONAL SeqOfOTD-MsrsOfOtherSets ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..10)) OF OTD-MsrsOfOtherSets - Standard deviation of the TOA measurements from the reference BTS TOA-MeasurementsOfRef ::= SEQUENCE { refQuality RefQuality, numOfMeasurements NumOfMeasurements } RefQuality ::= INTEGER (0..31)-- St Dev of TOA of reference as defined in annexNumOfMeasurements ::= INTEGER (0..7)-- No. of measurements for RefQuality as defined in annexStdResolution ::= INTEGER (0..3)-- Values of resolution are defined in annex OTD-FirstSetMars ::= OTD-MeasurementWithID

```
-- Neighbour info in OTD measurements 0-10 times in TD measurement info
OTD-MsrsOfOtherSets ::= CHOICE {
    identityNotPresent OTD-Measurement,
    identityPresent OTD-MeasurementWithID
}
-- For this OTD measurement identity is same as the identity of BTS
-- in the first set with same sequence number
OTD-Measurement ::= SEQUENCE {
   nborTimeSlot ModuloTimeSlot,
eotdQuality EOTDQuality,
otdValue OTDValue
}
 - This measurement contains the BTS identity and measurement
OTD-MeasurementWithID ::=SEQUENCE {
    neighborIdentity NeighborIdentity,
    nborTimeSlot Modulo11....
it. EOTDQuality,
                         ModuloTimeSlot,
                         OTDValue
    otdValue
}
EOTDQuality ::= SEQUENCE {
   nbrOfMeasurements INTEGER (0..7),
    stdOfEOTD
                        INTEGER (0..31)
}
NeighborIdentity ::= CHOICE {
   bsicAndCarrier BSICAndCarrier, -- BSIC and Carrier
    ci
                         CellID,
                                                -- Cell ID, LAC not needed
   Cellup,--- Cell ID, LAC not neededmultiFrameCarrierMultiFrameCarrier,--- MultiFrameOffest and BSICrequestIndexRequestIndex,--- Index to Requested Neighbor ListsystemInfoIndexSystemInfoIndex,--- Index to System info list, this to
                                                -- Index to System info list, this type of neighbour
                                                -- identity shall not be used by the MS unless it has
                                                -- received the SystemInfoAssistData from the SMLC for
                                                -- this cell.
                                                -- CI and LAC
    ciAndLAC
                        CellIDAndLAC
}
-- Multiframe and carrier
MultiFrameCarrier ::= SEQUENCE {
   bcchCarrier
                        BCCHCarrier.
    multiFrameOffset MultiFrameOffset
}
-- OTD measurement value for neighbour
OTDValue ::= INTEGER (0..39999)
-- Location information IE
LocationInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
                    INTEGER (0..65535),
                                                    -- Reference Frame number
    refFrame
    -- If refFrame is within (42432..65535), it shall be ignored by the receiver
    -- in that case the MS should provide GPS TOW if available
    qpsTOW
                     INTEGER (0..14399999) OPTIONAL,
                                                            -- GPS TOW
                    FixType,
   fixType
    -- Note that applicable range for refFrame is 0 - 42431
    -- Possible shapes carried in posEstimate are
    -- ellipsoid point,
    -- ellipsoid point with uncertainty circle
-- ellipsoid point with uncertainty ellipse
    -- ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid
                    Ext-GeographicalInformation
    posEstimate
}
FixType ::= INTEGER {
    twoDFix (0),
    threeDFix (1)
} (0..1)
-- GPS-Measurement information
GPS-MeasureInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Measurement info elements
    -- user has to make sure that in this element is number of elements
    -- defined in reference BTS identity
    gpsMsrSetList SeqOfGPS-MsrSetElement
SeqOfGPS-MsrSetElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..3)) OF GPS-MsrSetElement
```

```
-- OTD measurent information 1-3 times in message
GPS-MsrSetElement ::= SEQUENCE {
                      INTEGER (0..65535) OPTIONAL,
                                                           -- Reference Frame number
    refFrame
    gpsTOW
                      GPSTOW24b,
                                                             -- GPS TOW
     -- Note that applicable range for refFrame is 0 - 42431
--N SAT can be read from number of elements of gps-msrList
    gps-msrList
                     SeqOfGPS-MsrElement
}
-- 24 bit presentation for GPSTOW
GPSTOW24b ::= INTEGER (0..14399999)
-- measured elements in measurement parameters field
SeqOfGPS-MsrElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF GPS-MsrElement
GPS-MsrElement ::= SEQUENCE {

      satelliteID
      SatelliteID,
      -- Satellite identifier

      cNo
      INTEGER (0..63),
      -- carrier noise ratio

      doppler
      INTEGER (-32768..32767),
      -- doppler, mulltiply by 0.2

      wholeChips
      INTEGER (0..1022),
      -- whole value of the code phase measurement

      fracChips
      INTEGER (0..1024),
      -- fractional value of the code phase measurement

                                                  -- a value of 1024 shall not be encoded by the sender
                                                   -- the receiver shall consider a value of 1024 to be
                                                   -- invalid data
    mpathIndic
                     MpathIndic,
                                                        -- multipath indicator
                                                        -- index
    pseuRangeRMSErr INTEGER (0..63)
}
-- Multipath indicator
MpathIndic ::= ENUMERATED {
    notMeasured (0),
    low (1),
    medium (2),
    high (3)
}
-- Location error IE
LocationError ::= SEQUENCE {
    locErrorReason
                                     LocErrorReason,
    additionalAssistanceData AdditionalAssistanceData OPTIONAL,
}
LocErrorReason ::= ENUMERATED {
   unDefined (0),
    notEnoughBTSs (1),
    notEnoughSats (2),
    eotdLocCalAssDataMissing (3),
    eotdAssDataMissing (4),
    gpsLocCalAssDataMissing (5),
    gpsAssDataMissing (6),
    methodNotSupported (7),
    notProcessed (8),
    refBTSForGPSNotServingBTS (9),
    refBTSForEOTDNotServingBTS (10),
     . . . .
    notEnoughGANSSSats (11),
 ganssAssDataMissing (12),
    refBTSForGANSSNotServingBTS (13)
}
-- exception handling:
-- an unrecognized value shall be treated the same as value 0
-- defines additional assistance data needed for any new location attempt
-- MS shall retain any assistance data already received
    extensionContainer ExtensionC
AdditionalAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    gpsAssistanceData
                                                           OPTIONAL.
                               ExtensionContainer
                                                           OPTIONAL,
     . . .
    ganssAssistanceData GANSSAssistanceData OPTIONAL
}
```

```
GPSAssistanceData ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..maxGPSAssistanceData))
-- GPSAssistanceData has identical structure and encoding to octets 3 to n of the
-- GPS Assistance Data IE in 3GPP TS 49.031
maxGPSAssistanceData
                         INTEGER ::= 40
GANSSAssistanceData ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..maxGANSSAssistanceData))
-- GANSSAssistanceData has identical structure and encoding to octets 3 to n of the
-- GANSS Assistance Data IE in 3GPP TS 49.031
maxGANSSAssistanceData INTEGER := 40
-- Protocol Error Causes
ErrorCodes ::= ENUMERATED {
   unDefined (0),
missingComponet (1),
incorrectData (2),
missingIEorComponentElement (3),
messageTooShort (4),
unknowReferenceNumber (5),
. . .
}
-- exception handling:
-- an unrecognized value shall be treated the same as value 0
 - GPS assistance data IE
GPS-AssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
   controlHeader
                      ControlHeader
}
-- More Assistance Data To Be Sent IE
-- More Assistance Data Components On the Way indication for delivery of an entire set of assistance
-- data in multiple Assistance Data components.
MoreAssDataToBeSent ::= ENUMERATED {
  noMoreMessages (0), -- This is the only or last Assistance Data message used to deliver
                                  -- the entire set of assistance data.
   moreMessagesOnTheWay (1)
                               -- The SMLC will send more Assistance Data messages or a final RRLP
                                  -- Measure Position Request message to deliver the
                                  -- the entire set of assistance data.
}
-- Control header of the GPS assistance data
ControlHeader ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Field type Present information
    referenceTime ReferenceTime OPTIONAL,
refLocation RefLocation OPTIONAL,

        dgpsCorrections
        DGPSCorrections
        OPTIONAL,

        navigationModel
        NavigationModel
        OPTIONAL,

        ionosphericModel
        IonosphericModel
        OPTIONAL,

                        UTCModel
               UTCHOLL_
Almanac
    utcModel
                                               OPTIONAL,
   almanac
                                              OPTIONAL,
    acquisAssist
                                              OPTIONAL,
                        AcquisAssist
    realTimeIntegrity SeqOf-BadSatelliteSet OPTIONAL
}
ReferenceTime ::= SEQUENCE {
   gpsTime GPSTime,
                                               OPTIONAL,
    gsmTime
                         GSMTime
    gpsTowAssist
                         GPSTOWAssist
                                               OPTIONAL
}
-- GPS Time includes week number and time-of-week (TOW)
GPSTime ::= SEQUENCE {
   gpsTOW23b
                         GPSTOW23b,
    gpsWeek
                        GPSWeek
}
-- GPSTOW, range 0-604799.92, resolution 0.08 sec, 23-bit presentation
GPSTOW23b ::= INTEGER (0..7559999)
-- GPS week number
GPSWeek ::= INTEGER (0..1023)
```

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-- GPSTOWAssist consists of TLM message, Anti-spoof flag, Alert flag, and 2 reserved bits in TLM Word -- for each visible satellite. -- N_SAT can be read from number of elements in GPSTOWAssist GPSTOWAssist ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..12)) OF GPSTOWAssistElement GPSTOWAssistElement ::= SEQUENCE { satelliteID SatelliteID, tlmWord TLMWord, tlmWoru antiSpoof AntiSpoofFlag, AlertFlag, alert tlmRsvdBits TLMReservedBits } -- TLM Word, 14 bits TLMWord ::= INTEGER (0..16383) -- Anti-Spoof flag AntiSpoofFlag ::= INTEGER (0..1) -- Alert flag AlertFlag ::= INTEGER (0..1) - Reserved bits in TLM word, MSB occurs earlier in TLM Word transmitted by satellite TLMReservedBits ::= INTEGER (0..3) GSMTime ::= SEQUENCE { bcchCarrier BCCHCarrier, -- BCCH carrier bsic BSIC, -- BSIC frameNumber FrameNumber, timeSlot TimeSlot, bitNumber BitNumber TimeSlot, } -- Frame number FrameNumber ::= INTEGER (0..2097151) -- Time slot number TimeSlot ::= INTEGER (0..7) -- Bit number BitNumber ::= INTEGER (0..156) -- Reference Location IE RefLocation ::= SEQUENCE { threeDLocation Ext-GeographicalInformation } -- DGPS Corrections IE DGPSCorrections ::= SEQUENCE { INTEGER (0..604799), -- DGPS reference time
INTEGER (0..7), WOTzap status -- N SAT can be read from number of elements of satList SeqOfSatElement satList SeqOfSatElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF SatElement -- number of correction for satellites SatElement ::= SEQUENCE { satelliteID SatelliteID, --- Sequence number for ephemeris INTEGER (0..239), iode -- User Differential Range Error INTEGER (0..3), udre -- Pseudo Range Correction, range is -- -655.04 - +655.04, pseudoRangeCor INTEGER (-2047..2047), -- Pseudo Range Rate Correction, range is -- -4.064 - +4.064, rangeRateCor INTEGER (-127..127),

```
-- Delta Pseudo Range Correction 2
                                        INTEGER (-127..127),
     deltaPseudoRangeCor2
                                                                            -- This IE shall be ignored by the receiver and
                                                                            -- set to zero by the sender
     -- Delta Pseudo Range Correction 2
     deltaRangeRateCor2
                                        INTEGER (-7..7),
                                                                           -- This IE shall be ignored by the receiver and
                                                                           -- set to zero by the sender
     -- Delta Pseudo Range Correction 3
                                        INTEGER (-127..127),
                                                                           -- This IE shall be ignored by the receiver and
     deltaPseudoRangeCor3
                                                                            -- set to zero by the sender
       -- Delta Pseudo Range Correction 3
                                                                            -- This IE shall be ignored by the receiver and
     deltaRangeRateCor3
                                       INTEGER (-7..7)
                                                                            -- set to zero by the sender
}
SatelliteID ::= INTEGER (0..63) -- identifies satellite
-- Navigation Model IE
NavigationModel ::= SEQUENCE {
     navModelList SeqOfNavModelElement
}
-- navigation model satellite list
SeqOfNavModelElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF NavModelElement
NavModelElement ::= SEQUENCE {
     satelliteID SatelliteID,
satStatus SatStatus
                                                    -- satellite status
}
-- the Status of the navigation model
SatStatus ::= CHOICE {
      -- New satellite, new Navigation Model
     newSatelliteAndModelUC UncompressedEphemeris,
     -- Existing satellite, Existing Navigation Model
     oldSatelliteAndModel
                                        NULL,
     -- Existing satellite, new Navigation Model
     newNaviModelUC
                                        UncompressedEphemeris,
     . . .
}
-- Uncompressed satellite emhemeris and clock corrections
UncompressedEphemeris ::= SEQUENCE {
     ephemCodeOnL2 INTEGER (0..3),
     ephemURA
                            INTEGER (0..15),
     ephemSVhealth INTEGER (0..15),
ephemIODC INTEGER (0..63),
ephemIODC INTEGER (0..1023),
     ephemL2Pflag INTEGER (0..1),
ephemSF1Rsvd EphemerisSubframe1Reserved,

        OpnemSF1RSvd
        EphemerisSubframe1Reserved,

        ephemTgd
        INTEGER (-128..127),

        ephemToc
        INTEGER (0..37799),

        ephemAF2
        INTEGER (-128..127),

        ephemAF2
        INTEGER (-128..127),

        ephemAF1
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        ephemAF0
        INTEGER (-2097152..2097151),

        ephemCrs
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        ephemM0
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        ephemCuc
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        ephemE
        INTEGER (0..4294967295),

        ephemCus
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        ephemCus
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

     ephemAPowerHalf INTEGER (0..4294967295),
     ephemToe INTEGER (0..37799),
     ephemFitFlag INTEGER (0..1),
ephemAODA INTEGER (0..31),
     INTEGER (-32768..32767),
INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),
     ephemW
     ephemOmegaADot INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),
ephemIDot INTEGER (-8192..8191)
}
```

```
-- Reserved bits in subframe 1 of navigation message
EphemerisSubframe1Reserved ::= SEQUENCE {
     reserved1 INTEGER (0..8388607),
                                                                       -- 23-bit field
     reserved2
                              INTEGER (0..16777215), -- 24-bit field
INTEGER (0..16777215), -- 24-bit field
INTEGER (0..65535) -- 16-bit field
      reserved3
     reserved3 INTEGER (0..1677721
reserved4 INTEGER (0..65535)
}
-- Ionospheric Model IE
IonosphericModel ::= SEQUENCE {
                    INTEGER (-128..127),
INTEGER (-128..127),
INTEGER (-128..127),
INTEGER (-128..127),
INTEGER (-128..127),
    alfa0
      alfa1
     alfa2
     alfa3
                             INTEGER (-128..127),
INTEGER (-128..127),
      beta0
     beta1
                        INTEGER (-128..127),
INTEGER (-128..127)
      beta2
      beta3
}
-- Universal Time Coordinate Model
UTCModel ::= SEQUENCE {

      Model ::= SEQUENCE {

      utcA1
      INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),

      utcA0
      INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),

      utcTot
      INTEGER (0..255),

      utcWnt
      INTEGER (0..255),

      utcDeltaTls
      INTEGER (-128..127),

      utcDN
      INTEGER (0..255),

      utcDN
      INTEGER (0..255),

      utcDN
      INTEGER (0..255),

      utcDN
      INTEGER (0..255),

      utcDN
      INTEGER (0..255),

     utcDeltaTlsf INTEGER (-128..127)
}
-- Almanac, Long term model
-- NOTE: These are parameters are subset of the ephemeris
-- NOTE: But with reduced resolution and accuracy
Almanac ::= SEQUENCE {
     alamanacWNa
                               INTEGER (0..255), -- Once per message
      -- navigation model satellite list.
      -- The size of almanacList is actually Nums_Sats_Total field
      almanacList
                              SeqOfAlmanacElement
SeqOfAlmanacElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF AlmanacElement
-- Almanac info once per satellite
AlmanacElement ::= SEQUENCE {
      satelliteID SatelliteID,
      almanacEINTEGER (0..65535),almanacToaINTEGER (0..255),almanacKsiiINTEGER (-32768..32767),almanacOmegaDotINTEGER (-32768..32767),almanacSVhealthINTEGER (0..255),
      almanacAPowerHalf INTEGER (0..16777215),

        almanacW
        INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),

        almanacM0
        INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),

        almanacAF0
        INTEGER (-1024..1023),

        almanacAF1
        INTEGER (-1024..1023),

      almanacOmega0 INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),
almanacW INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),
}
-- Acquisition Assistance
AcquisAssist ::= SEQUENCE {
      -- Number of Satellites can be read from acquistList
      timeRelation
                               TimeRelation,
      -- Acquisition assistance list
      -- The size of Number of Satellites is actually Number of Satellites field
      acquisList
                               SeqOfAcquisElement
SeqOfAcquisElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF AcquisElement
```

```
- the relationship between GPS time and air-interface timing
TimeRelation ::= SEQUENCE {
    gpsTOW
                               -- 23b presentation
               GPSTOW23b,
                GSMTime
                             OPTIONAL
    gsmTime
}
-- data occuring per number of satellites
AcquisElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    svid
                              SatelliteID,
    -- Doppler Oth order term,
    -- -5120.0 - 5117.5 Hz (= -2048 - 2047 with 2.5 Hz resolution)
                             INTEGER (-2048..2047),
    doppler0
                            AddionalDopplerFields
    addionalDoppler
                                                      OPTIONAL,
   codePhaseINTEGER (0..1022), -- Code PhaseintCodePhaseINTEGER (0..19), -- Integer Code PhasegpsBitNumberINTEGER (0..3), -- GPS bit numbercodePhaseSearchWindowINTEGER (0..15), -- Code Phase Search WindowaddionalAngleAddionalAngleFieldsOPTIONAL
}
AddionalDopplerFields ::= SEQUENCE {
   -- Doppler 1st order term, -1.0 - +0.5 Hz/sec
 -- (= -42 + (0 to 63) with 1/42 Hz/sec. resolution)
                        INTEGER (0..63),
INTEGER (0..7)
   doppler1
   dopplerUncertainty
 -- a sender shall not encode any DopplerUncertainty value in the range 5 to 7
 -- a receiver shall ignore any value between 5 and 7.
}
AddionalAngleFields ::= SEQUENCE {
   -- azimuth angle, 0 - 348.75 deg (= 0 - 31 with 11.25 deg resolution)
                             INTEGER (0..31),
   azimuth
    -- elevation angle, 0 - 78.75 deg (= 0 - 7 with 11.25 deg resolution)
    elevation
                             INTEGER (0..7)
}
-- Real-Time Integrity
-- number of bad satellites can be read from this element
SeqOf-BadSatelliteSet ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF SatelliteID
-- Extension Elements
-- Release 98 Extensions here
Rel98-MsrPosition-Req-Extension ::= SEQUENCE {
   rel98-Ext-ExpOTD
                                 Rel98-Ext-ExpOTD
                                                           OPTIONAL, -- ExpectedOTD extension
 gpsTimeAssistanceMeasurementRequest NULL OPTIONAL,
 gpsReferenceTimeUncertainty GPSReferenceTimeUncertainty OPTIONAL
-- Further R98 extensions here
Rel98-AssistanceData-Extension ::= SEQUENCE {
  rel98-Ext-ExpOTD
                                 Rel98-Ext-ExpOTD
                                                          OPTIONAL, -- ExpectedOTD extension
 gpsTimeAssistanceMeasurementRequest NULL OPTIONAL,
 gpsReferenceTimeUncertainty GPSReferenceTimeUncertainty OPTIONAL
-- Further R98 extensions here
}
 - Release 98 ExpOTD extension
Rel98-Ext-ExpOTD ::= SEQUENCE {
-- If MsrAssistBTS is included in message, msrAssistData-R98-ExpOTD shall be included.
   msrAssistData-R98-ExpOTD
                                          MsrAssistData-R98-ExpOTD
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
-- If SystemInfoAssistaData is included in message, systemInfoAssistData-R98-ExpOTD shall be
-- included.
    systemInfoAssistData-R98-ExpOTD SystemInfoAssistData-R98-ExpOTD OPTIONAL
}
-- MsrAssistData R98 extension
MsrAssistData-R98-ExpOTD ::= SEQUENCE {
                                            SeqOfMsrAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD
     msrAssistList-R98-ExpOTD
}
```

-- Indexes in SeqOfMsrAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD refer to SeqOfMsrAssistBTS -- If the index exceeds the SegOfMsrAssistBTS range or if there is other -- inconsistencies between the BTS indices, the MS shall apply protocol -- error cause incorrectData SeqOfMsrAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..15)) OF MsrAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD -- This element completes MsrAssistBTS IE MsrAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD ::= SEQUENCE { expectedOTD ExpectedOTD, expOTDUncertainty ExpOTDUncertainty } -- SystemInfoAssistData R98 extension SystemInfoAssistData-R98-ExpOTD ::= SEQUENCE { systemInfoAssistListR98-ExpOTD SeqOfSystemInfoAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD } -- SeqOfSystemInfoAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD index refer to SeqOfSystemInfoAssistBTS -- If the index exceeds the SeqOfSystemInfoAssistBTS range or if there is other -- inconsistencies between the BTS indices, the MS shall apply protocol -- error cause incorrectData SeqOfSystemInfoAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..32)) OF SystemInfoAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD -- whether n.th is present or not ? SystemInfoAssistBTS-R98-ExpOTD ::= CHOICE { notPresent NULL, present AssistBTSData-R98-ExpOTD } -- This element completes AssistBTSData IE AssistBTSData-R98-ExpOTD ::= SEQUENCE { expectedOTD ExpectedOTD, expOTDuncertainty ExpOTDUncertainty -- Uncertainty of expected OTD } -- Expected OTD value between nbor base station and reference BTS -- at MS's current estimated location. ExpectedOTD ::= INTEGER (0..1250) -- The ExpectedOTD value 1250 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and -- shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0. -- Uncertainty of Exptected OTD in bits ExpOTDUncertainty ::= INTEGER(0..7) -- Release 98 extensions GPSReferenceTimeUncertainty ::= INTEGER (0 .. 127) -- Coding according to Annex GPSTimeAssistanceMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE { -- MSB of frame number -- in units of 100ns, for MS based AGPS -- for MS assisted AGPS referenceFrameMSB INTEGER (0 .. 63) OPTIONAL, gpsTowSubms INTEGER (0 .. 9999) OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, deltaTow INTEGER (0 .. 127) gpsReferenceTimeUncertainty GPSReferenceTimeUncertainty OPTIONAL } Rel-98-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension ::= SEQUENCE { -- First extension to Release 98 rel-98-Ext-MeasureInfo SEQUENCE { otd-MeasureInfo-R98-Ext OTD-MeasureInfo-R98-Ext OPTIONAL }, ${\tt timeAssistanceMeasurements}\ {\tt GPSTimeAssistanceMeasurements}\ {\tt OPTIONAL}$ -- Further R98 extensions here } -- This is an addition to OTD-MeasureInfo element defined in original message, -- If OTD-MeasureInfo is absent, or if one or more OTD-MsrElementRest are present -- OTD-MeasureInfo-R98-Ext shall be absent. -- OTD-MeasureInfo-R98-Ext OTD-MeasureInfo-R98-Ext ::= SEQUENCE { -- Measurement info elements otdMsrFirstSets-R98-Ext OTD-MsrElementFirst-R98-Ext }

```
-- OTD measurement information Ext for the first set only
OTD-MsrElementFirst-R98-Ext ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- additional measured neighbors in OTD measurements
    otd-FirstSetMsrs-R98-Ext
                             SeqOfOTD-FirstSetMsrs-R98-Ext OPTIONAL
SeqOfOTD-FirstSetMsrs-R98-Ext ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..5)) OF OTD-FirstSetMsrs
Rel-5-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension ::= SEQUENCE {
    extended-reference Extended-reference OPTIONAL,
    -- The extended-reference shall be included by the MS if and only if previously
    -- received from the SMLC in a Measure Position Request. When included, the value sent
    -- by the MS shall equal the value received from the SMLC.
    -- extension to Release 5, for RRLP pseudo-segmentation here
   otd-MeasureInfo-5-Ext OTD-MeasureInfo-5-Ext OPTIONAL,
   ulPseudoSegInd
                           UlPseudoSegInd
                                                   OPTIONAL,
                                                                -- Included when uplink RRLP
    -- Pseudo-segmentation is used, not included when no uplink pseudo-segmentation is used
    . . .
                   -- Possibly more extensions for Release 5 here later
}
Extended-reference ::= SEQUENCE {
   smlc-codeINTEGER (0..63),transaction-IDINTEGER (0..262143)
}
OTD-MeasureInfo-5-Ext ::= SeqOfOTD-MsrElementRest
    -- if more than one measurement sets are present this element is repeated
    -- NumberOfSets - 1 (-1 = first set) combined in OTD-MeasureInfo-5-Ext and
    -- OTD-MeasureInfo (e.g. if NumberOfSets is 3, then one otdMsrRestSets may
    -- be sent in OTD-MeasureInfo-5-Ext and one in OTD-MeasureInfo)
-- First part of Uplink RRLP Pseudo-segmentation indication, possibly more may be defined
-- in the future for segmentation with more than two segments.
UlPseudoSegInd ::= ENUMERATED {
   firstOfMany (0),
    secondOfMany(1)
}
Rel5-MsrPosition-Req-Extension ::= SEQUENCE {
   extended-reference
                               Extended-reference,
    -- Possibly more extensions for Release 5 here later
}
Rel5-AssistanceData-Extension ::= SEQUENCE {
   extended-reference
                              Extended-reference,
-- Possibly more extensions for Release 5 here later
}
Rel-5-ProtocolError-Extension::= SEQUENCE {
   extended-reference Extended-reference OPTIONAL,
    -- The extended-reference shall be included by the MS if and only if previously
    -- received from the SMLC.
    -- When included, the value sent by the MS shall equal the value received from the SMLC.
   -- Possibly more extensions for Release 5 here later
}
-- Release 7 Extensions here
Rel7-MsrPosition-Req-Extension ::= SEQUENCE {
   velocityRequested
                                                    NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                GANSSPositioningMethod
   ganssPositionMethod
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                   GANSS-AssistData
   ganss-AssistData
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   ganssCarrierPhaseMeasurementRequest
                                                    NULL
                                                                            OPTIONAL,
   ganssTODGSMTimeAssociationMeasurementRequest
                                                   NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL.
                                                    RequiredResponseTime
   requiredResponseTime
                                                                           OPTIONAL.
                                                   Add-GPS-AssistData
   add-GPS-AssistData
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   ganssMultiFreqMeasurementRequest
                                                   NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
    -- Further Release 7 extentions here
}
```

```
-- additional satellite systems may be added in future versions of the protocol
GANSSPositioningMethod ::= BIT STRING {
    gps (0),
    galileo (1) } (SIZE (2..16))
GANSS-AssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
    ganss-controlHeader GANSS-ControlHeader
GANSS-ControlHeader ::= SEQUENCE {
ganssCommonAssistData GANSSCommonAssistData OPTIONAL,
 ganssGenericAssistDataList SeqOfGANSSGenericAssistDataElement OPTIONAL
}
-- GANSS Common Assistance Data Elements
GANSSCommonAssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                         OPTIONAL,
    ganssReferenceTime GANSSReferenceTime
    ganssIonosphericModel GANSSIonosphericMod
                                                               OPTIONAL,
                                  GANSSIonosphericModel
                                                               OPTIONAL,
}
-- List of GANSS Generic Assistance Data Elements, up to 8 GANSS
SeqOfGANSSGenericAssistDataElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF GANSSGenericAssistDataElement
-- GANSS Generic Assistance Data Elements
GANSSGenericAssistDataElement ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                                  OPTIONAL, -- Coding according to Annex
    ganssID INTEGER (0..7)
    ganssTimeModel
                                  SeqOfGANSSTimeModel
                                                                OPTIONAL,
    gansslimeModelSequestimeHodelOPTIONAL,ganssDiffCorrectionsGANSSDiffCorrectionsOPTIONAL,ganssNavigationModelGANSSNavModelOPTIONAL,ganssRealTimeIntegrityGANSSDataBitAssistOPTIONAL,ganssDataBitAssistGANSSDataBitAssistOPTIONAL,
    ganssRefMeasurementAssist GANSSRefMeasurementAssist OPTIONAL,
    ganssAlmanacModel GANSSAlmanacModel
ganssUTCModel GANSSUTCModel
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
    ganssUTCModel
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
    ganssEphemerisExtension GANSSEphemerisExtension OPTIONAL,
ganssEphemerisExtCheck GANSSEphemerisExtensionCheck OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
-- GANSS COMMON ASSISTANCE DATA ELEMENTS
-- GANSS Reference Time IE
GANSSReferenceTime ::= SEQUENCE {
    ganssRefTimeInfo
                                    GANSSRefTimeInfo,
    ganssTOD-GSMTimeAssociation GANSSTOD-GSMTimeAssociation OPTIONAL
}
-- GANSS Reference Time includes GANSS TOD, GANSS Day, uncertainty
GANSSRefTimeInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
                           INTEGER(0 .. 8191) OPTIONAL,
   ganssDay
 ganssTOD GANSSTOD,
   ganssTODUncertainty GANSSTODUncertainty OPTIONAL,
 ganssTimeID INTEGER (0 .. 7) OPTIONAL
}
-- GANSS TOD integer seconds
GANSSTOD ::= INTEGER (0 .. 86399)
-- GANSS TOD uncertainty
GANSSTODUncertainty ::= INTEGER (0 .. 127) -- Coding according to Annex
 - GANSS TOD-GSM Time association
GANSSTOD-GSMTimeAssociation ::= SEQUENCE {
                                      -- BCCH carrier
    bcchCarrier BCCHCarrier,
    bsic
                     BSIC,
    frameNumber FrameNumber,
timeSlot TimeSlot,
bitNumber BitNumber,
 frameDrift FrameDrift OPTIONAL
}
-- Frame drift
FrameDrift ::= INTEGER(-64 .. 63)
```

```
-- GANSS Reference Location IE
GANSSRefLocation ::= SEQUENCE {
                            Ext-GeographicalInformation
    threeDLocation
}
-- GANSS Ionospheric Model IE
-- GANSS Ionospheric Model consists of NeQuick model parameters and storm flags
GANSSIonosphericModel ::= SEQUENCE {
ganssIonoModel GANSSIonosphereModel,
ganssIonoStormFlags GANSSIonoStormFlags OPTIONAL,
 . . .
}
-- GANSS ionosphere model. Coding according to Annex
GANSSIonosphereModel ::= SEQUENCE {
ai0 INTEGER (0 .. 4095),
ail INTEGER (0 .. 4095),
ai2 INTEGER (0 .. 4095)
}
-- GANSS ionosphere storm flags
GANSSIOnoStormFlags ::= SEQUENCE {
   ionoStormFlag1 INTEGER (0 .. 1),
ionoStormFlag2 INTEGER (0 .. 1),
    ionoStormFlag3 INTEGER (0 .. 1),
ionoStormFlag4 INTEGER (0 .. 1),
   ionoStormFlag5 INTEGER (0 .. 1)
}
-- GANSS GENERIC ASSISTANCE DATA ELEMENTS
-- GANSS Time Model IE consists of time offset and first and second order parameters to relate GNSS
-- specific system time to selected time reference
SeqOfGANSSTimeModel ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..7)) OF GANSSTimeModelElement
GANSSTimeModelElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   ganssTimeModelRefTime
                              INTEGER(0 .. 65535),
             TAO,
    tA0
    tA1
             TA1 OPTIONAL,
           TA2 OPTIONAL,
    tA2
gnssTOID INTEGER (0 .. 7),
weekNumber INTEGER (0 .. 8191) OPTIONAL
}
-- GANSS time model parameter A0
TA0 ::= INTEGER (-2147483648 .. 2147483647)
-- GANSS time model parameter A1
TA1 ::= INTEGER (-8388608 .. 8388607)
-- GANSS time model parameter A2
TA2 ::= INTEGER (-64 .. 63)
 - DGANSS Corrections IE
GANSSDiffCorrections ::= SEQUENCE {
                        INTEGER (0 .. 119), -- DGANSS reference time
   dganssRefTime
    -- N SGN TYPE can be read from number of elements of sgnTypeList
    sgnTypeList
                   SeqOfSgnTypeElement
}
SeqOfSgnTypeElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3)) OF SgnTypeElement -- max three signals per GNSS
-- DGANSS signal type element, once per GNSS signal type included in DGANSS
SgnTypeElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   ganssSignalID
                        GANSSSignalID, -- signal type identity
ganssStatusHealth INTEGER (0 .. 7),
   -- N SGN can be read from number of elements of dganssSgnList
dganssSgnList SeqOfDGANSSSgnElement
}
GANSSSignalID ::= INTEGER (0 .. 7) -- Coding according to Annex
SeqOfDGANSSSgnElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF DGANSSSgnElement
-- number of correction for signals
DGANSSSqnElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    svID
                SVID, -- Satellite identity
```

```
--- Sequence number for GANSS Navigation Model that matches the DGANSS correction set
                       INTEGER (0 .. 1023),
    iod
    -- User Differential Range Error
                       INTEGER (0..3),
    udre
    -- Pseudo Range Correction, range is
    -- -655.04 - +655.04,
    pseudoRangeCor INTEGER (-2047..2047),
    -- Pseudo Range Rate Correction, range is
    -- -4.064 - +4.064,
    rangeRateCor INTEGER (-127..127)
}
SVID ::= INTEGER (0 .. 63) -- Coding according to Annex
-- GANSS Navigation Model IE
GANSSNavModel ::= SEQUENCE {
nonBroadcastIndFlag INTEGER (0 .. 1),
    ganssSatelliteList SeqOfGANSSSatelliteElement
}
SeqOfGANSSSatelliteElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..32)) OF GANSSSatelliteElement
GANSSSatelliteElement ::= SEQUENCE {
svID SVID,
 svHealth BIT STRING (SIZE(5)), -- Coding according to Annex
iod INTEGER (0 .. 1023), -- Coding according to Annex
 ganssClockModel GANSSClockModel,
ganssOrbitModel GANSSOrbitModel
 . . .
}
-- GANSS orbit model for the GNSS satellite according to the choice
GANSSOrbitModel ::= CHOICE {
  keplerianSet
                       NavModel-KeplerianSet,
}
 - Navigation model in Keplerian parameters
NavModel-KeplerianSet ::= SEQUENCE {
keplerToe INTEGER (0 .. 16383),
    keplerW INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),
keplerDeltaN INTEGER (-32768..32767),
keplerM0 INTEGER (-32768..32767),
    keplerM0 INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),
keplerOmegaDot INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),
    keplerE INTEGER (0..4294967295),
keplerIDot INTEGER (
                        INTEGER (-8192..8191)
    keplerAPowerHalf INTEGER (0.. 4294967295),
                        INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),
    keplerI0
    keplerOmega0 INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),

        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        keplerCus
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        keplerCrc
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        keplerCic
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

        keplerCuc
        INTEGER (-32768..32767),

}
-- GANSS clock model for the GNSS satellite according to the choice
GANSSClockModel ::= CHOICE {
   standardClockModelList
                                  SeqOfStandardClockModelElement,
}
SeqOfStandardClockModelElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..2)) OF StandardClockModelElement
StandardClockModelElement ::= SEQUENCE {
 stanClockToc INTEGER (0 .. 16383),
 stanClockAF2 INTEGER (-2048 .. 2047),
 stanClockAF1 INTEGER (-131072 .. 131071),
 stanClockAF0 INTEGER (-134217728 .. 134217727),
 stanClockTgd INTEGER (-512 .. 511) OPTIONAL,
 stanModelID INTEGER (0 .. 1) OPTIONAL,
 . . .
}
```

```
-- GANSS Real-Time Integrity IE
GANSSRealTimeIntegrity ::= SEQUENCE {
-- list of satellites with bad signals
-- NBS can be read from number of elements in SeqOf-BadSignalSet
ganssBadSignalList SeqOfBadSignalElement
}
SeqOfBadSignalElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF BadSignalElement
BadSignalElement ::= SEQUENCE {
badSVID SVID, -- Coding according to Annex
badSignalID GANSSSignals OPTIONAL -- Coding according to Annex
}
-- GANSS Data Bit Assistance IE
GANSSDataBitAssist ::= SEQUENCE {
   ganssTOD
                                INTEGER (0 .. 59),
    -- N_SAT can be read from number of elements in SeqOfGanssDataBitsElement
   ganssDataBitsSatList
                              SeqOfGanssDataBitsElement,
    . . .
}
SeqOfGanssDataBitsElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 32))OF GanssDataBitsElement
GanssDataBitsElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   svID
                            SVID,
    -- N_SGN can be read from number of elements in Seq-OfGANSSDataBitsSgn
   ganssDataBitsSgnList
                           Seq-OfGANSSDataBitsSgn,
    . . .
}
Seq-OfGANSSDataBitsSgn ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF GANSSDataBitsSgnElement
GANSSDataBitsSgnElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   ganssSignalType GANSSSignalID,
    -- N BIT can be read from number of elements in SeqOf-DataBits
   ganssDataBits
                       SeqOf-GANSSDataBits,
}
SeqOf-GANSSDataBits ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 1024)) OF GANSSDataBit
GANSSDataBit ::= INTEGER(0 .. 1)
-- GANSS Reference Measurement Assistance IE
-- Code and Doppler assistance from the network.
GANSSRefMeasurementAssist ::= SEQUENCE {
                           GANSSSignalID,
   ganssSignalID
                                            -- Coding according to Annex
    ganssRefMeasAssistList SeqOfGANSSRefMeasurementElement
}
SeqOfGANSSRefMeasurementElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 16)) OF GANSSRefMeasurementElement
GANSSRefMeasurementElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    svID
                            SVID,
    -- Doppler Oth order term,
    -- -1024 m/s to 1023.5 m/s with 0.5 m/s resolution)
   doppler0
                           INTEGER (-2048 .. 2047),
                                                                        -- Coding according to Annex
   additionalDoppler
                           AdditionalDopplerFields
                                                           OPTIONAL,
                 INTEGER (0 .. 1022),
INTEGER (0 127)
    codePhase
                                                                        -- Code Phase in ms
                           INTEGER (0 .. 127),
                                                                        -- Integer Code Phase in ms
    intCodePhase
   codePhaseSearchWindow INTEGER (0 .. 31),
                                                           -- Code Phase Search Window, see Annex
   additionalAngle
                           AddionalAngleFields
                                                            OPTIONAL,
}
AdditionalDopplerFields ::= SEQUENCE {
   -- Doppler 1st order term, -0.2 - +0.1 m/s2
    -- ( = -42 + (0 \text{ to } 63) \text{ with } 1/210 \text{ m/s2 resolution})
                        INTEGER (0..63),
   doppler1
   dopplerUncertainty
                           INTEGER (0..4)
}
```

-- GANSS Almanac Model IE GANSSAlmanacModel ::= SEQUENCE { weekNumber INTEGER (0 .. 255), toa INTEGER (0 .. 255) OPTIONAL, INTEGER (0 .. 3) ioda OPTIONAL, ganssAlmanacList SeqOfGANSSAlmanacElement } SeqOfGANSSAlmanacElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 36)) OF GANSSAlmanacElement -- GANSS Almanac Model GANSSAlmanacElement ::= CHOICE { keplerianAlmanacSet Almanac-KeplerianSet, . . . } -- Almanac parameters according to Keplerian parameters Almanac-KeplerianSet ::= SEQUENCE { svID SVID, kepAlmanacEINTEGER (U .. 2011),kepAlmanacDeltaIINTEGER (-1024 .. 1023),kepAlmanacOmegaDotINTEGER (-1024 .. 1023),kepSVHealthINTEGER (0 .. 15),
 Repsyneaith
 INTEGER
 (0 .. 15),

 kepAlmanacAPowerHalf
 INTEGER
 (-65536 .. 65535),

 kepAlmanacOmega0
 INTEGER
 (-32768 .. 32767),

 kepAlmanacW
 INTEGER
 (-32768 .. 32767),

 kepAlmanacM0
 INTEGER
 (-32768 .. 32767),

 kepAlmanacM0
 INTEGER
 (-32768 .. 32767),

 kepAlmanacAF0
 INTEGER
 (-8192 .. 8191),

 kepAlmanacAF1
 INTEGER
 (-1024..1023)
 -- Coding according to Annex } -- GANSS Universal Time Coordinate Model GANSSUTCModel ::= SEQUENCE {
 INTEGER
 (-8388608..8388607),

 ganssUtcA0
 INTEGER
 (-2147483648..2147483647),

 ganssUtcTot
 INTEGER
 (0..255),

 ganssUtcDeltaTls
 INTEGER
 (0..255),

 ganssUtcDeltaTls
 INTEGER
 (-128..127),

 ganssUtcDN
 INTEGER
 (0..255),
 ganssUtcDeltaTlsf INTEGER (-128..127) } --GANSS Ephemeris Extension GANSSEphemerisExtension ::= SEQUENCE { ganssEphemerisHeader GANSSEphemerisExtensionHeader OPTIONAL. ganssReferenceSet SeqOfGANSSRefOrbit OPTIONAL, ganssephemerisDeltasMatrix GANSSEphemerisDeltaMatrix OPTIONAL, . . . } -- The ganssEphemerisHeader and the ganssReferenceSet are mandatory only once in the delivery of the -- GANSS Ephemeris Extension. The ganssReferenceSet shall include all healthy satellite vehicles -- at the time of message construction. GANSSEphemerisExtensionHeader ::= SEQUENCE { timeAtEstimation GANSSEphemerisExtensionTime, validityPeriod INTEGER(1..8), -- The validity period, represented in hours, is the validity period of each individual ephemeris -- delta payload ephemerisExtensionDuration INTEGER(1..512), -- If the ephemerisExtensionDuration does not match the request duration made by the MS, the MS $\ensuremath{\text{--}}$ should regard the provided ephemerisExtensionDuration as the limit of the SMLC ephemeris -- extension capability at this time. . . . } GANSSEphemerisExtensionTime ::= SEQUENCE { ganssEphExtDay INTEGER(0..8191), ganssEphExtTOD GANSSTOD, }

```
-- Reference Nav Model for Ephepmeris Extension
ReferenceNavModel ::= SEQUENCE {

      INTEGER (0..37799),

      keplerW
      INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),

      keplerDeltaN
      INTEGER (-32768..32767),

      keplerM0
      INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),

      keplerM0
      INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),

      keplerOmegaDot
      INTEGER (-8388608..8388607),

      keplerE
      INTEGER (0..4294967295),

      keplerDot
      INTEGER (-8192 2101)

      keplerE
      INIEGER (0...22750.225,)

      keplerIDot
      INTEGER (-8192..8191),

      keplerAPowerHalf
      INTEGER (0...4294967295),

      keplerI0
      INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),

      keplerOmega0
      INTEGER (-2147483648..2147483647),

      keplerCrs
      INTEGER (-32768..32767),

     keplerCrs
                              INTEGER (-32768..32767),
     keplerCis
                               INTEGER (-32768..32767),
INTEGER (-32768..32767),
     keplerCus
keplerCrc
     keplerCic
keplerCuc
                              INTEGER (-32768..32767),
INTEGER (-32768..32767)
}
SeqOfGANSSRefOrbit ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..32)) OF GANSSReferenceOrbit
--The number of reference orbits can be read from number of elements in this sequence
GANSSReferenceOrbit ::= SEQUENCE {
                                SVID,
     svID
     ganssOrbitModel
                                 ReferenceNavModel,
     ganssClockModel
                               GANSSClockModel,
...
}
GANSSEphemerisDeltaMatrix ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 128)) OF GANSSEphemerisDeltaEpoch
GANSSEphemerisDeltaEpoch ::= SEQUENCE {
     ganssDeltaEpochHeader GANSSDeltaEpochHeader ganssDeltaElementList GANSSDeltaElementList,
                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
}
-- Each GANSSDeltaEpoch element contains a header and the delta values for a particular time window
-- for all PRN"s.
GANSSDeltaEpochHeader ::= SEQUENCE {
     validityPeriod INTEGER(1..8)
ephemerisDeltaSizes GANSSEphemeric
     validityPeriod
                                                                                         OPTTONAL.
                                            GANSSEphemerisDeltaBitSizes
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
     ephemerisDeltaScales
                                           GANSSEphemerisDeltaScales
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
. . .
}
-- In each of the GANSSDeltaEpochs, if the optional element, validityPeriod is not included, the
-- value in GANSSEphemerisExtensionHeader shall be used. If the optional elements
-- ephemerisDeltaSizes or ephemerisDeltaScales are not included, then the default ephemeris delta
-- sizes and scales shall be used. The default sizes and scales are found in the annex in the
-- table 55.11.
GANSSDeltaElementList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 32)) OF OCTET STRING(SIZE (1..49))
-- Each octet string element in GANSSDeltaElementList corresponds to one PRN within one epoch
-- Table 55.11 of the annex shows the organization of the delta ephemeris octet string.
-- Decoding of each of the octet strings is accomplished by consulting the ephemerisDeltaSizes
-- table to learn the length and order of each of the parameters in the ephemerisDelta payload.
-- Post decode scaling is accomplished by consulting the ephemerisDeltaScales table to learn the
-- scale factors to apply to the terms in the delta ephemeris.
```

```
-- Ephemeris Delta Bit Sizes.
GANSSEphemerisDeltaBitSizes ::= SEQUENCE {
-- This structure defines the order and sizes of the fields in the GANSSDeltaEpoch octet string
-- seqNum and svID are the first two elements of each GANSS Ephemeris Delta Element Structure
-- seqNum is always 7 bits, and svID is always 6 bits long and are thus not included in
-- the GANSSEphemerisDeltaBitSizes table. The value of seqNum indicates the GANSSDeltaEpoch number
-- The Ephemeris delta element payload mimics the bitsize table, but also includes the svID and
-- seqNum as the first two elements (in that order), in each block.
    bitsize-delta-omegaINTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-deltaNINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-m0INTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-omegadotINTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-eINTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-idotINTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-sqrtAINTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-i0INTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-i0INTEGER(1..32),
     bitsize-delta-sqrtAINTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-i0INTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-omega0INTEGER(1..32),bitsize-delta-crsINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-cisINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-cusINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-crcINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-crcINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-crcINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-cucINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-cucINTEGER(1..16),bitsize-delta-tgd1INTEGER(1..10),bitsize-delta-tgd2INTEGER(1..10),
;
GANSSEphemerisDeltaScales ::= SEQUENCE {
      scale-delta-omegaINTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-deltaNINTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-m0INTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-omegadotINTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-eINTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-eINTEGER(-16..15),
      scale-delta-idot
                                            INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
                                         INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
INTEGER(-16..15),
      scale-delta-sqrtA
      scale-delta-i0
      scale-delta-omega0
     scale-delta-crs
scale-delta-cis
     scale-delta-cus
scale-delta-crc
      scale-delta-cic
      scale-delta-cuc
      scale-delta-tgd1
      scale-delta-tgd2
                                                  INTEGER(-16..15),
}
-- GANSS Ephemeris Extension Check
GANSSEphemerisExtensionCheck ::= SEQUENCE {
      ganssBeginTime GANSSEphemerisExtensionTime,
ganssEndTime GANSSEphemerisExtensionTime,
      ganssSatEventsInfo GANSSSatEventsInfo,
...
}
GANSSSatEventsInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
      eventOccured BIT STRING (SIZE (64)),
futureEventNoted BIT STRING (SIZE (64)),
}
-- If a bit is clear in the eventOccured field it indicates that no known errors have occured
-- between the current time and the ganssBeginTime nor is a maneuver planned for the next sixty
-- minutes.
-- If a bit is set in the futureEventNoted field it indicates that a maneuver is planned during the
-- time period between current time plus sixty minutes and the ganssEndTime
--Required Measurement Request Response Time, range is 1 to 128 seconds.
```

```
RequiredResponseTime ::= INTEGER (1..128)
```

```
-- Control header for additional GPS assistance data
Add-GPS-AssistData ::= SEQUENCE {
    add-GPS-controlHeader Add-GPS-ControlHeader
}
Add-GPS-ControlHeader ::= SEQUENCE {
    gpsEphemerisExtension
                                     GPSEphemerisExtension
                                                                     OPTIONAL.
                                GPSEphemerisExtension
GPSEphemerisExtensionCheck
    gpsEphemerisExtensionCheck
                                                                     OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
GPSClockModel ::= SEQUENCE {
         INTEGER (-128..127),
INTEGER (-32768..32767),
    af2
    af1
            INTEGER (-2097152..2097151),
    af0
    tgd
           INTEGER (-128..127)
}
--GPS Ephemeris Extension
GPSEphemerisExtension ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                                        OPTIONAL,
   gpsEphemerisHeader GPSEphemerisExtensionHeader
                               SeqOfGPSRefOrbit
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    gpsReferenceSet
    gpsephemerisDeltaMatrix GPSEphemerisDeltaMatrix
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
}
-- The gpsEphemerisHeader and the gpsReferenceSet are mandatory only once in the delivery of the
-- GPS Ephemeris Extension. The gpsReferenceSet shall include all healthy satellite vehicles at the
-- time of message construction
-- The SMLC is required to deliver the gpsReferenceSet for all healthy satellite vehicles
-- at the time of message construction.
GPSEphemerisExtensionHeader ::= SEQUENCE {
   timeofEstimation GPSEphemerisExtensionTime,
    validityPeriod
                                INTEGER(1..8),
-- The validity period, represented in hours is the validity period of each individual ephemeris
-- delta payload
    ephemerisExtensionDuration INTEGER(1..512),
-- If the ephemerisExtensionDuration does not match the request duration made by the MS, the MS
-- should regard the provided ephemerisExtensionDuration as the limit of the SMLC ephemeris
-- extension capability at this time.
...
}
GPSEphemerisExtensionTime ::= SEQUENCE {
    gpsWeek GPSWeek,
                        INTEGER (0..604799),
    gpsTOW
· · · 
}
SeqOfGPSRefOrbit ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..32)) OF GPSReferenceOrbit
--The number of reference orbits can be read from number of elements in this sequence
GPSReferenceOrbit ::= SEQUENCE {
                      SVID,
    svID
    gpsOrbitModel
                        ReferenceNavModel,
    gpsClockModel
                       GPSClockModel,
· · · ·
}
GPSEphemerisDeltaMatrix ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 128)) OF GPSEphemerisDeltaEpoch
GPSEphemerisDeltaEpoch ::= SEQUENCE {
    gpsDeltaEpochHeader GPSDeltaEpochHeader gpsDeltaElementList GPSDeltaElementList,
                                                           OPTIONAL,
. . .
}
-- Each GPSDeltaEpoch element contains a header and the delta values for a particular time window
-- for all PRN"s.
```

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GPSDeltaEpochHeader ::= SEQUENCE { INTEGER(1..8) OPTIONAL, GPSEphemerisDeltaBitSizes OPTIONAL, validityPeriod ephemerisDeltaSizes ephemerisDeltaScales GPSEphemerisDeltaScales OPTIONAL, · · · · } -- In each of the GPSDeltaEpochs, if the optional element validityPeriod is not included, -- the value in GPSEphemerisExtensionHeader shall be used. if the optional elements -- ephemerisDeltaSizes or ephemerisDeltaScales are not included, then the default ephemeris delta -- sizes and scales shall be used. The default sizes and scales are found in the annex in section -- A.29.m GPSDeltaElementList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1 .. 32)) OF OCTET STRING(SIZE (1..47)) -- Each octet string element in GPSDeltaElementList corresponds to one PRN within one epoch -- Table A.29.m of the annex shows the organization of the delta ephemeris octet string. -- Decoding of each of the octet strings is accomplished by consulting the ephemerisDeltaSizes -- table to learn the length and order of each of the parameters in the ephemerisDelta payload -- Post decode scaling is accomplished by consulting the ephemerisDeltaScales table to learn the. -- scale factors to apply to the terms in the delta ephemeris -- Ephemeris Delta Bit Sizes. GPSEphemerisDeltaBitSizes ::= SEQUENCE { -- This structure defines the order and sizes of the fields in the GPSsDeltaEpoch octet string -- seqNum and svID are the first two elements of each GPS Ephemeris Delta Element Structure -- seqNum is always 7 bits, and svID is always 5 bits long and are thus not included in -- the GPSEphemerisDeltaBitSizes table. seqNum indicates the GPSDeltaEpoch number. -- The Ephemeris delta element payload mimics the bitsize table, but also includes the svID and -- seqNum as the first two elements (in that order), in each block. INTEGER(1..32), bitsize-delta-omega INTEGER (1...16), bitsize-delta-deltaN bitsize-delta-m0 INTEGER(1..32), bitsize-delta-omegadot INTEGER(1..24), bitsize-delta-e bitsize-delta-idot INTEGER(1..32), INTEGER(1..14), INTEGER(1..32), bitsize-delta-sqrtA bitsize-delta-i0 INTEGER(1..32), INTEGER(1..32), bitsize-delta-omega0 bitsize-delta-crs bitsize-delta-cis INTEGER(1..16), INTEGER(1..16), bitsize-delta-cus INTEGER(1..16), bitsize-delta-crc bitsize-delta-cic INTEGER(1..16), INTEGER(1..16), bitsize-delta-cuc INTEGER(1..16), bitsize-delta-tgd INTEGER(1..10), } GPSEphemerisDeltaScales ::= SEQUENCE { scale-delta-omegaINTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-deltaNINTEGER(-16..15), scale-delta-m0INTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-omegadotINTEGER(-16..15),scale-delta-eINTEGER(-16..15), scale-delta-idot INTEGER(-16..15), INTEGER(-16..15), scale-delta-sqrtA INTEGER(-16..15), INTEGER(-16..15), INTEGER(-16..15), scale-delta-i0 scale-delta-omega0 scale-delta-crs scale-delta-cis INTEGER(-16..15), INTEGER(-16..15), scale-delta-cus INTEGER(-16..15), scale-delta-crc INTEGER(-16..15), INTEGER(-16..15), scale-delta-cic scale-delta-cuc scale-delta-tgd INTEGER(-16..15), }

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```
GPSEphemerisExtensionCheck ::= SEQUENCE {
    qpsBeginTime
                           GPSEphemerisExtensionTime,
    gpsEndTime
                           GPSEphemerisExtensionTime,
    gpsSatEventsInfo
                           GPSSatEventsInfo,
· · · ·
}
GPSSatEventsInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    eventOccured BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
    futureEventNoted BIT STRING (SIZE (32)),
}
-- If a bit is clear in the eventOccured field it indicates that no known errors have occured since
-- the gpsBeginTime nor is a maneuver planned for the next sixty minutes.
-- If a bit is set in the futureEventNoted field it indicates that a maneuver is planned during the
-- time period between current time plus sixty minutes and gpsEndTime
Rel-7-MsrPosition-Rsp-Extension ::= SEQUENCE {
                   VelocityEstimate OPTIONAL,
   velEstimate
 -- Horizontal Velocity
 -- Horizontal with Vertical Velocity
 -- Horizontal Velocity with Uncertainty
 -- Horizontal with Vertical Velocity and Uncertainty
 ganssLocationInfo GANSSLocationInfo OPTIONAL,
 ganssMeasureInfo GANSSMeasureInfo OPTIONAL,
-- Further Release 7 extensions here
}
-- GANSS Location Information contains location estimate, time stamp with uncertainty
-- and optionally Reference Frame field
GANSSLocationInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
 referenceFrame ReferenceFrame OPTIONAL, -- Reference Frame Number
 ganssTODm GANSSTODm OPTIONAL, -- GNSS TOD modulo
 ganssTODFrac INTEGER (0 .. 16384) OPTIONAL, -- Coding according to Annex
   ganssTODUncertainty GANSSTODUncertainty OPTIONAL, -- Coding according to Annex
 ganssTimeID INTEGER (0 .. 7) OPTIONAL, -- Coding according to Annex
                    FixType,
    fixType
 posData PositionData,
 stationaryIndication INTEGER(0 .. 1) OPTIONAL, -- "0" if moving or motion not known
   -- Possible shapes carried in posEstimate are
    -- ellipsoid point,
    -- ellipsoid point with uncertainty circle
    -- ellipsoid point with uncertainty ellipse
    -- ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid
   posEstimate
                    Ext-GeographicalInformation,
}
PositionData ::= BIT STRING {
 e-otd(0),
   gps (1),
   galileo (2) } (SIZE (3..16))
-- GANSS TOD modulo 1 hour
GANSSTODm ::= INTEGER (0 .. 3599999)
ReferenceFrame ::= SEQUENCE {
referenceFN INTEGER (0 .. 65535),
    -- Note that applicable range for referenceFN is 0 - 42431
 referenceFNMSB INTEGER (0 .. 63) OPTIONAL -- MSB of Reference Frame Number
}
-- GANSS Measurement Information
GANSSMeasureInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    -- Measurement info elements
ganssMsrSetList SeqOfGANSS-MsrSetElement
SeqOfGANSS-MsrSetElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..3)) OF GANSS-MsrSetElement
```

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-- GANSS measurement information 1-3 times in a message GANSS-MsrSetElement ::= SEQUENCE { OPTIONAL, -- Reference Frame Number ReferenceFrame referenceFrame -- if ganssTODm is included, it is the GNSS specific system time of the GANSS reported -- first in ganss-SgnTypeList. If GPS Measurement Information element is not included in -- a Measure Position Response component, this field shall be present. ganssTODm GANSSTODm OPTIONAL, -- GANSS TOD modulo 1 hour INTEGER (0 .. 127) OPTIONAL, deltaGANSSTOD ganssTODUncertainty GANSSTODUncertainty OPTIONAL, -- Coding according to Annex --N GANSS can be read from number of elements of SeqOfGANSS-MsrElement ganss-MsrElementList SegOfGANSS-MsrElement } SeqOfGANSS-MsrElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF GANSS-MsrElement GANSS-MsrElement ::= SEQUENCE { INTEGER (0..7) OPTIONAL, --Absence means Galileo ganssID ganss-SgnTypeList SeqOfGANSS-SgnTypeElement } -- Measurements can be returned up to 8 different signal types -- N_SGN_TYPE can be read from number of elements of SeqOfGANSS-SgnTypeElement -- Reporting of multiple signal types as defined in A.2.2.4g SeqOfGANSS-SqnTypeElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF GANSS-SqnTypeElement GANSS-SgnTypeElement ::= SEQUENCE { GANSSSignalID, -- Coding according to Annex ganssSignalID ganssCodePhaseAmbiguity INTEGER (0 .. 127) OPTIONAL. --N_SGN can be read from number of elements of SeqOfGANSS-SgnElement ganss-SgnList SeqOfGANSS-SgnElement, } -- Up to 16 Measurements can be returned per signal type SeqOfGANSS-SgnElement ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF GANSS-SgnElement GANSS-SgnElement ::= SEQUENCE { svID SVID. cNo INTEGER (0 .. 63), mpathDet MpathIndic, -- Coding according to Annex carrierQualityInd INTEGER (0 .. 3) OPTIONAL, -- Coding according to Annex codePhase INTEGER (0 .. 2097151), integerCodePhase INTEGER (0 .. 127) OPTIONAL, codePhaseRMSError INTEGER (0..63), -- Coding according to Annex INTEGER (-32768 .. 32767) OPTIONAL, doppler INTEGER (0 .. 33554431) adr OPTIONAL } Rel7-AssistanceData-Extension ::= SEQUENCE { GANSS-AssistData ganss-AssistData OPTIONAL. ganssCarrierPhaseMeasurementRequest NULL OPTIONAL, ganssTODGSMTimeAssociationMeasurementRequest NULL OPTIONAL, add-GPS-AssistData Add-GPS-AssistData OPTIONAL, . . . -- Possibly more extensions for Release 7 here }

```
1-7 Positioning Capability parameters here
PosCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
-- nonGANSSpositionMethods shall be included if and only if any
-- of the non-GANSS methods is supported.
   nonGANSSpositionMethods
                               NonGANSSPositionMethods OPTIONAL,
-- gANSSpositionMethods shall be included if and only if any of the GANSS methods is supported.
   gANSSPositionMethods
                               GANSSPositionMethods
                                                        OPTIONAL,
-- multipleMeasurementSets shall be present if and only if 'multiple sets' is supported
-- for any of the positioning methods
                               MultipleMeasurementSets OPTIONAL,
   multipleMeasurementSets
    . . .
}
NonGANSSPositionMethods ::= BIT STRING {
   msAssistedEOTD (0),
   msBasedEOTD
                     (1),
                     (2), -- If this bit is set, gpsAssistance in AssistanceSupported IE
   msAssistedGPS
                          -- shall be present
   msBasedGPS
                     (3), -- If this bit is set, gpsAssistance in AssistanceSupported IE
                          -- shall be present
                     (4) } (SIZE (1..16))
    standaloneGPS
GANSSPositionMethods ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF GANSSPositionMethod
GANSSPositionMethod ::= SEQUENCE {
   ganssID
                                    INTEGER (0..7)
                                                                OPTIONAL, --Absence means Galileo
-- gANSSPositioningMethodTypes may be present for PosCapability-Req
-- and shall be present for PosCapability-Rsp
   gANSSPositioningMethodTypes
                                   GANSSPositioningMethodTypes OPTIONAL,
   gANSSSignals
                                    GANSSSignals,
    . . .
}
GANSSPositioningMethodTypes ::= BIT STRING {
   msAssisted (0), -- If this bit is set, gANSSAssistanceSet in AssistanceSupported IE
                        -- shall be present.
                        -- If this bit is set, gANSSAssistanceSet in AssistanceSupported IE
                (1),
   msBased
                        -- shall be present.
    standalone (2) { (SIZE (1..8))
-- indicates MS support for particular GANSS signals and frequencies
GANSSSignals ::= BIT STRING {
    signal1 (0),
    signal2 (1),
    signal3 (2),
    signal4 (3),
    signal5 (4),
    signal6 (5),
   signal7 (6),
signal8 (7) } (SIZE (1..8))
-- indicates MS support of multiple measurement sets for MS assisted position methods
MultipleMeasurementSets ::= BIT STRING {
             (0),
    eotd
    gps
             (1),
             (2) } (SIZE (1..8))
   ganss
-- indicates MS support of different types of assistance data
AssistanceSupported ::= SEQUENCE \{
   gpsAssistance
                           GPSAssistance
                                                OPTIONAL,
   qANSSAssistanceSet
                            GANSSAssistanceSet OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
```

```
-- GPS assistance data supported
GPSAssistance ::= BIT STRING {
    almanac
                             (0).
    uTCmodel
                             (1),
    ionosphericModel
                             (2),
   navigationmodel
                            (3),
    dGPScorrections
                             (4),
                             (5),
    referenceLocation
    referenceTime
                             (6),
    acquisitionAssistance
                            (7),
    realTimeIntegrity
                            (8),
    ephemerisExtension
                            (9)
    ephemerisExtensionCheck (10) } (SIZE (1..16))
-- GANSS assistance data supported
GANSSAssistanceSet ::= SEQUENCE {
    commonGANSSAssistance
                                CommonGANSSAssistance
    specificGANSSAssistance
                                SpecificGANSSAssistance,
    . . .
}
-- Common GANSS assistance data supported
CommonGANSSAssistance ::= BIT STRING {
                        (0),
    referenceTime
                        (1),
    referenceLocation
    ionosphericModel
                        (3) } (SIZE (1..8))
SpecificGANSSAssistance ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF GANSSAssistanceForOneGANSS
-- assistance data supported for a particular GANSS system
GANSSAssistanceForOneGANSS ::= SEQUENCE {
   ganssID
                            INTEGER (0..7)
                                            OPTIONAL, --Absence means Galileo
    gANSSAssistance
                            GANSSAssistance,
}
 - specific GANSS assistance data supported
GANSSAssistance ::= BIT STRING {
    realTimeIntegrity
                                     (0),
    differentialCorrections
                                     (1),
    almanac
                                     (2),
    referenceMeasurementInformation (3),
   navigationModel
                                     (4),
    timeModelGNSS-UTC
                                     (5),
    timeModelGNSS-GNSS
                                     (6),
                                     (7),
    databitassistance
                                     (8),
    ephemerisExtension
    ephemerisExtensionCheck
                                     (9) } (SIZE (1..16))
-- indicates assistance data that may be needed by the MS
-- These elements are coded as defined in TS 49.031 with the exceptions defined in section A.8.2.3
AssistanceNeeded ::= SEQUENCE {
    gpsAssistanceData
                         GPSAssistanceData
                                                     OPTIONAL,
    ganssAssistanceData
                            GANSSAssistanceData
                                                     OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
```

6 TOM Protocol Header for RRLP Transport

6.1 General

For the specification of the TOM protocol, see 3GPP TS 44.064.

6.2 Remaining Octets of TOM Protocol Header for RRLP

The number of remaining octet following the first octets of the TOM protocol header for RRLP is one. The encoding of this octet is defined in the figure 6.1 and the table 6.1.

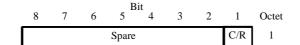


Figure 6.1: Remaining Octets of TOM Protocol Header for RRLP

| C/R | UI frame information field |
|-----|---|
| 0 | Command (SMLC to MS) or Final Response (MS to SMLC) |
| 1 | Not Command or Final Response |

The setting of the C/R flag is provided by the sending RRLP entity, for further details see 3GPP TS 43.059.

The Spare bits shall be ignored by the receiver and set to 0 by the sender. If a protocol header with more than one remaining octet of the TOM protocol header is received, the additional octets after the first remaining octet shall be ignored by the receiver.

Annex A (informative): Description of Components

A.1 Introduction

This annex describes the contents of components.

A.2 Measure Position Request

A.2.1 General

The Measure Position Request is a RRLP component from the SMLC to the MS. This component is common to E-OTD,GPS and GANSS (Galileo and Additional Navigation Satellite Systems) location methods. As a response to this component, the MS performs E-OTD,GPS or GANSS measurements and possibly calculates its own position, if the MS and/or the network support these options. It contains the following elements.

| Element | Type/Reference | Presence |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Positioning Instructions | Positioning Instructions 2.2.1 | М |
| E-OTD Reference BTS for | E-OTD Reference BTS for Assistance | 0 |
| Assistance Data | Data 2.2.2 | |
| E-OTD Measurement Assistance | E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data | 0 |
| Data | 2.2.3 | |
| E-OTD Measurement Assistance | E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data | 0 |
| Data for System Information List | for System Information List 2.2.4 | |
| GPS Assistance Data | GPS Assistance Data 4.2.4 | 0 |
| Additional GPS Assistance Data | Additional GPS Assistance Data 4.2.4c | 0 |
| GPS Time Assistance Measurement | GPS Time Assistance Measurement | 0 |
| Request | Request 2.2.4a | |
| GPS Reference Time Uncertainty | GPS Reference Time Uncertainty 2.2.4b | 0 |
| Velocity Request | Velocity Request 2.2.4c | 0 |
| Extended Reference | Extended Reference 2.2.5 | 0 |
| GANSS Positioning Method | GANSS Positioning Method Element | 0 |
| Element | 2.2.1a | |
| GANSS Carrier-Phase | GANSS Carrier-Phase Measurement | 0 |
| Measurement Request | Request 2.2.4d | |
| GANSS TOD - GSM Time | GANSS TOD - GSM Time Association | 0 |
| Association Request | Request 2.2.4e | |
| GANSS Multi-frequency | GANSS Multi-frequency Measurement | 0 |
| Measurement Request | Request 2.2.4g | |
| GANSS Assistance Data | GANSS Assistance Data 4.2.6 | 0 |
| Required Response Time | Required Response Time 2.2.4f | 0 |

Table A.1: Measure Position Request component content

A.2.2 Elements

A.2.2.1 Positioning Instructions Element

The purpose of Positioning Instructions element is to express the allowed/required location method(s), and to provide information required QoS. This element is mandatory in the Measure Position Request message, and contains the following fields:

Method Type

This field indicates whether MS based or assisted version is allowed/requested. If the Methods field includes more than one method, the Method Type applies to all of them. This field is mandatory, and has the following values:

'0': MS assisted;

'1': MS based;

'2': MS based is preferred, but MS assisted is allowed;

'3': MS assisted is preferred, but MS based is allowed.

In GPS positioning methods, "MS based" may indicate either MS Based Assisted GPS method or Conventional GPS method. If "MS based is indicated with no GPS assistance data then the MS may interpret this as either Conventional GPS or MS based A-GPS without assistance data. The same interpretation applies also to the GANSS positioning method.

Positioning Methods

This field indicates which location method or methods should be used. This field is mandatory.

'0': E-OTD;

'1': GPS;

'2': E-OTD or GPS (i.e. both can be reported).

NOTE: If the selected positioning method is "GPS" or "E-OTD or GPS", the field GANSS Positioning Method, if present in a Measure Position Request component, indicates request of GANSS method and indicates the allowed satellite systems.

Response Time

This field indicates the desired response time. However, when performing measurements, the desired response time may be exceeded. This field is mandatory.

The response time is 2^{N} seconds, where N is the value in this field. Thus the desired maximum response time can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, or 128 seconds.

Range: 0-7

Accuracy

This field indicates the required accuracy of the location estimate. This is field is mandatory when Method Type is '1', '2', or '3' and optional when Method Type is '0'.

This field is 7 bit Uncertainty Code as defined in 3GPP TS 23.032.

Multiple Sets

This field indicates whether MS is requested to send multiple *E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets*. The maximum number of measurement sets is three. This is field is mandatory. MS is expected to include the current measurement set. Additionally MS may include historical measurement sets, or measure new additional sets if the response time allows that.

'0': multiple IEs can be send;

'1': sending of multiple sets is not allowed.

Environment Characterization

Environment Characterization field provides the MS with information about expected multipath and NLOS in the current area. This field is optional.

'0': possibly heavy multipath and NLOS conditions (e.g. bad urban or urban).

'1': no or light multipath and usually LOS conditions (e.g. suburban or rural).

'2': not defined or mixed environment.

'3': reserved for future use.

A.2.2.1a GANSS Positioning Method Element

This bit map indicates the satellite systems allowed by the SMLC corresponding to allowance of "GPS" in the Positioning Methods field. Each bit is of type Boolean, where TRUE ("1") means the particular satellite system is allowed. For example EOTD + Galileo method can be indicated by setting "E-OTD or GPS" in PositioningMethod and setting only the "bit 1" to TRUE value in the GANSS Positioning Method element. The MS may not request assistance data or report measurements for the systems that are not indicated in the bit map.

| 'bit 0': | GPS; |
|----------|----------|
| 'bit 1': | Galileo; |

'bit 2-15': Reserved for future GNSSes.

A.2.2.2 E-OTD Reference BTS for Assistance Data Element

The RTD and 51 multiframe offset values in the E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data element and the E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System Information List element are calculated relative to the BTS indicated in this element. Also the E-OTD Measurement Assistance data for System Information List element, if present, refers to the System Information Neighbor List of this reference BTS.

Inclusion of this parameter is mandatory for E-OTD since it is not possible to reliably default to the current serving BTS for the target MS, as there is a small chance that the SMLC does not know this. If the E-OTD Measurement Assistance data for System Information List element is present, the current serving cell must be the same as reference BTS identified in this element.

BCCH Carrier

This field indicates the absolute RF channel number of BCCH of the reference BTS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 1023

BSIC

This field indicates the BSIC (Base Station Identity Code) of the reference BTS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 63

Time Slot Scheme

The Time Slot Scheme field indicates the type of transmission scheme the reference BTS is using. If the MS measures BTSs signals from time slots other than 0 or 4, and it is informed about the burst length schemes used by BTSs, then it can compensate for the possible error. (This is necessary if the MS averages bursts from different time slots, and the BTS uses varying lengths of bursts.) This field is mandatory.

0' = all time slots are 156.25 bits long.

'1' = time slots 0 and 4 are 157 bits long and other time slots are 156 bits long.

BTS Position

This field contains the BTS position in the format defined in 3GPP TS 23.032. This field is optional, but should be present for MS based E-OTD positioning. The allowed shapes are:

- ellipsoid point;
- ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid.

A.2.2.3 E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data Element

This element identifies BTSs that are used for E-OTD measurements. This element helps the MS to make measurements from neighbor BTS (even below decoding level). This element is optional in the Measure Position Request component. The presence of this element means that the MS should try to measure the E-OTD values between the reference BTS and the BTSs identified in this element.

This element is used to deliver E-OTD measurement assistance data for those BTSs, that are not included in the System Information Neighbor List of the reference BTS, if necessary.

The RTD and 51 multiframe offset values are calculated relative to the BTS indicated in the E-OTD Reference BTS for Assistance Data element. This element contains the following fields.

Number of BTSs

This field indicates how many BTSs are included in this IE. This field is mandatory. The maximum number of BTSs in this message for whom the assistance data can be given is 16 (reference BTS and 15 neigbour BTSs). Thus the sum of **Number of BTSs** field in this IE and total amount of **E-OTD Neighbor present** bits with value '1' in **E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System Information List IE** can be at a maximum 15.

Range: 1 to 15.

The following fields are repeated for the number of BTSs included in the Number of BTSs field.

BCCH Carrier

This field indicates the absolute RF channel number of BCCH of the particular BTS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 1023

BSIC

This field indicates the BSIC (Base Station Identity Code) of the particular BTS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 63

Multiframe Offset

This field indicates the frame difference between the start of the 51 multiframes frames being transmitted from this BTS and the reference BTS. The multiframe offset is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the reference BTS. This field is mandatory. Multiframe Offset may be used to calculate the Expected Multiframe Offset (the Multiframe Offset value that MS is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in its current estimated location).

Expected Multiframe Offset = (Multiframe Offset + Adjustment) modulo 51

| Adjustment = | 1 if Rough RTD - Expected OTD >= 850 |
|--------------|--|
| Adjustment = | -1 if Rough RTD - Expected OTD =< -850 |
| Adjustment = | 0 if -400 =< Rough RTD - Expected OTD =< 400 |

If the Rough RTD - Expected OTD is not within any of the ranges above, an error has occurred and the Expected OTD should be ignored and no Expected Multiframe Offset can be calculated.

Range: 0 - 51

Usable range of Multiframe Offset value is 0 - 50. The Multiframe Offset value 51 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

Time Slot Scheme

The Time Slot Scheme field indicates the type of transmission scheme the particular BTS is using. If the MS measures BTSs signals from time slots other than 0 or 4, and it is informed about the burst length schemes used by BTSs, then it can compensate for the possible error. (This is necessary if the MS averages bursts from different time slots, and the BTS uses varying lengths of bursts.) This field is mandatory.

0' =all time slots are 156.25 bits long.

'1' = time slots 0 and 4 are 157 bits long and other time slots are 156 bits long.

Rough RTD

This field indicates the rough RTD value between this BTS and reference BTS. The used resolution is 1 bits. This RTD value is the RTD value of TS0s (i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the RTD between starts of bursts. The RTD is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 1250

Usable range of Rough RTD value is 0 - 1249. The Rough RTD value 1250 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

Accurate RTD values are needed for MS based E-OTD, i.e. when the MS calculates its own position.

Expected OTD

This field indicates the OTD value that MS is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in its current estimated location. SMLC can estimate MS's location roughly e.g. based on serving BTS coordinates, TA, and possibly some other information. The used resolution is 1 bits. This OTD value is the OTD value of TS0s (i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the OTD between starts of bursts. The OTD is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS. This is element is Release 98 extension and it is an optional element included in Release98-Ext IE. SMLC shall send this element to MS supporting MS Assisted or MS Based E-OTD.

Range: 0 - 1250

Usable range of Expected OTD value is 0 - 1249. The Expected OTD value 1250 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

Uncertainty Of Expected OTD

This field indicates the uncertainty in Expected OTD value. The uncertainty is related to SMLC"s estimation of MS"s location. The uncertainty defines following search window for MS, that it can use to speed up the OTD measurements:

Expected OTD - Uncertainty < measured OTD < Expected OTD + Uncertainty.

This is element is Release 98 extension and it is an optional element included in Release 98-Ext IE. SMLC shall send this element to MS supporting MS Assisted or MS Based E-OTD.

Range is 0 - 7 with following encoding:

| '0' | $0 < $ uncertainty ≤ 2 bit; |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| '1' | 2 < uncertainty <= 4 bit; |
| '2' | 4 < uncertainty <= 8 bit; |
| '3' | 8 < uncertainty <= 12 bit; |
| '4' | 12 < uncertainty <= 16 bit; |
| '5' | 16 < uncertainty <= 22 bit; |
| '6' | 22 < uncertainty <= 30 bit; |
| '7' | uncertainty > 30 bit. |

NOTE: If uncertainty in MS's location is x bits, uncertainty in Expected OTD is 2*x (in the worst case). When the uncertainty is given with value "7" no upper bound exist for the uncertainty.

The following fields tell the coordinates of neighbor BTSs that are used for E-OTD measurements, and also fine RTD values. This information allows the MS to calculate its own location. These fields (Fine RTD, Relative north, Relative east and Relative altitude) are optional. All of Fine RTD, Relative north, and Relative east fields must be present, if some of them is included.

Fine RTD

This field indicates the fine RTD value between this BTS and reference BTS. It provides the 1/256 bit duration resolution to the value expressed in the corresponding Rough RTD field. This RTD value is the RTD value of TS0s

(i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the RTD between starts of bursts. The RTD is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS. This field is optional.

Range: 0 - 255

Relative North

This field indicates the distance of the neighbor BTS from the reference BTS in north- (negative values mean south) direction. This field is optional. The units are 0.03 seconds. The used reference ellipsoid is WGS 84 ellipsoid.

Range: -200000...200000

Relative East

This field indicates the distance of the neighbor BTS from the reference BTS in east (negative values mean west) direction. This field is optional. The units are 0.03 seconds. The used reference ellipsoid is WGS 84 ellipsoid.

Range: -200000 ... 200000

Relative Altitude

This field indicates the altitude of the neighbor BTS relative to the reference BTS in meters. This field is optional.

Range: -4000 .. 4000 meters

A.2.2.4 E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System Information List Element

This element identifies those BTSs in the System Information Neighbor List that are used for E-OTD measurements. The System Information Neighbor Lists, to which this assistance data is given, are System Information Neighbor Lists that are sent in the dedicated mode, packet idle mode, packet transfer mode, or dual transfer mode. This element helps the MS to make measurements from those neighbor BTS (even below decoding level). This element is optional in the Measure Position Request component. The presence of this element means that the MS should use the BTSs identified here to the E-OTD measurements.

The RTD and 51 multiframe offset values are calculated relative to the reference BTS. This element contains the following fields.

Number of Neighbors

This field indicates how many neighbors are included in this IE.

Range: 1-32

The following fields are repeated for the number indicated in the Number of Neighbors field.

E-OTD Neighbor present

This field indicates whether the information concerning a certain BTS in the Neighbor List is present. Altogether no more than 15 BTS can have the indication "Neighbor is included". The maximum number of BTSs in this message for whom the assistance data can be given is 16 (reference BTS and 15 neigbour BTSs). Thus the sum of total amount of **E-OTD Neighbor present** bits with value '1' in this IE and **Number of BTSs** field in **E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data IE** can be at a maximum 15.

- '0' Neighbor not included;
- '1' Neighbor is included.

The following fields (BSIC, Multiframe Offset, Time Slot Sscheme and Rough RTD) are included if E-OTD neighbor present field is set to '1'.

BSIC

This field indicates the BSIC (Base Station Identity Code) of the particular BTS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 63

Multiframe Offset

This field indicates the frame difference between the start of the 51 multiframes frames being transmitted from this BTS and the reference BTS. The multiframe offset is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the reference BTS. This field is mandatory. Multiframe Offset may be used to calculate the Expected Multiframe Offset (the Multiframe Offset value that MS is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in its current estimated location).

Expected Multiframe Offset = (Multiframe Offset + Adjustment) modulo 51

| Adjustment = | 1 if Rough RTD - Expected OTD >= 850 |
|--------------|--|
| Adjustment = | -1 if Rough RTD - Expected OTD =< -850 |
| Adjustment = | 0 if -400 =< Rough RTD - Expected OTD =< 400 |
| Range: | 0 - 51 |

Usable range of Multiframe Offset value is 0 - 50. The Multiframe Offset value 51 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

Time Slot Scheme

The Time Slot Scheme field indicates the type of transmission scheme the particular BTS is using. If the MS measures BTSs signals from time slots other than 0 or 4, and it is informed about the burst length schemes used by BTSs, then it can compensate for the possible error. (This is necessary if the MS averages bursts from different time slots, and the BTS uses varying lengths of bursts.) This field is mandatory.

'0' = all time slots are 156.25 bits long;

'1' = time slots 0 and 4 are 157 bits long and other time slots are 156 bits long.

Rough RTD

This field indicates the RTD value between this BTS and the reference BTS. The used resolution is 1 bit. This RTD value is the RTD value of TS0s (i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the RTD between starts of bursts. The RTD is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 1250

Usable range of Rough RTD value is 0 - 1249. The RoughRTD value 1250 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

Expected OTD

This field indicates the OTD value that MS is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in its current estimated location. SMLC can estimate MS's location roughly e.g. based on serving BTS coordinates, TA, and possibly some other information. The used resolution is 1 bits. This OTD value is the OTD value of TSOs (i.e. the difference in starting of TSO), not only the OTD between starts of bursts. The OTD is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of TSO in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the TSO in the reference BTS. This element is Release 98 extension and it is an optional element included in Release98-Ext IE. SMLC shall send this element to MS supporting MS Assisted or MS Based E-OTD.

Range: 0 - 1250

Usable range of Expected OTD value is 0 - 1249. The Expected OTD value 1250 shall not be encoded by the transmitting entity and shall be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

Uncertainty Of Expected OTD

This field indicates the uncertainty in Expected OTD value. The uncertainty is related to SMLC"s estimation of MS"s location. The uncertainty defines following search window for MS, that it can use to speed up the OTD measurements:

Expected OTD - Uncertainty < measured OTD < Expected OTD + Uncertainty.

This element is Release 98 extension and it is an optional element included in Release 98-Ext IE. SMLC shall send this element to MS supporting MS Assisted or MS Based E-OTD.

Range is 0 - 7 with following encoding:

| '0' | 0 < uncertainty <= 2 bit; |
|-----|------------------------------|
| '1' | 2 < uncertainty <= 4 bit; |
| '2' | 4 < uncertainty <= 8 bit; |
| '3' | 8 < uncertainty <= 12 bit; |
| '4' | 12 < uncertainty <= 16 bit; |
| '5' | 16 < uncertainty <= 22 bit; |
| '6' | 22 < uncertainty <= 30 bit; |
| '7' | uncertainty > 30 bit. |

NOTE: If uncertainty in MS's location is x bits, uncertainty in Expected OTD is 2*x (in the worst case). When the uncertainty is given with value "7" no upper bound exist for the uncertainty.

The following fields tell the coordinates of neighbor BTSs that are used for E-OTD measurements, and also fine RTD values. This information allows the MS to calculate its own location. These fields (Fine RTD, Relative north, Relative east and Relative altitude) are optional. All of Fine RTD, Relative north, and Relative east fields must be present, if some of them is included.

Fine RTD

This field indicates the fine RTD value between this BTS and reference BTS. It provides the 1/256 bit duration resolution to the value expressed in the corresponding Rough RTD field. This RTD value is the RTD value of TS0s (i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the RTD between starts of bursts. The RTD is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS. This field is optional.

Range: 0 - 255

Relative North

This field indicates the distance of the neighbor BTS from the reference BTS in north- (negative values mean south) direction. This field is optional. The units are 0.03 seconds. The used reference ellipsoid is WGS 84 ellipsoid.

Range: -200000...200000

Relative East

This field indicates the distance of the neighbor BTS from the reference BTS in east (negative values mean west) direction. This field is optional. The units are 0.03 seconds. The used reference ellipsoid is WGS 84 ellipsoid.

Range: -200000 ... 200000

Relative Altitude

This field indicates the altitude of the neighbor BTS relative to the reference BTS in meters. This field is optional.

Range: -4000 .. 4000 meters

A.2.2.4a GPS Time Assistance Measurement Request element

This component does not have any information contents. If this component is present, the MS is requested to return GPS time assistance measurements.

A.2.2.4b GPS Reference Time Uncertainty element

This element provides the accuracy of the relation GPS and GSM time in the Reference Time field in GPS Assistance Data IE. If GPS TOW is the given GPS time, then the true GPS time, corresponding to the provided GSM time as observed at the MS location, lies in the interval (GPS TOW - GPS Reference Time Uncertainty, GPS TOW + GPS Reference Time Uncertainty). An entity that supports this element shall always include it when appropriate. This means that when the element is expected but is not received, lack of support at the sender can be assumed and some implementation dependent default interpretation can then be applied.

The uncertainty r, expressed in microseconds, is mapped to a number K, with the following formula:

$$r = C^*(((1+x)^K)-1)$$

with C = 0.0022 and x = 0.18. With $0 \le K \le 127$, a suitably useful range between 0 and 3 second is achieved for the uncertainty, while still being able to code down to values as small as 0.3 nanoseconds. To encode any higher value of uncertainty than that corresponding in the above formula to K=127, the same value, K=127, shall also be used. The uncertainty is then coded on 7 bits, as the binary encoding of K.

| Value of K | Value of uncertainty | |
|------------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | 0 nanoseconds | |
| 1 | 0.396 nanoseconds | |
| 2 | 0.863 nanoseconds | |
| - | - | |
| 50 | 8.64 microseconds | |
| - | - | |
| 127 | \geq 2.96 seconds | |

 Table A.1a: Example values for the GPS Reference Time Uncertainty Parameter Format

A.2.2.4c Velocity Request element

If this element is present, the MS is requested to return a velocity estimate along with the location estimate. Requesting velocity does not guarantee its delivery, if conditions support its availability and it is requested it will be provided.

A.2.2.4d GANSS Carrier-Phase Measurement Request Element

This component does not have any information contents. If this component is present, the MS is requested to return carrier phase measurements in the GANSS Measurement Information IE.

A.2.2.4e GANSS TOD - GSM Time Association Request Element

This component does not have any information contents. If this component is present, the MS is requested to return GANSS TOD - GSM time association measurements. Only either GPS Timing Assistance Measurement Request Element or GANSS TOD - GSM Time Association Measurement Request should be present in Measure Position Request.

A.2.2.4f Required Response Time

This element indicates the maximum response time that shall be allowed for the positioning request in the MS. When this element is received, the MS shall send an RRLP Measure Position Response before the required response time has elapsed.

When this element is received, the MS shall ignore the Response Time field in the Positioning Instructions element.

The Required Response Time has a value from 1 to 128 seconds.

A.2.2.4g GANSS Multi-frequency Measurement Request Element

This component does not have any information contents.

If this component is present, the MS is requested to return measurements performed on multiple GANSS signal types if the MS supports this capability. If this component is not present, the MS shall report only one signal type for each GANSS.

If SMLC has indicated supported signal types in Positioning Capability Request, the MS shall only report signals that are supported by SMLC.

A.2.2.5 Extended Reference IE

This element is mandatory in any RRLP Measure Position Request component, any RRLP Assistance Data component, any RRLP Positioning Capability Request component and any RRLP Positioning Capability response component.

NOTE: For reasons of backward compatibility, the IE is not defined for a Release 4 or earlier SMLC and would be ignored, when received, by a Release 4 or earlier MS. Additionally, other requirements associated with this IE would not be supported by a Release 4 or earlier MS or SMLC.

The Extended Reference IE contains the following elements:

- SMLC code: an integer in the range 0-63 distinguishing any SMLC from other neighbour SMLCs in the same Routing Area. Each SMLC is assigned a specific SMLC ID value. The values assigned to neighbour SMLCs in the same Routing Area between which inter-NSE cell change is possible should be different.
- Transaction ID: an integer in the range 0-262143 distinguishing different RRLP transactions in different MSs currently being served by the same SMLC. An SMLC shall assign a different transaction ID to each currently open RRLP transaction for positioning and assistance data delivery among all target MSs. When any RRLP transaction for any MS is completed in the SMLC (e.g. the MS has sent a correctly formatted RRLP Measure Position Response or Assistance Data Ack.) or if the transaction is aborted (e.g. SMLC timeout on an RRLP response), the associated transaction ID value shall become free and may be later assigned to a new RRLP transaction by the SMLC. When any transaction ID value becomes free, an SMLC should attempt to wait for at least 128 seconds (the maximum defined RRLP response time from an MS) before reassigning the same value.

A.3 Measure Position Response

A.3.1 General

The Measure Position Response is a RRLP component from the MS to the network. It is the response to the Measure Position Request. It contains the following elements. One of the five elements containing measurement data or location estimate (*E-OTD Measurement Information, Location Information, GPS Measurement Information, GANSS Measurement Information or GANSS Location Information*) or *Location Information Error element* must be included.

| Element | Type/Reference | | Presence |
|---|--|----|----------|
| Multiple Sets | Multiple Sets 3.2.1 | | 0 |
| Reference BTS Identity | Reference BTS Identity 3.2.2 | | 0 |
| E-OTD Measurement Information | E-OTD Measurement Information 3.2.3 | | 0 |
| Location Information | Location Information 3.2.4 | | 0 |
| GPS Measurement Information | GPS Measurement Information 3.2.5 | | 0 |
| Location Information Error | Location Information Error 3.2.6 | | С |
| GPS Time Assistance Measurements | GPS Time Assistance Measurements 3.2.6a | | 0 |
| Velocity Estimate | Velocity Estimate 3.2.6b | | 0 |
| Extended Reference | Extended Reference 3.2.7 | | С |
| Uplink RRLP Pseudo Segmentation Indication | Uplink RRLP Pseudo Segmentation Indication 3.2.8 | | С |
| GANSS Location Information | GANSS Location Information 3.2.9 | on | 0 |
| GANSS Measurement Information | GANSS Measurement Information 3.2.10 | | 0 |

| Table A.2: Measure Position Res | sponse component content |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|

A.3.2 Elements

A.3.2.1 Multiple Sets Element

This element indicates how many E-OTD Measurement Information sets, GPS Measurement Information sets or GANSS Measurement Information sets, and Reference BTS Identities are included to this element. This element is optional. If this element is absent, a single measurement set is included.

Number of E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets

This field indicates the number of *Number of E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information* sets included to this component. This field is mandatory. If two or more types of measurement elements are present, then there are the equal number of them, and each pair has the same reference BTS.

Range: 2 - 3

Number of Reference BTS

This field indicates the number of reference BTSs used in this component. This field is mandatory.

Range: 1-3

Reference BTS relation to Measurement Elements

This field indicates how the reference BTSs listed in this element relate to measurement sets later in this component. This field is conditional and included only if Number of E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets is '3' and Number of Reference BTSs is '2'.

- '0' = First reference BTS is related to first and second E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets, and second reference BTS is related to third E-OTD/GPS Measurement Information Sets.
- '1' = First reference BTS is related to first and third E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets, and second reference BTS is related to second E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets.
- '2' = First reference BTS is related to first E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets, and second reference BTS is related to second and third E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets.

If this field is not included, the relation between reference BTS and Number of E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Information Sets is as follows:

- if there are three sets and three reference BTSs -> First reference BTS relates to first set, second reference BTS relates to second set, and third reference BTS relates to third set;
- if there are two sets and two reference BTS -> First reference BTS relates to first set, and second reference BTS relates to second set;
- if there is only one reference BTS and 1-3 sets -> this reference BTS relates to all sets.

A.3.2.2 Reference BTS Identity Element

This element identifies the reference BTS(s). This element is conditional to the number of reference BTSs. It is mandatory, if there is more than one reference BTS, and optional otherwise. If this element is not included, the Reference BTS, used in other elements, is the current serving BTS of MS. If this element is included, the BTSs defined here are used as Reference BTSs in all other elements.

The following fields are repeated for the number of reference BTSs included in the Number of Reference BTS field.

CellIdType

This field indicates is the identity method of the Reference BTS. This field is mandatory within this element.

- '0' = Cell identity is told using BSIC and BCCH carrier.
- '1' = Cell identity is told using CI, and the LAC is the same as the current serving BTS.

- '2' = Cell identity is told using an index referring to the BTS listed in the Measure Position Request component (the indicated reference BTS is 1)
- '3' = Cell identity is told using an index referring to the BTS listed in the BCCH allocation list (System Information Neighbor Lists) of the serving BTS. This type of reference identity shall not be used by the MS unless it has received the "E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System Information List Element" from the SMLC for this cell.

'4' = Cell identity is told using CI, and the LAC.

Reference LAC

This field indicates the Location Area Code of the reference BTS. The purpose of the Location Area Code is to identify a location area. This field is conditional, and included, if CellIDType field is '4'.

Range: 0 - 65535

Reference CI

This field indicates the Cell Identity value of the reference BTS. The purpose of the Cell Identity value is to identify a cell within a location area. This field is conditional, and included, if CellIDType field is '1' or '4'.

Range: 0 - 65535

Reference BCCH Carrier

This field indicates the absolute RF channel number of the BCCH of the reference base station. BCCH carrier field is conditional and is included only if CellIdType is set '0'.

Range: 0 - 1023

Reference BSIC

This field indicates the BSIC (Base Station Identity Code of the base station).

BSIC field is conditional and is included only if CellIdType is set '0' or '3'.

Range: 0 - 63

Request Index

This field indicates an index identifying the reference BTS by referring to the BTSs listed in the Measure Position Request component (the indicated reference BTS in the Measure Position Request component has the index value 1, and possible next BTS '2', and so on)

This field is conditional and included only if CellIdType is set to '2'.

Range: 1-16

System Info Index

This field indicates an index identifying the reference BTS by referring to the BCCH allocation list (System Information Neighbor List) of the serving BTS.

This field is conditional and included only if CellIdType is set to '3'.

Range: 1-32

A.3.2.3 E-OTD Measurement Information Element

The purpose of the E-OTD Measurement Information element is to provide OTD measurements of signals sent from the reference and neighbor based stations. The length of this element depends on the number of neighbor cells for which OTD measurements have been collected. This element is optional in the Measure Position Response component. It is included in the Measure Position Response component, if the network has requested the mobile to perform the MS assisted E-OTD method. BTSs which cannot be measured or whose measurements are excessively inaccurate need not be reported. The MS may include measurements for other BTSs not given in the assistance data by the SMLC.

The E-OTD and 51 multiframe offset values are reported relative to the reference BTS as defined in the previous subclauses.

The following fields are repeated for each measurement set.

Reference Frame Number

This field indicates the frame number of the last measured burst from the reference BTS modulo 42432. This information can be used as a time stamp for the measurements. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 42431

Reference Time Slot

Reference Time Slot indicates the time slot modulo 4 relative to which the MS reports the reference BTS measurements. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 to 3

NOTE 1: If MS does not know timeslot scheme, the MS reports the used timeslot. MS can only report results based on one time slot (N) or two time slots (N and N+4). If the MS knows the timeslot scheme, it can make measurements from several timeslots and reports that the used timeslot is zero (and makes correction).

Reference Quality

Reference Quality field includes the standard deviation of the TOA measurements from the reference BTS with respect to T_{Ref} (where T_{Ref} is the time of arrival of signal from the reference BTS used to calculate the OTD values). This field is optional. The Reference Quality field can be used to evaluate the reliability of E-OTD measurements in the SMLC and in weighting of the E-OTD values in the location calculation.

Following linear 5 bit encoding is used:

| '00000' | 0 - (R*1-1) m | eters; |
|-------------|----------------|---------|
| '00001' | R*1 - (R*2-1) | meters; |
| '00010' | R*2 - (R*3-1) | meters; |
| '11111' | R*31 meters or | more. |

where R is the resolution defined by Std Resolution field. For example, if R=20 meters, corresponding values are 0 - 19 meters, 20 - 39 meters, 40 - 59 meters, ..., 620+ meters.

Number of Measurements

Number of Measurements for the Reference Quality field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the reference base site TOA. The field indicates how many measurements have been used in the MS to define the standard deviation of the measurements. Following 3 bit encoding is used:

| '000': | 2-4; |
|--------|-------------|
| '001': | 5-9; |
| '010': | 10-14; |
| '011': | 15-24; |
| '100': | 25-34; |
| '101': | 35-44; |
| '110': | 45-54; |
| '111': | 55 or more. |

This field is optional.

Std Resolution

Std Resolution field includes the resolution used in Reference Quality field and Std of EOTD Measurements field. Encoding on 2 bits as follows:

| '00' | 10 meters; |
|------|------------|
| '01' | 20 meters; |
| '10' | 30 meters; |

'11' Reserved.

This field is mandatory.

TA Correction

This field indicates the estimate of the time difference between the moment that the MS uses to adjust its internal timing for reception and transmission (e.g. corresponding to maximum energy) and the estimate of the reception of the first arriving component from the serving BTS. This value can be used as a correction by the SMLC to the Timing Advance (TA) value when the distance between the MS and the serving BTS is estimated based on TA.

The value *TACor* in this field corresponds to the TA Correction in bit periods as follows:

- TA Correction in bit periods = TACor/64 -8.

TA Correction has the resolution of 1/64 bit period, and the range - 8 ... +7 bit periods. Negative TA Correction in bits indicates that the first signal component from the serving BTS is estimated to arrive before the moment used for communication. This field is optional.

Range: 0-960

Number of Measured Neighbors

This field indicates the number of different neighbor BTSs. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 10

NOTE 2: If the MS can not measure any neighbor BTSs, then this value is set to '0'.

The following fields are repeated for the number of BTSs included in the Number of Measured Neighbors field.

Neighbor Identity Present

The presence of this field is conditional, it shall not be present in the first set. It is mandatory for the other sets. This field indicates whether the identity information (i.e. CellIDType and possibly Neighbor CI / Neighbor BCCH Carrier / Neighbor BSIC / Neighbor Multiframe Offset / Request Index / System Info Index fields) concerning a certain BTS is present or whether the BTS identity is given as reference to the first measurement set.

- '0' Identity information not included, and identity of this BTS is same as the identity of BTS in first set with same sequence number.
- '1' Identity information is included.

CellIdType

This field indicates is the identity method of the cell. This field is conditional, and included if Neighbor Identity Present is '1'. If CellIdType field is not present, the following fields can not be present either: Neighbor CI, Neighbor BCCH Carrier, Neighbor BSIC, Neighbor Multiframe Offset, Request Index, System Info Index.

- '0' = Cell identity is told using BSIC and BCCH carrier.
- '1' = Cell identity is told using CI, and the LAC is the same as the current serving BTS.
- '2' = Cell identity is told using 51 Multiframe offset and BCCH carrier.
- '3' = Cell identity is told using an index referring to the BTS listed in the Measure Position Request component (the indicated reference BTS is 1).
- '4' = Cell identity is told using an index referring to the BTS listed in the BCCH allocation list (System Information Neighbor Lists) of the serving BTS. This type of neighbor identity shall not be used by the MS unless it has received the "E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System Information List Element" from the SMLC for this cell.
- '5' = Cell identity is told using CI and the LAC.
- NOTE: The MS can decide which of these methods to use. The CellIdType '3' and '4' are preferred.

Neighbor LAC

This field indicates the Location Area Code of the neighbor BTS. The purpose of the Location Area Code is to identify a location area. This field is conditional, and included, if CellIDType field is '5'.

Range: 0 - 65535

Neighbor CI

This field indicates the Cell Identity of the particular neighbor cell. The purpose of the Cell Identity value is to identify a cell within a location area.

Neighbor CI field is conditional and is included only if CellIdType is set '1' or '5' and the CI value of the given cell is available.

Range: 0 - 65535

Neighbor BCCH Carrier

This field indicates the absolute RF channel number of the BCCH of the neighbor base station. BCCH carrier field is conditional and is included only if CellIdType is set '0' or '2'.

Range: 0 - 1023

Neighbor BSIC

This field indicates the BSIC (Base Station Identity Code of the base station).

BSIC field is conditional and is included only if CellIdType is set '0' or '4'.

Range: 0 - 63

Neighbor Multiframe Offset

This field indicates the frame difference between the start of the 51 multiframes frames arriving from this BTS and the reference BTS. The multiframe offset is defined as T_{BTS} - T_{Ref} , where T_{BTS} is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the BTS in question, and T_{Ref} is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the reference BTS. This field is conditional and included only if CellIdType is set to '2'.

Range: 0 - 51

Request Index

This field indicates an index identifying the reference BTS by referring to the BTSs listed in the Measure Position Request component (the indicated reference BTS in the Measure Position Request component has the index value 1, and possible next BTS '2', and so on).

This field is conditional and included only if CellIdType is set to '3'.

Range: 1-16

System Info Index

This field indicates an index identifying the reference BTS by referring to the BCCH allocation list (System Information Neighbor List) of the serving BTS.

This field is conditional and included only if CellIdType is set to '4'.

Range: 1-32

Neighbor Time Slot

Neighbor Time Slot indicates the time slot modulo 4 relative to which the MS reports the neighbor BTS measurements. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 to 3

NOTE 3: If the MS does not know the timeslot scheme, the MS reports the used timeslot. MS can only report a result based on one time slot (N) or two time slots (N and N+4). If the MS knows the timeslot scheme, the MS can make measurements from several timeslots and reports that the used timeslot is zero (and makes correction).

Number of EOTD Measurements

Number of Measurements field is used together with Std of EOTD Measurements field to define quality of a reported EOTD measurement. The field indicates how many EOTD measurements have been used in the MS to define the standard deviation of these measurements. Following 3 bit encoding is used.

| '000': | 2-4; |
|--------|------------|
| '001': | 5-9; |
| '010': | 10-14; |
| '011': | 15-24; |
| '100': | 25-34; |
| '101': | 35-44; |
| '110': | 45-54; |
| '111': | 55 or more |

This field is mandatory.

Std of EOTD Measurements

Std of EOTD Measurements field includes standard deviation of EOTD measurements. This field is mandatory. It can be used to evaluate the reliability of EOTD measurements in the SMLC and in weighting of the OTD values in location calculation.

Following linear 5 bit encoding is used:

| '00000' | 0 - (R*1-1) meters; |
|---------|-----------------------|
| '00001' | R*1 - (R*2-1) meters; |
| '00010' | R*2 - (R*3-1) meters; |
| | |

'11111' R*31 meters or more.

where R is the resolution defined by Std Resolution field. For example, if R=20 meters, corresponding values are 0 - 19 meters, 20 - 39 meters, 40 - 59 meters, ..., 620+ meters.

OTD

This field indicates the measured OTD value between the receptions of signals from the reference and the neighbor BTS. The OTD is defined as T_{Nbor} - T_{Ref} (modulo burst length) where T_{Nbor} is the time of arrival of signal from the neighbor BTS, and T_{Ref} is the time of arrival of signal from the reference BTS. The reporting resolution of the OTD value is 1/256 bit. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 39999

A.3.2.3a E-OTD Measurement Extended Information Element

The purpose of the E-OTD Measurement Ext Information element is to provide OTD measurements of signals sent from the reference and neighbour base stations. The length of this element depends on the number of neighbour cells for which OTD measurements have been collected. This element is optional in the Measure Position Response component. It is included in the Measure Position Response component, if E-OTD measurements didn"t fit in the E-OTD Measurement Information Element.

The E-OTD and 51 multiframe offset values are reported relative to the reference BTS as defined in the previous subclauses.

The following fields are valid only for the first set of measurements

Number of Measured Neighbors

This field indicates the number of different neighbor BTSs. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 5

NOTE: If the MS can not measure any neighbor BTSs, then this value is set to '0'.

The following fields are repeated for the number of BTSs included in the Number of Measured Neighbors field. They are defined in the previous sub-clause :

- CellIdType,
- Neighbor LAC,
- Neighbor CI,
- Neighbor BCCH Carrier,
- Neighbor BSIC,
- Neighbor Multiframe Offset,
- Request Index,
- System Info Index,
- Neighbor Time Slot,
- Number of EOTD Measurements,
- Std of EOTD Measurements,
- OTD

A.3.2.4 Location Information Element

The purpose of Location Information element is to provide the location estimate from the MS to the network, if the MS is capable of determining its own position. Optionally, the element may contain the velocity parameters computed by the MS.

This element is optional. This element contains the following fields.

Reference Frame

This field specifies the reference BTS Reference Frame number during which the location estimate was measured. The time of the Reference Frame boundary is as observed by the MS, ie without Timing Advance compensation. This field is mandatory. However, if the Reference Frame number is within (42432..65535), the value of this field shall be ignored and in that case the MS should provide GPS TOW if available.

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------|
| Reference Frame | 16 | | 0 - 65535 | frames |

Table A.3: Reference Frame field contents

Note that expected values for Reference Frame are in range 0 - 42431.

GPS TOW

This field specifies the GPS TOW for which the location estimate is valid, rounded down to the nearest millisecond unit. This field is optional but shall be included if GPS Time Assistance Measurements are included. If GPS Time Assistance Measurements are included in the RRLP Measure Position Response, the MS shall align GPS System time (as defined by the GPS TOW and the GPS TOW Subms fields) with the reported GSM frame boundary observed by the MS at that time.

Table A.4: GPS TOW field contents

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units |
|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|-------|
| GPS TOW | 24 | 1 ms | 0 - 14399999 | ms |

The 24 bits of GPS TOW are the least significant bits. The most significant bits shall be derived by the Serving Mobile Location Center to unambiguously derive the GPS TOW.

Fix Type

This field contains an indication as to the type of measurements performed by the MS: 2D or 3D. This field is mandatory.

'0' = 2D fix.

'1' = 3D fix.

Position Estimate

This field contains the calculated position estimate in the format defined in 3GPP TS 23.032. The allowed shapes are:

- ellipsoid Point;
- ellipsoid point with uncertainty circle;
- ellipsoid point with uncertainty ellipse;
- ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid.

A.3.2.5 GPS Measurement Information Element

The purpose of the GPS Measurement Information element is to provide GPS measurement information from the MS to the SMLC. This information includes the measurements of code phase and Doppler, which enables the network-based GPS method where position is computed in the SMLC. The proposed contents are shown in table A.5, and the individual fields are described subsequently. See also Figure A.1 for an illustration of the relation between some of the fields.

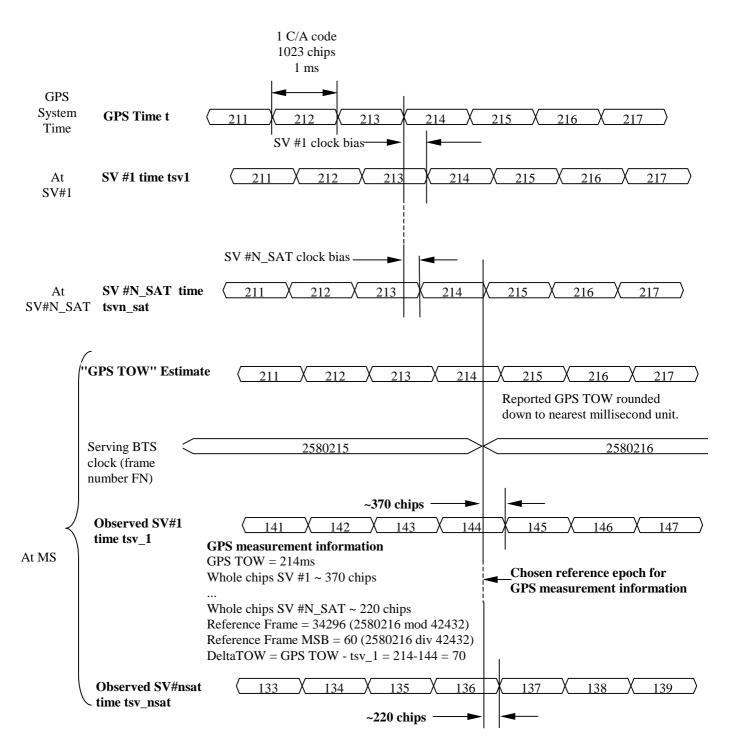


Figure A.1. Exemplary definitions of GPS measurement information fields.

This element is included in the Measure Position Response component if the network has requested the mobile to perform mobile-assisted location measurements using a GPS location method.

Following fields are repeated a number of times told in Number of E-OTD/GPS Measurement *Sets* field if Multiple Sets element is included. If Multiple Sets element is not included, the default value for sets is one (i.e. the following fields are present only once).

| Element fields | Presence | Occurrences |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Reference Frame | 0 | 1 |
| GPS TOW | М | 1 |
| # of Satellites (N_SAT) | М | 1 |
| Measurement Parameters | М | N_SAT |

Table A.5: GPS Measurement Information element content

The following paragraphs describe the content of each information field of this element.

Reference Frame

This field is optional.

Table A.6: Reference Frame field contents

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------|
| Reference Frame | 16 | | 0 - 65535 | frames |

Note that expected values for Reference Frame are in range 0 - 42431. If Reference Frame and GPS Time Assistance Measurements both are included in the RRLP Measure Position Response, the code phase measurements shall be aligned with the reported GSM frame boundary observed by the MS at that time, as indicated in Figure A.1. The time of the Reference Frame boundary is as observed by the MS, ie without Timing Advance compensation.

GPS TOW

This field specifies the GPS TOW for which the location estimate is valid, rounded down to the nearest millisecond unit. This field is mandatory.

Table A.7: GPS TOW field contents

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units |
|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|-------|
| GPS TOW | 24 | 1 ms | 0 - 14399999 | ms |

The 24 bits of GPS TOW are the least significant bits. The most significant bits shall be derived by the Serving Mobile Location Center to unambiguously derive the GPS TOW.

NOTE: The GPS Reference Time Uncertainty, if present, indicates the accuracy of GPSTOW, as described in sub-clause A.3.2.6.a.

of Satellites (N_SAT)

Number of Measurements

This field specifies the number of measurements for which measurements satellites are provided in the component. This value represents the number of satellites that were measured by the MS. This value of N_SAT determines the length of the payload portion of the component. Typical range for N_SAT is four to a maximum of 12. This field is mandatory and occurs once per set.

| Table A.7a: # of | Satellites | field | contents |
|------------------|------------|-------|----------|
|------------------|------------|-------|----------|

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units |
|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|
| N_SAT | 4 | | 1 - 16 | |

Measurement Parameters

This field contains information about the measurements of code phase and Doppler, which enables the network-based method where position is computed in the SMLC. This field is mandatory and occurs N_SAT times per message.

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units |
|---------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| Satellite ID | 6 | | 0 - 63 | |
| C/N _o | 6 | 1 | 0 - 63 | dB-Hz |
| Doppler | 16 | 0.2 | ±6553.6 | Hz |
| Whole Chips | 10 | 1 | 0 - 1022 | chips |
| Fractional Chips | 11 | 2 ⁻¹⁰ | 0 - (1-2 ⁻¹⁰) | chips |
| Multipath Indicator | 2 | see Table A.9 | TBD | |
| Pseudorange RMS | 6 | 3 bit mantissa | 0.5 - 112 | m |
| Error | | 3 bit exp | | |

Table A.8: Measurement Parameters field contents

Satellite ID

This field identifies the particular satellite for which the measurement data is valid. This values 0 - 63 represent satellite PRNs 1 - 64, respectively.

C/N₀

This field contains the estimate of the carrier-to-noise ratio of the received signal from the particular satellite used in the measurement. It is given in whole dBs and has a range of 0 to 63. Typical levels observed by MS-based GPS units will be in the range of 20 dB to 50 dB.

Doppler

This field contains the Doppler measured by the MS for the particular satellite signal. This information can be used to compute the 3-D velocity of the MS. The Doppler range is sufficient to cover the potential range of values measured by the MS.

Whole Chips

This field contains the whole value of the code-phase measurement made by the MS for the particular satellite signal at the time of measurement, in units of 1 GPS chip in the range from 0 to 1022 chips, where increasing binary values of the field signify increasing measured pseudoranges. The code phase measurement is divided into two fields, "Whole Chips" and "Fractional Chips".

Fractional Chips

This field contains the fractional value of the code-phase measurement made by the MS for the particular satellite signal at the time of measurement. The resolution of the fractional portion is approximately 0,3 m.

NOTE: The actual ASN.1 coding of this field reserves 11 bits for legacy compatibility. Only the 10 least significant bits are actually required to code the values (0..1023)

Multipath Indicator

This field contains the Multipath Indicator value. This parameter is specified according to the representation described in table A.9.

| Value | Multipath Indication |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| 00 | Not measured |
| 01 | Low, MP error < 5m |
| 10 | Medium, 5m < MP error < 43m |
| 11 | High, MP error > 43m |

Range: 0 - 3

Pseudorange RMS Error

This field contains a Pseudorange RMS Error value.

Range: 0,5 m to 112 m

NOTE: This parameter is specified according to a floating-point representation as described in Table A.10.

| Index | Mantissa | Exponent | Floating-Point value, x _i | Pseudorange value, P |
|-------|----------|----------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 0 | 000 | 000 | 0.5 | P < 0.5 |
| 1 | 001 | 000 | 0.5625 | 0.5 <= P < 0.5625 |
| | х | у | 0.5 * (1 + x/8) * 2 ^y | x _{i-1} <= P < x _i |
| 62 | 110 | 111 | 112 | 104 <= P < 112 |
| 63 | 111 | 111 | | 112 <= P |

Table A.10: Pseudorange RMS Error representation

A.3.2.6 Location Information Error Element

The purpose of Location Information Error element is to provide the indication of error and the reason for it, when the MS can not perform the required location or the network can not determine the position estimate. The element may also indicate what further assistance data may be needed by the target MS to produce a successful location estimate or location measurements. This element is optional. This element has the following fields.

Error Reason

This field indicates the reason for error. This field is mandatory.

| '0': | Undefined error. |
|-------|--|
| '1': | There were not enough BTSs to be received when performing mobile based E-OTD. |
| '2': | There were not enough GPS satellites to be received, when performing GPS location. |
| '3': | E-OTD location calculation assistance data missing. |
| '4': | E-OTD assistance data missing. |
| '5': | GPS location calculation assistance data missing. |
| '6': | GPS assistance data missing. |
| '7': | Requested method not supported. |
| '8': | Location request not processed. |
| '9': | Reference BTS for GPS is not the serving BTS. |
| '10': | Reference BTS for E-OTD is not the serving BTS. |
| '11': | There were not enough GANSS satellites received, when performing GANSS location. |
| '12': | GANSS assistance data missing. |
| '13': | Reference BTS for GANSS is not the serving BTS. |

Additional Assistance Data

This field is optional. Its presence indicates that the target MS will retain assistance data already sent by the SMLC. The SMLC may send further assistance data for any new location attempt but need not resend previous assistance data. The field may contain the following:

| GPS Assistance Data: | Necessary additional GPS assistance data (structure and encoding as for the GPS Assistance Data IE in 3GPP TS 49.031 excluding the IEI and length octets) |
|------------------------|---|
| GANSS Assistance Data: | Necessary additional GANSS assistance data (structure and encoding as for the GANSS Assistance Data IE in 3GPP TS 49.031 excluding the IEI and length octets) |

A.3.2.6a GPS Time Assistance Measurements Element

This IE contains measurements that are used to define an accurate relation between GSM and GPS time or to provide additional GPS TOW information for MS Assisted A-GPS. The contents are shown in Table A.10a, and the individual fields are described subsequently.

Table A.10a: GPS Time Assistance Measurements Information element content

| Element fields | Presence |
|--------------------------------|----------|
| Reference Frame MSB | 0 |
| GPS TOW Subms | 0 |
| Delta TOW | 0 |
| GPS Reference Time Uncertainty | 0 |

Reference Frame MSB

This field shall be included when GPS-GSM time association is provided for either MS Based A-GPS or MS Assisted A-GPS. It indicates the Most Significant Bits (MSBs) of the frame number of the reference BTS corresponding to the GPS measurement or location estimate. Starting from the complete GSM frame number denoted FN, the MS calculates Reference Frame MSB as

Reference Frame MSB = floor(FN/42432)

The complete GSM frame number FN can then be reconstructed in the SMLC by combining the fields Reference Frame with Reference Frame MSB in the following way

FN = Reference Frame MSB*42432+Reference Frame

Range: 0-63

GPS TOW Subms

This field is only applicable for MS-Based A-GPS. This field indicates in units of 100ns the submillisecond part of the GPS time of measurement. This field together with the GPS TOW field in the Location Information Element provides a more accurate time stamp of the location estimate for MS based AGPS Expressed in units of microseconds. The precise GPS time of measurements in milliseconds is thus equal to

GPS TOW + 0.0001*GPS TOW Subms

The estimation of precise GPS time of measurement using AGPS is vulnerable to millisecond ambiguities. Therefore the MS shall only report this field when it is confident that any millisecond ambiguities have been avoided.

Range: 0-9999

Delta TOW

This field is only applicable for MS-Assisted A-GPS. This field specifies the difference in milliseconds between the GPS TOW reported in the GPS Measurement Information Element and the millisecond part of the SV time tsv_1 of the first SV in the list reported from the MS. Figure A.1 shows an example of Delta TOW calculation. The Delta TOW is defined as Delta TOW = GPS TOW - fix(tsv_1)

where fix() denotes rounding to the nearest integer towards zero. The estimation of tsv_1 which forms the basis for the calculation of Delta TOW is vulnerable to millisecond ambiguities. Therefore the MS shall only report this field when it is confident that the correct millisecond event has been recovered.

Range: 0-127

GPS Reference Time Uncertainty

This element is optional. It provides the accuracy of the relation GPS and GSM time in the Location Information or GPS Measurement Information Element when GPS-GSM time association is provided. For MS Assisted A-GPS when GPS-GSM time association is not provided, even if GPS Time Assistance Measurement Request is not included in the Measure Position Request, this element can be included to provide the accuracy of the reported GPS TOW. The interval, range and treatment is as described in sub-clause 2.2.4b.

A.3.2.6b Velocity Estimate Element

This field contains the calculated velocity estimate in the format defined in 3GPP TS 23.032. The allowed encodings are:

- Horizontal Velocity

- Horizontal with Vertical Velocity
- Horizontal Velocity with uncertainty
- Horizontal with Vertical Velocity and uncertainty

A.3.2.7 Extended Reference IE

This IE shall be included in any Measure Position Response if and only if an Extended Reference IE was received in the corresponding previous Measure Position Request message.

NOTE: For reasons of backward compatibility, a Release 4 or earlier MS will not include this IE.

The Extended Reference IE contains the following elements.

- SMLC code: an integer in the range 0-63. The value returned by a target MS in a Measure Position Response shall equal the value received from the SMLC in the earlier Measure Position Request.
- Transaction ID: an integer in the range 0-262143 distinguishing different RRLP transactions in different MSs currently being served by the same SMLC. The value returned by a target MS in a Measure Position Response shall equal the value received from the SMLC in the earlier Measure Position Request.

When an MS employs pseudo-segmentation to return an RRLP response, the same Extended Reference IE shall be included in each RRLP Measure Position Response component.

A.3.2.8 Uplink RRLP Pseudo Segmentation Indication

This element is included by the MS when up-link RRLP pseudo-segmentation is used. In the first segment, "first of many" is indicated and in the second "second of many" is indicated. It is not included when up-link pseudo-segmentation is not used.

A.3.2.9 GANSS Location Information Element

The purpose of GANSS Location Information element is to provide the GANSS location estimate from the MS to the SMLC, if the MS is capable of determining its own position. Optionally, the element may contain Reference Frame element for including accurate relation between the cellular frame and GANSS Time of Day (TOD) for the serving cell if requested by the SMLC.

If GANSS Positioning Method was included in a Measure Position Request component, this field shall be used to report the location estimate from the MS to the network.

The time reference of GANSS TOD in GANSS Location Information Element can be any GNSS specific system time. The time reference is indicated by GANSS_TIME_ID.

The contents of GANSS Location Information are shown in Table A.10.1, and the individual fields are described subsequently.

| Element fields | Presence | |
|---|------------|--|
| Reference Frame | O (note 1) | |
| GANSS TOD | O (note 1) | |
| GANSS TOD Frac | 0 | |
| GANSS TOD Uncertainty | 0 | |
| GANSS_TIME_ID | O (note 2) | |
| Fix Type | М | |
| Position Data | М | |
| Stationary Indication | 0 | |
| Location Estimate M | | |
| NOTE 1: Either Reference Frame or GANSS | | |
| Reference Time shall always be included. | | |
| NOTE 2. Absence of this field means Galileo | | |

Reference Frame

This element contains Reference FN and Reference FN MSB fields. Reference FN field specifies the reference BTS reference frame number during which the location estimate was measured. The time of the reference frame boundary is as observed by the MS, i.e. without Timing Advance compensation.

Note that expected values for Reference FN are in range 0 - 42431.

Reference FN MSB field specifies the Most Significant Bits (MSB) of the frame number of the reference BTS corresponding to the GANSS Measurement Information or Location Estimate. Starting from the complete GSM frame number denoted FN, the MS calculates Reference FN MSB as

Reference FN MSB = floor(FN/42432)

The complete GSM frame number FN can then be reconstructed in the SMLC by combining the fields Reference Frame with Reference FN MSB in the following way

FN = Reference FN MSB*42432+Reference FN

Range: 0-63

Table A.10.2: Reference Frame field contents

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Unit | Incl. |
|------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------|-------|
| Reference FN | 16 | | 0 - 65535 | frame | М |
| Reference FN MSB | 6 | | 0 - 63 | frame | 0 |

GANSS TOD

This field specifies the time for which the location estimate is valid, rounded down to the nearest integer millisecond. This field is optional but shall be included if GANSS TOD - GSM time association is included in which case the MS shall align GANSS TOD with the reported GSM frame boundary observed by the MS at that time. The time reference of GANSS TOD is indicated by GANSS_TIME_ID.

| Table A.10.3: | GANSS | 5 TOD content | ts |
|---------------|-------|---------------|----|
|---------------|-------|---------------|----|

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Unit |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|------|
| GANSS TOD | 22 | 1 | 0 - 3599999 | ms |

The 22 bits of GANSS TOD are the least significant bits. The most significant bits shall be derived by the SMLC to unambiguously derive the GANSS TOD.

GANSS TOD Frac

This field is the submillisecond part of the GANSS time of day. This field together with the GANSS TOD field provides a more accurate time stamp of the Location Estimate having resolution of ~61 ns. This field is optional but shall be included if GANSS TOD - GSM time association is included.

Table A.10.4: GANSS TOD Frac contents

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Unit |
|----------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------------|------|
| GANSS_TOD_Frac | 14 | 2 ⁻¹⁴ | 0 - (1-2 ⁻¹⁴) | ms |

GANSS TOD Uncertainty

This parameter provides the accuracy of the relation between GANSS TOD and GSM time if GANSS TOD- GSM time association is provided. When GANSS TOD-GSM time association is not provided, this element can be included to provide the accuracy of the reported GANSS TOD.

The uncertainty r, expressed in microseconds, is mapped to a number K, with the following formula:

 $r = C^*(((1+x)^K)-1)$

with C = 0.0022 and x = 0.18. With $0 \le K \le 127$, a suitably useful range between 0 and 3 second is achieved for the uncertainty, while still being able to code down to values as small as 0.3 nanoseconds. To encode any higher value of uncertainty than that corresponding in the above formula to K=127, the same value, K=127, shall also be used. The uncertainty is then coded on 7 bits, as the binary encoding of K.

| Value of K | Value of uncertainty | |
|------------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | 0 nanoseconds | |
| 1 | 0.396 nanoseconds | |
| 2 | 0.863 nanoseconds | |
| - | - | |
| 50 | 8.64 microseconds | |
| - | - | |
| 127 | \geq 2.96 seconds | |

Table A.10.5: Example values for the GANSS TOD Uncertainty Parameter Format

GANSS_TIME_ID

This field indicates which GNSS has been used as the time reference for GANSS Location Information. This field is optional and absence of this field means that Galileo system time is used as time reference.

Table A.10.6: GANSS_TIME_ID

| GANSS_TIME_ID | Indication |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Reserved for future use | 0-7 |

Fix Type

This field contains an indication as to the type of measurements performed by the MS: 2D or 3D. This field is mandatory.

'0' = 2D fix.

'1' = 3D fix.

Position Data

This element provides a list of positioning methods and satellite systems used to calculate the Position Estimate. Each bit of this bitmap is of type Boolean, where TRUE ("1") means the particular positioning method or signal(s) from a satellite system has been used.

| 'bit 0': | E-OTD; |
|-------------|-----------|
| "bit 1" | GPS; |
| 'bit 2': | Galileo; |
| 'bit 3-15': | Reserved. |

Stationary Indication

This field indicates whether the MS is stationary (horizontal and vertical speeds less than the resolution of the Velocity Estimate parameters as defined in 3GPP TS 23.032).

If Velocity Estimate is requested and the MS is stationary, then the Stationary Indication is set to "1" and Velocity Estimate may not be included in Measure Position Response Element.

Position Estimate

This field contains the calculated position estimate in the format defined in 3GPP TS 23.032. The allowed shapes are:

- ellipsoid Point;
- ellipsoid point with uncertainty circle;
- ellipsoid point with uncertainty ellipse;
- ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid.

A.3.2.10 GANSS Measurement Information Element

The purpose of the GANSS Measurement Information element is to provide GANSS measurement information from the MS to the SMLC and GANSS TOD - GSM time association if requested by the SMLC. This information includes the measurements of code phase, Doppler, C/N_o and optionally accumulated carrier phase, also called accumulated deltarange (ADR), which enable the network-based GANSS method where position is computed in the SMLC. The contents are shown in table A.10.7, and the individual fields are described subsequently. See also Figure A.1a for an illustration of the relation between some of the fields.

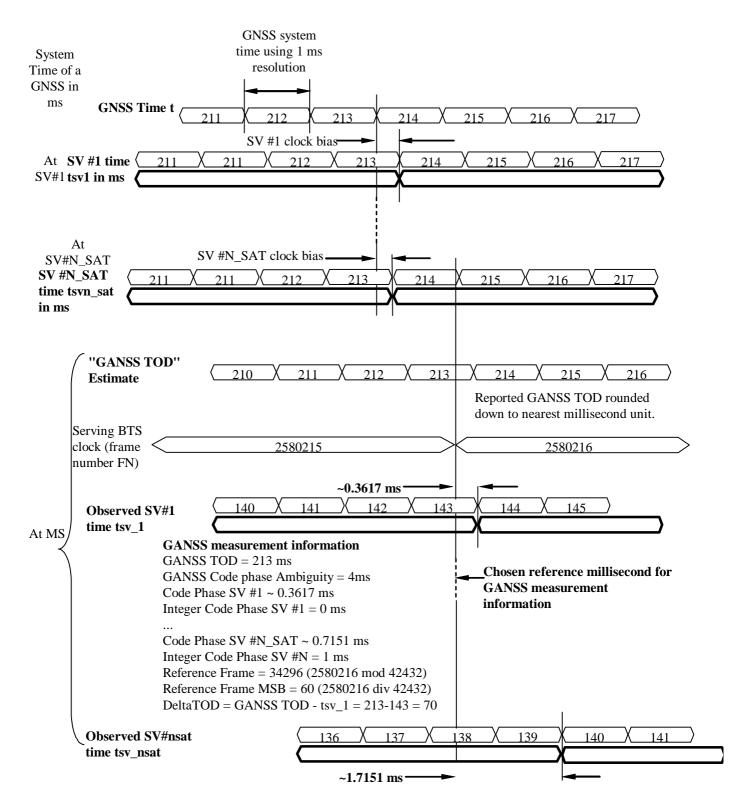


Figure A.1a. Exemplary definitions of GANSS measurement information fields.

GANSS Measurement Information element is included in the Measure Position Response component if the network has requested the mobile to perform mobile-assisted location measurements using GANSS Positioning Method. GANSS Measurement Information element will also optionally include carrier phase measurements if SMLC has requested the MS to perform carrier phase measurements.

The following fields are repeated the number of times indicated in Number of E-OTD/GPS/GANSS Measurement Sets field if Multiple Sets element is included. If Multiple Sets element is not included, the default value for sets is one (i.e. the following fields are present only once).

| Element fields | Presence | Occurrences | |
|---|------------|-------------|--|
| Reference Frame | 0 | 1 | |
| GANSS TOD | O (note 1) | 1 | |
| DeltaTOD | 0 | 1 | |
| GANSS TOD Uncertainty O 1 | | | |
| GANSS Generic Measurement Information M N_GANSS | | | |
| NOTE 1: If GPS Measurement Information element is not included in a Measure | | | |
| Position Response component, this field shall be present. | | | |

The following paragraphs describe the content of each information field of this element.

Reference Frame

These fields are shown in Table A.10.8 and are optional, but shall be included when GANSS TOD- GSM time association is provided.

Note that expected values for Reference FN are in range 0 - 42431. The time of the reference frame boundary is as observed by the MS, ie without Timing Advance compensation.

Reference FN MSB field indicates the Most Significant Bits (MSB) of the frame number of the reference BTS corresponding to the GANSS Measurement Information.

Starting from the complete GSM frame number denoted FN, the MS calculates Reference FN MSB as

Reference FN MSB = floor(FN/42432)

The complete GSM frame number FN can then be reconstructed in the SMLC by combining the fields Reference Frame with Reference FN MSB in the following way

FN = Reference FN MSB*42432+Reference FN

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Unit |
|------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------|
| Reference FN | 16 | | 0 - 65535 | frame |
| Reference FN MSB | 6 | | 0 - 63 | frame |

GANSS TOD

This field specifies the GANSS TOD for which the GANSS Measurement Parameters in GANSS Generic Measurement Information Element are valid. This field shall be included when GANSS TOD-GSM time association is provided or if GPS Measurement Information element is not present in a Measure Position Response component. If GPS Measurement Information element is present in a Measure Position Response component, and GANSS TOD field is absent in the GANSS Measurement Information element, the GPS TOW included in the GPS Measurement Information element specifies the reference time for which the GANSS Measurement Parameters are valid.

The 22 bits of GANSS TOD are the least significant bits. The most significant bits shall be derived by the Serving Mobile Location Centre to unambiguously derive the GANSS TOD.

The value for GANSS TOD is derived from the GNSS specific system time of the GNSS reported first in the GANSS Measurement IE rounded down to the nearest millisecond unit.

Table A.10.9: GANSS TOD field contents

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|-------|
| GANSS TOD | 22 | 1 ms | 0 - 3599999 | ms |

DeltaTOD

This field specifies the difference in milliseconds between GANSS TOD reported in the GANSS Measurement Information Element and the millisecond part of the SV time tsv_1 of the first SV in the list reported from the MS. The DeltaTOD is defined as

$$DeltaTOD = GANSS TOD - fix(tsv_1)$$

where fix() denotes rounding to the nearest integer towards zero.

Range: 0-127

GANSS TOD Uncertainty

This element provides the accuracy of the relation GANSS TOD -GSM time when GANSS TOD-GSM time association is provided. When GANSS TOD-GSM time association is not provided, even if GANSS TOD - GSM Time Association Measurement Request is not included in the Measure Position Request, this element can be included to provide the accuracy of the reported GANSS TOD.

If GANSS TOD is the given GNSS time, then the true GNSS time, corresponding to the provided GSM time as observed at the MS location, lies in the interval (GANSS TOD – GANSS TOD Uncertainty, GANSS TOD + GANSS TOD Uncertainty).

The uncertainty r, expressed in microseconds, is mapped to a number K, with the following formula:

$$r = C^*(((1+x)^K)-1)$$

with C = 0.0022 and x = 0.18. With $0 \le K \le 127$, a suitably useful range between 0 and 3 second is achieved for the uncertainty, while still being able to code down to values as small as 0.3 nanoseconds. To encode any higher value of uncertainty than that corresponding in the above formula to K=127, the same value, K=127, shall also be used. The uncertainty is then coded on 7 bits, as the binary encoding of K.

Examples of GANSS TOD Uncertainty value are shown in Table A.10.10.

| Value of K | Value of uncertainty | |
|------------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | 0 nanoseconds | |
| 1 | 0.396 nanoseconds | |
| 2 | 0.863 nanoseconds | |
| - | - | |
| 50 | 8.64 microseconds | |
| - | - | |
| 127 | > 2.96 seconds | |

Table A.10.10: Example values for the GANSS TOD-GSM Time Uncertainty Parameter Format

N_GANSS, Number of GANSS Generic Measurement Information Elements

N_GANSS specifies the number of GANSS Generic Measurement Information Element occurrences in GANSS Measurement Information element, one occurrence for each reported GANSS. The range is from 1 to 8.

A.3.2.10.1 GANSS Generic Measurement Information Element

| Element fields | Presence | Occurrences |
|--|------------|-------------|
| GANSS ID | O (note 1) | 1 |
| GANSS Generic Measurement Element | М | N_SGN_TYPE |
| Note 1: Absence of this field means Galileo. | | |

Table A.10.11: GANSS Generic Measurement Information

GANSS ID

GANSS ID field identifies the GNSS constellation on which GANSS Measurement Parameters were measured.

Range: 0 - 7

N_SGN_TYPE, Number of GANSS Generic Measurement Elements

N_SGN_TYPE specifies the number of GANSS Generic Measurement Element occurrences in GANSS Generic Measurement Information element. The range for N_SGN_TYPE is from 1 to 8.

Table A.10.12: GANSS Generic Measurement Element contents

| Element fields | Presence | Occurrences |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| GANSS Signal ID | М | 1 |
| GANSS Code Phase Ambiguity | 0 | 1 |
| GANSS Measurement Parameters | М | N_SGN |

This element contains measurement information for one GNSS signal type indicated by GANSS Signal ID.

GANSS Signal ID

GANSS Signal ID field identifies the signal on which GANSS Measurement Parameters were measured. The supported signals are listed in Table A.59.

Range: 0 - 7

GANSS Code Phase Ambiguity

The GANSS Code Phase Ambiguity field gives the ambiguity of the code phase measurement. It is given in ms and is an integer between 0 and 127.

The Total Code Phase for a satellite k (Satk) is given modulo this GANSS Code Phase Ambiguity and is reconstructed with :

Code_Phase_Tot(Satk) = Code_Phase (Satk)+ Integer Code Phase(Satk) + n * Code Phase Ambiguity, n= 0,1,2,...

If there is no code phase ambiguity, the GANSS Code Phase Ambiguity shall be set to 0.

The field is optional. If GANSS Code Phase Ambiguity is absent, the default value is 0.

N_SGN, Number of Signal Measurements

N_SGN specifies the number of GANSS Measurement Parameters element occurrence in GANSS Generic Measurement Information element. Typical range for *N_SGN* is 4 to a maximum of 16.

GANSS Measurement Parameters

This field contains information about the measurements of code phase and Doppler, which enables the network-based method where position is computed in the SMLC. This field is mandatory and occurs N_SGN times in GANSS Generic Measurement Information element.

| Parameter | # of Bits | Resolution | Range | Units | Incl. |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| | - | Signal Quality Para | ameters | | |
| SV ID | 6 | | - | | Μ |
| C/N _o | 6 | 1 | 0 - 63 | dB-Hz | Μ |
| Multipath Indicator | 2 | | See Table A.9 | | М |
| Carrier Quality | 2 | | | | O ⁽¹⁾ |
| Indication | | | | | |
| | - | Code Phase Measu | rements | | |
| Code Phase | 21 | 2 ⁻²¹ | 0 - (1-2 ⁻²¹) | ms | Μ |
| Integer Code Phase | 7 | 1 | 0 - 127 | ms | 0 |
| Code Phase RMS | 6 | 3 bit mantissa | 0.5 - 112 | m | Μ |
| Error | | 3 bit exp | | | |
| | I | Doppler Frequency Me | asurements | | |
| Doppler | 16 | 0.04 | ±1310.7 | m/s | 0 |
| ADR | 25 | 2 ⁻¹⁰ | 0 - 32767.5 | m | O ⁽¹⁾ |
| NOTE 1: All of these f | ields shall be | present together, or no | one of them shall b | be present. | • |

| Table A.10.13: G | GANSS Measurement Parameters field conter | its |
|------------------|---|-----|
|------------------|---|-----|

SV ID

The SV ID is an index number for a satellite within a satellite system. The SV ID value range starts from 0 for each satellite system. Actual PRN number for the satellite can be obtained by adding a satellite system specific offset to the SV ID value. The offsets are defined in table A.10.14.

Table A.10.14: SV ID Offset

| System | PRN Offset |
|---------|------------|
| Galileo | TBD |

C/N₀

This field contains the estimate of the carrier-to-noise ratio of the received signal from the particular satellite. It is given in whole dB-Hz and has a range of 0 to 63. Typical levels observed by GNSS receivers will be in the range of 16 dB-Hz to 50 dB-Hz.

Carrier Quality Indication

This field indicates the quality of a carrier phase measurement as a bit field. The LSB indicates the data polarity, that is. if the data from a specific satellite is received inverted, this is indicated by setting the LSB value to "1". In the case the data is not inverted, the LSB is set to "0". The MSB indicates if accumulation of the carrier phase has been continuous, that is, without cycle slips since the previous measurement report. If the carrier phase accumulation has been continuous, the MSB value is set to "1X". Otherwise, the MSB is set to "0X".

This field is optional and shall be included only when carrier phase measurements are requested.

| Bit | Polarity Indication | | | |
|-----------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| "0" | Data Direct | | | |
| "1" | Data Inverted | | | |
| "0X" | Carrier phase not continuous | | | |
| "1X" | Carrier phase continuous | | | |
| X = do no | X = do not care | | | |

Code Phase

This field contains the whole and fractional value of the code-phase measurement made by the MS for the particular satellite signal at the time of measurement in the units of ms. GNSS specific code phase measurements (e.g. chips) are converted into unit of ms by dividing the measurements by the *nominal* values of the measured signal chipping rate (e.g. Galileo L1 OS measurement is divided by 1023.0 chip/ms).

Integer Code Phase

This field indicates the integer millisecond part of the code phase that is expressed modulo the GANSS Code PhaseAmbiguity.

The value of the ambiguity is given in the GANSS Ambiguity field of the GANSS Generic Measurement Information element.

The Integer code phase is optional. The default value is 0.

Code Phase RMS Error

This field contains Code Phase RMS Error value. This parameter has the same range as described in Table A.10.

Doppler

This field contains the Doppler measured by the MS for the particular satellite signal. This information can be used to compute the 3-D velocity of the MS.

The Doppler range is sufficient to cover the potential range of values measured by the MS. Doppler measurements are converted into unit of m/s by multiplying the Doppler measurement in Hz by the *nominal* wavelength of the measured signal.

ADR

This field contains the ADR measurement measured by the MS for the particular satellite signal. This information can be used to compute the 3-D velocity or high-accuracy position of the MS. ADR measurements are converted into units of m by multiplying the ADR measurement by the *nominal* wavelength of the measured signal.

This field is optional and shall be included only when carrier phase measurements are requested.

A.4 Assistance Data

A.4.1 General

The Assistance Data is a RRLP component from the network to the MS. It is used by the network to provide assistance data to enable MS-based E-OTD or MS-based Assisted GPS capabilities in the MS and may be used to help support MS-assisted E-OTD and MS-assisted Assisted GPS. It contains the following elements.

| Element | Type/Reference | Presence |
|----------------------------------|---|----------|
| E-OTD Reference BTS for | E-OTD Reference BTS for Assistance Data 2.2.3 | С |
| Assistance Data | | |
| E-OTD Measurement Assistance | E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data 2.2.4 | С |
| Data | | |
| E-OTD Measurement Assistance | E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System | С |
| Data for System Information List | Information List 2.2.5 | |
| GPS Assistance Data | GPS Assistance Data 4.2.4 | С |
| Additional GPS Assistance Data | Additional GPS Assistance Data 4.2.4c | 0 |
| GPS Time Assistance Measurement | GPS Time Assistance Measurement Request | 0 |
| Request | 4.2.4a | |
| GPS Reference Time Uncertainty | GPS Reference Time Uncertainty 4.2.4b | 0 |
| More Assistance Data To Be Sent | More Assistance Data To Be Sent 4.2.5 | С |
| Extended Reference | Extended Reference 2.2.5 | С |
| GANSS Assistance Data | GANSS Assistance Data 4.2.6 | С |
| GANSS Carrier-Phase | GANSS Carrier-Phase Measurement Request 4.2.7 | 0 |
| Measurement Request | | |
| GANSS TOD - GSM Time | GANSS TOD - GSM Time Association Request | 0 |
| Association Request | 4.2.8 | |

A.4.2 Elements

A.4.2.1 E-OTD Reference BTS for Assistance Data Element

This element is conditional. It is as described in sub-clause 2.2.3. If the network can provide assistance data, and data for E-OTD has been requested, this element is included.

A.4.2.2 E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data Element

This element is conditional. It is as described in sub-clause 2.2.4. If the network can provide assistance data, and data for E-OTD has been requested, this element is included.

A.4.2.3 E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System Information List Element

This element is conditional. It is as described in sub-clause 2.2.5. If the network can provide assistance data, and data for E-OTD has been requested, this element is included.

A.4.2.4 GPS Assistance Data Element

The GPS Assistance Data element contains a single GPS assistance message that supports both MS-assisted and MSbased GPS methods. This element can contain one or more of the fields listed in table A.12 below, which support both MS-assisted and MS-based GPS methods. As table A.12 shows, all fields are optional.

Note that certain types of GPS Assistance data may be derived, wholly or partially, from other types of GPS Assistance data.

In addition, an Integrity Monitor (IM) shall detect unhealthy (e.g., failed/failing) satellites and also shall inform users of measurement quality in DGPS modes when satellites are healthy. Excessively large pseudo range errors, as evidenced by the magnitude of the corresponding DGPS correction, shall be used to detect failed satellites. Unhealthy satellites should be detected within 10 seconds of the occurrence of the satellite failure. When unhealthy (e.g., failed/failing) satellites are detected, the assistance and/or DGPS correction data shall not be supplied for these satellites. When the error in the IM computed position is excessive for solutions based upon healthy satellites only, DGPS users shall be informed of measurement quality through the supplied UDRE values. After bad satellites have been indicated in the Real Time Integrity field, if the satellites return to healthy condition for some period of time, the indications for them shall be removed from this field.

| Parameter | Presence | Repetition |
|------------------------|----------|------------|
| Reference Time | 0 | Yes |
| Reference Location | 0 | No |
| DGPS Corrections | 0 | Yes |
| Navigation Model | 0 | Yes |
| Ionospheric Model | 0 | No |
| UTC Model | 0 | No |
| Almanac | 0 | Yes |
| Acquisition Assistance | 0 | Yes |
| Real-Time Integrity | 0 | Yes |

 Table A.12: Fields in the GPS Assistance Data element

When RRLP pseudo-segmentation is used, Table A.12 indicates which parameters may be repeated in more than one RRLP segment in order to provide data for multiple satellites. When any such parameter appears in more than one segment, the following rules shall apply.

- 1. There shall be no repetition of data for the same satellite.
- 2. Optional and conditional elements in the parameter not associated with a particular satellite shall each appear in at most one RRLP segment.
- 3. Any mandatory element not associated with a particular satellite shall assume consistent values in the case of an element related to current GPS time and the same value otherwise.

4. The maximum number of satellites defined in sub-clause 5.1 for which data can be included for any parameter in one RRLP segment shall apply also when counted over all RRLP segments.

Reference Time

These fields specify the relationship between GPS time and air-interface timing of the BTS transmission in the reference cell. These fields occur once per message; some are mandatory and some are conditional, as shown in table A.14. Note that Reference Time may also be present within the Acquisition Assistance parameter. In such a case, the SMLC shall ensure consistency.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. |
|--|----------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|
| | | Factor | | | |
| GPS Week | 10 | 1 | 0 - 1023 | weeks | M |
| GPS TOW | 23 | 0.08 | 0-604799.92 | sec | Μ |
| BCCH Carrier | 10 | 1 | 0 - 1023 | | O (note 1) |
| BSIC | 6 | 1 | 0 - 63 | | O (note 1) |
| FNm | 21 | 1 | 0 - (2 ²¹ -1) | frames | O (note 1) |
| TN | 3 | 1 | 0 - 7 | timeslots | O (note 1) |
| BN | 8 | 1 | 0 - 156 | bits | O (note 1) |
| GPS TOW Assist | 24*N_SAT | | | | 0 |
| NOTE 1: All of these fields shall be present together, or none of them shall be present. | | | | | |

Table A.14: Reference Time (Fields occurring once per message)

GPS Week

This field specifies the GPS week number of the assistance being provided. GPS Week eliminates one-week ambiguities from the time of the GPS assistance. This field is mandatory.

GPS TOW

The GPS TOW (time-of-week) is a mandatory field and is specified with 80 msec resolution. When GSM Time Present is "1", GPS TOW and BCCH/BSIC/FNm/TN/BN IEs provide a valid relationship between GPS and GSM time, as seen at the approximate location of the MS, ie the propagation delay from BTS to MS shall be compensated for by the SMLC. Depending on implementation, the relation between GPS and GSM time may have varying accuracy. Therefore, the uncertainty of the timing relation may be provided in the optional field GPS Reference Time Uncertainty. If the propagation delay from BTS to MS is not accurately known, the SMLC shall use the best available approximation of the propagation delay and take the corresponding delay uncertainty into account in the calculation of the field GPS Reference Time Uncertainty. When GSM Time Present is "0", GPS TOW is an estimate of current GPS time of week at time of reception of the RRLP segment containing this data by the MS. The SMLC should achieve an accuracy of +/- 3 seconds for this estimate including allowing for the transmission delay between SMLC and MS of the RRLP segment containing GPS TOW. Note that the MS should further compensate GPS TOW for the time between the reception of the segment containing GPS TOW and the time when the GPS TOW field is used.

BCCH Carrier/BSIC/FNm/TN/BN

These fields specify the state of the GSM frame number, timeslot number, and bit number, respectively, of the reference BTS with the specified BCCH carrier and BSIC at the time that correspond to GPS TOW. The SMLC shall use the current serving BTS as the reference BTS. The frame number field is given modulo 2^{21} , i.e., the MSB of the GSM frame number is truncated. The MS shall interpret FNm as the most recent of the two possible frame numbers that FNm could represent. The target MS has the option of rejecting a GPS position request or GPS assistance data if the reference BTS is not the serving BTS.

GPS TOW Assist

This field contains several fields in the Telemetry (TLM) Word and Handover Word (HOW) that are currently being broadcast by the respective GPS satellites. Combining this information with GPS TOW enables the MS to know the entire 1.2-second (60-bit) pattern of TLM and HOW that is transmitted at the start of each six-second subframe by the particular GPS satellite. This field contains information for each of N_SAT satellites, and optional. The individual fields for each satellite in the message are shown in table A.15a.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. |
|--------------|--------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| SatID | 6 | | 0 - 63 | | М |
| TLM Message | 14 | | 0 - 16383 | Bit field | М |
| Anti-Spoof | 1 | 1 | 0 -1 | Bit field | М |
| Alert | 1 | 1 | 0 - 1 | Bit field | М |
| TLM Reserved | 2 | | 0 - 3 | Bit field | М |

Table A.15a: GPS TOW Assist (Fields occurring N_SAT times per message)

SatID

This field identifies the satellite for which the corrections are applicable. The values ranging from 0 to 63 represent satellite PRNs ranging from 1 to 64, respectively.

TLM Message

This field contains a 14-bit value representing the Telemetry Message (TLM) being broadcast by the GPS satellite identified by the particular SatID, with the MSB occurring first in the satellite transmission.

Anti-Spoof/Alert

These fields contain the Anti-Spoof and Alert flags that are being broadcast by the GPS satellite identified by SatID.

TLM Reserved

These fields contain the two reserved bits in the TLM Word being broadcast by the GPS satellite identified by SatID, with the MSB occurring first in the satellite transmission.

Reference Location

The Reference Location field contains a 3-D location (with uncertainty) specified as per 3GPP TS 23.032. The purpose of this field is to provide the MS with a priori knowledge of its location in order to improve GPS receiver performance. The allowed shape is 3-D location with uncertainty (ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid).

DGPS Corrections

These fields specify the DGPS corrections to be used by the MS. All fields are mandatory when DGPS Corrections are present in the GPS Assistance Data.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. |
|---|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|-------|
| The following fields occur once per message | | | | | |
| GPS TOW | 20 | 1 | 0 - 604799 | sec | М |
| Status/Health | 3 | 1 | 0-7 | | М |
| N_SAT | 4 | 1 | 1-16 | | М |
| The fol | lowing field: | s occur once per s | satellite (N_SAT ti | mes) | |
| SatID | 6 | | 0 - 63 | | М |
| IODE | 8 | | 0 - 255 | | М |
| UDRE | 2 | | 0 - 3 | | М |
| PRC | 12 | 0.32 | ±655.04 | meters | М |
| RRC | 8 | 0.032 | ±4.064 | meters/sec | М |
| Delta PRC2 | 8 | | | | М |
| Delta RRC2 | 4 | | | | М |
| Delta PRC3 | 8 | | | | М |
| Delta RRC3 | 4 | | | | М |

Table A.15: DGPS Corrections

GPS TOW

This field indicates the baseline time for which the corrections are valid.

Status/Health

This field indicates the status of the differential corrections contained in the broadcast message. The values of this field and their respective meanings are shown below in table A.16.

| Code | Indication | |
|------|--|--|
| 000 | UDRE Scale Factor = 1.0 | |
| 001 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.75 | |
| 010 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.5 | |
| 011 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.3 | |
| 100 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.2 | |
| 101 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.1 | |
| 110 | Reference Station Transmission Not Monitored | |
| 111 | Data is invalid - disregard | |

Table A.16: Values of Status/Health IE

The first six values in this field indicate valid differential corrections. When using the values described below, the "UDRE Scale Factor" value is applied to the UDRE values contained in the message. The purpose is to indicate an estimate in the amount of error in the corrections.

The value "110" indicates that the source of the differential corrections (e.g., reference station or external DGPS network) is currently not being monitored. The value "111" indicates that the corrections provided by the source are invalid, as judged by the source. In the later case, the message shall contain no corrections for individual satellites. Any MS that receives DGPS Corrections in a GPS Assistance Data IE shall contain the appropriate logic to properly interpret this condition and look for the next IE.

N_SAT

This field indicates the number of satellites for which differential corrections are available. Corrections for up to 16 satellites.

SatID

This field identifies the satellite for which the corrections are applicable. The values ranging from 0 to 63 represent satellite PRNs ranging from 1 to 64, respectively.

IODE

This IE is the sequence number for the ephemeris for the particular satellite. The MS can use this IE to determine if new ephemeris is used for calculating the corrections that are provided in the broadcast message. This eight-bit IE identifies a particular set of ephemeris data for a GPS satellite and may occupy the numerical range of [0, 255]. The transmitted

IODE value will be different from any value transmitted by the GPS satellite during the preceding six hours. For more information about this field can be found from RTCM-SC104.

User Differential Range Error (UDRE)

This field provides an estimate of the uncertainty $(1-\sigma)$ in the corrections for the particular satellite. The value in this field shall be multiplied by the UDRE Scale Factor in the common Corrections Status/Health field to determine the final UDRE estimate for the particular satellite. The meanings of the values for this field are described in table A.18.

| Value | Indication |
|-------|----------------------|
| 00 | UDRE ≤ 1.0 m |
| 01 | 1.0 m < UDRE ≤ 4.0 m |
| 10 | 4.0 m < UDRE ≤ 8.0 m |
| 11 | 8.0 m < UDRE |

Each UDRE value shall be adjusted based on the operation of an Integrity Monitor (IM) function which exists at the network (SMLC, GPS server, or reference GPS receiver itself). Positioning errors derived at the IM which are excessive relative to DGPS expected accuracy levels shall be used to scale the UDRE values to produce consistency.

Pseudo-Range Correction (PRC)

This field indicates the correction to the pseudorange for the particular satellite at the GPS Reference Time, t_0 . The value of this field is given in meters (m) and the resolution is 0.32, as shown in table A.15 above. The method of calculating this field is described in [9].

If the SMLC has received a request for GPS assistance data from an MS which included a request for the navigation models and DGPS (i.e., bit D and E are set to one in "Requested GPS Assistance Data, see 3GPP TS 49.031), the SMLC shall determine, for each satellite, if the navigation model stored by the MS is still suitable for use with DGPS corrections (also see navigation model update conditions right before Table A.19) and if so and if DGPS corrections are supported the SMLC should send DGPS corrections without including the navigation model.

The IODE value sent for a satellite shall always be the IODE value that corresponds to the navigation model for which the pseudo-range corrections are applicable.

The pseudo-range correction shall correspond to the available navigation model (the one already stored in and identified by the MS or the one included in the same procedure as the pseudo-range correction). The MS shall only use the PRC value when the IODE value received matches its available navigation model.

Pseudo-Range Rate Correction (RRC)

This field indicates the rate-of-change of the pseudorange correction for the particular satellite, using the satellite ephemeris identified by the IODE IE. The value of this field is given in meters per second (m/sec) and the resolution is 0.032, as shown in table A.15 above. For some time $t_1 > t_0$, the corrections for IODE are estimated by

$$PRC(t_{1, IODE}) = PRC(t_{0, IODE}) + RRC(t_{0, IODE}) \cdot (t_1 - t_0),$$

and the MS uses this to correct the pseudorange it measures at t_1 , PR_m(t_1 , IODE), by

$$PR(t_{1, IODE}) = PR_m(t_{1, IODE}) + PRC(t_{1, IODE}).$$

The SMLC shall always send the RRC value that corresponds to the PRC value that it sends (see above for details). The MS shall only use the RRC value when the IODE value received matches its available navigation model.

Delta Pseudo-Range Correction 2 (Delta PRC2)

This IE is not used. The sender shall set it to zero and the receiver shall ignore it.

Delta Pseudo-Range Rate Correction 2 (Delta RRC2)

This IE is not used. The sender shall set it to zero and the receiver shall ignore it.

Delta Pseudo-Range Correction 3 (Delta PRC3)

This IE is not used. The sender shall set it to zero and the receiver shall ignore it.

Delta Pseudo-Range Rate Correction 3 (Delta RRC3)

This IE is not used. The sender shall set it to zero and the receiver shall ignore it.

Navigation Model

This set of fields contains information required to manage the transfer of precise navigation data to the GPS-capable MS. In response to a request from an MS for GPS assistance data, the SMLC shall determine whether to send the navigation model for a particular satellite to an MS based upon factors like the T-Toe limit specified by the MS and any request from the MS for DGPS (also see above). This information includes control bit fields as well as satellite ephemeris and clock corrections. The individual fields are given in Table A.19 below, and the conditions for their presence is discussed below.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale | Units | Incl. | |
|--|-------------------|---|--------------------------|-------|--|
| | | Factor | | | |
| Navigation Model Flow Control (once per message) | | | | | |
| Num_Sats_Total | 4 ⁽¹⁾ | 1 | | М | |
| Satellite and I | ormat Identi | fication (on | ce per satellite) | | |
| SatID | 6 ⁽¹⁾ | | | М | |
| Satellite Status | 2 | | Boolean | М | |
| Satellite Navigation | Model and As | ssociated B | its (once per satellite) | | |
| C/A or P on L2 | 2 | | Boolean | С | |
| URA Index | 4 | | Boolean | С | |
| SV Health | 6 | | Boolean | С | |
| IODC | 10 ⁽¹⁾ | | | С | |
| L2 P Data Flag | 1 | | Boolean | С | |
| SF 1 Reserved | 87 | | | С | |
| T _{GD} | 8 | 2 ⁻³¹ | sec | С | |
| t _{oc} | 16 ⁽¹⁾ | 2 ⁴ | sec | С | |
| af ₂ | 8 | 2 ⁻⁵⁵ | sec/sec ² | С | |
| af ₁ | 16 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | sec/sec | С | |
| af ₀ | 22 | 2 ⁻⁵⁵ 2 ⁻⁴³ 2 ⁻³¹ 2 ⁻⁵ 2 ⁻⁴³ 2 ⁻³¹ 2 ⁻³¹ 2 ⁻²⁹ | sec | С | |
| C _{rs} | 16 | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | С | |
| Δn | 16 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | С | |
| Mo | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| C _{uc} | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | С | |
| е | 32 ⁽¹⁾ | 2 ⁻³³ 2 ⁻²⁹ 2 ⁻¹⁹ | | С | |
| Cus | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | С | |
| (A) ^{1/2} | 32 ⁽¹⁾ | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | meters ^{1/2} | С | |
| t _{oe} | 16 ⁽¹⁾ | 2 ⁴ | sec | С | |
| Fit Interval Flag | 1 | | Boolean | С | |
| AODO | 5 | 900 | sec | С | |
| C _{ic} | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | С | |
| OMEGA ₀ | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| C _{is} | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | С | |
| i _o | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| C _{rc} | 16 | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | С | |
| ω | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| OMEGAdot | 24 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | С | |
| Idot | 14 | 2- ⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | С | |

Table A.19: Navigation Model (per-satellite fields - ⁽¹⁾ = Positive range only)

Num_Sats_Total

This field specifies the number of satellites that are included in the provided Navigation Model. A range of 1-16 is available. This field is mandatory when the Navigation Model field is included in the message.

SatID

This field identifies the satellite for which the assistance is applicable. This value is the same as the PRN number provided in the navigation message transmitted by the particular satellite. The range is 0 to 63, with 0-31 indicating GPS satellites 1-32, respectively, and 32-63 indicating satellites in future augmentation systems (e.g., WAAS or EGNOS). This field is mandatory for each included satellite.

Satellite Status

This field is a two-bit value that indicates the status of the Navigation Model for the particular satellite specified by SatID. This field is mandatory for each included satellite. The MS shall interpret the combinations of the two bits as follows.

| MSB | LSB | Interpretation | |
|-----|-----|---|--|
| 0 | 0 | New satellite, new Navigation Model | |
| 0 | 1 | Existing satellite, same Navigation Model | |
| 1 | 0 | Existing satellite, new Navigation Model | |
| 1 | 1 | Reserved | |

Table A.20: Satellite Status (per-satellite field)

This Satellite Navigation Model and associated bit fields include the parameters that accurately model the orbit and clock state of the particular satellite. For the particular satellite, these fields are conditional based on the value of Satellite Status for that satellite. The fields are absent when Satellite Status is "01", and present for all other values. The format for the ephemeris, clock corrections, and associate bits are specified in ICD-GPS-200.

Ionospheric Model

The Ionospheric Model contains fields needed to model the propagation delays of the GPS signals through the ionosphere. The information elements in this field are shown in table A.21. Proper use of these fields allows a single-frequency GPS receiver to remove approximately 50 % of the ionospheric delay from the range measurements. The Ionospheric Model is valid for the entire constellation and changes slowly relative to the Navigation Model. All of the fields must be included when Ionospheric Model is present.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|----------------|--------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| α ₀ | 8 | 2 ⁻³⁰ | seconds | С |
| α ₁ | 8 | 2 ⁻²⁷ | sec/semi-circle | С |
| α2 | 8 | 2 ⁻²⁴ | sec/(semi-circle) ² | С |
| α ₃ | 8 | 2 ⁻²⁴ | sec/(semi-circle) ³ | С |
| β ₀ | 8 | 2 ¹¹ | seconds | С |
| β1 | 8 | 2 ¹⁴ | sec/semi-circle | С |
| β2 | 8 | 2 ¹⁶ | sec/(semi-circle) ² | С |
| β ₃ | 8 | 2 ¹⁶ | sec/(semi-circle) ³ | С |

Table A.21: Ionospheric Model (occurs once per message, when present)

UTC Model

The UTC Model field contains a set of parameters needed to relate GPS time to Universal Time Coordinate (UTC). All of the fields in the UTC Model are mandatory when the field is present.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|----------------------------------|--------|------------------|---------|-------|
| A ₁ | 24 | 2 ⁻⁵⁰ | sec/sec | С |
| A ₀ | 32 | 2 ⁻³⁰ | seconds | С |
| $t_{ot}^{(1)}$ | 8 | 2 ¹² | seconds | С |
| WN _t ⁽¹⁾ | 8 | 1 | weeks | С |
| Δt_{LS} | 8 | 1 | seconds | С |
| WN _{LSF} ⁽¹⁾ | 8 | 1 | weeks | С |
| DN | 8 | 1 | days | С |
| Δt_{LSF} | 8 | 1 | seconds | С |

Table A.22: UTC Model (occurs once per message, when present per-satellite fields - $^{(1)}$ = Positive range only)

Almanac

These fields specify the coarse, long-term model of the satellite positions and clocks. These fields are given in table A.23. With one exception (δ i), these parameters are a subset of the ephemeris and clock correction parameters in the Navigation Model, although with reduced resolution and accuracy. The almanac model is useful for receiver tasks that require coarse accuracy, such as determining satellite visibility. The model is valid for up to one year, typically. Since it is a long-term model, the field should be provided for all satellites in the GPS constellation. All fields in the Almanac are mandatory when the Almanac is present. The fields t_{oa} and WN_a specify the GPS time-of-week and week number, respectively, that are the reference points for the Almanac parameters.

The Almanac also is useful as an acquisition aid for network-based GPS methods. Given a recent Almanac (< 3-4 weeks old), the MS only needs Reference Time and Reference Location information to quickly acquire the signals and return measurements to the network.

The Almanac also contains information about the health of that satellite as described in ICD-GPS-200. If this Alamanc has been captured from the satellite signal, the SV Health field represents the predicted satellite health at the time the GPS control segment uploaded the Almanac to the satellite. According to ICD-GPS-200, this health information may differ from the SV Health field in the Navigation Model (table A.19) due to different upload times.

The parameters Num_Sats_Total and SatID shall be interpreted in the same manner as described under table A19.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| - | The following | fields occur once p | er message | |
| Num_Sats_Total | 6 ⁽¹⁾ | 1 | | Μ |
| WNa | 8 ⁽¹⁾ | 1 | weeks | Μ |
| | The following | fields occur once | per satellite | |
| SatID | 6 ⁽¹⁾ | | | Μ |
| e ⁽¹⁾ | 16 | 2 ⁻²¹ | dimensionless | Μ |
| t _{oa} ⁽¹⁾ | 8 | 2 ¹² | sec | Μ |
| δί | 16 | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | semi-circles | Μ |
| OMEGADOT | 16 | 2 ⁻³⁸ | semi-circles/sec | М |
| SV Health | 8 | | Boolean | М |
| A ^{1/2(1)} | 24 | 2 ⁻¹¹ | meters ^{1/2} | М |
| OMEGA ₀ | 24 | 2 ⁻²³ | semi-circles | Μ |
| ω | 24 | 2-23 | semi-circles | Μ |
| M ₀ | 24 | 2 ⁻²³ | semi-circles | М |
| af ₀ | 11 | 2-20 | seconds | М |
| af ₁ | 11 | 2 ⁻³⁸ | sec/sec | Μ |

Table A.23: Almanac (per-satellite fields - ⁽¹⁾ = Positive range only)

Acquisition Assistance

The Acquisition Assistance field of the GPS Assistance Data Information Element contains parameters that enable fast acquisition of the GPS signals in network-based GPS positioning. Essentially, these parameters describe the range and derivatives from respective satellites to the Reference Location at the Reference Time. Table A.24 illustrates the assistance data occurring once per message and table A.25 illustrates the assistance data occurring per number of satellites for which acquisition assistance is being provided. Figure A.2 illustrates the relation between some of the fields.

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This field is optional. The field would probably appear when the Method Type field of the Positioning Instructions IE is set to 0 (MS-Assisted) and the Positioning Methods field of the Position Instructions IE is set to 1 (GPS) or 2 (GPS or E-OTD).

| Param | eter | Range | Bits | Resolution | Incl. | Notes |
|---|--------------|------------------|------|------------|----------------|-------|
| Number of Satellit | es | 0 - 15 | 4 | | М | |
| Reference Time | GPS TOW | 0 -604799.92 sec | 23 | 0.08 sec | М | |
| | BCCH Carrier | 0 - 1023 | 10 | | O ¹ | |
| | BSIC | 0 - 63 | 6 | | O ¹ | |
| | Frame # | 0 - 2097151 | 21 | | O ¹ | |
| | Timeslots # | 0 - 7 | 3 | | O ¹ | |
| | Bit # | 0 - 156 | 8 | | O ¹ | |
| NOTE: All of these field shall be present together, or none of them shall be present. | | | | | | |

Table A.24: GPS Acquisition Assist - Parameters appearing once per message

Table A.25: GPS Acquisition Assist - Parameters appearing [number of satellites] times per message

| Parameter | Range | Bits | Resolution | Incl. | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|
| SVID/PRNID | 1 - 64 (0 - 63) | 6 | | М | |
| Doppler (0 th order term) | -5,120 Hz to 5,117.5 Hz | 12 | 2.5 Hz | М | |
| Doppler (1 st order term) | -1.0 - 0.5 Hz/sec. | 6 | 1/42 Hz/sec. | O ¹ | |
| Doppler Uncertainty | 12.5 Hz - 200 Hz | 3 | | O ¹ | |
| | [2 ⁻ⁿ (200) Hz, n = 0 - 4] | | | | |
| Code Phase | 0 - 1022 chips | 10 | 1 chip | М | |
| Integer Code Phase | 0-19 | 5 | 1 C/A period | Μ | |
| GPS Bit number | 0 - 3 | 2 | | Μ | |
| Code Phase Search Window | 1 - 192 chips | 4 | | М | |
| Azimuth | 0 - 348.75 deg | 5 | 11.25 deg | 0 ² | |
| Elevation | 0 - 78.75 deg | 3 | 11.25 deg | 0 ² | |
| NOTE 1: Both of these fields sha | all be present together, or none | of them sh | all be present. | | |
| NOTE 2: Both of these fields sha | all be present together, or none | of them sh | all be present. | | |

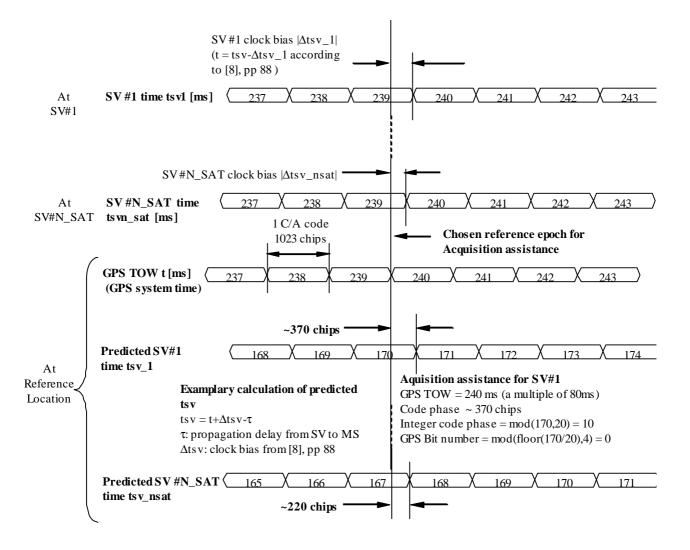


Figure A.2. Exemplary calculations of Acquisition Assistance fields.

This field indicates whether or not angle information is present in this message. The MS shall interpret a value of "1" to mean that angle (Azimuth and Elevation) information is present, and "0" to mean that it is not provided. This field is mandatory.

Number of Satellites

This field contains the number of satellites identified in this information element. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0 - 15

Reference Time

The Reference Time field of the GPS Acquisition Assistance Data IE specifies the relationship between GPS time and air-interface timing of the BTS transmission in the reference cell.

GPS TOW subfield specifies the GPS TOW for which the location estimate is valid. When the parameters BCCH Carrier/BSIC/Frame #/Timeslots #/Bit # are present, together with GPSTOW they provide a valid relationship between GPS and GSM time, as seen at the approximate location of the MS, ie the propagation delay from BTS to MS shall be compensated for by the SMLC. Depending on implementation, the relation between GPS and GSM time may have varying accuracy. The uncertainty of the timing relation may be provided in the optional field GPS Reference Time Uncertainty. If the propagation delay from BTS to MS is not accurately known, the SMLC shall use the best available approximation of the propagation delay and take the corresponding delay uncertainty into account in the calculation of the field GPS Reference Time Uncertainty. GPS TOW is mandatory when the GPS Acquisition Assistance Data

Information Element is included. When the GSM time parameters are not present the GPS TOW is an estimate of current GPS time of week at time of reception of the RRLP segment containing the GPS TOW by the MS. The SMLC should achieve an accuracy of +/- 3 seconds for this estimate including allowing for the transmission delay between SMLC and MS of the RRLP segment containing GPS TOW. Note that the MS should further compensate GPS TOW for the time between the reception of the segment containing GPS TOW and the time when the GPS TOW field is used.

Range: 0 - 604799.92 sec

The **BCCH Carrier** # and **BSIC** subfields specify the reference cell for which GSM timing is provided. These subfields are optional when the GPS Acquisition Assistance Data Information Element is included. If included, the SMLC shall set the reference cell to the current serving cell. A target MS has the option of rejecting a GPS position request or GPS assistance data if the reference cell is not the serving cell.

The **Frame** # subfield specifies the GSM frame number of the BTS transmissions for the reference cell that occur at the given GPS TOW. This subfield is optional when the GPS Acquisition Assistance Data Information Element is included.

Range: 0 - 2097151

The **Timeslots** # subfield specifies the GSM timeslot of the BTS transmissions for the reference cell that occur at the given GPS TOW. This subfield is optional when the GPS Acquisition Assistance Data Information Element is included.

Range: 0 - 7

The **Bit** # subfield specifies the GSM and bit number of the BTS transmissions for the reference cell that occur at the given GPS TOW. This subfield is optional when the GPS Acquisition Assistance Data Information Element is included.

Range: 0 - 156

SVID/PRNID

This field identifies the particular satellite for which the measurement data is supplied. This value is the same as the PRN number provided in the navigation message transmitted by the particular satellite.

The range is 0 to 63, where SVID = PRNID - 1

Doppler (0th order term)

This field contains the Doppler (0th order term) value. A positive value defines the increase in satellite signal frequency due to velocity towards the MS. A negative value defines the decrease in satellite signal frequency due to velocity away from the MS. This field is mandatory.

Range: 5,120 Hz to 5,117.5 Hz

Doppler (1st order term)

This field contains the Doppler (1st order term) value. A positive value defines the rate of increase in satellite signal frequency due to acceleration towards the MS. A negative value defines the rate of decrease in satellite signal frequency due to acceleration away from the MS. This field is optional.

Range: -1,0 Hz to 0,5 Hz / s

Doppler Uncertainty

This field contains the Doppler uncertainty value. It is defined such that the Doppler experienced by a stationary MS is in the range "Doppler – Doppler Uncertainty" to "Doppler + Doppler Uncertainty". This field is optional. If Doppler Uncertainty (together with Doppler 1^{st} order term) is omitted, the terminal shall interpret Doppler Uncertainty as greater than +/-200 Hz.

Permitted Values: 12.5 Hz, 25 Hz, 50 Hz, 100 Hz, 200 Hz as encoded by an integer n in the range 0-4 according to the formula in Table A.25

Code Phase

This field contains code phase, in units of 1 GPS chip, in the range from 0 to 1022 GPS chips, where increasing binary values of the field signify increasing predicted pseudoranges, as seen by a receiver at the Reference Location at the time GPS TOW. The Reference Location would typically be an apriori estimate of the MS location. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0-1022 chips

Integer Code Phase

This field contains integer code phase, i.e. the number of the code periods that have elapsed since the latest GPS bit boundary, in units of C/A code period, as seen by a receiver at the Reference Location at the time GPS TOW. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0-19

GPS Bit Number

This field contains GPS bit number (expressed modulo 4) currently being transmitted at the time GPS TOW, as seen by a receiver at the Reference Location. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0-3

Code Phase Search Window

This field contains the code phase search window. The code phase search window accounts for the uncertainty in the estimated MS location but not any uncertainty in GPS TOW. It is defined such that the expected code phase is in the range "Code Phase - Code Phase Search Window" to "Code Phase + Code Phase Search Window". This field is mandatory.

Range: 0-15 (i.e. 1-512 chips according to following table)

Table A.26: Code Phase Search Window Parameter Format

| CODE_PHASE_WIN | Code Phase Search Window (GPS chips) |
|----------------|---|
| '0000' | 512 |
| '0001' | 1 |
| '0010' | 2 |
| '0011' | 3 |
| '0100' | 4 |
| '0101' | 6 |
| '0110' | 8 |
| '0111' | 12 |
| '1000' | 16 |
| '1001' | 24 |
| '1010' | 32 |
| '1011' | 48 |
| '1100' | 64 |
| '1101' | 96 |
| '1110' | 128 |
| '1111' | 192 |

Azimuth

This field contains the azimuth angle. An angle of x degrees means the satellite azimuth a is in the range ($x \le a < x+11.25$) degrees. This field is optional.

Range: 0 - 348.75 degrees.

Elevation

This field contains the elevation angle. An angle of y degrees means the satellite elevation e is in the range ($y \le e < y+11.25$) degrees except for y = 78.75 where the range is extended to include 90 degrees. This field is optional.

Range: 0 - 78.75 degrees

Real-Time Integrity

The Real-Time Integrity field of the GPS Assistance Data Information Element contains parameters that describe the real-time status of the GPS constellation. Primarily intended for non-differential applications, the real-time integrity of

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the satellite constellation is of importance as there is no differential correction data by which the mobile can determine the soundness of each satellite signal. The Real-Time GPS Satellite Integrity data communicates the health of the constellation to the mobile in real-time. The format is shown in table A.29. The SMLC shall always transmit the Real Time Integrity field with the current list of unhealthy satellites, for any A-GPS positioning attempt and whenever A-GPS assistance data is sent. If the number of bad satellites (NBS) is zero, then the Real Time Integrity field shall be omitted. When the Extended Reference IE is included in the RRLP Measure Position Request message or in the RRLP Assistance Data message, then the MS shall interpret the absence of a Real Time Integrity field in the assistance data provided by the SMLC to mean that NBS is zero. If the Extended Reference IE is not present, this interpretation applies when the assistance data is provided by the SMLC following a previous request of the MS for Real Time Integrity data.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. |
|-----------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Bad_SVID | 6 | 1 | 0-63 | | С |

NBS (Number of Bad Satellites)

The NBS value indicates the number of satellite ID's that follow that the user should not use at this time in a fix. This NBS value is determined from the Bad_SVID list.

Bad_SVID

This six bit field appears NBS times, and indicates the SVID of satellites that should not be used for fix by the user at this time. The values ranging from 0 to 63 represent satellite PRNs ranging from 1 to 64, respectively.

A.4.2.4a GPS Time Assistance Measurement Request Element

This element is optional and controls if the MS should return GPS time assistance measurements or not to the SMLC. The inclusion of this parameter implies use of measure Position Request The description is found in sub-chapter 2.2.4a.

A.4.2.4b GPS Reference Time Uncertainty Element

This element is conditional and provides the accuracy of the relation GPS and GSM time in the Acquisition Assistance in GPS Assistance Data Element. The interval, range and treatment is as described in sub-clause 2.2.4b.

A.4.2.4c Additional GPS Assistance Data

The Additional GPS Assistance Data Element contains additional GPS assistance data which are not included in the GPS Assistance Data Element. This element can contain one or more of the fields listed in Table A.29a below.

| Parameter | Presence | Repetition |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------|
| GPS Ephemeris Extension | 0 | Yes |
| GPS Ephemeris Extension Check | 0 | Yes |

When RRLP pseudo-segmentation is used, Table A.29a indicates which parameters may be repeated in more than one RRLP segment in order to provide data for multiple satellites. When any such parameter appears in more than one segment, the following rules shall apply.

- 1. There shall be no repetition of the same data for the same satellite, even though there might be multiple realizations of the IEs for the same satellite. For example, GPS Ephemeris Extension may occur multiple times for the same satellite, but with different data content.
- 2. Optional and conditional elements in the parameter not associated with a particular satellite shall each appear in at most one RRLP segment.
- 3. Any mandatory element not associated with a particular satellite shall assume consistent values in the case of an element related to current GPS time and the same value otherwise.

4. The maximum number of satellites defined in sub-clause 5.1 for which data can be included for any parameter in one RRLP segment shall apply also when counted over all RRLP segments.

GPS Ephemeris Extension

The GPS Ephemeris extension contains parameters designed to extend the time of applicability of the Ephemeris terms by the continuous addition of the delta ephemeris terms to the respective terms of the referenced ephemeris.

This message can provide extension information for every satellite for many days into the future; doing so may create a large message, thus care must be taken to consider the transport bandwidth. The SMLC can limit the duration of the extension to decrease the message size. For example if the extension duration is limited to twelve hours the payload will be approximately 2,000 octets, for a typical 27 satellite constellation.

Table A.29.b: GPS Ephemeris Extension

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|----------------------|------------|-----------------|---------|-------|
| gpsEphemerisHeader | See Table | e A.29.c | | 0 |
| gpsReferenceSet | See Table | e A.29.e | | 0 |
| ephemerisDeltaMatrix | List of GP | SEphemerisDelta | aEpochs | 0 |

Table A.29.c: GPS Ephemeris Header

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale F | actor U | nits | Incl. |
|----------------------------|---------|--------------|-------------------|------|-------|
| GPS Ep | hemeris | Extension (C | Once per message) | | |
| timeOfEstimation | See Ta | ble A.29.d | | Μ | I |
| validityPeriod | 3 | 1 | Hours | Μ | I |
| ephemerisExtensionDuration | 9 | 1 | Hours | Μ | l |

Time of Estimation

The GPS Time at Estimation provides the GPS time at which the ephemeris extensions were created.

Table A.29.d: Time of Estimation

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|------------------------|--------|--------------|---------|-------|
| GPS Week of Estimation | 10 | 1 | Week | Μ |
| GPS TOW of Estimation | 20 | 1 | Seconds | Μ |

GPS Week of Estimation

This field specifies the week of the time that the estimation was determined.

Range: 0 - 1023 weeks

GPS TOW of Estimation

Integer number of GPS TOW seconds within the current week of the time that the estimation was determined.

Range: 0 - 604800 s.

Validity Period

The validityPeriod indicates the validity period of each individual delta ephemeris packet. It is the length of time that the ephemeris constructed by application of the delta is intended to last.

Range: 1 - 8 hours.

Ephemeris Extension Duration

The Ephemeris Extension duration indicates the total block of time measured in units of hours that the extended ephemeris covers.

Range: 1-512 hours.

The gpsEphemeris header is mandatory only once in the delivery of the GPS Ephemeris Extension message.

GPS Reference Set

| Parameter | Presence | Note |
|---------------------|----------|------------------|
| GPS Reference Orbit | М | See Table A.29.f |

Table A.29.e: GPS Reference Set

The GPS Reference Set is a list of GPS Reference Orbits, one for each healthy satellite vehicle at the time of construction.

GPSReference Orbit

Table A.29.f: GPS Reference Orbit

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|
| svID | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| gpsOrbitModel | See Table A. | 29.g | | Μ |
| gpsClockModel | See Table A. | 29.h | | М |

SvID

The satellite vehicle ID identifying to which satellite the following orbital and clock model apply

GPSOrbitModel

This field is a structure that contains the satellite orbit information upon which all subsequent delta information will be applied to create the next ephemeris for use in navigation.

GPSClockModel

This field is a structure that contains the satellite clock model upon which all subsequent clock information will be applied to create the next clock model for use in navigation.

GPS Orbit Model

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| keplerToe | 16 | 24 | seconds | М |
| keplerW | 32 | 2-31 | hours | М |
| keplerDeltaN | 16 | 2-43 | semi-circles/sec | М |
| keplerM0 | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| keplerOmegaDot | 27 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | М |
| keplerE | 32 | 2 ⁻³³ | | М |
| keplerIDot | 14 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | М |
| keplerAPowerHalf | 32 | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | Meters ^{1/2} | М |
| keplerIO | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| kelerOmega0 | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| keplerCrs | 16 | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | М |
| keplerCis | 16 | 2-29 | radians | М |
| keplerCus | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| keplerCrc | 16 | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | М |
| keplerCic | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| KeplerCuc | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |

Table A.29.g: Reference Nav Model

GPS Clock Model

| | Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-----|-----------|--------|------------------|------------------|-------|
| aF2 | | 8 | 2 ⁻⁵⁵ | seconds/seconds2 | Μ |
| aF1 | | 16 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | seconds/seconds | Μ |
| aF0 | | 22 | 2 ⁻³¹ | seconds | Μ |
| tgd | | 8 | 2 ⁻³¹ | seconds | Μ |

Table A.29.h: GPS Clock Model

GPS Ephemeris Delta Matrix

GPS Ephemeris Delta Matrix is a list of GPS Ephemeris Delta Epochs. Each epoch is indicated by a unique seqNum. Each epoch corresponds to a specific update interval and contains a delta epoch header and ephemeris delta elements for all PRNs for that epoch.

GPS Ephemeris Delta Epoch

Table A.29.i: GPS Ephemeris Delta Epoch

| Parameter | Note | Incl. |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| gpsDeltaEpochHeader | See Table A.29.j | 0 |
| gpsDeltaElementList | List of GPS Ephemeris Delta Elements | М |

GPS Delta Epoch Header

Table A.29.j: GPS Delta Epoch Header

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|----------------------|----------|--------------|-------|-------|
| validityPeriod | 3 | 1 | Hours | 0 |
| ephemerisDeltaSizes | See Tabl | e A.29.k | | 0 |
| ephemerisDeltaScales | See Tabl | e A.29.I | | 0 |

Validity Period

The validityPeriod indicates the validity period of each individual delta ephemeris packet. It is the length of time that theephemeris constructed by application of the delta is intended to last.

Range: 1 - 8 hours.

Ephemeris Delta Sizes

This field is a structure that indicates the bit sizes for all the fields in the GPS Ephemeris Delta structure.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|------------------------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| bitSize_delta_ω | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_∆n | 4 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_M0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_OMEGAdot | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_e | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_ldot | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_sqrtA | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_i0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_OMEGA0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_Crs | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_Cis | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_Cus | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_Crc | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_Cic | 4 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_Cuc | 4 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_tgd | 4 | 1 | | М |

Ephemeris Delta Scales

This field is a structure that indicates the scale factor modifiers for all the fields in the GPS Ephemeris Delta structure.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|----------------------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| scale_delta_ω | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_∆n | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_M0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_OMEGAdot | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_e | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_ldot | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_sqrtA | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_i0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_OMEGA0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Crs | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_Cis | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Cus | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_Crc | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Cic | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Cuc | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_tgd | 5 | 1 | | Μ |

GPS Delta Element List

GPS Delta Element List is a list of GPS Ephemeris Delta Elements

GPS Ephemeris Delta Element

Each GPS Ephemeris Delta Element is encoded as an octet string of up to 47 octets. Each element is uniquely identified by the pair (seqNum, sv_ID) and it is defined as a structure as shown in table A.29.m. The MS should parse the octet string according to the fields specified in table A.29.m. Each element in table A.29.m but for seqNum and sv_ID should be treated as a signed integer. The actual number of octets is determined by the size of the bit fields in the GPS_Ephemeris_Delta_Sizes table (table A.29.k). Each set of up to 47 octets represents a single extension for a single satellite vehicle. Each element encodes the satellite vehicle ID and the sequence number. The sequence number specifies the order in which the individual ephemeris extension elements are assembled as time marches forward to create the next ephemeris. The sequence number is the same for all satellite vehicle IDs for a particular update period.

| Parameter | # Bits | Default # Bits | Scale Factor | Default Scale | Units | Incl. |
|----------------|---------|-------------------|---|------------------|------------------|-------|
| sequenceNum | 7 | | 1 | 1 | | Μ |
| svID | 5 | | 1 | 1 | | Μ |
| delta_ω | 132 (1) | 21 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻³¹ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻³¹ (²) | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| delta_∆n | 116 (1) | 12 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻⁴³ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻⁴³ (²) | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | Μ |
| delta_M0 | 132 (1) | 21 | $2^{-16} 2^{-31} \dots 2^{15} 2^{-31} (2)$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| delta_OMEGAdot | 124 (1) | 13 | $2^{-16*}2^{-43} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-43} (2)$ | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | Μ |
| delta_e | 132 (1) | 18 | $2^{-16} 2^{-33} 2^{15} 2^{-33} (2)$ | 2 ⁻³³ | | М |
| delta_ldot | 114 (1) | 11 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻⁴³ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻⁴³ (²) | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | Μ |
| delta_sqrtA | 132 (1) | 14 | $2^{-16} 2^{-19} 2^{15} 2^{-19} (2)$ | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | meters1/2 | Μ |
| delta_i0 | 132 (1) | 14 | $2^{-16} 2^{-31} 2^{15} 2^{-31} (2)$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| delta_OMEGA0 | 132 (1) | 14 | $2^{-16*}2^{-31} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-31} (^2)$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| delta_Crs | 116 (1) | 12 | $2^{-16*}2^{-5}2^{15*}2^{-5}(^2)$ | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | М |
| delta_Cis | 116 (1) | 11 | $2^{-16} 2^{-29} \dots 2^{15} 2^{-29} (^{2})$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| delta_Cus | 116 (1) | 12 | $2^{-16*}2^{-29} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-29}(^2)$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | Μ |
| delta_Crc | 116 (1) | 12 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻⁵ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻⁵ (²) | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | М |
| delta_Cic | 116 (1) | 11 | $2^{-16} 2^{-29} \dots 2^{15} 2^{-29} (^{2})$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| delta_Cuc | 116 (1) | 12 | $2^{-16*}2^{-29} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-29} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| delta_tgd | 116 (1) | 2 | $2^{-16*}2^{-31} 2^{15*}2^{-31} {2 \choose 2}$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | seconds | Μ |

Table A.29.m: GPS Ephemeris Delta Element

- (1) The number of bits of each signed integer field is variable and it is indicated once for all numEphemerisDeltas by the structure ephemerisDeltasSizes. When the ephemerisDeltaSizes field is not present, the values found in the columns 'Default # Bits' shall be used.
- (2) The scale factor of each parameter is variable around the default scale factor. The variation for each field is indicated once for all numEphemerisDeltas by the structure ephemerisDeltasScales. For example, if the scale factor modifier for delta_omega has a value of 4, the scale factor for delta_omega is 2⁴ * 2⁻³¹. When the ephemerisDeltaScales is not used, the values found in the column 'Default Scale' shall be used.

sequenceNum

This field indicates the order of the Ephemeris delta terms. The ephemeris constructed for use in satellite positioning is built by adding the delta terms to the referenced GPS_Navigation Model in the order dictated by this sequence number. The sequence number shall remain the same for each svID in an epoch of Ephemeris Deltas corresponding to a particular update interval.

svID

This field identifies the satellite ID within a particular sequenceNum or epoch.

These fields, with the exception of sequenceNum and svID, specify the deltas to be added to the existing Ephemeris to create a new Ephemeris suite that is extended from its predecessor by the time provided in the 'validityPeriod' parameter. To compute the time of ephemeris for the newly constructed ephemeris, validityPeriod is added to the preceding toe. The ephemeris time of clock (toc) is set equal to the toe.

For each of the other ephemeris terms the corresponding delta ephemeris term is added in order to create the updated ephemeris. The terms delta_M0, delta_i0, and delta_OMEGA0 of the delta ephemeris must be extrapolated prior to the addition of the delta terms as follows:

$$delta _ M_{0(i+1)} = delta _ M_{0(i)} + (\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{A_i^3}} + \Delta n_i) * dt$$

Where μ is the WGS 84 value of the earth's gravitational constant for GPS user and is equal to 3.986005 * 10¹⁴ m³/sec², and A(i) is the semi-major axis associated with this satellite's update. The extrapolation of delta_M0, uses the prior set's sqrtA term to compute A_(i) as the square of sqrtA_(i).

$$delta_OMEGAO_{(i+1)} = delta_OMEGAO_{(i)} + delta_OMEGAdot_{(i)} * dt$$

$$i0_{(i+1)} = i0_{(i)} + Idot_{(i)} * dt$$

Where dt is equal to the validity period * 3600. The terms af0, and af1 from the GPS clock model must be extrapolated as follows:

$$\begin{split} af0_{(i+1)} &= af0_{(i)} + af1_{(i)} * \ dt + af2 * dt^2 \\ af1_{(i+1)} &= af1_{(i)} + 2 * af2_{(i)} * \ dt \\ af2_{(i+1)} &= af2_{(i)} \end{split}$$

Where af0, af1, and af2 are the clock model terms as shown in table A.29.c

dt is equal to the validity period represented in seconds (validityPeriod * 3600)

The following demonstrates the application of the ephemeris extension technique. Assume the validityPeriod = 5, representing: (5+1) hours = 6 hours, and the GPS Navigation model for a particular satellite, identified by the reference IOD has a toe = 0 seconds.

The toe for sequenceNumber 1 is computed by adding the validityPeriod to the initial toe of 0 as 0 + 6 hours = 0 + 21600 seconds. The new ephemeris is constructed by adding the delta ephemeris terms from set 1 to the reference ephemeris creating the new ephemeris, which will be used for the next six hours. For the five terms listed above (delta_M0, delta_i0, delta_OMEGA0, af0, and af1) the extrapolation described must occur prior to the addition of the delta term.

The next ephemeris computation will occur by adding the validityPeriod to the current toe of 21600 as: 21600 + 6 hours = 21600 + 21600 = 43200. The ephemeris delta terms from set two are added to the ephemeris resulting from the prior addition to create the next ephemeris. This is done for each satellite vehicle ID.

GPS Ephemeris Extension check

The GPS Ephemeris Extension check provides information about non foreseen events that occurred during the period starting at the gpsBeginTime to the current time. An event is signified through a bit string . Each bits refers to one PRN. If a bit is set to one, this means that the ephemeris extension is no longer valid for this specific PRN. In order to indicate planned future manuvers an end time is provided. The SMLC can indicate that a future event is planned between the current time and the end time of this ephemeris extension.

Table A.29.n: Ephemeris Extension check

| Parameter | Presence | Note |
|------------------|----------|-----------------|
| gpsBeginTime | M | See Table A.29o |
| gpsEndTime | M | See Table A.29p |
| gpsSatEventsInfo | Μ | See Table A.29q |

GPS Begin Time

The GPS begin time corresponds to the GPS Week and GPS Seconds of Estimation of the ephemeris extensions block.

Table A.29.o: GPS Begin Time

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-----------|--------|--------------|---------|-------|
| GPS Week | 10 | 1 | Weeks | М |
| GPS TOW | 20 | 1 | Seconds | М |

GPS End Time

The GPS end time represents the final time the Ephemeris extension is valid.

Table A.29.p: GPS End Time

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-----------|--------|--------------|---------|-------|
| GPS Week | 10 | 1 | Weeks | М |
| GPS TOW | 20 | 1 | Seconds | Μ |

GPS Sat Event Information

This IE is designed to indicate events that have or may occur between the gpsBeginTime and the gpsEndTime.

Table A.29.q: GPS Sat Event Information

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|------------------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| EventOccurred | 32 | - | - | М |
| FutureEventNoted | 32 | - | - | М |

EventOccurred

If a bit is is clear in the eventOccured field it indicates that a satellite maneuver has not occurred since the ganssBeginTime nor is a maneuver planned for the next sixty minutes.

FutureEventNoted

If a bit is set in the futureEventNoted field it indicates that a maneuver is planned during the time period between current time plus sixty minutes and gpsEndTime

A.4.2.5 More Assistance Data To Be Sent Element

This element is set by the SMLC to indicate to the MS if more Assistance Data components or a the final RRLP Measure Position Request component will be sent in the current procedure in order to deliver the entire set of assistance data.

A.4.2.6 GANSS Assistance Data

The GANSS Assistance Data consists of two or more data elements depending on the number of GNSS constellations included in the GANSS Assistance Data. GANSS Assistance Data elements are of two different types: GANSS Common Assistance Data and GANSS Generic Assistance Data. GANSS Common Assistance Data element is included at most only once and it contains Information Elements that can be used with any GNSS constellation. GANSS Generic Assistance data element can be included multiple times depending on the number of GNSS constellations supported in the GANSS Assistance Data. One GANSS Generic Assistance Data element contains Information Elements dedicated only for one specific GNSS constellation at a time. If two or more constellations are supported, GANSS Generic Assistance Data is given for each constellation separately.

The fields in GANSS Assistance Data are listed in Table A.30 below. As table A.30 shows, all fields are optional.

| Element | Presence | Repetition |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------|
| GANSS Common Assistance Data | 0 | No |
| GANSS Generic Assistance Data | 0 | Yes |

When RRLP pseudo-segmentation is used, Tables A.30, A.31 and A.39 indicate which parameters may be repeated in more than one RRLP segment in order to provide data for multiple constellations, satellites or signals. When any such parameter appears in more than one segment, the following rules shall apply.

- 1. There shall be no repetition of the same data for the same constellation, satellite or signal even though there might be multiple realizations of the IEs for the same constellation, satellite or signal. For example, DGANSS corrections may occur multiple times for the same satellite.
- 2. Optional and conditional elements in the parameter not associated with a particular constellation, satellite or signal shall each appear in at most one RRLP segment.
- 3. Any mandatory element not associated with a particular constellation, satellite or signal shall assume consistent values in the case of an element related to current reference time and the same value otherwise.
- 4. The maximum number of constellations, satellites or signals defined in sub-clause 5.1 for which data can be included for any parameter in one RRLP segment shall apply also when counted over all RRLP segments.

A.4.2.6.1 GANSS Common Assistance Data

GANSS Common Assistance Data element contains GNSS constellation independent information elements that can be applied on any specific GNSS or on a combination of GNSS. GANSS Common Assistance Data fields are included in GANSS Assistance Data only once. This element can contain one or more of the fields listed in table A.31 below. As Table A.31 shows, all fields are optional.

| Field | Presence | Repetition |
|--------------------------|----------|------------|
| GANSS Reference Time | 0 | No |
| GANSS Reference Location | 0 | No |
| GANSS Ionospheric Model | 0 | No |

GANSS Reference Time

This field specifies the GANSS Time Of Day (TOD) with uncertainty and relationship between GANSS Reference Time and air-interface timing of the BTS transmission in the reference cell. These fields occur once per message; some are mandatory and some are optional, as shown in Table A.33.

When GANSS TOD -GSM Time association is present, GANSS TOD and BCCH/BSIC/FN_m/TN/BN IEs provide a valid relationship between GANSS TOD and GSM time, as seen at the approximate location of the MS, i.e. the propagation delay from BTS to MS shall be compensated for by the SMLC. Depending on implementation, the relation between GANSS TOD and GSM time may have varying accuracy. Therefore, the uncertainty of the timing relation is provided in GANSS TOD Uncertainty. If the propagation delay from BTS to MS is not accurately known, the SMLC shall use the best available approximation of the propagation delay and take the corresponding delay uncertainty into account in the calculation of the field GANSS TOD Uncertainty. When GANSS TOD -GSM Time association is not present, GANSS TOD is an estimate of current GANSS TOD at time of reception of the RRLP segment containing this data by the MS. The SMLC and MS of the RRLP segment containing GANSS TOD. Note that the MS should further compensate GANSS TOD for the time between the reception of the segment containing GANSS TOD and the time when the GANSS TOD field is used.

Table A.33: GANSS Reference Time

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. |
|---|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|
| GANSS Reference Time Information (once per message) | | | | | |
| GANSS Day | 13 | 1 | 0 - 8191 | day | 0 |
| GANSS TOD | 17 | 1 | 0 - 86399 | sec | М |
| GANSS TOD Uncertainty | 7 | - | 0127 | - | 0 |
| GANSS_TIME_ID | 3 | | | | O (note 3) |
| GANS | S TOD - | GSM Time Association (one | ce per message) | | |
| BCCH Carrier | 10 | 1 | 0 - 1023 | | O (note 1) |
| BSIC | 6 | 1 | 0 - 63 | | O (note 1) |
| FNm | 21 | 1 | 0 - (2 ²¹ -1) | frames | O (note 1) |
| TN | 3 | 1 | 0 - 7 | timeslots | O (note 1) |
| BN | 8 | 1 | 0 - 156 | bits | O (note 1) |
| FN1 | 7 | 2 ⁻³⁰ | -5.9605e-8 - | sec/sec | O (note 2) |
| | | | +5.8673e-8 | | |
| NOTE 1: All of these fields shall be present together, or none of them shall be present. | | | | | |
| NOTE 2: This field can be optionally included if GANSS TOD - GSM Time association is present. | | | | | |
| NOTE 3. Absence of this field means Galileo system time. | | | | | |

GANSS Day

This field specifies the sequential number of days from the origin of the GNSS system time indicated by GANSS_TIME_ID modulo 8192 days (about 22 years). This field is optional.

Range: 0 - 8191 days

GANSS TOD

Integer number of GANSS TOD seconds within the current day.

Range: 0 - 86399 s.

GANSS TOD Uncertainty

GANSS TOD uncertainty value as described in 3.2.9. This field is optional.

GANSS_TIME_ID

This field specifies the GNSS system time used in GANSS Reference Time.

Table A.34: GANSS_TIME_ID

| GANSS_TIME_ID | Indication |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Reserved for future use | 0 - 7 |

BCCH Carrier/BSIC/FN_m/TN/BN/FN₁

These fields specify the state of the GSM frame number, respectively, of the reference BTS with the specified BCCH carrier and BSIC at the time that correspond to GANSS TOD. Also, the drift rate of the frame timing, FN_1 , with respect to the GANSS TOD is optionally given. The SMLC shall use the current serving BTS as the reference BTS. The target

MS has the option of rejecting a GANSS position request or GANSS assistance data if the reference BTS is not the serving BTS. If FN_m field is present in the assistance, cellular time parameters $FN_m/TN/BN$ shall be aligned with the integer GANSS TOD second given in GANSS TOD field.

GANSS Reference Location

The Reference Location field contains a 3-D location (with uncertainty) specified as per 3GPP TS 23.032. The purpose of this field is to provide the MS with a priori knowledge of its location in order to improve GNSS receiver performance. The allowed shape is 3-D location with uncertainty (ellipsoid point with altitude and uncertainty ellipsoid).

NOTE: If GPS Assistance Data component is present as well, the SMLC should include the Reference Location either in the GPS Assistance Data or GANSS Common Assistance Data element.

GANSS Ionospheric Model

GANSS Ionospheric Model contains parameters to model the propagation delay of the GNSS signals through the ionosphere. The information elements in this field are shown in Table A.35. Proper use of these fields allows a single-frequency GNSS receiver to remove the ionospheric delay from the pseudorange measurements.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|--|--|
| | GANSS Ionosphere Model Parameters | | | | | |
| a _{i0} | 12 | | | М | | |
| a _{i1} | 12 | | | М | | |
| a _{i2} | 12 | | | Μ | | |
| | GANSS I | onosphere Regio | nal Storm Flags | | | |
| Storm Flag 1 | 1 | | | O (note 1) | | |
| Storm Flag 2 | 1 | | | O (note 1) | | |
| Storm Flag 3 | 1 | | | O (note 1) | | |
| Storm Flag 4 | 1 | | | O (note 1) | | |
| Storm Flag 5 | 1 | | | O (note 1) | | |
| NOTE 1: All of these fields shall be present together, or none of them shall be | | | | | | |
| present. | | | | | | |

Table A.35: GANSS lonospheric Model

GANSS Ionosphere Parameters

The ionosphere model parameters are used to estimate the ionospheric distortions on pseudoranges as described in [11] on page 71.

GANSS Ionosphere Regional Storm Flags

Ionosphere storm flags (1,...,5) are optionally provided separately for five different regions as described in [11] on page 71.

A.4.2.6.2 GANSS Generic Assistance Data

GANSS Generic Assistance data elements contain Information Elements that are applied on one specific GNSS at a time indicated by GANSS_ID. The format of the IE''s remains the same regardless of the GANSS; only the values of the parameters and inclusion of certain optional fields will vary.

GANSS Generic Assistance Data is repeated for each GNSS included in GANSS Assistance Data. GANSS Generic Assistance Data can contain one or more of the elements listed in Table A.39 below. As Table A.39 shows, all fields are optional.

| Element | Presence | Repetition |
|--|------------|------------|
| GANSS ID | O (note 1) | No |
| GANSS Time Model | 0 | Yes |
| DGANSS Corrections | 0 | Yes |
| GANSS Navigation Model | 0 | Yes |
| GANSS Real-Time Integrity | 0 | Yes |
| GANSS Data Bit Assistance | 0 | Yes |
| GANSS Reference Measurement Information | 0 | Yes |
| GANSS Almanac Model | 0 | Yes |
| GANSS UTC Model | 0 | No |
| GANSS Ephemeris Extension | 0 | Yes |
| GANSS Ephemeris Ext Check | 0 | No |
| NOTE 1: Absence of this field means Galileo. | | |

Table A.39: GANSS Generic Assistance Data content

GANSS_ID

This field indicates the GNSS for which the following assistance data IE"s in GANSS Generic Assistance Data element are dedicated. The supported GANSS are listed in Table A.40. Absence of this field indicates Galileo.

Range: 0 - 7

Table A.40: GANSS_ID

| GANSS_ID | Indication |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Reserved for future use | 0-7 |

GANSS Time Model

This field specifies a model to relate GNSS system time to a selected time reference. GNSS Time Offset ID (GNSS_TO_ID) identifies the GNSS for which the relation is provided.

The SMLC may send multiple GANSS Time Models for a specific GNSS depending on the number of the allowed satellite systems in GANSS Position Method. For example, the SMLC may send two GANSS Time Models for Galileo to give the relations between Galileo and two GNSS system times.

Table A.41: GANSS Time Model

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. |
|------------------------------------|--------|------------------|------------|----------------------|-------|
| GANSS Time Model Reference Time | 16 | 2 ⁴ | 0 - 604784 | S | М |
| T _{A0} | 16 | 2 ⁻³⁵ | | sec | М |
| T _{A1} | 13 | 2 ⁻⁵¹ | | sec/sec | 0 |
| T _{A2} | 7 | 2 ⁻⁶⁸ | | sec/sec ² | 0 |
| GNSS_TO_ID | 3 | | | | М |
| Week Number | 13 | 1 | 0 - 8191 | week | 0 |

GANSS Time Model Reference Time

This field specifies the reference time of week for GANSS Time Model and it is given in GNSS specific system time..

Range: 0 - 255 h

$T_{A0}/T_{A1}/T_{A2}$

These fields specify the GANSS Time Model for a specific GNSS system by constant and first and second order terms of polynomial. The first and second order terms are optional.

GNSS_TO_ID

This field specifies GNSS Time Offset ID. GANSS Time Model contains parameters to convert GNSS System Time from the system indicated by GANSS_ID to GNSS System Time indicated by GNSS_TO_ID. The conversion is defined e.g. in [11].

Table A.42: GNSS_TO_ID

| GNSS_TO_ID | Indication |
|-------------------------|------------|
| GPS | 0 |
| GALILEO | 1 |
| Reserved for future use | 2-7 |

Week Number

This field specifies the reference week of GANSS Time Model given in GNSS specific system time. This field is optional.

DGANSS Corrections

These fields specify the DGANSS corrections to be used by the MS.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. |
|--|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------|
| | The follow | ing fields occur or | nce per message | | |
| DGANSS Reference Time | 7 | 30 | 0 - 3570 | seconds | Μ |
| The following fi | elds occur o | once per GANSS s | signal type (N_SG | N_TYPE times | S) |
| GANSS_Signal_ID | 3 | | | | Μ |
| Status/Health | 3 | 1 | 0 - 7 | | Μ |
| N_SGN | 4 | 1 | 1 - 16 | | Μ |
| The following fields occur once per GANSS Signal (N_SGN times) | | | | | |
| SV_ID | 6 | | 063 | | Μ |
| IOD | 10 | | | | М |
| UDRE | 2 | | 0 - 3 | | Μ |
| PRC | 12 | 0.32 | ±655.04 | meters | Μ |
| RRC | 8 | 0.032 | ±4.064 | meters/sec | М |

Table A.43: DGANSS Corrections

DGANSS Reference Time

This field indicates the baseline time for which the DGANSS corrections are valid as modulo 3600 s. DGANSS Reference Time is given in GNSS system time.

Range: 0 - 3600 s

N_SGN_TYPE

This field indicates the number of GNSS signal types included in DGANSS IE.

GANSS_Signal_ID

DGANSS corrections are ordered per GNSS signal type identified by GANSS_Signal_ID. The supported signals are listed in Table A.59.

Status/Health

This field indicates the status of the differential corrections contained in the broadcast message. The values of this field and their respective meanings are shown below in Table A.44.

| Code | Indication | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| 000 | UDRE Scale Factor = 1.0 | | |
| 001 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.75 | | |
| 010 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.5 | | |
| 011 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.3 | | |
| 100 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.2 | | |
| 101 | UDRE Scale Factor = 0.1 | | |
| 110 | Reference Station Transmission Not Monitored | | |
| 111 | Data is invalid - disregard | | |

Table A.44: Values of Status/Health IE

The first six values in this field indicate valid differential corrections. When using the values described below, the "UDRE Scale Factor" value is applied to the UDRE values contained in the message. The purpose is to indicate an estimate in the amount of error in the corrections.

The value "110" indicates that the source of the differential corrections (e.g., reference station or external DGANSS network) is currently not being monitored. The value "111" indicates that the corrections provided by the source are invalid, as judged by the source. In the later case, the message shall contain no corrections for individual satellites. Any MS that receives DGANSS Corrections in a GANSS Assistance Data IE shall contain the appropriate logic to properly interpret this condition and look for the next IE.

N_SGN

This field indicates the number of signals per a specified GANSS_Signal_ID for which differential corrections are available. Corrections are possible for up to 16 signals.

SV_ID

The SV ID is an index number for a satellite.

Issue Of Data

Issue of Data field contains the identity for the GANSS Navigation Model.

User Differential Range Error (UDRE)

This field provides an estimate of the uncertainty $(1-\sigma)$ in the corrections for the particular satellite. The value in this field shall be multiplied by the UDRE Scale Factor in the common Corrections Status/Health field to determine the final UDRE estimate for the particular satellite. The meanings of the values for this field are described in Table A.45.

| Value | Indication |
|-------|----------------------|
| 00 | UDRE ≤ 1.0 m |
| 01 | 1.0 m < UDRE ≤ 4.0 m |
| 10 | 4.0 m < UDRE ≤ 8.0 m |
| 11 | 8.0 m < UDRE |

Table A.45: Values of UDRE IE

Each UDRE value shall be adjusted based on the operation of an Integrity Monitor (IM) function which exists at the network (SMLC, GPS server, or reference GPS receiver itself). Positioning errors derived at the IM which are excessive relative to DGPS expected accuracy levels shall be used to scale the UDRE values to produce consistency.

Pseudo-Range Correction (PRC)

This field indicates the correction to the pseudorange for the particular satellite at t_0 . The value of this field is given in meters (m) and the resolution is 0.32, as shown in Table A.41 above. The method of calculating this field is described in [9].

If the SMLC has received a request for GANSS assistance data from an MS which included a request for the navigation models and DGANSS (i.e., bit D and E are set to one in "Requested GANSS Assistance Data, see 3GPP TS 49.031), the SMLC shall determine, for each satellite, if the navigation model stored by the MS is still suitable for use with DGANSS corrections (also see navigation model update conditions right before Table A.46) and if so and if DGANSS corrections are supported the SMLC should send DGANSS corrections without including the navigation model.

The IOD value sent for a satellite shall always be the IOD value that corresponds to the navigation model for which the pseudo-range corrections are applicable.

The pseudo-range correction shall correspond to the available navigation model (the one already stored in and identified by the MS or the one included in the same procedure as the pseudo-range correction). The MS shall only use the PRC value when the IOD value received matches its available navigation model.

Pseudo-Range Rate Correction (RRC)

This field indicates the rate-of-change of the pseudorange correction for the particular satellite, using the satellite ephemeris identified by the IOD IE. The value of this field is given in meters per second (m/sec) and the resolution is 0.032, as shown in table A.43 above. For some time $t_1 > t_0$, the corrections for IOD are estimated by

$$PRC(t_{1, IOD}) = PRC(t_{0, IOD}) + RRC(t_{0, IOD}) \cdot (t_1 - t_0),$$

and the MS uses this to correct the pseudorange it measures at t_1 , PR_m(t_1 , IOD), by

$$PR(t_{1, IOD}) = PR_m(t_{1, IOD}) + PRC(t_{1, IODE}).$$

The SMLC shall always send the RRC value that corresponds to the PRC value that it sends (see above for details). The MS shall only use the RRC value when the IOD value received matches its available navigation model.

In order to extend the life-time of DGANSS corrections, SMLC can send an optional 2^{nd} order rate-of-change of the pseudorange correction for the particular satellite using the satellite identified by the IOD IE. The value of this field is given in meters per second² (m/sec²). In this case, the corrections for IOD are estimated by

$$PRC(t_{1, IOD}) = PRC(t_{0, IOD}) + RRC(t_{0, IOD}) \cdot (t_1 - t_0) + RRC2(t_{0, IOD}) \cdot (t_1 - t_0)^2,$$

and the MS uses this to correct the pseudorange it measures at t_1 , PR_m(t_1 , IOD), by

$$PR(t_{1, IOD}) = PR_{m}(t_{1, IOD}) + PRC(t_{1, IODE}).$$

GANSS Navigation Model

This set of fields contains information required to manage the transfer of precise navigation data to the GANSS-capable MS. In response to a request from a MS for GANSS Assistance Data, the SMLC shall determine whether to send the navigation model for a particular satellite to an MS based upon factors like the T-Toe limit specified by the MS and any request from the MS for DGANSS (also see above). This information includes control bit fields as well as satellite ephemeris and clock corrections and clock and orbit accuracy models. GANSS Orbit Model can be given in Keplerian parameters.

GANSS Navigation Model element can contain data up to at most 32 satellites. The individual fields are given in Table A.46 and the conditions for their presence is discussed below.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|---|----------------------|------------------|---------|-------|
| Navigat | ion Model Flow Contr | rol (once per me | essage) | |
| Num_Sat | 5 | 1 | | М |
| Non-Broadcast Indication | 1 | | | М |
| The following fields occur once per satellite (Num_Sat times) | | | | |
| SV ID | 6 | | | М |
| SV Health | 5 | | | М |
| IOD | 10 | | | М |
| GANSS Clock Model | See Table A.49.1 | | | М |
| GANSS Orbit Model | See Table A.49.2 | | | М |

Table A.46: GANSS Navigation Model contents

Num_Sat

This field specifies the number of satellites that are included in the provided GANSS Navigation Model element. A range of 1-32 is available. This field is mandatory when the GANSS Navigation Model field is included in the GANSS Assistance Data message.

Non-Broadcast Indication

This field indicates if the GANSS Navigation Model Elements are not derived from satellite broadcast data or are given in a format not native to the GANSS.

Table A.47: Values of Non-Broadcast Indication Flag

| Value | Non-Broadcast Indication |
|-------|--|
| 0 | GANSS Navigation Data elements corresponding with broadcasted |
| | data |
| 1 | GANSS Navigation Data element not derived from satellite broadcast |

SV_ID

The field specifies the SV/Slot ID for which the GANSS Navigation Model Elements is given.

Range: 0 - 63

SV Health

This parameter gives information about the satellite"s current health. The health values are GNSS system specific. In the case of Galileo, the SV Health bits have the encoding as in Table A.48.1.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Range | Units |
|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|
| E5a Data Validity Status | 1 | | 0 - 1 | Bit field |
| E5b Data Validity Status | 1 | | 0 - 1 | Bit field |
| E1-B Data Validity Status | 1 | | 0 - 1 | Bit field |
| E5a Signal Health Status | 2 | | See [11], Table 67 | Bit field |

Table A.48.1: Galileo SV Health Bits [11, pages 75-76]

Issue Of Data

Issue of Data field contains the identity for GANSS Navigation Model. In the case of broadcasted Galileo ephemeris, the IOD contains the IOD index as described in [11].

GANSS Clock Model

GANSS clock model contains one or two clock model elements depending on the GNSS. Clock model shall be included once or twice depending on the MS capability.

If the MS is supporting multiple Galileo signals, SMLC shall include both F/Nav and I/Nav clock models in GANSS Clock Model IE if the SMLC assumes the MS to perform Location Information calculation using multiple signals. The MS capabilities to support multiple GNSS frequencies are indicated in the MS Classmark 3. Otherwise, SMLC shall include only the model suitable for the GNSS.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------|------------------|
| Standard Satellite Clock | Model (can o | occur multiple times per mo | del, N_CLOCK, if se | lected) |
| t _{oc} | 14 ^(u) | 60 | sec | C ⁽¹⁾ |
| af ₂ | 12 | 2 ⁻⁶⁵ , if GANSS_ID indicates Galileo | sec/sec ² | C ⁽¹⁾ |
| af ₁ | 18 | 2 ⁻⁴⁵ | sec/sec | C ⁽¹⁾ |
| af ₀ | 28 | 2 ⁻³³ | sec | C ⁽¹⁾ |
| T _{GD} | 10 | 2 ⁻³² , if GANSS_ID indicates Galileo | sec | O ⁽¹⁾ |
| Model ID | 1 | | | 0 |

| Table A.49.1 | : GANSS | Clock Model |
|--------------|---------|-------------|
| | | |

Model ID

This field specifies the identity of the clock model according to Table A.49.1a. This field is optional.

Table A.49.1a: Galileo Clock Model Identity

| Value | Identity |
|-------|----------|
| 0 | I/Nav |
| 1 | F/Nav |

GANSS Orbit Model

GANSS Orbit Model IE contains the following presentation: Satellite Navigation Model Using Keplerian Parameters as described in Table A.49.2.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. | |
|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--|
| | Satell | ite Navigation Model Using | Keplerian Parameters | | |
| t _{oe} | 14 ^(u) | 60 | sec | С | |
| ω | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| Δn | 16 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | С | |
| M ₀ | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| OMEGAdot | 24 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | С | |
| е | 32 ^(u) | 2 ⁻³³ | | С | |
| Idot | 14 | 2-43 | semi-circles/sec | С | |
| sqrtA | 32 ^(u) | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | meters ^{1/2} | С | |
| io | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| OMEGA ₀ | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | С | |
| C _{rs} | 16 | 2-5 | meters | С | |
| C _{is} | 16 | 2-29 | radians | С | |
| Cus | 16 | 2-29 | radians | С | |
| C _{rc} | 16 | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | С | |
| Cic | 16 | 2-29 | radians | С | |
| Cuc | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | С | |
| NOTE u: unsigne | ed parameter | r – | | | |

Table A.49.2: GANSS Orbit Model

GANSS Real-Time Integrity

Integrity Monitor (IM) shall detect unhealthy (e.g., failed/failing) satellite signals and also shall inform users of measurement quality in DGANSS modes when satellite signals are healthy. Excessively large pseudo range errors, as evidenced by the magnitude of the corresponding DGANSS correction, shall be used to detect failed satellite signals. Unhealthy satellite signals should be detected within 10 seconds of the occurrence of the satellite signal failure. When unhealthy (e.g., failed/failing) satellite signals are detected, the assistance and/or DGANSS correction data shall not be supplied for these satellite signals. When the error in the IM computed position is excessive for solutions based upon healthy satellite signals only, DGANSS users shall be informed of measurement quality through the supplied UDRE values. After bad satellite signals have been indicated in the Real Time Integrity field, if the satellite signals return to healthy condition for some period of time, the indications for them shall be removed from this field.

GANSS Real-Time Integrity field of the GANSS Assistance Data Information Element contains parameters that describe the real-time status of the GANSS constellations. Primarily intended for non-differential applications, the real-time integrity of the satellite constellation is of importance as there is no differential correction data by which the mobile can determine the soundness of each satellite signal. GANSS Real-Time Integrity data communicates the health of the GNSS signals to the mobile in real-time. The format is shown in Table A.50. The SMLC shall always transmit the GANSS Real Time Integrity field with the current list of unhealthy signals, for any GANSS positioning attempt and whenever GANSS Assistance Data is sent. If the number of bad signals (NBS) is zero, then the GANSS Real Time Integrity field shall be omitted.

| Deremeter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Denge | Units | Incl | |
|--|--------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Parameter | # DItS | Scale Factor | Range | Units | Incl. | |
| The following fields occur once per SV with bad signal (NBS times) | | | | | | |
| Bad_GNSS_SV_ID | 6 | 1 | | | М | |
| Bad_GNSS_Signal_ID | 8 | 1 | | | 0 | |

Table A.50: GANSS Real-Time Integrity

NBS (Number of satellites with bad signal)

The NBS value indicates the number of satellites with bad signal.

Bad_GNSS_SV_ID

This field specifies the SV ID of the satellite with bad signal or signals.

Bad_GNSS_Signal_ID

This field identifies the bad signal of a satellite. Absence of this field means that all signals on the specific SV are bad. The Bad_GNSS_Signal_ID for Galileo are listed in Table A.59.

GANSS Data Bit Assistance

This element provides data bit assistance data for specific satellite signals for data wipe-off. The data bits included in the assistance data depends on the GANSS and its signal.

| Parameter | Bits | Resolution | Range | Incl. | |
|---|-------|------------|----------|-------|--|
| GANSS TOD | 6 | 1 | 0 – 59 | М | |
| The following fields occur once per satellite (N_SAT times) | | | | | |
| SV ID | 6 | 1 | | М | |
| The following fields occur once per signal (N_SGN times) | | | | | |
| GANSS_Signal_ID | 3 | 1 | 0 - 7 | М | |
| N_BIT | 10 | 1 | 1 – 1024 | М | |
| Data Bits | N_BIT | | | М | |

Table A.51: GANSS Data Bit Assistance

GANSS TOD

This field indicates the reference time of the first bit of the data in GANSS Data Bit Assistance in integer seconds in GNSS specific system time.

Data Bit Reference Time is given as modulo 60 s from GANSS TOD.

N_SAT

This field specifies the number of satellites in GANSS Data Bit Assistance element.

SV_ID

The field specifies the SV for which the GANSS Data Bit Assistance is given.

Range: 0-63

N_SGN

This field specifies the number of signals for which GANSS Data Bit Assistance is provided.

Range: 1-8

GANSS_Signal_ID

This field specifies the GANSS signal type of the GANSS Data Bit Assistance as listed in Table A.59.

N_BIT

This field indicates the number of bits (or symbols) included in the IE.

Data Bits

Data bits are contained in GNSS system and data type specific format. In case of Galileo, it contains the FEC encoded and interleaved modulation symbols. The logical levels 1 and 0 correspond to signal levels -1 and +1, respectively.

GANSS Reference Measurement Information

This field provides reference code and Doppler measurement information of visible satellites of a GANSS constellation. The information can be used as acquisition assistance to improve the sensitivity of the receiver.

These parameters describe the range and optionally the derivatives from respective satellites to the GANSS Reference Location at the GANSS Reference Time. The code phase and Doppler fields are aligned with the time provided in GANSS Reference Time. Figure A.4a illustrates the relation between some of the fields with respect to the GANSS TOD.

If GPS Acquisition Assistance is included the Reference Time included in the GPS Acquisition Assistance is also valid for the GANSS Reference Measurement fields and the parameters are referenced to GPS TOW. Figure A.4b illustrates the relation between some of the fields with respect to GPS TOW.

The parameters are given in units of ms and m/s which makes it possible to convert the values to any nominal frequency and chipping and code rate.

| Parameter | Range | Bits | Resolution | Incl. |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| GANSS_Signal_ID | 0 - 7 | 3 | | М |
| 1 | The following fields occur once per | satellite (Num_S | at times) | |
| SV_ID | 0 - 63 | 6 | | М |
| Doppler (0 th order term) | -1024 m/s to 1023.5 m/s | 12 | 0.5 m/s | М |
| Doppler (1 st order term) | -0.2 - 0.1 m/s ² . | 6 | 1/210 m/s ² . | O ⁽¹⁾ |
| Doppler Uncertainty | 2.5 m/s - 40 m/s | 3 | | O ⁽¹⁾ |
| | [2 ⁻ⁿ (40) m/s, n = 0 - 4] | | | |
| Code Phase | 0 - (1-2 ⁻¹⁰) ms | 10 | 2 ⁻¹⁰ ms | М |
| Integer Code Phase | 0 - 127 ms | 7 | 1 ms | М |
| Code Phase Search | See Table A.53 | 5 | | М |
| Window | | | | |
| Azimuth | 0 - 348.75 deg | 5 | 11.25 deg | O ⁽²⁾ |
| Elevation | 0 - 78.75 deg | 3 | 11.25 deg | O ⁽²⁾ |
| NOTE 1,2: All of these | fields shall be present together, o | r none of them sh | all be present. | I |

Table A.52: GANSS Reference Measurement Information Contents

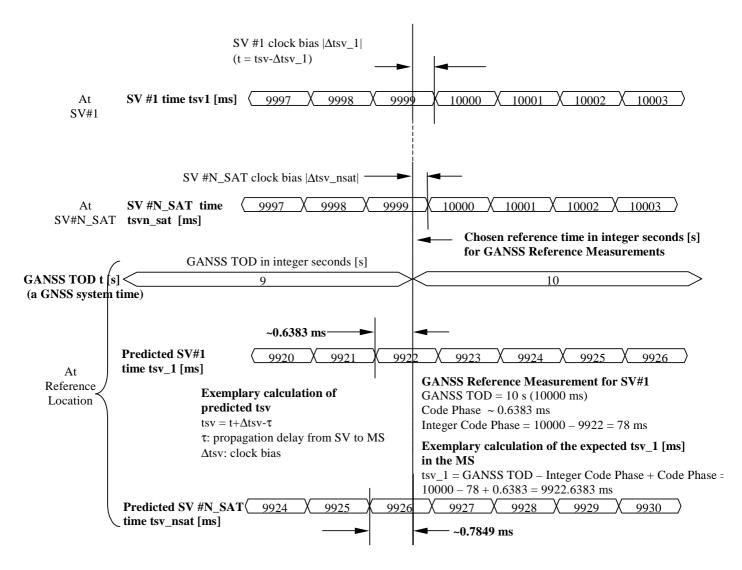


Figure A.4a. Exemplary calculations of some GANSS Reference Measurement fields with respect to GANSS TOD.

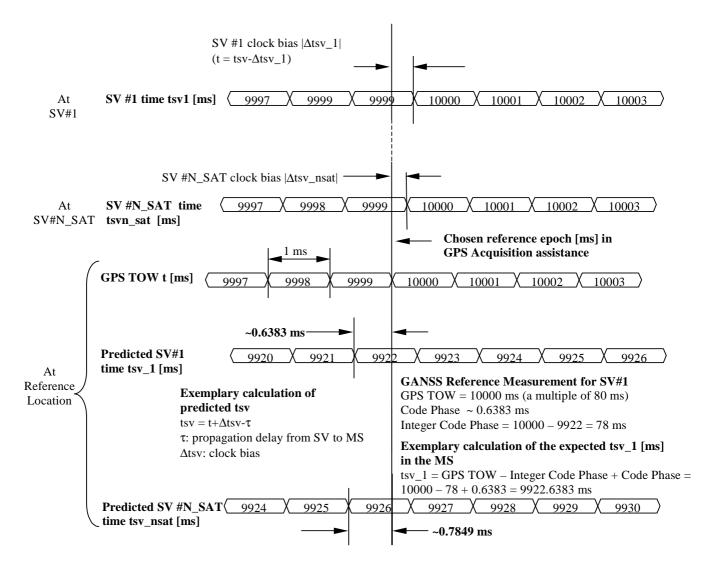


Figure A.4b. Exemplary calculations of some GANSS Reference Measurement fields with respect to GPS TOW.

GANSS_Signal_ID

This field specifies the GNSS signal type. The supported signals are listed in Table A.59.

Num_Sat

This field specifies the number of satellites in GANSS Reference Measurement Information element.

Doppler (0th order term)

This field contains the Doppler (0th order term) value. A positive value in Doppler defines the increase in satellite signal frequency due to velocity towards the MS. A negative value in Doppler defines the decrease in satellite signal frequency due to velocity away from the MS.

Doppler is given in unit of m/s by multiplying the Doppler value in Hz by the *nominal* wavelength of the assisted signal.

This field is mandatory.

Doppler (1st order term)

This field contains the Doppler (1st order term) value. A positive value defines the rate of increase in satellite signal frequency due to acceleration towards the MS. A negative value defines the rate of decrease in satellite signal frequency due to acceleration away from the MS.

Doppler (1st order term) is given in unit of m/s by multiplying the Doppler value in Hz by the *nominal* wavelength of the assisted signal.

This field is optional.

Doppler Uncertainty

This field contains the Doppler uncertainty value. It is defined such that the Doppler experienced by a stationary MS is in the range "Doppler – Doppler Uncertainty" to "Doppler + Doppler Uncertainty". This field is optional. If Doppler Uncertainty (together with Doppler 1^{st} order term) is omitted, the terminal shall interpret Doppler Uncertainty as greater than +/-40 m/s.

Doppler Uncertainty is given in unit of m/s by multiplying the Doppler Uncertainty value in Hz by the *nominal* wavelength of the assisted signal.

Permitted Values: 2.5 m/s, 5 m/s, 10 m/s, 20 m/s, 40 m/s as encoded by an integer n in the range 0-4 according to the formula in Table A.52.

Code Phase

This field contains code phase, in units of milliseconds, in the range from 0 to 1 millisecond scaled by the *nominal* chipping rate of the GNSS signal, where increasing values of the field signify increasing predicted signal code phases, as seen by a receiver at the Reference Location at the GANSS Reference Time. The Reference Location would typically be an apriori estimate of the MS location. This field is mandatory.

Range: $0 - (1 - 2^{-10})$ ms

Integer Code Phase

This field contains integer code phase (expressed modulo 128 ms) currently being transmitted at the GANSS Reference Time, as seen by a receiver at the Reference Location. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0-127 ms

Code Phase Search Window

This field contains the code phase search window. The code phase search window accounts for the uncertainty in the estimated MS location but not any uncertainty in GANSS Reference Time. It is defined such that the expected code phase is in the range "Code Phase - Code Phase Search Window" to "Code Phase + Code Phase Search Window" given in units of milliseconds. This field is mandatory.

Range: 0-31 (i.e. 0.002 - 2,000 ms according to following table)

| CODE_PHASE_SEARCH_WINDOW | Code Phase Search Window [ms] |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| '00000' | No information |
| '00001' | 0,002 |
| '00010' | 0,004 |
| '00011' | 0,008 |
| '00100' | 0,012 |
| '00101' | 0,016 |
| '00110' | 0,024 |
| '00111' | 0,032 |
| '01000' | 0,048 |
| '01001' | 0,064 |
| '01010' | 0,096 |
| '01011' | 0,128 |
| '01100' | 0,164 |
| '01101' | 0,200 |
| '01110' | 0,250 |
| '01111' | 0,300 |
| '10000' | 0,360 |
| '10001' | 0,420 |
| '10010' | 0,480 |
| '10011' | 0,540 |
| '10100' | 0,600 |
| '10101' | 0,660 |
| '10110' | 0,720 |
| '10111' | 0,780 |
| '11000' | 0,850 |
| '11001' | 1,000 |
| '11010' | 1,150 |
| '11011' | 1,300 |
| '11100' | 1,450 |
| '11101' | 1,600 |
| '11110' | 1,800 |
| '11111' | 2,000 |

 Table A.53: Code Phase Search Window Parameter Format

Azimuth

This field contains the azimuth angle. An angle of x degrees means the satellite azimuth a is in the range ($x \le a < x+11.25$) degrees. This field is optional.

Range: 0 - 348.75 degrees.

Elevation

This field contains the elevation angle. An angle of y degrees means the satellite elevation e is in the range ($y \le e < y+11.25$) degrees except for y = 78.75 where the range is extended to include 90 degrees. This field is optional.

Range: 0 - 78.75 degrees

GANSS Almanac Model

These fields specify the coarse, long-term model of the satellite positions and clocks. These fields are given in Table A.54. GANSS Almanac Model is useful for receiver tasks that require coarse accuracy, such as determining satellite visibility. The model is valid for up to few weeks, typically. Since it is a long-term model, the field should be provided for all satellites in the GNSS constellation.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. | | |
|---|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------|--|--|
| The following fields occur once per message | | | | | | |
| Num_Sats_Total | 6 | 1 | | М | | |
| Week Number | 8 | 1 | weeks | М | | |
| T _{oa} | 8 | 2 ¹² | S | O (note 1) | | |
| IOD _a | 2 | | | O (note 1) | | |
| This mode | l occurs ond | e per satellite (Nu | m_Sats_Total times) | | | |
| GANS | SS Almanac | Model Using Keple | erian Parameters | | | |
| SV_ID | 6 | | | М | | |
| е | 11 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ | dimensionless | М | | |
| δί | 11 | 2 ⁻¹⁴ | semi-circles | М | | |
| OMEGADOT | 11 | 2 ⁻³³ | semi-circles/sec | М | | |
| SV Health_KP | 4 | | dimensionless | М | | |
| delta_A ^{1/2} | 17 | 2 ⁻⁹ | meters ^{1/2} | М | | |
| OMEGA ₀ | 16 | 2 ⁻¹⁵ | semi-circles | М | | |
| ω | 16 | 2 ⁻¹⁵ | semi-circles | М | | |
| M ₀ | 16 | 2 ⁻¹⁵ | semi-circles | М | | |
| af ₀ | 14 | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | seconds | М | | |
| af ₁ | 11 | 2 ⁻³⁸ | sec/sec | М | | |
| NOTE 1: All of these field shall be present together, or none of them shall be present. | | | | | | |

Num_Sats_Total

This field specifies the total number of satellites in GANSS Almanac Model.

Range: 1 - 36

Week Number

This field specifies the Almanac reference week number in GNSS specific system time to which the Almanac Reference Time T_{oa} is referenced.

Range: 0 - 255

Toa

This field specifies the Almanac Reference Time common to all satellites in GANSS Almanac Model Using Keplerian Parameters given in GNSS specific system time.

IOD_a

This field specifies the Issue-Of-Data common to all satellites in GANSS Almanac Model Using Keplerian Parameters.

SV_ID

This field identifies the satellite for which the GANSS Almanac Model is given, and is equal to (SV ID No - 1).

Range: 0 - 63

SV Health_KP

This field specifies the SV Health status in GANSS Almanac Model Using Keplerian Parameters. In Galileo case this field shall contain the I/NAV health status bits.

GANSS UTC Model

The GANSS UTC Model field contains a set of parameters needed to relate GNSS system time to Universal Time Coordinate (UTC). All of the fields in the GANSS UTC Model are mandatory when the field is present.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|---------|-------|
| A ₁ | 24 | 2 ⁻⁵⁰ | sec/sec | С |
| A ₀ | 32 | 2 ⁻³⁰ | seconds | С |
| t _{ot} | 8 | 2 ¹² | seconds | С |
| WNt | 8 | 1 | weeks | С |
| Δt_{LS} | 8 | 1 | seconds | С |
| WN _{LSF} | 8 | 1 | weeks | С |
| DN | 8 | 1 | days | С |
| Δt_{LSF} | 8 | 1 | seconds | С |

Table A.55: GANSS UTC Model

Reference Nav Model

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| keplerToe | 16 | 2 ⁴ | seconds | М |
| keplerW | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | hours | М |
| keplerDeltaN | 16 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | М |
| keplerM0 | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| keplerOmegaDot | 27 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | М |
| keplerE | 32 | 2 ⁻³³ | | М |
| keplerIDot | 14 | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | М |
| keplerAPowerHalf | 32 | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | Meters ^{1/2} | М |
| keplerIO | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| kelerOmega0 | 32 | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| keplerCrs | 16 | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | М |
| keplerCis | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | Μ |
| keplerCus | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| keplerCrc | 16 | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | М |
| keplerCic | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| KeplerCuc | 16 | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |

Table A.55.1: Reference Nav Model

GANSS Ephemeris Extension

The GANSS Ephemeris extension contains parameters designed to extend the time of applicability of the Ephemeris terms by the continuous addition of the delta ephemeris terms to the respective terms of the referenced ephemeris.

This message can provide extension information for every satellite for many days into the future; doing so may create a large message, thus care must be taken to consider the transport bandwidth. The SMLC can limit the duration of the extension to decrease the message size. For example if the extension duration is limited to twelve hours the payload will be approximately 2,000 octets, for a typical 27 satellite constellation.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------|-------|
| ganssEphemerisHeader | See Table A.55.3 | | | 0 |
| ganssReferenceSet | See Tabl | e A.55.5 | | 0 |
| ganssEphemerisDeltaMatrix | List of GANSSEphemerisDe | | eltaEpochs | 0 |

| | | • | | |
|--|-----------|--------------|-------|-------|
| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
| GANSS Ephemeris Extension (Once per message) | | | | |
| timeAtEstimation | See Table | A.55.4 | | М |
| validityPeriod | 3 | 1 | Hours | Μ |
| ephemerisExtensionDuration | 9 | 1 | Hours | М |

Table A.55.3: GANSS Ephemeris Header

Time at Estimation

The Time at Estimation provides the GANSS time at which the ephemeris extensions were created.

| Table A.55.4: Tin | ne at Estimation |
|-------------------|------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-------------------------|--------|--------------|---------|-------|
| GANSS Day of Estimation | 13 | 1 | Day | Μ |
| GANSS TOD of Estimation | 17 | 1 | Seconds | М |

GANSS Day of Estimation

This field specifies the sequential number of days from the origin of the GNSS system time indicated by GANSS_TIME_ID modulo 8192 days (about 22 years) of the time that the estimation was determined.

Range: 0 - 8191 days

GANSS TOD of Estimation

Integer number of GANSS TOD seconds within the current day of the time that the estimation was determined.

Range: 0 - 86399 s.

Validity Period

The validityPeriod indicates the validity period of each individual delta ephemeris packet. It is the length of time that ephemeris constructed by application of the delta is intended to last.

Range: 1 - 8 hours.

Ephemeris Extension Duration

The Ephemeris Extension duration indicates the total block of time measured in units of hours that the extended ephemeris covers.

Range: 1 - 512 Hours.

The ganssEphemeris header is mandatory only once in the delivery of the GANSS Ephemeris Extension message

GANSS Reference Set

| Table | A.55.5: | GANSS | Reference | Set |
|-------|---------|-------|-----------|-----|
| | | | | |

| Parameter | Presence | Note |
|-----------------------|----------|------------------|
| GANSS Reference Orbit | М | See Table A.55.6 |

GANSSReference Orbit

Table A.55.6: GANSS Reference Orbit

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-----------------|-----------|--------------|-------|-------|
| svID | 6 | 1 | | М |
| ganssOrbitModel | See Table | 55.1 | | М |
| ganssClockModel | See Table | 49.1 | | М |

SvID

The satellite vehicle ID identifying to which satellite the following orbital and clock model apply

GanssOrbitModel

This field is a structure that contains the satellite orbit information upon which all subsequent delta information will be applied to create the next ephemeris for use in navigation.

GanssClockModel

This field is a structure that contains the satellite clock model upon which all subsequent clock information will be applied to create the next clock model for use in navigation.

GANS Ephemeris Delta Matrix

GANSS Ephemeris Delta Matrix is a list of GANSS Ephemeris Delta Epochs. Each epoch is indicated by a unique seqNum. Each epoch corresponds to a specific update interval and contains a delta epoch header and ephemeris delta elements for all PRNs for that epoch.

GANSS Ephemeris Delta Epoch

Table A.55.7: GANSS Ephemeris Delta Epoch

| Parameter | Note | Incl. |
|-----------------------|--|-------|
| ganssDeltaEpochHeader | See Table A.55.8 | 0 |
| ganssDeltaElementList | List of GANSS Ephemeris Delta Elements | М |

GANSS Delta Epoch Header

Table A.55.8: GANSS Delta Epoch Header

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|----------------------|---------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| validityPeriod | 3 | 1 | Hours | 0 |
| ephemerisDeltaSizes | See Tab | 0 | | |
| ephemerisDeltaScales | See Tab | See Table A.55.10 | | |

Validity Period

The validityPeriod indicates the validity period of each individual delta ephemeris packet. It is the length of time that the ephemeris constructed by application of the delta is intended to last.

Range: 1 - 8 hours.

Ephemeris Delta Sizes

This field is a structure that indicates the bit sizes for all the fields in the GANSS Ephemeris Delta structure

Table A.55.9: GANSS Ephemeris Delta Sizes

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|------------------------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| bitSize_delta_ω | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_∆n | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_M0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_OMEGAdot | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_e | 5 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_ldot | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_sqrtA | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_i0 | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_OMEGA0 | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_Crs | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_Cis | 4 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_Cus | 4 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_Crc | 4 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_Cic | 4 | 1 | | Μ |
| bitSize_delta_Cuc | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_tgd1 | 4 | 1 | | М |
| bitSize_delta_tgd2 | 4 | 1 | | М |

Ephemeris Delta Scales

This field is a structure that indicates the scale factor modifiers for all the fields in the GANSS Ephemeris Delta structure.

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-----------------------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| scale_delta_ ω | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_∆n | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_M0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_OMEGAdot | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_e | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_ldot | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_sqrtA | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_i0 | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_OMEGA0 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Crs | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Cis | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Cus | 5 | 1 | | Μ |
| scale_delta_Crc | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Cic | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_Cuc | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_tgd1 | 5 | 1 | | М |
| scale_delta_tgd2 | 5 | 1 | | М |

Table A.55.10: GANSS Ephemeris Delta Scales

GANSS Delta Element List

GANSS Delta Element List is a list of GANSS Ephemeris Delta Elements

Ephemeris Delta Element

Each GANSS Ephemeris Delta element is uniquely identified by the pair (seqNum, sv_ID) and it is defined as a structure as shown in table A.55.11. The MS should parse the octet string according to the fields specified in table A.55.4. Each element in table A.55.4 but for seqNum and sv_ID should be treated as a signed integer. Each Ephemeris delta is transmitted as an octet string of up to 49 octets. The actual number of octets is determined by the size of the bit fields in the GPS_Ephemeris_Delta_Sizes table (table A.55.9). Each set of up to 49 octets represents a single extension for a single satellite vehicle. Each set encodes the satellite vehicle ID and the sequence number. The sequence number specifies the order in which the individual ephemeris extension elements are assembled as time marches forward to create the next ephemeris. The sequence number is the same for all satellite vehicle IDs for a particular update period.

| Parameter | # Bits | Default # Bits | Scale Factor | Default Scale | Units | Incl. |
|----------------|---------|-------------------|---|------------------|------------------|-------|
| sequenceNum | 7 | | 1 | 1 | | Μ |
| svID | 6 | | 1 | 1 | | Μ |
| delta_ω | 132 (1) | 21 | $2^{-16*}2^{-31}2^{15*}2^{-31}(^2)$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | М |
| delta_∆n | 116 (1) | 12 | $2^{-16*}2^{-43} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-43} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | М |
| delta_M0 | 132 (1) | 21 | $2^{-16*}2^{-31} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-31} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | Μ |
| delta_OMEGAdot | 124 (1) | 13 | $2^{-16*}2^{-43} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-43} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | Μ |
| delta_e | 132 (1) | 18 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻³³ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻³³ (²) | 2 ⁻³³ | | Μ |
| delta_ldot | 114 (1) | 11 | $2^{-16*}2^{-43} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-43} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻⁴³ | semi-circles/sec | Μ |
| delta_sqrtA | 132 (1) | 14 | $2^{-16} 2^{-19} 2^{15} 2^{-19} (^{2})$ | 2 ⁻¹⁹ | meters1/2 | Μ |
| delta_i0 | 132 (1) | 14 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻³¹ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻³¹ (²) | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | Μ |
| delta_OMEGA0 | 132 (1) | 14 | $2^{-16*}2^{-31} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-31} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | semi-circles | Μ |
| delta_Crs | 116 (1) | 12 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻⁵ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻⁵ (²) | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | Μ |
| delta_Cis | 116 (1) | 11 | $2^{-16} 2^{-29} \dots 2^{15} 2^{-29} (^2)$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | Μ |
| delta_Cus | 116 (1) | 12 | $2^{-16*}2^{-29}2^{15*}2^{-29}$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | Μ |
| delta_Crc | 116 (1) | 12 | 2 ⁻¹⁶ *2 ⁻⁵ 2 ¹⁵ *2 ⁻⁵ (²) | 2 ⁻⁵ | meters | Μ |
| delta_Cic | 116 (1) | 11 | $2^{-16*}2^{-29}2^{15*}2^{-29}(^2)$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | Μ |
| delta_Cuc | 116 (1) | 12 | $2^{-16} 2^{-29} \dots 2^{15} 2^{-29} (2)$ | 2 ⁻²⁹ | radians | М |
| delta_tgd1 | 116 (1) | 2 | $2^{-16*}2^{-31} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-31} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | seconds | М |
| delta_tgd2 | 116 (1) | 2 | $2^{-16*}2^{-31} \dots 2^{15*}2^{-31} \binom{2}{2}$ | 2 ⁻³¹ | seconds | Μ |

| Table A.55.11: GANSS | Ephemeris Delta Element |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
|----------------------|-------------------------|

(1) The number of bits of each signed integer field is variable and it is indicated once for all numEphemerisDeltas by the structure ephemerisDeltasSizes. When the ephemerisDeltaSizes field is not present, the values found in the columns 'Default # Bits' shall be used.

(2) The scale factor of each parameter is variable around the default scale factor. The variation for each field is indicated once for all numEphemerisDeltas by the structure ephemerisDeltasScales. For example, if the scale factor modifier for delta_omega has a value of 4, the scale factor for delta_omega is 2⁴ * 2⁻³¹. When the ephemerisDeltaScales is not used, the values found in the column 'Default Scale' shall be used.

sequenceNum

This field indicates the order of the Ephemeris delta terms. The ephemeris constructed for use in satellite positioning is built by adding the delta terms to the referenced GANSS_Navigation Model in the order dictated by this sequence number. The sequence number shall remain the same for each svID in a group of Ephemeris Deltas corresponding to a particular update epoch.

svID

This field identifies the satellite ID within a particular sequenceNum.

These fields, with the exception of sequenceNum and svID, specify the deltas to be added to the existing Ephemeris to create a new Ephemeris suite that is extended from its predecessor by the time provided in the 'validityPeriod' parameter. To compute the time of ephemeris for the newly constructed ephemeris, validityPeriod is added to the preceding toe. The ephemeris time of clock (toc) is set equal to the toe.

For each of the other ephemeris terms the corresponding delta ephemeris term is added in order to create the updated ephemeris. The terms delta_M0, delta_i0, and delta_OMEGA0 of the delta ephemeris must be extrapolated prior to the addition of the delta terms as follows:

$$delta _M_{0(i+1)} = delta _M_{0(i)} + (\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{A_i^3}} + \Delta n_i) * dt$$

Where μ is the WGS 84 value of the earth's gravitational constant for GANSS user and is equal to 3.986005 * 10¹⁴ m³/sec², and A(i) is the semi-major axis associated with this satellite's update. The extrapolation of delta_M0, uses the prior set's sqrtA term to compute A_(i) as the square of sqrtA_(i).

 $delta_OMEGA0_{(i+1)} = delta_OMEGA0_{(i)} + delta_OMEGAdot_{(i)} * dt$

$$i0_{(i+1)} = i0_{(i)} + Idot_{(i)} * dt$$

Where dt is equal to the validity period * 3600. The terms af0, and af1 from the GANSS clock model must be extrapolated as follows:

$$af0_{(i+1)} = af0_{(i)} + af1_{(i)} * dt + af2*dt^{2}$$
$$af1_{(i+1)} = af1_{(i)} + 2 * af2_{(i)} * dt$$
$$af2_{(i+1)} = af2_{(i)}$$

Where af0, af1, and af2 are the clock model terms as shown in table A.49.1

dt is equal to the validity period represented in seconds (validityPeriod * 3600)

The following demonstrates the application of the ephemeris extension technique. Assume the validityPeriod = 5, representing: (5+1) hours = 6 hours, and the GANSS Navigation model for a particular satellite, identified by the reference IOD has a toe = 0 seconds.

The toe for sequenceNumber 1 is computed by adding the validityPeriod to the initial toe of 0 as 0 + 6 hours = 0 + 21600 seconds. The new ephemeris is constructed by adding the delta ephemeris terms from set 1 to the reference ephemeris creating the new ephemeris, which will be used for the next six hours. For the five terms listed above (delta_M0, delta_i0, delta_OMEGA0, af0, and af1) the extrapolation described must occur prior to the addition of the delta term. Of course if one of these three delta ephemeris terms was provided in full via the exception table then the extrapolation is unnecessary and the exception term combined with the delta_ephemeris term is used directly.

The next ephemeris computation will occur by adding the validityPeriod to the current toe of 21600 as: 21600 + 6 hours = 21600 + 21600 = 43200. The ephemeris delta terms from set two are added to the ephemeris resulting from the prior addition to create the next ephemeris. This is done for each satellite vehicle ID listed in the provided satellite list indicated in the ganssSatRef field.

GANSS Ephemeris Extension check

If a bit is clear in the eventOccured field it indicates that a satellite maneuver has not occurred since the ganssBeginTime nor is The GANSS Ephemeris Extension check provides information about non foreseen events that occurred during the period starting at the ganssBeginTime to the current time. An event is signified through a bit string . Each bits refers to one PRN. If a bit is set to one, this means that the ephemeris extension is no longer valid for this specific PRN. In order to indicate planned future manuvers an end time is provided. The SMLC can indicate that a future event is planned between the current time and the end time of this ephemeris extension.

| Parameter | Presence | Note |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------|
| ganssBeginTime | Μ | See Table A.55.13 |
| ganssEndTime | Μ | See Table A.55.14 |
| ganssSatEventsInfo | Μ | See Table A.55.15 |

GANSS Begin Time

The GANSS begin time corresponds to the GANSS Day and GANSS Seconds of Estimation of the ephemeris extensions block.

| Table A.55.13 | B: GANS | 8 Begin Time | |
|---------------|---------|--------------|----|
| | // D'1 | Ocale Feater | 11 |

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-----------|--------|--------------|---------|-------|
| GANSS Day | 13 | 1 | Day | Μ |
| GANSS TOD | 17 | 1 | Seconds | М |

GANSS End Time

The GANSS end time represents the final time the Ephemeris extension is valid.

Table A.55.14: GANSS End Time

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|-----------|--------|--------------|---------|-------|
| GANSS Day | 13 | 1 | Day | Μ |
| GANSS TOD | 17 | 1 | Seconds | М |

GANSS Sat Event Information

This IE is designed to indicate events that have or may occur between the ganssBeginTime and the ganssEndTime.

 Table A.55.15: GANSS Sat Event Information

| Parameter | # Bits | Scale Factor | Units | Incl. |
|------------------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| EventOccurred | 64 | - | - | Μ |
| FutureEventNoted | 64 | - | - | Μ |

EventOccurred

FutureEventNoted

If a bit is set in the futureEventNoted field it indicates that a maneuver is planned during the time period between current time plus sixty minutes and ganssEndTime

A.4.2.7 GANSS Carrier-Phase Measurement Request Element

This element is optional and controls if the MS should return carrier-phase measurements in GANSS Measurement Information IE or not to the SMLC. The inclusion of this parameter implies use of measure Position Request. The description is found in sub-chapter 2.2.4d.

A.4.2.8 GANSS TOD - GSM Time Association Request Element

This element is optional and controls if the MS should return GANSS TOD - GSM Time Association Measurements or not to the SMLC. The inclusion of this parameter implies use of measure Position Request. The description is found in sub-chapter 2.2.4e.

A.5 Assistance Data Acknowledgement

A.5.1 General

The MS sends the Assistance Data Acknowledgement component to the SMLC to indicate that it has received the whole Assistance Data component.

A.6 Protocol Error

A.6.1 General

This component is used by the receiving entity (SMLC or MS) to indicate to the sending entity, that there is a problem that prevents the receiving entity to receive a complete and understandable component.

This component has the following values:

| '0': | Undefined; |
|------|---|
| '1': | Missing Component; |
| '2': | Incorrect Data; |
| '3': | Missing Information Element or Component Element; |
| '4': | Message Too Short; |
| '5': | Unknown Reference Number. |

A.6.2 Extended Reference IE

This IE shall be included in any Protocol Error message if and only if an Extended Reference IE was received in the corresponding previous Measure Position Request or Assistance Data message.

NOTE: For reasons of backward compatibility, a Release 4 or earlier MS will not include this IE.

The Extended Reference IE contains the following elements.

- SMLC code: an integer in the range 0-63. The value returned by a target MS in a Protocol Error message shall equal the value received from the SMLC in the earlier Measure Position Request or Assistance Data message.
- Transaction ID: an integer in the range 0-262143 distinguishing different RRLP transactions in different MSs currently being served by the same SMLC. The value returned by a target MS in a Protocol Error message shall equal the value received from the SMLC in the earlier Measure Position Request or Assistance Data message.

A.7 Positioning Capability Request

A.7.1 General

The SMLC sends the Positioning Capability Request component to the MS to request the MS positioning capabilities, types of assistance data supported and any assistance data that may be needed. It contains the following elements.

| Element | Type/Reference | Presence |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Extended Reference | Extended Reference | М |
| | 2.2.5 | |
| GANSS Position Method | GANSS Position Method | 0 |
| Parameters | Parameters, Table A.58 | |

Table A.56: Positioning Capability Request component content

A.8 Positioning Capability Response

A.8.1 General

The Positioning Capability Response is a RRLP component from the MS to the network. It is the response to the Positioning Capability Request. It contains the following elements.

Table A.57: Positioning Capability Response component content

| Element | Type/Reference | Presence |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| Extended Reference | Extended Reference 2.2.5 | М |
| Positioning Capabilities | Positioning Capabilities 8.2.1 | М |
| Assistance Data Supported | Assistance Data Supported 8.2.2 | 0 |
| Assistance Data Needed | Assistance Data Needed 8.2.3 | 0 |

A.8.2 Elements

A.8.2.1 Positioning Capabilities

This element indicates the positioning methods and other positioning capabilities supported by the MS. The inclusion of this element is mandatory.

The MS may indicate support for non-GANSS position methods and/or GANSS position methods. The MS indicates its support for non-GANSS position methods using a bit string with one bit representing each method, set to one if the method is supported and zero if it is not. The following Non-GANSS Position Methods can be identified:

- MS Assisted E-OTD;
- MS Based E-OTD;
- MS Assisted GPS;
- MS Based GPS;
- Standalone GPS.

The MS indicates its support for GANSS position methods by providing the parameters shown in Table A.58 for each GANSS system supported.

Table A.58: GANSS Position Method Support

| GANSS Position Method Parameters |
|----------------------------------|
| GANSS_ID |
| GANSS Position Method Types |
| GANSS Signals |

GANSS_ID

Range: 0 - 7

This field indicates the GANSS. The supported GANSS are defined in sub-clause A.4.2.6.2. Absence of this field indicates Galileo.

GANSS Position Method Types

For each supported GANSS system, the MS shall and SMLC may indicate which method types are supported. This is represented using a bit string with one bit per method type where a one value indicates support and a zero value no support. The following GANSS Method Types can be identified:

- MS Assisted;
- MS Based;
- Standalone.

GANSS Signals

For each supported GANSS system, the MS shall and SMLC may indicate which signals are supported. This is represented using a bit string with one bit per signal where a one value indicates support and a zero value no support. The individual signals are denoted generically as signal1, signal2 etc. in the ASN.1 in clause 5.1. Table A.59 shows the signal correspondence for each defined GANSS system. Unfilled table entries indicate no assignment and shall either not be included or set to zero if included.

Table A.59: GANSS Signal Correspondence

| GANSS System | Signal 1 | Signal 2 | Signal 3 | Signal 4 | Signal 5 | Signal 6 | Signal 7 | Signal 8 |
|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Galileo | E1 | E5a | E5b | E6 | E5a+E5b | | | |

The MS shall also indicate whether it supports multiple measurement sets for the MS Assisted position methods listed below. This is represented using a bit string with one bit representing each position method which is set to a one if multiple measurement sets are supported for that method and to a zero if not. The following MS Assisted Position Methods associated with Multiple Measurement Sets can be identified:

- E-OTD;
- GPS;
- GANSS.

A.8.2.2 Assistance Data Supported

This element indicates the types of assistance data that the MS supports for GPS and GANSS. In the case of GPS, support for each of the following types of assistance data can be individually indicated using a bit string in which a one value indicates support and a zero no support. The following GPS Assistance Indications can be identified:

- Almanac;
- UTC model;
- Ionospheric Model;
- Navigation Model;
- DGPS Corrections;
- Reference Location;
- Reference Time;
- Acquisition Assistance;
- Real Time Integrity;
- Ephemeris Extension;

- Ephemeris Extension Check.

In the case of GANSS, support for each of the following types of common assistance data is indicated using a bit string in which each bit represents one type of assistance data and is set to a one to indicate support and a zero to indicate no support. The following Common GANSS Assistance Indications can be identified:

- GANSS Reference Time;
- GANSS Reference Location;
- GANSS Ionospheric Model.

The MS indicates its support for assistance data specific to each GANSS system by providing the parameters shown in Table A.60 for each GANSS system supported.

| GANSS Assistance Parameters |
|-----------------------------|
| GANSS_ID |
| GANSS Assistance |

GANSS_ID

Range: 0 - 7

This field indicates the GANSS. The supported GANSS are defined in sub-clause A.4.2.6.2. Absence of this field indicates Galileo.

GANSS Assistance

Supported GANSS Assistance data is indicated using a bit string in which each bit represents one type of assistance data and is set to a one to indicate support and a zero to indicate no support. The following types of Specific GANSS Assistance Indications can be identified.

- GANSS Real Time Integrity;
- GANSS Differential Corrections;
- GANSS Almanac;
- GANSS Reference Measurement Information;
- GANSS Navigation Model;
- GANSS Time Model GNSS-UTC;
- GANSS Time Model GNSS-GNSS;
- GANSS Data Bit Assistance;
- GANSS Ephemeris Extension;
- GANSS Ephemeris Extension Check.

A.8.2.3 Assistance Data Needed

This element indicates the types of assistance data that the MS may need to obtain a location estimate or positioning measurements. The MS shall use this IE to indicate to the SMLC all the supported assistance data types for which the MS does not have current versions using the assistance data request IEs defined in 3GPP TS 49.031. The SMLC can then decide which subset of these assistance data types if any to download. The IE is encoded using the request for assistance data IEs defined for GPS and GANSS in 3GPP TS 49.031, with the following exceptions:

Requested GPS Assistance Data (clause 10.10 in 3GPP TS 49.031):

- If the MS supports Navigation Model (Bit D), Ephemeris Extension (Bit J), and Ephemeris Extension Check (Bit K), all three bits D, J, and K can be set to value 1 if the MS has no current versions of these assistance data types. If bit D is set to value 1, the coding of octets 5 to 8+2n shall be according to Figure 10.10.2 in clause 10.10 of 3GPP TS 49.031.

Requested GANSS Assistance Data (clause 10.31 in 3GPP TS 49.031):

- If the MS supports Navigation Model (Bit M), Ephemeris Extension (Bit N), and Ephemeris Extension Check (Bit R), all three bits M, N, and R can be set to value 1 if the MS has no current versions of these assistance data types.
- If the MS supports GANSS Ephemeris Extension (Bit N) and the MS has no current version of this assistance data type, bit N shall be set to value 1 but the corresponding extension octets in Figure 10.31.3d of 3GPP TS 49.031 shall be omitted.
- If the MS supports GANSS Data Bit Assistance (Bit Q) and the MS has no current version of this assistance data type, bit Q shall be set to value 1 but the corresponding extension octets in Figure 10.31.3c of 3GPP TS 49.031 shall be omitted.
- If the MS supports GANSS Ephemeris Extension Check (Bit R) and the MS has no current version of this assistance data type, bit R shall be set to value 1 but the corresponding extension octets in Figure 10.31.3e of 3GPP TS 49.031 shall be omitted.

Annex B (informative): Change History

| CP-07 CP-012170 D24 Editorial Corrections S1.1 GP-07 GP-012170 D24 Editorial Corrections to Rough RTD, Multiframe Offset and Expected OTD 5.1 GP-07 GP-012030 028 1"Expected" Multiframe Offset 5.1 GP-07 GP-012020 106 Addition of extension field to assistance data component and some 5.1 GP-07 GP-012020 106 Addition of extension field to assistance data component and some 5.1 GP-07 GP-012020 106 RRLP - Remove references to NSS based SMLC 5.1 GP-07 GP-012023 109 RRLP - Correction of Error Handling Procedures 5.1 GP-07 GP-012033 022 Correction of Cror Handling Procedures 5.1 GP-07 GP-012031 013 Addition of an extended Reference ID to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-08 GP-020071 031 1 TOM Protocol Header Definition for LCS for GPRS 5.2 GP-08 GP-020490 04 4 Correction to DTM Basurement Response 5.2 GP-09 GP-020267 <td< th=""><th>Meeting#</th><th>Tdoc</th><th>CR</th><th>Rev</th><th>Subject/Comment</th><th>New Version</th></td<> | Meeting# | Tdoc | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | New Version |
|---|----------|------------|-------|----------|---|----------------|
| GP-07 GP-012309 024 Editorial Corrections 5.1 GP-07 GP-012309 028 ''Expected' Multiframe Offset 5.1 GP-07 GP-012039 014 1 Corrections to Rough RTD, Multiframe Offset and Expected OTD 5.1 GP-07 GP-012031 018 Correction to To and Toe ephemeris parameters 5.1 GP-07 GP-012029 016 Addition of extension field to assistance data component and some 5.1 GP-07 GP-012032 019 RRLP - Remove references to NSS based SMLC 5.1 GP-07 GP-012033 022 RRLP - Incomplete interpretation of Assistance Data 5.1 GP-07 GP-020343 03 Addition of a retaining include 5.1 GP-03 GP-020343 3 Addition of a netwined Reference ID to LCS for GPRS 5.2 GP-08 GP-020434 037 Correction of Synteminofindex' by the MS in E-OTD measurement 5.3 GP-08 GP-020449 047 Correction to DTD Measurement Response 5.2 GP-09 GP-020709 035 Clarification and Corre | GP-06 | GP-011880 | 008 | 1 | | 5.0.0 |
| GP-07 CP-012309 IO28 FExpected' Multiframe Offset 5.1 GP-07 GP-011983 014 1 Corrections to Rough RTD, Multiframe Offset and Expected OTD 5.1 GP-07 GP-012031 018 Correction to Toc and Toe ephemeris parameters 5.1 GP-07 GP-012020 016 Addition of extension field to assistance data component and some 5.1 GP-07 GP-012220 026 RRLP - Incomplete interpretation of Assistance Data 5.1 GP-07 GP-012230 019 RRLP - Incomplete interpretation of Assistance Data 5.1 GP-07 GP-012033 022 RRLP - Correction of Ference Frame in Location Information Element 5.1 GP-08 GP-020071 031 1 TOM Protocol Header Definition for LCS for GPRS 5.2 GP-08 GP-020434 033 Addition of an extended Reference Tame tResponse 5.2 GP-09 GP-020491 4 Correction to TD Measurement Response 5.2 GP-09 GP-020709 035 3 Clarification and Correction of DGPS Data Fields 5.3 G | GP-07 | GP-012170 | 024 | | | 5.1.0 |
| GP-07 GP-011983 014 1 Corrections to Rough RTD, Multiframe Offset and Expected OTD 5.1 GP-07 GP-012031 018 Correction to Toc and Toe ephemeris parameters 5.1 GP-07 GP-012032 016 Addition of extension field to assistance data component and some ASN:1 corrections. 5.1 GP-07 GP-012032 019 RRLP - Incomplete interpretation of Assistance Data 5.1 GP-07 GP-012033 019 RRLP - Incomplete interpretation of Assistance Data 5.1 GP-07 GP-012033 022 RRLP - Correction of Error Handling Procedures 5.1 GP-07 GP-012033 022 RRLP - Correction of Error Handling Procedures 5.1 GP-08 GP-020343 03 3 Addition of an extended Reference 1D to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-08 GP-020434 057 Usage of "SystemInfolndex" by the MS in E-OTD measurement 5.3 GP-09 GP-020470 052 Removing continuon to Control Header parameter 5.3 GP-09 GP-021226 052 Correction on Syntax fauts in the ASN.1 5.3 | | | | | | 5.1.0 |
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| GP-07 GP-012847 030 2 Correction of Error Handling Procedures 5.1 GP-07 GP-012033 022 RRLP - Correction of Error Handling Procedures 5.1 GP-08 GP-020434 033 3 Addition of an extended Reference ID to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-08 GP-020434 033 3 Addition of an extended Reference ID to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-09 GP-020471 057 Usage of "SystemInfoIndex" by the MS in E-OTD measurement reporting 5.3 GP-09 GP-020677 052 Removing condition to Control Header parameter 5.3 GP-09 GP-021224 032 3 Clarification and Correction of DGPS Data Fields 5.3 GP-09 GP-021224 032 3 Clarification and Correction of DGPS Data Fields 5.3 GP-10 GP-021260 055 2 Correction to Syntax faults in the ASN.1 5.3 GP-10 GP-021351 064 ASN.1 Faults in GPS Measurement Parameters 5.4 GP-10 GP-021070 055 6 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN. | GP-07 | GP-012220 | 026 | | RRLP - Remove references to NSS based SMLC | 5.1.0 |
| GP-07 GP-012033 022 RRLP - Correction of Error Handling Procedures 5.1 GP-07 - - Missing table headings included 5.1 GP-08 GP-020071 031 1 TOM Protocol Header Definition for LCS for GPRS 5.2 GP-08 GP-020434 033 3 Addition of an extended Reference ID to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-08 GP-020477 057 Usage of "SystemInfoIndex" by the MS in E-OTD measurement 5.3 GP-09 GP-020677 052 Removing condition to Control Header parameter 5.3 GP-09 GP-021224 032 3 Final Response Indication in RRLP for Uplink Pseudo-segmentation 5.3 GP-09 GP-021255 062 ASN.1 Faults in GPS Assistance Data 5.4 GP-10 GP-021355 064 ASN.1 Faults in GPS Measurement Parameters 5.4 GP-10 GP-021365 062 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN.1 6 GP-10 GP-02170 066 Correction of Syntax faults in the ASN.1 6 GP-10 GP-022107 056 <td>GP-07</td> <td>GP-012032</td> <td>019</td> <td></td> <td>RRLP - Incomplete interpretation of Assistance Data</td> <td>5.1.0</td> | GP-07 | GP-012032 | 019 | | RRLP - Incomplete interpretation of Assistance Data | 5.1.0 |
| GP-07 - Missing table headings included 5.1 GP-08 GP-020434 033 1 TOM Protocol Header Definition for LCS for GPRS 5.2 GP-08 GP-020434 033 3 Addition of an extended Reference ID to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-08 GP-020477 057 Usage of "SystemInfolndex" by the MS in E-OTD measurement 5.3 GP-09 GP-020707 052 Removing condition to Control Header parameter 5.3 GP-09 GP-020707 052 Removing condition to Control Header parameter 5.3 GP-09 GP-020709 035 3 Clarification and Correction of DGPS Data Fields 5.3 GP-09 GP-021266 055 2 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN.1 5.4 GP-10 GP-021355 064 ASN.1 Faults in GPS Assistance Data 5.4 GP-10 GP-021708 060 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN.1 5.4 GP-10 GP-021707 066 1 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN.1 5.4 GP-10 GP-022107 0 | GP-07 | GP-012847 | 030 | 2 | Correction of Reference Frame in Location Information Element | 5.1.0 |
| GP-08 GP-020071 031 1 TOM Protocol Header Definition for LCS for GPRS 5.2 GP-08 GP-020434 033 3 Addition of an extended Reference ID to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-09 GP-020490 047 4 Correction to OTD Measurement Response 5.2 GP-09 GP-020547 057 Usage of "SystemInfoIndex" by the MS in E-OTD measurement reporting 5.3 GP-09 GP-020709 035 3 Clarification and Correction of DGPS Data Fields 5.3 GP-09 GP-021224 032 3 Final Response Indication in RRLP for Uplink Pseudo-segmentation 5.3 GP-01 GP-021351 062 ASN.1 Faults in GPS Assistance Data 5.4 GP-10 GP-021351 064 ASN.1 Faults in GPS Measurement Parameters 5.4 GP-10 GP-021371 066 Correction to Extended Reference IE sub-clause 5.4 GP-10 GP-021917 066 Correction of Pseudo Range Correction range 5.5 GP-10 GP-022070 055 6 Corrections to GPS Assistance Data Element 5 | GP-07 | GP-012033 | 022 | | RRLP - Correction of Error Handling Procedures | 5.1.0 |
| GP-08 GP-020434 033 3 Addition of an extended Reference ID to LCS RRLP Messages 5.2 GP-08 GP-020490 047 4 Correction to OTD Measurement Response 5.2 GP-09 GP-020547 057 Usage of "SystemInfoldex" by the MS in E-OTD measurement reporting. 5.3 GP-09 GP-020709 052 Removing condition to Control Header parameter 5.3 GP-09 GP-021226 032 3 Final Response Indication in RRLP for Uplink Pseudo-segmentation 5.3 GP-09 GP-021266 055 2 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN.1 5.3 GP-10 GP-021260 055 2 Correction to Extended Reference IE sub-clause 5.4 GP-10 GP-021708 060 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN.1 5.4 GP-10 GP-022107 055 6 Correction of syntax faults in the ASN.1 5.4 GP-11 GP-022600 068 1 Correction of Pseudo Range Correction range 5.5 GP-13 GP-031160 072 1 Correction of RLP Pseudo-Segm | GP-07 | - | - | | Missing table headings included | 5.1.0 |
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| GP-16GP-0322720753Correction of RRLP Pseudo-Segmentation Description6.1GP-18GP-0404240831Definition of code and Doppler search windows for MS assisted A-GPS6.2GP-18GP-0404340891Clarification to signalling for conventional GPS location method6.2GP-19GP-0408420862Definition of code and Doppler search windows for MS assisted A-GPS6.3GP-19GP-040821094Correction to encoding of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-19GP-040822095Correction and Clarification of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-20GP-0416731004Clarification of GPSTOW in Reference Time6.4GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of allowed RRLP GPS reference location shapes for compatibility and consistent operation6.7GP-23GP-050372132Corrections to units in Navigation Model6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large | GP-11 | GP-022647 | 069 | 1 | Corrections to GPS Assistance Data Element | 5.5.0 |
| GP-18GP-0404240831Definition of code and Doppler search windows for MS assisted A-GPS6.2GP-18GP-0404340891Clarification to signalling for conventional GPS location method6.2GP-19GP-0408420862Definition of code and Doppler search windows for MS assisted A-GPS6.3GP-19GP-040821094Correction to encoding of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-19GP-040822095Correction and Clarification of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-20GP-0416731004Clarification of GPSTOW in Reference Time6.4GP-20GP-0412941033Correction of inconsistencies between RRLP and MAP specification6.4GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-20GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of the Real-Time Integrity field6.6GP-23GP-0503721324Correction of the ASN.1 code6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when7.1Reference Location uncertainty is largeGP-27GP-0524900142Correction to the velocity request | GP-15 | GP-031160 | 072 | 1 | Correction of the definition of the Real Time Integrity Field for A-GPS | 6.0.0 |
| GP-18GP-0404340891Clarification to signalling for conventional GPS location method6.2GP-19GP-0408420862Definition of code and Doppler search windows for MS assisted A-GPS6.3GP-19GP-040821094Correction to encoding of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-19GP-040822095Correction and Clarification of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-20GP-0416731004Clarification of GPSTOW in Reference Time6.4GP-20GP-0412941033Correction of inconsistencies between RRLP and MAP specification6.4GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-23GP-0426911234Correction of the Real-Time Integrity field6.6GP-23GP-050372132Correction of the ASN.1 code6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large7.2GP-27GP-0524900142Correction to the velocity request encoding7.2 | GP-16 | GP-032272 | 075 | 3 | Correction of RRLP Pseudo-Segmentation Description | 6.1.0 |
| GP-19GP-0408420862Definition of code and Doppler search windows for MS assisted A-GPS6.3GP-19GP-040821094Correction to encoding of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-19GP-040822095Correction and Clarification of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-20GP-0416731004Clarification of GPSTOW in Reference Time6.4GP-20GP-0412941033Correction of inconsistencies between RRLP and MAP specification6.4GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of allowed RRLP GPS reference location shapes for compatibility and consistent operation6.6GP-23GP-050372132Correction of the ASN.1 code6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large7.2GP-27GP-0524900142Correction to the velocity request encoding7.2 | GP-18 | GP-040424 | 083 | 1 | Definition of code and Doppler search windows for MS assisted A-GPS | 6.2.0 |
| GP-19GP-040821094Correction to encoding of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-19GP-040822095Correction and Clarification of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty6.3GP-20GP-0416731004Clarification of GPSTOW in Reference Time6.4GP-20GP-0412941033Correction of inconsistencies between RRLP and MAP specification6.4GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of allowed RRLP GPS reference location shapes for compatibility and consistent operation6.7GP-23GP-050372132Corrections to units in Navigation Model6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large7.2 | GP-18 | GP-040434 | 089 | 1 | Clarification to signalling for conventional GPS location method | 6.2.0 |
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| GP-20GP-0416731004Clarification of GPSTOW in Reference Time6.4GP-20GP-0412941033Correction of inconsistencies between RRLP and MAP specification6.4GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of the Real-Time Integrity field6.6GP-23GP-0504141311Correction of the ASN.1 code6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large7.2 | GP-19 | | | | Correction to encoding of A-GPS Doppler Uncertainty | 6.3.0 |
| GP-20GP-0412941033Correction of inconsistencies between RRLP and MAP specification6.4GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of the Real-Time Integrity field6.6GP-22GP-0423211271Correction of allowed RRLP GPS reference location shapes for compatibility and consistent operation6.7GP-23GP-050372132Corrections to units in Navigation Model6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large7.2 | | | | | | 6.3.0 |
| GP-20GP-041297106Correction of A-GPS Doppler0, Doppler1, Azimuth, Elevation6.4GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of the Real-Time Integrity field6.6GP-22GP-0423211271Correction of allowed RRLP GPS reference location shapes for compatibility and consistent operation6.6GP-23GP-0504141311Correction of the ASN.1 code6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large7.1GP-27GP-0524900142Correction to the velocity request encoding7.2 | | | | | | 6.4.0 |
| GP-21GP-0421261171Define rules for pseudo-segmentation of A-GPS Assistance Data6.5GP-22GP-0425781203Correction of relation between GSM Reference Frame and GPS TOW to achieve high-accuracy timing assistance for AGPS6.6GP-22GP-0426911234Correction of the Real-Time Integrity field6.6GP-22GP-0423211271Correction of allowed RRLP GPS reference location shapes for compatibility and consistent operation6.6GP-23GP-0504141311Correction of the ASN.1 code6.7GP-24GP-0511591344Enabling the Providing of Velocity7.0GP-25GP-05153201381Specification of MS Assisted A-GPS assistance data use when Reference Location uncertainty is large7.2GP-27GP-0524900142Correction to the velocity request encoding7.2 | | GP-041294 | 103 | 3 | Correction of inconsistencies between RRLP and MAP specification | 6.4.0 |
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| Meeting# | Tdoc | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment | New Version |
|----------|-----------|------|-----|---|----------------|
| GP-33 | GP-070123 | 0148 | | Addition of Mandatory Response Time element in Measure Position Request | 7.4.0 |
| GP-34 | GP-070963 | 0152 | | Correction to GANSS Reference Time | 7.5.0 |
| GP-34 | GP-070962 | 0154 | 1 | Correction to GANSS Reference Measurement Assistance | 7.5.0 |
| GP-34 | GP-070979 | 0162 | 1 | Addition of Positioning Capability Transfer in RRLP | 7.5.0 |
| GP-34 | GP-070983 | 0163 | 1 | Time ambiguity on GANSS resolution on GANSS measurements | 7.5.0 |
| GP-34 | GP-070839 | 0164 | | Clarification for RRLP pseudo-segmentation | 7.5.0 |
| GP-34 | GP-070844 | 0168 | | Correction to GPS Time Assistance Measurements IE | 7.5.0 |
| GP-35 | GP-071299 | 0173 | | Correction to GANSS Data Bit Assistance | 7.6.0 |
| GP-35 | GP-071369 | 0169 | 1 | Additional Description of GPSTOW | 7.6.0 |
| GP-35 | GP-071366 | 0172 | 1 | Correction to 44.031 Bad Signal Identifier | 7.6.0 |
| GP-36 | GP-071813 | 0175 | 1 | GANSS Navigation Model Modification | 7.7.0 |
| GP-36 | GP-071985 | 0176 | 4 | GANSS - Ephemeris Extension | 7.7.0 |
| GP-36 | GP-071987 | 0177 | 4 | GPS- Ephemeris Extension | 7.7.0 |
| GP-36 | GP-071665 | 0178 | 1 | Correction to missing SV ID in GANSS Almanac | 7.7.0 |
| GP-36 | GP-071620 | 0179 | | Various Corrections to GANSS Measurement Information Element | 7.7.0 |
| GP-36 | GP-071624 | 0180 | 2 | Correction to GANSS navigation data | 7.7.0 |
| GP-37 | GP-080150 | 0182 | | Correction to Data Bits definition for Galileo | 7.8.0 |
| GP-37 | GP-080160 | 0184 | | Syntax and parameter range corrections | 7.8.0 |
| GP-38 | GP-080575 | 0183 | 2 | Corrections to GANSS signal ID and reference measurements | 7.9.0 |
| GP-38 | GP-080917 | 0186 | 2 | Clarification on GANSS Integer code phase description | 7.9.0 |
| GP-40 | GP-081813 | 0191 | 1 | Correction to Extended Ephemeris Duration | 7.10.0 |
| GP-41 | GP-090358 | 0195 | 1 | Correction to MAP imports | 7.11.0 |
| GP-44 | GP-092235 | 0207 | | Extended Reference Number clarification | 7.12.0 |
| GP-45 | GP-100384 | 0209 | 1 | Corrections to positioning capabilites | 7.13.0 |

History

| Document history | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|
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